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TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)NoteA 1. Description of the Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**â€¢Credit Losses**The company is exposed to credit risk in the event of nonpayment of accounts receivable by customers. The company mitigates its exposure to credit risk, which it generally extends on an unsecured basis, by performing ongoing credit evaluations and taking further action if necessary, such as requiring letters of credit or other security interests to support the customer receivable. The allowance for credit losses for accounts receivable is based on the company^y's reasonable estimate of known credit risks and historical experience, adjusted for current and anticipated economic and other pertinent factors affecting the company's customers, that may differ from historical experience. Customer accounts receivable are written off when all collection efforts have been exhausted and the amounts are deemed uncollectible.

â€¢At June 30, 2024, the company reported \$1,775.4 million of accounts receivable, net of allowances for credit losses of \$8.0 million. Changes in the allowance were not material for each of the three and six-month periods ended June 30, A 2024 and 2023.

â€¢Derivative Financial InstrumentsThe company routinely enters into forward exchange traded futures to manage price risk associated with nonferrous metal inventory, as well as purchases and sales of nonferrous (primarily aluminum and copper) and ferrous metals, to reduce exposure to commodity related price fluctuations. The company does not enter into these derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. The company recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets and measures those instruments at fair value. Derivatives that are not designated as hedges must be adjusted to fair value through earnings. Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated as hedges, depending on the nature of the hedge, are recognized as either an offset against the change in fair value of the hedged balance sheet item in the case of fair value hedges or as other comprehensive income in the case of cash flow hedges, until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a derivative's change in fair value is immediately recognized in earnings for fair value hedges. The company offsets fair value amounts recognized for derivative instruments executed with the same counterparty under master netting agreements.The fair value of the Company's derivative instruments, along with required margin deposit amounts with the same counterparty under master netting arrangements, totaled \$34.9 million at June 30, 2024 and \$24.0 million at December 31, 2023, and are reflected in other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Total gains and losses related to derivatives in fair value hedging relationships, as well as those not designated as hedging instruments, are recognized in costs of goods sold and were not material for each of the three and six-month periods ended June 30, A 2024 and 2023. Derivatives accounted for as cash flow hedges, for which gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income, along with net amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income, were not material for each of the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

â€¢Recently Issued Accounting PronouncementsIn November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Upon transition, the segment expense categories and amounts disclosed in the prior periods should be based on the significant segment expense categories identified and disclosed in the period of adoption. The company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on the consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Table of ContentsSTEEL DYNAMICS, INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)NoteA 1. Description of the Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**â€¢In December 2023,** the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which modifies the rules on income tax disclosures to require entities to disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation, the income or loss from continuing operations before income tax expense or benefit (separated between domestic and foreign) and income tax expense or benefit from continuing operations (separated by federal, state and foreign). ASU 2023-09 also requires entities to disclose their income tax payments to international, federal, state and local jurisdictions, among other changes. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted for annual financial statements that have not yet been issued or made available for issuance. ASU 2023-09 is to be applied on a prospective basis, but retrospective application is permitted. The company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on the consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

Subsequent EventIn July 2024, the company issued \$600.0 million of 5.375% notes due 2034. The net proceeds from these notes are intended to be used for general corporate purposes, which may include the repayment at or prior to maturity of the company's 2.800% senior notes due December 2024, working capital, capital expenditures, advances for or investments in the company's subsidiaries, acquisitions, redemption and repayment of other outstanding indebtedness, and purchases of the company's common stock.**â€¢Note 2. Earnings Per Share**Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share assumes the weighted average dilutive effect of common share equivalents outstanding during the period applied to the company's basic earnings per share. Common share equivalents represent potentially dilutive restricted stock units, deferred stock units, restricted stock, and performance awards, and are excluded from the computation in periods in which they have an anti-dilutive effect. There were no anti-dilutive common share equivalents as of or for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Weighted Average Shares Outstanding:

Period	Dilutive common share equivalents	Weighted average shares
Three-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2024	168,009,094\$	4.813Dilutive common share equivalents
June 30, 2024	168,009,094\$	4.813Dilutive common share equivalents
December 31, 2023	168,009,094\$	4.813Dilutive common share equivalents

Other Comprehensive Income/Loss:

