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less allowances of \$1,451 and \$1,204 at January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024, respectively. 112,975, 78,819 Costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, current portion, net10,544 11,565 Prepaid expenses and other current assets15,171 16,957 Total current assets250,775 228,751 Property and equipment, net79,145 76,785 Operating lease right-of-use assets, net19,261 15,928 Costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, noncurrent, net17,425 19,137 Goodwill838,869 908,000 Intangible assets, net115,572 135,524 Investments (related party) \$2,500 at January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024 9,294 9,294 Long-term prepaid expenses and other assets10,089 15,328 Total assets\$1,340,430 1,408,747 Liabilities, redeemable non-controlling interest, and stockholders' equityCurrent liabilitiesAccounts payable\$11,842 11,137 Accrued compensation and benefits16,283 11,555 Accrued expenses and other current liabilities10,847 7,930 Deferred revenue, current portion170,941 172,038 Financing obligations, current portion1,474 1,567 Operating lease liabilities, current portion3,649 4,750 Total current liabilities215,036 210,977 Operating lease liabilities, noncurrent16,423 12,508 Deferred income taxes, noncurrent3,687 11,196 Deferred revenue, noncurrent 569 Revolving credit facility, noncurrent 40,000 Financing obligations, noncurrent52,680 51,865 Other long-term liabilities 2,644 Total liabilities287,826 329,759 Commitments and contingencies (Note 12) Redeemable non-controlling interest (Note 3), 428 4,133 Stockholders' equityPreferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized, and none issued and outstanding as of January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024 6 6 Common stock, \$0.0005 par value; 500,000 shares authorized as of January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024 113,684,299 and 115,387,309 shares issued and outstanding as of January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024, respectively57 58 Additional paid-in capital1,400,881 1,439,245 Accumulated other comprehensive income96 1,407 Accumulated deficit(352,758)(365,855)Total stockholders' equity1,049,176 1,074,855 Total liabilities, redeemable non-controlling interest, and stockholders' equity\$1,340,430 1,408,747 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. 1 Table of ContentsCino, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS(In thousands, except share and per share data)(Unaudited)Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, 2023202420232024RevenuesSubscriptions\$99,897 113,911 \$197,237 224,317 Professional services and other17,339 18,492 36,713 36,173 Total revenues117,236 132,403 230,908 260,490 Cost of revenuesSubscription29,719 33,367 58,766 65,147 Professional services and other18,328 20,564 35,359 39,964 Total cost of revenues48,047 53,931 94,235 105,111 Gross profit69,189 78,472 136,673 155,379 Operating expensesSales and marketing32,164 31,713 62,105 59,758 Research and development29,889 34,271 58,084 64,252 General and administrative21,930 20,394 39,905 42,938 Total operating expenses83,983 86,378 160,094 166,948 Loss from operations(14,794)(7,906)(23,421)(11,569)Non-operating income (expense)Interest income835 321 1,372 926 Interest expense(1,044)(1,835)(2,423)(3,312)Other income (expense), net469 150 (313)(594)Loss before income taxes(14,534)(9,270)(24,785)(14,549)Income tax provision (benefit)1,545 1,753 2,938 (1,229)Net loss(16,079)(11,023)(27,723)(13,320)Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest (Note 3)(268)(58)(548)(223)Adjustment attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest (Note 3)73 75 (48)91 Net loss attributable to nCino, Inc. \$(15,884) \$(11,040) \$(27,127) \$(14,016) Net loss per share attributable to nCino, Inc.: Basic and diluted \$(0.14) \$(0.10) \$(0.24) \$(0.12) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: Basic and diluted 112,396 115,180 130 114,694 001 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. 2 Table of ContentsCino, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS(In thousands)(Unaudited)Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, 2023202420232024Net loss \$(16,079) \$(11,023) \$(27,723) \$(13,320) Other comprehensive income: Foreign currency translation 26 54 140 409 Other comprehensive income 26 54 140 409 Comprehensive loss (16,053) (10,483) (27,583) (12,911) Less comprehensive loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest: Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest (268) (58) (548) (223) Foreign currency translation attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest 5 10 (2) Comprehensive loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest (263) (53) (550) (213) Comprehensive loss attributable to nCino, Inc. \$(15,785) \$(10,430) \$(27,025) \$(12,686) The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. 3 Table of ContentsCino, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY(In thousands, except share data)(Unaudited)Three Months Ended July 31, 2023Common StockAdditional Paid-in CapitalOther Comprehensive Income (Loss)Accumulated DeficitTotal SharesAmountBalance, April 30, 2023112,200,481 566 1,346,250 818 321,705 1,025,419 Exercise of stock options93,150 607 607 607 Stock issuance upon vesting of restricted stock units247,945 607 607 607 Stock issuance under the employee stock purchase plan120,084 607 607 607 Stock-based compensation 15,275 15,275 Other comprehensive income 835 321 1,372 926 Net loss attributable to nCino, Inc., including adjustment to redeemable non-controlling interest 73 75 (48)91 Balance, July 31, 2023112,661,660 566 1,364,757 844 337,516 1,028,141 Three Months Ended July 31, 2024Common StockAdditional Paid-in CapitalOther Comprehensive Income (Loss)Accumulated DeficitTotal SharesAmountBalance, April 30, 2024114,339,887 571 1,417,838 872 354,890 1,063,877 Exercise of stock options13,411 136 136 136 Stock issuance upon vesting of restricted stock units940,029 1 1 Stock issuance under the employee stock purchase plan93,982 514 514 Stock-based compensation 18,833 18,833 Other comprehensive income 535 535 Net loss attributable to nCino, Inc., including adjustment to redeemable non-controlling interest 75 75 (10,965) (10,965) Balance, July 31, 2024115,387,309 581 1,439,245 1,407 365,855 1,074,855 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. 4 Table of ContentsCino, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY(In thousands, except share data)(Unaudited)Six Months Ended July 31, 2023Common StockAdditional Paid-in CapitalOther Comprehensive Income (Loss)Accumulated DeficitTotal SharesAmountBalance, January 31, 2023112,424,132 566 1,333,669 694 310,341 1,024,078 Exercise of stock options340,668 607 607 607 Stock issuance upon vesting of restricted stock units776,776 607 607 607 Stock issuance under the employee stock purchase plan120,084 607 607 607 Stock-based compensation 26,134 26,134 Other comprehensive income 150 150 Net loss attributable to nCino, Inc., including adjustment to redeemable non-controlling interest 48 48 (27,175) (27,175) Balance, July 31, 2023112,661,660 566 1,364,757 844 337,516 1,028,141 Six Months Ended July 31, 2024Common StockAdditional Paid-in CapitalOther Comprehensive Income (Loss)Accumulated DeficitTotal SharesAmountBalance, January 31, 2024114,684,299 571 1,400,881 996 352,758 1,049,176 Exercise of stock options212,711 136 136 136 Stock issuance upon vesting of restricted stock units1,396,314 1 1 Stock issuance under the employee stock purchase plan93,982 514 514 Stock-based compensation 15,033 15,033 Other comprehensive income 411 411 Net loss attributable to nCino, Inc., including adjustment to redeemable non-controlling interest 91 91 (13,097) (13,097) Balance, July 31, 2024115,387,309 581 1,439,245 1,407 365,855 1,074,855 The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. 5 Table of ContentsCino, Inc. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS(In thousands)(Unaudited)Six Months Ended July 31, 20232024Cash flows from operating activitiesNet loss attributable to nCino, Inc. \$(27,127) \$(14,016) Net loss and adjustment attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest (596) 696 Net loss (27,723) (13,320) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 18,297 17,219 Non-cash operating lease costs 2,421 2,715 Amortization of costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts 4,869 5,645 Amortization of debt issuance costs 92 314 Stock-based compensation 26 146 35,044 Deferred income taxes 790 (2,656) Provision for bad debt 756 25 Net foreign currency losses (gains) (38) 392 Loss on disposal of long-lived assets 1,414 30 Change in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable 1,446 37,778 Costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts (3,002) (8,382) Prepaid expenses and other assets 1,051 (2,430) Accounts payable (1,406) 768 Accrued expenses and other liabilities (9,313) (8,645) Deferred revenue 13,772 (2,572) Operating lease liabilities (2,035) (2,201) Net cash provided by operating activities 43,267 59,441 Cash flows from investing activitiesAcquisition of business, net of cash acquired 90,839 Acquisition of assets (356) (300) Purchases of property and equipment (2,464) (786) Net cash used in investing activities (2,820) (91,925) Cash flows from financing activitiesProceeds from borrowings on revolving credit facility 75,000 Payments on revolving credit facility (30,000) (35,000) Payments of debt issuance costs 370 Exercise of stock options 2,044 1,737 Stock issuance under the employee stock purchase plan 2,698 2,514 Principal payments on financing obligations (564) (722) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (25,662) 43,159 Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash 1,664 (1,354) Net increase in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash 15,951 9,321 Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period 87,418 117,444 Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period 103,369 126,765 Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period: Cash and cash equivalents \$98,003 121,410 Restricted cash included in prepaid expenses and other current assets 1,624 6 Restricted cash included in long-term prepaid

