

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number 1-8729

UNISYS CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

38-0387840

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

801 Lakeview Drive, Suite 100
Blue Bell, Pennsylvania 19422
(215) 986-4011

(Address, zip code and telephone number, including area code, of principal executive offices)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$.01	UIS	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Number of shares of Unisys Common Stock, par value \$.01, outstanding as of March 31, 2024: 69,228,515

UNISYS CORPORATION
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INFORMATION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this report, including, without limitation, statements as to management expectations, assumptions and beliefs presented in Part I, Item 2. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," Part I, Item 3. "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," Part II, Item 1. "Legal Proceedings" and in the notes to the financial statements are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "projects," "may," "will," "intends," "plans," "believes," "should" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements and such forward-looking statements are made based upon management's current expectations, assumptions and beliefs as of this date concerning future developments and their potential effect on us. There can be no assurance that future developments will be in accordance with management's expectations, assumptions or beliefs, or that the effect of future developments on us will be those anticipated by management. Because actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, we caution readers not to place undue reliance on these statements. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which that statement is made. The company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date on which the statement is made.

The factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations, assumptions and beliefs include, but are not limited to, those discussed in Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, as summarized below:

Business and Operating

- cyber incidents, security breaches and other disruptions in our IT systems;
- our ability to maintain our installed base and sell new solutions and related services;
- our ability to grow revenue, expand margin and generate sufficient cash flows in our businesses;
- the adverse effects of volatile, negative or uncertain economic and political conditions as well as acts of war, terrorism, natural disasters or the widespread outbreak of infectious diseases;
- our ability to effectively anticipate and respond to rapid technological innovation, such as artificial intelligence among others, in our industry;
- our ability to work with government and public sector clients and additional risks inherent in government and public sector contracting;
- our ability to maintain our credit rating or access financing markets;
- our ability to align employees and their skills with client demand and retain and develop employees and management with strong leadership skills;
- our ability to meet our underfunded defined benefit pension plan obligations;
- the potential adverse effects of aggressive competition;
- the performance and capabilities of third parties with whom we have commercial relationships;
- our contracts may not be as profitable as expected or provide the expected level of revenue;
- our ability to protect or enforce our intellectual property rights and defend against infringement claims;
- the business and financial risk in the completion of acquisitions or dispositions;

Legal and Regulatory

- our inability to comply with global legal and regulatory requirements;
- our failure to maintain an effective system of internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure controls and procedures;
- our exposure to legal proceedings, investigations and environmental matters;
- our failure to meet Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) expectations and standards, achieve our ESG goals, or comply with ESG regulations or laws;

Accounting

- our ability to use our net operating loss carryforwards and certain other tax attributes may be limited; and
- a potential impairment of goodwill or intangible assets.

Other factors discussed in this report, although not listed here, also could materially affect our future results.

Part I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

UNISYS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)
(Millions, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue		
Services	\$ 416.8	\$ 403.9
Technology	71.0	112.5
	<u>487.8</u>	<u>516.4</u>
Costs and expenses		
Cost of revenue		
Services	314.9	316.1
Technology	36.9	41.3
	<u>351.8</u>	<u>357.4</u>
Selling, general and administrative	112.2	102.9
Research and development	6.1	6.2
	<u>470.1</u>	<u>466.5</u>
Operating income	17.7	49.9
Interest expense	7.9	7.6
Other (expense), net	(142.1)	(196.9)
Loss before income taxes	(132.3)	(154.6)
Provision for income taxes	17.0	19.9
Consolidated net loss	(149.3)	(174.5)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	0.2	0.9
Net loss attributable to Unisys Corporation	<u>\$ (149.5)</u>	<u>\$ (175.4)</u>
Loss per share attributable to Unisys Corporation		
Basic	<u>\$ (2.18)</u>	<u>\$ (2.58)</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ (2.18)</u>	<u>\$ (2.58)</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNISYS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)
(Millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Consolidated net loss	\$ (149.3)	\$ (174.5)
Other comprehensive income		
Foreign currency translation	(15.4)	24.4
Postretirement adjustments, net of tax of \$ 2.8 in 2024 and \$(3.0) in 2023	153.9	178.3
Total other comprehensive income	138.5	202.7
Comprehensive (loss) income	(10.8)	28.2
Less comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	0.4	0.8
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Unisys Corporation	<u><u>\$ (11.2)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 27.4</u></u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNISYS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)
(Millions)

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 382.8	\$ 387.7
Accounts receivable, net	407.4	454.5
Contract assets	18.3	11.7
Inventories	15.9	15.3
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	95.9	101.8
Total current assets	920.3	971.0
Properties	391.3	396.4
Less-accumulated depreciation and amortization	330.9	332.1
Properties, net	60.4	64.3
Outsourcing assets, net	27.1	31.6
Marketable software, net	168.5	166.2
Operating lease right-of-use assets	39.2	35.4
Prepaid postretirement assets	39.8	38.0
Deferred income taxes	111.1	114.0
Goodwill	287.3	287.4
Intangible assets, net	40.3	42.7
Restricted cash	7.7	9.0
Assets held-for-sale	4.9	4.9
Other long-term assets	183.9	200.9
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,890.5</u>	<u>\$ 1,965.4</u>
Total liabilities and deficit		
Current liabilities:		
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 10.0	\$ 13.0
Accounts payable	143.1	130.9
Deferred revenue	190.9	198.6
Other accrued liabilities	246.2	308.4
Total current liabilities	<u>590.2</u>	<u>650.9</u>
Long-term debt	488.4	491.2
Long-term postretirement liabilities	777.4	787.7
Long-term deferred revenue	105.0	104.4
Long-term operating lease liabilities	29.4	25.6
Other long-term liabilities	44.9	44.0
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 14)		
Deficit:		
Common stock, shares issued: 2024; 75.1, 2023; 74.0	0.8	0.7
Accumulated deficit	(2,095.2)	(1,945.7)
Treasury stock, shares at cost: 2024; 5.9, 2023; 5.6	(158.0)	(156.4)
Paid-in capital	4,755.8	4,749.9
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(2,662.0)	(2,800.3)
Total Unisys Corporation stockholders' deficit	<u>(158.6)</u>	<u>(151.8)</u>
Noncontrolling interests	13.8	13.4
Total deficit	<u>(144.8)</u>	<u>(138.4)</u>
Total liabilities and deficit	<u>\$ 1,890.5</u>	<u>\$ 1,965.4</u>

