

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

COTY - COTY INC.

10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 1827

■ CHANGES	694
■ DELETIONS	458
■ ADDITIONS	675

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED **DECEMBER MARCH 31, 2023 2024**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM **TO**
COMMISSION FILE NUMBER **001-35964**

COTY INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

13-3823358

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

350 Fifth Avenue,

New York, NY

10118

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(212) 389-7300

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Trading symbol(s)

Name of each exchange on which registered

Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value

COTY

New York Stock Exchange

At **January 31, 2024** **April 30, 2024**, **895,168,882** **867,838,983** shares of the registrant's Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding.

COTY INC.
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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In millions, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended December 31,		Six Months Ended December 31,		Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net revenues								
Cost of sales								
Gross profit								
Selling, general and administrative expenses								
Amortization expense								
Restructuring costs								
Operating income								
Operating income								
Operating income								
Interest expense, net								

Other income, net						
Other expense (income), net						
Income before income taxes						
Provision for income taxes						
(Benefit) provision for income taxes						
Net income						
Net income						
Net income						
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests						
Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests						
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.						
Amounts attributable to Coty Inc.						
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.						
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.						
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.						
Convertible Series B Preferred Stock dividends						
Net income attributable to common stockholders						
Net income attributable to common stockholders						
Net income attributable to common stockholders						
Earnings per common share:						
Earnings per common share:						
Earnings per common share:						
Earnings per common share - basic						
Earnings per common share - basic						
Earnings per common share - basic						
Earnings per common share - diluted						
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:	Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				Weighted-average common shares outstanding:	
Basic						
Diluted						
See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.						
COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES						
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)						
(In millions)						
(Unaudited)						
Three Months Ended December 31,						
Six Months Ended December 31,						
Three Months Ended March 31,						
Nine Months Ended March 31,						
2023	2022	2023			2022	2023
2024	2023				2024	2023
Net income						

Other comprehensive income (loss):	Other comprehensive income (loss):	Other comprehensive income (loss):
Foreign currency translation adjustment		
Net unrealized derivative gain (loss) on cash flow hedges, net of taxes of \$0.3 and \$1.2, and \$(0.4) and \$0.7 during the three and six months ended, respectively		
Pension and other post-employment benefits adjustment, net of tax of \$(0.4) and \$(0.8), and \$0.5 and \$0.0 during the three and six months ended, respectively		
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		
Comprehensive income		
Net unrealized derivative gain (loss) on cash flow hedges, net of taxes of \$(0.2) and \$0.9, and \$(0.6) and \$1.6 during the three and nine months ended, respectively		
Pension and other post-employment benefits adjustment, net of tax of \$0.9 and \$0.4, and \$1.4 and \$0.4 during the three and nine months ended, respectively		
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		
Comprehensive (loss) income		
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests:	Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests:	Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests:
Net income (loss)		
Foreign currency translation adjustment		
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		
Comprehensive income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests:		
Net income		
Net income		
Foreign currency translation adjustment		
Total comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests		
Comprehensive income attributable to Coty Inc.		
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Coty Inc.		

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES						
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS						
(In millions, except per share data)						
	(Unaudited)			December	June	
				31, 2023	30, 2023	March 31, 2024 June 30, 2023
ASSETS	ASSETS					
Current assets:	Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents						
Restricted cash						
Trade receivables—less allowances of \$23.1 and \$23.2, respectively						
Trade receivables—less allowances of \$26.3 and \$23.2, respectively						
Inventories						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Total current assets						

Total current assets		
Total current assets		
Property and equipment, net		
Goodwill		
Other intangible assets, net		
Equity investments		
Operating lease right-of-use assets		
Deferred income taxes		
Other noncurrent assets		
TOTAL ASSETS		
LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		
Accounts payable		
Accounts payable		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt		
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt		
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt		
Current operating lease liabilities		
Income and other taxes payable		
Total current liabilities		
Total current liabilities		
Total current liabilities		
Long-term debt, net		
Long-term operating lease liabilities		
Pension and other post-employment benefits		
Deferred income taxes		
Other noncurrent liabilities		
Total liabilities		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (See Note 17)	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (See Note 17)	COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (See Note 17)
Convertible Series B Preferred Stock , \$0.01 par value; 1.0 shares authorized; 0.1 and 0.1 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, respectively		
Convertible Series B Preferred Stock , \$0.01 par value; 1.0 shares authorized; 0.1 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023		
REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS		
EQUITY:	EQUITY:	EQUITY:
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value; 20.0 shares authorized, 1.0 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023		
Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value; 1,250.0 shares authorized, 961.7 and 919.3 issued and 895.1 and 852.8 outstanding at December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, respectively		
Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value; 20.0 shares authorized, 1.0 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023		
Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value; 1,250.0 shares authorized, 962.1 and 919.3 issued and 867.9 and 852.8 outstanding at March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital		
Additional paid-in capital		
Additional paid-in capital		
Accumulated deficit		

Accumulated deficit
Accumulated deficit
Accumulated other comprehensive loss
Treasury stock—at cost, shares: 66.6 and 66.5 at December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2023, respectively
Treasury stock—at cost, shares: 94.2 and 66.5 at March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively
Total Coty Inc. stockholders' equity
Noncontrolling interests
Total equity

TOTAL LIABILITIES, MEZZANINE EQUITY AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
For the Three and Six Nine Months Ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024
(In millions, except per share data)
(Uaudited)

	Accumulated												Convertible Series B Preferred Stock			
	Preferred Stock		Class A Common Stock		Stock		Receivable		Other		Treasury Stock					
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	to be issued	Additional Paid-in Capital	from sale of stock	(Accumulated Deficit)	Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Shares	Amount	Total Coty Inc. Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests	
BALANCE—July 1, 2023	1.0	\$ —	919.3	\$ 9.1	\$ —	\$ 10,898.6	\$ —	\$ (4,987.9)	\$ (662.4)	66.5	\$ (1,446.3)	\$ 3,811.1	\$ 186.3	\$ 3,997.4	\$ 93.5	\$ 142.4
Issuance of Class A Common Stock in connection with global offering, net of offering costs	30.0	0.3	31.5	311.2	(348.5)							(5.5)		(5.5)		
Exercise of employee stock options and restricted stock units	5.2	0.1		(0.1)								—		—		
Shares withheld for employee taxes				(0.8)								(0.8)		(0.8)		
Share-based compensation expense				30.2								30.2		30.2		
Equity Investment contribution for share-based compensation				0.7								0.7		0.7		
Changes in dividends accrued		—										—		—		
Dividends Accrued - Convertible Series B																
Preferred Stock				(3.3)								(3.3)		(3.3)		3.3
Dividends Paid - Convertible Series B												—		—		(3.3)
Preferred Stock												—		—		
Net income					1.6							1.6	1.1	2.7	7.5	
Other comprehensive loss					(115.0)							(115.0)	—	(115.0)	(0.1)	
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value				2.3								2.3	2.3	(2.3)		
BALANCE—September 30, 2023	1.0	\$ —	954.5	\$ 9.5	\$ 31.5	\$ 11,238.8	\$ (348.5)	\$ (4,986.3)	\$ (777.4)	66.5	\$ (1,446.3)	\$ 3,721.3	\$ 187.4	\$ 3,908.7	\$ 98.6	\$ 142.4
Issuance of Class A Common Stock in connection with global offering, net of offering costs	3.0	(31.5)	30.9	348.5								347.9		347.9		
Reacquired Class A Common Stock for employee taxes					0.1							—		—		
Exercise of employee stock options and restricted stock units	4.2	0.1		11.2								11.3		11.3		
Shares withheld for employee taxes				(17.3)								(17.3)		(17.3)		
Share-based compensation expense				19.9								19.9		19.9		

Equity Investment contribution for share-based compensation	0.6	0.6	0.6
Changes in dividends accrued	—	—	—
Dividends Accrued - Convertible Series B			
Preferred Stock	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)
Dividends Paid - Convertible Series B			
Preferred Stock		—	(3.3)
Net income	180.9	180.9	0.5
Other comprehensive income	170.8	170.8	170.8
Distribution to noncontrolling interests, net	—	—	(8.5)
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value	(7.3)	(7.3)	(7.3)
BALANCE—December 31, 2023	1.0 \$ — 961.7 \$ 9.6 \$ — \$ 11,273.5 \$ — \$ (4,805.4) \$ (606.6) \$ 66.6 \$ (1,446.3) \$ 4,424.8 \$ 187.9 \$ 4,612.7 \$ 102.2 \$ 142.4		

	Accumulated										Convertible				
	Preferred Stock		Class A Common Stock		Stock		Receivable		Other		Treasury Stock		Series B		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	to be issued	Additional Paid-in Capital	from sale of stock	(Accumulated Deficit)	Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Shares	Amount	Total Coty Inc. Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests
Repurchase of Class A Common Stock pursuant to forward repurchase contracts										27.0	(350.6)	(350.6)		(350.6)	
Reacquired Class A Common Stock for employee taxes and cancellation of restricted stock										0.6	—	—		—	
Exercise of employee stock options and restricted stock units and issuance of restricted stock	0.4	—			2.3						2.3		2.3		
Shares withheld for employee taxes					(1.0)						(1.0)		(1.0)		
Share-based compensation expense					20.2						20.2		20.2		
Equity Investment contribution for share-based compensation					0.5						0.5		0.5		
Changes in dividends accrued					—						—		—		
Dividends Accrued - Convertible Series B															
Preferred Stock					(3.3)						(3.3)		(3.3)		3.3
Dividends Paid - Convertible Series B															
Preferred Stock					—						—		—		(3.3)
Net income							3.8				3.8		2.4	6.2	2.6
Other comprehensive income							(106.0)				(106.0)		(0.1)	(106.1)	(0.1)
Distributions to noncontrolling interests, net											—		(1.0)	(1.0)	(8.6)
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value					1.9						1.9		1.9		(1.9)
BALANCE—March 31, 2024	1.0 \$ — 962.1 \$ 9.6 \$ — \$ 11,294.1 \$ — \$ (4,801.6) \$ (712.6) \$ 94.2 \$ (1,796.9) \$ 3,992.6 \$ 189.2 \$ 4,181.8 \$ 94.2 \$ 142.4														

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
For the Three and Six Nine Months Ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023
(In millions, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

Preferred Stock	Class A Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	(Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stock	Total Ctry Inc.	Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity	Redeemable Preferred Stock	Convertible Series B Preferred Stock	Class A Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	(Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Treasury Stock	Total Ctry Inc.	Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE—																				
July 1, 2022																				
BALANCE—																				
July 1, 2022																				
Reacquired Class A Common Stock for employee taxes																				
Reacquired Class A Common Stock for employee taxes																				
Reacquired Class A Common Stock for employee taxes																				
Exercise of employee stock options and restricted stock units																				
Exercise of employee stock options and restricted stock units																				
Exercise of employee stock options and restricted stock units																				
Shares withheld for employee taxes																				
Shares withheld for employee taxes																				
Shares withheld for employee taxes																				
Share-based compensation expense																				

Share-based compensation expense
Share-based compensation expense
Dividends accrued-Convertible Series B Preferred Stock
Dividends accrued-Convertible Series B Preferred Stock
Dividends accrued-Convertible Series B Preferred Stock
Dividends paid - Convertible Series B Preferred Stock
Net (loss) income
Other comprehensive loss
Other comprehensive loss
Other comprehensive loss
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value
Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value

Equity
investment
contribution for
share-based
compensation

Equity
investment
contribution for
share-based
compensation

Equity
investment
contribution for
share-based
compensation

BALANCE—
September
30, 2022

BALANCE—
September
30, 2022

BALANCE—
September
30, 2022

Reacquired
Class A
Common
Stock for
employee
taxes

Exercise of
employee
stock options
and restricted
stock units

Exercise of
employee
stock options
and restricted
stock units

Exercise of
employee
stock options
and restricted
stock units

Shares
withheld for
employee
taxes

Shares
withheld for
employee
taxes

Shares
withheld for
employee
taxes

Share-based
compensation
expense

Share-based
compensation
expense

Share-based
compensation
expense

Changes in
dividends
accrued

Changes in
dividends
accrued

Changes in
dividends
accrued

Dividends

accrued-

Convertible

Series B

Preferred

Stock

Dividends

accrued-

Convertible

Series B

Preferred

Stock

Dividends

accrued-

Convertible

Series B

Preferred

Stock

Dividends

paid -

Convertible

Series B

Preferred

Stock

Net income

(loss)

Other

comprehensive

loss

Other

comprehensive

loss

Other

comprehensive

loss

Distribution to
noncontrolling
interests, net

Distribution to
noncontrolling
interests, net

Distribution to
noncontrolling
interests, net

Adjustment of
redeemable
noncontrolling
interests to
redemption
value

Adjustment of
redeemable
noncontrolling
interests to
redemption
value

Adjustment of
redeemable
noncontrolling
interests to
redemption
value

Equity
investment
contribution for
share-based
compensation

Equity
investment
contribution for
share-based
compensation

Equity
investment
contribution for
share-based
compensation

BALANCE—
December 31,
2022

BALANCE—
December 31,
2022

BALANCE—
December 31,
2022

Exercise of
employee
stock options
and restricted
stock units

Exercise of
employee
stock options
and restricted
stock units

Exercise of
employee
stock options
and restricted
stock units
Shares
withheld for
employee
taxes
Shares
withheld for
employee
taxes
Shares
withheld for
employee
taxes
Share-based
compensation
expense
Share-based
compensation
expense
Share-based
compensation
expense
Dividends
accrued-
Convertible
Series B
Preferred
Stock
Dividends
accrued-
Convertible
Series B
Preferred
Stock
Dividends
accrued-
Convertible
Series B
Preferred
Stock

	Class A								Accumulated						Total Cty Inc.				Redeemable		Convertible		
	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	(Accumulated Deficit)	Other (Loss) Income	Comprehensive (Loss) Income	Treasury Stock		Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Noncontrolling Total Equity	Redeemable Interests	Convertible Series B Preferred Stock								
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount					Shares	Amount													
Dividends paid - Convertible Series B Preferred Stock					—				—	—	—										(3.3)		
Net income (loss)						108.4					108.4		1.0	109.4								2.4	
Other comprehensive loss							78.3				78.3		(0.2)	78.1								—	
Distribution to noncontrolling interests, net								—			—		(3.6)	(3.6)								(13.8)	

Adjustment of redeemable noncontrolling interests to redemption value	(10.8)	(10.8)	(10.8)	10.8
Equity investment contribution for share-based compensation	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
BALANCE—March 31, 2023	1.5	\$ —	919.1	\$ 9.1
			\$ 10,885.4	\$ (5,020.8)
				\$ (689.8)
				66.4
				\$ (1,446.3)
				\$ 3,737.6
				\$ 187.4
				\$ 3,925.0
				\$ 69.1
				\$ 142.4

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In millions)
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended December 31,	2023	2022
	Nine Months Ended March 31,		
	2024	2023	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net income			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization			
Non-cash lease expense			
Deferred income taxes			
Releases for bad debts, net			
Provision (releases) for bad debt, net			
Provision for pension and other post-employment benefits			
Share-based compensation			
(Gains) losses on disposals of long-term assets, net			
Losses on disposals of long-term assets, net			
Realized and unrealized gains from equity investments, net			
Realized and unrealized gains from equity investments, net			
Realized and unrealized gains from equity investments, net			
Foreign exchange effects			
Unrealized gains on forward repurchase contracts, net			
Unrealized gains on forward repurchase contracts, net			
Unrealized gains on forward repurchase contracts, net			
Other			
Change in operating assets and liabilities	Change in operating assets and liabilities	Change in operating assets and liabilities	
Trade receivables			
Inventories			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets			
Accounts payable			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities			
Operating lease liabilities			
Income and other taxes payable			
Other noncurrent assets			
Other noncurrent liabilities			

Net cash provided by operating activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Capital expenditures		
Proceeds from sale of long-term assets and license terminations		
Proceeds from license termination, contingent consideration and sale of other long-term assets		
Net cash used in investing activities		
Net cash used in investing activities		
Net cash used in investing activities		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Proceeds from revolving loan facilities		
Proceeds from revolving loan facilities		
Proceeds from revolving loan facilities		
Repayments of revolving loan facilities		
Proceeds from issuance of other long-term debt		
Repayments of term loans and other long-term debt		
Dividend payments on Class A Common Stock and Series B Preferred Stock		
Proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock in connection with global offering, net of offering costs		
Proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock in connection with global offering, net of offering costs		
Proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock in connection with global offering, net of offering costs		
Dividend payments on Common Stock and Convertible Series B Preferred Stock		
Dividend payments on Common Stock and Convertible Series B Preferred Stock		
Dividend payments on Common Stock and Convertible Series B Preferred Stock		
Net proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock		
Net payments of foreign currency contracts		
Net proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock		
Net proceeds from issuance of Class A Common Stock		
Net proceeds from (payments of) foreign currency contracts		
Payments related to forward repurchase contracts		
Payments related to forward repurchase contracts		
Payments related to forward repurchase contracts		
Settlement and other payments related to forward repurchase contracts		
Settlement and other payments related to forward repurchase contracts		
Settlement and other payments related to forward repurchase contracts		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		
Distributions to noncontrolling interests and redeemable noncontrolling interests		
Payment of deferred financing fees		
All other		
Net cash used in financing activities		

EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH, CASH

EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH

NET INCREASE IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH—

Beginning of period

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND RESTRICTED CASH—End
of period

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION:

Cash paid during the period for interest

Net cash paid for income taxes

Net cash paid for income taxes

Net cash paid for income taxes

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Accrued capital expenditure additions

Non-cash exchange of June 2022 forward repurchase contracts
for treasury stock

See notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

COTY INC. & SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(\$ in millions, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Coty Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company" or "Coty") manufacture, market, sell and distribute branded beauty products, including fragrances, color cosmetics and skin & body related products throughout the world. Coty is a global beauty company with a rich entrepreneurial history and an iconic portfolio of brands.

The Company operates on a fiscal year basis with a year-end of June 30. Unless otherwise noted, any reference to a year preceded by the word "fiscal" refers to the fiscal year ended June 30 of that year. For example, references to "fiscal 2024" refer to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. When used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the term "includes" and "including" means, unless the context otherwise indicates, including without limitation.

The Company's sales generally increase during the second fiscal quarter as a result of increased demand associated with the winter holiday season. Financial performance, working capital requirements, sales, cash flows and borrowings generally experience variability during the three to six months preceding the holiday season. Product innovations, new product launches and the size and timing of orders from the Company's customers may also result in variability.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and include the Company's consolidated domestic and international subsidiaries. Certain information and disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted. Accordingly, these unaudited interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying footnotes should be read in conjunction with the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, of a normal recurring nature, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The results of operations for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. All dollar amounts (other than per share amounts) in the following discussion are in millions of United States ("U.S.") dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash represents funds that are not readily available for general purpose cash needs due to contractual limitations. Restricted cash is classified as a current or long-term asset based on the timing and nature of when or how the cash is expected to be used or when the restrictions are expected to lapse. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, the Company had restricted cash of **\$33.5** **\$26.0** and \$36.9, respectively, included in Restricted cash in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Restricted cash balance as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** primarily provides collateral for certain bank guarantees on rent, customs and duty accounts and also consists of collections on factored receivables that remain unremitted to the factor as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. Restricted cash is included as a component of Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

Equity Investments

The Company elected the fair value option to account for its investment in Rainbow JVCO LTD and subsidiaries (together, "Wella" or the "Wella Company") to align with the Company's strategy for this investment. The fair value is updated on a quarterly basis. The investment is classified within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy because the Company estimates the fair value of the investment using a combination of the income approach, the market approach and private transactions, when applicable. Changes in the fair value of equity investment under the fair value option are recorded in Other **income**, **expense (income)**, net within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (see Note 6—Equity Investments).

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and revenues and expenses during the period reported. Significant accounting policies that contain subjective management estimates and assumptions include those related to revenue recognition, the net realizable value of inventory, the fair value of equity investments, the assessment of goodwill, other intangible assets and long-lived assets for impairment and income taxes. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, and makes adjustments when facts and circumstances dictate. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from those estimates and assumptions. Significant changes, if any, in those estimates and assumptions will be reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in future periods.

Tax Information

The effective income tax rate for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** was **27.7%** **(158.8)%** and **13.8%** **21.0%**, respectively, and **36.4%** **34.3%** and **22.4%** **22.1%**, respectively.

The change in the effective tax rate of **(158.8)%** for the three months ended **December 31, 2023**, as **March 31, 2024** was primarily due to a benefit of \$8.5 on the resolution of foreign uncertain tax positions compared with to \$3.4 of income in the period.

The effective tax rate of **21.0%** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022**, is primarily **March 31, 2023** was increased due to a large limitation on the deductibility of executive stock compensation offset by large fair value gains related to the investment in the Wella business taxed at a rate below the statutory tax rate of **21%** as well as a foreign exchange loss recognized on the repatriation of funds in the prior year that were previously taxed.

The change in the effective tax rate for of **34.3%** in the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023**, as compared with **March 31, 2024** was driven up from the **six** months ended **December 31, 2022**, is primarily statutory tax rate of **21%** due to an expense of \$24.3 recognized in the current period recognized on the revaluation of the Company's deferred tax liabilities due to a tax rate increase enacted in **Switzerland**, Switzerland, as well as the limitation on the deductibility of executive stock compensation.

The effective tax rate of **22.1%** in the nine months ended **March 31, 2023** was increased from the statutory tax rate of **21%** due to a large limitation on the deductibility of executive stock compensation. This increase was then offset by large fair value gains related to the investment in the Wella business taxed at a rate below the statutory tax rate of **21%** as well as a foreign exchange loss recognized on repatriation of funds that were previously taxed.

The effective income tax rates vary from the U.S. federal statutory rate of **21%** due to the effect of (i) jurisdictions with different statutory rates, including impacts of rate changes, (ii) adjustments to the Company's unrealized tax benefits ("UTBs") and accrued interest, (iii) non-deductible expenses, (iv) audit settlements and (v) valuation allowance changes.

As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **June 30, 2023**, the gross amount of UTBs was **\$229.7** **\$219.0** and **\$235.5**, respectively. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the total amount of UTBs that, if recognized, would impact the effective income tax rate is **\$180.0** **\$174.5**. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **June 30, 2023**, the liability associated with UTBs, including accrued interest and penalties, was **\$215.6** **\$210.2** and **\$218.6**, respectively, which was recorded in Income and other taxes payable and Other noncurrent liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The total interest and penalties recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations related to UTBs was **\$0.7** **\$0.0** and **\$0.1** **\$3.5** for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively, and \$2.0 and **\$1.4** **\$4.9** for the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively. The total gross accrued interest and penalties recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **June 30, 2023** was \$35.1 and \$33.1, respectively. On the basis of the information available as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, it is reasonably possible that a decrease of up to **\$26.5** **\$32.2** in UTBs may occur within twelve months as a result of projected resolutions of global tax examinations and a potential lapse of the applicable statutes of limitations.

Russia Market Exit

In connection with the Company's Board of Director's decision to wind down operations in Russia, the Company recognized total pre-tax losses in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations of \$0.0 and \$0.1, respectively, in the three and six months ended December 31, 2023. The Company recognized total pre-tax gains in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations of \$16.8 and \$15.7, respectively, in the three and six months ended December 31, 2022.

The Company anticipates that it will incur an immaterial amount of additional costs through completion of the wind down. Additionally, management anticipates derecognizing the cumulative translation adjustment balance pertaining to the Russian subsidiary. The Company has substantially completed the exit of its commercial activities in Russia. However, the Company anticipates that the process related to the liquidation of the Russian legal entity will take an extended period of time.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which expands income tax disclosure requirements to include additional information related to the rate reconciliation of our effective tax rates to statutory rates, as well as additional disaggregation of taxes paid. The amendments in the ASU also remove disclosures related to certain unrecognized tax benefits and deferred taxes. ASU 2023-09 is effective for the Company in fiscal 2026. The amendments may be applied prospectively or retrospectively, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing will adopt the impact standard and make the additional required disclosures beginning in the first quarter of the requirements on its disclosures. fiscal 2026.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, which expands reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The amendments in the ASU require that a public entity discloses, on an annual and interim basis, significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to an entity's chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), a description of other segment items by reportable segment, and any additional measures of a segment's profit or loss used by the CODM when deciding how to allocate resources. Annual disclosures are required for the Company in fiscal 2025. Interim disclosures are required for periods within fiscal years beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2026. Retrospective application is required for all prior periods presented, and early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing will adopt the impact standard and make the additional required disclosures beginning in the fourth quarter of the requirements on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures. fiscal 2025.

3. SEGMENT REPORTING

Operating and reportable segments (referred to as "segments") reflect the way the Company is managed and for which separate financial information is available and evaluated regularly by the Company's CODM in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance. The Company has designated its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") as the CODM.

Certain income and shared costs and the results of corporate initiatives are managed by Corporate. Corporate primarily includes stock compensation expense, restructuring and realignment costs, costs related to acquisition, divestiture and early license termination activities, and impairments of long-lived assets, goodwill and intangibles that are not attributable to ongoing operating activities of the segments. Corporate costs are not used by the CODM to measure the underlying performance of the segments.

With the exception of goodwill, the Company does not identify or monitor assets by segment. The Company does not present assets by reportable segment since various assets are shared between reportable segments. The allocation of goodwill by segment is presented in Note 7—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, net.

