

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

RMBI - RICHMOND MUTUAL BANCORPOR
10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

| | |
|--------------|------|
| TOTAL DELTAS | 1183 |
| CHANGES | 432 |
| DELETIONS | 430 |
| ADDITIONS | 321 |

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

X QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**

or

O TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-38956

RICHMOND MUTUAL BANCORPORATION, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland**36-4926041**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation of organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

31 North 9th Street, Richmond, Indiana 47374

(Address of principal executive offices; Zip Code)

(765) 962-2581

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

None

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class | Trading Symbol(s) | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|--|-------------------|---|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share | RMBI | The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC |

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

| | | | |
|-------------------------|-----|---------------------------|-----|
| Large accelerated filer | [] | Accelerated filer | [] |
| Non-accelerated filer | [X] | Smaller reporting company | [X] |
| Emerging growth company | [X] | | |

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No [X]

There were **11,244,669** **11,065,459** shares of Registrant's common stock, par value of \$0.01 per share, issued and outstanding as of **November 13, 2023** **May 14, 2024**.

RICHMOND MUTUAL BANCORPORATION, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

10-Q

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1.FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | (Unaudited) | |
| March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
| (Unaudited) | | |
| Assets | Assets | |

| | | | |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | | | |
| Cash and due from banks | Cash and due from banks | \$ 9,002,604 | \$ 7,782,348 |
| Interest-earning demand deposits | Interest-earning demand deposits | 11,649,837 | 8,139,745 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | Cash and cash equivalents | 20,652,441 | 15,922,093 |
| Interest-earning time deposits | | 245,000 | 490,000 |
| Investment securities - available for sale | | | |
| Investment securities - available for sale | | | |
| Investment securities - available for sale | Investment securities - available for sale | 264,228,841 | 284,899,665 |
| Investment securities - held to maturity | Investment securities - held to maturity | 5,134,112 | 6,672,233 |
| Loans held for sale | Loans held for sale | 568,250 | 473,700 |
| Loans and leases, net of allowance for credit losses of \$15,495,975 and \$12,413,035, respectively | | 1,066,892,390 | 961,690,677 |
| Loans and leases, net of allowance for credit losses of \$15,825,126 and \$15,663,153, respectively | | | |
| Premises and equipment, net | Premises and equipment, net | 13,341,928 | 13,668,496 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank stock | Federal Home Loan Bank stock | 11,297,100 | 9,947,300 |
| Interest receivable | Interest receivable | 5,315,687 | 4,710,481 |
| Mortgage-servicing rights | Mortgage-servicing rights | 1,965,479 | 2,011,889 |
| Cash surrender value of life insurance | Cash surrender value of life insurance | 3,742,245 | 3,674,499 |
| Other assets | Other assets | 29,529,562 | 24,459,108 |
| Total assets | Total assets | \$ 1,422,913,035 | \$ 1,328,620,141 |
| Total assets | | | |
| Total assets | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits | | | |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits | | | |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits | Noninterest-bearing deposits | 115,632,216 | 106,414,812 |
| Interest-bearing deposits | Interest-bearing deposits | 938,276,593 | 898,845,958 |
| Total deposits | Total deposits | 1,053,908,809 | 1,005,260,770 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank advances | Federal Home Loan Bank advances | 238,000,000 | 180,000,000 |
| Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance | Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance | 668,318 | 560,196 |
| Interest payable | Interest payable | 3,672,897 | 1,369,351 |
| Other liabilities | Other liabilities | 8,031,116 | 8,451,521 |

| | | | |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|
| Total liabilities | Total liabilities | 1,304,281,140 | 1,195,641,838 |
| Commitments and Contingent Liabilities | Commitments and Contingent Liabilities | — | — |
| Commitments and Contingent Liabilities | | | |
| Commitments and Contingent Liabilities | | | |
| Stockholders' Equity | Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Stockholders' Equity | | | |
| Stockholders' Equity | | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value | | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value | | | |
| Common stock, \$0.01 par value | Common stock, \$0.01 par value | | |
| Authorized - 90,000,000 shares | Authorized - 90,000,000 shares | | |
| Issued and outstanding - 11,300,075 shares and 11,784,246 shares at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively | | 113,001 | 117,842 |
| Authorized - 90,000,000 shares | | | |
| Authorized - 90,000,000 shares | | | |
| Issued and outstanding - 11,115,887 shares and 11,208,500 shares at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively | | | |
| Issued and outstanding - 11,115,887 shares and 11,208,500 shares at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively | | | |
| Issued and outstanding - 11,115,887 shares and 11,208,500 shares at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively | | | |
| Additional paid-in capital | Additional paid-in capital | 101,883,204 | 106,088,897 |
| Retained earnings | Retained earnings | 88,001,390 | 88,715,782 |
| Unearned employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) | Unearned employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) | (11,641,555) | (12,193,043) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (59,724,145) | (49,751,175) |
| Total stockholders' equity | Total stockholders' equity | 118,631,895 | 132,978,303 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 1,422,913,035 | \$ 1,328,620,141 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | | | |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Statements.

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Unaudited)

| Three Months Ended | | Nine Months Ended | |
|--------------------|------|-------------------|------|
| September 30, | | September 30, | |
| 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Three Months Ended March 31, |
| | Three Months Ended March 31, |
| | Three Months Ended March 31, |
| <u> </u> | |
| 2024 | |

| Noninterest Expenses | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Other income | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | |
| Total non-interest income | | | | | |
| Non-interest Expenses | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | | | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | Salaries and employee benefits | 4,377,159 | 4,710,284 | 12,891,376 | 13,676,443 |
| Net occupancy expenses | Net occupancy expenses | 337,348 | 336,270 | 1,005,142 | 1,047,582 |
| Equipment expenses | Equipment expenses | 275,318 | 317,814 | 872,852 | 951,781 |
| Data processing fees | Data processing fees | 853,791 | 743,526 | 2,512,242 | 1,970,350 |
| Deposit insurance expense | Deposit insurance expense | 280,000 | 86,000 | 640,000 | 248,000 |
| Printing and office supplies | Printing and office supplies | 49,825 | 45,155 | 122,404 | 140,222 |
| Legal and professional fees | Legal and professional fees | 528,045 | 376,323 | 1,195,520 | 1,059,685 |
| Advertising expense | Advertising expense | 94,707 | 85,050 | 261,179 | 281,045 |
| Bank service charges | Bank service charges | 50,268 | 42,495 | 153,683 | 103,253 |
| Real estate owned expense | Real estate owned expense | 12,112 | 14,248 | 35,935 | 22,534 |
| Other expenses | Other expenses | 1,153,819 | 965,508 | 3,019,254 | 2,712,418 |
| Total noninterest expenses | | 8,012,392 | 7,722,673 | 22,709,587 | 22,213,313 |
| Other expenses | | | | | |
| Other expenses | | | | | |
| Total non-interest expenses | | | | | |
| Income Before Income Tax Expense | Income Before Income Tax Expense | 2,222,394 | 3,773,743 | 8,825,791 | 11,776,360 |
| Provision for income taxes | Provision for income taxes | 273,637 | 615,515 | 1,280,861 | 2,115,198 |
| Net Income | Net Income | \$ 1,948,757 | \$ 3,158,228 | \$ 7,544,930 | \$ 9,661,162 |
| Earnings Per Share | Earnings Per Share | | | | |
| Basic | Basic | \$ 0.19 | \$ 0.30 | \$ 0.72 | \$ 0.89 |
| Basic | | | | | |
| Basic | | | | | |
| Diluted | Diluted | \$ 0.19 | \$ 0.29 | \$ 0.72 | \$ 0.87 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Statements.

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Loss) Income
(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Net Income | \$ 1,948,757 | \$ 3,158,228 | \$ 7,544,930 | \$ 9,661,162 |
| Other Comprehensive Loss | | | | |
| Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$(3,063,330), \$(4,245,908), \$(2,651,043), and \$(14,353,958), respectively. | (11,523,955) | (15,972,703) | (9,972,970) | (53,998,222) |
| | (11,523,955) | (15,972,703) | (9,972,970) | (53,998,222) |
| Comprehensive Loss | \$ (9,575,198) | \$ (12,814,475) | \$ (2,428,040) | \$ (44,337,060) |

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Net Income | \$ 2,368,916 | \$ 2,904,046 |
| Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income | | |
| Unrealized (loss) gain on available for sale securities, net of tax benefit (expense) of \$757,499, and \$(1,640,117), respectively | (2,849,640) | 6,169,964 |
| Comprehensive (Loss) Income | \$ (480,724) | \$ 9,074,010 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Statements.

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
(Unaudited)

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Common Stock | | | | | | Common Stock | | | | | |
| Shares | | | | | | Additional | | | | | |
| Outstanding | | | | | | Paid-in | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Retained | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Unearned | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ESOP | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Other | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Comprehensive | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Loss | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Total | | | | | |
| Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balances, December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common Stock | | | | | | Accumulated | | | | | |
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| Balances, December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | Shares | Amount | Additional | Retained | Unearned | Accumulated | Total |
|---|---|-------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | Outstanding | | Paid-in | Earnings | ESOP | Other | |
| | | | | Capital | | Shares | Comprehensive | |
| | | | | | | | Loss | |
| Balances, June 30, 2023 | | 11,448,621 | \$114,486 | \$103,216,869 | \$87,523,266 | \$(11,825,384) | \$ (48,200,190) | \$130,829,047 |
| Balances, December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | Net income | — | — | — | 1,948,757 | — | — | 1,948,757 |
| Other comprehensive loss | Other comprehensive loss | — | — | — | — | — | (11,523,955) | (11,523,955) |
| ESOP shares earned | ESOP shares earned | — | — | (29,955) | — | 183,829 | — | 153,874 |
| Stock based compensation | Stock based compensation | — | — | 386,768 | — | — | — | 386,768 |
| Stock based compensation | | | | | | | | |
| Stock based compensation | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.14 per share) | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.14 per share) | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.14 per share) | Common stock dividends (\$0.14 per share) | — | — | — | (1,470,633) | — | — | (1,470,633) |
| Repurchase of common stock | Repurchase of common stock | (148,546) | (1,485) | (1,690,478) | — | — | — | (1,691,963) |
| Balances, September 30, 2023 | | 11,300,075 | \$113,001 | \$101,883,204 | \$88,001,390 | \$(11,641,555) | \$ (59,724,145) | \$118,631,895 |
| Repurchase of common stock | | | | | | | | |
| Repurchase of common stock | | | | | | | | |
| Balances, March 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | |

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------|----------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------|
| | Common Stock | | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Unearned ESOP Shares | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Total |
| | Shares | | | | | | | |
| | Outstanding | Amount | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Balances, December 31, 2022 | 11,784,246 | \$ 117,842 | \$ 106,088,897 | \$ 88,715,782 | \$ (12,193,043) | \$ (49,751,175) | \$ 132,978,303 | |
| Net income | — | — | — | 7,544,930 | — | — | 7,544,930 | |
| Other comprehensive income | — | — | — | — | — | (9,972,970) | (9,972,970) | |
| ESOP shares earned | — | — | (86,153) | — | 551,488 | — | 465,335 | |
| Impact of ASU 2016-13 adoption | — | — | — | (3,785,168) | — | — | (3,785,168) | |
| Stock based compensation | — | — | 1,149,789 | — | — | — | 1,149,789 | |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.42 per share) | — | — | — | (4,474,154) | — | — | (4,474,154) | |
| Repurchase of common stock | (484,171) | (4,841) | (5,269,329) | — | — | — | (5,274,170) | |
| Balances, September 30, 2023 | 11,300,075 | \$ 113,001 | \$ 101,883,204 | \$ 88,001,390 | \$ (11,641,555) | \$ (59,724,145) | \$ 118,631,895 | |

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|-------|
| | Common Stock | | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Unearned ESOP Shares | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Total |
| | Shares Outstanding | Amount | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Balances, June 30, 2022 | 11,848,113 | \$ 118,481 | \$ 106,200,912 | \$ 84,423,594 | \$ (12,560,701) | \$ (39,237,530) | \$ 138,944,756 | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Net income | — | — | — | 3,158,228 | — | — | 3,158,228 |
| Other comprehensive loss | — | — | — | — | — | (15,972,703) | (15,972,703) |
| ESOP shares earned | — | — | 3,986 | — | 183,829 | — | 187,815 |
| Stock based compensation | — | — | 387,840 | — | — | — | 387,840 |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.10 per share) | — | — | — | (1,086,112) | — | — | (1,086,112) |
| Repurchase of common stock | (45,689) | (457) | (647,012) | — | — | — | (647,469) |
| Balances, September 30, 2022 | 11,802,424 | \$ 118,024 | \$ 105,945,726 | \$ 86,495,710 | \$ (12,376,872) | \$ (55,210,233) | \$ 124,972,355 |

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| Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | | | | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Common Stock | | | | | | | Common Stock | | Accumulated | | | |
| Shares Outstanding | | | | | | | | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Unearned ESOP Shares | Other Comprehensive Loss |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Total |
| Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balances, December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common Stock | | | | | | | | | Accumulated | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Unearned ESOP Shares | Other Comprehensive Loss |
| Balances, December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | Total |
| | | | | | | | | | Accumulated | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Unearned ESOP Shares | Other Comprehensive Loss |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Total |
| Balances, December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 12,400,195 | \$124,002 | \$114,339,810 | \$80,157,893 | \$(12,928,359) | \$ | | (1,212,011) | | | \$180,481,335 |
| Balances, December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Impact of ASU 2016-13 adoption | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balances, January 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | Net income | — | — | — | 9,661,162 | — | — | — | — | — | — | 9,661,162 |
| Other comprehensive loss | | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | (53,998,222) | — | — | (53,998,222) |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ESOP shares earned | ESOP shares earned | — | — | 70,053 | — | 551,487 | — | — | — | — | — | 621,540 |
| Stock based compensation | Stock based compensation | — | — | 1,150,898 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1,150,898 |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.30 per share) | | — | — | — | (3,323,345) | — | — | — | — | — | — | (3,323,345) |
| Common stock dividends (\$0.14 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Repurchase of common stock | Repurchase of common stock | (597,771) | (5,978) | (9,615,035) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | (9,621,013) |

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Balances, September 30, 2022 | 11,802,424 | \$118,024 | \$105,945,726 | \$86,495,710 | \$(12,376,872) | \$ (55,210,233) | \$124,972,355 |
| Balances, March 31, 2023 | | | | | | | |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Statements.

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Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

| | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|--|---|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | 2023 | 2022 | | |
| Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
| 2024 | | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| Operating Activities | Operating Activities | | | | |
| Net income | Net income | \$ 7,544,930 | \$ 9,661,162 | | |
| Net income | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | |
| Items not requiring (providing) cash | Items not requiring (providing) cash | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | Provision for credit losses | 228,016 | 600,000 | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | Depreciation and amortization | 752,056 | 798,950 | | |
| Deferred income tax | Deferred income tax | (26,656) | (191,231) | | |
| Stock based compensation | Stock based compensation | 1,149,789 | 1,150,898 | | |
| Investment securities amortization, net | Investment securities amortization, net | 854,478 | 1,209,698 | | |
| Net gains on loan and lease sales | Net gains on loan and lease sales | (399,111) | (580,919) | | |
| (Gain) Loss on sale of real estate owned | | (698) | 847 | | |
| Net gains on loan and lease sales | | | | | |
| Net gains on loan and lease sales | | | | | |
| Gain on sale of real estate owned | | | | | |

| | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|
| Gain on sale of premises and equipment | Gain on sale of premises and equipment | (1,800) | — |
| Accretion of loan origination fees | Accretion of loan origination fees | (771,833) | (1,276,232) |
| Amortization of mortgage-servicing rights | Amortization of mortgage-servicing rights | 161,024 | 177,063 |
| ESOP shares expense | ESOP shares expense | 465,335 | 621,540 |
| Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance | Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance | (67,746) | (32,905) |
| Loans originated for sale | Loans originated for sale | (15,524,749) | (26,627,670) |
| Proceeds on loans sold | Proceeds on loans sold | 15,619,299 | 26,148,170 |
| Net change in Interest receivable | Net change in Interest receivable | (605,206) | 232,231 |
| Interest receivable | | | |
| Interest receivable | | | |
| Other assets | Other assets | (560,748) | 1,762,400 |
| Other liabilities | Other liabilities | (2,794,381) | 523,197 |
| Interest payable | Interest payable | 2,303,546 | 418,152 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | Net cash provided by operating activities | 8,325,545 | 14,595,351 |
| Investing Activities | Investing Activities | | |
| Net change in interest-bearing time deposits | | 245,000 | — |
| Investing Activities | | | |
| Investing Activities | | | |
| Purchases of securities available for sale | | | |
| Purchases of securities available for sale | | | |
| Purchases of securities available for sale | Purchases of securities available for sale | (9,555,258) | (19,441,154) |

| | | | |
|--|--|---------------|--------------|
| Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities available for sale | Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities available for sale | 16,751,355 | 27,668,608 |
| Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities held to maturity | | | |
| Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities held to maturity | | | |
| Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities held to maturity | Proceeds from maturities and paydowns of securities held to maturity | 1,534,358 | 1,672,451 |
| Net change in loans | Net change in loans | (108,229,672) | (80,718,636) |
| Proceeds from sales of real estate owned | Proceeds from sales of real estate owned | 424,671 | 84,652 |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | Purchases of premises and equipment | (425,488) | (227,506) |
| Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment | Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment | 1,800 | — |
| (Purchase) Proceeds from sale of FHLB stock | | (1,349,800) | 90,100 |
| Purchase of FHLB stock | | | |
| Net cash used in investing activities | Net cash used in investing activities | (100,603,034) | (70,871,485) |
| Financing Activities | Financing Activities | | |
| Financing Activities | | | |
| Financing Activities | | | |
| Net change in | Net change in | | |
| Net change in | | | |
| Net change in | | | |
| Demand and savings deposits | | | |
| Demand and savings deposits | | | |
| Demand and savings deposits | Demand and savings deposits | (33,185,130) | 18,906,312 |
| Certificates of deposit | Certificates of deposit | 81,833,169 | 39,558,641 |

| | | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance | Advances by borrowers for taxes and insurance | 108,122 | 68,955 |
| Proceeds from FHLB advances | Proceeds from FHLB advances | 481,500,000 | 207,000,000 |
| Repayment of FHLB advances | Repayment of FHLB advances | (423,500,000) | (200,000,000) |
| Repurchase of common stock | Repurchase of common stock | (5,274,170) | (9,621,013) |
| Dividends paid | Dividends paid | (4,474,154) | (3,323,345) |
| Dividends paid | | | |
| Dividends paid | | | |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | Net cash provided by financing activities | 97,007,837 | 52,589,550 |
| Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 4,730,348 | (3,686,584) |
| Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | | | |
| Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period | Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period | 15,922,093 | 23,038,145 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period | Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period | \$ 20,652,441 | \$ 19,351,561 |
| Additional Cash Flows and Supplementary Information | | | |
| Additional Cash Flows and Supplementary Information | | | |
| Additional Cash Flows and Supplementary Information | Additional Cash Flows and Supplementary Information | | |
| Interest paid | Interest paid | \$ 18,193,940 | \$ 6,026,855 |
| Interest paid | | | |
| Interest paid | | | |
| Transfers from loans to other real estate owned | Transfers from loans to other real estate owned | 1,002,981 | 126,000 |

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Statements.

