

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

AIN - ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP

10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	1057
CHANGES	176
DELETIONS	502
ADDITIONS	379

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: **1-10026**

ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

216 Airport Drive, Rochester, New Hampshire

(Address of principal executive offices)

14-0462060

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

03867

(Zip Code)

603-330-5850 603-330-5800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share	AIN	The New York Stock Exchange (NYSE)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The registrant had 31.2 million shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding as of **October 15, 2023** **April 15, 2024**.

ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(in thousands, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Three Months Ended March 31,					
Three Months Ended March 31,					
Three Months Ended March 31,					
2024					
2024					
2024					
Net revenues	Net revenues	\$ 281,106	\$ 260,563	\$ 824,325	\$ 766,101
Net revenues					

Net revenues					
Cost of goods sold					
Cost of goods sold					
Cost of goods sold	Cost of goods sold	179,271	160,070	520,468	473,411
Gross profit	Gross profit	101,835	100,493	303,857	292,690
Gross profit					
Gross profit					
Selling, general, and administrative expenses					
Selling, general, and administrative expenses					
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	Selling, general, and administrative expenses	51,975	36,873	147,214	119,325
Technical and research expenses	Technical and research expenses	9,708	9,934	30,303	29,984
Technical and research expenses					
Technical and research expenses					
Restructuring expenses, net					
Restructuring expenses, net					
Restructuring expenses, net	Restructuring expenses, net	82	42	227	268
Operating income	Operating income	40,070	53,644	126,113	143,113
Operating income					
Operating income					
Interest expense/(income), net	Interest expense/(income), net	3,653	3,794	10,049	11,336
Pension settlement expense		—	49,128	—	49,128
Interest expense/(income), net					
Interest expense/(income), net					
Other (income)/expense, net					
Other (income)/expense, net					
Other (income)/expense, net	Other (income)/expense, net	56	(6,918)	(4,910)	(17,891)
Income before income taxes	Income before income taxes	36,361	7,640	120,974	100,540
Income tax expense/(benefit)		9,207	(3,183)	39,908	22,273
Income before income taxes					
Income before income taxes					
Income taxes					
Income taxes					
Income taxes					
Net income					
Net income					
Net income	Net income	27,154	10,823	81,066	78,267
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	45	129	396	635
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest					
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest					
Net income attributable to the Company	Net income attributable to the Company	\$ 27,109	\$ 10,694	\$ 80,670	\$ 77,632
Net income attributable to the Company					

Net income attributable to the Company									
Earnings per share attributable to Company									
shareholders - Basic									
Earnings per share attributable to Company									
shareholders - Basic									
Earnings per share attributable to Company	Earnings per share attributable to Company								
shareholders - Basic	shareholders - Basic	\$	0.87	\$	0.34	\$	2.59	\$	2.47
Earnings per share attributable to Company	Earnings per share attributable to Company								
shareholders - Diluted	shareholders - Diluted	\$	0.87	\$	0.34	\$	2.58	\$	2.46
Earnings per share attributable to Company									
shareholders - Diluted									
Earnings per share attributable to Company									
shareholders - Diluted									
Shares of the Company used in computing earnings per share:	Shares of the Company used in computing earnings per share:								
Shares of the Company used in computing earnings per share:									
Shares of the Company used in computing earnings per share:									
Basic									
Basic									
Basic	Basic		31,185		31,111		31,163		31,416
Diluted	Diluted		31,283		31,223		31,256		31,518
Diluted									
Diluted									
Dividends declared per Class A share	Dividends declared per Class A share	\$	0.25	\$	0.21	\$	0.75	\$	0.63
Dividends declared per Class A share									
Dividends declared per Class A share									

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)
(in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2024			
	2024			
	2024			

Net income									
Net income	Net income	\$	27,154	\$	10,823	\$	81,066	\$	78,267
Other comprehensive income/(loss), before tax:	Other comprehensive income/(loss), before tax:								
Other comprehensive income/(loss), before tax:									
Other comprehensive income/(loss), before tax:									
Foreign currency translation	Foreign currency translation		(15,131)		(38,971)		(4,509)		(79,841)
Reclassification of loss on pension settlement			—		42,657		—		42,657
Foreign currency translation									
Foreign currency translation									
Amortization of pension liability adjustments:									
Amortization of pension liability adjustments:									
Amortization of pension liability adjustments:	Amortization of pension liability adjustments:								
Prior service credit	Prior service credit		(1,031)		(1,123)		(3,092)		(3,368)
Prior service credit									
Prior service credit									
Net actuarial loss									
Net actuarial loss									
Net actuarial loss	Net actuarial loss		349		967		1,042		2,905
Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings	Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings		(3,990)		(106)		(10,891)		2,758
Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings									
Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings									
Derivative valuation adjustment									
Derivative valuation adjustment									
Derivative valuation adjustment	Derivative valuation adjustment		996		8,492		4,533		23,529
Income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income/(loss):	Income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income/(loss):								
Reclassification of loss on pension settlement			—		(16,459)		—		(16,459)
Income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income/(loss):									
Income taxes related to items of other comprehensive income/(loss):									
Amortization of prior service credit									
Amortization of prior service credit									
Amortization of prior service credit	Amortization of prior service credit		315		344		946		1,031
Amortization of net actuarial loss	Amortization of net actuarial loss		(107)		(296)		(319)		(889)
Amortization of net actuarial loss									
Amortization of net actuarial loss									
Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings									

Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings					
Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings	Payments and amortization related to interest rate swaps included in earnings	1,009	(27)	2,755	(752)
Derivative valuation adjustment	Derivative valuation adjustment	(252)	(2,151)	(1,147)	(5,960)
Derivative valuation adjustment					
Derivative valuation adjustment					
Comprehensive income					
Comprehensive income					
Comprehensive income	Comprehensive income	9,312	4,150	70,384	43,878
Comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	Comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(99)	73	669	544
Comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest					
Comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest					
Comprehensive income attributable to the Company	Comprehensive income attributable to the Company	\$ 9,411	\$ 4,077	\$ 69,715	\$ 43,334
Comprehensive income attributable to the Company					
Comprehensive income attributable to the Company					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, except share and per share data)
(unaudited)

		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
ASSETS					
March 31, 2024		March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 171,506	\$ 291,776		
Accounts receivable, net	Accounts receivable, net	270,487	200,018		
Contract assets, net	Contract assets, net	165,833	148,695		
Inventories	Inventories	180,991	139,050		
Income taxes prepaid and receivable	Income taxes prepaid and receivable	6,402	7,938		

Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	61,155	50,962
Total current assets	Total current assets	856,374	838,439
Property, plant and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net	566,974	445,658
Property, plant and equipment, net			
Property, plant and equipment, net			
Intangibles, net	Intangibles, net	44,636	33,811
Goodwill	Goodwill	177,398	178,217
Deferred income taxes	Deferred income taxes	15,284	15,196
Noncurrent receivables, net	Noncurrent receivables, net	25,300	27,913
Other assets	Other assets	104,284	103,021
Total assets	Total assets	\$1,790,250	\$1,642,255
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity			
Accounts payable			
Accounts payable			
Accounts payable	Accounts payable	\$ 70,105	\$ 69,707
Accrued liabilities	Accrued liabilities	135,343	126,385
Current maturities of long-term debt	Current maturities of long-term debt	27,246	—
Income taxes payable	Income taxes payable	10,103	15,224
Total current liabilities	Total current liabilities	242,797	211,316
Long-term debt	Long-term debt	463,339	439,000
Long-term debt			
Long-term debt			
Other noncurrent liabilities	Other noncurrent liabilities	141,620	108,758
Deferred taxes and other liabilities	Deferred taxes and other liabilities	20,861	15,638
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	868,617	774,712
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 15)			

Commitments and Contingencies (Note 16)			
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 16)			
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 16)			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Shareholders' Equity:			
Shareholders' Equity:			
Shareholders' Equity:			
Preferred stock, par value \$5.00 per share; authorized 2,000,000 shares; none issued	Preferred stock, par value \$5.00 per share; authorized 2,000,000 shares; none issued	—	—
Class A Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share; authorized 100,000,000 shares; 40,856,910 issued in 2023 and 40,785,434 in 2022		41	41
Preferred stock, par value \$5.00 per share; authorized 2,000,000 shares; none issued			
Preferred stock, par value \$5.00 per share; authorized 2,000,000 shares; none issued			
Class A Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share; authorized 100,000,000 shares; 40,898,219 issued in 2024 and 40,856,910 in 2023			
Additional paid in capital			
Additional paid in capital			
Additional paid in capital	Additional paid in capital	446,470	441,540
Retained earnings	Retained earnings	988,602	931,318
Accumulated items of other comprehensive income:	Accumulated items of other comprehensive income:		
Translation adjustments	Translation adjustments	(151,177)	(146,851)
Translation adjustments			
Translation adjustments			
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	(17,389)	(15,783)
Derivative valuation adjustment	Derivative valuation adjustment	12,957	17,707
Treasury stock (Class A), at cost; 9,661,845 shares in 2023 and 9,674,542 in 2022		(364,665)	(364,923)
Total Company shareholders' equity		914,839	863,049

Treasury stock (Class A), at cost; 9,661,845 shares in 2024 and 2023			
Total shareholders' equity			
Noncontrolling interest	Noncontrolling interest	6,794	4,494
Total equity	Total equity	921,633	867,543
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,790,250	\$1,642,255

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands)
(unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
		Three Months Ended March 31,	
		Three Months Ended March 31,	
		Three Months Ended March 31,	
2024		2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	Net income	\$ 81,066	\$ 78,267
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Net income			
Net income			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation			
Depreciation			
Depreciation	Depreciation	50,164	46,864
Amortization	Amortization	4,614	5,044

Change in deferred taxes and other liabilities	Change in deferred taxes and other liabilities	(1,264)	(15,582)
Impairment of property, plant, equipment, and inventory		577	2,610
Impairment of property, plant and equipment			
Non-cash interest expense	Non-cash interest expense	1,148	840
Non-cash portion of pension settlement expense		—	42,657
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in Class A Common Stock			
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in Class A Common Stock			
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in Class A Common Stock	Compensation and benefits paid or payable in Class A Common Stock	5,189	3,282
Provision for credit losses from uncollected receivables and contract assets	Provision for credit losses from uncollected receivables and contract assets	641	885
Foreign currency remeasurement (gain) on intercompany loans	Foreign currency remeasurement (gain) on intercompany loans	(4,704)	(6,629)
Fair value adjustment on foreign currency options	Fair value adjustment on foreign currency options	581	(409)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided/(used) cash, net of impact of business acquisition:			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided/(used) cash:			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided/(used) cash:			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities that provided/(used) cash:			
Accounts receivable	Accounts receivable		
Accounts receivable	Accounts receivable		
Accounts receivable	Accounts receivable	(18,172)	(20,260)
Contract assets	Contract assets	(16,550)	(37,201)
Inventories	Inventories	(293)	(24,895)

Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(3,030)	(2,733)
Income taxes prepaid and receivable	Income taxes prepaid and receivable	1,597	(2,179)
Accounts payable	Accounts payable	(6,661)	5,081
Accrued liabilities	Accrued liabilities	(16,454)	(12,624)
Income taxes payable	Income taxes payable	(5,810)	2,639
Noncurrent receivables	Noncurrent receivables	2,276	2,976
Other noncurrent liabilities	Other noncurrent liabilities	(3,602)	(5,960)
Other, net	Other, net	2,499	4,634
Net cash provided by operating activities		73,812	67,307
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of business, net of cash acquired		(133,470)	—
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(48,850)	(50,948)
Purchased software	Purchased software	(276)	(1,884)
Net cash used in investing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(182,596)	(52,832)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from borrowings			
Proceeds from borrowings			
Proceeds from borrowings	Proceeds from borrowings	71,249	145,000
Principal payments on debt	Principal payments on debt	(51,479)	(48,000)

Principal payments on finance lease liabilities				—	(654)
Debt acquisition costs				(4,108)	—
Purchase of Treasury shares				—	(84,780)
Taxes paid in lieu of share issuance				(3,136)	(770)
Proceeds from options exercised				—	17
Taxes paid in lieu of share issuance					
Taxes paid in lieu of share issuance					
Dividends paid				(23,365)	(19,932)
Net cash used in financing activities				(10,839)	(9,119)
Dividends paid					
Dividends paid					
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities					
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents				(647)	(30,910)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents					
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents					
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents				(120,270)	(25,554)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents					
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents					
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period				291,776	302,036
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period				\$171,506	\$276,482

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

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ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(unaudited)

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain information reflects all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of results for such periods. Albany International Corp. ("Albany", the "Registrant", the "Company", "we", "us", or "our") consolidates the financial position, results of its subsidiaries for all periods presented. The results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results operations and cash flows for the full year.

The preparation interim periods presented, but do not require all disclosures required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed in this report. Certain amounts in prior year financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally

accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management and notes thereto have been reclassified to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

conform to current year presentation. The information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with Albany International Corp.'s the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of any revisions are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures" ("ASU 2023-07"), which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. Upon transition, the segment expense categories and amounts disclosed in the prior periods should be based on the significant segment expense categories identified and disclosed in the period of adoption. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" ("ASU 2023-09"), which modifies the rules on income tax disclosures to require entities to disclose (1) specific categories in the rate reconciliation, (2) the income or loss from continuing operations before income tax expense or benefit (separated between domestic and foreign) and (3) income tax expense or benefit from continuing operations (separated by federal, state and foreign). ASU 2023-09 also requires entities to disclose their income tax payments to international, federal, state and local jurisdictions, among other changes. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted for annual financial statements that have not yet been issued or made available for issuance. ASU 2023-09 should be applied on a prospective basis, but retrospective application is permitted. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this new guidance on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

2. Reportable Segments and Revenue Recognition

In accordance with applicable disclosure guidance The Company is organized based on the nature of its products and is composed of two reportable segments, Machine Clothing ("MC") and Albany Engineered Composites ("AEC"), each overseen by a Segment President. These segments are reflective of how the Company's Chief Executive Officer, who is its Chief Operating Decisions Maker ("CODM"), reviews operating results for enterprise segments and related information, the internal organization that is used by management for making operating decisions purpose of allocating resources and assessing performance is used as the basis performance. The Company has not aggregated operating segments for our purposes of identifying reportable segments.

Machine Clothing:

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The Machine Clothing ("MC") segment supplies permeable and impermeable belts used in the manufacture of paper, paperboard, tissue and towel products, nonwovens, fiber cement and for several other industrial applications. We sell our MC products directly to customer end-users in countries across the globe. Our products, manufacturing processes, and distribution channels for MC are substantially the same in each region of the world in which we operate.

We design, manufacture, and market paper machine clothing (used in the manufacturing of paper, paperboard, tissue and towel) for each section of the paper machine and for every grade of paper. Paper machine clothing products are customized, consumable products of technologically sophisticated design that utilize polymeric materials in a complex structure. We manufacture belts for each section of the paper machine and for every grade of paper. We sell our MC products directly to customer end-users in countries across the globe. MC's products, manufacturing processes, and distribution channels are substantially the same in each region of the world in which we operate.

On August 31, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition of Heimbach GmbH ("Heimbach"), a privately-held manufacturer of paper machine clothing and technical textiles, as further described in Note 17. Business Combination. textiles. The financial results of the acquired company are included in the Machine Clothing reportable segment.

Albany Engineered Composites:

The Albany Engineered Composites ("AEC") segment provides highly engineered, advanced composite structures to customers in the commercial and defense aerospace industries. The segment includes Albany Safran Composites, LLC ("ASC"), in which our customer, the SAFRAN Group ("SAFRAN") owns a 10 percent noncontrolling interest. AEC, through ASC, is the exclusive supplier to the LEAP program of advanced composite fan blades and fan cases under a long-term supply contract, where revenue is determined by a cost-plus-fee agreement. The LEAP engine is used on the Airbus A320neo, Boeing 737 MAX, and COMAC 919 aircraft. AEC's largest aerospace customer is the SAFRAN Group and sales to SAFRAN (consisting primarily of fan blades and cases for CFM International's LEAP engine) accounted for approximately 16 percent of the Company's consolidated Net revenues in 2022, 2023.

AEC net sales to SAFRAN were \$140.8 million \$50.1 million and \$125.4 million \$45.3 million in the first nine three months of 2023 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively. The total of Accounts receivable, Contract assets and Noncurrent receivables due from SAFRAN amounted to \$90.0 million \$89.6 million and \$80.8 million \$93.8 million as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively.