Item	Amount (\$ millions)
Net Income	\$27,998.0
Share repurchases	(156.8)
Total Other Comprehensive Income	\$27,841.2

Income Statement Details:

Category	June 30, 2024	Dec 31, 2023
Sales	\$2,799.8M	\$2,799.8M
Cost of Sales	(1,575.9M)	(1,575.9M)
Gross Profit	\$1,223.9M	\$1,223.9M
Operating Expenses	(1,126.2M)	(1,126.2M)
Operating Income	\$97.7M	\$97.7M
Interest Expense	(1.4M)	(1.4M)
Provision for Credit Losses	(0.6M)	(0.6M)
Income Before Income Taxes	\$95.7M	\$95.7M
Income Tax Expense	(1.1M)	(1.1M)
Net Income	\$94.6M	\$94.6M

Balance Sheet Details:

Asset Category	June 30, 2024	Dec 31, 2023
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,197.7M	\$1,197.7M
Accounts Receivable	\$1,775.4M	\$1,775.4M
Inventory	\$1,056.8M	\$1,056.8M
Property Plant & Equipment	\$1,997.8M	\$1,997.8M
Goodwill	\$1,055.8M	\$1,055.8M
Intangible Assets	\$1,055.8M	\$1,055.8M
Deferred Tax Assets	\$1,055.8M	\$1,055.8M
Prepaid Expenses	\$1,055.8M	\$1,055.8M
Other Current Assets	\$1,055.8M	\$1,055.8M
Total Assets	\$11,904.0M	\$11,904.0M

Liability and Equity Details:

Equity Component	Value (\$ millions)
Common Stock	\$27,998.0
Retained Earnings	\$1,575.9
Accumulated Deficit	(1,575.9)
Total Equity	\$27,998.0

Additional Information:

- Stockholders:** As of June 30, 2024, there were approximately 1.2 billion shares outstanding.
- Paid-In Capital:** Consists of common stock and additional paid-in capital.
- Earnings:** Net income attributable to common shareholders was \$94.6 million for the quarter ending June 30, 2024.
- Dividends:** No dividends were declared for the quarter ending June 30, 2024.

unconsolidated affiliates. 216,746,000. Other. 128,546,000. 3,029,746,000. (3) Elimination of intra-company receivables. (118,600,000). Elimination of intra-company debt. (1,042,100,000). Other. (34,300,000). (1,195,000). 12Table of ContentsSTEEL DYNAMICS, INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)Note 7. Segment Information (Continued)Net sales - disaggregated revenue. For the three-month period ended June 30, 2023, segment results (in millions): Steel. Recycling. Fabrication. Aluminum. Metals. Net sales - disaggregated revenue. External. 3,123,512. 368,561. 779,374. 259,927. 4,531,374. External Non-U.S. 326,043. 223,812. 355. 366. 550,256. Other segments. 145,887. 575,725. 189. 269. (722,097). 3,595,442. 1,168,125. 779,598. 260,562. (722,097). 5,081,630. Operating income (loss). 699,719. 33,005. 462,080. (3,410). (120,970). (1). (6,689). 1,063,735. Income (loss) before income taxes. 701,669. 38,225. 462,207. (3,387). (117,299). (7,099). 1,074,316. Depreciation and amortization. 80,701. 20,761. 4,222. 7,086. 110,970. Capital expenditures. 101,869. 25,259. 7,138. 219,098. 4,916. 358,280. 1,125. 4,929. 805,213. Other segments. 264,021. 1,110,342. 5,488. 1,865. (1,381,716). 6,767,141. 2,330,052. 1,648,402. 1,648,402. 613,042. (1,383,801). 9,974,836. Operating income (loss). 1,041,627. 72,693. 1,013,352. (5,832). (217,363). (1). (5,109). 1,899,095. Income (loss) before income taxes. 1,044,758. 83,774. 1,013,619. (5,793). (208,378). 44,956. 1,922,105. Depreciation and amortization. 165,234. 35,126. 4,753. 13,552. 218,664. Capital expenditures. 222,497. 44,956. 11,634. 293,918. 11,594. 584,599. 1,594. 584,599. 1,594. 613,042. (1,383,801). 9,974,836. Operating income (loss). 1,041,627. 72,693. 1,013,352. (5,832). (217,363). (1). (5,109). 1,899,095. Income (loss) before income taxes. 1,044,758. 83,774. 1,013,619. (5,793). (208,378). 44,956. 1,922,105. Depreciation and amortization. 165,234. 35,126. 4,753. 13,552. 218,664. 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7,970,936 (2)% 1,128,093 (2)% 1,145,382 (2)% 245,763 (5)% 565,600 Inter-company (49,664) (35,403) (79,144) (80,509) External shipments 254,353 (4)% 244,360 (4)% 514,309 (6)% 485,091 (6)% Metals Recycling Operations Segment Results 2024 vs. 2023 During the second quarter of 2024, our metals recycling operations benefited from solid domestic steel industry demand, with ferrous scrap shipments that remained flat compared to the same period in 2023, while nonferrous shipments increased 9%. Ferrous scrap average selling prices decreased 13% during the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, while nonferrous scrap prices increased 16%, resulting in flat segment net sales. Ferrous metal spreads (which we define as the difference between average selling prices and the cost of purchased scrap) increased 5% during the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, and nonferrous metal spreads decreased 22%, primarily due to a 40% increase in inter-company sales volumes. As a result of the decreased nonferrous metals spreads, metals recycling operations operating income decreased 14% to \$28.2 million in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the second quarter of 2023. Net sales for our metals recycling operations in the first half of 2024 decreased 3% compared to the same period in 2023, driven by decreased ferrous scrap pricing. Ferrous scrap average selling prices declined 7% during the first half of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, while nonferrous average selling prices were flat. Ferrous shipments were flat and nonferrous shipments increased 5% in the first half of 2024 compared to the first half of 2023. Ferrous metal spreads decreased 2%, while nonferrous metal spreads decreased 14% in the first half of 2024 compared to the first half of 2023. Metals recycling operations operating income in the first half of 2024 of \$47.0 million decreased 35% from the first half of 2023 due to the decreased metal spreads.

