

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

MBI - MBIA INC

10-Q - JUNE 30, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	957
CHANGES	270
DELETIONS	275
ADDITIONS	412

United States UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **March 31, June 30, 2024**

or

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 001-09583

MBIA INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Connecticut
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

06-1185706
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1 Manhattanville Road, Suite 301, Purchase, New York
(Address of principal executive offices)

10577
(Zip Code)

(914) 273-4545
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock	MBI	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such

reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of **May 2, 2024** **July 30, 2024**, **51,276,529** **51,028,154** shares of Common Stock, par value \$1 per share, were outstanding.

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FORWARD-LOOKING AND CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

This quarterly report of MBIA Inc., together with its consolidated subsidiaries, (collectively, "MBIA", the "Company", "we", "us" or "our") includes statements that are not historical or current facts and are "forward-looking statements" made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "believe", "anticipate", "project", "plan", "expect", "estimate", "intend", "will likely result", "looking forward", or "will continue" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings and those presently anticipated or projected. MBIA cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements, which speak only to their respective dates. We undertake no obligation to publicly correct or update any forward-looking statement if the Company later becomes aware that such result is not likely to be achieved.

The following are some of the general factors that could affect financial performance or could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates contained in or underlying the Company's forward-looking statements:

- increased credit losses or impairments on public finance obligations that National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation ("National") insures issued by state, local and territorial governments and finance authorities and other providers of public

services, located in the U.S. or abroad, that are experiencing fiscal stress;

- the possibility that loss reserve estimates are not adequate to cover potential claims;
- a disruption in the cash flow from National or an inability to access the capital markets and our exposure to significant fluctuations in liquidity and asset values in the global credit markets as a result of collateral posting requirements;
- our ability to fully implement our strategic plan;
- the possibility that MBIA Insurance Corporation will have inadequate liquidity or resources to timely pay claims as a result of higher than expected losses on certain insured transactions or as a result of a delay or failure in collecting expected recoveries, which could lead the New York State Department of Financial Services ("NYSDFS") to put MBIA Insurance Corporation into a rehabilitation or liquidation proceeding under Article 74 of the New York Insurance Law and/or take such other actions as the NYSDFS may deem necessary to protect the interests of MBIA Insurance Corporation's policyholders;
- deterioration in the economic environment and financial markets in the United States or abroad, real estate market performance, credit spreads, interest rates and foreign currency levels; and
- the effects of changes to governmental regulation, including insurance laws, securities laws, tax laws, legal precedents and accounting rules.

The above factors provide a summary of and are qualified in their entirety by the risk factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in Part II, Other Information, Item 1A included in Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The Company encourages readers to review these risk factors in their entirety.

This quarterly report of MBIA Inc. also includes statements of the opinion and belief of MBIA management which may be forward-looking statements subject to the preceding cautionary disclosure. Unless otherwise indicated herein, the basis for each statement of opinion or belief of MBIA management in this report is the relevant industry or subject matter experience and views of certain members of MBIA's management. Accordingly, MBIA cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any such statements, because like all statements of opinion or belief they are not statements of fact and may prove to be incorrect. We undertake no obligation to publicly correct or update any statement of opinion or belief if the Company later becomes aware that such statement of opinion or belief was not or is not then accurate. In addition, readers are cautioned that each statement of opinion or belief may be further qualified by disclosures set forth elsewhere in this report or in other disclosures by MBIA.

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PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

MBIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited) (In millions except share and per share amounts)

		March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023			June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets	Assets			Assets			
Investments:	Investments:			Investments:			
	Fixed-maturity securities held as available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$1,186 and \$1,175)	\$ 1,040	\$ 1,043		Fixed-maturity securities held as available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$1,125 and \$1,175)	\$ 969	\$ 1,043
	Investments carried at fair value	321	337		Investments carried at fair value	214	337
	Short-term investments, at fair value (amortized cost \$442 and \$548)	442	548		Short-term investments, at fair value (amortized cost \$451 and \$548)	451	548
	Other investments at amortized cost	3	3		Other investments at amortized cost	2	3

	Total investments	1,806	1,931	Total investments	1,636	1,931
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents	131	104	Cash and cash equivalents	195	104
Premiums receivable (net of allowance for credit losses of \$- and \$-)	Premiums receivable (net of allowance for credit losses of \$- and \$-)	145	146	Premiums receivable (net of allowance for credit losses of \$- and \$-)	141	146
Deferred acquisition costs	Deferred acquisition costs	30	31	Deferred acquisition costs	29	31
Insurance loss recoverable	Insurance loss recoverable	179	183	Insurance loss recoverable	142	183
Assets held for sale	Assets held for sale	74	73	Assets held for sale	71	73
Other assets	Other assets	57	76	Other assets	57	76
Assets of consolidated variable interest entities:	Assets of consolidated variable interest entities:			Assets of consolidated variable interest entities:		
	Cash	6	3	Cash	2	3
	Investments carried at fair value	22	22	Investments carried at fair value	-	22
	Loans receivable at fair value	36	35	Loans receivable at fair value	31	35
	Other assets	2	2	Other assets	-	2
	Total assets	\$ 2,488	\$ 2,606	Total assets	\$ 2,304	\$ 2,606
Liabilities and Equity	Liabilities and Equity			Liabilities and Equity		
Liabilities:	Liabilities:			Liabilities:		
	Unearned premium revenue	\$ 224	\$ 232	Unearned premium revenue	\$ 216	\$ 232
	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	470	473	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	577	473
	Long-term debt	2,625	2,585	Long-term debt	2,663	2,585
	Medium-term notes (includes financial instruments carried at fair value of \$36 and \$40)	457	497	Medium-term notes (includes financial instruments carried at fair value of \$36 and \$40)	432	497
	Investment agreements	220	221	Investment agreements	221	221
	Liabilities held for sale	64	64	Liabilities held for sale	64	64
	Other liabilities	85	86	Other liabilities	70	86
	Liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities:			Liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities:		
	Variable interest entity debt (includes financial instruments carried at fair value of \$46 and \$78)	51	81	Variable interest entity debt (includes financial instruments carried at fair value of \$31 and \$78)	37	81
	Derivative liabilities	15	14	Derivative liabilities	9	14
	Total liabilities	4,211	4,253	Total liabilities	4,289	4,253
Commitments and contingencies (Refer to Note 12: Commitments and Contingencies)	Commitments and contingencies (Refer to Note 12: Commitments and Contingencies)			Commitments and contingencies (Refer to Note 12: Commitments and Contingencies)		
Equity:	Equity:			Equity:		
	Preferred stock, par value \$1 per share; authorized shares--10,000,000; issued and outstanding--none	-	-	Preferred stock, par value \$1 per share; authorized shares--10,000,000; issued and outstanding--none	-	-

Common stock, par value \$1 per share; authorized shares--400,000,000; issued shares--283,186,115 and 283,186,115			Common stock, par value \$1 per share; authorized shares--400,000,000; issued shares--283,186,115 and 283,186,115		
	283	283	283,186,115	283	283
Additional paid-in capital	2,486	2,515	Additional paid-in capital	2,483	2,515
Retained earnings (deficit)	(1,230)	(1,144)	Retained earnings (deficit)	(1,484)	(1,144)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax of \$7 and \$7	(131)	(139)	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax of \$7 and \$7	(137)	(139)
Treasury stock, at cost--231,910,363 and 232,323,184 shares	(3,141)	(3,172)	Treasury stock, at cost--232,158,415 and 232,323,184 shares	(3,139)	(3,172)
Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.	(1,733)	(1,657)	Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.	(1,994)	(1,657)
Preferred stock of subsidiary and noncontrolling interest held for sale	10	10	Preferred stock of subsidiary and noncontrolling interest held for sale	9	10
Total equity	(1,723)	(1,647)	Total equity	(1,985)	(1,647)
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 2,488	\$ 2,606	Total liabilities and equity	\$ 2,304	\$ 2,606

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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MBIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)
(In millions except share and per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March		Three Months Ended June			
	31,		30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues	Revenues		Revenues			
Total premiums earned (net of ceded premiums of \$- and \$-)	\$ 9	\$ 10	Total premiums earned (net of ceded premiums of \$-, \$-, \$-, and \$-)	\$ 8	\$ 8	17
Net investment income	23	26	Net investment income	22	38	45
Net realized investment gains (losses)	(1)	(3)	Net realized investment gains (losses)	(2)	(7)	(3)
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	4	(13)	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	(55)	11	(51)
						(1)

	Net gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt	1	-	Fees and reimbursements	1	-	1	-
	Other net realized gains (losses)	2	-	Other net realized gains (losses)	2	2	5	2
	Revenues of consolidated variable interest entities:			Revenues of consolidated variable interest entities:				
	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	(25)	(3)	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	1	(21)	(24)	(24)
	Other net realized gains (losses)	-	(15)	Other net realized gains (losses)	(14)	(3)	(14)	(18)
	Total revenues	13	2	Total revenues	(37)	28	(24)	30
Expenses	Expenses			Expenses				
	Losses and loss adjustment	18	6	Losses and loss adjustment	142	28	160	35
	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	1	2	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	1	1	2	2
	Operating	25	22	Operating	15	20	40	42
	Interest	52	51	Interest	53	53	105	104
	Expenses of consolidated variable interest entities:			Expenses of consolidated variable interest entities:				
	Operating	4	4	Operating	5	4	9	8
	Total expenses	100	85	Total expenses	216	106	316	191
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(87)	(83)	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(253)	(78)	(340)	(161)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	Provision (benefit) for income taxes	-	-	Provision (benefit) for income taxes	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) from continuing operations	Income (loss) from continuing operations	(87)	(83)	Income (loss) from continuing operations	(253)	(78)	(340)	(161)

Income (loss)									
from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	1	(3)	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(2)	3	(1)	-	
Net income (loss)	Net income (loss)	(86)	(86)	Net income (loss)	(255)	(75)	(341)	(161)	
	Less: Net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	-	7	Less: Net income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interest	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	
Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (86)	\$ (93)	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (254)	\$ (74)	\$ (340)	\$ (167)	
Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted			Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted					
	Continuing operations	\$ (1.88)	\$ (1.67)	Continuing operations	\$ (5.30)	\$ (1.52)	\$ (7.20)	\$ (3.38)	
	Discontinued operations	0.04	(0.19)	Discontinued operations	(0.04)	0.06	(0.01)	(0.13)	
Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	\$ (1.84)	\$ (1.86)	Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	\$ (5.34)	\$ (1.46)	\$ (7.21)	\$ (3.51)	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			Weighted average number of common shares outstanding					
	Basic	46,820,922	49,945,917	Basic	47,501,248	49,040,489	47,161,085	49,490,701	
	Diluted	46,820,922	49,945,917	Diluted	47,501,248	49,040,489	47,161,085	49,490,701	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MBIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)
(In millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc. \$ (86) \$ (93)		Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc. \$ (254) \$ (74) \$ (340) \$ (167)					
Other comprehensive income (loss):	Other comprehensive income (loss):		Other comprehensive income (loss):					
Available-for-sale securities with no credit losses:	Available-for-sale securities with no credit losses:		Available-for-sale securities with no credit losses:					
	Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period (15) 43		Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period (11) (15) (26) 28					
	Reclassification adjustments for (gains) losses included in net income (loss) - 5		Reclassification adjustments for (gains) losses included in net income (loss) 2 8 2 13					
Foreign currency translation gains (losses)	Foreign currency translation gains (losses) - (1)		Foreign currency translation gains (losses) - 1 - -					
Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities measured at fair value:	Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities measured at fair value:		Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities measured at fair value:					
	Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period 4 1		Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period (6) (6) (2) (5)					
	Reclassification adjustments for (gains) losses included in net income (loss) 19 14		Reclassification adjustments for (gains) losses included in net income (loss) 9 20 28 34					
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	Total other comprehensive income (loss) 8 62		Total other comprehensive income (loss) (6) 8 2 70					
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc. \$ (78) \$ (31)		Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc. \$ (260) \$ (66) \$ (338) \$ (97)					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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MBIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)
(In millions except share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Common shares	Common shares		Common shares			

Balance at beginning and end of period	Balance at beginning and end of period	283,186,115	283,186,115	Balance at beginning and end of period	283,186,115	283,186,115	283,186,115	283,186,115
Common stock amount	Common stock amount			Common stock amount				
Balance at beginning and end of period	Balance at beginning and end of period	\$ 283	\$ 283	Balance at beginning and end of period	\$ 283	\$ 283	\$ 283	\$ 283
Additional paid-in capital	Additional paid-in capital			Additional paid-in capital				
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 2,515	\$ 2,925	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 2,486	\$ 2,915	\$ 2,515	\$ 2,925
	Share-based compensation	(29)	(10)		(3)	-	(32)	(10)
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ 2,486	\$ 2,915	Balance at end of period	\$ 2,483	\$ 2,915	\$ 2,483	\$ 2,915
Retained earnings (deficit)	Retained earnings (deficit)			Retained earnings (deficit)				
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (1,144)	\$ (653)	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (1,230)	\$ (746)	\$ (1,144)	\$ (653)
	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	(86)	(93)		(254)	(74)	(340)	(167)
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ (1,230)	\$ (746)	Balance at end of period	\$ (1,484)	\$ (820)	\$ (1,484)	\$ (820)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)			Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)				
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (139)	\$ (283)	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (131)	\$ (221)	\$ (139)	\$ (283)
	Other comprehensive income (loss)	8	62		(6)	8	2	70
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ (131)	\$ (221)	Balance at end of period	\$ (137)	\$ (213)	\$ (137)	\$ (213)
Treasury shares	Treasury shares			Treasury shares				
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	(232,323,184)	(228,333,444)	Balance at beginning of period	(231,910,363)	(228,221,641)	(232,323,184)	(228,333,444)
	Share-based compensation	412,821	111,803		-	(2,896,820)	-	(2,896,820)
	Other	(248,052)	(24,739)		164,769	87,064		
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	(231,910,363)	(228,221,641)	Balance at end of period	(232,158,415)	(231,143,200)	(232,158,415)	(231,143,200)

Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount	Treasury stock amount
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (3,172)	\$ (3,154)	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (3,141)	\$ (3,143)	\$ (3,172)	\$ (3,154)	
	Treasury shares acquired under share repurchase program	-	(23)		-	(23)			
	Share-based compensation	31	11	Other	2	1	33	12	
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ (3,141)	\$ (3,143)	Balance at end of period	\$ (3,139)	\$ (3,165)	\$ (3,139)	\$ (3,165)	
Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.	Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.			Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.					
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (1,657)	\$ (882)	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (1,733)	\$ (912)	\$ (1,657)	\$ (882)	
	Period change	(76)	(30)	Period change	(261)	(88)	(337)	(118)	
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ (1,733)	\$ (912)	Balance at end of period	\$ (1,994)	\$ (1,000)	\$ (1,994)	\$ (1,000)	
Preferred stock of subsidiary shares	Preferred stock of subsidiary shares			Preferred stock of subsidiary shares					
Balance at beginning and end of period	Balance at beginning and end of period	1,315	1,315	Balance at beginning and end of period	1,315	1,315	1,315	1,315	
Preferred stock of subsidiary and noncontrolling interest held for sale	Preferred stock of subsidiary and noncontrolling interest held for sale			Preferred stock of subsidiary and noncontrolling interest held for sale					
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 10	\$ 6	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 10	\$ 13	\$ 10	\$ 6	
	Period change	-	7	Period change	(1)	(1)	(1)	6	
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ 10	\$ 13	Balance at end of period	\$ 9	\$ 12	\$ 9	\$ 12	
Total equity	Total equity	\$ (1,723)	\$ (899)	Total equity	\$ (1,985)	\$ (988)	\$ (1,985)	\$ (988)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

MBIA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(In millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:	Cash flows from operating activities:		Cash flows from operating activities:	
	Premiums, fees and reimbursements received		Premiums, fees and reimbursements received	
	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 7	\$ 7
	Investment income received		Investment income received	
	16	26	31	50
	Financial guarantee losses and loss adjustment expenses paid		Financial guarantee losses and loss adjustment expenses paid	
	(19)	(28)	(25)	(87)
	Proceeds from recoveries and reinsurance, net of salvage paid to reinsurers		Proceeds from recoveries and reinsurance, net of salvage paid to reinsurers	
	2	3	4	6
	Operating expenses paid and other operating		Operating expenses paid and other operating	
	(19)	(34)	(35)	(48)
	Other proceeds from consolidated variable interest entities		Other proceeds from consolidated variable interest entities	
	-	15	2	28
	Interest paid, net of interest converted to principal		Interest paid, net of interest converted to principal	
	(12)	(14)	(24)	(27)
	Cash (used) provided by discontinued operations		Cash (used) provided by discontinued operations	
	-	(6)	-	(7)
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	
	(30)	(36)	(40)	(78)
Cash flows from investing activities:	Cash flows from investing activities:		Cash flows from investing activities:	
	Purchases of available-for-sale investments		Purchases of available-for-sale investments	
	(53)	(247)	(108)	(295)
	Sales of available-for-sale investments		Sales of available-for-sale investments	
	28	98	55	272
	Paydowns, maturities and other proceeds of available-for-sale investments		Paydowns, maturities and other proceeds of available-for-sale investments	
	28	49	117	157
	Purchases of investments at fair value		Purchases of investments at fair value	
	(46)	(24)	(68)	(45)
	Sales, paydowns, maturities and other proceeds of investments at fair value		Sales, paydowns, maturities and other proceeds of investments at fair value	
	65	209	154	237
	Sales, paydowns and maturities (purchases) of short-term investments, net		Sales, paydowns and maturities (purchases) of short-term investments, net	
	112	(13)	100	(16)
	(Payments) proceeds for derivative settlements		(Payments) proceeds for derivative settlements	
	(1)	(1)	4	5
	Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(Payments) proceeds for derivative settlements	
	133	71	(1)	(1)
	Net cash provided (used) by investing activities			
	253	314		
Cash flows from financing activities:	Cash flows from financing activities:		Cash flows from financing activities:	
	Proceeds from investment agreements		Principal paydowns of investment agreements	
	-	4	(1)	(1)
	Principal paydowns of investment agreements		Principal paydowns of medium-term notes	
	(1)	(1)	(62)	(10)
	Principal paydowns of medium-term notes		Proceeds from variable interest entity debt	
	(36)	-	2	-

	Proceeds from variable interest entity debt	2	-	Principal paydowns/redemptions of variable interest entity debt	(57)	(59)
	Principal paydowns/redemptions of variable interest entity debt	(36)	(21)	Principal paydowns of long-term debt	(1)	-
	Purchases of treasury stock	(2)	(4)	Purchases of treasury stock	(4)	(28)
	Cash provided (used) by discontinued operations	-	4	Cash provided (used) by discontinued operations	-	6
	Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(73)	(20)	Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(123)	(88)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	30	15	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	90	148
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	108	78	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	108	78
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 138	\$ 93	Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 198	\$ 226
Reconciliation of net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Reconciliation of net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			Reconciliation of net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
	Net income (loss)	\$ (86)	\$ (86)	Net income (loss)	\$ (341)	\$ (161)
	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	1	(3)	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(1)	-
	Income (loss) from continuing operations	(87)	(83)	Income (loss) from continuing operations	(340)	(161)
	Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) from continuing operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
	Change in:			Change in:		
	Unearned premium revenue	(8)	(9)	Unearned premium revenue	(16)	(17)
	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	(3)	(66)	Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	104	(87)
	Insurance loss recoverable	4	42	Insurance loss recoverable	41	36
	Accrued interest payable	36	34	Accrued interest payable	74	71
	Other assets and liabilities	1	7	Other assets and liabilities	6	4
	Net realized investment gains (losses)	1	3	Net realized investment gains (losses)	3	10
	Net (gains) losses on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	21	16	Net (gains) losses on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	75	25
	Other net realized (gains) losses	(2)	15	Other net realized (gains) losses	9	16
	Other operating	7	5	Other operating	4	25
	Total adjustments to income (loss) from continuing operations	57	47	Total adjustments to income (loss) from continuing operations	300	83
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (30)	\$ (36)	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (40)	\$ (78)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties

Summary

MBIA Inc., together with its consolidated subsidiaries, (collectively, "MBIA" or the "Company") operates within the financial guarantee insurance industry. MBIA manages three operating segments: 1) United States ("U.S.") public finance insurance; 2) corporate; and 3) international and structured finance insurance. The Company's U.S. public finance insurance business is managed through National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation ("National"), the corporate segment is operated through MBIA Inc. and several of its subsidiaries, including its service company, MBIA Services Corporation ("MBIA Services") and its international and structured finance insurance business is primarily operated through MBIA Insurance Corporation and its subsidiaries ("MBIA Corp.").

Refer to "Note 9: Business Segments" for further information about the Company's operating segments.

Business Developments

PREPA

On January 1, 2024, the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA") defaulted on scheduled debt service for National insured bonds and National paid gross claims in the aggregate of \$16 million. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, National had \$792 million of insured debt service outstanding related to PREPA. **In addition, on July 1, 2024, PREPA defaulted on scheduled debt service for National insured bonds and National paid gross claims in the aggregate of \$122 million.**

On January 31, 2023, National entered into a restructuring support agreement ("PREPA RSA") with the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (the "Oversight Board"), on behalf of itself and as the sole Title III representative of PREPA.

An amended

A plan of adjustment for PREPA (the "Plan") and related disclosure statement was filed on February 9, 2023. **Subsequently, both the Plan and PREPA RSA were amended. The Title III Court conducted confirmation hearings in March 2024. On June 26, 2023** **June 12, 2024, the First Circuit Court of Appeals reversed Judge Swain's prior rulings on bondholder liens and claim amounts (the "Appeal Decision"), following which the Oversight Board informed the Court that it intended to file an amendment to the Plan it believed would account for the changes required by the First Circuit opinion. Following a status conference held on July 10, 2024, the Court entered an order reducing bondholder allowed net unsecured claims to \$2.4 billion from approximately \$7.6 billion. On August 25, 2023, National entered into the First Amendment imposed a 60-day stay of all litigation and other filings related to the PREPA amended Plan, Support Agreement (the "Amended PSA") with and ordered the parties into mediation. Following the Appeal Decision, the Oversight Board on behalf of itself and as the sole Title III representative of PREPA. By order dated November 17, 2023, informed the Court, approved the Disclosure Statement for the Third Amended Plan incorporating, among National and other things, the terms of the Amended PSA. On December 29, 2023, parties that it intended to modify National's settlement in a forthcoming amended Plan. Thereafter, National provided notice to the Oversight Board filed that National did not support the Corrected Fourth Amended Title III Plan (the "Amended Plan"). The Amended PSA provides board's actions and that upon effective date such actions constituted a breach and termination of the Amended Plan, National shall receive cash, together with certain fees and expense reimbursement payments, in an amount based in part on the ultimate participation, if any, of certain currently non-accepting holders of uninsured PREPA bonds. The Amended PSA also provides National with additional consideration in the form of two types of contingent values instruments, whose value cannot be assured. The Amended PSA remains subject to a number of conditions, including (but not limited to) the Title III Court's confirmation and effectiveness of the Amended Plan, RSA, as it may be further amended with the Court's approval. The confirmation hearing commenced on March 4, 2024 and concluded on March 18, 2024. The Court has not ruled currently on confirmation of the Amended Plan, amended. There is no assurance that a plan that is substantially similar in the Amended Plan treatment of National's claims and rights will ultimately be confirmed and become effective. In the event of a substantially different confirmed plan, of adjustment from the Amended PSA, National's PREPA loss reserves and recoveries could be materially adversely affected. Refer to "Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves" for additional information of the Company's PREPA reserves and recoveries.**

MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties (continued)

Zohar CDOs

Payment of claims on MBIA Corp.'s policies insuring the Class A-1 and A-2 notes issued by Zohar collateralized debt obligation ("CDO") 2003-1, Limited ("Zohar I") and Zohar II 2005-1, Limited ("Zohar II") (collectively, the "Zohar CDOs"), entitled MBIA Corp. to reimbursement of such amounts plus interest and expenses and/or to exercise certain rights and remedies to seek recovery of such amounts. MBIA Corp. has anticipated that it would receive substantial recoveries on the loans made to, and equity interests in, portfolio companies that, until late March of 2020, were purportedly controlled and managed by the sponsor and former collateral manager of the Zohar CDOs (collectively, the "Zohar Collateral"). Since March of 2018, MBIA Corp. had been pursuing those recoveries in a Delaware bankruptcy proceeding filed by the Zohar CDOs ("Zohar Funds Bankruptcy Cases"). Pursuant to a plan of liquidation that became effective in August of 2022, all remaining Zohar Collateral was distributed to MBIA Corp. either directly or in the form of interests in certain asset recovery entities. There still remains significant uncertainty with respect to the realizable value of the remaining loans and equity interests that formerly constituted the Zohar Collateral. Further, as the monetization of these assets unfolds, and new information concerning the financial condition of the portfolio companies is disclosed, the Company will continue to revise its expectations for recoveries.

The interests in the asset recovery entities include various loans to and equity interest in portfolio companies. For those portfolio companies in which the Company does not have a majority of the voting interest, the Company recorded these assets as investments. For those portfolio companies in which the Company owns a majority of the voting interest, the Company consolidated the assets, liabilities, and financial results of these companies. In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 360-10, Property, Plant, and Equipment and ASC 205-20, Presentation of Financial Statements-Discontinued Operations, certain of these portfolio companies met the criteria to be classified as held for sale and discontinued operations. Refer to the following "Discontinued Operations" section below for further information about the Company's discontinued operations. In addition, certain of the Zohar debtors' litigation claims were transferred into a litigation trust that the Company consolidated as a variable interest entity ("VIE").

