

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

TRV - TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC.

10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 1864

■ CHANGES	641
■ DELETIONS	715
■ ADDITIONS	508

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-10898

The Travelers Companies, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Minnesota

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

41-0518860

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

**485 Lexington Avenue
New York, NY 10017**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(917) 778-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, without par value	TRV	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

The number of shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, without par value, outstanding at **October 13, 2023** **April 11, 2024** was **228,399,446**, **228,993,392**.

The Travelers Companies, Inc.

Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q

For Quarterly Period Ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**

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PART 1 — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (Unaudited)
(in millions, except per share amounts)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2024			
		2024			
		2024			
Revenues					
Revenues					
Revenues	Revenues				
Premiums	Premiums	\$ 9,718	\$ 8,615	\$ 27,788	\$ 24,946
Premiums					
Premiums					
Net investment income					
Net investment income					
Net investment income	Net investment income	769	593	2,144	1,937
Fee income	Fee income	112	104	324	307
Net realized investment losses		(65)	(93)	(94)	(211)
Fee income					
Fee income					
Net realized investment gains					
Net realized investment gains					
Net realized investment gains					
Other revenues					
Other revenues	Other revenues	101	84	275	269
Total revenues	Total revenues	10,635	9,303	30,437	27,248
Total revenues					
Total revenues					
Claims and expenses					
Claims and expenses					
Claims and expenses	Claims and expenses				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses	Claims and claim adjustment expenses	7,149	6,088	20,335	16,930
Claims and claim adjustment expenses					
Claims and claim adjustment expenses					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	1,604	1,406	4,585	4,081
General and administrative expenses	General and administrative expenses	1,312	1,193	3,887	3,607
General and administrative expenses					

General and administrative expenses					
Interest expense					
Interest expense					
Interest expense	Interest expense	98	88	278	263
Total claims and expenses	Total claims and expenses	10,163	8,775	29,085	24,881
Total claims and expenses					
Total claims and expenses					
Income before income taxes					
Income before income taxes					
Income before income taxes	Income before income taxes	472	528	1,352	2,367
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)	68	74	(13)	344
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Net income					
Net income					
Net income	Net income	\$ 404	\$ 454	\$ 1,365	\$ 2,023
Net income per share	Net income per share				
Net income per share					
Net income per share					
Basic	Basic	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.91	\$ 5.89	\$ 8.43
Diluted	Diluted	\$ 1.74	\$ 1.89	\$ 5.83	\$ 8.34
Diluted					
Diluted					
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding					
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding					
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
Basic	Basic	228.8	235.4	230.0	238.3
Basic	Basic				
Basic	Basic				
Diluted	Diluted	231.1	237.9	232.5	240.9
Diluted	Diluted				
Cash dividends declared per common share	Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.93	\$ 2.93	\$ 2.74
Cash dividends declared per common share					
Cash dividends declared per common share					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Unaudited)
(in millions)

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2024			
		2024			
		2024			
Net income					
Net income					
Net income	Net income	\$ 404	\$ 454	\$ 1,365	\$ 2,023
Other comprehensive income (loss):	Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:					
Changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:					
Changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:	Changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:				
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	(2,391)	(3,204)	(1,986)	(11,078)
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income					
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	—	—	—	(3)
Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations	Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations	(3)	12	(10)	34
Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations					

Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations				
Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation	Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation			
		(118)	(251)	13
Other comprehensive loss before income taxes		(2,512)	(3,443)	(1,983)
Income tax benefit		(509)	(690)	(416)
Other comprehensive loss, net of taxes		(2,003)	(2,753)	(1,567)
Comprehensive loss		<u><u>\$ (1,599)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (2,299)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (202)</u></u>
Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation				
Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes				
Other comprehensive income (loss) before income taxes				
Income tax expense (benefit)				
Income tax expense (benefit)				
Income tax expense (benefit)				
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes				
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes				
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes				
Comprehensive income				
Comprehensive income				
Comprehensive income				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
(in millions)

		December			
		September 30,	31,		
		2023	2022		
		(Unaudited)			
		March 31,			
		2024			
		(Unaudited)			
Assets	Assets				
Fixed maturities, available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$80,792 and \$77,380; allowance for expected credit losses of \$4 and \$3)		\$ 72,584	\$ 71,160		
Equity securities, at fair value (cost \$546 and \$747)		573	807		
Assets					
Assets					

Fixed maturities, available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$82,712 and \$81,781; allowance for expected credit losses of \$3 and \$5)			
Fixed maturities, available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$82,712 and \$81,781; allowance for expected credit losses of \$3 and \$5)			
Fixed maturities, available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$82,712 and \$81,781; allowance for expected credit losses of \$3 and \$5)			
Equity securities, at fair value (cost \$557 and \$553)			
Real estate investments	Real estate investments	960	952
Short-term securities	Short-term securities	4,488	3,470
Other investments	Other investments	4,351	4,065
Total investments	Total investments	82,956	80,454
Cash	Cash	593	799
Investment income accrued	Investment income accrued	623	650
Premiums receivable (net of allowance for expected credit losses of \$68 and \$77)		10,345	8,922
Reinsurance recoverables (net of allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance of \$121 and \$132)		8,267	8,063
Premiums receivable (net of allowance for expected credit losses of \$68 and \$69)			
Reinsurance recoverables (net of allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance of \$117 and \$118)			
Ceded unearned premiums	Ceded unearned premiums	1,389	1,024
Deferred acquisition costs	Deferred acquisition costs	3,330	2,836
Deferred taxes	Deferred taxes	2,393	1,877
Contractholder receivables (net of allowance for expected credit losses of \$20 and \$17)		3,467	3,579
Contractholder receivables (net of allowance for expected credit losses of \$19 and \$20)			
Goodwill	Goodwill	3,955	3,952
Other intangible assets	Other intangible assets	278	287

Other assets	Other assets	3,788	3,274
Total assets	Total assets	\$ 121,384	\$ 115,717
Liabilities	Liabilities		Liabilities
Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves	Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves	\$ 61,709	\$ 58,649
Unearned premium reserves	Unearned premium reserves	21,058	18,240
Contractholder payables	Contractholder payables	3,487	3,596
Payables for reinsurance premiums	Payables for reinsurance premiums	807	419
Debt	Debt	8,031	7,292
Other liabilities	Other liabilities	6,314	5,961
Total liabilities	Total liabilities	101,406	94,157
Shareholders' equity	Shareholders' equity		Shareholders' equity
Common stock (1,750.0 shares authorized; 228.4 and 232.1 shares issued and outstanding)		24,831	24,565
Common stock (1,750.0 shares authorized; 229.0 and 228.2 shares issued and outstanding)			
Retained earnings	Retained earnings	44,198	43,516
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8,012)	(6,445)
Treasury stock, at cost (558.8 and 553.5 shares)		(41,039)	(40,076)
Treasury stock, at cost (561.0 and 559.2 shares)			
Total shareholders' equity	Total shareholders' equity	19,978	21,560
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 121,384	\$ 115,717

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)
(in millions)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Three Months Ended				
	March 31,		March 31,	
Three Months Ended				
	March 31,			

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
		2024	2024	2024	2024
Common stock					
Common stock	Common stock				
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period	\$ 24,776	\$ 24,419	\$ 24,565	\$ 24,154
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period					
Employee share-based compensation					
Employee share-based compensation					
Employee share-based compensation	Employee share-based compensation	8	11	102	176
Compensation amortization under share-based plans and other changes	Compensation amortization under share-based plans and other changes	47	42	164	142
Compensation amortization under share-based plans and other changes					
Compensation amortization under share-based plans and other changes					
Balance, end of period					
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	24,831	24,472	24,831	24,472
Retained earnings	Retained earnings				
Retained earnings	Retained earnings				
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period	44,026	42,684	43,516	41,555
Net income	Net income	404	454	1,365	2,023
Net income					
Net income					
Dividends					
Dividends					
Dividends	Dividends	(232)	(221)	(683)	(660)
Other	Other	—	—	—	(1)
Other					
Other					
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	44,198	42,917	44,198	42,917
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax					
Balance, end of period					
Balance, end of period					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax					

Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period	(6,009)	(5,155)	(6,445)	1,193
Other comprehensive loss		(2,003)	(2,753)	(1,567)	(9,101)
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
Balance, end of period					
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	(8,012)	(7,908)	(8,012)	(7,908)
Treasury stock, at cost	Treasury stock, at cost				
Treasury stock, at cost					
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period	(40,938)	(39,074)	(40,076)	(38,015)
Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations	Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations	(100)	(500)	(900)	(1,500)
Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations					
Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations					
Net shares acquired related to employee share-based compensation plans					
Net shares acquired related to employee share-based compensation plans					
Net shares acquired related to employee share-based compensation plans	Net shares acquired related to employee share-based compensation plans	(1)	(1)	(63)	(60)
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	(41,039)	(39,575)	(41,039)	(39,575)
Balance, end of period					
Balance, end of period					
Total shareholders' equity					
Total shareholders' equity					
Total shareholders' equity	Total shareholders' equity	\$ 19,978	\$ 19,906	\$ 19,978	\$ 19,906
Common shares outstanding	Common shares outstanding				
Common shares outstanding					
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period					
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period	228.9	237.3	232.1	241.2
Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations	Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations	(0.6)	(3.1)	(5.0)	(8.9)
Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations					

Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations			
Net shares issued under employee share-based compensation plans			
Net shares issued under employee share-based compensation plans			
Net shares issued under employee share-based compensation plans	Net shares issued under employee share-based compensation plans	0.1	0.1
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	228.4	234.3
Balance, end of period			1.3
Balance, end of period			2.0
Balance, end of period			228.4
Balance, end of period			234.3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)
 (in millions)

		Nine Months Ended			
		September 30,			
		2023	2022		
		Three Months Ended March			
		31,	31,		
		2024		Three Months Ended March 31,	
Cash flows from operating activities		Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income	Net income	\$ 1,365	\$ 2,023		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Net realized investment losses	94	211			
Net realized investment gains					
Depreciation and amortization	Depreciation and amortization	552	639		
Deferred federal income tax benefit	(107)	(130)			
Deferred federal income tax expense					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	4,585	4,081		
Equity in income from other investments	Equity in income from other investments	(144)	(319)		

Premiums receivable	Premiums receivable	(1,422)	(861)
Reinsurance recoverables	Reinsurance recoverables	(204)	185
Deferred acquisition costs	Deferred acquisition costs	(5,079)	(4,419)
Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves	Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves	3,053	1,694
Unearned premium reserves	Unearned premium reserves	2,817	2,033
Other	Other	97	(12)
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	5,607	5,125
Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from investing activities		Cash flows from investing activities
Proceeds from maturities of fixed maturities	Proceeds from maturities of fixed maturities	4,909	5,481
Proceeds from sales of investments:			Proceeds from sales of investments:
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities	4,619	3,951
Equity securities	Equity securities	117	104
Real estate investments		—	10
Other investments			
Other investments	Other investments	166	242
Purchases of investments:	Purchases of investments:		Purchases of investments:
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities	(13,054)	(12,100)
Equity securities	Equity securities	(80)	(112)
Real estate investments	Real estate investments	(46)	(28)
Other investments	Other investments	(375)	(414)
Net purchases of short-term securities		(1,018)	(107)
Net sales of short-term securities			

Securities transactions in the course of settlement	Securities transactions in the course of settlement	60	214
Acquisition, net of cash acquired	Acquisition, net of cash acquired	—	(4)
Other	Other	(335)	(291)
Net cash used in investing activities	Net cash used in investing activities	(5,037)	(3,054)
Cash flows from financing activities	Cash flows from financing activities		Cash flows from financing activities
Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations	Treasury stock acquired — share repurchase authorizations	(894)	(1,500)
Treasury stock acquired — net employee share-based compensation	Treasury stock acquired — net employee share-based compensation	(63)	(60)
Dividends paid to shareholders	Dividends paid to shareholders	(676)	(656)
Issuance of debt	Issuance of debt	738	—
Issuance of common stock — employee share options			
Issuance of common stock — employee share options			
Issuance of common stock — employee share options	Issuance of common stock — employee share options	117	205
Net cash used in financing activities	Net cash used in financing activities	(778)	(2,011)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	2	(48)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	Net increase (decrease) in cash	(206)	12
Cash at beginning of year	Cash at beginning of year	799	761
Cash at end of period	Cash at end of period	\$ 593	\$ 773
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information	Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information
Income taxes paid	Income taxes paid	\$ 152	\$ 663

Income taxes paid (received)	
Interest paid	Interest paid \$ 234 \$ 234
Supplemental disclosure of noncash financing activities	
Issuance of common stock — net share settlement of employee options	
Issuance of common stock — net share settlement of employee options	
Issuance of common stock — net share settlement of employee options	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, the Company). These financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are unaudited. In the opinion of the Company's management, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation have been reflected. Certain financial information that is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP, but that is not required for interim reporting purposes, has been omitted. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements and related notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 (the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report).

The preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and claims and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of Accounting Standards

For information regarding accounting standards To the extent that the Company adopted during changes its accounting for, or presentation of, items in the financial statements, the presentation of such amounts in prior periods presented, see note 1 of the notes is changed to conform to the consolidated financial statements current period presentation, if appropriate, and disclosed, if material.

On January 2, 2024, the Company completed its previously announced acquisition of all issued and outstanding shares of Corvus Insurance Holdings, Inc. (Corvus), a cyber insurance managing general underwriter, for consideration transferred of approximately \$427 million. The acquisition provides the Company the opportunity to renew Corvus's book of business and to leverage Corvus's capabilities to enhance the return profile of Travelers' existing cyber portfolio. At the acquisition date, the Company recorded at fair value \$478 million of assets acquired and \$51 million of liabilities assumed as part of purchase accounting, including \$390 million of identifiable intangible assets and goodwill. The assets acquired from Corvus were included in the Company's 2022 Annual Report, Bond & Specialty Insurance segment, effective at the acquisition date. The Company funded this transaction from internal resources. A provisional amount of \$19 million has been recorded as a deferred tax asset and included on the consolidated balance sheet. As the tax return for Corvus for the 2023 fiscal year will not be finalized until the third quarter of 2024, a measurement period adjustment is expected to be recorded in the third quarter of 2024.

Income Taxes

The Company recognized a one-time tax benefit of \$211 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item impacted by the repeal of Internal Revenue Code Section 847, which related to the discounting of property-casualty loss reserves.

2. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Nature of Operations

The Company's results are reported in the following three business segments — Business Insurance, Bond & Specialty Insurance and Personal Insurance. These segments reflect the manner in which the Company's businesses are currently managed and represent an aggregation of products and services based on the type of customer, how the business is marketed and the manner in which risks are underwritten. For more information regarding the Company's nature of operations, see the "Nature of Operations" section of note 1 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

2. SEGMENT INFORMATION, Continued

The following tables summarize the components of the Company's revenues, income (loss) and total assets by reportable business segments:

(For the three months ended September 30, in millions)	Business Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance	Personal Insurance	Total Reportable Segments	
				Business Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance
(For the three months ended March 31, in millions)					
2024					
Premiums					
Net investment income					
Fee income					
Other revenues					
Total segment revenues					
(1)					
Segment income (1)					
2023					
2023					
Premiums	Premiums	\$ 4,956	\$ 935	\$ 3,827	\$ 9,718
Net investment income	Net investment income	551	86	132	769
Fee income	Fee income	102	—	10	112
Other revenues	Other revenues	71	6	24	101
Total segment revenues	Total segment revenues				
(1)	(1)	\$ 5,680	\$ 1,027	\$ 3,993	\$ 10,700
Segment income (loss) (1)		\$ 468	\$ 265	\$ (193)	\$ 540
2022					
Premiums		\$ 4,353	\$ 877	\$ 3,385	\$ 8,615

Net investment income	426	65	102	593
Fee income	96	—	8	104
Other revenues	56	6	22	84
Total segment revenues ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 4,931</u>	<u>\$ 948</u>	<u>\$ 3,517</u>	<u>\$ 9,396</u>
Segment income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 471</u>	<u>\$ 242</u>	<u>\$ (111)</u>	<u>\$ 602</u>
Segment income ⁽¹⁾				

(1) Segment revenues for reportable business segments exclude net realized investment gains (losses) and revenues included in "interest expense and other." Segment income (loss) for reportable business segments excludes the after-tax impact of net realized investment gains (losses) and income (loss) from "interest expense and other."

(For the nine months ended September 30, in millions)	Business Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance	Personal Insurance	Total Reportable Segments
2023				
Premiums	\$ 14,077	\$ 2,721	\$ 10,990	\$ 27,788
Net investment income	1,533	237	374	2,144
Fee income	299	—	25	324
Other revenues	185	18	72	275
Total segment revenues ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 16,094</u>	<u>\$ 2,976</u>	<u>\$ 11,461</u>	<u>\$ 30,531</u>
Segment income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 1,626</u>	<u>\$ 702</u>	<u>\$ (648)</u>	<u>\$ 1,680</u>
2022				
Premiums	\$ 12,642	\$ 2,548	\$ 9,756	\$ 24,946
Net investment income	1,415	188	334	1,937
Fee income	285	—	22	307
Other revenues	194	14	61	269
Total segment revenues ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 14,536</u>	<u>\$ 2,750</u>	<u>\$ 10,173</u>	<u>\$ 27,459</u>
Segment income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 1,806</u>	<u>\$ 687</u>	<u>\$ (79)</u>	<u>\$ 2,414</u>

(1) Segment revenues for reportable business segments exclude net realized investment gains (losses) and revenues included in "interest expense and other." Segment income (loss) for reportable business segments excludes the after-tax impact of net realized investment gains (losses) and income (loss) from "interest expense and other."

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

2. SEGMENT INFORMATION, Continued

Business Segment Reconciliations

(in millions)	(in millions)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
		September 30,	2023	September 30,	2023
(in millions)	(in millions)				
(in millions)	(in millions)				
Revenue reconciliation	Revenue reconciliation				
Revenue reconciliation	Revenue reconciliation				
Earned premiums	Earned premiums				
Earned premiums	Earned premiums				
Earned premiums	Earned premiums				

Business Insurance:						
Business Insurance:						
Business Insurance:	Business Insurance:					
Domestic:	Domestic:					
Domestic:						
Domestic:	Domestic:					
Workers' compensation	Workers' compensation					
Workers' compensation	Workers' compensation					
Workers' compensation	Workers' compensation	\$	876	\$	872	\$
Commercial automobile	Commercial automobile		816		754	
Commercial automobile	Commercial automobile					2,375
Commercial automobile	Commercial automobile					2,202
Commercial property	Commercial property		828		668	
Commercial property	Commercial property					2,297
General liability	General liability		804		728	
General liability	General liability					2,312
General liability	General liability					1,914
General liability	General liability					2,116
Commercial multi-peril	Commercial multi-peril		1,211		1,057	
Commercial multi-peril	Commercial multi-peril					3,456
Other	Other		21		19	
Other	Other					55
Other	Other					52
Total Domestic	Total Domestic		4,556		4,098	
Total Domestic	Total Domestic					13,079
Total Domestic	Total Domestic					11,884
International	International		400		255	
International	International					998
International	International					758
International:						
International:						
Total Business Insurance:						
Total Business Insurance:						
Total Business Insurance	Total Business Insurance		4,956		4,353	
Total Business Insurance	Total Business Insurance					14,077
Total Business Insurance	Total Business Insurance					12,642
Bond & Specialty Insurance:						
Bond & Specialty Insurance:						
Bond & Specialty Insurance:						
Domestic:	Domestic:					
Domestic:	Domestic:					
Domestic:	Domestic:					
Fidelity and surety	Fidelity and surety		333		307	
Fidelity and surety	Fidelity and surety					964
Fidelity and surety	Fidelity and surety					876
General liability	General liability		414		396	
General liability	General liability					1,218
General liability	General liability					1,154
Other	Other		57		57	
Other	Other					168
Other	Other					166

Total Domestic					
Total Domestic					
Total Domestic	Total Domestic	804	760	2,350	2,196
International	International	131	117	371	352
International					
International					
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance					
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance					
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance	Total Bond & Specialty Insurance	935	877	2,721	2,548
Personal Insurance:	Personal Insurance:				
Personal Insurance:					
Personal Insurance:					
Domestic:					
Domestic:					
Domestic:	Domestic:				
Automobile	Automobile	1,772	1,575	5,084	4,544
Automobile					
Automobile					
Homeowners and Other					
Homeowners and Other					
Homeowners and Other	Homeowners and Other	1,896	1,648	5,434	4,714
Total Domestic	Total Domestic	3,668	3,223	10,518	9,258
Total Domestic					
Total Domestic					
International					
International	International	159	162	472	498
Total Personal Insurance	Total Personal Insurance	3,827	3,385	10,990	9,756
Total Personal Insurance					
Total Personal Insurance					
Total earned premiums					
Total earned premiums					
Total earned premiums	Total earned premiums	9,718	8,615	27,788	24,946
Net investment income	Net investment income	769	593	2,144	1,937
Net investment income					
Net investment income					
Fee income					
Fee income	Fee income	112	104	324	307
Other revenues	Other revenues	101	84	275	269
Other revenues					
Other revenues					
Total segment revenues					
Total segment revenues					
Total segment revenues	Total segment revenues	10,700	9,396	30,531	27,459
Net realized investment losses		(65)	(93)	(94)	(211)
Net realized investment gains					

Net realized investment gains							
Net realized investment gains							
Total revenues							
Total revenues							
Total revenues	Total revenues	\$ 10,635		\$ 9,303		\$ 30,437	\$ 27,248
Income reconciliation, net of tax	Income reconciliation, net of tax						
Income reconciliation, net of tax							
Total segment income							
Total segment income							
Total segment income	Total segment income	\$ 540		\$ 602		\$ 1,680	\$ 2,414
Interest Expense and Other (1)	Interest Expense and Other (1)		(86)		(76)		(241)
Interest Expense and Other (1)							
Interest Expense and Other (1)							
Core income	Core income		454		526		1,439
Net realized investment losses			(50)		(72)		(74)
Core income							
Core income							
Net realized investment gains							
Net realized investment gains							
Net realized investment gains							
Net income	Net income	\$ 404		\$ 454		\$ 1,365	\$ 2,023
Net income							
Net income							

(1) The primary component of Interest Expense and Other was after-tax interest expense of \$78 million \$77 million and \$70 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, respectively, and \$220 million and \$208 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

2. SEGMENT INFORMATION, Continued

		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023
(in millions)	(in millions)			(in millions)			
Asset reconciliation	Asset reconciliation			Asset reconciliation			
Business Insurance	Business Insurance	\$ 89,980	\$ 86,522				
Bond & Specialty Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance	11,088	10,119				
Personal Insurance	Personal Insurance	19,454	18,275				
Total assets by reportable segment	Total assets by reportable segment	120,522	114,916				
Other assets (1)	Other assets (1)	862	801				
Total consolidated assets	Total consolidated assets	\$121,384	\$115,717				

(1) The primary components of other assets at both **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** were the over-funded benefit plan assets related to the Company's qualified domestic pension plan and other intangible assets.

3. INVESTMENTS

Fixed Maturities

The amortized cost and fair value of investments in fixed maturities classified as available for sale were as follows:

(at September 30, 2023, in millions)	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses			Fair Value
		Losses	Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	
(at March 31, 2024, in millions)	Amortized Cost				Gross Unrealized
					Amortized Cost
					Allowance for Expected Credit Losses
					Fair Value
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities					
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities					
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ 6,575	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 363	\$ 6,212
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions:	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions:				
Local general obligation	Local general obligation				
Local general obligation	Local general obligation	18,358	—	1	2,675 15,684
Revenue	Revenue	9,750	—	2	1,275 8,477
State general obligation	State general obligation	1,174	—	—	137 1,037
Pre-refunded	Pre-refunded	1,048	—	1	9 1,040
Total obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Total obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	30,330	—	4	4,096 26,238
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	1,037	—	1	56 982
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	6,927	—	7	411 6,523

Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	35,923	4	16	3,306	32,629
Total	Total	\$ 80,792	\$ 4	\$ 28	\$ 8,232	\$ 72,584

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

3. INVESTMENTS, Continued

		Allowance for Expected Credit Losses				Gross Unrealized		Gross Unrealized	
		Amortized Cost	Losses	Gains	Losses	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Fair Value
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)									
(at December 31, 2023, in millions)									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities		\$ 5,798	\$ —	\$ 3	\$ 363	\$ 5,438			
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions:	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions:								
Local general obligation	Local general obligation								
Local general obligation	Local general obligation								
Local general obligation	Local general obligation	19,615	—	33	1,825	17,823			
Revenue	Revenue	11,076	—	29	907	10,198			
State general obligation	State general obligation	1,104	—	3	88	1,019			
Pre-refunded	Pre-refunded	2,323	—	17	1	2,339			
Total obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Total obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	34,118	—	82	2,821	31,379			
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	1,049	—	—	55	994			
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	2,178	—	13	200	1,991			

Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	34,237	3	37	2,913	31,358
Total	Total	\$77,380	\$ 3	\$135	\$6,352	\$71,160

Pre-refunded bonds of \$1.04 billion \$950 million and \$2.34 billion \$966 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively, were bonds for which U.S. states or municipalities have established irrevocable trusts that are almost exclusively comprised of U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities. These trusts were created to fund the payment of principal and interest due under the bonds.

Proceeds from the sales of fixed maturities classified as available for sale were \$4.62 billion \$942 million and \$3.95 billion \$2.36 billion during the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively. Gross gains of \$26 million \$2 million and \$17 million and gross losses of \$93 million \$39 million and \$52 million \$27 million were realized on those sales during the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

Equity Securities

The cost and fair value of investments in equity securities were as follows:

(at September 30, 2023, in millions)		Gross Cost	Gross Gains	Fair Value	
(at March 31, 2024, in millions)		Cost	Gross Gains	Gross Losses	Fair Value
(at March 31, 2024, in millions)					
Common stock	Common stock	\$502	\$ 65	\$ 40	\$527
Non-redeemable preferred stock	Non-redeemable preferred stock	44	2	—	46
Total	Total	\$546	\$ 67	\$ 40	\$573
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)		Gross Cost	Gross Gains	Fair Value	
(at December 31, 2023, in millions)					
Common stock	Common stock	\$706	\$ 89	\$ 32	\$763
Non-redeemable preferred stock	Non-redeemable preferred stock	41	3	—	44
Total	Total	\$747	\$ 92	\$ 32	\$807

For the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the Company recognized \$11 million \$79 million and \$110 million \$17 million of net losses gains on equity securities still held as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

3. INVESTMENTS, Continued

Unrealized Investment Losses

The following tables summarize, for all fixed maturities classified as available for sale in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the aggregate fair value and gross unrealized loss by the length of time those securities have been continuously in an unrealized loss position. The fair value amounts reported in the tables are estimates that are prepared using the process described in note 4 herein and in note 4 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report. The Company also relies upon estimates of several factors in its review and evaluation of individual investments, using the process described in note 1 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report to determine whether a credit loss impairment exists.

