
**United States
Securities and Exchange Commission**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

**REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the month of February 2025

Commission File Number 132-02847

INTER & Co, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

N/A

(Translation of Registrant's executive offices)

Av Barbacena, 1.219, 22nd Floor

Belo Horizonte, Brazil, ZIP Code 30 190-131

Telephone: +55 (31) 2138-7978

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F

Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

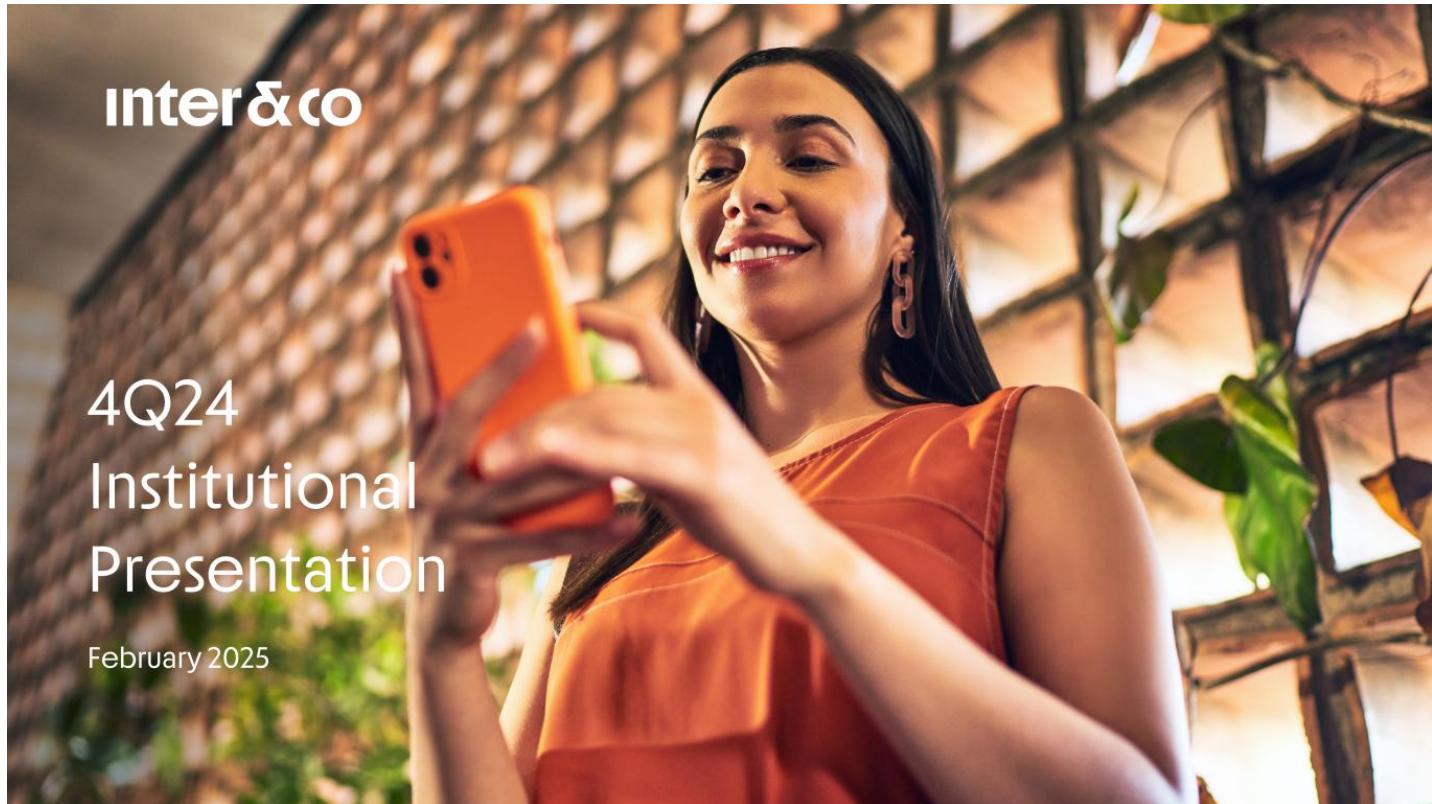
Yes

No

Inter&co

4Q24
Institutional
Presentation

February 2025





Disclaimer

This report may contain forward-looking statements regarding Inter, anticipated synergies, growth plans, projected results and future strategies. While these forward-looking statements reflect our Management's good faith beliefs, they involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause the company's results or accrued results to differ materially from those anticipated and discussed herein. These statements are not guarantees of future performance. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, our ability to realize the amount of projected synergies and the projected schedule, in addition to economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors affecting Inter, the markets, products and prices and other factors. In addition, this presentation contains managerial numbers that may differ from those presented in our financial statements. The calculation methodology for these managerial numbers is presented in Inter's quarterly earnings release.

Statements contained in this report that are not fact or historical information may be forward-looking statements under the terms of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements may, among other things, beliefs related to the creation of value and any other statements regarding Inter. In some cases, terms such as "estimate", "project", "predict", "plan", "believe", "can", "expectation", "anticipate", "intend", "aimed", "potential", "may", "will/shall" and similar terms, or the negative of these expressions, may identify forward looking statements.

These forward-looking statements are based on Inter's expectations and beliefs about future events and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from current ones. Any forward-looking statement made by us in this document is based only on information currently available to us and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. For additional information that about factors that may lead to results that are different from our estimates, please refer to sections "Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" of Inter&Co Annual Report on Form 20-F.

The numbers for our key metrics (Unit Economics), which include active users, as average revenue per active client (ARPAC), cost to serve (CTS), are calculated using Inter's internal data. Although we believe these metrics are based on reasonable estimates, there are challenges inherent in measuring the use of our business. In addition, we continually seek to improve our estimates, which may change due to improvements or changes in methodology, in processes for calculating these metrics and, from time to time, we may discover inaccuracies and make adjustments to improve accuracy, including adjustments that may result in recalculating our historical metrics.

About Non-IFRS Financial Measures

To supplement the financial measures presented in this press release and related conference call, presentation, or webcast in accordance with IFRS, Inter&Co also presents non-IFRS measures of financial performance, as highlighted throughout the documents. The non-IFRS Financial Measures include, among others: Adjusted Net Income, Cost to Serve, Cost of Funding, Efficiency Ratio, Underwriting, NPL > 90 days, NPL 15 to 90 days, NPL and Stage 3 Formation, Cost of Risk, Coverage Ratio, Funding, All-in Cost of Funding, Gross Merchandise Volume (GMV), Premium, Net Inflows, Global Services Deposits and Investments, Fee Income Ratio, Client Acquisition Cost, Cards+PIX TPV, Gross ARPAC, Net ARPAC, Marginal NIM 1.0, Marginal NIM 2.0, Net Interest Margin IEP + Non-int, CC Receivables (1.0), Net Interest Margin IEP (2.0), Cost-to-Serve, Risk-Adjusted Net Interest Margin IEP + Non-int, CC Receivables (1.0), Risk Adjusted Net Interest Margin IEP (2.0), Risk Adjusted Efficiency Ratio.

A "non-IFRS financial measure" refers to a numerical measure of Inter&Co's historical or financial position that either excludes or includes amounts that are not normally excluded or included in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS in Inter&Co's financial statements.

Inter&Co provides certain non-IFRS measures as additional information relating to its operating results as a complement to results provided in accordance with IFRS. The non-IFRS financial information presented herein should be considered together with, and not as a substitute for or superior to, the financial information presented in accordance with IFRS. There are significant limitations associated with the use of non-IFRS financial measures. Further, these measures may differ from the non-IFRS information, even where similarly titled, used by other companies and therefore should not be used to compare Inter&Co's performance to that of other companies.

Inter&Co's 2024 highlights

R\$ **973 mm** net income (2024)

11.7% ROE (2024)

R\$ **10 bn** gross revenue (2024)

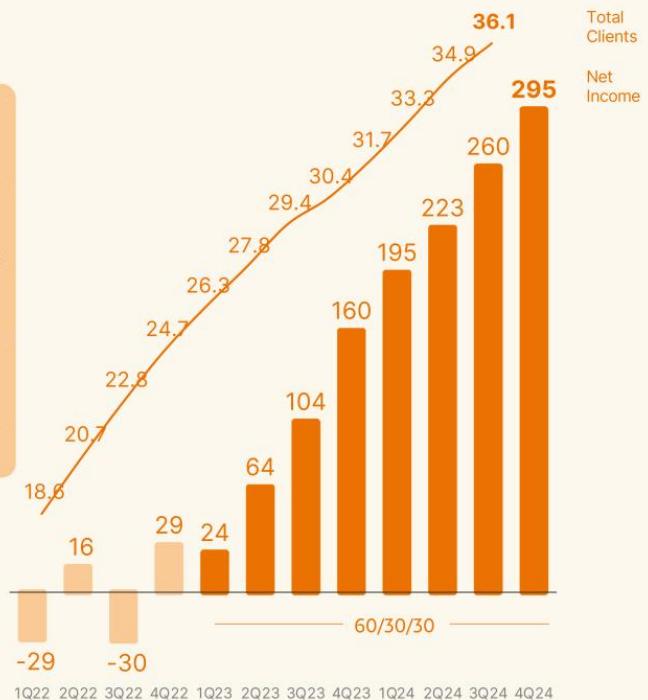
R\$ **41 bn** gross loan portfolio (2024)

8.3% Pix market share (4Q24)

R\$ **1.5 t** run-rate TPV (4Q24)

36+
million clients

Simplifying
financial lives



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation.