Discontinued Operations

For those Zohar-related portfolio companies in which the Company acquired an interest and which have met the criteria for held for sale classification in accordance with ASC 360, the Company classified these entities as held for disposition. Accordingly, the Company classified the assets and liabilities of consolidated portfolio companies and the interests in certain nonconsolidated portfolio companies as held for sale. Furthermore, as these entities met the one-year probable sale criteria on the acquisition date, and the remaining held for sale criteria within a short period following the acquisition date, these entities were classified as discontinued operations in accordance with ASC 205. As of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the assets and liabilities of these entities are presented within "Assets held for sale" and "Liabilities held for sale" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Additionally, the results of operations for these entities are classified as "Income from discontinued operations, net of income taxes" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the three **and six** months ended **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and 2023. For the net assets of the Company's Zohar-related portfolio companies that are classified as held for sale beyond one year, the Company continues to actively market its net assets held for sale and has identified interested parties, including having attained various stages of a sales or liquidation process. In addition, the Company has continued to (i) take necessary actions to respond to changes in circumstances, including recording a loss on disposal group; (ii) actively market the net assets at prices that are deemed reasonable; and (iii) meet the criteria for held for sale classification.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties (continued)

The following table summarizes the components of assets and liabilities held for sale:

In millions	As of		As of	
	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets held for sale				
Cash	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
Accounts receivable	16	17	14	17
Goodwill	90	90	90	90
Other assets	9	9	9	9
Loss on disposal group	(42)	(44)	(43)	(44)
Total assets held for sale	\$ 74	\$ 73	\$ 71	\$ 73
Liabilities held for sale				
Accounts payable	\$ 6	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7
Debt	40	39	41	39
Accrued expenses and other	18	18	16	18
Total liabilities held for sale	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 64	\$ 64

The results of operations from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024 and 2023 consist of the following:

		Three Months Ended March 31,			Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
In millions	In millions	2024	2023	In millions	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues:	Revenues:			Revenues:				
	Revenues	\$ 24	\$ 32		\$ 22	\$ 31	\$ 46	\$ 63
	Cost of sales	11	17		11	14	22	31
	Total revenues from discontinued operations	13	15		11	17	24	32
Expenses:	Expenses:			Expenses:				
	Operating	13	20		11	16	24	36
	Interest	1	1		1	1	2	2
	Increase (decrease) on loss on disposal group	(2)	(3)		1	(3)	(1)	(6)
	Total expenses from discontinued operations	12	18		13	14	25	32
Income (loss) before income taxes from discontinued operations	Income (loss) before income taxes from discontinued operations	1	(3)	Income (loss) before income taxes from discontinued operations	(2)	3	(1)	-
Provision (benefit) for income taxes from discontinued operations	Provision (benefit) for income taxes from discontinued operations	-	-	Provision (benefit) for income taxes from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ 1	\$ (3)	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	\$ (2)	\$ 3	\$ (1)	\$ -

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's financial statements include estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The outcome of certain significant risks and uncertainties could cause the Company to revise its estimates and assumptions or could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company's estimates. The discussion

below highlights the significant risks and uncertainties that could have a material effect on the Company's financial statements and business objectives in future periods.

National's Insured Portfolio

National continues to monitor and remediate its existing insured portfolio. Certain state and local governments and territory obligors that National insures are under financial and budgetary stress. This could lead to an increase in defaults by such entities on the payment of their obligations and losses or impairments on a greater number of National's insured transactions. In particular, PREPA is currently in bankruptcy-like proceedings in the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico.

While National has entered into an agreement to support There is no assurance that a PREPA plan to resolve that is substantially similar in the PREPA proceeding, treatment of National's claims and rights will ultimately be confirmed and become effective.

PREPA may continue to fail to make payments when due, which could cause National to make additional claims payments which could be material. There is no assurance Refer to the PREPA amended plan of adjustment will ultimately be confirmed and go effective. National monitors and analyzes these situations and other stressed credits closely, and the overall extent and duration of this stress is uncertain. above "Business Developments - PREPA" section for additional information.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties (continued)

MBIA Corp.'s Insured Portfolio

MBIA Corp.'s primary objectives are to satisfy all claims by its policyholders and to maximize future recoveries, if any, for its surplus note holders, and then its preferred stock holders. MBIA Corp. is executing this strategy by, among other things, taking steps to maximize the collection of recoveries and by reducing and mitigating potential losses on its insurance exposures. MBIA Corp.'s insured portfolio performance could deteriorate and result in additional significant loss reserves and claim payments. MBIA Corp.'s ability to meet its obligations is limited by available liquidity and its ability to secure additional liquidity through financing and other transactions. There can be no assurance that MBIA Corp. will be successful in generating sufficient resources to meet its obligations.

Recoveries

In addition to the recoveries on the Zohar Collateral, MBIA Corp. also projects to collect recoveries from prior claims associated with insured residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS"); however, the amount and timing of these collections are uncertain.

Failure to collect its expected recoveries could impede MBIA Corp.'s ability to make payments when due on other policies. MBIA Corp. believes that if the New York State Department of Financial Services ("NYSDFS") concludes at any time that MBIA Insurance Corporation will not be able to pay its policyholder claims, the NYSDFS would likely put MBIA Insurance Corporation into a rehabilitation or liquidation proceeding under Article 74 of the New York Insurance Law ("NYIL") and/or take such other actions as the NYSDFS may deem necessary to protect the interests of MBIA Insurance Corporation's policyholders. The determination to commence such a proceeding or take other such actions is within the exclusive control of the NYSDFS.

Given the separation of MBIA Inc. and MBIA Corp. as distinct legal entities, the absence of any cross defaults between the entities and the lack of reliance by MBIA Inc. on MBIA Corp. for dividends, the Company does not believe that a rehabilitation or liquidation proceeding with respect to MBIA Insurance Corporation would have any significant liquidity impact on MBIA Inc. Such a proceeding could have material adverse consequences for MBIA Corp., including the termination of derivative contracts for which counterparties may assert market-based claims, the acceleration of debt obligations issued by affiliates and insured by MBIA Corp., the loss of control of MBIA Insurance Corporation to a rehabilitator or liquidator, and unplanned costs.

Refer to "Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves" for additional information about MBIA Corp.'s recoveries.

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies

The Company has disclosed its significant accounting policies in "Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The following significant accounting policies provide an update to those included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and, accordingly, do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for annual periods. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have not been audited by an independent registered public accounting firm in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.), but in the opinion of management such financial statements include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair statement of the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. Certain amounts have been reclassified in prior years' financial statements to conform to the current presentation.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. As additional information becomes available or actual amounts become determinable, the recorded estimates are revised and reflected in operating results.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** may not be indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2024. The December 31, 2023 consolidated balance sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP for annual periods.

Note 3: Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

The Company has not adopted any new accounting pronouncements that had a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Developments

Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures (ASU 2023-07)

In November of 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, "Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures" which improves reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. In addition, the amendments enhance interim disclosure requirements, clarify circumstances in which an entity can disclose multiple segment measures of profit or loss, provide new segment disclosure requirements for entities with a single reportable segment, and contain other disclosure requirements. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. Upon the effective date, the amendments should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented. The Company plans to adopt the amendments of ASU 2023-07 for fiscal year ending December 31, 2024 and is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting ASU 2023-07.

In December of 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" which requires disaggregated information about a reporting entity's effective tax rate reconciliation, information on income taxes paid, and contain other disclosure requirements. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. Upon the effective date, the amendments should be applied prospectively with retrospective application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting ASU 2023-09.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 4: Variable Interest Entities

Primarily through MBIA's international and structured finance insurance segment, the Company provides credit protection to issuers of obligations that may involve issuer-sponsored special purpose entities ("SPEs"). An SPE may be considered a **variable interest entity ("VIE") VIE** to the extent the SPE's total equity at risk is not sufficient to permit the SPE to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support or its equity investors lack any one of the following characteristics: (i) the power to direct the activities of the SPE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance or (ii) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity or the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity. A holder of a variable interest or interests in a VIE is required to assess whether it has a controlling financial interest, and thus is required to consolidate the entity as primary beneficiary. An assessment of a controlling financial interest identifies the primary beneficiary as the variable interest holder that has both of the following characteristics: (i) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or the right to receive benefits from the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The primary beneficiary is required to consolidate the VIE. An ongoing reassessment of controlling financial interest is required to be performed based on any substantive changes in facts and circumstances involving the VIE and its variable interests.

The Company evaluates issuer-sponsored SPEs initially to determine if an entity is a VIE, and is required to reconsider its initial determination if certain events occur. For all entities determined to be VIEs, MBIA performs an ongoing reassessment to determine whether its guarantee to provide credit protection on obligations issued by VIEs provides the Company with a controlling financial interest. Based on its ongoing reassessment of controlling financial interest, the Company determines whether a VIE is required to be consolidated or deconsolidated.

The Company makes its determination for consolidation based on a qualitative assessment of the purpose and design of a VIE, the terms and characteristics of variable interests of an entity, and the risks a VIE is designed to create and pass through to holders of variable interests. The Company generally provides credit protection on obligations issued by VIEs, and holds certain contractual rights according to the purpose and design of a VIE. The Company may have the ability to direct certain activities of a VIE depending on facts and circumstances, including the occurrence of certain contingent events, and these activities may be considered the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. The Company generally considers its guarantee of principal and interest payments of insured obligations, given nonperformance by a VIE, to be an obligation to absorb losses of the entity that could potentially be significant to the VIE. At the time the Company determines it has the ability to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the economic performance of the entity based on facts and circumstances, MBIA is deemed to have a controlling financial interest in the VIE and is required to consolidate the entity as primary beneficiary. The Company performs an ongoing reassessment of controlling financial interest that may result in consolidation or deconsolidation of any VIE.

Consolidated VIEs

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are presented separately in "Assets of consolidated variable interest entities" and "Liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. VIEs are consolidated or deconsolidated based on an ongoing reassessment of controlling financial interest, when events occur or circumstances arise, and whether the ability to exercise rights that constitute power to direct activities of any VIE are present according to the design

and characteristics of these entities. During the first second quarter of 2024, there were the Company did no consolidations or deconsolidations of t consolidate any additional VIEs by the Company. During the first quarter of 2023, the Company and deconsolidated one structured finance VIE due to the prepayment of the outstanding notes of the VIE and recorded losses of \$15 14 million, primarily of which \$9 million was due to credit losses in accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") that were released to earnings. During the first quarter of 2024, the Company had no additional consolidations or deconsolidations of VIEs. During the second and first quarters of 2023, the Company deconsolidated one structured finance VIE each quarter due to the prepayment of the outstanding notes of the VIEs and recorded losses of \$7 million and \$15 million, respectively, primarily due to credit losses in AOCI that were released to earnings. For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, no additional VIEs were consolidated. Consolidation and deconsolidation gains and losses, if any, are recorded within "Other net realized gains (losses)" under "Revenues of consolidated variable interest entities" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Holders of insured obligations of issuer-sponsored VIEs do not have recourse to the general assets of the Company. In the event of nonpayment of an insured obligation issued by a consolidated VIE, the Company is obligated to pay principal and interest, when due, on the respective insured obligation only. The Company's exposure to consolidated VIEs is limited to the credit protection provided on insured obligations and any additional variable interests held by the Company.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 4: Variable Interest Entities (continued)

Nonconsolidated VIEs

The following tables present the Company's maximum exposure to loss for nonconsolidated VIEs and carrying values of the assets and liabilities for its interests in these VIEs in its insurance operations as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The maximum exposure to loss as a result of MBIA's variable interests in VIEs is represented by insurance in force. Insurance in force is the maximum future payments of principal and interest which may be required under commitments to make payments on insured obligations issued by nonconsolidated VIEs. The Company has aggregated nonconsolidated VIEs based on the underlying credit exposure of the insured obligation. The nature of the Company's variable interests in nonconsolidated VIEs is related to financial guarantees and any investments in obligations issued by nonconsolidated VIEs.

	March 31, 2024							June 30, 2024						
	Carrying Value of Assets				Carrying Value of Liabilities			Carrying Value of Assets				Carrying Value of Liabilities		
					Loss and Loss							Loss and Loss		
	Maximum Exposure	Premiums	Insurance Loss	Unearned Premium	Adjustment Expense	Reserves	Maximum Exposure	Premiums	Insurance Loss	Unearned Premium	Adjustment Expense	Reserves	Maximum Exposure	Premiums
In millions	to Loss	Investments	Receivable	Recoverable	Revenue	Reserves	to Loss	Investments	Receivable	Recoverable	Revenue	Reserves	to Loss	Investments
Insurance:														
Global structured finance:														
Mortgage-backed residential	\$ 838	\$ 19	\$ 5	\$ 21	\$ 3	\$ 232	\$ 814	\$ 19	\$ 5	\$ 21	\$ 3	\$ 230		

Consumer asset-backed	111	-	-	1	-	3	102	-	-	-	-	3
Corporate asset-backed	391	-	2	7	3	-	379	-	2	7	3	-
Total global structured finance	1,340	19	7	29	6	235	1,295	19	7	28	6	233
Global public finance	210	-	4	-	3	-	210	-	4	-	3	-
Total insurance	\$ 1,550	\$ 19	\$ 11	\$ 29	\$ 9	\$ 235	\$ 1,505	\$ 19	\$ 11	\$ 28	\$ 9	\$ 233

	December 31, 2023						
	Carrying Value of Assets				Carrying Value of Liabilities		
	Maximum Exposure to Loss	Investments	Premiums Receivable	Insurance Loss Recoverable	Unearned Premium Revenue	Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense	Reserves
In millions							
Insurance:							
Global structured finance:							
Mortgage-backed residential	\$ 853	\$ 19	\$ 5	\$ 23	\$ 3		\$ 239
Consumer asset-backed	121	-	-	1	-		3
Corporate asset-backed	402	-	2	7	3		-
Total global structured finance	1,376	19	7	31	6		242
Global public finance	218	-	4	-	4		-
Total insurance	\$ 1,594	\$ 19	\$ 11	\$ 31	\$ 10		\$ 242

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves

U.S. Public Finance Insurance

U.S. public finance insured transactions consist of municipal bonds, including tax-exempt and taxable indebtedness of U.S. political subdivisions, as well as utilities, airports, health care institutions, higher educational facilities, housing authorities and other similar agencies and obligations issued by private entities that finance projects that serve a substantial public purpose. The Company estimates future losses by using probability-weighted cash flow scenarios that are customized to each insured transaction. Future loss estimates consider debt service due for each insured transaction, which includes par outstanding and interest due, as well as recoveries for such payments, if any. Gross par outstanding for capital appreciation bonds represents the par amount at the time of issuance of the insurance policy.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves (continued)

PREPA

In formulating loss reserves and recoveries for PREPA, estimates in the Company's probability-weighted scenarios include assumptions related to the nature, value, and timing of net cash flows considering the following: environmental, economic, and political developments on the island; litigation and ongoing discussions with creditors and obligors on the Title III proceedings; contractual debt service payments; any existing settlement agreements or proposals and deviations from these proposals; the remediation strategy for insured obligations that have defaulted or are expected to default; and values of other obligations of the issuer. Refer to "Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties" for further information on the Company's PREPA exposure.

International and Structured Finance Insurance

The international and structured finance insurance segment's case basis reserves and insurance loss recoveries recorded in accordance with GAAP do not include reserves and recoveries on consolidated VIEs, since they are eliminated in consolidation.

RMBS Case Basis Reserves (Financial Guarantees)

The Company's RMBS case basis reserves primarily relate to RMBS backed by alternative A-paper and subprime mortgage loans. The Company calculated RMBS case basis reserves as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** using a process called the Roll Rate Methodology ("Roll Rate Methodology"). The Roll Rate Methodology is a multi-step process using databases of loan level information, proprietary internal cash flow models, and commercially available models to estimate potential losses and recoveries on insured bonds. Roll Rate is defined as the probability that current loans become delinquent and subsequently default and loans in the delinquent pipeline are charged-off or liquidated. The loss reserve estimates are based on a probability-weighted average of potential scenarios of loan losses. Additional data used for both first and second-lien loans include historic averages of deal specific voluntary prepayment rates, forward projections of the secured overnight financing rate, and historic averages of deal-specific loss severities. Where applicable, the Company factors in termination scenarios when clean up calls are imminent.

In calculating ultimate cumulative losses for RMBS, the Company estimates the amount of first-lien loans that are expected to be liquidated in the future through foreclosure or short sale, and estimates the amount of second-lien loans that are expected to be charged-off (deemed uncollectible by servicers of the transactions). The time to liquidation for a defaulted loan is specific to the loan's delinquency bucket.

For all RMBS transactions, cash flow models consider allocations and other structural aspects and claims against MBIA Corp.'s insurance policy consistent with such policy's terms and conditions. The estimated net claims from the procedure above are then discounted using a risk-free rate to a net present value reflecting MBIA's general obligation to pay claims over time and not on an accelerated basis.

The Company monitors RMBS portfolio performance on a monthly basis against projected performance, reviewing delinquencies, roll rates, and prepayment rates (including voluntary and involuntary). However, loan performance remains difficult to predict and losses may exceed expectations. In the event of a material deviation in actual performance from projected performance, the Company would increase or decrease the case basis reserves accordingly and re-evaluate its assumptions.

RMBS Recoveries

The Company's RMBS recoveries relate to structural features within the trust structures that allow for the Company to be reimbursed for prior claims paid. These reimbursements for specific trusts include recoveries that are generated from the excess spread of the transactions. Excess spread within insured RMBS securitizations is the difference between interest inflows on mortgage loan collateral and interest outflows on the insured RMBS notes.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves (continued)

Summary of Loss and LAE Reserves and Recoveries

The Company's loss and LAE reserves and recoveries before consolidated VIE eliminations, along with amounts that were eliminated as a result of consolidating VIEs for the international and structured finance insurance segment, which are included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 are presented in the following table:

In millions	As of December 31,					In millions	As of December 31,				
	As of March 31, 2024			2023			As of June 30, 2024			2023	
	Balance Sheet Line			Balance Sheet Line			Balance Sheet Line			Balance Sheet Line	
	Item			Item			Item			Item	
		Loss		Loss			Loss		Loss		
		Insurance	and LAE	Insurance	and LAE		Insurance	and LAE	Insurance	and LAE	
		loss	reserves	loss	reserves		loss	reserves	loss	reserves	
		recoverable	(1)	recoverable	(1)		recoverable	(1)	recoverable	(1)	
U.S. Public	U.S. Public					U.S. Public					
Finance	Finance					Finance					
Insurance	Insurance	\$ 150	\$ 234	\$ 152	\$ 230	Insurance	\$ 114	\$ 344	\$ 152	\$ 230	
International	International					International					
and	and					and					
Structured	Structured					Structured					
Finance	Finance					Finance					
Insurance:	Insurance:					Insurance:					
	Before VIE					Before VIE					
	eliminations	30	321	32	335	eliminations	29	242	32	335	
	VIE					VIE					
	eliminations	(1)	(85)	(1)	(92)	eliminations	(1)	(9)	(1)	(92)	
	Total					Total					
	international					international					
	and structured					and structured					
	finance					finance					
	insurance	29	236	31	243	insurance	28	233	31	243	
Total	Total	\$ 179	\$ 470	\$ 183	\$ 473	Total	\$ 142	\$ 577	\$ 183	\$ 473	

(1) - Amounts are net of estimated recoveries of expected future claims.

Changes in Loss and LAE Reserves

Loss and LAE reserves represent the Company's estimate of future claims and LAE payments, net of any future recoveries of such payments. The following table presents changes in the Company's loss and LAE reserves for the **three** six months ended **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024**. Changes in loss and LAE reserves, with the exception of loss and LAE payments, are recorded in "Losses and loss adjustment" expenses in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. As of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the weighted average risk-free rates used to discount the Company's loss reserves (claim liability) were **4.33** **4.47**% and 3.97%, respectively. LAE reserves are generally expected to be settled within a one-year period and are not discounted. As of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the Company's gross loss and LAE reserves included **\$15 million** and **\$8 million**, **respectively** related to LAE.

In	Changes in Loss and LAE Reserves for the Three Months				In	Changes in Loss and LAE Reserves for the Six Months Ended				
millions	millions	Ended March 31, 2024			millions	June 30, 2024				
Gross	Gross				Gross	Gross				
Loss	Loss				Loss	Loss				
		Changes					Changes			
and LAE	and LAE	Accretion		in	and LAE	and LAE	Accretion		in	and LAE

Reserves	Reserves						Reserves	Reserves	Reserves						Reserves
as of	as of	Loss	of Claim	in		Unearned	as of	as of	Loss	of Claim	in		Unearned	as of	
December	December						March	December							
31,	31,	and LAE	Liability	Discount	Changes in	Premium	31,	31,	and LAE	Liability	Discount	Changes in	Premium	June 30,	
					Assumptions							Assumptions			
2023	2023	Payments	Discount	Rates	(1)	Revenue	2024	2023	Payments	Discount	Rates	(1)	Revenue	2024	
\$	473	\$ (19)	\$ 4	\$ (11)	\$ 26	\$ (3)	\$ 470	473	\$ (25)	\$ 9	\$ (12)	\$ 134	\$ (2)	\$ 577	

(1) - Includes changes in amount and timing of estimated payments and recoveries.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves (continued)

The decrease increase in the Company's loss and LAE reserves was primarily due to payments as well as an increase in risk-free rates during 2024, which caused future liabilities, net of recoveries assumption changes for National's PREPA reserves. Refer to decline primarily "Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties" for further information on our RMBS insured transactions, partially offset by an increase in reserves for PREPA due to extending the timing of the effective date of a settlement, establishing PREPA. In addition, National established reserves on a U.S. Public Finance lease-backed transaction, an increase in the secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR"), which increased estimated interest expense on floating rate liabilities and accretion. transaction.

Changes in Insurance Loss Recoverable

Insurance loss recoverable represents the Company's estimate of expected recoveries on paid claims and LAE. The Company recognizes potential recoveries on paid claims based on the probability-weighted net cash inflows present valued at applicable risk-free rates as of the measurement date. The following table presents changes in the Company's insurance loss recoverable for the three six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024. Changes in insurance loss recoverable with the exception of collections, are recorded in "Losses and loss adjustment" expenses in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Changes in Insurance Loss Recoverable						
for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024						
Gross						Gross
Recoverable						Recoverable
as of						as of
December 31,	Collections	Accretion	Changes in	Changes in		June 30,
2023	for Cases	of	Discount	Assumptions		2024
In millions		Recoveries	Rates			
Insurance loss recoverable	\$ 183	\$ (3)	\$ 4	\$ (1)	\$ (41)	\$ 142

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Changes in Insurance Loss Recoverable						
for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024						
Gross						Gross
Recoverable						Recoverable
as of						as of
December 31,	Collections	Accretion	Changes in	Changes in		March 31,
		of	Discount			

In millions	2023	for Cases	Recoveries	Rates	Assumptions	2024
Insurance loss recoverable	\$ 183	\$ (2)	\$ 2	\$ (1)	\$ (3)	\$ 179

MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves (continued)

The decrease in the Company's insurance loss recoverable reflected in the preceding table was primarily due extending the timing of a updating PREPA settlement, which reduced expected recoveries due to discounting over a longer time frame, on paid claims.

Loss and LAE Activity

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the incurred loss primarily relates related to extending PREPA as discussed above. In addition, the timing of the effective date of a PREPA settlement, establishing six months ended June 30, 2024 incurred loss included reserves on a U.S. public finance lease-backed transaction, transaction.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the incurred loss primarily related to updating PREPA scenarios to reflect the latest information about bondholder elections and the estimated value of recoveries under National's then settlement agreement, which resulted in lower net expected recoveries. Changes in scenario assumptions included changing the effective date of a settlement and reflected the potential that the Company received less reimbursement of claims, partially offset by an increase in SOFR, which increased interest expense on floating rate liabilities on the Company's market value of the bonds and a contingent value instrument ("CVI") expected to be received upon settlement. In addition, the incurred loss included the termination of a first-lien RMBS portfolio, insured transaction and accretion. This incurred loss was partially offset by an increase in risk-free rates, which caused future reserves, net of recoveries, to decline, primarily on the Company's insured RMBS portfolio.

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, the loss and LAE incurred primarily related to a decrease in risk-free rates during 2023, which caused liabilities to increase on our Company's first-lien RMBS portfolio.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves (continued)

Costs associated with remediating insured obligations assigned to the Company's surveillance categories are recorded as LAE and are included in "Losses and loss adjustment" expenses on the Company's consolidated statements of operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, gross LAE related to remediating insured obligations was \$29 million, million and \$3 million, respectively. For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, gross LAE related to remediating insured obligations was \$11 million and \$5 million, respectively.

