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CETY:CETYCapitalLLCMember 2021-05-13 0001329606 CETY:VermontRenewableGasLLCMember 2021-05-13
0001329606 us-gaap:RelatedPartyMember 2024-01-01 2024-03-31 0001329606
CETY:VernmontRenewableGasLLCMember 2024-06-21 0001329606 CETY:VernmontRenewableGasLLCMember 2024-
06-21 0001329606 CETY:VernmontRenewableGasLLCMember 2024-06-21 2024-06-21 0001329606
CETY:CETYCapitalLLCMember 2021-06-24 0001329606 CETY:AshfieldRenewablesAgDevelopmentLLCMember 2021-
06-24 0001329606 CETY:VermontRenewableGasLLCMember 2021-06-24 0001329606 CETY:CETYCapitalLLCMember
2023-04-02 0001329606 CETY:AshfieldRenewablesAgDevelopmentLLCMember 2023-04-02 0001329606
CETY:SichuanHongzuoShuyaEnergyLimitedMember 2022-07-31 0001329606 CETY:JHJMember 2022-08-31
0001329606 2022-08-31 0001329606 CETY:SichuanShunengweiEnergyTechnologyLimitedMember 2022-08-31
0001329606 CETY:SichuanHongzuoShuyaEnergyLimitedMember 2022-08-31 0001329606
CETY:SichuanShunengweiEnergyTechnologyLimitedMember 2024-09-30 0001329606 CETY:ShareholderMember 2024-
09-30 0001329606 CETY:SichuanHongzuoShuyaEnergyLimitedMember 2024-01-02 0001329606
CETY:SichuanHongzuoShuyaEnergyLimitedMember 2024-01-01 2024-09-30 0001329606 CETY:ShuyaMember 2023-12-
31 0001329606 CETY:ShuyaMember 2024-01-01 2024-09-30 0001329606 CETY:ShuyaMember 2023-01-01 2023-09-30
0001329606 us-gaap:SeriesEPreferredStockMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-11-19 2024-11-19
0001329606 CETY:SecuritiesPurchase1800DiagonalLendingLLCAgreementMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember
2024-10-15 0001329606 us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-10-15 2024-10-15 0001329606
CETY:SecuritiesPurchase1800DiagonalLendingLLCAgreementMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-11-05
0001329606 CETY:SecuritiesPurchase1800DiagonalLendingLLCAgreementMember srt:ScenarioForecastMember 2025-
11-05 0001329606 CETY:SecuritiesPurchaseAgreementMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-10-08
0001329606 CETY:SecuritiesPurchaseAgreementMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-11-08 0001329606
CETY:SecuritiesPurchaseAgreementMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-12-24 0001329606
CETY:SecuritiesPurchaseAgreementMember us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-12-24 2024-12-24 0001329606 us-
gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-11-18 0001329606 us-gaap:SubsequentEventMember 2024-11-18 2024-11-18
iso4217:USD xbrli:shares iso4217:USD xbrli:shares iso4217:HKD CETY:Integer iso4217:CNY utr:D utr:sqft xbrli:pure
Â Â Â UNITEDSTATESSECURITIESAND EXCHANGE COMMISSIONWashington,D.C. 20549Â FORM10-
QÂ (MarkOne)Â â~ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934 Â Forthe quarterly period ended September 30, 2024Â orÂ â~ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO
SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Â Forthe transition period from _____ to
_____ Â CommissionFile Number: 001-41654Â CLEANENERGY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.(Exactname of registrant as
specified in its charter)Â Nevada Â 20-2675800 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Â (I.R.S.
Employer Identification No.) Â 1340Reynolds Avenue Unit 120, Irvine, California 92614(Addressof principal executive
offices)Â (949)273-4990(Registrantâ€™s telephone number, including area code)Â Securitiesregistered pursuant to
Section 12(b) of the Act:Â Title of each class Â Trading Symbol(s) Â Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 Â CETY Â Nasdaq Â Indicateby check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all
reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities ExchangeAct of 1934 during the preceding 12
months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2)has been subject to
such filing requirements for the past 90 days. â~ Yes â~ NoÂ Indicateby check mark whether the registrant has
submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule405 of Regulation S-T (Â§
232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrantwas required to
submit such files). â~ Yes â~ NoÂ Indicateby check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an
accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reportingcompany, or an emerging growth company. See the
definitions of âœlarge accelerated filer,âœ âœaccelerated filer,âœ âœsmaller reporting company,âœ and
âœemerging growth companyâœ in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.Â Large accelerated filer â~ Accelerated filer â~
Non-accelerated filer â~ Smaller reporting company â~ Â Emerging Growth Company â~ Â Ifan emerging growth
company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for
complyingwith any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange
Act. â~ Â Indicateby check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
Act). â~ Yes â~ NoÂ As of November 19, 2024, there were 44,981,381 shares of the Registrantâ€™s common stock, par
value \$0.001 per share, issued and outstanding.Â Â Â Â Â CLEANENERGY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.(ANevada
Corporation)Â TABLEOF CONTENTSÂ Â Â Page PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Â Â Â ITEM 1.
(UNAUDITED) CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 6 Â Â Â ITEM 2. MANAGEMENTâ€™S DISCUSSION
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Â PART II. OTHER INFORMATION Â Â Â Â ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS 54 Â Â Â ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS
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INFORMATION 56 Â Â Â ITEM 6. EXHIBITS 56 Â 2 Â Â SPECIALNOTES REGARDING THE COMPANYÂ Forward-
LookingStatementsÂ Thisreport contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the
Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21Eof the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. In some
cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the following words:âœanticipate,âœ âœbelieve,âœ
âœcontinue,âœ âœcould,âœ âœestimate,âœ âœexpect,âœ âœintend,âœ âœmay,âœ âœongoing,âœ âœplan,âœ
âœpotential,âœ âœpredict,âœ âœproject,âœ âœshould,âœ âœwill,âœ âœwould,âœ or the negative of these terms or
other comparable terminology, althoughnot all forward-looking statements contain these words. Forward-looking
statements are not a guarantee of future performance or resultsand will not necessarily be accurate indications of the

times at, or by, which such performance or results will be achieved. Forward-looking statements are based on information available at the time the statements are made and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements in this report. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning the following: — our possible or assumed future results of operations; — our business strategies; — our ability to attract and retain customers; — our ability to sell additional products and services to customers; — our cash needs and financing plans; — our competitive position; — our industry environment; — our potential growth opportunities; — expected technological advances by us or by third parties and our ability to leverage them; — Our inability to predict or anticipate the duration or long-term economic and business consequences of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic; — the effects of future regulation; — our ability to protect or monetize our intellectual property; — changes in United States and China trade policies and relations, as well as relations with other countries, and/or changes in regulations and/or sanctions; — the impact on us from the actions the Chinese government may take to intervene in or influence our operations; — the impact on us from the uncertainties in the Chinese legal system, such as Chinese regulations regarding acquisitions of companies based in mainland China by foreign investors and the ability of our Chinese subsidiaries to make payments to us; and — approval, filing, or procedural requirements imposed by the China Securities Regulatory Commission (CSRC) or other Chinese regulatory authorities in connection with issuing securities to foreign investors under Chinese law. You should read any other cautionary statements made in this report as being applicable to all related forward-looking statements wherever they appear in this report. We cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this report will prove to be accurate and therefore prospective investors are encouraged not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. You should read this report completely. Other than as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements, even though our situation may change in the future. We undertake no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason, except as required by law. Given these risks and uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

Disclosures Relating to Our Chinese Operations Clean Energy Technologies Inc. is a company incorporated in the State of Nevada with operations in North America, Europe, and Asia, including in China. Our PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya, an entity in which we own a 49% equity interest, operate our natural gas trading operations in China to source and supply natural gas to industries and municipalities located in China. Throughout this report, unless the context requires otherwise, (i) “the Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. on a consolidated basis with its wholly-owned subsidiaries; (ii) “the PRC Subsidiaries” refers specifically to those wholly-owned subsidiaries of ours located in the People’s Republic of China (including Hong Kong), which include Clean Energy Technologies (H.K.) Limited, Meishan Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., Hainan Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., Element Capital International Limited (H.K.), Sichuan Hunya Jieneng New Energy Co. LTD, and Jiangsu Huanya Jieneng New Energy Co., Ltd.; and (iii) “Shuya” refers to Sichuan Hongzuo Shuya Energy Limited. We face various legal and operational risks and uncertainties due to our operations in China. Our PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya could be adversely affected by uncertainties with respect to the Chinese legal system. Rules and regulations in China can change quickly with little advance notice. The interpretation and enforcement of Chinese laws and regulations involve additional uncertainties. Since administrative and court authorities in China have significant discretion in interpreting and implementing statutory provisions and contractual terms, it may be difficult to evaluate the outcome of administrative and court proceedings and the level of legal protection we enjoy. In addition, the Chinese government exercises significant oversight and discretion over the conduct of the business of our PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya and may intervene in or influence their operations as the government deems appropriate to further regulatory, political and societal goals, which could result in a material change in their operations in China and/or the value of the securities we are registering for sale, including causing the value of such securities to significantly decline or become worthless. Furthermore, the Chinese government has recently exerted more oversight and control over overseas securities offerings and other capital markets activities and foreign investment in China-based companies. Any such actions, once taken by the Chinese government, could significantly limit or completely hinder our ability to offer or continue to offer securities to investors and cause the value of such securities to significantly decline or be worthless. Recently, the PRC government initiated a series of regulatory actions and statements to regulate business operations in China with little advance notice, including cracking down on illegal activities in the securities market, adopting new measures to extend the scope of cybersecurity reviews, and expanding the efforts in anti-monopoly enforcement. We do not believe that we, our PRC Subsidiaries or Shuya are directly subject to these regulatory actions or statements; however, because these statements and regulatory actions are new, it is highly uncertain how soon legislative or administrative rule making bodies in China will respond to them, or what existing or new laws or regulations will be modified or promulgated, if any, or the potential impact such modified or new laws and regulations will have on the daily business operations or ability to accept foreign investments of our PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya. On December 24, 2021, nine government agencies jointly issued the Opinions on Promoting the Healthy and Sustainable Development of Platform Economy, which provides that, among others, monopolistic agreements, abuse of dominant market position and illegal concentration of business operators in the field of platform economy will be strictly investigated and punished in accordance with the relevant laws. Neither our PRC Subsidiaries nor Shuya hold a dominant market position in their product markets and they have not entered into any monopolistic agreement. Neither have they received any inquiry from the relevant governmental authorities. The Cyberspace Administration of China (CAC), together with 12 other Chinese regulatory authorities, released the final version of the Revised Measures for Cybersecurity Review, or the Revised Cybersecurity Measures, in December 2021, which took effect on February 15, 2022. Pursuant to the Revised Cybersecurity Measures, critical information infrastructure operators procuring network products and services and online platform operators carrying out data processing activities, which affect or may affect national security, shall conduct a cybersecurity review pursuant to the provisions therein. In addition, online platform operators possessing personal information of more than one million users seeking to be listed on foreign stock markets must apply for a cybersecurity review. On November 14, 2021, the CAC published the Draft Regulations on the Network Data Security Administration (Draft for Comments) (the “Security Administration Draft”), which provides that data processing operators engaging in data processing activities that affect or may affect national security must be subject to cybersecurity review by the relevant Cyberspace Administration of the PRC. We do not believe that our PRC Subsidiaries or Shuya are “online platform operators” within the meaning of the Revised Cybersecurity Measures,

and neither our PRC Subsidiaries nor Shuya currently possess over one million Chinese users' personal information and do not anticipate that they will be collecting over one million Chinese users' personal information in the foreseeable future. In addition, neither our PRC Subsidiaries nor Shuya will be subject to Security Administration Draft if the Security Administration Draft is enacted as proposed, since they currently do not collect data that affects or may affect national security and we do not anticipate that our PRC Subsidiaries or Shuya will be collecting data that affects or may affect national security in the foreseeable future.

4 On February 17, 2023, the CSRC promulgated the Trial Administrative Measures of the Overseas Securities Offering and Listing by Domestic Companies, or the Trial Measures, and the relevant five guidelines, which became effective on March 31, 2023. The Trial Measures comprehensively reformed the existing regulatory regime for overseas offering and listing of PRC domestic companies' securities and will regulate both direct and indirect overseas offering and listing of PRC domestic companies' securities by adopting a filing-based regulatory regime. Pursuant to the Trial Measures, PRC domestic companies that seek to offer and list securities in overseas markets, either indirect or indirect means, are required to fulfill the filing procedure with the CSRC and report relevant information. The Trial Measures provides that if the issuer meets both of the following criteria, the overseas securities offering and listing conducted by such issuer will be deemed as indirect overseas offering by PRC domestic companies: (i) 50% or more of any of the issuer's operating revenue, total profit, total assets or net assets as documented in its audited consolidated financial statements for the most recent fiscal year is accounted for by domestic companies; and (ii) the principal parts of the issuer's business activities are conducted in mainland China, or its principal place(s) of business are located in mainland China, or the majority of senior management staff in charge of its business operations and management are PRC citizens or have their usual place(s) of residence located in mainland China. If we ever are required by the CSRC to submit and complete the filing procedures for our future offerings of our securities, we cannot assure you that we will be able to complete such filings in a timely manner, or even at all, which could significantly limit or completely hinder our ability to offer or continue to offer securities to investors and cause the value of such securities to significantly decline or become worthless. Any failure by us to comply with such filing requirements under the Trial Measures may result in rectification, warnings, and a fine between RMB 1 million and RMB 10 million on our PRC Subsidiaries or Shuya, which could adversely and materially affect our business operations and financial outlook and could cause the value of our common stock to significantly decline or, in extreme cases, become worthless.

As of the date of this report, these new laws and guidelines have not impacted the ability of our PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya to conduct business and accept foreign investments; however, if (i) we inadvertently conclude that permissions or approvals are not required from applicable PRC authorities or (ii) applicable laws, regulations, or interpretations change, and we are required to obtain such permissions or approvals in the future, our ability to conduct our business in China may be materially impacted, the interest of the investors may be materially and adversely affected and our common stock may significantly decrease in value.

In addition, we face risks associated with the Holding Foreign Companies Accountable Act, or HFCAA. Trading in our securities on U.S. markets, including Nasdaq, may be prohibited under the HFCAA if the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, or PCAOB, determines that it is unable to inspect or investigate completely our auditor for two consecutive years. Pursuant to the HFCAA, the PCAOB issued a Determination Report on December 16, 2021, which found that the PCAOB is unable to inspect or investigate completely registered public accounting firms headquartered in mainland China and Hong Kong because of positions taken by the authorities in those jurisdictions. In addition, the PCAOB's report identified the specific registered public accounting firms which are subject to these determinations. On August 26, 2022, the PCAOB signed a Statement of Protocol Agreement with the CSRC and the Ministry of Finance (the "MOF") of the PRC governing inspections and investigations of audit firms based in China or Hong Kong. On December 15, 2022, the PCAOB announced in the 2022 Determination its determination that the PCAOB was able to secure complete access to inspect and investigate accounting firms headquartered in mainland China and Hong Kong, and the PCAOB Board voted to vacate previous determinations to the contrary. Should the PCAOB again encounter impediments to inspections and investigations in mainland China or Hong Kong as a result of positions taken by any authority in either jurisdiction, including by the CSRC or the MOF, the PCAOB will make determinations under the HFCAA as and when appropriate. Both our current auditor, TAAD LLP, and our former auditor, Fruci & Associates II, PLLC, are headquartered in the United States and, as PCAOB-registered public accounting firms, they are required to undergo regular inspections by the PCAOB to assess its compliance with the laws of the U.S. and professional standards. TAAD LLP and Fruci & Associates II, PLLC have been subject to PCAOB inspections and are not among the PCAOB-registered public accounting firms headquartered in the PRC or Hong Kong that are subject to PCAOB's determination of having been unable to inspect or investigate completely.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if it is later determined that the PCAOB is unable to inspect or investigate our auditor completely, if there is any regulatory change or step taken by PRC regulators that does not permit our auditor to provide audit documentations located in China or Hong Kong to the PCAOB for inspection or investigation, or the PCAOB expands the scope of the Determination so that we are subject to the HFCAA, as the same may be amended, you may be deprived of the benefits of such inspection. Any audit reports not issued by auditors that are completely inspected or investigated by the PCAOB, or a lack of PCAOB inspections of audit work undertaken in China that prevents the PCAOB from regularly evaluating our auditors' audits and their quality control procedures, could result in a lack of assurance that our financial statements and disclosures are adequate and accurate, which could result in limitation or restriction to our access to the U.S. capital markets, and trading of our securities, including trading on the national exchange and trading on "over-the-counter" markets, may be prohibited under the HFCAA and our securities may be delisted by an exchange.

Cash may be transferred within our organization in the following manners: (i) Clean Energy Technologies Inc. may transfer funds to the PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya by way of capital contributions or loans, through intermediate holding subsidiaries or otherwise, as investments or lendings, (ii) the PRC Subsidiaries may make dividends or other distributions to Clean Energy Technologies Inc. through intermediate holding companies or otherwise, and (iii) Shuya may make dividends or other distributions to Clean Energy Technologies Inc., which indirectly owns a 49% equity interest in Shuya, through intermediate holding companies or otherwise. Our abilities to use cash held in PRC or in a PRC entity to fund operations or for other purposes outside of the PRC are subject to restrictions and limitations imposed by the PRC government. Current PRC regulations only permit a wholly foreign-owned enterprise, or WFOE, to pay dividends to its offshore parent company out of their retained earnings, if any, determined in accordance with Chinese accounting standards and regulations. In addition, the majority of the revenues of our PRC Subsidiaries and Shuya are collected in RMB. Thus, foreign exchange shortages and foreign exchange control may also limit their ability to pay dividends or make other payments or otherwise meet our obligations denominated in foreign currencies. Furthermore, we may lose our ability to fund operations or for other uses outside of

Hong Kong using cash in Hong Kong ora Hong Kong entity if, in the future, the scope of the current restrictions and limitations applicable to PRC entities were to expandto include Hong Kong or entities based in Hong Kong. Therefore, our ability to transfer cash between PRC entities and entities outsideof PRC may be restricted. As of the date of this report, (i) we have transferred \$2,671,700 in total to our PRC Subsidiaries, and (ii)JHJ, our wholly-owned subsidiary in the PRC, has transferred \$701,836 in total to Shuya as a capital contribution for the formation ofShuya. No other cash flows or transfers of other assets have occurred between us, our PRC Subsidiaries, and Shuya. As of the dateof this report, neither any of our PRC Subsidiaries nor Shuya has declared any dividends or made any other distributions to the Company,and no such dividends or distributions are anticipated in the near future.