Table of Contents

Steel Fabrication Operations Segment

Steel fabrication operations include the company's new Millennium Building Systems joist and deck plants located throughout the United States, and in Northern Mexico. Revenues from these plants are generated from the fabrication of trusses, girders, steel joists and steel deck used within the non-residential construction industry. Steel fabrication operations accounted for 10% and 15% of our consolidated net sales during the three-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and 10% and 17% during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Steel Fabrication Operations Segment Results 2024 vs. 2023 Net sales for the steel fabrication operations decreased 39% during the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, as average selling prices decreased \$1,406 per ton, or 32%, and volume decreased 11% from the second quarter of 2023. While demand remained historically strong, second quarter 2024 was impacted by lower shipments and falling selling prices, which remain above pre-pandemic pricing levels. Our steel fabrication operations continue to benefit from the solid non-residential construction market, as evidenced by a historically strong order backlog that extends through the fourth quarter 2024. The continued onshoring of manufacturing, coupled with the robust U.S. infrastructure and industrial build-outs, supports consistent strong demand. The purchase of various steel products is the largest single cost of production for our steel fabrication operations, historically representing approximately two-thirds of the total cost of manufacturing. The average cost per ton of steel consumed was flat in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023. As a result of decreased selling prices per ton, metal spread (which we define as the difference between average selling prices and the cost of purchased steel) contracted 44% in the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023. This metal spread compression coupled with decreased volume resulted in operating income decreasing 61% to \$180.7 million in the second quarter 2024, compared to \$462.1 million in the same period in 2023. For the first half of 2024, operating income decreased 65% to \$359.1 million compared to the first half of 2023, due to a 47% decrease in metal spread.

Table of Contents

Aluminum Operations Segment

Aluminum operations include the recycled aluminum flat rolled products mill being constructed in Columbus, Mississippi, and two satellite recycled aluminum slab centers in the southwest United States (US) and central Mexico. The flat rolled products mill is a joint venture currently formed with Unity Aluminum, Inc. of which SDI has a 94.4% equity interest. Construction has begun on the flat rolled products mill and the recycled aluminum slab centers with the flat rolled mill operations expected to begin mid-2025 and operations at the Mexico and US recycled slab centers in late 2024 and mid-2025, respectively. The results of this segment currently consist of construction and start-up costs recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses, included within the discussion of consolidated results within the Other Consolidated Results section below. During the first half of 2024, there were no additional results of operations, such as those related to shipments or production, to be discussed.