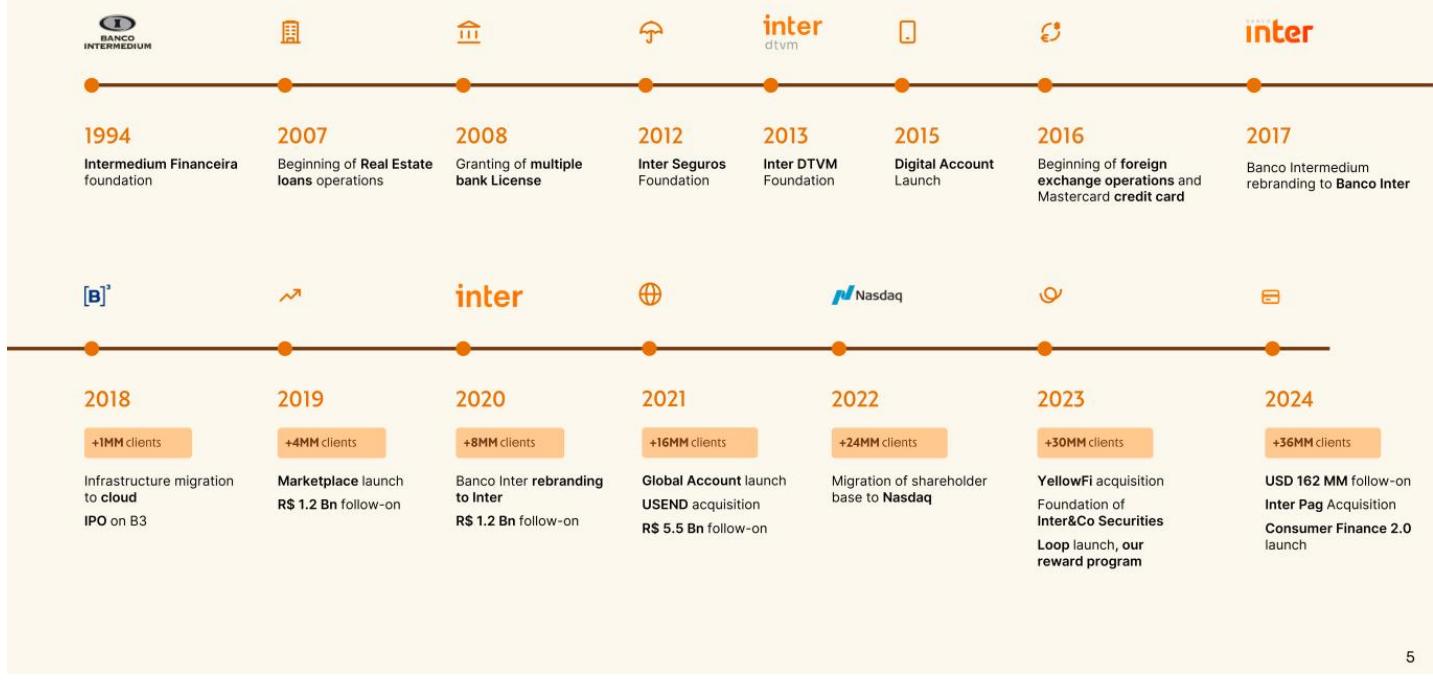
Agenda

1. Company Overview

2. Business Update

3. Financial Performance

Our journey



How we disrupted the market

The banking system before: obsolete and expensive

Branch-Based Distribution



High Distribution Costs

CO₂

Substantial Carbon Emissions



Travel Costs To Costumers



Long Waiting Lines

Overcharged Customers



Bank Statement Emission Fees



Wire Transfer Fees



Investments Fees



High Loans Rates

Legacy Technology



Banking Account



Credit Card



Trading & Investments



No Cashback



No E-commerce



Pushing Bad Products

Inter: innovative and cost-effective banking proposition

100% Digital



Reaching Many Communities



Environmentally Friendly



Digital Costumer Service



Cloud Based Servers

Fair Pricing



Free Digital Account



No Transfer Fees



Commission Free Trading



Loans Rates

Win-Win Model



Single App



Cashback Rewards



Strong E-commerce



Client Centric Approach

How we combine **innovation** and traditional **bank strengths**

Empower people to manage their finances & daily activities

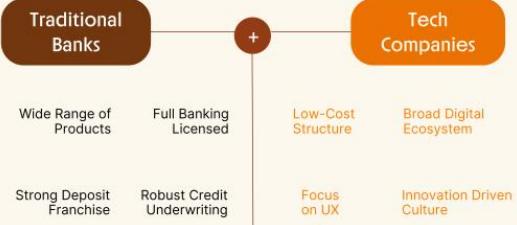
 Mission

- ✓ Simple
- ✓ Engaging
- ✓ Innovative
- ✓ 100% Digital
- ✓ Seamlessly UX



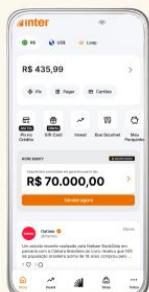
A powerful platform uniquely positioned in the market

 Vision



 Inter&co

A strong and complete financial super app with 7 verticals...



BANKING



CREDIT



INVESTMENTS



INSURANCE



SHOPPING



LOYALTY



GLOBAL

ATTRACTING

clients & funding

INCREASING

monetization & activation

GROWING

market share

... generating a **powerful network effects** to drive growth & profitability

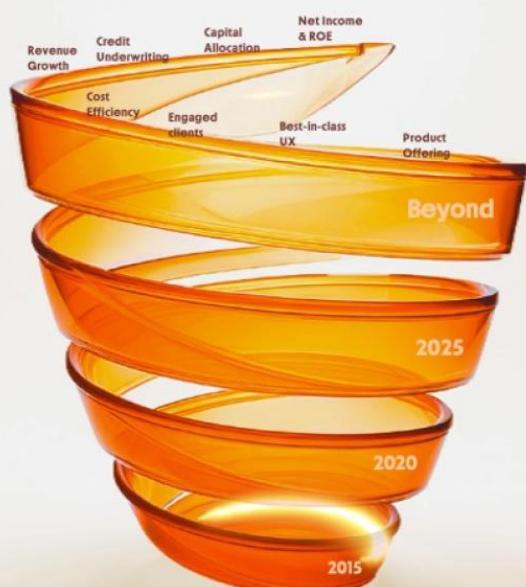
NETWORK EFFECTS



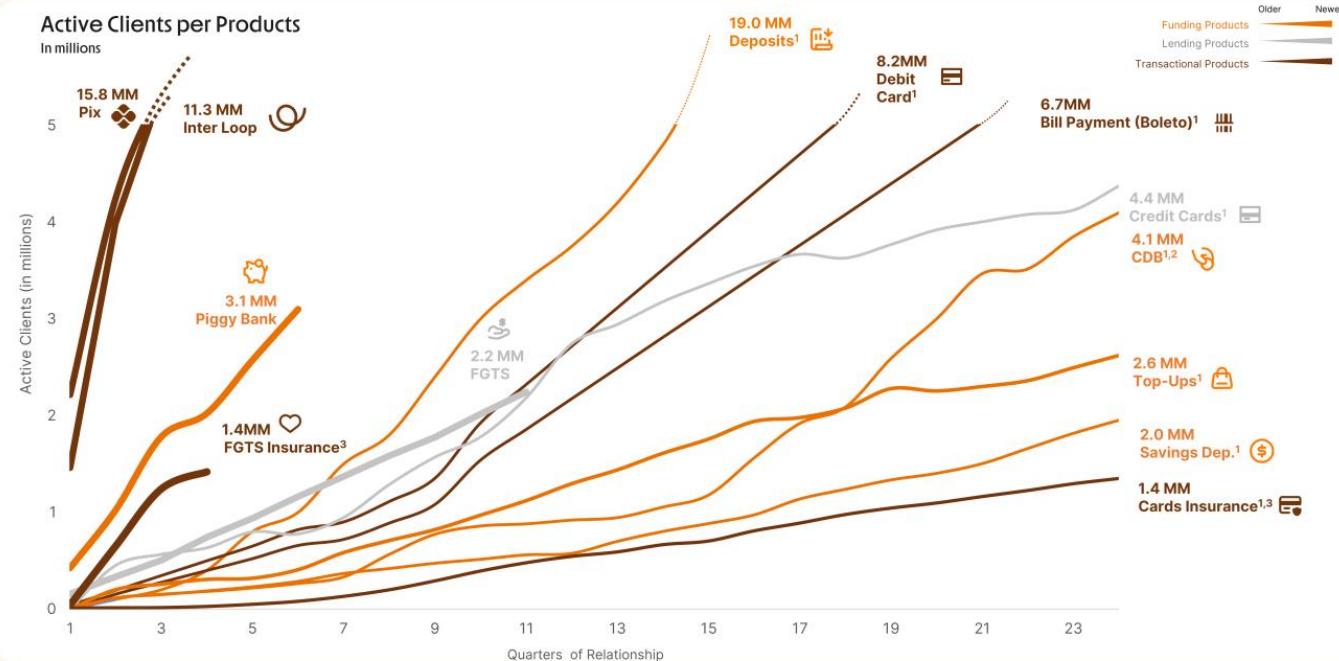
Continued
growth



Sustainable
profitability

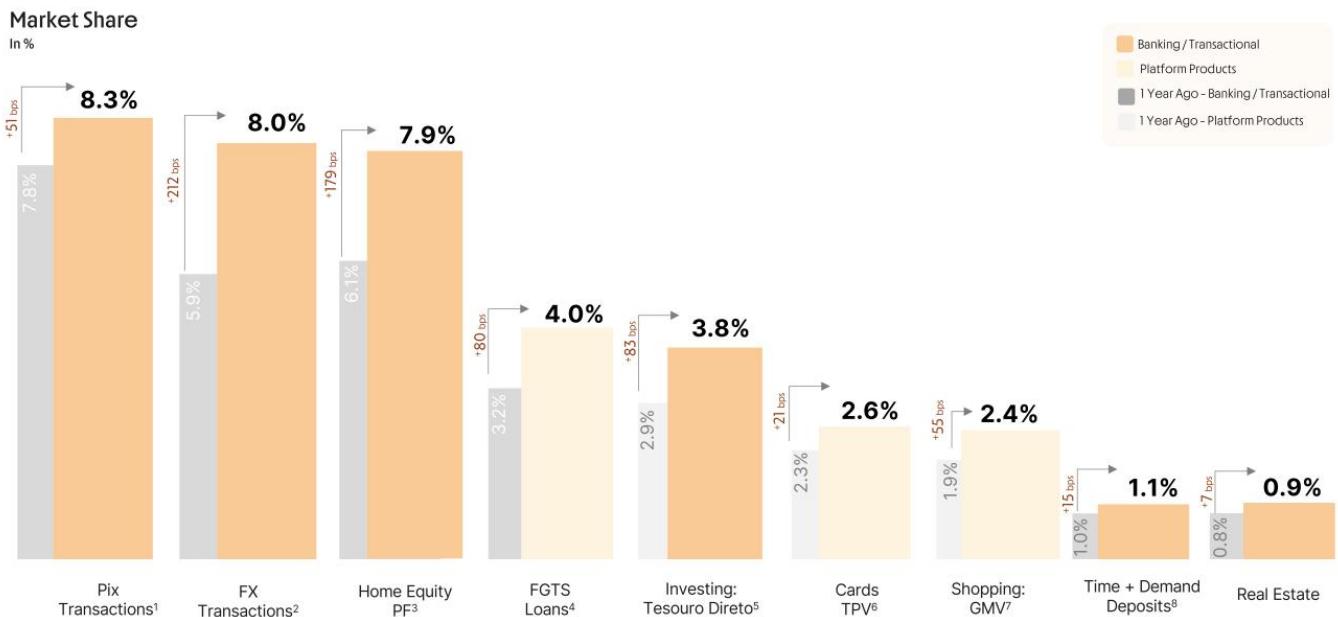


Strength of our ecosystem validated by accelerating product adoption



Note 1: Existing products before 1Q19, however the actual number of active clients starts only from 1Q20 in order to fit the graph. Note 2: Excluding clients that has only "CDB Meu Porquinho" linked products. Note 3: Number of active contracts in the end of the period.

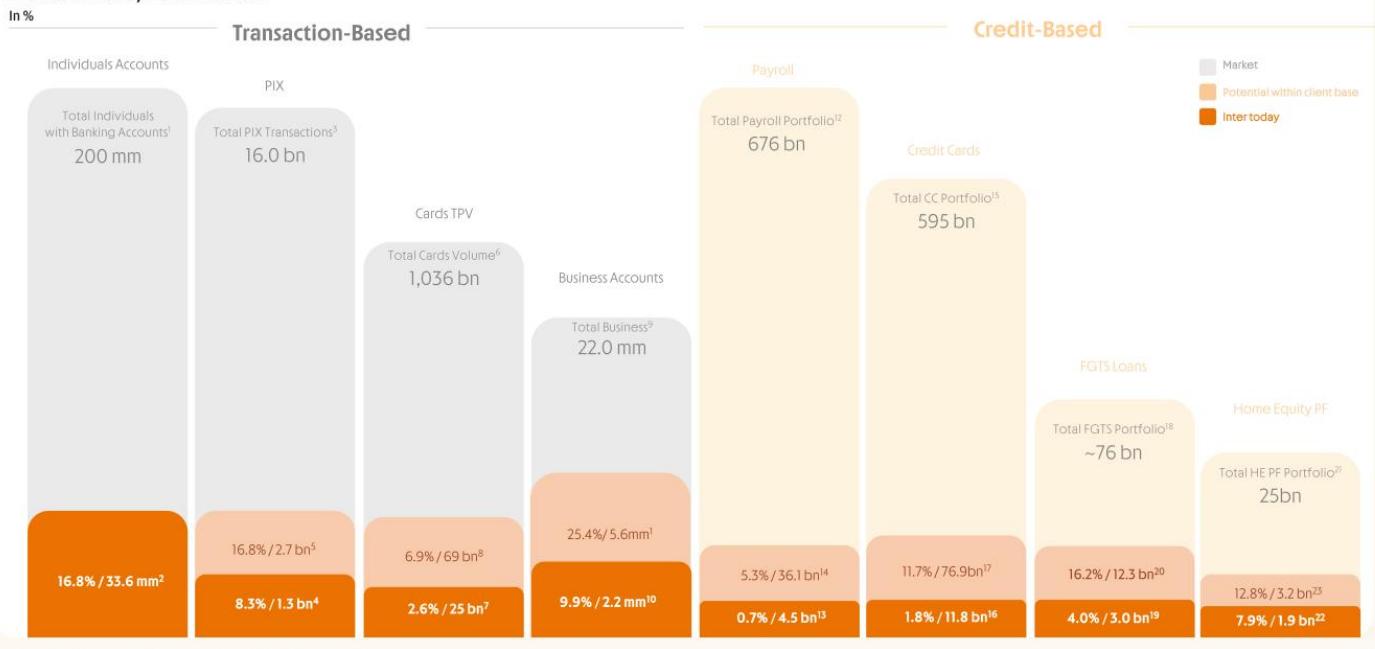
We are consistently reaching new highs in market share in several products



Note 1: Total number PIX transactions in 4Q24 and 4Q23 excluding transactions made outside de SPI. Market data from Banco Central do Brasil. Note 2: Amount of FX Transfers to Abroad from 4Q24 and 4Q23 Data from Banco Central do Brasil. Note 3: Total Home Equity PF Portfolio in December/2024 and December/2023. Market data from ABECIP. Note 4: Total FGTS portfolio estimated by multiplying Inter's share in payments received of FGTS Withdraw (60-F – Saque Aniversário – Alimentação da Cesta Fiduciária) from 4Q24 by Inter's December/2024 FGTS loans portfolio. Note 5: Tesouro Direto Balance. Market data from Market; December 2024 and December 2023. Data from Tesouro Transparente. Note 6: Total cards TPV in 3Q24 and 3Q23. Market data from ABECs. Note 7: Total e-commerce GMV from 2024 and 2023. Market data from Abcomm. Note 8: Total demand and time deposits. Data data from Banco Central do Brasil from December 2024.

