

and 408,101,772 issued and outstanding, respectively⁴. 209A \$ 5,074A Accumulated earnings 1,062A 446A Accumulated other comprehensive loss(279)(195)Total shareholders' equity⁴,992A 5,325A Total liabilities and shareholders' equity\$18,272A \$18,257A The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. 4Table of ContentsFLEX LTD. A CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS A Three-Month Periods Ended Nine-Month Periods Ended December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (InA millions, A exceptA per shareA amounts)(Unaudited)Net sales\$6,556A \$6,421A \$19,415A \$20,246A Cost of sales\$5,952A 5,927A 17,777A 18,737A Restructuring charges10A 61A 42A 81A Gross profit594A 433A 1,596A 1,428A Selling, general and administrative expenses241A 205A 670A 661A Restructuring charges2A 13A 13A 19A Intangible amortization17A 17A 49A 54A Operating income334A 198A 864A 694A Interest expense57A 50A 166A 155A Interest income16A 13A 48A 44A Other charges (income), net5A 9A 2A 34A Income from continuing operations before income taxes288A 152A 744A 549A Provision for (benefit from) income taxes25A 23A 128A 72A Net income from continuing operations263A 129A 616A 477A Net income from discontinued operations, net of taxA A 104A A 373A Net income263A 233A 616A 850A Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest A 36A A 239A Net income attributable to Flex Ltd. \$263A \$197A \$616A \$611A Basic earnings per share from continuing operations\$0.68A \$0.30A \$1.56A \$1.08A Basic earnings per share from discontinued operationsA 0.16A A 0.31A Basic earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of Flex Ltd. \$0.68A \$0.46A \$1.56A \$1.39A Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations\$0.67A \$0.30A \$1.54A \$1.07A Diluted earnings per share from discontinued operationsA 0.15A A 0.30A Diluted earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of Flex Ltd. \$0.67A \$0.45A \$1.54A \$1.37A Weighted-average shares used in computing per share amountsA A Basic 387A 431A 394A 440A Diluted394A 436A 401A 446A The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. 5Table of ContentsFLEX LTD. A CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME A Three-Month Periods Ended Nine-Month Periods Ended December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (InA millions)(Unaudited)Net income\$263A \$233A \$616A \$850A Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxA A Foreign currency translation adjustments(85)59A (46)12A Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments and other(21)39A (38)40A Comprehensive income\$157A \$331A \$532A \$902A Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest A 36A A 239A Comprehensive income attributable to Flex Ltd. \$157A \$295A \$532A \$663A The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. 6Table of ContentsFLEX LTD. A CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NONCONTROLLING INTEREST AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Ordinary Shares Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Three Months Ended December 31, 2024 Shares Outstanding Amount Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments and Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss) Total Flex Ltd. Shareholders' Equity Noncontrolling Interest Shareholders' Equity (In millions) Unaudited BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 27, 2024 \$390A \$4,377A \$799A \$(13)(\$160)\$(173)\$5,003A A \$5,003A Repurchase of Flex Ltd. ordinary shares at cost(6)201A A A A A A 201A A 201A Net incomeA A 263A A A 263A A A 263A Stock-based compensationA 33A A A A A A 33A A A 33A Total other comprehensive income (loss)A A A A A 21(85)\$(106)A A 106A A 106A BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024 \$384A \$4,209A \$1,062A \$(34)(\$245)\$(279)\$4,992A A \$4,992A Ordinary Shares Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Nine Months Ended December 31, 2024 Shares Outstanding Amount Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments and Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss) Total Flex Ltd. Shareholders' Equity Noncontrolling Interest Shareholders' Equity (In millions) Unaudited BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2024 \$408A \$5,074A \$446A \$4A \$(199)\$(195)\$(5,325A) A \$5,325A Repurchase of Flex Ltd. ordinary shares at cost(31) (958)A A A A A A 958A A 958A Issuance of Flex Ltd. vested shares under restricted share unit awards7A A A A A A A A A A A A Net incomeA A A 616A A A 616A Stock-based compensationA 93A A A A A A 93A A A 93A Total other comprehensive income (loss)A A A A A 38(46)\$(84)A A 84A BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024 \$384A \$4,209A \$1,062A \$(34)(\$245)\$(279)\$4,992A A \$4,992A 7Table of ContentsFLEX LTD. A CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NONCONTROLLING INTEREST AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) Ordinary Shares Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 Shares Outstanding Amount Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments and Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss) Total Flex Ltd. Shareholders' Equity Noncontrolling Interest Shareholders' Equity (In millions) Unaudited BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2023 \$408A \$5,074A \$446A \$4A \$(199)\$(195)\$(5,325A) A \$5,325A Repurchase of Flex Ltd. ordinary shares at cost(31) (958)A A A A A A 958A A 958A Issuance of Flex Ltd. vested shares under restricted share unit awards7A A A A A A 201A A 201A Net incomeA A A 616A A A 616A Stock-based compensationA 93A A A A A A 93A A A 93A Total other comprehensive income (loss)A A A A A 38(46)\$(84)A A 84A BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023 \$384A \$4,209A \$1,062A \$(34)(\$245)\$(279)\$4,992A A \$4,992A 8Table of ContentsFLEX LTD. A CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF NONCONTROLLING INTEREST AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (CONTINUED) Ordinary Shares Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Nine Months Ended December 31, 2023 Shares Outstanding Amount Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments and Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss) Total Flex Ltd. Shareholders' Equity Noncontrolling Interest Shareholders' Equity (In millions) Unaudited BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 29, 2023 \$292A \$(146)\$(13)\$(277)\$(240)\$(5,906A \$450A \$6,356A Repurchase of Flex Ltd. ordinary shares at cost(11) (275)A A A A A A 275A A 275A Nextracker tax distributionA A A A A A 201A A 201A Net incomeA A A 197A A A 197A A A 197A 36A 233A Stock-based compensationA 39A A A A A A 39A A A 39A A 39A Total other comprehensive income (loss)A A A A A 21(85)\$(106)A A 106A BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023 \$2427A \$6,056A \$51A \$26A \$(168)\$(142)\$5,965A \$480A \$6,445A Ordinary Shares Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Nine Months Ended December 31, 2023 Shares Outstanding Amount Accumulated Earnings (Deficit) Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivative Instruments and Other Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss) Total Flex Ltd. Shareholders' Equity Noncontrolling Interest Shareholders' Equity (In millions) Unaudited BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2023 \$450A \$6,105A \$(560)\$(14)\$(180)\$(194)\$(5,351A \$355A \$5,706A Repurchase of Flex Ltd. ordinary shares at cost(31) (781)A A A A A A 781A A 781A Issuance of Flex Ltd. vested shares under restricted share unit awards8A A A A A A 201A A 201A Net incomeA A A 611A A A 611A Stock-based compensationA 125A A A A A A 125A A A 125A Total other comprehensive income (loss)A A A A A 38(46)\$(84)A A 84A Nextracker follow on sales and related transactionsA 607A A A A A 607A A 607A (14)493A Net incomeA A A 611A A A 611A 239A 850A Stock-based compensationA 125A A A A A A 125A A A 125A Total other comprehensive income (loss)A A A A A 38(46)\$(84)A A 84A BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023 \$3427A \$6,056A \$51A \$26A \$(168)\$(142)\$5,965A \$480A \$6,445A The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. 