

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

BYND - BEYOND MEAT, INC.

10-Q - MARCH 30, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	2259
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CHANGES	235
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DELETIONS	1126
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ADDITIONS	898
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **September** **March 30, 2023** **2024**
OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-38879

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BEYOND MEAT, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

26-4087597

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

888 N. Douglas Street, Suite 100

El Segundo, CA 90245

(Address, including zip code, of principal executive offices)

(866) 756-4112

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value	BYND	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes ☐ No ☒

As of **November 7, 2023** **May 8, 2024**, the registrant had **64,540,906** **64,884,712** shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, outstanding.

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Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the federal securities laws that involve risks and uncertainties concerning the business, products and financial results of Beyond Meat, Inc. (including its subsidiaries unless the context otherwise requires, "Beyond Meat," "we," "us," "our" or the "Company"). We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current opinions, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions and projections about future events and financial trends affecting the operating results and financial condition of our business. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time those statements are made and/or management's good faith belief as of that time with respect to future events, and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual performance or results to differ materially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to:

- the impact of inflation and rising higher interest rates across the economy, including higher food, grocery, raw materials, transportation, energy, labor and fuel costs;
- a continued decrease in demand, and the underlying factors negatively impacting demand, in the plant-based meat category;
- risks and uncertainties related to certain cost-reduction initiatives, cost structure improvements, workforce reductions and executive leadership changes, and the timing and success of reducing operating expenses and achieving certain financial goals and cash flow positive objectives;
- the timing and success of narrowing our commercial focus to certain growth opportunities; accelerating activities that prioritize gross margin expansion and cash generation; generation, including as part of our review of our global operations initiated in November 2023 ("Global Operations Review"); changes to our pricing architecture within certain channels; channels including the recent and planned future price increases of certain of our products; and accelerated, cash-accretive inventory reduction initiatives;
- our ability to successfully execute our global operations review, Global Operations Review, including the potential exit or discontinuation of select product lines; lines such as Beyond Meat Jerky; the impact of non-cash charges such as provision for excess and obsolete inventory, accelerated depreciation on planned write-offs and disposals of fixed assets, and losses on sale and write-down of fixed assets; further optimization of our manufacturing capacity and real estate footprint; and a the continued review and potential restructuring of our operations in China;
- the impact of adverse and uncertain economic and political conditions in the U.S. and international markets, including concerns about the likelihood of an economic recession, downturn or periods of rising or high inflation;
- reduced consumer confidence and changes in consumer spending, including spending to purchase our products, and negative trends in consumer purchasing patterns due to levels of consumers' disposable income, credit availability and debt levels, and economic conditions, including due to recessionary and inflationary pressures;
- our inability to properly manage and ultimately sell our inventory in a timely manner, which could require us to sell our products through liquidation channels at lower prices, write-down or write-off obsolete inventory, or increase inventory reserves; provision;
- any future impairment charges, including due to any future changes in estimates, judgments or assumptions, failure to achieve forecasted operating results, weakness in the economic environment, changes in market conditions and/or declines in our market capitalization;
- the sufficiency of our cash and cash equivalents to meet our liquidity needs, including estimates of our expenses, future revenues, capital expenditures, capital requirements and our needs for and ability to obtain additional financing; financing, if at all;
- our ability to accurately predict consumer taste preferences, trends and demand and successfully innovate, introduce and commercialize new products and improve existing products such as our new Beyond IV platform, including in new geographic markets;
- the effects of competitive activity from our market competitors and new market entrants;

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- disruption to, and the impact of uncertainty in, our domestic and international supply chain, including labor shortages and disruption, shipping delays and disruption, and the impact of cyber incidents at suppliers and vendors;

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- our ability to streamline operations and improve cost efficiencies, which could result in the contraction of our business and the implementation of significant cost cutting measures such as further downsizing and exiting certain operations, including product lines, domestically and/or abroad;
- the impact of uncertainty as a result of doing business in China and Europe, including as a result of our continued review and potential restructuring of our operations in China;
- the volatility of or inability to access the capital markets, including due to macroeconomic factors, our loss of well-known seasoned issuer ("WKSI") status, geopolitical tensions or the outbreak of hostilities or war—for example, the war in Ukraine and the escalating conflict in Israel, Gaza and surrounding areas;
- changes in the retail landscape, including our ability to maintain and expand our distribution footprint, the timing, success and level of trade and promotion discounts, our ability to maintain and grow market share and increase household penetration, repeat purchases, buying rates (amount spent per buyer) and purchase frequency, and our ability to maintain and increase sales velocity of our products; products, and the timing and success of the Beyond IV launch;
- changes in the foodservice landscape, including the timing, success and level of marketing and other financial incentives to assist in the promotion of our products, our ability to maintain and grow market share and attract and retain new foodservice customers or retain existing foodservice customers, and our ability to introduce and sustain offering of our products on menus;

- the timing and success of distribution expansion and new product introductions, including the timing and success of the Beyond IV launch, in increasing revenues and market share;
- the timing and success of strategic Quick Service Restaurant ("QSR") partnership launches and limited time offerings resulting in permanent menu items;
- foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations;
- our ability to identify and execute cost-down initiatives intended to achieve price parity with animal protein; improve our profitability;
- the effectiveness of our business systems and processes;
- our estimates of the size of our market opportunities and ability to accurately forecast market growth;
- our ability to effectively optimize our manufacturing and production capacity, and real estate footprint, including consolidating manufacturing facilities and production lines, exiting co-manufacturing arrangements and effectively managing capacity for specific products with shifts in demand;
- risks associated with underutilization of capacity which could give rise to increased costs per unit, underutilization fees, termination fees and other costs to exit certain supply chain arrangements and product lines, and/or the write-down or write-off of certain equipment; equipment and other fixed assets;
- our ability to accurately forecast our future results of operations and financial goals or targets, including as a result of fluctuations in demand for our products and in the plant-based meat category generally and increased competition;
- our ability to accurately forecast demand for our products and manage our inventory, including the impact of customer orders ahead of holidays and shelf reset activities, customer and distributor changes and buying patterns, such as reductions in targeted inventory levels, and supply chain and labor disruptions, including due to the impact of cyber incidents at suppliers and vendors;
- our operational effectiveness and ability to fulfill orders in full and on time;
- variations in product selling prices and costs, the timing and success of changes to our pricing architecture within certain channels including the recent and planned future price increases of certain of our products, and the mix of products sold;
- our ability to successfully enter new geographic markets, manage our international business and comply with any applicable laws and regulations, including risks associated with doing business in foreign countries, substantial investments in our manufacturing operations in China and the Netherlands, and our ability to comply with the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA") or other anti-corruption laws;

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- our ability to protect our brand against misinformation about our products and the plant-based meat category, real or perceived quality or health issues with our products, marketing campaigns aimed at generating negative publicity regarding our products and the plant-based meat category, including

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regarding the nutritional value of our products, and other issues that could adversely affect our brand and reputation;

- the effects of global outbreaks of pandemics (such as the COVID-19 pandemic), epidemics or other public health crises, or fear of such crises;
- the success of our marketing initiatives and the ability to maintain and grow our brand awareness, maintain, protect and enhance our brand, attract and retain new customers and maintain and grow our market share, particularly while we are seeking to reduce our operating expenses;
- our ability to attract, maintain and effectively expand our relationships with key strategic foodservice partners;
- our ability to attract and retain our suppliers, distributors, co-manufacturers and customers;
- our ability to procure sufficient high-quality raw materials at competitive prices to manufacture our products;
- the availability of pea and other proteins and avocado oil that meet our standards;
- our ability to diversify the protein sources used for our products;
- our ability to differentiate and continuously create innovative products, respond to competitive innovation and achieve speed-to-market; speed-to-market, including the timing and success of the Beyond IV launch;
- our ability to successfully execute our strategic initiatives;
- the volatility associated with ingredient, packaging, transportation and other input costs;

- our ability to keep pace with technological changes impacting the development of our products and implementation of our business needs;
- significant disruption in, or breach in security of our or our suppliers' or vendors' information technology systems, and resultant interruptions in service and any related impact on our reputation, including data privacy, and any potential impact on our supply chain, including on customer demand, order fulfillment and lost sales, and the resulting timing and/or amount of net revenues recognized;
- the ability of our transportation providers to ship and deliver our products in a timely and cost effective manner;
- senior management and key personnel changes, the attraction, training and retention of qualified employees and key personnel, and our ability to maintain our company culture;
- the effects of organizational changes including reductions-in-force and realignment of reporting structures;
- the success of operations conducted by joint ventures where we share ownership and management of a company with one or more parties who may not have the same goals, strategies or priorities as we do and where we do not receive all of the financial benefit;
- the timing, impact and success of restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related to the discontinuation of the Beyond Meat Jerky and our assumption of distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky; product line;
- risks related to use of a professional employer organization to administer human resources, payroll and employee benefits functions for certain of our international employees, and use of certain third party service providers for the performance of several business operations including payroll and human capital management services;
- the impact of potential workplace hazards;
- the effects of natural or man-made catastrophic or severe weather events, including events brought on by climate change, particularly involving our or any of our co-manufacturers' manufacturing facilities, our suppliers' facilities or any other vital aspects of our supply chain;
- the effectiveness of our internal controls;
- accounting estimates based on judgment and assumptions that may differ from actual results;

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- the requirements of being a public company and effects of increased administrative costs related to compliance and reporting obligations;
- risks related to our debt, including our ability to repay our indebtedness, limitations on our cash flow from operations and our ability to satisfy our obligations under the convertible senior notes; our ability to raise the funds necessary to repurchase the convertible senior notes for cash, under certain

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circumstances, or to pay any cash amounts due upon conversion; provisions in the indenture governing the convertible senior notes delaying or preventing an otherwise beneficial takeover of us; and any adverse impact on our reported financial condition and results from the accounting methods for the convertible senior notes;

- our ability to meet our obligations under our El Segundo Campus and Innovation Center ("Campus Headquarters") lease ("Campus Lease"), the timing of occupancy and completion of the build-out of our space, cost overruns, delays, the impact of workforce reductions or other cost-reduction initiatives on our space demands, and the timing and success of subleasing, assigning or otherwise transferring any excess space that may exist at our Campus Headquarters;
- our ability to meet our obligations under leases for our corporate offices, manufacturing facilities and warehouses, or risks related to excess space capacity under our leases due to workforce reductions or other cost-reduction initiatives;
- changes in laws and government regulation affecting our business, including the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and the U.S. Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") governmental regulation, and state, local and foreign regulation;
- new or pending legislation, or changes in laws, regulations or policies of governmental agencies or regulators, both in the U.S. and abroad, affecting plant-based meat, the labeling or naming of our products, or our brand name or logo;
- the failure of acquisitions and other investments to be efficiently integrated and produce the results we anticipate;
- risks inherent in investment in real estate;
- adverse developments affecting the financial services industry;
- the financial condition of, and our relationships with our suppliers, co-manufacturers, distributors, retailers, and foodservice customers, and their future decisions regarding their relationships with us;

- our ability and the ability of our suppliers and co-manufacturers to comply with food safety, environmental or other laws or regulations and the impact of any non-compliance on our operations, brand reputation and ability to fulfill customer orders in full and on time;
- seasonality, including increased **levels of grilling activity and higher** levels of purchasing by customers ahead of holidays, customer shelf reset activity and the timing of product restocking by our retail customers;
- the impact of increased scrutiny from a variety of stakeholders, institutional investors and governmental bodies on environmental, social and governance ("ESG") practices, including expanding mandatory and voluntary reporting, diligence and disclosure on ESG matters;
- the outcomes of legal or administrative proceedings, or new legal or administrative proceedings filed against us;
- our, our suppliers' and our co-manufacturers' ability to protect our proprietary technology, intellectual property and trade secrets adequately;
- the impact of tariffs and trade wars;
- the impact of changes in tax laws; and
- the risks discussed in Part I, Item 1A, **"Risk Factors,"** included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on **March 1, 2023** **March 1, 2024** (the **"2022 "2023 10-K"**), Part II, Item 1A, **"Risk Factors,"** included herein, and those discussed in other documents we file from time to time with the SEC.

In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "may," "should," "expects," "might," "plans," "anticipates," "could," "intends," "target," "projects," "contemplates," "believes," "estimates,"

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"predicts," "predicts," "potential," "seek," "would" or "continue," or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance or events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. Because

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forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. The events and circumstances reflected in our forward-looking statements may not be achieved or occur and actual results could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

This report also contains estimates and other statistical data obtained from independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry and ultimate consumers. The number of retail and foodservice outlets where Beyond Meat branded products are available was derived from rolling 52-week data as of **September 2023, March 2024 and excludes outlets unique to Beyond Meat Jerky.** This data involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates and data. **Such data does not reflect our assumption In 2023, we continued the process of renegotiating certain contracts and changing operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky and assumed distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky in the fourth quarter of 2023. In 2023, which is expected as part of our Global Operations Review, we made the decision to limit our distribution reach for discontinue the Beyond Meat Jerky and substantially reduce our total number of U.S. retail distribution outlets in subsequent quarters. product line.**

All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements set forth above. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements because of new information, future events, changes in assumptions or otherwise, except to the extent required by applicable laws. If we update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that we will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements.

"Beyond Meat," "Beyond Burger," "Beyond Beef," "Beyond Sausage," "Beyond Breakfast Sausage," "Beyond Meatballs," "Beyond Chicken," "Beyond Popcorn Chicken," "Beyond Steak," **"Go Beyond,"** the Caped Steer Logo and "Eat What You Love" are registered or pending trademarks of Beyond Meat, Inc. in the United States and, in some cases, in certain other countries. All other brand names or trademarks appearing in this report are the property of their respective holders. Solely for convenience, the trademarks and trade names contained herein are referred to without the ® and ™ symbols, but such references should not be construed as any indicator that their respective owners will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, their rights thereto.

Part I. Financial Information

ITEM I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES		BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	
		BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	
		BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	
		Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	
		Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets		Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	
(In thousands, except share and per share data)		(In thousands, except share and per share data)	
		(In thousands, except share and per share data)	
		(In thousands, except share and per share data)	
(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
		(unaudited)	
		(unaudited)	
		March 30, 2024	
		March 30, 2024	
		March 30, 2024	
Assets			
Assets			
Assets	Assets		
Current assets:	Current assets:		
Current assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents \$	217,545	\$ 309,922
Restricted cash, current	Restricted cash, current	2,689	—
Restricted cash, current			
Restricted cash, current			
Accounts receivable, net			
Accounts receivable, net			
Accounts receivable, net	Accounts receivable, net	35,763	34,198
Inventory	Inventory	194,570	235,696
Inventory			

Inventory			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	20,938	20,700
Assets held for sale	Assets held for sale	118	5,943
Assets held for sale			
Assets held for sale			
Total current assets			
Total current assets			
Total current assets	Total current assets	\$ 471,623	\$ 606,459
Restricted cash, non-current	Restricted cash, non-current	12,600	12,627
Property, plant, and equipment, net		245,373	257,002
Restricted cash, non-current			
Restricted cash, non-current			
Property, plant and equipment, net			
Property, plant and equipment, net			
Property, plant and equipment, net			
Operating lease right-of-use assets			
Operating lease right-of-use assets			
Operating lease right-of-use assets	Operating lease right-of-use assets	132,671	87,595
Prepaid lease costs, non-current	Prepaid lease costs, non-current	60,680	85,472
Prepaid lease costs, non-current			
Prepaid lease costs, non-current			
Other non-current assets, net			
Other non-current assets, net			
Other non-current assets, net	Other non-current assets, net	4,550	10,744
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture	Investment in unconsolidated joint venture	1,711	2,325
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture			
Investment in unconsolidated joint venture			
Total assets			
Total assets			
Total assets	Total assets	\$ 929,208	\$ 1,062,224
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit:	Liabilities and stockholders' deficit:		
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit:			
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit:			
Current liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Current liabilities:	Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	Accounts payable	\$ 61,861	\$ 55,300
Accounts payable			
Accounts payable			
Accrued bonus			
Accrued bonus			
Accrued bonus			
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	Current portion of operating lease liabilities	3,083	3,812

Current portion of operating lease liabilities			
Current portion of operating lease liabilities			
Accrued litigation settlement costs			
Accrued litigation settlement costs			
Accrued litigation settlement costs			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	13,914	16,729
Total current liabilities	Total current liabilities	\$ 78,858	\$ 75,841
Total current liabilities			
Total current liabilities			
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities:			
Convertible senior notes, net			
Convertible senior notes, net			
Convertible senior notes, net	Convertible senior notes, net	\$ 1,136,558	\$ 1,133,608
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	76,382	55,854
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion			
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion			
Finance lease obligations and other long-term liabilities			
Finance lease obligations and other long-term liabilities			
Finance lease obligations and other long-term liabilities	Finance lease obligations and other long-term liabilities	316	469
Total long-term liabilities	Total long-term liabilities	\$ 1,213,256	\$ 1,189,931
(continued on the next page)			
Total long-term liabilities			
Total long-term liabilities			

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES	BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
	BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
	BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In thousands, except share and per share data)	(In thousands, except share and per share data)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)		(In thousands, except share and per share data)	
(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 10)			
		(unaudited)	
		(unaudited)	
		March 30, 2024	
		March 30, 2024	
		March 30, 2024	
		(continued on the next page)	
		(continued on the next page)	
		(continued on the next page)	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)			
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)			
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 9)			
Stockholders' deficit:			
Stockholders' deficit:			
Stockholders' deficit:	Stockholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding	Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding	\$ —	\$ —
Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000,000 shares authorized; 64,460,196 and 63,773,982 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000,000 shares authorized; 64,852,842 and 64,624,140 shares issued and outstanding at March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	6	6
Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding	Preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding		
Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000,000 shares authorized; 64,852,842 and 64,624,140 shares issued and outstanding at March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000,000 shares authorized; 64,852,842 and 64,624,140 shares issued and outstanding at March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		
Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000,000 shares authorized; 64,852,842 and 64,624,140 shares issued and outstanding at March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively	Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share—500,000,000 shares authorized; 64,852,842 and 64,624,140 shares issued and outstanding at March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	Additional paid-in capital		
Additional paid-in capital	Additional paid-in capital	567,927	544,357
Accumulated deficit	Accumulated deficit	(926,143)	(743,109)
Accumulated deficit	Accumulated deficit		
Accumulated deficit	Accumulated deficit		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,696)	(4,802)

Total stockholders' deficit	Total stockholders' deficit	\$	(362,906)	\$	(203,548)
Total stockholders' deficit					
Total stockholders' deficit					
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit					
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit					
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$	929,208	\$	1,062,224

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(In thousands, except share and per share data)
(unaudited)

		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
				September	
		September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	30, 2023	October 1, 2022
		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
		March 30, 2024		March 30, 2024	
				April 1, 2023	
Net revenues	Net revenues	\$ 75,312	\$ 82,500	\$ 269,697	\$ 338,995
Cost of goods sold	Cost of goods sold	82,566	97,340	268,493	359,807
Gross (loss) profit		(7,254)	(14,840)	1,204	(20,812)
Gross profit					
Research and development expenses	Research and development expenses				
Research and development expenses	Research and development expenses				
Research and development expenses	Research and development expenses	9,118	13,413	30,323	49,293
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses	53,252	54,495	152,607	192,624
Restructuring expenses	Restructuring expenses	(4)	6,993	(631)	14,321
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses	62,366	74,901	182,299	256,238
Loss from operations	Loss from operations	(69,620)	(89,741)	(181,095)	(277,050)
Other (expense) income, net:	Other (expense) income, net:				
Other (expense) income, net:	Other (expense) income, net:				
Other (expense) income, net:	Other (expense) income, net:				

Interest expense	Interest expense	(989)	(1,040)	(2,967)	(3,173)
Interest expense					
Interest expense					
Other, net					
Other, net					
Other, net	Other, net	243	(2,151)	4,897	(8,177)
Total other (expense) income, net	Total other (expense) income, net	(746)	(3,191)	1,930	(11,350)
Loss before taxes					
Loss before taxes					
Loss before taxes	Loss before taxes	(70,366)	(92,932)	(179,165)	(288,400)
Income tax expense	Income tax expense	—	—	5	21
Equity in losses of unconsolidated joint venture		126	8,746	3,864	10,849
Equity in (income) losses of unconsolidated joint venture					
Net loss	Net loss	\$ (70,492)	\$ (101,678)	\$ (183,034)	\$ (299,270)
Net loss per share available to common stockholders —basic and diluted	Net loss per share available to common stockholders —basic and diluted	\$ (1.09)	\$ (1.60)	\$ (2.85)	\$ (4.71)
Weighted average common shares outstanding —basic and diluted	Weighted average common shares outstanding —basic and diluted	64,398,448	63,694,592	64,210,809	63,579,763

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
---------------------------	--------------------------

		September			
		September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	30, 2023	October 1, 2022
		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
		March 30, 2024			March 30, 2024
				April 1, 2023	
Net loss	Net loss	\$ (70,492)	\$(101,678)	\$(183,034)	\$(299,270)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation gain (loss), net of tax		261	(1,672)	106	(4,654)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:					
Foreign currency translation gain, net of tax					
Foreign currency translation gain, net of tax					
Foreign currency translation gain, net of tax					
Comprehensive loss, net of tax	Comprehensive loss, net of tax	\$ (70,231)	\$(103,350)	\$(182,928)	\$(303,924)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit
(In thousands, except share data)
(unaudited)

		(in thousands)										
		Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated Other Comprehensive							
		Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Loss	Total					
Balance at December 31, 2021		63,400,899	\$ 6	\$510,014	\$(376,972)	\$ (553)	\$ 132,495					
		Common Stock										
		Common Stock										
		Common Stock										
		Shares										
Balance at December 31, 2022						Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total	Shares	Amount	
Net loss	Net loss	—	—	—	(100,458)	—	(100,458)					

Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net	Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net	124,500	—	375	—	—	375
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards							
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards							
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards	Share-based compensation for equity classified awards	—	—	9,292	—	—	9,292
Foreign currency translation adjustment	Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	(723)	(723)
Balance at April 2, 2022		63,525,399	\$ 6	\$519,681	\$(477,430)	\$ (1,276)	\$ 40,981
Net loss		—	—	—	(97,134)	—	(97,134)
Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net		117,970	—	165	—	—	165
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards		—	—	10,306	—	—	10,306
Foreign currency translation adjustment		—	—	—	—	(2,259)	(2,259)
Balance at July 2, 2022		63,643,369	\$ 6	\$530,152	\$(574,564)	\$ (3,535)	\$ (47,941)
Net loss		—	—	—	(101,678)	—	(101,678)
Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net		92,256	—	(3)	—	—	(3)
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards		—	—	9,250	—	—	9,250
Foreign currency translation adjustment		—	—	—	—	(1,672)	(1,672)
Balance at October 1, 2022		63,735,625	\$ 6	\$539,399	\$(676,242)	\$ (5,207)	\$(142,044)
Balance at April 1, 2023							

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit
(In thousands, except share data)
(unaudited)

		Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated Other		
		Shares	Amount	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance at December 31, 2022		63,773,982	\$ 6	\$544,357	\$(743,109)	\$ (4,802)	\$(203,548)
		Common Stock					
		Common Stock					
		Common Stock					
		Shares					
				Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
							Shares Amount
Balance at December 31, 2023							
Net loss	Net loss	—	—	—	(59,037)	—	(59,037)
Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net	Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net	376,772	—	(117)	—	—	(117)
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards							
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards							
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards	Share-based compensation for equity classified awards	—	—	9,565	—	—	9,565
Foreign currency translation adjustment	Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	3	3
Balance at April 1, 2023		64,150,754	\$ 6	\$553,805	\$(802,146)	\$ (4,799)	\$(253,134)
Net loss		—	—	—	(53,505)	—	(53,505)
Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net		167,492	—	(69)	—	—	(69)
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards		—	—	7,748	—	—	7,748
Foreign currency translation adjustment		—	—	—	—	(158)	(158)
Balance at July 1, 2023		64,318,246	\$ 6	\$561,484	\$(855,651)	\$ (4,957)	\$(299,118)
Net loss		—	—	—	(70,492)	—	(70,492)
Issuance of common stock under equity incentive plans, net		141,950	—	(35)	—	—	(35)
Share-based compensation for equity classified awards		—	—	6,478	—	—	6,478
Foreign currency translation adjustment		—	—	—	—	261	261
Balance at September 30, 2023		64,460,196	\$ 6	\$567,927	\$(926,143)	\$ (4,696)	\$(362,906)
Balance at March 30, 2024							

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (183,034)	\$ (299,270)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	17,707	23,255
Non-cash lease expense	5,997	3,389
Share-based compensation expense	23,791	28,848
Loss on sale of fixed assets	3,876	946
Amortization of debt issuance costs	2,951	2,951
Equity in losses of unconsolidated joint venture	3,864	10,849
Write-off of note receivable	3,795	—
Unrealized losses on foreign currency transactions	2,740	11,160
Net change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(1,806)	7,703
Inventories	40,470	(12,411)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,282	7,802
Accounts payable	8,335	(2,922)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(2,752)	(3,429)
Prepaid lease costs, non-current	(3,254)	(49,063)
Operating lease liabilities	(3,244)	(3,177)
Long-term liabilities	—	3,022
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (79,282)	\$ (270,347)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	\$ (8,567)	\$ (59,952)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	2,477	—
Payments for investment in joint venture	(3,250)	(10,000)
Payments of security deposits	—	(752)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (9,340)	\$ (70,704)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments under finance lease obligations	\$ (168)	\$ (152)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	171	1,610
Payments of minimum withholding taxes on net share settlement of equity awards	(391)	(1,073)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	\$ (388)	\$ 385
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (89,010)	\$ (340,666)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(704)	(2,452)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning of the period	322,548	733,294
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the end of the period	\$ 232,834	\$ 390,176

(continued on the next page)

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (54,361)	\$ (59,037)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,969	6,049
Non-cash lease expense	2,074	1,783
Share-based compensation expense	6,075	9,565
Loss on sale and write-down of fixed assets	183	3,907
Amortization of debt issuance costs	984	984
Equity in (income) losses of unconsolidated joint venture	(7)	3,235
Unrealized loss (gain) on foreign currency transactions	2,173	(731)
Net change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(4,143)	(8,078)
Inventories	7,162	13,779
Prepaid expenses and other assets	410	3,926
Accounts payable	214	(13,271)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	2,953	(528)
Prepaid lease costs, non-current	(1,669)	(3,082)
Operating lease liabilities	(822)	(678)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (31,805)	\$ (42,177)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	\$ (1,197)	\$ (5,302)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	429	2,250
Payments for investment in joint venture	—	(3,250)
Return of security deposits	466	—
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (302)	\$ (6,302)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Principal payments under finance lease obligations	\$ (511)	\$ (33)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	5	136
Payments of minimum withholding taxes on net share settlement of equity awards	(435)	(252)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (941)	\$ (149)
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (33,048)	\$ (48,628)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning of the period	205,935	322,548
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	597	(328)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the end of the period	\$ 173,484	\$ 273,592

(continued on the next page)

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND
SUBSIDIARIES

Condensed Consolidated Statements of
Cash Flows

(In
thousands) (unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended			
		September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022		
		Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
		March 30, 2024	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:	Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during the period for:	Cash paid during the period for:				
Cash paid during the period for:					
Cash paid during the period for:					
Interest	Interest				
Interest	Interest	\$	—	\$	3
Taxes	Taxes	\$	9	\$	21
Non-cash investing and financing activities:	Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Non-cash additions to property, plant and equipment	Non-cash additions to property, plant and equipment	\$	2,038	\$	9,639
Non-cash additions to financing leases		\$	—	\$	280
Non-cash additions to property, plant and equipment					
Non-cash additions to property, plant and equipment					
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities					
Reclassification of pre-paid lease costs to operating lease right-of-use assets	Reclassification of pre-paid lease costs to operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	28,046	\$	27,718
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities		\$	36,400	\$	37,134
Reclassification of pre-paid lease costs to operating lease right-of-use assets					
Reclassification of pre-paid lease costs to operating lease right-of-use assets					
Non-cash additions to financing leases					
(concluded)					

(concluded)

(concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Introduction

The Company

Beyond Meat, Inc., a Delaware corporation (including its subsidiaries unless the context otherwise requires, the “Company”), is a leading plant-based meat company offering a portfolio of revolutionary plant-based meats. The Company builds meat directly from plants, an innovation that enables consumers to experience the taste, texture and other sensory attributes of popular animal-based meat products while enjoying the nutritional and environmental benefits of eating the Company’s plant-based meat products. The Company’s brand promise, “Eat What You Love,” represents a strong belief that there is a better way to feed our future and that the positive choices we all make, no matter how small, can have a great impact on our personal health and the health of our planet. By shifting from animal-based meat to plant-based meat, we can positively impact four growing global issues: human health, climate change, constraints on natural resources and animal welfare.

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, approximately 84% 85% of the Company’s assets were located in the United States.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A detailed description of the Company’s significant accounting policies can be found in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on March 1, 2023 March 1, 2024 (the “2022” “2023” 10-K”). There have been no material changes in the Company’s significant accounting policies from those that were disclosed in the 2022 2023 10-K, except as noted below.

Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) regarding interim financial reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, the condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary, which are of a normal and recurring nature, for the fair presentation of the Company’s financial position and of the results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. These interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 or for any other interim period or for any other future fiscal year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2022 2023 10-K. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date.

Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Management’s Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant accounting estimates made by the Company include trade promotion accruals; useful lives of property, plant and equipment; valuation of

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

fixed assets, valuation of deferred tax assets; valuation of inventory; incremental borrowing rate used to determine operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities; assessment of contract-based factors, asset-based factors, entity-based factors and market-based factors to determine the lease term impacting right-of-use assets and lease liabilities; the valuation of the fair value of stock options and performance stock units ("PSUs") used to determine share-based compensation expense; and loss contingency accruals in connection with claims, lawsuits and administrative proceedings.

These estimates and assumptions are based on current facts, historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the recording of expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences may be material to the financial statements.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency translation gains, net of tax, reported as cumulative translation adjustments through "Other comprehensive loss" were \$0.7 million and \$3,000 in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively. Net realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction (losses) gains included in "Other, net" were \$(2.3) million and \$0.3 million in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company had no financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

There were no transfers of financial assets or liabilities into or out of Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023.

Revenue Recognition

At the end of each accounting period, the Company recognizes a contra asset to accounts receivable for estimated sales discounts that have been incurred but not paid which totaled \$5.1 million and \$6.9 million as of March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The offsetting charge is recorded as a reduction of revenues in the same period when the expense is incurred.

Presentation of Net Revenues by Channel

The following table presents the Company's net revenues by channel:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
U.S.:		
Retail	\$ 37,088	\$ 44,159
Foodservice	12,304	14,675
U.S. net revenues	49,392	58,834
International:		
Retail	12,578	14,289
Foodservice	13,633	19,113
International net revenues	26,211	33,402
Net revenues	\$ 75,603	\$ 92,236

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

current facts, historical experience One distributor accounted for approximately 13% and various other factors believed to be reasonable under 12% of the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the recording of expenses that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates and such differences may be material to the financial statements.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency translation gain (loss), net of tax, reported as cumulative translation adjustment through "Other comprehensive loss" was \$0.3 million and \$(1.7) million Company's gross revenues, respectively, in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022, respectively. Net realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses included in "Other, net" were \$(2.5) million and \$(3.9) million April 1, 2023. No other customer or distributor accounted for more than 10% of the Company's gross revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022, respectively, April 1, 2023.

Foreign currency translation gain Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Earnings (loss), per share ("EPS") represents net income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of tax, reported as cumulative translation adjustment through "Other comprehensive loss" was \$0.1 million common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS represents net income available to common stockholders divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, inclusive of the dilutive impact of potential common shares outstanding during the period. Such potential common shares include options, restricted stock units ("RSUs") and \$(4.7) million PSUs.

In periods when the Company records net loss, all potential common shares are excluded in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively. Net realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses included in "Other, net" were \$(3.3) million and \$(10.5) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively.

Fair Value computation of Financial Instruments

The Company had no financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

There were no transfers of financial assets or liabilities into or out of Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash includes cash held as collateral for stand-alone letter of credit agreements related to normal business transactions. The agreements require the Company to maintain specified amounts of cash as collateral in segregated accounts to support the letters of credit issued thereunder. The Company had \$15.3 million in restricted cash as of September 30, 2023, which was comprised of \$12.6 million to secure the letter of credit to support the development and leasing of the Company's Campus Headquarters (as defined in Note 4) recorded in "Restricted cash, non-current" and \$2.7 million to secure a letter of credit associated with a new third party contract manufacturer in Europe recorded in "Restricted cash, current" in the condensed consolidated balance sheet. EPS because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. See Note 10 11.

Revenue Recognition Prepaid Expenses

At Prepaid expenses primarily include prepaid insurance and other prepaid vendor costs, which are expensed in the end of each accounting period to which they relate. Prepaid expenses are included under the Company recognizes a contra asset to accounts receivable for estimated sales discounts that have been incurred but not paid which totaled \$4.5 million caption "Prepaid assets and \$4.6 other assets" in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets and were \$8.9 million and \$8.3 million as of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively.

Shipping and Handling Costs

The offsetting charge Company does not bill its distributors or customers shipping and handling fees. The Company's products are predominantly shipped to its distributors or customers as "FOB Destination," with control of the products transferred to the customer at the destination. In-bound shipping and handling costs incurred in manufacturing a product are included in inventory and reflected in cost of goods sold when the sale of that product is recognized. Outbound shipping and handling costs are considered as fulfillment costs and are recorded as a reduction of revenues in selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses. Outbound shipping and handling costs included in SG&A expenses in the same period when three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023 were \$2.1 million and \$3.2 million, respectively.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company measures all share-based compensation cost at the grant date, based on the fair values of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest, and recognizes that cost as an expense in its condensed consolidated statements of operations over the requisite service period. The Company estimates the fair value of option awards using the Black-Scholes option valuation model, which requires management to make certain assumptions for estimating the fair value of stock options at the date of grant including the fair value and projected volatility of the underlying common stock and the expected term of the award. The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. Because the Company's stock options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates, in management's opinion, the existing models may not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options. Although the fair value of stock options is incurred, determined using an option valuation model, that value may not be indicative of the fair value observed in a willing buyer/willing seller market transaction.

