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# DELTA REPORT

## 10-K

TRNO - TERRENO REALTY CORP

10-K - DECEMBER 31, 2023 COMPARED TO 10-K - DECEMBER 31, 2022

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	1782
CHANGES	578
DELETIONS	514
ADDITIONS	690

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 001-34603

Terreno Realty Corporation

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Maryland

(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

10500 NE 8th Street, Suite 1910 Bellevue, WA

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

27-1262675

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

98004

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (415) 655-4580

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	TRNO	New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the

Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company"

and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the closing price, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange, at which the common equity was last sold, as of **June 30, 2022** **June 30, 2023**, the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter: **\$4,112,575,120** **\$4,921,615,444**. (For this computation, the Registrant has excluded the market value of all shares of its common stock reported as beneficially owned by executive officers and directors of the Registrant. Such exclusion shall not be deemed to constitute and admission that any such person is an affiliate of the Registrant).

The registrant had **76,978,972** **87,995,761** shares of its common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, outstanding as of **February 6, 2023** **February 5, 2024**.

#### Documents Incorporated by Reference

Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K incorporates by reference portions of Terreno Realty Corporation's Proxy Statement for its **2023** **2024** Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which the registrant anticipates will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission no later than 120 days after the end of its **2022** **2023** fiscal year pursuant to Regulation 14A.

### Terreno Realty Corporation

#### Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Year Ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**

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**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We caution investors that forward-looking statements are based on management's beliefs and on assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. When used, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "may", "might", "plan", "project", "result", "should", "will", "seek", "target", "see", "likely", "position", "opportunity", "outlook", "potential", "future" and similar expressions which do not relate solely to historical matters are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties, and factors, that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated, or projected. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to update our forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as required by law. Accordingly, investors should use caution in relying on past forward-looking statements, which are based on results and trends at the time they are made, to anticipate future results or trends.

Some of the risks and uncertainties that may cause our actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements include, among others, the following:

- the factors included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including those set forth under the headings “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations”;
  - our ability to identify and acquire industrial properties on terms favorable to us;
  - general volatility of the capital markets and the market price of our common stock;
  - adverse economic or real estate conditions or developments in the industrial real estate sector and/or in the markets in which we own properties;
  - our dependence on key personnel and our reliance on third-party property managers;
  - our inability to comply with the laws, rules and regulations applicable to companies, and in particular, public companies;
  - our ability to manage our growth effectively;
  - tenant bankruptcies and defaults on, or non-renewal of, leases by tenants;
  - decreased rental rates or increased vacancy rates;
  - increased interest rates and operating costs;
  - declining real estate valuations and impairment charges;
  - our expected leverage, our failure to obtain necessary outside financing, and existing and future debt service obligations;
  - our ability to make distributions to our stockholders;
  - our failure to successfully hedge against interest rate increases;
  - our failure to successfully operate acquired properties;
  - risks relating to our real estate redevelopment, renovation and expansion strategies and activities (including rising inflation, supply chain disruptions and construction delays);
  - the impact of COVID-19 or any future pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of any other highly infectious disease on the U.S., regional and global economies and on our business, financial condition and results of operations and that of our tenants;
  - risks associated with security breaches through cyber attacks, cyber intrusions or otherwise, as well as other significant disruptions of our information technology networks and related systems;
  - our failure to qualify or maintain our status as a real estate investment trust (“REIT”), and possible adverse changes to tax laws;
  - uninsured or underinsured losses and costs relating to our properties or that otherwise result from future litigation;
  - environmental uncertainties and risks related to natural disasters;
- 
- financial market fluctuations; and
- 
- changes in real estate and zoning laws and increases in real property tax rates.

## PART I

### Item 1. Business.

#### Overview

Terreno Realty Corporation (“Terreno”, and together with its subsidiaries, “we”, “us”, “our”, “our Company” or “the Company”) acquires, owns and operates industrial real estate in six major coastal U.S. markets: Los Angeles, Northern New Jersey/New York City, San Francisco Bay Area, Seattle, Miami, and Washington, D.C. We invest in several types of industrial real estate, including warehouse/distribution (approximately 76.5% 76.8% of our total annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023), flex (including light industrial and research and development, or R&D) (approximately 4.1% 3.7%), transshipment (approximately 6.8% 7.1%) and improved land (approximately 12.6% 12.4%). We target functional properties in infill locations that may be shared by multiple tenants and that cater to customer demand within the various submarkets in which we operate. Infill locations are geographic locations surrounded by high concentrations of already developed land and existing buildings. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we owned a total of 252 259 buildings aggregating approximately 15.3 million 16.0 million square feet, 46 45 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 161.4 152.4 acres, and three seven properties under development or redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist and approximately 62.7 acres of one building of approximately 34,000 square feet and two improved land parcels aggregating approximately 12.1 acres, entitled for future development. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the buildings and improved land parcels were approximately 98.6% 98.5% and 92.5% 94.6% leased, respectively, to 569 580 customers, the largest of which accounted for approximately 4.3% 3.6% of our total annualized base rent.

We are an internally managed Maryland corporation and elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or the Code, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Our Investment Strategy

We acquire, own and operate industrial real estate in six major coastal U.S. markets: Los Angeles, Northern New Jersey/New York City, San Francisco Bay Area, Seattle, Miami, and Washington, D.C.

As described in more detail below, we invest in several types of industrial real estate, including warehouse/distribution, flex (including light industrial and R&D), transshipment and improved land. We target functional properties in infill locations that may be shared by multiple tenants and that cater to customer demand within the various submarkets in which we operate.

#### **Industrial Facility General Characteristics**

**Warehouse / distribution (approximately 76.5% 76.8% of our total annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023)**

- Single and multiple tenant facilities that typically serve tenants greater than 10,000 square feet of space
- Generally less than 20% office space
- Typical clear height from 18 feet to 36 feet
- May include production/manufacturing areas
- Interior access via dock-high and/or grade-level doors
- Truck court for large and small truck distribution options, possibly including staging for a high volume of truck activity and/or trailer storage

**Flex (including light industrial and R&D, approximately 4.1% 3.7% of our total annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 2023)**

- Single and multiple tenant facilities that typically serve tenants less than 10,000 square feet of space
- Facilities generally accommodate both office and warehouse/manufacturing activities
- Typically has a larger amount of office space and shallower bay depths than warehouse/distribution facilities
- Parking consistent with increased office use
- Interior access via grade-level and/or dock-high doors
- Staging for moderate truck activity
- May include a showroom, service center, or assembly/light manufacturing component
- Enhanced landscaping

**Transshipment (approximately 6.8% 7.1% of our total annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023)**

- Includes truck terminals and other transshipment facilities, which serve both single and multiple tenants
- Typically has a high number of dock-high doors, shallow bay depth and lower clear height

- Staging for a high volume of truck activity and trailer storage

**Improved land (approximately 12.6% 12.4% of our total annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023)**

- Used for industrial outdoor storage, including truck, trailer and car parking
- May be redeveloped in the future

We selected our target markets by drawing upon the experience of our executive management investing and operating in over 50 global industrial markets located in North America, Europe and Asia, the fundamentals of supply and demand, and in anticipation of trends in logistics patterns resulting from population changes, regulatory, geopolitical and physical constraints, changes in technology, e-commerce, the economic and environmental benefits of reducing vehicle miles traveled and other factors. We believe that our target markets have attractive long-term investment attributes. We target assets with characteristics that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Located in high population coastal markets;
- Close proximity to transportation infrastructure (such as sea ports, airports, highways and railways);
- Situated in supply-constrained submarkets with barriers to new industrial development, as a result of physical and/or regulatory constraints;
- Functional and flexible layout that can be modified to accommodate single and multiple tenants;
- Acquisition price at a discount to the replacement cost of the property;
- Potential for enhanced return through re-tenanting or operational or physical improvements; and
- Opportunity for higher and better use of the property over time.

In general, we prefer to utilize local third-party property managers for day-to-day property management. We believe outsourcing property management is cost effective, provides us with operational flexibility and is a source of acquisition opportunities. We have directly managed certain of our properties in the past and may do so in the future if we determine such direct property management is in our best interest.

We have no current intention to acquire undeveloped or unimproved industrial land or to pursue greenfield ground-up development. Nevertheless, we pursue **development**, redevelopment, renovation and expansion opportunities of properties that we own, acquire properties and improved land parcels with the intent to redevelop in the near-term, and acquire adjacent land to expand our existing facilities.

We expect that we will continue to acquire the significant majority of our investments as equity interests in individual properties or portfolios of properties. We may acquire industrial properties through the acquisition of other corporations or entities that own industrial real estate. We will opportunistically make investments in debt secured by industrial real estate that would otherwise meet our investment criteria with the intention of ultimately acquiring the underlying real estate. We currently do not intend to target specific percentages of holdings of particular types of industrial properties. This expectation is based upon prevailing market conditions and may change over time in response to different prevailing market conditions.

The properties we acquire may be stabilized (fully leased) or unstabilized (have near term lease expirations or be partially or fully vacant). **During the period from February 16, 2010 to December 31, 2022**, **Since inception in 2010**, we have stabilized **107 118** properties.

We sell properties from time to time when we believe the prospective total return from a property is particularly low relative to its market value or the market value of the property is significantly greater than its estimated replacement cost. Capital from such sales is reinvested into properties that are expected to provide better prospective returns or returned to shareholders. We have disposed of **29 33** properties since inception in 2010 for an aggregate sales price of approximately **\$576.0 \$653.0** million and a total gain of approximately **\$248.7 million \$286.9 million**.

## Competitive Strengths

We believe we distinguish ourselves from our competitors through the following competitive advantages:

- **Focused Investment Strategy.** We invest exclusively in six major coastal U.S. markets and focus on infill locations. We selected our six target markets based upon the experience of our executive management investing and operating in over 50 global industrial markets located in North America, Europe and Asia, the fundamentals of supply and demand, and in anticipation of trends in logistics patterns resulting from population changes, regulatory, **geopolitical** and

physical constraints, changes in technology, e-commerce, the economic and environmental benefits of reducing vehicle miles

traveled and other factors. We have no current intention to acquire undeveloped or unimproved land or pursue greenfield ground-up development, but we pursue **development**, redevelopment, renovation and expansion activities.

- **Highly Aligned Compensation Structure.** We believe that executive compensation should be closely aligned with long-term stockholder value creation. As a result, the long-term performance-based equity incentive compensation of our executive officers is based exclusively on our total shareholder return exceeding the total shareholder return of the MSCI U.S. REIT Index (RMS) or the FTSE National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("Nareit") Equity Industrial Index.
- **Commitment to Strong Corporate Governance.** We are committed to strong corporate governance, as demonstrated by the following:
  - all members of our board of directors serve annual terms;
  - we have adopted a majority voting standard in non-contested director elections;
  - we have opted out of three Maryland anti-takeover provisions and, in the future, we may not opt back in to these provisions without stockholder approval;
  - we designed our ownership limits solely to protect our status as a REIT and not for the purpose of serving as an anti-takeover device; and
  - we have no stockholder rights plan. In the future, we will not adopt a stockholder rights plan unless our stockholders approve in advance the adoption of such a plan or, if adopted by our board of directors, we will submit the stockholder rights plan to our stockholders for a ratification vote within 12 months of adoption or the plan will terminate.

## Our Financing Strategy

The primary objective of our financing strategy is to maintain financial flexibility with a conservative capital structure using retained cash flows, proceeds from dispositions of properties, long-term debt and the issuance of common and perpetual preferred stock to finance our growth. Over the long term, we intend to:

- limit the sum of the outstanding principal amount of our consolidated indebtedness and the liquidation preference of any outstanding perpetual preferred stock to less than 35% of our total enterprise value;
- maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio in excess of 2.0x;
- maintain a **net** debt-to-adjusted EBITDA ratio below **6.0x; 5.0x**;
- limit the principal amount of our outstanding floating rate debt to less than 20% of our total consolidated indebtedness; and
- have staggered debt maturities that are aligned to our expected average lease term (5-7 years), positioning us to re-price parts of our capital structure as our rental rates change with market conditions.

We intend to preserve a flexible capital structure with a long-term goal to maintain our investment grade rating and be in a position to issue additional unsecured debt and perpetual preferred stock. Fitch Ratings assigned us an issuer rating of BBB with a **stable positive** outlook. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current credit rating. Our credit rating can affect the amount and type of capital we can access, as well as the terms of any financings we may obtain. In the event our current credit rating is downgraded, it

may become difficult or expensive to obtain additional financing or refinance existing obligations and commitments. We intend to primarily utilize senior unsecured notes, term loans, credit facilities, dispositions of properties, and proceeds from the issuance of common stock and perpetual preferred stock. We may also assume debt in connection with property acquisitions which may have a higher loan-to-value ratio.

## Our Corporate Structure

We are a Maryland corporation formed on November 6, 2009 and have been publicly held and subject to U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") reporting obligations since 2010. We are not structured as an Umbrella Partnership Real Estate Investment Trust, or UPREIT, although we could put in place a similar structure to facilitate an acquisition if needed. We currently own our properties indirectly through subsidiaries and may utilize one or more taxable REIT subsidiaries as appropriate.

## Our Tax Status

We elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2010. We believe that our organization and method of operation has enabled and will continue to enable us to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. To maintain REIT status we must meet a number of organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement that we annually distribute at least 90% of our net taxable income to our stockholders, excluding net capital gains. As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax on REIT taxable income we currently distribute to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax at regular corporate rates. Even if we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we may be subject to some federal, state and local taxes on our income or property and the income of our taxable REIT subsidiaries, if any, will be subject to taxation at regular corporate rates. We do not currently own any taxable REIT subsidiaries but may in the future.

## Competition

We believe the current market for industrial real estate acquisitions to be highly competitive. We compete for real property investments with pension funds and their advisors, bank and insurance company investment accounts, other public and private real estate investment companies, including other REITs, real estate limited partnerships, owner-users, individuals and other entities engaged in real estate investment activities, some of which have greater financial resources than we do. We believe the leasing of real estate to be competitive. We experience competition for customers from owners and managers of competing properties. As a result, we may have to provide free rental periods, incur charges for tenant improvements or offer other inducements, all of which may have an adverse impact on our results of operations.

## Governmental Regulations

Compliance with various governmental regulations has an impact on our business, including our capital expenditures, earnings and competitive position, which can be material. We incur costs to monitor and take actions to comply with governmental regulations that are applicable to our business, which include, among others, federal securities laws and regulations, applicable stock exchange requirements, REIT and other tax laws and regulations, environmental and health and safety laws and regulations, local zoning, usage and other regulations relating to real property and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

In addition to the discussion below, see "Item 1A – 1A. Risk Factors" for a discussion of material risks to us, including, to the extent material, to our competitive position, relating to governmental regulations, and see "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" together with our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto for a discussion of material information relevant to an assessment of our financial condition and results of operations, including, to the extent material, the effects that compliance with governmental regulations may have upon our capital expenditures and earnings.

## Environmental Matters

The industrial properties that we own and will acquire are subject to various federal, state and local environmental laws. Under these laws, courts and government agencies have the authority to require us, as owner of a contaminated property, to clean up the property, even if we did not know of or were not responsible for the contamination. These laws also apply to persons who owned a property at the time it became contaminated, and therefore it is possible we could incur these costs even after we sell some of our properties. In addition to the costs of cleanup, environmental contamination can affect the value of a property and, therefore, an owner's ability to borrow using the property as collateral or to sell the property. Under applicable environmental laws, courts and government agencies also have the authority to require that a person who sent waste to a waste disposal facility, such as a landfill or an incinerator, pay for the clean up of that facility if it becomes contaminated and threatens human health or the environment.

Furthermore, various court decisions have established that third parties may recover damages for injury caused by property contamination. For instance, a person exposed to asbestos at one of our properties may seek to recover damages if he or she suffers injury from the asbestos. Lastly, some of these environmental laws restrict the use of a property or place conditions on various activities. An example would be laws that require a business using chemicals to manage them carefully and to notify local officials that the chemicals are being used.

We could be responsible for any of the costs discussed above. The costs to clean up a contaminated property, to defend against a claim, or to comply with environmental laws could be material and could adversely affect the funds available for distribution to our stockholders. We generally obtain "Phase I environmental site assessments", or ESAs, on each property prior to acquiring it. However, these ESAs may not reveal all environmental costs that might have a material adverse effect on our business, assets, results of operations or liquidity and may not identify all potential environmental liabilities.

In general, we utilize local third-party property managers for day-to-day property management and will rely on these third parties to operate our industrial properties in compliance with applicable federal, state and local environmental laws in their daily operation of the respective properties and to promptly notify us of any environmental contaminations or similar issues. As a result, we may become subject to material environmental liabilities of which we are unaware. We can make no assurances that (1) (i) future laws or regulations will not impose material environmental liabilities on us, or (2) (ii) the environmental condition of our industrial properties will not be affected by the condition of the properties in the vicinity of our industrial properties (such as the presence of leaking underground storage tanks) or by third parties unrelated to us. We were not aware of any significant or material exposures as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. December 31, 2023 or 2022.



## General Uninsured Losses

We carry property and rental loss, liability and terrorism insurance. We believe that the policy terms, conditions, limits and deductibles are adequate and appropriate under the circumstances, given the relative risk of loss, the cost of such coverage and current industry practice. In addition, our properties are located, or may in the future be located, in areas that are subject to earthquake and flood activity. As a result, we have obtained, as applicable, limited earthquake and flood insurance on those properties. There are, however, certain types of extraordinary losses, such as those due to acts of war that may be either uninsurable or not economically insurable. Although we have obtained coverage for certain acts of terrorism, with policy specifications and insured limits that we believe are commercially reasonable, there can be no assurance that we will be able to collect under such policies. Should an uninsured loss occur, we could lose our investment in, and anticipated profits and cash flows from, a property. We were not aware of any significant or material exposures as of **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023** or **2021, 2022**.

## Employees and Human Capital

As of **February 7, 2023**, **February 6, 2024**, we had **40** **42** employees. None of our employees is a member of any union or is subject to a collective bargaining agreement.

We recognize that our success is linked to the talent and expertise of our people. We invest in our employees and are committed to growing individual skills and leadership qualities across our business. Our human capital objectives include, as applicable, identifying, recruiting, retaining, developing, incenting and integrating our existing and prospective employees. We also emphasize external community engagement by encouraging volunteer work, providing paid time off to participate in charitable activities and matching a portion of employee donations to qualifying nonprofit organizations.

As an equal opportunity employer, we promote a consistent message of diversity and inclusion and reward our employees based on merit and their contributions. **We Since 2019**, we have **increased continued to increase** our board diversity in terms of gender, underrepresented communities and work experience. We have designed an executive compensation program intended to (i) align the **interest interests** of our executives and stockholders, (ii) motivate our executives to manage our business to meet our near, medium and long-term objectives, (iii) assist in attracting and retaining talented and well-qualified executives, (iv) be competitive with other industrial **real estate investment trusts REITs** and (v) encourage and provide the opportunity for our executives to obtain meaningful ownership levels of our stock.

The health and safety of our employees, third-party property managers, tenants and communities where our properties are located are of primary concern. Our employees are encouraged to make healthy lifestyle decisions that can ultimately benefit the company by reducing insurance claims and boosting productivity. We also provide our employees with highly competitive health and wellness benefits, including medical, dental, vision, life and short-term disability insurance, and also offer a wellness reimbursement program, a program to pay commuting and office parking costs with pre-tax income and a competitive vacation policy, including paid holidays and personal time off.

## Available Information

We maintain an internet website at the following address: <http://terreno.com>. The information on our website is neither part of nor incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We make available, free of charge, on or through our website certain reports and amendments to those reports that we file with or furnish to the SEC in accordance with the Exchange Act. These include our annual reports on Form 10-K, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, our current reports on Form 8-K and exhibits and amendments to these reports, and Section 16 filings. We make this information available on our

website free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file the information with, or furnish it to, the SEC. You may also obtain our reports by accessing the EDGAR database at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Set forth below are the risks that we believe are material to our investors and they should be carefully considered. If any of the following risks occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, **our ability to satisfy our debt service obligations** and our ability to pay distributions on, and the per share trading price of, our common stock could be adversely affected. These risks are not all of the risks we face and other factors not presently known to us or that we currently believe are immaterial may also affect our business if they occur. Investors should refer to the explanation of the qualifications and limitations on forward-looking statements beginning on page 2 and should also refer to our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K for any material updates to these risk factors.

### Risks Related to Our Business and Our Properties

***Our long-term growth will depend, in part, upon future acquisitions of properties, and we may acquire properties that pose integration and other risks that could harm our business.***

We intend to continue to acquire industrial properties in our six target markets. The acquisition of properties entails various risks, including the risks that our investments may not perform as well as we had expected, that we may be unable to quickly and efficiently integrate our new acquisitions into our existing operations and that our cost estimates for bringing an acquired property up to market standards may prove inaccurate. We may also own or acquire properties that are subject to contingent or pre-existing undisclosed liabilities including, but not limited to, liabilities for adverse environmental conditions, accrued but unpaid liabilities incurred in the ordinary course of business or tax liabilities. We may have no recourse, or only limited recourse, with respect to such unknown liabilities or may be unable to secure insurance coverage on the property in a sufficient amount **or to** cover the liability, or at all. As a result, if a liability were asserted against us based upon ownership of any of these entities or properties, we might have to pay substantial sums to settle it, which could adversely affect our cash flows. There is no assurance we would successfully overcome these risks or any other problems encountered with these acquisitions.

In addition, we cannot assure you of the availability of investment opportunities in our targeted markets at attractive pricing levels, or at all. As a result of competition in our targeted markets, we may be unable to acquire properties as we desire or the purchase price may be significantly elevated. In the event that such opportunities are not available in our targeted markets as we expect, our ability to execute our business plan and realize our projections for growth may be materially adversely affected.

***The availability and timing of cash distributions is uncertain and is limited by the requirements of Maryland law.***

We have made regular quarterly cash distributions (which we also refer to as dividends) to our stockholders, and we intend to continue to pay regular quarterly cash distributions. Our corporate strategy is to fund the payment of quarterly distributions entirely from distributable cash flows. However, our board of directors has the sole discretion to determine the timing, form and amount of any cash distributions and may fund our quarterly distributions from a combination of available cash flows, net of recurring capital expenditures and/or proceeds from borrowings and property dispositions or may retain any portion of our distributable cash flows for working capital. We cannot assure our stockholders that sufficient funds will be available to pay distributions or that the level of any distributions we do make will increase or even be maintained over time, any of which could materially and adversely affect the market price of our shares of common stock.

Our ability to pay distributions on our stock is also limited by applicable Maryland law, under which we generally may not make a distribution on our stock if, after giving effect to the distribution, we would not be able to pay our debts as they become due in the usual course of business or our total assets would be less than the sum of our total liabilities plus, unless the terms of such class or series provide otherwise, the amount that would be needed to satisfy the preferential rights upon dissolution of the holders of shares of any class or series of preferred stock then outstanding, if any, with preferences senior to those of our outstanding stock.

***Our investments are concentrated in the industrial real estate sector, and our business would be adversely affected by an economic downturn in that sector.***

Our investments in real estate assets are concentrated in the industrial real estate sector. This concentration may expose us to the risk of economic downturns in this sector to a greater extent than if our business activities included a more significant portion of other sectors of the real estate industry.

***COVID-19 or any **Any** future pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of any **other** highly infectious disease could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows and the business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of our tenants.***

The global COVID-19 pandemic, including the emergence of various variants, has caused, and could continue to cause, significant disruptions to the U.S. and global economies and has contributed, and may continue to contribute, to significant volatility and negative pressure in financial markets. The extent to which COVID-19, or any future pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of any **other** highly infectious disease, impacts our operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted accurately, including the scope, severity and duration of such pandemic, the **emergence and characteristics of new variants**, the actions taken to contain the pandemic or mitigate its impact, **including the adoption, administration and effectiveness of available COVID-19 vaccines**, and the direct and indirect economic effects of the pandemic and containment measures, among others. COVID-19, or any **Any** future pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of any **other** highly infectious disease may materially and adversely affect our businesses, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows and may also have the effect of heightening many of the risks described below and within this "Risk Factors" section, including:

- the complete or partial closure of, or other operational restrictions or other issues at, one or more of our properties resulting from government or tenant action **has had, and could continue to** have a material adverse impact on our operations and those of our tenants and third-party property managers;
- reduced economic activity impacting the businesses, financial condition and liquidity of our tenants **has caused, and could continue to** cause one or more of our tenants, including certain significant tenants, or one or more of our third-party managers, to be unable to meet their rent payment or other obligations to us in full, or at all, to otherwise seek modifications of such obligations, including rent payment deferrals, or to file for bankruptcy protection;
- our inability to renew leases, lease vacant space, including vacant space from tenant defaults, or re-lease space as leases expire on favorable terms, or at all, **including in the current slowing leasing environment**, which could result in lower rental revenues or cause interruptions or delays in the receipt, or non-receipt, of rental payments;
- severe disruption and instability in the U.S. and global financial markets or deteriorations in credit and financing conditions could make it difficult for us to access debt and equity capital on attractive terms, or at all, and impact our ability to fund business activities and repay debt on a timely basis; and
- disruptions in the supply of materials or products or the inability of contractors to perform on a timely basis, or at all, including as a result of restrictions on construction activity, could cause delays in completing ongoing or future construction or re-development projects.

***Events or occurrences that affect areas in which our properties are located may materially adversely impact our financial results.***

In addition to general regional, national and international economic conditions that may materially adversely affect our business and financial results, our operating performance may be materially adversely impacted by adverse economic conditions in the specific markets in which we operate and particularly in the markets in which we have significant concentrations of properties. For example, as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, approximately **17.7%** **16.3%** of our rentable square feet and approximately **42.2%** **44.6%** of our improved land parcels were located in Northern New Jersey/New York City, representing a combined percentage of approximately **24.9%** **24.6%** of our total annualized base rent. See "Item 2 - Properties" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information regarding our ownership of properties in our markets. Any downturn in the economy in the real estate market or any of **our the markets in which we own properties** and any failure to accurately predict the timing of any economic improvement in these markets could cause our operations and our revenue and cash available for distribution to our stockholders to be materially adversely affected.

***We may be unable to renew leases, lease vacant space, including vacant space resulting from tenant defaults, or re-lease space as leases expire.***

We cannot assure you that leases at our properties will be renewed or that such properties will be re-leased at net effective rental rates equal to or above the then current average net effective rental rates, or at all. In addition, we may be required to grant concessions or fund improvements. If the rental rates for our properties decrease, our tenants do not renew their leases or we do not re-lease a significant portion of our available space, including vacant space resulting from tenant defaults, and space for which leases are scheduled to expire, our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, cash available for distribution to stockholders, per share trading price of our common stock and our

ability to satisfy our debt service obligations could be materially adversely affected. In addition, if we are unable to renew leases or re-lease a property, the resale value of that property could be diminished because the market value of a particular property will depend in part upon the value of the leases of such property.

***We may be required to fund future tenant improvements, and we may not have funding for those improvements.***

When a tenant at one of our properties does not renew its lease or otherwise vacates its space in one of our buildings in the future, it is likely that, in order to attract one or more new tenants, we will be required to expend funds to construct new tenant improvements in the vacated space. We may also be required to fund tenant improvements to retain tenants. Although we intend to manage our cash position or financing availability to pay for any improvements required for re-leasing, we cannot assure our stockholders that we will have adequate sources of funding available to us for such purposes in the future.

***We face potential adverse effects from the bankruptcies or insolvencies of tenants or from tenant defaults generally.***

We are dependent on tenants for our revenues, including certain significant tenants and single tenants that occupy entire properties. As a result, the bankruptcy or insolvency of our tenants, or tenant defaults generally, may adversely affect the income produced by our properties. In the event of a tenant default, we may experience delays in enforcing our rights as landlord and may incur substantial costs, including litigation and related expenses, in protecting our investment and re-leasing our property.

Our tenants, particularly those that are highly leveraged, could file for bankruptcy protection or become insolvent in the future. **On October 16, 2023, DirectBuy Home Improvement, one of our top 20 customers, filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy. We had fully reserved for all of their receivables as of December 31, 2023 and any ultimate recovery of past due rent is undetermined at this time.** Under bankruptcy law, a tenant cannot be evicted solely because of its bankruptcy but the bankrupt tenant may be authorized to reject and terminate its lease with us. In such case, our claim against the bankrupt tenant for unpaid and future rent would be subject to a statutory cap that might be substantially less than the remaining rent actually owed under the lease, and, even so, our claim for unpaid rent would likely not be paid in full. This shortfall could force us to find an alternative source of revenues to pay any mortgage loan or operating expenses on the property, adversely affect our cash flows and results of operations and could cause us to reduce the amount of distributions to stockholders.

***Declining real estate valuations and impairment charges could adversely affect our earnings and financial condition.***

We review the carrying value of our properties when circumstances, such as adverse market conditions, indicate potential impairment may exist. We base our review on an estimate of the future cash flows (excluding interest charges) expected to result from the real estate investment's use and eventual disposition. We consider factors such as future operating income, trends and prospects, as well as the effects of leasing demand, competition and other factors. If our evaluation indicates that we may be unable to recover the carrying value of a real estate investment, an impairment loss will be recorded to the extent that the carrying value exceeds the estimated fair value of the property. These losses would have a direct impact on our net income because recording an impairment loss results in an immediate negative adjustment to net income. The evaluation of anticipated cash flows is highly subjective and is based in part on assumptions regarding future occupancy, rental rates and capital requirements that could differ materially from actual results in future periods. A worsening real estate market may cause us to reevaluate the assumptions used in our impairment analysis. Impairment charges could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash available for distribution, including cash available for us to pay distributions to our stockholders and per share trading price of our common stock.

***We utilize local third-party managers for day-to-day property management for substantially all of our properties.***

In general, we prefer to utilize local third-party managers for day-to-day property management, although we may directly manage other properties in the future. To the extent we utilize third-party managers, our cash flows from our industrial properties may be adversely affected if our managers fail to provide quality services. In addition, our managers or their affiliates may manage, and in some cases may own, invest in or provide credit support or operating guarantees to industrial properties that compete with our industrial properties, which may result in conflicts of interest and decisions regarding the operation of our industrial properties that are not in our best interests.

***Our development, redevelopment, renovation or expansion strategies may not be successful.***

We may pursue development or redevelopment opportunities or construct expansions or improvements of industrial properties that we own. These activities are subject to risks, including, but not limited to, the risks that: we will expend money and time on projects that do not perform as expected; the actual construction or operating costs, including labor and material costs, will be higher than originally estimated; we may experience delays in obtaining construction materials; we may fail to obtain, or experience delays in obtaining, any necessary permits and authorizations; permits and authorizations may be subject to stringent conditions that could impede or delay our progress; we are unable to complete construction on the timeframe we expect, or at all; occupancy and rental rates may not meet expectations; and we may be unable to obtain financing on favorable terms, or at all, for such projects.

***We may not acquire the industrial properties that we have entered into agreements or non-binding letters of intent to acquire.***

We have entered, and may in the future enter, into agreements and non-binding letters of intent with third-party sellers to acquire properties as more fully described under the heading "Material Cash Commitments" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. There is no assurance that we will acquire the properties under contract and non-binding letters of intent because the proposed acquisitions are subject to the completion of satisfactory due diligence and various closing conditions, and in the case of properties under non-binding letters of intent, our entry into purchase and sale agreements with respect to the properties. There is no assurance that such proposed acquisitions, if completed, will be completed on the

timeframe or terms we expect. If we do not complete the acquisition of the properties under contract or non-binding letters of intent, we will have incurred expenses without our stockholders realizing any benefit from the acquisition of such properties.

***We depend on key personnel.***

Our success depends to a significant degree upon the contributions of our senior management team whose continued service is not guaranteed. The loss of services from our senior management team or our inability to find suitable replacements could adversely impact our financial condition and cash flows. Further, such a loss could be negatively perceived in the capital markets, which may also adversely impact our financial condition and cash flows.

***We face risks associated with security breaches through cyber-attacks, cyber intrusions or otherwise, as well as other significant disruptions of our information technology (IT) ("IT") networks and related systems.***

Our IT networks and related systems are essential to the operation of our business and our ability to perform day-to-day operations and, in some cases, may be critical to the operations of certain of our tenants. We face risks associated with security breaches, whether through cyber-attacks or cyber intrusions, over the Internet, malware, computer viruses, attachments to e-mails, people with access or who gain access to our systems and other significant disruptions of our IT networks and related systems. The risk of a security breach or disruption, particularly through cyber-attack or cyber intrusion, including by computer hackers, foreign governments and cyber terrorists, has generally increased as the number, intensity and sophistication of attempted attacks and intrusions from around the world have increased, which, in turn, may lead to increased costs to protect our network and systems. Additionally, third-party security events at our vendors or other service providers could also impact our data and operations via unauthorized access to, or loss or other compromise of information or disruption of services. Although we make efforts to maintain the security and integrity of our IT networks and related systems, and we have implemented various measures to manage the risk of a security breach or disruption, including but not limited to password protection, ongoing training modules throughout the year, frequent backups and a redundant data system, there can be no assurance that our security efforts and measures will be effective or that attempted security breaches or disruptions would not be successful or damaging. A security breach or other significant disruption involving our IT networks and related systems could significantly disrupt the proper functioning of our networks and systems and, as a result, disrupt our operations, which could have a material adverse effect on our cash flow, financial condition and results of operations.

***We may from time to time be subject to litigation that may negatively impact our cash flow, financial condition, results of operations and market price of our common stock.***

We may from time to time be a defendant in lawsuits and regulatory proceedings relating to our business. Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation and regulatory proceedings, we cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of any such litigation or proceedings. An unfavorable outcome could negatively impact our cash flow, financial condition, results of operations and trading price of our common stock.

**Risks Related to Financing and Capital**

***If we cannot obtain additional financing, our growth will be limited.***

If adverse conditions in the credit markets, in particular with respect to real estate, materially deteriorate, our business could be materially and adversely affected. Our long-term ability to grow through investments in industrial properties, including our ability to realize our projections for growth, will be limited if we cannot obtain additional financing on favorable terms, or at all. In the future, we will rely on equity and debt financing, including issuances of common and perpetual preferred stock, borrowings under our revolving credit facility, term loans, issuances of unsecured debt securities and debt secured by individual properties or pools of properties, and recycling of capital to finance our acquisition, development, redevelopment, renovation and expansion activities and for working capital. If we are unable to obtain equity or debt financing from these or other sources,

or to refinance existing indebtedness upon maturity, our financial condition and results of operations would likely be adversely affected. Any additional debt we incur will increase our leverage and likelihood of default. Market conditions may make it difficult to obtain additional financing, and we cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain additional debt or equity financing or that we will be able to obtain it on favorable terms.

In addition, to qualify as a REIT, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income (determined before the deduction for dividends paid and excluding any net capital gains) each year to our stockholders, and we generally expect to make distributions in excess of such amount. As a result, our ability to retain earnings to fund acquisitions, development, redevelopment, renovation and expansion, if any, or other capital expenditures will be limited.

***Debt service obligations could adversely affect our overall operating results, may require us to sell industrial properties and could adversely affect our ability to make distributions to our stockholders and the market price of our shares of common stock.***

Our business strategy contemplates the use of both non-recourse secured debt and unsecured debt to finance long-term growth. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we had total debt, net of deferred financing costs, of approximately \$770.8 million \$771.6 million, which consisted of revolving credit facility borrowings, term loan borrowings and senior unsecured note borrowings and mortgage loans payable (if any). borrowings. While over the long term we intend to limit the sum of the outstanding principal amount of our consolidated indebtedness and the liquidation preference of any outstanding shares of preferred stock to less than 35% of our total enterprise value, our governing documents contain no limitations on the amount of debt that we may incur, and our board of directors may change our financing policy at any time without stockholder approval. We also intend to maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio in excess of 2.0x and a net debt-to-adjusted EBITDA ratio below 6.0x 5.0x and limit the principal amount of our outstanding floating rate debt to less than 20% of our total consolidated indebtedness but our board of directors may modify or eliminate these limitations at any time without the approval of our stockholders. As a result, we may be able to incur substantial additional debt, including secured debt, in the future. Our existing debt, and the incurrence of additional debt, could subject us to many risks, including the risks that:

- our cash flows from operations will be insufficient to make required payments of principal and interest;
- our debt may increase our vulnerability to adverse economic and industry conditions;
- we may be required to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flows from operations to payments on our debt, thereby reducing cash available for distribution to our stockholders, funds available for operations and capital expenditures, future business opportunities or other purposes;
- the terms of any refinancing may not be as favorable as the terms of the debt being refinanced; and
- the use of leverage could adversely affect our ability to make distributions to our stockholders and the market price of our shares of common stock.

Certain of our debt, such as our term loans and senior unsecured notes, require that the principal be repaid at the maturity of the loan in a "balloon payment." As of December 31, 2023, the financing arrangements of our outstanding indebtedness could require us to make lump-sum or "balloon" payments of approximately \$775.0 million at maturity dates that range from 2024 to 2031. If we do not have sufficient funds to repay existing or future debt at maturity, including debt under our credit facility, term loans and senior unsecured notes, it may be necessary to refinance the debt through additional debt or raise additional funds through equity financings. If the credit environment is constrained at the time of any refinancing, we could have a very difficult time refinancing debt on acceptable terms, or at all. For example, if prevailing interest rates or other factors result in higher interest rates on refinancings, the increase in interest expense would adversely affect our cash flows, and, consequently, cash available for distribution to our stockholders. If we are unable to refinance our debt on acceptable terms, we may be forced to dispose choose from a number of unfavorable options, including agreeing to otherwise unfavorable financing terms on new debt or disposing of one or more of our industrial properties on disadvantageous terms, potentially resulting in losses. We may also place mortgages on our properties that we own to secure a revolving credit facility or other debt. To the extent we cannot meet any future debt service obligations, we will risk losing some or all of our industrial properties that may be pledged to secure our obligations to foreclosure.

Interest rates are highly sensitive to many factors that are beyond our control, including general economic conditions and policies of various governmental and regulatory agencies. Higher interest rates could increase debt service requirements on any floating rate debt that we incur, which could reduce the amounts available for distribution to our stockholders, as well as reduce funds available for our operations, future business opportunities, or other purposes. In addition, an increase in interest rates could decrease the amount third parties are willing to pay for our assets, thereby limiting our ability to implement our business strategy, recycle capital and/or change our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic or other conditions.

***The agreements relating to our existing debt contain, and we expect that agreements relating to our future indebtedness will contain, covenants that could limit our operations and our ability to make distributions to our stockholders.***

We have a credit facility, which consists of a \$100.0 million term loan that matures in January 2027, a \$100.0 million term loan that matures in January 2028 and a revolving credit facility with \$400.0 million in borrowing capacity that matures in August 2025. We also have \$575.0 million of senior unsecured notes outstanding. We have agreed to guarantee the obligations of the borrower (a wholly-owned subsidiary) under our revolving credit facility, our term loan loans and our senior unsecured notes. Our revolving credit facility, our term loans and our senior unsecured notes contain, and we expect that our agreements for future indebtedness will contain, financial and operating covenants, such as fixed charge coverage and debt ratios and other limitations that will limit or restrict our ability to make distributions or other payments to our stockholders and may restrict our investment activities. For example, our credit facility restricts distributions if we are in default. These covenants may limit our operating and financial flexibility and our ability to respond to changes in our business or competitive activities in the future and may also restrict our ability to engage in transactions that we believe would otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders or obtain necessary funds.

