

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 001-13439

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**DELAWARE**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**74-2162088**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**2050 West Sam Houston Parkway S., Suite 1100  
Houston, Texas  
77042**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(713) 939-7711**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	DRQ	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of regulations S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of October 24, 2023, the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, was 34,183,053.

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**PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(UNAUDITED)**

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(In thousands, except per share data)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 181,072	\$ 264,804
Short-term investments	8,911	32,232
Trade receivables, net	133,337	90,861
Unbilled receivables	154,305	144,428
Inventories, net	183,250	146,004
Prepaid expenses	19,237	19,874
Other current assets	18,100	32,438
Assets held for sale	10,828	19,383
Total current assets	709,040	750,024
Operating lease right of use assets	16,235	4,872
Property, plant and equipment, net	211,806	181,270
Deferred income taxes	5,839	4,488
Goodwill	16,237	-
Intangible assets	42,504	23,348
Other assets	5,907	5,949
Total assets	\$ 1,007,568	\$ 969,951
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 50,455	\$ 43,019
Accrued income taxes	6,604	4,868
Contract liabilities	8,098	8,020
Accrued compensation	14,141	11,296
Operating lease liabilities	2,057	1,054
Other accrued liabilities	25,380	19,298
Total current liabilities	106,735	87,555
Deferred income taxes	12,114	3,756
Income tax payable	451	823
Operating lease liabilities, long-term	14,381	3,807
Other long-term liabilities	3,425	1,658
Total liabilities	137,106	97,599
Contingencies (Note 14)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock: 10,000,000 shares authorized at \$0.01 par value (none issued)	-	-
Common stock:		
100,000,000 shares authorized at \$0.01 par value, 34,177,472 and 34,157,057 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022	343	343
Additional paid-in capital	98,169	90,450
Retained earnings	948,928	950,168
Accumulated other comprehensive losses	(176,978)	(168,609)
Total stockholders' equity	870,462	872,352
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,007,568	\$ 969,951

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Revenues:				
Products	\$ 77,603	\$ 58,508	\$ 192,677	\$ 176,129
Services	27,214	20,443	72,228	57,538
Leasing	12,427	9,190	32,811	31,589
Total revenues	117,244	88,141	297,716	265,256
Cost and expenses:				
Cost of sales:				
Products	60,640	49,714	152,849	151,932
Services	19,083	8,105	46,199	24,773
Leasing	5,880	7,891	17,768	22,663
Total cost of sales	85,603	65,710	216,816	199,368
Selling, general and administrative	26,993	22,431	71,692	67,322
Engineering and product development	3,061	2,645	9,662	9,041
Restructuring and other charges	2,267	4,101	3,375	9,898
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(1,027)	(17,276)	(8,412)	(17,770)
Acquisition costs	5,358	-	6,492	-
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	1,060	(1,901)	(2,632)	(5,574)
Total costs and expenses	123,315	75,710	296,993	262,285
Operating income (loss)	(6,071)	12,431	723	2,971
Interest income, net	(2,312)	(248)	(7,038)	(871)
Income (loss) before income taxes	(3,759)	12,679	7,761	3,842
Income tax provision (benefit)	3,275	(610)	9,001	5,061
Net income (loss)	\$ (7,034)	\$ 13,289	\$ (1,240)	\$ (1,219)
Net income (loss) per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.39	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Diluted	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.38	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	34,132	33,948	34,130	33,948
Diluted	34,132	34,232	34,130	33,948

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$ (7,034)	\$ 13,289	\$ (1,240)	\$ (1,219)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(4,489)	(10,487)	(8,369)	(19,829)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (11,523)</u>	<u>\$ 2,802</u>	<u>\$ (9,609)</u>	<u>\$ (21,048)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022
	(In thousands)	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net loss	\$ (1,240 )	\$ (1,219 )
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	21,837	22,352
Stock-based compensation expense	7,719	7,669
Restructuring and other charges	(1,148)	6,119
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(8,412)	(17,770)
Acquisition costs	4,585	-
Deferred income taxes	1,612	1,538
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade receivables, net	(22,461)	16,980
Unbilled receivables	(12,440)	(38,097)
Inventories, net	(18,783)	2,255
Prepays and other assets	16,750	(8,854)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(6,423)	(10,124)
Other, net	-	(16)
Net cash used in operating activities	(18,404)	(19,167)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(21,041)	(13,712)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	17,291	18,535
Acquisition of Great North, net of cash acquired	(82,287)	-
Purchase of short-term investments	(22,978)	(25,287)
Maturities of short-term investments	46,299	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(62,716)	(20,464)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Repurchase of common shares	-	(20,807)
Other	(41)	(74)
Net cash used in financing activities	(41)	(20,881)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash activities	(2,571)	(4,660)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(83,732)	(65,172)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	264,804	355,451
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 181,072</u>	<u>\$ 290,279</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Losses	Total
(In thousands, except shares)					
<b>Balance at July 1, 2023</b>	\$ 343	\$ 95,593	\$ 955,962	\$ (172,489)	\$ 879,409
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	(4,489)	(4,489)
Net loss	-	-	(7,034)	-	(7,034)
Comprehensive loss					(11,523)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	2,576	-	-	2,576
<b>Balance at September 30, 2023</b>	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 98,169</u>	<u>\$ 948,928</u>	<u>\$ (176,978)</u>	<u>\$ 870,462</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2023</b>	\$ 343	\$ 90,450	\$ 950,168	\$ (168,609)	\$ 872,352
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	(8,369)	(8,369)
Net loss	-	-	(1,240)	-	(1,240)
Comprehensive loss					(9,609)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	7,719	-	-	7,719
<b>Balance at September 30, 2023</b>	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 98,169</u>	<u>\$ 948,928</u>	<u>\$ (176,978)</u>	<u>\$ 870,462</u>

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Losses	Total
(In thousands, except shares)					
<b>Balance at July 1, 2022</b>	\$ 348	\$ 85,351	\$ 948,917	\$ (165,927)	\$ 868,689
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	(10,487)	(10,487)
Net income	-	-	13,289	-	13,289
Comprehensive income					2,802
Repurchase of common shares (457,467 shares)	(5)	-	(11,145)	-	(11,150)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	2,569	-	-	2,569
Other	-	(3)	9	-	6
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022</b>	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 87,917</u>	<u>\$ 951,070</u>	<u>\$ (176,414)</u>	<u>\$ 862,916</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2022</b>	352	80,254	973,087	(156,585)	\$ 897,108
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	(19,829)	(19,829)
Net loss	-	-	(1,219)	-	(1,219)
Comprehensive loss					(21,048)
Repurchase of common shares (888,197 shares)	(9)	-	(20,798)	-	(20,807)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	7,669	-	-	7,669
Other	-	(6)	-	-	(6)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2022</b>	<u>\$ 343</u>	<u>\$ 87,917</u>	<u>\$ 951,070</u>	<u>\$ (176,414)</u>	<u>\$ 862,916</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**1. Organization and Basis of Presentation**

Dril-Quip, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company" or "Dril-Quip"), designs, manufactures, sells and services highly engineered drilling and production equipment for both offshore and onshore applications. The Company's principal products consist of subsea and surface wellheads, subsea and surface production trees, mudline hanger systems, specialty connectors and associated pipe, drilling and production riser systems, liner hangers, wellhead connectors, diverters and safety valves. Dril-Quip's products are used by major integrated, large independent and foreign national oil and gas companies and drilling contractors throughout the world. Dril-Quip also provides technical advisory assistance on an as-requested basis during installation of its products, as well as rework and reconditioning services for customer-owned Dril-Quip products. In addition, Dril-Quip's customers may rent or purchase running tools from the Company for use in the installation and retrieval of the Company's products.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2023, the Company reorganized its structure in order to streamline operations and leadership around more focused and integrated product and service lines to align with its business strategy. To reflect the Company's new organizational structure, the Company changed presentation of its segments in 2023 into the following three reportable business segments: Subsea Products, Subsea Services, and Well Construction. Segment operating results for the prior year comparative period have been restated to reflect this change. Previously, the Company's operations were organized into three geographic segments. Our Subsea Products business manufactures highly engineered, field-proven products with a wide array of deepwater drilling equipment and technology that meets the requirements for harsh subsea environments. Our Subsea Services business provides high-level aftermarket support and technical services with field technicians that support the full installation and lifecycle management of regulatory and industry standards, as well as offering industry training programs. Our Well Construction business provides products and services utilized in the construction of the wellbore such as completions, casing hardware and liner hanger systems. These products and services are used on both land and offshore markets. Additionally, Corporate includes the expenses and assets of the Company's corporate office functions, legal and other administrative expenses that are managed at a consolidated level. For information with respect to our segments, see "Business Segments," Note 12 of Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein are unaudited. The balance sheet at December 31, 2022 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements as of that date. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements include all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the financial position as of September 30, 2023 and the results of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The results of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

*Revision to Previously Reported Financial Information*

In conjunction with our close process for the second quarter of 2023, we identified accounting errors related to an indemnification receivable and duplicate billing errors impacting prior periods. In the third quarter of 2022, due to the expiration of the statute of limitations of an Uncertain Tax Position ("UTP"), we released the liability for this UTP, but failed to write-off the related indemnification receivable previously obtained from the seller of an acquired business, resulting in an overstatement of operating income during the period. In addition, the Company identified billing errors in 2022 and 2021 that resulted in an overstatement of revenue and trade receivables.

We have assessed these errors, individually and in the aggregate, and concluded that they were not material to any prior annual or interim period. However, the aggregate amount of the prior period errors would have been material to our current interim condensed consolidated statements of income and to our anticipated full year results and therefore, we have revised our previously issued financial information. For more details, see "Revision to Previously Reported Financial Information," Note 5 of Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.



## 2. Significant Accounting Policies

### *Principles of Consolidation*

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

### *Reclassifications*

We reclassified approximately \$5.5 million of accrued bonus related to our short-term incentive plan for the year ended December 31, 2022, from other accrued liabilities to accrued compensation to conform to our current year presentation. These reclassifications did not have an impact on our consolidated statements of income (loss), consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), consolidated statements of stockholders' equity and consolidated statements of cash flows.

