

REFINITIV

# DELTA REPORT

## 10-K

OPCH - OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.

10-K - DECEMBER 31, 2023 COMPARED TO 10-K - DECEMBER 31, 2022

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	2075
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 CHANGES	375
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 DELETIONS	875
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 ADDITIONS	825
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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

(Mark One)

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-11993

 optioncarehealthrgba06.jpg

OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

05-0489664

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) incorporation or organization

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3000 Lakeside Dr. Suite 300N, Bannockburn, IL

60015

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

312-940-2443

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	OPCH	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☒

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to § 240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the registrant's Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of **June 30, 2022** **June 30, 2023**, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, was approximately **\$4,017,947,091** **\$5,843,997,419** based on the closing price of the registrant's Common Stock on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on such date.

As of **February 20, 2023** **February 19, 2024**, there were **181,957,711** **173,498,090** shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

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#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for its **2023** **2024** Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") within 120 days after the close of the registrant's fiscal year are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

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## Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (“Annual Report”) contains statements not purely historical and which may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), including statements regarding our expectations, beliefs, future plans and strategies, anticipated events or trends concerning matters that are not historical facts or that necessarily depend upon future events. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as “may,” “will,” “should,” “could,” “would,” “expect,” “plan,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “project,” “predict,” “potential,” “intend,” and similar expressions. This Annual Report contains, among others, forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including those described in Item 1A. “Risk Factors”.

Investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, involve risks and uncertainties and that actual results may differ materially from those possible results discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

Do not place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements as they speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required by law, Option Care Health, Inc. assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement even if experience or future changes make it clear that any projected results expressed or implied therein will not be realized.

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## PART I

### Item 1. *Business*

#### Overview

Option Care Health, Inc. ("Option Care Health", "we", "us", "our", or the "Company") is the largest independent provider of home and alternate site infusion services through its national network of 163 177 locations in 44 43 states. Option Care Health draws on over 40 years of clinical care experience to offer patient-centered, cost-effective infusion therapy. Option Care Health's infusion services include the clinical management of infusion therapy, nursing support and care coordination. Option Care Health's multidisciplinary team of more than 4,500 clinicians, including pharmacists, pharmacy technicians, nurses and dietitians, are able to provide infusion service coverage for nearly all patients across the United States ("U.S.") needing treatment for complex and chronic medical conditions.

On April 7, 2015, HC Group Holdings II, Inc. ("HC II") and its sole shareholder, HC Group Holdings I, LLC. ("HC I"), collectively acquired Walgreens Infusion Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries from Walgreen Co., and the business was rebranded as Option Care, Inc. ("Option Care").

On March 14, 2019, HC I and HC II entered into a definitive agreement (the "Merger Agreement") to merge with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of BioScrip, Inc. ("BioScrip") (the "Merger"), a national provider of infusion and home care management solutions, which was completed on August 6, 2019 (the "Merger Date"). Following the close of the Merger, BioScrip was rebranded as Option Care Health, Inc.

Option Care Health contracts with managed care organizations, third-party payers, hospitals, physicians and other referral sources to provide pharmaceuticals and complex compounded solutions to patients for intravenous delivery in the patients' homes or other nonhospital settings. Our services are provided in coordination with, and under the direction of, the patient's physician. Our multidisciplinary team of clinicians, including pharmacists, nurses, dietitians and respiratory therapists, work with the physician to develop a plan of care suited to each patient's specific needs. We provide home infusion services consisting of anti-infectives, nutrition support, chronic inflammatory disorders, and neurological disorders, immunoglobulin therapy, and other therapies for chronic and acute conditions. The Company operates in one segment, infusion services.

The Company's operating model enables it to provide favorable outcomes to its stakeholders as follows:

- **Patients. Patients.** The Company improves patients' quality of life by allowing them to receive infusion therapy at home or at one of its ambulatory infusion suites. In addition, the Company helps manage patients' conditions through counseling and education regarding their treatment and by providing ongoing monitoring to encourage patient compliance with the prescribed therapy. The Company also provides services to help patients receive reimbursement benefits.
- **Payers. Payers.** The Company provides payers with a comprehensive approach to meeting their pharmacy service needs and providing a cost-effective solution. The Company's provision of infusion pharmacy services in the patient's home or at one of its local ambulatory infusion suites offers a lower cost alternative to providing these therapies in a hospital setting. The Company also provides payers with utilization and outcome data to evaluate therapy effectiveness.
- **Providers. Providers.** The Company provides providers with timely patient clinical support by providing care management related to their patients' pharmacy needs and improving compliance with therapy protocols. The Company eliminates the need for providers to carry inventories of high-cost prescriptions by distributing the medications directly to patients' homes.
- **Pharmaceutical Manufacturers. Manufacturers.** The Company collaborates with pharmaceutical manufacturers to provide a broad distribution channel for their existing pharmaceuticals and their new product launches. The Company implements patient monitoring programs that encourage compliance with the prescribed therapy. The Company also provides valuable clinical information in the form of outcomes and compliance data to manufacturers to aid in their evaluation of the efficacy of their products.

- **Health Systems.** The Company partners with health systems across the country to provide seamless transitional care within an effective post-acute care network to manage patients across the continuum of care. The Company assists partnered health systems in monitoring key metrics that tie back to what most payers monitor in their value based contracts.

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## Quality

Quality is at the core of the Company's mission as it strives to deliver quality healthcare, leading to favorable outcomes and more cost-effective care. The Company offers comprehensive services that align with specific healthcare provider needs and has demonstrated success in improving outcomes across a broad range of therapies through improved clinical-reported patient adherence rates and decreased rates of unplanned hospital re-admissions.

The Company's commitment to continuous quality improvement to provide optimal outcomes for its patients is evidenced by its national accreditations, including accreditations from Accreditation Commission for Health Care ("ACHC"), Pharmacy Compounding Accreditation Board ("PCAB"), American Society of Health-System Pharmacists ("ASHP") and Utilization Review Accreditation Commission ("URAC").

ACHC accreditation is awarded to healthcare organizations that meet regulatory requirements and accreditation standards, and PCAB accreditation offers the most comprehensive compliance solution in the industry based on more than 40 sterile compounding standards in the U.S. Pharmacopeia Pharmaceutical Compounding - Sterile Preparations Standards ("USP 797").

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## Services

The Company is the largest independent provider of home and alternate site infusion services. The Company's services are most typically provided in the patient's home, but may also be provided at clinics, physicians' offices or ambulatory infusion suites. The Company provides a broad therapy portfolio through its network of 96 93 full-service pharmacies and 67 84 stand-alone ambulatory infusion suites. The Company's home infusion services include medication and supplies for administration and use at home or within one of its ambulatory infusion suites, consultation and education regarding the patient's condition and the prescribed medication nursing support, clinical monitoring and assistance in monitoring potential side effects, and assistance in obtaining reimbursement. The Company administers a wide variety of therapies and services, including the following:

- **Anti-Infectives Infusion.** The Company provides comprehensive home infusion services to combat serious infections in patients of all ages. The Company's anti-infective therapy and services help avoid hospitalizations for many infections that can be safely treated at home.
- **Nutrition Support.** The Company delivers comprehensive nutrition support across pediatric, adult, and geriatric patients. The Company's expert team provides home parenteral nutrition and enteral nutrition support for numerous acute and chronic conditions negatively affecting nutritional status, such as stroke, cancer, and gastrointestinal diseases.
- **Immunoglobulin Infusion.** The Company offers expertise, access, and support in immunoglobulin ("IG") infusion therapy designed to treat immune deficiencies. Immune deficiencies are disorders that reduce the patient's ability to identify and destroy substances that do not belong in the human body and are characterized by reduced levels of antibodies. Intravenous IG infusions are concentrated antibodies that have been purified from large numbers of human blood donors.
- **Chronic Inflammatory Disorders Disorders.** The Company treats chronic inflammatory disorders, which include Crohn's disease, plaque psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, ulcerative colitis, and other chronic inflammatory disorders.
- **Neurological Disorders.** The Company provides an array of treatments to manage the progression of neurological disorders such as Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy, Multiple Sclerosis, and other neurological disorders.
- **Bleeding Disorders Infusion.** As a provider of home infusion therapy for hemophilia and von Willebrand disease, the Company streamlines the administrative burdens associated with infusion therapies for bleeding disorders. The Company works with medical specialists across the country to offer access to all approved factor products, a full range of therapies, and dedicated support services. Hemophilia is one of the most costly diseases to treat. The treatment goal is to raise the level of the deficient clotting factor and maintain it to stop the bleeding. Treatments include infusion of the clotting factor products and other biologic prescription drugs. The length of treatment depends on the severity of the bleeding episode, and the need for treatment continues throughout the life of the patient.

- **Women's Health.** The Company offers therapies that women need to survive and thrive through high-risk pregnancies. Personalized programs in prematurity, nausea and vomiting hyperemesis, diabetes in pregnancy, and hypertension help meet the needs of each mother.
- **Heart Failure.** The Company administers home infusion services to treat heart failure, either in anticipation of cardiac transplant or to provide palliation of heart failure symptoms.
- **Other.** The Company offers a range of other infusion therapies to treat a variety of conditions, including pain management, chemotherapy and respiratory medication.

The Company also provides nursing services to support the above therapies, comprised of its nursing team of approximately 3,100 2,800 employees, and through its network of sub-contracted nursing agencies.

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## Sales and Marketing

The Company's sales and marketing efforts focus on three primary objectives: (1) building new relationships and expanding existing contracts with managed care organizations; (2) establishing, maintaining and strengthening relationships with local and regional patient referral sources; and (3) maintaining existing and developing new relationships with pharmaceutical manufacturers to gain distribution access as they release new products.

The Company's sales structure is focused on maintaining and expanding its relationships with drug manufacturers to establish its position as a participating provider when they release new products. In addition, the Company's sales structure allows it to leverage its national managed care relationships to provide sales and contract pull-through by the Company's local field-based sales personnel. This cross-utility enables the Company to market its services to numerous sources of patient referrals, including physicians, hospital discharge planners, hospital personnel, Health Maintenance Organizations ("HMOs") and Preferred Provider Organizations ("PPOs").

## Competition

The Company competes in the large and highly fragmented home and alternative site infusion market for contracts with managed care organizations and other third-party payers to receive referrals from physicians, case managers and hospital discharge planners. Competition in the home infusion market is based on quality of care, clinical outcomes, pricing and cost of service, reputation, and reliability of service. Its The Company's competitors within the home infusion market include Optum Infusion Pharmacy (a unit of the United Healthcare Insurance Company), Coram CVS/specialty infusion services (a division of CVS Health), Accredo Amerita Specialty Pharmacy (a division of BrightSpring Health), KabaFusion, Soleo Health Group, Inc. (a unit of Cigna), Brivo (a subsidiary of OptumRx, which is a unit of the United Healthcare Insurance Company) and various many smaller regional and local providers, home infusion companies, ambulatory infusion centers, or specialty pharmacies including Accredo, CVS Caremark, Optum Rx, and Orsini. The Company believes that its reputation for providing quality services, the strength of its national presence and its ability to effectively market its services at national, regional and local levels places it in a strong position against existing and potential competitors.

## Intellectual Property

The Company owns a variety of trademarks, licenses, and service marks, including but not limited to: "Option Care Health", "Option Care", "Critical Care Systems", "Clinical Specialties", "BioScrip", "BioScrip Infusion Services", "BioScrip Nursing Services", "BioScrip Pharmacy Services", "CarePoint Partners", "HomeChoice Partners", "InfuScience", "InfusionCare", "Infusion Partners", "Infusion Solutions", "New England Home Therapies", "Option Health", "Professional Home Care Services", "Wilcox Home Infusion", "Home Solutions", as well as several others.

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## Suppliers

The Company purchases pharmaceuticals and medical supplies directly through pharmaceutical manufacturers, authorized distributors and group purchasing organizations. Through the As a national pharmacy provider with broad coverage and clinical expertise of its 96 93 full-service pharmacies, the Company provides pharmaceutical manufacturers with a broad an extensive distribution channel for its existing and prospective pharmaceutical products. Many of the pharmaceuticals that the Company purchases are available from multiple sources and are available in sufficient quantities to meet its needs and the needs of the Company and its patients. However, some drugs are only available through sole distribution sources and/or limited distribution models from the manufacturer and that may be subject to limits on distribution. In such cases, it is important that the Company establishes and maintains good working relations relationships with the manufacturer to secure a sufficient supply to meet its patients' needs. Additionally, certain drugs may become subject to supply shortages. Such shortages can result in cost increases or hamper the Company's ability to obtain sufficient quantities to meet

the needs of its patients. The Company actively manages its relationships with direct manufacturers and distributors **for to provide differentiated access and service to ensure** consistent supply and cost-effective procurement. These relationships provide the Company the opportunity to become a selected partner in the launch of their new products. The Company **receives may also receive** fees, which it records as revenue, from certain biotech manufacturers for providing them with **bona fide services often focused around clinical outcomes outcomes/data**. The Company's continued growth will be dependent on maintaining its existing relationships with manufacturers and establishing new relationships with additional manufacturers as the Company launches new products.

For the year ended **December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023**, approximately **73% 72%** of the Company's pharmaceutical and medical supply purchases were from four vendors. Although there are a limited number of suppliers, the Company believes that other vendors could provide similar products on comparable terms. However, a change in suppliers could cause delays in service delivery and possible losses in revenue, which could adversely affect the Company's financial condition or operating results.

Through the purchasing power of its national platform, the Company is able to negotiate favorable terms and economics, including volume purchase rebates and vendor administration fees. Such fees are recorded as reductions to cost of revenue when the pharmaceuticals are delivered to the patient.

## **Billing & Significant Payers**

The Company generates most of its revenue from contracts with third-party payers, including managed care organizations, insurance companies, self-insured employers, Medicare, and Medicaid programs. Where permissible, the Company bills patients for any amounts not reimbursed by third-party payers. The majority of the Company's infusion pharmacy revenue consists of **reimbursement reimbursements** for both the cost of the pharmaceuticals sold and the cost of services provided. Pharmaceuticals are typically reimbursed on a percentage discount from the published average wholesale price ("AWP") of each drug or on a percentage premium to average sales price ("ASP"). Nursing services are typically billed separately, while other patient support services, such as pharmacy compounding service, delivery service and ancillary medical supplies are reimbursed either separately or on a per diem basis, as applicable.

The Company's largest payer represented approximately 14% of its revenue for the year ended **December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023**. No other single payer represented more than 10% of its revenue. The Company also provides services that are directly reimbursable through government healthcare programs such as Medicare and state Medicaid programs. For the year ended **December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023**, approximately 12% of the Company's revenue was reimbursable through direct governmental programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid.

## **Matters Affecting Drug Prices**

Pricing benchmarks in the pharmacy industry are periodically published by third parties such as **First DataBank, Red Book**, Medi-Span, RJ Health, and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS"), and the benchmark reimbursement varies by payer contract. The most commonly used benchmarks are AWP and ASP. AWP is based on self-reported prices charged by wholesalers and manufacturers and reimbursement is generally AWP minus a percentage and may include a per diem fee or a fixed dispensing fee. ASP is based on actual sales transactions reported by wholesalers and is generally lower than AWP; reimbursement is generally ASP plus a percentage. The Company may also receive a fixed dispensing fee or a per diem fee for each day a patient is on service. Changes to these pricing benchmarks may have a significant impact on the profitability of the Company's business.

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## **Governmental Regulation**

The home infusion industry is subject to extensive regulation by a number of federal, state and local governmental entities. The industry is also subject to frequent regulatory changes. Laws and regulations in the healthcare industry are complex and, at times, the industry does not benefit from significant regulatory or judicial interpretation that would clarify how these laws and regulations should be applied. Moreover, the Company's business is also impacted by certain laws and regulations that are applicable to its managed care and other clients. If the Company fails to comply with the laws and regulations directly applicable to its business, the Company could suffer civil and/or criminal penalties, and the Company could be excluded from participating in Medicare, Medicaid and other federal and state healthcare programs, which would have an adverse impact on its business.

### **Professional Licensure**

Nurses, pharmacists and certain other healthcare professionals employed by the Company are required to be individually licensed or certified under applicable state law. The Company performs criminal and other background checks on employees and takes steps to ensure that its employees possess all necessary licenses and certifications, and the Company believes that its employees comply in all material respects with applicable licensure laws.

### **Pharmacy Licensing and Registration**

State laws require that each pharmacy location be licensed as an in-state pharmacy to dispense pharmaceuticals in that state. Certain states also require that pharmacy locations be licensed as out-of-state pharmacies if the Company delivers prescription pharmaceuticals into those states from



locations outside of the state. The Company believes that it materially complies with all applicable state licensing laws. If the Company is unable to maintain its licenses or if states place burdensome regulations on non-resident pharmacies, its ability to operate in some states would be limited, which could have an adverse impact on its business. Laws enforced by the Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA"), as well as some similar state agencies, require its pharmacy locations to individually register in order to handle controlled substances, including prescription pharmaceuticals. A separate registration is required at each principal place of business where the Company dispenses controlled substances. Federal and state laws also require that the Company follow specific labeling, reporting and record-keeping requirements for controlled substances. The Company maintains federal and state controlled substance registrations for each of its facilities that require such registration and materially follows procedures intended to comply with all applicable federal and state requirements regarding controlled substances.

Many states in which the Company operates also require home infusion companies to be licensed as home health agencies. The Company believes it is in material compliance with these laws, as applicable.

### **Privacy and Security Requirements**

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") as amended by the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act ("HITECH"), and its implementing regulations, regulate the use, disclosure, confidentiality, availability and integrity of individually identifiable health information, known as "protected health information," and provide for a number of individual rights with respect to such information. The federal privacy regulations (the "Privacy Regulations") are designed to protect health-related information that could be used to identify an individual's protected health information.

The requirements imposed by HIPAA are extensive, and the Company has taken and intends to continue to take steps to ensure its policies and procedures are in material compliance with the applicable provisions.

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### **Regulations**

*Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.* Certain provisions of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act ("FDCA") govern the handling and distribution of pharmaceutical products. This law exempts certain pharmaceuticals and medical devices from federal labeling and packaging requirements as long as they are not adulterated or misbranded and are dispensed in accordance with and pursuant to a valid prescription. The Company believes it materially complies with all applicable requirements. The FDCA also governs interstate commerce for pharmaceutical products. The Company cannot predict the impact of any future FDCA regulations on its ability to ship drugs to different states from its pharmacies.

The Drug Quality and Security Act ("DQSA") amended the FDCA to grant the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") authority to regulate the manufacturing of compounded pharmaceutical drugs. The Company materially complies with the PCAB Accreditation Standards for Sterile and Non-Sterile Pharmacy Compounding and pursues accreditation from quality associations. The Company believes it complies in all material respects with all applicable requirements of a non-outsourcing-facility pharmacy.

The FDA also regulates certain medical devices, such as infusion pumps, the Company uses to provide its services. In recent years, the FDA has increased its oversight of infusion pumps, resulting in additional requirements around patient education and adverse event reporting. The Company believes it complies in all material respects with all applicable requirements and that its employees have the level of proficiency required to use these devices and provide training to its patients.

*Anti-Kickback Statute.* The federal Anti-Kickback Statute prohibits individuals and entities from knowingly and willfully paying, offering, receiving, or soliciting money or anything else of value in order to induce the referral of patients or to induce a person to purchase, lease, order, arrange for, or recommend services or goods covered by Medicare, Medicaid, or other government healthcare programs. The Anti-Kickback Statute is broad and potentially covers many standard business arrangements. A number of states also have statutes and regulations that prohibit the same general types of conduct as those prohibited by the Anti-Kickback Statute described above. Violations can lead to significant criminal or civil penalties, including imprisonment. The Office of the Inspector General ("OIG") could also seek Civil Monetary Penalties ("CMP") or exclusion against individuals or entities who knowingly and willfully: (1) offer or pay remuneration, directly or indirectly, to induce referrals of government health care healthcare program business; or (2) solicit or receive remuneration, directly or indirectly, in return for referrals of government health care healthcare program business. The OIG of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") has published clarifying regulations that identify a limited number of safe harbors from criminal enforcement or civil administrative actions. The Company attempts to structure its business relationships to materially comply with these statutes and to

satisfy an applicable safe harbor, where applicable. However, in situations where a business relationship does not fully satisfy the elements of a safe harbor, or where no safe harbor exists, the Company attempts to satisfy as many elements of an applicable or equivalent safe harbor as possible.

**False Claims Act.** The Company is subject to state and federal laws that govern the submission of claims for reimbursement. These laws generally prohibit an individual or entity from knowingly and willfully presenting a claim or causing a claim to be presented for payment from a federal healthcare program that is false or fraudulent. The standard for “knowing and willful” may include conduct that amounts to a reckless disregard for the accuracy of information presented to payers. Penalties under these statutes include substantial civil and criminal fines, exclusion from the Medicare or Medicaid programs and imprisonment. One of the most prominent of these laws is the federal False Claims Act, which may be enforced by the federal government directly or by a private plaintiff by filing a *qui tam* lawsuit on the government’s behalf. Under the False Claims Act, the government and private plaintiffs, if any, may recover monetary penalties in the amount of \$13,508 to \$13,946 to \$27,018 to \$27,894 per false claim, as well as an amount equal to three times the amount of damages sustained by the government as a result of the false claim. A number of states, including states in which the Company operates, have adopted their own false claims statutes as well as statutes that allow individuals to bring *qui tam* actions. The Company believes that it has procedures in place to ensure the material accuracy of its claims.

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### **Ethics in Patient Referrals Law (“Stark Law”)**

The Stark Law exempts certain business relationships that meet its exception requirements. However, unlike the Anti-Kickback Statute under which an activity may fall outside a safe harbor and still be lawful, a referral for certain Designated Health Services (“DHS”) that does not fall within an exception is strictly prohibited by the Stark Law. In addition to the Stark Law, many of the states in which the Company operates have comparable restrictions on the ability of physicians to refer patients for certain services to entities with which the Company has a financial relationship. Certain of these state statutes mirror the Stark Law while others may be more restrictive. The Company attempts to structure all of its business relationships with physicians to comply with the Stark Law and any applicable state self-referral laws.

The federal Stark Law generally prohibits a physician from making referrals for certain DHS, reimbursable by Medicare or Medicaid, to entities with which the physician or an immediate family member has a financial relationship, unless an exception applies. A financial relationship is generally defined as an ownership, investment or compensation relationship. DHS includes outpatient pharmaceuticals, parenteral and enteral nutrition products, home health services, durable medical equipment, physical and occupational therapy services, and inpatient and outpatient hospital services. Among other sanctions, a CMP may be imposed for each bill or claim for a service a person knows or should know is for a service for which payment may not be made due to the Stark Law. Such persons or entities are also subject to exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. Any person or entity participating in a circumvention scheme to avoid the referral prohibitions is liable for CMPs, and additional fines may be imposed for failure to comply with reporting requirements regarding an entity’s ownership, investment and compensation arrangements for each day for which reporting is required to have been made under the Stark Law.

### **Human Capital Resources**

The Company’s mission is to transform healthcare by providing innovative services that improve outcomes, reduce costs and deliver hope for patients and their families. The values we embody support each of our team members as they deliver life-changing, extraordinary care.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company employed 5,597 persons on a full-time basis and 2,461 persons on a part-time basis. The majority of its part-time employees are clinicians due to the nature and timing of the services the Company provides.

Attracting and retaining a highly skilled and diverse team to deliver extraordinary care is a top priority. The Company’s strategy includes four distinct areas to empower our people so that they remain focused on providing extraordinary care that changes lives:

- **Talent Development.** The Company strives to empower our team members by giving them the tools and resources to strengthen and expand their knowledge and skills and advance their careers through training, leadership development programs, continuing functional education and other professional development opportunities. The Company also focuses on performance management, 360 degree feedback, and succession planning through calibration assessments on each team leader’s potential, performance and readiness for advancement.
- **Employee Engagement.** The Company believes that highly engaged team members deliver a better patient experience. The foundation of our engagement strategy is a culture that connects our team members to our mission and values while promoting a sense of community, while also aligning behind business priorities. Our approach to employee engagement is to cultivate our culture and build relationships across

geographically distributed team members. The Company promotes employee engagement with engagement surveys, an internal social media platform, quarterly and annual peer recognition programs, and company newsletters.

- **Health and Well being.** The Company provides a holistic range of resources and programs to our team members to address each person's unique needs, including physical, mental and financial health and well-being with programs to support healthy lifestyles, specialized programs to help manage chronic conditions, behavioral health education, coaching, and counseling, and financial wellness resources.
- **Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion.** The Company believes that diversity, equity and inclusion ("DE&I") makes us stronger, more innovative and better able to serve our patients. This requires people with different talents, backgrounds and perspectives, reflective of the communities we serve. The Company strives to develop a culture where everyone feels a sense of belonging and empowerment to share their experiences and ideas. The Company leverages meaningful metrics to evaluate the effectiveness of our DE&I initiatives, including our efforts to eliminate bias in decision-making and build a diverse pipeline of leaders.

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The Company relies on **our its** ability to attract and retain nursing staff, pharmacists and other professionals who possess the skills, experience and licenses necessary to meet the requirements of their job responsibilities. The Company's ability to attract and retain personnel depends on several factors, including the ability to provide them with engaging assignments and competitive salaries and benefits. The Company is committed to empowering our people through specific initiatives in talent development, employee engagement, health and well-being, and **diversity, equity and inclusion, DE&I.**

#### Available Information

The Company's corporate headquarters is located at 3000 Lakeside Drive, Suite 300N, Bannockburn, IL 60015. The Company maintains a website at [www.optioncarehealth.com](http://www.optioncarehealth.com). The information contained on its website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report and should not be considered part of this Annual Report. The Company's Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and Proxy Statements are available through its website at <https://investors.optioncarehealth.com>, free of charge, as soon as reasonably practicable after they are filed with or furnished to the SEC.

The SEC maintains a website that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

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#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investors should carefully consider the following Company-specific and general risk factors.

##### Company-Specific Risk Factors

***Our revenue and profitability will decline if the pharmaceutical industry undergoes certain changes, including limiting or discontinuing research, development, production and marketing of the pharmaceuticals that are compatible with the services we provide.***

Our business is highly dependent on the ability of pharmaceutical manufacturers to develop, supply and market pharmaceuticals that are compatible with the services we provide. Our revenue and profitability will decline if those companies were to sell pharmaceuticals directly to the public, fail to support existing pharmaceuticals or develop new pharmaceuticals with different administration requirements than our service offerings are currently equipped to handle. Our business could also be harmed if the pharmaceutical industry experiences any supply shortages, pharmaceutical recalls, changes in the FDA approval processes, or changes to how pharmaceutical manufacturers finance, promote or sell pharmaceutical products. The Company has experienced drug and supply shortages and has leveraged its relationships with direct manufacturers and distributors to ensure consistent supply and cost-effective procurement. A reduction in the supply of and market for pharmaceuticals that are compatible with the services we provide may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

***If we lose relationships with managed care organizations ("MCOs") and other non-governmental third-party payers, we could lose access to a significant number of patients and our revenue and profitability could decline.***

We are highly dependent on reimbursement from MCOs, government programs such as Medicare and Medicaid and commercial insurers (collectively, "Third-Party Payers"). For the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, 88% of our revenue came from MCOs and other non-

governmental payers, including Medicare Advantage plans, Managed Medicaid plans, pharmacy benefit managers (“PBMs”), and self-pay patients. Many payers seek to limit the number of providers that supply pharmaceuticals to their enrollees in order to build volume that justifies their discounted pricing. From time to time, payers with whom we have relationships require that we bid against our competitors to keep their business. As a result of this bidding process, we may not be retained, and even if we are retained, the prices at which we are able to retain the business may be reduced. The loss of a payer relationship could significantly reduce the number of patients we serve and have a material adverse effect on our revenue and net income, and a reduction in pricing could reduce our gross margins and net income.

***The healthcare industry is highly competitive.***

The healthcare industry is highly competitive. We compete directly with national, regional and local healthcare providers. There are many other companies and individuals currently providing healthcare services that we provide, many of which have been in business longer and/or have substantially more resources. Other companies could enter the healthcare industry in the future and divert some or all of our business. We expect to continue to encounter competition in the future that could limit our ability to grow revenue and/or maintain acceptable pricing levels.

Some of our competitors have vertically integrated business models with commercial payers or are under common control with, or owned by, pharmaceutical wholesalers and distributors, MCOs, PBMs or retail pharmacy chains and may be better positioned with respect to the cost-effective distribution of pharmaceuticals. In addition, some of our competitors may have secured long-term supply or distribution arrangements for prescription pharmaceuticals necessary to treat certain chronic disease states on price terms substantially more favorable than the terms currently available to us. Consequently, we may be less price competitive than some of our competitors with respect to certain pharmaceutical products.

Accountable Care Organizations (“ACOs”) and other clinical integration models may result in lower reimbursement rates. Some of our competitors may negotiate exclusivity provisions with managed care plans or otherwise interfere with the ability of MCOs to contract with us. Increasing consolidation in the payer and supplier industries, including vertical integration efforts among insurers, providers, and suppliers, and cost-reduction strategies by large employer groups and their affiliates may limit our ability to negotiate favorable terms and conditions in our contracts and otherwise intensify competitive pressure. In addition, our competitive position could be adversely affected by any inability to obtain access to new biotech pharmaceutical products.

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***If we are unable to maintain relationships with existing patient referral sources, our business and consolidated financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows could be materially adversely affected.***

Our success depends on referrals from physicians, hospitals, and other sources in the communities we serve and on our ability to maintain good relationships with existing referral sources. Our referral sources are not contractually obligated to refer patients to us and may refer their patients to other providers. Our growth and profitability depends, in part, on our ability to establish and maintain close working relationships with these patient referral sources and to increase awareness and acceptance of the benefits of home infusion by our referral sources and their patients. Our loss of, or failure to maintain, existing relationships or our failure to develop new referral relationships could have a material adverse effect on our business and consolidated financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

***Changes in industry pricing benchmarks could adversely affect our financial performance.***

Our contracts generally use certain published benchmarks to establish pricing for the reimbursement of prescription medications we dispense. These benchmarks include AWP, wholesale acquisition cost, ASP and average manufacturer price. Many of our contracts utilize the AWP benchmark. Publication of the AWP benchmark was expected to cease in 2011 as a result of the settlement of class-action lawsuits brought against First Databank and Medi-Span, third-party publishers of various pricing benchmarks. However, Medi-Span continues to publish the AWP benchmark and has indicated that it will continue to do so until a new benchmark is widely accepted. Several industry participants have explored establishing a new benchmark but there is not currently a viable generally accepted alternative to the AWP benchmark. Without a suitable pricing benchmark in place, many of our contracts may need to be modified, which could potentially change the economic structure of our agreements.

***Changes in our relationships with pharmaceutical suppliers, including changes in drug availability or pricing, could adversely affect our business and financial results.***

We have contractual relationships with pharmaceutical manufacturers to purchase the pharmaceuticals that we dispense. In order to have access to these pharmaceuticals, and to be able to participate in the launch of new pharmaceuticals, we must maintain a good working relationship with these manufacturers. Most of the manufacturers of the pharmaceuticals we sell have the right to cancel their supply contracts with us without cause and after giving only minimal notice. Any changes to these relationships, including, but not limited to, the loss of a manufacturer relationship, drug shortages or changes in pricing, could have an adverse effect on our business and financial results.