Failure to meet our financial covenants could result from, among other things, changes in our results of operations, the incurrence of additional debt or changes in general economic conditions. If we violate covenants or if there is an event of default under our credit facility, our term loans, our senior unsecured notes, or in our future agreements, we could be required to repay all or a portion of our indebtedness before maturity and might be unable to arrange financing for such repayment on attractive terms, if at all. In addition, the note purchase agreements with respect to our existing senior unsecured notes contain, and any unsecured debt agreements we enter into in the future may contain, specific cross-default provisions with respect to specified other indebtedness, giving the unsecured lenders the right to declare a default if we are in default under other loans in some circumstances. Defaults under our debt agreements could materially and adversely affect our cash flows, financial condition and results of operations.

***We may acquire outstanding debt or provide a loan, in each case secured by an industrial property, which will expose us to risks.***

We may acquire outstanding debt secured by an industrial property from lenders and investors or provide a loan secured by industrial property if we believe we can acquire ownership of the underlying property through foreclosure, deed-in-lieu of foreclosure or other means. If we acquire such debt or provide such a loan, borrowers may seek to assert various defenses to our foreclosure or other actions, and we may not be successful in acquiring the underlying property on a timely basis, or at all, in which event we could incur significant costs and experience significant delays in acquiring such properties, all of which could adversely affect our financial performance and reduce our expected returns from such investments. In addition, we may not earn a current return on such investments particularly if the loan that we acquire or provide is in, or goes into, default.

***If we provide debtor-in-possession financing or provide a loan, a default by the borrower could adversely affect our cash flows.***

We may on a limited basis provide debtor-in-possession financing to a property owner that has filed for bankruptcy or make a loan secured by real estate that we might otherwise purchase directly. We expect that any such loans would be secured by one or more properties that we intend to acquire and that we would have the option to acquire such property in lieu of the repayment of such loan. Any default by the borrower under any such loan could negatively impact our cash flows and our ability to make cash distributions to our stockholders and result in litigation and related expenses. Although we would expect to acquire the secured property upon a borrower's default, there is no assurance that we will successfully foreclose on a property, and any such foreclosure could result in significant expenses.

***Adverse changes in our credit rating could negatively affect our financing activity.***

Fitch Ratings assigned us an issuer rating of BBB with a **stable positive** outlook. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. Our credit rating can affect the amount of capital we can access, as well as the terms and pricing of any debt we may incur. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current credit rating, and in the event our credit rating is downgraded, we would likely incur higher borrowing costs and may encounter difficulty in obtaining additional financing. Also, a downgrade in our credit rating may trigger additional payments or other negative consequences under our existing and future credit facilities and debt instruments. For example, if our credit rating is downgraded to below investment grade levels, we may not be able to obtain or maintain extensions on certain of our existing debt. Adverse changes in our credit rating could negatively impact our refinancing activities, our ability to manage our debt maturities, our future growth, our financial condition, the market price of our stock and our acquisition activities.

***Failure to hedge effectively against interest rate changes may adversely affect results of operations.***

We may seek to manage our exposure to interest rate volatility by using interest rate hedging arrangements, such as cap contracts and swap agreements. We do not currently have any hedging arrangements in place but have previously used interest rate caps to hedge the variable cash flows associated with our term loans. Any future hedging arrangements we enter into may not be effective in reducing our exposure to interest rate changes and a court could rule that such arrangements are not legally enforceable. Hedging may reduce overall returns on our investments and the failure to hedge effectively against interest rate changes may materially adversely affect our results of operations.

***The discontinuation of London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") and the replacement of LIBOR with an alternative reference rate may adversely affect our borrowing costs and could impact our business and results of operations.***

We expect that all LIBOR settings relevant to us will cease to be published or will no longer be representative after June 30, 2023. The discontinuation of LIBOR will not affect our ability to borrow or maintain already outstanding borrowings or hedging transactions, but as our contracts indexed to LIBOR are converted to Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"), the differences between LIBOR and SOFR, plus the recommended spread adjustment, could result in interest or hedging costs that are higher than if LIBOR remained available. Additionally, although SOFR is the Alternative Reference Rates Committee's recommended replacement rate, it is also possible that lenders may instead choose alternative replacement rates that may differ from LIBOR in ways similar to SOFR or in ways that would result in higher interest or hedging costs for us. It is not yet possible to predict the magnitude of LIBOR's end on our borrowing costs given the remaining uncertainty about which rates will replace LIBOR. As of December 31, 2022, each of the agreements governing our variable rate debt either have been transitioned to SOFR or provide for the replacement of LIBOR if it becomes unavailable during the term of such agreement.

***Our existing stockholders may experience dilution if we issue additional common stock.***

Sales of substantial amounts of shares of our common stock in the public market, including the issuance of our common stock in connection with property, portfolio or business acquisitions, the issuance and vesting of any restricted stock granted to employees under our 2019 Equity Incentive Plan and the issuance of our common stock upon the vesting of awards under our Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan, may be dilutive to existing stockholders and could have an adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

***We may issue preferred stock or debt securities and may also incur other future indebtedness which would rank senior to our common stock upon liquidation and may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.***

Holders of our common stock are not entitled to preemptive rights or other protections against dilution. Upon liquidation, holders of our debt securities and any shares of preferred stock, and lenders with respect to other borrowings, including our existing credit facility and mortgage loans payable, will receive distributions of our available assets prior to the holders of our common stock. In addition, future offerings of debt securities or the incurrence of additional indebtedness may reduce the market price of our common stock. Shares of our preferred stock, if issued in the future, could have a preference on liquidating distributions and a preference on dividend payments that could limit our ability to pay a dividend or make another distribution to the holders of our common stock and, as a result, may reduce the market price of our common stock.

***Volatility in the capital and credit markets could materially and adversely impact us.***

The capital and credit markets have experienced, and may continue to experience, extreme volatility and disruption from time to time, which may make it more difficult for us to raise equity capital, hinder our ability to borrow money, obtain new debt financing or refinance our maturing debt on favorable terms, or at all. Market turmoil and tightening of credit, which have occurred in the past, can also lead to an increased lack of consumer confidence and widespread reduction of business activity generally, which also could materially and adversely impact us, including our ability to acquire and dispose of assets on favorable terms or at all. Volatility in capital and credit markets may also have a material adverse effect on the market price of our common stock.

#### **Risks Related to the Real Estate Industry**

***Investments in real estate properties are subject to risks that could adversely affect our business.***

Investments in real estate properties are subject to varying degrees of risk and our performance and value are subject to general economic conditions and risks associated with our properties. While we seek to minimize these risks through geographic diversification of our portfolio, market research and our asset management capabilities, these risks cannot be eliminated. Factors that may affect real estate values and cash flows include:

- downturns in national, regional and local economic conditions (particularly increases in unemployment);
- the attractiveness of our properties to potential tenants and competition from other industrial properties;



- changes in supply of, or demand for, similar or competing properties in an area;
- bankruptcies, financial difficulties or lease defaults by the tenants of our properties;
- adverse capital and credit market conditions, which may restrict our operating activities;
- changes in interest rates, availability and terms of debt financing, including periods of high or rising interest rates;
- changes in operating costs and expenses and our ability to control rents, including periods of high and persistent inflation;
- changes in, or increased costs of compliance with, governmental rules, regulations and fiscal policies, including changes in tax, real estate, environmental and zoning laws, and our potential liability thereunder;
- increasing costs of maintaining, insuring, renovating and making improvements to our properties;
- unanticipated changes in costs associated with known adverse environmental conditions or retained liabilities for such conditions;
- tenant turnover;
- re-leasing that may require concessions or reduced rental rates under the new leases due to reduced demand;
- our ability to renovate and reposition our properties due to changes in the business and logistical needs of our tenants;
- technological changes, such as reconfiguration of supply chains, autonomous vehicles, robotics, 3D printing or other technologies;
- disruptions in the global supply chain caused by political, regulatory or other factors, including terrorism and domestic terrorist attacks;
- disruptions to political, governmental or regulatory systems, including shutdowns of the government and its agencies; and
- the effects of deflation, including credit market dislocation, weakened consumer demand and a decline in general price levels.

In addition, in recent months, throughout 2023, we have observed increased economic and geopolitical uncertainty in the United States and abroad that abroad. If such uncertainty continues or is heightened, it could lead to sustained periods of economic slowdown or recession, continued inflation and higher interest rates or declining demand for real estate, and the occurrence of such events or public perception that any of these events may occur, would result in a general decrease in rents or an increased occurrence of defaults under existing leases, which would materially adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations. Future terrorist attacks or wars may also result in declining economic activity, which could reduce the demand for, and the value of, our properties and adversely impact our tenants, including their ability to meet obligations under their leases. For these and other reasons, we cannot assure our stockholders that we will be profitable or that we will realize growth in the value of our properties.

***Actions by our competitors may decrease or prevent increases in the occupancy and rental rates of our properties.***

We compete with other developers, owners and operators of real estate, some of which own properties similar to our properties in the same markets in which the properties we own are located. If our competitors offer space at rental rates below current market rates or below the rental rates we will charge the tenants of our properties, we may lose existing or potential tenants, and we may be pressured to reduce our rental rates or offer tenant concessions or favorable lease terms in order to retain tenants when such tenants' leases expire or attract new tenants. As a result of these actions by our competitors, our financial condition, cash flows, cash available for distribution, trading price of our common stock and ability to satisfy our debt service obligations could be materially adversely affected.

***Real estate investments are not as liquid as other types of assets, which may reduce economic returns to investors.***

Real estate investments are not as liquid as other types of investments and significant expenditures associated with real estate investments, such as mortgage payments, real estate taxes and maintenance costs, are generally not reduced when circumstances cause a reduction in income from the investments. In addition, we intend to comply with the safe harbor rules relating to the number of properties that can be disposed of in a year, the tax bases and the costs of improvements made to these properties, and meet other tests which enable a REIT to avoid punitive taxation on the sale of assets. Thus, our ability at any time to sell assets may be restricted. This lack of liquidity may limit our ability to vary our portfolio promptly in response to changes in economic, financial, investment or other conditions and, as a result, could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and our ability to pay distributions on, and the market price of, our common stock.

***Uninsured or underinsured losses relating to real property may adversely affect our returns.***

We will attempt to ensure that all of our properties are adequately insured to cover casualty losses. However, there are certain losses, including losses from floods, hurricanes, fires, earthquakes and other natural disasters, acts of war, acts of terrorism or riots, that are not generally insured against or that are not generally fully insured against because it is not deemed economically feasible or prudent to do so. In addition, changes in the cost or availability of insurance could expose us to uninsured casualty losses. Under those circumstances, the insurance proceeds we receive might be inadequate to restore our economic position on the damaged or destroyed property and we may not have access to an alternative source of funding to repair or reconstruct the damaged property. In the event that any of our properties incurs a casualty loss that is not fully covered by insurance, the value of our assets will be reduced by the amount of any such uninsured loss, and we could experience a significant loss of capital invested and potential revenues in these properties and could potentially remain obligated under any recourse debt associated with the property. Inflation, changes in building codes and ordinances, environmental considerations and other factors might also keep us from using insurance proceeds to replace or renovate a property after it has been damaged or destroyed. Any such losses could adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and ability to pay distributions on, and the market price of, our common stock.

We own properties in Los Angeles, the San Francisco Bay Area and Seattle, which are located in areas that are known to be subject to earthquake activity. Although we carry replacement-cost earthquake insurance on all of our properties located in areas historically subject to seismic activity, subject to coverage limitations and deductibles that we believe

are commercially reasonable, we may not be able to obtain coverage to cover all losses with respect to such properties on economically favorable terms, which could expose us to uninsured casualty losses. We intend to evaluate our earthquake insurance coverage annually in light of current industry practice.

***Environmentally hazardous conditions may adversely affect our operating results.***

Under various federal, state and local environmental laws, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for the cost of investigating, removing or remediating hazardous or toxic substances on such property. Such laws often impose liability whether or not the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the presence of such hazardous or toxic substances. Even if more than one person may have been responsible for the contamination, each person covered by applicable environmental laws may be held responsible for all of the clean-up costs incurred. In addition, third parties may sue the owner or operator of a site for damages based on personal injury, natural resource or property damage or other costs, including investigation and clean-up costs, resulting from the environmental contamination. The presence of hazardous or toxic substances on one of our properties, or the failure to properly remediate a contaminated property, could give rise to a lien in favor of the government for costs it may incur to address the contamination, or otherwise adversely affect our ability to sell or lease the property or borrow using the property as collateral. Environmental laws also may impose restrictions on the manner in which property may be used or businesses may be operated. A property owner who violates environmental laws may be subject to sanctions which may be enforced by governmental agencies or, in certain circumstances, private parties. In connection with the acquisition and ownership of our properties, we may be exposed to such costs. The cost of defending against environmental claims, of compliance with environmental regulatory requirements or of remediating any contaminated property could materially adversely affect our business, assets or results of operations and, consequently, amounts available for distribution to our stockholders.

Environmental laws in the U.S. also require that owners or operators of buildings containing asbestos properly manage and maintain the asbestos, adequately inform or train those who may come into contact with asbestos and undertake special precautions, including removal or other abatement, in the event that asbestos is disturbed during building renovation or demolition. These laws may impose fines and penalties on building owners or operators who fail to comply with these requirements and may allow third parties to seek recovery from owners or operators for personal injury associated with exposure to asbestos. Some of our properties may contain asbestos-containing building materials.

We invest in properties historically used for industrial, manufacturing and commercial purposes. Some of these properties contain, or may have contained, underground storage tanks for the storage of petroleum products and other hazardous or toxic substances. All of these operations create a potential for the release of petroleum products or other hazardous or toxic substances. Some of our properties may be adjacent to or near other properties that have contained or currently contain underground storage tanks used to store petroleum products or other hazardous or toxic substances. In addition, certain of our properties may be on or are adjacent to or near other properties upon which others, including former owners or tenants of such properties, have engaged, or may in the future engage, in activities that may release petroleum products or other hazardous or toxic substances. As needed, we may obtain environmental insurance policies on commercially reasonable terms that provide coverage for potential environmental liabilities, subject to the policy's coverage conditions and limitations. From time to time, we may acquire properties, or interests in properties, with known adverse environmental conditions where we believe that the environmental liabilities associated with these conditions are quantifiable and that the acquisition will yield a superior risk-adjusted return. In such an instance, we underwrite the costs of environmental investigation, clean-up and monitoring into the cost. Further, in connection with property dispositions, we may agree to remain responsible for, and to bear the cost of, remediating or monitoring certain environmental conditions on the properties.

We generally obtain Phase I environmental site assessments on each property prior to acquiring it and we generally anticipate that the properties that we may acquire in the future may be subject to a Phase I or similar environmental assessment by independent environmental consultants at the time of acquisition. Phase I assessments are intended to discover and evaluate information regarding the environmental condition of the surveyed property and surrounding properties. Phase I assessments generally include a historical review, a public records review, an investigation of the surveyed site and surrounding properties, and preparation and issuance of a written report, but do not include soil sampling or subsurface investigations and typically do not include an asbestos survey. Even if none of our environmental assessments of our properties reveal an environmental liability that we believe would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations taken as a whole, we cannot give any assurance that such conditions do not exist or may not arise in the future. Material environmental conditions, liabilities or compliance concerns may go undetected by the environmental assessment or arise after the environmental assessment has been completed. Moreover, there can be no assurance that (i) future laws, ordinances or regulations will not impose any material environmental liability or (ii) the environmental condition of our properties will not be affected by tenants, by the condition of land or operations in the vicinity of such properties (such as releases from underground storage tanks), or by third parties unrelated to us.

***Costs of complying with governmental laws and regulations with respect to our properties may adversely affect our income and the cash available for any distributions.***

All real property and the operations conducted on real property are subject to various federal, state and local laws and regulations. Tenants' ability to operate and to generate income to pay their lease obligations may be affected by permitting and compliance obligations arising under such laws and regulations. Some of these laws and regulations may impose joint and several liability on tenants, owners or operators for the costs to investigate or remediate contaminated properties, regardless of fault or whether the acts causing the contamination were legal. Leasing our properties to tenants that engage in industrial, manufacturing and commercial activities will cause us to be subject to the risk of liabilities under environmental laws and regulations.

Some of these laws and regulations have been amended so as to require compliance with new or more stringent standards as of future dates. Compliance with new or more stringent laws or regulations or stricter interpretation of existing laws may require us to incur material expenditures. In addition, there are various local, state and federal fire, health, life-safety and similar regulations with which we may be required to comply and which may subject us to liability in the form of fines or damages for noncompliance. Any material expenditures, fines or damages we must pay will reduce our ability to make distributions and may reduce the value of our common stock. In addition, changes in these laws and governmental regulations, or their interpretation by agencies or the courts, could occur.

Furthermore, while leases with our tenants generally include provisions to obligate the tenants to comply with all laws and operate within a defined use, there is no guaranty that the tenants will comply with the terms of their leases. Moreover, our tenants may disregard the use restrictions contained in their leases and conduct operations not contemplated by the lease, including highly hazardous uses, despite our efforts to prohibit certain uses. We may also incur costs to bring a property into legal compliance even though the tenant may have been contractually required to comply and pay for the cost of compliance.



***We are exposed to the potential impacts of future climate change and climate-change related risks, which may result in unanticipated losses that could affect our business and financial condition.***

Government authorities and various interest groups are promoting laws and regulations relating to climate change, including regulations aimed at limiting greenhouse gas emissions and the implementation of “green” building codes, due to concerns over contributions to climate change. **These In addition, laws and regulations at the federal, state and local level aimed at increasing climate-related disclosures, including the rules proposed by the SEC and the legislation recently enacted in the state of California, may increase compliance and data collection costs if, and when, such laws and regulations become effective. Further, such laws and regulations may require us to make improvements to our existing properties or result in increased capital expenditures in order to comply with such regulations, as well as** increased operating costs that we may not be able to effectively pass on to our tenants. In addition, such laws and regulations could impose substantial costs on our tenants, including, for example, an increase in the cost of the fuel and other energy purchased by our tenants. Any such increased costs could impact the financial condition of our tenants and their ability to meet their lease obligations and also affect our ability to lease or re-lease our properties.

We may be exposed to physical risks from possible future changes in climate, which could increase our operating costs, impact our tenants’ ability to pay rent and adversely affect our ability to lease, develop or dispose of our properties. Our properties may be exposed to rare catastrophic weather events, such as severe storms or floods. If the frequency of extreme weather events increases, our exposure to these events could increase. Some of our properties may be subject to risks from rising sea levels. In addition, many state and local governments are adopting or considering adopting regulations requiring that property owners and developers include in their development or redevelopment plans resiliency measures to address climate-change related risks. If such regulations apply to any of our properties, we may be required to incur substantial costs to address such regulations.

***Compliance or failure to comply with regulatory requirements could result in substantial costs.***

We are required to comply with many regulations made by various regulatory entities, including (but not limited to) the Americans with Disabilities Act, The Fair Housing Amendment of 1988, various California energy efficiency standards such as

The Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings, Title 24, and/or other similar regulations. Noncompliance could result in the imposition of fines or the award of damages to private litigants. If we are required to incur additional costs and make unanticipated expenditures or substantial modifications to our properties to comply with such regulatory requirements, our financial condition, cash flows, results of operations, the market price of our shares of common stock and our ability to make distributions to our stockholders could be adversely affected.

***We may be unable to sell a property if or when we decide to do so, including as a result of uncertain market conditions, which could adversely affect the return on an investment in our common stock.***

We expect to hold the various real properties in which we invest until such time as we decide that a sale or other disposition is appropriate given our investment objectives. Our ability to dispose of properties on advantageous terms or at all depends on factors beyond our control, including competition from other sellers that are divesting similar assets in the same markets and/or at valuations below our valuations for comparable assets and the availability of attractive financing for potential buyers of our properties. Due to the uncertainty of market conditions which may affect the future disposition of our properties, we cannot assure our stockholders that we will be able to sell such properties at a profit, or at all, in the future.

Furthermore, we may be required to expend funds to correct defects or to make improvements before a property can be sold and may not have the funds available to correct such defects or to make such improvements. In acquiring a property, we may agree to restrictions that prohibit the sale of that property for a period of time or impose other restrictions, such as a limitation on the amount of debt that can be placed or repaid on that property. These provisions would restrict our ability to sell a property.

#### **Risks Related to Our Organizational Structure**

***Our board of directors may change significant corporate policies without stockholder approval.***

Our investment, financing, borrowing and distribution policies and our policies with respect to all other activities, including growth, debt, capitalization and operations, are determined by our board of directors. These policies may be amended or revised at any time and from time to time at the discretion of the board of directors without notice to, or a vote of, our stockholders. In addition, the board of directors may change our governance policies, including our conflict of interest policies, provided that such changes are consistent with applicable legal and regulatory requirements, including the listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. A change in these policies could have an adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, per share trading price of our common stock and ability to satisfy our debt service obligations and to pay distributions to our stockholders.

***We could increase the number of authorized shares of stock and issue stock without stockholder approval.***

Subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements, our charter authorizes our board of directors, without stockholder approval, to increase the aggregate number of authorized shares of stock or the number of authorized shares of stock of any class or series, to issue authorized but unissued shares of our common stock or preferred stock and to classify or reclassify any unissued shares of our common stock or preferred stock and to set the preferences, rights and other terms of such classified or unclassified shares. Our board of directors could establish a series of preferred stock that could, depending on the terms of such series, delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change of control that might involve a premium price for our common stock or otherwise be in the best interest of our stockholders.

***Certain provisions of Maryland law could inhibit changes in control.***

Certain provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law, or MGCL, may have the effect of inhibiting or deterring a third-party from making a proposal to acquire us or of impeding a change of control under circumstances that otherwise could provide the holders of shares of our common stock with the opportunity to realize a premium over the then-prevailing market price of such shares, including:

- “*Business Combination*” provisions that, subject to limitations, prohibit certain business combinations between us and an “interested stockholder” (as defined under the MGCL) or an affiliate of an interested stockholder for five years after

the most recent date on which the stockholder becomes an interested stockholder, and thereafter may impose special stockholder voting requirements unless certain minimum price conditions are satisfied; and

- “*Control Share*” provisions that provide that “control shares” of our company acquired in a “control share acquisition” (each as defined under the MGCL) have no voting rights except to the extent approved by our

stockholders by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter, excluding all interested shares.

We have opted out of the business combination and control share provisions of the MGCL by resolution of our board of directors and pursuant to a provision in our bylaws, respectively. However, in the future, only upon the approval of our stockholders, our board of directors may by resolution elect to opt-in to the business combination provisions of the MGCL and we may, only upon the approval of our stockholders, by amendment to our bylaws, opt-in to the control share provisions of the MGCL. Our board of directors has also adopted a resolution prohibiting us from electing to be subject to the provisions of Title 3, Subtitle 8 of the MGCL, without the approval of our stockholders, that would permit our board of directors to classify the board without stockholder approval. Such provisions of Title 3, Subtitle 8 of the MGCL could have an anti-takeover effect.

In addition, the provisions of our charter on removal of directors and the advance notice provisions of our bylaws could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change of control of our company that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in their best interest. Likewise, if our board of directors, with stockholder approval, as applicable, were to opt in to the business combination or control share provisions of the MGCL or the provisions of Title 3, Subtitle 8 of the MGCL, these provisions of the MGCL could have similar anti-takeover effects.

***Our rights and the rights of our stockholders to take action against our directors and officers are limited.***

Maryland law provides that a director or officer has no liability in that capacity if he or she satisfies his or her duties to us and our stockholders. Our charter limits the liability of our directors and officers to us and our stockholders for monetary damages, except for liability resulting from:

- actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services; or
- a final judgment based upon a finding of active and deliberate dishonesty by the director or officer that was material to the cause of action adjudicated.

In addition, our charter authorizes us, and our bylaws require us, to indemnify our directors and officers for actions taken by them in those capacities to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law. Accordingly, in the event that actions taken in good faith by any of our directors or officers impede the performance of our company, your ability to recover damages from such director or officer will be limited. In addition, we may be obligated to advance the defense costs incurred by our directors and executive officers, and may, in the discretion of our board of directors, advance the defense costs incurred by our employees and other agents in connection with legal proceedings.

**Risks Related to Our Status as a REIT**

***Failure to qualify as a REIT would cause us to be taxed as a regular C corporation, which would substantially reduce funds available for distributions to stockholders.***

We believe that our organization and method of operation have enabled and will continue to enable us to meet the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT. However, we cannot assure you that we will qualify as such. This is because qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex provisions of the Code as to which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations and involves the determination of facts and circumstances not entirely within our control. Future legislation, new regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions may significantly change the tax laws or the application of the tax laws with respect to qualification as a REIT for federal income tax purposes or the federal income tax consequences of such qualification.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, and are unable to obtain relief under certain statutory provisions, we will face serious tax consequences that will substantially reduce the funds available for distributions to our stockholders because:

- we would not be allowed a deduction for dividends paid to stockholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to federal and state income tax at regular corporate rates; and
- we could not elect to qualify as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which we were disqualified.

In addition, we would no longer be required to pay distributions. As a result of all these factors, our failure to qualify as a REIT could impair our ability to expand our business and raise capital, and it could adversely affect the value of our common stock.

***Even if we qualify as a REIT, we may face other tax liabilities that reduce our cash flows.***

Even if we qualify as a REIT, we may be subject to certain U.S. federal, state and local taxes on our income and assets, including taxes on any undistributed income, tax on income from some activities conducted as a result of a foreclosure, and state or local income, property and transfer taxes. Our tax liabilities may increase as a result of changes in state and local tax laws or regulations, or, in the case of property taxes, as our properties are assessed or reassessed by taxing authorities. Any of these taxes would decrease cash available for distributions to stockholders.

***We may be subject to a 100% penalty tax on any prohibited transactions that we enter into, or may be required to forego certain otherwise beneficial opportunities in order to avoid the penalty tax on prohibited transactions.***

If we have acquired or held property primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, we may be subject to a 100% prohibited transactions tax under U.S. federal tax laws on the gain from disposition of the property unless the disposition qualifies for one or more safe harbor exceptions for properties that have been held by us for at least two years and satisfies certain additional requirements.

The potential application of the prohibited transactions tax could cause us to forego potential dispositions of property or to forego other opportunities that might otherwise be attractive to us, or to hold investments or undertake such dispositions or other opportunities through a taxable REIT subsidiary ("TRS"), which would generally result in **such TRS incurring** corporate income **taxes being incurred by such TRS, taxes.**

***REIT distribution requirements could adversely affect our liquidity and may force us to borrow funds or sell assets during unfavorable market conditions.***

In order to maintain our REIT status and to meet the REIT distribution requirements, we may need to borrow funds on a short-term basis or sell assets, even if the then-prevailing market conditions are not favorable for these borrowings or sales. To qualify as a REIT, we generally must distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our net taxable income each year, excluding capital gains. In addition, we will be subject to corporate income tax to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our net taxable income including any net capital gain. We intend to make distributions to our stockholders to comply with the requirements of the Code for REITs and to minimize or eliminate our corporate income tax obligation to the extent consistent with our business objectives. Our cash flows from operations may be insufficient to fund required distributions as a result of differences in timing between the actual receipt of income and the recognition of income for federal income tax purposes, **or** the effect of non-deductible capital expenditures, the creation of reserves, **or** required debt service or amortization payments. The insufficiency of our cash flows to cover our distribution requirements could have an adverse impact on our ability to raise short- and long-term debt or sell equity securities in order to fund distributions required to maintain our REIT status. In addition, we will be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax on the amount, if any, by which distributions paid by us in any calendar year are less than the sum of 85% of our ordinary income, 95% of our capital gain net income and 100% of our undistributed income from prior years.

***Dividends payable by REITs generally do not qualify for reduced tax rates.***

Currently, the maximum tax rate for qualified dividends payable to individual U.S. stockholders is 20%. Dividends payable by REITs, however, are generally not eligible for such reduced rates. However, for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2026, a deduction of up to 20% (subject to certain limitations) is available on most ordinary REIT dividends and certain trade or business income of non-corporate taxpayers. Additionally, to the extent such dividends are attributable to certain dividends that we receive from a TRS, such dividends generally will be eligible for the reduced rates that apply to qualified dividend income. While we currently do not own an interest in a TRS, we may own such an interest in the future. The more favorable rates applicable to regular corporate dividends could cause investors who are individuals to perceive investments in REITs to be relatively less attractive than investments in the **stocks stock** of non-REIT corporations that pay dividends, which could adversely affect the value of the stock of REITs, including our common stock.

***We may choose to pay dividends in our stock instead of cash, in which case stockholders may be required to pay income taxes in excess of any cash dividends they receive.***

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in stock. Taxable stockholders receiving taxable stock dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend as ordinary income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for U.S. federal income tax purposes. As a result, stockholders may be required to pay income taxes with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash dividends received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock that it receives as a dividend in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to certain non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax with respect to such dividends. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders sell common stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our common stock.

***Complying with REIT requirements may cause us to forego otherwise attractive opportunities or to liquidate otherwise attractive investments.***

To qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, the sources of our income, the nature and diversification of our assets, the amounts we distribute to our stockholders and the ownership of our capital stock. In order to meet these tests, we may be required to forego investments we might otherwise make. Thus, compliance with the REIT requirements may hinder our performance.

In particular, we must ensure that at the end of each calendar quarter, at least 75% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash items, government securities and qualified real estate assets. The remainder of our investments in securities (other than government securities and qualified real estate assets) generally cannot include more than 10% of the total voting power of the outstanding securities of any one issuer or more than 10% of the total value, in each case, of the outstanding securities of any one issuer. In addition, in general, no more than 5% of the value of our assets (other than government securities and qualified real estate assets) can consist of the securities of any one issuer, no more than 20% of the value of our total assets can be represented by the securities of one or more TRSs and no more than 25% of the value of our total assets can be represented by unsecured debt of publicly offered REITs, in each case, at the close of each calendar quarter. If we fail to comply with these requirements at the end of any calendar quarter, we must correct the failure within 30 days after the end of the calendar such quarter or qualify for certain statutory relief provisions to avoid losing our REIT qualification and suffering adverse tax consequences. As a result, we may be required to liquidate otherwise attractive investments. These actions could have the effect of reducing our income and amounts available for distribution to our stockholders.

***Our relationship with any TRS will be limited, and a failure to comply with the limits would jeopardize our REIT qualification and may result in the imposition of certain taxes.***

While we currently do not own an interest in a TRS, we may own such an interest in the future. As a REIT, we are subject to a variety of limitations on our ownership of TRSs and operations with respect to any TRSs that we own, and failure to comply with these limitations may subject us to additional taxes, the amount of which could be substantial, or, potentially, loss of REIT status. While we anticipate that we will comply with these limitations in the event we acquire an interest in a TRS, we can provide no assurances in this regard.

***The ability of our board of directors to revoke our REIT qualification without stockholder approval may subject us to federal income tax and reduce distributions to our stockholders.***

Our charter provides that our board of directors may revoke or otherwise terminate our REIT election, without the approval of our stockholders, if it determines that it is no longer in our best interest to continue to be qualified as a REIT. If we cease to be a REIT, we would become subject to federal and state corporate income tax on our taxable income and would no longer be required to distribute most of our taxable income to our stockholders, which may have adverse consequences on our total return to our stockholders and on the market price of our common stock.

***We may face risks in connection with Section 1031 Exchanges.***

We may engage in one or more real estate transactions intended to qualify for federal income tax deferral as a "like-kind exchange" under Section 1031 of the Code. If a transaction that is intended to qualify for deferral under Section 1031 is later determined to have been taxable, we may face adverse consequences. Additionally, if the laws applicable to such transactions are amended or repealed, we may not be able to dispose of properties on a tax-deferred basis.

***We may be subject to adverse legislative or regulatory tax changes that could reduce the market price of our common stock.***

At any time, the federal income tax laws governing REITs (or otherwise affecting our business or affecting our stockholders) or the administrative interpretations of those laws may be amended. We cannot predict when or if any new federal income tax law, regulation, or administrative interpretation, or any amendment to any existing federal income tax law, regulation or administrative interpretation, will be adopted, promulgated or become effective and any such law, regulation, or interpretation may take effect retroactively. We and our stockholders could be adversely affected by any such change in, or any new, federal income tax law, regulation or administrative interpretation.

## General Risks

***Our business could be adversely impacted if we have deficiencies in our disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls over financial reporting.***

The design and effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting may not prevent all errors, misstatements or misrepresentations. While management will continue to review the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting, there can be no guarantee that our internal controls over financial reporting will be effective in accomplishing all control objectives all of the time. Deficiencies, including any material weakness, in our internal controls over financial reporting which may occur in the future could result in misstatements or restatements of our financial statements or a decline in our stock price.

***The market price and trading volume of our common stock may be volatile and may trade at prices that are higher or lower than our net asset value per share.***

The market price of our common stock may be volatile. In addition, the trading volume in our common stock may fluctuate and cause significant price variations. If the market price of our common stock declines, you may be unable to resell your shares at or above the price you paid for such shares. We cannot assure you that the market price of our common stock will not fluctuate or decline in the future.

Additionally, the market value of the equity securities of a REIT is based upon the market's perception of the REIT's growth potential and its current and potential future cash distributions, whether from operations, sales or refinancings, and upon the real estate market value of the underlying assets. Our common stock may trade at prices that are higher or lower than our net asset value per share. To the extent we retain operating cash flows for investment purposes, working capital reserves or other purposes, these retained funds, while increasing the value of our underlying assets, may not correspondingly increase the market price of our common stock.

Some of the factors that could negatively affect our share price or result in fluctuations in the price or trading volume of our common stock include: our financial condition, performance, liquidity and prospects; actual or anticipated variations in our quarterly operating results or distributions; changes in our funds from operations, or FFO, or earnings; publication of research reports about us or the real estate industry; changes in earnings estimates by analysts and our ability to meet analysts' earnings estimates; increases in market interest rates that lead purchasers of our shares to demand a higher yield; the market for similar securities issued by REITs; the attractiveness of REIT securities in comparison to the securities of other companies, taking into account, among other things, the higher tax rates imposed on dividends paid by REITs; government legislation, action or regulation; our issuance of debt or preferred equity securities; the realization of any of the other risk factors presented in this Annual Report on Form 10-K; and general market, including capital market and real estate market, and economic conditions.

#### Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

#### Item 1C. Cybersecurity.

##### Cyber Risk Management and Strategy

We rely on information technology in our operations, and any material failures, inadequacies, interruptions, security failures, social engineering attacks or cyber-attacks could harm our business. Management of cybersecurity risks is a component of our overall risk management strategy, which is overseen by our senior management team and our board of directors. We rely on a managed IT service provider with a longstanding relationship with the Company to help manage cybersecurity risks. Our managed IT service provider conducts testing of our controls and environment, including penetration testing, to identify and remediate cybersecurity risks.

We have an employee education program that is designed to raise awareness of cybersecurity threats to reduce our vulnerability as well as to encourage consideration of cybersecurity risks across functions. Before contracting with certain third parties, such as our local property managers, or purchasing third party technology or other solutions that involve exposure to sensitive company or tenant information, we conduct diligence on those third parties, which includes a security review. We maintain back-ups and disaster recovery plans to restore our information in the event of an incident.

Additionally, as a public company, we are subject to Sarbanes-Oxley Act ("SOX") requirements and must undergo independent audits of information technology general controls in support of internal control over financial reporting.

##### Governance Related to Cybersecurity Risks

Our third-party managed IT service provider reports to our Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer, and Chief Operating Officer on cybersecurity matters, including cybersecurity risks. These senior executives are involved in management of information security procedures and periodically brief the board of directors on information security matters.

Our board of directors plays an important role in our risk oversight and discharges its duties both as a full board and through its committees. Our board is involved in risk oversight through its direct decision-making authority with respect to certain significant matters and review of our overall business strategy, as well as indirectly through the further oversight of management delegated to each of the board's committees. Our board of directors relies on management to bring significant matters impacting our company to its attention but has processes for receiving information regarding such matters and providing oversight.

As reflected in the audit committee charter, the audit committee oversees our processes and policies relating to certain risk assessment and risk management matters, including with respect to cybersecurity risks. The audit committee administers its risk oversight function by receiving periodic reports from members of senior management on areas of material risk to our company. Our audit committee discusses our cybersecurity program at least annually, receives updates on relevant developments and considers steps that our management has taken to monitor and seek to mitigate any risk exposures.

#### Item 2. Properties.

As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we owned a total of 252 259 buildings aggregating approximately 15.3 million 16.0 million square feet, 46 45 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 161.4 152.4 acres, and three seven properties under development or redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist and approximately 62.7 acres of one building of approximately 34,000 square feet and two improved land parcels aggregating approximately 12.1 acres, entitled for future development. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the buildings and improved land parcels were approximately 98.6% 98.5% and 92.5% 94.6% leased, respectively, to 569 580 customers, the largest of which accounted for approximately 4.3% 3.6% of our total annualized base rent. The properties are located in Los Angeles, Northern New Jersey/New York City, San Francisco Bay Area, Seattle, Miami, and Washington, D.C. We invest in several types of industrial real estate, including warehouse/distribution buildings, flex buildings (including light industrial and research and development, or R&D), transshipment buildings and improved land parcels. See "Item 1 – Our Investment Strategy – Industrial Facility General Characteristics" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a general description of these types of industrial real estate. We target functional buildings in infill locations that may be shared by multiple tenants and that cater to customer demand within the various submarkets in which we operate. Infill locations are geographic locations surrounded by high concentrations of already developed land and existing buildings. See our "Consolidated Financial Statements, Schedule III-Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a detailed listing of our properties.

The following table summarizes by type our investments in real estate as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

Type	Type	Number of Buildings or Improved Land Parcels	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	% of Total	Type	Number of Buildings or Improved Land Parcels	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>
Warehouse/distribution	Warehouse/distribution	220	\$ 166,531	76.5 %	Warehouse/distribution	225	\$ 194,430
Flex	Flex	13	8,919	4.1 %	Flex	14	9,381

Transshipment	Transshipment	19	14,764	6.8	%	Transshipment	20	18,097
Improved land	Improved land	46	27,352	12.6	%	Improved land	45	31,441
Total	Total	298	\$ 217,566	100.0	%	Total	304	\$ 253,345

1 Annualized base rent is calculated as contractual monthly base rent per the leases, excluding any partial or full rent abatements, as of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, multiplied by 12.