### *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. Some of the Company's more significant estimates are those affected by critical accounting policies for revenue recognition and asset recoverability tests and inventories.

### *Revenue Recognition*

The Company generates revenues through the sale of products, the sale of services and the leasing of running tools. The Company normally negotiates contracts for products, including those accounted for under the over-time method, rental tools and services separately. Modifications to the scope and price of sales contracts may occur in the form of variations and change orders. For all product sales, it is the customer's decision as to the timing of the product installation, as well as whether Dril-Quip running tools will be purchased or rented. Furthermore, the customer is under no obligation to utilize the Company's technical advisory assistance services. The customer may instead choose to use a third party or its own personnel.

### *Leasing Revenues*

The Company earns leasing revenues from the rental of running tools. Revenues from rental of running tools are recognized on a day rate basis over the lease term, which is generally between one to three months.

### *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Short-term investments that have a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase are classified as cash equivalents. The Company invests excess cash in interest bearing accounts, money market mutual funds and funds which invest in U.S. Treasury obligations and repurchase agreements backed by U.S. Treasury obligations. The Company's investment objectives continue to be the preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity.

The Company's ABL Credit Facility, dated February 23, 2018, as amended, was terminated effective February 22, 2022. We opened a new cash collateral account with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., in which cash was transferred to facilitate our existing letters of credit. As of September 30, 2023, the cash balance in that account was approximately \$4.2 million. The Company is required to maintain a balance equal to the outstanding letters of credit plus 5% at all times which is considered as restricted cash and is included in "Cash and cash equivalents" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. Withdrawals from this cash collateral account are only allowed at such point a given letter of credit has expired or has been cancelled.

### *Short-term Investments*

Short-term investments that have a maturity greater than three months and less than a year from the date of purchase are comprised primarily of time deposits, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, bonds and notes, substantially all of which are denominated in U.S. dollars and are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. The Company expects to hold all of its Short-term investments to maturity.

For purposes of the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company does not consider Short-term investments to be cash equivalents.

#### *Fair Value of Financial Instruments*

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their respective fair values as they are short-term in nature.

#### *Fair Value Measurements*

The Company applies the applicable accounting guidance for fair value measurements. This guidance provides the definition of fair value, describes the method used to appropriately measure fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and outlines fair value disclosure requirements.

The fair value hierarchy established under this guidance prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date. Active markets are those in which transactions for the asset or liability occur in sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
- Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date. Level 2 includes those financial instruments that are valued using models or other valuation methodologies. These models are primarily industry-standard models that consider various assumptions, including quoted prices, time value, volatility factors, and current market and contractual prices for the underlying instruments, as well as other relevant economic measures. Substantially all of these assumptions are observable in the marketplace throughout the full term of the instrument, can be derived from observable data or are supported by observable levels at which transactions are executed in the marketplace.
- Level 3 - Pricing inputs include significant inputs that are generally less observable from objective sources. These inputs may be used with internally developed methodologies that result in management's best estimate of fair value from the perspective of a market participant.

#### *Impairment of Long-Lived Assets*

Long-lived assets, including property, plant and equipment and definite-lived intangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. We evaluate our property and equipment and definite-lived intangible assets for impairment whenever changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset group may not be recoverable. Should the review indicate that the carrying value is not fully recoverable, the amount of the impairment loss is determined by comparing the carrying value to the estimated fair value. We assess recoverability based on undiscounted future net cash flows. Estimating future net cash flows requires us to make judgments regarding long-term forecasts of future revenues and costs related to the assets subject to review. These forecasts are uncertain in that they require assumptions about our revenue growth, operating margins, capital expenditures, future market conditions and technological developments. If changes in these assumptions occur, our expectations regarding future net cash flows may change such that a material impairment could result.

#### *Goodwill and Intangible Assets*

For goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, an assessment for impairment is performed annually or when there is an indication an impairment may have occurred. Goodwill is not amortized but rather tested for impairment annually on October 1 or when events occur or circumstances change that would trigger such a review. The impairment test entails an assessment of qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that an impairment exists. If it is more likely than not that an impairment exists, then a quantitative impairment test is performed. Impairment exists when the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value.

### Restructuring and Other Charges

Restructuring and other charges consist of costs associated with our 2021 global strategic plan initiated in the fourth quarter of 2021, in an effort to realign our subsea product business with the market conditions. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred \$2.3 million and \$3.4 million of additional costs under the 2021 global strategic plan, respectively. The restructuring charges incurred during the current year primarily consist of office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, severance, consulting and legal fees. During the second quarter of 2023, the Company reassessed the reasonability of a restructuring liability related to its Well Construction business. During our assessment certain market exit costs became known and the liability was adjusted accordingly, resulting in a release of approximately \$2.3 million, which partially offsets the current year restructuring costs. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred \$4.1 million and \$9.9 million of additional costs under the 2021 global strategic plan, respectively. Approximately \$5.1 million of these charges were primarily related to write-down of our long-lived assets and the remaining \$4.8 million were related to consulting and legal fees, office moves and site cleanup, and preparation costs.

### Repurchase of Equity Securities

On February 22, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized an incremental \$100.0 million share repurchase plan. The repurchase plans have no set expiration date and any repurchased shares are expected to be cancelled. The manner, timing and amount of any purchase will be determined by management based on an evaluation of market conditions, stock price, liquidity and other factors. The program does not obligate the Company to acquire any amount of common stock and may be modified or superseded at any time at the Company's discretion.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company did not purchase any shares under the share repurchase plans.

For the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company purchased 457,467 shares under the share repurchase plans at an average price of approximately \$24.35 per share totaling approximately \$11.1 million and has retired such shares. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company purchased 888,197 shares under the share repurchase plans at an average price of approximately \$23.41 per share totaling approximately \$20.8 million and has retired such shares.

### Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed considering the dilutive effect of stock awards using the treasury stock method.

In each relevant period, the net income (loss) used in the basic and dilutive earnings per share calculations is the same. The following table reconciles the weighted average basic number of common shares outstanding and the weighted average diluted number of common shares outstanding for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands)			
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic	34,132	33,948	34,130	33,948
Dilutive effect of common stock awards	-	284	-	-
Weighted average common shares outstanding – diluted	<u>34,132</u>	<u>34,232</u>	<u>34,130</u>	<u>33,948</u>

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company has excluded the following common stock awards because their impact on the income (loss) per share is anti-dilutive (in thousands on a weighted average basis):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands)			
Director stock awards	73	1	67	-
Performance share units	332	-	332	-
Restricted stock awards	543	2	558	1

### 3. Business Acquisitions

On July 31, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of 1185641 B.C. LTD (d/b/a Great North Wellhead and Frac, "Great North") for a purchase price of \$105 million CAD, approximately \$79.8 million, which is subject to customary adjustments for cash and working capital. The acquisition of Great North allows Dril-Quip to service its clients with Great North's products.

The acquired business contributed revenues of \$15.5 million and earnings of \$1.6 million to Dril-Quip for the period from August 1, 2023 to September 30, 2023. The following unaudited pro forma summary presents consolidated information of Dril-Quip as if the business combination had occurred on January 1, 2022.

	Pro forma three months ended September 30,		Pro forma nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands) (unaudited)			
Revenues	\$ 125,367	\$ 112,471	\$ 352,343	\$ 329,692
Net income	\$ (1,611)	\$ 15,810	\$ 10,387	\$ (1,450)

These pro forma amounts have been calculated after applying Dril-Quip's accounting policies and adjusting the results of Great North to reflect the additional depreciation and amortization that would have been charged assuming the fair value adjustments to property, plant, and equipment, and intangible assets had been applied from January 1, 2022, with the consequential tax effects.

Dril-Quip incurred \$5.4 million and \$6.5 million of acquisition-related costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. These expenses are included in "Acquisition costs" in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) for the respective periods and are reflected in the pro forma earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, in the table above.

The following table summarizes the consideration transferred to acquire Great North:

	(In thousands)
Fair value of consideration transferred:	
Cash	\$ 84,097
Contingent consideration	3,571
Total	<u>\$ 87,668</u>

The acquisition of Great North includes a contingent consideration arrangement that requires additional consideration to be paid by Dril-Quip to the sellers of Great North based on the future revenues of Great North for FY 2024 and 2025. The range of the undiscounted amounts Dril-Quip could pay under the contingent consideration agreement is between zero and \$30 million CAD, approximately \$22.8 million. The fair value of the contingent consideration recognized on the acquisition date was \$3.6 million. The current and noncurrent portion of contingent consideration is included in other accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilities, respectively. The fair value of the contingent consideration recognized on the acquisition date of \$3.6 million was estimated by applying a Monte-Carlo valuation model based on Level 3 inputs. The Company will be required to remeasure this liability to fair value quarterly with any changes in the fair value recorded in income until the final payment is made.

The following table sets forth the preliminary purchase price allocation, which was based on fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, July 31, 2023:

Preliminary amounts of identified assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

		(In thousands)
Cash	\$	1,810
Accounts receivable		16,499
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		609
Inventory		16,068
Property, plant and equipment		29,338
Right of use assets		11,115
Intangible assets <sup>(1)</sup>		22,263
Total assets acquired	\$	97,702
Accounts payable		7,034
Accrued expenses		3,522
Deferred revenue		47
Lease liability, long-term		11,115
Deferred taxes		5,075
Total liabilities assumed	\$	26,793
Net identifiable assets acquired	\$	70,909
Goodwill		16,759
Net assets acquired	\$	87,668

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes \$4.0 million of trademarks with a weighted average useful life of 10 years, \$3.6 million of patents with a weighted average useful life of 15 years, and \$14.7 million of customer relationships with a weighted average useful life of 10 years. See "Goodwill and Intangible Assets," Note 11 of Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information regarding intangible assets.

Acquired assets and liabilities were recorded at estimated fair value as of the acquisition date. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of tangible and intangible identifiable net assets resulted in the recognition of goodwill of \$16.8 million, all of which is included in long-lived assets in the Well Construction business segment and is attributable to expected synergies from combining operations as well as intangible assets which do not qualify for separate recognition. This goodwill is not tax deductible.

