

TSX **CG**

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BUILDING A
**STRONG PLATFORM
FOR FUTURE GROWTH**

Fourth Quarter 2025 Results Conference Call & Webcast

FEBRUARY 20, 2026

Cautionary Statement on Forward Looking Information



All statements, other than statements of historical fact contained or incorporated by reference in this document, which address events, results, outcomes or developments that the Company expects to occur are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking information or forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including the provisions of the Securities Act (Ontario) and the provisions for "safe harbor" under the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are based on expectations, estimates and projections as of the date of this document. Such forward-looking information involves risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results, performance, prospects and opportunities to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Forward-looking statements are generally, but not always, identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "aimed", "anticipate", "believe", "beyond", "commenced", "continue", "expect", "extend", "evaluate", "finalizing", "focused", "forecast", "goal", "intend", "in line", "ongoing", "optimistic", "on track", "plan", "potential", "preliminary", "project", "pursuing", "target", or "update", or variations of such words and phrases and similar expressions or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved or the negative connotation of such terms.

Such statements include, but may not be limited to: statements regarding 2026 guidance, outlook and expectations, including, but not limited to, production, costs, capital expenditures, grade profiles, cash flow, care and maintenance, PP&E and reclamation costs, recoveries, processing, inflation, depreciation, depletion and amortization, taxes and annual royalty payments; the ability of the Company to finance the majority of expenditures and capital requirements from the cash flows provided by the Mount Milligan Mine and Öksüt Mine; exploration potential, budgets, focuses, programs, targets and projected exploration results; gold, copper and molybdenum prices; market conditions; the declaration, payment and sustainability of the Company's dividends; the continuation of the Company's normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") and automatic share purchase plan and the timing, methods and quantity of any purchases of Shares under the NCIB; compliance with applicable laws and regulations pertaining to the NCIB; the availability of cash for repurchases of Common Shares under the NCIB; the timing of the resumption of operations at the Langeloth Metallurgical Facility following the temporary suspension in January 2026 and the financial or operational impact of such incident; the development and construction of Goldfield, including the timing of engineering completion, long-lead procurement and site establishment works; Goldfield's life of mine, average annual production and costs including its initial capital costs and the expectation to fund this from the Company's existing liquidity; the timing of first production at Goldfield and the impact it would have on Centerra's production profile, cash flow and value to shareholders; the ability for Goldfield to provide a streamlined, low-risk development path, with first production targeted by the end of 2028; the success of an optimized mine plan at Mount Milligan including the construction of additional tailings capacity and any increased mill throughput; the future success of Kemess, the timing and content of a PEA and accompanying update on its technical concept including mining methods and its ability to complement Mount Milligan as a cornerstone asset; the ability of the existing infrastructure at Kemess to lower execution risk for the project and the possibility that any additional infrastructure will complement it; the success of an infill and grade control drilling program at Mount Milligan and its ability to enhance geological confidence; the timing of gold and copper production and sales at Mount Milligan and gold production and sales at Öksüt; the timing and capital required for the restart of Thompson Creek; royalty rates and taxes in Türkiye; financial hedges; and other statements that express management's expectations or estimates of future plans and performance, operational, geological or financial results, estimates or amounts not yet determinable and assumptions of management.

The Company cautions that forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of factors and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by the Company at the time of making such statements, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, technical, legal, geopolitical and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, which may prove to be incorrect. Known and unknown factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements and information.

