

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(MARK ONE)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarter ended June 30, 2023

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-41034

OMNILIT ACQUISITION CORP.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

87-0816957

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**1111 Lincoln Road, Suite #500
Miami Beach, FL 33139**

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(786) 750-2820

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Units, each consisting of one share of common stock and one redeemable warrant	OLITU	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	OLIT	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Redeemable warrants, exercisable for shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	OLITW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§322.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	☐	Accelerated filer	☐
Non-accelerated filer	☒	Smaller reporting company	☒
		Emerging growth company	☒

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☒ No ☐

As of August 14, 2023, there were 5,348,049 shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share and 791,667 shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, issued and outstanding.

**OMNILIT ACQUISITION CORP.
FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Interim Financial Statements

OmniLit Acquisition Corp. Condensed Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	Unaudited	Audited
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash on hand	\$ 467,760	\$ 117,506
Prepaid expenses	123,947	134,425
Income Tax Receivable		8,765
Total current assets	591,707	260,696
Long-term prepaid expenses	-	-
Marketable securities and cash held in Trust Account	14,268,619	14,011,070
Total assets	\$ 14,860,326	\$ 14,271,766
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued offering cost	\$ 396,425	\$ 117,070
Franchise tax	\$ -	-
Income tax liability	\$ 84,930	\$ -
Notes Payable	\$ 694,941	-
Total current liabilities	\$ 1,176,296	\$ 117,070
Deferred underwriters' discount	500,000	500,000
Total liabilities	1,676,296	617,070
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Common stock subject to possible redemption, 1,348,049 shares at \$10.20 (1)(2)	14,169,629	13,919,834
Stockholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	-	-
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 5,348,049 issued and outstanding, excluding 1,348,049 shares subject to possible redemption (2)	400	-
Class B Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 791,667 shares issued and outstanding(2)	79	479
Additional paid-in capital	-	-
Accumulated deficit	(986,078)	(265,618)
Total stockholders' deficit	(985,599)	(265,139)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 14,860,326	\$ 14,271,766

- In connection with the Special Meeting of Stockholders held on December 21, 2022 13,026,951 shares were redeemed.
- In connection with the Special Meeting of Stockholders held on January 26, 2023, 4,000,000 Class B shares (1 million on January 30, 2023 and 3 million on April 3, 2023) were voluntarily converted to Class A with no redemption right.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements

OmniLit Acquisition Corp. Condensed Statements of Operations For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 Unaudited	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 Unaudited
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Operating costs	\$ 366,781	\$ 137,279	\$ 688,031	\$ 321,163
Loss from operations	(366,781)	(137,279)	(688,031)	(321,163)
Interest earned on investment held in Trust Account	(166,639)	(208,234)	(302,669)	(220,201)
Total income (loss) before income tax	(200,142)	70,955	(385,362)	(100,962)
Income tax expense	\$ 57,876	\$ 6,387	\$ 85,303	\$ 6,387
Net income (loss)	\$ (258,018)	\$ 64,568	\$ (470,665)	\$ (107,349)

Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	5,282,115	14,375,000	5,282,115	14,375,000
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Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.01)
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Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding, Class B common stock	857,601	4,791,667	857,601	4,791,667
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share, Class B common stock	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.01)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements

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OmniLit Acquisition Corp.
Condensed Statements of Stockholders' Deficit
For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Stockholders' Deficit
	Shares	Amount			
Balance as of December 31, 2022 (Year Ended)	4,791,667	\$ 479	\$ -	\$ (265,618)	\$ (265,139)
Net loss (Three Months Ended March 31, 2023)	-	-	-	(212,647)	(212,647)
Conversion of Class B common stock to Class A	(1,000,000)				
Accretion of common stock to redemption value				(80,789)	(80,789)
Balance as of March 31, 2023(1)	3,791,667	\$ 379	\$ -	\$ (559,055)	\$ (558,576)
Net loss (Three Months Ended March 31, 2023)	-	-	-	(258,018)	(258,018)
Conversion of Class B common stock to Class A	(3,000,000)				
Accretion of common stock to redemption value				(169,005)	(169,005)
Balance as of June 30, 2023(2)	791,667	\$ 79	\$ -	\$ (986,078)	\$ (985,599)
Balance as of December 31, 2021	4,791,667	\$ 479	\$ -	\$ (4,432,602)	\$ (4,432,123)
Net loss (Three months ended March 31, 2022)	-	-	-	(171,917)	(171,917)
Balance as of March 31, 2022	4,791,667	\$ 479	\$ -	\$ (4,604,519)	\$ (4,604,040)
Net income (Three Months Ended June 30, 2022)	-	-	-	64,568	64,568
Balance as of June 30, 2022	4,791,667	\$ 479	\$ -	\$ (4,539,951)	\$ (4,539,472)

- 1,000,000 of Class B stock of the Company were voluntarily converted to Class A on January 31, 2023
- 3,000,000 of Class B stock of the Company were voluntarily converted to Class A on April 3, 2023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements.

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OmniLit Acquisition Corp.
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (470,665)	\$ (107,349)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Interest earned on investment held in Trust Account	(302,669)	(220,201)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses	10,477	56,999
Accounts payable	279,356	(55,014)
Income tax expense	84,930	6,387
Income Tax Receivable	8,765	
Net cash used in operating activities	(389,806)	(319,178)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Investment of cash in Trust Account	-	-

Net cash used in investing activities	-	-
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments of deferred offering costs associated with initial public offering		
Payment of offering costs		
Funds Transfer from Trust Account to Cash for DE Tax Reimbursement	45,120	(66,435)
Notes Payable	694,941	174,163
Net cash provided by financing activities	740,061	107,728
Net change in cash	350,255	(211,450)
Cash, beginning of the period	117,506	494,599
Cash, end of the period	\$ 467,760	\$ 283,149
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Non-cash financing transactions:		
Deferred underwriting fee payable	\$ 500,000	\$ 5,031,250

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements.

OMNILIT ACQUISITION CORP.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Note 1 — Description of Organization and Business Operations

OmniLit Acquisition Corp. (the “Company”) was incorporated in Delaware for the purpose of effecting a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization, or similar business combination with one or more businesses (the “Business Combination”).

As of June 30, 2023, the Company had not commenced any operations other than searching for a business combination after our Initial Public Offering (as defined below). All activity for the period from May 20, 2021 (inception) through June 30, 2023 relates to the Company's formation, the Initial Public Offering and, subsequent to the Initial Public Offering, identifying a target company for a Business Combination. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its initial Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company will generate non-operating income in the form of interest income on cash and cash equivalents from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering. The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The registration statement for the Initial Public Offering was declared effective by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on November 8, 2021 (the “Effective Date”). On November 12, 2021, the Company completed its initial public offering (the “Initial Public Offering” or “IPO”) of 14,375,000 units (“Units”), including the issuance of 1,875,000 Units as a result of the underwriters’ exercise in full of their over-allotment option at an offering price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$ 143,750,000 which is discussed in Note 3.