The goodwill was determined on the basis of the fair values of the tangible and intangible assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date. It may be adjusted if the provisional fair values change as a result of circumstances existing at the acquisition date. Such fair value adjustments may arise in respect to intangible assets, inventories and property, plant and equipment, upon completion of the necessary valuations and physical verifications of such assets. The amount of deferred taxes may also be adjusted during the measurement period.

#### 4. Fair Value Measurements

As of September 30, 2023, the Company's Level 3 instruments consist of contingent purchase consideration liabilities related to the acquisition of Great North (Note 3). The fair value of such earn-out liabilities is generally determined using a Monte Carlo Simulation that includes significant inputs that are not observable. Significant inputs include management's estimate of revenue and other market inputs, including expected revenue volatility (7.5%) and a revenue discount rate (8.7%). The fair value of certain earn-out liabilities is derived using the estimated probability of success of achieving the earn-out periods discounted to present value. The fair value of contingent consideration liabilities is remeasured at each reporting period at the estimated fair value based on the inputs on the date of remeasurement, with the change in fair value recognized in the Selling, general and administrative expense of the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Company's contingent consideration measured at fair value for the periods presented are as follows (*in thousands*):

	September 30, 2023				December 31, 2022			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Liability:								
Contingent consideration <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 3,460	-	-	\$ 3,460	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 3,460</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 3,460</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, contingent consideration includes certain amounts in accrued general liabilities and other long-term liabilities on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following table provides a reconciliation of changes in the fair value of the Company's earn-out liabilities associated with the Company's acquisition measured at fair value for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (*in thousands*):

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Beginning period balance	\$ -	-	\$ -	-
Additions to contingent consideration	3,571	-	3,571	-
Payments of contingent consideration	-	-	-	-
Fair value adjustment of earn-out liabilities	-	-	-	-
Currency translation adjustment	(111)	-	(111)	-
Ending period balance	\$ 3,460	-	\$ 3,460	-

## 5. Revision to Previously Reported Financial Information

In conjunction with our close process for the second quarter of 2023, we identified accounting errors related to an indemnification receivable and duplicate billing errors impacting prior periods. In the third quarter of 2022, due to the expiration of the statute of limitations of an Uncertain Tax Position ("UTP"), we released the liability for this UTP, but failed to write-off the related indemnification receivable previously obtained from the seller of an acquired business, resulting in an overstatement of operating income during the period. In addition, the Company identified billing errors in 2022 and 2021 that resulted in an overstatement of revenue and trade receivables.

The following table presents the impact of correcting the errors on the affected line items of our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022:

	December 31, 2022	
	As Reported	As Revised
		(In thousands)
Trade receivables, net	\$ 91,504	\$ (643) \$ 90,861
Other current assets	34,359	(1,921) 32,438
Total current assets	752,588	(2,564) 750,024
Total assets	972,515	(2,564) 969,951
Total stockholders' equity	874,916	(2,564) 872,352

The following table presents the impact of correcting the errors on the affected line items of our condensed consolidated statement of income (loss) for the three months ended September 30, 2022:

	Three months ended September 30, 2022		
	As Reported	Adjustments	As Revised
		(In thousands, except per share data)	
Restructuring and other charges	\$ 2,180	\$ 1,921	\$ 4,101
Operating income (loss)	14,352	(1,921)	12,431
Income (loss) before income taxes	14,600	(1,921)	12,679
Net income (loss)	15,210	(1,921)	13,289
Net income (loss) per common share:			
Basic	0.45	(0.06)	0.39
Diluted	0.44	(0.06)	0.38

The following table presents the impact of correcting the errors on the affected line items of our condensed consolidated statement of income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2022:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2022		
	As Reported	Adjustments	As Revised
	(In thousands, except per share data)		
Restructuring and other charges	\$ 7,977	\$ 1,921	\$ 9,898
Operating income (loss)	4,892	(1,921)	2,971
Income (loss) before income taxes	5,763	(1,921)	3,842
Net income (loss)	702	(1,921)	(1,219)
Net income (loss) per common share:			
Basic	0.02	(0.06)	(0.04)
Diluted	0.02	(0.06)	(0.04)

The condensed consolidated statement of stockholders' equity for the period from January 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022 and the period from July 1, 2022 to September 30, 2022 has also been revised to reflect the impacts to net earnings. The impact of the error arising in 2021, as reflected above, has been reflected as a reduction to opening retained earnings in the amount of \$0.5 million in the condensed consolidated statement of stockholders' equity.

The Company also assessed the impact of all these errors on the statement of cash flows and noted that there was no impact to the net cash provided by (used in) operating activities as the changes in assets and net income offset completely.

## 6. Revenue Recognition

Revenues from contracts with customers (excludes leasing) consisted of the following:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands)			
Revenues:				
Products:				
Subsea products	\$ 55,427	\$ 48,480	\$ 146,123	\$ 144,229
Well construction	22,176	10,028	46,554	31,900
Total products	<u>\$ 77,603</u>	<u>\$ 58,508</u>	<u>\$ 192,677</u>	<u>\$ 176,129</u>
Services:				
Subsea services	\$ 17,412	\$ 15,806	\$ 50,230	\$ 43,748
Well construction services	9,802	4,637	21,998	13,790
Total services	<u>\$ 27,214</u>	<u>\$ 20,443</u>	<u>\$ 72,228</u>	<u>\$ 57,538</u>

### Contract Balances

Balances related to contracts with customers consisted of the following:

#### Contract Assets (amounts shown in thousands)

Contract assets at December 31, 2022	\$ 138,592
Additions	147,250
Transfers to Trade receivables, net	(137,423)
Contract assets at September 30, 2023	<u>\$ 148,419</u>

#### Contract Liabilities (amounts shown in thousands)

Contract liabilities at December 31, 2022	\$ 6,824
Additions	12,614
Revenue recognized	(11,961)
Contract liabilities at September 30, 2023	<u>\$ 7,477</u>

Contract assets include unbilled accounts receivable associated with contracts accounted for under the over-time accounting method which were approximately \$92.3 million and \$92.6 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Unbilled contract assets are transferred to trade receivables, net, when the rights become unconditional. Contract liabilities primarily relate to advance payments from customers.

Obligations for returns and refunds were considered immaterial as of September 30, 2023.

#### *Remaining Performance Obligations*

The aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations from our over-time product lines was \$41.8 million as of September 30, 2023. The Company expects to recognize revenue on approximately 98.6% of the remaining performance obligations over the next 12 months and the remaining 1.4% thereafter.

The Company applies the practical expedient available under the revenue standard and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected durations of one year or less.

### **7. Stock-Based Compensation and Stock Awards**

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recognized approximately \$2.6 million and \$7.7 million of stock-based compensation expense. Stock-based compensation is included in "Selling, general and administrative" in our accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) and "Additional paid-in capital" in our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recognized approximately \$2.6 million and \$7.7 million of stock-based compensation expense.

### **8. Inventories, net**

Inventories consist of the following:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(In thousands)	
Raw materials and supplies, net	\$ 34,057	\$ 21,956
Work in progress, net	34,056	38,263
Finished goods, net	115,137	85,785
Total inventory, net	<u>\$ 183,250</u>	<u>\$ 146,004</u>

As of September 30, 2023, inventory values of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods have been reduced by approximately \$7.6 million, \$2.8 million and \$62.1 million, respectively, by a reserve for slow moving and excess inventory, and as of December 31, 2022 inventory values of raw materials, work in progress and finished goods have been reduced by approximately \$8.1 million, \$3.4 million and \$64.4 million, respectively by a reserve for slow moving and excess inventory.

### **9. Assets Held for Sale**

In the second quarter of 2022, the Company actively marketed for sale its corporate administrative building, forge facility and aftermarket facility in connection with the consolidation of its operations into a smaller footprint at its campus in Houston, Texas. In September 2022, we sold our forge facility for a net amount of approximately \$18.9 million and a gain on sale of approximately \$18.0 million of which \$0.8 million was realized in the three months ended March 31, 2023. In March 2023, we sold our aftermarket facility for a net amount of approximately \$14.5 million and a gain on sale of approximately \$5.9 million. The Company expects to sell the corporate administrative building within a year.

In accordance with the applicable accounting guidance, FASB ASC 360-10-45-9, the Company reclassified the buildings' net carrying amount from Property, plant and equipment, net, to Assets held for sale on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2023, the Assets held for sale balance was \$10.8 million comprising of the corporate administrative building held in Corporate.



## 10. Restructuring and Other Charges

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred costs of approximately \$2.3 million and \$3.4 million, under the 2021 global strategic plan. The restructuring charges incurred during the current year primarily consist of office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, severance, consulting and legal fees. During the second quarter of 2023, the Company reassessed the reasonability of a restructuring liability related to its Well Construction business. During our assessment certain market exit costs became known and the liability was adjusted accordingly, resulting in a release of approximately \$2.3 million, which partially offsets the current year restructuring costs.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred additional costs of approximately \$4.1 million and \$9.9 million under the 2021 global strategic plan. Approximately \$5.1 million of these charges were primarily related to write-down of our long-lived assets and the remaining \$4.8 million were related to consulting and legal fees, office moves and site cleanup, and preparation costs.

The following table summarizes the components of charges included in "Restructuring and other charges" in our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Severance	\$ 504	\$ -	\$ 504	\$ 32
Long-lived asset write-down	-	-	-	5,055
Other	1,763	4,101	2,871	4,811
	<u>\$ 2,267</u>	<u>\$ 4,101</u>	<u>\$ 3,375</u>	<u>\$ 9,898</u>

The following table summarizes the changes to our accrued liability balance related to restructuring and other charges as of September 30, 2023 (in thousands):

	Total
Beginning balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 3,802
Additions for costs expensed	-
Reductions for payments	(645)
Other	(2,255)
Ending balance at September 30, 2023	<u>\$ 902</u>

## 11. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

### Goodwill

The following table summarizes the change in goodwill, which was acquired in the acquisition of Great North in 2023 (in millions):

	Total
Net balance as of December 31, 2022	\$ -
Addition due to business combination	16.8
Impairments	-
Foreign currency translation	(0.6)
Net balance as of September 30, 2023 <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>\$ 16.2</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> As of September 30, 2023, the Goodwill balance is included in long-lived assets in the Well Construction business segment.

### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets, the majority of which were acquired in the acquisition of TIW Corporation in 2016, OilPatch Technologies in 2017, and Great North in July 2023, consist of the following:

September 30, 2023					
	Estimated Useful Lives	Gross Book Value	Accumulated Amortization	Foreign Currency Translation	Net Book Value
(In thousands)					
Trademarks	10 - 15 years	\$ 11,967	\$ (2,578)	\$ 2	\$ 9,391
Patents	15 - 30 years	9,573	(4,033)	(1)	5,539
Customer relationships	5 - 15 years	39,833	(12,272)	13	27,574
Organizational costs	3 years	163	(163)	-	-
		<u>\$ 61,536</u>	<u>\$ (19,046)</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 42,504</u>

December 31, 2022					
	Estimated Useful Lives	Gross Book Value	Accumulated Amortization	Foreign Currency Translation	Net Book Value
(In thousands)					
Trademarks	10 - 15 years	\$ 8,233	\$ (2,118)	\$ (79)	\$ 6,036
Patents	15 - 30 years	6,055	(3,699)	-	2,356
Customer relationships	5 - 15 years	26,028	(10,878)	(234)	14,916
Organizational costs	3 years	183	(131)	(12)	40
		<u>\$ 40,499</u>	<u>\$ (16,826)</u>	<u>\$ (325)</u>	<u>\$ 23,348</u>

## 12. Business Segments

Operating segments are defined in FASB ASC Topic 280, *Segment Reporting*, as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available and evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2023, the Company reorganized its structure in order to streamline operations and leadership around more focused and integrated product and service lines to align with its business strategy. To reflect the Company's new organizational structure, the Company changed presentation of its segments in 2023 into the following three reportable business segments: Subsea Products, Subsea Services, and Well Construction. Segment operating results for the prior year comparative period have been restated to reflect this change. Previously, the Company's operations were organized into three geographic segments.

The Company evaluates segment performance based on operating income. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

**Subsea Products.** The Company's Subsea Products segment designs, manufactures and sells a variety of products including subsea wellheads, connectors and surface equipment, and subsea production systems.

**Subsea Services.** The Company's Subsea Services segment delivers a variety of technical services including subsea rental services, subsea rework services and subsea services shared support.

**Well Construction.** The Company's Well Construction business provides products and services utilized in the construction of the wellbore such as completions, casing hardware and liner hanger systems. The Well Construction business also includes all of Great North's operations as of the acquisition date.

**Corporate.** Corporate includes the expenses and assets of the Company's corporate office functions, legal and other administrative expenses that are managed at a consolidated level.

During the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred \$2.3 million of restructuring and other charges under the 2021 global strategic plan out of which approximately \$2.2 million is in Corporate and \$0.1 million in Subsea Services. The charges in Corporate primarily consisted of severance, office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, consulting and legal fees. During the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred \$4.1 million of additional costs under the 2021 global strategic plan. These charges were primarily related to office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, consulting and legal fees. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred \$3.4 million of additional restructuring and other charges under the 2021 global strategic plan out of which approximately \$4.9 million is in Corporate, (\$1.9) million in Well Construction and \$0.4 million in Subsea Services. The restructuring charges incurred during the current year primarily consist of office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, severance, consulting and legal fees. During the second quarter of 2023, the Company reassessed the reasonability of a restructuring liability related to its Well Construction business. During our assessment certain market exit costs became known and the liability was adjusted accordingly, resulting in a release of approximately \$2.3 million, which partially offsets the current year restructuring costs. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred \$9.9 million of additional costs under the 2021 global strategic plan. These charges were primarily related to a \$2.6 million write down of our Houston corporate administrative building in Corporate and other long-lived asset write downs of \$2.5 million in Subsea Products. In addition, there were other charges of \$4.8 million primarily related to consulting and legal fees, office moves, cleanup and preparation costs, and brokerage fees in Corporate.

The following tables presents selected financial data by business segment:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,					
	2023	2022	2023	2022				
	(In thousands)							
Revenue								
Subsea products	\$	55,427	\$	48,496	\$	146,123	\$	144,245
Subsea services		24,176		22,276		71,658		69,292
Well construction		37,641		17,369		79,935		51,719
Total revenue	\$	117,244	\$	88,141	\$	297,716	\$	265,256
Depreciation and amortization								
Subsea products	\$	1,670	\$	1,623	\$	5,014	\$	5,196
Subsea services		2,595		2,826		8,122		8,954
Well construction		2,977		1,558		6,536		4,837
Corporate		657		1,116		2,165		3,365
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	7,899	\$	7,123	\$	21,837	\$	22,352
Operating income (loss)								
Subsea products	\$	954	\$	18,007	\$	555	\$	11,109
Subsea services		885		676		11,498		5,859
Well construction		6,353		2,066		13,407		9,613
Corporate		(14,263)		(8,318)		(24,737)		(23,610)
Total operating income (loss)	\$	(6,071)	\$	12,431	\$	723	\$	2,971

The Company does not allocate assets to its reportable segments as they are not included in the review performed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) for purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources. The balance sheet is reviewed on a consolidated basis and is not used in the context of segment reporting.

### 13. Income Tax

The effective tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 was (87.1)% and 116.0% compared to (4.8%) and 131.7% for the same period in 2022. The change in the effective tax rate between the periods resulted primarily due to the change in projected earnings mix by geography and tax jurisdiction as compared to the prior period, changes in valuation allowances in the United States, foreign withholding tax, changes in nondeductible compensation, and the mix of earnings in jurisdictions with differing tax rates.

The Company had approximately \$16.8 million in outstanding NOL carryback claims as of December 31, 2022 including the estimated carryback claim relating to the 2020 tax year, which was reflected in "Other current assets" on the consolidated balance sheets. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company received refunds of \$16.8 million and \$17.2 million, respectively. The third quarter 2023 refund is comprised of the refund amount of \$15.5 million and related interest of \$1.3 million.

As the Company no longer asserts the indefinite reinvestment assertion, we maintain a deferred foreign tax liability, which had a balance of \$1.8 million as of September 30, 2023 and is primarily related to estimated foreign withholding tax associated with repatriating all non-U.S. earnings back to the United States.

The Company operates in multiple jurisdictions with complex tax and regulatory environments and our tax returns are periodically audited or subjected to review by tax authorities. We monitor tax law changes and the potential impact to our results of operations.

#### **14. Contingencies**

##### *FMC Technologies Lawsuit*

On October 5, 2020, FMC Technologies, Inc. ("FMC") sued the Company alleging misappropriation of trade secrets and sought money damages and injunctive relief in the 127th District Court of Harris County in an action styled FMC Technologies, Inc. v. Richard Murphy and Drill-Quip, Inc., Cause No. 2020-63081. FMC alleged that its former employee communicated FMC trade secrets to the Company and the Company used those trade secrets in its VXTe subsea tree systems. On April 29, 2021, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the Company. FMC filed a notice of appeal on August 20, 2021. On August 10, 2023, the First District of Texas Court of Appeals rendered a judgment that affirmed the judgment of the 127th District Court of Harris County in favor of the Company. The current deadline for FMC to file a petition for review with the Texas Supreme Court is November 24, 2023.

##### *General*

The Company operates its business and markets its products and services in most of the significant oil and gas producing areas in the world and is, therefore, subject to the risks customarily attendant to international operations and is dependent on the condition of the oil and gas industry. Additionally, certain of the Company's products are used in potentially hazardous drilling, completion, and production applications that can cause personal injury, property damage and environmental claims. Although exposure to such risks has not resulted in any significant problems for the Company in the past, ongoing exposure to these risks and future developments could adversely impact the Company in the future.

The Company is also involved in a number of legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Although no assurance can be given with respect to the ultimate outcome of such legal action, in the opinion of management, the ultimate liability with respect thereto will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations****Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes certain statements that may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). Statements contained in all parts of this document that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties that are beyond the control of Dril-Quip, Inc. (the "Company" or "Dril-Quip"). You can identify the Company's forward-looking statements by the words "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "may," "project," "believe" and similar expressions, or by the Company's discussion of strategies or trends. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that these expectations will prove to be correct. These forward-looking statements include the following types of information and statements as they relate to the Company:

- the impact of actions taken by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries and the expanded alliance (OPEC+) with respect to their production levels and the effects thereof;
- the impact of general economic conditions, including inflation and rising interest rates, on economic activity and on our operations;
- risks related to the recently announced acquisition of Great North, including the risk that the benefits of the transaction may not be fully realized or may take longer to realize than expected;
- future operating results and cash flow;
- scheduled, budgeted and other future capital expenditures;
- planned or estimated cost savings;
- working capital requirements;
- the need for and the availability of expected sources of liquidity;
- the introduction into the market of the Company's future products;
- the Company's ability to deliver its backlog in a timely fashion;
- the market for the Company's existing and future products;
- the Company's ability to develop new applications for its technologies;
- the exploration, development and production activities of the Company's customers;
- compliance with present and future environmental regulations and costs associated with environmentally related penalties, capital expenditures, remedial actions and proceedings;
- effects of pending legal proceedings;
- changes in customers' future product and service requirements that may not be cost effective or within the Company's capabilities;
- the impact of COVID-19 and the effects thereof;
- future operations, financial results, business plans and cash needs; and
- the overall timing and level of transition of the global energy sector from fossil-based systems of energy production and consumption to more renewable energy sources.

