

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

ROK - ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC

10-Q - JUNE 30, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 659

█ **CHANGES** 332

█ **DELETIONS** 130

█ **ADDITIONS** 197

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 1-12383

Rockwell Automation, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

25-1797617

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

1201 South Second Street
Milwaukee, Wisconsin

53204

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

+1 (414) 382-2000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock (\$1.00 par value)	ROK	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

114,003,176 **113,467,383** shares of registrant's Common Stock were outstanding on **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**.

INDEX

	<u>Page No.</u>
<u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u>	
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Operations</u>	<u>5</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>Consolidated Statement of Shareowners' Equity</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID No. 34)</u>	<u>27</u>
<u>Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	<u>28</u>
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	<u>42</u> <u>43</u>
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	<u>42</u> <u>43</u>
<u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>43</u> <u>44</u>
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	<u>43</u> <u>44</u>
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	<u>43</u> <u>44</u>
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	<u>44</u> <u>45</u>
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	<u>45</u> <u>46</u>
<u>Signatures</u>	<u>46</u> <u>47</u>

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
(Unaudited)
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2024	September 30, 2023
	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Receivables		
Receivables		
Receivables		
Inventories		
Other current assets		
Total current assets		
Property, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,874.7 and \$1,828.3, respectively		

Property, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,832.0 and \$1,828.3, respectively		
Operating lease right-of-use assets		
Goodwill		
Other intangible assets, net		
Deferred income taxes		
Long-term investments		
Other assets		
Total		
	LIABILITIES AND SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities		
Short-term debt		
Short-term debt		
Short-term debt		
Current portion of long-term debt		
Accounts payable		
Accounts payable		
Accounts payable		
Compensation and benefits		
Contract liabilities		
Customer returns, rebates and incentives		
Other current liabilities		
Total current liabilities		
Long-term debt		
Retirement benefits		
Operating lease liabilities		
Other liabilities		
Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 13)	Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 13)	Commitments and contingent liabilities (Note 13)
Shareowners' equity		
Common stock (\$1.00 par value, shares issued: 181.4)		
Common stock (\$1.00 par value, shares issued: 181.4)		
Common stock (\$1.00 par value, shares issued: 181.4)		
Additional paid-in capital		
Retained earnings		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Common stock in treasury, at cost (shares held: 67.4 and 66.6, respectively)		
Common stock in treasury, at cost (shares held: 67.9 and 66.6, respectively)		
Shareowners' equity attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.		
Noncontrolling interests		
Total shareowners' equity		
Total		

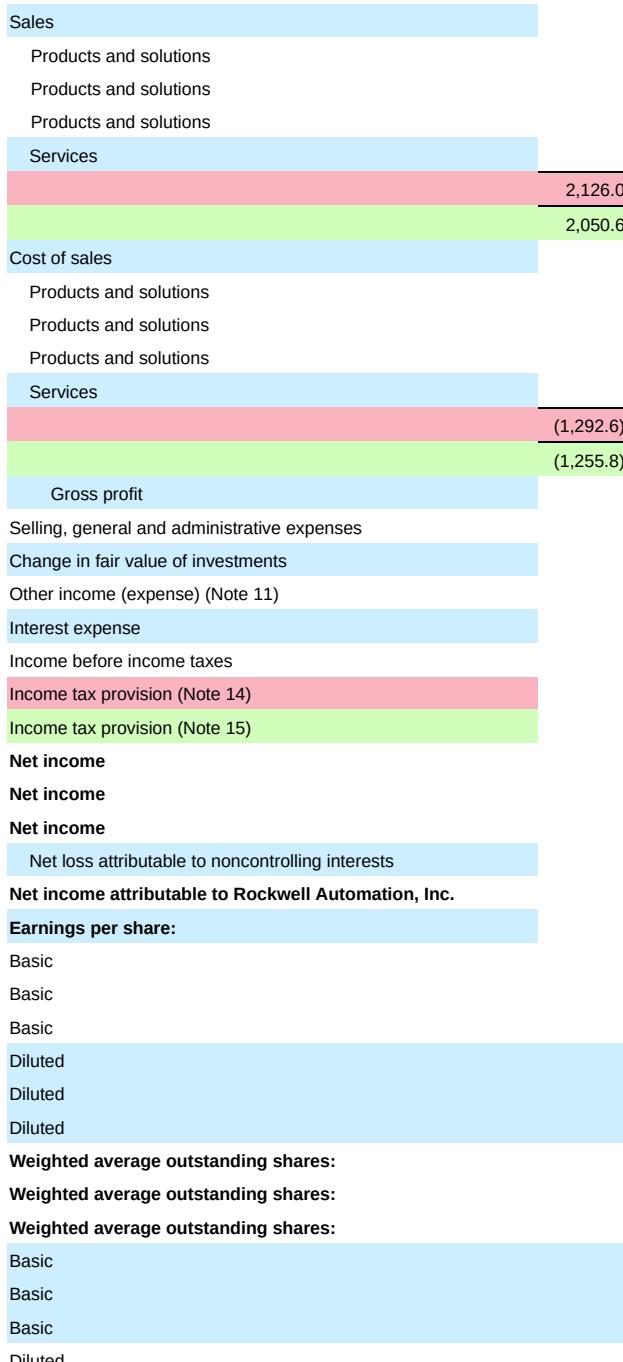
See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,	2024	March 31,	2024	June 30,	2024	June 30,	2023



See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)
(in millions)

Three Months Ended March 31,	Six Months Ended March 31,	Three Months Ended June 30,	Nine Months Ended June 30,
2024	2023	2024	2023

Net income
Other comprehensive income (loss)
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax benefit (expense) of \$0.0, \$(10.2), \$0.0, and \$(9.8))
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax benefit (expense) of \$0.0, \$(10.2), \$0.0, and \$(9.8))
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax benefit (expense) of \$0.0, \$(10.2), \$0.0, and \$(9.8))
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax benefit (expense) of \$0.0, \$(12.8), \$0.0, and \$(22.6))
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax benefit (expense) of \$0.0, \$(12.8), \$0.0, and \$(22.6))
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments (net of tax benefit (expense) of \$0.0, \$(12.8), \$0.0, and \$(22.6))

Currency translation adjustments

Net change in cash flow hedges (net of tax (expense) benefit of \$(4.2), \$(0.4), \$4.8, and \$8.5)

Net change in cash flow hedges (net of tax (expense) benefit of \$(0.2), \$2.1, \$4.6, and \$10.6)

Other comprehensive (loss) income

Other comprehensive (loss) income

Other comprehensive (loss) income

Comprehensive income

Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests

Comprehensive income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(in millions)

	Six Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,	2024	June 30,	2024
		2024		2023
				2023

Operating activities:

Operating activities:

Operating activities:

Net income

Net income

Net income

Adjustments to arrive at cash provided by operating activities

Depreciation

Depreciation

Depreciation

Amortization of intangible assets

Change in fair value of investments

Share-based compensation expense

Retirement benefit expense

Net loss on disposition of property

Pension contributions

Pension contributions

Pension contributions

Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding effects of acquisitions and foreign currency adjustments

Receivables



Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Common stock	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	Total Noncontrolling interests	Total shareowners' equity	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	Total Noncontrolling interests
Balance at December 31, 2023																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Net income (loss)																
Other comprehensive loss																
Other comprehensive (loss) income																
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)																
Share repurchases																
Cash dividends declared (1)																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Balance at June 30, 2024																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Balance at June 30, 2024																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Balance at June 30, 2024																

	Common stock	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total
Balance at December 31, 2022													
Balance at March 31, 2023													
Net income (loss)													
Other comprehensive income (loss)													
Other comprehensive income													
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)													
Share repurchases													
Cash dividends declared ⁽¹⁾													
Balance at March 31, 2023													
Balance at June 30, 2023													
Balance at March 31, 2023													
Balance at June 30, 2023													
Balance at March 31, 2023													
Balance at June 30, 2023													

(1) Cash dividends were \$1.25 \$2.50 per share and \$1.18 \$2.36 per share in the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)
(in millions, except per share amounts)

	Common stock	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total Inc.	Total attributable to Rockwell		Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Common stock in treasury, at cost	Total Inc.	Total attributable to Rockwell
Balance at September 30, 2023																
Net income (loss)																
Other comprehensive income																
Other comprehensive (loss) income																
Common stock issued (including share-based compensation impact)																
Share repurchases																
Cash dividends declared ⁽¹⁾																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Balance at June 30, 2024																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Balance at June 30, 2024																
Balance at March 31, 2024																
Balance at June 30, 2024																
Balance at September 30, 2022																
Net income (loss)																
Other comprehensive income (loss)																
Other comprehensive income																

Common stock
issued
(including
share-based
compensation
impact)

Share
repurchases

Cash
dividends
declared (1)

Balance at
March 31,
2023

Balance at
June 30, 2023

Balance at
March 31,
2023

Balance at
June 30, 2023

Balance at
March 31,
2023

Balance at
June 30, 2023

Balance at
March 31,
2023

Balance at
June 30, 2023

(1) Cash dividends were \$2.50 \$5.00 per share and \$2.36 \$4.72 per share in the six nine months ended March 31, June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

In the opinion of management of Rockwell Automation, Inc. (Rockwell Automation or the Company), the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented and, except as otherwise indicated, such adjustments consist only of those of a normal, recurring nature. These statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. The results of operations for the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. All date references to years and quarters herein refer to our fiscal year and fiscal quarter, unless otherwise stated.

Receivables

We record an allowance for doubtful accounts based on customer-specific analysis and general matters such as current assessments of past due balances and economic conditions. Receivables are recorded net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$20.1 million \$22.2 million at March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, and \$16.8 million at September 30, 2023. The changes to our allowance for doubtful accounts during the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, were not material and primarily consisted of current-period provisions, write-offs charged against the allowance, recoveries collected, and foreign currency translation.

Earnings Per Share

The following table reconciles basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) amounts (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	2024	2023	2024	2023
Less: Allocation to participating securities				

Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.

Less: Allocation to participating securities

Net income available to common shareowners	
Basic weighted average outstanding shares	
Effect of dilutive securities	
Stock options	
Stock options	
Stock options	
Performance shares	
Diluted weighted average outstanding shares	
Earnings per share:	
Basic	
Basic	
Basic	
Diluted	
Diluted	
Diluted	

For the three and **six** **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there were 0.5 million shares related to share-based compensation awards that were excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they were antidilutive. For the three and **six** **nine** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, there were 0.4 million and 0.5 million shares, respectively, related to share-based compensation awards that were excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they were antidilutive.

Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

Capital expenditures of **\$7.3 million** **\$29.5 million** and **\$34.0 million** **\$42.5 million** were accrued within Accounts payable and Other current liabilities at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023, respectively. At **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023, respectively, there were **\$2.4 million** **\$0.6 million** and \$0.8 million of outstanding common stock share repurchases recorded in Accounts payable that did not settle until the next quarter. These non-cash investing and financing activities have been excluded from cash used for capital expenditures and treasury stock purchases in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Leases

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases consists of (in millions):

	Six Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31, 2024	2024	June 30, 2023	2024
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations				
Operating leases				
Operating leases				
Operating leases				
Finance leases				

In the **six** **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** and 2023, we realized changes in our right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, both as a result of new leases and existing leases for which we are reasonably certain to exercise future renewal options.

Supplier Financing Arrangements

The Company maintains agreements with third-party financial institutions that offer voluntary supply chain financing (SCF) programs to suppliers. The SCF programs enable suppliers, at their sole discretion, to sell their receivables to third-party financial institutions in order to receive payment on receivables earlier than the negotiated commercial terms between suppliers and the Company. Supplier sale of receivables to third-party financial institutions is on terms negotiated between the supplier and the respective third-party financial institution. The Company agrees on commercial terms for the goods and services procured from suppliers, including prices, quantities, and payment terms, regardless of whether the supplier elects to participate in the SCF programs. A supplier's voluntary participation in the SCF programs has no bearing on the Company's payment terms and the Company has no economic interest in a supplier's decision to participate in the SCF programs. The Company agrees to pay participating third-party financial institutions the stated amount of confirmed invoices from suppliers on the original maturity dates of the invoices. Amounts outstanding related to SCF programs are included in Accounts payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheet and in changes in Accounts payable on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Accounts payable included approximately **\$91.0** **\$77.2** million and \$126.7 million related to these agreements as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, and September 30, 2023, respectively. The impact of these programs is not material to the Company's overall liquidity.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued a new standard that requires companies to apply Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 405-50 to disclose supplier finance program obligations. We adopted the new standard as of October 1, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2023-07, which requires expanded interim and annual disclosures of segment information regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM), the title and position of the CODM, an explanation of how the CODM uses the information in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources, and an amount for other segment items by reportable segment and a description of its composition. We will expand our disclosures in our 2025 Annual Report on Form 10-K when the standard becomes effective for us.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, which requires expanded annual disclosures to the income tax rate reconciliation and the amount of income taxes paid. We will expand our disclosures in our 2026 Annual Report on Form 10-K when the standard becomes effective for us.

