







agreements with third parties, sales of our common stock through public equity offerings, and proceeds from debt, project financing and tax monetization transactions. We have utilized this cash to accelerate the commercialization of our solid oxide platforms, develop new capabilities to separate and capture carbon, develop and construct project assets, invest in capital improvements and expansion of our operations, perform research and development, pay down existing outstanding indebtedness, and meet our other cash and liquidity needs. As of July 31, 2024, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents totaled \$159.3 million compared to \$250.0 million as of October 31, 2023. During the year ended October 31, 2023 and the nine months ended July 31, 2024, the Company invested in United States (U.S.) Treasury Securities. The amortized cost of the U.S. Treasury Securities outstanding totaled \$107.8 million as of July 31, 2024, compared to \$103.8 million as of October 31, 2023 and is classified as Investments - short-term on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. On April 25, 2024, the Company (through one of its indirect subsidiaries) entered into three related term loan facilities (which are referred to herein as the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility), resulting in aggregate gross loan proceeds of \$13.0 million. See Note 15. **Debt** for additional information regarding the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility. On April 10, 2024, the Company entered into Amendment No. 1 (the **Amendment**) to the Open Market Sale Agreement, dated July 12, 2022 (the **2022 Sales Agreement**), with Jefferies LLC, B. Riley Securities, Inc., Barclays Capital Inc., BMO Capital Markets Corp., BofA Securities, Inc., Canaccord Genuity LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC and Loop Capital Markets LLC (each, an **Agent** and together, the **Agents**) (the **2022 Sales Agreement** as amended by the Amendment, the **Amended Sales Agreement**), with respect to an at the market offering program under which the Company may, from time to time, offer and sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$300.0 million (exclusive of any amounts previously sold under the 2022 Sales Agreement prior to its amendment). Between April 10, 2024 (the date of the Amended Sales Agreement) and July 31, 2024, approximately 101.7 million shares of the Company's common stock were sold under the Amended Sales Agreement at an average sale price of \$0.72 per share, resulting in gross proceeds of approximately \$73.6 million before deducting sales commissions and fees, and net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$71.7 million after deducting sales commissions totaling approximately \$1.5 million and fees totaling approximately \$0.4 million. See Note 11. **Stockholders' Equity** and Note 18. **Subsequent Events** for additional information regarding the 2022 Sales Agreement, the Amended Sales Agreement and the sales made following the end of the quarter under the Amended Sales Agreement. During the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023, the Company closed on a tax equity financing transaction with Franklin Park 2023 FCE Tax Equity Fund, LLC (the **Franklin Park**), a subsidiary of Franklin Park Infrastructure, LLC, for two fuel cell power plant installations -- the 14.0 megawatt (the **Derby Fuel Cell Project**) and the 2.8 MW SCEF Fuel Cell Project, both located in Derby, Connecticut (collectively, the **Derby Projects**). Franklin Park's tax equity commitment with respect to the Derby Projects totaled \$30.2 million. Of this amount, approximately \$9.1 million was received on October 31, 2023 and the remaining approximately \$21.1 million was received during the nine months ended July 31, 2024. In connection with the initial closing of this tax equity financing transaction in fiscal year 2023, the Company paid closing costs of approximately \$1.8 million, which included appraisal fees, title insurance expenses and legal and consulting fees. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2024, the Company completed the Technical Improvement Plan to bring the Groton Project (defined elsewhere herein) to its rated capacity and the Groton Project reached its design rated output of 7.4 MW. The Company achieved all conditions precedent required for the first annual funding from East West Bancorp, Inc. (the **East West Bank**) under the tax equity financing transaction between the Company and East West Bank and, as a result, the Company received a \$4.0 million contribution during the nine months ended July 31, 2024 which is recorded as noncontrolling interest on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. **Table of Contents** We believe that our unrestricted cash and cash equivalents, expected receipts from our contracted backlog, funds received upon the maturity of U.S. Treasury Securities, and release of short-term restricted cash less expected disbursements over the next twelve months will be sufficient to allow the Company to meet its obligations for at least one year from the date of issuance of these financial statements. To date, we have not achieved profitable operations or sustained positive cash flow from operations. The Company's future liquidity, for the remainder of fiscal year 2024 and in the long-term, will depend on its ability to (i) timely complete current projects in process within budget, (ii) increase cash flows from its generation operating portfolio, including by meeting conditions required to timely commence operation of new projects, operating its generation operating portfolio in compliance with minimum performance guarantees and operating its generation operating portfolio in accordance with revenue expectations, (iii) obtain financing for project construction and manufacturing expansion, (iv) obtain permanent financing for its projects once constructed, (v) increase order and contract volumes, which would lead to additional product sales, service agreements and generation revenues, (vi) obtain funding for and receive payment for research and development under current and future Advanced Technologies contracts, (vii) successfully commercialize its solid oxide, hydrogen and carbon capture platforms, (viii) implement capacity expansion for solid oxide product manufacturing, (ix) implement the product cost reductions necessary to achieve profitable operations, (x) manage working capital and the Company's unrestricted cash balance and (xi) access the capital markets to raise funds through the sale of debt and equity securities, convertible notes, and other equity-linked instruments. We are continually assessing different means by which to accelerate the Company's growth, enter new markets, commercialize new products, and enable capacity expansion. Therefore, from time to time, the Company may consider and enter into agreements for one or more of the following: negotiated financial transactions, minority investments, collaborative ventures, technology sharing, transfer or other technology license arrangements, joint ventures, partnerships, acquisitions or other business transactions for the purpose(s) of geographic or manufacturing expansion and/or new product or technology development and commercialization, including hydrogen production through our carbonate and solid oxide platforms and storage and carbon capture, sequestration and utilization technologies. Our business model requires substantial outside financing arrangements and satisfaction of the conditions of such arrangements to construct and deploy our projects to facilitate the growth of our business. The Company has invested capital raised from sales of its common stock to build out its project portfolio. The Company has also utilized and expects to continue to utilize a combination of long-term debt and tax equity financing (e.g., sale-leaseback transactions, partnership flip transactions and the monetization and/or transfer of eligible investment and production tax credits) to finance its project asset portfolio as these projects commence commercial operations, particularly in light of the passage of the Inflation Reduction Act in August 2022. The Company may also seek to undertake private placements of debt securities to finance its project asset portfolio. The Company is also pursuing financing to support its commercial efforts which includes deployment of modules to the repowering opportunities in the Korean market including the GGE project (as defined elsewhere herein). The proceeds of any such financing, if obtained, may allow the Company to reinvest capital back into the business and to fund other projects. We may also seek to obtain additional financing in both the debt and equity markets in the future. If financing is not available to us on acceptable terms if and when needed, or on terms acceptable to us or our lenders, if we do not satisfy the conditions of our financing arrangements, if we spend more than the financing approved for projects, if project costs exceed an amount that the Company can finance, or if we do not generate sufficient revenues or obtain capital sufficient for our corporate needs, we may be required to further reduce or slow planned spending, further reduce staffing, sell assets, seek alternative financing and take other measures, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and operations. **Note 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements** **Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance** There is no recently adopted accounting guidance. **Recent Accounting Guidance Not Yet Effective** In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the **FASB**) issued guidance to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. In addition, the guidance enhances interim disclosure requirements, clarifies circumstances in which an entity can disclose multiple segment measures of profit or loss, provides new segment disclosure requirements for entities with a single reportable segment and contains other disclosure requirements. The purpose of the guidance is to enable investors to better understand **Table of Contents** entity's overall performance and assess potential future cash flows. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact that the new guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements. **In December 2023, the FASB issued guidance to enhance income tax disclosures by providing information to better assess how an entity's operations, related tax risks, tax planning and operational opportunities affect its tax rate and prospects for future cash flows. Additional disclosures will be required to the annual effective tax rate reconciliation including specific categories and further disaggregated reconciling items that meet the quantitative threshold. Additionally, disclosures will be required relating to income tax expense and payments made to federal, state, local and foreign jurisdictions. This guidance is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2024. We are currently evaluating the impact that the new guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.** **Note 3. Tax Equity Financings** **Derby Tax Equity Financing Transaction** Since the Derby Projects became operational during the first quarter of fiscal year 2024, we have begun to allocate profits and losses to noncontrolling interests under the hypothetical liquidation at book value ("HLBV") method. For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024, the net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests totaled \$(1.8) million and \$(28.6) million, respectively. There were no amounts allocated to noncontrolling interest for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2023 for Derby Fuel Cell Holdco, LLC (the partnership that acquired the equity interests in the project company that owns the Derby Projects) because the Derby Projects were not yet operational at that time. As such, the Company had not yet allocated profits or losses to the noncontrolling interest under the HLBV method. During the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024, the Company made priority return distributions to Franklin Park of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. **Groton Tax Equity Financing Transaction** The Company closed on a tax equity financing transaction in August 2021 with East West Bank for the 7.4 MW fuel cell project (the **Groton Project**) located on the U.S. Navy Submarine Base in Groton, CT. East West Bank's tax equity commitment totaled \$15.0 million. During each of the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2024, the Company made priority return distributions to East West Bank of \$0.1 million. There were no priority return distributions in the three and nine months ended July 31, 2023. For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024, the net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests for Groton Station FuelCell Holdco, LLC (the partnership that acquired the equity interests in the project company that owns the Groton Project) totaled \$(0.2) million and \$(3.5) million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended July 31, 2023, the net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests totaled \$0.1 million and \$(2.8) million, respectively. **Yaphank Tax Equity Financing Transaction** The Company closed on a tax equity financing transaction in November 2021 with Renewable Energy Investors, LLC (the **REI**), a subsidiary of Franklin Park Infrastructure, LLC, for the 7.4 MW fuel cell project (the **LIPA Yaphank Project**) located in Yaphank Long Island. REI's tax equity commitment totaled \$12.4 million. During each of the three months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company made priority return distributions to REI of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. During each of the nine month periods ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company made priority return distributions to REI of \$0.4 million. For the three months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest for YTBFC Holdco, LLC (the partnership that acquired the equity interests in the project company that owns the LIPA Yaphank Project) totaled \$(0.4) million and \$0.6 million, respectively. For the nine months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest for YTBFC Holdco, LLC totaled \$(0.5) million and \$1.4 million, respectively. **Revenue Recognition** **Contract Balances** Contract assets as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023 were \$50.1 million (\$19.9 million long-term) and \$42.1 million (\$25.8 million long-term), respectively. The contract assets relate to the Company's rights to consideration for work completed but not yet billed. These amounts are included on a separate line item as Unbilled receivables, and balances expected to be billed later than one year from the balance sheet date are included within Other assets on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. We bill customers for power platform and power platform component sales based on certain contractual milestones being reached. We bill service agreements based on the contract price and billing terms of the contracts. Generally, our Advanced Technologies contracts are billed based on actual revenues recorded, typically in the subsequent month. Some Advanced Technologies contracts are billed based on contractual milestones or costs incurred. Contract liabilities as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023 were \$12.6 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. These amounts are included on a separate line item as Deferred revenue, and balances expected to be recognized as revenue beyond one year from the balance sheet date are included within Long-term deferred revenue on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The contract liabilities relate to the advance billings to customers for services that will be recognized over time and in some instances for deferred revenue relating to variable consideration for previously sold products. The net change in contract liabilities represents customer billings offset by revenue recognized. **Consideration Payable to a Customer** As of October 31, 2023, the Company had recorded \$6.3 million (\$6.0 million long-term) as consideration payable to Toyota Motor North America (the **Toyota**), which is included within Accrued liabilities and Long-term debt and other liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company received payment for the sale of an investment tax credit with respect to the Toyota project at the Port of Long Beach during the year ended October 31, 2023. The net amount of \$6.3 million is being recorded as a reduction to revenue during the period of measurement, which is the 20-year term of the hydrogen production and power purchase agreement between Toyota and the Company (the **Toyota HPPA**) that commenced in the first quarter of fiscal year 2024. Advanced Technologies Revenue **EMTEC Joint Development Agreement** and Rotterdam Pilot Project Purchase Order. In May 2023, the Company entered into a second letter agreement with ExxonMobil Technology and Engineering Company (formerly known as ExxonMobil Research and Engineering Company) (the **EMTEC**), pursuant to which the parties agreed that the conditions to the Company's agreement to invest in the future demonstration of the technology for capturing carbon at an ExxonMobil refinery located in Rotterdam, Netherlands (such demonstration, the **Rotterdam Project**) were met in April 2023 and, as a result, the Company will recognize \$2.5 million of the \$5.0 million milestone payment received in fiscal year 2022 under the Company's Joint Development Agreement with EMTEC as revenue across future deliverables to EMTEC. Of this \$2.5 million, the Company recognized revenue of \$1.4 million through July 31, 2024. The other \$2.5 million of the \$5.0 million milestone payment received in fiscal year 2022 under the Company's Joint Development Agreement with EMTEC was applied during fiscal year 2023 to discount EMTEC's purchase of the Company's fuel cell module and detailed engineering design for the Rotterdam Project. On January 31, 2024, the Company received a purchase order valued at \$11.6 million from Esso Nederland B.V. (the **Esso**), an affiliate of Exxon Mobil Corporation and EMTEC, for fuel cell modules as well as engineering, procurement, fabrication, testing and delivery services required for the construction and implementation of the modular point source carbon capture pilot plant at the Rotterdam Project. The Company expects that this pilot plant will be completed and commissioned early in calendar year 2026. On and effective as of March 31, 2024, the Company and EMTEC entered into Amendment No. 5 (the **Amendment**) to the Joint Development Agreement between the Company and EMTEC (as amended, the **Joint Development Agreement**). In Amendment No. 5, the Company and EMTEC further extended the term of the Joint Development Agreement such that it will end on December 31, 2026 (unless terminated earlier), so that the Company and EMTEC may pursue continued work to allow for technical readiness of the Generation 2 Technology fuel cell module as well as additional continuous technology development. In parallel with the Joint Development Agreement, the Company and EMTEC will pursue pioneer commercial deployments of the Generation 2 Technology with third parties, with the Company as the fuel cell module manufacturer for such deployments. Amendment No. 5 also removed the cap on the maximum amount of research costs to be reimbursed by EMTEC, and instead includes an expected annual budget for the 13 **Table of Contents** anticipated work through the remaining term of the Joint Development Agreement of at least \$10.0 million per year, subject to approval by EMTEC. In addition, Amendment No. 5 provides the Company with the ability to pursue new carbon capture projects with third parties for the remaining duration of the term of the Joint Development Agreement using Generation 1 Technology or Generation 2 Technology (provided that the use of Generation 2 Technology must be limited to the use of Generation 2 physical fuel cell properties and design elements in Generation 1 Technology modules), with any new sales of such activities, authorized work, and carbon capture projects, when summed together, having the capability of capturing no more than 250,000 tons of CO2 on a cumulative annual basis. Under Amendment No. 5, following expiration of the term of the Joint Development Agreement, the Company will also have the opportunity to continue to service continuing obligations for such projects entered into during the term of the Joint Development Agreement (e.g., completion of contracted builds, service and repair/replacement of components, etc.). To allow the Company to pursue such projects, in Amendment No. 5, EMTEC also granted to the Company a worldwide, non-exclusive, royalty-free, irrevocable (during the term of the Joint Development Agreement), non-sublicensable license to EMTEC's Generation 1 Technology as well as to EMTEC's Generation 2 Technology physical fuel cell properties and design elements. **Long-Term Service Agreement** with Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd. On May 28, 2024, the Company and Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd. (the **GGE**) entered into a long-term service agreement (the **LTSA**) with respect to GGE's 58.8 MW fuel cell power platform in Hwaseong-si, Korea (the **GGE Platform**). The GGE Platform is comprised of 21 SureSource 3000 molten carbonate fuel cells (each a **Plant**). Each Plant is comprised of two 1.4-MW carbonate fuel cell modules. Pursuant to the LTSA, GGE and the Company have agreed that (i) GGE will purchase from the Company 42 1.4-MW carbonate fuel cell modules to replace existing fuel cell modules at the GGE Platform, (ii) the Company will provide certain balance of plant replacement components if and to the extent the parties reasonably determine existing components should be replaced,