period\$876Â \$1,204Â \$876Â \$1,204Â Investments: The Company's investments are non-marketable equity investments without readily determinable fair value and for which the Company does not have control or significant influence. The investments are measured at cost with adjustments for observable changes in price or impairment as permitted by the measurement alternative. The Company assesses at each reporting period if the investments continue to qualify for the measurement alternative. Gains or losses resulting from 9Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)observable price changes are recognized currently in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. The Company assesses the investments whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the investments may not be recoverable.Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted: In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. The guidance includes amendments to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 on a retrospective basis, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Companyâ€™s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. The guidance includes amendments to enhance existing income tax disclosure requirements, primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid disclosures. The ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024 on a prospective basis with the option to apply the ASU retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of this standard will have on the Companyâ€™s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.NoteÂ 3. Variable Interest Entity and Redeemable Non-Controlling InterestIn October 2019, the Company entered into an agreement with Japan Cloud Computing, L.P. and M30 LLC (collectively, the â€œInvestorsâ€) to engage in the investment, organization, management, and operation of nCino K.K. that is focused on the distribution of the Companyâ€™s products in Japan. In October 2019, the Company initially contributed \$4.7 million in cash in exchange for 51% of the outstanding common stock of nCino K.K. As of JulyÂ 31, 2024, the Company controls a majority of the outstanding common stock in nCinoÂ K.K. In October 2023, the Company made a further investment in nCino K.K. of \$1.0 million that, including additional investments in nCino K.K. of \$1.0 million by existing third-party investors in October 2023, maintained the Company's ownership of 51%.All of the common stock held by the Investors is callable by the Company or puttable by the Investors at the option of the Investors or at the option of the Company beginning on the eighth anniversary of the agreement with the Investors. Should the call or put option be exercised, the redemption value would be determined based on a prescribed formula derived from the discrete revenues of nCino K.K. and the Company and may be settled, at the Companyâ€™s discretion, with Company stock or cash or a combination of the foregoing. As a result of the put right available to the Investors, the redeemable non-controlling interests in nCino K.K. are classified outside of permanent equity in the Companyâ€™s unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The following table summarizes the activity in the redeemable non-controlling interests for the period indicated below:Three Months Ended July 31,Six Months Ended July 31,2023202420232024Balance, beginning of period\$3,184Â \$4,105Â \$3,589Â \$3,428Â Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest (including adjustment to non-controlling interest) (268) (58) (223) Foreign currency translationâ€™Â 5Â (10) (2) Adjustment to redeemable non-controlling interest\$73Â 75Â (48) 919Â Stock-based compensation expense\$16Â 6Â 12Â 11Â Balance, end of period\$2,995Â \$4,133Â \$2,995Â \$4,133Â 1 nCino K.K. stock options granted in accordance with nCino K.K.'s equity incentive plan.10Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)NoteÂ 4. Fair Value MeasurementsFinancial Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring BasisThe Company uses a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value:LevelÂ 1. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.LevelÂ 2. Significant other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.LevelÂ 3. Significant unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity. The carrying amounts of cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximate fair value as of JanuaryÂ 31, 2024 and JulyÂ 31, 2024 because of the relatively short duration of these instruments. The carrying amount of any outstanding borrowings on the Company's revolving credit facility approximates fair value due to the variable interest rates of the borrowings.The Company evaluated its financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements on a recurring basis to determine the appropriate level in which to classify them for each reporting period. The following table summarizes the Companyâ€™s financial assets measured at fair value as of JanuaryÂ 31, 2024 and JulyÂ 31, 2024 and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation:Fair value measurements on a recurring basis as of January 31, 2024LevelÂ 1LevelÂ 2LevelÂ 3Assets:Money market accounts (included in cash and cash equivalents)\$38,649Â \$â€™Â \$â€™Â Time deposits (included in long-term prepaid expenses and other assets)\$359Â â€™Â â€™Â Total assets\$39,008Â \$â€™Â \$â€™Â Fair value measurements on a recurring basis as of July 31, 2024LevelÂ 1LevelÂ 2LevelÂ 3Assets:Money market accounts (included in cash and cash equivalents)\$30,480Â \$â€™Â \$â€™Â Time deposits (included in long-term prepaid expenses and other assets)\$355Â â€™Â â€™Â Total assets\$30,835Â \$â€™Â \$â€™Â All of the Companyâ€™s money market accounts are classified within LevelÂ 1 because the Companyâ€™s money market accounts are valued using quoted market prices in active exchange markets including identical assets.Financial Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring BasisThe Company's assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis include the investments accounted for under the measurement alternative. There was no adjustment or impairment recognized for the three and six months ended JulyÂ 31, 2023 and 2024.11Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)NoteÂ 5. RevenuesRevenues by Geographic AreaRevenues by geographic region were as follows:Three Months Ended July 31,Six Months Ended July 31,2023202420232024United States\$95,315Â \$104,925Â \$189,761Â \$207,166Â International\$21,921Â \$1,147Â \$5,324Â \$117,236Â \$132,403Â \$230,908Â \$260,490Â The Company disaggregates its revenues from contracts with customers by geographic location. Revenues by geography are determined based on the region of the Companyâ€™s contracting entity, which may be different than the region of the customer. For the three and six months ended JulyÂ 31, 2023 and 2024, no country outside the United States represented 10% or more of total revenues.Contract AmountsAccounts ReceivableAccounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts, is as follows as of JanuaryÂ 31, 2024 and JulyÂ 31, 2024:As of January 31, 2024As of July 31, 2024Trade accounts receivable\$106,170Â \$78,411Â Unbilled accounts receivable\$7,699Â 12,520Â Allowance for doubtful accounts(1,451) (1,204) Other accounts receivable\$57Â 1,092Â Total accounts receivable, net\$112,975Â \$78,19Â Deferred Revenue and Remaining Performance ObligationsSignificant movements in the deferred revenue balance during the period consisted of increases due to payments received or due in advance prior to the transfer of control of the underlying performance obligations to the customer, which were offset by decreases due to revenues recognized in the period. During the six months endedÂ JulyÂ 31, 2024, \$134.3 million of revenues were recognized out of the deferred revenue balance as of JanuaryÂ 31, 2024.Remaining performance obligations were \$1.04 billion as ofÂ JulyÂ 31, 2024. The Company expects to recognize approximately 67% of its remaining performance obligation as revenues in the next 24 months, approximately 27% more in the following 25 to 48 months, and the remainder thereafter.12Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)NoteÂ 6. Property and EquipmentProperty and equipment, net consisted of the following:As of January 31, 2024As of July 31, 2024Furniture and fixtures\$12,066Â \$12,003Â Computers and equipment\$8,010Â 7,477Â Buildings and land\$56,379Â 56,379Â Leasehold improvements\$27,712Â 27,714Â Construction in progress\$170Â 611Â 104,337Â 104,184Â Less accumulated depreciation(25,192) (27,399) \$76,785Â The Company recognized depreciation expense as follows:Three Months Ended July 31,Six Months Ended July 31,2023202420232024Cost of subscription revenues\$150Â \$121Â \$287Â \$242Â Cost of professional services and other revenues\$474Â 327Â 918Â 669Â Sales and marketing\$454Â 323Â 884Â 665Â Research and development\$747Â 619Â 1,470Â 1,228Â General and administrative\$306Â 190Â 589Â 384Â Total depreciation expense\$2,122Â \$1,580Â \$4,148Â \$3,188Â NoteÂ 7. Business CombinationsDocFox, Inc. (â€œDocFoxâ€)On March 20, 2024 (the "DocFox Acquisition Date"), the Company acquired through a merger the outstanding equity interests of DocFox, which provides a solution to automate onboarding experiences for commercial and business banking. The Company acquired DocFox for its complementary product set, which helps simplify and automate the onboarding and account opening process. The Company has included the financial results of DocFox in the consolidated statements of operations from the DocFox Acquisition Date. Including the \$2.0 million in post combination expense referenced below, transaction costs associated with the DocFox acquisition were approximately \$3.9 million and were recorded in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended April 30, 2024.The Company paid a total of \$74.3 million in cash as of the DocFox Acquisition Date. Included in the total cash paid was \$6.2 million for DocFox common stock options that were cash settled on the DocFox