Risk factors that may affect the Company's ability to achieve the expectations set forth in the forward-looking statements in this document include, but are not limited to: (A) strategic, legal, planning and other risks, including: political risks associated with the Company's operations in Türkiye, the USA and Canada; resource nationalism including the management of external stakeholder expectations; the impact of changes in, or to the more aggressive enforcement of, laws, government royalties, tariffs, regulations and government practices, including unjustified civil or criminal action against the Company, its affiliates, or its current or former employees; risks that community activism may result in increased contributory demands or business interruptions; the risks related to outstanding litigation affecting the Company; the risk of claims, investigations or proceedings arising from operational incidents, including potential third-party claims for personal injury, property damage or business interruption; the impact of any sanctions or tariffs imposed by Canada, the United States or other jurisdictions; potential defects of title in the Company's properties that are not known as of the date hereof; permitting and development of our projects, including tailings facilities, being consistent with the Company's expectations; the inability of the Company and its subsidiaries to enforce their legal rights in certain circumstances; risks related to anti-corruption legislation; Centerra not being able to replace mineral reserves; Indigenous claims and consultative issues relating to the Company's properties which are in proximity to Indigenous communities; and potential risks related to kidnapping or acts of terrorism; (B) risks relating to financial matters, including: sensitivity of the Company's business to the volatility of gold, copper, molybdenum and other mineral prices; the use of provisionally-priced sales contracts for production at the Mount Milligan Mine; reliance on a few key customers for the gold-copper concentrate at the Mount Milligan Mine; use of commodity derivatives; the imprecision of the Company's mineral reserves and resources estimates and the assumptions they rely on; the accuracy of the Company's production and cost estimates; persistent inflationary pressures on key input prices; the impact of restrictive covenants in the Company's credit facilities and in the Royal Gold Streaming Agreement which may, among other things, restrict the Company from pursuing certain business activities, including paying dividends or repurchasing shares under its NCIB, or making distributions from its subsidiaries; the Company's ability to obtain future financing; sensitivity to fuel price volatility; the impact of global financial conditions; the impact of currency fluctuations; the effect of market conditions on the Company's short-term investments; the Company's ability to make payments, including any payments of principal and interest on the Company's debt facilities, which depends on the cash flow of its subsidiaries; the ability to obtain adequate insurance coverage; changes to taxation laws or royalty structures in the jurisdictions where the Company operates, and (C) risks related to operational matters and geotechnical issues and the Company's continued ability to successfully manage such matters, including: unanticipated ground and water conditions; the stability of the pit walls at the Company's operations leading to structural cave-ins, wall failures or rock-slides; the integrity of tailings storage facilities and the management thereof, including as to stability, compliance with laws, regulations, licenses and permits, controlling seepages and storage of water, where applicable; there being no significant disruptions affecting the activities of the Company whether due to extreme weather events or other related natural disasters, labour disruptions, supply disruptions, power disruptions, damage to equipment or other force majeure events; the risk of having sufficient water to continue operations at the Mount Milligan Mine and achieve expected mill throughput; changes to, or delays in the Company's supply chain and transportation routes, including cessation or disruption in rail and shipping networks, whether caused by decisions of third-party providers or force majeure events (including, but not limited to: labour action, flooding, landslides, seismic activity, wildfires, earthquakes, pandemics, or other global events such as wars); lower than expected ore grades or recovery rates; the success of the Company's future exploration and development activities, including the financial and political risks inherent in carrying out exploration activities; inherent risks associated with the use of sodium cyanide in the mining operations; the adequacy of the Company's insurance to mitigate operational and corporate risks; mechanical breakdowns; the occurrence of any labour unrest or disturbance and the ability of the Company to successfully renegotiate collective agreements when required; the risk that Centerra's workforce and operations may be exposed to widespread epidemic or pandemic; seismic activity, including earthquakes; wildfires; long lead-times required for equipment and supplies given the remote location of some of the Company's operating properties and disruptions caused by global events; reliance on a limited number of suppliers for certain consumables, equipment and components; the ability of the Company to address physical and transition risks from climate change and sufficiently manage stakeholder expectations on climate-related issues; regulations regarding greenhouse gas emissions and climate change; significant volatility of molybdenum prices resulting in material working capital changes and unfavourable pressure on viability of the molybdenum business; the Company's ability to accurately predict decommissioning and reclamation costs and the assumptions they rely upon; the Company's ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; competition for mineral acquisition opportunities; risks associated with the conduct of joint ventures/partnerships; risk of cyber incidents such as cybercrime, malware or ransomware, data breaches, fines and penalties; and, the Company's ability to manage its projects effectively and to mitigate the potential lack of availability of contractors, budget and timing overruns, and project resources.

There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Forward-looking statements are provided for the purpose of providing information about management's expectations and plans relating to the future. All of the forward-looking statements made in this document are qualified by these cautionary statements and those made in our other filings with the securities regulators of Canada and the United States including, but not limited to, those set out in the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 40-F/Annual Information Form and Management's Discussion and Analysis, each under the heading "Risk Factors", which are available on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca) or on EDGAR (www.sec.gov/edgar). The foregoing should be reviewed in conjunction with the information, risk factors and assumptions found in this document.

The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, or whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable law.

Christopher Richings, Professional Engineer, member of the Professional Engineers of Ontario and Engineers and Geoscientists British Columbia and Centerra's Vice President, Technical Services, has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information contained in this presentation. Mr. Richings is a "qualified person" within the meaning of the Canadian Securities Administrator's NI 43-101 Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects.

Use of Non-GAAP and Other Specified Financial Measures

This document contains “specified financial measures” within the meaning of NI 52-112, specifically the non-GAAP financial measures, non-GAAP ratios and supplementary financial measures described below. Management believes that the use of these measures assists analysts, investors and other stakeholders of the Company in understanding the costs associated with producing gold and copper, understanding the economics of gold and copper mining, assessing operating performance, the Company’s ability to generate free cash flow from current operations and on an overall Company basis, and for planning and forecasting of future periods. However, the measures have limitations as analytical tools as they may be influenced by the point in the life cycle of a specific mine and the level of additional exploration or other expenditures a company has to make to fully develop its properties. The specified financial measures used in this MD&A do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers, even as compared to other issuers who may be applying the World Gold Council (“WGC”) guidelines. Accordingly, these specified financial measures should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for, analysis of the Company’s recognized measures presented in accordance with IFRS.