SEGMENT DATA	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		2022	SEGMENT DATA	2024	2023	2024	2023						
	December 31,		December 31,													
	March 31,		March 31,													
SEGMENT DATA	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022	SEGMENT DATA	2024	2023	2024	2023						
Net revenues:																
Prestige																
Prestige																
Prestige																
Consumer Beauty																
Total																
Total																
Total																
Operating income (loss):																
Operating income																
Operating income																
Operating income																
Interest expense, net																
Other income, net																
Other expense (income), net																
Income before income taxes																
Reconciliation:																
Operating income																
Operating income																
Operating income																
Interest expense, net																
Other income, net																
Other expense (income), net																
Income before income taxes																

Presented below are the percentage of revenues associated with the Company's product categories:

PRODUCT CATEGORY	PRODUCT CATEGORY	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		2022	PRODUCT CATEGORY	2024		2023	2024				
		December 31,		December 31,				2024							
		March 31,		March 31,				2024							
PRODUCT CATEGORY	PRODUCT CATEGORY	2023	2022	2023	2022	2022	PRODUCT CATEGORY	2024	2023	2023	2024				
Fragrance	Fragrance	64.3	%	62.2	%	63.8	%	60.8	%	59.5	%				
Color															
Cosmetics															
Body															
Care, Skin &															
Other															
Total															
Total															
Total		100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%	100.0	%				

4. RESTRUCTURING COSTS

Restructuring costs for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** are presented below:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Other Restructuring Actions	\$ 6.1	\$ —	\$ 34.7	\$ —
Transformation Plan	(0.4)	(2.9)	(0.6)	(4.1)
Total	\$ 5.7	\$ (2.9)	\$ 34.1	\$ (4.1)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current Restructuring Actions	\$ 1.2	\$ —	\$ 35.9	\$ —
Transformation Plan	(0.3)	(1.3)	(0.9)	(5.4)
Total	\$ 0.9	\$ (1.3)	\$ 35.0	\$ (5.4)

Other Current Restructuring Actions

The Company continues to analyze our cost structure and evaluate opportunities to streamline operations through a range of smaller initiatives and other cost reduction activities to optimize operations in select businesses. The Company has incurred cumulative restructuring charges of **\$36.0** **\$37.2** related to approved initiatives through **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, which have been recorded in Corporate. The liability balances were **\$35.7** **\$36.3** (including certain actions that were accrued during fiscal 2023) and **\$0.0** at **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023 respectively. The Company currently estimates that the total remaining accrual of **\$35.7** **\$36.3** will result in cash expenditures of approximately **\$5.8**, **\$15.4**, **\$2.8**, **\$15.6** and **\$14.5** **\$17.9** in fiscal 2024, 2025 and thereafter, respectively.

Transformation Plan

The Company previously announced a four-year plan to drive substantial improvement and optimization in the Company's businesses, under which the Company expected to incur restructuring and related costs (the "Transformation Plan"), which is now substantially complete. Of the expected costs, the Company has incurred cumulative restructuring charges of **\$214.9** **\$214.6** related to approved initiatives through **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, which have been recorded in Corporate. The related liability balances were **\$6.5** **\$5.4** and **\$10.0** at **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively. The Company currently estimates that the total remaining accrual of **\$6.5** **\$5.4** will result in cash expenditures of approximately **\$3.8** **\$0.9** and **\$2.7** **\$4.5** in fiscal 2024 and 2025, respectively.

5. INVENTORIES

Inventories as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023 are presented below:

	December 31,	June 30,
	2023	2023
	March 31,	June 30,
Raw materials		
Work-in-process		
Finished goods		
Total inventories		

6. EQUITY INVESTMENTS

The Company's equity investments, classified as Equity investments in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets are represented by the following:

	December 31,	June 30,
	2023	2023
	March 31,	June 30,

Equity method investments:

KKW Holdings (a)

KKW Holdings (a)

KKW Holdings (a)

Equity investments at fair value:

Wella (b)

Wella (b)

Wella (b)

Total equity investments

Total equity investments

Total equity investments

(a) On January 4, 2021, the Company completed its purchase of 20% of the outstanding equity of KKW Holdings. The Company accounts for this minority investment under the equity method, given it has the ability to exercise significant influence over, but not control, the investee. The carrying value of the Company's investment includes basis differences allocated to amortizable intangible assets.

The Company recognized \$0.9 \$0.7 and \$1.1, \$0.8, respectively, during the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 and \$1.7 \$2.4 and \$2.0, \$2.8, respectively, during the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 representing its share of the investee's net loss in Other income, expense (income), net within the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

(b) As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the Company's stake in Wella was 25.9%.

On July 18, 2023 25.84% and 25.85%, the Company announced that it had entered into a binding letter of intent to sell a 3.6% stake in Wella to an investment firm for \$150.0. Subsequently, the Company and investment firm mutually agreed not to pursue the proposed transaction and entered into a termination letter in October 2023, respectively.

The following table presents summarized financial information of the Company's equity method investees for the period ending December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024. Amounts presented represent combined totals at the investee level and not the Company's proportionate share:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023

Summarized Statements of Operations information:

Net revenues

Net revenues

Net revenues

Gross profit

Operating income

Income before income taxes

(Loss) before income taxes

Net income (loss)

The following table summarizes movements in equity investments with fair value option that are classified within Level 3 for the period ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024. There were no internal movements to or from Level 3 and Level 1 or Level 2 for the period ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024.

Equity investments at fair value:

Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$	1,060.0
Total gains included in earnings		17.0 20.0
Balance as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024	\$	1,077.0 1,080.0

Level 3 significant unobservable inputs sensitivity

The following table summarizes the significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 valuation of the Company's investments carried at fair value as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024. Included in the table are the inputs or range of possible inputs that have an effect on the overall valuation of the financial instruments.

	\$	1,077.0	1,080.0	Unobservable	
				input	Range
				Discount rate	10.45% - 9.50% (a)
Equity investments at fair value	\$	1,077.0	1,080.0	Growth rate	1.8% - 9.2% 7.1% (a)
				Market multiple	Revenue multiple 2.1x 2.4x - 2.3x 2.6x (b) EBITDA multiple 10.4x 10.0x - 13.9x 12.0x (b)

(a) The primary unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments with fair value option, when using a discounted cash flow method, are the discount rate and revenue growth rate. Significant increases (decreases) in the discount rate in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. The Company estimates the discount rate based on the investees' projected cost of equity and debt. The revenue growth rate is forecasted for future years by the investee based on their best estimates. Significant increases (decreases) in the revenue growth rate in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

(b) The primary unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's equity investments with fair value option, when using a market multiple method, are the revenue multiple and EBITDA multiple. Significant increases (decreases) in the revenue multiple or EBITDA multiple in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. The market multiples are derived from a group of guideline public companies.

7. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

Goodwill

Goodwill as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023 is presented below:

	Prestige	Prestige	Consumer Beauty	Total	Prestige	Consumer Beauty	Total
Gross balance at June 30, 2023							
Accumulated impairments							
Net balance at June 30, 2023							
Changes during the period ended December 31, 2023							
Changes during the period ended December 31, 2023							
Changes during the period ended December 31, 2023							
Changes during the period ended March 31, 2024							
Changes during the period ended March 31, 2024							
Changes during the period ended March 31, 2024							
Foreign currency translation							
Foreign currency translation							
Foreign currency translation							
Gross balance at December 31, 2023							
Gross balance at March 31, 2024							
Gross balance at December 31, 2023							
Gross balance at March 31, 2024							
Gross balance at December 31, 2023							
Gross balance at March 31, 2024							
Accumulated impairments							
Net balance at December 31, 2023							
Net balance at March 31, 2024							

Other Intangible Assets, net

Other intangible assets, net as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023 are presented below:

	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Indefinite-lived other intangible assets				
Finite-lived other intangible assets, net				

Total Other intangible assets, net

The changes in the carrying amount of indefinite-lived other intangible assets are presented below:

	Trademarks	Trademarks	Total	Trademarks	Trademarks	Total
Gross balance at June 30, 2023						
Accumulated impairments						
Net balance at June 30, 2023						
Changes during the period ended December 31, 2023						
Changes during the period ended December 31, 2023						
Changes during the period ended December 31, 2023						
Changes during the period ended March 31, 2024						
Changes during the period ended March 31, 2024						
Changes during the period ended March 31, 2024						
Foreign currency translation						
Foreign currency translation						
Foreign currency translation						
Gross balance at December 31, 2023						
Gross balance at March 31, 2024						
Gross balance at December 31, 2023						
Gross balance at March 31, 2024						
Gross balance at December 31, 2023						
Gross balance at March 31, 2024						
Accumulated impairments						
Net balance at December 31, 2023						
Net balance at March 31, 2024						

Intangible assets subject to amortization are presented below:

	Cost	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Accumulated Impairment	Net	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Accumulated Impairment	Net
June 30, 2023									
License agreements and collaboration agreements									
License agreements and collaboration agreements									
License agreements and collaboration agreements									
Customer relationships									
Trademarks									
Product formulations and technology									
Total									
December 31, 2023									
March 31, 2024									
License agreements and collaboration agreements									
License agreements and collaboration agreements									
License agreements and collaboration agreements									
Customer relationships									
Trademarks									
Product formulations and technology									
Total									

Amortization expense was \$48.3 \$48.5 and \$47.6 \$48.2 for the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively and \$96.9 \$145.4 and \$94.9 \$143.1 for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

8. LEASES

The Company leases office facilities under non-cancelable operating leases with terms generally ranging between 4 and 25 years. The Company utilizes these leased office facilities for use by its employees in countries in which the Company conducts its business. Leases are negotiated with third parties and, in some instances contain renewal, expansion and termination options. The Company also subleases certain office facilities to third parties when the Company no longer intends to utilize the space. None of the Company's leases restricts the payment of dividends or the incurrence of debt or additional lease obligations, or contain significant purchase options.

The following chart provides additional information about the Company's operating leases:



Weighted-average discount rate - real estate leases	Weighted-average discount rate - real estate leases		4.42	%	4.07	%	Weighted-average discount rate - real estate leases		4.51	%
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Future minimum lease payments for the Company's operating leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2024, remaining

2024, remaining

2024, remaining

2025

2026

2027

2028

Thereafter

Total future lease payments

Less: imputed interest

Total present value of lease liabilities

Current operating lease liabilities

Long-term operating lease liabilities

Total operating lease liabilities

Table excludes obligations for leases with original terms of twelve months or less, which have not been recognized as right-of-use assets or liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

9. DEBT

The Company's debt balances consisted of the following as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively:

	December 31, 2023	June 30, 2023
	March 31, 2024	June 30, 2023
Short-term debt		
Senior Secured Notes		
2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes due April 2026		
2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes due April 2026		
2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes due April 2026		
2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes due April 2026		
2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes due September 2028		
2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes due January 2029		
2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes due July 2030		
2018 Coty Credit Agreement		
2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility due July 2028		
2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility due July 2028		
2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility due July 2028		
2021 Coty Revolving Credit Facility due April 2025		
2018 Coty Term B Facility due April 2025		
2018 Coty Term B Facility due April 2025		
2018 Coty Term B Facility due April 2025		
Senior Unsecured Notes		
2026 Dollar Notes due April 2026		

2026 Dollar Notes due April 2026
2026 Dollar Notes due April 2026
2026 Euro Notes due April 2026
2026 Euro Notes due April 2026
2026 Euro Notes due April 2026
Brazilian Credit Facilities
Other long-term debt and finance lease obligations
Finance lease obligations
Total debt
Less: Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt
Total Long-term debt
Less: Unamortized financing fees and discounts on long-term debt
Total Long-term debt, net
Total Long-term debt, net
Total Long-term debt, net

Short-Term Debt

The Company maintains short-term lines of credit and other short-term debt with financial institutions around the world. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, total short-term debt increased by **\$6.0** **\$1.5** from nil as of June 30, 2023. In addition, the Company had undrawn letters of credit of \$4.1 and \$7.2, and bank guarantees of **\$20.7** **\$21.1** and \$16.3 as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Long-Term Debt

Recent Developments

Cash Tender Offers

On December 7, 2023, the Company completed its previously announced cash tender offers and redeemed \$150.0 of the Company's 2026 Dollar Notes (as defined below) and \$250.0 of the Company's 2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes (as defined below).

Refinancing Amendment

On July 11, 2023, the Company entered into an amendment to the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement that (i) refinanced all of the existing \$2,000.0 of revolving credit commitments and the outstanding loans made pursuant thereto (the "2021 Coty Revolving Credit Facility") with two new tranches of senior secured revolving credit commitments, one in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,670.0 available in U.S. dollars and certain other currencies and the other in an aggregate principal amount of €300.0 million available in euros, maturing in July 2028 (together, the "2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility"), (ii) provided for a credit spread adjustment of 0.10% for all interest periods, with respect to Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") loans,

(iii) added Fitch as a relevant rating agency for purposes of the collateral release provisions and determining applicable interest rates and fees and (iv) provided that certain covenants will cease to apply during a collateral release period.

Offering of Senior Secured Notes

On July 26, 2023, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$750.0 of 6.625% senior secured notes due 2030 ("2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes"). Coty received net proceeds of \$740.6 in connection with the offering of the 2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes. In accordance with the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement (as defined below), as amended, the net proceeds received from this offering were utilized to pay down the outstanding balance of the U.S. dollar and euro portions of the 2018 Coty Term B Facility, as defined below, by \$715.5 and €22.6 million (approximately \$25.1), respectively, in addition to related fees and expenses thereto.

On September 19, 2023, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of €500.0 million of 5.750% senior secured notes due 2028 ("2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes") in a private offering. Coty received net proceeds of €493.8 million in connection with the offering of the 2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes. In accordance with the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement (as defined below), as amended, the net proceeds received from this offering were utilized to pay down a portion of the borrowings outstanding under the 2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility, without a reduction in commitment. Coty used cash on hand to pay the related fees and expenses to this offering.

2018 Term B Facility Repayment

On August 3, 2023, the Company repaid €408.0 million (approximately \$446.1) of the debt outstanding under the 2018 Term B Facility.

Paydown of Brazilian Credit Facility

On October 5, 2023, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company utilized cash on hand to fully paid down the U.S. Dollar-denominated credit facility in Brazil in the amount of \$31.9.

Senior Secured Notes

On April 21, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$900.0 of 5.00% senior secured notes due 2026 (the "2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes"). Coty received gross proceeds of \$900.0 in connection with the offering of the 2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes.

On June 16, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of €700.0 million of 3.875% senior secured notes due 2026 (the "2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes") in a private offering. Coty received gross proceeds of €700.0 million in connection with the offering of the 2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes.

On November 30, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate principal amount of \$500.0 of 4.75% senior secured notes due 2029 ("2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes" and, together with the 2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes, 2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes, 2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes and 2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes, the "Senior Secured Notes"). Coty received gross proceeds of \$500.0 in connection with the offering of the 2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes.

See the above *Recent Developments* section for the issuances of the 2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes and 2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes.

Coty used the gross proceeds of the offerings of the Senior Secured Notes to repay a portion of the term loans outstanding under the existing credit facilities and to pay related fees and expenses thereto.

The Senior Secured Notes are senior secured obligations of Coty and are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by each of Coty's wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries that guarantees Coty's obligations under its existing senior secured credit facilities and are secured by first priority liens on the same collateral that secures Coty's obligations under its existing senior secured credit facilities, as described above. The Senior Secured Notes and the guarantors are equal in right of payment with all of Coty's and the guarantors' respective existing and future senior indebtedness and are *pari passu* with all of Coty's and the guarantors' respective existing and future indebtedness that is secured by a first priority lien on the collateral, including the existing senior secured credit facilities, to the extent of the value of such collateral. For the 2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes and the 2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes, the collateral security and certain covenants will be released upon the respective Senior Secured Notes achieving investment grade ratings from two out of the three ratings agencies.

Optional Redemption

Applicable Premium

The indentures governing the Senior Secured Notes specify the Applicable Premium (as defined in the respective indentures) to be paid upon early redemption of some or all of the Senior Secured Notes prior to, and on or after, April 15, 2023 for the 2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes and 2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes, September 15, 2025 for the 2028 Euro Senior

Secured Notes, January 15, 2025 for the 2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes and July 15, 2026 for the 2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes (the "Early Redemption Dates").

The Applicable Premium related to the respective Senior Secured Notes on any redemption date and as calculated by the Company is the greater of:

- (1) 1.0% of the then outstanding principal amount of the respective Senior Secured Notes; and
- (2) the excess, if any, of (a) the present value at such redemption date of (i) the redemption price of such respective Senior Secured Notes that would apply if such respective notes were redeemed on the respective Early Redemption Dates, (such redemption price is expressed as a percentage of the principal amount being set forth in the table appearing in the Redemption Pricing section below), plus (ii) all remaining scheduled payments of interest due on the respective Senior Secured Notes to and including the respective Early Redemption Dates, (excluding accrued but unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the redemption date), with respect to each of subclause (i) and (ii), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate in the case of the 2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes, 2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes and 2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes, or Bund Rate in the case of the 2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes and the 2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes (both Treasury Rate and Bund Rate as defined in the respective indentures) as of such redemption date plus 50 basis points; over (b) the principal amount of the respective Senior Secured Notes.

Redemption Pricing

At any time and from time to time prior to the Early Redemption Dates, the Company may redeem some or all of the respective notes at redemption prices equal to 100% of the respective principal amounts being redeemed plus the Applicable Premium, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the redemption dates.

At any time on or after the Early Redemption Dates, the Company may redeem some or all of the respective notes at the redemption prices (expressed in percentage of principal amount) set forth below, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the redemption dates, if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on respective dates of each of the years indicated below:

For the period beginning	Price				
	2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes	2026 Euro Senior Secured Notes	2028 Euro Senior Secured Notes	2029 Dollar Senior Secured Notes	2030 Dollar Senior Secured Notes
Year	April 15,		September 15,	January 15,	July 15,
2024	101.250%	100.969%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2025	100.000%	100.000%	102.875%	102.375%	N/A
2026	N/A	N/A	101.438%	101.188%	103.313%
2027	N/A	N/A	100.000%	100.000%	101.656%
2028 and thereafter	N/A	N/A	100.000%	100.000%	100.000%

2018 Coty Credit Agreement

On April 5, 2018, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "2018 Coty Credit Agreement"), which, as previously disclosed, was amended most recently in July 2023.

As amended and restated through July 2023, the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement provides for (a) the incurrence by the Company of (1) a senior secured term A facility in an aggregate principal amount of (i) \$1,000.0 million denominated in U.S. dollars and (ii) €2,035.0 million denominated in euros (the "2018 Coty Term A Facility") and (2) a senior secured term B facility in an aggregate principal amount of (i) \$1,400.0 million denominated in U.S. dollars and (ii) €850.0 million denominated in euros (the "2018 Coty Term B Facility") and (b) the

incurrence by the Company and Coty B.V., a Dutch subsidiary of the Company (the "Dutch Borrower" and, together with the Company, the "Borrowers"), of the 2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility (together with the 2018 Coty Term A Facility and the 2018 Coty Term B Facility, the "Coty Credit Facilities"). See the above *Recent Developments* section for information on the revolver refinancing made in July 2023.

The 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended, provides that with respect to the 2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility, up to \$150.0 is available for letters of credit and up to \$150.0 is available for swing line loans. The 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended, also permits, subject to certain terms and conditions, the incurrence of incremental facilities thereunder in an aggregate amount of (i) \$1,700.0 plus (ii) an unlimited amount if the First Lien Net Leverage Ratio (as defined in the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended), at the time of incurrence of such incremental facilities and after giving effect thereto on a pro forma basis, is less than or equal to 3.00 to 1.00.

The obligations of the Company under the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended, are guaranteed by the material wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company organized in the U.S., subject to certain exceptions (the "Guarantors") and the obligations of the Company and the Guarantors under the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended, are secured by a perfected first priority lien (subject to permitted liens) on substantially all of the assets of the Company and the Guarantors, subject to certain exceptions. The Dutch Borrower does not guarantee the obligations of the Company under the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement or grant any liens on its assets to secure any obligations under the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement.

As previously disclosed, the Company utilized proceeds from certain transactions to pay down portions of the outstanding balances of the 2018 Coty Term A Facility and 2018 Coty Term B Facility, in accordance to the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended. No balances remain outstanding under the 2018 Coty Term A Facility or 2018 Coty Term B Facility as of September 30, 2023. See the above *Recent Developments* section for information on the prepayments made on the 2018 Coty Term B Facility during the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

Senior Unsecured Notes

On April 5, 2018 the Company issued, at par, \$550.0 of 6.50% senior unsecured notes due 2026 (the "2026 Dollar Notes"), €550.0 million of 4.00% senior unsecured notes due 2023 (the "2023 Euro Notes") and €250.0 million of 4.75% senior unsecured notes due 2026 (the "2026 Euro Notes" and, together with the 2023 Euro Notes, the "Euro Notes," and the Euro Notes together with the 2026 Dollar Notes, the "Senior Unsecured Notes") in a private offering.

The Senior Unsecured Notes are senior unsecured debt obligations of the Company and will be *pari passu* in right of payment with all of the Company's existing and future senior indebtedness (including the Coty Credit Facilities). The Senior Unsecured Notes are guaranteed, jointly and severally, on a senior basis by the Guarantors. The Senior Unsecured Notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Company and are effectively junior to all existing and future secured indebtedness of the Company to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such secured indebtedness. The related guarantors are senior unsecured obligations of each Guarantor and are effectively junior to all existing and future secured indebtedness of such Guarantor to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness.

The 2026 Dollar and Euro Notes will mature on April 15, 2026. The 2026 Dollar Notes will bear interest at a rate of 6.50% per annum. The 2026 Euro Notes will bear interest at a rate of 4.75% per annum. Interest on the 2026 Dollar and Euro Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year.

The Company redeemed the 2023 Euro Notes on April 15, 2022. On December 7, 2022, the Company redeemed \$77.0 of the 2026 Dollar Notes and €69.7 million (approximately \$72.2) of the 2026 Euro Notes.

Upon the occurrence of certain change of control triggering events with respect to a series of Senior Unsecured Notes, the Company will be required to offer to repurchase all or part of the Senior Unsecured Notes of such series at 101% of their principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but excluding, the purchase date applicable to such Senior Unsecured Notes.

The Senior Unsecured Notes contain customary covenants that place restrictions in certain circumstances on, among other things, incurrence of liens, entry into sale or leaseback transactions, sales of all or substantially all of the Company's assets and certain merger or consolidation transactions. The Senior Unsecured Notes also provide for customary events of default.

Deferred Financing Costs

The Company wrote off unamortized deferred issuance fees and discounts of **\$2.2** **\$0.0** and **\$0.8** **\$0.0** during the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, 2023, respectively, and \$7.4 and \$0.8 during the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, respectively, which were recorded in Other **income, expense (income)**, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. Additionally, the Company capitalized deferred issuance fees of \$0.0 and \$0.0 during the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, respectively and \$40.4 and \$0.0 during the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**.

Interest

The 2018 Coty Credit Agreement facilities will bear interest at rates equal to, at the Company's option, either:

- (1) SOFR of the applicable qualified currency, of which the Company can elect the applicable one, two, three, six or twelve month rate, plus the applicable margin; or
- (2) Alternate base rate ("ABR") plus the applicable margin.

In the case of the 2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility, the applicable margin means the lesser of a percentage per annum to be determined in accordance with the leverage-based pricing grid and the debt rating-based grid below:

Pricing Tier	Total Net Leverage Ratio:	SOFR plus:	Alternative Base Rate Margin:
1.0	Greater than or equal to 4.75:1	2.000%	1.000%
2.0	Less than 4.75:1 but greater than or equal to 4.00:1	1.750%	0.750%
3.0	Less than 4.00:1 but greater than or equal to 2.75:1	1.500%	0.500%

4.0	Less than 2.75:1 but greater than or equal to 2.00:1	1.250%	0.250%
5.0	Less than 2.00:1 but greater than or equal to 1.50:1	1.125%	0.125%
6.0	Less than 1.50:1	1.000%	—%
Debt Ratings			
Pricing Tier	(S&P/Fitch/Moody's):	SOFR plus:	Alternative Base Rate Margin:
5.0	Less than BB+/Ba1	2.000%	1.000%
4.0	BB+/Ba1	1.750%	0.750%
3.0	BBB-/Baa3	1.500%	0.500%
2.0	BBB/Baa2	1.250%	0.250%
1.0	BBB+/Baa1 or higher	1.125%	0.125%

Fair Value of Debt

	December 31, 2023		June 30, 2023		March 31, 2024		June 30, 2023			
			Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Senior Secured Notes										
2018 Coty Credit Agreement										
Senior Unsecured Notes										
Brazilian Credit Facilities										

The fair value of the 2023 Coty Revolving Credit Facility is equal to its carrying value, as the Company has the ability to repay the outstanding principal at par value at any time. The Company uses the market approach to value its other debt instruments. The Company obtains fair values from independent pricing services or utilizes the U.S. dollar SOFR curve to determine the fair value of these debt instruments. Based on the assumptions used to value these liabilities at fair value, these debt instruments are categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Debt Maturities Schedule

Aggregate maturities of the Company's long-term debt, including the current portion of long-term debt and excluding short-term debt and finance lease obligations as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, are presented below:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

2024, remaining	
2024, remaining	
2024, remaining	
2025	
2026	
2027	
2028	
Thereafter	
Total	

Covenants

The 2018 Coty Credit Agreement contains affirmative and negative covenants. The negative covenants include, among other things, limitations on debt, liens, dispositions, investments, fundamental changes, restricted payments and affiliate transactions. With certain exceptions as described below, the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended, includes a financial covenant that requires us to maintain a Total Net Leverage Ratio (as defined below), equal to or less than the ratios shown below for each respective test period.