8Table of ContentsFLEX LTD. A CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS A Nine-Month Periods Ended December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (InA millions) (Unaudited) CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: A A Net income\$616A \$850A Depreciation, amortization and other impairment charges401A 390A Changes in working capital and other, net55A \$(593) Net cash provided by operating activities1,072A 647A CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: A A Purchases of property and equipment(326)(449) Proceeds from the disposition of property and equipment11A 21A Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired(347)A A Other investing activities, net21A 14A Net cash used in investing activities(641)(414) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: A A Proceeds from bank borrowings and long-term debt499A 2A Payments of bank borrowings, long-term debt and other financing liabilities(58)(39) Payments for repurchases of ordinary shares(958)(781) Proceeds from issuances of Nextracker sharesA A 552A Payment for purchase of Nextracker LLC units from TPGA A 57A Other, net(7)(86) Net cash used in financing activities(524)(768) Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents(48)5A Net change in cash and cash equivalents(141)(530) Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents, beginning of period2,474A 3,294A Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents, end of period2,333A \$2,764A Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalentsCash and cash equivalents\$2,313A \$2,764A Restricted cash equivalents included in other current assets*20A A Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash equivalents\$2,333A \$2,764A Non-cash investing activities: A A Unpaid purchases of property and equipment\$120A \$89A Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities80A 98A *\$20A million of restricted cash is held for sale pending disposition of a European site. Refer to Note 13 for further details. The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements. 9Table of Contents NOTES A TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) A A ORGANIZATION OF THE COMPANY AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION Organization of the CompanyFlex Ltd. ("Flex" or the "Company") is the advanced, end-to-end manufacturing partner of choice that helps market-leading brands design, build, deliver and manage innovative products that improve the world. Through the collective strength of a global workforce across approximately 30 countries with responsible, sustainable operations, Flex supports our customers' entire product lifecycle with a broad array of services in every major region. The Company's full suite of specialized capabilities includes design and engineering, supply chain, manufacturing, post-production and post-sale services. Flex partners with customers across a diverse set of industries including cloud, communications, enterprise, automotive, industrial, consumer devices, lifestyle and healthcare. As of December 31, 2024, Flex's two operating and reportable segments were as follows: A A Flex Agility Solutions ("FAS"), A which is comprised of the following end markets: A A Communications, Enterprise and Cloud ("CEC"), including data infrastructure, edge infrastructure and communications infrastructureA A Lifestyle, including appliances, consumer packaging, floorscare, micro mobility and audioA A Consumer Devices, including mobile and high velocity consumer devices. A A Flex Reliability Solutions ("FRS"), A which is comprised of the following end markets: A A Automotive, including next generation mobility, autonomous, connectivity, electrification, and smart technologiesA A Health Solutions, including medical devices, medical equipment and drug deliveryA A Industrial, including capital equipment, industrial devices, embedded and critical power offerings and renewables and grid edge. The Company's service offerings include a comprehensive range of value-added design and engineering services that are tailored to the various markets and needs of its customers. Other focused service offerings relate to manufacturing (including enclosures, metals, plastic injection molding, precision plastics, machining, and mechanicals), system integration and assembly and test services, materials procurement, inventory management, logistics and after-sales services (including product repair, warranty services, re-manufacturing and maintenance), supply chain management software solutions and component product offerings (including flexible printed circuit boards, power adapters and chargers). Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (A A U.S. GAAPA A or A A GAAPA A) for interim financial information and in accordance with the requirements of Rule 10-01 of Regulation A S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 contained in the Company's annual Report on Form A 10-K. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair statement have been included. Operating results for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025. A The third quarters for fiscal years 2025 and 2024 ended on December 31 of each year and are comprised of 95 and 93 days, respectively. The Company's first three quarters for fiscal years 2025 and 2024 are both comprised of 275 days. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Flex and its subsidiaries, after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. The Company consolidates subsidiaries and investments in entities in which the Company has a controlling interest. For the consolidated subsidiaries in which the Company owns less than 100%, the Company recognizes a noncontrolling interest for the ownership of the noncontrolling owners. On January 2, 2024, Flex completed its spin-off (the "Spin-off") of its remaining interest in Nextracker Inc. ("Nextracker"). After the Spin-off, Flex no longer consolidates the financial results of Nextracker within its financial results of continuing operations. For all the periods prior to the Spin-off, the financial results of Nextracker are presented as net earnings from discontinued operations in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and unless otherwise indicated Flex's disclosures are presented on a continuing operations basis. The historical statements of comprehensive income and cash flows 10Table of Contents and the balances related to shareholders' equity have not been revised to reflect the Spin-off. See note 6 "Discontinued Operations" for additional information. Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used in accounting for, among other things: allowances for doubtful accounts; inventory write-downs; valuation allowances for deferred tax assets; uncertain tax positions; valuation and useful lives of long-lived assets including property, equipment, and intangible assets; valuation of goodwill; valuation of investments in privately held companies; asset impairments; fair values of financial instruments, notes receivable and derivative instruments; restructuring charges; contingencies; warranty provisions; incremental borrowing rates in determining the present value of lease payments; accruals for potential price adjustments arising from customer contracts; fair values of assets obtained and liabilities assumed in business combinations; and the fair values of restricted share unit awards granted under the Company's stock-based compensation plans. Due to geopolitical conflicts (including the Russian invasion of Ukraine, the Israel-Hamas war, and other geopolitical conflicts), there has been and will continue to be uncertainty and disruption in the global economy and financial markets. The Company has made estimates and assumptions taking into consideration certain possible impacts due to the Russian invasion of Ukraine and the Israel-Hamas war. These estimates may change, as new events occur, and additional information is obtained. Actual results may differ from previously estimated amounts, and such differences may be material to the consolidated financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the period they occur. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03 "Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses", which requires public entities to disclose specified information about certain costs and expenses. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2028 and will be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented on its consolidated financial statements. We are currently evaluating the guidance to determine the impact on the Company's disclosures. In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09 "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures", which expands disclosures in an entity's income tax rate reconciliation table and regarding cash taxes paid both in the U.S. and foreign jurisdictions. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2026. The Company expects the new guidance will have an immaterial impact on its consolidated financial statements, and intends to adopt the guidance prospectively when it becomes effective in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2026. In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07 "Segment Reporting - Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures", which updates reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses and information used to assess segment performance. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2025, with early adoption permitted. The Company has assessed the impact of ASU 2023-07 on its consolidated financial statements and intends to adopt the guidance retrospectively with the updated segment disclosures in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2025. 2. A BALANCE SHEET ITEM SA Inventories A The components of inventories, net of applicable lower of cost and net realizable value write-downs, were as follows: A A As of December 31, 2024 As of March 31, 2024A (InA millions) Raw materials\$4,332A \$5,045A Work-in-progress465A 623A Finished goods473A 537A \$5,270A \$6,205A Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets The Company completed the acquisitions of Crown Technical Systems (A A CrownA A) and JETCOOL Technologies Inc. (A A JetCoolA A) in the Industrial and CEC reporting units, respectively. CrownA A's goodwill is deductible for tax purposes, while JetCoolA A's is non-deductible. Refer to Note 13 for further details. 11Table of Contents The following table summarizes the activity in the Company's goodwill during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024: FASFRSTotal (In millions) Balance at March 31, 2024 \$764A \$1,135A Acquisitions(1)371A \$764A \$1,135A Acquisitions(1)371A \$764A \$1,135A Total11A 298A (183)115A Total\$718A \$(375)\$343A \$614A \$(369)\$245A The gross carrying amounts of intangible assets are removed when fully amortized. During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, the total value of intangible assets increased by \$147 million as a result of the Company's estimated value of intangible assets from the acquisitions. Refer to Note 13 for further details. The estimated future annual amortization expense for intangible assets is as follows: A A As of December 31, 2024 As of March 31, 2024 Gross Carrying Amount Accumulated Amortization Net Carrying AmountA (InA millions) Intangible assets: A A A A Customer-related intangibles\$405A \$(173)\$232A \$316A \$(186) A Licenses and other intangibles11A 298A (183)115A Total\$718A \$(375)\$343A \$614A \$(369)\$245A Thereafter99A Total amortization expense\$343A (1) Represents estimated amortization for the remaining fiscal three-month period ending March 31, 2025. A Customer Working Capital Advances Customer working capital advances were \$1.6A billion and \$2.2A billion as of December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2024, respectively. The customer working capital advances are not interest-bearing, do not generally have fixed repayment dates and are generally reduced as the underlying working capital is consumed in production or the customer working capital advance agreement is terminated. Other Non-current Assets Other non-current assets include deferred tax assets of \$623A million and \$644A million as of December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2024, respectively.

utilize for the benefit of their various customers. The shared assets and services are contained within the Company's global manufacturing and design operations and include manufacturing and design facilities. Most of the underlying manufacturing and design assets are co-mingled in the operating campuses and are compatible to operate across segments and highly interchangeable throughout the platform. Given the highly interchangeable nature of the assets, they are not separately identified by segment nor reported by segment to the Company's CODM.17.À RESTSTRUCTURING CHARGESDuring the three and nine-month periods ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024, the Company recognized approximately \$12 million and \$5 million of restructuring charges, respectively, most of which related to employee severance.25Table of ContentsThe following table summarizes the provisions, respective payments, and remaining accrued balance as of DecemberÀ 31, 2024À for charges incurred during the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024:SeveranceLong-LivedAssetImpairmentOtherExit CostsTotal(In millions)Balance as of MarchÀ 31, 2024\$77À \$4À \$3À \$0.8A Provision for net charges incurred during the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024\$55À 1À \$55A Cash payments during the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024(50)À \$5À (50)Non-cash reductions during the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024 (1)(28)(1)(3)(32)Balance as of DecemberÀ 31, 2024\$53À \$53À Less: Current portion (classified as other current liabilities)\$53À \$53À Accrued restructuring costs, net of current portion (classified as other liabilities)\$4À \$4À \$4À \$4À (1)The non-cash adjustments predominantly relate to the transfer of liabilities to held for sale. Refer to Note 13 for further details.26Table of ContentsITEM 2. MANAGEMENTÀ™S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS Unless otherwise specifically stated, references in this report to àœFlex, àœthe Company, àœwe, àœus, àœour and similar terms mean Flex Ltd. and its subsidiaries.À This report on FormÀ 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of SectionA 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and SectionA 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The words àœexpects, àœanticipates, àœbelieves, àœintends, àœplans and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. In addition, any statements which refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly disclose any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring subsequent to filing this FormÀ 10-Q with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, those risks and uncertainties discussed in this section, as well as any risks and uncertainties discussed in PartÀ I, ItemÀ 1A, àœRisk Factorsà and in PartÀ II, ItemÀ 7, àœManagementà™s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operationsà in our Annual Report on FormÀ 10-K for the fiscal year ended MarchÀ 31, 2024. In addition, new risks emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risk factors or to assess the impact of such risk factors on our business. Accordingly, our future results may differ materially from historical results or from those discussed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, the reader should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.