The following is a description of the non-GAAP financial measures, non-GAAP ratios and supplementary financial measures used in this document:

- All-in sustaining costs on a by-product basis per ounce is a non-GAAP ratio calculated as all-in sustaining costs on a by-product basis divided by ounces of gold sold. All-in sustaining costs on a by-product basis is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as the aggregate of production costs as recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings, refining and transport costs, the cash component of capitalized stripping and sustaining capital expenditures, lease payments related to sustaining assets, corporate general and administrative expenses, accretion expenses, asset retirement depletion expenses, copper and silver revenue and the associated impact of hedges of by-product sales revenue. When calculating all-in sustaining costs on a by-product basis, all revenue received from the sale of copper from the Mount Milligan Mine, as reduced by the effect of the copper stream, is treated as a reduction of costs incurred. A reconciliation of all-in sustaining costs on a by-product basis to the nearest IFRS measure is set out below. Management uses these measures to monitor the cost management effectiveness of each of its operating mines.
- Sustaining capital expenditures and Non-sustaining capital expenditures are non-GAAP financial measures. Sustaining capital expenditures are defined as those expenditures required to sustain current operations and exclude all expenditures incurred at new operations or major projects at existing operations where these projects will materially benefit the operation. Non-sustaining capital expenditures are primarily costs incurred at ‘new operations’ and costs related to ‘major projects at existing operations’ where these projects will materially benefit the operation. A material benefit to an existing operation is considered to be at least a 10% increase in annual or life of mine production, net present value, or reserves compared to the remaining life of mine of the operation. A reconciliation of sustaining capital expenditures and non-sustaining capital expenditures to the nearest IFRS measures is set out below. Management uses the distinction of the sustaining and non-sustaining capital expenditures as an input into the calculation of all-in sustaining costs per ounce and all-in costs per ounce.
- Adjusted net earnings (loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by adjusting net (loss) earnings as recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings for items not associated with ongoing operations. The Company believes that this generally accepted industry measure allows the evaluation of the results of income-generating capabilities and is useful in making comparisons between periods. This measure adjusts for the impact of items not associated with ongoing operations. A reconciliation of adjusted net (loss) earnings to the nearest IFRS measures is set out below. Management uses this measure to monitor and plan for the operating performance of the Company in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- Free cash flow (deficit) is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated as cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations less property, plant and equipment additions. A reconciliation of free cash flow to the nearest IFRS measures is set out below. Management uses this measure to monitor the amount of cash available to reinvest in the Company and allocate for shareholder returns.
- Mining costs per tonne mined is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by dividing the mining costs by the number of tonnes mined. Management uses these measures to monitor the cost management effectiveness of the mining process for each of its operating mines.
- Processing costs per tonne stacked is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by dividing the processing costs by the number of tonnes milled or stacked. Management uses these measures to monitor the cost management effectiveness of the mine processing for each of its operating mines.
- Site G&A costs per tonne processed is a non-GAAP financial measure calculated by dividing the site G&A costs by the number of tonnes milled or stacked. Management uses these measures to monitor the cost management effectiveness of the site G&A process for each of its operating mines.
- Average realized gold price is a supplementary financial measure calculated by dividing the different components of gold sales (including third party sales, mark-to-market adjustments, final pricing adjustments and the fixed amount received under the Mount Milligan Mine Streaming Agreement) by the number of ounces sold. Management uses this measure to monitor its sales of gold ounces against the average market gold price.
- Average realized copper price is a supplementary financial measure calculated by dividing the different components of copper sales (including third party sales, mark-to-market adjustments, final pricing adjustments and the fixed amount received under the Mount Milligan Mine Streaming Agreement) by the number of pounds sold. Management uses this measure to monitor its sales of gold ounces against the average market copper price.
- Total liquidity is a supplementary financial measure calculated as cash and cash equivalents and amount available under the corporate credit facility. Credit facility availability is reduced by outstanding letters of credit. Management uses this measure to determine if the Company can meet all of its commitments, execute on the business plan, and to mitigate the risk of economic downturns.
- Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization. It is calculated by adjusting net earnings as recorded in the consolidated statements of earnings by depreciation and amortization. Management uses this measure to monitor and plan for the operating performance of the Company in conjunction with other data prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Additional information about these measures, including explanations of their composition, explanations of how these measures provide useful information to investors and quantitative reconciliations to the most directly comparable financial measures in the Company’s unaudited financial statements for the quarters ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, is included in the section titled “Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures” of the Q4 2025 MD&A, which section is incorporated by reference herein. The Q4 2025 MD&A is available under the Company’s profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.



Centerra delivered strong annual production and outperformed annual cost guidance

Q4 2025 HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ Strong operational execution in Q4 2025
 - ◆ Q4 production: 70,853 ozs gold; 13.0M lbs copper
 - ◆ Q4 gold production costs: \$1,259/oz
 - ◆ Q4 AISC on a by-product basis⁽¹⁾: \$1,646/oz
- ◆ Strong free cash flow generation: In Q4 2025, cash flow from ops was \$103 million and free cash flow was \$12 million
- ◆ Ended 2025 with a **cash balance of \$529 million**, bringing total liquidity to over \$925 million. **Strong financial position provides flexibility to full fund organic growth pipeline**



FULL YEAR 2025 HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ Exceeded midpoint of consolidated gold production guidance; Outperformed cost guidance ranges
 - ◆ FY 2025 production: 275,316 ozs gold; 50.5M lbs copper
 - ◆ FY 2025 gold product costs: \$1,297/oz
 - ◆ FY 2025 AISC on a by-product basis⁽¹⁾: \$1,614/oz
- ◆ 2025 shareholder returns: \$135 million (\$94 million in buybacks; \$41 million in dividends)
- ◆ Executing on self-funded growth strategy: Published Mount Milligan PFS; Advanced Goldfield; Published Kemess PEA



(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's latest MD&A.

