



REPAY[®]

Realtime Electronic Payments

Q1 2025 Earnings Supplement

May 2025

Disclaimer

Repay Holdings Corporation ("REPAY" or the "Company") is required to file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Such filings, which you may obtain for free at the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>, discuss some of the important risk factors that may affect REPAY's business, results of operations and financial condition.

On July 11, 2019, Thunder Bridge Acquisition Ltd. ("Thunder Bridge") and Hawk Parent Holdings LLC ("Hawk Parent") completed their previously announced business combination under which Thunder Bridge acquired Hawk Parent, upon which Thunder Bridge changed its name to Repay Holdings Corporation.

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation (the "Presentation") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements about future financial and operating results, REPAY's plans, objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "believe," "intend," "plan," "projection," "outlook" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, REPAY's 2025 outlook and other financial guidance, expected demand on REPAY's product offering, including further implementation of electronic payment options and statements regarding REPAY's market and growth opportunities, and REPAY's business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations. Such forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of REPAY's management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond REPAY's control. In addition to factors previously disclosed in REPAY's reports filed with the SEC, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and subsequent Form 10-Qs, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results and the timing of events to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements: exposure to economic conditions and political risk affecting the consumer loan market, the receivables management industry and consumer and commercial spending, including bank failures or other adverse events affecting financial institutions, inflationary pressures, general economic slowdown or recession; changes in the payment processing market in which REPAY competes, including with respect to its competitive landscape, technology evolution or regulatory changes; changes in the vertical markets that REPAY targets, including the regulatory environment applicable to REPAY's clients; the ability to retain, develop and hire key personnel; risks relating to REPAY's relationships within the payment ecosystem; risk that REPAY may not be able to execute its capital allocation and growth strategies, including identifying and executing acquisitions; risks relating to data security; changes in accounting policies applicable to REPAY; and the risk that REPAY may not be able to maintain effective internal controls. Actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially, and potentially adversely, from any projections and forward-looking statements and the assumptions on which those forward-looking statements are based. There can be no assurance that the data contained herein is reflective of future performance to any degree. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a predictor of future performance. All information set forth herein speaks only as of the date hereof in the case of information about REPAY or the date of such information in the case of information from persons other than REPAY, and REPAY disclaims any intention or obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after the date of this Presentation. Forecasts and estimates regarding our industry and end markets are based on sources REPAY believes to be reliable, however there can be no assurance these forecasts and estimates will prove accurate in whole or in part. Annualized, pro forma, projected and estimated numbers are used for illustrative purpose only, are not forecasts and may not reflect actual results.

Industry and Market Data

The information contained herein also includes information provided by third parties, such as market research firms. Neither of REPAY nor its affiliates and any third parties that provide information to REPAY, such as market research firms, guarantee the accuracy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any information. Neither REPAY nor its affiliates and any third parties that provide information to REPAY, such as market research firms, are responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or the results obtained from the use of such content. Neither REPAY nor its affiliates give any express or implied warranties, including, but not limited to, any warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use, and they expressly disclaim any responsibility or liability for direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees or losses (including lost income or profits and opportunity costs) in connection with the use of the information herein.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This Presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures that REPAY's management uses to evaluate its operating business, measure its performance and make strategic decisions. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net income prior to interest expense, tax expense, depreciation and amortization, as adjusted to add back certain charges deemed to not be part of normal operating expenses, non-cash and/or non-recurring charges, such as loss on business disposition, loss on extinguishment of debt, loss on termination of interest rate hedge, non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration, non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities, share-based compensation charges, transaction expenses, restructuring and other strategic initiative costs and other non-recurring charges. Adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents Adjusted EBITDA divided by GAAP revenue. Adjusted Net Income is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net income prior to amortization of acquisition-related intangibles, as adjusted to add back certain charges deemed to not be part of normal operating expenses, non-cash and/or non-recurring charges, such as loss on business disposition, loss on extinguishment of debt, loss on termination of interest rate hedge, non-cash change in fair value of contingent consideration, non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities, share-based compensation expense, transaction expenses, restructuring and strategic initiative costs and other non-recurring charges, non-cash interest expense, net of tax effect associated with these adjustments. Adjusted Net Income is adjusted to exclude amortization of all acquisition-related intangibles as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions. Management believes that the adjustment of acquisition-related intangible amortization supplements GAAP financial measures because it allows for greater comparability of operating performance. Although management excludes amortization from acquisition-related intangibles from REPAY's non-GAAP expenses, management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangibles were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation. Each of "organic revenue growth," and "organic gross profit (GP) growth" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents the percentage change in the applicable metric for a fiscal period over the comparable prior fiscal period, exclusive of any incremental amount attributable to acquisitions or divestitures made in the comparable prior fiscal period or any subsequent fiscal period through the applicable current fiscal period. Any financial measure (whether GAAP or non-GAAP) that is modified by "excl. political media" is a non-GAAP financial measure that measures a defined growth rate exclusive of the estimated contribution from political media clients in the prior corresponding period. Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash flow provided by operating activities less total capital expenditures. Free Cash Flow Conversion represents Free Cash Flow divided by Adjusted EBITDA. REPAY believes that each of the non-GAAP financial measures referenced in this paragraph provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating its operating results in the same manner as management. However, these non-GAAP financial measures are not financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as a substitute for net income, operating profit, or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Using these non-GAAP financial measures to analyze REPAY's business has material limitations because the calculations are based on the subjective determination of management regarding the nature and classification of events and circumstances that investors may find significant. In addition, although other companies in REPAY's industry may report measures titled with the same or similar description, such non-GAAP financial measures may be calculated differently from how REPAY calculates its non-GAAP financial measures, which reduces their overall usefulness as comparative measures. Because of these limitations, you should consider each of the non-GAAP financial measures referenced in this paragraph alongside other financial performance measures, including net income and REPAY's other financial results presented in accordance with GAAP.

