

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

COKE - COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, I
10-Q - JUNE 28, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - MARCH 29, 2024

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	734
CHANGES	202
DELETIONS	209
ADDITIONS	323

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**
or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-9286

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

56-0950585
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

4100 Coca-Cola Plaza
Charlotte, NC
(Address of principal executive offices)

28211
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (980) 392-8298

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class
Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share

Trading Symbol(s)
COKE

Name of each exchange on which registered
The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of **April 19, 2024** **July 19, 2024**, there were **8,368,993** **7,755,983** shares of the registrant's Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, and 1,004,696 shares of the registrant's Class B Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, outstanding.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.
QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED **MARCH 29**, **JUNE 28**, 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Financial Statements (Unaudited)</u>	
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations</u>	1
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income</u>	2
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</u>	3
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows</u>	4
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity</u>	5
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	6
<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	24 25
<u>Item 3.</u> <u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	35 40
<u>Item 4.</u> <u>Controls and Procedures</u>	36 41
<u>PART II – OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>Item 1.</u> <u>Legal Proceedings</u>	37 42
<u>Item 2.</u> <u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	42
<u>Item 1A.</u> <u>Risk Factors</u>	37 42
<u>Item 5.</u> <u>Other Information</u>	37 42
<u>Item 6.</u> <u>Exhibits</u>	38 43
<u>Signatures</u>	39 45

i

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

				First Quarter	
				First Quarter	
				First Quarter	
(in thousands, except per share data)					
(in thousands, except per share data)					
				Second Quarter	First Half
(in thousands, except per share data)	(in thousands, except per share data)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net sales					
Net sales					
Net sales					
Cost of sales					
Cost of sales					
Cost of sales					

Gross profit
Gross profit
Gross profit
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses
Income from operations
Income from operations
Income from operations
Interest (income) expense, net
Interest (income) expense, net
Interest (income) expense, net
Mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration
Mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration
Mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration
Other expense, net
Other expense, net
Pension plan settlement expense
Other expense, net
Income before taxes
Income before taxes
Income before taxes
Income tax expense
Income tax expense
Income tax expense
Net income
Net income
Net income
Basic net income per share:
Basic net income per share:
Basic net income per share:
Common Stock
Common Stock
Common Stock
Weighted average number of Common Stock shares outstanding
Weighted average number of Common Stock shares outstanding
Weighted average number of Common Stock shares outstanding
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Weighted average number of Class B Common Stock shares outstanding
Weighted average number of Class B Common Stock shares outstanding
Weighted average number of Class B Common Stock shares outstanding
Diluted net income per share:
Diluted net income per share:
Diluted net income per share:
Common Stock
Common Stock
Common Stock
Weighted average number of Common Stock shares outstanding – assuming dilution
Weighted average number of Common Stock shares outstanding – assuming dilution

Weighted average number of Common Stock shares outstanding – assuming dilution
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Weighted average number of Class B Common Stock shares outstanding – assuming dilution
Weighted average number of Class B Common Stock shares outstanding – assuming dilution
Weighted average number of Class B Common Stock shares outstanding – assuming dilution
Cash dividends per share:
Cash dividends per share:
Cash dividends per share:
Common Stock
Common Stock
Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
		Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net income					
Net income					
Net income					
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:					
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:					
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:					
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:					
Defined benefit plans reclassification including pension costs:					
Defined benefit plans reclassification including pension costs:					
Defined benefit plans reclassification including pension costs:					
Actuarial gain					
Actuarial gain					
Actuarial gain					
Actuarial loss					
Actuarial loss					
Actuarial loss					
Prior service credits					
Prior service credits					
Prior service credits					
Postretirement benefits reclassification including benefit costs:					
Postretirement benefits reclassification including benefit costs:					

Pension plan settlement
Postretirement benefits reclassification including benefit costs:
Actuarial gain
Actuarial gain
Actuarial gain
Unrealized loss on short-term investments
Unrealized loss on short-term investments
Unrealized loss on short-term investments
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax
Unrealized gain (loss) on short-term investments
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax
Comprehensive income
Comprehensive income
Comprehensive income

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.						
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS						
(Unaudited)						
(in thousands, except share data)	(in thousands, except share data)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands, except share data)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Short-term investments						
Accounts receivable, trade						
Allowance for doubtful accounts						
Accounts receivable from The Coca-Cola Company						
Accounts receivable, other						
Inventories						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Total current assets						
Property, plant and equipment, net						
Right-of-use assets - operating leases						
Leased property under financing leases, net						
Other assets						
Goodwill						
Distribution agreements, net						
Customer lists, net						
Total assets						
<u>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</u>						
<u>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</u>						
<u>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</u>						
Current Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities:						

Current portion of obligations under operating leases		
Current portion of obligations under operating leases		
Current portion of obligations under operating leases		
Current portion of obligations under financing leases		
Accounts payable, trade		
Accounts payable to The Coca-Cola Company		
Share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company		
Other accrued liabilities		
Accrued compensation		
Dividends payable		
Total current liabilities		
Deferred income taxes		
Pension and postretirement benefit obligations		
Other liabilities		
Noncurrent portion of obligations under operating leases		
Noncurrent portion of obligations under financing leases		
Long-term debt		
Total liabilities		
Commitments and Contingencies	Commitments and Contingencies	Commitments and Contingencies
Equity:		
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value: 30,000,000 shares authorized; 11,431,367 shares issued		
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value: 30,000,000 shares authorized; 11,431,367 shares issued		
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value: 30,000,000 shares authorized; 11,431,367 shares issued		
Class B Common Stock, \$1.00 par value: 10,000,000 shares authorized; 1,632,810 shares issued		
Additional paid-in capital		
Retained earnings		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		
Treasury stock, at cost: Common Stock – 3,062,374 shares		
Treasury stock, at cost: Common Stock – 3,675,384 and 3,062,374 shares, respectively		
Treasury stock, at cost: Class B Common Stock – 628,114 shares		
Total equity		
Total liabilities and equity		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	First Quarter
	First Quarter
	First Quarter
	First Half
	First Half
	First Half

(in thousands)

(in thousands)

(in thousands)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:
Net income

Net income

Net income

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:

Depreciation and amortization expense from property, plant and equipment and financing leases

Depreciation and amortization expense from property, plant and equipment and financing leases

Depreciation and amortization expense from property, plant and equipment and financing leases

Amortization of intangible assets and deferred proceeds, net

Amortization of intangible assets and deferred proceeds, net

Amortization of intangible assets and deferred proceeds, net

Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration

Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration

Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration

Deferred income taxes

Deferred income taxes

Deferred income taxes

Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration

Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration

Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration

Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment

Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment

Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment

Amortization of debt costs

Amortization of debt costs

Amortization of debt costs

Pension plan settlement expense

Pension plan settlement expense

Pension plan settlement expense

Change in current assets less current liabilities

Change in current assets less current liabilities

Change in current assets less current liabilities

Change in other noncurrent assets

Change in other noncurrent assets

Change in other noncurrent assets

Change in other noncurrent liabilities

Change in other noncurrent liabilities

Change in other noncurrent liabilities

Total adjustments

Total adjustments

Total adjustments

Net cash provided by operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities

Net cash provided by operating activities

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:

Purchases of short-term investments

Purchases of short-term investments

Purchases of short-term investments

Additions to property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment

Additions to property, plant and equipment

Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments

Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments

Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments

Investment in equity method investees

Investment in equity method investees

Investment in equity method investees

Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments

Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments

Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments

Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment

Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment

Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities

Cash Flows from Financing Activities:

Cash Flows from Financing Activities:

Cash Flows from Financing Activities:

Proceeds from bond issuance

Proceeds from bond issuance

Proceeds from bond issuance

Cash dividends paid

Cash dividends paid

Cash dividends paid

Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration

Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration

Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration

Payments related to share repurchases

Payments related to share repurchases

Payments related to share repurchases

Debt issuance fees

Debt issuance fees

Debt issuance fees

Payments on financing lease obligations

Payments on financing lease obligations

Payments on financing lease obligations

Debt issuance fees

Debt issuance fees

Debt issuance fees

Net cash used in financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities

Net (decrease) increase in cash during period

Net increase in cash during period

Net (decrease) increase in cash during period

Net increase in cash during period

Net (decrease) increase in cash during period
Net increase in cash during period
Cash at beginning of period
Cash at beginning of period
Cash at beginning of period
Cash at end of period
Cash at end of period
Cash at end of period
Significant non-cash investing and financing activities:
Significant non-cash investing and financing activities:
Significant non-cash investing and financing activities:
Share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company
Share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company
Share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company
Additions to property, plant and equipment accrued and recorded in accounts payable, trade
Additions to property, plant and equipment accrued and recorded in accounts payable, trade
Additions to property, plant and equipment accrued and recorded in accounts payable, trade
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease obligations

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

	(in thousands, except per share data)	Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock - Common Stock	Treasury Stock - Class B	Total Equity	(in thousands, except per share data)	Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock - Common Stock	Treasury Stock - Class B	Total Equity
Balance on March 29, 2024																		
Net income																		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax																		
Dividends declared:																		
Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)																		
Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)																		
Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)																		
Class B Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)																		
Share repurchases ⁽¹⁾																		
Balance on June 28, 2024																		
Balance on December 31, 2023																		

	Balance on December 31, 2023							
	Balance on December 31, 2023							
	Net income							
	Other comprehensive loss, net of tax							
	Dividends declared:							
	Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)							
	Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)							
	Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)							
	Class B Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)							
	Balance on March 29, 2024							
	Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)							
	Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)							
	Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)							
	Class B Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)							
	Share repurchases ⁽¹⁾							
	Balance on June 28, 2024							
	(in thousands, except per share data)							
	(in thousands, except per share data)							
						Treasury		
						Accumulated	Treasury	Stock -
		Class B	Additional			Other	Stock -	Class B
(in thousands, except per share data)	Common	Common	Paid-in	Retained	Comprehensive	Common	Common	Total
	Stock	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Loss	Stock	Stock	Equity
	Balance on December 31, 2022							
	Net income							
	Other comprehensive income, net of tax							
	Dividends declared:							
	Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)							
	Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)							

Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)
Class B Common Stock (\$0.00 per share)
Balance on March 31, 2023

(a) The share repurchases relate to shares repurchased in a tender offer and a separate share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company, both of which are further discussed in Note 2 below.

	Common Stock	Class B Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock - Common	Treasury Stock - Class B Common	Total Equity
<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>								
Balance on March 31, 2023	\$ 11,431	\$ 1,633	\$ 135,953	\$ 1,230,589	\$ (84,099)	\$ (60,845)	\$ (409)	\$ 1,234,253
Net income	—	—	—	122,319	—	—	—	122,319
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	—	—	27,823	—	—	27,823
Dividends declared:								
Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)	—	—	—	(4,185)	—	—	—	(4,185)
Class B Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)	—	—	—	(502)	—	—	—	(502)
Balance on June 30, 2023	\$ 11,431	\$ 1,633	\$ 135,953	\$ 1,348,221	\$ (56,276)	\$ (60,845)	\$ (409)	\$ 1,379,708
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$ 11,431	\$ 1,633	\$ 135,953	\$ 1,112,462	\$ (84,837)	\$ (60,845)	\$ (409)	\$ 1,115,388
Net income	—	—	—	240,446	—	—	—	240,446
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	—	—	28,561	—	—	28,561
Dividends declared:								
Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)	—	—	—	(4,185)	—	—	—	(4,185)
Class B Common Stock (\$0.50 per share)	—	—	—	(502)	—	—	—	(502)
Balance on June 30, 2023	\$ 11,431	\$ 1,633	\$ 135,953	\$ 1,348,221	\$ (56,276)	\$ (60,845)	\$ (409)	\$ 1,379,708

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Critical Accounting Policies

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts and the consolidated operations of Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc. and its majority-owned subsidiaries (collectively referred to herein as the "Company"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, including normal, recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods presented.

Each of the Company's quarters, other than the fourth quarter, ends on the Friday closest to the last day of the corresponding quarterly calendar period. The Company's fourth quarter and fiscal year end on December 31 regardless of the day of the week on which December 31 falls. The condensed consolidated financial statements presented are:

- The financial position as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 and December 31, 2023.
- The results of operations, comprehensive income and changes in stockholders' equity for the three-month periods ended March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 (the "first" "second quarter" of fiscal 2024 ("2024")) and March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 (the "first" "second quarter" of fiscal 2023 ("2023")) and the six-month periods ended June 28, 2024 (the "first half" of 2024) and June 30, 2023 (the "first half" of 2023).
- The changes in cash flows for the first quarter half of 2024 and the first quarter half of 2023.

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") for interim financial reporting and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The accounting policies followed in the presentation of interim financial results are consistent with those followed on an annual basis. These policies are presented in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2023 filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements, in conformity with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Critical Accounting Estimates

In the ordinary course of business, the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of its results of operations and financial position in the preparation of its condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions. The Company included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2023 under the caption "Discussion of Critical Accounting Estimates" in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," a discussion of the Company's most critical accounting estimates, which are those the Company believes to be the most important to the portrayal of its financial condition and results of operations and that require management's most difficult, subjective and complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Any changes in critical accounting estimates are discussed with the Audit Committee of the Company's Board of Directors during the quarter in which a change is contemplated and prior to making such change. [See Note 6 for discussion related to the Company's new short-term investments during the first quarter of 2024.](#)

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures," which requires additional disclosure of significant segment expenses included in the reported measure of segment profit or loss and regularly provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM"). It also requires disclosure and a description of the composition of other amounts by reportable segment, disclosure of a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets currently required by Topic 280 in interim periods and disclosure of the CODM's title and process for assessing a reportable segment's profit or loss. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company has evaluated the impact ASU 2023-07 will have on its consolidated financial statements and does not expect a material impact upon adoption.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures," which requires disclosure of specific categories in the rate reconciliation, including additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold, and specific disaggregation of income taxes paid and tax expense. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company has evaluated the impact ASU 2023-09 will have on its consolidated financial statements and does not expect a material impact upon adoption.

2. Related Party Transactions

[The Coca-Cola Company](#)

[The Company's business consists primarily of the distribution, marketing and manufacture of nonalcoholic beverages of The Coca-Cola Company, which is the sole owner of the formulas under which the primary components of the Company's soft drink products, either concentrate or syrup, are manufactured. J. Frank Harrison, III](#)

As of [March 29, 2024](#) [June 28, 2024](#), J. Frank Harrison, III, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, controlled 1,004,394 shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock, which represented approximately 71% of the total voting power of the Company's outstanding Common Stock and Class B Common Stock on a consolidated basis.

[The Coca-Cola Company](#)

[The Company's business consists primarily of the distribution, marketing and manufacture of nonalcoholic beverages of The Coca-Cola Company, which is the sole owner of the formulas under which the primary components of the Company's soft drink products, either concentrate or syrup, are manufactured.](#)

As of [March 29, 2024](#) [June 28, 2024](#), The Coca-Cola Company owned shares of the Company's Common Stock representing approximately 9% of the total voting power of the Company's outstanding Common Stock and Class B Common Stock on a consolidated basis. The number of shares of the Company's Common Stock currently held by The Coca-Cola Company gives it the right to have a designee proposed by the Company for nomination to the Company's Board of Directors in the Company's annual proxy statement. J. Frank Harrison, III and the trustees of certain trusts established for the benefit of certain relatives of the late J. Frank Harrison, Jr. have agreed to vote the shares of the Company's Common Stock and Class B Common Stock that they control in favor of such designee. The Coca-Cola Company does not own any shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock.