Surveillance Categories

The following table provides information about the financial guarantees and related claim liability included in each of MBIA's surveillance categories as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024:

		Surveillance Categories						Surveillance Categories				
		Caution		Caution	Caution	Classified		Caution		Caution	Caution	
		List	List	List	List			List	List	List	Classified	
		Low	Medium	High	List			Total	Low	Medium	High	List
\$ in millions	\$ in millions						\$ in millions					
Number of policies	Number of policies	30	-	-	96	126	Number of policies	30	-	-	95	125
Number of issues ⁽¹⁾	Number of issues ⁽¹⁾	11	-	-	78	89	issues ⁽¹⁾	11	-	-	78	89

Remaining weighted average contract period (in years)	Remaining weighted average contract period (in years)	5.9	-	-	6.4	6.2	Remaining weighted average contract period (in years)	5.7	-	-	6.2	6.0
Gross insured contractual payments outstanding:	Gross insured contractual payments outstanding:						Gross insured contractual payments outstanding:					
(2)	(2)						(2)					
	Principal	\$ 795	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,686	\$ 2,481	Principal	\$ 795	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,655	\$ 2,450
	Interest	1,396	-	-	629	2,025	Interest	1,390	-	-	611	2,001
	Total	<u>\$ 2,191</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,315</u>	<u>\$ 4,506</u>	Total	<u>\$ 2,185</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,266</u>	<u>\$ 4,451</u>
Gross Claim Liability (3)	Gross Claim Liability (3)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 852	\$ 852	Gross Claim Liability (3)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 963	\$ 963
Less:	Less:						Less:					
	Gross Potential Recoveries						Gross Potential Recoveries					
	(4)	-	-	-	467	467	(4)	-	-	-	427	427
	Discount, net						Discount, net					
	(5)	-	-	-	91	91	(5)	-	-	-	105	105
Net claim liability (recoverable)	Net claim liability (recoverable)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 294</u>	<u>\$ 294</u>	Net claim liability (recoverable)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 431</u>	<u>\$ 431</u>
Unearned premium revenue	Unearned premium revenue	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ 15	Unearned premium revenue	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10	\$ 15
Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses (6)	Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses (6)					\$ 13	Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses (6)					\$ 19

(1) - An "issue" represents the aggregate of financial guarantee policies that share the same revenue source for purposes of making debt service payments on the insured debt.

(2) - Represents contractual principal and interest payments due by the issuer of the obligations insured by MBIA.

(3) - The gross claim liability with respect to Puerto Rico exposures are net of expected recoveries for policies in a net payable position.

(4) - Gross potential recoveries with respect to certain Puerto Rico exposures are net of the claim liability for policies in a net recoverable position.

(5) - Represents discount related to Gross Claim Liability and Gross Potential Recoveries.

(6) - Included in "Other assets" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves (continued)

The following table provides information about the financial guarantees and related claim liability included in each of MBIA's surveillance categories as of December 31, 2023:

\$ in millions	Surveillance Categories				
	Caution	Caution	Caution		
	List	List	List	Classified	
	Low	Medium	High	List	Total
Number of policies	35	-	-	94	129
Number of issues ⁽¹⁾	13	-	-	77	90
Remaining weighted average contract period (in years)	5.6	-	-	7.1	6.3
Gross insured contractual payments outstanding: ⁽²⁾					
Principal	\$ 1,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,244	\$ 2,580
Interest	1,614	-	-	504	2,118
Total	\$ 2,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,748	\$ 4,698
Gross Claim Liability ⁽³⁾	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 651	\$ 651
Less:					
Gross Potential Recoveries ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	235	235
Discount, net ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	-	125	125
Net claim liability (recoverable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 291	\$ 291
Unearned premium revenue	\$ 9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ 16
Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses ⁽⁶⁾					\$ 13

(1) - An "issue" represents the aggregate of financial guarantee policies that share the same revenue source for purposes of making debt service payments on the insured debt.

(2) - Represents contractual principal and interest payments due by the issuer of the obligations insured by MBIA.

(3) - The gross claim liability with respect to Puerto Rico exposures are net of expected recoveries for policies in a net payable position.

(4) - Gross potential recoveries with respect to certain Puerto Rico exposures are net of the claim liability for policies in a net recoverable position.

(5) - Represents discount related to Gross Claim Liability and Gross Potential Recoveries.

(6) - Included in "Other assets" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments**Fair Value Measurement***Financial Assets and Liabilities*

Financial assets held by the Company primarily consist of investments in debt and equity securities and loans receivables at fair value. Financial liabilities issued by the Company primarily consist of debt issued for general corporate purposes within its corporate segment, medium-term notes ("MTNs"), investment agreements, and debt issued by consolidated VIEs.

Valuation Techniques

Valuation techniques for financial instruments measured at fair value are described below.

Fixed-Maturity Securities Held as Available-For-Sale, Investments Carried at Fair Value and Short-term Investments

These investments include available-for-sale ("AFS") investments in U.S. Treasury and government agencies, state and municipal bonds, foreign governments, corporate obligations, MBS, ABS, mortgage-backed securities ("MBS"), asset-backed securities, money market securities, equity investments and loans carried at fair value.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Substantially all of these investments are valued based on recently executed transaction prices or quoted market prices by independent third parties, including pricing services and brokers. When quoted market prices are not available, fair value is generally determined using quoted prices of similar investments or a valuation model based on observable and unobservable inputs. Inputs vary depending on the type of investment. Observable inputs include contractual cash flows, interest rate yield curves, credit default swap ("CDS") spreads, prepayment and volatility scores, diversity scores, cross-currency basis index spreads, and credit spreads for structures similar to the financial instrument in terms of issuer, maturity and seniority. Unobservable inputs include cash flow projections, the value of any credit enhancement and **currently** for certain equity investments, **a discount rate, EBITDA multiples, discount rates, weightings, hard asset values multiple, initial inventory purchase excess factor** and **type certificate values, EBITDA royalty share**.

Investments based on quoted market prices of identical investments in active markets are classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Level 1 investments generally consist of U.S. Treasury and government agency, money market securities and equity investments. Quoted market prices of investments in less active markets, as well as investments which are valued based on other than quoted prices for which the inputs are observable, such as interest rate yield curves, are categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Investments that contain significant inputs that are not observable are categorized as Level 3.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value due to the short-term nature and credit worthiness of these instruments and are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Variable Interest Entity Loans Receivable at Fair Value

Loans receivable at fair value are assets held by a consolidated VIE consisting of residential mortgage loans and are categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair values of residential mortgage loans are determined using quoted prices for similar securities, adjusted for the fair values of the financial guarantees provided by MBIA Corp. on the related MBS. The fair values of the financial guarantees consider expected claim payments, net of recoveries, under MBIA Corp.'s policies.

Other Assets

Other assets **include included** receivables representing the right to receive reimbursement payments on claim payments expected to be made on certain insured VIE liabilities due to risk mitigating transactions with third parties executed to effectively defease, or, in-substance commute the Company's exposure on its financial guarantee policies. The right to receive reimbursement payments **is was** based on the value of the Company's financial guarantee determined using a cash flow model. The fair value of the financial guarantee primarily **contains contained** unobservable inputs and is categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Medium-term Notes at Fair Value

The Company has elected to measure certain MTNs at fair value on a recurring basis. The fair values of certain MTNs are based on quoted market prices provided by third-party sources, where available. When quoted market prices are not available, the Company applies a matrix pricing grid to determine fair value based on the quoted market prices received for similar instruments and considering the MTNs' stated maturity and interest rate. Nonperformance risk is included in the quoted market prices and the matrix pricing grid. MTNs are categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy and do not include accrued interest.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)
Variable Interest Entity Debt

The fair values of VIE debt are determined based on recently executed transaction prices or quoted prices where observable. When position-specific quoted prices are not observable, fair values are based on quoted prices of similar securities. Fair values based on quoted prices of similar securities may be adjusted for factors unique to the securities, including any credit enhancement. Observable inputs include interest rate yield curves, bond spreads of similar securities and MBIA Corp.'s CDS spreads. Unobservable inputs include the value of any credit enhancement. VIE debt are categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Derivatives

A VIE consolidated by the Company entered into a derivative instrument consisting of a cross currency swap that as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 had outstanding notional amounts of **\$37 million and \$39 million, million, respectively**. The cross currency swap was entered into to manage the variability in cash flows resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency rates. The fair value of the VIE derivative was determined based on the valuation provided by an independent **third party, third-party**, which is included in "Liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities – Derivative liabilities" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. As the significant inputs are unobservable, the derivative contract is categorized in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Significant Unobservable Inputs

The following tables provide quantitative information regarding the significant unobservable inputs used by the Company for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023:

	Fair Value as of March 31, 2024					Fair Value as of June 30, 2024				
			Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)			Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)
In millions	In millions	2024				In millions	2024			
Assets:	Assets:					Assets:				
	Equity	\$ 102	Discounted cash flow	EBITDA multiples ⁽¹⁾			Equity	\$ 45	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate ⁽¹⁾
	Investments			Discount rate ⁽¹⁾			Investments		EBITDA multiple ⁽¹⁾	
				Weightings ⁽¹⁾					Initial inventory purchase excess factor ⁽¹⁾	
			Sum of the parts	Hard asset values ⁽¹⁾				Type certificate	Discount rate ⁽¹⁾	
				Type certificate values ⁽¹⁾					EBITDA royalty share ⁽¹⁾	
				Weightings ⁽¹⁾			Loans	9	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate ⁽¹⁾
							carried at fair value			
	Loans	6	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate ⁽¹⁾						
	carried at fair value									
Assets of consolidated VIEs:	Assets of consolidated VIEs:					Assets of consolidated VIEs:				

Loans receivable at fair value	36	Market prices of similar liabilities adjusted for financial guarantees provided to VIE obligations	Impact of financial guarantee	25% - 25% (25%) (2)
Loans receivable at fair value	31	Market prices of similar liabilities adjusted for financial guarantees provided to VIE obligations	Impact of financial guarantee	27% - 27% (27%) (2)

Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:

Variable interest entity notes	46	Market prices of VIE assets adjusted for financial guarantees provided or market prices of similar liabilities	Impact of financial guarantee	69% - 69% (69%) (2)
--------------------------------	----	--	-------------------------------	---------------------

(1) - Ranges for EBITDA multiples, discount rate, weightings, hard asset values EBITDA multiple, initial inventory purchase excess factor and type certificate values EBITDA royalty share are not meaningful.

(2) - Weighted average represents the total MBIA guarantees as a percentage of total instrument fair value.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

In millions	Fair Value as of December 31, 2023	Valuation Techniques	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)
Assets:				
Equity Investments	\$ 108	Discounted cash flow	EBITDA multiples (1)	
			Discount rate (1)	
			Weightings (1)	
		Sum of the parts	Hard asset values (1)	
			Type certificate values (1)	
			Weightings (1)	

Assets of consolidated VIEs:

Loans receivable at fair value	35	Market prices of similar liabilities or internal cash flow models adjusted for financial guarantees provided to VIE obligations	Impact of financial guarantee	27% - 27% (27%) (2)
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Liabilities of consolidated

VIEs:

Variable interest entity notes	78	Market prices of VIE assets adjusted for financial guarantees provided or market prices of similar liabilities	Impact of financial guarantee	74% - 74% (74%) (2)
--------------------------------	----	--	-------------------------------	------------------------

(1) - Ranges for EBITDA multiples, discount rate, weightings, hard asset values and type certificate values are not meaningful.

(2) - Weighted average represents the total MBIA guarantees as a percentage of total instrument fair value.

Sensitivity of Significant Unobservable Inputs

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments at fair value are the discount rate, EBITDA multiple, initial inventory purchase excess factor and EBITDA royalty share. The fair value of equity investments is determined as the mid-point of a range of valuation scenarios. If there had been lower or higher EBITDA multiple or EBITDA royalty share, the value of equity investments would have been lower or higher, respectively. If there had been a lower or higher discount rate or initial inventory purchase excess factor, the value of equity investments would have been higher or lower, respectively. Prior to the second quarter of 2024, the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments at fair value were the EBITDA multiples, the discount rate, hard asset values and type certificate values. The fair value of equity investments is was determined by taking a weighted average of valuation scenarios. If there had been lower or higher EBITDA multiples, hard asset values or type certificate values, the value of equity investments would have been lower or higher, respectively. If there had been a lower or higher discount rate, the value of equity investments would have been higher or lower, respectively.

The significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement of the loans carried at fair value is the discount rate. The fair value of loans carried at fair value is determined by discounting cash flows. The discount rate includes the credit spread which primarily reflects the credit quality of the obligor. If there had been a lower or higher discount rate, the value of loans carried at fair value would have been higher or lower, respectively.

The significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement of the Company's residential loans receivable at fair value of consolidated VIEs is the impact of the financial guarantee. The fair value of residential loans receivable is calculated by subtracting the value of the financial guarantee from the market value of similar instruments to that of the VIE liabilities. The value of a financial guarantee is estimated by the Company as the present value of expected cash payments, net of recoveries, under the policy. If there had been a lower expected cash flow on the underlying loans receivable of the VIE, the value of the financial guarantee provided by the Company under the insurance policy would have been higher. This would have resulted in a lower fair value of the residential loans receivable in relation to the obligations of the VIE.

The As of December 31, 2023, the significant unobservable input used in the fair value measurement of the Company's VIE notes of consolidated VIEs is was the impact of the financial guarantee. The fair value of VIE notes is was calculated by adding the value of the financial guarantee to the market value of VIE assets. When the VIE note is backed by RMBS, the fair value of the VIE liability is calculated by applying the market value of similar instruments to that of the VIE liabilities. The value of a financial guarantee is was estimated by the Company as the present value of expected cash payments under the policy. If the value of the guarantee provided by the Company to the obligations issued by the VIE had increased, the credit support would have added value to the liabilities of the VIE. This would have resulted in an increased fair value of the liabilities of the VIE.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The following tables present the fair value of the Company's assets (including short-term investments) and liabilities measured and reported at fair value on a recurring basis as of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using						Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical				Balance as of March 31, 2024		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical				Balance as of June 30, 2024
	Significant Other Inputs			Significant Unobservable Inputs			Significant Other Inputs			Significant Unobservable Inputs	
	Observable		Unobservable				Observable		Unobservable		
	Assets (Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)					Assets (Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)			
	In millions	In millions	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		In millions	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2024
	Assets:	Assets:						Assets:			
Fixed-maturity investments:	Fixed-maturity investments:					Fixed-maturity investments:					
	U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 546	\$ 7	\$ -	\$ 553	U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 510	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 510	
	State and municipal bonds	-	119	-	119	State and municipal bonds	-	108	-	108	
	Foreign governments	-	13	-	13	Foreign governments	-	18	-	18	
	Corporate obligations	-	490	7 ⁽¹⁾	497	Corporate obligations	-	456	10 ⁽¹⁾	466	
	Mortgage-backed securities:					Mortgage-backed securities:					
	Residential mortgage-backed agency	-	140	-	140	Residential mortgage-backed agency	-	121	-	121	
	Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	-	34	-	34	Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	-	34	-	34	
	Commercial mortgage-backed	-	14	-	14	Commercial mortgage-backed	-	11	-	11	
	Asset-backed securities:					Asset-backed securities:					

Money market securities Equity investments Cash and cash equivalents Assets of consolidated VIEs:	Collateralized debt obligations	-	132	-	132	Collateralized debt obligations	-	122	-	122
	Other asset-backed	-	63	-	63	Other asset-backed	-	36	-	36
	Total fixed-maturity investments	546	1,012	7	1,565	Total fixed-maturity investments	510	906	10	1,426
	Money market securities	85	-	-	85	Money market securities	113	-	-	113
	Equity investments	43	8	102	153	Equity investments	43	7	45	95
	Cash and cash equivalents	131	-	-	131	Cash and cash equivalents	195	-	-	195
	Assets of consolidated VIEs:					Assets of consolidated VIEs:				
	Mortgage-backed securities:					Cash	2	-	-	2
	Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	-	10	-	10	Loans receivable at fair value:				
	Commercial mortgage-backed	-	10	-	10	Residential loans receivable	-	-	31	31
	Asset-backed securities:									
	Collateralized debt obligations	-	1	-	1					
	Other asset-backed	-	1	-	1					
	Cash	6	-	-	6					
	Loans receivable at fair value:									
	Residential loans receivable	-	-	36	36					
	Other assets	-	-	2	2					
	Total assets	\$ 811	\$ 1,042	\$ 147	\$ 2,000	Total assets	\$ 863	\$ 913	\$ 86	\$ 1,862
	Liabilities:					Liabilities:				
	Medium-term notes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36	\$ 36	Medium-term notes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36	\$ 36
Other liabilities:	Other liabilities:					Other liabilities:				
	Insured credit derivatives	-	1	-	1	Insured credit derivatives	-	1	-	1

Liabilities of consolidated	Liabilities of consolidated	Liabilities of consolidated
VIEs:	VIEs:	VIEs:
Variable interest entity notes	Variable interest entity notes	Variable interest entity notes
-	-	-
46	46	31
Currency derivatives	Currency derivatives	Currency derivatives
-	-	-
15	15	9
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	Total liabilities
\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 76
\$ 97	\$ 98	\$ 77

(1) - Includes loans carried at fair value of \$9 million.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

In millions	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using				Balance as of December 31, 2023
	Quoted Prices in	Significant			
	Active Markets	Other	Significant		
	for Identical	Observable	Unobservable		
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs		
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)		
Assets:					
Fixed-maturity investments:					
U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 705	\$ 7	\$ -	\$ -	712
State and municipal bonds	-	123	-	-	123
Foreign governments	-	18	-	-	18
Corporate obligations	-	496	1	-	497
Mortgage-backed securities:					
Residential mortgage-backed agency	-	149	-	-	149
Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	-	34	-	-	34
Commercial mortgage-backed	-	14	-	-	14
Asset-backed securities:					
Collateralized debt obligations	-	146	-	-	146

Other asset-backed	-	46	-	46
Total fixed-maturity investments	705	1,033	1	1,739
Money market securities	34	-	-	34
Equity investments	39	8	108	155
Cash and cash equivalents	104	-	-	104
Assets of consolidated VIEs:				
Mortgage-backed securities:				
Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	-	10	-	10
Commercial mortgage-backed	-	10	-	10
Asset-backed securities:				
Collateralized debt obligations	-	1	-	1
Other asset-backed	-	1	-	1
Cash	3	-	-	3
Loans receivable at fair value:				
Residential loans receivable	-	-	35	35
Other assets	-	-	2	2
Total assets	\$ 885	\$ 1,063	\$ 146	\$ 2,094
Liabilities:				
Medium-term notes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40	\$ 40
Other liabilities:				
Insured credit derivatives	-	1	-	1
Non-insured interest rate derivatives	-	1	-	1
Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:				
Variable interest entity notes	-	-	78	78
Currency derivatives	-	-	14	14
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 132	\$ 134

Level 3 assets at fair value as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 represented approximately **5% and 7%, respectively**, of total assets measured at fair value. Level 3 liabilities at fair value as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 represented approximately 99% of total liabilities measured at fair value.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following tables present the fair values and carrying values of the Company's assets and liabilities that are disclosed at fair value but not reported at fair value on the Company's consolidated balance sheets as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023. The majority of the financial assets and liabilities that the Company requires fair value reporting or disclosures are valued based on the Company's or a third-party's estimate of discounted cash flow model estimates, or quoted market values for identical or similar products.

Fair Value Measurements at Reporting	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting
Date Using	Date Using

		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Fair Value as of March 31, 2024	Carry Value as of March 31, 2024			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Fair Value as of June 30, 2024	
In millions	In millions	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2024	2024		In millions	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2024	
Assets:	Assets:							Assets:					
	Other							Other					
	investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3		investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$
Total assets	Total assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3		Total assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$
Liabilities:	Liabilities:							Liabilities:					
	Long-term							Long-term					
	debt	\$ -	\$ 302	\$ -	\$ 302	\$ 2,625		debt	\$ -	\$ 320	\$ -	\$ 320	\$
	Medium-term							Medium-term					
	notes	-	-	235	235	418 ⁽¹⁾		notes	-	-	213	213	
	Investment							Investment					
	agreements	-	-	236	236	220		agreements	-	-	236	236	
Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:	Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:							Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:					
	Variable							Variable					
	interest							interest					
	entity loans							entity loans					
	payable	-	-	5	5	5		payable	-	-	6	6	
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 302	\$ 476	\$ 778	\$ 3,268		Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 320	\$ 455	\$ 775	\$
Financial	Financial							Financial					
Guarantees:	Guarantees:							Guarantees:					
	Gross							Gross					
	liability							liability					
	(recoverable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 793	\$ 793	\$ 515		(recoverable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 893	\$ 893	\$
	Ceded							Ceded					
	recoverable							recoverable					
	(liability)	-	-	20	20	16		(liability)	-	-	20	20	

(1) - The carry value includes the complex interest calculations embedded derivatives in certain MTNs that are reported together with the host contract. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the Company had an immaterial amount of no embedded derivative assets and had embedded derivative liabilities of \$2.1 million.

Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using						
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value Balance as of December 31, 2023	Carry Value Balance as of December 31, 2023	
In millions						
Assets:						
Other investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	
Total assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$ 3	
Liabilities:						
Long-term debt	\$ -	\$ 287	\$ -	\$ 287	\$ 2,585	

Medium-term notes	-	-	291	291	455 ⁽¹⁾
Investment agreements	-	-	243	243	221
Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:					
Variable interest entity loans payable	-	-	3	3	3
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 287	\$ 537	\$ 824	\$ 3,264
Financial Guarantees:					
Gross liability (recoverable)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 837	\$ 837	\$ 522
Ceded recoverable (liability)	-	-	20	20	16

(1) - The carry value includes the complex interest calculations embedded derivatives in certain MTNs that are reported together with the host contract. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had embedded derivative assets and liabilities of \$1 million and \$3 million, respectively.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following tables present information about changes in Level 3 assets (including short-term investments) and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the three months ended **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

Changes in Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis for the Three Months Ended **March 31, 2024**, **June 30,**

2024

											Change in	Change in					
											Unrealized	Unrealized					
											Gains	Gains					
											(Losses)	(Losses)					
											for	for					
											the Period	the Period					
											Included	Included					
											in	in					
											Earnings	OCI					
											for Assets	for Assets					
										still held	still held	(Losses)	Gains /				
Balance,	Included	(Losses)					Transfers	Transfers		as of	as of	Balance,	Included	(Losses)			
Beginning	in	Included					into	out of	Ending	March 31,	March 31,	Beginning	in	Included			
In millions	of Period	Earnings	in OCI ⁽¹⁾	Purchases	Issuances	Settlements	Sales	Level 3	Level 3	Balance	2024	2024 ⁽¹⁾	of Period	Earnings	in OCI ⁽¹⁾	Purchases	Issuances
Assets:																	
Corporate																	
obligations	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7 ⁽²⁾	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ (3)	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ -

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Changes in Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis for the Three Months Ended **March 31, 2023** June 30,

2023

												Change in	Change in					
												Unrealized	Unrealized					
												Gains	Gains					
												(Losses)	(Losses)					
												for	for					
												the Period	the Period					
												Included	Included					
												in	in					
												Earnings						
												for	OCI for					
											Assets	Assets						
											still held	still held						
											as of	as of						
											March 31,	March 31,						
											2023	2023 ⁽¹⁾						
</																		

Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:																	
VIE notes	172	15	(14)	-	-	(1)	(18)	-	-	154	1	-	154	17	(12)	-	62
Currency derivatives	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	5	-	11	1	-	-	-
Total liabilities	\$ 219	\$ 23	\$ (16)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1)	\$ (18)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 207	\$ 9	\$ (2)	\$ 207	\$ 15	\$ (13)	\$ -	\$ 62

- (1) - Reported within the "Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities" on MBIA's Consolidated Statement the Company's consolidated statements of Comprehensive Income/Loss, comprehensive income (loss).
- (2) - Reported within the "Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities measured at fair value" on MBIA's Consolidated Statement the Company's consolidated statements of Comprehensive Income/Loss, comprehensive income (loss).

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3.

For the three months ended March 31, 2023, June 30, 2024 and 2023, sales include the impact of the deconsolidation of VIEs. Refer to "Note 4: Variable Interest Entities" for additional information about the deconsolidation of VIEs.

The following tables present information about changes in Level 3 assets (including short-term investments) and liabilities measured at fair value on a VIE, recurring basis for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

Changes in Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

											Change in	Change in
											Unrealized	Unrealized
											Gains	Gains
											(Losses) for	(Losses) for
											the Period	the Period
											Included in	Included in
											Earnings for	OCI for
											Assets	Assets
											still held	still held
											as of	as of
											into	out of
											Level 3	Level 3
											Ending	
											June 30,	June 30,
In millions	of Year	Earnings	in OCI ⁽¹⁾	Purchases	Issuances	Settlements	Sales	Level 3	Level 3	Balance	2024	2024 ⁽¹⁾
Assets:												
Corporate obligations	\$ 1	\$ (3)	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10 ⁽²⁾	\$ -	\$ -
Equity investments	108	(63)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	(63)	-
Assets of consolidated VIEs:												
Loans receivable -												
residential	35	(2)	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	31	(4)	-

Other	2	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 146	\$ (68)	\$ -	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ (2)	\$ (2)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86	\$ (67)	\$ -

											Change in	Change in
											Unrealized	Unrealized
											(Gains)	(Gains)
											Losses for	Losses for
											the Period	the Period
											Included in	Included in
											Earnings for	OCI for
											Liabilities	Liabilities
											still held	still held
											as of	as of
											June 30,	June 30,
											2024	2024 ⁽¹⁾
In millions	of Year	Earnings	in OCI ⁽²⁾	Purchases	Issuances	Settlements	Sales	Level 3	Level 3	Ending		
Liabilities:												
Medium-term notes	\$ 40	\$ (6)	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36	\$ (6)	\$ 2
Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:												
VIE notes	78	39	(27)	-	-	(39)	(20)	-	-	31	-	-
Currency derivatives	14	(5)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	(5)	-
Total liabilities	\$ 132	\$ 28	\$ (25)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (39)	\$ (20)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76	\$ (11)	\$ 2

(1) - Reported within the "Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities" on the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(2) - Reported within the "Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities measured at fair value" on the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(3) - Includes loans carried at fair value of \$9 million.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Changes in Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

											Change in	Change in
											Unrealized	Unrealized
											Gains	Gains
											(Losses) for	(Losses) for
											the Period	the Period
											Included in	Included in
											Earnings for	OCI for
											Assets	Assets
											still held	still held
											as of	as of
											June 30,	June 30,
											2023	2023 ⁽¹⁾
In millions	of Year	Earnings	in OCI ⁽¹⁾	Purchases	Issuances	Settlements	Sales	Level 3	Level 3	Ending		
Assets:												
Corporate obligations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -
Equity securities	115	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115	-	-
Assets of consolidated VIEs:												

Loans receivable - residential	78	(3)	-	-	-	(5)	-	-	-	70	(7)	-
Other	23	3	-	-	-	-	(24)	-	-	2	(1)	-
Total assets	\$ 216	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5)	\$ (24)	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 188	\$ (8)	\$ -

In millions											Change in	Change in	
											Unrealized	Unrealized	
											(Gains)	(Gains)	
											Losses for	Losses for	
											the Period	the Period	
											Included in	Included in	
											Earnings for	OCI for	
		Total											
		(Gains) /	Unrealized										
		Losses	(Gains) /										
	Balance,	Included	Losses					Transfers	Transfers				
	Beginning	in	Included					into	out of	Ending			
	of Year	Earnings	in OCI ⁽²⁾	Purchases	Issuances	Settlements	Sales	Level 3	Level 3	Balance	2023	2023 ⁽²⁾	
Liabilities:													
Medium-term notes	\$ 41	\$ -	\$ (3)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ -	\$ (3)	
Liabilities of consolidated VIEs:													
VIE notes	172	33	(26)	-	62	(24)	(34)	-	-	183	(3)	7	
Currency derivatives	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	6	-	
Total liabilities	\$ 219	\$ 39	\$ (29)	\$ -	\$ 62	\$ (24)	\$ (34)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 233	\$ 3	\$ 4	

(1) - Reported within the "Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities" on the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

(2) - Reported within the "Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities measured at fair value" on the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

For the six months ended June 30, 2024, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3.