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Financial Update





We are committed to executing towards profitable growth,
with a continued focus on optimizing payment flows
and enhancing operational efficiency

We will continue to take advantage of the many secular trends towards frictionless
digital payments that have been, and will continue to be, a tailwind driving our
business

Financial Update – Q1 2025 (\$MM)



Revenue

(4%) y/y decline

\$80.7

\$77.3

Q1 2024

Q1 2025



Gross Profit

(5%) y/y decline

\$61.5

\$58.7

Q1 2024

Q1 2025

% Margin ⁽¹⁾

76%

76%



Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾

(7%) y/y decline

\$35.5

\$33.2

Q1 2024

Q1 2025

% Margin ⁽²⁾

44%

43%



Free Cash Flow ⁽³⁾

\$13.7

(\$8.0)

Q1 2024

Q1 2025

FCF conversion ⁽³⁾

38%

(24%)

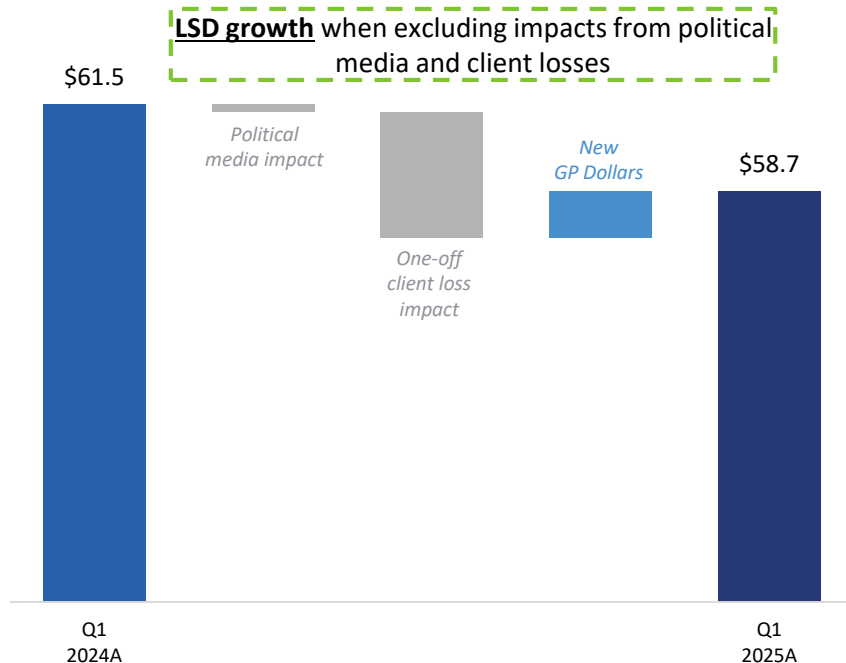
1) Gross profit margin represents gross profit / revenue

2) Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 1 under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and slide 21 for reconciliation. Adjusted EBITDA margin represents adjusted EBITDA / revenue

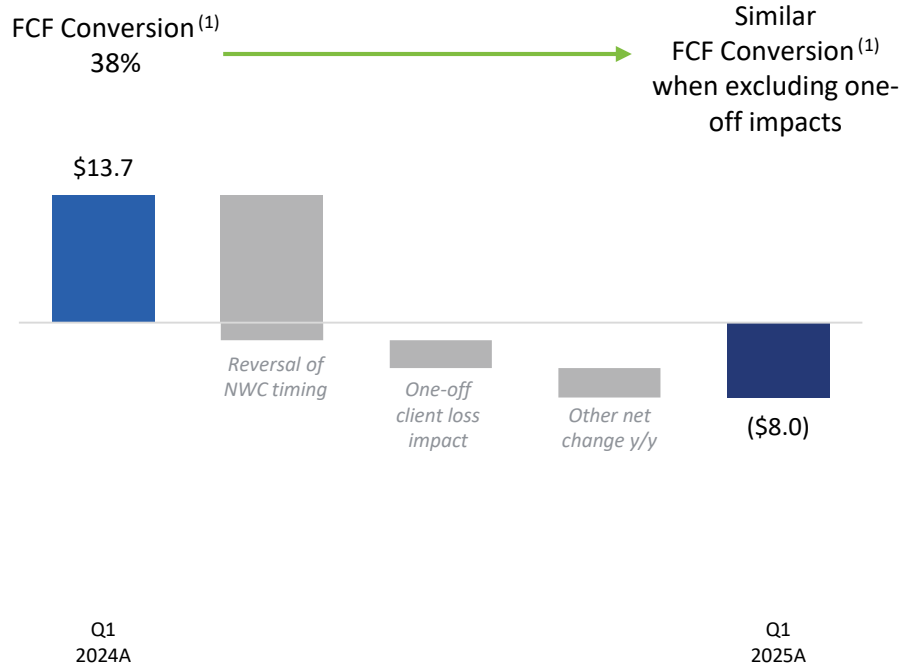
3) Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow conversion are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 1 under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and slide 23 for reconciliation. Free Cash Flow conversion represents Free Cash Flow / Adjusted EBITDA

Q1 2025 Gross Profit & Free Cash Flow Bridges (\$MM)