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
(Table Dollar Amounts in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial information is unaudited and has been prepared from the consolidated financial statements of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc., and its wholly owned direct and indirect subsidiaries, First Bank Richmond, First Insurance Management, Inc., FB Richmond Holdings, Inc. and FB Richmond Properties, Inc. References in this document to Richmond Mutual Bancorporation refer to Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. References to "we," "us," and "our" or the "Company" refers to Richmond Mutual Bancorporation and its wholly-owned direct and indirect subsidiaries, First Bank Richmond, First Insurance Management, Inc., FB Richmond Holdings, Inc., and FB Richmond Properties, Inc. unless the context otherwise requires.

First Bank Richmond is an Indiana state-chartered commercial bank headquartered in Richmond, Indiana and the wholly owned banking subsidiary of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation. First Bank Richmond provides full banking services through its seven full- and one limited-service offices located in Cambridge City (1), Centerville (1), Richmond (5) and Shelbyville (1), Indiana, its five full-service offices located in Piqua (2), Sidney (2) and Troy (1), Ohio, and its loan production office in Columbus, Ohio. Administrative, trust and wealth management services are conducted through First Bank Richmond's Corporate Office/Financial Center located in Richmond, Indiana. As an Indiana-chartered commercial bank, First Bank Richmond is subject to regulation by the Indiana Department of Financial Institutions ("IDFI") and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

First Insurance Management, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company which was formed and began operations in June 2022, is a Nevada-based captive insurance company that insures against certain risks unique to the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries and for which insurance may not be currently available or economically feasible in today's insurance marketplace. First Insurance Management, Inc. is subject to the regulations of the State of Nevada and undergoes periodic examinations by the Nevada Division of Insurance.

FB Richmond Holdings, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of First Bank Richmond which was formed and began operations in April 2020, is a Nevada corporation that holds and manages substantially all of First Bank Richmond's investment portfolio. FB Richmond Holdings, Inc. has one active subsidiary, FB Richmond Properties, Inc., a Delaware corporation which holds loans on behalf of the Bank.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with instructions for Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include information or note disclosures necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, these financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** ("**2022 2023** Form 10-K") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on **March 31, 2023** **March 29, 2024** (SEC File No. 001-38956). However, in the opinion of management, all adjustments which are necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements have been included. Those adjustments consist only of normal recurring adjustments. The results of operations for the period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

Financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") require the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Loans

For all loan classes, the accrual of interest is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days past due unless the credit is well-secured and in process of collection. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. For all loan classes, the entire balance of the loan is considered past due if the minimum payment contractually required to be paid is not received by the

contractual due date. For all loan classes, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

The Company charges off residential and consumer loans, or portions thereof, when the Company reasonably determines the amount of the loss. The Company adheres to timeframes established by applicable regulatory guidance, which provides for the charge-down of 1-4 family first and junior lien mortgages to the net realizable value, less costs to sell when the loan is 120 days past due, charge-off of unsecured open-end loans when the loan is 90 days past due, and charge down to the net realizable value when other secured loans are 90 days past due. Loans at these respective delinquency thresholds for which the Company can clearly document that the loan is both well-secured and in the process of collection, such that collection will occur regardless of delinquency status, need not be charged off.

For all classes, all interest accrued but not collected for loans that are placed on nonaccrual or charged off is reversed against interest income. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual. Nonaccrual loans are returned to accrual status when, in the opinion of management, the financial position of the borrower indicates there is no longer any reasonable doubt as to the timely collection of interest or principal. The Company requires a period of satisfactory performance of not less than six months before returning a nonaccrual loan to accrual status.

On occasion, the Company will provide modifications to loans and leases to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, by providing payment delays, term extensions, or interest-rate reductions. In some cases, combinations of modifications may be made to the same loan or lease. If determined that the value of the modified loan or lease is less than the recorded investment in the loan, a charge-off is recognized to the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases.

Note 2: Accounting Pronouncements

The Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act (the "JOBS Act"), which was enacted in April 2012, has made numerous changes to the federal securities laws to facilitate access to capital markets. Under the JOBS Act, a company with total annual gross revenues of less than \$1.07 billion during its most recently completed fiscal year qualifies as an "emerging growth company." The Company qualifies as and has elected to be an emerging growth company under the JOBS Act. An emerging growth company may elect to comply with new or amended accounting pronouncements in the same manner as a private company, but must make such election when the company is first required to file a registration statement. Such an election is irrevocable during the period a company is an emerging growth company. The Company has elected to comply with new or amended accounting pronouncements in the same manner as a private company.

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326)*. The ASU is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held by financial institutions and other organizations. The ASU requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better inform their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. Organizations will continue to use judgment to determine which loss estimation method is appropriate for their circumstances. The ASU requires enhanced disclosures to help investors and other financial statement users better understand significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an organization's portfolio. These disclosures include qualitative and quantitative requirements that provide additional information about the amounts recorded in the financial statements.

In May 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-05, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Targeted Transition Relief*. This ASU provides transition relief for entities adopting the FASB's credit losses standard, ASU 2016-13 and allows companies to irrevocably elect, upon adoption of ASU 2016-13, the fair value option for certain financial instruments. In April 2019, the FASB issued ASU No. 2019-04, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments*. ASU No. 2019-04 clarifies certain aspects of accounting for credit losses, hedging activities, and financial instruments. In October 2019, the FASB voted to extend the implementation of ASU No. 2016-13 for certain financial institutions including smaller reporting companies. As a result, ASU 2016-13 became effective for the Company for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2022.

The Company adopted ASU No. 2016-13 on January 1, 2023. As a result of the change in methodology from the incurred loss methodology to the current expected credit loss methodology ("CECL"), the Company recorded a one-time cumulative-effect

adjustment of \$2.0 million from retained earnings, net of tax, into the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases. The allowance increased \$2.7 million, or 21.5%, on January 1, 2023 from December 31, 2022 as a result of adoption.

Additionally, as a part of the CECL adoption, the Company established an allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments by recording a one-time adjustment of \$1.8 million from retained earnings, net of tax, into the allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments. As of January 1, 2023, this allowance totaled \$2.4 million, as compared to no allowance at December 31, 2022. This allowance is reported in other liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

In March 2022 the FASB issued ASU 2022-02, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures*. The ASU eliminates the accounting guidance for troubled debt restructured loans ("TDRs") by creditors while enhancing disclosure requirements for certain loan refinancings and restructurings by creditors when a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty. Additionally, the ASU requires public business entities to disclose current-period gross write-offs by year of origination for financing receivables and net investments in leases. This ASU became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years, upon the Company's adoption of the CECL amendments in ASU 2016-13.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting*. This ASU applies to contracts, hedging relationships and other transactions that reference the London Interbank Offer Rate ("LIBOR") or other rate references expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. The ASU permits an entity to make necessary modifications to eligible contracts or transactions without requiring contract remeasurement or reassessment of a previous accounting determination. In December of 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-06 which extended the period of time preparers can utilize the reference rate reform relief guidance in Topic 848. The guidance ensures the relief in Topic 848 covers the period of time during which a significant number of modifications may take place and the ASU defers the sunset date of Topic 848 from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU No. 2020-04 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In March 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-02, *Investments Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Tax Credit Structures Using the Proportional Amortization Method*. This ASU allows reporting entities to elect to account for qualifying tax equity investments using the proportional amortization method, regardless of the program giving rise to the related income tax credits. ASU No. 2023-02 is effective for all public business entities for fiscal years, including interim periods within those fiscal

years, beginning after December 15, 2023. The Company adopted this guidance on January 1, 2024. Adoption of ASU 2023-02 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. This ASU established new income tax disclosure requirements and modified existing requirements. The ASU requires additional information be disclosed for specified categories, and reconciling items that meet a certain threshold, within the rate reconciliation on an annual basis. Additionally, this ASU requires information be disclosed on the amount of income taxes paid (net of refunds), disaggregated by federal, state, and foreign taxes and the amount of income taxes paid (net of refunds) disaggregated by jurisdiction based on a quantitative threshold. ASU No. 2023-09 is effective for all public business entities for

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annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The ASU is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2025. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU No. 2023-09 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: Investment Securities

The amortized cost and approximate fair values, together with gross unrealized gains and losses, of investment securities are as follows:

| | | September 30, 2023 | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| March 31, 2024 | | | | | |
| | | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| Available for sale | Available for sale | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | U.S. treasury securities | \$ 3,295 | \$ — | \$ 44 | \$ 3,251 |
| SBA Pools | SBA Pools | 5,643 | — | 712 | 4,931 |
| Federal agencies | Federal agencies | 15,000 | — | 2,501 | 12,499 |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 168,862 | — | 42,407 | 126,455 |
| Mortgage-backed securities - government-sponsored enterprises (GSE) | Mortgage-backed securities - government-sponsored enterprises (GSE) | 135,531 | — | 27,173 | 108,358 |
| Corporate obligations | Corporate obligations | 11,500 | — | 2,765 | 8,735 |
| | | 339,831 | — | 75,602 | 264,229 |
| | | 334,441 | | | |
| | | 334,441 | | | |
| | | 334,441 | | | |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|---|-----|-------|
| Held to maturity | Held to maturity | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 5,134 | 9 | 252 | 4,891 |
| | | 5,134 | 9 | 252 | 4,891 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| State and municipal obligations | |
| State and municipal obligations | |
| | 4,658 |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|------|-----------|------------|
| Total investment securities | Total investment securities | \$ 344,965 | \$ 9 | \$ 75,854 | \$ 269,120 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|------|-----------|------------|

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Total investment securities | |
| Total investment securities | |

| | December 31, 2023 | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| Available for sale | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | \$ 2,996 | \$ — | \$ 20 | \$ 2,976 |
| SBA Pools | 5,337 | — | 565 | 4,772 |
| Federal agencies | 15,000 | — | 1,847 | 13,153 |
| State and municipal obligations | 169,118 | 16 | 27,688 | 141,446 |
| Mortgage-backed securities - government-sponsored enterprises (GSE) residential | 133,223 | 62 | 21,804 | 111,481 |
| Corporate obligations | 11,500 | — | 2,640 | 8,860 |
| | 337,174 | 78 | 54,564 | 282,688 |
| Held to maturity | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | 4,950 | 13 | 42 | 4,921 |
| | 4,950 | 13 | 42 | 4,921 |
| Total investment securities | \$ 342,124 | \$ 91 | \$ 54,606 | \$ 287,609 |

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| | December 31, 2022 | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
| Available for sale | | | | |
| U.S. treasury securities | \$ 3,487 | \$ — | \$ 27 | \$ 3,460 |
| SBA Pools | 6,768 | 1 | 634 | 6,135 |
| Federal agencies | 15,000 | — | 2,352 | 12,648 |
| State and municipal obligations | 171,495 | 4 | 34,457 | 137,042 |
| Mortgage-backed securities - government-sponsored enterprises (GSE) residential | 139,626 | — | 23,644 | 115,982 |
| Corporate obligations | 11,500 | — | 1,867 | 9,633 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------|-----------|------------|
| | 347,876 | 5 | 62,981 | 284,900 |
| Held to maturity | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | 6,672 | 17 | 112 | 6,577 |
| | 6,672 | 17 | 112 | 6,577 |
| Total investment securities | \$ 354,548 | \$ 22 | \$ 63,093 | \$ 291,477 |

The amortized cost and fair value of investment securities at **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

| Available for Sale | | | | Available for Sale | | Held to Maturity | |
|---|---|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| Amortized Cost | | | | Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Fair Value |
| | | Available for Sale | | Held to Maturity | | | |
| | | Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Fair Value | | |
| Within one year | | | | | | | |
| Within one year | | | | | | | |
| Within one year | Within one year | \$ 5,087 | \$ 5,017 | \$ 631 | \$ 619 | | |
| One to five years | One to five years | 20,113 | 18,017 | 2,997 | 2,884 | | |
| Five to ten years | Five to ten years | 38,291 | 32,522 | 796 | 775 | | |
| After ten years | After ten years | 140,809 | 100,315 | 710 | 613 | | |
| | | 204,300 | 155,871 | 5,134 | 4,891 | | |
| | | 204,156 | | | | | |
| Mortgage-backed securities –GSE residential | Mortgage-backed securities –GSE residential | 135,531 | 108,358 | — | — | | |
| Totals | Totals | \$ 339,831 | \$ 264,229 | \$ 5,134 | \$ 4,891 | | |
| Totals | | | | | | | |
| Totals | | | | | | | |

Investment securities with a carrying value of **\$155,982,000** **\$157,728,000** and **\$134,302,000** **\$162,430,000** were pledged at **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 and **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, respectively, to secure certain deposits and for other purposes as permitted or required by law.

There were no sales of securities available for sale for the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 and **2022** 2023.

Certain investments in debt securities, as reflected in the table below, are reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes at an amount less than their historical cost. Total fair value of these investments at **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 and **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023 was **\$268,401,000** **\$278,077,000** and **\$288,846,000** **\$279,852,000**, respectively, which is approximately **100%** **99%** and **99%** **97%** of the Company's aggregated **available-for-sale** **available for sale** and **held-to-maturity** **held to maturity** investment portfolio at those dates, respectively. These declines primarily resulted from changes in market interest rates since their purchase.

The Company does not consider **available-for-sale** **available for sale** securities with unrealized losses to be experiencing credit losses at **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024. Management considers it more likely than not that the Company will not be required to sell these **securities investments** before recovery of the amortized cost basis, which may be the maturity dates of the securities.

Held to maturity securities are financial assets measured at amortized cost. **With the adoption of CECL, held** **Held** to maturity securities are required to have an established allowance for credit losses that represents the portion of the amortized cost basis of a financial asset that is not expected to be collectable. The Company estimates expected credit losses on a collective basis by security type, with consideration given to historical information, credit ratings, and the statistical probability of future losses.

The Company monitors the credit quality of investment securities held to maturity through the use of credit ratings quarterly. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, there was no allowance for credit losses recognized on the Company's securities held to maturity portfolio.

The following table summarizes the amortized cost of held to maturity securities by credit quality indicator as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024:

| State and municipal obligations | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| AA+ | \$ 734 1,151 |
| AA- | 585 |
| A+ | 814 710 |
| BBB+ | 81 40 |
| Not rated | 2,230 2,172 |
| | <u>\$ 5,134 4,658</u> |

The Company has elected to exclude accrued interest receivable from the calculation of the allowance for credit losses.

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The following tables show the Company's investment securities by gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

| Description of Securities | Description of Securities | September 30, 2023 | | | | | | Description of Securities | March 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | | Less Than 12 Months | | | | 12 Months or More | | | Total | | Less Than 12 Months | | 12 Months or More | | Total | |
| | | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-sale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available for sale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury Securities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury Securities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury Securities | U.S. Treasury Securities | \$ 3,251 | \$ 44 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 3,251 | \$ 44 | | | | | | | | | |
| SBA Pools | SBA Pools | — | — | 4,506 | 712 | 4,506 | 712 | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal agencies | Federal agencies | — | — | 12,499 | 2,501 | 12,499 | 2,501 | | | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 3,456 | 145 | 122,999 | 42,262 | 126,455 | 42,407 | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-backed securities - GSE residential | Mortgage-backed securities - GSE residential | 5,811 | 240 | 102,547 | 26,933 | 108,358 | 27,173 | | | | | | | | | |
| Corporate obligations | Corporate obligations | — | — | 8,735 | 2,765 | 8,735 | 2,765 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total available-for-sale | | 12,518 | 429 | 251,286 | 75,173 | 263,804 | 75,602 | | | | | | | | | |
| Total available for sale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Held-to-maturity | | | | | | | |
| Held to maturity | | | | | | | |
| Held to maturity | | | | | | | |
| Held to maturity | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 2,178 | 78 | 2,419 | 174 | 4,597 | 252 |
| Total impaired securities | | <u>\$14,696</u> | <u>\$ 507</u> | <u>\$253,705</u> | <u>\$ 75,347</u> | <u>\$268,401</u> | <u>\$ 75,854</u> |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |

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| Description of Securities | Description of Securities | December 31, 2022 | | | | | | Description of Securities | December 31, 2023 | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | | Less Than 12 Months | | 12 Months or More | | Total | | | Less Than 12 Months | | 12 Months or More | | Total | |
| | | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses |
| Available-for-sale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available for sale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 3,460 | \$ 27 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 3,460 | \$ 27 | | | | | | | |
| SBA Pools | SBA Pools | 1,237 | 145 | 4,234 | 489 | 5,471 | 634 | | | | | | | |
| Federal agencies | Federal agencies | — | — | 12,648 | 2,352 | 12,648 | 2,352 | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 76,986 | 11,825 | 59,257 | 22,632 | 136,243 | 34,457 | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-backed securities - GSE residential | Mortgage-backed securities - GSE residential | 32,446 | 3,440 | 83,537 | 20,204 | 115,983 | 23,644 | | | | | | | |
| Corporate obligations | Corporate obligations | 7,044 | 1,456 | 2,589 | 411 | 9,633 | 1,867 | | | | | | | |
| Total available-for-sale | | 121,173 | 16,893 | 162,265 | 46,088 | 283,438 | 62,981 | | | | | | | |
| Total available for sale | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Held-to-maturity | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Held to maturity | | | | | | | |
| Held to maturity | | | | | | | |
| Held to maturity | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | | | | | | | |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 4,995 | 108 | 413 | 4 | 5,408 | 112 |
| Total impaired securities | | \$126,168 | \$ 17,001 | \$162,678 | \$ 46,092 | \$288,846 | \$ 63,093 |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | |

Federal Agency Obligations. The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in direct obligations of U.S. federal agencies were caused by interest rate changes. The contractual terms of those investments do not permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the amortized cost basis of the investments. The Company does not intend to sell the investments and it is not more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be maturity.

SBA Pools and Mortgage-Backed Securities - GSE Residential. The unrealized losses on the Company's investment in mortgage-backed securities and SBA pools were caused by interest rate changes, changes and illiquidity. The Company expects to recover the amortized cost basis over the term of the securities. The decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and the quality. The Company does not intend to sell the securities. It securities and it is not more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be maturity.

State, Municipal, and Corporate Obligations. The unrealized losses on the Company's investments in securities of state, municipal, and corporate obligations were caused by interest rate changes. The contractual terms of those securities do not

permit the issuer to settle the securities at a price less than the amortized cost basis of the investments. The Company does not intend to sell the securities and it is not more likely than not the Company will be required to sell the securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be maturity.

The Company expects the fair value of the securities as described above to recover as the securities approach their maturity or reset date.