The Company recognizes the closing price of the Company's stock on the grant date as the fair value of RSUs.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

PresentationThe Company estimates the expected impact of Net Revenues by Channel

The following table presents forfeited awards and recognizes share-based compensation cost only for those stock option and RSU awards ultimately expected to vest. If actual forfeiture rates differ materially from the Company's net revenues by channel:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	October 1,	September 30,	October 1,
	2023	2022	2023	2022

U.S.:								
Retail	\$	30,518	\$	46,177	\$	123,167	\$	193,298
Foodservice		12,535		15,994		39,974		54,876
U.S. net revenues		43,053		62,171		163,141		248,174
International:								
Retail		14,153		10,195		48,437		50,024
Foodservice		18,106		10,134		58,119		40,797
International net revenues		32,259		20,329		106,556		90,821
Net revenues	\$	75,312	\$	82,500	\$	269,697	\$	338,995

One distributor accounted for approximately 12% estimates, share-based compensation expense could differ significantly from the amounts the Company has recorded in the current period. The Company periodically reviews actual forfeiture experience and will revise its estimates, as necessary. The Company will recognize as compensation cost the cumulative effect of the change in estimated forfeiture rates on current and prior periods in earnings of the period of revision. As a result, if the Company revises its assumptions and estimates, the Company's gross revenues share-based compensation expense could change materially in the three months ended September 30, 2023; and one customer accounted for approximately 11% of the Company's gross revenues in the three months ended October 1, 2022. One distributor accounted for approximately 12% of the Company's gross revenues in the nine months ended September 30, 2023; and one distributor accounted for approximately 11% of the Company's gross revenues in the nine months ended October 1, 2022. No other customer or distributor accounted for more than 10% of the Company's gross revenues in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022.

Investment in Joint Venture

The Company uses the equity method of accounting to record transactions associated with its joint venture when the Company shares in joint control of the investee. Investment in joint venture is not consolidated but is recorded in "Investment in unconsolidated joint venture" in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company recognizes its portion of the investee's results in "Equity in losses of unconsolidated joint venture" in its condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company eliminates its proportionate interest in any intra-entity profits or losses in the inventory of the investee at the end of the reporting period and recognizes its portion of the profit and losses when realized by the investee.

Shipping and Handling Costs

Outbound shipping and handling costs included in selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses in the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 were \$2.8 million and \$3.3 million, respectively. Outbound shipping and handling costs included in SG&A expenses in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 were \$8.8 million and \$13.5 million, respectively.

Change in Accounting Estimate

During the first quarter of 2023, the Company completed a reassessment of the useful lives of its large manufacturing equipment and research and development equipment, and determined that the Company should increase the estimated useful lives for certain of its equipment from a range of 5 to 10 years to a uniform 10 years. This reassessment was accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and was made on a prospective basis effective January 1, 2023, future. See [Note 8](#).

The Company estimates the fair value of PSUs using the Monte Carlo valuation model. The market-based performance condition used for these awards is based upon the total shareholder return ("TSR") of Beyond Meat versus the TSR of a peer group over performance periods which is considered to be a market condition under ASC 718 "Compensation—Stock Compensation." The effect of the market condition is considered in determining the award's grant date fair value, which is not subsequently revised based on actual performance for stock settled awards. The expense is therefore fixed at the time of grant in relation to this feature. The expense may only be adjusted for any service-related forfeitures.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-06 "Disclosure Improvements—Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative" ("ASU 2023-06"), which provides amendments to the Codification in response to the 2018 SEC release No. 33-10532, "Disclosure Update and Simplification." The amendments modify the disclosure and presentation requirements of a variety of Topics in the Codification and apply to all reporting entities within the scope of the affected Topics. ASU 2023-06 is effective for companies that are subject to the SEC's existing disclosure requirements and for entities required to file or furnish financial statements with or to the SEC in preparation for the sale of or purpose of issuing securities on the date which the SEC removes the related disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K. Early adoption is prohibited. For all other entities, the amendments are effective two years later. If the SEC has not removed the applicable disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K by June 30, 2027, the pending content related to ASU 2023-06 will not become effective for any entity and will be removed from the codification. Adoption of ASU 2023-06 is expected to modify the disclosure and presentation requirements only and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07 "Segment Reporting (Topic 280)—Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures" ("ASU 2023-07"), which requires the disclosure of significant segment expenses that are part of an entity's segment measure of profit or loss and regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker. In addition, it adds or makes clarifications to other segment-related disclosures, such as clarifying that the disclosure requirements in ASC 280 are required for entities with a single reportable segment and that an entity may disclose multiple measures of segment profit and loss. The amendments in ASU 2023-07 apply to all public entities that are required to report segment information in accordance with Topic 280, Segment Reporting. ASU 2023-07 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be adopted retrospectively. ASU 2023-06 is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2024 and interim periods beginning January 1, 2025. Adoption of ASU 2023-07 is expected to modify the disclosure and presentation requirements only and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2023, the FASB issued "ASU 2023-09—Income Taxes (Topic 740)—Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" ("ASU 2023-09") which amends the Codification to enhance the transparency

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures. ASU 2023-09 requires additional disaggregation of the reconciliation between the statutory and effective tax rate for an entity and of income taxes paid, both of which are disclosures required by current GAAP. The amendments improve the transparency of income tax disclosures by requiring (1) consistent categories and greater disaggregation of information in the rate reconciliation and (2) income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. The amendments in ASU 2023-09 apply to all entities that are subject to Topic 740, Income Taxes. For public business entities, the amendments in ASU 2023-09 are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. ASU 2023-09 is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2025. Adoption of ASU 2023-09 is expected to enhance the usefulness of income tax disclosures and is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2024, the FASB issued "ASU 2024-02—Codification Improvements—Amendments to Remove References to the Concepts Statements" ("ASU 2024-02") which amends the Codification to remove references to various FASB Concept Statements. The amendments in ASU 2024-02 are considered to be codification improvements only. The amendments in ASU 2024-02 apply to all reporting entities within the scope of the affected accounting guidance and are effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early application of the amendments in ASU 2024-02 is permitted for all entities for any fiscal year or interim period for which financial statements have not yet been issued or made available for issuance. Adoption of ASU 2024-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

None.

Note 3. Restructuring

In May 2017, management approved a plan to terminate the Company's exclusive supply agreement (the "Agreement") with one of its co-manufacturers, due to non-performance under the Agreement and on May 23, 2017, the Company notified the co-manufacturer of its decision to terminate the Agreement. On October 18, 2022, the parties to this dispute entered into a confidential written settlement agreement and mutual release, pursuant to which the parties agreed to dismiss with prejudice all claims and cross-claims asserted in the associated cases filed in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles and the United States District Court for the Central District of California. The terms of the settlement did not have a material impact on Beyond Meat's financial position or results of operations. No party admitted liability or wrongdoing in connection with the settlement.

In the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded a credit of \$4,000 in restructuring expenses primarily driven by a reversal of certain accruals. In the three months ended October 1, 2022, the Company recorded \$7.0 million in restructuring expenses related to this dispute, which consisted primarily of legal and other expenses.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company recorded a credit of \$0.6 million in restructuring expenses primarily driven by a reversal of certain accruals. In the nine months ended October 1, 2022, the Company recorded \$14.3 million in restructuring expenses related to this dispute, which consisted primarily of legal and other expenses.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had \$0 and \$0.7 million, respectively, in accrued and unpaid restructuring expenses related to this dispute.

Note 4. Leases

See [Note 10.9](#).

Leases are classified as either finance leases or operating leases based on criteria in Accounting Standards Codification 842. The Company has operating leases for its corporate offices, including the Campus Lease, [its former Manhattan Beach Project Innovation Center](#), its manufacturing facilities, warehouses and vehicles, and to a lesser extent, certain equipment and finance leases. Such leases generally have original lease terms between 2 years and 12 years, and often include one or more options to renew. Some leases also include early termination options, which can be exercised under specific conditions. The Company includes options to extend the lease term if the options are reasonably certain of being exercised. The Company does not have residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants associated with its leases.

On January 14, 2021, the Company entered into the Campus Lease, a 12-year lease with two 5-year renewal options to house its corporate headquarters, lab and innovation space (the "Campus Headquarters") in El Segundo, California. Although the Company is involved in the design of the tenant improvements of the Campus Headquarters, the Company does not have title or possession of the assets during construction. In addition, the Company does not have the ability to control the leased Campus Headquarters until each phase of the tenant improvements is complete. The Company contributed [\\$3.3](#) [\\$1.7 million](#) and [\\$55.1 million](#) [\\$4.2 million](#) in rent prepayments and payments towards the construction of the Campus Headquarters in the [nine three](#) months ended [September 30, 2023](#) [March 30, 2024](#) and the year ended [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#), respectively. [These](#) [The](#) payments towards rent prepayments and construction costs are initially recorded in "Prepaid lease costs, non-current" in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets and will ultimately be reclassified as a component of a right-of-use asset upon lease commencement for each phase of the lease. [On June 1, 2023](#),

[In 2022](#), the tenant improvements associated with Phase 1-A were completed, and the underlying asset was delivered to the Company. As such, upon commencement of Phase 1-A, the Company

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

associated with Phase 1-B were completed, and the underlying asset was delivered to the Company. As such, upon commencement of Phase 1-B, the Company recognized a \$64.9 million right-of-use asset, which included the reclassification of \$29.3 million of the construction payments previously included in "Prepaid lease costs, non-current," and a \$35.6 million lease liability. In 2022, the tenant improvements associated with Phase 1-A were completed, and the underlying asset was delivered to the Company. As such, upon commencement of Phase 1-A, the Company recognized a \$64.1 million right-of-use asset, which included the reclassification of \$27.7 million of the construction payments previously included in "Prepaid lease costs, non-current," and a \$36.6 million lease liability.

Upon completion of the tenant improvements associated with Phase 1-A, the Company moved its innovation team from its former Manhattan Beach Innovation Center to the Campus Headquarters. In 2023, the tenant improvements associated with Phase 1-B were completed, and the underlying asset was delivered to the Company. As such, upon commencement of Phase 1-B, the Company recognized a \$64.9 million right-of-use asset, which included the reclassification of \$29.3 million of the construction payments previously included in "Prepaid lease costs, non-current," and a \$35.6 million lease liability. Upon completion of the tenant improvements associated with Phase 1-B, the Company moved its headquarters, sales and marketing operations into to the newly constructed Campus Headquarters where its innovation center is also located. On June 30, 2023, Headquarters. The lease on the Company terminated the lease of its former headquarters, also in El Segundo, California. As a result of this termination, during the second quarter of 2023, the balances in "Operating lease right-of use assets," "Current portion of operating lease liabilities" and "Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion" were reduced by \$1.9 million, \$0.5 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. Costs associated with this lease through its termination date, including termination costs, are included in operating lease costs related to selling, general and administrative expenses and are reflected in the tables below. On February 14, 2023, the Company terminated the lease of its Commerce, California commercialization center. As a result of this termination, during the first quarter of 2023, the balances in "Operating lease right-of use assets," "Current portion of operating lease liabilities" and "Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion" were reduced by \$11.3 million, \$0.8 million and \$10.5 million, respectively. Company's Manhattan Beach Project Innovation Center expired on January 31, 2024. Costs associated with this lease through its termination date, including termination costs, are included in operating lease costs related to research and development expenses and are reflected in the tables below.

Given the Company's intention to reduce its overall operating expenses and cash expenditures, on February 2, 2024, the Company terminated the agreement to purchase a property in Enschede, the Netherlands (the "Enschede Property") and the security deposit was returned to the Company, which was subsequently paid to the purchaser of the property to be applied towards the deposit and future lease payments. The Company entered into a lease agreement with the purchaser of the property to lease the approximately 114,000 square foot property for an initial period of five years with an option to renew for an additional five years at an annual rent of approximately €1.0 million. The lease is classified as a finance lease in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 30, 2024. Costs associated with this lease are included in finance lease costs related to cost of goods sold and are reflected in the tables below.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Lease costs for operating and finance leases were as follows: leases:

		Three Months Ended				Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
		Three Months Ended				Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Statement of Operations Location	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	(in thousands)	Statement of Operations Location	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023	
Operating lease cost:	Operating lease cost:								
Lease cost									
Lease cost									
Lease cost	Lease cost	Cost of goods sold	\$ 399	\$ 413					
Lease cost	Lease cost	Research and development expenses	2,507	806					

Lease cost	Lease cost	Selling, general and administrative expenses	820	407
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Cost of goods sold	54	51
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Research and development expenses	21	75
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Selling, general and administrative expenses	632	304
Operating lease cost	Operating lease cost		\$ 4,433	\$2,056
Short-term lease cost:	Short-term lease cost:			
Short-term lease cost	Short-term lease cost	Cost of goods sold	\$ 21	\$ —
Short-term lease cost	Short-term lease cost	Research and development expenses	37	—
Short-term lease cost	Short-term lease cost	Selling, general and administrative expenses	51	147
Short-term lease cost	Short-term lease cost		\$ 109	\$ 147
Short-term lease cost				
Short-term lease cost				
Finance lease cost:	Finance lease cost:			
Amortization of right-of use assets				
Amortization of right-of use assets				
Amortization of right-of use assets	Amortization of right-of use assets	Cost of goods sold	\$ 49	\$ 54
Amortization of right-of use assets	Amortization of right-of use assets	Research and development expenses	4	—
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense	5	3
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Cost of goods sold	3	—
Finance lease cost	Finance lease cost		\$ 61	\$ 57
Total lease cost	Total lease cost		\$ 4,603	\$2,260

(1) Variable lease cost primarily consists of common area maintenance, such as cleaning and repairs.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

(in thousands)	Statement of Operations Location	Nine Months Ended	
		September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022
Operating lease cost:			
Lease cost	Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,210	\$ 1,175
Lease cost	Research and development expenses	6,979	1,871
Lease cost	Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,937	2,270
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Cost of goods sold	177	213
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Research and development expenses	104	75
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,800	304
Operating lease cost		\$ 12,207	\$ 5,908
Short-term lease cost:			
Short-term lease cost	Cost of goods sold	\$ 63	\$ —
Short-term lease cost	Research and development expenses	121	—
Short-term lease cost	Selling, general and administrative expenses	148	446
Short-term lease cost		\$ 332	\$ 446
Finance lease cost:			
Amortization of right-of use assets	Cost of goods sold	\$ 154	\$ 144
Amortization of right-of use assets	Research and development expenses	11	—
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense	16	15
Variable lease cost ⁽¹⁾	Cost of goods sold	8	—
Finance lease cost		\$ 189	\$ 159
Total lease cost		\$ 12,728	\$ 6,513

Supplemental balance sheet information:

(in thousands)	Balance Sheet Location	March 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets			
Operating leases	Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$ 129,379	\$ 130,460
Finance leases, net	Property, plant and equipment, net	4,687	461
Total lease assets		\$ 134,066	\$ 130,921
Liabilities			
Current:			
Operating lease liabilities	Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$ 3,976	\$ 3,677
Finance lease liabilities	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	763	196
Long-term:			
Operating lease liabilities	Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	75,490	75,648
Finance lease liabilities	Finance lease obligations and other long-term liabilities	3,623	274
Total lease liabilities		\$ 83,852	\$ 79,795

(1) Variable The following is a schedule by year of the maturities of lease cost primarily consists liabilities with original terms in excess of common area maintenance, such one year, as cleaning of March 30, 2024:

March 30, 2024

(in thousands)	March 30, 2024	
	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
Remainder of 2024	\$ 6,469	\$ 643
2025	8,465	1,153
2026	8,345	1,048
2027	8,219	1,013
2028	8,334	975
Thereafter	88,538	—
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments	128,370	4,832
Less imputed interest	(48,904)	(446)
Total discounted future minimum lease payments	\$ 79,466	\$ 4,386

Weighted average remaining lease terms and repairs: weighted average discount rates were:

	March 30, 2024	
	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	13.8	4.6
Weighted average discount rate	6.9 %	4.2 %

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Supplemental balance sheet information as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 related to leases are as follows: cash flow information:

(in thousands)	Balance Sheet Location	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Assets					
Operating leases	Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$	132,671	\$	87,595
Finance leases, net	Property, plant and equipment, net		515		688
Total lease assets		\$	133,186	\$	88,283
Liabilities					
Current:					
Operating lease liabilities	Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$	3,083	\$	3,812
Finance lease liabilities	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		209		224
Long-term:					
Operating lease liabilities	Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion		76,382		55,854
Finance lease liabilities	Finance lease obligations and other long-term liabilities		316		469
Total lease liabilities		\$	79,990	\$	60,359

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	\$ 2,171	\$ 1,507
Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities	\$ 1,034	\$ —

The following is a schedule by year of the maturities of lease liabilities with original terms in excess of one year, as of September 30, 2023:

(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	
	Operating Leases	Finance Leases

Remainder of 2023	\$	2,178	\$	59
2024		8,366		209
2025		8,048		178
2026		8,029		72
2027		8,179		37
Thereafter		96,195		—
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments		130,995		555
Less imputed interest		(51,530)		(30)
Total discounted future minimum lease payments	\$	79,465	\$	525

Weighted average remaining lease terms and weighted average discount rates were:

	September 30, 2023	
	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	14.3	2.9
Weighted average discount rate	6.9 %	3.7 %

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 5.4. Inventories

Major classes of inventory were as follows:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	(in thousands)	March 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Raw materials and packaging	Raw materials and packaging	\$104,935	\$139,509			
Work in process	Work in process	43,101	37,001			
Finished goods	Finished goods	46,534	59,186			
Total	Total	\$194,570	\$235,696			

Note 6.5. Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company records property, plant and equipment at cost and includes finance lease assets in "Property, plant and equipment, net" in its condensed consolidated balance sheets. A summary of property, plant, and equipment as of September 30, 2023, March 30, 2024, and December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 is as follows:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	(in thousands)	March 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Manufacturing equipment	Manufacturing equipment	\$199,628	\$171,532			
Research and development equipment	Research and development equipment	21,801	16,948			
Leasehold improvements	Leasehold improvements	23,620	22,740			

Building	Building	22,611	22,675
Finance leases	Finance leases	1,086	1,093
Software	Software	3,590	2,377
Furniture and fixtures	Furniture and fixtures	1,205	866
Vehicles	Vehicles	584	584
Land	Land	5,432	5,446
Assets not yet placed in service	Assets not yet placed in service	65,982	93,152
Total property, plant and equipment	Total property, plant and equipment	\$345,539	\$337,413
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	100,166	80,411
Property, plant and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net	\$245,373	\$257,002

Property, plant and equipment, net

Property, plant and equipment, net

Depreciation and amortization expense in for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023 was \$5.8 million \$7.0 million and \$8.4 million \$6.0 million, respectively. Of the total depreciation and amortization expense in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, \$5.1 million \$6.1 million and \$7.3 million \$5.4 million, respectively, were recorded in cost of goods sold, \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million \$0.5 million, respectively, were recorded in research and development expenses, and \$0.2 million \$0.4 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, were recorded in SG&A expenses in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Depreciation and amortization expense in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 was \$17.7 million and \$23.3 million, respectively. Of the total depreciation and amortization expense in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, \$15.7 million and \$19.8 million, respectively, were recorded in cost of goods sold, \$1.4 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, were recorded in research and development expenses, and \$0.6 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, were recorded in SG&A expenses, in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

During the first quarter of 2023, the Company completed a reassessment of the useful lives of its large manufacturing and research and development equipment, and determined that the Company should increase the estimated useful lives for certain of its equipment from a range of 5 to 10 years to a uniform 10 years. The timing of this reassessment was based on a combination of factors accumulating over time, including historical useful life information and changes in the Company's planned use of the equipment, that provided the Company with updated information that allowed it to make a better estimate of the economic lives of such equipment. This reassessment was accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and was made on a prospective basis effective January 1, 2023. This change in accounting estimate decreased depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 by \$4.9 million, impacting cost of goods sold and research and development expenses by \$4.4 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, and decreased both basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders by \$0.08. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, this change in accounting estimate decreased depreciation expense by \$16.1 million, impacting cost of goods sold and research and development expenses by \$14.6 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, and decreased both basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders by \$0.25.

The Company had \$0.1 million \$2.4 million and \$5.9 million \$4.5 million in property, plant and equipment concluded to meet the criteria for assets held for sale as of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively. Amounts previously classified as respectively, and recorded \$0.2 million and \$3.9 million in loss on sale of assets held for sale were sold in a prior period for amounts that approximated book value. In the three months ended September 30, 2023 March

30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, a \$3.8 million note receivable that was previously recorded for assets sold was written off as uncollectible. The note receivable was included in "Other non-current assets, net" in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2022, respectively.

Note 7.6. Debt

The following is a summary of debt balances as of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
(in thousands)	(in thousands)		
Convertible senior notes		\$1,150,000	\$1,150,000
(in thousands)			
		March 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
(in thousands)			
0% Convertible senior notes			
Debt issuance costs	Debt issuance costs	(13,442)	(16,392)
Debt issuance costs			
Debt issuance costs			
Total debt outstanding			
Less: current portion of long-term debt			
Long-term debt	Long-term debt	\$1,136,558	\$1,133,608

Convertible Senior Notes

On March 5, 2021, the Company issued \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of its 0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027 (the "Convertible Notes") in a private placement to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. On March 12, 2021, the initial purchasers of the Convertible Notes exercised their option to purchase an additional \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Company's 0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027 (the "Additional Notes," and together with the Convertible Notes, the "Notes"), and such Additional Notes were issued on March 16, 2021.

The total amount of debt issuance costs of \$23.6 million was recorded as a reduction to "Convertible senior notes, net" in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet and is being amortized as interest expense over the term of the Notes using the effective interest method. In each of the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, the Company recognized \$1.0 million in interest expense related to the amortization of the debt issuance costs related to the Notes. The effective interest rate in both of the three month periods ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023 was 0.09%. In each

The following is a summary of the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, Company's Notes as of March 30, 2024:

(in thousands)	Unamortized Issuance			Fair Value	
	Principal Amount	Costs	Net Carrying Amount	Amount	Leveling
0% Convertible senior notes due March 15, 2027	\$1,150,000	\$11,475	\$1,138,525	\$276,000	Level 2

The Notes are carried at face value less the Company recognized \$3.0 million in interest expense related to the amortization of the unamortized debt issuance costs related to on the Notes. Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of March 30, 2024, the estimated fair value of the Notes was approximately \$276.0 million. The Notes are quoted on the Intercontinental Exchange and are classified as Level 2 financial instruments. The estimated fair value of the Notes was determined based on the actual bid price of the Notes on March 28, 2024, the last business day of the period when the notes were traded.

As of March 30, 2024, the remaining life of the Notes was approximately 3.0 years.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The effective interest rate in both of the nine month periods ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 was 0.26%.

The following is a summary of the Company's Notes as of September 30, 2023:

(in thousands)	Unamortized Issuance			Fair Value	
	Principal Amount	Costs	Net Carrying Amount	Amount	Leveling
0% Convertible senior notes due on March 15, 2027	\$1,150,000	\$13,442	\$1,136,558	\$299,000	Level 2

The Notes are carried at face value less the unamortized debt issuance costs on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of September 30, 2023, the estimated fair value of the Notes was approximately \$299.0 million. The Notes are quoted on the Intercontinental Exchange and are classified as Level 2 financial instruments. The estimated fair value of the Notes was determined based on the actual bid price of the Notes on September 29, 2023, the last day of the period when the notes were traded.

As of September 30, 2023, the remaining life of the Notes was approximately 3.5 years.

Note 8, 7. Stockholders' Deficit

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, the Company's shares consisted of 500,000,000 authorized shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of which 64,460,196 64,852,842 shares of common stock were issued and outstanding, and 500,000 authorized shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of which no shares were issued and outstanding.

As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the Company's shares consisted of 500,000,000 authorized shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of which 63,773,982 64,624,140 shares were issued and outstanding, and 500,000 authorized shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of which no shares were issued and outstanding.

The Company has not declared or paid any dividends, or authorized or made any distribution upon or with respect to any class or series of its capital stock.

Common Stock

Common stock reserved for future issuance consisted of the following:

		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
		March 30, 2024	March 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Equity incentive compensation awards granted and outstanding	Equity incentive compensation awards granted and outstanding	5,783,535	4,993,246	
Shares available for grant under the 2018 Equity Incentive Plan		8,512,215	7,848,832	
Shares available for grant under the 2018 Equity Incentive Plan ⁽¹⁾				
Shares available for issuance under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan	Shares available for issuance under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan	2,948,715	2,412,585	

Shares reserved for potential issuance under the Notes	Shares reserved for potential issuance under the Notes	8,234,230	8,234,230
Total common stock reserved for future issuance ⁽¹⁾		25,478,695	23,488,893
Total common stock reserved for future issuance ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾			

(1) Shares available for issuance under the 2018 Equity Incentive Plan includes 225,967 shares that may be issued pursuant to performance stock units if 200% of the applicable performance target is achieved.

(2) Total common stock reserved for future issuance excludes does not include shares that may be issued pursuant to the ATM Program discussed below.

ATM Program

On May 10, 2023, the Company filed an automatic shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "2023 Shelf Registration Statement") with the SEC registering an indeterminate amount of its common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units (collectively, "Company securities"). On March 18, 2024, the Company filed an updated shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "2024 Shelf Registration Statement"), which the SEC declared effective on April 12, 2024 and which replaced the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement. The 2024 Shelf Registration Statement allows the Company to sell, from time to time and at its discretion, Company securities having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250.0 million, including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to the Company's equity distribution agreement (the "Equity Distribution Agreement") with Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC ("Goldman Sachs"), as sales agent, under an "at the market" offering program (the "ATM Program").

Pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement, the Company will pay Goldman Sachs a commission equal to 3.25% of the aggregate gross proceeds of any shares sold through Goldman Sachs pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement. The Company intends to use the net proceeds, if any, from sales of common stock issued under the ATM Program for general corporate and working capital purposes. The timing of any sales and the number of shares sold, if any, will depend on a variety of factors to be determined and considered by the Company. The Company is not obligated to sell any shares under the

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Shelf Registration Statement

On May 10, 2023, the Company filed an automatically effective shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "Shelf Registration Statement") with the SEC, which allows the Company to sell, from time to time, and at its discretion, shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$200.0 million pursuant to an "at the market" offering program (the "ATM Program"). The Company intends to use the net proceeds, if any, from sales of its common stock issued under the ATM Program for general corporate and working capital purposes. The timing of any sales and the number of shares sold, if any, will depend on a variety of factors to be determined by the Company.

The shares will be offered pursuant to an equity distribution agreement (the "Equity Distribution Agreement") between the Company and Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC, ("Goldman Sachs"), as sales agent. The Company will pay Goldman Sachs a commission equal to 3.25% of the aggregate gross proceeds of any shares sold through Goldman Sachs pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement. The Company is not obligated to sell any shares under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, no sales had been made under the Equity Distribution Agreement and the ATM Program's full capacity remained available.

Note 9.8. Share-Based Compensation

In 2019, the Company's 2011 Equity Incentive Plan ("2011 Plan") was amended, restated and re-named the 2018 Equity Incentive Plan ("2018 Plan"), and the . The remaining shares available for issuance under the 2011 Plan were added to the shares reserved for issuance under the 2018 Plan. As of January 1, 2023, January 1, 2024, the maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the 2018 Plan increased to 23,060,440 25,204,961 shares, which includes an increase of 2,144,521 shares effective January 1, 2023 January 1, 2024 under the terms of the 2018 Plan.

The following table summarizes the shares available for grant under the 2018 Plan:

		Shares Available for Grant
Balance - December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023	7,848,832 8,230,500
Authorized		2,144,521
Granted ⁽¹⁾		(2,172,448) (2,577,831)
Shares withheld to cover taxes		26,016 43,992
Forfeited		665,294 49,830
Balance - September 30, 2023	March 30, 2024	8,512,215 7,891,012

(1) Includes 225,967 shares reserved for issuance pursuant to performance stock units if 200% of the applicable performance target is achieved.

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, there were 4,383,626 5,311,878 and 3,999,933 4,477,120 shares, respectively, issuable under stock options outstanding, 1,399,909 2,386,363 and 993,313 1,411,310 shares, respectively, issuable under unvested RSUs outstanding, 8,862,470 225,967 and 8,145,769 0 shares, respectively, issuable under unvested PSUs outstanding, 225,967 shares reserved for issuance under unvested PSUs outstanding if 200% of the applicable performance target is achieved, 9,331,100 and 9,048,906 shares, respectively, issued for stock option exercises, RSU settlement, and restricted stock grants, and 8,512,215 7,891,012 and 7,848,832 8,230,500 shares, respectively, available for grant under the 2018 Plan.

Stock Options

Following are the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes valuation model for options granted during the periods shown below:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Risk-free interest rate	4.3%	4.1%
Average expected term (years)	7.0	7.0
Expected volatility	55.0%	55.3%
Dividend yield	—	—

Option grants to employees in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023 generally vest 25% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter ratably vesting monthly over the remaining three-year period, subject to continued employment through the vesting date.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Stock Options

Following are the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes valuation model for options granted during the periods shown below:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022
Risk-free interest rate	N/A	N/A	4.1%	1.9%
Average expected term (years)	N/A	N/A	7.0	7.0
Expected volatility	N/A	N/A	55.3%	55.0%
Dividend yield	N/A	N/A	—	—

There were no option grants in the three months ended September 30, 2023. Option grants in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and in the three and nine months ended October 1, 2022 generally vest 25% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter ratably vesting monthly over the remaining three-year period, subject to continued employment through the vesting date.

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activity during the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024:

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	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands) ⁽¹⁾
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	3,999,933	\$ 25.58	5.3	\$ 20,712
Granted	1,014,718	\$ 17.84	—	\$ —
Exercised	(215,943)	\$ 0.79	—	\$ 3,646
Canceled/Forfeited	(415,082)	\$ 36.76	—	\$ —
Outstanding at September 30, 2023	4,383,626	\$ 23.95	5.6	\$ 13,670
Vested and exercisable at September 30, 2023	3,056,564	\$ 22.82	4.0	\$ 13,670
Vested and expected to vest at September 30, 2023	4,214,949	\$ 23.69	5.4	\$ 13,670

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands) ⁽¹⁾
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	4,477,120	\$ 23.04	5.4	\$ 12,915
Granted	859,704	\$ 9.77	—	\$ —
Exercised	(1,579)	\$ 3.00	—	\$ 9
Canceled/Forfeited	(23,367)	\$ 58.79	—	\$ —
Outstanding at March 30, 2024	5,311,878	\$ 20.74	6.0	\$ 11,738
Vested and exercisable at March 30, 2024	3,337,375	\$ 23.11	4.0	\$ 11,436
Vested and expected to vest at March 30, 2024	4,499,903	\$ 22.42	5.3	\$ 11,597

(1) Aggregate intrinsic value is calculated as the difference between the value of common stock on the transaction date and the exercise price multiplied by the number of shares issuable under the stock option. Aggregate intrinsic value of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the reporting period is calculated as the difference between the value of common stock on the beginning and end dates, respectively, and the exercise price multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.

In the three months ended September 30, 2023, March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022, the Company recorded \$2.1 million, \$1.9 million and \$4.1 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to options. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, the Company recorded \$9.0 million and \$12.5 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to options. The share-based compensation expense is included in cost of goods sold, research and development expenses and SG&A expenses in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations.

As of September 30, 2023, March 30, 2024, there was \$16.1 million, \$13.8 million in unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock option awards which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 1.3 years.

Restricted Stock Units

RSU grants to employees in the three months ended March 30, 2024 generally vest 25% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter vest quarterly over the remaining three years of the award, subject to continued employment through the vesting date. Some of the RSU grants to continuing employees in the three months ended March 30, 2024 vest 50% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter vest quarterly over the remaining four quarters of the award, subject to continued employment through the vesting date. RSU awards to non-employee consultants and ambassadors in the three months ended March 30, 2024 vest on varying dates, subject to continued service through the vesting date.

RSU grants to new and certain continuing employees in the three months ended April 1, 2023 generally vest 25% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter vest quarterly over the remaining three years of the award, subject to continued employment through the vesting date. Some of the RSU grants to continuing employees in the three months ended April 1, 2023 vest 50% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter vest quarterly over the remaining four quarters of the award, subject to continued employment through the vesting date.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The following table summarizes the Company's RSU activity during the three months ended March 30, 2024:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit
Unvested at December 31, 2023	1,411,310	\$ 19.60
Granted	1,266,193	\$ 9.73
Vested ⁽¹⁾	(265,629)	\$ 20.05
Canceled/Forfeited	(25,511)	\$ 18.79
Unvested at March 30, 2024	2,386,363	\$ 14.35

(1) Includes 43,992 shares of common stock that were withheld to cover taxes on the release of vested RSUs and became available for future grants pursuant to the 2018 Plan.

In the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, the Company recorded in aggregate \$4.0 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to RSUs. The share-based compensation expense is included in cost of goods sold, research and development expenses and SG&A expenses in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations.

As of March 30, 2024, there was \$19.7 million in unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 1.4 years.

Performance Stock Units

In March 2024, the Company granted a target amount of \$3.3 million in PSUs with market-based and service-based vesting conditions to certain executive officers. The market vesting criteria is based on the Company's TSR results relative to a peer group. The peer group includes the constituents of the S&P Food and Beverage Select Industry Index excluding companies in the S&P 500 as of the beginning of the performance periods during a one-year, two-year and three-year performance period beginning on January 1, 2024 and ending on December 31, 2024, December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2026, respectively. The market vesting condition allows for a range of vesting from 0% to 200% of the target amount, depending on the relative TSR achieved by the Company against the peer group. In addition to the market vesting condition, these PSUs are subject to the continued service of the executive officers through the last day of the applicable performance period. The fair values of PSUs are measured on the grant date using a Monte Carlo valuation model. Each of the three performance periods is considered an individual tranche of the award referred to as "Tranche 1," "Tranche 2" and "Tranche 3," respectively.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Restricted Stock Units

RSU grants to employees in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 generally vest 25% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter vest quarterly over the remaining three years of the award, subject to continued employment through the vesting date. Some of the RSU grants to continuing employees in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 vest 50% of the total award on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and thereafter vest quarterly over the remaining four quarters of the award, subject to continued employment through the vesting date. Some of the RSU grants to continuing employees in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 vest quarterly over four quarters, subject to continued employment through the vesting date.

Annual RSU grants to directors on the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 vest monthly over a one-year period subject to continued service through the vesting date. RSU grants to a new director on the Board in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 vest monthly over a three-year period subject to continued service through the vesting date. RSU grants to nonemployee brand ambassadors and consultants in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 vest on varying dates, subject to continued service through the vesting date.

