

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

CLBK - COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC.

10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 COMPARED TO 10-Q - JUNE 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	999
CHANGES	549
DELETIONS	209
ADDITIONS	241

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark one)

☐ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number 001-38456

Columbia Financial, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation or organization)

22-3504946

(I.R.S. Employer Identification
Number)

19-01 Route 208 North,

Fair Lawn,

New Jersey

(Address of principal executive offices)

07140

(Zip Code)

(800) 522-4167

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	CLBK	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

☐ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

☐ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐
Non-accelerated filer ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

☐ Yes ☐ No

As of **August 4, 2023** **November 3, 2023**, there were **105,372,453** **104,914,659** shares issued and outstanding of the Registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (including 76,016,524 shares held by Columbia Bank, MHC).

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition (In thousands, except share and per share data)

		December		September		December
		June 30,	31,	30,	31,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
Assets	Assets	(Unaudited)		Assets	(Unaudited)	
Cash and due from banks	Cash and due from banks	\$ 93,368	\$ 179,097	Cash and due from banks	\$ 204,375	\$ 179,097
Short-term investments	Short-term investments	107	131	Short-term investments	109	131

Total cash and cash equivalents	Total cash and cash equivalents	93,475	179,228	Total cash and cash equivalents	204,484	179,228
Debt securities available for sale, at fair value	Debt securities available for sale, at fair value	997,459	1,328,634	Debt securities available for sale, at fair value	1,018,379	1,328,634
Debt securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value of \$364,111 and \$370,391 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)		415,333	421,523			
Debt securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value of \$351,927 and \$370,391 at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)					411,945	421,523
Equity securities, at fair value	Equity securities, at fair value	3,714	3,384	Equity securities, at fair value	3,633	3,384
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	Federal Home Loan Bank stock	61,277	58,114	Federal Home Loan Bank stock	71,869	58,114
Loans receivable	Loans receivable	7,760,436	7,677,564	Loans receivable	7,840,540	7,677,564
Less: allowance for credit losses	Less: allowance for credit losses	53,456	52,803	Less: allowance for credit losses	54,113	52,803
Loans receivable, net	Loans receivable, net	7,706,980	7,624,761	Loans receivable, net	7,786,427	7,624,761
Accrued interest receivable	Accrued interest receivable	35,159	33,898	Accrued interest receivable	37,016	33,898
Office properties and equipment, net	Office properties and equipment, net	82,843	83,877	Office properties and equipment, net	83,344	83,877
Bank-owned life insurance ("BOLI")	Bank-owned life insurance ("BOLI")	267,905	264,854	Bank-owned life insurance ("BOLI")	269,159	264,854
Goodwill and intangible assets	Goodwill and intangible assets	124,538	125,142	Goodwill and intangible assets	123,890	125,142
Other assets	Other assets	296,592	284,754	Other assets	313,393	284,754
Total assets	Total assets	\$ 10,085,275	\$ 10,408,169	Total assets	\$ 10,323,539	\$ 10,408,169
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Liabilities:	Liabilities:			Liabilities:		
Deposits	Deposits	\$ 7,714,156	\$ 8,001,159	Deposits	\$ 7,703,166	\$ 8,001,159
Borrowings	Borrowings	1,120,260	1,127,047	Borrowings	1,356,218	1,127,047
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	48,176	45,460	Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	42,417	45,460
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	179,895	180,908	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	214,307	180,908
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	9,062,487	9,354,574	Total liabilities	9,316,108	9,354,574
Stockholders' equity:	Stockholders' equity:			Stockholders' equity:		

Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022					
		—	—		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value. 500,000,000 shares authorized; 131,133,895 shares issued and 105,598,742 shares outstanding at June 30, 2023 and 130,900,673 shares issued and 108,970,476 shares outstanding at December 31, 2022					
		1,311	1,309		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022					
				—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value. 500,000,000 shares authorized; 131,134,196 shares issued and 105,046,146 shares outstanding at September 30, 2023 and 130,900,673 shares issued and 108,970,476 shares outstanding at December 31, 2022					
				1,311	1,309
Additional paid-in capital	Additional paid-in capital	786,248	781,165	Additional paid-in capital	789,185
					781,165
Retained earnings	Retained earnings	877,905	857,518	Retained earnings	887,035
					857,518
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(166,171)	(179,296)	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(184,538)
					(179,296)
Treasury stock, at cost; 25,535,153 shares at June 30, 2023 and 21,930,197 shares at December 31, 2022					
		(442,084)	(371,708)		
Treasury stock, at cost; 26,088,050 shares at September 30, 2023 and 21,930,197 shares at December 31, 2022					
				(451,756)	(371,708)
Common stock held by the Employee Stock Ownership Plan					
	Common stock held by the Employee Stock Ownership Plan	(33,623)	(34,750)	Common stock held by the Employee Stock Ownership Plan	(33,051)
					(34,750)
Stock held by Rabbi Trust	Stock held by Rabbi Trust	(2,780)	(3,149)	Stock held by Rabbi Trust	(2,862)
					(3,149)
Deferred compensation obligations	Deferred compensation obligations	1,982	2,506	Deferred compensation obligations	2,107
					2,506

Total stockholders' equity	Total stockholders' equity	1,022,788	1,053,595	Total stockholders' equity	1,007,431	1,053,595
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 10,085,275	\$10,408,169	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 10,323,539	\$10,408,169

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Income

(In thousands, except per share data)

		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
Interest income:	Interest income:	(Unaudited)				Interest income:	(Unaudited)			
Loans receivable	Loans receivable	\$ 84,188	\$ 61,927	\$ 164,478	\$ 118,884	Loans receivable	\$ 87,548	\$ 68,516	\$ 252,026	\$ 187,400
Debt securities available for sale and equity securities	Debt securities available for sale and equity securities	6,445	8,419	14,896	17,307	Debt securities available for sale and equity securities	6,147	8,434	21,043	25,741
Debt securities held to maturity	Debt securities held to maturity	2,447	2,357	4,904	4,783	Debt securities held to maturity	2,434	2,440	7,338	7,223
Federal funds and interest-earning deposits	Federal funds and interest-earning deposits	1,801	77	2,613	94	Federal funds and interest-earning deposits	747	151	3,360	245
Federal Home Loan Bank stock dividends	Federal Home Loan Bank stock dividends	1,262	298	2,132	745	Federal Home Loan Bank stock dividends	1,529	384	3,661	1,129
Total interest income	Total interest income	96,143	73,078	189,023	141,813	Total interest income	98,405	79,925	287,428	221,738
Interest expense:	Interest expense:					Interest expense:				
Deposits	Deposits	28,727	4,671	45,815	9,358	Deposits	35,918	6,968	81,733	16,326
Borrowings	Borrowings	16,265	1,900	31,193	3,222	Borrowings	13,965	3,806	45,158	7,028
Total interest expense	Total interest expense	44,992	6,571	77,008	12,580	Total interest expense	49,883	10,774	126,891	23,354
Net interest income	Net interest income	51,151	66,507	112,015	129,233	Net interest income	48,522	69,151	160,537	198,384
Provision for credit losses	Provision for credit losses	1,078	1,539	1,253	2,998	Provision for credit losses	2,379	1,516	3,632	4,514
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	Net interest income after provision for credit losses	50,073	64,968	110,762	126,235	Net interest income after provision for credit losses	46,143	67,635	156,905	193,870
Non-interest income:	Non-interest income:					Non-interest income:				

Demand deposit account fees	Demand deposit account fees	1,291	1,449	2,467	2,619	Demand deposit account fees	1,348	1,510	3,815	4,129
Bank-owned life insurance	Bank-owned life insurance	1,675	2,139	3,656	3,868	Bank-owned life insurance	2,014	1,633	5,670	5,501
Title insurance fees	Title insurance fees	624	1,035	1,211	1,992	Title insurance fees	629	796	1,840	2,788
Loan fees and service charges	Loan fees and service charges	1,325	856	2,397	1,496	Loan fees and service charges	969	1,432	3,366	2,928
(Loss) gain on securities transactions	(Loss) gain on securities transactions	(9,552)	210	(10,847)	210	(Loss) gain on securities transactions	—	—	(10,847)	210
Change in fair value of equity securities	Change in fair value of equity securities	162	(147)	330	(68)	Change in fair value of equity securities	(81)	(264)	249	(332)
(Loss) gain on sale of loans		(128)	—	663	110					
Gain (loss) on sale of loans						Gain (loss) on sale of loans	397	(1)	1,060	109
Other non-interest income	Other non-interest income	4,057	2,127	7,651	4,483	Other non-interest income	3,326	3,058	10,977	7,541
Total non-interest income	Total non-interest income	(546)	7,669	7,528	14,710	Total non-interest income	8,602	8,164	16,130	22,874
Non-interest expense:	Non-interest expense:					Non-interest expense:				
Compensation and employee benefits	Compensation and employee benefits	32,460	28,871	63,618	54,870	Compensation and employee benefits	28,765	31,523	92,383	86,393
Occupancy	Occupancy	5,738	5,436	11,492	10,865	Occupancy	5,845	5,973	17,337	16,838
Federal deposit insurance premiums	Federal deposit insurance premiums	1,734	630	2,423	1,277	Federal deposit insurance premiums	1,201	645	3,624	1,922
Advertising	Advertising	786	795	1,473	1,444	Advertising	834	771	2,307	2,215
Professional fees	Professional fees	2,376	1,839	4,251	3,593	Professional fees	2,490	2,134	6,741	5,727
Data processing and software expenses	Data processing and software expenses	3,601	3,099	7,426	6,366	Data processing and software expenses	3,459	3,670	10,885	10,036
Merger-related expenses	Merger-related expenses	266	1,327	266	1,478	Merger-related expenses	14	1,198	280	2,676
Other non-interest expense, net	Other non-interest expense, net	645	(277)	559	2,576	Other non-interest expense, net	302	1,925	861	4,501
Total non-interest expense	Total non-interest expense	47,606	41,720	91,508	82,469	Total non-interest expense	42,910	47,839	134,418	130,308
Income before income tax expense	Income before income tax expense	1,921	30,917	26,782	58,476	Income before income tax expense	11,835	27,960	38,617	86,436
Income tax expense	Income tax expense	257	7,958	6,395	15,113	Income tax expense	2,705	7,041	9,100	22,154
Net income	Net income	\$ 1,664	\$ 22,959	\$ 20,387	\$ 43,363	Net income	\$ 9,130	\$ 20,919	\$ 29,517	\$ 64,282

Earnings per share-basic	Earnings per share-basic	\$	0.02	\$	0.22	\$	0.20	\$	0.41	Earnings per share-basic	\$	0.09	\$	0.20	\$	0.29	\$	0.61
Earnings per share-diluted	Earnings per share-diluted	\$	0.02	\$	0.22	\$	0.20	\$	0.41	Earnings per share-diluted	\$	0.09	\$	0.19	\$	0.29	\$	0.61
Weighted average shares outstanding-basic	Weighted average shares outstanding-basic	102,409,035	106,204,230	103,514,169	104,684,765	Weighted average shares outstanding-basic	101,968,294	106,926,864	102,993,215	105,440,345								
Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted	Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted	102,517,584	106,750,557	103,835,235	105,246,304	Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted	102,097,491	107,534,498	103,257,616	106,040,240								

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (In thousands)

		(in thousands)					(in thousands)			
		Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
		(Unaudited)					(Unaudited)			
Net income	Net income	\$1,664	\$22,959	\$20,387	\$43,363	Net income	\$9,130	\$20,919	\$29,517	\$64,282
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:	Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
	Unrealized gain (loss) on debt securities available for sale	3,165	(37,676)	16,234	(95,491)					
	Unrealized loss on debt securities available for sale					Unrealized loss on debt securities available for sale	(20,217)	(47,155)	(3,984)	(142,643)
Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	(1)	(3)	(9)	(6)	Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	(1)	(13)	(9)	(21)
Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	(6,851)	152	(7,779)	152	Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	—	—	(7,779)	151
		(3,687)	(37,527)	8,446	(95,345)		(20,218)	(47,168)	(11,772)	(142,513)
Derivatives, net of tax:	Derivatives, net of tax:					Derivatives, net of tax:				

Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	2,883	828	2,018	3,985	Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	1,845	1,182	3,863	5,167
		2,883	828	2,018	3,985		1,845	1,182	3,863	5,167
Employee benefit plans, net of tax:	Employee benefit plans, net of tax:					Employee benefit plans, net of tax:				
Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	(10)	(11)	(20)	(22)	Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	(10)	(11)	(30)	(31)
Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	1	(244)	1	(488)	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	1	(244)	2	(732)
Change in funded status of retirement obligations	Change in funded status of retirement obligations	2,500	(18,536)	2,680	(18,056)	Change in funded status of retirement obligations	15	937	2,695	(17,121)
		2,491	(18,791)	2,661	(18,566)		6	682	2,667	(17,884)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		1,687	(55,490)	13,125	(109,926)					
Total other comprehensive (loss)						Total other comprehensive (loss)	(18,367)	(45,304)	(5,242)	(155,230)
Total comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		\$3,351	\$(32,531)	\$33,512	\$(66,563)					
Total comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax						Total comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	\$(9,237)	\$(24,385)	\$24,275	\$(90,948)

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) (continued)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 (In thousands)

		Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Common Stock Held by the Employee Ownership Plan	Stock Held by Rabbi Trust	Deferred Compensation Obligations	Total Stockholders' Equity		Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital
Balance at March 31, 2023		\$ 1,309	\$ 783,642	\$ 876,241	\$ (167,858)	\$(419,678)	\$ (34,190)	\$(2,668)	\$ 2,092	\$ 1,038,890			
Balance at June 30, 2023											Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 1,311	\$
Net income	Net income	—	—	1,664	—	—	—	—	—	1,664	Net income	—	
Other comprehensive (loss)	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	—	—	1,687	—	—	—	—	1,687	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	

Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (226,574 shares)		2	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	
Stock based compensation	Stock based compensation	—	2,028	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,028	Stock based compensation —
Purchase of treasury stock (1,207,100 shares)		—	—	—	—	(21,998)	—	—	—	(21,998)	
Exercise of stock options (39,087 shares)		—	(33)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(33)	
Restricted stock forfeitures (10,425 shares)		—	186	—	—	(186)	—	—	—	—	
Purchase of treasury stock (518,539 shares)											Purchase of treasury stock (518,539 shares) —
Exercise of stock options (3,265 shares)											Exercise of stock options (3,265 shares) —
Restricted stock forfeitures (15,509 shares)											Restricted stock forfeitures (15,509 shares) —
Repurchase shares for taxes (18,849 shares)											Repurchase shares for taxes (18,849 shares) —
Excise tax on net stock repurchases	Excise tax on net stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	(222)	—	—	—	(222)	Excise tax on net stock repurchases —
Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	418	—	—	—	567	—	—	985	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released —
Funding of deferred compensation obligations	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	(112)	(110)	(222)	Funding of deferred compensation obligations —
Balance at June 30, 2023		\$ 1,311	\$ 786,248	\$ 877,905	\$ (166,171)	\$ (442,084)	\$ (33,623)	\$ (2,780)	\$ 1,982	\$ 1,022,788	
Balance at September 30, 2023											Balance at September 30, 2023 \$ 1,311 \$

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) (continued)
Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 (In thousands)

		Common Stock Held by the Employee Stock Plan									Additional Paid-in Capital	
		Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Common Stock Ownership Plan	Stock Held by Rabbi Trust	Deferred Compensation Obligations	Total Stockholders' Equity	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital
Balance at March 31, 2022		\$ 1,247	\$ 670,955	\$ 791,749	\$ (100,355)	\$(294,121)	\$ (36,461)	\$(2,746)	\$ 2,219	\$ 1,032,487		
Balance at June 30, 2022											Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,308
Net income	Net income	—	—	22,959	—	—	—	—	—	22,959	Net income	—
Other comprehensive (loss)	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	—	—	(55,490)	—	—	—	—	(55,490)	Other comprehensive (loss)	—
Issuance of common stock to Columbia Bank MHC		61	102,680	—	—	—	—	—	—	102,741		
Stock based compensation	Stock based compensation	—	2,192	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,192	Stock based compensation	—
Purchase of treasury stock (1,523,148 shares)		—	—	—	—	(31,491)	—	—	—	(31,491)		
Exercise of stock options (5,412 shares)		—	(10)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(10)		
Restricted stock forfeitures (5,182 shares)		—	111	—	—	(111)	—	—	—	—		
Purchase of treasury stock (874,080 shares)											Purchase of treasury stock (874,080 shares)	—
Exercise of stock options (87,025 shares)											Exercise of stock options (87,025 shares)	—
Restricted stock forfeitures (31,796 shares)											Restricted stock forfeitures (31,796 shares)	—
Repurchase shares for taxes (198,794 shares)											Repurchase shares for taxes (198,794 shares)	—
Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	614	—	—	—	566	—	—	1,180	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—
Funding of deferred compensation obligations	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	(132)	(152)	(284)	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$ 1,308	\$ 776,542	\$ 814,708	\$ (155,845)	\$(325,723)	\$ (35,895)	\$(2,878)	\$ 2,067	\$ 1,074,284		
Balance at September 30, 2022											Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 1,308

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited) (continued)
Six Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 (In thousands)

		Common Stock	Additional Paid-in- Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Common Stock Held by the Employee Ownership Plan	Stock Held by Rabbi Trust	Deferred Compensation Obligations	Total Stockholders' Equity		Common Stock	Ad P C
Balance at December 31, 2022	Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,309	\$ 781,165	\$ 857,518	\$ (179,296)	\$(371,708)	\$(34,750)	\$(3,149)	\$ 2,506	\$ 1,053,595	Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 1,309	\$
Net income	Net income	—	—	20,387	—	—	—	—	—	20,387	Net income	—	—
Other comprehensive (loss)	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	—	—	13,125	—	—	—	—	13,125	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	—
Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (226,574 shares)	Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (226,574 shares)	2	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (226,574 shares)	2	—
Stock based compensation	Stock based compensation	—	3,873	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,873	Stock based compensation	—	—
Purchase of treasury stock (3,585,534 shares)	Purchase of treasury stock (3,585,534 shares)	—	—	—	—	(69,321)	—	—	—	(69,321)	Purchase of treasury stock (4,104,073 shares)	—	—
Exercise of stock options (40,852 shares)	Exercise of stock options (40,852 shares)	—	(22)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(22)	Exercise of stock options (44,117 shares)	—	—
Restricted stock forfeitures (12,354 shares)	Restricted stock forfeitures (12,354 shares)	—	225	—	—	(225)	—	—	—	—	Restricted stock forfeitures (27,863 shares)	—	—
Repurchase shares for taxes (7,068 shares)	Repurchase shares for taxes (7,068 shares)	—	—	—	—	(133)	—	—	—	(133)	Repurchase shares for taxes (25,917 shares)	—	—
Purchase of treasury stock (4,104,073 shares)	Purchase of treasury stock (4,104,073 shares)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Excise tax on net stock repurchases	—	—
Exercise of stock options (44,117 shares)	Exercise of stock options (44,117 shares)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	—
Restricted stock forfeitures (27,863 shares)	Restricted stock forfeitures (27,863 shares)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	—
Repurchase shares for taxes (25,917 shares)	Repurchase shares for taxes (25,917 shares)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	—
Excise tax on net stock repurchases	Excise tax on net stock repurchases	—	—	—	—	(697)	—	—	—	(697)	Excise tax on net stock repurchases	—	—
Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	1,000	—	—	—	1,127	—	—	2,127	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	—

Funding of deferred compensation obligations	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	369	(524)	(155)	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—
Balance at June 30, 2023		\$ 1,311	\$ 786,248	\$ 877,905	\$ (166,171)	\$ (442,084)	\$ (33,623)	\$ (2,780)	\$ 1,982	\$ 1,022,788		
Balance at September 30, 2023											Balance at September 30, 2023	\$ 1,311

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)
Six Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 (In thousands)

		Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Treasury Stock	Common Stock Held by the Employee Ownership Plan	Stock Held by Rabbi Trust	Deferred Compensation Obligations	Total Stockholders' Equity		Common Stock	Ad P C
Balance at December 31, 2021	Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,246	\$ 667,906	\$ 765,133	\$ (45,919)	\$ (271,647)	\$ (37,026)	\$ (2,425)	\$ 1,813	\$ 1,079,081	Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 1,246	\$
Effect of adopting ASU No. 2016-13 ("CECL")	Effect of adopting ASU No. 2016-13 ("CECL")	—	—	6,212	—	—	—	—	—	6,212	Effect of adopting ASU No. 2016-13 ("CECL")	—	
Balance at January 1, 2022	Balance at January 1, 2022	1,246	667,906	771,345	(45,919)	(271,647)	(37,026)	(2,425)	1,813	1,085,293	Balance at January 1, 2022	1,246	
Net income	Net income	—	—	43,363	—	—	—	—	—	43,363	Net income	—	
Other comprehensive (loss)	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	—	—	(109,926)	—	—	—	—	(109,926)	Other comprehensive (loss)	—	
Issuance of common stock to Columbia Bank MHC	Issuance of common stock to Columbia Bank MHC	61	102,680	—	—	—	—	—	—	102,741	Issuance of common stock to Columbia Bank MHC	61	
Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (51,746 shares)		1	(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—			
Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (51,746 shares)											Issuance of common stock allocated to restricted stock award grants (51,746 shares)	1	
Stock based compensation	Stock based compensation	—	4,107	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,107	Stock based compensation	—	
Purchase of treasury stock (2,546,667 shares)		—	—	—	—	(53,176)	—	—	—	(53,176)			
Exercise of stock options (68,271 shares)		—	(192)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(192)			

Restricted stock forfeitures (36,752 shares)		—	787	—	—	(787)	—	—	—	—		
Repurchase shares for taxes (5,179 shares)		—	—	—	—	(113)	—	—	—	(113)		
Purchase of treasury stock (3,420,747 shares)											Purchase of treasury stock (3,420,747 shares)	—
Exercise of stock options (155,296 shares)											Exercise of stock options (155,296 shares)	—
Restricted stock forfeitures (68,548 shares)											Restricted stock forfeitures (68,548 shares)	—
Repurchase shares for taxes (203,973 shares)											Repurchase shares for taxes (203,973 shares)	—
Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—	1,255	—	—	—	1,131	—	—	2,386	Employee Stock Ownership Plan shares committed to be released	—
Funding of deferred compensation obligations	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—	—	—	—	—	—	(453)	254	(199)	Funding of deferred compensation obligations	—
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$ 1,308	\$ 776,542	\$ 814,708	\$ (155,845)	\$(325,723)	\$ (35,895)	\$(2,878)	\$ 2,067	\$ 1,074,284		
Balance at September 30, 2022											Balance at September 30, 2022	\$ 1,308

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

		Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows			
		Six Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		(In thousands, unaudited)		(In thousands, unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities:	Cash flows from operating activities:			Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	Net income	\$ 20,387	\$ 43,363	Net income	\$ 29,517 \$ 64,282
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Amortization of deferred loan costs, fees and purchased premiums and discounts	Amortization of deferred loan costs, fees and purchased premiums and discounts	2,777	3,267	Amortization of deferred loan costs, fees and purchased premiums and discounts	4,349 4,748

Net amortization of premiums and discounts on securities	Net amortization of premiums and discounts on securities	1,090	1,472	Net amortization of premiums and discounts on securities	1,419	2,219
Net amortization of mortgage servicing rights	Net amortization of mortgage servicing rights	112	124	Net amortization of mortgage servicing rights	178	181
Amortization of intangible assets	Amortization of intangible assets	1,194	749	Amortization of intangible assets	1,777	1,369
Depreciation and amortization of office properties and equipment	Depreciation and amortization of office properties and equipment	3,823	3,605	Depreciation and amortization of office properties and equipment	5,808	5,456
Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets	Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets	1,954	1,905	Amortization of operating lease right-of-use assets	2,933	2,865
Provision for credit losses	Provision for credit losses	1,253	2,998	Provision for credit losses	3,632	4,514
Loss on securities transactions		10,847	(210)			
Loss (gain) on securities transactions				Loss (gain) on securities transactions	10,847	(210)
Change in fair value of equity securities	Change in fair value of equity securities	(330)	68	Change in fair value of equity securities	(249)	332
Gain on sale of loans, net	Gain on sale of loans, net	(663)	(110)	Gain on sale of loans, net	(1,060)	(109)
Net loss on disposal of office properties and equipment	Net loss on disposal of office properties and equipment	25	29	Net loss on disposal of office properties and equipment	37	147
Deferred tax (benefit)expense	Deferred tax (benefit)expense	(2,762)	2,219	Deferred tax (benefit)expense	(2,521)	(3,487)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable		(1,261)	938			
Increase in accrued interest receivable				Increase in accrued interest receivable	(3,118)	(942)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(Increase) decrease in other assets	(10,226)	7,249	(Increase) decrease in other assets	(18,618)	2,114
(Decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities		(483)	4,661			
Decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities				Decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities	34,773	24,951
Income on bank-owned life insurance	Income on bank-owned life insurance	(3,656)	(3,868)	Income on bank-owned life insurance	(5,670)	(5,501)
Employee stock ownership plan expense	Employee stock ownership plan expense	2,127	2,386	Employee stock ownership plan expense	3,111	3,623
Stock based compensation	Stock based compensation	3,873	4,107	Stock based compensation	6,156	5,787
Decrease in deferred compensation obligations under Rabbi Trust	Decrease in deferred compensation obligations under Rabbi Trust	(155)	(199)	Decrease in deferred compensation obligations under Rabbi Trust	(112)	(128)
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	29,926	74,753	Net cash provided by operating activities	73,189	112,211
Cash flows from investing activities:	Cash flows from investing activities:			Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales of debt securities available for sale	Proceeds from sales of debt securities available for sale	277,022	126,772	Proceeds from sales of debt securities available for sale	277,022	126,772
Proceeds from paydowns/maturities/calls of debt securities available for sale	Proceeds from paydowns/maturities/calls of debt securities available for sale	53,365	169,220	Proceeds from paydowns/maturities/calls of debt securities available for sale	79,287	226,887
Proceeds from paydowns/maturities/calls of debt securities held to maturity	Proceeds from paydowns/maturities/calls of debt securities held to maturity	6,135	21,919	Proceeds from paydowns/maturities/calls of debt securities held to maturity	9,476	27,645
Purchases of debt securities available for sale	Purchases of debt securities available for sale	—	(137,025)	Purchases of debt securities available for sale	(75,314)	(142,181)