Some pharmaceutical manufacturers attempt to limit the number of preferred distributors that may market certain of their pharmaceutical products. We cannot provide assurance that we will be selected and retained as a preferred distributor or that we can remain a preferred distributor to market these products. Although we believe we can effectively meet our suppliers' requirements, we cannot provide assurance that we will be able to compete effectively with other providers to retain our position as a distributor of each of our core products. Our failure to retain our position as a distributor of each of our core products could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

***A disruption in pharmaceutical and medical supply could adversely impact our business.***

For the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, approximately **73%** **72%** of our pharmaceutical and medical supply purchases were from four vendors. Most of the pharmaceuticals that we purchase are available from multiple sources, and we believe they are available in sufficient quantities to meet our needs and the needs of our patients. We keep safety stock to ensure continuity of service for reasonable, but limited, periods of time. Should a supply disruption result in our inability to obtain especially high margin drugs and compound components necessary for patient care, our consolidated financial statements could be negatively impacted.

***The COVID-19 pandemic has led to a constrained supply environment, which could result in higher costs to procure, and the potential unavailability of, critical personal protection equipment, pharmaceuticals and medical supplies. As of December 31, 2022, we have not experienced a significant impact in the availability of supplies due to the COVID-19 pandemic.***

***A shortage of qualified registered nursing staff, pharmacists and other professionals could adversely affect our ability to attract, train and retain qualified personnel and could increase operating costs.***

Our business relies on our ability to attract, train and retain nursing staff, pharmacists and other professionals who possess the skills, experience and licenses necessary to meet the requirements of their job responsibilities. From time to time, and particularly in recent years, there have been shortages of nursing staff, pharmacists and other professionals in certain local and regional markets. As a result, we are often required to compete for personnel with other healthcare systems and our competitors. Our ability to attract, train and retain personnel depends on several factors, including our ability to provide them with engaging assignments and competitive salaries and benefits. We may not be successful in any of these areas.

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In addition, where labor shortages arise in markets in which we operate, we have faced higher costs to attract personnel and we **may** have **had** to provide them with more attractive benefit packages than originally anticipated or are being paid in other markets where such shortages do not exist at the time. In either case, such circumstances **could** cause operating costs to increase and our profitability to decline. Finally, if we expand our operations into geographic areas where healthcare providers historically have unionized or unionization occurs in our existing geographic areas, negotiating collective bargaining agreements may have a negative effect on our ability to timely and successfully recruit qualified personnel and on our financial results. If we are unable to attract, train and retain nursing staff, pharmacists and other professionals, the quality of our services may decline and we could lose patients and referral sources, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and consolidated financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

***Introduction of new drugs, **or** accelerated adoption of existing lower margin **drugs** or withdrawal of existing drugs could adversely affect our revenues and profitability when prescribers prescribe these drugs for their patients or they are mandated by Third-Party Payers.***

The pharmaceutical industry pipeline of new drugs includes many drugs that over the long term may replace older, more expensive therapies. As a result of such older drugs losing patent protection and being replaced by generic substitutes, new and less expensive delivery methods (such as when an infusion or injectable drug is replaced with an oral drug) or additional products that are added to a therapeutic class, increase price competition among competing manufacturers' products in that therapeutic category. **We have experienced a decrease in revenue and net income as a result of the withdrawal from the market of a drug related to the treatment of pre-term labor and the introduction of an oral alternative drug related to the treatment of ALS.** In such cases, manufacturers have the ability to increase drug acquisition costs or lower the selling price of replaced products. These actions could negatively impact our revenues and/or profitability.

***Failure to develop new services or adapt to changes and trends within the healthcare industry may adversely affect our business.***

We operate in a highly competitive environment. We develop new services from time to time to assist our clients. If we are unsuccessful in developing innovative services, our ability to attract new clients and retain existing clients may suffer.

Technology, including the ability to capture and report outcomes, is also an important component of our business as we continue to utilize new and better channels to communicate and interact with our clients, members and business partners. If our competitors are more successful than us in employing new technology, our ability to attract new clients, retain existing clients and operate efficiently may suffer. Any significant shifts in the structure of the healthcare products and services industry in general could alter the industry dynamics and adversely affect our ability to attract or retain clients. Our failure to anticipate or appropriately adapt to changes in the industry could negatively impact our competitive position and adversely affect our business and results of operations.

***Changes in future business conditions could cause business investments and/or recorded goodwill to become impaired, and our financial condition and results of operations could suffer if there is an impairment of goodwill.***

Our acquisitions resulted in significant goodwill reported on our financial statements. Goodwill results when the purchase price exceeds the fair value of the net identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired. We may not realize the full value of this goodwill. As such, we evaluate on at least an annual basis whether events and circumstances indicate that all or some of the carrying value of goodwill is no longer recoverable, in which case we would recognize the unrecoverable goodwill as a charge against our earnings. The Company completes its goodwill impairment test annually in the fourth quarter on a qualitative basis. If the fair value is more likely than not less than the carrying value, a quantitative assessment would be performed. When evaluating goodwill for potential impairment on a quantitative basis, we compare the fair value of our reporting units to their respective carrying amounts. We estimate the fair value of our reporting units using the income approach. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, a goodwill impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to the excess to the extent of the goodwill balance. The income approach requires us to estimate a number of factors for our reporting units, including projected future operating results, economic projections, anticipated future cash flows, and discount rates. The fair value determined using the income approach is then compared to marketplace fair value data from within a comparable industry grouping for reasonableness. Because of the significance of our goodwill, any future impairment could result in material non-cash charges to our results of operations, which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations.

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***A significant change in, or noncompliance with, governmental regulations and other legal requirements could have a material adverse effect on our reputation and profitability.***

We operate in complex, highly regulated environments and could be materially and adversely affected by changes to applicable legal requirements including the related interpretations and enforcement practices, new legal requirements and/or any failure to comply with applicable regulations. Our home infusion and alternate site infusion businesses are subject to numerous federal, state and local regulations including licensing and other requirements for pharmacies and reimbursement arrangements.

The federal and state statutes and regulations to which we are subject include, but are not limited to, laws requiring the registration and regulation of pharmacies; laws governing the dispensing of pharmaceuticals and controlled substances; laws regulating the protection of the environment and health and safety matters, including those governing exposure to, and the management and disposal of, hazardous substances; laws regarding food and drug safety, including those of the FDA and the DEA; applicable governmental payer regulations, including those applicable to Medicare and Medicaid; data privacy and security laws, including HIPAA and its associated regulations; federal and state fraud and abuse laws, including, but not limited to, the Anti-Kickback Statute and false claims laws; trade regulations, including those of the U.S. Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"); the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA") and similar anti-corruption laws in connection with the services provided by certain of our contractors; and consumer protection and safety laws, including those of the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

We are required to hold valid DEA and state-level licenses, meet various security and operating standards and comply with federal and various state controlled substance acts and related regulations governing the sale, dispensing, disposal, holding and distribution of controlled substances. The DEA, the FDA and state regulatory authorities have broad enforcement powers, including the ability to seize or recall products and impose significant criminal, civil and administrative sanctions for violations of these laws and regulations.

We use, disclose and otherwise process personally identifiable information, including health information, making us subject to HIPAA and other federal and state privacy and security regulations, and failure to comply with those regulations or to adequately secure the information we hold could result in significant liability or reputational harm and, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our patient base and revenue.

We are also governed by federal and state laws of general applicability, including laws regulating matters of working conditions, health and safety and equal employment opportunity and other labor and employment matters as well as employee benefits, competition, antitrust, taxation and escheatment matters. Material violations of any such laws could have a material adverse effect on our patient base and revenue. In addition, we could have significant exposure if we are found to have infringed another party's intellectual property rights.

Changes in laws, regulations and policies and the related interpretations and enforcement practices may alter the landscape in which we do business and may significantly affect our cost of doing business, the impact of which generally cannot be predicted. Such changes may require extensive system



and operational changes, be difficult to implement, increase our operating costs and require significant capital expenditures. **Untimely, Ultimately,** our noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations could result in the imposition of civil and criminal penalties that could adversely affect the continued operation of our business, including: suspension of payments from government programs; loss of required government certifications; loss of authorizations to participate in or exclusion from government programs, including the Medicare and Medicaid programs; loss of licenses; and significant fines or monetary penalties. Any failure to comply with applicable regulatory requirements could result in significant legal and financial exposure, damage our reputation, and have a material adverse effect on our business operations, financial condition and results of operations.

***Federal actions and legislation may reduce reimbursement rates from governmental payers and adversely affect our results of operations.***

In recent years, Congress has passed legislation reducing payments to **health-care healthcare** providers. The Budget Control Act of 2011, as amended, requires automatic spending reductions to reduce the federal deficit, including Medicare spending reductions of up to 2% per fiscal year that extend through 2027. The Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services ("CMS") began imposing a 2% reduction on Medicare claims on April 1, 2013. The Affordable Care Act provides for material reductions in the growth of Medicare program spending. The 21st Century Cures Act (the "Cures Act") significantly reduced the amount paid by Medicare for drug costs, while delaying the implementation of a clinical services payment, although Congress also passed a temporary transitional service payment that took effect January 1, 2019. In addition, from time to time, CMS revises the reimbursement systems used to reimburse **health care healthcare** providers, which may result in reduced Medicare payments.

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For the year ended **December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023**, 12% of our revenue was derived from reimbursement by direct federal and state programs such as Medicare and Medicaid. Reimbursement from these and other government programs is subject to statutory and regulatory requirements, administrative rulings, interpretations of policy, implementation of reimbursement procedures, retroactive payment adjustments, governmental funding restrictions and changes to or new legislation, all of which may materially affect the amount and timing of reimbursement payments to us. Changes to the way Medicare pays for our services, including mandatory payment reductions, such as sequestration, may reduce our revenue and profitability on services provided to Medicare patients and increase our working capital requirements. In addition, we are sensitive to possible changes in state Medicaid programs.

Because most states must operate with balanced budgets and because the Medicaid program is often a state's largest program, some states have enacted or may consider enacting legislation designed to reduce their Medicaid expenditures. Further, many states have taken steps to reduce coverage and/or enroll Medicaid recipients in managed care programs. The current economic environment has increased the budgetary pressures on many states, and these budgetary pressures have resulted, and likely will continue to result, in decreased spending, or decreased spending growth, for Medicaid programs and the Children's Health Insurance Program in many states.

In some cases, Third-Party Payers rely on all or portions of Medicare payment systems to determine payment rates. Changes to government healthcare programs that reduce payments under these programs may negatively impact payments from Third-Party Payers. Current or future healthcare reform and deficit reduction efforts, changes in other laws or regulations affecting government healthcare programs, changes in the administration of government healthcare programs and changes in payment rates by Third-Party Payers could have a material, adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations.

***Delays in reimbursement may adversely affect our liquidity, cash flows and results of operations.***

The reimbursement process for the services we provide is complex, resulting in delays between the time we bill for a service and receipt of payment that can be significant. Reimbursement and procedural issues often require us to resubmit claims multiple times and respond to multiple administrative requests before payment is remitted. The collection of accounts receivable is challenging and requires constant focus and involvement by management and ongoing enhancements to information systems and billing center operating procedures. While management believes that our controls and processes are satisfactory, there can be no assurance that collections of accounts receivable will continue at historical rates. The risks associated with Third-Party Payers and the inability to collect outstanding accounts receivable could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, cash flows and results of operations.

***We are subject to pricing pressures and other risks involved with Third-Party Payers.***

Competition to provide healthcare services, efforts by traditional Third-Party Payers to contain or reduce healthcare costs, and the increasing influence of managed care payers such as HMOs, has resulted in reduced rates of reimbursement for home infusion and specialty pharmacy services. Changes in reimbursement policies of governmental Third-Party Payers, including policies relating to Medicare, Medicaid and other federal and state funded programs, could reduce the amounts reimbursed to our customers for our products and, in turn, the amount these customers would be willing to pay for our products and services, or could directly reduce the amounts payable to us by such payers. Pricing pressures by Third-Party Payers may continue, and these trends may adversely affect our business.

Also, continued growth in managed care plans has pressured healthcare providers to find ways of becoming more cost competitive. MCOs have grown substantially in terms of the percentage of the population they cover and in terms of the portion of the healthcare economy they control. MCOs have continued to consolidate to enhance their ability to influence the delivery of healthcare services and to exert pressure to control healthcare costs. A rapid concentration of revenue derived from individual managed care payers could harm our business.

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***We face periodic reviews and billing audits by governmental and private payers, which could result in adverse findings that may negatively impact our business.***

As a result of our participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs, we are subject to various governmental reviews and audits to verify our compliance with these programs and applicable laws and regulations. We also are subject to audits under various government programs in which third-party firms engaged by CMS conduct extensive reviews of claims data and medical and other records to identify potential improper payments under the Medicare program. Third-Party Payers may also conduct audits. Disputes with payers can arise from these reviews. Payers can claim that payments based on certain billing practices or billing errors were made incorrectly. If billing errors are identified in the sample of reviewed claims, the billing error can be extrapolated to all claims filed, which could result in a larger overpayment than originally identified in the sample of reviewed claims. Our costs to respond to and defend claims, reviews and audits may be significant and could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Moreover, an adverse claim, review or audit could result in:

- required refunding or retroactive adjustment of amounts we have been paid by governmental payers or **Third Party Third-Party** Payers;
- state or federal agencies imposing fines, penalties and other sanctions on us;
- suspension or exclusion from the Medicare program, state programs, or one or more third-party payer networks; or
- damage to our business and reputation in various markets.

These results could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

***If any of our pharmacies fail to comply with the conditions of participation in the Medicare program, that pharmacy could be terminated from Medicare, which could adversely affect our consolidated financial statements.***

Our pharmacies must comply with the extensive conditions of participation in the Medicare program. If a pharmacy fails to meet any of the Medicare supplier standards, that pharmacy could be terminated from the Medicare program. We respond in the ordinary course to deficiency notices issued by surveyors, and none of our pharmacies has ever been terminated from the Medicare program for failure to comply with the Medicare supplier standards. Any termination of one or more of our pharmacies from the Medicare program for failure to satisfy the Medicare supplier standards could adversely affect our consolidated financial statements.

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***We cannot predict the impact of changing requirements on compounding pharmacies.***

Compounding pharmacies are closely monitored by federal and state governmental agencies. We believe that our compounding is performed in safe environments, and we have clinically appropriate policies and procedures in place. We only compound pursuant to a patient-specific prescription and do so in compliance with USP 797 standards. The DQSA amended the FDCA to grant the FDA additional authority to regulate and monitor the manufacturing of compounded pharmaceutical drugs. In 2013, Congress passed the DQSA, which creates a new category of compounding facilities called outsourcing facilities that are regulated by the FDA. The Company complies with all **Federal federal** and **State state** regulations, as well as all PCAB Accreditation Standards for Sterile and Non-Sterile Pharmacy Compounding, and pursues accreditation from quality associations. The Company believes it complies in all material respects with all applicable requirements of a non-outsourcing-facility pharmacy, as outlined in Section 503A of the FDCA. Title II of this measure, known as the Drug Supply Chain Security Act ("DSCSA"), established requirements in November 2013 to facilitate the tracing of prescription drug products through the pharmaceutical supply distribution chain. These requirements included a **ten-year 10-year** timeline culminating in the building of "an electronic, interoperable system to identify and trace certain prescription drugs as they are distributed in the United States." The law's track and trace requirements are applicable to manufacturers, wholesalers, repackagers and dispensers (e.g., pharmacies) of prescription drugs. The Company is currently materially compliant with **the DSCSA and intends provisions currently in effect. The Company also expects to be materially compliant with the final milestone requirement additional provisions of receiving or exchanging DSCSA, which requires the electronic receipt and**



exchange of transaction information (with specific product identifiers for each package) and transaction statements, electronically by the November 2023 effective date in November 2023, date. These regulatory measures, future FDA DSCSA regulatory measures and the potential for increased FDA DSCSA enforcement by the FDA could increase pharmacy costs. Noncompliance with these regulations could have an adverse impact on our reputation and profitability.

We do not believe that our current compounding practices qualify us as an outsourcing facility and, therefore, we continue to operate consistently with USP 797 standards and applicable state pharmacy laws. Should state regulators or the FDA disagree, or should our business practices change to qualify us as an outsourcing facility, there is risk of regulatory action and/or increased resources required to comply with federal requirements imposed pursuant to the DQSA on outsourcing facilities that could significantly increase our costs or otherwise affect our results of operations. Furthermore, we cannot predict the overall impact of increased scrutiny on compounding pharmacies.

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### **Risks Relating to Our Indebtedness**

#### ***Our existing indebtedness could adversely affect our business and growth prospects.***

As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we had \$1,094.0 million \$1,088.0 million of outstanding borrowings, including (i) \$594.0 million \$588.0 million under our First Lien Term Loan (as defined herein) and (ii) \$500.0 million under our 4.375% Senior Unsecured Notes due 2029 (the "Senior Notes"). All obligations under the First Lien Term Loan are secured by first-priority perfected security interests in substantially all of our assets and the assets of our subsidiaries, subject to permitted liens and other exceptions. Our indebtedness, or any additional indebtedness we may incur, could require us to divert funds identified for other purposes for debt service and impair our liquidity position. If we cannot generate sufficient cash flow from operations to service our debt, we may need to refinance our debt, dispose of assets or issue equity to obtain necessary funds. We do not know whether we will be able to take any of these actions on a timely basis, on terms satisfactory to us or at all.

Our indebtedness, the cash flow needed to satisfy our debt and the covenants contained in our credit agreements and indenture have important consequences, including but not limited to:

- limiting funds otherwise available for financing our capital expenditures by requiring us to dedicate a portion of our cash flows from operations to the repayment of debt and the interest on this debt;
- limiting our ability to incur additional indebtedness;
- limiting our ability to capitalize on significant business opportunities;
- making us more vulnerable to rising interest rates; and
- making us more vulnerable in the event of a downturn in our business.

Our level of indebtedness may place us at a competitive disadvantage to our competitors that are not as highly leveraged. Fluctuations in interest rates can increase borrowing costs. Increases in interest rates may directly impact the amount of interest we are required to pay and reduce earnings accordingly. In addition, developments in tax policy, such as the disallowance of tax deductions for interest paid on outstanding indebtedness, could have an adverse effect on our liquidity and our business, financial conditions condition and results of operations. Further, our credit agreements and indenture contain customary affirmative and negative covenants and certain restrictions on operations that could impose operating and financial limitations and restrictions on us, including restrictions on our ability to enter into particular transactions and to engage in other actions that we may believe are advisable or necessary for our business. Our First Lien Term Loan is also subject to mandatory prepayments in certain circumstances and requires a prepayment of a certain percentage of our excess cash flow. This excess cash flow payment, and future required prepayments, will reduce our cash available for investment in our business.

We expect to use cash flow from operations to meet current and future financial obligations, including funding our operations, debt service requirements and capital expenditures. The ability to make these payments depends on our financial and operating performance, which is subject to prevailing economic, industry and competitive conditions and to certain financial, business, economic and other factors beyond our control.

***Despite our indebtedness, we may still incur significantly more debt, which could exacerbate the risks associated with our substantial leverage.***

We may incur additional indebtedness, including additional secured indebtedness, in the future, in connection with future acquisitions, strategic investments and strategic relationships. Although the financing documents governing our indebtedness contain covenants and restrictions on the incurrence of additional debt, these restrictions are subject to a number of qualifications and exceptions and, under certain circumstances, debt incurred in compliance with these restrictions, including secured debt, could be substantial. Adding additional debt to current debt levels could exacerbate the leverage-related risks described above.

***We may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow to service all of our indebtedness and may be forced to take other actions to satisfy our obligations under such indebtedness, which may not be successful.***

Our ability to make scheduled payments or to refinance outstanding debt obligations depends on our financial and operating performance, which will be affected by prevailing economic, industry and competitive conditions and by financial, business and other factors beyond our control. We may not be able to maintain a sufficient level of cash flow from operating activities to permit us to pay the principal, premium, if any, and interest on our indebtedness. Any failure to make payments of interest and principal on our outstanding indebtedness on a timely basis would likely result in a reduction of our credit rating, which would also harm our ability to incur additional indebtedness.

If our cash flows and capital resources are insufficient to fund our debt service obligations, we may be required to reduce or delay capital expenditures, sell assets, seek additional capital or seek to restructure or refinance our indebtedness. Any refinancing of our indebtedness could be at higher interest rates and may require us to comply with more onerous covenants. These alternative measures may not be successful and may not permit us to meet our scheduled debt service obligations. In the absence of such cash flow and resources, we could face substantial liquidity problems and might be required to sell material assets or operations to attempt to meet our debt service obligations. The financing documents governing our First Lien Term Loan, ABL Revolver Facility (as defined herein) and our Senior Notes restrict our ability to conduct asset sales and/or use the proceeds from asset sales. We may not be able to consummate these asset sales to raise capital or sell assets at prices and on terms that we believe are fair and any proceeds that we do receive may not be adequate to meet any debt service obligations then due. If we cannot meet our debt service obligations, the holders of our indebtedness may accelerate such indebtedness and, to the extent such indebtedness is secured, foreclose on our assets. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets to repay all of our indebtedness.

### **Risks Relating to Our Common Stock**

***As of December 31, 2022, Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc. ("Walgreens") is our largest stockholder and has the ability to exercise influence over decisions requiring our stockholders' approval.***

On December 17, 2021, Madison Dearborn Partners transferred control of HC I to Walgreens. As of December 31, 2022, Walgreens controls approximately 14.4% of our common stock through its control of HC I. As a result, Walgreens has the ability to exercise influence over decisions requiring approval of our stockholders, including the election of directors, amendments to our certificate of incorporation and approval of significant corporate transactions, such as a merger or change in control of the Company.

***Provisions of our corporate governance documents could make an acquisition of us more difficult and may prevent attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our current management, even if beneficial to our stockholders.***

Our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation contains provisions that could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so might be beneficial to our stockholders. Among other things, these provisions:

- allow us to authorize the issuance of undesignated preferred stock, the terms of which may be established and the shares of which may be issued without stockholder approval, and which may include supermajority voting, special approval, dividend, or other rights or preferences superior to the rights of stockholders;
- provide that directors may be removed with or without cause only by the affirmative vote of holders of at least 66 2/3% of the voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of our stock entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class;
- prohibit stockholder action by written consent; and
- provide that any amendment, alteration, rescission or repeal of our bylaws or certificate of incorporation by our stockholders will require the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 66 2/3% of the voting power of all the then-outstanding shares of our stock entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class.

These and other provisions in our certificate of incorporation, bylaws and Delaware law could make it more difficult for shareholders or potential acquirers to obtain control of our Board of Directors or initiate actions that are opposed by our then-current Board, including delay or impede a merger,

tender offer or proxy contest involving the Company. The existence of these provisions could negatively affect the price of our common stock and limit opportunities to realize value in a corporate transaction.

Moreover, Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL") may discourage, delay, or prevent a change of control of the Company. Section 203 of the DGCL imposes certain restrictions on mergers, business combinations, and other transactions between us and holders of 15% or more of our common stock.

***Our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation designates the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for certain litigation that may be initiated by our stockholders, which could limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us.***

Pursuant to our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation, unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum, the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the sole and exclusive forum for (i) any derivative action or proceeding brought on our behalf, (ii) any action asserting a claim of breach of a fiduciary duty owed by any of our directors, officers, employees and stockholders to us or our stockholders, (iii) any action asserting a claim against us arising pursuant to any provision of the DGCL or as to which the DGCL confers jurisdiction on the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware, our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our bylaws or (iv) any other action asserting a claim against us that is governed by the internal affairs doctrine; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, the forum selection provision that identifies the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware as the exclusive forum for certain litigation, including any "derivative action", will not apply to suits to enforce a duty or liability created by the Exchange Act or any other claim for which the federal courts have exclusive jurisdiction. Our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation will further provide that any person or entity purchasing or otherwise acquiring any interest in shares of our capital stock is deemed to have notice of and consented to the provisions of our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation described above. The forum selection clause in our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation may have the effect of discouraging lawsuits against us or our directors and officers and may limit our stockholders' ability to obtain a favorable judicial forum for disputes with us.

***We may issue shares of preferred stock in the future, which could make it difficult for another company to acquire us or could otherwise adversely affect holders of our common stock, which could depress the price of our common stock.***

Our third amended and restated certificate of incorporation authorizes us to issue one or more series of preferred stock. Our Board of Directors has the authority to determine the preferences, limitations and relative rights of the shares of preferred stock and to fix the number of shares constituting any series and the designation of such series, without any further vote or action by our stockholders. Our preferred stock could be issued with voting, liquidation, dividend and other rights superior to the rights of our common stock. The potential issuance of preferred stock may delay or prevent a change in control, discouraging bids for our common stock at a premium to the market price, and materially and adversely affecting the market price and the voting and other rights of the holders of our common stock.

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***We cannot guarantee that our stock repurchase program will be fully implemented or that it will enhance long-term stockholder value.***

We cannot guarantee that our stock repurchase program will be fully implemented or that it will enhance long-term stockholder value. In February 2023, the Board of Directors approved a new stock repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to \$250 million of our common stock. In December 2023, the Board of Directors approved an increase to its stock repurchase program authorization from \$250 million to \$500 million. The repurchase program does not have an expiration date, and we are not obligated to repurchase a specified number or dollar value of shares, on any particular timetable or at all. There can be no assurance that we will repurchase stock at favorable prices. The repurchase program may be suspended or terminated at any time and, even if fully implemented, may not enhance long-term stockholder value.

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## **General Risk Factors**

***The COVID-19 pandemic and other potential pandemic events could adversely impact our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial position.***

The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly impacted, and may continue to severely impact, the global economy. COVID-19 has persisted as a significant public health concern and impacted the general economy and consumer behaviors. The impacts of the pandemic are unpredictable and volatile, with varying impacts to business operations. We are closely monitoring the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on all aspects of our business, including how it is impacting our patients, workforce, suppliers, vendors, referral sources, and Third-Party Payers. The Company has been disrupted by both positive and negative referral patterns and experienced challenges in our staffing and our ability to procure personal protection equipment and key drugs. The COVID-19 pandemic has caused significant volatility, uncertainty and economic disruption, which may adversely affect our business operations and may materially and adversely affect our results of operations, cash flow and financial position.

The situation is changing rapidly considering the impacts of new variants of the COVID-19 virus, public health guidance, and regulatory mandates and additional consequences may arise for which we are not currently aware. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic impacts us will depend on numerous evolving factors and future developments that we are not able to predict, including: the severity and duration of the pandemic; the potential of new virus variants; governmental, business and other actions; the promotion of social distancing and the adoption of shelter-in-place orders affecting our referral sources; the impacts of the pandemic on our supply chain; the impact of the pandemic on economic activity; the health of, and the effect of the pandemic on, our workforce; any impairment in value of our tangible or intangible assets that could be recorded as a result of a weaker economic condition; and the effect on our internal controls including those over financial reporting. In addition, if the pandemic continues to create disruptions or turmoil in the credit or financial markets, or impacts our credit ratings or stock price, it could adversely affect our ability to access capital on favorable terms and continue to meet our liquidity needs, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted.

Other factors including reduced employment pools, federal subsidies offered in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and other government regulations exacerbated staffing challenges, and created increased labor shortages. An overall or prolonged labor shortage, lack of skilled labor, increased turnover or continued labor inflation could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations, liquidity or cash flow.

In addition, we cannot predict the impact that COVID-19 or other potential pandemic events will have on our patients, suppliers, vendors, and Third-Party Payers and on each of their financial conditions; however, any material effect on these parties could adversely impact our business. The impact of COVID-19 or other potential pandemic events may also exacerbate other risks, any of which could have a material effect on us. The situation continues to be uncertain and additional impacts may arise for which we are not currently aware.

***Pending and future litigation could subject us to significant monetary damages and/or require us to change our business practices.***

We employ pharmacists, dieticians, nurses and other health care healthcare professionals. We are subject to liability for negligent acts, omissions, or injuries occurring at any of our clinics or caused by any of our employees. We are subject to risks relating to asserted claims, litigation and other proceedings in connection with our operations. We are facing, or may face, claims or become a party to a variety of legal actions that affect our business, including breach of contract actions, employment and employment discrimination-related suits, employee benefit claims, stockholder suits and other securities laws claims, and tort claims. Due to the nature of our business, we, through our employees and caregivers who provide services on our behalf, may be the subject of medical malpractice claims. A court could find these individuals should be considered our agents, and as a result, we could be held liable for their acts or omissions.

We may incur substantial expenses in defending such claims or litigation, regardless of merit, and such claims or litigation could result in a significant diversion of the efforts of our management personnel. Successful claims against us may result in monetary liability or a material disruption in the conduct of our business. Similarly, if we settle such legal proceedings, it may affect how we operate our business. See Note 14.14, *Commitments and Contingencies*, of the consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report for a description of material proceedings pending against the Company. We believe that these proceedings are without merit and, to the extent they are not already concluded, we intend to contest them vigorously. However, an adverse outcome in one or more of these proceedings may have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, consolidated financial position, and/or consolidated cash flow from operations, or may require us to make material changes to our business practices.

***We may be subject to liability claims for damages and other expenses that are not covered by insurance.***

As a result of operating in the home infusion industry, our business is subject to inherent risk of claims, losses and potential lawsuits alleging incidents involving our employees that are likely to occur in a patient's home. We maintain professional liability insurance to provide coverage to us and our subsidiaries against these risks. A successful product or professional liability claim in excess of our insurance coverage could harm our consolidated financial statements. Various aspects of our business may subject us to litigation and liability for damages. For example, a prescription drug dispensing error could result in a patient receiving the wrong or incorrect amount of medication, leading to personal injury or death. Our business and consolidated financial statements could suffer if we pay damages or defense costs in connection with a claim that is outside the scope of any applicable contractual indemnity or insurance coverage.

Our insurance coverage also includes property liability, cyber liability, clinical trials liability, crime liability, auto liability, workers' compensation, employers' liability, executive liability policies (employment practices liability, fiduciary liability, directors' and officers' liability), umbrella/excess liability and general liability with varying limits. We cannot assure that the insurance we maintain will satisfy claims made against us or that insurance coverage will continue to be available to us at commercially reasonable rates, in adequate amounts or on satisfactory terms or at all. Claims made against us will be subject to the terms, conditions and exclusions of the insurance policies we maintain. Any claims made against us, regardless of their merit or eventual outcome, could damage our reputation and business.

Our insurance coverage also includes fire, property damage and general liability with varying limits. We cannot assure that the insurance we maintain will satisfy claims made against us or that insurance coverage will continue to be available to us at commercially reasonable rates, in adequate amounts or on satisfactory terms. Any claims made against us, regardless of their merit or eventual outcome, could damage our reputation and business.

***Pressures relating to downturns in the economy could adversely affect our business and consolidated financial statements.***

Medicare and other federal and state payers account for a portion of our revenues. During economic downturns and periods of stagnant or slow economic growth, federal and state budgets are typically negatively affected, resulting in reduced reimbursements or delayed payments by the federal and state government health-care healthcare coverage programs in which we participate, including Medicare, Medicaid, and other federal or state assistance plans. Government programs could also slow or temporarily suspend payments, negatively impacting our cash flow and increasing our working capital needs and interest payments. We have seen, and believe we will continue to see, Medicare and state Medicaid programs institute measures aimed at controlling spending growth, including reductions in reimbursement rates.