For the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, sales include the impact of the deconsolidation of VIE's. Refer to "Note 4: Variable Interest Entities" for additional information about the deconsolidation of VIEs.

For the three six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, transfers into Level 3 and out of Level 2 were related to corporate obligations, where inputs, which are significant to their valuation, became unobservable during the year. These inputs included spreads, prepayment speeds, default speeds, default severities, yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, and market corroborated inputs. There were no transfers out of Level 3.

Gains and losses (realized and unrealized) included in earnings related to Level 3 assets and liabilities for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023 are reported on the Company's consolidated statements of operations as follows:

In millions	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024			Three Months Ended March 31, 2023		
	Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) for the Period Included in Earnings for Assets and Liabilities still held as of March 31, 2024			Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) for the Period Included in Earnings for Assets and Liabilities still held as of March 31, 2023		
	Total Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings			Total Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings		
	in Earnings			in Earnings		
Revenues:						

Net gains (losses) on financial instruments	\$	(4)	\$	(4)	\$	(3)	\$	(3)
at fair value and foreign exchange								
Revenues of consolidated VIEs:								
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments								
at fair value and foreign exchange		(24)		1		3		-
Other net realized gains (losses)		-		-		(14)		-
Total	\$	(28)	\$	(3)	\$	(14)	\$	(3)

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024		Three Months Ended June 30, 2023	
		Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) for the Period Included in Earnings for Assets and Total Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings		Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) for the Period Included in Earnings for Assets and Total Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings
In millions		2024		2023
Revenues:				
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments				
at fair value and foreign exchange	\$	(56)	\$	(55)
			\$	3
Revenues of consolidated VIEs ⁽¹⁾		(12)		(27)
				(10)
Total	\$	(68)	\$	(54)
			\$	(24)
			\$	(7)

(1) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange-VIE" and "Other net realized gains (losses)-VIE" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	
		Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) for the Period Included in Earnings for Assets and Total Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings		Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) for the Period Included in Earnings for Assets and Total Gains (Losses) Included in Earnings
In millions		2024		2023
Revenues:				
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments				
at fair value and foreign exchange	\$	(60)	\$	(57)
			\$	-
			\$	-

Revenues of consolidated VIEs ⁽¹⁾	(36)	1	(39)	(11)
Total	\$ (96)	\$ (56)	\$ (39)	\$ (11)

(1) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange-VIE" and "Other net realized gains (losses)-VIE" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

Derivative Instruments

The following table presents the effects of derivative instruments on the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

In millions				
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2024	2023	
Interest rate swaps	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	\$ -	\$ (9)	
Currency swaps-VIE	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange-VIE	(1)	(4)	
Total		\$ (1)	\$ (13)	

In millions				
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Three Months Ended June 30,		
		2024	2023	
Interest rate swaps	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	\$ -	\$ 10	
Currency swaps-VIE	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange-VIE	6	(1)	
Total		\$ 6	\$ 9	

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

In millions				
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Six Months Ended June 30,		
		2024	2023	
Interest rate swaps	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	\$ -	\$ 1	
Currency swaps-VIE	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange-VIE	5	(6)	
Total		\$ 5	\$ (5)	

Fair Value Option

The Company elected to record at fair value certain financial instruments, including certain equity investments and financial instruments that are consolidated in connection with the adoption of the accounting guidance for consolidation of VIEs.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table presents the gains and (losses) included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023 for financial instruments for which the fair value option was elected:

In millions	In millions	Three Months Ended March 31,		In millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2024	2023		2024	2023	2024	2023
Investments carried at fair value ⁽¹⁾	Investments carried at fair value ⁽¹⁾	\$ (4)	\$ 3	Investments carried at fair value ⁽¹⁾	\$ (60)	\$ -	\$ (63)	\$ 3
Fixed-maturity securities held at fair value-VIE ⁽²⁾	Fixed-maturity securities held at fair value-VIE ⁽²⁾	-	(4)	Fixed-maturity securities held at fair value-VIE ⁽²⁾	(1)	-	(1)	(4)
Loans receivable and other instruments at fair value:								
Loans receivable at fair value:								
	Residential mortgage loans ⁽²⁾	2	7	Residential mortgage loans ⁽²⁾	(4)	(11)	(2)	(3)
Other assets-VIE ⁽²⁾	Other assets-VIE ⁽²⁾	-	2	Other assets-VIE ⁽²⁾	-	2	-	3
Medium-term notes ⁽¹⁾	Medium-term notes ⁽¹⁾	2	(3)	Medium-term notes ⁽¹⁾	4	3	6	-
Variable interest entity notes ⁽²⁾	Variable interest entity notes ⁽²⁾	(25)	(15)	Variable interest entity notes ⁽²⁾	(14)	(17)	(39)	(33)

(1) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange" on **MBIA's the Company's** consolidated statements of operations.

(2) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange-VIE" and **and/or** "Other net realized gains (losses)-VIE" on **MBIA's the Company's** consolidated statements of operations.

The following table reflects the difference between the aggregate fair value and the aggregate remaining contractual principal balance outstanding as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 for loans and notes for which the fair value option was elected:

As of December 31, 2023 for loans and as of June 30, 2024 for which the fair value option was elected.														
In millions	In millions	As of March 31, 2024			As of December 31, 2023			In millions	As of June 30, 2024			As of December 31, 2023		
		Contractual		Fair	Contractual		Fair		Contractual		Fair	Contractual		Fair
		Outstanding	Principal		Outstanding	Value			Outstanding	Value		Outstanding	Value	
In millions	In millions	Principal	Value	Difference	Principal	Value	Difference	In millions	Principal	Value	Difference	Principal	Value	Difference
Loans receivable at fair value:	Loans receivable at fair value:							Loans receivable at fair value:						
	Residential mortgage loans - current	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ -	Residential mortgage loans - current	\$ 15	\$ 15	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ -
	Residential mortgage loans (90 days or more past due)	59	19	40	58	17	41	Residential mortgage loans (90 days or more past due)	53	16	37	58	17	41
	Total loans receivable and other instruments at fair value	\$ 76	\$ 36	\$ 40	\$ 76	\$ 35	\$ 41	Total loans receivable and other instruments at fair value	\$ 68	\$ 31	\$ 37	\$ 76	\$ 35	\$ 41
Variable interest entity notes	Variable interest entity notes	\$ 292	\$ 46	\$ 246	\$ 328	\$ 78	\$ 250	Variable interest entity notes	\$ 48	\$ 31	\$ 17	\$ 328	\$ 78	\$ 250
Medium-term notes	Medium-term notes	\$ 54	\$ 36	\$ 18	\$ 55	\$ 40	\$ 15	Medium-term notes	\$ 54	\$ 36	\$ 18	\$ 55	\$ 40	\$ 15

The differences between the contractual outstanding principal and the fair values on loans receivable, VIE notes and MTNs in the preceding table are primarily attributable to credit risk. This is due to the high rate of defaults on loans (90 days or more past due), the collateral supporting the VIE notes and the nonperformance risk of the Company on its MTNs, all of which resulted in depressed pricing of the financial instruments.

Instrument-Specific Credit Risk of Liabilities Elected Under the Fair Value Option

As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the cumulative changes in instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities elected under the fair value option were gains of **\$22 25** million and losses of \$1 million, respectively, reported in AOCI on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Changes in value attributable to instrument-specific credit risk were derived principally from changes in the Company's credit spread. For liabilities of VIEs, additional adjustments to instrument-specific credit risk are required, which is determined by an analysis of deal specific performance of collateral that support these liabilities. During the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023, the

portions of instrument-specific credit risk included in AOCI that were recognized in earnings due to settlement of liabilities were losses of \$199 million and \$1420 million, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the portions of instrument-specific credit risk included in AOCI that were recognized in earnings due to settlement of liabilities were losses of \$28 million and \$34 million, respectively.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 7: Investments

Investments, excluding equity instruments, those elected under the fair value option and those classified as trading, primarily consist of debt instruments classified as AFS.

The following tables present the amortized cost, allowance for credit losses, corresponding gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value for AFS investments in the Company's consolidated investment portfolio as of March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

In millions		March 31, 2024						June 30, 2024				
		Amortized	Allowance	Gross	Gross	Fair		Amortized	Allowance	Gross	Gross	Fair
		Cost	for Credit	Unrealized	Unrealized	Value		Cost	for Credit	Unrealized	Unrealized	Value
			Losses	Gains	Losses				Losses	Gains	Losses	
AFS	AFS						AFS					
Investments	Investments						Investments					
Fixed-maturity investments:	Fixed-maturity investments:						Fixed-maturity investments:					
	U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 567	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (20)	\$ 547		\$ 529	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (20)	\$ 509
	State and municipal bonds	125	-	3	(9)	119		116	-	2	(10)	108
	Foreign governments	14	-	1	(2)	13		19	-	-	(2)	17
	Corporate obligations	511	-	1	(98)	414		510	-	1	(105)	406
	Mortgage-backed securities:											
	Residential mortgage-backed agency	143	-	-	(17)	126		138	-	-	(17)	121
	Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	31	-	1	(6)	26		31	-	1	(6)	26

	Commercial mortgage-backed	13	-	-	-	13	Commercial mortgage-backed	10	-	-	-	10
	Asset-backed securities:						Asset-backed securities:					
	Collateralized debt obligations	96	-	1	(1)	96	Collateralized debt obligations	92	-	1	-	93
	Other asset-backed	44	-	-	(1)	43	Other asset-backed	19	-	-	(1)	18
	Total AFS investments	\$ 1,544	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ (154)	\$ 1,397	Total AFS investments	\$ 1,464	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ (161)	\$ 1,308

	December 31, 2023					
		Allowance	Gross	Gross		
	Amortized	for Credit	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair	
In millions	Cost	Losses	Gains	Losses	Value	
AFS Investments						
Fixed-maturity investments:						
U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 721	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ (18)	\$ 704	
State and municipal bonds	128	-	3	(8)	123	
Foreign governments	19	-	1	(2)	18	
Corporate obligations	505	-	2	(90)	417	
Mortgage-backed securities:						
Residential mortgage-backed agency	149	-	-	(14)	135	
Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	31	-	1	(5)	27	
Commercial mortgage-backed	13	-	-	-	13	
Asset-backed securities:						
Collateralized debt obligations	96	-	1	(1)	96	
Other asset-backed	26	-	-	(2)	24	
Total AFS investments	\$ 1,688	\$ -	\$ 9	\$ (140)	\$ 1,557	

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 7: Investments (continued)

The following table presents the distribution by contractual maturity of AFS fixed-maturity securities at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses, and fair value as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**. Contractual maturity may differ from expected maturity as borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations.

In millions	AFS Securities		AFS Securities	
	Net		Net	
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 418	\$ 417	\$ 370	\$ 370
Due after one year through five years	159	155	166	162
Due after five years through ten years	205	179	203	175
Due after ten years	435	342	435	333
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed	327	304	290	268
Total fixed-maturity investments	\$ 1,544	\$ 1,397	\$ 1,464	\$ 1,308

Deposited and Pledged Securities

The fair value of securities on deposit with various regulatory authorities as of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 was \$11 million. These deposits are required to comply with state insurance laws.

Investment agreement obligations require the Company to pledge securities as collateral. Securities pledged in connection with investment agreements may not be repledged by the investment agreement counterparty. As of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the fair value of securities pledged as collateral for these investment agreements were **\$230**, **\$232** million and \$241 million, respectively. The Company's collateral as of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** consisted principally of U.S. Treasury and government agency and corporate obligations, and was primarily held with major U.S. banks.

Impaired Investments

The following tables present the non-credit related gross unrealized losses related to AFS investments as of **March 31, 2024**, **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023:

In millions		March 31, 2024							June 30, 2024					
		Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total			Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
		Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses		Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
AFS Investments	AFS Investments							AFS Investments						
Fixed-maturity investments:	Fixed-maturity investments:							Fixed-maturity investments:						
	U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 25	\$ -	\$ 140	\$ (20)	\$ 165	\$ (20)		\$ 22	\$ -	\$ 139	\$ (20)	\$ 161	\$ (20)
	State and municipal bonds	27	(1)	58	(8)	85	(9)		19	(1)	63	(9)	82	(10)
	Foreign governments	2	-	6	(2)	8	(2)		2	-	6	(2)	8	(2)
	Corporate obligations	25	(1)	334	(97)	359	(98)		48	(1)	313	(104)	361	(105)
	Mortgage-backed securities:													
	Residential mortgage-backed agency	9	-	112	(17)	121	(17)		9	-	107	(17)	116	(17)

	Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	3	-	21	(6)	24	(6)	Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	3	-	21	(6)	24
	Commercial mortgage-backed	-	-	3	-	3	-	Commercial mortgage-backed	10	-	-	-	10
	Asset-backed securities:							Asset-backed securities:					
	Collateralized debt obligations	-	-	72	(1)	72	(1)	Collateralized debt obligations	10	-	21	-	31
	Other asset-backed	16	-	17	(1)	33	(1)	Other asset-backed	-	-	15	(1)	15
Total AFS investments	Total AFS investments	\$ 107	\$ (2)	\$ 763	\$ (152)	\$ 870	\$ (154)	Total AFS investments	\$ 123	\$ (2)	\$ 685	\$ (159)	\$ 808

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 7: Investments (continued)

In millions	December 31, 2023					
	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
AFS Investments						
Fixed-maturity investments:						
U.S. Treasury and government agency	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 143	\$ (18)	\$ 154	\$ (18)
State and municipal bonds	23	(1)	57	(7)	80	(8)
Foreign governments	-	-	6	(2)	6	(2)
Corporate obligations	17	-	337	(90)	354	(90)
Mortgage-backed securities:						
Residential mortgage-backed agency	-	-	118	(14)	118	(14)
Residential mortgage-backed non-agency	3	-	21	(5)	24	(5)
Commercial mortgage-backed	4	-	3	-	7	-
Asset-backed securities:						
Collateralized debt obligations	-	-	89	(1)	89	(1)
Other asset-backed	-	-	22	(2)	22	(2)
Total AFS investments	\$ 58	\$ (1)	\$ 796	\$ (139)	\$ 854	\$ (140)

Gross unrealized losses on AFS investments increased as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with December 31, 2023 primarily due to higher interest rates, partially offset by tighter credit spreads. rates.

With the weighting applied on the fair value of each security relative to the total fair value, the weighted average contractual maturity of securities in an unrealized loss position as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 was 14 years.

As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, there were **433** **405** and 450 securities, respectively, that were in

an unrealized loss position for a continuous twelve-month period or longer, of which, fair values of 367 and 365 securities, respectively, were below book value by more than 5%.

The following table presents the distribution of securities in an unrealized loss position for a continuous twelve-month period or longer where fair value was below book value by more than 5% as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024:

Percentage of Fair Value Below Book Value	AFS Securities			AFS Securities		
	Number of Securities	Book Value (in millions)	Fair Value (in millions)	Number of Securities	Book Value (in millions)	Fair Value (in millions)
> 5% to 15%	176	\$ 231	\$ 208	170	\$ 210	\$ 191
> 15% to 25%	108	277	226	104	283	231
> 25% to 50%	79	227	152	91	251	165
> 50%	2	-	-	2	-	-
Total	365	\$ 735	\$ 586	367	\$ 744	\$ 587

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 7: Investments (continued)

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the Company concluded that it does not have the intent to sell securities in an unrealized loss position and it is more likely than not, that it would not have to sell these securities before recovery of their cost basis. In making this conclusion, the Company examined the cash flow projections for its investment portfolios, the potential sources and uses of cash in its businesses, and the cash resources available to its business other than sales of securities. It also considered the existence of any risk management or other plans as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 that would require the sale of impaired securities.

Credit Losses on Investments

The Company's fixed-maturity securities for which fair value is less than amortized cost are reviewed quarterly in order to determine whether a credit loss exists. If the Company determines that the declines in the fair value are related to credit loss, the Company will establish an allowance for credit losses and recognize the credit component through earnings. Refer to "Note 8: Investments" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 for a discussion of the Company's policy for its determination of credit losses. The Company did not purchase any credit-deteriorated assets or establish an allowance for credit losses for AFS securities for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Company does not recognize credit losses on securities insured by MBIA Corp. and National since those securities, whether or not owned by the Company, are evaluated for impairments in accordance with its loss reserving policy. The following table provides information about securities held by the Company as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 that were in an unrealized loss position and insured by a financial guarantor, along with the amount of insurance loss reserves corresponding to the par amount owned by the Company. The Company did not hold any securities in an unrealized loss position that were insured by a third-party financial guarantor as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024.

	Insurance					Insurance			
	Unrealized			Loss		Unrealized			Loss
	Fair					Fair			
In millions	In millions	Value	Loss	Reserve ⁽¹⁾	In millions	Value	Loss	Reserve ⁽¹⁾	
Mortgage-backed	Mortgage-backed	\$ 17	\$ (4)	\$ 22	Mortgage-backed	\$ 17	\$ (5)	\$ 21	

Corporate obligations	Corporate obligations	78	(39)	-	Corporate obligations	77	(43)	-
Total	Total	\$ 95	\$ (43)	\$ 22	Total	\$ 94	\$ (48)	\$ 21

⁽¹⁾ - Insurance loss reserve estimates are based on the proportion of par value owned to the total amount of par value insured and are discounted using a discount rate equal to the risk-free rate applicable to the currency and weighted average remaining life of the insurance contract and may differ from the fair value.

Sales of Available-for-Sale Investments

Gross realized gains and losses from sales of AFS investments are recorded within "Net realized investment gains (losses)" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The proceeds and the gross realized gains and losses from sales of fixed-maturity securities held as AFS for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023 are as follows:

In millions	In millions	Three Months Ended March 31,		In millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2024	2023		2024	2023	2024	2023
Proceeds from sales	Proceeds from sales	\$ 28	\$ 98	Proceeds from sales	\$ 27	\$ 174	\$ 55	\$ 272
Gross realized gains	Gross realized gains	\$ -	\$ 1	Gross realized gains	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 1
Gross realized losses	Gross realized losses	\$ (1)	\$ (4)	Gross realized losses	\$ (2)	\$ (7)	\$ (3)	\$ (11)

Equity and Trading Investments

Equity and trading investments are included within "Investments carried at fair value" on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Unrealized gains and losses recognized on equity and trading investments held as of the end of each period for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023 are as follows:

In millions	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Net gains (losses) recognized during the period on equity and trading securities	\$ (2)	\$ 1
Less:		
Net gains (losses) recognized during the period on equity and trading securities sold during the period	-	-
Unrealized gains (losses) recognized during the period on equity and trading securities still held at the reporting date	\$ (2)	\$ 1

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 7: Investments (continued)

In millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net gains (losses) recognized during the period on equity and trading securities	\$ (56)	\$ 2	\$ (58)	\$ 3
Less:				
Net gains (losses) recognized during the period on equity and trading securities sold during the period	1	-	1	-
Unrealized gains (losses) recognized during the period on equity and trading securities still held at the reporting date	\$ (57)	\$ 2	\$ (59)	\$ 3

Note 8: Income Taxes

The Company's income taxes and the related effective tax rates for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

In millions	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31,		June 30,		June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (87)	\$ (83)	\$ (253)	\$ (78)	\$ (340)	\$ (161)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Effective tax rate	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %

For the three six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company's effective tax rate applied to its loss from continuing operations before income taxes was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate due to the full valuation allowance on the changes in its net deferred tax asset.

Deferred Tax Asset, Net of Valuation Allowance

The Company assesses the available positive and negative evidence to estimate whether sufficient future taxable income will be generated to permit use of its existing deferred tax assets. A significant piece of objective negative evidence evaluated was the Company having a three-year cumulative loss. Such objective evidence limits the ability to consider other subjective evidence, such as the Company's projections of pre-tax income. On the basis of this evaluation, the Company has recorded a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset of \$1.3 billion and \$1.2 billion as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The Company will continue to analyze the valuation allowance on a quarterly basis.

Net operating losses ("NOLs") of property and casualty insurance companies are permitted to be carried back two years and carried forward 20 years. NOLs of property and casualty insurance companies are not subject to the 80 percent taxable income limitation and indefinite lived carryforward period required by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act applicable to general corporate NOLs.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Company's policy is to record and disclose any change in unrecognized tax benefit ("UTB") and related interest and/or penalties to income tax in the consolidated statements of operations. The Company includes interest as a component of income tax expense. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had no material UTB.

Federal income tax returns through 2011 have been examined or surveyed. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the Company's NOL is approximately \$4.2 4.4 billion. NOLs generated prior to tax reform and property and casualty NOLs generated after tax reform will expire between tax years 2026 through 2044. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the Company has a foreign tax credit carryforward of \$56 million, which will expire between tax years 2024 through 2033.

Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code

Included in the Company's Amended By-Laws are restrictions on certain acquisitions of Company stock that otherwise may have increased the likelihood of an ownership change within the meaning of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. With certain exceptions, the By-Laws generally prohibit a person from becoming a "Section 382 five-percent shareholder" by acquiring, directly or by attribution, 5% or more of the outstanding shares of the Company's common stock.

As defined by segment reporting, an operating segment is a component of a company (i) that engages in business activities from which it earns revenue and incurs expenses, (ii) whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker to assess the performance of the segment and to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and, (iii) for which discrete financial information is available.

The Company manages its businesses across three operating segments: 1) U.S. public finance insurance; 2) corporate; and 3) international and structured finance insurance. The Company's U.S. public finance insurance business is operated through National and its international and structured finance insurance business is operated through MBIA Corp.

The following sections provide a description of each of the Company's reportable operating segments.

U.S. Public Finance Insurance

The Company's U.S. public finance insurance portfolio is managed through National. The financial guarantees issued by National provide unconditional and irrevocable guarantees of the payment of the principal of, and interest or other amounts owing on, U.S. public finance insured obligations when due. The obligations are not subject to acceleration, except that National may have the right, at its discretion, to accelerate insured obligations upon default or otherwise. National's guarantees insure municipal bonds, including tax-exempt and taxable indebtedness of U.S. political subdivisions, as well as utilities, airports, health care institutions, higher educational facilities, housing authorities and other similar agencies and obligations issued by private entities that finance projects that serve a substantial public purpose. Municipal bonds and privately issued bonds used for the financing of public purpose projects are generally supported by taxes, assessments, fees or tariffs related to the use of these projects, lease payments or other similar types of revenue streams.

Corporate

The Company's corporate segment consists of general corporate activities, including providing support services to MBIA Inc.'s subsidiaries as well as asset and capital management. Support services are provided by the Company's service company, MBIA Services, and include, among others, management, legal, accounting, treasury, information technology, and insurance portfolio surveillance, on a fee-for-service basis. Capital management includes activities related to servicing obligations issued by MBIA Inc. and its subsidiary, MBIA Global Funding, LLC ("GFL"). MBIA Inc. issued debt to finance the operations of the MBIA group. GFL raised funds through the issuance of MTNs with varying maturities, which were in turn guaranteed by MBIA Corp. GFL lent the proceeds of these MTN issuances to MBIA Inc. MBIA Inc. also provided customized investment agreements, guaranteed by MBIA Corp., for bond proceeds and other public funds for such purposes as construction, loan origination, escrow and debt service or other reserve fund requirements. The Company has ceased issuing new MTNs and investment agreements and the outstanding liability balances and corresponding asset balances have declined over time as liabilities matured, terminated or were called or repurchased. All of the debt within the corporate segment is managed collectively and is serviced by available liquidity.