	Less than 12 months	12 months or longer	Total

		Gross		Gross		Gross							
		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses						
(at September 30, 2023, in millions)		Less than 12 months				Less than 12 months				12 months or longer			
(at March 31, 2024, in millions)						(at March 31, 2024, in millions)				Gross			
		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities												
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ 2,979	\$ 32	\$ 3,083	\$ 331	\$ 6,062	\$ 363						
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	12,050	703	13,625	3,393	25,675	4,096						
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	201	6	769	50	970	56						
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	5,032	162	1,373	249	6,405	411						
Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	5,680	167	26,034	3,139	31,714	3,306						
Total	Total	\$25,942	\$ 1,070	\$44,884	\$ 7,162	\$70,826	\$ 8,232						
		Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total							
		Gross		Gross		Gross							
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses						
		Less than 12 months				Less than 12 months				12 months or longer			
		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
(at December 31, 2023, in millions)						(at December 31, 2023, in millions)				Gross			
		Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities												

U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ 2,835	\$ 100	\$ 1,679	\$ 263	\$ 4,514	\$ 363
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	19,251	1,975	3,134	846	22,385	2,821
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	604	22	367	33	971	55
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	1,414	128	316	72	1,730	200
Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	24,080	1,635	6,096	1,278	30,176	2,913
Total	Total	\$48,184	\$ 3,860	\$11,592	\$ 2,492	\$59,776	\$ 6,352

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

3. INVESTMENTS, Continued

The following tables summarize, for all fixed maturities reported at fair value for which fair value was less than 80% of amortized cost at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the gross unrealized investment loss by length of time those securities have continuously been in an unrealized loss position of greater than 20% of amortized cost:

(at September 30, 2023, in millions)	Period For Which Fair Value is Less Than 80% of Amortized Cost				(at March 31, 2024, in millions)	Period For Which Fair Value is Less Than 80% of Amortized Cost				
	Greater than 3 months, months,		Greater than 6 months, months,			3 months or less		Greater than 3 months, 6 months or less		
	3 months	6 months	12 months	Greater than 12 months		or less	or less	or less	Total	
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities										

U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities						
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ 17	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 17
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	948	167	140	1,024	2,279
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	—	1	—	—	1
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	46	54	—	—	100
Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	822	246	45	66	1,179
Total	Total	\$1,833	\$ 468	\$ 185	\$1,090	\$3,576

Period For Which Fair Value is Less Than 80%
of Amortized Cost

Period For Which Fair Value is Less Than 80% of Amortized Cost

	Greater than 3 months, 3 months	Greater than 6 months, 6 months		
	than 3 months, months,	than 6 months, months,		
	3 months	6 months	12 months	Greater than 12 months
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)	or less	or less	or less	months Total

(at December 31, 2023, in millions)		(at December 31, 2023, in millions)	3 months or less	Greater than 3 months, 6 months or less	Greater than 6 months, 12 months or less	Greater than 12 months	Total
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities						

U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities

U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	81	776	643	—	1,500
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	1	—	—	—	1
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	4	48	—	—	52
Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	89	526	8	—	623
Total	Total	\$ 175	\$ 1,350	\$ 651	\$ —	\$ 2,176

Increases in interest rates resulted in the gross unrealized investment losses disclosed in the tables above; however, the net unrealized loss is considered temporary in nature as the decrease in value is not due to credit impairments and there is no impact on expected contractual cash flows from fixed maturities.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

3. INVESTMENTS, Continued

Impairment Charges

The following table presents changes in the allowance for expected credit losses on fixed maturities classified as available for sale for the category of Corporate and All Other Bonds (no other categories of fixed maturities currently have an allowance for expected credit losses):

	Fixed Maturities	Corporate and All Other Bonds	
	At and For the Three Months Ended		
	Fixed Maturities		
	Fixed Maturities		
	Fixed Maturities		
	Corporate and All Other Bonds		Corporate and All Other Bonds
	At and For the Three Months Ended		
(in millions)			
(in millions)			

(in millions)	(in millions)	September 30, 2023		September 30, 2022	March 31, 2024
		March	31,	March 31, 2023	
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period			\$ 4	\$ 4
Balance, beginning of period	Balance, beginning of period				
Additions for expected credit losses on securities where no credit losses were previously recognized	Additions for expected credit losses on securities where no credit losses were previously recognized				
Additions for expected credit losses on securities where no credit losses were previously recognized	Additions for expected credit losses on securities where no credit losses were previously recognized				
Additions for expected credit losses on securities where credit losses were previously recognized	Additions for expected credit losses on securities where credit losses were previously recognized				
Additions for expected credit losses on securities where credit losses were previously recognized	Additions for expected credit losses on securities where credit losses were previously recognized				
Additions for expected credit losses on securities where credit losses were previously recognized	Additions for expected credit losses on securities where credit losses were previously recognized				
Reductions due to sales/defaults of credit-impaired securities	Reductions due to sales/defaults of credit-impaired securities				
Reductions due to sales/defaults of credit-impaired securities	Reductions due to sales/defaults of credit-impaired securities				
Reductions due to sales/defaults of credit-impaired securities	Reductions due to sales/defaults of credit-impaired securities			(1)	

Reductions for impairments of securities which the Company intends to sell or more likely than not will be required to sell	Reductions for impairments of securities which the Company intends to sell or more likely than not will be required to sell	—	—
Reductions for impairments of securities which the Company intends to sell or more likely than not will be required to sell	Reductions for impairments of securities which the Company intends to sell or more likely than not will be required to sell	—	—
Reductions for impairments of securities which the Company intends to sell or more likely than not will be required to sell	Reductions for impairments of securities which the Company intends to sell or more likely than not will be required to sell	—	—
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	\$ 4	\$ 3
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period		

Total net impairment charges, including credit impairments, reported in net realized investment losses gains in the consolidated statement of income, were \$1 million \$3 million and \$14 million \$1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, respectively, and \$2 million and \$35 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, 2023, respectively. Credit losses related to the fixed maturity portfolio for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 represented less than 1% of the fixed maturity portfolio on a pre-tax basis and less than 1% of shareholders' equity on an after-tax basis.

Other Investments

Included in other investments are private equity, hedge fund and real estate partnerships that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and typically report their financial statement information to the Company one month to three months following the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, net investment income from these other investments is generally reflected in the Company's financial statements on a quarter lag basis.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's estimates of fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities are based on the framework established in the fair value accounting guidance. The framework is based on the inputs used in valuation, gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the fair value accounting guidance hierarchy is based on whether the significant inputs into the valuation are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest priority is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs that reflect the Company's significant market assumptions. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is reported is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the measurement in its entirety. The three levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.

- Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; or valuations based on models where the significant inputs are observable (e.g., interest rates, yield curves, prepayment speeds, default rates, loss severities, etc.) or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 - Valuations based on models where significant inputs are not observable. The unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about the inputs that market participants would use.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, Continued

Valuation of Investments Reported at Fair Value in Financial Statements

The Company utilized a pricing service to estimate fair value measurements for approximately 99% of its fixed maturities at both **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**.

While the vast majority of the Company's fixed maturities are included in Level 2, the Company holds a number of corporate bonds which are not valued by the pricing service and estimates the fair value of these bonds using either another internal pricing matrix, a present value income approach, or a broker quote (collectively, the other methodologies). The other methodologies include some unobservable inputs that are significant to the valuation. Due to the limited amount of observable market information available in the estimation of fair value, the Company includes the fair value estimates for bonds that are valued using the other methodologies in Level 3.

For certain investments in non-public common and preferred equity securities, the fair value estimate is determined either internally or by an external fund manager based on the impact of recent observable transactions on the investment, recent filings, operating results, balance sheet stability, growth and other business and market sector fundamentals. Due to the significant unobservable inputs in these valuations, the Company included the fair value estimate of **\$36 million** and **\$37 million** for these investments at **September 30, 2023** **both March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022, respectively**, **December 31, 2023** in the amounts disclosed in Level 3.

For more information regarding the valuation of the Company's fixed maturities, equity securities and other investments, see note 4 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's **2022** **2023** Annual Report.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The following tables present the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on a recurring basis.

(at March 31, 2024, in millions)	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Invested assets:				
Fixed maturities				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ 6,240	\$ 6,240	\$ —	\$ —
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	27,512	—	27,512	—
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	939	—	939	—
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	8,920	—	8,899	21
Corporate and all other bonds	34,380	—	34,125	255
Total fixed maturities	77,991	6,240	71,475	276
Equity securities				
Common stock	641	634	—	7
Non-redeemable preferred stock	48	15	3	30
Total equity securities	689	649	3	37
Other investments				
Total	\$ 78,698	\$ 6,907	\$ 71,478	\$ 313

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, Continued

(at September 30, 2023, in millions)	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
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(at December 31, 2023, in millions)		(at December 31, 2023, in millions)				Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Invested assets:	Invested assets:	Invested assets:							
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities							
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities	\$ 6,212	\$ 6,212	\$ —	\$ —				
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions	26,238	—	26,238	—				
Debt securities issued by foreign governments	Debt securities issued by foreign governments	982	—	982	—				
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities	6,523	—	6,523	—				
Corporate and all other bonds	Corporate and all other bonds	32,629	—	32,377	252				
Total fixed maturities	Total fixed maturities	72,584	6,212	66,120	252				
Equity securities	Equity securities	Equity securities							
Common stock	Common stock	527	520	—	7				
Non-redeemable preferred stock	Non-redeemable preferred stock	46	14	3	29				
Total equity securities	Total equity securities	573	534	3	36				
Other investments	Other investments	16	16	—	—				
Total	Total	\$73,173	\$6,762	\$66,123	\$288				
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)		Total				Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Invested assets:									
Fixed maturities									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities		\$	5,438	\$	5,438	\$	—	\$	—
Obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions			31,379		—		31,379		—
Debt securities issued by foreign governments			994		—		994		—
Mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations and pass-through securities			1,991		—		1,991		—
Corporate and all other bonds			31,358		—		31,055		303

Total fixed maturities	71,160	5,438	65,419	303
Equity securities				
Common stock	763	418	—	345
Non-redeemable preferred stock	44	15	3	26
Total equity securities	807	433	3	371
Other investments				
Total	16	15	—	1
	\$ 71,983	\$ 5,886	\$ 65,422	\$ 675
Other liabilities				
	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2

Transfers out of Level 3 during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 included \$182 million of common stock that the Company exchanged during the first quarter of 2023 for shares in an investment that is reported using the equity method of accounting and \$151 million of common stock in a company that had been privately held but became publicly traded during the second quarter of 2023, valued using an unadjusted quoted market price and disclosed in Level 1. There was no other significant activity in Level 3 of the hierarchy during the **nine** **three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, Continued

Financial Instruments Disclosed, But Not Carried, At Fair Value

The following tables present the carrying value and fair value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities disclosed, but not carried, at fair value, and the level within the fair value hierarchy at which such assets and liabilities are categorized.

(at September 30, 2023, in millions)		Carrying Value	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
(at March 31, 2024, in millions)						
		(at March 31, 2024, in millions)			Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets		Financial assets			Level 1	Level 2
Short-term securities	Short-term securities	\$4,488	\$4,488	\$971	\$3,466	\$51
Financial liabilities		Financial liabilities			Level 1	Level 2
Debt	Debt	\$7,931	\$6,900	\$ —	\$6,900	\$ —
Commercial paper	Commercial paper	100	100	—	100	—
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)		Carrying Value	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
(at December 31, 2023, in millions)		(at December 31, 2023, in millions)			Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial assets		Financial assets			Level 1	Level 2
Short-term securities	Short-term securities	\$3,470	\$3,470	\$871	\$2,546	\$53
Financial liabilities		Financial liabilities			Level 1	Level 2
Debt	Debt	\$7,192	\$6,509	\$ —	\$6,509	\$ —
Commercial paper	Commercial paper	100	100	—	100	—

The Company had no material assets or liabilities that were measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis during the **nine** **three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** or the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

5. ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES

Premiums Receivable

The following table presents the balances of premiums receivable, net of the allowance for expected credit losses, at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, and the changes in the allowance for expected credit losses for the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**.

(in millions)	At and For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		At and For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	
	Premiums Receivable,	Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Premiums Receivable,	Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses
	Credit Losses	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Credit Losses	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 10,327	\$ 72	\$ 9,132	\$ 89
Current period change for expected credit losses		11		14
Write-offs of uncollectible premiums receivable		15		17
Balance, end of period	\$ 10,345	\$ 68	\$ 8,886	\$ 86

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

5. ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES, Continued

(in millions)	At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024	
	At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023		At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022		At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022	
	Premiums Receivable, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Premiums Receivable, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Premiums Receivable, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	Allowance for Expected Credit Losses
Balance, beginning of period						
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,922	\$ 77	\$ 8,085	\$ 107		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,922	\$ 77	\$ 8,085	\$ 107		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,922	\$ 77	\$ 8,085	\$ 107		
Current period change for expected credit losses		28		49		
Current period change for expected credit losses		28		49		
Write-offs of uncollectible premiums receivable						
Write-offs of uncollectible premiums receivable						

Write-offs of uncollectible premiums receivable	Write-offs of uncollectible premiums receivable		37		70
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	\$ 10,345	\$ 68	\$ 8,886	\$ 86
Balance, end of period					
Balance, end of period					
<i>Reinsurance Recoverables</i>					

The following table presents the balances of reinsurance recoverables, net of the allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance, at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, and the changes in the allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022.

(in millions)	At and For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		At and For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	
	Reinsurance		Reinsurance	
	Recoverables, Net of Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Recoverables, Net of Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance
	Reinsurance	Reinsurance	Reinsurance	Reinsurance
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,121	\$ 121	\$ 8,509	\$ 132
Current period change for estimated uncollectible reinsurance	—	—	—	1
Write-offs of uncollectible reinsurance recoverables	—	—	—	—
Balance, end of period	\$ 8,267	\$ 121	\$ 8,202	\$ 133
At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				
At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022				
(in millions)	Reinsurance		Reinsurance	
	Recoverables, Net of Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance		Recoverables, Net of Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	
	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance
	Reinsurance	Reinsurance	Reinsurance	Reinsurance
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,063	\$ 132	\$ 8,452	\$ 141
Current period change for estimated uncollectible reinsurance	—	(11)	—	(8)
Write-offs of uncollectible reinsurance recoverables	—	—	—	—
Balance, end of period	\$ 8,267	\$ 121	\$ 8,202	\$ 133

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

5. ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES, Continued

(in millions)	At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023	
	Reinsurance		Reinsurance	
	Recoverables, Net of Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Recoverables, Net of Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance	Estimated Uncollectible Reinsurance
	Reinsurance	Reinsurance	Reinsurance	Reinsurance
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 8,143	\$ 118	\$ 8,063	\$ 132
Current period change for estimated uncollectible reinsurance	—	(1)	—	(1)

Write-offs of uncollectible reinsurance recoverables	—	—
Balance, end of period	\$ 8,100	\$ 117

Of the total reinsurance recoverables at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, **\$5.86 billion** **\$5.70 billion**, or 87%, were rated by A.M. Best Company, after deducting mandatory pools and associations and before allowances for estimated uncollectible reinsurance. The Company utilizes updated A.M. Best credit ratings on a quarterly basis when determining the allowance. Of the total rated by A.M. Best Company, 94% were rated A- or better. The remaining 13% of reinsurance recoverables comprised the following: 6% related to captive insurance companies, 1% related to the Company's participation in voluntary pools and 6% were balances from other companies not rated by A.M. Best Company. Certain of the Company's reinsurance recoverables are collateralized by letters of credit, funds held or trust agreements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

5. ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES, Continued

Contractholder Receivables

The following table presents the balances of contractholder receivables, net of the allowance for expected credit losses, at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, and the changes in the allowance for expected credit losses for the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**.

(in millions)	At and For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		At and For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2022	
	Contractholder Receivables, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses		Contractholder Receivables, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses	
	Credit Losses	Credit Losses	Credit Losses	Credit Losses
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 3,449	\$ 20	\$ 3,735	\$ 18
Current period change for expected credit losses	—	—	—	—
Write-offs of uncollectible contractholder receivables	—	—	—	—
Balance, end of period	\$ 3,467	\$ 20	\$ 3,749	\$ 18
At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
At and For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				
(in millions)				
(in millions)				
(in millions)				
At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				
Contractholder Receivables, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses				
Losses				
At and For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2022				
Contractholder Receivables, Net of Allowance for Expected Credit Losses				
Losses				
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 3,579	\$ 17	\$ 3,890	\$ 21
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 3,579	\$ 17	\$ 3,890	\$ 21
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 3,579	\$ 17	\$ 3,890	\$ 21
Current period change for expected credit losses	3	(2)	3	(2)
Current period change for expected credit losses	3	(2)	3	(2)
Current period change for expected credit losses	3	(2)	3	(2)

Write-offs of uncollectible contractholder receivables						
Write-offs of uncollectible contractholder receivables						
Write-offs of uncollectible contractholder receivables	Write-offs of uncollectible contractholder receivables		—			1
Balance, end of period	Balance, end of period	\$ 3,467	\$ 20	\$ 3,749	\$ 18	
Balance, end of period						
Balance, end of period						

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

6. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

The following table presents the carrying amount of the Company's goodwill by segment. Each reportable segment includes goodwill associated with the Company's international business which is subject to the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	(in millions)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
(in millions)	(in millions)					
Business	Business					
Insurance	Insurance	\$ 2,568	\$ 2,565			
Bond & Specialty						
Insurance		550	550			
Bond & Specialty						
Insurance						
(1)						
Personal	Personal					
Insurance	Insurance	811	811			
Other	Other	26	26			
Total	Total	\$ 3,955	\$ 3,952			

(1) Goodwill at March 31, 2024 included \$285 million associated with the acquisition of Corvus in the first quarter of 2024, which is primarily attributable to Corvus's cyber underwriting and support capabilities and workforce, and it is not deductible for tax purposes.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

6. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, Continued

Other Intangible Assets

The following tables present a summary of the Company's other intangible assets by major asset class.

	Gross				Gross		
	Carrying	Accumulated	(at September 30, 2023, in millions)		Amount	Carrying	Accumulated
(at March 31, 2024, in millions)							

Subject to amortization	Subject to amortization			
Customer-related	\$ 96	\$ 55	\$ 41	
Contract-based ⁽¹⁾	204	193	11	
Customer-related ⁽¹⁾				
Customer-related ⁽¹⁾				
Customer-related ⁽¹⁾				
Contract-based ⁽²⁾				
Marketing-related ⁽³⁾				
Total subject to amortization	Total subject to amortization	300	248	52
Not subject to amortization	Not subject to amortization	226	—	226
Total	Total	\$ 526	\$ 248	\$278
		Gross		
		Carrying	Accumulated	
(at December 31, 2022, in millions)		Amount	Amortization	Net

Subject to amortization	Subject to amortization					
Customer-related	Customer-related	\$ 96	\$ 48	\$ 48		
Contract-based ⁽¹⁾	204	191	13			
Customer-related						
Customer-related						
Contract-based ⁽²⁾						
Total subject to amortization	Total subject to amortization	300	239	61		
Not subject to amortization	Not subject to amortization	226	—	226		
Total	Total	\$ 526	\$ 239	\$287		
		Gross				
		Carrying	Accumulated			
(at December 31, 2023, in millions)		Amount	Amortization	Net		
					Gross	
					Carrying	
					Amount	
					Amortization	
					Net	

(1) Customer-related intangibles of \$87 million were recorded in connection with the acquisition of Corvus in the first quarter of 2024. The customer-related intangible assets include Corvus's broker and policyholder relationships and were valued using the excess earnings method income approach, a valuation technique that provides an estimate of fair value based on the cash flows that the asset can be expected to generate over its remaining useful life. Broker relationships represent the relationships Corvus has with its existing brokers through which new business is placed with policyholders. Policyholder relationships represent the renewal of existing policies. Significant inputs to the fair valuation include estimates of revenue growth, broker retention rates, policyholder attrition rates and weighted average cost of capital.

(2) Contract-based intangible assets subject to amortization are comprised of fair value adjustments on claims and claim adjustment expense reserves, reinsurance recoverables and other contract-related intangible assets. Fair value adjustments recorded in connection with insurance acquisitions were based on management's estimate of nominal claims and claim adjustment expense reserves and reinsurance recoverables. The method used calculated a risk adjustment to a risk-free discounted reserve that would, if reserves ran off as expected, produce results that yielded the assumed cost-of-capital on the capital supporting the loss reserves. The fair value adjustments are reported as other intangible assets on the consolidated balance sheet, and the amounts measured in accordance with the acquirer's accounting policies for insurance contracts have been reported as part of the claims and claim adjustment expense reserves and reinsurance recoverables. The intangible assets are being recognized into income over the expected payment pattern. Because the time value of money and the risk adjustment (cost of capital) components of the intangible assets run off at different rates, the amount recognized in income may be a net benefit in some periods and a net expense in other periods.

(3) Marketing-related intangibles of \$18 million were recorded in connection with the acquisition of Corvus in the first quarter of 2024. The marketing-related intangible assets include trade names

and a non-compete agreement. The trade names were valued using a relief from royalty method, a valuation technique which estimates the fair value of an asset based on the present value of the royalties saved because the company owns the asset. Significant inputs to the fair valuation include estimates of future revenue, appropriate rates of return associated with certain assets and weighted average cost of capital. The fair value of the non-compete agreement is based on an estimate of the income that would be lost if the agreement were not in place and the individual chose to compete. Significant inputs to the fair valuation include estimates of projected cash flows and weighted average cost of capital.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

6. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, Continued

The following table presents a summary of the other intangible assets recorded in connection with the acquisition of Corvus by major asset class as of the acquisition date.

(in millions)	Amount	Weighted Average Amortization Period
Subject to amortization		
Customer-related	\$ 87	14 years
Marketing-related	18	7 years
Total	\$ 105	13 years

7. INSURANCE CLAIM RESERVES

Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves were as follows:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023
(in millions)	(in millions)	(in millions)				
Property-casualty	Property-casualty	\$ 61,703	\$ 58,643			
Accident and health	Accident and health	6	6			
Total	Total	\$ 61,709	\$ 58,649			

The following table presents a reconciliation of beginning and ending property casualty reserve balances for claims and claim adjustment expenses:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	(in millions)	2024	2023	
Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves at beginning of year	Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves at beginning of year	\$ 58,643	\$ 56,897			
Less reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses	Less reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses	7,790	8,209			
Net reserves at beginning of year	Net reserves at beginning of year	50,853	48,688			

Net reserves at beginning of year				
Net reserves at beginning of year				
Estimated claims and claim adjustment expenses for claims arising in the current year	Estimated claims and claim adjustment expenses for claims arising in the current year	20,205	17,257	
Estimated increase (decrease) in claims and claim adjustment expenses for claims arising in prior years		62	(383)	
Estimated decrease in claims and claim adjustment expenses for claims arising in prior years				
Total increases	Total increases	20,267	16,874	
Claims and claim adjustment expense payments for claims arising in:	Claims and claim adjustment expense payments for claims arising in:			Claims and claim adjustment expense payments for claims arising in:
Current year	Current year	7,305	6,302	
Prior years	Prior years	10,031	8,638	
Total payments	Total payments	17,336	14,940	
Unrealized foreign exchange gain		(1)	(391)	
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss				
Net reserves at end of period	Net reserves at end of period	53,783	50,231	
Plus reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses	Plus reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses	7,920	7,900	

Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves at end of period	Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves at end of period	\$61,703	\$58,131
--	--	-----------------	-----------------

Gross claims and claim adjustment expense reserves at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** increased by **\$3.06 billion** over December 31, 2022 **\$861 million** from December 31, 2023, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) catastrophe losses in the first **nine** **three** months of **2023, 2024**, (ii) higher volumes of insured exposures and (iii) loss cost trends for the current accident year, partially offset by (iv) claim payments made during the first **nine** **three** months of **2023, 2024** and (v) net favorable prior year reserve development.

Reinsurance recoverables on unpaid losses at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** increased by **\$130 million** over December 31, 2022 **\$2 million** from December 31, 2023.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

7. INSURANCE CLAIM RESERVES, Continued

Prior Year Reserve Development

The following disclosures regarding reserve development are on a "net of reinsurance" basis.

For the **nine** **three** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, estimated claims and claim adjustment expenses incurred included **\$62 million** **\$49 million** and **\$383 million** **\$90 million**, respectively, of net favorable (unfavorable) development for claims arising in prior years, including **\$11 million** **\$91 million** and **\$464 million**, **\$105 million**, respectively, of net favorable prior year reserve development, and **\$34 million** and **\$35 million**, respectively, **\$11 million** of accretion of discount in each period that impacted the Company's results of operations.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

7. INSURANCE CLAIM RESERVES, Continued

period.

Business Insurance. Net unfavorable There was no net prior year reserve development in the **third** **first** quarter of **2023** totaled **\$263 million**, **2024**, as better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' workers' compensation product line for multiple accident years was offset primarily driven by (i) an addition to asbestos reserves of **\$284 million** and higher than expected loss experience in the domestic operations', (ii) general liability product line (excluding asbestos), including additions to reserves attributable to childhood sexual molestation and environmental claims in the Company's run-off operations and (iii) commercial automobile product line for recent accident years, partially offset by (iv) better than expected loss experience in the workers' compensation product line for multiple accident years, as well as an addition to reserves related to run-off operations. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the **third** **first** quarter of **2022** **2023** totaled **\$61** **\$19 million**, primarily driven by an addition to asbestos reserves of **\$212 million**, partially offset by better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' workers' compensation product line for multiple accident years, and in the commercial product line for recent accident years.

Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2023 totaled **\$345 million**, primarily driven partially offset by (i) higher than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' general liability product line (excluding asbestos) for excess coverages for multiple accident years, including additions to reserves attributable to childhood sexual molestation and environmental claims in the Company's run-off operations, (ii) an addition to asbestos reserves of **\$284 million** and (iii) higher than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' commercial automobile product line for recent accident years, partially offset by (iv) better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' workers' compensation product line for multiple accident years. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2022 totaled **\$254 million**, primarily driven by better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' (i) workers' compensation product line for multiple accident years and (ii) commercial multi-peril and commercial property product lines for recent accident years, partially offset by (iii) an addition to asbestos reserves of **\$212 million** and (iv) an addition to reserves in the domestic operations' general liability product line (excluding asbestos and environmental) including for run-off operations. The first nine months of 2022 also included an increase to environmental reserves.

Bond & Specialty Insurance. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the **third** **first** quarter and first nine months of **2023** **2024** totaled **\$72 million** and **\$249 million** **\$24 million**, respectively, primarily driven by better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' fidelity and surety multiple product lines and in the general liability product line for management liability coverages for recent accident years. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the **third** **first** quarter of **2022** **2023** totaled **\$63 million** **\$58 million**, primarily driven by better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' fidelity and surety product lines and in the general liability product line for management liability coverages for recent accident years.

Personal Insurance. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first **nine** **months** quarter of **2022** **2024** totaled **\$171 million** **\$67 million**, primarily driven by better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' fidelity and surety automobile product lines line for recent accident years.