Simultaneously with the closing of the IPO, the Company consummated a private placement (the “Private Placement”) of 6,201,750 warrants to OmniLit Sponsor LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and the Company's sponsor (the “Sponsor”), 575,000 warrants to Imperial Capital, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“Imperial Capital”), and 143,750 warrants to I-Bankers Securities, Inc., a Texas corporation (“I-Bankers”), (together, the “Private Placement Warrants”), each at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating total proceeds of \$ 6,920,500, which is described in Note 4.

Transaction costs amounted to \$8,333,135, consisting of \$2,875,000 of underwriting discount, \$5,031,250 of deferred underwriting discount, and \$426,884 of other offering costs. In addition, \$1,579,046 of cash was held outside of the Trust Account (as defined below) and is available for working capital purposes.

The Company's Business Combination must be with one or more target businesses that together have a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the balance in the Trust Account (as defined below) (net of taxes payable) at the time of the signing of an agreement to enter into the Business Combination. However, the Company will only complete the Business Combination if the post-Business Combination company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “Investment Company Act”). There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect the Business Combination.

Upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering, a total of \$ 146,625,000 (\$10.20 per Unit) of the net proceeds from the IPO and the Private Placement was deposited in a trust account (“Trust Account”) and invested in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, with a maturity of 180 days or less or in any open-ended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company. Except with respect to interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account that may be released to the Company to pay its franchise and income tax obligations (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), the proceeds from the IPO and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants will not be released from the Trust Account until the earliest of: (a) the completion of the Business Combination; (b) the redemption of any public shares properly submitted in connection with a stockholder vote to amend the Company's certificate of incorporation; and (c) the redemption of the Company's public shares if the Company is unable to complete the Business Combination within 15 months from the closing of the IPO (or up to 21 months from the closing of the IPO, if the Company extend the period of time to consummate a business combination, as described in more detail in our final prospectus related to our IPO filed with the SEC on November 10, 2021 (the “Prospectus”)), subject to applicable law. The proceeds deposited in the Trust Account could become subject to the claims of the Company's creditors, if any, which could have priority over the claims of the Company's public stockholders.

The Company will provide its public stockholders with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their public shares upon the completion of the Business Combination either: (i) in connection with a stockholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination; or (ii) by means of a tender offer. The decision as to whether the Company will seek stockholder approval of a proposed Business Combination or conduct a tender offer will be made by the Company, solely in its discretion. The stockholders will be entitled to redeem their shares for a pro rata portion of the amount then on deposit in the Trust Account (initially approximately \$10.20 per share, plus any pro rata interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its tax obligations).

All of the public shares contain a redemption feature which allows for the redemption of such public shares in connection with the Company's liquidation, if there is a stockholder vote or tender offer in connection with the initial Business Combination and in connection with certain amendments to the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association.

In accordance with SEC and its guidance on redeemable equity instruments, which has been codified in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480-10-S99, redemption provisions not solely within the control of a company require common stock subject to redemption to be classified outside of permanent equity. Given that the public shares will be issued with other freestanding instruments (i.e., public warrants), the initial carrying value of common stock classified as temporary equity will be the allocated proceeds determined in accordance with FASB ASC 470-20. The public shares are subject to FASB ASC 480-10-S99. If it is probable that the equity instrument will become redeemable, the Company has the option to either (i) accrete changes in the redemption value over the period from the date of issuance (or from the date that it becomes probable that the instrument will become redeemable, if later) to the earliest redemption date of the instrument or (ii) recognize changes in the redemption value immediately as they occur and adjust the carrying amount of the instrument to equal the redemption value at the end of each reporting period. The Company has elected to recognize this change immediately.

On December 21, 2022, the Company held a special meeting of stockholders in lieu of an annual meeting of stockholders (the "Meeting"). At the Meeting, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (the "Charter Amendment") to extend the date by which the Company must consummate its initial Business Combination from February 12, 2023 to November 12, 2023 (the "Combination Period"), or such earlier date as determined by the Company's board of directors.

On January 26, 2022, the Company held a special meeting of stockholders. At the Meeting, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to provide for the right of a holder of Class B common stock of the Company to convert into Class A common stock of the Company on a one-for-one basis prior to the closing of an initial Business Combination. On January 31, 2023, OmniLit Sponsor LLC voluntarily converted 1,000,00 shares of Class B common stock of the Company it held as of such date into 1,000,000 shares of Class A common stock of the Company in accordance with the Charter. As a result of the foregoing and the results of the Meeting described above, the Company has an aggregate of 2,348,049 shares of Class A common stock and 3,791,667 shares of Class B common stock.

Business Combination Agreement

On May 9, 2023, OmniLit Acquisition Corp. entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with Syntec Optics, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Syntec Optics"), and Optics Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of OmniLit Acquisition Corp. ("Merger Sub"). The Merger Agreement provides that, among other things and upon the terms and subject to the conditions thereof, the following transactions will occur:

(i) at the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement (the "Closing"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the Merger Agreement, in accordance with applicable provisions of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"), Merger Sub will merge with and into Syntec Optics, the separate corporate existence of Merger Sub ceased and Syntec Optics will be the surviving corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of OmniLit Acquisition Corp. (the "Merger");

(ii) at the Closing, Syntec Optics will change its name to "Syntec Optics Holdings Inc." and is referred to herein as "New Syntec Optics";

(iii) as a result of the Merger, among other things, all shares of capital stock of Syntec Optics outstanding as of immediately prior to the effective time of the Merger were canceled in exchange for the right to receive shares of common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, of New Syntec Optics ("New Syntec Optics Common Stock"). The Aggregate Merger Consideration to be received by equity holders of Syntec Optics as of immediately prior to the Closing will be 31,600,000 shares of OmniLit common stock (at a deemed value of \$ 10.00 per share.);

(iv) following the Closing, OmniLit will issue 26,000,000 additional shares of Common Stock (the "Contingent Earnout") to the Company's existing stockholders at the Closing, which Contingent Earnout shares will vest upon OmniLit Common Stock achieving the following stock trading price thresholds (the "Contingent Earnout Trigger Price") following the Closing: one-third (1/3rd) at \$12.50 per share, one-third (1/3rd) at \$14.00 per share, and one-third (1/3rd) at \$15.50 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like). The Contingent Earnout shares which remain unvested as of the date five (5) years from the Closing (the "Earnout Period") will be deemed cancelled and no longer subject to vesting.

(v) OmniLit will issue up to 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock (the "Performance-based-Earnout") to members of the management team of the Surviving Corporation from time to time, to the extent determined by the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, to be issued as restricted stock units or incentive equity grants pursuant to the Incentive Plan described below. The Performance-based Earnout shares shall be awarded by the Board of Directors based on achieving the following performance thresholds following the Closing: one-half (1/2) at achieving revenue of \$75 million and adjusted EBITDA of \$22.6 million based on 2024 financial audited statements, and one-half (1/2) at achieving revenue of \$196 million and adjusted EBITDA of \$50.6 million based on the 2025 financial audit statement.