We do not expect any other recently issued accounting pronouncements to have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements and related disclosures.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

2. Revenue Recognition

Substantially all of our revenue is from contracts with customers. We recognize revenue as promised products are transferred to, or services are performed for, customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled in exchange for those products and services. Our offerings consist of industrial automation and information products, solutions, and services.

Our products include hardware, software, and configured-to-order products. Our solutions include custom-engineered systems and software. Our services include customer technical support and repair, asset management and optimization consulting, and training. Also included in our services is a portion of revenue related to spare parts that are managed within our services offering.

Our operations are comprised of the Intelligent Devices segment, the Software & Control segment, and the Lifecycle Services segment. Revenue from the Intelligent Devices segment is predominantly comprised of product sales, which are recognized at a point in time. Revenue from the Software & Control segment is comprised of product sales, which are recognized at a point in time, and software products, which may be recognized over time if certain criteria are met. Revenue from the Lifecycle Services segment is predominantly comprised of solutions and services, which are primarily recognized over time. See Note [15](#)[16](#) for more information.

In most countries, we sell primarily through independent distributors in conjunction with our direct sales force. We sell large systems and service offerings principally through our direct sales force, though opportunities are sometimes identified through distributors.

Unfulfilled Performance Obligations

As of [March 31, 2024](#)[June 30, 2024](#), we expect to recognize approximately [\\$1,069](#)[\\$1,035](#) million of revenue in future periods from unfulfilled performance obligations from existing contracts with customers. We expect to recognize revenue of approximately [\\$669](#)[\\$625](#) million from our remaining performance obligations over the next 12 months with the remaining balance recognized thereafter.

We have applied the practical expedient to exclude the value of remaining performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original term of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue in proportion to the amount we have the right to invoice for services performed. The amounts above also do not include the impact of contract renewal options that are unexercised as of [March 31, 2024](#)[June 30, 2024](#).

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following tables present our revenue disaggregation by geographic region for our three operating segments (in millions). We attribute sales to the geographic regions based on the country of destination.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				Three Months Ended March 31, 2023				Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				Three Months Ended June 30, 2023				
	Intelligent Devices	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total
North America																	
Europe, Middle East, and Africa																	
Asia Pacific																	
Latin America																	

Total Company Sales	Six Months Ended March 31, 2024				Six Months Ended March 31, 2023		Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024			Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023			
	Intelligent Devices	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total
	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America									
Total Company Sales													
Contract Liabilities													

Contract liabilities primarily relate to consideration received in advance of performance under the contract.

Below is a summary of our Contract liabilities balance, the portion not expected to be recognized within twelve months is included within Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Balance as of beginning of year		
Balance as of end of period		

The most significant changes in our Contract liabilities balance during both the **six** nine months ended March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024 and 2023, were due to amounts billed during the period, partially offset by revenue recognized on amounts billed during the period and revenue recognized that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period. The most significant changes in our Contract liabilities balance during the six months ended March 31, 2023, were due to amounts billed during the period, partially offset by revenue recognized that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the period and revenue recognized on amounts billed during the period.

In the **six** nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, we recognized revenue of approximately \$405.2 \$487.3 million that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at September 30, 2023. In the **six** nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, we recognized revenue of approximately \$312.1 \$362.7 million that was included in the Contract liabilities balance at September 30, 2022. We did not have a material amount of revenue recognized in the **six** nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024 and 2023, from performance obligations satisfied or partially satisfied in previous periods.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

3. Share-Based Compensation

We recognized \$26.8 million \$24.0 million and \$51.0 million \$75.0 million of pre-tax share-based compensation expense during the three and **six** nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. We recognized \$23.2 million \$23.4 million and \$41.6 million \$65.0 million of pre-tax share-based compensation expense during the three and **six** nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, respectively. Our annual grant of share-based compensation takes place during the first quarter of each year. The number of shares granted to employees and non-employee directors and the weighted average fair value per share during the periods presented were (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Six Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended June 30,							
	2024		2023							
	Grants	Grants	Wtd. Avg. Share Fair Value							
Stock options										
Performance shares										
Restricted stock units										
Unrestricted stock										

4. Inventories

Inventories consist of (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	September 30, 2023
	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023

Finished goods
Work in process
Raw materials
Inventories

5. Acquisitions

2024 Acquisitions

In October 2023, we acquired Clearpath Robotics, Inc., including its industrial division OTTO Motors (Clearpath), a company that specializes in autonomous robotics for industrial applications, headquartered in Ontario, Canada. We recorded assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with this acquisition based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date of October 2, 2023. The preliminary aggregate purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

	Purchase Price Allocation
Receivables	\$ 8.1
Inventory	22.0
Goodwill	289.0 282.8
Intangible assets	313.4
All other assets	10.2
Total assets acquired	642.7 636.5
Less: Deferred tax liability	(21.9) (8.9)
Less: Liabilities assumed	(12.3) (18.6)
Net assets acquired	\$ 608.5 609.0
	Purchase Consideration
Cash consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 565.5 566.0
Contingent consideration	43.0
Total purchase consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 608.5 609.0

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Intangible assets identified include \$269.9 million of technology, \$41.6 million of trademarks, and \$1.9 million of customer relationships. We assigned the full amount of goodwill and all other assets acquired to our Intelligent Devices segment. The goodwill recorded represents intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition. This goodwill arises because the purchase price for Clearpath reflects a number of factors including the future earnings and cash flow potential for the business and resulting synergies from the business portfolio and industry expertise. We do not expect the goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes. The intangible assets were valued using an income approach, specifically the relief from royalty method and multi-period excess earnings method. The relief from royalty method calculates value based on hypothetical payments that would be saved by owning an asset rather than licensing it. The multi-period excess earnings method is the isolation of cash flows from a single intangible asset and measures fair value by discounting them to present value. These values are considered level 3 measurements under the U.S. GAAP fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 9 for further information regarding levels in the fair value hierarchy. The key assumption requiring the use of judgement in the valuation of the technology asset was the obsolescence factor, where we estimated a phase out over 12 years; other assumptions included forecasted revenue growth rates and margin and the discount rate. The key assumption requiring the use of judgement in the valuation of the trademarks asset was the weighted average royalty rate of 2.05 percent; other assumptions included forecasted revenue growth rates and the discount rate.

The purchase price included up to \$50 million in contingent consideration that can be earned by sellers if Clearpath achieves revenue targets that it had established prior to the acquisition in two performance periods ending February 29, 2024, and February 28, 2025. We developed various risk-based scenarios and a probability outcome model to measure the fair value of the contingent consideration, which is considered a level 3 measurement under the U.S. GAAP fair value hierarchy. We determined the fair value to be \$43 million as of the acquisition date and as of December 31, 2023. We updated the fair value measures during the second quarter to reflect actual contingent consideration earned during the first performance period and period. In the third quarter of 2024, we updated assessed the probability outcome model for the second performance period. period and determined that there are no changes from the second quarter of 2024.

The following table presents the fair value of the contingent consideration in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions):

	Period ended February 29, 2024	Period ended February 29, 2024	Period ended February 28, 2025	Total	Period ended February 29, 2024	Period ended February 28, 2025	Total
Contingent consideration as of December 31, 2023							
Adjustment for earnout achieved for first performance period							
Adjustment to fair value							

Contingent consideration as of March 31, 2024
Payment of earnout achieved for first performance period
Contingent consideration as of June 30, 2024

The consideration for the amount earned for the first performance period **will be was** paid during the third quarter of 2024 and is included in Other current liabilities at March 31, 2024. The contingent consideration for the second performance period is included in Other current liabilities at **March 31, 2024** June 30, 2024. Any amount earned for the second performance period will be paid during the third quarter of 2025. The \$7.0 million net reduction in the fair value of total contingent consideration is reported in Other income (expense) in the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the **three and six nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** June 30, 2024.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

In November 2023, we acquired Verve Industrial Protection (Verve), a cybersecurity software and services company that focuses specifically on industrial environments. We recorded assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with this acquisition based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date of November 1, 2023. The preliminary aggregate purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

	Purchase Price Allocation
Receivables	\$ 8.0
Goodwill	132.8 133.5
Intangible assets	47.2
All other assets	1.4 0.7
Total assets acquired	189.4
Less: Liabilities assumed	(6.2)
Net assets acquired	\$ 183.2
 Purchase Consideration	
Total purchase consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 183.2

We assigned the full amount of goodwill to our Lifecycle Services segment. We expect the goodwill to be deductible for tax purposes. The goodwill recorded represents intangible assets that do not qualify for separate recognition.

The allocations of the purchase prices to identifiable assets above are based on the preliminary valuations performed to determine the fair value of the net assets as of the acquisition date. The measurement period for the valuation of net assets acquired ends as soon as information on the facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date becomes available, but not to exceed 12 months following the acquisition date. Adjustments in purchase price allocations may require a change in the amounts allocated to net assets acquired during the periods in which the adjustments are determined.

Pro forma consolidated sales for the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** June 30, 2024, were \$2.1 billion and **\$4.2** \$6.2 billion, respectively, and the impact on earnings was not material. Pro forma consolidated sales for the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2023** June 30, 2023, were \$2.3 billion and **\$4.3** \$6.6 billion, respectively, and the impact on earnings was not material. The preceding pro forma consolidated financial results of operations are as if the preceding 2024 acquisitions occurred on October 1, 2022. The pro forma information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved had the transaction occurred as of that time.

Total sales from all of the above 2024 acquisitions in the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** June 30, 2024, were **\$29.6** \$13.6 million and **\$46.8** \$60.4 million, respectively. Total acquisition-related costs and earnings from all of the above 2024 acquisitions in the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** June 30, 2024 were not material. Net losses from all of the above 2024 acquisitions in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, were \$9.0 million and \$43.0 million, respectively.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

2023 Acquisitions

In October 2022, we acquired CUBIC, a company that specializes in modular systems for the construction of electrical panels, headquartered in Bronderslev, Denmark. We assigned the full amount of goodwill related to this acquisition to our Intelligent Devices segment.

In February 2023, we acquired Knowledge Lens, a services and solutions provider headquartered in Bengaluru, India. We assigned the full amount of goodwill related to this acquisition to our Lifecycle Services segment.

We recorded assets acquired and liabilities assumed in connection with these acquisitions based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition dates of October 31, 2022, and February 28, 2023, respectively. The aggregate purchase price allocation is as follows (in millions):

	Purchase Price Allocation
Receivables	\$ 23.8
Inventories	17.7
Property	27.5
Goodwill	111.3
Other intangible assets	54.1
All other assets	21.0
Total assets acquired	255.4
Less: Liabilities assumed	(12.6)
Less: Deferred income taxes	(56.6)
Net assets acquired, excluding cash	\$ 186.2
Purchase Consideration	
Total purchase consideration, net of cash acquired	\$ 186.2

Pro forma consolidated sales for the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, were **\$2.3** **\$2.2** billion and **\$4.3** **\$6.5** billion, respectively, and the impact on earnings was not material. The preceding pro forma consolidated financial results of operations are as if the preceding 2023 acquisitions occurred on October 1, 2022. The pro forma information is presented for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved had the transaction occurred as of that time.

Total sales from all of the above 2023 acquisitions in the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2023**, were **\$29.7** **\$23.8** million and **\$56.5** million, respectively. Total sales from all of the above 2023 acquisitions in the three and six months ended **March 31, 2023**, were **\$21.9** million and **\$35.6** **\$59.4** million, respectively. Total acquisition-related costs from all of the above 2023 acquisitions in the three and **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, were not material.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of Goodwill for the **six nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, were (in millions):

	Intelligent Devices	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total
Balance as of September 30, 2023									
Acquisition of businesses									
Translation									
Balance as of March 31, 2024									
Balance as of June 30, 2024									
Gross carrying value of goodwill									
Gross carrying value of goodwill									
Gross carrying value of goodwill									
Accumulated impairment losses									
Goodwill									

We performed our annual evaluation of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets for impairment as of the beginning of the second quarter of fiscal 2024 and concluded that these assets are not impaired. For our annual evaluation, we performed qualitative tests for our Intelligent Devices, Software & Control, and Lifecycle Services (excluding Sensia) reporting units and a quantitative test for our Sensia reporting unit. We also assessed the changes in events and circumstances subsequent to our annual test and concluded that no triggering events, which would require interim quantitative testing, occurred.

