

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

LXU - LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 1401

█	CHANGES	227
█	DELETIONS	597
█	ADDITIONS	577

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

Form 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**

OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number **1-7677**

LSB Industries, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

73-1015226

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

3503 NW 63rd Street, Suite 500, Oklahoma City,

Oklahoma

73116

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (405) 235-4546

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, Par Value \$.10	LXU	New York Stock Exchange
Preferred Stock Purchase Rights	N/A	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock was **74,344,336** **71,543,719** shares as of **October 27, 2023** **April 26, 2024**.

FORM 10-Q OF LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

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When we refer to "us", "we", "our", "Company" or "LSB" we are describing LSB Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Information at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 is unaudited)

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
	(In Thousands)			
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,824	\$ 63,769		
Short-term investments	270,702	330,553		
Accounts receivable	47,303	75,494		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(691)	(699)		
Accounts receivable, net	46,612	74,795		
Inventories:				
Finished goods	22,554	28,893		
Raw materials	1,490	1,990		
Total inventories	24,044	30,883		
Supplies, prepaid items and other:				
Prepaid insurance	1,863	17,429		
Precious metals	12,544	13,323		
Supplies	30,251	27,501		
Other	4,409	8,346		
Total supplies, prepaid items and other	49,067	66,599		
Total current assets	437,249	566,599		
Property, plant and equipment, net	828,828	848,661		
Other assets:				
Operating lease assets	24,621	22,682		
Intangible and other assets, net	1,508	1,877		

	26,129	24,559
	<u>\$ 1,292,206</u>	<u>\$ 1,439,819</u>

(Continued on following page)

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LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued)

(Information at September 30, 2023 is unaudited)

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
	(In Thousands)			
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 56,796	\$ 78,182		
Short-term financing	—	16,134		
Accrued and other liabilities	37,395	38,470		
Current portion of long-term debt	5,493	9,522		
Total current liabilities	99,684	142,308		
Long-term debt, net	577,173	702,733		
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	15,713	14,896		
Other noncurrent accrued and other liabilities	522	522		
Deferred income taxes	66,370	63,487		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$.10 par value; 150 million shares authorized, 91.2 million shares issued	9,117	9,117		
Capital in excess of par value	499,528	497,179		
Retained earnings	232,362	199,092		
	<u>741,007</u>	<u>705,388</u>		

Less treasury stock, at cost:			
Common stock, 16.8 million shares (14.9 million shares at December 31, 2022)	208,263	189,515	
Total stockholders' equity	532,744	515,873	
	<u>\$ 1,292,206</u>	<u>\$ 1,439,819</u>	
	March 31,	December 31,	
	2024	2023	
	(In Thousands)		
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,991	\$ 98,500	
Restricted cash	2,532	2,532	
Short-term investments	139,238	207,434	
Accounts receivable	54,108	40,749	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(366)	(364)	
Accounts receivable, net	53,742	40,385	
Inventories:			
Finished goods	19,643	26,329	
Raw materials	2,320	1,799	
Total inventories	21,963	28,128	
Supplies, prepaid items and other:			
Prepaid insurance	10,768	14,846	
Precious metals	11,560	12,094	
Supplies	30,682	30,486	
Other	2,767	2,337	
Total supplies, prepaid items and other	55,777	59,763	
Total current assets	399,243	436,742	
Property, plant and equipment, net	832,192	835,298	
Other assets:			
Operating lease assets	27,235	24,852	
Intangible and other assets, net	1,449	1,292	
Total other assets	28,684	26,144	
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,260,119</u>	<u>\$ 1,298,184</u>	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			
Current liabilities:			

Accounts payable	56,064	68,323
Short-term financing	9,018	13,398
Accrued and other liabilities	38,820	30,961
Current portion of long-term debt	5,742	5,847
Total current liabilities	109,644	118,529
Long-term debt, net	543,835	575,874
Noncurrent operating lease liabilities	18,260	16,074
Other noncurrent accrued and other liabilities	523	523
Deferred income taxes	69,672	68,853
Commitments and contingencies (Note 5)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.10 par value; 150 million shares authorized, 91.2 million shares issued	9,117	9,117
Capital in excess of par value	501,097	501,026
Retained earnings	232,638	227,015
Total stockholders' equity	742,852	737,158
Less treasury stock, at cost:		
Common stock, 18.9 million shares (18.1 million shares at December 31, 2023)	224,667	218,827
Total stockholders' equity	518,185	518,331
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,260,119	\$ 1,298,184

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022

(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)				
Net sales	\$ 114,287	\$ 184,273	\$ 461,096	\$ 668,057
Cost of sales	117,673	162,144	386,845	412,274
Gross (loss) profit	<u>(3,386)</u>	22,129	74,251	255,783
 Selling, general and administrative expense	8,512	9,138	27,815	29,711
Other (income) expense, net	(2,399)	(75)	(2,096)	377
Operating (loss) income	<u>(9,499)</u>	13,066	48,532	225,695
 Interest expense, net	7,165	12,193	31,213	34,455
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	—	—	(8,644)	113
Non-operating other income, net	<u>(3,689)</u>	(2,219)	(10,929)	(5,627)
(Loss) income before provision for income taxes	<u>(12,975)</u>	3,092	36,892	196,754
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	<u>(5,249)</u>	780	3,622	32,277
Net (loss) income	<u><u>(7,726)</u></u>	<u>2,312</u>	<u>33,270</u>	<u>164,477</u>
 (Loss) income per common share:				
Basic:				
Net (loss) income	<u><u>\$ (0.10)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.03</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.44</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1.89</u></u>
Diluted:				
Net (loss) income	<u><u>\$ (0.10)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.03</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 0.44</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1.86</u></u>
Three Months Ended				
			March 31,	
			2024	2023
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)				
Net sales	\$ 138,204	\$ 180,964		
Cost of sales	115,926	139,359		
Gross profit	22,278	41,605		
 Selling, general and administrative expense	10,294	9,867		
Other expense, net	724	1,203		
Operating income	<u>11,260</u>	<u>30,535</u>		

Interest expense, net	9,729	12,212
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(1,134)	—
Non-operating other income, net	(3,561)	(3,476)
Income before provision for income taxes	6,226	21,799
Provision for income taxes	603	5,898
Net income	<u>\$ 5,623</u>	<u>\$ 15,901</u>
Income per common share:		
Basic:		
Net income	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ 0.21</u>
Diluted:		
Net income	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ 0.21</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

Statement of Stockholders' Equity									
Common Stock and Additional Paid-in Capital									
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024									
	Common	Stock	Common	Capital in					
	Stock	Common	Par	Excess of					
	Shares	Shares	Value	Par Value	Retained				
					Earnings	Common			Total
(In Thousands)									
Balance at									
December 31,									
2023	91,168	(18,051)	\$ 9,117	\$ 501,026	\$ 227,015	\$ (218,827)	\$ 518,331		
Net income						5,623			5,623
Stock-based compensation					1,394				1,394
Purchase of common stock		(690)				(5,397)			(5,397)
Vesting of equity compensation			109	(1,323)			1,323		—
Shares withheld upon vesting of equity compensation					(231)			(1,766)	(1,766)
Balance at									
March 31,									
2024	91,168	(18,863)	\$ 9,117	\$ 501,097	\$ 232,638	\$ (224,667)	\$ 518,185		

		(In Thousands)							
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		1 4 9 7				8 1			
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Balance at		1 8 1 1				5 8			
December 31,		6 8 1 7				1 7			
2022		8 8) \$ 7 \$ 9				\$ 199,092 \$ 5) \$ 3			
						91,168 (14,888) \$ 9,117			
						\$ 497,179 \$ 199,092 \$ (189,515) \$ 515,873			
						1			
						5,			
						9			
						0			
Net income		15,901				1			
						15,901			
Stock-based		7				7			
compensation		1				1			
		9				9			
Shares		(				719			
issued		6				719			
restricted		5 8				1			
stock units		3 2)				9			
Shares		(				15,901			
withheld		6				15,901			
restricted		1				1			
stock and		(				719			
restricted		2				1			
stock units		5 ,5				9			
vesting		0 4)				—			
Vesting of		2				1			
equity		(				1			
compensation		53				(682)			
Shares		682				—			
withheld upon		(1			
vesting		0 204)				4)			
of equity		4)				1)			
compensation		(2,541)				(2,541)			

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Balance at	1	7	1	5	9
June 30,	6	8	1	1	2
2023	8	3)	7	7	240,088
				5)	7
					(7
					,7
					2
Net loss			(7,726)		6)
		1			
		,		1,	
		3		3	
Stock-based		1		1	
compensation		8		8	
			(
Purchase of	(		5	(5	
common	6		8	8	
stock	0)		6)	6)	
Shares		(
issued		3		3	
restricted	2	0		0	
stock units	5	7)		7	—
Shares					
withheld					
restricted			(
stock	(		5	(5	
units vesting	—	6)	—	—	\$ 9)
	—	—	—	—	—
	(	4		(
9	1	9		2	5
1	6	9	9	0	3
,	,	,	,	8,	2,
Balance at	1	8	1	5	2
September	6	2	1	2	4
30, 2023	8	4)	\$ 7	\$ 8	\$ 232,362
	—	—	—	—	—

								4
9	(	9			(	4		
1	1	9	3		1	6		
,	,	,	,		0,	0,		
Balance at	1	3	1	1		5	4	
December 31,	6	7	1	6		3	9	
2021	8	5)	\$ 7	\$ 1	\$ (31,255)	\$ 3)	\$ 0	
						5		
						8,		
						7		
						6		
Net income				58,766		6		
				8		8		
Stock-based			0			0		
compensation			3			3		
				(
	(1,	(1			
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	2			7	7			
Other	9)				1)	1)		
	—	—	—	—	—	—		
	4							
9	(9			(5		
1	1	9	3		1	1		
,	,	,	,		2,	8,		
Balance at	1	6	1	9		4	1	
March 31,	6	0	1	6		0	8	
2022	8	4)	7	4	27,511	4)	8	
						1		
						0		
						3,		
						3		
						9		
Net income			103,399			9		

	1						
	,					1,	
	3					3	
Stock-based	6					6	
compensation	6					6	
		(
		1				(1	
	(					3,	3,
Purchase of	7					3	3
common	1					9	9
stock	3)					4)	4)
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		4					
	9	(	9			(	6
	1	2	9	5		2	0
	,	,	,	,		5,	9,
Balance at	1	3	1	3		7	5
June 30,	6	1	1	3		9	5
2022	8	7)	7	0	130,910	8)	9
						2,	
						3	
						1	
Net income				2,312		2	
				9		9	
Stock-based			2			2	
compensation			1			1	
	((
	6			8	(8		
	,			6,	6,		
Purchase of	8			6		6	
common	5			4		4	
stock	4)			8)	8)		

			4		(
9	(	9		1	5	
1	9	9	6		1	2
,	,	,	,	2,	6,	
Balance at	1	1	1	2		4
September	6	7	1	5		4
30, 2022	8	1)	\$ 7	\$ 1	\$ 133,222	\$ 6)
						\$ 4

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2023	2022
(In Thousands)		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 33,270	\$ 164,477
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred income taxes	2,883	31,210
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	(8,644)	113
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment	49,852	50,013
Amortization of intangible and other assets	403	889
Stock-based compensation	3,964	3,089
Other	1,654	(2,484)
Cash provided (used) by changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	28,365	(22,105)
Inventories	6,727	(13,147)

Prepaid insurance	15,566	12,486
Supplies, prepaid items and other	1,761	(3,455)
Accounts payable	(12,672)	32,004
Accrued interest	2,237	10,010
Accrued payroll and benefits	(5,489)	(2,298)
Other assets and other liabilities	645	(1,620)
Net cash provided by operating activities	120,522	259,182
Cash flows from investing activities		
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(41,123)	(32,531)
Proceeds from short-term investments	293,347	59,728
Purchases of short-term investments	(230,690)	(423,091)
Other investing activities	(28)	2,946
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	21,506	(392,948)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net proceeds from 6.25% senior secured notes	—	200,000
Repurchases of 6.25% senior secured notes	(114,320)	—
Payments on other long-term debt	(8,155)	(10,950)
Payments on short-term financing	(16,134)	(11,291)
Acquisition of treasury stock, net	(20,364)	(101,912)
Payments of debt-related costs, including extinguishment costs	—	(4,455)
Other financing activities	—	(135)
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(158,973)	71,257
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(16,945)	(62,509)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	63,769	82,144
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 46,824	\$ 19,635
	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2024	2023
	(In Thousands)	
Cash flows from operating activities		

Net income	\$ 5,623	\$ 15,901
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Deferred income taxes	819	5,608
Gain on extinguishment of debt	(1,134)	—
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment	17,114	17,439
Stock-based compensation	1,393	719
Other	3,929	1,223
Cash provided (used) by changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(11,408)	15,418
Inventories	6,165	1,251
Prepaid insurance	4,078	5,158
Supplies, prepaid items and other	(116)	(4,455)
Accounts payable	(7,911)	(4,861)
Accrued interest	7,867	10,905
Other assets and other liabilities	(2,312)	(5,059)
Net cash provided by operating activities	24,107	59,247
Cash flows from investing activities		
Expenditures for property, plant and equipment	(18,287)	(18,437)
Proceeds from short-term investments	100,878	88,707
Purchases of short-term investments	(34,689)	(133,660)
Other investing activities	—	11
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	47,902	(63,379)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repurchases of 6.25% Senior Secured Notes	(31,316)	—
Payments on other long-term debt	(1,443)	(2,180)
Payments on short-term financing	(4,379)	(5,967)
Acquisition of treasury stock, net	(7,163)	—
Payments of debt-related costs	(217)	—
Other financing activities	—	(2,541)
Net cash used by financing activities	(44,518)	(10,688)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	27,491	(14,820)

Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	101,032	63,769
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 128,523	\$ 48,949

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and notes of LSB have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Pursuant to such rules and regulations, certain disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted. The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes included in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 (our "2022" "2023 Form 10-K"), filed with the SEC on February 23, 2023 March 6, 2024. The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements in this report reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the Company's results of operations and cash flows for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 and the Company's financial position as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

Basis of Consolidation – LSB and its subsidiaries are consolidated in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements. LSB is a holding company with no significant operations or assets other than cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and investments in its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Certain prior period amounts reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto have been reclassified to conform to current period presentation.

Nature of Business – We are engaged in the manufacture and sale of chemical products. The chemical products we primarily manufacture, market and sell are ammonia, fertilizer grade ammonium nitrate ("AN" and "HDAN" HDAN) and urea ammonium nitrate ("UAN") UAN for agricultural applications, high purity and commercial grade ammonia, high purity AN, ammonium nitrate, sulfuric acids, concentrated, blended and regular nitric acid, mixed nitrating acids, carbon dioxide, and diesel exhaust fluid for industrial applications, and industrial grade AN ammonium nitrate ("LDAN") and ammonium nitrate ("AN") solutions for the mining industry. We manufacture and distribute our products in four facilities; three of which

we own and are located in El Dorado, Arkansas (the "El Dorado Facility"); Cherokee, Alabama (the "Cherokee Facility"); and Pryor, Oklahoma (the "Pryor Facility"); and one of which we operate on behalf of Covestro **LLC** in Baytown, **Texas, Texas** (the "Baytown Facility").

Sales to customers include farmers, ranchers, fertilizer dealers and distributors primarily in the ranch land and grain production markets in the United States ("U.S."); industrial users of acids throughout the U.S. and parts of Canada; and explosive manufacturers in the U.S. and **other parts of Mexico, Canada and the Caribbean.** **North America.**

These interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year due, in part, to the seasonality of our sales of agricultural products and the timing of performing our major plant maintenance activities. Our selling seasons for agricultural products are primarily during the spring and fall planting seasons, which typically extend from March through June and from September through November.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Repurchase Program – In May 2023, our Board of Directors (our "Board") authorized a \$150 million stock repurchase program. Total repurchase authority remaining under the repurchase program was **\$132 116** million as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024.** The repurchase program may be suspended, terminated or modified at any time for any reason, including market conditions, the cost of repurchasing securities, the availability of alternative investment opportunities, liquidity, and other factors deemed appropriate. The repurchase program does not obligate us to purchase any particular number or type of securities. During the **third** **first** quarter of **2023, 2024,** we repurchased approximately **60 0.7** thousand **million** shares of common stock at an average **cost** price of **\$9.78 7.82** per share.

