

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

10-Q - JUNE 30, 2023 COMPARED TO 10-Q - MARCH 31, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 978

█ CHANGES 325

█ DELETIONS 318

█ ADDITIONS 335

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number 001-41068

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Florida

59-3665079

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

700 Central Avenue
St. Petersburg, Florida

33701

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Zip Code)

(727) 440-6848

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock	BAFN	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The registrant had outstanding **4,104,669** **4,103,834** shares of common stock as of **May 8, 2023** **August 7, 2023**.

BayFirst Financial Corp.
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Glossary of Acronyms and Abbreviations

The acronyms and abbreviations identified below may be used throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or in our other SEC filings. You may find it helpful to refer back to this page while reading this report.

ACL: Allowance for Credit Losses	FDIA: Federal Deposit Insurance Act
AFS: Available for Sale	FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
AIO: Architecture, Infrastructure, and Operations	FFIEC: Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council
ALCO: Asset-Liability Committee	FHLB: Federal Home Loan Bank
ALLL: Allowance for Loan Losses	FNBB: First National Bankers Bank
AOCI: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	FRB: Federal Reserve Bank
ASC: FASB Accounting Standards Codification	FVO: Fair Value Option
ASU: FASB Accounting Standards Update	GAAP: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
BHCA: Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended	HFI: Held for Investment
BOLI: Bank Owned Life Insurance	HTM: Held to Maturity
BSA: Bank Secrecy Act of 1970	IRA: Individual Retirement Account
CAA: Consolidated Appropriations Act	JOBS Act: Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012
CARES Act: Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act	LGD: Loss Given Default
CBLR: Community Bank Leverage Ratio	LHFS: Loans Held for Sale
CDARS: Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Services	MMDA: Money Market Deposit Account
CECL: Current Expected Credit Losses	NOW: Negotiable Order of Withdrawal
CEO: Chief Executive Officer	NSPP: Non-Qualified Stock Purchase Plan
CET1: Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	OCC: Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
CFPB: Consumer Financial Protection Bureau	OLC: Officer Loan Committee
C&I: Commercial and Industrial	OREO: Other Real Estate Owned
CIK: Central Index Key	OTTI: Other-Than-Temporary Impairment
COVID-19: Coronavirus Disease 2019	PCAOB: Public Company Accounting Oversight Board
DCLC: Directors' Credit and Loan Committee	PD: Probability of Default
DEI: Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	PPP: Paycheck Protection Program
Dodd-Frank Act: Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010	PPPLF: Paycheck Protection Program Liquidity Facility
DRIP: Dividend Reinvestment Plan	QIB: Qualified Institutional Buyer
EGC: Emerging Growth Company	ROU: Right of Use
EPS: Earnings per Share	SBA: Small Business Administration
Equity Plan: The Amended and Restated 2017 Equity Incentive Plan	SEC: U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
ESG: Environmental, Social, and Governance	SOFR: Secured Overnight Financing Rate
ESOP: Employee Stock Ownership Plan	U.S.: United States
ESPP: Employee Stock Purchase Plan	USDA: United States Department of Agriculture
Exchange Act: Securities Exchange Act of 1934	USDA B&I: United States Department of Agriculture Business and Industry
FASB: Financial Accounting Standards Board	WARM: Weighted Average Remaining Life
FBCA: Florida Business Corporation Act	

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Part I - Financial Information
Item 1. Financial Statements

	ASSETS	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		ASSETS	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
		(Unaudited)					(Unaudited)			
ASSETS	ASSETS									
Cash and due from banks	Cash and due from banks	\$	3,766	\$	3,649	Cash and due from banks	\$	4,593	\$	3,649
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	Interest-bearing deposits in banks		127,901		62,397	Interest-bearing deposits in banks		99,114		62,397
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents		131,667		66,046	Cash and cash equivalents		103,707		66,046

Time deposits in banks	Time deposits in banks	4,881	4,881	Time deposits in banks	4,881	4,881
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: \$46,728 and \$47,374 at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		42,435	42,349			
Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses of \$18 and \$0 (fair value: \$2,242 and \$4,755 at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		2,484	5,002			
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: \$45,713 and \$47,374 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)				Investment securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: \$45,713 and \$47,374 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)	41,343	42,349
Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses of \$19 and \$0 (fair value: \$2,222 and \$4,755 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)				Investment securities held to maturity, at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses of \$19 and \$0 (fair value: \$2,222 and \$4,755 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)	2,483	5,002
Nonmarketable equity securities	Nonmarketable equity securities	5,115	4,037	Nonmarketable equity securities	5,332	4,037
Government guaranteed loans held for sale	Government guaranteed loans held for sale	1,174	—	Government guaranteed loans held for sale	1,247	—
Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	69,047	27,078	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	52,165	27,078
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses of \$12,208 and \$9,046		711,522	692,528			
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses of \$12,598 and \$9,046				Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, net of allowance for credit losses of \$12,598 and \$9,046	771,941	692,528
Accrued interest receivable	Accrued interest receivable	5,547	4,452	Accrued interest receivable	5,929	4,452
Premises and equipment, net	Premises and equipment, net	37,780	35,440	Premises and equipment, net	40,052	35,440
Loan servicing rights	Loan servicing rights	11,625	10,906	Loan servicing rights	12,820	10,906
Deferred income tax asset	Deferred income tax asset	1,338	980	Deferred income tax asset	925	980
Right-of-use operating lease assets	Right-of-use operating lease assets	2,985	3,177	Right-of-use operating lease assets	2,804	3,177
Bank owned life insurance	Bank owned life insurance	25,313	25,159	Bank owned life insurance	25,469	25,159
Other assets	Other assets	16,421	15,649	Other assets	15,850	15,649
Assets from discontinued operations	Assets from discontinued operations	505	1,211	Assets from discontinued operations	451	1,211
Total assets	Total assets	\$ 1,069,839	\$ 938,895	Total assets	\$ 1,087,399	\$ 938,895
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities:	Liabilities:			Liabilities:		
Noninterest-bearing deposits	Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$ 106,622	\$ 93,235	Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$ 101,081	\$ 93,235

Interest-bearing transaction accounts	Interest-bearing transaction accounts	266,445	202,656	Interest-bearing transaction accounts	253,112	202,656
Savings and money market deposits	Savings and money market deposits	364,269	363,053	Savings and money market deposits	401,941	363,053
Time deposits	Time deposits	195,565	136,126	Time deposits	188,648	136,126
Total deposits	Total deposits	932,901	795,070	Total deposits	944,782	795,070
FRB and FHLB borrowings	FRB and FHLB borrowings	25,000	25,000	FRB and FHLB borrowings	30,000	25,000
Subordinated debentures	Subordinated debentures	5,994	5,992	Subordinated debentures	5,945	5,992
Notes payable	Notes payable	2,731	2,844	Notes payable	2,617	2,844
Accrued interest payable	Accrued interest payable	860	704	Accrued interest payable	572	704
Operating lease liabilities	Operating lease liabilities	3,209	3,538	Operating lease liabilities	3,018	3,538
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	7,738	12,205	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	8,461	12,205
Liabilities from discontinued operations	Liabilities from discontinued operations	1,067	1,658	Liabilities from discontinued operations	939	1,658
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	979,500	847,011	Total liabilities	996,334	847,011

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS CONTINUED
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	March 31, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
Shareholders' equity: Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, Series A; no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 6,395 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022; aggregate liquidation preference of \$6,395	6,161	6,161		
Preferred stock, Series B; no par value, 20,000 shares authorized, 3,210 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022; aggregate liquidation preference of \$3,210	3,123	3,123		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital; no par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized, 4,098,805 and 4,042,474 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	54,003	53,023		
Preferred stock, Series A; no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 6,395 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022; aggregate liquidation preference of \$6,395			Preferred stock, Series A; no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 6,395 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022; aggregate liquidation preference of \$6,395	
Preferred stock, Series B; no par value, 20,000 shares authorized, 3,210 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022; aggregate liquidation preference of \$3,210			Preferred stock, Series B; no par value, 20,000 shares authorized, 3,210 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022; aggregate liquidation preference of \$3,210	

Common stock and additional paid-in capital; no par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized, 4,103,834 and 4,042,474 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	Common stock and additional paid-in capital; no par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized, 4,103,834 and 4,042,474 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	54,384	53,023
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net	(3,182)	(3,724)
Unearned compensation	Unearned compensation	(940)	(178)
Retained earnings	Retained earnings	31,174	33,479
Total shareholders' equity	Total shareholders' equity	90,339	91,884
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,069,839	\$ 938,895
See accompanying notes.			

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Interest income:	Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		March 31,		2023		2022	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest income:	Interest income:						
Loans, including fees	Loans, including fees	\$ 13,071	\$ 6,818	\$ 16,372	\$ 7,344	\$ 29,443	\$ 14,162
Interest-bearing deposits in banks and other	Interest-bearing deposits in banks and other	1,180	185	1,420	415	2,600	600
Total interest income	Total interest income	14,251	7,003	17,792	7,759	32,043	14,762
Interest expense:	Interest expense:						
Deposits	Deposits	4,923	1,217	7,098	1,060	12,021	2,277
Borrowings	Borrowings	275	117	586	112	861	229
Total interest expense	Total interest expense	5,198	1,334	7,684	1,172	12,882	2,506
Net interest income	Net interest income	9,053	5,669	10,108	6,587	19,161	12,256
Provision for credit losses	Provision for credit losses	1,942	(2,400)	2,765	250	4,707	(2,150)
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	Net interest income after provision for credit losses	7,111	8,069	7,343	6,337	14,454	14,406
Noninterest income:	Noninterest income:						

Loan servicing income, net	Loan servicing income, net	740	455	Loan servicing income, net	649	433	1,389	888
Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	4,409	4,621	Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	6,028	3,848	10,437	8,469
Service charges and fees	Service charges and fees	379	282	Service charges and fees	379	322	758	604
Government guaranteed loans fair value gain (loss)		3,574	(197)					
Government guaranteed loans fair value gain				Government guaranteed loans fair value gain	2,904	2,708	6,478	2,511
Other noninterest income	Other noninterest income	346	504	Other noninterest income	977	366	1,323	870
Total noninterest income	Total noninterest income	9,448	5,665	Total noninterest income	10,937	7,677	20,385	13,342
Noninterest expense:	Noninterest expense:			Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and benefits	Salaries and benefits	7,835	7,549	Salaries and benefits	7,780	6,870	15,615	14,419
Bonus, commissions, and incentives	Bonus, commissions, and incentives	804	377	Bonus, commissions, and incentives	1,305	573	2,109	950
Occupancy and equipment	Occupancy and equipment	1,163	967	Occupancy and equipment	1,183	973	2,346	1,940
Data processing	Data processing	1,347	1,155	Data processing	1,316	1,084	2,663	2,239
Marketing and business development	Marketing and business development	665	689	Marketing and business development	1,102	749	1,767	1,438
Professional services	Professional services	897	1,154	Professional services	874	979	1,771	2,133
Loan origination and collection	Loan origination and collection	1,495	670	Loan origination and collection	1,221	748	2,716	1,418
Employee recruiting and development	Employee recruiting and development	568	603	Employee recruiting and development	556	532	1,124	1,135
Regulatory assessments	Regulatory assessments	99	69	Regulatory assessments	232	120	331	189
Other noninterest expense	Other noninterest expense	539	638	Other noninterest expense	833	1,062	1,372	1,700
Total noninterest expense	Total noninterest expense	15,412	13,871	Total noninterest expense	16,402	13,690	31,814	27,561
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes		1,147	(137)					
Income from continuing operations before income taxes				Income from continuing operations before income taxes				
Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations	Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations	280	(27)	Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations	461	(68)	741	(95)

Net income (loss) from continuing operations	867	(110)				
Net income from continuing operations			Net income from continuing operations	1,417	392	2,284
Income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes	(170)	164				
Income tax expense (benefit) from discontinued operations	(42)	41				
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	(128)	123				
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes			Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	(43)	(897)	(213)
Income tax benefit from discontinued operations			Income tax benefit from discontinued operations	(11)	(223)	(53)
Net loss from discontinued operations			Net loss from discontinued operations	(32)	(674)	(160)
Net income	739	13				
Net income (loss)			Net income (loss)	1,385	(282)	2,124
Preferred stock dividends	Preferred stock dividends	Preferred stock dividends	Preferred stock dividends	208	208	416
Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 531	\$ (195)	\$ (685)
\$ 1,177	\$ (490)	\$ 1,708				

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED) CONTINUED
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Basic earnings (loss) per common share:	Three Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:	Basic earnings (loss) per common share:			Basic earnings (loss) per common share:			
Continuing operations	Continuing operations	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.08)	Continuing operations	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.46
Discontinued operations	Discontinued operations	(0.03)	0.03	Discontinued operations	(0.01)	(0.17)	(0.04)
Total basic earnings (loss) per common share	Total basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.13	\$ (0.05)	Total basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.29	\$ (0.12)	\$ 0.42
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:	Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:			Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:			
Continuing operations	Continuing operations	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.08)	Continuing operations	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.46

Discontinued operations	Discontinued operations	(0.03)	0.03	Discontinued operations	(0.01)	(0.17)	(0.04)	(0.14)
Total diluted earnings (loss) per common share	Total diluted earnings (loss) per common share	<u>\$ 0.13</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>	Total diluted earnings (loss) per common share	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ (0.12)</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>	<u>\$ (0.17)</u>

See accompanying notes.

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2023		2022		2023	
	Net income	\$ 739	Net income (loss)	\$ 13	Net income (loss)	\$ 1,385
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available for sale	Net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available for sale	732	(1,377)	Net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available for sale	(77)	(1,525)
Deferred income tax (expense) benefit	Deferred income tax (expense) benefit	(190)	339	Deferred income tax (expense) benefit	20	409
Other comprehensive income (loss), net	Other comprehensive income (loss), net	542	(1,038)	Other comprehensive income (loss), net	(57)	(1,116)
Comprehensive income (loss)	Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 1,281</u>	<u>\$ (1,025)</u>	Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ 1,328</u>	<u>\$ (1,398)</u>
					<u>\$ 2,609</u>	<u>\$ (2,423)</u>

See accompanying notes.

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Accumulated										
	Preferred Shares, Series A	Preferred Shares, Series B	Preferred Common Shares	Preferred Stock, Series A	Preferred Stock, Series B	Common Stock	Other and Additional Capital	Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Unearned Compensation	Retained Earnings	
	Series A	Series B	Common Shares	Series A	Series B						
Balance at January 1, 2022	6,395	3,210	3,981,117	\$ 6,161	\$ 3,123	\$ 51,496	\$ (420)	\$ (17)	\$ 35,947	\$ 96,290	
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	13	
Balance at April 1, 2022											Balance at April 1, 2022
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Net loss
Issuance of common stock under:	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Issuance of common stock under:
Non-qualified stock purchase plan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Non-qualified stock purchase plan
Dividend reinvestment plan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dividend reinvestment plan

Exercise of stock options, net											Exercise of stock options, net												
Issuance of common stock, net											Issuance of common stock, net												
Repurchase of common stock											Repurchase of common stock												
Exercise of stock options, net											Exercise of stock options, net												
Stock-based awards - common stock:	Stock-based awards - common stock:											Stock-based awards - common stock:	Stock-based awards - common stock:										
Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact	Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact											Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact	Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact										
Stock option expense	Stock option expense											Stock option expense	Stock option expense										
Other comprehensive loss, net	Other comprehensive loss, net											Other comprehensive loss, net	Other comprehensive loss, net										
Dividends declared on:	Dividends declared on:											Dividends declared on:	Dividends declared on:										
Preferred stock	Preferred stock											Preferred stock	Preferred stock										
Common stock (\$0.08 per share)	Common stock (\$0.08 per share)											Common stock (\$0.08 per share)	Common stock (\$0.08 per share)										
Balance at March 31, 2022	6,395											Balance at June 30, 2022	3,210										
Balance at January 1, 2023	6,395											Balance at April 1, 2023	3,210										
Net income	Net income											Net income	Net income										
Impact of ASC 326 Adoption	Impact of ASC 326 Adoption											Impact of ASC 326 Adoption	Impact of ASC 326 Adoption										
Issuance of common stock under:	Issuance of common stock under:											Issuance of common stock under:	Issuance of common stock under:										
Non-qualified stock purchase plan	Non-qualified stock purchase plan											Non-qualified stock purchase plan	Non-qualified stock purchase plan										
Dividend reinvestment plan	Dividend reinvestment plan											Dividend reinvestment plan	Dividend reinvestment plan										
Exercise of stock options, net	Exercise of stock options, net											Exercise of stock options, net	Exercise of stock options, net										
Repurchase of common stock	Repurchase of common stock											Repurchase of common stock	Repurchase of common stock										
Unearned ESOP shares allocation	Unearned ESOP shares allocation											Unearned ESOP shares allocation	Unearned ESOP shares allocation										
Reclassification of unearned ESOP shares allocation	Reclassification of unearned ESOP shares allocation											Reclassification of unearned ESOP shares allocation	Reclassification of unearned ESOP shares allocation										
Stock-based awards - common stock:	Stock-based awards - common stock:											Stock-based awards - common stock:	Stock-based awards - common stock:										
Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact	Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact											Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact	Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact										
Stock option expense	Stock option expense											Stock option expense	Stock option expense										
Other comprehensive income, net	Other comprehensive income, net											Other comprehensive income, net	Other comprehensive income, net										
Other comprehensive loss, net	Other comprehensive loss, net											Other comprehensive loss, net	Other comprehensive loss, net										
Dividends declared on:	Dividends declared on:											Dividends declared on:	Dividends declared on:										
Preferred stock	Preferred stock											Preferred stock	Preferred stock										
Common stock (\$0.08 per share)	Common stock (\$0.08 per share)											Common stock (\$0.08 per share)	Common stock (\$0.08 per share)										

Balance at March 31, 2023	6,395	3,210	4,098,805	\$ 6,161	\$ 3,123	\$ 54,003	\$ (3,182)	\$ (940)	\$ 31,174	\$ 90,339
Balance at June 30, 2023										

See accompanying notes.

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Preferred Shares, Series A	Preferred Shares, Series B	Common Shares	Preferred Stock, Series A	Preferred Stock, Series B	Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Unearned Compensation	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at January 1, 2022	6,395	3,210	3,981,117	\$ 6,161	\$ 3,123	\$ 51,496	\$ (420)	\$ (17)	\$ 35,947	\$ 96,290
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(269)	(269)
Issuance of common stock under:										
Non-qualified stock purchase plan	—	—	1,272	—	—	21	—	—	—	21
Dividend reinvestment plan	—	—	5,251	—	—	83	—	—	—	83
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	(2,212)	—	—	(49)	—	—	—	(49)
Exercise of stock options, net	—	—	401	—	—	5	—	—	—	5
Issuance of common stock, net	—	—	750	—	—	13	—	—	—	13
Stock-based awards - common stock:										
Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact	—	—	32,120	—	—	691	—	(450)	—	241
Stock option expense	—	—	—	—	—	172	—	—	—	172
Other comprehensive loss, net	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,154)	—	—	(2,154)
Dividends declared on:										
Preferred stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(416)	(416)
Common stock (\$0.160 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(642)	(642)
Balance at June 30, 2022	6,395	3,210	4,018,699	\$ 6,161	\$ 3,123	\$ 52,432	\$ (2,574)	\$ (467)	\$ 34,620	\$ 93,295
Balance at January 1, 2023	6,395	3,210	4,042,474	\$ 6,161	\$ 3,123	\$ 53,023	\$ (3,724)	\$ (178)	\$ 33,479	\$ 91,884
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,124	2,124
Impact of ASC 326 Adoption	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,508)	(2,508)
Issuance of common stock under:										
Non-qualified stock purchase plan	—	—	10,844	—	—	185	—	—	—	185
Dividend reinvestment plan	—	—	4,953	—	—	84	—	—	—	84
Repurchase of common stock	—	—	(750)	—	—	(10)	—	—	—	(10)
Exercise of stock options, net	—	—	3,787	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unearned ESOP shares allocation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(329)	—	(329)
Redclassification of unearned ESOP shares allocation	—	—	—	—	—	315	—	(315)	—	—
Stock-based awards - common stock:										
Restricted stock expense, net of tax impact	—	—	42,526	—	—	729	—	(564)	—	165
Stock option expense	—	—	—	—	—	58	—	—	—	58
Other comprehensive income, net	—	—	—	—	—	—	485	—	—	485
Dividends declared on:										
Preferred stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(416)	(416)
Common stock (\$0.16 per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(657)	(657)
Balance at June 30, 2023	6,395	3,210	4,103,834	\$ 6,161	\$ 3,123	\$ 54,384	\$ (3,239)	\$ (1,386)	\$ 32,022	\$ 91,065

See accompanying notes.

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) CONTINUED
(Dollars in thousands)

		Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:	Cash flows from operating activities:			Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 867	\$ (110)			
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations	(128)	123			
Net income	739	13			
Net income from continuing operations			Net income from continuing operations	\$ 2,284	\$ 282
Net loss from discontinued operations			Net loss from discontinued operations	(160)	(551)
Net income (loss)			Net income (loss)	2,124	(269)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:			Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:	
Depreciation of fixed assets	Depreciation of fixed assets	533	396	Depreciation of fixed assets	1,127
Net securities premium amortization	Net securities premium amortization	20	40	Net securities premium amortization	41
Amortization of debt issuance costs	Amortization of debt issuance costs	2	2	Amortization of debt issuance costs	3
Amortization of premium (discount) on loans purchased		42	(4)	Amortization of premium (discount) on loans purchased, net	107
Amortization of premium (discount) on loans purchased, net					30
Provision for credit losses	Provision for credit losses	1,942	(2,400)	Provision for credit losses	4,707
Accretion of discount on unguaranteed loans	Accretion of discount on unguaranteed loans	(481)	(411)	Accretion of discount on unguaranteed loans	(1,794)
Deferred tax expense	Deferred tax expense	283	303	Deferred tax expense	717
Origination of government guaranteed loans held for sale	Origination of government guaranteed loans held for sale	(1,174)	(1,445)	Origination of government guaranteed loans held for sale	(2,421)
Proceeds from sales of government guaranteed loans held for sale	Proceeds from sales of government guaranteed loans held for sale	76,882	82,139	Proceeds from sales of government guaranteed loans held for sale	208,921
Net gains on sales of government guaranteed loans	Net gains on sales of government guaranteed loans	(4,409)	(4,621)	Net gains on sales of government guaranteed loans	(10,437)
Change in fair value of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	Change in fair value of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	(3,574)	197	Change in fair value of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	(6,478)
					(2,511)

Amortization of loan servicing rights	Amortization of loan servicing rights	878	697	Amortization of loan servicing rights	1,933	1,470
Non-qualified stock purchase plan expense	Non-qualified stock purchase plan expense	7	25	Non-qualified stock purchase plan expense	14	45
Stock based compensation expense	Stock based compensation expense	85	154	Stock based compensation expense	223	368
Income from bank owned life insurance	Income from bank owned life insurance	(154)	(151)	Income from bank owned life insurance	(310)	(303)
Changes in:	Changes in:			Changes in:		
Accrued interest receivable	Accrued interest receivable	(1,095)	455	Accrued interest receivable	(1,477)	360
Other assets	Other assets	(581)	414	Other assets	170	397
Accrued interest payable	Accrued interest payable	156	(240)	Accrued interest payable	(132)	(295)
Other liabilities	Other liabilities	(5,009)	(3,627)	Other liabilities	(4,598)	(1,990)
Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	65,220	71,813	Net cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations	192,600	118,243
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations	(13)	33,904	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of discontinued operations	(119)	35,366
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	65,207	105,717	Net cash provided by operating activities	192,481	153,609
Cash flows from investing activities:	Cash flows from investing activities:			Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investment securities available for sale	Purchase of investment securities available for sale	—	(12,820)	Purchase of investment securities available for sale	—	(20,326)
Principal payments on investment securities available for sale	Principal payments on investment securities available for sale	608	640	Principal payments on investment securities available for sale	1,620	1,494
Purchase of investment securities held to maturity				Purchase of investment securities held to maturity	—	(3,568)
Principal payments on investment securities held to maturity	Principal payments on investment securities held to maturity	2,518	—	Principal payments on investment securities held to maturity	—	54
Call of investment securities held to maturity				Call of investment securities held to maturity	2,500	—
Net purchase of nonmarketable equity securities	Net purchase of nonmarketable equity securities	(1,078)	307	Net purchase of nonmarketable equity securities	(1,295)	(447)
Purchase of time deposits in banks	Purchase of time deposits in banks	—	(1,500)	Purchase of time deposits in banks	—	(2,500)

Purchase of government guaranteed and consumer loans	Purchase of government guaranteed and consumer loans	(35,640)	(18,800)	Purchase of government guaranteed and consumer loans	(99,551)	(45,850)
Loan (originations) and payments, net	Loan (originations) and payments, net	(100,429)	(37,460)	Loan (originations) and payments, net	(205,633)	(134,336)
Purchase of premises and equipment	Purchase of premises and equipment	(2,873)	(1,822)	Purchase of premises and equipment	(5,739)	(2,776)
Net cash used in investing activities		(136,894)	(71,455)			

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) CONTINUED
(Dollars in thousands)

		Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
Net cash used in investing activities				Net cash used in investing activities	
Cash flows from financing activities:	Cash flows from financing activities:			Cash flows from financing activities:	
Net change in deposits	Net change in deposits	137,831	48,444	Net change in deposits	149,712
Net increase in short-term borrowings				Net increase in short-term borrowings	5,000
Payments on notes payable	Payments on notes payable	(113)	(113)	Payments on notes payable	(227)
Net repayments of PPP Liquidity Facility borrowings	Net repayments of PPP Liquidity Facility borrowings	—	(69,654)	Net repayments of PPP Liquidity Facility borrowings	—
Proceeds from sale of common stock, net		126	13		(69,654)
Repayment of subordinated debt				Repayment of subordinated debt	(50)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock for benefit plans, net				Proceeds from issuance of common stock for benefit plans, net	255
Common share buyback - redeemed stock	Common share buyback - redeemed stock	—	(49)	Common share buyback - redeemed stock	(10)
Unearned ESOP shares				Unearned ESOP shares	(329)
Dividends paid on common stock	Dividends paid on common stock	(328)	(321)	Dividends paid on common stock	(657)
Dividends paid on preferred stock	Dividends paid on preferred stock	(208)	(208)	Dividends paid on preferred stock	(416)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		137,308	(21,888)		
Net cash provided by financing activities				Net cash provided by financing activities	153,278
					12,855

Net change in cash and cash equivalents	Net change in cash and cash equivalents	65,621	12,374	Net change in cash and cash equivalents	37,661	(41,791)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	66,046	109,727	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	66,046	109,727
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 131,667	\$ 122,101	Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 103,707	\$ 67,936
Supplemental cash flow information	Supplemental cash flow information			Supplemental cash flow information		
Interest paid	Interest paid	\$ 5,042	\$ 1,574	Interest paid	\$ 13,014	\$ 2,801
Income taxes paid	Income taxes paid	2	22	Income taxes paid	2	169
Supplemental noncash disclosures	Supplemental noncash disclosures			Supplemental noncash disclosures		
Impact to retained earnings from adoption of ASC 326, net of tax	Impact to retained earnings from adoption of ASC 326, net of tax	2,508	—	Impact to retained earnings from adoption of ASC 326, net of tax	2,508	—
Net change in unrealized holding gain on investment securities available for sale		542	(1,038)	Net change in unrealized holding losses on investment securities available for sale, net of tax effect	485	(2,154)
Net change in unrealized holding losses on investment securities available for sale, net of tax effect				Transfer of available for sale debt securities to held to maturity securities at fair value	—	1,500
Transfer of available for sale debt securities to held to maturity securities at fair value				Transfer of government guaranteed loans held for investment to loans held for sale	77,747	124,084
Transfer of government guaranteed loans held for investment to loans held for sale	Transfer of government guaranteed loans held for investment to loans held for sale	74,070	77,747	Transfer of government guaranteed loans held for investment to loans held for sale	201,157	—
Transfer of loans held for investment to OREO				Transfer of loans held for investment to OREO	—	53

See accompanying notes.