Quarterly Test Period Ending

Quarterly Test Period Ending	Total Net Leverage Ratio (a)
December 31, 2023 through July 11, 2028	4.00 to 1.00

(a) Total Net Leverage Ratio means, as of any date of determination, the ratio of: (a) (i) Total Indebtedness minus (ii) unrestricted and Cash Equivalents of the Parent Borrower and its Restricted Subsidiaries as determined in accordance with GAAP to (b) Adjusted EBITDA for the most recently ended Test Period (each of the defined terms, including Adjusted EBITDA, used within the definition of Total Net Leverage Ratio have the meanings ascribed to them within the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended). Adjusted EBITDA, as defined in the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended, includes certain add backs related to cost savings, unusual events such as COVID-19, operating expense reductions and future unrealized synergies subject to certain limits and conditions as specified in the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended.

In the four fiscal quarters following the closing of any Material Acquisition (as defined in the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended), including the fiscal quarter in which such Material Acquisition occurs, the maximum Total Net Leverage Ratio shall be the lesser of (i) 5.95 to 1.00 and (ii) 1.00 higher than the otherwise applicable maximum Total Net Leverage Ratio for such quarter (as set forth in the table above). Immediately after any such four fiscal quarter period, there shall be at least two consecutive fiscal quarters during which the Company's Total Net Leverage Ratio is no greater than the maximum Total Net Leverage Ratio that would otherwise have been required in the absence of such Material Acquisition, regardless of whether any additional Material Acquisitions are consummated during such period.

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company was in compliance with all covenants contained within the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement, as amended.

10. INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

Interest expense, net for the three and ~~six~~ nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, is presented below:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	December 31,		December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest expense			Three Months Ended	
Foreign exchange losses, net of derivative contracts			March 31,	
Foreign exchange losses (gains), net of derivative contracts			March 31,	
Interest income			2024	
Total interest expense, net			2023	

11. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The components of net periodic benefit cost for pension plans and other post-employment benefit plans recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations are presented below:

	Three Months Ended December 31,				Three Months Ended March 31,			
	Pension Plans				Pension Plans			
	U.S.		U.S.		U.S.		U.S.	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Service cost								
Interest cost								
Expected return on plan assets								
Amortization of prior service credit								
Amortization of net (gain) loss								
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)								
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)								
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)								
	Six Months Ended December 31,				Six Months Ended December 31,			
	Six Months Ended December 31,				Six Months Ended December 31,			
	Six Months Ended December 31,				Nine Months Ended March 31,			
	Nine Months Ended March 31,				Nine Months Ended March 31,			
	Nine Months Ended March 31,				Nine Months Ended March 31,			
	Pension Plans				Pension Plans			
	U.S.		U.S.		U.S.		U.S.	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023

	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Service cost								
Interest cost								
Expected return on plan assets								
Amortization of prior service credit								
Amortization of net (gain) loss								
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)								
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)								
Net periodic benefit cost (credit)								

12. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency exchange fluctuations through its global operations. The Company may reduce its exposure to fluctuations in the cash flows associated with changes in foreign exchange rates by creating offsetting positions through the use of derivative instruments and also by designating foreign currency denominated borrowings and cross-currency swaps as hedges of net investments in foreign subsidiaries. The Company expects that through hedging, any gain or loss on the derivative instruments would generally offset the expected increase or decrease in the value of the underlying forecasted transactions.

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the notional amount of the outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges were \$26.6 \$19.7 and \$28.0, respectively.

The Company also uses certain derivatives not designated as hedging instruments consisting primarily of foreign currency forward contracts and cross-currency swaps to hedge intercompany transactions and foreign currency denominated external debt. Although these derivatives were not designated for hedge accounting, the overall objective of mitigating foreign currency exposure is the same for all derivative instruments. For derivatives not designated as hedging instruments, changes in fair value are recorded in the line item in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations to which the derivative relates. As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the notional amounts of these outstanding non-designated foreign currency forward and cross-currency swap contracts were \$1,828.4 \$1,627.6 and \$1,653.5, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate fluctuations related to its variable rate debt instruments. The Company may reduce its exposure to fluctuations in the cash flows associated with changes in the variable interest rates by entering into offsetting positions through the use of derivative instruments, such as interest rate swap contracts. The interest rate swap contracts result in recognizing a fixed interest rate for the portion of the Company's variable rate debt that was hedged. This will reduce the negative and positive impact of increases in the variable rates over the term of the contracts. Hedge effectiveness of interest rate swap contracts is based on a long-haul hypothetical derivative methodology and includes all changes in value.

As of June 30, 2023, the Company had interest rate swap contracts in the notional amount of \$200.0, which were fully terminated in December 2023 for a cash receipt of \$2.1. As the forecasted interest expense under the original swap agreements is still probable, the related gain in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCL/L") will be amortized over the remaining life of the swaps. These interest rate swaps had been designated and qualified as cash flow hedges and were highly effective prior to termination.

Net Investment Hedge

Foreign currency gains and losses on borrowings designated as a net investment hedge, except ineffective portions, are reported in the cumulative translation adjustment ("CTA") component of AOCL/L, along with the foreign currency translation adjustments on those investments. As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the nominal exposures of foreign currency denominated borrowings designated as net investment hedges were €907.8 million €1,113.5 million and €701.3 million, respectively. The designated hedge amounts were considered highly effective.

Forward Repurchase Contracts

In June 2022, December 2022, and November 2023, the Company entered into certain forward repurchase contracts to start hedging for potential \$200.0, \$196.0, and \$250.0 \$294.0 share buyback programs, in 2024, 2025, and 2026, respectively. These forward repurchase contracts are accounted for at fair value, with changes in the fair value recorded in Other income, expense (income), net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

In February 2024, the Company elected to physically settle the June 2022 Forward for a cash payment of \$200.0 in exchange for 27.0 million shares of its Class A Common Stock. Refer to Note 13—Equity and Convertible Preferred Stock.

Derivative and non-derivative financial instruments which are designated as hedging instruments:

The accumulated loss on foreign currency borrowings classified as net investment hedges in the foreign currency translation adjustment component of AOCL/L was \$(22.1) \$0.0 and \$(12.2) as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In September 2020, the Company terminated its net investment cross-currency swap derivative with a notional amount of \$550.0 in exchange for a cash payment of \$37.6. The loss related to this termination of \$(37.6) is included in AOCL/L as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, and will remain until the sale or substantial liquidation of the underlying net investments.

The amount of gains and losses recognized in Other comprehensive income (loss) ("OCI") in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets related to the Company's derivative and non-derivative financial instruments which are designated as hedging instruments is presented below:

Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI	Three Months Ended December 31,		Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,
	OCI	2023		2022	2023	
		2024		2023	2024	

Foreign exchange forward contracts

Interest rate swap contracts

Net investment hedges

Net investment hedges

Net investment hedges

The accumulated gain on derivative instruments classified as cash flow hedges in AOCI/(L), net of tax, was **\$1.1** **\$1.2** and **\$0.7** as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **June 30, 2023**, respectively. The estimated net gain related to these effective hedges that is expected to be reclassified from AOCI/(L) into earnings within the next twelve months is **\$0.7**. **\$1.1**. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, all of the Company's remaining foreign currency forward contracts designated as hedges were highly effective.

The amount of gains and losses reclassified from AOCI/(L) to the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations related to the Company's derivative financial instruments which are designated as hedging instruments is presented below:

Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in

Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in
Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Three Months Ended December 31,		Three Months Ended March 31,		Cost of sales of sales	Interest expense, net						
	2023	2022	2023	2022								
	2024	2023	2024	2023								

Foreign exchange forward contracts:

Foreign exchange forward contracts:

Foreign exchange forward contracts:

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Interest rate swap contracts:

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in
Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in
Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships

Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Six Months Ended December 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,		Cost of sales of sales	Interest expense, net						
	2023	2022	2023	2022								
	2024	2023	2024	2023								

Foreign exchange forward contracts:

Foreign exchange forward contracts:

Foreign exchange forward contracts:

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Interest rate swap contracts:

Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI into income

Derivatives not designated as hedging:

The amount of gains and losses related to the Company's derivative financial instruments not designated as hedging instruments is presented below:

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations Classification of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Operations	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations Classification of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Operations	Three Months Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations Classification of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Operations	Three Months Ended March 31,	Nine Months Ended March 31,
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	
Foreign exchange contracts						
Foreign exchange contracts						
Foreign exchange and forward repurchase contracts						

13. EQUITY AND CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK

Common Stock

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company's common stock consisted of Class A Common Stock with a par value of \$0.01 per share. The holders of Class A Common Stock are entitled to one vote per share. As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, total authorized shares of Class A Common Stock was 1,250.0 million and total outstanding shares of Class A Common Stock was 895.1 million 867.9 million.

On September 29, 2023 and October 2, 2023, the Company issued a total of 33.0 million shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, at a public offering price of \$10.80 (or €10.28) per share in a global offering (the "Offering"). The Company also announced the admission to listing and trading of its Common Stock on the professional segment of the Euronext Paris.

The Company received \$348.4 from the Offering, net of \$10.0 of underwriting fees. Additionally, the Company incurred \$6.0 in other professional fees. The underwriting fees and other professional fees incurred in connection with the Offering were incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance and thus were presented as a reduction of Equity in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Company's Majority Stockholder

Immediately after the Offering and taking into account the proxy agreement entered into on September 29, 2023 by and among As of March 31, 2024 JAB Beauty B.V. ("JAB"), the Company's largest stockholder, may be deemed to beneficially own approximately 55% of Coty's Class A Common Stock. This is inclusive of all voting interests of Mr. Peter Harf, the Company's

Chairman, and HFS Holdings S.à r.l. ("HFS"), which is beneficially owned by Mr. Harf. JAB, the Company's largest stockholder, may be deemed to beneficially own approximately 53% of Coty's Class A Common Stock. This is inclusive of all voting interests of HFS, including its shares of Series B Preferred Stock on an if converted basis.

The Company's CEO, Sue Nabi, was granted a one-time sign-on award of restricted stock units on June 30, 2021. On October 29, 2021 and September 18, 2023, JAB completed the transfer of 10.0 million and 5.0 million shares of Common Stock, respectively, to Ms. Nabi pursuant to an equity transfer agreement. See Note 14—Share-Based Compensation Plans for additional information.

Series A and A-1 Preferred Stock

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, total authorized shares of preferred stock are 20.0 million. There are two classes of Preferred Stock, Series A Preferred Stock and Series A-1 Preferred Stock, both with a par value of \$0.01 per share.

Pursuant to the Series A Preferred Stock subscription agreement dated March 27, 2017, as the holder did not exchange the vested Series A Preferred Stock by the specified expiration date, the Company has the right to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock (1.0 million shares) at a redemption price of \$0.01 per share. The Company plans to redeem these shares of Series A Preferred Stock in accordance with their terms.

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, there were 1.0 million 1.0 million shares of Series A and no shares of Series A-1 Preferred Stock authorized, issued and outstanding. Series A Preferred Stock and Series A-1 Preferred Stock are not entitled to receive any dividends and have no voting rights except as required by law.

As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the Company has **\$0.1** **\$0.0** Series A Preferred Stock classified as a liability recorded in Accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Convertible Series B Preferred Stock

On May 11, 2020, the Company entered into an Investment Agreement with KKR Rainbow Aggregator L.P. ("KKR Aggregator"), relating to the issuance and sale by the Company to KKR Aggregator of up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's new Convertible Series B Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "Series B Preferred Stock"), for an aggregate purchase price of up to \$1,000.0, or \$1,000 per share (the "Issuance"). The Company completed the issuances and sales of the Series B Preferred Stock on May 26, 2020 and July 31, 2020. On November 16, 2020, KKR Aggregator and affiliated investment funds agreed to sell 146,057 shares of Series B Preferred Stock, to HFS. The transaction closed on August 27, 2021.

As a result of various conversions and exchanges of KKR Aggregator's shares of the Series B Preferred Stock, as of December 31, 2021, Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. L.P. and its affiliates ("KKR") has fully redeemed/exchanged all of their Series B Preferred Stock.

Cumulative preferred dividends accrue daily on the Series B Preferred Stock at a rate of 9.0% per year. During the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, the Board of Directors declared dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock of \$3.3 and paid accrued dividends of \$3.3. During the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, the Board of Directors declared dividends on the Series B Preferred Stock of **\$6.6** **\$9.9** and paid accrued dividends of **\$6.6** **\$9.9**. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, the Series B Preferred Stock had outstanding accrued dividends of \$3.3.

Treasury Stock

Share Repurchase Program

Since February 2014, the Board has authorized the Company to repurchase its Class A Common Stock under approved repurchase programs. On February 3, 2016, the Board authorized the Company to repurchase up to \$500.0 of its Class A Common Stock, and on November 13, 2023, the Board increased the Company's share repurchase authorization by an additional \$600.0 (the "Share Repurchase Program"). Repurchases may be made from time to time at the Company's discretion, based on ongoing assessments of the capital needs of the business, the market price of its Class A Common Stock, and general market conditions. For the three and six months ended December 31, 2023, the Company did not repurchase any shares of its Class A Common Stock under the Share Repurchase Program. As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the Company had authority for \$996.8 **\$796.8** remaining under the Share Repurchase Program.

In June 2022, December 2022 and November 2023, the Company entered into forward repurchase contracts (the "Forward" and together the "Forwards") with three large financial institutions ("Counterparties") to start hedging for potential \$200.0, \$196.0 and **\$250.0** \$294.0 share buyback programs in 2024, 2025 and 2026, respectively.

In February 2024, the Company elected to physically settle the June 2022 Forward for a cash payment of \$200.0 in exchange for 27.0 million shares of its Class A Common Stock. The fair value of the shares repurchased was approximately \$350.6, which was recorded as an increase to Treasury stock in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity.

As part of the Forward agreements, the Company will pay interest on the outstanding underlying notional amount of the Forwards held by the Counterparties during the contract periods. The interest rates are variable, based on the United States

secured overnight funding rate ("SOFR") plus a spread. The weighted average interest rate plus applicable spread for the **June 2022**, December 2022 and November 2023 Forward transactions were 9.7%, 9.8% and 8.2%, respectively, as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

Since the Forwards permit a net cash settlement alternative in addition to the physical settlement, the Company accounted for the Forwards initially and subsequently at their fair value, with changes in the fair value recorded in Other income, expense (income), net in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations. See Note 12—Derivative Instruments for additional information.

Dividends

On April 29, 2020, the Board of Directors suspended the payment of dividends on Common Stock. No dividends on Common Stock were declared for the period ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

The change in dividends accrued recorded to APIC in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** was nil and \$0.1, respectively, which represent dividends no longer expected to vest as a result of forfeitures of outstanding restricted stock units ("RSUs"). In addition, the Company made payments of \$0.3 and \$0.7, of which \$0.1 and \$0.2 related to employee taxes, for the previously accrued dividends on RSUs that vested during the **six** **nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, respectively.

Total accrued dividends on unvested RSUs and phantom units included in Accrued expenses and other current liabilities are \$0.8 and \$1.0 as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively. In addition, accrued dividends of \$0.0 and \$0.1 are included in Other noncurrent liabilities as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Foreign Currency Translation	
Adjustments	
Gain (loss) on Cash	
Flow Hedges	
Gain (loss) on Cash	
Flow Hedges	

	Gain (loss) on Cash Flow Hedges	Loss on Net Investment Hedge	Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (a)	Total
	Gain on Cash Flow Hedges				
Gain on Cash Flow Hedges					
Gain on Cash Flow Hedges					
Gain on Cash Flow Hedges					
Gain on Cash Flow Hedges		(Loss) gain on Net Investment Hedge	Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (a)	Total
Balance—July 1, 2023					
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications					
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications					
Net amounts reclassified from AOCI/(L)					
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)					
Balance—December 31, 2023					
Balance—March 31, 2024					

(a) For the ~~six~~ nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, other comprehensive income loss before reclassifications of ~~\$1.0~~ \$0.6 and net amounts reclassified from AOCI/(L) related to pensions and other post-employment benefit plans included amortization of prior service credits and actuarial losses of ~~\$3.0~~ \$4.5, net of tax of ~~\$0.5~~ \$1.4.

	Foreign Currency			Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans	Gain (loss) on Net Investment Hedge	Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans	Total
	Translation	Adjustments	Loss on Cash Flow Hedges					
Loss on Cash Flow Hedges								
Loss on Cash Flow Hedges								
Loss on Cash Flow Hedges								
Loss on Cash Flow Hedges								
Balance—July 1, 2022								
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications								
Net amounts reclassified from AOCI/(L)								
Net current-period other comprehensive loss								
Balance—December 31, 2022								
Net current-period other comprehensive (loss) income								
Balance—March 31, 2023								

14. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

Share-based compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Total share-based compensation is shown in the table below:

Three Months Ended December 31,	Six Months Ended December 31,

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
		2024	2023	2024
Equity plan expense (a)				
Liability plan (income) expense				
Liability plan (income) expense				
Liability plan (income) expense				
Fringe expense				
Total share-based compensation expense				

(a) Equity plan share-based compensation expense was recorded to additional paid in capital and presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity.

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, the total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and other share awards, and performance restricted stock units ("PRSUs") is \$0.2, \$4.9, \$164.3, \$0.1, \$0.0, \$149.5, and \$34.8, \$31.1, respectively. The unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units and other share awards, and PRSUs, is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.57, 2.17, 3.60, 0.62, 0.00, 3.44 and 2.62, 2.37 years, respectively.

Restricted Stock Units and Other Share Awards

The Company granted nil and 4.5 million shares of RSUs and other share awards during the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$19.3 \$15.0 and \$34.1 \$31.5 for the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, of which \$5.2 \$5.1 and \$23.6 \$23.0 related to Ms. Nabi's award, as described below. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$48.7 \$63.7 and \$64.8 \$96.3 for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, of which \$26.2 \$31.3 and \$47.1 \$70.1 related to Ms. Nabi's award.

Performance Restricted Stock Units

The Company granted 1.6 nil and 3.7 million shares of PRSUs, during the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$3.2 \$3.3 and \$0.4 \$0.6 for the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, of which \$1.7 \$1.8 and \$0.0 related to Ms. Nabi's award, as described below. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$3.8 \$7.1 and \$0.4 \$1.0 for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, of which \$1.8 \$3.6 and \$0.0 related to Ms. Nabi's award, as described below.

Long-term Equity Program for CEO

The Company's CEO, Sue Nabi, was granted a one-time sign-on award of restricted stock units (the "Award") on June 30, 2021. The Award vested and settled in 10.0 million shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, on each of August 31, 2021, August 31, 2022 and August 31, 2023. The Company recognized the share-based compensation expense, on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the fair value on the grant date. The amount of compensation cost recognized at each vesting date must at least equal the portion of the award legally vested.

In connection with this Award, on October 29, 2021 and September 18, 2023, JAB, the Company's largest stockholder and a wholly-owned subsidiary of JAB Holding Company S.à r.l., completed the transfer of 10.0 million and 5.0 million shares of Class A Common Stock, respectively, to Ms. Nabi.

On August 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company issued 5.0 million and 10.0 million shares of Class A Common Stock, respectively, to Ms. Nabi in connection with the third and second vesting of the Award.

Pursuant to the term of the amended employment agreement on May 4, 2023, the Company granted Ms. Nabi a one-time award of 10,416,667 RSUs and will grant a total of 10,416,665 PRSUs in five equal tranches over the next five years. These two awards will vest periodically over the next seven years in accordance with the terms discussed below.

Ms. Nabi's 10,416,667 RSUs will vest and settle in shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share over five years on the following vesting schedule: (i) 15% on September 1, 2024, (ii) 15% on September 1, 2025, (iii) 20% on September 1, 2026, (iv) 20% on September 1, 2027; and (v) 30% on September 1, 2028, in each case subject to Ms. Nabi's continued employment through the applicable vesting date. The Company will recognize approximately \$109.6 of share-based compensation expense, on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the fair value on the grant date, net of forfeitures. The amount of compensation cost recognized at each vesting date must at least equal the portion of the award legally vested.

The first tranche of Ms. Nabi's PRSU award of 2,083,333 shares shall fully vest on September 1, 2026, subject to the achievement of three-year performance objectives determined by the Board on September 28, 2023 (the grant date) and subject to Ms. Nabi's continued employment. The next four tranches of 2,083,333 PRSUs will be granted on or around each September 1 of 2024 through 2027, which shall vest on the third-year anniversary of the respective grant date, subject in each case to the achievement of three-year performance objectives to be determined by the Board. The Company will recognize share-based compensation expense associated with these PRSUs, on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the fair value on the grant date when it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved.

In the event that JAB and Ms. Nabi sell shares of Common Stock for cash in a privately negotiated transaction, subject to Board approval, the Company will grant Ms. Nabi new options to acquire shares of Common Stock (the "Reload Options") in an amount equal to the number of shares sold by Ms. Nabi in such transaction. The Reload Options will have a strike price equal to the greater of the volume weighted average price for shares at the time of the relevant transaction and the fair market value on the date of grant. The potential expense attributed to the reload options will be recognized when the reload options are granted.

Restricted Stock

The Company granted **nil** and 0.3 million shares of restricted stock, during the three and **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of **\$0.6** **\$2.0** and \$0.7 for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively, and **\$1.1** **\$3.1** and **\$1.2** **\$1.9** for the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively. Due to significant executive forfeitures, 0.5 million shares of restricted stock were cancelled and reclassified as Treasury Stock.

Series A Preferred Stock and Series A-1 Preferred Stock

The Company granted no shares of Series A Preferred Stock or Series A-1 Preferred Stock during the three and **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. The Company recognized share-based compensation (income) expense of \$(0.1) and **\$0.2** **\$0.6** for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively, and **\$(0.7)** **\$(0.8)** and **\$(0.2)** **\$0.4** for the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively.

Non-Qualified Stock Options

The Company granted no non-qualified stock options during the three and **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of **\$0.3** **\$0.2** and **\$0.3** **\$0.2** for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively, and **\$0.1** **\$0.3** and **\$0.6** **\$0.8** for the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively.

15. NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COTY INC. PER COMMON SHARE

Reconciliation between the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted income per share ("EPS") computations is presented below:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		2022					
	December 31,		December 31,							
	2023	2022	2023	2022						
Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended						
March 31,		March 31,		March 31,						
2024		2023		2024						
Amounts attributable to Coty Inc.:										
Amounts attributable to Coty Inc.:										
Amounts attributable to Coty Inc.:										
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.										
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.										
Net income attributable to Coty Inc.										
Convertible Series B Preferred Stock dividends										
Net income attributable to common stockholders										
Net income attributable to common stockholders										
Net income attributable to common stockholders										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding—Basic										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding—Basic										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding—Basic										
Effect of dilutive stock options and Series A Preferred Stock ^(a)										
Effect of restricted stock and RSUs ^(b)										
Effect of Convertible Series B Preferred Stock ^(c)										
Effect of Forward Repurchase Contracts ^(d)										
Weighted-average common shares outstanding—Diluted										
Earnings per common share:										
Earnings per common share:										
Earnings per common share:										
Earnings per common share - basic										
Earnings per common share - basic										
Earnings per common share - basic										
Earnings per common share - diluted ^(e)										

(a) For the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, outstanding stock options and Series A Preferred Stock with purchase or conversion rights to purchase **3.9** **1.7** million and **5.8** **5.6** million shares of Common Stock, respectively, were anti-dilutive and excluded from the computation of diluted EPS. For the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, outstanding stock options and Series A Preferred Stock with purchase or conversion rights to purchase **2.9** **2.5** million and **6.0** **5.8** million weighted average shares of Common Stock, respectively, were anti-dilutive and excluded from the computation of diluted EPS.

(b) For the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, there were **3.9** million and nil anti-dilutive **RSUs**, respectively, excluded from the computation of diluted EPS. For the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, there were **2.0** **1.3** million and nil weighted average anti-dilutive **RSUs**, respectively, excluded from the computation of diluted EPS.

(c) For the **six three** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2023** and the **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** there were 23.7 million dilutive shares of Convertible Series B Preferred Stock excluded from the computation of diluted EPS as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

(d) For the three and **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, respectively, shares for the Forward Repurchase Contracts were excluded from the computation of diluted EPS as Coty is in the position to receive shares from the counterparties and as such their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

(e) Diluted EPS is adjusted by the effect of dilutive securities, including awards under the Company's equity compensation plans, the convertible Series B Preferred Stock, and the Forward Repurchase Contracts. When calculating any potential dilutive effect of stock options, Series A Preferred Stock, restricted stock, RSUs and PRSUs, the Company uses the treasury method and the if-converted method for the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock and the Forward Repurchase Contracts. The treasury method typically does not adjust the net income attributable to Coty Inc., while the if-converted method requires an adjustment to reverse the impact of the preferred stock dividends of \$3.3 and \$3.3, respectively, and to reverse the impact of fair market value **gains** **losses/(gains)** for contracts with the option to settle in shares or cash of **\$44.4** **\$7.1** and **\$44.3** **(\$93.9)**, respectively, if dilutive, for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023** on net income applicable to common stockholders during the period. The if-converted method requires an adjustment to reverse the impact of the preferred stock dividends of **\$6.6** **\$9.9** and **\$6.6** **(\$9.9)**, respectively, and to reverse the impact of fair market value **gains** **losses/(gains)** for contracts with the option to settle in shares or cash of **\$0.2** **\$6.9** and **\$6.8** **(\$100.7)**, respectively, if dilutive, for the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023** on net income applicable to common stockholders during the period.

