

REFINITIV

# DELTA REPORT

## 10-Q

KHC - KRAFT HEINZ CO

10-Q - JUNE 29, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - MARCH 30, 2024

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	820
CHANGES	323
DELETIONS	191
ADDITIONS	306

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

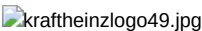
For the quarterly period ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 001-37482



The Kraft Heinz Company

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

(Address of principal executive offices)

46-2078182

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

15222

(Zip Code)

(412) 456-5700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trading Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common stock, \$0.01 par value	KHC	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Floating Rate Senior Notes due 2025	KHC25	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
3.500% Senior Notes due 2029	KHC29	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of [April 27, 2024](#) [July 27, 2024](#), there were [1,214,298,182](#) [1,209,078,897](#) shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "we," "us," "our," "Kraft Heinz," and the "Company" each refer to The Kraft Heinz Company and all of its consolidated subsidiaries.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains a number of forward-looking statements. Words such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “future,” “intend,” “plan,” “will,” and variations of such words and similar future or conditional expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our plans, impacts of accounting standards and guidance, growth, legal matters, taxes, costs and cost savings, impairments, and dividends. These forward-looking statements reflect management’s current expectations and are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and beyond our control.

Important factors that may affect our business and operations and that may cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, operating in a highly competitive industry; our ability to correctly predict, identify, and interpret changes in consumer preferences and demand, to offer new products to meet those changes, and to respond to competitive innovation; changes in the retail landscape or the loss of key retail customers; changes in our relationships with significant customers or suppliers, or in other business relationships; our ability to maintain, extend, and expand our reputation and brand image; our ability to leverage our brand value to compete against private label products; our ability to drive revenue growth in our key product categories or platforms, increase our market share, or add products that are in faster-growing and more profitable categories; product recalls or other product liability claims; climate change and legal or regulatory responses; our ability to identify, complete, or realize the benefits from strategic acquisitions, divestitures, alliances, joint ventures, or investments; our ability to successfully execute our strategic initiatives; the impacts of our international operations; our ability to protect intellectual property rights; our ability to realize the anticipated benefits from prior or future streamlining actions to reduce fixed costs, simplify or improve processes, and improve our competitiveness; the influence of our largest stockholder; our level of indebtedness, as well as our ability to comply with covenants under our debt instruments; additional impairments of the carrying amounts of goodwill or other indefinite-lived intangible assets; foreign exchange rate fluctuations; volatility in commodity, energy, and other input costs; volatility in the market value of all or a portion of the commodity derivatives we use; compliance with laws and regulations and related legal claims or regulatory enforcement actions; failure to maintain an effective system of internal controls; a downgrade in our credit rating; the impact of sales of our common stock in the public market; the impact of our share repurchases or any change in our share repurchase activity; our ability to continue to pay a regular dividend and the amounts of any such dividends; disruptions in the global economy caused by geopolitical conflicts, unanticipated business disruptions and natural events in the locations in which we or our customers, suppliers, distributors, or regulators operate; economic and political conditions in the United States and various other nations where we do business (including inflationary pressures, instability in financial institutions, general economic slowdown, recession, or a potential U.S. federal government shutdown); changes in our management team or other key personnel and our ability to hire or retain key personnel or a highly skilled and diverse global workforce; our dependence on information technology and systems, including service interruptions, misappropriation of data, or breaches of security; increased pension, labor, and people-related expenses; changes in tax laws and interpretations and the final determination of tax audits, including transfer pricing matters, and any related litigation; volatility of capital markets and other macroeconomic factors; and other factors. For additional information on these and other factors that could affect our forward-looking statements, see Item 1A, Risk Factors, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023. We disclaim and do not undertake any obligation to update, revise, or withdraw any forward-looking statement in this report, except as required by applicable law or regulation.

We use our investor relations website, [ir.kraftheinzcompany.com](http://ir.kraftheinzcompany.com), as a routine channel for distribution of important, and often material, information about Kraft Heinz, including quarterly and annual earnings results and presentations, press releases and other announcements, webcasts, analyst presentations, investor days, sustainability initiatives, financial information, and corporate governance practices, as well as archives of past presentations and events. We encourage you to follow our investor relations website in addition to our filings with the SEC to receive timely information about the Company. The information on our website is not part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into this report or any other filings we make with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The Kraft Heinz Company				
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income				
(in millions, except per share data)				
(Unaudited)				
	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended			
	For the Three Months Ended			
	March 30, 2024			
	March 30, 2024			
	March 30, 2024			
Net sales				
Net sales				
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023

Net sales
Cost of products sold
Cost of products sold
Cost of products sold
Gross profit
Gross profit
Gross profit
Selling, general and administrative expenses, excluding impairment losses
Goodwill impairment losses
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Operating income/(loss)
Operating income/(loss)
Operating income/(loss)
Interest expense
Interest expense
Interest expense
Other expense/(income)
Other expense/(income)
Other expense/(income)
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Provision for/(benefit from) income taxes
Provision for/(benefit from) income taxes
Provision for/(benefit from) income taxes
Net income/(loss)
Net income/(loss)
Net income/(loss)
Net income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest
Net income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest
Net income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders
Per share data applicable to common shareholders:
Per share data applicable to common shareholders:
Per share data applicable to common shareholders:
Basic earnings/(loss)
Basic earnings/(loss)
Basic earnings/(loss)
Diluted earnings/(loss)
Diluted earnings/(loss)
Diluted earnings/(loss)

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Kraft Heinz Company  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income  
(in millions)  
(Unaudited)

For the Three Months Ended For the Three Months Ended For the Six Months Ended

	For the Three Months Ended			
	For the Three Months Ended			
	March 30, 2024			
	March 30, 2024			
	March 30, 2024			
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023
Net income/(loss)				
Net income/(loss)				
Net income/(loss)				
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:				
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:				
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments				
Foreign currency translation adjustments				
Foreign currency translation adjustments				
Net deferred gains/(losses) on net investment hedges				
Net deferred gains/(losses) on net investment hedges				
Net deferred gains/(losses) on net investment hedges				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of net investment hedges				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of net investment hedges				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of net investment hedges				
Net deferred losses/(gains) on net investment hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net deferred losses/(gains) on net investment hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net deferred losses/(gains) on net investment hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net deferred gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges				
Net deferred gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges				
Net deferred gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of cash flow hedges				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of cash flow hedges				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of cash flow hedges				
Net deferred losses/(gains) on cash flow hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net deferred losses/(gains) on cash flow hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net deferred losses/(gains) on cash flow hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of fair value hedges				
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Net actuarial gains/(losses) arising during the period				
Net actuarial gains/(losses) arising during the period				
Net actuarial gains/(losses) arising during the period				
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)				
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)				
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)				
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)				
Total comprehensive income/(loss)				
Total comprehensive income/(loss)				
Total comprehensive income/(loss)				
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest				
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest				
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest				
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders				
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders				

Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Kraft Heinz Company  
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets  
(in millions, except per share data)  
(Unaudited)

	March 30, 2024	December 30, 2023	June 29, 2024	December 30, 2023
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Trade receivables (net of allowances of \$30 at March 30, 2024 and \$38 at December 30, 2023)				
Trade receivables (net of allowances of \$35 at June 29, 2024 and \$38 at December 30, 2023)				
Inventories				
Prepaid expenses				
Other current assets				
Assets held for sale				
Total current assets				
Property, plant and equipment, net				
Goodwill				
Intangible assets, net				
Other non-current assets				
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>				
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>				
Current portion of long-term debt				
Current portion of long-term debt				
Current portion of long-term debt				
Trade payables				
Accounts payable				
Accrued marketing				
Interest payable				
Other current liabilities				
Other current liabilities				
Other current liabilities				
Total current liabilities				
Total current liabilities				
Total current liabilities				
Long-term debt				
Deferred income taxes				
Accrued postemployment costs				
Long-term deferred income				
Other non-current liabilities				
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>				
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)	Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)		Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)	
Redeemable noncontrolling interest				
Equity:	Equity:		Equity:	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value (5,000 shares authorized; 1,253 shares issued and 1,214 shares outstanding at March 30, 2024; 1,249 shares issued and 1,218 shares outstanding at December 30, 2023)				

Common stock, \$0.01 par value (5,000 shares authorized; 1,254 shares issued and 1,209 shares outstanding at June 29, 2024; 1,249 shares issued and 1,218 shares outstanding at December 30, 2023)
Additional paid-in capital
Retained earnings/(deficit)
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses)
Treasury stock, at cost (39 shares at March 30, 2024 and 31 shares at December 30, 2023)
Treasury stock, at cost (45 shares at June 29, 2024 and 31 shares at December 30, 2023)
Total shareholders' equity
Noncontrolling interest
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Kraft Heinz Company  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity  
(in millions)  
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings/(Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses)	Treasury Stock, at Cost	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings/(Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses)	Treasury Stock, at Cost	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
<b>Balance at December 30, 2023</b>															
Net income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Other comprehensive income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Dividends declared-common stock (\$0.40 per share)															
Dividends declared-noncontrolling interest (\$98.77 per share)															
Exercise of stock options, issuance of other stock awards, repurchase of common stock, and other															
Repurchase of common stock															
Exercise of stock options, issuance of other stock awards, and other															
<b>Balance at March 30, 2024</b>															
Net income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Other comprehensive income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Dividends declared-common stock (\$0.40 per share)															
Repurchase of common stock															
Exercise of stock options, issuance of other stock awards, and other															
<b>Balance at June 29, 2024</b>															



	Common Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings/(Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses)	Treasury Stock, at Cost	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings/(Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses)	Treasury Stock, at Cost	Noncontrolling Interest	Total Equity
<b>Balance at December 31, 2022</b>															
Net income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Other comprehensive income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Dividends declared-common stock (\$0.40 per share)															
Exercise of stock options, issuance of other stock awards, repurchase of common stock, and other															
<b>Balance at April 1, 2023</b>															
Net income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Other comprehensive income/(loss) excluding redeemable noncontrolling interest															
Dividends declared-common stock (\$0.40 per share)															
Exercise of stock options, issuance of other stock awards, repurchase of common stock, and other															
<b>Balance at July 1, 2023</b>															

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Kraft Heinz Company  
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(in millions)  
(Unaudited)

		For the Three Months Ended	
		March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023
		For the Six Months Ended	
		June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>			
Net income/(loss)			
Net income/(loss)			
Net income/(loss)			
Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to operating cash flows:	Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to operating cash flows:		Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to operating cash flows:
Depreciation and amortization			
Amortization of postemployment benefit plans prior service costs/(credits)			

Divestiture-related license income
Equity award compensation expense
Deferred income tax provision/(benefit)
Postemployment benefit plan contributions
Nonmonetary currency devaluation
Nonmonetary currency devaluation
Goodwill and intangible asset impairment losses
Nonmonetary currency devaluation
Loss/(gain) on sale of business
Other items, net
Other items, net
Other items, net
Changes in current assets and liabilities:
Trade receivables
Trade receivables
Trade receivables
Inventories
Accounts payable
Other current assets
Other current liabilities
Net cash provided by/(used for) operating activities
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Capital expenditures
Capital expenditures
Capital expenditures
Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash disposed and working capital adjustments
Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash disposed and working capital adjustments
Proceeds from sale of business, net of cash disposed and working capital adjustments
Payments to acquire intangible assets
Other investing activities, net
Net cash provided by/(used for) investing activities
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Repayments of long-term debt
Repayments of long-term debt
Repayments of long-term debt
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt
Dividends paid
Dividends paid
Dividends paid
Repurchases of common stock
Other financing activities, net
Net cash provided by/(used for) financing activities
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash
Net increase/(decrease)
Net increase/(decrease)
Net increase/(decrease)
Balance at beginning of period
Balance at end of period

See accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## **Note 1. Basis of Presentation**

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") have been omitted, in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), SEC. In management's opinion, these interim financial statements include all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) and accruals necessary to fairly state our results for the periods presented.

We operate on a 52- or 53-week fiscal year ending on the last Saturday in December in each calendar year. Unless the context requires otherwise, references to years and quarters contained herein pertain to our fiscal years and fiscal quarters. Our 2024 fiscal year is scheduled to be a 52-week period ending on December 28, 2024, and our 2023 fiscal year was a 52-week period that ended on December 30, 2023.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet data at December 30, 2023 was derived from audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. These statements should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023. The results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of future or annual results.

### **Principles of Consolidation**

The condensed consolidated financial statements include The Kraft Heinz Company and all of our controlled subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions are eliminated.

### **Reportable Segments**

In the first quarter of 2024, our internal reporting structure and reportable segments changed. We divided our International segment into three operating segments — Europe and Pacific Developed Markets ("EPDM" or "International Developed Markets"), West and East Emerging Markets ("WEEM"), and Asia Emerging Markets ("AEM") — to enable enhanced focus on the different strategies required for each of these regions as part of our long-term strategic plan. Subsequently, we manage our operating results through four operating segments. We have two reportable segments defined by geographic region: North America and International Developed Markets. Our remaining operating segments, consisting of WEEM and AEM, are combined and disclosed as Emerging Markets.

### **Use of Estimates**

We prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires us to make accounting policy elections, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, reserves, and expenses. These accounting policy elections, estimates, and assumptions are based on our best estimates and judgments. We evaluate our policy elections, estimates, and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment. We believe these estimates to be reasonable given the current facts available. We adjust our policy elections, estimates, and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Market volatility, including foreign currency exchange rates, increases the uncertainty inherent in our estimates and assumptions. As future events and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from estimates. If actual amounts differ from estimates, we include the revisions in our consolidated results of operations in the period the actual amounts become known. Historically, the aggregate differences, if any, between our estimates and actual amounts in any year have not had a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

### **Reclassifications**

We made reclassifications and adjustments to certain previously reported financial information to conform to our current period presentation.

### **Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash**

Cash equivalents include term deposits with banks, money market funds, and all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. The fair value of cash equivalents approximates the carrying amount. Cash and cash equivalents that are legally restricted as to withdrawal or usage are classified in other current assets or other non-current assets, as applicable, on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we had \$2 million of restricted cash in other non-current assets. At December 30, 2023, we had restricted cash recorded in other current assets of \$3 million and \$1 million of restricted cash in other non-current assets. Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash was \$1.628 \$902 million at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$1,404 million at December 30, 2023.

## **Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies**

There were no significant changes to our accounting policies from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023.

## **Note 3. New Accounting Standards**

### **Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted**

#### **Segment Reporting (Topic 280) – Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures:**

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07 to improve segment disclosure requirements under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 280, *Segment Reporting*, through enhancing disclosures about significant segment expenses. The guidance requires entities to provide significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and other segment expenses included in each reported measure of segment profitability. This ASU also enhances interim segment reporting requirements by aligning interim disclosures with information that must be disclosed annually in accordance with ASC 280. This ASU will be effective beginning in 2024 for annual reports and in 2025 for quarterly reports. Early adoption is permitted. The new guidance must be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements, with the significant segment expense and other segment item amounts disclosed based on categories identified in the period of adoption. We are still evaluating the impacts this ASU will have on our notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Income Taxes (Topic 740) – Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures:**

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09 to improve income tax disclosure requirements under ASC 740, *Income Taxes*. The guidance requires entities to provide separate information about a reporting entity's effective tax rate reconciliation and about income taxes paid. This ASU will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024 and will impact our 2025 annual report. The guidance will be applied on a prospective basis with the option to apply the standard retrospectively. Early adoption is permitted. While the standard will require additional disclosures related to the Company's income taxes, we do not expect this ASU to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

**Note 4. Acquisitions and Divestitures**

**Divestitures**

**Russia Infant Transaction:**

On March 11, 2024, we closed and finalized the sale of our infant nutrition business in Russia to a third party for total cash consideration of approximately \$25 million (the "Russia Infant Transaction"). As a result of the Russia Infant Transaction, we recognized an insignificant pre-tax gain in other expense/(income) on our consolidated statement of income for in the three months ended March 30, 2024, first quarter of 2024.