These statements are based on assumptions and analysis in light of the Company's experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments and other factors the Company believes were appropriate in the circumstances when the statements were made. Forward-looking statements by their nature involve substantial risks and uncertainties that could significantly impact expected results, and actual future results could differ materially from those described in such statements. While it is not possible to identify all factors, the Company continues to face many risks and uncertainties. Among the factors that could cause actual future results to differ materially are the risks and uncertainties discussed under "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Investors should note that Dril-Quip announces financial information in SEC filings, press releases and public conference calls. Dril-Quip may use the Investors section of its website ([www.dril-quip.com](http://www.dril-quip.com)) to communicate with investors. It is possible that the financial and other information posted there could be deemed to be material information. The information on Dril-Quip's website is not part of this Form 10-Q.

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain significant factors that have affected aspects of the Company's financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows during the periods included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto presented elsewhere herein as well as the discussion under "Risk Factors," included herein and "Risk Factors," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and the financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

## Overview

Dril-Quip, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company" or "Dril-Quip"), designs, manufactures, sells and services highly engineered drilling and production equipment that is well suited primarily for use in deepwater, harsh environment and severe service applications. The Company's principal products consist of subsea and surface wellheads, subsea and surface production trees, mudline hanger systems, specialty connectors and associated pipe, drilling and production riser systems, liner hangers, wellhead connectors, diverters and safety valves. Dril-Quip's products are used by major integrated, large independent and foreign national oil and gas companies and drilling contractors throughout the world. Dril-Quip also provides technical advisory assistance on an as-requested basis during installation of its products, as well as rework and reconditioning services for customer-owned Dril-Quip products. In addition, Dril-Quip's customers may rent or purchase running tools from the Company for use in the installation and retrieval of the Company's products.

The Company's organizational structure is based on product and service lines. The Company operates in three business segments— Subsea Products, Subsea Services, and Well Construction. Our Subsea Products business manufactures highly engineered, field-proven products with a wide array of deepwater drilling equipment and technology that meets the requirements for harsh subsea environments. Our Subsea Services business provides high-level aftermarket support and technical services with field technicians that support the full installation and lifecycle management of regulatory and industry standards, as well as offering industry training programs. Our Well Construction business provides products and services utilized in the construction of the wellbore such as completions, casing hardware and liner hanger systems. These products and services are used on both land and offshore markets.

### *Recent Developments*

On July 31, 2023, TIW Canada ULC ("Purchaser"), an unlimited liability company governed by the Laws of Alberta and wholly-owned subsidiary of Dril-Quip, acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares in the capital of 1185641 B.C. Ltd. (d/b/a Great North Wellhead and Frac), a corporation governed by the laws of the province of British Columbia ("Great North Wellhead"), pursuant to a definitive agreement (the "Share Purchase Agreement"), dated as of July 31, 2023, among each of the shareholders of Great North Wellhead (collectively, "Sellers"), Industrial Growth Partners V AIV L.P., in its capacity as agent to Sellers thereunder, Purchaser and, solely in its capacity as guarantor for the obligations of Purchaser thereunder, Dril-Quip for a cash purchase price of \$105 million CAD. The purchase price is subject to customary purchase price adjustments and includes potential earnout payments of up to \$30 million CAD to be paid over the course of 2024 and 2025 if Great North Wellhead and its subsidiaries meet specific revenue growth targets.

The parties have made customary representations and warranties to each other. The Share Purchase Agreement also contains customary covenants.

### *Business Environment*

On August 16, 2022, President Biden signed into law the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (the "Inflation Reduction Act"). The Inflation Reduction Act contains a number of revisions to the Internal Revenue Code, including a 15% book-income corporate alternative minimum tax on any corporation that, along with the other members of its controlled group, if any, has average adjusted financial statement income over \$1.0 billion for any 3-tax-year period ending with January 1, 2022 or later and a 1% excise tax on the fair market value of stock that is repurchased by publicly traded U.S. corporations or their specified affiliates. The alternative minimum tax and the excise tax are effective in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022. Currently, we are not subject to the corporate alternative minimum tax. The Company will evaluate any impact related to the excise tax on stock repurchases by the Company in future periods.

During the first quarter of 2022, Dril-Quip entered into a collaboration agreement with Aker Solutions ASA (Aker Solutions) to offer subsea injection systems for carbon capture, utilization and storage (CCUS) projects. Under the agreement, Dril-Quip will provide Aker Solutions with CO<sub>2</sub> injection Xmas trees and wellheads that will be fully integrated into a larger subsea injection system to provide customers with market-leading technology purposely designed for the injection and storage of CO<sub>2</sub>. The arrangement will leverage on Aker Solution's position as an integrated supplier of CCUS systems along with its control systems and electrification components. We believe this collaboration agreement focuses on the strengths of both organizations, will deliver an optimum solution for carbon capture and storage, and is in line with each party's strategic goals of collaboration and partnerships to unlock value for customers.

In February 2022, Russia invaded Ukraine, resulting in wide-ranging sanctions imposed on Russia by certain members of the European Union, the United Kingdom and the United States, among others, higher oil prices and increased uncertainty in global markets. As Russia's invasion of Ukraine continues, there can be no certainty regarding whether such governments or other governments will impose additional sanctions, export-controls or other economic or military measures against Russia. Although we have minimal operational exposure in Russia and we do not intend to commit further capital towards projects in Russia, the full impact of the invasion of Ukraine, including economic sanctions and export controls or additional war or military conflict, as well as potential responses to them by Russia, is currently unknown and could adversely affect oil and gas companies, many of which are our customers, as well as the global supply chain. For more information on the risks associated with the invasion of Ukraine, see "Our business may also be affected by new sanctions and export controls targeting Russia and other responses to Russia's invasion of Ukraine" discussed in our Annual Report Form 10-K, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

We continue to monitor the impact of COVID-19, government actions and measures taken to prevent its spread, and the potential to affect our operations, particularly in China. We are also monitoring the current global economic environment, specifically including inflationary pressures and the macroeconomic impact of the conflicts in Ukraine and Israel, and any resulting impacts on our financial position and results of operations. See our Annual Report Form 10-K "Item 1A. Risk Factors" for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Oil and gas prices and the level of drilling and production activity have been characterized by significant volatility in recent years. Worldwide military, political, economic and other events have contributed to oil and natural gas price volatility and are likely to continue to do so in the future. The Company expects continued pressure in both crude oil and natural gas prices, as well as in the level of drilling and production related activities. Even during periods of high prices for oil and natural gas, companies exploring for oil and gas may cancel or curtail programs, seek to renegotiate contract terms, including the price of products and services, or reduce their levels of capital expenditures for exploration and production for a variety of reasons. Any future deterioration of commodity prices could lead to material impairment charges to tangible or intangible assets or otherwise result in a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

The Company operates its business and markets its products and services in most of the significant oil and gas producing areas in the world and is, therefore, subject to the risks customarily attendant to international operations and investments in foreign countries. These risks include nationalization, expropriation, war, acts of terrorism and civil disturbance, restrictive action by local governments, limitation on repatriation of earnings, change in foreign tax laws and change in currency exchange rates, any of which could have an adverse effect on either the Company's ability to manufacture its products in its facilities abroad or the demand in certain regions for the Company's products or both. To date, the Company has not experienced any significant problems in foreign countries arising from local government actions or political instability, but there is no assurance that such problems will not arise in the future. Interruption of the Company's international operations could have a material adverse effect on its overall operations.

#### *Oil and Gas Prices*

The market for drilling and production equipment and services and the Company's business are substantially dependent on the condition of the oil and gas industry and, in particular, the willingness of oil and gas companies to make capital expenditures on exploration, drilling and production operations. Oil and gas prices and the level of drilling and production activity have historically been characterized by significant volatility.

According to the Energy Information Administration (EIA) of the U.S. Department of Energy, Brent Crude oil prices per barrel for the periods covered by this report were:

Brent Crude Oil Price per Barrel	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Low	\$ 74.52	\$ 82.55	\$ 71.03	\$ 78.25
High	\$ 97.10	\$ 121.80	\$ 97.10	\$ 133.18
Average	\$ 86.65	\$ 100.71	\$ 81.99	\$ 105.00
Closing	\$ 95.86	\$ 88.90	\$ 95.86	\$ 88.90

According to the October 2023 release of the Short-Term Energy Outlook published by the EIA, Brent Crude oil prices are expected to average approximately \$84 per barrel in 2023 and \$95 per barrel in 2024, compared with an average of \$101 per barrel in 2022. In its October 2023 Oil Market Report, the International Energy Agency projected global oil demand will climb by two million barrels per day in 2023 to 102 million barrels per day, a new record.

Although crude oil prices had rebounded sharply in 2022, we have seen a downward trend in the first nine months of 2023. If the Company experiences significant contract terminations, suspensions or scope adjustments to its contracts, then its financial condition, results of operations and cash flows may be adversely impacted.

#### Offshore Rig Count

Detailed below is the average contracted Mobile Offshore Drilling Units ("MODU"). These are rigs currently drilling as well as rigs committed, but not yet drilling, for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022. The rig count data includes floating rigs (semi-submersibles and drillships) and jack-up rigs. The Company has included only these types of rigs as they are the primary assets used to deploy the Company's products.

	Nine months ended September 30,		2022	
	Floating Rigs	Jack-up Rigs	Floating Rigs	Jack-up Rigs
Mobile Offshore Drilling Units	146	398	136	369

Source: IHS—Petrodata RigBase – September 30, 2023 and 2022

According to IHS-Petrodata RigBase, as of September 30, 2023, there were 544 contracted rigs (144 floating rigs and 400 jack-up rigs), an increase of 4.8% from the rig count of 519 rigs (140 floating rigs and 379 jack-up rigs) as of September 30, 2022.

#### Regulation

The demand for the Company's products and services is also affected by laws and regulations relating to the oil and gas industry in general, including those specifically directed to offshore operations. The adoption of new laws and regulations, or changes to existing laws or regulations that curtail exploration and development drilling for oil and gas for economic or other policy reasons, could adversely affect the Company's operations by limiting demand for its products.