[On May 6, 2024, the Company announced its intention to purchase up to \\$3.10 billion in value of its Common Stock through both a modified "Dutch auction" tender offer \(the "Tender Offer"\) for up to \\$2.00 billion of its Common Stock and a separate share purchase agreement \(the "Purchase Agreement"\) with Carolina Coca-Cola Bottling Investments, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company \("CCCBI"\). On May 20, 2024, the Company launched its offer to purchase, for cash, shares of its Common Stock at prices specified by the tendering stockholders of not less than \\$850 nor greater than \\$925 per share, with shares having an aggregate purchase price of no more than \\$2.00 billion. On June 21, 2024, the Company announced the final results of the Tender Offer, which expired on June 18, 2024. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer, the Company repurchased 14,391.5 shares of its Common Stock at a price of \\$925 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \\$13.3 million, excluding fees and expenses relating to the Tender Offer. The shares repurchased represented 0.2% of the shares of the Company's Common Stock that were issued and outstanding as of June 18, 2024.](#)

[Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement entered into on May 6, 2024 with CCCBI, the Company agreed to purchase and CCCBI agreed to sell, at the purchase price in the Tender Offer, a number of shares of the Company's Common Stock \(the "Share Repurchase"\) such that CCCBI would beneficially own shares of the Company's Common Stock representing 21.5% of the Company's total outstanding shares of Common Stock and Class B Common Stock immediately following the closing of the Share Repurchase \(calculated assuming all issued and outstanding shares of Class B Common Stock were converted into Common Stock and taking into account the shares of Common Stock](#)

purchased in the Tender Offer, which is referred to herein as the “fully diluted calculation”). The Share Repurchase was conditioned on, among other things, completion of the Tender Offer and, in the case of CCCBI's obligation to close, the purchase price being no less than \$925 per share. Based on the fully diluted calculation following the expiration of the Tender Offer, the Company announced on June 21, 2024 its intention to purchase 598,619 shares of its Common Stock from CCCBI in the Share Repurchase at a price of \$925 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$553.7 million. The \$553.7 million aggregate purchase price is reflected as share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 28, 2024. The shares repurchased pursuant to the Purchase Agreement are classified as treasury stock in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 28, 2024.

The closing of the Share Repurchase occurred on July 5, 2024, the 11th business day after the expiration of the Tender Offer. After the Share Repurchase was completed, The Coca-Cola Company beneficially owned shares of the Company's Common Stock representing 21.5% of the Company's total outstanding shares of Common Stock and Class B Common Stock and approximately 7% of the total voting power of the Company's outstanding Common Stock and Class B Common Stock on a consolidated basis.

The following table summarizes the significant cash transactions between the Company and The Coca-Cola Company:

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
		Second Quarter		First Half			
(in thousands)		(in thousands)		2024	2023	2024	2023
Payments made by the Company to The Coca-Cola Company ⁽¹⁾							
Payments made by the Company to The Coca-Cola Company ⁽¹⁾							
Payments made by the Company to The Coca-Cola Company ⁽¹⁾							
Payments made by The Coca-Cola Company to the Company							
Payments made by The Coca-Cola Company to the Company							
Payments made by The Coca-Cola Company to the Company							

The Company is a shareholder of Southeastern, a plastic bottle manufacturing cooperative. The Company accounts for Southeastern as an equity method investment. The Company's investment in Southeastern, which was classified as other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, was \$21.4 million as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** and \$20.9 million as of December 31, 2023.

South Atlantic Cannery, Inc. ("SAC")

The Company is a shareholder of SAC, a manufacturing cooperative located in Bishopville, South Carolina. All of SAC's shareholders are Coca-Cola bottlers and each has equal voting rights. The Company accounts for SAC as an equity method investment. The Company's investment in SAC, which was classified as other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, was **\$19.1** **\$21.0** million as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** and \$17.2 million as of December 31, 2023.

The Company receives a fee for managing the day-to-day operations of SAC pursuant to a management agreement. Proceeds from management fees received from SAC, which were recorded as a reduction to cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, were **\$2.3** **\$4.5** million in the first **quarter half** of 2024 and **\$2.2** **\$4.6** million in the first **quarter half** of 2023.

Coca-Cola Bottlers' Sales & Services Company LLC ("CCBSS")

Along with all other Coca-Cola bottlers in the United States and Canada, the Company is a member of CCBSS, a company formed to provide certain procurement and other services with the intention of enhancing the efficiency and competitiveness of the Coca-Cola bottling system. The Company accounts for CCBSS as an equity method investment and its investment in CCBSS is not material.

CCBSS negotiates the procurement for the majority of the Company's raw materials, excluding concentrate, and the Company receives a rebate from CCBSS for the purchase of these raw materials. The Company had rebates due from CCBSS of **\$21.1** **\$12.0** million **on March 29, 2024 as of June 28, 2024** and \$14.3 million **on as of** December 31, 2023, which were classified as accounts receivable, other in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Changes in rebates receivable relate to volatility in raw material prices and the timing of cash receipts of rebates.

CONA Services LLC ("CONA")

Along with certain other Coca-Cola bottlers, the Company is a member of CONA, an entity formed to provide business process and information technology services to its members. The Company accounts for CONA as an equity method investment. The Company's investment in CONA, which was classified as other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, was **\$22.9** **\$23.6** million as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** and \$22.1 million as of December 31, 2023.

Pursuant to an amended and restated master services agreement with CONA, the Company is authorized to use the Coke One North America system (the "CONA System"), a uniform information technology system developed to promote operational efficiency and uniformity among North American Coca-Cola bottlers. In exchange for the Company's rights to use the CONA System and receive CONA-related services, it is charged service fees by CONA. The Company incurred service fees to CONA of **\$5.7** **\$13.0** million in the first **quarter half** of 2024 and **\$6.4** **\$13.6** million in the first **quarter half** of 2023.

Related Party Leases

The Company leases its headquarters office facility and an adjacent office facility in Charlotte, North Carolina from Beacon Investment Corporation, of which J. Frank Harrison, III is the majority stockholder and Morgan H. Everett, Vice Chair of the Company's Board of Directors, is a minority stockholder. The annual base rent the Company is obligated to pay under this lease is subject to an adjustment for an inflation factor and the lease expires on December 31, 2029. The principal balance outstanding under this lease was **\$21.7** **\$20.9** million on **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** and \$22.5 million on December 31, 2023. Rental payments for this lease were \$1.0 million in both the **first second** quarter of 2024 and the **second quarter** of 2023 and \$2.0 million in both the **first quarter half** of 2024 and the **first half** of 2023.

Long-Term Performance Equity Plan

The Long-Term Performance Equity Plan compensates J. Frank Harrison, III based on the Company's performance. Awards granted to Mr. Harrison under the Long-Term Performance Equity Plan are earned based on the Company's attainment during a performance period of certain performance measures, each as specified by the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. These awards may be settled in cash and/or shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock, based on the average of the closing prices of shares of the Company's Common Stock during the last 20 trading days of the performance period. Compensation expense for the Long-Term Performance Equity Plan, which was included in selling, delivery and administrative expenses in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, was **\$2.0 million** **\$3.8 million** and **\$3.7 million** in **both the first second** quarter of 2024 and the **first second** quarter of **2023**, **2023**, respectively, and \$5.8 million and \$5.7 million in the first half of 2024 and the first half of 2023, respectively.

3. Revenue Recognition

The Company's sales are divided into two main categories: (i) bottle/can sales and (ii) other sales. Bottle/can sales include products packaged primarily in plastic bottles and aluminum cans. Bottle/can net pricing is based on the invoice price charged to customers reduced by any promotional allowances. Bottle/can net pricing per unit is impacted by the price charged per package, the sales volume generated for each package and the channels in which those packages are sold. Other sales include sales to other Coca-Cola bottlers, post-mix sales, transportation revenue and equipment maintenance revenue.

The Company's contracts are derived from customer orders, including customer sales incentives, generated through an order processing and replenishment model. Generally, the Company's service contracts and contracts related to the delivery of specifically identifiable products have a single performance obligation. Revenues do not include sales or other taxes collected from customers. The Company has defined its performance obligations for its contracts as either at a point in time or over time. Bottle/can sales, sales to other

Coca-Cola bottlers and post-mix sales are recognized when control transfers to a customer, which is generally upon delivery and is considered a single point in time ("point in time"). Point in time sales accounted for approximately 98% of the Company's net sales in both the first quarter half of 2024 and the first quarter half of 2023.

Other sales, which include revenue for service fees related to the repair of cold drink equipment and delivery fees for freight hauling and brokerage services, are recognized over time ("over time"). Revenues related to cold drink equipment repair are recognized as the respective services are completed using a cost-to-cost input method. Repair services are generally completed in less than one day but can extend up to one month. Revenues related to freight hauling and brokerage services are recognized as the delivery occurs using a miles driven output method. Generally, delivery occurs and freight charges are recognized in the same day. Over time sales orders open at the end of a financial period are not material to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The following table represents a disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers:

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
				Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
Point in time net sales:							
Point in time net sales:							
Point in time net sales:							
Nonalcoholic Beverages - point in time							
Nonalcoholic Beverages - point in time							
Nonalcoholic Beverages - point in time							
Total point in time net sales							
Total point in time net sales							
Total point in time net sales							
Over time net sales:							
Over time net sales:							
Over time net sales:							
Nonalcoholic Beverages - over time							
Nonalcoholic Beverages - over time							
Nonalcoholic Beverages - over time							
All Other - over time							
All Other - over time							
All Other - over time							
Total over time net sales							
Total over time net sales							
Total over time net sales							
Total net sales							
Total net sales							
Total net sales							

The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts in the condensed consolidated balance sheets includes a reserve for customer returns and an allowance for credit losses. The Company experiences customer returns primarily as a result of damaged or out-of-date product. At any given time, the Company estimates less than 1% of bottle/can sales and post-mix sales could be at risk for return by customers. Returned product is recognized as a reduction to net sales. The Company's reserve for customer returns was \$4.8 \$5.0 million as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 and \$4.5 million as of December 31, 2023.

The Company estimates an allowance for credit losses, based on historic days' sales outstanding trends, aged customer balances, previously written-off balances and expected recoveries up to balances previously written off, in order to present the net amount expected to be collected. Accounts receivable balances are written off when determined uncollectible and are recognized as a reduction to the allowance for credit losses. Following is a summary of activity for the allowance for credit losses during the first quarter half of 2024 and the first quarter half of 2023:

		First Quarter		First Half		
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	(in thousands)	2024	2023
Beginning balance - allowance for credit losses						

Additions charged to expenses and as a reduction to net sales
Deductions
Ending balance - allowance for credit losses

4. Segments

The Company evaluates segment reporting in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 280, Segment Reporting, each reporting period, including evaluating the reporting package reviewed by the CODM. The Company has concluded the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as a group, represent the CODM. Asset information is not provided to the CODM.

The Company believes three operating segments exist. Nonalcoholic Beverages represents the vast majority of the Company’s consolidated net sales and income from operations. The additional two operating segments do not meet the quantitative thresholds for separate reporting, either individually or in the aggregate, and, therefore, have been combined into “All Other.”

The Company’s segment results are as follows:

		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
		Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
Net sales:					
Net sales:					
Net sales:					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
All Other					
All Other					
All Other					
Eliminations ⁽¹⁾					
Eliminations ⁽¹⁾					
Eliminations ⁽¹⁾					
Consolidated net sales					
Consolidated net sales					
Consolidated net sales					
Income from operations:					
Income from operations:					
Income from operations:					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
All Other					
Consolidated income from operations					
Depreciation and amortization:					
Depreciation and amortization:					
Depreciation and amortization:					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
All Other					
Consolidated depreciation and amortization					

- (1) The entire net sales elimination represents net sales from the All Other segment to the Nonalcoholic Beverages segment. Sales between these segments are recognized at either fair market value or cost depending on the nature of the transaction.

(in thousands)	First Quarter	
	2024	2023
Income from operations:		
Nonalcoholic Beverages	\$ 212,142	\$ 209,779
All Other	3,264	(3,725)
Consolidated income from operations	\$ 215,406	\$ 206,054
Depreciation and amortization:		
Nonalcoholic Beverages	\$ 43,098	\$ 40,564
All Other	3,653	2,945
Consolidated depreciation and amortization	\$ 46,751	\$ 43,509

5. Net Income Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic net income per share and diluted net income per share under the two-class method:

	(in thousands, except per share data)	First Quarter		First Half	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
(in thousands, except per share data)	(in thousands, except per share data)				
(in thousands, except per share data)					
(in thousands, except per share data)					
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:					
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:					
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:					
Net income					
Net income					
Net income					
Less dividends:					
Less dividends:					
Less dividends:					
Common Stock					
Common Stock					
Common Stock					
Class B Common Stock					
Class B Common Stock					
Class B Common Stock					
Total undistributed earnings					
Total undistributed earnings					
Total undistributed earnings					
Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic					

Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Total undistributed earnings – basic
Total undistributed earnings – basic
Total undistributed earnings – basic
Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Total undistributed earnings – diluted
Total undistributed earnings – diluted
Total undistributed earnings – diluted
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share:
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share:
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share:
Dividends on Common Stock
Dividends on Common Stock
Dividends on Common Stock
Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share:
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share:
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share:
Dividends on Common Stock
Dividends on Common Stock
Dividends on Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock assumed converted to Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock assumed converted to Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock assumed converted to Common Stock
Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted

Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
		Second Quarter		First Half			
		2024	2023	2024	2023		
(in thousands, except per share data)	(in thousands, except per share data)						
(in thousands, except per share data)							
(in thousands, except per share data)							
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share:							
Dividends on Common Stock							
Dividends on Common Stock							
Dividends on Common Stock							
Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic							
Numerator for basic net income per Common Stock share							
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share:							
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share:							
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share:							
Dividends on Class B Common Stock							
Dividends on Class B Common Stock							
Dividends on Class B Common Stock							
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – basic							
Numerator for basic net income per Class B Common Stock share							
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share:							
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share:							
Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share:							
Dividends on Common Stock							
Dividends on Common Stock							
Dividends on Common Stock							
Dividends on Class B Common Stock assumed converted to Common Stock							
Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted							

Numerator for diluted net income per Common Stock share
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share:
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Dividends on Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock undistributed earnings – diluted
Numerator for diluted net income per Class B Common Stock share
Denominator for basic net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:
Denominator for basic net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:
Denominator for basic net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:
Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – basic
Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – basic
Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – basic
Class B Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – basic
Class B Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – basic
Class B Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – basic
Denominator for diluted net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:
Denominator for diluted net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:
Denominator for diluted net income per Common Stock and Class B Common Stock share:
Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – diluted (assumes conversion of Class B Common Stock to Common Stock)
Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – diluted (assumes conversion of Class B Common Stock to Common Stock)
Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – diluted (assumes conversion of Class B Common Stock to Common Stock)
Class B Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – diluted
Class B Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – diluted
Class B Common Stock weighted average shares outstanding – diluted
Basic net income per share:
Basic net income per share:
Basic net income per share:
Common Stock
Common Stock
Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Diluted net income per share:
Diluted net income per share:
Diluted net income per share:
Common Stock
Common Stock
Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock
Class B Common Stock

NOTES TO TABLE

(1) For purposes of the diluted net income per share computation for Common Stock, all shares of Class B Common Stock are assumed to be converted; therefore, 100% of undistributed earnings is allocated to Common Stock.