Kemess Preliminary Economic Assessment Summary⁽¹⁾

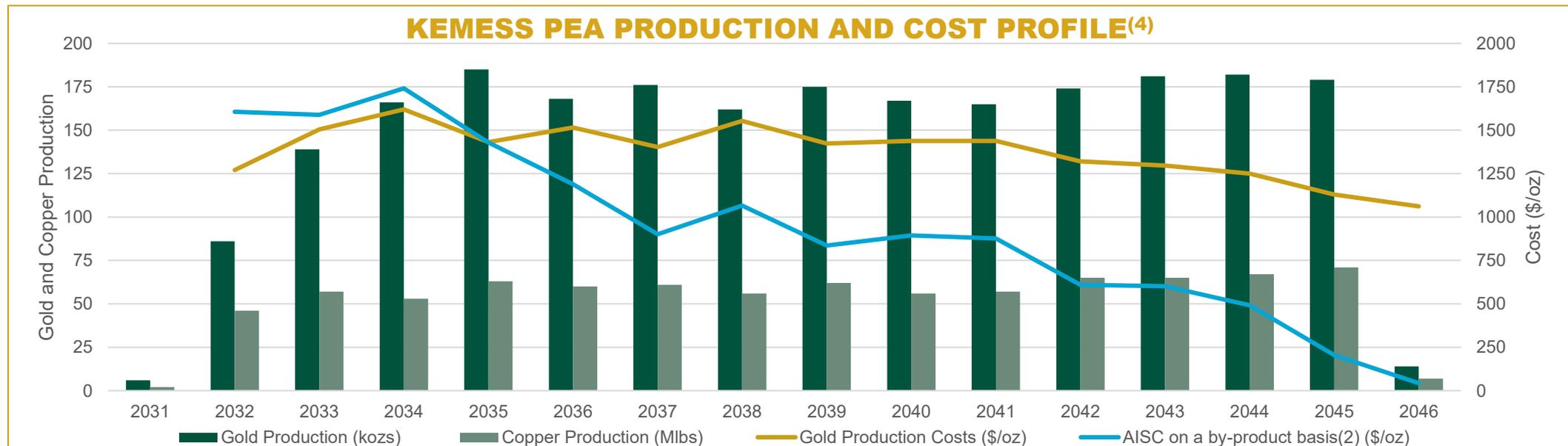
Kemess PEA shows robust economics, including \$1.1B after-tax NPV_{5%} and 16% IRR based on \$3,000/oz Au and \$4.50/lb Cu price⁽¹⁾; At spot commodity prices⁽³⁾ the after-tax NPV_{5%} increases to \$2.8B

KEMESS EXPANDED MINERAL RESOURCE

- Expanded mineral resource enhances the project's overall scale and supports long-term production potential
 - Indicated mineral resource includes 244 million tonnes, with an average grade of 0.42 g/t gold and 0.21% copper, containing 3.3 million ounces of gold and 1.1 billion pounds of copper.
 - Inferred mineral resource includes 300 million tonnes, with an average grade of 0.37 g/t gold and 0.19% copper, containing 3.6 million ounces of gold and 1.2 billion pounds copper.

STRONG PROJECT ECONOMICS

- Enhanced project attractiveness through leverage to higher metal price: The PEA mineral inventory provides Kemess with strong leverage to rising metal prices, with further upside potential as ongoing exploration advances resource growth and confidence.
- Potential to become Centerra's second long-life gold-copper asset in British Columbia: Kemess is a high-quality growth project, capable of contributing meaningful gold and copper production in the Toadoggone, a prospective district.