Note 4: Loans, Leases and Allowance

The following table shows the composition of the loan and lease portfolio at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

| March 31, 2024 | | March 31, 2024 | | December 31, 2023 | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | | |
| Commercial mortgage | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | Commercial mortgage | \$ 345,714 | \$ 298,087 | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| Commercial and industrial | Commercial and industrial | 111,450 | 100,420 |
| Construction and development | Construction and development | 140,651 | 139,923 |
| Multi-family | Multi-family | 135,409 | 124,914 |
| Residential mortgage | Residential mortgage | 160,488 | 146,129 |
| Home equity lines of credit | Home equity lines of credit | 10,776 | 11,010 |
| Direct financing leases | Direct financing leases | 154,520 | 133,469 |
| Consumer | Consumer | 24,176 | 21,048 |
| | | <u>1,083,184</u> | <u>975,000</u> |
| | | 1,139,545 | |
| Less | Less | | |
| | Allowance for credit losses on loans and leases | | |
| | Allowance for credit losses on loans and leases | | |
| Allowance for credit losses on loans and leases | Allowance for credit losses on loans and leases | 15,496 | 12,413 |
| Deferred loan fees | Deferred loan fees | 796 | 896 |
| | | <u>\$1,066,892</u> | <u>\$ 961,691</u> |
| | | \$ | |
| | | = | |
| | | \$ | |
| | | = | |
| | | \$ | |
| | | = | |

The Company rates all loans and leases by credit quality using the following designations:

Grade 1 – Exceptional

Exceptional loans and leases are top-quality loans to individuals whose financial credentials are well known to the Company. These loans and leases have excellent sources of repayment, are well documented and/or virtually free of risk (i.e., CD secured loans).

Grade 2 – Quality Loans and Leases

These loans and leases have excellent sources of repayment with no identifiable risk of collection, and they conform in all respects to Company policy and IDFI and FDIC regulations. Documentation exceptions are minimal or are in the process of being corrected and are not of a type that could subsequently expose the Company to risk of loss.

Grade 3 – Acceptable Loans

This category is for “average” quality loans and leases. These loans and leases have adequate sources of repayment with little identifiable risk of collection and they conform to Company policy and IDFI/FDIC regulations.

Grade 4 – Acceptable but Monitored

Loans and leases in this category may have a greater than average risk due to financial weakness or uncertainty but do not appear to require classification as special mention or substandard loans. Loans and leases rated “4” need to be monitored on a regular basis to ascertain that the reasons for placing them in this category do not advance or worsen.

Grade 5 – Special Mention

Loans and leases in this category have potential weaknesses that deserve management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or lease or in the Company's credit position at some future date. Special Mention loans and leases are not adversely classified and do not expose the Company to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification. This special mention rating is designed to identify a specific level of risk and concern about an asset's quality. Although a special mention loan or lease has a higher probability of default than a pass rated loan or lease, its default is not imminent.

Grade 6 – Substandard

Loans and leases in this category are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans and leases so classified must have a well-defined weakness, or weaknesses, that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Company will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Substandard loans and leases have a high probability of payment default, or they have other well-defined weaknesses. Such loans and leases have a distinct potential for loss; however, an individual loan's or lease's potential for loss does not have to be distinct for the loan or lease to be rated substandard.

The following are examples of situations that might cause a loan or lease to be graded a "6":

- Cash flow deficiencies (losses) jeopardize future loan or lease payments.
- Sale of non-collateral assets has become a primary source of loan or lease repayment.
- The relationship has deteriorated to the point that sale of collateral is now the Company's primary source of repayment, unless this was the original source of loan or lease repayment.
- The borrower is bankrupt or for any other reason future repayment is dependent on court action.

Grade 7 – Doubtful

A loan or lease classified as doubtful has all the weaknesses inherent in one classified substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of current existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable. A doubtful loan or lease has a high probability of total or substantial loss. Doubtful borrowers are usually in default, lack adequate liquidity or capital, and lack the resources necessary to remain an operating entity. Because of high probability of loss, nonaccrual accounting treatment will be required for doubtful loans and leases.

Grade 8 – Loss

Loans and leases classified loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance as bankable assets is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the loan or lease has absolutely no recovery or salvage value, but rather that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off the loan or lease even though partial recovery may be effected in the future.

No material changes have been made to the risk characteristics discussed above contained in the Company's 2022 2023 Form 10-K.

The following tables present the credit risk profile of the Company's loan and lease portfolio based on rating category, payment activity, and origination year as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and rating category as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

| 2024 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | Prior | Revolving loans amortized cost basis | Total |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|
|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------|

| | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | Prior | Revolving loans amortized cost basis | Total |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|------------|
| As of September 30, 2023: | | | | | | | | | |
| As of March 31, 2024: | | | | | | | | | |
| As of March 31, 2024: | | | | | | | | | |
| As of March 31, 2024: | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | Commercial mortgage | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | \$ 29,817 | \$ 82,657 | \$ 70,570 | \$ 38,397 | \$ 46,265 | \$ 64,276 | \$ 12,326 | \$ 344,308 |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Special Mention | | | | | | | | | |
| Substandard | Substandard | — | — | — | — | — | 1,406 | — | 1,406 |
| Total Commercial mortgage | Total Commercial mortgage | 29,817 | 82,657 | 70,570 | 38,397 | 46,265 | 65,682 | 12,326 | 345,714 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | Commercial and industrial | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | 31,311 | 12,682 | 13,998 | 5,493 | 1,856 | 10,586 | 29,706 | 105,632 |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Substandard | | | | | | | | | |
| Substandard | | | | | | | | | |
| Substandard | Substandard | — | 26 | 109 | 20 | — | 873 | 4,790 | 5,818 |
| Total Commercial and industrial | Total Commercial and industrial | 31,311 | 12,708 | 14,107 | 5,513 | 1,856 | 11,459 | 34,496 | 111,450 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | — | 58 | — | — | — | — | — | 58 |
| Construction and development | Construction and development | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | 19,024 | 49,700 | 26,536 | 70 | 116 | 920 | 39,385 | 135,751 |
| Substandard | Substandard | — | — | — | — | 4,900 | — | — | 4,900 |
| Total Construction and development | Total Construction and development | 19,024 | 49,700 | 26,536 | 70 | 5,016 | 920 | 39,385 | 140,651 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Multi-family | Multi-family | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------|
| Pass | Pass | 3,853 | 38,772 | 34,357 | 6,429 | 7,356 | 18,547 | 26,095 | 135,409 |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Special | | | | | | | | | |
| Mention | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Multi-family | Total Multi-family | 3,853 | 38,772 | 34,357 | 6,429 | 7,356 | 18,547 | 26,095 | 135,409 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Residential mortgage | Residential mortgage | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | 26,491 | 32,380 | 35,722 | 17,940 | 9,284 | 37,092 | 83 | 158,992 |
| Substandard | Substandard | — | — | — | — | 149 | 1,347 | — | 1,496 |
| Total Residential mortgage | Total Residential mortgage | 26,491 | 32,380 | 35,722 | 17,940 | 9,433 | 38,439 | 83 | 160,488 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Home equity | Home equity | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | — | — | 287 | — | — | — | 10,451 | 10,738 |
| Substandard | Substandard | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38 | 38 |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Home equity lines of credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Home equity lines of credit | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Home equity lines of credit | Total Home equity lines of credit | — | — | 287 | — | — | — | 10,489 | 10,776 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Direct financing leases | Direct financing leases | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | 61,984 | 46,337 | 28,566 | 12,392 | 4,178 | 818 | — | 154,275 |
| Substandard | Substandard | — | 127 | 26 | 89 | — | — | — | 242 |
| Doubtful | Doubtful | — | — | — | — | 3 | — | — | 3 |
| Total Direct financing leases | Total Direct financing leases | 61,984 | 46,464 | 28,592 | 12,481 | 4,181 | 818 | — | 154,520 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | Current period gross charge-offs | 16 | 113 | 386 | 66 | — | 1 | — | 582 |
| Consumer | Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | Pass | 9,194 | 9,039 | 4,197 | 952 | 458 | 313 | — | 24,153 |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | | | | | | | | | |

| Substandard | Substandard | — | — | 5 | 2 | 6 | 10 | — | 23 |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| Total | Total | | | | | | | | |
| Consumer | Consumer | 9,194 | 9,039 | 4,202 | 954 | 464 | 323 | — | 24,176 |
| Current | Current | | | | | | | | |
| period gross | period gross | | | | | | | | |
| charge-offs | charge-offs | 25 | 45 | 53 | 22 | 2 | — | — | 147 |
| Total | Total | | | | | | | | |
| Loans and | Loans and | | | | | | | | |
| Leases | Leases | \$181,674 | \$271,720 | \$214,373 | \$81,784 | \$74,571 | \$136,188 | \$122,874 | \$1,083,184 |
| Total Loans and Leases | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Loans and Leases | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | Total | | | | | | | | |
| current | current | | | | | | | | |
| period | period | | | | | | | | |
| gross | gross | | | | | | | | |
| charge-offs | charge-offs | \$ 41 | \$ 216 | \$ 439 | \$ 88 | \$ 2 | \$ 1 | \$ — | \$ 787 |

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| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | Prior | Revolving loans amortized cost basis | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|------------|
| As of December 31, 2023: | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | \$ 31,795 | \$ 83,567 | \$ 69,863 | \$ 33,226 | \$ 45,746 | \$ 60,563 | \$ 11,495 | \$ 336,255 |
| Special Mention | — | — | — | 4,850 | — | — | — | 4,850 |
| Substandard | — | — | — | — | — | 528 | — | 528 |
| Total Commercial mortgage | 31,795 | 83,567 | 69,863 | 38,076 | 45,746 | 61,091 | 11,495 | 341,633 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Commercial and industrial | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | 38,721 | 13,509 | 13,390 | 4,348 | 1,727 | 9,430 | 30,287 | 111,412 |
| Substandard | — | — | — | 10 | — | 138 | 3,868 | 4,016 |
| Total Commercial and industrial | 38,721 | 13,509 | 13,390 | 4,358 | 1,727 | 9,568 | 34,155 | 115,428 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | — | 58 | — | — | — | — | — | 58 |
| Construction and development | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | 36,868 | 81,715 | 30,383 | 2,981 | 111 | 847 | — | 152,905 |
| Substandard | — | — | — | — | 4,900 | — | — | 4,900 |
| Total Construction and development | 36,868 | 81,715 | 30,383 | 2,981 | 5,011 | 847 | — | 157,805 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Multi-family | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | 4,443 | 39,271 | 37,422 | 6,383 | 7,291 | 18,400 | 25,547 | 138,757 |
| Total Multi-family | 4,443 | 39,271 | 37,422 | 6,383 | 7,291 | 18,400 | 25,547 | 138,757 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Residential mortgage | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | 31,352 | 31,447 | 35,174 | 17,651 | 8,812 | 36,118 | 216 | 160,770 |
| Substandard | — | — | — | — | 92 | 1,261 | — | 1,353 |
| Total Residential mortgage | 31,352 | 31,447 | 35,174 | 17,651 | 8,904 | 37,379 | 216 | 162,123 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|--------------|
| Home equity | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | — | — | 282 | — | — | — | 10,597 | 10,879 |
| Substandard | — | — | — | — | — | — | 25 | 25 |
| Total Home equity lines of credit | — | — | 282 | — | — | — | 10,622 | 10,904 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Direct financing leases | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | 76,018 | 41,838 | 24,675 | 10,264 | 2,895 | 462 | — | 156,152 |
| Substandard | 80 | 184 | 80 | 21 | — | — | — | 365 |
| Doubtful | 79 | — | — | — | 2 | — | — | 81 |
| Total Direct financing leases | 76,177 | 42,022 | 24,755 | 10,285 | 2,897 | 462 | — | 156,598 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | 105 | 276 | 459 | 85 | 11 | 1 | — | 937 |
| Consumer | | | | | | | | |
| Pass | 9,775 | 8,223 | 3,713 | 840 | 358 | 279 | — | 23,188 |
| Substandard | 35 | 17 | 15 | — | 9 | — | — | 76 |
| Total Consumer | 9,810 | 8,240 | 3,728 | 840 | 367 | 279 | — | 23,264 |
| Current period gross charge-offs | 39 | 69 | 75 | 25 | 7 | — | — | 215 |
| Total Loans and Leases | \$ 229,166 | \$ 299,771 | \$ 214,997 | \$ 80,574 | \$ 71,943 | \$ 128,026 | \$ 82,035 | \$ 1,106,512 |
| Total current period gross charge-offs | \$ 144 | \$ 403 | \$ 534 | \$ 110 | \$ 18 | \$ 1 | \$ — | \$ 1,210 |

For the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2023**, the Company did not have any revolving loans convert to term loans.

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| | Pass | Special Mention | Substandard | Doubtful | Loss | Total |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|------|------------|
| As of December 31, 2022: | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 296,253 | \$ 1,277 | \$ 557 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 298,087 |
| Commercial and industrial | 92,620 | 2,605 | 5,195 | — | — | 100,420 |
| Construction and development | 135,023 | — | 4,900 | — | — | 139,923 |
| Multi-family | 124,914 | — | — | — | — | 124,914 |
| Residential mortgage | 144,190 | — | 1,939 | — | — | 146,129 |
| Home equity | 10,958 | — | 52 | — | — | 11,010 |
| Direct financing leases | 133,254 | 152 | 34 | 29 | — | 133,469 |
| Consumer | 21,015 | — | 33 | — | — | 21,048 |
| Total | \$ 958,227 | \$ 4,034 | \$ 12,710 | \$ 29 | \$ — | \$ 975,000 |

The following tables present the Company's loan and lease portfolio aging analysis of the recorded investment in loans and leases as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**:

| March 31, 2024 | | March 31, 2024 | | March 31, 2024 | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------------------|---------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Delinquent Loans and Leases | | Delinquent Loans and Leases | | Total | Total Loans and Leases |
| 30-59 Days | Past Due | | Current | Portfolio Loans and Leases | > 90 Days Accruing |
| September 30, 2023 | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| Residential mortgage | Residential mortgage | 272 | 129 | 1,938 | 2,339 | 143,790 | 146,129 | 1,825 |
| Home equity | Home equity | — | — | 30 | 30 | 10,980 | 11,010 | 30 |
| Direct financing leases | Direct financing leases | 204 | 25 | — | 229 | 133,240 | 133,469 | — |
| Consumer | Consumer | 171 | 59 | 33 | 263 | 20,785 | 21,048 | 33 |
| Totals | Totals | \$673 | \$213 | \$9,103 | \$9,989 | \$965,011 | \$975,000 | \$ 3,173 |
| Totals | | | | | | | | |
| Totals | | | | | | | | |

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The following table presents information on the Company's nonaccrual loans and leases at [September 30, 2023](#) [March 31, 2024](#), and at [December 31, 2022](#) [December 31, 2023](#):

| | | September 30, 2023 | | December 31, 2022 | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------|--|--|
| | | Nonaccrual loans and leases without an allowance for credit losses | | Nonaccrual loans and leases | |
| | | March 31, 2024 | | March 31, 2024 | |
| | | Nonaccrual loans and leases | | Nonaccrual loans and leases without an allowance for credit losses | |
| | | December 31, 2023 | | Nonaccrual loans and leases without an allowance for credit losses | |
| Commercial and industrial | Commercial and industrial | \$ 1,305 | \$ 1,263 | \$ 961 | |
| Construction | | 4,900 | — | 4,900 | |
| Commercial and industrial | | | | | |
| Commercial and industrial | | | | | |
| Construction and development | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage | Residential mortgage | 107 | 107 | 113 | |
| Direct financing leases | Direct financing leases | 3 | 3 | 29 | |
| Total nonaccrual loans and leases | Total nonaccrual loans and leases | \$ 6,315 | \$ 1,373 | \$ 6,003 | |

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$12,000, \$1,000 and \$15,000, respectively, \$42,000 of interest income on nonaccrual loans and leases, respectively.

The following table presents the Company's amortized cost basis of collateral dependent loans, and their respective collateral type, which are individually analyzed to determine expected credit losses:

| | September 30, 2023 | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Amortized Cost Basis | Allowance on Collateral Dependent Loans |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 2,239 | \$ — |
| Commercial and industrial | 4,919 | — |
| Construction | 4,900 | 750 |
| Residential mortgage | 158 | — |
| Total | \$ 12,216 | \$ 750 |

losses as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

| | March 31, 2024 | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|---|
| | Commercial Real Estate | | Residential Real Estate | | Total | |
| | Estate | Multi-family Housing | Estate | Other | | Allowance on Collateral Dependent Loans |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 5,334 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5,334 | \$ — |
| Commercial and industrial | — | — | — | 4,271 | 4,271 | — |
| Construction and development | 4,900 | — | — | — | 4,900 | 1,000 |
| Multi-family | — | 1,538 | — | — | 1,538 | — |
| Residential mortgage | — | — | 151 | — | 151 | — |
| Total | \$ 10,234 | \$ 1,538 | \$ 151 | \$ 4,271 | \$ 16,194 | \$ 1,000 |

| | December 31, 2023 | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | | Allowance on Collateral | |
| | Commercial Real Estate | Residential Real Estate | Other | Total | Dependent Loans | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 5,377 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5,377 | \$ — | |
| Commercial and industrial | — | — | 3,868 | 3,868 | — | |
| Construction and development | 4,900 | — | — | 4,900 | 1,000 | |
| Residential mortgage | — | 152 | — | 152 | — | |
| Total | \$ 10,277 | \$ 152 | \$ 3,868 | \$ 14,297 | \$ 1,000 | |

Loan Modification Disclosures under ASU 2022-02

In certain situations, the Company may modify the terms of a loan to a borrower experiencing financial difficulty. These modifications may include payment delays, term extensions, or interest-rate reductions. In some cases, combinations of modifications may be made to the same loan. If a determination is made that a modified loan has been deemed uncollectible, the loan (or portion of the loan) is charged-off, reducing the amortized cost basis of the loan and adjusting the allowance for credit losses. During the three months ended September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had no new modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.

There were no modified loans and leases that had a payment default during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and 2023 and were modified in the twelve months prior to that default to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.

Troubled Debt Restructuring (TDR) Disclosures Prior to the Adoption of ASU 2022-02

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, there were no newly classified TDRs. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company recorded no charge-offs related to TDRs. As of December 31, 2022, TDRs had a related allowance of \$0. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, there were no TDRs for which there was a payment default within the first 12 months of the modification.

Other Real Estate Owned

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At September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, the balance of real estate owned included \$636,000, \$82,000 and \$57,000, \$136,000, respectively, of foreclosed residential real estate properties recorded as a result of obtaining physical possession of the property. At September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023, the recorded investment in consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings were in process was \$383,000, \$465,000 and \$1,071,000, \$470,000, respectively.