Other intangible assets consist of (in millions):

	March 31, 2024			June 30, 2024			
	Carrying Amount	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Amortized intangible assets							
Software products							

Software products	
Software products	
Customer relationships	
Technology	
Trademarks	
Other	
Total amortized intangible assets	
Allen-Bradley® trademark not subject to amortization	
Other intangible assets	

	September 30, 2023		
	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Amortized intangible assets			
Software products	\$ 100.4	\$ 65.1	\$ 35.3
Customer relationships	606.1	141.3	464.8
Technology	424.1	173.1	251.0
Trademarks	86.3	29.3	57.0
Other	6.0	5.4	0.6
Total amortized intangible assets	1,222.9	414.2	808.7
Allen-Bradley® trademark not subject to amortization	43.7	—	43.7
Other intangible assets	\$ 1,266.6	\$ 414.2	\$ 852.4

Estimated total amortization expense for all amortized intangible assets is \$153.3 million in 2024, \$149.8 million in 2025, \$148.5 million in 2026, \$140.4 million in 2027, and \$127.8 million in 2028.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

7. Short-Term and Long-Term Debt

Our Short-term debt as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, includes commercial paper borrowings of **\$707.0** **\$704.0** million, with a weighted average interest rate of 5.38 percent, and a weighted average maturity period of **192** **22** days. We had no commercial paper borrowings as of September 30, 2023. In December 2022, Sensia entered into an unsecured \$75.0 million line of credit. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, and September 30, 2023, included in Short-term debt was \$70.0 million borrowed against the line of credit with an interest rate of **6.21** **6.17** percent and 6.29 percent, respectively. Also included in Short-term debt as of **June 30, 2024**, and September 30, 2023, was \$23.5 million of interest-bearing loans from Schlumberger (SLB) to Sensia. The loans were Sensia, extended to April 15, 2025, and are included in Long-term debt as of March 31, 2024. On April 25, 2024, April 2025. In April 2024, \$18.8 million of new interest-bearing loans from SLB to Sensia were entered into and are due August 28, 2024. August 2024.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and estimated fair values of Long-term debt in the Consolidated Balance Sheet (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	September 30, 2023	Carrying Value	Fair Value	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	Carrying Value	Fair Value			Carrying Value	Fair Value		
Current portion of long-term debt								
Long-term debt								

We base the fair value of Long-term debt upon quoted market prices for the same or similar issues and therefore consider this a level 2 fair value measurement. The fair value of Long-term debt considers the terms of the debt excluding the impact of derivative and hedging activity. Refer to Note 9 for further information regarding levels in the fair value hierarchy. The carrying value of our Short-term debt approximates fair value.

8. Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consist of (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	September 30, 2023
	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
Unrealized losses on foreign exchange contracts		
Product warranty obligations		
Taxes other than income taxes		
Accrued interest		

Income taxes payable
Income taxes payable
Dividends payable
Income taxes payable
Operating lease liabilities
Other
Other current liabilities

9. Investments

Our investments consist of (in millions):

	March 31, 2024	September 30, 2023
	June 30, 2024	September 30, 2023
Fixed income securities		
Equity securities (other)		
Equity securities (other)		
Equity securities (other)		
Other		
Total investments		
Less: Short-term investments (1)		
Long-term investments		

(1) Short-term investments are included in Other current assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

Equity Securities

Equity securities (other) consist of various securities that do not have a readily determinable fair value, which we account for using the measurement alternative under U.S. GAAP. These securities are recorded at the investment cost, less impairment, plus or minus observable price changes (in orderly transactions) of an identical or similar investment of the same issuer in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. Observable price changes are classified as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy, as described below. The carrying values at March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, include cumulative upward adjustments from observed price changes of \$22.5 million and \$17.5 million, respectively. The carrying values at June 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, include cumulative downward adjustments from impairments of \$6.5 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

We record gains and losses on investments within the Change in fair value of investments line in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The gains and losses on investments we recorded for the following periods were (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31, 2024	2023	March 31, 2024	2023
Net gain on equity securities (level 1)	\$ —	\$ 63.0	\$ —	\$ 204.0
Net gain on equity securities (other)	2.5	—	5.0	—
Equity method gain (loss) on Other investments	0.3	—	0.9	(0.4)
Change in fair value of investments	2.8	63.0	5.9	203.6
Total net realized gain on equity securities	—	19.0	—	52.9
Total net unrealized gain on equity securities	\$ 2.5	\$ 44.0	\$ 5.0	\$ 151.1

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2024	2023
Net gain on equity securities (level 1)	\$ —	\$ 86.4	\$ —	\$ 290.4
Net loss on equity securities (other)	(5.0)	—	—	—
Equity method (loss) gain on Other investments	—	(0.7)	0.9	(1.1)
Change in fair value of investments	(5.0)	85.7	0.9	289.3

Total net realized gain on equity securities	—	36.9	—	89.8
Total net unrealized (loss) gain on equity securities	\$ (5.0)	\$ 49.5	\$ —	\$ 200.6

Net loss on equity securities (other) in the third quarter of 2024 was an impairment of an equity security. Net gain on equity securities (level 1) in the prior year consisted of the change in fair value and gain on sale of shares of PTC Inc. (PTC) common stock (PTC Shares). As of September 30, 2023, all PTC Shares have been sold.

U.S. GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. U.S. GAAP also classifies the inputs used to measure fair value into the following hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while we believe our valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. We did not have any transfers between levels of fair value measurements during the period presented.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

10. Retirement Benefits

The components of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost were (in millions):

	Pension Benefits		Pension Benefits					
	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Service cost								
Interest cost								
Expected return on plan assets								
Amortization of net actuarial gain								
Amortization of net actuarial gain								
Amortization of net actuarial gain								
Amortization of prior service cost								
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss								
Settlement charge								
Net periodic pension benefit cost								
Other Postretirement Benefits								
	Other Postretirement Benefits		Other Postretirement Benefits					
	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Service cost								
Interest cost								
Amortization of net actuarial loss								
Amortization of net actuarial loss								
Amortization of net actuarial loss								
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost								

The service cost component is included in Cost of sales and Selling, general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. All other components are included in Other income (expense) in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

11. Other Income (Expense)

The components of Other income (expense) were (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	March 31,		March 31,	
	Three Months Ended	June 30,	Nine Months Ended	June 30,
	2024	2024	2023	2024
Interest income				
Royalty income				
Legacy product liability and environmental charges				
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (cost)				
Other				
Other				
Other				
Other income (expense)				

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

12. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in Accumulated other comprehensive loss attributable to Rockwell Automation by component for the following periods were (in millions):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2024	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
Balance as of December 31, 2023				
Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				
Three Months Ended June 30, 2024	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				
Balance as of March 31, 2024				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss				
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Balance as of March 31, 2024				
Balance as of June 30, 2024				
Six Months Ended March 31, 2024				
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024				
Six Months Ended March 31, 2024	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Balance as of September 30, 2023				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss				
Other comprehensive income (loss)				

Balance as of March 31, 2024
Balance as of June 30, 2024

	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023				
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$ (448.3)	\$ (379.1)	\$ (25.8)	\$ (853.2)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(57.4)	25.7	6.1	(25.6)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	88.5	—	(5.8)	82.7
Other comprehensive income	31.1	25.7	0.3	57.1
Balance as of March 31, 2023	\$ (417.2)	\$ (353.4)	\$ (25.5)	\$ (796.1)

	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Three Months Ended June 30, 2023				
Balance as of March 31, 2023	\$ (417.2)	\$ (353.4)	\$ (25.5)	\$ (796.1)
Other comprehensive income (loss) income before reclassifications	38.6	35.6	(0.4)	73.8
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	2.1	—	(5.3)	(3.2)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	40.7	35.6	(5.7)	70.6
Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$ (376.5)	\$ (317.8)	\$ (31.2)	\$ (725.5)

	Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments, net of tax	Accumulated currency translation adjustments, net of tax	Net unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net of tax	Total accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Six Months Ended March 31, 2023				
Six Months Ended March 31, 2023				
Six Months Ended March 31, 2023				
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023				
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023				
Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023				
Balance at September 30, 2022				
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications				
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss				
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Balance as of March 31, 2023				
Balance as of June 30, 2023				

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

The reclassifications out of Accumulated other comprehensive loss in the Consolidated Statement of Operations were (in millions):

Three Months Ended March 31,	Six Months Ended March 31,	Affected Line in the Consolidated Statement of Operations	Affected Line in the Consolidated Statement of Operations
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments ⁽¹⁾			

Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments ⁽¹⁾											
Pension and other postretirement benefit plan adjustments ⁽¹⁾											
Amortization of net actuarial loss (gain)											
Amortization of net actuarial loss (gain)											
Amortization of prior service cost											
Amortization of prior service cost											
Amortization of prior service cost											
Amortization of net actuarial loss (gain)	\$ —	\$ 0.1	\$ —	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.3	\$ —	\$ (1.7)	Other income (expense)	Other income (expense)	Amortization of net actuarial loss (gain)	Other income (expense)
Settlement charge	—	117.9	—	117.9	—	—	117.9	117.9	Other income (expense)	Other income (expense)	Other income (expense)
	0.2	117.1		0.3		0.3	116.2				
	0.1	2.6		0.4		118.8					
	—	(28.6)		—		(28.2)		(28.2)	Income tax provision	Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.	Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
	\$ 0.2	\$ 88.5		\$ 0.3		\$ 88.0					
Net unrealized (gains) losses on cash flow hedges											
Net unrealized (gains) losses on cash flow hedges											
Net unrealized (gains) losses on cash flow hedges											
Forward exchange contracts	\$ (1.0)	\$ (1.7)	\$ (2.3)	\$ (2.7)	Sales		Sales			\$ (0.5)	
Forward exchange contracts	(4.8)	(6.5)	(6.5)	(12.9)	(12.9)	(19.4)	(19.4)	Cost of sales		Cost of sales	
Forward exchange contracts	—	(0.4)	(0.4)	—	—	(0.1)	(0.1)	Selling, general and administrative expenses		Selling, general and administrative expenses	
Treasury locks related to 2019 and 2021 debt issuances	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	Interest expense		Interest expense	

	(4.9)	(7.7)	(13.4)	(20.4)	Income before income taxes
	1.4	1.9	3.7	5.5	Income tax provision
	(4.4)	(7.3)	(17.8)	(27.7)	Income before income taxes
	1.2	2.0	4.9	7.5	Income tax provision
\$	\$ (3.5)	\$ (5.8)	\$ (9.7)	\$ (14.9)	Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
Accumulated currency translation adjustments					Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
Accumulated currency translation adjustments					
Accumulated currency translation adjustments	\$ 2.0	\$ —	\$ 2.0	\$ —	Other income (expense)
Total reclassifications	<u>\$ (1.3)</u>	<u>\$ 82.7</u>	<u>\$ (7.4)</u>	<u>\$ 73.1</u>	Other income (expense)
					Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
					Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, Inc.
					Total reclassifications

(i) These components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost. See Note 10 for further information.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

13. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Various lawsuits, claims, and proceedings have been or may be instituted or asserted against us relating to the conduct of our business, including those pertaining to product liability, environmental, safety and health, intellectual property, employment, and contract matters. Although the outcome of litigation cannot be predicted with certainty and some lawsuits, claims, or proceedings may be disposed of unfavorably to us, we believe the disposition of matters that are pending or have been asserted will not have a material effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations. The following outlines additional background for obligations associated with asbestos, divested businesses, and intellectual property.

We (including our subsidiaries) have been named as a defendant in lawsuits alleging personal injury as a result of exposure to asbestos that was used in certain components of our products many years ago, including products from divested businesses for which we have agreed to defend and indemnify claims. Currently there are lawsuits that name us as defendants, together with hundreds of other companies. But in all cases, for those claimants who do show that they worked with our products or products of divested businesses for which we are responsible, we nevertheless believe we have meritorious defenses, in substantial part due to the integrity of the products, the encapsulated nature of any asbestos-containing components, and the lack of any impairing medical condition caused by our products. We defend those cases vigorously. Historically, we have been dismissed from the vast majority of these claims with no payment to claimants.