- (2) For purposes of the diluted net income per share computation for Class B Common Stock, weighted average shares of Class B Common Stock are assumed to be outstanding for the entire period and not converted.
- (3) For periods presented during which the Company has net income, the denominator for diluted net income per share for Common Stock and Class B Common Stock includes the dilutive effect of unvested performance shares relative to the Long-Term Performance Equity Plan. For periods presented during which the Company has net loss, the unvested performance shares granted pursuant to the Long-Term Performance Equity Plan are excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share, as the effect would have been anti-dilutive. See Note 2 for additional information on the Long-Term Performance Equity Plan.
- (4) The Long-Term Performance Equity Plan awards may be settled in cash and/or shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock. Once an election has been made to settle an award in cash, the dilutive effect of unvested performance shares relative to such award is prospectively removed from the denominator in the computation of diluted net income per share.
- (5) The Company did not have anti-dilutive unvested performance shares for any periods presented.
- (6) The Company repurchased 14,391.5 shares of its Common Stock in the Tender Offer, which expired on June 18, 2024, and was obligated to repurchase 598,619 shares of its Common Stock pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. See Note 2 for additional information on the Tender Offer and the Purchase Agreement.

6. Short-Term Investments

Short-term investments that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are carried at amortized cost and classified as held-to-maturity. Short-term investments that are not classified as held-to-maturity are carried at fair value and classified as available-for-sale. As of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, all of the Company's short-term investments were classified as available-for-sale. As of December 31, 2023, the Company did not have any short-term investments. Realized gains and losses on available-for-sale investments are included in net income. Unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, on available-for-sale investments are included in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

As of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, the Company's available-for-sale investments consisted of the following cost, unrealized positions and estimated fair value, disaggregated by class of instrument:

(in thousands)

(in thousands)

(in thousands)

	Cost	Gains	Losses	Estimated Fair Value	Cost	Gains	Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities								
Corporate bonds								
Commercial paper instruments								
Asset-backed securities								
Total short-term investments								

As of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, all of the Company's available-for-sale investments were classified as short-term investments in the condensed consolidated balance sheet and had weighted average maturities of less than one year. The Company did not identify any other-than-temporary impairment on its available-for-sale investments during the quarter half of 2024.

The sale and/or maturity of available-for-sale investments resulted in the following realized activity during the second quarter of 2024 and the first quarter half of 2024:

(in thousands)	First Quarter	
	2024	
Gross realized gains	\$	—
Gross realized losses		—
Proceeds		1,116

(in thousands)	Second Quarter		First Half	
	2024		2024	
Gross realized gains	\$	—	\$	—
Gross realized losses		—		—
Proceeds		15,527		16,643

There was no realized activity during the second quarter of 2023 or the first quarter half of 2023, as the Company did not have any short-term investments during that period, those periods.

7. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Finished products						
Manufacturing materials						
Plastic shells, plastic pallets and other inventories						
Total inventories						

8. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Repair parts						
Prepaid software						
Prepaid taxes						
Prepaid marketing						
Commodity hedges at fair market value						
Prepaid taxes						
Other prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets						

9. Property, Plant and Equipment, Net

The principal categories and estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, net were as follows:

		March		December		Estimated		June		December		Estimated
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	29, 2024		31, 2023		Useful	(in	28, 2024		31, 2023		Use
						Lives	thousands)					Liv
Land												
Buildings												
Buildings												
Buildings												
		391,483	390,852	390,852	8-50		8-50 years	397,546		390,852		8-50
Machinery and equipment	Machinery and equipment	509,406	498,737	498,737	5-20		5-20 years				498,737	5-20
Transportation equipment	Transportation equipment	621,175	611,001	611,001	3-20		3-20 years				611,001	3-20
Furniture and fixtures	Furniture and fixtures	106,204	107,072	107,072	3-10		3-10 years				107,072	3-10
Cold drink dispensing equipment	Cold drink dispensing equipment	451,490	449,508	449,508	3-17		3-17 years				449,508	3-17
Leasehold and land improvements	Leasehold and land improvements	178,805	179,146	179,146	5-20		5-20 years				179,146	5-20
Software for internal use	Software for internal use	49,611	49,611	49,611	3-10		3-10 years				49,611	3-10
Construction in progress												
Total property, plant and equipment, at cost												
Total property, plant and equipment, at cost												
Total property, plant and equipment, at cost												

Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization

Property, plant and equipment, net
Property, plant and equipment, net
Property, plant and equipment, net

10. Leases

Following is a summary of the weighted average remaining lease term and the weighted average discount rate for the Company's leases:

				March 29, 2024		December 31, 2023	
				June 28, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Weighted average remaining lease term:							
Operating leases							
Operating leases							
Operating leases				6.6 years	6.7 years	6.5 years	6.7 years
Financing leases		Financing leases	3.3 years	3.5 years	Financing leases	3.1 years	3.5 years
Weighted average discount rate:							
Operating leases							
Operating leases							
Operating leases				3.9 %	3.8 %	3.9 %	3.8 %
Financing leases		Financing leases	5.2 %	5.2 %	Financing leases	5.2 %	5.2 %

Following is a summary of the Company's leases within the condensed consolidated statements of operations:

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
		Second Quarter		First Half			
(in thousands)		(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Operating lease costs							
Operating lease costs							
Operating lease costs							
Short-term and variable leases							
Short-term and variable leases							
Short-term and variable leases							
Depreciation expense from financing leases							
Depreciation expense from financing leases							
Depreciation expense from financing leases							
Interest expense on financing lease obligations							
Interest expense on financing lease obligations							
Interest expense on financing lease obligations							
Total lease cost							
Total lease cost							
Total lease cost							

The future minimum lease payments related to the Company's leases include renewal options the Company has determined to be reasonably certain and exclude payments to landlords for real estate taxes and common area maintenance. Following is a summary of future minimum lease payments for all noncancelable operating leases and financing leases as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<i>(in thousands)</i>	Operating Leases	Financing Leases	<i>(in thousands)</i>	Operating Leases	Financing Leases
Remainder of 2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
Thereafter						
Total minimum lease payments including interest						
Less: Amounts representing interest						
Present value of minimum lease principal payments						
Less: Current portion of lease liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities						

Following is a summary of future minimum lease payments for all noncancelable operating leases and financing leases as of December 31, 2023:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<i>(in thousands)</i>	Operating Leases	Financing Leases	<i>(in thousands)</i>	Operating Leases	Financing Leases
2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
Thereafter						
Total minimum lease payments including interest						
Less: Amounts representing interest						
Present value of minimum lease principal payments						
Less: Current portion of lease liabilities						
Noncurrent portion of lease liabilities						

Following is a summary of the Company's leases within the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:

<i>(in thousands)</i>	<i>(in thousands)</i>	First Quarter		<i>(in thousands)</i>	First Half	
		2024	2023		2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities impact:						
Operating leases						
Operating leases						
Operating leases						
Interest payments on financing lease obligations						
Total cash flows from operating activities impact						
Cash flows from financing activities impact:						
Cash flows from financing activities impact:						
Cash flows from financing activities impact:						
Principal payments on financing lease obligations						
Principal payments on financing lease obligations						
Principal payments on financing lease obligations						
Total cash flows from financing activities impact						

11. Distribution Agreements, Net

Distribution agreements, net, which are amortized on a straight-line basis and have estimated useful lives of 20 to 40 years, consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Distribution agreements at cost						
Less: Accumulated amortization						
Distribution agreements, net						

12. Customer Lists, Net

Customer lists, net, which are amortized on a straight-line basis and have estimated useful lives of five to 12 years, consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Customer lists at cost						
Less: Accumulated amortization						
Customer lists, net						

13. Supply Chain Finance Program

The Company has an agreement with a third-party financial institution to facilitate a supply chain finance ("SCF") program, which allows qualifying suppliers to sell their receivables from the Company to the financial institution. The participating suppliers negotiate their outstanding receivable arrangements and associated fees directly with the financial institution, and the Company is not party to those agreements. Once a qualifying supplier elects to participate in the SCF program and reaches an agreement with the financial institution, the supplier elects which individual Company invoices it sells to the financial institution. The supplier invoices that have been confirmed as valid under the SCF program require payment in full by the financial institution to the supplier by the original maturity date of the invoice, or discounted payment at an earlier date as agreed upon with the supplier. The Company's obligations to its suppliers, including amounts due and scheduled payment terms, are not impacted by a supplier's participation in the SCF program.

All outstanding amounts related to suppliers participating in the SCF program are recorded in accounts payable, trade in the condensed consolidated balance sheets, and associated payments are included in operating activities in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company's outstanding confirmed obligations included in accounts payable, trade in the condensed consolidated balance sheets were \$50.2 \$55.4 million as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 and \$55.1 million as of December 31, 2023.

14. Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current portion of acquisition related contingent consideration						
Accrued insurance costs						
Accrued marketing costs						
Employee and retiree benefit plan accruals						
Accrued taxes (other than income taxes)						
Accrued interest payable						
All other accrued expenses						
Total other accrued liabilities						

15. Commodity Derivative Instruments

The Company is subject to the risk of increased costs arising from adverse changes in certain commodity prices. In the normal course of business, the Company manages this risk through a variety of strategies, including the use of commodity derivative instruments. The Company does not use commodity derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes. These commodity derivative instruments are not designated as hedging instruments under GAAP and are used as "economic hedges" to manage certain commodity price risk. The Company uses several different financial institutions for commodity derivative instruments to minimize the concentration of credit risk. While the Company would be exposed to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by these counterparties, the Company does not anticipate nonperformance by these counterparties.

Commodity derivative instruments held by the Company are marked to market on a quarterly basis and are recognized in earnings consistent with the expense classification of the underlying hedged item. The Company generally pays a fee for these commodity derivative instruments, which is amortized over the corresponding period of each commodity derivative instrument. Settlements of commodity derivative instruments are included in cash flows from operating activities in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The following table summarizes pre-tax changes in the fair values of the Company's commodity derivative instruments and the classification of such changes in the condensed consolidated statements of operations:

	First Quarter
	First Quarter
	First Quarter

(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
		Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cost of sales					
Cost of sales					
Cost of sales					
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses					
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses					
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses					
Total loss					
Total loss					
Total loss					
Total gain (loss)					

All commodity derivative instruments are recorded at fair value as either assets or liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company has master agreements with the counterparties to its commodity derivative instruments that provide for net settlement of derivative transactions. Accordingly, the net amounts of derivative assets are recognized in either prepaid expenses and other current assets or other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and the net amounts of derivative liabilities are recognized in either other accrued liabilities or other liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The following table summarizes the fair values of the Company's commodity derivative instruments and the classification of such instruments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Assets:						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Total assets						
Total assets						
Other assets						
Total assets						

The following table summarizes the Company's gross commodity derivative instrument assets and gross commodity derivative instrument liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Gross commodity derivative instrument assets						
Gross commodity derivative instrument liabilities						

The following table summarizes the Company's outstanding commodity derivative instruments:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Notional amount of outstanding commodity derivative instruments						
Latest maturity date of outstanding commodity derivative instruments	Latest maturity date of outstanding commodity derivative instruments	December 2024	Latest maturity date of outstanding commodity derivative instruments	December 2025	December 2024	

16. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

GAAP requires assets and liabilities carried at fair value to be classified and disclosed in one of the following categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

The below methods and assumptions were used by the Company in estimating the fair values of its financial instruments. There were no transfers of assets or liabilities between levels in any period presented.

Financial Instrument	Fair Value Level	Methods and Assumptions
Deferred compensation plan assets and liabilities	Level 1	The fair value of the Company's nonqualified deferred compensation plan for certain executives and other highly compensated employees is based on the fair values of associated assets and liabilities, which are held in mutual funds and are based on the quoted market values of the securities held within the mutual funds.
Short-term investments	Level 1	The fair values of the Company's Level 1 short-term investments, which are U.S. Treasury securities, corporate bonds and asset-backed securities, are based on the quoted market prices of those securities which are actively traded on national exchanges.
Short-term investments	Level 2	The fair values of the Company's Level 2 short-term investments, which are commercial paper instruments, are based on estimated current market prices and have readily determinable fair market values.
Commodity derivative instruments	Level 2	The fair values of the Company's commodity derivative instruments are based on current settlement values at each balance sheet date, which represent the estimated amounts the Company would have received or paid upon termination of these instruments. The Company's credit risk related to the commodity derivative instruments is managed by requiring high standards for its counterparties and periodic settlements. The Company considers nonperformance risk in determining the fair values of commodity derivative instruments.
Long-term debt	Level 2	The carrying amounts of the Company's variable rate debt approximate the fair values due to variable interest rates with short reset periods. The fair values of the Company's fixed rate debt are based on estimated current market prices.
Acquisition related contingent consideration	Level 3	The fair value of the Company's acquisition related contingent consideration is based on internal forecasts and the weighted average cost of capital ("WACC") derived from market data.

The following tables summarize the carrying amounts and the fair values by level of the Company's deferred compensation plan assets and liabilities, short-term investments, commodity derivative instruments, long-term debt and acquisition related contingent consideration:

		March 29, 2024							June 28, 2024				
	(in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Level 1	Fair Value Level 2	Fair Value Level 3	(in thousands)	Carrying Amount	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Level 1	Fair Value Level 2	Fair Value Level 3	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)												
Assets:													
Deferred compensation plan assets													
Deferred compensation plan assets													
Deferred compensation plan assets													
Short-term investments													
Commodity derivative instruments													
Liabilities:													
Deferred compensation plan liabilities													
Deferred compensation plan liabilities													
Deferred compensation plan liabilities													
Long-term debt													
Long-term debt													
Long-term debt													
Acquisition related contingent consideration													

(in thousands)	December 31, 2023				
	Carrying Amount	Total Fair Value	Fair Value Level 1	Fair Value Level 2	Fair Value Level 3
Assets:					
Deferred compensation plan assets	\$	64,769	\$	64,769	\$ 64,769
Commodity derivative instruments		3,747		3,747	—
Liabilities:					
Deferred compensation plan liabilities		64,769		64,769	—

Long-term debt	599,159	579,000	—	579,000	—
Acquisition related contingent consideration	669,337	669,337	—	—	669,337

The acquisition related contingent consideration was valued using a probability weighted discounted cash flow model based on internal forecasts and the WACC derived from market data, which are considered Level 3 inputs. Each reporting period, the

Company adjusts its acquisition related contingent consideration liability related to the distribution territories subject to acquisition related sub-bottling payments to fair value by discounting future expected acquisition related sub-bottling payments required under the CBA using the Company's estimated WACC.

The future expected acquisition related sub-bottling payments extend through the life of the related distribution assets acquired in each distribution territory, which is generally 40 years. As a result, the fair value of the acquisition related contingent consideration liability is impacted by the Company's WACC, management's estimate of the acquisition related sub-bottling payments that will be made in the future under the CBA, and current acquisition related sub-bottling payments (all Level 3 inputs). Changes in any of these Level 3 inputs, particularly the underlying risk-free interest rate used to estimate the Company's WACC, could result in material changes to the fair value of the acquisition related contingent consideration liability and could materially impact the amount of non-cash expense (or income) recorded each reporting period.