Gross Profit

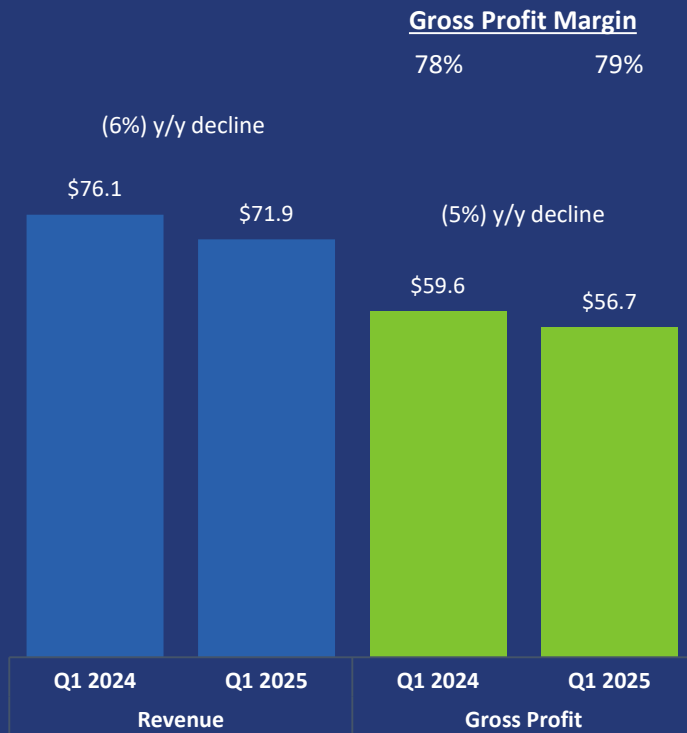


Free Cash Flow ⁽¹⁾



1) Free Cash Flow and Free Cash Flow Conversion are non-GAAP financial measures. Free Cash Flow growth represents percentage change in this non-GAAP financial measure for a fiscal period over the comparable prior fiscal period, with no other adjustments. See slide 1 under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and slide 23 for reconciliations. Free Cash Flow Conversion represents Free Cash Flow / Adjusted EBITDA

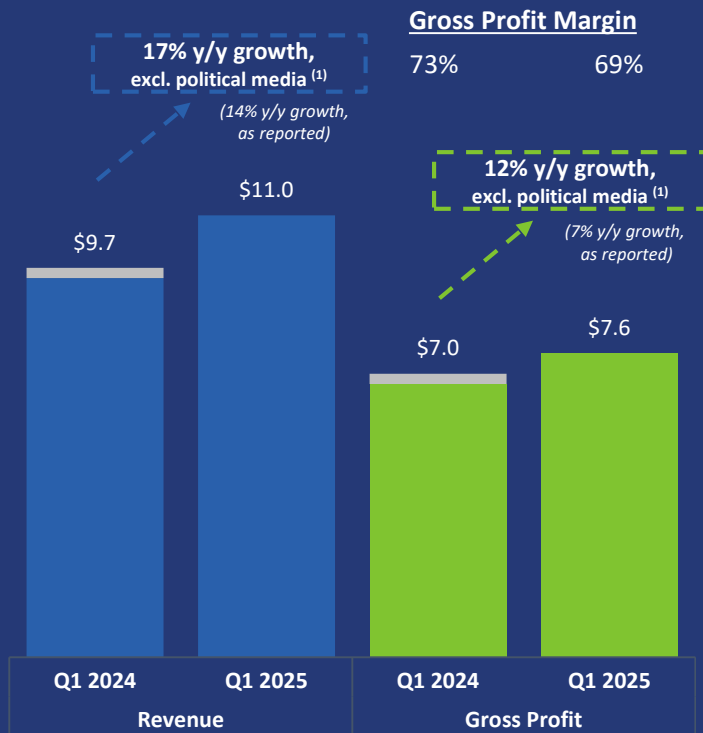
Consumer Payments Results – Q1 2025 (\$MM)



Key Business Highlights

- ~6 points GP growth headwind from client losses
- GP margins benefited from processing costs optimization and strategic initiatives
- Resilient trends across auto loans, personal loans, credit unions, and mortgage servicing, while seeing pockets of consumer softness
- Winning large enterprise clients who are adopting more payment channels and modalities
- Continued strong adoption of non-card volume-based products
- Executing on integration refreshes to further penetrate software partnerships, which leads to confidence in our sales pipeline

Business Payments Results – Q1 2025 (\$MM)



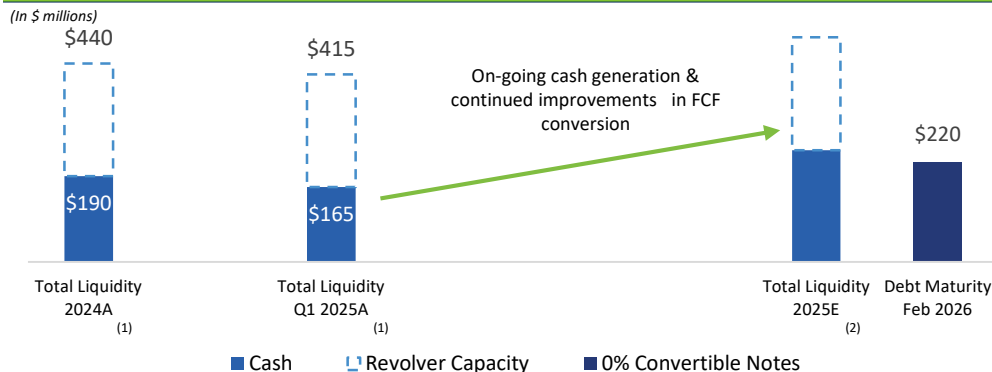
Key Business Highlights

- Strong sales pipeline within healthcare, property management, and municipality verticals via direct sales and new / refreshed integrations
- Increased our AP Supplier Network ~40% y/y to 390,000+ suppliers
- Accelerating Gross Profit growth when excluding political media, despite being partially offset by:
 - ~12 points headwind from client losses
- GP margins impacted from one-off client loss