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include BayFirst Financial Corp. and its wholly owned subsidiary, BayFirst National Bank, together referred to as "the Company".

These unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles followed within the financial services industry for interim financial information and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information or notes required for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of BayFirst Financial Corp. for that period.

The Company currently operates one business segment. In the third quarter of 2022, the Company discontinued the Bank's nationwide residential mortgage loan segment. The operations of this segment are reported as discontinued operations.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of normal and recurring items, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the interim periods have been included. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain amounts reported in prior periods have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. These reclassifications did not have a material effect on previously reported net income, shareholders' equity, or cash flows.

Operating results for the ~~three~~ six month period ended ~~March 31, 2023~~ June 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2023. These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 in the Company's Annual Report filed on Form 10-K as well as changes to accounting policies which are described below. For interim reporting purposes, the Company follows the same basic accounting policies and considers each interim period as an integral part of an annual period.

Use of Estimates: To prepare financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management makes estimates and assumptions based on available information. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the disclosures provided, and actual results could differ. The most significant estimates relate to the allowance for credit losses, **ACL**, government guaranteed loan servicing rights, and fair value of government guaranteed loans.

Emerging Growth Company Status: The Company is expected to remain an "emerging growth company," as defined in the JOBS Act, through December 31, 2026. Section 107 of the JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of an extended transition period when complying with new or revised accounting standards. In other words, an emerging growth company can delay the adoption of certain accounting standards until those standards would otherwise apply to private companies. The Company has elected to take advantage of this extended transition period, which means these financial statements, as well as financial statements they file in the future for as long as the Company remains an emerging growth company, will be subject to all new or revised accounting standards generally applicable to private companies.

Contingencies: Due to the nature of their activities, the Company and its subsidiary are at times engaged in various legal proceedings that arise in the course of normal business, some of which were outstanding as of ~~March 31, 2023~~ June 30, 2023. Although the ultimate outcome of all claims and lawsuits outstanding as of ~~March 31, 2023~~ June 30, 2023 cannot be ascertained at this time, it is the opinion of management that these matters, when resolved, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards:

On January 1, 2023, the Company adopted **Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") ASU No. 2016-13 "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments"** ("ASU 2016-13") along with its amendments, which replaces the incurred loss impairment methodology in past standards with the **current expected credit loss CECL** methodology ("CECL") and requires consideration of a broader range of information to determine credit loss estimates. The measurement of expected losses under the CECL methodology is applicable to financial assets measured at amortized cost, as well as unfunded commitments that are considered off-balance sheet credit exposures at the reporting date. The measurement is based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts and requires enhanced disclosures related to the significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an organization's portfolio. In addition, ASU 2016-13 amends the **accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt**

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. One such change is to require credit losses to be presented as an allowance rather than as a write-down on available-for-sale debt securities management does not intend to sell.

The Company adopted **Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") ASC 326** using the modified retrospective method for all financial assets measured at amortized cost and **off-balance-sheet** **off-balance sheet** credit exposures. Results for reporting periods beginning **January 1, 2023** and after **January 1, 2023** are presented under ASC 326, while prior period amounts continue to be reported in accordance with previously applicable GAAP. The Company recorded a decrease to retained earnings of \$2,508, net of tax, comprised of a **\$3,125** **\$3,107** pretax increase in the **allowance ACL** for credit losses loans and **\$18** for HTM securities combined with a **\$213** pretax increase in reserve on unfunded commitments, as of January 1, 2023 for the cumulative effect of adopting ASC 326.

The impact of the January 1, 2023 adoption is summarized in the table below:

Allowance for credit losses	December 31,				December 31,					
	January 1, 2023		2022		January 1, 2023		2022			
	Allowance for credit losses	As Reported	Under	Pre-ASC 326	Impact of ASC 326	Allowance for credit losses	As Reported	Under	Pre-ASC 326	Impact of ASC 326
		ASC 326	Adoption		Adoption		ASC 326	Adoption		Adoption

Assets		Assets		Assets		
Securities HTM - corporate bonds	\$ 18	\$ —	\$ 18	Investment securities HTM - corporate bonds	\$ 18	
Investment securities HTM - corporate bonds				Investment securities HTM - corporate bonds	\$ 18	
Loans HFI, at amortized cost	Loans HFI, at amortized cost			Loans HFI, at amortized cost		
Real estate - residential	Real estate - residential	2,210	731	1,479	Real estate - residential	2,210
Real estate - commercial	Real estate - commercial	1,569	956	613	Real estate - commercial	1,569
Real estate - construction and land	Real estate - construction and land	309	28	281	Real estate - construction and land	309
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	7,298	6,182	1,116	Commercial and industrial	7,298
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	767	1,090	(323)	Consumer and other	767
Unallocated	Unallocated	—	59	(59)	Unallocated	—
Loans HFI, at amortized cost total	Loans HFI, at amortized cost total	12,153	9,046	3,107	Loans HFI, at amortized cost total	12,153
Liabilities	Liabilities			Liabilities		
Allowance for credit loss for unfunded commitments	Allowance for credit loss for unfunded commitments	724	511	213	Allowance for credit loss for unfunded commitments	724
Total	Total	<u>\$ 12,877</u>	<u>\$ 9,557</u>	<u>\$ 3,320</u>	Total	<u>\$ 12,877</u>

ASU 2022-02, "Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326)" ("ASU 2022-02") eliminates the guidance on troubled debt restructurings and requires entities to evaluate all loan modifications to determine if they result in a new loan or a continuation of the existing loan. ASU 2022-02 also requires that entities disclose current-period gross charge-offs by year of origination for loans. The amendments in this Update became effective for the Company on January 1, 2023 for all interim and annual periods. The adoption of the provisions in this Update are applied prospectively and have resulted in additional disclosures concerning modifications of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, as well as disaggregated disclosure of charge-offs on loans. Please also see [Note 5 - Allowance for Credit Losses](#) for added disclosure concerning modifications of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, as well as current period gross charge-offs on financing receivables by year of origination and class of financing receivable.

Allowance for Credit Losses-Investment Securities:

The **allowance for credit losses** **ACL** on held-to-maturity securities is a contra-asset valuation determined in accordance with ASC 326, which is deducted from the securities' amortized cost basis at the balance sheet date as a result of management's assessment of the net amount expected to be collected. The allowance is measured on a pooled basis for securities with similar risk characteristics using historical credit loss information, adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Securities that are determined to be uncollectible are written off against the allowance.

For available-for-sale securities in an unrealized loss position ("impaired security"), we assess whether 1) we intend to sell the security, or, 2) it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis. Under either of these scenarios above, the security's amortized cost is written down to fair value through a charge to previously recognized allowances or earnings, as applicable. For impaired securities that do not meet these conditions, we assess whether the decline in fair value was due to credit loss or other factors. This assessment considers,

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

among other things: 1) the extent to which the fair value is less than amortized cost, 2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, 3) any changes to the rating of the security by a rating agency, and 4) our intent and ability to retain the investment for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. If the present value of cash flows expected to be collected is less than the amortized cost basis, a credit loss exists and an **allowance for credit losses** **ACL** is recorded for the credit loss component. Any impairment due to non-credit-related factors that has not been recorded through an **allowance for credit losses** **ACL** is recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) **income**. The discount rate used in determining the present value of the expected cash flows is based on the effective interest rate implicit in the security at the date of purchase.

The ACL on investment securities HTM is a contra-asset valuation that is deducted from the carrying amount of investment securities HTM to present the net amount expected to be collected. Investment securities HTM are charged off against the ACL when deemed uncollectible. Adjustments to the ACL are reported in our Consolidated Statements of Income in provision for credit losses. We measure expected credit losses on securities HTM on a collective basis by major security type with each type sharing similar risk characteristics, and consider historical credit loss information that is adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts. With regard to U.S. Government-sponsored agency and mortgage-backed securities, all these investment securities are issued by a U.S. government-sponsored entity and have an implicit or explicit government guarantee; therefore, no allowance for credit losses ACL has been recorded for these investment securities. With regard to corporate bonds HTM, we consider the issuer's bond rating or the average expected default frequency of the similar investment securities based on company size and industry for those investment securities that are not rated. Historical loss rates associated with investment securities having similar grades as those in our portfolio have been insignificant.

Accrued interest receivable is excluded from the amortized costs and fair values of both held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities and included in accrued interest receivable on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Investment securities are placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest is contractually past due more than ninety days, or management does not expect full payment of principal and interest. We do not record an allowance for credit losses ACL for accrued interest receivable on investment securities, as the amounts are written-off when the investment is placed on non-accrual status. There were no non-accrual investment securities in any of the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements.

Allowance for Credit Losses - Loans Held for Investment and Unfunded Commitments:

The ACL is a valuation account that is deducted from or added to, the amortized cost basis of loans to present a net amount expected to be collected. The ACL excludes loans held for sale and loans accounted for under the fair value option. Loans are charged-off against the ACL when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan balance is confirmed.

Expected recoveries do not exceed the aggregate of amounts previously charged-off and expected to be charged-off.

The Company's ACL on loans is estimated using relevant information, from internal and external sources, relating to past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The Company's historical credit loss experience provides the basis for the estimation of expected credit losses. Management adjusts historical loss information for differences in current risk characteristics such as portfolio risk grading, delinquency levels, or portfolio mix as well as for changes in environmental conditions such as changes in unemployment rates. The allowance for losses ACL on unfunded loan commitments is based on estimates of probability that these commitments will be drawn upon according to historical utilization experience, expected loss severity and loss rates as determined for pooled funded loans. The allowance for credit losses ACL on unfunded commitments is a liability account included in other liabilities. Management estimates these allowances quarterly.

The ACL is measured on a pooled basis when similar risk characteristics are present in the portfolio. The Company has identified portfolio segments based on loan pools with similar credit risk characteristics, which generally correspond to federal regulatory reporting codes, with separate consideration for the government guaranteed loans. The ACL model utilizes a PD/LGD methodology to measure the expected credit losses on government guaranteed loans and a WARM methodology for the remaining loans. The PD/LGD method estimates losses by utilizing estimated PD, LGD, and individual loan level exposure at default. The WARM model contemplates expected losses at a pool-level, utilizing historical loss information. Portions of government guaranteed loans have a government guarantee for credit losses, therefore, no allowance for credit losses ACL has been recorded for those loan balances. In order to quantify the credit risk impact of other trends and changes within the loan portfolio, the Company utilizes qualitative adjustments to the modeled estimated loss approaches. These qualitative adjustments include: changes in lending policies, procedures, and strategies; changes in nature and volume of portfolio; staff experience; changes in volume and trends in classified loans, delinquencies, and nonaccrual; concentration risk; trends in underlying collateral value; external factors such as

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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competition, legal, regulatory; changes in quality of the loan review system; and economic conditions. Additionally, the Company uses reasonable and supportable forecasts utilizing data from the Federal Open Market Committee's median forecasts of change in national GDP and of national unemployment.

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
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(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

Loans that do not share risk characteristics are evaluated on an individual basis and are excluded from the pooled evaluation. This generally occurs when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all interest and principal payments due according to the originally contracted, or reasonably modified, terms of the loan agreement.

Individually evaluated loans are evaluated for impairment and a portion of the allowance is allocated so that the loan is reported, net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the rate implicit in the original loan agreement or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral.

Expected credit losses are estimated over the contractual term of the loan, adjusted for expected prepayments when appropriate. The contractual term excludes expected extensions, renewals, and modifications unless management has a reasonable expectation at the reporting date that a modification will be executed with an individual borrower or the extension or renewal options are included in the contract at the reporting date by the Company.

Past due status of loans is determined based on contractual terms. Commercial and residential loans are placed in nonaccrual status and interest accrual is discontinued if they become 90 days delinquent or there is evidence that the borrower's ability to make the required payments is impaired. Other consumer and personal loans continue to accrue interest and are typically charged off no later than 120 days past due.

When interest accrual is discontinued, all unpaid accrued interest is reversed. Management has made the accounting policy election to exclude accrued interest receivable on loans from the estimate of credit losses.

The determination of the appropriate level of the allowance for credit losses **ACL** inherently involves a high degree of subjectivity and requires the Company to make significant estimates of current credit risks and future trends, all of which may undergo material changes. Although management believes that the processes in place for assessing the appropriate level of the allowance for credit losses **ACL** are robust, such policies and procedures have limitations, including judgment errors in management's risk analysis, and may not prevent unexpected losses in the future. Moreover, the CECL methodology may create more volatility in the level of our allowance for credit losses **ACL** from quarter to quarter as changes in the level of allowance for credit losses **ACL** will be dependent upon, among other things, macroeconomic forecasts and conditions, loan portfolio volumes and credit quality. These factors could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations.

NOTE 2 – DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

During the third quarter of 2022, the Company discontinued the Bank's nationwide residential mortgage loan production operations. The decision was based on a number of strategic priorities and other factors, including the precipitous decline in mortgage volumes and the uncertain outlook for mortgage lending over future periods. As a result of these actions, the Company classified the operations of the residential mortgage lending division as discontinued under ASC 205-20. The Consolidated Balance Sheets, Consolidated Statements of Income, and Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows present discontinued operations for the current period and retrospectively for prior periods.

The following is a summary of the assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations of the residential mortgage lending division at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets		
Loans held for sale, at fair value	\$ —	\$ 449
Loan servicing rights	—	201
Right-of-use operating lease asset	451	559
Accrued interest receivable	—	2
Total assets	\$ 451	\$ 1,211
Liabilities		
Operating lease liability	\$ 939	\$ 1,189
Other liabilities	—	469
Total liabilities	\$ 939	\$ 1,658

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The following is a summary of the assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations of the residential mortgage lending division at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets		
Loans held for sale, at fair value	\$ —	\$ 449
Loan servicing rights	—	201
Right-of-use operating lease asset	505	559
Accrued interest	—	2
Total assets	\$ 505	\$ 1,211
Liabilities		
Operating lease liability	\$ 1,067	\$ 1,189
Other liabilities	—	469
Total liabilities	\$ 1,067	\$ 1,658

The following presents operating results of the discontinued operations of the residential mortgage lending division for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**:

		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended June	
		March 31,		June 30,		30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest income	Interest income	\$ 1	\$ 737	\$ —	\$ 867	\$ 1	\$ 1,604
Noninterest income	Noninterest income	—	13,203	(2)	10,221	(2)	23,424
Total net revenue	Total net revenue	1	13,940	(2)	11,088	(1)	25,028

Noninterest expense	Noninterest expense	171	13,776	Noninterest expense	41	11,985	212	25,761
Income (loss) from discontinued operations								
before income taxes		(170)		before income taxes		164		
Income tax expense (benefit)		(42)		Income tax expense (benefit)		41		
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations		\$ (128)		Net income (loss) from discontinued operations		\$ 123		
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes				Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes				
Income tax benefit				Income tax benefit				
Net loss from discontinued operations				Net loss from discontinued operations				

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized costs, gross unrealized gains and losses, and estimated fair values of investment securities available for sale and investment securities held to maturity at March 31, 2023, June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 as well as carrying value and the ACL of investment securities held to maturity at March 31, 2023, June 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

March 31, 2023	Investment securities available for sale:	Investment securities available for sale:	Amortized Cost	Gross	Gross	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Gross	Gross	Fair Value
				Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses			Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	
June 30, 2023	Investment securities available for sale:	Investment securities available for sale:				June 30, 2023	Investment securities available for sale:			
Asset-backed securities	Asset-backed securities	\$ 9,705	\$ —	\$ (239)	\$ 9,466	Asset-backed securities	\$ 9,143	\$ —	\$ (243)	\$ 8,900
Mortgage-backed securities:	Mortgage-backed securities:					Mortgage-backed securities:				
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	4,060	—	(634)	3,426	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	3,985	—	(671)	3,314
Collateralized mortgage obligations:	Collateralized mortgage obligations:					Collateralized mortgage obligations:				
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	21,627	—	(3,296)	18,331	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	21,250	—	(3,460)	17,790
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	11,336	—	(124)	11,212	Corporate bonds	11,335	14	(10)	11,339
Total investment securities available for sale	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ 46,728	\$ —	\$ (4,293)	\$ 42,435	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ 45,713	\$ 14	\$ (4,384)	\$ 41,343
June 30, 2023			Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value			ACL
Investment securities held to maturity:										
Mortgage-backed securities:										
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises		\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Corporate bonds		2,500	—	(280)	2,220	Corporate bonds	19			

Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ 2,502	\$ —	\$ (280)	\$ 2,222	\$ 19
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March 31, 2023	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value	ACL
Investment securities held to maturity:							
Mortgage-backed securities:							
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ 2,502	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (280)	\$ 2,222	\$ 19	\$ —
Collateralized mortgage obligations:							
Corporate bonds	2,500	—	(260)	2,240	18		
Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ 2,502	\$ —	\$ (280)	\$ 2,222	\$ 19		

December 31, 2022	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value
Investment securities available for sale:						
Asset-backed securities	\$ 9,873	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (268)	\$ 9,605	
Mortgage-backed securities:						
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	4,133	—	—	(693)	3,440	
Collateralized mortgage obligations:						
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	22,031	—	—	(3,811)	18,220	
Corporate bonds	11,337	—	—	(253)	11,084	
Total investment securities available for sale	\$ 47,374	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (5,025)	\$ 42,349	

December 31, 2022	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value
Investment securities held to maturity:						
Mortgage-backed securities:						
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2	
Corporate bonds	5,000	—	—	(247)	4,753	
Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ 5,002	\$ —	\$ —	(247)	\$ 4,755	

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities as of **March 31, June 30, 2023** are shown in the table below by contractual maturity. Actual timing may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

		Available for Sale		Held to Maturity		Available for Sale		Held to Maturity	
		Amortized Cost		Fair Value		Amortized Cost		Fair Value	
		One to five years	One to five years	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	One to five years	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
One to five years	One to five years	\$ 11,336	\$ 11,212	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,392	One to five years	\$ 11,335	\$ 11,339	\$ 1,500
Five to ten years	Five to ten years	2,187	1,901	1,000	848	Five to ten years	—	—	1,000
Beyond ten years	Beyond ten years	33,205	29,322	2	2	Beyond ten years	34,378	30,004	2
Total	Total	\$ 46,728	\$ 42,435	\$ 2,502	\$ 2,242	Total	\$ 45,713	\$ 41,343	\$ 2,502
									\$ 2,222

No ACL for investment securities AFS was needed at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. Accrued interest receivable on securities AFS is excluded from the estimate of credit losses and is included in accrued interest receivable in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, there were no past due principal and interest payments associated with the HTM securities. An allowance for credit losses **There was an ACL of \$18 was recorded \$19** on corporate bonds HTM based on applying the long-term historical credit loss rate for similarly rated securities.

The following table presents the activity in the ACL for investment securities HTM by major security type for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

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The following table presents the activity in the allowance for credit losses for investment securities HTM by major security type for the three months ended **March 31, 2023**:

Corporate Bonds	March 31, 2023
Balance at beginning of period	\$ —
Impact of adopting ASC 326	18
Provision for credit losses	—
Investment securities charged-off	—
Investment securities recoveries	—
Balance at end of period	\$ 18

Corporate Bonds	For the Three Months Ended			For the Six Months Ended		
	June 30, 2023			June 30, 2023		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ —	18	\$ —	—	18	—
Impact of adopting ASC 326	—	—	—	—	—	18
Provision for credit losses	—	1	—	—	—	1
Investment securities charge-offs/recoveries	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment securities recoveries	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of period	\$ 19	19	\$ 19	19	19	19

The following table summarizes investment securities with unrealized losses at **March 31, June 30, 2023** aggregated by security type and length of time in a continuous unrealized loss position:

March 31, 2023	Number						June 30, 2023								
	Less than 12 Months			12 Months or Longer											
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses									
Investment securities available for sale:							Investment securities available for sale:								
Asset-backed securities	Asset-backed securities	\$ 2,142	\$ (30)	\$ 7,324	\$ (209)	\$ 9,466	\$ (239)	3 securities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,900	\$ (243)	\$ 8,900	\$ (239)	
Mortgage-backed securities:	Mortgage-backed securities:						Mortgage-backed securities:								
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	3,426	(634)	3,426	(634)	2	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	3,314	(671)	3,314	
Collateralized mortgage obligations:	Collateralized mortgage obligations:						Collateralized mortgage obligations:								

U.S. Government- sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government- sponsored enterprises	—	—	18,331	(3,296)	18,331	(3,296)	7	U.S. Government- sponsored enterprises	—	—	15,685	(3,460)	15,685	(3,460)
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	3,830	(35)	7,382	(89)	11,212	(124)	5	Corporate bonds	—	—	2,450	(10)	2,450	(10)
Total investment securities available for sale	Total investment securities available for sale							17	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 30,349	\$ (4,384)	\$ 30,349	\$ (4,384)
Investment securities held to maturity:	Investment securities held to maturity:								Investment securities held to maturity:						
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	\$2,242	\$ (260)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,242	\$ (260)	3	Corporate bonds	\$2,220	\$ (280)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,220	\$ —
Total investment securities held to maturity	Total investment securities held to maturity							3	Total investment securities held to maturity						

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The following table summarizes investment securities with unrealized losses at December 31, 2022 aggregated by security type and length of time in a continuous unrealized loss position:

December 31, 2022	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total		Number of Securities
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	
Investment securities available for sale:							
Asset-backed securities	\$ 2,156	\$ (103)	\$ 7,449	\$ (165)	\$ 9,605	\$ (268)	3
Mortgage-backed securities:							
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	3,440	(693)	3,440	(693)	2
Collateralized mortgage obligations:							
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	4,188	(383)	14,103	(3,428)	18,291	(3,811)	7
Corporate bonds	11,085	(253)	—	—	11,085	(253)	5
Total investment securities available for sale	\$ 17,429	\$ (739)	\$ 24,992	\$ (4,286)	\$ 42,421	\$ (5,025)	17
Investment securities held to maturity:							
Corporate bonds	\$ 4,982	\$ (247)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,982	\$ (247)	4
Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ 4,982	\$ (247)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,982	\$ (247)	4

No investment securities were pledged as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** or December 31, 2022, and there were no sales of investment securities during the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** or during the year ended December 31, 2022.

NOTE 4 – LOANS

Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Real estate:	Real estate:		Real estate:		

Residential	Residential	\$ 214,638	\$ 202,329	Residential	\$ 235,339	\$ 202,329
Commercial	Commercial	239,720	231,281	Commercial	272,200	231,281
Construction and land	Construction and land	11,069	9,320	Construction and land	15,575	9,320
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	199,721	194,643	Commercial and industrial	198,639	194,643
Commercial and industrial - PPP	Commercial and industrial - PPP	18,430	19,293	Commercial and industrial - PPP	15,808	19,293
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	32,697	37,288	Consumer and other	38,103	37,288
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, gross	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, gross	716,275	694,154	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, gross	775,664	694,154
Deferred loan costs, net	Deferred loan costs, net	10,678	10,740	Deferred loan costs, net	11,506	10,740
Discount on government guaranteed loans sold ⁽¹⁾	Discount on government guaranteed loans sold ⁽¹⁾	(6,046)	(5,621)	Discount on government guaranteed loans sold ⁽¹⁾	(5,937)	(5,621)
Premium on loans purchased, net	Premium on loans purchased, net	2,823	2,301	Premium on loans purchased, net	3,306	2,301
Allowance for credit losses	Allowance for credit losses	(12,208)	(9,046)	Allowance for credit losses	(12,598)	(9,046)
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost	\$ 711,522	\$ 692,528	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost	\$ 771,941	\$ 692,528

⁽¹⁾ The Company allocates the retained portion of loans sold based on relative fair value of the retained portion and the sold portion, which results in a discount on the retained portion.

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NOTE 5 - ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

On January 1, 2023, the Company adopted ASU 2016-13, or CECL, using the modified retrospective method for all of its loans measured at amortized cost. With the adoption of CECL, the Company elected to exclude accrued interest receivable from the amortized cost basis of loans.