Acquisition Date. The \$6.2 million fair value of the DocFox common stock options was allocated between consideration transferred and post combination expense in the amounts of \$4.2 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. As there was no future service requirement due to accelerated vesting of these options, the entire \$2.0 million was recorded as transaction cost immediately following the acquisition and not in consideration transferred. The \$2.0 million is included within general and administrative expense for the three months ended April 30, 2024. The estimated fair value of the consideration transferred was \$72.4 million on the DocFox Acquisition Date.In addition, the Company issued 198,505 RSUs with an approximate fair value of \$6.1 million to certain employees of DocFox, which will vest over four years subject to such employees' continued employment. The RSUs will be recorded as stock-based compensation expense post-acquisition as the RSUs vest and has been excluded from the purchase consideration.13Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)The following table summarizes the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the DocFox Acquisition Date:Fair ValueCash and cash equivalents\$1,400Â Accounts receivable1,898Â Operating lease right-of-use assets, net405Â Other current and noncurrent assets444Â Intangible assets24,600Â Goodwill57,430Â Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities, current and noncurrent(3,495) Deferred revenue, current and noncurrent(3,505) Operating lease liabilities, current and noncurrent(405) Deferred income taxes(6,407) Net assets acquired\$72,365Â The transaction was accounted for using the acquisition method and, as a result, tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at their estimated fair values at the DocFox Acquisition Date. Any excess consideration over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed was recognized as goodwill and is subject to revision as the purchase price allocation is complete. The Company determined the acquisition date contract assets and liabilities in accordance with ASC 606.Due to the timing of the transaction, initial accounting for the acquisition is not complete, and further measurement period adjustments may occur in fiscal year 2025, but no later than one year from the DocFox Acquisition Date. The Company has estimated the preliminary fair value of net assets acquired based on information currently available and with the assistance of independent third-party valuations and will continue to adjust those estimates as additional information becomes available, valuations are finalized and the tax returns for the pre-acquisition period are completed. The primary areas of the acquisition accounting that remain preliminary relate to, but are not limited to, (i) finalizing the review and valuation of intangible assets (including key assumptions, inputs and estimates), (ii) finalizing the Company's review of certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed, (iii) finalizing the evaluation and valuation of certain legal matters and/or loss contingencies, including those that the Company may not yet be aware of but meet the requirement to qualify as a pre-acquisition contingency, (iv) finalizing our estimate of the impact of acquisition accounting on deferred income taxes or liabilities, including uncertain tax positions, and (v) finalizing the Companyâ€™s review of the acquired contracts and related contract assets and liabilities. As the initial acquisition accounting is based on preliminary assessments, actual values may differ materially when final information becomes available. The Company believes the information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company will continue to evaluate these items until they are satisfactorily resolved and make necessary adjustments, within the allowable measurement period.The following table sets forth the components of the preliminary fair value of identifiable intangible assets and their estimated useful lives over which the acquired intangible assets will be amortized on a straight-line basis, as this approximates the pattern in which economic benefits of the assets are consumed as of the DocFox Acquisition Date:Fair ValueUseful LifeTrade name\$200Â 1 yearCustomer relationships16,400Â 10 yearsDeveloped technology8,000Â 5 yearsTotal intangible assets subject to amortization\$24,600Â Developed technology represents the preliminary fair value of DocFox's technology. Customer relationships represent the preliminary fair value of the underlying relationships with DocFox's customers. Trade names represents the preliminary fair value of DocFoxâ€™s company name. The Company continues to assess the rates used in the preliminary 14Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)valuation methods such as, but not limited to, the discount rates for developed technology, customer relationships and trade name and customer attrition rate for customer relationships.Goodwill is primarily attributable to expanded market opportunities, synergies expected from the acquisition, and assembled workforce. The goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax. The financial results of DocFox since the DocFox Acquisition Date are included in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and are not material to the Company. The Company has not disclosed pro-forma revenue and earnings attributable to DocFox as they did not have a material effect on the Companyâ€™s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.Integrated Lending Technologies, LLC (â€œILLTâ€)On April 1, 2024 (the "ILT Acquisition Dateâ€), the Company acquired all outstanding membership interests of ILT, which provides consumer loan origination software that streamlines direct and indirect lending operations. The Company acquired ILT for its complementary products and believes this will provide greater value for new and existing customers. The Company has included the financial results of ILT in the consolidated statements of operations from the ILT Acquisition Date. Transaction costs associated with the ILT acquisition were approximately \$0.9 million and were recorded in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended April 30, 2024.The fair value of the consideration transferred was \$19.9 million and paid in cash on the ILT Acquisition Date, subject to a net working capital adjustment. The net working capital adjustment was finalized in July 2024, resulting in an increase to the purchase price of \$0.1 million which was recorded to goodwill.The following table summarizes the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of JulyÂ 31, 2024:Fair ValueCash and cash equivalents\$164Â Accounts receivable\$343Â Intangible assets\$8,660Â Goodwill\$11,111Â Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities, current and noncurrent(240) Net assets acquired\$20,038Â The transaction was accounted for using the acquisition method and, as a result, tangible and intangible assets acquired, and liabilities assumed were recorded at their estimated fair values at the ILT Acquisition Date. Any excess consideration over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed was recognized as goodwill and is subject to revision as the purchase price allocation is completed. The Company determined the acquisition date contract assets and liabilities in accordance with ASC 606.Due to the timing of the transaction, initial accounting for the acquisition is not complete, and further measurement period adjustments may occur in fiscal year 2025, but no later than one year from the ILT Acquisition Date. The Company has estimated the preliminary fair value of net assets acquired based on information currently available and with the assistance of independent third-party valuations and will continue to adjust those estimates as additional information becomes available and valuations are finalized. The primary areas of the acquisition accounting that remain preliminary relate to, but are not limited to, (i) finalizing the review and valuation of intangible assets (including key assumptions, inputs and estimates), (ii) finalizing the Company's review of certain assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and (iii) finalizing the Companyâ€™s review of the acquired contracts and related contract assets and liabilities. As the initial acquisition accounting is based on preliminary assessments, actual values may differ materially when final information becomes available. The Company believes the information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the preliminary fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The Company will continue to evaluate these items until they are satisfactorily resolved and make necessary adjustments, within the allowable measurement period.15Table of ContentsCino, Inc.NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated)The following table sets forth the components of the preliminary fair value of identifiable intangible assets and their estimated useful lives over which the acquired intangible assets will be amortized on a straight-line basis, as this approximates the pattern in which economic benefits of the assets are consumed as of the ILT Acquisition Date:Fair ValueUseful LifeTrade name\$210Â 1 yearCustomer relationships5,870Â 10 yearsDeveloped technology2,580Â 5 yearsTotal intangible assets subject to amortization\$8,660Â Developed technology represents the preliminary estimated fair value of ILTâ€™s technology. Customer relationships represent the preliminary estimated fair value of the underlying relationships with ILTâ€™s customers. Trade name represents the preliminary estimated fair value of ILTâ€™s company name. The Company continues to assess the rates used in the preliminary valuation methods such as, but not limited to, the discount rates for developed technology, customer relationships and trade name and customer attrition rate for customer relationships.Goodwill is primarily attributable to expanded market opportunities, synergies expected from the