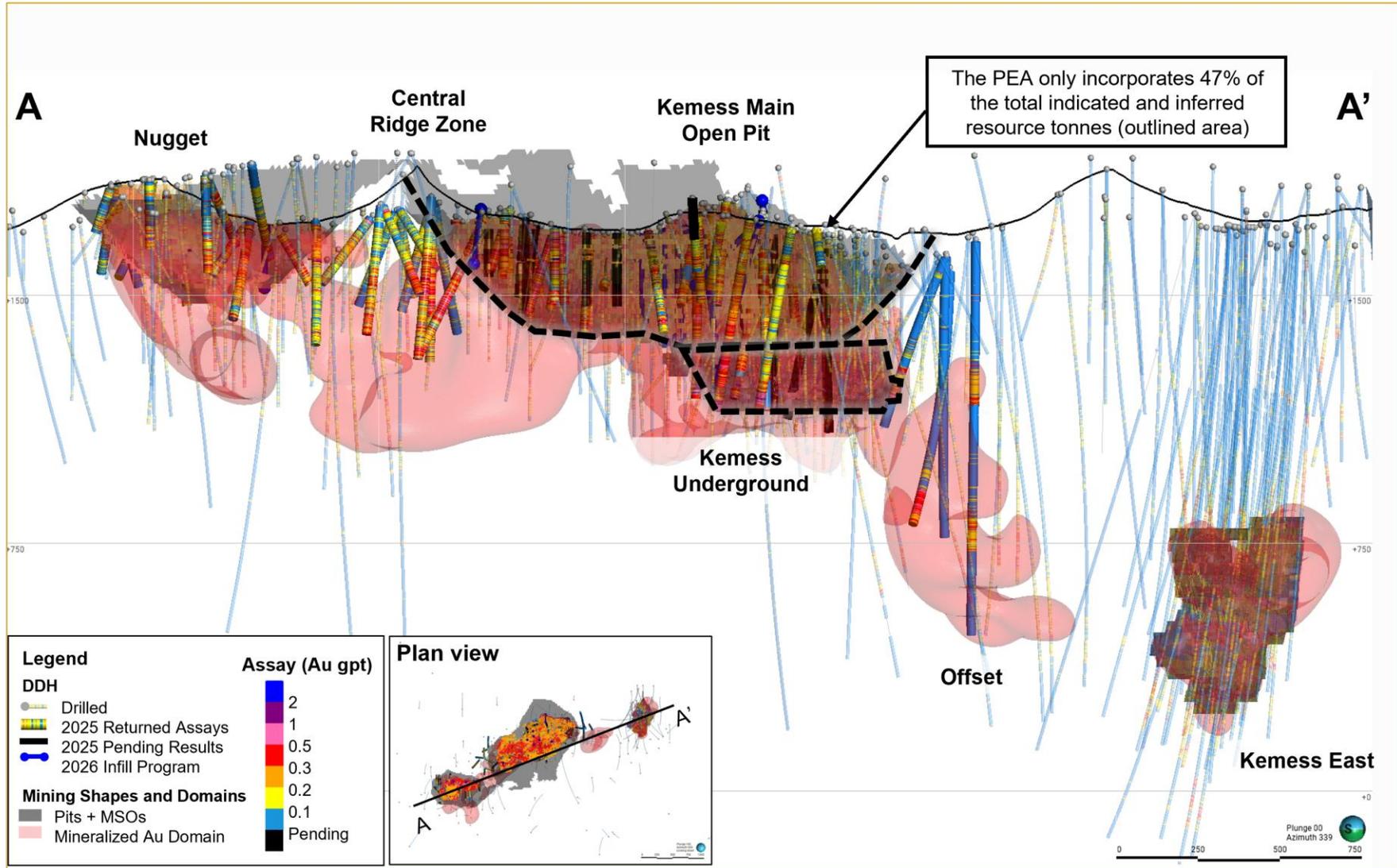


(1) Refer to the news release titled "Centerra Gold's Kemess Preliminary Economic Assessment Highlights Strong Economics that Support the Company's Long-Term Growth Pipeline", published January 19, 2026. The preliminary economic assessment ("PEA") described throughout this presentation is preliminary in nature and includes inferred mineral resources that are considered too speculative geologically to have the economic considerations applied to them that would enable them to be categorized as mineral reserves, and there is no certainty that the PEA will be realized. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. (2) Non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's latest MD&A. (3) Spot commodity price assumptions are \$4,500/oz gold and \$6.00/lb copper. (4) AISC on a by-product basis is presented net of copper and silver revenues, after reflecting the impact of the silver stream.



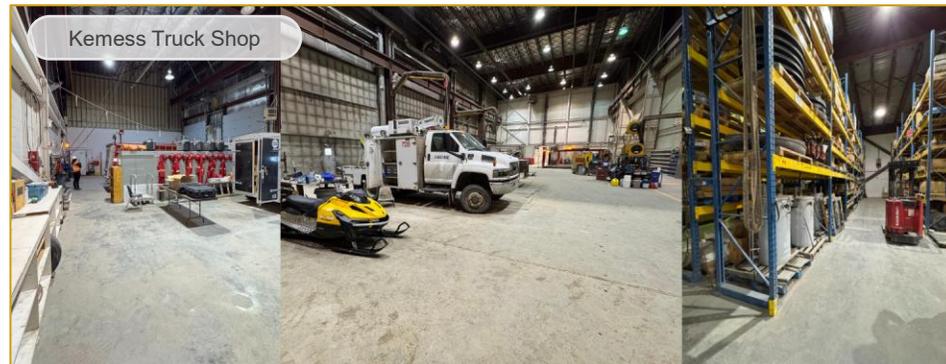
Kemess Mineralization Cross Section

The Kemess property benefits from significant exploration upside potential in the deep Kemess Offset zone and along the Kemess East trend



Kemess Capital Investment

Kemess has a lower execution risk resulting from existing infrastructure and a staged capital investment



STAGED CAPITAL INVESTMENT AT KEMESS

- ◆ Kemess's capital profile is structured to reflect the project's development sequence, with \$771M in initial non-sustaining capital expenditures⁽¹⁾ required to achieve first production from the open pit.
- ◆ An additional \$227M in expansionary non-sustaining capital expenditures⁽¹⁾ are estimated following open pit start-up to support commencement of underground operations.

Initial Non-Sustaining Capital ⁽¹⁾ Breakdown	Total (\$M)
Open pit conveyor system	65
Open pit crusher	25
Process plant refurbishment	96
Kemess Main infrastructure	53
General site infrastructure	27
Tailings Facility (existing Kemess South pit)	9
Subtotal Infrastructure Directs	275
Indirects	110
Contingency	115
Subtotal Infrastructure	500
Capitalized open pit stripping	124
Capitalized pre-production G&A	101
Open pit fleet	7
Open pit conveyor tunnel development	39
Total Initial Non-Sustaining Capital^(1,2)	771

(1) Non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's latest MD&A. (2) Does not include lease payments of \$40M which impact net cash flow.