The acquisition related contingent consideration liability is the Company's only Level 3 asset or liability. A summary of the Level 3 activity is as follows:

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
		Second Quarter		First Half			
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Beginning balance - Level 3 liability							
Beginning balance - Level 3 liability							
Beginning balance - Level 3 liability							
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration							
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration							
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration							
Reclassification to current payables							
Reclassification to current payables							
Reclassification to current payables							
(Decrease) increase in fair value							
(Decrease) increase in fair value							
(Decrease) increase in fair value							
Increase in fair value							
Ending balance - Level 3 liability							
Ending balance - Level 3 liability							
Ending balance - Level 3 liability							

As of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 and March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023, a WACC of 8.9% 9.0% and 8.7% 8.9%, respectively, was utilized in the valuation of the Company's acquisition related contingent consideration liability. The decrease increase in the fair value of the acquisition related contingent consideration liability in the first quarter half of 2024 was primarily driven by an increase in the WACC used to calculate the fair value of the liability, partially offset by higher projections of future cash flows in the distribution territories subject to acquisition related sub-bottling payments, payments, partially offset by an increase in the WACC used to calculate the fair value of the liability. This fair value adjustment was recorded in mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the first quarter half of 2024.

For the next five future years, the Company anticipates that the amount it could pay annually under the acquisition related contingent consideration arrangements for the distribution territories subject to acquisition related sub-bottling payments will be in the range of approximately \$50 million to \$70 \$75 million.

17. Income Taxes

The Company's effective income tax rate was 25.6% for the first quarter half of 2024 and 25.8% for the first quarter half of 2023. The Company's income tax expense was \$57.1 \$116.5 million for the first quarter half of 2024 and \$41.1 \$83.5 million for the first quarter half of 2023. The increase in income tax expense was primarily attributable to higher income before taxes during the first quarter half of 2024 compared to the first quarter half of 2023.

The Company had uncertain tax positions, including accrued interest, of \$0.4 million on both March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 and December 31, 2023, all of which would affect the Company's effective income tax rate if recognized. While it is expected the amount of uncertain tax positions may change in the next 12 months, the Company does not expect such

change would have a material impact on the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Prior tax years beginning in year 2020 remain open to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, and various tax years beginning in year 2000 remain open to examination by certain state tax jurisdictions due to loss carryforwards.

18. Pension and Postretirement Benefit Obligations

Pension Plans

The Company has historically sponsored two pension plans. The primary Company-sponsored pension plan (the "Primary Plan") was frozen as of June 30, 2006 and no benefits accrued to participants after that date. The Primary Plan was terminated during 2023, as discussed below. The second Company-sponsored pension plan (the "Bargaining Plan") is for certain employees under collective bargaining agreements. Benefits under the Bargaining Plan are determined in accordance with negotiated formulas for the respective participants.

During the second quarter of 2023, the Company began recognizing the termination of the Primary Plan. The Company recognized settlement expense of \$112.8 million during the final three quarters of 2023 in conjunction with the full settlement of the Primary Plan benefit liabilities. This settlement expense related primarily to the reclassification of the gross actuarial losses associated with the Primary Plan out of accumulated other comprehensive loss and was recorded as pension plan settlement expense in the consolidated statement of operations for 2023. See Note 22 for additional information related to the impact on accumulated other comprehensive loss of the Primary Plan termination during 2023.

The components of net periodic total pension cost related to the Bargaining Plan during the first quarter of 2024 and both the Bargaining Plan and the Primary Plan during the first quarter of 2023 expense were as follows:

		First Quarter	
		First Quarter	
		First Quarter	
(in thousands)			
(in thousands)			
		Second Quarter	
		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023
			2024
			2023
Service cost			
Service cost			
Service cost			
Interest cost			
Interest cost			
Interest cost			
Expected return on plan assets			
Expected return on plan assets			
Expected return on plan assets			
Recognized net actuarial loss			
Recognized net actuarial loss			
Recognized net actuarial loss			
Amortization of prior service cost			
Amortization of prior service cost			
Amortization of prior service cost			
Net periodic pension cost			
Net periodic pension cost			
Net periodic pension cost			
Settlement expense			
Total pension expense			

Contributions to the Bargaining Plan are based on actuarially determined amounts and are limited to the amounts currently deductible for income tax purposes. The Company did not make any contributions to the Bargaining Plan during the first quarter half of 2024. The Company does not expect cash contributions to the Bargaining Plan to exceed \$2 million during 2024.

Postretirement Benefits

The Company provides postretirement benefits for employees meeting specified qualifying criteria. The Company recognizes the cost of postretirement benefits, which consist principally of medical benefits, during employees' periods of active service. The Company does not prefund these benefits and has the right to modify or terminate certain of these

benefits in the future.

The components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost were as follows:

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
		Second Quarter		First Half			
(in thousands)		(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Service cost							
Service cost							
Service cost							
Interest cost							
Interest cost							
Interest cost							
Recognized net actuarial loss							
Recognized net actuarial loss							
Recognized net actuarial loss							
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost							
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost							
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost							

19. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consisted of the following:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Noncurrent portion of acquisition related contingent consideration						
Accruals for executive benefit plans						
Noncurrent deferred proceeds from related parties						
Other						
Total other liabilities						

20. Long-Term Debt

Following is a summary of the Company's long-term debt:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Interest Paid	Public/Nonpublic	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Interest Paid	Public/Nonpublic	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
Senior bonds ⁽¹⁾														
Revolving credit facility ⁽²⁾														
Senior bonds (the "2025 Senior Bonds") ⁽¹⁾														
Senior notes														
Senior bonds (the "2029 Senior Bonds") ⁽²⁾														
Revolving credit facility ⁽³⁾														
Senior notes														
Unamortized discount on senior bonds ⁽¹⁾														
Senior bonds (the "2034 Senior Bonds") ⁽⁴⁾														

Unamortized discount on senior bonds ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾
Debt issuance costs
Total long-term debt

- (1) The **senior bonds due in 2025 Senior Bonds** were issued at 99.975% of par.
- (2) The 2029 Senior Bonds were issued at 99.843% of par.
- (3) The Company's revolving credit facility has an aggregate maximum borrowing capacity of \$500 million. The Company currently believes all banks participating in the revolving credit facility have the ability to and will meet any funding requests from the Company.
- (4) The 2034 Senior Bonds were issued at 99.893% of par.

The Company mitigates its financing risk by using multiple financial institutions and only entering into credit arrangements with institutions with investment grade credit ratings. The Company monitors counterparty credit ratings on an ongoing basis.

On May 29, 2024, the Company completed the issuance and sale of \$700 million aggregate principal amount of the 2029 Senior Bonds and \$500 million aggregate principal amount of the 2034 Senior Bonds. The **indenture** 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds are the Company's senior unsecured obligations and rank equally with the Company's existing senior unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The 2029 Senior Bonds mature on June 1, 2029 and the 2034 Senior Bonds mature on June 1, 2034, in each case, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Company. The 2029 Senior Bonds bear interest at a rate of 5.250% per annum and the 2034 Senior Bonds bear interest at a rate of 5.450% per annum. The Company will pay interest on the 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing December 1, 2024.

On June 10, 2024, the Company entered into a term loan agreement, providing for a senior unsecured term loan facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$800 million, maturing on June 10, 2027, and a senior unsecured term loan facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$500 million, maturing on June 10, 2029 (collectively, the "Term Loan Facilities"). The Company did not draw any loans under the Term Loan Facilities during the second quarter of 2024. On June 20, 2024, the Company gave notice, effective as of June 27, 2024, of its permanent reduction to \$0 of the commitments under the Term Loan Facilities. Upon the effectiveness of the notice, the aggregate commitments under the Term Loan Facilities were reduced in accordance with their terms from \$1.30 billion to \$0. As of June 28, 2024, there were no amounts outstanding under the Term Loan Facilities.

Also on June 10, 2024, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "Revolving Credit Facility Agreement"), providing for a five-year unsecured revolving credit facility with an aggregate maximum borrowing capacity of \$500 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), maturing on June 10, 2029. The Revolving Credit Facility Agreement replaced the Company's previous credit agreement, dated as of July 9, 2021. Subject to obtaining commitments from lenders and satisfying other conditions specified therein, at the Company's option, the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased by up to \$250 million. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at a per annum rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (i) Base Rate (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) plus an applicable rate or (ii) Term SOFR (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) plus the SOFR Adjustment (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) and an applicable rate, depending on the rating for the Company's long-term senior unsecured, non-credit-enhanced debt ("Debt Rating"). In addition, the Company must pay a facility fee on the lenders' aggregate commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility ranging from 0.060% to 0.175% per annum, depending on the Company's Debt Rating. The Company currently believes all banks participating in the Revolving Credit Facility have the ability to and will meet any funding requests from the Company.

The indentures under which the **Company's senior bonds** 2025 Senior Bonds, the 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds were issued **does do** not include financial covenants, but **does do** limit the incurrence of certain liens and encumbrances as well as indebtedness by the Company's subsidiaries in excess of certain amounts. The agreements under which the Company's nonpublic debt, **including the Revolving Credit Facility**, was issued include two financial covenants: a consolidated cash flow/fixed charges ratio and a consolidated funded indebtedness/cash flow ratio, each as defined in the respective agreement. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of **March 29, 2024** June 28, 2024. These covenants have not restricted **and are not expected to restrict**, the Company's liquidity or capital resources.

All outstanding long-term debt has been issued by the Company and none has been issued by any of its subsidiaries. There are no guarantees of the Company's long-term debt.

21. Commitments and Contingencies

Manufacturing Cooperatives

The Company is obligated to purchase at least 80% of its requirements of plastic bottles for certain designated territories from Southeastern. The Company **is** was also obligated to purchase 17.5 million cases of finished product from SAC on an annual basis through June 2024. **Beginning in July 2024, the Company is also obligated to purchase 16.0 million cases of finished product from SAC on an annual basis through June 2034.** The Company purchased **6.1** 11.9 million cases and **6.2** 13.1 million cases of finished product from SAC in the first **quarter** half of 2024 and the first **quarter** half of 2023, respectively.

The following table summarizes the Company's purchases from these manufacturing cooperatives:

		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
		Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023

Purchases from Southeastern
Purchases from Southeastern
Purchases from Southeastern
Purchases from SAC
Purchases from SAC
Purchases from SAC
Total purchases from manufacturing cooperatives
Total purchases from manufacturing cooperatives
Total purchases from manufacturing cooperatives

The Company guarantees a portion of SAC's debt, which matures in 2028, based on the ratio of SAC's total liabilities to SAC's shareholders' equity as of December 31 of each year. As of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the amount of the Company's guarantee of SAC's debt was \$0 and \$9.5 million, respectively. In the event SAC fails to fulfill its commitments under the related debt, the Company would be responsible for payment to the lenders up to the level of the guarantee. The Company does not anticipate SAC will fail to fulfill its commitments related to the debt. The Company further believes SAC has sufficient assets, including production equipment, facilities and working capital, and the ability to adjust the selling prices of its products to adequately mitigate the risk of material loss relating to the Company's guarantee.

The Company holds no assets as collateral against the SAC guarantee, the fair value of which is immaterial to the condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company monitors its investment in SAC and would be required to write down its investment if an impairment, other than a temporary impairment, was identified. No impairment of the Company's investment in SAC was identified as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, and there was no impairment identified in 2023.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has standby letters of credit, primarily related to its property and casualty insurance programs. These letters of credit totaled **\$39.0 million on June 28, 2024 and** \$37.6 million on **both March 29, 2024 and** December 31, 2023.

The Company participates in long-term marketing contractual arrangements with certain prestige properties, athletic venues and other locations. As of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, the future payments related to these contractual arrangements, which expire at various dates through 2033, amounted to **\$135.1** **\$141.1** million.

As further discussed in Note 2, as of the end of the second quarter of 2024, the Company was obligated to purchase 598,619 shares of its Common Stock from CCCBI, in the Share Repurchase at a price of \$925 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$553.7 million. The \$553.7 million aggregate purchase price is reflected as share repurchase obligation to The Coca-Cola Company in the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 28, 2024. The closing of the Share Repurchase occurred on July 5, 2024.

The Company is involved in various claims and legal proceedings which have arisen in the ordinary course of its business. Although it is difficult to predict the ultimate outcome of these claims and legal proceedings, management believes the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company. No material amount of loss in excess of recorded amounts is believed to be reasonably possible as a result of these claims and legal proceedings.

The Company is subject to audits by tax authorities in jurisdictions where it conducts business. These audits may result in assessments that are subsequently resolved with the authorities or potentially through the courts. Management believes the Company has adequately provided for any assessments likely to result from these audits; however, final assessments, if any, could be different than the amounts recorded in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

22. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI(L)") is comprised of adjustments to the Company's pension and postretirement medical benefit plans and unrealized gains/losses on the Company's short-term investments.

Following is a summary of AOCI(L) for the **first** **second** quarter of 2024 and the **first** **second** quarter of 2023:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	December 31, 2023	Pre-tax Activity	Tax Effect	March 29, 2024	(in thousands)	March 29, 2024	Pre-tax Activity	Tax Effect	June 28, 2024
Net pension activity:										
Net postretirement benefits activity:										

Prior service costs
Unrealized loss on short-term investments
Reclassification of stranded tax effects
Total AOCI(L)

As of December 31, 2023 and March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, there were no gross actuarial losses or prior service costs included in accumulated other comprehensive loss associated with the Primary Plan. The Plan, as the Primary Plan settlement which was completed during 2023, is reflected within the beginning balances above. 2023. All pension activity during 2024 was related to the Bargaining Plan.

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	December 31, 2022	Pre-tax Activity	Tax Effect	March 31, 2023	(in thousands)	March 31, 2023	Pre-tax Activity	Tax Effect	June 30, 2023
Net pension activity:										
Actuarial loss										
Actuarial loss										
Actuarial loss										
Prior service costs										
Pension plan settlement										
Net postretirement benefits activity:										
Actuarial gain										
Actuarial gain										
Actuarial gain										
Prior service costs										
Reclassification of stranded tax effects										
Total AOCI(L)										

Following is a summary of AOCI(L) for the first half of 2024 and the first half of 2023:

(in thousands)	December 31, 2023		Pre-tax Activity		Tax Effect		June 28, 2024	
Net pension activity:								
Actuarial gain	\$	533	\$	—	\$	—	\$	533
Prior service costs		(97)		8		(2)		(91)
Net postretirement benefits activity:								
Actuarial gain		721		52		(12)		761
Prior service costs		(624)		—		—		(624)
Unrealized loss on short-term investments		—		(228)		55		(173)
Reclassification of stranded tax effects		(4,809)		—		—		(4,809)
Total AOCI(L)	\$	(4,276)	\$	(168)	\$	41	\$	(4,403)

(in thousands)	December 31, 2022		Pre-tax Activity		Tax Effect		June 30, 2023	
Net pension activity:								
Actuarial loss	\$	(71,140)	\$	(1,968)	\$	482	\$	(72,626)
Prior service costs		(105)		8		(2)		(99)
Pension plan settlement		—		39,777		(9,736)		30,041
Net postretirement benefits activity:								
Actuarial gain		6,752		—		—		6,752
Prior service costs		(624)		—		—		(624)
Reclassification of stranded tax effects		(19,720)		—		—		(19,720)
Total AOCI(L)	\$	(84,837)	\$	37,817	\$	(9,256)	\$	(56,276)

23. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Changes in current assets and current liabilities affecting cash were as follows:

(in thousands)	(in thousands)	First Quarter		(in thousands)	First Half	
		2024	2023		2024	2023
Short-term investments						
Accounts receivable, trade						
Allowance for doubtful accounts						
Accounts receivable from The Coca-Cola Company						
Accounts receivable, other						
Inventories						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets						
Accounts payable, trade						
Accounts payable to The Coca-Cola Company						
Other accrued liabilities						
Accrued compensation						
Change in current assets less current liabilities						

24. Subsequent Events

On May 6, 2024 As further discussed in Note 2, based on the shares of the Company's Common Stock the Company repurchased in the Tender Offer, which expired on June 18, 2024, the Company announced that it intends on June 21, 2024 its intention to purchase up to \$3.1 billion in value 598,619 shares of its Common Stock through both from CCCBI in the Share Repurchase at a modified "Dutch auction" tender offer (the "Tender Offer") for up to \$2.0 billion price of \$925 per share. On July 5, 2024, the Company completed the repurchase of 598,619 shares of its Common Stock from CCCBI in the Share Repurchase for an aggregate purchase price of \$553.7 million. After the completion of the Share Repurchase, The Coca-Cola Company beneficially owns shares of the Company's Common Stock representing 21.5% of the Company's total outstanding shares of Common Stock and Class B Common Stock and approximately 7% of the total voting power of the Company's outstanding Common Stock and Class B Common Stock on a separate share purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with a subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company. The Company intends to fund the Tender Offer and repurchase of shares under the Purchase Agreement with a combination of new funded debt and cash on hand. consolidated basis.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc., a Delaware corporation (together with its majority-owned subsidiaries, the "Company," "we," "us" or "our"), is intended to help the reader understand our financial condition and results of operations and is provided as an addition to, and should be read in conjunction with, our condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts and the consolidated operations of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All comparisons are to the corresponding period in the prior year unless specified otherwise.