5 PARTI “ FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item1. Financial Statements

CleanEnergy Technologies, Inc.ConsolidatedFinancial Statements(Expressedin US dollars)September30, 2024 (unaudited)

Financial Statement Index

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (unaudited)

7 Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited)

8 Consolidated Statements of Stockholders Deficit (unaudited)

9 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)

11 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

12 6

CleanEnergy Technologies, Inc.ConsolidatedBalance Sheets(Unaudited)

September 30, 2024

December31, 2023

Assets

Current Assets

Cash

44,149

\$89,625

Accounts receivable - net

968,737

1,102,386

Accounts receivable - Related Party

1,082,759

491,774

Accounts receivable

1,082,759

491,774

Advance to supplier - prepayment

605,626

1,048,630

Deferred offering costs

22,750

11,000

Investment Heze Hongyuan Natural Gas Co.

771,476

762,273

Due from related party

106,929

-

Loan receivables

187,851

200,826

Investment to Guangyuan Shuxin New Energy Co.

289,560

286,106

Investment

289,560

286,106

Inventory, net

768,454

666,413

Total Current Assets

4,848,291

4,659,033

Non-Current Assets

Property & equipment - Net

3,419

4,530

Goodwill

747,976

747,976

Investment LWLA

1,468,709

1,468,709

Long Term investment - Shuya

597,564

-

Long-term financing receivables - net

1,002,354

902,354

License

354,322

354,322

Patents

82,910

91,817

Right of use asset - long term

209,919

245,975

Other assets

113,647

67,133

Total Non-Current Assets

4,580,820

3,882,816

Assets from discontinued operations

2,386,762

-

Total Assets

9,429,111

\$10,928,611

Liabilities and Stockholders

Current Liabilities

Accounts payable

1,054,800

506,535

Accounts payable - related party

-

\$87,420

Accounts Payable

-

\$87,420

Accrued expenses

689,826

451,285

Customer deposits

53,026

165,236

Warranty liability

100,000

100,000

Deferred revenue

33,000

33,000

Derivative liability

-

-

Facility lease liability - Current

150,041

117,606

Line of credit

653,536

626,033

Notes payable - GE

-

-

Convertible notes payable, Net

2,535,788

1,934,956

Related party notes payable

356,740

-

Notes payable

356,740

-

Total Current Liabilities

5,626,755

4,022,071

Long-Term Debt

-

-

Facility lease liability - non-current

62,164

128,480

Accrued dividend

156,746

47,904

Total Long-Term Debt

218,910

176,384

Liabilities from discontinued operations

860,958

-

Total Liabilities

5,845,665

5,059,413

Stockholders

Common stock, \$.001 par value; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 44,591,381 and 39,152,455 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively

44,591

39,152

15% Series E Convertible preferred stock, \$.001A par value; 3,500,000A sharesauthorized; 877,774A shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and 2,199,387A outstanding as of and December31, 2023, respectively

878

2,199

Preferred stock, value

878

2,199

Additional paid-in capital

30,355,801

28,251,621

Accumulated other comprehensive loss

(174,153)

(196,827)

Accumulated deficit

(26,643,673)

(22,984,163)

Total Stockholders

Equity attributable to Clean Energy Technologies, Inc.

3,583,444

5,111,982

Non-controlling interest

-

757,216

Total Stockholders

Equity

3,583,444

5,869,198

Total Liabilities & Stockholders

Equity

9,429,111

\$10,928,611

Theaccompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

7

CleanEnergy Technologies, Inc.ConsolidatedStatement of Operationsforthe three and nine months ended September 30, 2024(Unaudited)

2024

2023

2024

2023

Three Months

Nine Months

2024

2023

2024

2023

Sales

3,504

\$1,637,164

1,366,927

\$4,498,483

Sales - Related Party

231,679

367,038

577,406

779,720

Total Sales

235,183

2,004,202

1,944,333

5,278,203

Cost of goods sold

22,642

1,455,277

1,302,758

4,285,260

Gross Profit

212,541

548,925

641,575

992,943

Operating expense:

General and administrative Expense

170,073

144,871

655,832

411,933

Salaries

514,473

422,522

1,481,316

957,759

Travel

54,740

126,768

135,964

326,905

Professional fees - Legal & Accounting

130,725

82,039

484,990

259,476

Facility lease and maintenance

79,915

126,274

230,798

253,041

Consulting

18,994

58,933

195,640

244,540

Depreciation and amortization

2,969

2,982

8,907

9,436

Total operating expense

971,889

964,389

3,193,447

2,463,090

Net loss from operations

(759,348)

(415,464)

(2,551,872)

(1,470,147)

Other Income (Expense)

79,210

Change in derivative liability

-

-

326,539

Investment income (loss) from Shuya

25,304

57,294

Gain / (loss) on debt settlement

(86,207)

(151,777)

130,430

Interest and financing fees

(479,140)

(358,095)

(902,002)

(1,707,690)

Net loss before income taxes

(1,299,391)

(773,526)

(3,550,669)

(2,641,658)

Income tax expense

-

-

-

Net loss before non-controlling interest from continuing operations

(1,299,391)

(773,526)

(3,550,669)

(2,641,658)

Net income before non-controlling interest from discontinued operation

-

106,390

-

181,169

Net loss before non-controlling interest from continuing operations

(1,299,391)

(667,136)

(3,550,669)

(2,460,489)

Net income attributable to non-controlling interest

-

54,259

92,396

Net loss attributable to the Company

(1,299,391)

(721,395)

(3,550,669)

(2,552,885)

Net loss

(1,299,391)

(667,136)

(3,550,669)

(2,460,489)

Other comprehensive item

Foreign currency translation gain (loss) attributable to the Company

82,078

(20,313)

22,674

(153,367) Foreign currency translation gain (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest 5,200

41,193 Total Comprehensive loss (1,217,313) (682,249) (3,527,995) (2,572,663)

Per Share Information: Basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding 44,580,946 38,795,160 42,613,090 38,227,965

Net loss per common share basic and diluted \$(0.03) \$(0.02) \$(0.08) \$(0.07)

The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

8 Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. Consolidated Statement of Stockholders Equity September 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

Description	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Amount	Capital	Income	Deficit
interest	Totals	Common Stock .001 Par	Preferred Stock	Common Stock to be issued	Additional Paid in	Accumulated Comprehensive	Accumulated	Non Controlling
Description	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Amount	Capital	Income	Deficit
interest	Totals	December 31, 2022	37,174,879	37,175				
19,278,229	(160,673)	(17,276,536)	1,878,196					
609,718		609,718	Warrants issued in conjunction for debt					
76,100		76,100	Shares issued for services					
3,899,025		3,900,000	Offering cost					
(753,781)		(753,781)	Shares issued for rounding	3,745	4			
(4)			Shares for Pacific Pier and Firstfire conversion	64,225	64			
(68)			Shares issued for Debt Conversion	277,604	278			
665,972		666,250	Accumulated Comprehensive					
9,613		9,613	Noncontrolling interest ownership					
650,951		650,951	Net loss					
(1,073,858)		(1,035,835)	March 31, 2023	38,495,453				
38,495		23,775,096	(151,060)	(18,350,395)	688,974	6,001,109		
Warrants issued in Conjunction For cash	220,314	220			352,282			
352,503			Reclassification of derivative liabilities due to note repayment					
261,639		261,639	Offering costs					
(51,667)		(51,667)	Shares based compensation	40,000	40			
71,960		72,000	Accumulated Comprehensive					
(106,674)		(35,993)	(142,667)	Net loss				
(757,632)		114	(757,518)	June 30, 2023	38,755,767	38,755		
24,409,310		(257,734)	(19,108,027)	653,095	5,735,399	Shares issued for warrant conversion	213,188	
213		340,888	341,101	Accumulated Comprehensive				
(15,113)		(5,200)	(20,313)	Net loss				
(721,395)		54,259	(667,136)	September 30, 2023	38,968,955	38,968		
24,750,198		(272,847)	(19,829,422)	702,154	5,389,051	9		
Description	Shares	Amount	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Income	Deficit
interest	Totals	December 31, 2023	39,152,455	39,152	2,199,387			
2,199		28,251,621	(196,827)	(22,984,163)	757,216			
5,869,198								
Shares issued for stock compensation	15,000	15	9,435	9,450				
Shares issued for debt inducement	50,000	50	45,447					
45,497		2,000,001	2,000	898,000				
900,000		1,333,492	1,333					
(565,178)	(565)	(768)	Accumulated Comprehensive					
(44,050)	(44,050)	(44,050)	Deconsolidation of Shuya					
(757,216)	(757,216)	(757,216)	Accrued Series E preferred dividend					
(70,024)	(70,024)	(70,024)	Subscription receivable					
(118,470)	(118,470)	(118,470)	Net Loss					
(1,419,400)	(1,419,400)	March 31, 2024	42,550,948	42,551	1,634,209			
1,634		29,085,265	(240,877)	(24,473,587)	(0)	4,414,986		
Shares issued for stock compensation	40,000	40	52,760	52,800				
Shares issued for debt inducement								
1,203,333	1,203	1,081,797	1,083,000					
Shares issued for series E preferred conversion	782,100	782	(756,435)	(756)	(26)			
(0)	(0)	Accumulated Comprehensive						
(15,354)	(15,354)	Accrued Series E preferred dividend						
(5,631)	(5,631)	Net Loss						
(831,878)	(831,878)	June 30, 2024	44,576,381	44,576	877,774	878		
30,219,796		(256,231)	(25,311,096)	(0)	4,697,923	Shares issued for debt inducement	15,000	
15		17,535	17,550	Accumulated Comprehensive				
82,078		82,078	Accrued Series E preferred dividend					
(33,187)	(33,187)	Subscription receivable						
118,470								

unaudited consolidated financial statements. 10 CleanEnergy Technologies, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 (Unaudited) 2024 2023 Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net loss from continuing operation \$ (3,550,669) \$ (2,641,658) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 10,043 13,895 Stock compensation expense 62,250 148,100 Non cash investment income from Shuya 57,980 - Loss on deconsolidation of Shuya 145,677 - Gain on debt settlement - 130,430 Amortization of debt discount 133,053 918,640 Change in derivative liability - 326,539 Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in right of use asset 37,591 128,748 (Decrease) increase in lease liability (35,289) (142,711) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (9,228) (538,040) (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable - related party (548,108) - (Increase) decrease in prepayments 491,500 (1,245,320) (Increase) decrease in equity method investment - - (Increase) decrease in other assets 111,952 695,777 (Increase) decrease in inventory (231,760) (49,214) (Increase) decrease in tax receivable (43,639) - (Decrease) increase in accounts payable 540,614 404,734 Other (Decrease) increase in accrued expenses 145,116 (230,545) Other (Decrease) increase in accrued interest 133,756 104,694 Other (Decrease) increase in other payables - related party - 705,560 Other (Decrease) increase in customer deposits (123,489) 647,633 Net cash used in continuing operations (2,788,608) (3,757,264) Net cash used in discontinued operations 84,968 Net Cash Used In Operating Activities (2,788,608) (3,842,232) Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Loan receivable 83,340 - Purchase of intangible assets - (90) Net cash provided by/(used in) continuing operations 83,340 (90) Net cash provided by discontinued operations 14,201 Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities 83,340 14,111 Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Proceeds from notes payable and lines of credit 1,425,520 1,310,538 Payments on notes payables and lines of credit (644,257) (1,463,049) Proceeds from warrants exercised - 693,603 Loan receivable (104,227) (14,220) Stock issued for cash 1,983,000 3,145,244 Net cash provided by continuing operations 2,660,036 3,672,116 Net cash provided by discontinued operations 234,382 Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities 2,660,036 3,906,498 Foreign currency translation (245) 36,165 Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (45,477) 114,542 Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period 89,625 149,272 Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period \$44,149 \$263,814 Supplemental Cash flow Information: Interest Paid \$99,214 \$263,053 Taxes Paid \$- \$- Supplemental non-cash disclosure: Shares issued for preferred conversions \$2,115 \$- Dividend accrued \$108,842 \$- Discounts on new notes \$- \$239,800 Universal convertible note principal and accrued interest conversion \$- \$666,250 Warrants issued in conjunction for convertible notes payable \$- \$609,617 Shares issued for warrants \$- \$261,639 Shares issued for debt conversion conversions - The accompanying footnotes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements. 11 CleanEnergy Technologies, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) NOTE 1 "GENERAL These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, reflect all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to fairly state the Company's financial position and the results of its operations for the periods presented, in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K/A for the fiscal year end December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on June 20, 2024. The Company assumes that the users of the interim financial information herein have read, or have access to, the audited financial statements for the preceding period, and that the adequacy of additional disclosure needed for a fair presentation may be determined in that context. The results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year ending December 31, 2024. The summary of significant accounting policies of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. is presented to assist in the understanding of the Company's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. A Corporate History We were incorporated in California in July 1995 under the name Probe Manufacturing Industries, Inc. We redomiciled to Nevada in April 2005 under the name Probe Manufacturing, Inc. We manufactured electronics and provided services to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) of industrial, automotive, semiconductor, medical, communication, military, and high technology products. On September 11, 2015 CleanEnergy HRS, or "CE HRS", our wholly owned subsidiary acquired the assets of Heat Recovery Solutions from General Electric International. In November 2015, we changed our name to Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. Our principal executive offices are located at 1340 Reynolds Avenue, Irvine, CA 92614. Our telephone number is (949) 273-4990. Our common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, is listed on the Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol "CETY". Our internet website address is www.cetyinc.com. The information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this document, and you should not consider any information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website as part of this document. The Company has four reportable segments: Clean Energy Heat Recovery Solutions (HRS) & CETY Europe, CETY Renewables waste to energy, engineering & manufacturing services, and CETY HK NG trading. A Going Concern The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company had a total stockholder's equity of \$3,583,444 and a working capital deficit of \$778,464 as of September 30, 2024. The company also had an accumulated deficit of \$26,643,673 as of September 30, 2024. Therefore, there is substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. There can be no assurance that the Company will achieve its goals and reach profitable operations and is still dependent upon its ability (1) to obtain sufficient debt and/or equity capital and/or (2) to generate positive cash flow from operations. 12 Plan of Operation CETY is a rising leader in the zero-emission revolution by providing eco-friendly energy solutions, clean energy fuels, and alternative electric power for small to mid-sized projects across North America, Europe, and Asia. The company harnesses the power of heat and biomass to produce electricity with zero emissions and minimal cost. Additionally, the company offers Waste to Energy Solutions, converting wastematerials from manufacturing, agriculture, and wastewater treatment plants into electricity and BioChar. Clean Energy Technologies also provides Engineering, Consulting, and Project Management Solutions, leveraging its expertise to develop clean energy projects for both municipal and industrial customers, as well as Engineering, Procurement, and Construction (EPC) companies. Our Principal

Businesses' Heat Recovery Solutions' Clean Energy Technologies patented Clean Cycle Generator (CCG) is a heat recovery system that captures waste heat from various sources and converts it into electricity. This system can be integrated into various industrial processes, helping to reduce energy costs and carbon emissions. Waste to Energy Solutions - Clean Energy Technologies' waste to energy solutions involve converting organic waste materials, such as agricultural waste and food waste, into clean energy through its proprietary gasification technology that produce a range of products, including electricity, heat, and biochar. Engineering, Consulting and Project Management Solutions' Clean Energy Technologies offers engineering and manufacturing services to help clients bring their sustainable energy products to market. This includes design, prototyping, testing, and production services. Clean Energy Technologies' expertise in engineering and manufacturing enables it to provide customized solutions to meet clients' specific needs. Clean Energy Technologies (H.K.) Limited ('CETY HK') our natural gas ('NG') trading operations source and supply NG to industries and municipalities in mainland China. NG is principally used for heavy truck refueling stations and urban or industrial users. We purchase large quantities of NG from large wholesale NG depots at fixed prices which are prepaid for in advance at a discount to the market. We sell the NG to our customers at fixed prices or prevailing daily spot prices for the duration of the contracts. NOTE 2 'BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES' The summary of significant accounting policies of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (formerly Probe Manufacturing, Inc.) is presented to assist in the understanding of the Company's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. The consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ('US GAAP') and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Such estimates may be materially different from actual financial results. Significant estimates include the recoverability of long-lived assets, the collection of accounts receivable and valuation of inventory and reserves. Cash and Cash Equivalents We maintain the majority of our cash accounts at JP Morgan Chase bank. The total cash balance is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ('FDIC') up to \$250,000, (which we may exceed from time to time) per commercial bank. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows we consider all cash and highly liquid investments with initial maturities of one year or less to be cash equivalents. 13 Accounts Receivable Our ability to collect receivables is affected by economic fluctuations in the geographic areas and industries served by us. Reserves for uncollectable amounts are provided, based on past experience and a specific analysis of the accounts. Although we expect to collect amounts due, actual collections may differ from the estimated amounts. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had a reserve for potentially uncollectable accounts receivable of \$95,322 and \$95,322, respectively. Our policy for reserves for our long-term financing receivables is determined on a contract-by-contract basis and considers the length of the financing arrangement. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had a reserve for potentially uncollectable long-term financing receivables of \$247,500 and \$247,500, respectively. 5 customers accounted for 100% of accounts receivable on September 30, 2024. Our trade accounts primarily represent unsecured receivables. Historically, our bad debt write-offs related to these trade accounts have been insignificant. Inventory Inventories are valued at the lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value. Our industry experiences changes in technology, changes in market value and availability of raw materials, as well as changing customer demand. We make provisions for estimated excess and obsolete inventories based on regular audits and cycle counts of our on-hand inventory levels and forecasted customer demands and at times additional provisions are made. Any inventory write offs are charged to the reserve account. As of September 30, 2024 we had a reserve of \$934,344 as compared to a reserve of \$934,344 as of December 31, 2023. Property and Equipment Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Assets held under capital leases are recorded at lease inception at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair market value of the related assets. The cost of ordinary maintenance and repairs is charged to operations. Depreciation and amortization are computed on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives of the related assets: SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES Furniture and fixtures 3 to 5 years Goodwill The Company accounts for goodwill and intangible assets in accordance with ASC 350, Intangibles Goodwill and Other. Under ASC 350, goodwill is not amortized; rather, it is tested for impairment on at least an annual basis. Goodwill represents the excess of consideration paid over the fair value of underlying identifiable net assets of business acquired. The Company tests goodwill during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year or more frequently if events arise or circumstances change that indicate that goodwill may be impaired. The Company assesses whether goodwill impairment exists using both qualitative and quantitative assessments. The qualitative assessment involves determining whether events or circumstances exist that indicate it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, including goodwill. If based on this qualitative assessment the Company determines it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, or if the Company elects not to perform a qualitative assessment, a quantitative assessment is performed, as required by ASC 350, to determine whether a goodwill impairment exists. The quantitative test is used to compare the carrying amount of the reporting unit's assets to the fair value of the reporting unit. If the fair value exceeds the carrying value, no further evaluation is required, and no impairment loss is recognized. An impairment loss occurs if the amount of the recorded goodwill exceeds the implied goodwill. The determination of the fair value of the Company's reporting units is based, among other things, on estimates of the future operating performance of the reporting unit being valued. A goodwill impairment test is required to be completed, at minimum, once annually, and any resulting impairment loss recorded upon completion of the assessment. Changes in market conditions, among other factors, may have an impact on these estimates and require interim impairment assessments. 14 When performing the two-step quantitative impairment test, the Company's methodology includes the use of an income approach which discounts future net cash flows to their present value at a rate that reflects the Company's cost of capital, otherwise known as the discounted cash flow method ('DCF'). These estimated fair values are based on estimates of future cash flows of the businesses. Factors affecting these future cash flows include the continued market acceptance of the products and services offered by the businesses, the development of new products and services by the businesses and the underlying cost of development, the future cost structure of the businesses, and future technological changes. The Company also incorporates market multiples for comparable companies in determining the fair value of our reporting units. Any such