Restricted Cash – We classify cash that has been segregated or is otherwise limited in use as restricted. Our restricted cash as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, relates primarily to certain cash collateral held by Wells Fargo under our prior revolving credit facility, terminated in December 2023 and discussed in Note 4 – Long-Term Debt, for letters of credit outstanding as we transition these items to our current revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") pursuant to that credit agreement, dated December 21, 2023, between us and the lenders identified on the signature pages thereof and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A, as administrative agent. All of our restricted cash is classified as a current asset and is separately presented on the face of our consolidated balance sheet. The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash reported

(Unaudited)

within the consolidated balance sheet to the total of the same such amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows:

	March 31,		December 31,	
	2024		2023	
	(in Thousands)			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125,991		\$ 98,500	
Restricted cash	2,532		2,532	
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	128,523		101,032	

Short-Term Investments Investments, which consist of U.S. treasury bills with an original maturity up to and less than 52 weeks, are considered short-term investments and are classified as Level 1. We plan to hold these investments to maturity and have a history of holding investments to maturity. Due to the nature of these investments, as U.S. treasury securities, no impairment is anticipated.

Accounts Receivable – Our accounts receivable are presented at net realizable value. This value includes an appropriate allowance for estimated uncollectible accounts to reflect any estimate of expected credit losses. Our estimate is based on historical experience and periodic assessment, particularly on accounts that are past due (based upon the terms of the sale). Our periodic assessment is based on our best estimate of amounts that are not recoverable which includes a present collectability review and forward looking assessment, where applicable.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets Long-Lived Assets – Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset (asset group) may not be recoverable. An asset's fair value must be determined when the carrying amount of an asset (asset group) exceeds the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset (asset group) and/or its eventual disposition. If assets to be held and used are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is the amount by which the carrying amounts of the assets exceed the fair values of the assets as measured by the present value of future net cash flows expected to be generated by the assets or their appraised value. In general, and depending on the event or change in circumstances, our asset groups are reviewed for impairment on a facility-by-facility basis (such as the Cherokee Facility, El Dorado Facility or Pryor Facility).

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

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Short-Term Financing – Our short-term financing represents the short-term note related to financing of our insurance premium, which is renewed annually during each November.

Contingencies – Certain conditions may exist which may result in a loss, but which will only be resolved when future events occur. We and our legal counsel assess such contingent liabilities and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a loss has been incurred, we would accrue for such contingent losses when such losses can be reasonably estimated. If the assessment indicates that a potentially material loss contingency is not probable but reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, the nature of the contingent liability, together with an estimate of the range of possible loss if determinable and material, would be disclosed. Estimates of potential legal fees and other directly related costs associated with contingencies are not accrued but rather are expensed as incurred. Loss contingency liabilities are included in current and noncurrent accrued and other liabilities and are based on current estimates that may be revised in the near term. In addition, we recognize contingent gains when such gains are realized or when the contingencies have been resolved (generally at the time a settlement has been reached).

Derivatives, Hedges and Financial Instruments – Periodically, we entered into certain forward natural gas contracts. Whenever we have such derivative contracts outstanding that are subject to derivative accounting, they are recognized in the balance sheet and measured at fair value. Changes in fair value of derivatives are recorded in results of operations unless the normal purchase or sale exceptions apply, or hedge accounting is elected.

The fair value amounts recognized for our derivative contracts executed with the same counterparty under a master netting arrangement may be offset. We have the choice to offset or not, but that choice must be applied consistently. A master netting arrangement exists if the reporting entity has multiple contracts with a single counterparty that are subject to a contractual agreement that provides for the net settlement of all contracts through a single payment in a single currency in the event of default on or termination of any one contract. Offsetting the fair values recognized for the derivative contracts outstanding with a single counterparty results in the net fair value of the transactions reported as an asset or a liability in the balance sheet. When applicable, we present the fair values of our derivative contracts under master netting agreements using a gross fair value presentation.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value are classified using the following hierarchy, which is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation as of the measurement date:

Level 1 - Valuations of contracts classified as Level 1 are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical contracts.

Level 2 - Valuations of contracts classified as Level 2 are based on quoted prices for similar contracts and valuation inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for these contracts.

Level 3 - Valuations of assets and liabilities classified as Level 3 are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Leases – We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception or modification of a contract and classify each lease as either an operating or finance lease based on the terms of the contract. We reassess lease classification subsequent to commencement upon a change to the expected lease term or a modification to the contract. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of the identified property or equipment, explicitly or implicitly, for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control of an underlying asset is conveyed if we obtain the rights to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the economic benefit from the use of the underlying asset.

An operating lease asset represents our right to use the underlying asset as a lessee for the lease term and an operating lease liability represents our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Currently, most of our leases are classified as operating leases and primarily relate to railcars, other equipment and office space. Our leases that are classified as finance leases and other leases under which we are the lessor are not material. Variable payments are excluded from the present value of lease payments and are recognized in the period in which the payment is made. Our current leases do not contain residual value guarantees. Most of our leases do not include options to extend or terminate the lease prior to the end of the term. Leases with a term of 12 months or less are not recognized in the balance sheet.

Since our leases generally do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the lease term and other information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the applicable lease term.

As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we have executed operating leases with lease terms greater than one year, with total payments of approximately **\$5.8** **1.1** million which have not yet commenced.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

ASU 2023-07 - In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280)—Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*, which improves reportable segment disclosure requirements through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. The amendments include a new requirement to disclose significant segment expenses regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), extend certain annual disclosures to interim periods, clarify single reportable segment entities must apply Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") 280 in its entirety, permit more than one measure of segment profit or loss to be reported under certain conditions and require disclosure of the title and position of the CODM. This update is effective for public entities fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effect of adoption of this update on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. However, while we do not expect it to impact our results of operations or financial position, we expect that it will result in additional disclosures.

Changes to U.S. GAAP are established by the FASB in the form of ASUs to the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification. We considered all ASUs issued and outstanding or that became effective since January 1, 2024 through the date of these financial statements and determined them not to be applicable or materially impact our financial statements other than those ASU's specifically addressed above.

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Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Changes to U.S. GAAP are established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") in the form of accounting standards updates ("ASUs") to the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification. We consider the applicability and impact of all ASUs. ASUs issued and outstanding or that became effective since January 1, 2023 through the date of these financial statements were assessed and determined not to be applicable or are expected to have minimal impact on our condensed consolidated financial position and results of operations.

2. Net Income Per Common Share

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)				
Numerator:				
Net (loss) income	\$ (7,726)	\$ 2,312	\$ 33,270	\$ 164,477
Numerator for basic and diluted net (loss) income per common share	\$ (7,726)	\$ 2,312	\$ 33,270	\$ 164,477
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic net income (loss) per common share - adjusted weighted-average shares (1)	73,992	84,187	74,946	86,929
Effect of dilutive securities:				

Unvested restricted stock and stock units	—	1,328	533	1,352
Dilutive potential common shares	—	1,328	533	1,352
Denominator for diluted net income (loss) per common share - adjusted weighted-average shares	73,992	85,515	75,479	88,281
Basic net (loss) income per common share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.44	\$ 1.89
Diluted net (loss) income per common share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.44	\$ 1.86

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
(In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)		
Numerator:		
Net income	\$ 5,623	\$ 15,901
Numerator for basic and diluted net income per common share	\$ 5,623	\$ 15,901
Denominator:		
Denominator for basic net income per common share - adjusted weighted-average shares (1)	72,842	75,807
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Unvested restricted stock and stock units	331	504
Dilutive potential common shares	331	504
Denominator for diluted net income per common share - adjusted weighted-average shares	73,173	76,311
Basic net income per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.21
Diluted net income per common share	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.21

(1) Excludes All periods exclude the weighted-average shares of unvested restricted stock that are contingently issuable.

The following weighted-average shares of securities were not included in the computation of diluted net income per common share as their effect would have been antidilutive:

	Three Months		Nine Months		2024	Three Months Ended		
	Ended		Ended			March 31,		
	September 30,		September 30,					
	2023	2022	2023	2022		2023		
Restricted stock and stock units	1,422, 181	146,5 37	429,3 39	76,2 04		714,563	395,301	
		13,00	13,00	13,0				
Stock options	13,000	0	0	00		13,000	13,000	
	1,435, 181	159,5 37	442,3 39	89,2 04		727,563	408,301	

3. Accrued and Other Liabilities

	March 31,		December 31,
	2024	2023	
			(In Thousands)
Accrued interest	\$ 15,512	7,487	
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	9,037	8,795	
Accrued payroll and benefits	5,060	9,400	
Accrued taxes other than income	2,453	2,198	
Customer deposits	2,369	874	
Other	4,912	2,730	
	39,343	31,484	
Less noncurrent portion	523	523	
Current portion of accrued and other liabilities	\$ 38,820	\$ 30,961	

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3. Current and Noncurrent Accrued and Other Liabilities

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
	(In Thousands)	
Accrued interest	\$ 13,477	11,196
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	8,917	7,259
Accrued payroll and benefits	6,950	12,440
Other	8,573	8,097
	<hr/> 37,917	<hr/> 38,992
Less noncurrent portion	522	522
Current portion of accrued and other liabilities	<hr/> \$ 37,395	<hr/> \$ 38,470

4. Long-Term Debt

Our long-term debt consists of the following:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(In Thousands)		(In Thousands)	
Working Capital Revolver Loan, with a current interest				
rate of 9.00% (A)	\$ —	\$ —	—	—
Senior Secured Notes due 2028, with an interest				
rate of 6.25% (B)	575,000	700,000	—	—
Secured Financing due 2025, with an interest				
rate of 8.75% (C)	15,459	19,277	—	—
Secured Financing due 2023, with an interest				
rate of 8.32% (D)	—	4,161	—	—
Other	1,008	1,138	—	—
Unamortized debt issuance costs	<hr/> (8,801)	<hr/> (12,321)	—	—
Revolving Credit Facility (A)			\$ —	\$ —
Senior Secured Notes due 2028, with an interest				
rate of 6.25% (B)			542,090	575,000

Secured Financing due 2025, with an interest rate of 8.75% (C)	12,770	14,133
Finance Leases	2,190	953
Unamortized debt issuance costs ⁽¹⁾	(7,473)	(8,365)
	582,666	712,255
Less current portion of long-term debt	5,493	9,522
Long-term debt due after one year, net	\$ 577,173	\$ 702,733
	\$ 543,835	\$ 575,874

(1) Debt issuance costs as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 of approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, relating to our Revolving Credit Facility are not included in Unamortized debt issuance cost. They are included in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in Intangible and other assets, net.

(A) Our revolving credit facility, as amended (the "Working Capital Revolver Loan"), The Revolving Credit Facility provides for advances borrowings up to an initial maximum of \$65.75 million, (the "Maximum Revolver Amount"), based on specific percentages with an option to increase the maximum by an additional \$25 million (which amount is uncommitted). Availability is subject to a borrowing base and an availability block of eligible accounts receivable and inventories and up \$7.5 million, which is applied against the \$75 million initially reducing the maximum (which can be removed by us at our sole discretion, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for a sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10 million, with the outstanding amount of letters of credit. We had outstanding any such letters of credit as reducing availability for borrowings. As of September 30, 2023 or March 31, 2024, our Revolving Credit Facility was undrawn and had approximately \$2.045.4 million which reduces the amount available for borrowing under the Working Capital Revolver Loan. At September 30, 2023, of availability, based on our available borrowings under our Working Capital Revolver Loan were approximately \$42.4 million. eligible collateral. The maturity date of the Working Capital Revolver Revolving Credit Facility is on the earlier of (i) the date that is 90 days prior to the earliest stated maturity date of the Senior Secured Notes, which is currently October 15, 2028, (unless refinanced or repaid) and (ii) February 26, 2024 December 21, 2028. Subject to certain conditions and subject to lender approval, the Maximum Revolver Amount may increase up to an additional \$10 million. The Working Capital Revolver Loan also provides for Revolving Credit Facility contains a springing financial covenant, (the "Financial Covenant"), which requires that, solely if we elect to remove the borrowing \$7.5 million availability is block, less than 10.0% of the total revolver commitments, then the borrowers we must maintain a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of not less than 1.00:1.001 to 1.00.00. The Financial Covenant, financial covenant, if triggered, is tested monthly. The financial covenant was not triggered as of March 31, 2024.

Interest accrues on outstanding borrowings under the Working Capital Revolver Loan Revolving Credit Facility at a rate per annum equal to, at our election, the option of us, either (a) SOFR term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") for an interest a period selected by us of one month (with a fallback to the prime rate if such rate is unavailable), plus a SOFR adjustment equal to 0.10% per annum, plus an applicable margin equal to of 1.50 1.625% per annum or 1.75% per annum, depending on borrowing availability under the Working Capital Revolver Loan, or (b) Wells Fargo Capital Finance's prime rate term SOFR for a period of one, three or six months (at our election), plus 0.10%, plus an applicable margin equal to of 0.50 1.625% per annum or, in each case with a floor of 0.75 0.00% per annum, depending

on borrowing availability under the Working Capital Revolver Loan. Interest is paid quarterly, if applicable. During the second quarter of 2023 the LIBOR rate component included in our Working Capital Revolver Loan was converted to SOFR as use of LIBOR was discontinued. .

- (B) On October 14, 2021, LSB completed the issuance and sale We previously issued at par an aggregate total of \$500 700 million aggregate principal amount value of the Notes of its 6.25% our Senior Secured Notes due 2028 (the "Notes"), pursuant to an indenture (the "Indenture"), dated as of October 14, 2021. The Notes were issued at a price equal to 100% of their face value.

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On March 8, 2022, LSB completed the issuance and sale of an additional \$200 million aggregate principal amount of the Notes (the "New Notes"), which were issued pursuant to the Indenture (the Notes together with the New Notes, the "Senior ("Senior Secured Notes"). The New Notes were issued at a price equal to 100% of their face value, plus accrued interest from October 14, 2021 to March 7, 2022. The Senior Secured Notes, which mature on in October 15, 2028. Interest is to be, bear interest at a rate of 6.25% paid in arrears on May 15 and October 15. Please see Note 5 in our 2023 Form 10-K for further discussion of the Senior Secured Notes. From time to time, we have engaged in open market repurchases to extinguish a portion of the outstanding balance.

During the second first quarter of 2023 2024, we repurchased \$125 32.9 million in principal amount of our Senior Secured Notes for approximately \$114.3 31.3 million, which was accounted for as an extinguishment of debt. Including our write-off of the associated remaining portion of unamortized debt issuance costs, we recognized a gain on extinguishment of approximately \$8.6 1.1 million.

- (C) In August 2020, El Dorado Ammonia L.L.C. ("EDA"), one of our subsidiaries, we entered into a \$30 million secured financing arrangement with an affiliate of Eldridge Industries, L.L.C. ("Eldridge"). Beginning in September 2020, principal and interest is payable in 60 equal monthly installments with a final balloon payment of approximately \$5 million due in August 2025. This financing arrangement is secured by an ammonia storage tank and is guaranteed by LSB.

(D)

During the second quarter 2023, El Dorado Chemical Company ("EDC"), one of our subsidiaries, made the final balloon payment of approximately \$3 million on a secured financing arrangement with an affiliate of Eldridge.

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LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

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5. Commitments and Contingencies

Outstanding Natural Gas Purchase Commitments – Certain of our natural gas contracts qualify as normal purchases under GAAP and thus are not financial instruments for which we mark-to-market. At September 30, 2023, these contracts included volume purchase commitments with fixed prices of approximately 7.2 million MMBtus of natural gas that cover a period from October 2023 through December 2023. The weighted-average price of the natural gas covered by these contracts was \$3.93 per MMBtu, for a total of \$28.5 million. Based on strip prices, the weighted-average market price of the fixed contracts was \$2.77 per MMBtu for a total of \$20.0 million.