UNISYS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
(Millions)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Consolidated net loss	\$ (149.3)	\$ (174.5)
Adjustments to reconcile consolidated net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Foreign currency losses (gains)	14.9	(3.7)
Non-cash interest expense	0.3	0.3
Employee stock compensation	6.7	4.7
Depreciation and amortization of properties	6.2	9.2
Depreciation and amortization of outsourcing assets	6.2	12.2
Amortization of marketable software	12.0	12.0
Amortization of intangible assets	2.4	2.5
Other non-cash operating activities	(1.5)	0.2
Pension and postretirement contributions	(7.7)	(16.4)
Postretirement expense	146.6	193.2
Deferred income taxes, net	(0.4)	6.3
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, excluding the effect of acquisitions:		
Receivables, net and contract assets	64.0	(1.1)
Inventories	(0.8)	(0.8)
Other assets	(9.8)	(12.2)
Accounts payable and current liabilities	(69.1)	(15.3)
Other liabilities	3.1	(3.8)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>23.8</u>	<u>12.8</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from foreign exchange forward contracts	728.1	830.2
Purchases of foreign exchange forward contracts	(726.9)	(821.0)
Investment in marketable software	(13.2)	(10.3)
Capital additions of properties	(2.2)	(7.3)
Capital additions of outsourcing assets	(4.5)	(2.7)
Other	(0.1)	(0.4)
Net cash used for investing activities	<u>(18.8)</u>	<u>(11.5)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Payments of long-term debt	(6.1)	(7.2)
Other	(1.6)	(0.4)
Net cash used for financing activities	<u>(7.7)</u>	<u>(7.6)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(3.5)	4.1
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(6.2)	(2.2)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	396.7	402.7
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	<u>\$ 390.5</u>	<u>\$ 400.5</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNISYS CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (DEFICIT) (Unaudited)
(Millions)

Unisys Corporation

	Total	Total Unisys Corporation	Common Stock Par Value	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock At Cost	Paid-in Capital	Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Other	Non-controlling Interests
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ (138.4)	\$ (151.8)	\$ 0.7	\$ (1,945.7)	\$ (156.4)	\$ 4,749.9	\$ (2,800.3)	\$ 13.4	
Consolidated net (loss) income	(149.3)	(149.5)		(149.5)					0.2
Stock-based activity	4.4	4.4	0.1		(1.6)	5.9			
Translation adjustments	(15.4)	(14.7)					(14.7)		(0.7)
Postretirement plans	153.9	153.0					153.0		0.9
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ (144.8)</u>	<u>\$ (158.6)</u>	<u>\$ 0.8</u>	<u>\$ (2,095.2)</u>	<u>\$ (158.0)</u>	<u>\$ 4,755.8</u>	<u>\$ (2,662.0)</u>	<u>\$ 13.8</u>	

Unisys Corporation

	Total	Total Unisys Corporation	Common Stock Par Value	Accumulated Deficit	Treasury Stock At Cost	Paid-in Capital	Comprehensive Loss	Accumulated Other	Non-controlling Interests
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 21.8	\$ (14.7)	\$ 0.7	\$ (1,515.0)	\$ (156.0)	\$ 4,731.6	\$ (3,076.0)	\$ 36.5	
Consolidated net (loss) income	(174.5)	(175.4)		(175.4)					0.9
Stock-based activity	4.0	4.0			(0.3)	4.3			
Translation adjustments	24.4	23.3					23.3		1.1
Postretirement plans	178.3	179.5					179.5		(1.2)
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 54.0</u>	<u>\$ 16.7</u>	<u>\$ 0.7</u>	<u>\$ (1,690.4)</u>	<u>\$ (156.3)</u>	<u>\$ 4,735.9</u>	<u>\$ (2,873.2)</u>	<u>\$ 37.3</u>	

See notes to consolidated financial statements

UNISYS CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions, except share and per share amounts)

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The unaudited consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). These rules and regulations permit some of the information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP), to be condensed or omitted. In management's opinion, the unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments that are of a normal recurring nature, necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations and financial position of the company for the interim periods presented. These adjustments consist only of normal recurring accruals except as disclosed herein. Because of seasonal and other factors, results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

These unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 and the notes thereto included in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and assumptions affect the amounts of assets and liabilities reported, disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses. Such estimates include the valuation of estimated credit losses, contract assets, operating lease right-of-use assets, outsourcing assets, marketable software, goodwill, purchased intangibles and other long-lived assets, legal and environmental contingencies, assumptions used in the calculation for systems integration projects, income taxes and retirement and other post-employment benefits, among others. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgment. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ materially from these estimates. Changes in those estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment such as rising interest rates, inflation, fluctuation in foreign exchange rates and conflicts and other events of geopolitical significance, will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

The company's accounting policies are set forth in detail in Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 filed with the SEC. Such Annual Report also contains a discussion of the company's critical accounting policies and estimates. The company believes that these critical accounting policies and estimates affect its more significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of the company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 2 - Accounting Standards

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280) - Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, which enhances reportable segment disclosure requirements including disclosures about significant segment expenses on an annual and interim basis. This update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted and requires application on a retrospective basis. This ASU is not expected to have a material effect on the company's consolidated financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740) - Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. This ASU enhances disclosures relating to the rate reconciliation and requires income taxes paid disclosures disaggregated by jurisdiction among other amendments. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted and should be applied a prospective basis with a retrospective application permitted. This ASU is not expected to have a material effect on the company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 - Cost-Reduction Actions

The company from time to time initiates cost reduction actions designed to improve operating efficiency, reduce costs and align the company's workforce and facility structures to its overall business plan.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the company recognized net cost-reduction charges and other costs of \$ 6.3 million. The net charges related to workforce reductions were \$6.6 million, principally related to severance costs, and were comprised of: (a) a charge of \$ 9.4 million and (b) a credit of \$2.8 million for changes in estimates. The company recorded a net credit of \$ 0.3 million comprised of a net credit of \$ 0.8 million for changes in estimates related to other cost-reduction efforts and a charge of \$0.5 million for net foreign currency losses related to exiting foreign countries.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the company recognized net charges related to workforce reductions of \$ 0.7 million. These net charges were principally related to severance costs, and were comprised of: (a) a charge of \$2.6 million and (b) a credit of \$1.9 million for changes in estimates. In addition, the company recorded a credit of \$3.5 million for net foreign currency gains related to exiting foreign countries.

The charges (credits) were recorded in the following statement of income (loss) classifications:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Cost of revenue	\$ 1.0	\$ 0.6
Selling, general and administrative	3.8	—
Research and development	1.0	0.1
Other (expense), net	0.5	(3.5)
Total	\$ 6.3	\$ (2.8)

Liabilities and expected future payments related to the company's work-force reduction actions are as follows:

	Total	U.S.	International
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 9.4	\$ 2.5	\$ 6.9
Additional provisions	9.4	2.9	6.5
Payments	(1.9)	(0.4)	(1.5)
Changes in estimates	(2.8)	(0.2)	(2.6)
Translation adjustments	(0.2)	—	(0.2)
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 13.9	\$ 4.8	\$ 9.1
Expected future utilization on balance at March 31, 2024:			
Short-term	\$ 13.9	\$ 4.8	\$ 9.1

Note 4 - Pension and Postretirement Benefits

Net periodic pension expense (income) is presented below:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				Three Months Ended March 31, 2023			
	U.S.		International		U.S.		International	
	Total	Plans	Plans	Total	Plans	Plans		
Service cost ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 0.3	\$ —	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.3	\$ —	\$ 0.3		
Interest cost	47.9	31.0	16.9	58.5	40.8	17.7		
Expected return on plan assets	(56.2)	(34.4)	(21.8)	(69.4)	(48.6)	(20.8)		
Amortization of prior service benefit	(1.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(0.6)	(0.6)		
Recognized net actuarial loss	23.6	18.4	5.2	22.1	19.9	2.2		
Settlement losses ^{(ii) (iii)}	132.3	132.3	—	183.2	183.2	—		
Net periodic pension expense (income)	\$ 146.7	\$ 146.7	\$ —	\$ 193.5	\$ 194.7	\$ (1.2)		

⁽ⁱ⁾ Service cost is reported in selling, general and administrative expense. All other components of net periodic pension expense (income) are reported in other (expense), net in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ In March 2024, the company purchased a group annuity contract, with plan assets, for approximately \$195 million to transfer projected benefit obligations related to approximately 3,800 retirees of one of the company's U.S. defined benefit pension plans. This action resulted in a pre-tax settlement loss of \$32.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ In March 2023, the company purchased a group annuity contract, with plan assets, for approximately \$265 million to transfer projected benefit obligations related to approximately 8,650 retirees of one of the company's U.S. defined benefit pension plans. This action resulted in a pre-tax settlement loss of \$83.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

In 2024, the company expects to make cash contributions of approximately \$ 20 million primarily for its international defined benefit pension plans. In 2023, the company made cash contributions of \$42.4 million to its worldwide defined benefit pension plans. During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the company made cash contributions of \$6.4 million and \$14.5 million, respectively.