In March 2018, the President of the United States issued a proclamation imposing a 25 percent global tariff on imports of certain steel products, effective March 23, 2018. The President subsequently proposed an additional 25 percent tariff on approximately \$50 billion worth of imports from China, and the government of China responded with a proposal of an additional 25 percent tariff on U.S. goods with a value of \$50 billion. In the following months, the United States and China placed additional, competing tariffs on imported goods until the two countries entered a phase one trade deal, which included an agreement to reduce certain tariffs. Negotiations for a phase two trade deal with China had begun prior to the outbreak of COVID-19 and if continued could lead to additional changes to the tariff rates in the phase one trade deal. President Biden has indicated that these tariffs will likely remain in place while the administration assesses the United States' current posture, including a review of the phase one trade deal with China.

The imposition of any additional tariffs or initiation of trade restrictions by or against the United States could cause our cost of raw materials to increase or affect the markets for our products. However, given the uncertainty regarding the scope and duration of these trade actions by the United States and other countries, their ultimate impact on our business and operations remains uncertain.

The United Kingdom (U.K.) officially withdrew from the E.U. on January 31, 2020 ("Brexit"). Brexit and the terms of a subsequent trade and cooperation agreement (TCA) brought to an end the U.K.'s automatic access to the E.U. single market, resulting in the U.K. no longer benefiting from the free movement of goods and services between the E.U. and the U.K. The rights of people to freely move between the E.U. and the U.K. have also been restricted. For more information on the risks associated with Brexit and the TCA, see "Our international operations require us to comply with a number of U.S. and foreign regulations governing the international trade of goods, services and technology, which expose us to compliance risks" under "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in Part I of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Company believes that its backlog should help mitigate the impact of any negative market conditions; however, slow recovery in commodity prices or an extended downturn in the global economy or future restrictions on, or declines in, oil and gas exploration and production could have a negative impact on the Company and its backlog. The Company's product backlog at September 30, 2023 was approximately \$211.1 million, compared to approximately \$252.0 million at June 30, 2023, 235.1 million at March 31, 2023, and 240.9 million at December 31, 2022.



The following table represents the change in backlog for the three months ended September 30, 2023, June 30, 2023, March 31, 2023, and December 31, 2022.

	September 30, 2023	Three months ended June 30, 2023	March 31, 2023 (In thousands)	December 31, 2022
Beginning backlog	\$ 251,981	\$ 235,145	\$ 240,865	\$ 211,767
Bookings:				
Product <sup>(1)</sup>	42,375	66,556	55,902	98,967
Service	27,214	29,233	21,281	21,657
Leasing	12,427	10,046	10,338	10,444
Cancellation/revision adjustments	(4,228)	(672)	(2,432)	(5,007)
Translation adjustments	(1,390)	1,280	56	(149)
Total bookings	76,398	106,443	85,145	125,912
Revenues:				
Product	77,603	55,828	59,246	64,713
Service	27,214	23,733	21,281	21,657
Leasing	12,427	10,046	10,338	10,444
Total revenue	117,244	89,607	90,865	96,814
Ending backlog	<u>\$ 211,135</u>	<u>\$ 251,981</u>	<u>\$ 235,145</u>	<u>\$ 240,865</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> The backlog data shown above includes all bookings as of September 30, 2023, including contract awards and signed purchase orders for which the contracts would not be considered enforceable or qualify for the practical expedient under ASC 606. As a result, this table will not agree to the disclosed performance obligations of \$41.8 million as of September 30, 2023 within "Revenue Recognition," Note 6 to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Revenues.** Drill-Quip's revenues are generated from three sources: products, services and leasing. Product revenues are derived from the sale of drilling and production equipment. Service revenues are earned when the Company provides technical advisory assistance and rework and reconditioning services. Leasing revenues are derived from rental tools used during installation and retrieval of the Company's products. For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company derived 66.2% and 66.4%, respectively, of its revenues from the sale of its products, 23.2% and 23.2%, respectively, of its revenue from services, and 10.6% and 10.4%, respectively, of its revenues from leasing. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company derived 64.7% and 66.4%, respectively, of its revenues from the sale of its products, 24.3% and 21.7%, respectively, of its revenue from services, and 11.0% and 11.9% respectively, of its revenues from leasing. Service and leasing revenues generally correlate to revenues from product sales because increased product sales typically generate increased demand for technical advisory assistance services and rental of running tools during installation. The Company has substantial international operations, with approximately 71.8% and 64.3% of its revenues derived from foreign sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The majority of the Company's domestic revenue relates to operations in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. Domestic revenue approximated 28.2% and 35.7% of the Company's total revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Product contracts are generally negotiated and sold separately from service contracts. In addition, service contracts are not typically included in the product contracts or related sales orders and are not offered to the customer as a condition of the sale of the Company's products. The demand for products and services is generally based on worldwide economic conditions in the oil and gas industry and is not based on a specific relationship between the two types of contracts. Substantially all of the Company's sales are made on a purchase order basis. Purchase orders are subject to change and/or termination at the option of the customer. In case of a change or termination, the customer is required to pay the Company for work performed and other costs necessarily incurred due to the change or termination.

Generally, the Company attempts to raise its prices as its costs increase. However, the actual pricing of the Company's products and services is impacted by a number of factors, including global oil prices, competitive pricing pressure, the level of utilized capacity in the oil service sector, preservation of market share, the introduction of new products and overall market conditions.

The Company accounts for more complex, customer specific projects that have relatively longer manufacturing time frames on an over-time basis. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, there were 66 projects representing approximately 24.5% of the Company's total revenues and approximately 36.9% of its product revenues that were accounted for using over-time accounting, compared to 58 projects for the three months ended September 30, 2022, which represented approximately 36.9% of the Company's total revenues and approximately 55.6% of its product revenues. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, there were 80 projects representing approximately 28.6% of the Company's total revenues and approximately 44.2% of its product revenues that were accounted for using over-time accounting, compared to 66 projects for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, which represented approximately 34.5% of the Company's total revenues and approximately 51.9% of its product revenues. These percentages may fluctuate in the future. Revenues accounted for in this manner are generally recognized based upon a calculation of the percentage complete, which is used to determine the revenue earned and the appropriate portion of total estimated cost of sales to be recognized. Accordingly, price and cost estimates are reviewed periodically as the work progresses, and adjustments proportionate to the percentage complete are reflected in the period when such estimates are revised. Losses, if any, are recorded in full in the period they become known. Amounts received from customers in excess of revenues recognized are classified as a current liability.

*Cost of Sales.* The principal elements of cost of sales are labor, raw materials, manufacturing overhead, and application engineering expenses related to customized products. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenues is influenced by the product mix sold in any particular period, costs from projects accounted for under the over-time method, over/under manufacturing overhead absorption, pricing and market conditions. The Company's costs related to its foreign operations do not significantly differ from its domestic costs.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.* Selling, general and administrative expenses include the costs associated with sales and marketing, general corporate overhead, business development expenses, compensation expense, stock-based compensation expense, legal expenses and other related administrative functions.

*Engineering and Product Development Expenses.* Engineering and product development expenses consist of new product development and testing.

*Restructuring and Other Charges.* Restructuring and Other Charges consist of costs under the 2021 global strategic plan. The restructuring charges incurred during the current year primarily consist of office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, severance, consulting and legal fees. During the second quarter of 2023, the Company reassessed the reasonability of a restructuring liability related to its Well Construction business. During our assessment certain market exit costs became known and the liability was adjusted accordingly, resulting in a release of approximately \$2.3 million, which partially offsets the current year restructuring costs.

*Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment.* Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment consists of sales of certain property, plant and equipment.

*Foreign Currency Transaction Gain.* Foreign currency transaction (gains) and losses result from a change in exchange rates between the functional currency and the currency in which a foreign currency transaction is denominated.

*Income Tax Provision.* The Company's effective income tax rate fluctuates from the U.S. statutory tax rate based on, among other factors, changes in earnings mix by geography and tax jurisdiction, impact of valuation allowances, changes in tax legislation, and other permanent differences related to the recognition of income and expense between U.S. GAAP and applicable tax rules.

*Reclassifications.* We reclassified approximately \$5.5 million of accrued bonus related to our short-term incentive plan for the year ended December 31, 2022, from other accrued liabilities to accrued compensation to conform to our current year presentation. These reclassifications did not have an impact on our consolidated statements of income (loss), consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), consolidated statements of stockholders' equity and consolidated statements of cash flows.

## Results of Operations

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, a breakdown of our products, service and leasing revenues:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In millions)			
<b>Revenues:</b>				
<b>Products:</b>				
Subsea products	\$ 55.4	\$ 48.5	\$ 146.1	\$ 144.2
Well construction	22.2	10.0	46.6	31.9
<b>Total products</b>	<b>77.6</b>	<b>58.5</b>	<b>192.7</b>	<b>176.1</b>
<b>Services:</b>				
Subsea services	17.4	15.8	50.2	43.8
Well construction services	9.8	4.6	22.0	13.8
<b>Total services</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>20.4</b>	<b>72.2</b>	<b>57.6</b>
<b>Leasing</b>				
Subsea leasing	6.7	6.8	21.4	25.9
Well construction leasing	5.7	2.4	11.4	5.7
<b>Total leasing</b>	<b>12.4</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>32.8</b>	<b>31.6</b>
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>\$ 117.2</b>	<b>\$ 88.1</b>	<b>\$ 297.7</b>	<b>\$ 265.3</b>

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, our revenues and operating income (loss) by business segments:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In millions)			
<b>Revenue</b>				
Subsea products	\$ 55.4	\$ 48.5	\$ 146.1	\$ 144.2
Subsea services	24.1	22.3	71.6	69.3
Well construction	37.7	17.3	80.0	51.8
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>\$ 117.2</b>	<b>\$ 88.1</b>	<b>\$ 297.7</b>	<b>\$ 265.3</b>
<b>Operating income (loss)</b>				
Subsea products	\$ 1.0	\$ 18.0	\$ 0.6	\$ 11.1
Subsea services	0.9	0.7	11.5	5.9
Well construction	6.3	2.1	13.4	9.6
Corporate	(14.3)	(8.4)	(24.8)	(23.6)
<b>Total operating income (loss)</b>	<b>\$ (6.1)</b>	<b>\$ 12.4</b>	<b>\$ 0.7</b>	<b>\$ 3.0</b>

### Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022

**Revenues.** Revenues increased by \$29.1 million, or approximately 33.0%, to \$117.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 from \$88.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022.