The following table summarizes by market our investments in real estate as of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023:

		Los Angeles		Northern New Jersey/New York City		San Francisco Bay Area		Seattle		Miami	
		Los Angeles		York City		San Francisco Bay Area		Seattle		Miami	
		Los Angeles		York City		San Francisco Bay Area		Seattle		Miami	
Investments in Real Estate	Investments in Real Estate										
Number of Buildings	Number of Buildings										
Number of Buildings	Number of Buildings	54		43		52		44		37	
Rentable Square Feet	Rentable Square Feet	2,779,708		2,706,893		2,436,280		2,783,070		2,814,302	
% of Total	% of Total	18.2 %		17.7 %		15.9 %		18.2 %		18.5 %	
Occupancy % as of December 31, 2022	Occupancy % as of December 31, 2023 4	99.3 %		98.7 %		97.0 %		97.3 %		100.0 %	
Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) 1	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) 1	\$ 33,419		\$ 42,651		\$ 34,080		\$ 32,539		\$ 26,476	
% of Total	% of Total	17.6 %		22.4 %		17.9 %		17.1 %		13.9 %	
Annualized Base Rent 1 Per Occupied Square Foot	Annualized Base Rent 1 Per Occupied Square Foot	\$ 12.10		\$ 15.96		\$ 14.42		\$ 12.01		\$ 9.41	
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Years) 2	Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Years) 2	5.7		4.5		2.8		3.9		5.2	
Investments in Improved Land	Investments in Improved Land										
Investments in Improved Land	Investments in Improved Land										
Number of Land Parcels	Number of Land Parcels										
Number of Land Parcels	Number of Land Parcels	14		13		3		10		3	
Acres	Acres	29.8		68.0		7.1		25.9		9.9	
% of Total	% of Total	18.5 %		42.2 %		4.4 %		16.0 %		6.1 %	

Occupancy % as of December 31, 2022																
89.4			%	100.0			%	100.0			%	92.4		%	32.0	
Occupancy % as of December 31, 2023																
Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>		Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>														
		\$	8,199		\$	11,423		\$	1,467		\$	3,882		\$	428	
% of Total		30.0		%	41.8		%	5.4		%	14.2		%	1.6		
Annualized Base Rent <sup>1</sup> Per Occupied Square Foot		Annualized Base Rent <sup>1</sup> Per Occupied Square Foot														
		\$	7.07		\$	4.03		\$	4.76		\$	3.89		\$	3.11	
Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Years) <sup>2</sup>		Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term (Years) <sup>2</sup>														
		3.8			5.0			3.1			2.4			1.8		
Total Investments in Real Estate and Improved Land		Total Investments in Real Estate and Improved Land														
Total Investments in Real Estate and Improved Land																
Total Investments in Real Estate and Improved Land																
Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>																
Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>																
Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>		Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>														
		\$	41,618		\$	54,074		\$	35,547		\$	36,421		\$	26,904	
% of Total Annualized Base Rent <sup>1</sup>		19.1		%	24.9		%	16.3		%	16.7		%	12.4		
Gross Book Value (in thousands) <sup>3</sup>		Gross Book Value (in thousands) <sup>3</sup>														
		\$	679,911		\$	769,004		\$	556,761		\$	601,920		\$	467,136	
% of Total Gross Book Value		20.0		%	22.6		%	16.4		%	17.7		%	13.7		

<sup>1</sup> Annualized base rent is calculated as contractual monthly base rent per the leases, excluding any partial or full rent abatements, as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, multiplied by 12.

<sup>2</sup> Weighted average remaining lease term is calculated by summing the remaining lease term of each lease as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, weighted by the respective square footage.

<sup>3</sup> Includes **three seven** properties under **development or** redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist of **one building of six buildings aggregating** approximately **34,000 1.0** million square feet and **two one** approximately 2.8-acre improved land **parcels aggregating parcel**, and approximately **12.1 acres. 62.7 acres of land entitled for future development.**

<sup>4</sup> Occupancy increased during the three months ended December 31, 2023 due, in part, to approximately 29,000 square feet of vacant space at our 1st Avenue property in Seattle being removed from the operating portfolio and repurposed as additional parking.

As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, we owned **three seven** properties under **development or** redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist of **one building of six buildings aggregating** approximately **34,000 1.0** million square feet and **two one** approximately 2.8-acre improved land **parcels aggregating parcel**, and approximately **12.1 62.7** acres of land entitled for future development, with a total expected investment of approximately **\$69.3 million**.



\$592.0 million, including redevelopment costs, capitalized interest and other costs.

The following table summarizes our capital expenditures incurred during the three months and years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022 (dollars in thousands):

		For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Year Ended December 31,					
		2022	2021	2022	2021				
						For the Three Months Ended December 31,		For the Year Ended December 31,	
						2023	2022	2023	2022
Building improvements	Building improvements	\$ 6,165	\$ 8,600	\$ 40,337	\$ 29,614				
Tenant improvements	Tenant improvements	252	1,060	11,533	8,018				
Leasing commissions	Leasing commissions	4,410	3,265	19,584	15,487				
Redevelopment, renovation and expansion	Redevelopment, renovation and expansion	678	4,776	21,623	14,711				
Development, redevelopment, renovation and expansion	Development, redevelopment, renovation and expansion								
Total capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>	Total capital expenditures	\$ 11,505	\$ 17,701	\$ 93,077	\$ 67,830				

- <sup>1</sup> Includes approximately \$6.2 \$54.7 million and \$11.0 \$6.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively, and approximately \$61.1 \$157.4 million and \$39.0 \$61.1 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively, related to leasing acquired vacancy, redevelopment construction in progress and renovation and expansion projects (stabilization capital) at 20 23 and 22 20 properties for the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively, and at 34 30 and 24 34 properties for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

Our industrial properties are typically subject to leases on a "triple net basis," in which tenants pay their proportionate share of real estate taxes, insurance and operating costs, or are subject to leases on a "modified gross basis," in which tenants pay expenses over certain threshold levels. In addition, approximately 93.5% 95.7% of our leased space includes fixed rental increases or Consumer Price Index-based rental increases. Lease terms typically range from three to ten years. We monitor the liquidity and creditworthiness of our tenants on an ongoing basis by reviewing outstanding accounts receivable balances, and as provided under the respective lease agreements, review the tenant's financial condition periodically as appropriate. As needed, we hold discussions with the tenant's management about their business and we conduct site visits of the tenant's operations.

Our top 20 customers based on annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 are as follows:

		Customer	Leases	Rentable Square Feet	% of Total Rentable Square Feet	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	% of Total Annualized Base Rent	Improved Land Acreage		
1	1	Amazon.com	6	471,880	3.1 %	\$ 9,444	4.3 %	6.2	1	Amazon.com
		FedEx								FedEx
2	2	Corporation	6	246,779	1.6 %	4,943	2.3 %	7.7	2	Corporation



3	3	Danaher United States	3	171,707	1.1	%	3,960	1.8	%	—	O'Neill Logistics United States
4	4	Government District of Columbia	8	300,732	2.0	%	3,929	1.8	%	—	4 Government
5	5	DirectBuy Home Improvement	8	245,888	1.7	%	3,480	1.7	%	—	5 Danaher
6	6	Allied Brothers	1	230,891	1.5	%	3,463	1.6	%	—	6 District of Columbia
7	7	Intermodal Inc.	1	30,978	0.2	%	2,580	1.2	%	—	7 DirectBuy Home Improvement <sup>3</sup>
8	8	O'Neill Logistics Port Kearny	2	237,692	1.6	%	2,131	1.0	%	—	8 International Cargo Terminals Inc.
9	9	Security, Inc.	1	—	—	%	2,040	0.9	%	16.9	9 Motivate LLC
10	10	B&B Granite Block Sales, LLC	1	—	—	%	1,944	0.9	%	7.2	10 Meta Platforms, Inc.
11	11	Costco-Innovel Solutions LLC	1	219,910	1.4	%	1,926	0.9	%	—	11 Lucid USA, Inc.
12	12	Hanjin International America, Inc. and Hanjin Transportation Co., LTD	1	114,061	0.7	%	1,848	0.8	%	—	12 Northrop Grumman Systems Corporation
13	13	XPO Logistics Team Alliance Logistics Inc. DBA A&V	2	180,717	1.2	%	1,843	0.8	%	—	13 Sarcona Management Corporation
14	14	L3 Harris Technologies, Inc.	2	—	—	%	1,805	0.8	%	4.4	14 Port Kearny Security, Inc.
15	15	Divergent Technologies, Inc.	1	147,898	1.0	%	1,751	0.8	%	—	15 Triton Logistics Inc.
16	16	Bar Logistics	2	72,808	0.5	%	1,613	0.8	%	1.4	16 Bar Logistics, Inc.
17	17	Topaz Lighting Corp.	1	203,263	1.3	%	1,593	0.7	%	—	17 L3 Harris Technologies, Inc.
18	18	YRC	1	190,000	1.2	%	1,552	0.7	%	—	18 B&B Granite Block Sales, LLC
19	19	PODS Enterprises, LLC	2	61,252	0.4	%	1,540	0.7	%	—	19 JAM'N Logistics Inc.
20	20	Total	1	201,977	1.3	%	1,515	0.7	%	—	20 Costco-Innovel Solutions LLC
Total			51	3,328,433	21.8	%	\$ 54,900	25.2	%	43.8	Total

- Annualized base rent is calculated as contractual monthly base rent per the leases, for rentable square feet and/or, if applicable, improved land, excluding any partial or full rent abatements, as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, multiplied by 12.
- Total annualized base rent is calculated as contractual monthly base rent per the leases, for all buildings and improved land parcels, excluding any partial or full rent abatements, as of December 31, 2023, multiplied by 12.
- On October 16, 2023, DirectBuy Home Improvement filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy and we had fully reserved for all receivables as of December 31, 2023. Any ultimate recovery of past due rent is undetermined at this time. In January 2024, we commenced redevelopment of and executed a short-term lease for the existing property with an e-commerce firm that will expire in January 2026.

The following table summarizes the anticipated lease expirations for leases in place as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, without giving effect to the exercise of unexercised renewal options or termination rights, if any, at or prior to the scheduled expirations:

Year	Rentable Square Feet	% of Total Rentable Square Feet	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>2, 3</sup>	% of Total Annualized Base Rent
2023 <sup>1</sup>	2,010,833	13.2 %	\$ 23,027	9.2 %
2024	1,811,128	11.9 %	25,385	10.2 %
2025	2,221,818	14.5 %	38,014	15.2 %
2026	2,435,001	15.9 %	42,928	17.2 %
2027	2,382,505	15.6 %	39,447	15.8 %
Thereafter	4,205,751	27.5 %	80,871	32.4 %
Total	15,067,036	98.6 %	\$ 249,672	100.0 %

<b>Buildings:</b>				
Year	Rentable Square Feet	% of Total Rentable Square Feet	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>2</sup>	% of Total Annualized Base Rent <sup>3</sup>
2024 <sup>1</sup>	1,927,639	12.0 %	\$ 24,104	8.4 %
2025	2,204,921	13.7 %	34,196	12.0 %
2026	3,054,968	19.0 %	46,692	16.4 %
2027	2,463,641	15.4 %	40,968	14.4 %
2028	1,963,572	12.2 %	38,688	13.6 %
Thereafter	4,190,133	26.2 %	63,938	22.3 %
Total	15,804,874	98.5 %	\$ 248,586	87.1 %

<b>Improved Land Parcels:</b>				
Year	Improved Land Acreage	% of Total Improved Land Acreage	Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>2</sup>	% of Total Annualized Base Rent <sup>3</sup>
2024 <sup>4</sup>	24.5	16.1 %	\$ 5,191	1.8 %
2025	14.9	9.8 %	3,626	1.3 %
2026	17.9	11.7 %	4,882	1.7 %
2027	12.2	8.0 %	4,156	1.5 %
2028	14.8	9.6 %	3,945	1.4 %
Thereafter	60.1	39.4 %	14,980	5.2 %
Total	144.4	94.6 %	\$ 36,780	12.9 %

<b>Total Buildings and Improved Land Parcels:</b>				
Year	Total Annualized Base Rent (in thousands) <sup>3</sup>		% of Total Annualized Base Rent <sup>3</sup>	
2024 <sup>5</sup>	\$ 29,295		10.2 %	
2025	37,822		13.3 %	
2026	51,574		18.1 %	
2027	45,124		15.9 %	
2028	42,633		15.0 %	
Thereafter	78,918		27.5 %	
Total	\$ 285,366		100.0 %	

- <sup>1</sup> Includes leases that expire on or after December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and month-to-month leases totaling approximately 84,922 164,073 square feet.
- <sup>2</sup> Annualized base rent is calculated as contractual monthly base rent per the leases at expiration, excluding any partial or full rent abatements, as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, multiplied by 12.
- <sup>3</sup> Includes Total annualized base rent related to 46 is calculated as contractual monthly base rent per the leases at expiration, for all buildings and/or improved land parcels, excluding any partial or full rent abatements, as of December 31, 2023, multiplied by 12.
- <sup>4</sup> Includes leases that expire on or after December 31, 2023 and month-to-month leases totaling approximately 161.4 2.4 acres.
- <sup>5</sup> Includes leases that expire on or after December 31, 2023 and month-to-month leases disclosed in footnotes 1 and 4 of the table.

Our ability to re-lease or renew expiring space at rental rates equal to or in excess of current rental rates will impact our results of operations. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, leases representing approximately 9.2% 10.2% of the total annualized base rent of our portfolio are scheduled to expire during the year ending December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024. We currently expect that, on average, the rental rates we are likely to achieve on new (re-leased) or renewed leases for our 2023 2024 expirations will be above the rates currently being paid for the same space. Cash rent changes on new and renewed leases totaling approximately 0.3 million square feet and 2.6 zero acres of improved land commencing during the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 were approximately 45.2% 47.5% higher as compared to the previous rental rates for that same space, and cash rent changes on new and renewed leases totaling approximately 2.2 2.1 million square feet and 19.1 11.4 acres of improved land commencing during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 were approximately 49.5% 55.5% higher as compared to the previous rental rates for that same space. We had a tenant retention ratio for the operating portfolio of 80.6% 75.6% and 56.6% 57.7%, respectively, for the three months and year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. We had a tenant retention ratio for the improved land portfolio of 0% and 65.0% 16.8%, respectively, for the three months and year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. We define tenant retention ratio as the square footage or acreage of all leases commenced during the period that are rented by existing tenants divided by the square footage or acreage of all expiring leases during the reporting period. The square footage or acreage of tenants that default or buy-out prior to expiration of their lease and short-term leases of less than one year are not included in the calculation.

Our past performance may not be indicative of future results, and we cannot assure you that leases will be renewed or that our properties will be re-leased at all or at rental rates equal to or above the current average rental rates. Further, re-leased/renewed rental rates in a particular market may not be consistent with rental rates across our portfolio as a whole and re-leased/renewed rental rates for particular properties within a market may not be consistent with rental rates across our portfolio within a particular market, in each case due to a number of factors, including local real estate conditions, local supply and demand for industrial space, the condition of the property, the impact of leasing incentives, including free rent and tenant improvements, and whether the property, or space within the property, has been redeveloped.

### Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

We are not involved in any material litigation nor, to our knowledge, is any material litigation threatened against us.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

## PART II

### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

#### Market Information

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") under the symbol "TRNO". As of February 2, 2023 February 1, 2024, there were approximately 66,265 69,112 holders of record of shares of our common stock. This number does not include stockholders for which shares are held in "nominee" or "street" name.

#### Distribution Policy

We intend to pay regular quarterly distributions when, as and if authorized by our board of directors and declared by us. Our ability to make distributions to our stockholders also will depend on our levels of retained cash flows, which we intend to use as a source of investment capital. In order to qualify for taxation as a REIT, we must distribute to our stockholders an amount at least equal to:

- (i) 90% of our REIT taxable income (determined before the deduction for dividends paid and excluding any net capital gain); plus
- (ii) 90% of the excess of our after-tax net income, if any, from foreclosure property over the tax imposed on such income by the Code; less
- (iii) the sum of certain items of non-cash income.

Generally, we expect to distribute 100% of our REIT taxable income so as to avoid the income and excise tax on undistributed REIT taxable income. However, we cannot assure you as to our ability to sustain those distributions.

The timing and frequency of distributions will be authorized by our board of directors and declared by us based upon a variety of factors, including:

- actual results of operations;
- our level of retained cash flows;
- any debt service requirements;
- capital expenditure requirements for our properties;
- our property dispositions;
- our taxable income;
- the annual distribution requirement under the REIT provisions of the Code;
- our operating expenses;

- restrictions on the availability of funds under Maryland law; and
- other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

To the extent that, in respect of any calendar year, cash available for distribution is less than our REIT taxable income, we could be required to sell assets or borrow funds to make cash distributions or make a portion of the required distribution in the form of a taxable share distribution or distribution of debt securities. Income as computed for purposes of the tax rules described above will not necessarily correspond to our income as determined for financial reporting purposes.

Distributions to our stockholders generally are taxable to our stockholders as ordinary income; however, because a significant portion of our investments are equity ownership interests in industrial properties, which generate depreciation and other non-cash charges against our income, a portion of our distributions may constitute a tax-free return of capital, although our current intention is to limit the level of such return of capital.

#### Performance Graph

The following graph compares the change in the cumulative total stockholder return on our common stock during the period from **December 31, 2017** **December 31, 2018** to **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** with the cumulative total return of the Standard and Poor's 500 Stock Index, the MSCI U.S. REIT Index (**RMS**) and the FTSE Nareit Equity Industrial Index. The return shown on the graph is not necessarily indicative of future performance. The comparison assumes that \$100 was invested on **December 31, 2017** **December 31, 2018** in our common stock and in each of the foregoing indices and assumes reinvestment of dividends, if any.



2023 Performance Graph v2.jpg

The performance graph and related information shall not be deemed "soliciting material" or be deemed to be "filed" with the SEC, nor shall such information be incorporated by reference into any future filing, except to the extent that the company specifically incorporates it by reference into such filing.

#### Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

**(a) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities** **Not Applicable.**

**(b)** **Not Applicable.**

**(c)**

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares of Common Stock Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Common Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plan or Program
October 1, 2022 - October 31, 2022	108	\$ 55.98	N/A	N/A
November 1, 2022 - November 30, 2022	—	—	N/A	N/A
December 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	—	—	N/A	N/A
Total	108 <sup>1</sup>	\$ 55.98	N/A	N/A

	(a) Total Number of Shares of Common Stock Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Common Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plan or Program
October 1, 2023 - October 31, 2023	—	\$ —	N/A	N/A
November 1, 2023 - November 30, 2023	144	54.47	N/A	N/A
December 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023	—	—	N/A	N/A
Total	144 <sup>1</sup>	\$ 54.47	N/A	N/A

**(1)** Represents shares of common stock surrendered by employees to the Company to satisfy such employees' tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock.

## Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

None.

### Item 6. Reserved.

Not applicable.

### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with the sections of this Annual Report on Form 10-K entitled "Risk Factors", "Forward-Looking Statements", "Business" and our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. This discussion contains forward-looking statements reflecting current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Overview

We acquire, own and operate industrial real estate in six major coastal U.S. markets: Los Angeles, Northern New Jersey/New York City, San Francisco Bay Area, Seattle, Miami, and Washington, D.C. We invest in several types of industrial real estate, including warehouse/distribution (approximately 76.5% 76.8% of our total annualized base rent as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023), flex (including light industrial and research and development, or R&D) (approximately 4.1% 3.7%), transshipment (approximately 6.8% 7.1%) and improved land (approximately 12.6% 12.4%). We target functional properties in infill locations that may be shared by multiple tenants and that cater to customer demand within the various submarkets in which we operate. Infill locations are geographic locations surrounded by high concentrations of already developed land and existing buildings. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we owned a total of 252 259 buildings aggregating approximately 15.3 million 16.0 million square feet, 46 45 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 161.4 152.4 acres, and three seven properties under development or redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist and approximately 62.7 acres of one building of approximately 34,000 square feet and two improved land parcels aggregating approximately 12.1 acres, entitled for future development. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, our buildings and improved land parcels were approximately 98.6% 98.5% and 92.5% 94.6% leased, respectively, to 569 580 customers, the largest of which accounted for approximately 4.3% 3.6% of our total annualized base rent.

We are an internally managed Maryland corporation and elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Our Investment Strategy

We acquire, own and operate industrial real estate in six major coastal U.S. markets: Los Angeles, Northern New Jersey/New York City, San Francisco Bay Area, Seattle, Miami, and Washington, D.C. We invest in several types of industrial real estate, including warehouse/distribution, flex (including light industrial and R&D), transshipment and improved land. We target functional properties in infill locations that may be shared by multiple tenants and that cater to customer demand within the various submarkets in which we operate.

We selected our target markets by drawing upon the experience of our executive management investing and operating in over 50 global industrial markets located in North America, Europe and Asia, the fundamentals of supply and demand, and in anticipation of trends in logistics patterns resulting from population changes, regulatory, geopolitical and physical constraints, changes in technology, e-commerce, the economic and environmental benefits of reducing vehicle miles traveled and other factors. We believe that our target markets have attractive long term investment attributes. We target assets with characteristics that include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Located in high population coastal markets;
- Close proximity to transportation infrastructure (such as sea ports, airports, highways and railways);
- Situated in supply-constrained submarkets with barriers to new industrial development, as a result of physical and/or regulatory constraints;
- Functional and flexible layout that can be modified to accommodate single and multiple tenants;
- Acquisition price at a discount to the replacement cost of the property;
- Potential for enhanced return through re-tenanting or operational and physical improvements; and
- Opportunity for higher and better use of the property over time.

In general, we prefer to utilize local third-party property managers for day-to-day property management and as a source of acquisition opportunities. We believe outsourcing property management is cost effective and provides us with operational flexibility. We may directly manage properties in the future if we determine such direct property management is in our best interest.

We have no current intention to acquire undeveloped or unimproved industrial land or to pursue greenfield ground up development. Nevertheless, we pursue **development**, redevelopment, renovation and expansion opportunities of properties that we own, acquire properties and improved land parcels with the intent to redevelop in the near-term, and acquire adjacent land to expand our existing facilities.

We expect that we will continue to acquire the significant majority of our investments as equity interests in individual properties or portfolios of properties. We may acquire industrial properties through the acquisition of other corporations or entities that own industrial real estate. We will opportunistically make investments in debt secured by industrial real estate that would otherwise meet our investment criteria with the intention of ultimately acquiring the underlying real estate. We currently do not intend to target specific percentages of holdings of particular types of industrial properties. This expectation is based upon prevailing market conditions and may change over time in response to different prevailing market conditions.

The properties we acquire may be stabilized (fully leased) or unstabilized (have near term lease expirations, be partially or fully vacant and may require physical repositioning).

We sell properties from time to time when we believe the prospective total return from a property is particularly low relative to its market value and/or the market value of the property is significantly greater than its estimated replacement cost. Capital from such sales is reinvested into properties that are expected to provide better prospective returns or returned to shareholders. We have disposed of **29 33** properties since inception in 2010 for an aggregate sales price of approximately **\$576.0 \$653.0** million and a total gain of approximately **\$248.7 million \$286.9 million**.

## 2022 2023 Developments

### Acquisition Activity

During **2022, 2023**, we acquired **20 seven** industrial properties for a total purchase price of approximately **\$414.8 \$484.0** million. The properties were acquired from unrelated third parties using existing cash on hand, net proceeds from dispositions, net proceeds from the issuance of common stock and debt. The following table sets forth the industrial properties we acquired during **2022; 2023**:

Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Number of Buildings	Square Feet	Purchase Price (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Stabilized Cap Rate <sup>2</sup>	Improved Land Acreage
Countyline #29 & #30	Hialeah, FL	February 9, 2022	2	407,000	\$ 73,200	3.8 %	—
33rd Place	Bellevue, WA	February 23, 2022	2	29,000	13,040	3.4 %	1.2
NE 91st	Redmond, WA	April 8, 2022	2	32,000	9,780	4.1 %	—
87 Doremus	Newark, NJ	April 18, 2022	—	—	17,300	5.3 %	9.7
3660 Thomas Road	Santa Clara, CA	May 4, 2022	1	135,000	54,600	2.5 %	—
127 Doremus Avenue	Newark, NJ	May 19, 2022	—	—	11,900	6.9 %	2.4
3660 Fee Ana	Anaheim, CA	May 24, 2022	—	—	15,000	4.7 %	2.1
332 Hindry Avenue	Inglewood, CA	May 25, 2022	1	19,000	9,280	2.4 %	—
8320-8400 Isis Avenue	Los Angeles, CA	May 25, 2022	1	40,000	17,902	3.2 %	—
Teagarden	San Leandro, CA	June 1, 2022	5	104,000	34,600	3.5 %	—
293 Roanoke Avenue	Newark, NJ	June 7, 2022	—	—	13,000	5.4 %	1.8
8660 Willows Road	Redmond, WA	June 17, 2022	—	—	19,900	4.3 %	3.5
8050 NW 90th St	Medley, FL	July 5, 2022	—	—	20,000	5.6 %	6.7
4857 W 147th St	Hawthorne, CA	August 2, 2022	—	—	6,500	5.0 %	1.3
19500 South Alameda St	Rancho Dominguez, CA	August 3, 2022	—	—	32,075	5.5 %	3.0
3091 East Coronado St	Anaheim, CA	September 6, 2022	—	—	7,325	5.0 %	1.2
7045 NW 46th St	Miami, FL	October 24, 2022	1	16,000	4,703	5.2 %	—
5401 West 104th St	Los Angeles, CA	November 1, 2022	1	26,000	17,000	2.5 %	—
629 Henry	Elizabeth, NJ	November 29, 2022	1	23,000	15,350	5.4 %	—
14805 S Maple Ave	Rancho Dominguez, CA	December 30, 2022	—	—	22,358	6.2 %	2.8
Total/Weighted Average			17	831,000	\$ 414,813	4.2 %	35.7

Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Number of Buildings	Square Feet	Improved Land Acreage	Purchase Price (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Stabilized Cap Rate <sup>2</sup>
Countyline Phase IV <sup>3</sup>	Hialeah, FL	February 23, 2023	—	—	121.0	\$ 173,600	5.7 %
9th Street	Long Island City, NY	March 6, 2023	1	45,000	—	23,000	5.2 %
Morton	Newark, CA	March 30, 2023	4	603,000	—	186,000	4.6 %
25th Place NE	Washington DC	May 23, 2023	1	33,000	—	13,400	5.3 %
East Garry Avenue <sup>4</sup>	Santa Ana, CA	September 6, 2023	—	—	4.9	14,800	5.1 %
Santa Fe	Redondo Beach, CA	October 10, 2023	2	112,000	—	45,700	5.3 %

Van Dyke	Red Hook, Brooklyn, NY	October 11, 2023	1	96,000	—	27,500	6.4 %
Total/Weighted Average			9	889,000	125.9	\$ 484,000	5.2 %

- 1 Excludes intangible **liabilities and mortgage premiums, if any, liabilities**. The total aggregate initial investment was approximately **\$422.3** **\$512.5** million, including **\$13.0** **\$6.1** million in capitalized closing costs and acquisition costs and **\$14.1** **\$42.9** million in assumed intangible liabilities and **\$19.6** **\$20.5** million in other credits related to near term capital expenditures, **free rent and tenant improvements at the Countyline #29 & #30 multiple properties**.
- 2 Stabilized capitalization rates, referred to herein as stabilized cap rates, are calculated, at the time of acquisition, as annualized cash basis net operating income for the property stabilized to market occupancy (generally 95%) divided by the total acquisition cost for the property. Total acquisition cost basis for the property includes the initial purchase price, the effects of marking assumed debt to market, buyer's due diligence and closing costs, estimated near-term capital expenditures and leasing costs necessary to achieve stabilization. We define cash basis net operating income for the property as net operating income excluding straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles. These stabilized cap rates are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties, and factors that are beyond our control, including risks related to our ability to meet our estimated forecasts related to stabilized cap rates and those risk factors contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our other public filings.
- 3 **Countyline Phase IV is a 121-acre project entitled for 2.2 million square feet of industrial distribution buildings located in Miami's Countyline Corporate Park ("Countyline"), immediately adjacent to our seven buildings within Countyline.**

Countyline Phase IV, a landfill redevelopment adjacent to Florida's Turnpike and the southern terminus of I-75, is expected to contain ten LEED-certified industrial distribution buildings at completion.

- 4 East Garry Avenue is a 4.9-acre property that was placed into redevelopment upon acquisition. The property is expected to contain one approximately 92,000 square foot LEED-certified industrial distribution building at completion.

#### Development and Redevelopment Activity

As of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, we had **three seven** properties under **development or** redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist of **one building of six buildings** aggregating approximately **84,000** **1.0** million square feet and **two one** approximately 2.8-acre improved land **parcels** **parcel**. Additionally, we owned approximately 62.7 acres of land entitled for future development that, upon completion, will consist of six buildings aggregating approximately **12.1** **acres**. 1.1 million square feet. The following table summarizes certain information with respect to the properties under **development or** redevelopment and the land entitled for future development as of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023:

Property Name	Total Expected Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Amount Spent to Date (in thousands)	Estimated Amount Remaining to Spend (in thousands)	Estimated Stabilized Cap Rate <sup>2</sup>	Estimated Post-Development Acreage	Estimated Post-Development Square Feet	Estimated Completion Quarter	% Pre-leased December 31, 2022
Berryessa	\$ 25,961	\$ 24,863	\$ 1,098	4.9 %	7.2	N/A	Q3 2023	— %
Paterson Plank III	25,303	20,116	5,187	4.4 %	4.9	N/A	Q4 2023	— %
147th Street	18,060	6,917	11,143	6.1 %	—	34,000	Q3 2024	— %
Total/Weighted Average	\$ 69,324	\$ 51,896	\$ 17,428	5.0 %	12.1	34,000		— %

Property Name	Total Expected Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Amount Spent to Date (in thousands) <sup>2</sup>	Estimated Stabilized Cap Rate <sup>3</sup>	Estimated Post-Development Square Feet	Estimated Post-Development Acreage	Estimated Stabilization Quarter	% Pre-leased December 31, 2023
<b>Properties under development or redevelopment:</b>							
Countyline Phase IV							
Countyline Building 38 <sup>4</sup>	\$ 88,800	\$ 71,431	5.0 %	506,215	—	Q2 2024	100.0 %
Countyline Building 39 <sup>4</sup>	43,802	34,604	5.8 %	178,201	—	Q3 2024	— % <sup>5</sup>
Countyline Building 40 <sup>4</sup>	41,968	33,220	6.0 %	186,107	—	Q4 2024	76.7 %
Maple III	28,071	23,857	4.4 %	—	2.8	Q4 2024	— %
147th Street	18,095	10,694	6.1 %	31,378	—	Q4 2024	— %
East Garry Avenue	40,553	19,839	5.1 %	91,500	—	Q1 2025	100.0 %
Paterson Plank III	35,042	25,940	4.3 %	47,316	—	Q1 2025	— %
Total/Weighted Average	\$ 296,331	\$ 219,585	5.2 %	1,040,717	2.8		71.1 %

**Land entitled for future development:**

Countyline Phase IV						
Countyline Phase IV Land <sup>4</sup>	295,700	101,044	6.0 %	1,137,121	—	2025-2027
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 295,700</b>	<b>\$ 101,044</b>	<b>6.0 %</b>	<b>1,137,121</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>n/a</b>

- <sup>1</sup> Excludes below-market lease adjustments recorded at acquisition. Total expected investment for the properties include includes the initial purchase price, buyer's due diligence and closing costs, estimated near-term redevelopment expenditures, capitalized interest and leasing costs necessary to achieve stabilization.
- <sup>2</sup> Excludes below-market lease adjustments recorded at acquisition.
- <sup>3</sup> Estimated stabilized cap rates are calculated as estimated annualized cash basis net operating income for the properties stabilized to market occupancy (generally 95%) divided by the total acquisition cost for the property. We define cash basis net operating income for the property as net operating income excluding straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles. These estimated stabilized cap rates are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties, and factors that are beyond our control, including risks related to our ability to meet our estimated forecasts related to

stabilized cap rates and those risk factors contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our other public filings.

- <sup>4</sup> Collectively, "Countyline Phase IV", a 121-acre project entitled for 2.2 million square feet of industrial distribution buildings located in Countyline, immediately adjacent to our seven buildings within Countyline. Countyline Phase IV, a landfill redevelopment adjacent to Florida's Turnpike and the southern terminus of I-75, is expected to contain ten LEED-certified industrial distribution buildings at completion.
- <sup>5</sup> In January 2024, we pre-leased 100% of Countyline Building 39. The ten-year lease is an expansion of an existing tenant and will commence upon completion of the building.

During 2022, 2023, we completed development and redevelopment of three properties aggregating approximately 0.6 million square feet, two properties. The following table summarizes certain information with respect to the completed development and redevelopment properties completed during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

Property Name	Location	Total Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Stabilized Cap Rate <sup>2</sup>	Square Feet	Completion Quarter
America's Gateway	Miami, FL	\$ 7,500	6.6 %	51,800	Q1 2022
Countyline #29 & #30	Hialeah, FL	75,539	3.8 %	407,084	Q2/Q3 2022
73rd Street	Miami, FL	20,200	8.1 %	128,844	Q3 2022
Total/Weighted Average		\$ 103,239	4.8 %	587,728	

Property Name	Location	Total Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Stabilized Cap Rate <sup>2</sup>	Post-Development Square Feet	Post-Development Acreage	Completion Quarter
Berryessa	San Jose, CA	\$ 26,296	4.9 %	—	6.3	Q2 2023
Countyline Building 41	Hialeah, FL	41,200	5.1 %	190,907	—	Q4 2023
Total/Weighted Average		\$ 67,496	5.0 %	190,907	6.3	

- <sup>1</sup> Total investment for the properties includes the initial purchase price, buyer's due diligence and closing costs, redevelopment expenditures, capitalized interest and leasing costs necessary to achieve stabilization.
- <sup>2</sup> Estimated stabilized cap rates are calculated as estimated annualized cash basis net operating income for the properties stabilized to market occupancy (generally 95%) divided by the total acquisition cost for the property. We define cash basis net operating income for the property as net operating income excluding straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles. These stabilized cap rates are subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties, and factors that are beyond our control, including risks related to our ability to meet our estimated forecasts related to stabilized cap rates and those risk factors contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and in our other public filings.

We capitalized interest associated with development, redevelopment and expansion activities of approximately \$2.6 million \$8.5 million, \$0.7 million \$2.6 million and \$1.6 \$0.7 million during the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and 2020, respectively.

#### Disposition Activity

During the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we sold three two properties located in the Northern New Jersey/New York City market for a total aggregate sales price of approximately \$159.7 \$43.2 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$107.1 \$21.9 million,



and one property located in the **Seattle Washington, D.C.** market for a sales price of approximately **\$8.6** **\$18.0** million, resulting in a gain of approximately **\$5.1** **\$9.7** million and one property located in the **Los Angeles** market for a sales price of approximately **\$15.9** million, resulting in a gain of approximately **\$6.6** million.

The following summarizes the condensed results of operations of the properties sold during the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** for the years ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, **2021** **2022** and **2020** **2021** (dollars in thousands):

		For the Year Ended December 31,			For the Year Ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020	2023	2022	2021
Rental revenues	Rental revenues	\$ 3,533	\$ 6,022	\$ 5,052			
Tenant expense reimbursements	Tenant expense reimbursements	1,341	2,539	2,333			
Property operating expenses	Property operating expenses	(1,474)	(2,692)	(2,491)			
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	(719)	(1,656)	(1,720)			
Income from operations	Income from operations	\$ 2,681	\$ 4,213	\$ 3,174			

#### Credit Facility Public Offering

On **June 29, 2022** **February 13, 2023**, we **entered into** completed a public offering of 5,750,000 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$62.50, which included the **First Amendment** (the "First Amendment") underwriters' full exercise of their option to the Sixth Amended and Restated Senior Credit Agreement which (i) increased the borrowing capacity purchase an additional 750,000 shares. The net proceeds of the revolving credit facility by **\$150.0** offering were approximately **\$355.9** million to **\$400.0** million, (ii) decreased after deducting the accordion feature by **\$150.0** million to **\$500.0** million, underwriting discount and (iii) provided offering costs of approximately **\$3.5** million. We used the net proceeds for the calculation of interest, pricing and fees based on SOFR instead of LIBOR. acquisitions.

On September 2, 2022, we entered into the Second Amendment (the "Second Amendment") to the Sixth Amended and Restated Senior Credit Agreement (as amended by the First Amendment and the Second Amendment, the "Amended Facility") to add an additional \$100.0 million term loan that matures in January 2028. We drew the full amount available under the term loan upon entry into the Second Amendment. See "Note 6 - Debt" in our notes to consolidated financial statements for more information regarding the Amended Facility.

#### Senior Unsecured Notes

On August 1, 2022, we prepaid a \$50.0 million tranche of 7-year senior unsecured notes using borrowings from our revolving credit facility. The notes bore interest at 4.23% and had an original maturity date of September 1, 2022.

#### ATM Program

We have an at-the-market equity offering program (the "**\$300** **\$500** Million ATM Program" Program") pursuant to which we may issue and sell shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to **\$300.0** million **\$500.0** million (**\$142.6** **\$305.8** million remaining as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**) in amounts and at times as we determine from time to time. Prior to the implementation of the \$500 Million ATM Program, we had a previous at-the-market equity program (the "\$300 Million ATM Program"), which was substantially utilized as of September 5, 2023 and which is no longer active. We intend to use the net proceeds from the offering of the shares under the **\$300** **\$500** Million ATM Program, if any, for general corporate purposes, which may include future acquisitions, developments and redevelopments and repayment of indebtedness, including borrowings under our revolving credit facility. During **2022** **2023**, we issued an aggregate of **1,286,125** **5,152,279** shares of common stock at a weighted average offering price of **\$61.31** **\$61.15** per share under the \$300 Million ATM Program and the \$500 Million ATM Program, resulting in net proceeds of approximately **\$77.7** million **\$310.5** million and paying total compensation to the applicable sales agents of approximately **\$1.1** million **\$4.6** million.

#### Share Repurchase Program

We have a share repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to 3,000,000 shares of our outstanding common stock from time to time through December 31, 2024. Purchases made pursuant to this program, if any, will be made in either the open market or in privately negotiated transactions as permitted by federal securities laws and other legal requirements. The timing, manner, price and amount of any repurchases will be determined by us in our discretion and will be subject to economic and market conditions, stock price, applicable legal requirements and other factors. The program may be suspended or discontinued at any time. As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, we had not repurchased any shares of our common stock pursuant to our share repurchase program.

#### Dividend and Distribution Activity

On **February 7, 2023** **February 6, 2024**, our board of directors declared a cash dividend in the amount of **\$0.40** **\$0.45** per share of our common stock payable on **April 6, 2023** **April 5, 2024** to the stockholders of record as of the close of business on **March 31, 2023** **March 28, 2024**.

The following table sets forth the cash dividends paid or payable per share during the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**:

For the Three Months Ended	Security	Dividend per Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid
March 31, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.34	February 8, 2022	March 25, 2022	April 8, 2022
June 30, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.34	May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	July 14, 2022
September 30, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.40	August 2, 2022 February 7, 2023	September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023	October 14, 2022 April 6, 2023
December 31, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.40	May 2, 2023	June 30, 2023	July 14, 2023
June 30, 2023	Common stock	\$ 0.45	August 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023
September 30, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.45	November 2023	September 29, 2023	October 13, 2023
December 31, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.45	October 31, 2023	December 15, 2023	January 5, 2024

### Contractual Commitments

As of February 7, 2023 February 6, 2024, we have had one outstanding contracts contract with a third-party sellers seller to acquire four one industrial properties property for a total aggregate purchase price of \$259.5 approximately \$12.0 million, as described under the heading "Material Cash Commitments" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. There is no assurance that we will acquire the properties property under contract because the proposed acquisitions are acquisition is subject to the completion of satisfactory due diligence and various closing conditions.

### Outlook

Current operating conditions in our six markets for our business are excellent. have slowed over the last year, yet remain good within our submarkets. We believe that on average, the rental rates we are likely to achieve on new or renewed leases for our 2023 2024 expirations will be above the rates currently paid for the same space. However, new speculative development continues. This new development will slow potential rent growth from what it would be without such new development.

We see attractive acquisition opportunities. Nevertheless, our acquisition volume will be dependent on both the quality and pricing of the opportunity set and the price of our stock relative to net asset value ("NAV"). Those conditions, not knowable in advance, will determine our results. We will continue to sell assets and redeploy the capital to enhance NAV per share growth or return the capital to shareholders. We entered 2023 2024 with our balance sheet exceedingly well positioned for growth as we have no balance outstanding on our \$400.0 million revolving credit facility and a cash balance of approximately \$26.4 million \$165.4 million.

Within our six markets we have increasingly focused on urban infill locations. While our net growth will remain limited to a size where we can make directly informed operational decisions, we feel more strongly today than we did thirteen years ago about the long-term investment merits of our strategy and the growth opportunities ahead. We are mindful, always, that it is per share rather than aggregate results that matter.