Personal Insurance. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the **third** **first** quarter and first nine months of 2023 totaled **\$37 million** and **\$107 million** **\$28 million**, respectively, primarily driven by better than expected loss experience in the domestic operations' homeowners and other product line for recent accident years. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the third quarter and first nine months of 2022 totaled **\$18 million** and **\$39 million**, respectively.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

8. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) AND ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table presents the changes in the Company's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (AOCI) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

		Changes in Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investment						Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	
		Securities			Having Credit				
(in millions)		Having No Credit Losses		Losses Recognized		Net Benefit Plan Assets			
		Recognized in the	Consolidated Statement of	in the Consolidated	Statement of	and Obligations	Recognized in	Net Unrealized Foreign	Comprehensive Income
		Income	Income	Income	Income	Shareholders' Equity	Shareholders' Equity	Currency Translation	(Loss)
Balance, June 30, 2023		\$ (4,755)	\$ 179	\$ (548)	\$ (885)	\$ (6,009)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) (OCI) before reclassifications, net of tax		(1,918)	—	1	(111)	(2,028)			
Amounts reclassified from AOCI, net of tax		28	—	(3)	—	25			
Net OCI, current period		(1,890)	—	(2)	(111)	(2,003)			
Balance, September 30, 2023		\$ (6,645)	\$ 179	\$ (550)	\$ (996)	\$ (8,012)			
		Changes in Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investment							
		Securities							
		Having Credit			Net Benefit				
		Losses	Plan	Recognized	Assets and	Obligations	Total Accumulated		
		Having No Credit	in the	Recognized in	Net Unrealized	Other	Other		
		Losses Recognized in	Consolidated	Statement of	Shareholders' Equity	Foreign Currency	Comprehensive		
		the Consolidated	Statement of	Shareholders' Equity	Translation	Translation	(in millions)		
(in millions)		(in millions)		Statement of Income		Income		Statement of Income	
Balance, December 31, 2022		\$ (5,077)	\$ 179	\$ (542)	\$ (1,005)	\$ (6,445)			
Balance, December 31, 2023									
Other comprehensive income (loss) (OCI) before reclassifications, net of tax	Other comprehensive income (loss) (OCI) before reclassifications, net of tax	(1,622)	—	—	9	(1,613)			
Amounts reclassified from AOCI, net of tax	Amounts reclassified from AOCI, net of tax	54	—	(8)	—	46			
Net OCI, current period	Net OCI, current period	(1,568)	—	(8)	9	(1,567)			
Balance, September 30, 2023	Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ (6,645)	\$ 179	\$ (550)	\$ (996)	\$ (8,012)			
Balance, March 31, 2024									

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

8. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) AND ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), Continued

The following table presents the pre-tax components of the Company's other comprehensive loss income (loss) and the related income tax expense (benefit).

(in millions)	(in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
Changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:						
(in millions)						
Changes in net unrealized losses on investment securities:						
(in millions)						
Changes in net unrealized losses on investment securities:						
Changes in net unrealized losses on investment securities:						
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	\$ (2,391)	\$ (3,204)	\$ (1,986)	\$ (11,078)	
Income tax benefit		(501)	(678)	(418)	(2,348)	
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income						
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income						
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)					
Net of taxes	Net of taxes					
Net of taxes		(1,890)	(2,526)	(1,568)	(8,730)	
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income	Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income					
Income tax expense	Income tax expense					
Income tax expense	Income tax expense					
Net of taxes	Net of taxes					
Net of taxes		—	—	—	(3)	
Income tax benefit		—	(1)	—	(1)	
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income						
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income						
Income tax expense	Income tax expense					
Income tax expense	Income tax expense					
Net of taxes	Net of taxes					
Net of taxes		—	1	—	(2)	
Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations	Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations	(3)	12	(10)	34	
Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations						

Net changes in benefit plan assets and obligations					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)	(1)	3	(2)	7
Net of taxes	Net of taxes	(2)	9	(8)	27
Net of taxes					
Net of taxes					
Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation					
Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation					
Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation	Net changes in unrealized foreign currency translation	(118)	(251)	13	(423)
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)	(7)	(14)	4	(27)
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Net of taxes	Net of taxes	(111)	(237)	9	(396)
Total other comprehensive loss		(2,512)	(3,443)	(1,983)	(11,470)
Total income tax benefit		(509)	(690)	(416)	(2,369)
Total other comprehensive loss, net of taxes	\$ (2,003)	\$ (2,753)	\$ (1,567)	\$ (9,101)	
Net of taxes					
Net of taxes					
Total other comprehensive income (loss)					
Total other comprehensive income (loss)					
Total other comprehensive income (loss)					
Total income tax expense (benefit)					
Total income tax expense (benefit)					
Total income tax expense (benefit)					
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes					
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes					
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes					

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

8. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) AND ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), Continued

The following table presents the pre-tax and related income tax (expense) benefit components of the amounts reclassified from the Company's AOCI to the Company's consolidated statement of income.

Three Months Ended September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,
Three Months Ended March 31,	
Three Months Ended March 31,	

		Three Months Ended March 31,			
(in millions)	(in millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Reclassification adjustments related to unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:	Reclassification adjustments related to unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:				
Reclassification adjustments related to unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:					
Reclassification adjustments related to unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities:					
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾	Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 35	\$ 42	\$ 68	\$ 61
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾					
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾					
Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾	Having no credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 7	\$ 9	\$ 14	\$ 13
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾				
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾					
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾					
Net of taxes	Net of taxes	28	33	54	48
Net of taxes					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾	Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾	—	—	—	—
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾					
Having credit losses recognized in the consolidated statement of income ⁽¹⁾					
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾					
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾					
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—
Net of taxes	Net of taxes	—	—	—	—
Net of taxes					
Net of taxes					
Reclassification adjustment related to benefit plan assets and obligations:					
Reclassification adjustment related to benefit plan assets and obligations:					
Reclassification adjustment related to benefit plan assets and obligations:	Reclassification adjustment related to benefit plan assets and obligations:				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾	Claims and claim adjustment expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾	(2)	5	(4)	13
Claims and claim adjustment expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾					
Claims and claim adjustment expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾					
General and administrative expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾					
General and administrative expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾					

General and administrative expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾	General and administrative expenses (benefit) ⁽³⁾	(2)	5	(6)	18
Total	Total	(4)	10	(10)	31
Total					
Income tax (expense) benefit ⁽²⁾					
Income tax (expense) benefit ⁽²⁾	Income tax (expense) benefit				
(2)	(2)	(1)	1	(2)	6
Net of taxes	Net of taxes	(3)	9	(8)	25
Net of taxes					
Net of taxes					
Reclassification adjustment related to foreign currency translation ⁽¹⁾					
Reclassification adjustment related to foreign currency translation ⁽¹⁾	Reclassification adjustment related to foreign currency translation ⁽¹⁾				
—	—	—	—	—	—
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾					
Income tax benefit ⁽²⁾					
Net of taxes					
Net of taxes					
Net of taxes	Net of taxes	—	—	—	—
Total reclassifications	Total reclassifications	31	52	58	92
Total reclassifications					
Total reclassifications					
Total income tax benefit					
Total income tax benefit	Total income tax benefit	6	10	12	19
Total reclassifications, net of taxes	Total reclassifications, net of taxes	\$ 25	\$ 42	\$ 46	\$ 73
Total reclassifications, net of taxes					
Total reclassifications, net of taxes					

(1) (Increases) decreases net realized investment **losses** **gains** on the consolidated statement of income.

(2) (Increases) decreases income tax expense (benefit) on the consolidated statement of income.

(3) Increases (decreases) expenses on the consolidated statement of income.

9. DEBT

Debt Issuance. On May 25, 2023, the Company issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 5.45% senior notes that will mature on May 25, 2053. The net proceeds of the issuance, after the deduction of the underwriting discount and expenses payable by the Company, totaled approximately \$738 million. Interest on the senior notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 25 and November 25. Prior to November 25, 2052, the senior notes may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the Company's option, at any time or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (a) 100% of the principal amount of any senior notes to be redeemed or (b) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest but excluding November 25, 2052 on any senior notes to be redeemed (exclusive of interest accrued to the date of redemption) discounted to the date of redemption on a semi-annual basis (assuming a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) at the then current Treasury Rate (as defined in the senior notes), plus 25 basis points. On or after November 25, 2052, the senior notes may be redeemed, in whole or in part, at the Company's option, at any time or from time to time, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of any senior notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

10. COMMON SHARE REPURCHASES

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company repurchased 0.6 million and 5.0 million 1.2 million common shares respectively, under its share repurchase authorizations for a total cost of \$100 million and \$900 million, respectively. \$250 million. The average cost per share repurchased was \$164.46 and \$179.59, respectively, \$217.31. In addition, the Company acquired 5,480 shares and 0.3 million 0.6 million common shares for a total cost of approximately \$926,000 and \$63 million \$138 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, March 31, 2024 that were not part of its publicly announced share repurchase authorizations. These shares consisted of shares retained to cover payroll withholding taxes in connection with the vesting of restricted stock unit awards and performance share awards, and shares used by employees to cover the exercise price, of as well as the related payroll withholding taxes, with respect to certain stock options that were exercised.

On April 19, 2023, the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase authorization that added \$5.0 billion of repurchase capacity. At September 30, 2023, the Company had \$6.10 billion of capacity remaining under its share repurchase authorizations. Included in the cost of treasury stock acquired pursuant to common share repurchases is the 1% excise tax imposed on common share repurchase activity, net of common share issuances, as part of the Inflation Reduction Act. Act of 2022. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, there was no net excise tax included in the cost of treasury stock acquired, as common share issuances exceeded common share repurchase activity. At March 31, 2024, the Company had \$5.79 billion of capacity remaining under its share repurchase authorizations.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

11. 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following is a reconciliation of the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for the periods presented:

		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(in millions, except per share amounts)	(in millions, except per share amounts)	2023	2022	2023	2022
(in millions, except per share amounts)					
(in millions, except per share amounts)					
Basic and Diluted					
Basic and Diluted					
Basic and Diluted	Basic and Diluted				
Net income, as reported	Net income, as reported	\$ 404	\$ 454	\$ 1,365	\$ 2,023
Net income, as reported					
Net income, as reported					
Participating share-based awards — allocated income					
Participating share-based awards — allocated income					
Participating share-based awards — allocated income	Participating share-based awards — allocated income	(3)	(4)	(10)	(15)
Net income available to common shareholders — basic and diluted	Net income available to common shareholders — basic and diluted	\$ 401	\$ 450	\$ 1,355	\$ 2,008
Net income available to common shareholders — basic and diluted					
Net income available to common shareholders — basic and diluted					
Common Shares					
Common Shares					
Common Shares	Common Shares				
Basic	Basic				
Basic					
Basic					

Weighted average shares outstanding					
Weighted average shares outstanding					
Weighted average shares outstanding	Weighted average shares outstanding	<u>228.8</u>	<u>235.4</u>	<u>230.0</u>	<u>238.3</u>
Diluted	Diluted				
Diluted	Diluted				
Weighted average shares outstanding					
Weighted average shares outstanding					
Weighted average shares outstanding	Weighted average shares outstanding	<u>228.8</u>	<u>235.4</u>	<u>230.0</u>	<u>238.3</u>
Weighted average effects of dilutive securities — stock options and performance shares	Weighted average effects of dilutive securities — stock options and performance shares	<u>2.3</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2.5</u>	<u>2.6</u>
Weighted average effects of dilutive securities — stock options and performance shares					
Weighted average effects of dilutive securities — stock options and performance shares					
Total					
Total					
Total	Total	<u>231.1</u>	<u>237.9</u>	<u>232.5</u>	<u>240.9</u>
Net Income per Common Share	Net Income per Common Share				
Net Income per Common Share					
Net Income per Common Share					
Basic					
Basic	Basic	\$ <u>1.75</u>	\$ <u>1.91</u>	\$ <u>5.89</u>	\$ <u>8.43</u>
Diluted	Diluted	\$ <u>1.74</u>	\$ <u>1.89</u>	\$ <u>5.83</u>	\$ <u>8.34</u>
Diluted					
Diluted					

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

12.11. SHARE-BASED INCENTIVE COMPENSATION

The following information relates to fully vested stock option awards at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**:

Stock Options	Stock Options	Weighted				Number	Weighted	Average	Contractual	Life	Value	(\$ in millions)
		Weighted	Average	Aggregate								
		Average	Contractual	Intrinsic								
Exercise	Life	Value				Number	Price	Price	Remaining	Remaining	Value	(\$ in millions)
Options	Number	Price	Remaining	(\$ in millions)	Stock Options							
Vested at end of period ⁽¹⁾	Vested at end of period ⁽¹⁾	<u>7,420,703</u>	<u>\$137.92</u>	<u>5.7 years</u>	<u>\$ 209</u>							
Exercisable at end of period	Exercisable at end of period	<u>5,344,583</u>	<u>\$128.37</u>	<u>4.7 years</u>	<u>\$ 187</u>							

(1) Represents awards for which the requisite service has been rendered, including those that are retirement eligible.

The total compensation cost for all share-based incentive compensation awards recognized in earnings was \$46 million \$79 million and \$41 million \$69 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, respectively, and \$162 million and \$141 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, 2023, respectively. The related tax benefits recognized in the consolidated statement of income earnings were \$8 million \$12 million and \$7 million \$11 million for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, respectively, and \$27 million and \$24 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to all nonvested share-based incentive compensation awards at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 was \$237 million \$380 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.82.2 years.

13.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

12. PENSION PLANS, RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND SAVINGS PLANS

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit cost (benefit) for the Company's pension and postretirement benefit plans recognized in the consolidated statement of income for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023.

(for the three months ended September 30, in millions)	Pension Plans		Postretirement Benefit Plans	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Benefit):				
Service cost	\$ 27	\$ 36	\$ —	\$ —
Non-service cost (benefit):				
Interest cost on benefit obligation	44	25	2	—
Expected return on plan assets	(77)	(74)	—	—
Amortization of unrecognized:				
Prior service benefit	(1)	—	(1)	—
Net actuarial (gain) loss	—	12	(3)	(1)
Total non-service cost (benefit)	(34)	(37)	(2)	(1)
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$ (7)	\$ (1)	\$ (2)	\$ (1)

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

13. PENSION PLANS, RETIREMENT BENEFITS AND SAVINGS PLANS, Continued

(for the three months ended March 31, in millions)	Pension Plans		Postretirement Benefit Plans	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Benefit):				
Service cost	\$ 29	\$ 27	\$ —	\$ —
Non-service cost (benefit):				
Interest cost on benefit obligation	43	44	1	1
Expected return on plan assets	(75)	(78)	—	—
Amortization of unrecognized:				
Prior service benefit	—	—	(1)	(1)
Net actuarial (gain) loss	2	—	(2)	(2)
Total non-service cost (benefit)	(30)	(34)	(2)	(2)
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$ (1)	\$ (7)	\$ (2)	\$ (2)

The following table indicates the line items in which the respective service cost and non-service cost (benefit) are presented in the consolidated statement of income for the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023.

(for the three months ended September 30, in millions)	Pension Plans		Postretirement Benefit Plans	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Service Cost:				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 11	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ —
General and administrative expenses	16	22	—	—

Total service cost	27	36	—	—
Non-Service Cost (Benefit):				
Claims and claim adjustment expenses	(14)	(15)	(1)	—
General and administrative expenses	(20)	(22)	(1)	(1)
Total non-service cost (benefit)	(34)	(37)	(2)	(1)
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$ (7)	\$ (1)	\$ (2)	\$ (1)

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit cost (benefit) for the Company's pension and postretirement benefit plans recognized in the consolidated statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

(for the nine months ended September 30, in millions)	Pension Plans		Postretirement Benefit Plans	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Benefit):				
Service cost	\$ 81	\$ 109	—	—
Non-service cost (benefit):				
Interest cost on benefit obligation	132	76	4	2
Expected return on plan assets	(233)	(222)	—	—
Amortization of unrecognized:				
Prior service benefit	(1)	—	(3)	(2)
Net actuarial (gain) loss	—	37	(7)	(3)
Total non-service cost (benefit)	(102)	(109)	(6)	(3)
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$ (21)	\$ (6)	\$ (3)	\$ (3)

The following table indicates the line items in which the respective service cost and non-service cost (benefit) are presented in the consolidated statement of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

				Pension Plans		Postretirement Benefit Plans	
				Pension Plans	Postretirement Benefit Plans	Pension Plans	Postretirement Benefit Plans
				2023	2022	2023	2022
(for the nine months ended September 30, in millions)							
Service Cost:	Service Cost:						
Claims and claim adjustment expenses	Claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 33	\$ 44	\$ —	\$ —		
General and administrative expenses	General and administrative expenses	48	65	—	—		
Total service cost	Total service cost	81	109	—	—		
Non-Service Cost (Benefit):	Non-Service Cost (Benefit):						
Claims and claim adjustment expenses	Claims and claim adjustment expenses	(41)	(44)	(3)	(1)		
General and administrative expenses	General and administrative expenses	(61)	(65)	(3)	(2)		
Total non-service cost (benefit)	Total non-service cost (benefit)	(102)	(109)	(6)	(3)		

Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	<u>$\\$(21)$</u>	<u>$\\$—$</u>	<u>(6)</u>	<u>$\\$ (3)$</u>
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THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

14.13. LEASES

The Company enters into lease agreements for real estate that is primarily used for office space in the ordinary course of business. These leases are accounted for as operating leases, whereby lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, and a right-of-use asset and lease liability is recognized as part of other assets and other liabilities, respectively, in the consolidated balance sheet.

Most leases include an option to extend or renew the lease term. The exercise of the renewal option is at the Company's discretion. The operating lease liability includes lease payments related to options to extend or renew the lease term if the Company is reasonably certain of exercising those options. The Company, in determining the present value of lease payments, utilizes either the rate implicit in the lease, if that rate is readily determinable, or the Company's incremental secured borrowing rate commensurate with the term of the underlying lease.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

13. LEASES, Continued

Lease expense is included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of income. Additional information regarding the Company's real estate operating leases is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	Three Months Ended March 31,							
(in millions)	(in millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022	(in millions)	2024	2023
Lease cost	Lease cost							
Operating leases	Operating leases							
Operating leases	Operating leases	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ 57	\$ 61			
Short-term leases ⁽¹⁾	Short-term leases ⁽¹⁾	1	1	2	2			
Lease expense	Lease expense	20	20	59	63			
Lease expense	Lease expense							
Less: sublease income ⁽²⁾	Less: sublease income ⁽²⁾	—	—	—	—			

Net lease cost	Net lease cost	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 59	\$ 63			
Other information on operating leases	Other information on operating leases							
Other information on operating leases	Other information on operating leases							
Cash payments to settle a lease liability reported in cash flows	Cash payments to settle a lease liability reported in cash flows							
Cash payments to settle a lease liability reported in cash flows	Cash payments to settle a lease liability reported in cash flows							
Cash payments to settle a lease liability reported in cash flows	Cash payments to settle a lease liability reported in cash flows	\$ 22	\$ 23	\$ 65	\$ 71			
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities	Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities	\$ 12	\$ 14	\$ 25	\$ 21			
Weighted average discount rate	Weighted average discount rate	2.64 %	2.33 %	2.64 %	2.33 %	Weighted average discount rate	2.91 %	2.44 %
Weighted average remaining lease term	Weighted average remaining lease term	4.2 years	4.5 years	4.2 years	4.5 years	Weighted average remaining lease term	4.1 years	4.4 years

(1) Leases with a term of twelve months or less are not recorded on the consolidated balance sheet.

(2) Sublease income consists of rent from third parties of office space and is recognized as part of other revenues in the consolidated statement of income.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

15.14. CONTINGENCIES, COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEES

Contingencies

The major pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party or to which any of the Company's properties is subject are described below.

Asbestos and Environmental Claims and Litigation

In the ordinary course of its insurance business, the Company has received and continues to receive claims for insurance arising under policies issued by the Company asserting alleged injuries and damages from asbestos- and environmental-related exposures that are the subject of related coverage litigation. The Company is defending asbestos- and environmental-related litigation vigorously and believes that it has meritorious defenses; however, the outcomes of these disputes are uncertain. In this regard, the Company employs dedicated specialists and comprehensive resolution strategies to manage asbestos and environmental loss exposure, including settling litigation under appropriate

circumstances. Currently, it is not possible to predict legal outcomes and their impact on future loss development for claims and litigation relating to asbestos and environmental claims. Any such development could be affected by future court decisions and interpretations, as well as future changes, if any, in applicable legislation. Because of these uncertainties, additional liabilities may arise for amounts in excess of the Company's current insurance reserves. In addition, the Company's estimate of ultimate claims and claim adjustment expenses may change. These additional liabilities or changes in estimates, or a range of either, cannot now be reasonably estimated and could result in income statement charges that could be material to the Company's results of operations in future periods.

Other Proceedings Not Arising Under Insurance Contracts or Reinsurance Agreements

The Company is involved in other lawsuits, including lawsuits alleging extra-contractual damages relating to insurance contracts or reinsurance agreements, that do not arise under insurance contracts or reinsurance agreements. The legal costs associated with such lawsuits are expensed in the period in which the costs are incurred. Based upon currently available information, the Company does not believe it is reasonably possible that any such lawsuit or related lawsuits would be material to the Company's results of operations or would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or liquidity.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited), Continued

14. CONTINGENCIES, COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEES, Continued

Other Commitments and Guarantees

Commitments

Investment Commitments — The Company has unfunded commitments to private equity limited partnerships, real estate partnerships and others. other investments. These commitments totaled \$1.66 billion \$1.59 billion and \$1.80 billion \$2.05 billion at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively.

Guarantees

The maximum amount of the Company's contingent obligation for indemnifications related to the sale of businesses that are quantifiable was \$351 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

The maximum amount of the Company's obligation related to the guarantee of certain insurance policy obligations of a former insurance subsidiary was \$480 million at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, all of which is indemnified by a third party. For more information regarding the Company's guarantees, see note 17 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

2023 Third 2024 First Quarter Consolidated Results of Operations

- Net income of \$404 million \$1.12 billion, or \$1.75 \$4.87 per share basic and \$1.74 \$4.80 per share diluted
- Net earned premiums of \$9.72 billion \$10.13 billion
- Catastrophe losses of \$850 million \$712 million (\$669 563 million after-tax)
- Net unfavorable favorable prior year reserve development of \$154 million \$91 million (\$122 71 million after-tax)
- Combined ratio of 101.0% 93.9%
- Net investment income of \$769 million \$846 million (\$640 698 million after-tax)
- Net realized investment losses gains of \$65 million \$35 million (\$50 27 million after-tax)
- Operating cash flows of \$3.05 billion \$1.46 billion

2023 Third 2024 First Quarter Consolidated Financial Condition

- Total investments of \$82.96 billion \$88.66 billion; fixed maturities and short-term securities comprised 93% of total investments
- Total assets of \$121.38 billion \$127.41 billion
- Total debt of \$8.03 billion, resulting in a debt-to-total capital ratio of 28.7% (23.3% 24.3% (21.8% excluding net unrealized investment losses, net of tax)
- Total capital returned to shareholders of \$333 million \$620 million, comprising \$101 million \$388 million of share repurchases and \$232 million of dividends
- Shareholders' equity of \$19.98 billion \$25.02 billion
- Net unrealized investment losses of \$8.21 billion \$4.72 billion (\$6.47 3.72 billion after-tax)
- Book value per common share of \$87.47 \$109.28
- Holding company liquidity of \$1.75 billion \$1.62 billion

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

CONSOLIDATED OVERVIEW

Consolidated Results of Operations

		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
		September 30,	2023	September 30,	2023
(in millions, except ratio and per share amounts)	(in millions, except ratio and per share amounts)				
(in millions, except ratio and per share amounts)					
(in millions, except ratio and per share amounts)					
Revenues					
Revenues					
Revenues	Revenues				
Premiums	Premiums	\$	9,718	\$	8,615
Premiums					
Premiums					
Net investment income	Net investment income		769		593
Net investment income					
Net investment income	Net investment income		769		593
Fee income	Fee income		112		104
Fee income					
Net realized investment losses	(65)			(93)	
Fee income					
Fee income					
Net realized investment gains					
Net realized investment gains					
Net realized investment gains					
Other revenues					
Other revenues					
Other revenues	Other revenues		101		84
Other revenues					
Total revenues	Total revenues		10,635		9,303
Total revenues					
Total revenues					
Claims and expenses					
Claims and expenses					
Claims and expenses	Claims and expenses				
Claims and claim	Claims and claim				
adjustment expenses	adjustment expenses		7,149		6,088
Claims and claim adjustment expenses					
Claims and claim adjustment expenses					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs					
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs	Amortization of deferred acquisition costs		1,604		1,406
Amortization of deferred acquisition costs					
General and administrative expenses	General and administrative expenses		1,312		1,193
General and administrative expenses					
General and administrative expenses					
Interest expense					
Interest expense					

Interest expense	Interest expense	98	88	278	263
Total claims and expenses	Total claims and expenses	10,163	8,775	29,085	24,881
Total claims and expenses					
Total claims and expenses					
Income before income taxes					
Income before income taxes					
Income before income taxes	Income before income taxes	472	528	1,352	2,367
Income tax expense (benefit)	Income tax expense (benefit)	68	74	(13)	344
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Net income					
Net income					
Net income	Net income	\$ 404	\$ 454	\$ 1,365	\$ 2,023
Net income per share	Net income per share				
Net income per share					
Basic	Basic	\$ 1.75	\$ 1.91	\$ 5.89	\$ 8.43
Diluted	Diluted	\$ 1.74	\$ 1.89	\$ 5.83	\$ 8.34
Diluted					
Diluted					
Combined ratio					
Combined ratio	Combined ratio				
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	73.0 %	70.1 %	72.6 %	67.3 %
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio					
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio					
Underwriting expense ratio	Underwriting expense ratio	28.0	28.1	28.4	28.7
Underwriting expense ratio					
Combined ratio	Combined ratio	101.0 %	98.2 %	101.0 %	96.0 %
Combined ratio					
Combined ratio					

The following discussions of the Company's net income and segment income (loss) are presented on an after-tax basis. Discussions of the components of net income and segment income (loss) are presented on a pre-tax basis, unless otherwise noted. Discussions of net income per common share are presented on a diluted basis.