International and Structured Finance Insurance

The Company's international and structured finance insurance segment is principally conducted through MBIA Corp. The financial guarantees issued by MBIA Corp. generally provide unconditional and irrevocable guarantees of the payment of principal of, and interest or other amounts owing on, non-U.S. public finance and global structured finance insured obligations when due, or in the event MBIA Corp. has the right, at its discretion, to accelerate insured obligations upon default or otherwise. MBIA Corp. insures non-U.S. public finance and global structured finance obligations, including asset-backed obligations. MBIA Corp. has insured sovereign-related and sub-sovereign bonds, utilities, privately issued bonds used for the financing of projects that include toll roads, bridges, public transportation facilities, and other types of infrastructure projects serving a substantial public purpose. MBIA Corp. has also insured structured finance and asset-backed obligations repayable from expected cash flows generated by a specified pool of assets, such as residential and commercial mortgages, consumer loans, structured settlements, corporate loans and bonds collateralized by such assets. MBIA Corp. insures the investment contracts written by MBIA Inc., and if MBIA Inc. were to have insufficient assets to pay amounts due upon maturity or termination, MBIA Corp. would make such payments. MBIA Insurance Corporation also insures debt obligations of GFL. MBIA Corp. has also written policies guaranteeing obligations under certain derivative contracts, including termination payments that may become due upon certain insolvency or payment defaults of the financial guarantor or the issuer. MBIA Corp. has not written any meaningful amount of business since 2008.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 9: Business Segments (continued)

Segments Results

The following tables provide the Company's segment results for the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024						Three Months Ended June 30, 2024							
	In millions	U.S.			International			In millions	U.S.			International		
		Public Finance	Corporate	Insurance	and Structured Finance	Eliminations	Consolidated		Public Finance	Corporate	Insurance	and Structured Finance	Eliminations	Consolidated
In millions	In millions	Insurance	Corporate	Insurance	Eliminations	Consolidated	In millions	Insurance	Corporate	Insurance	Eliminations	Consolidated		
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 19	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ -	\$ 33	Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 16	\$ 8	\$ 8	\$ (1)	\$ 31		
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	1	8	(5)	-	4	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	-	4	(59)	-	(55)		
Net gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt	Net gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt	-	1	-	-	1								
Revenues of consolidated	Revenues of consolidated						Revenues of consolidated							
VIEs	VIEs	-	-	(25)	-	(25)	VIEs	-	-	(13)	-	(13)		
Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	6	15	1	(22)	-	Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	7	15	1	(23)	-		
	Total revenues	26	31	(22)	(22)	13		Total revenues	23	27	(63)	(24)	(37)	
Losses and loss adjustment	Losses and loss adjustment	22	-	(4)	-	18	Losses and loss adjustment	141	-	1	-	142		
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	2	21	2	1	26	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	1	13	3	(1)	16		
Interest	Interest	-	13	39	-	52	Interest	-	13	40	-	53		
Expenses of consolidated	Expenses of consolidated						Expenses of consolidated							
VIEs	VIEs	-	-	4	-	4	VIEs	-	-	5	-	5		
Inter-segment expenses ⁽²⁾	Inter-segment expenses ⁽²⁾	11	6	6	(23)	-	Inter-segment expenses ⁽²⁾	11	5	7	(23)	-		
	Total expenses	35	40	47	(22)	100		Total expenses	153	31	56	(24)	216	

Income	Income						Income						
(loss) from	(loss) from						(loss) from						
continuing	continuing						continuing						
operations	operations						operations						
before	before						before						
income	income						income						
taxes	taxes	\$ (9)	\$ (9)	\$ (69)	\$ -	\$ (87)	taxes	\$ (130)	\$ (4)	\$ (119)	\$ -	\$ (253)	
Identifiable	Identifiable						Identifiable						
assets per	assets per						assets per						
segment	segment	\$ 1,720	\$ 710	\$ 928	\$ (944) ⁽³⁾	\$ 2,414	segment	\$ 1,671	\$ 657	\$ 846	\$ (941) ⁽³⁾	\$ 2,233	
Assets held	Assets held						Assets held						
for sale	for sale	-	-	-	-	74	for sale	-	-	-	-	71	
Total	Total						Total						
identifiable	identifiable						identifiable						
assets	assets	\$ 1,720	\$ 710	\$ 928	\$ (944)	\$ 2,488	assets	\$ 1,671	\$ 657	\$ 846	\$ (941)	\$ 2,304	

(1) - Consists of net premiums earned, net investment income, net realized investment gains (losses) and other net realized gains (losses).

(2) - Primarily represents intercompany service charges and intercompany net investment income and expenses.

(3) - Consists principally of intercompany reinsurance balances.

Three Months Ended June 30, 2023												
		U.S.		International								
		Public		and Structured								
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023							Finance		Finance		
		U.S. Public Finance		International and Structured								
In millions	In millions	Insurance	Corporate	Finance Insurance	Eliminations	Consolidated	In millions	Insurance	Corporate	Insurance	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 22	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ 33	Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 19	\$ 4	\$ 17	\$ 1	\$
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	2	(12)	(3)	-	(13)	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	-	13	(2)	-	
Revenues of consolidated VIEs	Revenues of consolidated VIEs	-	-	(18)	-	(18)	Revenues of consolidated VIEs	-	-	(24)	-	(
Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	7	14	2	(23)	-	Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	7	14	1	(22)	
	Total revenues	31	7	(13)	(23)	2	Total revenues	26	31	(8)	(21)	
Losses and loss adjustment	Losses and loss adjustment	-	-	6	-	6	Losses and loss adjustment	26	-	2	-	
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	2	18	3	1	24	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	2	18	2	(1)	
Interest	Interest	-	14	37	-	51	Interest	-	14	40	(1)	

Expenses of consolidated	Expenses of consolidated					Expenses of consolidated					
VIEs	VIEs	-	-	4	-	4	VIEs	-	-	4	-
Inter-segment	Inter-segment						Inter-segment				
expenses (2)	expenses (2)	12	6	6	(24)	-	expenses (2)	9	5	5	(19)
	Total						Total				
	expenses	14	38	56	(23)	85	expenses	37	37	53	(21)
Income	Income						Income				
(loss) from	(loss) from						(loss) from				
continuing	continuing						continuing				
operations	operations						operations				
before	before						before				
income	income						income				
taxes	taxes	\$ 17	\$ (31)	\$ (69)	\$ -	\$ (83)	taxes	\$ (11)	\$ (6)	\$ (61)	\$ -

(1) - Consists of net premiums earned, net investment income, net realized investment gains (losses) and other net realized gains (losses).

(2) - Primarily represents intercompany service charges and intercompany net investment income and expenses.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 9: Business Segments (continued)

The following tables provide the Company's segment results for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

In millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024				
	U.S.	International			
	Public	and Structured			
	Finance	Finance			
	Insurance	Corporate	Insurance	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 35	\$ 16	\$ 15	\$ (1)	\$ 65
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	1	12	(64)	-	(51)
Revenues of consolidated VIEs	-	-	(38)	-	(38)
Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	13	30	2	(45)	-
Total revenues	49	58	(85)	(46)	(24)
Losses and loss adjustment	163	-	(3)	-	160
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	3	34	5	-	42
Interest	-	26	79	-	105
Expenses of consolidated VIEs	-	-	9	-	9
Inter-segment expenses ⁽²⁾	22	11	13	(46)	-
Total expenses	188	71	103	(46)	316
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (139)	\$ (13)	\$ (188)	\$ -	\$ (340)
Identifiable assets per segment	\$ 1,671	\$ 657	\$ 846	\$ (941) ⁽³⁾	\$ 2,233
Assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	71
Total identifiable assets	\$ 1,671	\$ 657	\$ 846	\$ (941)	\$ 2,304

(1) - Consists of net premiums earned, net investment income, net realized investment gains (losses) and other net realized gains (losses).

(2) - Primarily represents intercompany service charges and intercompany net investment income and expenses.

(3) - Consists principally of intercompany reinsurance balances.

In millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023				
	U.S. Public Finance		International and Structured Finance		Consolidated
	Insurance	Corporate	Insurance	Eliminations	
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	\$ 41	\$ 8	\$ 24	\$ -	\$ 73
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	2	2	(5)	-	(1)
Revenues of consolidated VIEs	-	-	(42)	-	(42)
Inter-segment revenues ⁽²⁾	14	28	3	(45)	-
Total revenues	57	38	(20)	(45)	30
Losses and loss adjustment	26	-	9	-	35
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs and operating	4	36	5	(1)	44
Interest	-	28	76	-	104
Expenses of consolidated VIEs	-	-	8	-	8
Inter-segment expenses ⁽²⁾	21	11	12	(44)	-
Total expenses	51	75	110	(45)	191
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ 6	\$ (37)	\$ (130)	\$ -	\$ (161)

(1) - Consists of net premiums earned, net investment income, net realized investment gains (losses) and other net realized gains (losses).

(2) - Primarily represents intercompany service charges and intercompany net investment income and expenses.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 10: Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share is calculated using the two-class method in which earnings are allocated to common stock and participating securities based on their rights to receive nonforfeitable dividends or dividend equivalents. The Company grants restricted stock to certain employees and non-employee directors in accordance with the Company's long-term incentive programs, which entitle the participants to receive nonforfeitable dividends or dividend equivalents during the vesting period on the same basis as those dividends are paid to common shareholders. These unvested stock awards represent participating securities. During periods of net income, the calculation of earnings per share exclude the income attributable to participating securities in the numerator and the dilutive impact of these securities from the denominator. During periods of net loss, no effect is given to participating securities in the numerator and the denominator excludes the dilutive impact of these securities since they do not share in the losses of the Company.

Basic earnings per share excludes dilution and is reported separately for continuing operations and discontinued operations. Basic earnings per share for continuing operations and discontinued operations is computed by dividing net income from continuing operations and discontinued operations available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the dilutive effect of all unvested restricted stock outstanding during the period that could potentially result in the issuance of common stock. The dilution from unvested restricted stock is calculated by applying the two-class method and using the treasury stock method. The treasury stock method assumes the proceeds from the unrecognized compensation expense from unvested restricted stock will be used to purchase shares of the Company's common stock at the average market price during the period. If the potentially dilutive securities

disclosed in the table below become vested, the transaction would be net share settled resulting in a significantly lower impact to the outstanding share balance in comparison to the total amount of the potentially dilutive securities. During periods of net loss, unvested restricted stock is excluded from the calculation because it would have an antidilutive effect. Therefore, in periods of net loss, the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share would result in the same value.

The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

In millions except per share amounts	In millions except per share amounts	Three Months Ended March 31,		In millions except per share amounts	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2024	2023		2024	2023	2024	2023
Basic and diluted earnings per share:	Basic and diluted earnings per share:			Basic and diluted earnings per share:				
Net income (loss) from continuing operations available to common shareholders	Net income (loss) from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ (87)	\$ (83)	Net income (loss) from continuing operations available to common shareholders	\$ (253)	\$ (78)	\$ (340)	\$ (161)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	1	(3)	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(2)	3	(1)	-
Less: Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	Less: Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	-	7	Less: Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	(1)	(1)	6
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to MBIA Inc.	Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to MBIA Inc.	1	(10)	Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to MBIA Inc.	(1)	4	-	(6)
Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (86)	\$ (93)	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (254)	\$ (74)	\$ (340)	\$ (167)
Basic and diluted weighted average shares ⁽¹⁾	Basic and diluted weighted average shares ⁽¹⁾	46.8	49.9	Basic and diluted weighted average shares ⁽¹⁾	47.5	49.0	47.2	49.5
Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted:	Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted:			Net income (loss) per common share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted:				
Continuing operations	Continuing operations	\$ (1.88)	\$ (1.67)	Continuing operations	\$ (5.30)	\$ (1.52)	\$ (7.20)	\$ (3.38)
Discontinued operations	Discontinued operations	0.04	(0.19)	Discontinued operations	(0.04)	0.06	(0.01)	(0.13)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	Net income (loss) per share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	\$ (1.84)	\$ (1.86)	Net income (loss) per share attributable to MBIA Inc. - basic and diluted	\$ (5.34)	\$ (1.46)	\$ (7.21)	\$ (3.51)

Potentially dilutive securities excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because of antidilutive affect	Potentially dilutive securities excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because of antidilutive affect	4.0	4.9	Potentially dilutive securities excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS because of antidilutive affect	3.4	4.8	3.4	4.8
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⁽¹⁾ - Includes approximately 1 million of participating securities that met the service condition and were eligible to receive nonforfeitable dividends or dividend equivalents for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023.

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 11: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents the changes in the components of AOCI for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024:

In millions	Unrealized Gains		Instrument-Specific		Total
	(Losses) on AFS Securities, Net	Foreign Current Translation, Net	Credit Risk of Liabilities Measured		
			at Fair Value, Net		
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ (134)	\$ (4)	\$ (1)		\$ (139)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(15)	-	4		(11)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	-	-	19		19
Net period other comprehensive income (loss)	(15)	-	23		8
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$ (149)	\$ (4)	\$ 22		\$ (131)

In millions			Instrument-Specific		Total
	Unrealized Gains		Credit Risk of		
	(Losses) on AFS Securities, Net	Foreign Current Translation, Net	Liabilities Measured at Fair Value, Net		
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ (134)	\$ (4)	\$ (1)		\$ (139)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(26)	-	(2)		(28)
Amounts reclassified from AOCI	2	-	28		30
Net period other comprehensive income (loss)	(24)	-	26		2
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ (158)	\$ (4)	\$ 25		\$ (137)

The following table presents the details of the reclassifications from AOCI for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023:

<u>In millions</u>	Amounts Reclassified from AOCI		Affected Line Item on the Consolidated Statements of Operations
	Three Months Ended March 31,		
<u>Details about AOCI Components</u>	2024	2023	

Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities:					
Realized gains (losses) on sale of securities	\$	-	\$	(5)	Net realized investment gains (losses)
Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities:					
Deconsolidation of VIE		-		(14)	Other net realized gains (losses) - VIE
					Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair
Settlement of liabilities		(19)	-		value and foreign exchange - VIE
Total reclassifications for the period	\$	(19)	\$	(19)	Net income (loss)
In millions					
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI					
	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		
					Affected Line Item on the
					Consolidated Statements of
Details about AOCI Components	2024	2023	2024	2023	Operations
Unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities:					
Realized gains (losses) on sale of securities	\$ (2)	\$ (8)	\$ (2)	\$ (13)	Net realized investment gains (losses)
Instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities:					
Deconsolidation of VIE	(9)	(7)	(9)	(21)	Other net realized gains (losses) - VIE
					Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign
Settlement of liabilities	-	(13)	(19)	(13)	exchange - VIE
Total reclassifications for the period	\$ (11)	\$ (28)	\$ (30)	\$ (47)	Net income (loss)

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MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 12: Commitments and Contingencies

The following commitments and contingencies provide an update of those discussed in "Note 19: Commitments and Contingencies" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and should be read in conjunction with the complete descriptions provided in the aforementioned Form 10-K.

Litigation

Refer to "Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties" for further information regarding PREPA's Title III proceedings. There are otherwise no material legal proceedings pending or, to the knowledge of the Company, threatened, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party.

Lease Commitments

The Company has a lease agreement for its headquarters in Purchase, New York. The initial lease term expires in 2030 with the option to terminate the lease in 2025 upon the payment of a termination amount. This lease agreement included an incentive amount to fund certain leasehold improvements, renewal options, escalation clauses and a free rent period. This lease agreement has been classified as an operating lease, and operating rent expense is recognized on a straight-line basis.

In May of 2024, the Company notified its landlord of the Purchase, New York lease that it is exercising its right to terminate the lease in August of 2025 ("Termination Date"). In connection with this termination notice, the Company will pay a termination fee

that includes the unamortized amount of incentives, free rent and other costs at the Termination Date. The Company accounted for this termination as a lease modification and remeasured its lease liability to the present value of the remaining lease payments and adjusted its right-of-use ("ROU") asset as of the modification date in accordance with ASC 842. This resulted in a decrease of the Company's ROU asset and lease liability of \$7 million and did not have a material impact to lease expense recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. The following table provides information about updates to the amounts included on the Company's leases consolidated balance sheet and other lease information as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024:

\$ in millions	As of	Balance Sheet	As of	Balance Sheet
	March 31, 2024	Location	June 30, 2024	Location
Right-of-use asset	\$ 15	Other assets		
ROU asset	\$ 2	Other assets		
Lease liability	\$ 15	Other liabilities	\$ 7	Other liabilities
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	6.4		1.2	
Discount rate used for operating leases	7.5%		10.5%	
Total future minimum lease payments	\$ 19		\$ 8	

Other Commitment

In December of 2023, MBIA Corp. and other non-affiliates agreed to provide a delayed draw term loan commitment to an entity which MBIA Corp. holds as an equity investment. MBIA Corp.'s original maximum commitment to this loan was is approximately \$6.15 million. During the three six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, \$6.11 million was drawn under this loan. Subsequent to March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the term loan was amended to increase MBIA Corp.'s commitment by additional \$4 million which was fully drawn.

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Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of MBIA Inc. should be read in conjunction with the other sections of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this Form 10-Q. In addition, this discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations includes statements of the opinion of MBIA Inc.'s management which may be forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical earnings and those presently anticipated or projected. Refer to “Risk Factors” in Part II, Item 1A and “Forward-Looking and Cautionary Statements” and “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of MBIA Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 for a further discussion of risks and uncertainties.

OVERVIEW

MBIA Inc., together with its consolidated subsidiaries, (collectively, “MBIA”, the “Company”, “we”, “us”, or “our”) operates within the financial guarantee insurance industry. MBIA manages its business within three operating segments: 1) United States (“U.S.”) public finance insurance; 2) corporate; and 3) international and structured finance insurance. Our U.S. public finance insurance portfolio is managed through National Public Finance Guarantee Corporation (“National”), our corporate segment is managed through MBIA Inc. and several of its subsidiaries, including our service company, MBIA Services Corporation (“MBIA Services”), and our international and structured finance insurance business is primarily managed through MBIA Insurance Corporation and its subsidiaries (“MBIA Corp.”).

National's primary objectives are to maximize the performance of its existing insured portfolio through effective surveillance and remediation activity and effectively manage its investment portfolio. Our corporate segment consists of general corporate activities, including providing support services to MBIA's operating subsidiaries and asset and capital management. MBIA Corp.'s primary objectives are to satisfy all claims by its policyholders and to maximize future recoveries, if any, for its surplus note

holders, and then its preferred stock holders. MBIA Corp. is executing this strategy by, among other things, taking steps to maximize the collection of recoveries and reducing and mitigating potential losses on its insurance exposures. We do not expect National or MBIA Corp. to write new financial guarantee policies outside of remediation related activities.

Economic Environment

U.S. economic activity indicators point to modest growth in spending and production, with robust job gains and a low unemployment rate. Inflation remains elevated. With the Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") seeking to achieve maximum employment and 2% inflation, the FOMC has maintained its target range for the federal funds rate at 5.25% to 5.50%. Economic and financial market trends could impact the Company's financial results. Economic improvement at the state and local level strengthens the credit quality of the issuers of our insured municipal bonds, improves the performance of our insured U.S. public finance portfolio and could reduce the amount of National's potential incurred losses. Higher interest rates could adversely affect the values of our Company's investment portfolio, but increase investment portfolio yield and income, and decrease the present value of loss reserves.

2024 Business Developments

The following is a summary of 2024 business developments:

PREPA

- On January 1, 2024, the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA") defaulted on scheduled debt service for National insured bonds and National paid gross claims in the aggregate of \$16 million. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, National had \$792 million of insured debt service outstanding related to PREPA. In addition, on July 1, 2024, PREPA defaulted on scheduled debt service for National insured bonds and National paid gross claims in the aggregate of \$122 million.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

OVERVIEW (continued)

- On January 31, 2023, National entered into a restructuring support agreement ("PREPA RSA") with the Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (the "Oversight Board"), on behalf of itself and as the sole Title III representative of PREPA. An amended A plan of adjustment for PREPA (the "Plan") and related disclosure statement was filed on February 9, 2023. Subsequently, both the Plan and PREPA RSA were amended. The Title III Court conducted confirmation hearings in March 2024. On **August 25, 2023** **June 12, 2024**, National entered into the First Amendment to the PREPA Plan Support Agreement. Circuit Court of Appeals reversed Judge Swain's prior rulings on bondholder liens and claim amounts (the "Amended PSA" "Appeal Decision") with , following which the Oversight Board informed the Court that it intended to file an amendment to the Plan it believed would account for the changes required by the First Circuit opinion. Following a status conference held on behalf of itself and as the sole Title III representative of PREPA. By order dated November 17, 2023 July 10, 2024, the Court approved imposed a 60-day stay of all litigation and other filings related to the Disclosure Statement for amended Plan, and ordered the Third Amended Plan incorporating, among other things, parties into mediation. Following the terms of the Amended PSA. On December 29, 2023, Appeal Decision, the Oversight Board filed informed the Corrected Fourth Amended Title III Plan (the "Amended Plan"). The Amended PSA provides Court, National and other parties that upon effective date it intended to modify National's settlement in a forthcoming amended Plan. Thereafter, National provided notice to the Oversight Board that National did not support the board's actions and that such actions constituted a breach and termination of the Amended Plan, National shall receive cash, together with certain fees and expense reimbursement payments, in an amount based in part on the ultimate participation, if any, of certain currently non-accepting holders of uninsured PREPA bonds. The Amended PSA also provides National with additional consideration in the form of two types of contingent values instruments, whose value cannot be assured. The Amended PSA remains subject to a number of conditions, including (but not limited to) the Title III Court's confirmation and effectiveness of the Amended Plan, RSA, as it may be further amended with the Court's approval. The confirmation hearing commenced on March 4, 2024 and concluded on March 18, 2024. The Court has not ruled currently on confirmation of the Amended Plan, amended. There is no assurance that a plan that is substantially similar in the Amended Plan treatment of National's claims and rights will ultimately be confirmed and become effective. In the event of a substantially different confirmed plan, of adjustment from the Amended PSA, National's PREPA loss reserves and recoveries could be materially adversely affected.

Refer to the following "U.S. Public Finance Insurance Puerto Rico Exposures" section for additional information on our PREPA exposures. exposure.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
Summary of Consolidated Results

The following table presents a summary of our consolidated financial results for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

In millions except for per share, percentage and share amounts	In millions except for per share, percentage and share amounts	Three Months Ended March 31,		In millions except for per share, percentage and share amounts	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended	
		2024	2023		2024	2023	2024	
Total revenues	Total revenues	\$ 13	\$ 2	Total revenues	\$ (37)	\$ 28	\$ (24)	\$
Total expenses	Total expenses	100	85	Total expenses	216	106	316	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(87)	(83)	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	(253)	(78)	(340)	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	Provision (benefit) for income taxes	-	-	Provision (benefit) for income taxes	-	-	-	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(87)	(83)	Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(253)	(78)	(340)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	1	(3)	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes	(2)	3	(1)	
Net income (loss)	Net income (loss)	(86)	(86)	Net income (loss)	(255)	(75)	(341)	
Less: Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	Less: Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	-	7	Less: Net income (loss) from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (86)	\$ (93)	Net income (loss) attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (254)	\$ (74)	\$ (340)	\$
Net income (loss) per basic and diluted common share attributable to MBIA Inc.	Net income (loss) per basic and diluted common share attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (1.84)	\$ (1.86)	Net income (loss) per basic and diluted common share attributable to MBIA Inc.	\$ (5.34)	\$ (1.46)	\$ (7.21)	\$
Adjusted net income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	Adjusted net income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	\$ (24)	\$ (1)	Adjusted net income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	\$ (138)	\$ (22)	\$ (162)	\$
Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share ⁽¹⁾	Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share ⁽¹⁾	\$ (0.52)	\$ (0.03)	Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share ⁽¹⁾	\$ (2.90)	\$ (0.45)	\$ (3.44)	\$
Weighted average basic and diluted common shares outstanding	Weighted average basic and diluted common shares outstanding	46,820,922	49,945,917	Weighted average basic and diluted common shares outstanding	47,501,248	49,040,489	47,161,085	4

(1) - Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share are non-GAAP measures. Refer to the following Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income (Loss) section for a discussion of adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share and a reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to adjusted net income (loss) and GAAP net income (loss) per diluted share to adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share.	(1) - Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share are non-GAAP measures. Refer to the following Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income (Loss) section for a discussion of adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share and a reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to adjusted net income (loss) and GAAP net income (loss) per diluted share to adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share.	(1) - Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share are non-GAAP measures. Refer to the following Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income (Loss) section for a discussion of adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share and a reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to adjusted net income (loss) and GAAP net income (loss) per diluted share to adjusted net income (loss) per diluted share.
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Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 vs. Three Months Ended June 30, 2023

Income (loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes

The **increase** **decrease** in consolidated total revenues for the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with the same period of 2023 was principally due to **favorable** **unfavorable** changes **on** from fair valuing investments, from net **investment income** and from our interest rate **swaps and foreign exchange rates**, swaps. These unfavorable changes were partially offset by **unfavorable** **favorable** changes in revenues from consolidated variable interest entities ("VIEs"). The three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** included \$59 million of losses from fair valuing investments compared with \$2 million of gains for the same period of 2023. Net investment income decreased \$16 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared with the same period of 2023 primarily due to a lower average asset base as a result of the extraordinary cash dividend payment on MBIA Inc.'s stock in December of 2023. The three months ended June 30, 2023 included fair value net gains on our interest rate swaps of **\$1 million compared \$10 million with losses of \$8 million** no comparable amounts for the same period of **2023, 2024**. This variance was primarily due to the termination of substantially all of the interest rates swaps in 2023. **In addition**, The three months ended June 30, 2024 included \$13 million of consolidated VIE losses primarily from the reclassification of credit risk losses from accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") to net income (loss) due to the deconsolidation of a VIE. The three months ended June 30, 2023 included \$24 million of consolidated VIE losses primarily from the reclassification of credit risk losses from AOCI to net income (loss) due to early redemptions of VIE liabilities and a deconsolidation of a VIE.