impairment would be recognized in full in the reporting period in which it has been identified. **Intangible Assets** The Company's intangible assets consist of customer relationship intangibles, licenses and patents. Upon acquisition, estimates are made in valuing acquired intangible assets, which include but are not limited to, future expected cash flows from customer contracts, customer lists, and estimating cash flows from projects when completed; tradename and market position, as well as assumptions about the period of time that customer relationships will continue; and discount rates. Management's estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from the assumptions used in determining the fair values. All intangible assets are capitalized at their original cost and amortized over their estimated useful lives. **Long-Lived Assets** Long-lived assets, which include property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite lives, and operating lease right-of-use assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of long-lived assets to be held and used is measured by comparing the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the assets. Fair value is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable. The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company conducts its long-lived asset impairment analyses in accordance with ASC 360-10-15, **Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets**. ASC 360-10-15 requires the Company to group assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities and evaluate the asset group against the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows. If the undiscounted cash flows do not indicate the carrying amount of the asset is recoverable, an impairment charge is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds its fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis or appraisals. There was no impairment of long-lived assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. **Revenue Recognition** The Company recognizes revenue under ASU No. 2014-09, **Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)**, (ASC 606). **Performance Obligations Satisfied Over Time** FASB ASC 606-10-25-27 through 25-29, 25-36 through 25-37, 55-5 through 55-10. A **Entity** transfers control of a good or service over time and satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time if one of the following criteria is met: a. The customer receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs (as described in FASB ASC 606-10-55-5 through 55-6). b. The entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in process) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced (as described in FASB ASC 606-10-55-7). c. The entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity (see FASB ASC 606-10-25-28), and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date (as described in FASB ASC 606-10-25-29). **Performance Obligations Satisfied at a Point in Time** FASB ASC 606-10-25-30. If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. To determine the point in time at which a customer obtains control of a promised asset and the entity satisfies a performance obligation, the entity should consider the guidance on control in FASB ASC 606-10-25-23 through 25-26. In addition, it should consider indicators of the transfer of control, which include, but are not limited to, the following: a. The entity has a present right to payment for the asset. b. The customer has legal title to the asset. c. The entity has transferred physical possession of the asset. d. The customer has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. e. The customer has accepted the asset. The core principle of the revenue standard is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company only applies the five-step model to contracts when it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration it is entitled to in exchange for the goods and services transferred to the customer. In addition, a) the company also does not have an alternative use for the asset if the customer were to cancel the contract, and b) has a fully enforceable right to receive payment for work performed (i.e., customers are required to pay as various milestones and/or timeframes are met). The following five steps are applied to achieve that core principle for our HRS and Cety Europe Divisions: **Identify the contract with the customer** **Identify the performance obligations in the contract** **Determine the transaction price** **Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract** **Recognize revenue when the company satisfies a performance obligation** The following steps are applied to our legacy engineering and manufacturing division: **We generate a quotation** **We receive Purchase orders from our customers.** **We build the product to their specification** **We invoice at the time of shipment** **The terms are typically Net 30 days** **The following step is applied to our CETY HK business unit:** **CETY HK is primarily responsible for fulfilling the contract / promise to provide the specified good or service.** **A principal obtains control over any one of the following (ASC 606-10-55-37A):** **a. A good or another asset from the other party which the entity then transfers to the customer. Note that momentary control before transfer to the customer may not qualify.** **b. A right to a service to be performed by the other party, which gives the entity the ability to direct that party to provide the service to the customer on the entity's behalf.** **c. A good or service from the other party that it then combines with other goods or services in providing the specified good or service to the customer.** **If the entity obtains control over one of the above before the good or service is transferred to a customer, the entity could be considered a principal.** Additionally, the above five steps are applied to achieve core principle for our CETY Renewables Division: **Because the CETY Renewables division is presently engaged in the Engineering, Procurement, and Construction (EPC) of biomass power facilities, CETY Renewables has developed a process of executing EPC Agreements with customers for this work. In contracting these engagements, CETY Renewables recognizes revenue according to accounting standards in accordance with ASC 606.** **In recognizing this revenue, CETY Renewables first identifies the relevant contract with its customer according to 606-10-25-1.** **The entities, together known as the Parties, approved the contract in writing, through signatures and commitment to the performance of permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning.** **CETY's work product includes permits, engineering designs, equipment, and full balance of plant specific to permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning.** **CETY and customer agree to a total EPC contract price.** **The contract has commercial substance. The risk associated with this EPC Agreement is that payment of the EPC contract price.** **Per the EPC Agreement, CETY expects to collect substantially all of the consideration for its goods and services.** **Secondly, CETY identifies the performance obligations of the Parties in performance of the EPC Agreement in accordance with 606-10-25-14. At contract inception, CETY assesses the goods and services necessary to deliver the**

facility in accordance with its agreement with clients. The agreement specifically laid out all deliverables necessary to achieve the permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning. CETY also looks at 606-10-25-14(A). A bundle of goods or services is also present, in that CETY is delivering all work products associated with permitting, design, procurement, construction and commissioning of a commercially operable biomass power plant. A biomass powerplant is a distinct bundle of goods or services, so the individual goods or services on their own do not lend themselves to a fully integrated or functional system. CETY in accordance with 606-10-32-1, CETY reviews measurement of the performance obligations. There is no exclusion of any amount of the Contract Price due to constraints associated with 606-10-31-11 through 606-10-32-13. 17 In review of 606-10-32-2A, CETY did not exclude measurement from the measurement of the transaction price any taxes assessed by a government authority as no such taxes will be due. In reviewing 606-10-32-3, CETY evaluated the nature, timing, and amount of consideration promised, and whether it impacts the estimate of the transaction price. Finally, in identifying a single method of measuring progress for each performance obligation satisfied over time, in accordance with 606-10-25-32, CETY applies the methodology of 606-10-25-36. CETY adopted and implemented the input method for revenue recognition in accordance with ASC 606-10-25-33. The company adopts the input method for implementation. CETY recognizes revenue for performance obligations on the basis of the entity's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation per 606-10-55-20. For CETY, the contracts with clients for the construction of biomass power plants are the basis for revenue recognition. In each separate EPC Agreement, the performance obligations include permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning of the plant. All of these work products satisfy Section 606-10-25-27(b) as these work products create or enhance an asset under customer's control. Upon delivery of the work product, the customer takes control of the work products and has full right and ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the assets. We recognize revenue over time, using timeline and milestone methods to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation. During the complexity and duration of the biomass power plant construction projects, CETY will recognize revenue over time, consistent with the criteria for over-time recognition under ASC 606. This approach reflects the continuous transfer of documents, permits, and the equipment over to the customer, which is characteristic of long-term construction contracts. We have a list of appropriate measures of progress: This is based on milestones achieved, among other measures. Given the long-term nature of the projects, CETY regularly reviews and, if necessary, updates its estimates of progress towards completion, transaction price, and the allocation of the transaction price to performance obligations. Also, from time to time our contracts state that the customer is not obligated to pay a final payment until the units are commissioned, i.e. a final payment of 10%. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had \$33,000 and \$33,000 of deferred revenue, which is expected to be recognized in the fourth quarter of year 2024. Also from time to time we require upfront deposits from our customers based on the contract. As of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, we had outstanding customer deposits of \$53,026 and \$165,236 respectively. Fair Value of Financial Instruments The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC (Accounting Standards Codification) 820-10 (SFAS No. 157), "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" for financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820-10 provides a framework for measuring fair value and requires expanded disclosures regarding fair value measurements. FASB ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or the exit price that would be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. FASB ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs required by the standard that the Company uses to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the related assets or liabilities.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company's derivative liabilities have been valued as Level 3 instruments. We value the derivative liability using a lattice model, with a volatility of 56% and using a risk free interest rate of 0.15%.

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, prepaid expenses, inventory, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and convertible notes payable. The estimated fair value of cash, prepaid expenses, investments, accounts payable, accrued expenses and convertible notes payable approximate their carrying amounts due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Foreign Currency Translation and Comprehensive Income (Loss) We have no material components of other comprehensive income (loss) and accordingly, net loss is equal to comprehensive loss in all periods. The accounts of the Company's Chinese entities are maintained in RMB. The accounts of the Chinese entities were translated into USD in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 830 "Foreign Currency Matters." All assets and liabilities were translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date; stockholders' equity is translated at historical rates and the statements of operations and cashflows are translated at the weighted average exchange rate for the period. The resulting translation adjustments are reported under other comprehensive income (loss) in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income." Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are reflected in the statements of operations. The Company follows FASB ASC Topic 220-10, "Comprehensive Income (loss)." Comprehensive income (loss) comprises net income (loss) and all changes to the statements of changes in stockholders' equity, except those due to investments by stockholders, changes in additional paid-in capital and distributions to stockholders.

Change from fair value or equity method to consolidation In July 2022, JHJ and other three shareholders agreed to form and make total capital contribution of RMB 20 million (\$2.81 million) with latest contribution due date in February 2066 into Sichuan Hongzuo Shuya Energy Limited ("Shuya"), JHK owns 20% of Shuya. In August 2022, JHJ purchased 100% ownership of Sichuan Shunengwei Energy Technology Limited ("SSET") for \$0, who owns 29% of Shuya; Shunengwei is a holding company and did not have any operations nor made any capital contribution into Shuya as of the ownership purchase date by JHJ; right after the ownership purchase of SSET, JHJ ultimately owns 49% of Shuya. Shuya was set up as the operating entity for pipeline natural gas (PNG) and compressed natural gas (CNG) trading business, while the other two shareholders of Shuya have large supply relationships. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company has determined that Shuya was not a VIE and has evaluated its consolidation analysis under the voting interest model. Because the Company does not own greater than 50% of the outstanding voting shares, either directly or indirectly, it has accounted for its investment in Shuya under the equity method of accounting. Under this method, the investor (JHJ) recognizes its share of the profits and losses of the investee ("Shuya") in the periods when these profits and losses are also reflected in the accounts of the investee. Any profit or loss recognized by the investing entity appears in its income statement. Also, any recognized profit increases the investment recorded by

the investing entity, while a recognized loss decreases the investment. JHJ made a investment of RMB 3.91 million (\$0.55 million) into Shuya during the 12 months ended December 31, 2022 recorded in accordance with ASC 323. Shuya had a net loss of approximately \$10,750 during the year ending December 31, 2022, of which approximately \$5,000 was allocated to the company, reducing the investment by that amount. However, effective January 1, 2023, JHJ, SSET and Chengdu Xiangyueheng Enterprise Management Co., Ltd (Xiangyueheng), who is the 10% shareholder of Shuya, entered a Three-Parties Consistent Action Agreement, wherein these three shareholders (or three parties) will guarantee that the voting rights will be expressed in the same way at the shareholders' meeting of Shuya to consolidate the controlling position of the three parties in Shuya. The three parties agree that within the validity period of this agreement, before the party intends to propose the motions to the shareholders or the board of directors on the major matters related to the voting rights of the shareholders or the board of directors, the three parties internally will discuss, negotiate and coordinate the motion topics for consistency; in the event of disagreement, the opinions of JHJ shall prevail.

As a result of Consistent Action Agreement, the Company re-analyzed and determined that Shuya is the variable interest entity (VIE) of JHJ because 1) the equity investors at risk, as a group, lack the characteristics of a controlling financial interest, and 2) Shuya is structured with disproportionate voting rights, and substantially all of the activities are conducted on behalf of an investor with disproportionately few voting rights. Under ASC 810, a reporting entity has a controlling financial interest in a VIE, and must consolidate that VIE, if the reporting entity has both of the following characteristics: (a) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the VIE's economic performance; and (b) the obligation to absorb losses, or the right to receive benefits, that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company concluded JHJ is deemed the primary beneficiary of the VIE. Accordingly, the Company consolidates Shuya effective on January 1, 2023. The change of control interest was accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification, referred to as ASC, 805, Business Combinations. The management determined that the Company was the acquiror for financial accounting purposes. In identifying the Company as the accounting acquiror, the companies considered the structure of the transaction and other actions contemplated by the Three-Parties Consistent Action Agreement, relative outstanding share ownership and market values, the composition of the combined company's board of directors, the relative size of Shuya, and the designation of certain senior management positions of the combined company. In accordance with ASC 805, the Company recorded the acquisition based on the fair value of the consideration transferred and then allocated the purchase price to the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values as of the Acquisition Date. The excess of the value of consideration transferred over the aggregate fair value of those net assets was recorded as goodwill. Any identified definite lived intangible assets will be amortized over their estimated useful lives and any identified intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and goodwill will not be amortized but will be tested for impairment at least annually. All intangible assets and goodwill will be tested for impairment when certain indicators are present. Determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed requires management to use significant judgment and estimates including the selection of valuation methodologies, estimates of future revenues and cash flows, discount rates, and selection of comparable companies. The valuation of purchase considerations was based on preliminary estimates that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances. As the Consistent Action Agreement did not quantify any considerations to gain the control, the deemed consideration paid is the fair value of 51% non-controlling interest as of January 1, 2023. The following table summarizes the fair value of the consideration paid and the fair value of assets acquired, and liabilities assumed on January 1, 2023, the acquisition date.

SCHEDULE OF FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACQUIRED	
Fair value of non-controlling interests	\$650,951
Fair value of previously held equity investment	\$556,096
Subtotal	\$1,207,047
Recognized value of 100% of identifiable net assets	(1,207,047)
Goodwill Recognized	\$-
Recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed (preliminary):	
Inventories	\$516,131
Cash and cash equivalents	\$50,346
Trade and other receivables	\$952,384
Advanced deposits	\$672,597
Net fixed assets	\$6,704
Trade and other payables	(1,021,897)
Advanced payments	(5,317)
Salaries and wages payables	(4,692)
Other receivable	\$40,791
Total identifiable net assets	\$1,207,047

Under ASC-805-10-50-2, initial consolidation of an investee previously reported using fair value or the equity method should be accounted for prospectively as of the date the entity obtained a controlling financial interest. Therefore, the Company should provide pro forma information as if the consolidation had occurred as of the beginning of each of the current and prior comparative reporting period per January 1, 2024, and effective on the same date, JHJ, SSET and Xiangyueheng entered into the Agreement on the Termination of the Concerted Action Agreement (the Termination Agreement), pursuant to which the parties released each other from any and all obligations under the CAA. Due to the Termination Agreement, the Company now holds less than 50% of the voting rights in Shuya. The Company analyzed whether Shuya should be consolidated under ASC 810 and determined Shuya is no longer required to be consolidated on January 1, 2024 after the execution of the Termination Agreement. Accordingly, the Company will not consolidate Shuya into its consolidated financial statements on or after January 1, 2024.

Net (Loss) per Common Share: Basic (loss) per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. As of September 30, 2024, we had outstanding common shares of 44,591,381. Basic and diluted weighted average common shares and equivalents for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were 42,613,090 and 38,227,965, respectively. As of September 30, 2024, we had convertible notes convertible into approximately 2,536,750 of additional common shares and additional 5,125,331 common shares underlying our outstanding warrants. Fully diluted weighted average common shares and equivalents were withheld from the calculation for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 as they were considered anti-dilutive.

Research and Development: We had no amounts of research and development (R&D) expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

Segment Disclosure: FASB Codification Topic 280, Segment Reporting, establishes standards for reporting financial and descriptive information about an enterprise's reportable segments. The Company has four reportable segments: Clean Energy Heat Recovery Solutions (HRS) & CETY Europe, CETY renewables waste to energy, engineering & manufacturing services, and CETY HK NG trading. The segments are determined based on several factors, including the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, customer base, delivery channels and similar economic characteristics. Refer to note 1 for a description of the various product categories manufactured under each of these segments. An operating segment's performance is evaluated based on its pre-tax operating contribution, or segment income. Segment income is defined as net sales less cost of sales, and segment selling, general and administrative expenses, and does not include amortization of intangibles, stock-based compensation, other charges (income), net and interest and other, net.

Selected Financial Data:

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL DATA	
2024	2023
For the nine months ended September 30,	
2024	2023

Net Sales \$ 9,341 \$ 59,877 Heat Recovery Solutions 158,830 399,136 NG Trading 1,185,178 4,039,470 Waste to Energy 590,985 779,720 Discontinued operations - 6,422,915 Total Sales \$ 1,944,334 \$ 11,701,118 Segment income and reconciliation before tax 16,528 Heat Recovery Solutions 96,960 148,706 LNG Trading (12,575) 89,466 Waste to Energy 549,946 738,243 Total Segment income 634,331 992,943 Less: operating expense 3,193,447 2,463,090 Less: other income and expenses 998,797 1,171,511 Net (loss) before income tax \$ (3,557,913) \$ (2,641,658) 21 September 30, 2024 December 31, 2023 Total Assets Manufacturing and Engineering \$ - \$ 2,544,786 Heat Recovery Solutions 3,237,319 3,099,223 Waste to Energy 1,063,067 486,572 LNG Trading 2,681,271 4,798,030 Total Assets \$ 6,981,657 \$ 10,928,611 The following table represents revenue by geographic area based on the sales location of our products and solutions:

	2024	2023
United States	752,069	1,207,760
China include discontinued operation:	\$6,422,915	1,185,178
Other international	10,462,385	7,087,438
Total Sales	\$1,944,334	\$11,701,118

For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company has adopted the use of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment" (SFAS No. 123R) (now contained in FASB Codification Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation), which supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and its related implementation guidance and eliminates the alternative to use Opinion 25's intrinsic value method of accounting that was provided in Statement 123 as originally issued. This Statement requires an entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of an equity instrument, which includes grants of stock options and stock warrants, based on the fair value of the award, measured at the grant date (with limited exceptions). Under this standard, the fair value of each award is estimated on the grant date, using an option-pricing model that meets certain requirements. We use the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to estimate the fair value of our equity awards, including stock options and warrants. The Black-Scholes model meets the requirements of SFAS No. 123R; however, the fair values generated may not reflect their actual fair values, as it does not consider certain factors, such as vesting requirements, employee attrition and transferability limitations. The Black-Scholes model valuation is affected by our stock price and a number of assumptions, including expected volatility, expected life, risk-free interest rate and expected dividends. We estimate the expected volatility and estimated life of our stock options at grant date based on historical volatility. For the risk-free interest rate, we use the Constant Maturity Treasury rate on 90-day government securities. The term is equal to the time until the option expires. The dividend yield is not applicable, as the Company has not paid any dividends, nor do we anticipate paying them in the foreseeable future. The fair value of our restricted stock is based on the market value of our free trading common stock, on the grant date calculated using a 20-trading-day average. At the time of grant, the share-based compensation expense is recognized in our financial statements based on awards that are ultimately expected to vest using historical employee attrition rates and the expense is reduced accordingly. It is also adjusted to account for the restricted and thinly traded nature of the shares. The expense is reviewed and adjusted in subsequent periods if actual attrition differs from those estimates.