At the end of each year, the company estimates its future cash contributions to its U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plans based on year-end pension data and assumptions. Any material deterioration in the value of the company's U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plan assets, as well as changes in pension legislation, volatility in the capital markets, discount rate changes, asset return changes, or changes in economic or demographic trends, could require the company to make cash contributions to its U.S. defined benefit pension plans in different amounts and on a different schedule than previously contemplated.

Net periodic postretirement benefit income is presented below:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Service cost ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 0.1	\$ —
Interest cost	0.6	0.8
Expected return on assets	—	(0.1)
Recognized net actuarial gain	(0.8)	(0.7)
Amortization of prior service benefit	—	(0.3)
Net periodic postretirement benefit income	\$ (0.1)	\$ (0.3)

⁽ⁱ⁾ Service cost is reported in selling, general and administrative expense. All other components of net periodic postretirement benefit expense (income) are reported in other (expense), net in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

The company expects to make cash contributions of \$ 4.0 million to its postretirement benefit plan in 2024. In 2023, the company made cash contributions of \$5.6 million to its postretirement benefit plan. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the company made cash contributions of \$ 1.3 million and \$1.9 million, respectively.

Note 5 - Stock Compensation

Under stockholder approved stock-based plans, stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock and restricted stock units may be granted to officers, directors and other key employees.

As of March 31, 2024, the company has granted restricted stock and restricted stock units under these plans. The company recognizes compensation cost, net of a forfeiture rate, in selling, general and administrative expense, and recognizes compensation cost only for those awards expected to vest. The company estimates the forfeiture rate based on its historical experience and its expectations about future forfeitures.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the company recorded \$ 6.7 million and \$4.7 million of share-based restricted stock and restricted stock unit compensation expense, respectively.

Restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards may contain time-based units, performance-based units, total shareholder return market-based units, or a combination of these units. Each performance-based and market-based unit will vest into zero to two shares depending on the degree to which the performance or market conditions are met. Compensation expense for performance-based awards is recognized as expense ratably for each installment from the date of grant until the date the restrictions lapse and is based on the fair market value at the date of grant and the probability of achievement of the specific performance-related goals. Compensation expense for market-related awards is recognized as expense ratably over the measurement period, regardless of the actual level of achievement, provided the service requirement is met. Restricted stock unit grants for the company's directors vest upon award and compensation expense for such awards is recognized upon grant.

A summary of restricted stock and restricted stock unit (RSU) activity for the three months ended March 31, 2024 follows (shares in thousands):

	Restricted Stock and RSU	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	4,758	\$ 9.27
Granted	2,709	6.50
Vested	(1,120)	8.53
Forfeited and expired	(32)	8.10
Outstanding at March 31, 2024	<u>6,315</u>	<u>7.23</u>

The aggregate weighted-average grant-date fair value of restricted stock and restricted stock units granted during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$18.6 million and \$13.8 million, respectively. The fair value of restricted stock and restricted stock units with time and performance conditions was determined based on the trading price of the company's common shares on the date of grant. The fair value of awards with market conditions was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Weighted-average fair value of grant	\$ 8.17	\$ 7.32
Risk-free interest rate ⁽ⁱ⁾	4.46 %	4.51 %
Expected volatility ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	76.28 %	63.63 %
Expected life of restricted stock units in years ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	2.85	2.84
Expected dividend yield	— %	— %

⁽ⁱ⁾ Represents the continuously compounded semi-annual zero-coupon U.S. treasury rate commensurate with the remaining performance period.

⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Based on historical volatility for the company that is commensurate with the length of the performance period.

⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ Represents the remaining life of the longest performance period.

As of March 31, 2024, there was \$ 29.9 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to outstanding restricted stock and restricted stock units granted under the company's plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years. The aggregate weighted-average grant-date fair value of restricted stock and restricted stock units vested during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$9.6 million and \$6.6 million, respectively.

Common stock issued upon the lapse of restrictions on restricted stock and restricted stock units are newly issued shares. In light of its tax position, the company is currently not recognizing any tax benefits from the issuance of stock upon lapse of restrictions on restricted stock and restricted stock units.

Note 6 - Other (expense), net

Other (expense), net is comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Postretirement expense ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ (146.2)	\$ (192.9)
Foreign exchange (losses) gains ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	(14.9)	3.7
Other, net ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	19.0	(7.7)
Total other (expense), net	\$ (142.1)	\$ (196.9)

⁽ⁱ⁾ Includes \$132.3 million and \$183.2 million of U.S pension settlement losses in the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. See Note 4.

⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Includes net foreign exchange losses of \$0.5 million and net foreign currency gains of \$3.5 million, respectively, in the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, related to substantial completion of liquidation of foreign subsidiaries.

⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ Other, net in the three months ended March 31, 2024 includes a net gain of approximately \$4.9 million related to a favorable judgment received in a Brazilian services tax matter. Additionally, other, net includes environmental costs related to previously disposed businesses.

Note 7 - Income Taxes

Accounting rules governing income taxes require that deferred tax assets and liabilities be recognized using enacted tax rates for the effect of temporary differences between the book and tax bases of recorded assets and liabilities. These rules also require that deferred tax assets be reduced by a valuation allowance if it is more likely than not that some portion or the entire deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The company evaluates the realizability of its deferred tax assets by assessing its valuation allowance and by adjusting such amount, if necessary. The realization of the company's net deferred tax assets as of March 31, 2024, is primarily dependent on the ability to generate sustained taxable income in various jurisdictions. Judgment is required to estimate forecasted future taxable income, which may be impacted by future business developments, actual results, strategic operational and tax initiatives, legislative, and other economic factors and developments. Any increase or decrease in the valuation allowance would result in additional or lower income tax expense in that period and could have a significant impact on that period's earnings.

A full valuation allowance is currently maintained for all U.S. and certain foreign deferred tax assets in excess of deferred tax liabilities. The company will record a tax provision or benefit for those international subsidiaries that do not have a full valuation allowance against their net deferred tax assets. Any profit or loss recorded for the company's U.S. operations will have no provision or benefit associated with it due to such valuation allowance, except with respect to withholding taxes not creditable against future taxable income. As a result, the company's provision or benefit for taxes may vary significantly depending on the geographic distribution of income.