	Number of Units	Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit	Performance Period
Tranche 1	80,307	\$ 13.49	January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024
Tranche 2	74,714	\$ 14.50	January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2025
Tranche 3	70,946	\$ 15.27	January 1, 2024 - December 31, 2026

The following table summarizes the Company's RSU PSU activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2023:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit
Unvested at December 31, 2022	993,313	\$ 35.98
Granted	1,157,730	\$ 16.52
Vested ⁽¹⁾	(500,922)	\$ 30.74
Canceled/Forfeited	(250,212)	\$ 28.99
Unvested at September 30, 2023	1,399,909	\$ 23.01

(1) Includes 26,016 shares of common stock that were withheld to cover taxes on the release of vested RSUs and became available for future grants pursuant to the 2018 Plan.

During the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Unit
Unvested at January 1, 2024	—	\$ —
Granted	225,967	\$ 14.38
Vested	—	\$ —
Canceled/Forfeited	—	\$ —
Unvested at March 30, 2024	225,967	\$ 14.38

The total grant date fair value of the awards was determined to be \$3.3 million, with each tranche of the awards representing \$1.1 million of the total expense. The requisite service period for each tranche of the award is 10 months, 22 months and October 1, 2022 34 months, respectively. Share-based compensation expense related to PSUs is recognized on a straight-line basis over their requisite service periods, regardless of whether the market condition is ultimately satisfied. Share-based compensation expense is not reversed if the achievement of the market condition does not occur.

In the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, the Company recorded \$4.4 million in aggregate \$0.2 million and \$5.2 million, \$0, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to RSUs. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, the Company recorded \$14.8 million and \$16.4 million, respectively, of share-based compensation expense related to RSUs, PSUs. The share-based compensation expense is included in cost of goods sold, research and development expenses and SG&A expenses in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations. Prior to December 31, 2023, the Company had no share-based compensation expense related to PSUs.

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, there was \$19.3 million \$3.1 million in unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested RSUs PSUs which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average vesting period of 1.3 1.8 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, the maximum aggregate number of shares that may be issued under the 2018 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") was 2,948,715 3,484,845 shares of common stock, including an increase of 536,130 shares effective January 1, 2023 January 1, 2024 under the terms of the ESPP. The ESPP is expected to be implemented through a series of offerings under which participants are granted purchase rights to purchase shares of the Company's common stock on specified dates during such offerings. The administrator has not yet approved an offering under the ESPP.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Note 10.9. Commitments and Contingencies

Leases

See Note 4.3.

On January 14, 2021, the Company entered into the Campus Lease with HC Hornet Way, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Landlord"), to house the Company's Campus Headquarters.

Under the terms of the Campus Lease, the Company will lease an aggregate of approximately 282,000 rentable square feet in a portion of a building located at 888 N. Douglas Street, El Segundo, California, to

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

be built out by the Landlord and delivered to the Company in multiple phases. In 2022 and in the second quarter of 2023, the tenant improvements associated with Phase 1-A and Phase 1-B, respectively, were completed and the underlying assets were delivered to the Company. Therefore, the Company began recognizing a right-of-use asset and lease liability for Phase 1-A in its condensed consolidated balance sheet in the year ended December 31, 2022 and for Phase 1-B in its condensed consolidated balance sheet in the second quarter ended July 1, 2023. See Note 4.3. Aggregate payments towards base rent over the initial lease term associated with the remaining phases not yet delivered to the Company will be approximately \$79.4 million.

Concurrent with the Company's execution of the Campus Lease, as a security deposit, the Company delivered to the Landlord a letter of credit in the amount of \$12.5 million which amount will decrease to: (i) \$6.3 million on the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Rent Commencement Date (as defined in the Campus Lease); (ii) \$3.1 million on the eighth (8th) anniversary of the Rent Commencement Date; and (iii) \$0 in the event the Company receives certain credit ratings; provided the Company is not then in default of its obligations under the Campus Lease. The letter of credit is secured by a \$12.6 million deposit included reflected in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet sheets as "Restricted cash, non-current" as of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

Given the Company's intention to reduce its overall operating expenses and cash expenditures, on February 2, 2024, the Company terminated the agreement to purchase the Enschede Property and the security deposit was returned to the Company, which was subsequently paid to the purchaser of the property to be applied towards the deposit and future lease payments. The Company entered into a lease agreement with the purchaser of the property to lease the approximately 114,000 square foot property for an initial period of five years with an option to renew for an additional five years at an annual rent of approximately €1.0 million. See Note 3.

China Investment and Lease Agreement

On September 22, 2020, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Beyond Meat (Jiaxing) Food Co., Ltd. ("BYND JX"), entered into an investment agreement with the Administrative Committee (the "JX Committee") of the Jiaxing Economic & Technological Development Zone (the "JXEDZ") pursuant to which, among other things, BYND JX has agreed to make certain investments in the JXEDZ in two phases of development, and the Company has agreed to guarantee certain repayment obligations of BYND JX under such agreement. In the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, BYND JX received \$0.5 million and \$0, respectively, in subsidies from the JXEDZ Finance Bureau.

During Phase 1, the Company agreed to invest \$10.0 million as the registered capital of BYND JX in the JXEDZ through intercompany investment in BYND JX. JX and BYND JX agreed to lease a facility in the JXEDZ for a minimum of two years. In connection with such agreement, BYND JX entered into a factory leasing contract with a JXEDZ company, pursuant to which BYND JX agreed to lease and renovate a facility in the JXEDZ and lease it for a minimum of two years. In the year ended December 31, 2022, the lease was amended to extend the term for an additional five years without rent escalation. In the fourth quarter of 2021, BYND JX leased an approximately 12,000 square foot facility in Shanghai, China, for a period of eight years, which is used as a local research and development facility to support the local manufacturing operations. As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, the Company had invested \$22.0 million as the registered capital of BYND JX and advanced \$20.0 million to BYND JX.

In the event that the Company and BYND JX determine, in their sole discretion, to proceed with the Phase 2 development in the JXEDZ, BYND JX has agreed in the first stage of Phase 2 to increase its registered capital to \$40.0 million and to acquire the land use right to a state-owned land plot in the JXEDZ to conduct development and construction of a new production facility. Following the first stage of Phase 2, the Company and BYND JX may determine, in their sole discretion, to permit BYND JX to obtain a second state-owned land plot in the JXEDZ in order to construct one or more facilities thereon.

The Planet Partnership

On January 25, 2021, the Company entered into the Planet Partnership, LLC ("TPP"), a joint venture with PepsiCo, Inc. ("PepsiCo") to develop, produce and market innovative snack and beverage products made from plant-based protein. In the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, the

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)**

Phase 2, the Company recognized its share of the net losses and BYND JX may determine, in TPP their sole discretion, to permit BYND JX to obtain a second state-owned land plot in the amount of \$0.1 million JXEDZ in order to construct an additional facility thereon.

The Planet Partnership

On January 25, 2021, the Company entered into the Planet Partnership, LLC ("TPP"), a joint venture with PepsiCo, Inc. ("PepsiCo") to develop, produce and \$8.7 million, respectively. In market innovative snack and beverage products made from plant-based protein. For the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, the Company recognized its share of the net (income) losses in TPP, in the amount of \$3.9 million \$(7,000) and \$10.8 million, \$3.2 million, respectively. As of the year ended December 31, 2022 March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had contributed its share of the investment in TPP in the amount

of \$24.3 million. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company contributed an additional \$3.3 million as its share of an additional investment in TPP, resulting in a total contribution of \$27.6 million as of September 30, 2023 \$27.6 million. See [Note 2](#), [Note 12](#) and [Note 13](#).

In the first nine months of 2023, the Company continued the process of restructuring renegotiating certain contracts and changing operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky. Jerky and assumed distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky in the fourth quarter of 2023. In 2023, as part of its review of its global operations (the "Global Operations Review"), the Company made the decision to discontinue the Beyond Meat Jerky product line.

Purchase Commitments

On July 1, 2023, the Company and Roquette Frères entered into a second amendment (the "Second Amendment") to the Company's existing pea protein supply agreement dated January 10, 2020, as amended by the first amendment dated August 3, 2022 (the "First Amendment"). Pursuant to the Second Amendment, the terms of the agreement and existing purchase commitments set forth in the First Amendment were revised and extended through December 31, 2025. Pursuant to the Second Amendment, the purchase commitment was revised such that the Company has committed to purchase pea protein inventory totaling \$1.4 million \$8.1 million in the remainder of 2023, \$10.9 million in 2024 and \$17.1 million \$17.1 million in 2025.

On April 6, 2022, the Company entered into a co-manufacturing agreement ("Co-Manufacturing Agreement") with a co-manufacturer to manufacture various products for the Company. The Co-Manufacturing Agreement includes included a minimum order quantity commitment per month and an aggregate quantity over a 5-year five-year term. For a portion of the contract term, if the minimum order for a month is not fulfilled, On November 21, 2023, the Company may be assessed a fee per pound, which fee may be waived by terminated the Agreement because the co-manufacturer upon reaching certain aggregate quarterly volume requirements.

The following table sets forth the schedule of the fees for the committed quantity failed to meet its obligations under the Co-Manufacturing Agreement. Agreement and recorded \$4.4 million in termination-related charges. In March 2024, the co-manufacturer brought an action against the Company in a confidential arbitration proceeding. See

(in thousands)	As of	
	September 30, 2023	
Remainder of 2023	\$	2,955
2024		11,820
2025		11,820
2026		11,820
2027		34,475
Total	\$	72,890

Litigation—Arbitration with Former Co-Manufacturer.

Litigation

In connection with the matters described below, the Company has accrued for loss contingencies where it believes that losses are probable and estimable. No loss contingency is recorded for matters where such losses are either not probable or reasonably estimable (or both). Although it is reasonably possible that actual losses could be in excess of the Company's accrual, the Company is unable to estimate a reasonably possible loss or range of loss in excess of its accrual, due to various reasons, including, among others, that: (i) the proceedings are in early stages or no claims have been asserted, (ii) specific damages have not been sought in all of these matters, (iii) damages, if asserted, are considered unsupported and/or exaggerated, (iv) there is uncertainty as to the outcome of pending appeals, motions or settlements, (v) there are significant factual issues to be resolved, and/or (vi) there are novel legal

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

issues or unsettled legal theories presented. It is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of all pending legal proceedings, and some of the matters discussed below seek or may seek potentially large and/or indeterminate amounts. Any such loss or excess loss could have a material effect on the Company's results of operations or cash flows or on the Company's financial condition.

In addition to the matters described below, the Company is involved in various other legal proceedings, claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on the facts currently

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

available, the Company does not believe that the disposition of such other matters that are pending or asserted will have a material effect on its financial statements.

Aliments BVeggie, Inc.

On October 20, 2023, In November 2023, Aliments BVeggie, Inc. ("BVeggie") advised the Company that it will be filing legal proceedings against the Company before the Superior Court of Quebec's District of Montreal. BVeggie alleges, among other things that: (i) in 2019, the Company and BVeggie entered into a co-manufacturing agreement, by which BVeggie would produce and deliver products for the benefit of the Company, in exchange for a tolling fee to be paid per pound of product produced and delivered to the Company; (ii) the Company would have made false and misleading statements regarding the volume of purchase orders it would provide BVeggie; (iii) BVeggie invested significant sums to adapt its facilities for the intended production; (iv) the Company fell short of its undertakings and promises; and (v) in March 2023, the Company illegally terminated the business relationship. BVeggie intends to claim damages in the total amount of 129,841,920 CAD, in compensation for its investments, lost profits and the repairs needed to be made to its facility post-termination of the business relationship and removal of the Company's equipment. The case is at a preliminary stage. The Company intends to vigorously defend against these claims. On December 7, 2023, the Company filed a motion for declinatory exception to stay the proceedings pending before the Superior Court of Quebec, district of Montreal, and refer the dispute to arbitration in California. A hearing on the motion for declinatory exception occurred on April 25, 2024. By judgment dated May 9, 2024, the Superior Court of Quebec granted the motion for declinatory exception filed by the Company and declared that the courts sitting in Los Angeles County, in the State of California, are in a better position to decide the dispute. This judgment is subject to a thirty-day appeal period.

Retail Wholesale Department Store Union Local 338 Retirement Fund Saskatchewan Healthcare Employees' Pension Plan v. Beyond Meat, Inc. et al.

On May 11, 2023, a class action complaint was filed against the Company and certain current and former officers and directors in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, captioned *Retail Wholesale Department Store Union Local 338 Retirement Fund v. Beyond Meat, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 2:23-cv-03602. On July 26, 2023, the Court granted Saskatchewan Healthcare Employees' Pension Plan's motion to be appointed lead plaintiff and for its counsel to be appointed lead counsel. On August 9, 2023, the case was recaptioned as *Saskatchewan Healthcare Employees' Pension Plan v. Beyond Meat, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 2:23-cv-03602 ("SHEPP Action"). On October 9, 2023, the plaintiffs filed an amended complaint to which the defendants must respond to the amended complaint by December 8, 2023. a consolidated class action complaint. The amended complaint asserts violations of Sections 10(b), 20(a), and 20A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), against the Company and certain of its current and former officers and directors on behalf of a putative class of investors who purchased the Company's common stock between May 5, 2020 and October 13, 2022, inclusive.

The amended complaint alleges, among other things, that the Company and certain current and former officers and directors the individual defendants made false and misleading statements or omissions regarding the Company's ability to manufacture its products at scale and to its partners' specifications. The complaint seeks an order certifying the class; awarding compensatory damages, interest, costs, expenses, attorneys' and expert fees; and granting other unspecified equitable or injunctive relief. The case is at complaint alleges causes of action under Sections 10(b), 20(a), and 20A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), on behalf of a preliminary stage. putative class of investors who purchased the Company's common stock between May 5, 2020 and October 13, 2022, inclusive. On December 8, 2023, the Company and the individual defendants filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated class action complaint. The parties completed briefing on the motion to dismiss in March 2024. On April 22, 2024, the court heard oral arguments on the defendants' motion to dismiss. A decision has not been rendered. The Company intends to vigorously defend against these claims.

Gervat v. Brown et al.; Brink v. Brown et al. Stockholder Derivative Litigation Actions

Following the SHEPP Action, derivative shareholder actions were filed by purported stockholders against the Company and certain directors and officers. On July 21, 2023, a derivative shareholder action was filed against certain current and former officers and directors of the Company in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, captioned *Gervat v. Brown, et al.*, Case No. 2:23-cv-05954. The complaint asserts claims for breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment and gross mismanagement. It also asserts violations of Section 14(a) of 23-

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

the Exchange Act against a subset of defendants and seeks contribution for violations of Sections 10(b) and 21D of the Exchange Act from the individual defendants named cv-05954 ("Gervat Action"). The Gervat Action alleges substantially similar facts as those alleged in the related securities class action lawsuit. The Company is named as a nominal defendant only.

The complaint alleges, among other things, that the Company and certain of its current and former officers and directors made false and misleading statements or omissions regarding the Company's ability to manufacture its products at scale and to its partners' specifications. The Gervat complaint covers the same period of time as covered by the Retail Wholesale complaint, namely May 5, 2020 through October 13, 2022. The complaint further alleges that a demand on the Board to pursue this action would be futile. The complaint seeks a declaration that the named plaintiff can maintain the action on behalf of the Company and that the individual defendants have breached or aided in breaching fiduciary duties owed to the Company; damages and interest; restitution; costs and fees; an order directing the Company to improve its corporate governance and oversight and provide shareholders more Board control; and other unspecified equitable or injunctive relief.

On July 27, 2023, a second derivative shareholder action was filed against certain current and former officers and directors of the Company in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, captioned *Brink v. Brown et al.*, Case No. 2:23-cv-06110. SHEPP Action. The complaint asserts claims for breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, and gross mismanagement. It also asserts violations of Section 14(a) of the Exchange Act against a subset of defendants. defendants and seeks contribution for violations of Sections 10(b) and 21D of the Exchange Act from the individual defendants named in the SHEPP Action. The Company is named as a nominal defendant only.

The complaint alleges, among other things, that On July 27, 2023, a second derivative shareholder action was filed in the Company and certain United States District Court for the Central District of its current and former officers and directors made false and misleading statements or omissions regarding the Company's ability to manufacture its products at scale and to its partners' specifications. The California, captioned *Brink v. Brown, et al* complaint covers ., Case No. 2:23-cv-06110 ("Brink Action"), alleging substantially the same period causes of time action as covered by alleged in the *Retail Wholesale* complaint Gervat Action and facts substantially similar to those alleged in the Gervat complaint, namely May 5, 2020 through October 13, 2022. The complaint further alleges that a demand on SHEPP Action. On August 15, 2023, the Board to pursue this action would be futile. The complaint seeks a declaration that the named plaintiff can maintain the action on behalf of the Company Gervat and that the individual defendants have breached or aided in breaching fiduciary duties owed to the Company; damages and interest; restitution; costs and fees; an order directing the Company to improve its corporate governance and oversight and provide shareholders more Board control; and other unspecified equitable or injunctive relief.

The Gervat and Brink actions Actions were consolidated into a single matter, on August 15, 2023, with Gervat serving as the lead case. On October 13, 2023, the parties stipulated to a stay of the consolidated case pending the defendants' response to the amended complaint in the above-mentioned *Retail Wholesale* class action. The Gervat Action being the operative one, and such consolidated case was captioned *In Re Beyond Meat, Inc. Stockholder Derivative Litigation*, Case No. 2:23-cv-05954 ("Consolidated Derivative Action"). The Consolidated Derivative Action is at a preliminary stage. The Company intends stayed pending resolution of the defendants' motion to vigorously defend against these claims.

Moore v. Nelson et al.

dismiss in the SHEPP Action. On August 4, 2023, a third derivative shareholder action was filed against certain current and former officers and directors of the Company in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles, captioned *Moore v. Nelson, et al.*, Case No. 23STCV18587. 23STCV18587 ("Moore Action"), alleging causes of action substantially similar to those alleged in the Consolidated Derivative Action and facts substantially similar to those alleged in the SHEPP Action. On January 23, 2024, the plaintiff dismissed the complaint without prejudice. On December 8, 2023, a fourth derivative action was filed in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware, captioned *Gilardy v. Brown, et al.*, Case No. 1:23-cv-01415 ("Gilardy Action"). The complaint asserts claims for breach Gilardy Action alleges causes of California's insider trading laws. action substantially similar to those alleged in the Consolidated Derivative Action and Moore Action and facts substantially similar to those alleged in the SHEPP Action. The Company Gilardy Action is named as stayed pending resolution of the defendants' motion to dismiss in the SHEPP Action.

Litigation Pursuant to Section 220 of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL")

On November 17, 2023, purported stockholder Christina Brown ("Brown") issued a nominal defendant only. The Moore complaint covers books and records demand pursuant to Section 220 of the DGCL seeking documents, including board minutes and materials generally related to the same period of time issues as covered by those raised in the *Retail Wholesale* SHEPP Action and related derivative actions. On December 12, 2023, Brown filed a complaint the Gervat complaint and the Brink complaint, namely May 5, 2020 through October 13, 2022.

The complaint alleges that certain current and former officers and directors of in Delaware Chancery Court naming the Company traded Company shares on the public market while in possession of material, non-public information. The complaint seeks all statutory remedies, including relief "prohibiting insider trading;" restitution, disgorgement of proceeds, as defendant and treble damages; prejudgment interest, costs, and fees; and other

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes seeking such documents pursuant to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued) Section 220, captioned

unspecified relief. *Brown v. Beyond Meat*, Case No. 2023-1262 (Del. Ch.). The case is at a in the preliminary stage. The Company intends to vigorously defend against these claims. stages.

Consumer Class Actions Regarding Protein Claims

From May 31, 2022 through January 13, 2023, multiple putative class action lawsuits were filed against the Company in various federal and state courts alleging that the labeling and marketing of certain of the Company's products is false and/or misleading under federal and/or various states' laws. Specifically, each of these lawsuits allege one or more of the following theories of liability: (i) that the labels and related marketing of the challenged products misstate the quantitative amount of protein that is provided by each serving of the product; (ii) that the labels and related marketing of the challenged products misstate the percent daily value of protein that is provided by each serving of the product; and (iii) that the Company has represented that the challenged products are "all-natural," "organic," or contain no "synthetic" ingredients when they in fact contain methylcellulose, an allegedly synthetic ingredient. The named plaintiffs of each complaint seek to represent classes of nationwide and/or state-specific consumers, and seek on behalf of the putative classes damages, restitution, and injunctive relief, among other relief. Additional complaints asserting these theories of liability are possible. Some lawsuits previously filed were voluntarily withdrawn or dismissed without prejudice, though they may be refiled.

On November 14, 2022, the Company filed a motion with the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation to transfer and consolidate all pending class actions. No party opposed the motion, and the Panel held oral argument on the motion on January 26, 2023. The Panel granted the motion on February 1, 2023,

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

consolidating the pending class action lawsuits and transferring them to Judge Sara Ellis in the Northern District of Illinois for pre-trial proceedings. In re: Beyond Meat, Inc. Protein Content Marketing and Sales Practices Litigation, No. 1:23-cv-00669 (N.D. Ill.) (the "MDL").

On March 3, 2023, the MDL court held the initial status conference. The MDL court granted plaintiffs' motion to appoint interim class counsel and set a briefing schedule on the Company's anticipated motion to dismiss counsel. On May 3, 2023, plaintiffs filed an amended consolidated complaint. The Company's motion to dismiss was filed on June 5, 2023, and plaintiffs filed a brief in opposition on July 7, 2023. The Company's reply in support of the motion to dismiss was filed on July 21, 2023. A telephonic conference is set for November 28, 2023 for a ruling on

On February 22, 2024, the MDL court issued an order granting in part and denying in part the Company's motion to dismiss. On March 5, 2024, the parties filed a joint status report noting they had agreed to engage in mediation. On April 24, 2024, the parties engaged in mediation before the Honorable Wayne R. Andersen but did not reach agreement. Negotiations continued and the parties entered into a confidential binding settlement term sheet on May 6, 2024, pursuant to which the Company has agreed to contribute \$7.5 million to a settlement fund in full satisfaction of all settlement costs and attorneys' fees. The parties will continue to work on a definitive written settlement agreement to be executed within forty-five days of the signed term sheet and which will be subject to preliminary and final approval by the MDL court.

Since the settlement is subject to court approval, the timing of payments is uncertain; however, the Company anticipates paying \$250,000 in 2024, with the remainder, \$7.25 million, anticipated to be paid in 2025.

The active lawsuits, each of which was consolidated and transferred to the MDL and is subject to the binding settlement term sheet, are:

- Roberts v. Beyond Meat, Inc., No. 1:22-cv-02861 (N.D. Ill.) (filed May 31, 2022)
- Cascio v. Beyond Meat, Inc., No. 1:22-cv-04018 (E.D.N.Y.) (filed July 8, 2022)
- Miller v. Beyond Meat, Inc., No. 1:22-cv-06336 (S.D.N.Y.) (filed July 26, 2022)
- Garcia v. Beyond Meat, Inc., No. 4:22-cv-00297 (S.D. Iowa) (filed September 9, 2022)
- Borovoy v. Beyond Meat, Inc., No. 1:22-cv-06302 (N.D. Ill.) (filed September 30, 2022 in DuPage Co., Ill.; removed on Nov. 10, 2022)
- Zakinov v. Beyond Meat, Inc., No. 4:23-cv-00144 (S.D. Tex.) (filed January 13, 2023)

The

If a final definitive settlement agreement is not reached or approved by the MDL court, the Company intends is prepared to vigorously defend against all remaining claims asserted in the complaints.

Interbev

In October 2020, Interbev, a French trade association for the livestock and meat industry sent a cease-and-desist letter to one of the Company's contract manufacturers alleging that the use of "meat" and meat-related terms is misleading the French consumer. Despite the Company's best efforts to reach a settlement, including a formal settlement proposal from the Company in March 2021, the association no longer responded. Instead, on March 13, 2022, the Company was served a summons by Interbev to appear before the Commercial Court of Paris, Paris (the "Commercial Court"). The summons alleges that the Company misleads the French consumer with references to e.g. "plant based meat," "plant based burger" and related descriptive names, and alleges that the Company is denigrating meat and meat products. The relief sought by Interbev includes (i) changing the presentation of Beyond Meat products to avoid any potential confusion with meat products, (ii) publication of the judgment of the court in the media, and (iii)

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

names, and alleges that the Company is denigrating meat and meat products. The relief sought by Interbev includes (i) changing the presentation of Beyond Meat products to avoid any potential confusion with meat products, (ii) publication of the judgment of the court in the media, and (iii) damages of EUR 200,000. On October 12, 2022, the Company submitted its brief in defense. If the Commercial Court rules against the Company, it could disrupt the Company's ability to market in France.

On February 1, 2023, the French trade association submitted updated pleadings to the Commercial Court. The association maintains its position that the Company is misleading the consumer, and additionally alleges that it is engaging in unlawful comparative advertising of its products with respect to meat and meat products. The relief sought is unchanged. On May 24, 2023, the Company submitted its defense, strongly disputing these claims. On September 27, 2023, Interbev obtained an extension to submit a

response to the Company. In September 2023, the Company submitted a request to stay proceedings in the commercial litigation proceedings, pending the decision of the Court of Justice of the European Union ("CJEU") in the administrative litigation case against the French Decree prohibiting meat names. On September 27, 2023, Interbev obtained an extension to submit a response to the Company. On October 25, 2023, Interbev submitted its response opposing the Company's request to stay proceedings and asking that the written procedure of the case be closed. The Company is scheduled to respond responded on November 22, 2023, and Interbev submitted an additional reply on January 16, 2024. The Company expects Interbev to be given On March 20, 2024, the opportunity to respond 4 weeks after, and the Company expects Commercial Court held a hearing on the decision to stay proceedings, in January or February 2024, and on April 25, 2024, the Commercial Court decided that the case should proceed. To that end, the Commercial Court set the date for an oral hearing on September 4, 2024. The commercial litigation is expected to take at least 24 another five months in the first instance, and at least 36 months if the stay is granted. If the Court rules against the Company, it could disrupt the Company's ability to market in France. instance. The Company intends to vigorously defend against these claims.

On April 21, 2023, Interbev filed two actions before the European Union Intellectual Property Office (the "EUIPO") to cancel the Company's EU trademark registration for the Caped Steer logo. Interbev is seeking cancellation of the trademark, alleging that the trademark is invalid because it allegedly misleads the public about the nature and characteristics of the products offered under the mark. Interbev is also seeking cancellation on the basis of lack of genuine use, despite the fact that the mark is within the five-year grace period where it cannot be challenged for lack of allegedly misleading use. On July 7, 2023, the Company submitted its responses to these actions, strongly disputing these claims and defending its use and registration of the Caped Steer logo. Interbev's response regarding misleading use of the mark was filed on September 14, 2023, and the Company's Company responded on November 17, 2023. Interbev's response regarding the invalidity of the mark was filed and served on the Company in November 2023, and the Company responded on January 12, 2024. On May 7, 2024, the Company was served with the EUIPO's first instance decision regarding the invalidity of the mark. The EUIPO held the mark to be invalid insofar as the registration covered specifically meat or dairy substitute goods. The EUIPO held the trademark to be valid insofar as the registration is due on November 20, 2023, for other plant, cereal, vegetable, fruit or nut-based goods. The Company is currently considering its options.

Decree prohibiting meat names Decrees Prohibiting Meat Names

On June 29, 2022, France adopted a Decree implementing a prohibition of June 2020 on the use of denominations used for foodstuffs of animal origin to describe, market or promote foodstuffs containing plant proteins ("Contested (the "Contested Decree"). The Contested Decree prohibits prohibited the use of meat names (such as "sausage" or "meatballs") for plant-based products, from its date of entry into force on October 1, 2022. On July 27, 2022, the French High Administrative Court issued a temporary and partial suspension of the execution of the Contested Decree, in response to a motion filed by a French trade association. While the Court has not yet handed down a final decision on the merits, the suspension indicates that it has serious doubts as to the substantive lawfulness of the Contested Decree.

The Company does not believe that the Contested Decree complies with the laws of the European Union (EU), and in particular the principle of free movement of goods, nor with French rules requiring laws to be clear and accessible. On October 21, 2022, the Company filed a request for annulment of the Contested Decree before the French High Administrative Court. On November 16, 2022, the Company filed a voluntary intervention in the French trade association's own application for annulment, to ensure that both the Company's voice and strong EU law arguments are were heard. On January 23, 2023, the French Ministry for the Economy (the "French Ministry") responded to the Company's request for annulment and intervention. The French Ministry's response made clear that it will would enforce the Contested Decree as a blanket ban on the use of all "meaty" names for plant-based products in France. On April 20, 2023, a number of plant-based companies voluntarily filed interventions in support of the Company's case.

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

On July 12, 2023, the French High Administrative Court issued an intermediate judgment in the proceedings against the French meaty names ban. The Court court held that there are were a number of difficulties interpreting EU law, which will be decisive for the resolution of the case. For that reason, the French High Administrative Court referred the case to the CJEU, which is the highest court in the EU and can issue a legally binding interpretation of EU law valid in all 27 EU member states, including France. The French High Administrative Court is bound to follow the judgment judgments of the CJEU. The procedure before the CJEU started on August 22, 2023, and the Company filed its submission on October 31, 2023. This procedure is likely take around 15 to 18 months to complete. The judgment of On January 15, 2024, the CJEU will be determinative as closed the written procedure. The period to whether request an oral hearing closed on February 5, 2024.

In parallel to the litigation before the CJEU against the Contested Decree's ban Decree, on meat names for plant-based foods is lawful, or not, under EU law. The judgment of the CJEU will also set a precedent on the naming of plant-based foods for all other EU member states, which may significantly disrupt or facilitate the operations of the Company and the entire plant-based protein industry in France and across the EU.

On August 23, 2023, France published a proposal for a new decree replacing the Contested Decree ("New (the "New Decree"). The New Decree has removed some of the Contested Decree's most open-ended language, but essentially maintains the prohibition on meaty names for plant-based proteins. The New Decree is now was subject to administrative review procedure by the European Commission (the EU's executive body) and the EU member states other than France. The six-months standstill period under that procedure ended on February 23, 2024. The Company is supporting supported plant-based protein trade associations against the New Decree. If adopted, On February 26, 2024, the New Decree would replace and abrogate the Contested Decree, making the current proceedings before the CJEU and the pending proceedings before was adopted. However, on April 10, 2024, the French High Administrative Court without object. Thus, decided once again to postpone the applicability of the New Decree. The interim relief judge noted that there is a risk that were serious doubts as to whether such national measures could be adopted based on EU law, which had already prompted the Company may need to initiate new proceedings before ongoing CJEU litigation.

In this context, on March 1, 2024, the CJEU requested the French High Administrative Court to provide its view on the impact of the adoption of the New Decree on the litigation against the Contested Decree, and whether it should be declared moot or it should be allowed to proceed. On March 14, 2024, the French High Administrative Court

responded to the CJEU's request for information asking it to rule in the current proceedings. On April 15, 2024, the CJEU decided that the litigation against the Contested Decree would proceed, and that an oral hearing was not necessary. The Company expects the ruling of the CJEU within approximately seven to twelve months.

The judgment of the CJEU will be determinative as to whether the Contested Decree's ban on meat names for plant-based foods was lawful, or not, under EU law. The judgment of the CJEU will set a precedent on the naming of plant-based foods for all other EU member states, which will significantly disrupt or facilitate the operations of the Company and the CJEU against entire plant-based protein industry in France and across the New Decree, EU. The Company maintains its position that the Contested Decree was, and the New Decree are is illegal under French and EU law, and law. It will continue to fight the defend against prohibitions on meaty names, among others through plant-based protein trade associations.

Arbitration with utmost vigor, Former Co-Manufacturer

In March 2024, a former co-manufacturer ("Manufacturer") brought an action against the Company in a confidential arbitration proceeding. The Company had entered into an agreement with the Manufacturer, under which the Manufacturer was responsible for producing products on behalf of the Company. The Company terminated the agreement in November 2023 due to the Manufacturer's failure to produce food in compliance with applicable laws, as required by the agreement. The Manufacturer alleges that the Company terminated the agreement without a contractual basis to do so and that it is owed past and future payments under the agreement. The Manufacturer claims total damages of at least approximately \$73.0 million. The Company has responded to the demand and asserted counterclaims for breach of contract. The Company intends to vigorously defend against these claims.

The Company is involved in various other legal proceedings, claims, and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Based on the facts currently available, the Company does not believe that

BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

the disposition of such matters that are pending or asserted will have a material effect on its financial statements.

Note 11.10. Income Taxes

For both the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, the Company recorded \$0 in income tax expense in its condensed consolidated statements of operations. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 \$2,000 and October 1, 2022, the Company recorded \$5,000 and \$21,000 \$0 in income tax expense, respectively, in its condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Company has evaluated the available evidence supporting the realization of its deferred tax assets, including the amount and timing of future taxable income, and has determined that it is more likely than not that its net deferred tax assets will not be realized. Due to uncertainties surrounding the realization of the deferred tax assets, the Company maintains a full valuation allowance against substantially all deferred tax assets. If the Company determines that it will be able to realize some portion or all of its deferred tax assets, an adjustment to its valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets will be made and the adjustment would have the effect of increasing net income in the period such determination is made.

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, the Company did not have any accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The Company's policy is to recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in income tax expense. The Company is subject to U.S. federal tax authority and U.S. state tax authority examinations for all years with respect to net operating loss and credit carryforwards.

Note 12.11. Net Loss Per Share Available to Common Stockholders

The Company calculates basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders in conformity with the two-class method required for companies with participating securities, provisions of ASC 260 "Earnings Per Share." Pursuant to Accounting Standards Update 2020-06, the Company applies the more dilutive of the if-converted method and the two-class method to its Notes. See Note 2.

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Numerator:		
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (54,361)	\$ (59,037)
Net loss available to common stockholders—basic	(54,361)	(59,037)
Denominator:		
Weighted average common shares outstanding—basic	64,702,249	64,004,894
Dilutive effect of shares issuable under stock options	—	—
Dilutive effect of RSUs	—	—
Dilutive effect of PSUs	—	—
Dilutive effect of Notes, if converted ⁽¹⁾	—	—

Weighted average common shares outstanding—diluted	64,702,249	64,004,894
Net loss per share available to common stockholders—basic and diluted	\$ (0.84)	\$ (0.92)

(1) As the Company recorded a net loss in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, inclusion of shares from the conversion premium or spread would be anti-dilutive. The Company had \$1.2 billion in Notes outstanding as of March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023.