Consolidated total expenses for the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** included \$142 million of losses and loss adjustment expense ("LAE") compared with \$28 million for the same period of 2023. This increase in losses and LAE was primarily due to unfavorable changes in PREPA net reserves. Refer to the following "Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses" sections of the U.S. Public Finance Insurance and International and Structured Finance Insurance segments for additional information on our losses and LAE.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 vs. Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

Income (loss) from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes

The **decrease** in consolidated total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared with the same period of 2023 was principally due to unfavorable changes from fair valuing investments and from net investment income, partially offset by favorable changes from movements in foreign exchange rates. The six months ended June 30, 2024 included \$59 million of losses from fair valuing investments compared with \$6 million of gains for the same period of 2023. Net investment income decreased \$18 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared with the same period of 2023 primarily due to a lower

average asset base as a result of the extraordinary cash dividend payment on MBIA Inc.'s stock in December of 2023. The six months ended June 30, 2024 included foreign currency gains of \$3 million \$4 million on euro-denominated liabilities compared with foreign currency losses of \$3 million \$4 million on these liabilities for the same period of 2023. This favorable change was due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the euro in 2024 compared with the U.S. dollar weakening against the euro in 2023. The three months ended March 31, 2024 included \$25 million of consolidated VIE losses primarily from the reclassification of credit risk losses from accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") to net income (loss) due to the early redemption of VIE liabilities. The three months ended March 31, 2023 included \$18 million of consolidated VIE losses primarily from the reclassification of credit risk losses from AOCI to net income (loss) due to the deconsolidation of a VIE.

Consolidated total expenses for the three six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 included \$18 million \$160 million of losses and loss adjustment expense ("LAE") LAE compared with \$6 million \$35 million for the same period of 2023. This increase in losses and LAE was primarily due to unfavorable changes in PREPA net reserves, partially offset by a loss benefit on our insured residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") exposure primarily related to the impact of changes in risk-free interest rates on the present value of loss reserves. Refer to the following "Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses" sections of the U.S. Public Finance Insurance and International and Structured Finance Insurance segments for additional information on our losses and LAE.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion Three and Analysis of Financial Condition Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 vs. Three and Results of Operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued) Six Months Ended June 30, 2023

Provision for Income Taxes

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, our effective tax rate applied to our loss before income taxes was below the U.S. statutory tax rate of 21% due to the full valuation allowance on the changes in our net deferred tax asset, which included our net operating loss ("NOL").

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset was \$1.3 billion and \$1.2 billion, respectively. Notwithstanding the full valuation allowance on its net deferred tax asset, the Company believes that it may be able to use some of its net deferred tax asset before the expirations associated with that asset based upon expected earnings at National. Accordingly, the Company will continue to re-evaluate its net deferred tax asset on a quarterly basis. There is no assurance that the Company will reverse any of its valuation allowance on its net deferred tax asset in the future. Refer to "Note 8: Income Taxes" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a further discussion of income taxes, including the valuation allowance against the Company's net deferred tax asset and its accounting for tax uncertainties.

Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of income taxes

Pursuant to a plan of liquidation that became effective in August of 2022, MBIA Corp.'s interest in the remaining collateral of the Zohar collateralized debt obligation ("CDO") 2003-1, Limited ("Zohar I") and Zohar II 2005-1, Limited ("Zohar II") (collectively, the "Zohar CDOs") was distributed to MBIA Corp. either directly or in the form of interests in certain asset recovery entities. The interests in the asset recovery entities include various loans to and equity interest in portfolio companies. The Company classifies certain of these portfolio companies as discontinued operations. Included in this amount are the results of operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023. Refer to "Note 1: Business Developments and Risks and Uncertainties" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a further discussion of our discontinued operations.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income (Loss)

In addition to our results prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), we also analyze the operating performance of the Company using adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share, both non-GAAP measures. Since adjusted net income (loss) is used by management to assess performance and make business decisions, we consider adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share fundamental measures of periodic financial performance which are useful in understanding our results. Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share are not substitutes for net income (loss) and net income (loss) per diluted common share determined in accordance with GAAP, and our definitions of adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share may differ from those used by other companies.

Adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share include the after-tax results of the Company and remove the after-tax results of our international and structured finance insurance segment, comprising the results of MBIA Corp. and its discontinued operations net of noncontrolling interest and income taxes, which given MBIA Corp.'s capital structure and business prospects, we do not expect its financial performance to have a material economic impact on MBIA Inc., as well as adjusting the following:

- *Mark-to-market gains (losses) on financial instruments* – We remove the impact of mark-to-market gains (losses) on financial instruments such as interest rate swaps, investment securities and hybrid financial instruments. These amounts fluctuate based on market interest rates, credit spreads and other market factors.
- *Foreign exchange gains (losses)* – We remove foreign exchange gains (losses) on the remeasurement of certain assets and liabilities and transactions in non-functional currencies. Given the possibility of volatility in foreign exchange markets, we exclude the impact of foreign exchange gains (losses) to provide a measurement of comparability of adjusted net income (loss).
- *Net realized investment gains (losses), impaired securities and extinguishment of debt* – We remove realized gains (losses) on the sale of investments, net investment losses related to impairment of securities and net gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt since the timing of these transactions are subject to management's assessment of market opportunities and conditions and capital liquidity positions.
- *Income taxes* –We apply a zero effective tax rate for federal income tax purposes to our pre-tax adjustments, if applicable, consistent with our consolidated effective tax rate.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

The following table presents our adjusted net income (loss) and adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share and provides a reconciliation of GAAP net income (loss) to adjusted net income (loss) for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023:

		Three Months Ended March 31,			Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
In millions except share and per share amounts	In millions except share and per share amounts	2024	2023	In millions except share and per share amounts	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net income (loss)	Net income (loss)	\$ (86)	\$ (93)	Net income (loss)	\$ (254)	\$ (74)	\$ (340)	\$ (167)
Less: adjusted net income (loss)	Less: adjusted net income (loss)			Less: adjusted net income (loss)				
adjustments:	adjustments:			adjustments:				
	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of noncontrolling interest	1	(10)	Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of noncontrolling interest	(1)	4	-	(6)

	Income (loss) before income taxes of our international and structured finance insurance segment and eliminations	(69)	(69)	Income (loss) before income taxes of our international and structured finance insurance segment and eliminations	(117)	(61)	(186)	(130)
	Adjustments to income before income taxes of our U.S. public finance insurance and corporate segments:			Adjustments to income before income taxes of our U.S. public finance insurance and corporate segments:				
	Mark-to-market gains (losses) on financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	3	(7)	Mark-to-market gains (losses) on financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	2	12	5	5
	Foreign exchange gains (losses) ⁽¹⁾	3	(3)	Foreign exchange gains (losses) ⁽¹⁾	-	(1)	3	(4)
	Net realized investment gains (losses)	(1)	(3)	Net realized investment gains (losses)	(1)	(7)	(2)	(10)
	Net gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt	1	-	Other net realized gains (losses)	1	1	2	1
Adjusted net income adjustment to the (provision) benefit for income tax	Adjusted net income adjustment to the (provision) benefit for income tax	-	-	Adjusted net income adjustment to the (provision) benefit for income tax	-	-	-	-
Adjusted net income (loss)	Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (24)	\$ (1)	Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (138)	\$ (22)	\$ (162)	\$ (23)
Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share ⁽²⁾	Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share ⁽²⁾	\$ (0.52)	\$ (0.03)	Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share ⁽²⁾	\$ (2.90)	\$ (0.45)	\$ (3.44)	\$ (0.47)
(1) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.	(1) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.			(1) - Reported within "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange" on the Company's consolidated statements of operations.				
(2) - Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share is calculated by taking adjusted net income (loss) divided by the GAAP weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding.	(2) - Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share is calculated by taking adjusted net income (loss) divided by the GAAP weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding.			(2) - Adjusted net income (loss) per diluted common share is calculated by taking adjusted net income (loss) divided by the GAAP weighted average number of diluted common shares outstanding.				

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Book Value Adjustments Per Share

In addition to GAAP book value per share, for internal purposes management also analyzes adjusted book value ("ABV") per share, changes to which we view as an important indicator of financial performance. ABV is also used by management in certain components of management's compensation. Since many of the Company's investors and analysts continue to use ABV to evaluate MBIA's share price and as the basis for their investment decisions, we present GAAP book value per share as well as the individual adjustments used by management to calculate its internal ABV metric.

Management adjusts GAAP book value to remove the book value of MBIA Corp., its discontinued operations, and for certain items which the Company believes will reverse from GAAP book value through GAAP earnings and comprehensive income, as well as add in the impact of certain items which the Company believes will be realized in GAAP book value in future periods. The Company has limited such adjustments to those items that it deems to be important to fundamental value and performance and for which the likelihood and amount can be reasonably estimated. The following provides a description of management's adjustments to GAAP book value:

- *Negative Book value of MBIA Corp.* – We remove the negative book value of MBIA Corp., including its discontinued operations based on our view that given MBIA Corp.'s current financial condition, the regulatory regime in which it operates, the priority given to its policyholders, surplus note holders and preferred stock holders with respect to the distribution of assets, and its legal structure, it is not and will not likely be in a position to upstream any economic benefit to MBIA Inc. Further, MBIA Inc. does not face any material financial liability arising from MBIA Corp.
- *Net unrealized (gains) losses on available-for-sale ("AFS") securities excluding MBIA Corp.* – We remove net unrealized gains and losses on AFS securities recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income since they will reverse from GAAP book value when such securities mature. Gains and losses from sales and impairments of AFS securities are recorded in book value through earnings.
- *Net unearned premium revenue in excess of expected losses of National* - We include net unearned premium revenue in excess of expected losses. Net unearned premium revenue in excess of expected losses consists of the financial guarantee unearned premium revenue of National in excess of expected insurance losses, net of reinsurance and deferred acquisition costs. In accordance with GAAP, a loss reserve on a financial guarantee policy is only recorded when expected losses exceed the amount of unearned premium revenue recorded for that policy. As a result, we only add to GAAP book value the amount of unearned premium revenue in excess of expected losses for each policy in order to reflect the full amount of our expected losses. The Company's net unearned premium revenue will be recognized in GAAP book value in future periods, however, actual amounts could differ from estimated amounts due to such factors as credit defaults and policy terminations, among others.

Since the Company has a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax asset and a zero consolidated effective tax rate, the book value per share adjustments reflect a zero effective tax rate.

The following table provides the Company's GAAP book value per share and management's adjustments to book value per share used in our internal analysis:

In millions except share and per share amounts	In millions except share and per share amounts	As of March 31,	As of December 31,	In millions except share and per share amounts	As of June 30,	As of December 31,
		2024	2023		2024	2023
Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.	Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.	\$ (1,733)	\$ (1,657)	Total shareholders' equity of MBIA Inc.	\$ (1,994)	\$ (1,657)
Common shares outstanding	Common shares outstanding	51,275,752	50,862,931	Common shares outstanding	51,027,700	50,862,931
GAAP book value per share	GAAP book value per share	\$ (33.80)	\$ (32.56)	GAAP book value per share	\$ (39.07)	\$ (32.56)

Management's adjustments described above:				Management's adjustments described above:			
	Management's adjustments described above:				Management's adjustments described above:		
	Remove negative book value per share of MBIA Corp.				Remove negative book value per share of MBIA Corp.		
		(45.44)	(44.91)			(47.89)	(44.91)
	Remove net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities included in other comprehensive income (loss)				Remove net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities included in other comprehensive income (loss)		
		(2.71)	(2.40)			(2.88)	(2.40)
	Include net unearned premium revenue in excess of expected losses				Include net unearned premium revenue in excess of expected losses		
		2.74	2.91			2.66	2.91

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

U.S. Public Finance Insurance Segment

Our U.S. public finance insurance portfolio is managed through National. The financial guarantees issued by National provide unconditional and irrevocable guarantees of the payment of the principal of, and interest or other amounts owing on, insured obligations when due or, in the event National has exercised, at its discretion, the right to accelerate the payment under its policies upon the acceleration of the underlying insured obligations due to default or otherwise. National's guarantees insure municipal bonds, including tax-exempt and taxable indebtedness of U.S. political subdivisions, as well as utility districts, airports, healthcare institutions, higher educational facilities, housing authorities and other similar agencies and obligations issued by private entities that finance projects that serve a substantial public purpose. Municipal bonds and privately issued bonds used for the financing of public purpose projects are generally supported by taxes, assessments, user fees or tariffs related to the use of these projects, lease payments or other similar types of revenue streams. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, National had total insured gross par outstanding of **\$27.8 billion** **\$27.0 billion**.

National continues to monitor and remediate its existing insured portfolio and has pursued and may continue to pursue other transactions that could enhance shareholder value. Regarding its insured portfolio, some state and local governments and territory obligors that National insures are experiencing financial and budgetary stress which could lead to an increase in defaults by such entities on the payment of their obligations and, while such stress has not yet occurred materially, losses or impairments on a greater number of the Company's insured transactions. In particular, PREPA had been experiencing significant fiscal stress and constrained liquidity. Refer to the "U.S. Public Finance Insurance Puerto Rico Exposures" section for additional information on our PREPA exposures. We continue to monitor and analyze these situations and other stressed credits closely, and the overall extent and duration of stress affecting our insured credits remains uncertain.

The following table presents our U.S. public finance insurance segment results for the three **and six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

		Three Months				Three Months			Six Months		
		Ended		Percent Change		Ended June		Percent Change	Ended June		Percent Change
		March 31,	2023			30,	2023		30,	2023	
In millions	In millions	2024	2023		In millions	2024	2023		2024	2023	
Net premiums earned	Net premiums earned	\$ 7	\$ 7	- %	Net premiums earned	\$ 7	\$ 8	-13 %	\$ 14	\$ 15	-69 %
Net investment income	Net investment income	18	23	-22 %	Net investment income	17	25	-32 %	35	48	-27 %
Net realized investment gains (losses)	Net realized investment gains (losses)	(1)	(2)	-50 %	Net realized investment gains (losses)	(1)	(7)	-86 %	(2)	(9)	-78 %
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	1	2	-50 %	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	-	-	- %	1	2	-50 %
Fees and reimbursements	Fees and reimbursements	1	1	- %	Fees and reimbursements	-	-	- %	1	1	- %
	Total revenues	26	31	-16 %	Total revenues	23	26	-12 %	49	57	-14 %
Losses and loss adjustment	Losses and loss adjustment	22	-	n/m	Losses and loss adjustment	141	26	n/m	163	26	n/m
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	2	2	- %	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	1	2	-50 %	3	4	-25 %
Operating	Operating	11	12	-8 %	Operating	11	9	22 %	22	21	5 %
	Total expenses	35	14	150 %	Total expenses	153	37	n/m	188	51	n/m
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (9)	\$ 17	n/m	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (130)	\$ (11)	n/m	\$ (139)	\$ 6	n/m
n/m - Percent change not meaningful.	n/m - Percent change not meaningful.				n/m - Percent change not meaningful.						

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

NET PREMIUMS EARNED Net premiums earned on financial guarantees represent gross premiums earned net of premiums ceded to reinsurers, and include scheduled premium earnings and premium earnings from refunded issues. Refunding activity over the past several years has accelerated premium earnings in prior years and reduced the amount of scheduled premiums that would have been earned in the current year. Refunding activity can vary significantly from period to period based on issuer refinancing behavior. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, scheduled Included in net premiums earned were \$7 million, and for the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, refunded were scheduled premiums earned of \$6 million and \$8 million, respectively. Included in net premiums earned for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, were not material. scheduled premiums earned of \$13 million and \$15 million, respectively.

NET INVESTMENT INCOME The decrease in net investment income for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 compared with the same period of 2023 was primarily due to a lower average invested asset base as result of the dividend payments to National's ultimate parent, MBIA Inc., in 2023. This decrease was partially offset by higher yields on investments as a result of a rising interest rate environment.

NET REALIZED INVESTMENT GAINS (LOSSES) The net realized investment losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 related to sales of securities from the ongoing management of our U.S. public finance investment portfolio, including to generate liquidity to pay claims.

LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES Our U.S. public finance insured portfolio management group is responsible for monitoring our U.S. public finance segment's insured obligations. The level and frequency of monitoring of any insured obligation depends on the type, size, rating and our assessed performance of the insured issue. Refer to "Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information related to the Company's insurance loss recoverables and loss and LAE reserves.

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, losses and LAE incurred primarily relates related to changes in PREPA reserves as a result of extending current developments in the timing PREPA remediation. Refer to the following "U.S. Public Finance Insurance Puerto Rico Exposures" section for additional information on our PREPA exposures. In addition, the six months ended June 30, 2024 incurred loss included reserves on a U.S. public finance lease-backed transaction.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, losses and LAE incurred related to updating PREPA scenarios to reflect the latest information about bondholder elections and the estimated value of recoveries under National's settlement agreement, which resulted in lower net expected recoveries. Changes in scenario assumptions included extending the effective date of a settlement until early 2024 and reflecting the potential that the Company receives less reimbursement of claims, partially offset by an increase in the market value of the bonds and CVI expected to a lesser extent, establishing reserves on a lease-backed transaction. be received upon settlement.

The following table presents information about our U.S. public finance insurance loss recoverable asset and loss and LAE reserves liabilities as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

		March	December			June	December	
		31,	31,	Percent		30,	31,	Percent
In millions	In millions	2024	2023	Change	In millions	2024	2023	Change
Assets:	Assets:				Assets:			
	Insurance loss recoverable	\$ 150	\$ 152	-1%	Insurance loss recoverable	\$ 114	\$ 152	-25%
	Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses ⁽¹⁾	11	11	-% ⁽¹⁾	Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses	17	11	55%
Liabilities:	Liabilities:				Liabilities:			
	Loss and LAE reserves	234	230	2%	Loss and LAE reserves	344	230	50%
	Insurance loss recoverable - ceded ⁽²⁾	1	1	-%	Insurance loss recoverable - ceded ⁽²⁾	-	1	-100%
	Net reserve (salvage)	\$ 74	\$ 68	9%	Net reserve (salvage)	\$ 213	\$ 68	n/m
(1) - Reported within "Other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets.					(1) - Reported within "Other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets.			
(2) - Reported within "Other liabilities" on our consolidated balance sheets.					(2) - Reported within "Other liabilities" on our consolidated balance sheets.			

n/m - Percent change not meaningful.

The changes to insurance loss recoverable and loss and LAE reserves as of March 31, 2024 slightly declined June 30, 2024 compared with December 31, 2023, were primarily due to extending changes related to PREPA as discussed above. In addition, the timing of a PREPA settlement, which reduced expected recoveries due to discounting amounts over a longer time frame, partially offset by accretion. The increase in loss and LAE reserve as of March 31, 2024 increased compared with December 31, 2023, primarily due to extending the timing of the effective date of a PREPA settlement and to a lesser extent, establishing reserves included reserves on a lease-backed transaction and were partially offset by the January of 2024 PREPA claim payments.

POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES U.S. public finance insurance segment expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are presented in the following table:

In millions	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2024	2023	Percent Change
Gross expenses	\$ 11	\$ 12	-8 %
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	\$ 2	\$ 2	- %
Operating	11	12	-8 %
Total insurance operating expenses	\$ 13	\$ 14	-7 %

Gross expenses represent total insurance expenses before the deferral of any policy acquisition costs.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES U.S. public finance insurance segment expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are presented in the following table:

In millions	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Gross expenses	\$ 11	\$ 9	22 %	\$ 22	\$ 21	5 %
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	\$ 1	\$ 2	-50 %	\$ 3	\$ 4	-25 %
Operating	11	9	22 %	22	21	5 %
Total insurance operating expenses	\$ 12	\$ 11	9 %	\$ 25	\$ 25	- %

Gross expenses represent total insurance expenses before the deferral of any policy acquisition costs.

When an insured obligation refunds, we accelerate to expense any remaining deferred acquisition costs associated with the policy covering the refunded insured obligation. We did not defer a material amount of policy acquisition costs during 2024 or 2023 as we did not write any new insurance business in those years.

INSURED PORTFOLIO EXPOSURE Financial guarantee insurance companies use a variety of approaches to assess the underlying credit risk profile of their insured portfolios. National uses both an internally developed credit rating system as well as third-party rating sources in the analysis of credit quality measures of its insured portfolio. In evaluating credit risk, we obtain, when available, the underlying rating(s) of the insured obligation before the benefit of National's insurance policy from nationally recognized rating agencies, Moody's Investor Services ("Moody's") and Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"). Other companies within the financial guarantee industry may report credit quality information based upon internal ratings that would not be comparable to our presentation. We maintain internal ratings on our entire portfolio, and our ratings may be higher or lower than the underlying ratings assigned by Moody's or S&P.

The following table presents the credit quality distribution of National's U.S. public finance outstanding gross par insured as of [March 31, 2024](#) [June 30, 2024](#) and December 31, 2023. Capital appreciation bonds are reported at the par amount at the time of issuance of the insurance policy. All ratings are as of the period presented and represent S&P underlying ratings, where available. If transactions are not rated by S&P, a Moody's equivalent rating is used. If transactions are not rated by either S&P or Moody's, an internal equivalent rating is used.

	Gross Par Outstanding						Gross Par Outstanding			
<u>In millions</u>	<u>In millions</u>	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		<u>In millions</u>	June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023	
<u>Rating</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>%</u>
AAA	AAA	\$ 1,255	4.5 %	\$ 1,283	4.5 %	AAA	\$ 1,121	4.1 %	\$ 1,283	4.5 %
AA	AA	11,695	42.1 %	11,919	42.0 %	AA	11,302	41.8 %	11,919	42.0 %
A	A	10,601	38.1 %	10,539	37.1 %	A	10,481	38.8 %	10,539	37.1 %
BBB	BBB	2,039	7.3 %	2,394	8.5 %	BBB	1,908	7.1 %	2,394	8.5 %
Below investment grade	Below investment grade					Below investment grade				
		2,223	8.0 %	2,242	7.9 %		2,210	8.2 %	2,242	7.9 %
	Total	\$ 27,813	100.0 %	\$ 28,377	100.0 %	Total	\$ 27,022	100.0 %	\$ 28,377	100.0 %

U.S. Public Finance Insurance Puerto Rico Exposures

On May 3, 2017, the Oversight Board certified and filed a petition under Title III of the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management, and Economic Stability Act for Puerto Rico with the District Court of Puerto Rico thereby commencing a bankruptcy-like case for GO. Under separate petitions, the Oversight Board subsequently commenced Title III proceedings for the Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corporation ("COFINA"), HTA, PREPA and the Public Buildings Authority ("PBA") on May 5, 2017, May 21, 2017, July 2, 2017 and September 27, 2019, respectively. On February 4, 2019, the District of Puerto Rico entered the order confirming the Third Amended Title III Plan of Adjustment for COFINA. The Title III cases for GO and PBA were confirmed on January 18, 2022, and became effective on March 15, 2022. The confirmation hearing for the HTA Title III case was completed on August 17, 2022, and the confirmation order was entered on October 12, 2022, which became effective on December 6, 2022.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

As a result of prior defaults, various stays and the Title III cases, Puerto Rico failed to make certain scheduled debt service payments for National insured bonds. As a consequence, National has paid gross claims in the aggregate amount of \$3.0 billion relating to GO bonds, PBA bonds, PREPA bonds and HTA bonds through [March 31, 2024](#) [June 30, 2024](#), inclusive of the commutation payment and the additional payment in the amount of \$66 million in 2019 related to COFINA and the GO and HTA acceleration and commutation payments of \$277 million and \$556 million, respectively, in 2022.

Status of Puerto Rico's Fiscal Plans

The Oversight Board certified fiscal plans for PREPA, University of Puerto Rico (the "University") and HTA on June 28, 2022, May 27, 2022 and October 14, 2022, respectively. The Oversight Board also certified the fiscal year 2023 budgets for Commonwealth, PREPA, the University and HTA on June 30, 2022. On June 23, 2023, the Oversight Board filed a fiscal plan for PREPA for FY2023, which provided for approximately \$2.4 billion of distributions to PREPA bondholders. The University is not a debtor in Title III and continues to be current on its debt service payment. However, the University is subject to a standstill agreement with its senior bondholders, which has been extended to [May 31, 2024](#) [November 30, 2024](#). National is not a party to the standstill agreement. As of [March 31, 2024](#) [June 30, 2024](#), National had [\\$72 million](#) [\\$66 million](#) of insured debt service outstanding related to the University.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

PREPA

National's largest remaining exposure to Puerto Rico, by gross par outstanding, is to PREPA.