A corporation's ability to deduct its federal net operating loss (NOL) carryforwards and utilize certain other available tax attributes can be substantially constrained under the general annual limitation rules of Section 382 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code (Section 382) if it undergoes an "ownership change" as defined in Section 382 (generally where cumulative stock ownership changes among material shareholders exceed 50 percent during a rolling three-year period). Similar rules may apply under state tax laws. A future tax "ownership change" pursuant to Section 382 or future changes in tax laws that impose tax attribute utilization limitations may severely limit or effectively eliminate the company's ability to utilize its NOL carryforwards and other tax attributes.

Note 8 - Loss Per Share

The following table shows how loss per share attributable to Unisys Corporation was computed (shares in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Basic loss per common share computation:		
Net loss attributable to Unisys Corporation	\$ (149.5)	\$ (175.4)
Weighted average shares	68,704	67,943
Basic loss per common share	<u><u>\$ (2.18)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (2.58)</u></u>
Diluted loss per common share computation:		
Net loss attributable to Unisys Corporation	\$ (149.5)	\$ (175.4)
Weighted average shares	68,704	67,943
Plus incremental shares from assumed vesting of employee stock plans	—	—
Adjusted weighted average shares	<u><u>68,704</u></u>	<u><u>67,943</u></u>
Diluted loss per common share	<u><u>\$ (2.18)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (2.58)</u></u>
Anti-dilutive restricted stock units ⁽ⁱ⁾	2,267	391

⁽ⁱ⁾ Amounts represent shares excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share, as their effect, if included, would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

Note 9 - Contract Assets and Deferred Revenue

Contract assets represent rights to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to a customer when that right is conditional on something other than the passage of time. Deferred revenue represents contract liabilities.

Net contract assets (liabilities) are as follows:

	December 31,	
	March 31, 2024	2023
Contract assets - current	\$ 18.3	\$ 11.7
Contract assets - long-term ⁽ⁱ⁾	7.8	8.6
Deferred revenue - current	(190.9)	(198.6)
Deferred revenue - long-term	(105.0)	(104.4)

⁽ⁱ⁾ Reported in other long-term assets on the company's consolidated balance sheets.

Significant changes in the above contract liability balances were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue recognized that was included in deferred revenue at the beginning of the period	\$ 78.9	\$ 65.1

Note 10 - Capitalized Contract Costs

The company's incremental direct costs of obtaining a contract consist of sales commissions, which are deferred and amortized ratably over the initial contract life. These costs are classified as current or noncurrent based on the timing of when the company expects to recognize the expense. The current and noncurrent portions of deferred commissions are included in prepaid expenses, other current assets and in other long-term assets, respectively, in the company's consolidated balance sheets. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the company had \$1.8 million and \$3.7 million, respectively, of deferred commissions.

Amortization expense related to deferred commissions was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Deferred commissions - amortization expense ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.4

⁽ⁱ⁾ Reported in selling, general and administrative expense in the company's consolidated statements of income (loss).

Costs on outsourcing contracts are generally expensed as incurred. However, certain costs incurred upon initiation of an outsourcing contract (costs to fulfill a contract), principally initial customer setup, are capitalized and expensed over the initial contract life. These costs are included in outsourcing assets, net in the company's consolidated balance sheets. The amount of such costs at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, was \$15.4 million and \$19.2 million, respectively. These costs are amortized over the initial contract life and reported in cost of revenue.

Amortization expense related to costs to fulfill a contract was as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Costs to fulfill a contract - amortization expense	\$ 1.3	\$ 2.2

The remaining balance of outsourcing assets, net is comprised of fixed assets and software used in connection with outsourcing contracts. These costs are capitalized and depreciated over the shorter of the initial contract life or in accordance with the company's fixed asset policy.

Note 11 - Financial Instruments and Fair Value Measurements

Due to its foreign operations, the company is exposed to the effects of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on the U.S. dollar, principally related to intercompany account balances. The company uses derivative financial instruments to reduce its exposure to market risks from changes in foreign currency exchange rates on such balances. The company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts, generally having maturities of three months or less, which have not been designated as hedging instruments. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the notional amount of these contracts was \$493.4 million and \$488.4 million, respectively. The fair value of these forward contracts is based on quoted prices for similar but not identical financial instruments; as such, the inputs are considered Level 2 inputs.

The following table summarizes the fair value of the company's foreign exchange forward contracts.

	December 31,	
	March 31, 2024	2023
Balance Sheet Location		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 0.1	\$ 9.0
Other accrued liabilities	4.2	0.1
Total fair value	\$ (4.1)	\$ 8.9

The following table summarizes the location and amount of gains (losses) recognized on foreign exchange forward contracts.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Statement of Income Location		
Other (expense), net	\$ (11.7)	\$ 5.2

Financial assets with carrying values approximating fair value include cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities with carrying values approximating fair value include accounts payable and other liabilities. The carrying amounts of these financial assets and liabilities approximate fair value due to their short maturities. Such financial instruments are not included in the following table that provides information about the estimated fair values of other financial instruments that are not measured at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Long-term debt:				
6.875% senior secured notes due November 1, 2027	\$ 480.7	\$ 434.0	\$ 480.4	\$ 437.5

Long-term debt is carried at amortized cost and its estimated fair value is based on market prices classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Note 12 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Changes in the carrying value of goodwill by reporting unit were as follows:

	Total	DWS	CA&I	ECS	Other
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 287.4	\$ 140.8	\$ 38.0	\$ 98.3	\$ 10.3
Translation adjustments	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	—	—
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 287.3	\$ 140.7	\$ 38.0	\$ 98.3	\$ 10.3

At March 31, 2024, the amount of goodwill allocated to reporting units with negative net assets within Other was \$ 10.3 million.

Intangible Assets, Net

Intangible assets, net at March 31, 2024, consists of the following:

	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Technology ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 10.0	\$ 8.8	\$ 1.2
Customer relationships ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	54.2	15.7	38.5
Marketing ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	1.3	0.7	0.6
Total	\$ 65.5	\$ 25.2	\$ 40.3

⁽ⁱ⁾ Amortization expense is included within cost of revenue - technology in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Amortization expense is included within selling, general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, amortization expense was \$ 2.4 million and \$2.5 million, respectively.

The future amortization relating to acquired intangible assets at March 31, 2024, was estimated as follows:

	Future Amortization Expense
Remainder of 2024	\$ 4.8
2025	4.3
2026	4.0
2027	4.0
2028	4.0
Thereafter	19.2
Total	\$ 40.3

Note 13 - Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
6.875% senior secured notes due November 1, 2027 (Face value of \$ 485.0 million less unamortized issuance costs of \$4.3 and \$4.6 million at March 31, 2024 and at December 31, 2023) ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 480.7	\$ 480.4
Finance leases	0.1	0.3
Other debt	17.6	23.5
Total	498.4	504.2
Less – current maturities	10.0	13.0
Total long-term debt	\$ 488.4	\$ 491.2

⁽ⁱ⁾ See Note 11 for the fair value of the notes.