Legal Matters - Following is a summary of certain legal matters involving the Company:

A. Environmental Matters

Our facilities and operations are subject to numerous federal, state and local environmental laws and to other laws regarding health and safety matters (collectively, the “Environmental and Health Laws”), many of which provide for certain performance obligations, substantial fines and criminal sanctions for violations. Certain Environmental and Health Laws impose strict liability as well as joint and several liability for costs required to remediate and restore sites where hazardous substances, hydrocarbons or solid wastes have been stored or released. We may be required to remediate contaminated properties currently or formerly owned or operated by us or facilities of third parties that received waste generated by our operations regardless of whether such contamination resulted from the conduct of others or from consequences of our own actions that were in compliance with all applicable laws at the time those actions were taken.

In addition, claims for damages to persons or property, including natural resources, may result from the environmental, health and safety effects of our operations.

There can be no assurance that we will not incur material costs or liabilities in complying with such laws or in paying fines or penalties for violation of such laws. Our insurance may not cover all environmental risks and costs or may not provide sufficient coverage if an environmental claim is made against us. The Environmental and Health Laws and related enforcement policies have in the past resulted and could in the future result, in significant compliance expenses, cleanup costs (for our sites or third-party sites where our wastes were disposed of), penalties or other liabilities relating to the handling, manufacture, use, emission, discharge or disposal of hazardous or toxic materials at or from our facilities or the use or disposal of certain of its chemical products. Further, a number of our facilities are dependent on environmental permits to operate, the loss or modification of which could have a material adverse effect on their operations and our financial condition.

Historically, significant capital expenditures have been incurred by our subsidiaries in order to comply with the Environmental and Health Laws and significant capital expenditures are expected to be incurred in the future. We will also be obligated to manage certain discharge water outlets and monitor groundwater contaminants at our facilities should we discontinue the operations of a facility.

As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, our accrued liabilities for environmental matters totaled approximately **\$0.5** **0.4** million relating primarily to the matters discussed below. Estimates of the most likely costs for our environmental matters are generally based on preliminary or completed assessment studies, preliminary results of studies, or our experience with other similar matters. It is reasonably possible that a change in the estimate of our liability could occur in the near term.

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

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1. Discharge Water Matters

Each of our manufacturing facilities generates process wastewater, which may include cooling tower and boiler water quality control streams, contact storm water and miscellaneous spills and leaks from process equipment. The process water discharge, storm-water runoff and miscellaneous spills and leaks are governed by various permits generally issued by the respective state environmental agencies as authorized and overseen by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. These permits limit the type and volume of effluents that can be discharged and control the method of such discharge.

In 2017, the **Pryor Chemical Company** ("PCC") filed a Permit Renewal Application for its Non-Hazardous Injection Well Permit at the Pryor Facility. Although the Injection Well Permit expired in 2018, **PCC continues** **we continue** to operate the injection well **pending** **in accordance with an executed November 2023 Consent Order with** the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality ("ODEQ") **action on** **that allows for the** **Permit Renewal Application**. Since that time, **PCC and ODEQ engaged in ongoing discussions related to the renewal** **continued use of the injection well until a wastewater treatment process is designed, built and operational**. The Company continues to **address** **work with the ODEQ under the terms of the Consent Order**. We have identified and selected a wastewater treatment technology using biological processes that can and will treat the nitrogen-containing wastewater streams at our Pryor Facility. We are unable to estimate the costs related to the replacement of the disposal well at this time as we are in the early stages of design for the wastewater stream. In 2022, **treatment process with a wastewater process design engineering firm**. We have also commenced preliminary discussions with the **ODEQ** **responded to** **on permitting the** **application in** **treated wastewater discharges but have not received any confirmation from the** **form** **ODEQ on their preliminary acceptance of an information request**. PCC has submitted a formal response to the information request and is currently evaluating **our treated wastewater treatment alternatives**. **stream**.

In 2006, the **El Dorado Facility Company** entered into a Consent Administrative Order ("CAO") that recognizes the presence of nitrate contamination in the shallow groundwater. **groundwater at our El Dorado Facility**. The CAO required **EDC** **us** to perform semi-annual groundwater monitoring, continue operation of a groundwater recovery system, submit a human health and ecological risk assessment and submit a remedial action plan.

The risk assessment was submitted in 2007. In 2015, the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality ("ADEQ") stated that **the El Dorado Chemical Facility** was meeting the requirements of the CAO and should continue semi-annual monitoring. A CAO was signed in 2018, which required an Evaluation Report of the data and effectiveness of the groundwater remedy for nitrate contamination. During 2019,

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the Evaluation Report was submitted to the ADEQ and the ADEQ approved the report. No liability has been established as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, in connection with this ADEQ matter.

2. Other Environmental Matters

In 2002, certain of our subsidiaries sold substantially all of their operating assets relating to a Kansas chemical facility (the "Hallowell Facility") but retained ownership of the real property where the facility is located. Our subsidiary retained the obligation to be responsible for and perform the activities under, a previously executed consent order to investigate the surface and subsurface contamination at the real property, develop a corrective action strategy based on the investigation and implement such strategy. In addition, certain of our subsidiaries agreed to indemnify the buyer of such assets for these environmental matters.

As the successor to a prior owner of the Hallowell Facility, Chevron Environmental Management Company ("Chevron") has agreed in writing, within certain limitations, to pay and has been paying one-half of the costs of the investigation and interim measures relating to this matter as approved by the Kansas Department of Health and Environment (the "KDHE"), subject to reallocation.

During this process, our subsidiary and Chevron retained an environmental consultant that prepared and performed a corrective action study work plan as to the appropriate method to remediate the Hallowell Facility. During 2020, the KDHE selected a remedy of annual monitoring and the implementation of an Environmental Use Control ("EUC"). This remedy primarily relates to long-term surface and groundwater monitoring to track the natural decline in contamination and is subject to a 5-year re-evaluation with the KDHE.

The final remedy, including the EUC, the finalization of the cost estimates and any required financial assurances remains under discussion with the KDHE. Pending the results from our discussions regarding the final remedy, we continue to accrue our allocable portion of costs primarily for the additional testing, monitoring and risk assessments that could be reasonably estimated, which amount is included in our accrued liabilities for environmental matters discussed above. The estimated amount is not discounted to its present value. As more information becomes available, our estimated accrual will be refined, as necessary.

Cherokee Nitrogen Company We received a Notice of Potential Violation ("NOV") for ten (10) findings identified from an inspection conducted by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") Region IV at our Cherokee Facility in late 2022. We provided written responses to each finding in the inspection report issued in connection with such inspection and to the

Notice of Potential Violations and held direct communications with the EPA related to the matter. A meeting was held with the EPA is drafting a final Notice of Violation in January 2024 to discuss the NOV and we expect our subsequent responsive actions. During the meeting, the EPA proposed two alternatives for the penalties related to engage in additional remedial actions to address any remaining the violations. We also anticipate accepted one of the potential imposition of financial penalties, although proposed alternatives, which included a cash fine and an investment in a community project, for which we are unable to quantify or accrued an estimate those penalties or remedial actions and no liability has been established as of September 30, 2023, in connection with this matter.

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December 31, 2023.

B. Other Pending, Threatened or Settled Litigation

West Fertilizer Matter

In 2013, an explosion and fire occurred at the West Fertilizer Company. Company ("West Fertilizer") located in West, Texas, causing death, bodily injury and substantial property damage. West Fertilizer is not owned or controlled by us, but West Fertilizer was a customer of EDC and purchased AN HDAN from EDC from time to time. LSB and EDC received letters from counsel purporting to represent subrogated insurance carriers, personal injury claimants and persons who suffered property damages informing LSB and EDC that their clients are conducting investigations into the cause of the explosion and fire to determine, among other things, whether AN manufactured by EDC and supplied to West Fertilizer was stored at West Fertilizer at the time of the explosion and, if so, whether such AN may have been one of the contributing factors of the explosion. Initial lawsuits filed named West Fertilizer and another supplier of AN as defendants.

In 2014, EDC and LSB were named as defendants, together with other AN manufacturers and brokers that arranged the transport and delivery of AN to West Fertilizer, in the case styled *City of West, Texas vs. CF Industries, Inc., et al.*, in the District Court of McLennan County, Texas. The plaintiffs allege, among other things, that LSB and EDC were negligent in the production and marketing of fertilizer products sold to West Fertilizer, resulting in death, personal injury and property damage. EDC retained a firm specializing in cause and origin investigations with particular experience with fertilizer facilities, to assist EDC in its own investigation. LSB and EDC placed its liability insurance carrier on notice and the carrier is handling the defense for LSB and EDC concerning this matter.

Our product liability insurance policies have aggregate limits of general liability totaling \$100 million, with a self-insured retention of \$0.3 million, which retention limit has been met relating to the West Fertilizer matter. In August 2015, the trial court dismissed plaintiff's negligence claims against us and EDC based on a duty to inspect but allowed the plaintiffs to proceed on claims for design defect and failure to warn.

Subsequently,

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After more than ten years of active litigation, we and EDC have entered into confidential settlement agreements (with approval of our insurance carriers) with have secured, in writing, the release of nearly several all the plaintiffs that had claimed wrongful death and bodily asserting personal injury and insurance companies asserting property damage claimants and the release of all subrogation claims for damages from the explosion. While these settlements resolve the claims carriers. We are left only with a handful of a number personnel injury claimants, none of the claimants in this matter, we continue whom suffered serious injuries, and all of whom have failed to be party to litigation related to the explosion. We continue to defend these lawsuits vigorously and we are unable to estimate a possible range of loss at this time if there is an adverse outcome in this matter. meaningfully prosecute their claims. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, no liability reserve has been established in connection with this matter.

Global Industrial Matter

In 2015, we and EDA received formal written notice from Global Industrial, Inc. ("Global") of Global's intention to assert mechanic liens for labor, service, or materials furnished under certain subcontract agreements for the improvement of the new ammonia plant ("Ammonia Plant") at our El Dorado Facility. Global was a subcontractor of Leidos Constructors, LLC ("Leidos"), the general contractor for EDA for the construction for of the Ammonia Plant. Leidos terminated the services of Global with respect to their work performed at our El Dorado Facility.

LSB and EDA are pursuing the recovery of any damage or loss caused by Global's work performed through their contract with Leidos at our El Dorado Facility. In March 2016, EDC and LSB were served a summons in a case styled *Global Industrial, Inc. d/b/a Global Turnaround vs. Leidos Constructors, LLC et al.*, in the Circuit court Court of Union County, Arkansas (the "Union County Trial Court"), wherein Global sought damages under breach of contract and other claims. At the time of the summons, our accounts payable included invoices totaling approximately \$3.5 million related to work performed by Global that is the subject of the claims asserted by Global, but such invoices were not approved by Leidos for payment. We have requested indemnification from Leidos under the terms of our contracts, which they have denied. As a result, we are seeking reimbursement of legal expenses from Leidos under our contracts. We also seek damages from Leidos for their wrongdoing during the expansion, including breach of contract, fraud, professional negligence and gross negligence.

During 2018, the Union County Trial Court bifurcated the case into: (1) Global's claims against Leidos and LSB and (2) the cross-claims between Leidos and LSB. Part (1) of the case was tried in the Union County Trial Court. In March 2020, the Union County Trial Court rendered a judgment and then an amended final judgment in April 2020. In summary, the The amended final judgment awarded Global (i) approximately \$7.4 million (including the \$3.5 million discussed referred to above) for labor, service and materials furnished relating to the Ammonia Plant on the basis of what the Union County

Circuit Court called a claim for “nonpayment of invoices,” (ii) approximately \$1.3 million for prejudgment interest on the same claim, and (iii) a lien on certain property and the foreclosure of the lien to satisfy the monetary obligations of the judgement. In addition, post-judgment interest accrued will accrue at the annual rate of 4.25% until the judgment is paid. LSB appealed this judgment and on October 18, 2023, the Arkansas Court of Appeals reversed and remanded. The Arkansas Court of Appeal ruled that the lien was defective and therefore invalid, and that the claim for “nonpayment of invoices” was not a cause of action and reversed and remanded the judgment on that claim. In December 2023, the Arkansas Court of Appeal denied Global’s request for rehearing and the Arkansas Supreme Court declined to hear Global’s appeal. As a result, we derecognized do not expect to have any material continuing liability related to this matter and, in 2023, we reversed approximately \$9.8 million of payables and accrued liabilities, which related to approximately \$2.4 million in pre and post-judgement accrued interest and \$7.4 million of gross plant, property and equipment, which was also derecognized. These adjustments also impacted our results of operations for the three and nine twelve months ending September 30, 2023 December 31, 2023, through the reversals of approximately \$2.4 million of interest expense and of approximately \$1.8 million in previously recognized depreciation expense (a component of cost of sales) on the related plant, property and equipment.

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LSB retains all of its claims against Leidos and intends to vigorously prosecute those claims and vigorously contest the cross-claims in Part (2) of the matter. We are awaiting a expect the trial date to be set for the claims in Part (2). late summer 2024.

No liability was established at September 30, 2023 or December 31, 2022 as of March 31, 2024, in connection with the cross-claims in Part (2) of the matter, except for certain invoices held in accounts payable.

We are also involved in various other claims and legal actions (including matters involving gain contingencies). It in the ordinary course of our business. While it is possible that the actual future development of claims results could be different differ from our estimates, but, after consultation with legal counsel, we believe that changes in our estimates any such differences will not have a material effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

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6. Derivatives, Hedges and Financial Instruments

Natural Gas Contracts

Periodically, we ~~entered~~ enter into certain forward natural gas contracts, which are accounted for on a mark-to-market basis. We ~~are utilizing~~ utilize these natural gas contracts as economic hedges for risk management purposes but are not designated as hedging instruments. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, we had no outstanding natural gas contracts accounted for on a mark-to-market basis. When present, the valuations of the natural gas contracts are classified as Level 2.

Financial Instruments

At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, we did not have any financial instruments with fair values materially different from their carrying amounts (which excludes issuance costs, if applicable) except for our Senior Secured Notes included in the table below. The Notes. Fair value of our Senior Secured Notes are is classified as a Level 2 fair value ~~measurement~~ measurement while the treasury securities are a Level 1. The fair value of financial instruments is not indicative of the overall fair value of our assets and liabilities since financial instruments do not include all assets, including intangibles and all liabilities.

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Carrying	Estimated	Carrying	Estimated
	Amount	Fair Value	Amount	Fair Value
(In Millions)				
Senior Secured Notes ⁽¹⁾	\$ 542	\$ 518	\$ 575	\$ 543
Short-Term Investments	\$ 139	\$ 139	\$ 207	\$ 207
		September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022
		Carrying	Estimated	Carrying
		Amount	Fair Value	Amount
(In Millions)				
Senior Secured Notes ⁽¹⁾	\$ 575	\$ 520	\$ 700	\$ 637

1. Based on a quoted price of **90.50** **95.5** at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **91.00** **94.5** at **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. Also see discussion in Note 4 (B).

7. Income Taxes

(Benefit) provision Provision for income taxes is as follows:

Three Months	Nine Months	Three Months Ended
Ended	Ended	March 31,
September 30,	September 30,	

	2023	2022	2023	2022	2024	2023
	(In Thousands)				(In Thousands)	
Current:						
Federal	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
State				1,06		
	(396)	170	739	7	(216)	290
Total Current				1,06		
	<u>\$ (396)</u>	<u>\$ 170</u>	<u>\$ 739</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ (216)</u>	<u>\$ 290</u>
Deferred:						
Federal	(2,9)	1,55	8,13	32,2		
	\$ 55)	\$ 7	\$ 9	\$ 36	\$ 985	\$ 4,622
State	(1,8)		(5,2)	(1,0)		
	98)	(947)	56)	26)	(166)	986
Total Deferred	(4,8)		2,88	31,2		
	<u>\$ 53)</u>	<u>\$ 610</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 819</u>	<u>\$ 5,608</u>
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(5,2)		3,62	32,2		
	<u>\$ 49)</u>	<u>\$ 780</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 77</u>		
Provision for income taxes					\$ 603	\$ 5,898

The tax provision for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, was **\$3.6** **0.6** million **(9.8** **9.7%** provision on pre-tax income). The tax provision for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2022** **March 31, 2023**, was **\$32.3** **5.9** million **(16.4** **27.1%** provision on pre-tax income). For **2023**, **2024**, the effective tax rate **is** **was** lower than the statutory tax rate primarily due to **deferred** benefits from state tax law changes, partially offset by **nondeductible compensation expense and state taxes**. For **2022**, **2023**, the effective tax rate **was less** **is higher** than the statutory tax rate primarily due to the impact of the **state taxes, including state valuation allowances**.