âœDerby Projectsâ€). As additional context concerning the relationship among the parties with respect to the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility more fully described below, on October 19, 2018, the Derby Project Companies and ParentÂ entered into an Amended and Restated Power Purchase Agreement (the âœDerby Amended and Restated PPAâ€) with The Connecticut Light and Power Company d/b/a Eversource Energy (âœCLPCâ€), pursuant to which the Derby Project Companies agreed to sell to CLPC, and CLPC agreed to purchase from the Derby Project Companies, all of theâ€ electricity output produced by the Derby Projects pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Derby Amended and Restated PPA. At the closing (the âœDerby Closingâ€) of each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility, which occurred simultaneously on April 25, 2024 (the âœDerby Closing Dateâ€), the entire amount of each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility was drawn down in the aggregate amount of \$13.0 million. Â After payment of fees and transaction costs (including fees to the Derby Back Leverage Lenders and legal costs) of approximately \$0.2 million in the aggregate, the remaining proceeds of approximately \$12.8 million were used as follows: (i) approximately \$0.9 million was used to fund debt service and module replacement reserve accounts (âœDSCR Reserve Accountsâ€) for the Derby Senior Back Leverage Lenders in amounts of approximately \$0.6 million for Liberty Lender and approximately \$0.3 million for Green Bank Lender; (ii) approximately \$0.4 million was used to fund a DSCR Reserve Account for the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Lender; and (iii) the remaining amount of approximately \$11.5 million was released to Parent from the Derby Back Leverage Lenders. A Additionally, the Company incurred legal fees of approximately \$0.2 million in relation to the financing that was not deducted from the debt proceeds. The Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan until the maturity date at a rate per annum equal to 7.25%. Â Quarterly principal amortization and interest payments are required to be made by Derby Holdco Borrower on the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan based on a seven-year amortization period. Â The Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans have a seven-year term, maturing on March 31, 2031. The Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan until the maturity date at a rate per annum equal to 8%. Â Pursuant to the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility, during the âœDerby Interest Only Periodâ€ (as defined below), Derby Holdco Borrower is required to make quarterly payments of interest only until June 30, 2031. Â Following the end of the âœDerby Interest Only Periodâ€,â€ principal and interest payments are required to be made quarterly in quarterly level payments (âœmortgage styleâ€) of principal and interest until the maturity date on March 31, 2038. Â Each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement contains certain reporting requirements and other affirmative and negative covenants which are customary for transactions of this type. Included in the covenants are covenants that: (i) Derby Holdco Borrower maintain a âœSeniorâ€ debt service coverage ratio (which is computed taking into account debt service obligations on the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans) of not less than 1.25:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested every quarter) and a âœTotalâ€ debt service coverage ratio (which is computed taking into account debt service obligations on both the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan) of not less than 1.10:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested on a quarterly basis); (ii) Derby Holdco Borrower may make distributions or dividends only if the foregoing debt to equity coverage ratios have been satisfied and Derby Holdco Borrower is not in default under any provisions of either the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement or the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement, including having made all required deposits into reserve accounts; (iii) Derby Holdco Borrower is required to exercise its right under the Derby Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement to acquire the Derby Class A Interests from Franklin Park 20 Table of Contents during the ninety day period beginning on the âœFlip Pointâ€ (which, pursuant to the Derby Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement, is the date on which the holder of Derby Class A Interests has realized a certain return on investment and, accordingly, Derby Holdco Borrower, as holder of the Derby Class B Interests, has the right to purchase the Derby Class A Interests); and (iv) the consent of the Senior Administrative Agent is required prior to Derby Holdco Borrowerâ€'s taking certain material actions under the Derby Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement. Each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement also contains customary representations and warranties and customary events of default that cause, or entitle the Derby Back Leverage Lenders to cause, the outstanding loans to become immediately due and payable. Â In addition to customary events of default for transactions of this kind, the events of default include if a Change of Control occurs (meaning Parent no longer directly or indirectly owns Derby Holdco Borrower), a cross default (meaning that a default under the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility shall be deemed a default under the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Facility and vice versa) or if CLPC should become insolvent, is in bankruptcy or commits a specified number of payment defaults with regard to its payment obligations to the Derby Project Companies. The Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans may be prepaid at any time at the option of Derby Holdco Borrower provided that (i) each prepayment on or prior to the second anniversary of the Derby Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 3% of the principal amount being prepaid; (ii) each prepayment after the second anniversary of the Derby Closing Date but on or prior to the fourth anniversary of the Derby Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 2% of the principal amount being prepaid; and (iii) each prepayment after the fourth anniversary of the Derby Closing Date but on or prior to the seventh anniversary of the Derby Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 1% of the principal amount being prepaid. The Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan may be prepaid at any time without premium or penalty. OpCo Financing Facility Interest Rate Swap â€" Fair Value Adjustment The Companyâ€'s interest rate swap related to the OpCo Financing Facility (as defined elsewhere herein) is recorded at its fair value each reporting period, with the resulting gains/losses recorded to other income/expense. The interest rate swap is a Level 2 asset/liability since the value can be determined based on the observed values for underlying interest rates. The fair value adjustment for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024 resulted in a loss of \$2.4 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. The Company has recorded a derivative asset within other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which had an estimated fair value of \$0.1 million and \$3.3 million as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively.â€ NoteA 16. Benefit Plans Long-Term Incentive Plans The Board periodically approves Long-Term Incentive Plans which include performance-based awards tied to the Companyâ€'s common stock price as well as time-vesting awards. None of the awards granted as part of Long-Term Incentive Plans include any dividend equivalent or other stockholder rights.Â To the extent the awards are earned, they may be settled in shares or cash or an equivalent value at the Companyâ€'s option. Long-Term Incentive Plan Awards for Fiscal Year 2024:â€ On December 11, 2023, the Companyâ€'s Board of Directors (the âœBoardâ€) approved certain awards to be made under the Companyâ€'s Long-Term Incentive Plan for fiscal year 2024 (the âœLTI Planâ€). The LTI Plan is as a sub-plan consisting of awards made under the Companyâ€'s 2018 Omnibus Incentive Plan (as amended and restated from time to time, the âœ2018 Omnibus Incentive Planâ€). The participants in the LTI Plan are members of senior management. The awards under the LTI Plan consist of two components: (i) Relative Total Shareholder Return (âœRTSRâ€) Performance Share Units (âœPSUsâ€). The PSUs granted during the nine months ended July 31, 2024 will be earned over the performance period ending on OctoberA 31, 2026, but will remain subject to a continued service-based vesting requirement until the third anniversary of the date of grant.Â The performance measure for the relative TSR PSUs is the TSR of the Company relative to the TSR of the Russell 2000 from October 31, 2023 through OctoberA 31, 2026. The Compensation Committee established the performance assessment criteria for the relative TSR PSUs as the TSR of the Company relative to the TSR of the Russell 2000, with the award calibration being 100% plus or minus 0.5x the difference between the Companyâ€'s TSR and the Russell 2000 Index composite TSR. Â The award is capped at 200% of the target number of PSUs, and the award is further capped at 100% of the target number of PSUs if the Companyâ€'s absolute TSR over the performance period is negative. Â The Companyâ€'s TSR is calculated by subtracting the Companyâ€'s beginning 21 Table of Contentss stock price (defined as the average closing price of the Companyâ€'s common stock over the 20 consecutive trading days ending on October 31, 2023) from the ending stock price (defined as the average closing price of the Companyâ€'s common stock over the 20 consecutive trading days ending on October 31, 2026), adding any dividends during the period, and then dividing the result by the Companyâ€'s beginning stock price. Given that the performance period is still open, the Company has reserved shares equal to 200% of the target number of PSUs, subject to performance during the remaining performance period as well as vesting based on continued service until December 11, 2026 (the third anniversary of the grant date). 2) Time-vesting Restricted Stock Units (âœRSUsâ€). Â The time-vesting RSUs granted during the nine months ended July 31, 2024 will vest at a rate of one-third of the total number of RSUs on each of the first three anniversaries of the date of grant.Â On December 11, 2023, 6,548,760 RSUs were awarded to senior management under the LTI Plan, which included 3,274,384 PSUs (all of which were contingent) and 3,274,376 time-based vesting RSUs. The 3,274,384 PSUs granted during the three months ended January 31, 2024 were contingent upon approval by the Companyâ€'s stockholders of additional authorized shares under the Companyâ€'s 2018 Omnibus Incentive Plan, which approval was obtained at the 2024 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the âœAnnual Meetingâ€) on April 4, 2024. In addition to the awards granted to senior management, during the nine months ended July 31, 2024, the Board also granted a total of 6,145,308 time-based vesting RSUs to certain salaried employees to promote ownership of the Companyâ€'s equity and retention.Â Of the time-based vesting RSUs granted during the nine months ended July 31, 2024, 3,978,496 were contingent upon approval by the Companyâ€'s stockholders of additional authorized shares of common stock under the Companyâ€'s 2018 Omnibus Incentive Plan, which approval was obtained at the Annual Meeting. The time-based vesting RSUs granted during the nine months ended July 31, 2024 vest at a rate of one-third of the total number of RSUs granted on each of the first three anniversaries of the date of grant.Â PSUs are issued assuming participants achieve 100% target performance. The Company also reserves additional shares assuming the maximum performance targets are met. Share-Based Compensation Share-based compensation was reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss as follows (in thousands):â€ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Three Months Ended July 31,â€ Nine Months Ended July 31,â€ A A A 2024A A A 2023A 2024A A A 2023Cost of revenuesâ€ \$ 463â€ \$ 389â€ \$ 1,211â€ \$ 1,137Administrative and selling expenseâ€ \$ 2,304â€ \$ 2,285â€ \$ 6,498â€ \$ 6,546Research and development expenseâ€ \$ 483â€ \$ 375â€ \$ 1,257â€ \$ 1,034â€ \$ 3,250â€ \$ 3,049â€ \$ 8,966â€ \$ 8,717â€ Restricted Stock Units Including Performance Share UnitsThe following table summarizes our RSU activity for the nine months ended July 31, 2024:â€ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Restricted Stock UnitsA A A SharesA A A Weighted-Average Fair ValueOutstanding as of October 31, 2023â€ \$ 6,543,138â€ \$ 5.06Granted - time-vesting RSUsâ€ \$ 9,419,684â€ \$ 1.27Granted - PSUsâ€ \$ 3,274,384â€ \$ 1.63Vestedâ€ \$ (2,273,544)â€ \$ 7,03Forfeitedâ€ \$ (191,243)â€ \$ 3.19Outstanding as of July 31, 2024â€ \$ 16,772,419â€ \$ 2.15â€ \$ 22 Table of Contents NoteA 17. Commitments and Contingencies Service Agreements Under the provisions of its service agreements, the Company provides services to maintain, monitor, and repair customer power plants to meet minimum operating levels. Under the terms of such service agreements, the particular power plant must meet a minimum operating output during defined periods of the term. If minimum output falls below the contract requirement, the Company may be subject to performance penalties and/or may be required to repair or replace the customerâ€'s power plant(s). Power Purchase Agreements Under the terms of the Companyâ€'s PPAs, customers agree to purchase power from the Companyâ€'s fuel cell power plants at negotiated rates. Electricity rates are generally a function of the customersâ€ current and estimated future electricity pricing available from the grid. As owner or lessee of the power plants, the Company is responsible for all operating costs necessary to maintain, monitor and repair the power plants. Under certain agreements, the Company is also responsible for procuring fuel, generally natural gas or biogas, to run the power plants. In addition, under the terms of some of the PPAs, the Company may be subject to a performance penalty if the Company does not meet certain performance requirements. Project Fuel Exposure Certain of our PPAs for project assets in our generation operating portfolio expose us to fluctuating fuel price risks as well as the risk of being unable to procure the required amounts of fuel and the lack of alternative available fuel sources. We seek to mitigate our fuel risk using strategies including: (i) fuel cost reimbursement mechanisms in our PPAs to allow for pass through of fuel costs (full or partial) where possible, which we have done with our 14.9 MW operating project in Bridgeport, CT; (ii) procuring fuel under fixed price physical supply contracts with investment grade counterparties, which we have done for twenty years for our Tulara BioMAT project, the initial seven years of the eighteen year PPA for our LIPA Yaphank Project (through September 2028), six years of the twenty year PPA for our 14.0 MW and 2.8 MW Derby Projects (through October 2029), and the initial two years of the twenty year hydrogen power purchase agreement for our Toyota project (through May of 2025); and (iii) potentially entering into future financial hedges with investment grade counterparties to offset potential negative market fluctuations. The Company does not take a fundamental view on natural gas or other commodity pricing and seeks commercially available means to reduce commodity exposure. If the Company is unable to secure fuel on favorable economic terms, it may result in impairment charges. The Company net settled certain natural gas purchases under previous normal purchase normal sale contract designations during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2023 for one contract and the second quarter of fiscal year 2024 for other contracts, which resulted in a change to mark-to-market accounting. The Company recorded a mark-to-market net loss of \$0.9 million and \$5.1 million associated with the natural gas contract derivatives for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024, respectively. The Company has recorded derivative assets within other assets on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which had an estimated fair value of \$1.9 million and \$4.1 million as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively. The Company has recorded derivative liabilities within long-term debt and other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, which had an estimated fair value of \$2.9 million and zero as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023, respectively. The natural gas contract derivatives are classified as Level 2 financial assets/liabilities since the values can be determined based on readily observable inputs for underlying natural gas forward prices. Other As of July 31, 2024, the Company had unconditional purchase commitments aggregating to \$73.2 million for materials, supplies and services in the normal course of business. Legal Proceedings From time to time, the Company is involved in legal proceedings, including, but not limited to, regulatory proceedings, claims, mediations, arbitrations and litigation, arising out of the ordinary course of its business (âœLegal Proceedingsâ€). Although the Company cannot assure the outcome of such Legal Proceedings, management presently believes that the result of such Legal Proceedings, either individually, or in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the 23 Table of Contents Companyâ€'s consolidated financial statements, and no material amounts have been accrued in the Companyâ€'s consolidated financial statements with respect to these matters. NoteA 18. Subsequent Events Amended Sales Agreement Subsequent to July 31, 2024, the Company sold approximatelyA 2.2A million shares of its common stock under the Amended Sales Agreement at an average price of \$0.51A per share, resulting in gross proceeds of approximately \$1.1A million before deducting sales commissions and fees, and net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$1.1A million after deducting sales commissions and fees totaling approximately \$21.9A thousand. As of the date of this report, approximately \$225.3 million of shares remained available for sale under the Amended Sales Agreement.â€ \$ 24 Table of Contents ItemA 1A. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains statements that the Company believes to be âœforward-looking statementsâ€ within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the âœPSLRAâ€). All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Form 10-K, including statements regarding the Companyâ€'s future financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, expectations, future performance, business operations and business prospects, are forward-looking statements. Words such as âœexpects,â€ âœanticipates,â€ âœestimates,â€ âœgoals,â€ âœprojects,â€ âœcontemplates,â€ âœbelieves,â€ âœpredicts,â€ âœshould,â€ âœwill,â€ âœseeks,â€ âœwill,â€ âœcould,â€ âœwould,â€ âœmay,â€ âœforecast,â€ and similar expressions and variations of such words are intended to identify forward-looking statements and are included, along with this statement, for purposes of complying with the safe harbor provisions of the PSLRA. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts, nor assurances of future performance. Instead, such statements are based only on our beliefs, expectations, and assumptions regarding the future. As such, the realization of matters expressed in forward-looking statements involves inherent risks and uncertainties. Such statements relate to, among other things, the following: (i) the development and commercialization by FuelCell Energy, Inc. and its subsidiaries of fuel cell technology and products and the market for such products; (ii) the expected timing of completion of our ongoing projects; (iii) our business plans and strategies; (iv) the markets in which we expect to operate; (v) expected operating results such as revenue growth and earnings; (vi) our belief that we have sufficient liquidity to fund our business operations for the next 12 months; (vii) future funding under Advanced Technologies contracts; (viii) future financing for projects, including equity and debt investments by investors and commercial bank financing, as well as overall financial market conditions; (ix) the expected cost competitiveness of our technology; and (x) our ability to achieve our sales plans, manufacturing capacity expansion plans, market access and market expansion goals, and cost reduction targets. The forward-looking statements contained in this report are subject to risks and uncertainties, known and unknown, that could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth in or contemplated by the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, the risks described in our Annual Report on FormA 10-K for the fiscalA year ended OctoberA 31, 2023 and in the section below entitled âœItemA 1A. Risk Factors,â€ and the following risks and uncertainties: general risks associated with product development and manufacturing; general economic conditions; changes in interest rates, which may impact project financing; supply chain disruptions; changes in





NameÂ Â Â Â LocationÂ Â Â Â PowerÂ OffÂ -Â TakerÂ Â Â RatedCapacity(MW)

(1)À Á ActualCommercialOperationÀ Date(FuelCellÀ EnergyFiscalÀ Quarter)À Á PPAÀ Term(Years)Central CT State University(à€CCSU)à€New Britain, CTÀ CCSU (CT University)à€ 1.4À€ 20À€ 12À€ 15Riverside Regional WaterQuality Control PlantÀ€Riverside, CAÀ€City of Riverside (CA Municipality)à€ 1.4À€ 16À€ 20Pfizer, Inc. à€Groton, CTÀ€Pfizer, Inc.à€ 5.6À€ 20Santa Rita Regionà€Dublin, CAÀ€Alameda County, California à€ 1.4À€ Q1 '17À€ 20Bridgeport Fuel Cell ProjectÀ€Bridgeport, CTÀ€Connecticut Light and Power Company (CT Utility)à€ 14.9À€ Q1 '13À€ 15Tulare BioMATÀ€Tulare, CAÀ€Southern California Edison (CA Utility)à€ 2.8À€ Q1 '20à€ 20San Bernardino, CAÀ€City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department.À€ 1.4À€ Q3 '21À€ 20LIPA Yaphank ProjectÀ€Long Island, NYÀ€PEG / LIPA, LI NYÀ€(Utility)à€ 7.4À€ Q1 '22À€ 18Groton ProjectÀ€Groton,

CT&E.CMEC (CT Electric Co-op)â€ 7.4(2)â€<Q1 '23â€<20Toyotaâ€<Long Beach, CAâ€<Southern California Edison; Toyota â€< 2.3â€<Q1 '24â€<20Derby - CT RFP-2â€<Derby, CTâ€<Eversource/United Illuminating (CT Utilities)â€< 14.0â€<Q1 '24â€<20SCFE - Derbyâ€<Derby, CTâ€<Eversource/United Illuminating (CT Utilities)â€< 2.8â€<Q1 '24â€<20 â€< â€< â€< â€< Total MW Operating.â€< 62.8â€< â€< â€< â€< (1)Rated capacity is the platformâ€< 's design rated output as of the date of initiation of commercial operations, except with respect to the Groton Project. (2)The Groton Project was previously operating (including as of the date of initiation of commercial operations) at a reduced output of approximately 6.0 MW. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2024, the Groton Project reached its design rated output of 7.4 MW. Generation Projects in ProcessDuring fiscal year 2022, we entered into a PPA with Trinity College in Hartford, Connecticut, for our 250 kW solid oxide fuel cell power generation system. Power and heat produced from the platform will be used at Trinityâ€< 's campus in Hartford, Connecticut to lower energy cost and enhance energy reliability and security. A This project is currently under development and the solid oxide fuel cell power generation system is expected to be installed in fiscal year 2025. Modules for our solid oxide platform are manufactured at our manufacturing and research and development facility in Calgary, Alberta, Canada, and this project will be fully assembled and integrated at our facilities in Connecticut.39 Table of ContentsIn March 2024, we entered into a PPA with the University of Connecticut (â€<UConnâ€<), in Storrs, Connecticut, for four 250 kW solid oxide fuel cell power generation systems totaling 1 MW. Power from these solid oxide fuel cells will be used by UConnâ€< 's new Innovation Partnership Building. Any unused power will be exported to the grid under the fuel cell net metering tariffs. This project is currently under development and the solid oxide fuel cell power generation system is expected to be installed in phases, with the first phase beginning in calendar year 2025 and construction concluding with installation of the last phase in calendar year 2026. Fuel cell stacks for our solid oxide platform are manufactured at our manufacturing and research and development facility in Calgary, Alberta, Canada, and this project will be fully assembled and integrated at our facilities in Connecticut. BacklogBacklog by revenue category is as follows:â€<Service agreements backlog totaled \$178.4 million as of July 31, 2024, compared to \$136.6 million as of July 31, 2023. Service agreements backlog includes future contracted revenue from maintenance and scheduled module exchanges for power plants under service agreements. During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, the Company entered into a 14-year service agreement with Noeul Green Energy, Co. Ltd. (â€<Noeul Green Energyâ€<) for their 20 MW plant in Korea. The contract value totaled approximately \$75.6 million. A In addition, during the three months ended July 31, 2024, the Company entered into a long-term service agreement (the â€<LTSAâ€<) with Gyeonggi Green Energy Co., Ltd. (â€<GGEâ€<) with respect to GGEâ€< 's 58.8 MW fuel cell power platform in Hwaseong-si, Korea (the â€<GGE Platformâ€<). The contract value totaled approximately \$159.6 million, of which approximately \$33.6 million is allocated to service and will be recognized as revenue as the Company performs service at the GGE Platform over the term of the LTSA.â€<Generation backlog totaled \$839.5 million as of July 31, 2024, compared to \$915.1 million as of July 31, 2023. Generation backlog represents future contracted energy sales under contracted PPAs or approved utility tariffs.â€<Product backlog totaled \$136.7 million as of July 31, 2024, compared to \$26.0 thousand as of July 31, 2023. Product backlog increased during the period ended July 31, 2024 primarily as a result of the LTSA with GGE which added \$126.0 million. Product backlog will be recognized as revenue over time as the Company completes commissioning of the new facilities.