Other significant programs by for AEC include the Sikorsky CH-53K, F-35, JASSM, and Boeing 787 programs. AEC also supplies vacuum waste tanks for the Boeing 7-Series commercial programs, and specialty components for the Rolls Royce lift fan on the F-35, as well as the fan case for the GE9X engine. For the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, approximately 46 39 percent of AEC revenues were related to U.S. government contracts or programs.

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The following tables show data by reportable segment, reconciled to consolidated totals included in the financial statements:

	Three months ended March 31,			
	Three months ended March 31,			
	Three months ended March 31,			
(in thousands)				
(in thousands)				
(in thousands)				
Net revenues				
Net revenues				
Net revenues				
Machine Clothing				
Machine Clothing				
Machine Clothing				
Albany Engineered Composites				
Albany Engineered Composites				
Albany Engineered Composites				
Consolidated revenues				
Consolidated revenues				
Consolidated revenues				
Operating income/(loss)				
Operating income/(loss)				
Operating income/(loss)				
Machine Clothing				
Machine Clothing				
Machine Clothing				
Albany Engineered Composites				
Albany Engineered Composites				
Albany Engineered Composites				
Corporate expenses				
Corporate expenses				
Corporate expenses				
Consolidated Operating income				
Consolidated Operating income				
Consolidated Operating income				
Reconciling items:				
Reconciling items:				
Reconciling items:				
Interest income				
Interest income				
Interest income				
Interest expense				
Interest expense				
Interest expense				
	Three months ended September 30,			
	Nine months ended September 30,			
(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net revenues				
Machine Clothing	\$ 166,588	\$ 153,389	\$ 479,027	\$ 459,121
Albany Engineered Composites	114,518	107,174	345,298	306,980
Consolidated revenues	\$ 281,106	\$ 260,563	\$ 824,325	\$ 766,101
Operating income/(loss)				
Machine Clothing	\$ 50,710	\$ 57,247	\$ 153,400	\$ 161,752

Albany Engineered Composites	9,374	9,958	27,460	20,688
Corporate expenses	(20,014)	(13,561)	(54,747)	(39,327)
Consolidated Operating income	\$ 40,070	\$ 53,644	\$ 126,113	\$ 143,113
Reconciling items:				
Interest income	(1,826)	(965)	(4,770)	(2,463)
Interest expense	5,479	4,759	14,819	13,799
Pension settlement expense	—	49,128	—	49,128
Other (income)/expense, net				
Other (income)/expense, net				
Other (income)/expense, net	56	(6,918)	(4,910)	(17,891)
Income before income taxes	\$ 36,361	\$ 7,640	\$ 120,974	\$ 100,540
Income before income taxes				
Income before income taxes				

Third First quarter results include newly Heimbach, which was acquired August 31, 2023. Heimbach contributed \$37.9 million of net revenues and \$(2.9) million of operating loss for the period three months ended March 31, 2024.

Corporate expenses include global information system costs of ownership, which began September 1, 2023. Heimbach's impact on third quarter results is described in Note 17. Business Combination. This acquisition impacted MC third quarter results by increasing Net revenues by \$15.6 \$8.3 million and reducing Operating income by \$(0.5) \$6.2 million which included depreciation expense on Property, plant, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and equipment, net of \$1.1 million, and amortization expense on Intangibles, net of \$0.1 million. 2023, respectively.

Revenue Recognition:

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Products and services provided under long-term contracts represent a significant portion of revenues in the Albany Engineered Composites segment and we account for these contracts over time, primarily using the percentage of completion (actual cost to estimated cost) method. That method requires significant judgment and estimation, which could be considerably different if the underlying circumstances were to change. When adjustments in estimated contract revenues or costs are required, any changes from prior estimates are included in earnings in the period the change occurs. Changes in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts could be caused by increases or decreases in the contract value, revisions to customer delivery requirements, updated labor or overhead rates, factors affecting the supply chain, changes in the evaluation of contract risks and opportunities, or other factors. Changes in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts increased decreased operating income by \$0.9 million for the third \$0.9 million quarter of 2023 and decreased operating income \$4.1 million for during the first nine three months of 2023. Adjustments 2024, compared to a decrease of \$0.7 million in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts increased operating income by \$2.6 million and \$2.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively. same period last year.

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We disaggregate revenue earned from contracts with customers for each of our business segments and product groups based on the timing of revenue recognition, and groupings used for internal review purposes.

The following table disaggregates revenue for each product group by timing of revenue recognition for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024:

Three months ended September 30, 2023					Three months ended March 31, 2024				
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Point in Time Revenue Recognition	Over Time Revenue Recognition	Total	(in thousands)	Point in Time Revenue Recognition	Over Time Revenue Recognition	Total	
Machine	Machine								
Clothing	Clothing	\$ 165,643	\$ 945	\$166,588					
Albany	Albany								
Engineered	Engineered								
Composites:	Composites:								
Albany Engineered									
Composites:									
Albany Engineered									
Composites:									
ASC									

ASC				
ASC	ASC	—	46,654	46,654
Other AEC	Other AEC	4,955	62,909	67,864
Total Albany Engineered Composites	Total Albany Engineered Composites	4,955	109,563	114,518
Total revenues	Total revenues	\$ 170,598	\$ 110,508	\$281,106
Total revenues				
Total revenues				

The following table disaggregates revenue for each product group by timing of revenue recognition for the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023:

(in thousands)	Three months ended September 30, 2022		
	Point in Time Revenue Recognition	Over Time Revenue Recognition	Total
Machine Clothing	\$ 152,490	\$ 899	\$ 153,389
Albany Engineered Composites:			
ASC	—	41,463	41,463
Other AEC	5,819	59,892	65,711
Total Albany Engineered Composites	5,819	101,355	107,174
Total revenues	\$ 158,309	\$ 102,254	\$ 260,563

The following table disaggregates revenue for each product group by timing of revenue recognition for the nine months ended September 30, 2023:

Nine months ended September 30, 2023								
Three months ended March 31, 2023					Three months ended March 31, 2023			
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Point in Time Revenue Recognition	Over Time Revenue Recognition	Total	(in thousands)	Point in Time Revenue Recognition	Over Time Revenue Recognition	Total
Machine Clothing	Machine Clothing	\$ 476,194	\$ 2,833	\$479,027				
Albany Engineered Composites:	Albany Engineered Composites:							
Albany Engineered Composites:	Albany Engineered Composites:							
ASC	ASC							
ASC	ASC							
ASC	ASC	—	138,603	138,603				
Other AEC	Other AEC	14,259	192,436	206,695				
Total Albany Engineered Composites	Total Albany Engineered Composites	14,259	331,039	345,298				
Total revenues	Total revenues	\$ 490,453	\$ 333,872	\$824,325				
Total revenues								
Total revenues								

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The following table disaggregates revenue for each product group by timing of revenue recognition for the nine months ended September 30, 2022:

(in thousands)	Nine months ended September 30, 2022		
	Point in Time Revenue	Over Time Revenue	Total
	Recognition	Recognition	
Machine Clothing	\$ 456,423	\$ 2,698	\$ 459,121
Albany Engineered Composites:			
ASC	—	122,836	122,836
Other AEC	14,750	169,394	184,144
Total Albany Engineered Composites	14,750	292,230	306,980
Total revenues	\$ 471,173	\$ 294,928	\$ 766,101

The following table disaggregates MC segment revenue by significant product groupings (paper machine clothing ("PMC") and engineered fabrics); and for PMC, the geographical region to which the paper machine clothing was sold:

Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
Three months ended March 31,							
Three months ended March 31,							
Three months ended March 31,							
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Americas PMC	Americas PMC	\$ 84,405	\$ 83,124	\$ 261,937	\$ 240,173		
Americas PMC							
Americas PMC							
Eurasia PMC							
Eurasia PMC							
Eurasia PMC	Eurasia PMC	64,493	49,828	164,771	157,751		
Engineered Fabrics	Engineered Fabrics	17,690	20,437	52,319	61,197		
Engineered Fabrics							
Engineered Fabrics							
Total Machine Clothing Net revenues							
Total Machine Clothing Net revenues							
Total Machine Clothing Net revenues	Total Machine Clothing Net revenues	\$ 166,588	\$ 153,389	\$ 479,027	\$ 459,121		

We do not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less. Contracts in the MC segment are generally for periods of less than a year and certain contracts in the AEC segment are relatively short duration firm-fixed-price orders. Remaining performance obligations on contracts that had an original duration of greater than one year totaled \$759 million \$752 million and \$600 million \$821 million as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, and related primarily to firm fixed price contracts in the AEC segment. Of the remaining performance obligations as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we expect to recognize as revenue approximately \$38 million during 2023, \$146 million \$127 million during 2024, \$146 million \$168 million during 2025, \$143 million during 2026, and the remainder thereafter.

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3. Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans

The Company has defined benefit pension plans covering certain U.S. and non-U.S. employees. The Company also provides certain postretirement benefits to retired employees in the U.S. and Canada. The Company accrues the cost of providing these benefits during the active service period of the employees.

The composition of the net periodic benefit cost/(income) for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, was as follows:

Pension plans						Other postretirement benefits			
Pension plans						Pension plans			
Pension plans						Other postretirement benefits			
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024

Components of net periodic benefit cost/(income):	Components of net periodic benefit cost/(income):				
Service cost	Service cost				
Service cost	Service cost	\$ 986	\$ 1,061	\$ 45	\$ 86
Interest cost	Interest cost	3,447	4,235	1,405	916
Expected return on assets	Expected return on assets	(3,063)	(5,099)	—	—
Amortization of prior service cost/(income)	Amortization of prior service cost/(income)	(24)	(2)	(3,068)	(3,366)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	Amortization of net actuarial loss	421	1,493	621	1,412
Net periodic benefit cost/(credit)	Net periodic benefit cost/(credit)	\$1,767	\$ 1,688	\$ (997)	\$ (952)
Settlement charge		—	49,128	—	—
Net benefit cost/(credit)		\$1,767	\$50,816	\$ (997)	\$ (952)

The amount of net benefit cost/(credit) is determined at the beginning of each year and generally only varies from quarter to quarter when a significant event occurs, such as a curtailment or a settlement. In the third quarter of 2022, we took actions to settle certain pension plan liabilities for a plan. There were no such events in the U.S., leading to charges totaling \$49.1 million. No similar charges were incurred during the current year. The above reflects the acquisition first three months of Heimbach, as further described in Note 17. Business Combination. 2024 or 2023.

Service cost for defined benefit pension and postretirement plans are reported in the same line item as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. Other components of net periodic benefit cost are included in the line item Other (income)/expense, net in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

4. Restructuring

Restructuring costs in the first quarter of 2024 were related to reductions in workforce at various AEC locations, while restructuring charges for the first quarter of 2023 were not significant. There were no charges related to the impairment of assets for the periods presented.

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The following table summarizes charges reported in the Consolidated Statements of Income under "Restructuring expenses, net":

(in thousands)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Machine Clothing	\$ 21	\$ 20
Albany Engineered Composites	2,188	—
Total	\$ 2,209	\$ 20

The table below presents the year-to-date changes in restructuring liabilities for 2024 and 2023, all of which are related to termination and other costs:

(in thousands)	December 31, 2023	Restructuring charges accrued	Payments	Currency translation /other	March 31, 2024
Total termination and other costs	\$ —	\$ 2,209	\$ (221)	\$ (1)	1,987

(in thousands)	December 31, 2022	Restructuring charges accrued	Payments	Currency translation /other	March 31, 2023
Total termination and other costs	\$ —	\$ 20	\$ (20)	\$ —	—

5. Other (Income)/Expense, net

The components of Other (income)/expense, net are:

	Three months ended September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,
--	----------------------------------	---------------------------------

		Three months ended March 31,			
		Three months ended March 31,			
		Three months ended March 31,			
(in thousands)	(in thousands)				
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Currency transaction (gains)/losses	Currency transaction (gains)/losses	\$ 511	\$ (6,636)	\$ (3,622)	\$ (17,660)
Currency transaction (gains)/losses					
Currency transaction (gains)/losses					
Bank fees and amortization of debt issuance costs					
Bank fees and amortization of debt issuance costs					
Bank fees and amortization of debt issuance costs	Bank fees and amortization of debt issuance costs	49	76	140	252
Components of net periodic pension and postretirement cost other than service cost	Components of net periodic pension and postretirement cost other than service cost	(15)	(138)	(260)	(411)
Components of net periodic pension and postretirement cost other than service cost					
Components of net periodic pension and postretirement cost other than service cost					
Other					
Other					
Other	Other	(489)	(220)	(1,168)	(72)
Total other (income)/expense, net	Total other (income)/expense, net	\$ 56	\$ (6,918)	\$ (4,910)	\$ (17,891)
Total other (income)/expense, net					
Total other (income)/expense, net					

Other (income)/expense, net, included foreign currency related transactions which resulted in losses of \$0.5 million and gains of \$3.6 \$1.3 million in the first three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, of 2024, as compared to gains/losses of \$6.6 million and \$17.7 \$0.1 million in the same period last year. During 2023, the The stronger Mexican Peso weakened and weaker Euro during the third quarter, but was overall stronger during the nine three months ended September 30, 2023, driving the March 31, 2024 led to a net gain on foreign currency gain related transactions, as compared to the same period last year. Other (income)/expense, net, also included gains on changes in the period. During 2022, the Euro remained weaker fair value of derivative instruments, gains on sales of fixed assets, and rental income.

6. Income Taxes

The Company's effective income tax rate for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, resulting in a more significant foreign currency gain during those periods. March 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

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5. Income Taxes

The following table presents components of income tax expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Income tax based on income from operations (1)	\$ 10,731	\$ 2,208	\$ 35,698	\$ 28,315
Provision for change in estimated tax rate	(119)	674	5	740
Income tax before discrete items	10,612	2,882	35,703	29,055
Discrete tax expense:				
Exercise of U.S. stock options	—	(9)	—	(17)
Impact of amended tax returns	—	—	—	(98)
Reconciliation of prior year estimated taxes	(1,833)	(1,185)	(437)	(1,693)
Enacted tax legislation and rate change	—	—	313	—
Provision for/resolution of tax audits and contingencies, net	(602)	24	176	(116)

Impact of long range tax planning	—	—	(443)	—
Withholding tax related to internal restructuring	—	—	3,026	—
US Pension Settlement - Release of Residual Tax Effect	—	(5,217)	—	(5,217)
Impact of non-election of high tax exclusion under GILTI*	1,155	—	1,617	—
Other	(125)	322	(47)	359
Total income tax expense/(benefit)	\$ 9,207	\$ (3,183)	\$ 39,908	\$ 22,273
(1) Income tax is calculated at estimated annualized effective tax rate of 29.5% and 28.9% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.				
* Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income				

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Effective income tax rate	29.2 %	28.2 %

Income tax expense for the quarter was computed in accordance with ASC 740-270, Income Taxes – Interim Reporting. Under this method, loss jurisdictions which cannot recognize a tax benefit with regard to their generated losses are excluded from the annual effective tax rate calculation and their taxes will be recorded discretely in each quarter.

The Company's policy for releasing income tax effects from accumulated other comprehensive income is the specific identification approach, whereas these items are released to income tax expense when the individual items are disposed of, terminated or extinguished.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act lowered the U.S. corporate tax rate from 35% to 21% as of December 31, 2017, creating residual tax effects as a result of the remeasurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities originally established in other comprehensive income. As a result of the U.S. pension liability settlement (see Note 3, Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans), and consistent with the Company's policy, in the third quarter of 2022, the Company recorded a net tax benefit of \$5.2 million for the release of the residual tax effects within other comprehensive income related to the U.S. pension settlement.

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6. Our 2024 estimated annual effective tax rate primarily reflects the 21% federal tax rate, the impact of taxation upon foreign operations, and forecasted permanent differences. Our actual effective tax rates were 29.2% and 28.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2024 included a \$2.4 million benefit related to the true-up for prior year estimated taxes treated as a discrete tax benefit and an additional increase of \$1.2 million in the valuation allowance treated as a discrete tax expense. The rate for the first quarter of 2024 was higher than the first quarter of 2023 mainly due to an unfavorable change in the jurisdictional mix of pre-tax earnings forecasted for 2024.

The Company is subject to audit in the U.S. and various foreign jurisdictions. Our open tax years for major jurisdictions generally range from 2013-2024. We believe appropriate provisions for all outstanding tax issues have been made for all jurisdictions and all open years. Audit outcomes and the timing of audit settlements are subject to significant uncertainty. It is reasonably possible that within the next 12 months, unrecognized tax benefits related to federal tax matters under audit may decrease by up to \$0.8 million based on current estimates.