Purchases of debt securities held to maturity	Purchases of debt securities held to maturity	—	(18,298)	Purchases of debt securities held to maturity	—	(23,298)
Proceeds from sales of loans held-for-sale	Proceeds from sales of loans held-for-sale	93,639	3,212	Proceeds from sales of loans held-for-sale	109,429	6,187
Purchases of loans receivable	Purchases of loans receivable	(14,729)	—	Purchases of loans receivable	(14,729)	—
Net increase in loans receivable	Net increase in loans receivable	(165,198)	(291,878)	Net increase in loans receivable	(263,990)	(639,970)
Proceeds from bank-owned life insurance death benefits	Proceeds from bank-owned life insurance death benefits	605	774	Proceeds from bank-owned life insurance death benefits	605	776
Proceeds from redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	Proceeds from redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	67,107	42,219	Proceeds from redemptions of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	71,666	60,176
Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(70,270)	(44,465)	Purchases of Federal Home Loan Bank stock	(85,421)	(73,855)
Proceeds from sales of office properties and equipment	Proceeds from sales of office properties and equipment	—	1,009	Proceeds from sales of office properties and equipment	—	1,009
Additions to office properties and equipment	Additions to office properties and equipment	(2,814)	(2,382)	Additions to office properties and equipment	(5,312)	(4,863)
Net cash acquired in acquisition	Net cash acquired in acquisition	—	140,769	Net cash acquired in acquisition	—	140,769
Net cash provided by investing activities		\$ 244,862	\$ 11,846			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities				Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		\$ 102,719 \$ (293,946)

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

		Six Months Ended			Nine Months	
		June 30,			Ended September	
		2023	2022		2023	2022
		(In thousands, unaudited)			(In thousands, unaudited)	
Cash flows from financing activities:	Cash flows from financing activities:			Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net (decrease) increase in deposits		\$(287,003)	\$ (39,884)			
Net decrease in deposits				Net decrease in deposits	\$(297,993)	\$ (8,055)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	261,113	—	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	311,113	35,893
Payments on long-term borrowings	Payments on long-term borrowings	(11,300)	—	Payments on long-term borrowings	(11,300)	—
Net (decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	Net (decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(256,600)	36,898	Net (decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(70,642)	255,054
Increase in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance		2,716	8,057			
(Decrease) increase in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance				(Decrease) increase in advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	(3,043)	6,651

Issuance of common stock for restricted stock awards	Issuance of common stock for restricted stock awards	9	—	Issuance of common stock for restricted stock awards	9	—
Exercise of stock options	Exercise of stock options	(22)	(192)	Exercise of stock options	(24)	(445)
Purchase of treasury stock	Purchase of treasury stock	(69,321)	(53,176)	Purchase of treasury stock	(78,295)	(71,766)
Repurchase of shares for taxes	Repurchase of shares for taxes	(133)	(113)	Repurchase of shares for taxes	(477)	(4,512)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		\$(360,541)	\$ (48,410)			
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities				Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	\$(150,652)	\$212,820
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		\$ (85,753)	\$ 38,189			
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents				Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,256	\$ 31,085
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	179,228	70,963	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	179,228	70,963
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 93,475	\$109,152	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 204,484	\$102,048
Cash paid during the period for:	Cash paid during the period for:			Cash paid during the period for:		
Interest on deposits and borrowings	Interest on deposits and borrowings	\$ 73,700	\$ 12,863	Interest on deposits and borrowings	\$ 124,003	\$ 23,316
Income tax payments, net of refunds	Income tax payments, net of refunds	\$ 6,047	\$ 11,919	Income tax payments, net of refunds	\$ 6,281	\$ 13,229
Non-cash investing and financing activities:	Non-cash investing and financing activities:			Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Transfer of loans receivable to loans held-for-sale	Transfer of loans receivable to loans held-for-sale	\$ 93,678	\$ 3,102	Transfer of loans receivable to loans held-for-sale	\$ 109,072	\$ 6,078
Excise tax on net stock repurchases	Excise tax on net stock repurchases	\$ 697	\$ —	Excise tax on net stock repurchases	\$ 807	\$ —
Acquisition:	Acquisition:			Acquisition:		
Non-cash assets acquired:	Non-cash assets acquired:			Non-cash assets acquired:		
Debt securities available for sale	Debt securities available for sale	\$ —	\$ 79,024	Debt securities available for sale	\$ —	\$ 79,024
Equity securities	Equity securities	—	1,075	Equity securities	—	1,075
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	Federal Home Loan Bank stock	—	906	Federal Home Loan Bank stock	—	906
Loans receivable	Loans receivable	—	335,501	Loans receivable	—	335,501
Accrued interest receivable	Accrued interest receivable	—	910	Accrued interest receivable	—	910

Office properties and equipment, net	Office properties and equipment, net	—	7,296	Office properties and equipment, net	—	7,296
Goodwill and intangibles	Goodwill and intangibles	—	38,274	Goodwill and intangibles	—	38,274
Deferred tax asset, net	Deferred tax asset, net	—	3,633	Deferred tax asset, net	—	3,633
Bank-owned life insurance	Bank-owned life insurance	—	13,033	Bank-owned life insurance	—	13,033
Other assets	Other assets	—	2,723	Other assets	—	2,723
Total non-cash assets acquired	Total non-cash assets acquired	\$	—	Total non-cash assets acquired	\$	—
Liabilities assumed:	Liabilities assumed:			Liabilities assumed:		
Deposits	Deposits	\$	—	Deposits	\$	—
Borrowings	Borrowings	—	5,762	Borrowings	—	5,762
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	—	1,341	Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	—	1,341
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	—	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	—
Total liabilities assumed	Total liabilities assumed	—	520,403	Total liabilities assumed	—	520,403
Net non-cash liabilities assumed	Net non-cash liabilities assumed	\$	—	Net non-cash liabilities assumed	\$	—
Net cash and cash equivalents acquired in acquisition	Net cash and cash equivalents acquired in acquisition	\$	—	Net cash and cash equivalents acquired in acquisition	\$	—

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Columbia Financial, Inc. ("Columbia Financial"), its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Columbia Bank ("Columbia") and Freehold Bank ("Freehold") and Columbia's wholly-owned subsidiaries, Columbia Investment Services, Inc., 2500 Broadway Corp., 1901 Residential Management Co. LLC, First Jersey Title Services, Inc., 1901 Commercial Management Co. LLC, Stewardship Realty LLC, CSB Realty Corp., and RSI Insurance Agency, Inc., (collectively, the "Company"). In consolidation, all intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated.

Columbia Financial, Inc. is a majority-owned subsidiary of Columbia Bank, MHC (the "MHC"). The accounts of the MHC are not consolidated in the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company.

In preparing the interim unaudited consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates, significant judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the dates of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods presented. Actual results could differ from these judgments and estimates under different conditions, resulting in a change that could have a material impact on the carrying values of our assets and liabilities and our results of operations. Material estimates that involve significant judgments and assumptions that are particularly susceptible to change are the determination of the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses, evaluation of the need for valuation allowances on deferred tax assets, and determination of liabilities related to retirement and other post-retirement benefits. These estimates, significant judgments and assumptions are evaluated on an ongoing basis and are adjusted when facts and circumstances dictate.

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the financial condition and results of operations for the periods presented. The results of operations for the three and **six** **nine** month periods ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that may be expected for the entire fiscal year or any other period.

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company presented herein have been prepared in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). Certain information and note disclosures have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the audited consolidated financial statements included therein.

2. Acquisitions

Freehold Bank

On December 1, 2021, the Company completed its acquisition of Freehold Bancorp, MHC, Freehold Bancorp, Inc. and Freehold Bank (collectively, the "Freehold Entities" or "Freehold"). Pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, Freehold Bancorp, MHC merged with and into the MHC, with the MHC as the surviving entity; and Freehold Bancorp, Inc. merged with and into Columbia Financial, with Columbia Financial as the surviving entity. In connection with the merger, Freehold Bank converted to a federal savings bank and **will operate** **operates** as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Columbia **Financial until November 6, 2023, Financial. While the effective date** **Company had anticipated that Freehold Bank would be merged into Columbia Bank in the fourth quarter of 2023, the merger of Freehold Bank into Columbia Bank. is now anticipated to occur in 2024.** Under the terms of the merger agreement, **upon the subsequent merger of the two banks,** depositors of Freehold Bank **became** **will become** depositors of Columbia Bank and **will** have the same rights and privileges in the MHC as if their accounts had been established at Columbia Bank on the date established at Freehold Bank. The Company issued 2,591,007 shares of its common stock to the MHC, representing an amount equal to the fair value of the Freehold Entities as determined by an independent appraiser, at the effective time of the holding company mergers.

Merger-related expenses are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income and are expensed as incurred. Direct acquisition and other charges incurred in connection with the acquisition of the Freehold Entities totaled **\$73,866** **\$14,000** and **\$88,000** during **both** the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, respectively, and **\$7,000** **\$4,000** and **\$11,000** during **both** the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**, respectively.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Acquisitions (continued)

RSI Bank

On May 1, 2022, the Company completed its acquisition of RSI Bancorp, M.H.C., RSI Bancorp, Inc. and RSI Bank (collectively, the "RSI Entities" or "RSI"). Pursuant to the terms of the merger agreement, RSI Bancorp, M.H.C. merged with and into the MHC, with the MHC as the surviving entity; RSI Bancorp, Inc. merged with and into Columbia Financial, with Columbia Financial as the surviving entity; and RSI Bank merged with and into Columbia Bank, with Columbia Bank as the surviving institution. Under the terms of the merger agreement, depositors of RSI Bank became depositors of Columbia Bank and have the same rights and privileges in the MHC as if their accounts had been established at Columbia Bank on the date established at RSI Bank. The Company issued 6,086,314 shares of its common stock to the MHC, representing an amount equal to the discounted fair value of the RSI Entities as determined by an independent appraiser, at the effective time of the merger.

Merger-related expenses are recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income and are expensed as incurred. Direct acquisition and other charges incurred in connection with the acquisition of the RSI Entities totaled **\$192,099** **\$1,000** and **\$193,000**, respectively, during **both** the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. Direct acquisition and other charges incurred in connection with the acquisition of the RSI Entities totaled **\$1.3 million** **\$1.2 million** and **\$1.5 million** **\$2.7 million**, respectively, during the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**.

The following table sets forth assets acquired, and liabilities assumed in the acquisition of the RSI Entities, at their estimated fair values as of the closing date of the transaction:

May 1, 2022

(In thousands)

Assets acquired:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14
Debt securities available for sale		;
Equity securities		
Federal Home Loan Bank Stock		
Loans receivable		3;
Accrued interest receivable		
Office properties and equipment, net		
Bank-owned life insurance		.
Deferred tax asset, net		
Core deposit intangibles		.
Other assets		
Total assets acquired	\$	59

Liabilities assumed:

Deposits	\$	50
Borrowings		
Advance payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		.
Total liabilities assumed	\$	52
Net assets acquired	\$	7
Fair market value of stock issued to Columbia Bank MHC for purchase		10
Goodwill recorded at merger	\$	2

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Acquisitions (continued)

The assets acquired and liabilities assumed have been accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting. The assets and liabilities were recorded at their fair values as of May 1, 2022, and resulted in the recognition of goodwill of \$28.0 million. The determination of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed required management to make estimates about discount rates, future expected cash flows, market conditions, and other future events that are highly subjective in nature and subject to change. During the third quarter of 2022, the Company completed all tax returns related to the operation of RSI Bank and its impact on the Company's income taxes, which resulted in a \$2.0 million adjustment to deferred income taxes, net, and a corresponding decrease in goodwill. During the fourth quarter of 2022, the Company recorded an adjustment of \$490,922 to the original discounted fair value, which resulted in a decrease in additional paid-in-capital, and a corresponding decrease in goodwill. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, goodwill related to the acquisition of the RSI Entities totaled \$25.5 million.

Fair Value Measurement of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed

Described below are the methods used to determine the fair values of the significant assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the RSI acquisition:

Cash and cash equivalents. The estimated fair values of cash and cash equivalents approximate their stated face amounts, as these financial instruments are either due on demand or have short-term maturities.

Debt securities available for sale. The estimated fair values of the debt securities were calculated utilizing Level 2 inputs. The majority of the acquired securities were fixed income instruments that are not quoted on an exchange but are traded in active markets. The prices for these instruments are obtained through an independent pricing service when available, or dealer market participants with whom the Company has historically transacted with for both purchases and sales of securities. The prices are derived from market quotations and matrix pricing. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, the U.S. Treasury yield curve, and the bond's terms and conditions, among other things. Management reviewed the data and assumptions used in pricing securities by its **third party** **third-party** provider to ensure the highest level of significant inputs are derived from market observable data.

Loans receivable. The acquired loan portfolio was segregated into pools for valuation purposes primarily based on loan type, non-accrual status, and credit risk rating. The estimated fair values were computed by discounting the expected cash flows from the respective pools. Cash flows were estimated by using valuation models that incorporated estimates of current key assumptions such as prepayment speeds, default rates, and loss severity rates. The process included: (1)

projecting monthly principal and/or interest cash flows based on the contractual terms of the loans, including both maturity and contractual amortization; (2) adjusting projected cash flows for expected losses and prepayments, where appropriate; (3) developing a discount rate based on the relative risk of the cash flows, considering the loan type, liquidity risk, the maturity of the loans, servicing costs, and a required return on capital; and (4) discounting the projected cash flows to a present value, to arrive at the calculated value of the loans.

The methods used to estimate the fair values of loans are extremely sensitive to the assumptions and estimates used. While management attempted to use assumptions and estimates that best reflected the acquired loan portfolios and current market conditions, a greater degree of subjectivity is inherent in the values than in those determined in active markets.

Office properties and equipment, net. The fair value of land and buildings was estimated using current appraisals. Acquired equipment was not material. Buildings are amortized over their estimated useful lives. Equipment is amortized or depreciated over their estimated useful lives usually ranging from three to fifteen years.

Goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized for book purposes; however, it is reviewed at least annually for impairment and is not deductible for tax purposes.

Core deposit intangibles. Core deposit intangibles ("CDI") are the measure of the value of non-maturity deposits in a business combination. The fair value of the CDI was calculated utilizing the cost savings approach, the expected cost savings attributable to the core deposits funding relative to an alternative source of funding, using a discounted cash flow present value methodology. Key inputs and assumptions utilized in the discounted cash flow present value methodology include core deposit balances and rates paid, the cost of an additional funding source, the aggregate life of deposits and truncation points, non-interest deposit costs, and the immediate deposit outflow assumption.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Acquisitions (continued)

Deposits. The fair values of deposit liabilities with no stated maturity (i.e., non-interest-bearing and interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, money market and savings and club accounts) are equal to the carrying amounts payable on demand. The fair value of certificates of deposit represents contractual cash flows, discounted to present value using interest rates currently offered on deposits with similar characteristics and remaining maturities.

Borrowings. The fair values of borrowings consisting of FHLB advances were estimated by discounting future cash flows using market discount rates for borrowings with similar characteristics, terms and remaining maturities.

3. Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. For purposes of calculating basic EPS, weighted average common shares outstanding excludes treasury stock, unallocated employee stock ownership plan shares that have not been committed for release and deferred compensation obligations required to be settled in shares of Company stock.

Diluted EPS is computed using the same method as basic EPS and reflects the potential dilution which could occur if stock options and unvested shares were exercised and converted into common stock. The potentially diluted shares would then be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding for the period using the treasury stock method.

The following is a reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,				For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022			2023	2022	2023	2022
		(In thousands, except per share data)						(In thousands, except per share data)			
Net income	Net income	\$ 1,664	\$ 22,959	\$ 20,387	\$ 43,363	Net income	\$ 9,130	\$ 20,919	\$ 29,517	\$ 64,282	
Shares:	Shares:					Shares:					
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	102,409,035	106,204,230	103,514,169	104,684,765	Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	101,968,294	106,926,864	102,993,215	105,440,345	

Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	108,549	546,327	321,066	561,539	Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	129,197	607,634	264,401	599,895
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	102,517,584	106,750,557	103,835,235	105,246,304	Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	102,097,491	107,534,498	103,257,616	106,040,240
Earnings per share:	Earnings per share:					Earnings per share:				
Basic	Basic	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.41	Basic	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.61
Diluted	Diluted	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.41	Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.61

During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, the average number of stock options which could potentially dilute basic earnings per share in the future that were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because to do so would have been anti-dilutive totaled 527,338 744,335 and 438,712 642,166, and 237,110 121,935 and 73,753 89,990, respectively.

4. Stock Repurchase Program

On December 6, 2021 December 14, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the Company's fourth stock repurchase program to acquire up to 5,000,000 shares, or approximately 4.6%, of the Company's then issued and outstanding common stock, commencing upon the completion of the Company's third stock repurchase program. As of June 30, 2023, all shares were repurchased under this program.

On December 14, 2022 the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the Company's fifth stock repurchase program to acquire up to 3,000,000 shares, or approximately 2.7%, of the Company's then issued and outstanding common stock, commencing upon the completion of the Company's fourth stock repurchase program. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, all shares were repurchased under this program.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Stock Repurchase Program (continued)

On May 25, 2023, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the Company's sixth stock repurchase program to acquire up to 2,000,000 shares, or approximately 1.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding common stock. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, there were 1,764,000 1,245,461 shares remaining to be purchased under this program.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

4. Stock Repurchase Program (continued)

During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the Company repurchased 1,207,100 518,539 shares at a cost of approximately \$22.0 million \$9.0 million, or \$18.22 \$17.31 per share, and 3,585,534 4,104,073 shares at a cost of approximately \$69.3 million \$78.3 million, or \$19.33 \$19.08 per share, respectively, under these programs. During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, the Company repurchased 1,523,148 874,080 shares at a cost of approximately \$31.5 million \$18.6 million, or \$20.67 \$21.27 per share, and 2,546,667 3,420,747 shares at a cost of approximately \$53.2 million \$71.8 million, or \$20.88 \$20.98 per share, respectively, under these programs. Repurchased shares are held as treasury stock and are available for general corporate purposes.

The Inflation Reduction Act of 2022, which was enacted into law on August 16, 2022, imposed a nondeductible 1% excise tax on the net value of certain stock repurchases made after December 31, 2022. During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, we reflected the applicable excise tax in treasury stock as part of the cost basis of the stock repurchased and recorded a corresponding liability for the excise tax payable in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

In March 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-01, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Fair Value Hedging – Portfolio Layer Method*. The purpose of this updated guidance is to further align risk management objectives with hedge accounting results on the application of the last-of-layer method, which was first introduced in ASU 2017-12, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities*. ASU 2022-01 is effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption in the interim period, permitted. For entities who have already adopted ASU 2017-12, immediate adoption is allowed. ASU 2022-01 requires a modified retrospective transition method for basis adjustments in which the entity will recognize the cumulative effect of the change on the opening balance of each affected component of equity in the statement of financial position as of the date of adoption. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2023 on a prospective basis; therefore, there was no impact to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-02, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326), Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures*. ASU 2022-02 addresses areas identified by the FASB as part of its post-implementation review of the credit losses standard (ASU 2016-13) that introduced the CECL model. The amendments eliminated the accounting guidance for troubled debt restructurings by creditors that have adopted the CECL model and enhanced the disclosure requirements for loan refinancing and restructurings made with borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. In addition, the amendments required a public business entity to disclose current period gross write-offs for financing receivables and net investment in leases by year of origination in the vintage disclosures. For entities that adopted ASU 2016-13, this ASU was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company adopted this pronouncement effective January 1, 2023. The update was applied on a prospective basis to disclosures and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments- Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments ("CECL")*, further amended by ASU 2019-04, *Codification Improvements to Topic 326, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses, Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and Topic 825, Financial Instruments*. Topic 326 pertains to the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. This update requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial instruments held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to better determine their credit loss estimates. This update is intended to improve financial reporting by requiring timelier recording of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments held by financial institutions and other organizations. This update was effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The Company elected to defer the adoption of the CECL methodology until December 31, 2020 as permitted by the enacted Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"). In late December 2020, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 was enacted, and extended certain provisions of the CARES Act, which allowed the Company to extend the adoption of CECL until January 1, 2022. The Company elected to extend its adoption of CECL in accordance with this legislation, and adopted the above mentioned ASUs related to *Financial Instruments -Credit Losses (Topic 326)* using a modified retrospective approach.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted (continued)

The Company adopted ASU 2016-13 on January 1, 2022 for all financial assets measured at amortized cost and off-balance- sheet credit exposures. Results are presented under Accounting Standards Codification 326, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses*. Effective January 1, 2022, the Company recorded a \$12.1 million decrease in the allowance for credit losses on loans (previously allowance for loan losses), established a \$353,000 allowance for credit losses on debt securities available for sale, and recorded a \$5.5 million increase in the liability for off-balance-sheet credit exposures, which resulted in a total cumulative effect adjustment of \$6.2 million, net of tax, and an increase to retained earnings.

6. Debt Securities Available for Sale

Debt securities available for sale at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

		June 30, 2023				September 30, 2023				
		Amortized	Gross	Gross		Amortized	Gross	Gross		
		Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair Value	Cost	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair Value	
				(Losses)				(Losses)		
		(In thousands)				(In thousands)				
U.S. government and agency obligations	U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 23,445	\$ —	\$ (2,519)	\$ 20,926	U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 96,364	\$ 27	\$ (2,608)	\$ 93,783

Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	1,054,116	42	(157,339)	896,819	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	1,026,493	140	(182,373)	844,260
Municipal obligations	Municipal obligations	3,693	—	(107)	3,586	Municipal obligations	2,772	—	(108)	2,664
Corporate debt securities	Corporate debt securities	92,535	5	(16,412)	76,128	Corporate debt securities	92,531	9	(14,868)	77,672
		\$ 1,173,789	\$ 47	\$ (176,377)	\$ 997,459		\$ 1,218,160	\$ 176	\$ (199,957)	\$ 1,018,379

December 31, 2022				
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
	(In thousands)			
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 67,771	\$ —	\$ (4,205)	\$ 63,566
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	1,351,929	135	(170,337)	1,181,727
Municipal obligations	3,697	—	(122)	3,575
Corporate debt securities	92,544	6	(12,784)	79,766
	<u>\$ 1,515,941</u>	<u>\$ 141</u>	<u>\$ (187,448)</u>	<u>\$ 1,328,634</u>

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

6. Debt Securities Available for Sale

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities available for sale at [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#), by contractual final maturity, is shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities due to prepayment or early call options exercised by the issuer.

June 30, 2023				September 30, 2023			
	Amortized Cost	Fair Value		Amortized Cost	Fair Value		
	(In thousands)			(In thousands)			
One year or less	\$ 920	\$ 917	One year or less	\$ 35,265	\$ 35,218		
More than one year to five years	54,891	50,578	More than one year to five years	87,687	84,301		
More than five years to ten years	63,862	49,145	More than five years to ten years	68,715	54,600		
	<u>\$ 119,673</u>	<u>\$ 100,640</u>		<u>\$ 191,667</u>	<u>\$ 174,119</u>		
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	1,054,116	896,819	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	1,026,493	844,260		
	<u>\$ 1,173,789</u>	<u>\$ 997,459</u>		<u>\$ 1,218,160</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,379</u>		

Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations totaling [\\$1.1 billion](#) [\\$1.0 billion](#) at amortized cost, and [\\$896.8 million](#) [\\$844.3 million](#) at fair value, are not classified by maturity in the table above as their expected lives are likely to be shorter than the contractual maturity date due to principal prepayments.

During the three months ended [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#), [proceeds from the sale](#) there were no sales of debt securities available for [sale totaled \\$234.4 million, resulting in no gross gains and \\$9.6 million of gross losses, sale](#). During the [six](#) nine months ended [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#), proceeds from the sale of debt securities available for sale totaled \$277.0 million, resulting in no gross gains and \$10.8 million of gross losses. There were no calls or matured debt securities available for sale during the three and [six](#) nine months ended [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#).

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022 there we no sales of debt securities available for sale. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, proceeds from the sales of debt securities available for sale totaled \$126.8 million, resulting in gross gains of \$210,000 and no gross losses. There were no calls or \$915,000 in maturities of debt securities available for sale during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022.

Debt securities available for sale having a carrying value of \$768.7 million \$207.1 million and \$724.0 million, at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, were pledged as security for public funds on deposit at Columbia Bank as required and permitted by law, pledged for outstanding borrowings at the Federal Home Loan Bank, and pledged for potential borrowings at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Debt securities available for sale having a carrying value of \$67.4 million \$71.5 million and \$28.3 million, at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, were pledged by Freehold Bank for outstanding borrowings at the Federal Home Loan Bank, and for potential borrowings at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The following tables summarize the fair value and gross unrealized losses of those securities that reported an unrealized loss at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and if the unrealized loss position was continuous for the twelve months prior to those respective dates:

	June 30, 2023					
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Gross Unrealized (Losses)	
	Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value	
(In thousands)						
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 1,299	\$ (163)	\$ 19,627	\$ (2,356)	\$ 20,926	\$ (2,519)
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	22,303	(1,388)	869,764	(155,951)	892,067	(157,339)
Municipal obligations	455	(7)	3,131	(100)	3,586	(107)
Corporate debt securities	1,745	(255)	72,378	(16,157)	74,123	(16,412)
	<u>\$ 25,802</u>	<u>\$ (1,813)</u>	<u>\$ 964,900</u>	<u>\$ (174,564)</u>	<u>\$ 990,702</u>	<u>\$ (176,377)</u>

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

6. Debt Securities Available for Sale (continued)

The following tables summarize the fair value and gross unrealized losses of those securities that reported an unrealized loss at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and if the unrealized loss position was continuous for the twelve months prior to those respective dates:

	September 30, 2023					
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Gross Unrealized (Losses)	
	Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value	
(In thousands)						
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 73,213	\$ (230)	\$ 18,844	\$ (2,378)	\$ 92,057	\$ (2,608)
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	11,183	(715)	821,064	(181,658)	832,247	(182,373)
Municipal obligations	—	—	2,664	(108)	2,664	(108)
Corporate debt securities	—	—	70,663	(14,868)	70,663	(14,868)
	<u>\$ 84,396</u>	<u>\$ (945)</u>	<u>\$ 913,235</u>	<u>\$ (199,012)</u>	<u>\$ 997,631</u>	<u>\$ (199,957)</u>

	December 31, 2022					
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Gross Unrealized (Losses)	
	Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value	
(In thousands)						

U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	47,956	\$	(2,359)	\$	15,610	\$	(1,846)	\$	63,566	\$	(4,205)
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		424,328		(29,013)		741,515		(141,324)		1,165,843		(170,337)
Municipal obligations		3,574		(122)		—		—		3,574		(122)
Corporate debt securities		46,751		(5,792)		31,008		(6,992)		77,759		(12,784)
	\$	522,609	\$	(37,286)	\$	788,133	\$	(150,162)	\$	1,310,742	\$	(187,448)

The number of securities in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 totaled 333, 273, compared with 455 at December 31, 2022. All temporarily impaired securities were investment grade as of June 30, 2023 and September 30, 2023, except one \$7.0 million corporate debt security which is rated BB+. All temporarily impaired securities were investment grade at December 31, 2022.