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Computation The following shares of common stock equivalents were excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 excludes the dilutive effect of 4,383,626 shares issuable under stock options and 1,399,909 RSUs outstanding at September 30, 2023 periods presented because the Company incurred a net loss and their inclusion impact of including them would be anti-dilutive. Computation of net loss per share available to common stockholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 also excludes the dilutive effect of the Notes because the Company recorded a net loss and their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. Computation of net loss per share available to common stockholders for the three and nine months ended October 1, 2022 excludes the dilutive effect of 4,185,008 shares issuable under stock options and 830,256 RSUs outstanding at October 1, 2022 because their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. Computation of net loss per share available to common stockholders for the three and nine months ended October 1, 2022 also excludes the dilutive effect of the Notes because the Company recorded a net loss and their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022
Numerator:				
Net loss available to common stockholders	\$ (70,492)	\$ (101,678)	\$ (183,034)	\$ (299,270)
Net loss available to common stockholders—basic	(70,492)	(101,678)	(183,034)	(299,270)
Denominator:				
Weighted average common shares outstanding—basic	64,398,448	63,694,592	64,210,809	63,579,763
Dilutive effect of shares issuable under stock options	—	—	—	—
Dilutive effect of RSUs	—	—	—	—
Dilutive effect of Notes, if converted ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—
Weighted average common shares outstanding—diluted	64,398,448	63,694,592	64,210,809	63,579,763
Net loss per share available to common stockholders—basic	\$ (1.09)	\$ (1.60)	\$ (2.85)	\$ (4.71)
Net loss per share available to common stockholders—diluted	\$ (1.09)	\$ (1.60)	\$ (2.85)	\$ (4.71)

have been antidilutive:

(1) As the Company recorded a net loss in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, inclusion of shares from the conversion premium or spread would be anti-dilutive. The Company had \$1.2 billion in Notes outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022.

	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Options to purchase common stock	5,311,878	4,714,243
Restricted stock units	2,386,363	1,604,302
Performance stock units	225,967	—
Total	7,924,208	6,318,545

Note 13.12. Related Party Transactions

In connection with the Company's investment in TPP, a joint venture with PepsiCo, the Company sells sold certain products directly to the joint venture. In the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company also entered into an agreement for a nonrefundable non-refundable up-front fee associated with its manufacturing and supply agreement with TPP to be recognized over the estimated term of the manufacturing and supply agreement. As part of the restructuring of certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky, in the first quarter of 2023, the Company recognized in full the remaining balance of this fee. See Note 10. In 2023, as part of its Global Operations Review, the Company made the decision to discontinue the Beyond Meat Jerky product line.

Net revenues earned from TPP included in the U.S. retail channel net revenues were \$0 and \$4.5 \$5.3 million, including the \$2.0 million non-refundable up-front fee, for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022, respectively. Net revenues earned from TPP included in U.S. retail channel net revenues were \$5.3 million, including a \$2.0 million non-

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BEYOND MEAT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

refundable up-front fee, and \$31.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, respectively.

Accounts receivable from TPP were \$0 and \$0.4 million at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Unrecognized revenue associated with the up-front fee charged to TPP as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 was \$0 and \$2.0 million, respectively, and included in "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" in the respective condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Note 14.13. Subsequent Event

Reduction-in-force Preliminary Settlement of Consumer Class Actions Regarding Protein Claims

SubsequentAs discussed in Note 9, subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, on November 1, 2023 May 6, 2024, the Board approved parties to the consumer class actions described in Note 9 entered into a plan confidential binding settlement term sheet, pursuant to reduce which the Company has agreed to contribute \$7.5 million to a settlement fund in full satisfaction of all settlement costs and attorneys' fees. The parties will continue to work on a definitive written settlement agreement to be executed within forty-five days of the signed term sheet and which will be subject to preliminary and final approval by the MDL court.

Since the settlement is subject to court approval, the timing of payments is uncertain; however, the Company anticipates paying \$250,000 in 2024, with the remainder, \$7.25 million, anticipated to be paid in 2025.

As of March 30, 2024, the Company has accrued \$7.5 million in SG&A expenses in the Company's workforce by approximately 65 employees, representing approximately 19% condensed consolidated statement of operations, which are included in "Accrued litigation settlement costs" in the Company's global non-production workforce (or approximately 8% condensed consolidated balance sheet as of the Company's total global workforce) March 30, 2024. This decision was based on cost-reduction initiatives intended to reduce operating expenses.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of our 2022 2023 10-K and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and "Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" included elsewhere in this report and those discussed in other documents we file from time to time with the SEC. The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes and other financial information included in this quarterly report and our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in our 2022 2023 10-K. Our historical results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any future periods and our operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 or for any other interim period or for any other future year or period.

Overview

Beyond Meat is a leading plant-based meat company, offering a portfolio of revolutionary plant-based meats. We build meat directly from plants, an innovation that enables consumers to experience the taste, texture and other sensory attributes of popular animal-based meat products while enjoying the nutritional and environmental benefits of eating our plant-based meat products. Our brand promise, "Eat What You Love," represents a strong belief that there is a better way to feed our future and that the positive choices we all make, no matter how small, can have a great impact on our personal health and the health of our planet. By shifting from animal-based meat to plant-based meat, we can positively impact four growing global issues: human health, climate change, constraints on natural resources and animal welfare. The success of our breakthrough

innovation model and products has allowed us to appeal to a broad range of consumers, including flexitarians, those who typically eat animal-based meats, positioning us to compete directly in the global meat industry.

We sell a range of plant-based meat products across the our three main meat core platforms of beef, pork and poultry. As of September 2023, March 2024, Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 183,000 130,000 retail and foodservice outlets in more than 75 65 countries worldwide, across mainstream grocery, mass merchandiser, club store and natural retailer channels, and various food-away-from-home channels, including restaurants, foodservice outlets and schools. The number of retail and foodservice outlets carrying where Beyond Meat branded products are available was derived from rolling 52-week data as of September 2023 includes approximately 46,000 U.S. March 2024 and excludes retail outlets unique to Beyond Meat Jerky. In 2023, as part of our Global Operations Review, we made the first nine months of 2023, we continued decision to discontinue the process of restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky. In the fourth quarter of 2023, we assumed distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky. This transition is expected to limit our distribution reach for Beyond Meat Jerky and substantially reduce our total number of U.S. retail distribution outlets in subsequent quarters, product line.

In response to the first nine months current difficult environment and the negative impact of 2023, certain factors on our operating environment continued to be affected by uncertainty related to macroeconomic issues, including prolonged business and further softening of demand in the overall plant-based meat category, high inflation, rising interest rates, beginning in 2022 we pivoted our focus toward sustainable long-term growth supported by three pillars: (1) driving margin recovery and ongoing concerns about operating expense reduction through the likelihood implementation of lean value streams across our beef, pork and poultry platforms; (2) inventory reduction and cash flow generation through more efficient inventory management; and (3) focusing on near-term retail and foodservice growth drivers while supporting strategic key long-term partners and opportunities. Based on cost reduction initiatives intended to reduce operating expenses, in August 2022 and October 2022, we implemented reductions in force affecting approximately 4% and 19%, respectively, of our global workforce.

To further reduce operating expenses, in November 2023, we initiated a recession, among other things, all of which have had Global Operations Review, narrowing our commercial focus to certain growth opportunities, and could continue to have unforeseen impacts on our actual realized results. Our net revenues, gross profit, accelerating activities that prioritize gross margin earnings expansion and cash flows have been and generation. These efforts may continue include the exit or discontinuation of select product lines such as Beyond Meat Jerky; changes to be adversely impacted in 2023 and beyond by the following:

- unfavorable changes in our product mix, pricing architecture within certain channels including the launch recent and planned future price increases of new products, which may carry lower margin profiles relative to existing products, increased sales to strategic QSR customers, generally carrying a lower selling price per pound as a percentage certain of our total sales, products; accelerated, cash-accretive inventory reduction initiatives; further optimization of our manufacturing capacity and changing demand for real estate footprint; and the continued review of our core products, operations in China. As a result of this review, on November 1, 2023, our board of directors approved a plan to reduce our workforce by approximately 65 employees, representing

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approximately 19% of our global non-production workforce (or approximately 8% of our total global workforce). We may not be able to fully realize the cost savings and benefits initially anticipated from our cost reduction initiatives and Global Operations Review, and the realized costs may be greater than expected.

In the first quarter of 2024, our net revenues, gross profit, gross margin, earnings and cash flows continued to be adversely impacted by the following, each of which may continue to impact our business and financial condition in the future:

- unfavorable changes in our product sales mix, including the launch of new products, which may carry lower margin profiles relative to existing products, increased sales generally carrying a lower selling price per pound as a percentage of our total sales to strategic QSR customers, and changing demand for our core products;
- continued weak demand and its resultant impact on our sales due to slower category growth, particularly for refrigerated plant-based meat, unfavorable changes in consumers' perceptions about the health attributes of plant-based meats and increased competitive activity;
- deceleration of the adoption of plant-based meat across Europe and our ability to successfully launch extended shelf-life products, which could negatively impact our ability to expand distribution of our products;
- the impact of high inflation and the plant-based meat sector's premium pricing relative to animal protein, including causing which have caused and could continue to cause consumers to trade down into cheaper forms of protein, including animal meat, beans and other non-animal meat protein sources;
- negative impacts on capacity utilization as a result of lower than anticipated revenues, which have in the past and could in the future give rise to increased costs per unit, underutilization fees and termination fees and other costs to exit certain supply chain arrangements and product lines, and/or the write-down or write-off of certain equipment, driving less leverage on fixed costs and delaying the speed at which cost savings initiatives positively impact our financial results;
- changes in forecasted demand, including for our core products—namely Beyond Burger, Beyond Beef, and Beyond Sausage—but also Beyond Meat Jerky, among and others;
- the timing, impact and success our discontinuation of restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky and our assumption of distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky;
- managing inventory levels, including sales to liquidation channels and the level of inventory reserves; provision;
- changes in our pricing strategy, including actions intended to improve our price competitiveness relative to competing products or to improve profitability;

- increased unit cost of goods sold due to lower production volumes in response to weaker demand, which has and may continue in the future to adversely impact coverage of fixed production costs within our manufacturing facilities;
- increased unit cost of goods sold due to input cost inflation, including higher transportation, raw materials, energy, labor and supply chain costs;
- increased promotional programs and trade discounts or a failure or reduction in the efficacy of such programs to our retail and foodservice customers, including to bolster support for our core products, and shifts in product and channel mix resulting in negative impacts on our gross margins;
- potential disruption to our supply chain generally caused by distribution and other logistical issues, including the impact of cyber incidents at suppliers and vendors; and
- labor needs at the Company as well as in the supply chain and at customers.

To further reduce operating expenses, in November 2023, we announced that we were initiating a review

Components of Our Results of Operations and Trends and Other Factors Affecting Our Business

Net Revenues

We generate net revenues primarily from sales of our global operations, narrowing our commercial focus to certain growth opportunities, and accelerating activities that prioritize gross margin expansion and cash generation. These efforts may include the potential exit of select product lines; changes products to our pricing architecture within certain channels; accelerated, cash-accretive inventory reduction initiatives; further optimization of our manufacturing capacity customers across mainstream grocery, mass merchandiser, club store and real estate footprint; natural retailer channels, and a review various food-away-from-home channels, including restaurants, foodservice outlets and potential restructuring of our operations schools, mainly in China.

Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2023, on November 1, 2023, our board of directors approved a plan to reduce our workforce by approximately 65 employees, representing approximately 19% of our global non-production workforce (or approximately 8% of our total global workforce). We may not be able to fully realize the cost savings and benefits initially anticipated from these actions, United States and the expected costs may be greater than expected. See Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors – Risks Related to Our Business – Our strategic initiatives to improve our cost structure could have long-term adverse effects on our business, and we may not realize the operational or financial benefits from such actions, including achieving and/or sustaining our cash flow positive operations." EU.

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Environmental, Social and Governance

As a disruptive leader in the food industry, we have established ourselves as a leading producer of plant-based meat products that deliver a reduced environmental footprint and mitigate the social and welfare issues associated with the conventional production and consumption of animal protein. In order to continue that work and position ourselves as a leader in the integration of environmental and social change, we have committed to developing a comprehensive ESG program. As part of the development of our ESG program, we have conducted a materiality analysis to determine which ESG issues are relevant to our business (the "ESG Materiality Analysis"). The term "materiality analysis" is common in the discussion of such assessments; however, the ESG Materiality Analysis was not designed to identify "material" issues for the purposes of financial reporting, or as defined by the securities laws of the United States. While the environmental impacts of our products, climate change management, the safety and quality of the products we produce and how we manage our supply chain were all identified as priority topics in our ESG Materiality Analysis, our discussion of these and other ESG matters herein or elsewhere may include information that is not necessarily "material" for SEC reporting purposes, and is informed by various ESG standards and frameworks (including standards for the measurement of underlying data), and the interests of various stakeholders. Much of this information is subject to assumptions, estimates or third-party information that is still evolving and subject to change. For example, our disclosures based on any standards may change due to revisions in framework requirements, availability of information, changes in our business or applicable government policies, or other factors, some of which may be beyond our control. We continue to work on leveraging the ESG Materiality Analysis to inform our strategy and actions under our commitment to promoting responsible and sustainable business practices within our organization.

Components of Our Results of Operations and Trends and Other Factors Affecting Our Business

Net Revenues

We generate net revenues primarily from sales of our products to our customers across mainstream grocery, mass merchandiser, club store and natural retailer channels, and various food-away-from-home channels, including restaurants, foodservice outlets and schools, mainly in the United States and the EU.

We present our net revenues by geography and distribution channel as follows:

Distribution Channel	Description
U.S. Retail	Net revenues from retail sales to the U.S. market and sales to the Planet Partnership, LLC ("TPP"), our joint venture with PepsiCo, Inc. TPP (as defined below) ⁽¹⁾
U.S. Foodservice	Net revenues from restaurant and foodservice sales to the U.S. market
International Retail	Net revenues from retail sales to international markets, including Canada
International Foodservice	Net revenues from restaurant and foodservice sales to international markets, including Canada

(1) There were no net Net revenues associated with Beyond Meat Jerky sold to TPP in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023 were \$0 and \$5.3 million, respectively. In 2023, as part of our Global Operations Review, we continued made the process of restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related decision to discontinue the Beyond Meat Jerky in anticipation of assumption of distribution responsibilities for the product line starting in the fourth quarter of 2023, line.

The following factors and trends in our business have driven net revenue growth over prior periods and are expected to be key drivers of our net revenue growth over time, subject to the challenges discussed above:

- increased penetration across our retail channel, including mainstream grocery, mass merchandiser, club store and natural retailer channels, and our foodservice channel, including increased desire by foodservice establishments, including large Full Service Restaurant and/or global QSR customers, to add plant-based products to their menus and to highlight and retain these offerings;

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- the strength and breadth of our partnerships with global QSR restaurants and retail and foodservice customers;
- the success of our pivot to focus on sustainable long-term growth, including focusing on near-term retail and foodservice growth drivers while supporting strategic key long-term partners and opportunities, and intensifying focus on channels and geographies that are exhibiting revenue growth;
- distribution expansion, increased sales velocity, household penetration, repeat purchases, buying rates (amount spent per buyer) and purchase frequency across our channels, including the success of promotional programs at attracting new users to the plant-based meat category;
- increased international sales of our products across geographies, markets and channels as we seek to expand the breadth and depth of our international distribution and grow our numbers of international customers;
- our operational effectiveness and ability to fulfill orders in full and on time;
- our continued innovation and product commercialization, including enhancing existing products and introducing new such as the announcement of our Beyond IV generation of products, across which we began shipping to customers in the first quarter of 2024, our plant-based platforms that appeal to a broad range of consumers, specifically those who typically eat animal-based meat;
- enhanced marketing efforts and the success thereof, as we continue to build our brand, use our portfolio and marketing to directly counter misinformation about our products and category, amplify our value proposition around taste, health and planet, serve as a best-in-class partner to both retail and foodservice customers to support product development and category management, and drive consumer adoption of our products;
- investment in in-store execution and field resources focused on shelf availability and presentation, particularly in the U.S. refrigerated meat case, to drive increased sales;
- overall market trends, including consumer awareness and demand for nutritious, convenient and high protein plant-based foods; and
- localized production and third-party third party partnerships to improve our cost of production and increase the availability, accessibility and speed with which we can get our products to customers internationally.

As we seek to grow our net revenues, we continue to face several challenges, including prolonged, weakening weakened demand within the plant-based meat category overall, broad macroeconomic headwinds, including elevated levels of inflation, rising high interest rates, waning consumer confidence and recessionary concerns in certain geographic regions, adverse changes in consumers' perceptions about the health attributes of our products, increased competitive activity in the plant-based meat category, and global events such as the war in Ukraine and the escalating conflict in Israel, Gaza and surrounding areas and their potential impact on availability of raw materials and/or distribution of our products.

We routinely offer sales discounts and promotions through various programs to customers and consumers. These programs include rebates, temporary on-shelf price reductions, off-invoice discounts, retailer advertisements, product coupons and other trade activities. We anticipate that over time we will need to continue to offer more trade and promotion discounts to both our retail and foodservice customers, to drive increased consumer trials and in response to changing consumer and customer behavior and competitive activity and pressure on the plant-based meat category. The expense associated with these discounts and promotions is estimated and recorded as a reduction in total gross revenues in order to arrive at reported net revenues. At the end of each accounting period, we recognize a contra asset to "Accounts receivable" for estimated sales

discounts that have been incurred but not paid which totaled \$4.5 million and \$4.6 million as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. We continue to face and expect to continue facing competition across all channels, especially if consumers continue to trade down among proteins in the context

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products, increased competitive activity in the plant-based meat category, and global events such as the war in Ukraine and the conflict in Israel, Gaza and surrounding areas and their potential impact on availability of raw materials and/or distribution of our products.

We routinely offer sales discounts and promotions through various programs to customers and consumers. These programs include rebates, temporary on-shelf price reductions, off-invoice discounts, retailer advertisements, product coupons and other trade activities. The expense associated with these discounts and promotions is estimated and recorded as a reduction in total gross revenues in order to arrive at reported net revenues. At the end of each accounting period, we recognize a contra asset to "Accounts receivable" for estimated sales discounts that have been incurred but not paid which totaled \$5.1 million and \$6.9 million as of March 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. We continue to face increasing competition across all channels, and we expect that trend to continue, especially if consumers continue to trade down among proteins in the context of significant inflationary pressure. In response, Moving forward we anticipate providing heavier expect to continue to invest in promotional discounting to address the current consumer trend with more targeted key selling period activations that we expect will allow us to scale back overall trade spending and promotions on some of our products from time to time. Although these actions are intended continue to build brand awareness and increase consumer trials of our products, these actions may not be successful and they have had, and are likely to continue to have, a negative impact on our net revenues, gross margins and profitability, impacting period-over-period results, products.

In addition, because we do not have any purchase commitments from our distributors or customers, the amount of net revenues we recognize has varied and will vary in the future, from period to period depending on the volume, timing and the channels through which our products are sold, and the impact of customer orders ahead of holidays, causing variability in our results. Similarly, the timing of retail shelf resets are not within our control, and to the extent that retail customers change the timing of such events, variability of our results may also increase. Lower customer orders ahead of holidays, shifts in customer shelf reset activity and changes in order patterns of one or more of our large retail customers could cause a significant fluctuation in our quarterly results and could have a disproportionate effect on our results of operations for the entire fiscal year.

Our financial performance also depends on our operational effectiveness and ability to fulfill orders in full and on time. Disruptions in our supply chain could affect customer demand, orders that may not materialize due to delayed deliveries and subsequent lost sales that we may not be able to recover in full, or at all.

Further, we may not be able to recapture missed opportunities in later periods, for example if the opportunity is related to a significant grilling holiday like Memorial Day weekend, the Fourth of July, or Labor Day weekend. Missed opportunities may also result in missing subsequent additional opportunities. Internal and external operational issues therefore may impact the amount and variability of our results.

Seasonality

Generally, we expect to experience greater demand for certain of our products during the U.S. summer grilling season. In 2023 and 2022, and 2021, U.S. retail channel net revenues during the second quarter were 11%, 34% 10% and 88% 16% higher than the first quarter, respectively. While we expected to continue to see additional seasonality effects in 2023, as compared to 2022, and 2021, we saw more muted effects of from seasonality in the third quarter and fourth quarters of 2023 as compared to the prior-year period and the second quarter of 2023, primarily reflecting weak category demand, demand and pricing actions. In general, any historical effects of seasonality have been more pronounced within our U.S. retail channel, with revenue contribution from this channel generally tending to be greater in the second and third quarters of the year, along with driven by increased levels of grilling activity, higher levels of purchasing by customers ahead of holidays, the impact of customer shelf reset activity and the timing of product restocking by our retail customers. In an environment of heightened uncertainty from recessionary and inflationary pressures, prolonged weakness in the plant-based meat category, competition and other factors impacting our business, we are unable to assess the ultimate impact on the demand for our products as a result of seasonality.

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Gross Profit and Gross Margin

Gross profit consists of our net revenues less cost of goods sold. Gross margin is gross profit expressed as a percentage of our net revenues. Our cost of goods sold primarily consists of the cost of raw materials including ingredients and packaging, co-manufacturing fees, direct and indirect labor and certain supply costs, inbound and internal shipping and handling costs incurred in manufacturing our products, warehouse storage fees, plant and equipment overhead, depreciation and amortization expense, cost of packaging our products, provision for excess and obsolete inventory, and accelerated depreciation on write-offs and reserves, disposals of certain fixed assets. Under certain circumstances, our cost of goods sold may also include underutilization and/or termination fees associated with our co-manufacturing agreements. Gross profit and gross margin in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year periods were positively impacted by lower manufacturing costs including lower depreciation expense

resulting from a change in the estimated useful lives of certain of our large manufacturing equipment. See [Note 6, Property, Plant and Equipment](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, included elsewhere in this report.

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Subject to the recessionary and inflationary pressures, competition, prolonged weakness in the plant-based meat category and other factors impacting our business, which are discussed above, we continue to expect that long-term gross profit and gross margin improvements will be delivered primarily through:

- implementation of lean value streams across our beef, pork and poultry platforms;
- reviewing and adjusting our pricing architecture within certain [channels](#); [channels including the recent and planned future price increases of certain of our products](#);
- exiting select product lines in order to eliminate margin-dilutive products or to streamline our supply chain operations;
- improved volume leverage and throughput;
- reduced manufacturing conversion costs driven in part by network consolidation and optimization of our production network;
- greater internalization and geographic localization of our manufacturing footprint;
- finished goods, materials and packaging input cost reductions and scale of purchasing;
- end-to-end production processes across a greater proportion of our manufacturing network;
- scale-driven efficiencies in procurement and fixed cost absorption;
- product and process innovations and reformulations; and
- improved supply chain logistics and distribution costs.

Gross margin improvement may, however, continue to be negatively impacted by reduced capacity utilization if demand for our products continues to decline, investments in our production infrastructure across the U.S., EU and China in advance of anticipated demand, which may not materialize within the expected timeframe, investing in production personnel, partnerships and product pipeline, aggressive pricing strategies and increased discounting, increases in inventory [reserves](#), [provision](#), write-down or write-off of obsolete inventory and potentially increased sales to liquidation channels at lower prices, changes in our product and customer [sales](#) mix, expansion into new geographies and markets where cost and pricing structures may differ from our existing markets, and underutilization fees, termination fees and other costs to exit certain supply chain arrangements and product lines. Gross margin improvement may also be negatively impacted by the impact of inflation, increasing labor costs, materials costs and transportation costs.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development Expenses

Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel and related expenses for our research and development staff, including salaries, benefits, bonuses, share-based compensation, scale-up expenses, depreciation and amortization expenses on research and development assets, and facility lease costs. Our research and development efforts are focused on enhancements to our existing product formulations and production processes in addition to the development of new products. We expect to continue to invest in research and development over time, as research and development and innovation are core elements of our business strategy, and we believe they represent a critical competitive advantage for us. We believe that we need to continue to innovate in order to capture a larger share of consumers who typically eat animal-based

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meats. We [have](#) decreased our research and development expenses [year-to-date in 2023](#) and expect [total](#) research and development expenses in [2023 2024](#) to decrease [further](#) from the levels in [2022 2023](#) primarily as a result of the reduction-in-force implemented in [October 2022 November 2023](#) and as we focus on reducing and optimizing operating expenses more broadly. [Given our intention to reduce overall operating expenses and cash expenditures, in February 2023, we terminated the lease of our Commerce, California commercialization center.](#)

SG&A Expenses

SG&A expenses consist primarily of selling, marketing and administrative expenses, including personnel and related expenses, share-based compensation, outbound shipping and handling costs, non-manufacturing lease expense, depreciation and amortization expense on non-manufacturing and non-research and development assets, [charges related to asset write-offs including loss on sale and write-down of fixed assets](#), consulting fees and other non-production operating expenses. Marketing and selling expenses include [advertising costs, share-based compensation awards to non-employee consultants and ambassadors, costs associated with consumer promotions, product](#)

donations, product samples and sales aids incurred to acquire new customers, retain existing customers and build our brand awareness. Administrative expenses include expenses related to management, accounting, legal, IT and other office functions. We decreased SG&A expenses in 2023 and expect SG&A expenses in 2024 to decrease further from the levels in 2023, as we focus on reducing and optimizing operating expenses more broadly, including as part of the implementation of lean value streams across our beef, pork and poultry platforms.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth selected items in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the respective periods presented:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Net revenues	\$ 75,603	\$ 92,236
Cost of goods sold	71,935	86,051
Gross profit	3,668	6,185
Research and development expenses	9,860	12,432
Selling, general and administrative expenses	47,282	51,900
Restructuring expenses	—	(426)
Total operating expenses	57,142	63,906
Loss from operations	\$ (53,474)	\$ (57,721)

The following table presents selected items in our condensed consolidated statements of operations as a percentage of net revenues for the respective periods presented:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Net revenues	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of goods sold	95.1	93.3
Gross profit	4.9	6.7
Research and development expenses	13.0	13.5
Selling, general and administrative expenses	62.6	56.3
Restructuring expenses	—	(0.5)
Total operating expenses	75.6	69.3
Loss from operations	(70.7)%	(62.6)%

expenses include advertising costs, share-based compensation awards Three Months Ended March 30, 2024 Compared to brand ambassadors, costs associated with consumer promotions, product donations, product samples and sales aids incurred to acquire new customers, retain existing customers and build our brand awareness. Administrative expenses include expenses related to management, accounting, legal, IT and other office functions. We have decreased our SG&A expenses year-to-date and expect total SG&A expenses in 2023 to decrease from the levels in 2022, as a result of the reduction-in-force implemented in October 2022 and as we focus on reducing and optimizing operating expenses more broadly, including as part of the implementation of lean value streams across our beef, pork and poultry platforms. Three Months Ended April 1, 2023 (unaudited)

Reduction-in-Force

On November 1, 2023, our board of directors approved a plan to reduce our workforce by approximately 65 employees, representing approximately 19% of our global non-production workforce (or approximately 8% of our total global workforce). This decision was based on cost-reduction initiatives intended to reduce operating expenses.

We currently estimate that we will incur one-time cash charges of approximately \$2.0 million to \$2.5 million in connection with the reduction-in-force, primarily consisting of notice period and severance payments, employee benefits and related costs. We expect that the majority of these charges will be incurred in the fourth quarter of 2023, and that the reduction-in-force will be substantially complete by the end of 2023, subject to local law and consultation requirements, which may extend the process beyond the end of 2023 in certain countries. The charges we expect to incur are subject to assumptions, including local law requirements, and actual charges may differ from the estimate disclosed above.

In aggregate, in 2024, the reduction-in-force, combined with the elimination of certain open positions, is expected to result in approximately \$9.5 million to \$10.5 million in cash operating expense savings, and an additional approximately \$1.0 million to \$2.0 million in non-cash savings related to previously granted, unvested stock-based compensation which would have vested in 2024.

Restructuring Expenses Net Revenues

In May 2017, management approved a plan to terminate an exclusive supply agreement with one of our co-manufacturers. On October 18, 2022, the parties entered into a confidential written settlement agreement and mutual release in connection with this matter. See [Note 3, Restructuring](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth selected presents our net revenues by channel in the three months ended March 30, 2024 as compared to the prior-year period:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Change	
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023	Amount	%
U.S.:				
Retail	\$ 37,088	\$ 44,159	\$ (7,071)	(16.0)%
Foodservice	12,304	14,675	(2,371)	(16.2)%
U.S. net revenues	49,392	58,834	(9,442)	(16.0)%
International:				
Retail	12,578	14,289	(1,711)	(12.0)%
Foodservice	13,633	19,113	(5,480)	(28.7)%
International net revenues	26,211	33,402	(7,191)	(21.5)%
Net revenues	\$ 75,603	\$ 92,236	\$ (16,633)	(18.0)%

Net revenues in the three months ended March 30, 2024 decreased \$16.6 million, or 18.0%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily driven by a 16.1% decrease in volume of products sold and a 2.3% decrease in net revenue per pound. The decrease in net revenue per pound was primarily driven by increased trade discounts and, to a lesser extent, pricing changes, partially offset by favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The decrease in volume of product sold primarily reflected weak category demand and reduced sales of Beyond Meat Jerky which is in the process of being discontinued. Net revenues from sales of Beyond Meat Jerky to TPP were \$0 in the three months ended March 30, 2024, as compared to \$5.3 million in the prior-year period. Net revenues in the three months ended March 30, 2024 included \$1.6 million from ingredient sales.

Net revenues from U.S. retail sales in the three months ended March 30, 2024 decreased \$7.1 million, or 16.0%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 10.2% decrease in volume of products sold, primarily reflecting demand softness in the category and reduced sales of Beyond Meat Jerky which is in the process of being discontinued, and, to a lesser extent, a 6.5% decrease in net revenue per pound, primarily resulting from changes in product sales mix and higher trade discounts. By product, the decrease in U.S. retail channel net revenues was primarily due to decreased sales of Beyond Meat Jerky, Beyond Sausage, Beyond Beef and chicken products including Beyond Chicken Tenders, Beyond Chicken Nuggets and Beyond Popcorn Chicken, partially offset by increased sales of Beyond Steak. U.S. retail channel net revenues included \$1.6 million from ingredient sales in the three months ended March 30, 2024. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 29,000 U.S. retail outlets as of March 2024, excluding outlets unique to Beyond Meat Jerky.

Net revenues from U.S. foodservice sales in the three months ended March 30, 2024 decreased \$2.4 million, or 16.2%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 20.7% decrease in volume of products sold, primarily reflecting loss of distribution for certain items and demand softness in our condensed consolidated statements the category, partially offset by a 5.8% increase in net revenue per pound, primarily resulting from changes in product sales mix and lower trade discounts. By product, the decrease in U.S. foodservice channel net revenues was primarily due to decreased sales of operations for Beyond Burger, Beyond Breakfast Sausage and Beyond Beef Crumbles, partially offset by increased sales of Beyond Sausage and sales of Beyond Steak. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 40,000 U.S. foodservice outlets as of March 2024.

Net revenues from international retail sales in the respective periods presented:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022
Net revenues	\$ 75,312	\$ 82,500	\$ 269,697	\$ 338,995
Cost of goods sold	82,566	97,340	268,493	359,807
Gross (loss) profit	(7,254)	(14,840)	1,204	(20,812)
Research and development expenses	9,118	13,413	30,323	49,293
Selling, general and administrative expenses	53,252	54,495	152,607	192,624
Restructuring expenses	(4)	6,993	(631)	14,321
Total operating expenses	62,366	74,901	182,299	256,238
Loss from operations	\$ (69,620)	\$ (89,741)	\$ (181,095)	\$ (277,050)

three months ended March 30, 2024 decreased \$1.7 million, or 12.0%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 12.7% decrease in volume of

The following table presents selected items in our condensed consolidated statements of operations, primarily reflecting reduced sales of operations as a percentage of net revenues for the respective periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022
Net revenues	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of goods sold	109.6	118.0	99.6	106.1
Gross (loss) profit	(9.6)%	(18.0)%	0.4 %	(6.1)%
Research and development expenses	12.1	16.3	11.2	14.5
Selling, general and administrative expenses	70.7	66.0	56.6	56.8
Restructuring expenses	—	8.5	(0.2)	4.3
Total operating expenses	82.8 %	90.8 %	67.6 %	75.6 %
Loss from operations	(92.4)%	(108.8)%	(67.2)%	(81.7)%

Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Three and Nine Months Ended October 1, 2022 (unaudited)

Net Revenues

The following table presents our net revenues by channel for chicken products in the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%
U.S.:				
Retail	\$ 30,518	\$ 46,177	\$ (15,659)	(33.9)%
Foodservice	12,535	15,994	(3,459)	(21.6)%
U.S. net revenues	43,053	62,171	(19,118)	(30.8)%
International:				
Retail	14,153	10,195	3,958	38.8 %
Foodservice	18,106	10,134	7,972	78.7 %
International net revenues	32,259	20,329	11,930	58.7 %
Net revenues	\$ 75,312	\$ 82,500	\$ (7,188)	(8.7)%

Net revenues for EU and softer demand for certain products in the three months ended September 30, 2023 decreased \$7.2 million, or 8.7%, as compared to the prior-year period, driven by Canada, partially offset by an 11.6% decrease in net revenue per pound, partially offset by a 3.5% increase in volume of products sold. The increase in volume of products sold was primarily driven by sales to international retail and foodservice channels, rates, partially offset by a reduced pricing of certain products. By product, the decrease in volume of products sold in U.S. international retail and foodservice channels was primarily due to weak category demand, decreased sales of chicken products including Beyond Chicken Tenders and decreased sales of Beyond Sausage, partially offset by increased sales of Beyond Steak. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 36,000 international retail outlets as of March 2024.