We evaluate the assumptions used to value our share-based awards on a quarterly basis and, if changes warrant different assumptions, the share-based compensation expense could vary significantly from the amount expensed in the past. We may be required to adjust any remaining share-based compensation expense, based on any additions, cancellations or adjustments to the share-based awards. The expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award—the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). No compensation cost is recognized for equity instruments for which employees do not render the requisite service. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 we had \$62,250 and \$148,100 in share-based expense, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 we had no further non-vested expense to be recognized.

Leases The Company adopted ASC Topic 842, Leases, or ASC 842, using the modified retrospective transition method with a cumulative effect adjustment to be accumulated deficit as of January 1, 2019, and accordingly, modified its policy on accounting for leases as stated below. As described under "Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements" below, the primary impact of adopting ASC 842 for the Company was the recognition in the consolidated balance sheet of certain lease-related assets and liabilities for operating leases with terms longer than 12 months. The Company's leases primarily consist of facility leases which are classified as operating leases. The Company assesses whether an arrangement contains a lease at inception. The Company recognizes a lease liability to make contractual payments under all leases with terms greater than twelve months and a corresponding right-of-use asset, representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments over the lease term using the collateralized incremental borrowing rate since the implicit rate is unknown. Options to extend or terminate a lease are included in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise such an option. The right-of-use asset is initially measured as the contractual lease liability plus any initial direct costs and prepaid lease payments made, less any lease incentives. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Leased right-of-use assets are subject to impairment testing as a long-lived asset at the asset-group level. The Company monitors its long-lived assets for indicators of impairment. As the Company's leased right-of-use assets primarily relate to facility leases, early abandonment of all or part of facility as part of a restructuring plan is typically an indicator of impairment. If impairment indicators are present, the Company tests whether the carrying amount of the leased right-of-use asset is recoverable including consideration of sublease income, and if not recoverable, measures impairment loss for the right-of-use asset or asset group.

Income Taxes Federal Income taxes are not currently due since we have had losses since inception of Clean Energy Technologies. On December 22, 2018 H.R. 1, originally known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, (the "Tax Act") was enacted. Among the significant changes to the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, the Tax Act lowers the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate ("Federal Tax Rate") from 35% to 21% effective January 1, 2018. The Company will compute its income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 using a Federal Tax Rate of 21% and an estimated state of California rate of 9%. Income taxes are provided based upon the liability method of accounting pursuant to ASC 740-10-25 Income Taxes "Recognition. Under this approach, deferred income taxes are recorded to reflect the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each year-end. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets if management does not believe the Company has met the "more likely than not" standard required by ASC 740-10-25-5.

Deferred income tax amounts reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying

amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax reporting purposes. As of December 31, 2023, we had a net operating loss carry-forward of approximately \$(15,737,415) and a deferred tax asset of \$4,727,224 using the statutory rate of 30%. The deferred tax asset may be recognized in future periods, not to exceed 20 years. However, due to the uncertainty of future events we have booked a valuation allowance of \$(2,482,763). FASB ASC 740 prescribes recognition threshold and measurement attributes for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. On September 30, 2024 the Company did not take any tax positions that would require disclosure under FASB ASC 740. On February 13, 2018, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Registrant" or "Corporation") entered into a Common Stock Purchase Agreement ("Stock Purchase Agreement") by and between MGW Investment I Limited ("MGWI") and the Corporation. The Corporation received \$907,388 in exchange for the issuance of 302,462,667 restricted shares of the Corporation's common stock, par value \$.001 per share (the "Common Stock"). On February 13, 2018, the Corporation and Confections Ventures Limited ("CVL") entered into a Convertible Note Purchase Agreement (the "Convertible Note Purchase Agreement," together with the Stock Purchase Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder, the "Financing") pursuant to which the Corporation issued to CVL a convertible promissory Note (the "CVL Note") in the principal amount of \$939,500 with an interest rate of 10% per annum interest rate and a maturity date of February 13, 2020. The CVL Note is convertible into shares of Common Stock at \$0.12 per share, as adjusted as provided therein. This note was assigned to MGW Investments. This resulted in a change in control, which limited the net operating to that date forward. We are subject to taxation in the U.S. and the states of California. Further, the Company currently has no open tax years subject to audit prior to December 31, 2015. The Company is current on its federal and state tax returns. A Reclassification Certain amounts in the prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on reported income, total assets, or stockholders' equity as previously reported. Recently Issued Accounting Standards Deferred Stock Issuance Costs Deferred stock issuance costs represent amounts paid for legal, consulting, and other offering expenses in conjunction with the future raising of additional capital to be performed within one year. These costs are netted against additional paid-in capital as a cost of the stock issuance upon closing of the respective stock placement.

NOTE 3 "ACCOUNTS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE"

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Accounts Receivable	\$ 1,064,059	\$ 1,197,386
Accounts Receivable Related Party	1,082,759	491,774
Less reserve for uncollectable accounts	(95,322)	(95,000)
Total	\$ 2,051,496	\$ 1,594,160

Our Accounts Receivable is pledged to Nations Interbank, our line of credit.

SCHEDULE OF LEASE RECEIVABLE ASSET

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Long-term financing receivables	\$ 1,249,854	\$ 1,149,854
Less Reserve for uncollectable accounts	(247,500)	(247,500)
Long-term financing receivables - net	\$ 1,002,354	\$ 902,354

The Company is currently modifying the assets subject to lease to meet the provisions of the agreement, and as of September 30, 2024 any collection on the lease payments was not yet considered probable, resulting in no derecognition of the underlying asset and no net lease investments recognized on the sales-type lease pursuant to ASC 842-30-25.3. On a contract-by-contract basis or projects that require extensive work from multiple contractors or supply chain challenges or in response to certain situations or installation difficulties, the Company may elect to allow non-interest bearing repayments in excess of 1 year. Our long-term financing receivable are pledged to Nations Interbank, our line of credit.

NOTE 4 "INVENTORIES, NET"

Inventories by major classification were comprised of the following at:

SCHEDULE OF INVENTORIES

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Inventory	\$ 1,702,798	\$ 1,600,757
Less reserve for uncollectable accounts	(934,344)	(934,344)
Total	\$ 768,454	\$ 666,413

Our Inventory is pledged to Nations Interbank, our line of credit.

NOTE 5 "PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT"

Property and equipment were comprised of the following at:

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Property and Equipment	\$ 1,434,923	\$ 1,430,076
Accumulated Depreciation	(1,431,504)	(1,425,546)
Net Fixed Assets	\$ 3,419	\$ 4,530

Our depreciation expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$5,958 and \$13,805 (include depreciation expense of \$3,342 from discontinued operation) respectively. Our property and equipment is pledged to Nations Interbank, our line of credit.

NOTE 6 "INTANGIBLE ASSETS"

Intangible assets were comprised of the following at:

SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Goodwill	\$ 747,976	\$ 747,976
LWL Intangibles	1,468,709	1,468,709
Investment - Shuya	597,564	12,914
License	354,322	354,322
Patents	190,789	190,789
Accumulated Amortization	(107,878)	(98,972)
Net Intangible Assets	\$ 3,251,482	\$ 2,675,738

Our Amortization Expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$8,906 and \$13,805 (include amortization expense of \$3,342 from discontinued operation) respectively.

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Based on the foregoing analysis of the facts surrounding the Company's acquisition of LWL, it is the Company's position that the Company is the acquirer of LWL, under the acquisition method of accounting. As such, as of November 8, 2021 (the acquisition date), the Company recognized, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in the business combination. The following table presents the purchase price allocation:

SCHEDULE OF BUSINESS ACQUISITION PURCHASE PRICE ALLOCATION

Consideration:	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,500,000
Total purchaser consideration	\$ 1,500,000	
Assets acquired:	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,156
Prepayment	22,035	
Other receivable	20,000	
Trading Contracts	146,035	
Shenzhen Gas Relationship	1,314,313	
Total assets acquired	1,508,539	
Liabilities assumed:	Advance Receipts	\$ (8,539)
Net Assets Acquired:	\$ 1,500,000	

If LWL reaches USD 5 million in revenue or net profit of USD 1 million by December 31, 2023, then based on the performance contingency there would be an issuance of 500,000 shares of CETY to the Seller. The performance contingencies were not met.

NOTE 7 "INVESTMENT"

HEZE HONGYUAN NATURAL GAS CO. CONVERTIBLE NOTE RECEIVABLE

Effective January 10, 2022, JHJ (the "Note Holder") entered a convertible note agreement with Chengdu Rongjun Enterprise Consulting Co., Ltd (the "Rongjun" or the "Borrower") with maturity on January 10, 2025. Under this convertible note, JHJ lent RMB 5,000,000 (\$0.78 million) to Rongjun with annual interest rate of 12%, calculated from the Issuance Date until all outstanding interest and principal is paid in full. The Borrower may pre-pay principal or interest on this Note at any time prior to the maturity date, without penalty. JHJ has the right to convert this note directly or indirectly into shares or equity interest of Heze Hongyuan Natural Gas Co., Ltd (the "Heze") equal to 15% of Heze's outstanding equity interest. Rongjun owns 90% of Heze. During the year end December 31, 2023, JHJ

recorded \$58,273 interest income accrued from 2022 from this note, the accrual of interest income ceased in October 2022. 26 NOTE8 ACCRUED EXPENSES SCHEDULE OF ACCRUED EXPENSES September 30, 2024 December 31, 2023 Accrued wages \$ 78,255 \$ 94,955 Sales tax payable 28,869 34,405 Other accrued expenses 582,702 321,925 Total accrued expenses \$ 689,826 \$ 451,285

NOTE9 LINE OF CREDIT On November 11, 2013, we entered into an accounts receivable financing agreement with American Interbank (now Nations Interbank). Amounts outstanding under the agreement bear interest at the rate of 2.0% per the initial 30 days followed by 1% each 15 day increment thereafter (24% annually). It is secured by the assets of the Company. In addition, it is personally guaranteed by Kambiz Mahdi, our Chief Executive Officer. As of September 30, 2024, the outstanding balance was \$653,536 compared to \$626,033 at December 31, 2023. On April 1, 2021, we entered into an amendment to the purchase order financing agreement with DHN Capital, LLC dba Nations Interbank. Nations Interbank has lowered the accrued fees balance by \$275,000 as well as the accrual rate to 2.25% per 30 days. As a result, CETY has agreed to remit a minimum monthly payment of \$25,000 by the final calendar day of each month. On March 30, 2023 amendment to the purchase order financing agreement with DHN Capital, LLC dba Nations Interbank in which Nations Interbank lowered the accrual rate to 1.25% per 30 days (15% annually). We are currently in default of this note. On September 11, 2015, our CE HRS subsidiary issued a promissory note in the initial principal amount \$1,400,000 and assumed a pension liability of \$100,000, for a total liability of \$1,500,000, in connection with our acquisition of the heat recovery solutions, or HRS, assets of General Electric International, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "GEI"), including intellectual property, patents, trademarks, machinery, equipment, tooling and fixtures. The note bears interest at the rate of 2.66% per annum. The note is payable on the following schedule: (a) \$200,000 in principal on December 31, 2015 and (b) thereafter, the remaining principal amount of \$1,200,000, together with interest thereon, payable in equal quarterly instalments of principal and interest of \$157,609, commencing on December 31, 2016 and continuing until December 31, 2019, at which time the remaining unpaid principal amount of this note and all accrued and unpaid interest thereon shall be due and payable in full. CETY stopped making payments and informed GE that it had encountered difficulties because of the valuations of the assets that were acquired from GE. Given that the values of the assets were different than GE's internal reports and as we discussed at the time of the transaction with GE's management, we proposed a change in the amount the Company owes GE under the purchase agreement, but GE was non-responsive, and GE's entire distributed power vertical has been divested. Based on the California Statute of Limitations, the Nevada Statute of Limitations, and the New York Statute of Limitations it is the view of our legal counsel that the above referenced debt is no longer an enforceable obligation. Under California law, Nevada law, and New York law, as it became past due no later than November 3, 2016, more than Six (6) years ago and last payment made on the debt was on November 3, 2016, which is more than Six (6) years ago. The total gain recognized from this write off was \$2,556,916.

Convertible Notes Payable, Net On May 5, 2017, we entered into a nine-month convertible note payable for \$78,000, which accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum. It is not convertible until three months after its issuance and has a conversion rate of sixty one percent (61%) of the lowest closing bid price (as reported by Bloomberg LP) of our common stock for the fifteen (15) Trading Days immediately preceding the date of conversion. On November 6, 2017, this note was assumed and paid in full at a premium for a total of \$116,600 by Cybnaut Zfounder Ventures. An amended term was added to the original note with the interest rate of 14%. This note matured on February 21st of 2018 and is currently in default. As of March 31, 2023, the outstanding balance due was \$159,894. As of April 3, 2023, this note was settled and paid off.

On May 24, 2017, we entered into a nine-month convertible note payable for \$32,000, which accrues interest at the rate of 12% per annum. It is not convertible until three months after its issuance and has a conversion rate of fifty-five eight percent (58%) of the lowest closing bid price (as reported by Bloomberg LP) of our common stock for the fifteen (15) Trading Days immediately preceding the date of conversion. On November 6, 2017, this note was assumed and paid in full at a premium for a total of \$95,685, by Cybnaut Zfounder Ventures. An amended term was added to the original note with the interest rate of 14%. This note matured on February 26th, 2018, and is currently in default. As of March 31, 2023, the outstanding balance due was \$163,979. As of April 3, 2023, this note was settled and paid off.

On March 10, 2022 the company entered into a promissory note in the amount of \$170,600, with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on March 10, 2023 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$18,766. The note had an OID of \$17,060 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which have occurred as of the date of this filing. This note was paid off as of December 6, 2022.

On May 6, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$750,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due May 6, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$675,000.00 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$75,000, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 234,375 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. This note has been amended on September 10, 2024 and the principal balance and accrued interest of this as of September 30, 2024 was \$1,019,384.

On June 30, 2022 the company entered into a promissory note in the amount of \$252,928.44 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on June 30, 2023 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$27,822. The note had an OID of \$25,293 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which have occurred as of the date of this filing. This note was paid off as of February 13, 2023.

On July 13, 2022 the company entered into a promissory note in the amount of \$159,450 with interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on July 13, 2023 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$17,539. The note had an OID of \$16,447 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which have occurred as of the date of this filing. This note was paid off as of March 7, 2023.

On August 5, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Jefferson Street Capital, LLC (Jefferson) pursuant to which the Company issued to Jefferson a \$138,888 Convertible Promissory Note, due August 5, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$125,000.00 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$13,888.88, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Jefferson is entitled to purchase 43,403 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the

Company and Jefferson as well as providing Jefferson with registration rights. This note was paid off as of March 9, 2023 for the payoff amount of \$187,451. On August 17, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Firstfire Global Opportunities Fund LLC (the "Firstfire") pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$150,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due August 17, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$135,000.00 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$15,000.00, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Firstfire is entitled to purchase 46,875 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Firstfire as well as providing Firstfire with registration rights. This note was paid off as of March 9, 2023 for the payoff amount \$215,000. On September 1, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Pacific Pier Capital, LLC (Pacific) pursuant to which the Company issued to Pacific a \$138,888 Convertible Promissory Note, due August 5, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$125,000.00 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$13,888.88, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Pacific is entitled to purchase 43,403 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Pacific as well as providing Pacific with registration rights. This note was paid off as of March 9, 2023 for the payoff amount of \$190,606. On September 16, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$300,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due September 16, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$270,000.00 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$30,000.00, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 93,750 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. Mast Hill converted their warrant on April 18, 2023. This note has been amended on September 10, 2024 and the principal balance and accrued interest of this as of September 30, 2024, was \$391,356. On October 25, 2022, the company entered into a promissory note in the amount of \$114,850 with interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on October 25, 2023 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$12,633. The note had an OID of \$11,850 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which have occurred as of the date of this filing. This note was paid off as of September 15, 2023. On November 10, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$95,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due November 10, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$85,500 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$9,500 and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 29,686 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. The principal balance and accrued interest of this as of November 08, 2023 was \$109,016. This note was converted into Series E preferred shares of CETY. On November 21, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$95,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due November 21, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$85,500 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$9,500, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 29,686 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. The principal balance and accrued interest of this as of November 8, 2023 was \$108,703. This note was converted into Series E preferred shares of CETY. On December 5, 2022, the company entered into a promissory note with 1800 Diagonal in the amount of \$191,526 with interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on December 5, 2023 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$21,067. The note had an OID of \$19,760 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which have occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of December 31, 2023 was \$0. On December 26, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$123,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due December 26, 2023 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$110,700 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$12,300 and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 38,437 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. The principal balance and accrued interest of this as of November 08, 2023 was \$138,923. This note was converted into Series E preferred shares of CETY. On January 19, 2023, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$187,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due January 19, 2024 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$168,300 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$18,700 and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 58,438 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. The principal balance and accrued interest of this as of November 8, 2023 was \$209,517. This note was converted into Series E preferred shares of CETY. On February 10, 2023, the company entered into a promissory note with 1800 Diagonal in the amount of \$258,521 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on February 10, 2024, and has mandatory monthly payments of \$28,437. The note had an OID of \$27,698 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which has occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of December 31, 2023 was \$0. On March 6, 2023, the company entered into a promissory note with 1800 Diagonal in the amount of \$135,005 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on March 6, 2024, and has mandatory monthly payments of \$13,500. The note had an OID of \$14,465 and was recorded as a finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which has occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of December 31, 2023 was \$0. On March