We believe in the long-term operating prospects of our functional, extremely infill coastal assets. We believe in sound balance sheet management. We believe in the benefits of our market-leading corporate governance and exceptionally aligned executive management compensation. As a result, we are enthusiastic about the future and our ability to produce superior results for our shareholders over time.

Our outlook is subject to the risks set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including the risks set forth in "Item 1A - Risk Factors".

### Inflation

The U.S. economy experienced a significant increase in inflation rates throughout 2022, 2022 and 2023. A wide variety of industries and sectors are have been, and will continue to be, affected by increasing commodity prices. In recent years, inflation has increased construction costs, including tenant improvements and capital projects, goods and labor, and operating costs. Most of our leases require the tenants to pay their share of operating expenses, including common area maintenance, real estate taxes and insurance, thereby reducing our exposure to increases in costs and operating expenses resulting from inflation. In addition, leases with respect to approximately 71.1% 72.5% of our total rentable square feet expire within five years which enables us to seek to replace existing leases with new leases at the then-existing market rate.

### Supplemental Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations

The following discussion supplements and updates the disclosures under "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" in the prospectus dated February 10, 2021 contained in our Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 10, 2021 (such disclosure, the "Base Disclosure"). Capitalized terms used in this section that are not otherwise defined shall have the same meaning as when used in the Base Disclosure.

On December 29, 2022, the IRS promulgated final Treasury Regulations under Sections 897, 1441, 1445, and 1446 of the Code that were, in part, intended to coordinate various withholding regimes for non-U.S. stockholders. The new Treasury Regulations provide that:

- i. The withholding rules applicable to ordinary REIT dividends paid to a non-U.S. stockholder (generally, a 30% rate of withholding on gross amounts unless otherwise reduced by treaty or effectively connected with such non-U.S. stockholder's trade or business within the United States and proper certifications are provided) will apply to (a) that portion of any distribution paid by us that is not designated as a capital gain dividend, a return of basis or a distribution in excess of the non-U.S. stockholder's adjusted basis in its stock that is treated as gain from the disposition of such stock and (b) any portion of a capital gain dividend paid by us that is not treated as gain attributable to the sale or exchange of a U.S. real property interest by reason of the recipient not owning more than 10% of a class of our stock that is regularly traded on an established securities market during the one-year period ending on the date of the capital gain dividend.
- ii. The withholding rules under Foreign Investment in Real Property Tax Act ("FIRPTA") will apply to a distribution paid by us in excess of a non-U.S. stockholder's adjusted basis in our stock, unless the interest in our stock is not a U.S. real property interest (for example, because we are a domestically controlled qualified investment entity) or the distribution is paid to a "withholding qualified holder." A "withholding qualified holder" means a qualified holder (as defined below) and a foreign partnership all of the interests of which are held by qualified holders, including through one or more partnerships.
- iii. The withholding rules under FIRPTA will apply to any portion of a capital gain dividend paid to a non-U.S. stockholder that is attributable to the sale or exchange of a U.S. real property interest, unless it is paid to a withholding qualified holder.

In the case of FIRPTA withholding under clause (ii) above, the applicable withholding rate is currently 15%, and in the case of FIRPTA withholding under clause (iii) above, the withholding rate is currently 21%. For purposes of FIRPTA withholding under clause (iii), whether a capital gain dividend is attributable to the sale or exchange of a U.S. real property interest is determined taking into account the general exception from FIRPTA distribution treatment for distributions paid to certain non-U.S. stockholders under which any distribution paid by us to a non-U.S. stockholder with respect to any class of stock which is regularly traded on an established securities market located in the United States is not treated as gain recognized from the sale or exchange of a U.S. real property interest if such non-U.S. stockholder did not own more than 10% of such class of stock at any time during the one-year period ending on the date of such distribution. To the extent inconsistent, these Treasury Regulations supersede the discussion on withholding contained in the Base Disclosure under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—U.S. Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders." However, if, notwithstanding these Treasury Regulations, we encounter difficulties in properly characterizing a distribution for purposes of the withholding rules, we may decide to withhold on such distribution at the highest possible U.S. federal withholding rate that we determine could apply.

Additionally, the second paragraph under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—U.S. Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders—Distributions by Us" is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits (not attributable to gains from disposition of U.S. real property interests) that exceed the non-U.S. stockholder's basis in its capital stock will be taxable to a non-U.S. stockholder as gain from the sale of such stock, which is discussed below. Distributions in excess of our current or accumulated earnings and profits and not attributable to gains from our sales or exchanges of U.S. real property interests will not be taxable to a non-U.S. stockholder to the extent they do not exceed the adjusted basis of the non-U.S. stockholder in its capital stock (determined separately for each share of capital stock). Instead, they will reduce the adjusted basis of the non-U.S. stockholder in such capital stock. To the extent that such distributions exceed the adjusted basis of a non-U.S. stockholder's capital stock, they will be treated as gain from the sale or disposition of the non-U.S. stockholder's capital stock and may be subject to tax as described in the "—Sale of Stock" portion of this section below.

The new Treasury Regulations also provide new guidance regarding qualified foreign pension funds. Accordingly, the fourth paragraph under the heading "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—U.S. Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders—Sale of Stock" is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

For purposes of the effectively connected income provisions of FIRPTA, and subject to the discussion below regarding "qualified holders," neither a "qualified foreign pension fund" (as defined below) nor any entity all of the interests of which are held by a qualified foreign pension fund is treated as a foreign person, thereby exempting such entities from tax under FIRPTA. A "qualified foreign pension fund" is an organization or arrangement (i) created or organized in a foreign country, (ii) established by a foreign country (or one or more political subdivisions thereof) or one or more employers to provide retirement or pension benefits to current or former employees (including self-employed individuals) or their designees or, in consideration for, services rendered, (iii) which does not have a single participant or beneficiary that has a right to more than 5% of its assets or income, (iv) which is subject to government regulation and with respect to which annual information about its beneficiaries is provided, or is otherwise available, to relevant local tax authorities, and (v) with respect to which, under its local laws, (A) contributions that would otherwise be subject to tax are deductible or excluded from its gross income or taxed at a reduced rate, or (B) taxation of its investment income is deferred, or such income is excluded from its gross income or taxed at a reduced rate. Under Treasury Regulations, subject to the discussion below regarding "qualified holders," a "qualified controlled entity" also is not treated as a foreign person for purposes of the effectively connected income provisions of FIRPTA. A qualified controlled entity generally includes a trust or corporation organized under the laws of a foreign country all of the interests of which are held by one or more qualified foreign pension funds either directly or indirectly through one or more qualified controlled entities.

Treasury Regulations further provide that a qualified foreign pension fund or qualified controlled entity will not be exempt from FIRPTA with respect to dispositions of U.S. real property interests or REIT distributions attributable to the same unless the qualified foreign pension fund or qualified controlled entity is a "qualified holder." To be a qualified holder, a qualified foreign pension fund or qualified controlled entity must satisfy one of two alternative tests at the time of the disposition of the U.S. real property interest or the REIT distribution. Under the first test, a qualified foreign pension fund or qualified controlled entity is a qualified holder if it owned no U.S. real property interests as of the earliest date during an uninterrupted period ending on the date of the disposition or distribution during which it qualified as a qualified foreign pension fund or qualified controlled entity. Alternatively, if a qualified foreign pension fund or qualified controlled entity held U.S. real property interests as of the earliest date during the period described in the preceding sentence, it can be a qualified holder only if it satisfies certain testing period requirements.

Treasury Regulations also provide that a foreign partnership all of the interests of which are held by qualified holders, including through one or more partnerships, may certify its status as such and will not be treated as a foreign person for purposes of withholding under FIRPTA.

We intend to comply with these Treasury Regulations as applicable for any non-U.S. stockholders.

## Financial Condition and Results of Operations

We derive substantially all of our revenues from rents received from tenants under existing leases on each of our properties. These revenues include fixed base rents and recoveries of certain property operating expenses that we have incurred and that we pass through to the individual tenants. Approximately 93.5% of our leased space includes fixed rental increases or Consumer Price Index-based rental increases. Lease terms typically range from three to ten years.

Our primary cash expenses consist of our property operating expenses, which include: real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance, management expenses, insurance, utilities, general and administrative expenses, which include compensation costs, office expenses, professional fees and other administrative expenses, acquisition costs, which include third-party costs paid to brokers and consultants, and interest expense, primarily on our revolving credit facility, term loans and senior unsecured notes.

Our consolidated results of operations often are not comparable from period to period due to the impact of property acquisitions at various times during the course of such periods. The results of operations of any acquired property are included in our financial statements as of the date of its acquisition.

The analysis of our results below for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022 includes the changes attributable to same store properties. The same store pool for the comparison of the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022 includes all properties that were owned and in operation as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and since January 1, 2021, January 1, 2022 and excludes properties that were either disposed of prior to, held for sale to a third party or in development or redevelopment as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, the same store pool consisted of 197,224 buildings aggregating approximately 12.1 million 13.1 million square feet representing approximately 79.4% 81.5% of our total square feet owned and 24,36 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 91.5 113.7 acres representing approximately 56.7% 74.6% of our total acreage owned. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, the non-same store properties, which we acquired, developed or redeveloped, or sold during 2022, 2023 and 2021, 2022 or were held for sale (if any) or in development or redevelopment as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, consisted of 55,35 buildings aggregating approximately 3.1 million 3.0 million square feet, 22, nine improved land parcels consisting of approximately 69.9 38.7 acres, and three, seven properties under development or redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist and approximately 62.7 acres of one building of approximately 34,000 square feet and two improved land parcels aggregating approximately 12.1 acres, entitled for future development. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, our consolidated same store pool occupancy was approximately 99.5% 98.5% and 98.1% 98.8%, respectively.

Our future financial condition and results of operations, including rental revenues, straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles, may be impacted by the acquisitions of additional properties, and expenses may vary materially from historical results.

## Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 to the Year Ended December 31, 2021, December 31, 2022:

		For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,			
		2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2023	2022		\$
		(Dollars in thousands)				(Dollars in thousands)			
Rental revenues <sup>1</sup>	Rental revenues <sup>1</sup>								
Same store	Same store	\$166,590	\$155,955	\$ 10,635	6.8 %				
Same store	Same store								
Same store	Same store					\$208,555	\$ 193,858		\$ 14,697
Non-same store	Non-same store								
operating properties <sup>2</sup>	operating properties <sup>2</sup>	52,758	20,144	32,614	161.9 %	46,840	25,490	25,490	21,350
Total rental	Total rental								
revenues	revenues	219,348	176,099	43,249	24.6 %	255,395	219,348	219,348	36,047
Tenant expense	Tenant expense								
reimbursements <sup>1</sup>	reimbursements <sup>1</sup>								
Same store	Same store								
Same store	Same store								
Same store	Same store	45,040	40,777	4,263	10.5 %	54,611	50,557	50,557	4,054
Non-same store	Non-same store								
operating properties <sup>2</sup>	operating properties <sup>2</sup>	11,824	5,054	6,770	134.0 %	13,584	6,307	6,307	7,277

Total tenant expense reimbursements	Total tenant expense reimbursements	56,864	45,831	11,033	24.1 %	Total tenant expense reimbursements	68,195	56,864	56,864	11,331
Total revenues	Total revenues	276,212	221,930	54,282	24.5 %	Total revenues	323,590	276,212	276,212	47,378
Property operating expenses	Property operating expenses									
Same store	Same store	52,473	48,529	3,944	8.1 %					
Same store							62,239		59,315	
Non-same store operating properties <sup>2</sup>	Non-same store operating properties <sup>2</sup>	16,430	7,719	8,711	112.9 %	Non-same store operating properties <sup>2</sup>	16,846	9,588	9,588	7,258
Total property operating expenses	Total property operating expenses	68,903	56,248	12,655	22.5 %	Total property operating expenses	79,085	68,903	68,903	10,182
Net operating income <sup>3</sup>	Net operating income <sup>3</sup>									
Same store	Same store	159,157	148,203	10,954	7.4 %					
Same store							200,927		185,100	15,827
Non-same store operating properties <sup>2</sup>	Non-same store operating properties <sup>2</sup>	48,152	17,479	30,673	175.5 %	Non-same store operating properties <sup>2</sup>	43,578	22,209	22,209	21,369
Total net operating income	Total net operating income	\$207,309	\$165,682	\$ 41,627	25.1 %	Total net operating income	\$244,505	\$ 207,309	\$ 207,309	\$ 37,196
Other costs and expenses	Other costs and expenses									
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization									
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	65,763	50,687	15,076	29.7 %	Depreciation and amortization	73,219	65,763	65,763	7,456
General and administrative	General and administrative	31,192	26,964	4,228	15.7 %	General and administrative	37,935	31,192	31,192	6,743
Acquisition costs and other	Acquisition costs and other	1,465	172	1,293	751.7 %	Acquisition costs and other	218	1,465	1,465	(1,247)
Total other costs and expenses	Total other costs and expenses	98,420	77,823	20,597	26.5 %	Total other costs and expenses	111,372	98,420	98,420	12,952
Other income (expense)	Other income (expense)									
Interest and other income	Interest and other income	809	822	(13)	(1.6) %					
Interest and other income							4,964		809	
Interest expense, including amortization	Interest expense, including amortization	(23,850)	(18,054)	(5,796)	32.1 %	Interest expense, including amortization	(24,796)	(23,850)	(23,850)	(946)
Gain on sales of real estate investments	Gain on sales of real estate investments	112,166	16,627	95,539	574.6 %					
Gain on sales of real estate investments							38,156		112,166	(74,010)
Total other income (expense)	Total other income (expense)	89,125	(605)	89,730	n/a	Total other income (expense)	18,324	89,125	89,125	(70,801)
Net income	Net income	\$198,014	\$ 87,254	\$110,760	126.9 %	Net income	\$151,457	\$ 198,014	\$ 198,014	\$ (46,557)

<sup>1</sup> Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2018-11, Leases (Topic 842), Targeted Improvements, allows us to elect not to separate lease and non-lease rental income. All rental income earned pursuant to tenant leases is reflected as one line, "Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements" on our accompanying consolidated statements of operations. We believe that the above presentation of rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements is not, and is not intended to be, a presentation in

accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). We believe this information is frequently used by management, investors, and other interested parties to evaluate our performance. See "Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies" in our notes to consolidated financial statements for more information regarding our adoption of this standard.

- 2 Includes 2021 2022 and 2022 2023 acquisitions and dispositions, 22 nine improved land parcels, and three seven properties under development or redevelopment as and approximately 62.7 acres of December 31, 2022 land entitled for future development.
- 3 Includes straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a definition and reconciliation of net operating income and same store net operating income from net income and a discussion of why we believe net operating income and same store net operating income are useful supplemental measures of our operating performance.

**Revenues.** Total revenues increased approximately \$54.3 million \$47.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year due primarily to increased revenue on new and renewed leases and property acquisitions during 2022 2023 and 2021 and an increase in occupancy rate. 2022. Cash rents on new and renewed leases totaling approximately 2.2 million 2.1 million square feet and 19.1 11.4 acres commencing during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 increased approximately 49.5% 55.5% compared to the prior year. For the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, approximately \$7.5 \$7.7 million and \$5.3 \$7.5 million, respectively, was recorded in straight-line rental revenues related to contractual rent abatements given to certain tenants and approximately \$0.9 \$0.6 million and \$1.0 \$0.9 million, respectively, was recorded in lease termination revenue.

**Property operating expenses.** Total property operating expenses increased approximately \$12.7 million \$10.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year. The increase in total property operating expenses was primarily due to an increase of approximately \$8.7 \$7.3 million attributable to property acquisitions during 2022 2023 and 2021 2022 as well as increases in insurance premiums and real estate taxes related to annual rate increases and utilities expenses incurred at certain of our properties. increases.

**Depreciation and amortization.** Depreciation and amortization increased approximately \$15.1 million \$7.5 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year primarily due to property acquisitions during 2022 2023 and 2021 and the sale of four properties during the year ended December 31, 2022, 2022.

**General and administrative expenses.** General and administrative expenses increased approximately \$4.2 million \$6.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year primarily due to increased compensation expenses including increased restricted stock amortization, LTIP expense and other compensation expenses, including an increase in bonus expense, and an increase in the number of employees and salaries compared to the prior year.

**Acquisition costs and other.** Acquisition costs and other increased decreased approximately \$1.3 \$1.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year primarily due to environmental remediation at our Avenue A property of approximately \$1.0 million during the year ended December 31, 2022.

**Interest and other income.** Interest and other income for increased approximately \$4.2 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 remained consistent with December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year. year primarily due to higher interest rates on our cash and cash equivalent balances.

**Interest expense, including amortization.** Interest expense increased approximately \$5.8 million \$0.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year. This increase was primarily due to borrowing the full amount available under the new \$100.0 million unsecured term loan on September 2, 2022, more borrowings on our revolving credit facility throughout the year ended December 31, 2022 compared to the prior year and higher average interest rates on the unsecured term loans and revolving credit facility, throughout partially offset by an increase in capitalized interest for the development and redevelopment properties during the year ended December 31, 2022 compared to the prior year. The increase was partially offset by the repayment of \$50.0 million of senior unsecured notes on August 1, 2022 that bore interest at 4.23% and repayment of all borrowings on the revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

**Gain on sales of real estate investments.** Gain on sales of real estate investments increased decreased approximately \$95.5 million \$74.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year. We recognized an aggregate gain of approximately \$112.2 million \$38.2 million from the sale of four properties during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, as compared to an aggregate gain of approximately \$16.6 million \$112.2 million from the sale of two four properties in the prior year.

#### Comparison of the Year Ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022 to the Year Ended December 31, 2020 December 31, 2021:

Discussion of the year ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022 compared to the year ended December 31, 2020 December 31, 2021 was included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022 on page 37 39 under Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission SEC on February 9, 2022 February 8, 2023.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The primary objective of our financing strategy is to maintain financial flexibility with a conservative capital structure using retained cash flows, proceeds from dispositions of properties, long-term debt and the issuance of common and perpetual preferred stock to finance our growth. Over the long-term, we intend to:

- limit the sum of the outstanding principal amount of our consolidated indebtedness and the liquidation preference of any outstanding perpetual preferred stock to less than 35% of our total enterprise value;
- maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio in excess of 2.0x;
- maintain a net debt-to-adjusted EBITDA ratio below 6.0x; 5.0x;



- limit the principal amount of our outstanding floating rate debt to less than 20% of our total consolidated indebtedness; and
- have staggered debt maturities that are aligned to our expected average lease term (five to seven years), positioning us to re-price parts of our capital structure as our rental rates change with market conditions.

We intend to preserve a flexible capital structure with a long-term goal to maintain our investment grade rating and be in a position to issue additional unsecured debt and perpetual preferred stock. Fitch Ratings assigned us an issuer rating of BBB with a **stable positive** outlook. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current credit rating. Our credit rating can affect the amount and type of capital we can access, as well as the terms of any financings we may obtain. In the event our current credit rating is downgraded, it may become difficult or expensive to obtain additional financing or refinance existing obligations and commitments. We intend to primarily utilize senior unsecured notes, term loans, credit facilities, dispositions of properties, and proceeds from the issuance of common stock and perpetual preferred stock. We may also assume debt in connection with property acquisitions which may have a higher loan-to-value ratio.

We expect to meet our short-term liquidity requirements generally through net cash provided by operations, existing cash balances and, if necessary, short-term borrowings under our revolving credit facility. We believe that our net cash provided by operations will be adequate to fund operating requirements, pay interest on any borrowings and fund distributions in accordance with the REIT requirements of the federal income tax laws. In the near-term, we intend to fund future investments in properties, **property developments and redevelopments and scheduled debt maturities** with cash on hand, term loans, senior unsecured notes, **mortgages**, borrowings under our revolving credit facility, perpetual preferred and common stock issuances and, from time to time, property dispositions. We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements, including with respect to other investments in industrial properties, property acquisitions, property **developments and redevelopments**, renovations and expansions and scheduled debt maturities, through borrowings under our revolving credit facility, periodic issuances of common stock, perpetual preferred stock, and long-term unsecured and secured debt, and, from time to time, with proceeds from the disposition of properties. The success of our acquisition strategy may depend, in part, on our ability to obtain and borrow under our revolving credit facility and to access additional capital through issuances of equity and debt securities.

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

#### Equity Sources of Liquidity

On February 13, 2023, we completed a public offering of 5,750,000 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$62.50, which included the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase an additional 750,000 shares. The net proceeds of the offering were approximately \$355.9 million after deducting the underwriting discount and offering costs of approximately \$3.5 million. We used the net proceeds for acquisitions.

The following sets forth certain information regarding our current at-the-market common stock offering program as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**:

ATM	ATM			ATM			
Stock	Stock		Maximum Aggregate	Stock		Maximum Aggregate	
Offering	Offering		Offering Price (in	Offering		Offering Price (in	Aggregate Common Stock
Program	Program	Date Implemented	thousands)	Program	Date Implemented	thousands)	Available (in thousands)
	\$300 Million						
ATM Program		June 11, 2021	\$ 300,000				\$ 142,583
	\$500						
	Million						
	ATM						
	Program						

The following table **below** sets forth the activity under our at-the-market common stock offering programs during the years ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, respectively:

For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended	Shares Sold	Weighted Average Price Per Share	Net Proceeds (in thousands)	Sales Commissions (in thousands)
For the Year Ended					
For the Year Ended		Shares Sold	Weighted Average Price Per Share	Net Proceeds (in thousands)	Sales Commissions (in thousands)
December 31, 2023					
December 31, 2022	December 31, 2022	1,286,125	\$ 61.31	\$ 77,707	\$ 1,143





<b>Total Debt, net</b>	<b>Total Debt, net</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$198,993</b>	<b>\$571,825</b>	<b>\$770,818</b>	<b>Total Debt, net</b>	<b>\$—</b>	<b>\$199,145</b>	<b>\$572,418</b>	<b>\$771,563</b>
Weighted average interest rate	Weighted average interest rate	N/A	5.5%	3.1%	3.7%	Weighted average interest rate	n/a	6.6%	3.1%	4.0%

As of December 31, 2022				As of December 31, 2021			
As of December 31, 2023				As of December 31, 2022			
Total Debt, net	Total Debt, net	\$ 770,818	\$ 720,670	Total Debt, net	\$ 771,563	\$ 770,818	
Equity	Equity						
Common Stock	Common Stock						
Common Stock							
Common Stock							
Shares Outstanding 1							
Shares Outstanding 1							
Shares Outstanding 1	Shares Outstanding 1	76,881,147	75,344,302		87,995,761	76,881,147	
Market Price 2	Market Price 2	\$ 56.87	\$ 85.29	Market Price 2	\$ 62.67	\$ 56.87	
Total Equity	Total Equity	4,372,231	6,426,116	Total Equity	5,514,694	4,372,231	
Total Market Capitalization	Total Market Capitalization	\$ 5,143,049	\$ 7,146,786	Total Market Capitalization	\$ 6,286,257	\$ 5,143,049	
Total Debt-to-Total Investments in Properties 3	Total Debt-to-Total Investments in Properties 3	22.7%	24.5%	Total Debt-to-Total Investments in Properties 3	19.1%	22.7%	
Total Debt-to-Total Market Capitalization 4	Total Debt-to-Total Market Capitalization 4	15.0%	10.1%				
Total Debt-to-Total Market Capitalization 4							
Total Debt-to-Total Market Capitalization 4							
Floating Rate Debt as a % of Total Debt 5	Floating Rate Debt as a % of Total Debt 5	25.8%	13.8%	Floating Rate Debt as a % of Total Debt 5	25.8%	25.8%	
Net Income							
Net Income							
Net Income	Net Income	\$ 198,014	\$ 87,254	\$ 151,457	\$ 198,014		
Adjusted EBITDA 6	Adjusted EBITDA 6	\$ 187,097	\$ 149,094	Adjusted EBITDA 6	\$ 225,000	\$ 187,097	
Interest Coverage 7	Interest Coverage 7	7.8	x 8.3	Interest Coverage 7	9.1	7.8	x
Fixed Charge Coverage 8	Fixed Charge Coverage 8	7.1	x 8.0	Fixed Charge Coverage 8	6.8	7.1	x
Total Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA 9							
Total Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA 9							

Net Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA <sup>9</sup>		Net Debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA <sup>9</sup>		2.6	x	3.6	x
Weighted Average Maturity of Total Debt (years)	Weighted Average Maturity of Total Debt (years)	5.3	5.9				

- Includes 356,632 419,057 and 289,186 356,632 shares of unvested restricted stock outstanding as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively. Also includes 417,665 508,663 and 275,727 417,665 shares held in the Deferred Compensation Plan as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.
- Closing price of a share of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange on December 30, 2022 December 29, 2023 and 2021, December 30, 2022, respectively, in dollars per share.
- Total debt-to-total investments in properties is calculated as total debt, including premiums and net of deferred financing costs, divided by total investments in properties.
- Total debt-to-total market capitalization is calculated as total debt, including premiums and net of deferred financing costs, divided by total market capitalization.
- Floating rate debt as a percentage of total debt is calculated as floating rate debt, including premiums and net of deferred financing costs, divided by total debt, including premiums and net of deferred financing costs.
- Earnings before interest, taxes, gains (losses) from sales of property, depreciation and amortization, acquisition costs and stock-based compensation ("Adjusted EBITDA") for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a definition and reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA from net income and a discussion of why we believe Adjusted EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance.
- Interest coverage is calculated as Adjusted EBITDA divided by interest expense, including amortization. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a definition and reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA from net income and a discussion of why we believe Adjusted EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance.
- Fixed charge coverage is calculated as Adjusted EBITDA divided by interest expense, including amortization plus capitalized interest. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a definition and reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA from net income and a discussion of why we believe Adjusted EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance.
- Total Net debt-to-Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as total debt, including premiums and net of deferred financing costs and cash and cash equivalents, divided by annualized Adjusted EBITDA. See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for a definition and reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA from net income and a discussion of why we believe Adjusted EBITDA is a useful supplemental measure of our operating performance.

The following table sets forth the cash dividends paid or payable per share during the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022:

For the Three Months Ended		Dividend per Share				
Security	Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid		
March 31, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.40	February 7, 2023	March 31, 2023	April 6, 2023	
June 30, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.40	May 2, 2023	June 30, 2023	July 14, 2023	
September 30, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.45	August 1, 2023	September 29, 2023	October 13, 2023	
December 31, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.45	October 31, 2023	December 15, 2023	January 5, 2024	

For the Three Months Ended		Dividend per Share				
Security	per Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid		
March 31, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.34	February 8, 2022	March 25, 2022	April 8, 2022	
June 30, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.34	May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	July 14, 2022	
September 30, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.40	August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	October 14, 2022	
December 31, 2022	Common stock	\$ 0.40	November 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023	

For the Three Months Ended		Dividend per Share				
Security	per Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid		
March 31, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.29	February 9, 2021	March 26, 2021	April 9, 2021	
June 30, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.29	May 4, 2021	June 30, 2021	July 14, 2021	
September 30, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.34	August 3, 2021	October 1, 2021	October 15, 2021	
December 31, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.34	November 2, 2021	December 15, 2021	January 5, 2022	

## Sources and Uses of Cash

Our principal sources of cash are cash from operations, borrowings under loans payable, draws on our Amended Facility, common and preferred stock issuances, proceeds from property dispositions and issuances of unsecured notes. Our principal uses of cash are asset acquisitions, debt service, capital expenditures, operating costs, corporate overhead costs and common stock dividends.

**Cash From Operating Activities.** Net cash provided by operating activities totaled approximately \$179.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to approximately \$143.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 compared to approximately \$132.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. This increase in cash provided by operating activities is primarily attributable to additional cash flows generated from the properties acquired during 2022 2023 and 2021 2022 and increased rents on new and renewed leases at our same store properties.

**Cash From Investing Activities.** Net cash used in investing activities was approximately \$337.7 million \$570.4 million and \$666.4 million \$337.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively, which consisted primarily of cash paid for property acquisitions of approximately \$407.6 million \$466.8 million and \$645.0 million \$407.6 million, respectively, additions to capital improvements of approximately \$92.2 million \$176.6 million and \$62.6 million \$92.2 million, respectively, and was partially offset by net proceeds from sales of real estate investments dispositions of approximately \$162.1 \$73.1 million and \$41.1 \$162.1 million, respectively.

**Cash From Financing Activities.** Net cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$528.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, which consisted primarily of approximately \$666.3 million in net proceeds from the issuance of common stock, partially offset by approximately \$135.9 million in equity dividend payments. Net cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$17.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, which consisted primarily of borrowing the full amount available under the new \$100.0 million unsecured term loan and approximately \$77.7 million \$77.7 million in net proceeds from the issuance of common stock, partially offset by payment of a \$50.0 million \$50.0 million tranche of the senior unsecured notes, Senior Unsecured Notes, and approximately \$107.4 million in equity dividend payments. Net cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$631.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, which consisted primarily of approximately \$456.7 million in net proceeds from the issuance of common stock and the issuance of approximately \$275.0 million of senior unsecured notes, partially offset by approximately \$84.6 million in equity dividend payments and approximately \$11.3 million in mortgage loan payments.

## Critical Accounting Policies And Estimates

Below is a discussion of the accounting policies that we believe are critical. We believe that the following discussion addresses our most critical accounting policies, which are those that are most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, subjective and complex judgments. These judgments will affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and our disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Applying different estimates or assumptions may result in materially different amounts reported in our financial statements.

**Capitalization of Costs.** We capitalize costs directly related to the development, redevelopment, renovation and expansion of our investment in real estate. Costs associated with such projects are capitalized as incurred. If the project is abandoned, these costs are expensed during the period in which the development, redevelopment or expansion project is abandoned. Costs considered for capitalization include, but are not limited to, construction costs, interest, real estate taxes and insurance, if appropriate. These

costs are capitalized only during the period in which activities necessary to ready an asset for its

intended use are in progress. In the event that the activities to ready the asset for its intended use are suspended, the capitalization period will cease until such activities are resumed. Costs incurred for maintaining and repairing properties, which do not extend their useful lives, are expensed as incurred.

Interest is capitalized based on actual capital expenditures from the period when development, redevelopment, renovation or expansion commences until the asset is ready for its intended use, at the weighted average borrowing rate during the period.

**Property Acquisitions. Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business** requires that when substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired (or disposed of) is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or a group of similar identifiable assets, the integrated set of assets and activities is not considered a business. To be a business, the set of acquired activities and assets must include inputs and one or more substantive processes that together contribute to the ability to create outputs. We have determined that our real estate property acquisitions will generally be accounted for as asset acquisitions under the clarified definition. Upon acquisition of a property we estimate the fair value of acquired tangible assets (consisting generally of land, buildings and improvements) and intangible assets and liabilities (consisting generally of the above and below-market leases and the origination value of all in-place leases). We determine fair values using Level 3 inputs such as replacement cost, estimated cash flow projections and other valuation techniques and applying appropriate discount and capitalization rates based on available market information. Mortgage loans assumed in connection with acquisitions are recorded at their fair value using current market interest rates for similar debt at the date of acquisition. Acquisition-related costs associated with asset acquisitions are capitalized to individual tangible and intangible assets and liabilities assumed on a relative fair value basis and acquisition-related costs associated with business combinations are expensed as incurred.

The fair value of the tangible assets is determined by valuing the property as if it were vacant. Land values are derived from current comparative sales values, when available, or management's estimates of the fair value based on market conditions and the experience of our management team. Building and improvement values are calculated as replacement cost less depreciation, or management's estimates of the fair value of these assets using discounted cash flow analyses or similar methods. The fair value of the above

and below-market leases is based on the present value of the difference between the contractual amounts to be received pursuant to the acquired leases (using a discount rate that reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) and our estimate of the market lease rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the leases plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options. The above and below-market lease values are amortized to rental revenues over the remaining initial term plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options that are considered bargain renewal options of the respective leases. The origination value of in-place leases is based on costs to execute similar leases, including commissions and other related costs. The origination value of in-place leases also includes real estate taxes, insurance and an estimate of lost rental revenue at market rates during the estimated time required to lease up the property from vacant to the occupancy level at the date of acquisition.

**Impairment.** Carrying values for financial reporting purposes are reviewed for impairment on a property-by-property basis whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a property may not be fully recoverable. Examples of such events or changes in circumstances may include classifying an asset to be held for sale, changing the intended hold period or when an asset remains vacant significantly longer than expected. The intended use of an asset either held for sale or held for use can significantly impact how impairment is measured. If an asset is intended to be held for the long-term, the recoverability is based on the undiscounted future cash flows. If the asset carrying value is not supported on an undiscounted future cash flow basis, then the asset carrying value is measured against the lower of cost or the present value of expected cash flows over the expected hold period. An impairment charge to earnings is recognized for the excess of the asset's carrying value over the lower of cost or the present values of expected cash flows over the expected hold period. If an asset is intended to be sold, impairment is determined using the estimated fair value less costs to sell. The estimation of expected future net cash flows is inherently uncertain and relies on assumptions, among other things, regarding current and future economic and market conditions and the availability of capital. We determine the estimated fair values based on its assumptions regarding rental rates, lease-up and holding periods, as well as sales prices. When available, current market information is used to determine capitalization and rental growth rates. If available, current comparative sales values may also be used to establish fair value. When market information is not readily available, the inputs are based on our understanding of market conditions and the experience of our management team. Actual results could differ significantly from our estimates. The discount rates used in the fair value estimates represent a rate commensurate with the indicated holding period with a premium layered on for risk.

**Revenue Recognition.** We record rental revenue from operating leases on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases and maintain an allowance for estimated losses that may result from the inability of our tenants to make required payments. If tenants fail to make contractual lease payments that are greater than our allowance for doubtful accounts, security deposits and letters of credit, then we may have to recognize additional doubtful account charges in future periods. We monitor the liquidity and creditworthiness of our tenants on an on-going basis by reviewing their financial condition periodically as appropriate.

Each period we review our outstanding accounts receivable, including straight-line rents, for doubtful accounts and provide

allowances as needed. We also record lease termination fees when a tenant has executed a definitive termination agreement with us and the payment of the termination fee is not subject to any conditions that must be met or waived before the fee is due to us. If a tenant remains in the leased space following the execution of a definitive termination agreement, the applicable termination will be deferred and recognized over the term of such tenant's occupancy.

Tenant expense reimbursement income includes payments and amounts due from tenants pursuant to their leases for real estate taxes, insurance and other recoverable property operating expenses and is recognized as revenues during the same period the related expenses are incurred.

**Income Taxes.** We elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code and operate as such beginning with our taxable year ended December 31, 2010. To qualify as a REIT, we must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of our annual REIT taxable income to our stockholders (which is computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction or net capital gain and which does not necessarily equal net income as calculated in accordance with GAAP). As a REIT, we generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent we distribute qualifying dividends to our stockholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, we will be subject to federal income tax on our taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates and generally will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification is lost unless the IRS grants us relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect our net income and net cash available for distribution to stockholders. However, we believe we are organized and operate in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT.

**Stock-Based Compensation and Other Long-Term Incentive Compensation.** We follow the provisions of ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, to account for our stock-based compensation plan, which requires that the compensation cost relating to stock-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements and that the cost be measured on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. Our 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2019 Plan") provides for the grant of restricted stock awards, performance share awards, unrestricted shares or any combination of the foregoing. Stock-based compensation is recognized as a general and administrative expense in the financial statements and measured at the fair value of the award on the date of grant. We estimate the forfeiture rate based on historical experience as well as expected behavior. The amount of the expense may be subject to adjustment in future periods depending on the specific characteristics of the stock-based award.

In addition, we have awarded long-term incentive target awards (the "Performance Share awards") under the Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan (as amended and restated, the "Amended LTIP"), which we amended and restated on January 8, 2019, to our executives that are payable in shares of our common stock after the conclusion of each pre-established performance measurement period, which is generally three years. The amount that may be earned is variable depending on the relative total shareholder return of our stock as compared to the total shareholder return of the MSCI U.S. REIT Index (RMS) and the FTSE Nareit Equity Industrial Index over the pre-established performance measurement period. Under the Amended LTIP, each participant's Performance Share award granted on or after January 1, 2019 will be expressed as a number of shares of common stock and settled in shares of common stock. Target awards were previously expressed as a dollar amount and settled in shares of common stock. Commencing with Performance Share awards granted on or after January 1, 2019, the grant date fair value of the Performance Share awards will be determined under current accounting

treatment using a Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant and recognized on a straight-line basis over the performance period. For Performance Share awards granted prior to January 1, 2019, we estimate the fair value of the Performance Share awards using a Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant and at each reporting period. The Performance Share awards granted prior to January 1, 2019 are recognized as compensation expense over the requisite performance period based on the fair value of the Performance Share awards at the balance sheet date, which varies quarter to quarter based on our relative share price performance, and are included as a component of Performance Share awards payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

#### Material Cash Commitments

As of February 7, 2023 February 6, 2024, we had four one outstanding contracts contract with a third-party sellers seller to acquire four one industrial properties property for a total purchase price of \$259.5 approximately \$12.0 million. There is no assurance that we will acquire the properties property under contract because the proposed acquisitions are acquisition is subject to the completion of satisfactory due diligence and various closing conditions.

One of our purchase contracts is for the acquisition, for a total purchase price of approximately \$173.6 million, of a 121-acre project entitled for 2.2 million square feet of industrial distribution buildings in Miami's Countyline Corporate Park ("Countyline"), immediately adjacent to our seven fully-leased buildings within Countyline. The project, a landfill redevelopment adjacent to Florida's Turnpike and the southern terminus of I-75, is 29.8% pre-leased with one 191,000 square foot rear-load industrial distribution building and one 506,000 square foot cross-dock industrial distribution building under construction. The pre-leased buildings are expected to generate an estimated stabilized cap rate of 5.0% and the remaining eight entitled buildings an estimated stabilized cap rate of 6.0% upon completion. At expected completion in 2025 the project is expected to contain ten LEED-certified industrial distribution buildings totaling approximately 2.2 million square feet for a total expected investment of approximately \$491.1 million. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – 2022 Developments – Acquisition Activity" for more information regarding stabilized capitalization rates, including in footnote 2 to the table contained in that section.

The following table summarizes our material cash commitments due by period as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 (dollars in thousands):

Material Cash Commitments	Material Cash Commitments	Material				Material Cash Commitments	Material	
		Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More than 5 Years		Less than 1 Year	3 Year
Debt	Debt	\$ —	\$ 100,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 775,000		
Debt	Debt							
interest	interest							
payments	payments	18,015	32,280	26,535	21,808	98,638		
Operating	Operating							
lease	lease							
commitments	commitments	657	1,374	1,410	840	4,282		
Purchase	Purchase							
obligations 1	obligations 1	259,545	—	—	—	259,545		
Purchase obligations 1	Purchase obligations 1							
Purchase obligations 1	Purchase obligations 1							
Total	Total	\$ 278,217	\$ 133,654	\$ 227,945	\$ 497,648	\$ 1,137,465		

1 As of February 7, 2023 February 6, 2024

#### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use the following non-GAAP financial measures that we believe are useful to investors as key supplemental measures of our operating performance: funds from operations, or FFO, Adjusted EBITDA, net operating income, or NOI, same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI. FFO, Adjusted EBITDA, NOI, same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with GAAP. Further, our computation of FFO, Adjusted EBITDA, NOI, same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI may not be comparable to FFO, Adjusted EBITDA, NOI, same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI reported by other companies.