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allowances on certain newly generated state tax attributes.

We considered both positive and negative evidence in our determination of the need for valuation allowances for deferred tax assets. Information evaluated includes our financial position and results of operations for the current and preceding years, the availability of deferred tax liabilities and tax carrybacks, as well as an evaluation of currently available information about future years. Valuation allowances are reflective of our quarterly analysis of the four sources of taxable income,

including the calculation of the reversal of existing tax assets and liabilities, the impact of financing activities and our quarterly results. Based on our analysis, we have determined that it is more-likely-than-not that all of our federal deferred tax assets and a portion of our state deferred tax assets will be utilized. We estimate an approximately \$1.30.2 million increase in the related valuation allowance associated with these state deferred tax assets will be recorded during the year as part of the estimated annual effective tax rate applied to ordinary income.

We will continue to evaluate both the positive and negative evidence on a quarterly basis in determining the need for a valuation allowance with respect to our deferred tax assets. Changes in positive and negative evidence, including differences between estimated

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and actual results, could result in changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets that could have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements. Changes in existing tax laws could also affect actual tax results and the realization of deferred tax assets over time.

LSB and certain of its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the 2019-2022 2020-2023 years remain open for all purposes of examination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and other major tax jurisdictions. Additionally, the 2013-2018 2013-2019 years remain subject to examination for determining the amount of net operating loss and other carryforwards.

8. Net Sales

Disaggregated Net Sales

We primarily derive our revenues from the sales of various chemical products. The Company's net sales disaggregation is consistent with other financial information utilized or provided outside of our condensed consolidated financial statements. With our continued focus on optimizing our commercial strategy and product mix going forward we will report revenue by product as opposed to the end market. Accordingly, this approach is reflected in disaggregated net sales, mirroring how the Company manages its net sales by product through contracts with customers.

The following table presents our net sales disaggregated by our principal product types:

Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Three Months Ended March 31,
September 30,	September 30,	

	2023	2022	2023	2022	2024		2023		
	(In Thousands)					(In Thousands)			
Net sales:									
AN & Nitric Acid	46,02	66,16	173,8	234,1					
	\$ 6	\$ 1	\$ 59	\$ 03	\$	48,435	\$	58,272	
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	30,09	50,45	117,5	184,0					
	0	9	85	14		41,192		46,590	
Ammonia	26,82	52,07	129,8	200,8					
	3	5	50	61		39,530		63,415	
Other	11,34	15,57	39,80	49,07					
	8	8	2	9		9,047		12,687	
Total net sales	114,2	184,2	461,0	668,0					
	\$ 87	\$ 73	\$ 96	\$ 57	\$	138,204	\$	180,964	

Other Information

Although most of our contracts have an original expected duration of one year or less, for our contracts with a duration greater than one year at contract inception, the average remaining expected duration was approximately 2634 months at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

Liabilities associated with contracts with customers (contract liabilities) primarily relate to deferred revenue and customer deposits associated with cash payments received in advance from customers for **volume shortfall charges and product shipments**. We had approximately \$0.6 **2.4** million and \$2.0 **1.0** million of contract liabilities as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, respectively. For the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2023**, **March 31, 2024** and **2023**, revenues of \$0.3 **0.1** million and \$1.6 **0.6** million, respectively, were recognized and included in the balances as of **June 30, 2023** **December 31, 2023** and **December 31, 2022**. For the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2022**, revenues **2022**. Our contract assets consists of \$0.2 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, were recognized and included **unconditional rights to payment from our customers, which are reflected as accounts receivable in the our condensed consolidated balance as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.** sheets.

For most of our contracts with customers, the transaction price from the inception of a contract is constrained to a short period of time (generally one month) as these contracts contain terms with variable consideration related to both price and quantity. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we have remaining performance obligations with certain customer contracts, excluding contracts with original durations of less than one year and for service contracts for which we have elected the practical expedient for consideration recognized in revenue as invoiced. The remaining performance obligations totals approximately \$76.6 **72.6** million, of which approximately 52 **65%** of this amount relates to **2023** **2024** through **2025** **2026**, approximately 31 **19%** relates to **2026** **2027** through **2027** **2028**, with the remainder thereafter.

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9. Related Party Transactions

As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we had one outstanding financing arrangement with an affiliate of Eldridge as discussed in footnote (C) of Note 4. An affiliate of Eldridge holds \$30 million of the Senior Secured Notes.

During the third quarter of 2022, under a previously authorized repurchase program we repurchased approximately 5.5 million shares of our common stock at an average cost of approximately \$12 per share in connection with a public offering by LSB Funding and SBT Investors, each of which is an affiliate of Eldridge.

We were party to a death benefit agreement ("2005 Agreement") with Jack E. Golsen ("J. Golsen"), who retired as Executive Chairman of the Board, effective December 31, 2017. The 2005 Agreement provided that, upon J. Golsen's death, we would pay to the designated beneficiary a lump-sum payment of \$2.5 million. J. Golsen passed away in April 2022. Further, we maintained and owned a life insurance policy with a face value of \$3.0 million for which we were the beneficiary. The policy did not have any cash surrender value, premium payments were current, and the policy was in force at the time of Golsen's death. We received the settlement payment of \$3.0 million and paid the death benefit of \$2.5 million in July 2022. We recorded \$3.0 million in a settlement of life insurance presented within non-operating other expense (income), net within our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The settlement of life insurance is included in our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows in "Other" investing activities.

10. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following provides additional information relating to cash flow activities:

	Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	2022	March 31,	
			2024	2023
	(In Thousands)		(In Thousands)	
Cash payments (refunds) for:				
Income taxes, net	\$ 1,658	\$ 1,320	\$ (112)	\$ 20
Noncash investing and financing activities:				
Property, plant and equipment acquired and not yet paid at end of period	18,10	29,75	\$ 19,957	\$ 21,761
	\$ 2	\$ 2		

(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	(8,64)	
	\$ 4)	\$ 113
Gain on extinguishment of debt		\$ (1,134) \$ —
Accounts payable associated with debt-related costs	\$ — \$ 385	\$ 426 \$ —

11. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to March 31, 2024, through April 26, 2024, we repurchased 0.8 million shares of our common stock at an average price, inclusive of excise tax, of \$8.40 per share and repurchased \$42.1 million in principal amount of our Senior Secured Notes for \$40.1 million, which will be accounted for as an extinguishment of debt.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with a review of the other items included in this Form 10-Q and our September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report. A reference to a "Note" relates to a note in the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. This MD&A reflects our operating results, unless otherwise noted. Certain statements contained in this MD&A may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. See "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements."

Overview

General

LSB is headquartered in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma and through our subsidiaries, we manufacture and sell chemical products for the agricultural, mining and industrial markets. We own and operate three multi-plant facilities in Cherokee, Alabama, El Dorado, Arkansas and Pryor, Oklahoma and operate a facility on behalf of Covestro in Baytown, Texas. Our products are sold through distributors and directly to end customers primarily throughout the U.S. and other parts of Mexico, Canada and the Caribbean. North America.

Key Operating Initiatives for 2023 2024

We expect our future results of operations and financial condition to benefit from the following key initiatives:

- *Investing to improve Environmental, Health & Safety and Reliability at our Facilities while Supplying our Customer.*

with Products of the Highest Quality.

- We believe that our operational progress over the past several years represents proof that high safety standard not only enable us to protect what matters, which is the well-being of our employees, but also translates into improved plant performance. In 2023 our Total Recordable Injury Rate was 0.33, a significant improvement from previous years. In 2024, we remain focused on our efforts to further the progress we have made with our safety programs to move closer to attaining zero injuries. We are have been investing and plan to continue to invest additional capital at all three of our facilities during the remainder of 2023 2024 to build upon the success we have had in implementing enhanced safety programs during the last several years.
- We have multiple initiatives currently underway focused on continuing to improve the reliability of our plants as we advance towards our 95% ammonia on-stream operating rate goal. goal and increase our production volumes of downstream products. Progress towards this goal these goals would enable us to produce greater volumes of product for sale while lowering our unit cost of production thereby increasing our overall profitability. Additionally our product quality program continues to focus on providing products to our customers that meet our quality standards.
- *Continue Broadening the Distribution and Optimization of our Product Mix.* In January of 2023, we took over direct distribution of our Pryor facility's UAN production, and in July 2023 we did the same for our Cherokee facility's UAN production, following several years of working with a third party parties to sell the product. We believe that this, combined with continued expansion of our customer relationships, and the robust market analysis capabilities we have developed, and the establishment of in-market tank storage and distribution terminals, will make us more effective in identifying and capitalizing on the most profitable distribution opportunities for our products. Additionally, we are advancing several capital improvement projects that are related to with the intention of increasing our storage and distribution capabilities which we believe will assist us sales volumes of higher value downstream products resulting in improving improvements in our overall profit margins.
- *Development and Implementation of a Strategy to Capitalize on Low Carbon Ammonia and Clean Energy Opportunities. Projects.* The reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, particularly related to carbon dioxide, has been and we expect will increasingly become a global environmental priority as part of efforts to stem the harmful effects of climate change. priority. Ammonia has continued to emerge as one of the more viable alternatives to serve as a hydrogen-based energy source for a variety of applications due to its higher energy density and ease of storage relative to hydrogen gas. Blue and green Low-carbon ammonia can be used as a coal and natural gas substitute in power generation, a zero-carbon fuel in the maritime sector, and as a carbon free fertilizer. If ammonia were to be adopted for these and other energy needs globally, some studies have indicated that future demand could increase from current levels of global annual production of ammonia.

As a result, we are currently evaluating and developing projects that could enable us to become a producer and marketer of blue and green low-carbon ammonia and other derivative products. Blue These include a low-carbon ammonia project at our El Dorado facility in collaboration with Lapis Energy and a low-carbon ammonia project on the Houston Ship Channel in conjunction with INPEX Corporation ("INPEX"), Air Liquide Group ("Air Liquide") and Vopak Exolum Houston LLC (f/k/a Vopak Moda Houston LLC), a joint venture between Royal Vopak and Exolum ("Vopak Exolum"). Low-carbon ammonia is produced using natural gas and conventional processes but includes an additional stage where the carbon dioxide emissions are captured and permanently stored in deep underground rock formations. The resulting low carbon emission product, we believe, can be sold at a premium to agricultural, power generation, marine, industrial, mining power generation

and **marine** **agricultural** customers seeking to reduce their carbon footprint and potentially capitalize on government incentives. **Green ammonia is ammonia produced using renewable energy to power electrolyzers that extract hydrogen from water, resulting in zero-carbon production of ammonia, which we believe can also be sold at a premium to a variety of customers and industries around the world.**

We believe we are well-positioned to capitalize on this opportunity and become a market leader given our potential to retrofit our existing plants, which we believe can reduce our time to market for **this product** **low-carbon ammonia** and also reduce the upfront capital expenditures necessary to enable us to produce this product. Additionally, we **have identified opportunities to partner** **are collaborating** with other energy-related companies to **potentially** develop greenfield projects where we expect to mitigate risk through shared investment of capital as well as by negotiating potential offtake agreements from customers for the output of these plants.

- *Evaluate and Pursue Organic Capacity Expansion.* We **are** **have been** evaluating opportunities across all our facilities to increase production capacity through the implementation of several potential debottlenecking projects. Our initial calculations suggest that these projects, could potentially represent significant incremental annual profitability using an assumed mid-market pricing for Tampa Ammonia, UAN and natural gas. We have engaged third party engineering firms to conduct feasibility studies on several potential projects particularly at our El Dorado site. We expect facility. Initial feasibility studies have pointed to receive the results potentially attractive returns for some of these studies during projects. However, given the fourth quarter of 2023. If the proposed projects meet current high-cost environment and limited resources, coupled with our return criteria, we would expect to make recommendations to our Board of Directors (our "Board") to move forward and engage an engineering firm to conduct the front end engineering design ("FEED") process. We estimate the FEED process will take nine to twelve months to complete. Upon completion of the FEED process, we expect to again review the projects in relation to the outlook for our product end markets moderating selling prices during 2024, we have elected to put the El Dorado expansion projects on hold for the current year and will reevaluate the overall economy and make a decision as to which products to pursue. prospects of moving forward with one or more of them in 2025.
- In addition to the debottlenecking opportunities that we are evaluating, we also We have several smaller, more n term projects currently underway that we expect to enhance our profitability within beginning in the next months second half of 2024 with relatively minimal capital investment. These projects include:
 - Installation Expansion of ammonium nitrate coating equipment our urea capacity at our El Dorado Pryor facility, t enhance product quality and storability enable to use a portion of the product; facility's ammonia output to upgra to approximately 75,000 additional tons of UAN per year;

- Construction of 5,000 tons of additional nitric acid storage at our El Dorado facility to help us optimize our product sales mix; and
- ~~Construction of our urea capacity~~ additional AN solution storage and new AN solution rail loading capability at our Pryor El Dorado facility to enable to use a portion significantly increase the volume of AN solution sales and increase product optionality at the facilities ammonia output to upgrade to approximately 75,000 additional tons of UAN per year site.
- *Evaluate Acquisitions of Strategic Assets or Companies.* We may evaluate opportunities to acquire strategic assets or companies where we believe those acquisitions will enhance the value of the Company and provide attractive returns. We may consider assets and companies that can provide us with geographic expansion, extend an existing product line, add one or more new product lines, leverage our existing ammonia production capabilities, or complement our existing business lines, among other accretive opportunities.

Recent Business Developments

Advanced Low and No Carbon Low-Carbon Ammonia Initiatives

In October 2023, we announced that we are collaborating a collaboration with INPEX, Corporation (TSE: 1605) ("INPEX"), Air Liquide Group ("Air Liquide") and Vopak Moda Houston LLC ("Vopak Moda") Exolum to conduct a pre-FEED for the development of a large-scale, low-carbon ammonia production and export project on the Houston Ship Channel. If the development proceeds, the project's first phase is targeted to produce more than 1.1 million metric tons per year of low-carbon ammonia by the end of 2027, early 2029, with options for future production expansions.

The parties completed a feasibility study on the project earlier this year during the first quarter of 2023 and the preferred proposed facility's location on the Houston Ship Channel, the second largest petrochemical corridor in the world, leverages existing infrastructure assets. Vopak Moda Exolum has invested in storage and handling infrastructure for bulk liquid products and currently operates an ammonia terminal that includes storage tanks and a newbuild dock with multiple deep-water berths. The project also has access to utilities and would be near multiple pipelines that could supply raw materials like natural gas and water.

The project partners will bring complementary expertise to the production, operation, storage and export for the advancement of low-carbon ammonia production in the US:

- Air Liquide, a world leader in industrial gas production, and INPEX, Japan's largest energy exploration and production company, would collaborate on low-carbon hydrogen production. Air Liquide would supply its AutoThermal Autothermal Reforming ("ATR") technology, an ideal solution for large-scale hydrogen production projects, combined with its proprietary carbon capture technology. The combination of ATR technology with carbon capture aims to capture at least 95% of direct CO₂ emissions from hydrogen production with at least 1.6 approximately 1.6 million metric tons per year of CO₂ captured and permanently sequestered from this project. Air Liquide would be responsible for onsite nitrogen and oxygen production, using its proprietary Air Separation Unit technology.

- LSB INPEX and INPEX LSB would collaborate on low-carbon ammonia production. LSB would lead We led the selection of KBR Inc. as the ammonia loop technology provider, and will lead the pre-FEED, and the engineering,

procurement and construction of the facility. LSB We would also be responsible for the day-to-day operation of the ammonia loop.

- INPEX and LSB would sell the low-carbon ammonia and finalize off-take agreements with the numerous parties that have expressed interest and could also further partner in the project. The majority of the product would be used for power generation in Asia with some volumes going to Europe and the U.S. INPEX, with stakes in both hydrogen and ammonia

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production, will likely be the largest investor in the overall project across the entire value chain, from production to export.