acquisition, and assembled and appraised approximately \$11.5 million is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. The financial results of ILT since the Acquisition Date are included in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and are not material to the Company. The Company has not disclosed pro-forma revenue and earnings attributable to ILT as they did not have a material effect on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Note A 8. Goodwill and Intangible Assets** Goodwill The change in the carrying amounts of goodwill was as follows: Balance, January 31, 2024 \$838,869 Acquisitions 68,541 Translation adjustments 590 Balance, July 31, 2024 \$908,000 Intangible assets Intangible assets, net are as follows: As of January 31, 2024 As of July 31, 2024

Gross Amount Accumulated Amortization Net Carrying Amount	Gross Amount Accumulated Amortization Net Carrying Amount
Developed technology \$83,468 (\$38,010) \$45,458	\$88,080
and trade name 14,624 (14,624) \$0	\$0
Other 919 (424) 495	1,369
(633) 736	\$190,715
(75,143) 115,572	\$204,109
(68,585) 135,524	\$204,109

During the six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company wrote off approximately \$20.6 million of fully amortized intangible assets and the corresponding accumulated amortization.

**Table of Contents** Cino, Inc. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated) The Company recognized amortization expense for intangible assets as follows: Three Months Ended July 31, 2024 Six Months Ended July 31, 2024

Cost of subscription revenues	1,90A	\$4,404	\$8,441	\$8,522
Cost of professional services and other revenues	83A	83A	165A	165A
Sales and marketing	2,771A	2,862A	5,543A	5,344A

Total amortization expense \$7,044A \$7,349A \$14,149A \$14,031A During the third quarter of fiscal 2024, the Company rebranded the SimpleNexus solution to Cino Mortgage, resulting in a change to the trade name useful life and recorded incremental amortization of \$10.1 million to fully amortize the remaining trade name intangible asset. The expected future amortization expense for intangible assets as of July 31, 2024 is as follows: Fiscal Year Ending January 31, 2025 (remaining) \$14,699A 2026 28,878A 2027 27,610A 2028 13,152A 2029 13,052A Thereafter 38,133A \$135,524A The expected amortization expense is an estimate. Actual amounts of amortization expense may differ from estimated amounts due to additional intangible asset acquisitions, changes in foreign currency exchange rates, impairment of intangible assets, future changes to expected asset lives of intangible assets, and other events.

**Note A 9. Stock-Based Compensation** Stock Options Stock option activity for the six months ended July 31, 2024 was as follows: Number of Shares Weighted Average Exercise Price Outstanding, January 31, 2024 21,212,704 \$7.14A Granted \$6.92A Expired or forfeited (1,375) 12,06A Exercised (212,711) 18.16A Outstanding, July 31, 2024 24,998,618 \$6.92A Fully vested or expected to vest, July 31, 2024 24,998,618 \$6.92A

**Table of Contents** Cino, Inc. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated) Restricted Stock Units RSU activity during the six months ended July 31, 2024 was as follows: Number of Shares Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Nonvested, January 31, 2024 24,998,618 \$6.92A Granted 2,558,830A 33.73A Vested (1,396,317) 33.58A Forfeited (426,301) 35.97A Nonvested, July 31, 2024 24,998,618 \$6.92A

Compensation expense related to non-vested RSUs was \$178.6 million, adjusted for estimated forfeitures, based on the estimated fair value of the Company's common stock at the time of grant. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.93 years.