7. Earnings Per Share

The amounts used in computing earnings per share and the weighted average number of shares of potentially dilutive securities are as follows:

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
(in thousands, except market price and earnings per share)	(in thousands, except market price and earnings per share)	2023	2022	2023	2022
(in thousands, except market price and earnings per share)					
(in thousands, except market price and earnings per share)					
Net income attributable to the Company					
Net income attributable to the Company					
Net income attributable to the Company	Net income attributable to the Company	\$ 27,109	\$ 10,694	\$ 80,670	\$ 77,632
Weighted average number of shares:	Weighted average number of shares:				
Weighted average number of shares:					
Weighted average number of shares:					

Weighted average number of shares used in calculating basic net income per share	Weighted average number of shares used in calculating basic net income per share	31,185	31,111	31,163	31,416
Weighted average number of shares used in calculating basic net income per share					
Weighted average number of shares used in calculating basic net income per share					
Effect of dilutive stock-based compensation plans:					
Effect of dilutive stock-based compensation plans:					
Effect of dilutive stock-based compensation plans:	Effect of dilutive stock-based compensation plans:				
Restricted stock units and multi-year awards	Restricted stock units and multi-year awards	98	112	93	102
Restricted stock units and multi-year awards					
Restricted stock units and multi-year awards					
Weighted average number of shares used in calculating diluted net income per share					
Weighted average number of shares used in calculating diluted net income per share					
Weighted average number of shares used in calculating diluted net income per share	Weighted average number of shares used in calculating diluted net income per share	31,283	31,223	31,256	31,518
Net income attributable to the Company per share:	Net income attributable to the Company per share:				
Net income attributable to the Company per share:					
Net income attributable to the Company per share:					
Basic					
Basic					
Basic	Basic	\$ 0.87	\$ 0.34	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.47
Diluted	Diluted	\$ 0.87	\$ 0.34	\$ 2.58	\$ 2.46
Diluted					
Diluted					

7.8. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI")

The table below presents changes in the components of AOCI for the period from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2023 to September 30, 2023 to March 31, 2024:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Translation adjustments	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	Derivative valuation adjustment	Total Other Comprehensive Income	(in thousands)	Translation adjustments	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	Derivative valuation adjustment	Total Other Comprehensive Income
December 31, 2022		\$ (146,851)	\$ (15,783)	\$ 17,707	\$ (144,927)					
December 31, 2023										
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	(4,326)	(183)	3,386	(1,123)					

Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	—	—	(8,136)	(8,136)
Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax					
Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax					
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments reclassified to Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments reclassified to Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	—	(1,423)	—	(1,423)
Net current period other comprehensive income	Net current period other comprehensive income	(4,326)	(1,606)	(4,750)	(10,682)
September 30, 2023		\$ (151,177)	\$ (17,389)	\$ 12,957	\$ (155,609)
March 31, 2024					

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The table below presents changes in the components of AOCI for the period from **December 31, 2021** December 31, 2022 to **September 30, 2022** March 31, 2023:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Translation adjustments	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	Derivative valuation adjustment	Total Other Comprehensive Income	(in thousands)	Translation adjustments	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	Derivative valuation adjustment	Total Other Comprehensive Income
December 31, 2021		\$ (105,880)	\$ (38,490)	\$ (1,614)	\$ (145,984)					
December 31, 2022										
Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	Other comprehensive income/(loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	(79,841)	—	17,569	(62,272)					
Pension settlement expense, net of tax		—	26,198	—	26,198					
Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax										
Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax										

Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	Interest (expense)/income related to swaps reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	—	—	2,006	2,006
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments reclassified to Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments reclassified to Consolidated Statements of Income, net of tax	—	(321)	—	(321)
Net current period other comprehensive income	Net current period other comprehensive income	(79,841)	25,877	19,575	(34,389)
September 30, 2022		\$ (185,721)	\$ (12,613)	\$ 17,961	\$ (180,373)
March 31, 2023					

The components of AOCI that are reclassified to the Consolidated Statements of Income relate to our pension and postretirement plans and interest rate swaps.

The table below presents the expense/(income) amounts reclassified from AOCI, and the line items of the Consolidated Statements of Income that were affected for the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**: **2023**:

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Pretax Derivative valuation reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:					
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
Pre-tax Derivative valuation reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:					
Pre-tax Derivative valuation reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:					
Pre-tax Derivative valuation reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:					
Other (income)/expense, net related to interest rate swaps included in Income before taxes					
Other (income)/expense, net related to interest rate swaps included in Income before taxes					
Other (income)/expense, net related to interest rate swaps included in Income before taxes	Other (income)/expense, net related to interest rate swaps included in Income before taxes	\$ (3,990)	\$ (106)	\$ (10,891)	\$ 2,758
Income tax effect	Income tax effect	1,009	(27)	2,755	(752)
Income tax effect	Income tax effect				
Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income					
Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income					
Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	\$ (2,981)	\$ (133)	\$ (8,136)	\$ 2,006

Pretax pension and postretirement liabilities reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:				
Pension settlement expense	\$	—	\$	42,657
Pre-tax pension and postretirement liabilities reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:				
Pre-tax pension and postretirement liabilities reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:				
Pre-tax pension and postretirement liabilities reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:				
Amortization of prior service credit				
Amortization of prior service credit				
Amortization of prior service credit		(1,031)	(1,123)	(3,092)
Amortization of net actuarial loss		349	967	1,042
Total pretax amount reclassified (a)		(682)	42,501	(2,050)
Amortization of net actuarial loss				
Amortization of net actuarial loss				
Total pre-tax amount reclassified (a)				
Total pre-tax amount reclassified (a)				
Total pre-tax amount reclassified (a)				
Income tax effect				
Income tax effect				
Income tax effect		208	(16,411)	627
Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		(474)	26,090	(1,423)
Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income				
Effect on net income due to items reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income				

(a) These accumulated other comprehensive income components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost (see Note 3. Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans).

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8.9. Noncontrolling Interests

Effective October 31, 2013, Safran S.A. (Safran) acquired a 10 percent equity interest in **a new Albany subsidiary**, Albany Safran Composites, LLC ("ASC").

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired **all of** the outstanding shares of Heimbach, a privately held manufacturer of paper machine clothing with headquarters in Düren, Germany. In July 2021, Heimbach acquired 85% of Arcari, SRL ("Arcari"). Arcari is a manufacturer of textile and plastic industrial technical products and conveyor belts. On the date of the acquisition, the fair value of the noncontrolling interest in Arcari was **\$1.6 million** **\$0.5 million**. For the **month** **three months** ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the net income/(loss) attributable to Arcari's noncontrolling interest was less than \$0.1 million and the noncontrolling interest balance at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** was **\$1.6 million** **\$0.5 million**.

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The table below presents a reconciliation of income attributable to the noncontrolling interest and noncontrolling equity in the Company's subsidiaries:				
ASC	ASC			
Noncontrolling Interest	Noncontrolling Interest	Nine months ended September 30,	ASC Noncontrolling Interest	Three months ended March 31,

(in thousands, except percentages)	(in thousands, except percentages)	2023	2022	(in thousands, except percentages)	2024	2023
Net income of Albany Safran Composites (ASC)	Net income of Albany Safran Composites (ASC)	\$4,929	\$7,320			
Less: Return attributable to the Company's preferred holding	Less: Return attributable to the Company's preferred holding	974	974			
Net income of ASC available for common ownership	Net income of ASC available for common ownership	\$3,955	\$6,346			
Ownership percentage of noncontrolling shareholder	Ownership percentage of noncontrolling shareholder	10 %	10 %	Ownership percentage of noncontrolling shareholder	10 %	10 %
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	\$ 396	\$ 635			
Noncontrolling interest, beginning of year	Noncontrolling interest, beginning of year	\$4,494	\$3,638			
Noncontrolling interest, beginning of year	Noncontrolling interest, beginning of year					
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	396	635			
Changes in other comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	Changes in other comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	317	(91)			
ASC Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period	ASC Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period	\$5,207	\$4,182			
Arcari Noncontrolling Interest						
Net income of Arcari available for common ownership	Net income of Arcari available for common ownership	\$ 34	\$ —			
Ownership percentage of noncontrolling shareholder	Ownership percentage of noncontrolling shareholder	15 %	—			
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	\$ 5	\$ —			
Noncontrolling interest, beginning of year	Noncontrolling interest, beginning of year	\$ —	\$ —			

Initial equity related to Noncontrolling interest in Arcari	1,632	—
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	5	—
Changes in other comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	(50)	—
Arcari Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period		
Arcari Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period		
Arcari Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period	Arcari Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period	\$ 1,587 \$ —
Total Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period	Total Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period	\$ 6,794 \$ 4,182
Total Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period		
Total Noncontrolling interest, end of interim period		

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9.10. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable, net includes Trade and other accounts receivable and Bank promissory notes, net of Allowance for expected credit losses. In connection with certain revenues in Asia, the Company accepts a bank promissory note as customer payment. The notes may be presented for payment at maturity, which is less than one year. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Trade and other accounts receivable	\$ 256,852	\$ 179,676
Bank promissory notes	19,286	23,439
Allowance for expected credit losses	(5,651)	(3,097)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 270,487	\$ 200,018

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Heimbach, which resulted in an increase of \$52.7 million to Accounts receivable, based on preliminary fair values at the date of acquisition.

(in thousands)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Trade and other accounts receivable	\$ 287,862	\$ 272,351
Bank promissory notes	22,699	20,690
Allowance for expected credit losses	(5,066)	(5,260)
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 305,495	\$ 287,781

The Company has had Noncurrent receivables in the AEC segment that represent revenue earned, which has had extended payment terms. The In 2023, the payment terms were amended and the Noncurrent receivables will be invoiced to the customer over a 10-year period, which began are now included in 2020. Trade and other accounts receivable. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, Noncurrent receivables consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Noncurrent receivables	\$ 25,427	\$ 28,053
Allowance for expected credit losses	(127)	(140)

Noncurrent receivables, net	\$	25,300	\$	27,913
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(in thousands)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Noncurrent receivables	\$ —	\$ 4,414
Allowance for expected credit losses	—	(22)
Noncurrent receivables, net	\$ —	\$ 4,392

10.11. Contract Assets and Liabilities

Contract assets include unbilled amounts typically resulting from revenues under contracts when the **cost-to-cost over time** method of revenue recognition is utilized, and revenue recognized exceeds the amount billed to the customer. Contract assets are transferred to Accounts receivable, net when the entitlement to pay becomes unconditional and the customer is invoiced. Contract liabilities include advance payments and billings in excess of revenue recognized. Contract liabilities are included in Accrued liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Contract assets and Contract liabilities are reported on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in a net position on a contract-by-contract basis at the end of each reporting period.

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As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, Contract assets and Contract liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	(in thousands)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Contract assets	Contract assets	\$166,666	\$149,443			
Allowance for expected credit losses	Allowance for expected credit losses	(833)	(748)			
Contract assets, net	Contract assets, net	\$165,833	\$148,695			
Contract liabilities	Contract liabilities	\$ 3,645	\$ 15,176			
Contract liabilities						
Contract liabilities						

Contract assets, net **increased \$17.1 million** **decreased \$3.1 million** during the **nine three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. The **increase** **decrease** was primarily due to **a decrease in unbilled revenue primarily related to commercial and defense programs, partially offset by an increase in unbilled revenue related to the satisfaction of performance obligations, in excess of the amounts billed to customers for contracts that were in a contract asset position, on space programs.** There were no impairment losses related to our Contract assets during the **nine three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **September 30, 2022** **March 31, 2023**.

Contract liabilities decreased **\$11.5 million** **\$1.1 million** during the **nine three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, primarily due to revenue recognized from satisfied performance obligations exceeding **amounts invoiced to customers that were in a**

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contract liability position. **customer advance payments for commercial and defense programs.** Revenue recognized for the **nine three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** that was included in the Contract liability balance at the beginning of the year was **\$14.4 million** and **\$5.0 million** **\$3.5 million** and **\$6.7 million**, respectively.

11.12. Inventories

Costs included in inventories are raw materials, labor, supplies and allocable depreciation and overhead. Raw material inventories are valued on an average cost basis. Other inventory cost elements are valued at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. The Company writes down the inventories for estimated obsolescence and to lower of cost or net realizable value based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual demand or market conditions are less favorable than those projected by the Company, additional inventory write-downs may be required. Once established, the original cost of the inventory less the related write-down represents the new cost basis of such inventories.

As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, Inventories consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
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Raw materials	\$	84,835	\$	74,631
Work in process		71,446		50,516
Finished goods		24,710		13,903
Total inventories	\$	180,991	\$	139,050

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Heimbach, which resulted in an increase of \$41.5 million to Inventories, based on preliminary fair values at the date of acquisition.

(in thousands)	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Raw materials	\$	77,391	\$	79,611
Work in process		63,764		67,743
Finished goods		24,870		22,213
Total inventories	\$	166,025	\$	169,567

12. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired in each business combination. Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment at least annually.

In the second quarter of 2023, management applied the qualitative assessment approach in performing its annual evaluation of goodwill for the Company's Machine Clothing reporting unit and two AEC reporting units and concluded that each reporting unit's fair value continued to exceed its carrying value. In addition, there were no amounts at risk due to the estimated excess between the fair and carrying values. Accordingly, no impairment charges were recorded.

When a quantitative assessment is performed, determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions, including revenue growth rates, operating margins, discount rates, and future market conditions, among others. Goodwill and other long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events, such as significant changes in the business climate, plant closures, changes in product offerings, or other circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

To determine fair value, we utilize two market-based approaches and an income approach. Under the market-based approaches, we utilize information regarding the Company, as well as publicly available industry information, to determine earnings multiples and revenue multiples. Under the income approach, we determine fair value based on the estimated future cash flows of each reporting unit, discounted by an estimated weighted-average cost of capital, which reflects the overall level of inherent risk of a reporting unit and the rate of return an outside investor would expect to earn.

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired Heimbach. The assets acquired include intangible assets of \$14.5 million consisting of the Heimbach trade name and developed technology. The preliminary fair value of the Heimbach trade name of \$6.0 million is considered an indefinite-lived asset. The preliminary fair value of the developed technology of \$8.5 million is being amortized over 9 years. There was no excess purchase price over the fair value and therefore, there was no goodwill reported as part of the acquisition. See Note 17. Business Combination for additional information.

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13. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following table sets forth the gross carrying value, accumulated amortization and net values of intangible assets and goodwill as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

(in thousands)	March 31, 2024			
	Amortization	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
	life in years			
Finite-lived assets:				
AEC Trademarks and trade names	6-15	\$ 208	\$ (189)	19
AEC Technology	10-15	6,033	(2,824)	3,209
AEC Intellectual property	15	1,250	(360)	890
AEC Customer relationships	8-15	69,290	(44,721)	24,569
Heimbach Developed technology	9	8,789	(572)	8,217
Total Finite-lived intangible assets		\$ 85,570	\$ (48,666)	36,904
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:				
Heimbach Trade name		\$ 5,935	\$ —	5,935
MC Goodwill		65,785	—	65,785

AEC Goodwill		112,919	—	112,919
Total Indefinite-lived intangible assets:	\$	184,639	\$ —	184,639

(in thousands)	December 31, 2023			
	Amortization life in years	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization	Net carrying amount
Finite-lived assets:				
AEC Trademarks and trade names	6-15	\$ 208	\$ (186)	22
AEC Technology	10-15	6,161	(2,735)	3,426
AEC Intellectual property	15	1,250	(339)	911
AEC Customer relationships	8-15	69,360	(43,875)	25,485
Heimbach Developed technology	9	9,042	(310)	8,732
Total Finite-lived assets		\$ 86,021	\$ (47,445)	38,576
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:				
Heimbach Trade name		\$ 6,070	\$ —	6,070
MC Goodwill		66,873	—	66,873
AEC Goodwill		113,308	—	113,308
Total Indefinite-lived intangible assets:		\$ 186,251	\$ —	186,251

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The changes in intangible assets, net and goodwill from December 31, 2023 to March 31, 2024, were as follows:

(in thousands)	December 31, 2023	Other Changes	Amortization	Currency Translation	March 31, 2024
Finite-lived intangible assets:					
AEC Trademarks and trade names	\$ 22	\$ —	\$ (3)	\$ —	19
AEC Technology	3,426	—	(142)	(75)	3,209
AEC Intellectual property	911	—	(21)	—	890
AEC Customer relationships	25,485	—	(870)	(46)	24,569
Heimbach Developed technology	8,732	—	(262)	(253)	8,217
Total Finite-lived intangible assets	\$ 38,576	\$ —	\$ (1,298)	\$ (374)	36,904
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:					
Heimbach Trade name	\$ 6,070	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (135)	5,935
MC Goodwill	66,873	—	—	(1,088)	65,785
AEC Goodwill	113,308	—	—	(389)	112,919
Total Indefinite-lived assets:	\$ 186,251	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1,612)	184,639

14. Financial Instruments

Debt principally consists of a revolving credit agreement and foreign bank debt assumed in the acquisition of Heimbach.