Senior Secured Notes due 2027

The company has outstanding \$485.0 million aggregate principal amount of its 6.875% Senior Secured Notes due 2027 (the 2027 Notes). The 2027 Notes pay interest semiannually on May 1 and November 1 and will mature on November 1, 2027, unless earlier repurchased or redeemed. The 2027 Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior secured basis by Unisys Holding Corporation, Unisys NPL, Inc. and Unisys AP Investment Company I, each of which is a U.S. corporation that is directly or indirectly owned by the company (the subsidiary guarantors).

The 2027 Notes and the related guarantees rank equally in right of payment with all of the existing and future senior debt of the company and its subsidiary guarantors and senior in right of payment to any future subordinated debt of the company and its subsidiary guarantors. The 2027 Notes and the related guarantees are structurally subordinated to all existing and future liabilities (including preferred stock, trade payables and pension liabilities) of the subsidiaries of the company that are not subsidiary guarantors. The 2027 Notes and the guarantees are secured by liens on substantially all assets of the company and the subsidiary guarantors, other than certain excluded assets (the collateral). The liens securing the 2027 Notes on certain ABL collateral are subordinated to the liens on ABL collateral in favor of the ABL secured parties and, in the future, the liens securing the 2027 Notes may be subordinated to liens on the collateral securing certain permitted first lien debt, subject to certain limitations and permitted liens.

The company may, on any one or more occasions, redeem all or a part of the 2027 Notes at specified redemption premiums, declining to par for any redemptions on or after November 1, 2025.

The indenture contains covenants that limit the ability of the company and its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional indebtedness and guarantee indebtedness; (ii) pay dividends or make other distributions or repurchase or redeem its capital stock; (iii) prepay, redeem or repurchase certain debt; (iv) issue certain preferred stock or similar equity securities; (v) make loans and investments; (vi) sell assets; (vii) create or incur liens; (viii) enter into transactions with affiliates; (ix) enter into agreements restricting its subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends; and (x) consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of its assets. These covenants are subject to several important limitations and exceptions.

If the company experiences certain kinds of changes of control (as defined in the indenture), it will be required to offer to repurchase the 2027 Notes at 101% of the principal amount of the 2027 Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest as of the repurchase date, if any. In addition, if the company sells assets, under certain circumstances it must apply the proceeds towards an offer to repurchase the 2027 Notes at a price equal to par plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any.

The indenture also provides for events of default, which, if any of them occur, would permit or require the principal, premium, if any, interest and any other monetary obligations on all the then outstanding 2027 Notes to be due and payable immediately.

Interest expense related to the 2027 Notes is comprised of the following:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Contractual interest coupon	\$ 8.3	\$ 8.3
Amortization of issuance costs	0.3	0.3
Total	\$ 8.6	\$ 8.6

Asset Based Lending (ABL) Credit Facility

The company has a secured revolving credit facility (the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility), which matures on October 29, 2025 and provides for revolving loans and letters of credit up to an aggregate amount of \$145.0 million (with a limit on letters of credit of \$40.0 million), with an accordion feature provision allowing for the aggregate amount available under the credit facility to be increased up to \$175.0 million upon the satisfaction of certain specified conditions. Availability under the credit facility is subject to a borrowing base calculated by reference to the company's receivables. At March 31, 2024, the company had no borrowings and \$ 7.0 million of letters of credit outstanding. Availability under the facility was \$ 43.4 million net of letters of credit issued.

The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility is subject to a springing maturity, under which the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility will immediately mature 91 days prior to any date on which contributions to pension funds in the United States in an amount in excess of \$ 100.0 million are required to be paid unless the company is able to meet certain conditions, including that the company has the liquidity (as defined in the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility) to cash settle the amount of such pension payments, no default or event of default has occurred under the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility, the company's liquidity is above \$130.0 million and the company is in compliance with the then applicable fixed charge coverage ratio on a pro forma basis.

The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility is guaranteed by the subsidiary guarantors and any future material domestic subsidiaries. The facility is secured by the assets of the company and the subsidiary guarantors, other than certain excluded assets, under a security agreement entered into by the company and the subsidiary guarantors in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as agent for the lenders under the credit facility.

The company is required to maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio if the availability under the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility falls below the greater of 10% of the lenders' commitments under the facility and \$ 14.5 million.

The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties, including, but not limited to, that there has been no material adverse change in the company's business, properties, operations or financial condition. The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility includes restrictions on the ability of the company and its subsidiaries to, among other things, incur other debt or liens, dispose of assets and make acquisitions, loans and investments, repurchase its equity, and prepay other debt. These restrictions are subject to several important limitations and exceptions. Events of default include non-payment, failure to comply with covenants, materially incorrect representations and warranties, change of control and default under other debt aggregating at least \$50.0 million, subject to relevant cure periods, as applicable.

At March 31, 2024, the company has met all covenants and conditions under its various lending and funding agreements. For at least the next 12 months, the company expects to continue to meet these covenants and conditions.

Note 14 - Litigation and Contingencies

The company is involved in a wide range of lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings, which arise in the ordinary course of business, including actions with respect to commercial and government contracts, labor and employment, employee benefits, environmental matters, intellectual property and non-income tax matters. Further, given the rapidly evolving external landscape of cybersecurity, privacy and data protection laws, regulations and threat actors, the company and its clients have been and will continue to be subject to actions or proceedings in various jurisdictions. These matters can involve a number of different parties, including competitors, clients, current or former employees, government and regulatory agencies, stockholders and representatives of the locations in which the company does business. Many of these matters are also highly complex and may seek recovery on behalf of a class or similarly large number of plaintiffs. It is therefore inherently difficult to predict the size or scope of potential future losses arising from these matters.

The company records a provision for these matters when it is both probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Significant judgment is required in both the determination of probability and the determination as to whether an exposure is reasonably estimable. Because of uncertainties related to these matters, accruals are based only on the best information available at the time. Any provisions are reviewed at least quarterly and are adjusted to reflect the impact and status of settlements, rulings, advice of counsel and other information and events pertinent to a particular matter. These adjustments could have a material impact on our results of operations and financial position.

The company intends to defend itself vigorously with respect to any legal matters. Based on its experience, the company also believes that the damage amounts claimed against it in the matters disclosed below are not a meaningful indicator of the company's potential liability.

Legal proceedings are inherently unpredictable and unfavorable resolutions could occur. Whether any losses, damages or remedies finally determined in any claim, suit, investigation or proceeding could reasonably have a material effect on the company's business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows will depend on a number of variables, including: the timing and amount of such losses or damages; the structure and type of any such remedies; the significance of the impact any such losses, damages or remedies may have in the company's consolidated financial statements; and the unique facts and circumstances of the particular matter that may give rise to additional factors. Accordingly, it is possible that an adverse outcome from such matters could be material to the company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in any particular reporting period.

Notwithstanding that the ultimate results of the lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings that have been brought or asserted against the company are not currently determinable, the company believes that at March 31, 2024, it has adequate provisions for any such matters.

The following is a summary of the more significant legal proceedings involving the company.

The company's Brazilian operations, along with those of many other companies doing business in Brazil, are involved in various litigation matters, including numerous governmental assessments related to indirect and other taxes, as well as disputes associated with former employees and contract labor. The tax-related matters pertain to value-added taxes, customs, duties, sales and other non-income-related tax exposures. The labor-related matters include claims related to compensation. The company believes that appropriate accruals have been established for such matters based on information currently available. At March 31, 2024, excluding those matters that have been assessed by management as being remote as to the likelihood of ultimately resulting in a loss, the amount related to unreserved tax-related matters, inclusive of any related interest, is estimated to be approximately \$118 million.