The Board of Directors of OmniLit Acquisition Corp. (the "Board") has unanimously (i) approved and declared advisable the Business Combination Agreement, the Merger and the other transactions contemplated thereby and (ii) resolved to recommend approval of the Business Combination Agreement and related matters by the stockholders of OmniLit Acquisition Corp.

The consummation of the Business Combination is conditioned upon, among other things, (i) the approval by our stockholders of the proposals set forth herein and approval of Syntec Optics' stockholders of the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement (which such approval by Syntec Optics' stockholders was obtained and delivered by execution of a written consent by the requisite equity holders of Syntec Optics); (ii) this proxy statement/prospectus receiving SEC clearance; (iii) applicable waiting periods under the HSR act expiring or terminating; (iv) the approval by Nasdaq of our initial listing application in connection with the Business Combination. Therefore, unless these conditions are waived by the applicable parties to the Business Combination Agreement, the Business Combination Agreement could terminate, and the Business Combination may not be consummated.

Initial Business Combination

The Company has up to 24 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering (or up to 24 months from the closing of the IPO to consummate the Business Combination (the "Combination Period") after a 9 month extension voted on in a Special Meeting on December 21, 2022. However, if the Company is unable to complete the Business Combination within the Combination Period, the Company will redeem 100% of the outstanding public shares for a pro rata portion of the funds held in the Trust Account, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account including interest earned on the funds held in the Trust Account and not previously released to the Company to pay its franchise and income taxes obligations and less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses, divided by the number of then outstanding public shares, subject to applicable law and as further described in this registration statement of which the Prospectus forms a part, and then seek to dissolve and liquidate.

The Sponsor, officers, and directors have agreed: (i) to waive their redemption rights with respect to their founder shares and public shares in connection with the completion of the Business Combination; (ii) to waive their redemption rights with respect to their founder shares and public shares in connection

with a stockholder vote to approve an amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation; and (iii) to waive their rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to their founder shares if the Company fails to complete the Business Combination within the Combination Period.

The Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has entered into a written letter of intent, confidentiality or similar agreement, or business-combination agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below the lesser of: (i) \$10.20 per public share; and (ii) the actual amount per public share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, if less than \$10.20 per share due to reductions in the value of the trust assets, less taxes payable, provided that such liability will not apply to any claims by a third party or prospective target business who executed a waiver of any and all rights to the monies held in the Trust Account (whether or not such waiver is enforceable) nor will it apply to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriters of the IPO against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. However, the Company has not asked its Sponsor to reserve for such indemnification obligations, nor has the Company independently verified whether its Sponsor has sufficient funds to satisfy its indemnity obligations and believe that the Sponsor's only assets are securities of the Company. Therefore, the Company cannot assure that its Sponsor would be able to satisfy those obligations.

Liquidity and Going Concern Consideration

As of June 30, 2023, the Company had cash on hand of \$ 467,760 held outside of the Trust Account available for working capital purposes. On December 31, 2022, the working capital amount was \$117,506. In June, 2023, the Trust transferred \$ 45,120 to the Cash account for franchise tax payments. In addition, Sponsor has provided a working capital loan to the Company in the amount of \$694,941 against a promissory note dated June 21, 2023 up to \$769,941, for operations prior to a Business Combination.

The Company does not believe it will need to raise additional funds in order to meet the expenditures required for operating our business. However, if the estimate of the costs of identifying a target business, undertaking in-depth due diligence and negotiating a Business Combination are less than the actual amount necessary to do so, the Company may have insufficient funds available to operate our business prior to a Business Combination. Moreover, the Company may need to obtain additional financing either to complete a Business Combination or because the Company becomes obligated to redeem a significant number of public shares upon consummation of a Business Combination, in which case the Company may issue additional securities or incur debt in connection with such Business Combination. Subject to compliance with applicable securities laws, the Company would only complete such financing simultaneously with the completion of a Business Combination. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination because it does not have sufficient funds available, the Company will be forced to cease operations and liquidate the Trust Account. In addition, following a Business Combination, if cash on hand is insufficient, the Company may need to obtain additional financing in order to meet its obligations.

The Company is a Special Purpose Acquisition Corporation with a scheduled liquidation date of November 12, 2023. The Company plans to complete the transaction before the liquidation date. In connection with the Special Purpose Acquisition Corporation's assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with ASC Topic 205-40 Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern, although the Company intends to consummate a Business Combination on or before November 12, 2023, management has determined that the mandatory liquidation deadline less than 12 months away, should a Business Combination not occur and an extension is not requested by the Sponsor, raises doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. No adjustments have been made to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities should the Company be required to liquidate after November 12, 2023.

Based on the foregoing, management believes that the Company will have insufficient working capital and borrowing capacity to meet its needs through the earlier of the consummation of a Business Combination or one year from this filing. Over this time period, the Company will be using these funds for paying existing accounts payable, identifying and evaluating prospective initial Business Combination candidates, performing due diligence on prospective target businesses, paying for travel expenditures, selecting the target business to merge with or acquire, and structuring, negotiating and consummating the Business Combination.

Risks and Uncertainties

Management is currently evaluating the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the industry and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that the virus could have a negative effect on the Company's financial position, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of the unaudited condensed financial statement. The unaudited condensed financial statement does not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

In February 2022, The Russian Federation and Belarus commenced a military action with the country of Ukraine. As a result of this action, various nations, including the United States, have instituted economic sanctions against the Russian Federation and Belarus. Further, the impact of this action and related sanctions on the world economy are not determinable as of the date of these condensed unaudited financial statements. The specific impact on the Company's financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows is also not determinable as of the date of these condensed unaudited financial statements.

Note 2 — Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X of the SEC. Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in unaudited condensed financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of a normal recurring nature, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2022, as filed with the SEC on January 30, 2023. The interim results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the year ending December 31, 2023, or for any future period.

Emerging Growth Company Status

The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Securities Act"), as modified by the Jumpstart our Business Startups Act of 2012, (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to

comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and stockholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's unaudited condensed financial statements with another public company which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of unaudited condensed financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed financial statements. Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. Such estimates may be subject to change as more current information becomes available and accordingly the actual results could differ significantly from those significant estimates. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the unaudited condensed financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company did not have any cash equivalents as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Marketable Securities Held in Trust Account

At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, substantially all of the assets held in the Trust Account were held in money market funds, which are primarily invested in treasury securities. The Company's portfolio of investments is comprised of U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, with a maturity of 185 days or less, or investments in money market funds that invest in U.S. government securities and generally have a readily determinable fair value, or a combination thereof. When the Company's investments held in the Trust Account are comprised of U.S. government securities, the investments are classified as trading securities. When the Company's investments held in the Trust Account are comprised of money market funds, the investments are recognized at fair value. Trading securities and investments in money market funds are presented on the balance sheets at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from the change in fair value of these securities is included in gain on investments held in the Trust Account in the accompanying unaudited condensed statements of operations. The estimated fair values of investments held in the Trust Account are determined using available market information.