Subsea Products revenue increased by approximately \$6.9 million primarily driven by Connector and Surface Equipment orders in the third quarter of 2023 in the growing international offshore markets.

Subsea Services revenue increased by approximately \$1.8 million primarily due to customer specific increases primarily in the US and Brazil.

Well Construction revenue increased by approximately \$20.4 million, which was primarily driven by the acquisition of Great North in the third quarter which contributed \$15.5 million in revenue, as well as large bore liner hanger growth in offshore Brazil and West Africa.

**Cost of Sales.** Cost of sales increased by \$19.9 million, or approximately 30.3%, to \$85.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 from \$65.7 million for the same period in 2022. This increase was primarily due to the acquisition of Great North and higher revenue in subsea products and well construction. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to 73.0% from 74.6% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, primarily due to a favorable product mix and as a result of savings from our business transformation initiatives.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.** For the three months ended September 30, 2023, selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$4.6 million, or 20.3% to \$27.0 million from \$22.4 million for the same period in 2022. This increase was primarily due to the addition of Great North expenses in the third quarter and an increase to the bad debt reserve due to higher activity.

**Engineering and Product Development Expenses.** For the three months ended September 30, 2023, engineering and product development expenses increased by approximately \$0.4 million, or 15.7%, to \$3.1 million from approximately \$2.7 million for the same period in 2022. This increase was primarily due to the qualification work performed in the current period to serve the Brazilian market.

**Restructuring and Other Charges.** For the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred costs of approximately \$2.3 million under the 2021 global strategic plan. These charges were primarily related to severance, office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, consulting and legal fees. During the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred additional costs of approximately \$4.1 million under the 2021 global strategic plan. These charges were primarily related to consulting and legal fees, office moves, cleanup and preparation costs, and brokerage fees.

**Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment.** For the three months ended September 30, 2023, the gain on sale of property, plant and equipment was \$1.0 million, primarily related to the sale of certain obsolete machinery and equipment and scrap parts. For the three months ended September 30, 2022, the gain on sale of property, plant and equipment was \$17.3 million.

**Foreign Currency Transaction Gain.** Foreign currency transaction loss for the three months ended September 30, 2023, was \$1.1 million as compared to a gain of \$1.9 million for the same period in 2022.

**Operating Income (Loss).** Subsea Products operating income was approximately \$17.0 million lower for the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to a gain on the sale of our forge facility of \$17.3 million in the third quarter of 2022.

Subsea Services operating income increased marginally by approximately \$0.2 million, in line with the increase in revenue.

Well Construction operating income was approximately \$4.2 million higher for the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, which was primarily driven by the acquisition of Great North.

Corporate operating loss was approximately \$5.9 million higher for the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to the addition of Great North expenses in the third quarter.

**Income Tax Provision (Benefit).** Income tax provision for the three months ended September 30, 2023 was \$3.3 million on a loss before taxes of \$3.8 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of (87.1)%. Income tax expense was different than the U.S federal statutory income tax rate of 21% primarily due to projected earnings mix by geography and tax jurisdiction, foreign withholding taxes, nondeductible compensation and the change in valuation allowances in the United States and in various foreign countries. Income tax benefit for the three months ended September 30, 2022 was \$0.6 million on an income before taxes of \$12.7 million, resulting in an effective income tax rate of approximately (4.8%). Income tax expense was different than the U.S federal statutory income tax rate of 21% primarily due to pre-tax income or loss in foreign jurisdictions, nondeductible compensation and the change in valuation allowances in the United States and in various foreign countries.

**Net Income (Loss).** Net loss was approximately \$7.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to a net income of \$13.3 million for the same period in 2022 for the reasons set forth above.

#### **Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022**

**Revenues.** Revenues increased by approximately \$32.4 million, or approximately 12.2%, to \$297.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$265.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Subsea Products revenue increased by approximately \$1.9 million primarily driven by Connector and Surface Equipment orders in the third quarter of 2023 in the growing international offshore markets, partially offset by lower Subsea Tree demand in the current year.

Subsea Services revenue increased by approximately \$2.3 million primarily due to customer specific increases primarily in the US and Brazil.

Well Construction revenue increased by approximately \$28.2 million, which was primarily driven by the acquisition of Great North in the third quarter which contributed \$15.5 million in revenue, as well as large bore liner hanger growth in offshore Brazil and West Africa.

**Cost of Sales.** Cost of sales increased by \$17.4 million, or approximately 8.8%, to \$216.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$199.4 million for the same period in 2022. This increase was primarily due to the acquisition of Great North and higher revenue for subsea services and rework in the US. Cost of sales as a percentage of revenue decreased to 72.8% from 75.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, primarily due to a favorable product mix and as a result of savings from our business transformation initiatives.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.** For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$4.4 million, or 6.5% to \$71.7 million from \$67.3 million for the same period in 2022. This increase was primarily due to an increase in administrative and due diligence fees related to acquisition activities, severance costs, and the addition of Great North expenses in the third quarter.

**Engineering and Product Development Expenses.** For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, engineering and product development expenses were largely unchanged at \$9.7 million as compared to \$9.0 million for the same period in 2022. The marginal increase was primarily due to the qualification work performed in the current period to serve the Brazilian market.

**Restructuring and Other Charges.** For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company incurred costs of approximately \$3.4 million under the 2021 global strategic plan. The restructuring charges incurred during the current year primarily consist of office moves, site cleanup, preparation costs, severance, consulting and legal fees. During the second quarter of 2023, the Company reassessed the reasonability of a restructuring liability related to its Well Construction business. During our assessment certain market exit costs became known and the liability was adjusted accordingly, resulting in a release of approximately \$2.3 million, which partially offsets the current year restructuring costs. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company incurred additional costs of approximately \$9.9 million under the 2021 global strategic plan. These charges were primarily related to the write-downs of long-lived assets and other charges of approximately \$5.1 million and \$4.8 million, respectively. Other charges consisted of consulting and legal fees, office moves, cleanup and preparation costs, and brokerage fees.

**Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment.** For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the gain on sale of property, plant and equipment was \$8.4 million, primarily related to the sale of our Houston aftermarket facility, the Houston forge facility buildings and certain obsolete machinery and equipment and scrap parts. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, gain on sale of property, plant and equipment was approximately \$17.8 million, primarily due to a gain on the sale of our forge facility in the third quarter of 2022.

**Foreign Currency Transaction Gain.** Foreign exchange gain for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$2.6 million and \$5.6 million, respectively.

**Operating Income (Loss).** Subsea Products operating income was lower by approximately \$10.5 million primarily due to a gain on the sale of our forge facility of \$17.3 million in the third quarter of 2022, partially offset by a favorable product mix, shifting from an in-house manufacturing model to a vendor outsourced model resulting in improved profitability, manufacturing efficiencies achieved due to newer machinery and equipment and certain raw material price negotiations resulting in higher gross margins and lower manufacturing overhead allocation related to unabsorbed fabrication costs remaining in Subsea Services.

Subsea Services operating income was approximately \$5.6 million higher for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to gain on sale of the Houston aftermarket facility recognized in the first quarter of 2023, partially offset by lower rental tools revenue during the current period and increase in unabsorbed fabrication overhead costs.

Well Construction operating income was approximately \$3.8 million higher for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022 which was primarily driven by the acquisition of Great North, partially offset by unfavorable foreign exchange movements mainly impacting Mexico and costs associated with preparation for anticipated growth and entry into new markets. This was partially offset by the release of a restructuring liability in the second quarter of 2023.

Corporate operating loss was approximately \$1.2 million higher for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to the addition of Great North expenses in the third quarter.

**Income Tax Provision.** Income tax provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$9.0 million on an income before taxes of \$7.8 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 116.0%. Income tax expense was different than the U.S federal statutory income tax rate of 21% primarily due to projected earnings mix by geography and tax jurisdiction, foreign withholding taxes, nondeductible compensation and the change in valuation allowances in the United States and in various foreign countries. Income tax provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 was \$5.1 million on an income before taxes of \$3.8 million, resulting in an effective income tax rate of approximately 131.7%. Income tax expense was different than the U.S federal statutory income tax rate of 21% primarily due to pre-tax income or loss in foreign jurisdictions, nondeductible compensation and the change in valuation allowances in the United States and in various foreign countries.

**Net Income (Loss).** Net loss was approximately \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to a net loss of \$1.2 million for the same period in 2022 for the reasons set forth above.

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We have performed a detailed analysis of the non-GAAP measures that are relevant to our business and its operations and determined that the appropriate unit of measure to analyze our performance is Adjusted EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, as well as other significant non-cash items and other adjustments for certain charges and credits). The Company believes that the exclusion of these charges and credits from these financial measures enables it to evaluate more effectively the Company's operations period over period and to identify operating trends that could otherwise be masked by excluded items. It is our determination that Adjusted EBITDA is a relevant measure of how the Company reviews its operating performance.

### Adjusted EBITDA

We calculate Adjusted EBITDA as one of the indicators to evaluate and compare the results of our operations from period to period by removing the effect of our capital structure from our operating structure. This measurement is used in concert with net income and cash flows from operations, which measures actual cash generated in the period. In addition, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA is a supplemental measurement tool used by analysts and investors to help evaluate overall operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA does not represent funds available for our discretionary use and is not intended to represent or to be used as a substitute for net income, as measured under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The items excluded from Adjusted EBITDA, but included in the calculation of reported net income, are significant components of the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) and must be considered in performing a comprehensive assessment of overall financial performance. Our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA may not be consistent with calculations of Adjusted EBITDA used by other companies.