Overview

Diluted net income per share of \$1.74 \$4.80 in the third first quarter of 2023 decreased 2024 increased by 8% from 16% over diluted net income per share of \$1.89 \$4.13 in the same period of 2022, 2023. Net income of \$404 million \$1.12 billion in the third first quarter of 2023 decreased 2024 increased by 11% from 15% over net income of \$454 million \$975 million in the same period of 2022, 2023. The lower higher rate of decrease increase in diluted net income per share reflected the impact of share repurchases in recent periods. The decrease increase in income before income taxes in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 primarily reflected the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher catastrophe losses and (ii) net unfavorable prior year reserve development compared to net favorable prior year reserve development in the same period of 2022, partially offset by (iii) higher underwriting margins excluding catastrophe losses and prior year reserve development ("underlying underwriting margins"), (iv) and (v) higher net investment income, and (v) lower net realized investment losses. Catastrophe losses in the third quarters of 2023 and 2022 were \$850 million and \$512 million, respectively. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the third quarter of 2023 was \$154 million. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the third quarter of 2022 was \$20 million. The higher underlying underwriting margins in the third quarter of 2023 were driven by Personal Insurance and Business Insurance, partially offset by Bond & Specialty Insurance. Income tax expense in the third quarter of 2023 was lower than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the decrease in income before income taxes.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Diluted net income per share of \$5.83 in the first nine months of 2023 decreased by 30% from diluted net income per share of \$8.34 in the same period of 2022. Net income of \$1.37 billion in the first nine months of 2023 decreased by 33% from net income of \$2.02 billion in the same period of 2022. The lower rate of decrease in diluted net income per share reflected the impact of share repurchases in recent periods. The decrease in income before income taxes primarily reflected the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher catastrophe losses and (ii) lower net favorable prior year reserve development, partially offset by (iii) higher underlying underwriting margins, (iv) higher net investment income and (v) lower net realized investment catastrophe losses. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2024 and 2023 were \$712 million and 2022 were \$2.87 billion and \$1.42 billion \$535 million, respectively. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2024 and 2023 was \$91 million and 2022 was \$11 million and \$464 million \$105 million, respectively. The higher underlying underwriting margins in the first nine months of 2023 2024 were driven by Personal Insurance, Business Insurance and Personal Insurance, partially offset by Bond & Specialty Insurance. The Company recorded income tax expense in the first quarter of 2024 compared with an income tax benefit in the first nine months of 2023 compared with income tax expense in the same period of 2022. The change in income taxes primarily reflected the impact of a one-time tax benefit of \$211 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item and impact of the decrease increase in income before income taxes, partially offset by a \$47 million reduction in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the resolution of prior year tax matters.

The Company has insurance operations in Canada, the United Kingdom, the Republic of Ireland and throughout other parts of the world as a corporate member of Lloyd's, as well as in Brazil and Colombia through joint ventures. Because these operations are conducted in local currencies other than the U.S. dollar, the Company is subject to changes in foreign currency

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

exchange rates. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, changes in foreign currency exchange rates impacted reported line items in the statement of income by insignificant amounts. The impact of these changes was not material to the Company's net income or segment income (loss) for the periods reported.

Revenues

Earned Premiums

Earned premiums in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$9.72 billion \$10.13 billion, \$1.10 billion \$1.27 billion or 13% 14% higher than in the same period of 2022. Earned premiums in the first nine months of 2023 were \$27.79 billion, \$2.84 billion or 11% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023. In Business Insurance, earned premiums in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 increased by 14% and 11%, respectively, 15% over the same periods period of 2022, 2023. In Bond & Specialty Insurance, earned premiums in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 both 2024 increased by 7% 9% over the same periods period of 2022, 2023. In Personal Insurance, earned premiums in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 both 2024 increased by 13% 15% over the same periods period of 2022, 2023. Factors contributing to the changes in earned premiums in each segment are discussed in more detail in the segment discussions that follow.

Net Investment Income

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's investments.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		September 30,		
(dollars in millions)	(dollars in millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022
(dollars in millions)					
Average investments ⁽¹⁾					
Average investments ⁽¹⁾					
Average investments ⁽¹⁾	Average investments ⁽¹⁾	\$ 91,591	\$ 87,315	\$ 90,048	\$ 86,818
Pre-tax net investment income	Pre-tax net investment income	769	593	2,144	1,937
Pre-tax net investment income	Pre-tax net investment income				
After-tax net investment income	After-tax net investment income				
After-tax net investment income	After-tax net investment income				
After-tax net investment income	After-tax net investment income	640	505	1,791	1,639

(1) Excludes net unrealized investment gains and losses and reflects cash, receivables for investment sales, payables on investment purchases and accrued investment income.

(2) Excludes net realized and net unrealized investment gains and losses.

Net investment income in the **third** first quarter of **2023** **2024** was **\$769 million** **\$846 million**, **\$176 million** **\$183 million** or **30%** **28%** higher than in the same period of **2022**. Net investment income in the first nine months of **2023** was **\$2.14 billion**, **\$207 million** or **11%** higher than in the same period of **2022**. **2023**. Net investment income from fixed maturity investments in the **third** first quarter and first nine months of **2023** **2024** was **\$631 million** and **\$1.80 billion** **\$692 million**, respectively, **\$97 million** and **\$246 million** **\$117 million** higher respectively, than in the same periods period of **2022**. **2023**. The increases in both periods of **2023** increase primarily resulted from higher long-term average yields and a higher average level of fixed maturity investments. Net investment income from short-term securities in the **third** first quarter and first nine months of **2023** **2024** was **\$67 million** and **\$169 million** **\$70 million**, respectively, **\$44 million** and **\$135 million** **\$23 million** higher respectively, than in the same periods period of **2022**. **2023**. The increases in both periods of **2023** increase primarily resulted from higher short-term average yields. The

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Company's remaining investment portfolios had net investment income of \$82 million in the third quarter of 2023, \$36 million higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting higher private equity partnership returns. The Company's remaining investment portfolios had net investment income of \$213 million \$98 million in the first nine months quarter of 2023, \$172 million lower 2024, \$45 million higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting lower higher private equity and real estate partnership returns. Included in other investments are private equity, hedge fund and real estate partnerships that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and typically report their financial statement information to the Company one month to three months following the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, net investment income from these other investments is generally reflected in the Company's financial statements on a quarter lag basis.

Fee Income

Fee income in the third quarter of 2023 was \$112 million, \$109 million, \$8 million \$3 million higher than in the same period of 2022. Fee income in the first nine months of 2023 was \$324 million, \$17 million higher than in the same period of 2022. The National Accounts market in Business Insurance is the primary source of the Company's fee-based business and is discussed in the Business Insurance segment discussion that follows.

**THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**

Net Realized Investment Losses Gains (Losses)

The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's net realized investment losses, gains (losses),

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,
	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	Three Months Ended March 31,		
(in millions)			
(in millions)			
(in millions)	(in millions)	2023	2022
Impairment losses:	Impairment losses:		
Impairment losses:			
Impairment losses:			
Fixed maturities	Fixed maturities	\$ (1)	\$ (5)
			\$ (2)
			\$ (26)

Real estate investments	—	(9)	—	(9)
Net realized investment losses on equity securities still held	(14)	(25)	(11)	(110)
Other net realized investment losses, including from sales	(50)	(54)	(81)	(66)
Fixed maturities				
Fixed maturities				
Net realized investment gains on equity securities still held				
Net realized investment gains on equity securities still held				
Net realized investment gains on equity securities still held				
Other net realized investment gains (losses), including from sales				
Other net realized investment gains (losses), including from sales				
Other net realized investment gains (losses), including from sales				
Total	Total	\$ (65)	\$ (93)	\$ (94)
Total				
Total				

Net realized investment losses gains on equity securities still held of \$14 million \$79 million and \$17 million in the third quarter first quarters of 2024 and 2023, respectively, were both driven by the impact of changes in fair value attributable to unfavorable equity markets. Net realized investment losses on equity securities still held of \$11 million in the first nine months of 2023 were driven by a net unfavorable change in fair value on the individual securities held in the Company's portfolio. Net realized investment losses on equity securities still held of \$25 million and \$110 million in the third quarter and first nine months of 2022, respectively, were driven by the impact of changes in fair value attributable to unfavorable favorable equity markets.

Other Revenues

Other revenues in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$101 million \$112 million, \$17 million \$37 million higher than in the same period of 2022. Other revenues in the first nine months of 2023 were \$275 million, \$6 million higher than in the same period of 2022. Other revenues include revenues from Simply Business, installment premium charges and other policyholder service charges.

Claims and Expenses

Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$7.15 billion \$6.66 billion, \$1.06 billion \$697 million or 17% 12% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher business volumes, (ii) higher catastrophe losses and (iii) net unfavorable prior year reserve development compared to net favorable prior year reserve development other loss activity in the same period of 2022 and (iv) a favorable re-estimation of domestic management liability losses incurred for the first six months of 2023 that was lower than the favorable re-estimation losses incurred in the same period of 2022 in Bond & Specialty Business Insurance, partially offset by (v) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line in Personal Insurance. Catastrophe losses in the third quarter of 2023 primarily resulted from numerous severe wind and hail storms in multiple states. Catastrophe losses in the third quarter of 2022 primarily resulted from Hurricanes Ian and Fiona, as well as severe storms in several regions of the United States.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the first nine months of 2023 were \$20.34 billion, \$3.41 billion or 20% higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher business volumes, (ii) higher catastrophe losses, (iii) lower net favorable prior year reserve development, (iv) higher losses in the automobile product line in Personal Insurance, (v) losses from a small number of surety accounts in Bond & Specialty Insurance and (vi) loss activity related to the disruption in the banking sector in the prior year quarter in Bond & Specialty Insurance, partially offset by (vii) a lower level of property losses in Business Insurance and (viii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line in Personal Insurance. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months quarter of 2024 primarily resulted from severe wind and hail storms in the central and eastern regions of the United States. Catastrophe losses in the first quarter of 2023 included the third quarter events described above, as well as numerous primarily resulted from severe wind and hail storms in multiple states in the first six months of 2023. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2022 included the third quarter events described above, as well as severe wind and hail storms in several regions of the United States in the first six months of 2022. states.

Factors contributing to net prior year reserve development during the third first quarters of 2024 and first nine months of 2023 and 2022 are discussed in more detail in note 7 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Significant Catastrophe Losses

The following table presents the amount of losses recorded by the Company for significant catastrophes that occurred in the three months ended March 31, 2024 and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the amount of net unfavorable (favorable) prior year reserve development recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2024 and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 for significant catastrophes that occurred in 2022 and 2023 and the estimate of ultimate losses for those catastrophes at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. For purposes of the table, a significant catastrophe is an event for which the Company estimates its ultimate losses will be \$100 million or more after reinsurance and before taxes. The Company's threshold for disclosing catastrophes is primarily determined at the reportable segment level and for 2023 ranged from \$20 million to \$30 million of losses before reinsurance and taxes. For the Company's definition of a catastrophe, refer to "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations— Consolidated Overview" in the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

(in millions, pre-tax and net of reinsurance) ⁽¹⁾	(in millions, pre-tax and net of reinsurance) ⁽¹⁾	Losses Incurred/Unfavorable (Favorable)										March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023				
		Prior Year Reserve Development																
		Losses Incurred/Unfavorable (Favorable)																
		Prior Year Reserve Development																
Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Estimated Ultimate Losses		Estimated Ultimate Losses		(in millions, pre-tax and net of reinsurance) ⁽¹⁾		March 31, 2023		March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023				
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024			
2021																		
PCS Serial Number:																		
15 — Winter storms		4	(5)	(12)	(10)	203	215											
17 — Winter storms		(2)	(4)	(27)	(9)	456	483											
29 — Severe wind storms		—	(6)	(1)	(12)	92	93											
60 — Hurricane Ida		—	(36)	15	(78)	351	336											
76 — Tornado outbreak		—	(1)	(5)	(13)	108	113											
2022																		
2022	2022																	
PCS Serial Number:	PCS Serial Number:																	
PCS Serial Number:																		
33 — Severe wind and hail storms																		
33 — Severe wind and hail storms																		
33 — Severe wind and hail storms	33 — Severe wind and hail storms	17	9	9	117	146	137			1	(7)	(7)	(7)	139				
35 — Severe wind and hail storms	35 — Severe wind and hail storms	3	40	(1)	144	183	184			35 — Severe wind and hail storms	2	(2)	(2)	(2)	139			
43 — Severe wind and hail storms	43 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	(7)	(11)	124	111	122			43 — Severe wind and hail storms	1	(10)	(10)	(10)	139			
61 — Hurricane Ian	61 — Hurricane Ian	(2)	326	(76)	326	151	227			61 — Hurricane Ian	(2)	(53)	(53)	(53)	139			
73 — Winter storm	73 — Winter storm	1	n/a	169	n/a	681	512			73 — Winter storm	5	143	143	143	139			

2023	2023										
PCS Serial Number:	PCS Serial Number:										
Number:	Number:										
PCS Serial Number:	PCS Serial Number:										
25 — Severe wind and hail storms	25 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	152	n/a	152	n/a	(2)	148	148	151
25 — Severe wind and hail storms	25 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	152	n/a	152	n/a	32 — Severe wind and hail storms	1	119	119
32 — Severe wind and hail storms	32 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	138	n/a	138	n/a	33 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	n/a
33 — Severe wind and hail storms	33 — Severe wind and hail storms	18	n/a	190	n/a	190	n/a	35 — Severe wind and hail storms	(2)	n/a	n/a
35 — Severe wind and hail storms	35 — Severe wind and hail storms	6	n/a	115	n/a	115	n/a	38 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	110
38 — Severe wind and hail storms	38 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	144	n/a	144	n/a	42 — Severe wind and hail storms	9	n/a	n/a
42 — Severe wind and hail storms	42 — Severe wind and hail storms	(2)	n/a	144	n/a	144	n/a	48 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	n/a
48 — Severe wind and hail storms	48 — Severe wind and hail storms	(9)	n/a	140	n/a	140	n/a	49 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	n/a
49 — Severe wind and hail storms	49 — Severe wind and hail storms	(6)	n/a	149	n/a	149	n/a	51 — Severe wind and hail storms	(1)	n/a	n/a
51 — Severe wind and hail storms	51 — Severe wind and hail storms	10	n/a	280	n/a	280	n/a	63 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	n/a
63 — Severe wind and hail storms	63 — Severe wind and hail storms	120	n/a	120	n/a	120	n/a	75 — Severe wind and hail storms	—	n/a	n/a
75 — Severe wind and hail storms	75 — Severe wind and hail storms	196	n/a	196	n/a	196	n/a	75 — Severe wind and hail storms	1	n/a	n/a
2024											
PCS Serial Number:	PCS Serial Number:										
PCS Serial Number:	PCS Serial Number:										
PCS Serial Number:	PCS Serial Number:										
26 — Severe wind and hail storms	26 — Severe wind and hail storms										

n/a: not applicable.

(1) Amounts are reported pre-tax and net of recoveries under all applicable reinsurance treaties, except for the Company's 2022 and 2021 Underlying Property Aggregate Catastrophe Excess-of-Loss Treaties, the terms of which are described in "Part I—Item 1—Business" in the Company's 2022 Annual Report. Those treaties covered the accumulation of certain property losses arising from one or multiple occurrences (both catastrophe and non-catastrophe events) for the period January 1, 2022 through and including December 31, 2022 and the period January 1, 2021 through and including December 31, 2021. As a result, the benefits from those treaties are not included in the table above as the allocation of the treaty's benefit to each identified catastrophe changes each time there are additional events or changes in estimated losses from any covered event.

Amortization of Deferred Acquisition Costs

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$1.60 billion \$1.70 billion, \$198 million \$236 million or 14% 16% higher than in the same period of 2022. Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the first nine months of 2023, was \$4.59 billion, \$504 million or 12% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods were generally consistent with the increases in earned premiums. Amortization of deferred acquisition costs is discussed in more detail in the segment discussions that follow.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$1.31 billion \$1.41 billion, \$119 million \$139 million or 10% 11% higher than in the same period of 2022. General and administrative expenses in the first nine months of 2023 were \$3.89 billion, \$280 million or 8% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023, primarily reflected the impact of costs associated with higher business volumes. General and administrative expenses are discussed in more detail in the segment discussions that follow.

Interest Expense

Interest expense in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 was \$98 million and \$278 million, respectively, compared with \$88 million and \$263 million, respectively, in the same periods period of 2022 2023.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

Income tax expense in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$68 million \$247 million, \$6 million or 8% lower than compared with an income tax benefit of \$47 million in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the \$56 million decrease in income before income taxes in the third quarter of 2023. The income tax benefit in the first nine months of 2023 was \$13 million, compared with income tax expense of \$344 million in the same period of 2022. The change in income taxes primarily reflected the one-time tax benefit of \$211 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item and the impact of the \$1.02 billion decrease \$442 million increase in income before income taxes in the first nine months of 2023, partially offset by the \$47 million reduction in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the resolution of prior year tax matters 2024.

The Company's effective tax rate was 14% in the third quarters of both 2023 18% and 2022. The Company's effective tax rate was (1) (5)% and 15% in the first nine months quarters of 2023 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively. The effective tax rate in the first nine months quarter of 2023 was reduced by the impact of the one-time tax benefit discussed above, and the effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2022 was reduced by the impact of the resolution of prior year tax matters discussed above. The effective tax rate for all periods reflected the impact of tax-exempt investment income on the calculation of the Company's income tax provision.

Combined Ratio

The combined ratio of 101.0% 93.9% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 2.8 1.5 points higher lower than the combined ratio of 98.2% 95.4% in the same period of 2022, 2023. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 73.0% 65.2% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 2.9 1.5 points higher lower than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 70.1% 66.7% in the same period of 2022, 2023. The underwriting expense ratio of 28.0% 28.7% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 0.1 points lower than comparable with the underwriting expense ratio of 28.1% in the same period of 2022, 2023.

Catastrophe losses in the third first quarters of 2023 2024 and 2022 accounted for 8.8 points and 5.9 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the third quarter of 2023 accounted for 1.6 7.1 points and 6.0 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the third quarter 2022 first quarters of 2024 and 2023 provided 0.2 0.9 points and 1.2 points of benefit, respectively, to the combined ratio. The combined ratio excluding prior year reserve development and catastrophe losses ("underlying combined ratio") in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 1.9 2.9 points lower than the 2022 2023 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts impact of (i) the benefit of earned pricing and (ii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line in Personal Insurance, partially offset by (iii) a favorable re-estimation of domestic management liability losses incurred for the first six months of 2023 that was lower than the favorable re-estimation losses incurred in the same period of 2022 in Bond & Specialty Insurance, pricing.

The combined ratio of 101.0% in the first nine months of 2023 was 5.0 points higher than the combined ratio of 96.0% in the same period of 2022. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 72.6% for the first nine months of 2023 was 5.3 points higher than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 67.3% in the same period of 2022. The underwriting expense ratio of 28.4% for the first nine months of 2023 was 0.3 points lower than the underwriting expense ratio of 28.7% in the same period of 2022.

Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 accounted for 10.3 points and 5.7 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 provided 0.1 points and 1.9 points of benefit, respectively, to the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the first nine months of 2023 was 1.4 points lower than the 2022 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) the benefit of earned pricing, (ii) a lower level of property losses in Business Insurance and (iii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line in Personal Insurance, partially offset by (iv) losses from a small number of surety accounts in Bond & Specialty Insurance, (v) loss activity related to the disruption in the banking sector in Bond & Specialty Insurance and (vi) higher losses in the automobile product line in Personal Insurance.

The combined ratio continues to be impacted by the tort environment, including more aggressive attorney involvement in insurance claims.

**THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**

Written Premiums

Consolidated gross and net written premiums were as follows:

		Gross Written Premiums				Gross Written Premiums	
		Three Months		Nine Months Ended			
		Ended	September 30,	Ended	September 30,		
(in millions)	(in millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022		
(in millions)	(in millions)						
Business Insurance	Business Insurance						
Business Insurance	Business Insurance						
Business Insurance	Business Insurance	\$ 5,685	\$ 4,864	\$ 17,175	\$ 14,798		
Bond & Specialty Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance	1,082	1,043	3,127	3,088		
Bond & Specialty Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance						
Personal Insurance	Personal Insurance	4,496	3,905	12,215	10,745		
Total	Total	\$11,263	\$9,812	\$32,517	\$28,631		
Total	Total						
		Net Written Premiums				Net Written Premiums	
		Three Months		Nine Months Ended			
		Ended	September 30,	Ended	September 30,		
(in millions)	(in millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022		
(in millions)	(in millions)						
Business Insurance	Business Insurance						
Business Insurance	Business Insurance						
Business Insurance	Business Insurance	\$ 5,080	\$ 4,370	\$ 15,412	\$ 13,245		

Bond & Specialty Insurance	Bond & Specialty Insurance	1,003	964	2,853	2,808
Bond & Specialty Insurance					
Bond & Specialty Insurance					
Personal Insurance	Personal Insurance				
Personal Insurance					
Personal Insurance	Personal Insurance	4,410	3,864	11,942	10,532
Total	Total	\$10,493	\$9,198	\$30,207	\$26,585

Total

Total

Gross and net written premiums in the **third** first quarter of **2023** **2024** increased by **15%** **9%** and **14%** **8%**, respectively, over the same period of **2022**. Gross and net written premiums in the first nine months of **2023** both increased by **14%** over the same period of **2022**. Factors contributing to the changes in gross and net written premiums in each segment are discussed in more detail in the segment discussions that follow.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT

Business Insurance

Results of Business Insurance were as follows:

(dollars in millions)	(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
		September 30, 2023	2022	September 30, 2023	2022
(dollars in millions)					
(dollars in millions)					
Revenues					
Revenues					
Revenues	Revenues				
Earned premiums	Earned premiums	\$ 4,956	\$ 4,353	\$ 14,077	\$ 12,642
Earned premiums					
Earned premiums					
Net investment income					
Net investment income					
Net investment income	Net investment income	551	426	1,533	1,415
Fee income	Fee income	102	96	299	285
Fee income					
Fee income					
Other revenues					
Other revenues					
Other revenues	Other revenues	71	56	185	194
Total revenues	Total revenues	5,680	4,931	16,094	14,536
Total revenues					
Total revenues					
Total claims and expenses					
Total claims and expenses					

Total claims and expenses	Total claims and expenses	5,111	4,371	14,327	12,353
Segment income before income taxes	Segment income before income taxes	569	560	1,767	2,183
Income tax expense		101	89	141	377
Segment income before income taxes					
Segment income before income taxes					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Income tax expense (benefit)					
Segment income					
Segment income					
Segment income	Segment income	\$ 468	\$ 471	\$ 1,626	\$ 1,806
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	70.0 %	66.9 %	68.0 %	63.6 %
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio					
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio					
Underwriting expense ratio					
Underwriting expense ratio					
Underwriting expense ratio	Underwriting expense ratio	29.1	29.4	29.7	29.9
Combined ratio	Combined ratio	99.1 %	96.3 %	97.7 %	93.5 %
Combined ratio					
Combined ratio					

Overview

Segment income in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$468 million \$764 million, \$3 million \$8 million or 1% lower higher than segment income of \$471 million \$756 million in the same period of 2022. 2023. The increase in segment income before income taxes primarily reflected the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher net investment income and (ii) higher underlying underwriting margins, and (iii) lower catastrophe losses, partially offset by (iv) higher net unfavorable prior year reserve development. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the third quarters of 2023 and 2022 was \$263 million and \$61 million, respectively. Catastrophe losses in the third quarters of 2023 and 2022 were \$203 million and \$216 million, respectively. The higher underlying underwriting margins primarily reflected the impact of higher business volumes. Income tax expense in the third quarter of 2023 was higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the increase in segment income before income taxes.

Segment income in the first nine months of 2023 was \$1.63 billion, \$180 million or 10% lower than segment income of \$1.81 billion in the same period of 2022. The decrease in segment income before income taxes primarily reflected the pre-tax impacts of (i) net unfavorable prior year reserve development compared to net favorable prior year reserve development in the same period of 2022 and (ii) higher catastrophe losses, partially offset by (iii) higher underlying underwriting margins and (iv) higher no net investment income. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months quarter of 2023 was \$345 million. Net 2024, compared with net favorable prior year reserve development of \$19 million in the first nine months same period of 2022 was \$254 million. 2023. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months quarters of 2024 and 2023 were \$209 million and 2022 were \$798 million and \$529 million \$199 million, respectively. The higher underlying underwriting margins primarily reflected the impacts of (i) higher business volumes (ii) a lower level of property losses and (iii) (ii) the benefit of earned pricing, partially offset by (iv) higher general and administrative expenses. Income (iii) other loss activity. The segment recorded income tax expense in the first nine months quarter of 2023 was lower than 2024, compared with an income tax benefit in the same period first quarter of 2022, 2023. The change in income taxes primarily reflecting the impact of reflected a one-time tax benefit of \$171 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item and the decrease impact of the increase in segment income before income taxes.

Revenues

Earned Premiums

Earned premiums in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$4.96 billion \$5.16 billion, \$603 million \$683 million or 14% 15% higher than in the same period of 2022. Earned premiums in the first nine months of 2023 were \$14.08 billion, \$1.44 billion or 11% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023, primarily reflected reflecting the increase in net written premiums over the preceding twelve months.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Net Investment Income

Net investment income in the **third** first quarter of **2023** **2024** was **\$551 million** **\$609 million**, **\$125 million** **\$136 million** or 29% higher than in the same period of **2022**. Net investment income in the first nine months of **2023** was **\$1.53 billion**, **\$118 million** or 8% higher than in the same period of **2022**. Refer to the "Revenues—Net Investment Income" section of the "Consolidated Results of Operations" discussion herein for a description of the factors contributing to the **increases** **increase** in the Company's consolidated net investment income in the **third** first quarter and first nine months of **2023** **2024** compared with the same periods **period** of **2022**, **2023**. In addition, refer to note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's **2022** **2023** Annual Report for a discussion of the Company's net investment income allocation methodology.

Fee Income

National Accounts is the primary source of fee income due to revenue from its large deductible policies and service businesses, which include risk management, claims administration, loss control and risk management information services provided to third parties, as well as policy issuance and claims management services to workers' compensation residual market pools. Fee income in the **third** first quarter of **2023** **2024** was **\$102 million** **\$101 million**, **\$6 million** **\$2 million** or **6%** **2%** higher than in the same period of **2022**. Fee income **2023**.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Other Revenues

Other revenues in the first **nine months** **quarter** of **2023** was **\$299 million** **2024** were **\$77 million**, **\$14 million** or **5%** **\$30 million** higher than in the same period of **2022**. The **increases** in both periods of **2023** primarily reflected higher claim volume under administration associated with large deductible policies and the service business, partially offset by lower serviced premium volume from the workers' compensation residual market pool.

Other Revenues

2023. Other revenues in the **third** **first** **quarter** of **2023** were **\$71 million**, **\$15 million** higher than in the same period of **2022**. Other revenues in the first **nine months** of **2023** were **\$185 million**, **\$9 million** lower than in the same period of **2022**, primarily reflecting the receipt of a surplus distribution from a state workers' compensation reinsurance fund in **2022**. Other revenues also include revenues from Simply Business, installment premium charges and other policyholder service charges.

Claims and Expenses

Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the **third** **first** **quarter** of **2023** **2024** were **\$3.52 billion** **\$3.33 billion**, **\$560 million** **\$424 million** or **19%** **15%** higher than in the same period of **2022**, **2023**, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher net unfavorable prior year reserve development, (ii) higher business volumes, and (iii) (ii) loss cost trends partially offset by (iv) lower catastrophe losses.

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the first **nine months** of **2023** were **\$9.72 billion**, **\$1.55 billion** or **19%** higher than in the same period of **2022**, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) net unfavorable prior year reserve development compared to net favorable prior year reserve development in the same period of **2022**, (ii) higher business volumes, (iii) higher catastrophe losses and (iv) other loss cost trends, partially offset by (v) a lower level of property losses. activity.