Each of the Company's quarters, other than the fourth quarter, ends on the Friday closest to the last day of the corresponding quarterly calendar period. The Company's fourth quarter and fiscal year end on December 31 regardless of the day of the week on which December 31 falls. The condensed consolidated financial statements presented are:

- The financial position as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 and December 31, 2023.
- The results of operations, comprehensive income and changes in stockholders' equity for the three-month periods ended March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 (the "first "second quarter" of fiscal 2024 ("2024")) and March 31, 2023 June 30, 2023 (the "first "second quarter" of fiscal 2023 ("2023")) and the six-month periods ended June 28, 2024 (the "first half" of 2024) and June 30, 2023 (the "first half" of 2023).
- The changes in cash flows for the first quarter half of 2024 and the first quarter half of 2023.

Our Business and the Nonalcoholic Beverage Industry.

We distribute, market and manufacture nonalcoholic beverages in territories spanning 14 states and the District of Columbia. The Company was incorporated in 1980 and, together with its predecessors, has been in the nonalcoholic beverage manufacturing and distribution business since 1902. We are the largest Coca-Cola bottler in the United States. Approximately 85% of our total bottle/can sales volume to retail customers consists of products of The Coca-Cola Company, which include some of the most recognized and popular beverage brands in the world. We also distribute products for several other beverage companies, including Keurig Dr Pepper Inc. ("Dr Pepper") and Monster Energy Company. Our Purpose is to honor God in all we do, to serve others, to pursue excellence and to grow profitably. Our Common Stock is traded on The Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol "COKE."

We offer a range of nonalcoholic beverage products and flavors, including both sparkling and still beverages, designed to meet the demands of our consumers. Sparkling beverages are carbonated beverages and the Company's principal sparkling beverage is Coca-Cola. Still beverages include energy products and noncarbonated beverages such as bottled water, ready-to-drink tea, ready-to-drink coffee, enhanced water, juices and sports drinks.

Our sales are divided into two main categories: (i) bottle/can sales and (ii) other sales. Bottle/can sales include products packaged primarily in plastic bottles and aluminum cans. Bottle/can net pricing is based on the invoice price charged to customers reduced by any promotional allowances. Bottle/can net pricing per unit is impacted by the price charged per package, the sales volume generated for each package and the channels in which those packages are sold. Other sales include sales to other Coca-Cola bottlers, post-mix sales, transportation revenue and equipment maintenance revenue. Post-mix products are dispensed through equipment that mixes fountain syrups with carbonated or still water, enabling fountain retailers to sell finished products to consumers in cups or glasses.

The Company's products are sold and distributed in the United States through various channels, which include selling directly to customers, including grocery stores, mass merchandise stores, club stores, convenience stores and drug stores, selling to on-premise locations, where products are typically consumed immediately, such as restaurants, schools, amusement parks and recreational facilities, and selling through other channels such as vending machine outlets.

The nonalcoholic beverage industry is highly competitive for both sparkling and still beverages. Our competitors include bottlers and distributors of nationally and regionally advertised and marketed products, as well as bottlers and distributors of private label beverages. Our principal competitors include local bottlers of PepsiCo, Inc. products and, in some regions, local bottlers of Dr Pepper products.

The principal methods of competition in the nonalcoholic beverage industry are new brand and product introductions, point-of-sale merchandising, new vending and dispensing equipment, packaging changes, pricing, sales promotions, product quality, retail space management, customer service, frequency of distribution and advertising. We believe we are competitive in our territories with respect to these methods of competition.

Business seasonality results primarily from higher unit sales of the Company's products in the second and third quarters of the fiscal year, as sales of our products are typically correlated with warmer weather. We believe that we and other manufacturers from whom we purchase finished products have adequate production capacity to meet sales demand for sparkling and still beverages during these peak periods. Sales volume can also be impacted by weather conditions. Fixed costs, such as depreciation expense, are not significantly impacted by business seasonality.

Executive Summary

Net sales increased 1% 3.3% to \$1.6 billion \$1.80 billion in the second quarter of 2024 and increased 2.3% to \$3.39 billion in the first quarter half of 2024. Sparkling and Still net sales increased 3.4% 4.4% and 0.4% 4.2%, respectively, compared to the first second quarter of 2023. Net The net sales growth was driven by our annual price increase that took effect pricing actions taken during the quarter. first quarter of 2024.

Standard physical case volume was down 0.4%, which was attributable to an extra selling day 1.2% in the second quarter of 2024 and down 0.8% in the first quarter half of 2023. Comparable the year. For the first half of 2024, comparable standard physical case volume, as defined in the "Comparable and Adjusted Results (Non-GAAP)" section, increased 0.7% versus decreased 0.3% compared to the first quarter half of 2023. Comparable 2023, which included one additional selling day. Sparkling category volume grew 2.0% remained relatively flat during the second quarter of 2024 with strong performance of multi-serve can packages sold in larger retail stores. The Sparkling Still category also benefited from Easter holiday sales activity shifting into physical case volume declined 3.5% during the first second quarter of 2024. Comparable Still category We continue to see softness in Dasani casepack water as well as BODYARMOR but we experienced strength in several key brands including Monster, POWERade, Core Power and vitaminwater.

Direct store delivery ("DSD") is our preferred and primary route to market. However, as our business becomes more complex with an increasing number of brands and packages, we are expanding our delivery methods to include routes to market outside our traditional DSD capabilities. We receive fees associated with our non-DSD sales that benefit our overall profitability but the volume declined 3.1% during is not reported as part of our standard physical case volume. For example, we have shifted the first distribution of casepack Dasani water sold in Walmart stores to a non-DSD method of distribution which reduced our reported case sales by 0.8% in the second quarter of 2024.

Gross profit in the first second quarter of 2024 was \$640.6 million, \$716.7 million, an increase of \$16.5 million, \$45.1 million, or 3% 7%. Gross margin in the second quarter of 2024 improved 50 130 basis points to 40.2% 39.9%. Pricing actions taken during the first quarter stable of 2024 along with steady commodity prices and higher Sparkling sales contributed were the largest contributors to the overall improvement in gross margin. Gross profit in the first half of 2024 was \$1.36 billion, an increase of \$61.6 million, or 4.8%.

Selling, delivery and administrative ("SD&A") expenses in the first second quarter of 2024 increased \$7.1 million, \$19.7 million, or 2% 5%. SD&A expenses as a percentage of net sales increased 10 30 basis points to 26.7% 25.5% in the first second quarter of 2024. The increase in SD&A expenses as compared to the first second quarter of 2023 was primarily driven by an increase in labor costs, mostly related to annual wage adjustments. adjustments and overall inflation. SD&A expenses in the first half of 2024 increased \$26.8 million, or 3.1%. SD&A expenses as a percentage of net sales in the first half of 2024 increased 20 basis points to 26.1% as compared to the first half of 2023.

Income from operations in the first second quarter of 2024 was \$215.4 million, \$259.1 million, compared to \$206.1 million \$233.7 million in the first second quarter of 2023, an increase of 5% 11%. For the first half of 2024, income from operations increased \$34.8 million to \$474.5 million, an increase of 8%. Operating margin for the first quarter half of 2024 was 13.5% 14.0% as compared to 13.1% 13.3% for the first quarter half of 2023, an increase of 40 70 basis points.

Net income in the first second quarter of 2024 was \$165.7 million, \$172.8 million, compared to \$118.1 million \$122.3 million in the first second quarter of 2023, an improvement of \$47.6 million, \$50.5 million. On an adjusted basis, as defined in the "Comparable and Adjusted Results (Non-GAAP)" section, net income in the first second quarter of 2024 was \$162.5 million, \$192.8 million, compared to \$151.8 million \$172.5 million in the first second quarter of 2023, an increase of \$10.7 million, \$20.3 million. Income tax expense for the first second quarter of 2024 was \$57.1 million, \$59.4 million, compared to \$41.1 million in \$42.4 million for the first second quarter of 2023. The 2023, resulting in an effective income tax rate of approximately 26% for both periods.

Net income in the first quarter half of 2024 was 25.6% \$338.6 million, compared to 25.8% \$240.4 million in the first half of 2023, an improvement of \$98.1 million. Net income for the first second quarter of 2023, 2023 and the first half of 2023 was adversely impacted by the partial settlement of our primary pension plan benefit liabilities during the first half of 2023, which resulted in a non-cash charge of \$39.8 million.

Cash flows provided by operations for the first quarter half of 2024 were \$194.3 million, \$437.1 million, compared to \$184.7 million \$383.3 million for the first quarter half of 2023. Cash flows from operations reflected our strong operating performance during the first quarter half of 2024. In the first quarter half of

2024, we invested \$77 million approximately \$159 million in capital expenditures as we continue to enhance our supply chain and invest for future growth. For the full year of 2024, we expect our capital expenditures to be between \$300 million approximately \$300 million and \$350 million. During the first quarter of 2024, we made dividend payments of \$155 million, which included a special dividend payment of \$150 million. \$350 million.

Areas of Emphasis

Key priorities for the Company include executing our commercial strategy, executing our revenue management strategy, optimizing our supply chain, generating cash flow, determining the optimal route to market and creating a digitally enabled selling platform.

Commercial Execution: Our success is dependent on our ability to execute our commercial strategy within our customers’ stores. Our ability to obtain shelf space within stores and remain in-stock across our portfolio of brands and packages in a profitable manner will have a significant impact on our results. We are focused on execution at every step in our supply chain, including raw material and finished product procurement, manufacturing conversion, transportation, warehousing and distribution, to ensure in-store execution can occur. We continue to invest in tools and technology to enable our teammates to operate more effectively and efficiently with our customers and to drive long-term value in our business.

Revenue Management: Our revenue management strategy focuses on pricing our brands and packages optimally within product categories and channels, creating effective working relationships with our customers and making disciplined fact-based decisions. Pricing decisions are made considering a variety of factors, including brand strength, competitive environment, input costs, the roles certain brands play in our product portfolio and other market conditions.

Supply Chain Optimization: We are continually focused on optimizing our supply chain, which includes identifying nearby warehousing and distribution operations that can be consolidated into new facilities to increase capacity, expand production capabilities, reduce overall production costs and add automation to allow the Company to better serve its customers and consumers. The Company undertook significant capital expenditures to optimize our supply chain and to invest for future growth during 2023, and expects to continue to make significant investments during 2024. Over the past five years, the Company has made capital expenditures of approximately \$200 million related to fleet, \$125 million related to automation and \$470 million related to supply chain improvements.

Cash Flow Generation: We have several initiatives in place to optimize cash flow, improve profitability and prudently manage capital expenditures. We believe strengthening our balance sheet gives us the flexibility to make optimal capital allocation decisions for long-term value creation.

Optimal Route to Market: We are focused on implementing optimal methods of distribution of our products within our territory. Our typical direct store delivery DSD method uses Company-owned vehicles and warehouses, but we are increasingly using alternative methods of distribution. For example, in instances of post-mix delivery for use in fountain machines, we have shifted our delivery method towards alternative distributors in order to enhance customer service and profitability. In instances of bottle/can delivery, we are shifting certain products for certain customers and channels of business to alternative routes to market. These alternative routes to market include third-party distributors, the manufacturer of the product or the customer’s supply chain infrastructure. These bottle/can arrangements generally come with favorable commercial terms for the Company. During both the second quarter of 2024 and the first quarter half of 2024, more than half of our post-mix gallons and less than 10% of our bottle/can volume was delivered through alternative routes to market.

Digitally Enabled Selling Platform: Through our investment in CONA Services LLC, we, along with other Coca-Cola bottlers, are building a digitally enabled selling platform called MyCoke 360 that we believe will enable us to better serve our customers. This platform will enable a more seamless order and payment platform for certain customers and we expect this platform will enable us to enhance customer service and create more selling opportunities for our teammates. This platform is targeted to certain on-premise and small store customers.

Results of Operations

First Second Quarter Results

The Company’s results of operations for the first second quarter of 2024 and the first second quarter of 2023 are highlighted in the table below and discussed in the following paragraphs.

	First Quarter		Second Quarter			
(in thousands)						
(in thousands)						
(in thousands)						
	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Net sales						
Cost of sales						
Gross profit						
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses						
Income from operations						
Interest (income) expense, net						

The decline in post-mix sales and other in the **first second** quarter of 2024 as compared to the **first second** quarter of 2023 was related to a shift in how we deliver post-mix products to our customers. The Company has shifted to a broader use of alternative distributors, rather than Company-owned vehicles and warehouses, to deliver post-mix products to customers in our territory. We receive a fee from a vendor on these post-mix gallons delivered to locally managed customers in our territory, which is recorded as a reduction to cost of sales. This transition has occurred over the past several years but accelerated in 2023 and is expected to continue to be more prevalent throughout 2024. More than half of the post-mix gallons sold to local customers in our franchise territory in the **first second** quarter of 2024 were delivered using these alternative distribution methods.

Product category sales volume of standard physical cases (as defined below) and the percentage change by product category were as follows:

		First Quarter			Second Quarter		
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
		2024	2023	% Change	2024	2023	% Change
Bottle/can sales volume:							
Sparkling beverages							
Sparkling beverages							
Sparkling beverages		61,785	61,250	0.9	67,662	67,900	(0.4)
Still beverages	Still beverages	20,326	21,220	(4.2)	23,791	24,655	(3.5)
Total bottle/can sales volume	Total bottle/can sales volume	82,111	82,470	(0.4)	91,453	92,555	(1.2)

A standard physical case is a volume metric used to standardize differing package configurations in order to measure delivered cases on an equivalent basis. As the Company evaluates its volume metrics, it reassesses the way in which physical case volume is measured, which may lead to differences from previously presented results in order to conform with current period standard volume measurement techniques, as used by management. Additionally, as the Company introduces new products, it reassesses the category assigned to its products at the SKU level, therefore categorization could differ from previously presented results in order to conform with current period categorization. Any differences are not material.