1) Business Payments revenue and gross profits growth excl. political media is a non-GAAP financial measure. This represents Business Payments revenue and gross profit growth minus the estimated contributions related to political media in Q1 2024, respectively. See slide 25 for reconciliation

Balance Sheet Flexibility and Net Leverage

Liquidity & Near-Term Debt Maturity



Focused on Maintaining Significant Liquidity

- Business focused on high cash flow conversion and further improvements
- Continued investments in organic growth
- Preserve liquidity and profitability through:
 - Hiring focused on revenue generating / supporting roles
 - Limited discretionary expenses
 - Negotiations with vendors

Net Leverage as of March 31, 2025

Total Debt	\$508 MM
Cash Balance	\$165 MM
Net Debt	\$343 MM
LTM Adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾	\$138 MM
Net Leverage	2.5x

Committed to Prudently Managing Leverage

- Total Outstanding Debt comprised of:
 - \$220 million 2026 Convertible Notes with 0% coupon
 - Newly issued \$288 million 2029 Convertible Notes with 2.875% coupon
- \$250 million revolver facility provides flexibility for debt maturities and further acquisitions (upsized on July 10, 2024)
 - Secured net leverage covenant is max of 2.5x (definitionally excludes convertible notes balance)

1) Total liquidity represents cash balance plus the undrawn revolver facility as of 12/31/2024 and 3/31/2025

2) Management estimated total liquidity for 2025E expected to be in excess of near-term debt maturity

3) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. See slide 1 under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures." LTM Adjusted EBITDA represents the sum of the Adjusted EBITDA for the four most recent fiscal quarters. reconciliation information contained in footnote 2 of Slide 10

See slide 9 for such amounts and additional

FY 2025 Outlook

REPAY expects the following financial outlook for full year 2025



GROSS PROFIT

Sequential quarterly acceleration in normalized growth y/y

Q4 normalized growth of HSD to LDD



FREE CASH FLOW CONVERSION ⁽¹⁾

Exceed 50% in Q2

Accelerate above 60% by the end of 2025

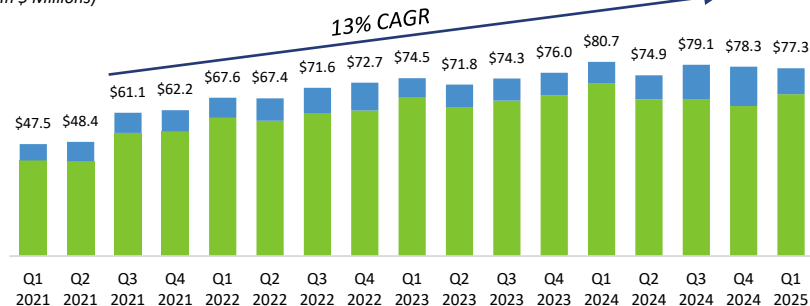
Note: REPAY does not provide quantitative reconciliation of forward-looking, non-GAAP financial measures such as forecasted Normalized Gross Profit Growth and Free Cash Flow Conversion to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure because it is difficult to reliably predict or estimate the relevant components without unreasonable effort due to future uncertainties that may potentially have significant impact on such calculations, and providing them may imply a degree of precision that would be confusing or potentially misleading

1) Free Cash Flow Conversion represents Free Cash Flow / Adjusted EBITDA

History of Sustained Growth Across All Key Metrics...

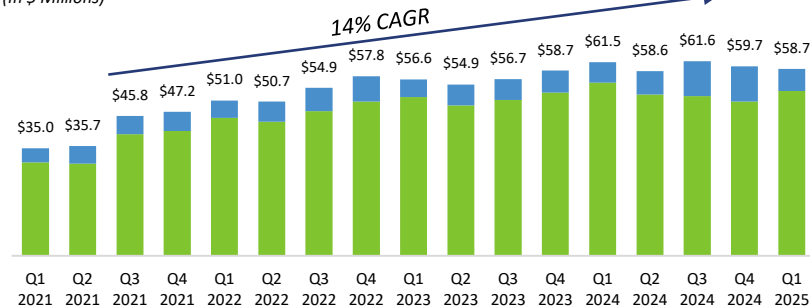
Revenue ⁽¹⁾

(In \$ Millions)



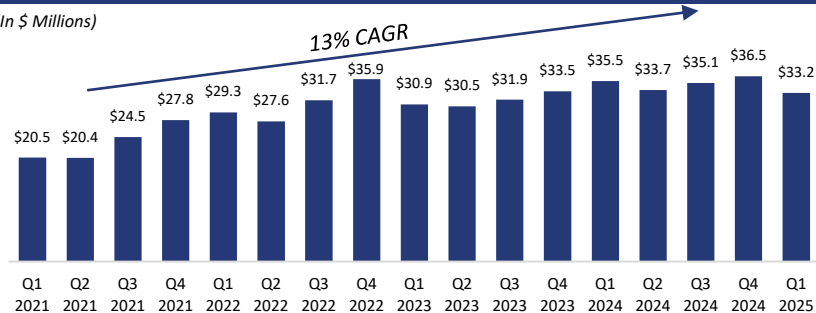
Gross Profit ⁽¹⁾

(In \$ Millions)