Other Consolidated Results

Second Quarter Consolidated Results 2024 vs. 2023

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses of \$160.0 million during the second quarter of 2024 increased 13% from \$141.2 million during the second quarter of 2023 primarily due to an increase in payroll and benefits expense related to the execution of our growth strategy during 2024. Selling, general and administrative expenses represented 3.5% and 2.8% of net sales during second quarter 2024 and 2023, respectively. Profit sharing expense during the second quarter of 2024 of \$48.1 million decreased 47% from the \$91.0 million during the same period in 2023, consistent with decreased pretax earnings. Profit sharing expense for eligible employees is 8% of consolidated pretax income excluding noncontrolling interests and other items. Interest expense, net of Capitalized Interest. During the second quarter of 2024, interest expense was \$12.7 million, a decrease of \$8.0 million compared to the second quarter of 2023. The lower interest expense in the second quarter 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 was due to higher capitalized interest in 2024 related to construction within the aluminum operations segment. Other (Income) Expense, net. A Net other income was \$18.7 million in the second quarter of 2024, compared to \$31.3 million in the second quarter of 2023, due primarily to the impact of foreign currency exchange rate losses of \$10.0 million in 2024 compared to gains of \$4.0 million in 2023. Income Tax Expense. Second quarter 2024 income tax expense of \$133.4 million, at an effective income tax rate of 23.6%, decreased 48% compared to the \$258.1 million, at an effective income tax rate of 24.0%, during the second quarter of 2023, consistent with decreased pretax earnings. First Half Consolidated Results 2024 vs. 2023

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses of \$319.5 million during the first half of 2024 increased 12% from \$285.5 million during the first half of 2023 primarily due to an increase in payroll and benefits expense related to the execution of our growth strategy during 2024. Selling, general and administrative expenses represented 3.4% and 2.9% of net sales during the first half of 2024 and 2023, respectively. Profit sharing expense during the first half of 2024 of \$110.7 million decreased 31% from the \$160.6 million during the same period in 2023, consistent with decreased pretax earnings. Interest expense, net of Capitalized Interest. During the first half of 2024, interest expense of \$24.7 million decreased 43% from \$43.3 million during the first half of 2023. The lower interest expense in the first half of 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 was due to higher capitalized interest in 2024 related to construction at our Sinton and Heartland divisions, and within the aluminum operations segment.

Table of Contents

Other (Income) Expense, net. A Net other income was \$45.5 million in the first half of 2024, compared to \$66.3 million in the first half of 2023, due primarily to the impact of foreign currency exchange rate losses of \$9.1 million in 2024 compared to gains of \$8.6 million in 2023. Income Tax Expense. First half 2024 income tax expense of \$311.7 million, at an effective income tax rate of 23.4%, decreased 32% compared to the \$461.6 million, at an effective income tax rate of 24.0%, during the first half of 2023, consistent with decreased pretax earnings. Liquidity and Capital Resources

Capital Resources and Long-term Debt. Our business is capital intensive and requires substantial expenditures for, among other things, the purchase and maintenance of equipment used in our operations, and to remain in compliance with environmental laws. Our short-term and long-term liquidity needs arise primarily from working capital requirements, capital expenditures, including expansion projects, principal and interest payments related to our outstanding indebtedness, dividends to our shareholders, and potential stock repurchases and acquisitions or investments. We have met and intend to continue to meet these liquidity requirements primarily with available cash and cash provided by operations, long-term borrowings, and we also have availability under our unsecured Revolver. Our liquidity at June 30, 2024, is as follows (in thousands):

	Cash and equivalents	Short-term and other investments	Revolver availability	Total liquidity
June 30, 2024	\$829,980	\$654,018	\$1,190,725	\$2,674,723