On November 11, 2022, a purported stockholder of the company filed a putative securities class action complaint in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania against the company and certain of its current officers, alleging violations of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). The plaintiff sought an award of compensatory damages, among other relief, and costs and attorneys' and experts' fees. On August 21, 2023, the class action complaint was amended to assert violations of the Exchange Act based on allegedly false or misleading statements related to the efficacy of the company's disclosure controls and procedures, and internal control over financial reporting in certain of the company's 2021 and 2022 filings with the SEC. On October 20, 2023, the company filed a motion to dismiss the amended complaint for plaintiff's failure to state a claim on which relief may be granted. On February 1, 2024, the Court entered an order dismissing plaintiff's amended complaint, permitting the plaintiff to file a second amended complaint on or before March 1, 2024, if the deficiencies found in the amended complaint by the court can be cured. Plaintiffs did not file an amended complaint, resulting in the dismissal of the case with prejudice.

As previously disclosed, the company received voluntary requests for information and documents from the SEC relating to the company's policies, procedures and disclosures in connection with cybersecurity incidents. The company is cooperating with the SEC's investigation of certain of the company's cybersecurity risk disclosures and cybersecurity-related internal controls, including with respect to the material weaknesses that the company identified and disclosed in the company's Annual Report on

Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. The company is in discussions with the SEC staff regarding a potential non-scienter-based settlement of the alleged issues arising from the investigation but there can be no assurance that the company will be able to resolve the matter on terms acceptable to the company and the SEC. The company believes it has an adequate provision for this matter.

With respect to the specific legal proceedings and claims described above, except as otherwise noted, either (i) the amount or range of possible losses in excess of amounts accrued, if any, is not reasonably estimable or (ii) the company believes that the amount or range of possible losses in excess of amounts accrued that are estimable would not be material. Nonetheless, the company is unable to predict the outcome from such matters and it is possible that an adverse result could be material to the company's financial conditions, results of operations and cash flows.

Environmental Matters

As of March 31, 2024, the company has an estimated environmental liability for a site that its predecessor company previously operated of approximately \$26 million, of which \$11 million is reported in other accrued liabilities and \$15 million in other long-term liabilities on the company's consolidated balance sheet. The company has an agreement related to this site, which provides for a partial reimbursement of certain costs when all cleanup work has been approved and finalized. As of March 31, 2024, the company expects to recover approximately \$32 million, which is included in other long-term assets on the company's consolidated balance sheet. As the company continues to perform investigation activities and if events and circumstances change, the company may incur future additional costs, which could have a material impact on the company's results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

Note 15 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Accumulated other comprehensive loss is as follows:

	Total	Translation Adjustments	Postretirement Plans
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ (2,800.3)	\$ (912.8)	\$ (1,887.5)
Other comprehensive (loss) income before reclassifications	(8.2)	(15.2)	7.0
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	146.5	0.5	146.0
Current period other comprehensive income (loss)	138.3	(14.7)	153.0
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ (2,662.0)</u>	<u>\$ (927.5)</u>	<u>\$ (1,734.5)</u>

Amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Translation adjustments:		
Adjustment for substantial completion of liquidation of foreign subsidiaries ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 0.5	\$ (3.5)
Postretirement plans ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ :		
Amortization of prior service benefit	(1.0)	(1.3)
Amortization of actuarial losses	22.3	21.5
Settlement losses	125.5	183.2
Total before tax	147.3	199.9
Income tax	(0.8)	(0.4)
Total reclassifications for the period	<u>\$ 146.5</u>	<u>\$ 199.5</u>

⁽ⁱ⁾ Reported in other (expense), net in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

⁽ⁱⁱ⁾These items are included in net periodic postretirement cost (see Note 4).

Note 16 - Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Cash paid during the period for:		
Income taxes, net of refunds	\$ 13.9	\$ 20.7
Interest	\$ 0.6	\$ 1.0

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the consolidated balance sheets to the total of the amounts shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 382.8	\$ 387.7
Restricted cash	7.7	9.0
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows	<u>\$ 390.5</u>	<u>\$ 396.7</u>

Cash and cash equivalents subject to contractual restrictions and are therefore not readily available are classified as restricted cash.

Note 17 - Segment Information

The company's reportable segments are as follows:

- Digital Workplace Solutions (DWS), which provides modern and traditional workplace solutions;
- Cloud, Applications & Infrastructure Solutions (CA&I), which provides digital platform, applications, and infrastructure solutions; and
- Enterprise Computing Solutions (ECS), which provides solutions that harness secure, continuous high-intensity computing and enable digital services through software-defined operating environments.

The accounting policies of each segment are the same as those followed by the company as a whole. The company evaluates segment performance based on gross profit exclusive of the service cost component of postretirement income or expense, cost reduction charges, amortization of purchased intangibles and unusual and nonrecurring items, which are included in other gross profit.

A summary of the company's operations by segment is presented below:

	Total Segments	DWS	CA&I	ECS
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
Revenue	\$ 408.3	\$ 132.3	\$ 129.0	\$ 147.0
Gross profit	\$ 125.4	\$ 19.0	\$ 21.4	\$ 85.0
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023				
Revenue	\$ 445.2	\$ 131.0	\$ 126.0	\$ 188.2
Gross profit	\$ 157.5	\$ 15.6	\$ 16.4	\$ 125.5

Presented below is a reconciliation of total segment revenue to total consolidated revenue:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Total segment revenue	\$ 408.3	\$ 445.2
Other revenue	79.5	71.2
Total consolidated revenue	\$ 487.8	\$ 516.4

Presented below is a reconciliation of total segment gross profit to consolidated loss before income taxes:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Total segment gross profit	\$ 125.4	\$ 157.5
Other gross profit	10.6	1.5
Total gross profit	136.0	159.0
Selling, general and administrative expense	(112.2)	(102.9)
Research and development expense	(6.1)	(6.2)
Interest expense	(7.9)	(7.6)
Other (expense), net	(142.1)	(196.9)
Total loss before income taxes	\$ (132.3)	\$ (154.6)

Other revenue and other gross profit are comprised of an aggregation of a number of immaterial business activities and cost reductions charges. These businesses principally provide for the management of processes and functions for clients in select industries, helping them improve performance and reduce costs.

Geographic information about the company's revenue, which is principally based on location of the selling organization, is presented below:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
United States	\$ 212.3	\$ 201.0
United Kingdom	67.0	121.9
Other foreign	208.5	193.5
Total	\$ 487.8	\$ 516.4

Note 18 - Remaining Performance Obligations

Remaining performance obligations represent the transaction price of firm orders for which work has not been performed and excludes (1) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and (2) contracts for which the company recognizes revenue at the amount to which it has the right to invoice for services performed. At March 31, 2024, the company had approximately \$0.8 billion of remaining performance obligations of which approximately 26% is estimated to be recognized as revenue by the end of 2024, 29% by the end of 2025, 20% by the end of 2026, 16% by the end of 2027 and 9% thereafter.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this quarterly report.