The following schedule presents the activity in the allowance for credit losses ACL by loan segment for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**:

Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Real Estate Residential	Real Estate Commercial	Real Estate - Construction and Land	Real Estate - Industrial	Real Estate - Consumer and other	Unallocated	Total	Three Months Ended	Real Estate Residential	Real Estate Commercial	Real Estate - Construction and Land	Real Estate - Industrial	Real Estate - Consumer and Other
March 31, 2023														
June 30, 2023														
Beginning Balance														
\$ 731 \$ 956 \$ 28 \$ 6,182 \$ 1,090 \$ 59 \$ 9,046 \$ 2,358 \$ 1,695 \$ 254 \$ 7,216 \$ 685 \$ 2,542 \$ 1,889														
Impact of adopting ASC 326														
1,479 613 281 1,116 (323) (59) 3,107														
Charge-offs														
— — — (1,408) (665) — (2,073) — — — (1,710) (674)														
Recoveries														
— 2 — 117 67 — 186 Recoveries — — — 72 59														
Provision														
148 124 (55) 1,209 516 — 1,942 Provision 184 194 105 1,433 727														
Ending Balance														
\$ 2,358 \$ 1,695 \$ 254 \$ 7,216 \$ 685 \$ 12,208 \$ 2,542 \$ 1,889 \$ 359 \$ 7,011 \$ 797														
March 31, 2022														
June 30, 2022														

Beginning Balance	Beginning Balance	\$ 1,437	\$ 2,349	\$ 241	\$ 9,202	\$ 154	\$ 69	\$ 13,452	Beginning Balance	\$ 668	\$ 1,519	\$ 124	\$ 7,320	\$ 429
Charge-offs	Charge-offs	—	—	—	(1,031)	(15)	—	(1,046)	Charge-offs	—	(53)	—	(939)	(26)
Recoveries	Recoveries	—	8	—	153	3	—	164	Recoveries	—	53	—	107	2
Provision	Provision	(769)	(838)	(117)	(1,004)	287	41	(2,400)	Provision	(79)	(386)	(86)	276	633
Ending Balance	Ending Balance	\$ 668	\$ 1,519	\$ 124	\$ 7,320	\$ 429	\$ 110	\$ 10,170	Ending Balance	\$ 589	\$ 1,133	\$ 38	\$ 6,764	\$ 1,038

		Real Estate - Residential		Real Estate - Commercial		Construction and Land		Commercial and Industrial		Consumer and Other		Unallocated		Total								
		Real Estate - Residential	Real Estate - Commercial	Construction and Land	Commercial and Industrial	Consumer and Other	Unallocated															
Six Months Ended																						
June 30, 2023																						
Beginning Balance		\$ 731	\$ 956	\$ 28	\$ 6,182	\$ 1,090	\$ 59	\$ 9,046														
Impact of adopting ASC 326		1,479	613	281	1,116	(323)	(59)	3,107														
Charge-offs		—	—	—	(3,118)	(1,339)	—	(4,457)														
Recoveries		—	2	—	189	126	—	317														
Provision		332	318	50	2,642	1,243	—	4,585														
Ending Balance		\$ 2,542	\$ 1,889	\$ 359	\$ 7,011	\$ 797	\$ —	\$ 12,598														
June 30, 2022																						
Beginning Balance		\$ 1,437	\$ 2,349	\$ 241	\$ 9,202	\$ 154	\$ 69	\$ 13,452														
Charge-offs		—	(53)	—	(1,970)	(41)	—	(2,064)														
Recoveries		—	61	—	260	5	—	326														
Provision		(848)	(1,224)	(203)	(728)	920	(67)	(2,150)														
Ending Balance		\$ 589	\$ 1,133	\$ 38	\$ 6,764	\$ 1,038	\$ 2	\$ 9,564														

On January 1, 2023 the Company adopted ASU 2016-13, "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments", or CECL which significantly changed the credit losses estimation model for loans. The ACL represents management's best estimate of future lifetime expected losses on its held for investment loan portfolio. The Company calculates its ACL by estimating expected credit losses on a collective basis for loans that share similar risk characteristics. Loans that do not share similar risk characteristics with other loans are evaluated for credit

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losses on an individual basis. The Company uses a combination of a modeled and non-modeled approach that incorporates current and future economic conditions to estimate lifetime expected losses on a collective basis.

The Company's ACL model utilizes a PD/LGD methodology to measure the expected credit losses on government guaranteed loans and a WARM methodology for the remaining loans. The PD/LGD method estimates losses by utilizing estimated PD, LGD, and individual loan level exposure at default. The WARM model contemplates expected losses at a pool-level, utilizing historical loss information. Portions of government guaranteed loans have a government guarantee for credit losses, therefore, no allowance for credit losses ACL has been recorded for those loan balances. In order to quantify the credit risk impact of other trends and changes within the loan portfolio, the Company utilizes qualitative adjustments to the modeled estimated loss approaches. These qualitative adjustments include: changes in lending policies, procedures, and strategies; changes in nature and volume of portfolio; staff experience; changes in volume and trends in classified loans, delinquencies, and nonaccrual; concentration risk; trends in underlying collateral value; external factors such as competition, legal, regulatory; changes in quality of the loan review system; and economic conditions. In addition to this, the Company uses reasonable and supportable forecasts utilizing data from the Federal Open Market Committee's median forecasts of change in national GDP and of national unemployment. The FOMC's forecast for the remainder of the calendar year is used in conjunction with the most recent 4 quarters of historical data from FRED (Federal Reserve Economic Data) to determine changes in certain qualitative factors used in calculating loss rates.

Loans that do not share risk characteristics are evaluated on an individual basis and are excluded from the pooled evaluation. This generally occurs when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all interest and principal payments due according to the originally contracted, or reasonably modified, terms of the loan agreement.

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Individually evaluated loans are evaluated for impairment and a portion of the allowance is allocated so that the loan is reported, net, at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the rate implicit in the original loan agreement or at the fair value of collateral if repayment is expected solely from the collateral.

See [Note 1](#) of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of the Company's ACL methodology.

The Company maintains a separate ACL for its off-balance sheet unfunded loan commitments. The **allowance for credit losses ACL** on unfunded loan commitments is based on estimates of probability that these commitments will be drawn upon according to historical utilization experience, expected loss severity and loss rates as determined for pooled funded loans. As of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the **reserves ACL** for unfunded commitments recorded in other liabilities was **\$798** **\$844** and **\$511**, respectively.

The following table presents the activity in the ACL for unfunded commitments for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2023			
Balance at beginning of period		\$ 798	\$ 511	
Impact of adopting ASC 326		—	213	
Provision for credit losses		46	120	
Unfunded commitments charge-offs		—	—	
Unfunded commitments recoveries		—	—	
Balance at end of period		\$ 844	\$ 844	

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The following tables present the recorded investment in nonaccrual loans and loans past due over 89 days still on accrual by loan segment at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022. In the following table, the recorded investment does not include the government guaranteed balance.

March 31, 2023	Loans Past Due						June 30, 2023	Loans Past Due			
	Nonaccrual with no		Nonaccrual with		89 Days Still			Over		89 Days Still	
	ACL	ACL	ACL	Accruing	Accruing	Accruing		Nonaccrual with no	Nonaccrual with	Accruing	
Real estate - residential	Real estate - residential	\$ —	\$ 380	\$ 320	Real estate - residential	\$ —	\$ 2,740	\$ 320			
Real estate - commercial	Real estate - commercial	35	715	—	Real estate - commercial	—	679	—			
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	—	2,176	—	Commercial and industrial	—	2,597	—			
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	—	—	168	Consumer and other	—	—	254			
Total	Total	\$ 35	\$ 3,271	\$ 488	Total	\$ —	\$ 6,016	\$ 574			

December 31, 2022	Nonaccrual		Loans Past Due Over	
			89 Days Still Accruing	
Real estate - commercial	\$ —	1,563	\$ —	—
Commercial and industrial		1,854		—
Consumer and other		—		254
Total	\$ —	3,417	\$ —	254

A financial asset is considered collateral dependent when the debtor is experiencing financial difficulty and repayment is expected to be provided substantially through the sale or operation of the collateral. Expected credit losses for collateral dependent loans are based on the fair value of the collateral at the reporting date, adjusted for selling costs as

appropriate. Significant quarter over quarter changes are reflective of changes in nonaccrual status and not necessarily associated with credit quality indicators like appraised value. The following table presents the amortized cost basis of individually analyzed collateral dependent loans by loan portfolio segment as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**:

	Type of Collateral	ACL		
		Business Assets		ACL
Commercial and industrial		\$	1,500	\$ 206

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The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due gross loans HFI at amortized cost at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** by loan segment:

		30- 89 Days Past Due					Greater Than 89 Days Past Due					30- 89 Days Past Due					Greater Than 89 Days Past Due										
		89 Days Past Due		89 Days Past Due		Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due ⁽¹⁾	Total Loans	89 Days Past Due		89 Days Past Due		Total Past Due	Loans Not Past Due ⁽¹⁾	Total Loans	89 Days Past Due		89 Days Past Due		Total Past Due							
Real estate - residential	Real estate - residential	\$ 639	\$ 700	\$ 1,339	\$ 213,299	\$ 214,638	Real estate - residential	\$ 1,635	\$ 3,061	\$ 4,696	\$ 230,643	\$ 235,339	Real estate - commercial	763	639	1,402	270,798	272,200	Real estate - construction and land	—	—	—	15,575	15,575			
Real estate - commercial	Real estate - commercial	579	651	1,230	238,490	239,720	Real estate - construction and land	—	—	—	—	—	Commercial and industrial	3,692	2,123	5,815	192,824	198,639	Commercial and industrial - PPP	—	—	—	15,808	15,808			
Real estate - construction and land	Real estate - construction and land	—	—	—	11,069	11,069	Consumer and other	828	254	1,082	37,021	38,103	Commercial and industrial - PPP	—	—	—	762	168	930	31,767	32,697	Consumer and other	762	168	930	31,767	32,697
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	1,839	2,080	3,919	195,802	199,721	Total	\$ 6,918	\$ 6,077	\$ 12,995	\$ 762,669	\$ 775,664	Total	\$ 3,819	\$ 3,599	\$ 7,418	\$ 708,857	\$ 716,275	Total	\$ 3,819	\$ 3,599	\$ 7,418	\$ 708,857	\$ 716,275			

⁽¹⁾ \$709 of balances 30-89 days past due and \$2,540 of balances greater than 89 days past due are reported as Loans Not Past Due as a result of the government guarantee. Of those loans, \$1,097 of commercial and industrial PPP loans were delinquent as of March 31, 2023.

(1) \$17,805 of balances 30-89 days past due and \$2,404 of balances greater than 89 days past due are reported as Loans Not Past Due as a result of the government guarantee. Of those loans, \$13,406 of commercial and industrial PPP loans were delinquent as of June 30, 2023.

(1) \$17,805 of balances 30-89 days past due and \$2,404 of balances greater than 89 days past due are reported as Loans Not Past Due as a result of the government guarantee. Of those loans, \$13,406 of commercial and industrial PPP loans were delinquent as of June 30, 2023.

The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in past due gross loans HFI at amortized cost at December 31, 2022 by loan segment:

	Greater Than					Loans Not Past Due ⁽¹⁾	Total Loans
	30-89 Days Past Due	89 Days Past Due	Total Past Due				
Real estate - residential	\$ 719	\$ —	\$ 719	\$ 201,610	\$ 202,329		
Real estate - commercial	586	639	1,225	230,056	231,281		
Real estate - construction and land	—	—	—	9,320	9,320		
Commercial and industrial	2,157	1,760	3,917	190,726	194,643		
Commercial and industrial - PPP	—	—	—	19,293	19,293		
Consumer and other	669	254	923	36,365	37,288		
Total	\$ 4,131	\$ 2,653	\$ 6,784	\$ 687,370	\$ 694,154		

(1) \$1,904 of balances 30-89 days past due and \$4,288 of balances greater than 89 days past due are reported as Loans Not Past Due as a result of the government guarantee, and \$1,302 of commercial and industrial PPP loans were primarily due to delinquencies from borrowers with only a PPP loan and no other Bank product. These borrowers were non-responsive to requests for forgiveness applications and payments, and applications were subsequently submitted to the SBA for their 100% guarantee purchase from the Bank.

Modifications to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty

For the three and six months ended **March 31, June 30, 2023**, there were no loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty and no loan modifications that subsequently defaulted during the period.

Troubled Debt Restructurings

At December 31, 2022, the Company had no loans classified as a troubled debt restructuring. See Note 1 for additional discussion on TDRs.

Credit Quality Indicators

Internal risk-rating grades are assigned to loans by lending, credit administration or loan review personnel, based on an analysis of the financial and collateral strength and other credit attributes underlying each loan. Management analyzes the resulting ratings, as well as other statistics and factors such as delinquency, to track the migration performance of the portfolio balances. This analysis is performed at least annually. The Bank uses the following definitions for its risk ratings:

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Pass – Loans properly approved, documented, collateralized, and performing which do not reflect an abnormal credit risk.

Special Mention – These credits constitute an undue and unwarranted credit risk, but not to a point of justifying a classification of "Substandard". They have potential weaknesses that may, if not checked or corrected, weaken the asset, or inadequately protect the Bank. Company's position at some future date. These assets pose elevated risk, but their weakness does not yet justify a "Substandard" classification.

Substandard – These loans are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful – These loans have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or repayment liquidation in full, on the basis of currently known facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

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The table below sets forth credit exposure for the commercial loan portfolio disaggregated by loan segment based on internally assigned risk ratings at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**:

		Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year							Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year					Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year										
		2023			2022			2021			Prior	Cost Basis	Converted to Term	Total	2023			2022						
Real estate - commercial	Risk Rating	Pass	\$21,792	\$87,000	\$54,494	\$71,607	\$4,065	\$—	\$238,958	Real estate - commercial	Risk Rating	Pass	\$60,328	\$82,544	\$54,004	\$70,184	\$4,461							
Real estate - commercial	Risk Rating	Pass	\$21,792	\$87,000	\$54,494	\$71,607	\$4,065	\$—	\$238,958	Real estate - commercial	Risk Rating	Pass	\$60,328	\$82,544	\$54,004	\$70,184	\$4,461							
Risk Rating	Pass	Pass	\$21,792	\$87,000	\$54,494	\$71,607	\$4,065	\$—	\$238,958	Risk Rating	Pass	\$60,328	\$82,544	\$54,004	\$70,184	\$4,461								
Pass	Pass	\$21,792	\$87,000	\$54,494	\$71,607	\$4,065	\$—	\$238,958	Pass	Pass	\$60,328	\$82,544	\$54,004	\$70,184	\$4,461									
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—						
Substandard	Substandard	—	—	74	688	—	—	—	762	Substandard	—	—	74	605	—	—	—	—						
Doubtful	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—						
Total real estate - commercial loans	Total real estate - commercial loans	\$21,792	\$87,000	\$54,568	\$72,295	\$4,065	\$—	\$—	\$239,720	Total real estate - commercial loans	Total real estate - commercial loans	\$60,328	\$82,544	\$54,078	\$70,789	\$4,461	Total real estate - commercial loans	Total real estate - commercial loans	\$60,328	\$82,544	\$54,078	\$70,789	\$4,461	
Current period gross write offs	Current period gross write offs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	Current period gross write offs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	Current period gross write offs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—		
Real estate - construction and land	Real estate - construction and land									Real estate - construction and land							Real estate - construction and land							
Risk Rating	Risk Rating	Pass	\$—	\$7,048	\$3,637	\$384	\$—	\$—	\$11,069	Risk Rating	Pass	\$1,848	\$9,609	\$3,741	\$377	\$—	Risk Rating	Pass	\$1,848	\$9,609	\$3,741	\$377	\$—	
Pass	Pass	\$—	\$7,048	\$3,637	\$384	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$11,069	Pass	Pass	\$1,848	\$9,609	\$3,741	\$377	\$—	Pass	Pass	\$1,848	\$9,609	\$3,741	\$377	\$—	
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—		
Substandard	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—		
Doubtful	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—		
Total real estate - construction and land loans	Total real estate - construction and land loans	\$—	\$—	\$7,048	\$3,637	\$384	\$—	\$—	\$11,069	Total real estate - construction and land loans	Total real estate - construction and land loans	\$1,848	\$9,609	\$3,741	\$377	\$—	Total real estate - construction and land loans	Total real estate - construction and land loans	\$1,848	\$9,609	\$3,741	\$377	\$—	
Current period gross write offs	Current period gross write offs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	Current period gross write offs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	Current period gross write offs	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—		
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial									Commercial and industrial						Commercial and industrial								
Risk Rating	Risk Rating	Pass	Pass	\$25,194	\$72,465	\$18,613	\$73,095	\$7,115	\$—	\$196,482	Risk Rating	Pass	\$48,019	\$51,654	\$17,892	\$68,110	\$9,366	Risk Rating	Pass	\$48,019	\$51,654	\$17,892	\$68,110	\$9,366
Pass	Pass	\$25,194	\$72,465	\$18,613	\$73,095	\$7,115	\$—	\$—	\$196,482	Pass	Pass	\$48,019	\$51,654	\$17,892	\$68,110	\$9,366	Pass	Pass	\$48,019	\$51,654	\$17,892	\$68,110	\$9,366	

Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	818	—	—	818	Special mention	—	—	—	1,003	—
Substandard	Substandard	—	163	14	2,183	—	—	2,360	Substandard	—	591	14	1,953	—
Doubtful	Doubtful	—	—	—	8	53	—	61	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	37
Total commercial and industrial loans	Total commercial and industrial loans	\$25,194	\$72,628	\$18,627	\$76,104	\$ 7,168	\$ —	\$199,721	Total commercial and industrial loans	\$48,019	\$52,245	\$17,906	\$71,066	\$ 9,403
Current period gross write offs	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ 89	\$ 80	\$ 1,130	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,299	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ 477	\$ 120	\$ 2,521	\$ —
Commercial and industrial - PPP	Commercial and industrial - PPP								Commercial and industrial - PPP					
Risk Rating	Risk Rating								Risk Rating					
Pass	Pass	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ 2,280	\$ 16,141	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 18,430	Pass	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ 222	\$ 15,566	\$ —
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Special mention	—	—	—	11	—
Substandard	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—
Doubtful	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Doubtful	—	—	—	—	—
Total commercial and industrial - PPP loans	Total commercial and industrial - PPP loans	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ 2,280	\$ 16,141	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 18,430	Total commercial and industrial - PPP loans	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ 222	\$ 15,577	\$ —
Current period gross write offs	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

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The Company considers the performance of the loan portfolio to determine its impact on the allowance for credit losses, **ACL**. For residential and consumer loans loan classes, the Company evaluates credit quality based on the aging status of the loan by payment activity. The following table presents the amortized costs at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** in residential and consumer loans based on payment activity.

	Real estate - residential	Revolving Loans						Revolving Loans						
		Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year				Amortized		Converted		Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year				
		2023	2022	2021	Prior	Cost Basis	to Term	Total	2023	2022	2021	Prior	Cost Basis	
Real estate - residential	Real estate - residential								Real estate - residential					
Payment Performance	Payment Performance								Payment Performance					
Performing	Performing	\$11,426	\$84,792	\$25,384	\$23,272	\$ 69,064	\$ —	\$213,938	Performing	\$19,349	\$86,736	\$24,878	\$21,055	\$ 80,261
Nonperforming	Nonperforming	—	205	—	175	320	—	700	Nonperforming	—	424	132	2,184	320
Total real estate - residential loans	Total real estate - residential loans								Total real estate - residential loans					
		\$11,426	\$84,997	\$25,384	\$23,447	\$ 69,384	\$ —	\$214,638		\$19,349	\$87,160	\$25,010	\$23,239	\$ 80,581
Current period gross write offs	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Consumer and other	Consumer and other								Consumer and other					
Payment Performance	Payment Performance								Payment Performance					
Performing	Performing	\$ 464	\$ 29,822	\$ 1,446	\$ 267	\$ 530	\$ —	\$ 32,529	Performing	\$ 9,454	\$ 26,224	\$ 1,347	\$ 248	\$ 576

Nonperforming	Nonperforming	—	142	26	—	—	—	168	Nonperforming	—	228	26	—	—
Total consumer and other loans	Total consumer and other loans	\$ 464	\$ 29,964	\$ 1,472	\$ 267	\$ 530	\$ —	\$ 32,697	Total consumer and other loans	\$ 9,454	\$ 26,452	\$ 1,373	\$ 248	\$ 576
Current period gross write offs	Current period gross write offs	\$ —	\$ 658	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 665	Current period gross write offs	\$ 9	\$ 1,318	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ —

The table below sets forth credit exposure for the loan portfolio disaggregated by loan segment based on internally assigned risk ratings at December 31, 2022:

		Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Total Loans
Real estate - residential		\$ 202,275	\$ —	\$ 54	\$ —	\$ 202,329
Real estate - commercial		227,367	2,351	1,563	—	231,281
Real estate - construction and land		9,320	—	—	—	9,320
Commercial and industrial		192,226	100	2,317	—	194,643
Commercial and industrial - PPP		19,293	—	—	—	19,293
Consumer and other		37,288	—	—	—	37,288
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost		\$ 687,769	\$ 2,451	\$ 3,934	\$ —	\$ 694,154

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Prior to the adoption of ASC 326 on January 1, 2023, the Company calculated the allowance for loan losses ALLL using incurred losses methodology. The following tables are disclosures related to loans in prior periods.

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses ALLL and the recorded investment in loans by loan segment and based on impairment method at December 31, 2022. The government guaranteed loan balances are included in the collectively evaluated for impairment balances.

	Real Estate-Residential	Real Estate-Commercial	Real Estate - Construction and Land	Commercial and Industrial	and Industrial - PPP	Consumer and Other	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for loan losses:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ —	\$ 74	\$ —	\$ 499	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 573
Collectively evaluated for impairment	731	882	28	5,683	—	1,090	59	8,473
Total	\$ 731	\$ 956	\$ 28	\$ 6,182	\$ —	\$ 1,090	\$ 59	\$ 9,046
Loans:								
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ —	\$ 1,563	\$ —	\$ 1,854	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,417
Collectively evaluated for impairment	202,329	229,718	9,320	192,789	19,293	37,288	—	690,737
Total	\$ 202,329	\$ 231,281	\$ 9,320	\$ 194,643	\$ 19,293	\$ 37,288	\$ —	\$ 694,154

The following table presents information related to impaired loans by loan segment at and for the three months ended March 31, 2022:

	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Credit Losses Allocated	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Cash Basis Interest Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:						
Real estate - commercial	\$ 2,193	\$ 2,193	\$ —	\$ 1,732	\$ 20	\$ —
Subtotal	2,193	2,193	—	1,732	20	—
With an allowance recorded:						
Real estate - commercial	91	91	39	584	—	—
Commercial and industrial	856	856	856	902	—	—
Subtotal	947	947	895	1,486	—	—
Total	\$ 3,140	\$ 3,140	\$ 895	\$ 3,218	\$ 20	\$ —

For purposes of the impaired loans by loan segment **table** above, the unpaid principal balance and recorded investment do not include the government guaranteed balance. The government guaranteed balances of impaired loans at December 31, 2022 were \$6,797.

The following table presents information related to impaired loans by loan segment at and for the six months ended June 30, 2022:

	Unpaid Principal Balance	Recorded Investment	Allowance for Credit Losses Allocated	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized	Cash Basis Interest Recognized
With no related allowance recorded:						
Real estate - residential	\$ 246	\$ 246	\$ —	\$ 165	\$ —	\$ —
Real estate - commercial	1,611	1,611	—	2,154	15	15
Subtotal	1,857	1,857	—	2,319	15	15
With an allowance recorded:						
Real estate - commercial	—	—	—	102	—	—
Commercial and industrial	2,388	2,388	949	1,176	—	—
Subtotal	2,388	2,388	949	1,278	—	—
Total	\$ 4,245	\$ 4,245	\$ 949	\$ 3,597	\$ 15	\$ 15

NOTE 6 – FAIR VALUE

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, and other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a Company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

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A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Investment Securities Available for Sale: The fair values of investment securities available for sale are determined by matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific investment securities, but rather by relying on the investment securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted investment securities (Level 2). Management obtains the fair values of investment securities available for sale on a monthly basis from a third party pricing service.

Residential Loans Held for Sale: The Company had elected to account for residential loans held for sale at fair value. The fair value of loans held for sale was determined using either actual quoted prices for the assets (Level 1) whenever possible or quoted prices for similar assets, adjusted for specific attributes of that loan (Level 2). The fair value gain (loss) on loans held for sale is included in discontinued operations in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Government Guaranteed Loans Held for Investment, at Fair Value: The Company has elected to account for certain government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value. Fair value is calculated based on the present value of estimated future payments (Level 3). The valuation model uses interest rate, prepayment speed, and default rate assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future payments. Whenever available, the present value is validated against available market data.

Mortgage Banking Derivatives: Mortgage banking derivatives used in the ordinary course of business primarily consisted of best efforts forward sales contracts. The fair value of best efforts forward sales contracts was measured using market observable inputs that were adjusted using unobservable inputs including duration, spread, and pull-through rates (Level 3).

Individually Evaluated Loans: Periodically, the Company records non-recurring adjustments to the carrying value of loans based on fair value measurements for partial charge-offs of the uncollectible portions of those loans. Non-recurring adjustments can also include certain impairment amounts for collateral-dependent loans calculated when establishing the allowance for credit losses. **ACL**, Loans are considered collateral dependent when the Company has determined that foreclosure of the collateral is probable or when a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty and the loan is expected to be repaid substantially through the operation or sale of collateral. A collateral dependent loan's ACL is measured based on the difference between the fair value of the collateral and the amortized cost basis of the loan as of the measurement date. Fair value of the loan's collateral is determined by appraisals, independent valuation, or management's estimation of fair value which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidation of the collateral. Collateral dependent loans are generally classified as Level 3 based on management's judgment and estimation.

Government Guaranteed Loan Servicing Rights: The fair value of government guaranteed servicing rights is based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated net servicing income. The valuation model incorporates assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future net servicing income. There were no government guaranteed loan servicing rights carried at fair value at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022. On a quarterly basis, government guaranteed loan

servicing rights are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the rights as compared to the carrying amount. If the carrying amount exceeds fair value, impairment is recorded so that the servicing asset is carried at fair value.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** are summarized below. There were no liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**.

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
					Financial assets	Financial assets			
Financial assets	Investment securities available for sale	Investment securities available for sale	\$ 42,435	\$ 42,435	Financial assets	Investment securities available for sale	\$ 41,343	\$ 41,343	
Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	—	69,047	69,047	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	—	—	52,165	52,165

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Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2022 are summarized below. There were no liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2022.