At the same time, we still have significant growth potential

Market Share/Penetration



Note: Estimates. Complete notes are in the Appendix section of this Institutional Presentation.

The 60 30 30 plan, our 5-year north star

Revenue Growth + **Cost** Efficiencies = **Profit** Generation

From 2022 to 2027

~60

Million clients

From 12.6MM in Dec. 2022

~30

Efficiency Ratio

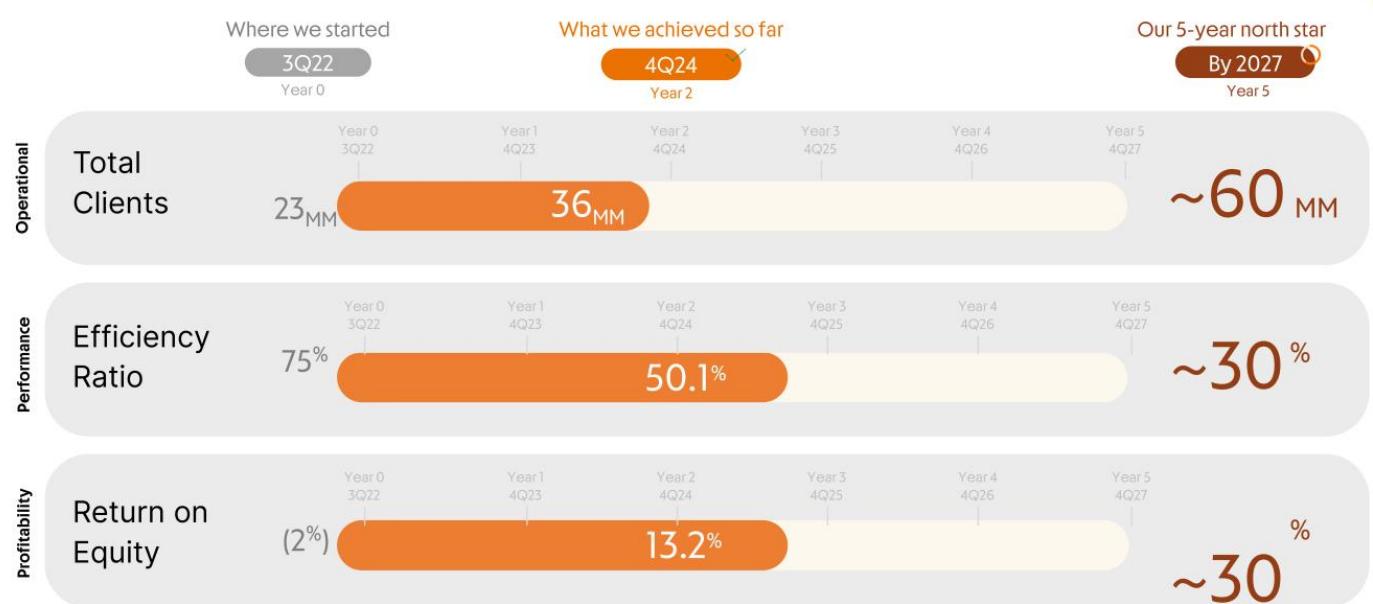
From 72% in Dec. 2022

~30

ROE

From 1% in Dec. 2022

How's the 60 30 30 execution so far



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation.

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A strong team that's ready to deliver the plan



Note: This organizational chart does not represent legal obligations and has no effect before regulatory bodies.

Using technology as the bedrock of everything we do

One single app



1st bank in Latin America to operate 100% in the cloud



~17 million logins per day¹



+3,400 microservices



+ Hundreds of Millions of interactions

Technology boost our operations through **3 pillars:**

↗ Scalability

Highly Scalable and Extensible Deployment across Markets & Products

⌚ Acceleration

Data-Based Business Model Providing Deeper and Faster Insights

⌚ Focus

Combining Growth And Profitability Driven By Cost Efficiency

Note 1: The login volume used in this calculation is based on the average between December 1st, 2024 to December 31st, 2024.

Stock overview: ownership & performance

Ownership breakdown

Costellis International
Class B: 117,037,105
(26.63%)

Softbank (SBLA Holding)
Class A: 64,506,636
(14.68%)

Hottaire International
Class A: 16,500,000
(3.75%)

Free Float
Class A: 241,655,780
(54.96%)

Inter&co

INTR | Nasdaq Listed

Total Shares: 439,699,521

We're listed on Nasdaq (INTR) and B3 (INBR32)

Research analysts

9 Buy

2 Hold

1 Sell

Share performance since Nasdaq listing



Note: As of December 30th, 2024.