Direct Financing Leases

The following lists the components of the net investment in direct financing leases:

| | | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|---|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
| Total minimum lease payments to be received | Total minimum lease payments to be received | \$ 174,318 | \$ 147,520 |
| Total minimum lease payments to be received | Total minimum lease payments to be received | | |
| Initial direct costs | Initial direct costs | 9,790 | 8,058 |
| | | 184,108 | 155,578 |
| | | 182,924 | |
| Less: Unearned income | Less: Unearned income | (29,588) | (22,109) |
| Net investment in direct finance leases | Net investment in direct finance leases | \$ 154,520 | \$ 133,469 |
| Net investment in direct finance leases | Net investment in direct finance leases | | |

The following table summarizes the future minimum lease payments receivable subsequent to September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024:

| | | |
|-------------------|----|--------|
| Remainder of 2023 | \$ | 17,006 |
| 2024 | | 59,545 |
| Remainder of 2024 | | |

| | | |
|------------|------------|---------|
| 2025 | 2025 | 45,447 |
| 2026 | 2026 | 30,731 |
| 2027 | 2027 | 16,849 |
| 2028 | | |
| Thereafter | Thereafter | 4,740 |
| | \$ | 174,318 |
| | \$ | |
| | \$ | |
| | \$ | |
| | \$ | |

Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans and Leases

The allowance for credit losses on loans and leases is established for current expected credit losses on the Company's loan and lease portfolios in accordance with ASC Topic 326. This requires significant judgement to estimate credit losses measured on a collective pool basis when similar risk characteristics exist, and for loans evaluated individually. The company Company estimates expected future losses for the loan's entire contractual term, taking into account expected payments when appropriate. The allowance is an estimation based on management's evaluation of expected losses related to the Company's financial assets measured at amortized cost. It considers relevant available information from internal and external sources relating to the

historical loss experience, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts for the Company's outstanding loan and lease balances.

The Company utilizes a cash flow ("CF") analysis method of estimating expected losses, which relies on key inputs and assumptions. Significant factors affecting the calculation are the segmenting of loans and leases based upon similar risk characteristics, applied loss rates based upon reasonable and supportable forecasts, and contractual term adjustments, including prepayment and curtailment adjustments. To ensure the allowance is maintained at an adequate level, a detailed analysis is performed on a quarterly basis, with an appropriate provision made to adjust the allowance.

The Company has elected to exclude accrued interest receivable from the calculation of the allowance for credit losses, as it is the Company's policy to write off accrued interest in a timely manner as it is deemed uncollectible by reversing interest income.

The Company categorizes its loan portfolios into eight segments, as discussed above, based on similar risk characteristics. Loans within each segment are collectively evaluated using either a loss-rate CF methodology or remaining life methodology. When estimating for credit loss, the Company forecasts the first four quarters of the credit loss estimate and reverts to a long-run average of each considered factor. The Company developed its reasonable and supportable forecasts using economic data, such as gross domestic product and unemployment rate.

Qualitative adjustments are applied to each collectively segmented pool to appropriately capture differences in current or expected qualitative risk characteristics. When evaluating the estimation for expected credit losses, the Company evaluates these qualitative adjustments for any changes in:

- lending policies, procedures, and strategies;
- the nature and volume of the loan and lease portfolio;
- international, national, regional, and local conditions;
- the experience, depth, and ability of lending management;
- the volume and severity of past due loans;
- the quality of the loan review system;
- the underlying collateral;
- concentration risk; and
- the effect of other external factors.

The following tables summarize summarizes changes in the allowance for credit losses by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023; March 31, 2024 and 2023:

| | Balances, December 31, 2023 | | Provision (reversal) for credit losses | | Charge-offs | | Recoveries | | Balances, March 31, 2024 | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--|------|-------------|-------|------------|-----|--------------------------|--------|
| Commercial mortgage | \$ | 4,655 | \$ | (29) | \$ | — | \$ | — | \$ | 4,626 |
| Commercial and industrial | | 1,281 | | 48 | | — | | 61 | | 1,390 |
| Construction and development | | 3,883 | | 17 | | — | | — | | 3,900 |
| Multi-family | | 1,789 | | 117 | | — | | — | | 1,906 |
| Residential mortgage | | 1,681 | | 45 | | (10) | | 4 | | 1,720 |
| Home equity | | 102 | | 11 | | — | | — | | 113 |
| Direct financing leases | | 1,955 | | 246 | | (357) | | 24 | | 1,868 |
| Consumer | | 317 | | 31 | | (72) | | 26 | | 302 |
| Total | \$ | 15,663 | \$ | 486 | \$ | (439) | \$ | 115 | \$ | 15,825 |

| | Balances, June 30, 2023 | | Provision (reversal) for credit losses | | Charge-offs | | Recoveries | | Balances, September 30, 2023 | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|-------------|------------|------------|-------|------------------------------|--------|
| Commercial mortgage | \$ | 4,963 | \$ | 215 | \$ | — | \$ | — | \$ | 5,178 |
| Commercial and industrial | | 1,623 | | (307) | | (58) | | 18 | | 1,276 |
| Construction and development | Balances, December 31, 2022 | Impact of adopting ASC 326 | 2023 Post-ASC 326 adoption | Provision (reversal) for credit losses | Charge-offs | Recoveries | | | Balances, September 30, 2023 | |
| Multi-family | | 1,981 | | (37) | | — | | — | | 1,944 |
| Residential mortgage | | 1,623 | | (11) | | — | | 11 | | 1,623 |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ | 4,776 | \$ | (395) | \$ | 4,381 | \$ | 784 | \$ | 5,178 |
| Commercial and industrial | | 1,291 | | 360 | | 1,651 | | (358) | | 1,276 |
| Construction and development | | 2,855 | | 784 | | 3,639 | | (395) | | 1,792 |
| Multi-family | | 1,955 | | (99) | | 1,856 | | 88 | | 1,944 |
| Residential mortgage | | 76 | | 1,439 | | 1,515 | | 75 | | 15,626 |
| Home equity | | 23 | | 89 | | 112 | | (12) | | 100 |
| Direct financing leases | | 1,196 | | 422 | | 1,618 | | 537 | | 1,792 |
| Consumer | | 241 | | 64 | | 305 | | 136 | | 339 |
| Total | \$ | 12,413 | \$ | 2,664 | \$ | 15,077 | \$ | 855 | \$ | 15,496 |

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| | Balances, January 1, | | | | | | | | Balances, March 31, | | | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|------|-------|---------------------|-------|----|-----|----|--------|
| | Balances, December | Impact of adopting | 2023 Post-ASC 326 | Provision (reversal) | Charge-offs | Recoveries | 2023 | | | | | | | |
| | 31, 2022 | ASC 326 | adoption | for credit losses | | | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ | 4,776 | \$ | (395) | \$ | 4,381 | \$ | 337 | \$ | — | \$ | 10 | \$ | 4,728 |
| Commercial and industrial | | 1,291 | | 360 | | 1,651 | | (125) | | — | | 12 | | 1,538 |
| Construction and development | | 2,855 | | 784 | | 3,639 | | (164) | | — | | — | | 3,475 |
| Multi-family | | 1,955 | | (99) | | 1,856 | | 111 | | — | | — | | 1,967 |
| Residential mortgage | | 76 | | 1,439 | | 1,515 | | 71 | | — | | 10 | | 1,596 |
| Home equity | | 23 | | 89 | | 112 | | — | | — | | — | | 112 |
| Direct financing leases | | 1,196 | | 422 | | 1,618 | | 68 | | (85) | | 164 | | 1,765 |
| Consumer | | 241 | | 64 | | 305 | | 42 | | (44) | | 11 | | 314 |
| Total | \$ | 12,413 | \$ | 2,664 | \$ | 15,077 | \$ | 340 | \$ | (129) | \$ | 207 | \$ | 15,495 |

During the **third first** quarter of **2023, 2024**, the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases increased from **\$15.4** **\$15.7** million at **June 30, 2023** **December 31, 2023**, to **\$15.5** **\$15.8** million at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. The increase was attributable to additional provisions totaling **\$404,000** **\$486,000** during the **third first** quarter of **2023, 2024**, partially offset by net charge-offs of **\$299,000** **\$324,000**. Multiple loan categories experienced loan growth, while a few declined slightly. **The commercial mortgage portfolio increased due to commercial construction loans being completed and termed out to permanent financing. The construction and development category increased as loans under construction were funded during the construction process, increasing the total balance in this segment. Consumer loans increased in both outstanding balance and allowance. Commercial and industrial loans and multi-family loans decreased in outstanding balances, contributing to a decrease in the allowance of those respective portfolios.**

- Commercial Mortgage – allowance ~~increased~~ decreased due to loan balances ~~increasing \$4.2 million, owner-occupied and nonowner-occupied.~~ decreasing \$3.2 million.
- Commercial & Industrial – allowance ~~decreased~~ increased due to loan balances ~~decreasing \$2.7 million, with net charge-offs totaling \$40,000.~~ increasing \$8.2 million.
- Construction & Development – allowance increased due to loan balances increasing ~~\$23.6~~ \$7.3 million.
- Multi-Family – allowance ~~decreased~~ increased due to loan balances ~~decreasing \$6.1~~ increasing \$15.0 million.
- Residential Mortgage – ~~no change~~ allowance increased due to allowance. balances increasing \$8.9 million.
- Home Equity – allowance ~~decreased slightly, while~~ increased due to balances ~~increased \$284,000.~~ increasing \$1.2 million.
- Direct Financing Leases – allowance decreased ~~while balances increased \$2.3 million, due to a lower calculated reserve percentage.~~ Net charge-offs totaled ~~\$206,000.~~ balances decreasing \$4.1 million.

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- Consumer – allowance ~~increased slightly~~ decreased due to balances decreasing \$260,000.

Although the Company has a diversified loan balances increasing \$1.5 million with net charge-offs totaling \$64,000, and lease portfolio, our commercial loan portfolio, consisting of commercial and multi-family real estate loans, commercial and industrial loans, and construction loans, represents 68.5% and 68.1% of our portfolio as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The allowance for credit losses on loans and leases allocated to the commercial loan portfolio represents 74.7% and 74.1% of our total allowance at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Economic Outlook

Due to the future-focused nature of the calculation for the allowance for credit losses, management must make significant assumptions. Estimating an appropriate allowance requires management to use relevant forward-looking information drawn from reasonable and supportable forecasts. Economic factors are a consequential part of these forecasts, and as such are evaluated periodically for developments that may impact the Company's allowance for credit losses and loan and lease portfolio.

As of ~~September 30, 2023~~ March 31, 2024, the ~~most significant~~ primary economic factors ~~continuing to affect~~ affecting the Company's loan portfolio ~~are~~ continue to be persistent inflation, higher interest rates, ~~a weakened geopolitical risk,~~ mild economic growth, and unemployment outlook, increased geopolitical risk, and stock market volatility, ~~a weakened employment outlook.~~ These key factors ~~are impacting and~~ will continue to ~~adversely impact~~ influence the Company's ~~Company's~~ loan and lease portfolio for the remainder of 2023 and potentially into 2024.

~~Also, recent~~ near future. In addition, market liquidity ~~events continue~~ continues to add unpredictability into ~~impact~~ the economic environment and ~~the potential for tighter~~ could potentially further tighten credit ~~conditions could impact economic conditions in the future.~~ conditions.

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The Company remains committed to three growth market regions: Columbus, Ohio, Dayton/Springfield, Ohio, and Indianapolis, Indiana. ~~As high-growth areas, these~~ These market regions specialize in commercial real estate loans, ~~Their and their~~ respective forecasts are described below:

- Columbus, Ohio – ~~This~~ The market region ~~is forecasting estimated~~ anticipates stable job growth ~~to be lower for the remainder~~ in 2024, with slight increases projected in certain sectors. Construction activity is showing signs of 2023, ~~however job growth is expected to exceed~~ slowing, as speculative projects are not being pre-leased, prompting greater caution in initiating new developments. The majority of new construction projects are built-to-suit, indicating a softening demand as parties exercise prudence amid economic uncertainties. The region's unemployment rate has seen a slight uptick, aligning with the national average and most other market region averages. ~~Although the forecasted unemployment rate for the region has slightly increased, the region still remains slightly below the national unemployment rate estimate,~~ average.
- Dayton/Springfield, Ohio – The economic outlook for this ~~market~~ region remains ~~positive, however flatter than~~ stable. With few new projects entering the ~~prior quarter.~~ ~~Although concerns~~ market and a lack of ongoing construction, the real estate sector appears to be in a holding pattern. However, there is a noticeable trend towards a decrease in the region's vacancy rate, suggesting potential shifts in demand patterns or better utilization of existing properties. Concerns about ~~a potential~~ recession are ~~still present,~~ diminishing, and the region continues to reflect one economic outlook for 2024 indicates a slow but steady positive trajectory.

The relationship between Wright Patterson Air Force Base (WPAFB) and the local market is deeply interconnected, influencing all aspects of the lowest unemployment rates in economy. The future economic prospects of the state, just above area are closely tied to WPAFB and the Columbus market region. success of the military, federal government, and defense industry. WPAFB is currently unveiling extensive plans to revamp and streamline processes across the Air Force and related sectors. These initiatives have the potential to significantly impact the economic trajectory of the local market.

- Indianapolis, Indiana – This Based upon optimistic first quarter 2024 economic results, the market region forecasts minimal is expecting continued economic growth for the remainder of 2023. The forecast estimates have been lowered in 2024. First quarter results were fueled primarily due to inflation, rising interest rates, by an expanding labor market, retail sales growth, and unemployment forecasts which are impacting economic growth. increasing median household incomes.

The Company's assumption of future Future potential economic slowdown could potentially volatility may have an adverse a significant impact on the Company's loan and lease portfolio, and specifically the allowance for credit losses in the near future; however, there losses. There are numerous a myriad of potential outcomes, and the variances could may be significant and volatile, unpredictable. As a result, the Company's Company's future estimates may vary fluctuate for the remainder of 2023 and beyond. 2024.

Allowance for Loan Losses under prior GAAP ("Incurred Loss Method")

Prior to the adoption of ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326) on January 1, 2023, the Company maintained an allowance for loan and lease losses in accordance with the Incurred Loss Method.

The following table summarizes changes in the allowance for loan and lease losses under the Incurred Loss Method by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022:

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| | Balance, beginning of period | Provision (reversal) for losses | Charge-offs | Recoveries | Balance, end of period |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|
| Three Months Ended September 30, 2022: | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 4,804 | \$ (36) | \$ — | \$ 7 | \$ 4,775 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,504 | (105) | — | 26 | 1,425 |
| Construction and development | 2,423 | 565 | — | — | 2,988 |
| Multi-family | 2,046 | (254) | — | — | 1,792 |
| Residential mortgage | 196 | 5 | (17) | 6 | 190 |
| Home equity | 34 | — | — | — | 34 |
| Leases | 1,139 | (59) | (105) | 112 | 1,087 |
| Consumer | 235 | 84 | (60) | 6 | 265 |
| Total | \$ 12,381 | \$ 200 | \$ (182) | \$ 157 | \$ 12,556 |

| | Balance, beginning of period | Provision (reversal) for losses | Charge-offs | Recoveries | Balance, end of period |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|
| Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022: | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 4,742 | \$ (15) | \$ — | \$ 48 | \$ 4,775 |
| Commercial and industrial | 1,639 | (277) | — | 63 | 1,425 |
| Construction and development | 2,286 | 702 | — | — | 2,988 |
| Multi-family | 1,875 | (83) | — | — | 1,792 |
| Residential mortgage | 263 | (81) | (17) | 25 | 190 |
| Home equity | 29 | 5 | — | — | 34 |
| Leases | 1,079 | 182 | (304) | 130 | 1,087 |
| Consumer | 195 | 167 | (114) | 17 | 265 |
| Total | \$ 12,108 | \$ 600 | \$ (435) | \$ 283 | \$ 12,556 |

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan and lease losses and the recorded investment in loans and leases based on portfolio segment and impairment method under the incurred loss method as of December 31, 2022:

| | Allowance for loan and lease losses: | | | Loans and leases: | | |
|---------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| | Individually evaluated for impairment | Collectively evaluated for impairment | Balance, December 31 | Individually evaluated for impairment | Collectively evaluated for impairment | Balance, December 31 |
| As of December 31, 2022: | | | | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ — | \$ 4,776 | \$ 4,776 | \$ — | \$ 298,087 | \$ 298,087 |
| Commercial and industrial | 281 | 1,010 | 1,291 | 961 | 99,459 | 100,420 |
| Construction and development | 750 | 2,105 | 2,855 | 4,900 | 135,023 | 139,923 |
| Multi-family | — | 1,955 | 1,955 | — | 124,914 | 124,914 |
| Residential mortgage | — | 76 | 76 | 113 | 146,016 | 146,129 |
| Home equity | — | 23 | 23 | — | 11,010 | 11,010 |
| Leases | — | 1,196 | 1,196 | — | 133,469 | 133,469 |
| Consumer | — | 241 | 241 | — | 21,048 | 21,048 |
| Total | \$ 1,031 | \$ 11,382 | \$ 12,413 | \$ 5,974 | \$ 969,026 | \$ 975,000 |

The following table presents the Company's impaired loans and specific valuation allowance at December 31, 2022 under the Incurred Loss Method:

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| | December 31, 2022 | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Recorded Balance | Unpaid Principal Balance | Specific Allowance |
| Impaired loans without a specific valuation allowance | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ — | \$ 59 | \$ — |
| Commercial and industrial | 366 | 567 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 113 | 241 | — |
| | <u>\$ 479</u> | <u>\$ 867</u> | <u>\$ —</u> |
| Impaired loans with a specific valuation allowance | | | |
| Commercial and industrial | \$ 595 | \$ 643 | \$ 281 |
| Construction and development | 4,900 | 4,900 | 750 |
| | <u>\$ 5,495</u> | <u>\$ 5,543</u> | <u>\$ 1,031</u> |
| Total impaired loans | | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ — | \$ 59 | \$ — |
| Commercial and industrial | 961 | 1,210 | 281 |
| Construction and development | 4,900 | 4,900 | 750 |
| Residential mortgage | 113 | 241 | — |
| Total impaired loans | <u>\$ 5,974</u> | <u>\$ 6,410</u> | <u>\$ 1,031</u> |

The following table presents the Company's average investment in impaired loans and leases, and interest income recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 under the incurred loss method:

| | Average Investment in Impaired Loans and Leases | Interest Income Recognized |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Three Months Ended September 30, 2022: | | |
| Total impaired loans | | |
| Commercial and industrial | \$ 967 | \$ 6 |
| Construction and development | 4,900 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 115 | 1 |
| Total impaired loans and leases | <u>\$ 5,982</u> | <u>\$ 7</u> |

| | Average Investment in Impaired Loans and Leases | Interest Income Recognized |
|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022: | | |
| Total impaired loans | | |
| Commercial mortgage | \$ 61 | \$ 12 |
| Commercial and industrial | 976 | 18 |
| Construction and development | 4,900 | — |
| Residential mortgage | 117 | 3 |
| Total impaired loans and leases | <u>\$ 6,054</u> | <u>\$ 33</u> |

Allowance for Credit Losses on Unfunded Commitments

The allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments is included in other liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The estimate of expected losses on unfunded commitments is calculated based on the loss rate for the loan or lease segment in which the loan or lease commitments would be classified if funded, adjusted for the estimate of funding probability. Additional provisions applied to the allowance are recognized in the provision for credit losses on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following table details activity in the allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023: March 31, 2024 and 2023:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 |
|---|--|
| Balance, June 30, 2023 | \$ 2,101 |
| Recovery of provision for credit losses | (354) |
| Balance, September 30, 2023 | <u>\$ 1,747</u> |
| | |
| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 |
| Balance, December 31, 2022 | \$ — |
| Impact of adopting ASC 326 | 2,374 |
| Recovery of provision for credit losses | (627) |
| Balance, September 30, 2023 | <u>\$ 1,747</u> |

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 1,642 | \$ — |
| Impact of adopting ASC 326 | — | 2,374 |
| Provision (reversal) for credit losses | (303) | (170) |
| Ending balance | <u>\$ 1,339</u> | <u>\$ 2,204</u> |

Note 5: Fair Value of Financial Instruments

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Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

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Recurring Measurements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at September 30, 2023, March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022, December 31, 2023:

| Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Fair Value | | Fair Value | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | | | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | | | |
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | | | | | |
| | | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | | | | | |
| | | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | | | | | |
| | Fair Value | Assets (Level 1) | Inputs (Level 2) | Inputs (Level 3) | | | |
| September 30, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-sale securities | | | | | | | |
| March 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|----------|------------|------|--|
| March 31, 2024 | | | | | | |
| March 31, 2024 | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | U.S. Treasury securities | \$ 3,251 | \$ 3,251 | \$ — | \$ — | |
| SBA Pools | SBA Pools | 4,931 | — | 4,931 | — | |
| Federal agencies | Federal agencies | 12,499 | — | 12,499 | — | |
| State and municipal obligations | State and municipal obligations | 126,455 | — | 126,455 | — | |
| Mortgage-backed securities - GSE residential | Mortgage-backed securities - GSE residential | 108,358 | — | 108,358 | — | |
| Corporate obligations | Corporate obligations | 8,735 | — | 8,735 | — | |
| | | \$264,229 | \$ 3,251 | \$ 260,978 | \$ — | |
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| Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|--|--|---|---|
| Fair Value | | Fair Value | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| | | | | | | |
| | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | | |
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The following table presents the fair value measurement of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2022. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

| | Fair Value | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|---|
| | | Quoted Prices | | | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| | | in Active Markets for | | Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | |
| | | Identical Assets (Level 1) | | | |
| | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | |
| Impaired loans, collateral-dependent | \$ 314 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 314 | |
| Mortgage-servicing rights | 2,012 | — | — | 2,012 | |

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. For assets classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the process used to develop the reported fair value is described below.