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Higher unemployment rates and significant employment layoffs and downsizings may lead to lower numbers of patients enrolled in employer-provided plans. Adverse economic conditions could also cause employers to stop offering, or limit, healthcare coverage, or modify program designs, shifting more costs to the individual and exposing us to greater credit risk from patients or the discontinuance of therapy.

The general levels of inflation and specific inflationary pressures that we have experienced in areas such as labor, transportation and medical supplies may continue to persist due to events outside of our control, for example, the COVID-19 pandemic and other potential pandemic events, supply chain disruptions, and the broader macro-economic environment. The sustained or continued rise of inflation may adversely impact our business operations, financial condition and results of operations.

***Acquisitions, strategic investments and strategic relationships involve certain risks.***

We may pursue acquisitions of strategic investments in, or strategic relationships with businesses and technologies. Acquisitions may entail numerous risks, including difficulties in assessing values for acquired businesses, intangible assets and technologies, difficulties in the assimilation of acquired operations and products, diversion of management's attention from other business concerns, assumption of unknown material liabilities of acquired companies, amortization of acquired intangible assets that could reduce future reported earnings, and potential loss of clients or key employees of acquired companies. We may not be able to successfully fully integrate the operations, personnel, services or products that we have acquired or may acquire in the future. Strategic investments may also entail some of the risks described above. If these investments are unsuccessful, we may need to incur charges against earnings.

We may also pursue a number of strategic relationships. These relationships may be important to our business and growth prospects. However, we may not be able to maintain these relationships or develop new strategic alliances.

***Cybersecurity risks could compromise our information and expose us to liability, which may harm our ability to operate effectively and may cause harm to our business and reputation.***

Cybersecurity refers to the combination of technologies, processes and procedures established to protect information technology systems and data from unauthorized access, attack, or damage. We rely The Company relies on our its information systems to provide security for processing, transmission transmitting, and storage of storing confidential information about our patients, customers, and personnel, such as names, addresses and other individually identifiable information protected by HIPAA and other privacy laws. Cyber incidents can result from deliberate attacks or unintentional events. Cyber-attacks are increasingly more common, including in the health care industry. The regulatory environment surrounding information security and privacy is increasingly demanding, with the frequent imposition of new and changing requirements. Compliance with changes in privacy and information security laws and with rapidly evolving industry standards may result in our the Company incurring significant expense due to increased investment in technology and the development of new operational processes.

We have not experienced any known attacks on our information technology systems that compromised any confidential information. We maintain our information technology systems with safeguard protections against cyber-attacks including passive intrusion protection, firewalls and virus detection software. In addition, we provide our employees with extensive training on best ways to protect our patient information, including, among others, avoiding phishing emails and sharing access to sensitive information on a need-only basis. However, these safeguards do not ensure that a significant cyber-attack could not occur. Although we have taken steps to protect the security of our information technology systems and the data maintained in those systems, it is possible that our safety and security measures will not prevent the systems' improper functioning or damage or the improper access or disclosure of personal health information or personally identifiable information such as in the event of cyber-attacks.

Security breaches, including physical or electronic break-ins, computer viruses, attacks by hackers and similar breaches can create system disruptions or shutdowns or the unauthorized use or disclosure of confidential information. If personal information or protected health information is improperly accessed, tampered with or disclosed as a result of a security breach, we may incur significant costs to notify, and mitigate potential harm to the affected individuals, and we may be subject to sanctions and civil or criminal penalties if we are found to be in violation of the privacy or security rules under HIPAA or other federal or state laws protecting confidential personal information. In addition, a security breach of our information technology systems could damage our reputation, subject us to liability claims or regulatory penalties for compromised personal information and could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

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#### ***Our business is dependent on the services provided by third-party information technology vendors.***

Our information technology infrastructure includes hosting services provided by third parties. While we believe these third parties are high-performing organizations with secure platforms and customary certifications, they could suffer a security breach or business interruption, which in turn could impact our operations negatively. In addition, changes in pricing terms charged by our technology vendors may adversely affect our financial performance.

#### ***We use, and may continue to expand our use of, machine learning and artificial intelligence ("AI") technologies to deliver our services and operate our business.***

If we fail to successfully integrate AI into our platform and business processes, or if we fail to keep pace with rapidly evolving AI technological developments, including attracting and retaining talented AI developers and programmers, we may face a competitive disadvantage. At the same time, the use or offering of AI technologies may result in new or expanded risks and liabilities, including enhanced government or regulatory scrutiny, litigation, compliance issues, ethical concerns, confidentiality, reputational harm and security risks. It is not possible to predict all of the risks related to the use of AI and changes in laws, rules, directives, and regulations governing the use of AI may adversely affect our ability to develop and use AI or subject us to legal liability. The cost of complying with laws and regulations governing AI could be significant and would increase our operating expenses, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Further, market demand and acceptance of AI technologies are uncertain, and we may be unsuccessful in efforts to further incorporate AI into our processes.

#### ***Failure to maintain effective internal control over our financial reporting could have an adverse effect on our ability to report our financial results on a timely and accurate basis.***

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act, and is required to evaluate the effectiveness of these controls and procedures on a periodic basis and publicly disclose the results of these evaluations and related matters in accordance with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Effective internal control over financial reporting is necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports, to help mitigate the risk of fraud and to operate successfully. Any failure to implement and maintain effective internal controls could result in material weaknesses or material misstatements in our consolidated financial statements.

If we fail to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting, or our independent registered public accounting firm is unable to provide us with an unqualified attestation report on our internal control, we may be required to take corrective measures or restate the affected historical financial statements. In addition, we may be subjected to investigations and/or sanctions by federal and state securities regulators and/or civil lawsuits by security holders. Any of the foregoing could also cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information and in us and would likely result in a decline in the market price of our stock and in our ability to raise additional financing if needed in the future.

#### ***Acts of God, such as major weather disturbances, could disrupt our business.***

We operate in a network of prescribers, providers, patients and facilities that can be negatively impacted by local weather disturbances and other force majeure events. For example, in anticipation of major weather events, patients with impaired health may be moved to alternate sites. After a major



weather event, availability of electricity, clean water and transportation can impact our ability to provide service in patients' homes. Similarly, such events could impact key suppliers or vendors, disrupting the services or materials they provide to us. Climate change, or legal, regulatory or market measures to address climate change, could adversely affect our business and results of operations. In addition, acts of God and other force majeure events may cause a reduction in our business or increased costs, such as increased costs in our operations as we incur overtime charges or redirect services to other locations, delays in our ability to work with payers, hospitals, physicians and other strategic partners on new business initiatives, and disruption to referral patterns as patients are moved out of facilities affected by such events or are unable to return to sites of service in patients' homes.

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#### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

#### **Item 1C. Cybersecurity**

##### **Risk Management and Strategy**

We have developed and implemented a cybersecurity framework designed to evaluate, identify and manage risks stemming from threats to the security of our information, systems and network using a risk-based approach. The framework is informed, in part, by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework, although this does not necessarily mean that we meet all technical standards, specifications or requirements outlined in the NIST framework. Additionally, we maintain a Systems and Organization Controls (SOC) 2 Type 2 attestation.

Our goal is to maintain an information technology infrastructure that implements physical, administrative, and technical controls. These controls are adjusted based on risk and designed to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of our information systems, including the customer information, personal information and proprietary information stored on our networks.

We have a cybersecurity incident response plan and dedicated teams to respond to cybersecurity incidents. When a cybersecurity incident occurs, we have cross-functional teams that are responsible for leading the initial assessment of priority and severity. Our information security team assists in taking any remedial action in response to an incident, and external experts may also be engaged as appropriate.

Our overarching approach to cybersecurity risk management centers on governance, people, processes, and technology. We provide security awareness training to help employees understand their information protection and cybersecurity responsibilities. This includes mandatory annual cybersecurity training and monthly phishing simulations. We also perform periodic tabletops or simulation exercises involving technical experts and business and functional leaders.

We conduct third party assessments of potential new vendors who process, store or transmit our data, which include a formal security review. This can include the review of documentation related to a vendor's security attestations, such as SOC 2 Type 2 or HITRUST certifications.

We leverage third party cybersecurity companies to periodically assess our cybersecurity program and procedures and reaffirm our compliance with SOC 2 standards. These assessments aid in continual improvement and help us identify and address risks from cybersecurity threats.

We also consider cybersecurity, along with our other top risks, within our enterprise risk management framework. This framework involves internal reporting at the business and enterprise levels, considering key risk indicators, trends and countermeasures. Our Senior Vice President, Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) serves on the Enterprise Risk Committee that assesses our enterprise-wide risks and oversees risk mitigation activities.

We have not identified risks from known cybersecurity threats, including as a result of any prior cybersecurity incidents, that have materially affected us or our results of operations, cash flow or financial condition. However, the scope and impact of any future incident, or the identification of new information related to prior cybersecurity incidents, cannot be predicted. See "Item 1A. Risk Factors" for more information about our cybersecurity-related risks.

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#### **Governance**

The Quality and Compliance Committee of our Board of Directors provides board-level oversight of cybersecurity risk. As part of its oversight role, the Quality and Compliance Committee receives reports about our practices, programs, or notable threats or incidents related to cybersecurity throughout the year, including through periodic updates from our CISO and other leaders. The Quality and Compliance Committee provides regular reports to the full

Board about these matters and other areas within its responsibility, and the CISO and other leaders provide updates regarding cybersecurity matters to the full Board as appropriate.

Our CISO reports to our Chief Information Officer and leads our overall cybersecurity function. Our CISO has over 20 years of experience in various security roles, which include managing information security, development cybersecurity strategy, and implementing cybersecurity programs. Our CISO collaborates with senior leaders and other members of our organization to identify and analyze cybersecurity risks and implement controls as appropriate and feasible to mitigate these risks. The CISO also supervises efforts to prevent, detect, mitigate and remediate cybersecurity risks and incidents through various means, including by collaborating with internal and external stakeholders. Our CISO is supported by a management-led Security Council, which consists of our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other senior leaders throughout our organization, and which reviews and discusses our cybersecurity program as well as emerging cyber risks, threats, and industry trends, among other topics.

## Item 2. *Properties*

We currently lease all of our properties from third parties under various lease terms expiring over periods extending through 2035, 2038, in addition to a number of non-material month-to-month leases. Our corporate headquarters is located at 3000 Lakeside Drive, Suite 300N, Bannockburn, IL 60015. Our other properties mainly consist of infusion pharmacies equipped with clean room and compounding capabilities. Some infusion pharmacies are co-located with an ambulatory infusion center where patients receive infusion treatments. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we have 96 93 pharmacies and 67 84 stand-alone ambulatory infusion suites that support our infusion services business in 44 43 states.

## Item 3. *Legal Proceedings*

For a summary of material legal proceedings, if any, refer to Note 14, *Commitments and Contingencies*, of the consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report.

## Item 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures*

Item not applicable.

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## PART II

### Item 5. *Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities*

#### Common Stock

Our Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, is traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "OPCH".

#### Holders of Record

As of February 20, 2023 February 19, 2024, there were 118 96 stockholders of record of our Common Stock.

#### Dividend Policy

We have never paid cash dividends on our Common Stock and do not anticipate doing so in the foreseeable future.

#### Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

See Item 12. "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters." Matters" of this Annual Report.

#### Recent Sale of Unregistered Securities and Use of Proceeds

**None.** Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

On February 20, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program of up to an aggregate \$250.0 million of common stock of the Company. On December 6, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to its stock repurchase program authorization from \$250.0 million to \$500 million. This program has no specified expiration date.

The following table provides certain information with respect to the Company's repurchases of common stock from October 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023:

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Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
October 1, 2023 - October 31, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ 75,000,067
November 1, 2023 - November 30, 2023	1,620,021	28.78	1,620,021	28,368,824
December 1, 2023 - December 31, 2023	937,594	30.26	937,594	250,000,103
	2,557,615	\$ 29.32	2,557,615	\$ 250,000,103

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## Stock Performance Graph

The following graph compares the total cumulative returns of BioScrip through August 6, 2019 and Option Care Health from August 7, 2019 through December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 with the total cumulative returns of the Nasdaq Composite Index, Nasdaq Health Services Index and the S&P Health Care Services Select Industry Index for the five-year period from December 31, 2017 December 31, 2018 through December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The Company included the S&P Health Care Services Select Industry Index as an industry benchmark comparison for the year ended December 31, 2022 as it more accurately represents a true benchmark of the Company's peer group and will align to our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after December 31, 2022. The Company may consider transitioning away from the use of the Nasdaq Health Services Index as a comparative index in future Annual Reports. The graph shows the performance of a \$100 investment in our Common Stock and each index as of December 31, 2017 December 31, 2018.

 G5Y Chart.jpg

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Option Care Health, Inc.	\$ 100.00	\$ 122.68	\$ 128.18	\$ 134.36	\$ 244.33	\$ 258.51
Nasdaq Composite Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 96.12	\$ 129.97	\$ 186.69	\$ 226.63	\$ 151.61
Nasdaq Health Services Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 95.83	\$ 120.59	\$ 156.81	\$ 151.25	\$ 120.35
S&P Health Care Services Select Industry Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 102.35	\$ 121.19	\$ 161.19	\$ 176.41	\$ 141.01

\* \$100 invested on December 31, 2017 December 31, 2018 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends.

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Option Care Health, Inc.	\$ 100.00	\$ 104.48	\$ 109.52	\$ 199.16	\$ 210.71	\$ 235.92
Nasdaq Composite Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 135.23	\$ 194.24	\$ 235.78	\$ 157.74	\$ 226.24
S&P Health Care Services Select Industry Index	\$ 100.00	\$ 118.40	\$ 157.48	\$ 172.35	\$ 137.77	\$ 144.10

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## Item 6. Reserved

## Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is designed to assist the reader in understanding our consolidated financial statements, the changes in certain key items in those financial statements from year-to-year and the primary factors that accounted for those changes as well as how certain accounting principles affect our consolidated financial statements.

Except for the historical information contained herein, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. We discuss such risks, uncertainties and other factors throughout this Annual Report and specifically under the caption "Forward-Looking Statements" and in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in this Annual Report. In addition, the following discussion of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing in Item 8 in this Annual Report.

## Business Overview

Option Care Health and its wholly-owned subsidiaries provide infusion therapy and other ancillary **health care** **healthcare** services through a national network of **163** **177** locations around the United States. The Company contracts with managed care organizations, third-party payers, hospitals, physicians, and other referral sources to provide pharmaceuticals and complex compounded solutions to patients for intravenous delivery in the patients' homes or other **nonhospital** **non-hospital** settings. Our services are provided in coordination with, and under the direction of, the patient's physician. Our multidisciplinary team of clinicians, including pharmacists, nurses, dietitians and respiratory therapists, work with the physician to develop a plan of care suited to each patient's specific needs. We provide home infusion services consisting of anti-infectives, nutrition support, therapies for chronic inflammatory disorders and neurological disorders, immunoglobulin therapy, and other therapies for chronic and acute conditions.

On April 7, 2015, HC I and HC II collectively acquired Walgreens Infusion Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries from Walgreen Co., and the business was rebranded as Option Care.

On March 14, 2019, HC I and HC II entered into the Merger Agreement to merge with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of BioScrip, a national provider of infusion and home care management solutions, which was completed on August 6, 2019. Following the close of the Merger, BioScrip was rebranded as Option Care Health.

## Update on the Impact [Table of the COVID-19 Pandemic](#) [Contents](#)

The primary operations of the Company focus on providing infusion therapy services and, based on the recent impact of the pandemic across the healthcare ecosystem, the Company began experiencing a related impact across a number of facets beginning in March 2020. The Company has been disrupted by both positive and negative referral patterns and experienced challenges in our staffing and our ability to procure personal protection equipment and key drugs. The Company anticipates that the pandemic could affect its operations for an extended period; however, at this time it cannot confidently forecast the duration nor the ultimate financial impact on its operations. See Item 1A. "Risk Factors" under the caption "The COVID-19 pandemic and other potential pandemic events could adversely impact our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial position" for further discussion of risks.

## Composition of Results of Operations

The following results of operations include the accounts of Option Care Health and our subsidiaries for the years ended **December 31,** **2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021,** **2022**.

### Gross Profit

Gross profit represents our net revenue less cost of revenue.

**Net Revenue.** Infusion and related **health care** **healthcare** services revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from third-party payers and patients for goods sold and services rendered. When pharmaceuticals are provided to a patient, revenue is recognized upon delivery of the goods. When nursing services are provided, revenue is recognized when the services are rendered.

Due to the nature of the **health care** **healthcare** industry and the reimbursement environment in which the Company operates, certain estimates are required to record revenue and accounts receivable at their net realizable values at the time goods or services are provided. Inherent in these estimates is the risk that they will have to be revised or updated as additional information becomes available. Specifically, the complexity of many third-party billing arrangements and the uncertainty of reimbursement amounts for certain services from certain payers may result in adjustments to amounts originally recorded.

**Cost of Revenue.** Cost of revenue consists of the actual cost of pharmaceuticals and other medical supplies dispensed to patients. In addition to product costs, cost of revenue includes warehousing costs, purchasing costs, depreciation expense relating to revenue-generating assets, such as infusion pumps, shipping and handling costs, and wages and related costs for the pharmacists, nurses, and all other employees and contracted workers directly involved in providing service to the patient.

The Company receives volume-based rebates and prompt payment discounts from some of its pharmaceutical and medical supplies vendors. These payments are recorded as a reduction of inventory and are accounted for as a reduction of cost of revenue when the related inventory is sold.

### **Operating Costs and Expenses**

*Selling, General and Administrative Expenses.* Selling, general and administrative expenses consist principally of salaries for administrative employees that directly and indirectly support the operations, occupancy costs, marketing expenditures, insurance, and professional fees.

*Depreciation and Amortization Expense.* Depreciation within this caption includes infrastructure items such as intangibles amortization, computer hardware and software, office equipment and leasehold improvements. Depreciation of revenue-generating assets, such as infusion pumps, is included in cost of revenue.

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### **Other Income (Expense)**

*Interest Expense, Net.* Interest expense consists principally of interest payments on the Company's outstanding borrowings under the ABL Facility, First Lien Term Loan, [Revolver Facility](#), Senior Notes, amortization of discount and deferred financing fees, and payments associated with the interest rate [cap, cap, and interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents](#). Refer to the "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section below for further discussion of these outstanding borrowings.

*Equity in Earnings of Joint Ventures.* Equity in earnings of joint ventures consists of our proportionate share of equity earnings or losses from equity investments in two infusion joint ventures with health systems.

*Other, Net.* On May 3, 2023, the Company entered into a definitive merger agreement (the "Amedisys Merger Agreement") with Amedisys, Inc. ("Amedisys"), a leading provider of healthcare in home health and hospice settings. On June 26, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to terminate the Amedisys Merger Agreement (the "Mutual Termination Agreement"). Under the terms of the Mutual Termination Agreement, the Company received a payment of \$106.0 million in cash on behalf of Amedisys (the "Termination Fee"). Other income (expense) primarily includes [prior the termination fee, net of merger-related expenses, received on behalf of Amedisys during the year loss on extinguishment of debt incurred in connection with 2021 debt refinancings and miscellaneous non-operating expenses. Current ended December 31, 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2022,](#) other income (expense) primarily includes the gain on [the sale of respiratory therapy assets, which closed in December 2022.](#)

*Income Tax [Benefit Expense \(Benefit\)](#).* The Company is subject to taxation in the United States and various states. The Company's income tax expense is reflective of the current federal and state tax rates.

*Change in Unrealized [Gains \(Losses\) Gain \(Loss\)](#) on Cash Flow [Hedges, Hedge, Net of Income Tax \[Expense Benefit \\(Expense\\)\]\(#\)](#).* Change in unrealized [gains \(losses\) gain \(loss\)](#) on cash flow [hedges, hedge, net of income taxes, tax benefit \(expense\)](#), consists of the [gains \(losses\) gain \(loss\)](#) associated with the changes in the fair value of hedging instruments related to the interest rate [caps and interest rate swaps, cap, net of income taxes.](#)

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## **Results of Operations**

The following table presents Option Care Health's consolidated results of operations for the years ended [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#) and [2021](#) [2022](#) (in thousands, except for percentages). For a discussion of Option Care Health's consolidated results of operations for the year ended [December 31, 2021](#) [December 31, 2022](#) compared to [2020](#), the year ended [December 31, 2021](#), refer to Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and

Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2021 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 23, 2022 February 23, 2023.

		Year Ended December 31,					
		Year Ended December 31,					
		Year Ended December 31,					
		Year Ended December 31,					
		2022				2021	
		Amount		% of Revenue		Amount	
		Amount		% of Revenue		Amount	
		Amount		% of Revenue		Amount	
		Amount		% of Revenue		Amount	
		Amount		% of Revenue		Amount	
NET REVENUE	NET REVENUE						
NET REVENUE	NET REVENUE						
NET REVENUE	NET REVENUE	\$ 3,944,735	100.0 %			\$ 3,438,640	100.0 %
COST OF REVENUE	COST OF REVENUE	3,077,817	78.0 %			2,659,034	77.3 %
COST OF REVENUE	COST OF REVENUE						
COST OF REVENUE	COST OF REVENUE						
GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT						
GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT						
GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	866,918	22.0 %			779,606	22.7 %
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:	OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:						
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:	OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses	566,122	14.4 %			525,707	15.3 %
Depreciation and amortization expense	Depreciation and amortization expense	60,565	1.5 %			63,058	1.8 %
Depreciation and amortization expense	Depreciation and amortization expense						
Depreciation and amortization expense	Depreciation and amortization expense						
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses						
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses						
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses	626,687	15.9 %			588,765	17.1 %
OPERATING INCOME	OPERATING INCOME	240,231	6.1 %			190,841	5.5 %
OPERATING INCOME	OPERATING INCOME						
OPERATING INCOME	OPERATING INCOME						
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):						

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):							
Interest expense, net							
Interest expense, net							
Interest expense, net	Interest expense, net	(53,806)	(1.4)	%	(67,003)	(1.9)	%
Equity in earnings of joint ventures	Equity in earnings of joint ventures	5,125	0.1	%	6,030	0.2	%
Equity in earnings of joint ventures							
Equity in earnings of joint ventures							
Other, net	Other, net	14,218	0.4	%	(13,374)	(0.4)	%
Total other expense		(34,463)	(0.9)	%	(74,347)	(2.2)	%
Other, net							
Other, net							
Total other income (expense)							
Total other income (expense)							
Total other income (expense)							
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	205,768	5.2	%	116,494	3.4	%
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)		55,212	1.4	%	(23,404)	(0.7)	%
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES							
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES							
INCOME TAX EXPENSE							
INCOME TAX EXPENSE							
INCOME TAX EXPENSE							
NET INCOME							
NET INCOME							
NET INCOME	NET INCOME	\$ 150,556	3.8	%	\$ 139,898	4.1	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, NET OF TAX:							
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes of \$7,259 and \$0, respectively							
		21,610	0.5	%	10,721	0.3	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		21,610	0.5	%	10,721	0.3	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX:							
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX:							
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX:							
Change in unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedge, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$2,158 and \$(7,259), respectively							
Change in unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedge, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$2,158 and \$(7,259), respectively							
Change in unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedge, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$2,158 and \$(7,259), respectively							

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME					
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME					
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME					
NET	NET				
COMPREHENSIVE	COMPREHENSIVE				
INCOME	INCOME	\$	172,166	4.4	%
				\$	150,619
				4.4	%
NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					
NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME					

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Year Ended **December 31, 2022**December 31, 2023 Compared to Year Ended **December 31, 2021**December 31, 2022

The following tables present table presents selected consolidated comparative results of operations for the years ended **December 31, 2022**December 31, 2023 and **2021**: 2022:

**Gross Profit**

	Year Ended December 31,													
	2022	2021	Variance											
	(in thousands, except for percentages)					2023	2022				Variance			
	(in thousands, except for percentages)													
	(in thousands, except for percentages)													
	(in thousands, except for percentages)													
Net revenue	Net revenue	\$3,944,735	\$3,438,640	\$506,095	14.7 %	Net revenue	\$4,302,324	\$3,944,735	\$357,589	9.1	9.1 %			
Cost of revenue	Cost of revenue	3,077,817	2,659,034	418,783	15.7 %	Cost of revenue	3,321,101	3,077,817	243,284	7.9	7.9 %			
Gross profit	Gross profit	\$866,918	\$779,606	\$87,312	11.2 %	Gross profit	\$981,223	\$866,918	\$114,305	13.2	13.2 %			
Gross profit margin	Gross profit margin	22.0%	22.7%											

(in thousands, except for percentages)					
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	607,427	\$	566,122	\$ 41,305 7.3 %
Depreciation and amortization expense		59,201		60,565	(1,364) (2.3)%
Total operating expenses	\$	666,628	\$	626,687	\$ 39,941 6.4 %

The decrease increase in gross margin percent was primarily driven by therapy mix and also impacted by inflationary pressures including labor, transportation, and medical supplies costs.

	Year Ended December 31,						
	2022		2021		Variance		
	(in thousands, except for percentages)						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	566,122	\$	525,707	\$	40,415	7.7 %
Depreciation and amortization expense		60,565		63,058		(2,493)	(4.0)%
Total operating expenses	\$	626,687	\$	588,765	\$	37,922	6.4 %

Selling, selling, general and administrative expenses increased for during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 is primarily due to an increase in salaries, benefits, and inflationary pressures, but has decreased equity compensation as a result of expansion of team members to adjust to current volumes, however, these expenses have remained relatively consistent as a percentage of revenue to at 14.1% and 14.4% for the year years ended December 31, 2022 as compared December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, due to 15.3% for the year ended December 31, 2021, as our revenue has grown at a faster pace than our selling, general and administrative expenses as the Company's scaled enterprise partially mitigated the inflationary impacts.

The decrease in depreciation and amortization expense is primarily attributed to certain intangible assets whose useful life expired partially offset by additional intangible assets due to acquisitions. focus on controlling spending leverage.

#### Other Income (Expense)

	Year Ended December 31,																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
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Total other expense	<u>\$ (34,463)</u>	<u>\$ (74,347)</u>	<u>\$ 39,884</u>	(53.6)%
Total other income (expense)	Total other income (expense)			
		<u>\$ 44,147</u>	<u>\$ (34,463)</u>	<u>\$ 78,610</u>
				(228.1) %

The decrease in interest expense, for net during the year ended **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023 was primarily attributable to the debt refinancing of an increase in interest income generated from our cash and cash equivalents, partially offset by increases in the First Lien Term Loan and issuance Loan's variable interest rate compared to the year ended December 31, 2022.

The increase in other, net during the year ended December 31, 2023 is primarily attributable to the receipt of the Senior Notes in October 2021. See Note 11, *Indebtedness*, Termination Fee, net of the consolidated financial statements for more information.

merger-related expenses. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the change in other, net is primarily due to a **\$10.3 million** \$10.3 million pre-tax gain from the sale of respiratory therapy assets that were previously held for sale ("Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale"), which closed in December 2022. In addition, a loss on extinguishment

[Table of debt incurred in conjunction with the January and October 2021 debt refinancing was included in the results for the year ended December 31, 2021. There was no comparable activity during the year ended December 31, 2022.](#)[Contents](#)

#### Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

	Year Ended December 31,			
			Variance	
	2022	2021		
	(in thousands, except for percentages)			
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 55,212	\$ (23,404)	\$ 78,616	335.9 %

	Year Ended December 31,			
			Variance	
	2023	2022		
	(in thousands, except for percentages)			
Income tax expense	\$ 91,652	\$ 55,212	\$ 36,440	66.0 %

The Company recorded income tax expense of **\$55.2 million** \$91.7 million and an income tax benefit of \$23.4 million \$55.2 million, which represents an effective tax rate of **26.8%** 25.5% and **negative 20.1%** 26.8% for the years ended **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023 and **2021**, 2022, respectively. The income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 includes \$21.8 million of tax expense related to the Termination Fee received, under the terms of the Mutual Termination Agreement, net of merger-related expenses, and the release of \$5.8 million of state valuation allowance in September 2023. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of 25.5% and 26.8% for the years ended December 31, 2023 and **negative 20.1%** 2022, respectively, is primarily attributable to the release of the Company's federal difference in state taxes, various non-deductible expenses, and a change in state valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2021, allowance. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of **26.8%** 25.5% for the year ended **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, compared to the federal statutory rate of 21%, is also primarily attributable to the difference between federal and state tax rates, as well as taxes, various non-deductible expenses.

expenses, and a change in state valuation allowance.

#### Net Income and Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

	Year Ended December 31,			
			Variance	
	2022	2021		
	(in thousands, except for percentages)			
Net income	\$ 150,556	\$ 139,898	\$ 10,658	7.6 %



Other comprehensive income, net of tax:				
Changes in unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes	21,610	10,721	10,889	101.6 %
Other comprehensive income	21,610	10,721	10,889	101.6 %
Net comprehensive income	\$ 172,166	\$ 150,619	\$ 21,547	14.3 %

	Year Ended December 31,			
	2023	2022	Variance	
	(in thousands, except for percentages)			
Net income	\$ 267,090	\$ 150,556	\$ 116,534	77.4 %
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Change in unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedge, net of income tax benefit (expense)	(6,181)	21,610	(27,791)	(128.6)%
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(6,181)	21,610	(27,791)	(128.6)%
Net comprehensive income	\$ 260,909	\$ 172,166	\$ 88,743	51.5 %

The change in net income for the year ended December 31, 2023 was primarily attributable to organic growth from additional revenue related to the factors described in the above sections in addition to and the \$10.3 million pre-tax gain from Termination Fee received under the Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale for the year ended December 31, 2022. In addition, the 2021 release terms of the Company's valuation allowance as referenced in the Income Tax (Benefit) Expense section above was included in the results for the year ended December 31, 2021. Mutual Termination Agreement, net of merger-related expenses. There was no comparable activity during the year ended December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the change in unrealized gains (loss) gain on cash flow hedges, hedge, net of income taxes, tax benefit (expense) was related to the increase change in fair market value of the \$300.0 million \$300.0 million interest rate cap hedge. For hedge executed in October 2021.

Net comprehensive income increased to \$260.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2023, the change in unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes, primarily related compared to the increase in fair value on the \$925.0 million notional swap; the swap expired in August 2021.

The change in net comprehensive income was of \$172.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, primarily as a result of the changes in net income described discussed above, further increased partially offset by the impact of the change in fair market value of the interest rate cap hedge. hedge discussed above.

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## Liquidity and Capital Resources

For the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the Company's primary sources of liquidity were cash on hand of \$294.2 million \$343.8 million and \$119.4 million \$294.2 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, \$168.3 million the Company had \$394.7 million of borrowings available under its credit facilities (net of \$6.7 million \$5.3 million undrawn letters of credit issued and outstanding), described further below. During the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the Company's positive cash flows from operations have enabled investments in pharmacy, infusion suites, and information technology infrastructure to support growth and create additional capacity in the future, as well as the pursuit of acquisitions. to pursue acquisitions and share repurchases.

