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DELTA REPORT

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DFS - DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVIC

10-K - DECEMBER 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-K - DECEMBER 31, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 6641

█ CHANGES 591

█ DELETIONS 3112

█ ADDITIONS 2938

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the year ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 001-33378

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

36-2517428

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2500 Lake Cook Road, Riverwoods, Illinois 60015

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(224) 405-0900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| <u>Title of each class</u> | <u>Trading Symbol(s)</u> | <u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share | DFS | New York Stock Exchange |

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Smaller Reporting Company

Non-accelerated Filer Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of the common equity held by non-affiliates of the registrant on the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter was approximately **\$29,097,770,033**, **\$32,797,348,407**.

As of **February 16, 2024** February 14, 2025, there were **250,555,294** **251,604,129** shares of the registrant's Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for its annual stockholders' meeting to be held on May 09, 2024 are incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K. None.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES
 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | |
|-----------------|--|-----------------------|
| Part I | | |
| Item 1. | Business | 1 |
| Item 1A. | Risk Factors | 27 28 |
| Item 1B. | Unresolved Staff Comments | 49 48 |
| Item 1C. | Cybersecurity | 49 48 |
| Item 2. | Properties | 50 |
| Item 3. | Legal Proceedings | 50 |
| Item 4. | Mine Safety Disclosures | 50 |
| Part II | | |
| Item 5. | Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities | 51 |
| Item 6. | Reserved | 52 |
| Item 7. | Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations | 53 |
| Item 7A. | Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk | 79 78 |
| Item 8. | Financial Statements and Supplementary Data | 81 80 |
| Item 9. | Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure | 149 145 |
| Item 9A. | Controls and Procedures | 149 145 |
| Item 9B. | Other Information | 149 146 |
| Item 9C. | Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections | 149 146 |
| Part III | | |
| Item 10. | Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance | 150 147 |
| Item 11. | Executive Compensation | 150 147 |
| Item 12. | Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters | 150 147 |
| Item 13. | Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence | 150 147 |
| Item 14. | Principal Accounting Fees and Services | 151 147 |
| Part IV | | |
| Item 15. | Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules | 152 148 |
| Item 16. | Form 10-K Summary | 158 153 |

Except as otherwise indicated or unless the context otherwise requires, "Discover Financial Services," "Discover," "DFS," "we," "us," "our," and "the Company" refer to Discover Financial Services and its subsidiaries. See "Item 8 — Financial Statements and Supplementary Data — Glossary of Acronyms" for terms and abbreviations used throughout the annual report.

We own or have rights to use the trademarks, trade names and service marks that we use in conjunction with the operation of our business, including, but not limited to: Discover®, PULSE®, Cashback Bonus®, Discover Cashback Checking®, Discover it®, Freeze it®, College Covered® and Diners Club International®. All other trademarks, trade names and service marks included in this annual report on Form 10-K are the property of their respective owners.

Part I.

Part I | Item 1. Business

Introduction

Discover Financial Services (the "Company") is a digital banking and payment services company. We were incorporated in Delaware in 1960. We are a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as well as a financial holding company under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ("GLBA") and therefore are subject to oversight, regulation and examination by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "FRB" or "Federal Reserve"). We provide digital banking products and services and payment services through our subsidiaries. We offer our customers credit card loans, personal loans, home loans and deposit products. We had **\$128.4 billion** **\$121.1 billion** in loan receivables and **\$84.0 billion** **\$90.6 billion** in deposits issued through direct-to-consumer channels and affinity relationships at **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**. We also operate the Discover Network, the PULSE network ("PULSE") and Diners Club International ("Diners Club"), collectively known as the Discover Global Network. The Discover Network processes transactions for Discover-branded credit and debit cards and provides payment transaction processing and settlement services. PULSE operates an electronic funds transfer network, providing financial institutions issuing debit cards on the PULSE network with access to automated teller machines ("ATMs") domestically and internationally, as well as merchant acceptance throughout the United States of America ("U.S.") for debit card transactions. Diners Club is a global payments network of licensees, which are generally financial institutions, that issue Diners Club branded charge cards and/or provide card acceptance services.

On November 29, 2023, During the fourth quarter of 2024, we announced our Board of Directors had authorized management to explore completed the sale of our private student loan portfolio. We stopped accepting new applications for private student loans February 1, 2024. See "— Operating Model — Digital Banking — Private Student Loans" Model" for more information.

Pending Merger with Capital One Financial Corporation

On February 19, 2024, Discover and Capital One Financial Corporation ("Capital One") jointly announced that they entered into an agreement and plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement"), under which the companies will combine in an all-stock merger, which **values** **valued** Discover at \$35.3 billion; **based on the price of Capital One common stock on the last trading day before the public announcement of the merger**. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, holders of Discover common stock will receive 1.0192 shares of Capital One common stock for each share of Discover common stock they own. Capital One shareholders will own approximately 60% of the combined company and Discover shareholders will own approximately 40% of the combined company. The Merger Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, covenants and closing conditions. The Board of Directors of the combined company will have fifteen directors, consisting of the current twelve Capital One Board members and three Discover Board members to be named at a later date. For more information, see Discover's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on February 22, 2024.

Completion of the proposed merger remains subject to approval by the **FRB Federal Reserve Board** and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC") and other customary closing conditions, including the approval of both companies' shareholders. conditions.

Available Information

We make available, free of charge through the investor relations page of our internet site www.discover.com, our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements, Forms 3, 4 and 5 filed by or on behalf of our directors and executive officers, and any amendments to those documents filed with or furnished to the SEC pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These filings are available as soon as reasonably practicable after they are filed with or furnished to the SEC.

In addition, the following information is available on the investor relations page of our internet site: (i) our Corporate Governance Guidelines; (ii) our Code of Conduct and Business Ethics; and (iii) the charters of the Audit, Compensation and **Leadership Development**, **Human Capital**, Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility and Risk Oversight Committees of our Board of Directors. These documents are also available in print without charge to any person who requests them by writing or telephoning our principal executive offices: Discover Financial Services, Office of the Corporate Secretary, 2500 Lake Cook Road, Riverwoods, Illinois 60015, United States of America, telephone number (224) 405-0900.

-1-

Operating Model

We manage our business activities in two segments: Digital Banking and Payment Services. Our Digital Banking segment includes consumer banking and lending products, specifically Discover-branded credit cards issued to

-1-

individuals on the Discover Network and other consumer banking products and services, including **private student loans**, personal loans, home loans and deposit products. Our Payment Services segment includes PULSE, Diners Club and our Network Partners business, which provides payment transaction processing and settlement, **merchant acquisition**, **ATM access** and **related payments** services on the Discover Global Network.

On November 29, 2023, we announced our Board of Directors had authorized management to explore the sale of the private student loan portfolio and transfer servicing of these loans to a third-party servicer. We stopped accepting new applications for private student loans February 1, 2024. On July 17, 2024, we entered into a purchase agreement to sell our private student loan portfolio and transfer servicing of the portfolio to a third-party servicer. The sale of the private student loan portfolio was completed during the fourth quarter of 2024.

We are principally engaged in providing products and services to customers in the U.S. However, we also receive revenue from sources outside of the U.S., including royalty and licensee revenue from our Diners Club licensees and network assessment, discount and interchange fees from our network-to-network partners ("Network Alliances"). For quantitative information concerning our geographic distribution, see Note 4: Loan Receivables to our consolidated financial statements.

Below are descriptions of the principal products and services of each of our reportable segments. For additional financial information relating to our business and our operating segments, see Note 22: Segment Disclosures to our consolidated financial statements.

Digital Banking

Set forth below are descriptions of the credit cards, **private student loans**, personal loans, home loans and deposit products issued by our bank subsidiary, Discover Bank.

Credit Cards

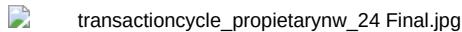
We currently offer and issue credit cards to consumers. Our credit card customers are permitted to "revolve" their balances and repay their obligations over a period of time and at an interest rate set forth in their cardmember agreements, which may be either fixed or variable. The interest that we earned on revolving credit card balances comprised approximately **81%** **80%** of our total interest income for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**. We also charge customers other fees as specified in the cardmember agreements. These may include fees for late payments, returned checks, balance transfer transactions and cash advance transactions.

Our credit card customers' transactions in the U.S. are processed over the Discover Network. We receive discount and fee revenue from merchants with whom we have a direct relationship. Where we do not have a direct relationship with a merchant, we receive interchange and assessment fees from acquirers.

All of our cards offer rewards programs, the costs of which are generally recorded as a reduction of discount and interchange revenue. See "— Marketing — Rewards / Cashback Bonus" for further discussion of our programs offered.

-2-

The following chart* shows the Discover card transaction cycle as processed on the Discover Network:



For information on how we market our credit card loans, see "— Credit Risk Management — Account Acquisition (New Customers)" and "— Marketing."

-2-

Private Student Loans

On November 29, 2023, we announced our Board of Directors had authorized management to explore the sale of the private student loan portfolio and transfer servicing of these loans to a third-party servicer. We stopped accepting new applications for private student loans February 1, 2024. Applications received prior to this date will continue to be processed, and pending approval, disbursed under the terms and conditions laid out below. Generally, final disbursements of funds will be completed by December 31, 2024.

All of our private student loans are unsecured and have terms and conditions that vary by type of student loan, and feature fixed or variable interest rates with zero origination fees. Customers can elect to make extra payments to pay their loans off earlier than contractually scheduled without penalty. The loans can feature potential rewards, such as for earning good grades, and we also offer optional in-school payment features where students make payments while in school. The standard repayment period is 15 to 20 years, depending on the type of student loan. Private student loans may include a deferment period, during which interest continues to accrue and customers are not required to make payments while enrolled in school at least half time as determined by the school. This period begins on the date the loan is first disbursed and ends six to nine months (depending on loan type) after the student ceases to be enrolled in school at least half time. As part of the loan approval process, all of our private student loans, except for bar study, residency and private consolidation loans, are certified by and disbursed through the school to ensure students do not borrow more than the cost of attendance less other financial aid.

Personal Loans

Our personal loans are primarily intended to help customers consolidate existing debt, although they can be used for other purposes. These loans are unsecured with fixed interest rates, terms and payments, and have zero origination fees. The repayment period for personal loans is 3 to 7 years and there is no penalty for prepaying any portion of a personal loan balance. Customers may be subject to late fees if they have not made a minimum payment by the contractual due date.

We market personal loans primarily through direct mail, digital channels and email. Prospective applicants can obtain information regarding Discover Personal Loans and complete an application either online or by telephone.

Home Loans

Our home loans are intended for multiple purposes, including mortgage refinance, debt consolidation, home improvement and other major expenses. These loans are **single family, owner occupied**, closed-end with fixed interest rates, terms and payments, and are secured by a first or second **lien on a customer's home**. **lien**. These loans require monthly payment over a 10 to 30-year term. Customers may elect to make larger than minimum payments without being subject to a prepayment penalty. Customers do not pay origination

fees or third-party costs during the application process or at closing, but they closing. Customers may be required to reimburse certain third-party costs if the loan is repaid in full within three years. Customers may also be subject to additional charges, including late fees and returned payment charges.

We market home loans primarily through direct mail, digital channels and email. Prospective applicants can obtain information and apply online or by telephone.

Deposits

We obtain deposits from consumers directly or through affinity relationships ("direct-to-consumer deposits"). Additionally, we obtain deposits and through third-party securities brokerage firms that offer our deposits to their customers ("brokered deposits"). Our direct-to-consumer deposit products include savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, IRA savings accounts, IRA certificates of deposit and checking accounts, while our brokered deposit products include certificates of deposit and sweep accounts. All of our deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") to the maximum permitted by law. We do not pay interest on checking account balances and instead offer cashback rewards for certain debit card purchases. Certificates of deposit are offered on a range of tenors from three months through ten years with

-3-

interest rates that are fixed for the full period. There are minimum balance requirements to open certificates of deposit and penalties for early withdrawals. There are no minimum balance requirements to open money market accounts and savings accounts, any direct-to-consumer deposit account. There are penalties for early withdrawals from certificates of deposit. Interest rates on money market accounts and savings accounts are subject to change at any time. Service charges apply to outgoing wire transfers only and availability of funds varies based on type and method of deposit and other factors.

-3-

We market our direct-to-consumer deposit products through the use of digital channels, direct mail, print materials, email and arrangements with third parties. Customers can generally apply for deposit accounts online or by telephone. Cashback Debit checking account applications can only be initiated online. For more information regarding our deposit products, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — Funding Sources — Deposits."

Payment Services

Set forth below are descriptions of PULSE, Diners Club and our Network Partners business, which provides payment transaction processing and settlement services, among other services.

PULSE

Our PULSE network is a leader in debit payments, cash access and account transfers. PULSE links cardholders served by financial institutions to ATMs and point-of-sale ("POS") terminals located throughout the U.S., including cardholders at financial institutions with which PULSE has direct relationships and through agreements PULSE has with other debit networks. PULSE also provides cash access at ATMs internationally for cards enabled for acceptance on the Discover Network and Diners Club. Cards enabled for acceptance on the PULSE network have international acceptance in Canada, Mexico and the Caribbean.

PULSE's primary source of revenue is transaction fees charged for switching and settling ATM and debit transactions initiated through the use of debit cards issued by participating financial institutions. In addition, PULSE offers a variety of optional products and services that produce income for the network, including signature debit transaction processing, debit card fraud detection and risk mitigation services and connections to other regional and national electronic funds transfer networks.

When a financial institution joins the PULSE network, debit cards issued by that institution are eligible to be used at all of the ATMs and POS debit terminals that participate in the PULSE network and the PULSE mark can be used on that institution's debit cards and ATMs. In addition, financial institution participants may sponsor merchants, direct processors and independent sales organizations to participate in the PULSE POS and ATM debit service. A participating financial institution assumes liability for transactions initiated through the use of debit cards issued by that institution, as well as for ensuring compliance with PULSE's operating rules and policies applicable to that institution's debit cards, ATMs and, if applicable, sponsored merchants, direct processors and independent sales organizations.

When PULSE enters into a network-to-network agreement with another debit network, the other network's participating financial institutions' debit cards can be used at terminals in the PULSE network. PULSE does not have a direct relationship with these financial institutions and the other network bears the financial responsibility for transactions of those financial institutions' cardholders and for ensuring compliance with PULSE's operating rules.