Factors contributing to net prior year reserve development during the **third** **first** **quarters** of **2024** and **first** **nine** **months** of **2023** and **2022** are discussed in more detail in note 7 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Amortization of Deferred Acquisition Costs

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the **third** **first** **quarter** of **2023** **2024** was **\$820 million** **\$864 million**, **\$112 million** **\$122 million** or 16% higher than the same period of **2022**. Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the first **nine months** of **2023**, was **\$2.34 billion**, **\$268 million** or 13% higher than the same period of **2022**. The increases in both periods of **2023** were generally consistent with the **increases** **increase** in earned premiums.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses in the **third** **first** **quarter** of **2023** **2024** were **\$772 million** **\$818 million**, **\$68 million** **\$84 million** or **10%** **11%** higher than in the same period of **2022**. General and administrative expenses in the first **nine months** of **2023**, were **\$2.27 billion**, **\$155 million** or 7% higher than in the same period of **2022**. The increases in both periods of **2023** were primarily in support of business growth.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit)

Income tax expense in the **third** **first** **quarter** of **2023** **2024** was **\$101 million** **\$170 million**, **\$12 million** higher than the same period compared with an income tax benefit of **2022**, primarily reflecting the impact of the **\$9 million** increase in income before income taxes. Income tax expense in the first **nine months** of **2023** was **\$141 million**, **\$236 million** lower than **\$43 million** in the same period of **2022**, **2023**. The change in income taxes primarily reflecting reflected the one-time tax benefit of **\$171 million** in the first quarter of **2023** due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item and the impact of the **\$416 million** decrease **\$221 million** increase in income before income taxes, partially offset by a **\$3 million** reduction in income tax expense taxes.

Combined Ratio

The combined ratio of 93.3% in the first quarter of **2022** as a result **2024** was 0.3 points lower than the combined ratio of 93.6% in the same period of **2023**. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 63.6% in the first quarter of **2024** was 0.2 points lower than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 63.8% in the same period of **2023**. The underwriting expense ratio of 29.7% in the first quarter of **2024** was 0.1 points lower than the underwriting expense ratio of 29.8% in the same period of **2023**.

Catastrophe losses in the first quarters of **2024** and **2023** accounted for 4.1 points and 4.4 points, respectively, of the resolution of combined ratio. There was no net prior year tax matters. reserve development in the first quarter of **2024**. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first quarter **2023** provided 0.4 points of benefit to the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the first quarter of **2024** was 0.4 points lower than the **2023** ratio on the same basis.

Written Premiums

Business Insurance's gross and net written premiums by market were as follows:

(in millions)	Gross Written Premiums	
	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	2023
Domestic:		
Select Accounts	\$ 1,004	\$ 924
Middle Market	3,452	3,129
National Accounts	527	493
National Property and Other	851	747
Total Domestic	5,834	5,293
International		
Total Business Insurance	\$ 6,383	\$ 5,828

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Combined Ratio

(in millions)	Net Written Premiums	
	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	2023
Domestic:		
Select Accounts	\$ 974	\$ 908
Middle Market	3,213	2,926
National Accounts	327	294
National Property and Other	642	590
Total Domestic	5,156	4,718
International		
Total Business Insurance	\$ 5,596	\$ 5,157

The combined ratio of 99.1% Gross and net written premiums in the **third** first quarter of 2023 was 2.8 points. 2024 increased by 10% and 9%, respectively, over the same period of 2023.

Select Accounts. Net written premiums of \$974 million in the first quarter of 2024 increased by 7% over the same period of 2023. Retention rates remained strong in the first quarter of 2024 but decreased slightly from the same period of 2023. Renewal premium changes in the first quarter of 2024 remained positive and were higher than the **combined ratio** same period of 96.3% 2023. New business premiums in the first quarter of 2024 increased over the same period of 2023.

Middle Market. Net written premiums of \$3.21 billion in the first quarter of 2024 increased by 10% over the same period of 2023. Retention rates remained strong in the first quarter of 2024 but decreased from the same period of 2023. Renewal premium changes in the first quarter of 2024 remained positive and were higher than the same period of 2023. New business premiums in the first quarter of 2024 decreased from the same period of 2023.

National Accounts. Net written premiums of \$327 million in the first quarter of 2024 increased by 11% over the same period of 2023. Retention rates remained strong in the first quarter of 2024 and increased over the same period of 2023. Renewal premium changes in the first quarter of 2024 remained positive but were slightly lower than the same period of 2023. New business premiums in the first quarter of 2024 increased over the same period of 2023.

National Property and Other. Net written premiums of \$642 million in the first quarter of 2024 increased by 9% over the same period of 2023. Retention rates remained strong in the first quarter of 2024 but decreased slightly from the same period of 2023. Renewal premium changes in the first quarter of 2024 remained positive but were lower than in the same period of 2022. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 70.0% 2023. New business premiums in the **third** first quarter of 2023 was 3.1 points higher than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 66.9% in 2024 increased over the same period of 2022. The underwriting expense ratio 2023.

International. Net written premiums of **29.1%** \$440 million in the **third** first quarter of 2023 was 0.3 points lower than the underwriting expense ratio of 29.4% in 2024 were comparable with the same period of 2022.

Catastrophe losses in the **third** quarters of 2023 and 2022 accounted for 4.1 points and 4.9 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the **third** quarters of 2023 and 2022 accounted for 5.3 points and 1.4 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the **third** quarter of

2023 was 0.3 points lower than the 2022 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting improved expense leverage as a result of higher business volumes.

The combined ratio of 97.7% in the first nine months of 2023 was 4.2 points higher than the combined ratio of 93.5% in the same period of 2022. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 68.0% in the first nine months of 2023 was 4.4 points higher than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 63.6% in the same period of 2022. The underwriting expense ratio of 29.7% for the first nine months of 2023 was 0.2 points lower than the underwriting expense ratio of 29.9% in the same period of 2022.

Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 accounted for 5.7 points and 4.1 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2023 accounted for 2.4 points of the combined ratio. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2022 provided 2.0 points of benefit to the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the first nine months of 2023 was 1.8 points lower than the 2022 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) a lower level of property losses and (ii) the benefit of earned pricing.

Written Premiums

Business Insurance's gross and net written premiums by market were as follows:

(in millions)	Gross Written Premiums			
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	2023	September 30,	2022
Domestic:				
Select Accounts	\$ 830	\$ 744	\$ 2,640	\$ 2,391
Middle Market	2,969	2,638	8,938	7,939
National Accounts	335	357	1,208	1,201
National Property and Other	1,128	884	2,842	2,291
Total Domestic	5,262	4,623	15,628	13,822
International	423	241	1,547	976
Total Business Insurance	\$ 5,685	\$ 4,864	\$ 17,175	\$ 14,798

(in millions)	Net Written Premiums			
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	2023	September 30,	2022
Domestic:				
Select Accounts	\$ 824	\$ 739	\$ 2,615	\$ 2,365
Middle Market	2,750	2,465	8,294	7,410
National Accounts	247	247	818	790
National Property and Other	874	702	2,326	1,889
Total Domestic	4,695	4,153	14,053	12,454
International	385	217	1,359	791
Total Business Insurance	\$ 5,080	\$ 4,370	\$ 15,412	\$ 13,245

2023.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Gross and net written premiums in the third quarter of 2023 increased by 17% and 16%, respectively, over the same period of 2022. Gross and net written premiums in the first nine months of 2023 both increased by 16% over the same period of 2022.

Select Accounts. Net written premiums of \$824 million and \$2.62 billion in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023, respectively, increased by 12% and 11%, respectively, over the same periods of 2022. Retention rates remained strong in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 and increased over the same periods of 2022. Renewal premium changes in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 remained positive and were comparable with the same periods of 2022. New business premiums in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 increased over the same periods of 2022.

Middle Market. Net written premiums of \$2.75 billion and \$8.29 billion in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023, respectively, both increased by 12% over the same periods of 2022. Retention rates remained strong in the third quarter of 2023 and increased slightly over the same period of 2022. Retention rates remained strong in the first nine months of 2023 and increased over the same period of 2022. Renewal premium changes in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 remained positive and were higher than the same periods of 2022. New business premiums in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 increased over the same periods of 2022.

National Accounts. Net written premiums of \$247 million in the third quarter of 2023 were comparable with the same period of 2022. Net written premiums of \$818 million in the first nine months of 2023 increased by 4% over the same period of 2022. Retention rates remained strong in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 and increased over the same periods of 2022. Renewal premium changes in the third quarter of 2023 remained positive but were lower than the same period of 2022. Renewal premium changes in the first nine months of 2023 remained strong and were higher than the same period of 2022. New business premiums in the third quarter of 2023 decreased from the same period of 2022. New business premiums in the first nine months of 2023 increased over the same period of 2022.

National Property and Other. Net written premiums of \$874 million and \$2.33 billion in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023, respectively, increased by 25% and 23%, respectively, over the same periods of 2022. Retention rates remained strong in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 and increased over the same periods of 2022. Renewal premium changes in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 remained positive and were higher than in the same periods of 2022. New business premiums in the third quarter and first nine months of 2023 increased over the same periods of 2022.

International. Net written premiums of \$385 million in the third quarter and \$1.36 billion in the first nine months of 2023 increased by 77% and 72%, respectively, over the same periods of 2022, and included the impact of the Company's quota share reinsurance agreement with subsidiaries of Fidelis Insurance Holding Limited (Fidelis) effective January 1, 2023.

Bond & Specialty Insurance

Results of Bond & Specialty Insurance were as follows:

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2023	2022	September 30, 2023	2022
Revenues				
Earned premiums	\$ 935	\$ 877	\$ 2,721	\$ 2,548
Net investment income	86	65	237	188
Other revenues	6	6	18	14
Total revenues	1,027	948	2,976	2,750
Total claims and expenses	696	644	2,108	1,922
Segment income before income taxes	331	304	868	828
Income tax expense	66	62	166	141
Segment income	\$ 265	\$ 242	\$ 702	\$ 687
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	36.9 %	37.3 %	39.8 %	39.5 %
Underwriting expense ratio	36.7	35.2	37.0	35.3
Combined ratio	73.6 %	72.5 %	76.8 %	74.8 %

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2024	2023
Revenues		
Earned premiums	\$ 956	\$ 875
Net investment income	90	73
Other revenues	9	5
Total revenues	1,055	953
Total claims and expenses	815	705
Segment income before income taxes	240	248
Income tax expense	45	41
Segment income	\$ 195	\$ 207
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	44.4 %	43.0 %
Underwriting expense ratio	40.1	37.0
Combined ratio	84.5 %	80.0 %

Overview

Segment income in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$265 million \$195 million, \$23 million \$12 million or 10% higher 6% lower than segment income of \$242 million \$207 million in the same period of 2022 2023. The increase decrease in segment income before income taxes primarily reflected the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher net investment income, (ii) higher lower net favorable prior year reserve development, and (iii) lower catastrophe losses, partially offset by (iv) lower (ii) higher net investment income and (iii) higher underlying underwriting margins. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the third first quarters of 2024 and 2023 was \$24 million and 2022 was \$72 million and \$63 million \$58 million, respectively. Catastrophe losses in the third first quarters of 2023 both 2024 and 2022 2023 were \$5 million and \$11 million, respectively. The lower higher underlying underwriting margins primarily reflected the impacts of (i) higher general business volumes and administrative expenses and (ii) a favorable re-estimation of domestic management liability losses incurred for the first six months of 2023 that was lower than the favorable re-estimation losses incurred in the same period of 2022, partially offset by (iii) higher business volumes. Income tax expense in the third quarter of 2023 was higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the increase in segment income before income taxes.

Segment income in the first nine months of 2023 was \$702 million, \$15 million or 2% higher than segment income of \$687 million in the same period of 2022. The increase in segment income before income taxes primarily reflected the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher net favorable prior year reserve development and (ii) higher net investment income, partially offset by (iii) lower underlying underwriting margins and (iv) higher catastrophe losses. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 was \$249 million and \$171 million, respectively. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 were \$31 million and \$16 million, respectively. The lower underlying underwriting margins primarily reflected the impacts of (i) higher general and administrative expenses, (ii) losses from a small number of surety accounts and (iii) loss activity related to the disruption in the banking sector in the prior year quarter, partially offset by (iv) (iii) higher business volumes, general and administrative expenses. Income tax expense in the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting the impact of the increase in segment income before income taxes and a \$24 million reduction in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the resolution of prior year tax matters, partially offset by a one-time tax benefit of \$9 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item, item, partially offset by the impact of the decrease in segment income before income taxes.

Revenues

Earned Premiums

Earned premiums in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$935 million \$956 million, \$58 million \$81 million or 7% 9% higher than in the same period of 2022. Earned premiums in the first nine months of 2023 were \$2.72 billion, \$173 million or 7% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023, primarily reflected reflecting increases in net written premiums in prior quarters, including the impact of longer duration surety bonds and multi-year management liability policies.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$86 million \$90 million, \$21 million \$17 million or 32% 23% higher than in the same period of 2022. Net investment income in the first nine months of 2023 was \$237 million, \$49 million or 26% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023. Included in Bond & Specialty Insurance are certain legal entities whose invested assets and related net investment income are reported exclusively in this segment and not allocated among all business segments. Refer to the "Revenues —Net Investment Income" section of "Consolidated Results of Operations" herein for a discussion of the factors contributing to the increases increase in the Company's consolidated net investment income in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 compared with the same periods period of 2022, 2023. In addition, refer to note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report for a discussion of the Company's net investment income allocation methodology.

Claims and Expenses

Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$351 million \$428 million, \$17 million \$48 million or 5% 13% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher business volumes and (ii) a favorable re-estimation of domestic management liability losses incurred for the first six months of 2023 that was lower than the favorable re-estimation losses incurred in the same period of 2022, partially offset by (iii) higher net favorable prior year reserve development, and (iv) lower catastrophe losses.

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the first nine months of 2023 were \$1.10 billion, \$78 million or 8% higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher business volumes, (ii) losses from a small number of surety accounts, partially offset by (iii) loss activity related to the disruption in the banking sector and (iv) higher catastrophe losses, partially offset by (v) higher net favorable in the prior year reserve development.

Factors contributing to net favorable prior year reserve development during the third quarters and first nine months of 2023 and 2022 are discussed in more detail in note 7 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements, quarter.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Factors contributing to net favorable prior year reserve development during the first quarters of 2024 and 2023 are discussed in more detail in note 7 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Amortization of Deferred Acquisition Costs

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$173 million \$182 million, \$11 million \$22 million or 7% 14% higher than in the same period of 2022. Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the first nine months of 2023, was \$501 million, \$35 million or 8% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023 were generally consistent with the increases increase in earned premiums.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$172 million \$205 million, \$24 million \$40 million or 16% 24% higher than in the same period of 2022. General and administrative expenses in the first nine months of 2023 were \$510 million, \$73 million or 17% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023, primarily reflected reflecting the acquisition of Corvus, as well as higher employee and technology related expenses.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$66 million \$45 million, \$4 million or 6% 10% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting the impact of the \$27 million increase in segment income before income taxes. Income tax expense in the first nine months of 2023 was \$166 million, \$25 million or 18% higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the \$40 million increase in segment income before income taxes and the \$24 million reduction in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the resolution of prior year tax matters, partially offset by the one-time tax benefit of \$9 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item, item, partially offset by the impact of the \$8 million decrease in segment income before income taxes.

Combined Ratio

The combined ratio of 73.6% 84.5% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 1.1 4.5 points higher than the combined ratio of 72.5% 80.0% in the same period of 2022, 2023. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 36.9% in the third quarter of 2023 was 0.4 points lower than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 37.3% in the same period of 2022. The underwriting expense ratio of 36.7% in the third quarter of 2023 was 1.5 points higher than the underwriting expense ratio of 35.2% in the same period of 2022.

Net favorable prior year reserve development in the third quarters of 2023 and 2022 provided 7.7 points and 7.2 points of benefit, respectively, to the combined ratio. Catastrophe losses in the third quarters of 2023 and 2022 accounted for 0.6 points and 1.3 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the third quarter of 2023 was 2.3 points higher than the 2022 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) a higher expense ratio and (ii) a favorable re-estimation of domestic management liability losses incurred for the first six months of 2023 that was lower than the favorable re-estimation losses incurred in the same period of 2022.

The combined ratio of 76.8% 44.4% in the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was 2.0 points higher than the combined ratio of 74.8% in the same period of 2022. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 39.8% in the first nine months of 2023 was 0.3 1.4 points higher than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 39.5% 43.0% in the same period of 2022, 2023. The underwriting expense ratio of 37.0% 40.1% in the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was 1.7 3.1 points higher than the underwriting expense ratio of 35.3% 37.0% in the same period of 2022, 2023.

Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months quarters of 2024 and 2023 and 2022 provided 9.1 2.5 points and 6.7 points of benefit, respectively, to the combined ratio. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months quarters of 2023 2024 and 2022 2023 accounted for 1.1 0.5 points and 0.6 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 was 3.9 0.4 points higher than the 2022 2023 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) a higher expense ratio, (ii) losses from a small number of surety accounts basis.

Written Premiums

The Bond & Specialty Insurance segment's gross and (iii) loss activity related to the disruption in the banking sector, net written premiums were as follows:

(in millions)	Gross Written Premiums	
	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
Domestic:		
Management Liability	\$ 611	\$ 564
Surety	349	303
Total Domestic	960	867
International		
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance	\$ 1,076	\$ 1,010

(in millions)	Net Written Premiums	
	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
Domestic:		
Management Liability	\$ 543	\$ 511
Surety	296	257
Total Domestic	839	768
International		
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance	\$ 943	\$ 886

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Written Premiums

The Bond & Specialty Insurance segment's gross and net written premiums were as follows:

(in millions)	Gross Written Premiums			
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Domestic:				
Management Liability	\$ 618	\$ 620	\$ 1,780	\$ 1,783
Surety	330	295	933	889
Total Domestic	948	915	2,713	2,672
International				
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance	\$ 1,082	\$ 1,043	\$ 3,127	\$ 3,088

(in millions)	Net Written Premiums			
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Domestic:				
Management Liability	\$ 551	\$ 554	\$ 1,603	\$ 1,592
Surety	321	284	871	828
Total Domestic	872	838	2,474	2,420
International				
Total Bond & Specialty Insurance	\$ 1,003	\$ 964	\$ 2,853	\$ 2,808

Gross and net written premiums in the third quarter of 2023 both increased by 4% over the same period of 2022. Gross and net written premiums in the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 increased by 1% 7% and 2% 6%, respectively, over the same period of 2022 2023.

Domestic. Net written premiums of \$872 million and \$2.47 billion \$839 million in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023, respectively, 2024 increased by 4% and 2%, respectively, 9% over the same periods period of 2022 2023. Excluding the surety line of business, for which the following are not relevant measures, retention rates remained strong in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 and increased slightly over the same periods period of 2022 2023. Renewal premium changes in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 remained positive but were lower than in the same periods period of 2022 2023. New business premiums in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 increased over the same periods period of 2022 2023.

International. Net written premiums of \$131 million in the third quarter of 2023 increased by 4% over the same period of 2022, primarily driven by increases in the United Kingdom and broader Europe, partially offset by decreases in Canada. Net written premiums of \$379 million \$104 million in the first nine months quarter of 2023 2024 decreased by 2% 12% from the same period of 2022 2023, primarily driven by decreases in the United Kingdom and broader Europe and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Europe.

**THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**

Personal Insurance

Results of Personal Insurance were as follows:

(dollars in millions)	(dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
(dollars in millions)	(dollars in millions)				
(dollars in millions)	(dollars in millions)				
Revenues					
Revenues					
Revenues	Revenues				
Earned premiums	Earned premiums	\$ 3,827	\$ 3,385	\$ 10,990	\$ 9,756
Earned premiums					
Earned premiums					
Net investment income					

Net investment income							
Net investment income	Net investment income	132	102	374	334		
Fee income	Fee income	10	8	25	22		
Fee income							
Fee income							
Other revenues							
Other revenues							
Other revenues	Other revenues	24	22	72	61		
Total revenues	Total revenues	3,993	3,517	11,461	10,173		
Total revenues							
Total revenues							
Total claims and expenses	Total claims and expenses	4,249	3,664	12,344	10,318		
Segment loss before income taxes		(256)	(147)	(883)	(145)		
Income tax benefit		(63)	(36)	(235)	(66)		
Segment loss	\$	(193)	\$ (111)	\$ (648)	\$ (79)		
Total claims and expenses							
Total claims and expenses							
Segment income before income taxes							
Segment income before income taxes							
Segment income before income taxes							
Income tax expense (benefit)							
Income tax expense (benefit)							
Income tax expense (benefit)							
Segment income							
Segment income							
Segment income							
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio							
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio							
Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	Loss and loss adjustment expense ratio	85.7	%	82.6	%	79.3	%
Underwriting expense ratio	Underwriting expense ratio	24.3		24.6		24.7	
Underwriting expense ratio							
Underwriting expense ratio							
Combined ratio	Combined ratio	110.0	%	107.2	%	111.3	%
Combined ratio							
Combined ratio							

Overview

Segment loss income in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$193 million \$220 million, compared with a segment loss of \$111 million \$137 million or 165% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023. The increase in segment loss income before income taxes was driven by the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher catastrophe losses, partially offset by (ii) higher underlying underwriting margins, (iii) higher net investment income and (iv) (ii) higher net favorable prior year reserve development, development and (iii) higher net investment income, partially offset by (iv) higher catastrophe losses. Catastrophe losses in the third first quarters of 2024 and 2023 were \$498 million and 2022 were \$642 million and \$285 million \$331 million, respectively. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the third first quarters of 2024 and 2023 was \$67 million and 2022 was \$37 million and \$18 million \$28 million, respectively. The higher underlying underwriting margins primarily reflected the impacts of (i) the benefit of earned pricing in both the automobile and homeowners and other product lines (ii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line and (iii) (ii) higher business volumes. The segment recorded income tax expense in the first quarter of 2024 compared with an income tax benefit in the third quarter of 2023 was higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023. The change in income taxes primarily reflected the impact of the increase in segment loss before income taxes.

Segment loss in the first nine months of 2023 was \$648 million, compared with a segment loss of \$79 million in the same period of 2022. The increase in segment loss before income taxes was driven by the pre-tax impacts of (i) higher catastrophe losses, partially offset by (ii) higher underlying underwriting margins, (iii) higher net favorable prior year reserve development and (iv) higher net investment income. Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 were \$2.04 billion and \$873 million, respectively. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 was \$107 million and \$39 million, respectively. The higher underlying underwriting margins primarily reflected the impacts of (i) the benefit of earned pricing in both the automobile and homeowners and other product lines, (ii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line and (iii) higher business volumes, partially offset by (iv) higher losses in the automobile product line. The income tax benefit in the first nine months of 2023 was higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the increase in segment loss before income taxes and a one-time tax benefit of \$31 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item, partially offset by a \$20 million reduction in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the resolution of prior year tax matters item.

Revenues

Earned Premiums

Earned premiums in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$3.83 billion \$4.01 billion, \$442 million \$508 million or 13% 15% higher than in the same period of 2022. Earned premiums in the first nine months of 2023 were \$10.99 billion, \$1.23 billion or 13% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023, primarily reflected reflecting the increase in net written premiums over the preceding twelve months.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Net Investment Income

Net investment income in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$132 million \$147 million, \$30 million or 29% 26% higher than in the same period of 2022. Net investment income in the first nine months of 2023 was \$374 million, \$40 million or 12% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023. Refer to the "Revenues—Net Investment Income" section of the "Consolidated Results of Operations" discussion herein for a description of the factors contributing to the increases increase in the Company's consolidated net investment income in the third first quarter and first nine months of 2023 2024 compared with the same periods period of 2022, 2023. In addition, refer to note 2 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report for a discussion of the Company's net investment income allocation methodology.

Other Revenues

Other revenues in the third first quarters of 2024 and first nine months of 2023 and 2022 primarily consisted of installment premium charges.

Claims and Expenses

Claims and Claim Adjustment Expenses

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$3.28 billion \$2.90 billion, \$484 million \$225 million or 17% 8% higher than in the same period of 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher business volumes, (ii) higher catastrophe losses and (ii) higher business volumes, partially offset by (iii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line and (iv) higher net favorable prior year reserve development.

Claims and claim adjustment expenses in the first nine months of 2023 were \$9.52 billion, \$1.78 billion or 23% higher than in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) higher catastrophe losses, (ii) higher business volumes and (iii) higher losses in the automobile product line, loss cost trends, partially offset by (iv) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line and (v) higher net favorable prior year reserve development.

Factors contributing to net favorable prior year reserve development during the third quarter first quarters of 2024 and first nine months of 2023 are discussed in more detail in note 7 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements. Net favorable prior year reserve development was not significant in the third quarter and first nine months of 2022.

Amortization of Deferred Acquisition Costs

Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was \$611 million \$652 million, \$75 million \$92 million or 14% 16% higher than in the same period of 2022. Amortization of deferred acquisition costs in the first nine months of 2023, was \$1.75 billion, \$201 million or 13% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023 were generally consistent with the increases increase in earned premiums.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 were \$359 million \$375 million, \$26 million \$16 million or 8% 4% higher than in the same period of 2022. General and administrative expenses in the first nine months of 2023 were \$1.08 billion, \$49 million or 5% higher than in the same period of 2022. The increases in both periods of 2023, primarily reflected reflecting higher employee and technology related expenses.

Income Tax Benefit Expense (Benefit)

The segment recorded income tax expense of \$47 million in the first quarter of 2024, compared with an income tax benefit in the third quarter of 2023 was \$63 million, compared with \$36 million \$25 million in the same period of 2022, 2023. The change in income taxes primarily reflecting reflected the impact of the \$109 million \$209 million increase in segment loss before income taxes. The income tax benefit in the first nine months of 2023 was \$235 million, compared with \$66 million in the same period of 2022, primarily reflecting the impact of the \$738 million increase in segment loss before income taxes and the one-time tax benefit of \$31 million in the first quarter of 2023 due to the expiration of the statute of limitations with respect to a tax item, partially offset by the \$20 million reduction in income tax expense in the first quarter of 2022 as a result of the resolution of prior year tax matters item.

Combined Ratio

The combined ratio of 110.0% 96.9% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 2.8 4.6 points higher lower than the combined ratio of 107.2% 101.5% in the same period of 2022, 2023. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 85.7% 72.2% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 3.1 4.1 points higher lower than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 82.6% 76.3% in the same period of 2022, 2023. The underwriting expense ratio of 24.3% 24.7% in the third first quarter of 2023 2024 was 0.3 0.5 points lower than the underwriting expense ratio of 24.6% 25.2% in the same period of 2022, 2023.

Catastrophe losses in the **third** first quarters of **2023** **2024** and **2022** **2023** accounted for **16.8** **12.4** points and **8.4** **9.4** points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the **third** first quarters of **2024** and **2023** and **2022** provided **1.0** **1.6** points and **0.5** **0.8** points of benefit, respectively, to the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the **third** first quarter of **2024** was 6.8 points lower than the **2023** was 5.1 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impact of the benefit of earned pricing in both the automobile and homeowners and other product lines.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

points lower than the **2022** ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) the benefit of earned pricing in both the automobile and homeowners and other product lines and (ii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line.

The combined ratio of 111.3% in the first nine months of 2023 was 6.6 points higher than the combined ratio of 104.7% in the same period of 2022. The loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 86.6% in the first nine months of 2023 was 7.3 points higher than the loss and loss adjustment expense ratio of 79.3% in the same period of 2022. The underwriting expense ratio of 24.7% in the first nine months of 2023 was 0.7 points lower than the underwriting expense ratio of 25.4% in the same period of 2022.

Catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 accounted for 18.5 points and 8.9 points, respectively, of the combined ratio. Net favorable prior year reserve development in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 provided 1.0 points and 0.4 points of benefit, respectively, to the combined ratio. The underlying combined ratio in the first nine months of 2023 was 2.4 points lower than the 2022 ratio on the same basis, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) the benefit of earned pricing in both the automobile and homeowners and other product lines, (ii) lower losses in the homeowners and other product line and (iii) a lower expense ratio, partially offset by (iv) higher losses in the automobile product line.

Written Premiums

Personal Insurance's gross and net written premiums were as follows:

		Gross Written Premiums				Gross Written Premiums	
		Three Months		Nine Months Ended			
		Ended		September 30,		September 30,	
(in millions)	(in millions)	2023	2022	2023	2022		
(in millions)	(in millions)						
Domestic:							
Domestic:	Domestic:						
Automobile	Automobile	\$2,026	\$1,747	\$ 5,515	\$ 4,888		
Automobile							
Automobile							
Homeowners and Other							
Homeowners and Other							
Homeowners and Other	Homeowners and Other	2,286	1,980	6,192	5,342		
Total	Total						
Domestic	Domestic	4,312	3,727	11,707	10,230		
Total Domestic							
Total Domestic							
International							
International							
International	International	184	178	508	515		
Total	Total						
Personal	Personal						
Insurance	Insurance	\$4,496	\$3,905	\$12,215	\$10,745		
Total Personal Insurance							
Total Personal Insurance							
Net Written Premiums				Net Written Premiums			

(in millions)	(in millions)	Three Months				
		Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
(in millions)						
(in millions)						
Domestic:						
Domestic:						
Domestic:	Domestic:					
Automobile	Automobile	\$2,022	\$1,743	\$ 5,499	\$ 4,868	
Automobile						
Automobile						
Homeowners and Other						
Homeowners and Other						
Homeowners	Homeowners					
and Other	and Other	2,216	1,952	5,954	5,164	
Total	Total					
Domestic	Domestic	4,238	3,695	11,453	10,032	
Total Domestic						
Total Domestic						
International:						
International:						
International	International	172	169	489	500	
Total	Total					
Personal	Personal					
Insurance	Insurance	\$4,410	\$3,864	\$11,942	\$10,532	
Total Personal Insurance						
Total Personal Insurance						

Gross and net written premiums in the **third** first quarter of **2023** **2024** increased by **15%** **10%** and **14%** **9%**, respectively, over the same period of **2022**. Gross and net written premiums in the first nine months of **2023** increased by **14%** and **13%**, respectively, over the same period of **2022**.

Domestic

Automobile net written premiums of \$2.02 billion and \$5.50 billion \$1.86 billion in the **third** first quarter and first nine months of **2023**, respectively, **2024** increased by **16%** and **13%**, respectively, **12%** over the same period of **2022**. Retention rates remained strong in the **third** first quarter of **2024** and first nine months of **2023** but decreased from were comparable with the same period of **2022**, **2023**. Renewal premium changes in the **third** first quarter and first nine months of **2023** **2024** remained positive and were higher than in the same period of **2022**, **2023**. New business premiums in the **third** first quarter of **2024** increased slightly over the same period of **2023**.

Homeowners and Other net written premiums of \$1.64 billion in the first nine months quarter of **2023** **2024** increased by **4%** over the same periods of **2023**. Retention rates remained strong in the first quarter of **2024** and were comparable with the same period of **2023**. Renewal premium changes in the first quarter of **2024** remained positive but were lower than in the same period of **2023**. New business premiums in the first quarter of **2024** decreased from the same period of **2022**, **2023**.

For its Domestic business, Personal Insurance had approximately 9.0 million and 9.2 million active policies at March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

International

International net written premiums of \$149 million in the first quarter of **2024** increased by **11%** over the same period of **2023**, driven by increases in the automobile product line.

For its International business, Personal Insurance had approximately 450,000 and 448,000 active policies at March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Homeowners and Other net written premiums of \$2.22 billion and \$5.95 billion in the third quarter and first nine months of **2023**, respectively, increased by **14%** and **15%**, respectively, over the same periods of **2022**. Retention rates remained strong in the third quarter and first nine months of **2023** but decreased slightly from the same periods of **2022**. Renewal premium changes in the third quarter and first nine months of **2023** remained positive and were higher than in the same periods of **2022**. New business premiums in the third quarter and first nine months of **2023** decreased from the same periods of **2022**.

For its Domestic business, Personal Insurance had approximately 9.1 million and 9.2 million active policies at September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

International

International net written premiums of \$172 million in the third quarter of 2023 increased by 2% over the same period of 2022, driven by increases in automobile product line, partially offset by the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. International net written premiums of \$489 million in the first nine months of 2023 decreased by 2% from the same period of 2022, driven by the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

For its International business, Personal Insurance had approximately 451,000 and 455,000 active policies at September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Interest Expense and Other

(in millions)	(in millions)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
		September 30, 2023	2022	September 30, 2023	2022
Income (loss)	Income (loss)	\$ (86)	\$ (76)	\$ (241)	\$ (226)
Income (loss)					
Income (loss)					

The Income (loss) for Interest Expense and Other in the **third** first quarters of 2024 and 2023 and 2022 was \$(86) \$(83) million and \$(76) million, respectively. Pre-tax interest expense for the **third** first quarters of 2023 2024 and 2022 2023 was \$98 million and \$88 million, respectively. After-tax interest expense for the **third** first quarters of 2024 and 2023 and 2022 was \$78 million \$77 million and \$70 million, respectively. The Income (loss) for Interest Expense and Other in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 was \$(241) million and \$(226) million, respectively. Pre-tax interest expense in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 was \$278 million and \$263 million, respectively. After-tax interest expense in the first nine months of 2023 and 2022 was \$220 million and \$208 million, respectively.

ASBESTOS CLAIMS AND LITIGATION

The Company believes that the property and casualty insurance industry has suffered from court decisions and other trends that have expanded insurance coverage for asbestos claims far beyond the original intent of insurers and policyholders. The Company has received and continues to receive a significant number of asbestos claims. Factors underlying these claim filings include continued intensive advertising by lawyers seeking asbestos claimants and the focus by plaintiffs on defendants, such as manufacturers of talcum powder, who were not traditionally primary targets of asbestos litigation. The focus on these defendants is primarily the result of the number of traditional asbestos defendants who have sought bankruptcy protection in previous years. The bankruptcy of many traditional defendants has also caused increased settlement demands against those policyholders who are not in bankruptcy but remain in the tort system. Currently, in many jurisdictions, those who allege very serious injury and who can present credible medical evidence of their injuries are receiving priority trial settings in the courts, while those who have not shown any credible disease manifestation are having their hearing dates delayed or placed on an inactive docket. Prioritizing claims involving credible evidence of injuries, along with the focus on defendants who were not traditionally primary targets of asbestos litigation, contributes to the claims and claim adjustment expense payment patterns experienced by the Company. The Company's asbestos-related claims and claim adjustment expense experience also has been impacted by the unavailability of other insurance sources potentially available to policyholders, whether through exhaustion of policy limits or through the insolvency of other participating insurers.

The Company continues to be involved in disputes, including litigation, with a number of policyholders, some of whom are in bankruptcy, over coverage for asbestos-related claims. Many coverage disputes with policyholders are only resolved through settlement agreements. Because many policyholders make exaggerated demands, it is difficult to predict the outcome of settlement negotiations. Settlements involving bankrupt policyholders may include extensive releases which are favorable to the Company, but which could result in settlements for larger amounts than originally anticipated. Although the Company has seen

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

a reduction in the overall risk associated with these disputes, it remains difficult to predict the ultimate cost of these claims. As in the past, the Company will continue to pursue settlement opportunities.

In addition to claims against policyholders, proceedings have been launched directly against insurers, including the Company, by individuals challenging insurers' conduct with respect to the handling of past asbestos claims and by individuals seeking damages arising from alleged asbestos-related bodily injuries. It is possible that other direct actions against insurers, including the Company, could be filed in the future. It is difficult to predict the outcome of these proceedings, including whether the plaintiffs would be able to sustain these actions against insurers based on novel legal theories of liability. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to any such claims and has received favorable rulings in certain jurisdictions.

Because each policyholder presents different liability and coverage issues, the Company generally reviews the exposure presented by each policyholder with open claims at least annually. Among the factors the Company may consider in the course of this review are: available insurance coverage, including the role of any umbrella or excess insurance the Company has issued to the policyholder; limits and deductibles; an analysis of the policyholder's potential liability; the jurisdictions involved; past and anticipated future claim activity and loss development on pending claims; past settlement values of similar claims; allocated claim adjustment expense; the potential role of other insurance; the role, if any, of non-asbestos claims or potential non-asbestos claims in any resolution process; and applicable coverage defenses or determinations, if any, including the determination as to whether or not an asbestos claim is a products/completed operation claim subject to an aggregate limit and the available coverage, if any, for that claim.

In the third quarter of 2023, the Company completed its annual in-depth asbestos claim review, including a review of policyholders with open claims and litigation cases for potential product and "non-product" liability. The number of policyholders with open asbestos claims and net asbestos payments was relatively flat compared to 2022. Payments on behalf of

these policyholders continue to be influenced by an increase in severity for certain policyholders and a high level of litigation activity in a limited number of jurisdictions where individuals alleging serious asbestos-related injury, primarily mesothelioma, continue to target defendants who were not traditionally primary targets of asbestos litigation.

The Company's quarterly asbestos reserve reviews include an analysis of exposure and claim payment patterns by policyholder, as well as recent settlements, policyholder bankruptcies, judicial rulings and legislative actions. The Company also analyzes developing payment patterns among policyholders and the assumed reinsurance component of reserves, as well as projected

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

reinsurance billings and recoveries. In addition, the Company reviews its historical gross and net loss and expense paid experience, year-by-year, to assess any emerging trends, fluctuations, or characteristics suggested by the aggregate paid activity. Conventional actuarial methods are not utilized to establish asbestos reserves, and the Company's evaluations have not resulted in a reliable method to determine a meaningful average asbestos defense or indemnity payment.

The completion of these reviews and analyses in the third quarters of 2023 and 2022 resulted in \$284 million and \$212 million increases, respectively, to the Company's net asbestos reserves. In both 2023 and 2022, the reserve increases were primarily driven by increases in the Company's estimate of projected settlement and defense costs related to a broad number of policyholders. The increase in the estimate of projected settlement and defense costs primarily resulted from payment trends that continue to be higher than previously anticipated due to the continued high level of mesothelioma claim filings and the impact of the current litigation environment surrounding those claims discussed above. The 2023 charge also includes an additional increase to strengthen the Company's carried reserve position relative to the range of reasonable estimates. Over the past decade, the property and casualty insurance industry, including the Company, has experienced net unfavorable prior year reserve development with regard to asbestos reserves, but the Company believes that over that period there has been a reduction in the volatility associated with the Company's overall asbestos exposure as the overall asbestos environment has evolved from one dominated by exposure to significant litigation risks, particularly coverage disputes relating to policyholders in bankruptcy who were asserting that their claims were not subject to the aggregate limits contained in their policies, to an environment primarily driven by a frequency of litigation related to individuals with mesothelioma. The Company's overall view of the current underlying asbestos environment is essentially unchanged from recent periods, and there remains a high degree of uncertainty with respect to future exposure to asbestos claims.

Net asbestos paid loss and loss expenses in the first nine months of 2024 and 2023 were \$74 million and 2022 were \$156 million in both periods. \$33 million, respectively. Net asbestos reserves were \$1.43 billion \$1.30 billion and \$1.39 billion \$1.27 billion at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

The following table displays activity for asbestos losses and loss expenses and reserves:

(at and for the three months ended March 31, in millions)	2024	2023
Beginning reserves:		
Gross	\$ 1,768	\$ 1,674
Ceded	(390)	(369)
Net	<u>1,378</u>	<u>1,305</u>
Incurred losses and loss expenses:		
Gross	—	—
Ceded	—	—
Net	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Paid loss and loss expenses:		
Gross	82	54
Ceded	(8)	(21)
Net	<u>74</u>	<u>33</u>
Foreign exchange and other:		
Gross	—	—
Ceded	—	—
Net	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Ending reserves:		
Gross	\$ 1,686	\$ 1,620
Ceded	(382)	(348)
Net	<u>\$ 1,304</u>	<u>\$ 1,272</u>

See "—Uncertainty Regarding Adequacy of Asbestos and Environmental Reserves."

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

The following table displays activity for asbestos losses and loss expenses and reserves:

(at and for the nine months ended September 30, in millions)	2023	2022
Beginning reserves:		
Gross	\$ 1,674	\$ 1,687
Ceded	(369)	(346)
Net	<u>1,305</u>	<u>1,341</u>
Incurred losses and loss expenses:		
Gross	374	287
Ceded	(90)	(75)
Net	<u>284</u>	<u>212</u>
Paid loss and loss expenses:		
Gross	200	205
Ceded	(44)	(49)
Net	<u>156</u>	<u>156</u>
Foreign exchange and other:		
Gross	—	(4)
Ceded	—	—
Net	<u>—</u>	<u>(4)</u>
Ending reserves:		
Gross	1,848	1,765
Ceded	(415)	(372)
Net	<u>\$ 1,433</u>	<u>\$ 1,393</u>

See "—Uncertainty Regarding Adequacy of Asbestos and Environmental Reserves."

ENVIRONMENTAL CLAIMS AND LITIGATION

The Company has received and continues to receive claims from policyholders who allege that they are liable for injury or damage arising out of the alleged storage, emissions or disposal of toxic substances, frequently under policies issued prior to the mid-1980s. These claims are mainly brought pursuant to various state or federal statutes that require a liable party to undertake or pay for environmental remediation. For example, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) enables private parties as well as federal and state governments to take action with respect to releases and threatened releases of hazardous substances. This federal statute permits the recovery of response costs from some liable parties and may require liable parties to undertake their own remedial action. Liability under these statutes may be joint and several with other responsible parties. The Company has also been, and continues to be, involved in litigation involving insurance coverage issues pertaining to environmental claims. The Company believes that some court decisions pertaining to environmental claims have interpreted the insurance coverage to be broader than the original intent of the insurers and policyholders.

In establishing environmental reserves, the Company evaluates the exposure presented by each policyholder and the anticipated cost of resolution, if any. In the course of its analysis, the Company generally considers the probable liability, available coverage and relevant judicial interpretations. In addition, the Company considers the many variables presented, such as: the nature of the alleged activities of the policyholder at each site; the number of sites; the total number of potentially responsible parties at each site; the nature of the alleged environmental harm and the corresponding remedy at each site; the nature of government enforcement activities at each site; the ownership and general use of each site; the overall nature of the insurance relationship between the Company and the policyholder, including the role of any umbrella or excess insurance the Company has issued to the policyholder; the involvement of other insurers; the potential for other available coverage, including the number of years of coverage; the role, if any, of non-environmental claims or potential non-environmental claims in any resolution process; and the applicable law in each jurisdiction. The evaluation of the exposure presented by a policyholder can

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

change as information concerning that policyholder and the many variables presented is developed. Conventional actuarial methods are not used to estimate these reserves.

Over the past several years, the Company has experienced generally favorable trends in the number of new policyholders tendering environmental claims for the first time and in the number of pending declaratory judgment actions relating to environmental matters. These policyholders continue to present smaller exposures, are involved in fewer hazardous waste sites and are lower tier defendants than policyholders presenting such claims in the past. Further, in many instances, clean-up costs have been reduced because regulatory agencies are willing to accept risk-based site analyses and more efficient clean-up technologies. However, the degree to which those favorable trends have continued has been less than anticipated. In addition, reserve development on existing environmental claims as well as the costs associated with coverage litigation on environmental matters has been greater than anticipated, driven by claims and legal developments in a limited number of jurisdictions. As a result of these factors, the Company increased its net environmental reserves by \$26 million \$29 million and \$74 million \$31 million in the third quarter and first nine three months of 2023, respectively, 2024 and by \$12 million and \$95 million in the third

quarter and first nine months of 2022, 2023, respectively. Net environmental paid loss and loss expenses in the first **nine** **three** months of 2024 and 2023 were \$15 million and 2022 were \$63 million and \$52 million \$25 million, respectively. Net environmental reserves were \$382 million \$396 million and \$364 million \$377 million at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022**, 2023, respectively.

UNCERTAINTY REGARDING ADEQUACY OF ASBESTOS AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESERVES

As a result of the processes and procedures discussed above, management believes that the reserves carried for asbestos and environmental claims are appropriately established based upon known facts, current law and management's judgment. However, the uncertainties surrounding the final resolution of these claims continue, and it is difficult to determine the ultimate exposure for asbestos and environmental claims and related litigation. As a result, these reserves are subject to revision as new information becomes available and as claims develop. The continuing uncertainties include, without limitation:

- the risks and lack of predictability inherent in complex litigation;
- a further increase in the cost to resolve, and/or the number of, asbestos and environmental claims beyond that which is anticipated;
- the emergence of a greater number of asbestos claims than anticipated as a result of extended life expectancies resulting from medical advances and lifestyle improvements;
- the role of any umbrella or excess policies we have issued;
- the resolution or adjudication of disputes concerning coverage for asbestos and environmental claims in a manner inconsistent with our previous assessment of these disputes;
- the number and outcome of direct actions against us;
- future developments pertaining to our ability to recover reinsurance for asbestos and environmental claims;

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- any impact on asbestos defendants we insure due to the bankruptcy of other asbestos defendants;
- the unavailability of other insurance sources potentially available to policyholders, whether through exhaustion of policy limits or through the insolvency of other participating insurers; and
- uncertainties arising from the insolvency or bankruptcy of policyholders.

Changes in the legal, regulatory and legislative environment may impact the future resolution of asbestos and environmental claims and result in adverse loss reserve development. The emergence of a greater number of asbestos or environmental claims beyond that which is anticipated may result in adverse loss reserve development. Changes in applicable legislation and future court and regulatory decisions and interpretations, including the outcome of legal challenges to legislative and/or judicial reforms establishing medical criteria for the pursuit of asbestos claims, could affect the settlement of asbestos and environmental claims. It is also difficult to predict the ultimate outcome of complex coverage disputes until settlement negotiations near completion and significant legal questions are resolved or, failing settlement, until the dispute is adjudicated. This is particularly the case with policyholders in bankruptcy where negotiations often involve a large number of claimants and other parties and require court approval to be effective. As part of its continuing analysis of asbestos and environmental reserves, the Company continues to study the implications of these and other developments.

Because of the uncertainties set forth above, additional liabilities may arise for amounts in excess of the Company's current reserves. In addition, the Company's estimate of claims and claim adjustment expenses may change. These additional liabilities or increases in estimates, or a range of either, cannot now be reasonably estimated and could result in income statement charges that could be material to the Company's operating results in future periods.

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INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

The Company's invested assets at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** were \$82.96 billion \$88.66 billion, of which 93% was invested in fixed maturity and short-term investments, 1% in equity securities, 1% in real estate investments and 5% in other investments. Because the primary purpose of the investment portfolio is to fund future claims payments, the Company employs a thoughtful investment philosophy that focuses on appropriate risk-adjusted returns. A significant majority of funds available for investment are deployed in a widely diversified portfolio of high quality, liquid, taxable U.S. government, tax-exempt and taxable U.S. municipal and taxable corporate and U.S. agency mortgage-backed bonds.

The carrying value of the Company's fixed maturity portfolio at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** was \$72.58 billion \$77.99 billion. The Company closely monitors the duration of its fixed maturity investments, and investment purchases and sales are executed with the objective of having adequate funds available to satisfy the Company's insurance and debt obligations. The weighted average credit quality of the Company's fixed maturity portfolio, both including and excluding U.S. Treasury securities, was "Aa2" at both **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. Below investment grade securities represented 1.3% of the total fixed maturity investment portfolio at both **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. The weighted average effective duration of fixed maturities and short-term securities was 4.5 (4.8 4.1 (4.3 excluding short-term securities) at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and 4.6 (4.8 4.1 (4.4 excluding short-term securities) at **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**.

Obligations of U.S. States, Municipalities and Political Subdivisions

The Company's fixed maturity investment portfolio at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** included \$26.24 billion \$27.51 billion and \$31.38 billion \$28.51 billion, respectively, of securities which are obligations of U.S. states, municipalities and political subdivisions (collectively referred to as the municipal bond portfolio). The municipal bond portfolio is diversified across the United States, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico and includes general obligation and revenue bonds issued by states, cities, counties, school districts and similar issuers. Included in the municipal bond portfolio at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December**

31, 2023 were \$1.04 billion \$950 million and \$2.34 billion \$966 million, respectively, of pre-refunded bonds, which are bonds for which U.S. states or municipalities have established irrevocable trusts, almost exclusively comprised of U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government and government agencies and authorities. These trusts were created to fund the payment of principal and interest due under the bonds. The irrevocable trusts are verified as to their sufficiency by an independent verification agent of the underwriter, issuer or trustee. All of the Company's holdings of securities issued by Puerto Rico and related entities have either been pre-refunded and therefore are defeased by U.S. Treasury securities or have FHA guarantees subject to federal appropriation.

The Company bases its investment decision on the underlying credit characteristics of the municipal security. The weighted average credit rating of the municipal bond portfolio was "Aaa/Aa1" at both September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

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Mortgage-Backed Securities, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations and Pass-Through Securities

The Company's fixed maturity investment portfolio at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 included \$6.52 billion \$8.92 billion and \$1.99 billion \$7.82 billion, respectively, of residential mortgage-backed securities, including pass-through securities and collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), all of which are subject to prepayment risk (either shortening or lengthening of duration). While prepayment risk for securities and its effect on income cannot be fully controlled, particularly when interest rates move dramatically, the Company's investment strategy generally favors securities that reduce this risk within expected interest rate ranges. Included in the totals at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 were \$5.09 billion \$7.16 billion and \$922 million \$6.23 billion, respectively, of GNMA, FNMA, FHLMC (excluding FHA project loans) and Canadian government guaranteed residential mortgage-backed pass-through securities classified as available for sale. Also included in those totals were residential CMOs classified as available for sale with a fair value of \$1.43 billion \$1.76 billion and \$1.07 billion \$1.59 billion at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively. Approximately 37% 30% and 40% 33% of the Company's CMO holdings at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, respectively, were guaranteed by or fully collateralized by securities issued by GNMA, FNMA or FHLMC. The weighted average credit rating of the \$902 million \$1.23 billion and \$647 million \$1.07 billion of non-guaranteed CMO holdings was "Aaa" and "Aaa/Aa1" at both September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022, respectively. December 31, 2023. The weighted average credit rating of all of the above securities was "Aaa/Aa1" at both September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. For further discussion regarding the Company's investments in residential CMOs, see "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Investment Portfolio" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

Equity Securities, Real Estate and Short-Term Investments

See note 1 of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report for further information about these invested asset classes.

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Other Investments

The Company also invests in private equity, hedge fund and real estate partnerships, and joint ventures. These asset classes have historically provided a higher return than investments in fixed maturities but are subject to more volatility. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the carrying value of the Company's other investments was \$4.35 billion \$4.34 billion and \$4.07 billion \$4.30 billion, respectively.

Investments in private equity, hedge fund and real estate partnerships are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and typically report their financial statement information to the Company one month to three months following the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, net investment income from these other investments is generally reflected in the Company's financial statements on a quarter lag basis.

CATASTROPHE REINSURANCE COVERAGE

The Company's normal renewals and changes to its catastrophe reinsurance coverage occur in January and July each year. The changes effective in January are discussed in the "Catastrophe Reinsurance" section of "Part I—Item 1—Business" in the Company's 2022 Annual Report, and changes effective in July are discussed in the "Catastrophe Reinsurance Coverage" section of "Part I—Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

The Company regularly reviews its catastrophe reinsurance coverage and may adjust such coverage in the future.

REINSURANCE RECOVERABLES

The Company reinsures a portion of the risks it underwrites in order to control its exposure to losses. For a description of the Company's reinsurance recoverables, refer to "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Reinsurance Recoverables" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

The following table summarizes the composition of the Company's reinsurance recoverables:

(in millions)	(in millions)	September		March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
		30, 2023	December 31, 2022 (in millions)		
Gross reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses	Gross reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 4,005	\$ 3,792		
Gross structured settlements	Gross structured settlements	2,726	2,802		
Mandatory pools and associations	Mandatory pools and associations	1,657	1,601		
Gross reinsurance recoverables	Gross reinsurance recoverables	8,388	8,195		
Allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance	Allowance for estimated uncollectible reinsurance	(121)	(132)		
Net reinsurance recoverables	Net reinsurance recoverables	\$ 8,267	\$ 8,063		

Net reinsurance recoverables at September 30, 2023 increased March 31, 2024 decreased by \$204 million over December 31, 2022, primarily reflecting the impacts of net unfavorable prior year reserve development in the third quarter of 2023 and catastrophe losses in the first nine months of 2023, partially offset by cash collections in the first nine months of 2023. \$43 million from December 31, 2023.

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OUTLOOK

The following discussion provides outlook information for certain key drivers of the Company's results of operations and capital position.

Premiums. The Company's earned premiums are a function of net written premium volume. Net written premiums comprise both renewal business and new business and are recognized as earned premium over the term of the underlying policies. When business renews, the amount of net written premiums associated with that business may increase or decrease (renewal premium change) as a result of increases or decreases in rate and/or insured exposures, which the Company considers as a measure of units of exposure (such as the number and value of vehicles or properties insured). Net written premiums from both renewal and new business, and therefore earned premiums, are impacted by competitive market conditions as well as general economic conditions, which, particularly in the case of Business Insurance, affect audit premium adjustments, policy endorsements and

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

mid-term cancellations. Net written premiums may also be impacted by the structure of reinsurance programs and related costs, as well as changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Overall, the Company expects that retention levels (the amount of expiring premium that renews, before the impact of renewal premium changes) will remain strong by historical standards during the remainder of 2023 and into 2024.

Property and casualty insurance market conditions are expected to remain competitive during the remainder of 2023 and into 2024 for new business. In each of the Company's business segments, new business generally has less of an impact on underwriting profitability than renewal business, given the volume of new business relative to renewal business. However, in periods of meaningful increases in new business, despite its positive impact on underwriting gains over time, the impact of higher new business levels may negatively impact the combined ratio for a period of time. In periods of meaningful decreases in new business, despite its negative impact on underwriting gains over time, the impact of lower new business levels may positively impact the combined ratio for a period of time.

Effective January 1, 2023 January 1, 2024, the Company entered into renewed a quota share reinsurance agreement with subsidiaries of Fidelis Insurance Holdings Limited (Fidelis) pursuant to which the Company assumes 20% of the business gross written by premiums of Fidelis during 2023, 2024, subject to a loss ratio cap. The Company's portion of net written premiums from Fidelis is reported as part of the International results of Business Insurance. The Company also has a minority investment in Fidelis.