replacement fuel cell modules expected to be commissioned throughout the course of calendar year 2025, and the remaining six 1.4-MW replacement fuel cell modules expected to be commissioned in the first half of calendar year 2026. Advanced Technologies contract backlog totaled \$42.5 million as of July 31, 2024, compared to \$11.6 million as of July 31, 2023. Advanced Technologies contract backlog primarily represents remaining revenue under our Joint Development Agreement with EMTEC, revenue from a purchase order valued at \$11.6 million from Esso, an affiliate of Exxon Mobil Corporation and EMTEC, and remaining revenue under our government projects. Overall, backlog increased by approximately 12.6% to \$1.20 billion as of July 31, 2024, compared to \$1.06 billion as of July 31, 2023, primarily as a result of the LTSA with GGE with respect to the GGE Platform. The GGE Platform is comprised of 21 SureSource 3000 molten carbonate fuel cells (each a "Plant"). Each Plant is comprised of two 1.4-MW carbonate fuel cell modules. Pursuant to the LTSA, GGE and the Company have agreed that (i) GGE will purchase from the Company 42 1.4-MW carbonate fuel cell modules to replace existing fuel cell modules at the GGE Platform, (ii) the Company will provide certain balance of plant replacement components if and to the extent the parties reasonably determine existing components should be replaced, and (iii) the Company will provide long term operations and maintenance services for the GGE Platform. The total amount payable by GGE under the LTSA for the 42 replacement fuel cell modules, balance of plant replacement components, and service is \$159.6 million USD, with payments to be made over time as such replacement fuel cell modules are commissioned and the service obligations under the LTSA for such Plants commence. This amount was recorded as backlog concurrent with the execution of the LTSA on May 28, 2024. Backlog also increased due to the service agreement with Nueo Green Energy entered into during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2023, new Advanced Technologies contract backlog as a result of the purchase order received from Esso during the first quarter of fiscal year 2024, and additional Advanced Technologies contract backlog related to Amendment 40 Table of Contents No. 5 to the Joint Development Agreement between the Company and EMTEC entered into in April 2024, partially offset by revenue recognition under generation, service and Advanced Technologies agreements since July 31, 2023. Backlog represents definitive agreements executed by the Company and our customers. Projects for which we have an executed PPA are included in generation backlog, which represents future revenue under long-term PPAs. The Company's ability to recognize revenue in the future under a PPA is subject to the Company's completion of construction of the project covered by such PPA. Should the Company not complete the construction of the project covered by a PPA, it will forgo future revenues with respect to the project and may incur penalties and/or impairment charges related to the project. Projects sold to customers (and not retained by the Company) are included in product sales and service agreements backlog, and the related generation backlog is removed upon sale. Together, the service and generation portion of backlog had a weighted average term of approximately 17 years as of July 31, 2024, with weighting based on the dollar amount of backlog and utility service contracts of up to 20 years in duration at inception. Factors that may impact our liquidity include factors that may impact our liquidity in fiscal year 2024 and beyond include: (i) The Company's cash on hand and access to additional liquidity. As of July 31, 2024, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents totaled \$159.3 million. In addition, the Company has invested in United States (U.S.) Treasury Securities with maturity dates of less than one year. The amortized cost of the U.S. Treasury Securities outstanding totaled \$107.8 million as of July 31, 2024 compared to \$103.8 million as of October 31, 2023 and is classified as Investments - short-term on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. (ii) The Company has been largely reliant on the equity markets to raise capital to fund its operations, commercialization and expansion plans. During the nine months ended July 31, 2024, approximately 101.7 million shares of the Company's common stock were sold under the Amended Sales Agreement at an average sale price of \$0.72 per share, resulting in gross proceeds of approximately \$73.6 million before deducting sales commissions and fees, and net proceeds to the Company of approximately \$71.7 million after deducting sales commissions totaling approximately \$1.5 million and fees totaling approximately \$0.4 million. Given the volatility and decline in the Company's stock price during fiscal year 2024, as well as the requirement to meet the continued listing standards of The Nasdaq Global Market (further discussed in Part II, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report), the Company may be unable to raise capital at the same levels as it has in the past in the equity markets. (iii) We bid on large projects in diverse markets that can have long decision cycles and uncertain outcomes. (iv) We manage our factory production rate based on expected demand and project schedules. Changes to production rate take time to implement. During the nine months ended July 31, 2024, we operated at an annualized production rate of approximately 31.1 MW at our Torrington manufacturing facility, compared to an annualized production rate for the nine months ended July 31, 2023 of 31.9 MW. This reduction in annualized production rates is primarily due to moderating our production levels in our Torrington facility as a result of market demand timing. We continue to monitor and make adjustments to our production rate, including material and staffing levels, at our Torrington facility to meet current and expected demand. (v) As project sizes and the number of projects evolve, project cycle times may increase. We may need to make significant up-front investments of resources in advance of the receipt of any cash from the financing or sale of our projects. These amounts include development costs, interconnection costs, costs associated with posting of letters of credit, bonding or other forms of security, and engineering, permitting, legal, and other expenses. (vi) The amount of accounts receivable and unbilled receivables as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023 was \$61.2 million (\$19.9 million of which is classified as "Other assets") and \$45.9 million (\$25.8 million of which is classified as "Other assets"), respectively. Unbilled accounts receivable represent revenue that has been recognized in advance of billing the customer under the terms of the underlying contracts. Such costs have been funded with working capital and the unbilled amounts are expected to be billed and collected from customers once we meet the billing criteria under the contracts. Our accounts receivable balances may fluctuate as of any balance sheet date depending on the timing of individual contract milestones and progress on completion of our projects. (vii) The amount of total inventory as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023 was \$132.1 million (\$2.7 million is classified as long-term inventory) and \$91.8 million (\$7.3 million is classified as long-term inventory), respectively, which includes work in process inventory totaling \$94.4 million and \$55.6 million, respectively. Work in process inventory can generally be deployed rapidly while the balance of our inventory requires further manufacturing prior to deployment. To execute on our business plan, we must produce fuel cell modules and procure balance of plant ("BOP") components in required volumes to support our planned construction schedules and potential customer contractual requirements. As a result, we may manufacture modules or acquire BOP components in advance of receiving payment for such activities. This may result in fluctuations in inventory and cash as of any given balance sheet date. (viii) The amount of total project assets as of July 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023 was \$248.8 million and \$258.1 million, respectively. Project assets consist of capitalized costs for fuel cell projects that are operating and producing revenue or are under construction. Project assets as of July 31, 2024 consisted of \$248.7 million of completed, operating installations and \$0.1 million of projects in development. As of July 31, 2024, we had 62.8 MW of operating project assets that generated \$38.0 million of revenue for the nine months ended July 31, 2024. (ix) As of July 31, 2024, the Company had 1.3 MW of projects under development that are expected to be completed by the end of calendar year 2026. To build out these projects, as of July 31, 2024, we estimate the total remaining investment in project assets to be in the range of approximately \$15.0 million to \$20.0 million through calendar year 2026. For fiscal year 2024, including the \$11.8 million spent during the first nine months of fiscal year 2024, we expect total project asset expenditures to range from approximately \$12.0 million to \$15.0 million. This estimated range is lower than the \$15.0 million to \$25.0 million range estimated at the beginning of fiscal year 2024, due to a change in the expected completion date of the Trinity project being shifted from fiscal year 2024 to calendar year 2025. This compares to project asset expenditures of approximately \$53.0 million during fiscal year 2023. The expected reduction in such expenditures during fiscal year 2024 is due to the completion of the Derby and Toyota Projects, and it is expected that the lower expenditures in fiscal year 2024 will benefit the Company's liquidity position. To fund expected remaining project expenditures, the Company expects to use unrestricted cash on hand and potentially seek sources of construction financing. In addition, once the projects become operational, the Company will seek to obtain permanent financing (tax equity and debt), which would be expected to return cash to the business. For the nine months ended July 31, 2024, capitalized project asset expenditures were \$11.8 million. In addition, the Company expensed costs related to the Toyota Project, which totaled \$6.3 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2024. (x) Certain of our PPAs for project assets in our generation operating portfolio expose us to fluctuating fuel price risks as well as the risk of being unable to procure the required amounts of fuel and the lack of alternative available fuel sources. We seek to mitigate our fuel risk using strategies including: (i) fuel cost reimbursement mechanisms in our PPAs to allow for pass through of fuel costs (full or partial) where possible, which we have done with our 14.9 MW operating project in Bridgeport, CT (the "Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project"); (ii) procuring fuel under fixed price physical supply contracts with investment grade counterparties, which we have done for twenty years for our Tulara BioMAT project, the initial seven years of the eighteen year PPA for our LIPA Yaphank Project (through September 2028), six years of the twenty year PPA for our 14.0 MW and 2.8 MW Derby Projects (through October 2029), and the initial two years of the twenty year hydrogen power purchase agreement for our Toyota Project (through May of 2025); and (iii) potentially entering into future financial hedges with investment grade counterparties to offset potential negative market fluctuations. The Company does not take a fundamental view on natural gas or other commodity pricing and seeks commercially available means to reduce commodity exposure. If the Company is unable to secure fuel on favorable economic terms, it may result in impairment charges. (xi) Expenditures for property, plant and equipment are expected to range between \$45.0 million and \$60.0 million for fiscal year 2024. Our expected expenditures for the fiscal year have been reduced (from a range of \$60.0 million to \$75.0 million as of the beginning of fiscal year 2024) as a result of a decision to defer certain elements of the Calgary expansion due to the pace of market developments. The expected expenditures for fiscal year 2024 are in addition to the capital expenditures and commitments made by the Company in fiscal year 2023 to upgrade our manufacturing facilities, including the expansion of solid oxide manufacturing capacity at our Calgary facility, which is now 42 Table of Contents expected to be completed by the end of calendar year 2025. We are also increasing the carbonate manufacturing capabilities in our Torrington facility for expected growth in carbon capture and recovery. During the first nine months of fiscal year 2024, cash payments for capital expenditures totaled approximately \$37.2 million. Included in projected expenditures associated with the capacity expansion for molten carbonate is equipment to launch the carbon capture platform manufacturing required for the assembly of the technology we jointly developed with EMTEC. The solid oxide production capacity expansion is underway in our Calgary, Canada facility and is expected to increase the capacity of the facility from 1 MW to 10 MW per year of solid oxide fuel cell production or from 4 MW to 40 MW per year of solid oxide electrolysis cell ("SOEC") production by the end of calendar year 2025. Our current carbonate and solid oxide platform capacity expansion plans are as follows: Carbonate Platform: At this time, the maximum annualized capacity (module manufacturing, final assembly, testing and conditioning) is 100 MW per year under the Torrington facility's current configuration when fully utilized. The Torrington facility is sized to accommodate the eventual annualized production capacity of up to 200 MW per year with additional capital investment in machinery, equipment, tooling, labor and inventory. The Company continues to invest in capability with the goal of reducing production bottlenecks and driving productivity, including investments in automation, laser welding, and the construction of additional integrated conditioning capacity. The Company also constructed a SureSource 1500 in Torrington during fiscal year 2022, which operates as a testing facility for qualifying new supplier components and performance testing and validation of continued platform innovations. During fiscal year 2023, the Company made investments to add engineered carbon recovery capability to the onsite SureSource 1500. This addition is expected to be completed in calendar year 2024. This product enhancement will allow potential customers to observe the operating plant and, given the targeted market of food and beverage companies, will allow for the sampling and testing of recovered CO<sub>2</sub> to verify quantity, quality or purity requirements. In addition, the Company recently began manufacturing carbonate modules optimized for direct flue gas carbon capture at the Torrington facility. Solid Oxide Platforms: The Company continues to invest in product development and manufacturing scale up for two solid oxide platforms: power generation and electrolysis. Both platforms are based on the Company's differentiated thin, lightweight, electrode supported cells, which are configured into compact, lightweight stacks. The thin electrode structure minimizes electrolyte materials, leading to very low use of rare earth minerals compared to other solid oxide technologies, and the electrodes do not require the platinum group materials that lower temperature systems require. The thin electrodes also have very low electrical resistance, leading to high efficiency in both power generation and electrolysis applications. We provide integrated products with the goal of offering complete customer solutions. Our electrolysis platform includes integrated steam generation and hydrogen drying systems, so it will be fed with water, not steam, and will provide dried hydrogen. A steam supply can optionally be used to increase the electrical efficiency of the system from 90% to 100% (based on higher heating value). Our power generation platform can operate on natural gas, biogas, hydrogen, or fuel blends, and is capable of combined heat and power operation at up to 80% efficiency (based on lower heating value). During the year ended October 31, 2023, Versa Power Systems Ltd. (a subsidiary of FuelCell Energy), entered into a lease expansion, extension and amending agreement which expanded the space leased by Versa Ltd. in Calgary, Alberta, Canada to include an additional approximately 48,000 square feet, for a total of approximately 80,000 square feet of space. The Company took possession of part of the additional space on April 1, 2023 and took possession of the rest of the additional space on June 1, 2023. In addition, long-lead process equipment has been ordered to facilitate the expansion of manufacturing capacity for the solid oxide platforms in Calgary. Upon the completion of the Calgary capacity expansion, the Company expects that it will be able to increase annual production capacity and that it will be capable of delivering up to 40 MW of annualized SOEC production per year. During the engineering and permitting phase of this initial manufacturing expansion project, the Company has designed in flexibility that would allow us to further increase cell stack manufacturing capacity at our Calgary facility to facilitate the potential annualized production of up to an additional 40 MW of SOECs per year by leasing additional space and investing in various process optimizations intended to increase throughput and yield. This approach would allow for the potential to increase our total annualized SOEC manufacturing capacity to up to 80 MW per year. Additional investments in our Torrington, CT manufacturing facility could also be undertaken to provide solid oxide module assembly to further enhance overall SOEC manufacturing capacity. The Company has hired and trained additional staff for a 3-shift production operation to support the initial planned expansion to 40 MW and would need to add additional staff as required in the future to realize the potential 80 MW of annualized SOEC production. Our solid oxide manufacturing operation is in the process of building four units: two units that will run internally for advanced testing and two production units for delivery externally. As part of this process, the Company continues to focus on optimizing and improving its solid oxide technology, including stack life, performance and efficiency. Once complete, one of these units ("our electrolysis platform") is expected to be delivered to Idaho National Laboratory (INL), and another of these units - our distributed power platform ("our electrolysis platform") is expected to be delivered to Trinity College in Hartford, Connecticut for use under a long-term PPA. All four of these units are in the design, fabrication or manufacturing process, with the INL unit in the final stages of construction and testing. The other three units are now expected to be completed and delivered during calendar year 2025 (rather than calendar year 2024 as previously expected) depending on timing of site readiness, permitting and key component deliveries. The change in the expected timing of completion and delivery is due to allocation of resources as the market for these products further develops as well as our continued work on product improvements prior to delivery. If needed to accommodate future commercial orders, the Company may reallocate one or more of its planned internal units for commercial delivery. The expansion of the Calgary manufacturing facility is phase 1 of the Company's planned operational expansion of production capability. While this expansion is expected to increase our production capacity from 4 MW per year to 40 MW per year of SOECs, the Company also plans to add up to an additional 400 MW of solid oxide manufacturing capacity in the United States, with timing depending on the development of market demand for our products. Preliminary facility design and engineering requirements have been developed, and the Company has engaged in an extensive search in the United States for a potential location for a new manufacturing facility, which would be incremental to the Calgary facility. The Company is also exploring adding certain solid oxide manufacturing capabilities to its Torrington, Connecticut production facility. Decisions with respect to the Company's investment in facility expansion will be paced by market demand. Lastly, the Company is in the process of examining or actively applying for various financial programs offered by both Canada and the United States to provide subsidies, investment tax credits and other assistance with the goal of expanding capacity for clean energy manufacturing. (xii) Company-funded research and development expenses are expected to be in the range between \$56.0 million and \$61.0 million for fiscal year 2024 reflecting a decrease from our prior estimated expenses at the beginning of fiscal year 2024 of \$60.0 million to \$70.0 million and a decrease from our prior estimated expenses at the end of the second quarter of fiscal year 2024 of \$60.0 million to \$65.0 million, given the amount of resources expected to be allocated to this effort. During the nine months ended July 31, 2024, we incurred a total of \$43.8 million of Company-funded research and development expenses as we continued to focus on accelerating commercialization of our Advanced Technologies solutions including distributed hydrogen, hydrogen based long duration energy storage and hydrogen power generation. The Company continues to advance its solid oxide platform research, including increasing production of solid oxide fuel cell modules and expanding manufacturing capacity. The Company continues to work with INL on a demonstration high-efficiency electrolysis platform. This project, done in conjunction with the U.S. Department of Energy, is intended to demonstrate that the Company's platform can operate at higher electrical efficiency than currently available electrolysis technologies through the inclusion of an external heat source. To further accelerate the commercialization activity for the solid oxide platform, the Company commenced the design and