Diners Club

Our Diners Club business maintains a global acceptance network through its relationships with licensees, which are generally financial institutions. licensees. We do not directly issue Diners Club cards to consumers, but grant our licensees the right to issue Diners Club-branded Club cards and/or provide card acceptance services. Our In general, our licensees pay us royalties for the right to use the Diners Club brand, which is our primary source of Diners Club revenues. We also earn revenue from providing various support services to our Diners Club licensees, including processing and settlement of cross-border transactions. We also provide a centralized service center and technological services to our licensees.

When Diners Club cardholders use their cards outside the host country or territory of the issuing licensee, transactions are routed and settled over the Diners Club network through its centralized service center. In order to increase merchant acceptance in certain targeted countries and territories, we work with merchant acquirers to offer Diners Club

and Discover acceptance to their merchants. These acquirers are granted licenses to market the Diners Club and Discover brands to existing and new merchants. Diners Club cardholders with cards issued by licensees outside of North America continue to use their cards on the Discover Network in North America and on the PULSE and Diners Club networks in their card-issuing territory and abroad.

-4-

Network Partners Business

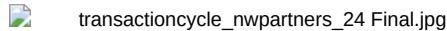
We have agreements with a number of financial institutions, including financial technology firms, networks, or Network Alliances and other commercial service providers (collectively, "Network Partners") for issuance the provision of products or card issuing, payments processing of payments and related services on the Discover Global Network. We refer to these financial institutions, networks and commercial service providers as "Network Partners." We may earn merchant discount and acquirer assessments net of issuer fees paid, in addition to

-4-

other fees, for processing transactions for Network Partners. We also leverage our payments infrastructure in other ways, such as business-to-business payment processing.

Our Network Partners business is composed of Network Alliances, technology-enabled partners and our commercial payments network. Network Alliances allow Discover-enabled cards to be used at other networks' participating merchants and allow other networks' participating issuers' cards to be used at Discover Network merchants. Our commercial payments network facilitates transactions and business-to-business payments between buyers and suppliers using the existing payment infrastructure of Discover Network.

The following chart shows an example of a Network Partners transaction cycle:



The discussion below provides additional detail concerning the supporting functions of our two segments. The credit card, private student loan, personal loan, home loan and deposit products issued through our Digital Banking segment require significant investments in consumer portfolio risk management, marketing, customer service and related technology. The operation of our Payment Services segment requires that we invest in the technology to manage risk and service network partners, Network Partners, merchants and merchant acquirer relationships. We also make strategic investments in payment services entities to support our Payment Services segment.

Credit Risk Management

Credit risk refers to the risk of loss arising from borrower default when borrowers are unable or unwilling to meet their financial obligations to us. For all loan types, we have established a credit policy and limits that are designed to manage our exposure to credit risk. Our credit risk arising from consumer lending products is generally highly diversified across millions of accounts without significant individual exposures. We manage credit risk primarily based on customer segments and product types. See "— Risk Management" for more information regarding how we define and manage our credit and other risks.

Account Acquisition (New Customers)

We acquire new credit card customers through direct mail, internet, media advertising, merchant or partner relationships, or through unsolicited individual applications. We also acquire new personal loan and home loan customers through similar channels. In all cases we have a rigorous process for screening applicants.

Our credit risk management and marketing teams use proprietary analytical tools to match our product offerings with customer needs and identify creditworthy prospective customers. We consider the prospective customer's financial condition and stability, as well as ability and willingness to pay.

-5-

We assess the creditworthiness of each consumer loan applicant by evaluating an applicant's credit information provided by credit bureaus and information from other sources. The assessment is performed using our credit scoring systems, both externally developed and proprietary. For our unsecured lending products, we also use experienced credit underwriters to supplement our automated decision-making processes. For our home loan products, experienced credit underwriters must review and approve each application.

Upon approval of a customer's application for one of our lending products, we assign a specific annual percentage rate using an analytically driven pricing framework that simultaneously provides competitive pricing for customers and seeks to maximize revenue on a risk-adjusted basis. For our credit card loans, we also assign a credit line based on risk level and expected return.

Portfolio Management (Existing Customers)

The revolving nature of our credit card loans requires that we regularly assess the credit risk exposure of such accounts. This assessment uses the individual's Discover account performance information as well as information from credit bureaus. We utilize statistical evaluation models to support the measurement and management of credit risk. At the individual customer level, we use custom risk models together with more generally available industry models as an integral part of the credit decision-making process. Depending on the duration of the customer's account, risk profile and other performance metrics, the account may be subject to a range of account management treatments, including transaction authorization limits and increases or decreases on credit limits.

Customer Assistance

We provide our customers with a variety of tools to proactively manage their accounts, including email, text message, push reminders and publicly accessible web pages dedicated to customer education, as further discussed under the heading "— Customer Service." These tools are designed to limit a customer's risk of becoming delinquent. When a customer's account becomes delinquent or is at risk of becoming delinquent, we employ a variety of strategies to assist customers in preventing delinquency or returning delinquent accounts to current status.

All monthly billing statements of accounts with past due amounts include a request for payment of such amounts. Customer assistance personnel generally initiate contact with customers within 30 days after any portion of their balance becomes past due. The nature and the timing of the initial contact are determined by a review of the customer's prior account activity and payment habits.

We reevaluate our collection efforts and consider the implementation of other techniques as a customer becomes increasingly delinquent. We limit our exposure to delinquencies through controls within our process for authorizing transactions and credit limits and criteria-based account suspension and revocation. In situations involving customers with financial difficulties, we may enter into arrangements to extend or otherwise change payment schedules, lower interest rates and/or waive fees to aid customers in returning to current status on their obligations to us. For more information see Note 4: Loan Receivables to our consolidated financial statements.

Marketing

Our marketing group works closely with credit risk management to provide key functions to acquire new customers and enhance our relationships with existing customers. These key functions include product development, Cashback Bonus and other rewards programs management, protection product management, and brand and advertising management.

Product Development

To attract and retain customers and merchants, we continue to develop new programs, features and benefits and market them through various channels, including television, radio, mail and digital. Marketing efforts may promote various features including, but not limited to, no annual fee, Cashback Bonus and promotional offers, as well as various free benefits such as Online Privacy Protection, FICO Credit Score, Freeze it, Spend Analyzer and Social Security Number Alerts. By developing an extensive prospect database, using credit bureau data and using a customer contact strategy and management system, we continuously develop our modeling and customer engagement capabilities that help optimize the product, pricing and channel selection.

-6-

Rewards / Cashback Bonus

Our cardmembers use We offer several card products, all with no annual fee, that allow them our cardmembers to earn their rewards based on their purchases, which can be redeemed in any amount at any time, in general as set forth below.

- *Discover it* card offers a 5% Cashback Bonus in categories that change each quarter, which customers must activate each quarter, up to a quarterly maximum and a 1% Cashback Bonus on all other purchases.
- *Discover it Chrome* card offers a 2% Cashback Bonus at gas stations and restaurants on up to \$1,000 in combined purchases each quarter and a 1% Cashback Bonus on all other purchases.
- *Discover it Miles* card offers 1.5 miles for every dollar spent on purchases.
- *Discover it Business* card, which we no longer offer for new accounts, offers a 1.5% Cashback Bonus on all purchases.

Protection Products

We currently sell Identity Theft Protection and we service and maintain existing enrollments of the Payment and Wallet Protection products detailed below for our credit card customers.

- *Identity Theft Protection* includes an initial credit report, credit bureau report monitoring at the three major credit bureaus, alerts to customers when key notification of changes to their credit bureau files are made, provides their credit bureau snapshot, monitoring that notifies a customer if their financial accounts, personal identifying

information is shared on the dark web and additional elements of the customer's choosing, identity theft insurance of up to \$1,000,000 to cover certain expenses due to identity theft and access to knowledgeable professionals fraud resolution specialists who can help resolve issues.

- *Payment Protection* allows customers to suspend their minimum payments due for up to two years, depending on the qualifying event and product level, when certain qualifying life events occur. While on this benefit, customers have no minimum monthly payment and are not charged interest, late fees or other product fees. This product covers various events, such as unemployment, disability, Federal or State disasters and other life events, such as marriage or the birth of a child. Depending on the product level and availability under state laws, outstanding balances up to \$10,000 or \$25,000, are cancelled in the event of death.
- *Wallet Protection* offers convenience if a customer's wallet is lost or stolen, including requesting cancellation and replacement of the customer's credit and debit cards, monitoring the customer's credit bureau reports at the three major credit bureaus for 180 days and alerting them to key changes to their credit files, and providing up to \$100 to replace the customer's wallet or purse.

Brand and Advertising Management

We maintain a full-service marketing department charged with delivering integrated mass and direct communications to foster customer engagement with our products and services. We also leverage strategic partnerships and sponsorship properties such as the NHL and the Big Ten Conference to help drive loan growth. Our brand team utilizes consumer insights and market intelligence to define our mass communication strategy, create multi-channel advertising messages and develop marketing partnerships with sponsorship properties. This work is performed in-house as well as with a variety of external agencies and vendors.

Customer Service

Our credit card customers have the option to manage their accounts online via Discover.com, through Discover Mobile applications and by calling our U.S.-based customer service personnel. Our digital solutions offer a range of benefits, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Access to overall credit health tools such as Credit Scorecard, Freeze it, Social Security Number Alerts and New Account Alerts;
- Customer service via multiple communication channels, including messaging and 24/7 telephone customer service; and
- Proactive notifications via email, text messaging and in-app messaging for monitoring transaction activity and account security.

-7-

Our private student loan, personal loan, home loan and deposit product customers can utilize our online account services to manage their accounts and to use interactive tools and calculators. Additionally, our card, personal loan and deposit product customers have access to Discover's Mobile application. Card and deposit product customers that use the mobile application have access to benefits, including Online Privacy Protection. This benefit helps customers to have more

-7-

control over their personal information online by regularly helping to remove it from select people-search sites that could sell their data.

Processing Services

Our processing services cover four functional areas: card personalization, print/mail, remittance processing and item processing. Card personalization is responsible for the mailing of credit and debit cards for new accounts, replacements and reissues. Print/mail specializes in statement and letter printing and mailing. Remittance processing handles account payments and physical check processing. Item processing handles hard-copy forms and electronic documents, including bank deposits, credit disputes and general correspondence, among other items.

Fraud Prevention

We monitor our customers' accounts to help prevent, detect, investigate and resolve fraud. Our fraud prevention processes are designed to protect the security of cards, applications and accounts in a manner consistent with our customers' needs to easily acquire and use our products. Prevention systems monitor the authorization of application information, verification of customer identity, sales, processing of convenience and balance transfer checks and electronic transactions.

Each credit and debit card transaction is subject to screening, authorization and approval through externally developed and proprietary POS decision systems. We use a variety of techniques that help identify and halt fraudulent transactions, including machine-learning models, rules-based decision-making logic, report analysis, data integrity checks and manual account reviews. We manage accounts identified by the fraud detection system through technology that integrates fraud prevention and customer service. Strategies are subject to regular review and enhancement to enable us to respond quickly to changing conditions as well as to protect our customers and our business from emerging fraud activity.

Discover Global Network Operations

We support our merchants through a merchant acquiring model that includes direct relationships with large merchants in the U.S. and as well as arrangements with third-party merchant acquirers generally for small- and mid-size merchants. Additionally, Discover Network cards are widely accepted, and acceptance continues to grow in a

number of countries around the world on the Diners Club network or through reciprocal acceptance arrangements made with international payment networks (i.e., Network Alliances) network.

We maintain direct relationships with most many of our large Discover Network merchant accounts, which enables us to benefit from at times entering into joint marketing programs and opportunities and to retain the entire discount revenue from the merchants, or opportunities. The terms of our Discover Network's direct merchant relationships are set forth in merchant services agreements, which are governed by merchant services agreements. These agreements are also accompanied by additional program documents that further define our network functionality and requirements, including operating regulations technical specifications and dispute rules, related program documents. To enable ongoing improvements in our network's functionality and in accordance with industry convention, we publish updates to our program documents on a semi-annual basis, basis or more frequently as needed.

Discover Global Network services the majority of its small- and mid-size other merchant portfolios through via its relationships with third-party merchant acquirers, to allow such acquirers to many of whom offer a comprehensive suites of payments processing, package to such merchants, onboarding, due diligence and/or other merchant services. Merchants also can apply to our merchant acquirer partners directly to accept Discover Global Network cards through the acquirers' integrated payments solutions. Merchant acquirers may provide merchants with consolidated servicing for Discover, Visa and MasterCard transactions, resulting in streamlined statements and customer service for merchants and reduced costs for us. These acquirer partners also perform credit evaluations and screen applications against unacceptable business types and the Office of Foreign Asset Control Specifically Designated Nationals list.

The Discover Global Network operates systems and processes that seek to ensure data integrity, prevent fraud and ensure compliance with our operating regulations. Our systems evaluate incoming transaction activity to identify abnormalities that require investigation and fraud mitigation. Designated Discover Global Network personnel are responsible for validating compliance with laws and with our operating regulations, and law, including enforcing our data security standards and prohibitions against illegal or otherwise unacceptable activities. Discover Global Network is a founding and current member of the Payment Card Industry Security Standards Council, LLC (the "Council") and is working to

-8-

expand the adoption of the Council's security standards globally for merchants and service providers that store, transmit or process cardholder data.

Technology

We provide technology systems processing through a combination of owned and hosted data centers and the use of third-party vendors. These data centers support our payment networks, provide customers with access to their

-8-

accounts and manage transaction authorization and settlement, among other functions. The Discover Global Network works with a number of vendors to maintain our connectivity in support of POS authorizations. This connectivity also enables merchants to receive timely payment for their Discover Global Network card transactions.

Our approach to technology development and management involves both third-party and in-house resources. We use third-party vendors for technology services (e.g., cloud, telecommunications, hardware and operating systems) as well as for processing and other services for our digital banking and payment services businesses. We subject each vendor to a formal approval process, which includes, among other things, a security assessment, to ensure that the vendor can assist us in maintaining a cost-effective, reliable and secure technology platform. We use our in-house resources to build, maintain and oversee some of our technology systems. We believe this approach enhances our operations and improves cost efficiencies.