We compute FFO in accordance with standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("Nareit"), Nareit, which defines FFO as net income (loss) (determined in accordance with GAAP), excluding gains (losses) from sales of property and impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate, plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures (which are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis). We believe that presenting FFO provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance because it is a measure of our operations without regard to specified non-cash items, such as real estate depreciation and amortization and gain or loss on sale of assets.

We believe that FFO is a meaningful supplemental measure of our operating performance because historical cost accounting for real estate assets in accordance with GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. Since real estate values have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors and analysts have considered the presentation of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting alone to be insufficient. As a result, we believe that the use of FFO, together with the required GAAP presentations, provide a more complete understanding of our operating performance.

The following table reflects the calculation of FFO reconciled from net income for the three months and years ended **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023**, **2022** and **2021** and **2020**:

	For the Three Months Ended December				For the Three Months Ended December			
	31,		\$ Change	% Change	31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2022	2021			2021	2020		
Net income	\$ 58,880	\$ 32,259	\$ 26,621	82.5 %	\$ 32,259	\$ 13,513	\$ 18,746	138.7 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(36,118)	(13,442)	(22,676)	168.7 %	(13,442)	—	(13,442)	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	18,536	13,707	4,829	35.2 %	13,707	11,192	2,515	22.5 %
Non-real estate depreciation	(16)	(22)	6	(27.3)%	(22)	(11)	(11)	n/a
Allocation to participating securities <sup>1</sup>	(192)	(126)	(66)	52.4 %	(126)	(73)	(53)	72.6 %
Funds from operations attributable to common stockholders <sup>2</sup>	\$ 41,090	\$ 32,376	\$ 8,714	26.9 %	\$ 32,376	\$ 24,621	\$ 7,755	31.5 %
Basic FFO per common share	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.10	22.7 %	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.08	22.2 %
Diluted FFO per common share	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.10	22.7 %	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.36	\$ 0.08	22.2 %
Weighted average basic common shares	76,048,579	73,380,519			73,380,519	68,245,315		
Weighted average diluted common shares	76,145,382	73,735,244			73,735,244	68,652,454		
	For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,			
	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2021	2020	\$ Change	% Change
	2022	2021			2021	2020		
Net income	\$ 198,014	\$ 87,254	\$ 110,760	126.9 %	\$ 87,254	\$ 79,795	\$ 7,459	9.3 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(112,166)	(16,627)	(95,539)	574.6 %	(16,627)	(26,766)	10,139	(37.9)%
Depreciation and amortization	65,763	50,687	15,076	29.7 %	50,687	45,875	4,812	10.5 %
Non-real estate depreciation	(72)	(74)	2	(2.7)%	(74)	(70)	(4)	5.7 %
Allocation to participating securities <sup>1</sup>	(656)	(428)	(228)	53.3 %	(428)	(496)	68	(13.7)%
Funds from operations attributable to common stockholders <sup>2</sup>	\$ 150,883	\$ 120,812	\$ 30,071	24.9 %	\$ 120,812	\$ 98,338	\$ 22,474	22.9 %
Basic FFO per common share	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.71	\$ 0.29	17.0 %	\$ 1.71	\$ 1.45	\$ 0.26	17.9 %
Diluted FFO per common share	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.71	\$ 0.29	17.0 %	\$ 1.71	\$ 1.44	\$ 0.27	18.8 %
Weighted average basic common shares	75,498,107	70,534,202			70,534,202	67,762,927		
Weighted average diluted common shares	75,586,480	70,793,670			70,793,670	68,170,066		

(dollars in thousands except per share data):

	For the Three Months Ended December				For the Three Months Ended December 31,			
	31,		\$ Change	% Change	31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2023	2022			2022	2021		
Net income	\$ 57,557	\$ 58,880	\$ (1,323)	(2.2)%	\$ 58,880	\$ 32,259	\$ 26,621	82.5 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(25,899)	(36,118)	10,219	(28.3)%	(36,118)	(13,442)	(22,676)	168.7 %
Depreciation and amortization	18,583	18,536	47	0.3 %	18,536	13,707	4,829	35.2 %

Non-real estate depreciation	(40)	(16)	(24)	150.0 %	(16)	(22)	6	(27.3) %
Allocation to participating securities <sup>1</sup>	(243)	(192)	(51)	26.6 %	(192)	(126)	(66)	52.4 %
FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$ 49,958	\$ 41,090	\$ 8,868	21.6 %	\$ 41,090	\$ 32,376	\$ 8,714	26.9 %
Basic FFO per common share	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.04	7.4 %	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.10	22.7 %
Diluted FFO per common share	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.04	7.4 %	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.10	22.7 %
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	85,550,842	76,048,579			76,048,579	73,380,519		
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	85,647,463	76,145,382			76,145,382	73,735,244		
For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,				
	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Net income	\$ 151,457	\$ 198,014	\$ (46,557)	(23.5) %	\$ 198,014	\$ 87,254	\$ 110,760	126.9 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(38,156)	(112,166)	74,010	(66.0) %	(112,166)	(16,627)	(95,539)	574.6 %
Depreciation and amortization	73,219	65,763	7,456	11.3 %	65,763	50,687	15,076	29.7 %
Non-real estate depreciation	(147)	(72)	(75)	104.2 %	(72)	(74)	2	(2.7) %
Allocation to participating securities <sup>1</sup>	(876)	(656)	(220)	33.5 %	(656)	(428)	(228)	53.3 %
FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$ 185,497	\$ 150,883	\$ 34,614	22.9 %	\$ 150,883	\$ 120,812	\$ 30,071	24.9 %
Basic FFO per common share	\$ 2.23	\$ 2.00	\$ 0.23	11.5 %	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.71	\$ 0.29	17.0 %
Diluted FFO per common share	\$ 2.22	\$ 2.00	\$ 0.22	11.0 %	\$ 2.00	\$ 1.71	\$ 0.29	17.0 %
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	83,169,028	75,498,107			75,498,107	70,534,202		
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	83,371,099	75,586,480			75,586,480	70,793,670		

<sup>1</sup> To be consistent with our policies of determining whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities and accounting for earnings per share, the FFO per common share is adjusted for FFO distributed through declared dividends (if any) and allocated to all participating securities (weighted average common

shares outstanding and unvested restricted shares outstanding) under the two-class method. Under this method, allocations were made to 419,230, 356,796 288,976 and 203,729 288,976 of weighted average unvested restricted shares outstanding for

the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020 2021, respectively, and 393,059, 322,866 245,075 and 341,673 245,075 of weighted average unvested restricted shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and 2020, respectively.

<sup>2</sup> Includes performance share award expense of approximately \$1.3 million, \$1.3 million and \$2.9 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and approximately \$4.5 million, \$5.3 million and \$6.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020, respectively. See "Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity" in our notes to consolidated financial statements for more information regarding our performance share awards.

FFO increased by approximately \$8.7 million \$8.9 million and \$30.1 million \$34.6 million for the three months and year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively, compared to the same periods from the prior year due primarily to property acquisitions during 2021 2022 and 2022 2023 as well as same store NOI growth of approximately \$2.5 million \$3.0 million and \$11.0 million \$15.8 million for the three months and year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively, compared to the same periods from the prior year. The FFO increase was partially offset by increased weighted average common shares outstanding, increased interest expense due to higher average interest rates on the unsecured term loans and credit facility and increased general and administrative expenses due expenses. In addition, approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million of bad debt expense related to increased restricted stock amortization and other compensation expenses, including an increase in bonus expense and an increase in the number of employees and salaries DirectBuy Home Improvement was recorded for the three months and year ended December 31, 2022 compared to the same periods from the prior year. Acquisition costs and other also increased for the year ended December 31, 2022 due to environmental remediation at our Avenue A property. Additionally,



for December 31, 2023, respectively. During the three months ended December 31, 2022, we wrote off \$2.0 million in below market leases related to early lease terminations at multiple properties. properties and during the year ended December 31, 2022, acquisition costs and other increased due to environmental remediation at our Avenue A property.

We compute Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, gain on sales of real estate investments, acquisition costs and stock-based compensation. We believe that presenting Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to investors regarding our operating performance because it is a measure of our operations on an unleveraged basis before the effects of tax, gain (loss) on sales of real estate investments, non-cash depreciation and amortization expense, acquisition costs and stock-based compensation. By excluding interest expense, Adjusted EBITDA allows investors to measure our operating performance independent of our capital structure and indebtedness and, therefore, allows for more meaningful comparison of our operating performance between quarters and other interim periods as well as annual periods and for the comparison of our operating performance to that of other companies, both in the real estate industry and in other industries. As we are currently in a growth phase, acquisition costs are excluded from Adjusted EBITDA to allow for the comparison of our operating performance to that of stabilized companies.

The following table reflects the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA reconciled from net income for the three months and years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 and 2020:

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,				For the Three Months Ended December 31,			
	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2021	2020	\$ Change	% Change
Net income	\$ 58,880	\$ 32,259	\$ 26,621	82.5 %	\$ 32,259	\$ 13,513	\$ 18,746	138.7 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(36,118)	(13,442)	(22,676)	168.7 %	(13,442)	—	(13,442)	n/a
Depreciation and amortization	18,536	13,707	4,829	35.2 %	13,707	11,192	2,515	22.5 %
Interest expense, including amortization	7,457	5,207	2,250	43.2 %	5,207	4,195	1,012	24.1 %
Stock-based compensation	2,653	2,547	106	4.2 %	2,547	3,472	(925)	(26.6)%
Acquisition costs and other	374	—	374	n/a	—	85	(85)	n/a
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 51,782	\$ 40,278	\$ 11,504	28.6 %	\$ 40,278	\$ 32,457	\$ 7,821	24.1 %
	For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,			
	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2021	2020	\$ Change	% Change
Net income	\$ 198,014	\$ 87,254	\$ 110,760	126.9 %	\$ 87,254	\$ 79,795	\$ 7,459	9.3 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(112,166)	(16,627)	(95,539)	574.6 %	(16,627)	(26,766)	10,139	(37.9)%
Depreciation and amortization	65,763	50,687	15,076	29.7 %	50,687	45,875	4,812	10.5 %
Interest expense, including amortization	23,850	18,054	5,796	32.1 %	18,054	15,997	2,057	12.9 %
Stock-based compensation	10,171	9,554	617	6.5 %	9,554	9,826	(272)	(2.8)%
Acquisition costs	1,465	172	1,293	751.7 %	172	271	(99)	(36.5)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 187,097	\$ 149,094	\$ 38,003	25.5 %	\$ 149,094	\$ 124,998	\$ 24,096	19.3 %

(dollars in thousands):

	For the Three Months Ended December 31,				For the Three Months Ended December 31,			
	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Net income	\$ 57,557	\$ 58,880	\$ (1,323)	(2.2)%	\$ 58,880	\$ 32,259	\$ 26,621	82.5 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(25,899)	(36,118)	10,219	(28.3)%	(36,118)	(13,442)	(22,676)	168.7 %
Depreciation and amortization	18,583	18,536	47	0.3 %	18,536	13,707	4,829	35.2 %
Interest expense, including amortization	5,707	7,457	(1,750)	(23.5)%	7,457	5,207	2,250	43.2 %

Stock-based compensation	3,343	2,653	690	26.0 %	2,653	2,547	106	4.2 %
Acquisition costs and other	92	374	(282)	(75.4)%	374	—	374	n/a
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 59,383	\$ 51,782	\$ 7,601	14.7 %	\$ 51,782	\$ 40,278	\$ 11,504	28.6 %
For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,				
	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change	2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change
Net income	\$ 151,457	\$ 198,014	\$ (46,557)	(23.5)%	\$ 198,014	\$ 87,254	\$ 110,760	126.9 %
Gain on sales of real estate investments	(38,156)	(112,166)	74,010	(66.0)%	(112,166)	(16,627)	(95,539)	574.6 %
Depreciation and amortization	73,219	65,763	7,456	11.3 %	65,763	50,687	15,076	29.7 %
Interest expense, including amortization	24,796	23,850	946	4.0 %	23,850	18,054	5,796	32.1 %
Stock-based compensation	13,466	10,171	3,295	32.4 %	10,171	9,554	617	6.5 %
Acquisition costs	218	1,465	(1,247)	(85.1)%	1,465	172	1,293	751.7 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 225,000	\$ 187,097	\$ 37,903	20.3 %	\$ 187,097	\$ 149,094	\$ 38,003	25.5 %

We compute NOI as rental revenues, including tenant expense reimbursements, less property operating expenses. We compute same store NOI as rental revenues, including tenant expense reimbursements, less property operating expenses on a same store basis. NOI excludes depreciation, amortization, general and administrative expenses, acquisition costs and interest expense, including amortization. We compute cash-basis same store NOI as same store NOI excluding straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles. The same store pool includes all properties that were owned and in operation as of **December 31, 2023 and since January 1, 2022 and excludes properties that were either disposed of prior to, held for sale to a third party or in development or redevelopment as of December 31, 2023.** As of December 31, 2023, the same store pool consisted of 224 buildings aggregating approximately 13.1 million square feet representing approximately 81.5% of our total square feet owned and 36 improved land parcels containing approximately 113.7 acres representing approximately 74.6% of our total acreage owned. The same store pool for the comparison of the three months and years ended **December 31, 2022 and 2021 includes all properties that were owned and in operation as of December 31, 2022 and since January 1, 2021 and excludes properties that were either disposed of prior to, held for sale to a third party or in development or redevelopment as of December 31, 2022.** As of December 31, 2022, the same store pool consisted of 197 buildings aggregating approximately **12.1 million** square feet representing approximately 79.4% of our total square feet owned and 24 improved land parcels containing approximately 91.5 acres representing approximately 56.7% of our total acreage owned. The same store pool for the comparison of the three months and years ended **December 31, 2021 and 2020 includes all properties that were owned and in operation as of December 31, 2021 and since January 1, 2020 and excludes properties that were either disposed of prior to, held for sale to a third-party or in redevelopment as of December 31, 2021.** As of December 31, 2021, the same store pool consisted of 210 buildings aggregating approximately 12.5 million square feet representing approximately 83.0% of our total square feet owned and 19 improved land parcels containing approximately 79.6 acres representing approximately 62.6% of our total acreage owned. We believe that presenting NOI, same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI provides useful information to investors regarding the operating performance of our properties because NOI excludes certain items that are not considered to be controllable in connection with the management of the properties, such as depreciation, amortization, general and administrative expenses, acquisition costs and interest expense. By presenting same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI, the operating results on a same store basis are directly comparable from period to period.

The following table reflects the calculation of NOI, same store NOI and cash-basis same store NOI reconciled from net income for the three months and years ended **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 and 2020: (dollars in thousands):

		For the Three Months Ended December 31,					For the Three Months Ended Decen		
		2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change		2021		
Net income <sup>1</sup>	Net income <sup>1</sup>	\$ 58,880	\$ 32,259	\$ 26,621	82.5	%	\$ 32,259	\$	
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	18,536	13,707	4,829	35.2	%	13,707		
General and administrative	General and administrative	8,193	7,716	477	6.2	%	7,716		
Acquisition costs and other	Acquisition costs and other	374	—	374		n/a	—		
Total other income and expenses	Total other income and expenses	(29,059)	(8,372)	(20,687)	247.1	%	(8,372)		
Net operating income	Net operating income	56,924	45,310	11,614	25.6	%	45,310		
Less non-same store NOI	Less non-same store NOI	(15,927)	(6,797)	(9,130)	134.3	%	(7,094)		
Same store NOI <sup>4</sup>		\$ 40,997	\$ 38,513	\$ 2,484	6.4	%	\$ 38,216	\$	

Less straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles <sup>5</sup>		(1,381)	(2,652)	1,271	(47.9)	%	(2,388)	
Same store NOI								
Less straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles <sup>6</sup>								
Cash-basis same store NOI	Cash-basis same store NOI	\$ 39,616	\$ 35,861	\$ 3,755	10.5	%	\$ 35,828	\$
Less termination fee income	Less termination fee income	(77)	(148)	71	(48.0)	%	(148)	
Cash-basis same store NOI excluding termination fees	Cash-basis same store NOI excluding termination fees	\$ 39,539	\$ 35,713	\$ 3,826	10.7	%	\$ 35,680	\$

- 1 Includes approximately \$0.6 million, \$0.2 million, \$0.1 million, \$0.6 million and \$0.1 million of lease termination income for the three months ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively.
- 2 Includes 2022 and 2023 acquisitions and dispositions, nine improved land parcels, seven properties under development or redevelopment and approximately 62.7 acres of land entitled for future development.
- 3 Includes 2021 and 2022 acquisitions and dispositions, 22 improved land parcels and three properties under redevelopment and four completed redevelopment properties as of December 31, 2022.
- 3 Includes 2020 and 2021 acquisitions and dispositions, 17 improved land parcels, four properties under redevelopment and one completed redevelopment property as of December 31, 2022, development or redevelopment.
- 4 Includes approximately \$0.1, \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million of lease termination income for the three months ended December 31, 2022, 2021, December 31, 2023 and 2020, 2022, respectively.
- 5 Includes \$0.1 million of lease termination income for both the three months ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.
- 6 Includes straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles for the same store pool only.

		For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,			
		2022	2021	\$ Change	% Change	2021	2020	\$ Change	% Change	2023	2022	2021	2020
Net income <sup>1</sup>	Net income <sup>1</sup>	\$198,014	\$ 87,254	\$110,760	126.9 %	\$ 87,254	\$ 79,795	\$ 7,459	9.3 %	Net income <sup>1</sup>	\$151,457	\$	\$198,
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	65,763	50,687	15,076	29.7 %	50,687	45,875	4,812	10.5 %	Depreciation and amortization	73,219	65,763	65,
General and administrative	General and administrative	31,192	26,964	4,228	15.7 %	26,964	23,489	3,475	14.8 %	General and administrative	37,935	31,192	31,
Acquisition costs		1,465	172	1,293	751.7 %	172	271	(99)	(36.5) %				
Acquisition costs and other										Acquisition costs and other	218		1,
Total other income and expenses	Total other income and expenses	(89,125)	605	(89,730)	n/a	605	(11,642)	12,247	n/a	Total other income and expenses	(18,324)	(89,125)	(89,
Net operating income	Net operating income	207,309	165,682	41,627	25.1 %	165,682	137,788	27,894	20.2 %	Net operating income	244,505	207,309	207,
Less non-same store NOI	Less non-same store NOI	(48,152)	(17,479)	(30,673)	175.5 %	(19,556)	(7,204)	(12,352)	171.5 %	Less non-same store NOI	(43,578)		(22,209)
Same store NOI <sup>4</sup>	Same store NOI <sup>4</sup>	\$159,157	\$148,203	\$ 10,954	7.4 %	\$146,126	\$130,584	\$15,542	11.9 %	Same store NOI <sup>4</sup>	\$200,927	\$185,100	
Less straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles <sup>5</sup>		(7,402)	(11,006)	3,604	(32.7) %	(10,021)	(4,284)	(5,737)	133.9 %				

Less straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles										Less straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles			
6										6			
Cash-basis same store NOI	Cash-basis same store NOI	\$151,755	\$137,197	\$ 14,558	10.6 %	\$136,105	\$126,300	\$ 9,805	7.8 %	Cash-basis same store NOI	\$190,918	\$	\$168,
Less termination fee income	Less termination fee income	(422)	(764)	342	(44.8) %	(309)	(3,717)	3,408	(91.7) %	Less termination fee income	(293)	(896)	(
Cash-basis same store NOI excluding termination fees	Cash-basis same store NOI excluding termination fees	\$151,333	\$136,433	\$ 14,900	10.9 %	\$135,796	\$122,583	\$13,213	10.8 %	Cash-basis same store NOI excluding termination fees	\$190,625	\$	\$167,

1 Includes approximately \$0.9 million \$0.6 million, \$1.0 \$0.9 million and \$3.8 \$1.0 million of lease termination income for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively.

2 Includes 2022 and 2023 acquisitions and dispositions, nine improved land parcels, seven properties under development or redevelopment and approximately 62.7 acres of land entitled for future development.

3 Includes 2021 and 2022 acquisitions and dispositions, 22 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 69.9 acres, and three properties under redevelopment and four completed redevelopment properties as of December 31, 2022.

3 Includes 2020 and 2021 acquisitions and dispositions, 17 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 47.5 acres, four properties under redevelopment and one completed redevelopment property as of December 31, 2022. development or redevelopment.

4 Includes approximately \$0.4 million, \$0.8 \$0.3 million and \$3.7 \$0.9 million of lease termination income for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 December 31, 2023 and 2020, 2022, respectively.

5 Includes approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million of lease termination income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

6 Includes straight-line rents and amortization of lease intangibles for the same store pool only.

Cash-basis same store NOI increased by approximately \$3.8 million \$5.3 million for the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the same period from the prior year primarily due to increased rental revenue on new and renewed leases and contractual rent increases included in on pre-existing leases. For the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, total contractual rent abatements of approximately \$1.1 \$0.3 million and \$0.7 \$1.3 million, respectively, were given to certain tenants in the same-store same store pool and approximately \$0.1 \$0.2 million and \$0.1 \$0.6 million, respectively, in lease termination income was received from certain tenants in the same store pool. In addition, approximately \$0.2 million \$0.3 million of the increase in cash-basis same store NOI for the three months ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 related to properties that were acquired vacant or with near term expirations in 2020, 2021.

Cash-basis same store NOI increased by approximately \$14.6 million \$22.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 compared to the prior year primarily due to increased rental revenue on new and renewed leases and increased occupancy. leases. For the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, total contractual rent abatements of approximately \$3.5 \$3.2 million and \$3.0 \$4.3 million, respectively, were given to certain tenants in the same-store pool and approximately \$0.4 \$0.3 million and \$0.8 \$0.9 million, respectively, in lease termination income was received from certain tenants in the same store pool. In addition, approximately \$0.6 \$2.0 million of the increase in cash-basis same store NOI for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 related to properties that were acquired vacant or with near term expirations in 2020, 2021.

## Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Market risk includes risks that arise from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices and other market changes that affect market sensitive instruments. In pursuing our business strategies, the primary market risk which we are exposed to is interest rate risk. We are exposed to interest rate changes primarily as a result of debt used to maintain liquidity, fund capital expenditures and expand our investment portfolio and operations. We seek to limit the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and to lower our overall borrowing costs. As described below, some of our outstanding debt bears interest at variable rates, and we expect that some of our future outstanding debt will have variable interest rates. We may use interest rate caps and/or swap agreements to manage our interest rate risks relating to our variable rate debt. We expect to replace variable rate debt on a regular basis with fixed rate, long-term debt to finance our assets and operations.

As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we had \$200.0 million of borrowings outstanding under our Amended Facility, none of which were subject to interest rate caps. Amounts borrowed under our Amended Facility bear interest at a variable rate based on SOFR plus an applicable SOFR margin. The weighted average interest rate on borrowings outstanding under our Amended Facility was 5.5% 6.6% as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. If the SOFR rate were to fluctuate by 0.25%, interest expense would increase or decrease, depending on rate movement, future earnings and cash flows by approximately \$0.5 million annually on the total of the outstanding balances on our Amended Facility as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

We expect that all LIBOR settings relevant to us will cease to be published or will no longer be representative after June 30, 2023. The discontinuation of LIBOR will not affect our ability to borrow or maintain already outstanding borrowings or hedging transactions, but as our contracts indexed to LIBOR are converted to SOFR, the differences between LIBOR and SOFR, plus the recommended spread adjustment, could result in interest or hedging costs that are higher than if LIBOR remained available. Additionally, although

SOFR is the recommended replacement rate, it is also possible that lenders may instead choose alternative replacement rates that may differ from LIBOR in ways similar to SOFR or in ways that would result in higher interest or hedging costs for us. It is not yet possible to predict the magnitude of LIBOR's end on our borrowing costs given the remaining uncertainty about which rates will replace LIBOR. As of December 31, 2022, each of the agreements governing our variable rate debt either have been transitioned to SOFR or provide for the replacement of LIBOR if it becomes unavailable during the term of such agreement.

#### Item 8. Financial Statements And Supplementary Data.

See Part IV, Item 15 – “Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules” beginning on page F-1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 9. Changes In And Disagreements With Accountants On Accounting And Financial Disclosure.

None.

#### Item 9A. Controls And Procedures.

##### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act), and has concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to give reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

#### Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Terreno Realty Corporation's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. This internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to the company's management and board of directors regarding the preparation and fair presentation of published financial statements. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Terreno Realty Corporation's management assessed the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. In making this assessment, it used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013 framework). Based on its assessment, management of Terreno Realty Corporation **believes determined** that, as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the company's internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria. Terreno Realty Corporation's independent auditors have issued an audit report on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting, as stated in their report included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K (which expresses an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**).

#### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Terreno Realty Corporation

#### Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Terreno Realty Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, based on criteria established in Internal Control —Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Terreno Realty Corporation (the Company) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, and the related notes and **the financial statement** schedule listed in the Index at Item 15 of **the Company** and our report dated **February 8, 2023** **February 7, 2024** expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

#### Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP  
San Francisco, California Seattle, Washington  
February 8, 2023 7, 2024

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### Item 9B. Other Information.

On February 7, 2023 February 6, 2024, David M. Lee Linda Assante informed us that he she would not stand for re-election at our 2023 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Annual Meeting") in order to focus on other commitments. Mr. Lee Ms. Assante will continue to serve on our board of directors and maintain his her committee memberships through the Annual Meeting. Mr. Lee's Ms. Assante's decision not to stand for re-election was not the result of any disagreement with us on any matter relating to our operations, policies or practices.

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, none of the Company's directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Exchange Act) adopted, terminated or modified a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K).

#### Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.

None. Not applicable.

### Part III

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

The information required by Item 10 will be contained in a definitive proxy statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we anticipate will be filed no later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information required by Item 11 will be contained in a definitive proxy statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we anticipate will be filed no later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The information required by Item 12 will be contained in a definitive proxy statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we anticipate will be filed no later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information required by Item 13 will be contained in a definitive proxy statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we anticipate will be filed no later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#) and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

The information required by Item 14 will be contained in a definitive proxy statement for our Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we anticipate will be filed no later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year ended [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#) and is incorporated herein by reference.

Part IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a)

1. and 2. *Financial Statements and Schedules*

The following consolidated financial information is included as a separate section of this Annual Report on Form 10-K beginning on page F-1 as follows:

	Page
<a href="#">Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID: 42)</a>	<a href="#">58</a> <a href="#">56</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Balance Sheets as of <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a> and <a href="#">2021</a> <a href="#">2022</a></a>	<a href="#">60</a> <a href="#">58</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021</a> <a href="#">2022</a> and <a href="#">2020</a> <a href="#">2021</a></a>	<a href="#">61</a> <a href="#">59</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021</a> <a href="#">2022</a> and <a href="#">2020</a> <a href="#">2021</a></a>	<a href="#">62</a> <a href="#">60</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021</a> <a href="#">2022</a> and <a href="#">2020</a> <a href="#">2021</a></a>	<a href="#">63</a> <a href="#">61</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021</a> <a href="#">2022</a> and <a href="#">2020</a> <a href="#">2021</a></a>	<a href="#">64</a> <a href="#">62</a>
<a href="#">Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</a>	<a href="#">65</a> <a href="#">63</a>
<a href="#">Schedule III – Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation</a>	1

All other schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions or are inapplicable, and therefore have been omitted, or the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto.

3. *Exhibits*

The exhibits required to be filed by Item 601 of Regulation S-K are listed in the Exhibit Index at the end of this Annual Report on Form 10-K immediately preceding the signature page, which is incorporated by reference herein.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Terreno Realty Corporation

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Terreno Realty Corporation (the Company) as of [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#) and [2021](#), [2022](#), the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#), and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15 (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#) and [2021](#), [2022](#), and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#), in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework), and our report dated **February 8, 2023** **February 7, 2024** expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

## Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

## Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

### Description of **matter the Matter**

#### Valuation of acquired properties

During the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the Company completed **20** **seven** real estate acquisitions for a total purchase price of **\$422.3 million** **\$484 million**. The properties were acquired from unrelated third parties. As further discussed in Notes 2 and 4 of the consolidated financial statements, the transactions were accounted for as asset acquisitions. The purchase price for each acquisition was allocated to the individual acquired assets and liabilities based on their relative fair values.

Auditing the Company's real estate acquisitions is complex and required the involvement of a valuation specialist due to the judgments and estimates in determining the fair value of the components of each acquisition. The fair value of the tangible assets is determined by valuing the property as if it were vacant. Land values are derived from current comparative sales values, when available, or management's estimates of the fair value based on market conditions and the experience of the Company's management team. Building and improvement values are calculated as replacement cost less depreciation, or management's estimates of the fair value of these assets using discounted cash flow analyses or similar methods. The fair value of the above and below-market leases is based on the present value of the difference between the contractual amounts to be received pursuant to the acquired leases (using a discount rate that reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) and the Company's estimate of the market lease rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the **leases plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options. leases.**

### How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit

We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design, and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Company's accounting for real estate acquisitions relative to purchase accounting, including controls over the review of the valuation models and related significant assumptions underlying the valuation of the acquired assets and liabilities.

To test the purchase price allocations to the assets and liabilities acquired, our audit procedures included, among others, review of the purchase agreements, assessing the methodologies and testing the significant assumptions discussed above used to value the components of the acquired properties. We compared land comparative sales values, building replacement cost and depreciation estimates, market rental rates, discount rate and market rental growth rates with external market data, and the incorporation of these assumptions in the cash flow projections and overall valuation conclusions. We also tested the completeness and accuracy of the underlying data. We involved our valuation specialists to assist in the assessment of the methodology utilized by the Company and to test certain of the assumptions used in the valuation of land, building and above and below market intangibles.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2012.

**San Francisco, California** **Seattle, Washington**

February 8, 2023 **7, 2024**

**Item 1. Financial Statements of Terreno Realty Corporation**

**Terreno Realty Corporation**

**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(in thousands – except share and per share data)

		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>	<b>ASSETS</b>				
Investments in real estate	Investments in real estate				
Investments in real estate	Investments in real estate				
Land	Land				
Land	Land				
Land	Land	\$1,850,860	\$1,556,952		
Buildings and improvements	Buildings and improvements	1,372,473	1,210,591		
Construction in progress	Construction in progress	51,896	65,157		
Intangible assets	Intangible assets	123,545	114,126		
Total investments in properties	Total investments in properties	3,398,774	2,946,826		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(323,631)	(279,062)		
Net investments in properties	Net investments in properties	3,075,143	2,667,764		
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents	26,393	204,404		
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents				
Restricted cash	Restricted cash	1,690	397		
Other assets, net	Other assets, net				
Other assets, net	Other assets, net				
Other assets, net	Other assets, net	61,215	51,650		
Total assets	Total assets	\$3,164,441	\$2,924,215		
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>	<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>				
Liabilities	Liabilities				
Liabilities	Liabilities				
Credit facility	Credit facility				
Credit facility	Credit facility				
Credit facility	Credit facility	\$ —	\$ —		
Term loans payable, net	Term loans payable, net	198,993	99,495		
Senior unsecured notes, net	Senior unsecured notes, net	571,825	621,175		
Security deposits	Security deposits	27,454	23,914		
Security deposits	Security deposits				
Security deposits	Security deposits				

Intangible liabilities, net	Intangible liabilities, net	55,873	51,025
Dividends payable	Dividends payable	30,753	25,618
Accounts payable and other liabilities	Accounts payable and other liabilities	49,692	45,025
Accounts payable and other liabilities			
Accounts payable and other liabilities			
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	934,590	866,252
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)			
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)			
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)			
Equity	Equity		
Stockholders' equity	Stockholders' equity		
Common stock: \$0.01 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, and 76,463,482 75,068,575 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.			
		765	752
Stockholders' equity			
Stockholders' equity			
Common stock: \$0.01 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, and 87,487,098 and 76,463,482 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.			
Common stock: \$0.01 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, and 87,487,098 and 76,463,482 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.			
Common stock: \$0.01 par value, 400,000,000 shares authorized, and 87,487,098 and 76,463,482 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.			
Additional paid-in capital	Additional paid-in capital	2,167,276	2,069,604
Common stock held in deferred compensation plan, 417,665 and 275,727 shares at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.			
		(26,462)	(15,197)
Common stock held in deferred compensation plan, 508,663 and 417,665 shares at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.			
Retained earnings	Retained earnings	88,272	2,804
Total stockholders' equity	Total stockholders' equity	2,229,851	2,057,963
Total stockholders' equity			
Total stockholders' equity			
Total liabilities and equity	Total liabilities and equity	\$3,164,441	\$2,924,215

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Terreno Realty Corporation

Consolidated Statements of Operations  
(in thousands – except share and per share data)

For the Year Ended December 31,						
For the Year Ended December 31,						
For the Year Ended December 31,						
For the Year Ended December 31,						
		2022	2021	2020	2023	2022
<b>REVENUES</b>	<b>REVENUES</b>					2021
Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements	Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements	\$ 276,212	\$ 221,930	\$ 186,884		
Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements	Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements					
Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements	Rental revenues and tenant expense reimbursements					
Total revenues	Total revenues	276,212	221,930	186,884		
Total revenues	Total revenues					
Total revenues	Total revenues					
<b>COSTS AND EXPENSES</b>	<b>COSTS AND EXPENSES</b>					
Property operating expenses	Property operating expenses					
Property operating expenses	Property operating expenses					
Property operating expenses	Property operating expenses	68,903	56,248	49,096		
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	65,763	50,687	45,875		
General and administrative	General and administrative	31,192	26,964	23,489		
Acquisition costs and other	Acquisition costs and other	1,465	172	271		
Total costs and expenses	Total costs and expenses	167,323	134,071	118,731		
<b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)</b>	<b>OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)</b>					
Interest and other income	Interest and other income	809	822	873		
Interest and other income	Interest and other income					
Interest and other income	Interest and other income					
Interest expense, including amortization	Interest expense, including amortization	(23,850)	(18,054)	(15,997)		
Gain on sales of real estate investments	Gain on sales of real estate investments					

Gain on sales of real estate investments				
Gain on sales of real estate investments	Gain on sales of real estate investments	112,166	16,627	26,766
Total other income (expense)	Total other income (expense)	89,125	(605)	11,642
Net income	Net income	198,014	87,254	79,795
Allocation to participating securities	Allocation to participating securities	(854)	(311)	(400)
Allocation to participating securities				
Allocation to participating securities				
Net income available to common stockholders	Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 197,160	\$ 86,943	\$ 79,395
<b>EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED:</b>	<b>EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED:</b>			
Net income available to common stockholders - basic				
Net income available to common stockholders - basic				
Net income available to common stockholders - basic	Net income available to common stockholders - basic	\$ 2.61	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.17
Net income available to common stockholders - diluted	Net income available to common stockholders - diluted	\$ 2.61	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.16
<b>BASIC WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING</b>	<b>BASIC WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING</b>	75,498,107	70,534,202	67,762,927
<b>DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING</b>	<b>DILUTED WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING</b>	75,586,480	70,793,670	68,170,066

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

**Terreno Realty Corporation**

**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**  
(in thousands)

For the Year Ended December 31,

For the Year Ended December 31,

		2022	2021	2020	2023	2022	2021
Net income	Net income	\$198,014	\$87,254	\$79,795			
Other comprehensive income:	Other comprehensive income:						
Cash flow hedge adjustment	Cash flow hedge adjustment	—	183	254			
Cash flow hedge adjustment	Cash flow hedge adjustment						
Comprehensive income	Comprehensive income	\$198,014	\$87,437	\$80,049			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Terreno Realty Corporation

### Consolidated Statements of Equity (in thousands – except share data)

	Common Stock		Common Shares Held in		Accumulated		Common Stock		Common Shares Held in		Accumulated		Common Stock	
	Number of	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deferred Compensation Plan	Deferred Compensation Plan	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Loss		Number of	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Deferred Compensation Plan	Deferred Compensation Plan	Retained Earnings
Balance as of December 31, 2019	67,252,787	\$ 673	\$1,514,266	—	\$ —	\$ 2,621	\$ (437)	\$1,517,123						
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	79,795	—	79,795						
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$1,406	1,344,281	13	70,638	—	—	—	—	70,651						
Forfeiture of common stock related to employee awards	(5,146)	—	(265)	—	—	—	—	(265)						
Repurchase of common stock related to employee awards	(154,375)	—	(9,572)	—	—	—	—	(9,572)						
Issuance of restricted stock	78,041	—	—	—	—	—	—	—						
Stock-based compensation	—	—	6,688	—	—	—	—	6,688						
Common stock dividends (\$1.12 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	(76,490)	—	(76,490)						
Deposits to deferred compensation plan	(139,224)	—	7,546	139,224	(7,546)	—	—	—						
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	254	254						
	Number of Shares								Number of Shares	Amount				
Balance as of December 31, 2020	68,376,364	686	1,589,301	139,224	(7,546)	5,926	(183)	1,588,184						
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	87,254	—	87,254						
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$6,123	6,736,455	66	463,680	—	—	—	—	463,746						
Forfeiture of common stock related to employee awards	(776)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—						

Common shares acquired related to employee awards	Common shares acquired related to employee awards	(6,534)	—	(582)	—	—	—	—	(582)
Issuance of restricted stock									
Issuance of restricted stock									
Issuance of restricted stock	Issuance of restricted stock	99,569	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	Stock-based compensation	—	—	9,554	—	—	—	—	9,554
Common stock dividends (\$1.26 per share)	Common stock dividends (\$1.26 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	(90,376)	—	(90,376)
Deposits to deferred compensation plan	Deposits to deferred compensation plan	(136,503)	—	7,651	136,503	(7,651)	—	—	—
Other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	183	183
Balance as of December 31, 2021	Balance as of December 31, 2021	75,068,575	752	2,069,604	275,727	(15,197)	2,804	—	2,057,963
Net income	Net income	—	—	—	—	—	198,014	—	198,014
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$1,557	Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$1,557	1,444,156	13	77,281	—	—	—	—	77,294
Forfeiture of common stock related to employee awards	Forfeiture of common stock related to employee awards	(29,391)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Common shares acquired related to employee awards	Common shares acquired related to employee awards	(14,823)	—	(1,045)	—	—	—	—	(1,045)
Issuance of restricted stock	Issuance of restricted stock	136,903	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Issuance of restricted stock									
Issuance of restricted stock									
Stock-based compensation	Stock-based compensation	—	—	10,171	—	—	—	—	10,171
Common stock dividends (\$1.48 per share)	Common stock dividends (\$1.48 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	(112,546)	—	(112,546)
Deposits to deferred compensation plan, net of withdrawals	Deposits to deferred compensation plan, net of withdrawals	(141,938)	—	11,265	141,938	(11,265)	—	—	—
Other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance as of December 31, 2022	Balance as of December 31, 2022	76,463,482	\$ 765	\$ 2,167,276	417,665	\$ (26,462)	\$ 88,272	\$ —	\$ 2,229,851



Balance as of December 31, 2022
Balance as of December 31, 2022
Net income
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs of \$5,830
Forfeiture of common stock related to employee awards
Common shares acquired related to employee awards
Issuance of restricted stock
Issuance of restricted stock
Issuance of restricted stock
Stock-based compensation
Common stock dividends (\$1.70 per share)
Deposits to deferred compensation plan, net of withdrawals
Balance as of December 31, 2023
Balance as of December 31, 2023
Balance as of December 31, 2023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Terreno Realty Corporation  
 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
 (in thousands)

		For the Year Ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net income				
Net income				
Net income	Net income	\$ 198,014	\$ 87,254	\$ 79,795
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities			