16. REDEEMABLE NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

Subsidiary in the Middle East

As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the noncontrolling interest holder in the Company's subsidiary in the Middle East had a 25% ownership share. The Company adjusts the redeemable noncontrolling interests ("RNCI") to redemption value at the end of each reporting period with changes recognized as adjustments to APIC. The Company recognized **\$102.2** **\$94.2** and **\$93.5** as the RNCI balances as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively.

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Legal Matters

The Company is involved, from time to time, in various litigation, administrative and other legal proceedings, including regulatory actions, incidental or related to its business, including consumer class or collective actions, personal injury (mostly involving allegations related to alleged asbestos in the Company's talc-based cosmetic products), intellectual property, competition, compliance and advertising claims litigation and disputes, among others (collectively, "Legal Proceedings"). While the Company cannot predict any final outcomes relating thereto, management believes that the outcome of current Legal Proceedings will not have a material effect upon its business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or the trading price of the Company's securities. However, management's assessment of the Company's current Legal Proceedings is ongoing, and could change in light of the discovery of additional facts with respect to Legal Proceedings not presently known to the Company, further legal analysis, or determinations by judges, arbitrators, juries or other finders of fact or deciders of law which are not in accord with management's evaluation of the probable liability or outcome of such Legal Proceedings. From time to time, the Company is in discussions with regulators, including discussions initiated by the Company, about actual or potential violations of law in order to remediate or mitigate associated legal or compliance risks and liabilities or penalties. As the outcomes of such proceedings are unpredictable, the Company can give no assurance that the results of any such proceedings will not materially affect its reputation, business, prospects, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows or the trading price of its securities.

Brazilian Tax Assessments

The Company's Brazilian subsidiaries receive tax assessments from local, state and federal tax authorities in Brazil from time to time. Current open tax assessments as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** are:

Assessment received	Type of assessment	Type of Tax	Tax period impacted	Estimated amount, including interest and penalties as of December March 31, 2023 2024
Mar-18	State sales tax credits, which the Treasury Office of the State of Goiás considers as improperly registered	ICMS	2016-2017	R\$0.0 million (approximately \$0.0) ^(a)
Aug-20		ICMS	2017-2019	R\$700.2 721.5 million (approximately \$144.3 \$143.9)
Oct-20	Federal excise taxes, which the Treasury Office of the Brazil's Internal Revenue Service considers as improperly calculated	IPI	2016-2017	R\$423.0 430.8 million (approximately \$87.2 \$85.9)
Nov-22		IPI	2018-2019	R\$569.2 581.0 million (approximately \$117.3 \$115.8)
Nov-20	State sales taxes, which the Treasury Office of the State of Minas Gerais considers as improperly calculated	ICMS	2016-2019	R\$220.3 222.8 million (approximately \$45.4 \$44.4)
Jun-21	State sales tax, which the Treasury Office of the State of Goiás considers as improperly calculated	ICMS	2016-2020	R\$65.9 48.0 million (approximately \$13.6 \$9.6)

(a) During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2023, the ICMS assessment received in March 2018 had an unfavorable decision at administrative instance. The Company paid the R\$1.1 million (approximately \$0.2) penalty in August 2023 and the case closed. The Company does not believe the outcome of this decision will weigh on other pending cases as the case factors for other open ICMS assessments are different.

The Minas Gerais State tax ICMS assessment received in November 2020 is currently at the judicial process. For the Goiás State tax ICMS assessment received in August 2020, the Company has in parallel a judicial case about an additional claim for fees over the tax incentive, for which the Company received an unfavorable ruling and has filed an appeal. In the first quarter of fiscal 2024, the Company filed a motion for clarification as a step before potentially appealing to a Brazilian higher court, which was denied. In December 2023, the Company filed appeals to be remitted to the Special and Supreme Brazilian Courts and, in parallel, filed a motion to grant the suspension of the state's ability to collect the above tax incentives to the Goiás State Court. In January 2024, the motion to grant the suspension of the state's ability to collect the above tax incentives was

Court. These motions are under consideration dismissed. The case is currently awaiting judgment at the state court level. Special and Supreme Brazilian Courts. All other cases are currently in the administrative process. The Company expects that cases may move from the administrative to the judicial process, although the exact timing is uncertain. For cases in the judicial process, the Company will be required to make a judicial deposit or enter into a surety bond for the disputed tax assessment, interest and penalties. The judicial process in Brazil is likely to take a number of years to conclude. The Company is seeking favorable judicial and administrative decisions on the tax enforcement actions filed by the tax authorities for these assessments. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses and it has not recognized a loss for these assessments as the Company does not believe a loss is probable.

Due to the fiscal environment in Brazil, the possibility of further tax assessments related to the same or similar matters cannot be ruled out.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Wella

On December 22, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with Rainbow UK Bidco Limited ("KKR Bidco") (an affiliate of funds and/or separately managed accounts advised and/or managed by KKR), related to post-closing adjustments to the purchase consideration for the Coty's Professional and Retail Hair businesses, including the Wella, Clairol, OPI and ghd brands, (together, the "Wella Business"). In relation to this contingent consideration agreement, the Company received cash proceeds of \$6.0 during the three months ended March 31, 2024. The Company also recognized a gain of \$1.9 \$1.4 and \$8.5, \$9.9, in the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, and \$12.5 \$2.1 and \$26.4, \$28.5, in the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, respectively, which is reported in Other income, expense (income), net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, Coty owned 25.9% 25.84% of the Wella Company as an equity investment and performs certain services to Wella. Refer to Note 6—Equity Investments.

In connection with the sale of the Wella Business, the Company and Wella entered into a Transitional Services Agreement ("TSA"). Subject to the terms of this TSA, and the Company will perform performed services for Wella in exchange for related service fees. Such services include billing and collecting from Wella customers, certain logistics and warehouse services, as well as other administrative and systems support. The Company and Wella have mutually agreed to end the contracted TSA services on January 31, 2022, as well as previously existing distribution services in Brazil during the third quarter of fiscal 2024. The Company and Wella continue to have also entered into other in place manufacturing arrangements to facilitate the Wella Business transition in the U.S. and Brazil. TSA fees and other fees earned were \$0.8 \$0.4 and \$2.7, \$4.8, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and \$0.7 \$0.9 and \$2.0, \$1.8, respectively, for the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. TSA fees and other fees earned were \$1.8 \$2.2 and \$5.0, \$9.8, respectively, for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and \$1.5 \$2.4 and \$4.1, \$5.9, respectively, for the six nine months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. The TSA fees Fees are principally invoiced on a cost plus basis. The TSA fees basis and other fees were included in Selling, general and administrative expenses and Cost of sales, respectively, in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

The Company also entered into an agreement with Wella to provide management, consulting and financial services to Wella and its direct and indirect divisions, subsidiaries, parent entities and controlled affiliates (in assisting it in the management of its business), services. The Company earned \$0.3 and \$0.6 \$0.9 in the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, respectively, and \$0.3 and \$0.6 \$0.8 in the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, respectively, which are reflected in Other income, expense (income), net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

As of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, accounts receivable from and accounts payable to Wella of \$102.7 \$53.1 and \$8.2, \$20.0, respectively, were included in Prepaid expenses and other current assets and Accrued expenses and other current liabilities, respectively, in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Additionally, as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company has accrued \$34.0 \$33.9 related to long-term payables due to Wella included in Other noncurrent liabilities in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

In accordance with the separation agreement with Wella, Coty shall retain and be solely responsible for any amounts payable to former Coty employees transferred to Wella ("Wella employees"), who participated in the Coty Long-Term Incentive Plan. The Wella employees will continue to participate and vest on the current terms for the remaining vesting period after the separation. As such, Coty will continue to recognize the share-based compensation expense for Wella employees until the existing equity awards reach their vesting date. For the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, Coty recorded \$0.6 \$0.5 and \$1.0, \$1.1, respectively, and \$1.3 \$1.8 and \$2.7, \$3.8, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to Wella employees, which was presented as part of Other income, expense (income), net in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company has certain sublease arrangements with Wella after the sale. The Company reported sublease income from Wella of \$2.0 \$2.1 and \$2.3, respectively, and \$4.1 \$6.2 and \$4.7, \$7.0, respectively, for the three and six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022.

2023.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company evaluated the effect of events and transactions subsequent to the condensed consolidated balance sheet date of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 through the date of issuance of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and determined that no subsequent events have occurred that require recognition in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements or disclosure in the notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of Coty Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes included elsewhere in this document, and in our other public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 ("Fiscal 2023 Form 10-K"). When used in this discussion, the terms "Coty," the "Company," "we," "our," or "us" mean, unless the context otherwise indicates, Coty Inc. and its majority and wholly-owned subsidiaries. Also, when used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the term "includes" and "including" means, unless the context otherwise indicates, including without limitation. The following report includes certain non-GAAP financial measures. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for a discussion of non-GAAP financial measures and how they are calculated.

All dollar amounts in the following discussion are in millions of United States ("U.S.") dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

More information about potential risks and uncertainties that could affect our business and financial results is included under the heading "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other periodic reports we have filed and may file with the SEC from time to time.

Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements in this Form 10-Q are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views with respect to, among other things, strategic planning, targets and outlook for future reporting periods (including the extent and timing of revenue, expense and profit trends and changes in operating cash flows and cash flows from operating activities and investing activities), the wind down of the Company's operations in Russia (including timing and expected impact), the Company's future operations and strategy (including the expected implementation and related impact of its strategic priorities), ongoing and future cost efficiency, optimization and restructuring initiatives and programs, expectations of the impact of inflationary pressures and the timing, magnitude and impact of pricing actions to offset inflationary costs, strategic transactions (including their expected timing and impact), expectations and/or plans with respect to joint ventures (including Wella and the timing and size of any related divestiture, distribution or return of capital), the Company's capital allocation strategy and payment of dividends (including suspension of dividend payments and the duration thereof and any plans to resume cash dividends on common stock or to continue to pay dividends in cash on preferred stock) and expectations for stock repurchases, investments, licenses and portfolio changes, product launches, relaunches or rebranding (including the expected timing or impact thereof), synergies, savings, performance, cost, timing and integration of acquisitions, future cash flows, liquidity and borrowing capacity (including any refinancing or deleveraging activities), timing and size of cash outflows and debt deleveraging, the timing and extent of any future impairments, and synergies, savings, impact, cost, timing and implementation of the Company's ongoing strategic transformation agenda (including operational and organizational structure changes, operational execution and simplification initiatives, fixed cost reductions, continued process improvements and supply chain changes), the impact, cost, timing and implementation of e-commerce and digital initiatives, the expected impact, cost, timing and implementation of sustainability initiatives (including progress, plans, goals and goals) our ability to achieve sustainability targets), the wind down of the Company's operations in Russia (including timing and expected impact), the impact of COVID-19 or similar public health events, the expected impact of geopolitical risks including the ongoing war in Ukraine and/or the armed conflict in the Middle East (including the Red Sea conflict) on our business operations, sales outlook and strategy, the expected impact of global supply chain challenges and/or inflationary pressures (including as a result of the war in Ukraine and/or armed conflict in the Middle East including the Red Sea conflict) and expectations regarding future service levels and inventory levels, the impact of the dual-listing of our Class A Common Stock on Euronext Paris, and the priorities of senior management. These forward-looking statements are generally identified by words or phrases, such as "anticipate", "are going to", "estimate", "plan", "project", "expect", "believe", "intend", "foresee", "forecast", "will", "may", "should", "outlook", "continue", "temporary", "target", "aim", "potential", "goal" and similar words or phrases. These statements are based on certain assumptions and estimates that we consider reasonable, but are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which could cause actual events or results (including our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and prospects) to differ materially from such statements, including risks and uncertainties relating to:

- our ability to successfully implement our multi-year strategic transformation agenda and compete effectively in the beauty industry, achieve the benefits contemplated by our strategic initiatives (including revenue growth, cost control, gross margin growth and debt deleveraging) and successfully implement our strategic priorities (including stabilizing our consumer beauty brands through leading innovation and improved execution, accelerating our prestige fragrance brands and ongoing expansion into prestige cosmetics, building a comprehensive skincare portfolio, enhancing our e-commerce and direct-to-consumer ("DTC") capabilities, expanding our presence in China through prestige products and select consumer beauty brands, and establishing Coty as an industry leader in sustainability) in each case within the expected time frame or at all;

- our ability to anticipate, gauge and respond to market trends and consumer preferences, which may change rapidly, and the market acceptance of new products, including new products in our skincare and prestige cosmetics portfolios, any relaunched or rebranded products and the anticipated costs and discounting associated with such relaunches and

rebrands, and consumer receptiveness to our current and future marketing philosophy and consumer engagement activities (including digital marketing and media), and our ability to effectively manage our production and inventory levels in response to demand;

- use of estimates and assumptions in preparing our financial statements, including with regard to revenue recognition, income taxes (including the expected timing and amount of the release of any tax valuation allowance), the assessment of goodwill, other intangible and long-lived assets for impairments, the market value of inventory, and the fair value of the equity investment;

- the impact of any future impairments;
- managerial, transformational, operational, regulatory, legal and financial risks, including diversion of management attention to and management of cash flows, expenses and costs associated with our transformation agenda, our global business strategies, the integration and management of **the our** strategic partnerships with Kylie Jenner and Kim Kardashian, and future strategic initiatives, and, in particular, our ability to manage and execute many initiatives simultaneously including any resulting complexity, employee attrition or diversion of resources;
- the timing, costs and impacts of divestitures and the amount and use of proceeds from any such transactions;
- future divestitures and the impact thereof on, and future acquisitions, new licenses and joint ventures and the integration thereof with, our business, operations, systems, financial data and culture and the ability to realize synergies, manage supply chain challenges and other business disruptions, reduce costs (including through our cash efficiency initiatives), avoid liabilities and realize potential efficiencies and benefits (including through our restructuring initiatives) at the levels and at the costs and within the time frames contemplated or at all;
- increased competition, consolidation among retailers, shifts in consumers' preferred distribution and marketing channels (including to digital and prestige channels), distribution and shelf-space resets or reductions, compression of go-to-market cycles, changes in product and marketing requirements by retailers, reductions in retailer inventory levels and order lead-times or changes in purchasing patterns, impact from COVID-19 or similar public health events on retail revenues, and other changes in the retail, e-commerce and wholesale environment in which we do business and sell our products and our ability to respond to such changes (including our ability to expand our digital, direct-to-consumer and e-commerce capabilities within contemplated timeframes or at all);
- our and our joint ventures', business partners' and licensors' abilities to obtain, maintain and protect the intellectual property used in our and their respective businesses, protect our and their respective reputations (including those of our and their executives or influencers) and public goodwill, and defend claims by third parties for infringement of intellectual property rights;
- any change to our capital allocation and/or cash management priorities, including any change in our dividend policy and any change in our stock repurchase plans;
- any unanticipated problems, liabilities or integration or other challenges associated with a past or future acquired business, joint ventures or strategic partnerships, which could result in increased risk or new, unanticipated or unknown liabilities, including with respect to environmental, competition and other regulatory, compliance or legal matters, and specifically in connection with the strategic partnerships with Kylie Jenner and Kim Kardashian, risks related to the entry into a new distribution channel, the potential for channel conflict, risks of retaining customers and key employees, difficulties of integration (or the risks associated with limiting integration) and management of the partnerships, our relationships with Kylie Jenner and Kim Kardashian, our ability to protect trademarks and brand names, litigation, investigations by governmental authorities, and changes in law, regulations and policies that affect King Kylie LLC ("King Kylie") and/or KKW Holdings, LLC's ("KKW Holdings") business or products, including risk that direct selling laws and regulations may be modified, interpreted or enforced in a manner that results in a negative impact to King Kylie and/or KKW Holdings' business model, revenue, sales force or business;
- our international operations and joint ventures, including enforceability and effectiveness of our joint venture agreements and reputational, compliance, regulatory, economic and foreign political risks, including difficulties and costs associated with maintaining compliance with a broad variety of complex local and international regulations;
- our dependence on certain licenses (especially in the fragrance category) and our ability to renew expiring licenses on favorable terms or at all;

- our dependence on entities performing outsourced functions, including outsourcing of distribution functions, and third-party manufacturers, logistics and supply chain suppliers, and other suppliers, including third-party software providers, web-hosting and e-commerce providers;

- administrative, product development and other difficulties in meeting the expected timing of market expansions, product launches, re-launches and marketing efforts, including in connection with new products in our skincare and prestige cosmetics portfolios;
- changes in the demand for our products due to declining or depressed global or regional economic conditions, and declines in consumer confidence or spending, whether related to the economy (such as austerity measures, tax increases, high fuel costs, or higher unemployment), wars and other hostilities and armed conflicts, natural or other disasters, weather, pandemics, security concerns, terrorist attacks or other factors;
- global political and/or economic uncertainties, disruptions or major regulatory or policy changes, and/or the enforcement thereof that affect our business, financial performance, operations or products, including the impact of the war in Ukraine and any escalation or expansion thereof, armed conflict in the Middle East, the current U.S. administration and future elections, changes in the U.S. tax code and/or tax regulations in other jurisdictions where we operate (**including recent and pending implementation of the global minimum corporate tax (part of the "Pillar Two Model Rules") that may impact our tax liability in the European Union ("EU")**), and recent changes and future changes in tariffs, retaliatory or trade protection measures, trade policies and other international trade regulations in the U.S., the **European Union, EU**, and Asia and in other regions where we operate, potential regulatory limits on payment terms in the **European Union, EU**, future changes in sanctions regulations, regulatory uncertainty impacting the wind-down of our business in Russia, **and** recent and future changes in regulations impacting the beauty industry, including regulatory measures addressing products, formulations, raw materials and **packaging**, **packaging**, and **recent and future regulatory measures restricting or otherwise impacting the use of web sites, mobile applications or social media platforms that we use in connection with our digital marketing and e-commerce activities**;
- currency exchange rate volatility and currency devaluation and/or inflation;

- our ability to implement and maintain pricing actions to effectively mitigate increased costs and inflationary pressures, and the reaction of customers or consumers to such pricing actions;
- the number, type, outcomes (by judgment, order or settlement) and costs of current or future legal, compliance, tax, regulatory or administrative proceedings, investigations and/or litigation, including product liability cases (including asbestos and talc-related litigation for which indemnities and/or insurance may not be available), distributor or licensor litigation, and compliance, litigation or investigations relating to our joint ventures or strategic partnerships;
- our ability to manage seasonal factors and other variability and to anticipate future business trends and needs;
- the impact of COVID-19 (or future similar events), including demand for the Company's products, illness, quarantines, government actions, facility closures, store closures or other restrictions in connection with the COVID-19 pandemic, and the extent and duration thereof, related impact on our ability to meet customer needs and on the ability of third parties on which we rely, including our suppliers, customers, contract manufacturers, distributors, contractors, commercial banks and joint-venture partners, to meet their obligations to us, in particular collections from customers, and the ability to successfully implement measures to respond to such impacts;**
- disruptions in the availability and distribution of raw materials and components needed to manufacture our products, and our ability to effectively manage our production and inventory levels in response to supply challenges;
- disruptions in operations, sales and in other areas, including due to disruptions in our supply chain, restructurings and other business alignment activities, manufacturing or information technology systems, labor disputes, extreme weather and natural disasters, impact from COVID-19 or similar public health events, the outbreak of war or hostilities (including the war in Ukraine and armed conflict in the Middle East, including the Red Sea conflict, and any escalation or expansion thereof), the impact of global supply chain challenges or other disruptions in the international flow of goods, and the impact of such disruptions on our ability to generate profits, stabilize or grow revenues or cash flows, comply with our contractual obligations and accurately forecast demand and supply needs and/or future results;
- our ability to adapt our business to address climate change concerns, including through the implementation of new or unproven technologies or processes, and to respond to increasing governmental and regulatory measures relating to environmental, social and governance matters, including expanding mandatory and voluntary reporting, diligence and disclosure, as well as new taxes (including on energy and plastic), new diligence requirements and the impact of such measures or processes on our costs, business operations and strategy;
- restrictions imposed on us through our license agreements, credit facilities and senior unsecured bonds or other material contracts, our ability to generate cash flow to repay, refinance or recapitalize debt and otherwise comply with our debt instruments, and changes in the manner in which we finance our debt and future capital needs;
- increasing dependency on information technology, including as a result of remote working practices, and our ability or the ability of any of the third-party service providers we use to support our business, to protect against service interruptions, data corruption, cyber-based attacks or network security breaches, including ransomware attacks, costs

and timing of implementation and effectiveness of any upgrades or other changes to information technology systems, and the cost of compliance or our failure to comply with any privacy or data security laws (including the European Union General Data Protection Regulation (the "GDPR"), the California Consumer Privacy Act and similar state laws, the Brazil General Data Protection Law, and the China Data Security Law and Personal Information Protection Law) or to protect against theft of customer, employee and corporate sensitive information;

- our ability to attract and retain key personnel and the impact of senior management transitions;
- the distribution and sale by third parties of counterfeit and/or gray market versions of our products;
- the impact of our ongoing strategic transformation agenda and continued process improvements on our relationships with key customers and suppliers and certain material contracts;
- our relationship with JAB Beauty B.V., as our majority stockholder, and its affiliates, and any related conflicts of interest or litigation;
- our relationship with KKR, whose affiliate KKR Bidco, is an investor in the Wella Business, and any related conflicts of interest or litigation;
- future sales of a significant number of shares by our majority stockholder or the perception that such sales could occur; and
- other factors described elsewhere in this document and in documents that we file with the SEC from time to time.

More information about potential risks and uncertainties that could affect our business and financial results is included under the heading "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and other periodic reports we have filed and may file with the SEC from time to time.

All forward-looking statements made in this document are qualified by these cautionary statements. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this document, and we do not undertake any obligation, other than as may be required by applicable law, to update or revise any forward-looking or cautionary statements to reflect changes in assumptions, the occurrence of events, unanticipated or otherwise, or changes in future operating results over time or otherwise.

Comparisons of results for current and any prior periods are not intended to express any future trends or indications of future performance unless expressed as such, and should only be viewed as historical data.

Industry, Ranking and Market Data

Unless otherwise indicated, information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q concerning our industry and the markets in which we operate, including our general expectations about our industry, market position, market opportunity and market sizes, is based on data from various sources including internal data and estimates as well as third-party sources widely available to the public, such as independent industry publications, government publications, reports by market research firms or other published independent sources and on our assumptions based on that data and other similar sources. We did not fund and are not otherwise affiliated with the third-party sources that we cite. Industry publications and other published sources generally state that the information contained therein has been obtained from third-party sources believed to be reliable. Internal data and estimates are based upon information obtained from trade and business organizations and other contacts in the markets in which we operate and management's understanding of industry conditions, and such information has not been verified by any independent sources. These data involve a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. While we generally believe the market, industry and other information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to be the most recently available and to be reliable, such information is inherently imprecise and we have not independently verified any third-party information or verified that more recent information is not available.

Our fiscal year ends on June 30. Unless otherwise noted, any reference to a year preceded by the word "fiscal" refers to the fiscal year ended June 30 of that year. For example, references to "fiscal 2024" refer to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Any reference to a year not preceded by "fiscal" refers to a calendar year.

OVERVIEW

We are one of the world's largest beauty companies, with an iconic portfolio of brands across fragrance, color cosmetics, and skin and body care. Our brands empower people to express themselves freely, creating their own visions of beauty; and we are committed to making a positive impact on the planet. Our strategic priorities include stabilizing and growing our Consumer Beauty brands through leading innovation and improved execution, accelerating our Prestige fragrance business and ongoing expansion into Prestige cosmetics, building a comprehensive skincare portfolio over the mid-to-long term leveraging existing brands, enhancing our e-commerce organizational growth capabilities including digital and Direct-to-Consumer ("DTC") capabilities, research and development, expanding our presence in China, the Travel Retail channel and travel retail through Prestige products and select Consumer Beauty brands, growth markets, and establishing Coty as an industry leader in sustainability. Our brands empower people to express themselves freely, creating their own visions of beauty; and we are committed to making a positive impact on the planet.

We have been making progress on our strategic priorities. In Consumer Beauty, we have implemented the relaunch of our top brands and returned to stable growth and steady margin improvement. We are now focusing on accelerating our digital advocacy strategy to amplify our brand and product innovations and leveraging consumer analytics and insights to improve the return on investment of our marketing activities. In Prestige, we continue to accelerate the fragrance business with exceptional new launches and expansion in premium and ultra-premium categories, while steadily expanding the distribution, productivity and assortment of our Prestige cosmetics. We are continuing to thoughtfully expand our skincare portfolio, with our focus on winning over the most discerning skin care consumers in our areas of excellence – UV protection and photoaging prevention and repair, biotech-enhanced longevity science, and micro-dose formulations. We have successfully expanded our e-commerce capabilities, through best-in-class online launches, our digital advocacy strategy and active participation in key online shopping events, and increasing digital media competitiveness.

Our products are sold in over 120 countries and territories. As a geographically diverse company we are susceptible to global economic trends, geopolitical conflicts, domestic and foreign governmental policies, and changes in foreign exchange rates. In particular, economic conditions in China have had, and are expected to continue to have, an impact on our strategic initiatives, including our growth agenda in the region for Prestige products and our skincare business implementation growth priorities. Within the China market we continue to monitor and take actions to address the impact to our Consumer Beauty brands which have experienced sales declines as retailers and distributors continue to deplete their existing inventory. In addition, as the conflict in the Red Sea continues to develop, we have implemented alternate transport routes and have purchased safety stock to mitigate impacts on the flow of goods. We remain attentive to economic and geopolitical conditions that may materially impact our business. We continue to explore and implement risk mitigation strategies in the face of these unfolding conditions and remain agile in adapting to changing circumstances. Such conditions have or may have global implications which may impact the future performance of our business in unpredictable ways.