	Significant				Significant			Significant	Significant
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
Financial assets	Financial assets					Financial assets			
Investment securities available for sale	Investment securities available for sale	\$ 42,349	\$ 42,349			Investment securities available for sale	\$ 42,349	\$ 42,349	
Residential loans held for sale ⁽¹⁾	Residential loans held for sale ⁽¹⁾	449	—	—	449	Residential loans held for sale ⁽¹⁾	449	—	449
Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	—	—	27,078	27,078	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	—	—	27,078
Best efforts forward sales contracts ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—	—	Best efforts forward sales contracts ⁽¹⁾	—	—	27,078

⁽¹⁾ Classified as assets from discontinued operations or liabilities from discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheet.

There were no transfers between levels for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value on a recurring basis during the reported periods.

Financial Instruments Recorded Using Fair Value Option

The Company has elected the fair value option for residential loans held for sale. These loans are intended for sale and are classified as assets from discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheet. The Company believes that the fair value is the best indicator of the resolution of these loans. Interest income from discontinued operations is recorded based on the contractual term of the loan and in accordance with the Company's policy on loans held for investment. There were no residential loans held for sale as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. None of these loans were 90 days or more past due or on nonaccrual at December 31, 2022.

The aggregate fair value, contractual balance, and gain at December 31, 2022 for residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations were as follows:

	December 31, 2022
Aggregate fair value	\$ 449
Contractual balance	434
Gain	<u>15</u>

The total amount of interest income from discontinued operations and losses from changes in fair value included in earnings for the **three** **six** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022** for residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Interest income	Interest income	\$ 1	\$ 737	Interest income	\$ 1	\$ 1,604	
Change in fair value	Change in fair value	(15)		(2,999)	Change in fair value	(15)		(2,039)
Total loss	Total loss	\$ (14)		\$ (2,262)	Total loss	\$ (14)		\$ (435)

The Company also elected the fair value option for certain of its government guaranteed loans held for investment as the Company believed that fair value was the best indicator of the resolution of those loans at that time. Depending on market conditions and liquidity needs of the Company, management determines whether it is advantageous to hold or sell government guaranteed loans on a loan-by-loan basis. The portion of these loans guaranteed by the government are generally readily marketable in the secondary market and the portion of the loans that are not guaranteed may be sold periodically to other third party financial institutions. Interest income on these loans is recorded based on the contractual term of the loan and in accordance with the Company's policy on other loans held for investment.

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The aggregate fair value, contractual balance, and gain at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 for government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, were as follows:

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Aggregate fair value	Aggregate fair value	\$ 69,047	\$ 27,078	Aggregate fair value	\$ 52,165	\$ 27,078	
Contractual balance	Contractual balance		65,827		Contractual balance	49,640		26,201
Gain	Gain	\$ 3,220		\$ 877	Gain	\$ 2,525		\$ 877

The total amount of gains and losses from changes in fair value and interest income included in earnings for the **three** **six** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022** for government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Interest income	Interest income	\$ 2,041	\$ 158	Interest income	\$ 2,071	\$ 382	
Change in fair value	Change in fair value	3,574		(197)	Change in fair value	6,478		2,511
Total gain (loss)	Total gain (loss)	\$ 5,615		\$ (39)	Total gain (loss)	\$ 8,549		\$ 2,893

Changes in fair value for government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, were included in Government guaranteed loans fair value gain (loss) on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The table below presents a reconciliation of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, which were valued on a recurring basis and used significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the **three** **six** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Balance of government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, beginning of period	Balance of government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, beginning of period	\$ 27,078	\$ 9,614	Balance of government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, beginning of period	\$ 27,078	\$ 9,614	
New government guaranteed originations at fair value	New government guaranteed originations at fair value	51,980	—	New government guaranteed originations at fair value	84,151	41,745		

Loans sold	Loans sold	(10,727)	—	Loans sold	(59,694)	—
Principal payments	Principal payments	(2,749)	(648)	Principal payments	(5,695)	(1,661)
Charge-offs	Charge-offs	(109)	—	Charge-offs	(153)	—
Total gains (losses) during the period		3,574	(197)			
Total gains during the period				Total gains during the period	6,478	2,511
Balance of government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, end of period	Balance of government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, end of period	\$ 69,047	\$ 8,769	Balance of government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, end of period	\$ 52,165	\$ 52,209

The Company's valuation of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, was supported by an analysis prepared by an independent third party and approved by management. The approach to determine fair value involved several steps: 1) identifying each loan's unique characteristics, including balance, payment type, term, coupon, age, and principal and interest payment; 2) projecting these loan level characteristics for the life of each loan; and 3) performing discounted cash flow modeling.

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The following table provides information about the valuation techniques and unobservable inputs used in the valuation of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, interest rate lock commitments, and best efforts forward sales contracts falling within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022:

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range (Weighted Average)
March 31, June 30, 2023				
Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	\$ 69,047	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Conditional prepayment rate	6.91%-10.41% (7.85% 7.27%-10.77% (8.55%) 8.31%-9.89% (8.69% 8.29%-9.85% (8.74%)
December 31, 2022				
Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	\$ 27,078	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Conditional prepayment rate	5.50%-10.00% (8.00%) 8.66%-10.15% (8.95%)
Best efforts forward sales contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$0	Quoted market prices	Pull-through expectations	100.00% (100.00%)

The significant unobservable inputs impacting the fair value measurement of government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value, include discount rates and conditional prepayment rates. Increases in discount rates or prepayment rates would result in a lower fair value measurement. Although the prepayment rate and discount rate are not directly interrelated, they generally move in opposite directions. The discount rates and conditional prepayment rates were weighted by the relative principal balance outstanding of these loans.

Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** are summarized below:

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Significant Unobservable Input(s)	Discount % Amount
Individually evaluated loans	\$ 1,294	Discounted appraisals, estimated net realizable value of collateral	Collateral discounts	10%

Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at December 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Significant Unobservable Input(s)	Discount % Amount
Impaired loans	\$ 1,355	Discounted appraisals, estimated net realizable value of collateral	Collateral discounts	10%

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Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying values and estimated fair values of financial instruments not carried at fair value, at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Assets:	March 31, 2023			December 31, 2022			June 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
		Level	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Level	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Level	Carrying Value
Assets:	Assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents	1	\$ 131,667	\$ 131,667	\$ 66,046	\$ 66,046							
Time deposits in banks	Time deposits in banks	2	4,881	4,730	4,881	4,714							
Investment securities held to maturity	Investment securities held to maturity	2	2,484	2,242	5,002	4,755							
Nonmarketable equity securities, at cost	Nonmarketable equity securities, at cost	2	5,115	5,115	5,537	5,537							
Government guaranteed loans held for sale	Government guaranteed loans held for sale	2	1,174	1,285	—	—							
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost	3	711,522	696,977	692,528	687,365							
Accrued interest receivable ⁽¹⁾	Accrued interest receivable ⁽¹⁾	3	5,547	5,547	4,454	4,454							
Government guaranteed loan servicing rights	Government guaranteed loan servicing rights	3	11,625	13,122	10,906	13,051							
Mortgage loan servicing rights ⁽²⁾	Mortgage loan servicing rights ⁽²⁾	3	—	—	201	201							
Liabilities:	Liabilities:												
Noninterest-bearing deposits	Noninterest-bearing deposits	2	\$ 106,622	\$ 106,622	\$ 93,235	\$ 93,235							
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	Interest-bearing transaction accounts	2	266,445	266,445	202,656	202,656							
Savings and money market deposits	Savings and money market deposits	2	364,269	364,269	363,053	363,053							
Time deposits	Time deposits	2	195,565	193,936	136,126	134,564							
FRB and FHLB borrowings	FRB and FHLB borrowings	2	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000							
Subordinated debentures	Subordinated debentures	2	5,994	5,296	5,992	5,270							
Notes payable	Notes payable	2	2,731	2,710	2,844	2,843							
Accrued interest payable	Accrued interest payable	2	860	860	704	704							

(1) Includes balances of \$2 classified as assets from discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022.

(2) Classified as assets from discontinued operations on the consolidated balance sheet.

NOTE 7 – GOVERNMENT GUARANTEED LOAN SERVICING ACTIVITIES

At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the principal balance of government guaranteed loans, excluding PPP loans, retained by the Company was **\$350,486** **\$364,030** and **\$300,219**, respectively, of which **\$177,962** **\$182,868** and **\$139,587** represented the guaranteed portion of the loans. Loans serviced for others are not included in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The unpaid principal balances of government guaranteed loans serviced for others requiring recognition of a servicing asset were **\$693,920** **\$758,090** and **\$660,600** at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively.

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Activity for government guaranteed loan servicing rights for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022** follows:

		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Beginning of period	Beginning of period	\$ 10,906	\$ 6,407	Beginning of period	\$ 11,625	\$ 7,399	\$ 10,906
Additions	Additions	1,597	1,689	Additions	2,250	1,134	3,847
Amortization	Amortization	(878)	(697)	Amortization	(1,055)	(773)	(1,933)
End of period	End of period	<u>\$ 11,625</u>	<u>\$ 7,399</u>	End of period	<u>\$ 12,820</u>	<u>\$ 7,760</u>	<u>\$ 12,820</u>
							<u>\$ 7,760</u>

The fair value of government guaranteed loan servicing rights was **\$13,122** **\$14,337** and **\$13,051** at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively. Fair value was determined using a weighted average discount rate of **14.88%** **15.12%** and a weighted average prepayment speed of **9.87%** **9.73%** at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. Fair value was determined using a weighted average discount rate of 14.88% and a weighted average prepayment speed of 9.93% at December 31, 2022. The government guaranteed loan servicing rights are amortized over the life of a loan on a loan-by-loan basis.

The following table presents the components of net gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, excluding sale of PPP loans, for the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**:

		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Gain on sale of guaranteed government guaranteed loans	Gain on sale of guaranteed government guaranteed loans	\$ 2,812	\$ 3,236	Gain on sale of guaranteed government guaranteed loans	\$ 4,590	\$ 2,714	\$ 7,402
Loss on sale of unguaranteed government guaranteed loans	Loss on sale of unguaranteed government guaranteed loans	—	(348)	Loss on sale of unguaranteed government guaranteed loans	(797)	—	(797)
Costs recognized on sale of government guaranteed loans	Costs recognized on sale of government guaranteed loans	—	44	Costs recognized on sale of government guaranteed loans	(15)	—	(15)
Fair value of servicing rights created	Fair value of servicing rights created	1,597	1,689	Fair value of servicing rights created	2,250	1,134	3,847
Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	<u>\$ 4,409</u>	<u>\$ 4,621</u>	Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	<u>\$ 6,028</u>	<u>\$ 3,848</u>	<u>\$ 10,437</u>
							<u>\$ 8,469</u>

NOTE 8 - PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

Premises and equipment at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

		March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
		Land improvements	Land improvements	Building improvements	Building improvements	Land improvements	Building improvements	Land improvements	Building improvements
Land improvements	Land improvements	\$ 5,352	\$ 4,488	\$ 17,137	\$ 13,131	\$ 5,352	\$ 17,979	\$ 4,488	\$ 13,131
Building improvements	Building improvements	17,137	13,131						
Leasehold improvements	Leasehold improvements	3,293	2,833						
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	7,130	6,520						

Fixed assets in process	Fixed assets in process	11,359	14,716	Fixed assets in process	12,938	14,716
Total premises and equipment	Total premises and equipment	44,271	41,688	Total premises and equipment	47,104	41,688
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(6,491)	(6,248)	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(7,052)	(6,248)
Net premises and equipment ⁽¹⁾	Net premises and equipment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 37,780	\$ 35,440	Net premises and equipment ⁽¹⁾	\$ 40,052	\$ 35,440

⁽¹⁾There were no premises and equipment assets classified as assets from discontinued operations as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022.

Depreciation and amortization expense including expense from discontinued operations was \$533 \$593 and \$495 \$500 for the three months ended March 31, June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively, and \$1,127 and \$995 for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and March 31, June 30, 2022, respectively.

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NOTE 9 – LEASES

For the three and three six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022, the components of total lease cost and supplemental information related to operating leases were as follows:

Operating lease cost	Three Months Ended March 31,				Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Operating lease cost	\$ 342	Operating lease cost	\$ 387	Operating lease cost	\$ 246	Operating lease cost	\$ 385	Operating lease cost	\$ 588	Operating lease cost	\$ 772
Short-term lease cost	Short-term lease cost	—	136	Short-term lease cost	20	137	20	20	20	273	273	
Total lease cost, net ⁽¹⁾	Total lease cost, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 342	\$ 523	Total lease cost, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 266	\$ 522	\$ 608	\$ 608	\$ 608	\$ 1,045	\$ 1,045	

⁽¹⁾Includes lease costs reported as discontinued operations of \$61 \$27 and \$323 \$292 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022, respectively, and \$87 and \$615 for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	Three Months Ended March 31,				Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022	
	Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	\$ 381	Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	\$ 380	Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	\$ 303	Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	\$ 388	Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	\$ 684	Cash flows related to operating lease liabilities	\$ 768
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	—	—	Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	—	—	Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	—	Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	—	Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	—

At March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, the weighted average discount rate of operating leases was 2.29% 2.31% and the weighted average remaining life of operating leases was 3.66 3.47 years.

The future minimum lease payments for operating leases, subsequent to March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, as recorded on the balance sheet, are summarized as follows:

2023	2023	\$ 972	2023	\$ 630
2024	2024	1,238	2024	1,237
2025	2025	1,029	2025	1,029
2026	2026	832	2026	832
2027	2027	413	2027	413

Thereafter	Thereafter	—	Thereafter	—
Total undiscounted lease payments	Total undiscounted lease payments	\$ 4,484	Total undiscounted lease payments	\$ 4,141
Less: imputed interest	Less: imputed interest	(208)	Less: imputed interest	(184)
Net lease liabilities	Net lease liabilities	\$ 4,276	Net lease liabilities	\$ 3,957

Impairment of ROU Assets

ROU assets from operating leases are subject to the impairment guidance in ASC 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment*, and are reviewed for impairment when indicators of impairment are present. ASC 360 requires three steps to identify, recognize and measure impairment. If indicators of impairment are present (Step 1), the Company performs a recoverability test (Step 2) comparing the sum of the estimated undiscounted cash flows attributable to the ROU asset in question to the carrying amount. The Company estimates the fair value of the ROU asset and recognizes an impairment loss when the carrying amount exceeds the estimated fair value (Step 3).

During 2022, the Company closed leased mortgage lending offices as part of its discontinuance of the nationwide residential lending operation. The mortgage lending offices were evaluated as outlined above to determine whether the operating leases were impaired. As part of the recoverability test, the Company elected to exclude operating lease liabilities from the carrying amount of the asset group. The undiscounted future cash flows used in the recoverability test were based on assumptions made by the Company rather than market participant assumptions. Since an election was made to exclude operating lease liabilities from the asset or asset group, all future cash lease payments for the lease were also excluded. In addition, the Company elected to exclude operating lease liabilities from the estimated fair value, consistent with the recoverability test. When determining the fair value of the ROU asset, the Company estimated what market participants would pay to lease the assets assuming the highest and best use in the assets' current forms.

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Based on the analysis, the Company concluded that the ROU assets for these offices were impaired and had a remaining ROU carrying value of \$505 \$451 as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023. The analyses resulted in no additional impairment for the three six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023.

NOTE 10 – OTHER BORROWINGS

At March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, the Company had a short-term FHLB borrowing of \$25,000 \$30,000 at 5.07% and no borrowings from the FRB. There were \$25,000 of borrowings at 4.50% from the FRB and no borrowings from the FHLB at December 31, 2022.

The Bank is a member of the FHLB of Atlanta, which provides short- and long-term funding collateralized by mortgage-related assets to its members. FHLB short-term borrowings bear interest at variable rates set by the FHLB. Any advances that the bank were to obtain would be secured by a blanket lien on \$261,887 \$288,430 of real estate-related loans as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023. Based on this collateral and the Company's holdings of FHLB stock, the Company was eligible to borrow up to \$131,153 \$140,121 from the FHLB at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023.

In addition, the Bank has a secured line of credit with the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta which was secured by \$61,941 \$49,948 of commercial loans as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023. FRB short-term borrowings bear interest at variable rates based on the Federal Open Market Committee's target range for the federal funds rate. Based on this collateral, the Company was eligible to borrow up to an additional \$41,340 \$33,961 from the FRB at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023.

In June 2021, the Company issued \$6,000 of Subordinated Debentures (the "Debentures") that mature June 30, 2031 and are redeemable after 5 years. The Debentures carry interest at a fixed rate of 4.50% per annum for the initial 5 years of term and carry interest at a floating rate for the final 5 years of term. Under the debt agreements, the floating rates are based on a SOFR benchmark plus 3.78% per annum. These Debentures were issued to redeem a \$6,000 Subordinated Debenture which was issued in December 2018 and carried interest at a rate of 6.875% per annum. The balance of Subordinated Debentures outstanding at the Company, net of offering costs, amounted to \$5,994 \$5,945 and \$5,992 at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

In March 2020, the Company renegotiated the terms of its outstanding senior debt and combined its line of credit and has a term note into one amortizing note with quarterly principal and interest payments with interest at Prime (8.00% (8.25% at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023). The note matures on March 10, 2029 and the balance of the note was \$2,731 \$2,617 and \$2,844 at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The note is secured by 100% of the stock of the Company Bank and requires the Company to comply with certain loan covenants during the term of the note. As of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all financial debt covenants.

NOTE 11 – STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Equity Plan governs the Company's restricted stock grants and stock options. Total compensation cost charged against income related to the Equity Plan was \$147 \$172 and \$179 \$244 for the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022, respectively, and \$319 and \$423 for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Restricted Stock

The Company awarded shares of restricted common stock to certain employees and non-employee directors for which compensation expense is recognized ratably over the vesting period of the awards based on the fair value of the stock at issue date.

A summary of changes in the Company's nonvested restricted shares for the three six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 follows:

		Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value, per share
	Shares	Fair Value, per share
Nonvested at January 1, 2023	22,000	\$ 21.52

Granted	46,175	18.30
Vested	(13,860)	21.45
Forfeited	(1,655)	19.40
Nonvested at March 31, 2023	<u>52,660</u>	<u>\$ 18.75</u>

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	Shares	Weighted-Average Fair Value, per share
Nonvested at January 1, 2023	22,000	\$ 21.52
Granted	46,175	18.30
Vested	(13,935)	20.01
Forfeited	(1,705)	(19.37)
Nonvested at June 30, 2023	<u>52,535</u>	<u>\$ 18.75</u>

At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, there was **\$940** **\$742** of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested restricted shares granted under the Equity Plan that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.8 years. The total fair value of shares vested during the **three** **six** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022** was **\$251** **\$252** and **\$70**, **\$88**, respectively.

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Stock Options

The Equity Plan permits the grant of stock options to the Company's employees and non-employee directors for up to 15% of the total number of shares of Company common stock issued and outstanding, up to 1,500,000 shares. Option awards are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's common stock at the date of grant. The market price of the Company's common stock is the closing sales price of the Common Stock on such date Nasdaq on the securities exchange having date of the greatest volume of trading in the Common Stock during the 30-day period preceding the day the value is to be determined or, if there is no reported closing sales price on such date, grant, the next preceding date on which there was a reported closing price. Those option awards generally have a vesting period of 5 years for employees and 3 years for non-employee directors and have 10-year contractual terms.

The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using a closed form option valuation (Black-Scholes) model that uses the assumptions noted in the table below. Expected volatility is based on an average of historical volatility of peer financial institutions. The expected term of options granted represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding, which takes into account that the options are not transferable. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant.

A summary of the activity in the Equity Plan for the **three** **six** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** follows:

		Weighted				Weighted			
		Weighted Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value		Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	
Shares					Shares				
Outstanding at January 1, 2023	Outstanding at January 1, 2023	405,688	\$ 15.67		Outstanding at January 1, 2023	405,688	\$ 15.67		
Exercised	Exercised	(30,375)	15.71		Exercised	(30,375)	15.71		
Forfeited	Forfeited	(5,115)	15.53		Forfeited	(7,575)	15.52		
Outstanding at March 31, 2023		370,198	\$ 15.67	6.42	\$ 152				
Vested and exercisable at March 31, 2023		321,957	\$ 15.77	6.28	\$ 121				
Outstanding at June 30, 2023					Outstanding at June 30, 2023	367,738	\$ 15.67	6.20	\$ —

Vested and exercisable at June 30, 2023	Vested and exercisable at June 30, 2023	\$ 15.78	6.06	\$ —
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There were no options granted during the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** or **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted under the Equity Plan was **\$153** **\$107** at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of **1.78** **1.67** years.

NOTE 12 – OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has established a stock dividend reinvestment and stock purchase plan. Under the DRIP, eligible shareholders can voluntarily purchase stock with their dividend or can make additional stock purchases. During the three six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, 4,953 shares were purchased at an average price of \$17.01. During the three six months ended **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**, **no** **5,251** shares were purchased, purchased at an average price of \$15.85.

All employees and Directors are eligible to participate in the NSPP. Expense recognized in relation to the NSPP for the three six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022** was **\$7** **\$14** and **\$25**, **\$45**, respectively.

The Company has a Salary Continuation Agreement (the “Agreement”) with an executive officer. In accordance with the Agreement, the executive will receive an annual benefit of \$25 for twenty years following separation of service. The liability recorded for the Agreement was **\$339** **\$343** and **\$336** at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively, and the related expense for the three six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022** was **\$4** **\$8** and **\$19**, **\$38**, respectively.

The Company has a 401(k) plan that covers all employees subject to certain age and service requirements. The Company contributes 3% of each employee’s salary each pay period as a safe harbor contribution. The Company may also match employee contributions each year at the discretion of the Board of Directors. Expense recognized in relation to the 401(k) plan was **\$240** **\$457** and **\$660** **\$999** for the three six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**, respectively. The discontinuation of the nationwide residential lending division during 2022 triggered a partial plan termination and all affected employees were 100% vested in the Company’s contributions into the plan.

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The Company has an ESOP for eligible employees. Each year, the Company’s Board of Directors may approve a discretionary percentage of employees’ salaries to be contributed to the ESOP for eligible employees. In 2021, the ESOP trust acquired 14,154 shares of the Company’s stock. As this is a leveraged plan, unallocated shares are distributed to employees annually. There were 11,323 unallocated shares with a fair value of \$153 remaining as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. The ESOP trust’s outstanding loan, which is secured by the unallocated shares, bears a fixed interest rate equal to Prime Rate as of the note date, which was 3.25%. The note requires an annual payment of principal and interest through December 2026.

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
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The Company’s ESOP, which is internally leveraged, does not report the loan receivable extended to the ESOP as an asset and does not report the ESOP debt due to the Company.

The discontinuation of the nationwide residential lending division during 2022 triggered a partial plan termination and all affected employees were 100% vested in the Company’s contributions into the ESOP. As a result of the exit of affected participants from the plan, the plan acquired 23,383 shares of the Company’s stock. As this is a leveraged plan, unallocated shares are distributed to employees annually. There were 23,383 unallocated shares with a fair value of \$316 remaining as of June 30, 2023. The ESOP trust was issued a five year loan bearing an interest rate equal to Prime Rate as of the note date, which was 8.25% and adjusts annually as of the first day of each succeeding calendar year to reflect the Prime Rate as of the first business day of the calendar year. The note requires an annual payment of principal and interest through December 2027. The Company’s ESOP, which is internally leveraged, does not report the loan receivable extended to the ESOP as an asset and does not report the ESOP debt due to the Company.

The Board did not approve any contributions in 2022. There was no expense related to the ESOP for the three six months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. Expense related to the ESOP was **\$192** **\$0** for the three six months ended **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**.

The discontinuation of the nationwide residential lending division during 2022 triggered a partial plan termination and all affected employees were 100% vested in the Company’s contributions into the ESOP.

NOTE 13 - INCOME TAXES

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal income tax. In the ordinary course of business, they are routinely subject to audit by the Internal Revenue Service. Currently, the Company is subject to examination by taxing authorities for the 2020 tax return year and forward.

A reconciliation of expected income tax expense (benefit) using the federal statutory rate of 21% for the three and six months ended **March 31, June 30, 2023** and **March 31, June 30, 2022** and actual income tax expense (benefit) is as follows:

Three Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022

Federal tax based on federal corporate statutory rate	Federal tax based on federal corporate statutory rate	\$ 241	\$ (29)	Federal tax based on federal corporate statutory rate	\$ 394	\$ 68	\$ 635	\$ 39
State tax, net of federal effect	State tax, net of federal effect	37	(1)	State tax, net of federal effect	55	—	92	(1)
Changes resulting from:	Changes resulting from:			Changes resulting from:				
BOLI income	BOLI income	(6)	(32)	BOLI income	(6)	(6)	(12)	(12)
Other, net	Other, net	8	35	Other, net	18	(130)	26	(121)
Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations	Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations	280	(27)	Income tax expense (benefit) from continuing operations	461	(68)	741	(95)
Income tax (benefit) expense from discontinued operations	Income tax (benefit) expense from discontinued operations	(42)	41	Income tax (benefit) expense from discontinued operations	(11)	(223)	(53)	(182)
Total income tax expense (benefit)	Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 238	\$ 14	Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 450	\$ (291)	\$ 688	\$ (277)

NOTE 14 – REGULATORY MATTERS

Banks and bank holding companies are subject to regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Capital adequacy guidelines and, additionally for banks, prompt corrective action regulations, involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Capital amounts and classifications are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators. Failure to meet capital requirements can initiate regulatory action.

Management believes that the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which it was subject at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022.

Prompt corrective action regulations provide five classifications: well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized, although these terms are not used to represent overall financial condition. If adequately capitalized, regulatory approval is required to accept brokered deposits. If undercapitalized, capital distributions are limited, as is asset growth and expansion, and capital restoration plans are required. At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the most recent regulatory notifications categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the institution's classification.