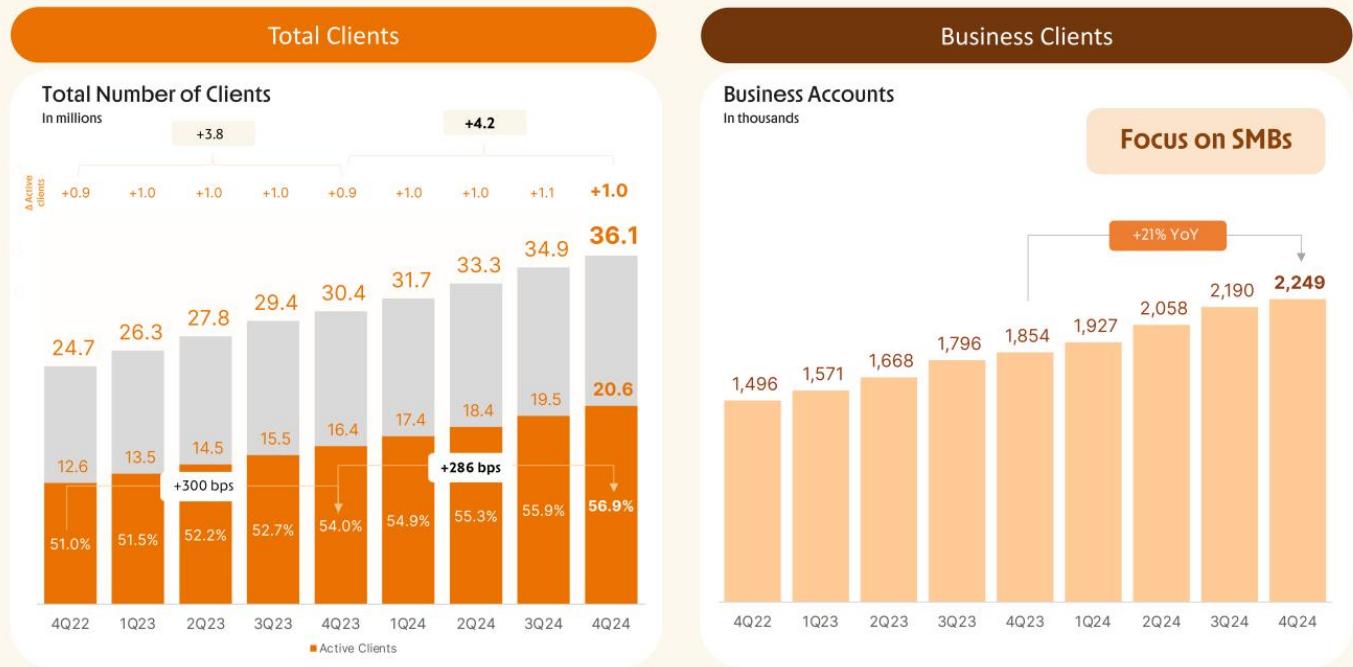
Agenda

1. Company Overview

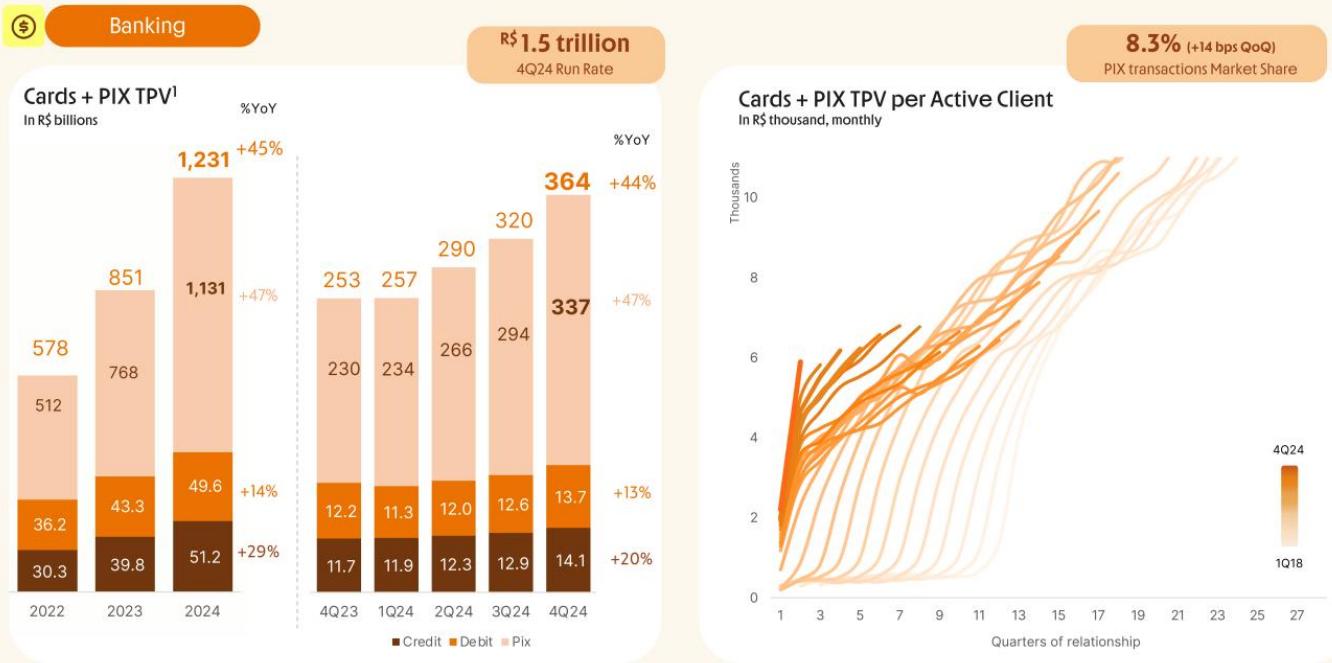
2. Business Update

3. Financial Performance

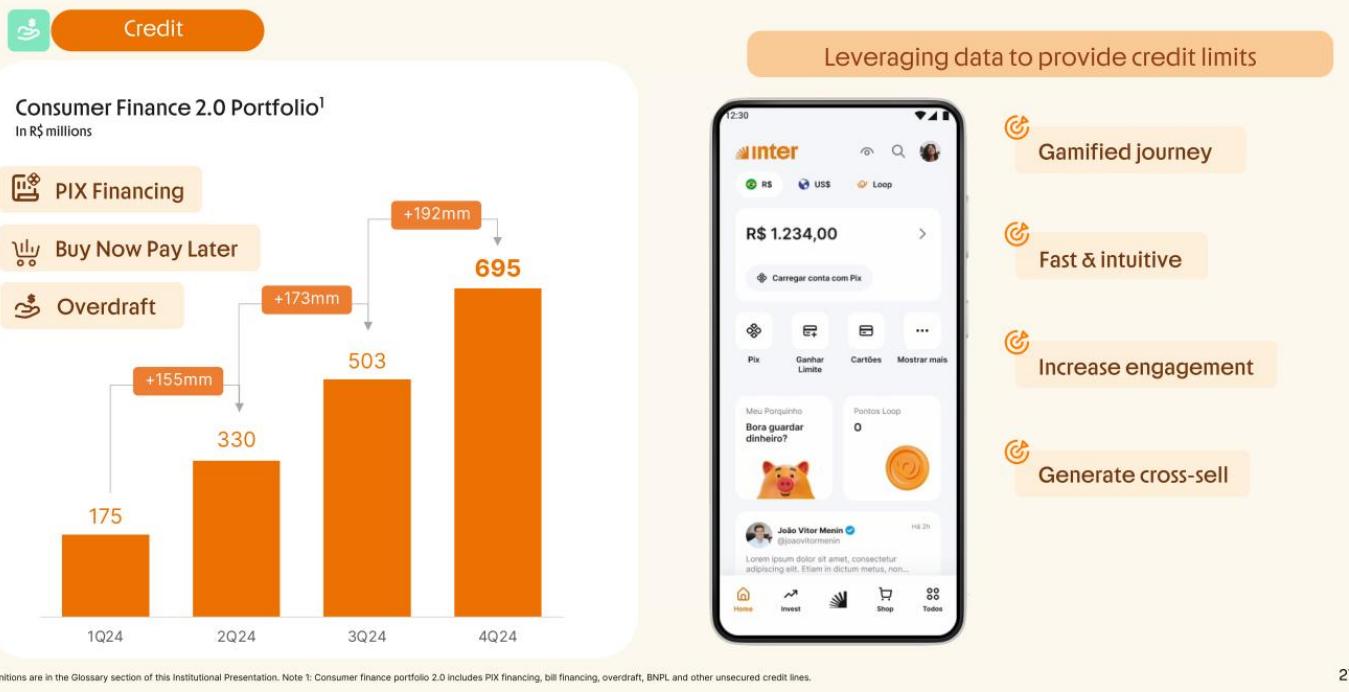
Accelerating client acquisition and improving the activity rate



Banking: Robust growth in TPV improving across cohorts



Credit: evolving the Consumer Finance 2.0 portfolio



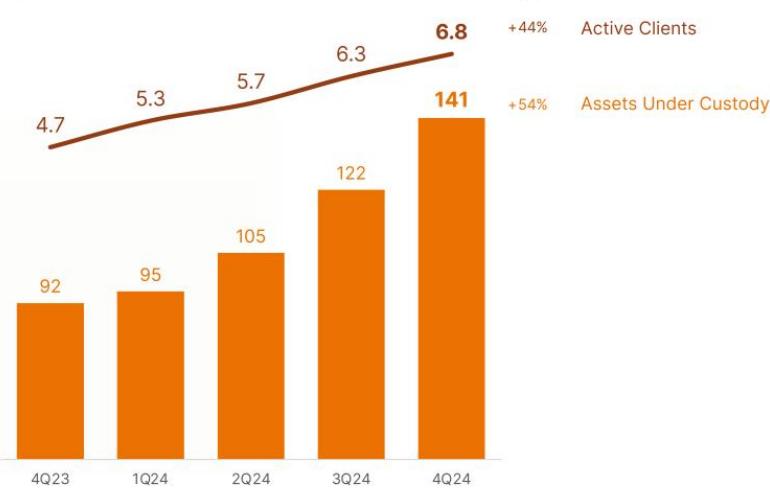
Investments: offering a wide range of products



Investments

AuC & Active Clients

In R\$ billions and millions



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: "Meu Porquinho" in Portuguese.

22



R\$ 4.5 bn

Piggy Bank AuC

R\$ 14 bn

Third Party Fixed Income

R\$ 19 bn

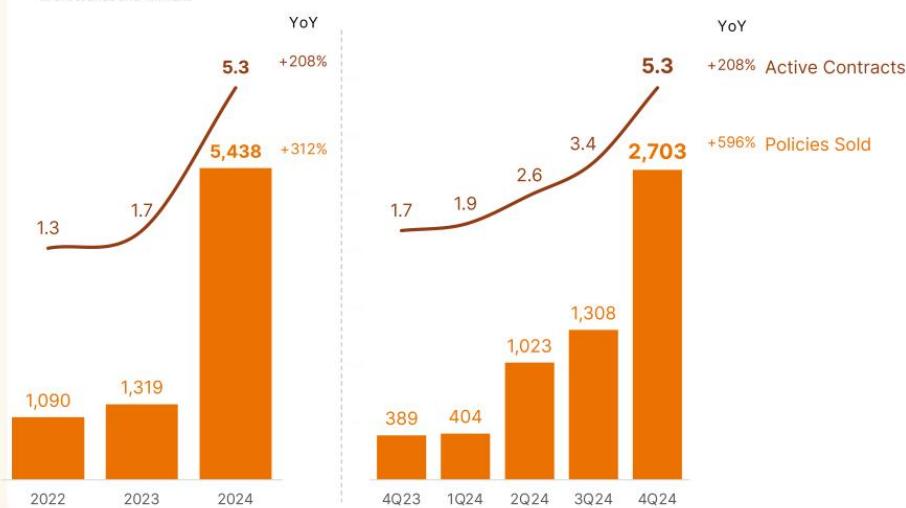
Inter Asset

Insurance: reinforcing the power of our platform



Sales and Contracts

In thousands and millions



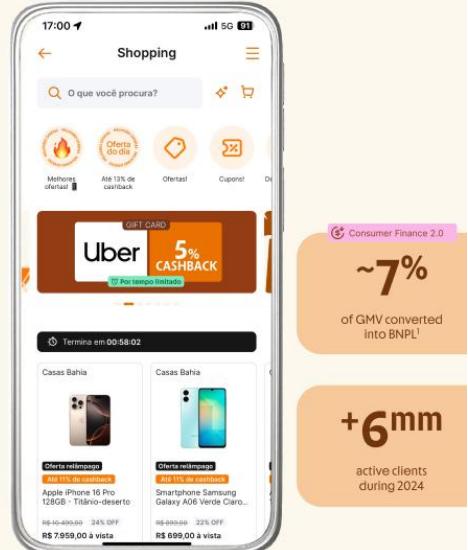
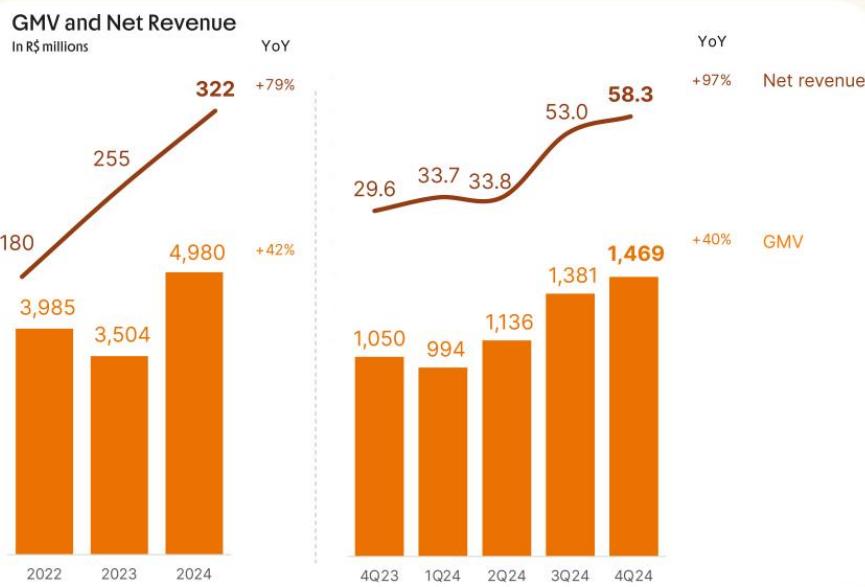
Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation.



Complete product offering

Shopping: driving engagement and monetization

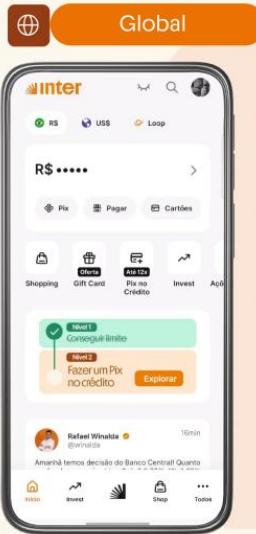
Shopping



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Considering 4Q24 GMV of on-us transactions.

Global: replicating the success of our platform abroad

Digital Account FX Gift Cards Debit Card Investments Mortgage Loop Credit Card



3.9 mm

Global Clients

+79% YoY

+8%

FX Transactions Market Share

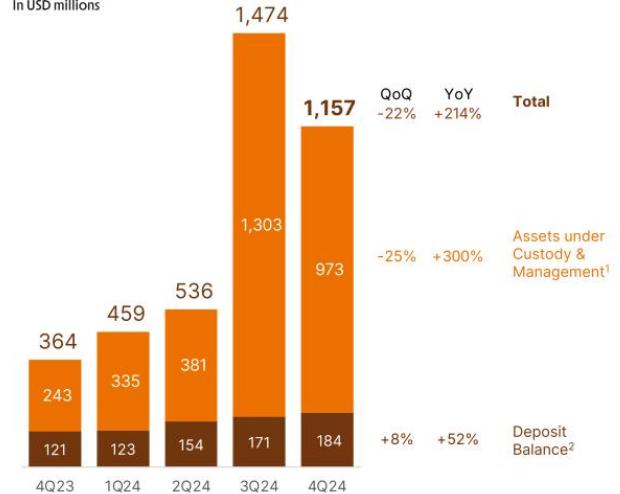
~BRL 130 mm

Global Card TPV 4Q24



AuC & Deposits in US Dollars

In USD millions

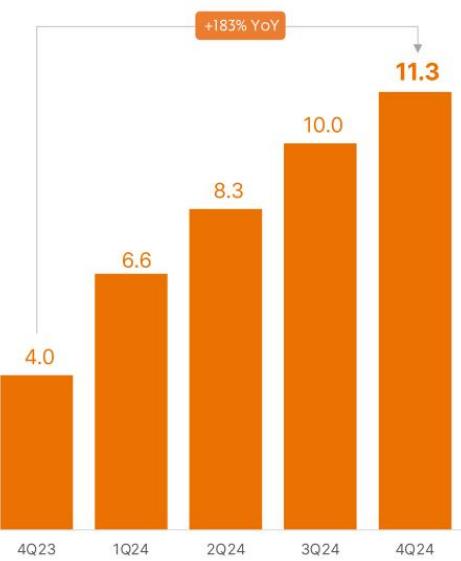


Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Assets under Inter&Co Securities custody and/or management. Note 2: Amount included in Demand Deposit and Time Deposits balance on IFRS Financial Statement. Includes securities under Inter&Co Securities custody and/or management.

Loyalty: seizing cross-selling opportunities



Loyalty

Clients
In millions

+183% YoY

Improving Engagement & Driving Cross-Sell

~9.8 bn

points burned in 2024¹

Transfer to friends

Receive Cashback

Invest

Convert into dollars

Pay for PIX Insurance



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Burned points are points redeemed by customers and exchanged for Loop benefits.