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities				
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities				
Straight-line rents				
Straight-line rents				
Straight-line rents	Straight-line rents	(9,353)	(8,683)	(361)
Amortization of lease intangibles	Amortization of lease intangibles	(16,271)	(7,686)	(5,420)
Amortization of lease intangibles				
Amortization of lease intangibles				
Depreciation and amortization				
Depreciation and amortization				
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	65,763	50,687	45,875
Gain on sales of real estate investments	Gain on sales of real estate investments	(112,166)	(16,627)	(26,766)
Gain on sales of real estate investments				
Gain on sales of real estate investments				
Deferred financing cost amortization	Deferred financing cost amortization	1,371	1,335	1,391
Deferred senior secured loan fee amortization		—	—	(57)
Deferred financing cost amortization				
Deferred financing cost amortization				
Stock-based compensation				
Stock-based compensation				
Stock-based compensation	Stock-based compensation	10,171	9,554	9,826
Changes in assets and liabilities	Changes in assets and liabilities			
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Other assets				
Other assets				
Other assets	Other assets	(1,368)	(3,669)	(3,911)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	Accounts payable and other liabilities	7,049	20,043	678
Accounts payable and other liabilities				
Accounts payable and other liabilities				
Net cash provided by operating activities				
Net cash provided by operating activities				
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	143,210	132,208	101,050
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>			
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>				
Cash paid for property acquisitions				
Cash paid for property acquisitions				
Cash paid for property acquisitions	Cash paid for property acquisitions	(407,558)	(644,956)	(98,088)
Proceeds from sales of real estate investments, net	Proceeds from sales of real estate investments, net	162,145	41,082	70,685
Proceeds from sales of real estate investments, net				

Proceeds from sales of real estate investments, net			
Additions to construction in progress	Additions to construction in progress	(25,638)	(8,989)
Additions to construction in progress			
Additions to construction in progress			
Additions to buildings, improvements and leasing costs			
Additions to buildings, improvements and leasing costs			
Additions to buildings, improvements and leasing costs	Additions to buildings, improvements and leasing costs	(66,611)	(31,611)
Repayments on senior secured loan		—	15,915
Net cash used in investing activities			
Net cash used in investing activities			
Net cash used in investing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(337,662)	(52,088)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Issuance of common stock			
Issuance of common stock			
Issuance of common stock	Issuance of common stock	78,851	64,767
Issuance costs on issuance of common stock	Issuance costs on issuance of common stock	(1,163)	(940)
Issuance costs on issuance of common stock			
Issuance costs on issuance of common stock			
Repurchase of common stock related to employee awards			
Repurchase of common stock related to employee awards			
Repurchase of common stock related to employee awards	Repurchase of common stock related to employee awards	(1,045)	(9,837)
Borrowings on credit facility	Borrowings on credit facility	208,000	—
Borrowings on credit facility			
Borrowings on credit facility			
Payments on credit facility	Payments on credit facility	(208,000)	—
Payments on credit facility			
Payments on credit facility			
Borrowings on term loans payable			
Borrowings on term loans payable			
Borrowings on term loans payable	Borrowings on term loans payable	100,000	—
Borrowings on senior unsecured notes	Borrowings on senior unsecured notes	—	—
Borrowings on senior unsecured notes			
Borrowings on senior unsecured notes			
Payments on senior unsecured notes	Payments on senior unsecured notes	(50,000)	—
Payments on mortgage loan payable	Payments on mortgage loan payable	—	(33,077)
Payments on mortgage loan payable			
Payments on mortgage loan payable			

Payment of deferred financing costs	Payment of deferred financing costs	(1,498)	(4,027)	—
Payment of deferred financing costs				
Payment of deferred financing costs				
Dividends paid to common stockholders				
Dividends paid to common stockholders				
Dividends paid to common stockholders	Dividends paid to common stockholders	(107,411)	(84,628)	(74,778)
Net cash provided by financing activities	Net cash provided by financing activities	17,734	631,195	(53,865)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash		(176,718)	96,965	(4,903)
Net cash provided by financing activities				
Net cash provided by financing activities				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash				
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year				
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year				
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	204,801	107,836	112,739
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 28,083	\$ 204,801	\$ 107,836
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year				
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year				
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$ 25,219	\$ 15,144	\$ 16,315
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest				
Cash paid for interest, net of capitalized interest				
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions				
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions				
Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions	Supplemental disclosures of non-cash transactions			
Accounts payable related to capital improvements	Accounts payable related to capital improvements	18,158	16,873	10,552
Accounts payable related to capital improvements				
Accounts payable related to capital improvements				
Non-cash issuance of common stock to the deferred compensation plan				
Non-cash issuance of common stock to the deferred compensation plan				

Non-cash issuance of common stock to the deferred compensation plan	Non-cash issuance of common stock to the deferred compensation plan	(11,265)	(7,651)	(7,546)
Lease liability arising from recognition of right-of-use asset	Lease liability arising from recognition of right-of-use asset	1,192	3,287	—
Lease liability arising from recognition of right-of-use asset				
Lease liability arising from recognition of right-of-use asset				
Reconciliation of cash paid for property acquisitions				
Reconciliation of cash paid for property acquisitions				
Reconciliation of cash paid for property acquisitions	Reconciliation of cash paid for property acquisitions			
Acquisition of properties	Acquisition of properties	\$ 422,298	\$ 681,970	\$ 100,391
Acquisition of properties				
Acquisition of properties				
Assumption of other assets and liabilities				
Assumption of other assets and liabilities				
Assumption of other assets and liabilities	Assumption of other assets and liabilities	(14,740)	(37,014)	(2,303)
Net cash paid for property acquisitions	Net cash paid for property acquisitions	\$ 407,558	\$ 644,956	\$ 98,088
Net cash paid for property acquisitions				
Net cash paid for property acquisitions				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## Terreno Realty Corporation

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Note 1. Organization

Terreno Realty Corporation ("Terreno", and together with its subsidiaries, the "Company") acquires, owns and operates industrial real estate in six major coastal U.S. markets: Los Angeles, Northern New Jersey/New York City, San Francisco Bay Area, Seattle, Miami, and Washington, D.C. All square feet, acres, occupancy and number of properties disclosed in these notes to the consolidated financial statements are unaudited. As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the Company owned **252** **259** buildings aggregating approximately **15.3 million** **16.0 million** square feet, **46** **45** improved land parcels consisting of approximately **161.4** **152.4** acres, and **three** **seven** properties under **development or redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist and approximately 62.7 acres of one building of approximately 34,000 square feet and two improved land parcels aggregating approximately 12.1 acres, entitled for future development.**

The Company is an internally managed Maryland corporation and elected to be taxed as a real estate investment trust ("REIT") under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), commencing with its taxable year ended December 31, 2010.

#### Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of Presentation.** The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The accompanying consolidated financial statements include all of the Company's accounts and its subsidiaries and all intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

**Use of Estimates.** The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Capitalization of Costs.** The Company capitalizes costs directly related to the **development**, redevelopment, renovation and expansion of its investment in real estate. Costs associated with such projects are capitalized as incurred. If the project is abandoned, these costs are expensed during the period in which the **development**, redevelopment, renovation or expansion project is abandoned. Costs considered for capitalization include, but are not limited to, construction costs, interest, real estate taxes and insurance, if appropriate. These costs are capitalized only during the period in which activities necessary to ready an asset for its intended use are in progress. In the event that the activities to ready the asset for its intended use are suspended, the capitalization period will cease until such activities are resumed. Costs incurred for maintaining and repairing properties, which do not extend their useful lives, are expensed as incurred.

Interest is capitalized based on actual capital expenditures from the period when **development**, redevelopment, renovation or expansion commences until the asset is ready for its intended use, at the weighted average borrowing rate during the period.

**Investments in Real Estate.** Investments in real estate, including tenant improvements, leasehold improvements and leasing costs, are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation, unless circumstances indicate that the cost cannot be recovered, in which case, an adjustment to the carrying value of the property is made to reduce it to its estimated fair value. The Company also reviews the impact of above and below-market leases, in-place leases and lease origination costs for acquisitions and records an intangible asset or liability accordingly.

**Impairment.** Carrying values for financial reporting purposes are reviewed for impairment on a property-by-property basis whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a property may not be fully recoverable. Examples of such events or changes in circumstances may include classifying an asset to be held for sale, changing the intended hold period or when an asset remains vacant significantly longer than expected. The intended use of an asset either held for sale or held for use can significantly impact how impairment is measured. If an asset is intended to be held for the long-term, the recoverability is based on the undiscounted future cash flows. If the asset carrying value is not supported on an undiscounted future cash flow basis, then the asset carrying value is measured against the lower of cost or the present value of expected cash flows over the expected hold period. An impairment charge to earnings is recognized for the excess of the asset's carrying value over the lower of cost or the present values of expected cash flows over the expected hold period. If an asset is intended to be sold, impairment is determined using the estimated fair value less costs to sell. The estimation of expected future net cash flows is inherently uncertain and relies on assumptions, among other things, regarding current and future economic and market

conditions and the availability of capital. The Company determines the estimated fair values based on its assumptions regarding rental rates, lease-up and holding periods, as well as sales prices. When available, current market information is used to

determine capitalization and rental growth rates. If available, current comparative sales values may also be used to establish fair value. When market information is not readily available, the inputs are based on the Company's understanding of market conditions and the experience of the Company's management team. Actual results could differ significantly from the Company's estimates. The discount rates used in the fair value estimates represent a rate commensurate with the indicated holding period with a premium layered on for risk. There were no impairment charges recorded to the carrying values of the Company's properties during the years ended **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023**, **2021** or **2020, 2021**.

**Property Acquisitions.** In accordance with Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2017-01, *Business Combinations* (Topic 805): *Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, when substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired (or disposed of) is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or a group of similar identifiable assets, the integrated set of assets and activities is not considered a business. To be a business, the set of acquired activities and assets must include inputs and one or more substantive processes that together contribute to the ability to create outputs. The Company has determined that its real estate property acquisitions will generally be accounted for as asset acquisitions under the clarified definition. Upon acquisition of a property the Company estimates the fair value of acquired tangible assets (consisting generally of land, buildings and improvements) and intangible assets and liabilities (consisting generally of the above and below-market leases and the origination value of all in-place leases). The Company determines fair values using Level 3 inputs such as replacement cost, estimated cash flow projections and other valuation techniques and applying appropriate discount and capitalization rates based on available market information. Mortgage loans assumed in connection with acquisitions are recorded at their fair value using current market interest rates for similar debt at the date of acquisition. Acquisition-related costs associated with asset acquisitions are capitalized to individual tangible and intangible assets and liabilities assumed on a relative fair value basis and acquisition-related costs associated with business combinations are expensed as incurred.

The fair value of the tangible assets is determined by valuing the property as if it were vacant. Land values are derived from current comparative sales values, when available, or management's estimates of the fair value based on market conditions and the experience of the Company's management team. Building and improvement values are calculated as replacement cost less depreciation, or management's estimates of the fair value of these assets using discounted cash flow analyses or similar methods. The fair value of the above and below-market leases is based on the present value of the difference between the contractual amounts to be received pursuant to the acquired leases (using a discount rate that reflects the risks associated with the acquired leases) and the Company's estimate of the market lease rates measured over a period equal to the remaining term of the leases plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options. The above and below-market lease values are amortized to rental revenues over the remaining initial term plus the term of any below-market fixed rate renewal options that are considered bargain renewal options of the respective leases. The total net impact to rental revenues due to the amortization of above and below-market leases was a net increase of approximately **\$16.3 million**, **\$13.9 million**, **\$7.7 million**, **\$16.3 million** and **\$5.4 million**, **\$7.7 million** for the years ended **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023**, **2021** and **2020, 2021**, respectively. The origination value of in-place leases is based on costs to execute similar leases, including commissions and other related costs. The origination value of in-place leases also includes real estate taxes, insurance and an estimate of lost rental revenue at market rates during the estimated time required to lease up the property from vacant to the occupancy level at the date of acquisition. The remaining weighted average lease term related to these intangible assets and liabilities as of **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023** was **6.6**, **6.5** years. As of **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023** and **2021, 2022**, the Company's intangible assets and liabilities, including properties held for sale (if any), consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

		December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021			December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
		Accumulated			Accumulated								
		Gross	Amortization	Net	Gross	Amortization	Net	Gross	Amortization	Net	Gross	Amortization	Net
In-place leases	In-place leases	\$119,959	\$ (83,222)	\$ 36,737	\$110,351	\$ (72,266)	\$ 38,085						

Above-market leases	Above-market leases	3,586	(3,558)	28	3,775	(3,706)	69
Below-market leases	Below-market leases	(95,638)	39,765	(55,873)	(78,753)	27,728	(51,025)
Total	Total	\$ 27,907	\$ (47,015)	\$ (19,108)	\$ 35,373	\$ (48,244)	\$ (12,871)

Projected net amortization of the intangible assets and liabilities for the next five years and thereafter as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** is as follows (dollars in thousands):

2023	\$	(242)
2024		(1,278)
2025		(2,035)
2026		(2,150)
2027		(2,011)
Thereafter		(11,392)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>(19,108)</b>

2024	\$	250
2025		(1,739)
2026		(2,686)
2027		(3,061)
2028		(3,015)
Thereafter		(24,077)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>(34,328)</b>

**Depreciation and Useful Lives of Real Estate and Intangible Assets.** Depreciation and amortization are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets or liabilities. The following table reflects the standard depreciable lives typically used to compute depreciation and amortization. However, such depreciable lives may be different based on the estimated useful life of such assets or liabilities.

Description	Standard Depreciable Life
Land	Not depreciated
Building	40 years
Building Improvements	5-40 years
Tenant Improvements	Shorter of lease term or useful life
Leasing Costs	Lease term
In-place Leases	Lease term
Above/Below-Market Leases	Lease term

**Held for Sale Assets.** The Company considers a property to be held for sale when it meets the criteria established under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360, *Property, Plant and Equipment* (See "Note 5 - Held for Sale/Disposed Assets"). Properties held for sale are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less estimated costs to sell and are not depreciated while they are held for sale.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents.** Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash held in a major banking institution and other highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents are generally invested in U.S. government securities, government agency securities or money market accounts.

**Restricted Cash.** Restricted cash includes cash held in escrow in connection with property acquisitions and reserves for certain capital improvements, leasing, interest and real estate tax and insurance payments as required by certain mortgage loan obligations.

The following summarizes the reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash as presented in the accompanying consolidated statements of cash flows (dollars in thousands):

For the Year Ended December 31,		
2022	2021	2020



For the Year Ended December 31,				For the Year Ended December 31,		
2023				2023	2022	2021
<b>Beginning</b>	<b>Beginning</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year						
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year						
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	\$ 204,404	\$107,180	\$110,082		
Restricted cash	Restricted cash	397	656	2,657		
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	204,801	107,836	112,739		
<b>Ending</b>	<b>Ending</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	26,393	204,404	107,180		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year						
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year						
Restricted cash	Restricted cash	1,690	397	656		
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	28,083	204,801	107,836		
<b>Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash</b>		<b>\$(176,718)</b>	<b>\$ 96,965</b>	<b>\$ (4,903)</b>		
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash</b>						

**Revenue Recognition.** The Company records rental revenue from operating leases on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases and maintains an allowance for estimated losses that may result from the inability of its tenants to make required payments. If tenants fail to make contractual lease payments that are greater than the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts, security deposits and letters of credit, then the Company may have to recognize additional doubtful account charges in future periods. The Company monitors the liquidity and creditworthiness of its tenants on an **on-going ongoing** basis by reviewing their financial condition periodically as appropriate. Each period the

Company reviews its outstanding accounts receivable, including straight-line rents, for doubtful accounts and provides allowances as needed. The Company also records lease termination fees when a tenant has executed a definitive termination agreement with the Company and the payment of the termination fee is not subject to any conditions that must be met or waived before the fee is due to the Company. If a tenant remains in the leased space following the execution of a definitive termination agreement, the applicable termination will be deferred and recognized over the term of such tenant's occupancy. Tenant expense reimbursement income includes payments and amounts due from tenants pursuant to their leases for real estate taxes, insurance and other recoverable property operating expenses and is recognized as revenues during the same period the related expenses are incurred.

As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, approximately **\$48.0 million** **\$56.1 million** and **\$39.7 million** **\$48.0 million**, respectively, of straight-line rent and accounts receivable, net of allowances of approximately **\$0.6 million** **\$1.2 million** and **\$0.5 million** **\$0.6 million** as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, respectively, were included as a component of other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

**Deferred Financing Costs.** Costs incurred in connection with financings are capitalized and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the term of the related loan. Deferred financing costs associated with the Company's revolving credit facility are classified as an asset, as a component of other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, and deferred financing costs associated with debt liabilities are reported as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the debt liability in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Deferred financing costs related to the revolving credit facility and debt liabilities are carried at cost, net of accumulated amortization in the aggregate of approximately **\$11.9 million** **\$13.5 million** and **\$10.6 million** **\$11.9 million** as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, respectively.

**Income Taxes.** The Company elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code and operates as such beginning with its taxable year ended December 31, 2010. To qualify as a REIT, the Company must meet certain organizational and operational requirements, including a requirement to distribute at least 90% of its annual REIT taxable income to its stockholders (which is computed without regard to the dividends paid deduction or net capital gain and which does not necessarily equal net income as calculated in accordance with GAAP). As a REIT, the Company generally will not be subject to federal income tax to the extent it distributes qualifying dividends to its stockholders. If it fails to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, it will be subject to federal income tax on its taxable income at regular corporate income tax rates and generally will not be permitted to qualify for treatment as a REIT for federal income tax purposes for the four taxable years following the year during which qualification is lost unless the IRS grants it relief under certain statutory provisions. Such an event could materially adversely affect the Company's net income and net cash available for distribution to stockholders. However, the Company believes it is organized and operates in such a manner as to qualify for treatment as a REIT.

ASC 740-10, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740-10"), provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed in the financial statements. ASC 740-10 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax benefits of positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold are recorded as a tax expense in the current year. As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits and does not believe that there will be any material changes in unrecognized tax positions over the next 12 months. The Company's tax returns are subject to examination by federal, state and local tax jurisdictions, which as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, include years **2018** **2019** to **2021** **2022** for federal purposes.

**Stock-Based Compensation and Other Long-Term Incentive Compensation.** The Company follows the provisions of ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, to account for its stock-based compensation plan, which requires that the compensation cost relating to stock-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements and that the cost be measured on the fair value of the equity or liability instruments issued. The Company's 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2019 Plan") provides for the grant of restricted stock awards, performance share awards, unrestricted shares or any combination of the foregoing. Stock-based compensation is recognized as a general and administrative expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and measured at the fair value of the award on the date of grant. The Company estimates the forfeiture rate based on historical experience as well as expected behavior. The amount of the expense may be subject to adjustment in future periods depending on the specific characteristics of the stock-based award.

In addition, the Company has awarded long-term incentive target awards (the "Performance Share awards") under its Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan (as amended and restated, the "Amended LTIP"), which the Company amended and restated on January 8, 2019, to its executives that may be payable in shares of the Company's common stock after the conclusion of each pre-established performance measurement period, which is generally three years. The amount that may be earned is variable depending on the relative total shareholder return of the Company's common stock as compared to the total shareholder return of the MSCI U.S. REIT Index (RMS) and the FTSE Nareit Equity Industrial Index over the pre-established performance measurement period. Under the Amended LTIP, each participant's Performance Share award granted will be expressed as a number of shares of common stock and settled in shares of common stock. The grant date fair value of the Performance Share awards will be determined using a Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant and recognized on a straight-line basis over the performance period.

**Use of Derivative Financial Instruments.** The Company records all derivatives on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether the Company has elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments.** ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820") (See "Note **9** - Fair Value Measurements"), defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 also provides guidance for using fair value to measure financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820 requires disclosure of the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall, including measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active (Level 2), and significant valuation assumptions that are not readily observable in the market (Level 3).

**Segment Disclosure.** ASC 280, *Segment Reporting*, establishes standards for reporting financial and descriptive information about an enterprise's reportable segments. The Company has determined that it has one reportable segment, with activities related to investing in real estate. The Company's investments in real estate are geographically diversified and the chief operating decision makers evaluate operating performance on an individual asset level. As each of the Company's assets has similar economic characteristics, the assets have been aggregated into one reportable segment.

### Note 3. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a significant concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Company may maintain deposits in federally insured financial institutions in excess of federally insured limits. However, the Company's management believes the Company is not exposed to significant credit risk due to the financial position of the depository institutions in which those deposits are held.

As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the Company owned 43 buildings aggregating approximately **2.7 million** **2.6 million** square feet and 13 improved land parcels consisting of approximately 68.0 acres located in Northern New Jersey/New York City, which accounted for a combined percentage of approximately **24.9%** **24.6%** of its annualized base rent. Such annualized base rent **percentages are** **is** based on contractual **monthly** base rent **from per the** leases, **in effect as of December 31, 2022**, **for all buildings and improved land parcels**, excluding any partial or full rent **abatements**. **abatements** as of December 31, 2023, multiplied by 12.

Other real estate companies compete with the Company in its real estate markets. This results in competition for tenants to occupy space. The existence of competing properties could have a material impact on the Company's ability to lease space and on the level of rent that can be achieved. The Company had no tenant that accounted for greater than 10% of the Company's annualized base rent for the years ended **December 31, 2023**, 2022 **2021** and **2020** **2021**.

#### Note 4. Investments in Real Estate

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company acquired seven industrial properties with a total initial investment, including acquisition costs, of approximately \$512.5 million, of which \$325.8 million was recorded to land, \$156.6 million to buildings and improvements, and \$30.1 million to intangible assets. Additionally, the Company assumed \$46.3 million in liabilities.

The following table sets forth the wholly-owned industrial properties the Company acquired during the year ended December 31, 2023:

Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Number of Buildings	Square Feet	Improved Land Acreage	Purchase Price (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>
Countyline Phase IV <sup>2</sup>	Hialeah, FL	February 23, 2023	—	—	121.0	\$ 173,600
9th Street	Long Island City, NY	March 6, 2023	1	45,000	—	23,000
Morton	Newark, CA	March 30, 2023	4	603,000	—	186,000
25th Place NE	Washington DC	May 23, 2023	1	33,000	—	13,400
East Garry Avenue <sup>3</sup>	Santa Ana, CA	September 6, 2023	—	—	4.9	14,800
Santa Fe	Redondo Beach, CA	October 10, 2023	2	112,000	—	45,700
Van Dyke	Red Hook, Brooklyn, NY	October 11, 2023	1	96,000	—	27,500
Total/Weighted Average			9	889,000	125.9	\$ 484,000

<sup>1</sup> Excludes intangible liabilities. The total aggregate initial investment was approximately \$512.5 million, including \$6.1 million in capitalized closing costs and acquisition costs and \$42.9 million in assumed intangible liabilities and \$20.5 million in other credits related to near term capital expenditures, free rent and tenant improvements at various properties.

<sup>2</sup> Countyline Phase IV is a 121-acre project entitled for 2.2 million square feet of industrial distribution buildings located in Miami's Countyline Corporate Park ("Countyline"), immediately adjacent to the Company's seven buildings within Countyline. Countyline Phase IV, a landfill redevelopment adjacent to Florida's Turnpike and the southern terminus of I-75, is expected to contain ten LEED-certified industrial distribution buildings at completion.

<sup>3</sup> East Garry Avenue is a 4.9-acre property that was placed into redevelopment upon acquisition. The property is expected to contain one approximately 92,000 square foot LEED-certified industrial distribution building at completion.

The Company recorded revenues and net income for the year ended December 31, 2023 of approximately \$14.8 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, related to the 2023 acquisitions.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company acquired 20 industrial properties with a total initial investment, including acquisition costs, of approximately **\$422.3 million**, **\$422.3 million**, of which **\$316.0 million** **\$316.0 million** was recorded to land, **\$94.4 million** **\$94.4 million** to buildings and improvements, and **\$11.9 million** **\$11.9 million** to intangible assets. Additionally, the Company assumed \$17.1 million in liabilities.

The following table sets forth the wholly-owned industrial properties the Company acquired during the year ended December 31, 2022:

Property Name	Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Number of Buildings	Square Feet	Purchase Price (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Improved Land Acreage	Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Number of Buildings	Square Feet	Improved Land Acreage	Purchase Price (in thousands)
			February 9,											
Countyline #29 & #30		Hialeah, FL	2022	2	407,000	\$ 73,200	—							

Countyline 29 & 30								
33rd Place	33rd Place	Bellevue, WA	February 23, 2022	2	29,000	13,040	1.2	
NE 91st	NE 91st	Redmond, WA	April 8, 2022	2	32,000	9,780	—	
87 Doremus	87 Doremus	Newark, NJ	April 18, 2022	—	—	17,300	9.7	
3660 Thomas Road	3660 Thomas Road	Santa Clara, CA	May 4, 2022	1	135,000	54,600	—	
127 Doremus Avenue	127 Doremus Avenue	Newark, NJ	May 19, 2022	—	—	11,900	2.4	
3660 Fee Ana	3660 Fee Ana	Anaheim, CA	May 24, 2022	—	—	15,000	2.1	
332 Hindry Avenue	332 Hindry Avenue	Inglewood, CA	May 25, 2022	1	19,000	9,280	—	
8320-8400 Isis Avenue	8320-8400 Isis Avenue	Los Angeles, CA	May 25, 2022	1	40,000	17,902	—	
Teagarden	Teagarden	San Leandro, CA	June 1, 2022	5	104,000	34,600	—	
293 Roanoke Avenue	293 Roanoke Avenue	Newark, NJ	June 7, 2022	—	—	13,000	1.8	
8660 Willows Road	8660 Willows Road	Redmond, WA	June 17, 2022	—	—	19,900	3.5	
8050 NW 90th St	8050 NW 90th St	Medley, FL	July 5, 2022	—	—	20,000	6.7	
4857 W 147th St	4857 W 147th St	Hawthorne, CA	August 2, 2022	—	—	6,500	1.3	
19500 South Alameda St	19500 South Alameda St	Rancho Dominguez, CA	August 3, 2022	—	—	32,075	3.0	
3091 East Coronado St	3091 East Coronado St	Anaheim, CA	September 6, 2022	—	—	7,325	1.2	
7045 NW 46th St	7045 NW 46th St	Miami, FL	October 24, 2022	1	16,000	4,703	—	
5401 West 104th St	5401 West 104th St	Los Angeles, CA	November 1, 2022	1	26,000	17,000	—	
629 Henry	629 Henry	Elizabeth, NJ	November 29, 2022	1	23,000	15,350	—	
14805 S Maple Ave	14805 S Maple Ave	Rancho Dominguez, CA	December 30, 2022	—	—	22,358	2.8	
Total/Weighted Average	Total/Weighted Average			17	831,000	\$ 414,813	35.7	
Total/Weighted Average								
Total/Weighted Average								

- 1 Excludes intangible liabilities and mortgage premiums, if any, liabilities. The total aggregate initial investment was approximately \$422.3 million, \$422.3 million, including \$13.0 million \$13.0 million in capitalized closing costs and acquisition costs and \$14.1 million in assumed intangible liabilities and \$19.6 million in other credits related to near term capital expenditures at the Countyline #29 29 & #30 30 properties.

The Company recorded revenues and net income for the year ended December 31, 2022 of approximately \$11.4 million \$11.4 million and \$3.2 million, \$3.2 million, respectively, related to the 2022 acquisitions.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company acquired 34 industrial properties with a total initial investment, including acquisition costs, of approximately \$682.0 million, of which \$446.3 million was recorded to land, \$206.8 million to buildings and improvements, and \$28.9 million to intangible assets. Additionally, the Company assumed \$37.4 million

in liabilities.

The following table sets forth the wholly-owned industrial properties the Company acquired during the year ended December 31, 2021:

Property Name	Location	Acquisition Date	Number of Buildings	Square Feet	Purchase Price (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Improved Land Acreage
256 Paterson Plank	Carlstadt, NJ	January 13, 2021	1	16,159	\$ 10,625	—
117th Place NE	Kirkland, WA	February 25, 2021	1	126,721	33,750	—
Countyline #24 & #25	Hialeah, FL	March 17, 2021	2	273,577	48,114	—
Edison	San Leandro, CA	March 31, 2021	3	112,392	17,600	—
73rd Street	Miami, FL	April 6, 2021	—	—	5,800	5.8
68th Kent	Kent, WA	April 13, 2021	2	67,120	10,000	—
East Gish	San Jose, CA	April 22, 2021	—	—	8,004	2.2
Gramercy Place	Torrance, CA	May 12, 2021	1	17,407	6,290	—
Occidental Avenue	Seattle, WA	May 12, 2021	3	51,853	16,450	—
SW 16th Street	Renton, WA	June 14, 2021	—	—	7,615	2.9
Countyline #26	Hialeah, FL	July 14, 2021	1	220,942	39,409	—
13020 & 13030 Cerise	Hawthorne, CA	July 14, 2021	2	21,846	8,075	—
1150 & 1250 W. Trenton Ave	Orange, CA	July 30, 2021	2	34,224	9,335	—
MLK 9801	Seattle, WA	August 11, 2021	—	—	11,900	3.1
MLK 9845	Seattle, WA	August 11, 2021	—	—	15,750	3.4
MLK 9600	Seattle, WA	August 11, 2021	—	—	22,350	5.2
Foley Street	Hayward, CA	August 26, 2021	2	40,504	8,250	—
Paterson Plank III	Carlstadt, NJ	August 27, 2021	—	—	17,850	4.9
97 Third Street	Kearny, NJ	September 27, 2021	—	—	26,250	5.4
13025 Cerise	Hawthorne, CA	September 30, 2021	1	21,000	7,875	—
Woodinville	Woodinville, WA	October 1, 2021	1	84,238	23,600	—
190 Morgan	Brooklyn, NY	October 12, 2021	1	11,881	4,450	—
San Pedro	Gardena, CA	October 15, 2021	—	—	8,800	2.0
228 North Avenue	Elizabeth, NJ	October 20, 2021	1	30,978	44,000	—
Pickett	Alexandria, VA	October 29, 2021	1	27,683	9,000	—
Berryessa	San Jose, CA	October 29, 2021	—	—	23,000	7.2
768 772 Ceres	Los Angeles, CA	November 18, 2021	2	16,887	7,661	—
Tuxedo	Hyattsville, MD	November 23, 2021	—	—	8,000	2.9
Maple II	Rancho Dominguez, CA	November 30, 2021	—	—	13,800	2.3
Eisenhower	Alexandria, VA	December 10, 2021	3	199,396	60,750	—
4501 46th Street	Bladensburg, MD	December 13, 2021	—	—	11,850	4.4
Countyline #27 & #28	Hialeah, FL	December 15, 2021	2	401,906	74,142	—
Woodinville II	Woodinville, WA	December 23, 2021	2	118,310	33,500	—
Willows	Redmond, WA	December 27, 2021	—	—	3,500	0.8
Total/Weighted Average			34	1,895,024	\$ 657,345	52.5

<sup>1</sup> Excludes intangible liabilities and mortgage premiums, if any. The total aggregate initial investment was approximately \$682.0 million, including \$12.6 million in capitalized closing costs and acquisition costs and \$34.2 million in assumed intangible liabilities and \$22.1 million in other credits related to near term capital expenditures at the Countyline #24 & #25, Countyline #26 and Countyline #27 & #28 properties.

The Company recorded revenues and net income for the year ended December 31, 2021 of approximately \$12.6 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, related to the 2021 acquisitions.

The above assets and liabilities were recorded at fair value, which uses Level 3 inputs. The properties were acquired from unrelated third parties using existing cash on hand, proceeds from property sales and the issuance of common stock and borrowings on the revolving credit facility.

As of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, the Company had **three** seven properties under redevelopment that, upon completion, will consist of **one building of six buildings** aggregating approximately **34,000** 1.0 million square feet and **two** one approximately 2.8-acre improved land **parcels** parcel. Additionally, the Company owned approximately 62.7 acres of land entitled for future development that, upon completion, will consist of six buildings aggregating approximately **12.1 acres**. 1.1 million square feet. The following table summarizes certain information with respect to the properties under development or redevelopment and the land entitled for future development as of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023:

Property Name	Property Name	Location	Total Expected Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Post-Development Acreage	Estimated Post-Development Square Feet	Property Name	Location	Total Expected Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Post-Development Square Feet	Estimated Post-Development Acreage
Berryessa		San Jose, CA	\$ 25,961	7.2	N/A					
<b>Properties under development or redevelopment:</b>										
<b>Properties under development or redevelopment:</b>										
<b>Properties under development or redevelopment:</b>										
Countyline Phase IV										
Countyline Phase IV										
Countyline Phase IV										
Countyline Building 38 <sup>2</sup>										
Countyline Building 38 <sup>2</sup>										
Countyline Building 38 <sup>2</sup>										
Countyline Building 39 <sup>2</sup>										
Countyline Building 40 <sup>2</sup>										
Maple III										
Maple III										
Maple III										
147th Street										
East Garry Avenue										
Paterson Plank III	Paterson Plank III	Carlstadt, NJ	25,303	4.9	N/A					
147th Street		Hawthorne, CA	18,060	N/A	34,000					
Total/Weighted Average			\$ 69,324	12.1	34,000					
<b>Total Land entitled for future development:</b>										

Land entitled for  
future development:

Land entitled for  
future development:

Countyline Phase IV

Countyline Phase IV

Countyline Phase IV

Countyline Phase

IV Land <sup>2</sup>

Countyline Phase

IV Land <sup>2</sup>

Countyline Phase

IV Land <sup>2</sup>

Total

- <sup>1</sup> Excludes below-market lease adjustments recorded at acquisition. Total expected investment for the properties include the initial purchase price, buyer's due diligence and closing costs, estimated near-term redevelopment expenditures, capitalized interest and leasing costs necessary to achieve stabilization.
- <sup>2</sup> Collectively, "Countyline Phase IV", a 121-acre project entitled for 2.2 million square feet of industrial distribution buildings located in Countyline, immediately adjacent to the Company's seven buildings within Countyline. Countyline Phase IV, a landfill redevelopment adjacent to Florida's Turnpike and the southern terminus of I-75, is expected to contain ten LEED-certified industrial distribution buildings at completion.

During 2022, 2023, the Company completed development and redevelopment of three properties aggregating approximately 0.6 million square feet. activities for two properties. The following table summarizes certain information with respect to the completed redevelopment properties as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

Property Name	Location	Total Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Square Feet	Completion Quarter
America's Gateway	Miami, FL	\$ 7,500	51,800	Q1 2022
Countyline #29 & #30	Hialeah, FL	75,539	407,084	Q2/Q3 2022
73rd Street	Miami, FL	20,200	128,844	Q3 2022
Total/Weighted Average		\$ 103,239	587,728	

Property Name	Location	Total Investment (in thousands) <sup>1</sup>	Post-Development Square Feet	Post-Development Acreage	Completion Quarter
Berryessa	San Jose, CA	\$ 26,296	—	6.3	Q2 2023
Countyline Building 41	Hialeah, FL	41,200	190,907	—	Q4 2023
Total/Weighted Average		\$ 67,496	190,907	—	

- <sup>1</sup> Total investment for the properties include includes the initial purchase price, buyer's due diligence and closing costs, redevelopment expenditures, capitalized interest and leasing costs necessary to achieve stabilization.

The Company capitalized interest associated with development, redevelopment and expansion activities of approximately \$2.6 million \$8.5 million, \$0.7 million \$2.6 million and \$1.6 \$0.7 million during the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020 2021, respectively.

#### Note 5. Held for Sale/Disposed Assets

The Company considers a property to be held for sale when it meets the criteria established under ASC 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment*. Properties held for sale are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less estimated costs to sell and are not depreciated while they are held for sale. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, December 31, 2023, the Company did not have any properties held for sale.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company sold two properties located in the Northern New Jersey/New York City market for a total aggregate sales price of approximately \$43.2 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$21.9 million, one property located in the Washington, D.C. market for a sales price of approximately \$18.0 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$9.7 million and one property located in the Los Angeles market for a sales price of approximately \$15.9 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$6.6 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company sold three properties located in the Northern New Jersey/New York City market for a total aggregate sales price of approximately \$159.7 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$107.1 million, and one property located in the Seattle market for a sales price of approximately \$8.6 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$5.1 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company sold one property located in the Seattle market for a sales price of approximately \$10.3 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$3.2 million, and one property located in the Northern New Jersey/New York City market for a sales price of approximately \$32.7 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$13.4 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company sold three properties located in the Washington, D.C. market for a total aggregate sales price of approximately \$51.3 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$17.8 million, and one property located in the Miami market for a sales price of approximately \$22.2 million, resulting in a gain of approximately \$9.0 million.

#### Note 6. Debt

As of December 31, 2022 both December 31, 2023 and 2021, December 31, 2022, the Company had \$775.0 million and \$725.0 million, respectively, of unsecured debt and no secured debt. The following table summarizes the components of the Company's indebtedness as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021 2022 (dollars in thousands):

		2023		2023		2023		2022		Margin Above SOFR	Interest Rate	Contractual Maturity Date	Int R
Unsecured Debt:													
		2022	2021	Margin Above SOFR	Interest Rate	Contractual Maturity Date							
Credit Facility													
Credit Facility													
Credit Facility	Credit Facility	\$ —	\$ —	1.1% <sup>2</sup>	N/A	8/20/2025	\$ —	\$ —	1.1% <sup>2</sup>	1.1% <sup>2</sup>			
5-Year Term Loan	5-Year Term Loan	100,000	100,000	1.3% <sup>2</sup>	5.6 %	1/15/2027	100,000	100,000	1.3% <sup>2</sup>	1.3% <sup>2</sup>			
5-Year Term Loan	5-Year Term Loan	100,000	—	1.3% <sup>2</sup>	5.4 %	1/15/2028	100,000	100,000	1.3% <sup>2</sup>	1.3% <sup>2</sup>			
\$50M 7-Year Unsecured <sup>3, 4</sup>		—	50,000	n/a	4.2 %	9/1/2022							
\$100M 7-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>													
\$100M 7-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>													
\$100M 7-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>	\$100M 7-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>	100,000	100,000	n/a	3.8 %	7/14/2024	100,000	100,000	n/a	n/a			
\$50M 10-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>	\$50M 10-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>	50,000	50,000	n/a	4.0 %	7/7/2026	50,000	50,000	n/a	n/a			
\$50M 12-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>	\$50M 12-Year Unsecured <sup>3</sup>	50,000	50,000	n/a	4.7 %	10/31/2027	50,000	50,000	n/a	n/a			



\$100M 7-Year Unsecured	\$100M 7-Year Unsecured	100,000	100,000	n/a	2.4 %	7/15/2028	\$100M 7-Year Unsecured	100,000	100,000	100,000	n/a	n/a
\$100M 10-Year Unsecured	\$100M 10-Year Unsecured	100,000	100,000	n/a	3.1 %	12/3/2029	\$100M 10-Year Unsecured	100,000	100,000	100,000	n/a	n/a
\$125M 9-Year Unsecured	\$125M 9-Year Unsecured	125,000	125,000	n/a	2.4 %	8/17/2030	\$125M 9-Year Unsecured	125,000	125,000	125,000	n/a	n/a
\$50M 10-Year Unsecured	\$50M 10-Year Unsecured	50,000	50,000	n/a	2.8 %	7/15/2031	\$50M 10-Year Unsecured	50,000	50,000	50,000	n/a	n/a
<b>Total Unsecured Debt</b>	<b>Total Unsecured Debt</b>	775,000	725,000									
Less: Unamortized premium/discount and debt issuance costs		(4,182)	(4,330)									
<b>Total Unsecured Debt</b>												
<b>Total Unsecured Debt</b>												
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs												
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs												
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs												
<b>Total</b>	<b>Total</b>	<u>\$770,818</u>	<u>\$720,670</u>									
<b>Total</b>												
<b>Total</b>												

- 1 Reflects the contractual interest rate under the terms of each loan as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. Excludes the effects of unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized fair market value premiums, if any, costs.
- 2 The interest rates on these loans are comprised of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a SOFR margin. The SOFR margins will range from 1.10% to 1.55% (1.10% as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**) for the revolving credit facility and 1.25% to 1.75% (1.25% as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**) for the term loans, depending on the ratio of the Company's outstanding consolidated indebtedness to the value of the Company's consolidated gross asset value and includes a 10 basis points SOFR credit adjustment.
- 3 Collectively, the "Senior Unsecured Notes".
- 4 On August 1, 2022, the Company prepaid a \$50 million tranche of 7-year senior unsecured notes using borrowings from the Company's revolving credit facility.