For available for sale securities, the Company assesses whether a loss is from credit or other factors and considers the extent to which fair value is less than amortized cost, any changes to the rating of the security by a rating agency and adverse conditions related to the security, among other factors. If this assessment indicates that a credit loss exists, the present value of cash flows expected to be collected from the security are compared to the amortized cost basis of the security. If the present value of cash flows is less than the amortized cost, a credit loss would be recorded through an allowance for credit losses, limited by the amount that the fair value is less than the amortized cost basis.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

6. Debt Securities Available for Sale (continued)

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for credit losses on debt securities available for sale for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,			For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
		(In thousands)					(In thousands)			
Allowance for Credit Losses:	Allowance for Credit Losses:					Allowance for Credit Losses:				
Beginning balance	Beginning balance	\$ —	\$ 1,144	\$ —	\$ —	Beginning balance	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Impact of adopting ASU 2016-13 (CECL) effective January 1, 2022	Impact of adopting ASU 2016-13 (CECL) effective January 1, 2022	—	—	—	490	Impact of adopting ASU 2016-13 (CECL) effective January 1, 2022	—	—	—	490
Provision for credit losses	Provision for credit losses	—	(1,144)	—	(490)	Provision for credit losses	—	—	—	(490)
Ending balance	Ending balance	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	Ending balance	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

The Company made an accounting policy election to exclude accrued interest receivable from the amortized cost basis of debt securities available for sale. Accrued interest receivable on debt securities available for sale is reported as a component of accrued interest receivable on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition, which totaled \$2.4 million \$3.8 million and \$3.2 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and is excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

7. Debt Securities Held to Maturity

Debt securities held to maturity at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

September 30, 2023				
Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Allowance for Credit Losses	Fair Value

U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	49,871	\$	—	\$	(7,981)	\$	—	\$	41,890
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		362,074		—		(52,037)		—		310,037
	\$	411,945	\$	—	\$	(60,018)	\$	—	\$	351,927

December 31, 2022										
		Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Allowance for Credit Losses		Fair Value
(In thousands)										
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	49,871	\$	—	\$	(7,304)	\$	—	\$	42,567
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		371,652		—		(43,828)		—		327,824
	\$	421,523	\$	—	\$	(51,132)	\$	—	\$	370,391

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Debt Securities Held to Maturity (continued)

Debt securities held to maturity at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

June 30, 2023										
		Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Allowance for Credit Losses		Fair Value
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	49,871	\$	—	\$	(7,036)	\$	—	\$	42,835
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		365,462		—		(44,186)		—		321,276
	\$	415,333	\$	—	\$	(51,222)	\$	—	\$	364,111

December 31, 2022										
		Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized (Losses)		Allowance for Credit Losses		Fair Value
(In thousands)										
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	49,871	\$	—	\$	(7,304)	\$	—	\$	42,567
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		371,652		—		(43,828)		—		327,824
	\$	421,523	\$	—	\$	(51,132)	\$	—	\$	370,391

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities held to maturity at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, by contractual final maturity, is shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities due to prepayment or early call options exercised by the issuer.

		June 30, 2023		September 30, 2023	
		Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
		(In thousands)		(In thousands)	
More than one year to five years	More than one year to five years	\$ 19,875	\$ 18,385	More than one year to five years	\$ 29,875 \$ 26,783
More than five years to ten years	More than five years to ten years	19,996	16,827	More than five years to ten years	9,996 8,022
More than ten years	More than ten years	10,000	7,623	More than ten years	10,000 7,085

Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	49,871	42,835	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	49,871	41,890
		365,462	321,276		362,074	310,037
		\$ 415,333	\$ 364,111		\$ 411,945	\$ 351,927

Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations totaling \$365.5 million \$362.1 million at amortized cost, and \$321.3 million \$310.0 million at fair value at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, are not classified by maturity as their expected lives are likely to be shorter than the contractual maturity date due to principal prepayments.

During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 there were no sales, calls or maturities of debt securities held to maturity.

Debt securities held to maturity having a carrying value of \$347.0 million \$149.2 million and \$228.8 million, at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, were pledged as security for public funds on deposit at Columbia Bank as required and permitted by law, pledged for outstanding borrowings at the Federal Home Loan Bank, and pledged for potential borrowings at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

The following tables summarize the fair value and gross unrealized losses of those securities that reported an unrealized loss at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and if the unrealized loss position was continuous for the twelve months prior to those respective dates:

	September 30, 2023					
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)
	(In thousands)					
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 41,890	\$ (7,981)	\$ 41,890	\$ (7,981)
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	14	(1)	310,023	(52,036)	310,037	(52,037)
	\$ 14	\$ (1)	\$ 351,913	\$ (60,017)	\$ 351,927	\$ (60,018)

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

7. Debt Securities Held to Maturity (continued)

The following tables summarize the fair value and gross unrealized losses of those securities that reported an unrealized loss at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and if the unrealized loss position was continuous for the twelve months prior to those respective dates:

	June 30, 2023					
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)
	(In thousands)					
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 4,918	\$ (82)	\$ 37,917	\$ (6,954)	\$ 42,835	\$ (7,036)
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	13,972	(1,148)	307,304	(43,038)	321,276	(44,186)
	\$ 18,890	\$ (1,230)	\$ 345,221	\$ (49,992)	\$ 364,111	\$ (51,222)

	December 31, 2022					
	Less Than 12 Months		12 Months or Longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized (Losses)

	Gross		Gross		Gross	
	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)
(In thousands)						
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 4,956	\$ (44)	\$ 37,611	\$ (7,260)	\$ 42,567	\$ (7,304)
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	275,107	(33,000)	52,717	(10,828)	327,824	(43,828)
	<u>\$ 280,063</u>	<u>\$ (33,044)</u>	<u>\$ 90,328</u>	<u>\$ (18,088)</u>	<u>\$ 370,391</u>	<u>\$ (51,132)</u>

The number of securities in an unrealized loss position at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** totaled 115, compared with 116 at December 31, 2022. All temporarily impaired securities were investment grade as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022.

For held to maturity securities, management measures expected credit losses on a collective basis by major security type. All of the mortgage-backed securities are issued by U.S. government agencies and are either explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, are highly rated by major rating agencies and have a long history of no credit losses and, therefore, the expectation of non-payment is zero and the Company is not required to estimate an allowance for credit losses on these securities under the CECL standard. All these securities reflect a credit quality rating of AAA by Moody's Investors Service.

The Company made an accounting policy election to exclude accrued interest receivable from the amortized cost basis of debt securities held to maturity. Accrued interest receivable on debt securities held to maturity is reported as a component of accrued interest receivable on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition, which totaled **\$987,000** **\$378,000** and \$1.0 million at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively, and is excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

8. Equity Securities at Fair Value

The Company has an equity securities portfolio which consists of stock in other financial institutions, a payment technology company, a community bank correspondent services company, preferred stock in U.S. Government agencies, and a Community Reinvestment Act qualifying bond fund which are reported at fair value on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The fair value of the equities portfolio at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 was **\$3.7 million** **\$3.6 million** and \$3.4 million, respectively.

The Company recorded a net **(decrease)** increase **(decrease)** in the fair value of equity securities of **\$162,000** **\$(81,000)** and **\$330,000** **\$(264,000)**, and **\$(147,000)** **\$249,000** and **\$(68,000)** **\$(332,000)**, respectively, during the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively, as a component of non-interest income.

During the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, there were no sales of equity securities.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses

Loans receivable at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

		June 30,		December 31,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		(In thousands)		(In thousands)	
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:			Real estate loans:	
One-to-four family	One-to-four family	\$ 2,789,269	\$ 2,860,184	One-to-four family	\$ 2,791,939
Multifamily	Multifamily	1,376,999	1,239,207	Multifamily	1,417,233
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	2,386,896	2,413,394	Commercial real estate	2,374,488
Construction	Construction	378,988	336,553	Construction	390,940
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans	505,524	497,469	Commercial business loans	546,750
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:			Consumer loans:	

Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances	269,310	274,302	Home equity loans and advances	267,016	274,302
Other consumer loans	Other consumer loans	2,552	3,425	Other consumer loans	2,586	3,425
Total gross loans	Total gross loans	7,709,538	7,624,534	Total gross loans	7,790,952	7,624,534
Purchased credit-deteriorated ("PCD") loans	Purchased credit-deteriorated ("PCD") loans	16,107	17,059	Purchased credit-deteriorated ("PCD") loans	15,228	17,059
Net deferred loan costs, fees and purchased premiums and discounts	Net deferred loan costs, fees and purchased premiums and discounts	34,791	35,971	Net deferred loan costs, fees and purchased premiums and discounts	34,360	35,971
Loans receivable	Loans receivable	\$ 7,760,436	\$ 7,677,564	Loans receivable	\$ 7,840,540	\$ 7,677,564

The Company had no loans held-for-sale at June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. During the three months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023, the Company sold \$48.0 million \$6.8 million, \$6.1 million, \$1.9 million \$7.1 million, and \$3.2 million, \$1.9 million of one-to-four family real estate loans, commercial real estate loans, Small Business Administration ("SBA") loans included in commercial business loans, and construction loans held-for-sale, respectively, resulting in gross gains of \$177,000 \$454,000 and \$305,000 \$58,000 of gross losses. During the six nine months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023, the Company sold \$57.8 million \$64.6 million, \$21.4 million, \$11.3 million \$18.4 million, and \$3.8 million \$5.7 million, of one-to-four family real estate loans and home equity loans and advances, commercial real estate loans, SBA loans included in commercial business loans, and construction loans held-for-sale, respectively, resulting in gross gains of \$968,000 \$1.4 million and \$305,000 \$383,000 of gross losses.

During the three months ended June 30, 2022, September 30, 2022, the Company sold \$589,000 \$1.8 million, \$685,000 and \$424,000 of one-to-four family real estate loans and construction loans held-for-sale, respectively, resulting in no gross gains or losses. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company sold \$589,000, \$1.3 million and \$1.3 million, \$510,000 of one-to-four family real estate loans, SBA loans included in commercial business loans, and construction loans held-for-sale, respectively, resulting in gross gains of \$110,000 \$63,000 and no gross losses, losses of \$64,000. During the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Company sold \$2.4 million, \$2.0 million and \$1.8 million of one-to-four family real estate loans, SBA loans included in commercial business loans, and construction loans held-for-sale, respectively, resulting in gross gains of \$173,000 and gross losses of \$64,000.

During the three months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023, no loans were purchased by the Company. During the six nine months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023, the Company purchased a \$14.7 million commercial real estate participation loan from a third party third-party financial institution. During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022, September 30, 2022, no loans were purchased by the Company.

At June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, commercial business loans included \$1.2 million \$902,000 and \$1.6 million, respectively, in SBA Payroll Protection Program ("PPP") loans and net deferred fees related to these loans totaling \$0 and \$13,000, respectively.

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the carrying value of loans serviced by the Company for investors was \$555.3 million and \$497.1 million, respectively. These loans are not included in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the carrying value of loans serviced by the Company for investors was \$552.0 million and \$497.1 million, respectively. These loans are not included in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

The following tables summarize the aging of loans receivable by portfolio segment, including non-accrual loans and excluding PCD loans at June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

		June 30, 2023							September 30, 2023						
		30-59 Days	60-89 Days	90 Days or More	Total Past Due	Non-accrual	Current	Total	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	90 Days or More	Total Past Due	Non-accrual	Current	Total
		(In thousands)							(In thousands)						
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:								Real estate loans:						

One-to-four family	One-to-four family	\$ 7,826	\$3,154	\$2,493	\$13,473	\$ 4,077	\$2,775,796	\$2,789,269	One-to-four family	\$ 7,807	\$2,982	\$ 1,611	\$12,400	\$ 4,305	\$2,779,539	\$2,791,
Multifamily	Multifamily	2,101	—	—	2,101	—	1,374,898	1,376,999	Multifamily	—	—	—	—	—	1,417,233	1,417,
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	203	1,942	3,745	5,890	3,744	2,381,006	2,386,896	Commercial real estate	6,463	—	4,063	10,526	4,063	2,363,962	2,374,
Construction	Construction	—	—	—	—	—	378,988	378,988	Construction	—	—	—	—	—	390,940	390,
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans	—	228	2,915	3,143	3,067	502,381	505,524	Commercial business loans	—	5,000	6,602	11,602	6,602	535,148	546,
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:								Consumer loans:							
Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances	229	59	148	436	203	268,874	269,310	Home equity loans and advances	393	63	89	545	180	266,471	267,
Other consumer loans	Other consumer loans	—	17	—	17	—	2,535	2,552	Other consumer loans	—	—	—	—	—	2,586	2,
Total loans	Total loans	\$10,359	\$5,400	\$9,301	\$25,060	\$11,091	\$7,684,478	\$7,709,538	Total loans	\$14,663	\$8,045	\$12,365	\$35,073	\$15,150	\$7,755,879	\$7,790,

December 31, 2022

	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	90 Days or More	Total Past Due	Non-accrual	Current	Total
(In thousands)							
Real estate loans:							
One-to-four family	\$ 4,063	\$ 1,149	\$ 1,808	\$ 7,020	\$ 2,730	\$ 2,853,164	\$ 2,860,184
Multifamily	—	—	—	—	—	1,239,207	1,239,207
Commercial real estate	—	853	2,892	3,745	2,892	2,409,649	2,413,394
Construction	5,218	—	—	5,218	—	331,335	336,553
Commercial business loans	220	—	474	694	801	496,775	497,469
Consumer loans:							
Home equity loans and advances	465	33	286	784	286	273,518	274,302
Other consumer loans	3	1	12	16	12	3,409	3,425
Total loans	\$ 9,969	\$ 2,036	\$ 5,472	\$ 17,477	\$ 6,721	\$ 7,607,057	\$ 7,624,534

The Company considers a loan to be delinquent when we have not received a payment within 30 days of its contractual due date. Generally, a loan is designated as a non-accrual loan when the payment of interest is 90 days or more in arrears of its contractual due date. Non-accruing loans are returned to accrual status after there has been a sustained period of repayment performance (generally six consecutive months of payments) and both principal and interest are deemed collectible. The Company identifies loans that may need to be charged-off as a loss, by reviewing all delinquent loans, classified loans and other loans that management may have concerns about collectability. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, non-accrual loans totaled **\$11.1 million** **\$15.2 million** and \$6.7 million, respectively. Included in non-accrual loans at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, are **12** **13** and 7 loans totaling **\$1.8 million** **\$2.8 million** and \$1.2 million, respectively, which are less than 90 days in arrears.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** there were no loans past due 90 days or more still accruing interest. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, there were no loans past due 90 days or more still accruing interest other than COVID-19 related loan forbearances and deferrals. In accordance with the CARES Act, these loans were not included in the aging of loans receivable by portfolio segment in the table above, and the Company continued to accrue interest income during the forbearance or deferral period. **interest.**

Purchased credit impaired loans ("PCI") were loans acquired at a discount primarily due to deteriorated credit quality. These loans were initially recorded at fair value at acquisition, based upon the present value of expected future cash flows, with no related allowance for credit losses. In connection with the adoption of CECL on January 1, 2022, all loans considered PCI loans prior to that date were converted to purchase credit-deteriorated ("PCD") loans. Loans acquired in a business combination after January 1, 2022 are recorded in accordance with ASC Topic 326, which requires loans as of the acquisition date, that have experienced a more than insignificant deterioration in credit quality since origination to be classified as PCD loans.

At June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, PCD loans acquired in the Stewardship Financial Corporation ("Stewardship") acquisition totaled \$1.8 million, \$1.7 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, PCD loans acquired in the Roselle Bank acquisition totaled \$0 and \$184,000, respectively, PCD loans acquired in the Freehold Bank acquisition totaled \$3.6 million, \$2.8 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, and PCD loans acquired in the RSI Bank acquisition totaled \$10.7 million and \$11.3 million, respectively.

We may obtain physical possession of real estate collateralizing a residential mortgage loan via foreclosure or through an in-substance repossession. At June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had no real estate owned. At June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 we had one one-to-four family loan with a carrying value of \$641,000, \$579,000 and two home equity loans with a total carrying value of \$148,000, \$89,000, collateralized by residential real estate which were in the process of foreclosure. At December 31, 2022, we had two home equity loans with a total carrying value of \$81,000, collateralized by residential real estate which were in the process of foreclosure.

On January 1, 2022, the Company adopted CECL (ASC Topic 326), which replaced the historical incurred loss methodology with an expected loss methodology. The loan portfolio segmentation was expanded to seven portfolio segments taking into consideration common loan attributes and risk characteristics, as well as historical reporting metrics and data availability. The Company made an accounting policy election to exclude accrued interest receivable from the amortized cost basis of loans receivable. Accrued interest receivable on loans receivable is reported as a component of accrued interest receivable in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition, which totaled \$30.8 million, \$31.6 million and \$29.4 million at June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and is excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

The allowance for credit losses on loans reflects management's evaluation of the current expected credit losses in the loan portfolio. The Company maintains the allowance for credit losses through provisions for credit losses that are charged to income. Charge-offs against the allowance for credit losses are taken on loans where management determines that the collection of loan principal and interest is unlikely. Recoveries made on loans that have been charged-off are credited to the allowance for credit losses.

Management estimates the allowance balance using relevant available information, from internal and external sources, related to past events, current conditions, and a reasonable and supportable forecast. Historical credit loss experience for both the Company and peers provides the basis for the estimation of expected credit losses, where observed credit losses are converted to probability of default rate through the use of segment-specific loss given default risk factors that convert default rates to loss severity based on industry-level, observed relationships between the two variables for each segment, primarily due to the nature of the underlying collateral. These risk factors were assessed for reasonableness against the Company's own loss experience and adjusted in certain cases when the relationship between the Company's historical default and loss severity deviate from that of the wider industry. The historical probability of default ("PD") curves, together with corresponding economic conditions, establish a quantitative relationship between economic conditions and loan performance through an economic cycle.

Using the historical relationship between economic conditions and loan performance, management's expectation of future loan performance is incorporated using an externally developed economic forecast. This forecast is applied over a period that management has determined to be reasonable and supportable. Beyond the period over which management can develop or source a reasonable and supportable forecast, the model will revert to long-term average economic conditions using a straight-line, time-based methodology. The Company's current forecast period is six quarters, with a four quarter reversion period to historical average macroeconomic factors.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The allowance for credit losses is measured on a collective (pool) basis, with both a quantitative and qualitative analysis that is applied on a quarterly basis, when similar risk characteristics exist. The respective quantitative allowance for each segment is measured using an economic forecast, discounted cash flow modeling methodology in which distinct, segment-specific multi-variate regression models are applied to an external economic forecast. Under the discounted cash flows methodology, expected credit losses are estimated over the effective life of the loans by measuring the difference between the net present value of modeled cash flows and amortized cost basis. Contractual cash flows over the contractual life of the loans are the basis for modeled cash flows, adjusted for modeled defaults and expected prepayments and discounted at the loan-level effective interest rate. The contractual term excludes expected extensions, renewals, and modifications. After quantitative considerations, management applies additional qualitative adjustments so that the allowance for credit loss is reflective of the estimate of lifetime losses that exist in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date.

Portfolio segment is defined as the level at which an entity develops and documents a systematic methodology to determine its allowance for credit losses. Management developed segments for estimating loss based on type of borrower and collateral, which is generally based upon federal call report segmentation. The segments have been combined or sub-segmented as needed to ensure loans of similar risk profiles are appropriately pooled.

The allowance for credit losses on loans individually analyzed for impairment is based upon loans that have been identified through the Company's loan monitoring process. This process includes the review of delinquent, restructured, and charged-off loans.

Management believes the primary risks inherent in the portfolio are a general decline in the economy, a decline in real estate market values, rising unemployment, and increases in interest rates in the absence of economic improvement. Any one or a combination of these events may adversely affect a borrower's ability to repay its loan, resulting in increased delinquencies and loan losses. Accordingly, the Company has recorded loan losses at a level which is estimated to represent the current risk in its loan portfolio. Management considers it important to maintain the ratio of the allowance for credit losses to total loans at an acceptable level considering the current composition of the loan portfolio.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The following tables summarize loans receivable (including PCD loans) and allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment and impairment method at **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023																						
										Home Equity Loans and Advances		Other Consumer Loans	Total	One-to- Four Family	Multifamily	Com Real							
	One-to- Four Family	Multifamily	Commercial Real Estate	Commercial Construction	Commercial Business	Commercial Business	Commercial Business	Commercial Business	Commercial Business														
(In thousands)																							
Allowance for credit losses:	Allowance for credit losses:										Allowance for credit losses:												
Individually analyzed loans	Individually analyzed loans	\$	209	\$	2	\$	309	\$	—	\$	74	\$	28	\$	—	\$	622	Individually analyzed loans	\$	186	\$	2	\$
Collectively analyzed loans	Collectively analyzed loans		10,813		9,390		15,855		6,925		7,596		2,165		8		52,752	Collectively analyzed loans		11,681		9,507	
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality		4		—		48		10		20		—		—		82	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality		4		—	
Total	Total	\$	11,026	\$	9,392	\$	16,212	\$	6,935	\$	7,690	\$	2,193	\$	8	\$	53,456	Total	\$	11,871	\$	9,509	\$
Total loans:	Total loans:										Total loans:												
Individually analyzed loans	Individually analyzed loans	\$	4,691	\$	420	\$	16,538	\$	—	\$	3,622	\$	641	\$	—	\$	25,912	Individually analyzed loans	\$	3,967	\$	401	\$
Collectively analyzed loans	Collectively analyzed loans		2,784,578		1,376,579		2,370,358		378,988		501,902		268,669		2,552		7,683,626	Collectively analyzed loans		2,787,972		1,416,832	
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality		1,932		—		12,583		1,040		409		143		—		16,107	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality		1,913		—	
Total loans	Total loans	\$	2,791,201	\$	1,376,999	\$	2,399,479	\$	380,028	\$	505,933	\$	269,453	\$	2,552	\$	7,725,645	Total loans	\$	2,793,852	\$	1,417,233	\$

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

December 31, 2022																	
One-to-Four Family		Multifamily		Commercial Real Estate		Construction		Commercial Business		Home Equity Loans and Advances		Other Consumer Loans		Total			
(In thousands)																	
Allowance for credit losses:																	
Individually analyzed loans		\$	201	\$	3	\$	99	\$	—	\$	10	\$	26	\$	—	\$	339

Collectively analyzed loans	11,591	7,874	17,961	6,415	6,876	1,654	10	52,381
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	10	—	51	10	11	1	—	83
Total	\$ 11,802	\$ 7,877	\$ 18,111	\$ 6,425	\$ 6,897	\$ 1,681	\$ 10	\$ 52,803

Total loans:

Individually analyzed loans	\$ 4,164	\$ 457	\$ 16,729	\$ —	\$ 1,173	\$ 697	\$ —	\$ 23,220
Collectively analyzed loans	2,856,020	1,238,750	2,396,665	336,553	496,296	273,605	3,425	7,601,314
Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	2,158	—	13,116	1,040	496	249	—	17,059
Total loans	\$ 2,862,342	\$ 1,239,207	\$ 2,426,510	\$ 337,593	\$ 497,965	\$ 274,551	\$ 3,425	\$ 7,641,593

On January 1, 2023, the Company adopted ASU 2022-02, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326), Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures*, which eliminated the accounting guidance for troubled debt restructurings ("TDRs") while enhancing disclosure requirements for certain loan refinancing and restructurings by creditors when a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty. This guidance was applied on a prospective basis. Modifications made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty may include principal or interest forgiveness, forbearance, interest rate reductions, term extensions, or a combination of these events intended to minimize economic loss and to avoid foreclosure or repossession of collateral.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company modified one construction loan with an outstanding balance of \$2.3 million and one commercial business loan with an outstanding balance of \$240,000, to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. All loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that have been modified during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 were current as to their contractual payments at June 30, 2023. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 there were no modifications.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The following table presents the amortized cost basis of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficult at June 30, 2023 that were modified during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

	Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023		
	Amortized Cost	Term Extension	% of Total Class of Loans Receivable
	(In thousands)		
Construction	\$ 2,317	\$ 2,317	0.6 %
Commercial business loan	240	240	—
Total loans	\$ 2,557	\$ 2,557	0.7 %

The following table describes the types of modifications made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

	Type of Modifications
Construction	12 month term extension
Commercial business loan	12 month term extension

The Company closely monitors the performance of modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty to understand the effectiveness of these modification efforts. The Company did not extend any commitments to lend additional funds to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty whose loans had been modified during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The following tables presents the modifications of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that were modified during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023			
	Combination of Term Extension, Interest Rate Reduction, and Principal Forgiveness			% of Total Class of Loans Receivable
	Amortized Cost	Term Extension		
	(In thousands)			
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,038	\$ 1,038	\$ —	— %
Commercial business	5,000	—	5,000	0.9
Total loans	\$ 6,038	\$ 1,038	\$ 5,000	0.1 %

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023			
	Combination of Term Extension, Interest Rate Reduction, and Principal Forgiveness			% of Total Class of Loans Receivable
	Amortized Cost	Term Extension		
	(In thousands)			
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,038	\$ 1,038	\$ —	— %
Construction	2,317	2,317	—	0.6
Commercial business	5,240	240	5,000	1.0
Total loans	\$ 8,595	\$ 3,595	\$ 5,000	0.1 %

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 there were no modifications.