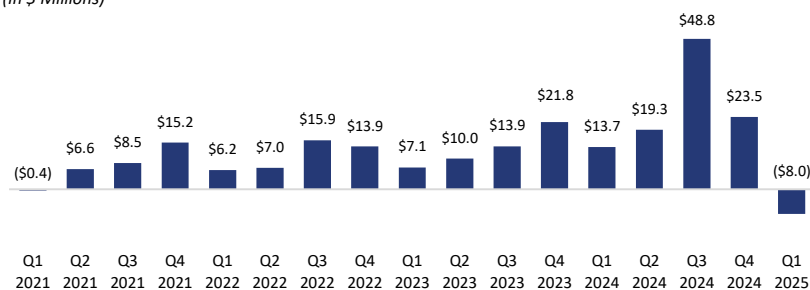
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽²⁾

(In \$ Millions)



Free Cash Flow ⁽²⁾

(In \$ Millions)



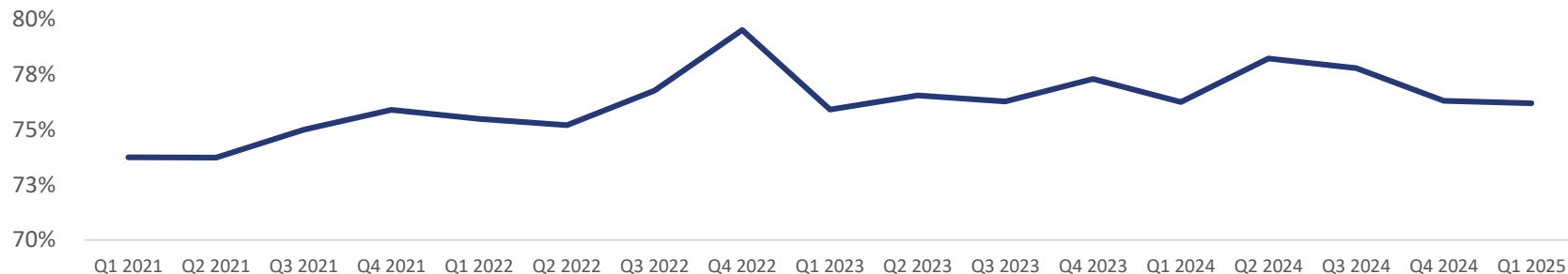
Consumer Payments Business Payments Consolidated

1) Consolidated totals include the elimination of intersegment revenues

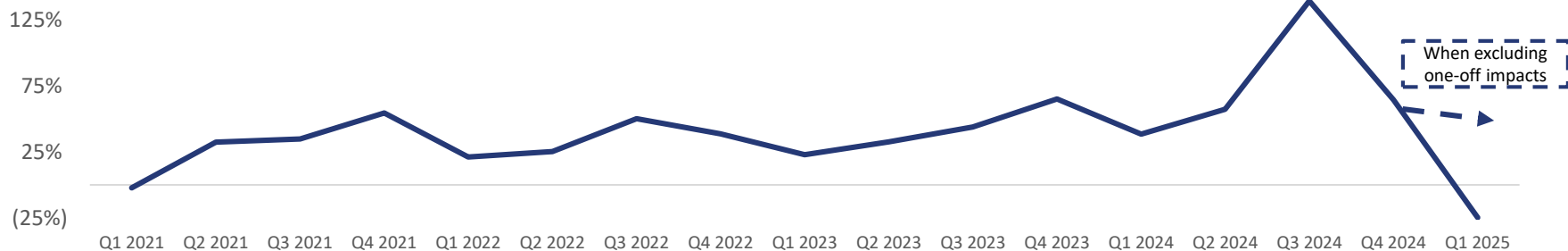
2) Adjusted EBITDA and Free Cash Flow are non-GAAP financial measures. See slide 1 under "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and slides 21 & 23 for reconciliations. For historical periods shown with respect to Adjusted EBITDA, see the reconciliations provided in the Company's previous reported earnings releases and filings on Form 10-K or Form 10-Q with respect to such period ended.

...With Expanding Gross Profit Margins and Accelerating FCF Conversion

Gross Profit Margin



FCF Conversion ⁽¹⁾



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Strategy &
Business Updates



We See Multiple Levers to Continue to Drive Growth

REPAY's leading platform & attractive market opportunity position it to build on its record of robust growth & profitability

EXECUTE ON EXISTING BUSINESS



Expand Usage and Increase Adoption



Acquire New Clients in Existing Verticals



Expand New and Existing Software Partnerships



Operational Efficiencies

BROADENING ADDRESSABLE MARKET AND SOLUTIONS



Strategic M&A



Additional Value-Added Service Opportunities



New Vertical Expansion

Majority of Consumer Payments growth from further penetration of existing client base

Majority of Business Payments growth from acquiring new clients

Executing on Growth Plan

EXPANDING EXISTING BUSINESS

283 SOFTWARE PARTNER RELATIONSHIPS⁽¹⁾, INCLUDING:

CONSUMER PAYMENTS



BUSINESS PAYMENTS



ADDED NEW CLIENTS VIA DIRECT SALESFORCE ACROSS ALL VERTICALS

Ended Q1 2025 with 343 credit union clients

ERP & accounting software integrations provide vertical agnostic opportunities

VISA ACCEPTANCE FASTTRACK PROGRAM



BROADEN ADDRESSABLE MARKET AND SOLUTIONS

Expanded TAM to ~\$5.6 trillion⁽²⁾ through strategic M&A

Continuing to grow existing relationships and add new opportunities within existing verticals & ISVs

Cash on balance sheet and revolving credit facility gives the Company **ample liquidity of \$415 million⁽³⁾** to pursue our capital allocation initiatives such as investing in organic growth, balancing reduction of net leverage, while managing our convertible debt liability, and potentially pursuing M&A