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Concentration of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution which, at times may exceed the Federal depository insurance coverage of \$250,000. At June 30, 2023, the Company had not experienced losses on this account.

Offering Costs

The Company complies with the requirements of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 340-10-S99-1 and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") Topic 5A- "Expenses of Offering". Offering costs consist of legal, accounting, underwriting discount and other costs that are directly related to the IPO. Accordingly, offering costs associated with the IPO totaled \$8,333,135, consisting of \$2,875,000 of underwriting discount, \$5,031,250 of deferred underwriting discount and \$426,885 of other offering costs were recorded as a charge in accumulated deficit. As of June 30, 2023 deferred underwriting discount is \$500,000

Class A Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company accounts for its shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in ASC Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Shares of Class A common stock subject to mandatory redemption (if any) is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable shares of Class A common stock (including shares that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, shares of Class A common stock are classified as stockholders' equity. The Company's shares of Class A common stock feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, shares of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption is presented at redemption value as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of the Company's balance sheet.

All of the 14,375,000 Class A common stock sold as part of the Units in the IPO contain a redemption feature which allows for the redemption of such public shares in connection with the Company's liquidation, if there is a stockholder vote or tender offer in connection with the Business Combination and in connection with certain amendments to the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association. In accordance with the accounting treatment for redeemable equity instruments, which has been codified in ASC 480-10-S99, redemption provisions not solely within the control of the Company require Class A common stock subject to redemption to be classified outside of permanent equity. Therefore, all Class A common stock have been classified outside of permanent equity.

The Company recognizes changes in redemption value immediately as they occur and adjusts the carrying value of redeemable common stock to equal the redemption value at the end of each reporting period. Increases or decreases in the carrying amount of redeemable common stock are affected by charges against additional paid in capital and accumulated deficit. At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Class A common stock reflected in the balance sheet are reconciled in the following table:

	6/30/2023		12/31/2022	
Gross proceeds	\$	14,000,624	\$	146,625,000
Less:				

Proceeds allocated to Public Warrants at issuance		-
Redeemable common stock issuance costs		-
NRA issuance cost		(1,011,984)
Redemption		(133,917,056)
Add		
Accretion of Carrying value to redemption value	169,005	2,223,875
Common stock subject to redemption	<u>\$ 14,169,629</u>	<u>\$ 13,919,834</u>

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under the FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the unaudited condensed financial statement, primarily due to its short-term nature.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for sale of an asset or paid for transfer of a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such as valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable. In some circumstances, the inputs used to measure fair value might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Accounting for Warrants

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the instruments' specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in ASC 480 and ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). The assessment considers whether the instruments are free standing financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the instruments meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the instruments are indexed to the Company's own common stocks and whether the instrument holders could potentially require "net cash settlement" in a circumstance outside of the Company's control, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, was conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent period end date while the instruments are outstanding. Management has concluded that the Public Warrants and Private Placement Warrants issued pursuant to the warrant agreement qualify for equity accounting treatment.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under ASC 740 Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). ASC 740 requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for both the expected impact of differences between the unaudited condensed financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities and for the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax loss and tax credit carry forwards. ASC 740 additionally requires a valuation allowance to be established when it is more likely than not that all or a portion of deferred tax assets will not be realized.

ASC 740 also clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim period, disclosure and transition.

The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of June 30, 2023. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position.

The Company has identified the United States and Florida as its only "major" tax jurisdictions.

The Company is subject to potential income tax examinations by federal and state taxing authorities. These potential examinations may include questioning the timing and amount of deductions, the nexus of income among various tax jurisdictions and compliance with federal and state tax laws. The Company's management does not expect that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will materially change over the next twelve months.

OmniLit Acquisition Corp.
Provision for Income Taxes
For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022
Current taxes	\$ 57,876	\$ 85,303	\$ 445,793
Deferred taxes			
	-	-	-
Income tax expense	<u>57,876</u>	<u>85,303</u>	<u>445,793</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes	(200,142)	(385,362)	1,293,416

Effective tax rate	(28.92)%	(22.14)%	34.47%
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the unaudited condensed financial statements

Our effective tax rate was (28.92%) and (22.14%) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 respectively, 34.47% for the year ended December 31, 2022. The effective tax rate differs from the statutory tax rate of 21% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022, due to changes in the valuation allowance on the deferred tax assets.

New Law and Changes

On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction (the IR) Act was signed into law, which, beginning in 2023, will impose a 1% excise tax on public company stock buybacks. The company is assessing the potential impact of the Act.

The IR Act imposes a 1% excise tax on the fair market value of stock repurchases made by covered corporations after December 31, 2022. The total taxable value of shares repurchased is reduced by the fair market value of and newly issued shares during the taxable year. Redemption rights are ubiquitous to nearly all SPACs. Shareholders have the ability to require the SPAC to repurchase their shares prior to the merger in what is known as a redemption right, essentially getting their money back. There are two possible scenarios in which redemption rights come into play. First, they can be exercised by the shareholders themselves because they are exiting the transaction, or second, they can be triggered because the SPAC did not find a target with which to merge. There will certainly need to be more clarity from the Internal Revenue Service on the application of the excise tax to SPAC redemptions. Until there is further guidance from the IRS, the Company will continue to assess the potential impact of the IR Act. Based on our preliminary assessment, we do not expect a material impact on our consolidated unaudited condensed financial statements.

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Net Income Per Common Stock

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC Topic 260, "Earnings Per Share". The Company has two classes of shares, which are referred to as Class A common stock and Class B common stock. Earnings and losses are shared pro rata between the two classes of stock. The warrants are exercisable to purchase 14,108,000 shares of Class A common stock in the aggregate and were excluded from diluted earnings per share for the period ended June 30, 2023 because the warrants are contingently exercisable, and the contingencies have not yet been met. As a result, diluted income per share is the same as basic income per share for the period from January 1 through June 30, 2023. Remeasurement associated with the redeemable shares of Class A common stock to redemption value is excluded from earnings per share as the redemption value approximates fair value.

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, net income (loss) per common share is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023		Three Months Ended June 30, 2022		Six Months Ended June 30, 2023		Six Months Ended June 30, 2022	
	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share								
Numerator:								
Allocation of net income (loss)	\$ (221,978)	\$ (36,040)	\$ 48,426	\$ 16,142	\$ (404,922)	\$ (65,743)	\$ (80,513)	\$ (26,837)
Denominator								
Weighted-average shares outstanding	5,282,115	857,601	14,375,000	4,791,667	5,282,115	857,601	14,375,000	4,791,667
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2020, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-06, Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity ("ASU 2020-06"), which simplifies accounting for convertible instruments by removing major separation models required under current GAAP. The ASU also removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity-linked contracts to qualify for the derivative scope exception, and it simplifies the diluted earnings per share calculation in certain areas. The provisions of ASU 2020-06 are applicable for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, with early adoption permitted no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of ASU 2020-06 on its financial statements.