▶ **Advancing responsible operations through permitting certainty and strong community impact**

MOUNT MILLIGAN PERMIT APPROVALS

- ◆ Successful receipt of all required permits to allow for continuation of Mount Milligan’s operations through 2035
- ◆ Receipt of these permit amendments in less than one year reflects both the strength of Centerra’s engagement with regulators and British Columbia’s commitment to supporting responsible economic development



ÖKSÜT SOCIAL PERFORMANCE AWARDS

- ◆ Öksüt won 9 awards across four leading international organizations, recognizing our efforts in social responsibility
- ◆ The awards reflect initiatives focused on empowering local female entrepreneurs, supporting youth education, strengthening environmental stewardship, and contributing to broader community development



Mount Milligan Operating Highlights



▶ **2025 gold and copper production in line with guidance; Costs outperformed the guidance range**

Q4 AND FULL YEAR 2025 HIGHLIGHTS

Production:

- ◆ Q4 2025: 44,105 ounces gold and 13.0M pounds copper
- ◆ FY 2025: 147,581 ounces of gold and 50.5M pounds copper
 - ◆ In line with recently published PFS mine plan

Costs:

- ◆ Q4 2025 gold production costs: \$1,306/oz
- ◆ Q4 2025 AISC on a by-product basis⁽¹⁾: \$913/oz
- ◆ FY 2025 gold production costs: \$1,388
- ◆ FY 2025 AISC on a by-product basis⁽¹⁾: \$1,194/oz
 - ◆ Outperformed the cost guidance ranges

2026 GUIDANCE

- ◆ **Production:** 140,000 – 155,000 ozs gold; 50 – 60M lbs copper
 - ◆ Operating metrics, including gold and copper grades and recoveries are expected to be in line with the recently announced PFS mine plan
- ◆ **Gold production costs** of \$1,450 – \$1,550/oz;
AISC on by-product basis⁽¹⁾ of \$1,200 – \$1,300/oz

Operating Highlights

	Q4 2025	Q4 2025 YTD
Tonnes mined (000s)	11,134	46,857
Tonnes ore mined (000s)	5,637	22,761
Tonnes ore processed (000s)	5,334	20,665
Process plant head grade gold (g/t)	0.44	0.38
Process plant head grade copper (%)	0.16%	0.16%
Gold recovery (%)	59.0%	60.3%
Copper recovery (%)	73.5%	75.8%
Gold produced ⁽²⁾ / Gold sold ⁽²⁾ (oz)	44,105 / 38,264	147,581 / 140,720
Copper produced ⁽²⁾ / Copper sold ⁽²⁾ (M lbs)	13.0 / 12.5	50.5 / 50.0



(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the “Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures” section of the Company’s latest MD&A. (2) Mount Milligan Mine production and sales are presented on a 100% basis. Under the Mount Milligan streaming agreement, Royal Gold is entitled to 35% of gold ounces sold and 18.75% of copper pounds sold. Royal Gold pays \$435 per ounce of gold delivered and 15% of the spot price per tonne of copper delivered.

Öksüt Mine Operating Highlights



2025 production and costs outperformed guidance ranges

Q4 AND FULL YEAR 2025 HIGHLIGHTS

Production:

- Q4 2025: 26,748 ounces of gold
- FY 2025: 127,734 ounces of gold
 - Exceeded the 2025 guidance range

Costs:

- Q4 2025 AISC on a by-product basis⁽¹⁾: \$1,748/oz
- FY 2025 AISC on a by-product basis⁽¹⁾: \$1,613/oz
 - Outperformed the 2025 guidance range

2026 GUIDANCE

- **Production:** 110,000 – 125,000 ozs gold
- **Gold production costs** of \$1,650 – \$1,750/oz;
AISC on by-product basis⁽¹⁾ of \$1,850 – \$1,950/oz

LIFE OF MINE OPTIMIZATION STUDY

- **End of 2026:** Work progresses on a Life of Mine Optimization study to evaluate the incremental production potential of residual leaching of the heap and the inclusion of low-grade oxide mineralization, outside of the current reserve pit, into the mine plan

Operating Highlights

	Q4 2025	Q4 2025 YTD
Tonnes mined (000s)	5,296	17,950
Tonnes ore mined (000s)	633	4,496
Ore mined – grade (g/t)	1.62	1.26
Ore crushed (000s)	428	4,027
Tonnes of ore stacked (000s)	430	4,144
Heap leach grade (g/t)	1.95	1.29
Heap leach contained ounces stacked (oz)	26,908	172,460
Gold produced (oz)	26,748	127,734
Gold sold (oz)	29,879	130,487



(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the “Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures” section of the Company’s latest MD&A.