construction of two advanced prototypes: (i) a 250 kW power generation platform, and (ii) a 1 MW high-efficiency electrolysis platform. These advanced prototypes are in process and expected to be completed during calendar year 2025 (rather than calendar year 2024 as previously expected). The change in expected timing of completion is due to allocation of resources as the market for these products further develops. —Under the terms of certain contracts, the Company will provide performance security for future contractual obligations. As of July 31, 2024, we had pledged approximately \$58.8 million of our cash and cash equivalents as collateral for performance security and for letters of credit for certain banking requirements and contracts. This balance may increase with a growing backlog and installed fleet.44 Table of Contents—The Company's ability to continue to implement cost saving measures if sales activities do not occur when expected. As noted above, the Company has made certain downward adjustments to expected spending during fiscal year 2024 as a result of the pace of market development and due to the need to continue the Company's work to optimize and focus on optimizing and improving the Company's solid oxide technology, including its stack life, performance and efficiency. Adjustments to expected spending for fiscal year 2024 have included reductions in capital expenditures and Company-funded research and development expenses. The Company has also extended the timing of deployment of certain first article solid oxide units as a result of the factors above. In September 2024, as part of its cost saving measures, the Company also made job eliminations in certain areas and reduced its workforce by approximately 4% (calculated as a percentage of total salaries being reduced). The Company expects to continue to focus its strategy to respond to market conditions which may result in additional spending and headcount reductions in future periods. —Depreciation and AmortizationAs the Company builds project assets and makes capital expenditures, depreciation and amortization expenses are expected to increase. For the three months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, depreciation and amortization totaled \$9.2 million and \$6.6 million, respectively (of these totals, approximately \$7.3 million and \$5.4 million for the three months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, relate to depreciation of project assets in our generation operating portfolio and amortization of a generation intangible asset). For the nine months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, depreciation and amortization totaled \$27.4 million and \$18.7 million, respectively (of these totals, approximately \$21.3 million and \$14.9 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, relate to depreciation of project assets in our generation operating portfolio and amortization of a generation intangible asset). Cash FlowsCash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents totaled \$218.2 million as of July 31, 2024 compared to \$299.6 million as of October 31, 2023. As of July 31, 2024, unrestricted cash and cash equivalents was \$159.3 million compared to \$250.0 million of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents as of October 31, 2023. As of July 31, 2024, restricted cash and cash equivalents was \$58.8 million, of which \$9.7 million was classified as current and \$49.1 million was classified as non-current, compared to \$49.6 million of restricted cash and cash equivalents as of October 31, 2023, of which \$5.2 million was classified as current and \$44.5 million was classified as non-current. The following table summarizes our consolidated cash flows: —Net cash used in operating activities—\$ (158,751) —Net cash used in investing activities—\$ (124,422) —Net cash used in financing activities—\$ (18,978) —Net cash provided by financing activities—\$ 96,238 —Effects on cash from changes in foreign currency rates—\$ 96 —Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash—\$ (81,395) —Net cash used in operating activities was \$158.8 million during the nine months ended July 31, 2024, compared to \$124.4 million of net cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended July 31, 2023. Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended July 31, 2024 was primarily a result of the net loss of \$117.2 million, increases in inventory of \$44.9 million, unbilled receivables of \$8.0 million, accounts receivable of \$7.4 million, other assets of \$33.3 million and decreases in accounts payable of \$6.0 million, partially offset by an increase in accrued liabilities of \$0.5 million and in deferred revenue of \$9.5 million and non-cash adjustments of \$48.7 million. Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended July 31, 2023 was primarily a result of the net loss of \$78.6 million, increases in unbilled receivables of \$25.6 million, other assets of \$12.0 million and accounts receivable of \$5.2 million and decreases in deferred revenue of \$22.3 million and accrued liabilities of \$4.2 million, partially offset by a decrease in inventories of \$5.3 million, an increase in accounts payable of \$0.9 million and non-cash adjustments of \$18.2 million. —Table of ContentsInvesting Activities—Net cash used in investing activities was \$19.0 million for the nine months ended July 31, 2024, compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$138.5 million during the nine months ended July 31, 2023. Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended July 31, 2024 included funds received from the maturity of U.S. Treasury Securities of \$506.8 million, partially offset by cash used of \$476.8 million for the purchase of U.S. Treasury Securities, \$11.8 million of project asset expenditures and \$37.2 million of capital expenditures. Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended July 31, 2023 included \$195.8 million for the purchase of U.S. Treasury Securities, \$35.4 million of project asset expenditures and \$28.1 million of capital expenditures, partially offset by funds received from the maturity of U.S. Treasury Securities of \$120.9 million. —Financing Activities—Net cash provided by financing activities was \$96.2 million during the nine months ended July 31, 2024, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$118.2 million during the nine months ended July 31, 2023. Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended July 31, 2024 resulted from \$25.1 million of contributions received from a noncontrolling interest in our tax equity partnerships for the Derby and Groton Projects, \$71.7 million of net proceeds from sales of common stock, and \$13.0 million in debt proceeds, partially offset by debt repayments of \$8.8 million, payments for taxes related to net share settlement of equity awards of \$1.1 million, payment of \$2.4 million in preferred dividends, distribution to noncontrolling interest of \$1.1 million and payment of debt issuance costs of \$0.3 million. Net cash provided by financing activities during the nine months ended July 31, 2023 resulted from \$85.9 million of net proceeds from sales of common stock and \$80.5 million of proceeds from debt, partially offset by debt repayments of \$42.2 million, payments of debt issuance costs of \$2.9 million, payments for taxes related to net share settlement of equity awards of \$0.4 million, payment of \$2.4 million in preferred dividends and distribution to noncontrolling interest of \$0.4 million. —Sources and Uses of Cash and InvestmentsIn order to consistently produce positive cash flow from operations, we need to increase order flow to support higher production levels, leading to lower costs on a per unit basis. We also continue to invest in new product and market development and, as a result, we are not generating positive cash flow from our operations. Our operations are funded primarily through cash generated from product sales, service contracts, generation assets and Advanced Technologies contracts, as well as sales of equity and equity linked securities, issuances of corporate and project level debt, and monetization of technology through licenses. —Commitments and Significant Contractual ObligationsA summary of our significant commitments and contractual obligations as of July 31, 2024 and the related payments by fiscal year are as follows: —Payments Due by Period(dollars in thousands) —Total —Less than 1 Year —1 to 3 Years —3 to 5 Years —More than 5 Years —Purchase commitments (1) —Payments Due by Period(dollars in thousands) —Total —Less than 1 Year —1 to 3 Years —3 to 5 Years —More than 5 Years —Operating lease commitments (2) —Payments Due by Period(dollars in thousands) —Total —Less than 1 Year —1 to 3 Years —3 to 5 Years —More than 5 Years —Natural gas and biomethane gas supply contracts (4) —Payments Due by Period(dollars in thousands) —Total —Less than 1 Year —1 to 3 Years —3 to 5 Years —More than 5 Years —Preferred dividends payable (5) —Totals —Payments Due by Period(dollars in thousands) —Total —Less than 1 Year —1 to 3 Years —3 to 5 Years —More than 5 Years —Purchase commitments with suppliers for materials, supplies and services incurred in the normal course of business. —Future minimum lease payments on operating leases. —Represents payments due under sale-leaseback transactions and related financing agreements between certain of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and Crestmark Equipment Finance (the Crestmark). Lease payments for each lease under these financing agreements are generally payable in fixed quarterly installments over a 10-year period. —During fiscal year 2020, the Company entered into a 7-year natural gas contract for the Company's LIPA Yaphank Project with an estimated annual cost per year of \$2.0 million, under which service began on December 7, 2021. —Table of ContentsDuring fiscal year 2023, the Company entered into a 2-year Biomethane gas contract for the Company's Toyota Project, under which service began on May 1, 2023. Also, during fiscal year 2023, the Company entered into (a) a 6-year natural gas contract for the Company's 14.0 MW Derby Project, under which service began on June 1, 2023, and (b) a 6-year natural gas contract for the Company's 2.8 MW SCEF Derby Project, under which service began in November 2023. The costs of the contracts are expected to be offset by generation revenues. —We pay \$3.2 million in annual dividends on our Series A Preferred Stock, if and when declared. The \$3.2 million annual dividend payment, if dividends are declared, has not been included in this table as we cannot reasonably determine when or if we will be able to convert the Series A Preferred Stock into shares of our common stock. We may, at our option, convert these shares into the number of shares of our common stock that are issuable at the then prevailing conversion rate if the closing price of our common stock exceeds 150% of the then prevailing conversion price (\$1,692 per share at July 31, 2024) for 20 trading days during any consecutive 30 trading day period. —Outstanding Loans as of July 31, 2024 —Derby Back Leverage FinancingOn April 25, 2024, FuelCell Energy Derby Finance Holdco, LLC (the Derby Holdco Borrower), which, in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of FuelCell Energy, Inc. (the Parent), entered into: (i) a Credit Agreement (the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement) with, and by among, Liberty Bank, in its capacities as a lender (the Liberty Lender), administrative agent (the Senior Administrative Agent), and lead arranger, and Connecticut Green Bank, in its capacity as a lender (the Green Bank Lender) and, collectively with Liberty Lender, the Derby Senior Back Leverage Lenders, for a term loan facility in an amount not to exceed an aggregate of \$9.5 million to be provided 68% by Liberty Lender and 32% by Green Bank Lender (such facility, the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility, and such term loan, the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan); and such term loans together, the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans; and (ii) a Credit Agreement (the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement) with Connecticut Green Bank, as administrative agent (the Subordinated Administrative Agent) and lender (the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Lender), for a term loan facility in an amount not to exceed \$3.5 million (such facility, the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility and such term loan, the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan); and such term loans together, the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loans. —The Derby Senior Back Leverage Lenders and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Lender are referred to collectively as the Derby Back Leverage Lenders. —Derby Holdco Borrower's obligations under the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement are secured by a lien on all of Derby Holdco Borrower's assets, consisting principally of its Class B Member Interests (the Derby Class B Interests) in Derby Fuel Holdco, LLC (the Derby Tax Equity Holdco). —The Derby Class A Membership Interests (the Derby Class A Interests) in the Derby Tax Equity Holdco are held by Franklin Park (see Note 1 for further discussion of the tax equity financing transaction structure). —The Derby Holdco Borrower is also the Managing Member of the Derby Tax Equity Holdco. —The Derby Tax Equity Holdco's primary asset is ownership of all of the outstanding equity interests in Derby Station Fuel Cell, LLC and SCEF1 Fuel Cell, LLC (the Derby Project Companies). —The Derby Project Companies, in turn, are the owners of the fuel cell power plants located in Derby, Connecticut (which are referred to herein as the Derby Projects). —As additional context concerning the relationship among the parties with respect to the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility more fully described below, on October 19, 2018, the Derby Project Companies and Parent entered into an Amended and Restated Power Purchase Agreement (the Derby Amended and Restated PPA) with The Connecticut Light and Power Company d/b/a Eversource Energy (the CLPC), pursuant to which the Derby Project Companies agreed to sell to CLPC, and CLPC agreed to purchase from the Derby Project Companies, all of the electricity output produced by the Derby Projects pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Derby Amended and Restated PPA. —At the closing (the Derby Closing) of each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility, which occurred simultaneously on April 25, 2024 (the Derby Closing Date), the entire amount of each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility was drawn down in the aggregate amount of \$13.0 million. —After payment of fees and transaction costs (including fees to the Derby Back Leverage Lenders and legal costs) of approximately \$0.2 million in the aggregate, the remaining proceeds of approximately \$12.8 million were used as follows: (i) approximately \$0.9 million was used to fund debt service and module replacement reserve accounts (the DSCR Reserve Accounts) for the Derby Senior Back Leverage Lenders in amounts of approximately \$0.6 million for Liberty Lender and approximately \$0.3 million for Green Bank Lender; (ii) approximately \$0.4 million was used to fund a DSCR Reserve Account for the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Lender; and (iii) the remaining amount of approximately \$1.15 million was released to Parent from the Derby Back Leverage Loan Facility. —Additionally, the Company incurred legal fees of approximately \$0.2 million in relation to the financing that was not deducted from the debt proceeds. —The Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan until the maturity date at a rate per annum equal to 7.25%. —Quarterly principal amortization and interest payments are required to be made by Derby Holdco Borrower on the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan based on a seven-year amortization period. —The Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans have a seven-year term, maturing on March 31, 2031. —The Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan until the maturity date at a rate per annum equal to 8%. —Pursuant to the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility, during the Derby Interest Only Period (as defined below), Derby Holdco Borrower is required to make quarterly payments of interest only until June 30, 2031. —Following the end of the Derby Interest Only Period, principal and interest payments are required to be made quarterly in quarterly level payments (the mortgage style) of principal and interest until the maturity date on March 31, 2038. —Each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement contains certain reporting requirements and other affirmative and negative covenants which are customary for transactions of this type. —Included in the covenants are covenants that: (i) Derby Holdco Borrower maintain a Senior debt service coverage ratio (which is computed taking into account debt service obligations on the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans of not less than 1.25:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested every quarter) and a Total debt service coverage ratio (which is computed taking into account debt service obligations on both the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan) of not less than 1.10:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested on a quarterly basis); (ii) Derby Holdco Borrower may make distributions or dividends only if the foregoing debt to equity coverage ratios have been satisfied and Derby Holdco Borrower is not in default under any provisions of either the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement or the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement, including having made all required deposits into reserve accounts; (iii) Derby Holdco Borrower is required to exercise its right under the Derby Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement to acquire the Derby Class A Interests from Franklin Park during the ninety day period beginning on the Flip Point (which, pursuant to the Derby Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement, is the date on which the holder of Derby Class A Interests has realized