**Employee Stock Purchase Plan** The first offering period for the Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") began on July 1, 2021 and ended on December 31, 2021. Thereafter, offering periods begin each year on January 1 and July 1. The fair value of ESPP shares during the six months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024 was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model based on assumptions as follows for ESPP awards: Six Months Ended July 31, 2023 2024 Expected life (in years) 0.500 0.500 Expected volatility 61.66% - 61.86% 38.70% - 38.91% Expected dividends 0.00% 0.00% Risk-free interest rate 4.77% - 5.33% 5.24% - 5.37% Stock-Based Compensation Expense Total stock-based compensation expense included in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations were as follows: Three Months Ended July 31, 2024 Six Months Ended July 31, 2024

Cost of subscription revenues	4,45A	\$793A	\$799A	\$1,355A
Cost of professional services and other revenues <td>2,460A<td>2,980A<td>4,089A<td>5,759A</td></td></td></td>	2,460A <td>2,980A<td>4,089A<td>5,759A</td></td></td>	2,980A <td>4,089A<td>5,759A</td></td>	4,089A <td>5,759A</td>	5,759A
Sales and marketing <td>3,830A<td>4,184A<td>7,041A<td>8,140A</td></td></td></td>	3,830A <td>4,184A<td>7,041A<td>8,140A</td></td></td>	4,184A <td>7,041A<td>8,140A</td></td>	7,041A <td>8,140A</td>	8,140A
Research and development <td>4,279A<td>5,286A<td>7,279A<td>9,512A</td></td></td></td>	4,279A <td>5,286A<td>7,279A<td>9,512A</td></td></td>	5,286A <td>7,279A<td>9,512A</td></td>	7,279A <td>9,512A</td>	9,512A
General and administrative <td>4,227A<td>5,596A<td>6,938A<td>10,278A</td></td></td></td>	4,227A <td>5,596A<td>6,938A<td>10,278A</td></td></td>	5,596A <td>6,938A<td>10,278A</td></td>	6,938A <td>10,278A</td>	10,278A

Total stock-based compensation expense \$15,281A \$18,839A \$26,146A \$35,044A

**Table of Contents** Cino, Inc. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated) **Note A 10. Leases** Operating Leases The Company leases its facilities and a portion of its equipment under various non-cancellable agreements, which expire at various times through December 2033, some of which include options to extend for up to five years. The components of lease expense were as follows: Three Months Ended July 31, 2024 Six Months Ended July 31, 2024

Operating lease expense	112A	58A	234A	148A
Total <th>1,897A</th> <th>\$2,097A</th> <th>\$3,785A</th> <th>\$4,144A</th>	1,897A	\$2,097A	\$3,785A	\$4,144A

Supplemental cash flow information related to operating leases were as follows: Six Months Ended July 31, 2023 2024 Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities \$2,231A \$2,212A Operating right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities 132A 810A Operating right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities disposed of \$1,947A The weighted-average remaining lease term and weighted-average discount rate for the Company's operating lease liabilities as of July 31, 2024 were 6.21 years and 6.8%, respectively. Future minimum lease payments as of July 31, 2024 were as follows: Fiscal Year Ending January 31, 2025 (remaining) \$2,176A 2026 2,065A 2027 2,284A 2028 2,777A 2029 2,715A Thereafter 6,489A Total lease liabilities 21,495A Less: imputed interest (4,237) Total lease obligations 17,258A Less: current obligations (4,750) Long-term lease obligations \$12,508A

**Table of Contents** Cino, Inc. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated) **Note A 11. Revolving Credit Facility** On February 11, 2022, the Company entered into a Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), by and among the Company, nCino OpCo (the "Borrower"), certain subsidiaries of the Company as guarantors, and Bank of America, N.A. as lender (the "Lender"), pursuant to which the Lender provided to the Borrower a senior secured revolving credit facility of up to \$50.0A million (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility includes borrowing capacity available for letters of credit subject to a sublimit of \$7.5A million. Any issuance of letters of credit will reduce the amount available under the Credit Facility. On February 9, 2024, the Company entered into a First Amendment to extend the existing maturity date of the Credit Facility provided for under the Credit Agreement to February 11, 2025. On March 17, 2024, the Company entered into the Second Amendment which increased our borrowing availability to \$100.0A million and extended the existing maturity date of the Credit Facility under the Credit Facility to March 17, 2029. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, at the Borrower's option, at: (i) a base rate equal to the greatest of (a) the Lender's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, and (c) the Term SOFR rate plus 1.00% (provided that the base rate shall not be less than 0.00%), plus a margin of 1.3125%; or (ii) the Term SOFR rate (provided that the Term SOFR shall not be less than 0.00%), plus a margin of 2.3125%, in each case with such margin subject to a step down based on achievement of a certain leverage ratio. The Company is also required to pay an unused commitment fee to the Lender of 0.30% of the average daily unutilized commitments (with a step down based on achievement of a certain leverage ratio). The Company must also pay customary letter of credit fees. The Company may repay amounts borrowed any time without penalty. Borrowings under the Credit Facility may be reborrowed. The Credit Agreement contains representations and warranties, affirmative, negative and financial covenants, and events of default that are customary for loans of this type. The financial covenants require the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis to maintain (i) a Consolidated Senior Secured Leverage Ratio not in excess of 2.50:1.00 as of the end of any fiscal quarter, and (ii) a Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio not less than 3.00:1.00 as of the end of any fiscal quarter beginning with the second quarter of fiscal year 2025. The Company is also required to maintain at least \$5.0A million of the Company's cash and/or marketable securities with the Lender which is considered restricted cash and is included in long-term prepaid expenses and other assets as of January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024 on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Credit Facility is guaranteed by the Company and each of its current and future material domestic subsidiaries (the "Guarantors") and secured by substantially all of the personal property, subject to customary exceptions, of the Borrower and the Guarantors, in each case, now owned or later acquired, including a pledge of all of the Borrower's capital stock, the capital stock of all of the Company's domestic subsidiaries, and 65% of the capital stock of foreign subsidiaries that are directly owned by the Borrower or a Guarantor. The Company had \$0.0 million and \$40.0 million outstanding and no letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility and was in compliance with all covenants as of January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024, respectively. As of July 31, 2024, the applicable interest rate was 7.38%. The available borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility was \$60.0A million as of July 31, 2024.

**Note A 12. Commitments and Contingencies** In addition to the operating lease commitments described in Note 10 "Leases", the Company has additional contractual commitments as described further below.

**Purchase Commitments** The Company's purchase commitments consist of non-cancellable agreements to purchase goods and services, primarily licenses and hosting services, entered into in the ordinary course of business.

**Table of Contents** Cino, Inc. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (In thousands, except share and per share amounts and unless otherwise indicated) **Financing Obligations** The Company's financing obligations consist of leases for the Company's headquarters and parking deck in which the Company is deemed the owner of for accounting purposes. The leases will be analyzed for applicable lease accounting upon expiration of the purchase option, if not exercised. Purchase commitments and future minimum lease payments required under financing obligations as of July 31, 2024 is as follows: Fiscal Year Ending January 31, 2025 (remaining) \$37,933A 2026 74,639A 2027 64,444A 2028 77,340A 2029 93,450A Thereafter 357A Total \$258,721A

**Residual financing obligations and assets** 49,476A Less: amount representing interest (6,913) Financing obligations \$53,432A A portion of the associated lease payments are recognized as interest expense and the remainder reduces the financing obligations. The weighted-average discount rate for the Company's financing obligations as of July 31, 2024 was 5.7%.