**Papua New Guinea Transaction:**

On February 5, 2024, we closed and finalized the sale of 100% of the equity interests in our Papua New Guinea subsidiary, Hugo Canning Company Limited, to a third party for total cash consideration of approximately \$22 million, which is to be paid incrementally over two years following the transaction closing date (the "Papua New Guinea Transaction"). As a result of the Papua New Guinea Transaction, we recognized a pre-tax loss on sale of business of approximately \$80 million in other expense/(income) on our consolidated statement of income for in the three months ended March 30, 2024, first quarter of 2024, of which approximately \$41 million relates to the release of accumulated foreign currency losses.

**Deal Costs:**

We incurred insignificant deal costs for the three and six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and the three and six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023 related to our divestitures. We recognized these deal costs in selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A").

**Note 5. Restructuring Activities**

See our consolidated financial statements and related notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for additional information on our restructuring activities.

**Restructuring Activities:**

We have restructuring programs globally, which are focused primarily on streamlining our organizational design. For the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we eliminated approximately 50 100 positions related to these programs. As of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we expect to eliminate approximately 100 50 additional positions during the remainder of 2024. For the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, restructuring activities resulted in expense of \$2 million and included a net expense of \$3 million from other restructuring costs and a net benefit of \$1 million from other exit costs. For the six months ended June 29, 2024, restructuring activities resulted in income of \$3 million and \$1 million, which included a net benefit of \$6 million from severance and employee benefit costs, \$2 million partially offset by \$5 million of other restructuring costs, and \$1 million of other exit costs. Restructuring activities resulted in income of \$8 million \$10 million for the three months and \$18 million for the six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023.

Our net liability balance for restructuring project costs that qualify as exit and disposal costs under U.S. GAAP was (in millions):

	Severance and Employee Benefit Costs	Severance and Employee Benefit Costs	Other Exit Costs	Total	Severance and Employee Benefit Costs	Other Exit Costs	Total
Balance at December 30, 2023							
Charges/(credits)							
Cash payments							
Balance at March 30, 2024							
Balance at March 30, 2024							
Balance at March 30, 2024							
Non-cash utilization							
Balance at June 29, 2024							

We expect the majority of the liability for severance and employee benefit costs as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 to be paid in by the second quarter end of 2024. The liability for other exit costs primarily relates to lease obligations. The cash impact of these obligations will continue for the duration of the lease terms, which expire between 2024 and 2031.

**Total Expenses/(Income):**

Total expense/(income) related to restructuring activities, by income statement caption, were (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended	For the Three Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended		
	March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024		
Severance and employee benefit costs - Cost of products sold			



Packaging and ingredients
Spare parts
Work in process
Finished products
Inventories

**Note 7. Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

**Goodwill:**

As described in Note 1, *Basis of Presentation*, in the first quarter of 2024, we divided our International segment into three operating segments — EPDM, WEEM, and AEM. While this reorganization resulted in a change to our operating segments, it did not impact the existing composition of our reporting units that formerly comprised the goodwill balance of our International segment — Northern Europe, Continental Europe, Latin America (“LATAM”), and Asia — and, therefore, was not indicative of an impairment **trigger**. **triggering event**. We have reflected the impact of this segment change in all historical periods presented.

As of March 31, 2024, which was the first day of our second quarter of 2024, certain organizational changes occurred that impacted our reporting unit composition within our North America segment (the “Q2 North America reorganization”). Two of our North America reporting units — Taste, Meals, and Away From Home (“TMA”), and Fresh, Beverages, and Desserts (“FBD”) — were reorganized into the four reporting units: Taste Elevation, Ready Meals and Snacking (“TMS”), Hydration & Desserts (“HD”), Meat & Cheese (“MC”), and Away from Home & Kraft Heinz Ingredients (“AFH”). The Canada and North America Coffee (“CNAC”) and Other North America reporting units were not impacted by this reorganization.

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, by segment, were (in millions):

	North America	North America	International Developed Markets	Emerging Markets(a)	Total	North America	International Developed Markets	Emerging Markets(a)	Total
Balance at December 30, 2023									
Impairment losses									
Translation adjustments and other									
Translation adjustments and other									
Translation adjustments and other									
Balance at March 30, 2024									
Balance at June 29, 2024									

(a) Emerging Markets represents the aggregation of our WEEM and AEM operating segments.

**2024 Year-to-Date Goodwill Impairment Testing**

As a result of the Q2 North America reorganization, we reassigned assets and liabilities to the applicable reporting units and allocated goodwill using the relative fair value approach. We performed an interim impairment test (or “2024 transition test”) on the affected reporting units on both a pre- and post-reorganization basis.

As part of our Q2 North America pre-reorganization impairment test of the TMA and FBD reporting units, we utilized the discounted cash flow method under the income approach to estimate the fair values as of March 31, 2024 for these two reporting units and concluded that the fair value of these reporting units exceeded their carrying values and no impairment was recorded.

We performed our Q2 North America post-reorganization impairment test as of March 31, 2024, and tested the new North America reporting units (TMS, HD, MC and AFH). We utilized the discounted cash flow method under the income approach to estimate the fair value of our reporting units. As a result of our Q2 North America post-reorganization impairment test, we recognized a non-cash impairment loss of approximately \$854 million in SG&A in our North America segment in the second quarter of 2024. The \$854 million impairment loss related to our MC reporting unit, which had a goodwill carrying amount of approximately \$2.5 billion after impairment. The impairment of our MC reporting unit was driven by the disaggregation of the former FBD reporting unit, which previously held all the net assets for the HD and MC reporting units as well as the Snacking category of TMS. The other three reporting units for which no impairment charge was required were TMS, which had a goodwill carrying amount of approximately \$15.9 billion; HD, which had a goodwill carrying amount of approximately \$4.3 billion; and AFH, which had a goodwill carrying amount of approximately \$2.8 billion.

In performing these tests, we incorporated information that was known through the date of filing this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

As of **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**, we maintain **11** **13** reporting units, **seven** **nine** of which comprise our goodwill balance. These **seven** **nine** reporting units had an aggregate goodwill carrying **value** **amount** of **\$30.4 billion** **\$29.5 billion** at **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**.

Accumulated impairment losses to goodwill were **\$12.7 billion** as of **June 29, 2024** and **\$11.8 billion** as of **March 30, 2024** and as of **December 30, 2023**

**No events occurred during the three months ended March 30, 2024 or the three months ended April 1, 2023 that indicated it was more likely than not that our goodwill was impaired.**

**Additional Goodwill Considerations**

Our reporting units that were impaired in **2023** **the 2024 transition test** were written down to their respective fair values resulting in zero excess fair value over carrying amount as of the applicable impairment test dates. As of our Q2 North America post-reorganization impairment test date, our reporting units with 20% or less fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate carrying amount of \$21.2 billion and included the TMS, AFH, and MC reporting units. Our HD reporting unit had between 20-50% fair value over carrying amount and an aggregate carrying amount of \$4.3 billion.

Our reporting units that were not subject to the 2024 transition test are carried at their carrying amounts as of their latest impairment test date, the 2023 annual impairment test. As of our 2023 annual impairment test, our reporting units with 20% or less fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate goodwill carrying amount of **\$30.1 billion** **\$3.8 billion** and

included Taste, Meals, and Away From Home ("TMA"); Fresh, Beverages, and Desserts ("FBD"); Northern Europe; Continental Europe; Canada and North America Coffee ("CNAC"); CNAC; and LATAM. Our Asia reporting unit had between 20-50% fair value over carrying amount with an aggregate goodwill carrying amount of \$309 million as of our 2023 annual impairment test date. Accordingly, our reporting units that had 20% or less excess fair value over carrying amount as of our 2024 transition test and 2023 annual impairment test have a heightened risk of future impairments if any assumptions, estimates, or market factors change in the future. Although the remaining reporting unit had more than 20% excess fair value over carrying amount as of our 2023 annual impairment test, this amount is also susceptible to impairments if any assumptions, estimates, or market factors significantly change in the future.

Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates, and market factors. Estimating the fair value of individual reporting units requires us to make assumptions and estimates regarding our future plans, as well as industry, economic, and regulatory conditions. These assumptions and estimates include estimated future annual net cash flows (including net sales, cost of products sold, SG&A, depreciation and amortization, working capital, and capital expenditures), income tax rates, discount rates, growth rates, and other market factors. Our current expectations also include certain assumptions that could be negatively impacted if we are unable to meet our pricing expectations in relation to inflation. If current expectations of future growth rates and margins are not met, if market factors outside of our control, such as discount rates, market capitalization, income tax rates, foreign currency exchange rates, or inflation, change, or if management's expectations or plans otherwise change, including updates to our long-term operating plans, then one or more of our reporting units might become impaired in the future. Additionally, any decisions to divest certain non-strategic assets has led and could in the future lead to goodwill impairments.

As of the first day of the second quarter 2024, certain organizational changes occurred that impacted our reporting unit composition within our North America segment. Our four North America reporting units — TMA, FBD, CNAC, and Other North America — were reorganized into the six reporting units: Taste Elevation, Ready Meals and Snacking ("TMS"), Hydration & Desserts ("HD"), Meat & Cheese ("M&C"), Away from Home & Kraft Heinz Ingredients ("AFH"), CNAC, and Other North America. We have determined these changes represent a change in composition for the TMA and FBD reporting units as they have been reorganized into TMS, HD, M&C, and AFH reporting units and will require an interim impairment test (or transition test) in the second quarter of 2024.

Indefinite-lived intangible assets:

Changes in the carrying amount of indefinite-lived intangible assets, which primarily consisted of trademarks, were (in millions):

Balance at December 30, 2023	\$	38,502
Translation adjustments and other		(62)(71)
Balance at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024	\$	38,440 38,431

Our indefinite-lived intangible asset balance primarily consists of a number of individual brands, which had an aggregate carrying amount of \$38.4 billion at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024.

No events occurred during the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 or the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023 that indicated it was more likely than not that any brand was impaired.

Additional Indefinite-Lived Intangible Asset Considerations

Our brands that were impaired in 2023 were written down to their respective fair values resulting in zero excess fair value over carrying amount as of the applicable impairment test dates. As of the latest impairment test, brands with 20% or less fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate carrying amount after impairment of \$18.7 billion, brands with between 20-50% fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate carrying amount of \$4.2 billion, and brands that had over 50% fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate carrying amount of \$15.7 billion. Accordingly, these and other individual brands that had 20% or less excess fair value over carrying amount as of our 2023 annual impairment test have a heightened risk of future impairments if any assumptions, estimates, or market factors change in the future. Although the remaining brands had more than 20% excess fair value over carrying amount as of our 2023 annual impairment test, these amounts are also susceptible to impairments if any assumptions, estimates, or market factors significantly change in the future.

Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates, and market factors. Estimating the fair value of individual brands requires us to make assumptions and estimates regarding our future plans, as well as industry, economic, and regulatory conditions. These assumptions and estimates include estimated future annual net cash flows, income tax considerations, discount rates, growth rates, royalty rates, contributory asset charges, and other market factors. Our current expectations also include certain assumptions that could be negatively impacted if we are unable to meet our pricing expectations in relation to inflation. If current expectations of future growth rates and margins are not met, if market factors outside of our control, such as discount rates, market capitalization, income tax rates, foreign currency exchange rates, or inflation, change, or if management's expectations or plans otherwise change, including updates to our long-term operating plans, then one or more of our brands might become impaired in the future. Additionally, any decisions to divest certain non-strategic assets has led and could in the future lead to intangible asset impairments.

Definite-lived intangible assets:

Definite-lived intangible assets were (in millions):

	March 30, 2024				December 30, 2023				June 29, 2024				December 30, 2023			
	Gross	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Gross	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Gross	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net	Gross	Gross	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Trademarks																
Customer-related assets																
Other																
	\$															

In the second quarter of 2024, we entered into an amended license agreement to grant us the exclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free, and perpetual right to use certain TGI Friday trademarks to manufacture, distribute, market, and sell certain TGI Friday licensed products (the "TGI Friday License"). The total cash consideration related to the TGI Friday License was approximately \$140 million. We recognized this TGI Friday License as a definite-lived intangible asset to be amortized over its 27-year useful life.

Amortization expense for definite-lived intangible assets was \$65 million for the three months ended June 29, 2024 and \$129 million for the six months ended June 29, 2024, and \$64 million for the three months March 30, 2024 and \$62 million \$126 million for the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023. Aside from amortization expense, the change in definite-lived intangible assets from December 30, 2023 to March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, primarily related to the TGI Friday License and the impacts of foreign currency.

We estimate that amortization expense related to definite-lived intangible assets will be approximately \$260 million in 2024, \$260 million in each of the following three four years, and \$250 million in 2028 and 2029.

**Note 8. Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes consists of provisions for federal, state, and non-U.S. income taxes. We operate in an international environment; accordingly, the consolidated effective tax rate is a composite rate reflecting the earnings in various locations and the applicable tax rates. Additionally, the calculation of the percentage point impact of goodwill impairment and other items on the effective tax rate is affected by income/(loss) before income taxes. Further, small movements in tax rates due to a change in tax law or a change in tax rates that cause us to revalue our deferred tax balances produce volatility in our effective tax rate. Our quarterly income tax provision is determined based on our estimated full year effective tax rate, adjusted for tax attributable to infrequent or unusual items, which are recognized on a discrete period basis in the income tax provision for the period in which they occur.

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 was an expense of 21.9% 71.1% on pre-tax income. Our effective tax rate was unfavorably impacted by certain net discrete items, primarily non-deductible goodwill impairments (56.5%). This impact was partially offset by the favorable geographic mix of pre-tax income in various non-U.S. jurisdictions and the release of a valuation allowance on certain deferred tax assets.

Our effective tax rate for the three months ended July 1, 2023 was an expense of 14.9% on pre-tax income. Our effective tax rate was favorably impacted by certain net discrete items, including the geographic mix net decrease in uncertain tax position reserves primarily in the U.S. resulting from a conclusion of pre-tax the Internal Revenue Service's ("IRS") income in various non-U.S. jurisdictions. This impact was partially offset by unfavorable items, primarily from establishing a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset examination for the U.S. capital loss carryover generated from our divestiture activities.

Our effective tax rate year 2017 and the lapsing of the statute of limitations for the three months ended April 1, 2023 was an expense of 20.3% on pre-tax income. Our effective tax rate was favorably impacted by such year (7.1%), and the geographic mix of pre-tax income in various non-U.S. jurisdictions.

The year-over-year increase in the effective tax rate for the three month period was driven primarily due to the impact of non-deductible goodwill impairments, partially offset by the impact of the net decrease in uncertain tax position reserves in the prior year period and the release of a valuation allowance on certain deferred tax assets.

Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 29, 2024 was an expense of 34.4% on pre-tax income. Our effective tax rate was unfavorably impacted by certain net discrete items, primarily due to establishing a valuation allowance on non-deductible goodwill impairments (14.3%). This impact was partially offset by the deferred tax asset for the U.S. capital loss carryover generated from our divestiture activities, as well as from a less favorable geographic mix of pre-tax income in various non-U.S. jurisdictions.

Our effective tax rate for the six months ended July 1, 2023 was an expense of 17.5% on pre-tax income. Our effective tax rate was favorably impacted by the geographic mix of pre-tax income in various non-U.S. jurisdictions and certain net discrete items, including the net decrease in uncertain tax position reserves primarily in the U.S. resulting from a conclusion of the IRS's income tax examination for the year 2017 and the lapsing of the statute of limitations for such year (3.6%).

The year-over-year increase in the effective tax rate for the six month period was primarily due to the impact of non-deductible goodwill impairments, partially offset by the impact of the net decrease in uncertain tax position reserves in the prior year period.

**Other Income Tax Matters:**

We are currently under examination for income taxes by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") IRS for the years 2018 through 2022. In the third quarter of 2023, we received two Notices of Proposed Adjustment (the "NOPAs") relating to transfer pricing with our foreign subsidiaries. The NOPAs propose an increase to our U.S. taxable income that could result in additional U.S. federal income tax expense and liability of approximately \$200 million for 2018 and approximately \$210 million for 2019, excluding interest, and assert penalties of approximately \$85 million for each of 2018 and 2019. We strongly disagree with the IRS's positions, believe that our tax positions are well documented and properly supported, and intend to vigorously contest the positions taken by the IRS and pursue all available administrative and judicial remedies. Therefore, we have not recorded any reserves related to this issue. We continue to maintain the same operating model and transfer pricing methodology with our foreign subsidiaries that was in place for the years 2018 and 2019, and the IRS began its audit of 2020, 2021, and 2022 during the first quarter of 2024. We believe our income tax reserves are appropriate for all open tax years and that final adjudication of this matter will not have a material impact on our results of operations and cash flows. However, the ultimate outcome of this matter is uncertain, and if we are required to pay the IRS additional U.S. taxes, interest, and/or potential penalties, our results of operations and cash flows could be materially affected.