On January 31, 2023, National entered into **the a restructuring support agreement ("PREPA RSA RSA")** with the **Financial Oversight and Management Board for Puerto Rico (the "Oversight Board")**, on behalf of itself and as the sole Title III representative of PREPA. **A plan of adjustment for PREPA (the "Plan") and related disclosure statement was filed on February 9, 2023. Subsequently, both the Plan and PREPA RSA were amended. The Title III Court conducted confirmation hearings in March 2024. On February 9, 2023 June 12, 2024, the First Circuit Court of Appeals reversed Judge Swain's prior rulings on bondholder liens and claim amounts (the "Appeal Decision"), following which the Oversight Board filed informed the Court that it intended to file an amendment to the Plan of Adjustment originally filed with it believed would account for the Title III court changes required by the First Circuit opinion. Following a status conference held on December 16, 2022, that reflects the entry into the PREPA PSA and the settlement described therein. On June 26, 2023 July 10, 2024, the Court entered an order reducing Bondholder allowed net unsecured claims imposed a 60-day stay of all litigation and other filings related to \$2.4 billion from approximately \$7.6 billion. On August 25, 2023, National entered the amended Plan, and ordered the parties into mediation. Following the Amended PSA with Appeal Decision, the Oversight Board on behalf of itself and as the sole Title III representative of PREPA. By order dated November 17, 2023, informed the Court, approved the Disclosure Statement for the Third Amended Title III Plan (as such plan may be further amended) incorporating, among National and other things, the terms of the Amended PSA. On December 29, 2023, parties that it intended to modify National's settlement in a forthcoming amended Plan. Thereafter, National provided notice to the Oversight Board filed that National did not support the Amended Plan. The Amended PSA provides board's actions and that upon the effective date such actions constituted a breach and termination of the Amended Plan, National shall receive cash, together with certain fees and expense reimbursement payments, in an amount based in part on the ultimate participation, if any, of certain currently non-accepting holders of uninsured PREPA bonds. The Amended PSA also provides National with additional consideration in the form of two types of contingent values instruments, whose value cannot be assured. The Amended PSA remains subject to a number of conditions, including (but not limited to) the Title III Court's confirmation and effectiveness of the Amended Plan, RSA, as it may be further amended with the Court's approval. The confirmation hearing commenced on March 4, 2024 and concluded on March 18, 2024. The Court has not ruled currently on confirmation of the Amended Plan, amended.**

On June 22, 2020, the Oversight Board and the Puerto Rico P3 Authority announced an agreement and contract with LUMA Energy, LLC ("LUMA") which calls for LUMA to take full responsibility for the operation and maintenance of PREPA's transmission and distribution system; the contract runs for 15-years following a transition period expected to take 12 months. PREPA retains ownership of the system as well as responsibility for the power generation system. LUMA assumed responsibility for operations on June 1, 2021.

On September 18, 2020, FEMA and the PR COR3 Authority announced the commitment by FEMA to provide approximately \$11.6 billion (net of the required 10% cost share) to fund projects built by PREPA and the PR Department of Education; approximately \$9.4 billion (net) of this amount is designated for PREPA. LUMA is now involved in the planning of the related projects as well as proceedings related thereto in front the PR Energy Bureau as well as PR-COR3.

On January 25, 2023, the Oversight Board and Puerto Rico P3 Authority announced an agreement and contract with Genera PR LLC ("Genera") which calls for Genera to take full responsibility of the operation and maintenance of the existing power generation assets owned by PREPA; the contract will run for 10-years following a transition period. PREPA retains ownership of the assets.

The following table presents our scheduled gross debt service due on our PREPA insured exposures as of **March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024**, for the **nine six** months ending December 31, 2024, for each of the subsequent four years ending December 31, and thereafter:

In millions	Six Months						
	Ending						
	December 31,						
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Thereafter	Total

Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA)	\$	122	\$	105	\$	57	\$	20	\$	20	\$	468	\$	792
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In millions	Nine Months							Total
	Ending							
	December 31,							
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Thereafter		
Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority (PREPA)	\$ 121	\$ 105	\$ 57	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 469	\$ 792	

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Corporate Segment

Our corporate segment consists of general corporate activities, including providing support services to MBIA Inc.'s subsidiaries and asset and capital management. Support services are provided by our service company, MBIA Services, and include, among others, management, legal, accounting, treasury, information technology, and insurance portfolio surveillance, on a fee-for-service basis. Capital management includes activities related to servicing obligations issued by MBIA Inc. and its subsidiary, MBIA Global Funding, LLC ("GFL"). MBIA Inc. issued debt to finance the operations of the MBIA group. GFL raised funds through the issuance of medium-term notes ("MTNs") with varying maturities, which were in turn guaranteed by MBIA Corp. GFL lent the proceeds of these MTN issuances to MBIA Inc. MBIA Inc. provided customized investment agreements, guaranteed by MBIA Corp., for bond proceeds and other public funds for such purposes as construction, loan origination, escrow and debt service or other reserve fund requirements. The Company ceased issuing new MTNs and investment agreements and the outstanding liability balances and corresponding asset balances have declined over time as liabilities matured, terminated, were called or repurchased. All of the debt within the corporate segment is managed collectively and is serviced by available liquidity.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

The following table summarizes the consolidated results of our corporate segment for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023:

2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023.											
In millions	In millions	Three Months			In millions	Three Months			Six Months		
		Ended		Percent Change		Months		Percent Change	Ended June		Percent Change
		March 31,				Ended June			30,		
		2024	2023			2024	2023		2024	2023	
Net investment income	Net investment income	\$ 8	\$ 6	33%	Net investment income	\$ 8	\$ 5	60%	\$ 16	\$ 10	60%
Net realized investment gains (losses)	Net realized investment gains (losses)	-	(1)	-100%	Net realized investment gains (losses)	-	-	-%	-	(1)	-100%
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	8	(12)	n/m	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	4	13	-69%	12	2	n/m

Net gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt		1	-	n/m							
Fees	Fees	14	14	- %	Fees	14	12	17 %	28	26	8 %
Other net realized gains (losses)		1	1	- %		2	1	100 %			
Operating Interest	Total revenues	31	7	n/m	Total revenues	27	31	-13 %	58	38	53 %
	Operating	22	19	16 %	Operating	13	18	-28 %	35	37	-5 %
	Interest	18	19	-5 %	Interest	18	19	-5 %	36	38	-5 %
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	Total expenses	40	38	5 %	Total expenses	31	37	-16 %	71	75	-5 %
	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (9)	\$ (31)	-71 %	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (4)	\$ (6)	-33 %	\$ (13)	\$ (37)	-65 %
n/m - Percent change not meaningful.		n/m - Percent change not meaningful.			n/m - Percent change not meaningful.						

NET GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange were primarily driven by changes in market values on interest rate swaps and changes in the revaluation of euro-denominated liabilities.

The three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2023** included fair value net gains of **\$1 million** **\$10 million** on interest rate swaps compared with fair value net losses of **\$8 million** **no comparable amount** for the same period of 2023. This favorable change was primarily 2024. The 2023 gains were due to the termination of substantially an increase in interest rates on swaps that we received floating rates. Substantially all of the interest rates swaps were terminated in 2023. In addition, the three second half of 2023.

The six months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** included foreign currency gains of **\$3 million** **\$4 million** on euro-denominated liabilities compared with foreign currency losses of **\$3 million** **\$4 million** on these liabilities for the same period of 2023. This increase was due to the U.S. dollar strengthening against the euro in 2024 compared with the U.S. dollar weakening against the euro in 2023.

OPERATING EXPENSE Operating expense increased decreased for the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with the same period of 2023 primarily due to an increase a decrease in compensation expense related to restricted stock awards and the Company's non-qualified deferred compensation plan. plan that fluctuates primarily based on activity and changes in the value of plan liability.

International and Structured Finance Insurance Segment

Our international and structured finance insurance portfolio is managed through MBIA Corp. The financial guarantees issued by MBIA Corp. generally provide unconditional and irrevocable guarantees of the payment of the principal of, and interest or other amounts owing on, non-U.S. public finance and global structured finance insured obligations when due or, in the event MBIA Corp. has the right, at its discretion, to accelerate insured obligations upon default or otherwise.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

MBIA Corp. has insured sovereign-related and sub- sovereign bonds, utilities, privately issued bonds used for the financing of projects that include toll roads, bridges, public transportation facilities, and other types of infrastructure projects serving a substantial public purpose. MBIA Corp. has also insured structured finance and asset-backed obligations repayable from

expected cash flows generated by a specified pool of assets, such as residential and commercial mortgages, consumer loans, structured settlements, corporate loans and bonds collateralized by such assets. MBIA Insurance Corporation insures the investment agreements written by MBIA Inc., and if MBIA Inc. were to have insufficient assets to pay amounts due upon maturity or termination, MBIA Insurance Corporation would be required to make such payments under its insurance policies. MBIA Insurance Corporation also insures debt obligations of GFL and obligations under certain types of derivative contracts. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, MBIA Corp.'s total insured gross par outstanding was **\$2.7 billion** **\$2.5 billion**. In addition, MBIA Corp. consolidates insured transactions as VIEs if it determines it is the primary beneficiary, and deconsolidates such VIEs when it is no longer the primary beneficiary.

MBIA Corp. has contributed to the Company's NOL carryforward, which is used in the calculation of our consolidated income taxes. If MBIA Corp. becomes profitable, it is not expected to make any tax payments under our tax sharing agreement. Based on MBIA Corp.'s current projected earnings and our expectation that it will not write new business outside of remediation activities, we believe it is unlikely that MBIA Corp. will generate significant income in the near future. As a result of MBIA Corp.'s capital structure and business prospects, we do not expect its financial performance to have a material economic impact on MBIA Inc.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

The following table presents our international and structured finance insurance segment results for the three **and six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

In millions	In millions	Three Months			In millions	Three Months			Six Months		
		Ended March		Percent Change		Ended June		Percent Change	Ended June 30,		Percent Change
		2024	2023			2024	2023		2024	2023	
Net premiums earned	Net premiums earned	\$ 2	\$ 3	-33%	Net premiums earned	\$ 3	\$ 2	50 %	\$ 5	\$ 5	-%
Net investment income	Net investment income	3	3	-%	Net investment income	2	13	-85 %	5	17	-71 %
Net realized investment gains (losses)		(1)	-	n/m	(1)		-	n/m			
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	(5)	(3)	67%	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	(59)	(2)	n/m	(64)	(5)	n/m
Fees and reimbursements	Fees and reimbursements	1	2	-50%	Fees and reimbursements	4	2	100 %	5	4	-%
Other net realized gains (losses)	Other net realized gains (losses)	2	-	n/m	Other net realized gains (losses)	1	1	-%	3	1	n/m
Revenues of consolidated VIEs:	Revenues of consolidated VIEs:				Revenues of consolidated VIEs:						

	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	(25)	(3)	n/m	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value and foreign exchange	1	(21)	-105 %	(24)	(24)	- %
	Other net realized gains (losses)	-	(15)	-100 %	Other net realized gains (losses)	(14)	(3)	n/m	(14)	(18)	-22 %
	Total revenues	(22)	(13)	69 %	Total revenues	(63)	(8)	n/m	(85)	(20)	n/m
Losses and loss adjustment	Losses and loss adjustment	(4)	6	n/m	Losses and loss adjustment	1	2	-50 %	(3)	9	-133 %
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	1	2	-50 %	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	3	2	50 %	4	4	- %
Operating Interest	Operating Interest	6	6	- %	Operating Interest	6	5	20 %	12	11	9 %
		40	38	5 %		41	40	3 %	81	78	4 %
Expenses of consolidated VIEs:	Expenses of consolidated VIEs:				Expenses of consolidated VIEs:						
	Operating	4	4	- %	Operating	5	4	25 %	9	8	13 %
	Total expenses	47	56	-16 %	Total expenses	56	53	6 %	103	110	-6 %
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (69)	\$ (69)	- %	Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ (119)	\$ (61)	95 %	\$ (188)	\$ (130)	45 %
n/m - Percent change not meaningful.		n/m - Percent change not meaningful.			n/m - Percent change not meaningful.						

NET PREMIUMS EARNED Our international and structured finance insurance segment generates net premiums from insurance policies accounted for as financial guarantee contracts. Net premiums earned represent gross premiums earned net of premiums ceded to reinsurers, and include scheduled premium earnings and premium earnings from refunded issues. Certain premiums may be eliminated in our consolidated financial statements as a result of the Company consolidating VIEs. **For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, \$2 million of net Net premiums earned were primarily non-U.S.**

NET INVESTMENT INCOME The decrease in net investment income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 compared with the same periods of 2023 were primarily due to the acceleration of accretion to par value upon the redemption of securities that were purchased at a discount in 2023.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

NET GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE The net losses for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024** were primarily due to fair value losses on investments for which the

fair value option was elected. The net losses for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 were primarily driven by foreign exchange losses on the revaluation of non-U.S. dollar insurance balances.

REVENUES OF CONSOLIDATED VIEs The net losses of consolidated VIE revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023 primarily included the reclassification of \$19 million \$9 million and \$14 million \$20 million, respectively, of credit risk losses from AOCI to net income (loss). For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, these These reclassifications were due to early redemptions of VIE liabilities and the deconsolidation of a VIEs.

The net losses of consolidated VIE respectively. revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 primarily included the reclassification of \$28 million and \$34 million, respectively, of credit risk losses from AOCI to net income (loss). These reclassifications were due to early redemptions of VIE liabilities and the deconsolidation of VIEs.

LOSSES AND LOSS ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES Our international and structured finance insured portfolio management group is responsible for monitoring international and structured finance insured obligations. The level and frequency of monitoring of any insured obligation depends on the type, size, rating and our assessed performance of the insured issue. Refer to "Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a description of the Company's loss reserving policy and additional information related to its insurance loss recoverables and loss and LAE reserves.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, losses incurred primarily related to accretion of loss reserves. For the six months ended June 30, 2024, the incurred loss benefit primarily relates to an in increase in risk-free rates used to discount loss reserves primarily on insured RMBS transactions, which caused the present value of loss reserves, net of recoveries, to decline, partially offset by an increase in the secured overnight financing rate ("SOFR"), which increased estimated interest expense on floating rate liabilities on our insured RMBS transactions, and transactions. The incurred loss benefit was also partially offset by accretion. accretion of loss reserves.

For the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, the incurred loss and LAE expense primarily related to decreases the termination of a first-lien RMBS insured transaction, partially offset by an increase in the risk-free rates, used which caused future reserves, net of recoveries, to discount expected claims payments, which increased the present value of net loss reserves, primarily on insured RMBS transactions. decline.

As a result of the consolidation of VIEs, loss and LAE excludes losses and LAE expense of \$25 million and \$21 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, and excludes losses and LAE of \$4 million and a losses and LAE benefit of \$4 million and \$36 million, \$32 million for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, June 30, 2023, respectively, as VIE losses and LAE are eliminated in consolidation.

The following table presents information about our insurance loss recoverable and loss and LAE reserves as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

		March	December			June	December	
		31,	31,	Percent		30,	31,	Percent
In millions	In millions	2024	2023	Change	In millions	2024	2023	Change
Assets:	Assets:				Assets:			
	Insurance loss				Insurance loss			
	recoverable	\$ 29	\$ 31	-6 %	recoverable	\$ 28	\$ 31	-10 %
	Reinsurance				Reinsurance			
	recoverable on paid				recoverable on paid			
	and unpaid losses ⁽¹⁾	2	2	- % ⁽¹⁾	and unpaid losses	1	2	-50 %
Liabilities:	Liabilities:				Liabilities:			

	Loss and LAE reserves			Loss and LAE reserves			
	236	243	-3 %	233	243	-4 %	
	Net reserve (salvage)			Net reserve (salvage)			
	\$ 205	\$ 210	-2 %	\$ 204	\$ 210	-3 %	
(1) - Reported within "Other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets.	(1) - Reported within "Other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets.			(1) - Reported within "Other assets" on our consolidated balance sheets.			

The insurance loss recoverable primarily relates to reimbursement rights arising from the payment of claims on MBIA Corp.'s policies insuring certain RMBS transactions. Such payments also entitle MBIA Corp. to exercise certain rights and remedies to seek recovery of its reimbursement entitlements. The decrease in MBIA Corp.'s loss and LAE reserves from 2023 was primarily due to an increase in risk-free discount rates during 2024, which caused future liabilities, net of recoveries to decline, as well as claim payments made primarily on our insured RMBS transactions, partially offset by an increase in SOFR, which increased estimated interest expense on floating rate liabilities, liabilities. The decrease in loss and LAE reserves was also partially offset by accretion, accretion of loss reserves.

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RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS AND OPERATING EXPENSES International and structured finance insurance segment expenses for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023 are presented in the following table:

In millions	Three Months Ended			Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended				
	March 31,		Percent Change	June 30,		Percent Change	June 30,		Percent Change		
	2024	2023		2024	Percent		2024	Percent			2023
Gross expenses	\$ 6	\$ 6	- %	\$ 6	\$ Change	6	- %	12	Change	\$ 12	- %
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	\$ 1	\$ 2	-50 %	\$ 3	\$ 2	50 %	\$ 4		\$ 4	- %	
Operating	6	6	- %	6	5	20 %	12		11	9 %	
Total insurance operating expenses	\$ 7	\$ 8	13 %	\$ 9	\$ 7	29 %	\$ 16		\$ 15	7 %	

Gross expenses represent total insurance expenses before the deferral of any policy acquisition costs. We did not defer a material amount of policy acquisition costs during 2024 or 2023 as no new business was written. Policy acquisition costs in these periods were primarily related to ceding commissions and premium taxes on installment policies written in prior periods.

INTEREST EXPENSE Interest expense relates to MBIA Corp.'s surplus notes that are indexed to 3-month SOFR. During the third quarter of 2023, the Company transitioned from the previously indexed 3-month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") rate to the 3-month SOFR plus 0.26161%. The increase in interest expense for the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 compared with the same period of 2023 was due to an increase in interest rates. Refer to the following "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section for more information about MBIA Corp.'s surplus notes.

International and Structured Finance Insurance Portfolio Exposures

Credit Quality

The credit quality of our international and structured finance insured portfolio is assessed in the same manner as our U.S. public finance insured portfolio. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, 23% and 26%, respectively, of our international and structured finance insured portfolio was rated below investment grade, before giving effect to MBIA's

guarantees, based on MBIA's internal ratings, which are generally more current than the underlying ratings provided by S&P and Moody's for this subset of our insured portfolio. Below investment grade insurance policies primarily include our first-lien RMBS and CDO exposures.

Selected Portfolio Exposures

MBIA Corp. insures RMBS backed by residential mortgage loans, including first-lien alternative A-paper and subprime mortgage loans directly through RMBS securitizations. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, MBIA Corp. had **\$587 million** **\$571 million** and \$596 million, respectively, of first-lien RMBS gross par outstanding. These amounts include the gross par outstanding related to transactions that the Company consolidates under accounting guidance for VIEs and includes international exposure of **\$38 million** **\$37 million** and \$39 million, as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, respectively.

In addition, **as during the six months ended June 30, 2024, MBIA Corp. terminated substantially all of March 31, 2024 and its remaining ABS CDO exposure. As of December 31, 2023, MBIA Corp. insured \$117 million of CDOs and related instruments, ABS CDOs.**

We may experience considerable incurred losses in certain of these sectors. There can be no assurance that the loss reserves recorded in our financial statements will be sufficient or that we will not experience losses on transactions on which we currently have no loss reserves, in particular if the economy deteriorates. We may seek to purchase, directly or indirectly, obligations guaranteed by MBIA Corp. or seek to commute policies. The amount of insurance exposure reduced, if any, and the nature of any such actions will depend on market conditions, pricing levels from time to time, and other considerations. In some cases, these activities may result in a reduction of loss reserves, but in all cases they are intended to limit our ultimate losses and reduce the future volatility in loss development on the related policies. Our ability to purchase guaranteed obligations and to commute policies will depend on management's assessment of available liquidity.

Effective in the first quarter of 2022, MBIA Corp. was granted a permitted practice by the New York State Department of Financial Services ("NYSDFS") related to the purchase of certain MBIA Corp.-insured securities with gross case base loss reserves ("Remediation Securities"). The Remediation Securities are **being** acquired with the intent to terminate or commute the related insurance policies. MBIA Corp. may elect to sell the Remediation Securities to facilitate a termination or commutation.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

U.S. Public Finance and International and Structured Finance Reinsurance

Reinsurance enables the Company to cede exposure for purposes of syndicating risk. The Company generally retains the right to reassume the business ceded to reinsurers under certain circumstances, including a reinsurer's rating downgrade below specified thresholds. Currently, we do not intend to use reinsurance to decrease the insured exposure in our portfolio.

As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, the aggregate amount of insured par outstanding ceded by MBIA to reinsurers under reinsurance agreements was **\$759 million** **\$707 million** compared with \$782 million as of December 31, 2023. Under National's reinsurance agreement with MBIA Corp., if a reinsurer of MBIA Corp. is unable to pay claims ceded by MBIA Corp. on U.S. public finance exposure, National will assume liability for such ceded claim payments. For a further discussion of the Company's reinsurance, refer to "Note 13: Insurance in Force" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity

We use a liquidity risk management framework, the primary objective of which is to match liquidity resources to needs. We monitor our cash and liquid asset resources using cash forecasting and stress-scenario testing. Members of MBIA's senior management meet regularly to review liquidity metrics, discuss contingency plans and establish target liquidity levels. We

evaluate and manage liquidity on a legal-entity basis to take into account the legal, regulatory and other limitations on available liquidity resources within the enterprise.

Consolidated Cash Flows

Information about our consolidated cash flows by category is presented on our consolidated statements of cash flows. The following table summarizes our consolidated cash flows for the **three six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023:

In millions	In millions	Three Months			In millions	Six Months		
		Ended March		Percent		Ended June 30,		Percent
		31,		Change		Change		Change
		2024	2023	2024 vs 2023		2024	2023	2024 vs 2023
Statement of cash flow data:	Statement of cash flow data:				Statement of cash flow data:			
Net cash provided (used) by:	Net cash provided (used) by:				Net cash provided (used) by:			
	Operating activities	\$ (30)	\$ (36)	-17 %	Operating activities	\$ (40)	\$ (78)	-49 %
	Investing activities	133	71	87 %	Investing activities	253	314	-19 %
	Financing activities	(73)	(20)	n/m	Financing activities	(123)	(88)	40 %
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	108	78	38 %	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	108	78	38 %
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 138	\$ 93	48 %	Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$ 198	\$ 226	-12 %
n/m - Percent change not meaningful.								

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Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Operating activities

Net cash used by operating activities decreased for the **three six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with the same period of 2023 primarily due to a decrease in **operating expenses and losses and LAE paid. This decrease was partially offset by lower proceeds from consolidated VIEs paid and investment income, operating expenses.**

Investing activities

Net cash provided by investing activities **increased decreased** for the **three six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with the same period of 2023. **This increase was 2023** primarily due **to higher net proceeds from sales of investment in 2023 related to generating liquidity to fund the early redemption of debt, pay higher claims and stock repurchases in 2023.**

Financing activities

Net cash used by financing activities increased for the **three six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with the same period of 2023. This increase was primarily due to **the repurchase an increase in principal paydowns of GFL MTNs and an increase of \$15 million \$52 million, partially offset by a decrease of early redemption \$24 million related to purchases of VIE debt**

in 2024 when compared to the same period of 2023. treasury stock. Refer to the following “Liquidity and Capital Resources- Capital Resources” section for additional information on debt repurchases.

Consolidated Investments

The following discussion of investments, including references to consolidated investments, excludes investments reported under “Assets of consolidated variable interest entities” on our consolidated balance sheets. Investments of VIEs support the repayment of VIE obligations and are not available to settle obligations of MBIA. Fixed-maturity securities purchased by the Company are generally designated as AFS. Our AFS investments comprise high-quality fixed-income securities and short-term investments.

The credit quality distribution of the Company's AFS fixed-maturity investment portfolios, excluding short-term investments, are based on ratings from Moody's and alternate ratings sources, such as S&P or the best estimate of the ratings assigned by the Company, have been used for a small percentage of securities that are not rated by Moody's. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, the weighted average credit quality rating of the Company's AFS fixed-maturity investment portfolio, excluding short-term investments, was Aa and 96% 95% of the investments were investment grade.

The fair values of securities in the Company's AFS fixed-maturity investment portfolio are sensitive to changes in interest rates. Decreases in interest rates generally result in increases in the fair values of fixed-maturity securities and increases in interest rates generally result in decreases in the fair values of fixed-maturity securities.

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had \$148 million \$157 million and \$133 million of unrealized losses, respectively, net of deferred taxes related to its investment portfolio recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income within equity. The unrealized losses during 2024 resulted from higher interest rates, partially offset by tighter credit spreads. rates.

Refer to “Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies” in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 and “Note 7: Investments” in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information about our accounting policies and investments.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Insured Investments

MBIA's consolidated investment portfolio includes investments that are insured by various financial guarantee insurers (“Insured Investments”), including investments insured by National and MBIA Corp. (“Company-Insured Investments”). When purchasing Insured Investments, the Company's third-party portfolio manager independently assesses the underlying credit quality, structure and liquidity of each investment, in addition to the creditworthiness of the insurer. Insured Investments are diverse by sector, issuer and size of holding. The third-party portfolio manager assigns underlying ratings to Insured Investments without giving effect to financial guarantees based on underlying ratings assigned by Moody's, or S&P when a rating is not published by Moody's. When a Moody's or S&P underlying rating is not available, the underlying rating is based on the portfolio manager's best estimate of the rating of such investment. If the Company determines that declines in the fair values of third-party Insured Investments are related to credit loss, the Company will establish an allowance for credit losses and recognize the credit component through earnings.

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, Insured Investments at fair value represented \$131 million \$129 million or 7% 8% of consolidated investments, of which \$122 million \$119 million or 7% of consolidated investments were Company-Insured Investments. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, based on the actual or estimated underlying ratings of our consolidated investment portfolio, without giving effect to financial guarantees, the weighted average rating of only the Insured Investments in the investment portfolio would be in the below investment grade range. Without giving effect to the National and MBIA Corp. guarantees of the Company-Insured Investments in the consolidated investment portfolio, as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, based on actual or estimated underlying ratings, the weighted average rating of the consolidated investment portfolio was in the

Aa range. The weighted average rating of only the Company-Insured Investments was in the below investment grade range, and investments rated below investment grade in the Company-Insured Investments were 6% of the total consolidated investment portfolio.

National Liquidity

The primary sources of cash available to National are:

- principal and interest receipts on assets held in its investment portfolio, including proceeds from the sale of assets; and
- recoveries associated with insurance loss payments.