Underwriting Gain/Loss. The Company's underwriting gain/loss can be significantly impacted by catastrophe losses and net favorable or unfavorable prior year reserve development, as well as underlying underwriting margins. Underlying underwriting margins can be impacted by a number of factors, including variability in non-catastrophe weather, large loss and other loss activity; changes in current period loss estimates resulting from prior period loss development; changes in loss cost trends; changes in business mix; changes in reinsurance coverages and/or costs; premium adjustments; and variability in expenses and assessments.

Catastrophe losses and non-catastrophe weather-related losses are inherently unpredictable from period to period. The Company's results of operations could be adversely impacted if significant catastrophe and non-catastrophe weather-related losses were to occur.

On average for the ten-year period ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, the Company experienced approximately 41% 40% of its annual catastrophe losses during the second quarter, primarily arising out of severe wind and hail storms, including tornadoes. Hurricanes, wildfires and winter storms tend to happen at other times of the year and can also have a material impact on the Company's results of operations. Catastrophe losses incurred in a particular quarter in any given year may differ materially from historical experience. In addition, most of the Company's reinsurance programs renew on January 1 or July 1 of each year, and, therefore, any changes to the availability, cost or coverage terms of such programs will be effective after such dates.

Over much of the past decade, the Company's results have included significant amounts of net favorable prior year reserve development driven by better than expected loss experience. However, given the inherent uncertainty in estimating claims and claim adjustment expense reserves, loss experience could develop such that the Company recognizes in future periods higher or lower levels of favorable prior year reserve development, no favorable prior year reserve development or unfavorable prior year reserve development. In addition, the ongoing review of prior year claims and claim adjustment expense reserves, or other changes in current period circumstances, may result in the Company revising current year loss estimates upward or downward in future periods of the current year.

It is possible that changes in economic conditions, the supply chain, the labor market and geopolitical tensions, as well as steps taken by federal, state and/or local governments and the Federal Reserve could lead to higher or lower inflation than the

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Company anticipated, which could in turn lead to an increase or decrease in the Company's loss costs and the need to strengthen or reduce claims and claim adjustment expense reserves. These impacts of inflation on loss costs and claims and claim adjustment expense reserves could be more pronounced for those lines of business that require a relatively longer period of time to finalize and settle claims for a given accident year and, accordingly, are relatively more inflation sensitive. Labor shortages and higher Higher costs of vehicles, labor, parts and raw materials are adversely impacting severity in our personal and commercial businesses and may continue to do so in future quarters. For a further discussion, see "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors—if actual claims exceed our claims and claim adjustment expense reserves, or if changes in the estimated level of claims and claim adjustment expense reserves are necessary, including as a result of, among other things, changes in the legal/tort, regulatory and economic environments in which the Company operates, our financial results could be materially and adversely affected" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

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The Company's results of operations may be impacted by a number of other factors, including an economic slowdown, a recession, financial market volatility, a shutdown of the U.S. government, disruption in the banking sector, supply chain disruptions, monetary and fiscal policy measures, heightened geopolitical tensions, fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates, the political and regulatory environment, changes to the U.S. Federal budget and potential changes in tax laws.

Investment Portfolio. The Company expects to continue to focus its investment strategy on maintaining a high-quality investment portfolio and a relatively short average effective duration. The weighted average effective duration of fixed maturities and short-term securities was 4.5 (4.8 4.1 (4.3 excluding short-term securities) at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. From time to time, the Company enters into short positions in U.S. Treasury futures contracts to manage the duration of its fixed maturity portfolio. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company had no open U.S. Treasury futures contracts. The Company regularly evaluates its investment alternatives and mix. Currently, the majority of the Company's investments are comprised of a widely diversified portfolio of high-quality, liquid, taxable U.S. government, tax-exempt and taxable U.S. municipal, taxable corporate and U.S. agency mortgage-backed bonds.

The Company also invests much smaller amounts in equity securities, real estate and private equity, hedge fund and real estate partnerships, and joint ventures. These investment classes have the potential for higher returns but also the potential for greater volatility and higher degrees of risk, including less stable rates of return and less liquidity.

Approximately 27% 33% of the fixed maturity portfolio is expected to mature over the next three years (including the early redemption of bonds, assuming interest rates (including credit spreads) do not rise significantly by applicable call dates). As a result, the overall yield on and composition of its portfolio could be meaningfully impacted by the types of investments available for reinvestment with the proceeds of maturing bonds.

Net investment income is a material contributor to the Company's results of operations. Based on our current expectations for the impact of expected higher reinvestment yields on fixed income investments and slightly higher levels of fixed income investments, the Company expects that after-tax net investment income from that portfolio will be approximately \$615 million \$640 million in the fourth second quarter of 2023, 2024, \$665 million in the third quarter of 2024 and \$690 million in the Company also currently expects that after-tax net investment income from that portfolio will be approximately \$630 million to \$690 million for each fourth quarter of 2024. This expectation could be impacted by the direction of interest rates and disruptions in global financial markets. Included in other investments are private equity, hedge fund and real estate partnerships that are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and typically report their financial statement information to the Company one month to three months following the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, net investment income or loss from these other investments is generally reflected in the Company's financial statements on a quarter lag basis. The Company's net investment income in future periods from its non-fixed income investment portfolio will be impacted, positively or negatively, by the performance of global financial markets.

The Company had net pre-tax realized investment losses gains of \$94 million \$35 million in the first nine months of 2023. Changes in global financial markets could result in net realized investment gains or losses in the Company's investment portfolio.

The Company had a net pre-tax unrealized investment loss of \$8.20 billion \$4.72 billion (\$6.46 3.72 billion after-tax) in its fixed maturity investment portfolio at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, compared to \$6.22 billion \$3.97 billion (\$4.90 3.13 billion after-tax) at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The net unrealized investment loss is primarily due to the impact of movements in interest rates. The increase in the net unrealized investment loss in the first nine months of 2023 2024 was due to increases in interest rates. While the Company does not attempt to predict future interest rate movements, a rising interest rate environment reduces the market value of fixed maturity investments and, therefore, reduces shareholders' equity, and a declining interest rate environment has the opposite effects. These The net unrealized losses are due to recent increases in interest rates; however, the net unrealized loss discussed above is considered temporary in nature as it is not due to credit impairments, there is no impact on expected contractual cash flows from fixed maturities, and the Company generally holds its fixed maturity investments to maturity. In addition, given the temporary nature of net unrealized losses combined with the Company's strong operating cash flows (which include income received on investments) and the proceeds received upon maturity of the investments, the net

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

unrealized investment loss is not expected to meaningfully impact the Company's assessment of capital adequacy or liquidity. Equity securities, which include common and non-redeemable preferred stocks, are reported at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income.

Additionally, disruptions in global financial markets could also impact the market value of the Company's investment portfolio. The Company's investment portfolio has benefited from certain tax exemptions (primarily those related to interest from municipal bonds) and certain other tax laws, including, but not limited to, those governing dividends-received deductions and tax credits (such as foreign tax credits). Changes in these laws could adversely impact the value of the Company's investment portfolio. See "Our businesses are heavily regulated by the states and countries in which we conduct business, including

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

licensing, market conduct and financial supervision, and changes in regulation, including higher changes in tax rates, regulation, may reduce our profitability and limit our growth" included in "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

For further discussion of the Company's investment portfolio, see "Investment Portfolio." For a discussion of the risks to the Company's business during or following a financial market disruption and risks to the Company's investment portfolio, see the risk factors entitled "During or following a period of financial market disruption or an economic downturn, our business could be materially and adversely affected" and "Our investment portfolio is subject to credit and interest rate risk, and may suffer reduced or low returns or material realized or unrealized losses" included in "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report. For a discussion of the risks to the Company's investments from foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, see the risk factor entitled "We are subject to additional risks associated with our business outside the United States" included in "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report and see "Part II—Item 7A—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk—Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

Capital Position. The Company believes it has a strong capital position and, as part of its ongoing efforts to create shareholder value, expects to continue to return capital not needed to support its business operations to its shareholders, subject to the considerations described below. The Company expects that, generally over time, the combination of dividends to common shareholders and common share repurchases will likely not exceed net income. The Company also expects that to the extent that it continues to grow premium volumes, the level of capital to support the Company's financial strength ratings will also increase, and accordingly, the amount of capital returned to shareholders relative to earnings would be somewhat less than it otherwise would have been absent the growth in premium volumes. Given the significant level of catastrophe losses incurred by the Company in the first nine months of 2023, the Company expects that, as was the case in the third quarter of 2023, the level of common share repurchases in the fourth quarter of 2023 will be lower than the quarterly level of repurchases in the first and second quarters of 2023. The timing and actual number of shares to be repurchased in the future will depend on a variety of additional factors, including the Company's financial position, earnings, share price, catastrophe losses, maintaining capital levels appropriate for the Company's business operations, changes in levels of written premiums, funding of the Company's qualified pension plan, capital requirements of the Company's operating subsidiaries, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, other investment opportunities (including mergers and acquisitions and related financings), market conditions, changes in tax laws (including the Inflation Reduction Act Act of 2022) and other factors. For information regarding the Company's common share repurchases in 2023, 2024, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources" herein. S&P Global Ratings (S&P) has announced that it intends to change its capital adequacy model. While the proposed model has not been finalized, it could increase the level of capital S&P requires for a particular financial strength rating. As part of its capital management strategy, the Company will continue to make its own assessment of the appropriate level of capital to support the Company's business operations. For a discussion of the risks to the Company's claims-paying and financial strength ratings, see the risk factor entitled "A downgrade in our claims-paying and financial strength ratings could adversely impact our business volumes, adversely impact our ability to access the capital markets and increase our borrowing costs" included in "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" in the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

As a result of the Company's business outside of the United States, primarily in Canada, the United Kingdom (including Lloyd's), the Republic of Ireland and in Brazil through a joint venture, the Company's capital is also subject to the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Strengthening of the U.S. dollar in comparison to other currencies could result in a reduction in shareholders' equity, while a weakening of the U.S. dollar in comparison to other currencies could result in an increase in shareholders' equity. For additional discussion of the Company's foreign exchange market risk exposure, see "Part II—Item 7A—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

Many of the statements in this "Outlook" section and in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" are forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks and uncertainties that are often difficult to predict and beyond the Company's control. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Further, such

forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report and the Company undertakes no obligation to update them. See "Part II—Item 7—Forward-Looking Statements." For a discussion of potential risks and uncertainties that could impact the Company's results of operations or financial position, see "Part I—Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" herein and "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" and "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report, in each case as updated by the Company's periodic filings with the SEC.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Liquidity is a measure of a company's ability to generate sufficient cash flows to meet the cash requirements of its business operations and to satisfy general corporate purposes when needed.

Operating Company Liquidity. The liquidity requirements of the Company's insurance subsidiaries are met primarily by funds generated from premiums, fees, income received on investments and investment maturities. The Company believes that cash flows from operating activities are sufficient to meet the future liquidity requirements of its insurance subsidiaries. Additionally, investment maturities provide a significant level of available liquidity without requiring the sale of investment securities. For further discussion of operating company liquidity, see "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

Holding Company Liquidity. TRV's liquidity requirements primarily include shareholder dividends, debt servicing, common share repurchases and, from time to time, contributions to its qualified domestic pension plan. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, TRV held total cash and short-term invested assets in the United States aggregating \$1.75 billion \$1.62 billion and having a weighted average maturity of 3945 days. TRV has established a holding company liquidity target equal to its estimated annual pre-tax interest expense and common shareholder dividends (currently approximately \$1.30 billion). TRV's holding company liquidity of \$1.75 billion \$1.62 billion at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 exceeded this target, and it is the opinion of the Company's management that these assets are sufficient to meet TRV's current liquidity requirements.

TRV is not dependent on dividends or other forms of repatriation from its foreign operations to support its liquidity needs. The undistributed earnings of the Company's foreign operations are intended to be permanently reinvested in those operations, and such earnings were not material to the Company's financial position or liquidity at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

TRV has a shelf registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that expires on June 8, 2025 which permits it to issue securities from time to time. TRV also has a \$1.0 billion credit facility with a syndicate of financial institutions that expires on June 15, 2027. At September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, the Company had \$100 million of commercial paper outstanding. TRV is not reliant on its commercial paper program to meet its operating cash flow needs. The Company has no senior notes or junior subordinated debentures maturing until April 2026, at which time \$200 million of senior notes will mature.

The Company utilized uncollateralized letters of credit issued by major banks with an aggregate limit of \$260 million to provide a portion of the capital needed to support its obligations at Lloyd's at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. If uncollateralized letters of credit are not available at a reasonable price or at all in the future, the Company can collateralize these letters of credit or may have to seek alternative means of supporting its obligations at Lloyd's, which could include utilizing holding company funds on hand.

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities in the first nine three months of 2024 and 2023 was \$1.46 billion and 2022 was \$5.61 billion and \$5.13 billion \$1.01 billion, respectively. The increase in cash flows in the first nine three months of 2023 2024 primarily reflected the impacts of higher levels of cash received for premiums, and lower levels of payments for income taxes, partially offset by higher levels of payments for claims and claim adjustments expenses, commissions and general and administrative expenses.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities in the first nine three months of 2024 and 2023 was \$1.04 billion and 2022 was \$5.04 billion and \$3.05 billion \$455 million, respectively. The Company's consolidated total investments at September 30, 2023 increased March 31, 2024 decreased by \$2.50 billion, or 3% over \$153 million from year-end 2022, 2023, primarily reflecting the impacts of (i) net cash flows provided by operating activities, partially offset by (ii) net cash used in financing activities and (iii) higher net unrealized investment losses due to the impact of higher interest rates during the first nine three months of 2023, 2024, (ii) net cash used in financing activities and (iii) the cost of acquiring Corvus, partially offset by (iv) net cash flows provided by operating activities.

The Company's investment portfolio is managed to support its insurance operations; accordingly, the portfolio is positioned to meet obligations to policyholders. As such, the primary goals of the Company's asset-liability management process are to satisfy the insurance liabilities and maintain sufficient liquidity to cover fluctuations in projected liability cash flows. Generally, the expected principal and interest payments produced by the Company's fixed maturity portfolio adequately fund the estimated runoff of the Company's insurance reserves. Although this is not an exact cash flow match in each period, the substantial amount by which the market value of the fixed maturity portfolio exceeds the value of the net insurance liabilities, as well as the positive cash flow from newly sold policies and the large amount of high quality liquid bonds, contributes to the Company's ability to fund claim payments without having to sell assets at a loss or access credit facilities.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities in the first nine three months of 2024 and 2023 was \$399 million and 2022 was \$778 million and \$2.01 billion \$593 million, respectively. The totals in both 2023 2024 and 2022 2023 reflected common share repurchases and dividends paid to shareholders, partially offset by the net proceeds from employee stock option

exercises. Common share repurchases in the first **nine** **three** months of **2024** and **2023** were **\$360 million** and **2022** were **\$957 million** and **\$1.56 billion** **\$460 million**, respectively. Net cash used in financing activities in the first **nine** months of **2023** also included the receipt of net proceeds from the issuance of debt.

Dividends. Dividends paid to shareholders were **\$676 million** **\$229 million** and **\$656 million** **\$215 million** in the first **nine** **three** months of **2023** **2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively. The declaration and payment of future dividends to holders of the Company's common stock will be at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will depend upon many factors, including the Company's financial position, earnings, capital requirements of the Company's operating subsidiaries, legal requirements, regulatory constraints and other factors as the Board of Directors deems relevant. Dividends will be paid by the Company only if declared by its Board of Directors out of funds legally available, subject to any other restrictions that may be applicable to the Company. On **October 18, 2023** **April 17, 2024**, the Company announced that it **declared** **a** **would increase its** regular quarterly dividend **of** **from** **\$1.00 per share to \$1.05 per share, a 5% increase.** The increased dividend is payable **December 29, 2023** **June 28, 2024** to shareholders of record on **December 8, 2023** **June 10, 2024**.

Share Repurchases. The Company's Board of Directors has approved common share repurchase authorizations under which repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market, pursuant to pre-set trading plans meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in private transactions or otherwise. The authorizations do not have a stated expiration date. The Company expects that, generally over time, the combination of dividends to common shareholders and common share repurchases will likely not exceed net income. The Company also expects that to the extent that it continues to grow premium volumes, the amount of capital returned to shareholders relative to earnings would be somewhat less than it otherwise would have been absent the growth in premium volumes. Given the significant level of catastrophe losses incurred by the Company in the first nine months of 2023, the Company expects that, as was the case in the third quarter of 2023, the level of common share repurchases in the fourth quarter of 2023 will be lower than the quarterly level of repurchases in the first and second quarters of 2023. The timing and actual number of shares to be repurchased in the future will depend on a variety of factors, including the Company's financial position, earnings, share price, catastrophe losses, maintaining capital levels appropriate for the Company's business operations, changes in levels of written premiums, funding of the Company's qualified pension plan, capital requirements of the Company's operating subsidiaries, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, other investment opportunities (including mergers and acquisitions and related financings), market conditions, changes in tax laws (including the Inflation Reduction Act) **Act of 2022** and other factors. During the three and nine months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the Company repurchased **0.6 million** and **5.0 million** **1.2 million** common shares respectively, under its share repurchase authorizations for a total cost of **\$100 million** and **\$900 million**, respectively **\$250 million**. The average cost per share repurchased was **\$164.46** and **\$179.59**, respectively **\$217.31**. On April 19, 2023, the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase authorization that added \$5.0 billion of repurchase capacity to the \$1.60 billion of capacity remaining at that date. At **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the Company had **\$6.10 billion** **\$5.79 billion** of capacity remaining under its share repurchase authorizations. Included in the cost of treasury stock acquired pursuant to common share repurchases is the 1% excise tax imposed as part of the Inflation Reduction Act **Act of 2022**.

Capital Resources. Capital resources reflect the overall financial strength of the Company and its ability to borrow funds at competitive rates and raise new capital to meet its needs. The following table summarizes the components of the Company's capital structure at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**.

(in millions)	(in millions)	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		(in millions)	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
		2023	2022	2022	2023			
Debt:	Debt:					Debt:		
Short-term	Short-term	\$ 100	\$ 100					
Long-term	Long-term	8,004	7,254					
Net unamortized fair value adjustments and debt issuance costs	Net unamortized fair value adjustments and debt issuance costs	(73)	(62)					
Total debt	Total debt	8,031	7,292					
Shareholders' equity:	Shareholders' equity:					Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock and retained earnings, less treasury stock	Common stock and retained earnings, less treasury stock	27,990	28,005					
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8,012)	(6,445)					
Total shareholders' equity	Total shareholders' equity	19,978	21,560					
Total capitalization	Total capitalization	\$28,009	\$28,852					

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

On May 25, 2023, the Company issued \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 5.45% senior notes that will mature on May 25, 2053. The Company intends to use the net proceeds of the notes for general corporate purposes. See note 9 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements for further discussion regarding the terms of the senior notes.

The following table provides a reconciliation of total capitalization presented in the foregoing table to total capitalization excluding net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity.

		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	(dollars in millions)		March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
(dollars in millions)	(dollars in millions)						
Total capitalization	Total capitalization	\$28,009	\$28,852				
Less: net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity	Less: net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity	(6,466)	(4,898)				
Total capitalization excluding net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity	Total capitalization excluding net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity	\$34,475	\$33,750				
Debt-to-total capital ratio	Debt-to-total capital ratio	28.7 %	25.3 %	Debt-to-total capital ratio		24.3 %	24.4 %
Debt-to-total capital ratio excluding net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity	Debt-to-total capital ratio excluding net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity	23.3 %	21.6 %	Debt-to-total capital ratio excluding net unrealized losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity		21.8 %	22.3 %

The debt-to-total capital ratio excluding net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity, is calculated by dividing (a) debt by (b) total capitalization excluding net unrealized gains and losses on investments, net of taxes, included in shareholders' equity. Net unrealized gains and losses on investments can be significantly impacted by both interest rate movements and other economic factors. Accordingly, in the opinion of the Company's management, the debt-to-total capital ratio calculated on this basis provides another useful metric for investors to understand the Company's financial leverage position. The Company's ratio of debt-to-total capital excluding after-tax net unrealized investment losses included in shareholders' equity of **23.3% 21.8%** at **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** was within the Company's target range of 15% to 25%.

RATINGS

Ratings are an important factor in assessing the Company's competitive position in the insurance industry. The Company receives ratings from the following major rating agencies: A.M. Best Company (A.M. Best), Fitch Ratings (Fitch), Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) and S&P Global Ratings (S&P). **The following** **There have been no** rating agency action **was** actions taken with respect to the Company since **July 20, 2023** **February 15, 2024**, the date on which the Company's **Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023** **2023 Annual Report** was filed with the SEC. For additional discussion of ratings, see "Part I—Item 1—Business—Ratings" in the Company's **2022** **2023 Annual Report**.

- On July 20, 2023, A.M. Best affirmed all ratings of the Company. The outlook for all ratings is stable.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

For a description of the Company's critical accounting estimates, refer to "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Critical Accounting Estimates" in the Company's **2022****2023** Annual Report. The Company considers its most significant accounting estimates to be those applied to claims and claim adjustment expense reserves and related reinsurance recoverables, and impairments of investments, goodwill and other intangible assets. Except as shown in the table below, there have been no material changes to the Company's critical accounting estimates since **December 31, 2022****December 31, 2023**.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Claims and Claim Adjustment Expense Reserves

The table below displays the Company's gross claims and claim adjustment expense reserves by product line. Because establishment of claims and claim adjustment expense reserves is an inherently uncertain process involving estimates and the application of judgment, currently established claims and claim adjustment expense reserves may change. The Company reflects adjustments to the reserves in the results of operations in the period the estimates are changed. These changes in estimates could result in income statement charges that could be material to the Company's operating results in future periods. In particular, a portion of the Company's gross claims and claim adjustment expense reserves (totaling **\$2.26 billion****\$2.11 billion** at **September 30, 2023****March 31, 2024**) are for asbestos and environmental claims and related litigation. Asbestos and environmental reserves are included in the General liability, Commercial multi-peril and International and other lines in the summary table below. While the ongoing review of asbestos and environmental claims and associated liabilities considers the inconsistencies of court decisions as to coverage, plaintiffs' expanded theories of liability and the risks inherent in complex litigation and other uncertainties, in the opinion of the Company's management, it is possible that the outcome of the continued uncertainties regarding these claims could result in liability in future periods that differs from current insurance reserves by an amount that could be material to the Company's future operating results. Asbestos and environmental reserves are discussed separately; see "Asbestos Claims and Litigation", "Environmental Claims and Litigation" and "Uncertainty Regarding Adequacy of Asbestos and Environmental Reserves" in this report.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued

Gross claims and claim adjustment expense reserves by product line were as follows:

(in millions)	(in millions)	September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022			(in millions)	March 31, 2024			December 31, 2023		
		Case	IBNR	Total	Case	IBNR	Total		Case	IBNR	Total	Case	IBNR	Total
General liability	General liability	\$ 5,532	\$10,136	\$15,668	\$ 5,465	\$ 9,220	\$14,685							
Commercial property	Commercial property	1,481	393	1,874	1,200	439	1,639							
Commercial multi-peril	Commercial multi-peril	2,922	2,893	5,815	2,624	2,759	5,383							
Commercial automobile	Commercial automobile	2,672	2,702	5,374	2,625	2,388	5,013							
Workers' compensation	Workers' compensation	9,994	9,265	19,259	10,034	9,458	19,492							
Fidelity and surety	Fidelity and surety	185	533	718	166	496	662							
Personal automobile	Personal automobile	2,204	2,304	4,508	2,139	2,133	4,272							
Personal homeowners and other	Personal homeowners and other	1,274	2,411	3,685	1,095	1,913	3,008							
International and other	International and other	2,514	2,288	4,802	2,420	2,069	4,489							
Property-casualty	Property-casualty	28,778	32,925	61,703	27,768	30,875	58,643							
Accident and health	Accident and health	6	—	6	6	—	6							
Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves	Claims and claim adjustment expense reserves	<u>\$28,784</u>	<u>\$32,925</u>	<u>\$61,709</u>	<u>\$27,774</u>	<u>\$30,875</u>	<u>\$58,649</u>							

The **\$3.06 billion** \$860 million increase in gross claims and claim adjustment expense reserves since **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023 primarily reflected the impacts of (i) catastrophe losses in the first **nine** three months of **2023** 2024, (ii) higher volumes of insured exposures and (iii) loss cost trends for the current accident year, partially offset by (iv) claim payments made during the first **nine** three months of **2023** 2024 and (v) net favorable prior year reserve development.

FUTURE APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

See note 1 of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements contained in this quarterly report and in the Company's **2022** 2023 Annual Report for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains, and management may make, certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, may be forward-looking statements. Words such as "may," "will," "should," "likely," "probably," "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "believes," "views," "ensures," "estimates" and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements include, among other things, the Company's statements about:

- the Company's outlook, the impact of trends on its business, such as the impact of elevated industrywide loss costs in Personal Insurance, and its future results of operations and financial condition (including, among other things, anticipated premium volume, premium rates, renewal premium changes, underwriting margins and underlying underwriting margins, net and core income, investment income and performance, loss costs, return on equity, core return on equity and expected current returns, and combined ratios and underlying combined ratios);
- the impact of legislative or regulatory actions or court decisions;
- share repurchase plans;
- future pension plan contributions;
- the sufficiency of the Company's reserves, including asbestos;
- the impact of emerging claims issues as well as other insurance and non-insurance litigation;
- the cost and availability of reinsurance coverage;
- catastrophe losses and modeling, including statements about probabilities or likelihood of exceedance;
- the impact of investment (including changes in interest rates), economic (including inflation, disruption in the banking and commercial real estate sectors, changes in tax laws, changes in commodity prices and fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates) and underwriting market conditions;
- the Company's approach to managing its investment portfolio;
- the impact of changing climate conditions;
- strategic and operational initiatives to improve profitability and competitiveness;
- the Company's competitive advantages and innovation agenda, including executing on that agenda with respect to artificial intelligence;
- the Company's cybersecurity policies and practices;
- new product offerings;
- the impact of developments in the tort environment, such as increased attorney involvement in insurance claims;
- the impact of developments in the geopolitical environment; and
- the impact of a U.S. government shutdown: the Company's acquisition of Corvus Insurance Holdings, Inc.

The Company cautions investors that such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the Company's control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, the forward-looking information and statements.

Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ include, but are not limited to, the following:

Insurance-Related Risks

- high levels of catastrophe losses, including as a result of factors such as increased concentrations of insured exposures in catastrophe-prone areas and changing climate conditions, could materially and adversely affect the Company's results of operations, its financial position and/or liquidity, and could adversely impact the Company's ratings, the Company's ability to raise capital and the availability and cost of reinsurance;
- if actual claims exceed the Company's claims and claim adjustment expense reserves, or if changes in the estimated level of claims and claim adjustment expense reserves are necessary, including as a result of, among other things, changes in the legal/tort, regulatory and economic environments in which the Company operates, including increased inflation, the Company's financial results could be materially and adversely affected;
- the Company's business could be harmed because of its potential exposure to asbestos and environmental claims and related litigation;
- the Company is exposed to, and may face adverse developments involving, mass tort claims such as those relating to exposure to potentially harmful products or substances; and
- the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues on the Company's business are uncertain, and court decisions or legislative changes that take place after the Company issues its policies can result in an unexpected increase in the number of claims and have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations: operations and/or the Company's financial position.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, Continued

Financial, Economic and Credit Risks

- during or following a period of financial market disruption or an economic downturn, the Company's business could be materially and adversely affected;
- the Company's investment portfolio is subject to credit and interest rate risk, and may suffer reduced or low returns or material realized or unrealized losses;
- the Company may not be able to collect all amounts due to it from reinsurers, reinsurance coverage may not be available to the Company in the future at commercially reasonable rates or at all and the Company is exposed to credit risk related to its structured settlements;
- the Company is exposed to credit risk in certain of its insurance operations and with respect to certain guarantee or indemnification arrangements that it has with third parties;
- a downgrade in the Company's claims-paying and financial strength ratings could adversely impact the Company's business volumes, adversely impact the Company's ability to access the capital markets and increase the Company's borrowing costs; and
- the inability of the Company's insurance subsidiaries to pay dividends to the Company's holding company in sufficient amounts would harm the Company's ability to meet its obligations, pay future shareholder dividends and/or make future share repurchases.