- Vopak Moda Exolum currently operates ammonia storage and handling infrastructure from its Very Large Gas Carriers ("VLGC")-capable Carriers-capable deepwater berth which is located in the deepest part of the Houston Ship Channel. Vopak Moda Exolum will maintain its ownership of the existing infrastructure and plans to build additional storage capacity as required to handle the low-carbon ammonia production of the proposed new facility.

In May 2023, we entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") with Amogy Inc. ("Amogy") aimed at developing the adoption of low-carbon ammonia as a marine fuel, initially for the U.S. inland waterways transportation sector. Through joint efforts, we and Amogy will focus on advancing the understanding, utilization, and advocacy of low-carbon ammonia as a sustainable fuel. Pursuant to the MOU, the companies will collaborate on the evaluation and development of a pilot program that integrates our low-carbon ammonia and Amogy's ammonia-to-power solution. Upon successful completion of the evaluation and pilot program, the companies expect to further collaborate at a larger-scale, including exploration of opportunities for development of an end-to-end supply chain of low-carbon ammonia and deployment of Amogy technology across multiple applications, including maritime vessels. The evaluation and pilot program includes potential engagement with other parties across the ammonia value chain. We will also collaborate on various advocacy, education, and outreach efforts regarding the use of ammonia as a fuel.

In April 2022, we entered into an agreement with Lapis Energy to develop a project to capture and permanently sequester CO₂ at our El Dorado, Arkansas facility. Lapis, backed by Cresta Fund Management, a Dallas-based middle-market infrastructure investment firm, will make a investment the majority of the capital investment required for the project development. The project is expected to be completed and operational by 2025, early 2026, subject to the approval of a Class VI permit, at which time CO₂ injections are expected to begin. Once operational, the project at the El Dorado site will initially capture and permanently sequester more than 450,000 metric tons of CO₂ per year in underground saline aquifers, with the potential to increase this quantity based on a potential debottlenecking project at the facility. The permanently sequestered CO₂ generated from the facility's ammonia production is expected to qualify for federal tax credits under Internal Revenue Code Section 45Q, which are \$85 per metric ton of CO₂ captured and pay us a fee for each ton of CO₂.

captured and permanently sequestered beginning in 2026. Once in operation, the sequestered CO₂ is expected to reduce LSB's our scope 1 GHG emissions by approximately 25% from current levels. In addition, sequestering more than 450,000 metric tons of CO₂ annually is expected to enable LSB to produce over 375,000 metric tons of blue low-carbon ammonia annually, a product that could potentially be sold at higher price levels than conventional ammonia. In February 2023, we achieved a key milestone was achieved in the advancement of our blue low-carbon ammonia project at El Dorado by filing a pre-construction Class VI permit application with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA"). The EPA recognized our the application as complete in March 2023 and is currently in the review process.

In May 2022, we entered into agreements with Thyssenkrupp Uhde USA, LLC and Bloom Energy Corporation, (NYSE:BE) to develop a project to produce approximately 30,000 metric tons of zero-carbon or "green" ammonia per year at our Pryor, Oklahoma facility. The green hydrogen produced from the electrolyzers could qualify for federal incentive programs such as the production and tax credit under Internal Revenue Code Section 45V. Currently, the uncertainty of the Internal Revenue Code Section 45V tax credits combined with the project's current capital costs, have caused us to place this project on hold. We continue to have discussions for potential off-take agreements of the green ammonia supply. While remaining excited about this project and our opportunity to be an early entrant into the production of green ammonia, we will need stronger assurance regarding the realizability of the tax credits before moving forward.

In May 2023, we entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") with Amogy Inc. aimed at developing the adoption of low-carbon ammonia as a marine fuel, initially for the U.S. inland waterways transportation sector. Through joint efforts, the companies will focus on advancing the understanding, utilization, and advocacy of low-carbon ammonia as a sustainable fuel. Pursuant to the MOU, the companies will collaborate on the evaluation and development of a pilot program that integrates LSB's low carbon ammonia and Amogy's ammonia-to-power solution. Upon successful completion of the evaluation and pilot program, the companies expect to further collaborate at a larger-scale, including exploration of opportunities for development of an end-to-end supply chain of low carbon ammonia and deployment of Amogy technology across multiple applications, including maritime vessels. The evaluation and pilot program includes potential engagement with other parties across the ammonia value chain. The two parties will also collaborate on various advocacy, education, and outreach efforts regarding the use of ammonia as a fuel.

Stronger Sales Volume Offset by Lower Product Selling Prices Partially Offset by Stronger Sales Volume

Sales volumes of our products increased in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 as compared to the same quarter of 2022 during which we performed Turnarounds on our Pryor, Oklahoma and El Dorado, Arkansas facilities while we had no significant Turnarounds 2023. These favorable volume trends were driven, in part, by strong demand for fertilizers during the current year. With respect to pre-plant and early Spring application seasons coupled with the success of our third quarter 2023 profitability, higher strategic commercial efforts, supported by stronger nitric acid and urea production at our facilities resulting from our plant reliability initiatives. The increase in sales volumes were was more than offset by the impact of lower selling prices for our products relative to the third first quarter of 2022. 2023.

The decline in fertilizer Nitrogen chemical prices was the result declined from 2022 peak levels through much of 2023 due to a variety of domestic and international factors. A key factor in One of the weakening most significant of nitrogen fertilizer prices over the past year has been these factors was the decline in natural gas costs in Europe. Natural gas is the primary

feedstock for the production of ammonia. Natural ammonia and a key driver of ammonia selling prices globally. During the second half of 2022 and first half of 2023, natural gas prices in Europe dropped due to a reduction in as relatively warm winter temperatures reduced demand, primarily related to warmer than expected temperatures throughout Europe last winter which, combined with increased storage inventories resulting from a rise in imports of liquified natural gas from the U.S., resulted in ample supply and high gas storage inventories. After having production largely curtailed for much of 2022 due to the high input costs, lower natural gas costs have prices enabled a majority of European ammonia facilities to resume operations in recent months, over the course of 2023, increasing global supply for nitrogen products. With that said, These gas supply dynamics persisted in the early part of 2024, keeping natural gas costs in Europe at levels similar to much of 2023. However, natural gas prices in Europe remain significantly higher than those in the U.S. and, making European operators remain the high cost, or marginal producers, with production costs higher than those in the U.S.

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of ammonia globally.

A slowdown in Far East Asian industrial activity combined with lower demand for phosphate products has also contributed to lower nitrogen prices. prices during much of 2023 and the first quarter of 2024. Ammonia is a feedstock for various downstream chemicals that are produced in Asia, such as caprolactam and acrylonitrile, and markets for these products continue to be weak, resulting in reduced ammonia demand.

In addition, cold and wet weather across many corn growing regions of Despite the U.S. in the early Spring caused a delay in the application of fertilizers which, combined with lower demand for phosphate products this planting season, further increased ammonia inventories in the supply chain and led to weaker prices.

Over the past several months, however, pressures on nitrogen pricing, has increased, reflecting ammonia prices thus far in 2024 have been significantly above 2023 lows reached in July, supported by a combination of global factors, including production outages at several large international ammonia plants, low inventory levels as a result of de-stocking throughout the nitrogen distribution channel, and an increase in ammonia consumption by a large international phosphate producer. Even with the recent strengthening, we believe that the current prices for ammonia and other nitrogen products should prove attractive to retailers and farmers such that, during the 2023 fourth quarter Fall ammonia application season and in the Spring 2024 planting season, including: strong U.S. demand for nitrogen fertilizers should strengthen to a degree that we expect pricing to remain near or above historical average levels.

In addition to attractive pricing, we expect favorable U.S. corn market dynamics to provide support for stronger fertilizer pricing later this year and into next year. Corn prices remain above 10-year averages which, combined with lower input costs relative to last year, should further incentivize farmers to optimize fertilizer applications in the fourth quarter of 2023 and first quarter of 2024, multiple unplanned production outages in the first U.S. due to cold weather events, constrained ammonia imports into Europe from the Middle East due to the disruption of shipping through the Suez canal, and the delayed start-up of new production capacity. We believe ammonia pricing could moderate over the balance of 2024 for a variety of reasons, including: the start-up of new production capacity during the second half of the year, an increase in Russian exports during the second half of the year, and

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continued depressed demand for nitrogen products from the global industrial sector, particularly in Asia. Upside to our 2024 pricing expectations could be driven by a variety of factors, including: an increase in order energy prices, a strengthening Chinese economy driving increased industrial market demand, further delays in new production capacity coming online and supportive weather dynamics.

The USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service recently announced that the results of its producer survey revealed that U.S. farmers intend to plant approximately 90 million acres of corn in 2024, down 5% from 2023. Despite the year-over-year decline, we believe this level of plantings should continue to support strong demand for fertilizers over the balance of the planting season. Looking ahead, we believe corn futures prices are at levels that would suggest that farmers will be incentivized to optimize fertilizer application in late 2024 and early 2025 to maximize yields for the next Spring growing season. year.

Our industrial business has been robust and Despite global economic challenges, demand for our industrial and mining products is steady, supported by stable. Nitric acid demand has been healthy, reflecting the resilience of the U.S. economy. Nitric acid demand is stable as the demand impacts of high inflation in the U.S. has been offset by global producers shifting production from international facilities to their U.S. operations in order to take advantage of lower domestic input costs. Demand for AN for use in mining applications is robust steady due, in part, to strong prices for metals including gold and copper, as well as continued attractive market fundamentals for quarrying and aggregate production and U.S. metals. relating to infrastructure construction. While some degree of economic concerns persist, uncertainty persists, we believe that we have a meaningful degree of downside protection from the potential impacts of a recession in our industrial and mining business given our diverse customer base, the nature of our contracts and our ability to shift our production mix to products where demand and pricing are strongest.

See a more detailed discussion below under "Key Industry Factors."

Key Industry Factors

Supply and Demand

Fertilizer

The price at which our agricultural products are ultimately sold depends on numerous factors, including the supply and demand for nitrogen fertilizers which, in turn, depends upon world grain demand and production levels, the cost and availability of transportation and storage, weather conditions, competitive pricing and the availability of imports. Additionally, expansions or upgrades of competitors' facilities and international and domestic political and economic developments continue to play an important role in the global nitrogen fertilizer industry economics, including the impact from the Phase 1 trade agreement between the U.S. and China. economics. These factors can affect, in addition to selling prices, the level of inventories in the market which can cause price volatility and affect product margins.

From a farmer's perspective, the demand for fertilizer is affected by the aggregate crop planting decisions including farm economics, weather and fertilizer application rate decisions of individual farmers. Individual farmers make planting decisions based largely on prospective profitability of a harvest, while the specific varieties and amounts of fertilizer they apply depend on factors such as their financial resources, soil conditions, weather patterns and the types of crops planted. Additionally, changes in corn prices, as well as soybean, cotton and wheat prices, can affect the number of acres of corn planted in a given year and the number of acres planted will drive the level of nitrogen fertilizer consumption, likely affecting prices.

According to the World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates Report dated October 12, 2023 April 11, 2024 ("October April Report"), farmers planted approximately 94.9 million 94.6 million acres of corn in 2023, up 7.1% 7.3% compared to the 2022 planting season. In addition, the U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA") estimates the U.S. ending stocks for the 2023 Harvest will be approximately 53.6 million 53.9 million metric tons, a 54.9% 55.8% increase from the 2022 Harvest. The USDA also lowered the USDA's expected yield for the 2023 Harvest down is 177.3, up approximately 0.2% 2.2% from a year ago.

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The following October 2023 April 2024 estimates are associated with the corn market:

	2024	2023	2022		2024 Crop	2023 Crop	2022 Crop			
	Crop	Crop	Crop	Per			(2023 Harvest)	(2022 Harvest)	Percentage	(2021 Harvest)	Percentage
U.S. Area Planted	(2023)	(2022)	cen	(2021)	cen					
(Million acres)	94.9	88.6	7.1%	93.3	7.7%	94.6	88.2	7.3%	92.9	1.8%
U.S. Yield per Acre	173.0	173.4	(0.2%)	176.7	(2.1%)	177.3	173.4	2.2%	176.7	0.3%

U.S.										
Production										
(Million bushels)	15,064	13,715	9.8%	15,074	(0.1%)	15,342	13,651	12.4%	15,018	2.2%
U.S.										
Ending Stocks						5	5			
(Million metric tons)	53.6	34.6	4.9%	35.0	3.1%	53.9	34.6	55.8%	35.0	54.0%
World										
Ending Stocks										
(Million metric tons)	312.4	298.1	4.8%	310.5	0.6%	318.3	302.2	5.3%	310.8	2.4%

1. Information obtained from the October April Report for the 2023/2024 ("2024 Crop"), 2022/2023 ("2023 Crop") and 2021/2022 ("2022 Crop") corn marketing years. The marketing year is the twelve-month period during which a crop normally is marketed. For example, the marketing year for the current corn crop is from September 1 of the current year to August 31 of the next year. The year begins at the harvest and continues until just before harvest of the following year.
2. Represents the percentage change between the 2024 Crop amounts compared to the 2023 Crop amounts.
3. Represents the percentage change between the 2024 Crop amounts compared to the 2022 Crop amounts.

The current USDA corn outlook for the U.S. is for reduced supplies, lower feed food, seed, and residual industrial use and exports, and smaller larger ending stocks. Corn production for the 2024 Crop is forecast at 15.1 billion 15.3 billion bushels, down 70.0 million on a cut in yield to 173.0 bushels per acre in up 12.4% over the October report. Corn supplies for the 2024 Crop are forecast at 16.5 billion bushels, with lower production and beginning stocks. Exports are reduced 25.0 million bushels reflecting smaller supplies and slow early-season demand. Feed and residual use is down 25.0 million bushels based on lower supply. With supply falling more than use, corn ending stocks for 2024 Crop are lowered 110.0 million bushels. 2023 Crop. From a demand perspective, corn

prices remain above continue to be close to the 10-year averages, which we expect to incentivize farmers to optimize fertilizer applications in the fourth quarter of 2023 and during the first half of 2024 in order to maximize yields.

Industrial and Mining Products

Our industrial products sales volumes are dependent upon general economic conditions, primarily in the housing, automotive and paper industries. Demand for our industrial products has remained **steady**. **steady in the first quarter of 2024**. Nitric acid demand is stable as the demand impacts of high inflation in the U.S. **has** **have** been offset by global producers shifting production from international facilities to their U.S. operations in order to take advantage of lower domestic input costs. Our sales prices generally vary with the market price of ammonia or natural gas, as applicable, in our pricing arrangements with customers.

Our mining products are LDAN and AN solution, which are primarily used as AN fuel oil and specialty emulsions for usage in the quarry and the construction industries, for metals mining and to a lesser extent, for coal. Demand for AN for use in mining applications is robust due to attractive market fundamentals for quarrying and aggregate production and U.S. metals.

While economic concerns persist for **2023**, **2024**, we believe that for both our industrial and mining products we have a meaningful degree of downside protection from the potential impacts of a recession given the nature of our contracts and our ability to shift our production mix to products where demand and pricing are strongest.

Natural Gas Prices

Natural gas is the primary feedstock used to produce nitrogen fertilizers at our manufacturing facilities. In recent years, U.S. natural gas reserves have increased significantly due to, among other factors, advances in extracting shale gas, which has reduced and stabilized natural gas prices, providing North America with a cost advantage over certain imports. As a result, our competitive position and that of other North American nitrogen fertilizer producers has been positively affected.

We historically have purchased natural gas either on the spot market, through forward purchase contracts, or a combination of both and have used forward purchase contracts to lock in pricing for a portion of our natural gas requirements. These forward purchase contracts are generally either fixed-price or index-price, short-term in nature and for a fixed supply quantity. We are able to purchase natural gas at competitive prices due to our connections to large distribution systems and their proximity to interstate pipeline systems.

The following table shows the volume of natural gas purchased and the average cost per MMBtu:

	Three Months Ended			
	September 30,			
	2023		2022	
Natural gas volumes (MMBtu in millions)		7.1		6.0
Natural gas average cost per MMBtu	\$ 3.61		\$ 7.65	

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	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,			
	2024		2023	

Natural gas volumes (MMBtu in millions)	7.2	7.4
Natural gas average cost per MMBtu	\$ 2.33	\$ 5.66

Transportation Costs

Costs for transporting nitrogen-based products can be significant relative to their selling price. We continue to evaluate the recent rising costs of freight domestically. As a result of increases in demand for available rail, truck and barge options to transport product, primarily during the spring and fall planting seasons, higher transportation costs have and could continue to impact our margins if we are unable to fully pass through these costs to our customers. Additionally, continued truck driver shortages could impact our ability to fulfill customer demand. As a result, we continue to evaluate supply chain efficiencies to reduce or counter the impact of higher logistics costs.