The following tables describes the types of modifications of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	
	Type of Modifications
Commercial real estate	12 month term extension
Commercial business	12 month term extension, interest rate reduction, and/or principal forgiveness
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	
	Type of Modifications
Commercial real estate	12 month term extension
Construction	12 month term extension
Commercial business	12 month term extension, interest rate reduction, and/or principal forgiveness

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The Company closely monitors the performance of modifications of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty to understand the effectiveness of these modification efforts. The Company did not extend any commitments to lend additional funds to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty whose loans had been modified during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The following tables presents the aging analysis of modifications of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty at September 30, 2023:

	Current	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	90 Days or More	Non-accrual	Total
(In thousands)						
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,038	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,038
Construction	2,317	—	—	—	—	2,317
Commercial business	—	—	5,000	—	240	5,240
Total loans	\$ 3,355	\$ —	\$ 5,000	\$ —	\$ 240	\$ 8,595

The activity in the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,									For the Three Months Ended September 30,				
		One-to-Four Family	Multifamily	Commercial Real Estate	Construction	Commercial Business	Home Equity Loans and Advances	Other Consumer Loans	Totals		One-to-Four Family	Multifamily	Commercial Real Estate	Construction	Totals
		(In thousands)													
2023	2023										2023				
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$12,789	\$ 8,145	\$ 16,257	\$ 6,739	\$ 7,320	\$ 1,614	\$ 9	\$52,873		Balance at beginning of period	\$11,026	\$ 9,392	\$ 16,212	\$
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	(1,763)	1,247	19	196	764	575	40	1,078		Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	1,063	117	(454)	
Recoveries	Recoveries	—	—	—	—	56	4	—	60		Recoveries	—	—	—	
Charge-offs	Charge-offs	—	—	(64)	—	(450)	—	(41)	(555)		Charge-offs	(218)	—	—	
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$11,026	\$ 9,392	\$ 16,212	\$ 6,935	\$ 7,690	\$ 2,193	\$ 8	\$53,456		Balance at end of period	\$11,871	\$ 9,509	\$ 15,758	\$
2022	2022										2022				
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,814	\$ 11,203	\$ 13,513	\$ 4,974	\$ 7,143	\$ 1,507	\$ 8	\$47,162		Balance at beginning of period	\$10,836	\$ 10,932	\$ 14,480	\$
Initial allowance related to PCD loans		131	—	474	3	19	6	—	633						
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	1,785	(271)	493	593	127	(46)	2	2,683		Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	1,394	(3,683)	3,219	
Recoveries	Recoveries	199	—	—	—	30	4	—	233		Recoveries	—	—	—	
Charge-offs	Charge-offs	(93)	—	—	—	(35)	—	—	(128)		Charge-offs	(284)	—	—	
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$10,836	\$ 10,932	\$ 14,480	\$ 5,570	\$ 7,284	\$ 1,471	\$ 10	\$50,583		Balance at end of period	\$11,946	\$ 7,249	\$ 17,699	\$

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

		For the Six Months Ended June 30,											For the Nine Months Ended June 30,				
		One-to-Four Family	Multifamily	Commercial Real Estate	Commercial Construction	Commercial Business	Home Equity Loans and Advances	Other Consumer Loans	Totals	One-to-Four Family	Multifamily		Commercial Real Estate	Commercial Construction			
(In thousands)																	
2023	2023											2023					
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$11,802	\$ 7,877	\$ 18,111	\$ 6,425	\$ 6,897	\$ 1,681	\$ 10	\$52,803	Balance at beginning of period	\$11,802	\$ 7,877	\$ 18,111	\$			
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	(642)	1,515	(1,749)	510	1,037	514	68	1,253	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	421	1,632	(2,203)				
Recoveries	Recoveries	—	—	—	—	206	24	6	236	Recoveries	—	—	—				
Charge-offs	Charge-offs	(134)	—	(150)	—	(450)	(26)	(76)	(836)	Charge-offs	(352)	—	(150)				
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$11,026	\$ 9,392	\$ 16,212	\$ 6,935	\$ 7,690	\$ 2,193	\$ 8	\$53,456	Balance at end of period	\$11,871	\$ 9,509	\$ 15,758	\$			
2022	2022											2022					
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,798	\$ 7,741	\$ 16,114	\$ 8,943	\$ 20,214	\$ 873	\$ 6	\$62,689	Balance at beginning of period	\$ 8,798	\$ 7,741	\$ 16,114	\$			
Initial adoption CECL		(2,308)	(2,030)	(4,227)	(2,346)	(5,302)	(229)	(1)	(16,443)								
Initial adoption - CECL										Initial adoption - CECL	(2,308)	(2,030)	(4,227)				
Initial allowance related to PCD loans	Initial allowance related to PCD loans	131	—	474	3	19	6	—	633	Initial allowance related to PCD loans	131	—	474				
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	3,970	5,221	2,119	(1,030)	(7,640)	840	8	3,488	Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	5,364	1,538	5,338				
Recoveries	Recoveries	338	—	—	—	55	8	—	401	Recoveries	338	—	—				
Charge-offs	Charge-offs	(93)	—	—	—	(62)	(27)	(3)	(185)	Charge-offs	(377)	—	—				
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$10,836	\$ 10,932	\$ 14,480	\$ 5,570	\$ 7,284	\$ 1,471	\$ 10	\$50,583	Balance at end of period	\$11,946	\$ 7,249	\$ 17,699	\$			

The following tables present loans individually analyzed loans by segment, excluding PCD loans, at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022:

		At June 30, 2023			At September 30, 2023		
		Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Specific Allowance	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Specific Allowance
		(In thousands)			(In thousands)		
With no allowance recorded:	With no allowance recorded:				With no allowance recorded:		
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:				Real estate loans:		
One-to-four family	One-to-four family	\$ 1,244	\$ 1,592	\$ —	One-to-four family	\$ 1,345	\$ 1,693
Multifamily	Multifamily	54	57	—	Multifamily	51	55
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	13,831	14,519	—	Commercial real estate	14,097	15,721
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans	1,170	1,876	—	Commercial business loans	5,819	7,025
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:				Consumer loans:		
Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances	176	238	—	Home equity loans and advances	150	168
		16,475	18,282	—		21,462	24,662
With a specific allowance recorded:	With a specific allowance recorded:				With a specific allowance recorded:		
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:				Real estate loans:		
One-to-four family	One-to-four family	3,447	3,466	209	One-to-four family	2,622	2,641
Multifamily	Multifamily	366	366	2	Multifamily	350	350
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	2,707	2,710	309	Commercial real estate	2,671	2,673
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans	2,452	3,202	74	Commercial business loans	5,873	5,873
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:				Consumer loans:		
Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances	465	465	28	Home equity loans and advances	461	461
		9,437	10,209	622		11,977	11,998
Total:	Total:				Total:		
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:				Real estate loans:		
One-to-four family	One-to-four family	4,691	5,058	209	One-to-four family	3,967	4,334
Multifamily	Multifamily	420	423	2	Multifamily	401	405
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate	16,538	17,229	309	Commercial real estate	16,768	18,394
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans	3,622	5,078	74	Commercial business loans	11,692	12,898
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:				Consumer loans:		

Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances	641	703	28	Home equity loans and advances	611	629	29
Total loans	Total loans	\$ 25,912	\$ 28,491	\$ 622	Total loans	\$ 33,439	\$ 36,660	\$ 631

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

		At December 31, 2022		
		Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Specific Allowance
		(In thousands)		
With no allowance recorded:				
Real estate loans:				
One-to-four family	\$	1,296	\$ 1,644	\$ —
Multifamily		59	63	—
Commercial real estate		14,836	15,699	—
Commercial business loans		143	400	—
Consumer loans:				
Home equity loans and advances		223	315	—
		16,557	18,121	—
With a specific allowance recorded:				
Real estate loans:				
One-to-four family		2,868	2,887	201
Multifamily		398	397	3
Commercial real estate		1,893	1,896	99
Commercial business loans		1,030	1,030	10
Consumer loans:				
Home equity loans and advances		474	474	26
		6,663	6,684	339
Total:				
Real estate loans:				
One-to-four family		4,164	4,531	201
Multifamily		457	460	3
Commercial real estate		16,729	17,595	99
Commercial business loans		1,173	1,430	10
Consumer loans:				
Home equity loans and advances		697	789	26
	\$	23,220	\$ 24,805	\$ 339

Specific allocations of the allowance for credit losses attributable to impaired loans totaled \$622,000, \$631,000 and \$339,000 at June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. At June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, impaired loans for which there was no related allowance for credit losses totaled \$16.5 million, \$21.5 million and \$16.6 million, respectively.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The following table presents interest income recognized for individually analyzed loans by loan segment, excluding PCD loans, for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,								For the Three Months Ended September 30,								
		2023				2022				2023				2022				
		Average Recorded Investment		Interest Income Recognized		Average Recorded Investment				Interest Income Recognized		Average Recorded Investment		Interest Income Recognized				
		(In thousands)								(In thousands)								
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:							Real estate loans:										
One-to-four family	One-to-four family	\$	4,722	\$	56	\$	4,577	\$	46	One-to-four family	\$	4,329	\$	54	\$	4,251	\$	45
Multifamily	Multifamily		429		5		731		11	Multifamily		411		5		598		6
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate		16,156		163		16,176		164	Commercial real estate		16,653		214		16,086		163
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans		3,128		18		1,373		22	Commercial business loans		7,657		78		1,269		22
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:																	
Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances		660		10		873		10	Home equity loans and advances		626		15		777		9
Total loans	Total loans	\$	25,095	\$	252	\$	23,730	\$	253	Total loans	\$	29,676	\$	366	\$	22,981	\$	245
		For the Six Months Ended June 30,								For the Nine Months Ended September 30,								
		2023				2022				2023				2022				
		Average Recorded Investment		Interest Income Recognized		Average Recorded Investment				Interest Income Recognized		Average Recorded Investment		Interest Income Recognized				
		(In thousands)								(In thousands)								
Real estate loans:	Real estate loans:							Real estate loans:										
One-to-four family	One-to-four family	\$	4,536	\$	101	\$	4,779	\$	101	One-to-four family	\$	4,394	\$	154	\$	4,640	\$	146
Multifamily	Multifamily		438		10		741		22	Multifamily		429		15		675		28
Commercial real estate	Commercial real estate		16,347		314		16,061		406	Commercial real estate		16,452		516		16,254		568
Construction			—		—		—		—									
Commercial business loans	Commercial business loans		2,476		67		1,517		44	Commercial business loans		4,780		148		1,447		66
Consumer loans:	Consumer loans:																	
Home equity loans and advances	Home equity loans and advances		672		17		817		21	Home equity loans and advances		657		32		787		29
Total loans	Total loans	\$	24,469	\$	509	\$	23,915	\$	594	Total loans	\$	26,712	\$	865	\$	23,803	\$	837

Management prepares an analysis each quarter that categorizes the entire loan portfolio by certain risk characteristics such as loan type (residential mortgage, commercial mortgage, construction, commercial business, etc.) and loan risk rating. The categorization of loans into risk categories is based upon relevant information about the borrower's ability to service their debt.

The Company utilizes an eight-point risk rating system to summarize its loan portfolio into categories with similar risk characteristics. Loans deemed to be "acceptable quality" are rated 1 through 4 (Pass), with a rating of 1 established for loans with minimal risk. Loans that are deemed to be of "questionable quality" are rated 5 (Special Mention) or 6 (Substandard). Loans with adverse classifications are rated 7 (Doubtful) or 8 (Loss). The risk ratings are also confirmed through periodic loan review examinations which are

currently performed by both an independent third-party and the Company's credit risk review department. The Company requires an annual review be performed above certain dollar thresholds, depending on loan type, to help determine the appropriate risk ratings. Results from examinations are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The following table summarizes the Company's loans by year of origination and internally assigned credit risk rating, excluding PCD loans, at June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

		Loans by Year of Origination at June 30, 2023											Loans by Year of Origination at June 30, 2022			
										Revolving Loans to Term Loans	Total					
													2023	2022	2021	2020
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Prior	Revolving Loans								
(In thousands)																
One-to-Four Family	One-to-Four Family											One-to-Four Family				
Pass	Pass	\$44,275	\$797,301	\$818,807	\$285,977	\$171,383	\$667,095	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$2,784,838	Pass	\$100,102	\$794,991	\$806,192	\$275,000
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Special mention	—	—	—	—
Substandard	Substandard	—	446	1,427	155	831	1,572	—	—	—	4,431	Substandard	—	1,222	553	—
Total One-to-Four Family	Total One-to-Four Family	44,275	797,747	820,234	286,132	172,214	668,667	—	—	—	2,789,269	Total One-to-Four Family	100,102	796,213	806,745	275,000
Gross charge-offs	Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	134	—	—	—	134	Gross charge-offs	—	3	197	—
Multifamily	Multifamily											Multifamily				
Pass	Pass	96,325	324,248	353,124	161,470	205,147	232,156	—	—	—	1,372,470	Pass	107,375	315,525	361,644	161,470
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	4,529	—	—	—	4,529	Special mention	—	—	—	—
Substandard	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Substandard	—	5,756	—	—
Total Multifamily	Total Multifamily	96,325	324,248	353,124	161,470	205,147	236,685	—	—	—	1,376,999	Total Multifamily	107,375	321,281	361,644	161,470
Gross charge-offs	Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—
Commercial Real Estate	Commercial Real Estate											Commercial Real Estate				
Pass	Pass	142,915	417,584	371,983	176,425	242,775	976,884	—	—	—	2,328,566	Pass	167,016	417,317	368,522	176,425
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	472	—	882	45,379	—	—	—	46,733	Special mention	—	—	469	—
Substandard	Substandard	—	—	—	3,105	1,607	6,885	—	—	—	11,597	Substandard	—	—	911	—
Total Commercial Real Estate	Total Commercial Real Estate	142,915	417,584	372,455	179,530	245,264	1,029,148	—	—	—	2,386,896	Total Commercial Real Estate	167,016	417,317	369,902	176,425
Gross charge-offs	Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	64	86	—	—	—	150	Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—
Construction	Construction											Construction				
Pass	Pass	34,856	231,792	75,358	4,933	1,321	30,728	—	—	—	378,988	Pass	61,208	252,894	68,281	—
Special mention	Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Special mention	—	—	—	—
Substandard	Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Substandard	—	—	—	—
Total Construction	Total Construction	34,856	231,792	75,358	4,933	1,321	30,728	—	—	—	378,988	Total Construction	61,208	252,894	68,281	—

Gross charge-offs	Gross charge-offs	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	Gross charge-offs	\$	—	\$	—	\$	—	\$
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COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

		Loans by Year of Origination at June 30, 2023									Loans by Year of Origination at June 30, 2022				

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

Loans by Year of Origination at December 31, 2022											
							Revolving Loans	Revolving Loans to Term Loans			
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	Prior				Total	
(In thousands)											
One-to-Four Family											
Pass	\$ 829,363	\$ 836,355	\$ 294,721	\$ 177,114	\$ 125,057	\$ 595,097	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,857,707		
Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Substandard	—	641	—	681	320	835	—	—	2,477		
Total One-to-Four family	829,363	836,996	294,721	177,795	125,377	595,932	—	—	2,860,184		
Gross charge-offs	—	—	50	—	122	210	—	—	382		
Multifamily											
Pass	315,157	309,611	167,955	205,608	38,849	197,489	—	—	1,234,669		
Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	4,538	—	—	4,538		
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Total Multifamily	315,157	309,611	167,955	205,608	38,849	202,027	—	—	1,239,207		
Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Commercial Real Estate											
Pass	448,313	392,689	170,125	260,268	231,868	852,104	—	—	2,355,367		
Special mention	—	478	1,843	892	15,498	20,939	—	—	39,650		
Substandard	—	—	1,286	1,607	—	15,484	—	—	18,377		
Total Commercial Real Estate	448,313	393,167	173,254	262,767	247,366	888,527	—	—	2,413,394		
Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Construction											
Pass	159,751	104,339	28,058	14,216	870	29,319	—	—	336,553		
Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
Total Construction	159,751	104,339	28,058	14,216	870	29,319	—	—	336,553		
Gross charge-offs	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —		

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

Loans by Year of Origination at December 31, 2022																		
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		Prior	Revolving Loans	Revolving Loans to Term Loans	Total				
(In thousands)																		
Commercial Business																		
Pass	\$	58,631	\$	32,880	\$	32,788	\$	20,705	\$	24,634	\$	27,277	\$	280,857	\$	—	\$	477,772
Special mention		—		110		63		1,137		1,030		38		10,761		—		13,139
Substandard		—		224		60		—		2,085		315		3,874		—		6,558

Total Commercial Business	58,631	33,214	32,911	21,842	27,749	27,630	295,492	—	497,469
Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	143	29	18	—	—	190
Home Equity Loans and Advances									
Pass	22,903	20,476	13,770	12,070	11,126	88,251	105,005	457	274,058
Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	188	56	—	244
Total Home Equity Loans and Advances	22,903	20,476	13,770	12,070	11,126	88,439	105,061	457	274,302
Gross charge-offs	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	—	33
Other Consumer Loans									
Pass	2,669	87	100	102	30	96	341	—	3,425
Special mention	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Substandard	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Other Consumer Loans	2,669	87	100	102	30	96	341	—	3,425
Gross charge-offs	10	18	—	—	—	5	—	—	33
Total Loans	1,836,787	1,697,890	710,769	694,400	451,367	1,831,970	400,894	457	7,624,534
Total gross charge-offs	\$ 10	\$ 18	\$ 50	\$ 143	\$ 151	\$ 266	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 638

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

9. Loans Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses (continued)

The Company is required to include unfunded commitments that are expected to be funded in the future within the allowance calculation, other than those that are unconditionally cancellable. To arrive at that reserve, the reserve percentage for each applicable segment is applied to the unused portion of the expected commitment balance and is multiplied by the expected funding rate. To determine the expected funding rate, the Company uses a historical utilization rate for each segment. The allowance for credit losses for off-balance-sheet exposures is reported in other liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition. The liability represents an estimate of expected credit losses arising from off-balance-sheet exposures such as unfunded commitments. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the balance of the allowance for credit losses on unfunded commitments, included in other liabilities, totaled **\$6.3 million** **\$5.8 million** and \$7.0 million, respectively. The Company recorded a (reversal of) reversal of provision for credit losses on unfunded commitments, included in other non-interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income, of **\$(111,900)** **\$520,000** and **\$(640,000)** **\$1.2 million** and **\$(488,200)** **\$1.7 million** and **\$160,000** **\$1.6 million** during the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively.

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for credit losses on off-balance-sheet exposures for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						Three Months Ended September 30,						Nine Months Ended September 30,					
					Six Months Ended June 30,													
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022			
	(In thousands)																	
Allowance for Credit Losses:	Allowance for Credit Losses:						Allowance for Credit Losses:											
Beginning balance	Beginning balance	\$	6,442	\$	8,846	\$	6,970	\$	524	Beginning balance	\$	6,330	\$	8,358	\$	6,970	\$	524
Impact of adopting ASU 2016-13 ("CECL") effective January 1, 2022	Impact of adopting ASU 2016-13 ("CECL") effective January 1, 2022									Impact of adopting ASU 2016-13 ("CECL") effective January 1, 2022								
			—		—		—		7,674			—		—		—		7,674

(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(112)	(488)	(640)	160	(Reversal of) provision for credit losses	(520)	(1,747)	(1,160)	(1,587)
Balance at end of period	Balance at end of period	\$ 6,330	\$ 8,358	\$ 6,330	\$ 8,358	Balance at end of period	\$ 5,810	\$ 6,611	\$ 5,810	\$ 6,611

10. Leases

The Company's leases real estate property for branches and office space. At [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#) and December 31, 2022, all of the Company's leases are classified as operating leases.

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Topic 842 requires lessees to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, measured at the present value of the future minimum lease payments, at the lease commencement date. The calculated amount of the right-of-use asset and lease liabilities are impacted by the length of the lease term and the discount rate used to calculate the present value of minimum lease payments.

At [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#) and December 31, 2022, the weighted average remaining lease term for operating leases was [6.1](#) [6.0](#) years and 6.5 years, respectively, and the weighted average discount rate used in the measurement of operating lease liabilities was [2.49%](#) [2.65%](#) and 2.35%, respectively.

The Company [elected to account accounts](#) for the lease and non-lease components separately since such amounts are readily determinable under the Company's lease contracts. Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, while variable lease payments are recognized as incurred. Variable lease payments include common area maintenance charges, real estate taxes, repairs and maintenance costs and utilities. Operating and variable lease expenses are recorded in occupancy expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income. During the three months ended [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#) and 2022, operating and variable lease expenses totaled approximately [\\$680,000](#) [\\$754,000](#) and [\\$607,000](#), [\\$668,000](#), respectively. During the [six](#) [nine](#) months ended [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#) and 2022, operating and variable lease expenses totaled approximately [\\$1.3 million for both periods](#), [\\$2.1 million](#) and [\\$2.0 million](#), respectively.

There were no sale and leaseback transactions, leveraged leases or lease transactions with related parties during the three and [six](#) [nine](#) months ended [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#) and 2022. At [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#), the Company had not entered into any leases which had not yet commenced.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

10. Leases (continued)

The following table summarizes lease payment obligations for each of the next five years and thereafter as follows:

		Lease Payment Obligations at				Lease Payment Obligations at	
		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022			September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
		(In thousands)				(In thousands)	
One year or less	One year or less	\$ 2,301	\$ 4,290	One year or less	\$ 1,116	\$ 4,290	
After one year to two years	After one year to two years	4,030	3,745	After one year to two years	4,234	3,745	
After two years to three years	After two years to three years	3,265	3,075	After two years to three years	3,491	3,075	
After three years to four years	After three years to four years	2,883	2,773	After three years to four years	3,109	2,773	
After four years to five years	After four years to five years	2,000	2,000	After four years to five years	2,227	2,000	
Thereafter	Thereafter	4,345	4,345	Thereafter	4,662	4,345	
Total undiscounted cash flows	Total undiscounted cash flows	18,824	20,228	Total undiscounted cash flows	18,839	20,228	
Discount on cash flows	Discount on cash flows	(1,451)	(1,613)	Discount on cash flows	(1,454)	(1,613)	
Total lease liability	Total lease liability	\$ 17,373	\$ 18,615	Total lease liability	\$ 17,385	\$ 18,615	

11. Deposits

Deposits at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

		June 30,	December 31,			September 30,	December 31,
		2023	2022			2023	2022
		(In thousands)				(In thousands)	
Non-interest-bearing demand	Non-interest-bearing demand \$	1,509,852	\$ 1,806,152	Non-interest-bearing demand	\$	1,439,517	\$ 1,806,152
Interest-bearing demand	Interest-bearing demand	2,064,803	2,592,884	Interest-bearing demand		2,001,260	2,592,884
Money market accounts	Money market accounts	1,085,317	718,524	Money market accounts		1,196,983	718,524
Savings and club deposits	Savings and club deposits	782,996	913,738	Savings and club deposits		736,558	913,738
Certificates of deposit	Certificates of deposit	2,271,188	1,969,861	Certificates of deposit		2,328,848	1,969,861
Total deposits	Total deposits	<u>\$ 7,714,156</u>	<u>\$ 8,001,159</u>	Total deposits	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,703,166</u>	<u>\$ 8,001,159</u>

The aggregate amount of certificates of deposit that meet or exceed \$100,000 totaled approximately \$1.3 billion and \$1.1 billion at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively. Interest expense on deposits for the three months ended **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and 2022 totaled **\$28.7 million**, **\$35.9 million** and **\$4.7 million**, **\$7.0 million**, respectively. Interest expense on deposits for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and 2022 totaled **\$45.8 million**, **\$81.7 million** and **\$9.4 million**, **\$16.3 million**, respectively.

Uninsured deposits (excluding municipal deposits of \$762.0 million, which are collateralized, and \$3.6 billion of intercompany deposits) totaled \$1.9 billion at June 30, 2023, representing a decrease of \$376.1 million, from \$2.2 billion at December 31, 2022. Columbia Bank and Freehold Bank both provide eligible customers additional security by increasing their FDIC insured protection beyond the \$250,000 limit through the IntraFi Cash Service ("ICS") and the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service ("CDARS"). These funds are placed in multiple banks throughout the network and are managed solely through their current relationship at each bank to provide FDIC coverage for the entire deposit balance.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

11. Deposits (continued)

Scheduled maturities of certificates of deposit accounts at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022 are summarized as follows:

		June 30,	December 31,			September 30,	December 31,
		2023	2022			2023	2022
		(In thousands)				(In thousands)	
One year or less	One year or less \$	1,555,609	\$ 1,189,826	One year or less	\$	1,801,998	\$ 1,189,826
After one year to two years	After one year to two years	613,851	610,965	After one year to two years		431,738	610,965
After two years to three years	After two years to three years	58,194	92,120	After two years to three years		60,801	92,120
After three years to four years	After three years to four years	23,599	48,981	After three years to four years		16,062	48,981
After four years	After four years	19,935	27,969	After four years		18,249	27,969
		<u>\$ 2,271,188</u>	<u>\$ 1,969,861</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>2,328,848</u>	<u>\$ 1,969,861</u>

12. Stock Based Compensation

At the Company's annual meeting of stockholders held on June 6, 2019, stockholders approved the Columbia Financial, Inc. 2019 Equity Incentive Plan ("2019 Plan") which provides for the issuance of up to 7,949,996 shares (2,271,427 restricted stock awards and 5,678,569 stock options) of common stock.

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, there were **582,083** **597,592** shares remaining available for future restricted stock awards and **1,666,082** **1,694,359** shares remaining available for future stock option grants under the 2019 **plan** **plan**.

On March 2, 2022, 51,746 shares of restricted stock were awarded, with a grant date fair value of \$21.79 per share. To fund the grant of restricted common stock, the Company issued shares from authorized but unissued shares.

On October 31, 2022, 38,730 shares of restricted stock were awarded, with a grant date fair value of \$20.54 per share. To fund the grant of restricted common stock, the Company issued shares from authorized unissued shares.

On November 21, 2022, 13,722 shares of restricted stock were awarded, with a grant date fair value of \$21.86 per share. To fund the grant of restricted common stock, the Company issued shares from authorized unissued shares.

On December 19, 2022, 18,984 shares of restricted stock were awarded, with a grant date fair value of \$21.07 per share. To fund the grant of restricted common stock, the Company issued shares from authorized unissued shares.

On May 1, 2023, 201,887 shares of restricted stock were awarded, with a grant date fair value of \$15.94 per share. To fund the grant of restricted common stock, the Company issued shares from authorized unissued shares.

On June 20, 2023, 24,687 shares of restricted stock were awarded, with a grant date fair value of \$18.23 per share. To fund the grant of restricted common stock, the Company issued shares from authorized unissued shares.