Changing market trends may impact sales of our products across and within product categories and regions. Within our Consumer Beauty segment, positive market trends within the skin and body care and mass color cosmetics categories in Brazil positively impacted the segment's sales volume during the third quarter. Excluding the contribution from the Brazilian brands, the Consumer Beauty segment experienced a decline in sales volume primarily in the skin and body care category, as a result of a decline in sales from China, and in the color cosmetic category, due to negative market trends in the U.S. in mass color cosmetics market.

We expect that our net revenue for fiscal year 2024 will grow in the high single digits to low double digits versus the prior year, excluding the impact of foreign exchange, the Russia Market Exit and the early termination of the Lacoste fragrance license. We anticipate that our annual gross margin will remain in the mid-sixties, providing us with opportunities to fund new product initiatives and support our brands through advertising and consumer promotional investments. We continue to target advertising and consumer promotional spending in the high-twenties percentage of net revenues. However, our level of advertising and consumer promotional spending will depend on various factors, including seasonality, the timing of product launches, and budgetary considerations. We anticipate that fixed costs as a percentage of our net revenues will incrementally improve annually as we continue to take steps to gradually optimize our fixed cost base.

Order Fill Rates

Our ability to fulfill demand for our products is critical to our success. Through steps taken to improve order fill rates and mitigate the impact of supply chain constraints, we have seen sequential quarterly improvements in our order fill rates on a company-wide basis. As a result, beginning in the second quarter we achieved close to pre-COVID-19 service levels across our divisions during the second quarter divisions.

Inflation

Inflationary trends in certain markets and global supply chain challenges may negatively affect our sales and operating performance. The impact of inflation on material, logistical and other costs subsided during the ~~six~~ nine months ended ~~December 31, 2023~~ March 31, 2024, which was primarily driven by a significant easing during the second quarter, and third quarters. Inflation may continue to impact certain costs, such as labor, however, we currently anticipate the overall impact of inflation to continue to ease remain muted in the upcoming quarters fourth quarter of fiscal 2024.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

To supplement the financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, we use non-GAAP financial measures for continuing operations and Coty Inc. including Adjusted operating income (loss), Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted net income (loss), and Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Coty Inc. to common stockholders (collectively, the "Adjusted Performance Measures"). The reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP are shown in tables below. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for or superior to, financial measures reported in accordance with GAAP. Moreover, these non-GAAP financial measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all the items associated with the operations of the business as determined in accordance with GAAP. Other companies, including companies in the beauty industry, may calculate similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures differently than we do, limiting the usefulness of those measures for comparative purposes.

Despite the limitations of these non-GAAP financial measures, our management uses the Adjusted Performance Measures as key metrics in the evaluation of our performance and annual budgets and to benchmark performance of our business against our competitors. The following are examples of how these Adjusted Performance Measures are utilized by our management:

- strategic plans and annual budgets are prepared using the Adjusted Performance Measures;
- senior management receives a monthly analysis comparing budget to actual operating results that is prepared using the Adjusted Performance Measures; and
- senior management's annual compensation is calculated, in part, by using some of the Adjusted Performance Measures.

In addition, our financial covenant compliance calculations under our debt agreements are substantially derived from these Adjusted Performance Measures.

Our management believes that Adjusted Performance Measures are useful to investors in their assessment of our operating performance and the valuation of the Company. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures address questions we routinely receive from analysts and investors and, in order to ensure that all investors have access to the same data, our management has determined that it is appropriate to make this data available to all investors. The Adjusted Performance Measures exclude the impact of certain items (as further described below) and provide supplemental information regarding our operating performance. By disclosing these non-GAAP financial measures, our management intends to provide investors with a supplemental comparison of our operating results and trends for the periods presented. Our management believes these measures are also useful to investors as such measures allow investors to evaluate our performance using the same metrics that our management uses to evaluate past performance and prospects for future performance. We provide disclosure of the effects of these non-GAAP financial measures by presenting the corresponding measure prepared in conformity with GAAP in our financial statements, and by providing a reconciliation to the corresponding GAAP measure so that investors may understand the adjustments made in arriving at the non-GAAP financial measures and use the information to perform their own analyses.

Adjusted operating income/Adjusted EBITDA from continuing operations excludes restructuring costs and business structure realignment programs, amortization, acquisition- and divestiture-related costs and acquisition accounting impacts, stock-based compensation, and asset impairment charges and other adjustments as described below. For adjusted EBITDA, in addition to the preceding, we exclude adjusted depreciation as defined below. We do not consider these items to be reflective of our core operating performance due to the variability of such items from period-to-period in terms of size, nature and significance. They are primarily incurred to realign our operating structure and integrate new acquisitions, and implement divestitures of components of our business, and fluctuate based on specific facts and circumstances. Additionally, Adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. and Adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. per common share are adjusted for certain interest and other (income) expense items and preferred stock deemed dividends, as described below, and the related tax effects of each of the items used to derive Adjusted net income as such charges are not used by our management in assessing our operating performance period-to-period.

Adjusted Performance Measures reflect adjustments based on the following items:

- Costs related to acquisition and divestiture activities: We have excluded acquisition- and divestiture-related costs and the accounting impacts such as those related to transaction costs and costs associated with the revaluation of acquired inventory in connection with business combinations because these costs are unique to each transaction. Additionally, for divestitures, we exclude write-offs of assets that are no longer recoverable and contract related costs due to the divestiture. The nature and amount of such costs vary significantly based on the size and timing of the acquisitions and divestitures, and the maturities of the businesses being acquired or divested. Also, the size, complexity and/or volume of past transactions, which often drives the magnitude of such expenses, may not be indicative of the size, complexity and/or volume of any future acquisitions or divestitures.
- Restructuring and other business realignment costs: We have excluded costs associated with restructuring and business structure realignment programs to allow for comparable financial results to historical operations and forward-looking guidance. In addition, the nature and amount of such charges vary significantly based on the size and timing of the programs. By excluding the referenced expenses from our non-GAAP financial measures, our management is able to further evaluate our ability to utilize existing assets and estimate their long-term value. Furthermore, our management believes that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance.
- Asset impairment charges: We have excluded the impact of asset impairments as such non-cash amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions. Our management believes that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance.
- Amortization expense: We have excluded the impact of amortization of finite-lived intangible assets, as such non-cash amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions. Our management believes that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance. Although we exclude amortization of intangible assets from our non-GAAP expenses, our management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangible assets contribute to revenue generation. Amortization of intangible assets that relate to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangible assets have been fully amortized. Any future acquisitions may result in the amortization of additional intangible assets.
- Gain on sale and early license termination: We have excluded the impact of gain on sale and early license termination as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the size of the sale and early license termination.

- Costs related to market exit: We have excluded the impact of direct incremental costs related to our decision to wind down our business operations in Russia. We believe that these direct and incremental costs are inconsistent and infrequent in nature. Consequently, our management believes that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance.
- Gains on sale of real estate: We have excluded the impact of gains on sale of real estate as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the size of the sale. Our management believes

that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance.

- Stock-based compensation: Although stock-based compensation is a key incentive offered to our employees, we have excluded the effect of these expenses from the calculation of adjusted operating income and adjusted EBITDA. This is due to their primarily non-cash nature; in addition, the amount and timing of these expenses may be highly variable and unpredictable, which may negatively affect comparability between periods.
- Depreciation and Adjusted depreciation: Our adjusted operating income excludes the impact of accelerated depreciation for certain restructuring projects that affect the expected useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment, as such charges vary significantly based on the size and timing of the programs. Further, we have excluded adjusted depreciation, which represents depreciation expense net of accelerated depreciation charges, from our adjusted EBITDA. Our management believes that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance.
- Other (income) expense: We have excluded the impact of pension curtailment (gains) and losses and pension settlements as such events are triggered by our restructuring and other business realignment activities and the amount of such charges vary significantly based on the size and timing of the programs. Further, we have excluded the change in fair value of the investment in Wella, as well as expenses related to potential or actual sales transactions reducing equity investments, as our management believes these unrealized (gains) and losses do not reflect our underlying ongoing business, and the adjustment of such impact helps investors and others compare and analyze performance from period to period. We have excluded the gain on the exchange of Series B Preferred Stock. Such transactions do not reflect our operating results and we have excluded the impact as our management believes that the adjustment of these items supplements the GAAP information with a measure that can be used to assess the sustainability of our operating performance.
- Noncontrolling interest: This adjustment represents the after-tax impact of the non-GAAP adjustments included in Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests based on the relevant noncontrolling interest percentage.
- Tax: This adjustment represents the impact of the tax effect of the pretax items excluded from Adjusted net income. The tax impact of the non-GAAP adjustments is based on the tax rates related to the jurisdiction in which the adjusted

items are received or incurred. Additionally, adjustments are made for the tax impact of any intra-entity transfer of assets and liabilities.

- Deemed Preferred Stock Dividends: We have excluded preferred stock deemed dividends related to the First Exchange and the Second Exchange (as disclosed and defined in Note 27—Related Party Transactions in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2023) from our calculation of adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. These deemed dividends are nonmonetary in nature, the transactions were entered into to simplify our capital structure and do not reflect our underlying ongoing business. Management believes that this adjustment helps investors and others compare and analyze our performance from period to period.

Constant Currency

We operate on a global basis, with the majority of our net revenues generated outside of the U.S. Accordingly, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates can affect our results of operations. Therefore, to supplement financial results presented in accordance with GAAP, certain financial information is presented in "constant currency", excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange translations to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the impact of foreign currency exchange translations. Constant currency information compares results between periods as if exchange rates had remained constant period-over-period. We calculate constant currency information by translating current and prior-period results for entities reporting in currencies other than U.S. dollars into U.S. dollars using prior year foreign currency exchange rates. The constant currency calculations do not adjust for the impact of revaluing specific transactions denominated in a currency that is different to the functional currency of that entity when exchange rates fluctuate. The constant currency information we present may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Basis of Presentation of Acquisitions, Divestitures, Terminations and Market Exit from Russia

During the period when we complete an acquisition, divestiture, early license termination, or market exit, the financial results of the current year period are not comparable to the financial results presented in the prior year period. When explaining such changes from period to period and to maintain a consistent basis between periods, we exclude the financial contribution of: (i) the acquired brands or businesses in the current year period until we have twelve months of comparable financial results, and (ii) the divested brands or businesses or early terminated brands or markets exited in the prior year period, to maintain comparable financial results with the current fiscal year period. Acquisitions, divestitures, early license terminations, and market exits that would impact the comparability of financial results between periods presented in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations are shown in the table below.

THREE MONTHS ENDED **DECEMBER MARCH 31, 2023** **2024** AS COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED **DECEMBER MARCH 31, 2022** **2023**

NET REVENUES

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, net revenues increased 13% 8%, or \$204.0, \$96.7, to \$1,727.6 \$1,385.6 from \$1,523.6 \$1,288.9 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. Excluding net revenue from the second third quarter of the prior period from Russia, Lacoste, net revenues increased 14% 10% or \$209.7 \$124.5 to \$1,727.6 \$1,385.6 from \$1,517.9 \$1,261.1 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, reflecting a positive price and mix impact of 10% and a positive foreign currency exchange translation impact of 3%, 6% and an increase in unit volume of 1% 4%. The overall increase in net revenues reflects growth of prestige fragrances, specifically *Hugo Boss*, *Burberry Calvin Klein*, *Chloe*, *Gucci*, as well as innovation from new launches including *Marc Jacobs Daisy Wild* and *Davidoff Cosmic Kylie Jenner*, and positive performance in the prestige cosmetics category. Net revenues increased in our Consumer Beauty segment due to positive performance in the color cosmetics category, mass fragrance category, and the skin and body care category in Brazil, Brazil, mass fragrance category, and color cosmetics category.

The overall increase in net revenues reflects the continued success of our pricing and revenue management strategies, including the implementation of targeted price increases across our product portfolio. Volume growth across from certain brands in our prestige fragrance portfolio, as well as in skin and body care products in Brazil helped drive the increase in revenues. Increases were partially offset by volume declines from certain skin and body care brands in China where macroeconomic conditions have resulted in a decline in demand, and color cosmetics brands primarily in the U.S. due to macroeconomic conditions, negative market trends in the category.

Geographically, except for China, net revenues in all major markets regions grew, led by the United States, Americas. Additionally, there was an increase in the travel retail channel sales in all regions.

Digital and e-commerce channel sales growth also contributed to the increase in net revenues.

Net Revenues by Segment

	Three Months Ended		Change %	Three Months Ended		Change %
	December 31,	2023		2022	2024	
	(in millions)			(in millions)		
NET REVENUES						
Prestige						
Prestige	\$ 1,122.6	\$ 957.7	17	\$ 867.2	\$ 799.7	8
Consumer Beauty	605.0	565.9	7	518.4	489.2	6
Total	\$ 1,727.6	\$ 1,523.6	13	\$ 1,385.6	\$ 1,288.9	8
Prestige						
In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, net revenues from the Prestige segment increased 17% 8%, or \$164.9 \$67.5 to \$1,122.6 \$867.2 compared to \$957.7 \$799.7 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. Excluding net revenue from the second third quarter of the prior period from Russia, Lacoste, net revenues from the Prestige segment increased 17% 12% or \$166.9 \$95.3 to \$1,122.6 \$867.2 from \$955.7 \$771.9 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, reflecting a positive price and mix impact of 9% 10% (primarily due to the positive pricing impact as a result of global price increases earlier in the fiscal year, in line with the overall premiumization strategy and brand innovation), an increase in unit volume of 6% 3%, and partially offset by a positive negative foreign currency exchange translation impact of 2% 1%. The increase in net revenues primarily reflects:						
(i)	Prestige fragrance sales growth of \$79.8, due to the continued success of <i>Burberry Goddess</i> and <i>Burberry Hero</i> and continued brand innovation such as <i>Cosmic Kylie Jenner</i> . The category sales growth can also be attributed to positive market trends as well as success in the travel retail channel; and					
(ii)	Prestige cosmetic sales growth of prestige fragrances, specifically <i>Hugo Boss Boss Bottled</i> and <i>Boss the Scent</i> , <i>Burberry Goddess</i> , <i>Calvin Klein One</i> and <i>Euphoria</i> , <i>Chloe Signature</i> , <i>Gucci Guilty</i> , and <i>Davidoff Cool Water</i> ,					
(iii)	an increase in net revenues in key markets, primarily Travel Retail, Germany, the United States, and Australia, due to the significant improvement of fill rates from the prior period; and					
(iv)	an increase in net revenues \$11.6, due to positive pricing and mix impact as a result of global price increases and in line with the overall premiumization strategy.					
These increases in net revenue were partially offset by:						
(i)	lower net revenues for the <i>Lacoste</i> brand market trends in the current period, which was primarily due to the early license termination resulting in a wind down of sales through the end of the second quarter, prestige cosmetics category and brand innovation.					

Consumer Beauty

In the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, net revenues from the Consumer Beauty segment increased **7%** **6%**, or **\$39.1**, **\$29.2**, to **\$605.0** **\$518.4** from **\$565.9** **\$489.2** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022**. Excluding net revenue from the second quarter **March 31, 2023**, reflecting an increase in unit volume of the prior period from Russia, net revenues from the Consumer Beauty segment increased 8% or **\$42.8** **4%** (primarily due to **\$605.0** from **\$562.2** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022**, reflecting Brazilian brands) and a positive price and mix impact of 5% and a positive foreign currency exchange translation impact of 3%. The increase in net revenues primarily reflects:

- (i) an increase in net revenues from color cosmetics brands, specifically *Rimmel Manhattan*, which was due to continued brand innovation, such as *Lasting Finish* foundation and *Thrill Seeker* mascara;
- (ii) an increase in net revenues from the mass fragrance category primarily due to the continued success from the re-launch of *David Beckham Instinct* in the current fiscal year;
- (iii) an increase in net revenues from the skin and body care brands in Brazil due to strong category momentum and positive impact of pricing; and
- (iv) an increase in net revenues 2% (primarily due to price increases across the Consumer Beauty product portfolio, portfolio, earlier in the fiscal year). The increase in net revenues primarily reflects:
 - Skin and body care sales growth of \$13.7, primarily due to the continued success of brands in Brazil led by *Monange*, as a result of strong category momentum and positive impact of pricing in the Brazilian market, partially offset by net revenue declines from certain brands in China due to volume declines resulting from macroeconomic trends which have negatively impacted demand resulting in a build-up of inventory at retailers and distributors; and
 - Mass fragrance sales growth of \$9.3, due to positive market trends and brand innovation.

Although color cosmetics net revenues grew \$5.4, led by category momentum and price increases in Brazil, negative market trends primarily in the U.S. negatively impacted sales volumes, partially offsetting the overall category increase.

COST OF SALES

In the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, cost of sales increased **15%** **2%**, or **\$78.2**, **\$9.7**, to **\$603.5** **\$487.8** from **\$525.3** **\$478.1** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Cost of sales as a percentage of net revenues increased decreased to **34.9%** **35.2%** in the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** from **34.5%** **37.1%** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, resulting in a gross margin decrease increase of approximately **40** **190** basis points, primarily reflecting:

- (i) approximately 80 basis points related to an increase in designer license fees primarily due to favorable royalty activity in the prior period, which did not reoccur in the current period; and
- (ii) approximately 80 basis points related to an increase in excess and obsolescence costs primarily associated with the Prestige product portfolio.

These decreases were partially offset by:

- (i) approximately 70 **180** basis points related to a decrease in manufacturing and material costs as a percentage of net revenues, driven by increased manufacturing efficiencies, improvements in productivity, as well as procurement and material cost optimization; and
- (ii) approximately **40** 80 basis points related to decreased freight costs.

These increases were partially offset by:

- (i) approximately 60 basis points related to increased excess and obsolescence costs associated with Consumer Beauty body care products in Brazil and across the Prestige product portfolio.

The above reflects a moderate impact from inflation offset by a positive impact from pricing, pricing net of inflation of approximately 200 basis points.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

In the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, selling, general and administrative expenses increased **10%** **7%**, or **\$79.1**, **\$50.2**, to **\$833.4** **\$770.6** from **\$754.3** **\$720.4** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues decreased to **48.2%** **55.6%** in the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** from **49.5%** **55.9%** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, or approximately **130** **30** basis points. This decrease primarily reflects:

- (i) **100** **110** basis points due to a decrease in stock-based compensation cost primarily related to a reduction in expense recognized in connection with awards granted to the CEO; and
- (ii) **100** basis points due to a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional costs primarily due to a decrease in working media investment as a percentage of net revenues;
- (iii) **40** **110** basis points due to favorable transactional impact from our exposure to foreign currency as a percentage of net revenues; and
- (iv) **40** basis points due to a decrease in logistics costs as a percentage of net revenues.

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases:

- (i) 70 basis points due to an increase in bad debt expense primarily related to a favorable activity in the prior period that did not reoccur in the current period;
- (ii) 50 basis points due to an accrual reversal associated with the resolution of a contingency in the prior period that did not reoccur in the current period; and
- (iii) 30 120 basis points due to an increase in administrative costs as a percentage of net revenues due to higher compensation expense from increased headcount, partially offset by lower depreciation expense related to fully depreciated IT equipment.

(ii) 60 basis points due to an increase in advertising and consumer promotional costs primarily due to increases in in-store merchandising execution and non-working media investments.

OPERATING INCOME

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, operating income was \$236.7 \$77.8 compared to income of \$199.3 \$43.5 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. Operating income as a percentage of net revenues, increased to 13.7% 5.6% in the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 as compared to 13.1% 3.4% in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. The increase in operating margin is primarily driven by a decrease in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 190 basis points) primarily related to a decrease in manufacturing and material costs as a percentage of net revenues and a decrease in stock compensation expense and (approximately 110 basis points) primarily related to a decrease reduction in expense recognized in connection with a prior year's grant made to the CEO, partially offset by an increase in advertising and consumer promotional costs as a percentage of revenues (approximately 60 basis points) primarily related to increased in-store merchandising execution and non-working media spend, and an increase in restructuring costs (approximately 20 basis points). In addition, the higher proportion of Consumer Beauty sales were from lower margin Brazil brands, compared to the prior year, negatively impacted our consolidated gross margin and operating income.

Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

(in millions)	Three Months Ended			Change %
	March 31,	2024	2023	
Operating income (loss)				
Prestige	\$ 108.7	\$ 102.4		6 %
Consumer Beauty	(13.3)	(27.9)		52 %
Corporate	(17.6)	(31.0)		43 %
Total	\$ 77.8	\$ 43.5		79 %

Prestige

In the three months ended March 31, 2024, operating income for Prestige was \$108.7 compared to income of \$102.4 in the three months ended March 31, 2023. Operating margin decreased to 12.5% of net revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2024 as compared to 12.8% in the three months ended March 31, 2023, driven by an increase in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 140 basis points) primarily related to non people-related costs and people-related costs, and an increase in advertising and consumer promotional expense as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 120 basis points) primarily related to increases in working and non-working media as a percentage of net revenues, partially offset by an increase a decrease in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 190 basis points) primarily related to a decrease in manufacturing and an increase material costs as a percentage of net revenues and a decrease in restructuring costs, amortization expense as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 30 basis points).

Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

(in millions)	Three Months Ended			Change %
	December 31,	2023	2022	
Operating income (loss)				
Prestige	\$ 200.6	\$ 164.4		22 %
Consumer Beauty	60.4	49.4		22 %
Corporate	(24.3)	(14.5)		(68) %
Total	\$ 236.7	\$ 199.3		19 %

Prestige

Consumer Beauty

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, operating income loss for Prestige Consumer Beauty was \$200.6 \$13.3 compared to income loss of \$164.4 \$27.9 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. Operating margin increased to 17.9% (2.6)% of net revenues in the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 as compared to 17.2% (5.7)% in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, driven by a decrease in transactional foreign exchange losses as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 180 basis points) primarily related to currency revaluation in Argentina in the prior year, a decrease in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 160 basis points) primarily related to a decrease in manufacturing and material costs as a percentage of net revenues, and a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional expense as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 30 basis points) primarily related to a decrease in amortization expense as a percentage of net revenues, and a decrease in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues, working media, partially offset by an increase in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues.

Consumer Beauty

In the three months ended December 31, 2023, operating income for Consumer Beauty was \$60.4 compared to income of \$49.4 in the three months ended December 31, 2022. Operating margin increased to 10.0% of net revenues in the three months ended December 31, 2023 as compared to 8.7% in the three months ended December 31, 2022, driven by a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional costs as a percentage of net revenues, partially offset by an increase in costs of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues and an increase in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues. (approximately 70 basis points) primarily related to people-related costs.

Corporate

Corporate primarily includes income and expenses not directly relating to our operating activities. These items are included in Corporate since we consider them to be Corporate responsibilities, and these items are not used by our management to measure the underlying performance of the segments.

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, the operating loss for Corporate was \$24.3 \$17.6 compared to a loss of \$14.5 \$31.0 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, as described under "Adjusted Operating Income for Coty Inc." below. The increase decrease in the operating loss for Corporate was primarily driven by a gain recognized related to our market exit from Russia in the comparative period and higher restructuring costs, partially offset by a \$13.2 decrease in stock compensation expense.

Adjusted Operating Income by Segment

We believe that adjusted operating income by segment further enhances an investor's understanding of our performance. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures." A reconciliation of reported operating income to adjusted operating income is presented below, by segment:

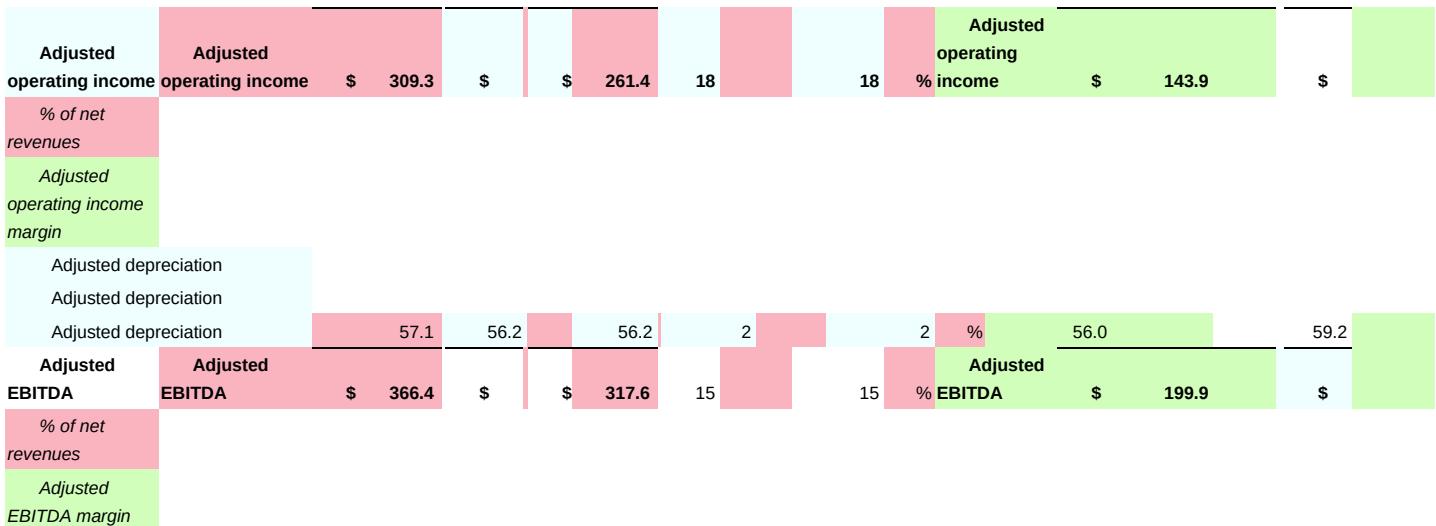
	Three Months Ended December 31, 2023			Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
	(in millions)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)	(in millions)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)
Operating income								
Prestige								
Prestige								
Prestige								
Consumer Beauty								
Corporate								
Total								
Three Months Ended December 31, 2022								
Three Months Ended December 31, 2022								
Three Months Ended December 31, 2022								
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023								
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023								
	(in millions)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)	(in millions)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)
Operating income								
Prestige								
Prestige								
Prestige								
Consumer Beauty								
Corporate								
Total								

(a) See a reconciliation of reported net income to operating income (loss) to adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA for Coty Inc. and reconciliations of segment operating income (loss) to segment adjusted operating income (loss) and segment adjusted EBITDA for the Prestige, Consumer Beauty and Corporate segments with a description of the adjustments under "Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA for Coty Inc." and "Segment Operating Income (Loss), Segment Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Segment Adjusted EBITDA", below. All adjustments are reflected in Corporate, except for amortization and asset impairment charges on goodwill, indefinite-lived intangible assets, and finite-lived intangible assets, which are reflected in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments.