The Company's management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards if currently adopted would have a material effect on the accompanying balance sheet.

Note 3 — Public Offering

On November 12, 2021, the Company completed its IPO of 14,375,000 units, including the issuance of 1,875,000 Units as a result of the underwriters' exercise in full of their over-allotment option at an offering price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$143,750,000. Each Unit consists of one Class A common stock and one-half of one redeemable warrant. Each whole public warrant entitles the holder to purchase one Class A common stock at a price of \$11.50 per share. Each public warrant will become exercisable on the later of 30 days after the completion of the initial Business Combination or 12 months from the closing of the IPO and will expire five years after the completion of the initial Business Combination, or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

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The underwriters were paid a cash underwriting discount of \$2,875,000, or \$0.20 per Unit, of the gross proceeds of the IPO. Additionally, the underwriters will be entitled to a deferred underwriting discount of \$500,000 of the gross proceeds of the IPO held in the Trust Account upon the completion of the Company's initial Business Combination subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

Commencing January 24, 2022, holders of the Units sold in the Initial Public Offering may elect to separately trade the Class A common stock and Public Warrants included in the Units. Those Units not separated will continue to trade on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbol "OLITU," and the common stock and Public Warrants that are separated will trade on the Nasdaq Global Market under the symbols "OLIT" and "OLITW," respectively.

Note 4 — Private Placement

Simultaneously with the closing of the IPO, the Company completed a private placement of an aggregate of 6,920,500 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating total gross proceeds of \$ 6,920,500. A portion of the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants were added to the net proceeds from the IPO held in the Trust Account.

The Private Placement Warrants will be identical to the warrants sold in the Initial Public Offering, except that the Private Placement Warrants: (i) may not (including the Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of these warrants), subject to certain limited exceptions, be transferred, assigned, or sold by the holders until 30 days after the completion of the Business Combination; and (ii) will be entitled to registration rights.

The Company's Sponsor has agreed: (i) to waive its redemption rights with respect to its founder shares and public shares in connection with the completion of the Business Combination; (ii) to waive its redemption rights with respect to its founder shares and public shares in connection with a stockholder vote to approve an amendment to the Company's certificate of incorporation: (A) to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to redeem 100% of its public shares if the Company does not complete its Business Combination within 15 months from the closing of the IPO (or up to 21 months from the closing of the IPO, if the Company extends the period of time to consummate a business combination, as described in more detail in the Prospectus); or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to stockholders' rights or pre-initial business-combination activity; and (iii) to waive its rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to its founder shares if the Company fails to complete its Business Combination within 15 months from the closing of the IPO (or up to 21 months from the closing of the IPO, if the Company extends the period of time to consummate a business combination, as described in more detail in the Prospectus). In addition, the Company's Sponsor has agreed to vote any founder shares held by them and any public shares purchased during or after the IPO (including in open market and privately negotiated transactions) in favor of the Business Combination.

Note 5 — Related Party Transactions

Related Party Payable

Since our inception our Sponsor has advanced an aggregate of \$363,995 on our behalf to cover certain expenses (the "Advances"). The Advances were repaid upon the consummation of the Initial Public Offering from funds not held in the Trust Account.

Promissory Note — Related Party

On June 10, 2021, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to the Sponsor, pursuant to which the Company may borrow up to an aggregate principal amount of \$300,000 to be used for a portion of the expenses of the Initial Public Offering. In July, 2021, \$ 300,000 was advanced to the Company in accordance with the terms of the agreement. This loan was non-interest bearing, unsecured and due at the earlier of December 31, 2021, or the closing of the Initial Public Offering. The loan was repaid upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering out of the offering proceeds that has been allocated for the payment of offering expenses (other than underwriting commissions).

On June 21, 2023, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note to the Sponsor, pursuant to which the Company may borrow up to an aggregate principal amount of \$769,941 to be used for a portion of the working capital expenses incurred by the Company. By June 30, 2023, \$ 694,941, inclusive of \$100,000 Sponsor Commitment from March 31, 2021, was advanced to the Company in accordance with the terms of the agreement. This loan was non-interest bearing, unsecured and due at the consummation of the business combination.

Related Party Loans

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor or an affiliate of the Sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required ("Working Capital Loans"). Such Working Capital Loans would be convertible into private placement-equivalent warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant (which, for example, would result in the holders being issued 1,500,000 warrants if \$1,500,000 of notes were so converted), at the option of the lender. Such warrants would be identical to the private placement warrants, including as to exercise price, exercisability and exercise period. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans. As of June 30, 2023, no Working Capital Loans have been made to the Company.

Founder Shares

On May 20, 2021, the Company issued Class B shares in an aggregate amount of 4,312,500 as founder shares to our Sponsor. On September 27, 2021, our Sponsor forfeited 718,750 founder shares for no consideration. On November 1, 2021, the Company effected a 1 1/3 for 1 forward stock split on our founder shares and as a result our Sponsor holds 4,791,667 founder shares for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000 in cash, or approximately \$0.005 per share, in connection with formation. The Sponsor has agreed not to transfer, assign or sell its founder shares until the earlier of: (i) one year after the date of the consummation of the Business Combination; or (ii) the date on which the Company consummates a liquidation, merger, stock exchange, or other similar transaction that results in all of its stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of Class A common stock for cash, securities, or other property. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the closing price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations, and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing 60 days after the Business Combination, the founder shares will no longer be subject to such transfer restrictions. On January 26, 2022, the Company held a special meeting of stockholders. At the Meeting, the Company's stockholders approved an amendment to the Company's Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to provide for the right of a holder of Class B common stock of the Company to convert into Class A common stock of the Company on a one-for-one basis prior to the closing of an initial Business Combination. On January 31, 2023, OmniLit Sponsor LLC voluntarily converted 1,000,000 shares of Class B common stock of the Company it held as of such date into 1,000,000 shares of Class A common stock of the Company in accordance with the Charter. On April 3, 2023, an additional 3,000,000 shares of Class B common stock of the Company were voluntarily converted to Class A with no redemption right by OmniLit Sponsor, LLC. As a result of the foregoing and the results of the Meeting described above, the Company has an aggregate of 791,667 shares of Class B common stock.

Commitment Letter

On March 31, 2022, the Sponsor provided a Commitment Letter to the Company to provide access to \$ 100,000 of additional working capital, if needed, for operations prior to a Business Combination. As of June 30, 2023, \$100,000 has been provided to the Company from the Commitment Letter.