**Note 9. Employees' Stock Incentive Plans**

**Stock Options:**

Our stock option activity and related information was:

	Number of Stock Options	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (per share)	Number of Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price (per share)
Outstanding at December 30, 2023					
Granted					
Forfeited					
Exercised					
Outstanding at March 30, 2024					



## Outstanding at June 29, 2024

The aggregate intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the period was insignificant for the **three** **six** months ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**.

### Restricted Stock Units:

Our restricted stock unit ("RSU") activity and related information was:

	Number of Units	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (per share)	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (per share)
Outstanding at December 30, 2023					
Granted					
Forfeited					
Vested					
Outstanding at March 30, 2024					
Outstanding at June 29, 2024					

The aggregate fair value of RSUs that vested during the period was **\$99 million** **\$112 million** for the **three** **six** months ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**.

### Performance Share Units:

Our performance share unit ("PSU") activity and related information was:

	Number of Units	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (per share)	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value (per share)
Outstanding at December 30, 2023					
Granted					
Forfeited					
Vested					
Outstanding at March 30, 2024					
Outstanding at June 29, 2024					

The aggregate fair value of PSUs that vested during the period was **\$33 million** **\$40 million** for the **three** **six** months ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**.

### Note 10. Postemployment Benefits

See our consolidated financial statements and related notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for additional information on our postemployment-related accounting policies.

## Pension Plans

### Components of Net Pension Cost/(Benefit):

Net pension cost/(benefit) consisted of the following (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended				U.S. Plan	Non-U.S. Plans
	U.S. Plan	U.S. Plan	Non-U.S. Plans	Non-U.S. Plans		
	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023	March 30, 2024	April 1, 2023		
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023		
Service cost						
Interest cost						
Expected return on plan assets						
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)						
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)						
Amortization of prior service costs/(credits)						
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)						
Special/contractual termination benefits						
Special/contractual termination benefits						
Special/contractual termination benefits						
Net pension cost/(benefit)						
Net pension cost/(benefit)						
Net pension cost/(benefit)						
For the Six Months Ended						

	U.S. Plan		Non-U.S. Plans	
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023
Service cost	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 3
Interest cost	67	71	28	33
Expected return on plan assets	(98)	(98)	(42)	(43)
Amortization of prior service costs/(credits)	—	—	1	—
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)	—	—	6	6
Special/contractual termination benefits	—	—	(1)	2
Net pension cost/(benefit)	\$ (30)	\$ (26)	\$ (5)	\$ 1

We present all non-service cost components of net pension cost/(benefit) within other expense/(income) on our condensed consolidated statements of income.

#### Employer Contributions:

Related to our non-U.S. pension plans, we contributed \$2 million \$3 million during the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and plan to make further contributions of approximately \$8 million \$7 million during the remainder of 2024. We did not contribute to our U.S. pension plans plan during the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and do not plan to make contributions during the remainder of 2024. Estimated future contributions take into consideration current economic conditions, which at this time are expected to have minimal impact on expected contributions for the remainder of 2024. Our actual contributions and plans may change due to many factors, including changes in tax, employee benefit, or other laws and regulations, tax deductibility, significant differences between expected and actual pension asset performance or interest rates, or other factors.

#### Postretirement Plans

##### Components of Net Postretirement Cost/(Benefit):

Net postretirement cost/(benefit) consisted of the following (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
Service cost					
Service cost					
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
Service cost					
Interest cost					
Interest cost					
Interest cost					
Expected return on plan assets					
Expected return on plan assets					
Expected return on plan assets					
Amortization of prior service costs/(credits)					
Amortization of prior service costs/(credits)					
Amortization of prior service costs/(credits)					
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)					
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)					
Amortization of unrecognized losses/(gains)					
Net postretirement cost/(benefit)					
Net postretirement cost/(benefit)					
Net postretirement cost/(benefit)					

We present all non-service cost components of net postretirement cost/(benefit) within other expense/(income) on our condensed consolidated statements of income.

#### Employer Contributions:

During the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we contributed \$3 million \$6 million to our postretirement benefit plans. We plan to make further contributions of approximately \$9 million \$6 million to our postretirement benefit plans during the remainder of 2024. Estimated future contributions take into consideration current economic conditions, which at this time are expected to have minimal impact on expected contributions for the remainder of 2024. Our actual contributions and plans may change due to many factors, including changes in tax, employee benefit, or other laws and regulations, tax deductibility, significant differences between expected and actual postretirement plan asset performance or interest rates, or other factors.

**Note 11. Financial Instruments**

See our consolidated financial statements and related notes in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for additional information on our overall risk management strategies, our use of derivatives, and our related accounting policies.

**Derivative Volume:**

The notional values of our outstanding derivative instruments were (in millions):

		Notional Amount	
		March 30, 2024	December 30, 2023
		June 29, 2024	December 30, 2023
Commodity contracts			
Foreign exchange contracts			
Cross-currency contracts			

**Fair Value of Derivative Instruments:**

The fair values and the levels within the fair value hierarchy of derivative instruments recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets were (in millions):

March 30, 2024						June 29, 2024					
Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Total Fair Value		
Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>											
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(a)</sup>											
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(a)</sup>											
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(a)</sup>											
Cross-currency contracts <sup>(b)</sup>											
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>											
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>											
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>											
Commodity contracts <sup>(c)</sup>											
Commodity contracts <sup>(c)</sup>											
Commodity contracts <sup>(c)</sup>											
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(a)</sup>											
Cross currency contracts <sup>(b)</sup>											
Cross-currency contracts <sup>(b)</sup>											
Total fair value											
Total fair value											
Total fair value											
(a) At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, the fair value of our derivative assets was recorded in other current assets (\$29.49 million) and other non-current assets (\$3 million), and the fair value of our derivative liabilities was recorded in other current liabilities (\$21.15 million) and other non-current liabilities (\$2.5 million).											
(b) At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, the fair value of our derivative assets was recorded in other current assets (\$52.43 million) and other non-current assets (\$76.74 million), and the fair value of our derivative liabilities was recorded in other current liabilities (\$44.33 million) and other non-current liabilities (\$89.79 million).											
(c) At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, the fair value of our derivative assets was recorded in other current assets (\$34 million) and other non-current assets (\$3 million), and the fair value of derivative liabilities was recorded in other current liabilities.											

December 30, 2023

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for					
	Identical Assets and Liabilities			Significant Other Observable Inputs		
	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		Total Fair Value	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>						
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 12	\$ 42	\$ 12	\$ 42
Cross-currency contracts <sup>(b)</sup>	—	—	140	165	140	165
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>						
Commodity contracts <sup>(c)</sup>	20	59	3	7	23	66
Foreign exchange contracts <sup>(a)</sup>	—	—	17	23	17	23
Total fair value	\$ 20	\$ 59	\$ 172	\$ 237	\$ 192	\$ 296

- (a) At December 30, 2023, the fair value of our derivative assets was recorded in other current assets (\$21 million) and other non-current assets (\$8 million), and the fair value of our derivative liabilities was recorded in other current liabilities (\$51 million) and other non-current liabilities (\$14 million).
- (b) At December 30, 2023, the fair value of our derivative assets was recorded in other current assets (\$37 million) and other non-current assets (\$103 million), and the fair value of our derivative liabilities was recorded in other current liabilities (\$31 million) and other non-current liabilities (\$134 million).
- (c) At December 30, 2023, the fair value of our derivative assets was recorded in other current assets and the fair value of derivative liabilities was recorded in other current liabilities (\$64 million) and other non-current liabilities (\$2 million).

Our derivative financial instruments are subject to master netting arrangements that allow for the offset of assets and liabilities in the event of default or early termination of the contract. We elect to record the gross assets and liabilities of our derivative financial instruments on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. If the derivative financial instruments had been netted on the condensed consolidated balance sheets, the asset and liability positions each would have been reduced by \$156 million/\$140 million at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$130 million at December 30, 2023. We had posted collateral related to commodity derivative margin requirements of \$15 \$18 million at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$41 million at December 30, 2023, which were included in prepaid expenses on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Level 1 financial assets and liabilities consist of commodity future and options contracts and are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 financial assets and liabilities consist of commodity swaps, foreign exchange forwards, options, and swaps, and cross-currency swaps contracts. Commodity swaps are valued using an income approach based on the observable market commodity index prices less the contract rate multiplied by the notional amount. Foreign exchange forwards and swaps are valued using an income approach based on observable market forward rates less the contract rate multiplied by the notional amount. Foreign exchange options are valued using an income approach based on a Black-Scholes-Merton formula. This formula uses present value techniques and reflects the time value and intrinsic value based on observable market rates. Cross-currency swaps contracts are valued based on observable market spot and swap rates.

We did not have any Level 3 financial assets or liabilities in any period presented.

Our calculation of the fair value of financial instruments takes into consideration the risk of nonperformance, including counterparty credit risk.

#### Net Investment Hedging:

At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we had the following items designated as net investment hedges:

- Non-derivative foreign-currency denominated debt with principal amounts of €100 million €300 million and £400 million; and
- Cross-currency contracts with notional amounts of C\$1.4 1.8 billion (\$1.0 1.3 billion), €2.3 €2.1 billion (\$2.5 2.3 billion), and JPY9.6 billion (\$68 million).

We periodically use non-derivative instruments such as non-U.S. dollar financing transactions or non-U.S. dollar assets or liabilities, including intercompany loans, to hedge the exposure of changes in underlying foreign-currency denominated subsidiary net assets, and they are designated as net investment hedges. At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we had euro intercompany loans with an aggregate notional amount of \$782 million \$670 million designated as net investment hedges.

The component of the gains and losses on our net investment in these designated foreign operations, driven by changes in foreign exchange rates, are economically offset by fair value movements on the effective portion of our cross-currency contracts and foreign exchange contracts and remeasurements of our foreign-currency denominated debt.

#### Cash Flow Hedge Coverage:

At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we had entered into foreign exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges for periods not exceeding the next 22 19 months and into cross-currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges for periods not exceeding the next 50 57 months.

#### Fair Value Hedge Coverage:

In the second quarter of 2024, we designated a cross-currency contract as a fair value hedge of the foreign currency exposure of a GBP foreign currency denominated intercompany loan receivable. At June 29, 2024, the notional amount of the cross-currency contract was £683 million (\$864 million) and the carrying value of the hedged item was \$863 million. The gains/(losses) on the hedged item, driven by changes in foreign exchange rates, are economically offset by fair value movements on the effective portion of our cross-currency contract, which is reported in the same income statement line item in the same period. The amounts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recognized in earnings over the life of the hedge on a systematic and rational basis in the same line item as the hedged item.

#### Deferred Hedging Gains and Losses on Fair Value and Cash Flow Hedges:

Based on our valuation at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and assuming market rates remain constant through contract maturities, we expect transfers to net income/(loss) of the existing losses reported in accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) on cross-currency cash flow hedges and interest rate cash flow hedges during the next 12 months to be insignificant. Additionally, we expect transfers to net income/(loss) of the existing gains reported in other comprehensive income/(losses) on foreign-currency cash flow hedges, cross-currency cash flow hedges, and cross-currency fair value hedges during the next 12 months to be insignificant.

The following table presents the pre-tax amounts of derivative gains/(losses) deferred into accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) and the income statement line item that will be affected when reclassified to net income/(loss) (in millions):

21/60

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Derivative Impact on the Statements of Income:

The following tables present the pre-tax amounts of derivative gains/(losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) recorded to net income/(loss) and the affected income statement line items (in millions):

For the Three Months Ended															
For the Three Months Ended															
For the Three Months Ended															
March 30,															
2024						April 1, 2023									
June 29,															
2024						July 1, 2023									
Cost of products sold	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)

Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income in which the following effects were recorded

Gains/(losses) related to derivatives designated as hedging instruments:  
Gains/(losses) related to derivatives designated as hedging instruments:  
Gains/(losses) related to derivatives designated as hedging instruments:

Cash flow hedges: (a)  
Cash flow hedges: (a)  
Cash flow hedges: (a)

Foreign exchange contracts  
Foreign exchange contracts  
Foreign exchange contracts  
Foreign exchange contracts  
(excluded component)

Cross-currency contracts  
Cross-currency contracts  
Cross-currency contracts

Cross-currency contracts (excluded component)

Net investment hedges: (a)

Cross-currency contracts (excluded component)  
Cross-currency contracts (excluded component)  
Cross-currency contracts (excluded component)

Fair Value hedges:

Cross-currency contracts  
Cross-currency contracts  
Cross-currency contracts  
Hedged items<sup>(b)</sup>  
Hedged items<sup>(b)</sup>  
Hedged items<sup>(b)</sup>

Gains/(losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:

Commodity contracts
Commodity contracts
Commodity contracts
Foreign exchange contracts
Interest rates contracts <sup>(a)</sup>
Cross-currency contracts
Cross-currency contracts
Cross-currency contracts

Total gains/(losses) recognized in statements of income

- (a) Represents the pre-tax amounts of derivative gains/(losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) to net income/(loss).
- (b) Represents the pre-tax amounts of the hedged items gains/(losses) in fair value hedges.

	For the Six Months Ended					
	June 29, 2024			July 1, 2023		
	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)	Cost of products sold	Interest expense	Other expense/(income)
Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income in which the following effects were recorded	\$ 8,350	\$ 455	\$ (8)	\$ 8,836	\$ 455	\$ (59)
<b>Gains/(losses) related to derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>						
Cash flow hedges: <sup>(a)</sup>						
Foreign exchange contracts	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 27	\$ 19	\$ —	\$ —
Foreign exchange contracts (excluded component)	(4)	—	3	(5)	—	—
Interest rate contracts	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cross-currency contracts	—	(15)	(58)	—	(13)	29
Cross-currency contracts (excluded component)	—	—	—	—	—	13
Net investment hedges: <sup>(a)</sup>						
Cross-currency contracts (excluded component)	—	24	—	—	17	—
Fair Value hedges:						
Cross-currency contracts	—	—	(7)	—	—	—
Hedged items <sup>(b)</sup>	—	—	7	—	—	—
<b>Gains/(losses) related to derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>						
Commodity contracts	2	—	—	(74)	—	—
Foreign exchange contracts	—	—	9	—	—	(7)
Interest rates contracts <sup>(c)</sup>	—	—	(3)	—	—	—
Cross-currency contracts	—	—	(19)	—	—	3
Total gains/(losses) recognized in statements of income	\$ 3	\$ 9	\$ (41)	\$ (60)	\$ 4	\$ 38

- (a) Represents the pre-tax amounts of derivative gains/(losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) to net income/(loss).
- (b) Represents the pre-tax amounts of the hedged items gains/(losses) in fair value hedges.
- (c) Represents recognition of realized hedge losses resulting from the discontinuance of cash flow hedges because the forecasted transactions were no longer probable of occurring.

**Non-Derivative Impact on Statements of Comprehensive Income:**

Related to our non-derivative foreign currency denominated debt instruments designated as net investment hedges, we recognized pre-tax gains of \$24 million \$7 million for the three months and \$31 million for the six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and pre-tax losses of \$20 million \$12 million for the three months and \$32 million for the six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023. These amounts were recognized in other comprehensive income/(loss).