Restricted shares granted under the 2019 Plan generally vest in equal installments, over performance or service periods ranging from 1 year to 5 years, beginning 1 year from the date of grant. A portion of restricted shares awarded are performance awards, which vest upon the satisfactory attainment of certain corporate financial targets. Management recognizes compensation expense for the fair value of restricted shares on a straight-line basis over the requisite performance or service period. During the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, approximately **\$1.1 million** **\$1.3 million** and **\$1.4 million** **\$901,000** in expense was recognized in regard to these awards. The expected future compensation expense related to the **618,750** **464,691** non-vested restricted shares outstanding at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** is approximately **\$7.4 million** **\$5.9 million** over a weighted average period of **1.8** **1.7** years. During the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, approximately **\$2.0 million** **\$3.3 million** and **\$2.5 million** **\$3.4 million** in expense was recognized in regard to these awards.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

The following is a summary of the Company's restricted stock activity during the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022:

		Number of Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		Number of Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested at January 1, 2023	Non-vested at January 1, 2023	430,954	\$ 17.31	Non-vested at January 1, 2023	430,954	\$ 17.31
Vested	Vested	(26,424)	21.16	Vested	(26,424)	21.16
Forfeited	Forfeited	(1,929)	21.12	Forfeited	(1,929)	21.12
Non-vested at March 31, 2023	Non-vested at March 31, 2023	402,601	\$ 17.10	Non-vested at March 31, 2023	402,601	\$ 17.10
Grants	Grants	226,574	16.19	Grants	226,574	16.19
Forfeited	Forfeited	(10,425)	18.51	Forfeited	(10,425)	18.51
Non-vested at June 30, 2023	Non-vested at June 30, 2023	618,750	\$ 16.74	Non-vested at June 30, 2023	618,750	\$ 16.74
Vested	Vested			Vested	(138,550)	18.27
Forfeited	Forfeited			Forfeited	(15,509)	17.47
Non-vested at September 30, 2023	Non-vested at September 30, 2023			Non-vested at September 30, 2023	464,691	\$ 17.06

		Number of Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value		Number of Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested at January 1, 2022	Non-vested at January 1, 2022	1,054,335	\$ 15.78	Non-vested at January 1, 2022	1,054,335	\$ 15.78
Grants	Grants	51,746	21.79	Grants	51,746	21.79

Vested	Vested	(27,775)		17.86	Vested	(27,775)		17.86
Forfeited	Forfeited	(31,570)		16.91	Forfeited	(31,570)		16.91
Non-vested at March 31, 2022	Non-vested at March 31, 2022	1,046,736	\$	15.98	Non-vested at March 31, 2022	1,046,736	\$	15.98
Forfeited	Forfeited	(5,182)		18.34	Forfeited	(5,182)		18.34
Non-vested at June 30, 2022	Non-vested at June 30, 2022	1,041,554	\$	15.97	Non-vested at June 30, 2022	1,041,554	\$	15.97
Vested	Vested				Vested	(635,951)		15.62
Forfeited	Forfeited				Forfeited	(31,796)		15.87
Non-vested at September 30, 2022	Non-vested at September 30, 2022				Non-vested at September 30, 2022	373,807	\$	16.58

On March 21, 2022, options to purchase 130,951 shares of Company common stock were awarded with a grant date fair value of \$6.51 per option. These stock options granted under the 2019 Plan on such date, vest in equal installments over the service period of three years beginning from the date of grant. These stock options were granted at an exercise price of \$21.79, which represents the fair value of the Company's common stock price on the grant date based on the closing market price, and have an expiration period of approximately 10 years. The fair value of stock options granted was estimated utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: expected life of ~~six~~ 6 years risk-free rate of return of 2.34%, volatility of 25.31%, and a dividend yield of 0.00%.

On October 31, 2022, options to purchase 173,766 shares of Company common stock were awarded with a grant date fair value of \$7.22 per option. Stock options granted under the 2019 Plan vest in equal installments over the service period of three years beginning one year from the date of grant. These stock options were granted at an exercise price of ~~\$20.54~~, ~~20.54~~, which represents the fair value of the Company's common stock price on the grant date based on the closing market price and have an expiration period of 10 years. The fair value of stock options granted was estimated utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: expected life of 6 years, risk-free rate of return of 4.19%, volatility of 26.25%, and a dividend yield of 0.00%.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

On December 19, 2022, options to purchase 58,912 shares of Company common stock were awarded with a grant date fair value of \$6.79 per option. Stock options granted under the 2019 Plan generally vest in equal installments over the service period of one year beginning one year from the date of grant. These stock options were granted at an exercise price of \$21.07, which represents the fair value of the Company's common stock price on the grant date based on the closing market price and have an expiration period of approximately 10 years. The fair value of stock options granted was estimated utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: expected life of 5.5 years, risk-free rate of return of 3.71%, volatility of 26.11%, and a dividend yield of 0.00%.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

On May 1, 2023, options to purchase 286,016 shares of Company common stock were awarded with a grant date fair value of \$5.48 per option. Stock options granted under the 2019 Plan generally vest in equal installments over the service period of one year beginning one year from the date of grant. These stock options were granted at an exercise price of \$15.94, which represents the fair value of the Company's common stock price on the grant date based on the closing market price and have an expiration period of approximately 10 years. The fair value of stock options granted was estimated utilizing the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: expected life of 6 years, risk-free rate of return of 3.60%, volatility of 27.07%, and a dividend yield of 0.00%.

The expected life of the options represents the period of time that stock options are expected to be outstanding and is estimated using the simplified approach, which assumes that all outstanding options will be exercised at the midpoint of the vesting date and full contractual term. The risk-free rate of return is based on the rates on the grant date of a U.S. Treasury Note with a term equal to the expected option life. Since the Company recently converted to a public company and does not have sufficient historical price data, the expected volatility is based on the historical daily stock prices of Company stock plus a peer group of similar entities based on factors such as industry, stage of life cycle, size and financial leverage. The Company has not paid any cash dividends on its common stock.

Management recognizes expense for the fair value of these awards on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. During the three months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~ ~~September 30, 2023~~ and 2022, approximately ~~\$954,000~~ ~~\$1.0 million~~ and ~~\$811,000~~ ~~\$778,000~~ in expense was recognized in regard to these awards. The expected future compensation expense related to the ~~1,785,804~~ ~~1,183,261~~ non-vested options outstanding at ~~June 30, 2023~~ ~~September 30, 2023~~ is ~~\$5.8 million~~ ~~\$4.6 million~~ over a weighted average period of ~~1.7~~ ~~1.6~~ years. During the ~~six~~ ~~nine~~ months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~ ~~September 30, 2023~~ and 2022, approximately ~~\$1.9 million~~ ~~\$2.9 million~~ and ~~\$1.6 million~~ ~~\$2.3 million~~ in expense was recognized in regard to these awards.

The following is a summary of the Company's option activity during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2023	3,436,869	\$ 16.26	6.9	\$ 18,435,239
Exercised	(3,618)	15.60	—	—
Expired	(2,117)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(8,055)	20.03	—	—
Outstanding, March 31, 2023	3,423,079	\$ 16.25	6.7	\$ 7,893,117
Granted	286,016	15.94	—	—
Exercised	(37,234)	15.60	—	—
Expired	(1,853)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(42,598)	17.72	—	—
Outstanding, June 30, 2023	3,627,410	\$ 16.22	6.7	\$ —
Options exercisable at June 30, 2023	1,841,606	\$ 15.85	6.2	\$ 2,861,956

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2022	3,637,542	\$ 15.78	7.6	\$ 18,654,905
Granted	130,951	21.79	—	—
Exercised	(62,859)	16.42	—	—
Expired	(1,412)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(61,961)	16.84	—	—
Outstanding, March 31, 2022	3,642,261	\$ 15.92	7.5	\$ 20,401,381
Exercised	(5,412)	15.60	—	\$ —
Forfeited	(21,801)	17.78	—	—
Outstanding, June 30, 2022	3,615,048	\$ 15.91	7.2	\$ 21,335,939
Options exercisable at June 30, 2022	1,393,034	\$ 15.69	7.1	\$ 8,526,586

The following is a summary of the Company's option activity during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2023	3,436,869	\$ 16.26	6.9	\$ 18,435,239
Exercised	(3,618)	15.60	—	—
Expired	(2,117)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(8,055)	20.03	—	—
Outstanding, March 31, 2023	3,423,079	\$ 16.25	6.7	\$ 7,893,117
Granted	286,016	15.94	—	—
Exercised	(37,234)	15.60	—	—
Expired	(1,853)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(42,598)	17.72	—	—
Outstanding, June 30, 2023	3,627,410	\$ 16.22	6.7	\$ 5,186,690
Exercised	(3,265)	15.60	0	—

Expired	(4,311)	18.52	0	—
Forfeited	(23,966)	19.10	0	—
Outstanding, September 30, 2023	3,595,868	\$ 17.04	6.4	\$ 310,461
Options exercisable at September 30, 2023	2,412,607	\$ 15.79	5.9	\$ 247,665

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2022	3,637,542	\$ 15.78	7.6	\$ 18,654,905
Granted	130,951	21.79	—	—
Exercised	(62,859)	16.42	—	—
Expired	(1,412)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(61,961)	16.84	—	—
Outstanding, March 31, 2022	3,642,261	\$ 15.92	7.5	\$ 20,401,381
Exercised	(5,412)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(21,801)	17.78	—	—
Outstanding, June 30, 2022	3,615,048	\$ 15.91	7.2	\$ 21,335,939
Exercised	(87,025)	15.60	—	—
Expired	(8,704)	15.60	—	—
Forfeited	(153,309)	15.72	—	—
Outstanding, September 30, 2022	3,366,010	\$ 15.93	6.9	\$ 17,598,873
Options exercisable at September 30, 2022	1,965,260	\$ 15.67	6.4	\$ 10,732,855

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

12. Stock Based Compensation (continued)

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value, the difference between the Company's closing stock price on the last trading day of the period and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options.

During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, the aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised was \$127,158 \$7,000 and \$146,443, \$154,000, and \$360,469 \$507,000 and \$388,990, \$896,000, respectively.

13. Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Pension Plan, Retirement Income Maintenance Plan (the "RIM Plan") Post-retirement Plan, and Split-Dollar Life Insurance Plans

The Company maintains a single employer, tax-qualified defined benefit pension plan (the "Pension Plan") which covers full-time employees that satisfy the Pension Plan's eligibility requirements. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's average compensation for the highest five consecutive years of employment. Effective October 1, 2018, newly hired employees are not eligible to participate in the Pension Plan as the Pension Plan has been closed to new employees as of that date.

The Company also maintains a Retirement Income Maintenance Plan (the "RIM Plan") which is a non-qualified defined benefit plan which provides benefits to all employees of the Company if their benefits under the Pension Plan are limited by Internal Revenue Code Sections 415 and 401(a)(17).

In addition, the Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to eligible retired employees under a Post-retirement Plan. The Company accrues the cost of retiree health care and other benefits during the employee's period of active service. Effective January 1, 2019, the Post-retirement Plan has been closed to new hires.

The Company also provides life insurance benefits to eligible employees under an endorsement split-dollar life insurance program. The Company recognizes a liability for future benefits applicable to endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangements that provide death benefits post-retirement. Through its mergers, the Company recognized additional liability for future benefits applicable to endorsement split-dollar life insurance arrangements that provide death benefits post-retirement under those respective Bank's program.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

13. Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (continued)

Net periodic (income) benefit cost for the Pension Plan, RIM Plan, Post-retirement Plan and Split-Dollar Life Insurance plan benefits for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, includes the following components:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,										Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income	For the Three Months Ended September 30,										Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income	
						Post-retirement				Split-Dollar Life							Post-retirement				Split-Dollar Life			
		Pension Plan		RIM Plan		Plan		Insurance		Pension Plan			RIM Plan		Plan		Insurance							
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022						
		(In thousands)											(In thousands)											
												Compensation and employee												Compensation and employee
Service cost	Service cost	\$ 1,199	\$ 1,966	\$ 69	\$ 93	\$ 54	\$ 87	\$ 69	\$ 128	benefits	Service cost	\$ 1,146	\$ 1,267	\$ 69	\$ 93	\$ 54	\$ 87	\$ 69	\$ 130	benefits				
												Other non-interest												Other non-interest
Interest cost	Interest cost	2,790	2,031	158	97	242	150	204	153	expense	Interest cost	3,028	2,724	158	97	242	150	204	158	expense				
Expected return on plan assets	Expected return on plan assets	(7,480)	(7,559)	—	—	—	—	—	—	expense	Expected return on plan assets	(7,905)	(7,072)	—	—	—	—	—	—	expense				
Amortization:	Amortization:												Amortization:											
Prior service cost	Prior service cost	—	—	14	—	—	—	14	14	Other non-interest expense	Prior service cost	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	14	Other non-interest expense				
												Other non-interest expense												Other non-interest expense
Net loss	Net loss	—	—	—	111	—	78	—	151	expense	Net loss	398	660	14	111	—	78	—	151	expense				
Net periodic (income) benefit cost	Net periodic (income) benefit cost	<u>\$(3,491)</u>	<u>\$(3,562)</u>	<u>\$241</u>	<u>\$301</u>	<u>\$296</u>	<u>\$315</u>	<u>\$287</u>	<u>\$446</u>		Net periodic (income) benefit cost	<u>\$(3,333)</u>	<u>\$(2,421)</u>	<u>\$241</u>	<u>\$301</u>	<u>\$296</u>	<u>\$315</u>	<u>\$287</u>	<u>\$453</u>					
		For the Six Months Ended June 30,											For the Nine Months Ended September 30,											
						Post-retirement				Split-Dollar Life							Post-retirement				Split-Dollar Life			
		Pension Plan		RIM Plan		Plan		Insurance			Pension Plan		RIM Plan		Plan		Insurance							
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income				
		(In thousands)											(In thousands)											
												Compensation and employee												Compensation and employee
Service cost	Service cost	\$ 2,398	\$ 3,932	\$138	\$186	\$108	\$174	\$139	\$253	benefits	Service cost	\$ 3,544	\$ 5,199	\$207	\$279	\$161	\$261	\$208	\$ 383	benefits				
												Other non-interest												Other non-interest
Interest cost	Interest cost	5,581	4,062	316	194	485	300	409	295	expense	Interest cost	8,609	6,786	474	291	727	450	613	453	expense				
Expected return on plan assets	Expected return on plan assets	(14,960)	(15,118)	—	—	—	—	—	—	expense	Expected return on plan assets	(22,865)	(22,190)	—	—	—	—	—	—	expense				
Amortization:	Amortization:												Amortization:											

Prior service cost	Prior service cost	—	—	28	—	—	—	28	28	Other non-interest expense	Prior service cost	—	—	—	—	—	—	42	42	Other interest expense
Net loss	Net loss	—	—	—	222	—	156	—	302	Other non-interest expense	Net loss	397	660	42	333	—	234	—	453	Other interest expense
Net periodic (income) benefit cost	Net periodic (income) benefit cost	\$(6,981)	\$(7,124)	\$482	\$602	\$593	\$630	\$576	\$878		Net periodic (income) benefit cost	\$(10,315)	\$(9,545)	\$723	\$903	\$888	\$945	\$863	\$1,331	

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

13. Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost (continued)

Through the acquisition of RSI on May 1, 2022, the Company acquired a funded pension plan and a non-funded post-retirement plan. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's compensation, as defined. The Plan was amended effective March 31, 2011, to freeze the Plan so that no employee shall commence or recommence participation in the Plan, that there shall be no further benefit accruals under the Plan, and that compensation received after the effective date shall not be recognized for any purpose under the Plan. The defined benefit post-retirement healthcare plan covers substantially all retirees and employees.

Net periodic (income) benefit cost for the Pension Plan and Post-retirement Plan for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and 2022, includes the following components:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,				Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income	
		Pension Plan		Post-retirement Plan			Pension Plan		Post-retirement Plan			
		2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022		
		(In thousands)					(In thousands)					
						Compensation and employee benefits						Compensation and employee benefits
Service cost	Service cost	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 17	\$ 23		Service cost	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 17	\$ 35	
Interest cost	Interest cost	76	50	27	23	Other non-interest expense	Interest cost	76	75	26	35	Other non-interest expense
Expected return on plan assets	Expected return on plan assets	(122)	(74)	—	—	Other non-interest expense	Expected return on plan assets	(121)	(111)	—	—	Other non-interest expense
Amortization:	Amortization:						Amortization:					
Prior service cost							Prior service cost	—	—	(15)	—	Other non-interest expense
Net (gain)		—	—	(15)	—	Other non-interest expense						
Net periodic (income) benefit cost	Net periodic (income) benefit cost	\$ (46)	\$ (24)	\$ 29	\$ 46		Net periodic (income) benefit cost	\$ (45)	\$ (36)	\$ 28	\$ 70	

For the Six Months Ended June 30,					Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income		
				Pension Plan		Post-retirement Plan				Pension Plan		Post-retirement Plan	
		2023	2022			2023	2022	2023	2022				
2023	2022	2023	2022			2023	2022	2023	2022				

	(In thousands)							(In thousands)												
							Compensation and employee benefits							Compensation and employee benefits						
Service cost	Service cost	\$	—	\$	—	\$	34	\$	23											
Interest cost	Interest cost		152		50		53		23	Other non-interest expense	Interest cost		229		125		80		58	Other non-interest expense
Expected return on plan assets	Expected return on plan assets		(243)		(74)		—		—	Other non-interest expense	Expected return on plan assets		(365)		(185)		—		—	Other non-interest expense
Amortization:	Amortization:										Amortization:									
										Other non-interest expense										Other non-interest expense
Net (gain)	Net (gain)		—		—		(30)		—		Net (gain)		—		—		(46)		—	
Net periodic (income) benefit cost	Net periodic (income) benefit cost	\$	(91)	\$	(24)	\$	57	\$	46		Net periodic (income) benefit cost	\$	(136)	\$	(60)	\$	85	\$	116	

For the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, September 30, 2023, no contributions were made to either Pension Plan. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, Columbia Bank made a \$10.0 million contribution to its Pension Plan. The net periodic (income) cost for pension benefits, other post-retirement and split-dollar life insurance benefits for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 were calculated using the most recent available benefit valuations.

14. Fair Value Measurements

The Company utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The determination of fair values of financial instruments often requires the use of estimates. Where quoted market values in an active market are not readily available, the Company utilizes various valuation techniques to estimate fair value.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access on the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These might include quoted prices for similar instruments in markets that are active or not active, or inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require unobservable inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by minimal or no market activity). Valuation techniques include the use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The methods described below were used to measure fair value of financial instruments as reflected in the tables below on a recurring basis at June 30, 2023, September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Debt Securities Available for Sale, at Fair Value

For debt securities available for sale, fair value was estimated using a market approach. The majority of these securities are fixed income instruments that are not quoted on an exchange, but are traded in active markets. Prices for these instruments are obtained through third-party data service providers or dealer market participants with which the Company has historically transacted both purchases and sales of securities. Prices obtained from these sources include market quotations, matrix pricing and discounted cash flow pricing. Matrix pricing, a Level 2 input, is a mathematical technique used principally to value certain securities to a benchmark or to comparable securities. The Company evaluates the quality of Level 2 matrix pricing through comparison to similar assets with greater liquidity and evaluation of projected cash flows. Discounted cash flows, a Level 3 input, is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the current rates for securities with similar credit ratings and similar remaining maturities. As the Company is responsible for the determination of fair value, it performs quarterly analysis on the prices received from the pricing service to determine whether the prices are reasonable.

estimates of fair value. Specifically, the Company compares the prices received from the pricing service to a secondary pricing source. Additionally, the Company compares changes in the reported market values and returns to relevant market indices to assess the reasonableness of the reported prices. The Company's internal price verification procedures and review of fair value methodology documentation provided by independent pricing services has not historically resulted in an adjustment in the prices obtained from the pricing service. The Company may hold debt instruments issued by the U.S. government and U.S. government-sponsored agencies that are traded in active markets with readily accessible quoted market prices that are considered Level 1 inputs. The Company classifies the estimated fair value of its loan portfolio as Level 3.

Equity Securities, at Fair Value

The Company holds equity securities that are traded in active markets with readily accessible quoted market prices that are considered Level 1 inputs. A trust preferred security that is not traded in an active market and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC") and Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA") preferred stock are considered Level 2 instruments. In addition, Level 2 instruments include Atlantic Community Bankers Bank ("ACCB") stock, which is based on redemption at par value and can only be sold to the issuing ACBB or another institution that holds ACBB stock.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Derivatives

The Company records all derivatives included in other assets and liabilities on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether the Company has elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting, and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting. See note 16 for disclosures related to the accounting treatment for derivatives.

The fair value of the Company's derivatives is determined using discounted cash flow analysis using observable market-based inputs, which are considered Level 2 inputs.

The following tables present the assets and liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at their fair values at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, by level within the fair value hierarchy:

		June 30, 2023						September 30, 2023										
		Fair Value Measurements						Fair Value Measurements										
		Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					
			(In thousands)						(In thousands)									
Debt securities available for sale:	Debt securities available for sale:							Debt securities available for sale:										
U.S. government and agency obligations	U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	20,926	\$	13,250	\$	7,676	\$	—	U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	93,783	\$	86,444	\$	7,339	\$	—
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		896,819		—		896,819		—	Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations		844,260		—		844,260		—
Municipal obligations	Municipal obligations		3,586		—		886		2,700	Municipal obligations		2,664		—		874		1,790
Corporate debt securities	Corporate debt securities		76,128		—		67,747		8,381	Corporate debt securities		77,672		—		69,174		8,498

Total debt securities available for sale	Total debt securities available for sale	997,459	13,250	973,128	11,081	Total debt securities available for sale	1,018,379	86,444	921,647	10,288
Equity securities	Equity securities	3,714	3,393	321	—	Equity securities	3,633	3,314	319	—
Derivative assets	Derivative assets	27,074	—	27,074	—	Derivative assets	36,205	—	36,205	—
		\$ 1,028,247	\$ 16,643	\$ 1,000,523	\$ 11,081		\$ 1,058,217	\$ 89,758	\$ 958,171	\$ 10,288
Derivative liabilities	Derivative liabilities	\$ 18,710	\$ —	\$ 18,710	\$ —	Derivative liabilities	\$ 23,015	\$ —	\$ 23,015	\$ —

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

	December 31, 2022			
	Fair Value Measurements			
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Fair Value				
	(In thousands)			
Debt securities available for sale:				
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 63,566	\$ 55,178	\$ 8,388	\$ —
Mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations	1,181,727	—	1,181,727	—
Municipal obligations	3,575	—	897	2,678
Corporate debt securities	79,766	—	70,321	9,445
Total debt securities available for sale	1,328,634	55,178	1,261,333	12,123
Equity securities	3,384	3,053	331	
Derivative assets	19,756	—	19,756	—
	\$ 1,351,774	\$ 58,231	\$ 1,281,420	\$ 12,123
Derivative liabilities	\$ 19,072	\$ —	\$ 19,072	\$ —

The table below provides activity of assets reported as Level 3 during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(In thousands)
Debt securities available for sale:	
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - December 31, 2022	\$ 12,123
Change in fair value of Level 3 assets	(1,523)
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - March 31, 2023	\$ 10,600
Change in fair value of Level 3 assets	481
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - June 30, 2023	\$ 11,081
Maturity of Level 3 asset	(918)
Change in fair value of Level 3 assets	125
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - September 30, 2023	\$ 10,288

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(In thousands)
Debt securities available for sale:	
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - December 31, 2021	\$
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - March 31, 2022	\$
Transfers into Level 3 assets	
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - June 30, 2022	\$
Maturity of Level 3 asset	
Change in fair value of Level 3 assets	
Balance of recurring Level 3 assets - September 30, 2022	\$

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The fair value of investments placed in Level 3 is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using reasonably available current rates for comparable new issue securities with similar structure, including original maturity, call date, and assumptions about risk. Discounted cash flow estimated valuations are subsequently validated against comparable structures as an approximation of value.

Expected cash flows were projected based on contractual cash flows. At both June 30, 2023 and September 30, 2023, two private placement corporate debt securities classified as available for sale and two private placement municipal obligations classified as available for sale were included in Level 3 assets. At December 31, 2022, two private placement corporate debt securities classified as available for sale and three private placement municipal obligations classified as available for sale were included in Level 3 assets. There were no transfers to Level 3 assets during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and September 30, 2023.

Private placement debt security cash flows were discounted to a market yield of 11.00% (weighted average is 11.00%), and the cash flows for private placement municipal obligations were discounted to a market yield ranging from 3.62% to 4.45% (weighted average is 3.94%).

The period end valuations were supported by an analysis prepared by an independent third party market participant and approved by management.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

The valuation techniques described below were used to estimate fair value of financial instruments measured on a non-recurring basis at June 30, 2023 and September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Individually Analyzed Collateral Dependent Loans/Impaired Loans

The fair value of collateral dependent loans that are individually analyzed or were previously deemed impaired is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or, as a practical expedient, at the loan's observable market price or the fair value of the collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. For individually analyzed loans measured for impairment based on the fair value of the underlying collateral, fair value was estimated using a market approach. The Company measures the fair value of collateral underlying impaired loans primarily through obtaining independent appraisals that rely upon quoted market prices for similar assets in active markets. These appraisals include adjustments, on an individual case-by-case basis, to comparable assets based on the appraisers' market knowledge and experience, as well as adjustments for estimated costs to sell between 6% and 8%. For non-collateral dependent loans, management estimates fair value using discounted cash flows based on inputs that are largely observable. The Company classifies these loans as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Mortgage Servicing Rights, Net ("MSRs")

Mortgage servicing rights are carried at the lower of cost or estimated fair value. The estimated fair value of MSRs is obtained through an analysis of future cash flows, incorporating assumptions that market participants would use in determining fair value including market discount rates, prepayments speeds, servicing income, servicing costs,

default rates and other market driven data, including the market's perception of future interest rate movements. The prepayment speed and the discount rate are considered two of the most significant inputs in the model. A significant degree of judgment is involved in valuing the mortgage servicing rights using Level 3 inputs. The use of different assumptions could have a significant effect on this fair value estimate.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following tables present the assets and liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at their fair values on a non-recurring basis at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, by level within the fair value hierarchy:

June 30, 2023				
	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
		(In thousands)		
Impaired loans - Commercial real estate	\$ 1,542	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,542
Impaired loans - Commercial business	1,064	—	—	1,064
Mortgage servicing rights	2,829	—	—	2,829
	<u>\$ 5,435</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 5,435</u>

September 30, 2023				
	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
		(In thousands)		
Impaired loan	\$ 5,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,000
Mortgage servicing rights	2,919	—	—	2,919
	<u>\$ 7,919</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 7,919</u>

December 31, 2022				
	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
		(In thousands)		
Mortgage servicing rights	\$ 2,107	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2,107
	<u>\$ 2,107</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,107</u>

The following table presents information for Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022:

June 30, 2023				
Fair Value	Valuation Methodology	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average Rate
(Dollars in thousands)				

Impaired loans - Commercial real estate	\$	1,542	Other	Contracted sale price of collateral	—	—
Impaired loans - Commercial business		1,064	Other	Contracted sale price of collateral /adjustments to reflect current conditions	—	—
Mortgage servicing rights		2,829	Discounted cash flow	Prepayment speeds and discount rates ⁽¹⁾	4.6% - 24.1%	8.2 %

	September 30, 2023				
	Fair Value	Valuation Methodology	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average Rate
	(Dollars in thousands)				
Impaired loans	\$ 5,000	Other	Contracted modification agreement.	—	—
Mortgage servicing rights	\$ 2,919	Discounted cash flow	Prepayment speeds and discount rates ⁽¹⁾	4.4% - 25.4%	7.2 %

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

December 31, 2022						December 31, 2022					
	Fair Value	Valuation Methodology	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average Rate		Fair Value	Valuation Methodology	Unobservable Inputs	Range of Inputs	Weighted Average Rate
(Dollars in thousands)						(Dollars in thousands)					
Mortgage servicing rights			Prepayment speeds and discount rates ⁽²⁾	5.5% - 27.1%	8.6 %	Mortgage servicing rights			Prepayment speeds and discount rates ⁽²⁾	5.5% - 27.1%	8.6 %
	\$ 2,107	Discounted cash flow					\$ 2,107	Discounted cash flow			

⁽¹⁾ Value of SBA servicing rights based on a discount rate of 15.25%.