Net revenues from U.S. retail international foodservice sales in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 decreased \$15.7 million, or 33.9% 28.7%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to an 18.8% a 25.0% decrease in volume of products sold primarily reflecting weak category demand, reduced sales of burger and an 18.6% chicken products, including as a result of initial sell-ins to large QSR customers in the year-ago period, and a 4.9% decrease in net revenue per pound, primarily resulting from higher trade discounts, changes in pricing and partially offset by changes in product sales mix, mix and favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates. By product, the decrease in U.S. retail international foodservice channel net revenues was primarily driven by reduced sales of Beyond Burger, Beyond Meat Jerky, Beyond Sausage and Beyond Breakfast Sausage, partially offset by sales of Beyond Steak burger and chicken products including Beyond Chicken Tenders, Beyond Chicken Nuggets as a result of initial sell-ins to large QSR customers in the prior-year period and Beyond Popcorn Chicken. Net revenues from decreased sales of Beyond Meatballs and Beyond Beef Crumbles. Beyond Meat Jerky branded products were available at approximately 25,000 international foodservice outlets as of March 2024.

The following table presents consolidated volume of our products sold in pounds for the periods presented:

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Change	
	March 30,	April 1,	Amount	%
	2024	2023		
U.S.:				
Retail	7,470	8,315	(845)	(10.2)%
Foodservice	2,022	2,551	(529)	(20.7)%
International:				
Retail	2,914	3,337	(423)	(12.7)%
Foodservice	4,163	5,549	(1,386)	(25.0)%
Volume of products sold	16,569	19,752	(3,183)	(16.1)%

Cost of Goods Sold

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Change	
	March 30,	April 1,	Amount	%
	2024	2023		
Cost of goods sold	\$ 71,935	\$ 86,051	\$ (14,116)	(16.4)%

Cost of goods sold decreased \$14.1 million, or 16.4%, to TPP were \$4.5 million \$71.9 million, in the three months ended March 30, 2024 as compared to the prior-year period. As a percentage of net revenues, cost of goods sold increased to 95.1% of net revenues in the three months ended March 30, 2024 from 93.3% of net revenues in the prior-year period. The decrease in cost of goods sold was primarily due to lower volume of products sold, and, to a lesser extent, decreased cost per pound. On a per pound basis, cost of goods sold decreased primarily due to lower inventory provision and lower logistics costs, partially offset by higher manufacturing costs including depreciation and higher materials costs.

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months ended October 1, 2022. There were no net revenues associated with Beyond Meat Jerky sold to TPP in the three months ended September 30, 2023 as we continued the process of restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky in anticipation of assumption of distribution responsibilities for the product line starting in the fourth quarter of 2023. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 79,000 U.S. retail outlets as of September 2023, inclusive of approximately 46,000 U.S. retail outlets unique to Beyond Meat Jerky.

Net revenues from U.S. foodservice sales in the three months ended September 30, 2023 decreased \$3.5 million, or 21.6%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 37.7% decrease in volume of products sold, primarily reflecting the cycling of sales to a large QSR customer for a limited time offering in the year-ago period which did not repeat in the third quarter of 2023, partially offset by a 26.0% increase in net revenue per pound, primarily due to changes in product sales mix. By product, the decrease in U.S. foodservice channel net revenues was primarily due to decreased sales of certain chicken products, including those sold to a large QSR customer in the year-ago period, partially offset by increased sales of Beyond Burger as compared to the prior-year period. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 42,000 U.S. foodservice outlets as of September 2023.

Net revenues from international retail sales in the three months ended September 30, 2023 increased \$4.0 million, or 38.8%, as compared to the year-ago-period, primarily due to a 42.8% increase in volume of products sold, primarily reflecting strong sales from new product introductions and the lapping of a weak year-ago comparison, partially offset by a 2.8% decrease in net revenue per pound. The decrease in net revenue per pound was primarily due to higher trade discounts and changes in product sales mix, partially offset by favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates. By product, the increase in international retail channel net revenues was primarily due to increased sales of Beyond Burger and chicken products including Beyond Chicken Tenders. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 36,000 international retail outlets as of September 2023.

Net revenues from international foodservice sales in the three months ended September 30, 2023 increased \$8.0 million, or 78.7%, as compared to the year-ago period, primarily due to a 90.9% increase in volume of products sold, primarily reflecting strong sales to a large QSR customer in the EU, partially offset by a 6.3% decrease in net revenue per pound. The decrease in net revenue per pound was primarily due to higher trade discounts and changes in pricing, partially offset by favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates. By product, the increase in international foodservice channel net revenues was primarily due to the increase in sales of chicken products, including to a large QSR customer, and increased sales of Beyond Burger. Beyond Meat branded products were available at approximately 26,000 international foodservice outlets as of September 2023.

The following table presents our net revenues by channel in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period:

(in thousands)	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,	October 1,	Amount	%
	2023	2022		

U.S.:				
Retail	\$ 123,167	\$ 193,298	\$ (70,131)	(36.3)%
Foodservice	39,974	54,876	(14,902)	(27.2)%
U.S. net revenues	163,141	248,174	(85,033)	(34.3)%
International:				
Retail	48,437	50,024	(1,587)	(3.2)%
Foodservice	58,119	40,797	17,322	42.5 %
International net revenues	106,556	90,821	15,735	17.3 %
Net revenues	\$ 269,697	\$ 338,995	\$ (69,298)	(20.4)%

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Net revenues in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 decreased by \$69.3 million, or 20.4%, as compared to the prior-year period, driven by a 11.9% decrease in volume of products sold and a 9.7% decrease in net revenue per pound. The decrease in volume of products sold primarily reflected weak category demand and the cycling of significant sell-in of Beyond Meat Jerky to TPP in the first nine months of 2022. The decrease in net revenue per pound was primarily driven by changes in product sales mix and increased trade discounts, partially offset by increased pricing for certain items.

Net revenues from U.S. retail sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 decreased \$70.1 million, or 36.3%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 30.3% decrease in volume of products sold and an 8.5% decrease in net revenue per pound, primarily resulting from weak category demand, higher trade discounts and changes in product sales mix, partially offset by increased pricing for certain items. The decrease in volume of products sold was primarily due to weak category demand and the cycling of significant sell-in of Beyond Meat Jerky to TPP in the first nine months of 2022. By product, the decrease in U.S. retail channel net revenues was primarily due to reduced sales of Beyond Burger, Beyond Meat Jerky, Beyond Sausage, Beyond Breakfast Sausage, Beyond Beef Crumble and Beyond Meatballs, partially offset by increased sales of chicken products, including Beyond Chicken Tenders, Beyond Chicken Nuggets and Beyond Popcorn Chicken, and sales of Beyond Steak. Net revenues from sales of Beyond Meat Jerky to TPP were \$5.3 million, including a \$2.0 million non-refundable up-front fee in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to \$31.1 million in the nine months ended October 1, 2022.

Net revenues from U.S. foodservice sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 decreased \$14.9 million, or 27.2%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 32.0% decrease in volume of products sold, partially offset by a 7.0% increase in net revenue per pound. The decrease in volume of products sold was primarily due to the lapping of sales to a large QSR customer for a limited time offering in the year-ago period which concluded in the first quarter of 2023. The increase in net revenue per pound was primarily due to changes in product sales mix, partially offset by increased trade discounts and pricing decreases. By product, the decrease in U.S. foodservice channel net revenues was primarily due to decreased sales of Beyond Burger, certain chicken products, including sales to a large QSR customer and Beyond Chicken Tenders, and Beyond Breakfast Sausage.

Net revenues from international retail sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 decreased \$1.6 million, or 3.2%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 0.8% decrease in volume of products sold and a 2.4% decrease in net revenue per pound. The decrease in net revenue per pound was primarily due to higher trade discounts and pricing changes, partially offset by favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates and product sales mix. By product, the decrease in international retail channel net revenues was primarily due to decreased sales of Beyond Burger and Beyond Sausage, partially offset by increases in sales of chicken products including Beyond Chicken Tenders.

Net revenues from international foodservice sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 increased \$17.3 million, or 42.5%, as compared to the prior-year period, primarily due to a 62.0% increase in volume of products sold, primarily driven by strong sales to a large QSR customer in the EU, partially offset by a 12.0% decrease in net revenue per pound primarily due to changes in product sales mix and higher trade discounts. By product, the increase in international foodservice channel net revenues was primarily due to increased sales of chicken products and Beyond Burger, including to large QSR customers, partially offset by decreases in sales of Beyond Sausage and Beyond Beef Crumble.

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The following table presents consolidated volume of our products sold in pounds for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended	Change	Nine Months Ended	Change
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	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%
(in thousands)								
U.S.:								
Retail	7,199	8,861	(1,662)	(18.8)%	26,064	37,371	(11,307)	(30.3)%
Foodservice	2,104	3,378	(1,274)	(37.7)%	6,866	10,095	(3,229)	(32.0)%
International:								
Retail	3,375	2,364	1,011	42.8 %	10,868	10,955	(87)	(0.8)%
Foodservice	5,317	2,785	2,532	90.9 %	16,864	10,408	6,456	62.0 %
Volume of products sold	17,995	17,388	607	3.5 %	60,662	68,829	(8,167)	(11.9)%

Cost of Goods Sold

	Three Months Ended		Change		Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%
(in thousands)								
Cost of goods sold	\$ 82,566	\$ 97,340	\$ (14,774)	(15.2)%	\$ 268,493	\$ 359,807	\$ (91,314)	(25.4)%

Cost of goods sold decreased by \$14.8 million, or 15.2%, to \$82.6 million, in the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period. Cost of goods sold in the three months ended September 30, 2023 decreased to 109.6% of net revenues from 118.0% of net revenues in the prior-year period primarily due to lower volume of products sold. On a per pound basis, cost of goods sold benefited from lower manufacturing costs, excluding depreciation, lower materials cost, lower depreciation and lower inventory reserves. In the three months ended September 30, 2023, depreciation expense benefited by \$4.4 million as a result of a change in the estimated useful lives of certain of our large manufacturing equipment, relative to depreciation expense utilizing our previous estimated useful lives. See [Note 6, Property, Plant and Equipment](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, included elsewhere in this report. The absence of higher costs related to Beyond Meat Jerky in the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period also contributed to the decrease in cost of goods sold.

Cost of goods sold decreased by \$91.3 million, or 25.4%, to \$268.5 million, in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period. Cost of goods sold in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 decreased to 99.6% of net revenues from 106.1% of net revenues in the prior-year period primarily due to lower volume of products sold. On a per pound basis, cost of goods sold benefited from lower materials costs, reduced manufacturing costs, excluding depreciation, lower logistics costs and lower inventory reserves. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, depreciation expense benefited by \$14.6 million as a result of a change in the estimated useful lives of certain of our large manufacturing equipment, relative to depreciation expense utilizing our previous estimated useful lives. See [Note 6, Property, Plant and Equipment](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, included elsewhere in this report. The reduction in costs related to Beyond Meat Jerky in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period also contributed to the decrease in cost of goods sold.

Gross (Loss) Profit and Gross Margin

	Three Months Ended		Change		Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%
(in thousands)								
Gross (loss) profit	\$(7,254)	\$(14,840)	\$7,586	51.1%	\$1,204	\$(20,812)	\$22,016	105.8%
(in thousands)								
(in thousands)								
Gross profit								
Gross profit								
Gross profit								
Gross margin	(9.6)%	(18.0)%	840 bps	N/A	0.4%	(6.1)%	650 bps	N/A
Gross margin								

Gross margin

Gross profit in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 was a loss of \$7.3 million \$3.7 million as compared to \$14.8 \$6.2 million in the prior-year period, an improvement a decrease of \$7.6 million \$2.5 million, or 51.1% 40.7%. Negative gross Gross margin in the three months ended September 30, 2023 was (9.6)% as compared March 30, 2024 decreased to (18.0)% 4.9% from 6.7% in the prior-year period. Gross profit and gross margin in the three months ended September 30, 2023 as compared March 30, 2024 decreased primarily due to the prior-year period were positively impacted by lower a 16.1% decrease in volume of products sold, higher manufacturing costs, excluding including depreciation, lower higher materials costs lower depreciation and lower inventory reserves net revenues per pound, partially offset by lower net revenues per pound. In the three months ended September 30, 2023, gross profit inventory provision and, gross margin benefited by \$4.4 million and 5.9%, respectively, as a result of a change in the estimated useful lives of certain of our large manufacturing equipment, as compared to those same measures calculated using our previous estimated useful lives. See Note 6, Property, Plant and Equipment, to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Gross profit in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$1.2 million as compared to a loss of \$20.8 million in the prior-year period, an improvement of \$22.0 million, or 105.8%. Gross margin in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 increased to 0.4% from a negative gross margin of (6.1)% in the prior-year period. Gross profit and gross margin in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the prior-year period were positively impacted by lower materials costs, lower manufacturing costs, excluding depreciation, lesser extent, lower logistics costs and lower inventory reserves per pound, partially offset by lower net revenues per pound. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, gross profit and gross margin benefited by \$14.6 million and 5.4%, respectively, as a result of a change in the estimated useful lives of certain of our large manufacturing equipment, as compared to those same measures calculated using our previous estimated useful lives. See Note 6, Property, Plant and Equipment, to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

As disclosed in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies—Shipping and Handling Costs, to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report, we include outbound shipping and handling costs within SG&A expenses. As a result, our gross profit and gross margin may not be comparable to other entities that present all shipping and handling costs as a component of cost of goods sold.

Research and Development Expenses

		Three Months Ended		Change		Nine Months Ended		Change				Three Months Ended		Change	
		Three Months Ended										Three Months Ended			
		September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	(in thousands)	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023	Amount		%
(in thousands)	(in thousands)														
Research and development expenses	Research and development expenses	\$ 9,118	\$13,413	\$ (4,295)	(32.0)%	\$ 30,323	\$49,293	\$ (18,970)	(38.5)%	Research and development expenses	\$9,860	\$12,432	\$ (2,572)	(20.7)	(20.7)%

Research and development expenses decreased \$4.3 million \$2.6 million, or 32.0% 20.7%, in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, as compared to the prior-year period. Research and development expenses decreased to 12.1% of net revenues in the three months ended September 30, 2023 from 16.3% of net revenues in the

prior-year period primarily due to lower scale-up expenses and lower salaries and related expenses resulting from a reduction in headcount as compared to the prior-year period.

Research and development expenses decreased \$19.0 million, or 38.5%, in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to the prior-year period. Research and development expenses decreased to 11.2% of net revenues in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from 14.5% of net revenues in the prior-year period primarily due to lower scale-up expenses and lower salaries and related expenses resulting from a reduction in headcount as compared to the prior-year period.

SG&A Expenses

		Three Months Ended		Change		Nine Months Ended		Change				Three Months Ended		Change	
		Three Months Ended										Three Months Ended			
		September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	Amount	%	(in thousands)	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023	Amount		%
(in thousands)	(in thousands)														

Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 53,252	\$54,495	\$(1,243)	(2.3)%	\$152,607	\$192,624	\$(40,017)	(20.8)%	Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$47,282	\$51,900	\$(4,618)	(8.9)	(8.9)%
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SG&A expenses decreased **\$1.2 million** **\$4.6 million**, or **2.3%** **8.9%**, to **\$53.3 million**, or 70.7% of net revenues, **\$47.3 million** in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 30, 2024**, from **\$54.5 million**, or 66.0% of net revenues, in the prior-year period. The decrease in SG&A expenses was primarily due to **\$3.9 million** in lower product donation costs, **\$2.8 million** in lower share-based compensation expense, **\$2.2 million** in lower advertising costs, **\$1.0 million** in lower legal costs and **\$0.6 million** in lower outbound freight costs, partially offset by the write-off of an uncollectible note receivable in the amount of **\$3.8 million**, **\$3.4 million** in higher consulting fees, **\$0.6 million** in higher non-headcount-related marketing costs other than product donation and advertising costs discussed above, and **\$0.5 million** in higher salaries and related expenses.

SG&A expenses decreased **\$40.0 million**, or 20.8%, to **\$152.6 million**, or 56.6% of net revenues in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from **\$192.6 million**, or 56.8% of net revenues, **\$51.9 million** in the prior-year period. The decrease in SG&A expenses was primarily due to a **\$12.6 million** **\$6.4 million** decrease in salaries and related expenses resulting from lower headcount, **\$10.8 million** in lower non-headcount-related marketing costs other than product donation and advertising costs discussed below, **\$5.8 million** in lower product advertising costs, **\$5.0 million** including **\$3.7 million** in lower share-based compensation expense **\$4.7 million** resulting from a lower headcount, **\$3.7 million** in lower loss on sale of fixed assets, **\$3.4 million** in lower advertising expenses, **\$1.1 million** in lower outbound freight costs **\$2.7 million** and **\$1.0 million** in lower product donations, **\$2.0 million** donation costs, partially offset by a **\$7.5 million** accrual related to a binding settlement term sheet entered into on May 6, 2024 in lower legal fees, **\$1.6 million** connection with the settlement of certain consumer class action lawsuits that originated in lower 2022, **\$1.2 million** in higher supply chain-related expenses, **\$0.6 million** in higher consulting fees, and **\$1.2 million** in lower distributor commissions, partially offset by the write-off of an uncollectible note receivable in the amount of **\$3.8 million**, **\$2.9 million** **\$0.5 million** in higher loss on sale of assets and **\$2.4 million** in higher promotional samples expense.

Restructuring Expenses

As a result of the termination in May 2017 of an exclusive supply agreement with one of our co-manufacturers due to non-performance under the agreement, we recorded restructuring expenses of **\$7.0 million** and **\$14.3 million** in the three and nine months ended October 1, 2022, respectively. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recorded a credit of **\$(4,000)** and **\$(0.6)** million in restructuring expenses, respectively, primarily driven by a reversal of certain accruals. The restructuring expenses were primarily related to legal and other expenses associated with the dispute. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were **\$0** and **\$0.7 million**, respectively, in accrued and unpaid restructuring **information technology-related** expenses. On October 18, 2022, the parties entered into a confidential written settlement agreement and mutual release pursuant to which the parties agreed to dismiss with prejudice all claims and cross-claims asserted in the associated cases filed in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles and the United States District Court for the Central District of California. See [Note 9, Restructuring Commitments and Contingencies](#), and [Note 13, Subsequent Event](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

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Loss from Operations

Loss from operations in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 30, 2024** was **\$69.6** **\$53.5** million compared to **\$89.7** **\$57.7** million in the prior-year period. The decrease in loss from operations was driven by the reduction in operating expenses, partially offset by reduced gross profit. Loss from operations in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 30, 2024** was primarily driven negatively impacted by the year-over-year improvement **\$7.5 million** accrual related to a binding settlement term sheet entered in gross profit, reduced restructuring expenses, reduced non-production headcount expenses, primarily as a result connection with the settlement of the reduction-in-force implemented certain consumer class action lawsuits that originated in October 2022, lower product donation expenses, decreased scale-up expenses, lower share-based compensation expense and lower advertising costs compared to the prior-year period.

Loss from operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was **\$181.1 million** compared to **\$277.1 million** in the prior-year period. The decrease in loss from operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was primarily driven by higher gross profit, reduced non-production headcount expenses primarily as a result of the reduction-in-force implemented in October 2022, lower total marketing-related expenses including advertising and product donation costs, lower scale-up expenses, lower legal and consulting fees, lower share-based compensation expense and lower outbound freight costs included in our selling expenses compared to the prior-year period. **2022.**

Total Other (Expense) Income, net Net

Total other expense, (expense) income, net in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 30, 2024** of **\$0.7** **\$(0.9)** million consisted primarily of **\$2.5 million** in realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses and **\$1.0 million** in interest expense from the amortization of convertible debt issuance costs, partially offset by **\$2.8 million** in interest income. Total other expense, net, in the three months ended October 1, 2022 of **\$3.2 million** consisted primarily of **\$3.9** **\$(2.3)** million in realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses due to unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of the Euro and the Chinese Yuan and **\$1.0** **\$(1.0)** million in interest expense from the amortization of convertible debt issuance costs, partially offset by **\$1.5** **\$2.0** million in interest income.

income and **\$0.5 million** in subsidies received from the Jiaxing Economic Development Zone Finance Bureau related to our investment in our subsidiary, Beyond Meat (Jiaxing) Food Co., Ltd. ("BYND JX"). Total other income (expense), net in the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2023** **April 1, 2023** of **\$1.9 million** consisted primarily of **\$8.4 million** in interest income, partially offset by **\$3.0 million** in interest expense from the amortization of convertible debt issuance costs and **\$3.3 million** in realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses due to unfavorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of the Euro and Chinese Yuan. Total other expense, net, in the

nine months ended October 1, 2022 of \$11.4 \$1.9 million consisted primarily of \$10.5 \$2.7 million in interest income and \$0.3 million in realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses gains, due to unfavorable favorable changes in foreign currency exchange rates of the Euro and Chinese Yuan, and \$3.0 partially offset by \$(1.0) million in interest expense from the amortization of convertible debt issuance costs, costs.

Net Loss

Net loss was \$54.4 million in the three months ended March 30, 2024, compared to \$59.0 million in the prior-year period. Net loss per common share was \$0.84 in the first quarter of 2024, compared to \$0.92 in the year-ago period. The decrease in net loss was primarily driven by the reduction in loss from operations and a reduction in losses related to TPP, partially offset by \$2.2 million a reduction in interest income.

Net Loss

Other income, net. Net loss in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 was \$70.5 million compared to \$101.7 million in also negatively impacted by the prior-year period. The reduction in net loss was primarily due to the reduction in loss from operations, the decrease in total other expense, net, and an \$8.6 million decrease in losses \$7.5 million accrual related to TPP.

Net loss a binding settlement term sheet entered into in connection with the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$183.0 million compared to \$299.3 million settlement of certain consumer class actions that originated in the prior-year period. The reduction in net loss was primarily due to the reduction in loss from operations and decrease in total other expense, net, partially offset by a \$7.0 million increase in losses related to TPP, 2022.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We use the non-GAAP financial measures set forth below in assessing our operating performance and in our financial communications. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful additional information to investors about current trends in our operations and are useful for period-over-period comparisons of operations. In addition, management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to assess operating performance and for business planning purposes. Management also believes these measures are widely used by investors, securities analysts, rating agencies and other parties in evaluating companies in our industry as a measure of our operational performance. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be

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considered in isolation or as substitutes for the comparable GAAP measures. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures may not be computed in the same manner as similarly titled measures used by other companies.

"Adjusted EBITDA" is defined as net loss adjusted to exclude, when applicable, income tax expense, interest expense, depreciation and amortization expense, restructuring expenses, share-based compensation expense, accrued litigation settlement costs and Other, net, including interest income and foreign currency transaction gains and losses.

"Adjusted EBITDA as a % of net revenues" is defined as Adjusted EBITDA divided by net revenues.

There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA as a % of net revenues rather than their most directly comparable GAAP measures. Some of these limitations are:

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- Adjusted EBITDA excludes depreciation and amortization expense and, although these are non-cash expenses, the assets being depreciated may have to be replaced in the future increasing our cash requirements;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense, or the cash required to service our debt, which reduces cash available to us;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect income tax payments that reduce cash available to us;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect restructuring expenses that reduce cash available to us;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect share-based compensation expense and therefore does not include all of our compensation costs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect accrued litigation settlement costs which reduce cash available to us;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect Other, net, including interest income and foreign currency transaction gains and losses, that may increase or decrease cash available to us; and
- other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure.

The following table presents the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most comparable GAAP measure, net loss, as reported (unaudited):

(in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	October 1,	September 30,	October 1,
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net loss, as reported	\$ (70,492)	\$ (101,678)	\$ (183,034)	\$ (299,270)
Income tax expense	—	—	5	21
Interest expense	989	1,040	2,967	3,173
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,779	8,435	17,707	23,255
Restructuring expenses ⁽¹⁾	(4)	6,993	(631)	14,321
Share-based compensation expense	6,478	9,250	23,791	28,848
Other, net ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	(243)	2,151	(4,897)	8,177
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ (57,493)</u>	<u>\$ (73,809)</u>	<u>\$ (144,092)</u>	<u>\$ (221,475)</u>
Net loss as a % of net revenues	(93.6)%	(123.2)%	(67.9)%	(88.3)%
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of net revenues	(76.3)%	(89.5)%	(53.4)%	(65.3)%

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(in thousands)	Three Months Ended	
	March 30,	April 1,
	2024	2023
Net loss, as reported	\$ (54,361)	\$ (59,037)
Income tax expense	2	—
Interest expense	1,015	989
Depreciation and amortization expense	6,969	6,049
Restructuring expenses ⁽¹⁾	—	(426)
Share-based compensation expense	6,075	9,565
Accrued litigation settlement costs	7,500	—
Other, net ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	(123)	(2,908)
Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ (32,923)</u>	<u>\$ (45,768)</u>
Net loss as a % of net revenues	(71.9)%	(64.0)%
Adjusted EBITDA as a % of net revenues	(43.5)%	(49.6)%

- (1) Primarily comprised of legal and other expenses associated with the dispute with a co-manufacturer with whom an exclusive supply agreement was terminated in May 2017. On October 18, 2022, the parties to this dispute entered into a confidential written settlement agreement and mutual release related to this matter. In the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 April 1, 2023, we recorded a credit of \$(4,000) and \$(0.6) \$(0.4) million respectively, in restructuring expenses, primarily driven by a reversal of certain accruals. See Note 3, Restructuring, to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.
- (2) Includes \$(2.5) million and \$(3.3) million \$2.3 million in net foreign currency transaction losses in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. Includes \$(3.9) million and \$(10.5) million \$0.3 million in net foreign currency transaction losses gains in the three and nine months ended October 1, 2022 March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively.
- (3) Includes \$2.8 million \$2.0 million and \$8.4 million \$2.7 million in interest income in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively. Includes \$1.5 million and \$2.2 million in interest income in the three and nine months ended October 1, 2022, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

ATM Program

On May 10, 2023, we filed an automatically effective automatic shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "2023 Shelf Registration Statement") with the SEC registering an indeterminate amount of our common stock, preferred stock, debt securities, warrants, purchase contracts and units (collectively, "Company securities"). On March 18, 2024, we filed an updated shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "2024 Shelf Registration Statement"), which the SEC declared effective on April 12, 2024 and which replaced the 2023 Shelf Registration Statement. The 2024 Shelf Registration Statement allows us to sell, from time to time and at our discretion, shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$200.0 million pursuant to an "at the market" offering program (the "ATM Program"). We intend to use the net proceeds, if any, from sales of our

common stock issued under the ATM Program for general corporate and working capital purposes. The timing of any sales and the number of shares sold, if any, will depend on a variety of factors to be determined by us.

The shares will be offered pursuant to an equity distribution agreement between us and Goldman Sachs and Co. LLC, (Goldman Sachs") as sales agent (the "Equity Distribution Agreement"). We will pay Goldman Sachs a commission equal to 3.25% of the aggregate gross proceeds of any shares sold through Goldman Sachs pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement. We are not obligated to sell any shares under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of September 30, 2023, no sales had been made under the Equity Distribution Agreement and the ATM Program's full capacity remained available.

Convertible Senior Notes

In 2021, we issued \$1.15 billion aggregate principal amount of its 0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027 (the "Notes") in a private placement to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. For a discussion about the Notes, see [Note 7, Debt](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Liquidity

Liquidity Outlook

For the remainder of 2023, our cash from operations could be affected by various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks detailed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of our 2022 10-K and Part II, [Item 1A](#), "Risk Factors" and "Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" included elsewhere in this report. In addition, inflation, rising interest rates, adverse developments affecting the financial services industry, overall economic conditions, ongoing concerns about the likelihood of a recession, lasting effects from the COVID-19 pandemic and hostilities in Eastern Europe and the Middle East have led to increased disruption and volatility in capital markets and credit markets generally, which could adversely affect our ability to access capital resources in the future and potentially harm our liquidity outlook.

Our current business plan is to continue to utilize inventory management to reduce working capital. To further reduce operating expenses, we are initiating a review of our global operations, narrowing our commercial focus to certain growth opportunities, and accelerating activities that prioritize gross margin expansion and cash generation. These efforts include the potential exit of select product lines; changes to our

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discretion, Company securities having an aggregate offering price of up to \$250.0 million including shares of common stock that may be sold pursuant to our equity distribution agreement (the "Equity Distribution Agreement") with Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC ("Goldman Sachs"), as sales agent, under an "at the market" offering program (the "ATM Program").

Pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement, we will pay Goldman Sachs a commission equal to 3.25% of the aggregate gross proceeds of any shares sold through Goldman Sachs pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement. We intend to use the net proceeds, if any, from sales of common stock issued under the ATM Program for general corporate and working capital purposes. The timing of any sales and the number of shares sold, if any, will depend on a variety of factors to be determined and considered by us. We are not obligated to sell any shares under the Equity Distribution Agreement. As of March 30, 2024, no sales had been made under the Equity Distribution Agreement and the ATM Program's full capacity remained available.

Convertible Senior Notes

In 2021, we issued a total of \$1.15 billion aggregate principal amount of 0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027 (the "Convertible Notes") in a private placement to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. For a discussion about the Convertible Notes, see [Note 6, Debt](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Liquidity

Liquidity Outlook

In 2024, our cash from operations could be affected by various risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the risks detailed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of our 2023 10-K and Part II, [Item 1A](#), "Risk Factors" and "Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" included elsewhere in this report. In addition, inflation, high interest rates in certain geographic regions, overall economic conditions, concerns about the likelihood of a recession and hostilities in Eastern Europe and the Middle East, among other factors, have led to increased disruption and volatility in capital markets and credit markets generally, which could adversely affect our ability to access capital resources in the future and potentially harm our liquidity outlook.

Our current business plan is to continue to reduce operating expenses and utilize inventory management to reduce working capital. To further reduce operating expenses, in the fourth quarter of 2023, we initiated our Global Operations Review, which involves narrowing our commercial focus to certain growth opportunities and accelerating activities that prioritize gross margin expansion and cash generation. These efforts have to date included, and may in the future include, the discontinuation of select product lines such as Beyond Meat Jerky; changes to our pricing architecture within certain [channels](#); channels including the recent and planned future price increases of certain of our products; accelerated, cash-accretive inventory reduction initiatives; further optimization of our manufacturing capacity and real estate footprint; and [a](#) the continued review and potential restructuring of our operations in China.

Based on our current business plan, we believe that our existing cash balances, including our anticipated cash flow from operations, will be sufficient to finance our operations and meet our foreseeable cash requirements through at least the next twelve months. In We anticipate that we will seek to raise additional capital in 2024, which may include the future, we may raise funds by issuing issuance of debt or equity securities, including through the ATM Program, subject to our compliance with applicable laws and the applicable requirements of the Equity Distribution Agreement, or securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock. Such financing and other potential financings may result in dilution to stockholders, reduction in the market price of our common stock, imposition of debt covenants and repayment obligations, or other restrictions that may adversely affect our business. In addition, we may seek additional capital due to favorable market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. However, we may be unable to raise additional funds or enter into such other arrangements when needed, on favorable

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terms or at all. Our cash requirements under our significant contractual obligations and commitments are listed below in the section titled "Contractual Obligations and Commitment Commitments."

Our future capital requirements may vary materially from those currently planned and will depend on many factors including, among others, demand in the plant-based meat category and for our products; our rate of revenue growth; the results of our review of our global operations Global Operations Review and the successful implementation of our ongoing cost-reduction initiatives; timing to adjust our supply chain and cost structure in response to material fluctuations in product demand; the number and characteristics of any additional products or manufacturing processes we develop or acquire to serve new or existing markets; our investment in and build out of our Campus Headquarters, including the timing and success of subleasing any excess space we may have at our Campus Headquarters; the success of, and expenses associated with, our marketing initiatives; our investment in manufacturing and facilities to optimize our manufacturing and production capacity, including underutilization fees, termination fees and exit costs; our investments in real property and joint ventures; the costs required to fund domestic and international operations and growth; the scope, progress, results and costs of researching and developing future products or improvements to existing products or manufacturing processes; any lawsuits related to our products or commenced against us or our directors and officers; the expenses needed to attract and retain skilled personnel; variations in product selling prices and costs, the timing and success of changes to our pricing architecture within certain channels including the recent and planned future price increases of certain of our products, and the mix of products sold; the level of trade and promotional spending to support our products appropriately; the expenses associated with our sales force; our management of accounts receivable, inventory, accounts payable and other working capital accounts; the impact of foreign currency exchange fluctuations on our cash balances; the costs associated with being a public company; the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining, defending and enforcing intellectual property claims, including litigation costs and the outcome of such litigation; and the timing, receipt and amount of sales of, or royalties on, any future approved products, if any.

Our operating environment continues to be affected by uncertainty related to macroeconomic issues, including ongoing, further weakened demand in the plant-based meat category, high inflation, rising higher interest rates, and ongoing concerns about the likelihood of a recession, among other things, all of which have had and could continue to have unforeseen impacts on our actual realized results, including our liquidity outlook. Although in the third quarter of 2023 we met our previously stated target of achieving cash flow positive operations within the second half of 2023, this outcome included the benefit of certain transitory factors which are expected to abate abated and, as such, we do did not expect to sustain free cash flow positive operations in the fourth quarter of 2023. 2023 or in the first quarter of 2024. Our ability to make progress toward our goal of achieving sustained cash flow positive operations is dependent on a number of assumptions and uncertainties, including, without limitation, demand in the plant-based meat category and for our products; our ability to reduce costs and achieve positive gross margins; our ability to grow revenues and meet operating expense reduction targets, which may be subject to factors beyond our control; timing of capital expenditures; and our ability to monetize inventory and manage working capital.

We expect our operating expenses in 2024 to continue decreasing from the levels in 2023, primarily as a result of the reduction in force implemented in November 2023 as we focus on reducing and optimizing operating expenses more broadly.

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Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2023, on November 1, 2023, our board of directors approved a plan to reduce our workforce by approximately 65 employees, representing approximately 8% of our total global workforce. This decision was based on cost-reduction initiatives intended to reduce operating expenses.

We currently estimate that we will incur one-time cash charges of approximately \$2.0 million to \$2.5 million in connection with the reduction-in-force, primarily consisting of notice period and severance payments, employee benefits and related costs. We expect that the majority of these charges will be incurred in the fourth quarter of 2023, and that the reduction-in-force will be substantially complete by the end of 2023, subject to local law and consultation requirements, which may extend the process beyond the end of 2023 in certain countries. The charges that we expect to incur are subject to assumptions, including local law requirements, and actual charges may differ from the estimate disclosed above. We may not be able to fully realize the costs savings and benefits initially anticipated from these actions, and the expected costs may be greater than expected.