**Note 12. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses)**

The components of, and changes in, accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses), net of tax, were as follows (in millions):

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Net Postemployment Benefit Plan Adjustments	Net Cash Flow Hedge Adjustments	Total	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Net Postemployment Benefit Plan Adjustments	Net Cash Flow Hedge Adjustments	Net fair value hedges	Total
Balance as of December 30, 2023										



Foreign currency translation adjustments
Net deferred gains/(losses) on net investment hedges
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of net investment hedges
Net deferred losses/(gains) on net investment hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)
Net deferred gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of cash flow hedges
Net deferred losses/(gains) on cash flow hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of fair value hedges
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)
Balance as of March 30, 2024
Balance as of June 29, 2024

The gross amount and related tax benefit/(expense) recorded in, and associated with, each component of other comprehensive income/(loss) were as follows (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended											
	March 30, 2024						April 1, 2023					
	June 29, 2024						July 1, 2023					
	Before Tax	Before Tax		Net of Tax	Before Tax		Net of Tax	Before Tax		Net of Tax	Before Tax	Net of Tax
	Amount	Amount	Tax	Amount	Amount	Tax	Amount	Amount	Tax	Amount	Amount	Amount
Foreign currency translation adjustments												
Net deferred gains/(losses) on net investment hedges												
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of net investment hedges												
Net deferred losses/(gains) on net investment hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)												
Net deferred gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges												
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of cash flow hedges												
Net deferred losses/(gains) on cash flow hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)												
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of fair value hedges												
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)												
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)												

Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)

	For the Six Months Ended					
	June 29, 2024			July 1, 2023		
	Before Tax		Net of Tax	Before Tax		Net of Tax
	Amount	Tax	Amount	Amount	Tax	Amount
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ (254)	\$ —	\$ (254)	\$ 290	\$ —	\$ 290
Net deferred gains/(losses) on net investment hedges	137	(34)	103	(99)	24	(75)
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of net investment hedges	24	(6)	18	18	(4)	14
Net deferred losses/(gains) on net investment hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)	(24)	6	(18)	(17)	4	(13)
Net deferred gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges	(16)	19	3	—	(9)	(9)
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of cash flow hedges	(6)	5	(1)	10	—	10
Net deferred losses/(gains) on cash flow hedges reclassified to net income/(loss)	45	(26)	19	(43)	12	(31)
Amounts excluded from the effectiveness assessment of fair value hedges	3	—	3	—	—	—
Net postemployment benefit losses/(gains) reclassified to net income/(loss)	(9)	2	(7)	(9)	2	(7)

The amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) were as follows (in millions):

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses) Component	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses) Component	Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses) to Net Income/(Loss)	Affected Line Item in the Statements of Income
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses) Component			
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Losses) Component			
		For the Three Months Ended	
		For the Three Months Ended	
		For the Three Months Ended	
		March 30, 2024	
		March 30, 2024	
		March 30, 2024	
		June 29, 2024	
		June 29, 2024	
		June 29, 2024	



Losses/(gains) on  
hedges before income  
taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
hedges, income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
hedges, income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
hedges, income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
hedges  
Losses/(gains) on  
hedges  
Losses/(gains) on  
hedges

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits:

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits:

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits:

Amortization of  
unrecognized  
losses/(gains)<sub>(d)</sub>  
Amortization of  
unrecognized  
losses/(gains)<sub>(d)</sub>  
Amortization of  
unrecognized  
losses/(gains)<sub>(d)</sub>

Amortization of prior  
service  
costs/(credits)<sub>(d)</sub>

Amortization of prior  
service  
costs/(credits)<sub>(d)</sub>

Amortization of prior  
service  
costs/(credits)<sub>(d)</sub>

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits before  
income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits before  
income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits before  
income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits, income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits, income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits, income taxes

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits

Losses/(gains) on  
postemployment  
benefits

- (a) Represents recognition of the excluded component in net income/(loss).
- (b) Includes amortization of the excluded component and the effective portion of the related hedges.
- (c) Represents recognition of realized hedge losses resulting from the discontinuance of cash flow hedges because the forecasted transactions were no longer probable of occurring.
- (d) These components are included in the computation of net periodic postemployment benefit costs. See Note 10, *Postemployment Benefits*, for additional information.

In this note we have excluded activity and balances related to noncontrolling interest due to their insignificance. This activity was primarily related to foreign currency translation adjustments.

### **Note 13. Financing Arrangements**

#### **Transfers of Financial Assets:**

We have a nonrecourse accounts receivable factoring program whereby certain eligible receivables are sold to third party financial institutions in exchange for cash. The program provides us with an additional means for managing liquidity. Under the terms of the arrangement, we act as the collecting agent on behalf of the financial institutions to collect amounts due from customers for the receivables sold. We account for the transfer of receivables as a true sale at the point control is transferred through derecognition of the receivable on our condensed consolidated balance sheet. There were no receivables sold under this accounts receivable factoring program during the three and six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, and no amounts outstanding as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024. Receivables sold under this accounts receivable factoring program were \$100 \$521 million during the three months and \$621 million during the six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023, and there were no amounts outstanding as of December 30, 2023. There were no incremental costs of factoring receivables under this arrangement for the three and six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and there was an insignificant amount for the three and six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023. The proceeds from the sales of receivables are included in cash flows from operating activities on the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

As collecting agent on the sold receivables, we had no cash collected that was not yet remitted to the third party financial institution as of March 30, 2024 or December 30, 2023. We had \$68 million of cash collected that was not yet remitted to the third party financial institutions as of April 1, 2023. This obligation is reported within other current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheet as of April 1, 2023 and within cash flows from financing activities on the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three months ended April 1, 2023.

#### **Trade Payables Programs:**

In order to manage our cash flow and related liquidity, we work with our suppliers to optimize our terms and conditions, which include the extension of payment terms. Our current payment terms with our suppliers, which we deem to be commercially reasonable, generally range from 0 to 250 days. We also maintain agreements with third party administrators that allow participating suppliers to track payment obligations from us, and, at the sole discretion of the supplier, sell one or more of those payment obligations to participating financial institutions. We have no economic interest in a supplier's decision to enter into these agreements and no direct financial relationship with the financial institutions related to these programs. We pledged no assets in connection with our trade payable programs. Our obligations to our suppliers, including amounts due and scheduled payment terms, are not impacted. All amounts due to participating suppliers are paid to the third party on the original invoice due dates, regardless of whether a particular invoice was sold. Supplier participation in these agreements is voluntary. We estimate that the amounts outstanding under these programs were \$0.8 billion at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$0.8 billion at December 30, 2023. The amounts were included in trade payables accounts payable on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### **Note 14. Commitments, Contingencies, and Debt**

#### **Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in legal proceedings, claims, and governmental inquiries, inspections, or investigations ("Legal Matters") arising in the ordinary course of our business. While we cannot predict with certainty the results of Legal Matters in which we are currently involved or may in the future be involved, we do not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve the Legal Matters that are currently pending will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### **Class Actions and Stockholder Derivative Actions:**

Certain of The Kraft Heinz Company's current and former officers and directors and 3G Capital, Inc. and several of its subsidiaries and affiliates (the "3G Entities") are named as defendants in two stockholder derivative actions pending in the Delaware Court of Chancery, *Datnoff, et al. v. Behring, et al.*, which was filed on May 6, 2022, and *Felicetti, et al. v. Behring, et al.*, which was filed on March 6, 2023. The complaints allege state law claims and contend that The Kraft Heinz Company's Board of Directors wrongfully refused plaintiffs' demands to pursue legal action against the named defendants. Specifically, the complaints allege that certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors breached their fiduciary duties to the Company by purportedly making materially misleading statements and omissions regarding the Company's financial performance and the impairment of its goodwill and intangible assets. The complaints further allege that the 3G Entities and certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors breached their fiduciary duties by engaging in insider trading and misappropriating the Company's material, non-public information, or aided and abetted such alleged breaches of fiduciary

duty. The complaints seek relief against the defendants, principally in the form of damages, disgorgement of all profits obtained from the alleged insider trading, contribution and indemnification, and an award of attorneys' fees and costs. We intend The defendants filed a motion to vigorously defend against these lawsuits; however, we cannot reasonably estimate dismiss the potential range of loss, if any, due to complaints, which the early stage of Delaware Chancery Court granted in an order dated July 23, 2024, dismissing the proceedings.complaints with prejudice.

Certain of The Kraft Heinz Company's current and former officers and directors and the 3G Entities were also named as defendants in a consolidated stockholder derivative action, *In re Kraft Heinz Company Derivative Litigation*, which was filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery. The consolidated amended complaint, which was filed on April 27, 2020, alleged state law claims, contending that the 3G Entities were controlling stockholders who owed fiduciary duties to the Company, and that they breached those duties by allegedly engaging in insider trading and misappropriating the Company's material, non-public information. The complaint further alleged that certain of The Kraft Heinz Company's current and former officers and directors breached their fiduciary duties to the Company by purportedly making materially misleading statements and omissions regarding the Company's financial performance and the impairment of its goodwill and intangible assets, and by supposedly approving or allowing the 3G Entities' alleged insider trading. The complaint sought relief against the defendants in the form of damages, disgorgement of all profits obtained from the alleged insider trading, contribution and indemnification, and an award of attorneys' fees and costs. The defendants filed a motion to dismiss the consolidated amended complaint, which motion the Delaware Chancery Court granted in an order dated December 15, 2021. The plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal on January 13, 2022, and the Delaware Supreme Court affirmed the trial court's dismissal with prejudice of the consolidated amended complaint in an order dated August 1, 2022. One of the plaintiffs in said dismissed derivative litigation subsequently filed a new complaint, *Erste Asset Management v. Hees, et al.*, against certain current and former officers and directors of The Kraft Heinz Company on November 28, 2023 in the Delaware Court of Chancery, seeking to reinstate the plaintiff's previously-dismissed claims and recover attorneys' fees and costs incurred in the dismissed litigation on the basis of alleged newly discovered evidence. Specifically, the plaintiff alleges the 3G Entities caused the Company to make false and misleading public disclosures regarding the independence of two directors of The Kraft Heinz Company, one of whose independence plaintiff contends formed a basis for the court's prior dismissal of the consolidated amended complaint. We intend to vigorously defend against this lawsuit; however, we cannot reasonably estimate the potential range of loss, if any, due to the early stage of the proceedings.

#### **Environmental Actions:**

Since March 2024, the Company has been engaged in ongoing discussions with the U.S. Department of Justice, joined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("U.S. EPA") and the Indiana Department of Environmental Management, concerning alleged violations of the Clean Water Act related to a Company facility in Kendallville, Indiana. Previously, the Company entered into an Administrative Order on Consent with the U.S. EPA that requires the Company to implement a compliance plan to address related alleged violations of the Clean Water Act related to the facility in Kendallville, Indiana. While we cannot predict with certainty the resolution of these discussions, we do not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve this matter will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

#### **Debt**

We may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through redemptions, tender offers, cash purchases, prepayments, refinancing, exchange offers, open market or privately negotiated transactions, Rule 10b5-1 plans, or otherwise.

#### **Borrowing Arrangements:**

See Note 16, *Debt*, to our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for information on our borrowing arrangements.

Our long-term debt contains customary representations, covenants, and events of default. We were in compliance with all financial covenants as of March 30, June 29, 2024.

#### **Debt Issuances:**

In the first quarter of 2024, Kraft Heinz Foods Company ("KHFC"), our 100% owned operating subsidiary, issued 550 million euro aggregate principal amount of 3.500% senior notes due March 2029 (the "2024 Notes"). The 2024 Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by The Kraft Heinz Company as to payment of principal, premium, and interest on a senior unsecured basis. We expect to use used the net proceeds from the 2024 Notes for general corporate purposes, including to fund the repayment of our 550 million euro senior notes that matured in May 2024.

In May 2023, KHFC issued 600 million euro aggregate principal amount of floating rate senior notes due May 2024, 2025 (the "2023 Notes"). The 2023 Notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by The Kraft Heinz Company as to payment of principal and interest on a senior unsecured basis. We used the proceeds from the 2023 Notes for general corporate purposes, including to partially fund the repayment of our 750 million euro senior notes that matured in June 2023.

#### **Debt Issuance Costs:**

Debt issuance costs related to the 2024 Notes and 2023 Notes were insignificant.

#### **Debt Repayments:**

In May 2024, we repaid 550 million euro aggregate principal amount of senior notes that matured in the period.

In June 2023, we repaid 750 million euro aggregate principal amount of senior notes that matured in the period.

#### **Fair Value of Debt:**

At March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, the aggregate fair value of our total debt was \$19.7 billion \$18.7 billion as compared with a carrying value of \$20.5 billion \$19.9 billion. At December 30, 2023, the aggregate fair value of our total debt was \$19.6 billion as compared with a carrying value of \$20.0 billion. Our short-term debt had a carrying value that approximated its fair value at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and December 30, 2023. We determined the fair value of our long-term debt using Level 2 inputs. Fair values are generally estimated based on quoted market prices for identical or similar instruments.

#### **Synthetic Lease Arrangements:**

As previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023, in June 2023, we entered into a non-cancellable synthetic lease for a distribution facility, for which we are the construction agent. In the first half of 2024, we encountered a construction delay that is expected to postpone the originally planned commencement date and require substantial incremental construction costs to remediate. We are currently evaluating the potential implications of this delay to the Company, the results of which cannot be reasonably determined at this time.

**Note 15. Earnings Per Share**

Our earnings per common share ("EPS") were:

	For the Three Months Ended	For the Three Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended		
	March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024		
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024
	July 1, 2023		July 1, 2023
	(in millions, except per share data)		(in millions, except per share data)
Basic Earnings Per Common Share:			
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders			
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders			
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding			
Net earnings/(loss)			
Net earnings/(loss)			
Net earnings/(loss)			
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:			
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:			
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:			
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders			
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders			
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding			
Effect of dilutive equity awards			
Effect of dilutive equity awards			
Effect of dilutive equity awards			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding, including dilutive effect			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding, including dilutive effect			
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding, including dilutive effect			
Net earnings/(loss)			
Net earnings/(loss)			
Net earnings/(loss)			

We use the treasury stock method to calculate the dilutive effect of outstanding equity awards in the denominator for diluted EPS. Anti-dilutive shares were 6 million for the three months ended March 30, 2024 and 7 million for the three months and 6 million for the six months ended April 1, 2023 June 29, 2024 and 8 million for the three and six months ended July 1, 2023.

**Note 16. Segment Reporting**

In the first quarter of 2024, our internal reporting and reportable segments changed. We divided our International segment into three operating segments — EPDM, WEEM, and AEM — to enable enhanced focus on the different strategies required for each of these regions as part of our long-term strategic plan. Subsequently, we manage our operating results through four operating segments. We have two reportable segments defined by geographic region: North America and International Developed Markets. Our remaining operating segments, consisting of WEEM and AEM, are combined and disclosed as Emerging Markets. We have reflected this segment change in all historical periods presented.

As part of the segment reorganization, management reallocated certain corporate expenses previously reported within our International segment to general corporate expenses. This reflects management's approach to centrally manage these expenses. We have reflected this reallocation in all historical periods presented.

Our chief operating decision maker ("CODM") evaluates segment performance based on several factors, including net sales and Segment Adjusted Operating Income. In the first quarter of 2024, following changes to our segments, our CODM reevaluated and changed the primary measure utilized to evaluate segment profitability from Segment Adjusted EBITDA to Segment Adjusted Operating Income. This change is expected to allow our CODM to better evaluate segment performance in line with our long-term strategic plan.

Segment Adjusted Operating Income is defined as operating income/(loss) excluding, when they occur, the impacts of restructuring activities, deal costs, unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges (the unrealized gains and losses are recorded in general corporate expenses until realized; once realized, the gains and losses are recorded in the applicable segment's operating results), impairment losses, and certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters. Emerging Markets represents the aggregation of our WEEM and AEM operating segments. Adjusted Operating Income for WEEM and AEM is the measure reported to our chief operating decision maker for purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to these operating segments and assessing their performance. Segment Adjusted Operating Income is a financial measure that assists our CODM in comparing our performance on a consistent basis by removing the impact of certain items that our CODM believes do not directly reflect our underlying operations. Our CODM also uses Segment Adjusted Operating Income to allocate resources. We have reflected this change from Segment Adjusted EBITDA to Segment Adjusted Operating Income in all historical periods presented.

Our CODM does not use assets by segment to evaluate performance or allocate resources. Therefore, we do not disclose assets by segment.