Continuing to thoughtfully invest in **new product and research & development capabilities**

1) As of 3/31/2025

2) Third-party research and management estimates as of 3/31/2025

3) Total liquidity represents cash balance as of 3/31/2025 plus undrawn \$250 million revolver facility. See slide 8 for further information

Ample Runway in Consumer Payments

Evolving consumer preferences and technology are requiring clients to embrace payment digitization

\$2.4Tn

TOTAL
ADDRESSABLE
MARKET⁽¹⁾

6

VERTICAL
END MARKETS

182

ISV INTEGRATION
PARTNERS

- REPAY's integrated payment processing platform automates and modernizes our clients' operations, resulting in increased cash flow, lower costs, and improved customer experience
- Loan repayments expertise is core to our efficiency: from tokenization to our clearing & settlement engine
- Instant Funding accelerates the time at which borrowers receive loans while increasing digital repayments
- Multipronged go-to-market approach leverages both direct and indirect sales
- Continuing to invest into deeper ISV integrations, product innovation, and vertical specific technologies

1) Third-party research and management estimates as of 3/31/2025

Consumer Payments Offering Omnichannel Capabilities across Modalities

Clients in REPAY's verticals look to partner with innovative vendors that can provide evolving payment functionality and acceptance solutions

PAYMENT MODALITIES



Credit and Debit
Card Processing



eCash



ACH Processing



New & Emerging
Payments



Instant Funding

PAYMENT CHANNELS



Virtual Terminal



IVR / Phone Pay



Mobile
Application



Web Portal /
Online Bill Pay



Hosted Payment
Page



POS Equipment



Text Pay

REPRESENTATIVE CLIENTS



REPAY's Growing Business Payments Segment

Combined AR and AP automation solution provides a compelling value proposition to clients

\$3.2Tn

TOTAL
ADDRESSABLE
MARKET⁽¹⁾

15+

VERTICAL
END MARKETS

101

B2B INTEGRATED
SOFTWARE PARTNERS

390,000+

SUPPLIER
NETWORK

B2B Merchant Acquiring

- \$1.5Tn total addressable market
- Integrations with leading ERP platforms, serving a highly diversified client base across a wide range of industry verticals
- Expanded into B2B vertical via APS acquisition
- Cross sell initiative happening within Sage and Acumatica ERPs to add AP solutions





B2B AP Automation

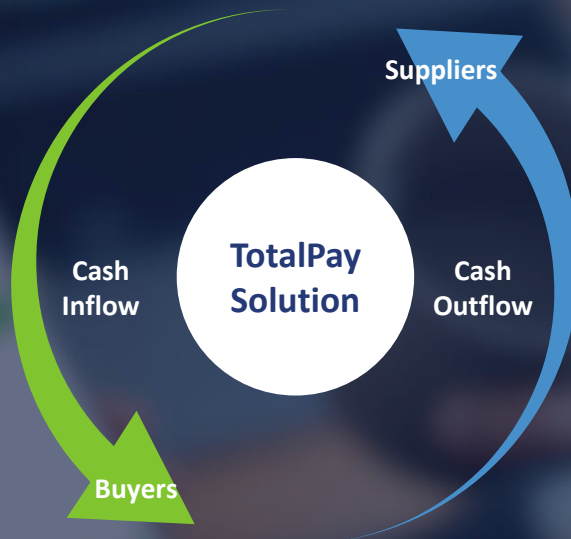
- \$1.7Tn total addressable market
- Fully integrated AP automation platform with electronic payment capabilities including virtual cards and ACH
- Expanded into AP automation vertical via cPayPlus, CPS, and Kontrol acquisitions
- Entered the B2B healthcare space through Ventanex acquisition

1) Third-party research and management estimates as of 3/31/2025





Powerful Business Payments Offering

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AUTOMATION

-  Deep ERP Integrations
-  Multiple Payment Methods
-  Tracking and Reconciliation
-  Highly Secure



ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AUTOMATION

-  Automated Reporting and Reconciliation
-  Multiple Payment Options Including Virtual Card and Cross Border
-  Vendor Management
-  Client Rebates

REPRESENTATIVE CLIENTS



One-stop-shop B2B payments solutions provider

3

Appendix

Q1 2025 Financial Update

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31		CHANGE	
	2025	2024	AMOUNT	%
Revenue	\$77.3	\$80.7	(\$3.4)	(4%)
Costs of Services	18.7	19.2	(0.5)	(3%)
Gross Profit	\$58.7	\$61.5	(\$2.9)	(5%)
Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾	40.2	40.0	0.3	1%
EBITDA	\$18.4	\$21.6	(\$3.2)	(15%)
Depreciation and Amortization	25.3	27.0	(1.7)	(6%)
Interest (Income)	(1.4)	(1.3)	(0.1)	5%
Interest Expense	3.1	0.9	2.2	241%
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(0.5)	0.3	(0.8)	NM
Net Income (Loss)	(\$8.2)	(\$5.4)	(\$2.8)	(52%)
Adjusted EBITDA⁽²⁾	\$33.2	\$35.5	(\$2.3)	(7%)
Adjusted Net Income ⁽³⁾	\$20.3	\$22.4	(\$2.1)	(9%)
Free Cash Flow⁽⁴⁾	(\$8.0)	\$13.7	(\$21.7)	(159%)

Note: Not meaningful (NM) for comparison

1) Operating expenses includes SG&A and expenses associated with non-cash impairment loss, the change in fair value of tax receivable liability, change in fair value of contingent consideration, loss on extinguishment of debt, and other income / expenses