a certain return on investment and, accordingly, Derby Holdco Borrower, as holder of the Derby Class B Interests, has the right to purchase the Derby Class A Interests); and (iv) the consent of the Senior Administrative Agent is required prior to Derby Holdco Borrower's taking certain material actions under the Derby Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement. —Each of the Derby Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement also contains customary representations and warranties and customary events of default that cause, or entitle the Derby Back Leverage Lenders to cause, the outstanding loans to become immediately due and payable. —In addition to customary events of default for transactions of this kind, the events of default include if a Change of Control occurs (meaning Parent no longer directly or indirectly owns Derby Holdco Borrower), a cross default (meaning that a default under the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility shall be deemed a default under the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility and vice versa) or if CLPC should become insolvent, is in bankruptcy or commits a specified number of payment defaults with regard to its payment obligations to the Derby Project Companies. —The Derby Senior Back Leverage Loans may be prepaid at any time at the option of Derby Holdco Borrower provided that (i) each prepayment on or prior to the second anniversary of the Derby Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 3% of the principal amount being prepaid; (ii) each prepayment after the second anniversary of the Derby Closing Date but on or prior to the fourth anniversary of the Derby Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 2% of the principal amount being prepaid; and (iii) each prepayment after the fourth anniversary of the Derby Closing Date but on or prior to the seventh anniversary of the Derby Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 1% of the principal amount being prepaid. —The Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan may be prepaid at any time without premium or penalty. —OpCo Financing FacilityOn May 19, 2023, FuelCell Energy OpCo Finance 1, LLC (the OpCo Borrower), a wholly owned subsidiary of FCEF, which, in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent, entered into a Financing Agreement (as amended, the Financing Agreement) with, and by among, Investec Bank plc in its capacities as a lender (the Investec Lender), administrative agent (the Administrative Agent), and collateral agent (the Collateral Agent); Investec, Inc. as coordinating lead arranger and sole bookrunner; Bank of Montreal (Chicago Branch) in its capacity as a lender (the BMO Lender) and as mandated lead 48 Table of Contents arranger; and each of Liberty Bank, Amalgamated Bank and Connecticut Green Bank as lenders (collectively with Investec Lender and BMO Lender, the Lenders) for a term loan facility in an amount not to exceed \$80.5 million (the Term Loan Facility) and such term loan, the Term Loan Facility and together with the Term Loan Facility, the OpCo

Financing Facility). OpCo Borrower's obligations under the Financing Agreement are secured by Parent's interest in six operating fuel cell generation projects: (i) the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project, located in Bridgeport, Connecticut; (ii) the Central CT State University Project, located in New Britain, Connecticut; (iii) the Pfizer Project, located in Groton, Connecticut; (iv) the LIPA Yaphank Project, located in Long Island, New York; (v) the Riverside Regional Water Quality Control Plant Project, located in Riverside, California; and (vi) the Santa Rita Jail Project, located in Alameda County, California (each, a "Project" and collectively, the "Projects"). Immediately prior to the closing on the OpCo Financing Facility, which closing occurred on May 19, 2023, Parent caused to be transferred to OpCo Borrower all of the outstanding equity interests in: (i) the Bridgeport Fuel Cell, LLC (the "Bridgeport Project Company"), the entity that owns the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project; (ii) New Britain Renewable Energy, LLC (the "CCSU Project Company"), the entity that owns the Central CT State University Project; (iii) Groton Fuel Cell, LLC (the "Pfizer Project Company"), the entity that owns the Pfizer Project; (iv) Riverside Fuel Cell, LLC (the "Riverside Project Company"), the entity that owns the Riverside Regional Water Quality Control Plant Project; (v) SRJFC, LLC (the "Santa Rita Project Company"), the entity that owns the Santa Rita Jail Project; and (vi) Fuel Cell YT Holdco, LLC (the "Class A Member"), the entity that owns Parent's Class A membership interest in YTBF Holdco, LLC (the "Yaphank Tax Equity Partnership"), the tax equity partnership with Renewable Energy Investors, LLC (the "Class A Member"), as tax equity investor, which Yaphank Tax Equity Partnership, in turn, owns Yaphank Fuel Cell Park, LLC (the "Yaphank Project Company"), the entity that owns the LIPA Yaphank Project. At the time of closing on the OpCo Financing Facility: (i) the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project was encumbered by senior and subordinated indebtedness to Liberty Bank, Fifth Third Bank and Connecticut Green Bank in the aggregate amount of approximately \$11.4 million; and (ii) the Pfizer Project, the Riverside Regional Water Quality Control Plant Project and the Santa Rita Jail Project were subject to sale and leaseback transactions and agreements with PNC Energy Capital, LLC (the "PNC") in which the lease buyout amounts, including sales taxes, were approximately \$15.7 million, \$3.7 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. In connection with closing on the OpCo Financing Facility, all of the foregoing indebtedness and lease buyout amounts were repaid and extinguished with proceeds of the Term Loan and funds of approximately \$7.3 million that were released from restricted and unrestricted reserve accounts held at PNC at the time of closing, resulting in the applicable project companies re-acquiring ownership of the three leased projects from PNC, the termination of the agreements with PNC related to the sale-leaseback transactions, and the termination of the senior and subordinated credit agreements with the related promissory notes issued to, and the related pledge and security agreements with, Liberty Bank, Fifth Third Bank and Connecticut Green Bank related to the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project. Further, in connection with the closing on the OpCo Financing Facility and the termination of the senior and subordinated credit agreements with Liberty Bank, Fifth Third Bank and Connecticut Green Bank related to the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project, Fifth Third Bank and the Bridgeport Project Company agreed that the obligations arising out of the swap transactions contemplated by their related interest rate swap agreement were terminated and waived and the swap agreement was effectively terminated. In addition, in connection with closing on the OpCo Financing Facility, proceeds of the Term Loan were used to repay a portion of Parent's long-term indebtedness to Connecticut Green Bank in the amount of approximately \$1.8 million. At the closing, \$80.5 million, the entire amount of the Term Loan portion of the OpCo Financing Facility, was drawn down. After payment of fees and transaction costs (including fees to the Lenders and legal costs) of approximately \$2.9 million in the aggregate, the remaining proceeds of approximately \$77.6 million were used as follows: (i) approximately \$15.0 million was used (in addition to the approximately \$7.3 million released from restricted and unrestricted reserve accounts held at PNC) to pay the lease buyout amounts and sales taxes referred to above and to re-acquire the three projects owned by PNC as referred to above; (ii) approximately \$11.4 million was used to extinguish the indebtedness to Liberty Bank, Fifth Third Bank, and Connecticut Green Bank relating to the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project; (iii) approximately \$1.8 million was used to repay a portion of Parent's long-term indebtedness to Connecticut Green Bank; (iv) \$14.5 million was used to fund a capital expenditure reserve account required to be maintained pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Financing Agreement (which is classified as restricted cash on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets); and (v) approximately \$34.9 million was distributed to Parent for use as Parent determines in its sole discretion. In addition, in connection with the extinguishment of the Company's indebtedness to Liberty Bank and Fifth Third Bank referred to above, approximately \$11.2 million of restricted cash was released to the Company from Liberty Bank and Fifth Third Bank 49 Table of ContentsBank. Taking into consideration the release of such funds, the total net proceeds to the Company from these transactions were approximately \$46.1 million. The Term Loan portion of the OpCo Financing Facility will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Term Loan until the maturity date thereof at a rate per annum during each Interest Period (as defined in the Financing Agreement) for such Term Loan equal to (A) with respect to Secure Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") Rate Loans, (i) the Adjusted Daily Compounded SOFR for such Interest Period with respect to SOFR Rate Loans plus (ii) the Applicable Margin, and (B) with respect to Base Rate Loans, (i) the Base Rate from time to time in effect plus (ii) the Applicable Margin (in each case as defined in the Financing Agreement). The Applicable Margin for SOFR Rate Loans is 2.5% for the first four years of the term and thereafter, 3%. The Applicable Margin for Base Rate Loans is 1.5% for the first four years of the term and thereafter, 2%. At the closing, in connection with the draw down of the entire amount of the Term Loan, OpCo Borrower elected to make such draw down a SOFR Rate Loan with an initial Interest Period of three months. After the initial Interest Period of three months, OpCo Borrower may elect both the applicable Interest Period (i.e., one month, three months or six months) and whether the Term Loan will be treated as a SOFR Rate Loan or a Base Rate Loan for such Interest Period. Interest payments are required to be made quarterly. Quarterly principal amortization obligations are also required to be made (based on 17-year principal amortization designed to be fully repaid in 2039), with quarterly amortization payments based on a 1.30x debt service coverage ratio sizing based on contracted cash flows (before giving effect to module replacement expenses and module replacement drawdown releases). The Term Loan has a seven-year term, maturing on May 19, 2030. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Financing Agreement, OpCo Borrower is required to maintain a capital expenditures reserve to pay for expected module replacements. The total reserve balance is required to reach \$29.0 million, \$14.5 million of which was funded out of the closing advance of the Term Loan and the remainder of which is to be funded pursuant to an agreed upon funding schedule through cash flows generated by the Projects set forth in the Financing Agreement for the period of June 30, 2023 through December 31, 2029. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Financing Agreement, OpCo Borrower is required to maintain a debt service reserve of not less than six months of the scheduled principal and interest payments. The letter of credit component of the OpCo Financing Facility is for the purpose of obtaining letters of credit to satisfy such obligation; at the closing, an Irrevocable Letter of Credit was issued by Investec Bank plc as the issuing bank in favor of the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Lenders in the amount of \$6.5 million to satisfy the debt service reserve funding obligation. Pursuant to the Financing Agreement, within 30 days of the financial close of the Financing Agreement, OpCo Borrower was required to enter into one or more hedge transactions, with a Lender or an affiliate thereof pursuant to one or more interest rate agreements, to hedge OpCo Borrower's interest rate exposure relating to the Term Loan from floating to fixed. Such hedge transactions are required to be in effect at all times during the entire amortization period and have an aggregate notional amount subject to the hedge transactions at any time equal to at least 75% and no more than 105% of the aggregate principal balance of the Term Loan outstanding (taking into account scheduled amortization of the Term Loan). Upon closing, on May 19, 2023, OpCo Borrower entered into an ISDA 2002 Master Agreement (the "Investec Master Agreement") and an ISDA Schedule to the 2002 Master Agreement with Investec Bank plc as a hedge provider, and an ISDA 2002 Master Agreement (the "BMO Master Agreement") and an ISDA Schedule to the 2002 Master Agreement with Bank of Montreal (Chicago Branch) as a hedge provider. On May 22, 2023, OpCo Borrower executed the related trade confirmations for these interest rate swap agreements with these hedge providers to protect against adverse price movements in the floating SOFR rate associated with 100% of the aggregate principal balance of the Term Loan outstanding. Pursuant to the terms of such agreements, OpCo Borrower will pay a fixed rate of interest of 3.716%. The net interest rate across the Financing Agreement and the swap transaction is 6.366% in the first four years and 6.866% thereafter. The obligations of OpCo Borrower to the hedge providers under the interest rate swap agreements are treated as obligations under the Financing Agreement and, accordingly, are secured, on a pari passu basis, by the same collateral securing the obligations of OpCo Borrower under the Financing Agreement, which collateral is described below. The Company has not elected hedge accounting treatment and, as a result, the derivative will be remeasured to fair value quarterly, with the resulting gains/losses recorded to other income/expense. The fair value adjustment for the nine months ended July 31, 2024 resulted in a loss of \$3.2 million. The Financing Agreement contains certain reporting requirements and other affirmative and negative covenants which are customary for transactions of this type. Included in the covenants are covenants that: (i) the Yaphank Project Company 50 Table of Contents obtain ongoing three year extensions of its current gas agreement; (ii) any annual operating expense budget that exceeds 115% of the Base Case Model (as defined in the Financing Agreement) for that year be approved by the Required Lenders (i.e., Lenders constituting more than 50% of the amounts loaned); (iii) OpCo Borrower maintain a debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.20:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested every six months); and (iv) the Class A Member is required to exercise its option to purchase the Class A Member's interest in the Yaphank Tax Equity Partnership during the six month period following the "Flip Point" as set forth in the limited liability company agreement for the Yaphank Tax Equity Partnership. The Financing Agreement also contains customary representations and warranties and customary events of default that cause, or entitle the Lenders to cause, the outstanding loans under the Financing Agreement to become immediately due and payable. The Term Loan may be prepaid at any time at the option of OpCo Borrower without premium or penalty other than any "liquidation costs" if such prepayment occurs other than at the end of an Interest Period. In addition, there are certain mandatory repayments required under the Financing Agreement, including in connection with any sale or disposition of all of the Projects or of any of the LIPA Yaphank Project, the Bridgeport Fuel Cell Project or the Pfizer Project. If the Company disposes of any of the Riverside Regional Water Quality Control Plant Project, the Santa Rita Jail Project or the Central CT State University Project, OpCo Borrower is required to prepay an amount of the Term Loan based on the then stipulated value of the disposed Project. Simultaneously with OpCo Borrower entering into the Financing Agreement, FCEF (as pledgor), OpCo Borrower and each of the Bridgeport Project Company, the Pfizer Project Company, the Riverside Project Company, the Santa Rita Project Company, the CCSU Project Company and the Class A Member, each as a subsidiary grantor party and guarantor, entered into an Omnibus Guarantee, Pledge and Security Agreement (the "Security Agreement") with Investec Bank plc as Collateral Agent, pursuant to which, as collateral for the Term Loan Facility, the LC Facility and the hedge agreements (i) FCEF granted to Collateral Agent a security interest in all of FCEF's equity interest in OpCo Borrower; (ii) OpCo Borrower granted to Collateral Agent a security interest in all of OpCo Borrower's assets consisting of its equity interests in the Bridgeport Project Company, the Pfizer Project Company, the Riverside Project Company, the Santa Rita Project Company and the CCSU Project Company and the Class A Member; (iii) each of the Bridgeport Project Company, the Pfizer Project Company, the Riverside Project Company, the Santa Rita Project Company and the CCSU Project Company granted to Collateral Agent a security interest in all of each such entity's assets consisting principally of the respective generation facilities and project agreements; and (iv) the Class A Member granted to Collateral Agent a security interest in all of such Class A Member's assets, consisting principally of its equity interest in the Yaphank Tax Equity Partnership. Pursuant to the Security Agreement, each of the subsidiary grantor parties jointly and severally guaranteed payment of all of the obligations secured by the Security Agreement. Simultaneously with the execution of the Financing Agreement, OpCo Borrower, Investec Bank plc as Collateral Agent and Administrative Agent and Liberty Bank as Depositary Agent entered into a Depositary Agreement (the "Depositary Agreement") pursuant to which OpCo Borrower established certain accounts at Liberty Bank, all of which were pledged to Collateral Agent as security for the Term Loan Facility, the LC Facility and the hedge agreements, including a Revenue Account; a Debt Service Reserve Account; a Redemption Account (for prepayments); a Capital Expenditure Reserve Account; and a Distribution Reserve Account (in each case as defined in the Depositary Agreement). Pursuant to the terms of the Financing Agreement and the Depositary Agreement, OpCo Borrower may make quarterly distributions to FCEF and Parent provided that: (i) no Event of Default or Default (in each case as defined in the Financing Agreement) exists under the OpCo Financing Facility; (ii) all reserve accounts have been funded; (iii) no letter of credit loans or unpaid drawings are outstanding with regard to any drawn down letter of credit under the LC Facility; (iv) OpCo Borrower has maintained a greater than 1.20:1.00 debt service coverage ratio for the immediate 12 month period; and (v) no Cash Diversion Event (i.e., certain events that would adversely impact distributions to the Class A Member in connection with the LIPA Yaphank Project, as further defined in the Financing Agreement) has occurred. Beginning with the quarter ending June 2025 and continuing until the quarter ending March 2026, prior to making contributions to the Debt Service Reserve Account or the Capital Expenditure Reserve Account or having funds available for distribution, out of operating cash flow, OpCo Borrower is required to make a quarterly payment to the Administrative Agent (on behalf of the Lenders) in the amount of \$675,000 per quarter to be applied to outstanding principal. Groton Back Leverage Financing On August 18, 2023, FuelCell Energy Finance Holdco, LLC (the "Groton Holdco Borrower"), a wholly owned subsidiary of FCEF, which, in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent, entered into: (i) a Credit Agreement (the "Groton Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement") with, by and among Liberty Bank, in its capacities as a lender (the "Liberty Lender"), 51 Table of Contents administrative agent (the "Senior Administrative Agent"), and lead arranger, and Amalgamated Bank, in