Thompson Creek Restart: Q4 2025 Highlights

Updated project cost estimate of \$425-\$450M; Schedule remains on track for first production in mid-2027

THOMPSON CREEK RESTART HIGHLIGHTS

Capital Expenditures

- Q4 2025 Non-sustaining capital expenditures⁽¹⁾: \$51 million
- Total non-sustaining capital expenditures⁽¹⁾ since the restart decision in September 2024: \$164 million
- By the end of Q4 2025, **27% of the infrastructure refurbishment is complete**

2026 Guidance

- 2026 non-sustaining capital⁽¹⁾ guidance: \$190-220 million

Updated Project Cost Estimate

- Project cost estimate increased by 5-10%, from \$397 million to \$425-450 million.
- Reflects modest inflationary impact from 2024 study estimates, additional maintenance requirements for certain mining equipment, and refinements to the mine plan
- Includes the pull-forward of select activities, including the tailings dam toe buttress, to further de-risk execution and support the overall project schedule
- The project remains on track, with first production expected in mid-2027



(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the “Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures” section of the Company’s latest MD&A.



Financials (\$M, except as noted)

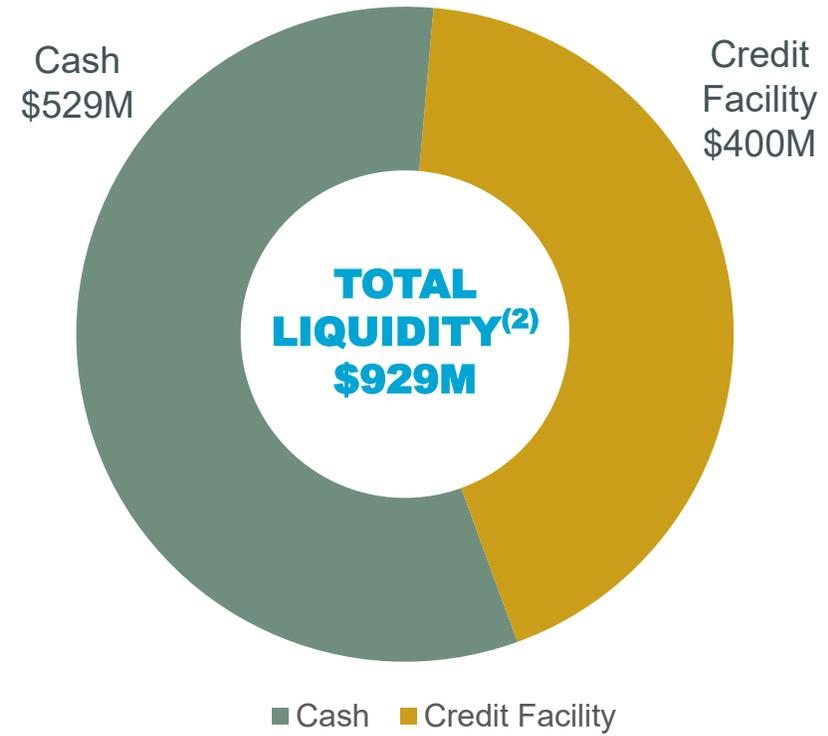
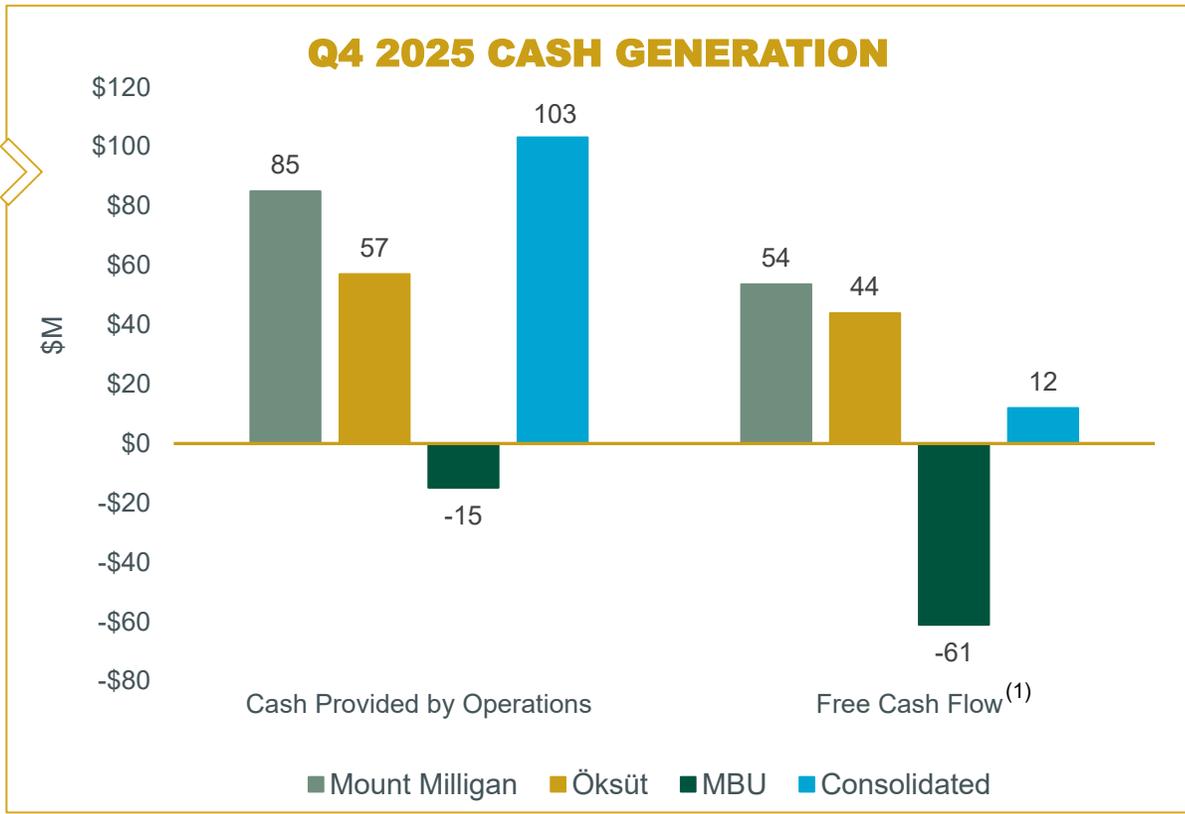
	Q4 2025	Q4 2025 YTD
Net earnings (loss)	\$192.8	\$584.0
Net earnings (loss) per common share - \$/share basic ⁽²⁾	\$0.96	\$2.85
Adjusted net earnings (loss) ⁽¹⁾	\$83.2	\$228.6
Adjusted net earnings (loss) per common share - \$/share basic ^(1,2)	\$0.41	\$1.12
Gold ounces sold	68,143	271,210
Average realized gold price (\$/oz) ⁽³⁾	\$3,415	\$2,994
Copper pounds sold (000s)	12,541	50,029
Average realized copper price (\$/lb) ⁽³⁾	\$4.69	\$3.96
Molybdenum pounds sold (000s)	3,607	14,048
Average realized molybdenum price (\$/lb)	\$23.78	\$22.60
Gold production costs (\$/oz) ⁽⁴⁾	\$1,259	\$1,297
All-in sustaining costs on a by-product basis ^(1,2,4) (\$/oz)	\$1,646	\$1,614
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$115.2	\$295.5
Total capital expenditures ⁽¹⁾	\$96.0	\$255.2