**Indemnification**

Europe, the Middle East, South Africa and Asia-Pacific. Throughout this market expansion, we broadened the nCino Bank Operating System by adding functionality for consumer lending, client onboarding, deposit account opening, analytics and artificial intelligence and machine learning. In fiscal 2020, we made two acquisitions as part of our strategy to build out our nIQ capabilities and we established our nCino K.K joint venture to facilitate our entry into the Japanese market. An acquisition in fiscal 2022 expanded our capabilities to the U.S. point-of-sale mortgage market. On March 20, 2024 (the "DocFox Acquisition Date"), we acquired DocFox, Inc. ("DocFox") which provides a solution for automating onboarding experiences for commercial and business banking, for an aggregate preliminary purchase price of \$74.3 million. We funded the purchase consideration with \$75.0 million borrowed under the Credit Facility as further described in Note 11 "Revolving Credit Facility" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We have included the financial results of DocFox in our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements from the DocFox Acquisition Date. We acquired Integrated Lending Technologies, LLC ("ILT") on April 1, 2024 (the "ILT Acquisition Date"), which provides consumer loan origination software that streamlines direct and indirect lending operations, for an aggregate purchase price of \$20.0 million in cash. We have included the financial results of ILT in our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements from the ILT Acquisition Date. See Note 7 "Business Combinations" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for more information on the DocFox and ILT acquisitions. We generally offer the nCino Bank Operating System on a subscription basis pursuant to non-cancellable multi-year contracts that typically range from three to five years, and we employ a "land and expand" business model. The nCino Bank Operating System is designed to scale with our customers, and once our solution is deployed, we seek to have our customers expand adoption within and across lines of business. We sell our solutions directly through our business development managers, account executives, field sales engineers, and customer success managers. Our sales efforts in the U.S. are organized around FIs based on size, whereas internationally, we focus our sales efforts by geography. As of July 31, 2024, we had 206 sales and sales support personnel in the U.S. and 88 sales and support personnel in offices outside the U.S. To help customers go live with our solutions, we offer professional services including configuration and implementation, training, and advisory services. For enterprise FIs, we generally work with system integration ("SI") partners such as Accenture, Deloitte, and PwC for the delivery of professional services for the nCino Bank Operating System. For regional FIs, we work with SIs such as West Monroe Partners, and for community banks, we work with SIs or perform configuration and implementation ourselves. We expect enterprise FIs to make up a greater proportion of our nCino Bank Operating System sales. For the three months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024, our total revenues were \$117.2 million and \$132.4 million, respectively, representing a 12.9% increase. For the three months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024, our subscription revenues were \$99.9 million and \$113.9 million, respectively, representing a 14.0% increase. Due to our investments in growth, we recorded net losses attributable to nCino, Inc. of \$15.9 million and \$11.0 million for the three months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024, respectively. For the six months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024, our total revenues were \$230.9 million and \$260.5 million, respectively, representing a 12.8% increase. For the six months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024, our subscription revenues were \$197.2 million and \$224.3 million, respectively, representing a 13.7% increase. Due to our investments in growth, we recorded net losses attributable to nCino, Inc. of \$27.1 million and \$14.0 million for the six months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024, respectively. Factors Affecting Our Operating Results Market Adoption of Our Solution. Our future growth depends on our ability to expand our reach to new FI customers and increase adoption with existing customers as they broaden their use of our solutions within and across lines of business. Our success in growing our customer base and expanding adoption of our solutions by existing customers requires a focused direct sales engagement and the ability to convince key decision makers at FIs to replace legacy third-party point solutions or internally developed software with our solutions. In addition, growing our customer base will require us to increasingly penetrate markets outside the U.S., which accounted for 20.8% of total revenues for the three months ended July 31, 2024 and 20.5% for the six months ended July 31, 2024. For new customers, our sales cycles are typically lengthy, generally ranging from six to nine months for smaller FIs to 12 to 18 months or more for larger FIs. Key to landing new customers is our ability to successfully take our existing customers live and help them achieve measurable returns on their investment, thereby turning them into referenceable accounts. If we are unable to successfully address the foregoing challenges, our ability to grow our business and achieve profitability will be adversely affected, which may in turn reduce the value of our common stock. Mix of Subscription and Professional Services Revenues. The initial deployment of our solutions by our customers requires a period of implementation and configuration services that typically range from three months to 18 months, depending on the scope. As a result, during the initial go-live period for a customer on the nCino Bank Operating System, professional services revenues generally make up a substantial portion of our revenues from that customer, whereas over time, revenues from established customers are more heavily weighted to subscriptions. While professional services revenues will fluctuate as a percentage of total revenues in the future and tend to be higher in periods of faster growth, over time we expect subscription revenues will make up an increasing proportion of our total revenues as our overall business grows. Macroeconomic Environment. We are currently operating in a higher interest rate environment as the U.S. Federal Reserve has raised interest rates as a means to manage inflation. These rate increases have had an impact on the real estate market in the U.S. and specifically, the demand for mortgages and mortgage-related products and services, which has had a negative impact on our nCino Mortgage business. We will continue to monitor the impact the macroeconomic environment may have on our business. Continued Investment in Innovation and Growth. We have made substantial investments in product development, sales and marketing, and strategic acquisitions since our inception to achieve a leadership position in our market and grow our revenues and customer base. We intend to continue to increase our investment in product development in the coming years to maintain and build on this advantage. We also intend to invest in sales and marketing both in the U.S. and internationally to further grow our business. To capitalize on the market opportunity we see ahead of us, we expect to continue to optimize our operating plans for revenue growth and profitability. Components of Results of Operations Revenues We derive our revenues from subscription and professional services and other revenues. Subscription Revenues. Our subscription revenues consist principally of fees from customers for accessing our solutions and maintenance and support services that we generally offer under non-cancellable multi-year contracts, which typically range from three to five years for the nCino Bank Operating System and one to three years for nCino Mortgage. Specifically, we offer: Client onboarding, loan origination, and deposit account opening applications targeted at a FI's commercial, small business, and retail lines of business, for which we generally charge on a per seat basis, nIQ for which we generally charge based on the asset size of the customer or on a usage basis. Through nCino Mortgage, a digital homeownership solution uniting people, systems, and stages of the mortgage process into a seamless end-to-end journey for which we generally charge on a per seat basis. Maintenance and support services as well as internal-use or "sandbox" development licenses, for which we generally charge as a percentage of the related subscription fees. Our subscription revenues are generally recognized ratably over the term of the contract beginning upon activation. For new customers, we may activate a portion of seats at inception of the agreement, with the balance activated at contractually specified points in time thereafter, to pattern our invoicing after the customer's expected rate of implementation and adoption. Where seats are activated in stages, we charge subscription fees from the date of activation through the anniversary of the initial activation date, and annually thereafter. Subscription fees associated with the nCino Bank Operating System are generally billed annually in advance while subscription fees for nCino Mortgage are generally billed monthly in advance. Maintenance and support fees, as well as development licenses, are provided over the same periods as the related subscriptions, so fees are invoiced and revenues are recognized over the same periods. Subscription fees invoiced are recorded as deferred revenue pending recognition as revenues. In certain cases, we are authorized to resell access to Salesforce's CRM solution along with the nCino Bank Operating System. When we resell such access, we charge a higher subscription price and remit a higher subscription fee to Salesforce for these subscriptions. Professional Services and Other Revenues. Professional services and other revenues consist of fees for implementation and configuration assistance, training, and advisory services. For enterprise and larger regional FIs, we generally work with SI partners to provide the majority of implementation services for the nCino Bank Operating System, for which these SI partners bill our customers directly. We have historically delivered professional services ourselves for community banks and smaller credit unions and nCino Mortgage has historically provided professional services directly to its customers. Revenues for implementation, training, and advisory services are generally recognized on a proportional performance basis, based on labor hours incurred relative to total budgeted hours. To date, our losses on professional services contracts have not been material. During the initial go-live period for a customer on the nCino Bank Operating System, professional services revenues generally make up a substantial portion of our revenues from that customer, whereas over time, revenues from established customers are more heavily weighted to subscriptions. While professional services revenues will fluctuate as a percentage of total revenues in the future and tend to be higher in periods of faster growth, over time we expect to see subscription revenues make up an increasing proportion of our total revenues. Table of Contents Cost of Revenues and Gross Margin Cost of Subscription Revenues. Cost of subscription revenues consists of fees paid to Salesforce for access to the Salesforce Platform, including Salesforce's hosting infrastructure and data center operations, along with certain integration fees paid to other third parties. When we resell access to Salesforce's CRM solution, cost of subscription revenues also includes the subscription fees we remit to Salesforce for providing such access. We also incur costs associated with access to other platforms. In addition, cost of subscription revenues includes personnel-related costs associated with delivering maintenance and support services, including salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation expense, travel and related costs, amortization of acquired developed technology, and allocated overhead. Our subscription gross margin will vary from period to period as a function of the utilization of support personnel and the extent to which we recognize subscription revenues from the resale of Salesforce's CRM solution. Cost of Professional Services and Other Revenues. Cost of professional services and other revenues consists primarily of personnel-related costs associated with delivery of these services, including salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation expense, travel and related costs, and allocated overhead. The cost of providing professional services is significantly higher as a percentage of the related revenues than for our subscription services due to direct labor costs. The cost of professional services revenues has increased in absolute dollars as we have added new customer subscriptions that require professional services and built-out our international professional services capabilities. Realized effective billing and utilization rates drive fluctuations in our professional services and other gross margin on a period-to-period basis. Operating Expenses Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel costs of our sales and marketing employees, including salaries, sales commissions and incentives, benefits and stock-based compensation expense, travel and related costs. We capitalize incremental costs incurred to obtain contracts, primarily consisting of sales commissions, and subsequently amortize these costs over the expected period of benefit, which we have determined to be approximately four years. Sales and marketing expenses also include outside consulting fees, marketing programs, including lead generation, costs of our annual user conference, advertising, trade shows, other event expenses, amortization of intangible assets, and allocated overhead. We expect sales and marketing expenses will decrease as a percentage of revenues as we leverage the investments we have made to date. Research and Development. Research and development expenses consist primarily of salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation associated with our engineering, product and quality assurance personnel, as well as allocated overhead. Research and development expenses also include the cost of third-party contractors. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred. We expect research and development costs will decrease as a percentage of revenues as we leverage the investments we have made to date. General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation associated with our executive, finance, legal, human resources, information technology, compliance and other administrative personnel. General and administrative expenses also include accounting, auditing and legal professional services fees, travel and other corporate-related expenses, and allocated overhead, as well as acquisition-related expenses, which are primarily related to legal, consulting and other professional services fees. We expect general and administrative expenses will decrease as a percentage of revenues over the long term as we leverage the investments we have made to date. Non-Operating Income (Expense) Interest Income. Interest income consists primarily of interest earned on our cash and cash equivalents. Interest Expense. Interest expense consists primarily of interest related to our financing obligations along with interest expense on borrowings, commitment fees, and amortization of debt issuance costs associated with our secured revolving credit facility. Other Income (Expense), Net. Other income (expense), net consists primarily of foreign currency gains and losses, the majority of which is due to intercompany transactions denominated in currencies other than the underlying functional currency of the applicable entity. Income Tax Provision (Benefit). Income tax provision (benefit) consists of federal and state income taxes in the U.S. and income taxes in foreign jurisdictions. Table of Contents Results of Operations The results of operations presented below should be reviewed in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following tables present our selected unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations data for three and six months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024 in both dollars and as a percentage of total revenues, except as noted. Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, 2023 2024 2023 2024 (\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts) Revenues: Subscription revenues \$99,897A \$113,911A \$197,237A \$224,317A Professional services and other revenues \$17,339A \$18,492A \$36,713A \$36,173A Total revenues \$117,236A \$132,403A \$230,908A \$260,490A Cost of revenues: Cost of subscription revenues \$29,719A \$33,367A \$58,766A \$65,147A Cost of professional services and other revenues \$18,328A \$20,564A \$35,359A \$39,964A Total cost of revenues \$48,047A \$53,931A \$94,235A \$105,111A Gross profit \$69,189A \$78,472A \$136,673A \$155,379A Operating expenses: Sales and marketing \$32,164A \$31,713A \$62,105A \$59,758A Research and development \$29,889A \$34,271A \$58,084A \$64,252A General and administrative \$21,930A \$20,394A \$39,905A \$42,938A Total operating expenses \$83,983A \$86,378A \$160,094A \$166,948A Loss from operations \$(14,794) \$(7,906) \$(23,421) \$(11,569) Non-operating income (expense): Interest income \$835A \$321A \$1,372A \$926A Interest expense \$(1,044) \$(1,835) \$(2,423) \$(3,112) Other income (expense), net \$469A \$150A \$(313) \$(594) Loss before income taxes \$(14,534) \$(9,270) \$(24,785) \$(14,549) Income tax provision (benefit) \$1,545A \$1,753A \$2,938A \$(1,229) Net loss \$(16,079) \$(11,023) \$(27,723) \$(13,320) Net loss attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest \$(268) \$(58) \$(548) \$(223) Adjustment attributable to redeemable non-controlling interest \$73A \$75A \$(48) \$91A Net loss attributable to nCino, Inc. \$(15,884) \$(11,040) \$(27,127) \$(14,016) Net loss per share attributable to nCino, Inc.: Basic and diluted \$(0.14) \$(0.10) \$(0.24) \$(0.12) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: Basic and diluted 112,396,716A 115,180,130A 112,262,527A 114,694,001A Table of Contents The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense as follows: Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 Cost of subscription revenues \$485A \$793A \$799A \$1,355A Cost of professional services and other revenues \$2,460A \$2,980A \$4,089A \$5,759A Sales and marketing \$3,800A \$4,184A \$7,041A \$8,140A Research and development \$4,279A \$5,286A \$7,279A \$9,512A General and administrative \$4,227A \$5,596A \$6,938A \$10,278A Total stock-based compensation expenses \$15,281A \$18,839A \$26,146A \$35,044A The Company recognized amortization expense for intangible assets as follows: Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 Cost of subscription revenues \$4,190A \$4,404A \$8,441A \$8,522A Cost of professional services and other revenues \$83A \$83A \$165A \$165A Sales and marketing \$2,771A \$2,862A \$5,543A \$5,344A Total amortization expenses \$7,044A \$7,349A \$14,149A \$14,031A Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, 2023 2024 2023 2024 Revenues: Subscription revenues \$99,897A \$113,911A \$197,237A \$224,317A Professional services and other revenues \$17,339A \$18,492A \$36,713A \$36,173A Total revenues \$117,236A \$132,403A \$230,908A \$260,490A % Subscription Revenues Subscription revenues increased \$14.0 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, due to initial revenues from customers who did not contribute to subscription revenues during the prior period, and growth from existing customers within and across lines of business. Of the increase, 52.0% was attributable to increased revenues from existing customers as additional seats were activated in accordance with contractual terms and customers expanded their adoption of our solutions, and 48.0% was attributable to initial revenues from customers who did not contribute to subscription revenues during the three months ended July 31, 2023. Subscription revenues were 86.0% of total revenues for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to 85.2% of total revenues for the three months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to growth in our installed base. Subscription revenues increased \$27.1 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six