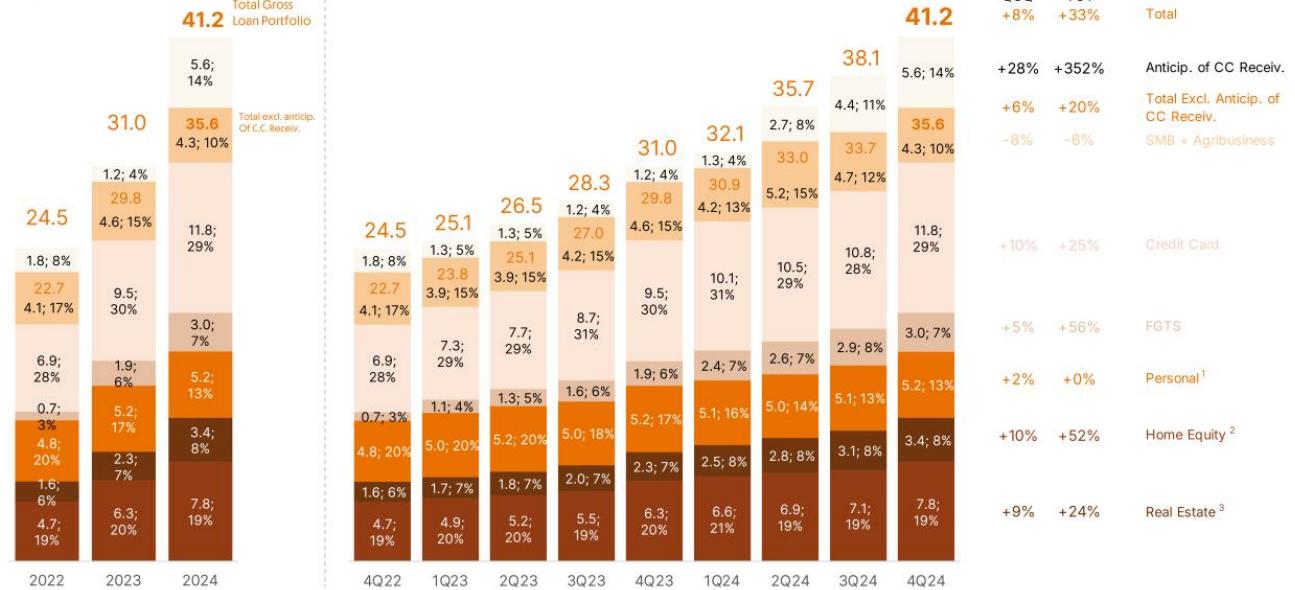
Agenda

1. Company Overview
2. Business Update
- 3. Financial Performance**

Solid credit growth with focus on high-ROE products

Gross Loan Portfolio

In R\$ billion

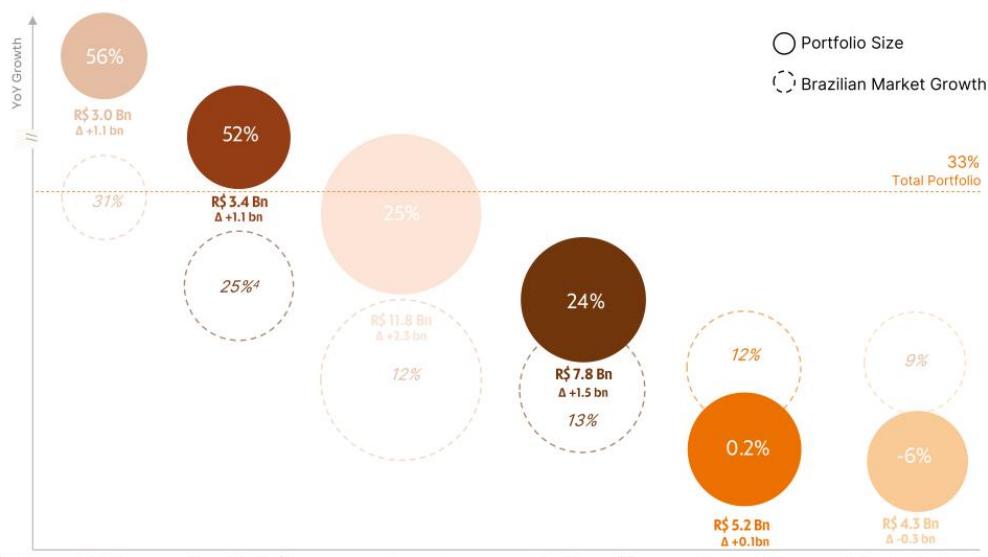


Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Personal includes payroll deductible loans, overdraft, credit card renegotiations and other loans, excluding FGTS. Note 2: Home Equity includes both business and individuals' portfolio. Note 3: Excluding Home Equity.

Loan portfolio growing **faster than the market**

4Q24 Gross Loan Portfolio Growth and Balance

In % YoY and in R\$ billions



Loan
RWA
Weight

FGTS⁶Home Equity^{1,7}Credit Card⁵Real Estate^{3,5}Personal^{2,5}SMB + Agribusiness⁵

Note 1: Home Equity includes both business and individuals' portfolio. Note 2: Personal includes payroll deductible loans, overdraft, credit card renegotiations and other loans, excluding FGTS. Note 3: Excluding Home Equity Loans. Note 4: Only Home Equity individuals' portfolio. Note 5: Data from Banco Central do Brasil. Note 6: Total FGTS portfolio estimated by multiplying Inter's share in payments received of FGTS Withdrawals (60-F – Saque Aniversário – Alienação ou Cessão Fiduciária) from 4Q24 by Inter's Decmeber/2024 FGTS loans portfolio. Note 7: Market data from ABECIP.



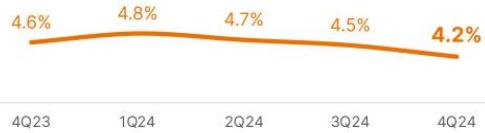
Steadily improving NPLs throughout 2024

NPL 15 to 90 days¹ In %

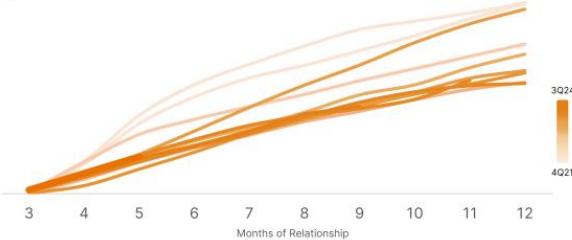
Record-low
NPL 15 to 90 days



NPL > 90 days¹ In %

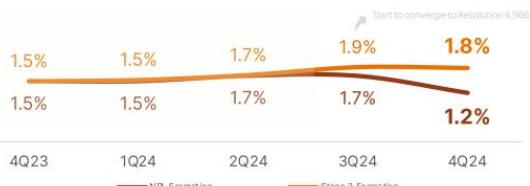


Credit Cards NPL > 90 Days per Cohort² In %



NPL and Stage 3 Formation

In %



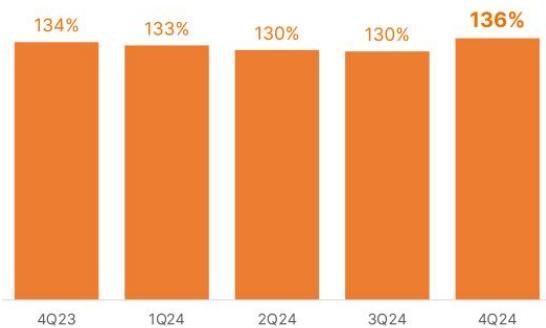
Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Considering Gross Loan Portfolio, which includes anticipation of C.C. receivables. Note 2: Cohorts defined as the first date when the client has his limit available. NPL per cohort = NPL > 90 days balance of the cohort divided by total credit card portfolio of the same cohort.

Stable cost of risk and robust coverage ratio

Cost of Risk¹
In %



Coverage Ratio²
In %

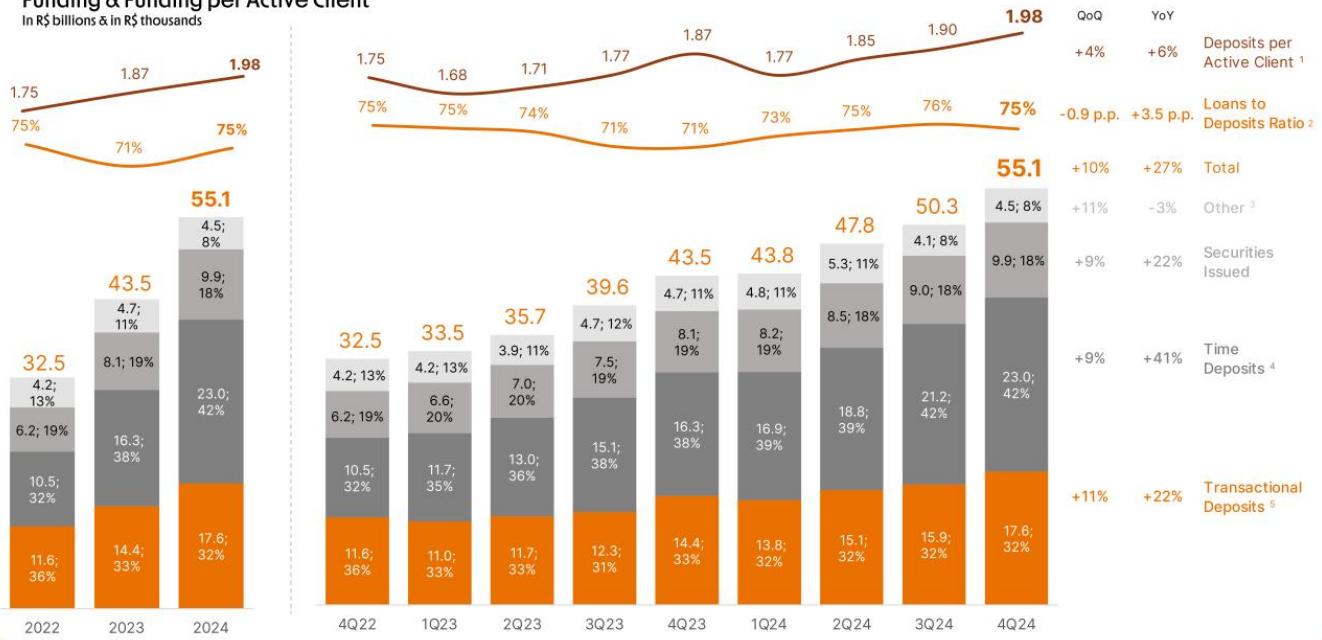


Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Considering Gross Loan Portfolio, which includes anticipation of C.C. receivables. Note 2: Considering "Provision for expected credit losses on loan commitments".

Increasing and diversified funding franchise

Funding & Funding per Active Client

In R\$ billions & in R\$ thousands



Note 1: Deposits per active client considers total demand deposits plus time deposits by the total number of active clients of the quarter. Note 2: Loans to deposits ratio considers total gross loan portfolio divided by total deposits. Note 3: Includes saving deposits, creditors by resources to release and liabilities with financial institutions (securities sold under agreements to repurchase, interbank deposits and borrowing and onlending). Note 4: Excluding Conta com Pontos balance. Note 5: Includes Conta com Pontos correspondent balance and demand deposits.

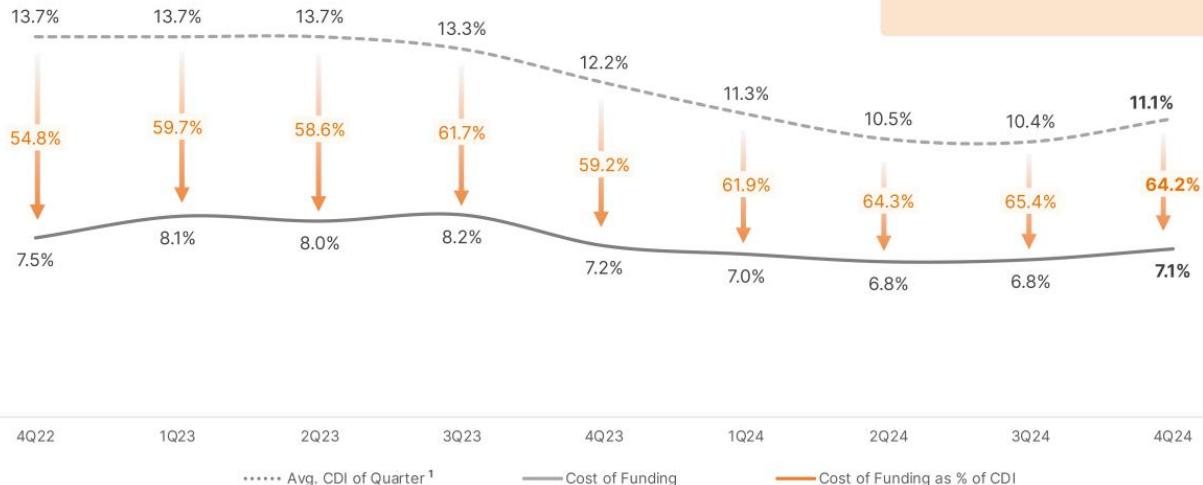
Low cost of funding as a strong competitive edge