In February 2019, the federal bank regulatory agencies issued a final rule that revised certain capital regulations under ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, and

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

included a transition option that allows banking organizations to phase in, over a three year period, the day one adverse effects of adoption on their regulatory capital ratios (three year transition option). In connection with the adoption of ASC 326 on January 1, 2021, the Company recognized an after-tax cumulative effect reduction to retained earnings. The Company elected to adopt the three year transition option and the deferral has been applied in capital ratios presented below. Actual and required capital amounts and ratios for the Bank are presented below at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**:

		To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations						To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations					
		Actual		Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		Actual		Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		Actual		Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes	
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Total Capital	Total Capital												
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 107,929	14.12 %	\$ 61,150	8.00 %	\$ 76,437	10.00 %						
Tier 1 Capital	Tier 1 Capital												
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 98,352	12.87 %	\$ 45,862	6.00 %	\$ 61,150	8.00 %						

Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	(to Risk Weighted Assets)	(to Risk Weighted Assets)
\$ 98,352	12.87 %	\$ 99,348
\$ 34,397	4.50 %	12.34 %
\$ 49,684	6.50 %	\$ 36,216
		4.50 %
		\$ 52,312
		6.50 %

Tier 1 Capital	Tier 1 Capital	Tier 1 Capital
(to Average Assets)	(to Average Assets)	(to Average Assets)
\$ 98,352	10.18 %	\$ 99,348
\$ 38,657	4.00 %	9.36 %
\$ 48,322	5.00 %	\$ 42,443
		4.00 %
		\$ 53,053
		5.00 %

Actual and required capital amounts and ratios for the Bank are presented below at December 31, 2022:

	Actual		Required for Capital Adequacy Purposes		To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Regulations	
			Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount
Total Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 108,307	15.00 %	\$ 57,767	8.00 %	\$ 72,209	10.00 %
Tier 1 Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 99,269	13.75 %	\$ 43,325	6.00 %	\$ 57,767	8.00 %
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital						
(to Risk Weighted Assets)	\$ 99,269	13.75 %	\$ 32,494	4.50 %	\$ 46,936	6.50 %
Tier 1 Capital						
(to Average Assets)	\$ 99,269	10.79 %	\$ 36,816	4.00 %	\$ 46,020	5.00 %

Dividend Restrictions

Banking regulations limit the amount of dividends that may be paid. Approval by regulatory authorities is required if the effect of dividends declared would cause the regulatory capital of the Bank to fall below specified minimum levels. Approval is also required if dividends declared exceed the net profits of the Bank for that year combined with the retained net profits for the preceding two years.

NOTE 15 – MORTGAGE BANKING ACTIVITIES - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The following table presents the components of the residential loan fee income from discontinued operations for the three months March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2023	2022
Net gain realized on sale of residential loans held for sale	\$ 15	\$ 9,070
Net change in fair value recognized on residential loans held for sale	(15)	(2,999)
Net change in fair value recognized on interest rate lock commitments	—	(1,332)
Net change in fair value recognized on mandatory and best efforts forward sales contracts	—	6,945
Mortgage banking fees	—	1,507
Residential loan fee income from discontinued operations	\$ —	\$ 13,191

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NOTE 15 – MORTGAGE BANKING ACTIVITIES - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The following table presents the components of the residential loan fee income from discontinued operations for the three and six months June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
			2023	2022
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net gain realized on sale of residential loans held for sale	\$ (2)	\$ 4,237	\$ 13	\$ 13,307
Net change in fair value recognized on residential loans held for sale	—	960	(15)	(2,039)

Net change in fair value recognized on interest rate lock commitments	—	1,064	—	(268)
Net change in fair value recognized on mandatory and best efforts forward sales contracts	—	2,629	—	9,574
Mortgage banking fees	—	1,322	—	2,829
Residential loan fee income from discontinued operations	\$ (2)	\$ 10,212	\$ (2)	\$ 23,403

Prior to the discontinuance of the nation wide mortgage operations, the Company entered into interest rate lock commitments, which were commitments to originate loans where the interest rate on the loan was determined prior to funding and the clients had locked into that interest rate. The Company then locked in the loan and interest rate with an investor and committed to deliver the loan if settlement occurred ("best efforts") or committed to deliver the locked loan in a binding ("mandatory") delivery program with an investor. It was the Company's practice to enter into forward commitments for the future delivery of residential mortgage loans when interest rate lock commitments were entered into in order to economically hedge the effect of changes in interest rates resulting from its commitments to fund the loans. Interest rate lock commitments and mandatory commitments to deliver loans to investors were considered derivatives.

There were no mortgage banking derivatives outstanding as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. The following table reflects the amount and fair value of mortgage banking derivatives included in the assets and liabilities from discontinued operations on the Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2022:

	December 31, 2022	
	Notional Amount	Fair Value
Included in other assets from discontinued operations:		
Best efforts forward sales contracts	\$ 221	\$ —

NOTE 16 – LOAN COMMITMENTS AND OTHER RELATED ACTIVITIES

Some financial instruments, such as loan commitments, credit lines, and letters of credit, are issued to meet customer financing needs. These are agreements to provide credit or to support the credit of others, as long as conditions established in the contract are met, and usually have expiration dates. Commitments may expire without being used. Off-balance sheet risk to credit loss exists up to the face amount of these instruments, although material losses are not anticipated. The same credit policies that are used for loans are used to make such commitments, including obtaining collateral at exercise of the commitment.

The contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Unfunded loan commitments	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
		\$ 30,218	\$ 23,512	\$ 36,804	\$ 23,512	Unused lines of credit	154,198	134,366	164,189
Standby letters of credit	Standby letters of credit	237	244	237	244	Standby letters of credit			

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All unused lines of credit at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 were variable rate lines of credit and the majority of unfunded loan commitments at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 were commitments to fund variable rate loans. Unfunded loan commitments are generally entered into for periods of 90 days or less.

The Company maintains an ACL for its off-balance sheet loan commitments which is calculated by loan type using estimated line utilization rates based on historical usage. Loss rates for outstanding loans is applied to the estimated utilization rates to calculate the ACL for off-balance sheet loan commitments. At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, ACL for off-balance sheet loan commitments totaled \$798 \$844 and \$511, respectively.

NOTE 17 – EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022:

Basic:	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
	\$ 1,417	\$ 392	\$ 2,284	\$ 282				
Income from continuing operations	\$ (32)	(674)	(160)	(551)				
Loss from discontinued operations								
Net income (loss)	1,385	(282)	2,124	(269)				
Less: Preferred stock dividends	208	208	416	416				
Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 1,177	\$ (490)	\$ 1,708	\$ (685)				
Weighted average common shares outstanding	4,103,788	4,014,445	4,092,299	4,009,002				

Basic earnings (loss) per common share:						
Continuing operations	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.46	\$ (0.03)		
Discontinued operations	(0.01)	(0.17)	(0.04)	(0.14)		
Total	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ (0.12)</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>	<u>\$ (0.17)</u>		
Diluted:						
Income from continuing operations	\$ 1,417	\$ 392	\$ 2,284	\$ 282		
Loss from discontinued operations	(32)	(674)	(160)	(551)		
Net income (loss)	1,385	(282)	2,124	(269)		
Less: Preferred stock dividends	208	208	416	416		
Add: Series B preferred stock dividends	64	—	—	—		
Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 1,241	\$ (490)	\$ 1,708	\$ (685)		
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share	4,103,788	4,014,445	4,092,299	4,009,002		
Add: Dilutive effects of conversion of Series B preferred stock to common stock	161,713	—	—	—		
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock options and warrants	—	—	—	—		
Average shares and dilutive potential common shares	4,265,501	4,014,445	4,092,299	4,009,002		
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:						
Continuing operations	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.46	\$ (0.03)		
Discontinued operations	(0.01)	(0.17)	(0.04)	(0.14)		
Total	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ (0.12)</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>	<u>\$ (0.17)</u>		

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BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.
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NOTE 17 – EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth Diluted income (loss) per share is the computation of same as basic and diluted earnings income (loss) per common share for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2023	
	2022	
Basic:		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 867	\$ (110)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(128)	123
Net income (loss)	\$ 739	\$ 13
Less: Preferred stock dividends	208	208
Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 531	\$ (195)
Weighted average common shares outstanding	4,080,683	4,003,499
Basic earnings (loss) per common share:		
Continuing operations	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.08)
Discontinued operations	(0.03)	0.03
Total	<u>\$ 0.13</u>	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>
Diluted:		
Income from continuing operations	\$ 867	\$ (110)
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	(128)	123
Net income (loss)	\$ 739	\$ 13
Less: Preferred stock dividends	208	208
Add: Series B preferred stock dividends	—	—

Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 531	\$ (195)
Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic earnings per common share	4,080,683	4,003,499
Add: Dilutive effects of conversion of Series B preferred stock to common stock	—	—
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock options and warrants	—	—
Average shares and dilutive potential common shares	4,080,683	4,003,499
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share:		
Continuing operations	\$ 0.16	\$ (0.08)
Discontinued operations	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.03
Total	\$ 0.13	\$ (0.05)

We use end June 30, 2022 presented as the treasury stock method effects of potentially dilutive items were anti-dilutive given the Company's net loss attributable to calculate common shareholders. Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the dilutive effect weighted average number of outstanding equity awards in the denominator for diluted EPS to the extent the impact of such exchange would not be anti-dilutive. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, 202,686 and 227,928, respectively, of potential shares of common stock issuable upon outstanding, plus potential outstanding common stock for the potential exercise of period. Potential outstanding convertible common stock includes stock options and Series B preferred stock, stock options but only to the extent that their inclusion is dilutive.

The following securities outstanding at June 30, 2023 and warrants were June 30, 2022 have been excluded from diluted the calculation of weighted average shares outstanding as their effect on the calculation of earnings (loss) per share because the effect would have been anti-dilutive, is antidilutive:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Common stock options	368,955	463,363	378,534	463,363
Convertible Series B preferred stock	0	3,123	3,123	3,123

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion is an analysis of the results of operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022 and financial condition as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes.

In addition to the historical information contained herein, this Form 10-Q includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of such term in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are subject to many risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, health crises, global military hostilities, or climate changes, including its effects on the economic environment, its customers and its operations, as well as any changes to federal, state or local government laws, regulations or orders in connection with them; the ability of the Company to implement its strategy and expand its banking operations; changes in interest rates and other general economic, business and political conditions, including changes in the financial markets or global military hostilities; changes in business plans as circumstances warrant; risks related to mergers and acquisitions; changes in benchmark interest rates used to price loans and deposits, changes in tax laws, regulations and guidance; and other risks detailed from time to time in filings made by the Company with the SEC. Readers should note that the forward-looking statements included herein are not a guarantee of future events, and that actual events may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "will," "propose," "may," "plan," "seek," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "continue," or similar terminology. Any forward-looking statements presented herein are made only as of the date of this document, and the Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect changes in assumptions, the occurrence of unanticipated events, or otherwise.

Overview

The following discussion and analysis presents the financial condition and results of operations on a consolidated basis. However, because the Company conducts all of its material business operations through the Bank, the discussion and analysis relates to activities primarily conducted at the subsidiary level. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

As a one-bank holding company, the Company generates most of its revenue from interest on loans and gain-on-sale income derived from the sale of loans into the secondary market. The primary source of funding for its loans is deposits. The Company is dependent on noninterest income, which is derived primarily from net gain on the sales of the guaranteed portion of government guaranteed loans. The largest expenses are interest on those deposits and borrowings, professional fees, and salaries and commissions plus related employee benefits. The Company measures its performance through its net interest income after provision for credit losses, return on average assets, and return on average common equity, while maintaining appropriate regulatory leverage and risk-based capital ratios.

Application of Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. The Company bases those estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under current circumstances, results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of certain assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. Estimates are evaluated on an ongoing basis. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Accounting policies, as described in detail in the notes to the Company's consolidated financial statements, are an integral part of the Company's consolidated financial statements. A thorough understanding of these accounting policies is essential when reviewing the Company's reported results of operations and financial position. Management believes that the critical accounting policies and estimates listed below require the Company to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments about matters that are inherently uncertain. At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, the most critical of these significant accounting policies in understanding the estimates and assumptions involved in preparing the consolidated financial statements were the policies related to the **allowance for credit losses, ACL**, and fair value measurement of investment securities, government guaranteed servicing rights and government guaranteed loans held for investment at fair value, which are discussed more fully below.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The **allowance for credit losses, ACL** is calculated with the objective of maintaining a reserve sufficient to absorb estimated losses. Management's determination of the appropriateness of the allowance is based on periodic evaluations of the loan portfolio, lending-related commitments, and other relevant factors. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires numerous estimates, including the loss for internal risk ratings, collateral values, and the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows. The Company's ACL on loans is estimated using relevant information, from internal and external sources, relating to past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. In addition, management may include qualitative adjustments intended to capture the impact of other uncertainties in the lending environment such as underwriting standards, current economic and political conditions, and other factors affecting the credit quality. Changes to one or more of the estimates used could result in a different estimated **allowance for credit losses, ACL**.

Fair Value Measurements

Investments and certain government guaranteed loans are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Additionally, from time to time, other assets and liabilities may be recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, such as impaired loans, other real estate, government guaranteed servicing rights, and certain other assets and liabilities. Fair value is an estimate of the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction (i.e., not a forced transaction, such as a liquidation or distressed sale) between market participants at the measurement date and is based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Fair value measurement and disclosure guidance establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure of assets and liabilities recorded at fair value. Valuations generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market are considered Level 3 and reflect estimates of assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Changes in these estimates that are likely to occur from period to period, or the use of different estimates that the Company could have reasonably used in the current period, could have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operation.

Further, the Company is an emerging growth company. The JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that an emerging growth company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected to take advantage of this extended transition period. This means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies do so. This may make the Company's financial statements not comparable with those of public companies which are neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Recent Developments

Second Appointment of Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer. On July 24, 2023, Scott J. McKim was appointed to the position of Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company and the Bank. In that capacity, Mr. McKim will serve as the Company's Principal Financial Officer. Also effective on July 24, 2023, Rhonda S. Tudor became the Principal Accounting Officer. Robin L. Oliver will continue to serve as Chief Operating Officer of the Company and the Bank.

Third Quarter Common Stock Dividend. On **April 25, 2023** **July 25, 2023**, BayFirst's Board of Directors declared a **second** **third** quarter 2023 cash dividend of \$0.08 per common share, payable **June 15, 2023** **September 15, 2023** to common shareholders of record as of **June 1, 2023** **September 1, 2023**. This dividend marks the **28** **29th** consecutive quarterly cash dividend paid since BayFirst initiated cash dividends in 2016.

Second Third Quarter Preferred Series A Stock Dividend. BayFirst's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$22.50 on the Series A Preferred Stock. The dividend will be payable **July 3, 2023** **October 2, 2023** to shareholders of record as of July 17, 2023. The amount and timing of the dividend is in accordance with the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Second Third Quarter Preferred Series B Stock Dividend. BayFirst's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$20.00 on the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. The dividend will be payable **July 3, 2023** **October 2, 2023** to shareholders of record as

of July 17, 2023. The amount and timing of the dividend is in accordance with the terms of the Series B Convertible Preferred Stock.

Management Succession New Banking Center. On February 6, 2023, BayFirst announced that Anthony N. Leo will retire as Chief Executive Officer and opened a 10th banking center on Bee Ridge Road in Sarasota. This is the end of 2023. Mr. Leo will remain a Director of third banking center location serving the Company and Bank and will also serve as Special Counsel for strategic matters. The Board of Directors has appointed Thomas G. Zernick to succeed Mr. Leo as Chief Executive Officer on January 1, 2024. He was also appointed to serve as a Director of the Company. Mr. Zernick has served as President of the Company since February 2022, and previously served as President of its CreditBench Division, which provides government guaranteed lending to businesses throughout the nation. He joined the Company in 2016.

Stock Repurchase Program. On February 28, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the Company's 2023 Stock Repurchase Program ("Program"). The Program permits the Company to repurchase up to \$1,000,000 of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock. The Program will continue until the earlier of: (i) the date an aggregate of \$1,000,000 of common stock has been repurchased; (ii) December 31, 2023; or (iii) the termination of the plan by the Board of Directors. Sarasota-Bradenton market.

Selected Financial Data - Unaudited											
(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	As of and for the Three Months Ended			As of and for the Three Months Ended			As of and for the Six Months Ended			
		3/31/2023	12/31/2022	3/31/2022	6/30/2023	3/31/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2022	
Income Statement Data:	Income Statement Data:										
Net interest income	Net interest income	\$ 9,053	\$ 8,574	\$ 5,669	Net interest income	\$ 10,108	\$ 9,053	\$ 6,587	\$ 19,161	\$ 12,256	
Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	1,942	700	(2,400)	Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	2,765	1,942	250	4,707	(2,150)	
Noninterest income	Noninterest income	9,448	8,404	5,665	Noninterest income	10,937	9,448	7,678	20,385	13,342	
Noninterest expense	Noninterest expense	15,412	13,493	13,871	Noninterest expense	16,402	15,412	13,692	31,814	27,561	
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)	280	672	(27)	Income tax expense (benefit)	461	280	(68)	741	(95)	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		867	2,113	(110)							
Net (loss) income from discontinued operations		(128)	(791)	123							
Net income	Net income	739	1,322	13							
Net income from continuing operations					Net income from continuing operations						
Net loss from discontinued operations					Net loss from discontinued operations						
Net income (loss)					Net income (loss)						
Preferred stock dividends	Preferred stock dividends	208	208	208	Preferred stock dividends	208	208	208	416	416	
Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 531	\$ 1,114	\$ (195)	Net income available to (loss attributable to) common shareholders	\$ 1,177	\$ 531	\$ (490)	\$ 1,708	\$ (685)	
Balance Sheet Data:	Balance Sheet Data:				Balance Sheet Data:						

Average loans held for investment, excluding PPP loans	Average loans held for investment, excluding PPP loans	\$ 747,417	\$ 703,193	\$ 520,559	Average loans held for investment, excluding PPP loans	\$ 824,460	\$ 747,417	\$ 561,455	\$ 786,223	\$ 541,120
Average total assets	Average total assets	969,489	925,194	872,311	Average total assets	1,064,068	969,489	879,868	1,017,039	876,110
Average common shareholders' equity	Average common shareholders' equity	78,835	80,158	83,990	Average common shareholders' equity	80,310	78,835	83,235	79,577	83,611
Total loans held for investment	Total loans held for investment	792,777	728,652	561,797	Total loans held for investment	836,704	792,777	641,737	836,704	641,737
Total loans held for investment, excluding PPP loans	Total loans held for investment, excluding PPP loans	774,467	709,479	517,434	Total loans held for investment, excluding PPP loans	821,016	774,467	610,527	821,016	610,527
Total loans held for investment, excluding government guaranteed loan balances	Total loans held for investment, excluding government guaranteed loan balances	596,505	569,892	374,353	Total loans held for investment, excluding government guaranteed loan balances	638,148	596,505	458,624	638,148	458,624
Allowance for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	Allowance for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	12,208	9,046	10,170	Allowance for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	12,598	12,208	9,564	12,598	9,564
Total assets	Total assets	1,069,839	938,895	888,541	Total assets	1,087,399	1,069,839	921,377	1,087,399	921,377
Common shareholders' equity	Common shareholders' equity	80,734	82,279	85,274	Common shareholders' equity	81,460	80,734	83,690	81,460	83,690
Per Share Data:										
Basic earnings (loss) per common share		\$ 0.13	\$ 0.28	\$ (0.05)						
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share		\$ 0.13	\$ 0.28	\$ (0.05)						
Dividends per common share		\$ 0.08	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.08						
Book value per common share		\$ 19.70	\$ 20.35	\$ 21.25						
Tangible book value per common share ⁽²⁾		\$ 19.70	\$ 20.35	\$ 21.22						

(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	As of and for the Three Months Ended			(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	As of and for the Three Months Ended			As of and for the Six Months Ended		
		3/31/2023	12/31/2022	3/31/2022		6/30/2023	3/31/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	
Per Share Data:											

Basic earnings (loss) per common share	Basic earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.13	\$ (0.12)	\$ 0.42	\$ (0.17)					
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	Diluted earnings (loss) per common share	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.13	\$ (0.12)	\$ 0.42	\$ (0.17)					
Dividends per common share	Dividends per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16					
Book value per common share	Book value per common share	\$ 19.85	\$ 19.70	\$ 20.82	\$ 19.85	\$ 20.82					
Tangible book value per common share	Tangible book value per common share (2)	\$ 19.85	\$ 19.70	\$ 20.80	\$ 19.85	\$ 20.80					
Performance Ratios:	Performance Ratios:										
Return on average assets	0.30 %	0.57 %	0.01 %								
Return on average common equity	2.69 %	5.56 %	(0.93) %								
Return on average assets ⁽³⁾				Return on average assets ⁽³⁾	0.52 %	0.30 %	(0.13) %	0.42 %	(0.06) %		
Return on average common equity ⁽³⁾				Return on average common equity ⁽³⁾	5.86 %	2.69 %	(2.35) %	4.29 %	(1.64) %		
Net interest margin	Net interest margin	4.17 %	4.19 %	3.25 % margin	4.18 %	4.17 %		3.73 %	4.18 %	3.49 %	
Dividend payout ratio	Dividend payout ratio	61.48 %	28.99 %	(164.25) % payout ratio	27.89 %	61.48 %		(65.54) %	38.34 %	(93.64) %	
Asset Quality Data:	Asset Quality Data:			Asset Quality Data:							
Net charge-offs		\$ 1,887	\$ 1,393	\$ 882							
Net charge-offs/average loans held for investment excluding PPP		1.01 %	0.79 %	0.68 %							
Net charge- offs ⁽³⁾					Net charge- offs ⁽³⁾	\$ 2,253	\$ 1,887	\$ 856	\$ 4,140	\$ 1,738	
Net charge- offs/average loans held for investment excluding PPP ⁽³⁾					Net charge- offs/average loans held for investment excluding PPP ⁽³⁾	1.09 %	1.01 %	0.61 %	1.05 %	0.64 %	
Nonperforming loans	Nonperforming loans	\$ 5,890	\$ 10,468	\$ 8,834	Nonperforming loans	\$ 8,606	\$ 5,890		\$ 10,437	\$ 8,606	\$ 10,437

Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balance)	Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balance)	\$ 2,095	\$ 3,671	\$ 2,660	Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balance)	\$ 6,590	\$ 2,095	\$ 4,245	\$ 6,590	\$ 4,245
Nonperforming loans/total loans held for investment	Nonperforming loans/total loans held for investment	0.74 %	1.44 %	1.57 %	Nonperforming loans/total loans held for investment	1.03 %	0.74 %	1.63 %	1.03 %	1.63 %
Nonperforming loans (excluding gov't guaranteed balance)/total loans held for investment	Nonperforming loans (excluding gov't guaranteed balance)/total loans held for investment	0.26 %	0.50 %	0.47 %	Nonperforming loans (excluding gov't guaranteed balance)/total loans held for investment	0.79 %	0.26 %	0.66 %	0.79 %	0.66 %
ACL/Total loans held for investment at amortized cost ⁽¹⁾	ACL/Total loans held for investment at amortized cost ⁽¹⁾	1.69 %	1.29 %	1.84 %	ACL/Total loans held for investment at amortized cost ⁽¹⁾	1.61 %	1.69 %	1.62 %	1.61 %	1.62 %
ACL/Total loans held for investment at amortized cost, excluding PPP loans ⁽¹⁾	ACL/Total loans held for investment at amortized cost, excluding PPP loans ⁽¹⁾	1.73 %	1.33 %	2.00 %	ACL/Total loans held for investment at amortized cost, excluding PPP loans ⁽¹⁾	1.64 %	1.73 %	1.71 %	1.64 %	1.71 %
Other Data:	Other Data:				Other Data:					
Full-time equivalent employees	Full-time equivalent employees	300	291	575	employees	302	300	485	302	485
Banking centers	Banking centers	9	8	7	Banking centers	9	9	7	9	7
Loan production offices ⁽³⁾		1	1	20						
Loan production offices ⁽⁴⁾					Loan production offices ⁽⁴⁾					
(1) Prior to January 1, 2023, the incurred loss methodology was used to estimate credit losses. Beginning with that date, credit losses are estimated using the CECL methodology.	(1) Prior to January 1, 2023, the incurred loss methodology was used to estimate credit losses. Beginning with that date, credit losses are estimated using the CECL methodology.	(1) Prior to January 1, 2023, the incurred loss methodology was used to estimate credit losses. Beginning with that date, credit losses are estimated using the CECL methodology.								
(2) See section entitled "GAAP Reconciliation and Management Explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below for a reconciliation to most comparable GAAP equivalent.										
(3) All out of market nationwide residential loan production offices have been closed.										
(3) Annualized					(3) Annualized					

(4) All out of market nationwide residential loan production offices have been closed.

(4) All out of market nationwide residential loan production offices have been closed.

GAAP Reconciliation and Management Explanation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Some of the financial measures included in this report are not measures of financial condition or performance recognized by GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures include tangible common shareholders' equity and tangible book value per common share. The management team uses these non-GAAP financial measures in its analysis of its performance, and they believe that providing this information to financial analysts and investors allows them to evaluate capital adequacy.

The following presents these non-GAAP financial measures along with their most directly comparable financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP:

Tangible Common Shareholders' Equity and Tangible Book Value Per Common Share

(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	(Dollars in thousands, except for share data)	As of			As of		
		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2022	June 30, 2023		March 31, 2023
		(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	June 30, 2022
Total shareholders' equity	Total shareholders' equity	\$ 90,339	\$ 91,884	\$ 94,879	Total shareholders' equity	\$ 91,065	\$ 90,339
Less: Preferred stock	Less: Preferred stock				Less: Preferred stock		
liquidation preference	liquidation preference	(9,605)	(9,605)	(9,605)	liquidation preference	(9,605)	(9,605)
Total equity available to common shareholders	Total equity available to common shareholders	80,734	82,279	85,274	Total equity available to common shareholders	81,460	80,734
Less: Goodwill	Less: Goodwill	—	—	(100)	Less: Goodwill	—	(100)
Tangible common shareholders' equity	Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 80,734	\$ 82,279	\$ 85,174	Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 81,460	\$ 80,734
Common shares outstanding	Common shares outstanding	4,098,805	4,042,474	4,013,173	Common shares outstanding	4,103,834	4,098,805
Tangible book value per common share	Tangible book value per common share	\$ 19.70	\$ 20.35	\$ 21.22	Tangible book value per common share	\$ 19.85	\$ 19.70
							\$ 20.80

Results of Operations

BayFirst's operating results depend on its net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities, consisting primarily of deposits. Net interest income is determined by the difference between yields earned on interest-earning assets and rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities ("interest rate spread") and the relative amounts of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. The interest rate spread is affected by regulatory, economic, and competitive factors which influence interest rates, loan demand, and deposit flows. In addition, its operating results can be affected by the level of nonperforming assets, as well as the level of the noninterest income and the noninterest expenses, such as salaries and employee benefits, and occupancy and equipment costs, as well as income taxes.