The following table represents the Company's outstanding debt:

(in thousands, except interest rates)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement(1)	\$ 461,000	\$ 439,000
Foreign bank debt	29,585	—
Total bank debt	490,585	439,000
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt	27,246	—
Long-term debt	\$ 463,339	\$ 439,000

(1) the credit facility matures in August 2028. At the end of the September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the interest rate in effect was 3.60% and 3.16%, respectively, including the effect of interest rate hedging transactions, as described below.

(In thousands, except interest rates)	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement(1)	\$	429,000	\$	446,000
Foreign bank debt		10,134		10,885
Total bank debt		439,134		456,885
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt		4,445		4,218
Long-term debt	\$	434,689	\$	452,667
(1) the credit facility matures in August 2028. At the end of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the interest rate in effect was 3.34% and 3.49%, respectively, including the effect of interest rate hedging transactions, as described below.				

Amended Credit Agreement

On August 16, 2023, we entered into a \$800 million unsecured committed Five-Year Revolving Credit Facility Agreement (the "Amended Credit Agreement"), which amended and restated the prior \$700 million committed Four-Year Revolving Credit Facility Agreement, entered into on October 27, 2020 (the "Prior Agreement"). The Amended Credit Agreement contains customary terms, as well as affirmative covenants, negative covenants and events of default that are substantially comparable to those in the Prior Agreement. The Borrowings are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries, including all significant U.S. subsidiaries (subject to certain exceptions), as were borrowings under the Prior Agreement.

On June 23, 2023, we entered into the first Amendment to the Prior Agreement to replace the LIBOR-based reference interest rate option with a reference interest rate option based on the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("Term SOFR") plus an applicable credit spread adjustment (subject to a minimum floor of 0.00%). The Amendment did not make any other material changes to the terms and conditions of the Prior Agreement, including the representations and warranties, events of default, affirmative and negative covenants. These amendments are also reflected in the Amended Credit Agreement.

The applicable interest rate for borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement is based on Term SOFR plus a spread, which is based on our leverage ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) at the time of a borrowing as follows:

Leverage Ratio	Commitment Fee	ABR Spread	Term Benchmark/ Daily Simple SOFR Spread
<1.00:1.00	0.275%	0.500%	1.500%
≥ 1.00:1.00 and < 2.00:1.00	0.300%	0.625%	1.625%
≥ 2.00:1.00 and < 3.00:1.00	0.325%	0.750%	1.750%
≥ 3.00:1.00	0.350%	1.000%	2.000%

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, the applicable interest rate for borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement was based on one-month term SOFR plus the spread, which was 1.625%.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, there was \$461 million \$429 million of borrowings outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement. As of September 30, 2023, Agreement and we had borrowings available of \$339 million \$371 million, based on our maximum leverage ratio and our Consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement).

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The Amended Credit Agreement contains customary terms including affirmative covenants, negative covenants and events of default. Under the Amended Credit Agreement, we are required to maintain a leverage ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) of not greater than 3.75 to 1.00, or 4.25 to 1.00 after a significant acquisition. We are also required to maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio (as defined in the Credit Agreement) of greater than 3.00 to 1.00.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, our leverage ratio was 1.481.17 to 1.00 (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) and our interest coverage ratio was 13.9514.38 to 1.00. If our leverage ratio exceeds 3.50 to 1.00, then we are restricted in

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paying dividends to a maximum amount of \$40 million in a calendar year. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we were in compliance with all applicable covenants. We anticipate continued compliance in each of the next four quarters while continuing to monitor future compliance based on current and future economic conditions.

The borrowings are guaranteed by certain of the Company's subsidiaries, including all significant U.S. subsidiaries (subject to certain exceptions), as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement. Our ability to borrow additional amounts under the Amended Credit Agreement is conditional upon the absence of any defaults, as well as the absence of any material adverse change (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement).

On June 14, 2021, Interest Rate Swaps

In 2021, we entered into interest rate swap agreements for the period of October 17, 2022 through October 27, 2024. These transactions had the effect of fixing the LIBOR portion of the effective interest rate (before addition of the spread) on \$350 million of indebtedness, drawn under indebtedness. We amended the Prior Agreement at the rate of 0.838% during the period. Under the terms of these transactions, we paid the fixed rate of 0.838% and the counterparties paid a floating rate based swap agreements on the one-month LIBOR rate at each monthly calculation date. On June 29, 2023, the Company amended each Swap agreement, in accordance with the practical expedients included in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 848, Reference Rate Reform, to replace replacing the LIBOR Benchmark (in preparation for the cessation of LIBOR) with a Term SOFR Benchmark. As a result of and adjusting the amendments, we will spread.

We pay a fixed blended rate of 0.7683% (plus a credit spread adjustment as defined in the Swap Agreements) 0.8828% through October 27, 2024 on \$350 million of borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement and the counterparties will pay a floating rate based on the one-month term SOFR at each monthly calculation date, which on September 18, 2023 March 18, 2024 was 5.33%. The effective date of the amended Swap agreements was July 17, 2023. As of September 18, 2023 March 31, 2024, the all-in-rate all-in rate on the \$350M of debt was 2.51%.

On October 17, 2022 Upon the expiration of the interest rate swap on October 27, 2024, our interest rate swap agreements that were cost will increase significantly. Beginning in effect from December 18, 2017 terminated. These transactions had the effect of fixing the LIBOR portion of the effective October 2024, our interest rate (before addition of the spread) on \$350 million of indebtedness drawn under the Credit Agreement at the rate of 2.11% during the period. Under the terms of those transactions, we paid the fixed rate of 2.11% and the counterparties paid cost will be calculated using a floating rate based on the one-month LIBOR rate at each monthly calculation date. The all-in-rate on the \$350 million of debt was 3.735% at the time the swap agreements terminated. term SOFR.

The interest rate swaps are accounted for as a hedge of future cash flows, as further described in Note 15, Note 14. Fair-Value Measurements. No cash collateral was received or pledged in relation to the swap agreements.

Indebtedness under the Amended Credit Agreement is ranked equally in right of payment to all unsecured senior debt.

Assumed Foreign Bank Debt

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired Heimbach. The Company assumed Heimbach's bank debt in the amount of \$32.7 million. The bank debt is held by several European financial institutions, with fixed interest rates ranging from 0.9% to 2.93% and maturity dates ranging from September 25, 2023 June 30, 2024 to June 30, 2031. Certain bank agreements allowed for the repayment of the debt upon demand by certain financial institutions in the event of a change in control. Some or all of the assumed bank debt could become due upon notification by any of the financial institutions before the maturity date of the bank agreements. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the foreign debt assumed was \$29.6 \$10.1 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, of which \$27.2 million \$4.4 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, was classified as Current maturities on long-term debt.

14. 15. Fair-Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company uses a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy requires the Company to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. This includes certain pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies and similar techniques that use significant unobservable inputs.

We had no Level 3 financial assets or liabilities at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 or at December 31, 2022. December 31, 2023, other than certain pension assets as indicated in our December 31, 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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The following table presents the fair-value hierarchy for our Level 1 and Level 2 financial and non-financial assets and liabilities, which are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		September 30, 2023				December 31, 2022									
		Quoted prices in active markets		Significant other observable inputs		Quoted prices in active markets		Significant other observable inputs							
		March 31, 2024				March 31, 2024				December 31, 2023					
		Quoted prices in active markets						Quoted prices in active markets		Significant other observable inputs		Quoted prices in active markets		Significant other observable inputs	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(in thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(in thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(in thousands)	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	
Fair Value	Fair Value														
Assets:	Assets:														
Assets:	Assets:														
Assets:	Assets:														
Cash equivalents	Cash equivalents														
Cash equivalents	Cash equivalents														
Cash equivalents	Cash equivalents														
Cash equivalents	Cash equivalents	\$19,596	\$—	\$6,533	\$—										

Foreign currency option contracts	Foreign currency option contracts	—	1,465	—	1,788
Foreign currency forward contracts					
Other Assets:	Other Assets:				
Common stock of unaffiliated foreign public company (a)					
Common stock of unaffiliated foreign public company (a)					
Common stock of unaffiliated foreign public company (a)	Common stock of unaffiliated foreign public company (a)	623	—	602	—
Interest rate swaps	Interest rate swaps	—	17,314	—	23,605
Liabilities	Liabilities				
Foreign currency forward contracts	Foreign currency forward contracts	—	(267)	—	—
Foreign currency forward contracts					
Foreign currency forward contracts					

(a) Original cost basis \$0.5 million.

Cash equivalents include short-term securities that are considered to be highly liquid and easily tradable. These securities are valued using inputs observable in active markets for identical securities.

The interest rate swaps are accounted for as hedges of future cash flows. The fair value of our interest rate swaps **are is** derived from a discounted cash flow analysis based on the terms of the contract and the interest rate curve, and is included in Other assets and/or Other noncurrent liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Amounts determined to be due within one year are reclassified to Other current assets and/or Accrued liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Unrealized gains and losses on the interest rate swaps flow through the caption Derivative valuation adjustment in the Shareholders' equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheets. **On June 29, 2023, the Company amended each Swap agreement, in accordance with the practical expedients included in ASC 848, Reference Rate Reform, to replace the LIBOR Benchmark with a Term SOFR Benchmark (See Note 13. Financial Instruments for additional information).** As of September 30, 2023, these interest rate swaps were determined to be highly effective hedges of interest rate cash flow risk. Amounts accumulated in Other comprehensive income are reclassified as interest expense/(income), net when the related interest payments (that is, the hedged forecasted transactions), affect earnings. Interest expense/(income) related to payments under the active swap agreements totaled **\$(10.9) \$(4.0)** million for the **nine three** months ended **September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024**, and **\$2.8 million \$(3.2) million** for the **nine three** months ended **September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023**.

We operate our business in many regions of the world, and currency rate movements can have a significant effect on operating results. Foreign currency instruments are entered into periodically and consist of foreign currency option contracts and forward contracts that are valued using quoted prices in active markets obtained from independent pricing sources. These instruments are measured using market foreign exchange prices and are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as Other current assets and Accounts payable, as applicable. Changes in fair value of these instruments are recorded as gains or losses within Other (income)/expense, net.

When exercised, the foreign currency instruments are net-settled with the same financial institution that bought or sold them. For all positions, whether options or forward contracts, there is a risk from the possible inability of the financial institution to meet the terms of the contracts and the risk of unfavorable changes in interest and currency rates, which may reduce the value of the instruments. We seek to mitigate risk by evaluating the creditworthiness of counterparties and by monitoring the currency exchange and interest rate markets while reviewing the hedging risks and contracts to ensure compliance with our internal guidelines and policies.

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(Gains)/losses related to changes in fair value of derivative instruments that were recognized in Other (income)/expense, net in the Consolidated Statements of Income were as follows:

Three months ended September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,
----------------------------------	---------------------------------

[illegible]

15. 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Albany International Corp. is a defendant in suits brought in various courts in the United States by plaintiffs who allege that they have suffered personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos-containing paper machine clothing synthetic dryer fabrics marketed during the period from 1967 to 1976 and used in certain paper mills. We were defending 3,604 3,613 claims as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

(in thousands, except number of claims)	Opening Number of Claims	Claims Dismissed, Settled, or Resolved	New Claims	Closing Number of Claims	Amounts Paid to Settle or Resolve
As of December 31, 2022	3,609	43	32	3,598	\$ 125
As of September 30, 2023	3,598	11	17	3,604	\$ 74

We anticipate that additional claims will be filed against the Company and related companies in the future but are unable to predict the number and timing of such future claims. Due to the fact that information sufficient to meaningfully estimate a range of possible loss of a particular claim is typically not available until late in the discovery process, we do not believe a meaningful estimate can be made regarding the range of possible loss with respect to pending or future claims and therefore are unable to estimate a range of reasonably possible loss in excess of amounts already accrued for pending or future claims.

The Company's subsidiary, Brandon Drying Fabrics, Inc. ("Brandon"), is also a separate defendant in many of the asbestos cases in which Albany is named as a defendant, despite never having manufactured any fabrics containing asbestos. While Brandon was defending against 7,690,767 claims as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, only twelve claims have been filed against Brandon since January 1, 2012, and only \$15,000 in settlement costs have been incurred since 2001. Brandon was acquired by the Company in 1999 and has its own insurance policies covering periods prior to 1999. Since 2004, Brandon's insurance carriers have covered 100% of indemnification and defense costs, subject to policy limits and a standard reservation of rights.

In some of these asbestos cases, the Company is named both as a direct defendant and as the “successor in interest” to Mount Vernon Mills (“Mount Vernon”). We acquired certain assets from Mount Vernon in 1993. Certain plaintiffs allege injury caused by asbestos-containing products alleged to have been sold by Mount Vernon many years prior to this acquisition. Mount Vernon is contractually obligated to indemnify the Company against any liability arising out of such products. We deny any liability for products sold by Mount

We currently do not anticipate, based on currently available information, that the ultimate resolution of the aforementioned proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the financial position, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company. Although we cannot predict the number and timing of future claims, based on the foregoing factors, the trends in claims filed against us, and available insurance, we also do not currently anticipate that potential future claims will have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

17. Changes in Shareholders' Equity

		Class A Common Stock				Accumulated items of		Class A Treasury Stock		Total																	
		Class A Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	other comprehensive income			Noncontrolling Interest		Shareholders' Equity																
		Class A Common Stock																									
		Class A Common Stock																									
		Class A Common Stock																									
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Shares	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	other comprehensive income	Shares	Total	Amount	(in thousands)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	other comprehensive income	Class A Treasury Stock									
December 31, 2022		40,785	\$ 41				\$ (144,927)	Noncontrolling Interest				9,675	\$ 867,543														
December 31, 2023																											
Net income	Net income	—	—	—	26,889	—	—	—	197	27,086																	
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	58	—	378	—	—	—	—	—	378																	
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.25 per share		—	—	—	(7,792)	—	—	—	—	(7,792)																	
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.26 per share																											
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.26 per share																											
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.26 per share																											
Cumulative translation adjustments																											
Cumulative translation adjustments																											
Cumulative translation adjustments		—	—	—	—	13,881	—	—	238	14,119																	
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	(916)	—	—	—	(916)																	
Derivative valuation adjustment	Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	(2,902)	—	—	—	(2,902)																	
March 31, 2023		40,842	\$ 41	\$ 441,917	\$ 950,415	\$ (134,864)	9,675	\$ (364,923)	\$ 4,929	\$ 897,515																	
Net income		—	—	—	26,672	—	—	—	154	26,826																	
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares		—	—	811	—	—	—	—	—	811																	
Shares issued to Directors'		—	—	828	—	—	(12)	258	—	1,086																	
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.25 per share		—	—	—	(7,795)	—	—	—	—	(7,795)																	
Cumulative translation adjustments		—	—	—	—	(2,568)	—	—	179	(2,389)																	

Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	(724)	—	—	—	(724)
Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	389	—	—	—	389
June 30, 2023	40,842	\$ 41	\$ 443,556	\$ 969,292	\$ (137,767)	\$ 9,663	\$ (364,665)	\$ 5,262	\$ 915,719
Net income	—	—	—	27,109	—	—	—	45	27,154
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	15	—	2,914	—	—	(1)	—	—	2,914
March 31, 2024									
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.25 per share	—	—	—	(7,799)	—	—	—	—	(7,799)
Initial equity related to Noncontrolling interest in Arcari	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,632	1,632
Cumulative translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(15,639)	—	—	(145)	(15,784)
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	34	—	—	—	34
Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	(2,237)	—	—	—	(2,237)
September 30, 2023	40,857	\$ 41	\$ 446,470	\$ 988,602	\$ (155,609)	\$ 9,662	\$ (364,665)	\$ 6,794	\$ 921,633

The following table summarizes changes in Shareholders' Equity for the period **December 31, 2021** **December 31, 2022** to **September 30, 2022** **March 31, 2023**:

(in thousands)	Class A Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated items of other comprehensive income	Class A Treasury Stock		Noncontrolling Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				Shares	Amount		
December 31, 2021	40,760	\$ 41	\$ 436,996	\$ 863,057	\$ (145,984)	8,665	\$ (280,143)	\$ 3,638	\$ 877,605
Net income	—	—	—	27,737	—	—	—	338	28,075
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	21	—	745	—	—	—	—	—	745
Options exercised	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	7
Purchase of Treasury shares (a)	—	—	—	—	—	515	(43,937)	—	(43,937)
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.21 per share	—	—	—	(6,661)	—	—	—	—	(6,661)
Cumulative translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(1,730)	—	—	56	(1,674)
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	74	—	—	—	74
Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	10,018	—	—	—	10,018
March 31, 2022	40,781	\$ 41	\$ 437,748	\$ 884,133	\$ (137,622)	9,180	\$ (324,080)	\$ 4,032	\$ 864,252
Net income	—	—	—	39,201	—	—	—	168	39,369
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	4	—	902	—	—	—	—	—	902
Shares issued to Directors'	—	—	800	—	—	(13)	285	—	1,085
Purchase of Treasury shares (a)	—	—	—	—	—	508	(41,128)	—	(41,128)
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.21 per share	—	—	—	(6,529)	—	—	—	—	(6,529)
Cumulative translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(39,661)	—	—	(91)	(39,752)
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	234	—	—	—	234
Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	3,349	—	—	—	3,349
June 30, 2022	40,785	\$ 41	\$ 439,450	\$ 916,805	\$ (173,700)	9,675	\$ (364,923)	\$ 4,109	\$ 821,782
Net income	—	—	—	10,694	—	—	—	129	10,823
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	—	—	835	—	—	—	—	—	835
Options exercised	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	10
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.21 per share	—	—	—	(6,533)	—	—	—	—	(6,533)
Cumulative translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	(38,450)	—	—	(56)	(38,506)

Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	(629)	—	—	—	(629)
Settlement of certain pension liabilities	—	—	—	—	26,198	—	—	—	26,198
Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	6,208	—	—	—	6,208
September 30, 2022	40,785 \$	41 \$	440,295 \$	920,966 \$	(180,373)	9,675 \$	(364,923) \$	4,182 \$	820,188

(a) In October 2021, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase shares of up to \$200 million through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, and to determine the prices, times and amounts. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company repurchased 1,022,717 shares totaling \$85.1 million. The Company did not repurchase shares during the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

(in thousands)	Class A Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated items of other comprehensive income	Class A Treasury Stock		Noncontrolling Interest	Total Shareholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount				Shares	Amount		
December 31, 2022	40,785	\$ 41	\$ 441,540	\$ 931,318	\$ (144,927)	9,675	\$ (364,923)	\$ 4,494	\$ 867,543
Net income	—	—	—	26,889	—	—	—	197	27,086
Compensation and benefits paid or payable in shares	58	—	378	—	—	—	—	—	378
Dividends declared on Class A Common Stock, \$0.25 per share	—	—	—	(7,792)	—	—	—	—	(7,792)
Cumulative translation adjustments	—	—	—	—	13,881	—	—	238	14,119
Pension and postretirement liability adjustments	—	—	—	—	(916)	—	—	—	(916)
Derivative valuation adjustment	—	—	—	—	(2,902)	—	—	—	(2,902)
March 31, 2023	40,842	\$ 41	\$ 441,917	\$ 950,415	\$ (134,864)	9,675	\$ (364,923)	\$ 4,929	\$ 897,515

17. 18. Business Combination

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Heimbach, a privately-held manufacturer of paper machine clothing with headquarters in Düren, Germany. Heimbach is a global supplier of paper machine clothing for the production of all grades of paper and cardboard on all machine types as well as high-tech textile products used in a variety of sectors, such as three months ended March 31, 2024, there were no material adjustments to the food processing, chemicals, construction materials and automotive industries. Heimbach is now a division under the MC segment. The Paper Machine Clothing ("PMC") industry has attractive dynamics and the acquisition of Heimbach provides increased scale and complementary technology that further drives the Machine Clothing segment's differentiated manufacturing, sales and service network. The acquisition was funded using cash on-hand. The following table summarizes the total consideration paid, excluding debt assumed, for the acquisition of Heimbach:

(in thousands)	August 31, 2023
Cash consideration	\$ 145,816
Indemnity release	(1,750)
Total consideration paid	\$ 144,066

The acquisition was accounted for under the acquisition method in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations.

The assets acquired and the liabilities assumed were recorded based on their preliminary fair values at the date of acquisition as follows:

(in thousands)	August 31, 2023
Assets acquired:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,347
Accounts receivables	52,704
Inventories	41,538
Property, plant and equipment	126,057
Other intangible assets	14,464
Other current assets	7,452
Other noncurrent assets	6,694
Total assets acquired	\$ 261,256
Liabilities assumed:	
Assumed debt	\$ 32,700
Accounts payable	8,243
Accrued liabilities	27,257
Other noncurrent liabilities	36,313
Income taxes payable	288
Deferred tax liabilities	10,757
Total liabilities assumed	\$ 115,558
Net assets acquired	\$ 145,698
Noncontrolling interest	\$ (1,632)
Total consideration	\$ 144,066

assumed.

For

19. Subsequent Events

On April 19, 2024, we announced a plan to discontinue manufacturing at our Chungju, South Korea operation, and to transfer production to other international manufacturing facilities owned by the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, Company. This action will enable the Company incurred acquisition related to align forming fabric capacity with the local market demand and the needs of customers. The company remains committed to the local papermaking industry and will continue to provide customers with strong expertise in Product Application, Sales and Marketing Service through the current Sales, Service & Application teams located in South Korea. The Company estimates the cash outflows associated with this restructuring to be approximately \$6 million, which will include employee-related costs, of \$1.6 million and \$2 million, respectively. These costs are included in Selling, general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated statements of income.

The preliminary fair values of the property, plant asset write-offs, and equipment of \$126.1 million were determined using the cost-approach and a market-approach because the selected approaches were appropriate for the valuation analysis and sufficient information was available for their use. The Company recorded \$1.1 million of depreciation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The preliminary fair values of the identifiable intangible assets totaling \$14.5 million, consisting of the Heimbach trade name and developed technology, was determined using the income approach, specifically, a relief from royalty method. The fair value of the trade name was \$6.0 million and is considered an indefinite-lived asset because of Heimbach's rich brand heritage and customer service to the paper machine clothing industry dating back to 1811. The fair value of the developed technology was \$8.5 million and includes intellectual property-related technologies as well as know-how developed by Heimbach; and is being amortized over its economic period of benefit, which is 9 years. This amortization period represents the estimated useful life of the asset. The Company recorded \$0.1 million of intangible amortization for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The preliminary fair values of the assets acquired includes \$3.2 million and \$0.1 million of operating and finance lease right-of-use assets, respectively. The preliminary fair values of the liabilities assumed includes \$3.2 million and \$0.1 million of operating and finance lease liabilities, respectively, of which, \$1.1 million and \$0.1 million of operating and finance lease liabilities, respectively, are current liabilities.

Debt assumed included \$32.7 million aggregate outstanding amount of bank debt with several European financial institutions with fixed interest rates ranging from 0.9% to 2.93% and maturity dates ranging from September 25, 2023 to June 30, 2031. Bank agreements allowed for the repayment of the debt upon demand by certain financial institutions in the event of a change in control. Some of the assumed bank debt may become due upon notification by those financial institutions before the maturity date of the bank agreements. At September 30, 2023, the foreign debt assumed was \$29.6 million, of which \$27.2 million was classified as Current maturities on long-term debt.

The preliminary fair value of the liabilities assumed include \$35.3 million of pension liabilities for various defined benefit plans.

Heimbach's results of operations have been included in the Company's financial statements for the period subsequent to the completion of the acquisition on August 31, 2023. Heimbach contributed \$15.6 million of revenue and a \$(0.5) million operating loss for the period ended September 30, 2023.

transfer costs.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand the results of operations and financial condition of the Company. MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying Notes.

Forward-looking statements

This quarterly report and the documents incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in this quarterly report contain statements concerning our future results and performance and other matters that are "forward-looking" statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "project," "forecast," "look for," "will," "should," "guidance," "guide" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. Because forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, (including, without limitation, those set forth in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K or prior Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q) actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

There are a number of risks, uncertainties, and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to:

- Conditions in the industries in which our Machine Clothing and Albany Engineered Composites segments compete, along with the general risks associated with macroeconomic conditions, including higher interest rates, inflationary pressures, or the effects of another COVID-19 outbreak, or other similar outbreaks, pandemic, for an extended period of time;
- Across the entire Company, increasing labor, raw material, energy, and logistics costs due to supply chain constraints and inflationary pressures commodities have adversely impacted profit margins. pressures. These challenges have only increased as a result of the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war and the escalating conflicts conflict in regions of the Middle East;
- Harm caused by changes in our relationships or contracts with suppliers and customers;
- In the Machine Clothing segment, greater than anticipated declines in the demand for publication grades of paper, or lower than anticipated growth in other paper grades;
- In the Albany Engineered Composites segment, longer-than-expected timeframe for the aerospace industry to utilize existing inventories, unanticipated reductions in demand, including reductions driven by supply chain shortages on other aircraft components, delays, technical difficulties, and cancellations in aerospace programs that are expected to generate revenue and drive long-term growth;
- Slower inability of our Machine Clothing or Albany Engineered Composite segments to create additional production capacity in a timely manner or the occurrence of other manufacturing or supply difficulties (including as a result of geopolitical crises, natural disaster, public health crises and epidemics/pandemics, regulatory or otherwise);
- Changes in geopolitical conditions impacting countries where the Company does or intends to do business;
- Failure to achieve or maintain anticipated profitable growth in growth;
- Failure to achieve our strategic initiatives and other goals, including, but not limited to, our sustainability goals;
- In the Albany Engineered Composites segment; segment, the estimates and expectations based on aircraft production rates provided by Airbus, Boeing and others;
- In the Albany Engineered Composites segment, risks and uncertainties associated with the successful implementation and ramp up of significant new programs, including the ability to manufacture the products to the detailed specifications required and recover start-up costs and other investments in the programs;
- Adverse impacts from inflation, an economic slowdown or recession and by disruption in capital and credit markets that might impede our access to credit, increase our borrowing costs and impair the financial soundness of our customers and suppliers;
- Risks and uncertainties associated with the successful integration of our Heimbach Group acquisition;
- Expectations regarding our ability to attract, motivate, and retain the workforce necessary to execute our business strategy;
- Adverse impacts from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates;
- Harm caused by large customer purchase reductions, payment defaults or contract non-renewal;
- In the Albany Engineered Composites segment, our contracts with government entities involve future funding and compliance risks;
- Costly and disruptive legal disputes and settlements;

- Future levels of indebtedness and capital expenditures;
- Adverse impacts from changes in tax legislation or challenges to our tax positions;
- Cybersecurity incidents or significant computer system compromises or data breaches;
- Significant problems with information systems or networks;
- Failure to adequately integrate Heimbach into our business systems and processes within the expected timeframe or, failure to or delayed realization of anticipated benefits of the acquisition could adversely impact the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations, as further described in Item 1A. Risk Factors; operations; and
- Other risks and uncertainties detailed in this report and other periodic reports.

Further information concerning important factors that could cause actual events or results to be materially different from the forward-looking statements can be found in "Business Environment Overview and Trends" sections of this quarterly report, as well as in Item 1A-"Risk Factors" section of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K. Although we believe the expectations reflected in our other forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, it is not possible to foresee or identify all factors that could have a material and negative impact on our future performance. The forward-looking statements included or incorporated by reference in this report are made on the basis of our assumptions and analyses, as of the time the statements are made, in light of our experience and perception of historical conditions, expected future developments, and other factors believed to be appropriate under the circumstances.

Except as otherwise required by the federal securities laws, we disclaim any obligations or undertaking to publicly release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statement contained or incorporated by reference in this report to reflect any change in our expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions, or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

Business Environment Overview and Trends

Our reportable segments, Machine Clothing ("MC")Pleaserefer to the Business Environment Overview and Albany Engineered Composites ("AEC"), draw Trends in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Annual Report on Form 10-K, along with the Company's other filings, can be found on the same advanced textiles Securities and materials processing capabilities, and compete on the basis of product-based advantage that is grounded in those core capabilities.

The MC segment is the Company's long-established core business and primary generator of cash. While it has been negatively impacted by declines in publication grades in the Company's traditional markets, there has been some offsetting effect due to growth in demand for packaging and tissue grades, Exchange Commission's website, www.sec.gov, as well as on the expansion of paper consumption and production in Asia and South America. We feel we are well-positioned in key markets, with high-quality, low-cost production in growth markets, substantially lower fixed costs in mature markets, and continued strength in new product development, technical product support, and manufacturing technology. Some of the markets in which our products are sold are expected to have low levels of growth and we face pricing pressures in all markets. Despite these market pressures on revenue, the MC business retains the potential for maintaining stable earnings in the future. MC has been a significant generator of cash, and we seek to maintain the cash-generating potential of this business by maintaining the low costs that we have achieved through continuous focus on cost-reduction initiatives, and competing vigorously by using our differentiated and technically superior products to reduce our customers' total cost of operation and improve their paper quality. On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired Heimbach, a privately-held manufacturer of paper machine clothing with headquarters in Düren, Germany. See Note 17, Business Combination for additional information. Company's website: www.albint.com.

The AEC segment provides significant longer term growth potential for the Company. Our strategy is to grow by focusing our proprietary 3D-woven technology, as well as our non-3D technology capabilities, on high-value aerospace (both commercial and defense) applications, while at the same time performing successfully on our portfolio of growth programs. AEC (including Albany Safran Composites, LLC ("ASC"), in which our customer SAFRAN Group owns a 10 percent noncontrolling interest) supplies a number of customers in the aerospace industry. AEC's largest aerospace customer is the SAFRAN Group ("SAFRAN") and sales to SAFRAN, through ASC, (consisting primarily of fan blades and cases for CFM's LEAP engine) accounted for approximately 16 percent of the Company's consolidated Net revenues in 2022. AEC, through ASC, also supplies 3D-woven composite fan cases for the GE9X engine. AEC's current portfolio of non-3D programs includes components for the CH-53K helicopter, components for the F-35 joint strike fighter, missile bodies for Lockheed Martin's JASSM air-to-surface missiles, fuselage components for the Boeing 787, and vacuum waste tanks for Boeing 7-Series aircraft. AEC is actively engaged in research to develop new applications in both commercial, space, and defense aircraft engine and airframe markets. For the year ended December 31, 2022, approximately 46 percent of AEC revenues were related to U.S. government contracts or programs.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Net revenues

The following table summarizes our Net revenues by business segment:

Three months ended September 30,	Nine months ended September 30,
Three months ended March 31,	
Three months ended March 31,	

Three months ended March 31,												
(in thousands, except percentages)												
(in thousands, except percentages)												
(in thousands, except percentages)	(in thousands, except percentages)		2023		2022	% Change		2023		2022	% Change	
Machine Clothing	Machine Clothing	\$	166,588	\$	153,389	8.6	%	\$ 479,027	\$	459,121	4.3	%
Machine Clothing												
Machine Clothing												
Albany Engineered Composites												
Albany Engineered Composites												
Albany Engineered Composites	Albany Engineered Composites		114,518		107,174	6.9	%	345,298		306,980	12.5	%
Total	Total	\$	281,106	\$	260,563	7.9	%	\$ 824,325	\$	766,101	7.6	%
Total												
Total												

The following tables provide a comparison of 2023 2024 Net revenues, excluding currency translation effects, to 2022 2023 Net revenues:

(in thousands, except percentages)	(in thousands, except percentages)	Net revenues as reported, Q3 2023	Increase due to changes in currency translation rates	Q3 2023 revenues on same basis as Q3 2022	Net revenues as reported, Q3 2022	% Change compared to Q3 2022, excluding rate effects										
							(in thousands, except percentages)	Net revenues as reported, Q1 2024	(Decrease)/ increase due to changes in currency translation rates	Q1 2024 revenues on same basis as Q1 2023 currency translation rates		Net revenues as reported, Q1 2023	% Change compared to Q1 2023, excluding currency rate effects			
Machine Clothing	Machine Clothing	\$ 166,588	\$ 662	\$ 165,926	\$ 153,389	8.2	%	Machine Clothing	\$ 185,217	\$ (598)	\$ 482,711	\$ 459,121	5.1	%		
Albany Engineered Composites	Albany Engineered Composites	\$ 114,518	\$ 1,275	\$ 113,243	\$ 107,174	5.7	%	Albany Engineered Composites	\$ 128,113	\$ 221	\$ 344,447	\$ 306,980	12.2	%		
Total	Total	\$ 281,106	\$ 1,937	\$ 279,169	\$ 260,563	7.1	%	Total	\$ 313,330	\$ (377)	\$ 827,158	\$ 766,101	8.0	%		
							(Decrease)/ increase due	YTD 2023 revenues on			% Change compared to 2022,					
							Net revenues as reported,	to changes in currency		same basis as 2022		Net revenues as reported,		excluding currency rate		
(in thousands, except percentages)							YTD 2023	translation rates		currency translation rates		YTD 2022		effects		
Machine Clothing							\$ 479,027	\$ (3,684)		\$ 482,711		\$ 459,121		5.1 %		
Albany Engineered Composites							\$ 345,298	\$ 851		\$ 344,447		\$ 306,980		12.2 %		
Total							\$ 824,325	\$ (2,833)		\$ 827,158		\$ 766,101		8.0 %		

Three month comparison

Net revenues increased 7.9% 16.4% compared to the same period in 2022. 2023, driven by \$37.9 million of Net revenues from the Heimbach acquisition and higher Net revenues in AEC, partially offset by lower organic Net revenues at MC.