Seasonality

In our credit card business, we experience fluctuations in transaction volumes and the level of loan receivables as a result of higher seasonal consumer spending and payment patterns around the winter holidays, summer vacations and back-to-school periods. Historically, in our private student loan business, our loan disbursements peaked at the beginning of a school's academic semester or quarter; we stopped accepting new applications for private student loans February 1, 2024, and completed the sale of our private student loan portfolio in the fourth quarter of 2024. Seasonal trends have not caused significant fluctuations in our results of operations or credit quality metrics between quarterly and annual periods.

Revenues in our Diners Club business are generally higher in the first half of the year as a result of Diners Club's tiered pricing system where licensees qualify for lower royalty rate tiers as cumulative volume grows during the course of the year.

Competition

The consumer financial services business is highly competitive. We compete with other consumer financial services providers, including payments networks and non-traditional providers such as financial technology firms, and payment networks, based on several factors, across many dimensions including brand, reputation, customer service, product and service offerings, incentives, pricing, e-commerce and digital wallet participation, and other terms. Our credit card business also competes on the basis of reward programs and merchant acceptance. We compete for accounts and utilization with cards issued by other financial institutions (including American Express, Bank of America, JPMorgan Chase, Capital One and Citibank) and, to a lesser extent, businesses that issue their own private label cards or otherwise extend credit to their customers. In comparison

to our largest credit card competitors, our strengths include no annual fees, cash rewards, conservative portfolio management and strong, 100% U.S.-based customer service. Competition based on rewards and other card features and benefits continues to be strong. Our personal loan product competes for customers primarily with financial institutions (including Citibank and American Express) and non-traditional lenders (including SoFi and Lending Club). Our home loan product faces competition primarily from national and regional mortgage lenders.

Our credit card receivables continue to represent a majority of our receivables. The credit card business is highly competitive. Some of our competitors offer a wider variety of financial products than we do, which may position them better among customers who prefer to use a single financial institution to meet all of their financial needs. Some of our competitors enjoy greater financial resources, diversification and scale than we do and are therefore able to invest more in initiatives and technology to attract and retain customers, such as advertising, targeted marketing, account acquisitions and pricing offerings in interest rates, annual fees, reward programs and low-priced balance transfer programs. In addition, some of our competitors have assets such as branch locations and co-brand relationships that may help them compete more effectively. Another competitive factor in the credit card business is the increasing use of debit cards as an alternative to credit cards for purchases.

-9-

Merchant acceptance of the Discover card has increased in the past several years to reach near parity with competing cards in the U.S. for both the number of merchants enabled for acceptance and the number of merchants actively accepting Discover. However, the legacy perception of lower acceptance still presents limitations in attracting new cardholders and debit card issuers. Most domestically-issued credit cards other than those issued on the American Express network, are issued on the Visa and MasterCard networks, thus most other card issuers benefit from the dominant market share of Visa and MasterCard. We continue to make investments in expanding Discover and Diners Club acceptance in key international markets where an acceptance gap exists.

In our payment services business, we compete with other networks for transaction volume and to attract network partners Network Partners to issue credit, debit and prepaid cards on the Discover, PULSE and Diners Club networks. We generally

-9-

compete on the basis of customization of services and various pricing strategies, including incentives and rebates. We also compete on the basis of issuer fees, fees paid to networks (including switch fees), merchant acceptance, network functionality, customer perception of service quality, brand image, reputation and market share. The Discover and Diners Club networks' primary competitors are Visa, MasterCard and American Express. PULSE's network competitors include Visa's Interlink, MasterCard's Maestro and First Data's STAR. American Express is a particularly strong competitor to Diners Club as both cards target international business travelers. As the payments industry continues to evolve, we are also facing ongoing competition from financial technology firms and alternative payment solutions, which leverage new technologies and a customer's existing deposit and credit card accounts and bank relationships to create payment or other fee-based solutions.

In our direct-to-consumer deposits business, we have acquisition and servicing capabilities similar to other large banks, including Ally, American Express, Barclays, Capital One, Goldman Sachs, Synchrony and USAA. We compete with banks and credit unions that source deposits through branch locations and direct channels. We seek to differentiate our deposit product offerings on the basis of brand reputation, digital experience, customer service and value.

For more information regarding the nature of the risks we face in connection with the competitive environment for our products and services, see "Risk Factors — Strategic Business Risk."

Intellectual Property

We use a variety of methods, such as trademarks, patents, copyrights and trade secrets, to protect our intellectual property. We also place appropriate restrictions on our proprietary information to control access and prevent unauthorized disclosures. Our Discover, PULSE and Diners Club brands are important assets and we take steps to protect the value of these assets and our reputation.

Human Capital

The success of our business is highly dependent on attracting, retaining and developing employees with the necessary skills and experience to support our customers, our business and our strategy. We employed approximately 21,100 individuals at December 31, 2023 as of December 31, 2024, which consisted primarily of full-time employees in the U.S. Additionally, we employ 100% of our customer service agents within the U.S., which we believe offers a distinct competitive advantage.

Our purpose-driven, people-first culture and human capital management strategy is built on a foundational set of core values and the Discover Behaviors, and powered by significant investments in employee learning and development, market-competitive compensation and benefits and diversity, equity inclusion and inclusion ("DE&I"), belonging. One place we see the results from our human capital strategy is in our consistently high levels of employee engagement, which we measure through employee surveys.

Employee Learning and Development

Career and skill development are important components of our talent management and development system. In addition to on-the-job coaching and training, we provide a range of internal professional and leadership development programs that help our employees build better teams, and develop the skills to advance their careers. careers and support them during leadership transitions. For example, employees can access continuing education courses that cover a variety of subjects through our training and development platform. Additionally, we support our employees' educational goals through programs and certifications that can reimburse up to 100% of tuition at certain schools.

-10-

Market-Competitive Compensation and Benefits

We offer a market-competitive compensation and benefits package to attract, retain and motivate highly qualified and diverse talent. We designed our compensation and benefits package using a pay-for-performance philosophy to reward the achievement of our financial and strategic performance goals as well as individual performance. Our total compensation and benefits package for U.S. employees includes competitive holiday and flexible paid-time-off; a 401(k) retirement savings plan with matching and company contributions that can total up to 8% of an employee's wages per year; subsidized medical, dental, vision, disability and supplemental life insurance; paid parental and caregiver leave; adoption and surrogacy assistance; and an employee assistance program, among other benefits.

Diversity, Equity

-10-

Inclusion and Inclusion Belonging

DE&I We believe that an all-inclusive range of backgrounds, identities, perspectives and experiences make Discover stronger and better able to support our customers, employees and communities to achieve brighter financial futures. Our commitment to our employees is to ensure fair treatment, access and advancement for all, while also creating a competitive differentiator for companies culture where all employees feel seen, heard, valued and something that we continue to advance at Discover. At December 31, 2023, our U.S.-based employee population was composed have a sense of 64% Women and 46% People of Color, including 15% who self-identify as Asian, 12% as Hispanic and 15% as Black. Our workforce diversity either meets or exceeds the diversity of the available workforce in each of the metropolitan areas where we have locations.

Our Executive Management Committee and Board of Directors regularly review our DE&I strategy and progress. Our VP, Chief Diversity & Social Impact Officer leads our DE&I office, which manages the development, implementation and monitoring of our enterprise-wide DE&I strategies, programs, initiatives and policies. We strive to incorporate our DE&I principles throughout our human capital management processes, including talent acquisition, learning and development, employee relations, performance management and total rewards (including pay equity), belonging.

Pay Equity

We seek to pay our employees fairly for their work and we regularly monitor our performance addressing pay-equity discrepancies or issues as appropriate, and pay equity. We regularly benchmark roles and compensation data to help ensure internal pay equity. We and partner with an independent, third-party consultant to conduct a company-wide pay equity analysis that considers race, ethnicity and gender, analysis. We use this analysis to identify groups with potential pay discrepancies, understand the underlying drivers and implement best practices to address inequity. Based on our most recent review using this approach, women and minorities at Discover earn, on average, between \$0.99 and \$1.03 for every \$1 earned by men and non-minorities after accounting for factors such as role, tenure and geography, practices.

Employee Engagement

Discover is continues to be an award-winning workplace, recognized for our inclusive and collaborative culture; examples for 2023 include Fortune's culture. Recent recognition includes: 2024 Fortune 100 Best Companies to Work For®, 2024 Top Workplaces USA; 2024 Forbes World's Best Employer; and the 2024 Disability Equality Index's Best Places to Work for Disability Inclusion. Employee engagement and satisfaction is core to our talent attraction and retention strategy, which supports our business success. We consistently leverage employee listening to drive continuous improvement throughout our company. In our most recent employee survey conducted in the fourth quarter of 2023, 82% 2024, 77% of employees recommended Discover as a great place to work, which places Discover among the top 25% of all companies with overall scores that exceed global and financial services benchmarks as surveyed by Glint.

Risk Management

We manage risks that affect our customers, financial performance and ability to meet stakeholder and regulatory expectations. We use an enterprise-wide enterprise risk management ("ERM") framework to identify, measure, manage, monitor and report these risks. We have made changes throughout 2023 2024 to better ensure compliance with our risk management framework and supporting governance structure. These enhancements Operationalization and sustained execution of enhanced and newly implemented processes in 2024 will continue throughout 2024 to further demonstrate strong risk management, management discipline.

Enterprise Risk Management Framework

Our management of risk across the enterprise risk management principles are is executed through a risk management framework that is based on industry standards for managing risk and controls. While the detailed activities vary by risk type, there are common process elements that apply across risk types. We seek to apply these elements consistently in the interest of effective and efficient risk management. This framework seeks to link risk processes and infrastructure with the appropriate risk oversight to create a risk management structure that raises risk awareness, reduces impact of potential risk events, improves business decision-making and increases operational efficiency.

11-

Our enterprise risk management philosophy is expressed through five key principles ERM framework incorporates certain components that guide our approach to risk management: **Comprehensiveness, Accountability, Independence, Defined Governance and Oversight, Business Strategy, Risk Appetite Infrastructure and Transparency, Risk Culture.**

Comprehensiveness Governance and Oversight

We seek to maintain a comprehensive Our governance structure supports effective oversight of the ERM framework and company-wide risk management framework through clearly defined roles for managing risk enterprise-wide, including policies, standards, risk management processes, monitoring and testing and reporting. Our framework is designed to be comprehensive with respect to our business units and their control and support functions, and across all risk types.

Accountability

We structure accountability across the three lines of defense model along the principles of risk management execution, oversight and independent validation. As the first line of defense, our business units seek to achieve business objectives while identifying and managing risks that arise from day-to-day operations as well as those driven by change. The principles apply across all businesses and risk types and guide the definition of specific roles and responsibilities.

Independence

Our second and third lines of defense operate independently of the business units. The second line of defense includes our corporate risk management ("CRM") department, which is led by our Chief Risk Officer ("CRO"), who is appointed by our Board of Directors. The CRM department (i) oversees the establishment of enterprise-level risk management standards and policies; (ii) oversees the processes that are designed to be consistent with the size and complexity of our business, applicable legal and regulatory requirements and industry practices; and (iii) independently tests business units' compliance with applicable regulatory requirements. Our internal audit department, as the third line of defense, performs periodic, independent reviews and tests compliance with risk management policies, procedures and standards across our Company. It also periodically reviews the design and operating effectiveness of our risk management program and processes, including the independence and effectiveness of our CRM function, and reports the results to our Audit Committee of the Board of Directors ("Audit Committee") and where appropriate, its committees; the Management Risk Oversight Committee and related sub-committees; and Executive Management.

Our risk appetite framework ensures that the level of risk that the Company is willing to take in pursuit of its business objectives is defined, measured, monitored, reported regularly and is commensurate with the risk profile of the Company.

Business Strategy

Each year, the Board of Directors ("Risk Oversight Committee") reviews and approves the strategic plan. This plan is facilitated by corporate strategy, developed by senior management and reviewed by the Executive Management Committee.

-11-

The Chief Audit Executive reports directly strategic plan serves as a roadmap to achieve our long-term objectives, ensuring that initiatives are aligned with our ability to manage risk effectively. This alignment allows us to proactively address challenges and seize opportunities.

Throughout the annual strategic plan process, the Board of Directors provides feedback and input to the Audit Committee Executive Management Committee. Additionally, Corporate Risk Management ("CRM") offers the Board of Directors an independent assessment and administratively opinion of the plan.

Risk Infrastructure

Being risk-aware requires a supporting infrastructure to capture risk-related information and produce risk-related reporting. Risk infrastructure is inclusive of the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), people, processes and technology that support risk management.

Defined Risk Appetite Culture

Our people are responsible for promoting a strong risk culture, which means they are empowered, and expected, to take accountability for identifying and addressing risks inherent in their business and its processes. We have strengthened risk management and risk identification programs to ensure the necessary communications, training, tools and guidance are provided.

We operate within a risk appetite framework approved by our Board of Directors, which guides an acceptable level of risk-taking relative to desired financial returns, strategic goals and other stakeholder objectives. To that end, limits and escalation thresholds are set consistent with the risk appetite approved by our Board of Directors.

Transparency

We seek to provide transparency of exposures and outcomes, which is core to our risk culture. We provide this risk transparency through our risk committee structure and standardized processes for escalating issues and reporting. This is accomplished at several levels within the organization, including at least quarterly meetings held by our Management Risk Committee and regular reporting to the Risk Oversight and Audit Committees, as well as regular reporting to our Risk sub-committees commensurate with the needs of our businesses. Further, our CRO is a member of our Executive Management Committee.

The following is a more detailed description of our three lines of defense for managing risk, as described in our Enterprise Risk Management Policy.

First Line of Defense

- **Business Units:** The CEO first line of defense includes business areas performing activities designed to generate revenue, provide operational support for delivery of products and services or provide technology services to first line business areas. The first line of defense is ultimately responsible accountable for owning and managing risks associated with its business processes and for performing its risk management within our Company. In that capacity, the CEO establishes a risk management culture throughout our Company and ensures that businesses operate activities in accordance with this risk culture. Our the ERM framework.