Key Operational Factors

Facility Reliability

Consistent, reliable and safe operations at our chemical plants are critical to our financial performance and results of operations. The financial effects of planned downtime at our plants, including Turnarounds is mitigated through a diligent planning process that considers the availability of resources to perform the needed maintenance and other factors. Unplanned downtime of our plants typically results in lost contribution margin from lost sales of our products, lost fixed cost absorption from lower production of our products and increased costs related to repairs and maintenance. All Turnarounds result in lost contribution margin from lost sales of our products, lost fixed cost absorption from lower production of our products and increased costs related to repairs and maintenance, which repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

Our Cherokee Facility is currently on a three-year ammonia plant Turnaround cycle completing with the next ammonia plant Turnaround planned in the fourth quarter of 2024. Our El Dorado Facility is currently on a three-year ammonia plant Turnaround cycle with the next ammonia plant Turnaround planned in the third quarter of 2025. Our Pryor Facility is currently on a two-year ammonia plant Turnaround cycle with the next ammonia plant Turnaround planned in the third quarter of 2024.

Our El Dorado Facility completed its scheduled ammonia plant Turnaround during the third quarter of 2022. Our Pryor Facility completed its scheduled ammonia plant Turnaround during the fourth quarter of 2022. Our El Dorado Facility and our Pryor Facility are now on a three-year and two-year ammonia plant Turnaround cycle, respectively.

Ammonia Production

Ammonia is the basic product used to produce all of our upgraded products. The ammonia production rates of our plants affect the total cost per ton of each product produced and the overall sales of our products. For 2023, 2024, we are targeting total ammonia production of approximately 810,000 790,000 tons to 830,000 810,000 tons.

Forward Sales Contracts

We use forward sales of our fertilizer products to optimize our asset utilization, planning process and production scheduling. These sales are made by offering customers the opportunity to purchase product on a forward basis at prices and delivery dates that are agreed upon, with dates typically occurring within 12 months. We use this program to varying degrees during the year depending on market conditions and our view of changing price environments. Fixing the selling prices of our products months in advance of their ultimate delivery to customers typically causes our reported selling prices and margins to differ from spot market prices and margins available at the time of shipment.

Consolidated Results of the Third First Quarter of 2023 2024

Our consolidated net sales for the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$114.3 million \$138.2 million compared to \$184.3 million \$181.0 million for the same period in 2022, 2023. Our consolidated operating loss income for the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$9.5 million \$11.3 million compared to operating income of \$13.1 million \$30.5 million for the same period in 2022, 2023. The items impacting our operating results are discussed in more detail below and under "Results of Operations."

Items Affecting Comparability of Results of the Third First Quarter

Selling Prices

For the third first quarter of 2023, 2024, average selling prices for our key products decreased compared to the third first quarter of 2022, 2023. As discussed above under "Recent Business Developments," declining European natural gas prices resulted in ammonia production costs in Europe declining substantially, translating into increased global supply and lower selling prices for ammonia and ammonia derivative fertilizers.

For the third first quarter of 2023, 2024, average industrial selling prices for our products were also lower compared to the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily driven by the \$750 \$262 per metric ton decrease in the Tampa Ammonia benchmark price, as many of our industrial contracts are indexed to the Tampa Ammonia benchmark price.

Turnaround Activities (2022 only)

When a Turnaround is performed, overall results are negatively impacted. This impact includes lost contribution margin from lost sales, lost fixed cost absorption from lower production, and increased costs associated with repairs and maintenance. The effects of our Turnarounds, exclusive of the impacts due to lost production during the downtime, are shown below:

Facility	Related Period	Turnaround	Turnaround	Estimated Lost
		Downtime	Expense	Production
		(In Thousands)	(In Tons)	
El Dorado	3 rd Quarter 2022	27 days	\$ 8,414	36,000
Pryor	3 rd Quarter 2022	25 days	10,824	17,000
		\$ 19,238		53,000

Results of Operations

The following Results of Operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023** and accompanying notes and the discussions under “Overview” and “Liquidity and Capital Resources” included in this MD&A.

We present the following information about our results of operations. Net sales to unaffiliated customers are reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and gross profit represents net sales less cost of sales. Net sales are reported on a gross basis with the cost of freight being recorded in cost of sales.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023

The following table contains certain financial information:

	Three Months Ended				Three Months Ended			
			Percentage					
September 30,			Change					
	2023	2022	Change	Change	2024	2023	Change	Change
(Dollars In Thousands)								(Dollars In Thousands)
Net sales:								
			(20					
	46,	66,	,13					
AN & Nitric Acid	\$ 026	\$ 161	\$ 5)	(30)%	\$ 48,435	\$ 58,272	\$ (9,837)	(17)%

Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	30,090	50,459	,369)	(40)%	41,192	46,590	(5,398)	(12)%
Ammonia	26,823	52,075	,252)	(48)%	39,530	63,415	(23,885)	(38)%
Other	11,348	15,578	,230)	(27)%	9,047	12,687	(3,640)	(29)%
Total net sales	\$ 7	\$ 3	\$ 6)	(38)%	\$ 138,204	\$ 180,964	\$ (42,760)	(24)%

Gross (loss) profit:

Gross profit:

Adjusted gross profit	13,775	57,450	,67\$ 5)	(76)%	\$ 40,287	\$ 59,015	\$ (18,728)	(32)%
Depreciation and amortization (2)	(15,420)	(16,083)	663	(4)%	(17,094)	(17,416)	322	(2)%
Turnaround expense	41)	238)	17,7	(91)%	(915)	6	(921)	N/M
Total gross (loss) profit	(3,386)	22,129	,515)	(115)%				
Total gross profit					22,278	41,605	(19,327)	(46)%
Selling, general and administrative expense	8,512	9,138	(626)	(7 %)	10,294	9,867	427	4 %
Other income, net	(2,399)	32(75)	324)	(22)				
Operating (loss) income	(9,499)	13,066	,565)					
Other expense, net					724	1,203	(479)	(40)%

Operating income				11,260	30,535	(19,275)	(63)%
	7,1	12,	(5, 02				
Interest expense, net	65	193	8)	(41)%	9,729	12,212	(2,483)
Gain on extinguishment of debt				(1,134)	—	(1,134)	
Non-operating other income, net	(3,6 89)	(2,2 19)	47 0)	66 %	(3,561)	(3,476)	(85)
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(5,2 49)	780	(6, 9)				
			(10				
Net (loss) income	\$ 26	\$ 12	\$ 8				
Provision for income taxes				603	5,898	(5,295)	(90)%
Net income				\$ 5,623	\$ 15,901	\$ (10,278)	(65)%
Other information:							
Gross (loss) profit percentage (3)	12. (3.0)%	12. 0 %	(15 .0)%				
Gross profit percentage (3)				16.1 %	23.0 %	(6.9)%	
Adjusted gross profit percentage (3)	12. 1 %	31. 2 %	(19 .1)%				
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	8,8 \$ 60	16, \$ 100	24 \$ 0	\$ 18,287	\$ 18,437	\$ (150)	

N/M-Not meaningful.

- (1) Represents a non-GAAP measure since the amount excludes unallocated depreciation, amortization and Turnaround expenses.
- (2) Represents amount classified as cost of sales.
- (3) As a percentage of the total net sales.

The following tables provide key operating metrics for the fertilizer and major industrial and mining products:

Product (tons sold)	Three Months Ended			Percentage	
	September 30,		Change	Change	
	2023	2022			
AN & Nitric Acid	119,468	125,446	(5,978)	(5)%	
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	118,135	115,352	2,783	2%	
Ammonia	88,986	55,825	33,161	59%	
Total	326,589	296,623	29,966	10%	
Three Months Ended					
<u>Gross Average Selling Prices (price per ton)</u>	September 30,			Percentage	
	2023	2022	Change	Change	
AN & Nitric Acid	\$ 385	\$ 527	\$ (142)	(27)%	
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	\$ 255	\$ 437	\$ (182)	(42)%	
Ammonia	\$ 301	\$ 933	\$ (632)	(68)%	
Three Months Ended					
<u>Average Benchmark Prices (price per ton)</u>	September 30,			Percentage	
	2023	2022	Change	Change	
Tampa Ammonia Benchmark	\$ 343	\$ 1,093	\$ (750)	(69)%	
NOLA UAN	\$ 228	\$ 459	\$ (231)	(50)%	

Net Sales

Net sales of our primary products decreased during the third quarter of 2023 compared to the prior year period driven by the impact of lower selling prices relative to the third quarter of 2022 for all of our products. Partially offsetting weaker pricing was an increase in sales volume of ammonia and UAN driven largely by stronger production at our facilities, reflecting the investments made in plant reliability over the past several years.

Demand for our industrial and mining products remains robust despite continued global recessionary forces. Our contractual agreements with industrial customers that specify minimum volumes and our product mix flexibility helps us mitigate the impact of a reduction in demand from certain end markets by shifting production to products with stronger demand.

Gross Profit

As noted in the table above, we recognized a gross loss of \$3.4 million for the third quarter of 2023 compared to a gross profit \$22.1 million for the same period in 2022, or a \$25.5 million reduction. Overall, our gross loss percentage was 3.0% compared to a gross profit of 12.0% for the same period in 2022. Our adjusted gross profit percentage decreased to 12.1% for the third quarter of 2023 from 31.2% for the third quarter of 2022.

The decrease in gross profit was primarily driven by lower sales prices for our products partially offset by higher sales volumes of our ammonia and UAN products and lower natural gas costs.

Selling, General and Administrative

Our SG&A expenses were \$8.5 million for the third quarter of 2023, a decrease of \$0.6 million compared to the same period in 2022. The net decrease was primarily driven by a reduction in expense relating to professional fees partially offset by increases in payroll, insurance and other miscellaneous expenses.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the third quarter of 2023 was \$7.2 million compared to \$12.2 million for the same period in 2022. The decrease relates to reduced interest expense as a result of the repurchase of \$125 million of our 6.25% Senior Secured Notes made during May and June of 2023 and as a result of the reversal of the previous judgement awarded to Global in the litigation discussed in Note 5.

Other Expense (Income), net

Other income, net during the third quarter of 2023 primarily relates to short-term rental income.

Non-operating Other Income, net

Non-operating other income, net for the third quarter of 2023 was \$3.7 million compared to \$2.2 million for the same period of 2022, primarily related to interest income earned during both periods from our short-term investments.

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(Benefit) provision for Income Taxes

The benefit for income taxes for the third quarter of 2023 was \$5.2 million and the provision for income taxes for the same period of 2022 was \$0.8 million. The resulting effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2023 was 40.5% compared to 25.2% for the same period of 2022. For the third quarter of 2023, the effective tax rate is greater than the statutory rate primarily due to the impact of state taxes, valuation allowances, and other discrete items. For the third quarter of 2022, the effective tax rate was greater than the statutory rate primarily due to the impact of state taxes and valuation allowances. See discussion in Note 7.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022

The following table contains certain financial information:

	Nine Months Ended				Percentage Change	
	September 30,					
	2023	2022	Change			
	(Dollars In Thousands)					
Net sales:						
AN & Nitric Acid	\$ 173,859	\$ 234,103	\$ (60,244)		(26)%	
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	117,585	184,014	(66,429)		(36)%	

Ammonia	129,850	200,861	(71,011)	(35)%
Other	39,802	49,079	(9,277)	(19)%
Total net sales	<u>\$ 461,096</u>	<u>\$ 668,057</u>	<u>\$ (206,961)</u>	<u>(31)%</u>
Gross profit:				
Adjusted gross profit (1)	\$ 125,739	\$ 330,732	\$ (204,993)	(62)%
Depreciation and amortization (2)	(49,792)	(49,885)	93	(0)%
Turnaround expense	(1,696)	(25,064)	23,368	(93)%
Total gross profit	74,251	255,783	(181,532)	(71)%
Selling, general and administrative expense	27,815	29,711	(1,896)	(6)%
Other (income) expense, net	(2,096)	377	(2,473)	
Operating income	48,532	225,695	(177,163)	
Interest expense, net	31,213	34,455	(3,242)	(9)%
(Gain) loss on extinguishment of debt	(8,644)	113	(8,757)	
Non-operating other income, net	(10,929)	(5,627)	(5,302)	94%
Provision for income taxes	3,622	32,277	(28,655)	(89)%
Net income	<u>\$ 33,270</u>	<u>\$ 164,477</u>	<u>\$ (131,207)</u>	
Other information:				
Gross profit percentage (3)	<u>16.1%</u>	<u>38.3%</u>	<u>(22.2)%</u>	
Adjusted gross profit percentage (3)	<u>27.3%</u>	<u>49.5%</u>	<u>(22.2)%</u>	
Property, plant and equipment expenditures	<u>\$ 41,123</u>	<u>\$ 32,531</u>	<u>\$ 8,592</u>	

(1) Represents a non-GAAP measure since the amount excludes unallocated depreciation, amortization and Turnaround expenses.

(2) Represents amount classified as cost of sales.

(3) As a percentage of the total net sales.

The following tables provide key operating metrics for the fertilizer and major industrial and mining products:

Product (tons sold)	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				Three Months Ended March 31, 2024			
	Perce		Change		March 31, 2023		Percentage	
	2023	2022	Change	Change	2024	2023	Change	Change
AN & Nitric Acid	404,199	431,977	(27,778)	(6)%	128,801	122,745	6,056	5 %

Urea	357,	346,	11,					
ammonium	172	066	106	3 %	134,933	113,026	21,907	19 %
nitrate (UAN)	280,	192,	87,					
	031	076	955	46 %	94,831	88,997	5,834	7 %
Ammonia								
Total	1,04							
	1,40	970,	71,					
	2	119	283	7 %	358,565	324,768	33,797	10 %

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Gross Average Selling Prices (price per ton)	Three Months Ended						Percentage	
	March 31,			Change				
	2024	2023						
AN & Nitric Acid	\$ 376	\$ 475		\$ (99)			(21)%	
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	\$ 305	\$ 412		\$ (107)			(26)%	
Ammonia	\$ 417	\$ 713		\$ (296)			(42)%	

Gross Average Selling Prices (price per ton)	Nine Months Ended						Percentage	
	September 30,			Change				
	2023	2022						
AN & Nitric Acid	\$ 430	\$ 542		\$ (112)			(21)%	
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	\$ 325	\$ 532		\$ (207)			(39)%	
Ammonia	\$ 464	\$ 1,046		\$ (582)			(56)%	

Nine Months Ended September 30,	Perce ntage	Three Months Ended		Percentage
		March 31,		

Average Benchmark	2023	Change	Change	2024	2023	Change	Change
Prices (price per ton)	3	2022	Change	2024	2023	Change	Change
Tampa							
Ammonia	48	1,18	(7				
Benchmark	\$ 1	\$ 5	\$ 04	(59)%	\$ 466	\$ 728	\$ (262)
NOLA UAN	26		(2				
	\$ 6	\$ 536	\$ 70)	(50)%	\$ 251	\$ 318	\$ (67)

Net Sales

Net sales of our primary products decreased during the first **nine months** quarter of **2023** **2024** compared to the prior year period driven by the impact of lower selling prices relative to the first **nine months** quarter of **2022** **2023** for all of our products and lower acids sales volumes. Partially offsetting weaker pricing was an increase in sales volume of agricultural products driven largely by strong demand for fertilizers enhanced by our strategic commercial efforts. Additionally, we benefited from a healthy increase in downstream production at our facilities, reflecting the investments made in plant reliability over the past several years. volumes.

Demand for our industrial and mining products remains robust stable despite continued global recessionary forces. Our contractual agreements with industrial customers that specify minimum volumes and our product mix flexibility helps us mitigate the impact of a reduction in demand from certain end markets by shifting production to products with stronger demand.