À OVERVIEWWe are the advanced, end-to-end manufacturing partner of choice that helps market-leading brands design, build, deliver and manage innovative products that improve the world. Through the collective strength of a global workforce across approximately 30 countries with responsible, sustainable operations, we support our customers' entire product lifecycle with a broad array of services in every major region. Our full suite of specialized capabilities includes design and engineering, supply chain, manufacturing, post-production and post-sale services. We partner with customers across a diverse set of industries including cloud, communications, enterprise, automotive, industrial, consumer devices, lifestyle and healthcare. As of DecemberÀ 31, 2024, our two operating and reportable segments were as follows:à¢Flex Agility Solutions ("FAS"), which is comprised of the following end markets:à—Communications, Enterprise and Cloud ("CEC"), including data infrastructure, edge infrastructure and communications infrastructure;à—Lifestyle, including appliances, consumer packaging, floorcare, micro mobility and audio;à—Consumer Devices, including mobile and high velocity consumer devices. à¢Flex Reliability Solutions ("FRS"), which is comprised of the following end markets:à—Automotive, including next generation mobility, autonomous, connectivity, electrification, and smart technologies;à—Health Solutions, including medical devices, medical equipment and drug delivery;à—Industrial, including capital equipment, industrial devices, embedded and critical power offerings and renewables and grid edge. Our strategy is to provide customers with a full range of cost competitive, vertically-integrated global supply chain solutions through which we can design, build, ship and service a complete packaged product for our customers. This enables our customers to leverage our supply chain solutions to meet their product requirements throughout the entire product lifecycle. Over the past few years, we have seen an increased level of diversification by many companies, primarily in the technology sector. Some companies that have historically identified themselves as software providers, Internet service providers or e-commerce retailers have entered the highly competitive and rapidly evolving technology hardware markets, such as mobile devices, home entertainment and wearable devices. This trend has resulted in a significant change in the manufacturing and supply chain solution requirements of such companies. While the products have become more complex, the supply chain solutions required by such companies have become more customized and demanding, and it has changed the manufacturing and supply chain landscape significantly. We use a portfolio approach to manage our extensive service offerings. As our customers change the way they go to market, we have the capability to reorganize and rebalance our business portfolio in order to align with our customers' needs and requirements in an effort to optimize operating results. The objective of our business model is to allow us to be flexible and redeploy and reposition our assets and resources as necessary to meet specific customers' supply chain solution needs across all the markets we serve and earn a return on our invested capital above the weighted average cost of that capital.27Table of ContentsWe believe that our strategy is positioning us to take advantage of the long-term, future growth prospects for outsourcing of advanced manufacturing capabilities, design and engineering services and after-market services. We are continuously evaluating our capital structure in response to the current environment and expect that our current financial condition, including our liquidity sources are adequate to fund future commitments. See additional discussion in the Liquidity and Capital Resources section below. Update on Component Shortages and Logistical Constraints on our BusinessComponent shortages experienced in the recent past have largely subsided, however, logistical constraints exist which have increased freight costs. We continue to monitor potential supply chain disruptions, including as a result of emerging and evolving geopolitical conflicts and tensions. Refer to àœRisk Factors - Supply chain disruptions, manufacturing interruptions or delays, or the failure to accurately forecast customer demand, have in the past affected, and may in the future affect, our ability to meet customer demand, lead to higher costs, or result in excess or obsolete inventory.à¢ and àœGlobal economic conditions, including inflationary pressures, currency volatility, slower growth or recession, higher interest rates, geopolitical uncertainty (including arising from the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the Israel-Hamas war) and instability in financial markets may adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, and access to capital markets.à¢ as disclosed in PartÀ I, àœItemÀ 1A, Risk Factorsà of our Annual Report on FormÀ 10-K for the fiscal year ended MarchÀ 31, 2024. Russian Invasion of Ukraine and Israel-Hamas WarWe continue to monitor and respond to the conflict in Ukraine and the associated sanctions and other restrictions. We also are monitoring and responding to the ongoing conflicts in the Middle East, including the Israel-Hamas war. As of the date of this report, there is no material impact to our business operations and financial performance in Ukraine and Israel. The full impact of the conflicts on our business operations and financial performance remains uncertain and will depend on future developments, including the severity and duration of the conflicts and their impact on regional and global economic conditions. We will continue to monitor the conflicts and assess the related restrictions and other effects and pursue prudent decisions for our team members, customers, and business.28Table of ContentsBusiness OverviewWe are one of the world's largest providers of global supply chain solutions, with revenues of \$19.4 billion for the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024 and \$26.4 billion in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024. We have established an extensive network of manufacturing facilities in the world's major consumer and enterprise markets (Asia, the Americas, and Europe) to serve the growing outsourcing needs of both multinational and regional customers. We design, build, ship, and service consumer and enterprise products for our customers through a network of approximately 100 facilities in approximately 30 countries across four continents. The following tables set forth the relative percentages and dollar amounts of net sales by region and by country, and net property and equipment by country, based on the location of our manufacturing sites:À Three-Monthà PeriodsÀ EndedNine-Month Periods EndedDecember 31, 2024December 31, 2023December 31, 2024December 31, 2023A (InÀ millions)Net sales by region:Americas\$3,195À 49À \$3,080À 48À \$9,360À 48À \$9,254À 46À %Asia1,998À 30À %2,006À 31À %5,925À 31À %6,705À 33À %Europe1,363À 21À %1,335À 21À %4,130À 21À %4,287À by country:Mexico\$1,721À 26À %\$1,727À 27À %\$5,042À 26À %\$5,306À 26À %China1,101À 17À %1,181À 18À %3,278À 17À %3,975À 20À %U.S.1,071À 16À %922À 14À %3,053À 16À %2,745À 14À 31, 2024March 31, 2024A (In millions)Mexico\$815À 36À %\$793À 35À %U.S.318À 14À %334À 15À %China293À 13À %307À 14À %Malaysia149À 7À %142À 6À %Hungary133À 6À %124À 5À %Brazil85À 4À %88À 4À %Other4 believe that the combination of our extensive open innovation platform solutions, design and engineering services, advanced supply chain management solutions and services, significant scale and global presence, and manufacturing campuses in low-cost geographic areas provide us with a competitive advantage and strong differentiation in the market for designing, manufacturing and servicing consumer and enterprise products for leading multinational and regional customers. Specifically, we offer our customers the ability to simplify their global product development, manufacturing process, and after-sales services, and enable them to meaningfully accelerate their time to market and cost savings. Our operating results are affected by a number of factors, including the following:À à¢global economic conditions, including inflationary pressures, currency volatility, slower growth or recession, higher interest rates, and geopolitical uncertainty (including arising from ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the Israel-Hamas war);29Table of Contentsà¢ the mix of the manufacturing services we are providing, the number, size, and complexity of new manufacturing programs, the degree to which we utilize our manufacturing capacity, seasonal demand, and other factors;à¢ changes in trade regulations and treaties, trade policies and tariffs, the potential impacts of which, including increased cost of goods sold, decreased margins, increased pricing for customers, and reduced demand, we may be unable to mitigate depending on their scope and duration; à¢ the impacts on our business due to supply chain issues, including transportation disruptions, increased freight costs, and other constraints;à¢ the effects