Cost of Funding¹

In %, annualized

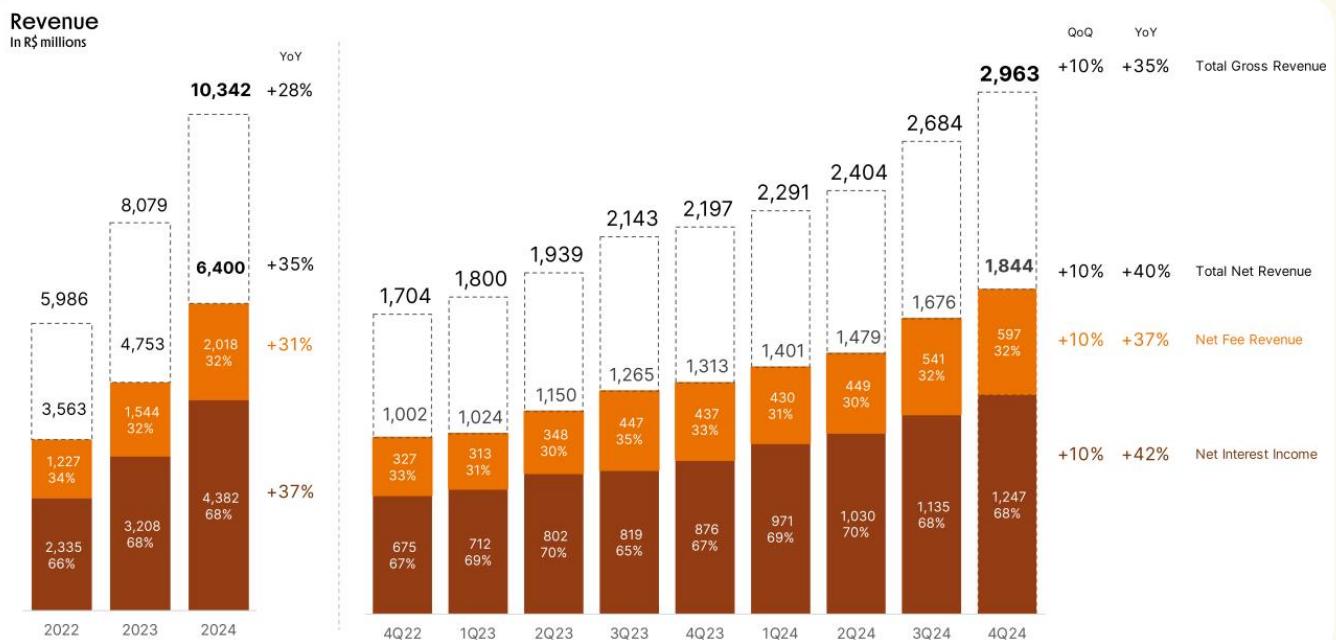


One of the lowest Costs of Funding in the industry



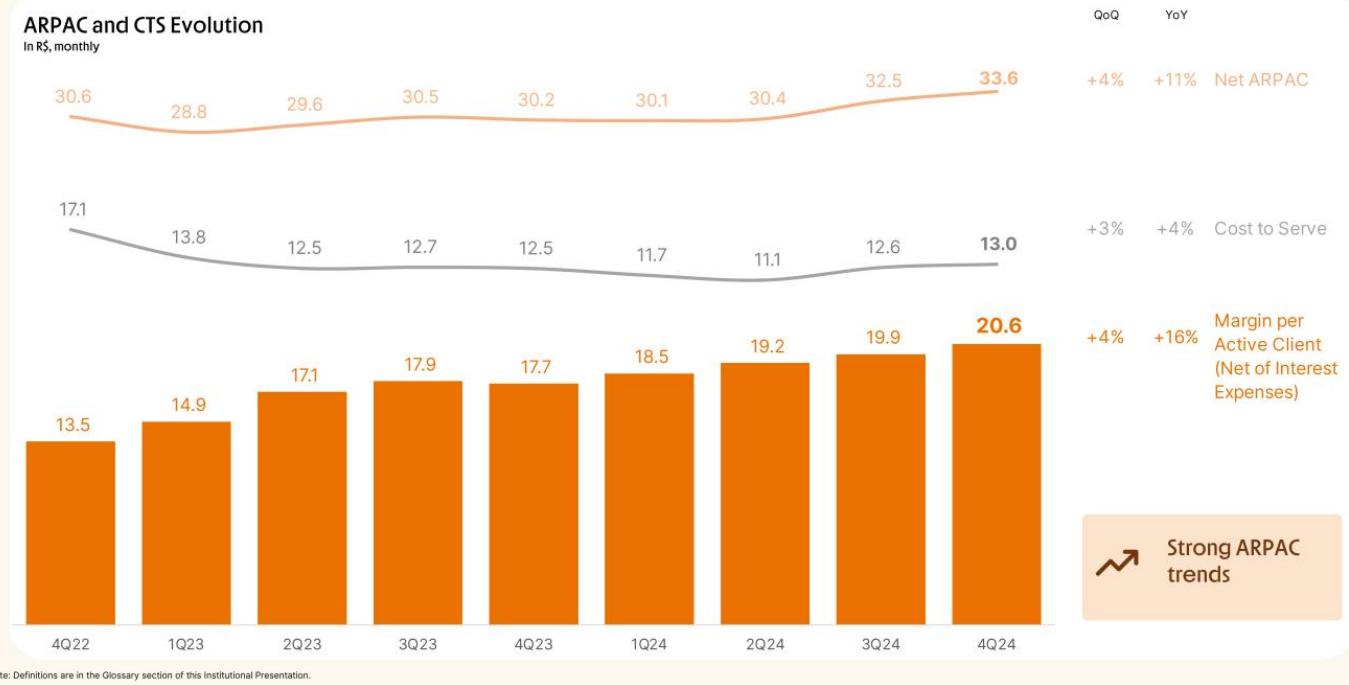
Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Average CDI daily rate during the quarter.

Consistent growth across our diversified revenue streams



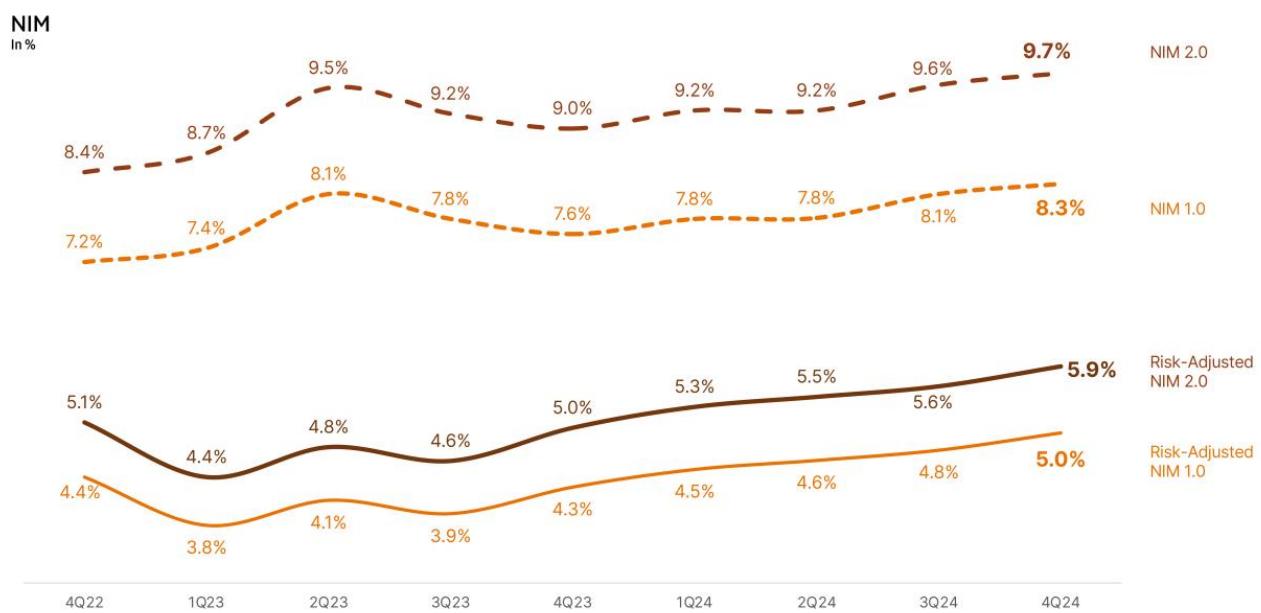
Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation.

Maximizing value through economies of scale and client monetization



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation.

Sequential improvements in NIM

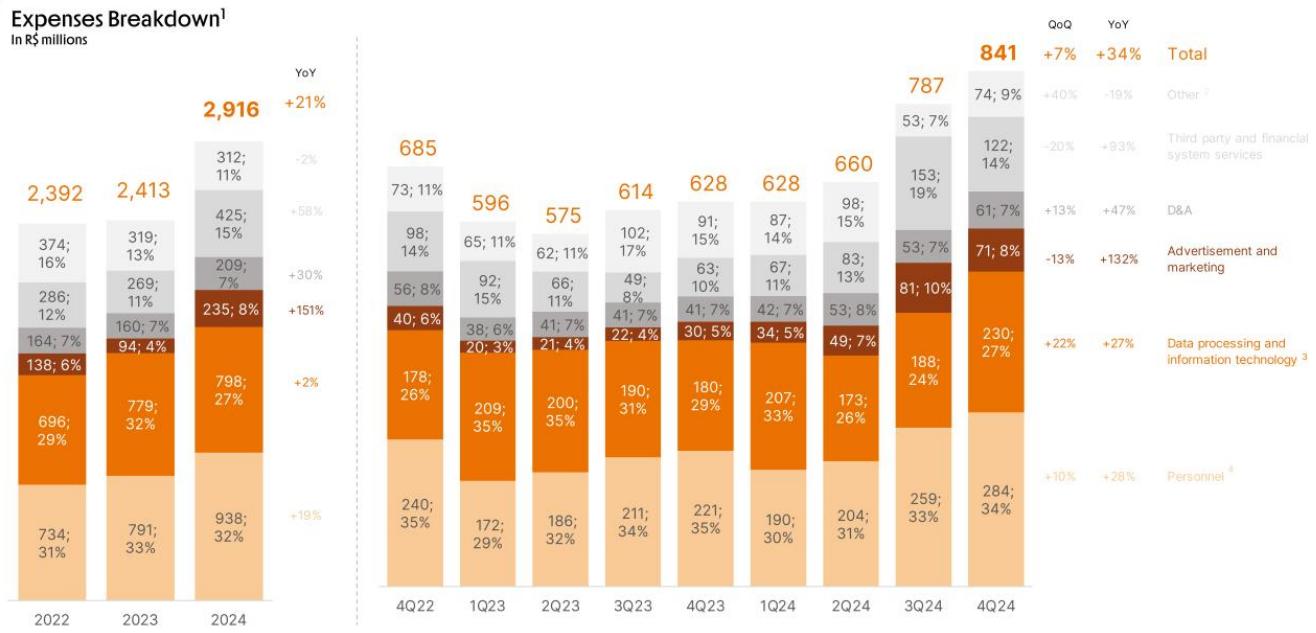


Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation.