Additionally, we have maintained insurance coverage that includes indemnity and defense costs, over and above self-insured retentions, for many of these claims. We believe these arrangements will provide substantial coverage for future defense and indemnity costs for these asbestos claims for many years into the future. The uncertainties of asbestos claim litigation make it difficult to predict accurately the ultimate outcome of asbestos claims. That uncertainty is increased by the possibility of adverse rulings or new legislation affecting asbestos claim litigation or the settlement process. Subject to these uncertainties and based on our experience defending asbestos claims, we do not believe these lawsuits will have a material effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

We have, from time to time, divested certain of our businesses. In connection with these divestitures, certain lawsuits, claims, and proceedings may be instituted or asserted against us related to the period that we owned the businesses, either because we agreed to retain certain liabilities related to these periods or because such liabilities fall upon us by operation of law. In some instances, the divested business has assumed the liabilities; however, it is possible that we might be responsible to satisfy those liabilities if the divested business is unable to do so. We do not believe these liabilities will have a material effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

In many countries we provide a limited intellectual property indemnity as part of our terms and conditions of sale and at times in other contracts with third parties. As of **March 31, 2024**, we were not aware of any material indemnification claims that were probable or reasonably possible of an unfavorable outcome. Historically, claims that have been made under the indemnification agreements have not had a material impact on our business, financial condition, or results of operations; however, to the extent that valid indemnification claims arise in the future, future payments by us could be significant and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations in a particular period.

14. Restructuring Charges

In the third quarter of 2024, we recorded restructuring charges of \$69.8 million (\$52.2 million, net of tax or \$0.46 per diluted share) related to actions in conjunction with an enterprise-wide comprehensive program to optimize cost structure and expand margins. The charges include \$64.7 million for severance benefits and \$5.1 million for strategic advisory services related to the targeted severance actions. In the Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, \$23.2 million of the charges were recorded in Cost of sales, while \$46.6 million was recorded in Selling, general and administrative expenses. We expect the total cash expenditures associated with these restructuring actions to be \$69.8 million of which we paid \$16.7 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2024.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

14, 15. Income Taxes

At the end of each interim period, we estimate a base effective tax rate that we expect for the full year based on our most recent forecast of pre-tax income, permanent book and tax differences, and global tax planning strategies. We use this base rate to provide for income taxes on a year-to-date basis, excluding the effect of significant unusual items and items that are reported net of their related tax effects in the period in which they occur.

The effective tax rate was 14.5 rates were 9.4 percent and 16.1 14.0 percent for the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to 16.1 15.5 percent and 17.8 16.9 percent for the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, respectively. The effective tax rate was rates were lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 21 percent for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024, June 30, 2024 and March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, primarily due to the geographical mix of pre-tax income and discrete tax benefits. The effective rate was lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 21 percent in the six months ended March 31, 2024, primarily due to the geographical mix of pre-tax income and discrete tax benefits. The effective rate was lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 21 percent in the six months ended March 31, 2023, primarily due to the geographical mix of pre-tax income.

An income tax liability of \$97.4 million and \$175.3 million related to the U.S. transition tax under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (the Tax Act) that is payable greater than 12 months after March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, respectively, is recorded in Other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits

The amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits was \$17.0 million \$19.9 million at March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, and \$9.8 million at September 30, 2023, of which the entire amount would reduce our effective tax rate if recognized.

Accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits were \$1.2 million \$1.4 million at March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, and \$0.9 million at September 30, 2023. We recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the income tax provision.

We believe it is reasonably possible that the amount of gross unrecognized tax benefits could be reduced by up to \$2.3 million in the next 12 months as a result of the resolution of tax matters in various global jurisdictions and the lapses of statutes of limitations. If all of the unrecognized tax benefits were recognized, the net reduction to our income tax provision, including the recognition of interest and penalties and offsetting tax assets, could be up to \$3.1 million.

We conduct business globally and are routinely audited by the various tax jurisdictions in which we operate. We are no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for years before 2018, state and local income tax examinations for years before 2014, and foreign income tax examinations for years before 2008.

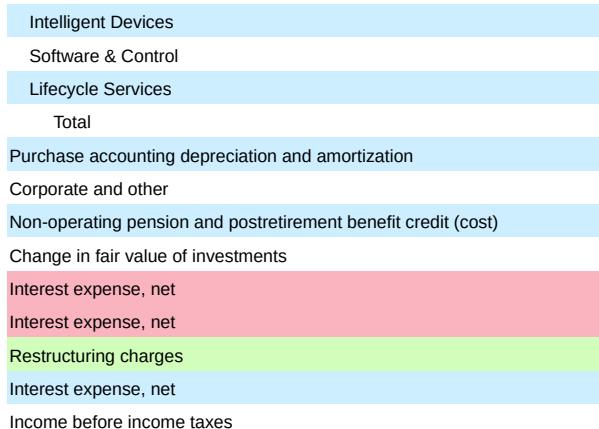
ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) (Unaudited)

15, 16. Business Segment Information

Sales and operating results of our reportable segments were (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31, 2024	2023	March 31, 2024	2023	June 30, 2024	2023	June 30, 2024	2023
Sales								
Intelligent Devices								
Intelligent Devices								
Intelligent Devices								
Software & Control								
Lifecycle Services								
Total								
Segment operating earnings								
Intelligent Devices								
Intelligent Devices								



Among other considerations, we evaluate performance and allocate resources based upon segment operating earnings before purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, corporate and other, non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (cost), change in fair value of investments, **restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives**, interest expense, net, and income tax provision. Depending on the product, intersegment sales within a single legal entity are either at cost or cost plus a mark-up, which does not necessarily represent a market price. Sales between legal entities are at an appropriate transfer price. We allocate costs related to shared segment operating activities to the segments consistent with the methodology used by management to assess segment performance.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareowners of
Rockwell Automation, Inc.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Results of Review of Interim Financial Information

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Rockwell Automation, Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, and shareowners' equity for the three-month and **six-month** **nine-month** periods ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, and 2023, and of cash flows for the **six-month** **nine-month** periods ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, and 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "interim financial information"). Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim financial information for it to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of September 30, 2023, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, cash flows, and shareowners' equity for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated November 8, 2023, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2023, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Basis for Review Results

This interim financial information is the responsibility of the Company's management. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the PCAOB. A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
May August 7, 2024

Table of Contents

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements (including certain projections and business trends) that are "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "believe", "estimate", "project", "plan", "expect", "anticipate", "will", "intend", and other similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those projected as a result of certain risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, including but not limited to:

- macroeconomic factors, including inflation, global and regional business conditions (including adverse impacts in certain markets, such as Oil & Gas), commodity prices, currency exchange rates, the cyclical nature of our customers' capital spending, and sovereign debt concerns;
- the severity and duration of disruptions to our business due to pandemics, natural disasters (including those as a result of climate change), acts of war, strikes, terrorism, social unrest or other causes, liquidity and financial markets, demand for our hardware and software products, solutions, and services, our supply chain, our work force, our liquidity and the value of the assets we own;
- the availability and price of components and materials;
- the availability, effectiveness, and security of our information technology systems;
- our ability to attract, develop, and retain qualified employees;
- our ability to manage and mitigate the risk related to security vulnerabilities and breaches of our hardware and software products, solutions, and services;
- the successful integration and management of strategic transactions and achievement of the expected benefits of these transactions;
- laws, regulations, and governmental policies affecting our activities in the countries where we do business, including those related to tariffs, taxation, trade controls, cybersecurity, and climate change;
- the successful development of advanced technologies and demand for and market acceptance of new and existing hardware and software products;
- our ability to manage and mitigate the risks associated with our solutions and services businesses;
- the successful execution of our cost productivity initiatives;
- competitive hardware and software products, solutions, and services, pricing pressures, and our ability to provide high quality products, solutions, and services;
- the availability and cost of capital;
- disruptions to our distribution channels or the failure of distributors to develop and maintain capabilities to sell our products;
- intellectual property infringement claims by others and the ability to protect our intellectual property;
- the uncertainty of claims by taxing authorities in the various jurisdictions where we do business;
- the uncertainties of litigation, including liabilities related to the safety and security of the hardware and software products, solutions, and services we sell;
- our ability to manage costs related to employee retirement and health care benefits; and
- other risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those detailed from time to time in our Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) filings.

These forward-looking statements reflect our beliefs as of the date of filing this report. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. See Item 1A. **Risk Factors**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023, for more information.

Non-GAAP Measures

The following discussion includes organic sales, total segment operating earnings and margin, adjusted income, adjusted EPS, adjusted effective tax rate, and free cash flow, which are non-GAAP measures. See **Supplemental Sales Information** for a reconciliation of reported sales to organic sales and a discussion of why we believe this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors. See **Summary of Results of Operations** for a reconciliation of Income before income taxes to total segment operating earnings and margin and a discussion of why we believe these non-GAAP measures are useful to investors. See **Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation** for a reconciliation of Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, diluted EPS, and effective tax rate to adjusted income, adjusted EPS, and adjusted effective tax rate, respectively, and a discussion of why we believe these non-GAAP measures are useful to investors. See **Financial Condition** for a reconciliation of Cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow and a discussion of why we believe this non-GAAP measure is useful to investors.

[Table of Contents](#)

Overview

Rockwell Automation, Inc. is the world's largest company dedicated to industrial automation and digital transformation. Overall demand for our hardware and software products, solutions, and services is driven by:

- investments in manufacturing, including new facilities or production lines, upgrades, modifications and expansions of existing facilities or production lines;
- investments in basic materials production capacity, which may be related to commodity pricing levels;
- our customers' needs for faster time to market, agility to address evolving consumer preferences, operational productivity, asset management and reliability, and business resilience, including security and enterprise risk management;
- our customers' needs to continuously improve quality, safety, and sustainability;
- industry factors that include our customers' new product introductions, demand for our customers' products or services, and the regulatory and competitive environments in which our customers operate;
- levels of global industrial production and capacity utilization;
- regional factors that include local political, social, regulatory, and economic circumstances; and
- the spending patterns of our customers due to their annual budgeting processes and their working schedules.

Long-term Strategy

Our strategy is to expand human possibility. Our vision is to create the future of industrial operations. As the world's largest company dedicated to industrial automation and digital transformation, our strategy is to bring the Connected Enterprise® to life. We understand and simplify our customers' complex production challenges and deliver the most valued

solutions that combine technology and industry expertise. As a result, we make our customers more resilient, agile, and sustainable, creating more ways to win. We deliver value by helping our customers optimize production, build resilience, empower people, become more sustainable, and accelerate transformation.

Rockwell Automation stands at the intersection of the technological and societal trends that are shaping the future of industrial operations. We see converging megatrends including digitization and artificial intelligence, energy transition and sustainability, shifting demographics, and an increased need for resiliency.

Our long-term profitable growth framework outlines how we will deliver accelerated growth while we continue to transform our company to meet stakeholder expectations over the longer term:

- achieve faster secular growth in traditional markets due to customer needs for resiliency (including cybersecurity), agility, sustainability, and mitigating impacts of labor shortages;
- grow share and create new ways to win through technology differentiation, industry focus, go to market acceleration, expanded offerings and new markets;
- accelerate growth in annual recurring revenue;
- add an average of 1% growth from acquisitions over time; and
- deliver profitable growth within a disciplined financial framework.

Outlook

To adjust our cost structure in line with lower than expected orders and revenue this fiscal year, we intend to implement actions, including restructuring, in the second half of 2024. We are anticipating savings of approximately \$100 million from lower headcount and discretionary spend, which is partially offset by estimated restructuring costs of about \$60 million.

Our supply chain has largely recovered to pre-pandemic lead times and service levels to our customers. We continue to closely manage our end-to-end supply chain, from sourcing to production to customer delivery, with a continued focus on building resilience across the end-to-end supply chain.