on our business when our customers are not successful in marketing their products, or when their products do not gain widespread commercial acceptance;à¢ our ability to achieve commercially viable production yields and to manufacture components in commercial quantities to the performance specifications demanded by our customers;à¢ the effects on our business due to certain customers' products having short product lifecycles, our customers' ability to cancel or delay orders or change production quantities or locations, the short-term nature of our customers' commitments and rapid changes in demand;à¢ the effects that current credit and market conditions (including as a result of the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine and the Israel-Hamas war) could have on the liquidity and financial condition of our customers and suppliers, including any impact on their ability to meet their contractual obligations;à¢ integration of acquired businesses and facilities;à¢ increased labor costs due to adverse labor conditions in the markets we operate; à¢ changes in tax legislation; andà¢ exposure to infectious disease, epidemics and pandemics on our business operations in geographic locations impacted by an outbreak and on the business operations of our customers and suppliers. We are also subject to other risks as outlined in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on FormÀ 10-K for the fiscal year ended MarchÀ 31, 2024.CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATESA The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP" or "GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Due to geopolitical conflicts (including the Russian invasion of Ukraine and the Israel-Hamas war), there has been and we expect there will continue to be uncertainty and disruption in the global economy and financial markets. We have made estimates and assumptions taking into consideration certain possible impacts due to the Russian invasion of Ukraine, the Israel-Hamas war, and other geopolitical conflicts. These estimates may change, as new events occur, and additional information is obtained. Actual results may differ from previously estimated amounts, and such differences may be material to the consolidated financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the period they occur. Refer to the accounting policies under Item 7, àœManagementà™s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operationsà in our Annual Report on FormÀ 10-K for the fiscal year ended MarchÀ 31, 2024, where we discuss our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements. 30RESULTS OF OPERATIONSÀ The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, certain statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of net sales (amounts may not sum due to rounding). The financial information and the discussion below should be read together with the condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in this document. In addition, reference should be made to our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and related Managementà™s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on FormÀ 10-K for the fiscal year ended MarchÀ 31, 2024. À Three-Monthà PeriodsÀ EndedNine-Month Periods EndedDecember 31, 2024December 31, 2023December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Net sales\$100.0À %100.0À %\$100.0À %\$100.0À %\$Cost of sales90.8À 92.3À 91.6À 92.5À Restructuring charges0.1À 1.0À 0.2À 0.4À Gross profit9.1À 6.7À 8.2À 7.1À Selling, general and administrative expenses3.7À 3.2À 3.5À 3.3À Restructuring chargesà¢ 0.2À à¢ 0.1À Intangible amortization0.3À 0.2À 0.2À 0.3À Operating income5.1À 3.1À 4.5À 3.4À Interest expense0.9À 0.8À 0.9À 0.8À Interest income0.2À 0.2À 0.2À 0.2À Other charges (income), netà¢ 0.1À à¢ 0.1À Income from continuing operations before income taxes4.4À 2.4À 3.8À 2.7À Provision for (benefit from) income taxes0.4À 0.4À 0.6À 0.3À Net income from continuing operations4.0À 2.0À 3.2À 2.4À Net income from discontinued operations, net of taxà¢ 1.6À à¢ 1.8À Net income4.0À 3.6À 3.2À 4.2À Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest à¢ 0.5À à¢ 1.2À Net income attributable to Flex Ltd.4.0À 3.1À 3.2À 3.2À 93.0À %Net salesÀ The following table sets forth our net sales by segment, and their relative percentages (the sum of the individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding):Three-Monthà PeriodsÀ EndedNine-Month Periods EndedDecember 31, 2024December 31, 2023December 31, 2024December 31, 2023A (InÀ millions)Net sales:Flex Agility Solutions\$3,599À 55À %\$3,465À 54À %\$10,570À 54À %\$10,684À 53À %Flex Reliability Solutions2,957À 45À %2,956À 46À %8,845À 46À %9,562À 47À %\$6,556À 6,421À \$19,415À \$20,246À Net sales during the three-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024 totaled \$6.6 billion, representing an increase of approximately \$0.1 billion, or 2% from \$6.4 billion during the three-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023. Net sales for our FAS segment increased approximately \$0.1 billion or 4% from the three-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023, primarily driven by a mid single-digit percentage increase in our CEC business as a result of higher demand in cloud and a high teen percentage increase in our Consumer Devices business, partially offset by a low single-digit decrease in our Lifestyle business due to softer demand. Net sales for our FRS segment remained relatively flat from the three-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023. This was primarily driven by a mid single-digit percentage decrease in our Automotive business due to lower customer demand, which was offset by low single-digit percentage increases in both our Health Solutions and Industrial businesses, driven by continued strength in medical devices and data center power. Net sales decreased \$8 million to \$2.0 billion in Asia, increased \$28 million to \$1.4 billion in Europe, and increased \$0.1 billion to \$3.2 billion in the Americas.31Net sales during the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024 totaled \$19.4 billion, representing a decrease of approximately \$0.8 billion, or 4% from \$20.2 billion during the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023. Net sales for our FAS segment decreased approximately \$0.1 billion, or 1% from the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023, primarily driven by a low single-digit percentage decrease in our CEC business from softer demand in our non-cloud businesses and a mid single-digit percentage decrease in our Lifestyle business due to softer demand, partially offset by an increase in our Consumer Devices business due to higher demand. Net sales for our FRS segment decreased approximately \$0.7 billion, or 7% from the nine-month period ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023, primarily driven by a low double digit percentage decrease in our Industrial business, along with low single-digit percentage decreases in both our Automotive and Health Solutions businesses, due to lower customer demand. The factors described above that decreased FAS and FRS revenues were partially offset by the impact of certain customer arrangements transitioning from point in time to over time revenue recognition. This transition also contributed to an increase in contract assets as of December 31, 2024. The impact of certain customers arrangements transitioning to over time revenue increased net sales by less than 2% for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024. Net sales decreased \$0.8 billion to \$5.9 billion in Asia, decreased \$0.1 billion to \$4.1 billion in Europe, and increased \$0.1 billion to \$9.4 billion in the Americas. Our ten largest customers during the three and nine-month periods ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024 accounted for approximately 45% and 44% of net sales, respectively. Our ten largest customers during the three and nine-month periods ended DecemberÀ 31, 2023 accounted for approximately 39% and 37% of net sales, respectively. No customer accounted for more than 10% of net sales during the three or nine-month periods ended DecemberÀ 31, 2024 or DecemberÀ 31, 2023. Cost of salesCost of sales is affected by a number of factors, including the number and size of new manufacturing programs, product mix, labor