The Company is dependent on noninterest income, which is derived primarily from net gain on the sales of the guaranteed portion of government guaranteed loans, as well as fair value adjustments for certain loans which management has elected the fair value option. While the Company retains some of its government guaranteed loans on the balance sheet, we may sell both the guaranteed balance of its government guaranteed loans, as well as a percentage of the unguaranteed portions of such loans. The sale of the guaranteed portions of the loans generates noninterest income.

In the second quarter of 2022, the Bank discontinued its primary consumer direct residential mortgage business line. In the third quarter of 2022, management decided to discontinue the nationwide residential lending business. As a result of the discontinuance, the nationwide residential line of business was reclassified as a discontinued operation and reported in the financial statements as such.

Net Income

The Company had net income for the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 of \$739 thousand, \$1.4 million, or \$0.13 \$0.29 per diluted common share, compared to net income loss for the three months ended March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022 of \$13 thousand, \$(0.3) million, or \$(0.05) \$(0.12) per diluted common share. The increase of \$726 thousand \$1.7 million was due to increases of \$3.4 million \$3.5 million in net interest income, and \$3.8 million an increase of fair value gains related to held for investment \$2.2 million in gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, loans, and a decrease of \$0.6 million in the loss on discontinued operations. This was partially offset by the an increase of \$2.5 million in provision for credit loss provision, which changed unfavorably by \$4.3 million from the three months ended March 31, 2022, losses and higher an increase in noninterest expense of \$1.5 million \$2.7 million. Earnings

In the first six months of 2023, net income was \$2.1 million, or \$0.42 per diluted common share, an increase of \$2.4 million from the net loss of \$(0.3) million, or \$(0.17) per diluted common share, for the three first six months ended March 31, 2023 were impacted by a \$1.6 million reduction in expected premium of 2022. The increase was primarily the result of higher interest income from the cancellation continuing operations of the \$17.3 million, an increase of \$2.0 million in gain on sale of approximately \$60 million of government guaranteed loans, to a bank placed and an increase of \$4.0 million in receivership, which resulted government guaranteed loan fair value gains. This was partially offset by an increase of \$9.7 million in the Bank having to rebid the loans to a different investor at a time when the SBA secondary market pricing was significantly less favorable, interest expense on deposits, an increase of \$6.9 million in provision for credit losses, and an increase of \$4.3 million in noninterest expense.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income from continuing operations was \$9.1 million \$10.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, an increase of \$3.4 million \$3.5 million or 59.7% 53.5% from \$5.7 million \$6.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022. The increase was mainly due to the

increase in loan interest income, including fees, of \$6.3 million \$9.0 million, partially offset by higher interest expense on deposits of \$3.7 million \$6.0 million.

Net interest margin including discontinued operations improved to 4.17% 4.18% for the first second quarter of 2023, which represented an increase of 92 45 basis points over 3.25% 3.73% for the first second quarter of 2022.

Net interest income from continuing operations was \$19.2 million for the six months ended 2023, an increase of \$6.9 million or 56.3% from \$12.3 million for the six months ended 2022. The increase was mainly due to an increase in loan interest income, including fees, of \$15.3 million, partially offset by an increase in deposit interest expense of \$9.7 million.

Net interest margin including discontinued operations improved to 4.18% for the six months ended 2023, compared to 3.49% for the six months ended 2022. This margin expansion is the result of our asset sensitive position of our balance sheet combined with our ability to grow loans and deposits in the current environment.

Average Balance Sheet and Analysis of Net Interest Income

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, information regarding: (i) the total dollar amount of interest and dividend income of BayFirst from interest-earning assets and the resultant average yields; (ii) the total dollar amount of interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities and the resultant average cost; (iii) net interest income; (iv) interest rate spread; (v) net interest margin; and (vi) ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities. Loans in nonaccrual status, for the purposes of the following computations, are included in the average loan balances. FRB, FHLB, and FNBB restricted equity holdings are included in other interest-earning assets. The Company did not have a significant amount of tax-exempt assets.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31,						Three Months Ended June 30,					
		2023			2022			2023			2022		
		Average Balance	Interest	Yield	Average Balance	Interest	Yield	Average Balance	Interest	Yield	Average Balance	Interest	Yield
Interest-earning assets:	Interest-earning assets:							Interest-earning assets:					
Investment securities	Investment securities	\$ 46,609	\$ 474	4.12 %	\$ 30,647	\$ 97	1.28 %	Investment securities	\$ 44,707	\$ 459	4.12 %	\$ 46,366	\$ 229 1.98 %

Loans, excluding PPP ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Loans, excluding PPP ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	747,732	13,025	7.06	604,055	7,112	4.77	Loans, excluding PPP ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	824,460	16,329	7.94	635,170	7,915	5.00
PPP loans	PPP loans	18,739	47	1.02	58,058	443	3.09	PPP loans	17,890	43	0.96	35,867	296	3.31
Other	Other	67,277	706	4.26	106,472	88	0.34	Other	82,271	961	4.69	83,199	186	0.90
Total interest- earning assets	Total interest- earning assets	880,357	14,252	6.57	799,232	7,740	3.93	Total interest- earning assets	969,328	17,792	7.36	800,602	8,626	4.32
Noninterest- earning assets	Noninterest- earning assets	89,132			73,079			Noninterest- earning assets	94,740			79,266		
Total assets	Total assets	\$969,489			\$872,311			Total assets	\$1,064,068			\$879,868		
Interest- bearing liabilities:	Interest- bearing liabilities:							Interest- bearing liabilities:						
NOW, MMA and savings	NOW, MMA and savings	\$602,149	\$ 3,849	2.59	\$609,467	\$ 1,086	0.72	NOW, MMA and savings	\$ 624,559	\$ 5,359	3.44	\$644,286	\$ 974	0.61
Time deposits	Time deposits	140,684	1,074	3.10	39,344	131	1.35	Time deposits	183,661	1,739	3.80	26,463	86	1.30
PPPLF advances		—	—	—	22,983	20	0.35							
Other borrowings	Other borrowings	25,159	275	4.43	9,258	97	4.25	Other borrowings	50,206	586	4.68	11,813	112	3.80
Total interest- bearing liabilities	Total interest- bearing liabilities	767,992	5,198	2.74	681,052	1,334	0.79	Total interest- bearing liabilities	858,426	7,684	3.59	682,562	1,172	0.69
Demand deposits	Demand deposits	100,802			95,457			Demand deposits	103,447			96,530		
Noninterest- bearing liabilities	Noninterest- bearing liabilities	12,255			2,207			Noninterest- bearing liabilities	12,280			7,936		
Shareholders' equity	Shareholders' equity	88,440			93,595			Shareholders' equity	89,915			92,480		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$969,489			\$872,311			Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,064,068			\$879,508		
Net interest income	Net interest income		\$ 9,054			\$ 6,406		Net interest income		\$ 10,108			\$ 7,454	
Interest rate spread	Interest rate spread			3.83			3.14	Interest rate spread			3.77			3.63
Net interest margin ⁽³⁾	Net interest margin ⁽³⁾			4.17			3.25	Net interest margin ⁽³⁾			4.18			3.73
Ratio of average interest- earning assets to average interest- bearing liabilities	Ratio of average interest- earning assets to average interest- bearing liabilities	114.63 %			117.35 %			Ratio of average interest- earning assets to average interest- bearing liabilities	112.92 %			117.29 %		

(1) Includes
nonaccrual
loans.

(2) Includes \$315 at an average yield of 1.09% and \$83,496 at an average yield of 3.58% of
residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of March 31, 2023 and
March 31, 2022, respectively.

(2) Includes no residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of June 30, 2023 and \$73,715 at an average yield of 4.72% of residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of June 30, 2022.

(2) Includes no residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of June 30, 2023 and \$73,715 at an average yield of 4.72% of residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of June 30, 2022.

(3) Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

(Dollars in thousands)	For the Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2023			2022		
	Average Balance	Interest	Yield	Average Balance	Interest	Yield
Interest earning-assets:						
Investment securities	\$ 45,653	\$ 933	4.12 %	\$ 38,550	\$ 326	1.71 %
Loans, excluding PPP ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	786,308	29,354	7.53	619,699	15,027	4.89
PPP loans	18,312	90	0.99	46,901	739	3.18
Other	74,815	1,667	4.49	94,771	274	0.58
Total interest-earning assets	925,088	32,044	6.99	799,921	16,366	4.13
Noninterest-earning assets	91,951			76,189		
Total assets	\$ 1,017,039			\$ 876,110		
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
NOW, MMDA and savings	\$ 613,416	\$ 9,208	3.03	\$ 626,973	\$ 2,060	0.66
Time deposits	162,291	2,813	3.50	32,868	217	1.33
PPPLF advances	—	—	—	11,428	20	0.35
Other borrowings	37,752	861	4.60	10,529	209	4.00
Total interest-bearing liabilities	813,459	12,882	3.19	681,798	2,506	0.74
Demand deposits	102,131			97,045		
Noninterest-bearing liabilities	12,267			4,051		
Shareholders' equity	89,182			93,216		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,017,039			\$ 876,110		
Net interest income	\$ 19,162			\$ 13,860		
Interest rate spread		3.80				3.39
Net interest margin ⁽³⁾		4.18				3.49
Ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities	113.72 %			117.33 %		
⁽¹⁾ Includes nonaccrual loans.						
⁽²⁾ Includes \$85 at an average yield of 2.02% and \$78,579 at an average yield of 4.12% of residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.						
⁽³⁾ Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.						

Rate/Volume Analysis

The table below presents the effects of volume and rate changes on interest income and expense for the periods indicated. Changes in volume are changes in the average balance multiplied by the previous period's average rate. Changes in rate are changes in the average rate multiplied by the average balance from the previous period. The net changes attributable to the combined impact of both rate and volume have been allocated proportionately to the changes due to volume and the changes due to rate. Loans in nonaccrual status, for the purpose of the following computations, are included in the average loan balances. FRB, FHLB, and FNBB restricted equity holdings are included in other interest-earning assets. The Company did not have a significant amount of tax-exempt assets.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Volume	Total	(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Volume	Total
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 vs. March 31, 2022:								
Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 vs. June 30, 2022:								
Interest-earning assets:								
Investment securities	Interest-earning assets:	Investment securities	\$ 305	\$ 72	\$ 377	Interest-earning assets:	Investment securities	\$ 238
Loans, excluding PPP		Loans, excluding PPP	3,952	1,961	5,913		Loans, excluding PPP	\$ (8)
PPP loans		PPP loans	(197)	(199)	(396)		PPP loans	\$ 2,826
Other interest-earning assets		Other interest-earning assets	662	(44)	618		Other interest-earning assets	\$ (105)
Total interest-earning assets		Total interest-earning assets	4,722	1,790	6,512		Total interest-earning assets	\$ 230
Interest-bearing liabilities:	Interest-bearing liabilities:	Interest-bearing liabilities:				Interest-bearing liabilities:	Interest-bearing liabilities:	
NOW, MMA and savings		NOW, MMA and savings	2,776	(13)	2,763		NOW, MMA and savings	\$ 5,588
Time deposits		Time deposits	315	628	943		Time deposits	\$ 2,711
PPPLF		—	(20)	(20)				
Other borrowings	Other borrowings	Other borrowings	4	174	178	Other borrowings	Other borrowings	\$ 9,166
Total interest-bearing liabilities		Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,095	769	3,864		Total interest-bearing liabilities	\$ 775
Net change in net interest income	Net change in net interest income	Net change in net interest income	\$ 1,627	\$ 1,021	\$ 2,648		Net change in net interest income	\$ 2,753
(Dollars in thousands)								
Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 vs. June 30, 2022:								
Interest-earning assets:								
Investment securities		Investment securities		\$ 537	\$ 70	\$ 607	Interest-earning assets:	
Loans, excluding PPP ⁽¹⁾		Loans, excluding PPP		9,562	4,765	14,327		
PPP loans		PPP loans		(344)	(305)	(649)		
Other interest-earning assets		Other interest-earning assets		1,462	(69)	1,393		
Total interest-earning assets		Total interest-earning assets		11,217	4,461	15,678		
Interest-bearing liabilities:								
NOW, MMA, and savings		NOW, MMA, and savings		7,194	(46)	7,148	Interest-bearing liabilities:	
Time deposits		Time deposits		758	1,838	2,596		
PPPLF advances		PPPLF advances		—	(20)	(20)		
Other borrowings		Other borrowings		36	616	652		
Total interest-bearing liabilities		Total interest-bearing liabilities		7,988	2,388	10,376		
Net change in net interest income		Net change in net interest income		\$ 3,229	\$ 2,073	\$ 5,302		

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$1 and \$1,604 of interest income on residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Provision for Credit Losses

The provision for credit losses is charged to operations to increase the total allowance to a level deemed appropriate by management and is based upon the volume and type of lending the Bank conducts, industry standards, the amount of nonperforming loans, general economic conditions, particularly as they relate to its market area, economic forecasts, and other factors that may affect the ability to collect on the loans in its portfolio.

Asset quality remained strong in the three months ended March 31, 2023. Although net charge-offs and delinquencies increased, nonperforming assets decreased. As a result of loan growth and increased consumer charge-offs, the Company recorded a provision for credit losses on loans in the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 of \$1.9 million \$2.8 million. This compared to a negative provision of \$2.4 million \$0.3 million under the incurred loss method methodology for the three months ended March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022. The negative provision in 2022 was the result of the Company adjusting downward its allowance for loan losses from the historic high levels reached in 2020 at the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, \$1.9 million \$2.3 million of net charge offs in loans were recorded compared to \$0.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022.

The Company recorded a provision for credit losses for the six months ended June 30, 2023 of \$4.7 million compared to a \$2.2 million negative provision under the incurred loss methodology for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase of \$6.9 million in the provision for credit losses expense was primarily due to the loan growth, higher charge-offs, and the Company having reduced its ALLL from the historic high levels reached in 2020 at the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.

During the six months ended June 30, 2023, net loan charge offs totaled \$4.1 million compared to \$1.7 million during the six ended June 30, 2022.

The ACL was \$12.6 million at June 30, 2023 and \$9.6 million using the incurred losses methodology at June 30, 2022.

Noninterest Income

The following table presents noninterest income from continuing operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
Noninterest income:	Noninterest income:			Noninterest income:				
Loan servicing income, net	Loan servicing income, net	\$ 740	\$ 455	Loan servicing income, net	\$ 649	\$ 433	\$ 1,389	\$ 888
Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	4,409	4,621	Gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net	6,028	3,848	10,437	8,469
Service charges and fees	Service charges and fees	379	282	Service charges and fees	379	322	758	604
Government guaranteed loan fair value gain (loss)	Government guaranteed loan fair value gain (loss)	3,574	(197)	Government guaranteed loan fair value gain (loss)	2,904	2,708	6,478	2,511
Other noninterest income	Other noninterest income	346	504	Other noninterest income	977	366	1,323	870
Total noninterest income	Total noninterest income	\$ 9,448	\$ 5,665	Total noninterest income	\$ 10,937	\$ 7,677	\$ 20,385	\$ 13,342

Noninterest income from continuing operations was \$9.4 million \$10.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, an increase of \$3.8 million \$3.2 million or 42.5%, from \$5.7 million \$7.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022. The increase was the result of a \$2.2 million increase in gain on sale of government guaranteed loans, net.

Noninterest income from continuing operations was \$20.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023, an increase of \$7.1 million or 52.8% from \$13.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was primarily due to \$3.8 million higher gains on the sale of government guaranteed loans of \$2.0 million and a \$4.0 million increase in fair value gain improvement gains related to held for investment government guaranteed loans.

Noninterest Expense

The following table presents noninterest expense from continuing operations for the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended March 31,		(Dollars in thousands)	For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
Noninterest expense:	Noninterest expense:			Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and benefits	Salaries and benefits	\$ 7,835	\$ 7,549	Salaries and benefits	\$ 7,780	\$ 6,870	\$ 15,615	\$ 14,419
Bonus, commissions, and incentives	Bonus, commissions, and incentives	804	377	Bonus, commissions, and incentives	1,305	573	2,109	950
Occupancy and equipment	Occupancy and equipment	1,163	967	Occupancy and equipment	1,183	973	2,346	1,940
Data processing	Data processing	1,347	1,155	Data processing	1,316	1,084	2,663	2,239
Marketing and business development	Marketing and business development	665	689	Marketing and business development	1,102	749	1,767	1,438
Professional services	Professional services	897	1,154	Professional services	874	979	1,771	2,133
Loan origination and collection	Loan origination and collection	1,495	670	Loan origination and collection	1,221	748	2,716	1,418
Employee recruiting and development	Employee recruiting and development	568	603	Employee recruiting and development	556	532	1,124	1,135
Regulatory assessments	Regulatory assessments	99	69	Regulatory assessments	232	120	331	189
Director compensation	Director compensation	140	173	Director compensation	150	253	291	336
Liability and fidelity bond insurance	Liability and fidelity bond insurance	122	115	Liability and fidelity bond insurance	133	120	256	230
ATM and interchange	ATM and interchange	96	89	ATM and interchange	110	83	206	160
Telecommunication	Telecommunication	92	94	Telecommunication	94	94	185	174
Other noninterest expense	Other noninterest expense	89	167	Other noninterest expense	346	512	434	800
Total noninterest expense	Total noninterest expense	\$ 15,412	\$ 13,871	Total noninterest expense	\$ 16,402	\$ 13,690	\$ 31,814	\$ 27,561

Noninterest expense from continuing operations was **\$15.4 million** **\$16.4 million** during the three months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, an increase of **\$1.5 million** **\$2.7 million** or **11.1%** **19.8%** from **\$13.9 million** **\$13.7 million** during the three months ended **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**. The increase was primarily due to higher compensation costs of **\$1.6 million** and higher loan origination expense of **\$0.8 million** and **\$0.5 million**.

Noninterest expense was **\$31.8 million** during the six months ended **June 30, 2023**, an increase of **\$4.3 million** or **15.4%** from **\$27.6 million** for the six months ended **June 30, 2022**. The increase was primarily the result of higher compensation costs of **\$0.7 million**, and loan origination and collection expense.

Discontinued Operations

Net loss on discontinued operations was **\$128 thousand** in the three months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, which was a **\$251 thousand** **unfavorable** favorable change from net income/loss of **\$123 thousand** in the three months ended **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**. The

unfavorable **favorable** change was primarily due to a decrease in noninterest expense of **\$11.9 million**, partially offset by decreases in residential loan fee income of **\$13.2 million** **\$10.2 million** and interest income of **\$0.7 million**, partially offset by **\$0.9 million**.

Net loss from discontinued operations was **\$160 thousand** for the six months ended 2023, which was a **decrease** **\$391 thousand** reduction from net loss of **\$551 thousand** for the six months ended 2022. The majority of the discontinued loss in noninterest expense 2022 was recorded in the third quarter of **\$13.6 million**, 2022. As such, the discontinued loss for the first six months of 2022 represented more modest restructuring charges and the discontinued loss in the first six months of 2023 represents a modest amount of trailing expenses from the discontinuation.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense from continuing operations was **\$280 thousand** for the three months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, an increase of **\$307 thousand** from income tax benefit of **\$27 thousand** for the three months ended **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**. The increase was primarily due to the increase in pre-tax earnings from continuing operations. Income tax benefit from discontinued operations was **\$42 thousand** for the three months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, a change of **\$83 thousand** from income tax expense/benefit of **\$41 thousand** for the three months ended **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**. The change was primarily due to the decrease in pre-tax earnings from discontinued operations.

Income tax expense from continuing operations was \$741 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2023, an increase of \$836 thousand from income tax benefit \$95 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was primarily due to the increase in pre-tax earnings from continuing operations. Income tax benefit from discontinued operations was \$53 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2023, a change of \$129 thousand from income tax benefit of \$182 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The change was primarily due to the decrease in pre-tax earnings from discontinued operations.

At June 30, 2023, the Company had \$2.7 million of federal net operating loss carryforward and \$0.4 million of state net operating loss carryforward. The net operating loss carryforwards do not expire. At June 30, 2022, the Company had \$1.7 million of federal net operating loss carryforward and \$0.3 million of state net operating loss carryforward.

The effective income tax rate was 24.47% for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 50.73% for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Condition

Investment Securities

The following table presents the fair value of the Company's investment securities portfolio classified as available for sale as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Investment securities available for sale:	Investment securities available for sale:			Investment securities available for sale:		
Asset-backed securities	Asset-backed securities	\$ 9,466	\$ 9,605	Asset-backed securities	\$ 8,900	\$ 9,605
Mortgage-backed securities:	Mortgage-backed securities:			Mortgage-backed securities:		
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	3,426	3,440	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	3,314	3,440
Collateralized mortgage obligations:	Collateralized mortgage obligations:			Collateralized mortgage obligations:		
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	18,331	18,220	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	17,790	18,220
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	11,212	11,084	Corporate bonds	11,339	11,084
Total investment securities available for sale	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ 42,435	\$ 42,349	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ 41,343	\$ 42,349

The net unrealized loss on the investment securities AFS at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, was \$4.3 million \$4.4 million compared with a net unrealized loss on investment securities AFS of \$5.0 million at December 31, 2022. The change in unrealized loss on investment securities AFS from December 31, 2022 to March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 was primarily due to the change in the interest rate environment.

The following table presents the amortized cost of the Company's investment securities portfolio classified as held to maturity as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Investment securities held to maturity:	Investment securities held to maturity:			Investment securities held to maturity:		
Mortgage-backed securities:	Mortgage-backed securities:			Mortgage-backed securities:		
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ 2	\$ 2	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ 2	\$ 2
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	2,500	5,000	Corporate bonds	2,500	5,000
Total investment securities held to maturity	Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ 2,502	\$ 5,002	Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ 2,502	\$ 5,002

There was an \$18 a \$19 thousand ACL on the corporate bonds HTM as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and no ACL as of December 31, 2022. The net unrealized loss on the investment securities HTM at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, was \$260 \$280 thousand compared with a net unrealized loss on investment securities HTM of \$247 thousand at December 31, 2022.

No investment securities were pledged as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022, and there were no sales of investment securities during the three and six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 or the year ended December 31, 2022.

The investment securities available for sale presented in the following tables are reported at amortized cost and by contractual maturity as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022. Actual timing may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Additionally, residential mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations receive monthly principal payments, which are not reflected below.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023								June 30, 2023								
		One year or less		One to five years		Five to ten years		After ten years		One year or less		One to five years		Five to ten years				
		Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	
Asset-backed securities	Asset-backed securities	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ 9,705	5.49 %	Asset-backed securities	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %
Mortgage-backed securities:	Mortgage-backed securities:									Mortgage-backed securities:								
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	2,187	1.34	1,873	1.83	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Collateralized mortgage obligations:	Collateralized mortgage obligations:									Collateralized mortgage obligations:								
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	21,627	1.88	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	—	—	11,336	2.54	—	—	—	—	Corporate bonds	—	—	—	—	11,335	5.78	—	—
Total investment securities available for sale	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ —	— %	\$ 11,336	2.54 %	\$ 2,187	1.34 %	\$ 33,205	2.93 %	Total investment securities available for sale	\$ —	— %	\$ 11,335	5.78 %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %

(Dollars in thousands)	December 31, 2022											
	One year or less				One to five years				Five to ten years		After ten years	
	Amortized Cost		Average Yield		Amortized Cost		Average Yield		Amortized Cost		Average Yield	
Asset-backed securities	\$ —	—	— %	\$ —	—	—	— %	\$ —	—	— %	\$ 9,873	5.40 %
Mortgage-backed securities:											4,133	1.55
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Collateralized mortgage obligations:												
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22,031	1.89
Corporate bonds	—	—	— %	9,981	3.70 %	1,356	4.34 %	—	—	—	—	— %
Total investment securities available for sale	\$ —	—	— %	\$ 9,981	3.70 %	\$ 1,356	4.34 %	\$ 36,037	—	—	—	2.81 %

The investment securities held to maturity presented in the following tables are reported at amortized cost and by contractual maturity as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022. Actual timing may differ from contractual maturities if borrowers have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Additionally, residential mortgage-backed securities receive monthly principal payments, which are not reflected below.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023								June 30, 2023								
		One year or less		One to five years		Five to ten years		After ten years		One year or less		One to five years		Five to ten years				
		Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	Amortized Cost	Average Yield	
Mortgage-backed securities:	Mortgage-backed securities:	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	Mortgage-backed securities:	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %	\$ —	— %

U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ — — %	\$ — — %	\$ — — %	\$ 2 2.65 %	U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ — — %	\$ — — %	\$ — — %	\$ — — %
Corporate bonds	Corporate bonds	— —	1,500 4.38	1,000 4.38	— —	Corporate bonds	— —	1,500 4.38	1,000 4.38	— —
Total investment securities held to maturity	Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ — — %	\$ 1,500 4.38 %	\$ 1,000 4.38 %	\$ 2 2.65 %	Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ — — %	\$ 1,500 4.38 %	\$ 1,000 4.38 %	\$ — — %

December 31, 2022											
(Dollars in thousands)	One year or less			One to five years			Five to ten years			After ten years	
	Amortized		Average Yield	Amortized		Average Yield	Amortized		Average Yield	Amortized	
	Cost	Average Yield		Cost	Average Yield		Cost	Average Yield		Cost	Average Yield
Mortgage-backed securities:											
U.S. Government-sponsored enterprises	\$ —	— %	\$ —	—	— %	\$ —	—	— %	\$ 2 2.65 %	—	— %
Corporate bonds	—	— %	4,000	5.79 %	—	1,000	4.38 %	—	—	—	— %
Total investment securities held to maturity	\$ —	— %	\$ 4,000	5.79 %	\$ 1,000	4.38 %	\$ 2	2.65 %	—	—	— %

Loan Portfolio Composition

We offer a variety of products designed to meet the credit needs of our borrowers. Our lending activities primarily consist of government guaranteed loans, real estate loans, commercial business loans, residential mortgage, and consumer loans. Senior management and loan officers have continued to develop new sources of loan referrals, particularly among centers of local influence and real estate professionals, and have also enjoyed repeat business from loyal customers in the markets the Bank serves. The Bank has no concentration of credit in any industry that represents 10% or more of its loan portfolio. The following table sets forth the composition of its loan portfolio, including LHFS as of the dates indicated.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
		Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total		Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total
Residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations	Residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations	\$ —	—	\$ 449	—	Residential loans held for sale from discontinued operations	\$ —	—	\$ 449	—
Government guaranteed loans, held for sale	Government guaranteed loans, held for sale	\$ 1,174	—	\$ —	—	Government guaranteed loans, held for sale	\$ 1,247	—	\$ —	—
Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	\$ 69,047	—	\$ 27,078	—	Government guaranteed loans held for investment, at fair value	\$ 52,165	—	\$ 27,078	—
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost:	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost:					Loans held for investment, at amortized cost:				
Residential real estate	Residential real estate	\$ 214,638	30.0 %	\$ 202,329	29.1 %	Residential real estate	\$ 235,339	30.3 %	\$ 202,329	29.1 %
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	239,720	33.5	231,281	33.3	Commercial real estate	272,200	35.1	231,281	33.3
Construction and land	Construction and land	11,069	1.5	9,320	1.3	Construction and land	15,575	2.0	9,320	1.3
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	199,721	27.9	194,643	28.0	Commercial and industrial	198,639	25.6	194,643	28.0

Commercial and industrial – PPP	Commercial and industrial – PPP	18,430	2.6	19,293	2.8	Commercial and industrial – PPP	15,808	2.0	19,293	2.8
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	32,697	4.5	37,288	5.5	Consumer and other	38,103	5.0	37,288	5.5
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, gross	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, gross	716,275	100.0 %	694,154	100.0 %	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, gross	775,664	100.0 %	694,154	100.0 %
Discount on government guaranteed loans sold	Discount on government guaranteed loans sold	(6,046)		(5,621)		Discount on government guaranteed loans sold	(5,937)		(5,621)	
Premium on loans purchased, net	Premium on loans purchased, net	2,823		2,301		Premium on loans purchased, net	3,306		2,301	
Deferred loan costs, net	Deferred loan costs, net	10,678		10,740		Deferred loan costs, net	11,506		10,740	
Allowance for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	Allowance for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	(12,208)		(9,046)		Allowance for credit losses ⁽¹⁾	(12,598)		(9,046)	
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, net	Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, net	\$ 711,522		\$ 692,528		Loans held for investment, at amortized cost, net	\$ 771,941		\$ 692,528	

⁽¹⁾ Prior to January 1, 2023, the incurred loss methodology was used to estimate credit losses. Beginning with that date, credit losses are estimated using the CECL methodology.