The primary uses of cash by National are:

- loss payments and LAE payments on insured transactions;
- payments of dividends;
- payments of operating expenses, taxes and investment portfolio asset purchases; and
- funding share repurchases.

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, National held cash and investments of \$1.3 billion, of which \$60 million \$172 million and \$75 million, respectively, were cash and cash equivalents or short-term investments comprised of highly rated commercial paper, money market funds and municipal, U.S. agency and corporate bonds.

The insurance policies issued or reinsured by National provide unconditional and irrevocable guarantees of payments of the principal of, and interest or other amounts owing on, insured obligations when due. In the event of a default in payment of principal, interest or other insured amounts by an issuer, National generally promises to make funds available in the insured amount within one to three business days following notification. In some cases, the amount due can be substantial, particularly if the default occurs on a transaction to which National has a large notional exposure or on a transaction structured with large, bullet-type principal maturities. The U.S. public finance insurance segment's financial guarantee contracts generally cannot be accelerated by a party other than the insurer which helps to mitigate liquidity risk in this segment.

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, National has a stand-alone NOL carryforward of \$476 million \$605 million. If National becomes profitable, it is not expected to make any tax payments under our tax sharing agreement until it fully utilizes the available stand-alone NOL.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Corporate Liquidity

The primary sources of cash available to MBIA Inc. are:

- dividends from National;
- available cash and liquid assets not subject to collateral posting requirements;
- principal and interest receipts on assets held in its investment portfolio, including proceeds from the sale of assets; and
- access to capital markets.

The primary uses of cash by MBIA Inc. are:

- servicing outstanding unsecured corporate debt obligations and MTNs;
- meeting collateral posting requirements under investment agreements;
- payments of operating expenses;
- funding share repurchases and debt buybacks; and
- payment of dividends to shareholders.

As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the liquidity positions of MBIA Inc. were **\$376 million** **\$315 million** and \$411 million, respectively, and included cash and cash equivalents and other investments comprised of highly rated commercial paper and U.S. government and asset-backed bonds.

Based on our projections of National's and MBIA Corp.'s future earnings and losses, we expect that for the foreseeable future National will be the primary source of payments to MBIA Inc. There can be no assurance as to the amount and timing of any future dividends from National. We expect that National will continue to seek approval to pay special dividends to MBIA Inc. in future years. However, there can be no assurance whether or when NYSDFS will approve such requests and, if the NYSDFS does approve such dividends, in what amounts. Refer to the following "Liquidity and Capital Resources-Capital Resources" section for additional information on payments of dividends. We do not expect MBIA Inc. to receive dividends from MBIA Corp.

Furthermore, any future dividend payments by MBIA Inc. to shareholders are within the absolute discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, among other things, the receipt of additional special dividends from National, our results of operations, working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirements, financial condition, level of indebtedness, contractual restrictions with respect to the payment of dividends, business opportunities, anticipated cash needs, provisions of applicable law and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

Currently, a portion of the cash and securities held by MBIA Inc. is pledged against investment agreement liabilities, the Asset Swap (simultaneous repurchase and reverse repurchase agreement), which limits its ability to raise liquidity through asset sales of these securities. As the market value or rating eligibility of the assets pledged against MBIA Inc.'s obligations declines, we are required to pledge additional eligible assets in order to meet minimum required collateral amounts against these liabilities. To mitigate these risks, we seek to maintain cash and liquidity resources that we believe will be sufficient to make all payments due on our obligations and to meet other financial requirements, such as posting collateral. Contingent liquidity resources include sales of invested assets exposed to credit spread stress risk, which may occur at losses, and accessing the capital markets. These actions, if taken, are expected to result in either additional liquidity or reduced exposure to adverse credit spread movements. There can be no assurance that these actions will be sufficient to fully mitigate this risk.

MBIA Corp. Liquidity

The primary sources of cash available to MBIA Corp. are:

- recoveries associated with insurance loss payments;
- installment premiums and fees; and
- principal and interest receipts on assets held in its investment portfolio, including the proceeds from the sale of assets.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

The primary uses of cash by MBIA Corp. are:

- loss and LAE or commutation payments on insured transactions; and
- payments of operating expenses.

As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, MBIA Corp. held cash and investments of **\$284 million** **\$225 million** and \$323 million, respectively, of which **\$23 million** **\$28 million** and \$41 million, respectively, were cash and cash equivalents or liquid investments comprised of money market funds and municipal, U.S. Treasury and corporate bonds that were immediately available to MBIA Insurance Corporation.

Insured obligations that require payment of scheduled debt service payments when due or payment in full of the principal insured at maturity could present liquidity risk for MBIA Corp., as any salvage recoveries from such payments could be recovered over an extended period of time after the payment is made. MBIA Corp. is generally required to satisfy claims within one to three business days, and as a result seeks to identify potential claims in advance through our monitoring process. In order to monitor liquidity risk and maintain appropriate liquidity resources, we use the same methodology as we use to monitor credit quality and losses within our insured portfolio, including stress scenarios.

Contractual Obligations

For a discussion of the Company's contractual obligations, refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources - Liquidity - Contractual Obligations" in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. There were no material changes in contractual obligations since December 31, 2023.

Capital Resources

The Company manages its capital resources to minimize its cost of capital while maintaining appropriate claims-paying resources ("CPR") for National and MBIA Corp. The Company's capital resources consist of total shareholders' equity, total debt issued by MBIA Inc. for general corporate purposes and surplus notes issued by MBIA Corp. In addition to scheduled debt maturities, from time to time, we reduce unsecured debt through calls or repurchases. Also, MBIA Inc. may repurchase or National may purchase outstanding MBIA Inc. common shares when we deem it beneficial to our shareholders. Purchases or repurchases of debt and common stock may be made from time to time in the open market or in private transactions as permitted by securities laws and other legal requirements. We may also choose to redeem debt obligations where permitted by the relevant agreements. MBIA Inc. or National may acquire or redeem outstanding common shares of MBIA Inc. and outstanding debt obligations at prices when we deem it beneficial to our shareholders. We seek to maintain sufficient liquidity and capital resources to meet the Company's general corporate needs and debt service. Based on MBIA Inc.'s debt service requirements and expected operating expenses, we expect that MBIA Inc. will have sufficient resources to satisfy its debt obligations and its general corporate needs over time from distributions from National; however, there can be no assurance that MBIA Inc. will have sufficient resources to do so. In addition, the Company may also consider raising third-party capital. Refer to "Capital, Liquidity and Market Related Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the "Liquidity and Capital Resources—Liquidity—Corporate Liquidity" section included herein for additional information about MBIA Inc.'s liquidity.

Debt securities

During the **three six** months ended **March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024**, the Company repurchased **\$37 million \$63 million** par value outstanding of GFL MTNs with maturities in 2024 through 2025 issued by our corporate segment at a discount. **Subsequent to March 31, 2024**

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company MBIA Inc. repurchased an additional \$26 million par value outstanding \$16 million principal amount of GFL MTNs with a maturity in 2025 issued by our corporate segment at a discount. its Debentures.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

Insurance Statutory Capital

National and MBIA Insurance Corporation are incorporated and licensed in, and are subject to primary insurance regulation and supervision by the NYSDFS. MBIA Mexico is regulated by the Comisión Nacional de Seguros y Fianzas in Mexico. National and MBIA Insurance Corporation each are required to file detailed annual financial statements, as well as interim financial statements, with the NYSDFS and similar supervisory agencies in each of the other jurisdictions in which it is licensed. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with New York State and with statutory accounting principles ("U.S. STAT") and assist our regulators in evaluating minimum standards of solvency, including minimum capital requirements, and business conduct.

National – Statutory Capital and Surplus

National had statutory capital of **\$1.0 billion and \$1.1 billion** as of **March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, **respectively**. As of **March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024**, National's **unassigned policyholders'** surplus was **\$159 million \$622 million**. For the **three six** months ended **March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024**, National had a statutory net loss of **\$11 million \$142 million**. Refer to

the “National — Claims - Paying Resources (Statutory Basis)” section below for additional information on National's statutory capital.

In order to maintain its New York State financial guarantee insurance license, National is required to maintain a minimum of \$65 million of policyholders' surplus. National is also required to maintain contingency reserves to provide protection to policyholders in the event of extreme losses in adverse economic events. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, National was in compliance with its aggregate risk limits under New York Insurance Law (“NYIL”), but was not in compliance with certain of its single risk limits. Since National does not comply with certain of its single risk limits, the NYSDFS could prevent National from transacting any new financial guarantee insurance business.

NYIL regulates the payment of dividends by financial guarantee insurance companies and provides that such companies may not declare or distribute dividends except out of statutory earned surplus. National had positive earned surplus as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** from which it may pay dividends, subject to limitations. Under NYIL, the sum of (i) the amount of dividends declared or distributed during the preceding 12-month period and (ii) the dividend to be declared may not exceed the lesser of (a) 10% of policyholders' surplus, as reported in the latest statutory financial statements or (b) 100% of adjusted net investment income for such 12-month period (the net investment income for such 12-month period plus the excess, if any, of net investment income over dividends declared or distributed during the two-year period preceding such 12-month period), unless the Superintendent of the NYSDFS approves a greater dividend distribution based upon a finding that the insurer will retain sufficient surplus to support its obligations.

National – Claims-Paying Resources (Statutory Basis)

CPR is a key measure of the resources available to National to pay claims under its insurance policies. CPR consists of total financial resources and reserves calculated on a statutory basis. CPR has been a common measure used by financial guarantee insurance companies to report and compare resources and continues to be used by MBIA's management to evaluate changes in such resources. We have provided CPR to allow investors and analysts to evaluate National using the same measure that MBIA's management uses to evaluate National's resources to pay claims under its insurance policies. There is no directly comparable GAAP measure. Our calculation of CPR may differ from the calculation of CPR reported by other companies.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

National's CPR and components thereto, as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 are presented in the following table:

		As of March 31, 2024	As of December 31, 2023		As of June 30, 2024	As of December 31, 2023
In millions	In millions			In millions		
Policyholders' surplus	Policyholders' surplus	\$ 749	\$ 763	Policyholders' surplus	\$ 622	\$ 763
Contingency reserves	Contingency reserves	350	354	Contingency reserves	347	354

	Statutory capital	1,099	1,117	Statutory capital	969	1,117
Unearned premiums	Unearned premiums	230	237	Unearned premiums	225	237
Present value of installment premiums ⁽¹⁾	Present value of installment premiums ⁽¹⁾	101	101	Present value of installment premiums ⁽¹⁾	100	101
	Premium resources ⁽²⁾	331	338	Premium resources ⁽²⁾	325	338
Net loss and LAE reserves ⁽¹⁾	Net loss and LAE reserves ⁽¹⁾	83	75	Net loss and LAE reserves ⁽¹⁾	222	75
Salvage reserves on paid claims ⁽¹⁾	Salvage reserves on paid claims ⁽¹⁾	150	151	Salvage reserves on paid claims ⁽¹⁾	114	151
	Gross loss and LAE reserves	233	226	Gross loss and LAE reserves	336	226
Total claims-paying resources	Total claims-paying resources	\$ 1,663	\$ 1,681	Total claims-paying resources	\$ 1,630	\$ 1,681
<hr/>						
⁽¹⁾ - Calculated using a discount rate of 4.67% as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.						
⁽¹⁾ - Calculated using a discount rate of 4.67% as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.						
⁽²⁾ - Includes financial guarantee and insured derivative related premiums.						

MBIA Insurance Corporation – Statutory Capital and Surplus

MBIA Insurance Corporation had statutory capital of **\$119 million** **\$85 million** as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** compared with \$152 million as of December 31, 2023. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, MBIA Insurance Corporation's negative unassigned surplus was \$1.9 billion. For the **three** **six** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, MBIA Insurance Corporation had a statutory net loss of **\$35 million** **\$70 million**. Refer to the "MBIA Insurance Corporation — Claims - Paying Resources (Statutory Basis)" section below for additional information on MBIA Insurance Corporation's statutory capital.

In order to maintain its New York State financial guarantee insurance license, MBIA Insurance Corporation is required to maintain a minimum of \$65 million of policyholders' surplus. In addition, under NYIL, MBIA Insurance Corporation is required to invest its minimum surplus and contingency reserves and 50% of its loss reserves and unearned premium reserves in certain qualifying assets. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, MBIA Insurance Corporation maintained its minimum requirement of policyholders' surplus but did not have enough qualifying assets to support its contingency reserves and 50% of its loss reserves and unearned premium reserves. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, MBIA Insurance Corporation was in compliance with its aggregate risk limits under the NYIL, but was not in compliance with certain of its single risk limits. Since MBIA Insurance Corporation does not comply with its single risk limits, the NYSDFS could prevent MBIA Insurance Corporation from transacting any new financial guarantee insurance business.

MBIA Insurance Corporation is also required to maintain contingency reserves to provide protection to policyholders in the event of extreme losses in adverse economic events. MBIA Corp. maintains a fixed \$5 million of contingency reserves.

Due to its significant earned surplus deficit, MBIA Insurance Corporation has not had the statutory capacity to pay dividends since December 31, 2009. Based on estimated future income, MBIA Insurance Corporation is not expected to have any statutory capacity to pay dividends.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (continued)

The NYSDFS has not approved MBIA Insurance Corporation's requests to make interest payments on MBIA Insurance Corporation's Surplus Notes due January 15, 2033 (the "Surplus Notes") since, and including, the January 15, 2013 interest payment. The NYSDFS has cited both MBIA Insurance Corporation's liquidity and financial condition as well as the availability of

“free and divisible surplus” as the basis for such non-approvals. As of ~~April 15, 2024~~ July 15, 2024, the most recent scheduled interest payment date, there was ~~\$1.4 billion~~ \$1.5 billion of unpaid interest on the par amount outstanding of \$953 million of the Surplus Notes. Under Section 1307 of the NYIL and the Fiscal Agency Agreement governing the surplus notes, Surplus Note payments may be made only with the prior approval by the NYSDFS and if MBIA Insurance Corporation has sufficient “Eligible Surplus”, or as we believe, “free and divisible surplus” as an appropriate calculation of “Eligible Surplus.” As of ~~March 31, 2024~~ June 30, 2024, MBIA Insurance Corporation had “free and divisible surplus” of ~~\$97 million~~ \$62 million. There is no assurance the NYSDFS will approve Surplus Note payments, notwithstanding the sufficiency of MBIA Insurance Corporation’s liquidity and financial condition. The unpaid interest on the Surplus Notes will become due on the first business day on or after which MBIA Insurance Corporation obtains approval to pay some or all of such unpaid interest. No interest has been accrued or will accrue on the deferred interest.

MBIA Insurance Corporation — Claims - Paying Resources (Statutory Basis)

CPR is a key measure of the resources available to MBIA Corp. to pay claims under its insurance policies. CPR consists of total financial resources and reserves calculated on a statutory basis. CPR has been a common measure used by financial guarantee insurance companies to report and compare resources, and continues to be used by MBIA’s management to evaluate changes in such resources. We have provided CPR to allow investors and analysts to evaluate MBIA Corp., using the same measure that MBIA’s management uses to evaluate MBIA Corp.’s resources to pay claims under its insurance policies. There is no directly comparable GAAP measure. Our calculation of CPR may differ from the calculation of CPR reported by other companies.

MBIA Corp.’s CPR and components thereto, as of ~~March 31, 2024~~ June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are presented in the following table:

		As of	As of		As of	As of
		March 31,	December 31,		June 30,	December 31,
In millions	In millions	2024	2023	In millions	2024	2023
				Policyholders'		
Policyholders' surplus	Policyholders' surplus	\$ 114	\$ 147	surplus	\$ 80	\$ 147
				Contingency		
Contingency reserves	Contingency reserves	5	5	reserves	5	5
	Statutory capital	119	152	Statutory capital	85	152
Unearned premiums	Unearned premiums	27	30	Unearned premiums	25	30
				Present value of		
Present value of installment premiums ⁽¹⁾	Present value of installment premiums ⁽¹⁾	25	26	installment premiums ⁽¹⁾	22	26
				Premium resources		
	Premium resources ⁽²⁾	52	56	⁽²⁾	47	56
	Net loss and LAE reserves			Net loss and LAE		
Net loss and LAE reserves ⁽¹⁾	⁽¹⁾	22	27	reserves ⁽¹⁾	53	27
	Salvage reserves on paid claims			Salvage reserves on		
^{(1) (3)}	claims ^{(1) (3)}	275	269	paid claims ^{(1) (3)}	170	269
	Gross loss and LAE reserves	297	296	Gross loss and LAE reserves	223	296
	Total claims-paying resources	\$ 468	\$ 504	Total claims-paying resources	\$ 355	\$ 504
(1) - Calculated using a discount rate of 5.48% as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.						
(1) - Calculated using a discount rate of 5.48% as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.						
(2) - Includes financial guarantee and insured derivative related premiums.	(2) - Includes financial guarantee and insured derivative related premiums.			(2) - Includes financial guarantee and insured derivative related premiums.		
(3) - This amount primarily consists of expected recoveries related to the payment of claims on insured CDOs and RMBS. In addition, the amount includes salvage related to a permitted practice granted by NYSDFS.						
(3) - This amount primarily consists of expected recoveries related to the payment of claims on insured CDOs and RMBS. In addition, the December 31, 2023 amount includes salvage related to a permitted practice granted by NYSDFS.						

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP, which requires the use of estimates and assumptions. Management has discussed and reviewed the development, selection, and disclosure of critical accounting estimates with the Company's Audit Committee. Our most critical accounting estimates include loss and LAE reserves and valuation of financial instruments, since these estimates require significant judgment. Any modifications in these estimates could materially impact our financial results.

For a discussion of the Company's critical accounting estimates, refer to "Critical Accounting Estimates" in Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. In addition, refer to "Note 5: Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense Reserves" and "Note 6: Fair Value of Financial Instruments" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a current description of estimates used in our insurance loss reserving process and information about our financial assets and liabilities that are accounted for at fair value, including valuation techniques and significant inputs.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Refer to "Note 3: Recent Accounting Pronouncements" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of new accounting guidance recently adopted by pronouncements and the Company's potential impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company's market risk exposures relate to changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads that affect the fair value of its financial instruments, primarily investment securities, MTNs and investment agreement liabilities. The Company's investments are primarily U.S. dollar-denominated fixed-income securities including municipal bonds, U.S. government bonds, corporate bonds, MBS and asset-backed securities. In periods of rising and/or volatile interest rates, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads, profitability could be adversely affected should the Company have to liquidate these securities. The Company minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and credit spread movement through active portfolio management to ensure a proper mix of the types of securities held and to stagger the maturities of its fixed-income securities. There were no material changes in market risk since December 31, 2023 related to interest rates, foreign exchange rates credit spreads. For a discussion of our quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk, refer to Part II, Item 7A, "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's senior management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. In addition, there have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities

Exchange Act of 1934) during the fiscal quarter to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For a discussion of the Company's litigation and related matters, see "Note 12: Commitments and Contingencies" in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of MBIA Inc. and Subsidiaries in Part I, Item 1. In the normal course of operating its businesses, MBIA Inc. may be involved in various legal proceedings. As a courtesy, the Company posts on its website under the section "Legal Proceedings," selected information and documents in reference to selected legal proceedings in which the Company is the plaintiff or the defendant. The Company will not necessarily post all documents for each proceeding and undertakes no obligation to revise or update them to reflect changes in events or expectations. The complete official court docket can be publicly accessed by contacting the clerk's office of the respective court where each litigation is pending.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following should be read in conjunction with and supplements the risk factors described under Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Insured Portfolio Loss Related Risk Factors

Some of the state, local and territorial governments and finance authorities and other providers of public services, located in the U.S. or abroad, that issued public finance obligations we insured are experiencing fiscal stress that could result in increased credit losses or impairments on those obligations.

Certain issuers are reporting fiscal stress that has resulted in a significant increase in taxes and/or a reduction in spending or other measures in efforts to satisfy their financial obligations. In particular, certain jurisdictions have significantly underfunded pension liabilities which are placing additional stress on their finances and are particularly challenging to restructure either through negotiation or under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. If the issuers of the obligations in our public finance portfolio are unable to raise taxes, or increase other revenues, cut spending, reduce liabilities, and/or receive state or federal assistance, we may experience losses or impairments on those obligations, which could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. The financial stress experienced by certain municipal issuers could result in the filing of Chapter 9 proceedings in states where municipal issuers are permitted to seek bankruptcy protection. In these proceedings, which remain rare, the resolution of bondholder claims (and by extension, those of bond insurers) may be subject to legal challenge by other creditors.

In particular, while the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico has completed its court-ordered restructuring pursuant to the Puerto Rico Oversight, Management and Economic Stability Act ("PROMESA"), the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority ("PREPA") currently remains in a bankruptcy-like proceeding under PROMESA in the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico.

As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, National had \$792 million of insured debt service outstanding related to PREPA. On January 1, 2024 and July 1, 2024, PREPA defaulted on scheduled debt service for certain National insured bonds and National paid gross claims in the aggregate of \$16 million. On August 25, 2023 and \$122 million, National and the Oversight Board entered into a First Amendment to the Plan Support Agreement, resolving National's claims in the PREPA Title III case (the "PREPA PSA"). On November 17, 2023, the Court approved the Disclosure Statement for the Third Amended Plan of Adjustment for PREPA and on December 29, 2023, the Oversight Board filed the Corrected Fourth Amended Title III Plan (the "Amended Plan"), including the PREPA PSA. The Amended PSA remains subject to a number of conditions, including (but not limited to) the Title III Court's confirmation and effectiveness of the Amended Plan, as it may be further amended with the Court's approval. The confirmation hearing commenced on March 4, 2024 and concluded on March 18, 2024. The Court has not ruled currently on confirmation of the Amended Plan. There is no assurance that the Amended Plan or a plan that is substantially similar in the treatment of National's claims and rights will ultimately be confirmed and become effective, respectively.

On January 29, 2024, the First Circuit Court of Appeals heard argument on the appeal of Judge Swain's ruling on the scope of the bondholder liens and the allowed amount of the under-secured portion of the bondholders' unsecured claim. While a ruling by On June 12, 2024, the First Circuit that overturns portions of reversed Judge Swain's order would not have an impact prior rulings on National's settlement with bondholder liens and claim amounts. Following a status conference held on July 10, 2024, the Court imposed a 60-day stay of all litigation and other filings related to the amended Plan, and ordered the parties into mediation. The Oversight Board unilaterally altered the consideration provided in the amended RSA and, as a result, National provided notice to the Oversight Board that National did not support the board's actions and that such actions constituted a reversal on certain substantive grounds related to the scope breach and termination of the liens may have an adverse impact on PREPA RSA, as amended. There is no assurance that a plan that is substantially similar in the timing or implementation treatment of the Plan. National's claims and rights will ultimately be confirmed and become effective.

Refer to the "U.S. Public Finance Insurance Puerto Rico Exposures" section in Part I, Item 2 of this Form 10-Q for additional information on our Puerto Rico exposures.

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Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The table below presents purchases or repurchases made by the Company or National in each month during the first second quarter of 2024:

Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan	Maximum Amount That May Be Purchased Under the Plan (in millions) ⁽²⁾
January	5,785	\$ 5.69	0	\$ 71
February	6,242	6.86	0	71
March	287,989	6.58	0	71
	300,015	\$ 6.57	0	

Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan	Maximum Amount That May Be Purchased Under the Plan (in millions) ⁽²⁾
April	143	\$ 6.29	0	\$ 71
May	331,374	6.78	0	71
June	504	5.60	0	71
	332,021	\$ 6.78	0	

- (1) Includes 5,785 331,325 in January, 3,435 in February, and 287,855 in March May that were withheld from participants for income tax purposes whose shares of restricted stock vested during the period. Such restricted stock was originally issued to participants under the Company's long-term incentive plan. 2,807 143 shares in February, 134 April, 49 shares in March May, and 504 shares in June were repurchased in open market transactions as investments in the Company's non-qualified deferred compensation plan.
- (2) On May 3, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company and/or National to purchase up to \$100 million of the Company's shares in open market transactions, in privately negotiated transactions or by any other legal means.

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Item 6. Exhibits

- *31.1. [Chief Executive Officer—Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- *31.2. [Chief Financial Officer—Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- **32.1. [Chief Executive Officer—Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- **32.2. [Chief Financial Officer—Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- *101.INS. XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because iXBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
- *101.SCH. Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbase Documents.
- *104. Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished herewith.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MBIA Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: May 9, 2024 August 6, 2024

/s/ Joseph R. Schachinger

Joseph R. Schachinger
Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer and Duly
Authorized Officer)

Exhibit 31.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, William C. Fallon, certify that:

1. I have reviewed the Quarterly Report of MBIA Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31,

2024 June 30, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report");

2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
4. The Company's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this Report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's first second quarter of 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and to the audit committee of the board of directors:
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ William C. Fallon

William C. Fallon

Chief Executive Officer

May 9, August 6, 2024

Exhibit 31.2

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Joseph R. Schachinger, certify that:

1. I have reviewed the Quarterly Report of MBIA Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report");
2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
4. The Company's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting

(as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:

- (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this Report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's first second quarter of 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and to the audit committee of the board of directors:
- (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Joseph R. Schachinger

Joseph R. Schachinger

Chief Financial Officer

May 9, August 6, 2024

Exhibit 32.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of MBIA Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William C. Fallon, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ William C. Fallon

William C. Fallon

Chief Executive Officer

May 9, August 6, 2024

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of MBIA Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Joseph R. Schachinger, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Joseph R. Schachinger

Joseph R. Schachinger

Chief Financial Officer

May 9, August 6, 2024

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