⁽¹⁾ Value of SBA servicing rights based on a discount rate of 15.50%.

⁽¹⁾ Value of SBA servicing rights based on a discount rate of 15.50%.

⁽²⁾ Value of SBA servicing rights based on a discount rate of 14.50%.

Other Fair Value Disclosures

The Company is required to disclose estimated fair value of financial instruments, both assets and liabilities on and off the balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate fair value. A description of the valuation methodologies used for those assets and liabilities not recorded at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis are set forth below.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For cash and due from banks, federal funds sold and short-term investments, the carrying amount approximates fair value due to their nature and short-term maturities.

Debt Securities Held to Maturity

For debt securities held to maturity, fair value was estimated using a market approach. The majority of the Company's securities are fixed income instruments that are not quoted on an exchange, but are traded in active markets. Prices for these instruments are obtained through third-party data service providers or dealer market participants with which the Company has historically transacted both purchases and sales of securities. Prices obtained from these sources include market quotations and matrix pricing. Matrix pricing, a Level 2 input, is a mathematical technique used principally to value certain securities to a benchmark or to comparable securities. The Company evaluates the quality of Level 2 matrix pricing through comparison to similar assets with greater liquidity and evaluation of projected cash flows. As the Company is responsible for the determination of fair value, it performs quarterly analysis on the prices received from the pricing service to determine whether the prices are reasonable estimates of fair value. Specifically, the Company compares the prices received from the pricing service to a secondary pricing source. Additionally, the Company compares changes in the reported market values and returns to relevant market indices to assess the reasonableness of the reported prices. The Company's internal price verification procedures and review of fair value methodology documentation provided by independent pricing services has not historically resulted in an adjustment in the prices obtained from the pricing service. The Company also holds debt instruments issued by the U.S. government and U.S. government-sponsored agencies that are traded in active markets with readily accessible quoted market prices that are considered Level 1 inputs within the fair value hierarchy.

Federal Home Loan Bank Stock ("FHLB")

The fair value of FHLB stock is based on redemption at par value and can only be sold to the issuing FHLB, to other FHLBs, or to other member banks. As such, the Company's FHLB stock is recorded at cost, or par value, and is evaluated for impairment each reporting period by considering the ultimate recoverability of the investment rather than temporary declines in value. The Company classifies the estimated fair value as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Loans Receivable

Fair values are estimated for portfolios of loans with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by type such as commercial mortgage, residential mortgage, commercial, construction, consumer, and other. Each loan category is further segmented into fixed and adjustable rate interest terms and into performing and non-performing categories.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The fair value of performing loans was estimated using a combination of techniques, including a discounted cash flow model that utilizes a discount rate that reflects the Company's current pricing for loans with similar characteristics and remaining maturity, adjusted by an amount for estimated credit losses inherent in the portfolio at the balance sheet date. The rates take into account the expected yield curve, as well as an adjustment for prepayment risk, when applicable. The Company classifies the estimated fair value of its loan portfolio as Level 3.

The fair value for significant non-performing loans was based on recent external appraisals of collateral securing such loans, adjusted for the timing of anticipated cash flows. The Company classifies the estimated fair value of its non-performing loan portfolio as Level 3.

Deposits

The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as demand, money market, and savings and club deposits are payable on demand at each reporting date and classified as Level 2. The estimated fair value of certificates of deposit was based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate was estimated using the Company's current rates offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities. The Company classifies the estimated fair value of its certificates of deposit portfolio as Level 2.

Borrowings

The fair value of borrowings was estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates available for debt with similar terms and maturities and is classified by the Company as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy.

Commitments to Extend Credit and Letters of Credit

The fair value of commitments to extend credit and letters of credit was estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present creditworthiness of the counter-parties. For fixed rate loan commitments, fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates. The fair value estimates of commitments to extend credit and letters of credit are deemed immaterial.

The following tables present the assets and liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at their fair values at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

September 30, 2023						
	Carrying Value	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements			
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
			(In thousands)			
Financial assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 204,484	\$ 204,484	\$ 204,484	\$ —	\$ —	
Debt securities available for sale	1,018,379	1,018,379	86,444	921,647	10,288	
Debt securities held to maturity	411,945	351,927	—	351,927	—	
Equity securities	3,633	3,633	3,314	319	—	
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	71,869	71,869	—	71,869	—	
Loans receivable, net	7,786,427	6,847,626	—	—	6,847,626	
Derivative assets	36,205	36,205	—	36,205	—	
Financial liabilities:						
Deposits	\$ 7,703,166	\$ 7,668,864	\$ —	\$ 7,668,864	\$ —	
Borrowings	1,356,218	1,342,885	—	1,342,885	—	
Derivative liabilities	23,015	23,015	—	23,015	—	

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following tables present the assets and liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at their fair values at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	June 30, 2023					
			Fair Value Measurements			
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
	Carrying Value	Total Fair Value				
	(In thousands)					
Financial assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 93,475	\$ 93,475	\$ 93,475	\$ —		\$ —
Debt securities available for sale	997,459	997,459	13,250	973,128		11,081
Debt securities held to maturity	415,333	364,111	—	364,111		—
Equity securities	3,714	3,714	3,393	321		—
Federal Home Loan Bank stock	61,277	61,277	—	61,277		—
Loans receivable, net	7,706,980	6,874,680	—	—		6,874,680
Derivative assets	27,074	27,074	—	27,074		—
Financial liabilities:						
Deposits	\$ 7,714,156	\$ 7,670,655	\$ —	\$ 7,670,655		\$ —
Borrowings	1,120,260	1,109,019	—	1,109,019		—
Derivative liabilities	18,710	18,710	—	18,710		—

December 31, 2022						
	Carrying Value	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements			
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	

(In thousands)

Financial assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	179,228	\$	179,228	\$	179,228	\$	—	\$	—
Debt securities available for sale		1,328,634		1,328,634		55,178		1,261,333		12,123
Debt securities held to maturity		421,523		370,391		—		370,391		—
Equity securities		3,384		3,384		3,053		331		—
Federal Home Loan Bank stock		58,114		58,114		—		58,114		—
Loans receivable, net		7,624,761		6,771,095		—		—		6,771,095
Derivative assets		19,756		19,756		—		19,756		—

Financial liabilities:

Deposits	\$	8,001,159	\$	7,942,782	\$	—	\$	7,942,782	\$	—
Borrowings		1,127,047		1,146,265		—		1,146,265		—
Derivative liabilities		19,072		19,072		—		19,072		—

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

14. Fair Value Measurements (continued)**Limitations**

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. Because limited markets exist for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the estimates.

Fair value estimates are based on existing on and off-balance-sheet financial instruments without attempting to estimate the value of anticipated future business and the value of assets and liabilities that are not considered financial instruments. Other significant assets and liabilities that are not considered financial assets or liabilities include goodwill and intangible assets, deferred tax assets and liabilities, office properties and equipment, and bank-owned life insurance.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

15. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following tables present the components of other comprehensive income (loss), both gross and net of tax, for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,						For the Three Months Ended September 30,						
		2023			2022			2023			2022			
		Before Tax	Tax Effect	After Tax	Before Tax	Tax Effect	After Tax	Before Tax	Tax Effect	After Tax	Before Tax	Tax Effect	After Tax	
		(In thousands)						(In thousands)						
Components of other comprehensive income (loss):	Components of other comprehensive income (loss):							Components of other comprehensive income (loss):						
Unrealized gain (loss) on debt securities available for sale:		\$ 4,413	\$ (1,248)	\$ 3,165	\$ (52,246)	\$ 14,570	\$ (37,676)							
Unrealized (loss) on debt securities available for sale:								Unrealized (loss) on debt securities available for sale:	\$(28,188)	\$7,971	\$(20,217)	\$(65,744)	\$18,589	\$(47,155)

Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	(2)	1	(1)	(4)	1	(3)	Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	(1)	—	(1)	(19)	6	(13)
Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income		(9,552)	2,701	(6,851)	210	(58)	152							
		(5,141)	1,454	(3,687)	(52,040)	14,513	(37,527)		(28,189)	7,971	(20,218)	(65,763)	18,595	(47,168)
Derivatives:	Derivatives:							Derivatives:						
Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	4,020	(1,137)	2,883	1,149	(321)	828	Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	2,573	(728)	1,845	1,639	(457)	1,182
		4,020	(1,137)	2,883	1,149	(321)	828		2,573	(728)	1,845	1,639	(457)	1,182
Employee benefit plans:	Employee benefit plans:							Employee benefit plans:						
Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	(14)	4	(10)	(14)	3	(11)	Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	(14)	4	(10)	(14)	3	(11)
Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	1	—	1	(339)	95	(244)	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	1	—	1	(339)	95	(244)
Change in funded status of retirement obligations	Change in funded status of retirement obligations	3,486	(986)	2,500	(25,704)	7,168	(18,536)	Change in funded status of retirement obligations	21	(6)	15	1,148	(211)	937
		3,473	(982)	2,491	(26,057)	7,266	(18,791)		8	(2)	6	795	(113)	682
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 2,352	\$ (665)	\$ 1,687	\$ (76,948)	\$ 21,458	\$ (55,490)	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$(25,608)	\$ 7,241	\$(18,367)	\$(63,329)	\$ 18,025	\$(45,304)

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

15. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (continued)

		For the Six Months Ended June 30,							For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2023			2022				2023			2022		
		Before	Tax	After	Before	Tax			Before	Tax	After	Before	Tax	
		Tax	Effect	Tax	Tax	Effect	After Tax		Tax	Effect	Tax	Tax	Effect	After Tax
		(In thousands)							(In thousands)					
Components of other comprehensive income (loss):	Components of other comprehensive income (loss):							Components of other comprehensive income (loss):						
Unrealized gain (loss) on debt securities available for sale:		\$21,954	\$(5,720)	\$16,234	\$(132,429)	\$36,938	\$ (95,491)							
Unrealized (loss) on debt securities available for sale:	Unrealized (loss) on debt securities available for sale:							Unrealized (loss) on debt securities available for sale:	\$(6,235)	\$2,251	\$(3,984)	\$(198,171)	\$55,528	\$(142,643)

Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	\$	(13)	\$	4	\$	(9)	\$	(8)	\$	2	\$	(6)	Accretion of unrealized (loss) on debt securities reclassified as held to maturity	(14)	5	(9)	(28)	7	(21)
Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	(10,847)	3,068	(7,779)	210	(58)	152							Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	(10,847)	3,068	(7,779)	210	(59)	151
		11,094	(2,648)	8,446	(132,227)	36,882	(95,345)								(17,096)	5,324	(11,772)	(197,989)	55,476	(142,513)
Derivatives:	Derivatives:													Derivatives:						
Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	2,816	(798)	2,018	5,532	(1,547)	3,985							Unrealized gain on swap contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges	5,390	(1,527)	3,863	7,171	(2,004)	5,167
		2,816	(798)	2,018	5,532	(1,547)	3,985								5,390	(1,527)	3,863	7,171	(2,004)	5,167
Employee benefit plans:	Employee benefit plans:													Employee benefit plans:						
Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	(28)	8	(20)	(28)	6	(22)							Amortization of prior service cost included in net income	(42)	12	(30)	(42)	11	(31)
Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	2	(1)	1	(678)	190	(488)							Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	3	(1)	2	(1,017)	285	(732)
Change in funded status of retirement obligations	Change in funded status of retirement obligations	3,512	(832)	2,680	(24,997)	6,941	(18,056)							Change in funded status of retirement obligations	3,534	(839)	2,695	(23,851)	6,730	(17,121)
		3,486	(825)	2,661	(25,703)	7,137	(18,566)								3,495	(828)	2,667	(24,910)	7,026	(17,884)
Total other comprehensive (loss)	Total other comprehensive (loss)	\$17,396	\$(4,271)	\$13,125	\$(152,398)	\$42,472	\$(109,926)							Total other comprehensive (loss)	\$(8,211)	\$2,969	\$(5,242)	\$(215,728)	\$60,498	\$(155,230)

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

15. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (continued)

The following tables present the changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, for the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 and 2022:

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,									
		2023				2022					
		Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Debt Securities Available for Sale				Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Debt Securities Available for Sale				Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Debt Securities Available for Sale	
		Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Swaps	Employee Benefit Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Swaps	Employee Benefit Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Swaps	Employee Benefit Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Debt Securities Available for Sale
(In thousands)											
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (123,349)	\$ (361)	\$ (44,148)	\$ (167,858)	\$ (56,174)	\$ (1,760)	\$ (42,421)	\$ (100,355)	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (127,036)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,										
	2023								2022		
	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Debt Securities Available for Sale				Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Debt Securities Available for Sale						
	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Swaps	Employee Benefit Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Swaps	Employee Benefit Plans	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss)					
(In thousands)											
Balance at beginning of period	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (135,482)	\$ 504	\$ (44,318)	\$ (179,296)	\$ 1,644	\$ (4,917)	\$ (42,646)	\$ (45,919)	Balance at beginning of period	\$ (135,482)
Current period changes in other comprehensive income (loss)	Current period changes in other comprehensive income (loss)	8,446	2,018	2,661	13,125	(95,345)	3,985	(18,566)	(109,926)	Current period changes in other comprehensive income (loss)	(11,772)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (127,036)	\$ 2,522	\$ (41,657)	\$ (166,171)	\$ (93,701)	\$ (932)	\$ (61,212)	\$ (155,845)	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (147,254)

15. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (continued)

		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components		
		For the Three Months Ended June 30,		Affected Line Items in the Consolidated Statements of Income	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		Affected Line Items in the Consolidated Statements of Income
		2023	2022		2023	2022	
		(In thousands)			(In thousands)		
	Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	\$	(9,552)	\$	210		(Loss) gain on securities transactions
Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income						Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income
		1	(339)	Other non-interest expense			Other non-interest expense

Total before tax	Total before tax	(9,551)	(129)	Total before tax	1	(339)
Income tax benefit	Income tax benefit	2,701	37	Income tax benefit	—	95
Net of tax	Net of tax	<u>\$ (6,850)</u>	<u>\$ (92)</u>	Net of tax	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ (244)</u>

	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components					Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Components			
	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			Affected Line Items in the Consolidated Statements of Income		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			Affected Line Items in the Consolidated Statements of Income
	2023	2022				2023	2022		
	(In thousands)					(In thousands)			
Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	\$ (10,847)	\$ 210	(Loss) gain on securities transactions	Reclassification adjustment for (loss) gain included in net income	\$ (10,847)	\$ 210	(Loss) gain on securities transactions	
Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	2	(678)	Other non-interest expense	Reclassification adjustment of actuarial net gain (loss) included in net income	3	(1,017)	Other non-interest expense	
Total before tax	Total before tax	(10,845)	(468)		Total before tax	(10,844)	(807)		
Income tax benefit	Income tax benefit	3,067	132		Income tax benefit	3,067	226		
Net of tax	Net of tax	\$ (7,778)	\$ (336)		Net of tax	\$ (7,777)	\$ (581)		

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

16. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

The Company uses derivative financial instruments as components of its market risk management, principally to manage interest rate risk. Certain derivatives are entered into in connection with transactions with commercial customers. Derivatives are not used for speculative purposes. All derivatives are recognized as either assets or liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, reported at fair value and presented on a gross basis. Until a derivative is settled, a favorable change in fair value results in an unrealized gain that is recognized as an asset, while an unfavorable change in fair value results in an unrealized loss that is recognized as a liability.

The Company generally applies hedge accounting to its derivatives used for market risk management purposes. Hedge accounting is permitted only if specific criteria are met, including a requirement that a highly effective relationship exists between the derivative instrument and the hedged item, both at inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis. Changes in the fair value of effective fair value hedges are recognized in current earnings (with the change in fair value of the hedged asset or liability also recognized in earnings). Changes in the fair value of effective cash flow hedges are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) until earnings are affected by the variability in cash flows of the designated hedged item. Ineffective portions of hedge results are recognized in current earnings. Changes in the fair value of derivatives for which hedge accounting is not applied are recognized in current earnings.

The Company formally documents at inception all relationships between the derivative instruments and the hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategies for undertaking the hedge transactions. This process includes linking all derivatives that are designated as hedges to specific assets and liabilities, or to specific firm commitments. The Company also formally assesses, both at inception of the hedge and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in the fair values or cash flows of the hedged items. If it is determined that a derivative is not highly effective or has ceased to be a highly effective hedge, the Company would discontinue hedge accounting prospectively. Gains or losses resulting from the termination of a derivative accounted for as a cash flow hedge remain in other comprehensive income (loss) and is (accrued) amortized to earnings over the remaining period of the former hedging relationship.

Certain derivative financial instruments are offered to certain commercial banking customers to manage their risk of exposure and risk management strategies. These derivative instruments consist primarily of currency forward contracts and interest rate swap contracts. The risk associated with these transactions is mitigated by simultaneously entering into similar transactions having essentially offsetting terms with a third party. In addition, the Company executes interest rate swaps with third parties in order to hedge the interest rate risk of short-term FHLB advances.

Currency Forward Contracts. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the Company had no currency forward contracts in place with commercial banking customers.

Interest Rate Swaps. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the Company had **70** **78** and 54 interest rate swaps in place with commercial banking customers executed by offsetting interest rate swaps with third parties, with aggregated notional amounts of **\$256.2 million** **\$273.1 million** and \$205.0 million, respectively. These derivatives are not designated as hedges and are not speculative. These interest rate swaps do not meet hedge accounting requirements.

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the Company had **18** **21** and 20 interest rate swaps with notional amounts of **\$280.0 million** **\$300.0 million** and \$290.0 million, respectively, hedging certain FHLB advances. These interest rate swaps meet the cash flow hedge accounting requirements. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counter-party in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount.

At both **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the Company had two interest rate swaps hedged against pools of floating rate commercial loans with notional amounts totaling \$100.0 million. These swaps meet the cash flow hedge accounting requirements. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counter-party in exchange for the Company making fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount.

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had **five** **six** interest rate fair value swaps with notional amounts totaling **\$400.0 million** **\$500.0 million**. **These swaps meet the cash flow hedge accounting requirements.** The Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed-rate pools of assets due to changes in benchmark interest rates. The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in the designated benchmark interest rate, the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"). At December 31, 2022, the Company did not have any fair value swaps.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

16. Derivatives and Hedging Activities (continued)

Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve the payment of fixed-rate amounts to a counterparty in exchange for the Company receiving variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount.

For the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company recorded hedge ineffectiveness associated with these contracts totaling **\$23,000** **\$37,000** and **\$27,000** **\$64,000**, respectively. For the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**, the Company did not record any hedge ineffectiveness associated with these contracts.

The tables below present the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments as well as their classification in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022:

		June 30, 2023				September 30, 2023			
		Asset Derivative		Liability Derivative		Asset Derivative		Liability Derivative	
		Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Fair Value	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Fair Value	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Fair Value	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Fair Value
		(In thousands)				(In thousands)			
Derivatives:	Derivatives:								
Interest rate products - designated hedges	Interest rate products - designated hedges	Other Assets	\$ 11,032	Other Liabilities	\$ 2,778	Interest rate products - designated hedges	Other Assets	Other Liabilities	\$ 1,893
Interest rate products - non-designated hedges	Interest rate products - non-designated hedges	Other Assets	16,042	Other Liabilities	15,932	Interest rate products - non-designated hedges	Other Assets	Other Liabilities	21,122
Total derivative instruments	Total derivative instruments		\$ 27,074		\$ 18,710	Total derivative instruments	\$ 36,205		\$ 23,015
		December 31, 2022							
		Asset Derivative		Liability Derivative					

	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Fair Value	Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition	Fair Value
		(In thousands)		
Derivatives:				
Interest rate products - designated hedges	Other Assets	\$ 4,290	Other Liabilities	\$ 3,918
Interest rate products - non-designated hedges	Other Assets	15,466	Other Liabilities	15,154
Total derivative instruments		\$ 19,756		\$ 19,072

For the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, (losses) gains of \$(9,000) \$332,000 and \$226,000, \$118,000, respectively, were recorded for changes in fair value of interest rate swaps with third parties. For the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, (losses) gains of \$(202,000) \$130,000 and \$475,000, \$594,000, respectively, were recorded for changes in fair value of interest rate swaps with third parties.

At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, accrued interest was \$461,000 \$705,000 and \$22,000.

The Company has agreements with counterparties that contain a provision that if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Company could also be declared in default of its derivative obligations.

At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the termination value of derivatives in a net liability asset position, which includes accrued interest, was \$8.4 million \$13.2 million. The Company normally has collateral posting thresholds with certain of its derivative counterparties, but as of June 30, 2023 has September 30, 2023 had no posted collateral against its obligations under these agreements.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

16. Derivatives and Hedging Activities (continued)

Fair Value Hedges of Interest Rate Risk. The Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of certain of its fixed-rate pools of assets due to changes in benchmark interest rates. The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in fair value on these instruments attributable to changes in the designated benchmark interest rate, SOFR. Interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges involve the payment of fixed-rate amounts to a counterparty in exchange for the Company receiving variable-rate payments over the life of the agreements without the exchange of the underlying notional amount.

For derivatives designated and that qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative as well as the offsetting gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk are recognized in interest income.

At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the following amounts were recorded on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition related to cumulative basis adjustment for fair value hedges:

	Carrying Amount of Hedged Assets/(Liabilities)	Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment included in the Carrying Amount of Hedged Assets/(Liabilities)
	At June 30, 2023	
	(In thousands)	
Fair value interest rate products	\$ 395,390	\$ (4,610)

	Carrying Amount of Hedged Assets/(Liabilities)	Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment included in the Carrying Amount of Hedged Assets/(Liabilities)
	At September 30, 2023	
	(In thousands)	
Fair value interest rate products	\$ 493,698	\$ (6,302)

At December 31, 2022, the Company had no fair value hedges.

17. Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue includes net interest income on financial instruments and non-interest income. Most of the Company's revenue is not within the scope of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606 which does not apply to revenue associated with financial instruments, including interest income on loans and securities, which comprise the majority of the Company's revenue. Revenue-generating activities that are within the scope of this guidance are components of non-interest income. These revenue streams can generally be classified as demand deposit account fees, title insurance fees, insurance agency income and other fees.

The following table presents non-interest income, segregated by revenue streams in-scope and out-of-scope of Topic 606, for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022.

		For the Three Months Ended June 30,		For the Six Months Ended June 30,			For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022
		(In thousands)					(In thousands)			
Non-interest income	Non-interest income					Non-interest income				
In-scope of Topic 606:	In-scope of Topic 606:					In-scope of Topic 606:				
Demand deposit account fees	Demand deposit account fees	\$ 1,291	\$ 1,449	\$ 2,467	\$ 2,619	Demand deposit account fees	\$ 1,348	\$ 1,510	\$ 3,815	\$ 4,129
Title insurance fees	Title insurance fees	624	1,035	1,211	1,992	Title insurance fees	629	796	1,840	2,788
Insurance agency income	Insurance agency income	40	45	77	45	Insurance agency income	63	38	141	83
Other non-interest income	Other non-interest income	2,448	2,106	4,964	4,139	Other non-interest income	1,518	2,194	6,480	6,334
Total in-scope non-interest income	Total in-scope non-interest income	4,403	4,635	8,719	8,795	Total in-scope non-interest income	3,558	4,538	12,276	13,334
Total out-of-scope non-interest income	Total out-of-scope non-interest income	(4,949)	3,034	(1,191)	5,915	Total out-of-scope non-interest income	5,044	3,626	3,854	9,540
Total non-interest income	Total non-interest income	\$ (546)	\$ 7,669	\$ 7,528	\$ 14,710	Total non-interest income	\$ 8,602	\$ 8,164	\$ 16,130	\$ 22,874

Demand deposit account fees include monthly maintenance fees and service charges. These fees are generally derived as a result of either transaction-based or serviced-based services. The Company's performance obligation for these services is generally satisfied, and revenue recognized, at the time the transaction is completed, or the service rendered. Fees for these services are generally received from the customer either at the time of the transaction or monthly.

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

17. Revenue Recognition (continued)

Title insurance fees are generally recognized at the time the transaction closes or when the service is rendered.

RSI Insurance Agency, Inc. performs the function of an insurance intermediary, by introducing the policyholder and insurer for life and health, and property and casualty insurance, and is compensated by a commission fee for placement of an insurance policy. Commission and fees are generally recognized as of the effective date of the insurance policy. Commission revenues related to installment billings are recognized on the invoice date. Subsequent commission adjustments are recognized upon the receipt of notification from insurance companies concerning matters necessitating such adjustments.

Other non-interest income includes check printing fees, traveler's check fees, gift card fees, branch service fees, overdraft fees, account analysis fees, other deposit related fees, wealth management related fee income which includes annuity fees, brokerage commissions, and asset management fees. Wealth management related fee income represent fees earned from customers as consideration for asset management and investment advisory services provided by a third party. The Company's performance obligation is generally satisfied monthly, and the resulting fees are recognized monthly based upon the month-end market value of the assets under management and the applicable fee rate. The Company does not earn performance-based incentives. The Company's performance obligation for these transaction-based services are generally satisfied, and related revenue recognized, at the time the transaction closes or when the service is rendered or a point in time when the service is completed.