Net sales by segment were (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
Net sales:					
Net sales:					
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
Net sales:					
North America					
North America					
North America					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
Total segment net sales					
Total segment net sales					
Total segment net sales					
Emerging Markets net sales					
Emerging Markets net sales					
Emerging Markets net sales					
Total net sales					
Total net sales					
Total net sales					

Segment Adjusted Operating Income was (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
Segment Adjusted Operating Income:					
Segment Adjusted Operating Income:					
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
Segment Adjusted Operating Income:					
North America					
North America					
North America					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					



Total Segment Adjusted Operating Income
Total Segment Adjusted Operating Income
Total Segment Adjusted Operating Income
Emerging Markets <sup>(a)</sup>
Emerging Markets <sup>(a)</sup>
Emerging Markets <sup>(a)</sup>
General corporate expenses
General corporate expenses
General corporate expenses
Restructuring activities
Restructuring activities
Restructuring activities
Unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges
Unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges
Unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters
Impairment losses
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters
Operating income/(loss)
Operating income/(loss)
Operating income/(loss)
Interest expense
Interest expense
Interest expense
Other expense/(income)
Other expense/(income)
Other expense/(income)
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Income/(loss) before income taxes

(a) Emerging Markets represents the aggregation of our WEEM and AEM operating segments.

In the first quarter of 2024, we changed the way we manage our product portfolio to align with our future growth strategy. As of **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024**, we manage our product portfolio through eight consumer-driven product platforms: Taste Elevation, Easy Ready Meals, Substantial Snacking, Desserts, Hydration, Cheese, Coffee, and Meats. A platform is a lens created for the portfolio based on a grouping of consumer needs. The platforms help us to manage and organize our business effectively by providing insight into our various product categories and brands.

Taste Elevation includes condiments, sauces, dressings, and spreads. Easy Ready Meals includes *Kraft* Mac & Cheese varieties, frozen potato products, and other frozen meals. Substantial Snacking includes *Lunchables* meal kits, frozen snacks, and pickles. Desserts includes dry packaged desserts, refrigerated ready to eat desserts, and other dessert toppings. Hydration includes ready to drink beverages, powdered beverages, and liquid concentrates. Cheese includes American sliced and recipe cheeses. Coffee includes mainstream coffee, coffee pods, and premium coffee. Meats includes cold cuts, bacon, and hot dogs.

Each platform is assigned a role within our business to help inform our resource allocation and investment decisions, which are made at the operating segment level. These roles include: Accelerate, Protect, and Balance. Our Accelerate role contains platforms that are expected to have high growth potential, generate higher gross margins, and are in markets in which we have higher market share. Our Protect role contains platforms that are expected to have moderate growth potential, tend to generate higher gross margins, and are in markets in which we have higher market share. Our Balance role contains platforms that include commodity-heavy categories with relatively flat growth potential but help us to maintain our brand footprint.

We have reflected this change to our platforms in all historical periods presented.

Net sales by platform were (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				

		March 30, 2024			
ACCELERATE					
ACCELERATE					
		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023	
		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023	
ACCELERATE					
Taste Elevation					
Taste Elevation					
Taste Elevation					
Easy Ready Meals					
Easy Ready Meals					
Easy Ready Meals					
Substantial Snacking					
Substantial Snacking					
Substantial Snacking					
Total Accelerate					
Total Accelerate					
Total Accelerate					
PROTECT					
PROTECT					
PROTECT					
Desserts					
Desserts					
Desserts					
Hydration					
Hydration					
Hydration					
Total Protect					
Total Protect					
Total Protect					
BALANCE					
BALANCE					
BALANCE					
Cheese					
Cheese					
Cheese					
Coffee					
Coffee					
Coffee					
Meats					
Meats					
Meats					
Other					
Other					
Other					
Total Balance					
Total Balance					
Total Balance					
Total net sales					
Total net sales					
Total net sales					

## Note 17. Other Financial Data

### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income Information

Other expense/(income) consists of the following (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended	For the Three Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended		
	March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024		
Amortization of postemployment benefit plans prior service costs/(credits)			
Amortization of postemployment benefit plans prior service costs/(credits)			
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024
			July 1, 2023
Amortization of postemployment benefit plans prior service costs/(credits)			
Net pension and postretirement non-service cost/(benefit) <sup>(a)</sup>			
Net pension and postretirement non-service cost/(benefit) <sup>(a)</sup>			
Net pension and postretirement non-service cost/(benefit) <sup>(a)</sup>			
Loss/(gain) on sale of business			
Loss/(gain) on sale of business			
Loss/(gain) on sale of business			
Interest income			
Interest income			
Interest income			
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)			
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)			
Foreign exchange losses/(gains)			
Derivative losses/(gains)			
Derivative losses/(gains)			
Derivative losses/(gains)			
Other miscellaneous expense/(income)			
Other miscellaneous expense/(income)			
Other miscellaneous expense/(income)			
Other expense/(income)			
Other expense/(income)			
Other expense/(income)			

(a) Excludes amortization of postemployment benefit plans prior service costs/(credits).

We present all non-service cost components of net pension cost/(benefit) and net postretirement cost/(benefit) within other expense/(income) on our condensed consolidated statements of income. See Note 10, *Postemployment Benefits*, for additional information on these components, including any curtailments and settlements, as well as information on our prior service costs/(credits) amortization. See Note 11, *Financial Instruments*, for information related to our derivative impacts.

Other expense/(income) was \$47 million of expense for the three months ended March 30, 2024 compared to \$35 million \$55 million of income for the three months ended April 1, 2023 June 29, 2024 compared to \$24 million of income for the three months ended July 1, 2023. This change was primarily driven by an \$8 million net foreign exchange gain in the second quarter of 2024 compared to a \$40 million net foreign exchange loss in the second quarter of 2023, a \$9 million increase in non-cash net pension and postretirement non-service benefits compared to the second quarter of 2023, \$17 million in interest income in the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$10 million in interest income in the second quarter of 2023, and \$4 million in other miscellaneous income in the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$3 million of expense in the second quarter of 2023. These positive impacts on other expense/(income) were partially offset by a \$9 million net loss on derivative activities in the second quarter of 2024 compared to a \$30 million net gain on derivative activities in the second quarter of 2023.

Other expense/(income) was \$8 million of income for the six months ended June 29, 2024 compared to \$59 million of income for the six months ended July 1, 2023. This change was primarily driven by a \$80 million \$48 million net loss on derivative activities in 2024 compared to a \$38 million net gain on derivative activities in 2023 and a \$79 million net loss on the sale of businesses in the first quarter of 2024 compared to a \$1 million \$2 million net loss on the sale of business in the first quarter of 2023, a \$39 million net loss on derivative activities in the first quarter of 2024 compared to a \$8 million net gain on derivative activities in the first quarter of 2023, which was partially offset by a \$27 million \$35 million net foreign exchange gain in the first quarter of 2024 compared to a \$6 million \$46 million net foreign exchange loss in the first quarter of 2023, a \$17 million increase in net pension and postretirement non-service benefit compared to 2023, and \$33 million in interest income in 2024 compared to \$16 million in interest income in the first quarter of 2024 compared to a \$6 million in interest income in the first quarter of 2023.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

### Overview

#### Objective:

The following discussion provides an analysis of our financial condition and results of operations from management's perspective and should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Our objective is to also provide discussion of material events and uncertainties known to management that are reasonably likely to cause reported financial information not to be indicative of future operating results or of future financial condition and to offer information that provides an understanding of our financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

#### Description of the Company:

We manufacture and market food and beverage products, including condiments and sauces, cheese and dairy, meals, meats, refreshment beverages, coffee, and other grocery products throughout the world.

In the first quarter of 2024, our internal reporting structure and reportable segments changed. We divided our International segment into three operating segments — Europe and Pacific Developed Markets ("EPDM" or "International Developed Markets"), West and East Emerging Markets ("WEEM"), and Asia Emerging Markets ("AEM") — to enable enhanced focus on the different strategies required for each of these regions as part of our long-term strategic plan. Subsequently, we manage our operating results through four operating segments. We have two reportable segments defined by geographic region: North America and International Developed Markets. Our remaining operating segments, consisting of WEEM and AEM, are combined and disclosed as Emerging Markets. We have reflected this change in all historical periods presented.

See Note 16, *Segment Reporting*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for our financial information by segment.

#### Acquisitions and Divestitures:

In the first quarter of 2024, we closed the sale of the Russia Infant Transaction and the Papua New Guinea Transaction. See Note 4, *Acquisitions and Divestitures*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for additional information on divestiture activities.

#### Conflict Between Russia and Ukraine:

For the **three six** months ended **March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024** and the year ended December 30, 2023, approximately 1% of consolidated net sales, operating income, and Adjusted Operating Income were generated from our business in Russia. As of **March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024**, less than 1% of consolidated total assets were located in Russia and we had approximately 800 employees in Russia. We have no operations or employees in Ukraine and insignificant net sales through distributors. We will continue to monitor the impact that this conflict has on our business; however, through the **first second** quarter of 2024, the conflict between Russia and Ukraine did not have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

### Items Affecting Comparability of Financial Results

#### Inflation and Supply Chain Impacts:

During the **three six** months ended **March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024**, we experienced **moderate increases to increased stability of input and** supply chain costs **due to inflationary pressures** as compared to the prior year period. We expect inflation **to continue** to moderate through the remainder of 2024 and to be lower than we experienced in 2023. While these costs have a negative impact on our results of operations, we have taken measures to mitigate the impact of this inflation through pricing actions, efficiency gains, and hedging strategies. However, there has been, and we expect that there could continue to be, a difference between the timing of when these beneficial actions impact our results of operations and when the cost inflation is incurred. Additionally, the pricing actions we have taken have, in some instances, negatively impacted, and could continue to negatively impact, our market share.

### Results of Operations

We disclose in this report certain non-GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures assist management in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision-making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our underlying operations. For additional information and reconciliations to the most closely comparable financial measures presented in our condensed consolidated financial statements, which are calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP see *Non-GAAP Financial Measures*.

### Consolidated Results of Operations

#### Summary of Results:

	For the Three Months Ended			For the Three Months Ended	For the Six Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended		
	March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	(in millions, except per share data)				(in millions, except per share data)		
	(in millions, except per share data)				(in millions, except per share data)		
	June 29,	July 1,	%		June	July	%
	29,	2023	Change		29,	1,	Change
	2024	2023			2024	2023	
	(in millions, except per share data)				(in millions, except per share data)		
Net sales							





Net income/(loss) decreased 50.7% to income of \$0.9 billion compared to income of \$1.8 billion for the six months ended July 1, 2023. This decrease was due to the unfavorable changes in operating income/(loss) factors discussed above, higher tax expense, and unfavorable changes in other expense/(income). Interest expense was flat compared to the prior year period.

- Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 29, 2024 was an expense of 34.4% on pre-tax income, compared to an expense of 17.5% for the six months ended July 1, 2023. The year-over-year increase in the effective tax rate for the six month period was primarily due to the impact of non-deductible goodwill impairments (14.3%), partially offset by the impact of the net decrease in uncertain tax position reserves in the prior year period.
- Other expense/(income) was \$8 million of income for the six months ended June 29, 2024 compared to \$59 million of income for the six months ended July 1, 2023. The year-over-year decrease was primarily due to a \$80 million \$79 million net loss on the sale of businesses in the first quarter of 2024, which was partially offset by an increase in net pension and postretirement non-service benefit and an increase in interest income in 2024.

Adjusted Operating Income increased 1.7% 1.9% to \$1.3 billion \$2.6 billion for the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$1.2 billion \$2.6 billion for the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023, primarily driven by higher pricing, lower commodity costs, including the favorable impact of commodity hedges, and reduced logistics costs, which more than offset unfavorable volume/mix; increased SG&A due, in part, to investments in advertising, technology, and research and development; increased fixed cost of products sold, particularly for employee compensation related expenses; and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency (0.5 (0.6 pp)).

#### Diluted EPS:

		For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended				For the Six Months Ended			
		For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended				For the Six Months Ended			
		For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended			
		March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024			
		March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024			
		March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024			
Diluted EPS													
Diluted EPS													
		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023		% Change		June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023		% Change	
Diluted EPS	Diluted EPS	\$	0.08	\$	0.81	(90.1)	(90.1) %	\$	0.74	\$	1.49	(50.3)	(50.3) %
Adjusted EPS <sup>(a)</sup>	Adjusted EPS <sup>(a)</sup>	0.78	0.79	0.79	(1.3)	(1.3) %		1.47	1.48	1.48	(0.7)	(0.7) %	
Adjusted EPS <sup>(a)</sup>													
Adjusted EPS <sup>(a)</sup>													

(a) Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP financial measure. See the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

Three Months Ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 Compared to the Three Months Ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023:

Diluted EPS decreased 2.9% 90.1% to \$0.66 \$0.08 for the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$0.68 \$0.81 for the three months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023, primarily due to the net income/(loss) factors discussed above, which more than offset the impact of our share repurchase activity.

		For the Three Months Ended														
		March 30, 2024			April 1, 2023			\$ Change		% Change						
		June 29, 2024			July 1, 2023			\$ Change		% Change						
Diluted EPS	Diluted EPS	\$0.66	\$	\$0.68	\$	\$(0.02)	(2.9)	(2.9)%	Diluted	\$0.08	\$	\$0.81	\$	\$(0.73)	(90.1)	(90.1)%
Restructuring activities																
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges																
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges																
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges																
Losses/(gains) on sale of business																
Losses/(gains) on sale of business																
Losses/(gains) on sale of business																
Impairment losses																
Impairment losses																
Impairment losses																
Adjusted EPS <sup>(a)</sup>																





Key drivers of change in Adjusted EPS <sup>(a)</sup> :		
Results of operations	\$	0.03
Effective tax rate		(0.06)
Effect of common stock repurchases <sup>(b)</sup>		0.02
	\$	(0.01)

(a) Adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP financial measure. See the *Non-GAAP Financial Measures* section at the end of this item.

(b) Includes the impact of (1) shares purchased pursuant to our share repurchase program, (2) shares repurchased to offset the dilutive effect of the exercise of stock options using option exercise proceeds and the vesting RSUs and PSUs, and (3) shares withheld for tax liabilities associated with the vesting of RSUs and PSUs.

Adjusted EPS decreased 0.7% to \$1.47 for the six months ended June 29, 2024 compared to \$1.48 for the six months ended July 1, 2023. This decrease was primarily due to lapping a one-time tax benefit in the prior year period associated with a net decrease in uncertain tax position reserves, which more than offset higher Adjusted Operating Income and the favorable effect impact of our common stock repurchases, which more than offset higher taxes on adjusted earnings. repurchases.

## Results of Operations by Segment

We manage our operating results through four operating segments. We have two reportable segments defined by geographic region: North America and International Developed Markets. Our remaining operating segments, consisting of WEEM and AEM, are combined and disclosed as Emerging Markets.

Management evaluates segment performance based on several factors, including net sales, Organic Net Sales, and Segment Adjusted Operating Income. In the first quarter of 2024, certain measures utilized by management to evaluate segment performance changed, including a change from Segment Adjusted EBITDA to Segment Adjusted Operating Income in order to drive a stronger connection to our long-term strategic plan. Segment Adjusted Operating Income is defined as operating income/(loss) excluding, when they occur, the impacts of restructuring activities, deal costs, unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges (the unrealized gains and losses are recorded in general corporate expenses until realized; once realized, the gains and losses are recorded in the applicable segment's operating results), impairment losses, and certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters. Segment Adjusted Operating Income for Emerging Markets, which represents the aggregation of our WEEM and AEM operating segments, is defined and presented consistently with the Segment Adjusted Operating Income of our reportable segments — North America and International Developed Markets. Segment Adjusted Operating Income is a financial measure that can assist management and investors in comparing our performance on a consistent basis by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our underlying operations. Management also uses Segment Adjusted Operating Income to allocate resources. We have reflected this change from Segment Adjusted EBITDA to Segment Adjusted Operating Income in all historical periods presented.