Additionally, business unit heads areas that are not considered first line of defense may perform certain activities where they are responsible for managing risk associated with their strategic, financial and other business objectives. Business unit heads are responsible for (i) complying with all risk limits and risk policies; (ii) identifying and documenting risks and implementing appropriate controls; (iii) understanding and managing the overall level owning risks. In these instances, first line of risk in their organization, including the impact of the risks being accepted; (iv) explicitly considering risk when developing strategic plans, budgets and new products; (v) implementing appropriate controls when pursuing business strategies

-12-

and objectives; (vi) ensuring business units test and implement business unit processes, controls and monitoring to support corporate model risk management standards such as documentation standards and reporting standards; (vii) coordinating with CRM to produce relevant, sufficient, accurate and timely risk reporting that is consistent with the processes and methodology established by CRM; (viii) ensuring sufficient resources and qualified personnel are deployed to control the risks inherent in the business activities; and (ix) designating, in consultation with the CRO, a Business Risk Officer to assist with the above.

- **Credit Risk Management** is responsible for (i) developing, validating and implementing credit policy criteria and predictive loan origination and servicing models in order to optimize the profitability of our lending activities; (ii) ensuring adherence to our credit risk policies and approval limits and that departmental policies, procedures and internal controls are consistent with our defined standards; (iii) ensuring that we manage credit risk within approved limits; and (iv) monitoring performance for both new and existing consumer loan products and portfolios. defense responsibilities outline above must be followed.

Second Line of Defense

- **Corporate Risk Management** is The second line of defense, led by our Chief Risk Officer ("CRO"), is comprised of CRM functions, which are independent of the CRO first line of defense and supports business units by providing objective provide oversight of our risk profile. As a member of our senior management team, the CRO chairs our Management Risk Committee. In addition, the CRO has oversight responsibility to establish the CRM function with capabilities to exercise its mandate across all risk categories. Our CRO reports directly to our Risk Oversight Committee and administratively expert advice to the CEO. Our CRO provides our Board first line of Directors and executive management with an independent perspective on (i) the risks to which we are exposed; (ii) how well management is identifying, assessing and managing risk; and (iii) the capabilities we have in place to manage risk across the enterprise. The CRM department participates in our Management Risk Committee and sub-committee meetings to provide an enterprise-wide perspective on risk, governance matters, policies and risk thresholds. The CRM department includes, but is not limited to, teams that are responsible for oversight of enterprise, operational, consumer credit, counterparty credit, market, liquidity, compliance, Bank Secrecy Act/anti-money laundering, third-party and business technology and information security risks, as well as model validation and risk testing functions. defense.

Third Line of Defense

- **Internal Audit Department** performs periodic, independent reviews and testing The third line of compliance with risk management policies and standards across our Company, as well as assessments of the design and operating effectiveness of these policies and standards. The internal audit department also validates that risk management controls are functioning as intended defense, led by reviewing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the CRM program and processes, including the effectiveness of the CRM function. The results of such reviews are reported to our Audit Committee and Risk Oversight Committee. In addition, our Chief Audit Executive, is a non-voting member comprised of our Executive Management Committee.

Legal

In addition to the three Internal Audit function, which provides independent, objective and reliable assurances that the first and second lines of defense our legal department plays a significant role in managing our legal have systems of internal controls, operational processes, risk by, among other things, identifying, interpreting management activities and advising on legal governance that are well designed and regulatory risks. The legal department collaborates and coordinates closely with the CRM department and business units. Our legal department also participates in meetings of the Management Risk Committee working as intended, and the sub-committees of the Management Risk Committee in order ERM framework is appropriate for our size, complexity and risk profile.

Corporate Functions

Corporate functions such as Legal, Human Resources and Finance advise business units to advise on legal and compliance risks enable prudent risk management. These corporate functions also have responsibility to be risk-aware and to inform the committees of any relevant legislative and regulatory developments. Further, our Chief Legal Officer is a member of our Executive Management Committee, manage risk in their own activities.

Risk Types

We are exposed to a broad set of risks in the course of our business activities due to both internal and external factors, which we segment into seven major risk categories. The first six are defined to be broadly consistent with guidance published by the Federal Reserve and the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("BCBS"): categories: credit (consumer and counterparty), market, liquidity, operational, compliance, reputational and legal strategic risk. We recognize the seventh, strategic risk, as a separate risk type. We evaluate the potential impact of a risk event on our Company by assessing the financial impact, the impact to our reputation, the legal and regulatory impact and the client/customer impact. In addition, we have established various policies and standards to help govern these risks.

-13-12-

Credit Risk

Our credit risk arises from the potential that a borrower or counterparty will fail to perform on an obligation. Our credit risk includes consumer credit risk and counterparty credit risk. Consumer credit risk is primarily incurred by Discover Bank through the issuance of (i) unsecured credit including credit cards, private student loans and personal loans and (ii) secured credit including deposit secured credit cards and home equity loans. Counterparty credit risk is incurred through a number of business-facing activities including payment network settlement, certain marketing and incentive programs, asset/liability management, guarantor and insurance relationships and strategic investments.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk to our financial condition resulting from adverse movements in market rates or prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit spreads or equity prices. Given the nature of our business activities, we are exposed to various types of market risk; in particular interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other risks that arise through the management of our investment portfolio. Interest rate risk is more significant relative to other market risk exposures and results from potential mismatches in the repricing term of assets and liabilities (yield curve risk) and volatility in reference rates used to reprice floating-rate instruments (basis risk). Foreign exchange risk is primarily incurred through exposure to currency movements across a variety of business activities and is derived, specifically, from the timing differences between transaction authorizations and settlement.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we will be unable to meet our obligations as they become due because of an inability to liquidate assets or obtain adequate funding, or an inability to easily unwind or offset specific exposures without significantly lowering market prices because of inadequate market depth or market disruptions.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of potential for loss resulting from inadequate or failed the failure of internal processes, systems, people and systems or from external events. This includes risks such as internal fraud, external fraud, cybersecurity breaches, system failures, human errors or misconduct, internal business processes and external events including natural disasters and lawsuits or adverse judgments that may disrupt or otherwise negatively affect our operations or condition. Operational risk is inherent in all our businesses. Operational risk categories incorporate all of businesses and can impact the operational loss event-type categories set forth by the BCBS, which include the following: (i) internal fraud; (ii) external fraud; (iii) employment practices Company's financial performance, reputation and workplace safety; (iv) clients, products and business practices; (v) damage to physical assets; (vi) business disruption and system failures; and (vii) execution, delivery and process management. regulatory compliance.

One of our key operational risks is information security, which includes cybersecurity. Our information security program is led by our Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO") and overseen by our Technology and Information Risk Committee ("TIRC"). The program is designed to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information assets. We continuously monitor the cyber threat landscape, internal threats and technological changes to ensure controls are in place to mitigate risks to the organization and our customers. In concert with our lines of business and corporate functions, our enterprise-wide incident management framework enables us to manage risk mitigation activities that stem from incidents; these include governance structure and organization, an incident management program, incident management and escalation principles, requirements for testing and exercising the program, risk management principles and external reporting guidance. For additional information on cybersecurity, see "Item 1C. Cybersecurity."

Compliance Risk

Compliance risk is the risk of material financial loss, damage to reputation or negative impact on business strategies that Discover Financial Services and its subsidiaries may suffer as a result of its failure to comply with laws, regulations, rules and key internal policies applicable to the activities of our Company. Compliance risk exposures are actively and primarily managed by our business units in conjunction with our compliance department. Our compliance program governs the management of compliance risk and includes oversight by our Management Risk Committee and Compliance and Ethics Committee. Our Compliance Management System is in place to ensure we are responding in a timely manner to existing and changing laws, regulations and rules.

Legal Reputational Risk

Legal Reputational risk arises from is defined as the potential that unenforceable contracts, lawsuits for loss resulting from damage to the Company's reputation due to various factors such as negative public perception, adverse media coverage, regulatory actions or adverse judgments can disrupt or otherwise negatively affect our operations or condition. These unethical behavior.

-13-

This includes risks are such as negative publicity, customer dissatisfaction, regulatory fines and loss of stakeholder trust. Reputational risk is inherent in all of our businesses. Legal risk exposures are primarily managed by our business units in conjunction with our legal department Management Risk

-14-

Committee businesses and Compliance Committee oversee our legal risk management. Specifically, can impact the legal department is responsible for providing advice, interpreting Company's financial performance, customer loyalty and identifying developments regarding laws, regulations, regulatory guidance and litigation and setting standards for communicating relevant changes to corporate compliance, business units and internal audit. The legal department also identifies and communicates legal risk associated with new products and business practices. compliance.

Strategic Risk

Strategic risk is the risk that our strategies and the Company's earnings, capital, franchise and/or enterprise value is impacted due to failure to exploit its competitive position, inability to adapt to evolving forces in the industry or operating environment, inadequate strategic planning or poor execution of those strategies do not produce the desired outcome, resulting strategic decisions. Strategic risk is inherent in a negative impact on our enterprise value. This risk can be driven business and is influenced by internal and external factors including (i) the development of our business model, market position, selection of strategies strategic plan and the approaches therein contained, the execution of those strategies activities defined by the strategic plan and (ii) competitor strategies, emergence the activities of competitors, including legacy institutions and new competitors, emergence of new technologies, changing consumer preferences or other market factors, entrants.

Our Management Risk Committee actively manages strategic risk by monitoring our risk appetite and key risk indicators ("KRIs"), identifying and providing oversight of key risks associated with our business strategies, and working with our Risk Oversight Committee and Board of Directors to identify and manage top material strategic risks. Our business units take on and are accountable for managing strategic risk in pursuit of their objectives.

Enterprise Risk Management Activities

Risk Identification

We seek to identify potential exposures that could adversely affect our ability to successfully implement strategies and achieve objectives. To ensure that the full scale and scope of risk exposures from enterprise-wide activities are identified, we seek to identify risk exposures based on (i) significant enterprise-level risks that are strategic, systemic, or emerging in nature, including Company-specific risks that span across multiple lines of business; (ii) granular risk exposures from on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions, including concentrations; and (iii) risk exposures from initiatives focused on new, expanded, customized, or modified products, services and processes.

Risk exposures identified through these three approaches are consolidated to create a comprehensive risk inventory. This inventory is leveraged by a number of processes within our Company including stress scenario design and stress testing, capital planning, risk appetite setting and risk modeling. The risk inventory is reviewed and approved at least annually by the Management Risk Committee while sub-committees review the risks mapped to the relevant risk categories for transparency and comprehensive coverage of risk exposures.

Risk Measurement

Our risk measurement process seeks to ensure that the identified risk exposures are appropriately assessed. Risk measurement techniques appropriate to the risk category, including econometric modeling, statistical analysis, peer benchmarking and qualitative assessments, are employed to measure our material risk exposures.

Risk Management

We have policies and a defined governance structure in place to manage risks. In the event of a risk exposure exceeding established limits, management determines appropriate response actions. Responses, which may be taken by the Board of Directors, the Risk Oversight Committee, the Audit Committee, the Management Risk Committee, sub-committees or the CRO, or business units, may include (i) actions to directly mitigate or resolve risk; (ii) actions to terminate any activities resulting in an undesired or unintended risk position; or (iii) actions to prevent, avoid, modify, share or accept a risk position (or activity prior to its occurrence).

Risk Monitoring

Our risks are monitored through an integrated monitoring framework consisting of risk appetite metrics and KRIs. These metrics are established to monitor changes in our risk exposures and external environment. Risk appetite metrics are used to monitor the overall risk profile of our Company by setting risk boundaries and expectations through quantitative limits and qualitative expressions. We use KRIs to monitor our risk profile through direct or indirect alignment with the risk appetite limits.

These metrics enable monitoring of risk by business management and by measuring risk and performance data against established risk appetite limits and KRI escalation thresholds limits that are updated periodically. Escalation procedures Procedures are in place to notify the

-14-

appropriate governance committees in the event of any actual risk limit breaches or potential upcoming breaches. In addition to metrics, independent CRM testing also informs us how well risks are managed.

-15-

Risk Management

We have policies and a defined governance structure in place to manage risks. In the event of a risk exposure exceeding established thresholds, management determines appropriate response actions. Responses, which may be taken by the Board of Directors, the Risk Oversight Committee, the Audit Committee, the Management Risk Committee, sub-committees or the CRO, or business units, may include (i) actions to directly mitigate or resolve risk; (ii) actions to terminate any activities resulting in an undesired or unintended risk position; or (iii) actions to prevent, avoid, modify, share or accept a risk position (or activity prior to its occurrence).

Risk Reporting

As the constituents primarily responsible for proactively managing the risks to which they are exposed, our business units and risk and control functions periodically report to the governance committees. The CRM function is responsible for independent reporting on risk matters to various constituencies across our Company on a regular basis. The CRM department periodically provides risk management reporting to the Management Risk Committee, the Audit Committee, the Risk Oversight Committee and the Board of Directors.

Stress Testing

We use stress testing to better understand the range of potential risks, their impacts and the extent to which our Company is exposed. A stress testing framework is employed to provide a comprehensive, integrated and forward-looking assessment of material risks and vulnerabilities. Stress test results provide information for business strategy, risk appetite setting and decisions related to capital actions, contingency capital plans, liquidity buffer, contingency funding plans and balance sheet positioning. Our stress testing framework utilizes a risk inventory, taxonomy, which covers our risk exposures across our defined risk categories. The risk inventory provides a comprehensive categories and includes management's view of our vulnerabilities capturing significant risks from the Board of Directors' and management's view, granular risks relevant to business units and emerging risks associated with new initiatives, material risk exposure.

Risk Appetite and Strategic Limit Structure

Risk appetite is defined as the aggregate level and the type of risks we are willing to accept or avoid in order to achieve our strategic objectives. Risk appetite expressions statements are consistent with our aspirations, mission statement and core values and also serve as tools to preclude business activities that could have a negative impact on our reputation.

Risk appetite is expressed through both quantitative limits and qualitative expressions statements to recognize a range of possible outcomes and to help set boundaries for proactive management of risks. Risk appetite measures take into account the risk profile of the businesses, the external macroeconomic environment and stakeholder views, including those of shareholders, regulators, ratings agencies and customers. These limits and expressions statements are revised at least annually or as warranted by changes in business strategy, risk profile and external environment.

Management and our CRM department monitor approved limits and escalation triggers to ensure that the business is operating within the approved risk appetite. Risk limits are monitored and reported to various risk sub-committees, the Management Risk Committee and our Board of Directors, as appropriate. Through ongoing monitoring of risk exposures, management seeks to be able to identify appropriate risk response and mitigation strategies in order to react dynamically to changing conditions.