The bottle/can sales volume above represents volume that is delivered directly to our customer outlets using Company-owned vehicles and warehouses. In order to serve our customers in the most efficient way, as well as in response to customer demands, the Company has, in certain circumstances, shifted the delivery of our products to third-party distributors, the manufacturer of the product or the customer's supply chain infrastructure, rather than through Company-owned vehicles and warehouses.

As a result of not physically delivering the product, the sales volume delivered using these alternative methods of distribution is not reflected in our volume metrics. However, because we have the exclusive distribution rights for nonalcoholic beverages within our franchise territory, we receive fees for the delivery of qualified product in our territory. These fees are reported in net sales. Changes in the delivery of our products to our customers has impacted, and will continue to impact, our reported volume and net sales. This transition has occurred over the past several years but accelerated in 2023 and is expected to continue to be more prevalent throughout 2024. Less than 10% of the bottle/can volume sold in our franchise territory in the **first second** quarter of 2024 was delivered using these alternative **routes to market**.

The following table summarizes the percentage of the Company's total bottle/can sales volume to its largest customers, as well as the percentage of the Company's total net sales that such volume represents:

	First Quarter	
	2024	2023
Approximate percent of the Company's total bottle/can sales volume:		
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	21 %	21 %
The Kroger Company	15 %	11 %
Total approximate percent of the Company's total bottle/can sales volume	36 %	32 %
Approximate percent of the Company's total net sales:		
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	17 %	16 %
The Kroger Company	12 %	9 %
Total approximate percent of the Company's total net sales	29 %	25 %

distribution methods.

Cost of Sales

Inputs representing a substantial portion of the Company's cost of sales include: (i) purchases of finished products, (ii) raw material costs, including aluminum cans, plastic bottles, carbon dioxide and sweetener, (iii) concentrate costs and (iv) manufacturing costs, including labor, overhead and warehouse costs. In addition, cost of sales includes shipping, handling and fuel costs related to the movement of finished products from manufacturing plants to distribution centers, amortization expense of distribution rights, distribution fees of certain products and marketing credits and post-mix funding from brand companies. Raw material costs, excluding concentrate, represent approximately 20% of total cost of sales on an annual basis.

Cost of sales increased \$3.5 \$12.0 million, or 0.4% 1.1%, to \$951.1 million \$1.08 billion in the first second quarter of 2024, as compared to \$947.5 million \$1.07 billion in the first second quarter of 2023. The increase in cost of sales was driven by higher input costs, including concentrate and manufacturing costs, which increased cost of sales by approximately \$35 \$30 million. The increase in cost of sales was partially offset by a decline in external freight volume and lower case sales volume as compared to the first second quarter of 2023, which decreased cost of sales by approximately \$20 million. The increase in cost of sales was also partially offset by a decline in external freight volume, which decreased cost of sales by approximately \$15 million. 2023.

The Company relies extensively on advertising and sales promotions in the marketing of its products. The Coca-Cola Company and other beverage companies that supply concentrates, syrups and finished products to the Company make substantial marketing and advertising expenditures, including national advertising programs, to develop their brand identities and to promote sales in the Company's territories. Certain of these marketing and advertising expenditures are made pursuant to annual arrangements. Total marketing funding support from The Coca-Cola Company and other beverage companies, which includes both direct payments to the Company and payments to customers for marketing programs, was \$45.3 million \$49.3 million in the first second quarter of 2024 and \$37.0 \$46.1 million in the first second quarter of 2023.

Selling, Delivery and Administrative Expenses

SD&A expenses include the following: sales management labor costs, distribution costs resulting from transporting finished products from distribution centers to customer locations, distribution center overhead including depreciation expense, distribution center warehousing costs, delivery vehicles and cold drink equipment, point-of-sale expenses, advertising expenses, cold drink equipment repair costs, amortization of intangible assets and administrative support labor and operating costs. Labor costs represent approximately 60% of total SD&A expenses on an annual basis.

SD&A expenses increased \$7.1 \$19.7 million, or 1.7% 4.5%, to \$425.2 \$457.6 million in the first second quarter of 2024, as compared to \$418.1 \$437.9 million in the first second quarter of 2023. SD&A expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 26.7% 25.5% in the first second quarter of 2024 from 26.6% 25.2% in the first second quarter of 2023. The increase in SD&A expenses was primarily driven by an increase in labor costs, mostly related to annual wage adjustments.

adjustments and overall inflation.

Shipping and handling costs included in SD&A expenses were \$193.0 million \$200.0 million in the first second quarter of 2024 and \$193.2 million \$192.8 million in the first second quarter of 2023.

Interest (Income) Expense, Net

Interest (income) expense, net changed \$5.6 \$3.0 million, or 192.7% 219.7%, to \$2.7 \$1.6 million of interest income, net in the first second quarter of 2024, as compared to \$2.9 \$1.4 million of interest expense, net in the first second quarter of 2023. The change in interest (income) expense, net was primarily a result of an increase in interest income due to higher cash, cash equivalent and short-term investment balances, and increased yields partially offset by an increase in interest expense on higher debt balances in the second quarter of 2024, as compared to the first second quarter of 2023.

Mark-to-Market on Acquisition Related Contingent Consideration

Mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration was a decrease of \$5.5 million increased \$2.3 million in the first second quarter of 2024 as compared to an increase of \$41.7 million in the first second quarter of 2023, a change of \$47.2 million. 2023.

Each reporting period, the Company adjusts its acquisition related contingent consideration liability related to the distribution territories subject to acquisition related sub-bottling payments to fair value. The fair value is determined by discounting future expected acquisition related sub-bottling payments required under the Company's comprehensive beverage agreements, which extend through the life of the related distribution assets acquired in each distribution territory, using the Company's estimated weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"), which is impacted by many factors, including long-term interest rates and future cash flow projections. The life of these distribution assets is generally 40 years. The Company is required to pay the current portion of the acquisition related sub-bottling payments on a quarterly basis.

The change in the fair value of the acquisition related contingent consideration liability in the first second quarter of 2024 as compared to the first second quarter of 2023 was primarily driven by changes in the future cash flow projections and WACC used to calculate the fair value of the liability.

Other Expense, Net

Other expense, net decreased \$1.4 million \$1.6 million to \$0.8 \$0.7 million in the first second quarter of 2024, as compared to \$2.3 million in the first second quarter of 2023. The decrease in other expense, net was primarily driven by changes in the actuarial assumptions related to our pension and postretirement plan liabilities.

Income Tax Expense

The Company's effective income tax rate was 25.6% for the first second quarter of 2024 and 25.8% for the first second quarter of 2023. The Company's income tax expense increased \$16.0 \$17.0 million, or 39.0% 40.0%, to \$57.1 \$59.4 million for the first second quarter of 2024, as compared to \$41.1 \$42.4 million for the first second quarter of 2023. The increase in income tax expense was primarily attributable to higher income before taxes during the first second quarter of 2024 compared to the second quarter of 2023.

Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax

Other comprehensive income, net of tax decreased \$27.8 million in the second quarter of 2024 as compared to the second quarter of 2023. The decrease was primarily related to the partial settlement of the primary Company-sponsored pension plan (the "Primary Plan") benefit liabilities during the second quarter of 2023, which resulted in the reclassification of the gross actuarial losses associated with the Primary Plan out of accumulated other comprehensive loss during that period.

First Half Results

Our results of operations for the first **quarter** half of 2024 and the first half of 2023 are highlighted in the table below and discussed in the following paragraphs.

(in thousands)	First Half		Change
	2024	2023	
Net sales	\$ 3,387,569	\$ 3,310,474	\$ 77,095
Cost of sales	2,030,300	2,014,791	15,509
Gross profit	1,357,269	1,295,683	61,586
Selling, delivery and administrative expenses	882,723	855,959	26,764
Income from operations	474,546	439,724	34,822
Interest (income) expense, net	(4,336)	4,282	(8,618)
Mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration	22,285	67,174	(44,889)
Pension plan settlement expense	—	39,777	(39,777)
Other expense, net	1,537	4,537	(3,000)
Income before taxes	455,060	323,954	131,106
Income tax expense	116,507	83,508	32,999
Net income	338,553	240,446	98,107
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(127)	28,561	(28,688)
Comprehensive income	\$ 338,426	\$ 269,007	\$ 69,419

Net Sales

Net sales increased \$77.1 million, or 2.3%, to \$3.39 billion in the first half of 2024, as compared to \$3.31 billion in the first half of 2023. The largest driver of the increase in net sales was higher average bottle/can sales price per unit charged to retail customers, which increased net sales by approximately \$115 million. The increase in net sales was partially offset by lower case sales volume and a decline in external freight revenue as compared to the first half of 2023. The first half of 2024 included one less selling day compared to the first half of 2023.

Net sales by product category were as follows:

(in thousands)	First Half		% Change
	2024	2023	
Bottle/can sales:			
Sparkling beverages	\$ 1,996,385	\$ 1,918,695	4.0 %
Still beverages	1,108,392	1,082,876	2.4 %
Total bottle/can sales	3,104,777	3,001,571	3.4 %
Other sales:			
Sales to other Coca-Cola bottlers	171,096	179,652	(4.8)%
Post-mix sales and other	111,696	129,251	(13.6)%
Total other sales	282,792	308,903	(8.5)%
Total net sales	\$ 3,387,569	\$ 3,310,474	2.3 %

Product category sales volume of standard physical cases and the percentage change by product category were as follows:

(in thousands)	First Half		% Change
	2024	2023	

Bottle/can sales volume:			
Sparkling beverages	129,448	129,144	0.2 %
Still beverages	44,116	45,880	(3.8)%
Total bottle/can sales volume	173,564	175,024	(0.8)%

The following table summarizes the percentage of the Company's total bottle/can sales volume to its largest customers, as well as the percentage of the Company's total net sales that such volume represents:

	First Half	
	2024	2023
Approximate percent of the Company's total bottle/can sales volume:		
Walmart Inc. ⁽¹⁾	21 %	21 %
The Kroger Co. ⁽²⁾	15 %	13 %
Total approximate percent of the Company's total bottle/can sales volume	36 %	34 %
Approximate percent of the Company's total net sales:		
Walmart Inc. ⁽¹⁾	17 %	16 %
The Kroger Co. ⁽²⁾	12 %	11 %
Total approximate percent of the Company's total net sales	29 %	27 %

⁽¹⁾ Includes bottle/can sales volume related to the Walmart, Sam's Club and Walmart Neighborhood Market chains.

⁽²⁾ Includes bottle/can sales volume related to the Kroger and Harris Teeter chains.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales increased \$15.5 million, or 0.8%, to \$2.03 billion in the first half of 2024, as compared to \$2.01 billion in the first half of 2023. The increase in cost of sales was driven by higher input costs, including concentrate and manufacturing costs, which increased cost of sales by approximately \$50 million. The increase in cost of sales was partially offset by a decline in external freight volume and lower case sales volume as compared to the first half of 2023.

Total marketing funding support from The Coca-Cola Company and other beverage companies was \$94.6 million in the first half of 2024, as compared to \$83.1 million in the first half of 2023.

Selling, Delivery and Administrative Expenses

SD&A expenses increased \$26.8 million, or 3.1%, to \$882.7 million in the first half of 2024, as compared to \$856.0 million in the first half of 2023. SD&A expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 26.1% in the first half of 2024 from 25.9% in the first half of 2023. The increase in SD&A expenses was primarily driven by an increase in labor costs, mostly related to annual wage adjustments and overall inflation.

Shipping and handling costs included in SD&A expenses were \$393.0 million in the first half of 2024 and \$386.0 million in the first half of 2023.

Interest (Income) Expense, Net

Interest (income) expense, net changed \$8.6 million, or 201.3%, to \$4.3 million of interest income, net in the first half of 2024, as compared to \$4.3 million of interest expense, net in the first half of 2023. The change in interest (income) expense, net was primarily a result of an increase in interest income due to higher cash, cash equivalent and short-term investment balances, partially offset by an increase in interest expense on higher debt balances in the first half of 2024, as compared to the first half of 2023.

Mark-to-Market on Acquisition Related Contingent Consideration

Mark-to-market on acquisition related contingent consideration decreased \$44.9 million in the first half of 2024 as compared to the first half of 2023.

The change in the fair value of the acquisition related contingent consideration liability in the first half of 2024 as compared to the first half of 2023 was primarily driven by changes in the WACC and future cash flow projections used to calculate the fair value of the liability.

Other Expense, Net

Other expense, net decreased \$3.0 million to \$1.5 million in the first half of 2024, as compared to \$4.5 million in the first half of 2023. The decrease in other expense, net was primarily driven by changes in the actuarial assumptions related to our pension and postretirement plan liabilities.

Income Tax Expense

The Company's effective income tax rate was 25.6% for the first half of 2024 and 25.8% for the first half of 2023. The Company's income tax expense increased \$33.0 million, or 39.5%, to \$116.5 million for the first half of 2024, as compared to \$83.5 million for the first half of 2023. The increase in income tax expense was primarily attributable to higher income before taxes during the first half of 2024 compared to the first half of 2023.

Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net of Tax

Other comprehensive (loss) loss, net of tax was \$0.1 million in the first half of 2024 and other comprehensive income, net of tax was \$0.2 \$28.6 million in the first half of 2023. The change was primarily related to the partial settlement of the Primary Plan benefit liabilities during the first half of 2023, which resulted in the reclassification of the gross actuarial losses associated with the Primary Plan out of accumulated other comprehensive loss in the first quarter of 2024 and \$0.7 million of other comprehensive income in the first quarter of 2023, during that period.

Segment Operating Results

The Company evaluates segment reporting in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 280, Segment Reporting, each reporting period, including evaluating the reporting package reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the "CODM"). The Company has concluded the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as a group, represent the CODM. Asset information is not provided to the CODM.

The Company believes three operating segments exist. Nonalcoholic Beverages represents the vast majority of the Company's consolidated net sales and income from operations. The additional two operating segments do not meet the quantitative thresholds for separate reporting, either individually or in the aggregate, and, therefore, have been combined into "All Other."

The Company's segment results are as follows:

		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
		Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
Net sales:					
Net sales:					
Net sales:					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
All Other					
All Other					
All Other					
Eliminations(1)					
Eliminations(1)					
Eliminations(1)					
Consolidated net sales					
Consolidated net sales					
Consolidated net sales					
Income from operations:					
Income from operations:					
Income from operations:					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
Nonalcoholic Beverages					
All Other					
All Other					
All Other					
Consolidated income from operations					
Consolidated income from operations					

Consolidated income from operations

(1) The entire net sales elimination represents net sales from the All Other segment to the Nonalcoholic Beverages segment. Sales between these segments are recognized at either fair market value or cost depending on the nature of the transaction.

Comparable and Adjusted Results (Non-GAAP)

The Company reports its financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). However, management believes that certain non-GAAP financial measures provide users of the financial statements with additional, meaningful financial information that should be considered, in addition to the measures reported in accordance with GAAP, when assessing the Company's ongoing performance. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making financial, operating and planning decisions and in evaluating the Company's performance. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for, the Company's reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. The Company's non-GAAP financial information does not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting.

The following tables below reconcile reported results (GAAP) to comparable and adjusted results (non-GAAP).