Under highly inflationary accounting, the financial statements of a subsidiary are remeasured into our reporting currency (U.S. dollars) based on the legally available exchange rate at which we expect to settle the underlying transactions. Exchange gains and losses from the remeasurement of monetary assets and liabilities are reflected in other expense/(income) on our condensed consolidated statement of income, as nonmonetary currency devaluation, rather than accumulated other comprehensive income/(losses) on our condensed consolidated balance sheet, until such time as the economy is no longer considered highly inflationary. See Note 2, *Significant Accounting Policies*, to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023, for additional information. We apply highly inflationary accounting to the results of our subsidiaries in Venezuela, Argentina, and Turkey, which are all included in Emerging Markets.

### Net Sales:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	(in millions)				
	(in millions)				
	June 29, 2024		July 1, 2023		June 29, 2024
	(in millions)				(in millions)

### Net sales:

North America

North America

North America

International Developed Markets

International Developed Markets

International Developed Markets

Emerging Markets

Emerging Markets

Emerging Markets

Total net sales

Total net sales
Total net sales

Organic Net Sales:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
	(in millions)		(in millions)		
	(in millions)				
	(in millions)				
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup> :					
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup> :					
North America					
North America					
North America					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
Emerging Markets					
Emerging Markets					
Emerging Markets					
Total Organic Net Sales					
Total Organic Net Sales					
Total Organic Net Sales					

(a) Organic Net Sales is a non-GAAP financial measure. See the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

Drivers of the changes in net sales and Organic Net Sales for the three and six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to the three and six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023 were:

	Net Sales
	Net Sales
	Net Sales
For the Three Months Ended	
For the Three Months Ended	
For the Three Months Ended	
North America	
North America	
North America	
International Developed Markets	
International Developed Markets	
International Developed Markets	
Emerging Markets	
Emerging Markets	
Emerging Markets	
Kraft Heinz	
Kraft Heinz	
Kraft Heinz	



	Net Sales	Currency	Acquisitions and Divestitures	Organic Net Sales	Price	Volume/Mix
<b>For the Six Months Ended</b>						
North America	(2.2)%	(0.1) pp	0.0 pp	(2.1)%	1.9 pp	(4.0) pp
International Developed Markets	(2.9)%	(0.3) pp	0.0 pp	(2.6)%	0.5 pp	(3.1) pp
Emerging Markets	(3.8)%	(6.6) pp	(1.6) pp	4.4 %	2.9 pp	1.5 pp
Kraft Heinz	(2.4)%	(0.8) pp	(0.1) pp	(1.5)%	1.8 pp	(3.3) pp

#### Adjusted Operating Income:

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	(in millions)				
	(in millions)				
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
	(in millions)		(in millions)		
Segment Adjusted Operating Income:					
North America					
North America					
North America					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
International Developed Markets					
Total Segment Adjusted Operating Income					
Total Segment Adjusted Operating Income					
Total Segment Adjusted Operating Income					
Emerging Markets Segment Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(a)</sup>					
Emerging Markets Segment Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(a)</sup>					
Emerging Markets Segment Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(a)</sup>					
General corporate expenses					
General corporate expenses					
General corporate expenses					
Restructuring activities					
Restructuring activities					
Restructuring activities					
Unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges					
Unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges					
Unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges					
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters					
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters					
Impairment losses					
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters					
Operating income/(loss)					
Operating income/(loss)					
Operating income/(loss)					
Interest expense					
Interest expense					
Interest expense					

Other expense/(income)
Other expense/(income)
Other expense/(income)
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Income/(loss) before income taxes
Income/(loss) before income taxes

(a) Segment Adjusted Operating Income for Emerging Markets, which represents which represents the combination of our WEEM and AEM operating segments, is defined and presented consistently with the Segment Adjusted Operating Income of our reportable segments - North America and International Developed Markets.

#### North America:

	For the Three Months Ended							For the Three Months Ended				For the Six Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended							For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended							For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended		
	March 30, 2024							March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024							March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024							March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	(in millions)							(in millions)				(in millions)		
	(in millions)							(in millions)				(in millions)		
	June 29, 2024			July 1, 2023			%	June 29, 2024			July 1, 2023			%
	2024			2023			Change	2024			2023			Change
	(in millions)													
Net sales														
Net sales														
Net sales	\$	4,921	\$	5,079	(3.1)	(3.1)%	\$9,749	\$	9,964	(2.2)	(2.2)%			
Organic Net Sales <sub>(a)</sub>	Organic Net Sales <sub>(a)</sub>	4,930	5,079		5,079	(2.9)	(2.9)%	9,756	9,964		9,964	(2.1)	(2.1)%	(2.1)%
Organic Net Sales <sub>(a)</sub>														
Organic Net Sales <sub>(a)</sub>														
Segment Adjusted Operating Income	Segment Adjusted Operating Income	1,341	1,247		1,247	7.5	7.5%	2,556	2,456		2,456	4.0	4.0%	
Segment Adjusted Operating Income														
Segment Adjusted Operating Income														

impact of 2023. Further, we experienced commodity hedges, and reduced logistics costs, and procurement costs, which were both due, in part, to our efficiency initiatives. These impacts more than offset unfavorable volume/mix; mix, increased fixed cost of products sold, particularly for employee compensation related expenses and facility maintenance costs; as well as increased SG&A, driven by investments in advertising, research increased depreciation expense, higher employee compensation-related expenses, and development, and technology, the unfavorable impact of foreign currency (0.1 pp).

#### International Developed Markets:

	For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended				For the Six Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended				For the Six Months Ended		
	For the Three Months Ended				For the Three Months Ended				For the Six Months Ended		
	March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024				March 30, 2024		
	(in millions)				(in millions)				(in millions)		
	(in millions)				(in millions)				(in millions)		
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	% Change		June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	% Change		June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	% Change
	2024	2023			2024	2023			2024	2023	
	(in millions)				(in millions)				(in millions)		
Net sales											
Net sales											
Net sales	\$ 885	\$ 932	(5.0)%		\$ 1,740	\$ 1,792	(2.9)%		\$ 1,792	(2.9)%	
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup>	896	932	(3.9)%		1,745	1,792	(2.6)%		1,792	(2.6)%	
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup>											
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup>											
Segment Adjusted Operating Income	126	140	(10.0)%		262	247	6.4%		247	6.4%	
Segment Adjusted Operating Income											
Segment Adjusted Operating Income											

(a) Organic Net Sales is a non-GAAP financial measure. See the Non-GAAP Financial Measures section at the end of this item.

#### Three Months Ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 Compared to the Three Months Ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023:

Net sales decreased 0.6% 5.0% to \$855 million \$885 million for the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$860 million \$932 million for the three months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023, including the favorable unfavorable impacts of foreign currency (0.7 (1.1 pp)). Organic Net Sales decreased 1.3% 3.9% to \$850 million \$896 million for the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$860 million \$932 million for the three months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023, driven by primarily due to unfavorable volume/mix (3.8 (2.4 pp)) and lower pricing (1.5 pp). Lower pricing was predominantly the result of increased investments in trade within the United Kingdom and Italy. Unfavorable volume/mix was due in part to a cease in shipments due to an ongoing contract negotiation with certain customers within our Continental Europe region.

Segment Adjusted Operating Income decreased 10.0% to \$126 million for the three months ended June 29, 2024 compared to \$140 million for the three months ended July 1, 2023, primarily due to the factors discussed in net sales above, as well as increased SG&A and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency (0.2 pp).

#### Six Months Ended June 29, 2024 Compared to the Six Months Ended July 1, 2023:

Net sales decreased 2.9% to \$1.7 billion for the six months ended June 29, 2024 compared to \$1.8 billion for the six months ended July 1, 2023, including the unfavorable impacts of foreign currency (0.3 pp). Organic Net Sales decreased 2.6% to \$1.7 billion for the six months ended June 29, 2024 compared to \$1.8 billion for the six months ended July 1, 2023, primarily due to unfavorable volume/mix (3.1 pp), which more than partially offset by higher pricing (2.5 (0.5 pp)). Higher pricing was taken in our Australia, New Zealand, and Japan ("ANJ") and Continental Europe regions primarily to mitigate higher input costs. Unfavorable volume/mix was driven by a cease in shipments due to an ongoing contract negotiation with certain customers within our ANJ Continental Europe region was due, in part, to as well as an inventory reduction by a regional customer. Further, unfavorable volume/mix customer within our Continental Europe region was primarily due to elasticity impacts from pricing actions. These unfavorable volume/mix impacts more than offset favorable volume/mix within our Northern Europe ANJ region.

Segment Adjusted Operating Income increased 27.7% 6.4% to \$136 million \$262 million for the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$107 million \$247 million for the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023, primarily driven by higher pricing, lapping the prior year business disruption caused by Cyclone Gabrielle within our ANJ region, higher pricing, and the favorable impact of foreign currency (3.8 (1.6 pp)). These favorable impacts to Segment Adjusted Operating Income more than offset unfavorable volume/mix and increased advertising expense.

#### Emerging Markets:

	For the Three Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended
	March 30, 2024

	March 30, 2024
	March 30, 2024
	June 29, 2024
	June 29, 2024
	June 29, 2024
	(in millions)
	(in millions)
	(in millions)
Net sales	
Net sales	
Net sales	
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup>	
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup>	
Organic Net Sales <sup>(a)</sup>	
Segment Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(b)</sup>	
Segment Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(b)</sup>	
Segment Adjusted Operating Income <sup>(b)</sup>	

- (a) Organic Net Sales is a non-GAAP financial measure. See the *Non-GAAP Financial Measures* section at the end of this item.
- (b) Segment Adjusted Operating Income for Emerging Markets, which represents which represents the combination of our WEEM and AEM operating segments, is defined and presented consistently with the Segment Adjusted Operating Income of our reportable segments - North America and International Developed Markets.

Three Months Ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** Compared to the Three Months Ended **April 1, 2023** **July 1, 2023**:

Net sales decreased **2.1%** **5.7%** to **\$728 million** **\$670 million** for the six months ended **June 29, 2024** compared to **\$710 million** for the three months ended **March 30, 2024** compared to **\$744 million** for the three months ended **April 1, 2023** **July 1, 2023**, including the unfavorable impacts of foreign currency **(6.3** (7.0 pp) and acquisitions and divestitures **(1.3** (2.1 pp). Organic Net Sales increased **5.5%** **3.4%** to **\$734 million** **\$698 million** for the three months ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** compared to **\$696 million** **\$675 million** for the three months ended **April 1, 2023** **July 1, 2023**, primarily driven by higher pricing **(4.1** (1.9 pp) and favorable volume/mix **(1.4** (1.5 pp). Higher pricing included increases across all regions was taken primarily in our Eastern Europe region to mitigate address higher input costs, costs, which more than offset lower pricing in Brazil as a result of maintaining price gaps to competition. Favorable volume/mix within our Eastern Europe and Asia LATAM regions more than offset unfavorable volume/mix within our LATAM region, which was primarily due to the lapping of shipment timing in the prior year quarter within Brazil. Asia region.

Segment Adjusted Operating Income decreased **18.4%** **32.7%** to **\$82 million** **\$66 million** for the three months ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** compared to **\$101 million** **\$97 million** for the three months ended **April 1, 2023** **July 1, 2023**, primarily driven by due to higher supply chain costs reflecting inflationary pressures in our Eastern Europe region and for logistics in Brazil, increased SG&A as a result of increased employee compensation costs and advertising expense supporting our investments in our go-to-market strategy, higher supply chain costs,

due, in part, for logistics in Brazil; strategy, and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency **(9.0** (6.6 pp). These unfavorable impacts to Segment Adjusted Operating Income more than offset higher pricing and favorable volume/mix.

Six Months Ended **June 29, 2024** Compared to the Six Months Ended **July 1, 2023**:

Net sales decreased 3.8% to \$1.4 billion for the six months ended **June 29, 2024** compared to \$1.5 billion for the six months ended **July 1, 2023**, including the unfavorable impacts of foreign currency (6.6 pp) and acquisitions and divestitures (1.6 pp). Organic Net Sales increased 4.4% to \$1.4 billion for the six months ended **June 29, 2024** compared to \$1.4 billion for the six months ended **July 1, 2023**, primarily driven by higher pricing (2.9 pp) and favorable volume/mix (1.5 pp). Higher pricing was taken primarily in our Eastern Europe region to address higher input costs, which more than offset lower pricing in Brazil as a result of maintaining price gaps to competition. Favorable volume/mix within our Eastern Europe more than offset unfavorable volume/mix within our LATAM region.

Segment Adjusted Operating Income decreased 25.4% to \$148 million for the six months ended **June 29, 2024** compared to \$198 million for the six months ended **July 1, 2023**, primarily due to higher supply chain costs reflecting inflationary pressures in our Eastern Europe region and for logistics in Brazil, increased SG&A as a result of our investments in our go-to-market strategy, and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency (7.7 pp). These unfavorable impacts to Segment Adjusted Operating Income more than offset higher pricing and favorable volume/mix.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We believe that cash generated from our operating activities, commercial paper programs, and our senior unsecured revolving credit facility (the "Senior Credit Facility") will provide sufficient liquidity to meet our working capital needs, repayments of long-term debt, future contractual obligations, payment of our anticipated quarterly dividends, planned capital expenditures, restructuring expenditures, and contributions to our postemployment benefit plans for the next 12 months. An additional potential source of liquidity is access to capital markets. We intend to use our cash on hand and commercial paper programs for daily funding requirements.

Cash Flow Activity for the **Three Six Months Ended** **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** Compared to the **Three Six Months Ended** **April 1, 2023** **July 1, 2023**:

Net Cash Provided by/Used for Operating Activities:

Net cash provided by operating activities was **\$771 million** **\$1.7 billion** for the **three six** months ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** compared to **\$486 million** **\$1.6 billion** for the **three six** months ended **April 1, 2023** **July 1, 2023**. This increase was primarily driven by lower cash outflows due to favorable improvements in the current year period for inventories,

primarily related to stock rebuilding in the prior year, working capital, predominantly within inventory and accounts payable, as well as higher Adjusted Operating Income. These impacts were partially offset by higher cash outflows for variable compensation in the 2024 period compared to the 2023 period.

#### *Net Cash Provided by/Used for Investing Activities:*

Net cash used for investing activities was \$287 million \$632 million for the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$264 million \$475 million for the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023. This change was primarily driven by our payments to acquire the TGI Friday License and higher capital expenditures in the current year period. We expect 2024 capital expenditures to be approximately \$1.1 billion compared to the 2023 capital expenditures of \$1.0 billion. Our 2024 capital expenditures are expected to be primarily driven by capital investments focused on generating growth, including cost improvement, capacity expansion, digital projects, cost improvement, and automation innovation projects, as well as capital investments in maintenance and technology.

#### *Net Cash Provided by/Used for Financing Activities:*

Net cash used for financing activities was \$239 million \$1.6 billion for the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 compared to \$439 million \$1.2 billion for the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023. This change was primarily due to increased common stock repurchases predominantly driven by our share repurchase program, and reduced debt proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, debt issuances. These impacts were partially offset by higher common stock repurchases, due, reduced debt repayments in part, the current year period compared to our share repurchase program, the prior year. See Note 14, *Commitments, Contingencies, and Debt* for additional information on our debt issuances, issuances and repayments.

#### *Cash Held by International Subsidiaries:*

Of the \$1.6 billion \$900 million cash and cash equivalents on our condensed consolidated balance sheet at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, \$820 million \$621 million was held by international subsidiaries.

Subsequent to January 1, 2018, we consider the unremitted earnings of certain international subsidiaries that impose local country taxes on dividends to be indefinitely reinvested. For those undistributed earnings considered to be indefinitely reinvested, our intent is to reinvest these funds in our international operations, and our current plans do not demonstrate a need to repatriate the accumulated earnings to fund our U.S. cash requirements. The amount of unrecognized deferred tax liabilities for local country withholding taxes that would be owed, if repatriated, related to our 2018 through 2024 accumulated earnings of certain international subsidiaries is approximately \$70 million.

Our undistributed historic earnings in foreign subsidiaries through December 31, 2017 are currently not considered to be indefinitely reinvested. Our deferred tax liability associated with these undistributed historical earnings was insignificant at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and December 30, 2023 and relates to local withholding taxes that will be owed when this cash is distributed.

#### *Trade Payables Programs:*

In order to manage our cash flow and related liquidity, we work with our suppliers to optimize our terms and conditions, which include the extension of payment terms. We estimate that the amounts outstanding under these programs were \$0.8 billion at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and December 30, 2023. See Note 13, *Financing Arrangements*, in Item 1, *Financial Statement*, for additional information on our trade payables programs.