Spending in strategic fronts to drive operational excellence

Expenses Breakdown¹

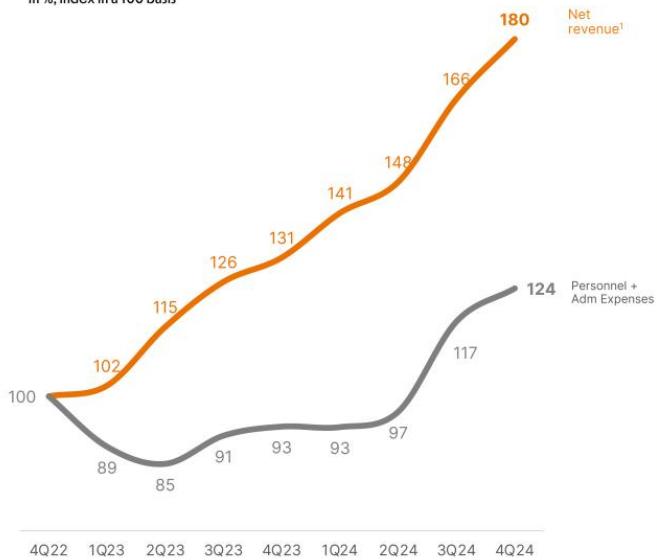
In R\$ millions



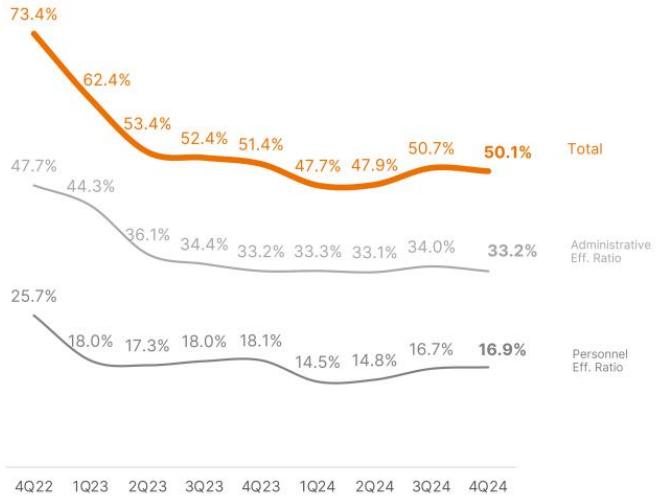
Note 1: IFRS Financial Statements lines: "Personnel expenses", "Depreciation and Amortization", "Administrative Expenses". Note 2: Others = rent, condominium fee and property maintenance; provisions for contingencies and Financial System services. Note 3: Data processing and information technology. Note 4: Personnel Expenses including Share-based and M&A Expenses. Salaries and benefits (including Board).

Revenue acceleration leading to stronger operating leverage

Revenue and Expenses
In %, index in a 100 basis

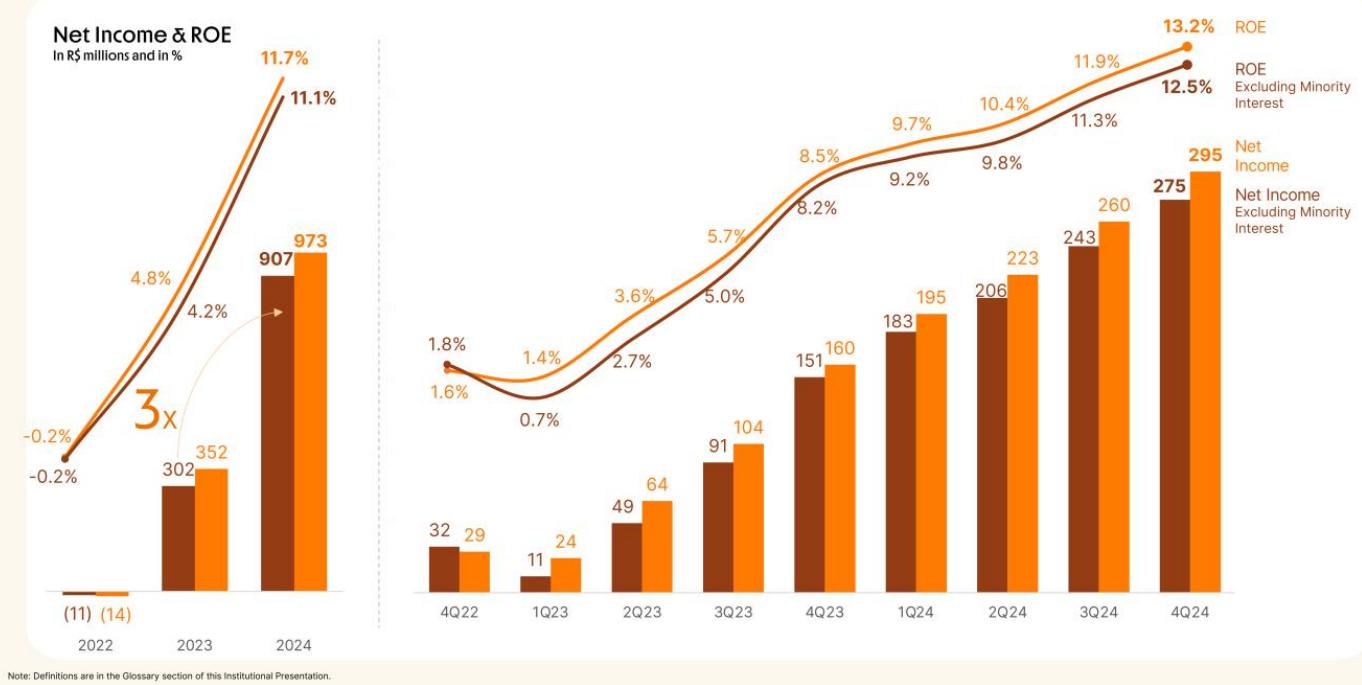


Efficiency Ratio
In %



Note: Definitions are in the Glossary section of this Institutional Presentation. Note 1: Total net revenue minus tax expenses.

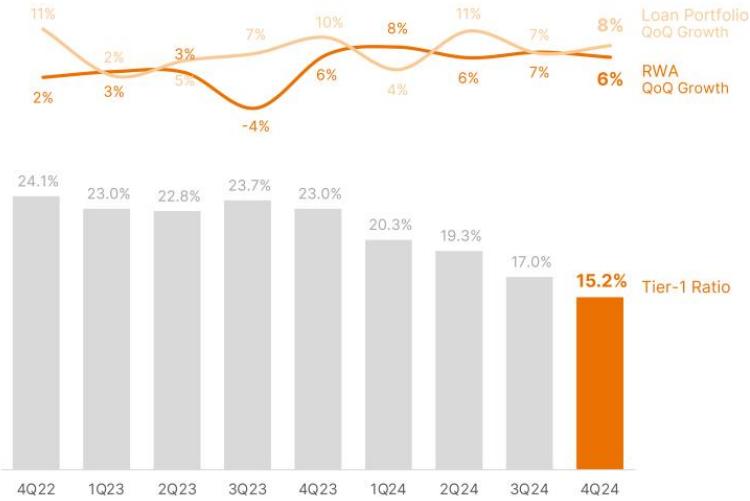
Compounding profitability: ~3x higher net income in one year



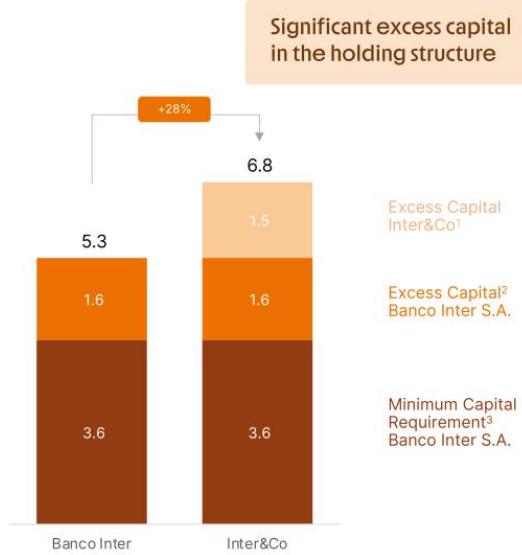
Appendix

Tier-I capital

Tier-I Ratio - Banco Inter S.A.
In %



Reference Equity
In R\$ billions



Source: Banco Inter Bacen GAAP Financial Statements. Note 1: Capital held at the Inter&Co Holding level. Note 2: Additional reference equity considering minimum capital requirement of 10.5%. Note 3: Considering a Tier-1 Ratio of 10.5%.

Balance Sheet (In R\$ million)

	12/31/2024	09/30/2024	12/31/2023	ΔQoQ	ΔYoY	Valuation %
Balance Sheet						
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,108	2,274	4,259	-51.2%	-74.0%	
Amounts due from financial institutions	6,195	5,225	3,719	+18.6%	+65.6%	
Compulsory deposits	5,285	4,185	2,664	+26.8%	+98.4%	
Securities	23,898	20,586	16,868	+16.7%	+41.7%	
Derivative financial instruments	1	18	4	-97.0%	-85.7%	
Net loans and advances to customers	33,327	31,478	27,901	+5.9%	+19.3%	
Non-current assets held-for-sale	235	185	174	+26.9%	+34.6%	
Equity accounted investees	10	10	91	-0.0%	-88.3%	
Property and equipment	370	360	168	+2.7%	+10.8%	
Intangible assets	1,836	1,711	1,345	+7.3%	+36.3%	
Deferred tax assets	1,710	1,411	1,054	+21.7%	+65.4%	
Other assets	2,554	2,483	2,125	+2.9%	+20.2%	
Total assets	76,528	69,928	60,352	+9.4%	+26.8%	
Liabilities						
Liabilities with financial institutions	11,313	10,404	9,522	+8.7%	+18.8%	
Liabilities with clients	42,810	39,150	32,652	+9.4%	+31.1%	
Securities issued	9,890	9,048	8,095	-9.3%	+22.2%	
Derivative financial liabilities	70	9	15	+698.0%	+303.0%	
Other liabilities	2,435	1,797	1,897	+35.0%	+28.4%	
Total Liabilities	67,456	61,061	52,755	+10.6%	+27.9%	
Equity						
Total shareholder's equity of controlling shareholders	8,895	8,707	7,472	+2.2%	+18.0%	
Non-controlling interest	177	160	125	+10.6%	+41.8%	
Total shareholder's equity	9,072	8,867	7,597	+2.3%	+19.4%	
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	76,528	69,928	60,352	+9.4%	+26.8%	

Income Statement (In R\$ million)

	4Q24	3Q24	4Q23	ΔQoQ	ΔYoY	Valuation %
Income Statement						
Interest income from loans	1,337	1,412	1,279	-5.3%	+4.3%	
Interest expenses	(941)	(836)	(752)	+12.6%	+25.7%	
Income from securities and derivatives and FX	862	588	370	+46.7%	+102.9%	
Net interest income and income from securities and derivatives and FX	1,258	1,164	897	+8.1%	+40.3%	
Revenues from services and commissions	514	468	376	+8.9%	+36.8%	
Expenses from services and commissions	(39)	(38)	(36)	+3.0%	+8.0%	
Other revenues	111	82	76	+35.7%	+45.0%	
Revenue	1,844	1,676	1,313	+10.8%	+40.3%	
Impairment losses on financial assets	(496)	(471)	(384)	+5.2%	+28.9%	
Net result of losses	1,349	1,205	928	+12.0%	+45.3%	
Administrative expenses	(490)	(475)	(365)	+4.3%	+35.9%	
Personnel expenses	(284)	(259)	(221)	+9.7%	+28.7%	
Tax expenses	(168)	(124)	(91)	+35.6%	+83.9%	
Depreciation and amortization	(61)	(53)	(41)	+15.5%	+47.2%	
Income from equity interests in affiliates	0	-	(1)	n.n.	-102.0%	
Profit / (loss) before income tax	340	294	208	+15.8%	+63.4%	
Income tax and social contribution	(45)	(34)	(49)	+33.3%	-6.7%	
Profit / (loss)	295	260	160	+13.4%	+84.7%	

Non-IFRS measures and KPIs - Market Share Definitions (Page 21)

Note 1: Total number of individuals with active relationships with banks in Brazil, based on data from Banco Central do Brasil (Bacen), as of December/2024.

Note 2: Total number of individual accounts in Inter Brazil (PFs) as of December/2024.

Note 3: Total number of PIX transactions made within the SPI only as of 4Q24.

Note 4: Total number of Inter's PIX transactions made within the SPI only as of 4Q24.

Note 5: Considering the potential market share as % of penetration of individual accounts in Brazil as of December/24.

Note 6: Total TPV of Brazil from July/2024 to September/2024 according to ABECS.

Note 7: Total TPV of Inter in Brazil for the 3Q24.

Note 8: Considers the potential within client base as the total TPV as of 3Q24 according to ABECS divided by the total number of active cards in 1Q24 according to Bacen times the total number of Inter's cards as of 3Q24.

Note 9: Total number of legal entities with active relationships with banks in Brazil, data from Mapa de Empresas from the Brazilian Government as of December/2024.

Note 10: Total number of business accounts in Inter Brazil (PJs) as of December/2024.

Note 11: Total number of business accounts in Inter Brazil (PJs) as of June/2024 summed with the number of CNPJs of current PFs clients that don't have a business account with Inter.