8, 2023, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$734,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due March 8, 2024 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$660,600 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$73,400 and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. Mast Hill Fund is entitled to purchase 367,000 shares of common stock per the warrant agreement at the exercise price of \$1.60. The Securities Purchase Agreement provides customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company and Mast Hill as well as providing Mast Hill with registration rights. The principal balance and accrued interest balance of this as of November 8, 2023 was \$807,601. This note was converted into Series E preferred shares of CETY. On July 20, 2023 Clean Energy Technology, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company") closed the transactions contemplated by the Securities Purchase Agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) dated July 18, 2023 (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill a \$556,000 Convertible Promissory Note, due July 18, 2024 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$ 500,400 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$55,600, and an interest rate of fifteen percent (15%) per annum. The principal and interest of the Note may be converted in whole or in part at any time on or following the issue date, into common stock of the Company, par value \$.001 share (the "Common Stock"), subject to anti-dilution adjustments and for certain other corporate actions subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Mast Hill and its affiliates. The per share conversion price into which principal amount and accrued interest may be converted into shares of Common Stock equals \$6.00, subject to adjustments as provided in the Note. Upon an event of default, the Note will become immediately payable and the Company shall be required to pay a default rate of interest of 15% per annum. At any time prior to an event of default, the Note may be prepaid by the Company at a 150% premium. The Note contains customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company. The principal balance and accrued interest balance of this as of November 8, 2023 was \$581,363. This note was converted into Series E preferred shares of CETY. On October 13, 2023, the company entered into a promissory note with 1800 Diagonal in the amount of \$197,196 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on August 15, 2024 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$21,692. The note had an OID of \$21,128 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which has occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was zero. On November 17, 2023, the company entered into a promissory note with 1800 Diagonal in the amount of \$261,450 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on September 30, 2024 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$28,760. The note had an OID of \$28,013 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which has occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was zero. On November 30, 2023, the company entered into a promissory note with 1800 Diagonal in the amount of \$136,550 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on September 30, 2024 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$15,021. The note had an OID of \$16,700 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which has occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was \$15,021. On December 19, 2023, the company entered into a promissory note in the amount of \$92,000 with an interest rate of 10% per annum and a default interest rate of 22% per annum. This note is due in full on October 30, 2024 and has mandatory monthly payments of \$10,120. The note had an OID of \$12,000 and was recorded as finance fee expense. In the event of the default, at the option of the Investor, the note may be converted into shares of common stock of the company. This note is convertible, but not until a contingent event of default has taken place, none of which has occurred as of the date of this filing. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was \$20,240. On January 3, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with FirstFire Global Opportunities Fund, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Buyer"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to the Buyer the promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$143,750 (the "Note"), which amount is the \$125,000 actual amount of the purchase price (the "Purchase Price") plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$18,750. The Note is convertible into shares of common stock of the Company at a fixed price of \$1.60, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), upon the terms and subject to the limitations and conditions set forth in such Note. This principal and the interest balance of this note was paid off on March 5, 2024. As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 10,000 shares (the "Commitment Shares") of Common Stock. On the closing date, the Buyer shall further withhold from the Purchase Price (i) a non-accountable sum of \$5,000 to cover the Buyer's legal fees and (ii) a sum of \$7,188 to cover the Company's fees owed to Revere Securities LLC, a registered broker-dealer, in connection with this transaction. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was \$0. On February 2, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Coventry Enterprises LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Buyer"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to the Buyer the promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$92,000 (the "Note"), which amount is the \$80,000 actual amount of the purchase price (the "Purchase Price") plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$10,120. This note is due in full on November 30, 2024. As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 20,000 shares (the "Commitment Shares") of Common Stock. The Note is convertible into shares of common stock at a fixed price of \$1.60 of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), upon the terms and subject to the limitations and conditions set forth in such Note. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was \$30,360. On March 4, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with FirstFire Global Opportunities Fund, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Buyer"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to the Buyer the promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$280,500 (the "Note"), which amount is the \$255,000 actual amount of the purchase price (the "Purchase Price") plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$25,500. This note is due in full on February 28, 2025. The Note is convertible into shares of common stock at a fixed price of \$1.60 of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), upon the terms and subject to the limitations and conditions set forth in such Note. As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 20,000 shares (the "Commitment Shares") of Common Stock. On the closing date, the Buyer shall further withhold from the Purchase

Price (i) a non-accountable sum of \$6,000 to cover the Buyer's legal fees and (ii) a sum of \$5,563 to cover the Company's fees owed to Revere Securities LLC, a registered broker-dealer, in connection with this transaction. The balance on this note as of September 30, 2024 was \$140,250. On June 21, 2024, Vermont Renewable Gas LLC (a Vermont limited liability company in which the Company retains 49% equity interest, entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with FPM Development LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and Evergreen Credit Facility I LLP, a Nevada limited liability partnership (collectively, the "Lenders"), pursuant to which the Lenders agreed to loan to VRG the principal amount of \$12 million, to be disbursed in tranches based on agreed-upon milestones, for the construction of a waste-to-biogas generation facility. The term of the loan is two (2) years from the date of the first disbursement and shall mature at the end of the said two (2) years. The Loan shall bear interest on the amount outstanding at a rate equal to the 12-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York plus 4.75% per annum. Under the Loan Agreement, the \$12 million loan shall be secured by (i) two contracts of VRG and (ii) a corporate guarantee provided by the Company (the "Corporate Guarantee") pursuant to which the Company agreed to absolutely and unconditionally guarantee, on a continuing basis, to the Lenders the prompt payment to the Lenders when due at maturity all of VRG's liabilities and obligations under the Loan Agreement. Under the Loan Agreement, the Lenders may also convert up to 30% of the amount of the loan disbursed into shares of common stock of the Company, at the exercise price of 15% discounted value of the then-current share price of the common stock of the Company. AMEC Business Advisory Pte. Ltd., a company incorporated in Singapore (the "AMEC") may assume or acquire up to 50% of the total loan amount under the Loan Agreement, and seeks the option to convert an extra 10% of the amount of loan disbursed, in addition to a pro-rata portion of the 30% conversion right. There was no balance owed as of September 30, 2024. On August 22, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with 1800 Diagonal Lending LLC, a Virginia limited liability company (the "Diagonal"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Diagonal a convertible promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$180,960 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$156,000 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$24,960. The Note provides for a one-time interest charge of thirteen percent (13%) of the principal amount equal to \$23,524. The Company shall make nine (9) payments, each in the amount of \$22,720 to Diagonal. The first payment shall be due on September 30, 2024 with eight (8) subsequent payments due on the 30th day of each month thereafter. This note is due in full on May 31, 2025. Any amount of principal or interest on this Note which is not paid when due shall bear a default interest at the rate of twenty two percent (22%) per annum from the due date thereof until the same is paid. All or any part of the outstanding and unpaid amount under the Note may be converted at any time following an event of default (the "Event of Default") into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), at the conversion price of \$1.00 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments and a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Diagonal and its affiliates. Events of Default include failure to pay principal or interest, bankruptcy of the Company, delisting of the Common Stocks, and other events as set forth in the Note. On September 2, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Coventry Enterprises LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Coventry"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Coventry a convertible promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$92,000 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$80,000 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$12,000. The Note provides for a one-time interest charge of ten percent (10%) of the principal amount equal to \$9,200. The Company shall make ten (10) payments, each in the amount of \$10,120 to Coventry. The first payment shall be due on October 1, 2024 with nine (9) subsequent payments due on the 1st day of each month thereafter, this note is due in full on July 30, 2025. Any amount of principal or interest on this Note which is not paid when due shall bear a default interest at the rate of twenty two percent (22%) per annum from the due date thereof until the same is paid. The Company will issue 15,000 commitment shares of its Common Stock to Coventry in connection with this transaction. All or any part of the outstanding and unpaid amount under the Note may be converted at any time following an event of default (the "Event of Default") into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), at the conversion price of \$1.60 per share or the per share price of any issuance of the Company's stock within the 30 days before or after the conversion, subject to anti-dilution adjustments and a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Coventry and its affiliates. Events of Default include failure to pay principal or interest, bankruptcy of the Company, delisting of the Common Stocks, and other events as set forth in the Note. On September 10, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), and Mast Hill Fund, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Mast"), entered into (i) an amendment to the promissory note that was issued by the Company to Mast on May 6, 2022, in the original principal amount of \$750,000; and (ii) an amendment to the promissory note that was issued by the Company to Mast on September 16, 2022, in the original principal amount of \$300,000 (collectively, the "Amendments"). Pursuant to the Amendments, the maturity date of both of the original promissory notes shall be extended to December 31, 2025 and the Company shall pay an extension fee of \$300,000 in total to Mast at closing. This amount was recorded in the statements of operations as interest expenses, as it was calculated using the applicable default interest rate. On September 10, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with Mast pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Mast a convertible promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$612,000 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$612,000. The Note provides for an interest rate of eight percent (8%) per annum and the maturity date shall be December 31, 2025. Any amount of principal or interest on this Note which is not paid when due shall bear a default interest at the rate of sixteen percent (16%) per annum from the due date thereof until the same is paid. On the closing, Mast shall withhold a non-accountable sum of \$12,000 from the purchase price to cover Mast's legal fees in connection with the transaction. All or any part of the outstanding and unpaid amount under the Note may be converted at any time following the issue date of the Note (the "Issue Date") into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock"), at the conversion price of \$2.50 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments and a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Mast and its affiliates. If, at any time prior to the full repayment or full conversion of all amounts owed under the Note, the Company and the Company's majority-owned non-PRC subsidiaries have collectively received cash proceeds of more than \$1,000,000 (the "Minimum Threshold") in the aggregate from any source after the Issue Date, including, but not limited to, from payments from customers and the issuance of equity or debt, Mast shall have the right in its sole discretion to require the Company to immediately apply up to 25% (the "Repayment Percentage") of such proceeds after the Minimum Threshold to repay all or any portion of the outstanding amounts then due under this Note; provided, however, that the Repayment Percentage shall increase to 50% once the Company and the Company's majority-owned non-PRC subsidiaries have collectively

received cash proceeds of more than \$3,000,000 in the aggregate. On September 30, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company") entered into a securities purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with 1800 Diagonal Lending LLC, a Virginia limited liability company ("Diagonal"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Diagonal a convertible promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$150,650 (the "Note") for a purchase price of \$131,000 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$19,650. The Note provides for a one-time interest charge of thirteen percent (13%) of the principal amount equal to \$19,584. The Company shall make nine (9) payments, each in the amount of \$18,914.89 to Diagonal. The first payment shall be due on October 30, 2024 with eight (8) subsequent payments due on the 30th day of each month thereafter. Any amount of principal or interest on this Note which is not paid when due shall bear a default interest at the rate of twenty two percent (22%) per annum from the due date thereof until the same is paid. All or any part of the outstanding and unpaid amount under the Note may be converted at any time following an event of default (the "Event of Default") into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share ("Common Stock"), at the conversion price of \$1.00 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments and a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Diagonal and its affiliates. Events of Default include failure to pay principal or interest, bankruptcy of the Company, delisting of the Common Stocks, and other events as set forth in the Note.

32 A Total Due to Convertible Notes

SCHEDULE OF CONVERTIBLE NOTES

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Total convertible notes	\$2,122,280	\$2,122,280
Accrued Interest	\$414,469	\$308,216
Debt Discount	\$961	\$71,017
Total	\$2,535,788	\$1,934,956

NOTE 10 "COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES"

Operating Leases

ASBASU 2016-02 "Leases (Topic 842)"

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, which requires lessees to recognize almost all leases on their balance sheet as a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. For income statement purposes, the FASB retained a dual model, requiring leases to be classified as either operating or finance. Classification will be based on criteria that are largely similar to those applied in current lease accounting, but without explicit bright lines. Lessor accounting is similar to the current model but has been updated to align with certain changes to the lessee model and the new revenue recognition standard. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We have adopted the above ASUs as of January 1, 2019. The right of use asset and lease liability have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments, utilizing a 5% average borrowing rate and the company is utilizing the transition relief and "running off" on current leases.

As of May 1, 2017, our corporate headquarters were located at 2990 Redhill Unit A, Costa Mesa, CA. On March 10, 2017, the Company signed a lease agreement for an 18,200-square foot CTU Industrial Building. Lease term is seven years and two months beginning July 1, 2017. This lease ended as of November 30, 2023. In October of 2018 we signed a sublease agreement with our facility in Italy with an indefinite term that may be terminated by either party with a 60-day notice for 1,000 Euro per month. Due to the short termination clause, we are treating this as a month-to-month lease. This lease ended as of December 31, 2023. We have relocated our corporate office to 1340 Reynolds Avenue Unit 120, Irvine, CA 92614. On December 1, 2023, the Company signed a lease agreement for a 3000-square foot of office space with Metro Creekside California, LLC. Lease term is thirty-eight months beginning December 1, 2023 and expiring on January 31, 2027. On October 16 of 2023, we signed a sublease agreement to relocate the HRS operations from Costa Mesa to Irvine, California for one year and 7 months commencing December 1, 2023 and ending June 30, 2025. We also signed a temporary storage lease and due to the short termination clause, we are treating this as a month-to-month lease.

On January 30, 2024, JHJ entered into a lease for the office in Chengdu City ("Chengdu lease"), China from January 30, 2024 to February 28, 2026 and has a monthly rent of RMB 28,200 including the VAT. The lease required a security deposit of RMB 77,120 (or \$10,727). The Company received a one-month rent abatement, which was considered in calculating the present value of the lease payments to determine the ROU asset which is being amortized over the term of the lease. The components of lease costs, lease term and discount rate with respect of these three leases with an initial term of more than 12 months are as the following:

Balance sheet information related to the Company's operating leases:

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING LEASE COST

	As of September 30, 2024	Right-of-use assets	Lease liabilities - current	Lease liabilities - non-current	Total lease liabilities
		\$209,919	\$150,041	\$62,164	\$212,205

The weighted-average remaining lease term and the weighted-average discount rate of the above leases are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	Weighted average discount rate
		1.48	4.5%-10.0%

The following is a schedule, by year of lease payment for the above leases as of September 30, 2024:

SCHEDULE OF LEASE PAYMENTS

	For the 12 months ending	Lease Payment
	September 30, 2025	\$160,797
	September 30, 2026	\$51,770
	September 30, 2027	\$13,773
Total undiscounted cash flows		\$226,340
Imputed Interest		\$14,135
Present value of lease liabilities		\$212,205

Our lease expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were \$131,283 and \$347,529, respectively.

33 A Severance Benefits

Mr. Mahdi will receive a severance benefit consisting of a single lump sum cash payment equal to the salary that Mr. Mahdi would have been entitled to receive through the remainder of the Employment Period or One (1) year, whichever is greater.

NOTE 11 "CAPITAL STOCK TRANSACTIONS"

On April 21, 2005, our Board of Directors and shareholders approved the re-domicile of the Company in the State of Nevada, in connection with which we increased the number of our authorized common shares to 200,000,000 and designated a par value of \$.001 per share. On May 25, 2006, our Board of Directors and shareholders approved an amendment to our Articles of Incorporation to authorize a new series of preferred stock, designated as Series C, and consisting of 15,000 authorized shares. On June 30, 2017, our Board of Directors and shareholders approved an increase in the number of our authorized common shares to 400,000,000 and in the number of our authorized preferred shares to 10,000,000. The amendment effecting the increase in our authorized capital was filed and effective on July 5, 2017. On August 28, 2018, our Board of Directors and shareholders approved an increase in the number of our authorized common shares to 800,000,000. The amendment effecting the increase in our authorized capital was filed and effective on August 23, 2018. On June 10, 2019, our Board of Directors and shareholders approved an increase in the number of our authorized common shares to 2,000,000,000. The amendment effecting the increase in our authorized capital was effective on September 27, 2019. On January 6, 2023, our Board of Directors and majority shareholders approved a reverse stock split. Effective upon the filing of our Certificate of Amendment of Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada, the shares of the Corporation's Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time of January 6, 2023, will be automatically reclassified as and combined into shares of Common Stock such that each (40) shares of Old Common Stock shall be reclassified as and combined into one (1) share of New Common Stock. All per share references to common stock have been retroactively represented throughout the financials.

Common Stock Transactions

On January 19, 2023, the Company entered into a Securities

Purchase Agreement and a warrant agreement with Mast Hill L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill the Company issued Mast Hill a five-year warrant to purchase 58,438 shares of common stock in connections with the transactions. On January 27, 2023 we issued 3,745 shares of our common stock due to rounding post the reverse stock split. On March 23, 2023 we sold 975,000 shares of our common stock in an underwritten offering to R.F. Lafferty & CO and Phillip US. The initial public offering price per share is \$4.00 per share. Net proceeds from this offering was \$3,094,552. In the second quarter of 2023, the Company issued 40,000 shares to a consultant at fair value of \$72,000. On March 8, 2023 the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement and a warrant agreement with Mast Hill, L.P. (Mast Hill) pursuant to which the Company issued to Mast Hill the Company issued Mast Hill a five-year warrant to purchase 367,000 shares of common stock in connections with the transactions. On April 18, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 93,750 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on September 16, 2022. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$150,000. On May 10, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 58,438 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on January 19, 2023. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$93,501. On June 14, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 38,438 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on December 26, 2022. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$61,501. On June 23, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 29,688 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on November 21, 2022. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$47,501. On September 12, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 29,688 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on November 21, 2022. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$47,501. On September 13, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 183,500 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on March 08, 2022. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$293,600. On October 27, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the right to purchase 183,500 of the shares of Common Stock (Warrant Shares) of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., because of the Common Stock Purchase Warrant (the Warrant) issued on March 08, 2022. The exercise price is \$1.60 per share. The total purchase price was \$293,600. On January 3, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the Company) entered into a securities purchase agreement (the Agreement) with FirstFire Global Opportunities Fund, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the Buyer). As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 10,000 shares (the Commitment Shares) of Common Stock. On February 2, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the Company) entered into a securities purchase agreement (the Agreement) with Coventry Enterprises LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the Buyer). As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 20,000 shares (the Commitment Shares) of Common Stock. On February 24, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the Company) entered into a consulting agreement (the Agreement) with Hudson Global Ventures, LLC. As a condition to the agreement, the Company issued to the consultant 15,000 shares of Common Stock. On March 4, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the Company) entered into a securities purchase agreement (the Agreement) with FirstFire Global Opportunities Fund, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the Buyer). As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 20,000 shares (the Commitment Shares) of Common Stock. On March 15, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation, (the Company) and certain individual investors (the Subscribers) entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell up to 2,000,000 units (each a Unit) and together the Units to the Subscribers for an aggregate purchase price of \$900,000, or \$0.45 per Unit, with each unit consisting of one share of common stock, par value \$.001 per share (the Common Stock) and a warrant (the Warrant) to purchase one share of common stock. The Warrant is exercisable at exercise price of \$1.60 per share, expiring one year from the date of issuance. On June 18, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc., a Nevada corporation, (the Company) and certain individual investors (the Subscribers) entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell approximately 1,203,333 units (each a Unit) and together the Units to the Subscribers for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,083,000, or \$0.90 per Unit, with each unit consisting of one share of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the Common Stock) and a warrant (the Warrant) to purchase one share of Common Stock. The Warrant is exercisable at the price of \$2.00 per share, expiring one year from the date of issuance. During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company issued 2,115,592 shares of common stock for conversion of 1,322 Series E Preferred share and zero of common stock for conversion of zero Series E Preferred share. On September 2, 2024, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the Company) entered into a securities purchase agreement (the Agreement) with Coventry Enterprises LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the Buyer). As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 15,000 shares (the Commitment Shares) of Common Stock. Common Stock Our Articles of Incorporation authorize us to issue 2,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share. As of September 30, 2024 there were 44,591,381 shares of common stock outstanding. All outstanding shares of common stock are, and the common stock to be issued will be, fully paid and non-assessable. Each share of our common stock has identical rights and privileges in every respect. The holders of our common stock are entitled to vote upon all matters submitted to a vote of our shareholders and are entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held. There are no cumulative voting rights. 35 The holders of our common stock are entitled to share equally in dividends and other distributions that our Board of Directors may declare from time to time out of funds legally available for that purpose, if any, after the satisfaction of any prior rights and preferences of any outstanding preferred stock. If we liquidate, dissolve or wind up, the holders of common stock shares will be entitled to share ratably in the distribution of all of our assets remaining available for distribution after satisfaction of all our liabilities and our obligations to holders of our outstanding preferred stock. Preferred Stock Our Articles of Incorporation authorize us to issue 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share. Our Board of Directors has the authority to issue additional shares of preferred stock in one or more series, and fix for each series, the designation of and number of shares to be included in each such series. Our Board of Directors is also authorized to set the powers, privileges, preferences, and relative participating, optional or other rights, if any, of the shares of each such series and the qualifications, limitations