Overview

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the company reported net loss attributable to Unisys Corporation of \$149.5 million, or \$2.18 per diluted share, compared with a loss of \$175.4 million, or \$2.58 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Included in the loss for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, was \$132.3 million and \$183.2 million, respectively, of U.S. pension plan settlement losses net of tax.

In March 2024, the company purchased a group annuity contract, with plan assets, for approximately \$195 million to transfer projected benefit obligations related to one of the company's U.S. defined benefit pension plans. This action resulted in a pre-tax settlement loss of \$132.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Results of operations

Company results

Three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2023

Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$487.8 million compared with \$516.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, a decrease of 5.5% from the prior-year period. The decrease was primarily due to the timing of software license renewals within the Enterprise Computing Solutions segment. Foreign currency fluctuations had a 2 percentage-point positive impact on revenue in the current period compared with the prior-year period.

Revenue from U.S. operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$212.3 million, compared with \$201.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, an increase of 5.6% from the prior-year period. Revenue from international operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$275.5 million, compared with \$315.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, a decrease 12.7% from the prior-year period. Foreign currency had a 2 percentage-point positive impact on international revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2023.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the company recognized net cost-reduction charges and other costs of \$6.3 million. The net charges related to workforce reductions were \$6.6 million, principally related to severance costs, and were comprised of: (a) a charge of \$9.4 million and (b) a credit of \$2.8 million for changes in estimates. The company recorded a net credit of \$0.3 million comprised of a net credit of \$0.8 million for changes in estimates related to other cost-reduction efforts and a charge of \$0.5 million for net foreign currency losses related to exiting foreign countries.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the company recognized net charges related to workforce reductions of \$0.7 million. These net charges were principally related to severance costs, and were comprised of: (a) a charge of \$2.6 million and (b) a credit of \$1.9 million for changes in estimates. In addition, the company recorded a credit of \$3.5 million for net foreign currency gains related to exiting foreign countries.

The charges (credits) were recorded in the following statement of income (loss) classifications:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Cost of revenue	\$ 1.0	\$ 0.6
Selling, general and administrative	3.8	—
Research and development	1.0	0.1
Other (expense), net	0.5	(3.5)
Total	\$ 6.3	\$ (2.8)

Gross profit and gross profit margin were \$136.0 million and 27.9% in the three months ended March 31, 2024, respectively, compared with \$159.0 million and 30.8% for the three months ended March 31, 2023, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to the timing of software license renewals, partially offset by a benefit from the resolution of a contractual dispute with a former client.

Selling, general and administrative expense in the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$112.2 million (23.0% of revenue) compared with \$102.9 million (19.9% of revenue) for the three months ended March 31, 2023. The increase was primarily driven by higher cost-reduction charges and increased stock compensation expense.

Research and development expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$6.1 million and \$6.2 million, respectively.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the company reported an operating profit of \$17.7 million compared with an operating profit of \$49.9 million in the three months ended March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily driven by lower gross profit and increased selling, general and administrative expense as discussed above.

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$7.9 million and \$7.6 million, respectively.

Other (expense), net was expense of \$142.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with expense of \$196.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Other (expense), net for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 included \$132.3 million and \$183.2 million, respectively, of U.S. pension plan settlement losses. Additionally, other (expense), net for the three months ended March 31, 2024 includes a net gain of approximately \$14.9 million related to a favorable judgment received in a Brazilian services tax matter. See Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for details of other (expense), net.

The loss before income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$132.3 million compared with loss of \$154.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

The provision for income taxes was \$17.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with a provision of \$19.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023. The change in the tax provision is a result of the geographic distribution of income as described below.

The company evaluates quarterly the realizability of its deferred tax assets by assessing its valuation allowance and by adjusting such amount, if necessary. The company records a tax provision or benefit for those international subsidiaries that do not have a full valuation allowance against their deferred tax assets. Any profit or loss recorded for the company's U.S. operations will have no provision or benefit associated with it due to the company's valuation allowance, except with respect to refundable tax credits and withholding taxes not creditable against future taxable income. As a result, the company's provision or benefit for taxes may vary significantly period to period depending on the geographic distribution of income.

The realization of the company's net deferred tax assets is primarily dependent on the ability to generate sustained taxable income in various jurisdictions. Judgment is required to estimate forecasted future taxable income, which may be impacted by future business developments, actual results, strategic operational and tax initiatives, legislative, and other economic factors and developments. Any increase or decrease in the valuation allowance would result in additional or lower income tax expense in that period and could have a significant impact on that period's earnings.

Net loss attributable to Unisys Corporation for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$149.5 million, or \$2.18 per diluted share, compared with a loss of \$175.4 million, or \$2.58 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2023. The loss for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 included \$132.3 million and \$183.2 million, respectively, of U.S. pension plan settlement losses net of tax.

Segment results

The company's reportable segments are as follows:

- Digital Workplace Solutions (DWS), which provides modern and traditional workplace solutions;
- Cloud, Applications & Infrastructure Solutions (CA&I), which provides digital platform, applications, and infrastructure solutions; and
- Enterprise Computing Solutions (ECS), which provides solutions that harness secure, continuous high-intensity computing and enable digital services through software-defined operating environments.

The accounting policies of each segment are the same as those followed by the company as a whole. The company evaluates segment performance based on gross profit exclusive of the service cost component of postretirement income or expense, cost reduction charges, amortization of purchased intangibles and unusual and nonrecurring items, which are included in other gross profit.

Three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with the three months ended March 31, 2023

A summary of the company's operations by segment is presented below:

	Total Segments	DWS	CA&I	ECS
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
Revenue	\$ 408.3	\$ 132.3	\$ 129.0	\$ 147.0
Gross profit percent	30.7 %	14.4 %	16.6 %	57.8 %
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023				
Revenue	\$ 445.2	\$ 131.0	\$ 126.0	\$ 188.2
Gross profit percent	35.4 %	11.9 %	13.0 %	66.7 %

DWS revenue was \$132.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024, an increase of 1.0% compared with the three months ended March 31, 2023. Foreign currency fluctuations had a 1 percentage-point positive impact on DWS revenue in the current period compared with the prior-year period. Gross profit percent was 14.4% in the current period compared with 11.9% in the year-ago period. The increase in gross profit was primarily driven by delivery modernization and efficiency initiatives.

CA&I revenue was \$129.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024, an increase of 2.4% compared with the three months ended March 31, 2023. Foreign currency fluctuations had a negligible impact on CA&I revenue in the current period compared with the prior-year period. Gross profit percent was 16.6% in the current period compared with 13.0% in the prior-year period. The increase in gross profit was primarily driven by labor cost savings initiatives.

ECS revenue was \$147.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024, a decline of 21.9% compared with the three months ended March 31, 2023. Foreign currency fluctuations had a 3 percentage-point positive impact on ECS revenue in the current period compared with the prior-year period. Gross profit percent was 57.8% in the current period compared with 66.7% in the prior-year period. The decrease in revenue and gross profit was driven by the timing software license renewals.

Financial condition

The company's principal sources of liquidity are cash on hand, cash from operations and its revolving credit facility, discussed below. The company and certain international subsidiaries have access to uncommitted lines of credit from various banks. The company believes that it will have adequate sources of liquidity to meet its expected cash requirements for at least the next twelve months.