Second Quarter 2024						
(in thousands, except per share data)	Gross profit	SD&A expenses	Income from operations	Income before taxes	Net income	Basic net income per share
Reported results (GAAP)	\$ 716,710	\$ 457,570	\$ 259,140	\$ 232,225	\$ 172,812	\$ 18.57
Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	27,826	20,950	2.25
Fair value adjustments for commodity derivative instruments ⁽²⁾	(1,075)	254	(1,329)	(1,329)	(1,001)	(0.11)
Total reconciling items	(1,075)	254	(1,329)	26,497	19,949	2.14
Adjusted results (non-GAAP)	\$ 715,635	\$ 457,824	\$ 257,811	\$ 258,722	\$ 192,761	\$ 20.71

Second Quarter 2023						
(in thousands, except per share data)	Gross profit	SD&A expenses	Income from operations	Income before taxes	Net income	Basic net income per share
Reported results (GAAP)	\$ 671,577	\$ 437,907	\$ 233,670	\$ 164,752	\$ 122,319	\$ 13.05
Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	25,520	19,214	2.05
Fair value adjustments for commodity derivative instruments ⁽²⁾	1,097	(224)	1,321	1,321	994	0.10
Pension plan settlement expense ⁽³⁾	—	—	—	39,777	29,948	3.19
Total reconciling items	1,097	(224)	1,321	66,618	50,156	5.34
Adjusted results (non-GAAP)	\$ 672,674	\$ 437,683	\$ 234,991	\$ 231,370	\$ 172,475	\$ 18.39

Results for the first quarter half of 2023 include one additional selling day compared to the first quarter half of 2024. For comparison purposes, the estimated impact of the additional selling day in the first quarter half of 2023 has been excluded from our comparable volume results.

First Quarter											
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023
Standard physical case volume	Standard physical case volume	82,111	82,470	(0.4)	(0.4)%	173,564	175,024	(1,460)	(0.8)%	175,024	175,024

Volume related to extra day in fiscal period

Comparable standard physical case volume

Comparable standard physical case volume

Comparable standard physical case volume	82,111	81,547	81,547	0.7	0.7 %	173,564	174,101	174,101	(0.3)	(0.3) %
--	--------	--------	--------	-----	-------	---------	---------	---------	-------	---------

	First Quarter 2024							First Half 2024						
	(in thousands, except per share data)	Gross profit	SD&A expenses	Income from operations	Income before taxes	Net income	Basic net income per share	(in thousands, except per share data)	Gross profit	SD&A expenses	Income from operations	Income before taxes	Net income	Basic net income per share
Reported results (GAAP)														
Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration ⁽¹⁾														
Fair value adjustments for commodity derivative instruments ⁽²⁾														
Total reconciling items														
Total reconciling items														
Total reconciling items														
Adjusted results (non-GAAP)														

	First Quarter 2023							First Half 2023						
	(in thousands, except per share data)	Gross profit	SD&A expenses	Income from operations	Income before taxes	Net income	Basic net income per share	(in thousands, except per share data)	Gross profit	SD&A expenses	Income from operations	Income before taxes	Net income	Basic net income per share
Reported results (GAAP)														
Fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration ⁽¹⁾														
Fair value adjustments for commodity derivative instruments ⁽²⁾														
Total reconciling items														
Total reconciling items														
Pension plan settlement expense ⁽³⁾														
Total reconciling items														
Adjusted results (non-GAAP)														

Following is an explanation of non-GAAP adjustments:

- ⁽¹⁾ This non-cash, fair value adjustment of acquisition related contingent consideration fluctuates based on factors such as long-term interest rates and future cash flow projections of the distribution territories subject to acquisition related sub-bottling payments.
- ⁽²⁾ The Company enters into commodity derivative instruments from time to time to hedge some or all of its projected purchases of aluminum, PET resin, diesel fuel and unleaded gasoline in order to mitigate commodity price risk. The Company accounts for its commodity derivative instruments on a mark-to-market basis.
- ⁽³⁾ This non-cash settlement expense relates to the partial settlement of the Primary Plan benefit liabilities during the second quarter of 2023.

Financial Condition

Total assets were \$4.30 \$5.66 billion as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, which was an increase of \$8.2 million \$1.37 billion from December 31, 2023. Net working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, was \$797.0 million \$1.50 billion as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, which was an increase of \$183.2 \$882.9 million from December 31, 2023.

Significant changes in net working capital as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** as compared to December 31, 2023 were as follows:

- **A decrease** **An increase** in cash and cash equivalents of **\$234.0 million** **\$1.06 billion**, primarily as a result of **the purchase** **bond proceeds** received of **\$1.20 billion** and **strong operating performance, partially offset by purchases** of short-term investments of **approximately \$184 million and \$213.1 million**, dividend payments of **approximately \$155 million, partially offset by our strong operating performance**, **\$159.4 million** and capital expenditures of **\$159.4 million**.
- An increase in short-term investments of **\$183.6 million** **\$198.8 million**, primarily due to the purchase of **new** short-term investments during the first **quarter** half of 2024.
- An increase in **inventories** **accounts receivable, trade** of **\$39.2 million**, **\$61.9 million**, driven primarily **due to seasonal builds of inventory**, by **increased net sales**.
- **A decrease** **An increase** in accounts payable **trade** to The Coca-Cola Company of **\$36.6** **\$109.1 million**, primarily due to the timing of cash payments.
- An increase in **accounts payable** **share repurchase obligation** to The Coca-Cola Company of **\$67.0** **\$553.7 million**, primarily due to **a purchase agreement executed during the timing** **first half** of **cash payments**, 2024, as further discussed below and in Note 2 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.
- A decrease in accrued compensation of **\$64.6** **\$59.4 million**, primarily as a result of the timing of bonus and incentive payments in the first **quarter** half of 2024.
- A decrease in dividends payable of **\$154.7 million**, **primarily related** **due** to the payment of a special cash dividend during the first **quarter** half of 2024.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's sources of capital include cash flows from operations, available credit facilities and the issuance of debt and equity securities. As of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, the Company had **\$401.3 million** **\$1.70 billion** in cash and cash equivalents. The Company's cash equivalent balance consisted predominantly of investments in money market funds and U.S. Treasury securities with maturities of 90 days or less. As of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, the Company had **\$183.6** **\$198.8 million** in short-term investments, which consisted primarily of U.S. Treasury securities and investment-grade corporate bonds with maturities of one year or less. The Company has obtained its long-term debt from public markets, private placements and bank facilities. Management believes the Company has sufficient sources of capital available to finance its business plan, to meet its working capital requirements and to maintain an appropriate level of capital spending for at least the next 12 months from the issuance of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

On May 6, 2024, the Company announced its intention to purchase up to \$3.10 billion in value of its Common Stock through both a modified "Dutch auction" tender offer (the "Tender Offer") for up to \$2.00 billion of its Common Stock and a separate share purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Carolina Coca-Cola Bottling Investments, Inc., an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company ("CCCBI"). On May 20, 2024, the Company launched its offer to purchase, for cash, shares of its Common Stock at prices specified by the tendering stockholders of not less than \$850 nor greater than \$925 per share, with shares having an aggregate purchase price of no more than \$2.00 billion. On June 21, 2024, the Company announced the final results of the Tender Offer, which expired on June 18, 2024. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer, the Company repurchased 14,391.5 shares of its Common Stock at a price of \$925 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$13.3 million, excluding fees and expenses relating to the Tender Offer. The shares repurchased represented 0.2% of the shares of the Company's Common Stock that were issued and outstanding as of June 18, 2024.

Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement entered into on May 6, 2024 with CCCBI, the Company agreed to purchase and CCCBI agreed to sell, at the purchase price in the Tender Offer, a number of shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Share Repurchase") such that CCCBI would beneficially own shares of the Company's Common Stock representing 21.5% of the Company's total outstanding shares of Common Stock and Class B Common Stock immediately following the closing of the Share Repurchase (calculated assuming all issued and outstanding shares of Class B Common Stock were converted into Common Stock and taking into account the shares of Common Stock purchased in the Tender Offer, which is referred to herein as the "fully diluted calculation"). The Share Repurchase was conditioned on, among other things, completion of the Tender Offer and, in the case of CCCBI's obligation to close, the purchase price being no less than \$925 per share. Based on the fully diluted calculation following the expiration of the Tender Offer, the Company announced on June 21, 2024 its intention to purchase 598,619 shares of its Common Stock from CCCBI in the Share Repurchase at a price of \$925 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$553.7 million. The Share Repurchase closed on July 5, 2024.

The Company's long-term debt as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024** and December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	(in thousands)	Maturity Date	March 29, 2024	December 31, 2023	(in thousands)	Maturity Date	June 28, 2024	December 31, 2023
(in thousands)								
Senior bonds and unamortized discount on senior bonds ⁽¹⁾								
Revolving credit facility ⁽²⁾								
Senior bonds (the "2025 Senior Bonds") net of unamortized discount ⁽¹⁾								
Senior notes								
Senior bonds (the "2029 Senior Bonds") net of unamortized discount ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾								
Revolving credit facility ⁽⁴⁾								
Senior notes								
Senior bonds (the "2034 Senior Bonds") net of unamortized discount ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾								
Debt issuance costs								
Total long-term debt								

⁽¹⁾ The **senior bonds due in 2025** **Senior Bonds** were issued at 99.975% of par.

⁽²⁾ **The 2029 Senior Bonds** were issued at 99.843% of par.

- (3) The 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds were issued in connection with the financing of the Tender Offer and the Share Repurchase initiated during the second quarter of 2024, as discussed above.
- (4) The Company's revolving credit facility has an aggregate maximum borrowing capacity of \$500 million. The Company currently believes all banks participating in the revolving credit facility have the ability to and will meet any funding requests from the Company.
- (5) The 2034 Senior Bonds were issued at 99.893% of par.

On May 29, 2024, the Company completed the issuance and sale of \$700 million aggregate principal amount of the 2029 Senior Bonds and \$500 million aggregate principal amount of the 2034 Senior Bonds. The 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds are the Company's senior unsecured obligations and rank equally with the Company's existing and future senior unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The 2029 Senior Bonds mature on June 1, 2029 and the 2034 Senior Bonds mature on June 1, 2034, in each case, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Company. The 2029 Senior Bonds bear interest at a rate of 5.250% per annum and the 2034 Senior Bonds bear interest at a rate of 5.450% per annum. The Company will pay interest on the 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing December 1, 2024.

On June 10, 2024, the Company entered into a term loan agreement, providing for a senior unsecured term loan facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$800 million, maturing on June 10, 2027, and a senior unsecured term loan facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$500 million, maturing on June 10, 2029 (collectively, the "Term Loan Facilities"). The Company did not draw any loans under the Term Loan Facilities during the second quarter of 2024. On June 20, 2024, the Company gave notice, effective as of June 27, 2024, of its permanent reduction to \$0 of the commitments under the Term Loan Facilities. Upon the effectiveness of the notice, the aggregate commitments under the Term Loan Facilities were reduced in accordance with their terms from \$1.30 billion to \$0. As of June 28, 2024, there were no amounts outstanding under the Term Loan Facilities.

Also on June 10, 2024, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "Revolving Credit Facility Agreement"), providing for a five-year unsecured revolving credit facility with an aggregate maximum borrowing capacity of \$500 million (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), maturing on June 10, 2029. The Revolving Credit Facility Agreement replaced the Company's previous credit agreement, dated as of July 9, 2021. Subject to obtaining commitments from lenders and satisfying other conditions specified therein, at the Company's option, the Revolving Credit Facility may be increased by up to \$250 million. Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at a per annum rate equal to, at the Company's option, either (i) Base Rate (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) plus an applicable rate or (ii) Term SOFR (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) plus the SOFR Adjustment (as defined in the Revolving Credit Facility Agreement) and an applicable rate, depending on the rating for the Company's long-term senior unsecured, non-credit-enhanced debt ("Debt Rating"). In addition, the Company must pay a facility fee on the lenders' aggregate commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility ranging from 0.060% to 0.175% per annum, depending on the Company's Debt Rating. The Company currently believes all banks participating in the Revolving Credit Facility have the ability to and will meet any funding requests from the Company.

The indenture indentures under which the Company's senior bonds 2025 Senior Bonds, the 2029 Senior Bonds and the 2034 Senior Bonds were issued does do not include financial covenants, but does do limit the incurrence of certain liens and encumbrances as well as indebtedness by the Company's subsidiaries in excess of certain amounts. The agreements under which the Company's nonpublic debt, including the Revolving Credit Facility, was issued include two financial covenants: a consolidated cash flow/fixed charges ratio and a consolidated funded indebtedness/cash flow ratio, each as defined in the respective agreement. The Company was in compliance with these covenants as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024. These covenants have not restricted, and are not expected to restrict, the Company's liquidity or capital resources.

All outstanding long-term debt has been issued by the Company and none has been issued by any of its subsidiaries. There are no guarantees of the Company's long-term debt.

The Company's credit ratings are reviewed periodically by certain nationally recognized rating agencies. Changes in the Company's operating results or financial position could result in changes in the Company's credit ratings. Lower credit ratings could result in higher borrowing costs for the Company or reduced access to capital markets, which could have a material adverse impact on the Company's operating results or financial position. As of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024, the Company's credit ratings and outlook for its long-term debt were as follows:

	Credit Rating	Rating Outlook
Moody's	Baa1	Stable
Standard & Poor's	BBB+	Stable Negative

The Company's Board of Directors has declared, and the Company has paid, dividends on the Common Stock and the Class B Common Stock and each class of common stock has participated equally in all dividends each quarter for more than 30 years. The amount and frequency of future dividends will be determined by the Company's Board of Directors in light of the earnings and financial condition of the Company at such time, and no assurance can be given that dividends will be declared or paid in the future.

On May 6, 2024, the Company announced that it intends to purchase up to \$3.1 billion in value of its Common Stock through both a modified "Dutch auction" tender offer (the "Tender Offer") for up to \$2.0 billion of its Common Stock and a separate share purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with a subsidiary of The Coca-Cola Company. The Company intends to fund the Tender Offer and repurchase of shares under the Purchase Agreement with a combination of new funded debt and cash on hand.

We review supplier terms and conditions on an ongoing basis, and have negotiated payment term extensions in recent years in connection with our efforts to improve cash flow and working capital. Separate from those term extension actions, the Company has an agreement with a third-party financial institution to facilitate a supply chain finance ("SCF") program, which allows qualifying suppliers to sell their receivables from the Company to the financial institution in order to negotiate shorter payment terms on outstanding receivable arrangements. The Company's obligations to its suppliers, including amounts due and scheduled payment terms, are not impacted by a supplier's participation in the SCF program. See Note 13 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the Company's SCF program.