Note 12: Total "crédito consignado pessoa física" portfolio (Payroll PF) as of December/2024 according to Bacen.

Note 13: Total Inter's payroll PF as of September/2024, excluding FGTS and cartão consignado.

Note 14: Market Potential for Payroll Loans = (Total individuals with payroll loans by December/2023 (DataPrev) * Brazil's population according to IBGE) * (Inter's total individual accounts * Average consignado portfolio per person in Brazil) + (Total payroll pf (Bacen) * Number of individuals with payroll loans (DataPrev)).

Note 15: Total credit card loan portfolio as of December/2024 according to Bacen (PF and PJ).

Note 16: Inter's total credit card loan portfolio as December/2024.

Note 17: Market Potential for Credit Card Loans = (Total credit card loan portfolio / Number of active credit cards in Brazil as of December/2024 (Bacen)) * (Half the number of cards at Inter).

Note 18: Total FGTS portfolio estimated by multiplying Inter's share in payments received of FGTS Withdrawals (60-F – Saque Aniversário – alienação ou Cessão Fiduciária) as of 3Q24 by Inter's December/2024 FGTS loans portfolio.

Note 19: Inter's December/2024 FGTS loans portfolio.

Note 20: FGTS Balance Potential = (Brazilians with FGTS balance by December/2022 from Caixa Econômica Federal) / (Total Brazilian population in 2022 according to IBGE) * (% of Brazilians opting for Saque Aniversário) * (Proportion of total FGTS alienação divided by total FGTS Saques) * (Number of Inter's PF clients by September/2024) * (Average implied loan FGTS loan portfolio).

Note 21: Total Home Equity Portfolio in Brazil according to ABECIP as of December/2024.

Note 22: Total Home Equity PF portfolio of Inter as of December/2024.

Note 23: Potential for Home Equity (estimativa) = (Number of Home Equity PF contracts according to ABECIP) / (Number of Brazilians according to the IBGE 2022 census) * (Number of PF clients at Inter as of December 2024) * (Average Home Equity PF contract amount according to ABECIP as of December/2024).

Non-IFRS measures and KPIs

Activation Rate:

$$\frac{\text{Number of active clients at the end of the quarter}}{\text{Total number of clients at the end of the quarter}}$$

Active clients:

We define an active client as a customer at any given date that was the source of any amount of revenue for us in the preceding three months, or/and a customer that used products in the preceding three months. For Inter Insurance, we calculate the number of active clients for our insurance brokerage vertical as the number of beneficiaries of insurance policies effective as of a particular date. For Inter Invest, we calculate the number of active clients as the number of individual accounts that have invested on our platform over the applicable period.

Active clients per employee:

$$\frac{\text{Number of active clients at the end of the quarter}}{\text{Total number of employees at the end of the quarter, including interns}}$$

Administrative efficiency ratio:

$$\frac{\text{Administrative expenses} + \text{Depreciation and amortization}}{\text{Net Interest Income} + \text{Net result from services and commissions} + \text{Other revenue} - \text{Tax expense}}$$

Annualized interest rates:

Yearly rate calculated by multiplying the quarterly interest by four, over the average portfolio of the last two quarters. All-in loans rate considers Real Estate, Personnel +FGTS, SMBs, Credit Card, excluding non-interest earnings credit card receivables, and Anticipation of Credit Card Receivables.

Anticipation of credit card receivables:

Disclosed in note 9.a of the Financial Statements, line "Loans to financial institutions".

ARPAC gross of interest expenses:

$$\frac{(\text{Interest income} + (\text{Revenue from services and commissions} - \text{Cashback} - \text{Inter rewards}) + \text{Income from securities and derivatives} + \text{Other revenue}) \div 3}{\text{Average of the last 2 quarters Active Clients}}$$

ARPAC net of interest expenses:

$$\frac{(\text{Revenue} - \text{Interest expenses}) \div 3}{\text{Average of the last 2 quarters Active Clients}}$$

ARPAC per quarterly cohort:

Total Gross revenue net of interest expenses in a given cohort divided by the average number of active clients in the current and previous periods¹. Cohort is defined as the period in which the client started his relationship with Inter.

¹- Average number of active clients in the current and previous periods: For the first period, is used the total number of active clients in the end of the period.

Assets under custody (AUC):

We calculate assets under custody, or AUC, at a given date as the market value of all retail clients' assets invested through our investment platform as of that same date. We believe that AUC, as it reflects the total volume of assets invested in our investment platform without accounting for our operational efficiency, provides us useful insight on the appeal of our platform. We use this metric to monitor the size of our investment platform.

Card fee revenue:

It is part of the "Revenue from services and commission" and "Other revenue" on IFRS Income Statement.

Client acquisition cost (CAC):

The average cost to add a client to the platform, considering operating expenses for opening an account, such as onboarding personnel, embossing and sending cards and digital marketing expenses with a focus on client acquisition, divided by the number of accounts opened in the quarter.

Non-IFRS measures and KPIs

Card+PIX TPV:

PIX, debit and credit cards and withdrawal transacted volumes of a given period. PIX is a Central Bank of Brazil solution to bring instant payments among banks and financial institutions in Brazil.

Card+PIX TPV per active client:

Card+PIX TPV for a given period divided by the number of active clients as of the last day of the period.

Cost of funding:

Interest expenses $\times 4$
Average of last 2 quarters Interest bearing liabilities (demand deposits, time deposits, savings deposits, creditors by resources to release, securities issued, securities sold under agreements to repurchase, interbank deposits and others)

Cost of risk:

Impairment losses on financial assets $\times 4$
Average of last 2 quarters of Loans and advances to customers

Cost of risk excluding anticipation of credit card receivables:

Impairment losses on financial assets $\times 4$
Average of last 2 quarters of Loans and advances to customers excluding anticipation of credit card receivables

Cost of risk excluding credit card:

Impairment losses on financial assets $\times 4$
Average of last 2 quarters of Loans and advances to customers excluding credit card

Cost-to-serve (CTS):

(Personnel Expense + Administrative Expenses – Total CAC) $\div 3$
Average of the last 2 quarters Active Clients

Coverage ratio:

Provision for expected credit loss + Provision for expected credit losses on loan commitments
Overdue higher than 90 days

Earning portfolio (IEP):

Earnings Portfolio includes "Amounts due from financial institutions" + "Loans and advances to customers" + "Securities" + "Derivatives" from the IFRS Balance Sheet

Efficiency ratio:

Personnel expense + Administrative expenses + Depreciation and amortization
Net Interest Income + Net result from services and commissions + Other revenue – Tax expense

Fee income ratio:

Net result from services and commissions + Other revenue
Net Interest Income + Net result from services and commissions + Other revenue – Tax expense

Funding:

Demand Deposits + Time Deposits + Securities Issued + Savings Deposits + Creditors by Resources to Release + Securities sold under agreements to repurchase + Interbank deposits + Borrowing and onlending

Global Services Clients:

Includes Brazilian Global Account clients, US clients and international investors.

Non-IFRS measures and KPIs

Gross loan portfolio:

Loans and Advance to Customers + Loans to financial institutions

Gross merchandise volume (GMV):

Gross merchandise value, or GMV, for a given period as the total value of all sales made or initiated through our Inter Shop & Commerce Plus platform managed by Inter Shop & Commerce Plus.

Gross take rate:

$$\frac{\text{Inter Shop gross revenue}}{\text{GMV}}$$

Margin per active client gross of interest expenses:

ARPAC gross of interest expenses – Cost to Serve

Margin per active client net of interest expenses:

ARPAC net of interest expenses – Cost to Serve

Net fee income:

Net result from services and commissions + Other Revenue + Revenue foreign exchange

Net interest income:

Interest Income + Interest Expenses + Income from securities + Income from derivatives

Net revenue:

Net interest income + Net fee income

Net take rate:

$$\frac{\text{Inter Shop net revenue}}{\text{GMV}}$$

NIM 1.0 – IEP + Credit Card Transactional Portfolio:

$$\frac{\text{Net interest income} \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions + Securities + Derivatives + Net loans and advances to customers) + Credit card transactor portfolio}}$$

NIM 2.0 – IEP Only:

$$\frac{\text{Net interest income} \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions + Securities + Derivatives + Net loans and advances to customers)}}$$

NIM 1.1 – IEP + Credit Card Transactional Portfolio Incl. Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad:

$$\frac{(\text{Net interest income} + \text{Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad}) \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions + Securities + Derivatives + Net loans and advances to customers) + Credit card transactor portfolio}}$$

NIM 2.1 – IEP Only Portfolio Incl. Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad :

$$\frac{(\text{Net interest income} + \text{Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad}) \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions + Securities + Derivatives + Net loans and advances to customers)}}$$

NPL 15 to 90 days:

$$\frac{\text{Overdue 15 to 90 days}}{\text{Loans and Advance to Costumers + Loans to financial institutions}}$$

NPL > 90 days:

$$\frac{\text{Overdue higher than 90 days}}{\text{Loans and Advance to Costumers + Loans to financial institutions}}$$

Non-IFRS measures and KPIs

NPL formation:

$$\frac{\text{Overdue balance higher than 90 days in the current quarter} - \text{Overdue balance higher than 90 days in the previous quarter} + \text{Write-off change in the current quarter}}{\text{Total loans and advance to customers in the previous quarter}}$$

Personal efficiency ratio:

$$\frac{\text{Personnel expense}}{\text{Net Interest Income} + \text{Net result from services and commissions} + \text{Other revenue} - \text{Tax expense}}$$

Primary Banking Relationship:

A client who has 50% or more of their income after tax for that period flowing to their bank account with us during the month.

Return on average equity (ROE):

$$\frac{(\text{Profit} / \text{loss}) \text{ for the quarter} \times 4}{\text{Average of last 2 quarters of total shareholder's equity}}$$

Risk-adjusted efficiency ratio:

$$\frac{\text{Personnel expense} + \text{Administrative expenses} + \text{Depreciation and amortization}}{\text{Net Interest Income} + \text{Net result from services and commissions} + \text{Other revenue} - \text{Tax expense} - \text{Impairment losses on financial assets}}$$

Risk-adjusted NIM 1.0

$$\frac{(\text{Net interest income} - \text{Impairment losses on financial assets}) \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions} + \text{Securities} + \text{Derivatives} + \text{Net loans and advances to customers}) + \text{Credit card transactor portfolio}}$$

Risk-adjusted NIM 1.1 Incl. Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad

$$\frac{(\text{Net interest income} - \text{Impairment losses on financial assets} + \text{Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad}) \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions} + \text{Securities} + \text{Derivatives} + \text{Net loans and advances to customers}) + \text{Credit card transactor portfolio}}$$

Risk-Adjusted NIM 2.0:

$$\frac{(\text{Net interest income} - \text{Impairment losses on financial assets}) \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions} + \text{Securities} + \text{Derivatives} + \text{Net loans and advances to customers})}$$

Risk-Adjusted NIM 2.1 Incl. Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad:

$$\frac{(\text{Net interest income} - \text{Impairment losses on financial assets} - \text{Income tax effect from Securities Issued Abroad}) \times 4}{\text{Average of 2 Last Quarters Earning Portfolio (Loans to financial institutions} + \text{Securities} + \text{Derivatives} + \text{Net loans and advances to customers})}$$

SG&A:

$$\text{Administrative Expenses} + \text{Personnel Expenses} + \text{Depreciation and Amortization}$$

Securities:

$$\text{Income from securities and derivatives} - \text{Income from derivatives}$$

Stage 3 formation:

$$\frac{\text{Stage 3 balance in the current quarter} - \text{Stage 3 balance in the previous quarter} + \text{Write-off change in the current quarter}}{\text{Total loans and advance to customers in the previous quarter}}$$

Tier I ratio:

$$\frac{\text{Tier I referential equity}}{\text{Risk weighted assets}}$$

Total gross revenue:

$$\text{Interest income} + (\text{Revenue from services and commissions} - \text{Cashback expenses} - \text{Inter rewards}) + \text{Income from securities and derivatives} + \text{Other revenue}$$



INTR | Nasdaq Listed

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INTER & Co, INC.

By: /s/ Rafaela de Oliveira Vitoria

Name: Rafaela de Oliveira Vitoria

Title:

Investor Relations Officer

Date: February 18, 2024