or restrictions of the shares of each such series. Unless our Board of Directors provides otherwise, the shares of all series of preferred stock will rank on parity with respect to the payment of dividends and to the distribution of assets upon liquidation. Any issuance by us of shares of our preferred stock may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of our control or an unsolicited acquisition proposal. The issuance of preferred stock also could decrease the amount of earnings and assets available for distribution to the holders of common stock or could adversely affect the rights and powers, including voting rights, of the holders of common stock. We previously authorized 440 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, 20,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, and 15,000 shares Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. As of August 20, 2006, all series A, B, and C preferred had been converted into common stock. Effective August 7, 2013, our Board of Directors designated a series of our preferred stock as Series D Preferred Stock, authorizing 15,000 shares. Our Series D Preferred Stock offering terms authorized us to raise up to \$1,000,000 with an over-allotment of \$500,000 in multiple closings over the course of six months. We received an aggregate of \$750,000 in financing in subscription for Series D Preferred Stock, or 7,500 shares. The following are primary terms of the Series D Preferred Stock. The Series D Preferred holders were initially entitled to be paid a special monthly dividend at the rate of 17.5% per annum. Initially, the Series D Preferred Stock was also entitled to be paid special dividends in the event cash dividends were not paid when scheduled. If the Company does not pay the dividend within five (5) business days from the end of the calendar month for which the payment of such dividend is owed, the Company will pay the investor a special dividend of an additional 3.5%. Any unpaid or accrued special dividends will be paid upon liquidation or redemption. For any other dividends or distributions, the Series D Preferred Stock participates with common stock on an as-converted basis. The Series D Preferred holders may elect to convert the Series D Preferred Stock, in their sole discretion, at any time after a one-year (1) year holding period, by sending the Company a notice to convert. The conversion rate is equal to the greater of \$3.20 or a 20% discount to the average of the three (3) lowest closing market prices of the common stock during the ten (10) trading day period prior to conversion. The Series D Preferred Stock is redeemable from funds legally available for distribution at the option of the individual holders of the Series D Preferred Stock commencing anytime after the one (1) year period from the offering closing at a price equal to the initial purchase price plus all accrued but unpaid dividends, provided, that if the Company gave notice to the investors that it was not in a financial position to redeem the Series D Preferred, the Company and the Series D Preferred holders are obligated to negotiate in good faith for an extension of the redemption period. The Company timely notified the investors that it was not in a financial position to redeem the Series D Preferred and the Company and the investors have engaged in ongoing negotiations to determine an appropriate extension period. The Company may elect to redeem the Series D Preferred Stock any time at a price equal to the initial purchase price plus all accrued but unpaid dividends, subject to the investors' right to convert, by providing written notice about its intent to redeem. Each investor has the right to convert the Series D Preferred Stock at least ten (10) days prior to such redemption by the Company.

36 On October 31, 2023, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") filed with the Nevada Secretary of State a certificate of designation designating 3,500,000 shares of the undesignated and authorized preferred stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share, as the 15% Series E Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Series E Preferred Stock") and setting forth the rights, preferences and limitations of such Series E Preferred Stock. The Series E Preferred Stock has a stated value of \$1.00 (the "Stated Value") per share. Each holder of the Series E Preferred Stock is entitled to receive dividends payable on the Stated Value of the Series E Preferred Stock at a rate of 15% per annum. The Series E Preferred Stock is convertible at the option of the holder thereof into such number of common stocks of the Company, as is determined by dividing the Stated Value per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends thereon by the conversion price of 80% of the lowest VWAP over the last 5 trading days, subject to a 4.99% beneficial ownership limitation. Each holder of Series E Preferred Stock also enjoys certain voting rights and preferences upon liquidation.

On November 8, 2023, Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") entered into an exchange agreement (the "Agreement") with Mast Hill Fund, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the "Holder"), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue to the Holder 2,199,387 shares of the newly designated 15% Series E Convertible Preferred Stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Series E Preferred Stock"), in exchange for the outstanding balances and accrued interest of \$1,955,122, as of November 8, 2023, under the six promissory notes the Company issued to the Holder from November 2022 to July 2023. Based on the analysis performed by an independent agency, the fair value of the stock, as at the valuation date was \$3,210,206. Based on the settlement of \$1,955,122, the company has recorded a loss of \$1,255,084. The Company has designated the rights of the Holder with respect to its shares of Series E Preferred Stocks pursuant to that certain Certificate of Designations, Preferences, and Rights of Series E Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Certificate of Designation"). Additionally, \$156,746 of dividend has been accrued but not paid as of September 30, 2024.

Warrants A summary of warrant activity for the periods is as follows:

On May 6, 2022, we issued 234,375 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$750,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On December 28, 2022, Mast Hill exercised the warrant in full on a cashless basis to purchase 100,446 shares of Common Stock.

On August 5, 2022, we issued 43,403 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$138,889 to Jefferson Street at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock.

On August 17, 2022, we issued 46,875 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$150,000 to First Fire at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On March 1, 2023, First Fire exercised the warrant in full on a cashless basis to purchase 33,114 shares of common stock.

On September 1, 2022, we issued 43,403 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$138,889 to Pacific Pier at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On March 1, 2023, Pacific Pier exercised the warrant in full on a cashless basis to purchase 31,111 shares of common stock.

37 On September 16, 2022, we issued 93,750 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$300,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty

(180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On April 18, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the warrant in full at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. On November 10, 2022, we issued 29,687 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$300,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On June 23, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the warrant in full at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. On November 21, 2022, we issued 29,687 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$95,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On September 12, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the warrant in full at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. On December 26, 2022, we issued 38,437 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$123,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On June 14, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the warrant in full at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. On January 19, 2023, we issued 58,438 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$187,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On May 19, 2023 Mast Hill exercised the warrant in full at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. Mast Hill exercised this not in full. On February 13, 2023, we issued 26,700 warrant shares to J.H. Darbie & Co., Inc. according to finder agreement we entered into date April, 2022 at the exercise price of \$5.00. On March 2023, the company issued Craft Capital Management, L.L.C. and R.F. Lafferty & Co. Inc. a 5-year warrant (the "Underwriter Warrants") to purchase 29,250 shares of common stock in conjunction with a public offering (the "Underwriting Offering") pursuant to a registration statement on Form S-1. On March 8, 2023, we issued 367,000 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of the promissory note in the principal amount of \$734,000 to Mast Hill Fund at the exercise price per share of \$1.60. However, that if the Company consummates an Uplist Offering on or before the date that is one hundred eighty (180) calendar days after the Issuance Date, then the Exercise Price shall equal 120% of the offering price per share of Common Stock. On March 15, 2024, we issued 2,000,000 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of subscription agreement in the amount of 900,000 at the warrant exercise price of per share of \$1.00. On June 18, 2024, we issued 1,203,333 warrant shares in connection with the issuance of subscription agreement in the amount of 1,083,000 at the warrant exercise price of per share of \$1.60.

SCHEDULE OF WARRANT ACTIVITY

Warrants - Common Share Equivalents	Weighted Average Exercise price	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Aggregate Intrinsic Value	Outstanding December 31, 2023	Issued	Expired	Exercised	Additions	Outstanding September 30, 2024
2,000,000	1.60	0.50	1,203,333	1.60	0.75				3,302,685
				1.64	0.67				

NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS On May 13, 2021 the Company formed CETY Capital LLC a wholly owned subsidiary of CETY. In addition, the company established Vermont Renewable Gas LLC ("VRG") with our partner, Synergy Bioproducts Corporation ("SBC"). The purpose of the joint venture is the development of a pyrolysis plant established to convert wood feedstock into electricity and BioChar by using high temperature ablative fast pyrolysis reactor for which Clean Energy Technology, Inc. holds the license for. The VRG is in Lyndon, Vermont. Based upon the terms of the members' agreement, CETY Capital LLC owns a 49% interest and SBC owns a 51% interest in Vermont Renewable Gas LLC. On June 2, 2023 CETY Renewables executed a turnkey agreement for the design, construction, and delivery of organics to energy plant with Vermont Renewable Gas, LLC. As a result, CETY has recognized revenue from VRG of \$197,989 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and recorded as related party revenue. On June 21, 2024, Vermont Renewable Gas LLC ("VRG"), a Vermont limited liability company in which the Company retains 49% equity interest, entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with FPM Development LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, and Evergreen Credit Facility I LLP, a Nevada limited liability partnership (collectively, the "Lenders"), pursuant to which the Lenders agreed to loan to VRG the principal amount of \$12 million, to be disbursed in tranches based on agreed-upon milestones, for the construction of a waste-to-biogas generation facility. The term of the loan is two (2) years from the date of the first disbursement and shall mature at the end of the said two (2) years. The Loan shall bear interest on the amount outstanding at a rate equal to the 12-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York plus 4.75% per annum. Under the Loan Agreement, the \$12 million loan shall be secured by (i) two contracts of VRG and (ii) a corporate guarantee provided by the Company (the "Corporate Guarantee") pursuant to which the Company agreed to absolutely and unconditionally guarantee, on a continuing basis, to the Lenders the prompt payment to the Lenders when due at maturity all of VRG's liabilities and obligations under the Loan Agreement. Under the Loan Agreement, the Lenders may also convert up to 30% of the amount of loan disbursed into shares of common stock of the Company, at the exercise price of 15% discounted value of the then-current share price of the common stock of the Company. AMEC Business Advisory Pte. Ltd., a company incorporated in Singapore (the "AMEC") may assume or acquire up to 50% of the total loan amount under the Loan Agreement and seeks the option to convert an extra 10% of the amount of loan disbursed, in addition to a pro-rata portion of the 30% conversion right. The Lender is currently in default and has been served notice of default. The Lender has failed to disburse the first and second Tranches outlined in the Milestone Schedule of the Agreement. While the Lender has communicated that they are working to cure this default, the company retains the right to amend the agreement once the cure is completed.

NOTE 13 - WARRANTY LIABILITY For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and for the year ended December 31, 2023, there was no change in our warranty liability. We estimate our warranty liability based on past experiences and estimated replacement cost of material and labor to replace the critical turbine in the units that are still under warranty.

NOTE 14 - NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST On June 24, 2021 the Company formed CETY Capital LLC a wholly owned subsidiary of CETY. In addition, the company established CETY Renewables Ashfield LLC ("CRA") a wholly owned subsidiary of Ashfield Renewables Ag Development LLC ("ARA") with our partner, Ashfield AG ("AG"). The purpose of the joint venture was the development of a pyrolysis plant established to convert woody feedstock into electricity and BioChar by using high temperature ablative fast pyrolysis reactor for which Clean

Energy Technology, Inc. holds the license for. The CRA was located in Ashfield, Massachusetts. Based upon the terms of the members' agreement, the CETY Capital LLC owned 75% interest and AG owns a 25% interest in Ashfield Renewables Ag Development LLC. The agreement with CETY Renewables Ashfield has been terminated and CETY Renewable Ashfield was dissolved. The consolidated financial statements have deconsolidated the CRA business unit. The Liabilities of CRA has been transferred to Vermont Renewable Gas LLC (a VRG), a newly formed entity. CETY retains 49% equity in VRG. On April 2, 2023 the Company formed CETY Capital LLC a wholly owned subsidiary of CETY. In addition, the company established Vermont Renewable Gas LLC (a VRG) with our partner, Synergy Bioproducts Corporation (a SBC). The purpose of the joint venture is the development of a pyrolysis plant established to convert wood feedstock into electricity and BioChar by using high temperature ablative fast pyrolysis reactor for which Clean Energy Technology, Inc. holds the license for. The VRG is in Lyndon, Vermont. Based upon the terms of the members' agreement, CETY Capital LLC owns a 49% interest and SBC owns a 51% interest in Vermont Renewable Gas LLC. The Company analyzed the transaction under ASC 810 Consolidation, to determine if the joint venture classifies as a Variable Interest Entity (a VIE). The Company analyzed the transaction under ASC 810 Consolidation, to determine if the joint venture classifies as a Variable Interest Entity (a VIE). The Joint Venture qualifies as a VIE based on the fact the JV does not have sufficient equity to operate without financial support from both parties. According to ASC 810-25-38, a reporting entity shall consolidate a VIE when that reporting entity has a variable interest (or combination of variable interests) that provides the reporting entity with a controlling financial interest on the basis of the provisions in paragraphs 810-10-25-38A through 25-38J. The reporting entity that consolidates a VIE is called the primary beneficiary of that VIE. According to the JV operating agreement, the ownership interests are 49/51 and the agreement provides for a Management Committee of 3 members. Two of the three members are from Synergy Bioproducts Corporation, and one is from CETY. Both parties do not have substantial capital at risk and CETY does not have voting interest. However, SBC has controlling interest and more board votes therefore SBC is the beneficiary of the VIE and as a result we record it as an equity investment. Accordingly, the Company has elected to account for the joint venture as an equity method investment in accordance with ASC 323 Investments "Equity Method and Joint Ventures. This decision is a result of the company's evaluation of its involvement with potential variable interest entities and their respective risk and reward scenarios, which collectively affirm that the conditions necessitating the application of the variable interest model are not present. In July 2022 JHJ and other three shareholders agreed to form and make total capital contribution of RMB 20 million (\$2.81 million) with latest contribution due date in February 2066 into Sichuan Hongzuo Shuya Energy Limited (a Shuya), JHJ owns 20% of Shuya. In August 2022 JHJ purchased 100% ownership of Sichuan Shunengwei Energy Technology Limited (a SSET) for \$0, who owns 29% of Shuya; Shunengwei is a holding company and did not have any operations nor made any capital contribution into Shuya as of the ownership purchase date by JHJ; right after the ownership purchase of SSET, JHJ ultimately owns 49% of Shuya. As a result of Consistent Action Agreement entered on December 31, 2022 the Company re-analyzed and determined that Shuya is the variable interest entity (a VIE) of JHJ, and the Company consolidates Shuya into its consolidated financial statements effective on January 1, 2023. The non-controlling interest of Shuya represents the 41% equity ownership that is owned by Leishen, and 10% equity ownership owned by another shareholder. On January 1, 2024 and effective on the same date., JHJ, SSET and Xiangyueheng entered into the Agreement on the Termination of the Concerted Action Agreement (the "Termination Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties release each other from any and all obligations under the CAA. Due to the Termination Agreement, the Company now holds less than 50% of the voting rights in Shuya. The Company has determined that Shuya no longer constitutes a VIE and the Company will not consolidate Shuya into its consolidated financial statements on or after January 1, 2024. NOTE 15 "DECONSOLIDATION OF SUBSIDIARY On January 1, 2024 and effective on the same date., JHJ, SSET and Xiangyueheng entered into the Agreement on the Termination of the Concerted Action Agreement (the "Termination Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties release each other from any and all obligations under the CAA. Due to the Termination Agreement, the Company now holds less than 50% of the voting rights in Shuya. The Company has determined that Shuya no longer constitutes a VIE and the Company will not consolidate Shuya into its consolidated financial statements on or after January 1, 2024. Accordingly, started from January 1, 2024, the Company deconsolidated Shuya. Under ASC 810-10-40-5, deconsolidation of a VIE generally results in recognition of a gain or loss in the income statement. In addition, any retained equity interest or investment in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value as of the date of deconsolidation. The consideration for deconsolidating of Shuya is \$0, the Company used discounted cash flow method to evaluate the fair value of Shuya, and determined the fair value of retained equity interest for Shuya and NCI approximate its carry value; therefore, no gain or loss was recognized from deconsolidation of Shuya. The Company recalculated the fair value of Shuya as of January 1, 2024 using the income approach at \$543,788 and recorded a loss of \$27,139 from deconsolidation of Shuya for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The following table summarizes the carrying value of the assets and liabilities of Shuya at December 31, 2023.