(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's latest MD&A. (2) As at December 31, 2025 the Company had 199,806,355 common shares issued and outstanding. (3) This supplementary financial measure within the meaning of National Instrument 52-11 Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures Disclosure ("NI 51-112") is calculated as a ratio of revenue from the consolidated financial statements and units of metal sold and includes the impact from the Mount Milligan streaming arrangement; copper hedges and mark-to-market adjustments on metal sold not yet fully settled. (4) All per unit costs metrics are expressed on a metal sold basis.



Financial Highlights

Strong cash flow generation from Mount Milligan and Öksüt in Q4 2025; Total liquidity of \$929 million



(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the "Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures" section of the Company's latest MD&A.. (2) As at December 31, 2025. Total liquidity is calculated as cash and cash equivalents, plus the amount available under the credit facility.



2026 Consolidated Guidance

	2025 Actuals	2026 Guidance
Gold Production (Koz)	275	250 – 280
Copper Production ^(2,3,4) (Mlb)	50	50 – 60
Gold Production Costs (\$/oz)	1,297	1,500 – 1,600
All-in Sustaining Costs on a by-product basis ^(1,3,4) (\$/oz)	1,614	1,650 – 1,750
Additions to PP&E (\$M)	295.5	360 – 435
Sustaining Capital Expenditures ⁽¹⁾ (\$M)	103.6	85 – 105
Non-sustaining Capital Expenditures ⁽¹⁾ (\$M)	151.6	260 – 315
Total exploration costs ⁽⁵⁾	46.6	40 – 50
Total project evaluation costs (primarily related to Kemess)	11.8	18 – 25
Current income tax & BC mineral tax expense (\$M)	98.8	111 – 133



(1) Non-GAAP financial measures ratios. Refer to the “Non-GAAP and Other Financial Measures” section of the Company’s latest MD&A. (2) The Mount Milligan Mine is subject to an arrangement with RGLD Gold AG and Royal Gold Inc. (together, “Royal Gold”) which entitles Royal Gold to purchase 35% and 18.75% of gold and copper produced, respectively, and requires Royal Gold to pay \$435 per ounce of gold and 15% of the spot price per metric tonne of copper delivered (“Mount Milligan Mine Streaming Agreement”). Using assumed market prices of \$4,500 per ounce of gold and \$5.00 per pound of copper for 2026, the Mount Milligan Mine’s average realized gold and copper price for 2026 would be \$3,077 per ounce and \$4.20 per pound, respectively, compared to average realized prices of \$2,608 per ounce and \$3.96 per pound in 2025, when factoring in the Mount Milligan Streaming Agreement and concentrate refining and treatment costs. (3) Gold production for 2026 at the Mount Milligan Mine assumes estimated recoveries of 60% to 62% and compares to actual gold recovery of 60.3% achieved in 2025. Copper production for 2025 assumes recovery 75% to 77% for copper and compares to actual copper recovery of 75.8% achieved in 2025. (4) Unit costs include a credit for forecasted copper sales treated as by-product for all-in sustaining costs. Production for copper and gold reflects estimated metallurgical losses resulting from handling of the concentrate and metal deductions levied by smelters. (5) Total and brownfield exploration costs include capitalized exploration costs at the Mount Milligan Mine of \$7.6 million spent in 2025, and \$4 to \$6 million projected for the full year of 2026.

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