During the **three** six months ended **March 31, 2023** June 30, 2023, the Bank originated approximately **\$47.4 million** \$118.5 million in loans through conventional lending channels and **\$121.1 million** \$246.6 million in loans through CreditBench (its government guaranteed lending function). In addition, the Bank sold guaranteed balances of government guaranteed loans **\$184.4 million** and unguaranteed balances of **\$71.6 million** and purchased **\$35.6 million** \$10.9 million of government guaranteed loans. The Bank purchased \$99.6 million of government guaranteed loans. Of the loans purchased during the year, \$58.2 million have already sold or paid off during the year.

During the **three** six months ended **March 31, 2022** June 30, 2022, the Bank originated approximately **\$63.6 million** \$143.9 million in loans through conventional lending channels, **\$47.3 million** \$137.4 million through CreditBench, and **\$35.6 million** \$641.1 million through the Residential Mortgage Lending Division, which is a discontinued operation.

Additionally, the Bank sold guaranteed balances of **\$118.2 million** and unguaranteed balances of **\$4.4 million** of government guaranteed loans of **\$71.6 million** and loans. The Bank purchased **\$10.4 million** \$15.0 million of government guaranteed loans and **\$8.4 million** \$30.8 million of consumer loans.

Loan Maturity/Rate Sensitivity

The following table shows the contractual maturities of our loans at **March 31, 2023** June 30, 2023. Loan balances in this table include loans held for investment at fair value, loans held for investment at amortized cost, discount on retained balances of loans sold, premium and discount on loans purchased, and deferred loan costs, net.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Due After One Year					Due After Five Years					Due After 15 Years					
		Due in One Year or Less	Year to Five Years	Years to 15 Years	15 Years	Total	(Dollars in thousands)	Due in One Year or Less	Year to Five Years	Years to 15 Years	15 Years	Total	(Dollars in thousands)	Due in One Year or Less	Year to Five Years	Years to 15 Years	15 Years
Real estate:	Real estate:						Real estate:						Real estate:				
Residential	Residential	\$ 1,454	\$ 1,998	\$ 10,252	\$ 201,280	\$ 214,984	Residential	\$ 2,755	\$ 774	\$ 13,753	\$ 13,753	\$ 13,753	Residential	\$ 2,755	\$ 774	\$ 13,753	\$ 13,753
Commercial Construction and land	Commercial Construction and land	10,574	1,661	22,639	231,170	266,044	Commercial Construction and land	13,383	1,473	31,680	31,680	31,680	Commercial Construction and land	13,383	1,473	31,680	31,680
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	1,434	260	91	9,284	11,069	Commercial and industrial	2,366	470	88	88	88	Commercial and industrial	2,366	470	88	88
Commercial and industrial - PPP	Commercial and industrial - PPP	8,275	18,003	214,438	7,791	248,507	Commercial and industrial - PPP	10,438	18,425	204,835	204,835	204,835	Commercial and industrial - PPP	10,438	18,425	204,835	204,835
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	1,077	17,232	—	—	18,309	Consumer and other	810	14,878	—	—	—	Consumer and other	810	14,878	—	—
Total loans held for investment	Total loans held for investment	1,046	26,286	6,532	—	33,864	Total loans held for investment	1,574	31,431	6,322	6,322	6,322	Total loans held for investment	1,574	31,431	6,322	6,322
		\$ 23,860	\$ 65,440	\$ 253,952	\$ 449,525	\$ 792,777		\$ 31,326	\$ 67,451	\$ 256,678	\$ 256,678	\$ 256,678		\$ 31,326	\$ 67,451	\$ 256,678	\$ 256,678

The following table shows the loans with contractual maturities of greater than one year that have fixed or adjustable interest rates at **March 31, 2023** June 30, 2023.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Fixed Interest Rate	Adjustable Interest Rate	(Dollars in thousands)	Fixed Interest Rate	Adjustable Interest Rate
Real estate:	Real estate:			Real estate:		

Residential	Residential	\$ 52,848	\$ 160,682	Residential	\$ 55,732	\$ 177,318
Commercial	Commercial	\$ 8,364	\$ 247,106	Commercial	\$ 12,732	\$ 261,421
Construction and land	Construction and land	—	9,635	Construction and land	210	12,999
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	19,729	220,503	Commercial and industrial	6,363	225,865
Commercial and industrial - PPP	Commercial and industrial - PPP	17,232	—	Commercial and industrial - PPP	14,878	—
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	4,903	27,915	Consumer and other	13,369	24,491
Total loans held for investment	Total loans held for investment	\$ 103,076	\$ 665,841	Total loans held for investment	\$ 103,284	\$ 702,094

Credit Risk

The Bank's primary business is making commercial, consumer, and real estate loans. This activity inevitably has risks for potential credit losses, the magnitude of which depends on a variety of economic factors affecting borrowers, which are beyond its control. The Bank has developed policies and procedures for evaluating the overall quality of its credit portfolio and the timely identification of potential problem loans. Management's judgment as to the adequacy of the allowance is based upon a number of assumptions about the economic environment that it believes impacts credit quality as of the balance sheet date that it believes to be reasonable, but which may or may not prove accurate. Thus, there can be no assurance that charge-offs in future periods will not exceed the ACL, or that additional increases in the ACL will not be required.

Allowance for Credit Losses. In accordance with changes in generally accepted accounting principles, the Company adopted the new credit loss accounting standard known as CECL on January 1, 2023. With At the time of adoption, the allowance for credit losses ("ACL") ACL for loans increased by \$3.1 million to 1.73% of loans, on this effective date the combined with a \$213 thousand increase in reserve on unfunded commitments \$213 thousand, and an \$18 thousand reserve on was established for held to maturity investment securities. These one-time increases resulted in an after tax decrease to capital of \$2.5 million, with no impact to earnings. Under CECL, the ACL is based on expected projected credit losses rather than on incurred losses. Upon adoption of the standard, the increase in ACL resulted in a \$2.5 million after tax decrease to capital with no impact to earnings.

The Bank must maintain an adequate ACL based on a comprehensive methodology that assesses the probable losses inherent in its loan portfolio. The Bank maintains an ACL based on a number of quantitative and qualitative factors, including levels and trends of past due and nonaccrual loans, asset classifications, loan grades, change in volume and mix

of loans, collateral value, historical loss experience, size and complexity of individual credits, and economic conditions. In addition to this, the Company uses reasonable and supportable forecasts utilizing data from the Federal Open Market

Committee's median forecasts of change in national GDP and of national unemployment. Provisions for credit losses are provided on both a specific and general basis. Specific allowances are provided for individual loans that do not share similar risk characteristics with instruments evaluated using a collective (pooled) basis. General valuation allowances are determined by loan pools with a further evaluation of various quantitative and qualitative factors noted above.

The Bank periodically reviews the assumptions and formulates methodologies by which changes are made to the specific and general valuation allowances for credit losses ACL in an effort to refine such allowances in light of the current status of the factors described above. The methodology is presented to and approved by the Bank's Board of Directors.

All nonaccrual loans and modifications to loans for borrowers experiencing financial difficulty are reviewed to determine if the loans share the same risk characteristics as the pooled loans. If the loan does not share the same risk characteristics, the loan is evaluated individually for credit losses. Specific allocation of reserves for individually evaluated loans considers the value of the collateral, the financial condition of the borrower, and industry and current economic trends. The Bank reviews the collateral value, cash flow, and tertiary support on each individually evaluated credit. Any deficiency outlined by a real estate collateral evaluation analysis, or cash flow shortfall, is accounted for through a specific allocation for the loan.

Prior to January 1, 2023, the incurred loss methodology was used to estimate credit losses. Beginning with that date, the credit losses are estimated using the CECL methodology.

Nonperforming Assets. At March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, we the Company had \$2.1 million \$6.6 million in nonperforming assets, excluding government guaranteed loan balances, and their ACL represented 1.69% 1.61% of total loans held for investment at amortized cost. At March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022, we had \$2.7 million \$4.3 million in nonperforming assets, excluding government guaranteed loan balances, and their ALLL represented 1.73% 1.62% of total loans held for investment at amortized cost. Total loans held for investment at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and March 31, June 30, 2022 included government guaranteed loans and loans measured at fair value, which had no reserves allocated to them. ACL as a percentage of loans held for investment at amortized cost, not including government guaranteed loan balances, was 2.11% 2.04% under CECL at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, compared to 2.73% 2.14% under the incurred loss method at March 31, 2022 June 30, 2022.

The following table sets forth certain information on nonaccrual loans and foreclosed assets, the ratio of such loans and foreclosed assets to total assets as of the dates indicated, and certain other related information.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Nonperforming loans (government guaranteed balances)	Nonperforming loans (government guaranteed balances)	\$ 3,795	\$ 6,174	Nonperforming loans (government guaranteed balances)	\$ 2,016	\$ 6,192
Nonperforming loans (unguaranteed balances)	Nonperforming loans (unguaranteed balances)	2,095	2,660	Nonperforming loans (unguaranteed balances)	6,590	4,245
Total nonperforming loans	Total nonperforming loans	5,890	8,834	Total nonperforming loans	8,606	10,437
OREO	OREO	3	3	OREO	3	56
Total nonperforming assets	Total nonperforming assets	\$ 5,893	\$ 8,837	Total nonperforming assets	\$ 8,609	\$ 10,493
Nonperforming loans as a percentage of total loans held for investment	Nonperforming loans as a percentage of total loans held for investment	0.74 %	1.57 %	Nonperforming loans as a percentage of total loans held for investment	1.03 %	1.63 %
Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances) to total loans held for investment	Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances) to total loans held for investment	0.26 %	0.47 %	Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances) to total loans held for investment	0.79 %	0.66 %
Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets	Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets	0.55 %	0.99 %	Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets	0.79 %	1.14 %
Nonperforming assets (excluding government guaranteed balances) to total assets	Nonperforming assets (excluding government guaranteed balances) to total assets	0.20 %	0.30 %	Nonperforming assets (excluding government guaranteed balances) to total assets	0.61 %	0.46 %
ACL to nonperforming loans	ACL to nonperforming loans	207.27 %	115.12 %	ACL to nonperforming loans	146.39 %	91.64 %
ACL to nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances)	ACL to nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances)	582.72 %	382.33 %	ACL to nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances)	191.17 %	225.30 %

The following table sets forth information with respect to activity in the ACL for loans for the periods shown:

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	At and for the Three Months Ended March 31,		At and for the Three Months Ended June 30,		At and for the Six Months Ended June 30,	
		2023		2022		2023	
		Allowance at beginning of period	Impact of adopting ASC 326	Allowance at beginning of period	Impact of adopting ASC 326	Allowance at beginning of period	Impact of adopting ASC 326
Allowance at beginning of period	Allowance at beginning of period	\$ 9,046	—	\$ 13,452	—	\$ 12,208	—
Impact of adopting ASC 326	Impact of adopting ASC 326	3,107	—	—	—	—	3,107
Charge-offs:	Charge-offs:			Charge-offs:	Charge-offs:		
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	—	—	Commercial real estate	—	(53)	—
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	(1,408)	(1,031)	Commercial and industrial	(1,710)	(939)	(3,118)
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	(665)	(15)	Consumer and other	(674)	(26)	(1,339)
							(41)

Total charge-offs	Total charge-offs	(2,073)	(1,046)	Total charge-offs	(2,384)	(1,018)	(4,457)	(2,064)
Recoveries:	Recoveries:			Recoveries:				
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	2	8	Commercial real estate	—	53	2	61
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	117	153	Commercial and industrial	72	107	189	260
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	67	3	Consumer and other	59	2	126	5
Total recoveries	Total recoveries	186	164	Total recoveries	131	162	317	326
Net charge-offs	Net charge-offs	(1,887)	(882)	Net charge-offs	(2,253)	(856)	(4,140)	(1,738)
Provision for credit losses	Provision for credit losses	1,942	(2,400)	Provision for credit losses	2,643	250	4,585	(2,150)
Allowance at end of period	Allowance at end of period	\$ 12,208	\$ 10,170	Allowance at end of period	\$ 12,598	\$ 9,564	\$ 12,598	\$ 9,564
Net charge-offs to average loans held for investment	Net charge-offs to average loans held for investment	0.99 %	0.61 %	Net charge-offs to average loans held for investment	1.07 %	0.57 %	1.03 %	0.59 %
Allowance as a percent of total loans held for investment at amortized cost	Allowance as a percent of total loans held for investment at amortized cost	1.69 %	1.73 %	Allowance as a percent of total loans held for investment at amortized cost	1.61 %	1.62 %	1.61 %	1.62 %
Allowance as a percent of loans held for investment at amortized cost, not including government guaranteed loans	Allowance as a percent of loans held for investment at amortized cost, not including government guaranteed loans	2.11 %	2.73 %	Allowance as a percent of loans held for investment at amortized cost, not including government guaranteed loans	2.04 %	2.14 %	2.04 %	2.14 %
Allowance as a percent of nonperforming loans	Allowance as a percent of nonperforming loans	207.27 %	115.12 %	Allowance as a percent of nonperforming loans	146.39 %	91.64 %	146.39 %	91.64 %
Total loans held for investment	Total loans held for investment	\$ 792,777	\$ 563,242	Total loans held for investment	\$ 836,704	\$ 641,737	\$ 836,704	\$ 641,737
Average loans held for investment	Average loans held for investment	\$ 766,156	\$ 578,617	Average loans held for investment	\$ 842,350	\$ 597,322	\$ 804,535	\$ 588,021
Nonperforming loans (including government guaranteed balances)	Nonperforming loans (including government guaranteed balances)	\$ 5,890	\$ 8,834	Nonperforming loans (including government guaranteed balances)	\$ 8,606	\$ 10,437	\$ 8,606	\$ 10,437
Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances)	Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances)	\$ 2,095	\$ 2,660	Nonperforming loans (excluding government guaranteed balances)	\$ 6,590	\$ 4,245	\$ 6,590	\$ 4,245
Guaranteed balance of government guaranteed loans	Guaranteed balance of government guaranteed loans	\$ 196,272	\$ 187,444	Guaranteed balance of government guaranteed loans	\$ 198,556	\$ 183,113	\$ 198,556	\$ 183,113

The following table details net charge-offs to average loans outstanding by loan category for the three months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**.

Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 **Three Months Ended March 31, 2022** **Three Months Ended June 30, 2023** **Three Months Ended June 30, 2022**

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Average Loans off/(Recovery)			Average Loans off/(Recovery)			(Dollars in thousands)	Average Loans off/(Recovery)		
		Net Charge-off/(Recovery)	HFI	Ratio	Net Charge-off/(Recovery)	HFI	Ratio		Net Charge-off/(Recovery)	HFI	Ratio
Residential real estate	Residential real estate	\$ —	\$ 190,285	— %	\$ —	\$ 76,881	— %	Residential real estate	\$ —	\$ 210,416	— %
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	(2)	272,967	—	(8)	216,373	(0.01)	Commercial real estate	—	300,314	—
Commercial and industrial	Commercial and industrial	1,291	247,618	2.09	878	222,305	1.58	Commercial and industrial	1,638	278,410	2.35
Commercial and industrial - PPP	Commercial and industrial - PPP	—	18,739	—	—	58,058	—	- PPP	—	17,890	—
Consumer and other	Consumer and other	598	36,547	6.54	12	5,000	0.96	Consumer and other	615	35,320	6.96
Total loans held for investment	Total loans held for investment	\$ 1,887	\$ 766,156	0.99 %	\$ 882	\$ 578,617	0.61 %	Total loans held for investment	\$ 2,253	\$ 842,350	1.07 %

The following table details net charge-offs to average loans outstanding by loan category for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

(Dollars in thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023			Six Months Ended June 30, 2022		
	Net Charge-off/(Recovery)	Average Loans HFI	Net Charge-off/(Recovery) Ratio	Net Charge-off/(Recovery)	Average Loans HFI	Net Charge-off/(Recovery) Ratio
Residential real estate	\$ —	\$ 200,478	— %	\$ —	\$ 87,720	— %
Commercial real estate	(2)	286,716	—	(8)	231,152	(0.01)
Commercial and industrial	2,929	263,099	2.23	1,710	208,366	1.64
Commercial and industrial - PPP	—	18,312	—	—	46,901	—
Consumer and other	1,213	35,930	6.75	36	13,882	0.52
Total loans held for investment	\$ 4,140	\$ 804,535	1.03 %	\$ 1,738	\$ 588,021	0.59 %

Asset quality remained **strong** stable in the **first** second quarter of 2023. Although net charge-offs and delinquencies increased, nonperforming assets decreased. As a result of loan growth and increased consumer charge-offs, **t**he Company recorded a

provision of \$1.9 million during for credit losses for the **three** six months ended **March 31, 2023**, **June 30, 2023** of \$4.7 million compared to a \$2.2 million negative provision of \$2.4 million under the incurred loss **method** methodology for the same period **six** ended **June 30, 2022**. The increase of \$6.9 million in **2022**, the provision for credit losses expense was primarily due to the loan growth, higher charge-offs, and the **As** the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic became more predictable throughout 2021 and 2022, the Company began adjusting downward reduced its allowance for loan losses **ALLL** from the historic high levels reached in 2020 at the onset of the pandemic.

Nonperforming assets to total assets, excluding government guaranteed loan balances, were **0.20%** **0.61%** as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, as compared to **0.30%** **0.46%** as of **March 31, 2022** **June 30, 2022**.

SBA and Other Government Guaranteed Loans

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, information regarding the SBA and other government guaranteed lending activity, excluding PPP loans.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	At and for the Three Months Ended March 31,		(Dollars in thousands)	At and for the Six Months Ended June 30,			
		Government Guaranteed, Excluding PPP	Excluding PPP		2023	2022	Government Guaranteed, Excluding PPP	Excluding PPP
Number of loans originated	Number of loans originated	568	86 originated	568	1,239	293	86 originated	1,239

Amount of loans originated	Amount of loans originated	\$ 121,062	\$ 47,332	Amount of loans originated	\$ 246,617	\$ 137,354
Average loan size originated	Average loan size originated	\$ 213	\$ 550	Average loan size originated	\$ 199	\$ 469
Government guaranteed loan balances sold	Government guaranteed loan balances sold	\$ 71,636	\$ 71,345	Government guaranteed loan balances sold	\$ 184,437	\$ 118,186
Government unguaranteed loan balances sold	Government unguaranteed loan balances sold	\$ —	\$ 4,351	Government unguaranteed loan balances sold	\$ 10,937	\$ 4,351
Total government guaranteed loans	Total government guaranteed loans	\$ 350,486	\$ 271,317	Total government guaranteed loans	\$ 364,030	\$ 290,387
Government guaranteed loan balances	Government guaranteed loan balances	\$ 177,962	\$ 143,081	Government guaranteed loan balances	\$ 182,868	\$ 151,903
Government unguaranteed loan balances	Government unguaranteed loan balances	\$ 172,524	\$ 128,236	Government unguaranteed loan balances	\$ 181,162	\$ 138,484
Government guaranteed loans serviced for others	Government guaranteed loans serviced for others	\$ 693,920	\$ 507,986	Government guaranteed loans serviced for others	\$ 758,090	\$ 522,050

The Bank makes government guaranteed loans throughout the United States. The following table sets forth, at the dates indicated, information regarding the geographic disbursement of its government guaranteed loan portfolio. The "All Other" category includes states with less than 5% in any period presented.

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31,				June 30,			
		2023		2022		2023		2022	
		Amount	% of Total						
Florida	Florida	\$ 129,966	37 %	\$ 83,129	31 %	\$ 134,704	37 %	\$ 89,065	31 %
California	California	38,997	11	29,967	11	42,836	12	37,242	13
Texas	Texas	23,199	7	17,835	7	22,071	6	18,747	6
Tennessee	Tennessee	21,771	6	12,512	5	27,250	7	16,676	6
All Other	All Other	136,553	39	127,874	46	137,169	38	128,657	44
Total government guaranteed loans, excluding PPP loans	Total government guaranteed loans, excluding PPP loans	\$ 350,486	100 %	\$ 271,317	100 %	\$ 364,030	100 %	\$ 290,387	100 %

Deposits

General. In addition to deposits, sources of funds available for lending and for other purposes include loan repayments and proceeds from the sales of loans. Loan repayments are a relatively stable source of funds, while deposit inflows and outflows are influenced significantly by general interest rates and market conditions. Borrowings, as well as available lines of credit, may be used on a short-term basis to compensate for reductions in other sources, such as deposits at less than projected levels.

Deposits. Deposits are sourced principally from within its primary service area of Pinellas, Hillsborough, Manatee, Pasco, and Sarasota Counties, Florida. The Bank offers a wide selection of deposit instruments including demand deposit accounts, NOW accounts, money-market accounts, regular savings accounts, certificate of deposit accounts, and retirement savings plans (such as IRA accounts).

Certificate of deposit rates are set to encourage longer maturities as cost and market conditions will allow. Deposit account terms vary, with the primary differences being the minimum balance required, the time period the funds must remain on deposit and the interest rate. The Bank emphasizes commercial banking relationships in an effort to increase demand deposits as a percentage of total deposits. Deposit interest rates are set by management at least monthly or more often if conditions require it, based on a review of loan demand, recent cash flows and a survey of rates among competitors.

Brokered deposits. At times, the Bank has brokered time deposit and non-maturity deposit relationships available to diversify its funding sources. Brokered deposits offer several benefits relative to other funding sources, such as: maturity structures which cannot be duplicated in the current retail market, deposit gathering outside the market of the existing

deposit base, the unsecured nature of these liabilities, and the ability to quickly generate funds. The Bank's internal policy limits the use of brokered deposits as a funding source to no more than 15% of total assets. The Company's ability to accept or renew brokered deposits is contingent upon the Bank maintaining a capital level of "well capitalized." At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the Company had **\$30.0 million** **\$40.1 million** and \$0.7 million, respectively, of brokered deposits.

The amount of each of the following categories of deposits, at the dates indicated, are as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023			December 31, 2022			(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
Noninterest-bearing deposits	Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$ 106,622	11.4 %	\$ 93,235	11.6 %			Noninterest-bearing deposits	\$ 101,081	10.7 %	\$ 93,235	11.6 %		
Interest-bearing transaction accounts	Interest-bearing transaction accounts	266,445	28.6	202,656	22.7			Interest-bearing transaction accounts	253,112	26.8	202,656	22.7		
Money market accounts	Money market accounts	346,331	37.1	345,200	56.5			Money market accounts	384,718	40.7	345,200	56.5		
Savings	Savings	17,938	1.9	17,853	2.2			Savings	17,223	1.8	17,853	2.2		
Subtotal	Subtotal	737,336	79.0	658,944	93.0			Subtotal	756,134	80.0	658,944	93.0		
Total time deposits	Total time deposits	195,565	21.0	136,126	7.0			Total time deposits	188,648	20.0	136,126	7.0		
Total deposits	Total deposits	\$ 932,901	100.0 %	\$ 795,070	100.0 %			Total deposits	\$ 944,782	100.0 %	\$ 795,070	100.0 %		

At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, the Company held approximately **\$166.5 million** **\$172.1 million** of deposits that exceeded the FDIC insurance limit which was 18% of total deposits.

The following table provides information on the maturity distribution of the time deposits exceeding the FDIC insurance limit of \$250 thousand as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**.