The Company's primary uses of cash include supporting our ongoing business activities, investment in capital expenditures in both facilities and technology, and the pursuit of acquisitions. acquisitions and share repurchases. Ongoing operating cash outflows are associated with procuring and dispensing drugs, personnel and other costs associated with servicing patients, as well as paying cash for interest on the outstanding debt and for income cash taxes. Ongoing investing cash flows are primarily associated with capital projects related to and business acquisitions, the improvement and maintenance of our pharmacy facilities and investment in our information technology systems. Ongoing financing cash flows are primarily associated with the quarterly principal payments on our outstanding debt. debt, along with potential future share repurchases.

Our business strategy includes the deployment of capital to pursue acquisitions that complement our existing operations. We continue to evaluate acquisition opportunities and view acquisitions as a key part of our growth strategy. The Company historically has funded its acquisitions with cash and cash equivalents with the exception of the Merger. The Company may require additional capital in excess of current availability in order to complete future acquisitions. It is impossible to predict the amount of capital that may be required for acquisitions, and there is no assurance that sufficient financing for these activities will be available on acceptable terms.

### Short-Term and Long-Term Liquidity Requirements

Our The Company's ability to make principal and interest payments on any borrowings under our credit facilities and our ability to fund planned capital expenditures will depend on our ability to generate cash and cash equivalents in the future, which to a certain extent, is subject to general economic, financial, competitive, regulatory and other conditions. Based on our current level of operations and planned capital expenditures, we believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents balances and expected cash flows generated from operations will be sufficient to meet our operating requirements for at least the next 12 months, months and beyond. We may require additional borrowings under our credit facilities and alternative forms of financings or investments to achieve our longer-term strategic plans.

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### Credit Facilities

On December 7, 2023, the Company amended its First Lien Credit Agreement to, among other things, create a Revolver Facility which provides for borrowings up to \$400.0 million. The Revolver Facility matures on the date that is the earlier of (i) December 7, 2028 and (ii) the date that is 91 days prior to the stated maturity date applicable to any Term B Loans. Borrowings under the Revolver Facility will bear interest at a rate equal to, at the option of the Company, either (i) the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") applicable thereto plus the Applicable Rate or (ii) the then-applicable Base Rate plus the Applicable Rate, which Applicable Rate shall be, subject to certain caveats thereto, as follows (i) until delivery of financial statements and related Compliance Certificate for the first full fiscal quarter ending after the effective date of the Amendment, (A) for Term SOFR Loans, 1.75%, (B) for Base Rate Loans, 0.75% and (ii) thereafter, the following percentages per annum, based upon the Total Net Leverage Ratio as set forth in the most recent compliance certificate received by the Administrative Agent pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the Company's Company had \$5.3 million of undrawn letters of credit issued and outstanding, resulting in net borrowing availability under the Revolver Facility of \$394.7 million. The table below illustrates the aforementioned interest rate terms:

Pricing Level	Total Net Leverage Ratio	Applicable Rate for Term SOFR Loans	Applicable Rate for Base Rate Loans
I	Greater than or equal to 3.00x	2.25%	1.25%
II	Less than 3.00x, but greater than or equal to 2.25x	2.00%	1.00%
III	Less than 2.25x, but greater than or equal to 1.50x	1.75%	0.75%
IV	Less than 1.50x, but greater than or equal to 1.00x	1.50%	0.50%
V	Less than 1.00x	1.25%	0.25%

Concurrently with the creation of the Revolver Facility, the Company terminated the asset-based-lending revolving credit facility, which provided for borrowings up to \$175.0 million, which matures on \$225.0 million with a maturity date of October 27, 2026 (the "ABL Facility"). The ABL Facility bears bore interest at a rate equal to, at the Company's election, either (i) a base rate determined in accordance with the ABL Credit Agreement plus an applicable margin, which is equal to between 0.25% and 0.75% based on the historical excess availability as a percentage of the Line Cap (as such term is defined in the ABL Credit Agreement) and (ii) London Interbank offered Rate ("LIBOR") (or a comparable successor rate, with SOFR (with a floor of 0.00% per annum) plus an applicable margin, which is equal to between 1.25% and 1.75% based on the historical excess availability as a percentage of the Line Cap. The Company had \$6.7 million As of undrawn letters of credit issued and outstanding, resulting in net borrowing availability under December 31, 2023, the Company's ABL Facility of \$168.3 million as of December 31, 2022, was terminated. Effective January 13, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to amend the ABL Facility and increase the amount of borrowing availability by \$50.0 million to \$225.0 million total borrowing availability. As a result of the amended agreement, Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") SOFR was established as the new reference rate, replacing LIBOR.

Effective June 30, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement, dated as of June 8, 2023, to amend the First Lien Term Loan to replace LIBOR and related definitions and provisions with SOFR as the new reference rate. The principal balance of the First Lien Term Loan is repayable in quarterly installments of \$1.5 million plus interest, with a final payment of all remaining outstanding principal due on October 27, 2028. The quarterly principal payments commenced in March of 2022. Interest on the First Lien Term Loan is payable monthly on either (i) LIBOR (or a comparable successor rate, with SOFR (with a floor of 0.50% per annum) plus an applicable margin of 2.75% for Eurocurrency Rate Term SOFR Loans (as such term is defined in the First Lien Term Loan agreement) and Credit Agreement Amendment); or (ii) a base rate determined in accordance with the new First Lien Term Loan agreement, Credit Agreement Amendment, plus 1.75% for Base Rate Loans (as such term is defined in the First Lien Term Loan agreement) Credit

Agreement Amendment). The First Lien Term Loan agreement addresses reference rate reform and established SOFR as the benchmark replacement when LIBOR ceases to exist.

The Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.375% per annum, which are payable semi-annually in arrears on October 31 and April 30 of each year, and which began on April 30, 2022. The Senior Notes mature on October 31, 2029.

Interest payments over the course of long-term debt obligations total an estimated \$383.8 \$359.8 million based on final maturity dates of the Company's credit facilities. Interest payments are calculated based on the LIBOR rate current rates as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. Actual payments are based on changes in LIBOR SOFR and exclude the interest rate cap derivative instrument.

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### Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022

The following table presents selected data from Option Care Health's consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021: 2022:

		Year Ended December 31,					
		2022	2021	Variance			
		(in thousands)			2023	2022	Variance
		(in thousands)					
		(in thousands)					
		(in thousands)					
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 267,547	\$ 208,569	\$ 58,978			
Net cash used in investing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(108,052)	(111,541)	3,489			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	15,268	(76,870)	92,138			
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities						
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	174,763	20,158	154,605			

Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	119,423	99,265	20,158
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$294,186	\$119,423	\$174,763

### Cash Flows from Operating Activities

The increase in cash flows provided by operating activities is primarily due to higher net income, decrease the Termination Fee received under the terms of the Mutual Termination Agreement, net of merger-related expenses and taxes, stock-based incentive compensation expense, changes in interest expense due to the January accrued compensation and October 2021 debt refinancings, employee benefits, timing of collections on accounts receivable, partially offset by cash paid for taxes, changes in inventory, and certain accruals and timing of vendor payments and deferred income taxes, which were partially offset by changes in inventory and accounts receivable during the year ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022.

### Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The decrease in cash flows used in investing activities during the year ended December 31, 2023 is primarily due to the inflow from the Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale and partially offset by various acquisitions made within a decrease in acquisition activity as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022, which are described in . See Note 3, Business Acquisitions and Divestitures, of the consolidated financial statements as compared to various acquisitions during the year ended December 31, 2021. for more information.

### Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The increase cash used in cash flows provided by financing activities is primarily related to the proceeds from warrant exercises Company's repurchase of common stock during the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, with no comparable activity during whereas the cash provided by financing activities in the year ended December 31, 2021. Additionally, the cash used in financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2021, is December 31, 2022 was primarily related to the January and October 2021 debt refinancing activities, with no comparable activity during the year ended December 31, 2022. proceeds of warrant exercises.

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## Critical Accounting Estimates

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), which requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions. The Company evaluates its estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. Estimates and judgments are based on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the period presented. The Company's actual results may differ from these estimates, and different assumptions or conditions may yield different estimates.

The following discussion is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all the accounting policies, estimates or judgments made in the preparation of our financial statements. A discussion of our significant accounting policies, including further discussion of the accounting policies described below, can be found in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, within the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in Item 8 of this Annual Report.

### Revenue Recognition and Accounts Receivable

Net revenue is reported at the net realizable value amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for providing services. Revenues are from commercial payers, government payers, and patients for goods and services provided and are based on a gross price based on payer contracts, fee schedules, or other arrangements less any implicit price concessions.

Due to the nature of the **health care healthcare** industry and the reimbursement environment in which the Company operates, certain estimates are required to record revenue and accounts receivable at their net realizable values at the time goods or services are provided. Inherent in these estimates is the risk that they will have to be revised or updated as additional information becomes available.

The Company assesses the expected consideration to be received at the time of patient acceptance based on the verification of the patient's insurance coverage, historical information with the patient, similar patients, or the payer. Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by the Company. The majority of the Company's performance obligations are to provide infusion services to deliver medicine, nutrients, or fluids directly into the body.

The Company provides a variety of infusion-related therapies to patients, which frequently include multiple deliverables of pharmaceutical drugs and related nursing services. After applying the criteria from Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606"), the Company concluded that multiple performance obligations exist in its contracts with its customers. Revenue is allocated to each performance obligation based on relative standalone price, determined based on reimbursement rates established in the third-party payer contracts. Pharmaceutical drug revenue is recognized at the time the pharmaceutical drug is delivered to the patient, and nursing revenue is recognized on the date of service.

The Company's accounts receivable are reported at the net realizable value amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for providing services, which is inclusive of adjustments for price concessions. The majority of accounts receivable are due from private insurance carriers and governmental **health care healthcare** programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid.

Price concessions may result from patient hardships, patient uncollectible accounts sent to collection agencies, lack of recovery due to not receiving prior authorization, differing interpretations of covered therapies in payer contracts, different pricing methodologies, or various other reasons.

Included in accounts receivable are earned but unbilled gross receivables. Delays ranging from one day up to several weeks between the date of service and billing can occur due to delays in obtaining certain required payer-specific documentation from internal and external sources.

After applying the criteria from ASC 606, an allowance for doubtful accounts is established only as a result of an adverse change in the payers' ability to pay outstanding billings. As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021, 2022**, the Company had no allowance for doubtful accounts. The Company recorded an allowance for implicit price concessions based on its historical experience of additional revenue being recorded or revenue being written off when amounts received are greater than or less than the originally estimated net realizable value. The detailed assessments included, among other factors, current over/under payments which had not yet been applied to an account, historical contractual adjustments, and historical payments. Contractual allowance estimates are adjusted to actual amounts as cash is received and claims are settled.

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### **Business Acquisitions**

The Company accounts for business acquisitions in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations* ("ASC 805"), with assets and liabilities being recorded at their acquisition date fair values and goodwill being calculated as the purchase price in excess of the net identifiable assets. The application of ASC 805 requires management to make estimates and assumptions when determining the acquisition date fair values of acquired assets and assumed liabilities. Management's estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to, the future cash flows an asset is expected to generate and the weighted-average cost of capital. See Note 3, *Business Acquisitions and Divestitures*, for further discussion of business acquisitions.

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## **Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

### **Interest Rate Risk**

The Company's primary market risk exposure is changing LIBOR-SOFR-based interest rates. Interest rate risk is highly sensitive due to many factors, including U.S. monetary and tax policies, U.S. and international economic factors and other factors beyond our control. At December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, we had outstanding debt of \$594.0 million \$588.0 million under our First Lien Term Loan with a variable interest rate component. See Note 11, *Indebtedness*, of the consolidated financial statements for more information.

To reduce interest rate risk, the Company has utilized an interest rate derivative contract to hedge against fluctuations in LIBOR SOFR rates on the First Lien Term Loan. In conjunction with the October 2021 debt refinancing, the Company entered into an interest rate cap hedge with a notional amount of \$300.0 million for a 5-year five-year term, effective on November 30, 2021. See Note 12, *Derivative Instruments*, of the consolidated financial statements for more information.

A hypothetical 100-basis point increase or decrease in market interest rates associated with the unhedged variable-rate debt over a twelve-month 12-month period would result in a change to interest expense of approximately \$3.0 million \$2.9 million.

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## Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors  
Option Care Health, Inc.:

#### *Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements*

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Option Care Health, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated February 23, 2023 February 22, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### *Basis for Opinion*

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### *Critical Audit Matters Matter*

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not

alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Sufficiency of audit evidence over the evaluation of transaction price adjustments

As discussed in Notes 2 and 4 to the consolidated financial statements, net revenue is reported at the net realizable value amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for providing services. Revenues are from government commercial payers, commercial government payers, and patients for infusion therapy and other ancillary health care services. The Company estimates the transaction price adjustments based on the verification of the patient's insurance coverage, historical price concessions, and historical payments.

We identified the sufficiency of audit evidence over the evaluation of transaction price adjustments as a critical audit matter. Complex auditor judgment was required to evaluate the sufficiency of audit evidence obtained due to the large volume of data and the information technology (IT) applications utilized in the transaction price adjustment process to capture and aggregate the data.

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The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls over the Company's transaction price adjustment process, including general IT controls and IT application controls. We involved IT professionals with specialized skills and knowledge who assisted in the identification and testing of certain IT systems used by the Company for the processing and recording of transaction price adjustments. We tested the relevance and reliability of the underlying data that served as the basis for the transaction price adjustments by agreeing a selection of certain data elements to underlying support. We assessed the sufficiency of audit evidence obtained related to transaction price adjustments by evaluating the cumulative results of the audit procedures.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2015.

Chicago, Illinois  
February 23, 2023 22, 2024

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OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARES AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

		December 31,	
		2022	2021
		December 31,	
		December 31,	
		December 31,	
		2023	
		2023	
		2023	
ASSETS			
ASSETS			
ASSETS	ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:	CURRENT ASSETS:		
CURRENT ASSETS:			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents			



Cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and cash equivalents	Cash and cash equivalents \$	294,186	\$ 119,423
Accounts receivable, net	Accounts receivable, net	377,542	338,242
Accounts receivable, net			
Accounts receivable, net			
Inventories			
Inventories			
Inventories	Inventories	224,281	183,095
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	98,330	69,496
Prepaid expenses and other current assets			
Prepaid expenses and other current assets			
Total current assets			
Total current assets			
Total current assets	Total current assets	994,339	710,256
NONCURRENT ASSETS:	NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
Property and equipment, net			
Property and equipment, net			
Property and equipment, net	Property and equipment, net	108,321	111,535
Operating lease right-of-use asset	Operating lease right-of-use asset	72,424	74,777
Operating lease right-of-use asset			
Operating lease right-of-use asset			
Intangible assets, net			
Intangible assets, net			
Intangible assets, net	Intangible assets, net	22,371	21,433
Referral sources, net	Referral sources, net	341,744	344,587
Referral sources, net			
Referral sources, net			
Goodwill	Goodwill	1,533,424	1,477,564
Deferred income taxes		—	27,033
Goodwill			
Goodwill			
Other noncurrent assets			
Other noncurrent assets			
Other noncurrent assets	Other noncurrent assets	40,313	23,733
Total noncurrent assets	Total noncurrent assets	2,118,597	2,080,662
Total noncurrent assets			
Total noncurrent assets			
TOTAL ASSETS			
TOTAL ASSETS			



TOTAL ASSETS	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,112,936	\$	2,790,918
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	Accounts payable	\$	378,763	\$	279,246
Accounts payable					
Accounts payable					
Accrued compensation and employee benefits					
Accrued compensation and employee benefits					
Accrued compensation and employee benefits	Accrued compensation and employee benefits		76,906		83,503
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		84,302		71,857
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities					
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities					
Current portion of operating lease liability					
Current portion of operating lease liability					
Current portion of operating lease liability	Current portion of operating lease liability		19,380		19,089
Current portion of long-term debt	Current portion of long-term debt		6,000		6,000
Current portion of long-term debt					
Current portion of long-term debt					
Total current liabilities					
Total current liabilities					
Total current liabilities	Total current liabilities		565,351		459,695
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:					
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Long-term debt, net of discount, deferred financing costs and current portion					
Long-term debt, net of discount, deferred financing costs and current portion					
Long-term debt, net of discount, deferred financing costs and current portion	Long-term debt, net of discount, deferred financing costs and current portion		1,058,204		1,059,900
Operating lease liability, net of current portion	Operating lease liability, net of current portion		71,441		74,492
Operating lease liability, net of current portion					
Operating lease liability, net of current portion					
Deferred income taxes					

Deferred income taxes			
Deferred income taxes	Deferred income taxes	22,154	—
Other noncurrent liabilities	Other noncurrent liabilities	9,683	20,945
Other noncurrent liabilities			
Other noncurrent liabilities			
Total noncurrent liabilities	Total noncurrent liabilities	1,161,482	1,155,337
Total noncurrent liabilities			
Total noncurrent liabilities			
Total liabilities			
Total liabilities			
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	1,726,833	1,615,032
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value; 12,500,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.		—	—
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value: 250,000,000 shares authorized, 182,341,420 shares issued and 181,957,698 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022; 180,309,637 shares issued and 179,925,915 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2021.		18	18
Treasury stock; 383,722 shares outstanding, at cost, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.		(2,403)	(2,403)
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value; 12,500,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.			
Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value; 12,500,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.			
Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value; 12,500,000 shares authorized, no shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.			
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value: 250,000,000 shares authorized, 182,905,559 shares issued and 174,575,537 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023; 182,341,420 shares issued and 181,957,698 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022.			
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value: 250,000,000 shares authorized, 182,905,559 shares issued and 174,575,537 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023; 182,341,420 shares issued and 181,957,698 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022.			
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value: 250,000,000 shares authorized, 182,905,559 shares issued and 174,575,537 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2023; 182,341,420 shares issued and 181,957,698 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2022.			
Treasury stock; 8,330,022 and 383,722 shares outstanding, at cost, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.			
Treasury stock; 8,330,022 and 383,722 shares outstanding, at cost, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.			

Paid-in capital

Paid-in capital

Paid-in capital	Paid-in capital	1,176,906	1,138,855
Retained earnings	Retained earnings	190,423	39,867
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		21,159	(451)

Retained earnings

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Accumulated other comprehensive income

Total stockholders' equity

Total stockholders' equity

Total stockholders' equity	Total stockholders' equity	1,386,103	1,175,886
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TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 3,112,936	\$ 2,790,918
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TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)  
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

		Year Ended December 31,	Year Ended December 31,	Year Ended December 31,
		Year Ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020
NET REVENUE	NET REVENUE	\$ 3,944,735	\$ 3,438,640	\$ 3,032,610
NET REVENUE				
NET REVENUE				
COST OF REVENUE	COST OF REVENUE	3,077,817	2,659,034	2,350,346
COST OF REVENUE				
COST OF REVENUE				
GROSS PROFIT				
GROSS PROFIT				
GROSS PROFIT	GROSS PROFIT	866,918	779,606	682,264
OPERATING COSTS	OPERATING COSTS			
AND EXPENSES:	AND EXPENSES:			
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:				
OPERATING COSTS AND EXPENSES:				

Selling, general and administrative expenses				
Selling, general and administrative expenses				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	Selling, general and administrative expenses	566,122	525,707	500,199
Depreciation and amortization expense	Depreciation and amortization expense	60,565	63,058	71,310
Depreciation and amortization expense				
Depreciation and amortization expense				
Total operating expenses				
Total operating expenses				
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses	626,687	588,765	571,509
OPERATING INCOME	OPERATING INCOME	240,231	190,841	110,755
OPERATING INCOME				
OPERATING INCOME				
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):	OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):			
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):				
Interest expense, net				
Interest expense, net				
Interest expense, net	Interest expense, net	(53,806)	(67,003)	(107,770)
Equity in earnings of joint ventures	Equity in earnings of joint ventures	5,125	6,030	3,313
Equity in earnings of joint ventures				
Equity in earnings of joint ventures				
Other, net	Other, net	14,218	(13,374)	(11,541)
Total other expense		(34,463)	(74,347)	(115,998)
Other, net				
Other, net				
Total other income (expense)				
Total other income (expense)				
Total other income (expense)				
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES		205,768	116,494	(5,243)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES				
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES				
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES				
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	55,212	(23,404)	2,833
NET INCOME (LOSS)		\$ 150,556	\$ 139,898	\$ (8,076)

INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)			
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)			
NET INCOME			
NET INCOME			
NET INCOME			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
(LOSS), NET OF TAX:			
Change in unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of income taxes of \$7,259, \$0 and \$0, respectively	21,610	10,721	(3,977)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	21,610	10,721	(3,977)
NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 172,166	\$ 150,619	\$ (12,053)
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE			
Earnings (loss) per share, basic	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.78	\$ (0.04)
Earnings (loss) per share, diluted	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.77	\$ (0.04)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX:			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX:			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME, NET OF TAX:			
Change in unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$2,158, \$(7,259) and \$0, respectively			
Change in unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$2,158, \$(7,259) and \$0, respectively			
Change in unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of income tax benefit (expense) of \$2,158, \$(7,259) and \$0, respectively			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME			
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME			
NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
NET COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:			
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:			
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:			
Earnings per share, basic			
Earnings per share, basic			

Earnings per share, basic				
Earnings per share, diluted				
Earnings per share, diluted				
Earnings per share, diluted				
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic				
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic				
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	181,105	179,855	180,971
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted	182,075	181,205	180,971
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted				
Weighted average common shares outstanding, diluted				

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
(IN THOUSANDS)

		Year Ended December 31,							
		Year Ended December 31,						Year Ended December 31,	
		2022	2021	2020	2023	2022		2021	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Net income (loss)		\$150,556	\$139,898	\$ (8,076)					
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operations:									
Net income									
Net income									
Net income									
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:									
Depreciation and amortization expense									

Depreciation and amortization expense				
Depreciation and amortization expense	Depreciation and amortization expense	65,434	68,804	77,896
Non-cash operating lease costs	Non-cash operating lease costs	19,713	15,168	18,814
Deferred income taxes - net	Deferred income taxes - net	49,187	(30,372)	1,196
(Gain)/loss on sale of assets	(Gain)/loss on sale of assets	(9,403)	767	742
Loss on extinguishment of debt	Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	13,387	11,545
Amortization of deferred financing costs	Amortization of deferred financing costs	4,304	4,998	5,517
Loss on interest rate swaps upon discontinuing hedge accounting		—	—	3,746
Paid-in-kind interest capitalized as principal		—	—	7,525
Equity in earnings of joint ventures	Equity in earnings of joint ventures	(5,125)	(6,030)	(3,313)
Stock-based incentive compensation expense	Stock-based incentive compensation expense	16,783	9,575	2,920
Capital distribution from equity method investments	Capital distribution from equity method investments	5,875	2,900	3,250
Change in contingent consideration liability		—	—	(1,500)
Other adjustments	Other adjustments	—	844	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net				
Accounts receivable, net				
Accounts receivable, net	Accounts receivable, net	(36,889)	(4,273)	(3,924)



Inventories	Inventories	(41,010)	(22,700)	(42,725)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(16,798)	1,420	(19,500)
Accounts payable	Accounts payable	98,885	(10,381)	59,215
Accrued compensation and employee benefits	Accrued compensation and employee benefits	(7,770)	23,977	13,134
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	10,535	18,383	22,809
Operating lease liabilities	Operating lease liabilities	(21,395)	(18,496)	(18,089)
Other noncurrent assets and liabilities	Other noncurrent assets and liabilities	(15,335)	700	(3,790)
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	267,547	208,569	127,392
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Acquisition of property and equipment				
Acquisition of property and equipment				
Acquisition of property and equipment	Acquisition of property and equipment	(35,358)	(25,632)	(26,875)
Proceeds from sale of assets	Proceeds from sale of assets	14,670	—	—
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(87,364)	(85,909)	—
Other investing cash flows		—	—	541

Other investing activities				
Net cash used in investing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(108,052)	(111,541)	(26,334)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	352	(32)	(904)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock		—	—	118,934
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings				
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings				
Purchase of company stock				
Proceeds from warrant exercises	Proceeds from warrant exercises	20,916	—	—
Proceeds from issuance of debt	Proceeds from issuance of debt	—	855,136	—
Repayments of debt principal	Repayments of debt principal	(6,000)	(8,832)	(9,250)
Retirement of debt obligations	Retirement of debt obligations	—	(910,345)	(174,000)
Deferred financing costs	Deferred financing costs	—	(10,339)	(149)
Debt prepayment fees	Debt prepayment fees	—	(2,458)	(3,480)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		15,268	(76,870)	(68,849)
Other financing activities				

Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities				
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	174,763	20,158	32,209
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the period	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the period	119,423	99,265	67,056
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD	\$294,186	\$119,423	\$ 99,265
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information:				
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information:				
Supplemental disclosure of cash flows information:				
Cash paid for interest				
Cash paid for interest				
Cash paid for interest	Cash paid for interest	\$ 50,372	\$ 60,920	\$ 97,640
Cash paid for income taxes	Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 13,438	\$ 5,706	\$ 2,884
Cash paid for operating leases	Cash paid for operating leases	\$ 25,311	\$ 26,174	\$ 26,809

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

**OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**(IN THOUSANDS)**

	Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total Stockholders' Equity
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Balance - December 31, 2019		\$	—	\$	18	\$	(2,403)	\$	1,008,362	\$	(91,955)	\$	(7,195)	\$	906,827
		Preferred Stock													
		Preferred Stock													
		Preferred Stock													
Balance - December 31, 2020															
Balance - December 31, 2020															
Balance - December 31, 2020															
Stock-based incentive compensation															
Stock-based incentive compensation															
Stock-based incentive compensation	Stock-based incentive compensation	—	—	—	2,920	—	—	2,920							
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	—	—	—	(904)	—	—	(904)							
Net proceeds from the issuance of common stock		—	1	—	118,933	—	—	118,934							
Cancellation of common stock - see Note 16		—	(1)	—	1	—	—	—							
Net loss		—	—	—	—	(8,076)	—	(8,076)							
Other comprehensive loss		—	—	—	—	—	(3,977)	(3,977)							
Balance - December 31, 2020		\$	—	\$	18	\$	(2,403)	\$	1,129,312	\$	(100,031)	\$	(11,172)	\$	1,015,724
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings															
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings															
Net income															
Net income															
Net income															
Other comprehensive income															
Other comprehensive income															
Other comprehensive income															
Balance - December 31, 2021															
Balance - December 31, 2021															
Balance - December 31, 2021															
Stock-based incentive compensation															

Stock-based incentive compensation								
Stock-based incentive compensation	Stock-based incentive compensation	—	—	—	9,575	—	—	9,575
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	—	—	—	(32)	—	—	(32)
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings								
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings								
Exercise of warrants								
Exercise of warrants								
Exercise of warrants								
Net income								
Net income								
Net income	Net income	—	—	—	—	139,898	—	139,898
Other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	10,721	10,721
Balance - December 31, 2021		\$ —	\$ 18	\$ (2,403)	\$ 1,138,855	\$ 39,867	\$ (451)	\$ 1,175,886
Other comprehensive income								
Other comprehensive income								
Balance - December 31, 2022								
Balance - December 31, 2022								
Balance - December 31, 2022								
Stock-based incentive compensation								
Stock-based incentive compensation								
Stock-based incentive compensation	Stock-based incentive compensation	—	—	—	16,783	—	—	16,783
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings	—	—	—	352	—	—	352
Exercise of warrants		—	—	—	20,916	—	—	20,916

Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings								
Exercise of stock options, vesting of restricted stock, and related tax withholdings								
Purchase of company stock, and related tax effects								
Purchase of company stock, and related tax effects								
Purchase of company stock, and related tax effects								
Net income	Net income	—	—	—	—	150,556	—	150,556
Other comprehensive income		—	—	—	—	—	21,610	21,610
Balance - December 31, 2022		\$ —	\$ 18	\$ (2,403)	\$ 1,176,906	\$ 190,423	\$ 21,159	\$ 1,386,103
Net income								
Net income								
Other comprehensive loss								
Other comprehensive loss								
Other comprehensive loss								
Balance - December 31, 2023								
Balance - December 31, 2023								
Balance - December 31, 2023								

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

## OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.

### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Corporate Organization and Business** — On April 7, 2015, HC I and HC II collectively acquired Walgreens Infusion Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries from Walgreen Co., and the business was rebranded as Option Care.

On March 14, 2019, HC I and HC II entered into the Merger Agreement to merge with and into a wholly-owned subsidiary of BioScrip, a national provider of infusion and home care management solutions, which was completed on August 6, 2019. Following the close of the Merger, BioScrip was rebranded as Option Care Health. The combined Company's stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, HC Group Holdings I, LLC. ("HC I") completed a secondary offering sales of 11,000,000 23,771,926 shares of its Option Care common stock. Following this offering, In addition, the Company repurchased 2,475,166 shares from HC I holds approximately 14.4% on March 3, 2023 under the Company's share repurchase program. See Note 16, *Stockholders' Equity*, for further discussion of the common stock Company's share repurchase program. As of December 31, 2023, HC I no longer holds shares of the Company. Company's common stock.

Option Care Health, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, provides infusion therapy and other ancillary health care healthcare services through a national network of 96 93 full service pharmacies and 67 84 stand-alone ambulatory infusion sites. The Company contracts with managed care organizations, third-party payers, hospitals, physicians, and other referral sources to provide pharmaceuticals and complex compounded solutions to patients for intravenous delivery in the patients' homes or other nonhospital settings. The Company operates in one segment, infusion services.

**Basis of Presentation** — The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions in determining assets,

liabilities, revenue, expenses, and related disclosures. Actual amounts could differ materially from those estimates.

**Principles of Consolidation** — The Company's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Option Care Health, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated in consolidation.

The Company has investments in companies that are 50% owned and are accounted for as equity-method investments. The Company's share of earnings from equity-method investments is included in the line entitled "Equity in earnings of joint ventures" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). See "Equity-Method Investments" within Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*, for further discussion of the Company's equity-method investments.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** — The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2023, cash equivalents consisted of money market funds.

**Accounts Receivable** — The Company's accounts receivable is reported at the net realizable value amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for providing services, which is inclusive of adjustments for price concessions. The majority of accounts receivable are due from private insurance carriers and governmental health care healthcare programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid.

Price concessions may result from patient hardships, patient uncollectible accounts sent to collection agencies, lack of recovery due to not receiving prior authorization, differing interpretations of covered therapies in payer contracts, different pricing methodologies, or various other reasons. In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606"), an allowance for doubtful accounts is established only as a result of an adverse change in the Company's payers' ability to pay outstanding billings. The Company had no allowance for doubtful accounts as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, respectively, 2022.

Included in accounts receivable are earned but unbilled gross receivables of \$101.5 million \$89.1 million and \$80.1 million \$101.5 million as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively. Delays ranging from one day up to several weeks between the date of service and billing can occur due to delays in obtaining certain required payer-specific documentation from internal and external sources.

See *Revenue Recognition* for a further discussion of the Company's revenue recognition policy.

**Inventories** — Inventories, which consists primarily of pharmaceuticals, is stated at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or net realizable value basis, which the Company believes is reflective of the physical flow of inventories.

**Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets** — Included in prepaid expenses and other current assets are rebates receivable from pharmaceutical and medical supply manufacturers of \$53.4 million \$52.0 million and \$43.0 million \$53.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

**Leases** — The Company has lease agreements for facilities, warehouses, office space and property and equipment. At the inception of a contract, the Company determines if the contract is a lease or contains an embedded lease arrangement. Operating leases are included in the operating lease right-of-use asset ("ROU asset") and operating lease liabilities in the consolidated financial statements.

ROU assets, which represent the Company's right to use the leased assets, and operating lease liabilities, which represent the present value of unpaid lease payments, are both recognized by the Company at the lease commencement date. The Company utilizes its estimated incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date to determine the present value of unpaid lease obligations. The rates are estimated primarily using a methodology dependent on the Company's financial condition, creditworthiness, and availability of certain observable data. In particular, the Company considers its actual cost of borrowing for collateralized loans and its credit rating, along with the corporate bond yield curve in estimating its incremental borrowing rates. ROU assets are recorded as the amount of operating lease liability, adjusted for prepayments, accrued lease payments, initial direct costs, lease incentives, and impairment of the ROU asset. Tenant improvement allowances used to fund leasehold improvements are recognized when earned and reduce the related ROU asset. Tenant improvement allowances are recognized through the ROU asset as a reduction of expense over the term of the lease.

Leases may contain rent escalations, however the Company recognizes the lease expense on a straight-line basis over the expected lease term. The Company reviews the terms of any lease renewal options to determine if it is reasonably certain that the renewal options will be exercised. The Company has determined that the expected lease term is typically the minimum non-cancelable period of the lease.



The Company has lease agreements that contain both lease and non-lease components which the Company has elected to account for as a single lease component for all asset classes. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the consolidated balance sheet and are expensed on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. See Note 8, *Leases*, for further discussion of leases.

**Goodwill, Intangible Assets, Property and Equipment, and Referral Sources** — Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company accounts for goodwill under ASC Topic 350, *Intangibles-Goodwill and Other*. The Company tests goodwill for impairment annually, or more frequently whenever events or circumstances indicate impairment may exist. Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The Company completes its goodwill impairment test annually in the fourth quarter on a qualitative basis. See Note 10, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, for further discussion of the Company's goodwill and other intangible assets.

Intangible assets arising from the Company's acquisitions are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset. Referral sources have a useful life of fifteen to twenty years. Trademarks/names have a useful life ranging from **ten two** to fifteen years. The useful lives for other amortizable intangible assets range from approximately two to nine years. The Company does not have any indefinite-lived intangible assets.

Property and equipment is recorded at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation on owned property and equipment is provided for on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of owned assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the estimated useful life of the property or over the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Estimated useful lives are seven years for infusion pumps and three to thirteen years for equipment. Major repairs, which extend the useful life of an asset, are capitalized in the property and equipment accounts. Routine maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Computer software is included in property and equipment and consists of purchased software and internally-developed software. The Company capitalizes application-stage development costs for significant internally-developed software projects. Once the software is ready for its intended use, these costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the software's estimated useful life, generally five years. Costs recognized in the preliminary project phase and the post-implementation phase, as well as maintenance and training costs, are expensed as incurred.

The Company assesses long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that a certain asset or asset group may be impaired. If circumstances require a long-lived asset or asset group be tested for possible impairment, the Company first compares undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by that asset or asset group to its carrying amount. If the carrying amount of the long-lived asset or asset group is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash **flow flows** basis, an impairment is recognized to the extent that the carrying amount exceeds its fair value.

**Equity-Method Investments** — The Company's investments in certain unconsolidated entities are accounted for under the equity method. The balance of these investments is included in other noncurrent assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. As of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022**, the balance of the investments was **\$19.4** **\$20.9** million and **\$20.1** **\$19.4** million, respectively. The investments are increased to reflect the Company's capital contributions and equity in earnings of the investees. The investments are decreased to reflect the Company's equity in losses of the investees and for distributions received that are not in excess of the carrying amount of the investments. The Company's proportionate share of earnings or losses of the investees is recorded in equity in earnings of joint ventures in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive **income (loss)** **income**. The Company's proportionate share of earnings was **\$5.1 million** **\$5.5 million**, **\$6.0 million** **\$5.1 million** and **\$3.3 million** **\$6.0 million** for the years ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, **2021** **2022** and **2020**, **2021**, respectively. Distributions from the investees are treated as cash inflows from operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. During the years ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, **2021** **2022** and **2020**, **2021**, the Company received distributions from the investees of **\$5.9 million** **\$4.0 million**, **\$2.9 million** **\$5.9 million** and **\$3.3 million**, **\$2.9 million**, respectively. See Note 17, *Related-Party Transactions*, for discussion of related-party transactions with these investees.

**Hedging Instruments** — The Company uses derivative financial instruments to limit its exposure to increases in the interest rate of its variable rate debt instruments. The derivative financial instruments are recognized on the consolidated balance sheets at fair value. See Note 12, *Derivative Instruments*, for additional information.

At inception of the hedge, the Company designated the derivative instruments as a hedge of the cash flows related to the interest on the variable rate debt. For all instruments designated as hedges, the Company documents the hedging relationships and its risk management objective of the hedging relationship. For all hedging instruments, the terms of the hedge perfectly offset the hedged expected cash flows.

**Revenue Recognition** — Net revenue is reported at the net realizable value amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for providing goods and services. Revenues are from government payers, commercial payers, and patients for goods and services provided and are based on a gross price based on payer contracts, fee schedules, or other arrangements less any implicit price concessions.

Due to the nature of the **health care** **healthcare** industry and the reimbursement environment in which the Company operates, certain estimates are required to record revenue and accounts receivable at their net realizable values at the time goods or services are provided. Inherent in these estimates is the risk that they will have to be revised or updated as additional information becomes available.

The Company assesses the expected consideration to be received at the time of patient acceptance, based on the verification of the patient's insurance coverage, historical information with the patient, similar patients, or the payer. Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided by the Company. The majority of the Company's performance obligations are to provide infusion services to deliver medicine, nutrients, or fluids directly into the body.

The Company provides a variety of infusion-related therapies to patients, which frequently include multiple deliverables of pharmaceutical drugs and related nursing services. After applying the criteria from ASC 606, the Company concluded that multiple performance obligations exist in its contracts with its customers. Revenue is allocated to each performance obligation based on relative standalone price, determined based on reimbursement rates established in the third-party payer contracts. Pharmaceutical drug revenue is recognized at the time the pharmaceutical drug is delivered to the patient, and nursing revenue is recognized on the date of service.

The Company's outstanding performance obligations relate to contracts with a duration of less than one year. Therefore, the Company has elected to apply the practical expedient provided by ASC 606 and is not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. Any unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of a reporting period are generally completed prior to the patient being discharged. See Note 4, *Revenue* for a further discussion of revenue.

**Cost of Revenue** — Cost of revenue consists of the actual cost of pharmaceuticals and other medical supplies dispensed to patients, as well as all other costs directly related to the production of revenue. These costs include warehousing costs, purchasing costs, freight costs, cash discounts, wages and related costs for pharmacists and nurses, along with depreciation expense relating to revenue-generating assets, such as infusion pumps.

The Company also receives rebates from pharmaceutical and medical supply manufacturers. Rebates are generally volume-based incentives and are recorded as a reduction of inventory and are accounted for as a reduction of cost of goods sold when the related inventory is sold.

**Selling, General and Administrative Expenses** — Selling, general and administrative expenses mainly consist of salaries for administrative employees that directly and indirectly support the operations, occupancy costs, marketing expenditures, insurance, and professional fees.

**Stock Based Incentive Compensation** — The Company accounts for stock-based incentive compensation expense in accordance with ASC Topic 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation* ("ASC 718"). Stock-based incentive compensation expense is based on the grant date fair value. The Company estimates the fair value of stock option awards using a Black-Scholes option pricing model and the fair value of restricted stock unit awards using the closing price of the Company's common stock on the grant date. For awards with a service-based vesting condition, the Company recognizes expense on a straight-line basis over the service period of the award. For awards with performance-based vesting conditions, the Company will recognize expense when it is probable that the performance-based conditions will be met. When the Company determines that it is probable that the performance-based conditions will be met, a cumulative catch-up of expense will be recorded as if the award had been vesting on a straight-line basis from the award date. The award will continue to be expensed on a straight-line basis through the remainder of the vesting period and will be updated if the Company determines that there has been a change in the probability of achieving the performance-based conditions. The Company records the impact of forfeited awards in the period in which the forfeiture occurs.

**Business Acquisitions** — The Company accounts for business acquisitions in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with assets and liabilities being recorded at their acquisition date fair value and goodwill being calculated as the purchase price in excess of the net identifiable assets. See Note 3, *Business Acquisitions and Divestitures*, for further discussion of the Company's business acquisitions.

**Income Taxes** — The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are reported for book-tax basis differences and are measured based on currently enacted tax laws using rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rate on deferred taxes is recognized in income tax expense in the period that includes the enactment date of the change.

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts more likely than not to be realized.

The Company recognizes income tax positions that are more likely than not to be sustained on their technical merits. The Company measures recognized income tax positions at the maximum benefit that is more likely than not, based on cumulative probability, realizable upon final settlement of the position. Interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits are reported in income tax expense (benefit).

**Concentrations of Business Risk** — The Company generates revenue from managed care contracts and other agreements with commercial third-party payers. Revenue related to the Company's largest payer was approximately 14%, 16% 14% and 15% 16% for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively. There were no other managed care contracts that represent greater than 10% of revenue for the years presented.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021, approximately 12%, 12% and 12%, respectively, of the Company's revenue was reimbursable through direct government healthcare programs such as Medicare and Medicaid. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, approximately 13% 12% and 11% 13%, respectively, of the Company's accounts receivable was related to these programs. Governmental programs pay for services based on fee schedules and rates that are determined by the related governmental agency. Laws and regulations pertaining to government programs are complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change in the near term.

The Company does not require its patients nor other payers to carry collateral for any amounts owed for goods or services provided. Other than as discussed above, concentrations of credit risk relating to trade accounts receivable is limited due to the Company's diversity of patients and payers. Further, the Company generally does not provide charity care; however, Option Care Health offers a financial assistance program for patients that meet certain defined hardship criteria.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022, and 2021, approximately 72%, 73% and 74%, respectively, of the Company's pharmaceutical and medical supply purchases were from four vendors. For the year ended December 31, 2020, approximately 70% of the Company's pharmaceutical and medical supply purchases were from three vendors. Although there are a limited number of suppliers, the Company believes that other vendors could provide similar products on comparable terms. However, a change in suppliers could cause delays in service delivery and possible losses in revenue, which could adversely affect the Company's financial condition or operating results. Although there is uncertainty regarding the COVID-19 pandemic, as of December 31, 2022 the Company has been able to maintain adequate levels of supplies and pharmaceuticals to support its operations.

**Fair Value Measurements** — The fair value measurement accounting standard, ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement* ("ASC 820"), provides a framework for measuring fair value and defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability. Fair value is a market-based measurement that should be determined using assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The standard establishes a valuation hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability developed based on independent market data sources. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the factors market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability developed based upon the best information available. The valuation hierarchy is composed of three categories. The categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The categories within the valuation hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1 - Inputs to the fair value measurement are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Inputs to the fair value measurement include quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 - Inputs to the fair value measurement are unobservable inputs or valuation techniques.

While the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

**Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements** — In March 2020, December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, 2023-09, *Reference Rate Reform Income Taxes (Topic 848) 740: Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. This ASU provides optional expedient addresses investor requests for more transparency about income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions affected by reference rate reform if certain criteria are met. In response to concerns about structural risks of interbank offered rates ("IBORs"), and, particularly, the risk of cessation of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), regulators in several jurisdictions around the world have undertaken reference rate reform initiatives to identify alternative reference rates that are more observable or transaction based and less susceptible to manipulation, income taxes paid information. The ASU provides companies with optional guidance improves the transparency of income tax disclosures by requiring consistent categories and greater disaggregation of information in the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. The ASU allows investors to ease better assess, in their capital allocation decisions, how an entity's worldwide operations and related tax risks and tax planning and operational opportunities affect its income tax rate and prospects for future cash flows. This ASU also improves the potential accounting burden associated with transitioning away from reference rates that are expected effectiveness and comparability of disclosures by adding disclosures of pretax income (loss) and income tax expense (benefit) to be discontinued, consistent with U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Regulation S-X and removing disclosures that no longer are considered cost beneficial or relevant. The FASB further issued Company is required to adopt this ASU 2021-01 to clarify for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the scope impact of Topic 848 and was effective immediately upon issuance. The this ASU 2020-04 was adopted during the year ended December 31, 2022. The adoption did not have any material impact on the Company's its results of operations, cash flows, financial position, and disclosures.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*. This ASU improves the disclosures about a public entity's reportable segments and addresses requests from investors for additional, more detailed information about a reportable segment's expenses. The ASU improves financial reporting by requiring disclosure of incremental segment information on an annual and interim basis for all public entities, including those public entities that have a single reportable segment, to enable investors to develop more decision-useful financial analyses. The Company is required to adopt this ASU for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. Once adopted the Company will apply the ASU retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its results of operations, cash flows, financial position, and disclosures.

In October 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-06, *Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative*. This ASU is the result of the Board's decision to incorporate into the Codification 14 disclosures referred by the SEC. The ASU represents changes to clarify or improve disclosure and presentation requirements of a variety of Topics. Many of the amendments allow users to more easily compare entities subject to the SEC's existing disclosures with those entities that were not previously subject to the SEC's requirements. Also, the amendments align the requirements in the Codification with the SEC's regulations. The effective date for each amendment will be the date on which the SEC's removal of that related disclosure from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K becomes effective, with early adoption permitted. If by June 30, 2027, the SEC has not removed the applicable requirement from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K, the pending content of the related amendment will be removed from the Codification and will not become effective. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its results of operations, cash flows, financial position, position, and disclosures.

### 3. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

**BioCure Asset Acquisition Amedisys, Inc.** — On May 3, 2023, the Company entered into a definitive merger agreement with Amedisys. Under the terms of the merger agreement, the Company would issue new shares of its common stock to Amedisys's stockholders, which would result in the Company's stockholders holding approximately 64.5% of the combined company.

On June 26, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to terminate the Amedisys Merger Agreement. Under the terms of the Mutual Termination Agreement, the Company received a payment of \$106.0 million in cash on behalf of Amedisys. The Termination Fee is included in Other, net in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and in Net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company incurred \$21.1 million in merger-related expenses, which are included in Other, net in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income and in Net cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

**Revitalized, LLC—** In April 2021, May 2023, pursuant to the asset equity purchase agreement dated April 7, 2021 May 1, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition of certain 100% of the membership interests in Revitalized, LLC for a purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$12.5 million, which primarily consisted of \$6.7 million of goodwill and \$5.5 million of intangible assets.

**Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale —** The Company closed the transaction in December 2022, for a sale price of \$18.4 million comprised of \$14.7 million in proceeds received at the time of closing and \$3.7 million recorded as a current asset was paid in the year ended December 31, 2023. Pursuant to the final transaction terms, \$8.8 million of assets were sold, along with \$0.7 million of BioCure, LLC liabilities that were previously classified as held for sale at the lower of their carrying amount or fair values less cost to sell. As a result of the transaction, a \$10.3 million pre-tax gain on sale was recorded within Other, net in the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income within the year ended December 31, 2022.

**Rochester Home Infusion, Inc. —** In August 2022, pursuant to the stock purchase agreement dated June 10, 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the equity interests in Rochester Home Infusion, Inc. ("BioCure" RHI) for a purchase price, net of \$18.9 cash acquired, of \$27.4 million.

The allocation of the purchase price of BioCure RHI was accounted for as an asset acquisition a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with the total purchase price being allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on the relative fair value of each asset, asset and liability. The following is a final allocation of the consideration transferred to acquired identifiable assets and assumed liabilities, net of cash acquired (in thousands):

	Amount
Accounts receivable	\$ 686
Intangible assets	5,449
Other assets	394
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(434)
Fair value identifiable assets and liabilities	6,095
Goodwill (1)	21,323
Cash acquired	201
Purchase price	27,619
Less: cash acquired	(201)
Purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$ 27,418

(1) Goodwill is attributable to cost synergies from procurement and operational efficiencies and elimination of duplicative administrative costs.

**Specialty Pharmacy Nursing Network, Inc. —** In April 2022, pursuant to the equity purchase agreement dated February 7, 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the equity interests in Specialty Pharmacy Nursing Network, Inc. ("SPNN") for a purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$59.9 million.

The allocation of the purchase price of SPNN was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with the total purchase price being allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired as follows: based on the relative fair value of each asset and liability. As of December 31, 2022, the Company finalized the purchase price allocation of the acquisition. Certain adjustments were made to preliminary valuation amounts related to accrued compensation. The following is a final allocation of the consideration transferred to acquired identifiable assets and assumed liabilities, net of cash acquired, (in thousands):

	Amount
Inventories	\$ 601
Accounts receivable	2,303
Intangible assets	18,251
net	25,580
Total consideration transferred	600
Other assets	(1,115)
Accrued compensation	(1,168)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	26,200
Fair value identifiable assets and liabilities	33,746
Goodwill (1)	661
Cash acquired	60,607
Purchase price	(661)
Less: cash acquired	18,852
Purchase price, net of cash acquired	59,946

**Intangibles** (1) Goodwill is attributable to cost synergies from operational efficiencies and establishing a more comprehensive clinical platform through the Company's national infrastructure and SPNN's nursing network.

**Wasatch Infusion LLC Acquisition** — In December 2021, pursuant to the executed asset purchase agreement on December 29, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Wasatch Infusion LLC for a purchase price of \$19.5 million, which primarily consisted of \$17.4 million of goodwill, \$4.2 million of intangible assets, net consists \$2.7 million of referral sources which were assigned a useful life accounts receivable, \$2.0 million in inventories, and \$(6.7) million of 15 years, amortized on a straight-line basis, accounts payable.

**Infinity Infusion Nursing LLC** — In October 2021, pursuant to the equity purchase agreement dated October 1, 2021, the Company completed the 100% acquisition of the equity interest in Infinity Infusion LLC ("Infinity") for a purchase price, net of cash acquired of \$59.6 million, which is comprised of a \$50.0 million cash payment, two contingent \$5.0 million payments (included as a non-cash change in other noncurrent assets and liabilities within the consolidated statements of cash flows), and \$(0.4) million of other purchase price adjustments.

The allocation of the purchase price of Infinity was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with the total purchase price being allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on the relative fair value of each asset and liability. The Company has finalized the purchase price allocation of the acquisition and no purchase accounting adjustments were made. The following is an allocation of acquired identifiable assets and assumed liabilities, net of cash acquired, as of December 31, 2022 (in thousands):

	Amount
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,219
Intangible assets	25,400
Accounts payable and other assumed liabilities	(539)
Fair value identifiable assets and liabilities	27,080
Goodwill (1)	32,524
Cash acquired	1,426
Purchase price	61,030
Less: cash acquired	(1,426)
Purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$ 59,604

(1) Goodwill is attributable to cost synergies from operational efficiencies and establishing a more comprehensive clinical platform through the Company's national infrastructure and Infinity's nursing network.



**Wasatch Infusion LLC BioCure Asset Acquisition** — In December April 2021, pursuant to the executed asset purchase agreement on December 29, 2021 dated April 7, 2021, the Company completed the acquisition of Wasatch Infusion certain assets of BioCure, LLC ("Wasatch") for a purchase price of \$19.5 \$18.9 million, which is comprised of a \$17.8 million cash payment, a contingent \$2.0 million payment (included as a non-cash change in other noncurrent assets and liabilities within the consolidated statements of cash flows), and \$(0.3) \$18.3 million of other purchase price adjustments.

The allocation of the purchase price of Wasatch was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with the total purchase price being allocated to the intangible assets, net and liabilities acquired based on the relative fair value of each asset and liability. The Company has finalized the purchase price allocation of the acquisition. Certain adjustments were made to preliminary valuation amounts related to accounts receivable, other assets and other assumed liabilities. The following is a final allocation of the consideration transferred to acquired identifiable assets and assumed liabilities (in thousands):

	Amount
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,688
Inventories	2,038
Intangible assets	4,245
Other assets	769
Accounts payable	(6,686)
Other assumed liabilities	(965)
Fair value identifiable assets and liabilities	2,089
Goodwill (1)	17,366
Purchase price	\$ 19,455

(1) Goodwill is attributable to cost synergies from procurement and operational efficiencies and elimination of duplicative administrative costs.

**Specialty Pharmacy Nursing Network, Inc.** — In April 2022, pursuant to the equity purchase agreement dated February 7, 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the equity interests in Specialty Pharmacy Nursing Network, Inc. ("SPNN") for a purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$59.9 million.

The allocation of the purchase price of SPNN was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with the total purchase price being allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on the relative fair value of each asset and liability. As of December 31, 2022, the Company finalized the purchase price allocation of the acquisition. Certain adjustments were made to preliminary valuation amounts related to accrued compensation. The following is a final allocation of the consideration transferred to acquired identifiable assets and assumed liabilities (in thousands):



	Amount
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,303
Intangible assets	25,580
Other assets	600
Accrued compensation	(1,115)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(1,168)
Fair value identifiable assets and liabilities	26,200
Goodwill (1)	33,746
Cash acquired	661
Purchase price	60,607
Less: cash acquired	(661)
Purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$ 59,946

(1) Goodwill is attributable to cost synergies from operational efficiencies and establishing a more comprehensive clinical platform through the Company's national infrastructure and SPNN's nursing network.

**Rochester Home Infusion, Inc.** — In August 2022, pursuant to the stock purchase agreement dated June 10, 2022, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the equity interests in Rochester Home Infusion, Inc. ("RHI") for a purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$27.4 million.

The allocation of the purchase price of RHI was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*, with the total purchase price being allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on the relative fair value of each asset and liability. The following is a preliminary estimate of the allocation of the consideration transferred, open for accounts receivable, to acquired identifiable assets and assumed liabilities, net of cash acquired, as of December 31, 2022 (in thousands):

	Amount
Accounts receivable	\$ 831
Intangible assets	5,449
Other assets	394
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(434)
Fair value identifiable assets and liabilities	6,240
Goodwill (1)	21,178
Cash acquired	201
Purchase price	27,619
Less: cash acquired	(201)
Purchase price, net of cash acquired	\$ 27,418

(1) Goodwill is attributable to cost synergies from procurement and operational efficiencies and elimination of duplicative administrative costs.

**Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale** - As of September 30, 2022, the Company determined that certain respiratory therapy assets met the applicable criteria as being held for sale. In October 2022, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to sell these assets. The Company closed the transaction in December 2022, for a sale price of \$18.4 million comprised of \$14.7 million in proceeds received at the time of closing and \$3.7 million recorded as a current asset due within one year (included as a non-cash change in prepaid expenses and other current assets within the consolidated statements of cash flows). Pursuant to the final transaction terms, \$8.8 \$0.6 million of assets were sold, along with \$0.7 million of liabilities that were previously classified as held for sale at the lower of their carrying amount or fair values less cost to sell. As a result of the transaction, a \$10.3 million pre-tax gain on sale was recorded within Other, net in the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). inventories.

#### 4. REVENUE

The following table sets forth the net revenue earned by category of payer for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021 (in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020
		Year Ended December 31,		
		2023	2022	2021
Commercial payers	Commercial payers	\$3,421,888	\$2,971,900	\$2,618,112
Government payers	Government payers	477,818	417,088	374,940
Patients	Patients	45,029	49,652	39,558
Net revenue	Net revenue	\$3,944,735	\$3,438,640	\$3,032,610

#### 5. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company maintains a 401(k) plan and matches 100% of employee contributions, up to 4% of employee compensation. The Company recorded expense for the defined contribution plan of \$12.2 million, \$13.1 million, \$11.6 million, \$12.2 million and \$9.7 million, \$11.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively. In the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021, Company contributions of \$11.8 million, \$12.4 million, \$10.9 million, \$11.8 million and \$8.9 million, \$10.9 million, respectively, were paid.

#### 6. INCOME TAXES

The income tax expense (benefit) consists of the following for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021 (in thousands):

		Year Ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020
US federal income tax expense (benefit):				
		Year Ended December 31,		
		2023	2022	2021
U.S. federal income tax expense (benefit):				
Current	Current	\$ 4,103	\$ —	\$ (69)
Deferred	Deferred	38,810	(30,411)	996
		42,913	(30,411)	927
		75,213		

State income tax expense:	State income tax expense:			
Current	Current	9,182	6,817	1,707
Current	Current			
Deferred	Deferred	3,117	190	199
		12,299	7,007	1,906
		16,439		
Total income tax expense (benefit)	Total income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 55,212	\$ (23,404)	\$ 2,833

The difference between the statutory federal income tax rate and the effective tax rate is as follows for the years ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, **2021** **2022** and **2020**: **2021**:

		Year Ended December 31,							
		2022	2021	2020					
US federal statutory tax rate		21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %					
		Year Ended December 31,			Year Ended December 31,				
		2023				2023	2022	2021	
U.S. federal statutory tax rate					U.S. federal statutory tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	
State and local income taxes net of federal tax benefit	State and local income taxes net of federal tax benefit	5.0 %	4.9 %	(29.5)%	State and local income taxes net of federal tax benefit	4.8 %	5.0 %	4.9 %	
Non-deductible expenses					Non-deductible expenses	0.1 %	0.2 %	0.3 %	
Valuation allowance	Valuation allowance	0.0 %	(46.2)%	(29.9)%	Valuation allowance	(1.5)%	0.0 %	(46.2) %	
Stock-based compensation		0.0 %	(0.1)%	6.7 %					
Non-deductible compensation		0.4 %	0.1 %	(16.3)%					
Non-deductible expenses		0.2 %	0.3 %	(8.2)%					

Non-deductible and stock-based compensation					Non-deductible and stock-based compensation	0.7 %	0.4 %	0.0 %
Other, net	Other, net	0.2 %	(0.1)%	2.2 %	Other, net	0.4 %	0.2 %	(0.1) %
Effective income tax rate	Effective income tax rate	26.8 %	(20.1)%	(54.0)%	Effective income tax rate	25.5 %	26.8 %	(20.1) %

The Company recorded income tax expense of \$55.2 million \$91.7 million and income tax benefit of \$23.4 million \$55.2 million, which represents an effective tax rate of 25.5% and 26.8% for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 includes \$21.8 million of tax expense related to the Termination Fee payment received on behalf of Amedisys, under the terms of the Mutual Termination Agreement, net of merger-related expenses. In September 2023, the Company released \$5.8 million of state valuation allowance. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of 25.5% and 26.8% for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, is primarily attributable to the difference in state taxes, various non-deductible expenses, and a change in state valuation allowance. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of 25.5% for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to the federal statutory rate of 21% is also primarily attributable to state taxes, various non-deductible expenses, and a change in state valuation allowance. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of 26.8% and negative 20.1% for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of 26.8% and negative 20.1% respectively, is primarily attributable to the release of the Company's federal valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2021. The variance in the Company's effective tax rate of 26.8% for the year ended December 31, 2022 compared to the federal statutory rate of 21% is primarily attributable to the difference between federal and state tax rates, as well as various non-deductible expenses.

The components of deferred income tax assets and liabilities using the 21% U.S. Federal statutory tax rate were as follows as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021 2022 (in thousands):

		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
December 31, 2023				December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Deferred tax assets:	Deferred tax assets:				
Price concessions					
Price concessions					
Price concessions	Price concessions	\$ 6,169	\$ 6,373		
Compensation and benefits	Compensation and benefits	5,517	5,889		
Interest limitation carryforward	Interest limitation carryforward	29,453	35,114		
Operating lease liability	Operating lease liability	22,765	23,266		
Net operating losses	Net operating losses	62,027	97,880		
Other	Other	6,576	6,381		

Deferred tax assets before valuation allowance	Deferred tax assets before valuation allowance	132,507	174,903
Valuation allowance	Valuation allowance	(13,056)	(13,151)
Deferred tax assets net of valuation allowance	Deferred tax assets net of valuation allowance	119,451	161,752
Deferred tax liabilities:	Deferred tax liabilities:		
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Accelerated depreciation			
Accelerated depreciation			
Accelerated depreciation	Accelerated depreciation	(7,026)	(10,602)
Operating lease right-of-use asset	Operating lease right-of-use asset	(18,076)	(18,437)
Intangible assets	Intangible assets	(57,673)	(61,629)
Goodwill	Goodwill	(44,949)	(36,702)
Other	Other	(13,881)	(7,349)
Deferred tax liabilities	Deferred tax liabilities	(141,605)	(134,719)
Net deferred tax (liabilities) assets		\$ (22,154)	\$ 27,033
Net deferred tax liabilities			

Deferred tax assets are generally required to be reduced by a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. For the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the Company maintains a valuation allowance of **\$13.1 million** **\$6.4 million** against certain state net operating losses, losses ("NOL"). In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, the Company considers whether it is more likely than not that some or all the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets depends on the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences are deductible. The Company considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, including the effect in available carryback and carryforward periods, projected taxable income and tax-planning strategies, in making this assessment. On a quarterly basis, the Company evaluates all positive and negative evidence in determining if the valuation allowance is fairly stated.

The Company is subject to taxation in the United States and various states. At **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the Company had **\$201.3 million** **\$39.3 million** of gross tax-effected federal NOL carryforwards all of which are currently available to offset future taxable income in the United States and reflected as a deferred tax asset of the company. Gross Tax-effected federal NOL carryforwards of **\$144.9 million** **\$28.4 million** expire beginning in **2027** **2028** through 2036, and **\$56.4 million** **\$10.9 million** of tax-effected federal NOLs have an indefinite carryforward period. At **December 31, 2021** **December 31, 2022**, the Company had **\$358.4 million** **\$42.3 million** of gross tax-effected federal NOL's. NOLs. At **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021, 2022**, the Company had **\$118.1 million** **\$13.8 million** and **\$140.2 million** **\$29.4 million** tax-effected amounts of interest limitation carryforwards which have an indefinite carryforward period. At **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021, 2022**, the Company also had **\$349.5 million** **\$17.7 million** and **\$405.1** **19.5 million** tax-effected amounts of cumulative gross state NOL carryforwards available to offset future taxable income in

various states. These state NOL carryforwards will begin to expire beginning in 2023 through 2041, 2042, with some having an indefinite carryforward period.

At December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2023, there were no unrecognized tax benefits for uncertain tax positions was \$0.

The following table presents the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

Additions					
Additions					
Charged					
Balance	(Benefit)	Charged	Balance		
at	to Costs	(Benefit)	at		
Beginning	and	to Other	at		
Description	Description	of Period	Expenses	Accounts	Period
2020: Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets					
		\$ 109,531	\$ 1,549	\$ 1,005	\$ 112,085
Description					
Description		Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged (Benefit) to Costs and Expenses	Charged (Benefit) to Other Accounts	Balance at End of Period
2021: Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	2021: Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 112,085	\$ (96,136)	\$ (2,798)	\$ 13,151
2022: Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	2022: Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	\$ 13,151	\$ (95)	\$ —	\$ 13,056
2023: Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets					

Currently, the Company is not subject to any U.S. Federal income tax audits. The Company is subject to various state tax audits and believes that the outcome of these audits will not have a material impact on the Company.