Also included in other fees are debit card and ATM fees which are transaction-based. Debit card revenue is primarily comprised of interchange fees earned when a customer's Company card is processed through a card payment network. ATM fees are largely generated when a Company cardholder uses a non-Company ATM, or a non-Company cardholder uses a Company ATM. The Company's performance obligation for these services is satisfied when the service is rendered. Payment is generally received at time of transaction or monthly.

Out-of-scope non-interest income primarily consists of income from bank-owned life insurance, loan prepayment and servicing fees, net fees loan level swaps, gains and losses on the sale of loans and securities, credit card interchange income, and changes in the fair value of equity securities. None of these revenue streams are subject to the requirements of Topic 606.

18. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 and through the financial statement issuance date of **August 9, 2023** November 9, 2023, and concluded that no material events occurred that would require disclosure.

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Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained herein are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such forward-looking statements may be identified by reference to a future period or periods, or by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "may," "will," "believe," "expect," "estimate," "project," "intend," "anticipate," "continue," or similar terms or variations on those terms, or the negative of those terms. Forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risk factors and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those set forth in Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as supplemented by its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and those related to the economic environment, particularly in the market areas in which the Company operates, competitive products and pricing, as well as its impact on fiscal and monetary policies of the U.S. Government, changes in government regulations affecting financial institutions, including regulatory fees and capital requirements, changes in prevailing interest rates, higher inflation and its impact on national and local economic conditions, the Company's ability to successfully implement its business strategy, acquisitions and the integration of acquired businesses, credit risk management, asset-liability management, the financial and securities markets, **the impact of failures or disruptions in or breaches of the Company's operational or security systems, data or infrastructure, or those of third parties, including as a result of cyber attacks or campaigns,** and the availability of and costs associated with sources of liquidity.

The Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements which speak only as of the date made. The Company also advises readers that the factors listed above could affect the Company's financial performance and could cause the Company's actual results for future periods to differ materially from any opinions or statements expressed with respect to future periods in any current statements. The Company does not have any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect any subsequent events or circumstances after the date of this statement.

Comparison of Financial Condition at **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022

Total assets decreased **\$322.9 million** \$84.6 million, or **3.1%** 0.8%, to **\$10.1 billion** \$10.3 billion at **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 from \$10.4 billion at December 31, 2022. The decrease in total assets was primarily attributable to a decrease in **cash and cash equivalents** of \$85.8 million, and a decrease in **debt securities available for sale** of **\$331.2 million** \$310.3 million, partially offset by an increase in **cash and cash equivalents** of \$25.3 million, an increase in **loans receivable, net**, of **\$82.2 million** \$161.7 million, an increase in **Federal Home Loan Bank stock** of \$13.8 million and an increase in other assets of **\$11.8 million** \$28.6 million.

Cash and cash equivalents **decreased** \$85.8 million **increased** \$25.3 million, or **47.8%** 14.1%, to **\$93.5 million** \$204.5 million at **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 from \$179.2 million at December 31, 2022. The **decrease** **increase** was primarily attributable to a decrease in total deposits of \$287.0 million and \$69.3 million in **repurchases of common stock under our stock repurchase program**, partially offset by **\$277.0 million** **\$298.0 million** in proceeds from the sale of debt securities available for sale.

sale, and an increase in borrowings of \$229.2 million, or 20.3%, partially offset by purchases of debt securities available for sale of \$75.3 million, a decrease in total deposits of \$298.0 million and \$78.3 million in repurchases of common stock under our stock repurchase program.

Debt securities available for sale decreased **\$331.2 million** \$310.3 million, or **24.9%** 23.4%, to **\$997.5 million** \$1.0 billion at **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 from \$1.3 billion at December 31, 2022. The decrease was attributable to sales of securities of \$277.0 million which resulted in a realized loss of \$10.8 million, and repayments on securities of **\$53.4 million** \$79.3 million, and an increase in the **gross unrealized loss** of **\$16.7 million**, which was partially offset by **a decrease in the gross unrealized loss purchases** of **\$11.1 million** U.S. government obligations of \$75.3 million. The Bank sold U.S. government obligations at a weighted average rate of 2.36%, and mortgage-backed securities at a weighted average rate of 3.26% during the **2023 period**.

nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Loans receivable, net, increased \$82.2 million \$161.7 million, or 1.1% 2.1%, to \$7.7 billion \$7.8 billion at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 from \$7.6 billion at December 31, 2022. Multifamily real estate loans, construction loans and commercial business loans increased \$137.8 million \$178.0 million, \$42.4 million \$54.4 million, and \$8.1 million \$49.3 million, respectively, partially offset by a decrease in one-to-four family real estate loans, commercial real estate loans, and home equity loans and advances of \$70.9 million \$68.2 million, \$26.5 million \$38.9 million, and \$5.0 million \$7.3 million, respectively. The allowance for credit losses on loans increased \$653,000 \$1.3 million to \$53.5 million \$54.1 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 from \$52.8 million at December 31, 2022. During the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the increase in the allowance for credit losses was primarily due to an increase in the outstanding balance of loans and an increase in qualitative factors, partially offset by a decrease in loan loss rates.

Federal Home Loan Bank stock increased \$13.8 million, or 23.7%, to \$71.9 million at September 30, 2023 from \$58.1 million at December 31, 2022. The increase was due to the purchase of stock required upon acquiring new FHLB borrowings.

Other assets increased \$11.8 million \$28.6 million, or 4.2% 10.1%, to \$296.6 million \$313.4 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 from \$284.8 million at December 31, 2022, primarily due to a \$10.5 million increase in the Company's pension plan balance, as the return on plan assets outpaced the growth in the plan's obligations, obligations, and a \$15.4 million increase in interest rate swaps assets.

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Total liabilities decreased \$292.1 million \$38.5 million, or 3.1% 0.4%, to \$9.1 billion \$9.3 billion at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 from \$9.4 billion at December 31, 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in total deposits of \$287.0 million \$298.0 million, or 3.6% 3.7%, and a decrease partially offset by an increase in borrowings of \$6.8 million \$229.2 million, or 0.6% 20.3%. The decrease in total deposits primarily consisted of decreases in non-interest-bearing demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits, and savings and club deposits of \$296.3 million \$366.6 million, \$528.1 million \$591.6 million, and \$130.7 million \$177.2 million, respectively, partially offset by increases in money market accounts of \$366.8 million \$478.5 million and certificates of deposit of \$301.3 million \$359.0 million. The Bank has priced select money market and certificates of deposit accounts very competitively to the market, but there continues to be fierce strong competition

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for funds from other banks and non-bank investment products. The \$6.8 million decrease \$229.2 million increase in borrowings was primarily driven by a net decrease in short-term borrowings of \$256.6 million, partially offset by an increase in long-term borrowings of \$249.8 million \$299.8 million, partially offset by a decrease in short-term borrowings of \$70.5 million.

The \$32.8 million increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities was primarily attributable to a \$20.4 million increase in the collateral balance related to our interest rate swap program.

Total stockholders' equity decreased \$30.8 million \$46.2 million, or 2.9% 4.4%, to \$1.0 billion at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 from \$1.1 billion at December 31, 2022. The decrease in equity was primarily attributable to the repurchase of 1,207,100 4,104,073 shares of common stock at a cost of approximately \$69.3 million \$78.3 million, or \$19.33 \$19.08 per share, under our stock repurchase program, partially offset by net income of \$20.4 million \$29.5 million, and a decrease an increase of \$8.5 million \$11.8 million in unrealized losses on debt securities available for sale, net of taxes, included in other comprehensive income.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022

Net income of \$1.7 million \$9.1 million was recorded for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$21.3 million \$11.8 million, or 92.8% 56.4%, compared to net income of \$23.0 million \$20.9 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in net income was primarily attributable to a \$15.4 million \$20.6 million decrease in net interest income, and an \$8.2 million decrease in non-interest income, and a \$5.9 million \$863,000 increase in non-interest expense, partially offset by a \$461,000 decrease in provision for credit losses, partially offset by a \$4.9 million decrease in non-interest expense and a \$7.7 million \$4.3 million decrease in income tax expense.

Net interest income was \$51.2 million \$48.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$15.4 million \$20.6 million, or 23.1% 29.8%, from \$66.5 million \$69.2 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in net interest income was primarily attributable to a \$38.4 million \$39.1 million increase in interest expense on deposits and borrowings, partially offset by a \$23.1 million \$18.5 million increase in interest income. The increase in interest income was primarily due to an increase in the average balance of total interest-earning assets coupled with an increase in average yields due to multiple federal funds market interest rate increases that occurred over the previous year, two years. The increase in interest expense on deposits was driven by these same rate increases coupled with intense competition for deposits in the market and the repricing of existing deposits into higher cost products. The increase in interest expense on borrowings was also impacted by the significant increase in interest rates for new borrowings since interest rates began rising in March 2022, along with an increase in the average balance of borrowings. Prepayment penalties, which are included in interest income on loans, totaled \$116,000 \$83,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to \$1.5 million \$639,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022.

The average yield on loans for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased 68 67 basis points to 4.36% 4.47%, as compared to 3.68% 3.80% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, as interest income was influenced by rising interest rates and loan growth. The average yield on securities for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased 19 10 basis points to 2.33% 2.37%, as compared to 2.14% 2.27% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, as a number of adjustable rate securities tied to various indexes repriced higher during the quarter, quarter, and new securities purchased during the 2023 period were at higher rates. The average

yield on other interest-earning assets for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased 415 323 basis points to 6.08% 5.91%, as compared to 1.93% 2.68% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, due to the rise in average balances and interest rates paid on cash balances and an increase in the dividend rate paid on Federal Home Loan Bank stock.

Total interest expense was \$45.0 million \$49.9 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, an increase of \$38.4 million \$39.1 million, or 584.7% 363.0%, from \$6.6 million \$10.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase in interest expense was primarily attributable to a 305 223 basis point increase in the average cost of borrowings, and an a significant increase in the average balance of borrowings, coupled with a 159 187 basis point increase in the average cost of interest-bearing deposits, partially offset by the decrease in the average balance of interest-bearing deposits. Interest expense on borrowings increased \$14.4 million \$10.2 million, or 756.1% 266.9%, and interest expense on deposits increased \$24.1 million \$29.0 million, or 515.0% 415.5%, due to the rise in interest rates as noted above.

The Company's net interest margin for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 decreased 84 95 basis points to 2.17% 2.06%, when compared to 3.01% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The weighted average yield on interest-earning assets increased 76 70 basis points to 4.07% 4.17% for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, as compared to 3.31% 3.47% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities increased 202 208 basis points to 2.42% 2.70% for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, as compared to 0.40% 0.62% for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase in yields for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was due to the impact of multiple federal funds market interest rate increases between periods. The net interest margin decreased for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, as the increase in the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities outweighed the increase in the average yield on interest-earning assets.

The provision for credit losses for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was \$1.1 million, a decrease of \$461,000, from \$1.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022. The decrease in provision for credit losses during the quarter was primarily attributable to a decrease in loan loss rates, partially offset by an increase in the outstanding balance of loans.

Non-interest income was \$(546,000) for the quarter ended June 30, 2023, a decrease of \$8.2 million, or 107.1%, from \$7.7 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to an increase in the loss on securities transactions of \$9.8 million, partially offset by an increase in other non-interest income of \$1.9 million, which is primarily related to swap income.

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September 30, 2023, as the increase in the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities outweighed the increase in the average yield on interest-earning assets.

Non-interest expense was \$47.6 million The provision for credit losses for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was \$2.4 million, an increase of \$5.9 million, or 14.1%, \$863,000, from \$41.7 million \$1.5 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase in provision for credit losses during the quarter was primarily attributable to an increase in the outstanding balance of loans and net charge-offs totaling \$1.7 million, partially offset by a decrease in loan loss rates.

Non-interest expense was \$42.9 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$4.9 million, or 10.3%, from \$47.8 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to a decrease in compensation and employee benefits expense of \$3.6 million \$2.8 million, a decrease in merger-related expenses of \$1.2 million, and a decrease in other non-interest expense of \$1.6 million, partially offset by an increase in federal deposit insurance premiums of \$1.1 million, \$556,000, due to an increase in the assessment rate imposed by the FDIC effective January 1, 2023, and an increase in other non-interest expense of \$922,000, partially offset by a decrease in merger-related expenses of \$1.1 million. The increase decrease in compensation and employee benefits expense was due to normal annual increases in employee related compensation, as well as \$1.6 million in severance expenses recorded in June 2023 as a the result of a workforce reduction. reduction in June 2023, along with other related employee expense cutting strategies implemented during the current year. The increase decrease in other non-interest expense was primarily related to a decrease in the pension plan related expense benefit.

during the 2023 period, and \$1.7 million in non-recurring litigation settlements included in the 2022 period, compounded with a \$1.2 million recovery of provision for credit losses on off-balance sheet exposures.

Income tax expense was \$257,000 \$2.7 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$7.7 million \$4.3 million, as compared to \$8.0 million \$7.0 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, mainly due to a decrease in pre-tax income. income, and to a lesser extent, the Company's effective tax rate. The Company's effective tax rate was 13.4% 22.9% and 25.7% 25.2% for the quarters ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The annual effective tax rate for the 2023 period was primarily impacted by lower net interest income and the loss on the sale of securities.

Comparison of Results of Operations for the Six Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022

Net income of \$20.4 million \$29.5 million was recorded for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$23.0 million \$34.8 million, or 53.0% 54.1%, compared to net income of \$43.4 million \$64.3 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in net income was primarily attributable to a \$17.2 million \$37.8 million decrease in net interest income, a \$7.2 million \$6.7 million decrease in non-interest income, and a \$9.0 million \$4.1 million increase in non-interest expense, partially offset by a \$1.7 million \$882,000 decrease in provision for credit losses, and an \$8.7 million a \$13.1 million decrease in income tax expense.

Net interest income was \$112.0 million \$160.5 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$17.2 million \$37.8 million, or 13.3% 19.1%, from \$129.2 million \$198.4 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in net interest income was primarily attributable to a

\$64.4 million \$103.5 million increase in interest expense on deposits and borrowings, partially offset by a \$47.2 million \$65.7 million increase in interest income. The increase in interest income was primarily due to an increase in the average balance of total interest-earning assets coupled with an increase in average yields due to the rise in interest rates in 2022 and 2023. The increase in interest expense on deposits and borrowings was driven by an increase in the average balance of deposits and borrowings coupled with an increase in the cost of deposits and borrowings. The increase in interest expense on borrowings interest-bearing liabilities was also impacted by the significant increase in interest rates for new borrowings due to multiple federal funds market interest rate increases that occurred over the previous year, two years, along with an increase in the average balance of borrowings. Prepayment penalties, which are included in interest income on loans, totaled \$315,000 \$399,000 for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to \$2.8 million \$3.4 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022.

The average yield on loans for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased 65 66 basis points to 4.30% 4.36%, as compared to 3.65% 3.70% for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, as interest income was influenced by rising interest rates and loan growth. The average yield on securities for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased 27 22 basis points to 2.44% 2.42%, as compared to 2.17% 2.20% for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, as a number of adjustable rate securities tied to various indexes repriced higher during the year. year and new securities purchased during the 2023 period were at higher rates. The average yield on other interest-earning assets for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased 293 299 basis points to 5.26% 5.45%, as compared to 2.33% 2.46% for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, due to the rise in average balances and interest rates, as noted above.

Total interest expense was \$77.0 million \$126.9 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, an increase of \$64.4 million \$103.5 million, or 512.1% 443.3%, from \$12.6 million \$23.4 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase in interest expense was primarily attributable to a 316 276 basis point increase in the average cost of borrowings, and an increase in the average balance of borrowings, coupled with a 120 142 basis point increase in the average cost of interest-bearing deposits and an increase in the average balance of deposits. Interest expense on borrowings increased \$28.0 million \$38.1 million, or 868.1% 542.5%, and interest expense on deposits increased \$36.5 million \$65.4 million, or 389.6% 400.6%, due to the rise in interest rates as noted above.

The Company's net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2023 decreased 63 basis points to 2.37%, when compared to 3.00% for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The weighted average yield on interest-earning assets increased 71 basis points to 4.00% for the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to 3.29% for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities increased 169 basis points to 2.08% for the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to 0.39% for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase in yields for the six months ended June 30, 2023 was due to the impact of multiple federal funds rate increases between periods. The net interest margin decreased for the six months ended June 30, 2023, as the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities outweighed the increase in the average yield on interest-earning assets.

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The Company's net interest margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 decreased 73 basis points to 2.27%, when compared to 3.00% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The weighted average yield on interest-earning assets increased 71 basis points to 4.06% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to 3.35% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The average cost of interest-bearing liabilities increased 182 basis points to 2.29% for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to 0.47% for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase in yields for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was due to the impact of multiple market interest rate increases between periods. The net interest margin decreased for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities outweighed the increase in the average yield on interest-earning assets.

The provision for credit losses for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was \$1.3 million \$3.6 million, a decrease of \$1.7 million \$882,000, from \$3.0 million \$4.5 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in provision for credit losses during the six nine months was primarily attributable to a decrease in loan loss rates, partially offset by an increase in the outstanding balance of loans.

Non-interest income was \$7.5 million \$16.1 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$7.2 million \$6.7 million, or 48.8% 29.5%, from \$14.7 million \$22.9 million for the quarter nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to an increase in the loss on securities transactions of \$11.1 million, partially offset by an increase in other non-interest income of \$3.2 million \$3.4 million, which is primarily related to swap income.

Non-interest expense was \$91.5 million \$134.4 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, an increase of \$9.0 million \$4.1 million, or 11.0% 3.2%, from \$82.5 million \$130.3 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to an increase in compensation and employee benefits expense of \$8.7 million \$6.0 million, an increase in federal deposit insurance premiums of \$1.1 million \$1.7 million, due to an increase in the assessment rate imposed by the FDIC effective January 1, 2023, and an increase in data processing and software expenses of \$1.1 million \$849,000, partially offset by a decrease in merger-related expenses of \$1.2 million \$2.4 million, and a decrease in other non-interest expense of \$2.0 million \$3.6 million. The increase in compensation and employee benefits expense for the 2023 period was due to normal annual increases in employee related compensation, increased staff levels due to the May 2022 merger with RSI Bank, and severance expense recorded in June 2023 as a result of a workforce reduction. The decrease in other non-interest expense was primarily related to non-recurring litigation settlements included in the 2022 period and the decrease in expenses related to swap transactions, partially offset by a decrease in the pension plan related expense benefit.

transactions.

Income tax expense was \$6.4 million \$9.1 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$8.7 million \$13.1 million, as compared to \$15.1 million \$22.2 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, mainly due to a decrease in pre-tax income, and to a lesser extent, a decrease in the Company's effective tax rate. The Company's effective tax rate was 23.9% 23.6% and 25.8% 25.6% for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The effective tax rate for the 2023 period was primarily impacted by lower net interest income and the loss on the sale of securities.

Asset Quality

The Company's non-performing loans at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** totaled **\$11.1 million** **\$15.2 million**, or **0.14%** **0.19%** of total gross loans, as compared to \$6.7 million, or 0.09% of total gross loans, at December 31, 2022. The **\$4.4 million** **\$8.5 million** increase in non-performing loans was primarily attributable to an increase in non-performing commercial business loans of **\$2.3 million** **\$5.8 million**, an increase in non-performing one-to-four family real estate loans of **\$1.3 million** **\$1.6 million**, and an increase in non-performing commercial real estate loans of **\$852,000** **\$1.2 million**. The increase in non-performing commercial business loans was due to an increase in the number of loans from three non-performing loans at December 31, 2022 to **eight** **10** loans at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, including a **\$3.7 million** loan to a technology company. The increase in non-performing one-to-four family real estate loans was due to an increase in the number of loans from 12 non-performing loans at December 31, 2022 to **16** **18** loans at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. The increase in non-performing commercial real estate loans was due to the addition of **one loan** **two loans** from December 31, 2022 to **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. Non-performing assets as a percentage of total assets totaled **0.11%** **0.15%** and 0.06% at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively.

For the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, net charge-offs totaled **\$495,000** **\$1.7 million**, as compared to **\$105,000** **\$208,000** in net charge-offs recorded for the quarter ended September 30, 2022. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net charge-offs totaled \$2.3 million, as compared to \$8,000 in net recoveries recorded for the quarter ended June 30, 2022. For the six **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023**, net charge-offs totaled \$600,000, as compared to \$216,000 in net recoveries recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2022 **September 30, 2022**.

The 2023 periods included a partial charge-off of \$2.0 million on a commercial business loan.

The Company's allowance for credit losses on loans was **\$53.5 million** **\$54.1 million**, or 0.69% of total gross loans, at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, compared to \$52.8 million, or 0.69% of total gross loans, at December 31, 2022. The increase in the allowance for credit losses for loans was primarily due to an increase in the outstanding balance of loans, partially offset by a decrease in loan loss rates.

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Additional Liquidity, Loan, Deposit and Capital Information

The Company services a diverse retail and commercial deposit base through its 67 branches. With over **213,000** **214,000** accounts, the average deposit account balance was approximately \$36,000 at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**.

The Company had uninsured deposits (excluding municipal deposits of **\$762.0 million** **\$810.8 million**, which are collateralized, and \$3.6 billion of intercompany deposits) totaling **\$1.9 billion**, or 24.1% of total deposits **\$1.8 billion** at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, down from **\$2.1 billion**, or 27.7% of total deposits **\$1.9 billion** at **March 31, 2023** **June 30, 2023**.

The Company had uninsured deposits as summarized below:

	At September 30, 2023		At June 30, 2023	
	(Dollars in thousands)			
Uninsured deposits	\$	1,773,116	\$	1,858,275
Uninsured deposits to total deposits		23.0 %		24.1 %

Deposit balances are summarized as follows:

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		At June 30, 2023			At March 31, 2023					At September 30, 2023			At June 30, 2023		
		Weighted Average			Weighted Average					Weighted Average		Weighted Average			
		Balance			Balance					Balance		Balance			
		(Dollars in thousands)													
Non-interest-bearing demand	Non-interest-bearing demand	\$	1,509,852	— %	\$	1,583,329	— %	Non-interest-bearing demand	\$	1,439,517	— %	\$	1,509,852	— %	

Interest-bearing demand	Interest-bearing demand	2,064,803	1.51	2,260,240	1.06	Interest-bearing demand	2,001,260	1.77	2,064,803	1.51
Money market accounts	Money market accounts	1,085,317	2.80	896,336	2.27	Money market accounts	1,196,983	3.09	1,085,317	2.80
Savings and club deposits	Savings and club deposits	782,996	0.24	850,777	0.10	Savings and club deposits	736,558	0.38	782,996	0.24
Certificates of deposit	Certificates of deposit	2,271,188	2.91	2,083,519	2.32	Certificates of deposit	2,328,848	3.27	2,271,188	2.91
Total deposits	Total deposits	\$ 7,714,156	1.68 %	\$ 7,674,201	1.22 %	Total deposits	\$ 7,703,166	1.97 %	\$ 7,714,156	1.68 %

The Company continues to maintain strong liquidity and capital positions. The Company has not utilized the Federal Reserve's Bank Term Funding Program and had no outstanding borrowings from the Federal Reserve Discount Window at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. **The As of October 23, 2023**, the Company had immediate access to **\$3.6 billion** approximately **\$2.7 billion** of funding, with additional unpledged loan collateral available to pledge in excess of **\$2.1 billion at June 30, 2023** **\$1.6 billion**. Available sources of liquidity **at June 30, 2023** include but are not limited to:

- Cash and cash equivalents of **\$93.5 million** **\$381.5 million**;
- Borrowing capacity based on unencumbered collateral pledged at the FHLB totaling **\$1.3 billion** **\$419.1 million**;
- Borrowing capacity based on unencumbered collateral pledged at the Federal Reserve Bank totaling **\$1.9 billion** **\$2.0 billion**; and
- Available correspondent lines of credit of **\$384.0 million** **\$354.0 million** with various third parties; and
- **Unpledged loan collateral available to pledge in excess of \$2.1 billion**, parties.

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company's non-performing commercial real estate loans totaled **\$3.7 million** **\$4.1 million**, or 0.05%, of the total loans receivable loan portfolio balance.

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The following table presents multifamily real estate, owner occupied commercial real estate, and the components of investor owned commercial real estate loans included in the real estate loan portfolio.

		At June 30, 2023							At September 30, 2023					
		(Dollars in thousands)							(Dollars in thousands)					
		Balance	% of Gross Loans	Weighted Average Loan to Value Ratio	Weighted Average Debt Service Coverage				Balance	% of Gross Loans	Weighted Average Loan to Value Ratio	Weighted Average Debt Service Coverage		
Multifamily Real Estate Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate	Multifamily Real Estate Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate	\$ 1,376,999	17.9 %	61.9 %	1.64x			Multifamily Real Estate Owner Occupied Commercial Real Estate	\$ 1,417,233	18.2 %	61.8 %	1.45x		
Investor Owned Commercial Real Estate: Retail / Shopping centers	Investor Owned Commercial Real Estate: Retail / Shopping centers	\$ 509,133	6.6 %	51.4 %	2.16x			Investor Owned Commercial Real Estate: Retail / Shopping centers	\$ 498,525	6.4 %	51.0 %	2.08x		
Mixed Use	Mixed Use	497,106	6.4 %	53.1 %	1.51x			Mixed Use	497,075	6.4 %	52.9 %	1.47x		
Industrial / Warehouse	Industrial / Warehouse	317,189	4.1	59.1	1.63			Industrial / Warehouse	313,480	4.0	58.6	1.61		
Non-Medical Office	Non-Medical Office	384,893	5.0	52.4	1.66			Non-Medical Office	385,889	4.9	52.2	1.56		
Medical Office	Medical Office	227,950	3.0	52.5	1.58			Medical Office	224,103	2.9	52.1	1.57		
Single Purpose	Single Purpose	141,895	1.8	59.5	1.70			Single Purpose	140,099	1.8	59.3	1.65		
		74,430	1.0	59.4	2.23				77,043	1.0	56.4	2.19		

Other	Other	234,300	3.0	50.6	1.68	Other	238,274	3.1	50.5	1.64
Total	Total	\$ 1,877,763	24.4 %	54.3 %	1.63x	Total	\$ 1,875,963	24.1 %	53.9 %	1.59
Total Multifamily and Commercial Real Estate Loans	Total Multifamily and Commercial Real Estate Loans	\$ 3,763,895	48.8 %	56.7 %	1.70x	Total Multifamily and Commercial Real Estate Loans	\$ 3,791,721	48.7 %	56.5 %	1.60x

Critical Accounting Policies

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The Company considers certain accounting policies to be critically important to the fair presentation of its Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition and Consolidated Statements of Income. These policies require management to make significant judgments on matters which by their nature have elements of uncertainty. The sensitivity of the Company's consolidated financial statements to these critical accounting policies, and the assumptions and estimates applied, could have a significant impact on its financial condition and results of operations. These assumptions, estimates and judgments made by management can be influenced by a number of factors, including the general economic environment. The Company has identified the following as critical accounting policies:

- Adequacy of the allowance for credit losses
- Valuation of deferred tax assets
- Valuation of retirement and post-retirement benefits

The determination of the allowance for credit losses ("ACL") on loans is considered a critical accounting estimate by management because of the high degree of judgment involved in determining qualitative loss factors, the subjectivity of the assumptions used, and the potential for changes in the forecasted economic environment. The ACL is maintained at a level management considers adequate to provide for estimated losses and impairment based upon an evaluation of known and inherent risk in the loan portfolio. The ACL consists of two elements: (1) identification of loans that must be individually analyzed for impairment and (2) establishment of an ACL for loans collectively analyzed.