2) See "Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation" on slide 21 for reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most comparable GAAP measure

3) See "Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation" on slide 22 for reconciliation of Adjusted Net Income to its most comparable GAAP measure

4) See "Free Cash Flow Reconciliation" on slide 23 for reconciliation of Free Cash Flow to its most comparable GAAP measure

Q1 2025 Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

\$MM

	Q1 2025	Q1 2024
Net Income (Loss)	(\$8.2)	(\$5.4)
Interest (Income)	(1.4)	(1.3)
Interest Expense	3.1	0.9
Depreciation and Amortization ⁽¹⁾	25.3	27.0
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(0.5)	0.3
EBITDA	\$18.4	\$21.6
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities ⁽²⁾	3.0	2.9
Share-based compensation expense ⁽³⁾	6.0	6.9
Transaction expenses ⁽⁴⁾	0.8	0.7
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs ⁽⁵⁾	3.5	2.2
Other non-recurring charges ⁽⁶⁾	1.4	1.2
Adjusted EBITDA	\$33.2	\$35.5

- 1) Reflects amortization of client relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the business combination with Thunder Bridge, and client relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through REPAY's acquisitions of TriSource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex, cPayPlus, CPS Payments, BillingTree, Kontrol Payables and Payix. This adjustment excludes the amortization of other intangible assets which were acquired in the regular course of business, such as capitalized internally developed software and purchased software.
- 2) Reflects the changes in management's estimates of the fair value of the liability relating to the Tax Receivable Agreement.
- 3) Represents compensation expense associated with equity compensation plans.
- 4) Primarily consists of professional service fees incurred in connection with prior transactions.
- 5) Reflects costs associated with reorganization of operations, consulting fees related to processing services and other operational improvements, including restructuring and integration activities related to acquired businesses, that were not in the ordinary course.
- 6) For the three months ended March 31, 2025 and the three months ended March 31, 2024, reflects franchise taxes and other non-income based taxes, non-recurring legal and other litigation expenses and payments made to third-parties in connection with our IT security and personnel.

Q1 2025 Adjusted Net Income Reconciliation

(\$MM)	Q1 2025	Q1 2024
Net Income (Loss)	(\$8.2)	(\$5.4)
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles ⁽¹⁾	19.3	19.7
Non-cash change in fair value of assets and liabilities ⁽²⁾	3.0	2.9
Share-based compensation expense ⁽³⁾	6.0	6.9
Transaction expenses ⁽⁴⁾	0.8	0.7
Restructuring and other strategic initiative costs ⁽⁵⁾	3.5	2.2
Other non-recurring charges ⁽⁶⁾	1.4	1.2
Non-cash interest expense ⁽⁷⁾	0.8	0.7
Pro forma taxes at effective rate ⁽⁸⁾	(6.4)	(6.6)
Adjusted Net Income	\$20.3	\$22.4

- 1) Reflects amortization of client relationships, non-compete agreement, software, and channel relationship intangibles acquired through the business combination with Thunder Bridge, and client relationships, non-compete agreement, and software intangibles acquired through REPAY's acquisitions of TriSource Solutions, APS Payments, Ventanex, cPayPlus, CPS Payments, BillingTree, Kontrol Payables and Payix. This adjustment excludes the amortization of other intangible assets which were acquired in the regular course of business, such as capitalized internally developed software and purchased software.
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- 7) Represents amortization of non-cash deferred debt issuance costs.
- 8) Represents pro forma income tax adjustment effect associated with items adjusted above.

Free Cash Flow Reconciliation

	2022				2023				2024				2025	Full Year		
\$MM	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	2022	2023	2024
Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	\$13.8	\$13.3	\$25.3	\$21.8	\$20.8	\$20.0	\$28.0	\$34.9	\$24.8	\$31.0	\$60.1	\$34.3	\$2.5	\$74.2	\$103.6	\$150.1
Capital expenditures																
Cash paid for property and equipment	(0.6)	(1.3)	(0.8)	(0.6)	(0.5)	0.4	(0.9)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.1)	(3.2)	(0.7)	(1.0)
Cash paid for capitalized software development costs ⁽¹⁾	(7.0)	(5.1)	(8.7)	(7.4)	(13.2)	(10.4)	(13.1)	(12.9)	(11.0)	(11.2)	(11.0)	(10.6)	(10.4)	(33.6)	(50.1)	(43.9)
Total capital expenditures	(7.6)	(6.3)	(9.5)	(7.9)	(13.7)	(10.0)	(14.0)	(13.1)	(11.1)	(11.7)	(11.2)	(10.8)	(10.5)	(36.8)	(50.8)	(44.9)
Free Cash Flow	\$6.2	\$7.0	\$15.9	\$13.9	\$7.1	\$10.0	\$13.9	\$21.8	\$13.7	\$19.3	\$48.8	\$23.5	(\$8.0)	\$37.4	\$52.8	\$105.2
Adjusted EBITDA	\$29.3	\$27.6	\$31.7	\$35.9	\$30.9	\$30.3	\$31.9	\$33.5	\$35.5	\$33.7	\$35.1	\$36.5	\$33.2	\$124.5	\$126.8	\$140.8
Free Cash Flow Conversion⁽²⁾	21%	25%	50%	39%	23%	33%	44%	65%	38%	57%	139%	64%	(24%)	30%	42%	75%

1) Historical periods beginning Q3 2023 reflect cash paid for intangibles assets that exclude acquisition costs that are capitalized as channel relationships