## 7. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share for its common stock. Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the net income (loss) of the Company by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss and the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the effects of all potentially dilutive securities.

The earnings (loss) is are used as the basis of determining whether the inclusion of common stock equivalents would be anti-dilutive. The computation of diluted shares for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 includes the effect of shares that would be

issued in connection with warrants, stock options, and restricted stock awards and performance stock unit awards, as these common stock equivalents are dilutive to the earnings per share.

The computation of diluted shares for following table presents the year ended December 31, 2020 excludes the effect of shares that would be issued in connection with warrants, Company's common stock options and restricted stock awards, as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive to the loss per share. As of December 31, 2022, there were 629,690 stock option awards and 205,652 restricted stock awards outstanding equivalents that were excluded from the calculation of earnings per share as they would be anti-dilutive. As of December 31, 2021, there were 457,753 warrants, 490,968 stock options and 316,454 restricted stock awards outstanding that were excluded from the calculation as they were anti-dilutive. As of December 31, 2020, there were 2,285,784 warrants, 412,831 stock options and 549,650 restricted stock awards outstanding that were excluded from the calculation as they were anti-dilutive. anti-dilutive:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Warrants	—	—	457,753
Stock option awards	1,214,560	629,690	490,968
Restricted stock awards	340,331	205,652	316,454
Performance stock unit awards	—	—	—

The following table presents the Company's basic earnings (loss) per share and shares outstanding (in thousands, except per share data):

Year Ended December 31,					Year Ended December 31,		
Year Ended December 31,					Year Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020		2023	2022	2021
<b>Numerator:</b>	<b>Numerator:</b>						
Net income (loss) (1) (2)	\$ 150,556	\$ 139,898	\$ (8,076)				
Net income (1) (2) (3)							
Net income (1) (2) (3)							
Net income (1) (2) (3)							
<b>Denominator:</b>	<b>Denominator:</b>						
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	181,105	179,855	180,971			
<b>Earnings (loss) per Common Share:</b>	<b>Earnings (loss) per Common Share:</b>						
Earnings (loss) per common share, basic	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.78	\$ (0.04)				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding							
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding							



**Earnings per****Common****Share:**

Earnings per common  
share, basic

Earnings per common  
share, basic

Earnings per common  
share, basic

(1) Net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2023 includes \$63.1 million related to the impact termination payment received on behalf of Amedisys, under the terms of the Company's release Mutual Termination Agreement, net of its valuation allowance, merger-related expenses and taxes. See Note 6, 3, *Income Taxes Business Acquisitions and Divestitures*, for further discussion. In addition, net income includes approximately \$5.3 million of other non-operating income.

(2) Net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022 includes the impact of the Company's Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale. See Note 3, *Business Acquisitions and Divestitures*, for further discussion.

The following table presents the Company's diluted earnings (loss) per share and shares outstanding (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
<b>Numerator:</b>			
Net income (loss) (1) (2)	\$ 150,556	\$ 139,898	\$ (8,076)
<b>Denominator:</b>			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	181,105	179,855	180,971
Effect of dilutive securities	970	1,350	—
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	182,075	181,205	180,971
<b>Earnings (loss) per Common Share:</b>			
Earnings (loss) per common share, diluted	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.77	\$ (0.04)

(1) (3) Net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021 includes the impact of the Company's release of its valuation allowance.

The following table presents the Company's diluted earnings per share and shares outstanding (in thousands, except per share data):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
<b>Numerator:</b>			
Net income (1) (2) (3)	\$ 267,090	\$ 150,556	\$ 139,898
<b>Denominator:</b>			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	178,973	181,105	179,855
Effect of dilutive securities	1,402	970	1,350
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, diluted	180,375	182,075	181,205
<b>Earnings per Common Share:</b>			
Earnings per common share, diluted	\$ 1.48	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.77

(1) Net income for the year ended December 31, 2023 includes \$63.1 million related to the termination payment received on behalf of Amedisys, under the terms of the Mutual Termination Agreement, net of merger-related expenses and taxes. See Note 6, 3, *Income Taxes Business Acquisitions and Divestitures*, for further discussion. In addition, net income includes approximately \$5.3 million of other non-operating income.

(2) Net income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022 includes the impact of the Company's Respiratory Therapy Asset Sale. See Note 3, *Business Acquisitions and Divestitures*, for further discussion.

(3) Net income for the year ended December 31, 2021 includes the impact of the Company's release of its valuation allowance.

## 8. LEASES

During the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company incurred operating lease expenses of \$29.1 \$30.6 million, \$29.1 million, and \$29.8 million, respectively, including short-term lease expenses, which were included as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). income. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the weighted-average remaining lease term was 6.5 6.8 years, and the weighted-average discount rate was 5.25% 6.16%.

Operating leases mature as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Minimum Payments	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Minimum Payments
2023		\$ 24,047		
2024	2024	17,867		
2025	2025	15,118		
2026	2026	12,372		
2027	2027	9,948		
2028 and beyond		27,535		
2028				
2029 and beyond				
Total lease payments	Total lease payments	106,887		
Less: Interest		(16,066)		
Less: interest				
Present value of lease liabilities	Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 90,821		

During the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the Company commenced new leases, extensions and amendments, resulting in non-cash investing and financing operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows of \$17.2 million \$30.5 million related to the increases in the operating lease right-of-use ROU asset and operating lease liabilities, respectively. liabilities. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the Company did not have any significant operating or financing leases that had not yet commenced.

## 9. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment was as follows as of **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023** and **2021**, **2022** (in thousands):

		December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
December 31, 2023		December 31, 2023	
		December 31, 2022	
Infusion pumps	Infusion pumps	\$ 34,942	\$ 34,547
Equipment, furniture and other	Equipment, furniture and other	31,929	52,913
Leasehold improvements	Leasehold improvements	99,085	92,229
Computer software, purchased and internally developed	Computer software, purchased and internally developed	34,922	30,744
Assets under development	Assets under development	29,411	19,924
		230,289	230,357
		244,501	
Less: accumulated depreciation	Less: accumulated depreciation	121,968	118,822
Property and equipment, net	Property and equipment, net	\$ 108,321	\$ 111,535

Depreciation expense is recorded within cost of revenue and operating expenses within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, **(loss)**, depending on the nature of the underlying fixed assets. The depreciation expense included in cost of revenue relates to revenue-generating assets, such as infusion pumps. The depreciation expense included in operating expenses is related to infrastructure items, such as furniture, computer and office equipment, and leasehold improvements. The following table presents the amount of depreciation expense recorded in cost of revenue and operating expenses for the years ended **December 31, 2022**, **December 31, 2023**, **2021**, **2022** and **2020**, **2021** (in thousands):

		Year ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020
Year ended December 31, 2023		Year ended December 31,		
		2023	2022	2021
Depreciation expense in cost of revenue	Depreciation expense in cost of revenue	\$ 4,869	\$ 5,746	\$ 6,586
Depreciation expense in operating expenses	Depreciation expense in operating expenses	27,374	29,865	36,180

Total depreciation expense	Total depreciation expense	\$ 32,243	\$ 35,611	\$ 42,766
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## 10. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill is not amortized, but is evaluated for impairment annually in the fourth quarter of the fiscal year, or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value.

Circumstances that could trigger an interim impairment test include: a significant adverse change in the business climate or legal factors; an adverse action or assessment by a regulator; unanticipated competition; the loss of key personnel; a change in reporting units; the likelihood that a reporting unit or significant portion of a reporting unit will be sold or otherwise disposed of; and the results of testing for recoverability of a significant asset group within a reporting unit.

A qualitative impairment analysis was performed in the fourth quarter of 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020, 2021, to assess whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of the Company's reporting unit is less than its carrying value. The Company assessed relevant events and circumstances including macroeconomic conditions, industry and market considerations, overall financial performance, entity-specific events, and changes in the Company's stock price. The Company determined that there was no goodwill impairment in 2023, 2022, 2021 or 2020, 2021.

The determination of fair value for acquisitions and the allocation of that value to individual assets and liabilities within the reporting unit requires the Company to make significant estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions primarily include, but are not limited to, the selection of appropriate peer group companies; control premiums appropriate for acquisitions in the industries in which the Company competes; the discount rate; terminal growth rates; and forecasts of revenue, operating income, depreciation and amortization, and capital expenditures. Actual financial results could differ from those estimates due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making such estimates. Changes in assumptions concerning future financial results or other underlying assumptions could have a significant impact on either the fair value of the reporting unit, the amount of the goodwill impairment charge, or both. The Company did not recognize any accumulated impairment losses at the beginning of the period.

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill consist of the following activity for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021 (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2019, December 31, 2020	\$	1,425,542	1,428,610
Acquisitions			48,954
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,477,564	
Acquisitions			54,543
Purchase accounting adjustments		3,068	1,317
Balance at December 31, 2020, December 31, 2022	\$	1,428,610	1,533,424
Acquisitions		48,954	6,998
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	1,477,564	
Acquisitions			54,543
Purchase accounting adjustments		1,317	(176)
Balance at December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023	\$	1,533,424	1,540,246

The carrying amount and accumulated amortization of intangible assets consists consist of the following as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022 (in thousands):

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
December 31, 2023	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022

Gross intangible assets:	Gross intangible assets:		
Referral sources	Referral sources		
Referral sources	Referral sources	\$ 509,646	\$ 482,200
Trademarks/names	Trademarks/names	38,508	47,718
Other amortizable intangible assets	Other amortizable intangible assets	912	1,037
Total gross intangible assets	Total gross intangible assets	549,066	530,955
Accumulated amortization:	Accumulated amortization:		
Accumulated amortization:	Accumulated amortization:		
Referral sources	Referral sources		
Referral sources	Referral sources	(167,902)	(137,613)
Trademarks/names	Trademarks/names	(16,901)	(26,936)
Other amortizable intangible assets	Other amortizable intangible assets	(148)	(386)
Total accumulated amortization	Total accumulated amortization	(184,951)	(164,935)
Total intangible assets, net	Total intangible assets, net	\$ 364,115	\$ 366,020

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$32.9 million \$34.2 million, \$32.9 million and \$35.1 million \$32.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively.

Expected future amortization expense for intangible assets recorded at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, is as follows (in thousands):

	Amount	
2023	\$ 33,747	
Amount		Amount
2024	2024	33,738
2025	2025	33,737
2026	2026	33,737
2027	2027	33,597
2028 and beyond	195,559	
2028		
2029		
and beyond		
Total	Total	\$ 364,115

## 11. INDEBTEDNESS

Long-term debt consisted of the following as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** (in thousands):

		Principal Amount	Discount	Debt Issuance Costs	Net Balance
ABL Facility		\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
		Principal Amount	Discount	Debt Issuance Costs	Net Balance
Revolver Facility					
First Lien Term Loan	First Lien Term Loan	594,000	(8,307)	(11,529)	574,164
Senior Notes	Senior Notes	500,000	—	(9,960)	490,040
		<u>\$ 1,094,000</u>	<u>\$ (8,307)</u>	<u>\$ (21,489)</u>	<u>1,064,204</u>
		<u>\$</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
Less: current portion	Less: current portion				(6,000)
Total long- term debt	Total long- term debt				<u>\$1,058,204</u>

Long-term debt consisted of the following as of **December 31, 2021** **December 31, 2022** (in thousands):

		Principal Amount	Discount	Debt Issuance Costs	Net Balance
		Principal Amount	Discount	Debt Issuance Costs	Net Balance
ABL Facility	ABL Facility	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
First Lien Term Loan	First Lien Term Loan	600,000	(9,605)	(13,331)	577,064
Senior Notes	Senior Notes	500,000	—	(11,164)	488,836
		<u>\$ 1,100,000</u>	<u>\$ (9,605)</u>	<u>\$ (24,495)</u>	<u>1,065,900</u>
		<u>\$</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>
Less: current portion	Less: current portion				(6,000)

Total	Total	
long-term	long-term	
debt	debt	\$1,059,900

On December 7, 2023, the Company entered into the second amendment (the "Amendment") to the amended and restated First Lien Credit Agreement dated as of October 27, 2021. The Amendment, among other things, provides for revolving credit commitments by the applicable Revolving Credit Lenders in an aggregate amount of \$400.0 million (the "Revolver Facility") pursuant to which such lenders have agreed to make Revolving Credit Loans to the Company. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had \$5.3 million of undrawn letters of credit issued and outstanding, resulting in net borrowing availability under the Revolver Facility of \$394.7 million. The Revolver Facility matures on the date that is the earlier of (i) December 7, 2028 and (ii) the date that is 91 days prior to the stated maturity date applicable to any Term B Loans. Borrowings under the Revolver Facility bear interest at a rate equal to, at the option of the Company, either (i) the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") applicable thereto plus the Applicable Rate or (ii) the then applicable Base Rate plus the Applicable Rate, which Applicable Rate shall be, subject to certain caveats thereto, as follows (i) until delivery of financial statements and related Compliance Certificate for the first full fiscal quarter ending after the effective date of the Amendment, (A) for Term SOFR Loans, 1.75%, (B) for Base Rate Loans, 0.75% and (ii) thereafter, the following percentages per annum, based upon the Total Net Leverage Ratio as set forth in the most recent Compliance Certificate received by the Administrative Agent pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement. The table below illustrates the aforementioned interest rate terms:

Pricing Level	Total Net Leverage Ratio	Applicable Rate for Term	Applicable Rate for Base
		SOFR Loans	Rate Loans
I	Greater than or equal to 3.00x	2.25%	1.25%
II	Less than 3.00x, but greater than or equal to 2.25x	2.00%	1.00%
III	Less than 2.25x, but greater than or equal to 1.50x	1.75%	0.75%
IV	Less than 1.50x, but greater than or equal to 1.00x	1.50%	0.50%
V	Less than 1.00x	1.25%	0.25%

Concurrently with the creation of the Revolver Facility, the Company terminated the ABL Credit Agreement. Prior to the transition to the Revolver Facility, the ABL Facility had been in effect from August 6, 2019 to December 7, 2023. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's ABL Facility provided for borrowings up to \$175.0 million, and matures on had a maturity date of October 27, 2026. The Effective January 13, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to amend the ABL Facility bears and increase the amount of borrowing availability by \$50.0 million to \$225.0 million total borrowing availability. As a result of the amended agreement, SOFR was established as the new reference rate, replacing LIBOR. Prior to the termination of the ABL Facility in December 2023, the ABL Facility bore interest at a rate equal to, at the Company's election, either (i) a base rate determined in accordance with the ABL Credit Agreement plus an applicable margin, which is equal to between 0.25% and 0.75% based on the historical excess availability as a percentage of the Line Cap (as such term is defined in the ABL Credit Agreement); and (ii) LIBOR (or a comparable successor rate, with a floor of 0.00% per annum) SOFR plus an applicable margin, which is equal to between 1.25% and 1.75% based on the historical excess availability as a percentage of the Line Cap. The ABL Facility contains contained commitment fees payable on the unused portion ranging from 0.25% to 0.375%, depending on various factors including the Company's leverage ratio, type of loan and rate type, and letter of credit fees of 2.50%. Borrowings under the ABL Facility are were secured by a first priority security interest in the Company's and each of its subsidiaries' inventory, accounts receivable, cash, deposit accounts and certain assets and property related thereto (the "ABL Priority Collateral"), in each case subject to certain exceptions, and a third priority security interest in each of the Term Loan Priority Collateral, as defined below. The ABL Credit Agreement was amended in October 2021, Company's subsidiaries' capital stock (subject to certain exceptions) and prior to substantially all of the amendment, Company's property and assets (other than the ABL Facility bore interest at a per annum rate initially provided that was determined by the Company's periodic selection of rate type, either the base rate or the Eurocurrency rate and previously matured on August 6, 2024 Priority Collateral). Interest on the ABL Facility was charged on base rate loans at the greater of base rate, as defined, or 0.25% plus 1.25% to 1.75%, depending on the historical excess availability as a percentage of the Line Cap, as defined in the ABL Facility credit agreement. Interest on the ABL Facility was charged on Eurocurrency rate loans at the Eurocurrency rate, as defined, plus 2.25% to 2.75%, depending on the historical excess availability as a percentage of the Line Cap, as defined in the ABL Facility credit agreement. The Company had \$6.7 million and \$7.1 million of undrawn letters of credit issued and outstanding, resulting in net borrowing availability under the ABL Facility of \$168.3 million and \$167.9 million, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Effective January 13, 2023 June 30, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement, dated as of June 8, 2023, to amend the ABL Facility First Lien Term Loan to replace LIBOR and increase the amount of borrowing availability by \$50.0 million to \$225.0 million total borrowing availability. As a result of

the amended agreement, Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") was established related definitions and provisions with SOFR as the new reference rate, replacing LIBOR.

rate. The Company entered into the First Lien Term Loan Agreement (the "First Lien Credit Agreement Amendment"), which commenced in October 2021 (the "October 2021 Refinancing"), to provide \$600.0 million of refinanced borrowings. The First Lien Term Loan (the "First Lien Term Loan Facility") is charged an interest rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (i) LIBOR (or a comparable successor rate, with SOFR (with a floor of 0.50% per annum) plus an applicable margin of 2.75% for Eurocurrency Rate Term SOFR Loans (as such term is defined in the First Lien Term Loan Agreement) Credit Agreement Amendment); and (ii) a base rate determined in accordance with the First Lien Term Loan Credit Agreement Amendment, plus 1.75% for Base Rate Loans (as such term is defined in the First Lien Term Loan Agreement) Credit Agreement Amendment). The First Lien Term Loan Facility is repayable in quarterly installments, which began in March 2022, and matures on October 27, 2028. The interest rate on the First Lien Term Loan was 6.82% 8.21% and 3.25% 6.82% as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively. The weighted average interest rate incurred on the First Lien Term Loan was 4.52% 7.83% and 3.79% 4.52% for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

The October 2021 Refinancing refinanced the \$1,157.0 million outstanding on the Company's prior First Lien Term Loan due in 2026. The Company amended the existing First Lien Term Loan, to provide \$600.0 million of refinanced borrowings. The principal balance of the First Lien Term Loan prior to the October 2021 Refinancing was repayable in quarterly installments which commenced in March 2020 of \$2.3 million plus interest, with a final payment of all remaining outstanding principal due on August 6, 2026. Interest on the First Lien Term Loan was payable monthly on base rate loans at base rate, as defined, plus 3.25% to 3.50%, depending on the Company's leverage ratio. Interest is charged on Eurocurrency rate loans at the Eurocurrency rate, as defined, plus 4.25% to 4.50%, depending on the Company's leverage ratio. Amounts borrowed under the First Lien Term Loan were secured by a first priority security interest in each of the Company's subsidiaries' capital stock (subject to certain exceptions) and substantially all of the Company's property and assets (other than the ABL Priority Collateral) (the "Term Loan Priority Collateral"), in each case subject to certain exceptions, and a second priority security interest in the ABL Priority Collateral.

In conjunction with the refinancing, October 2021 Refinancing, the Company also issued \$500.0 million in aggregate principal of unsecured senior notes ("Senior Notes"). The Senior Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.375% per annum payable semi-annually in arrears on October 31 and April 30 of each year, commencing on April 30, 2022. The Senior Notes mature on October 31, 2029. The interest rate on the Senior Notes was 4.375% as of both December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, respectively. 2022. The weighted average interest rate incurred on the Senior Notes was 4.375% for both years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, respectively. 2022.

The Company assessed whether the October 2021 Refinancing resulted in an insubstantial modification or an extinguishment of the existing debt for each loan in the syndication by grouping lenders as follows: (i) Lenders continuing to participate in either the First Lien Term Loan Facility and Senior Notes; (ii) previous lenders that exited; and (iii) new lenders. The Company determined that \$35.7 million of the First Lien Term Loan was extinguished, which was disclosed as an outflow from financing activities in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The First Lien Term Loan had insubstantial modifications for lenders that continued to participate in either debt instrument, which resulted in a cash outflow from financing activities of \$558.3 million in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company determined that \$501.4 million of new debt was issued related to the First Lien Term Loan, which is disclosed as an inflow from financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. In connection with the refinancing of the First Lien Term Loan and issuance of the Senior Notes, the Company incurred \$10.7 million in debt issuance costs and third-party fees, of which \$8.8 million was capitalized, \$1.7 million was expensed as a component of other expense and \$0.2 million was expensed as a loss on extinguishment as a component of other expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). income. Further, \$1.5 million of the total fees incurred of \$10.7 million was netted against the \$501.4 million of proceeds from debt as a component of the cash flows from financing activities, \$7.4 million was presented as deferred financing costs as a component of cash flows from financing activities, and the remaining \$1.8 million was included in cash flows from operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The Company recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$1.0 million included in the line entitled "Other, net" in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, (loss), of which \$0.2 million related to debt issuance costs incurred with the First Lien Term Loan refinancing and issuance of the Senior Notes, as discussed above, and \$0.8 million related to existing deferred financing fees that were written off upon extinguishment within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows during the year ended December 31, 2021.



Prior to the October 2021 Refinancing, the Company entered into an amendment on the First Lien Term Loan in January 2021 (the “January 2021 Refinancing”). The January 2021 Refinancing which resulted in an additional \$250.0 million of incremental First Lien Term Loan indebtedness being issued in addition to the \$915.8 million outstanding and reduced the interest rate on all outstanding First Lien Term Loan indebtedness from LIBOR plus 4.25% to LIBOR plus 3.75%, indebtedness. The proceeds of the \$250.0 million incremental First Lien Term Loan indebtedness were used to prepay the remaining \$245.8 million balance of the previous \$400.0 million senior secured second lien pay-in-kind (“PIK”) toggle floating rate notes due 2027 (“Second Lien Notes”). Following the January 2021 Refinancing, the First Lien Term Loan was repayable in quarterly installments of \$2.9 million plus interest, with a final payment of all remaining outstanding principal due on August 6, 2026. Prior to the January 2021 Refinancing, the Second Lien Notes were set to mature on August 6, 2027. Interest on the Second Lien Notes was payable quarterly and was at LIBOR, plus 8.75%.

The Company assessed whether the repayment of the Second Lien Notes by issuing incremental First Lien Term Loan indebtedness resulted in an insubstantial modification or an extinguishment of the existing debt for each loan in the syndication by grouping lenders as follows: (i) Lenders participating in both the First Lien Term Loan and Second Lien Notes; (ii) previous lenders that exited; and (iii) new lenders. The Company determined that \$161.2 million of the First Lien Term Loan was extinguished and \$122.9 million of the \$150.0 million second lien term loan (“Second Lien Term Loan”) was extinguished, which is disclosed as an outflow from financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The First Lien Term Loan and Second Lien Notes had insubstantial modifications for lenders that participated in both debt instruments, which resulted in a cash outflow from financing activities of \$352.0 million in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company determined that \$356.2 million of new debt was issued related to the First Lien Term Loan, which is disclosed as an inflow from financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. In connection with the prepayment of the Second Lien Notes and incremental First Lien Term Loan indebtedness, the Company incurred \$7.2 million in debt issuance costs and third-party fees, of which \$3.7 million was capitalized, \$0.9 million was expensed as a component of other expense and \$2.6 million was expensed as a loss on extinguishment as a component of other expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss), income. Further, \$1.0 million of the total fees incurred of \$7.2 million was netted against the \$356.2 million of proceeds from debt as a component of the cash flows from financing activities, \$2.9 million was presented as deferred financing costs as a component of cash flows from financing activities, \$2.4 million was presented as debt prepayment fees as a component of cash flows from financing activities, and the remaining \$0.9 million was included in cash flows from operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The Company recognized a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$12.4 million included in the line entitled “Other, net” in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, (loss), of which \$2.6 million related to debt issuance costs incurred with the incremental First Lien Term Loan indebtedness and prepayment of the Second Lien Notes, as discussed above, and \$9.8 million related to existing deferred financing fees that were written off upon extinguishment within the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows during the year ended December 31, 2021.

Long-term debt matures as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	Minimum	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,	Minimum Payments
December 31,	December 31,	Payments		
2023		\$ 6,000		
2024	2024	6,000		
2025	2025	6,000		
2026	2026	6,000		
2027	2027	6,000		
2028 and beyond		1,064,000		
2028				
2029 and beyond				
Total	Total	\$1,094,000		

During the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the Company engaged in hedging activities to limit its exposure to changes in interest rates. See Note 12, *Derivative Instruments*, for further discussion.

The following table presents the estimated fair values of the Company's debt obligations as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 (in thousands):

Financial Instrument	Financial Instrument	Markets Significant				Financial Instrument	Carrying Value as of December 31, 2023	Markets for Identical Item (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
		Carrying Value as of December 31, 2022	for Identical Item (Level 1)	Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					
First Lien	First Lien									
Term Loan	Term Loan	\$ 574,164	\$ —	\$ 588,832	\$ —					
Senior Notes	Senior Notes	490,040	—	437,500	—					
Total debt instruments	Total debt instruments	\$1,064,204	\$ —	\$1,026,332	\$ —					

The Company had no fair value measurements that utilized Level 3 inputs of the fair value hierarchy for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. See Note 13, *Fair Value Measurements*, for further discussion.

## 12. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company utilizes derivative financial instruments for hedging and non-trading purposes to limit the Company's exposure to its variable interest rate risk. Use of derivative financial instruments in hedging strategies subjects the Company to certain risks, such as market and credit risks. Market risk represents the possibility that the value of the derivative financial instrument will change. Credit risk related to a derivative financial instrument represents the possibility that the counterparty will not fulfill the terms of the contract. The notional, or contractual, amount of the Company's derivative financial instruments is used to measure interest to be paid or received and does not represent the Company's exposure due to credit risk. Credit risk is monitored through established approval procedures, including reviewing credit ratings when appropriate.

In August 2019, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreements agreement that reduce reduced the variability in the interest rates on the newly-issued debt obligations following the Merger with BioScrip. The first interest rate swap for \$925.0 million notional was effective in August 2019 with \$911.1 million designated as a cash flow flows hedge against the underlying interest rate on the First Lien Term Loan interest payments indexed to one-month LIBOR through August 2021. In accordance with ASU 2017-12, *Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedges*, the Company had determined that the \$911.1 million designated cash flow flows hedge is perfectly effective. The remaining \$13.9 million notional amount of the first interest rate swap is not designated as a hedging instrument. The first interest rate swap expired in August 2021. The second interest rate swap of \$400.0 million notional was effective in November 2019 and was designated as a cash flow hedge against the underlying interest rate on the Second Lien Notes interest payments indexed to three-month LIBOR through November 2020.

In May 2020, the Company elected to PIK the Second Lien Notes' quarterly interest payment due in August 2020. Upon making the PIK election, the Company determined that the hedged interest payment would no longer occur, resulting in an ineffective hedge, so the Company discontinued hedge accounting on its \$400.0 million notional interest rate swap. As a result, the Company reclassified accumulated comprehensive loss of \$3.7 million to interest expense, net in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss). The gains and losses associated with the \$400.0 million notional swap were recognized in net income (loss) through interest expense until the swap expired in November 2020.

In October 2021, the Company entered into an interest rate cap hedge with a notional amount of \$300.0 million for a 5-year five-year term beginning November 30, 2021. The hedge partially offsets risk associated with the First Lien Term Loan's variable interest rate. The interest rate cap instrument perfectly offsets the terms of the interest rates associated with the variable interest rate of the First Lien Term Loan.

The following table summarizes the amount and location of the Company's derivative instruments in the consolidated balance sheets (in thousands):

Derivative	Fair Value - Derivatives in Asset Position		
	Balance Sheet Caption	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Interest rate cap designated as cash flow hedge	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 10,926	\$ —
Interest rate cap designated as cash flow hedge	Other noncurrent assets	17,342	—
Total derivatives		\$ 28,268	\$ —

Fair Value - Derivatives in Liability Position			
Derivative	Balance Sheet Caption	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Interest rate cap designated as cash flow hedge	Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ —	\$ 601
Total derivatives		\$ —	\$ 601

Fair Value - Derivatives in Asset Position			
Derivative	Balance Sheet Caption	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Interest rate cap designated as cash flows hedge	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 9,746	\$ 10,926
Interest rate cap designated as cash flows hedge	Other noncurrent assets	10,183	17,342
Total derivative assets		\$ 19,929	\$ 28,268

The gain and loss associated with the changes in the fair value of the effective portion of hedging instruments are recorded into other comprehensive income (loss). income. The gain and loss associated with the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments not designated are recognized in net income (loss) through interest expense. The following table presents the pre-tax gains (losses) (loss) gain from derivative instruments recognized in other comprehensive (loss) income (loss) in the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

Derivative	Year Ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	2020
Interest rate cap designated as cash flow hedge	\$ 28,869	\$ (601)	\$ —
Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges	—	11,172	(7,723)
Interest rate swaps that discontinued hedge accounting	—	—	3,746
Total	\$ 28,869	\$ 10,571	\$ (3,977)

Derivative	Year Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2021
Interest rate cap designated as cash flows hedge	\$ (8,339)	\$ 28,869	\$ (601)
Interest rate swap designated as cash flows hedge	—	—	11,172
Total	\$ (8,339)	\$ 28,869	\$ 10,571

The following table presents the amount and location of pre-tax income (loss) recognized in the Company's consolidated statement of comprehensive income (loss) related to the Company's derivative instruments (in thousands):

Derivative	Income Statement Caption	Year Ended December 31,		
		2022	2021	2020
Interest rate cap designated as cash flow hedge	Interest expense	\$ 1,090	\$ (239)	\$ —
Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges	Interest expense	—	(11,298)	(12,799)
Interest rate swaps not designated as hedges	Interest expense	—	(2)	(34)
Interest rate swaps that discontinued hedge accounting	Interest expense	—	—	(3,746)
Total		\$ 1,090	\$ (11,539)	\$ (16,579)

Derivative	Income Statement Caption	Year Ended December 31,		
		2023	2022	2021

Interest rate cap designated as cash flows hedge	Interest expense	\$ 10,974	\$ 1,090	\$ (239)
Interest rate swap designated as cash flows hedge	Interest expense	—	—	(11,298)
Interest rate swap not designated as hedge	Interest expense	—	—	(2)
Total		\$ 10,974	\$ 1,090	\$ (11,539)

The Company expects to reclassify \$2.8 million of total interest rate costs from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) against interest expense during the next 12 months.

### 13. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value measurements are determined by maximizing the use of observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy places the highest priority on unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and gives the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of inputs within the fair value hierarchy are defined in Note 2, *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. While the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

**First Lien Term Loan:** Prior to the October 2021 refinancing, the fair value of the First Lien Term Loan was derived from a broker quote on the loans in the syndication (Level 2 inputs). See Note 11, *Indebtedness*, for further discussion of the carrying amount and fair value of the First Lien Term Loan.

**Second Lien Notes:** Prior to the January 2021 refinancing, the fair value of the Second Lien Notes was derived from a cash flow model that discounted the cash flows based on market interest rates (Level 3 inputs). See Note 11, *Indebtedness*, for further discussion of the carrying amount and fair value of the Second Lien Notes.

**New First Lien Term Loan:** Subsequent to the October 2021 refinancing, the fair value of the agreement to amend and restate its existing First Lien Term Loan ("New First Lien Term Loan") is derived from a broker quote on the loans in the syndication (Level 2 inputs). See Note 11, *Indebtedness*, for further discussion of the carrying amount and fair value of the New First Lien Term Loan.