Sources of Liquidity

Our primary cash needs are for operating expenses, working capital and capital expenditures to support our business. We finance our operations primarily through sales of our products and existing cash. We have raised a total of \$199.5 million from the sale of convertible preferred stock, including through sales of convertible notes which were converted into preferred stock, net of costs associated with such financings. In connection with our IPO, initial public offering, we sold an aggregate of 11,068,750 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$25.00 per share and received approximately \$252.4 million in net proceeds. In 2019, we completed a secondary public offering of our common stock in which we sold 250,000 shares and certain selling stockholders sold 3,487,500 shares. We sold 250,000 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$160.00 per share and received approximately \$37.4 million in net proceeds.

In 2021, we issued \$1.2 billion a total of \$1.15 billion in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Notes. See Note 7.6, Debt, to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report. On May 10, 2023 March 18, 2024, we filed an automatically the Shelf Registration Statement with the SEC, which the SEC declared effective shelf registration statement on Form S-3, April 12, 2024, in connection with our ATM Program, discussed above. As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, no sales had been made under the Equity Distribution Agreement and the ATM Program's full capacity remained available.

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, we had \$217.5 million \$157.9 million in unrestricted cash and cash equivalents and \$15.3 \$15.6 million in restricted cash, which was comprised of \$12.6 million \$12.6 million to secure the letter of credit to support the development and leasing of our Campus Headquarters and \$2.7 million \$3.0 million to secure a letter of credit associated with a new third party contract manufacturer in Europe.

We anticipate that we will seek to raise additional capital in 2024, which may include the issuance of debt or equity securities, including through our ATM Program, subject to our compliance with applicable laws and the applicable requirements of the Equity Distribution Agreement, or securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock.

Cash Flows

The following table presents the major components of net cash flows used in and provided by operating, investing and financing activities for the periods indicated.

Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended				
Three Months Ended		Three Months Ended				
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	September 30, 2023	October 1, 2022	(in thousands)	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
Cash (used in) provided by:						
Cash used in:						
Operating activities						
Operating activities						
Operating activities	Operating activities	\$ (79,282)	\$ (270,347)			
Investing activities	Investing activities	\$ (9,340)	\$ (70,704)			
Financing activities	Financing activities	\$ (388)	\$ 385			

Net Cash Used in Operating Activities

In the three months ended March 30, 2024, we incurred a net loss of \$54.4 million, which was the primary reason for net cash used in operating activities of \$31.8 million. Net cash inflows from changes in our operating assets and liabilities were \$4.1 million, primarily due to cash inflows from a decrease in work-in-process inventory, an increase in accounts payable and a decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets. The cash inflows were partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable, payment of accrued expenses and other current liabilities, an increase in prepaid lease costs and a decrease in operating lease liabilities. Net loss in the three months ended March 30, 2024 included \$18.5 million in non-cash expenses primarily comprised of depreciation and amortization expense, share-based compensation expense, unrealized loss on foreign currency exchange transactions and non-cash lease expense.

Net Cash Used in Operating Activities

In the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 April 1, 2023, we incurred a net loss of \$183.0 million \$59.0 million, which was the primary reason for net cash used in operating activities of \$79.3 million \$42.2 million. Net cash inflows outflows from changes in our operating assets and liabilities were \$39.0 million, \$7.9 million, primarily due to a

decrease in inventory purchases, an increase in accounts payable and a decrease in prepaid expenses and current assets, partially offset by cash outflows due to receivable, an increase in prepaid lease costs related to our Campus Headquarters and a decrease in operating lease liabilities, liabilities. The cash outflows were partially offset by a decrease in accrued raw materials and packaging inventory and a decrease in prepaid expenses and other current liabilities, and an increase in accounts receivable, assets. Net loss in the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 April 1, 2023 included \$64.7 million \$24.8 million in non-cash expenses primarily comprised of share-based compensation expense, depreciation and amortization expense, our portion of the losses in TPP, loss on sales of fixed assets and the write-off equity in losses of an uncollectible note receivable.

In the nine months ended October 1, 2022, we incurred a net loss of \$299.3 million, which was the primary reason for net cash used in operating activities of \$270.3 million. Net cash outflows from changes in our operating assets and liabilities were \$52.5 million, primarily due to the escrow payments related to the Campus Lease (see Note 10, Commitments and Contingencies, to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report) and increase in inventory. The cash outflows were partially offset by the decrease in accounts receivable and prepaid expenses and other assets. Net loss in the nine months ended October 1, 2022 included \$81.4 million in non-cash expenses primarily comprised of share-based compensation expense, depreciation and amortization expense, our portion of the losses in TPP and unrealized losses on foreign currency transactions. TPP.

Depreciation and amortization expense was \$17.7 million \$7.0 million and \$23.3 million \$6.0 million in the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 and October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, respectively.

Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities primarily relates to capital expenditures to support our maintenance and investments investment in property, plant and equipment, and investment in TPP, offset by proceeds from sales of certain fixed assets.

In the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, net cash used in investing activities was \$9.3 million \$0.3 million and consisted of \$1.2 million in cash outflows for purchases of property, plant and equipment, partially offset by \$0.5 million in proceeds from return of security deposits and \$0.4 million in proceeds from the sale of certain fixed assets.

In the three months ended April 1, 2023, net cash used in investing activities was \$6.3 million and consisted of \$5.3 million in cash outflows for purchases of property, plant and equipment, primarily driven by continued investments in production equipment and facilities, and \$3.3 million in investment in TPP that was previously committed, partially offset by \$2.5 million \$2.3 million in proceeds from sales the sale of certain fixed assets.

In the nine months ended October 1, 2022, net cash used in investing activities was \$70.7 million and consisted of \$60.0 million in cash outflows for purchases of property, plant and equipment, primarily driven by investments in facilities and production equipment and \$10.0 million in payments for investment in TPP.

Net Cash Provided by Used in Financing Activities

In the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, net cash used in financing activities was \$0.4 million \$0.9 million, primarily from \$0.5 million in payments under finance lease obligations and \$0.4 million in payments of minimum withholding taxes on net share settlement of equity awards and \$0.2 million in payments under finance lease obligations, partially offset by \$0.2 million in proceeds from stock option exercises, awards.

In the nine three months ended October 1, 2022 April 1, 2023, net cash provided by used in financing activities was \$0.4 million \$0.1 million, primarily from \$1.6 million in proceeds from stock option exercises, partially offset by \$1.1 million \$0.3 million in payments of minimum withholding taxes on net share settlement of equity awards, and payments under finance lease obligations, obligations, partially offset by \$0.1 million in proceeds from stock option exercises.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There have been no significant changes during the three months ended March 30, 2024 to the contractual obligations disclosed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth in the 2023 10-K, other than the following:

Leases

In 2021, we entered into the Campus Lease with HC Hornet Way, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Landlord"), to house our Campus Headquarters. Although we are involved in the design of the tenant improvements of the Campus Headquarters, we do not have title or possession of the assets during construction. In addition, we do not have the ability to control the leased Campus Headquarters until each phase of the tenant improvements is complete. We contributed \$1.7 million and \$4.2 million in rent prepayments and payments towards the construction of the Campus Headquarters in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and the year ended December 31, 2023, respectively. The payments towards rent prepayments and construction costs are initially recorded in "Prepaid lease costs, non-current" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and will ultimately be reclassified as a component of a right-of-use

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

There have been no significant changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 to the contractual obligations disclosed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations set forth in the 2022 10-K, other than the following:

Leases

In 2021, we entered into the Campus Lease, a 12-year lease with two 5-year renewal options to house our corporate headquarters, lab and innovation space in El Segundo, California. Although we are involved in the design of the tenant improvements of the Campus Headquarters, we do not have title or possession of the assets during construction. In addition, we do not have the ability to control the leased Campus Headquarters until each phase of the tenant improvements is complete. We contributed \$3.3 million and \$55.1 million in payments towards the construction of the Campus Headquarters in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022, respectively. These payments are initially recorded in "Prepaid lease costs, non-current" in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and will ultimately be reclassified as a component of a right-of-use asset upon lease commencement for each phase of the lease. We began recognizing a right-of-use asset and lease liability for Phase 1-A in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in the year ended December 31, 2022 and for Phase 1-B in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in the second quarter ended July 1, 2023. Aggregate payments towards base rent over the initial lease term associated with the remaining phases not yet delivered to us are approximately \$79.4 million.

China Investment Concurrent with our execution of the Campus Lease, as a security deposit, we delivered to the Landlord a letter of credit in the amount of \$12.5 million, which amount will decrease to: (i) \$6.3 million on the fifth (5th) anniversary of the Rent Commencement Date (as defined in the Campus Lease); (ii) \$3.1 million on the eighth (8th) anniversary of the Rent Commencement Date; and **Lease Agreement** (iii) \$0 in the event the Company receives certain credit ratings; provided the Company is not then in default of its obligations under the Campus Lease.

As The letter of September 30, 2023, we had invested \$22.0 million credit is secured by a \$12.6 million deposit reflected in our unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as the registered capital "Restricted cash, non-current" as of our wholly-owned subsidiary Beyond Meat (Jiaxing) Food Co., Ltd. ("BYND JX") March 31, 2024 and advanced \$20.0 million to BYND JX. December 31, 2023. See [Note 10.3, Commitments Leases](#), and [Note 9, Commitments and Contingencies](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Given our intention to reduce our overall operating expenses and cash expenditures, on February 2, 2024, we terminated the agreement to purchase a property adjacent to our manufacturing facility in Enschede, the Netherlands (the "Enschede Property"). The Planet Partnership security deposit was returned to us and subsequently paid to the purchaser of the property to be applied towards the deposit and future lease payments. We entered into a lease agreement with the purchaser of the property to lease the approximately 114,000 square foot property for an initial period of five years with an option to renew for an additional five years at an annual rent of approximately €1.0 million.

On January 31, 2024, the lease on our Manhattan Beach Project Innovation Center expired.

Purchase Commitments

In 2021, 2022, we entered into TPP, a joint venture co-manufacturing agreement ("Agreement") with PepsiCo, Inc., a co-manufacturer to develop, produce manufacture various products for us. The Agreement included a minimum order quantity commitment per month and market innovative snack and beverage products made from plant-based protein. In the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022 an aggregate quantity over a five-year term. On November 21, 2023, we recognized our share of terminated the net losses Agreement because the co-manufacturer failed to meet its obligations under the Agreement and recorded \$4.4 million in TPP in termination-related charges. In March 2024, the amount of \$0.1 million and \$8.7 million, respectively. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, we recognized our share of the net losses in TPP in the amount of \$3.9 million and \$10.8 million, respectively.

As of the year ended December 31, 2022, we had contributed our share of the investment in TPP in the amount of \$24.3 million. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we contributed co-manufacturer brought an additional \$3.3 million as our share of an additional investment in TPP resulting action against us in a total contribution of \$27.6 million as of September 30, 2023. confidential arbitration proceeding. See [Note 2.9, "Commitments and Contingencies—Litigation—Arbitration with Former Co-Manufacturer,"](#) to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report. **Summary**

As of Significant Accounting Policies March 30, 2024, [Note 10](#) we had committed to purchase pea protein inventory totaling \$25.2 million, with \$8.1 million in the remainder of 2024 and \$17.1 million in 2025. In addition, as of March 30, 2024, **Commitments** we had approximately \$10.3 million in purchase order commitments for capital expenditures to purchase property, plant and **Contingencies** equipment including machinery and equipment. Payments for these purchases will be due within twelve months.

Settlement of Consumer Class Actions Regarding Protein Claims

, and As discussed in [Note 13, Related Party Transactions Subsequent Event](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

In report, subsequent to the first nine months quarter ended March 30, 2024, on May 6, 2024, we entered into a confidential binding settlement term sheet with respect to certain consumer class action lawsuits that originated in 2022 pursuant to which we have agreed to contribute \$7.5 million to a settlement fund in full satisfaction of 2023, we continued the process of restructuring certain contracts all settlement costs and operating activities related attorneys' fees. The parties will continue to Beyond Meat Jerky. We assumed distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky in the fourth quarter of 2023. For work on a discussion definitive written settlement agreement to be executed within forty-five days of the risks associated with our assumption of the distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky, see Part II, signed term sheet and which will be subject to preliminary and final court approval. See [Item 1A Note 9.](#), "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Investments—Joint ventures may not operate according to their business plans if our partners fail to fulfill their obligations, which may adversely affect our results of operations **Commitments** and compel us to dedicate additional resources to these joint ventures **Contingencies**—Restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky and our assumption of distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky may not be successful."

Purchase Commitments

As of September 30, 2023, we had \$72.9 million in fee commitments to manufacture products at a co-manufacturer's facility over a 5-year term. For a portion of the contract term, if the minimum order for a month is not fulfilled, we may be assessed a fee per pound, which fee may be waived by the co-manufacturer upon

reaching certain aggregate quarterly volume requirements. See [Note 10, Commitments and Contingencies](#), [Litigation—Consumer Class Actions Regarding Protein Claims](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

On July 27, 2022, we entered into an agreement to purchase certain property on a neighboring site to our manufacturing facility in Europe located in Enschede, the Netherlands, for cash consideration [As](#) of approximately €6.3 million, of which a €0.9 million deposit was made during 2022. The purchase, if completed, is expected to close in the first quarter of 2024, however we are currently evaluating the strategic importance of these assets as part of our global operations review.

On July 1, 2023, we and Roquette Frères entered into a second amendment (the "Second Amendment") to our existing pea protein supply agreement dated January 10, 2020, as amended by the first amendment dated August 3, 2022 (the "First Amendment"). Pursuant to the Second Amendment, the terms of the agreement and existing purchase commitments set forth in the First Amendment were revised and extended through December 31, 2025. Pursuant to the Second Amendment, the purchase commitment was revised such that we have committed to purchase pea protein inventory totaling \$1.4 million in the remainder of 2023, \$10.9 million in 2024 and \$17.1 million in 2025. In addition, as of September 30, 2023 [March 30, 2024](#), we had approximately \$15.6 million accrued \$7.5 million in purchase order commitments for capital expenditures SG&A expenses in our condensed consolidated statement of operations, which are included in "Accrued litigation settlement costs" in our condensed consolidated balance sheet as of [March 30, 2024](#)

Since the settlement is subject to purchase property, plant and equipment including court approval, the commitment timing of payments is uncertain; however, we anticipate paying \$250,000 in 2024, with the remainder, \$7.25 million, anticipated to purchase the Enschede facility discussed above. Payments for these purchases will be due within twelve months, paid in 2025.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements or any holdings in variable interest entities.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

In preparing our financial statements in accordance with GAAP, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, costs and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities that are reported in the financial statements and accompanying disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Our estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Our actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected.

During the first quarter of 2023, we completed a reassessment of the useful lives of our large manufacturing and research and development equipment, and determined that we should increase the estimated useful lives for certain of our equipment from a range of 5 to 10 years to a uniform 10 years. The timing of this reassessment was based on a combination of factors accumulating over time, including historical useful life information and changes in our planned use of the equipment, that provided us with updated information that allowed us to make a better estimate of the economic lives of such equipment. This reassessment was accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and was made on a prospective basis effective January 1, 2023. This change in accounting estimate decreased depreciation expense for the three months ended September 30, 2023 by \$4.9 million, impacting cost of goods sold and research and development expenses by \$4.4 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, and decreased both basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders by \$0.08. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, this change in accounting estimate decreased depreciation expense by \$16.1 million, impacting cost of goods sold and research and development expenses by \$14.6 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, and decreased both basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders by \$0.25. There have been no other material changes in our critical accounting policies during the three months ended [September 30, 2023](#) [March 30, 2024](#), as compared to those disclosed in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Policies" in the [2022](#) [2023](#) 10-K.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

Please refer to [Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report for a discussion of recently adopted accounting pronouncements and new accounting pronouncements that may impact us.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to certain market risks in the ordinary course of our business, including fluctuations in interest rates, raw material prices, foreign currency exchange fluctuations, and inflation as follows:

Interest Rate Risk

Our cash consists of amounts held by third-party financial institutions. Our investment policy has as its primary objective investment activities which preserve principal without significantly increasing risk.

In 2021, we issued a total of \$1.15 billion aggregate principal amount of our 0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027. The proceeds from the issuance of the Notes were approximately \$1.0 billion, net of capped call transaction costs of \$84.0 million and debt issuance costs totaling \$23.6 million. See [Note 7.6, Debt](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report. The Notes do not bear regular interest, and the principal amount of the Notes do not accrete. However, special interest and additional interest may accrue on the Notes at a rate per annum not exceeding 0.50% (subject to certain exceptions) upon the occurrence of certain events relating to the failure to file certain SEC reports or to remove certain restrictive legends from the Notes.

Ingredient Risk

We are exposed to risk related to the price and availability of our ingredients because our profitability is dependent on, among other things, our ability to anticipate and react to raw material and food costs. Currently, the main ingredient in our products is pea protein, which is sourced from peas grown in the United States, France and Canada. The prices of pea protein and other ingredients we use are subject to many factors beyond our control, such as the number and size of farms that grow yellow peas, the vagaries of the farming businesses, including poor harvests due to adverse weather conditions, natural disasters and pestilence, and changes in national and world economic conditions, including as a result of COVID-19 conditions. In addition, we purchase some ingredients and other materials offshore, and the price and availability of such ingredients and materials may be affected by political events or other conditions in these countries or tariffs or trade wars.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 As of March 30, 2024, a hypothetical 10% increase or 10% decrease in the weighted-average cost of pea protein, our primary ingredient, would have resulted in an increase of approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, or a decrease of approximately \$0.7 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, to cost of goods sold. We are working to diversify our sources of supply and may intend to enter into long-term contracts to better ensure stability of prices of our raw materials. As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, we had a multi-year sales agreement with Roquette which expires in December 2025. See [Note 10.9, Commitments and Contingencies](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Foreign Currency Risk

We are exposed to foreign currency risks that arise from normal business operations. These risks include the translation of local currency balances of foreign subsidiaries, transaction gains and losses associated with intercompany loans with foreign subsidiaries and transactions denominated in currencies other than a location's functional currency. Our foreign entities use their local currency as the functional currency. For these entities, we translate net assets into U.S. dollars at period end exchange rates, while revenue and expense accounts are translated at average exchange rates prevailing during the periods being reported. Resulting currency translation adjustments are included in "Accumulated other comprehensive income" and foreign currency transaction gains and losses are included in "Other, net." Transaction gains and losses on long-term intra-entity transactions are recorded as a component of "Other comprehensive loss." Transactions denominated in a currency other than the reporting entity's functional currency may give rise to transaction gains and losses that impact our results of operations.

Our foreign currency exchange risk is primarily related to our intercompany balances denominated in various foreign currencies. We have exposure to the European Euro and the Chinese Yuan. Foreign currency translation gain (loss), net of tax, reported as cumulative translation adjustment through "Other comprehensive loss" was \$0.3 million and \$(1.7) million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively. Net realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses included in "Other, net" were \$(2.5) million and \$(3.9) million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively.

Foreign currency translation gain (loss), net of tax, reported as cumulative translation adjustment through "Other comprehensive loss" was \$0.1 million and \$(4.7) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively. Net realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction losses included in "Other, net" were \$(3.3) million and \$(10.5) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and October 1, 2022, respectively.

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Foreign currency translation gains, net of tax, reported as cumulative translation adjustments through "Other comprehensive loss" were \$0.7 million and \$3,000 in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively. Net realized and unrealized foreign currency transaction (losses) and gains included in "Other, net" were \$(2.3) million and \$0.3 million in the three months ended March 30, 2024 and April 1, 2023, respectively.

Based on the intercompany balances as of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, an assumed 5% or 10% adverse change to foreign currency exchange rates would result in a loss of approximately \$(4.9) million \$5.2 million and \$(9.8) million, \$10.5 million, respectively, recorded in "Other, net" in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, net."

Inflation Risk

Although we have seen inflation in certain raw materials, and in the cost of logistics and labor, we do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on the costs of our inputs to date. Although difficult to quantify, we believe inflation is likely having an adverse effect on our end customers' ability to purchase our products, resulting in decreased sales. If our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs through price increases. Our inability or failure to do so could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition. For additional information, see "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business—Inflationary price pressures of raw materials, labor, transportation, fuel or other inputs used by us and our suppliers, including the effects of rising higher interest rates, has negatively impacted, and could continue to negatively impact, our business and results of operations" in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," in our 2022 2023 10-K.

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ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures

Our management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the our Company have been detected.

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Part II. Other Information

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We are subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of our business. The Company establishes an accrued liability for legal matters when those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and estimable. For a description of our material pending legal proceedings, please see Note 10 9. Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

In connection Although the outcome of these and other claims cannot be predicted with these matters, we have accrued for loss contingencies where we believe that losses are probable and estimable. No loss contingency certainty, other than the settlement of certain actions, management is recorded for matters where such losses are either not probable or reasonably estimable (or both). Although it is reasonably possible that actual losses could be in excess of our accrual, we are unable currently able to estimate a

reasonably the reasonable possible amount of loss or range of loss in excess of our accrual, due to various reasons, including, among others, that: (i) the proceedings are in early stages or no claims have been asserted, (ii) specific damages have and does not been sought in all of these matters, (iii) damages, if asserted, are considered unsupported and/or exaggerated, (iv) there believe that it is uncertainty as to the outcome of pending appeals, motions or settlements, (v) there are significant factual issues to be resolved, and/or (vi) there are novel legal issues or unsettled legal theories presented. It is not possible to predict probable that the ultimate outcome of all pending legal proceedings, and some resolution of the current matters discussed in this report seek or may seek potentially large and/or indeterminate amounts. Any such loss or excess loss could will have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows flows. However, the final results of any current or future proceeding cannot be predicted with certainty, and until there is final resolution on our financial condition. any such matter that we may be required to accrue for, we may be exposed to loss in excess of the amount accrued. Regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources, and other factors.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS. FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" "Risk Factors" in our 2022 2023 10-K, as updated and supplemented below and in our subsequent filings. These risks could materially harm our business, operating results and financial condition. Additional factors and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently consider immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results.

Risk Factors

Risks Related to Our Business Lease Obligations, Indebtedness, Financial Position and Need for Additional Capital

Disruptions If the build out of our new Campus Headquarters is delayed or incurs cost overruns, the headquarters does not operate in accordance with our expectations, or occupancy rates at the worldwide economy, including an economic recession, downturn, periods of inflation or economic uncertainty, have affected and may continue to adversely affect headquarters are lower than anticipated, our business or financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

In 2021, we entered into a lease agreement for an initial term of 12 years to develop and house our new Campus Headquarters. The Campus Headquarters is being built out by the Landlord, who delivered Phase 1-A of the Campus Headquarters to us in the third quarter of 2022 and Phase 1-B of the Campus Headquarters to us in the second quarter of 2023. We currently do not have firm timing on the delivery of the remainder of the Campus Headquarters. If we cannot complete development of the Campus Headquarters within the approved budget or there are significant cost overruns and/or delays, our cash flows, financial condition.

The global economy can condition, or results of operations could be negatively impacted by a variety materially and adversely affected. In addition, we may not be able to build out or occupy the rest of factors such as the spread Campus Headquarters and are considering subleasing, assigning or fear otherwise transferring the unoccupied part. An agreement to sublease, assign or otherwise transfer the unoccupied part of spread of contagious diseases (such as the COVID-19 pandemic, other pandemics, epidemics or other public health crises) in locations where our products are sold, man-made or natural disasters, severe weather, actual or threatened hostilities or war, terrorist activity, political unrest, civil strife Campus Headquarters would be subject to certain risks and other geopolitical uncertainty. Such adverse and uncertain economic conditions may impact distributor, retailer, foodservice and consumer demand for our products. uncertainties. For example, in connection with the war in Ukraine, governments in agreement may not be completed on terms advantageous to us because the U.S., U.K. and rental rate we receive under the EU have agreement may not fully cover the rental rate we pay under the Campus Lease for the same space, or we may be unable to enter into such an agreement at all, each imposed export controls on certain products and financial and economic sanctions on certain industry sectors and parties in Russia. In addition, the intensity, duration and economic effects of the escalating conflict in Israel, Gaza and surrounding areas are difficult to predict. The uncertainty resulting from the military conflicts in Europe and the Middle East have given rise and may continue to give rise to increases in costs of goods and services, scarcity of certain ingredients, increased trade barriers or restrictions on global trade and may increase volatility in financial and capital markets, which may make it more difficult for us to raise additional capital. Further escalation of geopolitical tensions could have a broader negative impact that expands into on our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, if the Landlord has not received invoices and other markets where required documentation relating to the build out of the Campus Headquarters by September 30, 2024, we do business, which could adversely affect our business and/or our supply chain, our international subsidiaries, business partners or customers in may lose the broader region, including potential destabilizing effects that such conflicts may pose ability to receive reimbursement for the European continent, cost of any remaining build out at the Middle East or Campus Headquarters.

In addition, it is possible that there could be unanticipated difficulties in initiating and maintaining operations at the global oil and natural gas markets. Campus Headquarters, including, but not limited to, IT system interruptions, other infrastructure support

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In addition, our ability to manage normal commercial relationships with our suppliers, co-manufacturers, distributors, retailers, foodservice customers, consumers and creditors problems or the Campus Headquarters may suffer.

As global economic conditions continue prove to be volatile or uncertain and recessionary or inflationary pressures exist, trends in consumer discretionary spending also remain unpredictable and subject less conducive to changes. We have seen consumers shift purchases to lower-priced or other perceived value offerings during economic downturns as a result of various factors, including job losses, inflation, higher taxes, reduced access to credit, change in federal economic policy and recent international trade disputes. In particular, consumers have reduced the amount of plant-based food products that they purchase where there are conventional animal-based protein offerings, which generally have lower retail prices. In addition, consumers may choose to purchase private label products rather our operations than branded products because they are generally less expensive. A decrease in consumer discretionary spending may also currently anticipated. These risks could all result in consumers reducing the frequency operational inefficiencies or similar difficulties that could prove difficult or impossible to remediate and amount spent on food prepared away from home. Distributors, retailers and foodservice customers have become more conservative in response to these conditions and have sought to reduce their inventories. Our results of operations depend upon, among other

things, our ability to maintain and increase sales volume with our existing distributors, retailers and foodservice customers, our ability to attract new consumers, the financial condition of our consumers and our ability to provide products that appeal to consumers at the right price. Decreases in demand for our products without a corresponding decrease in costs has put downward pressure on gross margin and has negatively impacted, and may continue to negatively impact, our financial results. Prolonged unfavorable economic conditions or uncertainty would likely have an adverse effect on our sales and profitability.

We have a history of losses, and we may be unable to achieve or sustain profitability.

Although we achieved cash flow positive operations during the three months ended September 30, 2023, this outcome included the benefit of certain transitory factors which are expected to abate and, as such, we do not expect to sustain free cash flow positive operations in the fourth quarter of 2023 and may not achieve or sustain cash flow positive operations in other future periods or be profitable in the future. We have experienced net losses in almost every period since our inception. In 2022, 2021 and 2020, we incurred net losses of \$366.1 million, \$182.1 million and \$52.8 million, respectively. Although we decreased our operating expenses in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the prior-year period, over time our operating expenses and capital expenditures may increase as we hire additional employees; support our strategic and other QSR customer relationships; innovate and commercialize products; build our brand, expand our marketing channels and drive consumer adoption of our products; optimize our production capacity through our own internal production facilities, domestically and abroad; build out our Campus Headquarters, including the timing and success of subleasing excess space; increase our customer base, supplier network and co-manufacturing partners; scale production across distribution channels; review geographic expansion; and enhance our technology and production capabilities. These efforts may prove more expensive than we anticipate, and we may not succeed in increasing our revenues and margins sufficiently to offset the anticipated higher expenses, particularly in light of some of the other challenges we face, for example prolonged, weakening demand within the plant-based meat category and broad macroeconomic headwinds. We incur significant expenses in developing our innovative products, building out our facilities, securing an adequate supply of raw materials, obtaining and storing ingredients and other products and marketing the products we offer. In addition, many of our expenses, including some of the costs associated with our existing and any future manufacturing facilities, are fixed. Accordingly, we may not be able to successfully implement our new sustainable growth strategy or achieve or sustain profitability, and we may incur significant losses for the foreseeable future.

Weakness in the plant-based meat category, combined with our volume losses, has had a negative impact on our sales and profits.

Our operating environment continues to be negatively affected by several challenges, including, but not limited to, prolonged weakening demand in the plant-based meat category overall, particularly in the refrigerated subsegment, among others, adverse changes in consumers' perceptions about plant-based meat, broad macroeconomic headwinds including elevated levels of inflation, rising interest rates, waning consumer confidence and recessionary concerns, and competitive activity in the plant-based meat category. As of the date of this report, consumer demand for plant-based meat products has continued to decline. For example, in the first nine months of 2023, all of our markets and channels other than international foodservice were negatively impacted by weakness in demand in the category.

Partly as a result of this weak demand, we have experienced volume losses and declines from historical levels, which has negatively impacted our sales and profitability. In the nine months ended September 30, 2023, volume of products sold decreased by 11.9%, primarily reflecting weak category demand, especially in U.S. retail and U.S. foodservice channels. We expect that demand-related challenges will continue to have a negative impact on our sales and profitability and, as a result, our results of operations and financial condition, in the future, particularly if we are not able to reduce our costs quickly and significantly enough to offset the lost volume and attain and maintain a profitable customer and product mix. A continued decrease in consumer demand for plant-based meat, or a further prolonged decrease, would likely have a material adverse effect on our profits, business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our strategic initiatives to improve our cost structure could have long-term adverse effects on our business, and we may not realize the operational or financial benefits from such actions, including achieving and/or sustaining cash flow positive operations.

On November 2, 2023, we announced that we are initiating a review of our global operations, narrowing our commercial focus to certain growth opportunities, and accelerating activities that prioritize gross margin expansion and cash generation. Among other things, we will evaluate the potential exit of select product lines, changes to our pricing architecture within certain channels, accelerated cash-accretive inventory reduction initiatives, further optimization of our manufacturing capacity and real estate footprint, and a review and potential restructuring of our operations in China. In addition, on November 1, 2023, our board of directors approved a plan to reduce our current workforce by approximately 65 employees, representing approximately 19% of our global non-production workforce (or approximately 8% of our total global workforce). We currently estimate that we will incur one-time cash charges of approximately \$2.0 million to \$2.5 million in connection with the reduction in force, primarily consisting of notice period and severance payments, employee benefits and related costs. In aggregate, in 2024, the reduction in force, combined with the elimination of certain open positions, is expected to result in approximately \$9.5 million to \$10.5 million in cash operating expense savings, and an additional approximately \$1.0 million to \$2.0 million in non-cash savings related to previously granted, unvested stock-based compensation which would have vested in 2024.

Our global operations review, cost structure improvement measures, cost-reduction initiatives, workforce reductions, and the timing and success of sustaining cash flow positive operations are subject to many risks and uncertainties. The charges associated with the reductions-in-force may be greater than anticipated; we may be unable to realize the contemplated benefits in connection with the workforce reductions, global operations review, cost structure improvement measures and other potential cost-reduction initiatives; and the workforce reductions, global operations review, cost structure improvement measures and other potential cost-reduction initiatives may have an adverse impact on our performance. Additionally, our ability to make progress toward our goal of achieving and/or sustaining cash flow positive operations is dependent on a number of assumptions and uncertainties, including, without limitation, demand in the plant-based meat category and for our products; our ability to reduce costs and achieve and/or sustain positive gross margins; our ability to grow revenues and meet operating expense reduction targets, which may be subject to factors beyond our control; timing of capital expenditures; and our ability to monetize inventory and manage working capital. The other risks described in this report and in our 2022 10-K may also hinder our ability to implement our strategic initiatives. As a result, we

cannot guarantee that we will achieve and/or sustain cash flow positive operations in the future, whether on our expected timelines, or at all.

We may be subject to additional unexpected costs, negative impacts on our cash flows from operations, employee attrition and adverse effects on employee morale and potential failure to meet operational and growth targets due to the loss of employees, any of which may impair our ability to achieve anticipated results from our operations or otherwise adversely affect our business. Additionally, as we are operating our business with fewer employees, we face additional risk that we might not be able to execute on our strategic plans and product roadmap, which may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and operating results.

As we continue to identify areas of cost savings and operating efficiencies, we may consider implementing further measures to help streamline operations and improve cost efficiencies, which could result in the contraction of our business and the implementation of significant cost cutting measures such as further downsizing and exiting certain operations, including product lines, domestically and/or abroad. Any resource realignment, or decision to limit investment in or dispose of or otherwise exit product lines or businesses, may result in loss of significant revenues and investments and/or the recording of special charges, such as write-offs, further workforce reduction or restructuring costs, charges relating to consolidation of excess facilities or capacity underutilization, lease exit or other related costs, contract termination charges, or claims from third parties. Underutilization or cessation of our manufacturing facilities could adversely affect our gross margin and other operating results and we may be required to terminate or make penalty-type payments under certain supply chain arrangements, close or idle facilities and write down our long-lived assets or shorten the useful lives of underutilized assets and accelerate depreciation, which would increase our expenses. In addition, our strategic initiatives may not be adequate to support the long-term operations of our business, particularly under adverse circumstances. Furthermore, we may not be successful in implementing these initiatives or realizing our anticipated savings and efficiencies, including as a result of factors beyond our control. For example, in the event we have excess capacity or vacancy in any of our facilities or office spaces, we may sublease portions of the excess space to third parties and may be unable to sublease our excess space on favorable terms, or at all, or if we are able to sublease space but our subtenants fail to make lease payments to us or otherwise default on their obligations to us, we could incur substantial payment obligations to our landlords.

Our operating environment continues to be affected by uncertainty related to macroeconomic issues, including prolonged, weak demand in the plant-based meat category, high inflation, rising interest rates and challenges related to labor availability, among other things, all of which have and may continue to frustrate our cost-reduction initiatives, as well as the achievement and/or sustainment of cash flow positive operations. If we are unable to realize the anticipated savings and efficiencies of our cost reduction initiatives and related strategic initiatives, our operating and financial results would be adversely affected and could differ materially from our expectations.

Our ability to accurately forecast our future results of operations is subject to many risks and uncertainties, and our operating and financial results could differ materially from our expectations.