2) Represents Free Cash Flow / Adjusted EBITDA

Depreciation and Amortization Detail

\$MM	Q1 2025	Q1 2024
Acquisition-related intangibles	\$19.3	\$19.7
Software	5.5	6.7
Amortization	\$24.8	\$26.4
Depreciation	0.5	0.6
Total Depreciation and Amortization	\$25.3	\$27.0

Note Adjusted Net Income is adjusted to exclude amortization of all acquisition-related intangibles as such amounts are inconsistent in amount and frequency and are significantly impacted by the timing and/or size of acquisitions (see corresponding adjustments in the reconciliation of net income to Adjusted Net Income presented above). Management believes that the adjustment of acquisition-related intangible amortization supplements GAAP financial measures because it allows for greater comparability of operating performance. Although REPAY excludes amortization from acquisition-related intangibles from its non-GAAP expenses, management believes that it is important for investors to understand that such intangibles were recorded as part of purchase accounting and contribute to revenue generation. Amortization of intangibles that relate to past acquisitions will recur in future periods until such intangibles have been fully amortized. Any future acquisitions may result in the amortization of additional intangibles.

Q1 2025 Revenue and Gross Profit Growth Reconciliations

\$MM	Q1 2025		
	Consumer Payments	Business Payments	Total Company
Revenue Growth	(6%)	14%	(4%)
Political Media contribution / (impact)	n/a	(3%)	(<1%)
Revenue Growth, excl. political media	(6%)	17%	(4%)

\$MM	Q1 2025		
	Consumer Payments	Business Payments	Total Company
Gross Profit Growth	(5%)	7%	(5%)
Political Media contribution / (impact)	n/a	(5%)	(1%)
Gross Profit Growth, excl. political media	(5%)	12%	(4%)

Gross Profit Growth Reconciliation

	2023					2024					2025
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1
\$MM											
Gross Profit Growth	11%	8%	3%	2%	6%	9%	7%	9%	2%	6%	(5%)
Acquisitions / (Divestitures) impact	(2%)	(4%)	(6%)	(6%)	(4%)	(2%)	n/a	n/a	n/a	(1%)	n/a
Organic Gross Profit Growth	13%	12%	9%	8%	10%	11%	7%	9%	2%	7%	(5%)
Political Media contribution / (impact)	(<1%)	(2%)	(3%)	(5%)	(3%)	1%	2%	8%	11%	5%	(1%)
Organic GP Growth excl. political media	13%	14%	12%	13%	13%	10%	5%	1%	(9%)	2%	(4%)

Historical Segment Details

\$MM	2022				2023				2024				2025	Full Year		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	2022	2023	2024
Consumer Payments	\$61.1	\$59.8	\$63.0	\$64.3	\$69.9	\$65.9	\$68.7	\$71.1	\$76.1	\$69.3	\$69.2	\$66.3	\$71.9	\$248.2	\$275.7	\$281.0
Business Payments	8.9	9.9	11.4	12.3	8.7	9.8	9.7	9.9	9.7	10.6	15.3	17.4	11.0	42.6	38.1	52.9
<i>Intercompany eliminations</i>	<i>(2.4)</i>	<i>(2.3)</i>	<i>(2.9)</i>	<i>(4.0)</i>	<i>(4.1)</i>	<i>(4.0)</i>	<i>(4.1)</i>	<i>(5.0)</i>	<i>(5.1)</i>	<i>(5.0)</i>	<i>(5.3)</i>	<i>(5.4)</i>	<i>(5.6)</i>	<i>(11.6)</i>	<i>(17.1)</i>	<i>(20.8)</i>
Revenue	\$67.6	\$67.4	\$71.6	\$72.7	\$74.5	\$71.8	\$74.3	\$76.0	\$80.7	\$74.9	\$79.1	\$78.3	\$77.3	\$279.2	\$296.6	\$313.0
Consumer Payments	\$47.5	\$46.1	\$49.7	\$53.1	\$54.6	\$51.7	\$53.6	\$56.2	\$59.6	\$55.5	\$54.9	\$53.1	\$56.7	\$195.5	\$216.1	\$223.1
Business Payments	5.9	7.0	8.1	8.6	6.0	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.0	8.0	12.0	12.1	7.6	30.4	28.0	39.1
<i>Intercompany eliminations</i>	<i>(2.4)</i>	<i>(2.3)</i>	<i>(2.9)</i>	<i>(4.0)</i>	<i>(4.1)</i>	<i>(4.0)</i>	<i>(4.1)</i>	<i>(5.0)</i>	<i>(5.1)</i>	<i>(5.0)</i>	<i>(5.3)</i>	<i>(5.4)</i>	<i>(5.6)</i>	<i>(11.6)</i>	<i>(17.1)</i>	<i>(20.8)</i>
Gross Profit	\$51.0	\$50.7	\$54.9	\$57.8	\$56.6	\$54.9	\$56.7	\$58.7	\$61.5	\$58.6	\$61.6	\$59.7	\$58.7	\$214.4	\$226.9	\$241.4
Consumer Payments	77.8%	77.0%	79.0%	82.6%	78.1%	78.4%	78.0%	79.0%	78.3%	80.2%	79.3%	80.0%	78.8%	78.8%	78.4%	79.4%
Business Payments	66.5%	70.0%	70.4%	70.1%	69.5%	73.3%	74.1%	76.6%	72.8%	75.7%	78.5%	69.5%	68.8%	71.4%	73.5%	74.0%
Gross Profit Margin	75.5%	75.2%	76.8%	79.5%	75.9%	76.5%	76.3%	77.3%	76.2%	78.2%	77.8%	76.3%	75.9%	76.8%	76.5%	77.1%

Note: Historical periods reflect the reclassification of revenue and gross profit between Consumer Payments and Business Payments segments