MC's Net revenues increased 20.9% compared to the first quarter of 2023, driven by Heimbach Net revenues of \$37.9 million. This was partially offset by \$5.3 million of lower Net revenues in the rest of the segment, driven primarily by weakness in publication globally, and in all grades in Europe. This decrease was partially offset with increases in revenues in North America. Changes in currency translation rates had the effect of decreasing Net revenues \$0.6 million.

AEC's Net revenues increased 10.6%, primarily driven by growth on commercial and space programs, partially offset by lower revenues on defense programs. Changes in currency translation rates had the effect of increasing Net revenues \$1.9 million \$0.2 million. MC's Net revenues increased 8.6% compared to the third quarter of 2022, driven by Heimbach Net revenues of \$15.6 million and, to a lesser extent, higher Net revenues in tissue and packaging grades, more than offset by lower Net revenues in pulp and engineered fabrics. AEC's Net revenues increased 6.9%, primarily driven by growth on LEAP programs, the Boeing Frames program and other commercial programs, offset by lower CH-53K sales.

Nine month comparison

Changes in currency translation rates had the effect of decreasing Net revenues by \$2.8 million, driven by a weaker Renminbi as compared to 2022. Excluding the effect of changes in currency translation rates:

- Net revenues increased 8.0% compared to the same period in 2022.

- Net revenues in MC increased 5.1% compared to the first nine months of 2022, primarily due to the contribution of Heimbach Net revenues of \$15.6 million and growth in revenues for packaging and tissue grades, partially offset by decreases in Engineered Fabrics.
- Net revenues in AEC increased 12.2%, primarily due to growth on LEAP programs.

Gross Profit

The following table summarizes Gross profit by business segment:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Machine Clothing	\$ 79,257	\$ 79,232	\$ 238,031	\$ 237,434
Albany Engineered Composites	22,578	21,261	65,826	55,256
Total	\$ 101,835	\$ 100,493	\$ 303,857	\$ 292,690
% of Net revenues	36.2 %	38.6 %	36.9 %	38.2 %

Three month comparison

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Machine Clothing	\$ 84,655	\$ 77,855
Albany Engineered Composites	24,031	21,463
Total	\$ 108,686	\$ 99,318
% of Net revenues	34.7 %	36.9 %

The increase in 2023 2024 Gross profit, as compared to the same period last year, was driven by higher sales in both segments. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues: revenues was as follows:

- MC's gross profit margin decreased from 51.7% in 2022 to 47.6% 50.8% in 2023 driven by to 45.7% in 2024. This margin decrease was primarily attributable to lower margins gross margin at Heimbach. Excluding Heimbach, MC's gross profit margin increased to 52.1% in addition to higher input costs due to the inflationary environment and lower overhead absorption; 2024.
- AEC's gross profit margin remained largely in line with the prior year, decreasing slightly increasing from 19.8% in 2022 to 19.7% 18.5% in 2023 to 18.8% in 2024, driven by an unfavorable a favorable shift in program revenue mix. Favorable changes Changes in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts increased decreased operating income by \$0.9 million in 2023; however, in 2022, favorable changes were more significant, increasing operating income by \$2.6 million.

Nine month comparison

The increase in Gross profit during the first nine months of 2023, 2024, as compared to a decrease of \$0.7 million during the same period last year.

Selling, General, and Administrative ("SG&A")

The following table summarizes SG&A expenses by business segment:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Machine Clothing	\$ 29,004	\$ 23,073
Albany Engineered Composites	7,510	7,566
Corporate expenses	18,321	17,840
Total	\$ 54,835	\$ 48,479
% of Net revenues	17.5 %	18.0 %

Consolidated SG&A expenses increased 13.1% as compared to 2023, however, as a percentage of Net revenues it decreased from 18.0% in 2022, was driven by the following; 2023 to 17.5% in 2024.

- MC SG&A expenses increased \$5.9 million as compared to 2023, of which \$9.2 million of the increase related to Heimbach. Excluding Heimbach, MC's gross profit margin SG&A decreased from 51.7% \$3.3 million, driven primarily by changes in 2022 to 49.7% in 2023, driven currency translation rates, which reduced expenses by \$2.8 million, as well as lower margins at Heimbach, in addition to increased input costs, mainly due to the inflationary environment, consulting fees and lower overhead absorption; incentive compensation costs.
- AEC's Gross profit In AEC, SG&A expenses remained largely in line with the prior year.
- Corporate SG&A expenses increased \$10.6 million \$0.5 million, principally due to acquisition and integration related expenses.

Technical and Research

The following table summarizes technical and research expenses by business segment:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Machine Clothing	\$ 7,520	\$ 5,798
Albany Engineered Composites	5,145	4,479
Total	\$ 12,665	\$ 10,277
% of Net revenues	4.0 %	3.8 %

Consolidated Technical and research expenses increased 23.2% as compared to 2023, and as a percentage of Net revenues increased from 18.0% 3.8% in the prior year 2023 to 19.1% 4.0% in 2023. The increase in gross profit was driven by growth in revenues during 2023, primarily on LEAP programs 2024.

- MC Technical and other commercial programs, with improved overhead absorption and reductions in raw material reserves research expenses increased \$1.7 million as compared to 2022. In addition, gross profit margin increased as a result 2023, of improved overhead absorption and the absence of a \$2 million raw material reserve on damaged inventory, as compared to prior year.

Selling, Technical, General, and Research ("STG&R")

The following table summarizes STG&R expenses by business segment:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Machine Clothing	\$ 28,465	\$ 21,941	\$ 84,404	\$ 75,427
Albany Engineered Composites	13,204	11,302	38,366	34,568
Corporate expenses	20,014	13,564	54,747	39,314
Total	\$ 61,683	\$ 46,807	\$ 177,517	\$ 149,309
% of Net revenues	21.9 %	18.0 %	21.5 %	19.5 %

Three month comparison

Consolidated STG&R expenses increased 31.8% as compared to 2022, and as a percentage of revenues increased from 18.0% in 2022 to 21.9% in 2023.

- In MC, changes in currency translation rates had the effect of increasing STG&R by \$2.3 million over the prior year. The addition of Heimbach, combined with increases in customer credit loss reserves, contributed to higher STG&R expenses as compared to 2022.
- In AEC, Selling and general expenses increased \$1.9 million, primarily driven by increased incentive compensation and personnel-related costs.
- Corporate STG&R expenses increased \$6.4 million, principally due to acquisition-related expenses, the vesting of retirement compensation costs for the former CEO, and higher personnel-related costs.

Nine month comparison

The overall increase in STG&R expenses in the first nine months of 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, which \$1.6 million was due to the net effect of the following:

- In MC, changes in currency translation rates had the effect of increasing STG&R by \$5.6 million over the prior year. The addition of Heimbach, combined with increases in travel and related expenses, contributed to higher STG&R expenses as compared to 2022. Heimbach.
- In AEC Selling Technical and general research expenses increased \$2.2 million \$0.7 million as compared to 2023, due to higher incentive compensation and personnel-related costs, and \$0.5 million related to investments in business development, including increases in marketing research material and trade show activities.
- Corporate STG&R expenses increased \$15.4 million principally due to higher professional fees, acquisition-related expenses, vesting of retirement compensation costs for the former CEO, and higher personnel-related labor costs.

Restructuring Expense, net

In addition to the items discussed above affecting Gross profit, SG&A and STG&R Technical and research expenses, Operating income was affected by restructuring expense, net, of \$0.1 million \$2.2 million in the third quarter, and \$0.2 million three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to an insignificant amount in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and was same period of 2023.

The following table summarizes restructuring expenses by business segment:

(in thousands)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Machine Clothing	\$ 21	\$ 20
Albany Engineered Composites	2,188	—
Consolidated total	\$ 2,209	\$ 20
% of Net revenues	0.7 %	0.0 %

Restructuring costs in the first quarter of 2024 were primarily related primarily to reductions in workforce at various AEC locations, while restructuring charges for the first quarter of 2023 were not significant. There were no charges related to the winding down impairment of restructuring actions taken in prior periods, assets for the periods presented.

Operating Income

The following table summarizes operating income/(loss) by business segment:

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Machine Clothing	Machine Clothing	\$ 50,710	\$ 57,247	\$ 153,400	\$ 161,752
Machine Clothing					
Machine Clothing					
Albany Engineered Composites					
Albany Engineered Composites					
Albany Engineered Composites	Albany Engineered Composites	9,374	9,958	27,460	20,688
Corporate expenses	Corporate expenses	(20,014)	(13,561)	(54,747)	(39,327)
Corporate expenses					
Corporate expenses					
Total	Total	\$ 40,070	\$ 53,644	\$ 126,113	\$ 143,113
Total					
Total					
% of Net revenues					
% of Net revenues					
% of Net revenues					

Changes in operating income were primarily attributable to the drivers noted above.

Other Earnings Items

		Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
		Three months ended March 31,		Three months ended March 31,	
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest expense, net	Interest expense, net	\$ 3,653	\$ 3,794	\$ 10,049	\$ 11,336
Pension settlement expense		—	49,128	—	49,128
Interest expense, net					
Interest expense, net					
Other (income)/expense, net					
Other (income)/expense, net					
Other (income)/expense, net	Other (income)/expense, net	56	(6,918)	(4,910)	(17,891)
Income tax expense	Income tax expense	9,207	(3,183)	39,908	22,273
Income tax expense					
Income tax expense					
Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest	45	129	396	635

Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest

Net income attributable to the noncontrolling interest

Interest expense/(income) Expense/(Income), net

Interest expense/(income), net, decreased over was largely in line with the prior year as a result of higher interest earned on Cash and cash equivalents, in addition to decreased interest expense on finance leases. year. See the Working Capital, Liquidity and Capital Structure section for further discussion of borrowings and interest rates.

Pension settlement expense

In the third quarter of 2022, the Company took actions to settle certain pension plan liabilities in the U.S., leading to charges totaling \$49.1 million. No similar charges were incurred in the current year.

Other (income) (Income)/expense, Expense, net

Other (income)/expense, net, included foreign currency related transactions which resulted in expense income of \$0.5 million \$1.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, as compared to gains losses of \$6.6 million in the same period last year, and resulted in gains of \$3.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to gains of \$17.7 million \$0.1 million in the same period last year. During 2023, the Mexican Peso weakened during the third quarter, but was overall stronger during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, driving the foreign currency gain Other (income)/expense, net, also included gains on changes in the period. During 2022, the Euro remained weaker for the three fair value of derivative instruments, gains on sales of fixed assets, and nine months ended September 30, 2022, resulting in a more significant foreign currency gain during those periods. rental income.

Effective Income Tax expense/(benefit) Rate

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Effective income tax rate	29.2 %	28.2 %

The Company has operations that constitute a taxable presence in 22 countries outside of the United States. The majority of these countries had income tax rates that were above the United States federal tax rate of 21 percent during the periods reported. The jurisdictional location of earnings is a significant component of our effective tax rate each year. The rate impact of this component is influenced by the specific location of non-U.S. earnings and the level of our total earnings. From period to period, the jurisdictional mix of earnings can vary as a result of operating fluctuations in the normal course of business, as well as the extent and location of other income and expense items, such as pension settlement and restructuring charges.

The tax rate is affected by recurring items, such as the income tax rate in the U.S. and non-U.S. jurisdictions and the mix of pre-tax income earned in those jurisdictions. The tax rate is also affected by U.S. tax costs on foreign pre-tax earnings, and by discrete items that may occur in any given year but are not consistent from year to year. The Company's effective

tax rate for the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 25.3% 29.2%, higher compared to (41.6%) 28.2% for the same period in 2022, 2023, mainly due to favorable discrete tax adjustments an unfavorable change in the prior period. For the first nine months jurisdictional mix of 2023, the Company's effective tax rate was 33.0%, higher compared to 22.2% earnings forecasted for the same period in 2022, mainly due to favorable discrete tax adjustments in the prior year. 2024. For more information, see Note 6 Note 5, Income Taxes, in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development has issued Pillar Two model rules introducing a new global minimum tax of 15 percent intended to be effective on January 1, 2024. While the U.S. has not yet adopted the Pillar Two rules, various other governments around the world are enacting legislation. As currently designed, Pillar Two will ultimately apply to our worldwide operations. Although we do not expect these rules to materially increase our global tax costs in 2024, there remains uncertainty as to the final Pillar Two model rules. We will continue to monitor U.S. and global legislative action related to Pillar Two for potential impacts.

On January 17, 2024, the House Ways and Means Committee announced a draft legislation called "The Tax Relief for American Families and Workers Act of 2024". This act would restore 100% bonus depreciation for property placed in service after December 31, 2022 and before January 1, 2026; and retroactively restore the ability to deduct domestic research and experimentation costs that were required to be capitalized beginning in 2022 under Section 174. On January 31, 2024, the United States House of Representatives voted to approve this bill, which is now with the United States Senate. We will continue to monitor the status of this legislation and assess the potential impact, if passed.

Segment Results of Operations

Machine Clothing Segment

Machine Clothing is our largest business The MC segment and accounted for 58% 59% of our consolidated revenues during the first nine three months of 2023. 2024. A summary of selected financial results for MC products are purchased primarily by manufacturers of paper and paperboard. We believe we are well-positioned in these markets, with high-quality, low-cost production in growth markets, substantially lower fixed costs in mature markets, and continued strength in new product development, technical product support, and manufacturing technology. Technological advances in paper machine clothing, while contributing to the papermaking efficiency of customers, have lengthened the useful life of many of our products and had an adverse impact on overall paper machine clothing demand.

The Company's manufacturing and product platforms position us well to meet these shifting demands across product grades and geographic regions. Our strategy for meeting these challenges continues to be to grow share in all markets, with new products and technology and selective business acquisitions, and to maintain and grow our manufacturing footprint to align with global demand, while we offset the effects of inflation through continuous productivity improvement. On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired Heimbach, a privately-held manufacturer of paper machine clothing with headquarters in Düren, Germany, which is expected to enhance the Company's scale and geographic footprint, provide complementary technology, and create a differentiated manufacturing, sales and service network. as follows:

Review of Operations

Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
Three months ended March 31,							
Three months ended March 31,							
Three months ended March 31,							
(in thousands, except percentages)							
(in thousands, except percentages)							
(in thousands, except percentages)	(in thousands, except percentages)	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Net revenues	Net revenues	\$ 166,588	\$ 153,389	\$ 479,027	\$ 459,121		
Net revenues							
Net revenues							
Gross profit							
Gross profit							
Gross profit	Gross profit	79,257	79,232	238,031	237,434		
% of Net revenues	% of Net revenues	47.6 %	51.7 %	49.7 %	51.7 %		
STG&R expenses		28,465	21,941	84,404	75,427		
% of Net revenues							
% of Net revenues							
SG&A expenses							
SG&A expenses							
SG&A expenses							
Technical and research expenses							
Technical and research expenses							
Technical and research expenses							
Operating income	Operating income	50,710	57,247	153,400	161,752		
Operating income							
Operating income							

Net Revenues

Three month comparison

Net revenues increased by 8.6% 20.9%, driven by Heimbach Net revenues of \$37.9 million. This was partially offset by \$5.3 million of lower Net revenues in the rest of the segment, driven primarily by weakness in publication globally, and in all grades in Europe. This decrease was partially offset with increases in North America. Changes in currency translation rates driven by a stronger Euro, offset in part by a weaker Renminbi, had the effect of increasing third quarter 2023 revenues by \$0.7 million. Excluding the effect of changes in translation rates, Net revenues in MC increased 8.2% compared to the third quarter of 2022, driven by higher Net revenues in tissue and packaging grades and the contribution of \$15.6 million of revenues from the Heimbach acquisition.