Business and Operational Risks

- the ongoing impact of COVID-19 and related risks, and any future pandemics (including new variants of COVID-19), could materially affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and/or liquidity, including with respect to revenues, claims and claim adjustment expenses, general and administrative expenses, investments, inflation, adverse legislative and/or regulatory action, operational disruptions and heightened cyber security risks;
- the intense competition that the Company faces, including with respect to attracting and retaining employees, and the impact of innovation, technological change and changing customer preferences on the insurance industry and the markets in which it operates, could harm its ability to maintain or increase its business volumes and its profitability;
- disruptions to the Company's relationships with its independent agents and brokers or the Company's inability to manage effectively a changing distribution landscape could adversely affect the Company;
- the Company's efforts to develop new products or services, expand in targeted markets, improve business processes and workflows or make acquisitions may not be successful and may create enhanced risks;
- the Company may be adversely affected if its pricing and capital models provide materially different indications than actual results;
- loss of or significant restrictions on the use of particular types of underwriting criteria, such as credit scoring, or other data or methodologies, in the pricing and underwriting of the Company's products could reduce the Company's future profitability; and
- the Company is subject to additional risks associated with its business outside the United States. States; and
- future pandemics (including new variants of COVID-19) could materially affect the Company's results of operations, financial position and/or liquidity.

Technology and Intellectual Property Risks

- if, as a result of cyber attacks (the risk of which could be exacerbated by geopolitical tensions) or otherwise, the Company experiences difficulties with technology, data and network security, outsourcing relationships or cloud-based technology, the Company's ability to conduct its business could be negatively impacted;
- the Company's business success and profitability depend, in part, on effective information technology systems and on continuing to develop and implement improvements in technology, including with respect to artificial intelligence, particularly as its business processes become more digital; and
- intellectual property is important to the Company's business, and the Company may be unable to protect and enforce its own intellectual property or the Company may be subject to claims for infringing the intellectual property of others.

Regulatory and Compliance Risks

- the Company's businesses are heavily regulated by the states and countries in which it conducts business, including licensing, market conduct and financial supervision, and changes in regulation, including higher changes in tax rates, regulation, may reduce the Company's profitability and limit its growth; and
- the Company could be adversely affected if its controls designed to ensure compliance with guidelines, policies and legal and regulatory standards are not effective.

In addition, the Company's share repurchase plans depend on a variety of factors, including the Company's financial position, earnings, share price, catastrophe losses, maintaining capital levels appropriate for the Company's business operations, changes

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in levels of written premiums, funding of the Company's qualified pension plan, capital requirements of the Company's operating subsidiaries, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, other investment opportunities (including mergers and

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acquisitions and related financings), market conditions, changes in tax laws (including the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022) and other factors.

The Company's forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report or as of the date they are made, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements. For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see the information under the captions "Part I—Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" herein and "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" and "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report, in each case as updated by the Company's periodic filings with the SEC.

WEBSITE AND SOCIAL MEDIA DISCLOSURE

The Company may use its website and/or social media outlets, such as Facebook and [Twitter, X](#), as distribution channels of material company information. Financial and other important information regarding the Company is routinely posted on and accessible through the Company's website at [investor.travelers.com](#), its Facebook page at [facebook.com/travelers](#) and its X account (@Travelers) at [twitter.com/Travelers](#). In addition, you may automatically receive email alerts and other information about the Company when you enroll your email address by visiting the "Email Notifications" section under the "Investor Toolkit" section at [investor.travelers.com](#).

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

For the Company's disclosures about market risk, please see "Part II—Item 7A—Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report filed with the SEC. There have been no material changes to the Company's disclosures about market risk in Part II—Item 7A of the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of [September 30, 2023](#) [March 31, 2024](#). Consistent with guidance issued by the SEC that an assessment of internal controls over financial reporting of a recently acquired business may be omitted from management's evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures, management is excluding an assessment of such internal controls for Corvus Insurance Holdings, Inc. (Corvus) from its evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. The Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Corvus on January 2, 2024. Corvus represented less than 1% of the Company's consolidated total assets, consolidated total revenues and net income as of and for the quarter ended March 31, 2024. Based upon that evaluation and subject to the foregoing, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of [September 30, 2023](#) [March 31, 2024](#), the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish their objectives at the reasonable assurance level.

In addition, there was no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended [September 30, 2023](#) [March 31, 2024](#) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. The Company is in the process of reviewing the internal control structure of Corvus and, if necessary, will make appropriate changes as it integrates Corvus into the Company's overall internal control over financial reporting process.

The Company regularly seeks to identify, develop and implement improvements to its technology systems and business processes, some of which may affect its internal control over financial reporting. These changes may include such activities as implementing new, more efficient systems, updating existing systems or platforms, automating manual processes or utilizing technology developed by third parties. These systems changes are often phased in over multiple periods in order to limit the implementation risk in any one period, and as each change is implemented the Company monitors its effectiveness as part of its internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information required with respect to this item can be found under "Contingencies" in note [15](#) [14](#) of the notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements contained in this quarterly report and is incorporated by reference into this Item 1.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

For a discussion of the Company's potential risks or uncertainties, please see "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" and "Part II—Item 7—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report and "Part I—Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" herein, in each case as updated by the Company's periodic filings with the SEC. There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Part I—Item 1A of the Company's 2022 2023 Annual Report.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

The table below sets forth information regarding repurchases by the Company of its common stock during the periods indicated.

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Period Beginning	Period Ending	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (in millions)
July 1, 2023	July 31, 2023	1,680	\$ 134.37	—	\$ 6,205
August 1, 2023	August 31, 2023	151,456	\$ 162.53	147,913	\$ 6,181
September 1, 2023	September 30, 2023	460,547	\$ 165.26	460,290	\$ 6,105
Total		613,683	\$ 164.50	608,203	\$ 6,105

Period Beginning	Period Ending	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (in millions)
January 1, 2024	January 31, 2024	201,899	\$ 211.66	201,441	\$ 5,997
February 1, 2024	February 29, 2024	1,185,953	\$ 216.50	549,741	\$ 5,878
March 1, 2024	March 31, 2024	403,089	\$ 220.85	399,331	\$ 5,790
Total		1,790,941	\$ 216.93	1,150,513	\$ 5,790

The Company's Board of Directors has approved common share repurchase authorizations under which repurchases may be made from time to time in the open market, pursuant to pre-set trading plans meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in private transactions or otherwise. The most recent authorization was approved by the Board of Directors on April 19, 2023 and added \$5.0 billion of repurchase capacity to the \$1.60 billion of capacity remaining at that date. The authorizations do not have a stated expiration date. The timing and actual number of shares to be repurchased in the future will depend on a variety of factors, including the Company's financial position, earnings, share price, catastrophe losses, maintaining capital levels appropriate for the Company's business operations, changes in levels of written premiums, funding of the Company's qualified pension plan, capital requirements of the Company's operating subsidiaries, legal requirements, regulatory constraints, other investment opportunities (including mergers and acquisitions and related financings), market conditions, changes in tax laws (including the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022) and other factors. **Included in the** The cost of treasury stock acquired pursuant to common share repurchases **includes** the 1% excise tax imposed on common share repurchase activity, net of common share issuances, as part of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, there was no net excise tax included in the cost of treasury stock acquired, as common share issuances exceeded common share repurchase activity.

The Company acquired **5,480** 0.6 million shares for a total cost of **approximately \$926,000** \$138 million during the three months ended **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 that were not part of its publicly announced share repurchase authorizations. These shares consisted of shares retained to cover payroll withholding taxes in connection with the vesting of restricted stock unit awards and performance share awards, and shares used by employees to cover the exercise price, **as well as the related payroll withholding taxes, with respect to** certain stock options that were exercised.

For additional information regarding the Company's share repurchases, see "Part I—Item 2—Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources."

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024, none of the Company's directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) adopted, terminated or modified a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K of the Securities Act of 1933).

Item 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
3.1	Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of The Travelers Companies, Inc., as amended and restated May 23, 2013, were filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed on May 24, 2013, and are incorporated herein by reference.
3.2	Bylaws of The Travelers Companies, Inc. as Amended and Restated December 7, 2022, were filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed on December 12, 2022, and are incorporated herein by reference.
10.1†	The Company's Amended and Restated Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors effective August 2, 2023.
31.1†	Certification of Alan D. Schnitzer, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2†	Certification of Daniel S. Frey, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1†	Certification of Alan D. Schnitzer, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2†	Certification of Daniel S. Frey, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.1†	The following information from The Travelers Companies, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 formatted in Inline XBRL: (i) Consolidated Statement of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022; 2023 ; (ii) Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022; 2023 ; (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheet at September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 ; (iv) Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022; 2023 ; (v) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022; 2023 ; (vi) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements; and (vii) the cover page.
104.1	Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document and included in Exhibit 101.1).

† Filed herewith.

The total amount of securities authorized pursuant to any instrument defining rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company does not exceed 10% of the total assets of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. Therefore, the Company is not filing any instruments evidencing long-term debt. However, the Company will furnish copies of any such instrument to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

Copies of any of the exhibits referred to above will be furnished to security holders who make written request therefor to The Travelers Companies, Inc., 385 Washington Street, Saint Paul, MN 55102, Attention: Corporate Secretary.

The agreements and other documents filed as exhibits to this report are not intended to provide factual information or other disclosure except for the terms of the agreements or other documents themselves, and you should not rely on them for other than that purpose. In particular, any representations and warranties made by the Company in these agreements or other documents were made solely within the specific context of the relevant agreement or document and do not apply in any other context or at any time other than the date they were made.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, The Travelers Companies, Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: **October 18, 2023** April 17, 2024

By

/S/ CHRISTINE K. KALLA

Christine K. Kalla

Executive Vice President and General Counsel
(Authorized Signatory)

Date: **October 18, 2023** April 17, 2024

By

/S/ PAUL E. MUNSON

Paul E. Munson

Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

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Exhibit 10.1

**THE TRAVELERS DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN
FOR NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS (the "Plan")
(Amended and Restated August 2, 2023)**

Preamble

The Plan was amended and restated with respect to deferral of director compensation for services rendered after December 31, 2004, in order to satisfy the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("Section 409A of the Code"). Vested amounts earned and deferred by directors under the Plan for services performed in calendar year 2004 will remain subject to the terms of the Plan as in effect for periods prior to January 1, 2005. (A reference copy of the Plan as in effect on October 3, 2004, with respect to periods of service prior to January 1, 2005, is attached hereto as Exhibit A.) The Plan was amended and restated effective December 1, 2004, to conform the Plan to the requirements imposed by Section 409A and to preserve the grandfathered status of vested amounts earned and deferred with respect to services performed prior to January 1, 2005. The Plan was further amended and restated effective January 1, 2009, in order to make certain additional revisions to conform the Plan to the requirements of the final regulations promulgated under Section 409A of the Code, issued April 10, 2007, and related guidance issued under Section 409A of the Code. The Plan is hereby further amended and restated effective August 2, 2023, in order to provide greater flexibility for newly admitted Eligible Directors to make their initial deferral elections under the Plan.

The Plan is intended to meet the requirements of paragraph (2), (3) and (4) of Section 409A(a) of the Code with respect to amounts that are deferred or become vested on or after January 1, 2005, and the terms and provisions of the Plan applicable to such amounts should be interpreted and applied in a manner consistent with such requirements, including the regulations and other guidance issued under Section 409A of the Code.

Section 1. Eligibility. Each member of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (the "Company") or one of its subsidiaries, if so designated by the Board, who is not an employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (an "Eligible Director") is eligible to participate in the Plan.

Section 2. Administration. The Plan shall be administered, construed and interpreted by the Board. Pursuant to such authorization, the Board shall have the responsibility for carrying out the terms of the Plan. To the extent permitted under the securities laws applicable to compensation plans including, without limitation, the requirements of Section 16(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or the Code, the Nominating and Governance Committee of the Board, or a subcommittee of the Nominating and Governance Committee, may exercise the discretion granted to the Board under the Plan, provided that the composition of such committee or subcommittee shall satisfy the requirements of Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act, or any successor rule or regulation. The Board or the Nominating and Governance Committee may also designate a plan administrator to manage the record keeping and other routine administrative duties under the Plan. In the absence of the appointment of a plan administrator, the officer of the Company having direct responsibility for compensation and benefits shall be the plan administrator.

Section 3. Deferral Eligible Amounts.

(a) **Annual Cash Compensation.** An Eligible Director shall be allowed to defer any director compensation otherwise payable in cash to an Eligible Director for services rendered during the calendar year, including cash compensation attributable to any annual retainer, committee chair or vice-chair fees, additional fees, meeting fees or other cash

compensation ("Annual Cash Compensation"). Such deferral shall take the form of units of Company common stock ("Common Stock Units") determined as provided in Section 5(a).

(b) **Annual Deferred Stock Awards.** An Eligible Director shall be allowed to defer the payment due with respect to any deferred stock units that have been awarded to the Eligible Director ("Annual Deferred Stock Awards") under the Company's Stock Incentive Plan as in effect from time to time (the "Stock Incentive Plan"), provided that such deferral election shall not apply to any Common Stock Units credited as a result of an election to defer Annual Cash Compensation under Section 3(a) of this Plan or Common Stock Units awarded thereon as dividend equivalent units under the terms of this Plan. Other than the terms specifically set forth in the Plan applicable to Annual Deferred Stock Awards, Annual Deferred Stock Awards shall be governed by the terms of the Stock Incentive Plan and any award agreement issued pursuant thereto.

Section 4. **Election to Defer.**

(a) **Time of Election.**

(i) Prior to the beginning of the calendar year, an Eligible Director may elect to defer Annual Cash Compensation by directing that such amounts that otherwise would have been payable for services rendered during such calendar year shall be credited to a deferred compensation account (the "Director's Account"). A separate Director's Account may be established for the deferrals of Annual Cash Compensation in each calendar year. Under a valid election, such Director's Account shall be payable in accordance with Section 6(b) below.

(ii) Prior to the beginning of a calendar year in which a grant of an Annual Deferred Stock Award may be made, an Eligible Director may elect to defer payment due with respect to such Annual Deferred Stock Award in accordance with Section 6(b) below.

(iii) Notwithstanding clauses (i) and (ii) above, any person who becomes an Eligible Director during a calendar year, and who has not been eligible to participate in this Plan (or any other plan required to be aggregated with this Plan under Section 409A of the Code or the regulations thereunder) at any time during the 24-month period ending on the date he or she most recently becomes eligible to participate, may elect, not later than thirty (30) days after he or she becomes eligible to participate in the Plan, to defer (A) the Annual Cash Compensation payable for services performed after the election is made and/or (B) payment due with respect to the portion of the Annual Deferred Stock Award that is awarded in the year of the election and is attributable to services performed after the election is made, in each case, subject to any prorating of compensation eligible for deferral that may be required under Section 409A of the Code.

(b) **Form and Duration of Election.** An election to defer shall be made by written notice executed by the Eligible Director and filed with the Secretary of the Company, which election shall be irrevocable for the calendar year to which it relates (or the remaining portion thereof in the case of an election filed during the calendar year by a new Eligible Director).

Section 5. **The Director's Account.** Annual Cash Compensation that an Eligible Director has elected to defer under the Plan shall be credited to the Director's Account as Common Stock Units as follows:

(a) As of the date any Annual Cash Compensation would otherwise be payable in cash to an Eligible Director, there shall be credited to the Director's Account a number of Common Stock Units (full and fractional units to three decimal places) determined by

dividing the Annual Cash Compensation he or she would otherwise have received in cash but for an election to defer under this Plan by the Fair Market Value of a share of Company common stock as determined for this purpose by the Compensation Committee pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan.

(b) As of the first business day after the end of each calendar quarter, there shall be credited to each Director's Account a number of Common Stock Units (full and fractional units to three decimal places) determined by dividing the cash dividends that would have been paid on a number of shares of common stock of the Company equal to the number of Common Stock Units (disregarding fractional shares) credited to the Director's Account as of the dividend record date, if any, occurring during such calendar quarter as if such shares of common stock had been shares of issued and outstanding common stock on such record date by the Fair Market Value of a share of Company common stock as determined for this purpose by the Compensation Committee pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan.

(c) An Eligible Director shall not have any interest in common stock of the Company as a result of Common Stock Units being credited to the Director's Account until such common stock is distributed in accordance with the Plan.

(d) Common Stock Units credited to the Director's Account as a result of deferrals, dividend equivalents or other awards shall be awarded exclusively from and pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan. To the extent not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, the Common Stock Units shall be subject to the terms of the Stock Incentive Plan.

Section 6. **Distribution from Accounts.**

(a) **Form of Election.**

(i) For deferral of compensation for services performed prior to January 1, 2005, an Eligible Director must have already filed with the Secretary of the Company an initial election with respect to the time and method of distribution of the Director's Account with his or her first opportunity to file a deferral election under the Plan as in effect prior to the amendment and restatement of the Plan effective January 1, 2005.

(ii) For deferral of compensation for services performed after December 31, 2004, including Annual Deferred Stock Awards vesting after December 31, 2004, an Eligible Director must file with the Secretary of the Company an election with respect to the time and method of distribution of the Director's Account and Annual Deferred Stock Awards with the deferral election made pursuant to Section 4(a) of the Plan.

(b) **Time and Method of Distribution.** An Eligible Director may elect to receive payment of the Director's Account, or payment of Annual Deferred Stock Awards, in one lump sum payment or in a number of approximately equal annual installments (provided the payout period does not exceed 15 years). With respect to the Director's Account, an Eligible Director may elect that the lump-sum payment or the first installment shall be paid as of:

- (i) the first business day of any calendar year subsequent to the date the Annual Cash Compensation would otherwise be payable, as specified by the Director;
- (ii) six months following the cessation of his or her service as a director of the Company; or
- (iii) the earlier of (i) or (ii).

With respect to an Annual Deferred Stock Award, an Eligible Director may elect that the lump sum payment or the first installment be paid as of either (x) the date of payment after termination of service on the Board called for under the award agreement issued in connection with the Annual Deferred Stock Award, or (y) the first business day of any calendar year subsequent to such date.

Subsequent installments shall be paid as of the first business day of each succeeding annual installment period until the entire amount credited to the Director's Account or all Annual Deferred Stock Awards shall have been paid. Each installment shall equal a number of whole shares of common stock of the Company determined by dividing the number of Common Stock Units credited to the applicable Director's Account or deferred stock units issued under the Annual Deferred Stock Award by the number of remaining installments, including the current installment. A cash payment will be made with the final installments for any fractional Common Stock Unit or fractional deferred stock unit under the Annual Deferred Stock Award.

Any lump-sum payment will equal a number of whole shares of common stock of the Company equal to the number of Common Stock Units credited to the Director's Account or deferred stock units under the Annual Deferred Stock Award credited to the Eligible Directors. A cash payment will be made for any fractional Common Stock Unit or fractional deferred stock unit under the Annual Deferred Stock Award.

(c) **Adjustment of Method of Distribution (Pre-2005 Deferrals).** With respect to amounts vested prior to January 1, 2005, and deferred by an Eligible Director under the Plan for services rendered prior to January 1, 2005, and only with respect to such amounts, including any earnings thereon (the "Pre-2005 Deferrals"), an Eligible Director, in accordance with the terms of the Plan as in effect prior to October 3, 2004, may at any time file another written election with the Secretary of the Company to change the date and/or method of distribution of the balance of his or her Director's Account or Annual Deferred Stock Awards attributable to such Pre-2005 Deferrals. An election under this Section 6(c) to change the date and/or method of distribution will be effective only if it is filed with the Secretary of the Company at least one (1) year before the earlier of the date on which the Eligible Director terminates service on the Board, or the payment date specified with respect to the Director's Account pursuant to Section 6(b)(i). With respect to Pre-2005 Deferrals, and only with respect to such amounts in the event an Eligible Director suffers a severe financial hardship outside the control of such Eligible Director, as determined by the Governance Committee, the Eligible Director may elect to advance or defer the date of distribution of his or her Pre-2005 Deferrals, or change the method of distribution thereof, in accordance with the terms of the Plan as in effect prior to October 3, 2004.

(d) **Change of Control (Pre-2005 Deferrals).** With respect to Pre-2005 Deferrals, upon a "Change of Control" (as defined in the Stock Incentive Plan), the full balance of each Director's Account attributable to Pre-2005 Deferrals shall be distributable on the earlier of the date six months and one day following the "Change of Control" or the distribution date(s) previously elected by an Eligible Director, in accordance with the terms of the Plan as in effect prior to October 3, 2004.

Section 7. Distribution on Death. If an Eligible Director dies before the full balance of the Director's Account and all Annual Deferred Stock Awards that have been deferred have been distributed to the Eligible Director, the balance shall be paid (or commence or continue, depending upon the timing of the Director's death and whether payments have previously commenced) within ninety (90) days following such Director's death, in accordance with the method of payment elected by the Eligible Director. Such balance shall be paid in the following order: (a) to the beneficiary designated in writing by such Eligible Director; (b) if no beneficiary designation has been made, or the designated beneficiary shall have predeceased the Eligible Director and no further beneficiary designation has been made, then to the surviving spouse of the Eligible Director; and (c) if the Eligible Director has no surviving spouse, then to the estate of the Eligible Director.

Section 8. Miscellaneous.

(a) A Director's Account shall also be credited with Common Stock Units attributable to deferred stock units previously credited to his or her account under The St. Paul Companies, Inc. Deferred Stock Plan for Non-Employee Directors or the Travelers Property Casualty Corp. Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors, and the administration of such amounts hereinafter shall be governed by the terms of this Plan as in effect for vested amounts earned and deferred prior to January 1, 2005 (see Exhibit A).

(b) The right of an Eligible Director to receive any amount in the Director's Account or payable pursuant to any Annual Deferred Stock Award that has been deferred under the Plan shall not be transferable or assignable by such Eligible Director, except by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, and, except to the extent otherwise permitted by law, no part of such amount shall be subject to attachment or other legal process.

(c) Except as otherwise set forth herein and as required to reserve shares of common stock for issuance pursuant to the terms hereof, the Company shall not be required to reserve or otherwise set aside funds for the payment of its obligations hereunder. The Company shall make available as and when required a sufficient number of shares of common stock to meet the requirements arising under the Plan. Such shares shall be issued under and pursuant to the Stock Incentive Plan.

(d) The establishment and maintenance of, or allocation and credits to, the Director's Account or the deferral of Annual Deferred Stock Awards shall not vest in the Eligible Director or his beneficiary any right, title or interest in and to any specific assets of the Company. An Eligible Director shall not have any dividend or voting rights or any other rights of a shareholder (except as expressly set forth in Section 5(b) with respect to dividends and as provided in Section 8(h) below) until the shares of common stock are distributed pursuant to the Plan. The rights of an Eligible Director to receive payments under this Plan shall be no greater than the right of an unsecured general creditor of the Company.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision hereof, if, at the time of termination of service as a director, the total balance of an Eligible Director's Account and Annual Deferred Stock Awards deferred under the Plan is less than \$10,000, such balance shall be paid in full on the first day of the calendar quarter following such termination of service.

(f) The Plan shall continue in effect until terminated by the Board. The Board may at any time amend or terminate the Plan; provided, however, that (i) no amendment or termination shall impair the rights of an Eligible Director with respect to amounts then credited to the Director's Account or with respect to any Annual Deferred Stock Award deferred under the Plan; (ii) no amendment shall become effective without approval of the shareholders of the Company if such shareholder approval is required to enable the Plan to satisfy applicable state or Federal statutory or regulatory requirements, or the rules of the New York Stock Exchange; and (iii) no amendment or termination shall accelerate any payment under the Plan except as permitted under Section 409A of the Code.

(g) Each Eligible Director participating in the Plan will receive an annual statement indicating the number of shares of common stock or Common Stock Units credited to the Director's Account and the number of deferred stock units issued under Annual Deferred Stock Awards that are being deferred under the Plan, as of the end of the preceding calendar year.

(h) If adjustments are made to outstanding shares of common stock as a result of stock dividends, stock splits, recapitalizations, mergers, consolidations and similar transactions, an appropriate adjustment shall be made in the number of shares of common stock or Common Stock Units credited to the Director's Account and the number of deferred stock units issued under Annual Deferred Stock Awards deferred under the Plan.

(i) The validity, construction, interpretation, administration and effect of the Plan and of its rules and regulations, and rights relating to the Plan, shall be determined solely in accordance with the laws of the State of Minnesota, without regard to the conflicts of laws provisions thereof.

(j) All claims and disputes between an Eligible Director and the Company arising out of the Plan shall be submitted to arbitration in accordance with the then current arbitration policy of the Company. Notice of demand for arbitration shall be given in writing to the other party and shall be made within a reasonable time after the claim or dispute has arisen. The award rendered by the arbitrator shall be final, and judgment may be entered upon it in accordance with applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof. The provisions of this Section 8(j) shall be specifically enforceable under applicable law in any court having jurisdiction thereof.

(k) If any term or provision of this Plan or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall, to any extent, be invalid or unenforceable, then the remainder of the Plan, or the application of such term or provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid or unenforceable, shall not be affected thereby, and each term and provision hereof shall be valid and be enforced to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law.

(l) If a termination of service on the Board does not result in a separation from service under Section 409A of the Code, distributions under the Plan that are otherwise determined by reference to separation from service on the Board will instead be determined by reference to separation from service as defined under Section 409A of the Code.

CERTIFICATION

I, Alan D. Schnitzer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (the Company);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 18, 2023 April 17, 2024

By:

/S/ ALAN D. SCHNITZER

Alan D. Schnitzer
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

1

CERTIFICATION

I, Daniel S. Frey, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (the Company);

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 18, 2023 April 17, 2024

By: _____

/S/ DANIEL S. FREY

Daniel S. Frey

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

1

Exhibit 32.1

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC.
CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, the undersigned officer of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: October 18, 2023 April 17, 2024

By: _____

/S/ ALAN D. SCHNITZER

Alan D. Schnitzer

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

1

Exhibit 32.2

THE TRAVELERS COMPANIES, INC.
CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, the undersigned officer of The Travelers Companies, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certifies that the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **September 30, 2023****March 31, 2024** (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and that the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **October 18, 2023** April 17, 2024

By:

/S/ DANIEL S. FREY

Daniel S. Frey
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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