cost fluctuations by region, component costs and availability and capacity utilization. Cost of sales during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 totaled \$6.0 billion, representing an increase of approximately \$25 million, or 0.4% from \$5.9 billion during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023. The higher cost of sales for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 was primarily driven by a \$0.1 billion or 2% increase in consolidated sales, partially offset by cost efficiencies and favorable mix. Cost of sales in our FAS segment for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 increased approximately \$70 million, or 2% from the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, due to higher revenues in our CEC and Consumer Devices businesses net of favorable mix and FAS cost efficiencies. Cost of sales in our FRS segment for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 decreased approximately \$44 million, or 2% from the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, on relatively flat revenue due to favorable mix and cost efficiencies. Cost of sales during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 totaled \$17.8 billion, representing a decrease of approximately \$1.0 billion, or 5% from \$18.7 billion during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023. The lower cost of sales for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 was primarily driven by decreased consolidated sales of \$0.8 billion or 4% and favorable mix and cost efficiencies. Cost of sales in our FAS segment for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 decreased approximately \$0.3 billion, or 3% from the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, which is consistent with a 1% decrease in FAS revenue during the same period combined with favorable mix and cost efficiencies. Cost of sales in our FRS segment for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 decreased approximately \$0.7 billion, or 8% from the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, which is consistent with a 7% decrease in FRS revenue during the same period. Gross profit Gross profit is affected by fluctuations in cost of sales elements as outlined above and further by a number of factors, including product lifecycles, unit volumes, product mix, pricing, competition, new product introductions, and the expansion or consolidation of manufacturing facilities, as well as specific restructuring activities initiated from time to time. The flexible design of our manufacturing processes allows us to manufacture a broad range of products in our facilities and better utilize our manufacturing capacity across our diverse geographic footprint and service customers from all markets. In the case of new programs, profitability normally lags revenue growth due to product start-up costs, lower manufacturing program volumes in the start-up phase, operational inefficiencies, and under-absorbed overhead. Gross margin for these programs often improves over time as manufacturing volumes increase, as our utilization rates and overhead absorption improve, and as we increase the level of manufacturing services content. As a result of these various factors, our gross margin varies from period to period. Gross profit during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 increased \$0.2 billion to \$0.6 billion, or 9.1% of net sales, from \$0.4 billion, or 6.7% of net sales, during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023. Gross margin improved 240 basis points during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 primarily due to favorable mix and continued operational execution. 32 Gross profit during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 increased \$0.2 billion to \$1.6 billion, or 8.2% of net sales, from \$1.4 billion, or 7.1% of net sales, during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023. Gross margin improved 110 basis points during the same period due to the same factors noted above in the three-month period discussion. Segment income An operating segment's performance is evaluated based on its pre-tax operating contribution, or segment income. Segment income is defined as net sales less cost of sales, and segment selling, general and administrative expenses, and does not include intangible amortization, stock-based compensation, restructuring charges, customer related asset impairment (recoveries), legal and other, interest expense, and other charges (income), net. A portion of depreciation is allocated to the respective segments, together with other general corporate research and development and administrative expenses. The following table sets forth segment income and margins. Segment margins in the table below may not recalculate exactly due to rounding. Δ Three-Month Periods Δ Ended Nine-Month Periods Ended December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (In \$ millions) Segment income: Flex Agility Solutions \$227.6 6.3% Δ 175.5 5.1% Δ \$624.4 5.9% Δ \$488.4 4.6% Δ Flex Reliability Solutions 198.4 6.7% Δ 159.4 5.4% Δ \$504.4 5.7% Δ \$495.4 5.2% Δ FAS segment margin increased approximately 120 basis points to 6.3% for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, and 130 basis points to 5.9% for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to 5.1% and 4.6%, respectively, in the prior-year periods, primarily driven by continued mix improvement and strong cost execution. FRS segment margin increased approximately 130 basis points to 6.7% for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, and 50 basis points to 5.7% for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to 5.4% and 5.2%, respectively, in the prior-year periods, primarily driven by favorable mix and strong cost execution. Restructuring charges We committed to targeted restructuring activities to improve operational efficiencies by reducing excess workforce capacity. During the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2024, we recognized approximately \$12 million and \$55 million of restructuring charges, respectively, primarily related to employee severance. Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) was approximately \$0.2 billion, or 3.7% of net sales, during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023. SG&A was \$0.7 billion, or 3.5% of net sales, during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, increasing \$9 million from \$0.7 billion or 3.3% of net sales, during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023. The increase in SG&A is largely attributed to variable costs associated with improved financial performance. Intangible amortization A amortization of intangible assets remained relatively flat at \$17.6 million for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to the same period in 2023. For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, amortization decreased to \$49.4 million from \$54.4 million for the same period in 2023, primarily due to certain intangibles now being fully amortized. Interest expense Interest expense increased to \$57.4 million for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, from \$50.4 million in the prior year, driven by a new debt issuance in the second quarter of fiscal year 2025. For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, interest expense increased to \$166.4 million from \$155.4 million for the same period in 2023, primarily due to higher short-term borrowings and the new debt issuance, partially offset by savings from debt repurchases and repayments. Interest income Interest income for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, increased to \$16.4 million compared to \$13.4 million for the same period in 2023. For the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, interest income increased to \$48.4 million compared to \$44.4 million in the prior year. These results remain consistent with the equivalent prior year periods, reflecting higher average cash balances. 33 Other charges (income), net Other charges (income), net was \$5.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 compared to an expense of \$9.