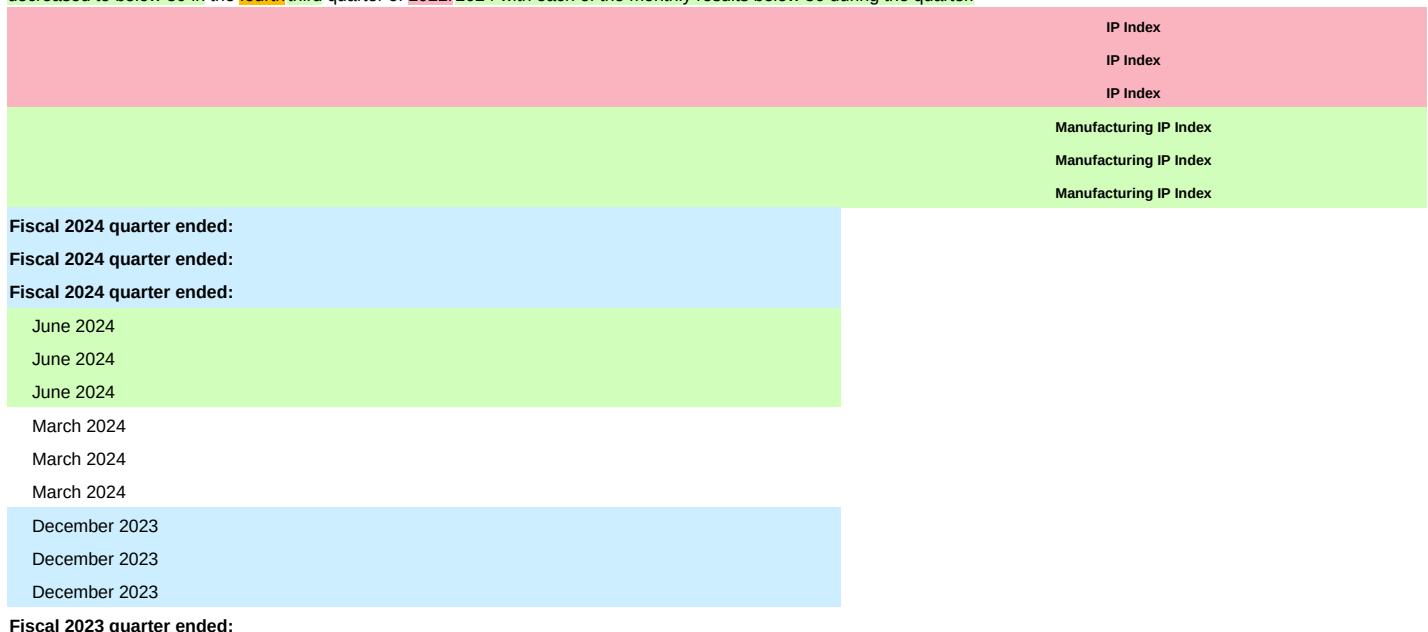
Table of Contents

U.S. Economic Trends

In the **second** **third** quarter of 2024, sales in the U.S. accounted for over half of our total sales. The various indicators we use to gauge the direction and momentum of our served U.S. markets include:

- The Industrial Production (IP) Index, published by the Federal Reserve, which measures the real output of manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities. The **Manufacturing IP Index shown in the chart below** is expressed as a percentage of real output in a base year, currently 2017.
- The Manufacturing Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI), published by the Institute for Supply Management (ISM), which indicates the current and near-term state of manufacturing activity in the U.S. According to the ISM, a PMI measure above 50 indicates that the U.S. manufacturing economy is generally expanding while a measure below 50 indicates that it is generally contracting.

The table below depicts trends in these indicators since the quarter ended September 2022. These figures are as of **May 7, 2024** **August 7, 2024**, and are subject to revision by the issuing organizations. The **Manufacturing IP index increased in the second** **third** quarter of 2024 versus the **first** **quarter** of 2024 and the **fourth** **quarter** of 2023. **Manufacturing PMI results improved to above 50 in the second quarter of 2024** **for with output increasing sequentially in each month of the first time since third quarter. Manufacturing PMI results decreased to below 50 in the fourth** **third** quarter of 2022, 2024 with each of the monthly results below 50 during the quarter.



Fiscal 2023 quarter ended:**Fiscal 2023 quarter ended:**

September 2023

September 2023

September 2023

June 2023

June 2023

June 2023

March 2023

March 2023

March 2023

December 2022

December 2022

December 2022

Fiscal 2022 quarter ended:**Fiscal 2022 quarter ended:****Fiscal 2022 quarter ended:**

September 2022

September 2022

September 2022

Inflation in the U.S. has also had an impact on our input costs and pricing. The Producer Price Index (PPI), published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, measures the average change over time in the selling prices received by domestic producers for their output. PPI growth has remained in the low single digits during the **second** **third** quarter, consistent with the **first** and **second** quarter of 2024 and most of 2023. Producer prices continue to remain elevated.

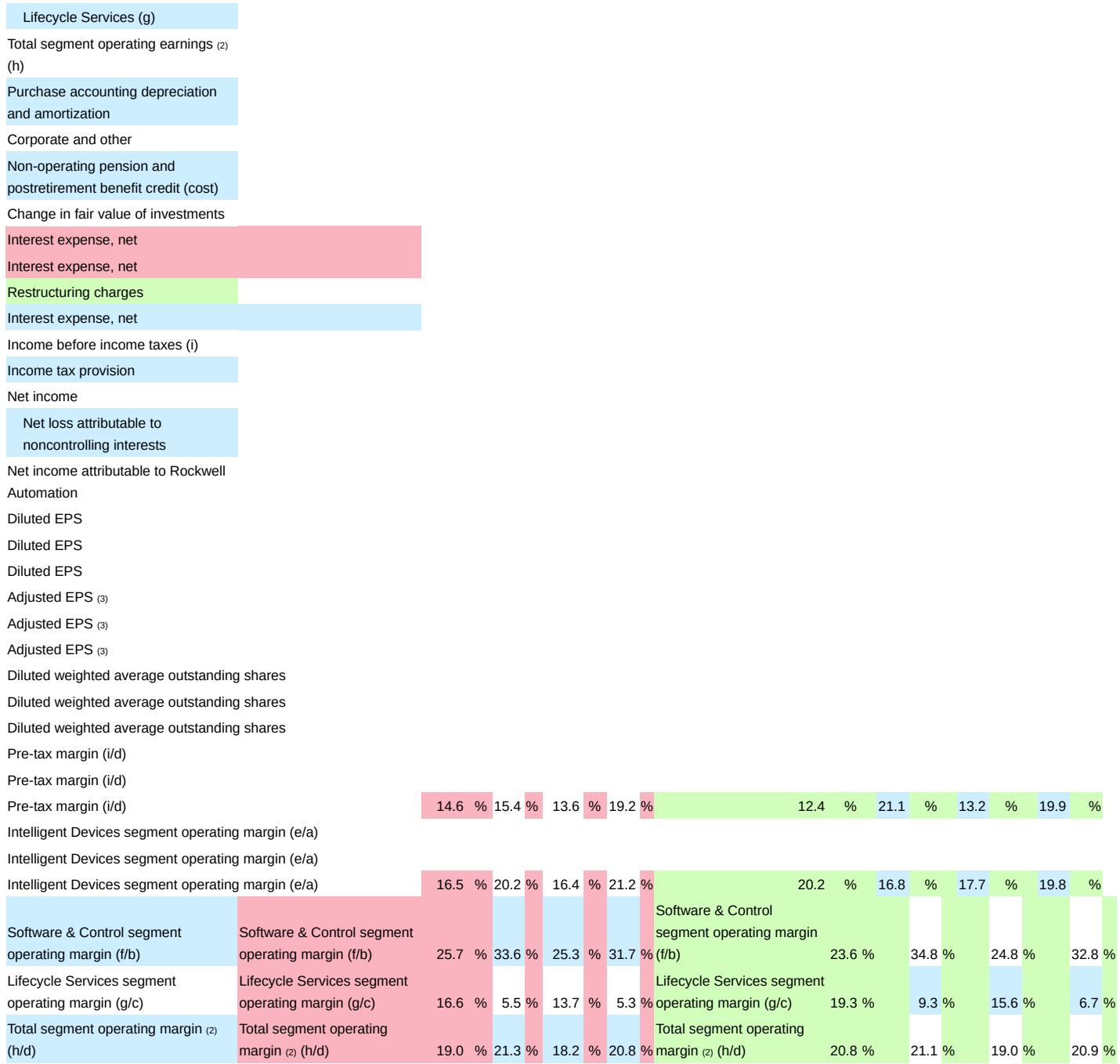
Non-U.S. Economic Trends

In the **second** **third** quarter of 2024, sales to customers outside the U.S. accounted for less than half of our total sales. These customers include both indigenous companies and multinational companies with a global presence. In addition to the global factors previously mentioned in the **Overview** section, international demand, particularly in emerging markets, has historically been driven by the strength of the industrial economy in each region, investments in infrastructure, and expanding consumer markets. We use changes in key countries' gross domestic product (GDP), IP, and PMI as indicators of the growth opportunities in each region where we do business. Industrial output was **mostly** higher outside the U.S. in the **first** and **second** **third** quarter of 2024 versus the **fourth** **second** quarter of **2023**, **2024**. Manufacturing PMI readings improved in many countries, outside the U.S. were **mixed** with results reported above and below 50 as well as some readings improving and others softening.

[Table of Contents](#)**Summary of Results of Operations**

The following table reflects our sales and operating results (in millions, except per share amounts and percentages):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Six Months Ended March 31,		Three Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Sales		Segment operating earnings (1)		Segment operating earnings (1)		Segment operating earnings (1)	
Intelligent Devices (a)			Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)	
Intelligent Devices (a)			Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)	
Intelligent Devices (a)			Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)	
Software & Control (b)			Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)	
Lifecycle Services (c)			Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)	
Total sales (d)			Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)		Intelligent Devices (e)	
Segment operating earnings (1)			Software & Control (f)					



⁽¹⁾ See Note 15 **16** in the Consolidated Financial Statements for the definition of segment operating earnings.

(2) Total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin are non-GAAP financial measures. We exclude purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, corporate and other, non-operating pension and postretirement benefit credit (cost), change in fair value of investments, restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives, interest expense, net, and income tax provision because we do not consider these items to be directly related to the operating performance of our segments. We believe total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin are useful to investors as measures of operating performance. We use these measures to monitor and evaluate the profitability of our operating segments. Our measures of total segment operating earnings and total segment operating margin may be different from measures used by other companies.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP earnings measure. See **Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation** for more information on this non-GAAP measure.

Table of Contents

Three and Six Nine Months Ended March 31, June 30, 2024, Compared to Three and Six Nine Months Ended March 31, 2023, June 30, 2023

Sales

Sales decreased **6.6** 8.4 percent and **1.8** 4.1 percent year over year in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively. Organic sales decreased **8.1** 8.4 percent and **3.9** 5.4 percent year over year in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively. Currency translation decreased sales by 0.6 percentage points and increased sales by 0.1 percentage points and 0.7 0.2 percentage points year over year in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively. Acquisitions increased sales by 1.4 percentage points year over year in both the three and six months ended March 31, 2024. Pricing increased total company sales by approximately 1.5 0.6 percentage points and 2.0 1.1 percentage points year over year in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively. Pricing increased total company sales by approximately 3.5 percentage points and 2.5 percentage points year over year in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, realized in the Intelligent Devices and Software & Control segments. Volume decreased total company sales by approximately 9.5 12.0 percentage points and 6.0 8.0 percentage points year over year in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively, respectively, driven by the Software & Control and Intelligent Devices segments, partially offset by the Lifecycle Services segment.