Collateral-Dependent Loans, Net of Allowance for Credit Losses

The estimated fair value of collateral-dependent loans is based on the appraised fair value of the collateral, less estimated cost to sell. Collateral-dependent loans are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company considers the appraisal or evaluation as the starting point for determining fair value and then considers other factors and events in the environment that may affect the fair value. Appraisals of the collateral underlying collateral-dependent loans are obtained when the loan is determined to be collateral-dependent and subsequently as deemed necessary by management. Appraisals are reviewed for accuracy and consistency by management. Appraisers are selected from the list of approved appraisers maintained by management. The appraised values are reduced by discounts to consider lack of marketability and estimated cost to sell if repayment or satisfaction of the loan is dependent on the sale of the collateral. These discounts and estimates are developed by management by comparison to historical results.

Mortgage-Servicing Rights

Mortgage-servicing rights do not trade in an active, open market with readily observable prices. Accordingly, fair value is estimated using discounted cash flow models having significant inputs of discount rate, prepayment speed and default rate. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, mortgage-servicing rights are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Mortgage-servicing rights are tested for impairment on a quarterly basis based on an independent valuation. The valuation is reviewed by management for accuracy and for potential impairment.

Unobservable (Level 3) Inputs

The following table presents the fair value measurement of assets recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2022. As of September 30, 2023, there were no assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

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| | Fair Value at December 31, 2022 | | Valuation Technique | Unobservable Inputs | Range |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------------|------------------------|---------|
| | \$ | | | | |
| Impaired loans, collateral-dependent | \$ 314 | | Appraisal | Marketability discount | 0 - 42% |
| Mortgage-servicing rights | \$ 2,012 | | Discounted cash flow | Discount rate | 10% |

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following tables present estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023:

Fair Value Measurements Using

| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Carrying Value | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
|--------------------|--|--|---|--|
| September 30, 2023 | | | | |

| | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|---|---|--|
| | | | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| | Carrying Value | Carrying Value | | | | |
| March 31, 2024 | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | Financial assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | Cash and cash equivalents \$ | 20,652 | \$20,652 | \$ | — | \$ |
| Interest-earning time deposits | | 245 | — | | 244 | — |
| Available-for-sale securities | | 264,229 | 3,251 | | 260,978 | — |
| Held-to-maturity securities | | 5,134 | — | | 4,891 | — |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | |
| Available for sale securities | | | | | | |
| Held to maturity securities | | | | | | |
| Loans held for sale | Loans held for sale | 568 | — | | — | 528 |
| Loans and leases receivable, net | Loans and leases receivable, net | 1,066,892 | — | | — | 954,857 |
| FHLB stock | FHLB stock | 11,297 | — | | 11,297 | — |
| Interest receivable | Interest receivable | 5,316 | — | | 5,316 | — |
| Financial liabilities | Financial liabilities | | | | | |

| | | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| Deposits | Deposits | 1,053,909 | — | 1,047,892 | — |
| Deposits | | | | | |
| Deposits | | | | | |
| FHLB advances | FHLB advances | 238,000 | — | 231,871 | — |
| Interest payable | Interest payable | 3,673 | — | 3,673 | — |

| | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | |
|----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | Carrying Value | Quoted Prices | Significant | |
| | | | in Active | Other | Significant |
| | | | Markets for | Observable | Unobservable |
| | | | Identical Assets (Level 1) | Inputs (Level 2) | Inputs (Level 3) |
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 15,922 | \$ 15,922 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Interest-earning time deposits | | 490 | — | 490 | — |
| Available-for-sale securities | | 284,900 | 3,460 | 281,440 | — |
| Held-to-maturity securities | | 6,672 | — | 6,577 | — |
| Loans held for sale | | 474 | — | — | 433 |
| Loans and leases receivable, net | | 961,691 | — | — | 883,169 |
| Federal Reserve and FHLB stock | | 9,947 | — | 9,947 | — |
| Interest receivable | | 4,710 | — | 4,710 | — |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Deposits | | 1,005,261 | — | 996,375 | — |
| FHLB advances | | 180,000 | — | 174,426 | — |
| Interest payable | | 1,369 | — | 1,369 | — |

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| | | Fair Value Measurements Using | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----|---|----|---|-----------|--|
| | | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Carrying Value | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2023 | | | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 20,240 | \$ | 20,240 | \$ — | \$ — |
| Available for sale securities | | 282,688 | | 2,976 | 279,712 | — |
| Held to maturity securities | | 4,950 | | — | 4,921 | — |
| Loans held for sale | | 794 | | — | — | 794 |
| Loans and leases receivable, net | | 1,090,073 | | — | — | 985,976 |
| FHLB stock | | 12,647 | | — | 12,647 | — |
| Interest receivable | | 5,844 | | — | 5,844 | — |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Deposits | | 1,041,140 | | — | 1,038,178 | — |

| | | | | |
|------------------|---------|---|---------|---|
| FHLB advances | 271,000 | — | 266,885 | — |
| Interest payable | 4,397 | — | 4,397 | — |

Note 6: Earnings per Share

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income allocated to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period which excludes the participating securities. Diluted EPS includes the dilutive effect of additional potential common shares from stock compensation awards, but excludes awards considered participating securities. ESOP shares are not considered outstanding for EPS until they are earned. The following table presents the computation of basic and diluted EPS for the periods indicated:

| | | Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 | Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 |
|--|--|---|---|
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | |
| | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | |
| Net income | Net income | \$ 1,949 | \$ 3,158 |
| Net income | | | |
| Net income | | | |
| Shares outstanding for Basic EPS: | Shares outstanding for Basic EPS: | | |
| Average shares outstanding | Average shares outstanding | | |
| Average shares outstanding | | | |
| Average shares outstanding | Average shares outstanding | 11,403,229 | 11,823,889 |
| Less: average restricted stock award shares not vested | Less: average restricted stock award shares not vested | 174,192 | 261,291 |
| Less: average unearned ESOP Shares | Less: average unearned ESOP Shares | 870,048 | 924,154 |
| Shares outstanding for Basic EPS | Shares outstanding for Basic EPS | 10,358,989 | 10,638,444 |
| Additional Dilutive Shares | Additional Dilutive Shares | 23,170 | 197,173 |
| Additional Dilutive Shares | | | |
| Additional Dilutive Shares | | | |
| Shares outstanding for Diluted EPS | | | |
| Shares outstanding for Diluted EPS | | | |
| Shares outstanding for Diluted EPS | Shares outstanding for Diluted EPS | 10,382,159 | 10,835,617 |
| Basic Earnings Per Share | Basic Earnings Per Share | \$ 0.19 | \$ 0.30 |

| | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|----|------|---------|
| Basic Earnings Per Share | | | | |
| Basic Earnings Per Share | | | | |
| Diluted | Diluted | | | |
| Earnings Per | Earnings Per | | | |
| Share | Share | \$ | 0.19 | \$ 0.29 |

| | | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022 |
|---|----|---|---|
| Net income | | \$ 7,545 | \$ 9,661 |
| Shares outstanding for Basic EPS: | 23 | | |
| Average shares outstanding | | 11,568,149 | 12,071,247 |
| Less: average restricted stock award shares not vested | | 231,620 | 318,722 |
| Less: average unearned ESOP Shares | | 883,474 | 937,580 |
| Shares outstanding for Basic EPS | | 10,453,055 | 10,814,945 |
| Note 7: Benefit Plans | | | |
| Additional Dilutive Shares | | 61,018 | 331,684 |
| 401(k) | | | |
| Shares outstanding for Diluted EPS | | 10,514,073 | 11,146,629 |
| The Company has a retirement savings 401(k) plan, in which substantially all employees may participate. The Company matches employees' contributions at the rate of 50 percent for the first six percent of base salary contributed by participants. The Company's expense for the plan was \$93,000, \$196,000, \$62,000, \$68,000 and \$170,000 \$37,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023, respectively. | | | |
| Basic Earnings Per Share | | \$ 0.72 | \$ 0.89 |
| Diluted Earnings Per Share | | \$ 0.72 | \$ 0.87 |
| Employee Stock Ownership Plan | | | |

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As part of the reorganization and related stock offering, the Company established an Employee Stock Ownership Plan, or ESOP, covering substantially all employees. The ESOP acquired 1,082,130 shares of Company common stock at an average price of \$13.59 per share on the open market with funds provided by a loan from the Company. Dividends on unallocated shares used to repay the loan for the Company are recorded as a reduction of the loan or accrued interest, as applicable. Dividends on allocated shares paid to participants are reported as compensation expense. Unearned ESOP shares which have not yet been allocated to ESOP participants are excluded from the computation of average shares outstanding for earnings per share calculation. Accordingly, \$11,641,555 829,616 and \$12,193,043 843,142 shares of common stock acquired by the ESOP was were shown as a reduction of stockholders' equity at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively. Shares are released to participants proportionately as the loan is repaid.

ESOP expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 was approximately \$154,000 \$465,000, \$188,000, and \$622,000, \$171,000, respectively.

| | March 31, 2024 | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | September 30, 2023 | December 31, 2022 | |
| Earned ESOP shares | | | |
| Earned ESOP shares | | | |
| Earned ESOP shares | 225,462 | 184,882 | |
| Unearned ESOP shares | 856,668 | 897,248 | |
| Total ESOP shares | 1,082,130 | 1,082,130 | |
| Quoted per share price | \$ 11.15 | \$ 13.01 | |
| Quoted per share price | | | |

| Quoted per share price | | | |
|--|--|----------|-----------|
| Fair value of earned shares (in thousands) | Fair value of earned shares (in thousands) | \$ 2,514 | \$ 2,405 |
| Fair value of unearned shares (in thousands) | Fair value of unearned shares (in thousands) | \$ 9,552 | \$ 11,673 |

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan

On September 15, 2020, the Company's stockholders approved the Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan ("2020 EIP") which provides for the grant to eligible participants of up to (i) 1,352,662 shares of Company common stock to be issued upon the exercise of stock options and stock appreciation rights and (ii) 541,065 shares of Company common stock to participants as restricted stock awards (which may be in the form of shares of common stock or share units giving the participant the right to receive shares of common stock at a specified future date).

Restricted Stock Awards. On October 1, 2020, the Company awarded 449,086 shares of common stock under the 2020 EIP with a grant date fair value of \$10.53 per share (total fair value of \$4.7 million at issuance) to eligible participants. On April 1, 2021, the Company awarded an additional 4,000 shares of common stock under the 2020 EIP with a grant date fair value of \$13.86 (total fair value of \$55,000 at issuance) to eligible participants. These awards vest in five equal annual installments with the first vesting occurring on June 30, 2021. Forfeited shares may be awarded to other eligible recipients in future grants until the 2020 EIP terminates in September 2030.

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The following table summarizes the restricted stock **award** activity in the 2020 EIP during the **nine** **three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Number of Restricted Shares | | | | Number of Restricted Shares | | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value | |
| Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Weighted Number of Restricted Shares | | | | Number of Restricted Shares | | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value | |
| Non-vested, beginning of period | | | | | | | |
| Non-vested, beginning of period | | | | | | | |
| Non-vested, beginning of period | Non-vested, beginning of period | 261,291 | \$ 10.56 | | | | |
| Granted | Granted | — | — | | | | |
| Vested | Vested | (87,099) | 10.56 | | | | |
| Forfeited | Forfeited | — | — | | | | |
| Non-vested, September 30, 2023 | | 174,192 | 10.56 | | | | |

Non-vested,
March 31,
2024

Total compensation cost recognized in the income statement for restricted stock awards during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$231,000 \$219,000 and \$687,000, \$227,000, and the related tax benefit recognized was \$49,000 \$46,000 and \$144,000.

\$48,000, respectively. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted stock awards was \$1.6 \$1.1 million.

Stock Option Plan. On October 1, 2020, the Company awarded options to purchase 1,095,657 of common stock under the 2020 EIP with an exercise price of \$10.53 per share, the fair value of a share of the Company's common stock on the date of grant, to eligible participants. On April 1, 2021, the Company awarded options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock under the 2020 EIP with an exercise price of \$13.86 per share, the fair value of a share of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant, to eligible participants. These options awarded vest in five equal annual installments with the first vesting occurring on June 30, 2021. Forfeited options may be awarded to other eligible recipients in future grants until the 2020 EIP terminates in September 2030.

The following table summarizes the stock option activity in the 2020 EIP during the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

| Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Number of Shares | | Number of Shares | Weighted-Average Exercise Price |
| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 | | |
| | Weighted-Number of Shares | | Average Exercise Price |
| Balance at beginning of period | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | | | |
| Balance at beginning of period | Balance at beginning of period | 1,050,961 | \$ 10.56 |
| Granted | Granted | — | — |
| Exercised | Exercised | — | — |
| Forfeited/expired | Forfeited/expired | — | — |
| Balance, September 30, 2023 | | 1,050,961 | 10.56 |
| Balance, March 31, 2024 | | | |
| Exercisable at end of period | Exercisable at end of period | 625,737 | \$ 10.56 |

The fair value of options granted is estimated on the date of the grant using a Black Scholes model with the following assumptions:

| | April 1, 2021 |
|---|---------------|
| Dividend yields | 1.90 % |
| Volatility factors of expected market price of common stock | 26.98 % |
| Risk-free interest rates | 1.16 % |
| Expected life of options | 6.1 years |

| Shares | | Shares | | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------|--|--|
| | | Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Shares | Value | | |
| Non-vested, beginning of year | | | | | |
| Non-vested, beginning of year | | | | | |
| Non-vested, beginning of year | Non-vested, beginning of year | 637,841 | \$ 2.91 | | |
| Vested | Vested | (212,617) | 2.91 | | |
| Granted | Granted | — | — | | |
| Forfeited | Forfeited | — | — | | |
| Non-vested, September 30, 2023 | | 425,224 | \$ 2.91 | | |
| Non-vested, March 31, 2024 | | | | | |

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Note 8: Qualified Affordable Housing Investments

The following table summarizes the amortization expense and tax credits recognized for the Company's LIHTC investments for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| | | |
| Amortization expense | \$ 44 | \$ 44 |
| Tax credits recognized | 47 | 47 |

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Subsequent to September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 through November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024, the Company purchased 55,406 50,428 shares of the Company's common stock pursuant to the existing stock repurchase program, leaving 904,205 724,995 shares available for future repurchase.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

General

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition of the Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. (the "Company") at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, and the consolidated results of operations for the three and nine month periods period ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to the same periods period in 2022, 2023, is intended to assist in understanding the financial condition and results of operations of the Company. The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto appearing in Part I, Item 1, of this Form 10-Q.

The terms "we," "our," "us," or the "Company" refer to Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. and its consolidated direct and indirect subsidiaries, including First Bank Richmond, which we sometimes refer to as the "Bank," unless the context otherwise requires.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain matters in this Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact, are based on certain assumptions and are generally identified by use of words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," "forecasts," "intends," "plans," "targets," "potentially," "probably," "projects," "outlook" or similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "may," "will," "should," "would," and "could." These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- statements of our goals, intentions and expectations;
- statements regarding our business plans, prospects, growth and operating strategies;
- statements regarding the quality of our loan and investment portfolios; and
- estimates of our risks and future costs and benefits.

You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. These forward-looking statements are based on our current beliefs and expectations and, by their nature, are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond our control. In addition, these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions with respect to future business strategies and decisions that are subject to change.

Important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated or projected include, but are not limited to, the following:

- potential adverse impacts to economic conditions in the Company's our local market areas, other markets where the Company has lending relationships, or other aspects of the Company's business operations or financial markets, including, without limitation, as a result of employment levels, labor shortages and the effects of inflation, a potential recession, or slowed economic growth;
- changes in the interest rate environment, including the recent increases in the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve") benchmark rate and duration at which such increased interest rate levels are maintained, which could adversely affect our revenues and expenses, the value of assets and obligations, and the availability and cost of capital and liquidity;
- the impact of continuing high inflation and the current and future monetary policies of the Federal Reserve in response thereto;
- the effects of any federal government shutdown;
- general economic conditions, either nationally or in our market areas, which that are worse than expected;

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- changes in the level and direction of loan or lease delinquencies and write-offs and changes in estimates of the adequacy of the allowance for loan and lease credit losses;
- our ability to access cost-effective funding including maintaining the confidence of depositors;

- unexpected outflows of uninsured deposits may require us to sell investment securities at a loss;
- fluctuations in real estate values, and residential, commercial, and multifamily multi-family real estate market conditions;
- demand for loans and deposits in our market area;
- our ability to implement and change our business strategies;
- competition among depository and other financial institutions and equipment financing companies;
- the impact of bank failures or adverse developments at other banks and related negative press about the banking industry in general on investor and depositor sentiment;
- inflation and changes in the interest rate environment that reduce our margins and yields, our mortgage banking revenues, the fair value of financial instruments or our level of loan originations, or increase the level of defaults, losses and prepayments on loans and leases we have made and make;
- adverse changes in the securities or secondary mortgage markets;
- changes in the quality or composition of our loan, lease or investment portfolios;
- our ability to keep pace with technological changes, including our ability to identify and address cyber-security risks such as data security breaches, "denial of service" attacks, "hacking" and identity theft, and other attacks on our information technology systems or on the third-party vendors who perform several of our critical processing functions;
- the inability of third-party providers to perform as expected;
- our ability to manage market risk, credit risk and operational risk in the current economic environment;
- our ability to enter new markets successfully and capitalize on growth opportunities;
- our ability to attract and retain key employees;
- our compensation expense associated with equity allocated or awarded to our employees;
- changes in the financial condition, results of operations or future prospects of issuers of securities that we own;
- our ability to successfully integrate into our operations any assets, liabilities, customers, systems and management personnel we may acquire and our ability to realize related revenue synergies and cost savings within expected time frames, and any goodwill charges related thereto;
- changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits;
- changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the bank regulatory agencies, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, including additional guidance and interpretation on accounting issues and details of the implementation of new accounting methods;
- legislative or regulatory changes such as the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") and its implementing regulations that may adversely affect our business, and the availability of resources to address such changes;

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- our ability to pay dividends on our common stock;
- other economic, competitive, governmental, regulatory, and technical factors affecting our operations, pricing, products and services;
- the effects of climate change, severe weather events, natural disasters, pandemics, epidemics and other public health crises, acts of war or terrorism, civil unrest, and other external events on our business; and
- the other risks detailed in this report and from time to time in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 ("2022 2023 Form 10-K").