The Company's only Level 3 asset or liability is the acquisition related contingent consideration liability. There were no transfers from Level 1 or Level 2 in any period presented. Fair value adjustments were non-cash and, therefore, did not impact the Company's liquidity or capital resources. Following is a summary of the Level 3 activity:

First Quarter

		First Quarter			
		First Quarter			
(in thousands)					
(in thousands)					
		Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Beginning balance - Level 3 liability					
Beginning balance - Level 3 liability					
Beginning balance - Level 3 liability					
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration					
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration					
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration					
Reclassification to current payables					
Reclassification to current payables					
Reclassification to current payables					
(Decrease) increase in fair value					
(Decrease) increase in fair value					
(Decrease) increase in fair value					
Increase in fair value					
Ending balance - Level 3 liability					
Ending balance - Level 3 liability					
Ending balance - Level 3 liability					

Cash Sources and Uses

A summary of cash-based activity is as follows:

		First Quarter		First Half			
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024		2023	(in thousands)	2024	2023
Cash Sources:							
Net cash provided by operating activities ⁽¹⁾							
Net cash provided by operating activities ⁽¹⁾							
Proceeds from bond issuance							
Proceeds from bond issuance							
Proceeds from bond issuance							
Net cash provided by operating activities ⁽¹⁾							
Proceeds from the disposal of short-term investments							
Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment							
Total cash sources							
Cash Uses:							
Cash Uses:							
Cash Uses:							
Purchases of short-term investments							
Purchases of short-term investments							
Purchases of short-term investments							
Additions to property, plant and equipment							
Cash dividends paid							
Additions to property, plant and equipment							
Payments of acquisition related contingent consideration							
Payments related to share repurchases							
Debt issuance fees							
Investment in equity method investees							

Payments on financing lease obligations
Debt issuance fees
Total cash uses
Net (decrease) increase in cash during period
Net increase in cash during period

(1) Net cash provided by operating activities included net income tax payments of \$2.7\$109.8 million in the first quarter half of 2024 and \$1.1\$90.2 million in the first quarter half of 2023.

Cash Flows From Operating Activities

During the first quarter half of 2024, cash provided by operating activities was \$194.3\$437.1 million, which was an increase of \$9.6\$53.8 million as compared to the first quarter half of 2023. The increase was primarily a result of our strong operating performance during the first quarter half of 2024.

Cash Flows From Investing Activities

During the first quarter half of 2024, cash used in investing activities was \$263.3\$362.2 million, which was an increase of \$210.7\$263.5 million as compared to the first quarter half of 2023. The increase was primarily a result of the purchase of short-term investments of approximately \$184\$213.1 million during the first quarter half of 2024, as well as additions to property, plant and equipment, which were approximately \$77\$159.4 million during the first quarter half of 2024 and approximately \$53\$92.9 million during the first quarter half of 2023. There were \$24.3\$29.5 million and \$18.1\$23.4 million of additions to property, plant and equipment accrued in accounts payable, trade as of March 29, 2024June 28, 2024 and March 31, 2023June 30, 2023, respectively.

The additions to property, plant and equipment reflect the Company's focus on optimizing its supply chain and investing for future growth. The Company anticipates additions to property, plant and equipment in 2024 to be in the range of approximately \$300 \$300 million to \$350 million, with remaining anticipated expenditures in the second half of 2024 of approximately \$140 million to \$190 million. Over the next five years, the Company anticipates additions to property, plant and equipment to be in the range of approximately \$250 million to \$300 million. million annually.

Cash Flows From Financing Activities

During the first quarter half of 2024, cash provided by financing activities was \$989.1 million, as compared to cash used in financing activities was \$165.0 million, which was an increase of \$125.0 million as compared to the first quarter of 2023. The increase was primarily a result of dividend payments of approximately \$155\$52.2 million during the first quarter half of 2024 (which 2023, a change of \$1.04 billion. The change was primarily the result of bond proceeds of \$1.20 billion, offset by dividend payments of \$159.4 million, during the first half of 2024. The dividend payments of \$159.4 million included a special cash dividend of \$16.00 per share), share, as compared to dividend payments of approximately \$33\$37.5 million during the first quarter half of 2023, (which which included a special cash dividend of \$3.00 per share), share. The Company also paid \$14.5 million during the first half of 2024 related to share repurchases and associated fees.

The Company had cash payments for acquisition related contingent consideration of \$9.7\$23.7 million during the first quarter half of 2024 and \$6.5\$13.4 million during the first quarter half of 2023. For the next five future years, the Company anticipates that the amount it could pay annually under the acquisition related contingent consideration arrangements for the distribution territories subject to acquisition related sub-bottling payments will be in the range of approximately \$50 million to \$70\$75 million.

Hedging Activities

The Company uses commodity derivative instruments to manage its exposure to fluctuations in certain commodity prices. Fees paid by the Company for commodity derivative instruments are amortized over the corresponding period of the instrument. The Company accounts for its commodity derivative instruments on a mark-to-market basis with any expense or income being reflected as an adjustment to cost of sales or SD&A expenses, consistent with the expense classification of the underlying hedged item.

The Company uses several different financial institutions for commodity derivative instruments to minimize the concentration of credit risk. The Company has master agreements with the counterparties to its commodity derivative instruments that provide for net settlement of derivative transactions. The net impact of the commodity derivative instruments on the condensed consolidated statements of operations was as follows:

		First Quarter		First Quarter		First Quarter	
				Second Quarter		First Half	
(in thousands)	(in thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
(in thousands)							
Increase in cost of sales							
Increase in cost of sales							
Increase in cost of sales							

Increase in SD&A expenses
Increase in SD&A expenses
(Decrease) increase in cost of sales
Increase in SD&A expenses
Net impact
Net impact
Net impact

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements made in this report, or in other public filings, press releases, or other written or oral communications made by the Company, which are not historical facts, are forward-looking statements subject to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties which we expect will or may occur in the future and may impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. The words “anticipate,” “believe,” “expect,” “intend,” “project,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “could” and similar expressions are intended to identify those forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements reflect the Company’s best judgment based on current information, and, although we base these statements on circumstances that we believe to be reasonable when made, there can be no assurance that future events will not affect the accuracy of such forward-looking information. As such, the forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and actual results may vary materially from the projected results and expectations discussed in this report. Factors that might cause the Company’s actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: increased costs (including due to inflation), disruption of supply or unavailability or shortages of raw materials, fuel and other supplies; the reliance on purchased finished products from external sources; changes in public and consumer perception and preferences, including concerns related to product safety and sustainability, artificial ingredients, brand reputation and obesity; changes in government regulations related to nonalcoholic beverages, including regulations related to obesity, public health, artificial ingredients and product safety and sustainability; decreases from historic levels of marketing funding support provided to us by The Coca-Cola Company and other beverage companies; material changes in the performance requirements for marketing funding support or our inability to meet such requirements; decreases from historic levels of advertising, marketing and product innovation spending by The Coca-Cola Company and other beverage companies, or advertising campaigns that are negatively perceived by the public;

any failure of the several Coca-Cola system governance entities of which we are a participant to function efficiently or on our best behalf and any failure or delay of ours to receive anticipated benefits from these governance entities; provisions in our beverage distribution and manufacturing agreements with The Coca-Cola Company that could delay or prevent a change in control of us or a sale of our Coca-Cola distribution or manufacturing businesses; the concentration of our capital stock ownership; our inability to meet requirements under our beverage distribution and manufacturing agreements; changes in the inputs used to calculate our

acquisition related contingent consideration liability; technology failures or cyberattacks on our information technology systems or our effective response to technology failures or cyberattacks on our customers’, suppliers’ or other third parties’ information technology systems; unfavorable changes in the general economy; the concentration risks among our customers and suppliers; lower than expected net pricing of our products resulting from continued and increased customer and competitor consolidations and marketplace competition; the effect of changes in our level of debt, borrowing costs and credit ratings on our access to capital and credit markets, operating flexibility and ability to obtain additional financing to fund future needs; the failure to attract, train and retain qualified employees while controlling labor costs, and other labor issues; the failure to maintain productive relationships with our employees covered by collective bargaining agreements, including failing to renegotiate collective bargaining agreements; changes in accounting standards; our use of estimates and assumptions; changes in tax laws, disagreements with tax authorities or additional tax liabilities; changes in legal contingencies; natural disasters, changing weather patterns and unfavorable weather; climate change or legislative or regulatory responses to such change; the impact of any pandemic or public health situation; and the risks discussed in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” of the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2023 and elsewhere in this report.

Caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements included in this report. The Company assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, except as may be required by law. In evaluating forward-looking statements, these risks and uncertainties should be considered, together with the other risks described from time to time in the Company’s reports and other filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The Company is subject to interest rate risk on its revolving credit facility and did not have any outstanding borrowings on its revolving credit facility as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**. As such, assuming no changes in the Company’s capital structure, if market interest rates average 1% more over the next 12 months than the interest rates as of **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, there would be no change to interest expense for the next 12 months.

The Company’s acquisition related contingent consideration liability, which is adjusted to fair value each reporting period, is also impacted by changes in interest rates. The risk-free interest rate used to estimate the Company’s WACC is a component of the discount rate used to calculate the present value of future expected acquisition related sub-bottling payments due under the Company’s comprehensive beverage agreements. As a result, any changes in the underlying risk-free interest rate could result in material changes to the fair value of the acquisition related contingent consideration liability and could materially impact the amount of non-cash expense (or income) recorded each reporting period. The Company estimates a 10-basis point change in the underlying risk-free interest rate used to estimate the Company’s WACC would result in a change of approximately \$6 million to the Company’s acquisition related contingent consideration liability.

The Company is exposed to certain market risks and commodity price risk that arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company may enter into commodity derivative instruments to manage or reduce market risk. The Company does not use commodity derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company is also subject to commodity price risk arising from price movements for certain commodities included as part of its **raw materials**. **input costs, which predominately relate to our Sparkling products. The Company estimates a 10% increase in the market prices of input costs (which includes the underlying commodities) over the current market prices would cumulatively increase costs during the next 12 months by approximately \$71 million assuming no change in volume.**

The Company manages this its commodity price risk in some cases by entering into contracts with adjustable prices to hedge commodity purchases, purchases, including our aluminum input costs and fuel expenses related to our selling and distribution activities. The Company periodically uses commodity derivative instruments in the management of this risk. The Company risk, and estimates a 10% increase decrease in the market prices of commodities included as part of its raw materials over the current market underlying commodity prices would cumulatively increase costs during have decreased the next 12 months fair value of our commodity derivative instruments by approximately \$70 \$3 million assuming no change in volume, as of June 28, 2024.

Fees paid by the Company for agreements to hedge commodity purchases are amortized over the corresponding period of the agreement. The Company accounts for its commodity derivative instruments on a mark-to-market basis with any expense or income being reflected as an adjustment to cost of sales or SD&A expenses, consistent with the expense classification of the underlying hedged item.

The rate of inflation in the United States, as measured by year-over-year changes in the Consumer Price Index (the "CPI"), was 3.5% 3.0% in March June 2024, as compared to 3.4% in December 2023 and 6.5% in December 2022. Inflation in the prices of those commodities important to the Company's business is reflected in changes in the CPI.

The principal effect of inflation in both commodity and consumer prices on the Company's operating results is to increase both cost of goods sold and SD&A expenses. Although the Company can offset these cost increases by increasing selling prices for its products, consumers may not have the buying power to cover these increased costs and may reduce their volume of purchases of those products. In that event, selling price increases may not be sufficient to offset completely the Company's cost increases.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024.

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 29, 2024 June 28, 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is involved in various claims and legal proceedings which have arisen in the ordinary course of its business. Although it is difficult to predict the ultimate outcome of these claims and legal proceedings, management believes the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company. No material amount of loss in excess of recorded amounts is believed to be reasonably possible as a result of these claims and legal proceedings.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The following table sets forth information about the shares of Common Stock the Company repurchased during the second quarter of 2024:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
March 30, 2024 - April 26, 2024	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
April 27, 2024 - May 24, 2024	—	—	—	—
May 25, 2024 - June 28, 2024	14,391.50	925.00	14,391.50	—
Total	14,391.50		14,391.50	

NOTES TO TABLE

- (1) On May 6, 2024, the Company announced its offer to purchase, for cash, up to \$2.00 billion of its Common Stock at a price of not less than \$850 nor greater than \$925 per share through a modified "Dutch auction" tender offer.
- (2) On June 21, 2024, the Company announced the final results of the Tender Offer, which expired on June 18, 2024. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Tender Offer, the Company repurchased 14,391.5 shares of its Common Stock at a price of \$925 per share, for an aggregate purchase price of \$13.3 million, excluding fees and expenses relating to the Tender Offer.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors from those disclosed in "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2023.

Item 5. Other Information.

Insider Trading Arrangements

During the quarter ended **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Exchange Act) adopted, modified or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" (as each term is defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K).

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description	Incorporated by Reference or Filed/Furnished Herewith
3.1	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company.	Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 2, 2017 (File No. 0-9286).
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company.	Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 2, 2019 (File No. 0-9286).
3.3	Certificate of Amendment to Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company.	Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 (File No. 0-9286).
3.4	Amended and Restated By-laws of the Company.	Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 2, 2019 (File No. 0-9286).
4.1	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 21, 2024, by and among the Company, U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as prior trustee, and Truist Bank, as successor trustee.	Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 24, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
4.2	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 29, 2024, by and between the Company and Truist Bank, as trustee.	Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 29, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
4.3	Form of 5.250% Senior Notes due 2029 (included in Exhibit 4.2).	Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 29, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
4.4	Form of 5.450% Senior Notes due 2034 (included in Exhibit 4.2).	Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 29, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
10.1	Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 6, 2024, by and between the Company and Carolina Coca-Cola Bottling Investments, Inc.	Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 6, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
10.2	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Stock Rights and Restrictions Agreement, dated as of May 6, 2024, by and among the Company, The Coca-Cola Company, Carolina Coca-Cola Bottling Investments, Inc. and J. Frank Harrison, III.	Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 6, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
10.3	Term Loan Agreement, dated as of June 10, 2024, by and among the Company, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, and the other lenders party thereto.	Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 10, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
10.4	Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 10, 2024, by and among the Company, Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender and issuing lender, and the other lenders party thereto.	Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 10, 2024 (File No. 0-9286).
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Filed herewith.
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Filed herewith.
32	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Furnished herewith.
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.	Filed herewith.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.	Filed herewith.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.	Filed herewith.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.	Filed herewith.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.	Filed herewith.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.	Filed herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File – the cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.	Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COCA-COLA CONSOLIDATED, INC.
(REGISTRANT)

Date: May 6, 2024 July 31, 2024

By: /s/ F. Scott Anthony
F. Scott Anthony
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer of the Registrant)

Date: May 6, 2024 July 31, 2024

By: /s/ Matthew J. Blickley
Matthew J. Blickley
Senior Vice President, Financial Planning and
Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer of the Registrant)

39 45

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, J. Frank Harrison, III, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2024 July 31, 2024

/s/ J. Frank Harrison, III

J. Frank Harrison, III
Chairman of the Board of Directors
and Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, F. Scott Anthony, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2024 July 31, 2024

/s/ F. Scott Anthony

F. Scott Anthony
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Coca-Cola Consolidated, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended **March 29, 2024** **June 28, 2024**, as filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, J. Frank Harrison, III, Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and F. Scott Anthony, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ J. Frank Harrison, III

J. Frank Harrison, III
Chairman of the Board of Directors and
Chief Executive Officer

May 6, July 31, 2024

/s/ F. Scott Anthony

F. Scott Anthony
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

May 6, July 31, 2024

DISCLAIMER

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE REFINITIV CORPORATE DISCLOSURES DELTA REPORT™ IS A COMPARISON OF TWO FINANCIALS PERIODIC REPORTS. THERE MAY BE MATERIAL ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INACCURACIES IN THE REPORT INCLUDING THE TEXT AND THE COMPARISON DATA AND TABLES. IN NO WAY DOES REFINITIV OR THE APPLICABLE COMPANY ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INVESTMENT OR OTHER DECISIONS MADE BASED UPON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS REPORT. USERS ARE ADVISED TO REVIEW THE APPLICABLE COMPANY'S ACTUAL SEC FILINGS BEFORE MAKING ANY INVESTMENT OR OTHER DECISIONS.

©2024, Refinitiv. All rights reserved. Patents Pending.