(Dollars in thousands)	
Three months or less	\$ 7,330 11,151
Over three months through six months	11,279 26,868
Over six months through 12 months	32,544 20,475
Over 12 months	9,428 3,644
Total	\$ 60,581 62,138

Deposits increased **\$137.8 million** **\$149.7 million** or **17.3%** **18.83%** during the **first quarter** **half** of 2023, with growth in all categories of deposits. Transaction accounts increased **\$77.2 million** **\$58.3 million** or **26.1%** **19.7%** during the quarter. Savings and money market account balances increased \$38.9 million and time deposit balance increased \$52.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2023. The time deposit balance increase was partially due to a **\$35.0 million** **\$12.8 million** increase in short-term Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service ("CDARS") and listing service balances.

Other Borrowings

At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, the Company had a short-term FHLB borrowing of **\$25,000** **\$30.0 million** at 5.07% and no borrowings from the FRB. There were **\$25,000** **\$25.0 million** of borrowings at 4.50% from the FRB and no borrowings from the FHLB at December 31, 2022.

The Bank is a member of the FHLB of Atlanta, which provides short- and long-term funding collateralized by mortgage-related assets to its members. FHLB short-term borrowings bear interest at variable rates set by the FHLB. Any advances that the bank were to obtain would be secured by a blanket lien on **\$261,887** **\$288.4 million** of real estate-related loans as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. Based on this collateral and the Company's holdings of FHLB stock, the Company was eligible to borrow up to **\$131,153** **\$140.1 million** from the FHLB at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**.

In addition, the Bank has a secured line of credit with the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta which was secured by **\$61,941** **\$49,948** of commercial loans as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**. FRB short-term borrowings bear interest at variable rates based on the Federal

Open Market Committee's target range for the federal funds rate. Based on this collateral, the Company was eligible to borrow up to **\$41,340** **\$34.0 million** from the FRB at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**.

In June 2021, the Company issued **\$6,000** **\$6.0 million** of Subordinated Debentures (the "Debentures") that mature June 30, 2031 and are redeemable after 5 years. The Debentures carry interest at a fixed rate of 4.50% per annum for the initial 5 years of term and carry interest at a floating rate for the final 5 years of term. Under the debt agreements, the

floating rates are based on a SOFR benchmark plus 3.78% per annum. These Debentures were issued to redeem a \$6,000 Subordinated Debenture which was issued in December 2018 and carried interest at a rate of 6.875% per annum. The balance of Subordinated Debentures outstanding at the Company, net of offering costs, amounted to \$5,994 million and \$5,992 million at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

In March 2020, the Company renegotiated the terms of its outstanding senior debt and combined its line of credit and has a term note into one amortizing note with quarterly principal and interest payments with interest at Prime 8.00% (8.25% at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023). The note matures on March 10, 2029 and the balance of the note was \$2,731 million and \$2,844 at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The note is secured by 100% of the stock of the Company and requires the Company to comply with certain loan covenants during the term of the note. As of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all financial debt covenants.

Capital Resources

Shareholders' equity is influenced primarily by earnings, dividends, the Company's sales and repurchases of its common and preferred stock and changes in accumulated other comprehensive income caused primarily by fluctuations in unrealized gains or losses, net of taxes, on available for sale investment securities.

Shareholders' equity decreased \$1.6 million \$0.8 million to \$90.3 million \$91.1 million at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 as compared to \$91.9 million at December 31, 2022. The decrease was primarily due to the implementation of the new credit loss accounting standard. As a result of the accounting change, equity was reduced by \$2.5 million. This was partially offset by net income of \$0.7 million \$2.1 million and a decrease of \$0.5 million of accumulated other comprehensive loss due to decreases in net unrealized losses on available for sale investment securities during the three six months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023.

The Company strives to maintain an adequate capital base to support its activities in a safe and sound manner while at the same time attempting to maximize shareholder value. Management assesses capital adequacy against the risk inherent in the balance sheet, recognizing that unexpected loss is the common denominator of risk and that common equity has the greatest capacity to absorb unexpected loss.

The Bank is subject to regulatory capital requirements imposed by various regulatory banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and discretionary actions by banking regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on BayFirst's and the Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of its assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors.

In 2020, the Federal banking regulatory agencies adopted a rule to simplify the methodology for measuring capital adequacy for smaller, uncomplicated banks. This CBLR is calculated as the ratio of tangible equity capital divided by average total consolidated assets. CBLR tangible equity is defined as total equity capital, prior to including minority interests, and excluding accumulated other comprehensive income, deferred tax assets arising from net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards, goodwill, and other intangible assets (other than mortgage servicing assets). Under the proposal, a qualifying organization may elect to use the CBLR framework if its CBLR is greater than 9%. The Bank has elected not to use the CBLR framework.

At March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Bank's capital ratios were in excess of the requirement to be "well capitalized" under the regulatory guidelines.

As of the dates indicated, the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject. The Bank's actual capital amounts and percentages are as shown in the table below:

(Dollars in thousands)	Actual		Minimum ⁽¹⁾		Well Capitalized ⁽²⁾		(Dollars in thousands)	Actual		Minimum ⁽¹⁾		Well Capitalized ⁽²⁾		
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	
<u>As of March 31, 2023</u>														
<u>As of June 30, 2023</u>														
Total Capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total Capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 107,929	14.12 %	\$ 61,150	8.00 %	\$ 76,437	10.00 %	Total Capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 109,428	13.60 %	\$ 64,384	8.00 %	\$ 80,480	10.00 %
Tier 1 Capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 Capital (to risk-weighted assets)	98,352	12.87	45,862	6.00	61,150	8.00	Tier 1 Capital (to risk-weighted assets)	99,348	12.34	48,288	6.00	64,384	8.00

Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	98,352	12.87	34,397	4.50	49,684	6.50	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	99,348	12.34	36,216	4.50	52,312	6.50
Tier 1 Capital (to total assets)	Tier 1 Capital (to total assets)	98,352	10.18	38,657	4.00	48,322	5.00	Tier 1 Capital (to total assets)	99,348	9.36	42,443	4.00	53,053	5.00
<u>As of December 31, 2022</u>	<u>As of December 31, 2022</u>							<u>As of December 31, 2022</u>						
Total Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	Total Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	108,307	15.00	57,767	8.00	72,209	10.00	Total Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	108,307	15.00	57,767	8.00	72,209	10.00
Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	99,269	13.75	43,325	6.00	57,767	8.00	Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	99,269	13.75	43,325	6.00	57,767	8.00
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	99,269	13.75	32,494	4.50	46,936	6.50	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (to risk- weighted assets)	99,269	13.75	32,494	4.50	46,936	6.50
Tier 1 Capital (to total assets)	Tier 1 Capital (to total assets)	99,269	10.79	36,816	4.00	46,020	5.00	Tier 1 Capital (to total assets)	99,269	10.79	36,816	4.00	46,020	5.00

(1) Minimum to be considered "adequately capitalized" under Basel III Capital Adequacy.

(2) Minimum to be considered "well capitalized" under Prompt Corrective Actions Provisions.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Bank is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business. These financial instruments primarily include unfunded loan commitments, unfunded lines of credit, and standby letters of credit. The Bank uses these financial instruments to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate, and liquidity risk. These do not present unusual risks and management does not anticipate any accounting losses that would have a material effect on the Bank.

A summary of the amounts of the Bank's financial instruments, with off-balance sheet risk as of the dates indicated, is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
		Unfunded loan commitments	Unused lines of credit	Unfunded loan commitments	Unused lines of credit		Standby letters of credit	Standby letters of credit	Total	Standby letters of credit
Unfunded loan commitments	Unfunded loan commitments	\$ 30,218	154,198	\$ 23,512	134,366	Unfunded loan commitments	\$ 36,804	164,189	\$ 201,230	\$ 23,512
Unused lines of credit	Unused lines of credit					Unused lines of credit				134,366
Standby letters of credit	Standby letters of credit	237		244		Standby letters of credit	237		244	
Total	Total	\$ 184,653		\$ 158,122		Total	\$ 201,230		\$ 158,122	

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since some of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Management evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained if deemed necessary by the Bank upon extension of credit is based on management's credit evaluation of the counterparty.

Standby letters-of-credit are conditional lending commitments that the Bank issues to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party and to support private borrowing arrangements. Essentially, letters of credit have expiration dates within one year of the issue date. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending credit. The Bank may hold collateral supporting those commitments. Newly issued or modified guarantees that are not derivative contracts have been recorded on the Bank's balance sheet at their fair value at inception.

In general, loan commitments and letters of credit are made on the same terms, including with respect to collateral, as outstanding loans. Each customer's creditworthiness and the collateral required are evaluated on a case-by-case basis.

The Company maintains an ACL for its off-balance sheet loan commitments which is calculated by loan type using estimated line utilization rates based on historical usage. Loss rates for outstanding loans is applied to the estimated utilization rates to calculate the ACL for off-balance sheet loan commitments. At **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, ACL for off-balance sheet loan commitments totaled **\$798** **\$844** thousand and **\$511** thousand, respectively.

Contractual Obligations

In the ordinary course of its operations, the Company enters into certain contractual obligations. Total contractual obligations at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** were **\$233.8** million **\$231.4** million, an increase of **\$58.9** million **\$56.4** million from **\$174.9** million at December 31, 2022. The increase was primarily due to an increase in time deposits of **\$59.4** million **\$52.5** million of which **\$29.3** million **\$9.3** million came from short-term CDARS brokered deposits.

The following tables present our contractual obligations as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022.

		Contractual Obligations as of March 31, 2023					Contractual Obligations as of June 30, 2023					
(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years	Over Five Years	Total	(Dollars in thousands)	Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years	Over Five Years	Total
Operating lease obligations	Operating lease obligations	\$ 1,283	\$ 2,174	\$ 1,027	\$ —	\$ 4,484	Operating lease obligations	\$ 1,252	\$ 2,063	\$ 826	\$ —	\$ 4,141
Short-term borrowings	Short-term borrowings	25,000	—	—	—	25,000	Short-term borrowings	30,000	—	—	—	30,000
Long-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	—	—	—	2,731	2,731	Long-term borrowings	456	912	912	337	2,617
Subordinated notes	Subordinated notes	50	—	—	5,944	5,994	Subordinated notes	—	—	—	5,945	5,945
Time deposits	Time deposits	162,999	32,124	442	—	195,565	Time deposits	171,048	17,074	526	—	188,648
Total	Total	\$ 189,332	\$ 34,298	\$ 1,469	\$ 8,675	\$ 233,774	Total	\$ 202,756	\$ 20,049	\$ 2,264	\$ 6,282	\$ 231,351
Contractual Obligations as of December 31, 2022												
(Dollars in thousands)	(Dollars in thousands)	Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years	Over Five Years	Total	(Dollars in thousands)	Less than One Year	One to Three Years	Three to Five Years	Over Five Years	Total
Operating lease obligations	Operating lease obligations	\$ 1,450	\$ 2,267	\$ 1,245	\$ —	\$ 4,962	Operating lease obligations	\$ 1,450	\$ 2,267	\$ 1,245	\$ —	\$ 4,962
Short-term borrowings	Short-term borrowings	25,000	—	—	—	25,000	Short-term borrowings	25,000	—	—	—	25,000
Long-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	—	—	—	2,844	2,844	Long-term borrowings	456	912	912	564	2,844
Subordinated notes	Subordinated notes	50	—	—	5,942	5,992	Subordinated notes	50	—	—	5,942	5,992
Time deposits	Time deposits	120,240	15,587	299	—	136,126	Time deposits	120,240	15,587	299	—	136,126
Total	Total	\$ 146,740	\$ 17,854	\$ 1,544	\$ 8,786	\$ 174,924	Total	\$ 146,740	\$ 17,854	\$ 1,544	\$ 8,786	\$ 174,924

Liquidity

Liquidity management is the process by which the Bank manages the flow of funds necessary to meet its financial commitments on a timely basis and at a reasonable cost to take advantage of earnings enhancement opportunities. These financial commitments include withdrawals by depositors, credit commitments to borrowers, expenses of the operations, and capital expenditures. The Bank generally maintains a liquidity ratio of liquid assets to total assets of at least 7.0%. Liquid assets include cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, interest-bearing deposits with banks and unencumbered investment securities available for sale. The on-balance sheet liquidity ratio at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, was **16.89%** **14.02%**, as compared to 12.58% at December 31, 2022.

During each of the first two quarters of 2022, the Bank paid a dividend of \$250 thousand quarterly dividends totaling \$1.75 million to BayFirst. During the two quarters of 2023, the Bank also paid a \$500 thousand dividend in the third quarter of 2022 and a \$750 thousand dividend in the fourth quarter of 2022 and first quarter of 2023 quarterly dividends totaling \$1.75 million to BayFirst. Prior to 2021, the Bank retained its earnings to support its growth. BayFirst's liquidity had historically been dependent solely on funds received from the issuance and sale of subordinated debt and preferred stock. BayFirst's liquidity needs are to make interest payments on its debt obligations, dividends on shares of its Series A Preferred Stock, Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, and common stock, and payment of certain operating expenses. As of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, BayFirst Financial Corp. held \$1.2 million \$757 thousand in cash and cash equivalents.

The Company expects that all the liquidity needs, including the contractual commitments can be met by currently available liquid assets and cash flows. In the event any unforeseen demand or commitments were to occur, the Company would access the borrowing capacity with the FHLB, FRB, and lines of credit with other financial institutions. The Company does not rely on investment securities as the main source of liquidity and does not foresee the need to sell investment securities for cash flow purposes. In addition, the Company has the ability to obtain wholesale deposits as another source of liquidity. The Company expects that the currently available liquid assets and the ability to borrow from the FHLB, FRB, and other financial institutions would be sufficient to satisfy the liquidity needs without any material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity.

A description of BayFirst's and the Bank's debt obligations is set forth above under the heading "Other Borrowings."

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Risk and Interest Rate Sensitivity

Market risk is the risk of loss from adverse changes in market prices and rates. Its market risk arises primarily from interest-rate risk inherent in loan and deposit taking activities. To that end, the Company actively monitors and manages its interest-rate risk exposure. The measurement of market risk associated with financial instruments is meaningful only when all related and offsetting on- and off-balance-sheet off-balance sheet transactions are aggregated, and the resulting net positions are identified. Disclosures about the fair value of financial instruments, which reflect changes in market prices and rates, should also be considered.

The objective in managing interest-rate risk is to minimize the adverse impact of changes in interest rates on net interest income and capital, while adjusting the asset-liability structure to obtain the maximum yield-cost spread on that structure. The Company relies primarily on its asset-liability structure to control interest rate risk. A sudden or substantial increase in interest rates may impact its earnings, to the extent that the interest rates borne by assets and liabilities do not change at the same rate, to the same extent, or on the same basis.

The Company established a comprehensive interest rate risk management policy which is administered by management's Asset-Liability Committee. The policy establishes risk limits, which are quantitative measures of the percentage change in net interest income (net interest income at risk) and the fair value of equity capital (economic value of equity at risk) resulting from a hypothetical change in interest rates for maturities from one day to 30 years. Management measures the potential adverse impacts that changing interest rates may have on its short-term earnings, long-term value, and liquidity with computer-generated simulation analysis. The simulation model is designed to capture call features and interest rate caps and floors embedded in investment and loan contracts. As with any method of analyzing interest rate risk, there are certain shortcomings inherent in the interest rate modeling methodology used. When interest rates change, actual movements in different categories of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, loan prepayments, and withdrawals of time and other deposits, may deviate significantly from the assumptions used in modeling. The methodology does not measure the impact that higher rates may have on borrowers' ability to service their debts, or the impact of rate changes on demand for loan and deposit products.

To minimize the potential for adverse effects of changes in interest rates on the results of the operations, we monitor assets and liabilities to better match the maturities and repricing terms of the interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. To do this, the Company (i) emphasizes the origination of adjustable-rate and variable-rate loans to be held for investment; (ii) maintains a stable core deposit base; and (iii) maintains a significant portion of liquid assets (cash, interest-bearing deposits with other banks, and available for sale investment securities).

Management regularly reviews its exposure to changes in interest rates. Among the factors they consider are changes in the mix of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, interest rate spreads and repricing periods. ALCO reviews, on at least a quarterly basis, its interest rate risk position.

The interest rate risk position is measured and monitored at the Bank using net interest income simulation models and economic value of equity sensitivity analysis that captures both short-term and long-term interest-rate risk exposure.

Modeling the sensitivity of net interest income and the economic value of equity to changes in market interest rates is highly dependent on numerous assumptions incorporated into the modeling process. The models used for these measurements rely on estimates of the potential impact that changes in interest rates may have on the value and prepayment speeds on all components of its loan portfolio, investment portfolio, as well as embedded options and cash flows of other assets and liabilities. Balance sheet growth assumptions are also included in the simulation modeling process. The analysis provides a framework as to what the overall sensitivity position is as of the most recent reported position and the impact that potential changes in interest rates may have on net interest income and the economic value of its equity.

Net interest income simulation involves forecasting net interest income under a variety of interest rate scenarios including instantaneous shocks.

The estimated impact on the net interest income as of March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, assuming immediate parallel moves in interest rates, is presented in the table below.

Change in rates	Change in rates	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022		Change in rates	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
		Following 12 months	Following 24 months	Following 12 months	Following 24 months		Following 12 months	Following 24 months	Following 12 months	Following 24 months
+400 basis points	+400 basis points	17.1 %	18.9 %	11.0 %	11.9 %	+400 basis points	9.9 %	11.9 %	11.0 %	11.9 %
+300 basis points	+300 basis points	14.0	15.8	9.4	10.5	+300 basis points	8.9	10.7	9.4	10.5
+200 basis points	+200 basis points	8.4	9.6	5.4	6.1	+200 basis points	5.2	6.3	5.4	6.1
+100 basis points	+100 basis points	2.8	3.4	1.3	1.8	+100 basis points	1.4	2.0	1.3	1.8
-100 basis points	-100 basis points	(5.5)	(6.4)	(3.8)	(4.4)	-100 basis points	(3.5)	(4.3)	(3.8)	(4.4)

-200 basis points	-200 basis points	(12.1)	(13.9)	(8.3)	(9.5)	-200 basis points	(7.0)	(8.8)	(8.3)	(9.5)
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Management strategies may impact future reporting periods, as the actual results may differ from simulated results due to the timing, magnitude, and frequency of interest rate changes, the difference between actual experience and the characteristics assumed, as well as changes in market conditions. Market-based prepayment speeds are factored into the analysis for loan and investment securities portfolios. Rate sensitivity for transactional deposit accounts is modeled based on both historical experience and external industry studies.

The Company uses economic value of equity sensitivity analysis to understand the impact of interest rate changes on long-term cash flows, income, and capital. Economic value of equity is based on discounting the cash flows for all balance sheet instruments under different interest rate scenarios.

The table below presents the change in the economic value of equity as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, assuming immediate parallel shifts in interest rates. Changes noted between the two periods reflect recent enhancements in the asset/liability modeling, including projected values for non-maturity deposits in changing interest rate environments.

Change in rates	Change in rates	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Change in rates	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
+400 basis points	+400 basis points	(11.8) %	(12.7)	+400 basis % points	(4.6) %	(12.7) %
+300 basis points	+300 basis points	(9.0)	(9.5)	+300 basis points	(2.7)	(9.5)
+200 basis points	+200 basis points	(6.6)	(7.0)	+200 basis points	(2.6)	(7.0)
+100 basis points	+100 basis points	(4.1)	(4.3)	+100 basis points	(2.5)	(4.3)
-100 basis points	-100 basis points	2.2	2.6	-100 basis points	(0.8)	2.6
-200 basis points	-200 basis points	3.9	5.0	-200 basis points	(2.2)	5.0

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13(a)-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e) of the Exchange Act), was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, the last day of the period covered by this Quarterly Report. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, in ensuring that the information required to be disclosed in the reports the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) accumulated and communicated to management (including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer) as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures, and (ii) recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the fiscal period to which this report relates that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Part II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In the normal course of business, the Company is named or threatened to be named as a defendant in various lawsuits, none of which they expect to have a material effect on the Company. However, given the nature, scope and complexity of the extensive legal and regulatory landscape applicable to its business (including laws and regulations governing consumer protection, fair lending, fair labor, privacy, information security, anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism), the Company, like all banking organizations, is subject to heightened legal and regulatory compliance and litigation risk. There are no material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which its property is the subject.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the risk factor discussed below and the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed under "Part I--Item 1A--Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. These factors could materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and capital position, and could cause its actual results to differ materially from its historical results or the results contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this report.

Loss of deposits or a change in deposit mix could increase our funding costs and adversely affect our performance.

Deposits are a low cost and stable source of funding. We compete with banks and other financial institutions for deposits and as a result, the Company could lose deposits in the future, clients may shift their deposits into higher cost products, or the Company may need to raise interest rates to avoid deposit attrition. Funding costs may also increase if deposits lost are replaced with wholesale funding. Higher funding costs reduce our net interest margin, net interest income, and net income. In recent months, the environment for maintaining and growing deposits has become more challenging. This is partially attributable to the FRB reducing the size of its balance sheet through quantitative tightening and continues to increase interest rates giving depositors an incentive to move deposits to money market funds and other higher-yielding alternatives. In addition, recent unusually

high levels of withdrawals from other, larger banks, which in some cases has resulted in bank failure, may result in similar withdrawal patterns at the Company. Should we experience any of these events, we may need to rely on higher cost wholesale funding, which would adversely affect our financial performance and net income.

The Florida property insurance market is in crises and the inability of our borrowers to obtain insurance on properties securing our loans may adversely affect the value of the collateral, the performance of our loan portfolio, and our ability to make loans secured by real estate.

Florida is susceptible to hurricanes, tropical storms and related flooding and wind damage and other similar weather events. Such events can disrupt operations, result in damage to properties and negatively affect the local economies in our markets. As a result of the potential for such weather events, many of our customers have incurred significantly higher insurance premiums, or been unable to secure insurance, on their properties. This may adversely affect real estate sales and values in our markets and leave our borrowers without funds to repay their loans in the event of destructive weather events. Such events could result in a decline in loan originations, a decline in the value or destruction of properties securing loans and a decrease in credit quality, negatively impacting our business and results of operations.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Share Buyback Program. On February 28, 2023, the Board of Directors approved the Company's 2023 Stock Repurchase Program ("Repurchase Program"). The Repurchase Program permits the Company to repurchase up to \$1,000,000 of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock. The Repurchase Program will continue until the earlier of: (i) the date

an aggregate of \$1,000,000 of common stock has been repurchased; (ii) December 31, 2023; or (iii) the termination of the plan by the Board of Directors.

The Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 created a new nondeductible 1% excise tax on repurchases of corporate stock by certain publicly traded corporations or their specified affiliates after December 31, 2022. The tax is imposed on the fair value of the stock of a covered corporation that is repurchased in a given year, less the fair market value of any stock issued in that year. A "covered corporation" is any domestic corporation whose stock is traded on an established securities market, such as an OTC market. The excise tax applies to all of the stock of a covered corporation regardless of whether the corporation has profits or losses. The act contains several exceptions to the excise tax, including, but not limited to, any repurchase of stock: in which the total value of the repurchased stock in a given year does not exceed \$1,000,000; that is contributed to an employer sponsored retirement plan or other similar stock compensation plan; that is taxed as a dividend.

The impact of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 on our consolidated financial statements will be dependent on the extent of stock repurchases made in future periods.

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's repurchase of shares of its outstanding common stock during the three months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**.

Period	Number of Shares	Average Price Paid Per Share	Cumulative Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 1-31, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ 1,000,000
February 1-28, 2023	—	—	—	\$ 1,000,000
March 1-31, 2023	—	—	—	\$ 1,000,000
Total	—	\$ —	—	\$ 1,000,000

Period	Number of Shares	Average Price Paid Per Share	Cumulative Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1-30, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ 1,000,000
May 1-31, 2023	450	14.39	450	\$ 993,525
June 1-30, 2023	300	14.40	750	\$ 989,205
Total	750	\$ 14.39	750	

Under applicable state law, Florida corporations are not permitted to retain treasury stock. As such, the price paid for the repurchased shares reduces the amount of common stock on the consolidated balance sheet. As of **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, there were no total shares repurchased under for \$10,796 had been redeemed since the 2023 Repurchase Program. Program was implemented. The repurchased shares remain authorized, unissued shares.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Name
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation
3.2	Bylaws
3.3	Amendment to Bylaws, dated August 22, 2019
4.1	Form of common stock certificate
4.2	Form of Series A Preferred Stock certificate
4.3	Form of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock certificate
31.1	Principal Executive Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a)-14(a) - filed herewith
31.2	Principal Financial Officer's Certification required by Rule 13(a)-14(a) - filed herewith
32.1	Principal Executive Officer's Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - filed herewith
32.2	Principal Financial Officer's Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 - filed herewith
101	Financial information from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31 , June 30, 2023, formatted in iXBRL interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Income; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity; (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - filed herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

Date: **May 15, August 11, 2023**

By: /s/ Anthony N. Leo
Anthony N. Leo
Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

Date: **May 15, August 11, 2023**

By: /s/ Robin L. Oliver Scott J. McKim
Robin L. Oliver Scott J. McKim
Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer
(principal financial officer)

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**CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY
RULE 13a-14(a) OR RULE 15d-14(a)
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Anthony N. Leo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of BayFirst Financial Corp., Inc. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
 - b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and c) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

Date: **May 15, 2023 August 11, 2023**

By: /s/ Anthony N. Leo
Anthony N. Leo
Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

**CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED BY
RULE 13a-14(a) OR RULE 15d-14(a)**
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, **Robin L. Oliver, Scott J. McKim**, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of BayFirst Financial Corp., Inc. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
 - b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and c) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

Date: **May 15, 2023** **August 11, 2023**

By: **/s/ Robin L. Oliver Scott J. McKim**

Robin L. Oliver Scott J. McKim

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer

(principal financial officer)

**CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Anthony N. Leo, Chief Executive Officer of BayFirst Financial Corp. (the "Company") certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1) The Annual Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter period ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

Date: May 15, 2023 August 11, 2023

By: /s/ Anthony N. Leo
Anthony N. Leo
Chief Executive Officer
(*principal executive officer*)

**CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Robin L. Oliver, Scott J. McKim, Chief Financial Officer of BayFirst Financial Corp. (the "Company") certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1) The Annual Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter period ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

BAYFIRST FINANCIAL CORP.

Date: May 15, 2023 August 11, 2023

By: /s/ Robin L. Oliver Scott J. McKim
Robin L. Oliver Scott J. McKim
Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer
(*principal financial officer*)

DISCLAIMER

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