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, primarily due to favorable foreign exchange partially offset by losses on classification of a business held for sale. Other charges (income), net was \$2.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 compared to an expense of \$34.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, primarily driven by lower foreign exchange transaction losses and a gain from a Nextracker tax receivable agreement payment, partially offset by losses upon the classification of a business held for sale and on certain non-core equity method investments in the current period. Income taxes Δ Certain of our subsidiaries, at various times, have been granted tax relief in their respective countries, resulting in lower income taxes than would otherwise be the case under ordinary tax rates. Refer to note 15, Δ Income Taxes Δ of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 for further discussion. Δ The consolidated effective tax rate was 9% and 17% for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2024, and 15% and 13% for the three and nine-month periods ended December 31, 2023, respectively. The effective rate varies from the Singapore statutory rate of 17% as a result of recognition of earnings in different jurisdictions (we generate most of our revenues and profits from operations outside of Singapore), operating loss carryforwards, income tax credits, release of previously established valuation allowances for deferred tax assets, liabilities for uncertain tax positions, as well as the effects of certain tax holidays and incentives granted to our subsidiaries primarily in China, Malaysia, the Netherlands and Israel. The effective tax rate for the three-month period ended December 31, 2024 was significantly lower than the effective tax rate for the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, primarily due to the recognition of approximately \$26.4 million of interest recoverable on prior periods taxes paid by one of our Brazilian subsidiaries. The right to receive the interest became unconditional during the period. The effective tax rate for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024 was higher than the effective tax rate for the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023 primarily due to the tax accrual required for our U.S. tax group after the U.S. tax group valuation allowance release in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 and the recognition of a withholding tax accrual on the undistributed earnings of our Chinese subsidiaries due to the decision in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2024 to not indefinitely reinvest our China earnings in China. The OECD Pillar Two Global Anti-Base Erosion (Δ GloBE) model rules, issued under the OECD Inclusive Framework on Base Erosion and Profit Shifting, introduce a global minimum tax of 15% applicable to multinational enterprise groups with consolidated financial statement revenue in excess of Δ 750 million. Numerous foreign jurisdictions have already enacted tax legislation based on the GloBE rules, with some effective as early as January 1, 2024. As of December 31, 2024, we recognized a nominal income tax expense for Pillar Two GloBE minimum tax. The Company is continuously monitoring the evolving application of this legislation and assessing its potential impact on our future tax liability. On August 16, 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 (Δ IRA) was enacted into law, which includes a new corporate minimum tax, a stock repurchase excise tax, numerous green energy credits, other tax provisions, and significantly increased enforcement resources. While detailed regulations on some aspects of the act are still outstanding, we do not anticipate a material impact to our consolidated financial statements from these provisions. Net income from continuing operations Net income from continuing operations was \$263.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$129.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, net income from discontinued operations was zero during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$104.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$373.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, net income from discontinued operations was zero during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$36.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023; net income from continuing operations was \$616.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$477.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, driven by the factors discussed above. Net income from discontinued operations Net income from discontinued operations was zero during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$104.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023, net income from discontinued operations was zero during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$373.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, as Nextracker was spun off during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2024. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest was zero during the three-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$36.4 million during the three-month period ended December 31, 2023; net income attributable to noncontrolling interest was zero during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, compared to \$239.4 million during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2023, as Nextracker was spun off during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2024. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES Δ We continuously evaluate our ability to meet our obligations over the next 12 months and beyond and proactively reset our capital structure to improve maturities and liquidity. We expect that our current financial condition, including our liquidity sources are adequate to fund current and future commitments. As of December 31, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$2.3 billion and bank and other borrowings of approximately \$3.7 billion. We have a \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility that is due to mature in July 2027, under which we had no borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 2024. We also issued \$500 million of 5.25% Notes due January 2032 (the "2032 Senior Notes") in the second quarter of fiscal year 2025. As of December 31, 2024, we were in compliance with the covenants under all of our credit facilities and indentures; we also expect to remain in compliance with the covenants in the upcoming 12 months for our credit facilities and indentures. During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, we repurchased approximately \$53.4 million of our 4.75% Notes due June 2025 under our 10b-5 bond buyback program, resulting in an immaterial gain on our condensed consolidated statement of operations. Cash provided by operating activities was \$1.1 billion during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, primarily driven by \$0.6 billion of net income for the period plus \$0.5 billion of non-cash charges such as depreciation, amortization, and stock-based compensation. We believe net working capital is a key metric that measures our liquidity. Net working capital is calculated as current assets less current liabilities. Net working capital decreased approximately \$0.8 billion to \$3.7 billion as of December 31, 2024, from \$4.5 billion as of March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily the result of a \$0.5 billion increase in current liabilities as a result of growth in short-term debt of \$0.5 billion and accounts payable of \$0.6 billion offset in part by reductions in working capital advances. In addition, current assets decreased by \$0.2 billion as a result of decreases in inventory offset in part by growth in contract assets and accounts receivable. Net cash used in investing activities was \$0.6 billion during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024. This was primarily driven by \$0.3 billion of cash paid for the acquisitions of Crown Technical Systems and JETCOOL Technologies Inc. in November 2024, net of cash acquired, and \$0.3 billion of net capital expenditures for property and equipment to continue expanding