Net Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA for Coty Inc.

We believe that adjusted operating income further enhances an investor's understanding of our performance. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures." Reconciliation of reported operating net income to adjusted operating income and adjusted EBITDA is presented below:

		Three Months Ended December 31,		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		(in millions)		(in millions)			
		2023		2022		Change %	
Net income		\$ 8.8		\$ 111.8		(92) %	2024
<i>Net income margin</i>							
Provision (benefit) for income taxes							
Provision (benefit) for income taxes							
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(5.4)		29.8		<(100%)	
Income before income taxes	\$ 3.4		\$ 141.6		(98) %		
Interest expense, net	60.4		58.8		3 %		
Other income, net	14.0		(156.9)		>100%		
Reported operating income	\$ 236.7		\$ 199.3	19	19 %	Reported operating income	\$ 77.8
<i>% of net revenues</i>							
<i>Reported operating income (loss) margin</i>							
Amortization expense							
Amortization expense							
Amortization expense	48.3	47.6	47.6	1	1 %	48.5	48.2
Restructuring and other business realignment costs	4.0	(2.9)	(2.9)	>100%		Restructuring and other business realignment costs	(1.7)
Stock-based compensation	20.2	34.2	34.2	(41)	(41) %	Stock-based compensation	20.5
Loss on sale of real estate	0.1	—	—	N/A			33.6
Early license termination and market exit costs							
Early license termination and market exit costs							
Early license termination and market exit costs	—	(16.8)	(16.8)	100	100 %	(1.2)	(1.3)
Total adjustments to reported operating income							
Total adjustments to reported operating income							
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 72.6	\$ 62.1	17	17 %	\$ 66.1	\$	



In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, adjusted operating income increased \$47.9 \$21.2 to \$309.3 \$143.9 from \$261.4 \$122.7 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. Adjusted operating margin increased to 17.9% 10.4% of net revenues in the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 from 17.2% 9.5% in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, primarily driven by a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional costs as a percentage of net revenues, partially offset by an increase in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues. revenues and a decrease in stock-based compensation expense. In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, adjusted EBITDA increased \$48.8 \$18.0 to \$366.4 \$199.9 from \$317.6 \$181.9 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased to 21.2% 14.4% of net revenues in the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 from 20.8% 14.1% in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023.

Segment Operating Income (Loss), Segment Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Segment Adjusted EBITDA

Operating Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA - Prestige Segment

(in millions)	Three Months Ended		
	2024	2023	Change %
Reported operating income	\$ 108.7	\$ 102.4	6 %
Reported operating income (loss) margin	12.5 %	12.8 %	
Amortization expense	38.6	38.3	1 %
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 38.6	\$ 38.3	1 %
Adjusted operating income	\$ 147.3	\$ 140.7	5 %
Adjusted operating income margin	17.0 %	17.6 %	
Adjusted depreciation	25.7	28.6	(10)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 173.0	\$ 169.3	2 %
Adjusted EBITDA margin	19.9 %	21.2 %	

Operating Loss, Adjusted Operating Loss and Adjusted EBITDA - Consumer Beauty Segment

(in millions)	Three Months Ended		
	2024	2023	Change %
Reported operating loss	\$ (13.3)	\$ (27.9)	52 %
Reported operating income (loss) margin	(2.6)%	(5.7)%	
Amortization expense	9.9	9.9	— %
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 9.9	\$ 9.9	— %
Adjusted operating loss	\$ (3.4)	\$ (18.0)	81 %
Adjusted operating income (loss) margin	(0.7)%	(3.7)%	

Adjusted depreciation	30.3	30.6	(1)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 26.9	\$ 12.6	>100%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	5.2 %	2.6 %	

Operating Loss, Adjusted Operating Loss and Adjusted EBITDA - Corporate Segment

(in millions)	Three Months Ended		Change %
	2024	2023	
Reported operating loss	\$ (17.6)	\$ (31.0)	43 %
Reported operating income (loss) margin	N/A	N/A	
Restructuring and other business realignment costs	(1.7)	(1.3)	(31)%
Stock-based compensation	20.5	33.6	(39)%
Early license termination and market exit costs	(1.2)	(1.3)	8 %
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 17.6	\$ 31.0	(43)%
Adjusted operating income	\$ —	\$ —	N/A
Adjusted operating income margin	N/A	N/A	
Adjusted depreciation	—	—	N/A
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ —	\$ —	N/A
Adjusted EBITDA margin	N/A	N/A	

Amortization Expense

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, amortization expense increased to \$48.3 \$48.5 from \$47.6 \$48.2 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, amortization expense of \$38.4 \$38.6 and \$9.9 was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively. In the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, amortization expense of \$37.3 \$38.3 and \$10.3 \$9.9 was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively.

Restructuring and Other Business Realignment Costs

We incurred \$520.0 \$521.1 of cash costs life-to-date related to our previously announced and substantially completed Transformation Plan as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, which have been recorded in Corporate. In addition, we continue to analyze our cost structure and evaluate opportunities to streamline operations through a range of other cost reduction activities ("Other Current Restructuring Actions").

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, we incurred a credit in restructuring and other business structure realignment costs of \$4.0 \$1.7, as follows:

- We incurred restructuring costs of \$5.7 \$0.9 primarily related to the Other Current Restructuring Actions, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations; and
- We incurred a credit in business structure realignment costs of \$(1.7) \$(2.6), which is reported in selling, general and administrative expenses.

In the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, we incurred a credit in restructuring and other business structure realignment costs of \$(2.9) \$(1.3) as follows:

- We incurred a credit in restructuring costs of \$(2.9) \$(1.3) primarily related to the Transformation Plan due to the change in estimate, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations; and
- We incurred no business structure realignment costs.

In all reported periods, all restructuring and other business realignment costs were reported in Corporate.

Stock-Based Compensation

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, stock-based compensation was \$20.2 \$20.5 as compared with \$34.2 \$33.6 in the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023. The decrease in stock-based compensation is primarily related to a reduction in expense recognized in connection with awards granted to the CEO.

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, all costs related to stock-based compensation were reported in Corporate.

Early License Termination and Market Exit Costs

In the three months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, we incurred no costs recognized a gain of \$(1.2) related to the early termination of a license and market exit activity, our decision to wind down our business in Russia.

In the three months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, we recognized a gain of \$(16.8) \$(1.3) related to our decision to wind down our business in Russia.

Adjusted Depreciation Expense

In the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, adjusted depreciation expense of **\$27.2** **\$25.7** and **\$29.9** **\$30.3** was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively. In the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, adjusted depreciation expense of **\$26.8** **\$28.6** and **\$29.4** **\$30.6** was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

In the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, net interest expense was **\$60.1** **\$60.4** as compared with **\$61.0** **\$58.8** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, remaining relatively flat compared to the prior period.

OTHER **INCOME** **INCOME/EXPENSE**

In the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, other **income** **expense** was **\$80.8** **\$14.0** as compared with other income of **\$141.9** **\$156.9** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**.

Other **income** **expense** of **\$80.8** **\$14.0** in the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** was principally comprised of net losses on forward repurchase contracts of **\$17.2**.

Other income of **\$156.9** in the three months ended **March 31, 2023** was principally comprised of net gains on forward repurchase contracts of **\$72.1**, equity investment related impacts of **\$12.1**, gains associated with earn-out provisions related to our sale of Wella of **\$1.9**, partially offset by miscellaneous operating expense of **\$5.3**.

Other income of **\$141.9** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** was comprised of equity investment related impacts of **\$73.9**, net gains on forward repurchase contracts of **\$59.7**, gains associated with earn-out provisions related to our sale of Wella of **\$12.5**, partially offset by miscellaneous operating expense of **\$4.2**. **\$156.5**.

The decrease in Other income of **\$170.9** is primarily due to a less favorable fair value adjustment related to our equity investment in the Wella Company net losses on forward repurchase contracts of **\$173.7** compared to the prior year period.

INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** was **27.7%** **(158.8)%** and **13.8%** **21.0%**, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate of **(158.8)%** for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, as was primarily due to a benefit of **\$8.5** on the resolution of foreign uncertain tax positions compared with to **\$3.4** of income in the period.

The effective tax rate of **21.0%** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, is primarily was increased due to a large limitation on the deductibility of executive stock compensation offset by large fair value gains related to the investment in the Wella business taxed at a rate below the statutory tax rate of **21%** as well as a foreign exchange loss recognized on repatriation of funds in the prior year that were previously taxed.

The effective income tax rates vary from the U.S. federal statutory rate of **21%** due to the effect of (i) jurisdictions with different statutory rates, including impacts of rate changes, (ii) adjustments to the Company's unrealized tax benefits ("UTBs") and accrued interest, (iii) non-deductible expenses, (iv) audit settlements and (v) valuation allowance changes. Our effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly and could be adversely affected to the extent earnings are lower than anticipated in countries that have lower statutory rates and higher than anticipated in countries that have higher statutory rates.

Reconciliation of Reported Income Before Income Taxes to Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes and Effective Tax Rates:

	Three Months Ended
(in millions)	December 31, 2023
(in millions)	December 31, 2023
(in millions)	December 31, 2023
Reported income before income taxes	March 31, 2024
Reported income before income taxes	March 31, 2024
Reported income before income taxes	March 31, 2024
Adjustments to reported operating income (a)	March 31, 2024

Adjustments to reported operating income (a)
Adjustments to reported operating income (a)
Change in fair value of investment in Wella Business (c)
Change in fair value of investment in Wella Business (c)
Change in fair value of investment in Wella Business (c)
Other adjustments (d)
Other adjustments (d)
Other adjustments (d)
Total Adjustments (b)
Total Adjustments (b)
Total Adjustments (b)

Adjusted income before income taxes
Adjusted income before income taxes
Adjusted income before income taxes

(a) See a description of adjustments under **Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA for Continuing Operations, Coty Inc.**

(b) The tax effects of each of the items included in adjusted income are calculated in a manner that results in a corresponding income tax expense/provision for adjusted income. In preparing the calculation, each adjustment to reported income is first analyzed to determine if the adjustment has an income tax consequence. The provision for taxes is then calculated based on the jurisdiction in which the adjusted items are incurred, multiplied by the respective statutory rates and offset by the increase or reversal of any valuation allowances commensurate with the non-GAAP measure of profitability.

(c) The amount represents the realized and unrealized (gain) loss recognized for the change in fair value of the investment in Wella.

(d) For the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, this primarily represents loss from our equity investment in KKW.

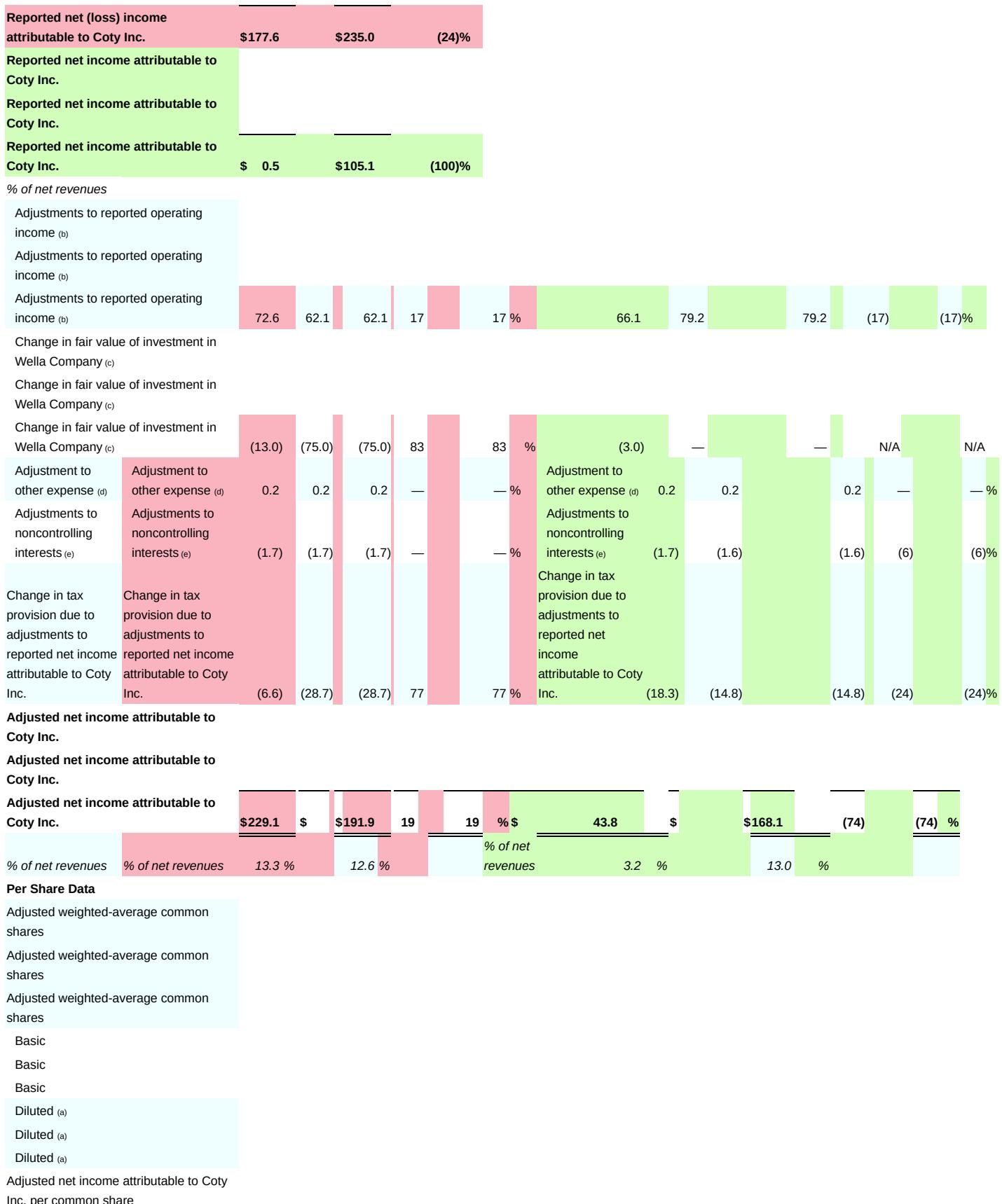
The adjusted effective tax rate was **24.6%** **19.3%** for the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** compared to **25.2%** **20.2%** for the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. The differences were primarily due to the **jurisdictional mix** **resolution of income, foreign uncertain tax positions having a greater proportional effect in the current period.**

NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO COTY INC.

Net income attributable to Coty Inc. was **\$180.9** **\$3.8** in the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** as compared to net income of **\$238.3** **\$108.4** in the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. The decrease in the income was primarily driven by a less favorable fair value adjustment for our investment gains of **\$173.7** from forward repurchase contracts in the **Wella Company** recorded **prior period** that did not reoccur in the current period, partially offset by higher operating income of **\$34.3** in the current period.

We believe that adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. provides an enhanced understanding of our performance. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures."

Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Change %	2024		2023	Change %						
December 31,		March 31,			2023	2022								
(in millions)														
(in millions)														
Net income from Coty Inc. net of noncontrolling interests	Net income from Coty Inc. net of noncontrolling interests	\$180.9	\$238.3	(24)	(24)%	Net income from Coty Inc. net of noncontrolling interests	\$ 3.8	\$108.4						
Convertible Series B Preferred Stock dividends (a)	Convertible Series B Preferred Stock dividends (a)	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.3)	—	Convertible Series B Preferred Stock dividends (a)	(3.3)	(3.3)						
Reported net (loss) income attributable to Coty Inc.														
Reported net (loss) income attributable to Coty Inc.														



Adjusted net income attributable to Coty

Inc. per common share

Adjusted net income attributable to Coty

Inc. per common share

Basic

Basic

Basic

Diluted ^(a)

Diluted ^(a)

Diluted ^(a)

(a) Adjusted Diluted EPS is adjusted by the effect of dilutive securities. For the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, shares for the Forward Repurchase Contracts were excluded from the computation of adjusted diluted EPS as Coty is in the position to receive shares from the counterparties and as such their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. Accordingly, we did not reverse the impact of the fair market value gains/losses/(gains) for contracts with the option to settle in shares or cash of **\$44.4** **\$7.1** and **\$44.3, \$(93.9)**, respectively. For the three months ended **December 31, 2023**, as the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock was dilutive, an adjustment to reverse the impact of the preferred stock dividends of \$3.3 was required. For the three months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2024**, convertible Series B Preferred Stock (23.7 million weighted average dilutive shares) were anti-dilutive. Accordingly, we excluded these shares from the diluted shares and did not adjust the earnings for the related dividend of \$3.3. For the three months ended **March 31, 2023**, as the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock was dilutive, an adjustment to reverse the impact of the preferred stock dividends of \$3.3 was required.

(b) See a description of adjustments under "Adjusted Operating Income for Continuing Operations."

(c) For the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, the amount represents the unrealized (gain) loss recognized for the change in fair value of the investment in Wella.

(d) For the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, this primarily represents adjustments for equity loss from KKW.

(e) The amounts represent the after-tax impact of the non-GAAP adjustments included in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests based on the relevant noncontrolling interest percentage in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

SIX NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER MARCH 31, 2023 2024 AS COMPARED TO SIX NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER MARCH 31, 2022 2023

NET REVENUES

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, net revenues increased **16% 13%**, or **\$455.4, \$552.1**, to **\$3,369.0** **\$4,754.6** from **\$2,913.6** **\$4,202.5** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Excluding net revenue from the first and second quarters of the prior period from Russia and the third quarter of the prior period from Lacoste, net revenues increased **17% 15%** or **\$490.6** **\$615.1** to **\$3,369.0** **\$4,754.6** from **\$2,878.4** **\$4,139.5** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, reflecting a positive price and mix impact of **13% 11%**, positive foreign currency exchange translation impact of **3% 2%**, and **a** **an** increase in unit volume of **1% 2%**. The overall increase in net revenues reflects growth in our prestige fragrance category due to the continued success of fragrance brands, specifically *Burberry, Hugo Boss, Calvin Klein, Gucci, Chloe, Marc Jacobs, Davidoff* and *Davidoff Joop*, as well as innovation from the launches including *Marc Jacobs Daisy Wild* and *Cosmic Kylie Jenner*, and positive performance in the prestige cosmetics category. The overall increase in net revenues for the Consumer Beauty segment was due to positive performance in the color cosmetics category specifically from *Rimmel Manhattan* and *Risque*, mass fragrance category specifically from *David Beckham*, and the skin and body care category in *Brazil*, *Brazil*, specifically from *Monange, Bozzano* and *Paixao*.

The overall increase in net revenues reflects the continued success of our pricing and revenue management strategies, including the implementation of targeted price increases across our product portfolio, portfolio earlier in the fiscal year. Volume growth across our fragrance portfolio, as well as in skin and body care products in Brazil helped drive the increase in revenues, partially offset by volume declines from certain color cosmetic and other body care brands in China due to macroeconomic conditions.

Geographically, except for China, net revenues in all major markets grew, led by *Brazil*, the United States, States, and *Germany*. Additionally, there was an increase in travel retail channel sales in the Europe, Americas and Asia Pacific all regions.

Digital and e-commerce channel sales growth also contributed to the increase in net revenues.

Net Revenues by Segment

	Six Months Ended		Change %	2024	2023	Change %
	December 31,	March 31,				
(in millions)	2023	2022				
NET REVENUES						
Prestige						

Prestige	\$ 2,187.3	\$ 1,821.2	20	20 %	\$ 3,054.5	\$ 2,620.9	17	17 %
Consumer Beauty	1,181.7	1,092.4	8	8 %	Consumer Beauty	1,700.1	1,581.6	8
Total								
Total								
Total								

Prestige

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, net revenues from the Prestige segment increased **20% 17%**, or **\$366.1** **\$433.6**, to **\$2,187.3** **\$3,054.5** from **\$1,821.2** **\$2,620.9** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Excluding net revenue from the first and second quarters of the prior period from Russia and the third quarter of the prior period from Lacoste, net revenues from the Prestige segment increased **21% 19%** or **\$382.7** **\$477.9** to **\$2,187.3** **\$3,054.5** from **\$1,804.6** **\$2,576.6** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, reflecting a positive price and mix impact of 10%, an increase in unit volume of 8%, and positive foreign currency exchange translation impact of 3%. The increase in net revenues primarily reflects:

- (i) higher net revenues (primarily due to the continued success of Prestige fragrances, such as *Burberry Goddess and Her, Hugo Boss Boss Bottled and Boss the Scent, Calvin Klein One, Eternity, and Euphoria, Gucci Guilty and Flora, Chloe Nomade and Signature, Marc Jacobs Daisy and Signature, Davidoff Cool Water*;
- (ii) an increase in net revenues in key markets, primarily the United States, Travel Retail, Germany, and Australia, due to the significant improvement of fill rates from the prior period; and
- (iii) an increase in net revenues due to positive pricing impact as a result of global price increases and earlier in the fiscal year, in line with the overall premiumization strategy.

These increases strategy and brand innovation), an increase in unit volume of 7%, and positive foreign currency exchange translation impact of 2%. The increase in net revenue were revenues primarily reflects:

- Prestige fragrance sales growth of \$446.7, primarily due to the continued success of *Burberry Goddess, Classic, Her and Hero, Hugo Boss Boss Bottled and Boss the Scent, Calvin Klein One, Euphoria, and Eternity, Gucci Guilty and Flora, Chloe Nomade and Signature, Marc Jacobs Daisy Wild, Davidoff Cool Water, and Joop Homme*, as well as continued brand innovation such as *Cosmic Kylie Jenner*. Prestige fragrance sales grew in major markets such as the United States, Germany, and Australia, as well as through travel retail channel sales across all regions. This growth was partially offset by:
- (i) by lower net revenues for the *Lacoste* *Lacoste* brand in the first six months of the current period, which was primarily due to the early license termination resulting in a wind down of sales through the end of the second quarter; and lower net revenues for the *Bottega Veneta* brand in the current period, which was primarily due to the license expiration; and
- Prestige cosmetic sales growth of \$21.4, primarily due to brand innovation from *Kylie cosmetics and Gucci makeup*.

Consumer Beauty

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, net revenues from the Consumer Beauty segment increased 8%, or **\$89.3** **\$118.5**, to **\$1,181.7** **\$1,700.1** from **\$1,092.4** **\$1,581.6** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Excluding net revenue from the first and second quarters of the prior period from Russia, net revenues from the Consumer Beauty segment increased **10% 9%** or **\$107.9** **\$137.2** to **\$1,181.7** **\$1,700.1** from **\$1,073.8** **\$1,562.9** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, reflecting a positive price and mix impact of **7% 5%** (primarily due to price increases across the Consumer Beauty product portfolio earlier in the fiscal year), and a positive foreign currency exchange translation impact of **3% 2%**, and an increase in unit volume of 2% (primarily due to Brazilian brands). The increase in net revenues primarily reflects:

- (i) an increase in net revenues from *color Color* cosmetics brands, specifically sales growth of \$53.5, primarily due to the continued success of *Rimmel Manhattan* which was due to saw continued brand innovation, such as *Lasting Finish* foundation and *Thrill Seeker* mascara; mascara, and *Risque* due to strong category momentum in Brazil and positive pricing impact, despite a category slowdown in the US;
- Skin and body care sales growth of \$43.4, due to the continued success of Brazilian brands *Monange, Bozzano, and Paixao* benefiting from strong category momentum and positive pricing impact. This growth was partially offset by lower sales volume for *adidas* primarily as a result of category slowdown in China;
- (ii) an increase in net revenues from the *mass Mass* fragrance category primarily sales growth of \$37.3, due to the continued success from the re-launch of *David Beckham Instinct* and innovation in *Bruno Banani* with the launch of *Magnetic Man* in the current fiscal year; period.
- (iii) an increase in net revenues from the skin and body care brands in Brazil due to strong category momentum and positive impact of pricing; and
- (iv) an increase in net revenues due to price increases across the Consumer Beauty product portfolio.

These increases in net revenue were partially offset by:

- (i) a decrease in net revenues due to lower sales volume for *Adidas* primarily as a result of category slowdown in China.