Nine month comparison

Net revenues increased by 4.3%. Changes in currency translation rates, driven by a weaker Renminbi, had the effect of decreasing 2023 Net revenues \$0.6 million.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by \$3.7 million \$6.8 million as compared to the same period prior year, driven by the higher sales noted above; however, gross profit margin decreased from 50.8% in 2022 2023 to 45.7% in 2024. This margin decrease was primarily driven by lower gross margins at Heimbach. Excluding the effect Heimbach, MC's gross profit margins increased to 52.1% in 2024 as a result of changes in currency translation rates, Net higher revenues in MC increased 5.1% compared to 2022, primarily due to growth in revenues for tissue and packaging grades and the contribution of \$15.6 million of revenues from the Heimbach acquisition.

Gross Profit

MC delivered steady Gross profit in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, in line with prior year performance, though it experienced some reduction in gross margin on account of higher input costs and lower overhead absorption.

North America.

Operating Income

Operating income decreased year-over-year, due to higher STG&R expenses. SG&A and Technical and research expenses from the Heimbach acquisition in addition to Heimbach's lower gross profit margins. The addition of Heimbach increased SG&A expenses by \$9.2 million and increased Technical and research expenses by \$1.6 million. Excluding Heimbach, SG&A decreased \$3.3 million, driven primarily by changes in currency translation rates, which reduced expenses \$2.8 million, as well as lower consulting fees and incentive compensation costs.

Albany Engineered Composites ("AEC") Segment

The AEC segment accounted for 41% of our consolidated revenues during the first three months of 2024. A summary of selected financial results for AEC is as follows:

Review of Operations

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Net revenues	\$ 128,113	\$ 115,874
Gross profit	24,031	21,463
% of Net revenues	18.8 %	18.5 %
SG&A expenses	7,510	7,566
Technical and research expenses	5,145	4,479
Operating income	9,188	9,418

Net Revenues

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, Net revenues increased 10.6% as compared to the prior year, driven by growth on commercial and space programs of approximately \$17.0 million, partially offset by lower revenues on defense programs. Changes in currency translation rates had the effect of increasing STG&R by \$2.3 million and \$5.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to the prior year. The addition of Heimbach, combined with increases in customer credit loss reserves, contributed to higher STG&R expenses as compared to 2022.

The acquisition of Heimbach impacted MC's third quarter results by reducing Operating income \$0.5 million, which included an incremental Cost of goods sold charge related to the acquisition step-up of inventory balances, and also included Depreciation expense on Property, plant, and equipment, net of \$1.1 million, and amortization expense on Intangibles, net of \$0.1 million.

Albany Engineered Composites ("AEC") Segment

The AEC segment provides highly engineered, advanced composite structures to customers in the commercial and defense aerospace industries. The segment includes Albany Safran Composites, LLC ("ASC"), in which our customer, SAFRAN Group, owns a 10 percent noncontrolling interest. AEC, through ASC, is the exclusive supplier to the LEAP program of advanced composite fan blades and fan cases under a long-term supply contract. The LEAP engine is used on the Airbus A320neo, Boeing 737 MAX, and COMAC 919 aircraft. Other significant programs by AEC include the Sikorsky CH-53K, F-35, JASSM, and Boeing 787 programs. AEC also supplies vacuum waste tanks for the Boeing 7-Series programs, and specialty components for the Rolls Royce lift fan on the F-35, as well as the fan case for the GE9X engine.

Review of Operations

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net revenues	\$ 114,518	\$ 107,174	\$ 345,298	\$ 306,980
Gross profit	22,578	21,261	65,826	55,256
% of Net revenues	19.7 %	19.8 %	19.1 %	18.0 %
STG&R expenses	13,204	11,302	38,366	34,568
Operating income	9,374	9,958	27,460	20,688

Net Revenues

For the three months ended September 30, 2023, Net revenues increased 6.9% compared to the prior year, driven by growth on LEAP programs and other commercial programs. Excluding the effect of changes in currency translation rates, the increase in Net revenues was 5.7%.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, Net revenues in AEC increased 12.5%, primarily due to growth on LEAP programs. Excluding the effect of changes in currency translation rates, the increase in Net revenues was 12.2% \$0.2 million.

AEC has contracts with certain customers, including its contract for the LEAP program, where revenue is determined by a cost-plus-fee agreement. Revenue earned under these arrangements accounted for approximately 40 percent of segment revenue for the first nine three months of 2023 2024 and 2022, 2023.

In addition, AEC has long-term contracts in which the selling price is fixed. In accounting for those contracts, we estimate the profit margin expected at the completion of the contract and recognize a pro-rata share of that profit during the course of the contract using a cost-to-cost approach. Changes in estimated contract profitability will affect revenue and gross profit when the change occurs, which could have a significant favorable or unfavorable effect on revenue and gross profit in any reporting period. For contracts with anticipated losses, a provision for the entire amount of the estimated remaining loss is charged against income in the period in which the loss becomes known. Contract losses are determined considering all direct and indirect contract costs, exclusive of any selling, general or administrative cost allocations, which are treated as period expenses. Expected losses on projects include losses on contract options that are probable of exercise, excluding profitable options that often follow.

Gross Profit

For the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, Gross profit increased \$1.3 million \$2.6 million as compared to the same period last year, and as a percentage of revenues decreased gross profit margin remained largely in line with the prior year, increasing from 19.8% in 2022 to 19.7% 18.5% in 2023 to 18.8% in 2024. The increase in profit margin was driven primarily by an unfavorable a favorable shift in program revenue mix coupled with \$1.7 million of less favorable changes in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts as compared to the same period last year.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, Gross profit increased \$10.6 million and as a percentage of revenues increased from 18.0% in the prior year to 19.1% in 2023. The increase was driven by growth in revenues during 2023, primarily on LEAP programs and other commercial programs, with improved overhead absorption and reductions in raw

material reserves as compared to 2022, programs.

Operating Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, Operating income decreased \$0.6 million \$0.2 million, principally due to an a \$0.7 million increase in Selling, general, Technical and research expenses, as well as restructuring expenses of \$2.2 million, as described above.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, Operating income increased \$6.8 million, principally due to higher Net revenues and Gross profit, as described above, partially offset by higher STG&R expenses.

Changes in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts increased decreased operating income by \$0.9 million for in 2024, as compared to a decrease of \$0.7 million during the third quarter of 2023 and decreased operating income \$4.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Adjustments in the estimated profitability of long-term contracts increased operating income by \$2.6 million and \$2.0 million in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively same period last year.

Working Capital, Liquidity and Capital Structure

Cash Flow Summary

		Nine months ended September 30,				
				Three months ended March 31,		
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2023	2022	(in thousands)	2024	2023
Net income	Net income	\$ 81,066	\$ 78,267			
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	54,778	51,908			
Changes in working capital (a)	Changes in working capital (a)	(58,130)	(89,899)			
Changes in other noncurrent liabilities and deferred taxes	Changes in other noncurrent liabilities and deferred taxes	(4,866)	(21,542)			
Other operating items	Other operating items	964	48,573			
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	73,812	67,307			
Net cash used in investing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(182,596)	(52,832)			
Net cash used in financing activities	Net cash used in financing activities	(10,839)	(9,119)			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(647)	(30,910)			
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(120,270)	(25,554)			

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	291,776	302,036
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$171,506	\$276,482

(a) Includes Accounts receivable, Contract assets, Inventories, Accounts payable, and Accrued liabilities.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$73.8 million \$9.6 million in 2023, 2024, compared to \$67.3 million net cash used in activities of \$16.4 million in the same period last year. The increase was driven by improved levels of working capital at MC both segments and lower cash outflows related to other liabilities. In the previous year, the Company made contributions of approximately \$12.6 million to the U.S. Pension plan, in line with the Company's plan to reduce pension obligations over time. No similar payment was made tax payments during the current year. period.

We deploy our cash with a focus on investing in our business and new technologies to provide our customers with enhanced capabilities, increase shareholder value, and position ourselves to take advantage of new business opportunities as they arise. Based on such strategy, we have continued to invest in our business and technologies through capital expenditures, research and development, and when appropriate, selective business acquisitions. On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired Heimbach, a privately-held manufacturer of paper machine clothing with headquarters in Düren, Germany, for net cash of \$133.5 million, funded using cash on hand. Net cash used in investing activities also included primarily include capital expenditures totaling \$49.1 million \$26.9 million and \$52.8 million \$16.3 million for the first nine three months

of 2023 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, including investments in new aerospace programs and to improve productivity and produce a meaningful impact on energy and resource efficiency, in our MC segment.

Net cash used in financing activities during 2023 2024 was \$10.8 million \$28.1 million as compared to \$9.1 million net cash provided by financing activities of \$41.1 million in 2022, 2023. The increase change was in part, primarily due to the absence of share repurchases lower borrowings that were more than offset by a significant increase in principal payments on debt during the current year, which resulted in lower borrowings from the revolving credit facility. period.

Liquidity and Capital Structure

We finance our business activities principally with cash generated from operations and borrowings, largely through our revolving credit agreement as discussed below. Our subsidiaries outside of the United States may also maintain working capital lines with local banks.

Under our \$800 million unsecured committed Amended Credit Agreement, \$461.0 million \$429.0 million of borrowings were outstanding as of September 30, 2023, in March 31, 2024. In addition, we have borrowings outstanding at the our newly acquired Heimbach subsidiary of \$29.6 million \$10.1 million, of which \$27.2 million \$4.4 million was considered current.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$171.5 million \$125.4 million and available borrowings under our Amended Credit Agreement of \$339.0 million \$371.0 million, for a total liquidity of approximately \$510.5 million \$496.4 million. We believe cash flows from operations and the availability of funds under our Amended Credit Agreement will be adequate to fund our operations and business needs over the next twelve months. For more information on credit agreements, see Note 13, 14. Financial Instruments in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, \$150.9 million \$109.0 million of our total cash and cash equivalents were held by non-U.S. subsidiaries. The accumulated undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign operations not targeted for repatriation to the U.S. were in excess of \$42 million \$155.0 million, as of September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and are intended to remain indefinitely invested in foreign operations. Our cash planning strategy includes repatriating current earnings in excess of working capital requirements from certain countries in which our subsidiaries operate. While we have been successful in such endeavors endeavor to date, there can be no assurance that we will be able to cost effectively repatriate funds in the future. Repatriating such cash from certain jurisdictions, which is currently considered to be indefinitely reinvested in foreign operations, may also result in additional withholding taxes.

Bank debt at the Company's Heimbach subsidiary, assumed in the acquisition, is held by several European financial institutions. Certain bank agreements allow for the repayment of the debt upon demand by any of the financial institutions in the event of a change in control. Some or all of the assumed bank debt could become due upon notification by any of the financial institutions before the maturity date of the bank agreements. As a result, of the \$29.6 million borrowings outstanding as of September 30, 2023, we have classified \$27.2 million as current maturity (see Note 17, Business Combination and Note 13, Financial Instruments, for additional information). In the event this debt becomes callable, we have sufficient liquidity to settle this debt.

We have also returned cash to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases. During the first nine three months of 2023, 2024, we paid \$23.4 million \$8.1 million in dividends and had no share repurchases.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company is party to certain off-balance sheet arrangements, including certain guarantees. The Company provides financial assurance, such as payment guarantee and letters of credit and surety bonds, primarily to support workers' compensation programs and customs clearance, of less than \$7 million \$12 million. There were no material changes in the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements during 2023, 2024.

Non-GAAP Measures

This Form 10-Q contains certain non-GAAP measures that should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the related GAAP measures. Such non-GAAP measures include Net revenues and percent change in Net revenues, excluding the impact of currency translation effects; EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA margin; Net debt; Net leverage ratio; and Adjusted earnings per share (or Adjusted EPS). Management believes that these non-GAAP measures provide additional useful information to investors regarding the Company's operational performance.

Presenting Net revenues and change in Net revenues, after currency effects are excluded, provides management and investors insight into underlying revenues trends. Net revenues, or percent changes in Net revenues, excluding currency rate effects, are calculated by converting amounts reported in local currencies into U.S. dollars at the

exchange rate of a prior period. These amounts are then compared to the U.S. dollar amount as reported in the current period.

EBITDA (calculated as net income excluding interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization), Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EPS are performance measures that relate to the Company's continuing operations. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA excluding costs or benefits that are not reflective of the Company's ongoing or expected future operational performance. Such excluded costs or benefits do not consist of normal, recurring cash items necessary to generate revenues or operate our business. Adjusted EBITDA margin represents Adjusted EBITDA expressed as a percentage of Net revenues.

The Company defines Adjusted EPS as basic earnings per share (GAAP), adjusted by the after tax per share amount of costs or benefits not reflective of the Company's ongoing or expected future operational performance. The income tax effects are calculated using the applicable statutory income tax rate of the jurisdictions where such costs or benefits were incurred or the effective tax rate applicable to total company results.

The Company's Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA margin, and Adjusted EPS may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

Net debt aids investors in understanding the Company's debt position if all available cash were applied to pay down indebtedness.

Net leverage ratio informs the investors of the Company's financial leverage at the end of the reporting period, providing an indicator of the Company's ability to repay its debt.

We encourage investors to review our financial statements and publicly-filed reports in their entirety and not to rely on any single financial measure.

The following tables show the calculation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA:

Three months ended September 30, 2023				
(in thousands)	Machine Clothing	Albany Engineered Composites	Corporate expenses and other	Total Company
Net income/(loss) (GAAP)	\$ 50,710	\$ 9,374	\$ (32,930)	\$ 27,154
Interest expense/(income), net	—	—	3,653	3,653
Income tax expense	—	—	9,207	9,207
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,976	12,510	975	19,461
EBITDA (non-GAAP)	56,686	21,884	(19,095)	59,475
Restructuring expenses, net	82	—	—	82
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(656)	19	516	(121)
CEO transition expenses	—	—	2,052	2,052
Inventory step-up impacting Cost of goods sold	1,370	—	—	1,370
Acquisition/integration costs	—	273	1,642	1,915
Pre-tax (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	(73)	—	(73)
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 57,482	\$ 22,103	\$ (14,885)	\$ 64,700

Three months ended September 30, 2022				
(in thousands)	Machine Clothing	Albany Engineered Composites	Corporate expenses and other	Total Company
Net income/(loss) (GAAP)	\$ 57,247	\$ 9,958	\$ (56,382)	\$ 10,823
Interest expense/(income), net	—	—	3,794	3,794
Income tax benefit	—	—	(3,183)	(3,183)
Depreciation and amortization expense	4,913	11,303	818	17,034
EBITDA (non-GAAP)	62,160	21,261	(54,953)	28,468

Restructuring expenses, net	42	—	—	42
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(2,931)	122	(6,633)	(9,442)
Dissolution of business relationships in Russia	(214)	—	—	(214)
Pension settlement expense	—	0	49,128	49,128
Acquisition/integration costs	—	255	—	255
Pre-tax (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	(176)	—	(176)
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 59,057	\$ 21,462	\$ (12,458)	\$ 68,061

Nine months ended September 30, 2023				
(in thousands)	Machine Clothing	Albany Engineered Composites	Corporate expenses and other	Total Company
Net income/(loss) (GAAP)	\$ 153,400	\$ 27,460	\$ (99,794)	\$ 81,066
Interest expense/(income), net	—	—	10,049	10,049
Income tax expense	—	—	39,908	39,908
Depreciation and amortization expense	15,682	36,246	2,850	54,778
EBITDA (non-GAAP)	169,082	63,706	(46,987)	185,801
Restructuring expenses, net	227	0	0	227
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	1,870	19	(3,609)	(1,720)
CEO transition expenses	—	—	2,052	2,052
Inventory step-up impacting Cost of goods sold	1,370	—	—	1,370
Acquisition/integration costs	—	813	2,005	2,818
Pre-tax (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	(474)	—	(474)
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 172,549	\$ 64,064	\$ (46,539)	\$ 190,074

Nine months ended September 30, 2022				
(in thousands)	Machine Clothing	Albany Engineered Composites	Corporate expenses and other	Total Company
Net income/(loss) (GAAP)	\$ 161,752	\$ 20,688	\$ (104,173)	\$ 78,267
Interest expense/(income), net	—	—	11,336	11,336
Income tax expense	—	—	22,273	22,273
Depreciation and amortization expense	14,716	34,792	2,400	51,908
EBITDA (non-GAAP)	176,468	55,480	(68,164)	163,784
Restructuring expenses, net	255	—	13	268
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(3,690)	755	(17,644)	(20,579)
Dissolution of business relationships in Russia	1,573	—	781	2,354
Pension settlement expense	—	—	49,128	49,128
Acquisition/integration costs	—	806	—	806
Pre-tax (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	—	(633)	—	(633)
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 174,606	\$ 56,408	\$ (35,886)	\$ 195,128

The Company discloses certain income and expense items on a per-share basis. The Company believes that such disclosures provide important insights into the underlying quarterly earnings and are financial performance metrics commonly used by investors. The Company calculates the quarterly per-share amount for items included in continuing operations by using the income tax rate based on either the tax rates in specific countries or the estimated tax rate applied to total company results. The after-tax amount is then

divided by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for each period. Year-to-date earnings per-share effects are determined by adding the amounts calculated at each reporting period.