**Senior Notes:** The fair value of the Senior Notes is derived from a broker quote (Level 2 inputs). See Note 11, *Indebtedness*, for further discussion of the carrying amount and fair value of the Senior Notes.

**Interest Rate Swaps:** The fair values of interest rate swaps were derived from the interest rates prevalent in the market and future expectations of those interest rates (Level 2 inputs). The Company determines the fair value of the investments based on quoted prices from third-party brokers. Both interest rate swaps have been terminated. See Note 12, *Derivative Instruments*, for further discussion of the fair value of the interest rate swaps.

**Interest Rate Cap:** The fair value of the interest rate cap is derived from the interest rates prevalent in the market and future expectations of those interest rates (Level 2 inputs). The Company determines the fair value of the investments based on quoted prices from third-party brokers. See Note 12, *Derivative Instruments*, for further discussion of the fair value of the interest rate cap.

**Money Market Funds:** The fair value of the money market funds is derived from the closing price reported by the fund sponsor and classified as cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheets (Level 1 inputs).

There were no other assets or liabilities measured at fair value at December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 or 2021, 2022.

### 14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is involved in legal proceedings and is subject to investigations, inspections, audits, inquiries, and similar actions by governmental authorities, arising in the normal course of the Company's business. Some of these suits may purport or may be determined to be class actions and/or involve parties seeking large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages, and may remain unresolved for several years. From time to time, the Company may also be involved in legal proceedings as a plaintiff involving antitrust, tax, contract, intellectual property, and other matters. Gain contingencies, if any, are recognized when they are realized.

The results of legal proceedings are often uncertain and difficult to predict, and the costs incurred in litigation can be substantial, regardless of the outcome. The Company believes that its defenses and assertions in pending legal proceedings have merit and does not believe that any of these pending matters, after consideration of applicable reserves and rights to indemnification, will have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

However, substantial unanticipated verdicts, fines, and rulings may occur. As a result, the Company may from time to time incur judgments, enter into settlements, or revise expectations regarding the outcome of certain matters, and such developments could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations in the period in which the amounts are accrued and/or its cash flows in the period in which the amounts are paid.

## 15. STOCK-BASED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION

**Equity Incentive Plans** — Under the Company's 2018 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2018 Plan"), approved at the annual meeting by the BioScrip stockholders on May 3, 2018, the Company may issue, among other things, incentive stock options, non-qualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock units, stock grants, and performance units to key employees and directors. The 2018 plan is administered by the Company's Compensation Committee, a standing committee of the Board of Directors. A total of 4,101,735 shares of common stock were initially authorized for issuance under the 2018 Plan. In May 2021, an additional 4,999,999 shares were authorized for issuance under the 2018 Plan, resulting in a total 9,101,734 shares of common stock authorized for issuance.

**Stock Options** — Options granted under the 2018 Plan typically vest over a three- or four-year period and, in certain instances, may fully vest upon a change in control of the Company. The options also typically have an exercise price that may not be less than 100% of its fair market value on the date of grant and are exercisable seven to ten years after the date of grant, subject to earlier termination in certain circumstances.

Compensation expense from stock options is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. During the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021, the Company recognized compensation expense related to stock options of \$2.5 million, \$6.5 million, \$1.9 million, \$2.5 million and \$0.4 million, \$1.9 million, respectively.

The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted during the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and 2020 was \$12.51, \$15.72, \$17.79, \$12.51 and \$5.94, \$17.79, respectively. The fair value of stock options granted was estimated on the date of grant using a Black-Scholes pricing model. The assumptions used to compute the fair value of options for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021 are as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,					
		2022		2021		2020	
		Year Ended December 31,					
		Year Ended December 31,					
		Year Ended December 31,					
		2023					
Expected volatility							
Expected volatility							
Expected volatility	Expected volatility	51.19	%	51.92	%	45.70	%
Risk-free interest rate	Risk-free interest rate	3.91	%	1.40	%	0.53	%
Risk-free interest rate							
Risk-free interest rate							
Expected life of options							
Expected life of options							
Expected life of options	Expected life of options	6.2 years		6.5 years		6.3 years	
Dividend rate	Dividend rate	—		—		—	

Dividend rate

		Weighted Average Exercise Options	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Balance at December				
31, 2021	1,170,141	\$ 19.96	\$ 10,154	

						Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Balance at December 31, 2022									
Granted									
Granted									
Granted	Granted	352,577	\$ 24.23	\$ 2,071					
Exercised	Exercised	(104,719)	\$ 13.68	\$ 1,797					
Exercised									
Exercised									
Forfeited and expired	Forfeited and expired	(396,629)	\$ 21.08	\$ 3,571					
Balance at December 31, 2022									
		<u>1,021,370</u>	\$ 21.63	\$ 8,816	8.18 years				
Exercisable at December 31, 2022									
		<u>125,374</u>	\$ 15.00	\$ 2,068	5.05 years				
Forfeited and expired									
Forfeited and expired									
Balance at December 31, 2023									
Balance at December 31, 2023									
Balance at December 31, 2023						<u>1,746,272</u>	\$ 25.08	\$ 15,028	8.19 years
Exercisable at December 31, 2023						<u>283,571</u>	\$ 17.07	\$ 4,713	6.36 years

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2023, 2022 and 2021. During the year ended December 31, 2020, \$0.4 million of cash was received from stock option exercises under share-based payment arrangements.

The maximum term of stock options under these plans is ten years. Options outstanding as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 expire on various dates ranging from March 2023 May 2024 through November 2032. July 2033. The following table outlines the outstanding and exercisable stock options as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

Options Outstanding						Options Exercisable				
Options Outstanding						Options Outstanding				
Range of Option Exercise Price	Range of Option Exercise Price	Weighted Average Outstanding Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Range of Option Exercise Price	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Options Exercisable
\$0.00 - \$8.24	\$0.00 - \$8.24	9,901	\$ 6.52	4.1 years	9,901	\$ 6.52				
\$8.24 - \$16.52	\$8.24 - \$16.52	157,102	\$ 12.41	6.3 years	99,348	\$ 11.87				
\$16.52 - \$24.76	\$16.52 - \$24.76	530,894	\$ 21.38	8.6 years	3,250	\$ 23.96				
\$24.76 - \$33.00	\$24.76 - \$33.00	314,348	\$ 26.33	8.8 years	3,750	\$ 29.13				
\$41.28 - \$49.52	\$41.28 - \$49.52	6,250	\$ 44.16	0.2 years	6,250	\$ 44.16				
\$49.52 - \$57.76	\$49.52 - \$57.76	1,625	\$ 56.24	0.3 years	1,625	\$ 56.24				
\$66.00 - \$74.28	\$66.00 - \$74.28	1,250	\$ 66.52	0.6 years	1,250	\$ 66.52				
All options	All options	1,021,370			125,374					
All options										
All options										

As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, there was \$6.7 million \$13.0 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested option grants that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.2 years.

**Restricted Stock** — Restricted stock grants subject solely to an employee's continued service with the Company generally will become fully vested within one to four years from the grant date and, in certain instances, may fully vest upon a change in control of the Company. Restricted stock grants subject solely to a Director's continued service with the Company generally will become fully vested on a pro-rata basis over three years from the date of grant.

Compensation expense from restricted stock is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. During the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2021 2022 and 2020, 2021, the Company recognized compensation expense related to restricted stock awards of \$10.2 million \$16.6 million, \$4.9 million \$10.2 million and \$2.3 million \$4.9 million, respectively.

The grant-date fair value of restricted stock is valued as the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant.

A summary of restricted stock award activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 is as follows:

		Weighted Average Grant Restricted Stock Date Fair Value
Balance at December 31, 2021	1,266,226	\$ 17.73

	Restricted Stock	Restricted Stock	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Balance at December 31, 2022			
Granted	Granted	931,454	\$ 25.90
Vested and issued	Vested and issued	(266,489)	\$ 13.87
Forfeited and expired	Forfeited and expired	(262,344)	\$ 20.69
Balance at December 31, 2022		1,668,847	\$ 22.45
Balance at December 31, 2023			

During the year years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2022, shares were surrendered to satisfy tax withholding obligations on the vesting of restricted stock awards with a cost basis of \$4.4 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. During the years year ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, shares were surrendered to satisfy tax withholding obligations on the vesting of restricted stock awards with an immaterial cost basis.

As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, there was \$25.8 million \$31.4 million in unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested restricted stock awards that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.4 1.2 years. The total fair value of restricted stock awards vested during the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 was \$9.9 million, \$3.7 million and 2020 was \$3.7 million, \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million, respectively.

**Performance Stock Units** — Performance-based stock units are generally earned based on the attainment of specified goals achieved over a designated performance period. During the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Company's Compensation Committee approved awards of performance-based stock units to certain senior executives of the Company with a grant date of February dates in 2023, 2022 and February 2021, respectively. The performance-based stock units approved during 2023 ("2023 PSU"), 2022 ("2022 PSU") and 2021 ("2021 PSU") each offer a three-year-cliff vesting schedule. Each award reflects a target number of shares ("Target Shares") that may be issued to the award recipient. The 2023 PSU, 2022 PSU and 2021 PSU awards may be earned upon the completion of the two-year-average performance periods ending December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Whether units are earned at the end of the performance period will be determined based on the achievement of certain performance objectives over the performance period. The performance objectives include achieving a target growth for adjusted EBITDA and revenue combined in addition to a target growth for cash flow flows from operations over the performance period. Depending on the results achieved during the performance period, the actual number of shares that a grant recipient receives at the end of the period may range from 0% to 200% of the Target Shares granted. Each period begins with 100% of the Target Shares and true-up or true-down adjustments are considered every quarter-end based on the forecasted performance period results.



The fair value of the Target Shares and performance stock unit awards are based on the fair value of the underlying shares as of market close on the grant date. Compensation expense for performance unit stock awards is recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized compensation expense related to the 2023 PSU, 2022 PSU and 2021 PSU awards of \$2.2 million, \$2.9 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company recognized compensation expense related to the 2022 PSU and 2021 PSU awards of \$2.4 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company recognized compensation expense related to the 2021 PSU awards of \$2.7 million. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, there were \$5.9 million \$5.5 million, \$3.3 million and \$2.7 million \$0.3 million in unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested 2023 PSU, 2022 PSU and 2021 PSU awards, respectively, that are expected to be recognized over the period of 2.2 years, 1.2 years and 1.2 0.2 years, respectively.

## 16. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On January 3, 2020, the Company's board of directors and HC I, which at that time held a majority of the Company's common stock, approved a reverse stock split of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock on a one share for four share basis and appropriately amended the Company's Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to reflect the change. On February 3, 2020, the reverse stock split became effective. In connection with the reverse stock split, the Company changed its ticker symbol from "BIOS" to "OPCH" and transferred the Company's common stock from the Nasdaq Capital Market to the Nasdaq Global Select Market. The par value of the Company's common stock remained unchanged as a result of the reverse stock split, resulting in a decrease to the aggregate par value of common stock and corresponding increase to paid-in capital in the Company's consolidated financial statements, which was retrospectively applied to all periods presented in the financial statements. All common shares, warrants and stock awards presented in the consolidated financial statements have been retrospectively adjusted for the reverse stock split.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, HC I completed secondary offerings of 11,000,000 23,771,926 and 76,400,000 11,000,000 shares of common stock, respectively. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, HC I no longer holds approximately 14.4% shares of the Company's common stock of the Company. stock.

**2017 Warrants** — Prior to the Merger, BioScrip issued warrants to certain debt holders pursuant to a Warrant Purchase Agreement dated as of June 29, 2017. In conjunction with the Merger, the 2017 Warrants were amended to entitle the purchasers of the warrants to purchase 2.1 million shares of common stock. The 2017 Warrants have a 10-year term and an exercise price of \$8.00 per share and may be exercised by payment of the exercise price in cash or surrender of shares of common stock into which the 2017 Warrants are being converted in an aggregate amount sufficient to pay the exercise price. The 2017 Warrants are classified as equity instruments, and the fair value of these warrants of \$14.1 million was recorded in paid-in capital as of the Merger Date. During the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, warrant holders exercised warrants to purchase 1,130,089 188,350 and zero 1,130,089 shares of common stock, respectively. No proceeds were received from these exercises as the warrant holders elected to surrender shares to pay the exercise price. At December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the remaining warrant holders are entitled to purchase 240,188 51,838 and 1,370,277 240,188 shares of common stock, respectively.

**2015 Warrants** — Prior to the Merger, BioScrip issued warrants pursuant to a Common Stock Warrant Agreement dated as of March 9, 2015 which entitle the holders to purchase 0.9 million shares of common stock. The 2015 Warrants have a 10-year term and have exercise prices in a range of \$20.68 per share to \$25.80 per share. The 2015 Warrants were assumed by the Company in conjunction with the Merger and are classified as equity instruments, and the fair value of these warrants of \$4.6 million was recorded in paid in capital as of the Merger Date. During the years year ended December 31, 2023, warrant holders exercised an immaterial number of warrants to purchase shares of common stock. During the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, warrant holders exercised warrants to purchase 900,272 and zero shares of common stock, respectively. stock. During the year ended December 31, 2023, no cash proceeds were received from warrant exercises. During the year ended December 31, 2022, \$20.9 million of cash was received as proceeds from warrant exercises. At December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the remaining warrant holders are entitled to purchase 15,231 13,888 and 915,503 15,231 shares of common stock, respectively.

**Share Repurchase Program** — On February 20, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program of up to an aggregate \$250.0 million of common stock of the Company. On December 6, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved an increase to its share repurchase program authorization from \$250.0 million to \$500 million. Under the share repurchase program, repurchases may occur in any number of methods depending on timing, market conditions, regulatory requirements, and other corporate considerations. The share repurchase program has no specified expiration date.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company purchased 7,946,301 shares of common stock for an average share price of \$31.46, totaling \$250.0 million. All repurchased shares became treasury stock. As of December 31, 2023, the Company is authorized to repurchase up to a remaining \$250.0 million of common stock of the Company.

**Treasury Stock** — As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 and 2021, 2022, the Company held 8,330,022 and 383,722 shares of treasury stock, respectively.

**Preferred Stock** — The Company had no preferred stock outstanding as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 or 2021, 2022.

## 17. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

**Transactions with Equity-Method Investees** — The Company provides management services to its joint ventures such as accounting, invoicing and collections in addition to day-to-day managerial support of the operations of the businesses. The Company recorded management fee income of \$4.1 million, \$5.3 million, \$3.5 million, \$4.1 million and \$2.9 million, \$3.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, 2021, 2022 and 2020, 2021, respectively. Management fees are recorded in net revenues in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss).

The Company had amounts due to its joint ventures of \$0.5 million and due from its joint ventures of \$0.1 million as of December 31, 2023. The Company had amounts due to its joint ventures of \$1.5 million as of December 31, 2022. The Company had amounts due to its joint ventures of \$1.4 million as of December 31, 2021 and due from its joint ventures of \$2.4 million as of December 31, 2020. These receivables were included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the accompanying balance sheets and these payables were included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in the accompanying balance sheets. These balances primarily relate to cash collections received by the Company on behalf of the joint ventures, offset by certain pharmaceutical inventories purchased by the Company on behalf of the joint ventures.

**Share Repurchase Agreement** — On February 28, 2023, we entered into a Share Repurchase Agreement (the "Share Repurchase Agreement") with HC I, pursuant to which we agreed to repurchase, subject to the terms and conditions contained therein, up to \$75.0 million of our common stock then held by HC I at the same purchase price per share as the underwriter in a

## 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated whether any subsequent events occurred since December 31, 2022 and noted the following subsequent event:

concurrent underwritten public offering of our common stock held by HC I. On February 20, 2023, March 3, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program of up to an aggregate \$250 million of common stock of the Company. Shares may be repurchased under the program through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, block trades, or accelerated or other structured share repurchase programs.

The extent to which the Company repurchases shares, and the timing of such repurchases, will depend upon a variety of factors, including market conditions, regulatory requirements and other corporate considerations, as determined and contemplated by the Company's management. As a result, an estimate of the Share Repurchase Agreement closed, and we repurchased directly from HC I 2,475,166 shares of the financial effect cannot be made.

### Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Based on an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act were effective as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023 to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Management Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Our internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Company's financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Our management, with the participation of the CEO and CFO, assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Based on the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO"), management concluded that the internal control over financial reporting was effective as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, has issued an audit report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting, which appears elsewhere in this Annual Report.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There has been no change during the quarter ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors  
Option Care Health, Inc.:

#### *Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

We have audited Option Care Health, Inc. and subsidiaries' (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** and **2021, 2022**, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, (loss), stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, and the related notes (collectively, the consolidated financial statements), and our report dated **February 23, 2023** **February 22, 2024** expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

#### *Basis for Opinion*

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management Annual Report on Internal Control **Over** **over** Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

#### *Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting*

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as

necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois

February 23, 2023 22, 2024

#### **Item 9B. Other Information**

None. The Company previously announced the adoption of the Option Care Health, Inc. Executive Severance Plan (the "Severance Plan"), which provides severance benefits to certain key management personnel of the Company, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. As a result of their participation in the Severance Plan, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer entered into letter agreements on February 21, 2024 with the Company agreeing that they would no longer be eligible for the severance benefits in their employment agreements.

#### **Adoption, Modification and Termination of Rule 10b5-1 Plans and Certain Other Trading Arrangements**

No director or officer of the Company has adopted, modified or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 plan or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement during the three months ended December 31, 2023.

#### **Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections**

Not applicable.

### **PART III**

#### **Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to all of our directors, officers and employees, including our principal executive, principal financial and principal accounting officers, or persons performing similar functions. Our Code of Ethics is posted on our website located at <https://investors.optioncarehealth.com/corporate-governance/highlights.governance-resources>. We intend to disclose future amendments to certain provisions of the Code of Ethics, Business Conduct, and waivers of the Code of Ethics Business Conduct granted to executive officers and directors, on our website.

The other information required by this item is incorporated by reference from the information contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 in connection with our 2023 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from the information contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 in connection with our 2023 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### **Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from the information contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 in connection with our 2023 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### **Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence**

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from the information contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 in connection with our 2023 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

#### **Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services**

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from the information contained in our definitive proxy statement to be filed with the SEC no later than 120 days after [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#) in connection with our [2023 2024](#) Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

	Page
(a)(1) Financial Statements.	
The following financial statements appear in Part II, Item 8:	
<a href="#">Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm</a> (KPMG LLP, Chicago, IL, Auditor Firm ID: 185)	<a href="#">41</a> <a href="#">43</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Balance Sheets as of <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a> and <a href="#">2021 2022</a></a>	<a href="#">43</a> <a href="#">45</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021 2022</a> and <a href="#">2020 2021</a></a>	<a href="#">44</a> <a href="#">46</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021 2022</a> and <a href="#">2020 2021</a></a>	<a href="#">45</a> <a href="#">47</a>
<a href="#">Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended <a href="#">December 31, 2022</a> <a href="#">December 31, 2023</a>, <a href="#">2021 2022</a> and <a href="#">2020 2021</a></a>	<a href="#">46</a> <a href="#">48</a>
<a href="#">Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</a>	<a href="#">47</a> <a href="#">49</a>
All other schedules not listed above have been omitted since they are not applicable or are not required.	

(a)(3) Exhibits.

Index to Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1+	<a href="#">Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of March 14, 2019, by and among BioScrip, Inc., Beta Sub, Inc., Beta Sub, LLC, HC Group Holdings I, LLC, HC Group Holdings II, Inc. and HC Group Holdings III, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 15, 2019).</a>
2.2	<a href="#">Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated May 3, 2023, by and among Option Care Health, Uintah Merger Sub, Inc., and Amedisys, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 3, 2023).</a>
2.3	<a href="#">Mutual Termination Agreement, dated as of June 26, 2023, by and among Option Care Health, Inc., Uintah Merger Sub, Inc., and Amedisys, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 26, 2023).</a>
3.1	<a href="#">Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BioScrip, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019).</a>
3.2	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation, amending the Third Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BioScrip, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019).</a>
3.3	<a href="#">Third Fourth Amended and Restated Bylaws By-Laws of Option Care Health, Inc., effective as of December 6, 2023 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 30, 2022 December 11, 2023).</a>
3.4	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation, filed January 30, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.4 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 11, 2021).</a>
4.1	<a href="#">Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of March 9, 2015, by and among BioScrip, Inc., Coliseum Capital Partners, L.P., Coliseum Capital Partners II, L.P., and Blackwell Partners, LLC, Series A (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 10, 2015).</a>
4.2	<a href="#">Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Rights Agreement dated June 10, 2016, by and among BioScrip, Inc., Coliseum Capital Partners, L.P., Coliseum Capital Partners II, L.P. and Blackwell Partners, LLC Series A (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 13, 2016).</a>
4.3	<a href="#">Amendment No. 2 to the Registration Rights Agreement dated June 14, 2016, by and among BioScrip, Inc. and Coliseum Capital Partners, L.P., Coliseum Capital Partners II, L.P. and Blackwell Partners, LLC Series A (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 14, 2016).</a>
4.4	<a href="#">Common Stock Warrant Agreement, dated July 28, 2015, by and between BioScrip, Inc. and American Stock Transfer &amp; Trust Company, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 28, 2015).</a>
4.5	<a href="#">Registration Rights Agreement, dated June 29, 2017, by and among BioScrip, Inc. and the parties signatory thereto (incorporated (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 29, 2017).</a>
4.6	<a href="#">Amendment No. 1 to Registration Rights Agreement by and between BioScrip, Inc. and the stockholders of BioScrip, Inc. signatory thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 15, 2019).</a>
4.7	<a href="#">Description of Option Care Health Inc.'s registered securities (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.12 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 11, 2021).</a>
4.8	<a href="#">Form of Subscription Rights Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3/A filed on May 29, 2015, SEC File Number 000-28740).</a>
4.9	<a href="#">Registration Rights Agreement, dated March 1, 2017, by and among BioScrip, Inc. and the investors named therein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 2, 2017, SEC File Number 001-11993).</a>
4.10	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Warrant Agreement, dated as of March 14, 2019, by and among BioScrip, Inc. and the Holders (as defined therein) signatory thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 15, 2019).</a>
4.11	<a href="#">Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2019, by and among BioScrip, Inc. and HC Group Holdings I, LLC (incorporated by reference</a>

[to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019\).](#)

10.1 [Director Nomination Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2019, by and among the BioScrip, Inc. and HC Group Holdings I, LLC \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019\).](#)

10.2 [ABL Credit Agreement, dated as of August 6, 2019, among HC Group Holdings II, LLC, as the Initial Borrower, BioScrip, Inc., as the Parent Borrower, and Bank of America N.A., as the Administrative Agent, Issuing Bank and Swing Line Lender, the other lenders party thereto from time to time and Bank of America, N.A. and ACF Finco I LP as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Lead Bookrunners \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019\).](#)

10.3† 10.2† [John Rademacher Amended and Restated Employment Agreement entered into on February 23, 2018 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019\).](#)

10.4† [Michael Shapiro Employment Agreement entered into on October 13, 2015 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 7, 2019\).](#)

10.5† [Option Care Health, Inc. Executive Severance Plan, effective as of May 11, 2020 \(filed herewith\), \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2023\).](#)

10.6 10.3 [First Amendment to ABL Credit Agreement, dated as of October 5, 2020, among Option Care Health, Inc. \(f/k/a BioScrip, Inc.\), each Guarantor party hereto, each lender party hereto and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 6, 2020\).](#)

10.7 10.4 [Second Amendment to ABL Credit Agreement, dated as of January 21, 2021, by and among Option Care Health, Inc., the guarantors party thereto, Bank of America, N.A. and the financial institutions party thereto \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 22, 2021\).](#)

10.8 10.5† [Option Care Health, Inc. 2018 Equity Incentive Plan updated as of May 19, 2021 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A filed on August 3, 2021\).](#)

10.9 10.6 [Indenture, dated as of October 27, 2021, by and between Option Care Health, Inc., each of the Guarantors \(as defined therein\) listed on the signature pages thereto and Ankura Trust Company, LLC as trustee \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2021\).](#)

10.10 10.7 [Form of 4.375% Senior Notes due 2029 \(included in Exhibit 10.14 and incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2021\).](#)

10.11 10.8 [Second Amendment and Amendment and Restatement Agreement to First Lien Credit Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2021 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2021\).](#)

10.12 10.9 [Third Amendment to ABL Credit Agreement, dated as of October 27, 2021 \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 29, 2021\).](#)

10.13 10.10 [Fourth Amendment to ABL Credit Agreement, dated as of January 13, 2023, among Option Care Health, Inc. \(f/k/a BioScrip, Inc.\), a Delaware corporation, each guarantor party thereto, each lender party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent.](#)

10.11 [Second Amendment to Amended and Restated First Lien Credit Agreement, dated as of December 7, 2023, among Option Care Health, Inc. \(f/k/a BioScrip, Inc.\), a Delaware corporation, each other Loan Party \(as defined therein\) party thereto, each Incremental Revolving Lender \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 11, 2023\).](#)

10.12† [Option Care Health, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Severance Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 11, 2023\).](#)

10.13 [Share Repurchase Agreement, dated as of February 28, 2023, by and between Option Care Health, Inc. and HC Group Holdings I, LLC \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 3, 2023\).](#)

10.14† [Option Care Health, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 11, 2023\).](#)

10.15† [Transition and Separation Agreement and Release, dated December 29, 2023, between Richard Denness and Option Care Enterprises, Inc. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 29, 2023\).](#)

10.16† [Form of Letter Agreement with John C. Rademacher and Michael Shapiro Terminating Severance Provisions of Employment Agreements \(filed herewith\).](#)

21.1 [List of subsidiaries of Option Care Health, Inc. \(filed herewith\).](#)

23.1 [Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm \(filed herewith\).](#)

31.1 [Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 \(filed herewith\).](#)



31.2	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).</a>
32.1	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).</a>
32.2	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).</a>
97	<a href="#">Required Executive Compensation Recovery Policy, dated as of September 7, 2023, filed herewithin.</a>
101	The following financial information from the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended <b>December 31, 2022</b> <b>December 31, 2023</b> , formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the fiscal years ended <b>December 31, 2022</b> <b>December 31, 2023</b> , <b>2021</b> <b>2022</b> and <b>2020</b> , <b>2021</b> , (ii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of <b>December 31, 2022</b> <b>December 31, 2023</b> and <b>2021</b> , <b>2022</b> , (iii) Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the fiscal years ended <b>December 31, 2022</b> <b>December 31, 2023</b> , <b>2021</b> <b>2022</b> and <b>2020</b> , <b>2021</b> , (iv) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the fiscal years ended <b>December 31, 2022</b> <b>December 31, 2023</b> , <b>2021</b> <b>2022</b> and <b>2020</b> , <b>2021</b> , and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	XBRL Formatted Cover Page

† Designates the Company's management contracts or compensatory plan or arrangement.

+ Certain schedules attached to the Agreement and Plan of Merger have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The Company will furnish copies of the omitted schedules to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request by the Commission.

## Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on **February 23, 2023** **February 22, 2024**.



/s/ Michael Shapiro

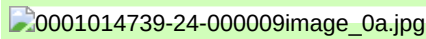
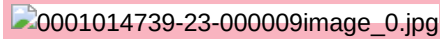
Michael Shapiro

Chief Financial Officer and Senior Executive Vice President

(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title(s)</u>	<u>Date</u>
<u>/s/ John C. Rademacher</u> John C. Rademacher	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Michael Shapiro</u> Michael Shapiro	Chief Financial Officer and Senior Executive Vice President (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Harry M. Jansen Kraemer, Jr.</u> Harry M. Jansen Kraemer, Jr.	Non-Executive Chairman of the Board	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Anita Allemand</u> Anita Allemand	Director	February 23, 2023
<u>/s/ John J. Arlotta</u> John J. Arlotta	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Elizabeth Q. Betten</u> Elizabeth Q. Betten	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Elizabeth D. Bierbower</u> Elizabeth D. Bierbower	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Barbara W. Bodem</u> Barbara W. Bodem	Director	February 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Natasha Deckmann</u> Natasha Deckmann	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Aaron Friedman</u> Aaron Friedman	Director	February 23, 2023
<u>/s/ David W. Golding</u> David W. Golding	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ R. Carter Pate</u> R. Carter Pate	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Nitin Sahney</u> Nitin Sahney	Director	February 23, 2023
<u>/s/ Timothy P. Sullivan</u> Timothy P. Sullivan	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024
<u>/s/ Mark Vainisi Norman L. Wright</u> Mark Vainisi Norman L. Wright	Director	February 23, 2023 22, 2024

February 21, 2024

Dear **[John][Michael]**,

As you are aware, on December 6, 2023, Option Care Health, Inc. adopted the Option Care Health, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Severance Plan (the “Severance Plan”), a copy of which is attached to this letter as Exhibit A. In your role as **[Chief Executive Officer]<sup>1</sup>[Chief Financial Officer]<sup>2</sup>**, you are a designated participant in the Severance Plan and will be eligible for severance benefits in the event of certain terminations of your employment, subject to the terms of the Severance Plan and your execution of a Participation and Restrictive Covenant Agreement. The benefits under the Severance Plan replace the severance benefits described in **[your Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, entered into on February 23, 2018, by and between you and Option Care Infusion Services, Inc.]<sup>3</sup>[your Employment Agreement, entered into on October 13, 2015, by and between you and Walgreens Infusion Services, Inc.]<sup>4</sup>**(the “Employment Agreement”).

By signing below, you expressly acknowledge that, effective as of January 1, 2024 (the effective date of the Severance Plan), you shall no longer be eligible for the severance benefits described in the Employment Agreement and shall only be eligible for the severance benefits described in the Severance Plan for **[Tier 1 Executives]<sup>5</sup>[Tier 2 Executives]<sup>6</sup>**.

Please return this signed letter to me at your earliest convenience. If you have any questions or otherwise wish to discuss, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,



Name:

<sup>1</sup> NTD: To be included for John Rademacher.

<sup>2</sup> NTD: To be included for Michael Shapiro.

<sup>3</sup> NTD: To be included for John Rademacher.

<sup>4</sup> NTD: To be included for Michael Shapiro.

<sup>5</sup> NTD: To be included for John Rademacher.

<sup>6</sup> NTD: To be included for Michael Shapiro.

## **Executive Severance Plan EXHIBIT A**

As in effect as of May 11, 2020.

The company reserves the right to amend, modify, or terminate this Plan at any time and for any reason.

### **Introduction**

The purpose of this Executive Severance Plan is to provide financial assistance to eligible executives (each a "Participant") of the Option Care Health family of companies (the "Company") who terminate employment in qualifying circumstances as set forth in this Plan. The Plan only provides such assistance in these circumstances, as it is not a general severance program covering all types of job losses. A Participant is eligible for this benefit if a Participant meets the eligibility requirements defined in this Plan and executes a Participation Notice.

### **Definitions**

There are several key terms mentioned in this Plan defined below. Some of these terms help clarify existing company policy, and others are specific to the Plan.

**Base Pay:** A Participant's annual rate of base salary in effect as of the date of Termination, determined without regard to any reduction thereof that constitutes Good Reason.