The tables below present our sales, attributed to the geographic regions based upon country of destination, and the percentage change from the same period a year ago (in millions, except percentages):

			Change vs.				Change vs.		Change in Organic Sales (1)		Change in Organic Sales (1)	
			Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		Three Months Ended March 31, 2023							
			Three Months Ended June 30, 2024		Three Months Ended June 30, 2023							
North America	North America	\$1,293.6	(1.3)	(1.3)%	(3.6)%	North America	\$1,268.4	0.6	0.6 %	(0.2)%	0.6 %	(0.2)%
Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	398.9	(18.0)	(18.0)%	(19.0)%	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	355.3	(28.1)	(28.1)%	(27.6)%	(28.1)%	(27.6)%
Asia Pacific	Asia Pacific	269.9	(19.2)	(19.2)%	(17.0)%	Asia Pacific	260.9	(24.0)	(24.0)%	(21.9)%	(24.0)%	(21.9)%
Latin America	Latin America	163.6	13.5	13.5 %	8.0 %	Latin America	166.0	18.7	18.7 %	18.9 %	18.7 %	18.9 %
Total Company Sales	Total Company Sales	\$2,126.0	(6.6)	(6.6)%	(8.1)%	Total Company Sales	\$2,050.6	(8.4)	(8.4)%	(8.4)%	(8.4)%	(8.4)%
			Change vs.				Change vs.		Change in Organic Sales (1)		Change in Organic Sales (1)	
			Six Months Ended March 31, 2024		Six Months Ended March 31, 2023							
			Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024		Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023							
North America	North America	\$2,540.7	2.1	2.1 %	0.1 %	North America	\$3,809.1	1.6	1.6 %	— %	1.6 %	— %
Europe, Middle East and Africa	Europe, Middle East and Africa	787.2	(8.4)	(8.4)%	(11.7)%	Europe, Middle East and Africa	1,142.5	(15.6)	(15.6)%	(17.5)%	(15.6)%	(17.5)%
Asia Pacific	Asia Pacific	545.5	(13.5)	(13.5)%	(12.5)%	Asia Pacific	806.4	(17.2)	(17.2)%	(15.8)%	(17.2)%	(15.8)%
Latin America	Latin America	304.7	10.0	10.0 %	3.9 %	Latin America	470.7	12.9	12.9 %	8.9 %	12.9 %	8.9 %
Total Company Sales	Total Company Sales	\$4,178.1	(1.8)	(1.8)%	(3.9)%	Total Company Sales	\$6,228.7	(4.1)	(4.1)%	(5.4)%	(4.1)%	(5.4)%

(1) Organic sales and organic sales growth exclude the effect of acquisitions, changes in currency exchange rates, and divestitures. See **Supplemental Sales Information** for information on these non-GAAP measures.

Corporate and Other

Corporate and other expenses were **\$28.2 million** **\$28.6 million** and **\$68.2 million** **\$96.8 million** in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively, compared to **\$29.2 million** **\$32.3 million** and **\$56.5 million** **\$88.8 million** in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, respectively. The increase in expense in the **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, includes the year over year impact of costs associated with the acquisition of Clearpath.

Restructuring Charges

Restructuring charges were \$69.8 million in the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, which relate to actions in conjunction with an enterprise-wide comprehensive program to optimize cost structure and expand margins. See Note 14 in the **Consolidated Financial Statements** for more information on our restructuring charges.

Income before Income Taxes

Income before income taxes was **\$310.4 million** **\$255.0 million** and **\$570.0 million** **\$825.0 million** in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, respectively, compared to **\$351.4 million** **\$471.8 million** and **\$819.3 million** **\$1,291.1 million** in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, respectively. The decrease in the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, was primarily due to lower segment operating earnings and the mark-to-market gains recognized in the **second** **third** quarter

of the prior year related to our previous investment in PTC, partially offset by restructuring charges recognized in the positive impact from third quarter of 2024, and lower non-operating pension expenses. segment operating earnings. The decrease in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, was primarily due to the mark-to-market gains recognized in the first and second quarter three quarters of the prior year related to our previous investment in PTC and lower segment operating earnings.

[Table of Contents](#)

Total segment operating earnings decreased 9.8 percent in the three months ended June 30, 2024, primarily due to lower sales volume and unfavorable mix, partially offset by the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs, lower incentive compensation, and the benefits from lower non-operating pension expenses.

cost reduction actions. Total segment operating earnings decreased 16.5 percent and 14.2 12.7 percent in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively, primarily due to lower sales volume and unfavorable mix, partially offset by lower incentive compensation.

compensation and the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs.

Income Taxes

The effective tax rate rates for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, was 14.5 were 9.4 percent and 14.0 percent, respectively, compared to 16.1 15.5 percent and 16.9 percent for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, respectively. Our adjusted effective tax rate rates for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, was 14.8 were 13.3 percent and 15.1 percent, respectively, compared to 17.4 14.1 percent and 16.2 percent for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, respectively. The decrease in both the effective tax rate rates and the adjusted effective tax rate was primarily due to higher discrete tax benefits in the current year.

The effective tax rate for the six months ended March 31, 2024, was 16.1 percent compared to 17.8 percent for the six months ended March 31, 2023. Our adjusted effective tax rate for the six months ended March 31, 2024, was 16.2 percent compared to 17.3 percent for the six months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease in both the effective tax rate and the adjusted effective tax rate was primarily due to higher discrete tax benefits in the current year.

Diluted EPS and Adjusted EPS

2024 second third quarter Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation was \$266.2 million \$232.0 million or \$2.31 \$2.02 per share, compared to \$300.3 million \$400.2 million or \$2.59 \$3.45 per share in the second third quarter of 2023. The decreases in Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation and diluted EPS were primarily due to lower sales volume and lower pre-tax margin. Pre-tax margin was 14.6 12.4 percent in the second third quarter of 2024 compared to 15.4 21.1 percent in the same period last year. The decrease in pre-tax margin was primarily due to lower sales and volume, mark-to-market gains recognized in the prior year related to our previous investment in PTC, and restructuring charges recognized in the third quarter of 2024, partially offset by lower non-operating pension expense, incentive compensation. 2024 second third quarter adjusted EPS was \$2.50, \$2.71, down 16.9 10.0 percent compared to \$3.01 in the second third quarter of 2023, primarily due to lower sales volume and lower segment operating margin. Total segment operating margin in the second third quarter of 2024 was 19.0 20.8 percent compared to 21.3 21.1 percent a year ago, primarily due to lower sales volume and unfavorable mix, partially offset by the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs, lower incentive compensation, compensation, and the benefits from cost reduction actions.

Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation was \$481.4 million \$713.4 million or \$4.17 \$6.19 per share in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, compared to \$684.3 million \$1,084.5 million or \$5.90 \$9.34 per share in the six nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023. The decreases in Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation and diluted EPS were primarily due to lower pre-tax margin. Pre-tax margin was 13.6 13.2 percent in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, compared to 19.2 19.9 percent in the same period last year. The decrease in pre-tax margin was primarily due to mark-to-market gains recognized in the prior year related to our previous investment in PTC and lower sales partially offset by lower non-operating pension expense, volume. Adjusted EPS was \$4.54 \$7.25 in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, down 17.2 14.5 percent compared to \$5.48 \$8.48 in the six nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, primarily due to lower segment operating margin. Total segment operating margin in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, was 18.2 19.0 percent compared to 20.8 20.9 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower sales volume and higher investment spend, unfavorable mix, partially offset by lower incentive compensation, compensation and the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs.

[Table of Contents](#)

Intelligent Devices

Sales

Intelligent Devices sales decreased 4.9 1.1 percent and 3.0 2.4 percent year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. Organic sales decreased 7.4 1.2 percent and 6.0 4.4 percent year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. Currency translation decreased sales by 0.6 percentage points year over year in the three months ended June 30, 2024, and increased sales by 0.2 percentage points year over year, in the nine months ended June 30, 2024. Acquisitions increased sales by 0.7 percentage points and 0.7 1.8 percentage points year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024. Acquisitions increased sales by 2.3 percentage points year over year in both the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, reported and organic sales increased in North America and Latin America, but decreased in Europe, Middle East, and Africa and Asia Pacific. For the six months ended March 31, 2024, reported and organic sales decreased in all regions, except for North America.

Segment Operating Margin

Intelligent Devices segment operating earnings decreased 22.2 increased 18.6 percent year over year in the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024. Segment operating margin decreased increased to 16.5 20.2 percent in the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, from 20.2 16.8 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs, lower sales volume incentive compensation, and unfavorable mix, the benefits from cost reduction actions, partially offset by lower incentive compensation, sales volume.

Intelligent Devices segment operating earnings decreased 25.2 12.9 percent year over year in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024. Segment operating margin decreased to 16.4 17.7 percent in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, from 21.2 19.8 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower sales volume and supply chain utilization, partially offset by lower incentive compensation.

Software & Control

Sales

Software & Control sales decreased 23.1 31.8 percent and 10.7 18.4 percent year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. Organic sales decreased 23.2 31.3 percent and 11.4 18.6 percent year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. Currency translation increased decreased sales by 0.1 percentage points and 0.7 0.5 percentage points year over year in the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively, and increased sales by 0.2 percentage points year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2024. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024, reported sales decreased in all regions, except for Latin America, and organic sales decreased in all regions. For the six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, reported and organic sales decreased in all regions, except for Latin America.

Segment Operating Margin

Software & Control segment operating earnings decreased 41.3 53.9 percent year over year in the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024. Segment operating margin decreased to 25.7 23.6 percent in the three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, from 33.6 34.8 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower sales volume, partially offset by the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs, lower incentive compensation, and the benefits from cost reduction actions.

Software & Control segment operating earnings decreased 38.4 percent year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2024. Segment operating margin decreased to 24.8 percent in the nine months ended June 30, 2024, from 32.8 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower sales volume, partially offset by lower incentive compensation and the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs, and favorable mix. costs.

Software & Control segment operating earnings decreased 28.6 percent year over year in the six months ended March 31, 2024. Segment operating margin decreased to 25.3 percent in the six months ended March 31, 2024, from 31.7 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower sales volume and higher investment spend, partially offset by the positive impact of price realization exceeding input costs, lower incentive compensation, and favorable mix.

Lifecycle Services

Sales

Lifecycle Services sales increased 14.0 11.8 percent and 12.3 12.1 percent year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. Organic sales increased 12.4 11.3 percent and 10.3 10.7 percent year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. Currency translation increased decreased sales by 0.5 0.8 percentage points year over year in the six three months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, and did not impact sales year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2024. Acquisitions increased sales by 1.6 1.3 percentage points and 1.5 1.4 percentage points year over year in the three and six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively. For the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, reported sales increased in all regions, and organic sales increased in all regions, except for Asia Pacific, Europe, Middle East, and Africa. For the nine months ended June 30, 2024, reported and organic sales increased in all regions.

Segment Operating Margin

Lifecycle Services segment operating earnings increased 247 percent and 190 132 percent year over year in the three and six months ended March 31, 2024, respectively. June 30, 2024. Segment operating margin increased to 16.6 percent and 13.7 19.3 percent in the three and six months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, respectively, from 5.5 9.3 percent and 5.3 percent, respectively, in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower incentive compensation, higher sales volume, strong project execution, and ongoing savings from the prior year structural actions.

Table of Contents

Lifecycle Services segment operating earnings increased 162 percent year over year in the nine months ended June 30, 2024. Segment operating margin increased to 15.6 percent in the nine months ended June 30, 2024, from 6.7 percent in the same period a year ago, primarily due to lower incentive compensation, and higher sales volume, higher margins in Sensia.

Sensia, and ongoing savings from the prior year structural actions.

Supplemental Segment Information

Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization, and non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost, and restructuring charges are not allocated to our operating segments because these costs are excluded from our measurement of each segment's operating performance for internal purposes. If we were to allocate these costs, we would attribute them to each of our segments as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,	2024	March 31,	2024	June 30,	2024	June 30,	2023
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization								
Intelligent Devices								
Intelligent Devices								
Intelligent Devices								
Software & Control								
Lifecycle Services								

Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization

Intelligent Devices

Intelligent Devices

Intelligent Devices

Software & Control

Lifecycle Services

Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost

Intelligent Devices	
Intelligent Devices	
Intelligent Devices	
Software & Control	
Lifecycle Services	
Restructuring charges	
Intelligent Devices	
Intelligent Devices	
Intelligent Devices	
Software & Control	
Lifecycle Services	

Table of Contents

Adjusted Income, Adjusted EPS, and Adjusted Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation

Adjusted income, adjusted EPS, and adjusted effective tax rate are non-GAAP earnings measures that exclude non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost, purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation, change in fair value of investments, **restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives**, and Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests, including their respective tax effects. Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost is defined as all components of our net periodic pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost except for service cost. See Note 10 in the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our net periodic pension and postretirement benefit cost. In 2024, we updated the definition of our non-GAAP earnings measures to exclude significant **restructuring charges aligned with enterprise-wide strategic initiatives**. In the three and nine months ended June 30, 2024, we recognized these restructuring charges in conjunction with an enterprise-wide comprehensive program to optimize cost structure and expand margins. We believe the change to our definition provides a more useful presentation of our operating performance to investors as these restructuring charges are significant and enterprise-wide severance actions and not reflective of our ongoing operations. We did not revise prior years because there were no similar restructuring actions with significant costs. See Note 14 in the Consolidated Financial Statements for more information on our restructuring charges.