Our ability to accurately forecast our future results of operations is limited by and dependent on a number of risks and uncertainties, including those described in this report and in our 2022 10-K. Our historical revenue growth should not be considered indicative of our future performance. Our revenue growth has declined and could continue to decline or slow for a number of reasons, including but not limited to weak demand in the plant-based meat category and for our products, other macroeconomic factors such as rising inflation, high interest rates and concerns about the likelihood of an economic recession, reduced consumer confidence and changes in consumer spending, competitive activity from our market competitors and new market entrants and a continued decrease in demand for the overall plant-based market. In fact, net revenues decreased to \$75.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 from \$82.5 million in the three months ended October 1, 2022, representing a 8.7% decrease. Net revenues decreased to \$269.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$339.0 million in the nine months ended October 1, 2022, representing a 20.4% decrease. If we are unable to identify and execute cost-down initiatives, including those intended to

achieve price parity with animal protein, we may not be able to compete effectively in our market and demand for our products may continue to slow, either of which could continue to adversely affect our revenues and margins. If our assumptions regarding these risks and uncertainties and our future revenue growth are incorrect or change, or if we do not address these risks successfully, our operating and financial results could differ materially from our expectations, and our business could suffer.

From time to time, we may release earnings guidance, financial goals or other forward-looking statements in our earnings releases, earnings conference calls or otherwise regarding our future performance that represent our management's estimates as of the date of the release. Some or all of the assumptions of any future guidance or financial goals that we furnish may not materialize or may vary significantly from actual future results. For example, our ability to make progress toward our goal of achieving and/or sustaining cash flow positive operations is dependent on a number of assumptions and uncertainties, including, without limitation, demand in the plant-based meat category and for our products; our ability to reduce costs and achieve positive gross margins; our ability to grow revenues and meet operating expense reduction targets, which may be subject to factors beyond our control; timing of capital expenditures; and our ability to monetize inventory and manage working capital. The other risks described in this report and in our 2022 10-K may also cause our actual future results to differ.

We may not be able to utilize our capacity efficiently or accurately plan our capacity requirements, which may adversely affect our gross margin, business and operating results.

If we overestimate our demand and overbuild our capacity or inventory, as we have done in the past, we may have significantly underutilized assets. Underutilization of our manufacturing and/or co-manufacturing facilities can adversely affect our gross margin and other operating results. If demand for our products experiences a prolonged decrease, we may be required to terminate or make penalty-type payments under certain supply chain arrangements, close or idle facilities and write down our long-lived assets or shorten the useful lives of underutilized assets and accelerate depreciation, which would increase our expenses. For example, in 2022, lower than anticipated revenues negatively impacted our capacity utilization, which resulted in the Company incurring underutilization fees and termination fees that were required in order to exit certain of our supply chain arrangements.

If demand does not materialize at the rate forecasted, we may not be able to scale back our manufacturing expenses or overhead costs quickly enough to correspond to the lower than expected demand. This could result in lower margins and adversely impact our business and results of operations. Additionally, if product demand continues to decrease or stay flat or we fail to forecast demand accurately, our results may be adversely impacted due to higher costs resulting from lower manufacturing utilization, causing higher fixed costs per unit produced. We are required to recognize excess or obsolete inventory write-off charges, or excess capacity charges. We routinely monitor and recognize excess or obsolete inventory write-off charges when appropriate, which has negatively impacted our results of operations.

Disruptions of our supply chain could have a material adverse effect on our operating and financial results.

Our ability to make, move and sell products in coordination with our suppliers, third party contract manufacturers and distributors is critical to our success. Damage or disruption to our collective supply, manufacturing or distribution capabilities resulting from severe weather, fires or evacuations related thereto, natural disasters, including climate-related events, pandemics (such as the COVID-19 pandemic) or other outbreaks of contagious diseases, agricultural diseases, cyber incidents, security breaches, system failures, terrorism, governmental restrictions or mandates, political instability, trade restrictions, import restrictions, border closures, freight carrier availability, labor shortages, strikes or other labor unrest, the financial or operational instability of key suppliers and carriers, disruptions, repairs or enhancements at facilities manufacturing or delivering our products or other reasons could impair our ability to source inputs or manufacture, sell or timely deliver our products. To the extent we are unable to mitigate the likelihood or potential impact of such events, there could be a material adverse effect on our operating and financial results.

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Additionally, there are increasing expectations in various jurisdictions that companies monitor the environmental and social performance of their suppliers, including compliance with a variety of labor practices, as well as consider a wider range of potential environmental and social matters, including the end of life considerations for products. Compliance can be costly, require us to establish or augment programs to diligence or monitor our suppliers, or, in the case of legislation such as the Uyghur Forced Labor Prevention Act, to design supply chains to avoid certain suppliers or regions altogether. Failure to comply with such regulations can result in fines, reputational damage, import ineligibility for certain products or raw materials, or otherwise adversely impact our business.

Loss of one or more of our co-manufacturers or our failure to timely identify and establish relationships with new co-manufacturers could harm our business and impede our growth.

A significant amount of our revenue is derived from products manufactured at manufacturing facilities owned and operated by our co-manufacturers, a portion of which are located internationally. Any of the co-manufacturers with whom we do not have a written contract could seek to alter or terminate its relationship with us at any time, leaving us with periods during which we have limited or no ability to manufacture our products. If we need to replace a co-manufacturer, there can be no assurance that additional capacity will be available when required on acceptable terms, or at all.

If any of our co-manufacturers fail to comply with food safety, environmental, health and safety or other laws and regulations, or face allegations of non-compliance, their operations may be disrupted and our reputation could be harmed. An interruption in, or the loss of operations at, one or more of our co-manufacturing facilities, which may be caused by work stoppages, labor shortages, strikes or other labor unrest, production disruptions, product quality or safety issues, local economic and political conditions, restrictive governmental actions, border closures, disease outbreaks or pandemics (such as COVID-19), the outbreak of hostilities, acts of war, terrorism, fire, earthquakes, severe weather, flooding or other natural disasters at one or more of these facilities, could delay, postpone or reduce production of some of our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition until such time as such interruption is resolved or an alternate source of production is secured.

We believe there are a limited number of competent, high-quality co-manufacturers in the industry that meet our strict quality and control standards, and as we seek to continue to obtain additional or alternative co-manufacturing arrangements in the future, there can be no assurance that we would be able to do so on satisfactory terms, in a timely manner, or at all. Additionally, as we expand our operations internationally, we will need to develop relationships with co-manufacturers overseas to meet sales demand, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to successfully do so. Therefore, the loss of one or more co-manufacturers, any disruption or delay at a co-manufacturer or any failure to identify and engage co-manufacturers for new products, product extensions and expanded operations could delay, postpone or reduce production of our products, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Our business and reputation could be negatively impacted by ESG matters and/or our reporting of such matters.

There is an increased focus from lawmakers, regulators, investors, customers, employees and other stakeholders on corporate ESG practices, including climate change and related ESG disclosure requirements. Expectations regarding voluntary ESG initiatives and disclosures may result in increased costs (including but not limited to increased costs related to compliance, stakeholder engagement, contracting and insurance), changes in demand for certain products, enhanced compliance or disclosure obligations, or other adverse impacts to our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, standards for tracking and reporting ESG matters continue to evolve, and our business

may be impacted by new laws, regulations or investor criteria in the U.S., Europe and around the world related to ESG. These legal and regulatory requirements, as well as investor expectations related to ESG practices and disclosures are subject to change, can be unpredictable, and may be difficult and expensive for us to comply with.

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While we may at times engage in voluntary initiatives (such as voluntary disclosures, certifications, or goals, among others) to improve the ESG profile of our company and/or products, such initiatives or achievements of such commitments may be costly and may not have the desired effect. Expectations around the Company's management of ESG matters continues to evolve rapidly, in many instances due to factors that are out of our control. For example, we may not ultimately be able to complete certain goals or initiatives, either on the timelines originally anticipated or at all, due to technical, cost or other factors, which may be in or out of our control. Moreover, actions or statements that we may take based on expectations, assumptions or third-party information that we currently believe to be reasonable may subsequently be determined to be erroneous or be subject to misinterpretation. Even if this is not the case, our current actions may subsequently be determined to be insufficient by various stakeholders, and we may be subject to investor or regulator engagement on our ESG initiatives and disclosures, even if such initiatives are currently voluntary.

Certain market participants, including stockholders and other capital providers, use third-party benchmarks or scores to measure a company's ESG practices and decide whether to invest in their common stock or engage with them to require changes to their practices. In addition, certain influential institutional investors are also increasing their focus on ESG practices and are placing importance on the implications and social cost of their investments. If our ESG practices do not meet the standards set by these stockholders, they may choose not to invest in our common stock or if our peer companies outperform us in their ESG initiatives, potential or current investors may elect to invest with our competitors instead. Increasing governmental and societal attention to ESG matters, including expanding mandatory and voluntary reporting, diligence and disclosure on topics such as climate change, human capital, labor and risk oversight, could also expand the nature, scope and complexity of matters that we are required to control, assess and report. For example, to the extent ESG matters negatively impact our reputation, it may also impede our ability to compete as effectively to attract and retain employees, customers, or business partners, which may adversely impact our operations. We may be especially subject to scrutiny on such matters given efforts to portray our operations and products as a more sustainable and conscientious alternative to certain competitor products. As another example, the SEC has proposed rules that would require companies to provide significantly expanded climate-related disclosures in their periodic reporting, which may require us to incur significant additional costs to comply, including the implementation of significant additional internal controls processes and procedures regarding matters that have not been subject to such controls in the past and expanded data collection, analysis and certification with respect to greenhouse gas emissions reporting that may not be complete or accurate, and impose increased oversight obligations on our management and board of directors. These and other regulations, disclosure-related and otherwise, including the new California laws S.B. 253 and S.B. 261, may increase our costs as well as increase scrutiny regarding our ESG efforts, which may enhance the risks discussed in this risk factor. If we do not comply with investor or stockholder expectations and standards in connection with our ESG initiatives, are perceived to have not responded appropriately to address ESG issues within our company, or fail to adapt to or comply with all laws, regulations, policies and related interpretations, our business and reputation could be negatively impacted and our share price and access to/cost of capital could be materially and adversely affected. Additionally, many of our customers and suppliers may be subject to similar expectations, which may augment or create additional risks, including risks that may not be known to us.

The Company is subject to accounting estimate risks.

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make significant estimates that affect the financial statements. Estimates are made at specific points in time and based on facts, historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances at such time. For example, during the first quarter of 2023, we completed a reassessment of the useful lives of our large manufacturing and research and development equipment, and determined that we should increase the estimated useful lives from a range 5 to 10 years to a uniform 10 years. The timing of this reassessment was based on a combination of factors accumulating over time, including historical useful life information and changes in our planned use of the equipment that provided us with updated information that allowed us to make a better estimate of the economic lives of such equipment.

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This was accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and was made on a prospective basis effective January 1, 2023. If actual results differ from our judgments and assumptions, then it may have a material, adverse impact on our results of operations and cash flows. For the three months ended September 30, 2023, this change in accounting estimate decreased depreciation expense by \$4.9 million, impacting cost of goods sold and research and development expenses by \$4.4 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, and decreased both basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders by \$0.08. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, this change in accounting estimate decreased depreciation expense by \$16.1 million, impacting cost of goods sold and research and development expenses by \$14.6 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, and decreased both basic and diluted net loss per share available to common stockholders by \$0.25.

Any changes in estimates, judgments and assumptions used in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP or any future impairment charges could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position and operating results.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP involves making estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets (including intangible assets), liabilities, revenues and expenses. This includes estimates, judgments and assumptions for assessing the recoverability of our assets, pursuant to Financial Accounting Standards Board issued authoritative guidance. If any estimates, judgments or assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record additional expenses and/or impairment charges.

We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under assumptions or conditions that may change in the future. While we believe the assumptions and estimates we make are reasonable, any changes to our assumptions or estimates, or any actual results which differ from our assumptions or estimates, could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and operating results. Improper design and implementation of internal control related to the estimates could result in misstatement of financial reports.

We perform an asset impairment analysis on an annual basis or whenever events occur that may indicate possible existence of impairment. Failure to achieve forecasted operating results, due to weakness in the economic environment or other factors, changes in market conditions and declines in our market capitalization, among other things, could result in impairment of our assets and adversely affect our operating results.

Our results of operations could be materially negatively affected if we cannot successfully keep pace with technological changes impacting the development of our products and implementation of our business needs.

Our success depends on our ability to keep pace with rapid technological changes affecting the development of our products and implementation of our business needs. Emerging technological trends such as artificial intelligence, machine learning and automation are impacting industries and business operations. If we do not sufficiently invest in new technology and industry developments, appropriately implement new technologies or evolve our business at sufficient speed and scale in response to such developments, or if we do not make the right strategic investments to respond to these developments, our products, results of operations and ability to develop and maintain our business could be negatively affected. Our competitors or other third parties may incorporate such technologies into their products and business more quickly or more successfully than us, which could impair our ability to compete effectively and adversely affect our results of operations.

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Risks Related to Our Products

Food safety and food-borne illness incidents may materially adversely affect our business by exposing us to lawsuits, product recalls or regulatory enforcement actions, increasing our operating costs and reducing demand for our product offerings.

Selling food for human consumption involves inherent legal and other risks, and there is increasing governmental scrutiny of and public awareness regarding food safety. Unexpected side effects, illness, injury or death related to allergens, food-borne illnesses or other food safety incidents caused by products we sell, or involving our suppliers or co-manufacturers, could result in the discontinuance of sales of these products or our relationships with such suppliers or co-manufacturers, or otherwise result in destruction and write-off of raw materials or product inventory, delayed or lost sales, increased operating costs, regulatory enforcement actions or harm to our reputation. Shipment of adulterated or misbranded products, even if inadvertent, can result in criminal or civil liability. Such incidents could also expose us to product liability, negligence or other lawsuits, including consumer class action lawsuits. Any claims brought against us may exceed or be outside the scope of our existing or future insurance policy coverage or limits. Any judgment against us that is more than our policy limits or not covered by our policies or not subject to insurance would have to be paid from our cash reserves, which would reduce our capital resources.

The occurrence of food-borne illnesses or other food safety incidents could also adversely affect the price and availability of affected ingredients, resulting in higher costs, disruptions in supply and a reduction in our sales. Furthermore, any instances of food contamination or regulatory noncompliance, whether or not caused by our actions, could compel us, our suppliers, our distributors or our customers, depending on the circumstances, to conduct a recall in accordance with FDA regulations, comparable state laws or foreign laws such as those of the European Union, the United Kingdom and China. Food recalls and other food illness and food safety incidents could result in significant losses due to their costs, the destruction of raw materials or product inventory, lost sales due to the unavailability of the product for a period of time and potential loss of existing distributors or customers and a potential negative impact on our ability to attract new customers due to negative consumer experiences or because of an adverse impact on our brand and reputation. The costs of a recall could exceed or be outside the scope of our existing or future insurance policy coverage or limits.

In addition, food companies have been subject to targeted, large-scale tampering as well as to opportunistic, individual product tampering, and we, like any food company, could be a target for product tampering. Forms of tampering could include the introduction of foreign material, chemical contaminants and pathological organisms into consumer products as well as product substitution. FDA regulations require companies like us to analyze, prepare and implement mitigation strategies specifically to address tampering (i.e., intentional adulteration) designed to inflict widespread public health harm. If we do not adequately address the possibility, or any actual instance, of intentional adulteration, we could face possible seizure or recall of our products and the imposition of civil or criminal sanctions, which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results.

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Failure to continually innovate and successfully introduce and commercialize new products or successfully improve existing products may adversely affect our ability to continue to grow.

A key element of our long-term growth strategy depends on our ability to develop and market new products and improvements to our existing products that meet our standards for quality and appeal to consumer preferences. The success of our innovation and product development efforts is affected by our ability to anticipate changes in consumer preferences, accurately predict taste preferences and purchasing habits of consumers in new geographic markets, the technical capability of our innovation staff in developing and testing product prototypes, including complying with applicable governmental regulations, commercialization and scale-up of new products, the success of our management and sales and marketing teams in introducing and marketing new products, and our ability to adapt to changes in technology, including the successful utilization of data analytics, artificial intelligence and machine learning. Our innovation staff members are continuously testing alternative plant-based proteins to the proteins we currently use in our products, as they seek to find additional protein options to our current ingredients that are more easily sourced, and which retain and build upon the quality and appeal of our current product offerings. Failure to develop, commercialize and market new products that appeal to consumers may lead to a decrease in our growth, sales and profitability.

Additionally, the development and introduction of new products requires substantial research, development and marketing expenditures, which we may be unable to recoup if the new products do not gain widespread market acceptance. If we are unsuccessful in meeting our objectives with respect to new or improved products, our business could be harmed.

Risks Related to Our Investments

Joint ventures may not operate according to their business plans if our partners fail to fulfill their obligations, which may adversely affect our results of operations and compel us to dedicate additional resources to these joint ventures. Restructuring certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky and our assumption of distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky may not be successful.

The nature of a joint venture requires us to share control in certain areas with unaffiliated third parties. If our joint venture partner does not fulfill its obligations, the affected joint venture may not be able to operate in accordance with its business plan. Under such a scenario, our results of operations may be adversely affected and we may be compelled to increase the level of our resources devoted to the joint venture. Also, differing views among joint venture participants may result in delayed decisions, or failure to agree on major issues. If such differences caused a joint venture to deviate from its business plan, our results of operations could be adversely affected.

As we continue to restructure certain contracts and operating activities related to Beyond Meat Jerky, we may be unable to realize the contemplated benefits in connection with such efforts. We assumed distribution responsibilities for Beyond Meat Jerky in the fourth quarter of 2023. Because this transition is expected to both limit our distribution reach for Beyond Meat Jerky and substantially reduce our total number of U.S. retail distribution outlets, such transition will adversely affect our net revenues from Beyond Meat Jerky sales. If we are unable to successfully transition distribution responsibilities in-house, we may require the engagement of third-party retail product distribution or other partners, which could have an adverse impact on our margin expansion objectives. Furthermore, if consumer demand for Beyond Meat Jerky continues to decrease, or we fail to successfully market, distribute and sell the product, we may not be able to generate significant revenue, which may require the implementation of additional measures, including downsizing or exiting certain operations. The restructuring efforts may require significant attention of our management and other personnel, which would divert resources from our core business or operations. Our failure to successfully accomplish any of the above activities and goals may have a material adverse effect on our net revenues, business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Intellectual Property, Information Technology, Cybersecurity and Privacy

We rely on information technology systems, and any inadequacy, failure, interruption or security breaches of those systems, including those of third parties upon which we rely, may harm our ability to effectively operate our business.

We and the third parties upon which we rely are dependent on various information technology systems, including, but not limited to, networks, applications and outsourced services in connection with the operation of our business. A failure of our information technology systems to perform as we anticipate could disrupt our business and result in transaction errors, processing inefficiencies and loss of sales, causing our business to suffer. In addition, our information technology systems, and those of the third parties upon which we rely, may be vulnerable to damage or interruption from circumstances beyond our control, including cyber attacks, fire, severe weather, natural disasters, systems failures, viruses and security breaches, particularly in light of many of our employees working remotely. Any such damage or interruption could materially disrupt our systems and operations, supply chain and ability to produce, sell and distribute our products and may have a material adverse effect on our business.

A cybersecurity incident, other technology disruptions or failure to comply with laws and regulations relating to privacy and the protection of data relating to individuals could negatively impact our business, our reputation and our relationships with customers.

We use computers in substantially all aspects of our business operations. We also use mobile devices, social networking and other online activities to connect with our employees, suppliers, co-manufacturers, distributors, customers and consumers. Such uses give rise to cybersecurity risks, including security breaches, espionage, system disruption, theft and inadvertent release of information. Our business involves the storage and transmission of numerous classes of sensitive and/or confidential information and intellectual property, including customers' and suppliers' information, private information about employees and financial and strategic information about us and our business partners. Further, as we pursue new initiatives that improve our operations and cost structure, potentially including acquisitions, we may also expand and improve our information

technologies, resulting in a larger technological presence and corresponding exposure to cybersecurity risk. If we fail to assess and identify cybersecurity risks associated with new initiatives or acquisitions, we may become increasingly vulnerable to such risks.

Breaches of our data systems, or those of our vendors and other third parties on which we rely, whether from circumvention of security systems, denial-of-service attacks or other cyber-attacks, hacking, "phishing" attacks, computer viruses, ransomware or malware, employee or insider error, malfeasance, social engineering, vendor software supply chain compromises, physical breaches or other actions, could result in material interruptions or malfunctions in our or such third parties' websites, applications or data processing, or the disruption of other business operations. A successful cyber-attack against any of our supply chain vendors' information technology systems may disrupt our supply chain. For example, in April 2023, one of our temperature-controlled warehousing vendors began to receive evidence that its computer network was affected by a cybersecurity incident. Although the full impact of the vendor's cybersecurity incident on our operations and business is not yet known, it and similar disruptions of our supply chain could result in material adverse impacts on our revenue, business, financial condition or results of operations, including affecting customer demand, orders that may not materialize due to delayed deliveries and subsequent lost sales that we may not be able to recover in full, or at all. Additionally, while we have implemented measures to prevent security breaches and cyber incidents, our preventative measures and incident response efforts may not be entirely effective. The theft, destruction, loss, misappropriation, or release of sensitive and/or confidential information or intellectual property, or interference with our information technology systems or the technology systems of third parties on which we rely, could result in business disruption, negative publicity, brand damage, violation of privacy laws, loss of customers, potential liability and competitive disadvantage all of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. The costs related to cyber or other security threats or disruptions may not be fully insured or indemnified by other means. Currently, we carry cybersecurity insurance

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and business interruption coverage to mitigate certain potential losses, but this insurance is limited in amount and may not be sufficient in type or amount to cover us against claims related to a cybersecurity breach and related business and system disruptions. We cannot be certain that such potential losses will not exceed our policy limits, insurance will continue to be available to us on economically reasonable terms, or at all, or any insurer will not deny coverage as to any future claim. In addition, we may be subject to changes in our insurance policies, including premium increases or the imposition of large deductible or co-insurance requirements.

Additionally, the SEC has recently released its final rule on Cybersecurity Risk Management, Strategy, Governance and Incident Disclosure which will require public companies to report information relating to certain cyber-attacks or other information security breaches in disclosures required to be made under the federal securities laws and may increase our costs of doing business, expose us to potential compliance risk and impact the manner in which we operate. Any such cyber incidents involving our computer systems and networks, or those of third parties important to our business, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

In addition, we are subject to laws, rules and regulations in the United States, the European Union, China and other jurisdictions relating to the collection, use and security of personal information and data. Such data privacy laws, regulations and other obligations may require us to change our business practices and may negatively impact our ability to expand our business and pursue business opportunities. We may incur significant expenses to comply with the laws, regulations and other obligations that apply to us. Additionally, the privacy and data protection-related laws, rules and regulations applicable to us are subject to significant change. Several jurisdictions have passed new laws and regulations in this area, and other jurisdictions are considering imposing additional restrictions. For example, our operations are subject to the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation, which imposes data privacy and security requirements on companies doing business in the European Union, including substantial penalties for non-compliance. The California Consumer Privacy Act (the "CCPA"), which went into effect on January 1, 2020, imposes similar requirements on companies handling data of California residents and creates a new and potentially severe statutory damages framework for (i) violations of the CCPA and (ii) businesses that fail to implement reasonable security procedures and practices to prevent data breaches. The California Privacy Rights Act, which became effective January 1, 2023, amends and expands the CCPA, including by expanding consumer's rights in their personal information and creating a new governmental agency to interpret and enforce the statute. Additionally, in August 2021, the National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China adopted the Personal Information Protection Law, which became effective on November 1, 2021 and provides a comprehensive system for the protection of personal information in China. Privacy and data protection-related laws and regulations also may be interpreted and enforced inconsistently over time and from jurisdiction to jurisdiction. Any actual or perceived inability to comply with applicable privacy or data protection laws, regulations, or other obligations could result in significant cost and liability, litigation or governmental investigations, damage our reputation, and adversely affect our business.

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Risks Related to Our Lease Obligations, Indebtedness, Financial Position and Need for Additional Capital

We may require additional financing to achieve our goals, and a failure to obtain this necessary capital when needed on acceptable terms, or at all, may force us to delay, limit, reduce or terminate our product manufacturing and development, and other operations.

Since our inception, substantially all of our resources have been dedicated to the development of our three core plant-based product platforms of beef, pork and poultry, including purchases of property, plant and equipment, principally to support the development and production of our products, the build-out and equipping of our former Manhattan Beach Project Innovation Center and our Innovation Center within our Campus Headquarters, and the purchase, build-out and equipping of manufacturing facilities in the U.S. and abroad. We have and believe that we will continue to expend resources as we expand into additional markets we may choose to pursue. These expenditures are expected to include costs associated with research and development, manufacturing and supply, as well as marketing and selling existing and new products. In addition, other unanticipated costs may arise.

As of September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash totaling \$232.8 million of \$173.5 million.

Our operating plan may change because of factors currently unknown to us, and we may need to seek additional funds sooner than planned, through public or private equity or debt financings or other sources, including strategic collaborations. For example, in May 2023, we established our ATM Program, under which, subject to our compliance with applicable laws and the applicable requirements of the Equity Distribution Agreement, we may offer and sell from time to time and at our discretion shares of our common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$200.0 million pursuant to the Equity Distribution Agreement. Such financing and other potential financings may result in dilution to stockholders, reduction in the market price of our common stock, imposition of debt covenants and repayment obligations, or other restrictions that may adversely affect our business. In addition, we may seek additional capital due to favorable market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. However, the capital markets may experience extreme volatility and disruption, including rising high interest rates in certain geographic regions and higher borrowing costs, which could make it more difficult for us to raise capital. If we cannot access the capital markets upon favorable terms or at all, it may impact our ability to achieve our goals.

Our future capital requirements may vary materially from those currently planned and will depend on many factors, including, among others:

- demand in the plant-based meat category and for our products;
- our rate of revenue growth;
- the results of our review of our global operations and the successful implementation of our ongoing cost-reduction initiatives;
- timing to adjust our supply chain and cost structure in response to material fluctuations in product demand;
- the number and characteristics of any additional products or manufacturing processes we develop or acquire to serve new or existing markets;
- our investment in and build out of our Campus Headquarters, including the timing and success of subleasing any excess space we may have at our Campus Headquarters;
- the success of, and expenses associated with, our marketing initiatives;
- our investment in manufacturing and facilities to optimize our manufacturing and production capacity, including underutilization fees, termination fees and exit costs;
- our investments in real property and joint ventures;
- the costs required to fund domestic and international operations and growth;
- the scope, progress, results and costs of researching and developing future products or improvements to existing products or manufacturing processes;
- any lawsuits related to our products or commenced against us or our directors and officers;

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- the scope, progress, results and costs of researching and developing future products or improvements to existing products or manufacturing processes;
- any lawsuits related to our products or commenced against us, including the class actions brought against us or the derivative actions brought against certain of our current and former directors and officers;
- the expenses needed to attract and retain skilled personnel;
- variations in product selling prices and costs;
- the timing and success of changes to our pricing architecture within certain channels including the recent and planned future price increases of certain of our products, and the mix of products sold;
- the level of trade and promotional spending to support our products appropriately;
- the expenses associated with our sales force; our management of accounts receivable, inventory, accounts payable and other working capital accounts;
- the impact of foreign currency exchange fluctuations on our cash balances;
- the costs associated with being a public company;
- the costs involved in preparing, filing, prosecuting, maintaining, defending and enforcing intellectual property claims, including litigation costs and the outcome of such litigation; and
- the timing, receipt and amount of sales of, or royalties on, any future approved products, if any.

Additional funds may not be available when we need them, on terms that are acceptable to us, or at all. If adequate funds are not available to us on a timely basis, we may be required to:

- delay, limit, reduce or terminate our manufacturing, research and development activities; or
- delay, limit, reduce or terminate our establishment of sales and marketing capabilities or other activities that may be necessary to generate revenue and achieve profitability.

Our inability to access and employ the cash that collateralizes our outstanding and future letters of credit may impact our liquidity.

As of September 30, 2023, we had \$15.3 million in restricted cash, which was comprised of \$12.6 million to secure the letter of credit to support the development and leasing of our Campus Headquarters and \$2.7 million to secure a letter of credit associated with a new third party contract manufacturer in Europe. Our inability to access and employ the cash that collateralizes our outstanding and future letters of credit may impact our liquidity and could have an adverse impact on our business, operations and financial condition.

Adverse developments affecting the financial services industry could adversely affect our current and projected business operations, our financial condition and results of operations.

On March 10, 2023, it was announced that Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB") was unable to continue their operations and that the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation was appointed as receiver for SVB. Although we did not have a material amount of funds in SVB or other institutions that have since closed, we cannot guarantee that the banks or other financial institutions that hold our funds will not experience similar issues. If failures in financial institutions occur where we hold deposits, we could experience additional risk and any such loss or limitation on our cash and cash equivalents would adversely affect our business. In addition, investor concerns regarding the U.S. or international financial systems could result in less favorable commercial financing terms, including higher interest rates or costs and tighter financial and operating covenants, or systemic limitations on access to credit and liquidity sources, thereby making it more difficult for us to acquire financing on terms favorable to us, or at all, and could have material adverse impacts on our liquidity, our business, financial condition or results of operations, and our prospects. Our business may be adversely impacted by these developments in ways that we cannot predict at this time, there may be additional risks that we have not yet identified, and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to avoid negative consequences directly or indirectly from any failure of one or more banks or other financial institutions.

Risks Related to Regulatory and Legal Compliance Matters, Litigation and Legal Proceedings

We are subject to international regulations that could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

We are subject to extensive regulations internationally where we manufacture, distribute and/or sell our products. Our products are subject to numerous food safety and other laws and regulations relating to the sourcing, manufacturing, composition and ingredients, storing, labeling, marketing, advertising and distribution

of these products. For example, in early 2018, we received an inquiry from Canadian officials about the labeling and composition of products that we export to Canada. We responded promptly to that inquiry, identifying minor formulation changes that we made under Canadian regulations. If regulators determine that the labeling, advertising and/or composition of any of our products is not in compliance with foreign law or regulations, or if we or our co-manufacturers otherwise fail to comply with applicable laws and regulations in foreign jurisdictions where we operate and market products, we could be subject to civil remedies or penalties, such as fines, injunctions, recalls or seizures, warning letters, restrictions on the marketing or manufacturing of the products, or refusals to permit the import or export of products, as well as potential criminal sanctions. In places like Mainland China, government inquiries into product labeling and advertising can be prompted by random inspections of our product on the market by local government authorities or complaints by consumers or competitors to the authorities. The consequences of a labeling or advertising violation in China can lead not only to fines from administrative authorities but also to multiple individual consumer lawsuits for nominal damages in the hundreds of dollars each, which can be costly to defend. In addition, enforcement of existing laws and regulations, changes in legal requirements and/or evolving interpretations of existing regulatory requirements may result in increased compliance costs and create other obligations, financial or otherwise, that could adversely affect our business, financial condition or operating results. For example, China has recently introduced new regulations on food manufacturing and it may introduce new Food Labeling Supervision Measures that could increase restrictions and require changes to our labels. In addition, with our international operations, we could be adversely affected by violations of the FCPA, and similar worldwide anti-bribery laws, which generally prohibit companies and their intermediaries from making improper payments to non-U.S. officials or other third parties for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business. While our policies mandate compliance with these anti-bribery laws, our internal control policies and procedures may not protect us from reckless or criminal acts committed by our employees, contractors or agents. Violations of these laws, or allegations of such violations, could disrupt our business and result in a material adverse effect on our results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Any changes in, or changes in the interpretation of, applicable laws, regulations or policies of the FDA or U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA" (the "USDA")), state regulators or similar foreign regulatory authorities that relate to the use of the word "meat" or other similar words in connection with plant-based meat products could adversely affect our business, prospects, results of operations or financial condition.

The FDA and the USDA, state regulators or similar foreign regulatory authorities, such as Health Canada or the CFIA, or authorities of the U.K., the EU or the EU member states, or China, including the State Administration for Market Regulation and its local counterpart agencies, could take action to impact our ability to use the term "meat" or similar words (such as "beef," "burger" or "sausage," including the Beyond Meat logo of the Caped Longhorn superhero) to describe or advertise our products. In addition, a food may be deemed misbranded if its labeling is false or misleading in any particular way, and the FDA, CFIA, EU member state authorities or other regulators could interpret the use

of the term “meat” or any similar phrase(s) to describe our plant-based meat products as false or misleading or likely to create an erroneous impression regarding their composition.

For example, in 2018, the state of Missouri passed a law prohibiting any person engaged in advertising, offering for sale, or sale of food products from misrepresenting a product as meat that is not derived from harvested production livestock or poultry. The state of Missouri Department of Agriculture has clarified its interpretation that products which include prominent disclosure that the product is “made from plants,” or comparable disclosure such as through the use of the phrase “plant-based,” are not misrepresented under the Missouri law. Additional states, including Arkansas, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, Oklahoma, South Dakota, **Texas** and Wyoming, have subsequently passed similar laws, and legislation that would impose specific requirements on the naming of plant-based meat products is currently pending in a number of other **states**. **states, including Arizona**. The United States Congress considered (but did not pass) federal legislation, called the Real MEAT Act, that could require changes to our product labeling and marketing, including identifying products as “imitation” meat products, and that would give USDA certain oversight over the labeling of plant-based meat **products**. **If similar bills gain traction and ultimately become law, we could be required to identify our products as “imitation” in our product**

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products. **If similar bills gain traction and ultimately become law, we could be required to identify our products as “imitation” on our product labels**. Further, the FDA has announced that it is developing guidance on naming plant-based meat alternatives that could impact our naming expectations. Canadian Food and Drug Regulations also provide requirements for “simulated meat” products, including requirements around composition and naming.

In Europe, the Agriculture Committee of the European Parliament proposed in May 2019 to reserve the use of “meat” and meat-related terms and names for products that are manufactured from the edible parts of animals. In October 2020, the European Parliament rejected the adoption of this provision. In the absence of European Union legislation, member states remain free to establish national restrictions on meat-related names. In June 2020, France adopted a law prohibiting names to indicate foodstuffs of animal origin to describe, market or promote foodstuffs containing vegetable proteins. In October 2021, France published a draft implementing decree (the “Contested Decree”) to define, for example, the sanctions in case of non-compliance with the new law, and the Contested Decree went into effect in 2022. We do not believe that the Contested Decree **complies** **complied** with the laws of the EU, in particular the principle of free movement of goods. In July 2022, at the request of a trade association, the French High Administrative Court partially suspended the execution of the Contested Decree, which we believe signals that there are indeed serious doubts as to the lawfulness of the **Contested Decree, though the suspension is only partial and temporary until the Court rules on the merits of the case**. **Decree**. The Company filed an application for annulment against the Contested Decree and intervened in favor of the trade association in their pending case against the Contested Decree. Several plant-based companies filed voluntary intervention in support of the Company’s case on April 20, 2023. On July 12, 2023, the French High Administrative Court decided to refer the case to the Court of Justice of the European Union (“CJEU”). The CJEU is asked to decide on the lawfulness of the Contested Decree banning “meaty” names for plant-based protein under EU law. The procedure before the CJEU started on August 22, 2023, and the Company filed its submission on October 31, 2023. **This procedure will likely take around 15 to 18 months to complete**. **The judgment of On January 15, 2024, the CJEU will be determinative closed the written procedure**. The period to **whether request an oral hearing closed on February 5, 2024**.