#### *Borrowing Arrangements:*

From time to time, we obtain funding through our commercial paper programs. We had no commercial paper outstanding at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, at December 30, 2023, or during the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 or April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023.

Our Senior Credit Facility provides for a revolving commitment of \$4.0 billion through July 8, 2028. Subject to certain conditions, we may increase the amount of revolving commitments and/or add tranches of term loans in a combined aggregate amount of up to \$1.0 billion.

No amounts were drawn on our Senior Credit Facility at March 30, June 29, 2024 or December 30, 2023, or during the three six months ended March 30, June 29, 2024 or April July 1, 2023.

Our credit agreement contains customary representations, warranties, and covenants that are typical for these types of facilities and could, upon the occurrence of certain events of default, restrict our ability to access our Senior Credit Facility. We were in compliance with all financial covenants as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024.

#### *Long-Term Debt:*

Our long-term debt, including the current portion, was \$20.5 billion \$19.9 billion at March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$20.0 billion at December 30, 2023. This increase decrease was primarily due to the 550 million euro aggregate principle amount of senior notes that were repaid at maturity in May 2024, as well as changes in foreign currency exchange rates on our foreign-denominated debt, partially offset by issuance of the 2024 Notes.

We have aggregate principal amounts of senior notes of approximately 550 million 600 million euros maturing in May 2024, 2025.

We may from time to time seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through redemptions, tender offers, cash purchases, prepayments, refinancing, exchange offers, open market or privately negotiated transactions, Rule 10b5-1 plans, or otherwise.

Our long-term debt contains customary representations, covenants, and events of default. We were in compliance with all financial covenants as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024.

See Note 14, *Commitments, Contingencies, and Debt*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for additional information on our long-term debt activity and Note 16, *Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for additional information on our borrowing arrangements and long-term debt.

#### *Equity and Dividends:*

We paid dividends on our common stock of \$486 million \$969 million for the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$491 million \$982 million for the three six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023. Additionally, in the second third quarter of 2024, our Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.40 per share of common stock, which is payable on June 28, 2024 September 27, 2024 to stockholders of record on June 6, 2024 August 30, 2024.



The declaration of dividends is subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors and depends on various factors, including our net income, financial condition, cash requirements, future prospects, and other factors that our Board of Directors deems relevant to its analysis and decision making.

On November 27, 2023, we announced that the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to \$3.0 billion, exclusive of fees, of the Company's common stock through December 26, 2026. We are not obligated to repurchase any specific number of shares and the program may be modified, suspended, or discontinued at any time. Under the program, shares may be repurchased in open market transactions, including under plans complying with Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), privately negotiated transactions, transactions structured through investment banking institutions, or other means. We purchased approximately 4 million 6 million shares during the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and 9 million shares during the six months ended June 29, 2024 and had approximately \$2.6 \$2.4 billion remaining authorization under the share repurchase program as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024. The share repurchase program is in addition to our share repurchases to offset the dilutive effect of equity-based compensation.

#### Aggregate Contractual Obligations:

In the first quarter of 2024, we issued the 2024 Notes, which mature in 2029. See Note 14, *Commitments, Contingencies and Debt*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for additional information. There were no other material changes to our aggregate contractual obligations from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023.

#### Supplemental Guarantor Information:

The Kraft Heinz Company (as the "Parent Guarantor") fully and unconditionally guarantees all the senior unsecured registered notes (collectively, the "KHFC Senior Notes") issued by KHFC, our 100% owned operating subsidiary (the "Guarantee"). See Note 14, *Commitments, Contingencies, and Debt*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, and Note 16, *Debt*, to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for additional descriptions of these guarantees.

The payment of the principal, interest and premium, when applicable, on the KHFC Senior Notes is fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by the Parent Guarantor, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the applicable indenture. None of the Parent Guarantor's subsidiaries guarantee the KHFC Senior Notes.

The Guarantee is the Parent Guarantor's senior unsecured obligation and is: (i) *pari passu* in right of payment with all of the Parent Guarantor's existing and future senior indebtedness; (ii) senior in right of payment to all of the Parent Guarantor's future subordinated indebtedness; (iii) effectively subordinated to all of the Parent Guarantor's existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the assets secured by that indebtedness; and (iv) effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Parent Guarantor's subsidiaries.

The KHFC Senior Notes are obligations exclusively of KHFC and the Parent Guarantor and not of any of the Parent Guarantor's other subsidiaries. Substantially all of the Parent Guarantor's operations are conducted through its subsidiaries. The Parent Guarantor's other subsidiaries are separate legal entities that have no obligation to pay any amounts due under the KHFC Senior Notes or to make any funds available therefor, whether by dividends, loans, or other payments. Except to the extent the Parent Guarantor is a creditor with recognized claims against its subsidiaries, all claims of creditors (including trade creditors) and holders of preferred stock, if any, of its subsidiaries will have priority with respect to the assets of such subsidiaries over its claims (and therefore the claims of its creditors, including holders of the KHFC Senior Notes). Consequently, the KHFC Senior Notes are structurally subordinated to all liabilities of the Parent Guarantor's subsidiaries and any subsidiaries that it may in the future acquire or establish. The obligations of the Parent Guarantor will terminate and be of no further force or effect in the following circumstances: (i) (a) KHFC's exercise of its legal defeasance option or, except in the case of a guarantee of any direct or indirect parent of KHFC, covenant defeasance option in accordance with the applicable indenture, or KHFC's obligations under the applicable indenture have been discharged in accordance with the terms of the applicable indenture or (b) as specified in a supplemental indenture to the applicable indenture; and (ii) the Parent Guarantor has delivered to the trustee an officer's certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent provided for in the applicable indenture have been complied with. The Guarantee is limited by its terms to an amount not to exceed the maximum amount that can be guaranteed by the Parent Guarantor without rendering the Guarantee voidable under applicable law relating to fraudulent conveyance or fraudulent transfer or similar laws affecting the rights of creditors generally.

The following tables present summarized financial information for the Parent Guarantor and KHFC (as subsidiary issuer of the KHFC Senior Notes) (together, the "Obligor Group"), on a combined basis after the elimination of all intercompany balances and transactions between the Parent Guarantor and subsidiary issuer and investments in any subsidiary that is a non-guarantor.

#### Summarized Statement of Income

	For the <b>Three Six Months</b> Ended <b>March 30, June 29, 2024</b>
Net sales	\$ 4,176 8,394
Gross profit <sup>(a)</sup>	1,616 3,292
Intercompany service fees and other recharges	1,158 2,332
Operating income/(loss)	261 557
Equity in earnings/(losses) of subsidiaries	801 859
Net income/(loss)	801 903
Net income/(loss) attributable to common shareholders	801 903

(a) For the **three six** months ended **March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024**, the Obligor Group recorded **\$106 \$222** million of net sales to the non-guarantor subsidiaries and **\$18 \$33** million of purchases from the non-guarantor subsidiaries.

#### Summarized Balance Sheets

	March 30, 2024	December 30, 2023
	June 29, 2024	December 30, 2023



ASSETS
Current assets
Current assets
Current assets
Current assets due from affiliates <sup>(a)</sup>
Non-current assets
Goodwill
Intangible assets, net
Non-current assets due from affiliates <sup>(b)</sup>
LIABILITIES
Current liabilities
Current liabilities
Current liabilities
Current liabilities due to affiliates <sup>(a)</sup>
Non-current liabilities
Non-current liabilities due to affiliates <sup>(b)</sup>

- (a) Represents receivables and short-term lending due from and payables and short-term lending due to non-guarantor subsidiaries.
- (b) Represents long-term lending due from and long-term borrowings due to non-guarantor subsidiaries.

Commodity Trends

We purchase and use large quantities of commodities, including dairy products, meats, tomatoes, sugar and other sweeteners, tomatoes, edible oils, coffee beans, eggs, wheat products, other and fruits and vegetables eggs, and corn products to manufacture our products. In addition, we purchase and use significant quantities of resins, fiberboard, and cardboard to package our products, and we use electricity, diesel fuel, and natural gas in the manufacturing and distribution of our products. We continuously monitor worldwide supply and cost trends of these commodities.

During the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, we experienced lower commodity costs primarily for wheat products, edible oils, dairy products, and eggs, corn, and meats while costs for coffee, dairy products, and sugars meat increased. We manage commodity cost volatility primarily through pricing and risk management strategies including utilizing a range of commodity hedging techniques in an effort to limit the impact of price fluctuations on many of our principal raw materials. However, we do not fully hedge against changes in commodity prices, and our hedging strategies may not protect us from increases in specific raw material costs. As a result of these risk management strategies, our commodity costs may not immediately correlate with market price trends.

See our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for additional information on how we manage commodity costs.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our significant accounting policies are described in Note 2, Significant Accounting Policies, to the consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023.

We prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of estimates, judgments, and assumptions. Our critical accounting estimates and assumptions related to goodwill and intangible assets are described below. We have included this update to our critical accounting estimates as we are performing an interim triggering event impairment test as a result of the Q2 North America reorganization. The Q2 North America reorganization did not impact our brands and the information below is limited to our consolidated goodwill balances. See Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023 for a discussion of our other critical accounting estimates and assumptions.

As of June 29, 2024, we maintain 13 reporting units, nine of which comprise our goodwill balance. These nine reporting units had an aggregate goodwill carrying amount of \$29.5 billion at June 29, 2024.

We test our reporting units and brands for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit or brand is less than its carrying amount. Such events and circumstances could include a sustained decrease in our market capitalization, increased competition or unexpected loss of market share, increased input costs beyond projections, disposals of significant brands or components of our business, unexpected business disruptions (for example due to a natural disaster, pandemic, or loss of a customer, supplier, or other significant business relationship), unexpected significant declines in operating results, significant adverse changes in the markets in which we operate, changes in income tax rates, changes in interest rates, or changes in management strategy. We test reporting units for impairment by comparing the estimated fair value of each reporting unit with its carrying amount. We test brands for impairment by comparing the estimated fair value of each brand with its carrying amount. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit or brand exceeds its estimated fair value, we record an impairment loss based on the difference between fair value and carrying amount, in the case of reporting units, not to exceed the associated carrying amount of goodwill. See Note 7, Goodwill and Intangible Assets, in Item 1, Financial Statements, for a discussion of the timing of the annual impairment test.

Fair value determinations require considerable judgment and are sensitive to changes in underlying assumptions, estimates, and market factors. Estimating the fair value of individual reporting units and brands requires us to make assumptions and estimates regarding our future plans, as well as industry, economic, and regulatory conditions. These assumptions and estimates include estimated future annual net cash flows (including net sales, cost of products sold, SG&A, depreciation and amortization, working capital, and capital expenditures), income tax considerations, discount rates, growth rates, royalty rates, contributory asset charges, and other market factors. If current expectations of future growth rates and margins are not met, if market factors outside of our control, such as discount rates, market capitalization, income tax rates, foreign currency exchange rates, or

inflation, change, or if management's expectations or plans otherwise change, including updates to our long-term operating plans, then one or more of our reporting units or brands might become impaired in the future. Additionally, any decisions to divest certain non-strategic assets has led and could in the future lead to goodwill or intangible asset impairments.

As of March 31, 2024, which was the first day of our second quarter of 2024, certain organizational changes occurred that impacted our reporting unit composition within our North America segment (the "Q2 North America reorganization"). Two of our North America reporting units — TMA and FBD — were reorganized into the four reporting units: TMS, HD, MC and AFH. The CNAC and Other North America reporting units were not impacted by this reorganization. As a result, reporting units impacted by this change were tested for impairment. Our indefinite-lived brands were not impacted by this reorganization and there are no material changes to the brands disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023.

As part of the 2024 transition test, we recognized a non-cash impairment loss of approximately \$854 million related to our MC reporting unit, which had a goodwill carrying amount of approximately \$2.5 billion after impairment. Our reporting units that were impaired during the 2023 annual impairment test or the 2024 transition test were written down to their respective fair values resulting in zero excess fair value over carrying amount as of the applicable impairment test dates. Our reporting units that have 20% or less excess fair value over carrying amount as of the 2023 annual impairment test or the 2024 transition test have a heightened risk of future impairments if any assumptions, estimates, or market factors change in the future.

Reporting units with 10% or less fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate goodwill carrying amount after impairment of \$6.0 billion as of the latest impairment test of each reporting unit and included MC, Northern Europe, Continental Europe, and CNAC. Reporting units with 10-20% fair value over carrying amount had an aggregate goodwill carrying amount of \$18.9 billion as of the latest impairment test and TMS, AFH, and LATAM. Our HD and Asia reporting units had between 20-50% fair value over carrying amount with an aggregate goodwill carrying amount of \$4.6 billion as of their latest impairment test. Our reporting units that have less than 5% excess fair value over carrying amount of their latest impairment test are considered at a heightened risk of future impairments and include our MC, Continental Europe, and CNAC reporting units, which had an aggregate goodwill carrying amount of \$4.3 billion. Our four remaining reporting units had no goodwill carrying amount at the time of their latest impairment test.

We generally utilize the discounted cash flow method under the income approach to estimate the fair value of our reporting units. Some of the more significant assumptions inherent in estimating the fair values include the estimated future annual net cash flows for each reporting unit (including net sales, cost of products sold, SG&A, depreciation and amortization, working capital, and capital expenditures), income tax rates, long-term growth rates, and a discount rate that appropriately reflects the risks inherent in each future cash flow stream. We selected the assumptions used in the financial forecasts using historical data, supplemented by current and anticipated market conditions, estimated product category growth rates, management's plans, and guideline companies.

The discount rates and long-term growth rates used to estimate the fair values of our reporting units with 20% or less excess fair value over carrying amount, as well as the goodwill carrying amounts, as of their latest impairment test date were as follows:

	Goodwill Carrying Amount (in billions)	Discount Rate		Long-Term Growth Rate	
		Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum
Reporting units	\$ 24.9	7.8 %	10.8 %	1.3 %	2.5 %

Assumptions used in impairment testing are made at a point in time and require significant judgment; therefore, they are subject to change based on the facts and circumstances present at each annual and interim impairment test date. Additionally, these assumptions are generally interdependent and do not change in isolation. However, as it is reasonably possible that changes in assumptions could occur, as a sensitivity measure, we have presented the estimated effects of isolated changes in discount rates and long-term growth rates, on the fair values of our reporting units with 20% or less excess fair value over carrying amount. These estimated changes in fair value are not necessarily representative of the actual impairment that would be recorded in the event of a fair value decline.

If we had changed the assumptions used to estimate the fair value of our reporting units with 20% or less excess fair value over carrying amount, as a result of their latest impairment test date, these isolated changes, which are reasonably possible to occur, would have led to the following increase/(decrease) in the aggregate fair value of these reporting units (in billions):

	Discount Rate		Long-Term Growth Rate	
	50-Basis-Point		25-Basis-Point	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Reporting units	\$ (4.4)	\$ 5.1	\$ 2.0	\$ (1.9)

See Note 7, *Goodwill and Intangible Assets*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for our impairment testing results.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 3, *New Accounting Standards*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for a discussion of new accounting pronouncements.

Contingencies

See Note 14, *Commitments, Contingencies, and Debt*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*, for a discussion of our contingencies.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

The non-GAAP financial measures we provide in this report should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for, results prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

To supplement the condensed consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we have presented Organic Net Sales, Adjusted Operating Income, and Adjusted EPS, which are considered non-GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures presented may differ from similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures presented by other companies, and other companies may not define these non-GAAP financial measures in the same way. These measures are not substitutes for their comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures, such as net sales, net income/(loss), diluted EPS, or other measures prescribed by U.S. GAAP, and there are limitations to using non-GAAP financial measures.

Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to assist in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our underlying operations. We believe that Organic Net Sales, Adjusted Operating Income, and Adjusted EPS provide important comparability of underlying operating results, allowing investors and management to assess the Company's operating performance on a consistent basis.