Our total outstanding debt of \$3.1 billion is consistent with our total outstanding debt at December 31, 2023. Our total long-term debt to capitalization ratio (representing our 72% debt, including current maturities, divided by the sum of our long-term debt, redeemable noncontrolling interests, and our total stockholders' equity) was 24.9% and 25.8% at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. In July 2024, we issued \$600.0 million of 5.375% notes due 2034. The net proceeds from these notes are intended to be used for general corporate purposes, which may include the repayment at or prior to maturity of our 2.800% senior notes due December 2024, working capital, capital expenditures, advances for or investments in subsidiaries, acquisitions, redemption and repayment of other outstanding indebtedness, and purchases of our common stock. Our unsecured credit agreement has a senior unsecured revolving credit facility (Facility), which provides a \$1.2 billion Revolver and matures in July 2028. Subject to certain conditions, we have the ability to increase the Facility size by \$500.0 million. The unsecured Revolver is available to fund working capital, capital expenditures, and other general corporate purposes. The Facility contains financial covenants and other covenants pertaining to our ability to incur indebtedness and permit liens on certain assets. Our ability to borrow funds within the terms of the unsecured Revolver is dependent upon our continued compliance with the financial and other covenants. At June 30, 2024, we had \$1.2 billion of availability on the Revolver, \$9.3 million of outstanding letters of credit and other obligations which reduce availability, and there were no borrowings outstanding. The financial covenants under our Facility state that we must maintain an interest coverage ratio of not less than 2.50:1.00. Our interest coverage ratio is calculated by dividing our last-twelve-months (LTM) consolidated Adjusted EBITDA as defined in the Facility (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and certain other non-cash transactions as defined in the Facility) by our LTM gross interest expense, less amortization of financing fees. In addition, a debt to capitalization ratio of not more than 0.60:1.00 must be maintained. At June 30, 2024, our interest coverage ratio and debt to capitalization ratio were 30.84:1.00 and 0.25:1.00, respectively. We were, therefore, in compliance with these covenants at June 30, 2024, and we anticipate we will continue to be in compliance during the next twelve months.

Table of Contents

Working Capital (representing excess of current assets over current liabilities). We generated cash flow from operations of \$737.8 million in the first half of 2024 compared to \$1.5 billion in the same 2023 period. Working capital decreased \$872.5 million, or 20%, during the first half of 2024 to \$3.6 billion at June 30, 2024, due to a \$570.9 million decrease in cash and equivalents, and a \$355.7 million increase in current maturities of long-term debt, as our \$400 million 2.400% senior notes due 2025 were recorded as current in June 2024. Capital Investments. During the first half of 2024, we invested \$793.5 million in property, plant and equipment, primarily within our steel operations segment and aluminum operations segment, compared with \$584.6 million invested during the same period in 2023. We are currently executing our plan to invest \$2.7 billion in a new state-of-the-art low-carbon recycled aluminum flat rolled products mill with two supporting satellite recycled aluminum slab centers, which is planned to be funded by available cash and cash flow from operations. Related expenditures began in the third quarter of 2022 and are expected to continue through early 2025. Our liquidity of \$2.7 billion and anticipated future operating cash flow generation is sufficient to provide for our planned 2024 capital requirements. Cash Dividends. As a reflection of continued confidence in our current and future cash flow generation capability and financial position, we increased our quarterly cash dividend by 8% to \$0.46 per share in the first quarter of 2024 (from \$0.425 per share for each quarter in 2023), resulting in declared cash dividends of \$144.2 million during the first half of 2024, compared to \$143.0 million during the same period in 2023. We paid cash dividends of \$140.6 million and \$131.1 million during the first half of 2024 and 2023, respectively. Our board of directors, along with executive management, approves the payment of dividends on a quarterly basis. The determination to pay cash dividends in the future is at the discretion of our board of directors, after taking into account various factors, including our financial condition, results of operations, outstanding indebtedness, current and anticipated cash needs and growth plans. Other. Our board of directors has authorized share repurchase programs during prior years, the most recent of which occurred in November 2023 for a program of up to \$1.5 billion of the company's common stock. Under the share repurchase programs, purchases take place as and when we determine in open market or private transactions made based upon the market price of our common stock, the nature of other investment opportunities or growth projects, our cash flows from operations, and general economic conditions. The share repurchase programs do not require us to acquire any specific number of shares, and may be modified, suspended, extended, or terminated by us at any time. The share repurchase programs do not have an expiration date. There were \$607.1 million and \$734.2 million of share repurchases during the first half of 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, we had \$793.2 million remaining available to purchase under the November 2023 share repurchase program. Our ability to meet our debt service obligations and reduce our total debt will depend upon our future performance which, in

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