months ended July 31, 2023, due to initial revenues from customers who did not contribute to subscription revenues during the prior period, and growth from existing customers within and across lines of business. Of the increase, 57.1% was attributable to increased revenues from existing customers as additional seats were activated in accordance with contractual terms and customers expanded their adoption of our solutions, and 42.9% was attributable to initial revenues from customers who did not contribute to subscription revenues during the six months ended July 31, 2023. Subscription revenues were 86.1% of total revenues for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to 85.4% of total revenues for the six months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to growth in our installed base. Professional Services and Other Revenues Professional services and other revenues increased \$1.2 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to the addition of new customers as well as expanded adoption by existing customers within and across lines of business where implementation, configuration, and training services were required. Professional services and other revenues increased \$2.5 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to the addition of new customers as well as expanded adoption by existing customers within and across lines of business where implementation, configuration, and training services were required. Cost of Revenues and Gross Margin Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 Cost of revenues (percentage shown in comparison to related revenues): Cost of subscription revenues \$29,719.2 29.7% \$33,367.4 29.3% \$58,876.4 29.9% \$65,147.4 29.0% Cost of professional services and other revenues \$18,328.1 105.7% \$20,564.4 111.2% \$35,359.1 105.0% \$39,964.1 110.5% Total cost of revenues \$48,047.4 41.0% \$53,931.4 40.7% \$94,235.4 40.8% \$105,111.4 40.4% Gross profit \$69,189.4 59.0% \$78,472.4 59.3% \$136,673.4 59.2% \$155,379.4 59.6% Table of Contents Cost of Subscription Revenues Cost of subscription revenues increased \$3.6 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, generating a gross margin for subscription revenues of 70.7% compared to a gross margin of 70.3% for the three months ended July 31, 2023. Other costs of subscription revenues increased \$1.7 million due to costs associated with access to other platforms and data center costs, and costs related to Salesforce user fees increased \$0.8 million as we continued to add new customers and sell additional functionality to existing customers. Personnel costs, including stock-based compensation expense, increased \$1.0 million, mainly from an increase in headcount. We expect the cost of subscription revenues will continue to increase in absolute dollars as the number of users of the nCino Bank Operating System grows. Cost of Professional Services and Other Revenues Cost of professional services and other revenues increased \$2.2 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, generating a gross margin for professional services and other revenues of (11.2)% compared to a gross margin of (5.7)% for the three months ended July 31, 2023. For the three months ended July 31, 2024, personnel costs, including stock-based compensation expense, increased \$1.8 million for professional services compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, mainly from an increase in headcount. The increase in cost of professional services and other revenues also included a \$0.4 million increase for third-party costs of professional services. Cost of professional services and other revenues increased \$4.6 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, generating a gross margin for professional services and other revenues of (10.5)% compared to a gross margin of (5.0)% for the six months ended July 31, 2023. For the six months ended July 31, 2024, personnel costs, including stock-based compensation expense, increased \$4.3 million for professional services compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, mainly from an increase in headcount. The increase in cost of professional services and other revenues also included a \$0.4 million increase for third-party professional services costs. Operating Expenses Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 Operating expenses: Sales and marketing \$32,164.4 27.4% \$31,713.4 24.0% \$62,105.4 26.9% \$59,758.4 22.9% Research and development \$29,889.4 25.5% \$34,271.4 25.9% \$58,084.4 25.2% \$64,252.4 24.7% General and administrative \$21,930.4 18.7% \$20,394.4 15.4% \$39,905.4 17.3% \$42,938.4 16.5% Total operating expenses \$83,983.4 65.3% \$86,378.4 65.3% \$160,948.4 69.4% \$166,948.4 64.1% Loss from operations \$(14,794.1) (12.6)% \$(7,906.1) (6.0)% \$(23,421.1) (10.2)% \$(11,569.1) (4.5)% Sales and Marketing Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$0.5 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to a decrease of \$1.3 million in sales and marketing personnel costs due to a decrease in headcount and a decrease in expatriate tax equalization expenses, partially offset by an increase in stock-based compensation expense. Amortization expense was comparable for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023 due to no amortization for the SimpleNexus trade name intangible asset as a result of the rebranding of the SimpleNexus solution to nCino Mortgage during the third quarter of fiscal 2024 offset by increased amortization expense for the DocFox and ILT acquisitions. The decrease in sales and marketing expenses was partially offset by an increase of \$0.6 million in marketing costs and an increase of \$0.2 million in third-party professional fees. 31 Table of Contents Sales and marketing expenses decreased \$2.3 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to a decrease of \$1.4 million in personnel costs due to a decrease in headcount and a decrease in expatriate tax equalization expenses, partially offset by an increase in stock-based compensation expense. The decrease in sales and marketing expenses also included a decrease of \$0.6 million in sales-related travel costs and a decrease of \$0.3 million in third-party professional fees. Amortization expense was comparable for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023 due to no amortization for the SimpleNexus trade name intangible asset as a result of the rebranding of the SimpleNexus solution to nCino Mortgage during the third quarter of fiscal 2024 offset by increased amortization expense for the DocFox and ILT acquisitions. The decrease in sales and marketing expenses was partially offset by an increase of \$0.3 million in marketing costs. Our sales and marketing headcount decreased by 10 from July 31, 2023 to July 31, 2024. We expect sales and marketing expenses will decrease as a percentage of revenues as we leverage the investments we have made to date. Research and Development Research and development expenses increased \$4.4 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to an increase of \$3.3 million in personnel costs, mainly from an increase in headcount and an increase in stock-based compensation expense. The increase in research and development also included an increase of \$1.1 million in third-party professional fees primarily attributable to increased contract research and development spend. Research and development expenses increased \$6.2 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to an increase of \$5.3 million in personnel costs, mainly from the increase in headcount and an increase in stock-based compensation expense. The increase in research and development also included an increase of \$0.9 million in third-party professional fees primarily attributable to increased contract research and development spend. Our research and development headcount increased by 10 from July 31, 2023 to July 31, 2024. We expect research and development expenses will decrease as a percentage of revenues as we leverage the investments we have made to date. General and Administrative General and administrative expenses decreased \$1.5 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to a decrease of \$2.4 million in third-party professional fees and expenses related to other litigation expenses, partially offset by an increase for acquisition-related expenses for DocFox and ILT. The decrease in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023 also included a decrease of \$0.9 million in allocated overhead and other general and administrative costs. The decrease in general and administrative expenses was partially offset by an increase of \$1.6 million in personnel costs, mostly attributable to a \$1.4 million increase in stock-based compensation expense. General and administrative expenses increased \$3.0 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, primarily due to an increase of \$3.7 million in personnel costs, mostly attributable to a \$3.3 million increase in stock-based compensation expense. The increase in general and administrative spend also included an increase of \$0.6 million in third party professional fees for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, mostly attributable to an increase in third party professional fees and acquisition-related expenses for DocFox and ILT, offset by a decrease in fees and expenses related to other litigation expenses. The increase in general and administrative expenses was partially offset by a decrease of \$1.4 million in allocated overhead and other general and administrative costs. Our general and administrative headcount decreased by 2 from July 31, 2023 to July 31, 2024. We expect general and administrative expenses will decrease as a percentage of revenues as we leverage the investments we have made to date. 32 Table of Contents Non-Operating Income (Expense) Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 Interest income \$835.4 0.7% \$321.4 0.2% \$1,372.4 0.6% \$926.4 0.4% Interest expense (1,044.0) (0.9) (1,835.1) (1.4) (2,423.1) (1.0) (3,312.1) (1.3) Other income (expense), net 469.4 0.4% 150.4 0.1% (313.0) (0.1) (594.0) (0.2) Interest income decreased \$0.5 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, due to a decrease in our accounts earning interest. Interest expense increased \$0.8 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, due to borrowing on our revolving credit facility. The decrease of \$0.3 million in other income, net for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the three months ended July 31, 2023, was primarily driven by intercompany loans and transactions that are denominated in currencies other than the underlying functional currency of the applicable entity. Interest income decreased \$0.4 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, due to a decrease in our accounts earning interest. Interest expense increased \$0.9 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, due to borrowing on our revolving credit facility. The increase of \$0.3 million in other expense, net for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the six months ended July 31, 2023, was primarily driven by intercompany loans and transactions that are denominated in currencies other than the underlying functional currency of the applicable entity. Income Tax Provision (Benefit) Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 Income tax provision (benefit) \$1,545.4 1.3% \$1,753.4 1.3% \$2,938.4 1.3% \$(1,229.0) (0.5)% Income tax provision was \$1.8 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 compared to a provision of \$1.5 million for the three months ended July 31, 2023, and resulted in an effective tax rate of (18.9)% and (10.6)%, respectively. Income tax benefit was \$1.2 million for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to a provision of \$2.9 million for the six months ended July 31, 2023, and resulted in an effective tax rate of 8.4% and (11.9)%, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate for the six months ended July 31, 2024 compared to the effective tax rate for the six months ended July 31, 2023 was primarily due to a reduction of our valuation allowance. Prior to the DocFox acquisition, we continued to maintain a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets in several jurisdictions, including the U.S. On the DocFox Acquisition Date, the Company measured and recorded net U.S. deferred tax liabilities, most of which relate to identifiable intangible assets. The deferred tax liabilities recognized provide additional positive evidence that a portion of the Company's U.S. deferred tax assets are realizable. As a result, the Company reduced the valuation allowance by \$3.6A million during the first quarter of the Company's fiscal 2025. Non-GAAP Financial Measure In addition to providing financial measurements based on GAAP, we provide an additional financial metric that is not prepared in accordance with GAAP (non-GAAP). Management uses this non-GAAP financial measure, in addition to GAAP financial measures, to understand and compare operating results across accounting periods, for financial and operational decision making, for planning and forecasting purposes, and to evaluate our financial performance. We believe that this non-GAAP financial measure helps us to identify underlying trends in our business that could otherwise be masked by the effect of the expenses that we exclude in the calculations of the non-GAAP financial measure. Accordingly, we believe that this financial measure reflects our ongoing business in a manner that allows for meaningful comparisons and analysis of trends in the business and provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results, and enhancing the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects. Although the calculation of non-GAAP financial measures may vary from company to company, our detailed presentation may facilitate analysis and comparison of our operating results by management and investors with other peer companies, many of which use a similar non-GAAP financial measure to supplement their GAAP results in their public disclosures. This non-GAAP financial measure is non-GAAP operating income, as discussed below. Non-GAAP operating income. Non-GAAP operating income is defined as loss from operations as reported in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations excluding the impact of amortization of intangible assets, stock-based compensation expense, acquisition-related expenses, legal expenses related to certain litigation, and restructuring and related charges. Non-GAAP operating income is widely used by securities analysts, investors, and other interested parties to evaluate the profitability of companies. Non-GAAP operating income eliminates potential differences in performance caused by these items that are not indicative of the Company's ongoing operating performance and hinders comparability with prior and future performance. This non-GAAP financial measure does not replace the presentation of our GAAP financial results and should only be used as a supplement to, not as a substitute for, our financial results presented in accordance with GAAP. There are limitations in the use of non-GAAP measures because they do not include all of the expenses that must be included under GAAP and because they involve the exercise of judgment concerning exclusions of items from the comparable non-GAAP financial measure. In addition, other companies may use other measures to evaluate their performance, or may calculate non-GAAP measures differently, all of which could reduce the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures as tools for comparison. The following table reconciles non-GAAP operating income to loss from operations, the most directly comparable financial measure, calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP (in thousands): Three Months Ended July 31, Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 2023 2024 GAAP loss from operations \$(14,794.1) \$(7,906.1) \$(23,421.1) \$(11,569.1) Adjustments: Amortization of intangible assets \$7,044.4 7,349.4 14,149.4 14,031.4 Stock-based compensation expense \$15,281.4 18,839.4 26,146.4 35,044.4 Acquisition-related expenses \$212.4 947.4 423.4 5,987.4 Litigation expenses \$13,204.4 69.4 4,349.4 250.4 Restructuring and related charges \$238.4 46.7% \$277.4 46.7% Total adjustments \$25,979.4 27,204.4 45,544.4 55,312.4 Non-GAAP operating income \$11,185.4 \$19,298.4 \$22,123.4 \$43,743.4 Represents legal expenses related to a closed government antitrust investigation and related settled civil action and a shareholder derivative lawsuit. Liquidity and Capital Resources As of July 31, 2024, we had \$121.4 million in cash and cash equivalents, and an accumulated deficit of \$365.9 million. Our net losses have been driven by our investments in developing the nCino Bank Operating System and scaling our sales and marketing organization and finance and administrative functions to support our rapid growth. To date, we have funded our capital needs through issuances of common stock including our initial public offering in July 2020, operating cash flows, and starting fiscal 2023, our revolving line of credit. We generally bill and collect from our customers annually in advance. Our billings are subject to seasonality, with billings in the first and fourth quarters of our fiscal year substantially higher than in the second and third quarters. Because we recognize revenues ratably, our deferred revenue balance mirrors the seasonality of our billings. On March 17, 2024, the Company entered into the Second Amendment for the Credit Facility which, among other things, increased our borrowing availability to \$100.0 million. In March 2024, we borrowed \$75.0 million under the Credit Facility to fund the acquisition of DocFox. In April 2024 and July 2024, we repaid \$20.0 million and \$15.0A million, respectively, under the Credit Facility. As of July 31, 2024, the applicable interest rate was 7.38%. The Company had \$40.0 million outstanding and no letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility and was in compliance with all covenants as of July 31, 2024. See Note 11 "Revolving Credit Facility" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for more information. 34 Table of Contents We believe that current cash and cash equivalents as well as borrowings available under the Credit Facility will be sufficient to fund our operations and capital requirements for at least the next 12A months. Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including our growth rate, the timing and extent of spending to support research and development efforts to enhance the nCino Bank Operating System and introduce new applications, market acceptance of our solutions, the continued expansion of our sales and marketing activities, capital expenditure requirements, and any potential future acquisitions. We expect to incur capital expenditures in fiscal 2025 for planned office build-outs to accommodate our growth, primarily for an international office, which we estimate to be approximately \$8.0 million. We may from time-to-time seek to raise additional capital to support our growth. Any equity financing we may undertake could be dilutive to our existing stockholders, and any debt financing we may undertake could require debt service and financial and operational covenants that could adversely affect our business. There is no assurance we would be able to obtain future financing on acceptable terms or at all. nCino K.K. In fiscal 2020, we established nCino K.K., a Japanese company in which we own a controlling interest, for purposes of facilitating our entry into the Japanese market. We have consolidated the results of operations and financial condition of nCino K.K. since its inception. Pursuant to an agreement with the holders of the non-controlling interest in nCino K.K., beginning in 2027 we may redeem the non-controlling interest, or be required to redeem such interest by the holders thereof, based on a prescribed formula derived from the relative revenues of nCino K.K. and the Company. The balance of the redeemable non-controlling interest is reported on our balance sheet below total liabilities but above stockholders' equity at the greater of the initial carrying amount adjusted for the redeemable non-controlling interest's share of earnings or losses and other comprehensive income or loss, or its