Management estimates the ACL using relevant and reliable information from internal and external sources, related to past events, current conditions, and a reasonable and supportable forecast. Historical credit loss experience for both the Company and its segment-specific peers provides the basis for the estimate of expected credit losses. Credit losses over a defined period are converted to PD rate curves through the use of segment-specific LGD risk factors that convert default rates to loss severity based on industry-level, observed relationships between the two variables for each segment, primarily due to the nature of the underlying collateral. These risk factors were assessed for reasonableness against the Company's own loss experience and adjusted in certain cases when the relationship between the Company's historical default and loss severity deviate from that of the wider industry. The historical PD curves, together with corresponding economic conditions, establish a quantitative relationship between economic conditions and loan performance through an economic cycle.

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Portfolio segments are defined as the level at which an entity develops and documents a systematic methodology to determine its allowance for credit losses. Management developed segments for estimating losses based on the type of borrower and collateral which is generally based upon federal call report segmentation. The segments have been combined or sub-segments have been added as needed to ensure loans of similar risk profiles are appropriately pooled.

We maintain a loan review system that provides a periodic review of the loan portfolio and the identification of individually analyzed loans. The ACL for individually analyzed loans is based on the fair value of collateral or cash flows. While management uses the best information available to make such evaluations, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if economic conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used in making the evaluations.

The ACL quantitative allowance for each segment is measured using a discounted cash flow methodology incorporating an econometric, probability of default ("PD") and loss given default ("LGD") with distinct segment-specific multi-variant regression models applied. Expected credit losses are estimated over the life of the loans by measuring the difference between the net present value of modeled cash flows and amortized cost basis. Contractual cash flows over the contractual life of the loans are the basis for the modeled cash flows, adjusted for model defaults and expected prepayments and discounted at the loan-level effective interest rate. The contractual term excludes expected extensions, renewals, and modifications.

Management estimates the ACL using relevant and reliable information from internal and external sources, related to past events, current conditions, and a reasonable and supportable forecast. Historical credit loss experience for both the Company and its segment-specific peers provides the basis for the estimate of expected credit losses. Credit losses over a defined period are converted to PD rate curves through the use of segment-specific LGD risk factors that convert default rates to loss severity based on industry-level, observed relationships between the two variables for each segment, primarily due to the nature of the underlying collateral. These risk factors were assessed for reasonableness against the Company's own loss experience and adjusted in certain cases when the relationship between the Company's historical default and loss severity deviate from that of the wider industry. The historical PD curves, together with corresponding economic conditions, establish a quantitative relationship between economic conditions and loan performance through an economic cycle.

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Using the historical relationship between economic conditions and loan performance, management's expectation of future loan performance is incorporated using a single economic forecast of macroeconomic variables (i.e., unemployment, gross domestic product, vacancy, and home price index). This forecast is applied over a period that management has determined to be reasonable and supportable. Beyond the period over which management can develop or source a reasonable and supportable forecast, the model reverts to long-term average historical loss rates using a straight-line, time-based methodology. The Company's current forecast period is six quarters, with a four-quarter reversion period to long-term average historical loss rates.

After quantitative considerations, management applies additional qualitative adjustments that consider the expected impact of certain factors not fully captured in the quantitative reserve. Qualitative adjustments include but are not limited to concentrations of large loan balances, delinquency trends, change in collateral values within segments, and other considerations.

The ACL is established through the provision for credit losses that are charged to income, which is based upon an evaluation of estimated losses in the current loan portfolio, including the evaluation of individually analyzed loans. Charge-offs against the ACL are taken on loans where management determines that the collection of loan principal and interest is unlikely. Recoveries made on loans that have been charged-off are credited to the ACL. Although we believe we have established and maintained the ACL on loans at appropriate levels, changes in reserves may be necessary if actual economic and other conditions differ substantially from the forecast used in estimating the ACL.

Our financial results are affected by the changes in and the level of the ACL. This process involves our analysis of internal and external variables, and it requires that we exercise judgment to estimate an appropriate ACL. As a result of the uncertainty associated with this subjectivity, we cannot assure the precision of the amount reserved, should we experience sizable loan losses in any particular period and/or significant changes in assumptions or economic condition. We believe the primary risks inherent in the portfolio are a general decline in the economy, a decline in real estate market values, rising unemployment, increasing vacancy rates, and increases in interest rates in the absence of economic improvement or any other such factors. Any one or a combination of these events may adversely affect a borrower's ability to repay its loan, resulting in increased delinquencies and loan losses. Accordingly, we have recorded loan credit losses at a level which is estimated to represent the current risk in its loan portfolio.

Most of our non-performing assets are collateral dependent loans which are written down to the fair value of the collateral less estimated costs to sell. We continue to assess the collateral of these loans and update our appraisals on these loans on an annual basis. To the extent the property values decline, there could be additional losses on these non-performing assets, which may be

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material. Management considered these market conditions in deriving the estimated ACL. Should economic difficulties occur, the ultimate amount of loss could vary from our current estimate.

The determination of whether deferred tax assets will be realizable is predicated on the reversal of existing deferred tax liabilities, utilization against carry-back years, and projections of future taxable income. These estimates are subject to management's judgment. A valuation allowance is established when management is unable to conclude that it is more likely than not that it will realize deferred tax assets based on the nature and timing of these items. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income tax expense in the period enacted. Management believes, based on current facts, that it is more likely than not that there will be sufficient taxable income in future years to realize federal deferred tax assets and that it is more likely than not that the benefits from certain state temporary differences will not be realized. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the Company's net deferred tax assets totaled **\$29.9 million** **\$37.3 million** and \$36.9 million, respectively, which included a valuation allowance totaling \$2.0 million at both period end dates. Based upon projections of future taxable income and the ability to carryforward operating losses indefinitely, management believes it is more likely than not the Company will realize the remaining deferred tax assets.

The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits, along with a split dollar BOLI death benefit, to eligible retired employees. The cost of retiree health care and other benefits during the employees' period of active service are accrued monthly. The accounting guidance requires the following: a) recognize in the statement of financial position the over funded or underfunded status of a defined benefit post-retirement plan measured as the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the benefit obligations; b) measure a plan's assets and its obligations that determine its funded status as of the end of the Company's fiscal year (with limited exceptions); and c) recognize as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, the actuarial gain and losses and the prior service costs and credits that arise during the period. These assets and liabilities and expenses are based upon actuarial assumptions including interest rates, rates of increase in compensation, expected rate of return on plan assets and the length of time we will have to provide those benefits. Actual results may differ from these assumptions. These assumptions are reviewed and updated at least annually, and management believes the estimates are reasonable.

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Qualitative Analysis. Interest rate risk is defined as the exposure of a Company's current and future earnings and capital arising from movements in market interest rates. The guidelines of the Company's interest rate risk policy seek to limit the exposure to changes in interest rates that affect the underlying economic value of assets, liabilities, earnings and capital.

The Asset/Liability Committee meets regularly to review the impact of interest rate changes on net interest income, net interest margin, net income, and the economic value of equity. The Asset/Liability Committee reviews a variety of strategies that project changes in asset or liability mix and the impact of those changes on projected net interest income

and net income.

The Company's strategy for liabilities has been to maintain a stable funding base by focusing on core deposit accounts. The Company's ability to retain maturing time deposit accounts is the result of its strategy to remain competitively priced within its marketplace. The Company's pricing strategy may vary depending upon current funding needs and the ability of the Company to fund operations through alternative sources.

Quantitative Analysis. Current and future sensitivity to changes in interest rates are measured through the use of balance sheet and income simulation models. The analysis captures changes in net interest income using flat rates as a base and rising and declining interest rate forecasts. Changes in net interest income and net income for the forecast period, generally twelve to twenty-four months, are measured and compared to policy limits for acceptable changes. The Company periodically reviews historical deposit re-pricing activity and makes modifications to certain assumptions used in its balance sheet and income simulation models regarding the interest rate sensitivity of deposits. These modifications are made to more closely reflect the most likely results under the various interest rate change scenarios. Since it is inherently difficult to predict the sensitivity of interest-bearing deposits to changes in interest rates, the changes in net interest income due to changes in interest rates cannot be precisely predicted. There are a variety of reasons that may cause actual results to vary considerably from the predictions presented below which include, but are not limited to, the timing, magnitude, and frequency of changes in interest rates, interest rate spreads, prepayments, and actions taken in response to such changes.

Assumptions used in the simulation model may include but are not limited to:

- Securities pricing from third parties;
- Loan pricing indications from third parties;
- Loan and depository spread assumptions based upon the Company's product offerings;
- Securities and borrowing spreads based upon third party indications; and
- Prepayment assumptions derived from the Company's actual results and third party surveys.

Certain shortcomings are inherent in the methodologies used in the interest rate risk measurements. Modeling changes in net interest income requires the use of certain assumptions regarding prepayment and deposit repricing, which may or may not reflect the manner in which actual yields and costs respond to changes in market interest rates. While management believes such assumptions are reasonable, there can be no assurance that assumed prepayment rates and repricing rates will approximate actual future asset prepayment and liability repricing activity.

The table below sets forth an approximation of our interest rate exposure. Net interest income assumes that the composition of interest sensitive assets and liabilities existing at the beginning of a period remains constant over the period being measured and also assumes that a particular change in interest rates is reflected uniformly across the yield curve regardless of the duration to maturity or repricing of specific assets and liabilities. Accordingly, although the net interest income table provides an indication of our interest rate risk exposure at a particular point in time, such measurement is not intended to and does not provide a precise forecast of the effect of changes in market interest rates on our net interest income and will differ from actual.

The table below sets forth, as of [June 30, 2023](#) [September 30, 2023](#), the net portfolio value, the estimated changes in the net portfolio value, and the net interest income that would result from the designated instantaneous parallel changes in market interest rates. This data is for Columbia Bank and Freehold Bank and its subsidiaries only and does not include any assets of the Company.

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Change in Interest Rates (Basis Points)	Twelve Months Net Interest							Twelve Months Net Interest								
	Change in Interest Rates (Basis Points)	Income			Net Portfolio Value ("NPV")				Change in Interest Rates (Basis Points)	Income			Net Portfolio Value ("NPV")			
		Amount	Dollar Change	Percent of Change	Estimated NPV	Present Value Ratio	Percent Change	Amount		Dollar Change	Percent of Change	Estimated NPV	Present Value Ratio	Percent Change		
		(Dollars in thousands)								(Dollars in thousands)						
+400	+400	\$ 215,041	\$ (273)	(0.13) %	\$ 794,277	9.63 %	(38.60) %	+400	\$ 154,880	\$ (42,324)	(21.46) %	\$ 669,508	7.98 %	(41.61) %		
+300	+300	215,933	619	0.29	925,598	10.88	(28.45)	+300	166,498	(30,706)	(15.57)	790,862	9.15	(31.02)		
+200	+200	216,096	782	0.36	1,051,097	11.98	(18.75)	+200	177,174	(20,030)	(10.16)	911,765	10.25	(20.48)		
+100	+100	215,987	673	0.31	1,174,799	12.98	(9.19)	+100	187,544	(9,660)	(4.90)	1,030,965	11.25	(10.08)		
Base	Base	215,314	—	—	1,293,664	13.85	—	Base	197,204	—	—	1,146,523	12.15	—		
-100	-100	214,899	(415)	(0.19)	1,403,865	14.56	8.52	-100	207,364	10,160	5.15	1,259,588	12.94	9.86		
-200	-200	210,065	(5,249)	(2.44)	1,470,201	14.78	13.65	-200	212,890	15,686	7.95	1,334,324	13.30	16.38		
-300	-300	197,506	(17,808)	(8.27)	1,479,260	14.87	14.35	-300	212,482	15,278	7.75	1,368,384	13.64	19.35		
-400	-400	180,874	(34,440)	(16.00)	1,418,282	14.26	9.63	-400	202,205	5,001	2.54	1,336,418	13.32	16.56		

As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, based on the scenarios above, net interest income would increase decrease by approximately 0.36% 10.16% if rates were to rise 200 basis points, and would decrease increase by 2.44% 7.95% if rates were to decrease 200 basis points over a one-year time horizon.

Another measure of interest rate sensitivity is to model changes in net portfolio value through the use of immediate and sustained interest rate shocks. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, based on the scenarios above, in the event of an immediate and sustained 200 basis point increase in interest rates, the NPV is projected to decrease 18.75% 20.48%. If rates were to decrease 200 basis points, the model forecasts a 13.65% 16.38% increase in the NPV.

Overall, our June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 results indicate that we are adequately positioned with an acceptable net interest income and economic value at risk in all scenarios and that all interest rate risk results continue to be within our policy guidelines.

Liquidity Management and Capital Resources:

Liquidity Management. Liquidity refers to the Company's ability to generate adequate amounts of cash to meet financial obligations of a short-term and long-term nature. Sources of funds consist of deposit inflows, loan repayments and maturities, maturities and sales of securities, and the ability to execute new borrowings. While maturities and scheduled amortization of loans and securities are predictable sources of funds, deposit flows, calls of debt securities, and prepayments on loans and mortgage-backed securities are influenced by economic conditions, competition, and interest rate movements.

The Company's cash flows are identified as cash flows from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities. Refer to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for further details of the cash inflows and outflows of the Company.

We mitigate liquidity risk by attempting to structure our balance sheet prudently and by maintaining diverse borrowing resources to fund potential cash needs. For example, we structure our balance sheet so that we fund less liquid assets, such as loans, with stable funding sources, such as retail deposits, long-term debt, wholesale borrowings, and capital. We assess liquidity needs arising from asset growth, maturing obligations, and deposit withdrawals, taking into account operations in both the normal course of business and times of unusual events. In addition, we consider our off-balance sheet arrangements and commitments that may impact liquidity in certain business environments.

Our Asset/Liability Committee measures liquidity risks, sets policies to manage these risks, and reviews adherence to those policies at its quarterly meetings. For example, we manage the use of short-term unsecured borrowings as well as total wholesale funding through policies established and reviewed by our Asset/Liability Committee. In addition, the Risk Committee of our Board of Directors reviews liquidity limits, and reviews current and forecasted liquidity positions at each of its regularly scheduled meetings.

We have contingency funding plans that assess liquidity needs that may arise from certain stress events such as rapid asset growth or financial market disruptions. Our contingency plans also provide for continuous monitoring of net borrowed funds and dependence and available sources of contingent liquidity. These sources of contingent liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, capacity to borrow at the Federal Reserve discount window or the Bank Term Funding Program and through the FHLB system, fed funds purchased from other banks and the ability to sell, pledge or borrow against unencumbered securities in our securities

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portfolio. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the potential liquidity from these sources is an amount we believe currently exceeds any contingent liquidity need.

Capital Resources. The Company and its subsidiary banks (Columbia Bank and Freehold Bank) are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking regulators, including a risk-based capital measure. The Federal Reserve establishes capital requirements, including well capitalized standards, for the consolidated financial holding company, and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (the "OCC") has similar requirements for the Company's subsidiary banks. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

Federal regulators require federally insured depository institutions to meet several minimum capital standards: (1) total capital to risk-weighted assets of 8.0%; (2) tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 6.0%; (3) common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets of 4.5%; and (4) tier 1 capital to adjusted total assets of 4.0%. In addition to establishing the minimum regulatory capital requirements, the regulations limit capital distributions and certain discretionary bonus payments to management if the institution does not hold a "capital conservation buffer" consisting of 0.0% 2.5% of common equity tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets above the amount necessary to meet its minimum risk-based capital requirements. The regulators established a framework for the classification of savings institutions into five categories: well capitalized, adequately capitalized, undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized, and critically undercapitalized. Generally, an institution is considered well capitalized if it has: a total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio of at least 10.5%, a tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets ratio of at least 8.5%, a common tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets ratio of at least 7.0%, and a tier 1 capital to adjusted total assets ratio of at least 4.0%. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, each of the Company and the banks Columbia Bank and Freehold Bank exceeded all capital adequacy requirements to which it was subject.

The following tables presents the Company's, Columbia Bank's and Freehold Bank's actual capital amounts and ratios at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 compared to the Federal Reserve Bank minimum capital adequacy requirements and the Federal Reserve Bank requirements for classification as a well-capitalized institution:

	Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirements with Capital Conservation Buffer				Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirements with Capital Conservation Buffer		
	Actual	Minimum Requirements	To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions		Actual	Minimum Requirements	To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions

		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Company	Company	(In thousands, except ratio data)								Company	(In thousands, except ratio data)							
At June 30, 2023:																		
At September 30, 2023:										At September 30, 2023:								
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,104,502	14.06 %	\$628,334	8.00 %	\$824,688	10.50 %		N/A	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,100,669	13.91 %	\$633,028	8.00 %	\$830,849	10.50 %		N/A
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,044,849	13.30	471,250	6.00	667,605	8.50		N/A	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,040,960	13.16	474,771	6.00	672,592	8.50		N/A
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,037,632	13.21	353,438	4.50	549,792	7.00		N/A	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,033,743	13.06	356,078	4.50	553,900	7.00		N/A
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	1,044,849	10.16	411,239	4.00	411,239	4.00		N/A	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	1,040,960	10.25	406,283	4.00	406,283	4.00		N/A
At December 31, 2022:										At December 31, 2022:								
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,145,331	15.39 %	\$595,313	8.00 %	\$781,348	10.50 %		N/A	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,145,331	15.39 %	\$595,313	8.00 %	\$781,348	10.50 %		N/A
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,085,665	14.59	446,485	6.00	632,520	8.50		N/A	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,085,665	14.59	446,485	6.00	632,520	8.50		N/A
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,078,448	14.49	334,863	4.50	520,899	7.00		N/A	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	1,078,448	14.49	334,863	4.50	520,899	7.00		N/A
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	1,085,665	10.68	406,643	4.00	406,643	4.00		N/A	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	1,085,665	10.68	406,643	4.00	406,643	4.00		N/A

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

		Columbia Bank								Columbia Bank																									
						Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirements with Capital Conservation Buffer				To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions								Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirements with Capital Conservation Buffer				To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions													
		Actual		Requirements		Requirements		Buffer		Requirements		Requirements		Buffer		Provisions		Actual		Requirements		Requirements		Buffer		Provisions									
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio								
Columbia Bank	Columbia Bank	(In thousands, except ratio data)																Columbia Bank	(In thousands, except ratio data)																
At June 30, 2023:																																			
At September 30, 2023:																		At September 30, 2023:																	
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,005,494	13.80 %	\$582,781	8.00 %	\$764,901	10.50 %	\$728,477	10.00 %	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,011,926	13.86 %	\$584,221	8.00 %	\$766,790	10.50 %	\$730,276	10.00 %																	
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	947,180	13.00	437,086	6.00	619,205	8.50	582,781	8.00	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	953,543	13.06	438,165	6.00	620,734	8.50	584,221	8.00																	
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	947,180	13.00	327,815	4.50	509,934	7.00	473,510	6.50	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	953,543	13.06	328,624	4.50	511,193	7.00	474,679	6.50																	
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	947,180	9.49	399,327	4.00	399,327	4.00	499,158	5.00	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	953,543	9.67	394,613	4.00	394,613	4.00	493,267	5.00																	
At December 31, 2022:																		At December 31, 2022:																	
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,019,850	14.12 %	\$577,656	8.00 %	\$758,173	10.50 %	\$722,070	10.00 %	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$1,019,850	14.12 %	\$577,656	8.00 %	\$758,173	10.50 %	\$722,070	10.00 %																	
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	961,613	13.32	433,242	6.00	613,759	8.50	577,656	8.00	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	961,613	13.32	433,242	6.00	613,759	8.50	577,656	8.00																	
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	961,613	13.32	324,931	4.50	505,449	7.00	469,345	6.50	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	961,613	13.32	324,931	4.50	505,449	7.00	469,345	6.50																	

Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	961,613	9.74	394,968	4.00	394,968	4.00	493,711	5.00	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	961,613	9.74	394,968	4.00	394,968	4.00	493,711	5.0
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		Actual				Minimum Capital Adequacy Requirements				Minimum Capital Adequacy with Capital Conservation Buffer				To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions				
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	
Freehold Bank	Freehold Bank	(In thousands, except ratio data)																
At June 30, 2023:																		
At September 30, 2023:																		
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 45,111	22.60 %	\$ 15,972	8.00 %	\$ 20,963	10.50 %	\$ 19,965	10.00 %	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 45,210	22.24 %	\$ 16,265	8.00 %	\$ 21,347	10.50 %	\$ 20,331	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,740	21.91	11,979	6.00	16,970	8.50	15,972	8.00	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,850	21.57	12,198	6.00	17,281	8.50	16,265	8.00
Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,740	21.91	8,984	4.50	13,975	7.00	12,977	6.50	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,850	21.57	9,149	4.50	14,231	7.00	13,215	6.50
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	43,740	15.33	11,415	4.00	11,415	4.00	14,269	5.00	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	43,850	15.27	11,484	4.00	11,484	4.00	14,355	5.00
At December 31, 2022:																		
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 44,725	22.92 %	\$ 15,609	8.00 %	\$ 20,486	10.50 %	\$ 19,511	10.00 %	Total capital (to risk-weighted assets)	\$ 44,725	22.92 %	\$ 15,609	8.00 %	\$ 20,486	10.50 %	\$ 19,511	10.00 %
Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,298	22.19	11,706	6.00	16,584	8.50	15,609	8.00	Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,298	22.19	11,706	6.00	16,584	8.50	15,609	8.00

Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,298	22.19	8,780	4.50	13,657	7.00	12,682	6.50	Common equity tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets)	43,298	22.19	8,780	4.50	13,657	7.00	12,682	6.50
Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	43,298	15.19	11,399	4.00	11,399	4.00	14,249	5.00	Tier 1 capital (to adjusted total assets)	43,298	15.19	11,399	4.00	11,399	4.00	14,249	5.00

COLUMBIA FINANCIAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. In designing and evaluating the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, the Company and its management recognize that any controls and procedures, no matter how well-designed and operated, can provide only a reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

During the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various legal actions and claims arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, these legal actions and claims are not expected to have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial condition.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

For information regarding the Company's risk factors, refer to the Risk Factors previously disclosed under Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 1, 2023. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the risk factors of the Company have not materially changed from those disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table reports information regarding repurchases of the Company's common stock, excluding excise tax during the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**:

Period	Total Number of Shares (2)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1 - 30, 2023	978,724	\$ 18.46	971,100	—
May 1 - 31, 2023	60,000	16.15	60,000	1,940,000
June 1 - 30, 2023	178,801	17.62	176,000	1,764,000
Total	1,217,525	\$ 18.07	1,207,100	

(1) On December 14, 2022, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the Company's fifth stock repurchase program to acquire up to 3,000,000 shares, or approximately 2.7%, of the Company's then issued and outstanding common stock, which was completed in April 2023. On May 25, 2023, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the Company's sixth stock repurchase program to acquire up to 2,000,000 shares, or approximately 1.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding common stock.

(2) During the three months ended June 30, 2023, 10,425 shares were repurchased pursuant to forfeitures and not as part of a share repurchase program.

Period	Total Number of Shares (2)	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 - 31, 2023	186,489	\$ 17.83	167,640	1,596,360
August 1 - 31, 2023	275,099	17.41	275,099	1,321,261
September 1 - 30, 2023	91,309	15.87	75,800	1,245,461
Total	552,897	\$ 17.29	518,539	

(1) On May 25, 2023, the Company announced that its Board of Directors authorized the Company's sixth stock repurchase program to acquire up to 2,000,000 shares, or approximately 1.9% of the Company's then issued and outstanding common stock.

(2) During the three months ended September 30, 2023, 18,849 shares were repurchased for taxes related to the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan and 15,509 shares were repurchased pursuant to forfeitures and not as part of a share repurchase program.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not Applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

During the fiscal quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, none of our directors or officers informed us of the adoption or termination of a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as those terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the Exhibit Index (following the signatures section of this report) are included in, or incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit Index

31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.0	The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report to Stockholders on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 , formatted in inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (vi) the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.
101. INS	The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101. SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101. CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101. DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101. LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101. PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this quarterly report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Columbia Financial, Inc.

Date: **August** **November 9, 2023**

/s/Thomas J. Kemly
 Thomas J. Kemly
 President and Chief Executive Officer
 (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: **August** **November 9, 2023**

/s/Dennis E. Gibney
 Dennis E. Gibney
 Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
 (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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Section 2: EX-31.1 (EXHIBIT 31.1)

Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Thomas J. Kemly, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Columbia Financial, Inc.

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August November 9, 2023

/s/Thomas J. Kemly

Thomas J. Kemly

President and Chief Executive Officer

Section 3: EX-31.2 (EXHIBIT 31.2)

Certification Pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a)

Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Dennis E. Gibney, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Columbia Financial, Inc.
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

accepted accounting principles;

- c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:

- a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August November 9, 2023

/s/Dennis E. Gibney

Dennis E. Gibney

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Section 4: EX-32 (Exhibit 32)

Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Thomas J. Kemly, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Dennis E. Gibney, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Columbia Financial Inc. (the "Company"), each certify in his capacity as an officer of the Company that he has reviewed the quarterly report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and that to the best of his knowledge:

(1) the report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August November 9, 2023

/s/Thomas J. Kemly

Thomas J. Kemly

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August November 9, 2023

/s/Dennis E. Gibney

Dennis E. Gibney

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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