**Board:** The board of directors of the Company.

**Cause:** The occurrence of any one or more of the following reasons: (i) the commission of a felony or other crime involving moral turpitude; (ii) the commission of any act or omission involving dishonesty, disloyalty or fraud with respect to the Company; (iii) reporting to work under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs, the use of illegal drugs (whether or not at the workplace) or other repeated conduct causing the Company substantial public disgrace or substantial economic harm; (iv) substantial and repeated failure to perform duties as reasonably directed by the officer to which a Participant reports or the Board; (v) any intentional act or omission aiding or abetting a competitor, supplier or customer of the Company to the material disadvantage of the Company; (vi) breach of fiduciary duty or willful misconduct with respect to the Company or (vii) any other material breach of this Agreement; provided, a Participant shall be entitled to notice and an opportunity to cure any act or omission (if curable) under clause (vii) which is not cured to the Board's reasonable satisfaction within 30 days after written notice thereof to a Participant.

**Change in Control:** The term "Change in Control" shall have the meaning set forth in the Company's 2018 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.

**Comparable Job:** A position that is similar to a Participant's previously held position in terms of pay, location, and responsibility, as determined in the sole discretion of the Plan Administrator.

**Disability:** A Participant's inability to perform the essential duties, responsibilities and functions of Executive's position with the Company and its subsidiaries for such period as entitles a Participant to monthly income replacement benefits under the Company's long-term disability plan in which such Participant participate; provided, if there shall not be such a plan in which a Participant is a participant, such period shall be for 90 consecutive days or for a total of 180 days during any 12-month period as a result of any mental or physical illness, disability or incapacity even with reasonable accommodations for such illness, disability or incapacity provided by the Company and its subsidiaries or if providing such accommodations would be unreasonable, all as determined by the Board in its reasonable good faith judgment.

**Plan Administrator:** It is within the authority and discretion of the Plan Administrator to construe and interpret the Plan and to make final determinations as to eligibility for, and benefits due, under the Plan described in this section. See the "Administrative Facts" section for details

about the Plan Administrator.

**Service Provider:** An outsourced company with which the Company subcontracts to complete a task. A service provider and its executives are not affiliated with the Option Care family of companies or a successor employer.

**Successor Employer:** A company which acquires or buys an Option Care Health unit, division, line of business, or subsidiary, and which retains or hires a Participant from the Option Care family of companies to continue to provide services with respect to the Option Care Health unit, division, line of business, or subsidiary.

**Terminated or Termination:** A Participant's employment with the company and its affiliates and subsidiaries is ended for any reason. A Participant is not considered Terminated solely because a Participant's hours scheduled or worked fluctuate or are reduced to zero.

**Termination Date:** A Participant's last day worked.

### Eligibility

A Participant is eligible for severance benefits under the Plan if he or she has been previously notified as a participant in the Plan, and is terminated without Cause during the twelve (12) month period following a Change in Control while he or she is actively at work or on an approved disability leave, military leave, or Family/Medical Leave at the time of Termination.

Even if a Participant meets the above criteria, a Participant is not eligible for severance benefits under the Plan if any of the following exceptions apply:

- A Participant voluntarily separates from the company;
- A Participant is on a personal leave of absence at the time of Termination;
- A Participant is Terminated for Cause;
- A Participant is Terminated after unsuccessfully completing the requirements of a Performance Improvement Plan (PIP);
- A Participant is offered a Comparable Job within the Option Care Health family of companies or with a Successor Employer prior to or within 30 days of Termination;
- A Participant is offered and accepts a new position within the Option Care Health family of companies or with a Successor Employer within 30 days of Termination;
- A Participant is covered by a collective bargaining agreement of which the Plan was not a subject of bargaining;
- A Participant is eligible for benefits under another severance plan within the Option Care family of companies or receives compensation and/or benefits through a separation or termination agreement with the company; or
- A Participant is in independent contractor, consultant, leased, temporary, per diem, or seasonal employee, or otherwise not treated as an employee by the company for payroll purposes, as determined in the sole discretion of the Plan Administrator. This is the case, even if a court or administrative agency determines that such individuals are employees.

### Cash Severance Payments

A Participant shall receive a cash severance payment equal to 12 months of his or her monthly rate of Base Pay as of the date of Termination. A Participant shall also receive a payment for a prorated portion of his or her current annual target bonus for the year of termination, based on the full number of weeks the Participant was employed during the year of termination.

The cash severance payments will be paid in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices over a 12- month period.

If a Participant's Termination is due to his or her death or Disability, a Participant shall also be entitled to receive any Prior Year Bonus and a prorated annual bonus with respect to the year of Termination, paid when bonuses are paid to senior executives following completion of the year of Termination.

### Continued Health Care Coverage

With respect to a Participant who is a U.S. eligible employee as of the date of such Participant's Termination, the Company or applicable subsidiary shall pay to such Participant a cash payment in an amount equal to the applicable COBRA premium payments (as reasonably determined by the Administrator as of the time of a

Participant's Termination) that would be payable by the Company should the Participant have continued the Participant's Company-provided medical, dental, and/or vision coverage existing as of such Participant's Termination Date for 12 months

For purposes of clarity, such cash payment shall be made regardless of whether a Participant actually elects coverage under COBRA, and shall be determined as of a Participant's Termination and not impacted by, or adjusted for, events occurring after such date (including, without limitation, changes

in coverage or premiums).

### **Separation and Release Agreement**

To receive severance pay and benefits under the Plan, a Participant must return a signed release in a form acceptable to the Company (the "Separation and Release Agreement") to the Human Resources Department on or within 45 days after his or her Termination Date or his or her receipt of the Separation Agreement and Release Agreement, whichever occurs later. A Participant may not submit a Separation and Release Agreement before his or her Termination Date. A Participant may revoke a signed Separation and Release Agreement within 7 days of signing the agreement. A Participant must provide the Human Resources Department the revocation in writing within the 7-day period. If a Participant timely revokes the Separation and Release Agreement, they will not be eligible to receive severance pay or benefits. A Participant's revocation of the Separation and Release Agreement does not change the termination of his or her employment as of his or her last day worked.

The Separation Agreement and Release Agreement will include non-competition and/or non-solicitation restrictions and recoupment (clawback) provisions to protect the company's legitimate competitive interests for a reasonable period of time following the Termination of a Participant's employment. A Participant's consideration for (i.e., his or her signature on) the Separation and Release Agreement is the severance pay and benefits that they are not otherwise eligible to receive. A Participant should contact a personal attorney (at his or her own expense) to review the Separation and Release Agreement.

### **How to Receive Plan Benefits**

Human Resources calculates a Participant's severance benefit, if any, and the appropriate amount is paid as salary continuation for the duration of months designated by the Tier (as described above). Payment will begin as soon as administratively feasible following a Participant's Termination Date in accordance with the Company's normal payroll practices in effect at the time of Termination, but only after the 7-day revocation period for the signed Separation and Release Agreement has passed.

**Repayment of Plan Benefits If Rehired:** Please note that if a Participant receives severance benefits and is rehired by the Option Care Health family of companies or with a Successor Employer within 30 days of his or her Termination Date, such Participant will be required to repay the benefits to the company, and no further severance benefits will be paid. If a Participant is rehired more than 30 days after his or her Termination Date, such Participant may keep Plan benefits equal to his or her previous weekly rate of pay multiplied by the number of weeks between such Participant's Termination Date and rehire date, but must repay the remainder to the company, and no further severance benefits will be paid. Participants are not eligible for re-hire until they make all required repayments.

### **Termination Date**

A Participant's severance benefit and any unused Paid Time Off (PTO) does not extend or delay his or her Termination Date. Any unused time in a Participant's PTO Accrual balance and time in Vacation Frozen will be paid to such Participant, if applicable. Unused floating holidays or time remaining in Sick Frozen will not be paid out upon separation. If a Participant is on a disability leave, military leave or a Family/Medical Leave when he or she is terminated, they are considered to be employed until his or her leave ends. If a Participant is on a Company-approved leave of absence at the time of the event giving rise to his or her eligibility for severance benefits under the Plan, the date his or her approved leave ends is considered to be his or her Termination Date for purposes of calculating and administering his or her severance benefit under the Plan.

### **Coordination with Company Benefits**

**Life Insurance:** A Participant's Company-Paid and Voluntary Term Life Insurance and Voluntary Personal Accident Insurance will end on such Participant's Termination Date, but a Participant may apply to convert these to individual policies. Contact Unum at +1 866-220-8460 (reference policy number: 703786).

**Other Benefits:** A Participant's coverage and deductions for any other benefit plans will end on his or her Termination Date. In some situations, a Participant may be eligible to continue coverage. See the applicable Summary Plan Descriptions for details.

### **Benefit Offset**

The severance benefits available under the Plan are the maximum benefits payable by the Company in the event of termination of employment. To the extent that a federal, state or local law, including the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act ("WARN"), requires the Company to give advance notice or make a payment to eligible Participants because of involuntary termination of employment, layoff, plant closing, sale of business or other similar event (collectively, a "WARN Event"), severance benefits will be offset by any such payments.

Additionally, severance benefits will be offset by any payments made, such as paid leave or layoff benefits, during a period for which a WARN (Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act) notice was given. These offsets will not reduce a Participant's benefit to less than two weeks of pay for

hourly Participants, or four weeks of pay for salaried Participants.

#### **Treatment of Equity Awards**

The treatment of any vested or unvested equity awards held by a Participant will be governed by the plan and/or award agreement applicable to such awards.

#### **Effect on Prior Agreements**

Unless otherwise specified in a Participation Notice, payments provided by the Plan supersede any other agreement between a Participant and the Company that provides for specific severance in connection with a termination of employment, including but not limited to any individual employment agreement a Participant and the Company may be party to.

#### **Withholding**

The Company shall have the right to make such provisions as it deems necessary or appropriate to satisfy any obligation it may have to withhold federal, state or local income or other taxes incurred by reason of payments pursuant to the Plan. In lieu thereof, the Company shall have the right to withhold the amounts of such taxes from any other sums due or to become due from the Company to the Participant upon such terms and conditions as the Plan Administrator may prescribe.

#### **Treatment under Section 409A**

It is intended that the benefits under the Plan are either exempt from, or compliant with, the requirements of Section 409A of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the treasury regulations and other official guidance promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A"), so as to prevent the inclusion in gross income of any benefits accrued hereunder in a taxable year prior to the taxable year or years in which such amount would otherwise be actually distributed or made available to a Participant. The Plan shall be administered and interpreted to the extent possible in a manner consistent with that intent and the Policy. To the extent that a distribution to a Participant is not exempt from Section 409A, and is required to be delayed by six months pursuant to Section 409A, such distribution shall be made no earlier than the first day of the seventh month following a Participant's "separation from service" (as defined in Section 409A), and the payments that otherwise would have been paid to a Participant during the six-month period immediately following the Participant's "separation from service" shall be paid to a Participant in a lump sum on the first day of the seventh month following a Participant's "separation from service", or as soon as administratively practicable thereafter, but in no event later than 90 days thereafter. For purposes of Section 409A, the Participant's right to receive any installment payments pursuant to the Plan shall be treated as a right to receive a series of separate and distinct payments. Whenever a payment under the Plan specifies a payment period with reference to a number of days (e.g., "payment shall be made within thirty (30) days following the date of termination"), the actual date of payment within the specified period shall be within the sole discretion of the Company.

#### **Additional Plan Provisions**

No Assignment — Severance benefits are not subject to anticipation, alienation, pledge, sale, transfer, assignment, garnishment, attachment, execution or encumbrance of any kind. Any attempt to do so will be void, except as required by law.

Recoupment and Clawback Policy — All severance benefits will be subject to the Company's Clawback Policy, and any other policies or arrangements of the company relating to clawback or repayment of benefits applicable to a Participant, as in effect from time to time or otherwise required by applicable law.

Return of Severance Payments — Any severance benefits paid to a Participant in error must be repaid to the Company. The Company has all remedies available under the law for the recovery of such amounts.

No Representations Contrary to the Plan — No executive, officer, or director of the Company may alter, vary or modify the Plan, except by an authorized written amendment. No verbal or written representations contrary to the terms of the Plan and its written amendments are binding upon the Plan, the Plan Administrator or the Company.

No Employment Rights — The Plan does not confer employment rights upon any person. No person will be entitled, by virtue of the Plan, to remain in the Company's employment and nothing in the Plan restricts the Company's right to terminate any person's employment at any time.

Applicable Law — The Plan is governed and construed in accordance with the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), and in the event that any reference be made to state law, the laws of the state of Illinois will apply, without regard to its conflicts of law provisions.

**Severability** — If a provision of the Plan is found, held or deemed by the Plan Administrator or a court of competent jurisdiction to be void, unlawful or unenforceable under any applicable statute or other controlling law, the provision will be severed from the Plan and the remainder of the Plan will continue in full force and effect.

**Return of Company Property** — A Participant must return all Company property (i.e., keys, credit cards, documents and records, identification cards, equipment, cellular telephones, parking stickers, etc.) as of his or her Termination Date to begin receiving severance benefits. Benefits will not be paid until the Plan Administrator is satisfied the applicable Participant has returned all company property.

## Claims Procedures

**Initial Claims Determinations:** All formal claims under the Plan will be reviewed by one or more individuals within the Human Resources Department who are designated by the Plan Administrator to review claims under this Plan. A decision will be made based on the information submitted by a Participant within 90 days after the claim is submitted. By notice to a Participant before this period ends, this deadline may be extended by up to 90 additional days if it is determined that a decision cannot be made during the initial period for reasons beyond the control of the Plan. An extension notice will specify the length of the extension and inform a Participant that a decision cannot be made within the deadline because of reasons beyond the control of the individual(s) reviewing a Participant's claim.

**Claim Denials:** If a Participant's claim is denied, they will be sent a notice that will:

- Be written in a manner that a Participant should understand;
- Include the specific reasons for the denial;
- Refer to the provisions of the Plan on which the determination was based;
- Describe any additional material or information necessary to perfect the claim and explain why the additional material is necessary;
- Inform the Participant that, upon request and free of charge, such Participant is entitled to reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim;
- Explain the Plan's review procedures including relevant deadlines; and
- Include a statement of a Participant's right to bring a civil action under ERISA after receiving a final determination upon appeal.

**Appealing a Denied Claim:** To appeal a claim denial, a Participant must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days of receiving notice of the claim denial. A Participant may submit written comments, documents, records, and other pertinent information and will be given reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim. It is essential that a Participant supply all information or opinions that they believe may be relevant to his or her claim. To be assured of a proper response to the appeal, it must be directed to the Plan Administrator at the address listed in the "Administrative Facts" section.

**Plan Administrator's Review of Appeal:** The appeal will be reviewed by the Plan Administrator, who will not give deference to the initial benefit determination, and will take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information that such Participant submits relating to his or her claim, without regard to whether the information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

**Notice of Decision on Appeal:** A Participant will be notified of the benefit determination within 60 days of the receipt of the appeal. By notice to such Participant before this period ends, the Plan Administrator may extend this deadline by up to 60 additional days if it determines that a decision cannot be made during the initial period for reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. An extension notice will specify the length of the extension and inform a Participant that a decision cannot be made within the deadline because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If the decision on appeal is denied, the Plan Administrator will provide a Participant with a notice of the denial that will:

- Be written in a manner that a Participant should understand;
- Include the specific reasons for the denial;
- Refer to the provisions of the Plan on which the determination was based;
- Inform a Participant that, upon request and free of charge, they are entitled to reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim; and
- Notify a Participant of his or her right to bring legal action under ERISA.

**General Claims/Appeals Information:** Both in the context of initial claims determination and in the context of reviewing appeals, there may be situations where the reviewers need additional information from a Participant before they can make their determination. If that is the case, a Participant will be notified of the specific information that is needed and/or any issues that need to be resolved, and a Participant will be given a reasonable period



of time to supply the needed information (generally 45 days). In such situations, the deadlines for responding to the claim or appeal may be put on hold while the receipt of this additional information is pending. The reviewers will apply their judgment to claims and appeals in a manner that they deem to be consistent with the Plan and any rules, regulations, or prior interpretations of the Plan. The reviewers will make their decision in a manner that they believe will apply the Plan consistently to similarly situated participants.

The Plan Administrator (or any delegate) has the discretionary authority to determine eligibility for Plan benefits and to construe the terms of the Plan, including making factual determinations. Benefits under the Plan are payable only if the Plan Administrator determines, at its sole discretion, that an eligible Executive is entitled to them. The decisions of the Plan Administrator are final and conclusive with respect to all questions concerning the administration of the Plan. A Participant must first utilize the claim and appeal rights described in this Plan before a Participant may properly assert any claim in court. If a Participant fully exhaust these rights, but remain dissatisfied with the outcome of a Participant's appeal, he or she may challenge the decision in court.

### **ERISA Rights**

As an executive eligible to participate in the Plan, a Participant is entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA. ERISA provides that all Participants shall be entitled to receive:

#### **Information about his or her Plan and Benefits**

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, all documents governing the Plan, including any insurance policies/contracts and any collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefit Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, including any insurance policies/contracts and any collective bargaining agreements, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and updated summary plan description.
- The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies and will inform a Participant in advance of the cost. To view or receive a copy of any Plan documents, a Participant should send a written request (noting the specific document(s) of interest) to the following address:
  - Option Care 3000 Lakeside Drive, Suite 300N Bannockburn, IL 60015

**Prudent Actions by Plan Fiduciaries:** In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of a Participant and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including a Participant's employer, a Participant's union (if applicable), or any other person, may fire a Participant or otherwise discriminate against a Participant in any way to prevent him or her from obtaining a welfare benefit or exercising a Participant's rights under ERISA.

**Enforce a Participant's Rights:** If a claim for a welfare benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, a Participant has a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules. Under ERISA, there are steps a Participant can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if a Participant requests a copy of Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, a Participant may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay a Participant up to \$110 a day until he or she receives the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If a Participant has a claim for benefits that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, he or she may file suit in a state or federal court, but only after he or she has exhausted his or her claims and appeals rights described above. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if a Participant is discriminated against for asserting a Participant's rights, he or she may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or he or she may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If a Participant is successful, the court may order the person a Participant has sued to pay these costs and fees. If a Participant loses, the court may order him or her to pay these costs and fees if, for example, it finds a Participant's claim is frivolous.

### **Assistance with a Participant's Questions**

If a Participant has any questions about the Plan, a Participant should contact the Plan Administrator at the address listed in the "Administrative Facts" section. The Plan Administrator is available to answer a Participant's general questions. However, raising questions or making an inquiry in this fashion will not satisfy the claims procedure requirements described in the "How to Receive Plan Benefits" and "Claims Procedures" sections. If a Participant wishes to file a formal claim or appeal a claim denial, a Participant must follow these formal claims procedure requirements.

If a Participant has any questions about this statement or about his or her rights under ERISA, or if a Participant needs assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, a Participant should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200



Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. A Participant may also obtain certain publications about his or her rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the Employee Benefits Security Administration at 866-444-EBSA (866-444-3272), or visiting the website, [www.dol.gov/ebsa](http://www.dol.gov/ebsa).

#### Administrative Facts

**Plan Name:** Option Care Enterprises, Inc. Executive Severance Plan

**Plan Sponsor:** Option Care Enterprises, Inc.

The terms "Option Care Health" or "Company" used in this Plan refers to the Option Care Health family of companies.

**Plan Year:** January 1 - December 31

**Plan Type:** The Option Care Enterprise, Inc. Executive Severance Plan is a welfare benefit plan providing payment upon separation of employment in defined circumstances.

**Employer Identification Number:** 68-0208702

**Plan Costs:** Costs for the Plan are paid by the sponsor, [Option Care Health, Inc., from general assets. No Participant will acquire by reason of the Plan any right in or title to any of the company's assets, funds, or property. All severance benefits are an unfunded obligation of the company. The company will pay severance benefits from its general assets. No executive, officer, director or agent of the company guarantees in any manner the benefits or the payment of severance benefits.

**Plan Administrator & Agent for Service of Process:** Mike Rude, Chief Human Resources Officer, Option Care Enterprises, Inc., 3000 Lakeside Drive, Suite 300N Bannockburn, IL 60015 (312) 940-2529

**Amendment, Termination, Rights, Amended and Questions:** Option Care Health reserves the right to alter, amend, or cancel the Plan at its sole discretion. In the event of Plan termination, claims incurred prior to the date of termination will be paid out of the general assets of the company. The establishment of the Plan, or any modifications to it, does not create a contract or a guarantee of employment or coverage, nor does it give any company or person a legal or equitable right against the company, its shareholders, directors, or officers. Restated Executive Severance Plan]

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EXHIBIT 21.1

#### OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Entity Name	State of Incorporation	Doing Business As
Applied Health Care, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
BioScrip Infusion Services, Inc.	California	Option Care Health
BioScrip Infusion Services, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
BioScrip PBM Services, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
BioScrip Pharmacy (NY), Inc.	New York	Option Care Health
BioScrip Pharmacy Services, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
CHI Holding Corp. Corporation	Delaware	Option Care Health
Chronimed, LLC	Minnesota	Option Care Health
CHS Holdings, Inc. LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
Clinical Holdings, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
Clinical Specialties Network Services of Illinois, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
Clinical Specialties, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
Crescent Healthcare, Inc.	California	Option Care Health
Critical Care Systems of New York, Inc.	New York	Option Care Health
Critical Care Systems, Inc. LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
Critical Homecare Solutions, Inc. LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
CSI Managed Care, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
CSI Medical Billing Services, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
CSI Network Services of Indiana, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
CSI Network Services of Kentucky, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
CSI Network Services of Michigan, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
Deaconess Enterprises, Inc.	Ohio	Option Care Health
Deaconess HomeCare, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health
East Goshen Pharmacy, Inc. LLC	Pennsylvania	Option Care Health
HC Group Holdings II, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
HC Group Holdings III, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health
Healthy Connections Homecare Services, Inc.	Texas	Option Care Health
Home I.V. Specialists, Inc.	Arkansas	Option Care Health
HomeChoice Partners, Inc. LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
Infinity Infusion Nursing, LLC	Alabama	Infinity Infusion Nursing
InfuScience South Carolina, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
InfuScience, Inc. LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
Infusion Partners of Melbourne, LLC	Georgia	Option Care Health
Infusion Partners, LLC	Ohio	Option Care Health
Infusion Solutions, Inc.	New Hampshire	Option Care Health
Infusion Therapy Specialists, Specialist, Inc.	Nebraska	Option Care Health
Knoxville Home Therapies, LLC	Tennessee	Option Care Health
MedNow Infusion, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
Naven Health, Inc.	Florida	Option Care Health
New England Home Therapies, Inc.	Massachusetts	Option Care Health
Option Care Enterprises, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health
Option Care Enterprises, Inc.	Pennsylvania	Option Care Health
Option Care Health, Inc. (f/k/a BioScrip, Inc.)	Delaware	Option Care Health
Option Care Home Care, Inc.	Illinois	Option Care Health

Option Care Infusion Services, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health
Option Care Infusion Suites, LLC	Delaware	Option Care Health
Option Care of New York, Inc.	New York	Option Care Health
Option Health, Ltd.	Illinois	Option Care Health
OptioNet, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health

Professional Home Care Services, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health
Regional Ambulatory Diagnostics, Inc. Revitalized, LLC	Ohio Rhode Island	Option Care Health
River City Pharmacy, Inc.	California	Option Care Health
Rochester Home Infusion	Minnesota	RHI, Inc.
Scott-Wilson, Inc.	Kentucky	Option Care Health
Specialty Pharmacy Nursing Network	Florida	SPNN, Inc.
Specialty Pharma, Inc.	Delaware	Option Care Health
Springville Pharmacy Infusion Therapy, Inc.	New York	Option Care Health
Trinity HomeCare, LLC	New Jersey	Option Care Health
Wilcox Medical, Inc.	Vermont	Option Care Health

## EXHIBIT 23.1

### Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (Nos. (No. 333-214039, 333-216630, 333-216631, and 333-239504) 333-216631) on Form S-3 and (No. 333-228310) on Form S-8 of our reports dated February 23, 2023 February 22, 2024, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of Option Care Health, Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois  
February 23, 2023 22, 2024

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, John Rademacher, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Option Care Health, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 23, 2023 February 22, 2024

/s/ John Rademacher

John Rademacher

Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Michael Shapiro, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Option Care Health, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by

this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 23, 2023 February 22, 2024

/s/ Michael Shapiro

Michael Shapiro

Chief Financial Officer and Senior Executive Vice President (Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT 32.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Option Care Health, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John Rademacher, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 23, 2023 February 22, 2024

/s/ John Rademacher  
John Rademacher  
Chief Executive Officer, President and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 32.2

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Option Care Health, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael Shapiro, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **February 23, 2023** **February 22, 2024**

/s/ Michael Shapiro  
Michael Shapiro  
Chief Financial Officer and **Senior Executive** Vice President (Principal Financial Officer)

**OPTION CARE HEALTH, INC.  
REQUIRED EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION RECOVERY POLICY**

Adopted September 7, 2023

**Policy**

The Board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Option Care Health, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "**Company**") has adopted this Required Executive Compensation Recovery Policy (this "**Policy**") pursuant to Rule 10D-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**"), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("**SEC**") regulations promulgated thereunder, and applicable Nasdaq Stock Market ("**Nasdaq**") listing standards. Subject to and in accordance with the terms of this Policy, upon a Recoupment Event, each Covered Executive shall be obligated to return to the Company, reasonably promptly, the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation that was received by such Covered Executive during the Lookback Period.

**Administration**

This Policy will be administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board (the “Committee”). Any determinations made by the Committee will be final and binding on all affected individuals.

## **Definitions**

“**Accounting Restatement**” means an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance of the Company with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws, including any required accounting restatement to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is (a) material to the previously issued financial statements (commonly referred to as a “Big R” restatement), or (b) would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (commonly referred to as a “little r” restatement).

“**Covered Executive**” means each of the Company’s current and former Section 16 Officers.

“**Erroneously Awarded Compensation**” means, with respect to each Covered Executive in connection with an Accounting Restatement, the excess of the amount of Incentive-Based Compensation received by the Covered Executive during the Lookback Period over the amount of Incentive-Based Compensation that otherwise would have been received had it been determined based on the restated amounts, computed without regard to any taxes paid. For Incentive-Based Compensation based on stock price or total shareholder return, where the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in an Accounting Restatement: (a) the amount must be based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Accounting Restatement on the stock price or total shareholder return upon which the Incentive-Based Compensation was received; and (b) the Company must maintain documentation of the determination of that reasonable estimate and provide such documentation to Nasdaq.

“**Financial Reporting Measures**” are any measures that are determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company’s financial statements, and any measures derived wholly or in part from such measures. Stock price and total shareholder return are also Financial Reporting Measures. A Financial Reporting Measure need not be presented within the financial statements or included in a filing with the SEC.

“**Incentive-Based Compensation**” is any compensation that is granted, earned, or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure.

“**Lookback Period**” means the three completed fiscal years immediately preceding the Required Restatement Date and any transition period (that results from a change in the Company’s fiscal year) of less than nine months within or immediately following those three completed fiscal years.

A “**Recoupment Event**” occurs when the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement.

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“**Required Restatement Date**” means the earlier to occur of: (a) the date the Company’s Board, a committee of the Board, or the officer(s) of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required, concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement, or (b) the date a court, regulator, or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare an Accounting Restatement.

“**Section 16 Officer**” is defined as an “officer” of the Company within the meaning of Rule 16a-1(f) of the Exchange Act.

“**Section 409A**” means Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder.

## **Amount Subject to Recovery**

The Incentive-Based Compensation that is subject to recovery under this Policy includes such compensation that is received by a Covered Executive (i) on or after October 2, 2023 (even if such Incentive-Based Compensation was approved, awarded or granted prior to this date), (ii) after the individual began service as a Covered Executive, (iii) if the individual served as a Section 16 Officer at any time during the performance period for such Incentive-Based Compensation, and (iv) while the Company has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange or national securities association.

The amount of Incentive-Based Compensation subject to recovery from a Covered Executive upon a Recoupment Event is the Erroneously Awarded Compensation, which amount shall be determined by the Committee.

For purposes of this Policy, Incentive-Based Compensation is deemed “received” in the Company’s fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-Based Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive-Based Compensation occurs after the end of that period.

#### **Recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation**

Promptly following a Recoupment Event, the Committee will determine the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation for each Covered Executive, and the Company will provide each such Covered Executive with a written notice of such amount and a demand for repayment or return. Upon receipt of such notice, each affected Covered Executive shall promptly repay or return such Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the Company.

If such repayment or return is not made within a reasonable time, the Company shall recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation in a reasonable and prompt manner using any lawful method determined by the Committee; provided that recovery of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation must be made in compliance with Section 409A.

#### **Limited Exceptions**

Erroneously Awarded Compensation will be recovered in accordance with this Policy unless the Committee determines that recovery would be impracticable and one of the following conditions is met:

- a. the direct expense paid to a third party to assist in enforcing this Policy would exceed the amount to be recovered, provided the Company has first made a reasonable effort to recover the Erroneously Awarded Compensation; or
- b. the recovery would likely cause a U.S. tax-qualified retirement plan to fail to meet the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Sections 401(a)(13) and 411(a) and the regulations thereunder.

Reliance on any of the above exemptions will further comply with applicable listing standards, including without limitation, documenting the reason for the impracticability and providing required documentation to Nasdaq.

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#### **No Insurance or Indemnification**

Neither the Company nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries may indemnify any Covered Executive against the loss of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation (or related expenses incurred by the Covered Executive) pursuant to a recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation under this Policy, nor will the Company nor any of its affiliates or subsidiaries pay or reimburse a Covered Executive for any insurance premiums on any insurance policy obtained by the Covered Executive to protect against the forfeiture or recovery of any compensation pursuant to this Policy.

#### **Interpretation**

The Committee is authorized to interpret and construe this Policy and to make all determinations necessary, appropriate, or advisable for the administration of this Policy. This Policy shall be applied and interpreted in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of Rule 10D-1 and any applicable regulations, rules or standards adopted by SEC or the rules of any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Company’s securities are listed. In the event that this Policy does not meet the requirements of Rule 10D-1, the SEC regulations promulgated thereunder, or the rules of any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Company’s securities are listed, this Policy shall be deemed to be amended to meet such requirements.

#### **Amendment; Termination**

The Board or the Committee may amend this Policy in its discretion and shall amend this Policy as it deems necessary to comply with the regulations adopted by the SEC under Rule 10D-1 and the rules of any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Company’s securities are listed. The Board or the Committee may terminate this Policy at any time.



Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no amendment or termination of this Policy shall be effective if that amendment or termination would cause the Company to violate any federal securities laws, SEC rules or the rules of any national securities exchange or national securities association on which the Company's securities are listed.

#### **Other Recoupment Rights**

Any right of recoupment under this Policy is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies or rights of recoupment that may be available to the Company pursuant to the terms of any similar provision in any employment agreement or other compensation plan or agreement and any other legal remedies available to the Company. This Policy is in addition to any other clawback or compensation recovery, recoupment or forfeiture policy in effect or that may be adopted by the Company from time to time, or any laws, rules or listing standards applicable to the Company, including without limitation, the Company's right to recoup compensation subject to Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and the Supplemental Compensation Recovery Policy. To the extent that application of this Policy would provide for recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation that the Company recovers pursuant to another policy or provision, the amount that is recovered will be credited to the required recovery under this Policy.

#### **Successors**

This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all Covered Executives and their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives.

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