On September 2, 2022, the Company entered into the Second Amendment (the "Second Amendment") to the

The Company's Sixth Amended and Restated Senior Credit Agreement (as amended, the "Amended Facility") to add an additional \$100.0 million term loan that matures in January 2028. The Company drew the full amount available under the term loan upon entry into the Second Amendment. The Amended Facility consists of a \$400.0 million revolving credit facility that matures in August 2025, a \$100.0 million term loan that matures in January 2027 and a \$100.0 million term loan that matures in January 2028. As of December 31, 2022 both December 31, 2023 and 2021, December 31, 2022, there were no borrowings outstanding on the revolving credit facility and \$200.0 million and \$100.0 million, respectively, of borrowings outstanding on the term loans.

The aggregate amount of the Amended Facility may be increased by up to an additional \$500.0 million to a maximum amount not to exceed \$1.1 billion, subject to the approval of the administrative agent and the identification of lenders willing to make available additional amounts. Outstanding borrowings under the Amended Facility are limited to the lesser of (i) the sum of the \$400.0 million revolving credit facility, the \$100.0 million term loan maturing in January 2027 and the \$100.0 million term loan maturing in January 2028, or (ii) 60.0% of the value of the unencumbered properties. Interest on the Amended Facility, including the term loans, is generally to be paid based upon, at the Company's option, either (i) SOFR plus the applicable SOFR margin or (ii) the applicable base rate, which is the greatest of the administrative agent's prime rate, 0.50% above the federal funds

effective rate, thirty-day SOFR plus the applicable SOFR margin for SOFR rate loans under the Amended Facility plus 1.25%, or 1.25% per annum. The applicable SOFR margin will range from 1.10% to 1.55% (1.10% as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**) for the revolving credit facility and 1.25% to 1.75% (1.25% as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**) for the term loans, depending on the ratio of the Company's outstanding consolidated indebtedness to the value of the Company's consolidated gross asset value and includes a 10 basis points SOFR credit adjustment. The Amended Facility requires quarterly payments of an annual facility fee in an amount ranging from 0.15% to 0.30%, depending on the ratio of the Company's outstanding consolidated indebtedness to the value of the Company's consolidated gross asset value.

The Amended Facility and the Senior Unsecured Notes are guaranteed by the Company and by substantially all of the current and to-be-formed subsidiaries of the Company that own an unencumbered property. The Amended Facility and the Senior Unsecured Notes are not secured by the Company's properties or by interests in the subsidiaries that hold such properties. The Amended Facility and the Senior Unsecured Notes include a series of financial and other covenants with which the Company must comply. The Company was in compliance with the covenants under the Amended Facility and the Senior Unsecured Notes as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021, 2022**.

The scheduled principal payments of the Company's debt as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** were as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Credit Facility		Senior Unsecured Notes		Total Debt	
2023		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

The Company had no interest rate caps as of December 31, 2022 or 2021.

The following table presents the effect of the Company's derivative financial instruments on its accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Year Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest rate caps in cash flow hedging relationships:			
Amount of gain recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") on derivatives (effective portion)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Amount of gain reclassified from AOCI into interest expense (effective portion)	\$ —	\$ 183	\$ 254

#### Note 9. Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820 requires disclosure of the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall, including measurements using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1), quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active (Level 2), and significant valuation assumptions that are not readily observable in the market (Level 3).

#### Financial Instruments Disclosed at Fair Value

As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximated their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these investments or liabilities based on Level 1 inputs. The fair values of the Company's Senior Unsecured Notes were estimated by calculating the present value of principal and interest payments, based on borrowing rates available to the Company, which are Level 2 inputs, adjusted with a credit spread, as applicable, and assuming the loans are outstanding through maturity. The fair value of the Company's Amended Facility approximated its carrying value because the variable interest rates approximate market borrowing rates available to the Company, which are Level 2 inputs.

The following table sets forth the carrying value and the estimated fair value of the Company's debt as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022 (dollars in thousands):

Fair Value Measurement Using						Fair Value Measurement Using				
	Total Fair Value	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities			Carrying Value	Total Fair Value	Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities			Carrying Value
		(Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			(Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Liabilities	Liabilities									
Liabilities										
Liabilities										
Debt at:	Debt at:									
Debt at:										
Debt at:										
December 31, 2023										
December 31, 2023										
December 31, 2023										
December 31, 2022	December 31, 2022	\$ 700,926	\$ —	\$ 700,926	\$ —	\$ 770,818				
December 31, 2021	December 31, 2021	\$ 743,592	\$ —	\$ 743,592	\$ —	\$ 720,670				

#### Note 10. 9. Stockholders' Equity

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of 400,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, and 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.01 par value per share. The Company has an at-the-market equity offering program (the "\$300-\$500 Million ATM Program" Program) pursuant to which the Company may issue and sell

shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to ~~\$300.0 million~~ ~~\$500.0 million~~ (~~\$142.6~~ ~~\$05.8~~ million remaining as of ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~) in amounts and at times to be determined by the Company from time to time. Prior to the implementation of the ~~\$300~~ ~~\$500~~ Million ATM Program, the Company had ~~a~~ ~~two~~ previous at-the-market equity offering ~~program~~ ~~programs~~ (the ~~"Previous "\$300 Million ATM Program"~~, and the ~~"Previous \$300 Million ATM Program" Program~~"), which ~~was~~ ~~were~~ substantially utilized as of ~~June 10, 2021~~ ~~September 5, 2023~~ and ~~is~~ ~~June 10, 2021~~, respectively, and are no longer active. Actual sales under the ~~\$300~~ ~~\$500~~ Million ATM Program, if any, will depend on a variety of factors to be determined by the Company from time to time, including, among others, market conditions, the trading price of the Company's common stock, determinations by the Company of the appropriate sources of funding for the Company and potential uses of funding available to the Company. ~~During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued an aggregate of 5,152,279 shares of common stock at a weighted average offering price of \$61.15 per share under the \$300 Million ATM Program and the \$500 Million ATM Program, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$310.5 million and paying total compensation to the applicable sales agents of approximately \$4.6 million.~~ During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,286,125 shares of common stock at a weighted average offering price of \$61.31 per share under the \$300 Million ATM Program, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$77.7 million and paying total compensation to the applicable sales agents of approximately \$1.1 million. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,569,771 shares of common stock at a weighted average offering price of \$63.23 per share under the ~~Previous \$300 Million ATM Program~~ and the ~~\$300 Million ATM Program~~, resulting in net proceeds of approximately \$160.1 million, and paying total compensation to the applicable sales agents of approximately ~~\$2.4 million.~~ ~~During the year ended December 31, 2020~~ ~~\$2.4 million.~~

On February 13, 2023, the Company ~~issued an aggregate~~ ~~completed a public offering of~~ ~~1,197,597~~ ~~5,750,000~~ shares of common stock at a ~~weighted average offering price of~~ ~~\$54.08~~ per share ~~under of~~ ~~\$62.50~~, which included the ~~Previous \$300 million ATM Program~~, ~~resulting in~~ ~~underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase an additional 750,000 shares.~~ The net proceeds of the offering were approximately ~~\$63.8~~ ~~\$355.9~~ million ~~after deducting the underwriting discount and~~ ~~paying total compensation to the applicable sales agents offering costs~~ of approximately ~~\$0.9~~ ~~\$3.5~~ million. ~~The Company used the net proceeds for acquisitions.~~

On November 8, 2021, the Company completed a public offering of 3,500,000 shares of common stock at a price per share of \$74.50. On November 10, 2021, the Company sold an additional 525,000 shares upon the exercise by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares. The net proceeds of the offering were approximately \$296.5 million after deducting the underwriting discount and offering costs of approximately \$3.3 million. The Company ~~intends to use~~ ~~used~~ the net proceeds for general corporate purposes, which ~~may include, included,~~ without limitation, working capital, repayment of indebtedness, future acquisitions and redevelopments.

The Company has a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to 3,000,000 shares of its outstanding common stock from time to time through December 31, 2024. Purchases made pursuant to the program will be made in either the open market or in privately negotiated transactions as permitted by federal securities laws and other legal requirements. The timing, manner, price and amount of any repurchases will be determined by the Company in its discretion and will be subject to economic and market conditions, stock price, applicable legal requirements and other factors. The program may be suspended or discontinued at any time. As of ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~, the Company had not repurchased any shares of common stock pursuant to its share repurchase program.

In connection with the Annual Meeting of Stockholders on ~~May 3, 2022~~ ~~May 2, 2023~~, the Company granted a total of ~~10,746~~ ~~12,480~~ unrestricted shares of the Company's common stock to its independent directors under the 2019 Plan with a grant date fair value per share of ~~\$69.82~~ ~~\$60.10~~. The grant date fair value of the common stock was determined using the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant. The Company recognized approximately \$0.8 million in compensation costs for the year ended ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~ related to this issuance.

The Company has a Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan") maintained for the benefit of select employees and members of the Company's Board of Directors, in which certain of their cash and equity-based compensation may be deposited. Deferred Compensation Plan assets are held in a rabbi trust, which is subject to the claims of the Company's creditors in the event of bankruptcy or insolvency. The shares held in the Deferred Compensation Plan are classified within stockholders' equity in a manner similar to the manner in which treasury stock is classified. Subsequent changes in the fair value of the shares are not recognized. During the years ended ~~December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021,~~ ~~December 31, 2022,~~ ~~2021~~ ~~96,874, 150,867~~ and ~~2020, 150,867, 136,503 and 139,224~~ shares of common stock, respectively, were deposited into the Deferred Compensation Plan. During the years ended ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021,~~ ~~and 2020, 5,876, 8,929~~ ~~0~~ and ~~0~~ shares of common stock, respectively, were withdrawn from the Deferred Compensation Plan.

As of ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~, there were 1,898,961 shares of common stock authorized for issuance as restricted stock grants, unrestricted stock awards or Performance Share awards under the 2019 Plan, of which ~~735,392~~ ~~500,490~~ were remaining and available for issuance. The grant date fair value per share of restricted stock awards issued during the period from February 16, 2010 (commencement of operations) to ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~ ranged from \$14.20 to \$78.33. The fair value of the restricted stock that was granted during the year ended ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~ was approximately ~~\$9.1 million~~ ~~\$8.2 million~~ and the vesting period for the restricted stock is typically between ~~one~~ ~~three~~ and five years. As of ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023~~, the Company had approximately ~~\$13.2 million~~ ~~\$14.4 million~~ of total unrecognized compensation costs related to restricted stock issuances, which is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted average period of approximately ~~3.2~~ ~~3.1~~ years. The Company recognized compensation costs of approximately ~~\$4.9 million~~ ~~\$6.3 million~~, ~~\$3.6 million~~ ~~\$4.9 million~~ and ~~\$2.6 million~~ ~~\$3.6 million~~ for the years ended ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023, 2021~~ ~~2022~~ and ~~2020, 2021~~, respectively, related to the restricted stock issuances.

The following is a summary of the total restricted shares granted to the Company's executive officers and employees with the related weighted average grant date fair value share prices for the years ended ~~December 31, 2022~~ ~~December 31, 2023, 2021~~ ~~2022~~ and ~~2020;~~ ~~2021~~:

#### Restricted Stock Activity:

Shares		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Shares	Shares	

		Weighted Average Grant	
		Shares	Date Fair Value
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2019		426,770	\$ 28.20
Granted		78,041	60.11
Forfeited		(5,146)	51.58
Vested		(295,936)	21.07
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2020			
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2020			
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2020	Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2020	203,729	50.19
Granted	Granted	99,569	65.90
Forfeited	Forfeited	(776)	59.29
Vested	Vested	(13,336)	43.04
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2021	Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2021	289,186	55.90
Granted	Granted	136,903	66.35
Forfeited	Forfeited	(29,391)	59.69
Vested	Vested	(40,066)	56.06
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022	Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022	356,632	\$ 59.58
Granted			
Forfeited			
Vested			
Non-vested shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023			

The following is a vesting schedule of the total non-vested shares of restricted stock outstanding as of **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023:

Non-vested Shares Vesting Schedule	Non-vested Shares Vesting Schedule	Number of Shares	Non-vested Shares Vesting Schedule	Number of Shares
2023		63,160		
2024	2024	99,177		
2025	2025	66,689		

2026	2026	43,990
2027	2027	83,616
2028		
Thereafter	Thereafter	—
<b>Total Non-vested Shares</b>	<b>Total Non-vested Shares</b>	<b>356,632</b>

#### Long-Term Incentive Plan:

As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, there were three open performance measurement periods for the Performance Share awards: **January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022**, **January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2023**, and **January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024**, and **January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2025**. The expense **During the year ended December 31, 2023**, the Company issued 97,825 shares of common stock at a price of \$58.56 per share related to the open Performance Share awards granted prior to January 1, 2020 varies quarter to quarter based on the Company's relative share price performance.

The following table summarizes certain information with respect to the Performance Share awards granted prior to January 1, 2020 (dollars in thousands):

Fair Value Performance Share Period	Maximum Potential Payout	Fair Value December 31, 2022	Accrual December 31, 2022	Expense for the Year Ended December 31,		
				2022	2021	2020
January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,138

Under the Amended LTIP, each participant's Performance Share target award for target awards granted on or after January 1, 2019 will be expressed as a number of shares of common stock and settled in shares of common stock. Target awards were previously expressed as a dollar amount and settled in shares of common stock. Commencing with Performance Share awards granted on or after January 1, 2019, the grant date fair value of the Performance Share awards will be determined under current accounting treatment using a Monte Carlo simulation model on the date of grant and recognized on a straight-line basis over the performance period. **period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022.**

The following table summarizes certain information with respect to the Performance Share awards granted on or after January 1, 2019 and includes the forfeiture of certain of the Performance Share awards during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2021 and 2020 **2022** (dollars in thousands):

Performance Share Period									
Performance Share Period	Performance Share Period	Fair Value on Date of Grant	Expense for the Year Ended December 31,			Performance Share Period	Fair Value of Grant Date	Expense for the Year Ended December 31,	
			2022	2021	2020			2022	2021
January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2021	January 1, 2019 - December 31, 2021	\$ 4,829	\$ —	\$1,609	\$1,610				
January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2022	January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2022	4,882	1,168	1,858	1,857				
January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2023	January 1, 2021 - December 31, 2023	4,820	1,393	1,822	—				
January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2024	January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2024	5,789	1,929	—	—				
January 1, 2023 - December 31, 2025									

Total	Total	\$20,320	\$4,490	\$5,289	\$3,467
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1 Reflects the fair value on date of grant for all performance shares outstanding at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

#### Dividends:

The following table sets forth the cash dividends paid or payable per share during the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021: 2022:

For the Three Months Ended	Security	Dividend per Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid
March 31, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.40	February 7, 2023	March 31, 2023	April 6, 2023
June 30, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.40	May 2, 2023	June 30, 2023	July 14, 2023
September 30, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.45	August 1, 2023	September 29, 2023	October 13, 2023
December 31, 2023	Common Stock	\$ 0.45	October 31, 2023	December 15, 2023	January 5, 2024

For the Three Months Ended	Security	Dividend per Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid
March 31, 2022	Common stock Stock	\$ 0.34	February 8, 2022	March 25, 2022	April 8, 2022
June 30, 2022	Common stock Stock	\$ 0.34	May 3, 2022	June 30, 2022	July 14, 2022
September 30, 2022	Common stock Stock	\$ 0.40	August 2, 2022	September 30, 2022	October 14, 2022
December 31, 2022	Common stock Stock	\$ 0.40	November 1, 2022	December 30, 2022	January 13, 2023

For the Three Months Ended	Security	Dividend per Share	Declaration Date	Record Date	Date Paid
March 31, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.29	February 9, 2021	March 26, 2021	April 9, 2021
June 30, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.29	May 4, 2021	June 30, 2021	July 14, 2021
September 30, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.34	August 3, 2021	October 1, 2021	October 15, 2021
December 31, 2021	Common stock	\$ 0.34	November 2, 2021	December 15, 2021	January 5, 2022

#### Note 11.10. Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Pursuant to ASC 260-10-45, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities*, unvested share-based payment awards that contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends are participating securities and are included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. The two-class method of computing earnings per share allocates earnings per share for common stock and any participating securities according to dividends declared (whether paid or unpaid) and participation rights in undistributed earnings. Under the two-class method, earnings per common share are computed by dividing the sum of distributed earnings to common stockholders and undistributed earnings allocated to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. The Company's non-vested shares of restricted stock are considered participating securities since these share-based awards contain non-forfeitable rights to dividends irrespective of whether the awards ultimately vest or expire. The Company had no antidilutive securities or dilutive restricted stock awards outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021.

In accordance with the Company's policies of determining whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities and accounting for earnings per share, the net income (loss) per common share is adjusted for earnings distributed through declared dividends (if any) and allocated to all participating securities (weighted average common shares outstanding and unvested restricted shares outstanding) under the two-class method. Under this method, allocations were made to 393,059, 322,866 245,075 and 341,673 245,075 of weighted average unvested restricted shares outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively.

Performance Share awards which may be payable in shares of the Company's common stock after the conclusion of each pre-established performance measurement period are included as contingently issuable shares in the calculation of diluted weighted average common shares of stock outstanding assuming the reporting period is the end of the measurement period, and the effect is dilutive. Diluted shares related to the Performance Share awards were 202,071, 88,373 259,468 and 407,139 259,468 for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and 2020, respectively.

#### Note 12.11. Commitments and Contingencies

**Litigation.** The Company is not involved in any material litigation nor, to its knowledge, is any material litigation threatened against it. In the normal course of business, from time to time, the Company may be involved in legal actions relating to the ownership and operations of its properties. Management does not expect that the liabilities, if any, that may ultimately result from such legal actions will have a material effect on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

**Contractual Commitments.** As of February 7, 2023 February 6, 2024, the Company had four one outstanding contracts contract with a third-party sellers seller to acquire four one industrial properties property for a total purchase price of approximately \$259.5 \$12.0 million. There is no assurance that the Company will acquire the properties property under contract because the proposed acquisitions are acquisition is subject to due diligence and various closing conditions.

One of

**Note 12. Subsequent Events**

On January 5, 2024, the purchase contracts is for the acquisition, Company acquired one industrial property in Bellevue, WA, for a total purchase price of approximately \$173.6 million, of a 121-acre project entitled for 2.2 million square feet of industrial distribution buildings in Miami's Countyline Corporate Park ("Countyline"), immediately adjacent to the Company's seven fully-leased buildings within Countyline. \$6.5 million. The project, a landfill redevelopment adjacent to Florida's Turnpike and the southern terminus of I-75, is 29.8% pre-leased with one 191,000 square foot rear-load industrial distribution building and one 506,000 square foot cross-dock industrial distribution building under construction. At expected completion in 2025 the project is expected to contain ten LEED-certified industrial distribution buildings totaling approximately 2.2 million square feet for a total expected investment of approximately \$491.1 million.

**Note 13. Subsequent Events**property was acquired from an unrelated third party using existing cash on hand.

On February 7, 2023 February 6, 2024, the Company's board of directors declared a cash dividend in the amount of \$0.40 \$0.45 per share of its common stock payable on April 6, 2023 April 5, 2024 to the stockholders of record as of the close of business on March 31, 2023 March 28, 2024.

**Terreno Realty Corporation**

**Schedule III**  
**Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation**  
**As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023**  
**(in thousands)**

Property Name	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company		Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2022			Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Constructed	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encu
					Land	Buildings & Improvements		Land	Buildings & Improvements	Total							
Los Angeles	Los Angeles																
104th Street	104th Street																
104th Street	104th Street																
104th Street	104th Street																
104th Street	104th Street																
5401 West 104th St	5401 West 104th St																
139th Street	139th Street																
630 Glasgow	630 Glasgow																
747 Glasgow	747 Glasgow																
1150 & 1250 W. Trenton Ave	1150 & 1250 W. Trenton Ave																
13020 & 13030 Cerise	13020 & 13030 Cerise																
13025 Cerise	13025 Cerise																
14611 Broadway	14611 Broadway																
3660 Fee Ana	3660 Fee Ana																
19601 Hamilton	19601 Hamilton																
8320-8400 Isis Avenue	8320-8400 Isis Avenue																



332 Hindry Avenue	332 Hindry Avenue	1	Inglewood, CA	—	6,977	2,800	133	6,977	2,933	9,910	50	2022	1983	332 Hindry Avenue	1	Inglewood, CA	Inglewood, CA
709 Hindry	709 Hindry	1	Inglewood, CA	—	2,105	2,972	460	2,105	3,432	5,537	581	2016	1984	709 Hindry	1	Inglewood, CA	Inglewood, CA
Acacia	Acacia	1	Compton, CA	—	5,143	1,985	511	5,143	2,496	7,639	420	2017	1972	Acacia	1	Compton, CA	Compton, CA
Anderson	Anderson	5	Los Angeles, CA	—	17,095	1,271	4,761	17,095	6,032	23,127	409	2019	1912-1987	Anderson	5	Los Angeles, CA	Los Angeles, CA
Aviation	Aviation	—	Inglewood, CA	—	9,544	498	827	9,544	1,325	10,869	95	2020	2013	Aviation	—	Inglewood, CA	Inglewood, CA
Ceres Ave	Ceres Ave	2	Los Angeles, CA	—	4,825	2,833	—	4,825	2,833	7,657	81	2021	2015	Ceres Ave	2	Los Angeles, CA	Los Angeles, CA
Dominguez	Dominguez	—	Los Angeles, CA	—	11,370	1,535	3,235	11,370	4,770	16,140	832	2017					
3091 East Coronado St	3091 East Coronado St	—	Anaheim, CA	—	7,140	464	134	7,140	598	7,738	11	2022	2,017				
3091 East Coronado St	3091 East Coronado St															Anaheim, CA	
Garfield	Garfield	5	Commerce, CA	—	27,539	22,694	6,523	27,539	29,217	56,756	10,248	2012	2002	Garfield	5	Commerce, CA	Commerce, CA
Gladwick	Gladwick	1	Rancho Dominguez, CA	—	11,636	5,998	211	11,636	6,209	17,845	435	2020	2009	Gladwick	1	Rancho Dominguez, CA	Rancho Dominguez, CA
Gramercy Place	Gramercy Place	1	Torrance, CA	—	4,846	1,503	252	4,846	1,756	6,602	99	2021	2015	Gramercy Place	1	Torrance, CA	Torrance, CA
Hawthorne	Hawthorne	8	Hawthorne, CA	—	17,226	10,069	2,370	17,226	12,439	29,665	2,398	2017	1952/1986	Hawthorne	8	Hawthorne, CA	Hawthorne, CA
Las Hermanas	Las Hermanas	1	Compton, CA	—	3,330	751	956	3,330	1,707	5,037	584	2014	1970	Las Hermanas	1	Compton, CA	Compton, CA
Lynwood	Lynwood	3	Lynwood, CA	—	43,885	—	—	43,885	—	43,885	—	2017	1988	Lynwood	3	Lynwood, CA	Lynwood, CA
McLaren	McLaren	1	Irvine, CA	—	7,459	668	—	7,459	668	8,127	48	2020	1982	McLaren	1	Irvine, CA	Irvine, CA
Manhattan Beach	Manhattan Beach	1	Redondo Beach, CA	—	7,874	5,641	1,791	7,874	7,432	15,306	2,078	2012	1963/1970	Manhattan Beach	1	Redondo Beach, CA	Redondo Beach, CA
Maple	Maple	—	Rancho Dominguez, CA	—	9,371	607	592	9,371	1,199	10,570	166	2020	1978	Maple	—	Rancho Dominguez, CA	Rancho Dominguez, CA
Maple II	Maple II	—	Rancho Dominguez, CA	—	14,102	183	495	14,102	678	14,780	70	2021					

Property Name	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company		Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2022			Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Constructed	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location
					Land	Buildings & Improvements		Land	Buildings & Improvements	Total						
14805 S Maple Ave		—	Rancho Dominguez, CA	—	22,419	682	—	22,419	682	23,102	1	2022	1963/1983			



Property Name	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company		Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2022			Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Constructed	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.		Location	Encumbrances
					Land	Buildings & Improvements		Land	Buildings & Improvements	Total								
256 Patterson Plank		1	Carlstadt, NJ	—	9,478	1,284	1,754	9,478	3,038	12,516	202	2021	1960					
293 Roanoke Avenue		—	Newark, NJ	—	11,395	2,217	512	11,395	2,729	14,124	55	2022	N/A					
Avenue A	Avenue A	4	Carlstadt, NJ	—	7,516	4,660	1,422	7,516	6,082	13,598	1,271	2017	1951/1957	Avenue A	4		Carlstadt, NJ	Carlstadt, NJ

Belleville	Belleville	1	Kearny, NJ	—	12,845	18,041	1,847	12,845	19,888	32,733	5,730	2011	2006	Belleville	1	Kearny, NJ	Kearny, NJ
Commerce	Commerce	1	Carlstadt, NJ	—	1,656	1,544	128	1,656	1,672	3,328	205	2018	1969	Commerce	1	Carlstadt, NJ	Carlstadt, NJ
Dell	Dell	1	Carlstadt, NJ	—	6,641	771	833	6,641	1,604	8,245	457	2011	1972	Dell	1	Carlstadt, NJ	Carlstadt, NJ
Ethel	Ethel	2	Piscataway, NJ	—	2,748	3,801	1,916	2,748	5,717	8,465	1,831	2013	1981/1984	Ethel	2	Piscataway, NJ	Piscataway, NJ
Interstate	Interstate	2	South Brunswick, NJ	—	13,686	12,135	16,198	13,686	28,333	42,019	8,800	2010/2013	1999/2014	Interstate	2	South Brunswick, NJ	South Brunswick, NJ
JFK	JFK		Queens, NY											JFK		Queens, NY	Queens, NY
Airgate	Airgate	4	East Rutherford, NJ	—	18,282	32,933	6,636	18,282	39,569	57,851	11,896	2013	1986/1991	Airgate	4	East Rutherford, NJ	East Rutherford, NJ
Manor	Manor	1	Brooklyn, NY	—	4,076	5,262	3,713	4,076	8,975	13,051	1,681	2015	1968	Manor	1	Brooklyn, NY	Brooklyn, NY
Morgan	Morgan	2	Fairfield, NJ	—	71,051	10,888	6,014	71,051	16,902	87,953	1,581	2019	1967	Morgan	2	Fairfield, NJ	Fairfield, NJ
New Dutch	New Dutch	1	Carlstadt, NJ	—	4,773	2,004	—	4,773	2,004	6,777	395	2017	1976	New Dutch	1	Carlstadt, NJ	Carlstadt, NJ
Paterson	Paterson	1	Newark, NJ	—	4,127	455	761	4,127	1,216	5,343	229	2016	1998	Paterson	1	Newark, NJ	Newark, NJ
Plank	Plank	—	Queens, NY	—	12,327	1,282	882	12,327	2,164	14,491	597	2017				Queens, NY	Queens, NY
Stockton	Stockton	2	Avenel, NJ	—	3,537	3,598	1,327	3,537	4,925	8,462	1,100	2014	1950/1968			Avenel, NJ	Avenel, NJ
Terminal Way	Terminal Way															Red Hook, Brooklyn, NY	Red Hook, Brooklyn, NY
Terminal Way	Terminal Way																
Van Dyke	Van Dyke													Van Dyke	1		
Whelan	Whelan	1	East Rutherford, NJ	—	6,366	5,704	598	6,366	6,302	12,668	644	2019	2005	Whelan	1	East Rutherford, NJ	East Rutherford, NJ
Wilson	Wilson	1	Newark, NJ	—	2,016	484	813	2,016	1,297	3,313	461	2016	1970	Wilson	1	Newark, NJ	Newark, NJ
Woodside	Woodside	1	Queens, NY	—	23,987	3,796	4,047	23,987	7,843	31,830	1,352	2018	2018	Woodside	1	Queens, NY	Queens, NY
San Francisco Bay Area	San Francisco Bay Area																
20th Street	20th Street																
20th Street	20th Street																
20th Street	20th Street	1	Oakland, CA	—	18,092	6,730	1,978	18,092	8,708	26,800	963	2019	1970 & 2003		1	Oakland, CA	Oakland, CA
238/242	238/242		South San Francisco, CA	—	6,674	2,655	1,972	6,674	4,627	11,301	2,057	2010		238/242		South San Francisco, CA	South San Francisco, CA
Lawrence	Lawrence	2	South San Francisco, CA	—	5,107	3,293	2,806	5,107	6,099	11,206	1,599	2013		240		South San Francisco, CA	South San Francisco, CA
240	240	1	South San Francisco, CA	—	1,352	1,198	471	1,352	1,669	3,021	727	2010		299		South San Francisco, CA	South San Francisco, CA
Littlefield	Littlefield	1	San Jose, CA	—	1,932	2,245	959	1,932	3,204	5,136	1,053	2012		631		San Jose, CA	San Jose, CA
299	299	1	San Jose, CA	—										Brennan	1	San Jose, CA	San Jose, CA
Lawrence	Lawrence	1															
631	631	1															
Brennan	Brennan	1															

3660	3660													3660				
Thomas	Thomas		Santa											Thomas		Santa Clara,	Santa Clara,	
Road	Road	1	Clara, CA	—	43,053	13,887	617	43,053	14,503	57,557	234	2022	1973	Road	1	CA	CA	
			Union City,													Union City,		
Ahern	Ahern	2	CA	—	3,246	2,749	1,518	3,246	4,267	7,513	1,663	2010	1986	Ahern	2	CA	Union City, CA	
			Union City,													Union City,		
Ahern II	Ahern II	1	CA	—	2,467	4,527	753	2,467	5,280	7,747	1,238	2015	1997	Ahern II	1	CA	Union City, CA	
Berryessa																		
Burroughs																		
Burroughs																		
			San													San	San	
			Leandro,													Leandro,	Leandro,	
Burroughs	Burroughs	3	CA	—	5,400	7,092	1,630	5,400	8,722	14,122	2,285	2014	1966		3	CA	CA	
			Sunnyvale,													Sunnyvale,		
Caribbean	Caribbean	3	CA	—	17,483	14,493	2,920	17,483	17,413	34,896	5,501	2012	1980/1981	Caribbean	3	CA	Sunnyvale, CA	
			South San															
Carlton	Carlton		Francisco,											Carlton		South San	South San	
Court	Court	1	CA	—	2,036	1,475	722	2,036	2,197	4,233	622	2012	1981	Court	1	CA	CA	
			Hayward,													Hayward, CA	Hayward, CA	
Clawiter	Clawiter	1	CA	—	5,964	1,159	189	5,964	1,348	7,312	354	2011	1967	Clawiter	1	CA	CA	
			San Jose,													San Jose, CA	San Jose, CA	
East Gish	East Gish	—	CA	—	6,759	726	2	6,759	729	7,487	42	2021	1959	East Gish	—	CA	CA	
			San													San	San	
			Leandro,													Leandro,	Leandro,	
Edison	Edison	3	CA	—	14,797	2,806	1,416	14,797	4,221	19,018	265	2021	1975	Edison	3	CA	CA	
			Hayward,															
Foley	Foley		CA											Foley				
Street	Street	2	CA	—	5,023	3,281	538	5,023	3,819	8,842	173	2021	1976 & 1972	Street	2	CA	CA	
			Fremont,															
Hotchkiss	Hotchkiss	1	CA	—	4,163	3,152	1,074	4,163	4,226	8,389	800	2017	1997	Hotchkiss	1	CA	CA	
			Fremont,															
Hotchkiss	Hotchkiss		CA											Hotchkiss				
II	II	1	CA	—	3,042	3,081	355	3,042	3,436	6,478	447	2018	1997	II	1	CA	CA	

Property Name	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company		Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2022			Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Constructed	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.			Encumbr
					Land	Buildings & Improvements		Land	Buildings & Improvements	Total								
Merced	Merced	4	San Leandro, CA	—	25,621	9,318	3,497	25,621	12,815	38,436	1,896	2018	1958	Merced	4	San Leandro, CA	San Leandro, CA	
Michele	Michele	1	South San Francisco, CA	—	2,710	2,540	822	2,710	3,362	6,072	596	2016	1979	Michele	1	South San Francisco, CA	South San Francisco, CA	
Minnesota and Tennessee	Minnesota and Tennessee	2	San Francisco, CA	—	34,738	13,141	2,203	34,738	15,344	50,082	1,399	2019	1963	Minnesota and Tennessee	2	San Francisco, CA	San Francisco, CA	
																Newark, CA		
Old Bayshore	Old Bayshore	—	San Jose, CA	—	10,244	1,609	57	10,244	1,666	11,910	180	2020	1955	Old Bayshore	—	San Jose, CA	San Jose, CA	
San Clemente	San Clemente		Hayward, CA															

Teagarden	Teagarden	5	San Leandro, CA	—	19,172	15,221	399	19,172	15,620	34,792	221	2022	1970/1972	Teagarden	5	San Leandro, CA	San Leandro, CA	
Starlite	Starlite	1	South San Francisco, CA	—	3,738	144	2,185	3,738	2,329	6,067	86	2020	1966 & 1972	Starlite	1	South San Francisco, CA	South San Francisco, CA	
West 140th	West 140th	2	San Leandro, CA	—	9,578	6,297	3,745	9,578	10,042	19,620	2,096	2016	1959	West 140th	2	San Leandro, CA	San Leandro, CA	
Whitney	Whitney	3	San Leandro, CA	—	13,821	9,016	2,242	13,821	11,258	25,079	1,834	2018	1974	Whitney	3	San Leandro, CA	San Leandro, CA	
Wicks	Wicks	1	San Leandro, CA	—	2,224	298	86	2,224	384	2,608	56	2018	1976	Wicks	1	San Leandro, CA	San Leandro, CA	
Central Pacific Business Park I	Central Pacific Business Park I	3	Union City, CA	—	8,468	14,165	2,163	8,468	16,328	24,796	4,112	2014	1989	Central Pacific Business Park I	3	Union City, CA	Union City, CA	
Central Pacific Business Park II	Central Pacific Business Park II	4	Union City, CA	—	13,642	23,658	6,337	13,642	29,995	43,637	8,645	2015	2015	Central Pacific Business Park II	4	Union City, CA	Union City, CA	
Seattle 1st Ave	Seattle 1st Ave																	
1st Ave	1st Ave	1	Seattle, WA	—	29,441	30,537	7,755	29,441	38,292	67,733	1,907	2018	1937 & 1967	1st Ave	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA	—
33rd Place	33rd Place	2	Bellevue, WA	—	10,655	3,930	85	10,655	4,015	14,671	95	2022	1968-2009	33rd Place	2	Bellevue, WA	Bellevue, WA	
6th Ave South	6th Ave South	1	Seattle, WA	—	7,215	8,670	94	7,215	8,764	15,979	775	2020	1960	6th Ave South	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA	
68th Kent	68th Kent	2	Kent, WA	—	7,465	2,263	139	7,465	2,401	9,866	114	2021	1976	68th Kent	2	Kent, WA	Kent, WA	
84th Kent	84th Kent	—	Kent, WA	—	4,552	136	257	4,552	393	4,945	100	2020	1963 & 2000	84th Kent	—	Kent, WA	Kent, WA	
117th Place NE	117th Place NE	1	Kirkland, WA	—	23,846	9,842	624	23,846	10,466	34,312	533	2021	1978	117th Place NE	1	Kirkland, WA	Kirkland, WA	
917 Valley	917 Valley	1	Puyallup, WA	—	2,203	4,551	373	2,203	4,924	7,127	441	2019	2006	917 Valley	1	Puyallup, WA	Puyallup, WA	
3401 Lind	3401 Lind	1	Renton, WA	—	2,999	6,707	1,451	2,999	8,158	11,157	1,766	2014	1984/2012	3401 Lind	1	Renton, WA	Renton, WA	
4225 2nd Avenue	4225 2nd Avenue	1	Seattle, WA	—	4,236	4,049	2,258	4,236	6,307	10,543	1,438	2015	1957	4225 2nd Avenue	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA	
4930 3rd Avenue South	4930 3rd Avenue South	1	Seattle, WA	—	3,984	2,424	831	3,984	3,255	7,239	800	2016	1964	4930 3rd Avenue South	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA	
12119 East Marginal	12119 East Marginal	—	Tukwila, WA	—	4,950	1,740	—	4,950	1,740	6,690	100	2020	1996	12119 East Marginal	—	Tukwila, WA	Tukwila, WA	
17600 West Valley Highway	17600 West Valley Highway	1	Tukwila, WA	—	3,361	5,260	1,862	3,361	7,122	10,483	2,409	2012	1986	17600 West Valley Highway	1	Tukwila, WA	Tukwila, WA	
Auburn 400	Auburn 400	1	Auburn, WA	—	4,415	5,234	408	4,415	5,642	10,057	607	2019	2000	Auburn 400	1	Auburn, WA	Auburn, WA	

Auburn 1307	Auburn 1307	1	Auburn, WA	—	4,253	5,034	613	4,253	5,647	9,900	1,403	2014	2002	Auburn 1307	1	Auburn, WA	Auburn, WA
Dawson	Dawson	1	Seattle, WA	—	3,902	278	334	3,902	612	4,514	229	2017	1964	Dawson	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA
Denver	Denver	1	Seattle, WA	—	3,203	1,345	491	3,203	1,836	5,039	592	2016	1953	Denver	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA
East Valley	East Valley	1	Renton, WA	—	2,693	2,959	387	2,693	3,346	6,039	369	2018	1991	East Valley	1	Renton, WA	Renton, WA
East Marginal	East Marginal	—	Renton, WA	—	2,618	380	114	2,618	494	3,112	96	2019	1991	East Marginal	—	Renton, WA	Renton, WA
Hudson	Hudson	1	Seattle, WA	—	4,471	912	248	4,471	1,160	5,631	90	2020	2006	Hudson	1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA
Kent 188	Kent 188	1	Kent, WA	—	3,251	4,719	2,317	3,251	7,036	10,287	2,377	2010	1979	Kent 188	1	Kent, WA	Kent, WA
Kent 190	Kent 190	1	Kent, WA	—	4,560	5,561	1,346	4,560	6,907	11,467	1,537	2015	1992/1999	Kent 190	1	Kent, WA	Kent, WA
Kent 192		1	Kent, WA	—	12,752	20,642	533	12,752	21,175	33,927	1,732	2020					