Capital Planning

Risk exposures identified through the risk identification process across risk categories and risk types are consolidated to create a comprehensive risk inventory, taxonomy. This inventory taxonomy is leveraged by a number of processes within our Company including to identify risks that inform stress scenario design, capital planning, risk appetite setting and risk modeling. The risk inventory is reviewed and approved at least annually by the Capital Planning Committee, the Management Risk Committee and sub-committees to ensure transparency and comprehensive coverage of risk exposures. Our capital planning and management framework encompasses forecasting capital levels, establishing capital targets, monitoring capital adequacy against targets, maintaining appropriate contingency capital plans and identifying strategic options to deploy excess capital.

-16-

Risk Management Review of Compensation

Our compensation program is grounded in a pay-for-performance philosophy, which considers performance across our Company, business segments and individual performance, as appropriate, as well as the long-term interests of our shareholders and the safety and soundness of our Company. We strive to deliver compensation that is competitive relative to our peers and have designed our program to attract, retain and motivate our employees. In addition to being competitive in the markets that we compete for talent and encouraging employees to achieve objectives set out by our management, our compensation programs are designed to balance an appropriate mix of compensation components to align the interests of employees with the long-term interests of shareholders and the safety and soundness of our business.

The design and administration of our compensation program provides incentives that seek to appropriately balance risk and financial results in a manner that does not incentivize employees to take imprudent risks, is compatible with effective controls and enterprise-wide risk management and is supported by strong corporate governance.

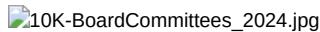
-15-

including oversight by our Board of Directors and the Compensation and **Leadership Development** Human Capital Committee ("CLDC" CHCC) of our Board of Directors. At least annually, the CLDC CHCC meets with the CRO to review and discuss the results of the assessment of whether our compensation plans encourage imprudent risk-taking that could threaten the value of, or have a material adverse effect on, our Company or result in a failure to comply with regulatory requirements.

Enterprise Risk Management Governance Structure

Our governance structure is based on the principle that each line of business is responsible for managing risks inherent in its business with appropriate oversight from our senior management and Board of Directors. Various committees are in place to oversee the management of risks across our business. We seek to apply operating principles consistently to each committee. These operating principles are detailed in each committee's charter, which is approved by its parent committee. Our bank subsidiary has its own risk governance, compliance, auditing and other requirements. Our risk governance framework is designed such that bank-level risk governance requirements are satisfied as well. **We are in the process of enhancing and strengthening our management committee structure and risk governance discipline, including the addition, elimination and re-alignment of management committees, to ensure comprehensive coverage.**

Board Committee Structure



Board of Directors

Our Board of Directors (i) reviews and approves certain risk management policies; (ii) reviews and approves our capital targets and goals; (iii) reviews and approves our risk appetite framework; (iv) monitors and approves our strategic plan, as appropriate; (v) appoints our CRO and other risk governance function leaders, as appropriate; (vi) receives and reviews reports on any exceptions to the Enterprise Risk Management Policy; and (vii) receives and reviews regulatory examination reports. The Board of Directors receives reports from the Governance and Controls Committee on risks associated with significant regulatory remediation activities, including consent orders, the Audit Committee and Risk Oversight Committee on risk management matters and the CLDC CHCC on risks associated with compensation and leadership development.

-17-

Governance and Controls Committee of our Board of Directors

Our Governance and Controls Committee **was formed in 2023 to assist** assists the Board in fulfilling its respective oversight responsibilities with regard to significant regulatory remediation activities, including consent orders. The **committee** Committee is responsible for overseeing and monitoring the establishment and timely implementation by management of remediation actions to address specific corrective actions required by the Company's regulators. It is responsible for overseeing the **mandate of the** Company's Office of Remediation, approving the head of the Office of Remediation and reviewing that individual's performance. The **committee** Committee is also responsible for reviewing and approving, or recommending for Board approval, any material amendments to action plans, **made in response to supervisory feedback**, and reviewing and approving any submissions to the Company's regulators related to compliance with consent orders.

Risk Oversight Committee of our Board of Directors

Our Risk Oversight Committee is responsible for overseeing our risk management policies and the operations of our enterprise-wide risk management framework and our capital planning and liquidity risk management activities. The Committee is responsible for, among other things, (i) **approving periodically reviewing** and **periodically reviewing** **approving** our global risk management policies; (ii) overseeing the operation of our policies and procedures for establishing our risk management governance, risk management procedures, risk appetite metrics and key risk indicators and risk-control infrastructure; (iii) overseeing

-16-

the operation of processes and systems for implementing and monitoring compliance with such policies and procedures; (iv) receiving and reviewing regular reports from management on items related to operational risk; (v) reviewing and making recommendations to the Board of Directors, as appropriate, regarding our risk management framework, key risk management policies and our risk appetite and tolerance; (vi) receiving and reviewing regular reports from management and our CRO on risk management deficiencies and emerging risks, the status of and changes to risk exposures **polices, procedures and practices** and the steps management has taken to monitor and control risk exposures; (vii) receiving reports on compliance with our risk appetite and limit structure and risk management policies, procedures and controls; and (viii) sharing information, liaising and meeting in joint session with the Audit Committee (which it may do through the chairs of the committees) as necessary or desirable to help ensure that the committees have received the information necessary to permit them to fulfill their duties and responsibilities with respect to oversight of risk management matters.

Audit Committee of our Board of Directors

With respect to the enterprise risk management framework, our Audit Committee's responsibilities include the following: (i) discussing policies with respect to risk assessment and management; (ii) receiving and reviewing reports from our CRO and other members of management as the **Committee** Committee deems appropriate on the guidelines and policies for assessing and managing our exposure to risks, the **corporation's** **Company's** major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures; (iii) receiving and reviewing reports from management with respect to the Company's compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements; and (iv)

sharing information and liaising with the Risk Oversight Committee as necessary or desirable to help ensure that the committees have received the information necessary to permit them to fulfill their duties and responsibilities with respect to oversight of risk management matters.

Compensation and Leadership Development Human Capital Committee of our Board of Directors

Our **CLDC CHCC** is responsible for overseeing risk management associated with our compensation program and leadership development practices. practices and certain human capital matters. The Committee receives reviews regular reporting regarding on our compensation program and practices, and evaluates whether these practices encourage excessive risk-taking. As a part of its reviews, the Committee considers obtains input from our CRO, to ensure they are effective and takes into account risk outcomes and do not encourage imprudent risk-taking. The Committee approves the safety and soundness compensation of the Company executive officers based on its evaluation of their performance against pre-established goals and Discover Bank. The CLDC receives reporting regarding talent management practices objectives. In addition, the Committee reviews the Company's human capital strategies and plans and evaluates risks, including those associated with leadership development and management succession planning. With respect to individual performance and compensation oversight, the CLDC's focus is on executive officers.

Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility Committee of our Board of Directors

Our Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility Committee is responsible for overseeing risk management with respect to many of the Company's governing documents and Board composition. The Committee is responsible for, among other things, (i) evaluating whether the skills necessary for overseeing management and the Company are present on the Board and consistent with the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines; (ii) facilitating the Board's self-evaluation process to ensure the right individuals are on the Board; (iii) overseeing the Company's engagement efforts with institutional shareholders, which can highlight current and future risks; (iv)

-18-

overseeing the Company's commitment to environmental, social and governance ("ESG") matters and its ESG strategies; and (v) receiving reports from management with respect to ESG risks and reporting.

-17-

Management Risk Committee and Sub-committees Structure



Management Risk Committee

Our Management Risk Committee is an executive management-level committee that establishes and oversees a comprehensive enterprise risk management program, which includes (i) providing a regular forum for representatives of our different functional groups to identify and discuss key risk issues and to recommend to senior management actions that should be taken to manage the level of risk taken by the business lines; (ii) establishing and overseeing an enterprise-wide approach to risk management through the development of our Enterprise Risk Management Policy and the associated oversight framework for the identification, measurement, monitoring, management and reporting of enterprise risk; (iii) communicating our risk appetite and philosophy, including establishing limits and thresholds for managing enterprise-wide risks; and (iv) reviewing, on a periodic basis, our aggregate enterprise-wide risk exposures and the effectiveness of risk identification, measurement, monitoring, management and reporting policies and procedures and related controls within the lines of business.

Our Management Risk Committee has formed and designated a number of sub-committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities. These sub-committees, made up of representatives from senior levels of management, escalate issues to our Management Risk Committee. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, the sub-committees consisted of the following (except where otherwise indicated, all sub-committees cover both the Company and all of its subsidiaries):

- **Credit Committee** oversees lending activities for Discover Bank, providing a regular forum for business units to bring forth and discuss key issues.
- **Asset and Liability Committee** assists in the oversight of the liquidity, funding and market risk management, as well as the execution of strategies to maintain capital adequacy.
- **Capital Planning Committee** provides oversight of capital management and the development of capital plans for the Company and Discover Bank.
- **Challenge Committee** assists in ensuring that supervisory findings Compliance and enforcement actions are resolved in a timely and appropriate manner.
- **Compliance Ethics Committee** oversees compliance risk management with respect to the business and activities of the Company and its subsidiaries through the Company's Compliance Management System.

-19-

- **Consumer Banking Business Risk Committee** was formed in 2024 to assist in the oversight and governance of risks applicable to Consumer Banking products and services and support and oversee the execution of the ERM framework and related risk programs.

- *Counterparty Credit Committee* oversees enterprise-wide counterparty credit risk at the Company and its subsidiaries, establishing an enterprise-wide approach to counterparty risk management through development of the Counterparty Credit Risk Management Policy.
- *Credit Committee* oversees lending activities for Discover Bank, providing a regular forum for business units to bring forth and discuss key issues.

-18-

- *Decisions and Analytics Business Risk Committee* was formed in 2024 to assist in the oversight and governance of risks applicable to the Company's products and services and support and oversee the execution of the ERM framework and related risk programs.
- *Human Resources Business Risk Committee* assists in the oversight of the Human Resources programs, providing a forum for leaders across the Company's business areas to evaluate key risks associated with Human Resources programs and employment practices.
- *New Initiatives Model Risk Management Committee* was formed in 2024 to review and assess model risk and oversee and monitor the effectiveness of the activities designed to mitigate model risk throughout the Company.
- *Network Operating Rules and Pricing Committee* was formed in 2024 to assist in the oversight of new initiatives including new products, services, systems or business processes. Network operating rules and pricing matters for the Payment Services segment.
- *Operational Non-financial Risk Committee* oversees non-financial risk management with respect to the business and activities of the Company and its subsidiaries. Non-financial risk includes operational, strategic and reputational risk.
- *Payment Services Business Risk Committee* was formed in 2024 to assist in the oversight and governance of Operational Risk Management, approving and/or overseeing policies, standard, risk appetite and frameworks for operational risk measurement.
- *Technology and Information Risk Committee* provides oversight, leadership and direction setting concerning data risk, technology risk and information security risk management on an enterprise-wide basis.
- *Resolution Planning Committee* oversees all aspects of Discover Bank's resolution planning efforts as defined by the FDIC under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act ("FDIA").
- *Affiliate Transactions Committee* provides oversight of transactions between Discover Bank and its affiliates. Payment Services segment.

Supervision and Regulation

General

Our operations are subject to extensive regulation, supervision and examination under U.S. federal and state laws and regulations, and under the legal or regulatory frameworks of certain foreign jurisdictions. As a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 and a financial holding company under the GLBA, we are subject to supervision, examination and regulation by the Federal Reserve. As a large provider of consumer financial services, we are subject to supervision, examination and regulation of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB").

Our bank subsidiary, Discover Bank, is located in the U.S. and is chartered and regulated by the Office of the Delaware State Bank Commissioner ("Delaware Commissioner") and is also regulated by the FDIC, which insures its deposits up to applicable limits and serves as the bank's primary federal banking regulator. Discover Bank is also a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") of Chicago. Discover Bank offers credit card loans, personal loans and home loans as well as certificates of deposit, savings and checking accounts and other types of deposit accounts.

Bank Holding Company Regulation

Permissible activities for a bank holding company include owning a bank as well as those activities that are so closely related to banking as to be a proper incident thereto, such as consumer lending and other activities that have been approved by the Federal Reserve by regulation or order. Certain servicing activities are also permissible for a bank holding company if conducted for or on behalf of the bank holding company or any of its affiliates. Impermissible activities for bank holding companies include non-financial activities that are related to commerce such as manufacturing or retail sales of non-financial products.

A financial holding company and the non-bank companies under its control are permitted to engage in activities considered financial in nature, incidental to financial activities, or complementary to financial activities, if the Federal Reserve determines that such activities pose no risk to the safety or soundness of depository institutions or the financial system in general. Being a financial holding company under the GLBA requires that the depository institution we control meets certain criteria, including capital, management and Community Reinvestment Act requirements. In addition, under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act ("Dodd-Frank Act") we are required to meet certain capital and management criteria to maintain our status as a financial holding company. Failure to meet the criteria for financial holding company status results in restrictions on new financial activities or acquisitions and could require discontinuance of existing activities that are not otherwise generally permissible for bank holding companies.

Federal Reserve regulations and the FDIA Federal Deposit Insurance Act ("FDIA") require a bank holding company to serve as a source of strength to its subsidiary bank(s) and commit resources to support each subsidiary bank. This support may be required at times when a bank holding company may not be able to provide such support without adversely affecting its ability to meet other obligations.

-20- -19-

The Dodd-Frank Act, addresses risks to the economy and the payments system, especially those posed by large systemically important financial institutions. When the Dodd-Frank Act was first signed into law, all bank holding companies with \$250 billion or more in total consolidated assets became subject to enhanced prudential standards. The Dodd-Frank Act was subsequently as amended, by the Economic Growth, Regulatory Relief, and Consumer Protection Act to provide provides the Federal Reserve with the authority to impose certain enhanced prudential standards on bank holding companies with total consolidated assets between \$100 billion and \$250 billion, including DFS, only after issuing a new regulation or order based on a risk-based determination. In October 2019, the federal banking agencies issued final rules that tailored the regulatory requirements in effect at that time related to capital, liquidity and enhanced prudential standards to align with the risk and complexity profiles of banking institutions with total consolidated assets of \$100 billion or more. Under the final rules, which became effective in December 2019, DFS is considered a Category IV institution and therefore subject to the least stringent category of enhanced prudential standards for bank holding companies with at least \$100 billion in total assets. Among other things, DFS is required to submit to supervisory stress tests every other year rather than annually, is no longer subject to regulations requiring DFS to submit the results of company-run capital stress tests and is no longer subject to the liquidity coverage ratio. However, DFS is still required to submit annual capital plans to the Federal Reserve and remains subject to other core components of enhanced prudential standards, such as risk-management and risk committee requirements and liquidity risk management regulations.