SCHEDULE OF CARRYING VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS TO DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	
Cash	\$85,226
Accounts receivable	164,744
Advance to supplier-prepayment	317,557
Advance to supplier-related party	466,914
Due from related party	752,066
Inventory	308,481
Total current assets	2,094,988
Fixed assets, net	74,158
Intangible assets, net	12,914
Right of use assets	207,995
Total non-current assets	295,067
Total assets	2,390,055
Accounts payable	41,503
Accounts payable-related party	315,361
Tax payable	13,225
Due to related party-existing companies	103,939
Customer deposits	45,074
Accrued expense	135,087
Facility lease liability-current	229,201
Total current liabilities	883,390
Facility lease liability-long term	81,506
Total liabilities	964,896
	41

The following table shows the results of operations relating to discontinued operations Shuya for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

	2024	2023
Revenues	\$6,422,915	\$5,988,229
Cost of goods sold	-434,686	-
Gross profit	-	-
Operating expenses	-182,728	-
Selling	-	-
General and administrative	-64,145	-
Total operating expenses	-246,873	-
Income from operations	187,813	-
Other income	2,329	-
Income before income tax	190,142	-
Income tax	-8,973	-
Income before noncontrolling interest	181,169	-
Less: income attributable to noncontrolling interest	92,396	-
Net gain to the Company	\$88,773	-

NOTE 16 "SUBSEQUENT EVENTS As of the day of November 19, 2024, the Company issued 300,000 shares for conversion of Series E Preferred share and dividend valued at \$170,464. On October 15, 2024, Clean Energy

Technology, Inc. (the “Company”) entered into a securities purchase agreement (the “Agreement”) with 1800 Diagonal Lending LLC, a Virginia limited liability company (the “Diagonal”), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Diagonal a convertible promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$125,080 (the “Note”) for a purchase price of \$106,000 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$19,080. The Note provides for a one-time interest charge of fifteen percent (15%) of the principal amount equal to \$18,762. The Company shall make nine (9) payments, each in the amount of \$15,982 to Diagonal. The first payment shall be due on November 15, 2024 with eight (8) subsequent payments due on the 15th day of each month thereafter. Any amount of principal or interest on this Note which is not paid when due shall bear a default interest at the rate of twenty two percent (22%) per annum from the due date thereof until the same is paid. All or any part of the outstanding and unpaid amount under the Note may be converted at any time following an event of default (the “Event of Default”) into common stock of the Company, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), at the conversion price of \$1.00 per share, subject to anti-dilution adjustments and a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Diagonal and its affiliates. Events of Default include failure to pay principal or interest, bankruptcy of the Company, delisting of the Common Stocks, and other events as set forth in the Note. On November 5, 2024, the Company received a deficiency letter from the Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Department (the “Staff”) of the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (the “Nasdaq”) notifying the Company that, for the last 30 consecutive business days, the closing bid price for the Company’s common stock has been below the minimum \$1.00 per share required for continued listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market pursuant to Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2) (the “Rule 5550(a)(2)”). The Nasdaq deficiency letter only pertains to the Company’s stock price, and there are no other deficiencies related to the Company’s ongoing listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market. The Nasdaq deficiency letter has no immediate effect on the listing of the Company’s common stock, and its common stock will continue to trade on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the symbol “CETY” at this time. In accordance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5810(c)(3)(A), the Company has been given 180 calendar days, or until May 5, 2025, to regain compliance with Rule 5550(a)(2). If at any time before May 5, 2025 the bid price of the Company’s common stock closes at \$1.00 per share or more for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days, the Staff will provide written confirmation that the Company has achieved compliance. If the Company does not regain compliance with Rule 5550(a)(2) by May 5, 2025, the Company may be afforded a second 180 calendar day period to regain compliance. To qualify, the Company would be required to meet the continued listing requirement for market value of publicly held shares and all other initial listing standards for The Nasdaq Capital Market, except for the minimum bid price requirement. In addition, the Company would be required to notify Nasdaq of its intent to cure the deficiency during the second compliance period. On November 8, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc. (the “Company”) entered into a securities purchase agreement (the “Agreement”) with Coventry Enterprises LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the “Coventry”), pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to Coventry a convertible promissory note of the Company in the principal amount of \$101,000 (the “Note”) for a purchase price of \$96,000 plus an original issue discount in the amount of \$5,000. The Note is due and payable on December 24, 2024 and provides for an interest rate of 3.94%, compounded monthly. The Company shall also issue to Coventry 40,000 unregistered shares of its common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), as loan commitment shares in connection with this transaction. All or any part of the outstanding and unpaid amount under the Note may be converted at any time following an event of default (the “Event of Default”) into Common Stock of the Company, subject to a beneficial ownership limitation of 4.99% of Coventry and its affiliates. The conversion price is the lower of \$1.00 per share or the per share price of any issuance of the Company’s stock within the 30 days before or after the conversion, subject to anti-dilution adjustments. Events of Default include failure to pay principal or interest, bankruptcy of the Company, delisting of the Common Stocks, and other events as set forth in the Note. On November 18, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc. and Mast Hill Fund, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (the “Mast”), entered into an amendment (the “Amendment”) to that certain promissory note originally issued by the Company to Mast on September 9, 2024, in the original principal amount of \$612,000.00 (the “Note”). Pursuant to the Amendment, Mast shall pay the purchase price of an additional \$160,000 on or before November 20, 2024, and the principal balance of the Note shall be increased by \$160,000 on the date that the Company received the funding from Mast.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION OR PLAN OF OPERATION

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) contains forward-looking statements that involve known and unknown risks, significant uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed, or implied, by those forward-looking statements. You can identify forward-looking statements using the words may, will, should, could, expects, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, predicts, intends, potential, proposed, or continue or the negative of those terms. These statements are only predictions. In evaluating these statements, you should consider various factors which may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the exceptions reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Therefore, actual results may differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason.

Description of the Company

We design, produce and market clean energy products and integrated solutions focused on energy efficiency and renewable energy. Our aim is to become a leading provider of renewable and energy efficiency products and solutions by helping commercial companies and municipalities reduce energy waste and emissions, lower energy costs and generate incremental revenue by providing electricity, renewable natural gas and biochar to the grid. Our principal executive offices are located at 1340 Reynolds Avenue, Irvine, CA 92614. Our telephone number is (949) 273-4990. Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Markets under the symbol “CETY.” Our internet website address is www.cetyinc.com the information contained on our websites are not incorporated by reference into this document, and you should not consider any information contained on, or that can be accessed through, our website as part of this document.

Segment Information

Our four segments for accounting purposes are:

- Clean Energy HRS & CETY Europe
- Our Waste Heat Recovery Solutions, converting thermal energy to zero emission electricity.
- CETY Renewables
- Waste to Energy Solutions
- Providing Waste to Energy technologies and solutions.
- Engineering and Manufacturing Business
- providing customers with comprehensive design, manufacturing, and project management solutions.

CETY HK

The parent company of our NG trading operations in China. Prior to the first quarter of 2022 the Company had three reportable segments but added the CETY HK segment to reflect its recent new businesses in China. We specialize in renewable energy & energy efficiency systems design, manufacturing and project

implementation. We were incorporated in California in July 1995 under the name Probe Manufacturing Industries, Inc. We redomiciled to Nevada in April 2005 under the name Probe Manufacturing, Inc. We provided engineering and manufacturing electronics services to original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) of clean energy, industrial, automotive, semiconductor, medical, communication, military, and high technology products. With the vision to combat climate change and creating a better, cleaner and environmentally sustainable future, we formed Clean Energy HRS, LLC a wholly owned subsidiary of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. and acquired the assets of Heat Recovery Solutions from General Electric International on September 11, 2015. In November 2015, we changed our name to Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. We have 24 full-time employees. Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. established a new company, CETY Europe, SRL (CETY Europe) as a wholly owned subsidiary. CETY Europe is a Sales and Service Center in Silea (Treviso), Italy established in 2017. The service center became operational in November 2018. Their offices are located at Alzaia Sul Sile, 26D, 31057 Silea (TV) and they have 1 full time employee. A 43 A A Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. established a wholly owned subsidiary called CETY Capital, a financing arm of CETY to fund captive renewable energy projects producing low carbon energy. CETY Capital will add flexibility to the capacity CETY offers its customers and fund projects utilizing its products and clean energy solutions. CETY Capital retains 49% ownership interest in Vermont Renewable Gas LLC established to develop a biomass plant in Vermont utilizing CETY's High Temperature Ablative Pyrolysis system. A Clean Energy Technologies (H.K.) Limited., a wholly owned subsidiary of Clean Energy Technologies Inc. acquired 100% ownership of Leading Wave Limited, a liquid natural gas trading company in China. A Business Overview A General A The Company's business and operating results are directly affected by changes in overall customer demand, operational costs and performance and leverage of our fixed cost and selling, general and administrative (SG&A) infrastructure. A Product sales fluctuate in response to several factors including many that are beyond the Company's control, such as general economic conditions, interest rates, government regulations, consumer spending, labor availability, and our customers' production rates and inventory levels. Product sales consist of demand from customers in many different markets with different levels of cyclicity and seasonality. A Operating performance is dependent on the Company's ability to manage changes in input costs for items such as raw materials, labor, and overhead operating costs. Performance is also affected by manufacturing efficiencies, including items such as on time delivery, quality, scrap, and productivity. Market factors of supply and demand can impact operating costs. A Who We Are A We develop renewable energy products and solutions and establish partnerships in renewable energy that make environmental and economic sense. Our mission is to be a segment leader in the Zero Emission Revolution by offering recyclable energy solutions, clean energy fuels and alternative electric power for small and mid-sized projects in North America, Europe, and Asia. We target sustainable energy solutions that are profitable for us, profitable for our customers and represent the future of global energy production. A Our principal businesses A Waste Heat Recovery Solutions " we recycle wasted heat produced in manufacturing, waste to energy and power generation facilities using our patented Clean Cycle™ generator to create electricity which can be recycled or sold to the grid. A Waste to Energy Solutions - we convert waste products created in manufacturing, agriculture, wastewater treatment plants and other industries to electricity, renewable natural gas (RNG), hydrogen and biochar which are sold or used by our customers. A Engineering, Consulting and Project Management Solutions " we bring a wealth of experience in developing clean energy projects for municipal and industrial customers and Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) companies so they can identify, design and incorporate clean energy solutions in their projects. A Clean Energy Technologies (H.K.) Limited (CETY HK) " our natural gas (NG) trading operations source and supply NG to industries and municipalities in mainland China. NG is principally used for heavy truck refueling stations and urban or industrial users. We purchase large quantities of NG from large wholesale NG depots at fixed prices which are prepaid for in advance at a discount to the market. We sell the NG to our customers at fixed prices or prevailing daily spot prices for the duration of the contracts. A 44 A A Business and Segment Information A We design, produce and market clean energy products and integrated solutions focused on energy efficiency and renewable energy. Our aim is to become a leading provider of renewable and energy efficiency products and solutions by helping commercial companies and municipalities reduce energy waste and emissions, lower energy costs and generate incremental revenue by providing electricity, renewable natural gas and biochar to the grid. A Summary of Operating Results for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 Compared to the Same Period in 2023 A Going Concern A The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company had a negative working capital of \$778,464 as of September 30, 2024. The company also had an accumulated deficit of \$26,643,673 as of September 30, 2024 and used \$2,788,608 in net cash from operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Therefore, there is substantial doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. There can be no assurance that the Company will achieve its goals and reach profitable operations and is still dependent upon its ability (1) to obtain sufficient debt and/or equity capital and/or (2) to generate positive cash flow from operations. A For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our total revenue was \$1,944,333 compared to \$5,278,203 for the same period in 2023. Our revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was lower than the same period in 2023 due to deconsolidation of the China operations. A For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our gross profit was \$641,575 compared to \$992,943 for the same period in 2023. The decrease in gross profit margin was due to lower revenue from China operations. A For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our operating expense was \$3,193,447 compared to \$2,463,090 for the same period in 2023. The increase in expenses was due to higher salaries expenses, professional fees for legal & accounting, for stock compensation for loan inducements. A For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we had a net loss of \$3,550,669 compared to net loss of \$2,460,489 for the same period in 2023 due to increase in salaries for the CETY Renewable engineering Team, professional fees for legal, accounting, IR, and stock compensation. A For the quarter ended September 30, 2024, stockholder's equity was \$3,583,444, compared to \$5,869,198 as of September 30, 2023. This decrease in stockholder's equity can be attributed to loss of revenue from China operations and lower profits. A CETY has successfully repositioned itself and created 4 different business segments to create a larger, more stable, and more diversified revenue stream that could scale up. The 4 segments are Clean Energy HRS (Heat Recovery), Waste-to-Energy (Pyrolysis Plant), Engineering and manufacturing services, and CETY HK (NG trading and acquisitions). Revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was mainly contributed by NG trading and waste to energy project. CETY expects larger revenue contribution from Waste-to-Energy, Heat Recovery, and EPC next year which are higher gross margin segments. Our pilot Waste-to-Energy plant in Vermont which integrates all of CETY's technologies and expertise into a single solution, is progressing steadily with delays related to permitting. There is a growing market for Heat Recovery in the U.S. and Europe, and CETY HK has begun cross-selling Heat Recovery products in China. CETY is

also gearing up for the EPC segment to implement holistic self-generation solutions globally. 45 Management believes this 4-segment strategy has created many operational synergies and cross-selling opportunities across different markets. The growth in the year ended in 2023 was a result of this strategy. CETY believes that it will continue to deliver growth on all segments due to our belief that there is an optimistic industry macro backdrop. The main macro factor benefiting us is the global commitment to push renewable energy to the forefront from governments across the world. This is evidenced by the Paris Agreement and COP26. The Inflation Reduction Act passed by Congress in August 2022 had specific provisions that can take advantage of CETY's products and solutions. Another catalyst that will potentially help our Company, is a continuously improving global supply chain. The European energy crisis has given rise to the opportunity for CETY to sell more of its products and solutions as customers are in search of self-generation capabilities in renewable energy. CETY expects to and will continue to execute its corporate strategy to build sustained and profitable growth by providing end to end fully integrated solutions and technologies, expand our global sales and marketing, production, research & development, as well as search for synergistic acquisition opportunities. See note 1 to the notes to the financial statements for a discussion on critical accounting policies. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS See note 12 to the notes to the financial statements for a discussion on related party transactions. Results of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Net Sales For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our total revenue was \$1,944,333 compared to \$5,278,203 for the same period in 2023. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to deconsolidation of our China subsidiary. Segment breakdown For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our revenue from Engineering and Manufacturing was \$0 compared to \$59,877 for the same period in 2023. Our engineering team has been working on the Vermont project, additionally, some of our engineering revenue is rolled up into our waste heat to power. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our revenue from HRS was \$158,830 compared to \$399,136 for the same period in 2023. We have a large pipeline of opportunities in this segment and are working diligently to complete the engineering and design, enabling us to execute contractual agreements and close these opportunities. The sales cycle for these types of opportunities is long due to cost factors and the integration of the technology. We are also working with financial institutions to assist in financing the projects as we increasingly move towards Independent Power Producer models. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our revenue from our waste to energy segment was \$231,679 compared to \$779,720 for the same period in 2023. We have a large \$12M contract with Vermont Renewable Gas in this segment and are currently finalizing the certificate of public good permitting to start the construction. We anticipate exponentially higher revenue driven from this segment. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our revenue from our natural gas (NG) business amounted to \$1,185,178, down from \$10,462,385 for the corresponding period in 2023. This decrease can be attributed to the deconsolidation of Shuya's revenue, overall substantial lower revenue from China operations due to slow down in economy and our strategic decision to prioritize non-Chinese markets over expansion into the ASEAN region. Gross Profit For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our gross profits totaled \$641,575, marking higher margins compared to \$992,943 recorded for the corresponding period in 2023. This lower gross profit can be attributed to higher revenue and margins from non-Chinese NG business. Segment breakdown For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our gross profit from Engineering and Manufacturing amounted to \$0, compared to \$16,528 for the same period in 2023. This segment is a recent addition to CETY's portfolio, currently serving as a support for our ongoing internal projects. Nevertheless, it is anticipated to expand notably as CETY shifts its focus towards providing comprehensive end-to-end integrated solutions. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our gross profit from HRS was \$96,961 compared to \$148,706 for the corresponding period in 2023. This increase in margins primarily stemmed from increased service activities, which did not include equipment sales. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our gross profit from waste to energy was \$549,947, compared to \$738,243 for the corresponding period in 2023. Our waste to energy segment will be driving higher margins than our other segments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our gross profit from our wholly owned subsidiary, JHJ, was \$0, a decrease from \$524,152 recorded for the corresponding period in 2023. It's worth noting that our NG business typically operates on slim margins. Looking ahead, we intend to leverage our presence in China to foster synergistic partnerships and facilitate technology transfers, particularly in the growing EV charging sector. Additionally, we aim to explore cross-selling opportunities for our waste heat recovery and waste-to-energy products within the Chinese market. Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our SG&A expenses totaled \$3,193,447, an increase from \$2,463,090 for the same period in 2023. This increase can be attributed to higher expenses from higher salaries from our newly formed CETY Renewables, professional fees legal & accounting, and stock compensation for loan inducement. Salaries Expense For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our Salaries expense totaled \$1,481,316, marking an increase from \$957,759 recorded during the same period in 2023. This increase in expenses can be attributed to the inclusion of key personnel such as our CFO, director of operations, director of technology, and the recruitment of four additional engineers for CETY Renewables, and increased in workforce in our NG operations. Our strategy involves fortifying our team from the ground up to establish a robust foundation for scalable growth, reinforced by cutting-edge technology and streamlined systems. We hold strong conviction in the capabilities of our assembled team, envisioning their collective efforts leading us to a position of leadership within the clean energy sector. Travel Expense For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our travel expense was \$135,964 compared to \$326,905 for the same period in 2023. The decrease was due to less business travels in our China subsidiaries. Professional fees legal and accounting For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our Professional Fees expense totaled \$484,990, marking an increase from \$259,476 in the corresponding period of 2023. This rise in accounting fees can be attributed directly to engaging a new audit firm, which incurred higher costs. Facility Lease and Maintenance Expense For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our facility lease and maintenance expenses totaled \$230,798, marking a significant decrease from the \$253,041 incurred during the same period in 2023. This decrease in cost can be attributed to relocating our Heat Recovery Solutions and headquarters to a lower cost facility. Consulting For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our consulting expense was \$195,640 compared to \$244,540 for the same period in 2023. The decrease was due to less market awareness and IR activities. Depreciation and Amortization Expense For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our depreciation and amortization expense was \$8,907 compared to \$9,436 for the same period in 2023. Change in Derivative Liability For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we had 0 derivative liability compared to a gain of \$326,539 for the same period in 2023. The gain in derivative liability was from a favorable derivative calculation from several convertible notes in the three months ended March 31, 2023. Interest and Finance Fees For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, interest and finance fees amounted to \$902,002, as opposed to \$1,707,690 for