Gross Profit

As noted in the table above, we recognized a gross profit of **\$74.3 million** **\$22.3 million** for the first **nine months** quarter of **2023** **2024** compared to **\$255.8 million** **\$41.6 million** for the same period in **2022**, **2023**, or a **\$181.5 million** decrease. **\$19.3 million** reduction. Overall, our gross profit percentage was **16.1%** for the first **nine months** of **2023** compared to **38.3%** a gross profit percentage of **23.0%** for the same period in **2022**, **2023**. Our adjusted gross profit percentage decreased to **27.3%** **29.2%** for the first **nine months** quarter of **2023** **2024** from **49.5%** **32.6%** for the first **nine months** quarter of **2022**, **2023**.

The decrease in gross profit was primarily driven by lower sales prices for our products partially offset by higher sales volumes for our agricultural products and lower natural gas costs during 2023 compared to 2022. Gross profit was also negatively impacted by higher natural gas costs in our beginning inventory produced and higher plant fixed costs.

Selling, General and Administrative

Our SG&A expenses were **\$27.8 million** **\$10.3 million** for the first **nine months** quarter of **2023**, a decrease **2024**, an increase of **\$1.9 million** **\$0.4 million** compared to the same period in **2022**, **2023**. The net decrease increase was primarily driven by approximately **\$2.2 million** of increases in payroll related items partially offset by a reduction in expense relating to nonrecurring transaction fees, **\$2.2 million** in other professional fees, insurance and other miscellaneous fees partially offset by an increase in payroll related items of **\$2.5 million**.

Other Expense (Income), net

Other income, net for the first nine months of 2023, primarily relates to short-term rental income partially offset by losses from disposal or abandonment of assets no longer being used in operations. expenses.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was \$31.2 million \$9.7 million compared to \$34.5 million \$12.2 million for the same period in 2022, 2023. The decrease primarily relates to the payoff reduced interest expense as a result of the repurchase of our 6.25% Senior Secured Financing due 2023 Notes made during beginning in the second quarter of 2023 lower outstanding principal balance relating to our Secured Financing due 2025 and as a result during March of the reversal of the previous judgement awarded to Global in the litigation discussed in Note 5. 2024.

Gain on Extinguishment of Debt

During the second first quarter of 2023 2024, we repurchased \$125 million \$32.9 million of our Senior Secured Notes through open market transactions for approximately \$114.3 million \$31.3 million. As a result, we recognized a gain on extinguishment of debt, net of issuance costs, of approximately \$8.6 million \$1.1 million.

Other Expense, net

Other expense, net during the first quarter of 2024 and 2023 primarily relates to impairment and asset disposal expense partially offset by short-term rental income.

Non-operating Other Income, net

Non-operating other income, net for the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was \$10.9 million primarily relating \$3.6 million compared to interest income from to our short-term investments. For \$3.5 million for the same period of 2022, we had non-operating other 2023, primarily related to interest income of \$5.6 million primarily relating to a

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recognized settlement on our company owned life insurance resulting from a death benefit from an insurer relating to the death of J. Golsen as discussed in Note 9 and interest income earned during both periods from our short-term investments.

Provision for Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was \$3.6 million \$0.6 million compared to \$32.3 million \$5.9 million for the same period in 2022, of 2023. The resulting effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2024 was 9.7% compared to 27.1% for the same period of 2023. For the first nine months quarter of 2024, the effective tax rate is lower than the statutory rate primarily due to nondeductible compensation and state taxes. For

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the first quarter of 2023, the effective tax rate is less than the statutory rate primarily due to deferred benefits from state tax law changes. For the first nine months of 2022, the effective tax rate is less greater than the statutory rate primarily due to the impact of the state taxes including state valuation allowances. Also see allowances on certain newly generated state tax attributes. See discussion in Note 7.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table summarizes our cash flow activities for the nine three months ended September 30; March 31:

	2023	2022	Change	2024	2023	Change
	(In Thousands)			(In Thousands)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	120,52	259,18	(138,66)	\$ 24,107	\$ 59,247	\$ (35,140)
Net cash flows from investing activities	\$ 21,506	\$ 8)	\$ 4	\$ 47,902	\$ (63,379)	\$ 111,281
Net cash flows from financing activities	(158,97	\$ 71,257	\$ 0)	\$ (44,518)	\$ (10,688)	\$ (33,830)

Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$120.5 million \$24.1 million for the first nine three months of 2023 ended 2024 compared to \$259.2 million \$59.2 million for the same period of 2022, 2023, a change of \$138.7 million \$35.1 million.

For the first nine months of 2023, the net cash provided is the result of net income of \$33.3 million plus adjustments of \$49.9 million for depreciation and amortization of PP&E, other adjustments of \$0.2 million and cash provided of \$37.1 million. The decrease was primarily from our working capital.

For the first nine months of 2022, the net cash provided is the a result of a reduction in net sales partially offset by lower cost of sales, working capital changes and higher interest income of \$164.5 million plus adjustments of \$50.0 million for depreciation and amortization of PP&E, \$31.2 million for deferred taxes, other adjustments of \$1.6 million and cash provided of \$11.9 million primarily from our working capital, short-term investments.

Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities was \$21.5 million \$47.9 million for the first nine three months of 2023 ended 2024 compared to net cash used of \$392.9 million \$63.4 million for the same period of 2022, 2023, a change of \$414.5 million \$111.3 million.

For the first nine three months of 2023, ended 2024, the net cash provided primarily relates to proceeds from short-term investments of \$293.3 million \$100.9 million, partially offset by purchases of short-term investments of \$230.7 million \$34.7 million and expenditures for PP&E of \$41.0 million \$18.3 million.

For the first **nine** **three** months of 2022, ended 2023, the net cash used primarily relates to purchases of short-term investments of **\$423.1** million **\$133.7** million and expenditures for PP&E of **\$32.5** million **\$18.4** million, partially offset by proceeds from short-term investment maturities investments of **\$59.7** million **\$88.7** million.

Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities

Net cash used by financing activities was **\$159.0** million **\$44.5** million for the first **nine** **three** months of 2023 ended 2024 compared to net cash provided used of **\$71.3** million **\$10.7** million for the same period of 2022, 2023, a change of **\$230.2** million **\$33.8** million.

For the first **nine** **three** months of 2023, ended 2024, the net cash used primarily consists of repurchases of our 6.25% Senior Secured Notes of **\$114.3**, **\$31.3** million, payments on other long-term debt and short-term financing of **\$24.3** million **\$5.8** million and payments of **\$20.4** million **\$7.2** million for the purchase of treasury stock.

For the first **nine** **three** months of 2022, ended 2023, the net cash provided used primarily consists of proceeds of **\$200.0** million from the New Notes partially offset by payments for the acquisition of treasury shares of **\$101.9** million, payments on other long-term debt and short-term financing of **\$22.2** million, **\$8.2** million and payments of **\$4.5** million for equity and debt-related cost and **\$0.1** million **\$2.5** million for other financing activities.

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Capitalization

The following is our total **current** **cash** and **cash equivalents**, short-term investments, long-term debt and stockholders' **equity** as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively:

	September		December			
	30,		31,			
	2023	2022	2024	2023		
(In Millions)						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46.8	\$ 63.8	\$ 126.0	\$ 98.5		
Short-term investments	270.7	330.6	139.2	207.4		

Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 317.5	\$ 394.4	\$ 265.2	\$ 305.9
Long-term debt:				
Working Capital Revolver Loan	\$ —	\$ —		
Revolving Credit Facility			\$ —	\$ —
Senior Secured Notes due 2028 (1)	575.0	700.0	542.1	575.0
Secured Financing due 2025	15.5	19.3	12.8	14.1
Secured Financing due 2023	—	4.2		
Other	1.0	1.1		
Unamortized debt issuance costs	(8.8)	(12.3)		
Finance Leases			2.2	1.0
Unamortized debt issuance costs (2)			(7.5)	(8.4)
Total long-term debt, including current portion, net	\$ 582.7	\$ 712.3	\$ 549.6	\$ 581.7
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 532.7	\$ 515.9	\$ 518.2	\$ 518.3

(1) See discussion contained in Note 4.

(2) Debt issuance costs as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 of approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, relating to our Revolving Credit Facility are not included in Unamortized debt issuance cost. They are included in our condensed consolidated balance sheet in Intangible and other assets, net.

We currently have a revolving credit facility our Working Capital Revolver Loan, pursuant to that credit agreement, dated December 21, 2023, between us and the lenders identified on the signature pages thereof and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent (the "Revolving Credit Facility"), with a borrowing base up to an initial maximum of \$65 million \$75 million, with an option to increase the maximum by an additional \$25 million (which amount is uncommitted). Availability under the Revolving Credit Facility is subject to a borrowing base and an availability block of \$7.5 million which is applied against the \$75 million initially reducing the maximum (which can be removed by us at our sole discretion, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions). The Revolving Credit Facility provides for a sub-facility for the issuance of letters of credit in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$10 million, with the outstanding amount of any such letters of credit reducing availability for borrowings. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, our Working Capital Revolver Loan Revolving Credit Facility was undrawn and had approximately \$42.4 million \$45.4 million of availability. See Note 4 for further discussion on the facility.

For the full year of 2023, 2024, we expect capital expenditures to be approximately \$60 million to \$65 million \$80 million. This capital spending is primarily planned for reliability and maintenance capital projects.

From time to time, when the Company exceeds the funding threshold in our natural gas purchase commitments the Company is required to fund cash collateral to our counterparty.

We believe that the combination of our cash on hand, short-term investments, the availability on our revolving credit facility and our cash flow from operations will be sufficient to fund our anticipated liquidity needs for the next twelve months.

As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we had approximately **\$318 million** **\$265.2 million** of cash and short-term investments. From time to time, we may seek to deploy capital through additional share repurchases or the retirement or purchase of outstanding debt. Such repurchases may be made in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise and will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

During We believe that the first nine months of 2023, we repurchased \$125.0 million in principal value combination of our Senior Secured Notes cash on hand, short-term investments, the availability on our Revolving Credit Facility and our cash flow from operations will be sufficient to fund our anticipated liquidity needs for approximately \$114.3 million and approximately 1.8 million shares of our common stock on the open market for approximately \$17.8 million. next twelve months.

Compliance with Long - Term Debt Covenants

As discussed in Note 4, the Working Capital Revolver Loan Revolving Credit Facility requires, among other things, that we meet certain financial covenants. The Working Capital Revolver Loan Revolving Credit Facility does not include financial covenant requirements unless a defined covenant trigger event has occurred and is continuing. As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, no trigger event had occurred.

Loan Agreements

Senior Secured Notes due 2028 – LSB has **\$575 million** **\$542 million** aggregate principal amount of the 6.25% Senior Secured Notes currently outstanding. outstanding as of March 31, 2024. Interest is to be paid semiannually in arrears on May 15th and October 15th, maturing October 15, 2028.

Secured Financing due 2025 – EDA is We are a party to a \$30 million secured financing arrangement with an affiliate of Eldridge. Principal and interest are payable in 60 equal monthly installments with a final balloon payment of approximately \$5 million due in August 2025.

Secured Financing due 2023 – EDC was party to a secured financing arrangement with an affiliate of Eldridge. Principal and interest are payable in 48 equal monthly installments with a final balloon payment of approximately \$3 million due in June 2023. The final balloon payment was repaid in April 2023.

Working Capital Revolver Loan 27

Revolving Credit Facility – At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, our Working Capital Revolver Loan Revolving Credit Facility was undrawn and had approximately **\$42.4 million** **\$45.4 million** of availability, based on our eligible collateral, less outstanding letters of credit as of that date. Also see discussion above under “Compliance with Long-Term Debt Covenants.”

Our finance leases consist primarily of leases on railcars. Most of our railcar leases are classified as operating leases.

Capital Expenditures – First Nine Months of 2023 Quarter 2024

For the first **nine months** quarter of **2023, 2024**, capital expenditures relating to PP&E were **\$41.1 million** **\$18.3 million**. The capital expenditures were funded primarily from cash and working capital.

See discussion above under “Capitalization” for our expected capital expenditures.

Equity and debt repurchases

In May 2023, our Board authorized a \$150 million stock repurchase program. The program is intended as a means to maximize shareholder value by returning capital to shareholders. Under the repurchase program, we are authorized to purchase shares from time to time through open market or privately negotiated transactions. Such purchases may be made pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 plans or other means as determined by our management and in accordance with the requirements of the SEC. The repurchase program does not obligate us to purchase any particular number or type of securities.

During the first quarter ended March 31, 2024, we repurchased approximately 0.7 million shares of common stock at an average cost of \$7.82 per share for a total of approximately \$5.4 million. Total repurchase authority remaining under the repurchase program was \$116 million as of March 31, 2024. The repurchase program may be suspended, terminated or modified at any time for any reason.

During the first quarter ended March 31, 2024, we repurchased approximately \$32.9 million in principal value of our Senior Secured Notes for approximately \$31.3 million. The debt repurchase was intended as a means to deleverage our balance sheet and reduce future interest costs while maintaining a balanced capital allocation strategy that provides an appropriate level of liquidity to fund our operations and future growth opportunities.

Expenses Associated with Environmental Regulatory Compliance

We are subject to specific federal and state environmental compliance laws, regulations and guidelines. As a result, our expenses were **\$3.4 million** **\$1.3 million** for the first **nine** **three** months of **2023** **ended March 31, 2024** in connection with environmental projects. For the remainder of **2023, 2024**, we expect to incur expenses ranging from **\$0.8 million** **\$2.8 million** to **\$1.1 million** **\$3.2 million** in connection with additional environmental projects. However, it is possible that the actual costs could be significantly different than our estimates.

Seasonality

We believe fertilizer products sold to the **fertilizer** **agricultural** industry are seasonal, while sales into the industrial and mining sectors generally are less susceptible to seasonal fluctuations. The selling seasons for fertilizer products are primarily during the spring and fall planting seasons, which typically extend from March through June and from September through November in the geographical markets where we distribute the majority of our fertilizer products. As a result, we typically increase our inventory of fertilizer products prior to the beginning of each planting season in order to meet the

demand for our products. In addition, the amount and timing of sales to the fertilizer agricultural markets depend upon weather conditions and other circumstances beyond our control.

Performance and Payment Bonds

We are contingently liable to sureties in respect of insurance bonds issued by the sureties in connection with certain contracts entered into by subsidiaries in the normal course of business. These insurance bonds primarily represent guarantees of future performance of our subsidiaries. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we had have agreed to indemnify the sureties for payments, up to \$9.7 million, made by them in respect of such bonds. These All of these insurance bonds are expected to expire or be renewed later in 2023-2024. 2024.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 1 for recently issued accounting standards.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

See "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates," Item 7 of our 2022 2023 Form 10-K. In addition, the preparation of financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and disclosures of contingencies and fair values, including, but not limited to, various environmental and legal matters, including matters discussed under footnote A of Note 5.

Income Taxes - Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those differences are expected to be recovered or settled. We establish valuation allowances if we believe it is more-likely-than-not that some or all of deferred tax assets will not be

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realized. Significant judgment is applied in evaluating the need for and the magnitude of appropriate valuation allowances against deferred tax assets.

It is also reasonably possible that the estimates and assumptions utilized as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, could change in the near term. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates and judgments, as additional information becomes known.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K under the Exchange Act.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

General

Our results of operations and operating cash flows are impacted by changes in market prices of ammonia and natural gas and changes in market interest rates.

Forward Sales Commitments Risk

Periodically, we enter into forward firm sales commitments for products to be delivered in future periods. As a result, we could be exposed to embedded losses should our product costs exceed the firm sales prices at the end of a reporting period. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we had no embedded losses associated with sales commitments with firm sales prices.

Commodity Price Risk

A substantial portion of our products and raw materials are commodities whose prices fluctuate as market supply and demand fundamentals change. Since we are exposed to commodity price risk, we periodically enter into contracts to purchase natural gas for anticipated production needs to manage risk related to changes in prices of natural gas commodities. Generally, these contracts are considered normal purchases because they provide for the purchase of natural gas that will be delivered in quantities expected to be used over a reasonable period of time in the normal course of business, these contracts are exempt from the accounting and reporting requirements relating to derivatives. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we had no outstanding natural gas contracts which are accounted for on a mark-to-market basis.