The following table reconciles our reported net income to Adjusted EBITDA for each of the respective periods:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	(In thousands)			
Net income (loss)	\$ (7,034)	\$ 13,289	\$ (1,240)	\$ (1,219)
Add:				
Interest income, net	(2,312)	(248)	(7,038)	(871)
Income tax provision (benefit)	3,275	(610)	9,001	5,061
Depreciation and amortization expense	7,899	7,123	21,837	22,352
Restructuring and other charges	2,267	4,101	3,375	9,898
Acquisition costs	5,358	-	6,492	-
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(1,027)	(17,276)	(8,412)	(17,770)
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	1,060	(1,901)	(2,632)	(5,574)
Stock compensation expense	2,576	2,569	7,719	7,669
Other	309	-	894	-
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	<u>\$ 12,371</u>	<u>\$ 7,047</u>	<u>\$ 29,996</u>	<u>\$ 19,546</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA does not measure financial performance under GAAP and, accordingly, should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indicator of operating performance.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Cash Flows

Cash flows used in type of activity were as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022
	(In thousands)	
Operating activities	\$ (18,404)	\$ (19,167)
Investing activities	(62,716)	(20,464)
Financing activities	(41)	(20,881)
	(81,161)	(60,512)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash activities	(2,571)	(4,660)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ (83,732)</u>	<u>\$ (65,172)</u>

Statements of cash flows for entities with international operations that are local currency functional exclude the effects of the changes in foreign currency exchange rates that occur during any given period, as these are non-cash changes. As a result, changes reflected in certain accounts on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows may not reflect the changes in corresponding accounts on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The primary liquidity needs of the Company are (i) to fund capital expenditures to improve and expand facilities and manufacture additional running tools and (ii) to fund working capital. The Company's principal source of funds is cash flows from operations.

We believe our business model, our current cash and short-term investment reserves and the recently concluded business restructuring and facility realignment will strengthen our balance sheet and leave us well-positioned to manage our business. Based on our analysis, we believe our existing balances of cash and cash equivalents and our currently anticipated operating cash flows will be sufficient to meet our cash needs arising in the ordinary course of business for the next twelve months.

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$18.4 million as compared to \$19.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The \$0.8 million decrease in cash used in operating activities is primarily due \$6.3 million of non-cash movements which includes items such as restructuring and other charges, acquisition costs, gain on sale of property, plant and equipment, deferred income taxes, depreciation and amortization, partially offset by cash outflows resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$5.5 million.

The change in operating assets and liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 resulted in a \$5.5 million decrease in cash as compared to the change in operating assets and liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The \$13.8 million net decrease in cash due to changes in trade receivables and unbilled receivables was mainly due to a significant increase in billings both for point in time orders and over-time orders as the rights became unconditional on the contract assets and were transferred to trade receivables. Decrease in cash due to changes in inventory levels was \$21.0 million as we continually reassess our needs based on backlog trends. These decreases were partially offset by \$25.6 million increase in cash due to changes in prepaids and other assets primarily due to a income tax refund payment related to prior year tax returns and a decrease in advances to vendors related to projects accounted for on an over-time basis. Increase in cash due to the changes in accounts payable and accrued expenses was \$3.7 million primarily due to the accrual of contingent consideration related to the Great North acquisition and the timing of health insurance premiums and payroll cycles.

The change in investing cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 resulted in a \$62.7 million decrease in cash primarily due to the acquisition of Great North, net of cash acquired of \$82.3 million. Capital expenditures by the Company were \$21.0 million and \$13.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 were \$7.7 million for machinery and equipment related to our global strategic program which includes consolidation of our manufacturing facilities, \$10.7 million for rental tools to support our developed products and \$2.7 million for other capital expenditures. Capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 were \$7.2 million for rental tools to support our developed products, \$5.5 million for machinery and equipment related to our global strategic program which included consolidation of our manufacturing facilities and \$0.9 million for other capital expenditures. We constantly review capital expenditure needs to ensure these are justified expenditures. This decrease was partially offset by proceeds related to the sale of our Houston aftermarket facility, forge facility buildings and certain obsolete machinery and equipment and scrap parts for approximately \$17.3 million and a net change of \$23.3 million in our short-term investments as some investments matured during the quarter and were reinvested in investments classified as cash equivalents as per our accounting policy.

#### *IRS Refund*

In July 2023, the Company received an income tax refund payment related to prior year tax returns in the amount of approximately \$16.8 million, including interest. In addition to this, there is a balance of approximately \$5.4 million refund related to prior year returns that has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service and is being processed by the agency. We expect to receive the remaining amount in the fourth quarter of 2023.

#### *Credit Facility*

The Company's ABL Credit Facility, dated February 23, 2018, as amended, was terminated effective February 22, 2022. We opened a new cash collateral account with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., in which cash was transferred to facilitate our existing letters of credit. As of September 30, 2023, the cash balance in that account was approximately \$4.2 million. The Company is required to maintain a balance equal to the outstanding letters of credit plus 5% at all times which is considered as restricted cash and is included in "Cash and cash equivalents" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. Withdrawals from this cash collateral account are only allowed at such point a given letter of credit has expired or has been cancelled.



#### *Repurchase of Equity Securities*

On February 22, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized an incremental \$100.0 million share repurchase plan. The repurchase plans have no set expiration date and any repurchased shares are expected to be cancelled. The manner, timing and amount of any purchase will be determined by management based on an evaluation of market conditions, stock price, liquidity and other factors. The program does not obligate the Company to acquire any amount of common stock and may be modified or superseded at any time at the Company's discretion.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company purchased no shares under the share repurchase plans.

For the three months ended September 30, 2022, the Company purchased 457,467 shares under the share repurchase plans at an average price of approximately \$24.35 per share totaling approximately \$11.1 million and has retired such shares. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company purchased 888,197 shares under the share repurchase plans at an average price of approximately \$23.41 per share totaling approximately \$20.8 million and has retired such shares.

The Company currently has no derivative instruments and no off-balance sheet hedging or financing arrangements, contracts or operations.

#### **Other Matters**

From time to time, the Company enters into discussions or negotiations to acquire other businesses or enter into joint ventures. The timing, size or success of any such efforts and the associated potential capital commitments are unpredictable and dependent on market conditions and opportunities existing at the time. The Company may seek to fund all or part of any such efforts with proceeds from debt or equity issuances. Debt or equity financing may not, however, be available at that time due to a variety of circumstances, including, among others, the Company's credit ratings, industry conditions, general economic conditions and market conditions.

#### **Critical Accounting Estimates**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, there were no material changes in our judgments and assumptions associated with the development of our critical accounting policies. Refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 for a discussion of our critical accounting policies.

#### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

The Company is currently exposed to certain market risks related to interest rate changes on its short-term investments and fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. The Company does not engage in any material hedging transactions, forward contracts or currency trading which could mitigate the market risks inherent in such transactions. There have been no material changes in market risks for the Company since December 31, 2022.

#### **Foreign Exchange Rate Risk**

The Company has operations in various countries around the world and conducts business in a number of different currencies. Our significant foreign subsidiaries may also have monetary assets and liabilities not denominated in their functional currency. These monetary assets and liabilities are exposed to changes in currency exchange rates which may result in non-cash gains and losses primarily due to fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and each subsidiary's functional currency.

The Company experienced a foreign currency pre-tax loss of approximately \$1.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2023, and a foreign currency pre-tax gain of \$2.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The Company experienced a foreign currency pre-tax gain of approximately \$1.9 million and \$5.6 million, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively.

The Company does not engage in any material hedging transactions, forward contracts or currency trading which could mitigate the effects and risks inherent in such transactions. Additionally, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to protect itself against currency fluctuations in the future.



**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

In accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2023 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2023 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II—OTHER INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

For a description of the Company's legal proceedings, see "Contingencies," Note 14 to the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

**Item 5. Other Information**

In the third quarter of 2023, the following trading plans were adopted or terminated:

Name and Title	Action	Date Plan Adopted / Terminated	Duration of Plan	Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan		Common Shares to be Purchased or Sold
				Yes	No	
Jeffrey J. Bird, President, Chief Executive Officer and Director	Adopt	8/25/2023	1/1/2024 through 4/5/2024	X		Sell up to 15,000, subject to certain conditions
Kyle F. McClure, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	Adopt	8/25/2023	1/1/2024 through 4/5/2024	X		Sell up to 8,000, subject to certain conditions
James C. Webster, Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary	Adopt	8/25/2023	1/1/2024 through 4/5/2024	X		Sell up to 8,000, subject to certain conditions
Terence B. Jupp, Director	Adopt	9/11/2023	12/18/2023 through 4/5/2024	X		Sell up to 3,218, subject to certain conditions

**Item 6.**

(a) Exhibits

The following Exhibits are filed herewith:

Exhibit No.	Description
*3.1	— <a href="#">Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017).</a>
*3.2	— <a href="#">Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Company (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 18, 2023).</a>
*2.1	— <a href="#">Share Purchase Agreement, dated July 31, 2023, among the Sellers listed on Exhibit A thereto, Industrial Growth Partners V AIV L.P., TIW Canada ULC and Dril-Quip, Inc (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 31, 2023).</a>
31.1	— <a href="#">Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Jeffrey J. Bird.</a>
31.2	— <a href="#">Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Kyle F. McClure.</a>
32.1	— <a href="#">Section 1350 Certification of Jeffrey J. Bird.</a>
32.2	— <a href="#">Section 1350 Certification of Kyle F. McClure.</a>
101.INS	— Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	— Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	— Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	— Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	— Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	— Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	— Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

\* Incorporated herein by reference as indicated.

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**DRIL-QUIP, INC.**

Date: November 1, 2023

BY:

/s/ Kyle F. McClure  
**Kyle F. McClure,**  
**Vice President – Chief Financial Officer**  
**(Principal Financial Officer and**  
**Duly Authorized Signatory)**

**RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION**

I, Jeffrey J. Bird, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Dril-Quip, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 1, 2023

/s/ Jeffrey J. Bird  
Jeffrey J. Bird  
*President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)*

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**RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) CERTIFICATION**

I, Kyle F. McClure, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Dril-Quip, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 1, 2023

/s/ Kyle F. McClure  
Kyle F. McClure  
Vice President – Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Signatory)

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Dril-Quip, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Jeffrey J. Bird, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 1, 2023

/s/ Jeffrey J. Bird

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Jeffrey J. Bird

*President, Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)*

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906  
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Dril-Quip, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Kyle F. McClure, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 1, 2023

/s/ Kyle F. McClure

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Kyle F. McClure

*Vice President - Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Signatory)*