We believe that adjusted income, adjusted EPS, and adjusted effective tax rate provide useful information to our investors about our operating performance and allow management and investors to compare our operating performance period over period. Adjusted EPS is also used as a financial measure of performance for our annual incentive compensation. Our measures of adjusted income, adjusted EPS, and adjusted effective tax rate may be different from measures used by other companies. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered a substitute for Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, diluted EPS, and effective tax rate.

Table of Contents

The following are reconciliations of Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation, diluted EPS, and effective tax rate to adjusted income, adjusted EPS, and adjusted effective tax rate, respectively (in millions, except per share amounts and percentages):

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	March 31,				March 31,			
			2024	2023			2024	2023
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation	\$	266.2	\$	300.3	\$	481.4	\$	684.3
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost		(4.9)		105.4		(9.8)		93.0
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost		1.0		(25.6)		2.0		(22.8)
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation		34.4		23.6		67.1		46.6
Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation		(6.0)		(5.8)		(11.5)		(11.4)
Change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾		(2.8)		(63.0)		(5.9)		(203.6)
Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾		0.1		15.2		0.7		49.3
Adjusted income	\$	288.0	\$	350.1	\$	524.0	\$	635.4
Diluted EPS	\$	2.31	\$	2.59	\$	4.17	\$	5.90
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost		(0.04)		0.90		(0.09)		0.80
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost		0.01		(0.22)		0.02		(0.20)
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation		0.29		0.20		0.58		0.40

Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.10)	(0.10)
Change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	(0.02)	(0.54)	(0.05)	(1.75)
Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	—	0.13	0.01	0.43
Adjusted EPS	\$ 2.50	\$ 3.01	\$ 4.54	\$ 5.48
Effective tax rate	14.5 %	16.1 %	16.1 %	17.8 %
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	(0.1)%	1.9 %	— %	0.7 %
Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	0.3 %	0.4 %	0.1 %	0.5 %
Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	0.1 %	(1.0)%	— %	(1.7)%
Adjusted effective tax rate	14.8 %	17.4 %	16.2 %	17.3 %

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net income attributable to Rockwell Automation	\$ 232.0	\$ 400.2	\$ 713.4	\$ 1,084.5
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	(4.9)	(5.5)	(14.7)	87.5
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	1.0	1.2	3.0	(21.6)
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	32.8	24.1	99.9	70.7
Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	(5.6)	(5.9)	(17.1)	(17.3)
Change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	5.0	(85.7)	(0.9)	(289.3)
Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	(1.2)	20.7	(0.5)	70.0
Restructuring charges ⁽²⁾	69.8	—	69.8	—
Tax effect of restructuring charges ⁽²⁾	(17.6)	—	(17.6)	—
Adjusted income	\$ 311.3	\$ 349.1	\$ 835.3	\$ 984.5
Diluted EPS	\$ 2.02	\$ 3.45	\$ 6.19	\$ 9.34
Non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.13)	0.76
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	0.01	0.01	0.02	(0.19)
Purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	0.28	0.21	0.87	0.61
Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.15)	(0.15)
Change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	0.04	(0.74)	(0.01)	(2.50)
Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	(0.01)	0.18	—	0.61
Restructuring charges ⁽²⁾	0.61	—	0.61	—
Tax effect of restructuring charges ⁽²⁾	(0.15)	—	(0.15)	—
Adjusted EPS	\$ 2.71	\$ 3.01	\$ 7.25	\$ 8.48
Effective tax rate	9.4 %	15.5 %	14.0 %	16.9 %
Tax effect of non-operating pension and postretirement benefit (credit) cost	(0.2)%	(0.1)%	(0.1)%	0.5 %
Tax effect of purchase accounting depreciation and amortization attributable to Rockwell Automation	0.4 %	0.6 %	0.2 %	0.5 %
Tax effect of change in fair value of investments ⁽¹⁾	0.3 %	(1.9)%	0.1 %	(1.7)%
Tax effect of restructuring charges ⁽²⁾	3.4 %	— %	0.9 %	— %
Adjusted effective tax rate	13.3 %	14.1 %	15.1 %	16.2 %

⁽¹⁾ Amounts in the three and **six** nine months ended **March 31, 2023** June 30, 2023, primarily relate to the change in fair value of our previous investment in PTC.

⁽²⁾ Restructuring charges include \$64.7 million for severance benefits and \$5.1 million for strategic advisory services related to the enterprise-wide severance actions.

[Table of Contents](#)

Financial Condition

The following is a summary of our cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities, as reflected in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (in millions):

	Six Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,	2024	June 30,	2024
Cash provided by (used for)				
Operating activities				
Operating activities				
Operating activities				
Investing activities				
Financing activities				
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash				
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash				

The following table summarizes free cash flow, which is a non-GAAP financial measure (in millions):

	Six Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	March 31,	2024	June 30,	2024
Cash provided by operating activities				
Capital expenditures				
Free cash flow				

Our definition of free cash flow takes into consideration capital investments required to maintain the operations of our businesses and execute our strategy. Cash provided by operating activities adds back non-cash depreciation expense to earnings but does not reflect a charge for necessary capital expenditures. Our definition of free cash flow excludes the operating cash flows and capital expenditures related to our discontinued operations, if any. Operating, investing, and financing cash flows of our discontinued operations, if any, are presented separately in our Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. In our opinion, free cash flow provides useful information to investors regarding our ability to generate cash from business operations that is available for acquisitions and other investments, service of debt principal, dividends, and share repurchases. We use free cash flow, as defined, as one measure to monitor and evaluate our performance, including as a financial measure for our annual incentive compensation. Our definition of free cash flow may be different from definitions used by other companies.

Cash provided by operating activities was \$152.4 million \$431.5 million for the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, compared to \$253.4 million \$535.1 million for the six nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023. Free cash flow was \$33.3 million \$271.7 million for the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, compared to \$197.7 million \$437.8 million for the six nine months ended March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023. The year over year decreases in cash provided by operating activities and free cash flow were primarily due to lower pre-tax income, higher incentive compensation payments related to fiscal 2023 performance, and higher tax payments in the first six nine months of 2024 compared to the first six nine months of 2023, partially offset by decreases in working capital. Free cash flow for the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, also includes \$63.4 \$62.5 million of higher capital expenditures. Taxes paid in the six nine months ended March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, include \$58.4 million of U.S. transition tax under the Tax Act and \$67.4 million for capital gains from the sale of PTC shares.

Our Short-term debt as of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, includes commercial paper borrowings of \$707.0 \$704.0 million with a weighted average interest rate of 5.38 percent, and a weighted average maturity period of 19 22 days. We had no commercial paper borrowings as of September 30, 2023. In December 2022, Sensia entered into an unsecured \$75.0 million line of credit. As of March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, included in Short-term debt was \$70.0 million borrowed against the line of credit with an interest rate of 6.21 6.17 percent and 6.29 percent, respectively. Also included in Short-term debt as of June 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, was \$23.5 million of interest-bearing loans from Schlumberger (SLB) to Sensia. The loans were Sensia, extended to April 15, 2025, and are included in Long-term debt as of March 31, 2024. On April 25, 2024, April 2025. In April 2024, \$18.8 million of new interest-bearing loans from SLB to Sensia were entered into and are due August 28, 2024. August 2024.

Table of Contents

We repurchased approximately 1.1 million 1.7 million shares of our common stock under our share repurchase program in the first six nine months of 2024. The total cost of these shares was \$315.0 million \$476.2 million, of which \$2.4 million \$0.6 million was recorded in Accounts payable at March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, related to shares that did not settle until April July 2024. At September 30, 2023, there were \$1.1 million of outstanding common stock share repurchases recorded in Accounts payable. We repurchased approximately 0.8 million 1.0 million shares of our common stock under our share repurchase program in the first six nine months of 2023. The total cost of these shares was \$194.4 million \$256.2 million, of which \$0.8 million was recorded in Accounts payable at March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, related to shares that did not settle until April July 2023. Our decision to repurchase shares in the remainder of 2024 will depend on business conditions, free cash flow generation, other cash requirements, and stock price. On May 2, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized us to expend an additional \$1.0 billion to repurchase shares of our common stock. At March 31, 2024 June 30, 2024, we had approximately \$625.3 million \$464.1 million remaining for share repurchases under our existing board authorization. See Part II, Item 2. **Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**, for additional information regarding share repurchases.

We expect future uses of cash to include working capital requirements, capital expenditures, dividends to shareowners, repurchases of common stock, additional contributions to our retirement plans, repayments of debt, and acquisitions of businesses and other inorganic investments. We expect to fund future uses of cash with a combination of existing cash

balances, cash generated by operating activities, commercial paper borrowings, or new issuances of debt or other securities. In addition, we have access to unsecured credit facilities with various banks.

At **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, the majority of our Cash and cash equivalents were held by non-U.S. subsidiaries. We use a global cash pooling arrangement to allocate capital resources among our entities. As a result of the broad changes to the U.S. international tax system under the Tax Act, the Company accounts for taxes on earnings of substantially all of its non-U.S. subsidiaries including both non-U.S. and U.S. taxes. The Company has concluded that earnings of a limited number of its non-U.S. subsidiaries are indefinitely reinvested.

In June 2022, we replaced our former \$1.25 billion unsecured revolving credit facility with a new five-year \$1.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility, expiring in June 2027. This credit facility uses the secured overnight funding rate (SOFR) as the primary basis for determining interest payments. We can increase the aggregate amount of this credit facility by up to \$750.0 million, subject to the consent of the banks in the credit facility. We did not borrow against this credit facility during the periods ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, or September 30, 2023. Borrowings under this credit facility bear interest based on short-term money market rates in effect during the period the borrowings are outstanding. The terms of this credit facility contain covenants under which we agree to maintain an EBITDA-to-interest ratio of at least 3.0 to 1.0. The EBITDA-to-interest ratio is defined in the credit facility as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the facility) for the preceding four quarters to consolidated interest expense for the same period.

Among other uses, we can draw on our credit facility as a standby liquidity facility to repay our outstanding commercial paper as it matures. This access to funds to repay maturing commercial paper is an important factor in maintaining the short-term credit ratings set forth in the table below. Under our current policy with respect to these ratings, we expect to limit our other borrowings under our credit facility, if any, to amounts that would leave enough credit available under the facility so that we could borrow, if needed, to repay all of our then outstanding commercial paper as it matures.

Separate short-term unsecured credit facilities of approximately **\$226.8** **\$226.0** million at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, were available to non-U.S. subsidiaries, of which, approximately **\$34.0** **\$32.6** million was committed under letters of credit. Borrowings under our non-U.S. credit facilities at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, and September 30, 2023, were not significant. We were in compliance with all covenants under our credit facilities at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, and September 30, 2023. There are no significant commitment fees or compensating balance requirements under our credit facilities.

The following is a summary of our credit ratings as of **March 31, 2024** **August 7, 2024**:

Credit Rating Agency	Short-Term Rating	Long-Term Rating	Outlook
Standard & Poor's	A-1 A-2	AA-	Negative Stable
Moody's	P-2	A3	Stable
Fitch Ratings	F1	A	Stable

In July 2024, Standard & Poor's downgraded our short-term rating from A-1 to A-2 and our long-term rating from A to A- and also changed our outlook from negative to stable.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our ability to access the commercial paper market, and the related costs of these borrowings, is affected by the strength of our credit ratings and market conditions. We have not experienced any difficulty in accessing the commercial paper market. If our access to the commercial paper market is adversely affected due to a change in market conditions or otherwise, we would expect to rely on a combination of available cash and our unsecured committed credit facility to provide short-term funding. In such event, the cost of borrowings under our unsecured committed credit facility could be higher than the cost of commercial paper borrowings.

We regularly monitor the third-party depository institutions that hold our cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. We diversify our cash and cash equivalents among counterparties to minimize exposure to any one of these entities.

We use foreign currency forward exchange contracts to manage certain foreign currency risks. We enter into these contracts to hedge our exposure to foreign currency exchange rate variability in the expected future cash flows associated with certain third-party and intercompany transactions denominated in foreign currencies forecasted to occur within the next two years. We also may use these contracts to hedge portions of our net investments in certain non-U.S. subsidiaries against the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on the translation of foreign currency balances to the U.S. dollar. There were no open net investment hedges for the **six** **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, or September 30, 2023. In addition, we use foreign currency forward exchange contracts that are not designated as hedges to offset transaction gains or losses associated with some of our assets and liabilities resulting from intercompany loans or other transactions with third parties that are denominated in currencies other than our entities' functional currencies. Our foreign currency forward exchange contracts are usually denominated in currencies of major industrial countries. We diversify our foreign currency forward exchange contracts among counterparties to minimize exposure to any one of these entities.