estimated redemption value. As of January 31, 2024 and July 31, 2024, the redeemable non-controlling interest was \$3.4 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. As part of our joint venture obligations, we made an additional cash capital contribution of \$1.0 million to nCino K.K. during the third quarter of fiscal 2024. Cash Flows Summary Cash Flow information for the six months ended July 31, 2023 and 2024 are set forth below: Six Months Ended July 31, (\$ in thousands) 2023 2024 Net cash provided by operating activities \$43,267.4 Net cash used in investing activities (2,820.9) (1,925.5) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (25,662.4) (3,159.4) Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities The \$59.4 million provided by operating activities in the six months ended July 31, 2024 reflects our net loss of \$13.3 million, offset by \$58.4 million in non-cash charges and \$14.3 million generated by changes in working capital accounts. Non-cash charges primarily consisted of stock-based compensation, depreciation and amortization, amortization of costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, non-cash operating lease costs, foreign currency losses related to intercompany loans and transactions, partially offset by deferred income taxes. Cash generated by working capital accounts was principally a function of a \$37.8 million decrease in accounts receivable due to the timing of billings and collections from customers, and a \$0.8 million increase in accounts payable. The cash generated by working capital accounts was partially offset by an \$8.6 million decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities primarily due to the payout of bonuses and commissions, an increase of \$8.4 million of capitalized costs to obtain revenue contracts, which consisted primarily of sales commissions, a \$2.6 million decrease in deferred revenue due to the timing of billings and revenue recognition, a \$2.4 million increase in prepaid expenses and other assets, and a \$2.2 million decrease in operating lease liabilities. The \$43.3 million provided by operating activities in the six months ended July 31, 2023 reflects our net loss of \$27.7 million, offset by \$53.5 million in non-cash charges and \$17.5 million generated by changes in working capital accounts. Non-cash charges primarily consisted of stock-based compensation, depreciation and amortization, amortization of costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, non-cash operating lease costs, deferred income taxes, and provision for bad debt. Cash generated by working capital accounts was principally a function of a \$18.4 million decrease in accounts receivable due to timing of billings and collections from customers and a \$13.8 million increase in deferred revenue, as we expanded our 35Table of Contents customer base and renewed existing customers, and a \$1.1 million decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets. The cash generated by working capital accounts was partially offset by a \$9.3 million decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities which includes payments of approximately \$5.0 million for severance and other employee costs associated with restructuring. Additional offsets were payments of \$3.0 million of capitalized costs to obtain revenue contracts, which consisted primarily of sales commissions, a \$2.0 million decrease in operating lease liabilities, and a \$1.4 million decrease in accounts payable. Net Cash Used in Investing Activities The \$91.9 million used in investing activities in the six months ended July 31, 2024 was comprised of \$90.8 million used for the acquisitions of DocFox and ILT, \$0.8 million for the purchase of property and equipment and leasehold improvements to support the expansion of our business, and \$0.3 million for an asset acquisition. The \$2.8 million used in investing activities in the six months ended July 31, 2023 was comprised of \$2.5 million for the purchase of property and equipment and leasehold improvements to support the expansion of our business and \$0.4 million for the final cash consideration relating to an asset acquisition completed in August 2022. Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities The \$43.2 million provided by financing activities in the six months ended July 31, 2024 was comprised principally of \$75.0 million proceeds from borrowings on the Credit Facility to fund the acquisition of DocFox, \$2.5A million of proceeds from stock issuances under the employee stock purchase plan, and \$1.7 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options. The cash provided by financing activities was partially offset by payments of \$35.0 million on the Credit Facility, principal payments of \$0.7 million on financing obligations, and payments of debt issuance costs of \$0.4 million. The \$25.7 million used in financing activities in the six months ended July 31, 2023 was comprised principally of payments of \$30.0 million on the Credit Facility and principal payments of \$0.6 million on financing obligations, partially offset by \$2.7 million of proceeds from stock issuances under the employee stock purchase plan, and \$2.2A million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options. Contractual Obligations and Commitments Our estimated future obligations principally consist of leases related to our facilities, purchase obligations related primarily to licenses and hosting services, financing obligations for leases for which we are considered the owners for accounting purposes and the Credit Facility. See Note 10 "Leases," Note 11 "Revolving Credit Facility," and Note 12 "Commitments and Contingencies" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for more information. Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires our management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures. Our estimates are based on our historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these judgments and estimates under different assumptions or conditions and any such differences may be significant. There have been no material changes in our critical accounting policies or estimates as compared to those disclosed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2024 filed with the SEC on March 26, 2024. Recent Accounting Pronouncements See Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for recently adopted accounting pronouncements and recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted, if applicable. Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk We are exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of our business. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily the result of fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. 36Table of Contents Interest Rate Risk At July 31, 2024, we had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$126.8 million, which consisted primarily of bank deposits and money market funds. Interest-earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. However, our historical interest income has not fluctuated significantly. A hypothetical 10% change in interest rates would not have had a material impact on our financial results included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We do not enter into investments for trading or speculative purposes and have not used any derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk exposure. On February 11, 2022, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit facility of up to \$50.0 million. On March 17, 2024, the Company entered into the Second Amendment which, among other things, increased our borrowing availability to \$100.0 million. Borrowings bear interest, at the Borrower's option, at: (i) a base rate equal to the greatest of (a) the Lender's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate plus 0.50%, and (c) the Term SOFR rate plus 1.00% (provided that the base rate shall not be less than 0.00%), plus a margin of 1.3125%; or (ii) the Term SOFR rate (provided that the Term SOFR shall not be less than 0.00%), plus a margin of 2.3125%, in each case with such margin subject to a step down based on achievement of a certain leverage ratio. As a result, we are exposed to increased interest rate risk as we make draws. At July 31, 2024, we had \$40.0 million outstanding under the Credit Facility. A hypothetical 100 basis point change in interest rates would not have had a material impact on our financial results included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. See Note 11 "Revolving Credit Facility" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information. Foreign Currency Exchange Risk Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar and the functional currency of each of our subsidiaries is its local currency. The assets and liabilities of each of our subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at exchange rates in effect at each balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses are translated using the average exchange rate for the relevant period. Equity transactions are translated using historical exchange rates. Decreases in the relative value of the U.S. dollar to other currencies may negatively affect revenues and other operating results as expressed in U.S. dollars. Foreign currency translation adjustments are accounted for as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity. Gains or losses due to transactions in foreign currencies are included in non-operating income (expense), other in our unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. Furthermore, our customers outside of the U.S. typically pay us in local currency. We have not engaged in hedging of foreign currency transactions to date, although we may choose to do so in the future. We do not believe that an immediate 10% increase or decrease in the relative value of the U.S. dollar to other currencies would have a material effect on operating results or financial condition. At July 31, 2024, based on the balances of our cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash denominated in foreign currencies, a hypothetical 10% increase or decrease in foreign currency exchange rates would have had an impact of approximately \$7.0 million on our cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at July 31, 2024. Item 4. Controls and Procedures Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures Disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures at July 31, 2024, the last day of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, at July 31, 2024, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level. Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Inherent Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. PART II. OTHER INFORMATION Item 1. Legal Proceedings See Note 12 "Commitments and Contingencies" of the notes to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for information regarding certain legal proceedings in which we are involved, which is incorporated by reference into this Part II, Item 1. Item 1A. Risk Factors A A A There are no material changes to the risk factors in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2024 filed with the SEC on March 26, 2024 under the heading "Risk Factors." You should consider and read carefully these risks, as well as other information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes before making an investment decision with respect to our common stock. Those risks are not the only ones we face. The occurrence of any of those risks or additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently believe to be immaterial could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operation. In such case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds None. Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities Not applicable. Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures Not applicable. 38Table of Contents Item 5. Other Information Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers During the three months ended July 31, 2024, the following Section 16 officer adopted, modified or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K, as follows: On July 16, 2024, Sean Desmond, Chief Product Officer, adopted a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement providing for the sale from time to time of an aggregate of up to 60,000 shares of our common stock. The trading arrangement is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense in Rule 10b5-1(c). The duration of the trading arrangement is until December 31, 2024, or earlier if all transactions under the trading arrangement are completed. No other officers or directors, as defined in Rule 16a-1(f), adopted, modified, or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or a non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, as defined in Regulation S-K Item 408, during the fiscal quarter. 39Table of Contents Item 6. Exhibits EXHIBIT INDEX Incorporated by Reference Exhibit Number Description of Exhibit Form File No. Exhibit Filing Date Filed Herewith 3.1 Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation K-001-412113 June 24, 2024 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws K-001-412113 November 29, 2023 3.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 X31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 X32.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 X101.SCHXBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document X101.CALXBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document X101.DEFBXRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document X101.LABXBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document X101.PREXBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document X104Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document) XThe certifications furnished in Exhibit 32.1 and 32.2 hereto are deemed to accompany this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and will not be deemed "filed" for purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates by reference. 40Table of Contents SIGNATURES Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized. nCino, Inc. Date: August 27, 2024 By: /s/ Pierre Nauda Pierre Nauda Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) Date: August 27, 2024 By: /s/ Gregory D. Orenstein Gregory D. Orenstein Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer) 41 Document Exhibit 31.1 CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002, Pierre Nauda, certify that: 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of nCino, Inc.; 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report; 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have: (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions): (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting. Date: August 27,

2024By:/s/ Pierre Naud  Pierre Naud  Chairman and Chief Executive OfficerDocumentExhibit 31.2CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TORULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002I, Gregory D. Orenstein, certify that:1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of nCino, Inc.;2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;4.The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:(a)Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;(b)Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;(c)Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and(d)Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and5.The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):(a)All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and(b)Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.Date: August 27, 2024By:/s/ Gregory D. OrensteinGregory D. OrensteinChief Financial Officer & TreasurerDocumentExhibit 32.1CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TOSECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002In connection with the Quarterly Report of nCino, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending July 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C.    1350, as adopted pursuant to    906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:1.The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and2.The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.Date: August 27, 2024By:/s/ Pierre Naud  Pierre Naud  Chairman and Chief Executive Officer    DocumentExhibit 32.2CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TOSECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002In connection with the Quarterly Report of nCino, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending July 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C.    1350, as adopted pursuant to    906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:1.The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and2.The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.Date: August 27, 2024By:/s/ Gregory D. OrensteinGregory D. OrensteinChief Financial Officer & Treasurer