In January 2021, the Federal Reserve finalized regulatory amendments that made targeted changes to the capital planning, regulatory reporting and stress capital buffer ("SCB") requirements for firms subject to Category IV standards, including DFS, to be consistent with the Federal Reserve's regulatory tailoring framework that became effective in December 2019. Among other things, the amended rules provide Category IV institutions with the option to submit to supervisory stress tests during off years if they wish for the Federal Reserve to reset the stress test portion of their SCB requirement.

On June 23, 2022, the Federal Reserve released results of the 2022 Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review ("CCAR") exercise. Discover's results showed strong capital levels under stress, well above regulatory minimums. These results were used to set the new SCB effective October 1, 2022. On August 4, 2022, the Federal Reserve disclosed the new SCB for DFS to be 2.5%, the lowest possible requirement. In accordance with the capital plan rule amendments, we elected not to participate in the 2023 supervisory stress tests. Nevertheless, we submitted tests, but did submit to the Federal Reserve on April 5, 2023, a capital plan based on a forward-looking assessment of income and capital under baseline and stressful conditions. On July 27, 2023, In July 2023, the Federal Reserve disclosed that Discover's SCB is was unchanged at 2.5%, beginning October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024. On April 5, 2024, we submitted our 2024 capital plan to the Federal Reserve. On June 26, 2024, the Federal Reserve announced results of the 2024 Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review ("CCAR") exercise, followed by the release of the final large bank capital requirements on August 28, 2024. Our new SCB requirement increased to 3.1% and is effective from October 1, 2024, through September 30, 2025, subject to potential recalculation, as discussed in the next paragraph.

Under the Basel III rules, a firm must update and resubmit its capital plan under certain circumstances, including a material change in the firm's risk profile, financial condition or corporate structure since its last capital plan submission. We determined our entry into the Merger Agreement with Capital One required us to resubmit our capital plan. We resubmitted our capital plan in May 2024, and the resubmission process is ongoing. Under the capital plan rule and as a consequence of the resubmission, we must receive prior approval for any dividend or other capital distribution, other than a capital distribution on a newly issued capital instrument, and the Federal Reserve may recalculate our SCB.

DFS is subject to the Federal Reserve's supervisory rating system for large financial institutions ("LFI Rating System"). The LFI Rating System is intended to align more closely with the Federal Reserve's current supervisory programs for large financial institutions, enhance the clarity and consistency of supervisory assessments and provide greater transparency regarding the consequences of a given rating. Under the LFI Rating System, the Federal Reserve does not provide an institution with an overall composite rating but instead evaluates and assigns ratings for each of the following three components: capital planning and positions; liquidity risk management and positions; and governance and controls. An institution subject to the LFI Rating System, such as DFS, will not be considered "well managed" under applicable regulations if it is assigned a deficient rating in any one component, which could would typically be a barrier for seeking the Federal Reserve's approval to engage in new or expansionary activities.

Regulatory and supervisory developments, findings and ratings have in the past negatively impacted and could in the future negatively impact our business strategies or require us to limit or change our business practices, restructure our products in ways that we may not currently anticipate, limit our product offerings, invest more management time and resources in compliance efforts, limit the fees we can charge for services or limit our ability to pursue certain business opportunities and obtain related required regulatory approvals. For additional information regarding bank regulatory limitations on acquisitions and investments, see "— Acquisitions and Investments." See Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements for more information on recent matters affecting us. Regulatory developments could also influence our strategies, impact the value of our assets, or otherwise adversely affect our businesses. For more information regarding the regulatory environment and developments under the Dodd-Frank Act, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments" and "Risk Factors."

-21 -20-

Capital, Dividends and Share Repurchases

DFS and Discover Bank are subject to capital adequacy guidelines rules adopted by federal banking regulators, which include maintaining minimum capital and leverage ratios for capital adequacy and higher ratios to be deemed "well-capitalized" for other regulatory purposes. DFS and Discover Bank are required to maintain Tier 1 and total capital equal to at least 6% and 8% of our total risk-weighted assets, respectively. DFS and Discover Bank are also required to maintain a minimum "leverage ratio" (Tier 1 capital to adjusted total assets) of 4% and a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio (common equity Tier 1 capital to total risk-weighted assets) of 4.5%. Further, under the Federal Reserve's current capital plan requirements, DFS is required to demonstrate that under stress scenarios we will maintain each of the minimum capital ratios on a pro-forma basis throughout the nine-quarter planning horizon. The capital rules also require DFS and Discover Bank to maintain a buffer, consisting solely of CET1 capital, in addition to the minimum risk-based requirements. Failure to satisfy the buffer requirement in full results in graduated constraints on capital distributions and discretionary executive compensation. The severity of the constraints depends on the amount of the shortfall and the Company's eligible retained income, defined as the greater of (i) net income for the four preceding quarters net of distributions and associated tax effects not reflected in net income and (ii) the average of net income over the preceding four quarters.

In addition to the supervisory minimum levels of capital described above, Federal Reserve rules applicable to DFS require maintenance of the following minimum capital ratios to be considered "well-capitalized" for certain purposes under Regulation Y (12 CFR 225): (i) a Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio of 6% and (ii) a total risk-based capital ratio of 10%. Our bank subsidiary is required by the FDIC's Prompt Corrective Action rules to maintain the following minimum capital ratios to be considered "well-capitalized": (i) a common equity Tier 1 capital ratio of 6.5%; (ii) a Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio of 8%; (iii) a total risk-based capital ratio of 10%; and (iv) a Tier 1 leverage ratio of 5%. Under the Prompt Corrective Actions rules, an institution may be downgraded to, or deemed to be in, a capital category that is lower than indicated by its capital ratios if it is determined to be in an unsafe or unsound condition or if it receives an unsatisfactory examination rating for certain matters. A bank's capital category is determined solely for the purpose of applying Prompt Corrective Action regulations, and the capital category may not constitute an accurate representation of the bank's overall financial condition or prospects for other purposes. At **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, DFS met all requirements to be deemed "well-capitalized" pursuant to the applicable regulations. For related information regarding our bank subsidiary see "— FDIA" below.

There are various federal and state law limitations on the extent to which our bank subsidiary can provide funds to us through dividends, loans or otherwise. These limitations include minimum regulatory capital requirements, federal and state banking law requirements concerning the payment of dividends out of net profits or surplus, affiliate transaction limits and general federal and state regulatory oversight to prevent unsafe or unsound practices. In general, federal and applicable state banking laws prohibit, without first obtaining regulatory approval, insured depository institutions ("IDIs"), such as Discover Bank, from making dividend distributions if such distributions are not paid out of available earnings or would cause the institution to fail to meet applicable capital adequacy standards. Limitations on our ability to receive dividends from our bank subsidiary could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, including our ability to pay dividends on our stock or interest and principal on our debt. For more information, see "— FDIA" below.

Additionally, we are subject to regulatory requirements relative to capital distributions, including common stock dividends and repurchases, imposed by the Federal Reserve as part of its stress testing framework and CCAR program.

For more information on capital planning, including additional conditions and limits on our ability to pay dividends and repurchase our stock, see "— Bank Holding Company Regulation," "Risk Factors — Operational and Other Risk — *We may be limited in our ability to pay dividends on and repurchase our stock*," "Risk Factors — Operational and Other Risk — We are a holding company and depend on payments from our subsidiaries," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources — Capital" and Note 17: Capital Adequacy to our consolidated financial statements.

FDIA

The FDIA imposes various requirements on insured depository institutions, IDIs. For example, the FDIA requires, among other things, the federal banking agencies regulators to take "prompt corrective action" in with respect of to depository institutions that do not meet minimum capital requirements. The FDIA sets forth the following five capital tiers: categories: "well-capitalized," "adequately capitalized," "undercapitalized," "significantly undercapitalized" and "critically undercapitalized." The federal banking regulators must take certain mandatory supervisory actions, and are authorized to take other discretionary actions, with

-21-

respect to institutions which are undercapitalized, significantly undercapitalized or critically undercapitalized. A depository institution's capital tier category will depend upon on how its capital levels compare with to various relevant capital measures and certain other factors that are established by regulation. At **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, Discover Bank met all applicable requirements to be deemed "well-capitalized."

The FDIA also prohibits any depository institution from making any capital distributions (including payment of a dividend) or paying any management fee to its parent holding company if the depository institution would thereafter be "undercapitalized." "Undercapitalized" institutions are subject to growth limitations and are required to submit a capital restoration plan. plan to its appropriate federal banking regulator. For a capital restoration plan to be acceptable, among other things, the depository institution's parent holding company must guarantee that the institution will comply with the capital restoration plan.

If a depository institution fails to submit an acceptable capital restoration plan, or fails to implement an approved plan, it is treated as if it is "significantly undercapitalized." "Significantly undercapitalized" depository institutions may be subject to a number of requirements and restrictions, including orders to sell sufficient voting stock to become "adequately capitalized," requirements to

-22-

reduce total assets and cessation of receipt of deposits from correspondent banks. "Critically undercapitalized" institutions are subject to the appointment of a receiver or conservator.

The FDIA prohibits insured banks from accepting brokered deposits or offering interest rates on any deposits significantly higher than the prevailing rate in the bank's normal market area or nationally (depending upon where the deposits are solicited), unless it is "well-capitalized," or it is "adequately capitalized" and receives a waiver from the FDIC. Under current FDIC regulations, a bank that is less than "well-capitalized" is generally prohibited from soliciting deposits by offering an interest rate that exceeds 75 basis points over the national market average or 120 percent of the current yield on a similar maturity U.S. Treasury obligation plus 75 basis points, whichever is higher. There are no such restrictions under the FDIA on a bank that is "well-capitalized." As of **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, Discover Bank met the FDIC's definition of a "well-capitalized" institution for purposes of accepting brokered deposits. An inability to accept brokered deposits in the future could materially adversely impact our funding costs and liquidity. For more

information, see "Risk Factors — Credit, Market and Liquidity Risk — An inability to accept or maintain deposits in the future could materially adversely affect our liquidity position and our ability to fund our business."

The FDIA also affords FDIC insured depository institutions, IDIs, such as Discover Bank, the ability to "export" interest rates permitted under the laws of the state where the bank is located. Discover Bank is located in Delaware and, therefore, can charge interest on loans to out-of-state borrowers at rates permitted under Delaware law, regardless of the usury limitations imposed by the state laws of the borrower's residence. Delaware law does not limit the amount of interest that may be charged on loans of the type offered by Discover Bank. This flexibility facilitates the current nationwide lending activities of Discover Bank.

The FDIA subjects Discover Bank to deposit insurance assessments. In an effort to bolster the reserves of the Deposit Insurance Fund, the Dodd-Frank Act raised the statutory minimum reserve ratio for the Fund to 1.35% and removed the statutory cap for the designated reserve ratio ("DRR"). The FDIA requires the FDIC to designate and publish a DRR annually. For 2023, 2024, the DRR was 2.00%. The FDIC also recently amended its deposit insurance regulations to increase initial base deposit insurance assessment rate schedules, beginning with the first quarterly assessment period of 2023, which will raise Discover Bank's cost of deposit insurance. Further increases may occur in the future. In November 2023, the FDIC's Board of Directors FDIC approved a final rule to implement a special assessment to recover the loss to the Deposit Insurance Fund associated with protecting uninsured depositors following the failure of two domestic banks in March 2023. The assessment base for the special assessment is equal to an insured depository institution's IDI's estimated uninsured deposits reported as of December 31, 2022, adjusted to exclude the first \$5 billion. The special assessment will be collected at an annual rate of approximately 13.4 basis points for an anticipated total of eight quarterly assessment periods, beginning with the first quarterly assessment period of 2024 (i.e., January 1 through March 31, 2024). Due to the increased estimate of losses, in June 2024, the FDIC announced that it projects that the special assessment will be collected for an additional two quarters beyond the initial eight-quarter collection period, at a lower rate.

Discover Bank is subject to the FDIC's final rule requiring periodic submission of a resolution plan to the FDIC. In June 2021, 2024, the FDIC announced approved a modified approach final rule to its implementation strengthen resolution planning for IDIs with at least \$50 billion in total assets. IDIs with \$100 billion or more in average total assets, such as Discover Bank, are now required to submit full resolution plans ("Full Plans") on a triennial basis, with informational supplement filings ("Interim Supplements") due in years a Full Plan is not required. The rule also includes updated and new informational requirements. It also, among other things, revises the required contents of certain aspects of its a resolution plan rule as it relates to insured depository institutions for an IDI with \$100 billion or more in total assets. Discover Bank is required assets and addresses the IDI's capabilities to submit a resolution plan to produce valuations that the FDIC on a three-year cycle, with its could use to conduct the statutorily required least-cost analysis in the event of the IDI's failure. The final rule became effective October 1, 2024 and Discover Bank's first filing

-22-

Full Plan under the updated rule is due on December 1, 2022 or before July 1, 2026, under the FDIC's modified approach. Discover Bank submitted its most recent resolution plan to the FDIC in November 2022. In August 2023, the FDIC issued proposed revisions to strengthen the resolution plan rule, including with respect to the content and timing of resolution submissions as well as interim supplements provided to the FDIC. The proposed rule would require full plan submissions from Discover Bank every two years, with more limited supplements filed in off years. The proposed revisions also include updated and new information requirements. Because the rule revisions are not yet final, the impact to Discover Bank remains uncertain until the rulemaking process is complete. our first Interim Supplement due on or before July 1, 2025.

Acquisitions and Investments

Since we are a bank holding company, and Discover Bank is an insured depository institution, IDI, we are subject to banking laws and regulations that limit the types of mergers, acquisitions and investments that we can make. In addition, certain permitted mergers, acquisitions and investments that we seek to make are subject to the prior review and approval of our banking regulators, including the Federal Reserve and the FDIC. Our banking regulators have broad discretion on whether to approve proposed mergers, acquisitions and investments. In deciding whether to approve a proposed acquisition, federal bank banking regulators will consider, among other factors, the effect of the acquisition on competition; our financial condition and our future prospects, including current and projected capital ratios and levels; the competence, experience and integrity of our management and our record of compliance with laws and regulations; regulations, especially consumer protection laws; the convenience and needs of the communities to be served, including our record of compliance under the Community Reinvestment Act; and our effectiveness in combating money laundering. Therefore, results of supervisory activities of the banking regulators,

-23-

including examination results and ratings, can impact whether regulators approve proposed acquisitions and investments. For more information on recent matters affecting us, see Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements. For information on the regulatory environment, see "Risk Factors."