Net gains and losses related to derivative forward exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges offset the related gains and losses on the hedged items during the periods in which the hedged items are recognized in earnings. During the three and **six** **nine** months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, we reclassified **\$4.9 million** **\$4.4 million** and **\$13.4 million** **\$17.8 million**, respectively, in pre-tax net gains related to cash flow hedges from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into the Consolidated Statement of Operations. During the three and **six** **nine** months ended **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**, we reclassified **\$7.7 million** **\$7.3 million** and **\$20.4 million** **\$27.7 million**, respectively, in pre-tax net gains related to cash flow hedges from Accumulated other comprehensive loss into the Consolidated Statement of Operations. As of **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, we expect that approximately **\$3.8 million** **\$3.0 million** of pre-tax net unrealized gains on cash flow hedges will be reclassified into earnings during the next 12 months.

Information with respect to our contractual cash obligations is contained in Item 7. **Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023. We believe that at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there has been no material change to this information.

[Table of Contents](#)

Supplemental Sales Information

We translate sales of subsidiaries operating outside of the United States using exchange rates effective during the respective period. Therefore, changes in currency exchange rates affect our reported sales. Sales by acquired businesses also affect our reported sales. We believe that organic sales, defined as sales excluding the effects of acquisitions and changes in currency exchange rates, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, provides useful information to investors because it reflects regional and operating segment performance from the activities of our businesses without the effect of acquisitions and changes in currency exchange rates. We use organic sales as one measure to monitor and evaluate our regional and operating segment performance. When we acquire businesses, we exclude sales in the current period for which there are no comparable sales in the prior period. We determine the effect of changes in currency exchange rates by translating the respective period's sales using the same currency exchange rates that were in effect during the prior year. When we divest a business, we exclude sales in the prior period for which there are no comparable sales in the current period. Organic sales growth is calculated by comparing organic sales to reported sales in the prior year, excluding divestitures. We attribute sales to the geographic regions based on the country of destination.

The following is a reconciliation of reported sales to organic sales by geographic region (in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				Three Months Ended March 31, 2023		Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				Three Months Ended June 30, 2023			
	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Organic Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales	Reported Sales
	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America	Total Company Sales	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America	Total Company Sales	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America
North America														
Europe, Middle East, and Africa														
Asia Pacific														
Latin America														
Total Company Sales														
	Six Months Ended March 31, 2024				Six Months Ended March 31, 2023		Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024				Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023			
	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Organic Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales	Reported Sales
	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America	Total Company Sales	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America	Total Company Sales	North America	Europe, Middle East, and Africa	Asia Pacific	Latin America
North America														
Europe, Middle East, and Africa														
Asia Pacific														
Latin America														
Total Company Sales														

[Table of Contents](#)

The following is a reconciliation of reported sales to organic sales by operating segment (in millions):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				Three Months Ended March 31, 2023		Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				Three Months Ended June 30, 2023			
	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Organic Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales	Reported Sales
	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total Company Sales	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total Company Sales	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control	Lifecycle Services	Total Company Sales	Intelligent Devices	Software & Control
Intelligent Devices														
Software & Control														
Lifecycle Services														
Total Company Sales														

Six Months Ended March 31, 2024				Six Months Ended March 31, 2023		Nine Months Ended June 30, 2024			Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023		
Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales	Reported Sales	Reported Sales	Less: Effect of Acquisitions	Effect of Changes in Currency	Organic Sales	Reported Sales	
Intelligent Devices											
Software & Control											
Lifecycle Services											
Total Company Sales											

[Table of Contents](#)

Critical Accounting Estimates

We have prepared the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements and revenues and expenses during the periods reported. These estimates are based on our best judgment about current and future conditions, but actual results could differ from those estimates. Information with respect to accounting estimates that are the most critical to the understanding of our financial statements as they could have the most significant effect on our reported results and require subjective or complex judgments by management is contained in Item 7. **Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023. We believe that at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there has been no material change to this information, except as noted below.

Acquisitions - Clearpath Intangible Assets Valuation

We account for business acquisitions by allocating the purchase price to tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values; the excess of the purchase price over the allocated amount is recorded as goodwill. We engaged an independent third-party valuation specialist to assist with the fair value allocation of the intangible assets assumed through the acquisition of Clearpath. The intangible assets were valued using income approaches, specifically the relief from royalty method and multi-period excess earnings method. This required the use of several assumptions and estimates including forecasted revenue growth rates, margin, and cash flows attributable to existing customers, obsolescence factor, royalty rate, contributory asset charges, customer attrition rate, and discount rates. Although we believe the assumptions and estimates made were reasonable and appropriate, these estimates require judgment and are based in part on historical experience and information obtained from Clearpath management.

The key assumption requiring the use of judgement in the valuation of the \$269.9 million technology asset was the obsolescence factor. The obsolescence factor of **twelve** **12** years was calculated based on the depletion of existing technology using a variety of factors including research and development spend toward new product development and scheduled patent expiration. A two-year change in this assumption would result in a change of approximately \$82 million in intangible assets. The key assumption requiring the use of judgement in the valuation of the \$41.6 million trademark intangible asset was the weighted average royalty rate of 2.05 percent. This rate was based on royalty market data. A 100 basis point change in the royalty rate would result in a change of \$20 million in intangible assets.

More information regarding these business acquisitions is contained in Note 5 in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Environmental Matters

Information with respect to the effect of compliance with environmental protection requirements and resolution of environmental claims on us and our manufacturing operations is contained in Note 17 in the Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 8. **Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023. We believe that at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there has been no material change to this information.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1 in the Consolidated Financial Statements regarding recent accounting pronouncements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information with respect to our exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk is contained in Item 7A. **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023. We believe that at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there has been no material change to this information.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures: We, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act)) as of the end of the quarter covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the quarter covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting: There has not been any change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the quarter to which this report relates that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

[Table of Contents](#)

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Information with respect to our legal proceedings is contained in Item 3. **Legal Proceedings**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023. We believe that at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there has been no material change to this information.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Information about our most significant risk factors is contained in Item 1A. **Risk Factors**, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2023. We believe that at **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, there has been no material change to this information.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Share Repurchases

The table below sets forth information with respect to purchases made by or on behalf of us of shares of our common stock during the three months ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid Per Share ⁽²⁾	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Approx. Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽³⁾
January 1-31, 2024	139,490	\$ 301.06	139,490	\$ 777,975,353
February 1-29, 2024	467,350	275.30	467,350	649,313,134
March 1-31, 2024	84,006	285.63	84,006	625,318,917
Total	690,846	\$ 281.76	690,846	

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid Per Share ⁽²⁾	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Approx. Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽³⁾
April 1-30, 2024	125,773	\$ 279.84	125,773	\$ 590,122,202
May 1-31, 2024	428,933	267.17	428,933	475,525,096
June 1-30, 2024	43,851	259.91	43,851	464,127,758
Total	598,557	\$ 269.30	598,557	

⁽¹⁾ All of the shares purchased during the quarter ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, were acquired pursuant to the repurchase program described in ⁽³⁾ below.

⁽²⁾ Average price paid per share includes brokerage commissions.

⁽³⁾ On May 2, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized us to expend an additional \$1.0 billion to repurchase shares of our common stock. Our repurchase program allows us to repurchase shares at management's discretion or at our broker's discretion pursuant to a share repurchase plan subject to price and volume parameters.

Table of Contents

Item 5. Other Information

During the quarter ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, the following officers of the Company adopted Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangements that are each intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) promulgated under the Exchange Act, with such details of the arrangements as further follows:

- Nicholas C. Gangestad, Matheus De A G Viera Bulho, Senior Vice President, Software and Chief Financial Officer, Control, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on **February 29, 2024** **May 13, 2024**, that will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2024, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Gangestad's Bulho's trading arrangement covers the (i) sale of 350 long shares of the Company's common stock, required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted (ii) exercise of 3,274 stock unit options and performance share vests.
- Veena M. Lakkundi, Senior Vice President, Strategy and Corporate Development, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on **February 28, 2024**, that will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2024, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Ms. Lakkundi's trading arrangement covers the sale of the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.
- Tessa M. Myers, Senior Vice President, Intelligent Devices, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on **February 29, 2024**, that will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2024, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Ms. Myers' trading arrangement covers the sale of (i) the shares of the Company's common stock

remaining following the sale to cover taxes on the vesting of 776 restricted stock units on June 6, 2024 and (ii) the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on an upcoming restricted stock unit vest and performance share vests.

- Cyril Perducat, Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement on February 29, 2024, that will terminate on the earlier of December 31, 2024, or the execution of all trades in the trading arrangement. Mr. Perducat's trading arrangement covers the sale of (i) up to 1,079 long underlying shares of the Company's common stock, and (ii) (iii) sale of the number of shares of the Company's common stock required to be sold to cover taxes on upcoming restricted stock unit and performance share vests.

For the arrangements above referencing transactions to sell shares to cover taxes on vests, the aggregate number of shares to be sold pursuant to each trading arrangement described above is dependent on the taxes on the applicable restricted stock unit and performance share vests, and, therefore, is indeterminable at this time.

During the quarter ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K, no director of the Company adopted or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, and no officer of the Company terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement.

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits:

- [Exhibit 15](#) — [Letter of Deloitte & Touche LLP regarding Unaudited Financial Information.](#)
- [Exhibit 31.1](#) — [Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.](#)
- [Exhibit 31.2](#) — [Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.](#)
- [Exhibit 32.1](#) — [Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- [Exhibit 32.2](#) — [Certification of Periodic Report by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- Exhibit 101 — Interactive Data Files.
- Exhibit 104 — Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ROCKWELL AUTOMATION, INC.
(Registrant)

Date: **May** **August** 7, 2024

By **/s/ NICHOLAS C. GANGESTAD**
Nicholas C. Gangestad
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: **May** **August** 7, 2024

By **/s/ TERRY L. RIESTERER**
Terry L. Riesterer
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

4647

Exhibit 15

May **August** 7, 2024

The Board of Directors and Shareowners of
Rockwell Automation, Inc.
1201 South Second Street
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53204

We are aware that our report dated **May 7, 2024** **August 7, 2024**, on our review of the interim financial information of Rockwell Automation, Inc appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024**, is incorporated by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-101780, 333-149581, 333-150019, 333-157203, 333-165727, 333-180557, 333-184400, 333-205022, 333-209706, 333-234642, and 333-236277 on Form S-8.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, Blake D. Moret, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rockwell Automation, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **May 7, 2024** **August 7, 2024**

/s/ BLAKE D. MORET

Blake D. Moret
President and
Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

REFINITIV CORPORATE DISCLOSURES | www.refinitiv.com | Contact Us

©2024 Refinitiv. All rights reserved. Republication or redistribution of Refinitiv content, including by framing or similar means, is prohibited without the prior written consent of Refinitiv. 'Refinitiv' and the Refinitiv logo are registered trademarks of Refinitiv and its affiliated companies.

42/45

REFINITIV 

I, Nicholas C. Gangestad, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Rockwell Automation, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **May 7, 2024** **August 7, 2024**

/s/ **NICHOLAS C. GANGESTAD**

Nicholas C. Gangestad
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

I, Blake D. Moret, President and Chief Executive Officer of Rockwell Automation, Inc. (the "Company"), certify pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **May 7, 2024** **August 7, 2024**

/s/ **BLAKE D. MORET**

Blake D. Moret
President and
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

I, Nicholas C. Gangestad, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Rockwell Automation, Inc. (the "Company"), certify pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended **March 31, 2024** **June 30, 2024** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **May 7, 2024** **August 7, 2024**

/s/ NICHOLAS C. GANGESTAD

Nicholas C. Gangestad
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

DISCLAIMER

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE REFINITIV CORPORATE DISCLOSURES DELTA REPORT™ IS A COMPARISON OF TWO FINANCIALS PERIODIC REPORTS. THERE MAY BE MATERIAL ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INACCURACIES IN THE REPORT INCLUDING THE TEXT AND THE COMPARISON DATA AND TABLES. IN NO WAY DOES REFINITIV OR THE APPLICABLE COMPANY ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INVESTMENT OR OTHER DECISIONS MADE BASED UPON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS REPORT. USERS ARE ADVISED TO REVIEW THE APPLICABLE COMPANY'S ACTUAL SEC FILINGS BEFORE MAKING ANY INVESTMENT OR OTHER DECISIONS.

©2024, Refinitiv. All rights reserved. Patents Pending.