Note 6 — Commitments and Contingencies

Registration Rights

The holders of the founder shares, Private Placement Warrants, shares of Class A common stock underlying the Private Placement Warrants, and warrants (including underlying securities) that may be issued upon conversion of working capital loans will have registration rights to require the Company to register a sale of any of its securities held by them pursuant to a registration rights agreement to be signed prior to or on the effective date of the IPO.

These holders will be entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form registration demands, that the Company registers such securities for sale under the Securities Act. In addition, these holders will have “piggy-back” registration rights to include their securities in other registration statements filed by the Company.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the underwriters may not exercise their demand and “piggy-back” registration rights after five and seven years, respectively, after the effective date of the Initial Public Offering and may not exercise their demand rights on more than one occasion.

Underwriters Agreement

On November 12, 2021, the underwriters were paid a cash underwriting discount of \$ 2,875,000, or \$0.20 per Unit, of the gross proceeds of the IPO. An additional fee of \$500,000 in the aggregate will be payable to the underwriters for deferred underwriting commissions. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

Right of First Refusal

Subject to certain conditions, the Company granted Imperial Capital, for a period beginning on the closing of the Initial Public Offering and ending 12 months after the date of the consummation of the Business Combination, a right of first refusal to provide investment banking and/or financial advisory services in connection with certain future transaction until the earlier of (x) the date of the consummation of our initial business combination and (y) 18 months from the closing of the IPO. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5110(g)(6), such right of first refusal shall not have a duration of more than three years from the effective date of the registration statement of which the Prospectus forms a part.

Note 7 — Stockholders’ Deficit

Recapitalization — On November 1, 2021, the Company effected a recapitalization whereby a 1 1/3 for 1 forward stock split of its Class B common stock was completed so that the Sponsor owns an aggregate of 4,791,667 founder shares.

Preferred Stock — The Company is authorized to issue a total of 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock at par value of \$ 0.0001 each. At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no shares of preferred stock issued or outstanding.

Class A Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue a total of 100,000,000 shares of Class A common stock at par value of \$ 0.0001 each. Holders of the Company’s Class A common stock are entitled to one vote for each share. At June 30, 2023, there were zero shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding, excluding 1,348,049 of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption, which are presented as temporary equity. At December 31, 2022, there were zero shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding, excluding 1,348,049 of Class A common stock subject to possible redemption, which are presented as temporary equity.

Class B Common Stock — The Company is authorized to issue a total of 20,000,000 shares of Class B common stock at par value of \$ 0.0001 each. At June 30, 2023 there were 791,667 shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding. At December 31, 2022, there were 4,791,667 shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding.

The Company’s initial stockholder has agreed not to transfer, assign, or sell any of its founder shares until the earlier of: (i) one year after the date of the consummation of the Business Combination; or (ii) the date on which the Company consummates a liquidation, merger, stock exchange, or other similar transaction that results in all of its stockholders having the right to exchange their shares of Class A common stock for cash, securities, or other property. Any permitted transferees will be subject to the same restrictions and other agreements of the initial stockholder with respect to any founder shares. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the closing price of the Company’s Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations, and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing 60 days after the Business Combination, the founder shares will no longer be subject to such transfer restrictions. Any permitted transferees will be subject to the same restrictions and other agreements of the Company’s initial stockholder with respect to any founder shares.

The shares of Class B common stock will automatically convert into shares of the Company’s Class A common stock at the time of its Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations, and the like, and subject to further adjustment as provided herein. In the case that additional shares of Class A common stock, or equity-linked securities, are issued or deemed issued in excess of the amounts offered in the Company’s registration statement and related to the closing of the Business Combination, the ratio at which shares of Class B common stock shall convert into shares of Class A common stock will be adjusted (unless the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of Class B common stock agree to waive such adjustment with respect to any such issuance or deemed issuance) so that the number of shares of Class A common stock issuable upon conversion of all shares of Class B common stock will equal, in the aggregate, on an as-converted basis, 25% of the sum of the total number of all shares of common stock outstanding upon the completion of the IPO plus all shares of Class A common stock and equity-linked securities issued or deemed issued in connection with the Business Combination (excluding any shares or equity-linked securities issued, or to be issued, to any seller in the Business Combination or any private placement- equivalent units issued to the Sponsor, its affiliates, or certain of officers and directors upon conversion of working capital loans made to the Company).

Holders of the Class A common stock and holders of the Class B common stock will vote together as a single class on all matters submitted to a vote of the Company’s stockholders, with each share of common stock entitling the holder to one vote.

On January 26, 2022, the Company held a special meeting of stockholders. At the Meeting, the Company’s stockholders approved an amendment to the Company’s Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation to provide for the right of a holder of Class B common stock of the Company to convert into Class A common stock of the Company on a one-for-one basis prior to the closing of an initial Business Combination. On January 31, 2023, OmniLit Sponsor LLC voluntarily converted 1,000,00 shares of Class B common stock of the Company it held as of such date into 1,000,000 shares of Class A common stock of the Company in accordance with the Charter. On April 3, 2023, an additional 3,000,000 shares of Class B common stock of the Company were voluntarily converted to Class A with no redemption right by OmniLit Sponsor, LLC. As a result of the foregoing and the results of the Meeting described above, the Company has an aggregate of 791,667 shares of Class B common stock.

Warrants — At June 30, 2023 there were 7,187,500 Public Warrants and 6,920,500 Private Placement Warrants outstanding.

Each whole warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one share of the Company’s Class A common stock at a price of \$ 11.50 per share, subject to adjustment as discussed herein. In addition, if: (A) the Company issues additional shares of Class A common stock or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of its Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per share of Class A common stock (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company’s board of directors and, in the case of any such issuance to the Company’s sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any founder shares held by the Company’s sponsor or its affiliates,

prior to such issuance) (the “Newly Issued Price”); (B) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of the Business Combination on the date of the consummation of the Business Combination (net of redemptions); and (C) the volume weighted average trading price of the Company’s common stock during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company consummates the Business Combination (such price, the “Market Value”) is below \$9.20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price, and the \$18.00 per share redemption trigger price described below under “Redemption of warrants” will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 180% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price.

The warrants will become exercisable on the later of 12 months from the closing of the IPO, or 30 days after the completion of its Business Combination and will expire five years after the completion of the Business Combination, at 5:00 p.m., New York City time, or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

The Company will not be obligated to deliver any shares of Class A common stock pursuant to the exercise of a warrant and will have no obligation to settle such warrant exercise unless a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the shares of Class A common stock underlying the warrants is then effective and a prospectus is current. No warrant will be exercisable, and the Company will not be obligated to issue shares of Class A common stock upon exercise of a warrant unless Class A common stock issuable upon such warrant exercise has been registered, qualified, or deemed to be exempt under the securities laws of the state of residence of the registered holder of the warrants. In no event will the Company be required to net cash settle any warrant. In the event that a registration statement is not effective for the exercised warrants, the purchaser of a unit containing such warrant will have paid the full purchase price for the unit solely for the share of Class A common stock underlying such unit.

Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may call the warrants for redemption (excluding the Private Placement Warrants):

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder; and
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending three business days before the Company send the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.
- if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of Class A common stock underlying such warrants.

If the Company calls the warrants for redemption as described above, the management will have the option to require any holder that wishes to exercise its warrant to do so on a “cashless basis.” If the management takes advantage of this option, all holders of warrants would pay the exercise price by surrendering their warrants for that number of shares of Class A common stock equal to the quotient obtained by dividing: (A) the product of the number of shares of Class A common stock underlying the warrants, multiplied by the difference between the exercise price of the warrants and the “fair market value” (defined below); by (B) the fair market value. The “fair market value” shall mean the average reported last sale price of the Class A common stock for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of warrants.

The exercise price and number of shares of common stock issuable on exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances, including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend, or the Company’s recapitalization, reorganization, merger, or consolidation. However, the warrants will not be adjusted for issuances of shares of common stock at a price below their respective exercise prices.

Note 8 — Fair Value Measurements

The following table presents information about the Company’s assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2023 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation techniques that the Company utilized to determine such fair value.

Assets:	Level	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Marketable securities held in Trust Account	1	\$ 14,268,619	\$ 14,011,070

Transfers to/from Levels 1, 2, and 3 are recognized at the beginning of the reporting period. There were no transfers between levels for the period from May 20, 2021 (inception) through June 30, 2023.

Level 1 instruments include investments in mutual funds invested in government securities. The Company uses inputs such as actual trade data, benchmark yields, quoted market prices from dealers or brokers, and other similar sources to determine the fair value of its investments.

Note 9 — Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date the unaudited condensed financial statements were available to be issued.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information in this Management’s Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements and notes.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words “believe,” “may,” “estimate,” “continue,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “should,” “plan,” “could,” “target,” “potential,” “is likely,” “will,” “expect” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this report, including among others, our strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenue, projected costs, prospects, plans, objectives of management and expected market growth are forward-looking statements. Our actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those express or implied in such forward-looking statements. Therefore, you should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements.

For a further list and description of various risks, relevant factors and uncertainties that could cause future results or events to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements, see the “Risk Factors” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” sections in this report, our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). All forward-looking statements in this report are made only as of the date hereof or as indicated

and represent our views as of the date of this report. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as the result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

Overview

We are a blank check company incorporated on May 20, 2021 as a Delaware corporation and formed for the purpose of entering into a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, recapitalization, reorganization or similar Business Combination with one or more businesses or entities. We intend to effectuate our initial Business Combination using cash from the proceeds of the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, our capital stock, debt or a combination of cash, stock and debt.

We expect to continue to incur significant costs in the pursuit of our acquisition plans. We cannot assure you that our plans to raise capital or to complete our initial business combination will be successful.

Results of Operations

We have neither engaged in any operations (other than searching for a business combination after our IPO) nor generated any operating revenues to date. Our only activities from January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 were operating activities, to search for business combination after our IPO. We do not expect to generate any operating revenues until after the completion of our initial business combination. We expect to generate non-operating income in the form of interest earned on investments held after the IPO. We incur expenses as a result of being a public company (for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as for due diligence expenses.

For the period from January 1, 2022, through June 30, 2022, we had a net loss of \$107,349, which consisted of formation and operational costs of \$321,163, and income taxes of \$6,387, offset by interest earned on investments held in the Trust Account of \$220,201.

For the period from January 1, 2023, through March 31, 2023, we had a net income (loss) of \$(212,647), which consisted of formation and operational costs of \$321,250, and income taxes of \$27,427, offset by interest earned on investments held in the Trust Account of \$136,030.

For the period from April 1 through June 30, 2023, we had a net income (loss) of \$(258,081), which consisted of formation and operational costs of \$366,781, and income taxes of \$57,876, offset by interest earned on investments held in the trust Account of \$166,639.

For the period from January 1, 2023, through June 30, 2023, we had a net income (loss) of \$(470,665), which consisted of formation and operational costs of \$688,031, and income taxes of \$85,303, offset by interest earned on investments held in the Trust Account of \$302,669.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On June 30, 2021 we had \$25,000 in cash and a working capital deficit of \$29,000. Further, we incurred and expected to continue to incur significant costs in pursuit of our financing and acquisition plans. Our liquidity needs were satisfied prior to the completion of this offering through a capital contribution from our sponsor of \$25,000 for the founder shares and up to \$300,000 in loans available from our sponsor under an unsecured promissory note. We estimated that the net proceeds from our offering will be held in the trust account. The proceeds held in the trust account were to be invested only in U.S. government treasury obligations with a maturity of 180 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. We expected the interest earned on the amount in the trust account will be sufficient to pay our income taxes.

On November 12, 2021, we consummated our IPO of 14,375,000 Units, inclusive of the underwriters' election to fully exercise their option to purchase an additional 1,875,000 Units, at a price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$143,750,000. Simultaneously with the closing of our IPO, we consummated the sale of 6,920,500 Private Placement Warrant to our sponsor, Imperial Capital and I-Bankers at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant generating gross proceeds of \$6,920,500.

Following our IPO, the full exercise of the over-allotment option by the underwriters and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, a total of \$146,625,000 was placed in the Trust Account. We incurred \$8,333,135 in transaction costs, including \$2,875,000 of underwriting fees, \$5,031,250 of deferred underwriting fees and \$426,885 of other offering costs.

For the period from January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023, cash used in operating activities was \$389,806. Net income (loss) of \$(470,665) was affected by interest earned on investments held in the Trust Account of \$302,669 and changes in operating assets and liabilities used \$383,528 of cash for operating activities.

As of June 30, 2023, we had cash and investments held in the Trust Account of \$14,268,619.

We intend to use substantially all of the funds held in the trust account, including any amounts representing interest earned on the trust account to complete our initial business combination. We may continue to withdraw interest to pay taxes. During the year ended December 31, 2022, we withdrew interest income from the trust account to pay franchise and income taxes. To the extent that our capital stock or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete our initial business combination, the remaining proceeds held in the trust account will be used as working capital to finance the operations of the target business or businesses, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

As of June 30, 2023, we had \$467,760 of cash held outside of the Trust Account. We intend to use the funds held outside the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, plants or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representatives or owners, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, and structure, negotiate and complete a business combination.

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a business combination, our sponsor or an affiliate of our sponsor, or certain of the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required. Up to \$1,500,000 of such working capital loans may be convertible into warrants equivalent to the Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant (which, for example, would result in the holders being issued 1,500,000 warrants if \$1,500,000 of notes were so converted), at the option of the lender. Such warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants, including as to exercise price, exercisability and exercise period. In the event that a business combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the working capital loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the working capital loans.