					Initial Cost to Company	Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2022											
Property Name	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encumbrances	Land	Buildings & Improvements		Land	Buildings & Improvements	Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Constructed	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.			Location
Kent 192																		
Kent 202																		
Kent 202																		
Kent 202	Kent 202	1	Kent, WA	—	5,761	9,114	2,810	5,761	11,924	17,685	3,261	2015	1981		1		Kent, WA	Kent, WA
Kent 216	Kent 216	1	Kent, WA	—	3,672	5,408	1,028	3,672	6,436	10,108	1,745	2014	1996	Kent 216		1	Kent, WA	Kent, WA
Kent Corporate	Kent Corporate													Kent Corporate				
Park	Park	4	Kent, WA	—	5,032	6,916	2,416	5,032	9,332	14,364	2,612	2015	1980/1981	Park		4	Kent, WA	Kent, WA
Lucile	Lucile	1	Seattle, WA	—	4,498	3,504	1,385	4,498	4,889	9,387	1,257	2017	1976	Lucile		1	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA
Lund	Lund	1	Auburn, WA	—	2,573	4,399	356	2,573	4,755	7,328	903	2016	1999	Lund		1	Auburn, WA	Auburn, WA
Occidental	Occidental													Occidental				
Avenue	Avenue	3	Seattle, WA	—	12,550	3,300	656	12,550	3,956	16,506	194	2021	1988	Avenue		3	Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA
			Tukwila,															
Olympic	Olympic	1	WA	—	1,499	1,431	713	1,499	2,144	3,643	763	2015	1978	Olympic		1	Tukwila, WA	Tukwila, WA
MLK 9801	MLK 9801	—	Seattle, WA	—	14,388	1,360	429	14,208	1,789	15,997	60	2021						
MLK 9845	MLK 9845	—	Seattle, WA	—	14,436	531	88	15,389	619	16,008	(22)	2021						
MLK 9845																		
MLK 9845																		
MLK 9600																		
MLK 9600																		
MLK 9600	MLK 9600	—	Seattle, WA	—	20,849	1,395	653	20,077	2,048	22,125	213	2021	1957		—		Seattle, WA	Seattle, WA
			Redmond,															
NE 91st	NE 91st	2	WA	—	7,944	1,866	—	7,944	1,866	9,810	35	2022	1986/1987	NE 91st		2	Redmond, WA	Redmond, WA
SeaTac 8th	SeaTac 8th													SeaTac 8th				
Avenue	Avenue	1	Burien, WA	—	2,501	4,020	1,957	2,501	5,977	8,478	1,843	2013	1988	Avenue		1	Burien, WA	Burien, WA
SE 32nd	SE 32nd		Bellevue,											SE 32nd			Bellevue, WA	
Street	Street	1	WA	—	9,059	2,081	1,196	9,059	3,277	12,336	320	2020	1982	Street		1	WA	Bellevue, WA
SW 16th	SW 16th													SW 16th				
Street	Street	—	Renton, WA	—	6,251	2,001	—	6,251	2,001	8,252	87	2021	1962	Street		—	Renton, WA	Renton, WA
SW 34th	SW 34th	1	Renton, WA	—	2,912	3,289	555	2,912	3,844	6,756	1,062	2014	1996/2010	SW 34th		1	Renton, WA	Renton, WA

Valley	Valley													Valley				
Corporate	Corporate	2	Kent, WA	—	5,264	9,096	2,303	5,264	11,399	16,663	4,063	2011	1987	Corporate	2	Kent, WA	Kent, WA	
			Woodinville,													Woodinville,	Woodinville,	
Woodinville	Woodinville	1	WA	—	12,490	12,244	2	12,490	12,246	24,736	380	2021	1996	Woodinville	1	WA	WA	
Woodinville	Woodinville		Woodinville,											Woodinville		Woodinville,	Woodinville,	
II	II	2	WA	—	20,941	12,949	31	20,941	12,980	33,921	350	2021	1999	II	2	WA	WA	
			Redmond,													Redmond,		
Willows	Willows	—	WA	—	3,067	581	148	3,067	729	3,796	17	2021	1970	Willows	—	WA	Redmond, WA	
8660	8660													8660				
Willows	Willows		Redmond,											Willows		Redmond,		
Road	Road	—	WA	—	18,034	2,180	211	18,034	2,391	20,425	35	2022	1987	Road	—	WA	Redmond, WA	
Miami	Miami																	
26th Street																		
26th Street																		
26th Street	26th Street	1	Miami, FL	—	3,444	4,558	1,272	3,444	5,830	9,274	1,620	2012	1973		1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
			Miami															
48th	48th		Gardens,											48th		Miami	Miami	
Avenue	Avenue	2	FL	—	4,322	2,187	1,002	4,322	3,189	7,511	827	2011	1987	Avenue	2	Gardens, FL	Gardens, FL	
70th	70th													70th				
Avenue	Avenue	1	Miami, FL	—	1,434	2,333	469	1,434	2,802	4,236	842	2011	1999	Avenue	1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
70th	70th													70th				
Avenue II	Avenue II	1	Miami, FL	—	2,152	3,418	1,052	2,152	4,470	6,622	888	2016	1969	Avenue II	1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
70th	70th													70th				
Avenue III	Avenue III	1	Miami, FL	—	2,543	3,167	690	2,543	3,857	6,400	726	2016	1974	Avenue III	1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
70th	70th													70th				
Avenue IV	Avenue IV	1	Miami, FL	—	1,119	1,456	449	1,119	1,905	3,024	328	2017	1969	Avenue IV	1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
70th	70th													70th				
Avenue V	Avenue V	1	Miami, FL	—	5,036	3,419	2,295	5,036	5,714	10,750	704	2017	1974	Avenue V	1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
73rd Street	73rd Street	2	Miami, FL	—	6,130	13,932	276	6,130	14,208	20,338	165	2021	2022	73rd Street	2	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
74th	74th													74th				
Avenue	Avenue	1	Miami, FL	—	2,327	3,538	692	2,327	4,230	6,557	870	2016	1986	Avenue	1	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	
78th	78th													78th				
Avenue	Avenue	1	Doral, FL	—	2,445	1,755	2,973	2,445	4,728	7,173	1,644	2012	1977	Avenue	1	Doral, FL	Doral, FL	
81st Street	81st Street	2	Medley, FL	—	2,938	5,242	1,540	2,938	6,782	9,720	1,820	2015	1996/2003	81st Street	2	Medley, FL	Medley, FL	
94th	94th													94th				
Avenue	Avenue	1	Doral, FL	—	3,000	3,580	403	3,000	3,983	6,983	602	2017	1989	Avenue	1	Doral, FL	Doral, FL	
107th	107th													107th				
Avenue	Avenue	1	Medley, FL	—	2,787	2,036	884	2,787	2,920	5,707	958	2013	2001	Avenue	1	Medley, FL	Medley, FL	
101st Road	101st Road	1	Medley, FL	—	2,647	3,258	675	2,647	3,933	6,580	1,290	2013	2012	101st Road	1	Medley, FL	Medley, FL	
131st	131st													131st				
Street	Street	1	Medley, FL	—	2,903	5,729	735	2,903	6,464	9,367	1,703	2014	1999	Street	1	Medley, FL	Medley, FL	
7045 NW 46th St		1	Miami, FL	—	2,517	2,261	206	2,517	2,467	4,984	12	2022	1986					

Property Name	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	Location	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company		Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition	Gross Amount Carried at December 31, 2022			Accumulated Depreciation	Year Acquired	Year Constructed	Property Name	No. of Bldgs.	
					Land	Buildings & Improvements		Land	Buildings & Improvements	Total						
7045 NW 46th St														7045 NW 46th St	1	
8050 NW 90th St	8050 NW 90th St	—	Medley, FL	—	18,612	2,067	1,690	18,612	3,757	22,369	31	2022		8050 NW 90th St	—	Medley, FL
12950 SW South River	12950 SW South River	1	Medley, FL	—	1,971	4,029	804	1,971	4,833	6,804	917	2016		12950 SW 2000 South River	1	Medley, FL



Americas	Americas												Americas		
Gateway	Gateway	5	Doral, FL	—	9,088	9,552	5,157	9,088	14,709	23,797	4,511	2013	1978/1982 Gateway	5	Doral, FL
Americas	Americas												Americas		
Gateway 5	Gateway 5	1	Doral, FL	—	2,064	4,326	390	2,064	4,716	6,780	143	2013	2022 Gateway 5	1	Doral, FL
Countyline	Countyline												Countyline		
#24 & #25	#24 & #25	2	Hialeah, FL	—	15,552	27,898	6,636	15,552	34,534	50,086	2,055	2021	2021 & 2021 #24 & #25	2	Hialeah, FL
Countyline	Countyline												Countyline		
#26	#26	1	Hialeah, FL	—	11,826	24,407	4,958	11,826	29,365	41,191	1,405	2021	2021 #26	1	Hialeah, FL
Countyline	Countyline												Countyline		
#27 & #28	#27 & #28	2	Hialeah, FL	—	18,595	49,052	9,764	18,595	58,816	77,411	2,110	2021	2021 & 2021 #27 & #28	2	Hialeah, FL
Countyline	Countyline												Countyline		
#29 & #30	#29 & #30	2	Hialeah, FL	—	19,370	52,925	6,227	19,370	59,152	78,522	722	2022	2022 #29 & #30	2	Hialeah, FL
Countyline	Countyline												Countyline		
#41	#41												#41	1	
Miami	Miami												Miami		
International	International												International		
Trade Center	Trade Center	4	Medley, FL	—	5,063	10,958	2,623	5,063	13,581	18,644	3,019	2015	1996 Center	4	Medley, FL
Washington, D.C.	Washington, D.C.														
25th Place NE	25th Place NE														
25th Place NE	25th Place NE														
25th Place NE	25th Place NE													1	
75th Ave	75th Ave	5	Landover, MD	—	10,658	18,615	5,919	10,658	24,534	35,192	5,960	2014	1987/1990 75th Ave	5	Landover, MC
2920 V Street	2920 V Street	1	Washington, D.C.	—	2,248	1,670	1,499	2,248	3,169	5,417	561	2017	2920 V Street	1	Washington, D.C.
3601 Pennsy	3601 Pennsy	1	Landover, MD	—	2,331	4,375	1,566	2,331	5,941	8,272	1,706	2013	3601 Pennsy	1	Landover, MC
4230 Forbes	4230 Forbes	1	Lanham, MD	—	1,736	2,395	1,207	1,736	3,602	5,338	932	2013	4230 Forbes	1	Lanham, MC
4501 46th Street	4501 46th Street	—	Bladensburg, MD	—	9,576	1,984	1,045	9,576	3,029	12,605	60	2021	4501 46th Street	—	Bladensburg, MC
Business Parkway	Business Parkway	1	Lanham, MD	—	3,038	3,007	210	3,038	3,217	6,255	533	2016	Business Parkway	1	Lanham, MC
Eisenhower	Eisenhower	3	Alexandria, VA	—	36,755	23,768	2,089	36,755	25,857	62,612	645	2021	1974 Eisenhower	3	Alexandria, VA
Hampton Overlook	Hampton Overlook	3	Capitol Heights, MD	—	4,602	7,521	2,123	4,602	9,644	14,246	1,637	2016	Hampton Overlook	3	Capitol Heights, MC
New Ridge	New Ridge	—	Hanover, MD	—	5,689	1,567	443	5,689	2,010	7,699	393	2016			
Pickett	Pickett	1	Alexandria, VA	—	6,256	2,850	477	6,256	3,328	9,584	113	2021	1963 Pickett	1	Alexandria, VA
Tuxedo	Tuxedo	—	Hyattsville, MD	—	6,867	1,266	1,006	6,867	2,272	9,139	46	2021	1962 Tuxedo	—	Hyattsville, MC
V Street	V Street	6	Washington, D.C.	—	67,132	41,299	19,329	67,132	60,628	127,759	14,814	2015	1955/1963 V Street	6	Washington, D.C.
Subtotal	Subtotal	252		—	1,850,860	1,060,256	312,218	1,850,860	1,372,473	3,223,333	236,851				
Unamortized net premiums	Unamortized net premiums														
Unamortized net premiums	Unamortized net premiums														
Unamortized net deferred financing costs	Unamortized net deferred financing costs														

Unamortized net deferred financing costs											
Unamortized net deferred financing costs	Unamortized net deferred financing costs										
Intangible assets	Intangible assets								123,545	86,780	
Intangible assets											
Intangible assets											
Total											
Total											
Total	Total	252	\$ —	\$ 1,850,860	\$ 1,060,256	\$ 312,218	\$ 1,850,860	\$ 1,372,473	\$ 3,346,878	\$ 323,631	

**Terreno Realty Corporation**

**Schedule III**

**Real Estate Investments and Accumulated Depreciation – (Continued)**

As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**  
(in thousands)

A summary of activity for real estate and accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, and 2021-2022 is as follows:

		2022	2021		
2023				2023	2022
Investment in Properties	Investment in Properties				
Balance at beginning of year					
Balance at beginning of year					
Balance at beginning of year	Balance at beginning of year	\$2,946,826	\$2,231,228		
Acquisition of properties	Acquisition of properties	422,298	681,970		
Disposition of properties	Disposition of properties	(65,379)	(30,934)		
Construction in progress	Construction in progress	21,623	14,711		
Improvements, net of write-offs	Improvements, net of write-offs	73,406	49,851		
Improvements, net of write-offs					
Improvements, net of write-offs					
Balance at end of year	Balance at end of year	\$3,398,774	\$2,946,826		
		2022	2021	2023	
Accumulated Depreciation	Accumulated Depreciation				2022
Balance at beginning of year					
Balance at beginning of year					

Balance at beginning of year	Balance at beginning of year	\$279,062	238,073			
Amortization of lease intangible assets	Amortization of lease intangible assets	14,253	9,581	Amortization of lease intangible assets	15,008	14,253
Depreciation expense	Depreciation expense	48,771	39,498	Depreciation expense	56,765	48,771
Disposition of properties and write-offs	Disposition of properties and write-offs	(18,455)	(8,090)			
Disposition of properties and write-offs	Disposition of properties and write-offs					
Balance at end of year	Balance at end of year	<u>\$323,631</u>	<u>\$279,062</u>			

## Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
3.1	<a href="#"><u>Articles of Amendment and Restatement of Registrant, as amended (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 6, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.2	<a href="#"><u>Articles Supplementary for Registrant's 7.75% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on July 19, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.3	<a href="#"><u>Articles Supplementary (previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 9, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.4	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 6, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
3.5	<a href="#"><u>First Amendment to Amended and Restated Bylaws of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 9, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.1	<a href="#"><u>Specimen Common Stock Certificate of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 15, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
4.2	<a href="#"><u>Description of Securities of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K on February 6, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.1+	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Registrant and W. Blake Baird, dated as of February 18, 2014 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 19, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.2+	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Severance Agreement between Registrant and Michael A. Coke dated as of February 18, 2014 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 19, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.3+	<a href="#"><u>Severance Agreement between Registrant and Jaime J. Cannon dated as of February 18, 2014 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 19, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.4+	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated 2010 Equity Incentive Plan of Registrant (previously filed as Appendix A to the Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A on March 19, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.5+	<a href="#"><u>Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Executive Officers and Employees (previously filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 6, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.6+	<a href="#"><u>Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Non-Employee Directors (previously filed as Exhibit 10.5 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 6, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.7+	<a href="#"><u>2019 Equity Incentive Plan of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 4.7 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 on April 30, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.8+	<a href="#"><u>Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement for Executive Officers and Employees (previously filed as Exhibit 4.8 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 on April 30, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.9+	<a href="#"><u>Form of Indemnification Agreement between Registrant and its Directors and Executive Officers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 6, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.10+	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan of Registrant effective as of January 1, 2019 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on January 14, 2019 and incorporated by reference herein).</u></a>
10.11+	<a href="#"><u>Form of Award Notice under the Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 10.9 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K on February 6, 2019 and incorporated by reference herein).</u></a>
10.12+	<a href="#"><u>Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan of Registrant, effective as of January 1, 2014 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on February 19, 2014 and incorporated by reference herein).</u></a>

10.13+	<a href="#"><u>Form of Award Notice under the Long-Term Incentive Plan of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 10.8 to Amendment No. 2 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-11 on January 6, 2010 and incorporated by reference herein).</u></a>
10.14	<a href="#"><u>Sixth Amended and Restated Senior Credit Agreement, dated as of August 20, 2021, among Terreno Realty LLC, KeyBank National Association, both individually as a "Lender" and as "Administrative Agent", MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as co-syndication agent and joint lead arranger, PNC Bank, National Association, as co-syndication agent, PNC Capital Markets LLC, as joint lead arranger, Regions Bank, as co-syndication agent, Regions Capital Markets, as joint lead arranger and the several banks, financial institutions and other entities which may from time to time become parties as additional "Lenders" (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on August 26, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.15	<a href="#"><u>First Amendment, dated as of June 29, 2022, to the Sixth Amended and Restated Senior Credit Agreement, among Terreno Realty LLC, as "Borrower", KeyBank National Association, both individually as a "Lender" and as "Administrative Agent", MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as co-syndication agent and joint lead arranger, PNC Bank, National Association, as co-syndication agent, PNC Capital Markets LLC, as joint lead arranger, Regions Bank, as co-syndication agent, Regions Capital Markets, as joint lead arranger and the several banks, financial institutions and other entities which may from time to time become parties as additional "Lenders" (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on July 5, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.16	<a href="#"><u>Second Amendment, dated as of September 2, 2022, to the Sixth Amended and Restated Senior Credit Agreement, among Terreno Realty LLC, as "Borrower", KeyBank National Association, both individually as a "Lender" and as "Administrative Agent", MUFG Union Bank, N.A., as co-syndication agent and joint lead arranger, PNC Bank, National Association, as co-syndication agent, PNC Capital Markets LLC, as joint lead arranger, Regions Bank, as co-syndication agent, Regions Capital Markets, as joint lead arranger and the several banks, financial institutions and other entities which may from time to time become parties as additional "Lenders" (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on September 6, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.17	<a href="#"><u>Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 7, 2017, among the Registrant, Terreno Realty LLC and the institutions named in Schedule B thereto as purchasers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on June 12, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.18	<a href="#"><u>Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of June 2, 2016, among the Registrant, Terreno Realty LLC and the institutions named in Schedule B thereto as purchasers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on June 7, 2016 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.19	<a href="#"><u>Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2015, among the Registrant, Terreno Realty LLC and the institutions named in Schedule B thereto as purchasers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on September 8, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.20	<a href="#"><u>Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 12, 2019, among the Registrant, Terreno Realty LLC and the institutions named in Schedule B thereto as purchasers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on September 18, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.21+	<a href="#"><u>Severance Agreement between the Registrant and John T. Meyer, dated as of February 18, 2014 (previously filed as Exhibit 10.14 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K on February 8, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.22+	<a href="#"><u>Deferred Compensation Plan of Registrant (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on November 8, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.23	<a href="#"><u>Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 13, 2021, among the Registrant, Terreno Realty LLC and the institutions named in Schedule B thereto as purchasers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on May 18, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
10.24	<a href="#"><u>Note Purchase Agreement, dated as of August 17, 2021, among the Registrant, Terreno Realty LLC and the institutions named in Schedule B thereto as purchasers (previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K on August 23, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference).</u></a>
21*	<a href="#"><u>Subsidiaries of Registrant.</u></a>
23*	<a href="#"><u>Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.</u></a>
24.1*	<a href="#"><u>Power of Attorney (included on the signature page to this Annual Report on Form 10-K).</u></a>
31.1*	<a href="#"><u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification dated February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024.</u></a>
31.2*	<a href="#"><u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification dated February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024.</u></a>
31.3*	<a href="#"><u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification dated February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024.</u></a>

32.1**	<a href="#">18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification dated February 8, 2023</a> <a href="#">February 7, 2024.</a>
32.2**	<a href="#">18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification dated February 8, 2023</a> <a href="#">February 7, 2024.</a>
32.3**	<a href="#">18 U.S.C. § 1350 Certification dated February 8, 2023</a> <a href="#">February 7, 2024.</a>
97*	<a href="#">Terreno Realty Corporation Compensation Recovery Policy</a>
101.SCH*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
104*	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and with applicable taxonomy extension information contained in Exhibits 101.*)

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* Furnished herewith.

+ Exhibit is a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Bellevue, State of Washington, on [February 8, 2023](#) [February 7, 2024](#).

Terreno Realty Corporation

By: /s/ W. Blake Baird  
W. Blake Baird  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

#### Power of Attorney

We, the undersigned directors of Terreno Realty Corporation hereby severally constitute and appoint W. Blake Baird and Michael A. Coke, and each of them singly, our true and lawful attorneys, with full power to them and each of them singly, to sign for us in our names in the capacities indicated below, all amendments to this report, and generally to do all things in our names and on our behalf in such capacities to enable Terreno Realty Corporation to comply with the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and all requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
<u>/s/ W. Blake Baird</u> W. Blake Baird	Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Director (principal executive officer)	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Michael A. Coke</u> Michael A. Coke	President and Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Jaime J. Cannon</u> Jaime J. Cannon	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer)	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Melinda Weston</u> Melinda Weston	Chief Accounting Officer (principal accounting officer)	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Linda Assante</u> Linda Assante	Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Gary N. Boston</u> Gary N. Boston	Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ LeRoy E. Carlson</u> LeRoy E. Carlson	Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ David M. Lee</u> David M. Lee	Director	February 8, 2023
<u>/s/ Irene H. Oh</u> Irene H. Oh	Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Douglas M. Pasquale</u> Douglas M. Pasquale	Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024
<u>/s/ Dennis Polk</u> Dennis Polk	Director	February 8, 2023 7, 2024

**List of Subsidiaries of Terreno Realty Corporation:**

<u>Name of Subsidiary</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Organization or Incorporation</u>
Terreno Realty LLC	Delaware
Terreno Fortune/Qume LLC	Delaware
Terreno Warm Springs I/II LLC	Delaware
Terreno 238 Lawrence LLC	Delaware
Terreno Rialto LLC	Delaware
Terreno Maltese LLC	Delaware
Terreno Middlebrook LLC	Delaware
Terreno Interstate LLC	Delaware
Terreno 299 Lawrence LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kent 188 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Ahern LLC	Delaware
Terreno 10th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno 60th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno Dorsey Run LLC	Delaware
Terreno Belleville LLC	Delaware
Terreno 630 Glasgow LLC	Delaware
Terreno 8730 Bollman LLC	Delaware
Terreno Dell LLC	Delaware
Terreno 70th70th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno 19601 Hamilton LLC	Delaware
Terreno 39th Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno 620 Division LLC	Delaware
Terreno 48th48th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno Clawiter LLC	Delaware
Terreno Valley Corporate LLC	Delaware
Terreno Global Plaza LLC	Delaware
Terreno Garfield LLC	Delaware
Terreno Whittier LLC	Delaware
Terreno Caribbean LLC	Delaware
Terreno 78th78th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno Manhattan Beach LLC	Delaware
Terreno Carlton Court LLC	Delaware
Terreno Troy Hill LLC	Delaware
Terreno 26th Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno Sweitzer LLC	Delaware
Terreno 17600 WVH LLC	Delaware
Terreno 631 Brennan LLC	Delaware
Terreno South Main LLC	Delaware
Terreno 1 Dodge Drive LLC	Delaware
Terreno 101st Road LLC	Delaware
Terreno 107th Ave LLC	Delaware
Terreno 14611 Broadway LLC	Delaware
Terreno 17 Madison LLC	Delaware
Terreno 240 Littlefield LLC	Delaware
Terreno 341 Michele Michelle LLC	Delaware
Terreno 3601 Pennsy LLC	Delaware



Terreno 4230 Forbes LLC	Delaware
Terreno 465 Meadow LLC	Delaware
Terreno 550 Delancy LLC	Delaware
Terreno 60 Ethel LLC	Delaware
Terreno 8215 Dorsey LLC	Delaware
Terreno Airgate LLC	Delaware
Terreno America's America's Gateway LLC	Delaware
Terreno Melanie I LLC and Terreno Melanie II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Route 100 LLC	Delaware
Terreno SeaTac 8th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno 14605 Miller LLC	Delaware
Terreno 20 Pulaski LLC	Delaware
Terreno 3401 Lind LLC	Delaware
Terreno 747 Glasgow LLC	Delaware
Terreno 75th Ave LLC	Delaware
Terreno 79th Ave South LLC	Delaware

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Terreno 900 Hart LLC	Delaware
Terreno Auburn 1307 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Burroughs LLC	Delaware
Terreno Hampton LLC	Delaware
Terreno Junction LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kent 216th LLC	Delaware
Terreno Las Hermanas LLC	Delaware
Terreno NW 131st Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno Park Union City LLC	Delaware
Terreno Parkway LLC	Delaware
Terreno SW 34th LLC	Delaware
Terreno Terminal Way LLC	Delaware
Terreno 10100 NW 25th LLC	Delaware
Terreno 180 Manor LLC	Delaware
Terreno 22 Madison LLC	Delaware
Terreno 4225 2nd Avenue South LLC	Delaware
Terreno 9070 Junction LLC	Delaware
Terreno Ahern II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kent 190th LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kent Corporate Park LLC	Delaware
Terreno MITC LLC	Delaware
Terreno NW 81st LLC	Delaware
Terreno Olympic LLC	Delaware
Terreno V Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno 12950 River LLC	Delaware
Terreno 221 Michele LLC	Delaware
Terreno 445 Wilson LLC	Delaware
Terreno 4930 3rd Avenue South LLC	Delaware
Terreno 709 Hindry LLC	Delaware
Terreno 7120 NW 74th Ave LLC	Delaware
Terreno 74th North Bergen LLC	Delaware
Terreno Business Parkway LLC	Delaware
Terreno Denver Ave LLC	Delaware

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Terreno Hampton Overlook, LLC	Delaware
Terreno Lund LLC	Delaware
Terreno New Ridge LLC	Delaware
Terreno NW 70th Ave III LLC	Delaware
Terreno NW 70th Avenue II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Paterson Plank LLC	Delaware
Terreno Schoolhouse LLC	Delaware
Terreno West 140th LLC	Delaware
Terreno 50 Kero LLC	Delaware
Terreno 139th LLC	Delaware
Terreno 422 Frelinghuysen LLC	Delaware
Terreno 1215 Walnut LLC	Delaware
Terreno 2920 V Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno 7777 West Side LLC	Delaware
Terreno Acacia LLC	Delaware
Terreno Avenue A LLC	Delaware
Terreno Dawson LLC	Delaware
Terreno Dominguez LLC	Delaware
Terreno Hanford LLC	Delaware
Terreno Hawthorne LLC	Delaware
Terreno Lucile LLC	Delaware
Terreno Lynwood LLC	Delaware

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Terreno New Dutch LLC	Delaware
Terreno NW 70th IV LLC	Delaware
Terreno Stockton LLC	Delaware
Terreno Telegraph Springs LLC	Delaware
Terreno 1st Avenue South, LLC	Delaware
Terreno 1100 Walnut LLC	Delaware
Terremo Terreno 130 Commerce LLC	Delaware
Terreno 6th Ave LLC	Delaware
Terreno 85 Doremus LLC	Delaware
Terreno East Valley LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kent 192 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Merced LLC	Delaware
Terreno Newark Loan LLC	Delaware
Terreno San Clemente LLC	Delaware
Terreno Shoemaker LLC	Delaware
Terreno Wicks Woodside LLC	Delaware
Terreno Woodside Wicks LLC	Delaware
Terreno North Hackensack LLC	Delaware
Terreno Auburn 400 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Puyallup 917 LLC	Delaware
Terreno 20th Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno Tennessee Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno Minnesota Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno 14605 Miller Ave LLC	Delaware
Terreno 48th 3rd Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno Morgan Ave LLC	Delaware
Terreno Whelan LLC	Delaware

Terreno Anderson LLC	Delaware
Terreno Slauson LLC	Delaware
Terreno 51 Kero LLC	Delaware
Terreno East Marginal LLC	Delaware
Terreno Old Bayshore LLC	Delaware
Terreno Gladwick California LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kent 84th LLC	Delaware
Terreno Gladwick LLC	Delaware
Terreno Old Bayshore LLC	Delaware
Terreno Terminal Way II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Hudson LLC	Delaware
Terreno 9070 Junction Kent 84th LLC	Delaware
Terreno Aviation LLC	Delaware
Terreno Porter LLC	Delaware
Terreno 60th Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno Maple LLC	Delaware
Terreno North Tukwila LLC	Delaware
Terreno McLaren LLC	Delaware
Terreno Kirkland 117 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Countyline 24 25 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Edison LLC	Delaware
Terreno 73rd Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno West Valley Highway II LLC	Delaware
Terreno East Gish LLC	Delaware
Terreno Gramercy LLC	Delaware

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Terreno Occidental LLC	Delaware
Terreno SW 16th LLC	Delaware
Terreno Countyline 26 Cerise LLC	Delaware
Terreno Cerise Countyline 26 LLC	Delaware
Terreno Trenton LLC	Delaware
Terreno MLK I LLC	Delaware
Terreno Foley LLC	Delaware
Terreno Paterson Plank III LLC	Delaware
Terreno 97 Third LLC	Delaware
Terreno Cerise II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Woodinville LLC	Delaware
Terreno Woodinville II LLC	Delaware
Terreno 190 Morgan LLC	Delaware
Terreno San Pedro LLC	Delaware
Terreno 228 North Avenue LLC	Delaware
Terreno Pickett Berryessa LLC	Delaware
Terreno Berryessa Pickett LLC	Delaware
Terreno 768 772 Ceres LLC	Delaware
Terreno Tuxedo LLC	Delaware
Terreno Maple II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Eisenhower LLC	Delaware
Terreno 46th Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno Woodinville II LLC	Delaware

Terreno Willows LLC	Delaware
Terreno Northup LLC	Delaware
Terreno NE 91st LLC	Delaware
Terreno 87 Doremus LLC	Delaware
Terreno 127 Doremus LLC	Delaware
Terreno Fee Ana LLC	Delaware
Terreno Hindry II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Isis LLC	Delaware
Terreno Teagarden LLC	Delaware
Terreno 293 Roanoke LLC	Delaware
Terreno <b>Willows Willow II LLC</b>	<b>Delaware</b>
<b>Terreno 19500 Alameda LLC</b>	Delaware
Terreno 90th Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno 147th <b>LLC</b>	<b>Delaware</b>
<b>Terreno 19500 Alameda LLC</b>	Delaware
Terreno Coronado LLC	Delaware
Terreno NW 46th Street LLC	Delaware
Terreno <b>W</b> 104th II LLC	Delaware
Terreno Henry LLC	Delaware
<b>Terreno Countyline Phase IV LLC</b>	<b>Delaware</b>
<b>Terreno Morton LLC</b>	<b>Delaware</b>
<b>Terreno 9th St LLC</b>	<b>Delaware</b>
<b>Terreno Santa Fe LLC</b>	<b>Delaware</b>
<b>Terreno Paterson Plank III Urban Renewal LLC</b>	<b>New Jersey</b>

## Exhibit 23

### Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements:

- (1) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-164895) pertaining to Terreno Realty Corporation's 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended,
- (2) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-202059) pertaining to Terreno Realty Corporation's Amended and Restated 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended,
- (3) Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-231123) pertaining to Terreno Realty Corporation's 2019 Equity Incentive **Plan**, **Plan**, and
- (4) Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-252953) and related Prospectus of Terreno Realty Corporation;

of our reports dated **February 8, 2023** **February 7, 2024**, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Terreno Realty Corporation and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Terreno Realty Corporation included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) of Terreno Realty Corporation for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

**San Francisco, California**

**Seattle, Washington**

February **8, 2023** **7, 2024**

### Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, W. Blake Baird, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Terreno Realty Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024

/s/ W. Blake Baird

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

### Certification of President Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Michael A. Coke, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Terreno Realty Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024

/s/ Michael A. Coke

President

Exhibit 31.3

#### Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Jaime J. Cannon, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Terreno Realty Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024

/s/ Jaime J. Cannon  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

#### Certification of Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Terreno Realty Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to his knowledge, that:

- (i) the accompanying Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024

/s/ W. Blake Baird  
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 32.2

#### Certification of President

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Terreno Realty Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to his knowledge, that:

- (i) the accompanying Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 8, 2023 February 7, 2024

/s/ Michael A. Coke  
President

Exhibit 32.3

#### Certification of Chief Financial Officer



Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Terreno Realty Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to his knowledge, that:

- (i) the accompanying Annual Report on Form 10-K of the Company for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **February 8, 2023** **February 7, 2024**

/s/ Jaime J. Cannon

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

## TERRENO REALTY CORPORATION

### COMPENSATION RECOVERY POLICY

Adopted as of October 31, 2023

Terreno Realty Corporation, a Maryland corporation (the "Company"), has adopted a Compensation Recovery Policy (this "Policy") as described below.

#### 1. Overview

The Policy sets forth the circumstances and procedures under which the Company shall recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation from Covered Persons (as defined below) in accordance with rules issued by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and the New York Stock Exchange. Capitalized terms used and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in Section 3 below.

#### 2. Compensation Recovery Requirement

In the event the Company is required to prepare a Material Financial Restatement, the Company shall reasonably promptly recover all Erroneously Awarded Compensation with respect to such Material Financial Restatement, and each Covered Person shall be required to take all actions necessary to enable such recovery.

#### 3. Definitions

- a. "Applicable Recovery Period" means with respect to a Material Financial Restatement, the three completed fiscal years immediately preceding the Restatement Date for such Material Financial Restatement. In addition, in the event the Company has changed its fiscal year: (i) any transition period of less than nine months occurring within or immediately following such three completed fiscal years shall also be part of such Applicable Recovery Period and (ii) any transition period of nine to 12 months will be deemed to be a completed fiscal year.
- b. "Applicable Rules" means any rules or regulations adopted by the Exchange pursuant to Rule 10D-1 under the Exchange Act and any applicable rules or regulations adopted by the SEC pursuant to Section 10D of the Exchange Act.
- c. "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- d. "Committee" means the Compensation Committee of the Board or, in the absence of such committee, a majority of independent directors serving on the Board.
- e. "Covered Person" means any Executive Officer and any other person designated by the Board or the Committee as being subject to this Policy. A person's status as a Covered Person with respect to Erroneously Awarded Compensation shall be determined as of the time of receipt of such Erroneously Awarded Compensation regardless of the person's current role or status with the Company (e.g., if a person began service as an Executive Officer after the beginning of an Applicable Recovery Period, that person would not be considered a Covered Person with respect to Erroneously Awarded Compensation received before the person began service as an Executive Officer, but would be considered a Covered Person with respect to Erroneously Awarded Compensation received after the person began service as an Executive Officer where such person served as an Executive Officer at any time during the performance period for such Erroneously Awarded Compensation).
- f. "Effective Date" means October 2, 2023.
- g. "Erroneously Awarded Compensation" means, with respect to a Material Financial Restatement, the amount of any Incentive-Based Compensation received by a Covered Person on or after the Effective Date and during the Applicable Recovery Period that exceeds the amount that otherwise would have been received by the Covered Person had such compensation been determined based on the restated amounts in a Material Financial Restatement, computed without regard to any taxes

paid. Calculation of Erroneously Awarded Compensation with respect to Incentive-Based Compensation based on stock price or total shareholder return, where the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not

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subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in a Material Financial Restatement, shall be based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Material Financial Restatement on the stock price or total shareholder return upon which the Incentive-Based Compensation was received, and the Company shall maintain documentation of the determination of such reasonable estimate and provide such documentation to the Exchange in accordance with the Applicable Rules.

h. "Exchange" means the New York Stock Exchange.

i. "Executive Officer" means any person who served the Company in any of the following roles, received Incentive-Based Compensation after beginning service in any such role (regardless of whether such Incentive-Based Compensation was received during or after such person's service in such role) and served in such role at any time during the performance period for such Incentive-Based Compensation: the president, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer (or if there is no such accounting officer, the controller), any vice president in charge of a principal business unit, division or function (such as sales, administration or finance), any other officer who performs a policy making function, or any other person who performs similar policy making functions for the Company. Executive officers of parents or subsidiaries of the Company may be deemed executive officers of the Company if they perform such policy making functions for the Company.

j. "Financial Reporting Measures" mean measures that are determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company's financial statements, any measures that are derived wholly or in part from such measures (including, for example, a non-GAAP financial measure), and stock price and total shareholder return.

k. "Incentive-Based Compensation" means any compensation provided, directly or indirectly, by the Company or any of its subsidiaries that is granted, earned, or vested based, in whole or in part, upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure. Incentive-Based Compensation is deemed received, earned or vested when the Financial Reporting Measure is attained, not when the actual payment, grant or vesting occurs.

l. "Material Financial Restatement" means an accounting restatement of previously issued financial statements of the Company due to the material noncompliance of the Company with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws, including any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously-issued financial statements that is material to the previously-issued financial statements or that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period.

m. "Restatement Date" means, with respect to a Material Financial Restatement, the earlier to occur of: (i) the date the Board, a committee of the Board or the officer or officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare the Material Financial Restatement or (ii) the date a court, regulator or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare the Material Financial Restatement.

#### 4. Exception to Compensation Recovery Requirement

The Company may elect not to recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation pursuant to this Policy if the Committee determines that recovery would be impracticable, and one or more of the following conditions, together with any further requirements set forth in the Applicable Rules, are met: (i) the direct expense paid to a third party to assist in enforcing this Policy would exceed the amount to be recovered, and the Company has made a reasonable attempt to recover such Erroneously Awarded Compensation; or (ii) recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan to fail to be so qualified under applicable regulations.

#### 5. Tax Considerations

To the extent that, pursuant to this Policy, the Company is entitled to recover any Erroneously Awarded Compensation that is received by a Covered Person, the gross amount received (i.e., the amount the Covered Person received, or was entitled to receive, before any deductions for tax withholding or other payments) shall be returned by the Covered Person.

## 6. Method of Compensation Recovery

The Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion, the method for recovering Erroneously Awarded Compensation hereunder, which may include, without limitation, any one or more of the following:

- a. requiring reimbursement of cash Incentive-Based Compensation previously paid;
- b. seeking recovery of any gain realized on the vesting, exercise, settlement, sale, transfer or other disposition of any equity-based awards;
- c. cancelling or rescinding some or all outstanding vested or unvested equity-based awards;
- d. adjusting or withholding from unpaid compensation or other set-off;
- e. cancelling or setting-off against planned future grants of equity-based awards; and/or f. any other method permitted by applicable law or contract.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Covered Person will be deemed to have satisfied such person's obligation to return Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the Company if such Erroneously Awarded Compensation is returned in the exact same form in which it was received; provided that equity withheld to satisfy tax obligations will be deemed to have been received in cash in an amount equal to the tax withholding payment made.

## 7. Policy Interpretation

This Policy shall be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with the Applicable Rules and any other applicable law and shall otherwise be interpreted (including in the determination of amounts recoverable) in the business judgment of the Committee. To the extent the Applicable Rules require recovery of Incentive-Based Compensation in additional circumstances besides those specified above, nothing in this Policy shall be deemed to limit or restrict the right or obligation of the Company to recover Incentive-Based Compensation to the fullest extent required by the Applicable Rules. This Policy shall be deemed to be automatically amended, as of the date the Applicable Rules become effective with respect to the Company, to the extent required for this Policy to comply with the Applicable Rules.

## 8. Policy Administration

This Policy shall be administered by the Committee. The Committee shall have such powers and authorities related to the administration of this Policy as are consistent with the governing documents of the Company and applicable law. The Committee shall have full power and authority to take, or direct the taking of, all actions and to make all determinations required or provided for under this Policy and shall have full power and authority to take, or direct the taking of, all such other actions and make all such other determinations not inconsistent with the specific terms and provisions of this Policy that the Committee deems to be necessary or appropriate to the administration of this Policy. The interpretation and construction by the Committee of any provision of this Policy and all determinations made by the Committee under this policy shall be final, binding and conclusive.

## 9. Compensation Recovery Repayments not Subject to Indemnification

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in any agreement with, or the organizational documents of, the Company or any of its subsidiaries, Covered Persons are not entitled to indemnification for Erroneously Awarded Compensation recovered under this Policy and, to the extent any such agreement or organizational document purports to provide otherwise, Covered Persons hereby irrevocably agree to forego such indemnification.

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