The following tables show the earnings per share effect of certain income and expense items:

Three months ended September 30, 2023 (in thousands, except per share amounts)	Pre tax Amounts	Tax Effect	After tax Effect	Per share Effect
Restructuring expenses, net	\$ 82	\$ 21	\$ 61	0.00
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(121)	(35)	(86)	0.00
CEO transition expenses	2,052	—	2,052	0.07
Inventory step-up impacting Cost of goods sold	1,370	411	959	0.03
Acquisition/integration costs	1,915	476	1,439	0.05

Three months ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands, except per share amounts)	Pre tax Amounts	Tax Effect	After tax Effect	Per share Effect
Restructuring expenses, net	\$ 42	\$ 6	\$ 36	0.00
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(9,442)	(2,694)	(6,748)	(0.22)
Dissolution of business relationships in Russia	(214)	(18)	(196)	(0.01)
Pension settlement expense	49,128	11,947	37,181	1.20
Tax impact of stranded OCI benefit from Tax Cuts and Job Act (TCJA) for pension liability (b)	—	5,217	(5,217)	(0.17)
Acquisition/integration costs	255	77	178	0.01

Nine months ended September 30, 2023 (in thousands, except per share amounts)	Pre tax Amounts	Tax Effect	After tax Effect	Per share Effect
Restructuring expenses, net	\$ 227	\$ 68	\$ 159	0.01
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(1,720)	(504)	(1,216)	(0.04)
CEO transition expenses	2,052	—	2,052	0.07
Withholding tax related to internal restructuring	—	(3,026)	3,026	0.10
Inventory step-up impacting Cost of goods sold	1,370	411	959	0.03
Acquisition/integration costs	2,818	725	2,093	0.07

Nine months ended September 30, 2022 (in thousands, except per share amounts)	Pre tax Amounts	Tax Effect	After tax Effect	Per share Effect
Restructuring expenses, net	\$ 268	\$ 75	\$ 193	0.01
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(20,579)	(5,829)	(14,750)	(0.47)
Dissolution of business relationships in Russia	2,354	314	2,040	0.06
Pension settlement expense	49,128	11,947	37,181	1.20
Tax impact of stranded OCI benefit from TCJA for pension liability (b)	—	5,217	(5,217)	(0.17)
Acquisition/integration costs	806	241	565	0.03

The following table contains the calculation of Adjusted EPS:

Per share amounts (Basic)	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Earnings per share (GAAP)	\$ 0.87	\$ 0.34	\$ 2.59	2.47
Adjustments, after tax:				
Restructuring expenses, net	—	—	0.01	0.01
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	—	(0.22)	(0.04)	(0.47)
CEO transition expenses	0.07	—	0.07	—
Inventory step-up impacting Cost of goods sold	0.03	—	0.03	—
Acquisition/integration costs	0.05	0.01	0.07	0.03
Dissolution of business relationships in Russia	—	(0.01)	—	0.06
Pension settlement expense	—	1.20	—	1.20
Withholding tax related to internal restructuring	—	—	0.10	—

Tax impact of stranded OCI benefit from Tax Cuts and Job Act (TCJA) for pension liability (b)	—	(0.17)	—	(0.17)
Adjusted Earnings per share (non-GAAP)	\$ 1.02	\$ 1.15	\$ 2.83	3.13

Net debt is, in the opinion of the Company, helpful to investors wishing to understand what the Company's debt position would be if all available cash were applied to pay down indebtedness. The Company calculates Net debt by subtracting Cash and cash equivalents from Total debt. Total debt is calculated by adding Long-term debt, Current maturities of long-term debt, and Notes and loans payable, if any.

The following table contains the calculation of net debt:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 27,246	\$ —	—
Long-term debt	463,339	439,000	447,000
Total debt	490,585	439,000	447,000
Cash and cash equivalents	171,506	291,776	276,482
Net debt (non GAAP)	\$ 319,079	\$ 147,224	\$ 170,518

Net leverage ratio informs the investors of the Company's financial leverage at the end of the reporting period, providing an indicator of the Company's ability to repay its debt. The Company calculates net leverage ratio by subtracting cash and cash equivalents from total debt, and then dividing by trailing twelve months Adjusted EBITDA.

The calculation of net leverage ratio as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Total Company				
(in thousands)	Twelve months ended		Nine months ended	
	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022	September 30, 2023	Trailing twelve months ended September 30, 2023 (non-GAAP) (c)
Net income/(loss) (GAAP)	\$ 96,508	\$ 78,267	\$ 81,066	\$ 99,307
Interest expense/(income), net	14,000	11,336	10,049	12,713
Income tax expense	35,472	22,273	39,908	53,107
Depreciation and amortization expense	69,049	51,908	54,778	71,919
EBITDA (non-GAAP)	215,029	163,784	185,801	237,046
Restructuring expenses, net	106	268	227	65
Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses (a)	(9,829)	(20,579)	(1,720)	9,030
Dissolution of business relationships in Russia	2,275	2,354	—	(79)
CEO transition expenses	—	—	2,052	2,052
Pension settlement expense	49,128	49,128	—	—
Inventory step-up impacting Cost of goods sold	—	—	1,370	1,370
IP address sales	(3,420)	—	—	(3,420)
Acquisition/integration costs	1,057	806	2,818	3,069
Pre-tax (income) attributable to noncontrolling interest	(817)	(633)	(474)	(658)
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 253,529	\$ 195,128	\$ 190,074	\$ 248,475

(in thousands, except for net leverage ratio)	September 30, 2023
Net debt (non-GAAP)	319,079
Trailing twelve months Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	248,475
Net leverage ratio (non-GAAP)	1.28

(a) Foreign currency revaluation (gains)/losses represent unrealized gains and losses arising from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in non-functional currencies on the balance sheet date.

(b) Our Adjusted EPS excluded the benefit from the reclassification of stranded income tax effects caused by the TCJA associated with the US pension plan liability that was eliminated in September 2022, a one-time event that would not recur in the future. Such stranded income tax effect represented a one-time benefit that distorted the effective tax rate for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2022, and would not be indicative of ongoing or expected future income tax rate at the Company. Management believes excluding pension settlement expense and its income tax impact, including the stranded income tax effects, from its Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EPS for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2022 would provide investors a transparent view and enhanced ability to better assess the Company's ongoing operational and financial performance.

(c) Calculated as amounts incurred during the twelve months ended December 31, 2022, less those incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, plus those incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We have market risk with respect to foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in these rates as discussed below.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

We have manufacturing plants and sales transactions worldwide and therefore are subject to foreign currency risk. This risk is composed of both potential losses from the translation of foreign currency financial statements and the remeasurement of foreign currency transactions. To manage this risk, we periodically enter into forward exchange contracts either to hedge the net assets of a foreign investment or to provide an economic hedge against future cash flows. The total net assets of non-U.S. operations and long-term intercompany loans denominated in nonfunctional currencies subject to potential loss amount to approximately \$682.7 million \$718.9 million. The potential loss in fair value resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in quoted foreign currency exchange rates amounts to \$68.3 million \$71.9 million. Furthermore, related to foreign currency transactions, we have exposure to various nonfunctional currency balances totaling \$98.6 million \$154.9 million. This amount includes, on an absolute basis, exposures to assets and liabilities held in currencies other than our local entities' functional currencies. On a net basis, we had \$17.6 million \$55.6 million of foreign currency assets as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. As currency rates change, these nonfunctional currency balances are revalued, and the corresponding adjustment is recorded in the income statement. A hypothetical change of 10% in currency rates could result in an adjustment to the income statement of approximately \$1.8 million \$5.6 million. Actual results may differ, differ from these estimates.

Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to interest rate fluctuations with respect to our variable rate debt, depending on general economic conditions.

On September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we had the following variable rate debt:

(in thousands, except interest rates)		
Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt		
Foreign Bank Debt	\$	40
Long-term debt		
Credit agreement with borrowings outstanding, net of fixed rate portion, at an end of period interest rate of 7.05% in 2023, 2024, due in 2028	\$	111,000 79,000
Foreign Bank Debt		39
Total	\$	111,000 79,079

Assuming borrowings were outstanding for an entire year, an increase of one percentage point in weighted average interest rates would increase interest expense by \$1.1 million \$0.8 million. To manage interest rate risk, we may periodically enter into interest rate swap agreements to effectively fix the interest rates on variable debt to a specific rate for a period of time. Our current interest rate swap agreements expire in October 2024, which will result in a significant increase in our interest cost, which will be calculated using a floating rate based on the one-month term SOFR at that time, which was 5.33% as of March 31, 2024. (See Note 13, 14, Financial Instruments in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1, which is incorporated herein by reference).

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

a) Disclosure controls and procedures.

The principal executive officer and principal financial officer, based on their evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective for ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in filed or submitted reports is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting.

On August 31, 2023, the Company acquired Heimbach, a privately-held manufacturer of paper machine clothing with headquarters in Düren, Germany. Management has begun integrating Heimbach into the MC segment's systems and processes; however, during the third quarter ending September 30, 2023, management has excluded Heimbach from its assessment of effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Other than the acquisition of Heimbach, there There was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) during the last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information set forth above under Note 15, 16, Commitments and Contingencies in Item 1, Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, other than the addition of the risks below related to our acquisition of Heimbach. For all other risk factors, please refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

Our acquisition of Heimbach involves inherent risks, and presents financial, managerial and operational challenges that may adversely affect our operating results and financial condition.

Our growth strategy includes acquisitions. Acquisitions involve various inherent risks, such as our ability to assess accurately the value, strengths, weaknesses, internal controls, contingent and other liabilities and potential profitability of Heimbach.

Heimbach was a privately held company that only closed its books and records annually on December 31st. Interim financial information was limited and reproducing full historical financial records may be difficult. As the Company integrates Heimbach, management could encounter material differences between the accounting policies of the two companies or the financial results of Heimbach for the periods after the fiscal year 2022 audited financial statements, including additional liabilities or other financial information that was not available during due diligence or at or in the initial period after the closing of the acquisition that, had we known, could have resulted in changes to financial projections, assumptions and estimates used in the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, assessments used to determine the applicability of certain SEC disclosure requirements or the expected benefit of the transaction.

While we conducted financial and other due diligence in connection with this acquisition and we generally seek some form of limited protection, such as warranties from the seller, insurance coverage, and placing a portion of the purchase price in escrow to cover potential tax liabilities, Heimbach may have liabilities that are not accurately assessed or brought to our attention at the time of the acquisition. Further, indemnities, insurance or escrow arrangements may not fully cover such matters.

The acquisition may present financial, managerial and operational challenges, including:

- Increased foreign operations, often with unique issues relating to corporate culture, compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and other challenges;
- Assumption of known and unknown liabilities, including environmental liabilities, and exposure to litigation;
- Increased levels of debt or dilution to existing stockholders;
- New and proposed regulations limiting the enforcement of noncompetition and nonsolicitation agreements;
- Production delays associated with consolidating acquired facilities and manufacturing operations;
- Potential cybersecurity risks, as acquired systems may not possess the appropriate security measures.

We cannot assure that all potential risks or liabilities are adequately discovered, disclosed, or understood in each instance. In addition, internal controls over financial reporting of acquired companies may not be compliant with required standards. Issues may exist that could rise to the level of significant deficiencies or, in some cases, material weaknesses, particularly with respect to foreign companies or non-public U.S. companies. Customer dissatisfaction or performance problems with an acquired business, technology, service or product could also have a material adverse effect on our reputation and business.

In connection with our acquisition, we may incur significant transaction costs. We are required to expense such transaction costs as incurred, which may have a material adverse impact on our financial results.

We may fail to realize all of the anticipated benefits of the acquisition of Heimbach or those benefits may take longer to realize than expected.

We are devoting significant management attention to integrating the business practices and operations of Heimbach. We may experience disruptions to our business and, if implemented ineffectively, it could restrict the realization of the full expected benefits of the acquisition. The failure to meet the challenges involved in the integration process and to realize the anticipated benefits of the acquisition of Heimbach could cause an interruption of, or loss of, momentum in our operations and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Difficulties in the integration of the acquired business may include consolidating the operations, processes and systems of the acquired business, retaining and motivating key management and employees, and integrating existing business relationships with suppliers and customers. Even if integration is successful, the financial and operational results may differ materially from our assumptions and forecasts due to unforeseen expenses, delays, conditions and liabilities. In addition, we may incur unanticipated costs or expenses following an acquisition, including post-closing asset impairment charges, expenses associated with eliminating duplicate facilities, and other liabilities.

Furthermore, the acquisition of Heimbach, may result in material unanticipated problems, expenses, charges, liabilities, competitive responses, loss of customers and other business relationships, and diversion of management's attention. Additional integration challenges may include difficulty in achieving anticipated cost savings, synergies, business opportunities and growth prospects from the acquisition; difficulties in the integration of operations and systems, including pricing and marketing strategies; and difficulties in conforming standards, controls, procedures, financial reporting and accounting and other policies, business cultures and compensation structures.

Many of these factors will be outside of our control and any one of them could result in increased costs, including restructuring charges, decreases in the amount of expected revenues and diversion of management's time and energy, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

We made no share purchases during the first nine months quarter of 2023, 2024.

On October 25, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase shares of up to \$200 million through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise, and to determine the prices, times and amounts. The program does not obligate the Company to acquire any particular amount of common stock, and it may be suspended or terminated at any time at the Company's discretion. The share repurchase program does not have an expiration date. The timing and amount of any share repurchases will be based on the Company's liquidity, general business and market conditions, debt covenant restrictions and other factors, including alternative

investment opportunities and capital structure. In total, the Company has repurchased 1,308,003 shares for a total cost of \$109.4M, of which 1,022,717 shares were repurchased in 2022 for \$85.1 million and 285,286 shares were repurchased in 2021 for \$24.3 million. We currently remain authorized to repurchase shares of up to \$90.6 million.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers

During the **nine** **three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, none of our directors or executive officers adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of Albany International Corp. securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement."

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
10.3 10(n)(viii)	Cleveland Employment Agreement
10.4	Special Incentive Form of 2024 Annual Performance Bonus Award Agreement
10(k)(xx) 10(m)(xxi)	\$800 million Five-Year Revolving Credit Facility Form of 2024 Multi-Year Performance Bonus Agreement among Albany International Corp., the other Borrowers named therein, the Lenders Party thereto, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent, dated as
10(l)(xvi)	Form of August 16, 2023, 2024 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement
10(l)(xvii)	Form of 2024 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act.
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Exchange Act.
32.1	Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code).
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document- the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover page formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALBANY INTERNATIONAL CORP.

(Registrant)

Date: **November 6, 2023** April 29, 2024

By /s/ Robert D. Starr

Robert D. Starr
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT (31.1)
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13A-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Gunnar Kleveland, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Albany International Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **November 6, 2023** April 29, 2024

By /s/ Gunnar Kleveland
Gunnar Kleveland
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT (31.2)
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13A-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert D. Starr, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Albany International Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 6, 2023 April 29, 2024

By /s/ Robert D. Starr

Robert D. Starr
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT (32.1)
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Albany International Corp. (the Company) on Form 10-Q for the period ending September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the Report), Gunnar Kleveland, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Robert D. Starr, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 6, 2023 April 29, 2024

/s/ Gunnar Kleveland

Gunnar Kleveland
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Robert D. Starr

Robert D. Starr
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

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