We monitor the adequacy of our working capital in order to meet the expenditures required for operating our business prior to our initial business

combination. We do not believe we will need to raise additional funds in order to meet the expenditures required for operating our business. However, if our estimate of the costs of identifying a target business, undertaking in-depth due diligence and negotiating a business combination is less than the actual amount necessary to do so, we may have insufficient funds available to operate our business prior to our initial business combination. Moreover, we may need to obtain additional financing either to complete our initial business combination or because we become obligated to redeem a significant number of our public shares upon consummation of our initial business combination, in which case we may issue additional securities or incur debt in connection with such business combination. Subject to compliance with applicable securities laws, we would only complete such financing simultaneously with the completion of our initial business combination. If we are unable to complete our initial business combination because we do not have sufficient funds available to us, we will be forced to cease operations and liquidate the Trust Account. In addition, following our initial business combination, if cash on hand is insufficient, we may need to obtain additional financing in order to meet our obligations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no obligations, assets or liabilities, which would be considered off-balance sheet arrangements as of June 30, 2023. We do not participate in transactions that create relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, often referred to as variable interest entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements. We have not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements, established any special purpose entities, guaranteed any debt or commitments of other entities, or purchased any non-financial assets.

Contractual Obligations

We do not have any long-term debt, capital lease obligations, operating lease obligations or long-term liabilities.

The underwriters are entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$5,031,250 in the aggregate. The underwriter's deferred fee has been reduced to \$500,000. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriters from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that we complete our initial business combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement, which was attached as an exhibit to our registration statement on form S-1 filed with the SEC in connection with our IPO (File No. 333-260090).

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of unaudited condensed financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates. We have identified the following critical accounting policies:

Warrant Liabilities

We account for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity ("ASC 480") and ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to our own common stock, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding.

For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in-capital at the time of issuance. For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations.

Common Stock Subject to Possible Redemption

We account for our common stock subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 480 "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Common stock subject to mandatory redemption is classified as a liability instrument and measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable common stock (including common stock that features redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within our control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, common stock is classified as stockholders' equity. Our Class A common stock features certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of our control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, Class A common stock subject to possible redemption is presented at redemption value as temporary equity, outside of the stockholders' equity section of our balance sheet.

The Company recognizes changes in redemption value immediately as they occur and adjusts the carrying value of redeemable common stock to equal the redemption value at the end of each reporting period. Increases or decreases in the carrying amount of redeemable common stock are affected by charges against additional paid in capital and accumulated deficit.

Net Income (Loss) per Common Stock

Net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. At June 30, 2023, the Company did not have any dilutive securities and/or other contracts that could, potentially, be exercised or converted into shares of common stock and then share in the earnings of the Company. As a result, diluted income per share is the same as basic income per share for the period presented. Remeasurement associated with the redeemable common stock is excluded from income per common stock as the redemption value approximates fair value.

Recent Accounting Standards

Management does not believe that any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on our unaudited condensed financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As of June 30, 2023, we were not subject to any market or interest rate risk. Following the consummation of our IPO, the net proceeds of our IPO, including amounts in the Trust Account, have been invested in U.S. government treasury obligations with a maturity of 185 days or less or in certain money market funds that invest solely in U.S. treasuries. Due to the short-term nature of these investments, we believe there will be no associated material exposure to interest rate risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls are procedures that are designed with the objective of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this Report, is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls are also designed with the objective of ensuring that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management performed, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), an evaluation of the effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act).

Using the COSO Framework, under the Control Activities principle, the Company reviewed the selected and developed control activities over technology use to support the achievement of objectives. Under this principle, the company has reevaluated the effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures and identified material weaknesses in the company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of a company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Specifically, the CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2023 as the company did not have a comprehensive procedure over general control activities over technology to estimate the tax provision reconciliation consistently which could have resulted in misstatements of interim or annual consolidated financial statements and disclosures that would result in a material misstatement that would not be prevented or detected.

Plan for Remediation of Material Weaknesses

Management actively engaged in the planning for, and implementation of, remediation efforts to address the material weaknesses in the company's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting identified above.

Management implemented remediation steps, including the following:

- The company enhanced its written policy regarding information over general control activities over technology from the accounting function to the tax function and compliance function.

Management believes the measures described above and others that have been, or may be, implemented will remediate the material weaknesses that we have identified. As management continues to evaluate and improve our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, the company may decide to take additional measures to address control deficiencies or determine to modify, or in appropriate circumstances not to complete, certain of the remediation measures identified.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all instances of fraud. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Further, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all disclosure controls and procedures, no evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures can provide absolute assurance that we have detected all our control deficiencies and instances of fraud, if any. The design of disclosure controls and procedures also is based partly on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) during the most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We may be subject to legal proceedings, investigations and claims incidental to the conduct of our business from time to time. We are not currently a party to any material litigation or other legal proceedings brought against us. We are also not aware of any legal proceeding, investigation or claim, or other legal exposure that has a more than remote possibility of having a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this Quarterly Report are any of the risks described in our Prospectus for our Initial Public Offering filed with the SEC on November 10, 2021. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. As of the date of this Quarterly Report, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Prospectus.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On November 12, 2021, we consummated our Initial Public Offering of 14,375,000 Units. The Units sold in the Initial Public Offering were sold at an offering price of \$10.00 per unit, generating total gross proceeds of \$143,750,000. Imperial Capital, LLC acted as the sole book running manager and I-Bankers Securities, Inc. as the co-manager of the offering. The securities sold in the offering were registered under the Securities Act on a registration statement on Form S-1 (No. 333-260090). The SEC declared the registration statement effective on November 8, 2021.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

No.	Description of Exhibit
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

* Filed herewith.

** Furnished.

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SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

OMNILIT ACQUISITION CORP.

Date: August 14, 2023

By: /s/ Al Kapoor
Name: Al Kapoor
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 14, 2023

By: /s/ Robert O. Nelson II
Name: Robert O. Nelson II
Title: Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer and Financial Officer)

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CERTIFICATION

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Al Kapoor, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of OmniLit Acquisition Corp;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the unaudited condensed financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - b) (Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238/34-47986 and 33-8392/34-49313);
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2023

By: /s/ Al Kapoor

Name: Al Kapoor

Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Robert O Nelson II, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of OmniLit Acquisition Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the unaudited condensed financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - b) (Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238/34-47986 and 33-8392/34-49313);
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2023

By: /s/ Robert O Nelson II

Name: Robert O. Nelson II

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer and Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of OmniLit Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Al Kapoor, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as added by §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. To my knowledge, the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

Dated: August 14, 2023

By: /s/ Al Kapoor

Name: Al Kapoor

Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of OmniLit Acquisition Corp. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Robert O Nelson, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as added by §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. To my knowledge, the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

Dated: August 14, 2023

By: /s/ Robert O Nelson II

Name: Robert O. Nelson II

Title: Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer and Financial Officer)