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2024 were \$382.8 million compared to \$387.7 million at December 31, 2023.

As of March 31, 2024, \$256.3 million of cash and cash equivalents were held by the company's foreign subsidiaries and branches operating outside of the U.S. The company may not be able to readily transfer approximately one-quarter of these funds out of the country in which they are located as a result of local restrictions, contractual or other legal arrangements or commercial considerations. Additionally, any transfers of these funds to the U.S. in the future may require the company to accrue or pay withholding or other taxes on a portion of the amount transferred.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, cash provided by operations was \$23.8 million compared to cash provided of \$12.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023, primarily due to lower postretirement contributions.

Cash used for investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$18.8 million compared to cash usage of \$11.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023. Net proceeds of investments were \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared with net proceeds of \$9.2 million in the prior-year period. Proceeds from investments and purchases of investments represent derivative financial instruments used to reduce the company's currency exposure to market risks from changes in foreign currency exchange rates. In the current period, the investment in marketable software was \$13.2 million compared with \$10.3 million in the prior-year period, capital additions of properties were \$2.2 million compared with \$7.3 million in the prior-year period and capital additions of outsourcing assets were \$4.5 million compared with \$2.7 million in the prior-year period.

Cash used for financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$7.7 million compared to cash used of \$7.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

In March 2024, the company purchased a group annuity contract, with plan assets, for approximately \$195 million to transfer projected benefit obligations related to approximately 3,800 retirees of one of the company's U.S. defined benefit pension plans. This action resulted in a pre-tax settlement loss of \$132.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. After considering this most recent group annuity contract purchase, the company has successfully reduced its global defined benefit pension obligations since December 2020 by \$2.2 billion, including \$1.5 billion in the U.S.

The company will continue to evaluate opportunities for additional reduction of its global defined benefit pension obligations in future periods depending on overall market conditions. Due to the company's significant postretirement plans accumulated other comprehensive losses, future group annuity contract purchases could result in material non-cash settlement losses.

At the end of each year, the company estimates its future cash contributions to its U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plans based on year-end pension data and assumptions. In 2023, the company made cash contributions of \$42.4 million to its worldwide defined benefit pension plans. Based on current legislation, global regulations, recent interest rates and expected returns, the company estimates future cash contributions of approximately \$20 million in 2024, primarily for its international defined benefit pension plans. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the company made cash contributions of \$6.4 million and \$14.5 million, respectively. The company estimates that cash contributions to its U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plans will begin in 2025, increasing the total estimated contributions for the company's U.S. and non-U.S. defined benefit pension plans to approximately \$110 million in 2025. If the company is not able to generate sufficient cash flows from operations, we may need to obtain additional funding in order to make these contributions. Any material deterioration in the value of the company's U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plan assets, as well as changes in pension legislation, volatility in the capital markets, discount rate changes, asset return changes, or changes in economic or demographic trends, could require the company to make cash contributions to its U.S. qualified defined benefit pension plans in different amounts and on a different schedule than previously contemplated.

At March 31, 2024, total debt was \$498.4 million compared to \$504.2 million at December 31, 2023.

The company has a secured revolving credit facility (the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility), which matures on October 29, 2025, and provides for revolving loans and letters of credit up to an aggregate amount of \$145.0 million (with a limit on letters of credit of \$40.0 million), with an accordion feature provision allowing for the aggregate amount available under the credit facility to be increased up to \$175.0 million upon the satisfaction of certain specified conditions. Availability under the credit facility is subject to a borrowing base calculated by reference to the company's receivables. At March 31, 2024, the company had no borrowings and \$7.0 million of letters of credit outstanding. Availability under the facility was \$43.4 million net of letters of credit issued. Any borrowings under the facility will be subject to variable interest rates.

The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility is subject to a springing maturity, under which the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility will immediately mature 91 days prior to any date on which contributions to pension funds in the United States in an amount in excess of \$100.0 million are required to be paid unless the company is able to meet certain conditions, including that the company has the liquidity (as defined in the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility) to cash settle the amount of such pension payments, no default or event of default has occurred under the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility, the company's liquidity is above \$130.0 million and the company is in compliance with the then applicable fixed charge coverage ratio on a pro forma basis.

The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility is guaranteed by Unisys Holding Corporation, Unisys NPL, Inc. and Unisys AP Investment Company I, each of which is a U.S. corporation that is directly or indirectly owned by the company (the subsidiary guarantors). The facility is secured by the assets of the company and the subsidiary guarantors, other than certain excluded assets, under a security agreement entered into by the company and the subsidiary guarantors in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as agent for the lenders under the credit facility.

The company is required to maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio if the availability under the Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility falls below the greater of 10% of the lenders' commitments under the facility and \$14.5 million.

The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility contains customary representations and warranties, including, but not limited to, that there has been no material adverse change in the company's business, properties, operations or financial condition. The Amended and Restated ABL Credit Facility includes restrictions on the ability of the company and its subsidiaries to, among other things, incur other debt or liens, dispose of assets and make acquisitions, loans and investments, repurchase its equity, and prepay other debt. These restrictions are subject to several important limitations and exceptions. Events of default include non-payment, failure to comply with covenants, materially incorrect representations and warranties, change of control and default under other debt aggregating at least \$50.0 million, subject to relevant cure periods, as applicable.

At March 31, 2024, the company has met all covenants and conditions under its various lending and funding agreements. For at least the next 12 months, the company expects to continue to meet these covenants and conditions.

From time to time, the company may explore a variety of additional debt and equity sources to fund its liquidity and capital needs.

The company may, from time to time, redeem, tender for, or repurchase its securities in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions depending upon availability, market conditions and other factors.

The company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that are material or reasonably likely to become material to its financial condition or results of operations.

Critical accounting policies and estimates

There have been no significant changes to the company's critical accounting policies and estimates as reported in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There has been no material change in the company's assessment of its sensitivity to market risk since its disclosure in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report, management performed, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), an evaluation of the effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act). In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Based upon that evaluation, the CEO and the CFO concluded that, as of March 31, 2024, the company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2024, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Information with respect to legal proceedings is set forth in Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, and such information is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

None

Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) adopted or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Securities Act of 1933).

Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1	Certification of Peter A. Altabef, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
31.2	Certification of Debra McCann, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
32.1	Certification of Peter A. Altabef, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
32.2	Certification of Debra McCann, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350
101	The following financial information from Unisys Corporation's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 formatted in Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) includes: (i) the Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss), (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Equity (Deficit), and (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
104	Cover page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

UNISYS CORPORATION

Date: May 8, 2024

By: /s/ Debra McCann
Debra McCann
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

By: /s/ David Brown
David Brown
Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, Peter A. Altabef, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Unisys Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2024

/s/ Peter A. Altabef

Name: Peter A. Altabef
Title: Chair and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, Debra McCann, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Unisys Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 8, 2024

/s/ Debra McCann

Name:	Debra McCann
Title:	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

I, Peter A. Altabef, Chair and Chief Executive Officer of Unisys Corporation (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

(1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 8, 2024

/s/ Peter A. Altabef

Peter A. Altabef

Chair and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION OF PERIODIC REPORT

I, Debra McCann, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Unisys Corporation (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

(1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 8, 2024

/s/ Debra McCann

Debra McCann

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.