In addition, certain acquisitions of our voting stock may be subject to regulatory approval or notice under federal or Delaware state law. Investors are responsible for ensuring that they do not, directly or indirectly, acquire shares of our stock in excess of the amount that can be acquired without regulatory approval under the Change in Bank Control Act, the Bank Holding Company Act and the Delaware Change in Bank Control provisions, which prohibit any person or company from acquiring control of us without, in most cases, the prior written approval of each of the FDIC, the Federal Reserve and the Delaware Commissioner.

Consumer Financial Services

The relationship between us and our U.S. customers is regulated extensively under federal and state consumer protection laws. Federal laws include the Truth in Lending Act, the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, the GLBA, the Credit Card Accountability Responsibility and Disclosure Act, the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act, the

Military Lending Act, the Truth in Savings Act, the Electronic Fund Transfer Act and the Dodd-Frank Act. These and other federal laws, among other things, prohibit unfair, **unfair, deceptive and abusive** or abusive practices, require disclosures of the cost of credit and other terms of credit and deposit accounts, provide substantive consumer rights, prohibit discrimination in credit transactions, regulate the use of credit report information, provide privacy protections, require safe and sound banking operations, restrict our ability to raise interest rates on credit cards, protect customers serving in the military and their dependents and subject us to substantial regulatory oversight. The CFPB has rulemaking and interpretive authority under the Dodd-Frank Act and other federal consumer financial services laws, as well as broad supervisory, examination and enforcement authority over large providers of consumer financial products and services, such as DFS. In October 2024, the CFPB issued a final rule requiring providers of payment accounts or products, such as Discover Bank, to make data available to consumers upon request regarding the products or services they obtain from the provider, and to third parties, with the consumer's express authorization, for the purpose of such third parties providing the consumer with financial products or services requested by the consumer. Data required to be made available under the rule includes transaction information, account balance, account and routing numbers, terms and conditions, upcoming bill information and certain account verification data. For banks with at least \$10 billion and less than \$250 billion in total assets, compliance with the rule is required by April 1, 2027. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments — Consumer Financial Services." State and, in some cases, local laws also may regulate in these areas, as well as in the areas of collection practices, and may provide other additional consumer protections.

Violations of applicable consumer protection laws can result in significant potential liability in litigation by customers, including civil monetary penalties, actual damages, restitution and attorneys' fees. Federal banking regulators, as well as state attorneys general and other state and local consumer protection agencies, also may seek to enforce consumer protection requirements and obtain these and other remedies. Further violations may cause federal banking regulators to deny, or delay approval of, potential acquisitions and investments. See "— Acquisitions and Investments."

-23-

We are subject to additional laws and regulations affecting mortgage lenders. Federal, state and, in some instances, local laws apply to mortgage lending activities. These laws generally regulate the manner that mortgage lending and lending-related activities are conducted, including advertising and other consumer disclosures, payments for services and recordkeeping requirements. These laws include the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, the Fair Credit Reporting Act, the Truth in Lending Act, the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, the Fair Housing Act, the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act and various state laws. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments — Consumer Financial Services."

Payment Networks

Our payment networks deliver switching and settlement services to financial institutions and other program participants for a variety of ATM, payment and other electronic banking transactions. These operations are regulated by certain federal and state laws, including banking, privacy and data security laws. Moreover, the Discover and PULSE networks are subject to examination under the oversight of the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council, an interagency body composed of the federal bank banking regulators and the National Credit Union Administration. In addition, as our payments business has expanded globally, we are subject to government regulation, both directly and indirectly through regulation affecting network licenses, in countries in which our networks operate or our cards are used. Changes in existing federal, state or international regulation could increase the cost or risk of providing network services, change the competitive environment, or otherwise materially adversely affect our operations. The legal environment regarding privacy and data security is particularly dynamic and any unpermitted handling or disclosure of confidential customer information could have a material adverse impact on our business, including loss of consumer confidence.

-24-

The Dodd-Frank Act contains several provisions that are relevant to the business practices, network transaction volume, revenue and prospects for future growth of our debit card network business. The Dodd-Frank Act requires that merchants control the routing of debit transactions and that interchange fees received by certain payment card issuers on debit card transactions be "reasonable and proportional" to the issuer's cost in connection with such transactions, as determined by the Federal Reserve. The Dodd-Frank Act also requires the Federal Reserve to restrict debit card networks and issuers from requiring debit card transactions to be processed solely on a single payment network or two or more affiliated networks, or from requiring that transactions be routed over certain networks.

Money Laundering & Terrorist Financing Prevention Program

Federal laws and regulations impose obligations on U.S. financial institutions to implement policies, procedures and controls which are reasonably designed to prevent, detect and report instances of money laundering and the financing of terrorism and to verify the identity of their customers. Federal banking regulators consider a financial institution's anti-money laundering activities when reviewing bank mergers and bank holding company acquisitions. Failure of a financial institution to maintain and implement adequate anti-money laundering programs and terrorist financing could have legal and reputational consequences for the institution, including the denial by federal regulators of proposed merger, acquisition, restructuring or other expansionary activity.

We maintain an enterprise-wide program designed to comply with all applicable anti-money laundering and anti-terrorism laws and regulations, including the Anti-Money Laundering Act, the Bank Secrecy Act and the USA PATRIOT Act of 2001. This program includes policies, procedures, training and other internal controls designed to mitigate the risk of money laundering or terrorist financing posed by our products, services, customers and geographic locale. These controls include procedures and processes to detect and report suspicious transactions, perform customer due diligence and meet all recordkeeping and reporting requirements related to particular transactions involving currency or monetary instruments. The program is coordinated by our anti-money laundering compliance and sanctions officer and undergoes regular independent audits to assess its effectiveness. Our program is typically reviewed on an annual basis by federal banking regulators. For additional information regarding bank regulatory limitations on acquisitions and investments, see "— Acquisitions and Investments."

Sanctions Programs

We have a program designed to comply with applicable economic and trade sanctions programs, including those administered and enforced by the U.S. Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC"). These sanctions are usually targeted against foreign countries, terrorists, international narcotics traffickers and those believed to be involved in the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, among others. These regulations generally

-24-

require either the blocking of accounts or other property of specified entities or individuals, but they may also require the rejection of certain transactions involving specified entities or individuals. Blocked assets cannot be paid out, withdrawn, set off or transferred in any manner without a license from OFAC. Failure to comply with these sanctions could have serious legal and reputational consequences, including denial by federal regulators of proposed merger, acquisition, restructuring or other expansionary activity. We maintain policies, procedures and other internal controls designed to comply with these sanctions programs.

Information About Our Executive Officers

Set forth below is information concerning our executive officers, each of whom is a member of our Executive Management Committee.

| Name | Age | Position |
|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| J. Michael G. Rhodes Shepherd | 58 | Director, Interim Chief Executive Officer and President |
| John T. Greene | 59 | Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer |
| Carolyn D. Blair | 57 | Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer |
| Daniel P. Capozzi | 53 | Executive Vice President, President - Consumer Banking |
| Jason P. Hanson | 46 | Executive Vice President, President - Payment Services |
| Hope D. Mehlman Amy Hellen | 59 | Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary |
| Michael E. Roemer | 61 | Executive Vice President, Chief Risk Officer |
| Jason J. Strle | 48 | Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer |
| Keith E. Toney | 53 | Executive Vice President, President - Credit and Decision Management |
| Kelly R. Welsh | 72 | Executive Vice President, Interim Chief Legal Officer, General Counsel and Head of Corporate and Public Affairs |
| Karl W. Werwath | 62 | Executive Vice President, Chief Transformation Officer |

J. Michael G. Rhodes Shepherd is our Director, Interim CEO and President, having joined Discover effective in April 2024. He is the former Chairman and CEO of BancWest Corporation and its subsidiary, Bank of the West, the US retail arm of BNP Paribas Group (prior to the Bank of the West's acquisition by BMO Financial Group in February 2024). Prior to joining Discover, Mr. Rhodes was the Group Head, Canadian Personal Banking at TD Bank Group ("TD") 2023. He joined TD held positions of increasing responsibility after joining Bank of the West in 2011 to lead the North American Credit Card 2004, including general counsel, president and Merchant Services business, and from 2017 to 2021, chairman & CEO. Additionally, he also served as the Group Head, Innovation, Technology chairman of BNP Paribas USA, Inc. from 2016 to 2019 and Shared Services. His experience also includes leadership roles at both as a director from 2016 to February 2023. Before joining Bank of America the West, Mr. Shepherd served as general counsel of the Bank of New York Company, Inc. and MBNA America Bank of Shawmut National Corporation. He previously served as Senior Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, Associate Counsel to the President of the United States and Deputy Assistant Attorney General. He serves on the board of directors of Pacific Mutual Holdings Inc. Mr. Rhodes earned his MBA from the Wharton School at Shepherd is a graduate of Stanford University and the University of Pennsylvania and holds a bachelor's degree in engineering from Duke University, Michigan Law School.

-25-

John T. Greene is our Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"). He has held this role since September 2019. Prior to joining Discover, Mr. Greene served as executive vice president, chief financial officer and treasurer at Bioverativ, a global biopharmaceutical company. From 2014 to 2016, he was chief financial officer for Willis Group Holdings, which was preceded by more than eight years at HSBC Holdings where he held CFO positions for several divisions, including retail bank and wealth management, insurance and consumer and mortgage lending. He also held various CFO roles in his 12-year tenure with General Electric from 1993 to 2005. Mr. Greene holds a bachelor's degree in accounting from the State University of New York and an MBA from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University.

-25-

Carolyn D. Blair is our Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer. She has held this role since March 2024. She brings three decades of experience in large, complex multinational financial services organizations and is known as a highly effective leader who has helped companies transform, scale and grow. Prior to joining Discover, Ms. Blair served as president and founder of Tayside Group, a boutique human resources consulting firm, from 2021 to 2024, as well as executive vice president and chief human resources officer at Allstate Insurance Company from 2019 to 2021 and Sun Life Financial from 2012 to 2018. She also worked at TD Bank Group for over 20 years, where she held several senior human resources leadership positions, including executive vice president, human resources, TD Bank N.A. Ms. Blair earned an honours bachelor of arts from McMaster University and completed the Human Resources Executive Program at the University of Michigan.

Daniel P. Capozzi is our Executive Vice President, President - Consumer Banking. He has held this role since July 2023. In his current role, Mr. Capozzi oversees enterprise marketing, consumer products (US Cards, Lending and Deposits) and customer care operations. Prior to this role, he served as president – US Cards from December 2020 to 2023. In October 2018, he was appointed to the role of executive vice president, president - Credit Operations and Decision Management, and also previously served as senior vice president, Credit and Decision Management beginning in June 2017. Since joining Discover in 2007, Mr. Capozzi has also held leadership positions in the Deposits business and Corporate Finance, Finance at Discover. Prior to joining Discover, he held various leadership positions in Finance at Citibank and Bank of America. Mr. Capozzi holds a bachelor's degree in business administration from Northeastern University.

Jason P. Hanson is our Executive Vice President, President – Payment Services. He has held this role since July 2023, with responsibility for Discover Network, PULSE and Diners Club International. Since joining Discover in 2019, Mr. Hanson has held various leadership positions across Payment Services. Prior to joining Discover, Mr. Hanson held roles as a senior vice president at FIS/WorldPay, as a partner at McKinsey & Company and as an officer in the U.S. Army. Mr. Hanson holds a bachelor's degree in economics from the United States Military Academy, West Point and an MBA from the University of Chicago Booth School of Business.

Hope D. Mehlman Amy Hellen is our was named Executive Vice President, Chief Legal Officer, General Counsel CRO in April 2024 and Corporate Secretary. She joined Discover in January 2023 oversees all aspects of the corporate risk management function. Prior to then, she served as executive senior vice president, chief legal compliance officer from December 2021 to April 2024, and general counsel, as both the CRO and became corporate secretary in February 2023. Prior chief compliance officer from April to June 2024. Before joining Discover, Ms. Mehlman was executive vice president, general counsel and corporate secretary of Hellen spent 15 years with TD Bank of the West and corporate secretary of BNP Paribas USA, Inc., positions she held from 2020 to January 2023. From 2006 to 2020, she held multiple leadership roles at Regions Financial Corp., where she last served as executive vice president, deputy general counsel, chief governance officer led consumer compliance and corporate secretary. Ms. Mehlman holds held a bachelor's degree variety of senior roles in near eastern studies from Cornell University, a juris doctor from Seton Hall University Law School risk management including anti-money laundering compliance and a master of laws in taxation from New York University School of Law.

Michael E. Roemer is our Executive Vice President, CRO. He has held this role since July 2021 and previously served as chief compliance officer beginning in February 2021 through December 2021, retail banking. Prior to joining Discover, Mr. Roemer served as chief compliance officer at Wells Fargo from 2018 to 2020, where he oversaw the transformation of its enterprise compliance function, focusing on regulatory remediation that, she worked in retail banking for Chase, PNC and improvement of compliance risk management. Before that, he was head of compliance at Barclays from 2014 to 2017, where he led the compliance transformation program and served as chief internal auditor from 2012 to 2014. Mr. Roemer holds a bachelor's Fifth Third Bank. Ms. Hellen achieved her undergraduate degree from St. John's Pennsylvania State University and completed the Tuck Executive Program at Dartmouth College, her MBA from Syracuse University.

Jason J. Strle is our Executive Vice President, Chief Information Officer ("CIO"). He has held this role since July 2023. Prior to joining Discover, Mr. Strle served as executive vice president and group CIO for Corporate Functions at Wells Fargo from 2022 to 2023, and Consumer Banking, Payments and Digital from 2017 to 2022. Prior to Wells Fargo, he spent almost 13 years with JPMorgan Chase in roles of increasing scope, culminating as CIO of Consumer and Small Business Banking. Mr. Strle holds a bachelor's degree in computer science from Ohio University in Athens, Ohio.