COST OF SALES

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, cost of sales increased **17%** **12%**, or **\$176.4** **\$186.1**, to **\$1,203.0** **\$1,690.8** from **\$1,026.6** **\$1,504.7** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Cost of sales as a percentage of net revenues **increased** **decreased** to **35.7%** **35.6%** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** from **35.2%** **35.8%** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023** resulting in a gross margin **decrease** **increase** of approximately **50** **20** basis points primarily reflecting:

- (i) approximately 70 basis points related to a decrease in manufacturing and material costs as a percentage of net revenues, driven by increased manufacturing efficiencies, improvements in productivity, as well as procurement and material cost optimization; and
- (ii) approximately 60 basis points related to decreased freight costs.

These increases were partially offset by:

- (i) approximately 70 basis points related to an increase in excess and obsolescence costs primarily associated with the Prestige product portfolio; and
- (ii) approximately **60** **40** basis points related to an increase in designer license fees due to licensed Prestige brands comprising a larger portion of overall net revenues in the current period as well as favorable royalty activity in the prior period, which did not reoccur in the current period.

These increases were partially offset by:

- (i) approximately 50 basis points related to decreased freight costs; and
- (ii) approximately 30 basis points related to a decrease in manufacturing and material costs as a percentage of net revenues.

The above reflects the impact from inflation offset by a positive impact from pricing, pricing net of inflation of approximately 130 basis points.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, selling, general and administrative expenses increased **12%** **11%**, or **\$175.8** **\$226.0**, to **\$1,600.8** **\$2,371.4** from **\$1,425.0** **\$2,145.4** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net revenues decreased to **47.5%** **49.9%** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** from **48.9%** **51.1%** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, or approximately **140** **120** basis points. This decrease was primarily due to:

- (i) **70** **80** basis points due to a decrease in stock-based compensation cost primarily related to a reduction in expense recognized in connection with awards granted to the CEO;
- (ii) **60** basis points due to a decrease in administrative costs as a percentage of net revenues primarily due to lower depreciation expense related to fully depreciated IT equipment and lower costs associated with leased IT equipment;
- (iii) **40** basis points due to a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional costs due to a reduction in working media investment as a percentage of net revenues; and
- (iv) **40** basis points due to a decrease in logistics costs as a percentage of net revenues; and
- (v) **40** basis points due to favorable transactional impact from our exposure to foreign currency as a percentage of net revenues; and

These decreases were partially offset by the following increases:

- (i) **50** **40** basis points due to an increase in bad debt expense primarily related to a favorable activity in the prior period that did not reoccur in the current period; and
- (ii) **20** basis points due to an accrual reversal associated with the resolution of a contingency in the prior period that did not reoccur in the current period.

OPERATING INCOME

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, operating income was **\$434.2** **\$512.0** compared to income of **\$371.2** **\$414.7** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Operating margin as a percentage of net revenues, increased to **12.9%** **10.8%** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** as compared to an operating income as a percentage of net revenues of **12.7%** **9.9%** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. The increase in operating margin is largely driven by lower fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues, a decrease in stock compensation expense as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 80 basis points) primarily related to a reduction in expense recognized in connection with a prior year's grant made to the CEO, lower fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 50 basis points) primarily related to non people-related costs, lower amortization expense as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 30 basis points), and lower cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 20 basis points), partially offset by higher restructuring costs in the current period (approximately 90 basis points). In addition, the higher proportion of Consumer Beauty sales were from lower margin Brazil brands, compared to the prior year, negatively impacted our consolidated gross margin and operating income.

Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

(in millions)	Nine Months Ended			Change %
	2024	2023	March 31,	
Operating income (loss)				
Prestige	\$ 531.0	\$ 437.3	21 %	
Consumer Beauty	79.0	53.3	48 %	
Corporate	(98.0)	(75.9)	(29)%	
Total	\$ 512.0	\$ 414.7	23 %	

Prestige

In the nine months ended March 31, 2024, operating income for Prestige was \$531.0 compared to income of \$437.3 in the nine months ended March 31, 2023. Operating margin increased to 17.4% of net revenues in the nine months ended March 31, 2024 as compared to 16.7% in the nine months ended March 31, 2023, driven primarily by a decrease in amortization expense as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 50 basis points) and a decrease in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 40 basis points) primarily related to non people-related costs.

Consumer Beauty

In the nine months ended March 31, 2024, operating income for Consumer Beauty was \$79.0 compared to income of \$53.3 in the nine months ended March 31, 2023. Operating margin increased to 4.6% of net revenues in the nine months ended March 31, 2024 as compared to 3.4% in the nine months ended March 31, 2023, driven by a decrease in transactional foreign exchange losses as a percentage of net revenues (approximately 50 basis points) primarily related to currency revaluation in Argentina in the prior year, a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional expense as a percentage of net revenues partially offset by higher restructuring costs (approximately 50 basis points) primarily due to a decrease in the current period working media, and an increase in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues.

Operating Income (Loss) by Segment

(in millions)	Six Months Ended December 31,			Change %
	2023	2022		
Operating income (loss)				
Prestige	\$ 422.2	\$ 335.0		26 %
Consumer Beauty	92.4	81.1		14 %
Corporate	(80.4)	(44.9)		(79)%
Total	\$ 434.2	\$ 371.2		17 %

Prestige

In the six months ended December 31, 2023, operating income for Prestige was \$422.2 compared to income of \$335.0 in the six months ended December 31, 2022. Operating margin increased to 19.3% of net revenues in the six months ended December 31, 2023 as compared to 18.4% in the six months ended December 31, 2022, driven primarily by a decrease in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues and a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional expense as a percentage of net revenues, partially offset by an increase in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues.

Consumer Beauty

In the six months ended December 31, 2023, operating income for Consumer Beauty was \$92.4 compared (approximately 20 basis points) primarily related to income of \$81.1 in the six months ended December 31, 2022. Operating margin increased to 7.8% of net revenues in the six months ended December 31, 2023 as compared to 7.4% in the six months ended December 31, 2022, driven by a decrease in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues and a decrease in advertising and consumer promotional expense as a percentage of net revenues, partially offset by an increase in cost of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues. non-people related costs.

Corporate

Corporate primarily includes corporate expenses not directly related to our operating activities. These items are included in Corporate since we consider them to be Corporate responsibilities, and these items are not used by our management to measure the underlying performance of the segments.

In the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, the operating loss for Corporate was \$80.4 \$98.0 compared to a loss of \$44.9 \$75.9 in the six nine months ended December 31, 2022 March 31, 2023, as described under "Adjusted Operating Income for Coty Inc." below. The increase to the operating loss for Corporate was primarily driven by an increase of \$40.4 in restructuring costs in the current period, partially offset by a decrease of \$27.0 in stock compensation expense in the current period.

Adjusted Operating Income by Segment

We believe that Adjusted Operating income by segment further enhances an investor's understanding of our performance. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures." A reconciliation of reported Operating income to Adjusted Operating income is presented below, by segment:

(in millions)	Six Months Ended December 31, 2023			Nine Months Ended March 31, 2024		
	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)
Operating income						
Prestige						
Prestige						
Prestige						
Consumer Beauty						
Corporate						
Total						
Six Months Ended December 31, 2022				Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023		

(in millions)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)	(in millions)	Reported (in millions) (GAAP)	Adjustments (a)	Adjusted (Non-GAAP)
Operating income							
Prestige							
Prestige							
Prestige							
Consumer Beauty							
Corporate							
Total							

(a) See a reconciliation of reported net income to operating income (loss) to adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted EBITDA for Coty Inc. and reconciliations of segment operating income (loss) to segment adjusted operating income (loss) and segment adjusted EBITDA for the Prestige, Consumer Beauty and Corporate segments with a description of the adjustments under "Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA for Coty Inc." and "Segment Operating Income (Loss), Segment Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Segment Adjusted EBITDA" below. All adjustments are reflected in Corporate, except for amortization and asset impairment charges on goodwill, regional indefinite-lived intangible assets, and finite-lived intangible assets, which are reflected in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments.

Net Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA for Coty Inc.

We believe that adjusted operating income further enhances an investor's understanding of our performance. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures." A reconciliation of reported operating income to adjusted operating income is presented below:

(in millions)	Six Months Ended December 31,		Change %
	2023	2022	
Reported operating income	434.2	371.2	17 %
% of net revenues	12.9 %	12.7 %	
Amortization expense	96.9	94.9	2 %
Restructuring and other business realignment costs	31.3	(3.7)	>100%
Stock-based compensation	49.9	65.3	(24)%
Gain on sale of real estate	(1.6)	(1.0)	(60)%
Early license termination and market exit costs	0.8	(15.7)	>100%
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 177.3	\$ 139.8	27 %
Adjusted operating income	\$ 611.5	\$ 511.0	20 %
% of net revenues	18.2 %	17.5 %	
Adjusted depreciation	115.2	114.5	1 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 726.7	\$ 625.5	16 %
% of net revenues	21.6 %	21.5 %	

(in millions)	Nine Months Ended March 31,		Change %
	2024	2023	
Net income (loss)	\$ 205.0	\$ 487.7	(58)%
<i>Net income margin</i>	4.3 %	11.6 %	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	106.9	138.3	(23)%
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 311.9	\$ 626.0	(50)%
Interest expense, net	190.3	185.7	2 %
Other income, net	9.8	(397.0)	>100%
Reported operating income	\$ 512.0	\$ 414.7	23 %
<i>Reported operating income (loss) margin</i>	10.8 %	9.9 %	
Amortization expense	145.4	143.1	2 %
Restructuring and other business realignment costs	29.6	(5.0)	>100%

Stock-based compensation	70.4	98.9	(29)%
Gain on sale of real estate	(1.6)	(1.0)	(60)%
Early license termination and market exit costs	(0.4)	(17.0)	98 %
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 243.4	\$ 219.0	11 %
Adjusted operating income	\$ 755.4	\$ 633.7	19 %
<i>Adjusted operating income margin</i>	15.9 %	15.1 %	
Adjusted depreciation	171.2	173.7	(1)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 926.6	\$ 807.4	15 %
<i>Adjusted EBITDA margin</i>	19.5 %	19.2 %	

In the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, adjusted operating income increased **\$100.5** **\$121.7**, to **\$611.5** **\$755.4** from **\$511.0** **\$633.7** in the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. Adjusted operating margin increased to **18.2%** **15.9%** of net revenues in the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** from **17.5%** **15.1%** in the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2022**. In the **six** months ended **December 31, 2023**,

adjusted EBITDA increased **\$101.2** to **\$726.7** from **\$625.5** in the **six** months ended **December 31, 2022**. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased to **21.6%** of net revenues in the **six** months ended **December 31, 2023** from **21.5%** in the **six** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, primarily due to a decrease in stock compensation expense as a percentage of net revenues, a decrease in fixed costs as a percentage of net revenues, and a decrease in advertising amortization expense as a percentage of net revenues and consumer promotional a decrease in costs of goods sold as a percentage of net revenues, partially offset by an increase in cost of goods sold restructuring costs as a percentage of net revenues. In the **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024**, adjusted EBITDA increased **\$119.2** to **\$926.6** from **\$807.4** in the **nine** months ended **March 31, 2023**. Adjusted EBITDA margin increased to **19.5%** of net revenues in the **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** from **19.2%** in the **nine** months ended **March 31, 2023**.

Segment Operating Income (Loss), Segment Adjusted Operating Income (Loss) and Segment Adjusted EBITDA

Operating Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA - Prestige Segment

(in millions)	Nine Months Ended		
	March 31,		Change %
	2024	2023	
Reported operating income	531.0	437.3	21 %
<i>Reported operating income (loss) margin</i>	17.4 %	16.7 %	
Amortization expense	115.6	112.7	3 %
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 115.6	\$ 112.7	3 %
Adjusted operating income	\$ 646.6	\$ 550.0	18 %
<i>Adjusted operating income margin</i>	21.2 %	21.0 %	
Adjusted depreciation	80.2	82.9	(3)%
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 726.8	\$ 632.9	15 %
<i>Adjusted EBITDA margin</i>	23.8 %	24.1 %	

Operating Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA - Consumer Beauty Segment

(in millions)	Nine Months Ended		
	March 31,		Change %
	2024	2023	
Reported operating income	79.0	53.3	48 %
<i>Reported operating income (loss) margin</i>	4.6 %	3.4 %	
Amortization expense	29.8	30.4	(2)%
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 29.8	\$ 30.4	(2)%
Adjusted operating income	\$ 108.8	\$ 83.7	30 %
<i>Adjusted operating income margin</i>	6.4 %	5.3 %	
Adjusted depreciation	91.0	90.8	— %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 199.8	\$ 174.5	14 %

Adjusted EBITDA margin	11.8 %	11.0 %
<i>Operating Loss, Adjusted Operating Loss and Adjusted EBITDA - Corporate Segment</i>		
(in millions)		
Reported operating loss	\$ (98.0)	\$ (75.9)
Reported operating income (loss) margin	N/A	N/A
Restructuring and other business realignment costs	29.6	(5.0)
Stock-based compensation	70.4	98.9
Gain on sale of real estate	(1.6)	(1.0)
Early license termination and market exit costs	(0.4)	(17.0)
Total adjustments to reported operating income	\$ 98.0	\$ 75.9
Adjusted operating income	\$ —	\$ —
Adjusted operating income margin	N/A	N/A
Adjusted depreciation	—	—
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ —	\$ —
Adjusted EBITDA margin	N/A	N/A

Amortization Expense

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, amortization expense increased to **\$96.9** **\$145.4** from **\$94.9** **\$143.1** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, amortization expense of **\$77.1** **\$115.6** and **\$19.8** **\$29.8** was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively. In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, amortization expense of **\$74.3** **\$112.7** and **\$20.6** **\$30.4** was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively.

Restructuring and Other Business Realignment Costs

We incurred **\$520.0** **\$521.1** of cash costs life-to-date related to our previously announced and substantially completed Transformation Plan as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, which have been recorded in Corporate. In addition, we continue to analyze our cost structure and evaluate opportunities to streamline operations through a range of other cost reduction activities ("Other Current Restructuring Actions").

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we incurred restructuring and other business structure realignment costs of **\$31.3**, **\$29.6**, as follows:

- We incurred restructuring costs of **\$34.1** **\$35.0** primarily related to the **Other Current** Restructuring Actions, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations; and
- We incurred a credit in business structure realignment costs of **(\$2.8)** **(\$5.4)** which is reported in selling, general and administrative expenses.

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, we incurred a credit in restructuring and other business structure realignment costs of **(\$3.7)** **(\$5.0)** as follows:

- We incurred a credit in restructuring costs of **(\$4.1)** **(\$5.4)** primarily related to the Transformation Plan, included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.
- We incurred business structure realignment costs of **\$0.4** primarily related to our Transformation Plan and certain other programs. This amount includes **\$0.9** reported in Cost of sales in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations and a credit of **(\$0.5)** reported in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

In all reported periods, all restructuring and other business realignment costs were reported in Corporate.

Stock-based compensation

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, stock-based compensation was **\$49.9** **\$70.4** as compared with **\$65.3** **\$98.9** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. The decrease in stock-based compensation is primarily related to a reduction in expense recognized in connection with awards granted to the CEO.

In all reported periods, all costs related to stock-based compensation were reported in Corporate.

Gain on Sale of Real Estate

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** we recognized gain of **(\$1.6)** and **(\$1.0)**, respectively, related to sale of real estate.

Early License Termination and Market Exit Costs

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we incurred costs recognized a gain of **\$0.8** **(\$0.4)** related to the early termination of a license and **market exit activity**, our decision to wind down our business in Russia.

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, we recognized a gain of **\$(15.7)** **\$(17.0)** related to our **market exit from** **decision to wind down our business in** **Russia**.

Adjusted Depreciation Expense

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, adjusted depreciation expense of **\$54.5** **\$80.2** and **\$60.7** **\$91.0** was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively. In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, adjusted depreciation expense of **\$54.3** **\$82.9** and **\$60.2** **\$90.8** was reported in the Prestige and Consumer Beauty segments, respectively.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, net interest expense was **\$129.9** **\$190.3** as compared with **\$126.9** **\$185.7** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. This increase is primarily due to higher foreign exchange losses, net of derivative contracts, the impact of a higher average interest rate despite lower debt balances in the current period, and lower amortization expense of deferred financing fees in the current period.

OTHER INCOME/EXPENSE

In the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, other **income** **expense** was **\$4.2** **\$9.8** as compared to other income of **\$240.1** **\$397.0** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**.

Other **income** **expense** of **\$4.2** **\$9.8** in the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** was principally comprised of **net losses on forward repurchase contracts of \$20.8** and **deferred financing fees of \$7.4**, partially offset by **fair value gains related to our equity investment related impacts in Wella of \$15.3**, **\$20.0**, and **gains associated with earn-out provisions related to our sale of Wella of \$8.5**, partially offset by **miscellaneous operating expense \$9.9**.

Other **income** of **\$16.0** and loss **\$397.0** in the **nine months ended March 31, 2023** was principally comprised of **gains related to our equity investment in the Wella company of \$210.0**, net **gains on forward repurchase contracts of \$3.6**.

Other **income** of **\$240.1** in the **six months ended December 31, 2022** was comprised of **equity investment related impacts of \$208.0**, **\$167.1**, and **gains associated with earn-out provisions related to our sale of Wella of \$26.4**, net **gains on forward repurchase contracts of \$10.6**, partially offset by **miscellaneous operating expense of \$4.9**, **\$28.5**.

This decrease in Other **income** of **\$406.8** is primarily due to a less favorable fair value adjustment of **\$190.0** related to our equity investment in the Wella Company compared to the prior period, and **net losses on forward repurchase contracts of \$187.9** compared to the prior year period, lower gains of **\$18.6** associated with earn-out provisions related to our sale of Wella as compared to the prior period.

INCOME TAXES

The effective income tax rate for the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** was **36.4%** **34.3%** and **22.4%** **22.1%**, respectively. The **change in the effective tax rate of 34.3% for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, as compared to was driven up from the prior period is primarily **statutory tax rate of 21%** due to an expense of **\$24.3** recognized in the current period recognized on the revaluation of our Company's deferred tax liabilities due to a tax rate increase enacted in Switzerland, Switzerland, as well as the limitation on the deductibility of executive stock compensation.

The effective tax rate of 22.1% for the nine months ended March 31, 2023 was increased from the statutory tax rate of 21% due to a large limitation on the deductibility of executive stock compensation. The increase was then offset by large fair value gains related to the investment in the Wella business taxed at a rate below the statutory tax rate of 21% as well as a foreign exchange loss recognized on the repatriation of funds that were previously taxed.

The effective income tax rates vary from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% due to the effect of: (i) jurisdictions with different statutory rates, including impacts of rate changes, (ii) adjustments to our unrecognized tax benefits and accrued interest; (iii) non-deductible expenses, (iv) audit settlements and (v) valuation allowance changes. Our effective tax rate could fluctuate significantly and could be adversely affected to the extent earnings are lower than anticipated in countries that have lower statutory rates and higher than anticipated in countries that have higher statutory rates.

Reconciliation of Reported Income Before Income Taxes to Adjusted Income Before Income Taxes and Effective Tax Rates:

		Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended						Income Before Taxes		Provision for Income Taxes		Income Before Taxes	
		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022											
		Nine Months Ended		Nine Months Ended											
		Ended		Ended											
		March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023											
(in millions)	(in millions)	Income Before Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Effective Tax Rate	Income Before Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Effective Tax Rate	Income Before Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Income Before Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Income Before Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes	Income Before Taxes	Provision for Income Taxes

Reported income before taxes	\$308.5	Reported income before taxes	\$ \$112.3	36.4	36.4 %	\$484.4	\$\$108.5	22.4	22.4 %	Reported income before taxes	\$311.9	\$ \$106.9	34.3	34.3 %	\$626
Other adjustments to reported operating income ^(a)															
Other adjustments to reported operating income ^(a)															
Other adjustments to reported operating income ^(a)															
Change in fair value of investment in Wella Business ^(c)															
Change in fair value of investment in Wella Business ^(c)															
Change in fair value of investment in Wella Business ^(c)															
Other adjustments ^(d)															
Other adjustments ^(d)															
Other adjustments ^(d)															
Total Adjustments ^(b)															
Total Adjustments ^(b)															
Total Adjustments ^(b)															
Adjusted income before income taxes															
Adjusted income before income taxes															
Adjusted income before income taxes															
\$472.9		\$ \$146.0	30.9	30.9 %	\$414.6	\$\$111.0	26.8	26.8 %	\$ 539.6	\$ \$158.9		29.4	29.4 %	\$635.6	

(a) See a description of adjustments under **"Adjusted Net Income, Adjusted Operating Income and Adjusted EBITDA for Continuing Operations, Coty Inc."**

(b) The tax effects of each of the items included in adjusted income are calculated in a manner that results in a corresponding income tax expense/provision for adjusted income. In preparing the calculation, each adjustment to reported income is first analyzed to determine if the adjustment has an income tax consequence. The provision for taxes is then calculated based on the jurisdiction in which the adjusted items are incurred, multiplied by the respective statutory rates and offset by the increase or reversal of any valuation allowances commensurate with the non-GAAP measure of profitability.

(c) The amount represents the realized and unrealized (gain) loss recognized for the change in fair value of the investment in Wella.

(d) For the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, this primarily represents divestiture-related costs related to our equity investments and loss from our equity investment in KKW. For the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, this primarily represents adjustments for equity loss from KKW.

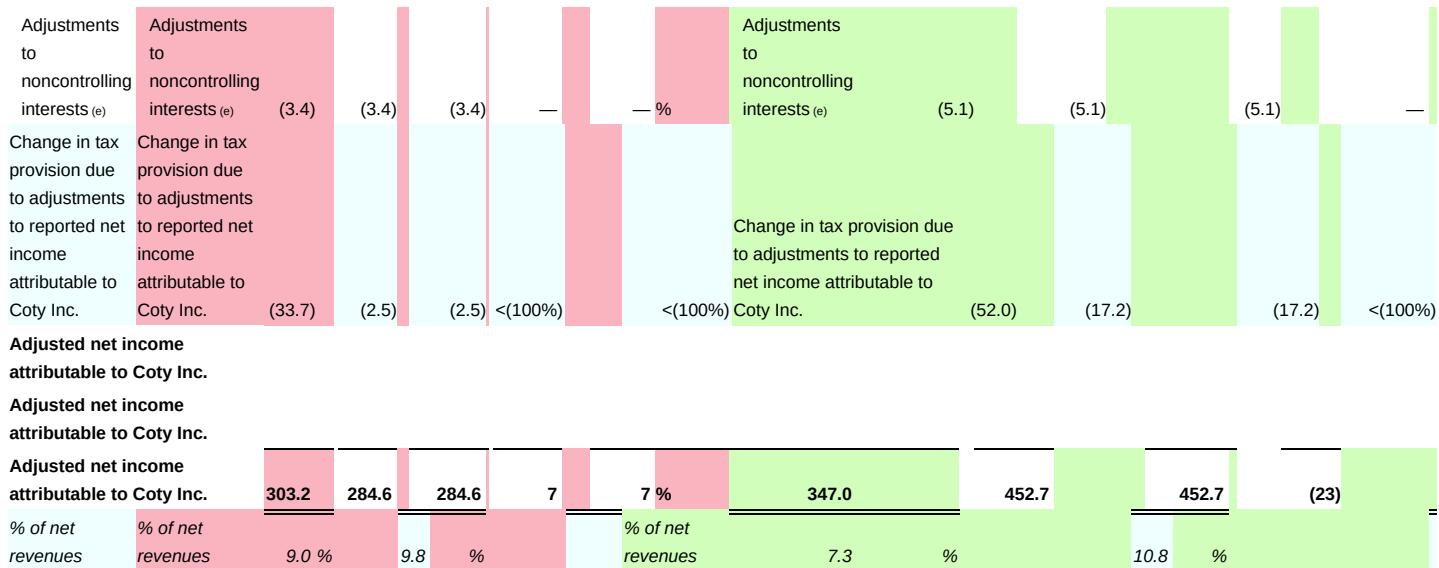
The adjusted effective tax rate was **30.9%** **29.4%** for the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** compared to **26.8%** **24.5%** for the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. The differences were primarily due to an expense of \$24.3 in the current period recognized on the revaluation of the Company's deferred tax liabilities due to a tax rate increase enacted in Switzerland.

NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO COTY INC.

Net income attributable to Coty Inc. was **\$182.5** **\$186.3** in the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, as compared to net income of **\$366.9** **\$475.3** in the **six** nine months ended **December 31, 2022** **March 31, 2023**. This decrease in net income was primarily driven by a less favorable fair value adjustment of **\$190.0** related to our investment in the Wella Company. Company and net losses on forward repurchase contracts of **\$187.9** compared to the prior year period.

We believe that adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. provides an enhanced understanding of our performance. See "Overview—Non-GAAP Financial Measures."





Per Share Data

Adjusted weighted-average common shares

Adjusted weighted-average common shares

Adjusted weighted-average common shares

Basic

Basic

Basic

Diluted (a)

Diluted (a)

Diluted (a)

Adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. per common share

Adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. per common share

Adjusted net income attributable to Coty Inc. per common share

Basic

Basic

Basic

Diluted (a)

Diluted (a)

Diluted (a)

(a) Adjusted Diluted EPS is adjusted by the effect of dilutive securities. For the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, shares for the Forward Repurchase Contracts were excluded from the computation of adjusted diluted EPS as Coty is in the position to receive shares from the counterparties and as such their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

Accordingly, we did not reverse the impact of the fair market value gains/losses/(gains) for contracts with the option to settle in shares or cash of \$0.2 \$6.9 and \$6.8, \$(100.7), respectively. For the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024, convertible Series B Preferred Stock (23.7 million weighted average dilutive shares) were anti-dilutive. Accordingly, we excluded these shares from the diluted shares and 2022, did not adjust the earnings for the related dividend of \$9.9. For the nine months ended March 31, 2023, as the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock was dilutive, an adjustment to reverse the impact of the preferred stock dividends of \$6.6 and \$6.6, respectively \$9.9 was required.