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements included in this report or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from those contained in such statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking statements discussed in this report might not occur and you should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements.

Overview

The Company, a Maryland corporation, is a bank holding company for its wholly owned subsidiary, First Bank Richmond. Substantially all of the Company's business is conducted through First Bank Richmond. The Company is regulated by the Federal Reserve and the Indiana Department of Financial Institutions ("IDFI"). The Company's corporate office is located at 31 North 9th Street, Richmond, Indiana, and its telephone number is (765) 962-2581.

First Bank Richmond is an Indiana state-chartered commercial bank headquartered in Richmond, Indiana. The Bank was originally established in 1887 as an Indiana state-chartered mutual savings and loan association and in 1935 converted to a federal mutual savings and loan association, operating under the name First Federal Savings and Loan Association of Richmond. In 1993, the Bank converted to a state-chartered mutual savings bank and changed its name to First Bank Richmond, S.B. In 1998, the Bank, in connection with its non-stock mutual holding company reorganization, converted to a national bank charter operating as First Bank Richmond, National Association. In July 2007, Richmond Mutual Bancorporation-Delaware, the Bank's then current holding company, acquired Mutual Federal Savings Bank headquartered in Sidney, Ohio. Mutual Federal Savings Bank was operated independently as a separately chartered, wholly owned subsidiary of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation-Delaware until 2016 when it was combined with the bank through an internal merger transaction that consolidated both banks into a single, more efficient commercial bank charter. In 2017, the Bank converted to an Indiana state-chartered commercial bank and changed its name to First Bank Richmond. The former Mutual Federal Savings Bank continues to operate in Ohio under the name Mutual Federal, a division of First Bank Richmond.

First Bank Richmond provides full banking services through its seven full- and one limited-service offices located in Cambridge City (1), Centerville (1), Richmond (5) and Shelbyville (1), Indiana, its five full-service offices located in Piqua (2), Sidney (2) and Troy (1), Ohio, and its loan production office in Columbus, Ohio. Administrative, trust and wealth management services are conducted through First Bank Richmond's Corporate Office/Financial Center located in Richmond, Indiana. As an Indiana-chartered commercial bank, First Bank Richmond is subject to regulation by the IDFI and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

Our principal business consists of attracting deposits from the general public, as well as brokered deposits, and investing those funds primarily in loans secured by commercial and multi-family real estate, first mortgages on owner-occupied, one- to four-family residences, a variety of consumer loans, direct financing leases and commercial and industrial loans. We also obtain funds by utilizing Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances. Funds not invested in loans generally are invested in investment securities, including mortgage-backed and mortgage-related securities and government sponsored agency and municipal bonds.

First Bank Richmond generates commercial, mortgage and consumer loans and leases and receives deposits from customers located primarily in Wayne and Shelby Counties, in Indiana and Shelby, Miami and Franklin (no deposits) Counties, in Ohio. We sometimes refer to these counties as our primary market area. First Bank Richmond's loans are generally secured by specific items of collateral including real property, consumer assets and business assets. Our leasing operation consists of direct investments in equipment that we lease (referred to as direct finance leases) to small businesses located throughout the United States. Our lease portfolio consists of various kinds of equipment, generally technology-related, such as computer systems, medical equipment and general manufacturing, industrial, construction and transportation equipment. We seek leasing

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transactions where we believe the equipment leased is integral to the lessee's business. We also provide trust and wealth management services, including serving as executor and trustee under wills and deeds and as guardian and custodian of

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employee benefits, and manage private investment accounts for individuals and institutions. Total wealth management assets under management and administration were \$152.4 million \$180.2 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

Our results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest income. Net interest income is the difference between interest income, which is the income that is earned on loans and investments, and interest expense, which is the interest that is paid on deposits and borrowings. Other significant sources of pre-tax income are service charges (mostly from service charges on deposit accounts and loan servicing fees), and fees from sale of residential mortgage loans originated for sale in the secondary market. We also recognize income from the sale of investment securities.

Changes in market interest rates, the slope of the yield curve, and interest we earn on interest-earning assets or pay on interest-bearing liabilities, as well as the volume and types of interest-earning assets, interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing liabilities and shareholders' equity, usually have the largest impact on changes in our net interest spread, net interest margin and net interest income during a reporting period.

At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, on a consolidated basis, we had \$1.4 billion \$1.5 billion in assets, \$1.1 billion in loans and leases, net of allowance, \$1.1 billion in deposits and \$118.6 million \$132.4 million in stockholders' equity. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, First Bank Richmond's total risk-based capital ratio was 13.7% 14.1%, exceeding the 10.0% requirement for a well-capitalized institution. For the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, net income was \$7.5 million \$2.4 million, compared with net income of \$9.7 million \$2.9 million for the nine three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023.

Critical Accounting Estimates

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP. In doing so, we have to make estimates and assumptions. Our critical accounting estimates are those estimates that involve a significant level of uncertainty at the time the estimate was made, and changes in the estimate that are reasonably likely to occur from period to period, or use of different estimates that we reasonably could have used in the current period, would have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations. Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from our estimates. We base our estimates on past experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, and we evaluate these estimates on an ongoing basis. We have reviewed our critical accounting estimates with the audit committee of our Board of Directors.

There have been no significant changes during the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 to the critical accounting estimates reported in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our 2022 2023 Form 10-K, with the exception of the adoption on January 1, 2023 of ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326), commonly referred to as Current Expected Credit Loss, or CECL, as discussed below.

10-K. See "Critical Accounting Estimates" included in Part II, Item 7 of our 2022 2023 Form 10-K for a further discussion of our Critical Accounting Estimates.

Allowance for Credit Losses. The allowance for credit losses applies to all financial instruments carried at amortized cost. We maintain an allowance for credit losses on loans and leases based on expected future credit losses at the balance sheet date. Loan and lease losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan or lease balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance. Allocations of the allowance may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in our judgment, should be charged-off. A provision for credit losses for loans and leases is charged to operations based on our periodic evaluation of the necessary balance in the allowance.

Determining the appropriateness of the allowance for credit losses is complex and requires judgement by management on future factors that are unknown. We have an established process to determine the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses. The determination of the allowance is inherently subjective, as it requires significant estimates, including the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows on similarly-risked loans in their respective segments, the amounts and timing of expected future cash flows on collateral-dependent loans, movement through risk-ratings, economic forecasts, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions and other factors, all of which may be susceptible to significant change.

At January 1, 2023, we established an allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments as part of our transition to CECL. This allowance is held and monitored separately from our allowance for credit losses on loans and leases and is periodically adjusted. Significant estimates are used to determine the allowance, including expected future losses of the loan and lease portfolio, changes in composition, information about specific borrower situations and risk-rating adjustments,

probability of funding, economic conditions and other factors, all of which may be susceptible to significant change. A provision for credit losses for unfunded commitments is charged to operations periodically upon evaluation of the necessary balance in the allowance.

Held to maturity securities are financial assets measured at amortized cost. With the adoption of CECL, held to maturity securities are required to have an established allowance for credit losses that represents the portion of the amortized cost basis of a financial asset that is not expected to be collectable. The Company follows the requirements of ASC 326 in determining the potential reserve needed on its held to maturity portfolio.

Available for Sale Securities. Under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Codification Topic 320 (ASC 320), Investments-Debt, investment securities must be classified as held to maturity, available for sale or trading. Management determines the appropriate classification at the time of purchase. The classification of securities is significant since it directly impacts the accounting for unrealized gains and losses on securities. Debt securities are classified as held to maturity and carried at amortized cost when management has the positive intent and we have the ability to hold the securities to maturity. Securities not classified as held to maturity are classified as available for sale and are carried at fair value, with the unrealized holding gains and losses, net of tax, reported in other comprehensive income and which do not affect earnings until realized.

The fair values of our securities are generally determined by reference to quoted prices from reliable independent sources utilizing observable inputs. Certain of our fair values of securities are determined using models whose significant value drivers or assumptions are unobservable and are significant to the fair value of the securities. These models are utilized when quoted prices are not available for certain securities or in markets where trading activity has slowed or ceased. When quoted prices are not available and are not provided by third party pricing services, management judgment is necessary to determine fair value. As such, fair value is determined using discounted cash flow analysis models, incorporating default rates, estimation of prepayment characteristics and implied volatilities.

We evaluate all securities on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic conditions warrant additional evaluations, for determining if any impairment exists as defined in ASC 326. If an impairment has occurred, it must be determined if the impairment is due to credit or non-credit related factors. In evaluating the possible impairment of securities, consideration is given to the extent to which the fair value is less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and our ability and intent to retain our investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, we may consider whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies or government sponsored agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition.

If management determines that an investment experienced an impairment that is credit-related, it must then be determined if we intend to sell the security, or if it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security, before the recovery of its amortized cost basis. If either of these circumstances are present, then the impairment will be recognized in earnings with a corresponding adjustment to the amortized cost basis of the security. If we do not intend to sell the security and it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, the present values of expected cash flows to be collected from the security will be compared against the amortized cost basis of the security. If the amortized cost basis of the security is greater than the present cash flows expected from the security, a credit loss would exist and it would determine the amount of allowance, if any, that would be deemed needed. A needed allowance would result in an allowance recognized on the balance sheet, with a corresponding adjustment to earnings, limited to the amount that fair value is less than the amortized cost basis of the security. After recognizing a credit loss through an allowance,

periodic assessments are necessary to determine increases or decreases to the credit loss, which require adjustments to the allowance. Any adjustments would be recognized through earnings, not to exceed the net amount of the allowance as limited to the amount that amortized cost exceeds fair value.

From time to time, we may dispose of a security in a loss position in response to asset/liability management decisions, future market movements, business plan changes, or if the net proceeds can be reinvested at a rate of return that is expected to recover the loss within a reasonable period of time.

Comparison of Financial Condition at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023

General. Total assets increased \$94.3 million \$26.6 million, or 7.1% 1.8%, to \$1.4 billion \$1.5 billion at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The increase was primarily the result of an \$105.2 million a \$33.1 million, or 10.9% 3.0%, increase in loans and leases, net of allowance for credit losses, to \$1.1 billion at September 30, 2023, partially offset by a decrease of \$22.2 million \$6.6 million, or 7.6% 2.3%, decrease in investment securities to \$269.4 million \$281.0 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

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Investment Securities. Investment securities available-for-sale decreased \$20.7 million, or 7.3%, to \$264.2 million available for sale totaled \$276.3 million and \$282.7 million, while investment securities held-to-maturity decreased \$1.5 million held to maturity totaled \$4.7 million and \$4.9 million at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The \$6.3 million or 23.1%, 2.2% decrease in investment securities available for sale was primarily due to \$5.1 million at September 30, 2023, compared to December 31, 2022, maturities and principal repayments of \$4.4 million and a \$3.6 million downward mark-to-market adjustment on the investment portfolio. The decrease in investment securities available-for-sale was primarily due held to a \$12.6 million mark-to-market adjustment on the investment portfolio, as well as maturities and principal repayments on investment securities exceeding purchases on new securities. The decrease in investment securities held-to-maturity maturity was the result of scheduled principal repayments and maturities.

Loans and Leases. Loans and leases, net of allowance for credit losses on loans and leases, increased \$105.2 million \$33.1 million, or 10.9% 3.0%, to \$1.1 billion at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from \$961.7 million at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The increase in loans and leases was attributable to an increase in commercial real estate multi-family loans, direct financing leases and residential mortgage loans, and commercial and industrial loans of \$47.6 million \$15.0 million, \$21.1 million \$8.9 million and \$14.4 million \$8.2 million, respectively. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, loans held for sale totaled \$568,000, \$85,000, compared to \$474,000 \$794,000 at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

Nonperforming loans and leases, consisting of nonaccrual loans and leases and accruing loans and leases 90 days or more past due, totaled \$8.0 million \$6.9 million, or 0.74% 0.61% of total loans and leases at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$9.2 million \$8.0 million or 0.94% 0.72% of

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total loans and leases at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. Accruing loans and leases past due 90 days or more totaled \$1.6 million \$1.9 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$3.2 million \$1.7 million at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

Allowance for Credit Losses. On January 1, 2023 The allowance for credit losses on loans and leases increased \$162,000, or 1.0%, the Bank adopted the accounting standard referred to as CECL. As a result of the change in methodology \$15.8 million at March 31, 2024 from the incurred loss method to the CECL method, on January 1, 2023 the Company recorded a one-time adjustment from equity into December 31, 2023. At March 31, 2024, the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases in totaled 1.39% of total loans and leases outstanding. At December 31, 2023, the amount of \$2.0 million, net of tax. The allowance for credit losses on loans and leases totaled \$15.5 million \$15.7 million, or 1.43% of total loans and leases outstanding at September 30, 2023. At December 31, 2022, prior to the adoption of CECL, the allowance for loan and lease losses totaled \$12.4 million, or 1.27% 1.42% of total loans and leases outstanding. Additionally, as a part of CECL adoption, the Bank established an allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments by recording a one-time adjustment from equity of \$1.8 million. This allowance, which is reported in other liabilities on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, totaled \$1.7 million at September 30, 2023. Net charge-offs during the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 were \$436,000 \$324,000 compared to net charge-offs recoveries of \$152,000 \$78,000 during the first nine months comparable quarter of 2022, 2023.

Management regularly analyzes conditions within its geographic markets and evaluates its loan and lease portfolio. The Company evaluated its exposure to potential loan and lease losses as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, which evaluation included consideration of persistent a potential recession due to inflation, higher interest rates, a weakened economic growth and unemployment outlook, stock market volatility, and increased overall geopolitical risk, tensions. Credit metrics are being reviewed and stress testing is being performed on the loan portfolio on an ongoing basis. Potentially higher risk segments of the portfolio, such as hotels and restaurants, are being closely monitored. For additional information on the allowance for credit losses, see "Allowance for Credit Losses on Loans and Leases" and "Economic Outlook" in "Note 4 Loans, Leases and Allowance" of the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" in this report.

Other Assets. Other assets increased \$5.1 million, decreased \$511,000, or 20.7% 2.1%, to \$29.5 million \$24.3 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from \$24.5 million \$24.8 million at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, primarily as a result of the growth in deferred tax assets due to the one-time adjustment for CECL in the first

quarter standard amortization of 2023 and the mark-to-market adjustment on the investment portfolio, prepaid assets.

Deposits. Total deposits increased \$48.6 million \$28.5 million, or 4.8% 2.7%, to \$1.1 billion at September 30, 2023, compared to December 31, 2022 March 31, 2024 from December 31, 2023. The increase in deposits primarily was due to an increase in brokered time deposits of \$44.4 million \$22.5 million and other time deposits of \$37.4 million \$11.1 million, partially offset by a decrease in savings and money market demand deposit accounts of \$31.1 million \$3.9 million. Management attributes the shift in funds to customers taking advantage of higher rates being paid on time deposits in 2023 as a result of interest rate hikes enacted by the Federal Reserve. Brokered deposits increased \$44.4 million to \$302.3 million totaled \$291.3 million, or 28.7% 27.2% of total deposits, at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$257.9 million \$268.8 million, or 25.7% 25.8% of total deposits, at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, noninterest-bearing deposits totaled \$115.6 million \$108.8 million, or 10.2% of total deposits, compared to \$114.4 million or 11.0% of total deposits compared to \$106.4 million or 10.6% of total deposits at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, approximately \$201.0 million \$206.9 million of our deposit portfolio, or 19.1% 19.3% of total deposits, excluding collateralized public deposits, was uninsured. The uninsured amounts are estimated based on the methodologies and assumptions used for First Bank Richmond's regulatory reporting requirements.

Borrowings. Total borrowings, consisting solely of FHLB advances, increased \$58.0 million \$2.0 million to \$238.0 million \$273.0 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$180.0 million \$271.0 million at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, which together with the increase in deposits were used to fund loan growth.

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Stockholders' Equity. Stockholders' equity totaled \$118.6 million \$132.4 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, a decrease of \$14.3 million \$2.5 million, or 10.8% 1.8%, from December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The decrease in stockholders' equity from year-end 2022 2023 resulted from the repurchase of \$5.3 million \$1.1 million of Company common stock, an increase in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL") of \$10.0 million \$2.8 million, and the payment of \$4.5 million \$1.4 million in dividends to Company stockholders, and the one-time adjustment to retained earnings of \$3.8 million for the adoption of CECL during the first quarter, partially offset by \$7.5 million \$2.4 million in net income. The increase in AOCL is primarily due to the decline in mark-to-market values associated with our available-for-sale available for sale investment securities portfolio. At December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the available-for-sale available for sale portfolio had a net unrealized loss of \$63.0 million \$54.5 million compared to a net unrealized loss of \$75.6 million \$58.1 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. The AOCL impact to equity, after tax effecting affecting the unrealized loss, was \$59.7 million \$45.9 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 compared to \$49.8 million \$43.0 million at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. This decline in value from December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 to September 30, 2023 is March 31, 2024 was due to interest rate changes, and not due to credit quality. The Company repurchased 484,171 92,613 shares of Company common stock at an average price of \$10.89 \$11.58 per share for a total of \$5.3 million \$1.1 million during the first nine three months of 2023, 2024. The Company's Company's equity to asset ratio was 8.34% 8.90% at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Bank's Bank's Tier 1 capital to total assets ratio was 10.71% 10.67% and the Bank's Bank's capital was well in excess of all regulatory requirements.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023.

General. Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 was \$1.9 million \$2.4 million, a \$1.2 million, \$535,000 or 88.3% 18.4% decrease from net income of \$3.2 million \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.19 \$0.23 for the third first quarter of 2023, 2024, compared to \$0.29 \$0.27 diluted earnings per share for the third first quarter of 2022, 2023. The decrease in net income was the result of a decrease in net interest income of \$1.4 million \$38,000, and an increase in noninterest expense of \$290,000, \$696,000, partially offset by an increase in noninterest income of \$32,000 and a decrease in the provision for credit losses of \$150,000 and the provision for income taxes of \$342,000, \$180,000.

Interest Income. Interest income increased \$4.2 million \$4.3 million, or 32.2% 28.4%, to \$17.4 million \$19.5 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$13.2 million \$15.2 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. Interest income on loans and leases increased \$4.0 million \$4.1 million, or 85.1% 30.8%, to \$15.3 million \$17.3 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, from \$11.3 million \$13.2 million for the comparable quarter in 2022,

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2023, due to an increase in the average balance of loans and leases of \$160.4 million \$141.4 million, and an increase of 73 77 basis points in the average yield earned on loans and leases. The average outstanding balance of loans loan and leases lease balance was \$1.1 billion for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$908.6 million \$984.2 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The average yield on loans and leases was 5.71% 6.13% for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to 4.98% 5.36% for the comparable quarter in 2022, 2023.

Interest income on investment securities, excluding FHLB stock, increased \$91,000, or 5.0%, during the quarter ended September 30, 2023, was unchanged from the comparable quarter in 2022. The increase was due to a 34 basis point increase in the average yield earned on investment securities, partially offset by a \$27.7 million decrease in average balance of investment securities. 2023. The average yield on investment securities, excluding FHLB stock, was 2.54% 2.53% for the first quarter ended September 30, 2023, of 2024, compared to 2.20% 2.44% for the comparable first quarter of 2022, 2023. The average balance of investment securities, excluding FHLB stock, was \$283.6

million \$284.0 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$311.3 million \$294.9 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023.

Dividends on FHLB stock increased \$118,000, \$186,000, or 97.5% 134.8%, during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, from the comparable quarter in 2022, 2023, resulting in an average yield on FHLB stock of 8.75% 9.44% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to 4.94% 5.50% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. Interest income on cash and cash equivalents increased \$66,000, \$73,000, or 187.0% 112.4%, during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, from the comparable quarter in 2022, 2023, due to a 245 126 basis point increase in the average yield and a \$649,000 \$4.3 million increase in the average balance of cash and cash equivalents.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$5.6 million \$4.4 million, or 211.8% 81.8%, to \$8.3 million \$9.7 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to the quarter ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. Interest expense on deposits increased \$4.5 million \$3.0 million, or 251.2% 75.5%, to \$6.3 million \$7.1 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, from the comparable quarter in 2022, 2023. The increase in interest expense on deposits primarily was attributable to a \$103.1 million \$44.3 million increase in the average balance of, and a 183 120 basis point increase in the average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits. The average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits was 2.69% 2.99% for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to 0.86% 1.79% for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The average balance of interest-bearing deposits increased \$103.1 million, or 12.3%, to \$939.2 million in was \$945.2 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$836.0 million \$900.9 million in the comparable quarter in 2022, 2023. Interest expense on FHLB advances borrowings increased \$1.1 million \$1.3 million, or 129.2% 101.6%, to \$2.0 million \$2.6 million in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 compared to \$859,000 \$1.3 million for the same quarter in 2022, 2023, primarily due to an increase in the average rate paid on and, to a lesser extent, the average balance of FHLB advances, borrowings. The average rate paid on FHLB borrowings was 3.50% 3.77% for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to 1.88% 2.61% for the third first quarter of 2022, 2023. The average balance of

FHLB borrowings totaled \$224.8 million \$277.2 million during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$182.5 million \$198.5 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income before the provision for credit losses decreased \$1.4 million, \$38,000, or 13.2% 0.4%, to \$9.1 million in \$9.8 million for the third first quarter of 2023, 2024, compared to \$10.5 million \$9.9 million for the third first quarter of 2022, 2023. This decrease was due to a 99 48 basis point decrease in the average interest rate spread, partially offset by a \$134.5 million \$138.4 million increase in average interest earning assets. Net interest margin (annualized) was 2.66% 2.74% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to 3.39% 3.04% for the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The decrease in net interest margin was primarily due to the higher rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities increasing faster than the yield on interest-earning assets.

During the first half of 2023, in response to continuing elevated inflation, the Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") of the Federal Reserve System increased the target range for the federal funds rate by 100 basis points, to a range of 5.25% to 5.50%. While net interest income benefited from the repricing impact of the higher interest rate environment on earning asset yields, the benefits were offset by the higher cost of interest-bearing deposit accounts and borrowings, which tend to be shorter in duration than our assets and re-price or reset faster than assets.

Since March 2022, in response to inflation, the Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") of the Federal Reserve System has increased the target range for the federal funds rate by 500 basis points, including 25 basis points during the third quarter of 2023, to a range of 5.25% to 5.50%.

Average Balances, Interest and Average Yields/Cost. The following tables set forth for the periods indicated, information regarding average balances of assets and liabilities as well as the total dollar amounts of interest income from average interest-earning assets and interest expense on average interest-bearing liabilities, resultant yields, interest rate spread, net interest margin (otherwise known as net yield on interest-earning assets), and the ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities. Average balances have been calculated using daily balances. Non-accruing loans have been included in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. Loan fees are included in interest income on loans and are not material.

| Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|
| 2023 | | | 2022 | | |
| Average | Interest | | Average | Interest | |
| Balance | Earned/ | Yield/ | Balance | Earned/ | Yield/ |
| Outstanding | Paid | Rate | Outstanding | Paid | Rate |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
| Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | | |
| 2024 | | | | | |

| | Average Balance Outstanding | | | | | | | | Average Balance Outstanding | Interest Earned/ Paid | | | | | | | Yield Rate | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------|--------|------------|----------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|------|------|---|--|--|---------------|--|
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-earning assets: | Interest-earning assets: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans and leases receivable | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans and leases receivable | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans and leases receivable | Loans and leases receivable | \$1,069,049 | \$15,270 | 5.71 % | \$ 908,621 | \$11,302 | 4.98 % | \$1,125,586 | \$ | \$ | 17,251 | 6.13 | 6.13 | % | | | | |
| Securities | Securities | 283,600 | 1,802 | 2.54 % | 311,273 | 1,711 | 2.20 % | Securities | 284,002 | 1,796 | 1,796 | 2.53 | 2.53 | % | | | | |
| FHLB stock | FHLB stock | 10,923 | 239 | 8.75 % | 9,795 | 121 | 4.94 % | FHLB stock | 13,730 | 324 | 324 | 9.44 | 9.44 | % | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents and other | Cash and cash equivalents and other | 10,371 | 102 | 3.93 % | 9,722 | 36 | 1.48 % | Cash and cash equivalents and other | 13,848 | 139 | 139 | 4.02 | 4.02 | % | | | | |
| Total interest-earning assets | Total interest-earning assets | 1,373,943 | 17,413 | 5.07 % | 1,239,411 | 13,170 | 4.25 % | Total interest-earning assets | 1,437,166 | 19,510 | 19,510 | 5.43 | 5.43 | % | | | | |
| Non-earning assets | Non-earning assets | 45,175 | | | 40,970 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | Total assets | 1,419,118 | | | 1,280,381 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing liabilities: | Interest-bearing liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-bearing liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Savings and money market accounts | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Savings and money market accounts | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Savings and money market accounts | Savings and money market accounts | 260,386 | 1,184 | 1.82 % | 280,799 | 569 | 0.81 % | Savings and money market accounts | 259,198 | 1,379 | 1,379 | 2.13 | 2.13 | % | | | | |
| Interest-bearing checking accounts | Interest-bearing checking accounts | 146,084 | 283 | 0.77 % | 169,306 | 163 | 0.39 % | Interest-bearing checking accounts | 148,126 | 382 | 382 | 1.03 | 1.03 | % | | | | |
| Certificate accounts | Certificate accounts | 532,721 | 4,851 | 3.64 % | 385,943 | 1,067 | 1.11 % | Certificate accounts | 537,894 | 5,304 | 5,304 | 3.94 | 3.94 | % | | | | |
| Borrowings | Borrowings | 224,750 | 1,968 | 3.50 % | 182,533 | 859 | 1.88 % | Borrowings | 277,220 | 2,612 | 2,612 | 3.77 | 3.77 | % | | | | |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | Total interest-bearing liabilities | 1,163,941 | 8,286 | 2.85 % | 1,018,581 | 2,658 | 1.04 % | Total interest-bearing liabilities | 1,222,438 | 9,677 | 9,677 | 3.17 | 3.17 | % | | | | |
| Noninterest-bearing demand deposits | Noninterest-bearing demand deposits | 112,109 | | | 112,558 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other liabilities | Other liabilities | 13,945 | | | 7,863 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|---|------------|------------|------|
| Other liabilities | | | | |
| Other liabilities | | | | |
| Stockholders' equity | Stockholders' equity | 129,123 | 141,379 | |
| Stockholders' equity | | | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | | | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | | | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | 1,419,118 | 1,280,381 | |
| Net interest income | Net interest income | \$ 9,127 | \$10,512 | |
| Net interest income | | | | |
| Net interest income | | | | |
| Net earning assets | Net earning assets | \$ 210,002 | \$ 220,830 | |
| Net earning assets | | | | |
| Net earning assets | | | | |
| Net interest rate spread ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Net interest rate spread ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Net interest rate spread ⁽¹⁾ | Net interest rate spread ⁽¹⁾ | 2.22 % | 3.21 % | 2.26 |
| Net interest margin ⁽²⁾ | Net interest margin ⁽²⁾ | 2.66 % | 3.39 % | 2 |
| Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities | Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities | 118.04 % | 121.68 % | |

(1) Annualized. Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the weighted average yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted average rate of interest-bearing liabilities.

(2) Annualized. Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

Provision for Credit Losses. The provision for credit losses for the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** totaled **\$50,000**, **\$183,000**, compared to a **\$200,000** provision for loan and lease losses **\$170,000** for the three months ended **September 30, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, a **\$150,000** **\$13,000** or **75.2%** decrease. As a result of the adoption of CECL on January 1, 2023, the provision for credit losses calculated prior to that date was determined using the previously applied incurred loss methodology rather than the CECL methodology, and as a result the amounts are not directly comparable. **7.7%** increase. Net charge-offs during the **third first** quarter of **2023** **2024** were **\$299,000** **\$324,000** compared to net **charge-offs recoveries** of **\$25,000** **\$78,000** in the **third first** quarter of **2022**, **2023**. While we believe the steps we have taken and continue to take are necessary to effectively manage our portfolio, uncertainties relating to the level of our allowance for credit losses remain heightened as a result of continued concern about a potential recession due to inflation, **rising interest rates**, a weakened economic growth and unemployment outlook, stock market volatility, and overall geopolitical tensions.

Noninterest Income. Noninterest income **decreased \$27,000**, **increased \$32,000** or **2.2%** **2.9%**, to **\$1.2 million** **\$1.1 million** for the quarter ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, compared to the same quarter in **2022**, **2023**. The **decrease increase** in noninterest income resulted primarily from **decreases an increase** in other income and loan and lease servicing fees, of **\$124,000**, or **52.8%**, to **\$111,000** and **partially offset by decreases** in net gains on loan and lease sales of **\$27,000**, or **22.9%**, to **\$90,000**. These **decreases were partially offset by increases** in other income of **\$104,000**, or **38.1%**, to **\$378,000** and **in** service charges on deposit **accounts** of **\$15,000**, **accounts**. Other income **increased \$66,000**, or **5.7%** **26.3%**, to **\$275,000**. The **decrease** **\$319,000** for the quarter ended **March 31, 2024**, compared to **\$253,000** for the comparable quarter in **loan** **2023** due to **increased wealth management income**. **Loan and lease servicing**

fees was due increased \$7,000, or 6.0%, for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 compared to a recovery of \$114,000 of mortgage servicing rights recorded the comparable quarter in the third quarter of 2022 and not replicated in the third quarter of 2023. The decrease net Net gains on loan and lease sales was decreased \$36,000, or 23.3%, compared to the same quarter in 2023, due to decreased mortgage banking activity. During the three months ended September 30, 2023, the Company sold \$4.0 million of loans compared to the sale of \$5.2 million of loans during the three months ended September 30, 2022. Other income increased due to a reduction of letter of credit fees recognized in the third quarter of 2022, along with increased wealth management income in the third quarter of 2023. Service fees on deposit accounts increased during decreased \$8,000, or 2.9%, in the third first quarter of 2023 compared to 2024 from the third comparable quarter of 2022 due to increased non-sufficient funds fees and account service fees. in 2023.

Noninterest Expense. Noninterest expense increased \$290,000, \$696,000, or 3.8% 9.5%, to \$8.0 million \$8.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, from \$7.7 million \$7.4 million for the same period in 2022, 2023. Salaries and employee benefits decreased \$333,000, increased \$332,000, or 7.1% 7.8%, to \$4.4 million \$4.6 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, from \$4.7 million \$4.2 million for the same quarter in 2022, 2023. The decrease increase in salaries and benefits was primarily due to decreased bonus increased employee benefits expense. Data processing fees increased \$110,000, \$70,000, or 14.8% 8.4%, to \$854,000 \$907,000 in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 compared to the same quarter of 2022, 2023, primarily due to increased software and online services core provider expenses. Deposit insurance expense increased \$194,000, \$235,000, or 225.6% 139.9%, during from the third quarter of 2023 compared to the same comparable quarter in 2022, 2023 primarily due to a change in the asset and deposit mix and an increase in the FDIC assessment rate in 2023. mix.

Income Tax Expense. The provision for income taxes decreased \$342,000 \$180,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to the same period in 2022, 2023, due to a lower level of pre-tax income. The effective tax rate for the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 12.3% 12.9% compared to 16.3% 15.5% for the same quarter a year ago. The decrease in the effective tax rate was a result of the use of a captive insurance company, which allows the Company to assume more control over insurance risks and resulted in a more tax-efficient structure.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

General. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$7.5 million, a \$2.1 or 21.9% decrease from net income of \$9.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.72 for the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$0.87 diluted earnings per share for the first nine months of 2022. The decrease in net income was primarily the result of a \$2.8 million decrease in net interest income, a \$43,000 decrease in noninterest income and a \$495,000 increase in noninterest expense, partially offset by a \$372,000 decrease in the provision for credit losses and an \$834,000 decrease in the provision for income taxes.

Interest Income. Interest income increased \$11.3 million, or 30.0%, to \$48.8 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$37.6 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Interest income on loans and leases increased \$10.3 million, or 32.0%, to \$42.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from \$32.3 million for the comparable period in 2022, due to a higher average balance of loans and leases and an increase in the average loan and lease yield of 62 basis points. The average outstanding loan and lease balance was \$1.0 billion for the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$878.3 million for the first nine months of 2022. The average yield on loans and leases was 5.52% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to 4.90% for the comparable period in 2022.

Interest income on investment securities, excluding FHLB stock, increased \$455,000, or 9.2%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from the comparable period in 2022. The increase was due to a 47 basis point increase in the average yield earned on investment securities, partially offset by a \$38.4 million decrease in the average balance of investment securities. The average yield on investment securities, excluding FHLB stock, was 2.48% for the first nine months of 2023, compared to 2.01% for the first nine months of 2022. The average balance of investment securities, excluding FHLB stock, was \$290.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$329.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022.

Dividends on FHLB stock increased \$275,000, or 97.5%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from the comparable period in 2022, resulting in an average yield on FHLB stock of 7.16% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to 3.83% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Interest income on cash and cash equivalents increased \$227,000, or 302.7%, during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from the comparable period in 2022, due to a 301 basis point increase in the average yield, partially offset by a \$3.7 million decrease in the average balance of cash and cash equivalents.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$14.1 million, or 218.0%, to \$20.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2022. Interest expense on deposits increased \$11.6 million, or 267.6%, to \$15.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from the comparable period in 2022. The

increase in interest expense on deposits primarily was attributable to a \$132.8 million increase in the average balance of certificate of deposit accounts, partly offset by a \$24.0 million decrease in saving, money market and interest-bearing checking accounts, and a 158 basis point increase in the average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits, which included a 213 basis point increase in the average rate paid on certificate of deposit accounts to 3.09% during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from 0.96% for the

comparable period in 2022. The average rate paid on interest-bearing deposits was 2.28% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to 0.70% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The average balance of interest-bearing deposits totaled \$927.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$818.7 million in the comparable period in 2022. Interest expense on FHLB advances increased \$2.5 million, or 117.1%, to \$4.6 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$2.1 million for the same period in 2022, due to a 139 basis point increase in the average rate paid on advances to 2.97% during the nine months ended September 30, 2022, from 1.58% for the comparable period in 2022, and a \$28.1 million increase in the average balance of FHLB advances during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to the first nine months of 2022.

Net Interest Income. Net interest income before the provision for credit losses decreased \$2.8 million, or 8.9%, to \$28.3 million in the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$31.1 million for the first nine months of 2022. This decrease was primarily due to a 76 basis point decrease in the average interest rate spread during the first nine months of 2023 compared to the comparable period in 2022. Net interest margin (annualized) was 2.82% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to 3.37% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease in net interest margin was primarily due to the increased rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities which tend to be shorter in duration than our assets and re-price or reset faster than assets.

Average Balances, Interest and Average Yields/Cost. The following tables set forth for the periods indicated, information regarding average balances of assets and liabilities as well as the total dollar amounts of interest income from average interest-earning assets and interest expense on average interest-bearing liabilities, resultant yields, interest rate spread, net interest margin (otherwise known as net yield on interest-earning assets), and the ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities. Average balances have been calculated using daily balances. Non-accruing loans have been included in the table as loans carrying a zero yield. Loan fees are included in interest income on loans and are not material.

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| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| | 2023 | | | 2022 | | |
| | Average Balance Outstanding | Interest Earned/ Paid | Yield/ Rate | Average Balance Outstanding | Interest Earned/ Paid | Yield/ Rate |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
| Interest-earning assets: | | | | | | |
| Loans and leases receivable | \$ 1,027,782 | \$ 42,562 | 5.52 % | \$ 878,334 | \$ 32,250 | 4.90 % |
| Securities | 290,820 | 5,408 | 2.48 % | 329,185 | 4,953 | 2.01 % |
| FHLB stock | 10,369 | 557 | 7.16 % | 9,827 | 282 | 3.83 % |
| Cash and cash equivalents and other | 10,877 | 302 | 3.70 % | 14,527 | 75 | 0.69 % |
| Total interest-earning assets | 1,339,848 | 48,829 | 4.86 % | 1,231,873 | 37,560 | 4.07 % |
| Non-earning assets | 44,335 | | | 39,571 | | |
| Total assets | 1,384,183 | | | 1,271,444 | | |
| Interest-bearing liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Savings and money market accounts | 275,936 | 3,537 | 1.71 % | 280,304 | 1,294 | 0.62 % |
| Interest-bearing checking accounts | 148,539 | 708 | 0.64 % | 168,195 | 371 | 0.29 % |
| Certificate accounts | 503,093 | 11,644 | 3.09 % | 370,249 | 2,657 | 0.96 % |
| Borrowings | 206,897 | 4,609 | 2.97 % | 178,762 | 2,123 | 1.58 % |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 1,134,465 | 20,498 | 2.41 % | 997,510 | 6,445 | 0.86 % |
| Noninterest-bearing demand deposits | 104,260 | | | 112,448 | | |
| Other liabilities | 13,757 | | | 7,050 | | |
| Stockholders' equity | 131,701 | | | 154,436 | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | 1,384,183 | | | 1,271,444 | | |
| Net interest income | | \$ 28,331 | | | \$ 31,115 | |
| Net earning assets | \$ 205,383 | | | \$ 234,363 | | |
| Net interest rate spread ⁽¹⁾ | | | 2.45 % | | | 3.21 % |
| Net interest margin ⁽²⁾ | | | 2.82 % | | | 3.37 % |

| | | |
|---|----------|----------|
| Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities | 118.10 % | 123.49 % |
|---|----------|----------|

(1) Annualized. Net interest rate spread represents the difference between the weighted average yield on interest-earning assets and the weighted average rate of interest-bearing liabilities.