Management believes that presenting our non-GAAP financial measures is useful to investors because it (i) provides investors with meaningful supplemental information regarding financial performance by excluding certain items, (ii) permits investors to view performance using the same tools that management uses to budget, make operating and strategic decisions, and evaluate historical performance, and (iii) otherwise provides supplemental information that may be useful to investors in evaluating our results. We believe that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures, when considered together with the corresponding U.S. GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations to those measures, provides investors with additional understanding of the factors and trends affecting our business than could be obtained absent these disclosures.

Organic Net Sales is defined as net sales excluding, when they occur, the impact of currency, acquisitions and divestitures, and a 53rd week of shipments. We calculate the impact of currency on net sales by holding exchange rates constant at the previous year's exchange rate, with the exception of highly inflationary subsidiaries, for which we calculate the previous year's results using the current year's exchange rate.

Adjusted Operating Income is defined as operating income excluding, when they occur, the impacts restructuring activities, deal costs, unrealized gains/(losses) on commodity hedges (the unrealized gains and losses are recorded in general corporate expenses until realized; once realized, the gains and losses are recorded in the applicable segment's operating results), impairment losses, and certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters.

Adjusted EPS is defined as diluted EPS excluding, when they occur, the impacts of restructuring activities, deal costs, unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges, impairment losses, certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters, losses/(gains) on the sale of a business, other losses/(gains) related to acquisitions and divestitures (e.g., tax and hedging impacts), nonmonetary currency devaluation (e.g., remeasurement gains and losses), debt prepayment and extinguishment (benefit)/costs, and certain significant discrete income tax items (e.g., U.S. and non-U.S. tax reform), and including, when they occur, adjustments to reflect preferred stock dividend payments on an accrual basis.

The Kraft Heinz Company												
Reconciliation of Net Sales to Organic Net Sales												
(dollars in millions)												
(Unaudited)												
Net Sales	Net Sales	Currency	Acquisitions and Divestitures	Organic Net Sales	Price	Volume/Mix	Net Sales	Currency	Acquisitions and Divestitures	Organic Net Sales	Price	Volume/Mix
Three Months Ended March 30, 2024												
Three Months Ended June 29, 2024												
North America												
North America												
North America												
International Developed Markets												
International Developed Markets												
International Developed Markets												
Emerging Markets												
Emerging Markets												
Emerging Markets												
Kraft Heinz												
Kraft Heinz												
Kraft Heinz												
Three Months Ended April 1, 2023												
Three Months Ended July 1, 2023												
Three Months Ended April 1, 2023												
Three Months Ended July 1, 2023												
Three Months Ended April 1, 2023												
Three Months Ended July 1, 2023												
North America												
North America												
North America												
International Developed Markets												
International Developed Markets												
International Developed Markets												
Emerging Markets												
Emerging Markets												
Emerging Markets												

North America		(1.2)%	0.0 pp	(1.2)%	2.5 pp	(3.7) pp	(0.2) pp	0.0 pp	(2.9)%	1.3 pp	(4.2) pp	
International Developed Markets	International Developed Markets	(0.6)%	0.7 pp	0.0 pp	(1.3)%	2.5 pp	(3.8) pp	International Developed Markets (5.0)%	(1.1) pp	0.0 pp	(1.5) pp	(2.4) pp
Emerging Markets	Emerging Markets	(2.1)%	(6.3) pp	(1.3) pp	5.5 %	4.1 pp	1.4 pp	Emerging Markets (5.7)%	(7.0) pp	(2.1) pp	1.9 %	1.5 pp
Kraft Heinz	Kraft Heinz	(1.2)%	(0.6) pp	(0.1) pp	(0.5)%	2.7 pp	(3.2) pp	Kraft Heinz (3.6)%	(1.0) pp	(0.2) pp	1.0 %	(3.4) pp

			Acquisitions and			
	Net Sales	Currency	Divestitures	Organic Net Sales	Price	Volume/Mix
<b>Six Months Ended June 29, 2024</b>						
North America	\$ 9,749	\$ (7)	\$ —	\$ 9,756		
International Developed Markets	1,740	(5)	—	1,745		
Emerging Markets	1,398	(46)	12	1,432		
Kraft Heinz	<u>\$ 12,887</u>	<u>\$ (58)</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>	<u>\$ 12,933</u>		
<b>Six Months Ended July 1, 2023</b>						
North America	\$ 9,964	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 9,964		
International Developed Markets	1,792	—	—	1,792		
Emerging Markets	1,454	49	34	1,371		
Kraft Heinz	<u>\$ 13,210</u>	<u>\$ 49</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 13,127</u>		

North America	(2.2)%	(0.1) pp	0.0 pp	(2.1)%	1.9 pp	(4.0) pp
International Developed Markets	(2.9)%	(0.3) pp	0.0 pp	(2.6)%	0.5 pp	(3.1) pp
Emerging Markets	(3.8)%	(6.6) pp	(1.6) pp	4.4 %	2.9 pp	1.5 pp
Kraft Heinz	(2.4)%	(0.8) pp	(0.1) pp	(1.5)%	1.8 pp	(3.3) pp

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
Operating income/(loss)					
Operating income/(loss)					

Operating income/(loss)
Restructuring activities
Restructuring activities
Restructuring activities
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters
Impairment losses
Certain non-ordinary course legal and regulatory matters
Adjusted Operating Income
Adjusted Operating Income
Adjusted Operating Income

The Kraft Heinz Company  
Reconciliation of Diluted EPS to Adjusted EPS  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Three Months Ended		For the Six Months Ended
	For the Three Months Ended				
	For the Three Months Ended				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	March 30, 2024				
	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	June 29, 2024	July 1, 2023	
Diluted EPS					
Diluted EPS					
Diluted EPS					
Restructuring activities <sup>(a)</sup>					
Restructuring activities <sup>(a)</sup>					
Restructuring activities <sup>(a)</sup>					
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges <sup>(b)</sup>					
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges <sup>(b)</sup>					
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges <sup>(b)</sup>					
Impairment losses <sup>(c)</sup>					
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges <sup>(b)</sup>					
Losses/(gains) on sale of business <sup>(d)</sup>					
Losses/(gains) on sale of business <sup>(d)</sup>					
Losses/(gains) on sale of business <sup>(d)</sup>					
Unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges <sup>(b)</sup>					
Nonmonetary currency devaluation <sup>(e)</sup>					
Nonmonetary currency devaluation <sup>(e)</sup>					
Nonmonetary currency devaluation <sup>(e)</sup>					
Losses/(gains) on sale of business <sup>(c)</sup>					
Losses/(gains) on sale of business <sup>(c)</sup>					
Losses/(gains) on sale of business <sup>(c)</sup>					
Certain significant discrete income tax items <sup>(f)</sup>					
Certain significant discrete income tax items <sup>(f)</sup>					
Certain significant discrete income tax items <sup>(f)</sup>					
Adjusted EPS					
Adjusted EPS					
Adjusted EPS					

- (a) Gross expenses/(income) included in restructuring activities were income expenses of \$3 million \$2 million (\$2 million after-tax) for the three months and income of \$1 million (zero after-tax) for the six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and \$8 million income of \$10 million (\$7.8 million after tax) after-tax) for the three months and \$18 million (\$15 million after-tax) for the six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023 and were recorded in the following income statement line items:
- Cost of products sold included expenses of \$1 million for the three months and \$2 million for the six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and income of \$6 million for the three months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023; and
  - SG&A included income of \$4 million for the three months ended March 30, 2024 and \$16 million for the three months ended April 1, 2023.
  - Other expense/(income) included expenses of \$2 million for the three months and income of \$2 million for the six months ended April 1, 2023 June 29, 2024 and income of \$4 million for the three months and \$20 million for the six months ended July 1, 2023.
  - Other expense/(income) included income of \$1 million for the three and six months ended June 29, 2024 and expenses of \$2 million for the six months ended July 1, 2023.
- (b) Gross expenses/(income) included in unrealized losses/(gains) on commodity hedges were expenses of \$1 million (zero after-tax) for the three months and income of \$34 million \$33 million (\$26 million after-tax) for the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and expenses income of \$11 million \$16 million (\$9.13 million after-tax) for the three months and \$5 million (\$4 million after-tax) for the six months ended April 1, 2023 July 1, 2023.
- (c) Gross impairment losses included the following:
- Goodwill impairment losses of \$854 million (\$854 million after-tax) for the three and six months ended June 29, 2024, which were recorded in cost of products sold, SG&A;
- (d) Gross expenses/(income) included in losses/(gains) on sale of business were expenses income of \$80 million \$1 million (\$68.14 million after-tax) for the three months and expenses of \$79 million (\$54 million after-tax) for the six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 and were recorded in other expense/(income).
- (e) Gross expenses included in nonmonetary currency devaluation were \$1 million (\$1 million after-tax) for the three months and \$4 million (\$4 million after-tax) for the six months ended June 29, 2024 and \$15 million (\$15 million after-tax) for the three months and \$18 million (\$18 million after-tax) for the six months ended July 1, 2023 and were recorded in other expense/(income).
- (f) Certain significant discrete income tax items were a benefit of \$17 million for the three and six months ended July 1, 2023. The benefit represents the reversal of uncertain tax position reserves related to the U.S. Tax Cuts and Jobs Act resulting from a conclusion of the Internal Revenue Service's income tax examination for the year 2017 and the lapsing of the statute of limitations for such year.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

There have been no material changes to our market risk during the three six months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024. For additional information, refer to Item 7A, *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk*, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, as of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, were effective and provided reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

During 2024, we started a multi-year migration of certain of our financial processing systems, including the implementation of a new enterprise resource planning (ERP) solution which will replace our existing ERPs. The implementation is expected to occur in phases throughout our businesses over the next several years, and we anticipate the first phase to be completed in the first half of 2025. We are evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls as they relate to the system upgrades, and we will implement any required control changes prior to relevant go-live dates associated with the system implementations.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

See Note 14, *Commitments, Contingencies, and Debt*, in Item 1, *Financial Statements*.

### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 30, 2023.

### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Our share repurchase activity in the three months ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 was:

	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(a)</sup>	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>(b)</sup>	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (in millions)
12/31/2023 - 2/3/2024	5,260,798	\$ 38.43	3,938,862	\$ 2,550
2/4/2024 - 3/2/2024	1,090,125	35.13	—	2,550
3/3/2024 - 3/30/2024	2,563,150	35.19	—	2,550
Total	8,914,073		3,938,862	

	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(a)</sup>	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>(a)</sup>	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (in millions)
3/31/2024 — 5/4/2024	274,247	\$ 36.79	250,000	\$ 2,541
5/5/2024 — 6/1/2024	5,433,662	36.28	5,310,862	2,350
6/2/2024 — 6/29/2024	70,208	35.36	—	2,350
Total	5,778,117		5,560,862	

(a) Includes (1) shares purchased pursuant to the share repurchase program described in (b) below, (2) shares repurchased to offset the dilutive effect of the exercise of stock options using option exercise proceeds and the vesting RSUs and PSUs, and (3) shares withheld for tax liabilities associated with the vesting of RSUs and PSUs.

(b) On November 27, 2023, the Company announced that the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to purchase up to \$3.0 billion of the Company's common stock through December 26, 2026. The Company is not obligated to repurchase any specific number of shares and the program may be modified, suspended, or discontinued at any time. Under the program, shares may be repurchased in open market transactions, including under plans complying with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, privately negotiated transactions, transactions structured through investment banking institutions, or other means.

#### Item 5. Other Information.

**(c) Insider Stock Trading Arrangements:** On **February 29, 2024** **May 2, 2024**, **Melissa Werneck**, **Rashida La Lande**, Executive Vice President and **Global Chief People Legal and Corporate Affairs** Officer, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to **81,438** shares of Kraft Heinz common stock between **June 3, 2024** and **May 30, 2025**, subject to certain conditions. On **March 13, 2024**, **Cory Onell**, Executive Vice President and Chief Omnichannel Sales and Asian Emerging Markets Officer, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to **35,424** **160,816** shares of Kraft Heinz common stock, as well as any shares of common stock underlying dividend equivalent units that accrue on RSUs when dividends are paid on shares of Kraft Heinz common stock (less any shares that may be withheld for taxes upon vesting), between **June 13, 2024** **March 3, 2025** and **March 31, 2025** **March 31, 2026**, subject to certain conditions. On **May 17, 2024**, **Carlos Abrams-Rivera**, Chief Executive Officer and member of the Board of Directors, adopted a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c) to sell up to **132,183** shares of Kraft Heinz common stock between **August 19, 2024** and **May 16, 2025**, subject to certain conditions.

#### Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Descriptions
4.1	<a href="#">Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 1, 2024, relating to the €550,000,000 Senior Notes due 2029, among Kraft Heinz Foods Company, as issuer, The Kraft Heinz Company, as guarantor, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 1, 2024).</a>
4.2	<a href="#">Form of €550,000,000 Senior Notes due 2029 (included as Exhibit A to Exhibit 4.1).</a>
22.1	<a href="#">List of Guarantor Subsidiaries.*</a>
31.1	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a)/15d 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.*</a>
31.2	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a 14(a)/15d 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.*</a>
32.1	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**</a>
32.2	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.**</a>
101.1	The following materials from The Kraft Heinz Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended <b>March 30, 2024</b> <b>June 29, 2024</b> formatted in iXBRL (Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity, (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (vi) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, and (vii) document and entity information.*
104.1	The cover page from The Kraft Heinz Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended <b>March 30, 2024</b> <b>June 29, 2024</b> , formatted in inline XBRL.*
+	Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
*	Filed herewith.
**	Furnished herewith.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

The Kraft Heinz Company

Date: May 1, July 31, 2024

By: /s/ Andre Maciel

Andre Maciel

Executive Vice President and Global Chief Financial Officer

(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

The Kraft Heinz Company

Date: May 1, July 31, 2024

By: /s/ Chris Asher

Chris Asher

Deputy Global Controller

(Principal Accounting Officer)

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Exhibit 22.1

#### The Kraft Heinz Company

#### List of Subsidiary Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities

As of March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024, The Kraft Heinz Company was the sole guarantor of all the unsecured registered notes issued by Kraft Heinz Foods Company, a Pennsylvania Limited Liability Company, its 100% owned operating subsidiary.

#### Description of KHFC Senior Notes

##### 1.500% Euro senior notes due 2024

Floating Rate senior notes due 2025

3.000% senior notes due 2026

3.875% senior notes due 2027

4.125% British Pound senior notes due 2027

2.250% Euro senior notes due 2028

6.375% senior notes due 2028

4.625% senior notes due 2029

3.500% senior notes due 2029

3.750% senior notes due 2030

4.250% senior notes due 2031

6.750% senior notes due 2032

5.000% senior notes due 2035

6.875% senior notes due 2039

7.125% senior notes due 2039

4.625% senior notes due 2039

6.500% senior notes due 2040

5.000% senior notes due 2042

5.200% senior notes due 2045

4.375% senior notes due 2046

4.875% senior notes due 2049

5.500% senior notes due 2050

Exhibit 31.1



I, Carlos Abrams-Rivera, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** of The Kraft Heinz Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Carlos Abrams-Rivera

Carlos Abrams-Rivera

Chief Executive Officer

Date: **May 1, 2024** **July 31, 2024**

#### Exhibit 31.2

I, Andre Maciel, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended **March 30, 2024** **June 29, 2024** of The Kraft Heinz Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Andre Maciel

Andre Maciel

Executive Vice President and Global Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 1, 2024 July 31, 2024

#### Exhibit 32.1

#### 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION

I, Carlos Abrams-Rivera, Chief Executive Officer of The Kraft Heinz Company (the "Company"), hereby certify that, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, to my knowledge:

1. The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Carlos Abrams-Rivera

Name: Carlos Abrams-Rivera

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 1, 2024 July 31, 2024

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Form 10-Q or as a separate disclosure document.

#### Exhibit 32.2

#### 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATION

I, Andre Maciel, Executive Vice President and Global Chief Financial Officer of The Kraft Heinz Company (the "Company"), hereby certify that, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, to my knowledge:

1. The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 30, 2024 June 29, 2024 (the "Form 10-Q") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Andre Maciel

Name: Andre Maciel

Title: Executive Vice President and Global Chief Financial Officer

Date: May 1, 2024 July 31, 2024

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Form 10-Q or as a separate disclosure document.

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