(b) See a description of adjustments under "Adjusted Operating Income for Continuing Operations"

(c) The amount represents the realized and unrealized (gain) loss recognized for the change in fair value of the investment in Wella.

(d) For the ~~six~~ nine months ended ~~December 31, 2023~~ March 31, 2024, this primarily divestiture-related costs related to our equity investments and loss from our equity investment in KKW. For the ~~six~~ nine months ended ~~December 31, 2022~~ March 31, 2023, this primarily represents loss from equity investment in KKW.

(e) The amounts represent the after-tax impact of the non-GAAP adjustments included in Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests based on the relevant noncontrolling interest percentage in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Overview

Our primary sources of funds include cash expected to be generated from operations, borrowings from issuance of debt and lines of credit provided by banks and lenders in the U.S. and abroad.

Our cash flows are subject to seasonal variation throughout the year, including demands on cash made during our first fiscal quarter in anticipation of higher global sales during the second fiscal quarter and strong cash generation in the second fiscal quarter as a result of increased demand by retailers associated with the holiday season.

Our principal uses of cash are to fund planned operating expenditures, capital expenditures, interest payments, dividends, share repurchases, any principal payments on debt, and from time to time, acquisitions, and business structure realignment expenditures. Working capital movements are influenced by the sourcing of materials related to the production of products. Cash and working capital management initiatives, including the phasing of vendor ~~and tax~~ payments and factoring of trade receivables from time-to-time, may also impact the timing and amount of our operating cash flows.

We remain focused on deleveraging our balance sheet using cash flows generated from our ~~operations, operations and other targeted initiatives~~. We continue to take steps to permanently reduce our debt to reduce interest costs and improve our long-term profitability and cash flows. ~~During the first quarter, we explored an opportunity to further deleverage by divesting a portion of our equity position in Wella to use the proceeds to repay our debt. On July 18, 2023, we announced that we had entered into a binding letter of intent to sell a 3.6% stake in Wella to an investment firm for \$150.0. Subsequently, we and the investment firm mutually agreed not to pursue the proposed transaction and entered into a termination letter in October 2023. Our remaining 25.9% 25.84% investment in Wella continues to give us the opportunity for further permanent debt reductions when our equity position is divested.~~

~~We continue to wind down the operations of our Russian subsidiary. We anticipate that we will incur an immaterial amount of additional costs through completion of the wind down, and future net cash costs of \$10.0 to \$20.0, which will be funded by our Russian subsidiary. The amount of future costs, including cash costs, will be subject to various factors, such as additional government regulation and the resolution of legal contingencies. We have substantially completed the exit of our commercial activities in Russia. However, we anticipate that the process related to the liquidation of the Russian legal entity will take an extended period of time. We anticipate that we will incur an future net cash costs of \$10.0 to \$15.0, which will be funded by our Russian subsidiary. The amount of future costs, including cash costs, will be subject to various factors, such as additional government regulation and the resolution of legal contingencies.~~

~~Inflationary trends eased in The impact of inflation on material, logistical and other costs subsided during the nine months ended March 31, 2024, which was primarily driven by a significant easing during the second quarter and third quarters. Inflation may continue to impact certain costs, such as labor, however, we currently anticipate the overall impact of fiscal 2024 and are expected inflation to continue to ease in the coming quarters, fourth quarter of fiscal 2024. Additionally, we continued to see improved order fill rates and achieved near pre-COVID-19 service levels beginning in the second quarter and anticipate being able to maintain this level of service into the foreseeable future.~~

Debt Financing

We are in the process of deleveraging our company and improving the maturity mix of our debt, including through refinancing or repayment of a portion of our debt.

We have taken action to reduce variability in our interest payments including paying down variable interest rate debt outstanding under our 2018 Coty Term B Facility and issuing fixed rate bonds. As a result, all of our long-term debt was fixed rate debt as of December 31, 2023 and our remaining floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps have been terminated.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2024, we amended the 2018 Coty Credit Agreement and replaced our existing revolving commitments with two tranches of revolving commitments, having an aggregate principal amount of \$1,670.0 available in U.S. dollars and certain other currencies and the other in an aggregate principal amount of €300.0 million available in euros, and issued \$750.0 and €500.0 million of senior secured notes due July 2030 and September 2028, respectively. The net proceeds received from the offerings were used to primarily pay down the outstanding balance of the U.S. dollar and euro portions of the 2018 Coty Term B Facility by \$715.5 and €22.6 million (approximately \$25.1), respectively and a portion of the borrowings outstanding under our revolving credit facility. In August 2023, we repaid the €408.0 million (approximately \$446.1) of the debt outstanding under the 2018 Term B Facility, thus repaying the facility in full.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2024, one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries utilized cash on hand to fully pay down the U.S. Dollar-denominated credit facility in Brazil in the amount of \$31.9. Additionally, we completed cash tender offers on December 7, 2023, and redeemed \$150.0 of the ~~Company's~~ Company's 2026 Dollar Notes and \$250.0 of the ~~Company's~~ Company's 2026 Dollar Senior Secured Notes. See Note 9—Debt in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on our debt arrangements and prior period credit agreements, as well as definitions of capitalized terms.

We expect to continue to take actions to improve the maturity mix of our debt from time to time as market conditions permit.

Equity Offering

On September 28, 2023, we entered into an agreement with a group of underwriters to issue and sell 33.0 million shares of our Class A common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (see Note 13—Equity and Convertible Preferred Stock for additional information). We used proceeds of approximately \$348.4, net of underwriting fees, from this offering primarily to retire the principal amount of outstanding debt. Other uses included general corporate purposes, such as strategic investments in the business, working capital and capital expenditures. Settlement of the Offering occurred on October 2, 2023.

Share Repurchases

In connection with our Share Repurchase Program, we entered into forward repurchase contracts in June 2022, December 2022, and November 2023 with three large financial institutions to start hedging hedge for \$200.0, and a potential \$200.0, \$196.0 and \$250.0 \$294.0 of share repurchases in 2024, 2025 and 2026, respectively.

We plan to physically settle settled the June 2022 forward repurchase contracts by delivering approximately \$200.0 cash in exchange for 27 million 27.0 million shares of our Class A Common Stock during the third quarter of fiscal 2024. The forward repurchase contracts permit a net cash settlement alternative in addition to the physical settlement. We may elect net cash settlement of all, or some of the remaining forward repurchase contracts based on factors such as timing, the market value of the underlying shares at the settlement date and other internal cash management considerations. We will continue to incur costs associated with these the remaining forward repurchase contracts before settlement. Such cash Cash costs incurred in the current fiscal year to date for all forward repurchase contracts amounted to \$24.0, \$34.0.

Factoring of Receivables

From time to time, we supplement the timing of our cash flows through the factoring of trade receivables. In this regard, we have entered into factoring arrangements with financial institutions.

The net amount utilized under the factoring facilities was \$217.0 \$192.7 and \$202.9 as of December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. The aggregate amount of trade receivable invoices factored on a worldwide basis amounted to \$874.0 \$1,196.9 and \$795.8 \$1,192.4 during the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

Other Developments

We ended a previously existing distribution arrangement with Wella related to transition services for Wella Brazil in the third quarter of fiscal 2024, resulting in a net positive cash impact of approximately \$35.0 during the nine months ended March 31, 2024 related to reimbursements for working capital financed by Coty since the separation of the Wella business.

Cash Flows

	Six Months Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Data:		
(in millions)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		
Net cash provided by operating activities		
Net cash provided by operating activities		
Net cash used in investing activities		
Net cash used in financing activities		
<i>Net cash provided by operating activities</i>		
Net cash provided by operating activities was \$608.1 \$438.1 and \$645.4 \$520.8 for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities of \$37.3 \$82.7 was primarily driven by lower net inflows a negative impact from changes in working capital, resulting from by changes in accounts payable due to the timing of payments and vendor mix, and as well higher cash outflows for tax payments. However, these decreases to cash flows from operating activities were partially offset by higher net inflows from all other net working capital accounts, including changes in inventory offset by changes in trade receivables primarily receivables. Changes in inventory year over year reflect the impact of prior year increases in safety stock focused on mitigating supply chain constraints compared to an inflow from inventory in the current year as the Company adjusted inventory levels to a more normal level. The outflow from accounts receivable was due to higher increases in net revenue and a slowdown in collections, partially offset by lower factored receivables factoring. Additionally, offsetting activity was due to lower year over year. Changes in inventories partially offset these impacts due to the prior year increase in inventory as a result of strategic efforts to mitigate supply chain constraints combined with a current year decrease in inventory from higher net revenues. Changes in accrued expenses and other current and noncurrent liabilities also helped to offset the overall decrease in cash provided by operating activities primarily from the impact of lower payments for restructuring and interest related to timing a net inflow of restructuring programs and changes to interest payment terms year over year. \$35.0 as a reimbursement from Wella for working capital financed by Coty since the separation of the Wella business.		
Net cash used in investing activities		
Net cash used in investing activities was \$119.4 \$161.5 and \$45.2 \$97.7 for the six nine months ended December 31, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively. The decrease increase in cash used in investing cash flows activities of \$74.2 \$63.8 was primarily due to lower current year proceeds related to an early license termination, and the impact of timing and increased capital expenditures. The collection of contingent consideration and proceeds from the sale of long-lived other long-term assets and higher levels of		

Net cash used in investing activities

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capital expenditures year over year. The lower proceeds from sale of long-lived assets was primarily driven by the impact of the prior year collection of license termination fees which did not reoccur in the current year. year helped to partially offset the year over year increase in cash used in investing activities.

Net cash used in financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities during the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** was **\$285.9** **\$264.1** and **\$536.6** **\$397.6**, respectively. The decrease in cash used in financing activities of **\$250.7** **\$133.5** was primarily driven by the net proceeds from the issuance of Class A Common Stock mainly in connection with the global offering and lower cash payments in the current year due compared to the prior year from realized net losses on the Company's financing related foreign currency contracts. Such lower The decrease in cash outflows were used for financing activities was partially offset primarily by higher repayments outflows in the current year associated with related to the Company's Credit Agreement, higher payments for deferred financing fees and for the Company's forward repurchase contracts in which includes a cash payment for the current year, settlement of the June 2022 forward repurchase contract, higher year over year net cash repayments from the Company's debt related activities, as well as cash payments for associated deferred financing fees.

Dividends

On April 29, 2020, the Board of Directors suspended the payment of dividends on Common Stock. As we focus on preserving cash, previously disclosed, we expect to suspend the payment of dividends until we reach approach a Net debt to Adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("Adjusted EBITDA") target of 2x. We expect to consider any future resumption of dividends in line with that target while continuing to pursue our deleveraging agenda and implementing our strategic initiatives. Any determination to pay dividends in the future will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors.

Dividends on the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock are payable in cash, or by increasing the amount of accrued dividends on Convertible Series B Preferred Stock, or any combination thereof, at the sole discretion of the Company. We expect to pay such dividends in cash on a quarterly basis, subject to the declaration thereof by our Board of Directors. The terms of the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock restrict our ability to declare cash dividends on our common stock until all accrued dividends on the Convertible Series B Preferred Stock have been declared and paid in cash.

For additional information on our dividends, see Note 13—Equity and Convertible Preferred Stock in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Treasury Stock - Share Repurchase Program

For information on our Share Repurchase Program, see Note 13—Equity and Convertible Preferred Stock in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Commitments and Contingencies

See Note 16—Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information on our subsidiary in the Middle East.

Legal Contingencies

For information on our litigation matters and Brazilian tax assessments, see Note 17—Commitments and Contingencies in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. In relation to the appeal of our Brazilian tax assessments, we have entered into surety bonds of R\$**423.8** **464.3** million (approximately **\$87.3** **\$92.6**) as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We had undrawn letters of credit of \$4.1 and \$7.2 and bank guarantees of **\$20.7** **\$21.1** and \$16.3 as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contractual Obligations

Our principal contractual obligations and commitments as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in Item 7 - "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources - Contractual Obligations and Commitments," of our Fiscal 2023 Form 10-K. Refer to Item 2 - "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Liquidity and Capital Resources - Share Repurchases" above for discussion of the obligations related to our announced share repurchase during fiscal 2024. For the **six nine** months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, there have been no other material changes in our contractual obligations outside the ordinary course of business.

Critical Accounting Policies

We believe that the critical accounting policies listed below involve our more significant judgments, assumptions and estimates and, therefore, could have the greatest potential impact on our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Revenue Recognition;
- Equity Investments;
- Goodwill, Other Intangible Assets and Long-Lived Assets;
- Inventory; and
- Income Taxes.

As of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, there have been no material changes to the items disclosed as critical accounting policies and estimates in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II—Item 7 of our Fiscal 2023 Form 10-K.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

See Note 12—Derivative Instruments for updates to our foreign currency risk management and interest rate risk management. There have been no material changes in market risk from the information provided in Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk of our Fiscal 2023 Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act, that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") and our Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, our CEO and CFO concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in management's evaluation pursuant to Rules 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act during the **second** **third** fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

Our management, including our CEO and CFO, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving our objectives and are effective at the reasonable assurance level. However, our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

For information on our legal matters, see Note 17—Commitments and Contingencies in the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

We have disclosed information about the risk factors that could adversely affect our business in Part I, Item 1A under the heading "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2023.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

No shares of our Class A Common Stock were repurchased during the fiscal quarter ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, none of the Company's directors or Section 16 reporting officers adopted or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of the SEC's Regulation S-K).

Item 6. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

The exhibits listed below are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Exhibit Number	Description
10.1	Separation Agreement dated February 6, 2024, between Coty Management B.V. and Gordon von Bretten. [†]
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

[†]

Exhibit is a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

COTY INC.

Date: **February 8, 2024** May 7, 2024

By: **/s/Sue Nabi**

Name: Sue Nabi

Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/Laurent Mercier

Name: Laurent Mercier
Title: Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

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Exhibit 10.1

THIS SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT is made on 6 February 2024

BETWEEN:

(1) **COTY MANAGEMENT B.V.**, a private limited liability company incorporated under the laws of the Netherlands, having its registered seat in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, and its office address at Buitenveldertselaan 3-5, 1082 VA Amsterdam, the Netherlands, hereinafter: the **Company**; and

(2) **GORDON VON BRETTEN**, born on [XXX], residing at [XXX], hereinafter: the **Director**;

The Company and the Director together referred to as the **Parties** and each of them individually as the **Party**.

WHEREAS:

- a) the Director entered into the Company's employment with effect from 3 June 2020 on the basis of an indefinite term employment agreement (the "**Employment Agreement**");
- b) the Director was appointed as managing director (*statutair directeur*) of the Company by a written resolution of the general meeting of shareholders of the Company with effect from 1 July 2020;
- c) the Director serves as Chief Transformation Officer of Coty Inc. (the **Parent**) and in such positions with the Parent, the Company or any other business entity, directly or indirectly, controlled by or under common control with the Parent (each, a **Group Company** and together the **Group**);
- d) the Parties now wish to terminate the Employment Agreement in accordance with the terms set out in this agreement;
- e) the Parties emphasize that the reason for termination is not an urgent cause (*dringende reden*) as referred to in article 7:678 of the Dutch Civil Code, and that the initiative to terminate the employment has been taken by the Company;
- f) the Parties have discussed the terms and conditions of termination of the Director's employment and corporate position(s) with the Company and/or any Group Company and wish to hereby record their agreement in this respect in writing; and
- g) by concluding this settlement agreement, the Parties intend to reach a comprehensive settlement.

IT HAS BEEN AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The employment between the Company and the Director will terminate by mutual consent with effect from 1 April 2024 whereby his last day of employment will be 31 March 2024 (the **Termination Date**).
2. The Director will continue to perform his regular duties until the Termination Date.
3. By signing this agreement, other than his role as a Director on the Board of Directors of Coty Inc. effective April 1, 2024 which shall not be impacted hereby, the Director stands down or resigns, as the case may be, with effect from the Termination Date from his role as managing director of the Company, and from all (other) employment or corporate positions he holds with the Company and/or the Group, such as supervisory and management board positions, and all other positions that the Director holds in his capacity as representative of the Company or the Group, like memberships of branch organisations, without cancelling the membership of the relevant members of the Company or the Group to those organisations. The Director undertakes to sign such documentation and take such actions as may be required to give effect to the foregoing.
4. Subject to the provisions of this agreement, the Company will pay the Director his regular salary and provide him with his regular benefits, until the Termination Date.
5. Any expenses not yet claimed and relating to the period up to the Termination Date will be reimbursed in accordance with the normal expense policies of the Company, provided that a request for reimbursement will have been submitted to the Company ultimately on the Termination Date.
6. Within one month after the Termination Date, and provided that the Director has complied with all his obligations from this agreement and the Employment Agreement, the Company will pay to the Director an amount of EUR 325,000 gross as a payment in lieu of notice (the **PILON**). The

PILON is deemed to include any compensation to which the Director may be entitled in relation to the termination of his employment. This includes but is not limited to any compensation for loss of income and benefits of whatever nature relating to the employment or any other positions held by the Director with the Group, including the termination thereof, such as entitlements arising from the use of company property and contributions to private insurance and pension arrangements. The PILON will be paid to the Director in the Netherlands, less applicable taxes and social security premiums.

7. Within one month after the Termination Date, the Company will effect a normal final payment (*eindafrekening*) in the Netherlands, subject to the provisions of this agreement. The holidays accrued but untaken by the Director up to the Termination Date will be paid out on the basis of Base Salary as defined in the Employment Agreement, which is deemed to include 8% holiday allowance. The Director's pension will be made premium

free (*premievrij*) in accordance with the law and the rules of the relevant pension plan. Any benefits, insurances and pension plans, if any, that Director participates in pursuant to the Employment Agreement, will end on the Termination Date or, if earlier, the last day of the employment.

8. Any loans or advance payments provided to the Director by the Company and/or the Group become repayable as of the Termination Date or, if earlier, the last day of the employment. The amount of the loans or advance payments will be set-off (*verrekenen*) against any amount owed to the Director by the Company and/or the Group. The Director must immediately repay any amount thus remaining to the Company and/or the relevant Group Company.
9. The Director's rights under the Amended and Restated Coty Inc. Equity and Long-Term Incentive Plan (the *ELTIP*) will be settled in accordance with the relevant scheme rules, but notwithstanding the Director's continuing role as a director on the Board of Directors of Coty Inc. effective April 1, 2024, and, with his explicit consent, be forfeited with the exception of 193,574 shares of restricted stock which shall vest on the Termination Date.
10. The Company will contribute an amount of at maximum EUR 5,000 gross exclusive of VAT towards legal fees incurred by the Director in respect of legal assistance in connection with the termination of his employment, which amount shall be paid directly to his legal adviser(s) upon receipt by the Company of (an) original specified invoice(s) in the name of the Director, but marked payable by the Company.
11. Ultimately on the Termination Date, the Director will return to the Company and/or any other party designated by the Company all property of the Company and/or the Group, and all other items made available to him by or on behalf of the Company and/or the Group in connection with the performance of his job, including, but not limited to: company car, smartphone, tablet, laptop, other computer equipment, any and all files, software and diskettes, credit cards, keys, documents, papers, records, notes, agenda, memoranda, plans, calendars, and other books and records of any kind and nature whatsoever containing information concerning the Company and/or the Group, their customers or operations. The Director herewith confirms that he will not retain copies of any such property or other materials. The Director confirms that he will until the date of return, use any company property in line with the rules and procedures applicable within the Company and/or the Group in that respect.
12. The Director confirms that he will not disclose, divulge, or communicate any negative or damaging information about the Company and/or the Group, the controlling shareholders and/or their ultimate beneficial owners.
13. The Director will keep strictly secret and confidential the existence and contents of this agreement, as well as any other information relating to the settlement or the termination of

the Employment Agreement, unless vis-à-vis the Director's civil partner or legal advisors or in case this would be required for the proper implementation of this agreement or as a result of a legal obligation to disclose such information.

14. Any confidentiality and intellectual property clauses as agreed upon between the Director and the Company and/or the Group in the Employment Agreement and/or the confidentiality, non-competition and non-solicitation agreement signed by the Director (**RCA**) will remain in full force up to and after the Termination Date, in accordance with their terms and including the penalties agreed in case of violation. Subject to the terms and conditions as agreed upon in the RCA, the Company shall pay the Director compensation for any period that the Director is restricted from accepting employment or other remunerative association during the Restricted Period as defined in the RCA.
15. The Director confirms that he will change any social media profiles (LinkedIn, Facebook, X and any other relevant media being applicable) ultimately at the Termination Date, so that it is unambiguously clear that the Director is no longer employed by the Company. In addition, the Director shall ensure that the information provided in any of his social media profiles concerning his employment with the Company is accurate, including but not limited to the position, tasks and responsibilities and the duration of the employment.
16. Whether or not the Director is granted a benefit pursuant to the applicable social security laws after the Termination Date, and whether or not a punitive cut is applied, or such benefit is suspended, this will not change this agreement. Any loss that Director might suffer is deemed to be included in this agreement so that the Company will not be obliged to make any additional payment.
17. Subject to the provisions of this agreement, the Director hereby grants the Company and/or the Group full and final discharge as regards any rights or claims he may have towards them following from his employment and/or any other positions he holds with the Company and/or the Group, or the termination thereof.
18. The Director has been advised by the Company to seek professional legal advice before accepting the terms and conditions as laid down in this agreement, and the Director confirms that he fully understands the terms and conditions of this agreement and is fully aware of all of the implications arising therefrom.
19. If the Director becomes incapacitated for work before the Termination, this shall not change the arrangements made in this agreement. If the Director becomes ill prior to the Termination Date or, if earlier, the last day of his employment or within four weeks after the Termination Date or, if earlier, the last day of his employment, the Director shall immediately report this to the Company in writing and provide his contact details. The Director will be obliged to (i) report to the company doctor upon first request, (ii) at all times provide his full cooperation to applicable reintegration obligations, and (iii) provide

the Company with all information which it needs to submit to the Director, Insurance Agency (**UWV**) or other relevant authorities in this respect. If the Director does not comply with the applicable reintegration obligations, the right of continued payment of wages shall cease. If the Director is eligible for benefit under the Dutch Sickness Benefit Act (**Ziektewet**) or Work and Income (Capacity for Work) Act (**WIA**) or the Return to Work (Partially Disabled Persons) Regulations (**WGA**), the Director must strictly comply with the rules and regulations in respect of sickness and incapacity for work as issued by the UWV.

20. All amounts payable under this agreement are gross amounts. The Director will bear all regular wage tax and income tax, as well as any employee social security contributions due in relation to all the amounts payable and benefits granted under this agreement and indemnify and hold harmless the Company and any Group Company for all these taxes and premiums payable in respect of such amounts. For the avoidance of doubt, this indemnification shall not apply to any other taxes, interest and penalties payable by the Company and/or any Group Company in respect of the amounts payable and benefits granted under this agreement.

21. This agreement constitutes a settlement agreement (*vaststellingsovereenkomst*) in accordance with article 7:900 and further of the Dutch Civil Code. The Parties to this agreement irrevocably waive their right to seek rescission and/or annulment of this agreement, it being understood that this will not prevent the Company from summarily dismissing the Director prior to the Termination Date based on an urgent cause as meant in article 7:678 of the Dutch Civil Code, in which case the Director will no longer be entitled to any financial right under this agreement with the exception of his regular salary and benefits until the last day of his employment.

22. This agreement represents the entire understanding and agreement reached between the Parties in respect of the termination of the Director's employment and corporate position(s) with the Company and/or the Group. This agreement supersedes all previous agreements, both oral and in writing, including correspondence, in relation to such subject matters. Modifications and/or amendments to this agreement shall only be valid if agreed in writing between the Parties.

23. This agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Netherlands.

24. All disputes arising out of or in connection with this agreement shall be submitted in the first instance to the competent court in Amsterdam.

In witness whereof this agreement was executed in duplicate and signed by the Parties:

For Coty Management B.V.: For acceptance:

/s/ Kristin Blazewicz /s/ Gordon von Bretten
Name: Kristin Blazewicz Name: Gordon von Bretten
Date: February 6, 2024 Date: February 6, 2024

Coty International Holding B.V.:

/s/ Raphael Fauvel
Name: Raphael Fauvel
Date: February 6, 2024

Exhibit 31.1

Certification

I, Sue Nabi, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Coty Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and

have:

- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **February 8, 2024** May 7, 2024

/s/Sue Nabi

Sue Nabi
Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

Certification

I, Laurent Mercier, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Coty Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **February 8, 2024** **May 7, 2024**

/s/ Laurent Mercier

Laurent Mercier
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

Certification
Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or
Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
(as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), the undersigned officer of Coty Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** (the "Report") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)), and the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **February 8, 2024** **May 7, 2024**

/s/ Sue Nabi

Sue Nabi
Chief Executive Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code) and for no other purpose.

Exhibit 32.2

Certification
Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or
Rule 15d-14(b) and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
(as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 (as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002), the undersigned officer of Coty Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **December 31, 2023** **March 31, 2024** (the "Report") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)), and the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **February 8, 2024** **May 7, 2024**

/s/Laurent Mercier

Laurent Mercier

Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code) and for no other purpose.

DISCLAIMER

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