the corresponding period in 2023. The decrease in interest and fees can be attributed to lower amount of borrowing. Despite the decrease in interest and fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, we believe that the cost of capital for CETY remains elevated. The delay in securing affordable financing for our Vermont project resulted in our reliance on high-cost financing options. We are working diligently to finalize our financing in the fourth quarter of 2024. A Net Loss For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our loss amounted to \$3,550,669, representing an increase from the loss of \$2,460,489 incurred during the corresponding period in 2023. This increase is attributed to lower revenues and higher SG&A expenses. A Liquidity and Capital Resources A Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For nine months ended September 30, (unaudited) A A 2024 A 2023 A Net cash (used in) operating activities A \$(2,788,608) A \$(3,842,232) Net cash provided by investing activities A \$83,340 A A \$14,111 A Net cash provided by financing activities A A 2,660,036 A A A 3,906,498 A Foreign Currency Transaction A A 241 A A A 36,165 A Net increase in cash and cash equivalents A \$(45,477) A \$114,542 A A Capital Requirements for Long-Term Obligations A None A Critical Accounting Policies A Our financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. A A 48 A A A We regularly evaluate the accounting policies and estimates that we use to prepare our financial statements. A complete summary of these policies is included in the notes to our financial statements. In general, management's estimates are based on historical experience, on information from third party professionals, and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the facts and circumstances. Actual results could differ from those estimates made by management. A Revenue Recognition A The Company recognizes revenue under ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)," (ASC 606). A Performance Obligations Satisfied Over Time A FASB ASC 606-10-25-27 through 25-29, 25-36 through 25-37, 55-5 through 55-10 A An entity transfers control of a good or service over time and satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time if one of the following criteria is met: A a. The customer receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs (as described in FASB ASC 606-10-55-5 through 55-6). b. The entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in process) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced (as described in FASB ASC 606-10-55-7). c. The entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity (see FASB ASC 606-10-25-28), and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date (as described in FASB ASC 606-10-25-29). A The following five steps are applied to achieve that core principle for our business: A A a— Identify the contract with the customer A A A A a— Identify the performance obligations in the contract A A A A a— Determine the transaction price A A A A a— Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract A A A A a— Recognize revenue when the company satisfies a performance obligation A Performance Obligations Satisfied at a Point in Time A FASB ASC 606-10-25-30 A If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time. To determine the point in time at which a customer obtains control of a promised asset and the entity satisfies a performance obligation, the entity should consider the guidance on control in FASB ASC 606-10-25-23 through 25-26. In addition, it should consider indicators of the transfer of control, which include, but are not limited to, the following: A a. The entity has a present right to payment for the asset. b. The customer has legal title to the asset. c. The entity has transferred physical possession of the asset. d. The customer has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. e. The customer has accepted the asset. A 49 A A A The core principle of the revenue standard is that a company should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company only applies the five-step model to contracts when it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration it is entitled to in exchange for the goods and services transferred to the customer. In addition a) the company also does not have an alternative use for the asset if the customer were to cancel the contract, and b) has a fully enforceable right to receive payment for work performed (i.e., customers are required to pay as various milestones and/or timeframes are met). A The following five steps are applied to achieve that core principle for our HRS and CETY Europe Divisions: A A a— Identify the contract with the customer A A a— Identify the performance obligations in the contract A A a— Determine the transaction price A A a— Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract A A a— Recognize revenue when the company satisfies a performance obligation A The following steps are applied to our legacy engineering and manufacturing division: A A a— We generate a quotation A A a— We receive Purchase orders from our customers. A A a— We build the product to their specification A A a— We invoice at the time of shipment A A a— The terms are typically Net 30 days A The following step is applied to our CETY HK business unit: A A a— CETY HK is primarily responsible for fulfilling the contract / promise to provide the specified good or service. A A principal obtains control over any one of the following (ASC 606-10-55-37A): A A a. A good or another asset from the other party which the entity then transfers to the customer. Note that momentary control before transfer to the customer may not qualify. A b. A right to a service to be performed by the other party, which gives the entity the ability to direct that party to provide the service to the customer on the entity's behalf. A c. A good or service from the other party that it then combines with other goods or services in providing the specified good or service to the customer. A If the entity obtains control over one of the above before the good or service is transferred to a customer, the entity could be considered a principal. A During the project development and engineering phase of our CETY Renewable projects such as VRG, we employ the input method of revenue recognition to estimate revenue based on projected costs. This approach involves forecasting future costs and revenues to determine the amount of revenue we recognize in the current period. It's important to understand, however, that these recognized revenue figures are not final and are subject to adjustments. Changes may occur as we gain more clarity on actual costs compared to our initial projections, affecting the revenue recognized accordingly. A 50 A A A The projected costs of the VRG project is based on estimates and profitability will be impacted depending on actual costs. Using the input method for revenue recognition, the amount of recorded revenue is also affected depending on the estimated total costs. The purchase price allocation for Shuya was also based on estimates and comparable data selected by the Company. The inputs for the valuation of the Series E preferred shares were also based on estimates and comparable data selected by the Company. A Additionally, the above five steps are applied to achieve core principle for our CETY Renewables Division: A Because the CETY Renewables division is presently engaged in the Engineering, Procurement, and Construction (EPC) of biomass power facilities, CETY Renewables has developed a process of executing EPC Agreements with customers for this work. In contracting these engagements, CETY Renewables

recognizes revenue according to accounting standards in accordance with ASC 606. In recognizing this revenue, CETY Renewables first identifies the relevant contract with its customer according to 606-10-25-1.4. The entities, together known as the Parties, approved the contract in writing, through signatures and commitment to the performance of permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning. CETY's work product includes permits, engineering designs, equipment, and full balance of plant specific to permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning. CETY and customer agree to a total EPC Contract price. The contract has commercial substance. The risk associated with this EPC Agreement is that payment of the EPC contract price. Per the EPC Agreement, CETY expects to collect substantially all of the consideration for its goods and services. Secondly, CETY identifies the performance obligations of the Parties in performance of the EPC Agreement in accordance with 606-10-25-14. At contract inception, CETY assesses the goods and services necessary to deliver the facility in accordance with the its agreement with its clients. The agreement specifically laid out all deliverables necessary to achieve the permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning. CETY also looks at 606-10-25-14(A). A bundle of goods or services is also present, in that CETY is delivering all work products associated with permitting, design, procurement, construction and commissioning of a commercially operable biomass power plant. A biomass power plant is a distinct bundle of goods or services, so the individual goods or services on their own do not lend themselves to a fully integrated or functional system. In accordance with 606-10-32-1, CETY reviews measurement of the performance obligations. There are no exclusion of any amount of the Contract Price due to constraints associated with 606-10-31-11 through 606-10-32-13. In review of 606-10-32-2A, CETY did not exclude measurement from the measurement of the transaction price any taxes assessed by a government authority as no such taxes will be due. In reviewing 606-10-32-3, CETY evaluated the nature, timing, and amount of consideration promised, and whether it impacts the estimate of the transaction price. Finally, in identifying a single method of measuring progress for each performance obligation satisfied over time, in accordance with 606-10-25-32, CETY applies the methodology of 606-10-25-36. CETY adopted and implemented the input method for revenue recognition in accordance with ASC 606-10-25-33. The company adopts the input method for implementation. CETY recognizes revenue for performance obligations on the basis of the entity's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation per 606-10-55-20. 51 For CETY, the contracts with clients for the construction of biomass power plants are the basis for revenue recognition. In each separate EPC Agreement, the performance obligations include permitting, design, procurement, construction, and commissioning of the plant. All of these work products satisfy Section 606-10-25-27(b) as these work products create or enhance an asset under customer's control. Upon delivery of the work product, the customer takes control of the work products and has full right and ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the assets. We recognize revenue over time, using timeline and milestone methods to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation. During the complexity and duration of the biomass power plant construction projects, CETY will recognize revenue over time, consistent with the criteria for over-time recognition under ASC 606. This approach reflects the continuous transfer of documents, permits, and the equipment over to the customer, which is characteristic of long-term construction contracts. We have a list of appropriate measures of progress: This is based on milestones achieved, among other measures. Given the long-term nature of the projects, CETY regularly reviews and, if necessary, updates its estimates of progress towards completion, transaction price, and the allocation of the transaction price to performance obligations. Also, from time to time our contracts state that the customer is not obligated to pay a final payment until the units are commissioned, i.e. a final payment of 10%. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had \$33,000 and \$33,000 of deferred revenue, which is expected to be recognized in the fourth quarter of year 2024. Also from time to time we require upfront deposits from our customers based on the contract. As of September 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, we had outstanding customer deposits of \$41,462 and \$210,310 respectively. Change from fair value or equity method to consolidation. Chengdu Xiangyueheng Enterprise Management Co., Ltd (the "Xiangyueheng"), which owns a 10% equity interest in Shuya, entered a three-party Concerted Action Agreement (the "CAA"), wherein the parties agreed to vote in unison at the shareholders' meeting of Shuya to consolidate the controlling position of the three parties in Shuya. The three parties agreed that during the term of the CAA, before any of the three parties intends to propose motions to the shareholders' meetings or the board of directors, or exercise their voting rights on any matter that shall be presented to and resolved through the shareholders' meeting in accordance with the laws, regulations, Articles of Association of Shuya or any relevant shareholders' agreements, the three parties will discuss, negotiate, and coordinate the motion topics for consistency; in the event of disagreement, the opinions of JHJ shall prevail. As a result of the CAA, the Company re-analyzed and determined that Shuya is the variable interest entity (the "VIE") of JHJ because 1) the equity investors at risk, as a group, lack the characteristics of a controlling financial interest, and 2) Shuya is structured with disproportionate voting rights, and substantially all the activities are conducted on behalf of an investor with disproportionately few voting rights. Under ASC 810, a reporting entity has a controlling financial interest in a VIE, and must consolidate that VIE, if the reporting entity has both of the following characteristics: (a) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly affect the VIE's economic performance; and (b) the obligation to absorb losses, or the right to receive benefits, that could potentially be significant to the VIE. The Company concluded JHJ is deemed the primary beneficiary of the VIE. Accordingly, the Company consolidates Shuya into its consolidated financial statements effective on January 1, 2023. On January 1, 2024, and effective on the same date, JHJ, SSET and Xiangyueheng entered into the Agreement on the Termination of the Concerted Action Agreement (the "Termination Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties released each other from any and all obligations under the CAA. Due to the Termination Agreement, the Company now holds less than 50% of the voting rights in Shuya. The Company analyzed whether Shuya should be consolidated under ASC 810 and determined Shuya is no longer required to be consolidated on January 1, 2024 after the execution of the Termination Agreement. Accordingly, the Company will not consolidate Shuya into its consolidated financial statements on or after January 1, 2024. 52 Series E Valuation. Additionally, the inputs for the valuation of the Series E preferred shares were also based on estimates and comparable data selected by the Company and fair value measurements, furthermore, the purchase price allocation was based on estimates of fair market values. Future Financing. We will continue to rely on equity sales of our common shares to continue to fund our business operations. Issuance of additional shares will result in dilution to existing stockholders. There is no assurance that we will achieve any additional sales of the equity securities or arrange for debt or other financing to fund planned acquisitions and exploration activities. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements. We have no significant off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital

expenditures or capital resources that are material to stockholders. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") or other standard setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. Unless otherwise discussed, we believe that the impact of recently issued standards that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations upon adoption. Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk. We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are not required to provide the information under this item. Item 4. Controls and Procedures. Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by our company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"). Based upon that evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of September 30, 2024, due to the material weaknesses resulting from the Board of Directors not currently having any independent members and no director qualifies as an audit committee financial expert as defined in Item 407(d)(5)(ii) of Regulation S-K, and controls were not designed and in place to ensure that all disclosures required were originally addressed in our financial statements. Please refer to our annual report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on April 17, 2024, for a complete discussion relating to the foregoing evaluation of Disclosures and Procedures. Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our management has also evaluated our internal control over financial reporting, and there have been no significant changes during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of our last evaluation. 53. PART II OTHER INFORMATION. Item 1. Legal Proceedings. From time to time, the Company is involved in litigation incidental to the conduct of its business. The Company is presently not involved in any legal proceedings which in the opinion of management are likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations. Item 1A. Risk Factors. There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors from those previously disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the SEC on June 20, 2024. Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities. On February 5, 2021 we issued 75,000 shares of our common stock at a price of \$3.2 per share, in exchange for the conversion of 1,200 shares of our Series D Preferred Stock. On February 9, 2021 we issued 56,892 shares of our common stock share, in exchange for the conversion of \$182,052 of accrued dividend for the series D Preferred Stock. On March 12, 2021 we issued 40,625 shares and 51,715 of our common stock at a price of \$3.2 per share, in exchange for the conversion of 650 shares of our Series D Preferred Stock and \$165,487 of accrued dividend for the series D preferred stock. On June 28, 2021 MGW I converted \$75,000 from the outstanding balance of their convertible note into 625,000 shares of company's common stock. On September 2, 2021 the company issued 28,561 as inducement shares. To GHS Investment for the equity line of credit at \$1.9 per share. On September 13, 2021 the company issued 27,516 as issuance correction. To GHS Investment for the equity line of credit at \$1.9 per share. On December 31, 2021 we issued 245,844 shares of our common stock under our Reg A offering at \$3.2 per share. These shares are unrestricted and free trading. On February 21, 2022, we issued 375,875 shares of our common stock under our Reg A offering at \$3.2 per share. These shares are unrestricted and free trading. On September 21, 2022 MGW I converted \$1,548,904 from the outstanding balance of their convertible note into 12,907,534 shares of company's common stock. 54. On December 28, 2022, we issued 100,446 shares of common stock upon the exercise of the cashless warrant that the Company issued to Mast Hill on May 6, 2022. On March 1, 2023 First Fire exercised the warrant in full on a cashless basis to purchase 33,114 shares of common stock. On March 1, 2023 Pacific Pier exercised the warrant in full on a cashless basis to purchase 31,111 shares of common stock. In the third quarter of 2023, the Company issued 40,000 shares to a consultant at fair value of \$72,000. In the second quarter of 2023, the Company issued 220,314 shares and received cash proceed of \$352,502. In the third quarter of 2023, the Company issued 213,188 shares and received cash proceed of \$341,101. In the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company issued 183,500 shares and received cash proceeds of \$293,600. In the first quarter of 2024, the Company issued 1,333,600 shares for conversion of Series E Preferred share valued at \$565,178. On January 3, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement as a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 10,000 shares of Common Stock. On February 2, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement as a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 20,000 shares of Common Stock. On February 24, 2024, the Company entered into a consulting agreement as a condition to the agreement, the Company issued to the consultant 15,000 shares of Common Stock. On March 4, 2024, the Company entered into a securities purchase agreement. As a condition to the sale of the Note, the Company issued to the Buyer 20,000 shares of Common Stock. On March 15, 2024, the Company entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell up to 2,000,000 units to the Subscribers for an aggregate purchase price of \$900,000. On June 18, 2024, the Company and certain individual investors ("Subscribers") entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell approximately 1,203,333 units (each a "Unit" and together the "Units") to the Subscribers for an aggregate purchase price of \$1,083,000, or \$0.90 per Unit, with each unit consisting of one share of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the "Common Stock") and a warrant (the "Warrant") to purchase one share of Common Stock. The Warrant is exercisable at the price of \$2.00 per share, expiring one year from the date of issuance. These securities were issued pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act and/or Rule 506 promulgated thereunder. The holders represented their intention to acquire the securities for investment only and not with a view towards distribution. The investors were given adequate information about us to make an informed investment decision. We did not engage in any general solicitation or advertising. We directed our transfer agent to issue the stock certificates with the appropriate restrictive legend affixed to the restricted stock. 55. Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities. None. Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures. Not Applicable. Item 5. Other Information. On November 18, 2024, Clean Energy Technology, Inc. and Mast Hill Fund, L.P., a Delaware limited

partnership (the "Mast"), entered into an amendment (the "Amendment") to that certain promissory note originally issued by the Company to Mast on September 9, 2024, in the original principal amount of \$612,000.00 (the "Note"). Pursuant to the Amendment, Mast shall pay the purchase price of an additional \$160,000 on or before November 20, 2024, and the principal balance of the Note shall be increased by \$160,000 on the date that the Company received the funding from Mast. **Item 6. Exhibits** EXHIBIT NUMBER DESCRIPTION 31.01 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 Filed herewith. 31.02 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 Filed herewith. 32.01 Certification of CEO Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act Filed herewith. 32.02 Certification of CFO Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act Filed herewith. 101.INS* Inline XBRL Instance Document Furnished herewith. 101.SCH* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document Furnished herewith. 101.CAL* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document Furnished herewith. 101.LAB* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document Furnished herewith. 101.PRE* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document Furnished herewith. 101.DEF* Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document Furnished herewith. 104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document) *Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the Interactive Data Files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, are deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise are not subject to liability under those sections. **56 SIGNATURES** Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Costa Mesa, State of California on the 19th day of November, 2024. **Clean Energy Technologies, Inc.** REGISTRANT /s/ Kambiz Mahdi By: Kambiz Mahdi Chief Executive Officer and Director Date: November 19, 2024 /s/ Calvin Pang By: Calvin Pang Chief Financial Officer and Director Date: November 19, 2024 /s/ Ted Hsu By: Ted Hsu Director Date: November 19, 2024 /s/ Lauren Morrison By: Lauren Morrison Director Date: November 19, 2024 /s/ Xiaotian Xiao By: Xiaotian Xiao Director Date: November 19, 2024 Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the date indicated. **Signature Title** /s/ Kambiz Mahdi Chief Executive Officer and Director By: Kambiz Mahdi (Principal executive officer) Date: November 19, 2024 **57** **Exhibit 31.01 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER** Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, I, Kambiz Mahdi, certify that: **1.** I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024; **2.** Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; **3.** Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report; **4.** The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have: **a)** Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; **b)** Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; **c)** Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and **d)** Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an quarterly report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and **5.** The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions): **a)** All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and **b)** Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting. **Date:** November 19, 2024 **By:** /s/ KAMBIZ MAHDI Kambiz Mahdi, Chief Executive Officer **Exhibit 31.02 CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER** Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, I, Calvin Pang, certify that: **1.** I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clean Energy Technologies, Inc. for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024; **2.** Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; **3.** Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report; **4.** The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have: **a)** Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; **b)** Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted

accounting principles;Â c)Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrantâ€™s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusionsabout the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;andÂ d)Disclosed in this report any change in the registrantâ€™s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrantâ€™smost recent fiscal quarter (the registrantâ€™s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected,or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrantâ€™s internal control over financial reporting; andÂ 5.The registrantâ€™s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financialreporting, to the registrantâ€™s auditors and the audit committee of the registrantâ€™s board of directors (or persons performingthe equivalent functions):Â a)All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which arereasonably likely to adversely affect the registrantâ€™s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;andÂ b)Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrantâ€™s internal control over financial reporting.Â Date: November 19, 2024 By: /s/ Calvin Pang Â Â Calvin Pang, Â Â Chief Financial Officer Â Â Â Â EXHIBIT32.01Â CERTIFICATIONOF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERPursuantto Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002Â Pursuantto 18 U.S.C. Â§ 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Clean Energy Technologies,Inc. (the â€œCompanyâ€) hereby certifies, to his knowledge, that:Â (i)the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024 (the â€œReportâ€)fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;andÂ (ii)the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operationsof the Company.Â Date: November 19, 2024 By: /s/ Kambiz Mahdi Â Â Kambiz Mahdi Â Â Chief Executive Officer Â Â Â Â EXHIBIT32.02Â CERTIFICATIONOF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERPursuantto Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002Â Pursuantto 18 U.S.C. Â§ 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Clean Energy Technologies,Inc. (the â€œCompanyâ€) hereby certifies, to his knowledge, that:Â (i)the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024 (the â€œReportâ€)fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;andÂ (ii)the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operationsof the Company.Â Date: November 19, 2024 By: /s/ Calvin Pang Â Â Calvin Pang Â Â Chief Financial Officer Â Â Â