capabilities and capacity in support of primarily our Automotive, CEC, and Industrial businesses. We believe adjusted free cash flow is an important liquidity metric because it measures, during a given period, the amount of cash generated that is available to repay debt obligations, make investments, fund acquisitions, repurchase company shares and for certain other activities. Our adjusted free cash flow is defined as cash from operations, less net purchases of property and equipment allowing us to present adjusted cash flows on a consistent basis for investors. Our adjusted free cash flow for the nine-month periods ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was an inflow of \$0.8 billion and \$0.2 billion, respectively. Adjusted free cash flow is not a measure of liquidity under U.S. GAAP, and may not be defined and calculated by other companies in the same manner. Adjusted free cash flow should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net cash provided by operating activities. Adjusted free cash flows reconcile to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure of cash flows from operations as follows: Δ Nine-Month Periods Ended December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (In \$ millions) Net cash provided by operating activities \$1,072.4 \$647.4 Purchases of property and equipment (326)(449) Proceeds from the disposition of property and equipment 11.4 21.4 Adjusted free cash flow \$757.4 \$219.4 Cash used by financing activities was \$0.5 billion during the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, which was primarily driven by \$1.0 billion of cash paid for the repurchase of our ordinary shares offset by \$0.5 billion of proceeds from the issuance of the 2032 Senior Notes. Our cash balances are generated and held in numerous locations throughout the world. Liquidity is affected by many factors, some of which are based on normal ongoing operations of the business and some of which arise from fluctuations related to global economics and markets. Local government regulations may restrict our ability to move cash balances to meet cash needs under certain circumstances; however, any current restrictions are not material. We do not currently expect such regulations and restrictions to impact our ability to pay vendors and conduct operations throughout the global organization. We believe that our 35 existing cash balances, together with anticipated cash flows from operations and borrowings available under our credit facilities, will be sufficient to fund our operations through at least the next twelve months and beyond. As of December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2024, approximately 78% and 55%, respectively, of our cash and cash equivalents were held by foreign subsidiaries outside of Singapore. Although substantially all of the amounts held outside of Singapore could be repatriated under current laws, a significant amount could be subject to income tax withholdings. We provide for tax liabilities on these amounts for financial statement purposes, except for certain of our foreign earnings that are considered indefinitely reinvested outside of Singapore (approximately \$0.7 billion as of March 31, 2024). Repatriation could result in an additional income tax payment; however, for the majority of our foreign entities, our intent is to permanently reinvest these funds outside of Singapore and our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate them to fund our operations in jurisdictions outside of where they are held. Where local restrictions prevent an efficient intercompany transfer of funds, our intent is that cash balances would remain outside of Singapore and we would meet our liquidity needs through ongoing cash flows, external borrowings, or both. Future liquidity needs will depend on fluctuations in levels of inventory, accounts receivable, and accounts payable, the timing of capital expenditures for new equipment, the extent to which we utilize operating leases for new facilities and equipment, and the levels of shipments and changes in the volumes of customer orders. We maintain a commercial paper program which provides short-term financing under which there were no borrowings outstanding as of December 31, 2024. Historically, we have funded operations from cash and cash equivalents generated from operations, proceeds from public offerings of equity and debt securities, bank debt and lease financings. We may enter into debt and equity financings, sales of accounts receivable and lease transactions to fund acquisitions and anticipated growth as needed. The sale or issuance of equity or convertible debt securities could result in dilution to current shareholders. Further, we may issue debt securities that have rights and privileges senior to those of holders of ordinary shares, and the terms of this debt could impose restrictions on operations and could increase debt service obligations. This increased indebtedness could limit our flexibility as a result of debt service requirements and restrictive covenants, potentially affect our credit ratings, and may limit our ability to access additional capital or execute our business strategy. Any downgrades in credit ratings could adversely affect our ability to borrow as a result of more restrictive borrowing terms. We continue to assess our capital structure and evaluate the merits of redeploying available cash to reduce existing debt or repurchase ordinary shares. Under our current share repurchase program, our Board of Directors authorized repurchases of our outstanding ordinary shares for up to \$1.7 billion in accordance with the share purchase mandate approved by our shareholders at the date of the most recent Annual General Meeting which was held on August 8, 2024. Δ During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2024, we paid \$958.4 million to repurchase shares under the current and prior repurchase plans at an average price of \$31.36 per share. Δ As of December 31, 2024, shares in the aggregate amount of \$1.3 billion were available to be repurchased under the current plan. Δ CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS Δ Information regarding our long-term debt payments, operating lease payments, capital lease payments and other commitments is provided in Item 7, Δ Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and

to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrantâ€™s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; andd.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrantâ€™s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrantâ€™s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrantâ€™s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrantâ€™s internal control over financial reporting; and5.The registrantâ€™s other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrantâ€™s auditors and the audit committee of the registrantâ€™s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions);a.All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrantâ€™s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; andb.Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrantâ€™s internal control over financial reporting.A Date:Â JanuaryÂ 31, 2025A /s/ Kevin KrummÂ Kevin KrummÂ Chief Financial OfficerÂ DocumentEXHIBITÂ 32.01Â CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002Â We, Revathi Advaithi and Kevin Krumm, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, of Flex Ltd. (the â€œCompanyâ€), hereby certify, to the best of our knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Â§ 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:Â ¶the Quarterly Report on FormÂ 10-Q of the Company for the period ended DecemberÂ 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the â€œReportâ€), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; andÂ ¶the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.A signed original of this written statement has been provided to Flex Ltd. and will be retained by it and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.Â A Date:January 31, 2025/s/ Revathi AdvaithiRevathi AdvaithiChief Executive Officer(Principal Executive Officer)Date:January 31, 2025/s/ Kevin KrummKevin KrummChief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)Â