(2) Annualized. Net interest margin represents net interest income divided by average total interest-earning assets.

Provision for Credit Losses. The provision for credit losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 totaled \$228,000, compared to a \$600,000 provision for loan and lease losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, a \$372,000 or 62.0% decrease. As a result of the adoption of CECL on January 1, 2023, the provision for credit losses calculated prior to that date was determined using the previously applied incurred loss methodology rather than the CECL methodology, and as a result the amounts are not directly comparable. Net charge-offs during the first nine months of 2023 were \$436,000 compared to net charge-offs of \$152,000 in the first nine months of 2022. While we believe the steps we have taken and continue to take are necessary to effectively manage our portfolio, uncertainties relating to the level of our allowance for credit losses remain heightened as a result of continued concern about a potential recession due to inflation, rising interest rates, and stock market volatility.

Noninterest Income. Noninterest income decreased \$43,000, or 1.2%, to \$3.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The decrease in noninterest income resulted primarily from a \$182,000, or 31.3%, decrease in net gains on loan and lease sales to \$399,000 during the first nine months of 2023, compared to \$581,000 during the first nine months of 2022. The decrease in net gains on loan and lease sales was due to increased mortgage

rates causing decreased mortgage banking activity. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company sold \$15.3 million of loans compared to the sale of \$25.7 million of loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2022. In addition, loan and lease servicing income decreased \$101,000, or 22.8%, to \$341,000 for the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$442,000 for the comparable period in 2022 primarily due to a recovery of \$79,000 to the value of mortgage servicing rights in the first nine months of 2022 that was not replicated in the same period of 2023. Partially offsetting these decreases were increases in service charges on deposit accounts, card fee income, gain on sale of real estate owned and other income. Service charges on deposit accounts increased \$89,000, or 11.9%, to \$831,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$743,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022, primarily due to increased early withdrawal fees and non-sufficient funds fees. Card fee income increased \$27,000, or 3.0%, to \$905,000 in the first nine months of 2023 from \$878,000 in the first nine months of 2022 due to increased debit card usage. Other income increased \$125,000, or 15.0%, to \$956,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to \$832,000 during the same period of 2022 primarily due to fees earned from our participation in a loan hedging program with a correspondent bank, along with increased wealth management income.

Noninterest Expense. Noninterest expense increased \$496,000, or 2.2%, to \$22.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, from \$22.2 million for the same period in 2022, primarily reflecting higher data processing fees, deposit insurance expense and other expenses. Salaries and employee benefits, the largest component of noninterest expense, decreased \$785,000, or 5.7%, to \$12.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, primarily due to decreased bonus expense. Data processing fees increased \$542,000, or 27.5%, to \$2.5 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, primarily due to increased software and core provider expenses. Deposit insurance expense increased \$392,000, or 158.1%, to \$640,000 in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022, primarily due to a change in the asset and deposit mix and a higher FDIC assessment rate during 2023. Other expenses increased \$307,000, or 11.3%, to \$3.0 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period of 2022 primarily due to increased expenses related to brokered deposits and an increase of losses due to fraud.

Income Tax Expense. The provision for income taxes decreased \$834,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022 due to a lower level of pre-tax income. The effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2023 was 14.5%, compared to 18.0% for the first nine months of 2022. The decrease in the effective tax rate was the result of the use of a captive insurance company, which allows the Company to assume more control over insurance risks and resulted in a more tax-efficient structure.

Capital and Liquidity

Capital. Shareholders' equity totaled \$118.6 million \$132.4 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and \$133.0 million \$134.9 million at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. In addition to net income of \$7.5 million \$2.4 million, other sources of capital during the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 included \$465,000 \$154,000 related to the allocation of ESOP shares during the year and \$1.1 million \$367,000 related to stock-based compensation. Uses of capital during the first nine three months of 2023 2024 included other comprehensive loss, net of tax, of \$10.0 million, \$4.5 million \$2.8 million in AOCL, \$1.4 million of dividends paid on common stock, \$5.3 million and \$1.1 million of stock repurchases, and \$3.8 million due to the one-time adjustment to retained earnings for the adoption of CECL repurchases. The decrease increase in the accumulated other comprehensive income/loss AOCL component of shareholders' equity was caused by changes to the unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale available for sale securities.

We paid a regular quarterly dividend of \$0.14 per common share during the first nine months quarter of 2023, 2024, and regular quarterly dividends of \$0.10 \$0.14 per common share during 2022, 2023. We currently expect to continue the current our practice of paying regular quarterly cash dividends on common stock subject to the Board of Directors' discretion to modify or terminate this practice at any time and for any reason without prior notice. Assuming continued payment during 2023 2024 at the current dividend rate of \$0.14 per share, our average total dividend paid each quarter would be approximately \$1.6 million based on the number of our currently outstanding shares at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

Stock Repurchase Plans. From time to time, our board of directors has authorized stock repurchase plans. In general, stock-repurchase plans allow us to proactively manage our capital position and return excess capital to shareholders. Shares purchased under such plans also provide us with shares of common stock necessary to satisfy obligations related to stock compensation awards. On June 6, 2023, the Company announced that the Board of Directors approved an amendment to the Company's existing stock repurchase program authorizing the purchase of up to 321,386 shares of the Company's Company's issued and outstanding common stock in addition to the 827,554 shares remaining available for repurchase at that date under the existing program, and extending the stock repurchase program's expiration date to June 6, 2024, unless completed sooner. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company had approximately 959,611 775,423 shares available for repurchase under its existing stock

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repurchase program. The repurchase program does not obligate the Company to purchase any particular number of shares. See Part II, Item 2 - "Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities. Proceeds."

Liquidity. Liquidity measures the ability to meet current and future cash flow needs as they become due. The liquidity of a financial institution reflects its ability to meet loan requests, to accommodate possible outflows in deposits and to take advantage of interest rate market opportunities. The ability of a financial institution to meet its current financial obligations is a function of its balance sheet structure, its ability to liquidate assets and its access to alternative sources of funds. The objective of our liquidity management is to manage cash flow and liquidity reserves so that they are adequate to fund our operations and to meet obligations and other commitments on a timely basis and at a reasonable cost. We seek to achieve this objective and ensure that funding needs are met by maintaining an appropriate level of liquid funds through asset/liability management, which includes managing the mix and time to maturity of financial assets and financial liabilities on our balance sheet. Our liquidity position is enhanced by our ability to raise additional funds as needed in the wholesale markets.

Asset liquidity is provided by liquid assets which are readily marketable or pledgeable or which will mature in the near future. Liquid assets generally include cash, interest-bearing deposits in banks, securities available for sale, maturities and cash flow from securities held to maturity, sales of fixed rate residential mortgage loans in the secondary market, and federal funds sold and resale agreements. Liability liquidity generally is provided by access to funding sources which include core deposits and advances from the FHLB and other borrowing relationships with third party financial institutions.

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Our liquidity position is continuously monitored and adjustments are made to the balance between sources and uses of funds as deemed appropriate. Liquidity risk management is an important element in our asset/liability management process. We regularly model liquidity stress scenarios to assess potential liquidity outflows or funding problems resulting from economic disruptions, volatility in the financial markets, unexpected credit events or other significant occurrences deemed problematic by management. These scenarios are incorporated into our contingency funding plan, which provides the basis for the identification of our liquidity needs.

Our liquid assets in the form of cash and cash equivalents interest earning time deposits and investments available-for-sale available for sale totaled \$285.1 million \$296.6 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. Certificates of deposit that are scheduled to mature in less than one year from September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 totaled \$379.3 million \$325.4 million. Historically, the Bank has been able to retain a significant amount of its deposits as they mature.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we had approximately \$8.0 million \$8.1 million held in an interest-bearing account at the Federal Reserve. We also have the ability to borrow funds as a member of the FHLB. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, based upon available, pledgeable collateral, our total remaining borrowing capacity with the FHLB was approximately \$105.7 million \$91.3 million. Furthermore, at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we had approximately \$112.3 million \$145.1 million in securities that were unencumbered by a pledge and could be used to support additional borrowings of up to \$108.9 million through repurchase agreements or the Federal Reserve discount window, as needed. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, management was not aware of any events that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, capital resources or operations. In addition, management is not aware of any regulatory recommendations regarding liquidity that would have a material adverse effect on us.

Our cash flows are comprised of three primary classifications: cash flows from operating activities, investing activities, and financing activities. Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 was \$8.3 million \$2.2 million, compared to \$14.6 million \$3.6 million provided by operating activities for the nine three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. During the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, net cash used in investing activities was \$100.6 million \$30.2 million, which consisted primarily of a \$31.7 million net change in loans receivable, compared to \$70.9 million \$27.9 million of cash used in investing activities for the nine three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 was \$97.0 million \$28.1 million, which was comprised primarily of a \$28.5 million net change in borrowings, deposits, compared to \$52.6 million \$25.7 million provided by financing activities during the nine three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. Management believes the capital sources are adequate to meet all reasonably foreseeable short-term and long-term cash requirements and there has not been a material change in our liquidity and capital resources since the information disclosed in our 2022 2023 Form 10-K other than set forth above.

Richmond Mutual Bancorporation is a separate legal entity from First Bank Richmond and must provide for its own liquidity. In addition to its own operating expenses, Richmond Mutual Bancorporation is responsible for paying for any stock repurchases, dividends declared to its stockholders and other general corporate expenses. Since Richmond Mutual Bancorporation is a holding company and does not conduct operations, its primary sources of liquidity are interest on investment securities purchased with proceeds from

our initial public offering, dividends up-streamed from First Bank Richmond and borrowings from outside sources. Banking regulations may limit the amount of dividends that may be paid to us

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by First Bank Richmond. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, on an unconsolidated basis, had **\$14.9 million** **\$10.1 million** in cash, noninterest-bearing deposits and liquid investments generally available for its cash needs.

Regulatory Capital Requirements. First Bank Richmond is subject to minimum capital requirements imposed by the FDIC. The FDIC may require us to have additional capital above the specific regulatory levels if it believes we are subject to increased risk due to asset problems, high interest rate risk and other risks. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, First Bank Richmond's regulatory capital exceeded the FDIC regulatory requirements, and First Bank Richmond was well-capitalized under regulatory prompt corrective action standards. Consistent with our goals to operate a sound and profitable organization, our policy is for First Bank Richmond to maintain well-capitalized status.

| | Actual | | Minimum for Capital Adequacy Purposes | | Categorized as "Well-Capitalized" Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions | |
|--|------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------|---|--------|
| | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio | Amount | Ratio |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | | |
| As of September 30, 2023 | | | | | | |
| Total risk-based capital (to risk weighted assets) | \$ 172,455 | 13.7 % | \$ 100,491 | 8.0 % | \$ 125,662 | 10.0 % |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital (to risk weighted assets) | 156,735 | 12.5 | 100,491 | 8.0 | 100,491 | 8.0 |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets) | 156,735 | 12.5 | 56,526 | 4.5 | 81,649 | 6.5 |
| Tier 1 leverage (core) capital (to adjusted tangible assets) | 156,735 | 10.7 | 58,545 | 4.0 | 73,182 | 5.0 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | | |
| As of December 31, 2022 | | | | | | |
| Total risk-based capital (to risk weighted assets) | \$ 167,802 | 14.3 % | \$ 100,494 | 8.0 % | \$ 125,662 | 10.0 % |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital (to risk weighted assets) | 162,902 | 13.9 | 69,300 | 6.0 | 100,494 | 8.0 |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets) | 162,902 | 13.9 | 56,826 | 4.5 | 81,659 | 6.5 |
| Tier 1 leverage (core) capital (to adjusted tangible assets) | 162,902 | 10.2 | 60,726 | 4.0 | 68,906 | 5.0 |
| As of December 31, 2023 | | | | | | |
| Total risk-based capital (to risk weighted assets) | \$ 174,938 | 35 14.1 % | \$ 99,247 | 8.0 % | \$ 124,059 | 10.0 % |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital (to risk weighted assets) | 159,409 | 12.8 | 74,435 | 6.0 | 99,247 | 8.0 |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets) | 159,409 | 12.8 | 55,826 | 4.5 | 80,638 | 6.5 |
| Tier 1 leverage (core) capital (to adjusted tangible assets) | 159,409 | 10.6 | 59,931 | 4.0 | 74,914 | 5.0 |

Pursuant to the capital regulations of the FDIC and the other federal banking agencies, First Bank Richmond must maintain a capital conservation buffer consisting of additional common equity tier 1 ("CET1") capital greater than 2.5% of risk-weighted assets above the required minimum levels of risk-based CET1 capital, tier 1 capital and total capital in order to avoid limitations on paying dividends, repurchasing shares, and paying discretionary bonuses. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the Bank's CET1 capital exceeded the required capital conservation buffer.

For a bank holding company with less than \$3.0 billion in assets, the capital guidelines apply on a bank only basis and the Federal Reserve Board expects the holding company's subsidiary banks to be well capitalized under the prompt corrective action regulations. If Richmond Mutual Bancorporation was subject to regulatory guidelines for bank holding companies with \$3.0 billion or more in assets, at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, it would have exceeded all regulatory capital requirements.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

There has not been any material change in the market risk disclosures contained in our **2022 2023** Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

An evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act")) as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer), **Acting** Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) and several other

members of senior management. Our Chief Executive Officer and Acting Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures in effect as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, were effective.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control procedure, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control procedure are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control procedures, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls may be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by override of the control. The design of any control procedure also is

based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control procedure, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

(b) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Act) that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not involved in any pending legal proceedings as a plaintiff or defendant other than routine legal proceedings occurring in the ordinary course of business, and at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we were not involved in any legal proceedings the outcome of which would be material to our financial condition or results of operations.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in the Risk Factors previously disclosed in Item 1A of the Company's 2022 2023 Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

(a) Not applicable

(b) Not applicable

(c) On June 6, 2023, the Company announced that the Board of Directors approved an amendment to the Company's existing stock repurchase program authorizing the purchase of up to 321,386 shares of the Company's Company's issued and outstanding common stock in addition to the 827,554 shares remaining available for repurchase at that date under the existing program, and extending the stock repurchase program's expiration date to June 6, 2024, unless completed sooner. The following table sets forth information with respect to our repurchases of our outstanding common shares during the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024:

| | Total number of shares purchased | Average price paid per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs | Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| July 1, 2023 - July 31, 2023 | 10,604 | \$ 11.68 | 10,604 | 1,097,553 |
| August 1, 2023 - August 31, 2023 | 36,247 | 11.59 | 36,247 | 1,061,306 |
| September 1, 2023 - September 30, 2023 | 101,695 | 11.29 | 101,695 | 959,611 |

| | | | | |
|--|---------|----|-------|---------|
| | 148,546 | \$ | 11.39 | 148,546 |
|--|---------|----|-------|---------|

| | Total number of shares purchased | Average price paid per share | Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs | Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| January 1, 2024 - January 31, 2024 | 20,505 | \$ 11.31 | 20,505 | 847,531 |
| February 1, 2024 - February 28, 2024 | 22,419 | 11.22 | 22,419 | 825,112 |
| March 1, 2024 - March 31, 2024 | 49,689 | 11.86 | 49,689 | 775,423 |
| | 92,613 | | 92,613 | |

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Nothing to report.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

- (a) Nothing to report.
- (b) Nothing to report.
- (c) Nothing to report.

Trading Plans. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, no director or officer (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Exchange Act) of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

- [3.1 Charter of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 \(Commission File No. 333-230184\)\)](#)
- [3.2 Bylaws of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 \(Commission File No. 333-230184\)\)](#)
- [4.0 Form of Common Stock Certificate of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.0 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 \(Commission File No. 333-230184\)\)](#)
- [10.1+ Form of Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan for Garry Kleer \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 \(Commission File No. 333-230184\)\)](#)
- [10.2+ Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. 2020 Equity Incentive Plan \(included as Appendix A to the Registrant's definitive proxy statement filed with the SEC on July 28, 2020 \(File No. 001-38956\) and incorporated herein by reference\).](#)
- [10.3+ Form of Incentive Stock Option Award Agreement under the 2020 Equity Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 \(Commission File No. 333-248862\)\).](#)
- [10.4+ Form of Non-qualified Stock Option Award Agreement under the 2020 Equity Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 \(Commission File No. 333-248862\)\).](#)
- [10.5+ Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the 2020 Equity Incentive Plan \(incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 \(Commission File No. 333-248862\)\).](#)
- [31.1 Rule 13a-14\(a\) Certifications \(Chief Executive Officer\)](#)
- [31.2 Rule 13a-14\(a\) Certifications \(Chief Financial Officer\)](#)
- [32.0 Section 1350 Certifications](#)
- 101.0 The following materials for the quarter ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) **Condensed** Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) **the Condensed** Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) **Condensed** Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive **Loss, (Loss) Income**, (iv) **Condensed** Consolidated Statements of Changes in **Shareholders' Stockholders' Equity** (v) **Condensed** Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) Notes to **Condensed** Consolidated Financial Statements
- 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

+ Indicates management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RICHMOND MUTUAL BANCORPORATION, INC.

| | |
|---|---|
| Date: November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024 By: | /s/ Garry D. Kleer |
| | Garry D. Kleer |
| | Chairman, President and CEO |
| | (Principal Executive Duly Authorized Officer) |
| Date: November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024 By: | /s/ Bradley M. Glover |
| | Bradley M. Glover |
| | Acting Senior Vice President and CFO |
| | (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) |

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RULE 13A-14(A) 13a-14(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Garry D. Kleer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. (the "Company");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024

By: /s/ Garry D. Kleer

Garry D. Kleer

President and Chief Executive Officer

RULE 13A-14(A) 13a-14(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Bradley M. Glover, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. (the "Company");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024

By: /s/ Bradley M. Glover

Bradley M. Glover

Acting Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 each of the undersigned hereby certifies in his or her capacity as an officer of Richmond Mutual Bancorporation, Inc. (the "Company") that the Quarterly Report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in such report fairly represents, in all material respects, the financial statements included in such report.

Date: November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024

/s/ Garry D. Kleer

Garry D. Kleer

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 13, 2023 May 14, 2024

/s/ Bradley M. Glover

Bradley M. Glover

Acting Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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