Interest Rate Risk

Generally, we are exposed to variable interest rate risk with respect to our **revolving credit facility**. **Revolving Credit Facility**. As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we had no outstanding borrowings on this credit facility and no other variable rate borrowings. We currently do not hedge our interest rate risk associated with our variable interest loan.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. These include controls and procedures designed to ensure that this information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**. Based on this evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, at the reasonable assurance level. There were no changes to our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) during the quarter ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained within this report may be deemed "Forward-Looking ~~Statements~~ Statements" within the meaning of ~~Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 (as amended, the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act, U.S. federal securities laws~~. All statements in this report other than statements of historical fact are Forward-Looking Statements that are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, ~~many of which are difficult to predict or outside of the Company's control~~, which could cause actual results and performance of the Company to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, such statements. Any such Forward-Looking Statements are not guarantees of future performance. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "may," "could" "could," and similar expressions identify Forward-Looking Statements. Any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and are generally outside the Company's control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied of projected by, such forward-looking statements. Forward-Looking Statements contained herein, and the associated risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

- our ability to invest in projects that will generate the best returns for our stockholders;
- our future liquidity outlook;
- the outlook of our chemical products and related markets;
- ~~our ability to successfully leverage our existing business platform and portfolio of assets to produce low cost products and execute our strategy to become a leader in the energy transition in the chemical industry;~~
- the amount, timing and effect on the nitrogen market from current nitrogen expansion projects;
- the effect from the lack of non-seasonal volume;
- our belief that competition is based upon service, price, location of production and distribution sites, and product quality and performance;
- ~~our~~ the outlook for the industrial and mining industries;
- the availability of raw materials;
- our ability to broaden the distribution of our products, including our ability to leverage our nitric acid production capacity at our El Dorado Facility;
- the result of our product and market diversification strategy;
- changes in domestic fertilizer production;
- the increasing output and capacity of our existing production facilities;
- ~~on-stream rates~~ production volumes at our production facilities;
- our ability to moderate risk inherent in agricultural markets;
- the sources to fund our cash needs and how this cash will be used;
- the ability to enter into the additional borrowings;

- the anticipated cost and timing of our capital projects;
- certain costs covered under warranty provisions;
- our ability to pass to our customers cost increases in the form of higher prices;
- our belief as to whether we have sufficient sources for materials and components;
- our beliefs regarding our estimates and contingencies with respect to claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of our business and their effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows;
- annual natural gas requirements;
- the development of the market and demand for low-carbon ammonia;
- compliance by our facilities with the terms of our permits;
- the costs of compliance with environmental laws, health laws, security regulations and transportation regulations;
- our belief as to when Turnarounds will be performed and completed;
- expenses in connection with environmental projects;
- the effect of litigation and other contingencies;
- the increase in interest expense;
- our ability to comply with debt servicing and covenants;
- our ability to meet debt maturities or redemption obligations when due;
- the impact of our repurchase program on our stock price and cash reserves;
- the effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and related response; and
- our beliefs as to whether we can meet all required covenant tests for the next twelve months.

While we believe, the expectations reflected in such Forward-Looking Statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance such expectations will prove to have been correct. There are a variety of factors which could cause future outcomes to differ materially from those described in this report, including, but not limited to, the following:

- changes in general economic conditions, both domestic and foreign;
- material reductions in revenues;

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- material changes in interest rates;
 - our ability to collect in a timely manner a material amount of receivables;
 - increased competitive pressures;

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- adverse effects of increases in prices of raw materials;
 - changes in federal, state and local laws and regulations, or in the interpretation of such laws and regulations;
 - changes in laws, regulations or other issues related to climate change;
 - releases of pollutants into the environment exceeding our permitted limits;
 - material increases in equipment, maintenance, operating or labor costs not presently anticipated by us;
 - the requirement to use internally generated funds for purposes not presently anticipated;
 - the inability to secure additional financing for planned capital expenditures or financing obligations due in the future;
 - our substantial existing indebtedness;

- material changes in the cost of natural gas and certain precious metals;
- limitations due to financial covenants;
- changes in competition;
- the loss of any significant customer;
- increases in cost to maintain internal controls over financial reporting;
- changes in operating strategy or development plans;
- an inability to fund the working capital and expansion of our businesses;
- changes in the production efficiency of our facilities;
- adverse results in our contingencies including pending litigation;
- unplanned downtime at one or more of our chemical facilities;
- changes in production rates at any of our chemical plants;
- an inability to obtain necessary raw materials and purchased components;
- material increases in cost of raw materials;
- material changes in our accounting estimates;
- significant problems within our production equipment;
- fire or natural disasters;
- an inability to obtain or retain our insurance coverage;
- difficulty obtaining necessary permits;
- difficulty obtaining third-party financing;
- risks associated with proxy contests initiated by dissident stockholders;
- changes in fertilizer production;
- reduction in acres planted for crops requiring fertilizer;
- decreases in duties for products we sell resulting in an increase in imported products into the U.S.;
- adverse effects from regulatory policies, including tariffs;
- volatility of natural gas prices;
- price increases resulting from increased inflation;
- weather conditions, including the effects of climate change;
- increases in imported agricultural products;
- global supply chain disruptions;
- other factors described in the MD&A contained in this report; and
- other factors described in "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**.

Given these uncertainties, all parties are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such Forward-Looking Statements.

We Except to the extent required by law, we disclaim any obligation to update any such factors or to publicly announce the result of any revisions to any of the Forward-Looking Statements contained herein to reflect future events or developments.

The following is a list of terms used in this report.

ADEQ	- The Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality.
AN	- Ammonium nitrate.
April Report	- The World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates Report dated April 11, 2024.
ASUs	- Accounting Standard Updates.
ATR	- AutoThermal Reforming.
CAO	- A consent administrative order.
Cherokee Facility	- Our chemical production facility located in Cherokee, Alabama.
Chevron	- Chevron Environmental Management Company.
COVID-19	- The novel coronavirus disease of 2019.
EDA	- El Dorado Ammonia L.L.C. (now merged into LSB Chemical, L.L.C. a subsidiary of LSB Industries, Inc.).
EDC	- El Dorado Chemical Company (now merged into LSB Chemical, L.L.C. a subsidiary of LSB Industries, Inc.).
El Dorado Facility	- Our chemical production facility located in El Dorado, Arkansas.
Eldridge	- Eldridge Industries, L.L.C.
Environmental and Health Laws	- Numerous federal, state and local environmental, health and safety laws.
EUC	- Environmental Use Control.
FASB	- Financial Accounting Standards Board.

FEED

- Front end engineering design.

Financial Covenant

- Certain springing financial covenants associated with the working capital revolver loan.

Global

- Global Industrial, Inc., a subcontractor asserting mechanics liens for work rendered to **LSB and EDC**, the Company.

Hallowell Facility

- A chemical facility previously owned by two of our subsidiaries located in Kansas.

HDAN

- High density ammonium nitrate prills used in the agricultural industry.

Indenture

- The agreement governing the 6.25% senior secured notes.

IRS

- Internal Revenue Service.

J. Golsen

- Jack E. Golsen.

July Report

- The World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates Report dated July 12, 2023.

KDHE

- The Kansas Department of Health and Environment.

LDAN

- Low density ammonium nitrate prills used in the mining industry.

Leidos

- Leidos Constructors L.L.C.

LSB

- LSB Industries, Inc.

Maximum Revolver Amount

- The maximum amount of outstanding advances available under our Working Capital Revolver Loan.

MD&A

- Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

MMBtu

- Million British thermal units.

MOU

- Memorandum of understanding.

New Notes

- The senior secured notes issued March 8, 2022 with an interest rate of 6.25%, which mature in October 2028.

Note	- A note in the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.
Notes	- The senior secured notes issued on October 14, 2021 with an interest rate of 6.25%, which mature in October 2028.
ODEQ	- The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality.
PCC	- Pryor Chemical Company.
PP&E	- Plant, property and equipment.
Pryor Facility	- Our chemical production facility located in Pryor, Oklahoma.
SEC	- The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
Secured Financing due 2023	- A secured financing arrangement between EDC and an affiliate of Eldridge which matures in June 2023.
Secured Financing due 2025	- A secured financing arrangement between EDA and an affiliate of Eldridge which matures in August 2025.

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Senior Secured Notes	- The Notes senior secured notes issued on October 14, 2021 and New Notes, the senior secured notes issued March 8, 2022, taken together both due on October 15, 2028 with a stated interest rates of 6.25%, maturing in October 2028.
SG&A	- Selling, general and administrative expense.
Ton	- A unit of weight equal to 2,000 pounds.
Turnaround	- A planned major maintenance activity.
UAN	- Urea ammonium nitrate.
U.S.	- United States.
U.S. GAAP	- U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

USDA

- United States Department of Agriculture.

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West Fertilizer

- West Fertilizer Company.

Working Capital Revolver

Loan Revolving Credit Facility

- Our secured revolving credit facility, pursuant to that credit agreement, dated December 21, 2023, between us and the lenders identified on the signature pages thereof and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A, as administrative agent.

2022 Crop

- Corn crop marketing year (September 1 - August 31), which began in 2021 and ended in 2022 and primarily relates to corn planted and harvested in 2021.

2023 Crop

- Corn crop marketing year (September 1 - August 31), which began in 2022 and will end in 2023 and primarily relates to corn planted and harvested in 2022.

2024 Crop

- Corn crop marketing year (September 1 - August 31), which began in 2023 and will end in 2024 and primarily relates to corn planted and harvested in 2023.

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PART II
OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Other Litigation

We are from time to time subject to various legal proceedings and claims arising in the ordinary course of business, including, but not limited to, examinations by the Internal Revenue Service. For further discussion of our legal matters, see "Note 5—5. Commitments and Contingencies—Legal Matters" in the notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Reference is made to Item 1A of our Form 10-K for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, filed with the SEC on **February 23, 2023** **March 6, 2024**. There are no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in our **2022** **2023** Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes the Company's purchase of its common stock for the quarter ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**:

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Program (1)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Program
				(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Program
July 1 – July 31, 2023	59,911	\$ 9.78	59,911	\$ 132,195,998
August 1 – August 31, 2023	—	—	—	132,195,998
September 1 – September 30, 2023	—	—	—	132,195,998
Total	59,911	\$ 9.78	59,911	\$ 132,195,998

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased	(b) Average Price Paid per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Program (1)	(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Program
				(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Program
January 1 – January 31, 2024	—	\$ —	—	\$ 121,489,988
February 1 – February 29, 2024	—	—	—	121,489,988
March 1 – March 31, 2024	690,326	7.82	690,326	116,093,081
Total	690,326	\$ 7.82	690,326	\$ 116,093,081

(1) During **In** May 2023, our Board authorized a \$150 million stock repurchase program. The stock repurchase program is

discussed in *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations – Liquidity and Capital Resources – Capitalization* and in Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The repurchase program does not have an expiration date and can be discontinued at any time.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information

Adoption of 10b5-1 Trading Plans by Our Officers and Directors

During our fiscal quarter ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, **one** **certain** of our **directors** **officers** (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) entered into **a contract, instruction** **contracts, instructions** or written **plan** **plans** for the purchase or sale of our securities that **is** **are** intended to satisfy the conditions specified in Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act for an affirmative defense against liability for trading in securities on the basis of material nonpublic information. We refer to **this contract, instruction, these contracts, instructions, and written plan** **plans** as a "Rule 10b5-1 trading plan." We describe the material terms of this Rule 10b5-1 trading **plan** **plans** below.

Barry H. Golsen, Member Board of Directors Michael J. Foster, Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary

On **September 14, 2023** **March 12, 2024**, **Barry H. Golsen** **Michael J. Foster**, **a member of our board of directors** **Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary**, entered into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan that is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) and provides that Mr. **Golsen**, **Foster**, acting through a broker, may sell up to an aggregate of **576,047** **72,000** shares of our common stock, subject to adjustments for stock splits, stock combinations, stock dividends and other similar changes to our common stock in certain trust's which he is trustee over. **stock**. The total vested **and unvested** common shares held by Mr. **Golsen** **Foster** is **677,081** **478,167**. Sales of shares under the plan may only occur from **December 15, 2023** **June 11, 2024** to **December 31, 2024** **June 10, 2025**. The plan is scheduled to terminate on **December 31, 2024** **June 10, 2025**, subject to earlier termination upon the sale of all shares subject to the plan or the expiration of all sale orders under the plan, upon termination by Mr. **Golsen** **Foster** or the broker, or as otherwise provided in the plan.

Kristy D. Carver, Senior Vice President and Treasurer

On **March 13, 2024**, **Kristy D. Carver**, our Senior Vice President and Treasurer, entered into a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan that is intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) and provides that Ms. **Carver**, acting through a broker, may sell up to an aggregate of **26,813** shares of our common stock, subject to adjustments for stock splits, stock combinations, stock dividends and other similar

changes to our common stock. The total vested and unvested common shares held by Ms. Carver is 109,763. Sales of shares under the plan may only occur from June 12, 2024 to February 28, 2025. The plan is scheduled to terminate on February 28, 2025, subject to earlier termination upon the sale of all shares subject to the plan or the expiration of all sale orders under the plan, upon termination by Ms. Carver or the broker, or as otherwise provided in the plan.

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Item 6. Exhibits

See "Index to Exhibits" on page 37. 35.

Index to Exhibits Item 6.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title	Incorporated by Reference to the Following
3(i).1	<u>Restated Certificate of Incorporation of LSB Industries, Inc., dated January 21, 1977, as amended August 27, 1987</u>	Exhibit 3(i).1 to the Company's Form 10-K filed on February 28, 2013
3(i).2	<u>Certificate of Amendment to the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of LSB Industries, dated September 23, 2021</u>	Exhibit 3(i).2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on November 16, 2021
3(ii)	<u>Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of LSB Industries, Inc., dated July 19, 2021</u>	Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed July 20, 2021
4.1	<u>Amended and Restated Section 382 Rights Agreement, dated as of August 22, 2023, between LSB Industries, Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as rights agent</u>	Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed August 25, 2023
31.1(a)	<u>Certification of Mark T. Behrman, Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 302</u>	

31.2(a) [Certification of Cheryl A. Maguire, Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 302](#)

32.1(a) [Certification of Mark T. Behrman, Chief Executive Officer, furnished pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 906](#)

32.2(a) [Certification of Cheryl A. Maguire, Chief Financial Officer, furnished pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, Section 906](#)

101.INS(a) Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.

101.SCH(a) Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL(a) Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document

101.DEF(a) Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document

101.LAB(a) Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document

101.PRE(a) Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

104(a) Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

(a) Filed herewith or furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Company has caused the undersigned, duly authorized, to sign this report on its behalf on this **230nd** day of **November 2023**. **April 2024**.

LSB INDUSTRIES, INC.

/s/ Cheryl A. Maguire

Cheryl A. Maguire

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION

I, Mark T. Behrman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of LSB Industries, Inc. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting

defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) for the registrant and have:

- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in this case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **November 2, 2023** **April 30, 2024**

/s/ Mark T. Behrman

Mark T. Behrman

President, Chief Executive Officer

and Director

Exhibit 31.2

CERTIFICATION

I, Cheryl A. Maguire, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of LSB Industries, Inc. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in this case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **November 2, 2023** April 30, 2024

/s/ Cheryl A. Maguire

Cheryl A. Maguire

Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of LSB Industries, Inc. ("LSB") on Form 10-Q for the period ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"). I, Mark T. Behrman, President and Chief Executive Officer of LSB, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result operations of LSB.

/s/ Mark T. Behrman

Mark T. Behrman

President, Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer) and

Director

November 2, 2023 **April 30, 2024**

This certification is furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission solely for purpose of 18 U.S.C. §1350 subject to the knowledge standard contained therein, and not for any other purpose.

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of LSB Industries, Inc. ("LSB") on Form 10-Q for the period ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Cheryl A. Maguire, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of LSB, certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934;
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result operations of LSB.

/s/ Cheryl A. Maguire

Cheryl A. Maguire
Executive Vice President
and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

November 2, 2023 **April 30, 2024**

This certification is furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission solely for purpose of 18 U.S.C. §1350 subject to the knowledge standard contained therein and not for any other purpose.

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