its capacity as a lender (the "Amalgamated Lender" and, collectively with Liberty Lender, the "Groton Senior Back Leverage Lenders"), for a term loan facility in an amount not to exceed an aggregate of \$12.0 million to be provided 50% by Liberty Lender and 50% by Amalgamated Lender (such facility, the "Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility"), each such term loan, a "Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan" and such term loans together, the "Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans"; and (ii) a Credit Agreement (the "Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement") with Connecticut Green Bank, as administrative agent (the "Subordinated Administrative Agent") and lender (the "Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Lender"), for a term loan facility in an amount not to exceed \$8.0 million (such facility, the "Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility" and such term loan, the "Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan"); The Groton Senior Back Leverage Lenders and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Lender are referred to collectively as the "Groton Back Leverage Lenders." The Groton Holdco Borrower's obligations under the Groton Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement are secured by a lien on all of Groton Holdco Borrower's assets, consisting principally of its Class B Member Interests (the "Class B Interests") in Groton Station Fuel Cell Holdco, LLC (the "Groton Tax Equity Holdco"). A Class A Membership Interests (the "Class A Interests") in the Groton Tax Equity Holdco are held by East West Bank. A Groton Holdco Borrower is also the Managing Member of the Groton Tax Equity Holdco. The Groton Tax Equity Holdco's primary asset is ownership of all of the outstanding equity interests in Groton Station Fuel Cell, LLC (the "Groton Project Company"). A The Groton Project Company, in turn, is the owner of the fuel cell power plant at the U.S. Navy Submarine Base New London located in Groton, Connecticut (the "Groton Project"). A As additional context concerning the relationship among the parties with respect to the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility more fully described below, on December 16, 2022, the Groton Project Company and Parent entered into an Amended and Restated Power Purchase Agreement (the "Groton Amended and Restated PPA") with Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (the "CMEEC"), pursuant to which the Groton Project Company agreed to sell to CMEEC, and CMEEC agreed to purchase from the Groton Project Company, all of the electricity output produced by the Groton Project pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Groton Amended and Restated PPA. At the closing (the "Groton Closing") of each of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility, which occurred simultaneously on August 18, 2023 (the "Groton Closing Date"), the entire amount of each of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility was drawn down in the aggregate amount of \$20.0 million. A After payment of fees and transaction costs (including fees to the Groton Back Leverage Lenders and legal costs) of approximately \$0.4 million in the aggregate, the remaining proceeds of approximately \$19.6 million were used as follows: (i) approximately \$1.7 million was used to fund debt service reserve accounts (the "DSCR Reserve Accounts") for the Groton Senior Back Leverage Lenders in equal amounts of approximately \$0.83 million for Liberty Lender and approximately \$0.83 million for Amalgamated Lender; (ii) approximately \$6.5 million was used to fund operations and maintenance and module replacement reserve accounts for the Groton Senior Back Leverage Lenders in equal amounts of approximately \$3.25 million for Liberty Lender and approximately \$3.25 million for Amalgamated Lender; (iii) approximately \$0.3 million was used to fund a DSCR Reserve Account for the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Lender; and (iv) the remaining amount of approximately \$11.1 million was released to Parent from the Groton Back Leverage Lenders. As discussed in additional detail below, simultaneous with the Groton Closing, a portion of the proceeds were used to: (a) make Output Shortfall Payments (which are cash payments required to be made by the Groton Project Company in the event that the Groton Project produces electricity in any year less than the minimum required amount for such year) totaling approximately \$1.3 million, which were deposited into a payment reserve account, and (b) pay approximately \$3.0 million to Connecticut Green Bank, which represented payment, in full, of all outstanding obligations under Parent's loan agreement with Connecticut Green Bank. After taking into account such Output Shortfall Payments and such payment to Connecticut Green Bank,

approximately \$6.8 million will be classified as unrestricted cash on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet. The portion of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan provided by Liberty Lender will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan until the maturity date at a rate per annum equal to 6.75%. The portion of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan provided by Amalgamated Lender will accrue interest on the unpaid principal amount calculated from the date of such Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan until the maturity date of 6.07% during all times at which a *Carbon Offset Event* is not continuing and 7.32% at all times at which a *Carbon Offset Event* has occurred and is continuing. A *Carbon Offset Event* is deemed to occur if Groton Holdco Borrower, Parent or any direct or indirect subsidiary thereof does not purchase carbon offsets from an Acceptable Carbon Offset Provider (as defined below) each fiscal year in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the Annual 52 Table of ContentsCarbon Offset Requirement for such fiscal year, which is derived based on a formula equal to the outstanding balance of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan provided by Amalgamated Lender multiplied by the Groton Project's annual carbon emissions for such year and divided by the total project costs of the Groton Project, and (ii) the Annual Carbon Offset Cap for such fiscal year, which is \$12.66 multiplied by the Annual Carbon Offset Requirement and divided by the Carbon Offset Price for such fiscal year. The *Carbon Offset Price* means the price, per metric ton of carbon dioxide, of the carbon offsets available for purchase from an Acceptable Carbon Offset Provider. An *Acceptable Carbon Offset Provider* is either Climate Vault or any other seller of carbon offsets acceptable to Amalgamated Lender. Quarterly principal amortization and interest payments are required to be made by Groton Holdco Borrower on the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans based on a ten-year amortization period. The Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans have a seven-year term, maturing on August 18, 2030, at which time all outstanding principal is due. The Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan will accrue interest at a rate per annum equal to 8% for the period of time prior to the *Step Down Date* and, after the *Step Down Date*, at the lesser of 8% or the interest rate on a 10 year U.S. Treasury Note plus 275 basis points (subject to a minimum floor of 5% per annum). The *Step Down Date* is the date on which both of the following events have occurred: Groton Holdco Borrower has purchased East West Bank's Class A Interests in the Groton Tax Equity Holdco and the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans have been repaid in full. Interest is payable each quarter based on an agreed upon schedule. Pursuant to the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility, during the *Groton Interest Only Period* (as defined below), Groton Holdco Borrower is required to make quarterly payments of principal in amounts equal to 50% of excess cash flow available to Groton Holdco Borrower. For purposes of the foregoing, excess cash flow is all excess cash flow of Groton Holdco Borrower after the payment of required principal and interest on the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans, required deposits in the various reserve accounts, the payment of interest on the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan and payment of Groton Holdco Borrower's operating expenses. Following the end of the *Groton Interest Only Period*, principal and interest payments are required to be made quarterly in quarterly level payments (*mortgage style*) of principal and interest until the maturity date, which is the first to occur of 20 years following the Groton Project's commercial operations date and termination of the Groton Amended and Restated PPA. The maturity date of the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility is currently contemplated to be September 30, 2038. The *Groton Interest Only Period* is the period beginning on the Groton Closing Date and ending the first to occur of (i) eighty-four months after the Groton Closing Date; or (ii) the date the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility has been fully repaid. Each of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement contains certain reporting requirements and other affirmative and negative covenants which are customary for transactions of this type. Included in the covenants are covenants that: (i) Groton Holdco Borrower maintain a *Senior* debt service coverage ratio (which is computed taking into account debt service obligations on the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans) of not less than 1.20:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested every quarter) and a *Total* debt service coverage ratio (which is computed taking into account debt service obligations on both the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan) of not less than 1.10:1.00 (based on the trailing 12 months and tested on a quarterly basis); (ii) Groton Holdco Borrower may make distributions or dividends only if the foregoing debt to equity coverage ratios have been satisfied and Groton Holdco Borrower is not in default under any provisions of either the Groton Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement or the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement, including having made all required deposits into reserve accounts; (iii) Groton Holdco Borrower is required to exercise its right under the Groton Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement to acquire the Class A Interests from East West Bank during the ninety day period beginning on the *Flip Point* (which, pursuant to the Groton Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement, is the date on which the holder of Class A Interests has realized a certain return on investment and, accordingly, Groton Holdco Borrower, as holder of the Class B Interests, has the right to purchase the Class A Interests); and (iv) the consent of the Senior Administrative Agent is required prior to Groton Holdco Borrower's taking certain material actions under the Groton Tax Equity Holdco limited liability company agreement. Each of the Groton Senior Back Leverage Credit Agreement and the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Credit Agreement also contains customary representations and warranties and customary events of default that cause, or entitle the Groton Back Leverage Lenders to cause, the outstanding loans to become immediately due and payable. In addition to customary events of default for transactions of this kind, the events of default include if a Change of Control occurs (meaning Parent no longer directly or indirectly owns Groton Holdco Borrower), a cross default (meaning that a default under the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility shall be deemed a default under the Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility and vice versa) or if CMEEC should become insolvent, is in bankruptcy or commits a specified number of payment defaults with regard to its payment obligations to the Groton Project Company.53 Table of ContentsThe Groton Senior Back Leverage Loans may be prepaid at any time at the option of Groton Holdco Borrower provided that (i) each prepayment on or prior to the second anniversary of the Groton Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 3% of the principal amount being prepaid; (ii) each prepayment after the second anniversary of the Groton Closing Date but on or prior to the fourth anniversary of the Groton Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 2% of the principal amount being prepaid; and (iii) each prepayment after the fourth anniversary of the Groton Closing Date but on or prior to the seventh anniversary of the Groton Closing Date shall require a prepayment fee of 1% of the principal amount being prepaid. The Groton Subordinated Back Leverage Loan may be prepaid at any time without premium or penalty. State of Connecticut Loan in November 2015, the Company closed on a definitive Assistance Agreement with the State of Connecticut (the *Assistance Agreement*) and received a disbursement of \$10.0 million, which was used for the first phase of the expansion of the Company's Torrington, Connecticut manufacturing facility. In conjunction with this financing, the Company entered into a \$10.0 million promissory note and related security agreements securing the loan with equipment liens and a mortgage on its Danbury, Connecticut location. Interest accrues at a fixed interest rate of 2.0%, and the loan is repayable over 15 years from the date of the first advance, which occurred in November 2015. Principal payments were deferred for four years from disbursement and began on December 1, 2019. Under the Assistance Agreement, the Company was eligible for up to \$5.0 million in loan forgiveness if the Company created 165 full-time positions and retained 538 full-time positions for two consecutive years (as amended from time to time, the *Employment Obligation*) as measured on October 28, 2017 (as amended from time to time, the *Target Date*). The Assistance Agreement was subsequently amended in April 2017 to extend the Target Date by two years to October 28, 2019. In January 2019, the Company and the State of Connecticut entered into a Second Amendment to the Assistance Agreement (the *Second Amendment*). The Second Amendment extended the Target Date to October 31, 2022 and amended the Employment Obligation to require the Company to continuously maintain a minimum of 538 full-time positions for 24 consecutive months. If the Company met the Employment Obligation, as modified by the Second Amendment, and created an additional 91 full-time positions, the Company would have received a credit in the amount of \$2.0 million to be applied against the outstanding balance of the loan. The Second Amendment deleted and canceled the provisions of the Assistance Agreement related to the second phase of the expansion project and the loans related thereto, but the Company had not drawn any funds or received any disbursements under those provisions. In April 2023, the Company signed a Third Amendment to the Assistance Agreement (the *Third Amendment*). A The Third Amendment was approved by the State of Connecticut Office of Attorney General on May 18, 2023, and the State of Connecticut Office of Attorney General released, and the Company received, the countersigned Third Amendment on May 24, 2023, at which time the Third Amendment became effective. The Third Amendment further extended the Target Date to October 31, 2024 and amended the Employment Obligation to require the Company to retain 538 full-time positions in Connecticut on or before October 31, 2024 and to maintain such positions for 24 consecutive months. The 24 consecutive month period ending on or before the Target Date (as extended by the Third Amendment) that yields the highest annual average positions will be used to determine compliance with the amended Employment Obligation, provided that no portion of such 24 consecutive months may begin before the date of the Third Amendment. The Third Amendment also requires the Company to furnish a job audit (the *Job Audit*) to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development (the *Commissioner*) no later than 90 days following the 24-month period described above. If, as a result of the Job Audit, the Commissioner determines that the Company has failed to meet the Employment Obligation (as amended by the Third Amendment), the Company will be required to immediately repay a penalty of \$14,225.00 per each full-time employment position below the amended Employment Obligation. The amount repaid will be applied first to any outstanding fees, penalties or interest due, and then against the outstanding balance of the loan. If, as a result of the Job Audit, the Commissioner determines that the Company has met the amended Employment Obligation and has created an additional 91 full-time employment positions, for a total of 629 full-time employees, the Company may receive a credit in the amount of \$2.0 million, which will be applied against the then-outstanding principal balance of the loan. Upon application of such credit, the Commissioner will recalculate the monthly payments of principal and interest such that such monthly payments shall amortize the then remaining principal balance over the remaining term of loan.54 Table of ContentsIn April 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the State of Connecticut agreed to defer three months of principal and interest payments under the Assistance Agreement, beginning with the May 2020 payment. These deferred payments will be added at the end of the loan, thus extending out the maturity date by three months. Restricted Cash As of July 31, 2024, we have pledged approximately \$58.8 million of our cash and cash equivalents as performance security and for letters of credit for certain banking requirements and contracts. As of July 31, 2024, outstanding letters of credit totaled \$14.2 million. These expire on various dates through October 2029. Under the terms of certain contracts, we will provide performance security for future contractual obligations. The restricted cash balance as of July 31, 2024 also included \$2.9 million primarily to support obligations under the power purchase and service agreements related to Crestmark sale-leaseback transactions, \$11.1 million relating to future obligations associated with the Groton Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility, \$2.7 million relating to future obligations associated with the Derby Senior Back Leverage Loan Facility and the Derby Subordinated Back Leverage Loan Facility and \$22.5 million relating to future obligations associated with the OpCo Financing Facility. Power purchase agreementsUnder the terms of our PPAs, customers agree to purchase power or other value streams delivered such as hydrogen, steam, water, and/or carbon from the Company's fuel cell power platforms at negotiated rates. Electricity rates are generally a function of the customers' current and estimated future electricity pricing available from the grid. We are responsible for all operating costs necessary to maintain, monitor and repair our fuel cell power platforms. Under certain agreements, we are also responsible for procuring fuel, generally natural gas or biogas, to run our fuel cell power platforms. In addition, under certain agreements, we are required to produce minimum amounts of power under our PPAs and we have the right to terminate PPAs by giving written notice to the customer, subject to certain exit costs. As of July 31, 2024, our generation operating portfolio was 62.8 MW. Service and warranty agreementsWe warranty our products for a specific period of time against manufacturing or performance defects. Our standard U.S. warranty period is generally 15 months after shipment or 12 months after acceptance of the product. In addition to the standard product warranty, we have contracted with certain customers to provide services to ensure the power plants meet minimum operating levels for terms of up to 20 years. Pricing for service contracts is based upon estimates of future costs, which could be materially different from actual expenses. Refer to *Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates* for additional details. Advanced Technologies contractsWe have contracted with various government agencies and certain companies from private industry to conduct research and development as either a prime contractor or sub-contractor under multi-year, cost-reimbursement and/or cost-share type contracts or cooperative agreements. A Cost-share terms require that participating contractors share the total cost of the project based on an agreed upon ratio. In many cases, we are reimbursed only a portion of the costs incurred or to be incurred under the contract. While government research and development contracts may extend for many years, funding is often provided incrementally on a year-by-year basis if contract terms are met and Congress authorizes the funds. As of July 31, 2024, Advanced Technologies contract backlog totaled \$42.5 million, of which \$33.0 million is non-U.S. Government-funded and \$9.5 million is U.S. Government-funded. Off-Balance Sheet ArrangementsWe have no off-balance sheet debt or similar obligations, which are not classified as debt. We do not guarantee any third-party debt. See Note 17. *Commitments and Contingencies* to our Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024 included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Estimates are used in accounting for, among other things, revenue recognition, lease 55 Table of Contentsright-of-use assets and liabilities, loss accruals on service agreements, excess, slow-moving and obsolete inventories, product warranty accruals, loss accruals on service agreements, share-based compensation expense, allowance for doubtful accounts, depreciation and amortization, impairment of goodwill and in-process research and development intangible assets, impairment of long-lived assets (including project assets), valuation of derivatives, and contingencies. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the consolidated financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results in future periods may differ from those estimates. Our critical accounting policies are those that are both most important to our financial condition and results of operations and require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments on the part of management in their application, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain. For a complete description of our critical accounting policies that affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements, refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2023 filed with the SEC. ACCOUNTING GUIDANCE UPDATE See Note 2. *Recent Accounting Pronouncements* to our Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a summary of recently adopted accounting guidance. Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk* Interest Rate Exposure Risk Cash is invested overnight with high credit quality financial institutions and therefore we are not exposed to market risk on our cash holdings from changing interest rates. Based on our overall interest rate exposure as of July 31, 2024, including all interest rate sensitive instruments, a change in interest rates of 1% would not have a material impact on our results of operations. Foreign Currency Exchange Risks As of July 31, 2024, approximately 1.1% of our total cash and cash equivalents were in currencies other than U.S. dollars (primarily the Euro, Canadian dollars and Korean Won) and we have no plans of repatriation. We make purchases from certain vendors and receive payment from certain customers in currencies other than U.S. dollars. Although we have not experienced significant foreign exchange rate losses to date, we may in the future, especially to the extent that we do not engage in currency hedging activities. The economic impact of currency exchange rate movements on our operating results is complex because such changes are often linked to variability in real growth, inflation, interest rates, governmental actions and other factors. These changes, if material, may cause us to adjust our financing and operating strategies. Derivative Fair Value Exposure Risk Interest Rate Swap On May 19, 2023, in connection with the closing of the OpCo Financing Facility, the Company entered into an ISDA 2002 Master Agreement and an ISDA Schedule to the 2002 Master Agreement with Investec Bank plc as a hedge provider, and an ISDA 2002 Master Agreement and an ISDA Schedule to the 2002 Master Agreement with Bank of Montreal (Chicago Branch) as a hedge provider. On May 22, 2023, OpCo Borrower executed the related trade confirmations for these interest rate swap agreements with these hedge providers to protect against adverse price movements in the floating SOFR rate associated with 100% of the aggregate principal balance of the Term Loan outstanding. Pursuant to the terms of such agreements, OpCo Borrower will pay a fixed rate of interest of 3.716%. The net interest rate across the Financing Agreement and the swap transaction is 6.366% in the first four years and 6.866% thereafter. The obligations of OpCo Borrower to the hedge providers under the interest rate swap agreements are treated as obligations under the Financing Agreement and, accordingly, are secured, on a pari passu basis, by the same collateral securing the obligations of OpCo Borrower under the Financing Agreement. The Company has not elected hedge accounting treatment and, as a result, the derivative will be remeasured to fair value quarterly with the resulting gains/losses recorded to other income/expense. The fair value adjustments for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2024 resulted in a loss of \$2.4 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. 56 Table of Contents Project Fuel Price Exposure Risk Certain of our PPAs for project assets in our generation operating portfolio expose us to fluctuating fuel price risks as well as the risk of being unable to procure the required amounts of fuel and the lack of alternative available fuel sources. We seek to mitigate our fuel risk using strategies including: (i) fuel cost reimbursement mechanisms in



("1st Extension Term") so to expire on the 31st day of January 2017, all upon the terms and conditions set out therein; F. By a lease extension and amending agreement dated the 9th day of November, 2016 ("2nd Extension"), Landlord and Tenant agreed to amend the Original Lease to, amongst other things, extend the Original Term as renewed by the Renewal Term and as extended by the 1st Extension Term for a period of three (3) years ("2nd Extension Term") so to expire on the 31st day of January 2020, all upon the terms and conditions set out therein; G. By a lease extension and amending agreement dated the 10th day of January 2020 ("3rd Extension"), Landlord and Tenant agreed to amend the Original Lease to, amongst other things, extend the Original Term as renewed by the Renewal Term and as extended by the 1st Extension Term and the 2nd Extension Term for a period of three (3) years ("3rd Extension Term") so to expire on the 31st day of January 2023, all upon the terms and conditions set out therein; H. By a lease expansion, extension and amending agreement dated the 5th day of January 2023 ("Expansion and Extension"), Landlord and Tenant agreed to amend the Original Lease to, amongst other things: (a) extend the Original Term as renewed by the Renewal Term and as extended by the 1st Extension Term, the 2nd Extension Term and the 3rd Extension Term for a period of five (5) years and eight (8) months ("4th Extension Term") so as to expire on September 30, 2028; and (b) expand the Original Premises to include additional space ("First Additional Premises") designated as unit 4908 in the building municipally known as 4900 - 52nd Street SE, Calgary, Alberta ("4900 Building") containing a Rentable Area of approximately 48,308 square feet, for a period of five (5) years from October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2028, all as more particularly set forth therein; I. The Original Term as renewed by the Renewal Term and as extended by the 1st Extension Term, the 2nd Extension Term, the 3rd Extension Term and the 4th Extension Term is hereinafter collectively referred to as the ("Term"), and except to the extent used separately within this Agreement the Original Premises and the First Additional Premises shall be hereinafter referred to as the "Existing Premises"; â€¢ Page 2 of 17]. By a lease expansion and amending agreement - short form dated February 20, 2023 ("Second Expansion"), Landlord and Tenant agreed to amend the Original Lease to expand the Existing Premises to include additional space ("Second Additional Premises") designated as unit 4912 in the 4900 Building containing a Rentable Area of approximately 18,627 square feet, for a period of one (1) year and four (4) months from April 1, 2023 to July 31, 2024, all as more particularly set forth therein; K. The Original Lease, the Amendment, the Renewal, the 1st Extension, the 2nd Extension, the 3rd Extension, the Expansion and Extension and the Second Expansion are hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Lease", and; Tenant is desirous of leasing the Second Additional Premises on a long term basis, and incorporating the same into the Lease, all on the terms and conditions more particularly set forth herein. â€¢ WITNESS that in consideration of the sum of one dollar (\$1.00) now paid by each party to the other, and for other good and valuable consideration (the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged), the parties hereto do hereby agree as follows: â€¢ 1. The above recitals are true both in substance and in fact. â€¢ 2. Where used hereinafter, the term "Lease" shall mean the Lease, as amended by this Agreement, except where a contrary intent is expressly provided. 3. Capitalized terms used herein that are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Lease. â€¢ 4. Grant and Term of Second Additional Premises: â€¢ (a) Landlord hereby grants to Tenant and Tenant hereby leases from Landlord unit 4912 in the 4900 Building (the "Second Additional Premises") containing approximately 18,627 square feet of Rentable Area, subject to final measurement in accordance with the Lease, for a period of four (4) years and two (2) months (the "Second Additional Premises Term"), commencing on August 1, 2024 (the "Second Additional Premises Commencement Date") and expiring co-terminously with the Term, on the same terms and conditions as contained in the Lease for the Existing Premises, save and except as set forth herein. (b) It is acknowledged and agreed by the parties that the term "Leased Premises" as used in the Lease shall: (i) from the commencement date of the Lease to and including the date immediately preceding September 30, 2023, be deemed to mean only the Original Premises; â€¢ (ii) from October 1, 2023 to and including March 31, 2023, be deemed to mean only the Original Premises plus the First Additional Premises; and (iii) from and after April 1, 2023, and throughout the remainder of the Term and any renewal or extension thereof, be deemed to mean the whole of the Original Premises, the First Additional Premises and the Second Additional Premises, without the need for any further agreement between the parties to incorporate this change to the term "Leased Premises" and the parties hereto do hereby covenant and agree with each other accordingly. â€¢ (c) From and after April 1, 2023, Tenant shall be liable for all of the covenants, obligations, terms and conditions of the Lease in respect of the Second Additional Premises, at which time the Existing Premises and the Second Additional Premises shall be deemed to be and shall be treated as one single premises and Schedule "A" of the Lease ("Floor Plan") shall be deleted and replaced with Schedule "A" attached hereto indicating the Original Premises hatched, the First Additional Premises cross-hatched, and the Second Additional Premises outlined in bold. â€¢ (d) For greater certainty, Section 12 (Free Base Rent), Section 13 (Allowance) and the bolded language of Section 16 (Restoration) of the Expansion and Extension shall not apply to the Second Additional Premises. Further, as the Second Additional Premises is the same as the ROFO Space outlined in Section 14 (Right of First Offer) of the Expansion and Extension, Landlord and Tenant agree that Section 14 (Right of First Offer) is hereby deemed to have been deleted from the Expansion and Extension. â€¢ Page 3 of 175. Rentâ€¢ Tenant shall pay, in lawful money of Canada, at such address as shall be designated from time to time by Landlord, Base Rent for the Second Additional Premises based on an amount per square foot of Rentable Area of the Second Additional Premises per annum, in accordance with the following rental schedule: â€¢ TIME PERIOD RATE/SQUARE FOOT RENTABLE AREA/ANNUM August 1, 2024 - Sept 30, 2024 \$8.00 Oct 1, 2024 - Sept 30, 2025 \$8.00 Oct 1, 2025 - Sept 30, 2026 \$8.50 Oct 1, 2026 - Sept 30, 2027 \$8.75 Oct 1, 2027 - Sept 30, 2028 \$9.00. â€¢ In addition to the foregoing Base Rent, Tenant shall pay to Landlord Additional Rent for the Second Additional Premises in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Lease. The Tenant acknowledges that notwithstanding that the Original Premises is located within the 4800 Building and the Second Additional Premises within the 4900 Building, Additional Rent will be estimated and charged separately based on the costs applicable to each building, respectively. 6. Useâ€¢ Tenant acknowledges that Landlord is making no representation or warranty as to Tenant's ability to use the Second Additional Premises for its permitted use, and Tenant shall, prior to executing this Agreement, perform such searches in order to confirm, and to otherwise satisfy itself, that its use is permitted under all applicable laws, and that Tenant will be able to, and shall, at its sole cost and expense, obtain an occupancy permit, if required, as well as any other permit required for Tenant to complete any Tenant's Work contemplated in connection with the Second Additional Premises, and to use the Second Additional Premises in accordance with Section 3.7 of the Lease; in addition, Tenant agrees to be responsible to pay any additional development charges or permitting costs associated with: the construction of any Leasehold Improvements on or serving the Second Additional Premises; and Tenant's use of the Second Additional Premises in accordance with the Lease, in connection with and/or during the Second Additional Premises Term. â€¢ 7. Condition of Second Additional Premises / Tenant's Work: â€¢ (a) Tenant accepts the Second Additional Premises in the state and condition in which they are received from Landlord, "as is". For greater clarity, Landlord will not be required to perform any work or expend any funds (other than the Allowance) in order to prepare the Second Additional Premises for Tenant's occupancy. (b) Upon Landlord review and approval, Tenant shall, at its cost and expense, complete or cause the completion of any Leasehold Improvements which may be required to complete the Second Additional Premises for Tenant's business operations thereon ("Tenant's Work") in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Lease and in accordance with the "Tenant Design Criteria Manual", if any, applicable to the Lands and Building. Such Tenant's Work shall include, without limitation, the following: (i) Install a concrete sidewalk to the same base building specifications as the existing sidewalks at the 4900 Building. Tenant shall pour a sidewalk between the First Additional Premises and the Second Additional Premises in the grassy area shown below. All work including but not limited to construction, permits, drawings, engineering, and underground locates shall be at Tenant's sole cost and expense. For clarity, this work shall not be subject to restoration. â€¢ â€¢ Page 4 of 17â€¢ (ii) Tenant shall be allowed to demolish the existing office area on the main floor area of the Second Additional Premises and install lab areas. All work including but not limited to construction, permits, drawings, and engineering shall be at Tenant's sole cost and expense. This main floor office area in the Second Additional Premises shall be subject to the restoration provisions of the Lease, and for greater clarity Tenant shall upon expiry or earlier termination of the Lease restore the office area to the same or similar approved layout with Building standard finishes at Tenant's sole cost and expense unless otherwise agreed in writing by Tenant and Landlord. The Current floor plan as of April 30, 2024, is shown below. â€¢ (iii) Tenant shall be allowed to transfer the existing power (including but not limited to the panels, and transformer(s)) in the First Additional Premises into the Second Additional Premises so that Tenant can use that power during the Second Additional Premises Term and any renewals. This work shall be subject to the restoration provisions of the Lease, and for greater clarity Tenant shall upon expiry or earlier termination of the Lease relocate the power from the Second Additional Premises into the First Additional Premises to the location and set up prior to the original move from the First Additional Premises into the Second Additional Premises or similar set up approved by Landlord at Tenant's sole cost and expense upon Landlord's written request. â€¢ â€¢ Page 5 of 17â€¢ (iv) Free Base Rent for Second Additional Premises: â€¢ Provided there is not then any Event of Default, Base Rent shall abate for the first 5 months of the Second Additional Premises Term (the "Free Base Rent Period"). If the Lease is terminated for any reason whatsoever as a result of an Event of Default, or if the Lease is disclaimed pursuant to Section 65.2(1) of the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act, as amended or replaced from time to time (the "Bankruptcy Act"), then for the purposes of Section 65.2(4) of the Bankruptcy Act, all of the Rent that would have been payable under the Lease but for this Section 8 shall immediately become due and payable effective the date which is immediately prior to the date of such termination or disclaimer, as the case may be. â€¢ The Tenant shall pay its share of the Operating Costs and Realty Taxes and other charges provided for in the Lease in the manner set out in the Lease during the entire Second Additional Premises Term. For clarity, the Free Base Rent period shall be applied to the 18,627 square foot Second Additional Premises only, and shall commence August 1, 2024 and expire December 31, 2024. â€¢ 9. Allowance for Second Additional Premises: â€¢ (a) Landlord shall pay to the Tenant named herein, one time only, a leasehold improvement allowance in the amount of up to a maximum of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per square foot of the Second Additional Premises, being Ninety-Three Thousand One Hundred Thirty-Five Dollars (\$93,135.00) plus applicable Sales Taxes ("Allowance"), to be applied by Tenant toward the cost of the Tenant's Work in the Second Additional Premises. (b) Subject to the provisions of subsections (e) below, Landlord shall pay the Allowance to Tenant within a reasonable period of time following Tenant's delivery to Landlord of a formal written invoice ("Invoice") requesting payment of the Allowance, which Invoice must be delivered within 12 months following the Second Additional Premises Commencement Date. (c) Landlord shall be under no obligation to pay any portion of the Allowance to Tenant until the Tenant's Work has been completed expressly in accordance with the terms of the Lease, and the following have occurred: â€¢ (i) the Second Additional Premises Commencement Date; â€¢ (ii) the actual, physical occupancy by Tenant of the whole of the Leased Premises (including the Second Additional Premises) and diligent conduct of business therefrom; and (iii) Tenant's delivery to Landlord of: â€¢ (A) copies of invoices (accompanied by reasonable back-up confirming such invoices have been paid in full) for the performance of all of the Tenant's Work completed as of the date of delivery of the Invoice; (B) a statutory declaration signed by Tenant (or a senior officer of Tenant), to be issued after the expiry of all applicable statutory lien periods, certifying that: (I) the Tenant's Work has been completed, and the date of such completion; (II) Tenant has paid in full its general contractor engaged to complete the Tenant's Work; (III) no lien has been, or may be, claimed in respect of the Tenant's Work; and (IV) all construction lien periods have expired; and â€¢ Page 6 of 17 (C) a statutory declaration signed by Tenant's general contractor (or a senior officer thereof), to be issued after the expiry of all applicable statutory lien periods, certifying that: (I) the Tenant's Work has been completed, and the date of such completion; (II) the contractor has been paid in full by Tenant; (III) all subcontractors engaged by the general contractor in connection with the Tenant's Work have been paid in full by the general contractor; (IV) no lien has been, or may be, claimed in respect of the Tenant's Work; and (V) all construction lien periods have expired; and â€¢ (D) evidence, satisfactory to Landlord, acting reasonably, that all building permits related to the Tenant's Work have been properly closed. (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) above, and for greater certainty, the amount to which Tenant is entitled to pursuant hereto shall be the lesser of: (i) the actual cost incurred by Tenant in completing the Tenant's Work as evidenced by received invoices delivered pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c)(ii)(A) above, and (ii) the Allowance expressly provided in subsection (a) above. If the actual cost of the Tenant's Work is less than the Allowance, then the Tenant shall be reimbursed such lesser amount and the balance of the Allowance remaining shall be retained by Landlord for its own account. Correspondingly, Tenant shall be responsible for all costs of the Tenant's Work in excess of the Allowance. â€¢ (e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, Landlord shall be under no obligation to pay or credit, as the case may be, the Allowance to Tenant if, upon the date of such intended payment or credit, a claim for lien or certificate of action has been registered on title to the Lands or Building or there is then an uncured Event of Default (beyond the expiry of any applicable notice and cure period provided for in the Lease) or an Event of Default for which there is no notice and cure period. If any of the foregoing have occurred on the date upon which Landlord intends to deliver the Allowance to Tenant or make a credit toward Tenant's account, as the case may be, Landlord shall hold the Allowance, without interest, until such time as such claim for lien or certificate of action has been discharged or such Event of Default has been remedied in accordance with this Lease, at which time Landlord shall release the Allowance to Tenant or shall proceed with such credit toward Tenant's account, as applicable. (f) Landlord shall have the right to deduct from the Allowance all amounts owing to Landlord by Tenant for any reason whatsoever and Landlord shall have the right to pay itself or any other contractor of Tenant any amounts payable in respect of any of the Tenant's Work, and it is agreed that any such deduction or payment by Landlord shall constitute a payment on account of Landlord's obligation to pay the Allowance. â€¢ (g) If at any time during the Second Additional Premises Term: â€¢ (i) the Lease is terminated by reason of an uncured Event of Default; or â€¢ (ii) Tenant has become bankrupt or insolvent or has taken the benefit of any statute for bankrupt or insolvent debtors, or has filed a proposal, or has made an assignment for the benefit of creditors or any arrangement or compromise, then in such event, and without prejudice to any of the Landlord's other rights and remedies available to it under the Lease and at law, the unamortized portion of the Allowance calculated from the Second Additional Premises Commencement Date on the basis of an assumed rate of depreciation of 8% interest rate charged on the unamortized portion each year of the Second Additional Premises Term up to and including the last day of the Term shall immediately become due and payable to Landlord as Additional Rent. â€¢ (h) For greater certainty, any portion of the Allowance not claimed by Tenant expressly in accordance herewith on or before the first anniversary of the execution of this Agreement shall be applied towards Base Rent. â€¢ 10. Lease Amendments: The parties hereto agree that, effective as of the date hereof, the Lease is hereby amended as follows: â€¢ (a) Paragraph 2 of Basic Terms (Landlord's Address) is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following: "2. LANDLORD'S ADDRESS: c/o BentallGreenOak (Canada) Limited Partnership, Suite 240, 640 - 5th Avenue SW Calgary, Alberta T2P 3G4" â€¢ Page 7 of 17 (b) Section 3.10. a. of the Lease is amended by deleting the phrase "three million dollars (\$3,000,000.00)" therefrom and replacing the same with "five million dollars (\$5,000,000.00)". (c) The following is hereby added to the end of Section 3.14 of the Lease: â€¢ "Without limiting the generality of the foregoing provisions of this Section 3.14, Tenant shall on expiry or earlier termination of the Term effect the removal and restoration work set out in Schedule "G" attached hereto." â€¢ (d) Section 8.15 of the Lease is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following: "8.15 Privacy Policy: To the extent that Tenant provides information, including personal information, in connection with this Lease, Tenant consents to Landlord using and disclosing such information, for the purposes of: â€¢ (a) determining the suitability of Tenant both for the Term and any renewal or extension thereof; (b) taking action for collection of Rent in the case of an Event of Default or otherwise exercising Landlord's rights under this Lease; (c) facilitating any pre-authorized payment plan adopted by the parties hereto; and â€¢ (d) any other matters reasonably relating to this Lease or the use of the Leased Premises. â€¢ (e) Consent hereunder includes consent to the disclosure by Landlord of such information, in connection with this Lease, to property managers, credit agencies, collection agencies and existing or potential lenders, investors and purchasers and as required or permitted by law. Tenant also consents to and confirms its authority and that it has all necessary consents to enable the collection, use, and disclosure, as provided in this privacy statement, of personal information about employees of Tenant and other individuals whose personal information is provided to or collected by or on behalf of Landlord in connection with this Lease. To the extent Landlord uses a managing agent, consent under this Lease includes consent for the managing agent to do all such things on behalf of Landlord. Landlord's current managing agent is BentallGreenOak (Canada) Limited Partnership ("BentallGreenOak"). Tenant also consents to the terms of BentallGreenOak's privacy policy, a copy of which is available at [www.bgo.com](http://www.bgo.com), and to the collection, use and disclosure of personal information in accordance with such privacy policy." â€¢ (f) Schedule "A" attached to this Agreement is deleted and replaced with Schedule "G" attached to this Agreement. â€¢ (g) Schedule "G" attached to this Agreement is attached to the Lease as new Schedule "G" thereto, and the list of schedules in the Table of Contents to the Lease is updated accordingly. 11. Depositâ€¢ Landlord shall retain the existing Security Deposit, which shall be held pursuant to Section 3.6 of the Lease. â€¢ 12. Environmentalâ€¢ Tenant agrees to complete the environmental questionnaire attached hereto as Schedule "D" and to forthwith advise Landlord, in writing, of any changes in its activities that may alter the information provided therein. 13. Restorationâ€¢ For greater certainty, the provisions of the Lease including Section 3.14, requiring Tenant to remove such of the Leasehold Improvements (including any of the same existing in the Premises as of the date hereof), if any, as expressly required by the Lease to be removed, remains in full force and effect, unmodified hereby, save and except as may be expressly hereinabove provided under Section 7(b) and Schedule "G" of this Agreement. 14. Managing Agentâ€¢ To the extent Landlord uses a managing agent, execution and delivery of this Agreement by Tenant constitutes consent by Tenant for the managing agent to act on Landlord's behalf in connection with the operation, management, administration, maintenance, repair and replacement of the Lands and Building including, without limitation, collecting, using and disclosing information

referred to in Section 8.15 of the Lease. Landlord's current managing agent is BentallGreenOak (Canada) Limited Partnership ("BentallGreenOak"); Landlord may from time to time change its managing agent upon written notice to Tenant. Tenant acknowledges that if this Agreement has been executed for and on behalf, in the name, and with the authority, of Landlord by a property manager or managing agent, then the covenants and agreements of Landlord are obligations of Landlord and its successors and assigns only and are not obligations personal to or enforceable against the property manager or managing agent in its own right.<sup>15</sup> Agency Disclosure<sup>16</sup>: Landlord hereby discloses that BentallGreenOak is acting in its capacity as authorized agents for Landlord in accordance with applicable legislation, and that BentallGreenOak: (a) acts on behalf of Landlord; (b) owes a fiduciary duty to Landlord in this transaction; and (c) shall be compensated by Landlord.<sup>17</sup> The parties hereto shall, at all times hereafter, upon the reasonable request of the others make or procure to be made, done or executed, all such further assurances and to do all such things as may be necessary to give full force and effect to the full intent of this Agreement.<sup>18</sup> The parties hereto hereby acknowledge, confirm and agree that in all other respects the terms of the Lease and Indemnity are to remain in full force and effect, unchanged and unmodified except in accordance with this Agreement.<sup>19</sup> This Agreement shall enure to the benefit of and shall be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns, but subject always to the provisions of the Lease restricting or limiting Tenant's right to assign the Lease or sublet the Leased Premises or carry out any other Transfer, as provided in the Lease.<sup>20</sup> Landlord shall not be bound pursuant hereto until Landlord is in receipt of a fully executed original of this Agreement.<sup>20</sup> The parties hereto do hereby acknowledge and confirm with one another that, notwithstanding anything contained in the Lease to the contrary: (a) this Agreement may be executed by counterparts and by electronic transmission ("email") and, if so executed, each document shall be deemed to be an original, shall have the same effect as if all parties had executed the same copy of this Agreement, and all of which copies (when taken together) shall constitute one and the same document and shall be legal and binding upon the parties hereto; and (b) with respect to the execution of this Agreement, they will each accept electronic signatures in accordance with the Electronic Commerce Act (Alberta).<sup>21</sup> BALANCE OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY BLANK SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE<sup>22</sup>: Page 9 of 17 IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first set out above.<sup>23</sup> VERSA POWER SYSTEMS LTD. (Tenant)<sup>24</sup>: Per./s/ Michael S. Bishop Name: Michael S. Bishop Title: EVP, Chief Financial Officer<sup>25</sup>: Per./s/ Name: Title: We have the authority to bind the Tenant Date: July 31, 2024<sup>26</sup>: Per./s/ 52ND STREET BUSINESS CENTRE LP, its general partner, 52ND STREET BUSINESS CENTRE GP INC. (Landlord)<sup>27</sup>: Per./s/ Name: Brad Alton<sup>28</sup>: Per./s/ Name: David McLean<sup>29</sup>: Per./s/ Name: David McLean Title: Vice President, Portfolio Management<sup>30</sup>: Per./s/ Brad Alton<sup>31</sup>: Per./s/ Name: Brad Alton Title: Vice President, Leasing<sup>32</sup>: I/we have the authority to bind the Landlord<sup>33</sup>: Per./s/ Date: August 2, 2024<sup>34</sup>: Page 10 of 17 SCHEDULE "A"<sup>35</sup>: Floor Plan of the Leased Premises<sup>36</sup>: Original Premises - 4852-52nd Street SE<sup>37</sup>: Per./s/ First Additional Premises - 4908-52nd Street SE (cross-hatched) Second Additional Premises - 4912-52nd Street SE (outlined in bold)<sup>38</sup>: Page 11 of 17 SCHEDULE "D"<sup>39</sup>: Environmental Questionnaire<sup>40</sup>: The applicant acknowledges that the information provided in this Tenant / Prospective Tenant Environmental Questionnaire will be relied upon by BentallGreenOak in determining whether the applicant may lease the prospective premises and if so, under what conditions. Applicant's Name (the Versa Power Systems Ltd. "Tenant"): Per./s/ Prospective Property Address: 4912-52nd Street SE<sup>41</sup>: Per./s/ Current Tenant Address: 4852-52nd Street SE<sup>42</sup>: Per./s/ Telephone: (A) Per./s/ Email: Per./s/ Person Responsible: Per./s/ (a) Describe the business activities to be carried on in the Premises and specify raw materials used, goods manufactured and any resulting waste materials or by-products that are generated and the quantities of these materials.<sup>43</sup> (b) Will the business activities to be carried on in the Premises entail the use, generating or storing of any contaminants or hazardous materials (including but not limited to chemical products, degreasers, corrosives, flammable or combustibles, fuels, solvents, paints, medication, oil, gas, batteries, extinguisher, etc.) in any quantity? NO<sup>44</sup> q YES<sup>45</sup> q (If so, describe<sup>46</sup>)<sup>47</sup> (c) If yes to the above, please indicate the approximate quantities of materials which will be used or stored monthly or annually, in the Premises (please attach a separate inventory list if applicable).<sup>48</sup> (d) Will the business activities to be carried on in the Premises entail the use, generating or storing of any chemical or hazardous wastes (i.e., non-domestic refuse) in any quantity? NO<sup>49</sup> q YES<sup>50</sup> q (If so, describe<sup>51</sup>)<sup>52</sup> (e) If yes to the above, please indicate the approximate quantities of wastes which will be generated or stored monthly or annually, in the Premises (please attach a separate inventory list if applicable).<sup>53</sup> (f) How do you intend to store the contaminants and hazardous materials and/or wastes described in b) and d)?<sup>54</sup> (g) How will the contaminants and hazardous materials and/or wastes, which are to be generated or used in the Premises, be transported and disposed of and who will be the carrier?<sup>55</sup> (h) Page 12 of 17(h) Do the business activities to be carried on in the Premises require that you or anyone else obtain any certificate of authorizations, permits, environmental approvals or provide environmental data to government agencies? NO<sup>56</sup> q YES<sup>57</sup> q (If so, give details and attach the related documentation)<sup>58</sup> (i) Will the business activities to be carried on in the Premises entail the discharge of contaminants and hazardous materials into the sewer system, into storm water runoff (either into the system or over land) or into the air?<sup>59</sup> (j) Will the business activities to be carried on in the Premises entail the discharge of contaminants or hazardous materials in to the sewer system, storm water system or in the air will comply with all applicable requirements, including environmental laws, regulations, orders, by-laws or permits? NO<sup>60</sup> q YES<sup>61</sup> q (If so, give details and list standards to be met)<sup>62</sup> (k) Do the business activities to be carried on in the Premises necessitate the installation of an underground or above ground storage tank in, on or near the Premises or the Common Facilities? NO<sup>63</sup> q YES<sup>64</sup> q (If so, describe in detail the tank to be installed, material to be stored and whether there is any secondary containment)<sup>65</sup> (l) Will there be a prevention training or emergency plan in place to prevent an environmental incident or to deal with one if it occurs? NO<sup>66</sup> q YES<sup>67</sup> q (If so, give details and attach a copy of the plan and training procedure)<sup>68</sup> (m) Will there be an environmental management system in place? NO<sup>69</sup> q YES<sup>70</sup> q (If so, give details and attach a copy of the program)<sup>71</sup> (n) Is there appropriate insurance in place to handle issues related to contaminants or hazardous materials and/or wastes, including discharges into the environment? (i.e., on-premises pollution or fixed site pollution policy - provides environmental coverage for operations that are in the care, custody and control of the tenant) NO<sup>72</sup> q YES<sup>73</sup> q (If so, give details and attach a copy of the policy or certificate of insurance)<sup>74</sup> (o) By signing below, Tenant hereby certifies that the statements made and the information herein and data (if any) supplied herewith are true, accurate and complete.<sup>75</sup> Tenant's Signature: Per./s/ Name (please print): Per./s/ Title: Per./s/ Date: Per./s/ Page 13 of 17 SCHEDULE "G"<sup>76</sup>: TENANT'S ADDITIONAL RESTORATION OBLIGATIONS<sup>77</sup>: Page 14 of 17<sup>78</sup>: Page 15 of 17<sup>79</sup>: 9. Shall remove the dry cooler and related equipment, electrical, piping, and concrete pads. (For clarity all items on the below drawing that are circled in red shall be subject to restoration and removed)<sup>80</sup> 3D PRESENTATION CHILLER/RTO/DRY COOLER<sup>81</sup>: 10. Shall close off any drains or piping as directed by the Landlord. 11. Shall remove any additional ventilation for the Tenant's use and shall patch and repair as needed. 12. Shall remove excess roof equipment, patching and repairing the roof as required. The Landlord's roofer shall be used for any work and should the roofer require sections to be fully restored the Tenant shall ensure this is completed. Drawing of roof all equipment circled in red shall be removed and the roof repaired or restored.<sup>82</sup> 13. Remove the new stairwells and covered dock loading siding covering the existing dock door area(s) and restore to its original condition including installing new 8'x10' metal insulated overhead dock doors, complete with building standard dock pads and bumpers, and 40,000 lbs capacity hydraulic<sup>83</sup>: Page 16 of 17<sup>84</sup>: Page 17 of 17<sup>85</sup>: Exhibit 31.1 CERTIFICATION, Jason B. Few, certify that: 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of FuelCell Energy, Inc.; 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report; 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have: (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function): (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.<sup>86</sup> 9. September 5, 2024/s/ Jason B. Few<sup>87</sup>: Jason B. Few President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)<sup>88</sup>: Exhibit 31.2 CERTIFICATION, Michael S. Bishop, certify that: 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of FuelCell Energy, Inc.; 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report; 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have: (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function): (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.<sup>89</sup> 9. September 5, 2024/s/ Michael S. Bishop<sup>90</sup>: Michael S. Bishop Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)<sup>91</sup>: Exhibit 32.1 CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002<sup>92</sup> in connection with the quarterly report of FuelCell Energy, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jason B. Few, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.<sup>93</sup> 9. September 5, 2024/s/ Jason B. Few<sup>94</sup>: Jason B. Few President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)<sup>95</sup>: A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.<sup>96</sup> 9. Exhibit 32.2 CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002<sup>97</sup> in connection with the quarterly report of FuelCell Energy, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael S. Bishop, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d)); and (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.<sup>98</sup> 9. September 5, 2024/s/ Michael S. Bishop<sup>99</sup>: Michael S. Bishop Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)<sup>100</sup>: A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC or its staff upon request.