In parallel to the Contested Decree’s ban on meat names for plant-based foods is lawful, or not, under EU law. Should litigation before the CJEU decide that the ban of against the Contested Decree, violates EU law, the Company could continue to market in France as-is. However, a decision from the CJEU confirming the lawfulness of the Decree under EU law would impact the Company’s operations in France, and may also trigger similar prohibitions in other EU countries, which could significantly disrupt the Company’s operations.

On on August 23, 2023, France published a proposal for a new decree (“**New Decree**”) replacing the Contested **Decree**. **Decree** (“**New Decree**”). The New Decree has removed some of the Contested Decree’s most open-ended language, but essentially maintains the prohibition on meaty names for plant-based proteins. The New Decree **is now** was subject to administrative review procedure by the European Commission (the EU’s executive body) and the EU member states other than France. The **six-months standstill period under that procedure ended on February 23, 2024**. The Company **is supporting** **supported** plant-based protein trade associations against the New Decree. **If adopted, On February 26, 2024, the New Decree would replace and abrogate the Contested Decree, making the current proceedings before the CJEU and the pending proceedings before was adopted**. However, **on April 10, 2024, the French High Administrative Court without object. Thus, decided once again to postpone the applicability of the New Decree**. The interim relief judge noted that there **is a risk that were serious doubts as to whether such national measures could be adopted based on EU law, which had already prompted the Company may need to initiate new proceedings before ongoing CJEU litigation**.

In this context, on March 1, 2024, the CJEU requested the French High Administrative Court to provide its view on the impact of the adoption of the New Decree on the litigation against the Contested Decree, and whether it should be declared moot or it should be allowed to proceed. On March 14, 2024, the French High Administrative Court responded to the CJEU’s request for information asking it to rule in the current proceedings. On April 15, 2024, the CJEU decided that the litigation against the Contested Decree would proceed, and that an oral hearing was not necessary. The Company expects the ruling of the CJEU within approximately seven to twelve months.

The judgment of the CJEU will be determinative as to whether the Contested Decree’s ban on meat names for plant-based foods was lawful, or not, under EU law. The judgment of the CJEU will set a precedent on the naming of plant-based foods for all other EU member states, which will significantly disrupt or facilitate the operations of the Company and the **CJEU against** entire plant-based protein industry in France and across the **New Decree**. **EU**.

France **is** has been the first EU member state to adopt such a **law**. **law**, but others are following. On December 16, 2023, an Italian law prohibiting names to indicate foodstuffs of animal origin to describe, market or promote foodstuffs containing vegetable proteins (“**Italian Law**”) entered into force. The Italian Law requires the Ministry

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of Agriculture to adopt a decree with the names that may not be used to describe plant-based products by February 16, 2024. However, on January 29, 2024, the European Commission issued a formal letter informing the Italian government that the Italian Law was adopted in violation of EU law, and is thus not applicable or enforceable. On February 28, 2024, the Italian Minister for Agriculture confirmed that the adoption of an implementing decree is currently suspended.

Separately, on December 5, 2023, Poland published a draft decree banning the use of meaty names to designate plant-based products. Should other EU member state regulatory authorities take action with respect to the use of the term "meat" or similar claims, such that we are unable to use those terms with respect to our plant-based products, we could be subject to enforcement action or recall of our products marketed with these terms, we may be required to modify our marketing strategy, or required to identify our products as "imitation" in our product labels, and our business, prospects, results of operations or financial condition could be adversely affected.

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Litigation or legal proceedings could expose us to significant liabilities and have a negative impact on our reputation or business.

From time to time, we may be party to various claims and litigation proceedings. We evaluate these claims and litigation proceedings to assess the likelihood of unfavorable outcomes and to estimate, if possible, the amount of potential losses. Based on these assessments and estimates, we may establish reserves, as appropriate. These assessments and estimates are based on the information available to management at the time and involve a significant amount of management judgment. Actual outcomes or losses may differ materially from our assessments and estimates. For information regarding material pending legal proceedings, please see [Part II Item 1, Legal Proceedings](#), and [Note 10.9, Commitments and Contingencies](#), to the Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Even when not merited, the defense of these lawsuits may divert our management's attention, and we may incur significant expenses in defending these lawsuits. The results of litigation and other legal proceedings are inherently uncertain, and adverse judgments or settlements in some of these legal disputes may result in adverse monetary damages, penalties or injunctive relief against us, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, cash flows or results of operations. Any claims or litigation, even if fully indemnified or insured, could damage our reputation and make it more difficult to compete effectively or to obtain adequate insurance in the future.

Furthermore, while we maintain insurance for certain potential liabilities, such insurance does not cover all types and amounts of potential liabilities and is subject to self-insured retentions, various exclusions as well as caps on amounts recoverable. Even if we believe a claim is covered by insurance, insurers may dispute our entitlement to recovery for a variety of potential reasons, which may affect the timing and, if the insurers prevail, the amount of our recovery.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES. PROCEEDS.

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

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ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

Rule 10b5-1 Trading Arrangements

During the fiscal quarter ended **September 30, 2023** **March 30, 2024**, except for the following arrangement, none of **the Company or its** our directors or executive officers of the Company adopted, modified or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of Company securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as such term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation **S-K, S-K:**

- On March 14, 2024, Seth Goldman, the Company's chair of the board of directors, adopted a trading plan as trustee of The Seth A. Goldman Revocable Trust intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) of the Exchange Act. The plan covers the potential sales of up to an aggregate of 300,000 shares of the Company's common stock at price and volume thresholds and during specified trading periods between June 13, 2024 and June 10, 2025, in each case as set forth in the plan.

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ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

EXHIBIT INDEX					
Exhibit No.	Exhibit Description	Incorporated by Reference			Filed Herewith
		Form	Date	Number	
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation.	10-Q	6/12/2019	3.1	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws.	8-K	4/11/2023	3.1	
4.1	Form of Common Stock Certificate.	S-1/A	3/27/2019	4.1	
4.2	Amended and Restated Investors' Rights Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2018, by and among the Registrant and the other parties thereto.	S-1	11/16/2018	4.2	
4.3	Description of Registrant's Securities.	10-K	3/01/2023	4.3	
4.4	Indenture, dated as of March 5, 2021, between Beyond Meat, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee.	8-K	3/05/2021	4.1	
4.5	Form of certificate representing 0% Convertible Senior Notes due 2027 (included as Exhibit A in Exhibit 4.1 to the Form 8-K filed on March 5, 2021).	8-K	3/05/2021	4.1	
10.1	Amended form of 2018 Equity Incentive Plan restricted stock unit award agreement.*				X
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
32.1**	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
32.2**	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
101	The following financial statements from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Deficit, (v) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged as blocks of text and including detailed tags.				X
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)				X

* Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

**This certification is deemed furnished, and not filed, with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Beyond Meat, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

EXHIBIT INDEX

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10.1*	Amended form of 2018 Equity Incentive Plan restricted stock unit award agreement.	10-Q	11/09/2023	10.1	
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
32.1**	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
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104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)				X

* Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

** This certification is deemed furnished, and not filed, with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of Beyond Meat, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filing.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BEYOND MEAT, INC.

Date: November May 9, 2023 2024

By: /s/ Ethan Brown
Ethan Brown
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November May 9, 2023 2024

By: /s/ Lubi Kutua
Lubi Kutua
Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

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Exhibit 10.1

BEYOND MEAT, INC.

2018 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT

Unless otherwise defined herein, the terms defined in the Beyond Meat, Inc. 2018 Equity Incentive Plan (the "**Plan**") will have the same defined meanings in this Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement (the "**Award Agreement**").

I. NOTICE OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT GRANT

Participant Name:

You have been granted the right to receive an Award of Restricted Stock Units, subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Award Agreement, as follows:

Grant Number

Date of Grant

Vesting Commencement Date

Number of Restricted Stock Units

Vesting Schedule:

Subject to Section 3 of the Award Agreement, the Restricted Stock Units will vest in accordance with the following schedule:

If Participant ceases to be a Service Provider for any or no reason before Participant vests in the Restricted Stock Unit, the Restricted Stock Unit and Participant's right to acquire any Shares hereunder will terminate in accordance with Section 3 of the Award Agreement.

By no later than the date that is one month prior to the first vest date applicable to the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award Agreement, Participant must acknowledge and accept the terms and conditions of this Award electronically via the on-line or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company and take any other action required by the Administrator related to the acceptance of this Award (including, if applicable, establishing any required brokerage account), provided, if Participant is based in a

country that requires Participant to acknowledge and accept the terms and conditions of this Award in writing, Participant must, by no later than the date that is one month prior to the first vest date applicable to the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award Agreement, acknowledge and accept the terms and conditions of this Award by signing below and returning a hard copy of the executed Award Agreement to the Company.

If Participant does not acknowledge and accept the terms and conditions of this Award by the date that is one month prior to the first vest date applicable to the

Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award Agreement or Participant does not take any other action required by the Administrator related to the acceptance of this Award (including, if applicable, establishing any required brokerage account), this Award and the Restricted Stock Units subject to this Award will be automatically forfeited immediately following such date.

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By Participant accepting this Award, Participant and Beyond Meat, Inc. (the "**Company**") agree that this Award of Restricted Stock Units is granted under and governed by the terms and conditions of the Plan and this Award Agreement, including the Terms and Conditions of Restricted Stock Unit Grant (including any country-specific addendum thereto), attached hereto as Exhibit A, all of which are made a part of this document. Participant has reviewed the Plan and this Award Agreement in their entirety, has had an opportunity to obtain the advice of counsel prior to accepting this Award Agreement and fully understands all provisions of the Plan and Award Agreement. Participant hereby agrees to accept as binding, conclusive and final all decisions or interpretations of the Administrator on any questions relating to the Plan and Award Agreement.

BEYOND MEAT, INC.

[Insert digital signature]

If Participant is based in a country that requires Participant to acknowledge and accept the terms and conditions of this Award in writing, Participant must acknowledge and accept the terms and conditions of this Award by signing below and returning a hard copy of the executed Award Agreement to the Company.

PARTICIPANT:

Signature

Print Name

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EXHIBIT A

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT GRANT

1. **Grant.** The Company hereby grants to the individual named in the Notice of Grant attached as Part I of this Award Agreement (the "**Participant**") under the Plan an Award of Restricted Stock Units, subject to all of the terms and conditions in this Award Agreement and the Plan, which is incorporated herein by reference. Subject to Section 21 of the Plan, if there is a conflict between the terms and conditions of the Plan and the terms and conditions of this Award Agreement, the terms and conditions of the Plan will prevail.

2. **Company's Obligation to Pay.** Each Restricted Stock Unit represents the right to receive a Share on the date it vests. Unless and until the Restricted Stock Units will have vested in the manner set forth in Section 3, Participant will have no right to receive Shares pursuant to any such Restricted Stock Units. Prior to actual payment of any vested Restricted Stock Units, such Restricted Stock Units will represent an unsecured obligation of the Company. Any Restricted Stock Units that vest in accordance with Section 3 will be settled by delivery of whole Shares as set forth herein to Participant (or in the event of Participant's death, to his or her estate), subject to Participant satisfying any Tax-Related Items as set forth in Section 7. Subject to the provisions of Section 4, such vested Restricted Stock Units will be settled by delivery of whole Shares as soon as practicable after vesting, but in each such case within the period ending no later than the date that is two and one-half (2½) months from the end of the Company's tax year that includes the vesting date. In no event will Participant be permitted, directly or indirectly, to specify the taxable year in which Shares will be issued upon payment of any Restricted Stock Units under this Award Agreement.

3. **Vesting Schedule.** The Restricted Stock Units awarded by this Award Agreement will vest in accordance with the vesting provisions set forth in the Notice of Grant. Restricted Stock Units scheduled to vest on a certain date or upon the occurrence of a certain condition will not vest in accordance with any of the provisions of this Award Agreement, unless Participant will have been continuously a Service Provider from the Date of Grant until the date such vesting occurs. Service Provider status for purposes of this Award will end on the day that Participant is no longer actively providing services as an Employee, Director, or Independent Contractor and will not be extended by any notice period or "garden leave" that may be required contractually or under Applicable Laws. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrator (or any delegate) shall have the sole and absolute discretion to determine when Participant is no longer providing active service for purposes of Service Provider status and participation in the Plan.

4. **Administrator Discretion.** Notwithstanding anything in the Plan or this Award Agreement to the contrary, if the vesting of the balance, or some lesser portion of the balance, of the Restricted Stock Units is accelerated in connection with Participant's termination as a Service Provider (provided that such termination is a "separation from service" within the meaning of Code Section 409A, as determined by the Company),

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other than due to death, and if (x) Participant is a "specified employee" within the meaning of Code Section 409A at the time of such termination as a Service Provider and (y) the payment of such accelerated Restricted Stock Units will result in the imposition of additional tax under Code Section 409A if paid to Participant on or within the six (6) month period following Participant's termination as a Service Provider, then the payment of such accelerated Restricted Stock Units will not be made until the date six (6) months and one (1) day following the date of Participant's termination as a Service Provider, unless the Participant dies following his or her termination as a Service Provider, in which case, the Restricted Stock Units will be settled in Shares to the Participant's estate as soon as practicable following his or her death. It is the intent of this Award Agreement that it and all payments and benefits hereunder be exempt from, or comply with, the requirements of Code Section 409A so that none of the Restricted Stock Units provided under this Award Agreement or Shares issuable thereunder will be subject to the additional tax imposed under Code Section 409A, and any ambiguities herein will be interpreted to be so exempt or so comply. Each payment payable under this Award Agreement is intended to constitute a separate payment for purposes of U.S. Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-2(b)(2). For purposes of this Award Agreement, "Code

Section 409A” means Section 409A of the Code, and any final U.S. Treasury Regulations and U.S. Internal Revenue Service guidance thereunder, as each may be amended from time to time.

5. Forfeiture upon Termination of Status as a Service Provider. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Award Agreement, any Restricted Stock Units that have not vested will be forfeited and will return to the Plan on the date that is thirty (30) days following the termination of Participant's status as a Service Provider.

6. Death of Participant. Any distribution or delivery to be made to Participant under this Award Agreement will, if Participant is then deceased, be made to Participant's designated beneficiary, if so allowed by the Administrator in its sole discretion, or if no beneficiary survives Participant, the administrator or executor of Participant's estate. Any such transferee must furnish the Company with (a) written notice of his or her status as transferee, and (b) evidence satisfactory to the Company to establish the validity of the transfer and compliance with any Applicable Laws or regulations pertaining to said transfer.

7. Withholding of Taxes. Regardless of any action the Company or Participant's employer (the “**Employer**”) takes with respect to any or all applicable national, local, or other tax or social contribution, withholding, required deductions, or other payments, if any, that arise upon the grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock Units or the holding or subsequent sale of Shares, and the receipt of dividends, if any, or otherwise in connection with the Restricted Stock Units or the Shares (“**Tax-Related Items**”), Participant acknowledges and agrees that the ultimate liability for all Tax-Related Items legally due by Participant is and remains Participant's responsibility and may exceed any amount actually withheld by the Company or the Employer. Participant further acknowledges and agrees that Participant is solely responsible for filing all relevant documentation that may be required in relation to the Restricted Stock Units or any Tax-Related Items (other than filings or documentation that is the specific obligation

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of the Company or a Parent, Subsidiary, or Employer pursuant to Applicable Law) such as but not limited to personal income tax returns or reporting statements in relation to the grant, vesting or payment of the Restricted Stock Units, the holding of Shares or any bank or brokerage account, the subsequent sale of Shares, and the receipt of any dividends. Participant further acknowledges that the Company and the Employer (a) make no representations or undertakings regarding the treatment of any Tax-Related Items in connection with any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units, including the grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock Units, the subsequent sale of Shares acquired under the Plan, and the receipt of dividends, if any; and (b) do not commit to and are under no obligation to structure the terms of the Restricted Stock Units or any aspect of the Restricted Stock Units to reduce or eliminate Participant's liability for Tax-Related Items, or achieve any particular tax result. Participant also understands that Applicable Laws may require varying Share or Restricted Stock Unit valuation methods for purposes of calculating Tax-Related Items, and the Company assumes no responsibility or liability in relation to any such valuation or for any calculation or reporting of income or Tax-Related Items that may be required of Participant under Applicable Laws. Further, if Participant has become subject to tax in more than one jurisdiction between the date of grant and the date of any relevant taxable event, Participant acknowledges that the Company and/or the Employer (or former employer, as applicable) may be required to withhold or account for Tax-Related Items in more than one jurisdiction. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this Award Agreement, no certificate representing the Shares will be issued to Participant, unless and until satisfactory arrangements (as determined by the Administrator) will have been made by Participant with respect to the payment of any Tax-Related Items which the Company determines must be withheld with respect to such Shares.

As a condition to the grant and vesting of the Restricted Stock Units and as set forth in Section 15 of the Plan, Participant hereby agrees to make adequate provision for the satisfaction of (and will indemnify the Company and any Parent or Subsidiary for) any Tax-Related Items. In this regard, Participant authorizes the Company and/or the Employer or their respective agents, at their discretion, to satisfy the obligations with regard to all Tax-Related Items by one or a combination of the following: (i) by receipt of a cash payment from Participant; (ii) by withholding from Participant's wages or other cash compensation paid to Participant by the Company or the Employer; (iii) withholding Shares that otherwise would be issued to Participant upon payment of the vested Restricted Stock Units (provided that amounts withheld shall not exceed the amount necessary to satisfy the Company's minimum tax withholding obligations); (iv) by withholding from proceeds of the sale of Shares acquired upon payment of the vested Restricted Stock Units through a voluntary sale or a mandatory sale arranged by the Company (on Participant's behalf pursuant to this authorization), or (v) by any other arrangement approved by the Committee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if Participant is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, Participant's obligations with respect to all Tax-Related Items shall be satisfied by the Company withholding Shares that

otherwise would be issued to Participant upon payment of the vested Restricted Stock Units; provided that amounts withheld shall not exceed the amount necessary to satisfy the Company's minimum tax withholding obligations. Any Shares withheld pursuant to this Section 7 shall be valued based on the Fair Market Value as of the date the withholding

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obligations are satisfied. Furthermore, Participant agrees to pay the Company or any Parent, Subsidiary, or Employer any Tax-Related Items that cannot be satisfied by the foregoing methods.

8. **Rights as Stockholder.** Neither Participant nor any person claiming under or through Participant will have any of the rights or privileges of a stockholder of the Company in respect of any Shares deliverable hereunder unless and until such Shares will have been issued (as evidenced by the appropriate entry on the books of the Company or of a duly authorized transfer agent of the Company). After such issuance, Participant will have all the rights of a stockholder of the Company with respect to voting such Shares and receipt of dividends and distributions on such Shares, but prior to such issuance, Participant will not have any rights to dividends and/or distributions on such Shares.

9. **No Guarantee of Continued Service or Grants.** PARTICIPANT ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THE VESTING OF THE RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS PURSUANT TO THE VESTING SCHEDULE HEREOF SHALL OCCUR ONLY BY CONTINUING AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT THE WILL OF THE EMPLOYER OR CONTRACTING ENTITY (AS APPLICABLE) AND NOT THROUGH THE ACT OF BEING HIRED, BEING GRANTED THIS AWARD OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS OR ACQUIRING SHARES HEREUNDER. PARTICIPANT FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGES AND AGREES THAT THIS AWARD AGREEMENT, THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREUNDER AND THE VESTING SCHEDULE SET FORTH HEREIN DO NOT CONSTITUTE AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED PROMISE OF CONTINUED ENGAGEMENT AS A SERVICE PROVIDER FOR THE VESTING PERIOD, FOR ANY PERIOD, OR AT ALL, AND WILL NOT INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH PARTICIPANT'S RIGHT OR THE RIGHT OF THE EMPLOYER OR THE COMPANY (OR ANY PARENT OR SUBSIDIARY) TO TERMINATE PARTICIPANT'S RELATIONSHIP AS A SERVICE PROVIDER AT ANY TIME, WITH OR WITHOUT CAUSE, SUBJECT TO APPLICABLE LAWS.

Participant also acknowledges and agrees that: (a) the Plan is established voluntarily by the Company, it is discretionary in nature and it may be modified, amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time; (b) the grant of Restricted Stock Units is voluntary and occasional and does not create any contractual or other right to receive future grants of Restricted Stock Units, or benefits in lieu of Restricted Stock Units even if Restricted Stock Units have been granted repeatedly in the past; (c) all decisions with respect to future awards of Restricted Stock Units, if any, will be at the sole discretion of the Company; (d) Participant's participation in the Plan is voluntary; (e) the Restricted Stock Units and the Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Units are extraordinary items that do not constitute regular compensation for services rendered to the Company or the Employer, and that are outside the scope of Participant's employment contract, if any; (f) the Restricted Stock Units and the Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Units are not intended to replace any pension rights or compensation; (g) the Restricted Stock Units and the Shares subject to the Restricted Stock Units are not part of normal or expected compensation or salary for any purposes, including, but not limited to, calculating any severance, resignation, termination,

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redundancy, dismissal, or end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards, pension or retirement or welfare benefits or similar payments and in no event should be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company or the Employer, subject to Applicable Laws.

10. **Address for Notices.** Any notice to be given to the Company under the terms of this Award Agreement will be addressed to the Company, in care of its Secretary at Beyond Meat, Inc., 119 Standard Street, El Segundo, California 90245, or at such other address as the Company may hereafter designate in writing.

11. **Grant is Not Transferable.** Except to the limited extent provided in Section 6, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby may not be transferred, assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of Applicable Laws or otherwise) and may not be subject to sale under execution, attachment or similar process. Upon any attempt to transfer, assign, pledge, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of this grant, or any right or privilege conferred hereby, or upon any attempted sale under any execution, attachment or similar process, this grant and the rights and privileges conferred hereby immediately will become null and void.

12. **Binding Agreement.** Subject to the limitation on the transferability of this grant contained herein, this Award Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the heirs, legatees, legal representatives, successors and assigns of the parties hereto.

13. **Additional Conditions to Issuance of Stock and Imposition of Other Requirements.** If at any time the Company will determine, in its discretion, that the listing, registration, qualification or compliance of the Shares upon or with any securities exchange or under any Applicable Laws, the tax code and related regulations or the consent or approval of any governmental regulatory authority is necessary or desirable as a condition to the issuance of Shares to Participant (or his or her estate) hereunder, such issuance will not occur unless and until such listing, registration, qualification, compliance, consent or approval will have been completed, effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company. Where the Company determines that the delivery of any Shares will violate any state, federal or foreign securities or exchange laws or other Applicable Laws, the Company will defer delivery until the earliest date at which the Company reasonably anticipates that the delivery of Shares will no longer cause such violation. The Company will make all reasonable efforts to meet the requirements of any Applicable Laws or securities exchange and to obtain any such consent or approval of any such governmental authority or securities exchange. The Company shall not be obligated to issue any Shares pursuant to the Restricted Stock Units at any time if the issuance of Shares violates or is not in compliance with any Applicable Laws.

Furthermore, the Company reserves the right to impose other requirements on Participant's participation in the Plan, on the Restricted Stock Units and on any Shares acquired under the Plan, to the extent the Company determines it is necessary or advisable in order to comply with any Applicable Laws or facilitate the administration of

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the Plan, and to require Participant to sign any additional agreements or undertakings that may be necessary to accomplish the foregoing. Furthermore, Participant understands that the Applicable Laws of the country in which he or she is resident at the time of grant or vesting of the Restricted Stock Units or the holding or disposition of Shares (including any rules or regulations governing securities, foreign exchange, tax, labor or other matters) may restrict or prevent the issuance of Shares or may subject Participant to additional procedural or regulatory requirements he or she is solely responsible for and will have to independently fulfill in relation to the Restricted Stock Units or the Shares. Notwithstanding any provision herein, the Restricted Stock Units and any Shares shall be subject to any special terms and conditions or disclosures as set forth in any addendum for Participant's country (the "Country-Specific Addendum," which forms part this Award Agreement). Participant also understands and agrees that if he works, resides, moves to, or otherwise is or becomes subject to Applicable Laws or company policies of another jurisdiction at any time, certain country-specific notices, disclaimers and/or terms and conditions may apply to him as from the date of grant, unless otherwise determined by the Company in its sole discretion.

14. **Lock-Up Agreement.** In connection with the initial public offering of the Company's securities, Participant hereby agrees not to offer, pledge, sell, contract to sell, make any short sale of, loan, grant any option for the purchase of, or otherwise dispose of any securities of the Company however and whenever acquired (other than those included in the registration) without the prior written consent of the Company and the managing underwriters for such offering for such period of time (not to exceed 180 days) from the effective date of such registration as may be requested by the Company or such managing underwriters and to execute an agreement reflecting the foregoing as may be requested by the underwriters at the time of the Company's initial public offering. In addition, upon request of the Company or the underwriters managing a public offering of the Company's securities (other than the initial public offering), Participant hereby agrees to be bound by similar restrictions, and to sign a similar agreement, in connection with no more than one additional registration statement filed within 12 months after the closing date of the initial

public offering, provided that the duration of the lock-up period with respect to such additional registration shall not exceed 90 days from the effective date of such additional registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if during the last 17 days of the restricted period, the Company issues an earnings release or material news or a material event relating to the Company occurs, or prior to the expiration of the restricted period the Company announces that it will release earnings results during the 16-day period beginning on the last day of the restricted period, then, upon the request of the managing underwriter, to the extent required by any FINRA rules, the restrictions imposed by this subsection shall continue to apply until the end of the third trading day following the expiration of the 15-day period beginning on the issuance of the earnings release or the occurrence of the material news or material event. In no event will the restricted period extend beyond 216 days after the effective date of the registration statement. In order to enforce the restriction set forth above, the Company may impose stop-transfer instructions with respect to the Shares acquired under this Award Agreement until the end of the applicable stand-off period. The Company's underwriters shall be beneficiaries of the agreement set forth in this Section.

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If the underwriters release or waive any of the foregoing restrictions in connection with a transfer of shares of Common Stock, the underwriters shall notify the Company at least three business days before the effective date of any such release or waiver. Further, the Company will announce the impending release or waiver by press release through a major news service at least two business days before the effective date of the release or waiver. Any release or waiver granted by the underwriters shall only be effective two business days after the publication date of such press release. The provisions of this paragraph will not apply if (x) the release or waiver is effected solely to permit a transfer not for consideration and (y) the transferee has agreed in writing to be bound by the same terms of the lock-up provisions applicable in general to the extent, and for the duration, that such lock-up provisions remain in effect at the time of the transfer.

15. Plan Governs. This Award Agreement is subject to all terms and provisions of the Plan. If there is a conflict between one or more provisions of this Award Agreement and one or more provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan will govern. Capitalized terms used and not defined in this Award Agreement will have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

16. Administrator Authority. The Administrator will have the power to interpret the Plan and this Award Agreement and to adopt such rules for the administration, interpretation and application of the Plan as are consistent therewith and to interpret or revoke any such rules (including, but not limited to, the determination regarding whether any Restricted Stock Units have vested). All actions taken, and all interpretations and determinations made, by the Administrator in good faith will be final and binding upon Participant, the Company and all other interested persons. No member of the Administrator will be personally liable for any action, determination or interpretation made in good faith with respect to the Plan or this Award Agreement.

17. Electronic Delivery and Acceptance; Translation. The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to Participant's current or future participation in the Plan, this Award, the Shares subject to this Award, any other securities of the Company or any other Company-related documents, by electronic means. By accepting this Award, whether electronically or otherwise, Participant hereby (i) consents to receive such documents by electronic means, (ii) consents to the use of electronic signatures, and (iii) agrees to participate in the Plan and/or receive any such documents through an online or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or a third party designated by the Company, including but not limited to the use of electronic signatures or click-through electronic acceptance of terms and conditions.

18. Translation. If Participant has received this Award Agreement, including appendices, or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English, and the meaning of the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

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19. **Captions.** Captions provided herein are for convenience only and are not to serve as a basis for interpretation or construction of this Award Agreement.

19. **Agreement Severable.** If any provision in this Award Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable, such provision will be severable from, and such invalidity or unenforceability will not be construed to have any effect on, the remaining provisions of this Award Agreement.

20. **Modifications to the Award Agreement.** This Award Agreement constitutes the entire understanding of the parties on the subjects covered. Participant expressly warrants that he or she is not accepting this Award Agreement in reliance on any promises, representations, or inducements other than those contained herein. Modifications to this Award Agreement or the Plan can be made only in an express written contract executed by a duly authorized officer of the Company. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan or this Award Agreement, the Company reserves the right to revise this Award Agreement as it deems necessary or advisable, in its sole discretion and without the consent of Participant, to comply with Code Section 409A or to otherwise avoid imposition of any additional tax or income recognition under Code Section 409A in connection to this Award of Restricted Stock Units.

21. **Data Privacy.** *Participant hereby explicitly and unambiguously consents to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of Participant's Personal Data (as described below) by and among, as applicable, the Company, any Parent, Subsidiary, or affiliate, or third parties as may be selected by the Company for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing Participant's participation in the Plan. Participant understands that refusal or withdrawal of consent will affect Participant's ability to participate in the Plan; without providing consent, Participant will not be able to participate in the Plan or realize benefits (if any) from the Restricted Stock Unit.*

Participant understands that the Company and any Parent, Subsidiary, affiliate, or designated third parties may hold personal information about Participant, including, but not limited to, Participant's name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Company or any Parent, Subsidiary, or affiliate, details of all Restricted Stock Units or any other entitlement to Shares awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in Participant's favor ("Personal Data"). Participant understands that Personal Data may be transferred to any Parent, Subsidiary, affiliate, or third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the Plan, that these recipients may be located in the United States, Participant's country (if different than the United States), or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than Participant's country. In particular, the Company may transfer Personal Data to the broker or stock plan administrator assisting with the Plan, to its legal counsel and tax/accounting advisor, and to the affiliate or entity that is Participant's employer and its payroll provider.

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Participant should also refer to any data privacy policy implemented by the Company (which will be available to Participant separately and may be updated from time to time) for more information regarding the collection, use, storage, and transfer of Participant's Personal Data.

22. **Foreign Exchange Fluctuations and Restrictions.** Participant understands and agrees that the future value of the underlying Shares is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty and may decrease. Participant also understands that neither the Company, nor any affiliate is responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuation between local currency and the United States Dollar or the selection by the Company or any affiliate in its sole discretion of an applicable foreign currency exchange rate that may affect the value of the Restricted Stock Units or Shares received (or the calculation of income or Tax-Related Items thereunder). Participant understands and agrees that any cross-border remittance made to transfer proceeds received upon the sale of Shares must be made through a locally authorized financial institution or registered foreign exchange agency and may require the Participant to provide such entity with certain information regarding the transaction.

23. **Amendment, Suspension or Termination of the Plan.** By accepting this Award, Participant expressly warrants that he or she has received an Award of Restricted Stock Units under the Plan, and has received, read and understood a description of the Plan. Participant

understands that the Plan is discretionary in nature and may be amended, suspended or terminated by the Company at any time.

24. **Governing Law and Venue.** This Award Agreement will be governed by the laws of the State of California, without giving effect to the conflict of law principles thereof. For purposes of litigating any dispute that arises under this Award of Restricted Stock Units or this Award Agreement, the parties hereby submit to and consent to the jurisdiction of the State of California, and agree that such litigation will be conducted in the courts of Los Angeles County, California, or the federal courts for the United States for the Central District of California, and no other courts.

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Country-Specific Addendum

This Addendum includes additional country-specific notices, disclaimers, and/or terms and conditions that apply to individuals who are working or residing in the countries listed below, if any, and that may be material to Participant's participation in the Plan. Such notices, disclaimers, and/or terms and conditions may also apply, as from the date of grant, if Participant moves to or otherwise is or becomes subject to the Applicable Laws or company policies of any country listed below. However, because foreign exchange regulations and other local laws are subject to frequent change, Participant is advised to seek advice from his or her own personal legal and tax advisor prior to accepting the Restricted Stock Units or holding or selling Shares acquired under the Plan. The Company is not providing any tax, legal or financial advice, nor is the Company making any recommendations regarding Participant's acceptance of the Restricted Stock Units or participation in the Plan. Unless otherwise noted below, capitalized terms shall have the same meaning assigned to them under the Plan, the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Grant and the Award Agreement. This Addendum forms part of the Award Agreement and should be read in conjunction with the Award Agreement and the Plan.

Securities Law Notice: Unless otherwise noted, neither the Company nor the Shares are registered with any local stock exchange or under the control of any local securities regulator outside the United States. The Award Agreement (of which this Addendum is a part), the Notice of Restricted Stock Unit Grant, the Plan, and any other communications or materials that you may receive regarding participation in the Plan do not constitute advertising or an offering of securities outside the United States, and the issuance of securities described in any Plan-related documents is not intended for public offering or circulation in your jurisdiction.

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Exhibit 31.1

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Ethan Brown, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Beyond Meat, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November May 9, 2023 2024

By: /s/ Ethan Brown
 Ethan Brown
 President and Chief Executive Officer
 (Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Lubi Kutua, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Beyond Meat, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November May 9, 2023 2024

By: /s/ Lubi Kutua
Lubi Kutua
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Ethan Brown, President and Chief Executive Officer of Beyond Meat, Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 30, 2024 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November May 9, 2023 2024

By: /s/ Ethan Brown
Ethan Brown
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liability of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. Such certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the Company specifically incorporates it by reference.

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Lubi Kutua, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Beyond Meat, Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended ~~September 30, 2023~~ March 30, 2024 (the "Report"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: ~~November~~ May 9, 2023 2024

By: /s/ Lubi Kutua
Lubi Kutua
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act or otherwise subject to the liability of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. Such certification shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the Company specifically incorporates it by reference.

DISCLAIMER

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