Keith E. Toney is our Executive Vice President, President – Credit and Decision Management. He has held this role since July 2023 and previously served as executive vice president, president – data and analytics from October 2020 to July 2023. Prior to that, Mr. Toney served as senior vice president, chief data officer beginning in December 2019. From 2017 to 2019, Mr. Toney held leadership positions with The Hartford Financial Services Group, where he last served as senior vice president – product, data science and analytics. Mr. Toney, who also served as chief data scientist at Connexion Point from 2015 to 2017, has more than 20 years of information technology and risk management experience in financial services and analytics. He holds a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in mathematics from Ohio State University.

Kelly R. Welsh was named Executive Vice President, Interim Chief Legal Officer, General Counsel and Head of Corporate and Public Affairs in December 2024. Prior to Discover, he was president of the Civic Committee of the Commercial Club of Chicago from 2017 to 2022 and served on the board of directors of Bank of the West and of BancWest Holdings Inc. from 2018 to 2023. Mr. Welsh previously served as general counsel of the United States Department of Commerce and as executive vice president, general counsel and a member of the management committee of Northern Trust and Ameritech. He also was corporation counsel of the City of Chicago and a partner at the law firm of Mayer Brown. Mr. Welsh received an A.B. from Harvard College, an M.A. from the University of Sussex and a J.D. from Harvard Law School, where he was an editor of the Harvard Law Review.

Karl W. Werwath is our Executive Vice President, Chief Transformation Officer after joining Discover in April 2024. In this role, he leads the Company's integration management office for the pending merger with Capital One and oversees broader enterprise project and program management initiatives. Prior to joining Discover, from 2020 to 2023, he served as chief operating officer at Bank of the West/BNP Paribas USA, Inc. and BMO Financial Group following its integration with Bank of the West in 2023. Mr. Werwath also served as Bank of the West's head of technology, operations, security and transformation from 2018 to 2020. Prior to that, he spent 19 years at Capital One where he held a variety of roles, including head of commercial bank client service and digital solutions, head of retail and direct bank digital transformation and head of U.S. credit card customer operations. Prior to Capital One, he held a variety of positions at Motorola including two joint ventures and three international start-ups. Mr. Werwath holds a bachelor's degree in manufacturing engineering from the University of Illinois, a master's degree of engineering management from Northwestern University and an MBA, with a concentration in marketing and finance, from the University of Chicago.

-27-

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider each of the following risks described below and all of the other information in this annual report on Form 10-K in evaluating us. Our business, financial condition, cash flows and/or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by any of these risks. The trading price of our common stock could decline due to any of these risks. This annual report on Form 10-K also contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including the risks faced by us described below and elsewhere in this annual report on Form 10-K. See "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," which immediately follows the risks below.

Summary

The following is a summary of the most important risks that could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and/or results of operations, and should be read together with the more detailed description of risks that follow:

- Merger Related Risks: The merger is subject to a number of risks, including that the required regulatory approvals may not be obtained in a timely manner, if at all, that the merger may be terminated or abandoned by the parties and that it may be more difficult, costly or time consuming than expected to realize, or that the combined company will fail to realize, the anticipated synergies and benefits of the merger.
- Economic, Regulatory, Enforcement and Litigation: As a consumer financial services and payment services company, we are subject to risks stemming from laws and regulations, compliance therewith and related litigation and an uncertain economic environment.
- Strategic: We must successfully compete against firms that are larger than we are and have more resources than we do as well as firms that are smaller and potentially disruptive to our industry as we manage the unique risks associated with each of our product offerings.
- Credit, Market and Liquidity: We must effectively manage our desire to grow our loan portfolio against the risk that those loans will not be repaid, while ensuring that we manage the underlying cost of the funds we use to make those loans and sources of funding we rely on to fund those loans.
- Operational and Other Risks: We must remain operationally effective and manage operational and reputational risks such as fraud and cybersecurity, while continuing to monitor and effectively respond to an external environment that may negatively impact the utilization or desirability of our products and services.

Merger Related Risks

Failure to complete the merger with Capital One could negatively affect our stock price and our future business and financial results.

If our pending merger with Capital One is not completed for any reason, our ongoing business may be adversely affected and, without realizing any of the benefits of having completed the merger, we would be subject to a number of risks, including the following:

- we may experience negative reactions from the financial markets, including negative effects on our stock price;
- we may experience negative reactions from our customers and vendors;
- we will have incurred substantial expenses and will be required to pay certain costs relating to the merger, including legal, accounting, and other fees, whether or not the merger is completed; and
- our management team will have devoted substantial time and resources to matters relating to the merger, and would otherwise have devoted their time and resources to other opportunities that may have been beneficial to us, which could cause us to lag competitor advances.

In addition, if the Merger Agreement is terminated and we seek another merger or business combination, the market price of our common stock could decline, which could make it more difficult to find a party willing to offer equivalent or more attractive consideration than the consideration Capital One has agreed to provide in the merger.

-27- 28

We will be subject to business uncertainties and contractual restrictions while the merger with Capital One is pending.

Uncertainty about the effect of the merger on our employees and customers may have an adverse effect on us. These uncertainties may impair our ability to attract, retain and motivate key personnel until the merger is completed and could cause customers and others that deal with us to seek to change existing business relationships with us. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, we have agreed to operate our business in the ordinary course in all material respects and to refrain from taking certain actions that may adversely affect our ability to consummate the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement on a timely basis without the consent of Capital One. These restrictions may prevent us from pursuing attractive business opportunities that may arise prior to the completion of the merger. Employee retention may be particularly challenging during the pendency of the merger, as employees may experience uncertainty about their roles with the surviving corporation following the merger. **All of these risks may be exacerbated if the timing to closing is longer than expected.**

Shareholder litigation could prevent or delay the closing of our pending merger with Capital One or otherwise negatively affect our business and operations.

We may incur additional costs in connection with the defense or settlement of any shareholder lawsuits filed in connection with our pending merger with Capital One. Such litigation could have an adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations and could prevent or delay the consummation of the merger.

We have incurred and are expected to incur substantial costs related to the merger.

We have incurred and expect to incur a number of non-recurring costs associated with the merger. These costs include, or will include, legal, financial advisory, accounting, consulting and other advisory fees, retention, severance and employee benefit-related costs, public company filings fees and other regulatory fees, financial printing and other printing costs. Some of these costs are payable by us regardless of whether or not the merger is completed.

Because the market price of Capital One common stock may fluctuate, our stockholders cannot be certain of the precise value of the merger consideration they may receive in our pending merger with Capital One.

At the time our pending merger with Capital One is completed, each issued and outstanding share of our common stock (other than certain shares held by us or Capital One) will be converted into the right to receive 1.0192 shares of Capital One common stock. There will be a time lapse between each of the date of the proxy statement/prospectus for the stockholders' meeting to approve the merger, the date on which our stockholders vote to approve the merger, and the date on which Discover stockholders entitled to receive shares of Capital One common stock actually receive such shares. The market value of Capital One common stock may fluctuate during these periods as a result of a variety of factors, including general market and economic conditions, changes in our and Capital One's businesses, operations and prospects, and regulatory considerations. Many of these factors are outside of our and Capital One's control. The actual value of the shares of Capital One common stock received by our shareholders will depend on the market value of shares of Capital One common stock at the time the merger is completed. This market value may be less or more than the value used to determine the exchange ratio stated in the Merger Agreement. **Agreement and the proxy statement/prospectus.**

Regulatory approvals may not be received, may take longer than expected, or may impose conditions that are not presently anticipated or that could have an adverse effect on the combined company following the proposed merger with Capital One.

Before the merger with Capital One and the subsequent merger of Capital One, National Association and Discover Bank (the "bank merger") may be completed, various approvals, consents and non-objections **that have not yet been obtained** must be obtained, **including** from the FRB **the OCC** and the **Delaware State Banking Commissioner**. **OCC**. In determining whether to grant these approvals, such regulatory authorities consider a variety of factors, including the regulatory standing of each party. These approvals could be delayed or not obtained at all, including due to an adverse development in either party's regulatory standing or in any other factors considered by regulators when granting such approvals; governmental, political or community group inquiries, investigations or opposition; or changes in legislation or the political environment generally.

The approvals that are granted may impose terms and conditions, limitations, obligations or costs, or place restrictions on the conduct of the combined company's business or require changes to the terms of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. There can be no assurance that regulators will not impose any such conditions,

-29-

limitations, obligations or restrictions and that such conditions, limitations, obligations or restrictions will not have the effect of delaying the completion of any of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, imposing

-28-

additional material costs on or materially limiting the revenues of the combined company following the merger or otherwise reducing the anticipated benefits of the merger if the merger were consummated successfully within the expected timeframe. In addition, there can be no assurance that any such conditions, terms, obligations or restrictions will not result in the delay or abandonment of the merger. Additionally, the completion of the merger is conditioned on the absence of certain orders, injunctions or decrees by any court or regulatory agency of competent jurisdiction that would prohibit or make illegal the completion of any of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement.

In addition, despite the parties' commitments to using their reasonable best efforts to comply with conditions imposed by regulators, under the terms of the Merger Agreement, neither us nor Capital One, nor any of their respective subsidiaries, is required to take any action, or commit to take any action, or agree to any condition or restriction, in connection with obtaining the required permits, consents, approvals and authorizations of governmental entities that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the combined company and its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, after giving effect to the merger and the bank merger.

The Merger Agreement between us and Capital One may be terminated in accordance with its terms and the merger may not be completed.

The Merger Agreement is subject to a number of conditions which must be fulfilled in order to complete the merger. Those conditions include, among other things: (i) approval by each of our shareholders and Capital One's shareholders of certain matters relating to the merger, **at each company's respective special meeting; which was obtained on February 18, 2025;** (ii) the receipt of required regulatory approvals, including the approval of the FRB and the OCC; and (iii) the absence of any order, injunction, decree or other legal restraint preventing the completion of the merger, the bank merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement or making the completion of the merger, the bank merger or any of the other transactions contemplated by the merger agreement illegal. Each party's obligation to complete the merger is also subject to certain additional customary conditions, including (a) subject to applicable materiality standards, the accuracy of the representations and warranties of the other party, (b) the performance in all material respects by the other party of its obligations under the Merger Agreement and (c) the receipt by each party of an opinion from its counsel to the effect that the merger will qualify as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

These conditions to the closing may not be fulfilled in a timely manner or at all, and, accordingly, the merger may not be completed. In addition, the parties can mutually decide to terminate the Merger Agreement at any time, before or after the requisite shareholder approvals, or we or Capital One may elect to terminate the Merger Agreement in certain other circumstances.

Combining us and Capital One may be more difficult, costly or time-consuming than expected, and the combined company may fail to realize the anticipated benefits of the merger.

The success of the merger will depend, in part, on the ability to realize the anticipated revenue and cost synergies from combining the businesses of us and Capital One. To realize the anticipated revenue and cost synergies from the merger, we and Capital One must successfully integrate and combine businesses in a manner that permits those revenue and cost synergies to be realized without adversely affecting current revenues and future growth. If we and Capital One are not able to successfully achieve these objectives, the anticipated benefits of the merger may not be realized fully or at all or may take longer to realize than expected. In addition, the revenue and cost synergies of the merger could be less than anticipated, and integration may result in additional and unforeseen expenses.

An inability to realize the full extent of the anticipated benefits of the merger and the other transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, as well as any delays encountered in the integration process, could have an adverse effect upon the revenues, levels of expenses and operating results of the combined company following the completion of the merger, which may adversely affect the value of the common stock of the combined company following the completion of the merger.

We and Capital One have operated and, until the completion of the merger, must continue to operate, independently. It is possible that the integration process could result in the loss of key employees, the disruption of each company's ongoing businesses or inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies that adversely affect the companies' ability to maintain relationships with merchants, merchant acquirers, clients, customers, depositors and employees or to achieve the anticipated benefits and cost savings of the merger. Integration efforts between the

-30-

companies may also divert management attention and resources. These integration matters could have an adverse effect

-29-

on us during this transition period and for an undetermined period after completion of the merger on the combined company.

The combined company may be unable to retain our and/or Capital One personnel successfully after the merger is completed.

The success of the merger will depend in part on the combined company's ability to retain the talent and dedication of key employees currently employed by us and Capital One. It is possible that these employees may decide not to remain with us or Capital One, as applicable, while the merger is pending or with the combined company after the merger is consummated. If we and Capital One are unable to retain key employees, including management, who are critical to the successful integration and future operations of the companies, we and Capital One could face disruptions in operations, loss of existing customers, loss of key information, expertise or know-how and unanticipated additional recruitment costs. In addition, following the merger, if key employees terminate their employment, the combined company's business activities may be adversely affected, and management's attention may be diverted from successfully hiring suitable replacements, all of which may cause the combined company's business to suffer. We and Capital One also may not be able to locate or retain suitable replacements for any key employees who leave either company.

Current Economic and Regulatory Environment

Economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

As a provider of consumer financial services, our business, results of operations and financial condition are subject to the U.S. and global economic environment. A customer's ability and willingness to repay us can be impacted by not only economic conditions but also a customer's other payment obligations.

Economic conditions also can reduce the usage of credit cards in general and the average purchase amount of transactions industry-wide, including our cards, which reduces interest income and transaction fees. We rely heavily on interest income from our credit card business to generate earnings. Our interest income from credit card loans was **\$14.4 billion** **\$16.1 billion** for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, which was **91%** **90%** of net revenues (defined as net interest income plus other income), compared to

\$10.6 billion **\$14.4 billion** for the year ended **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, which was **80% 91%** of net revenues. Economic conditions combined with a competitive marketplace could slow loan growth, resulting in reduced revenue growth from our core digital banking business.

Financial regulatory developments have had an impact and will continue to significantly impact the environment for the financial services industry, which could adversely impact our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Under the enhanced prudential standards that apply to bank holding companies, DFS is considered a Category IV institution and therefore subject to the least stringent category of these standards for domestic bank holding companies with at least \$100 billion in total assets. However, many of the core components of the regulations implementing enhanced prudential standards continue to apply to DFS. Since 2020, DFS has been subject to slightly more tailored requirements for capital stress testing, liquidity risk management and resolution planning. In addition, proposed the Federal Reserve has indicated that it intends to work with federal banking regulators on a revised proposal for changes to the regulatory capital rules issued by the federal banking regulators under the Basel Committee's December 2010 framework (the "Basel III rules"), if adopted as proposed, however any future rulemaking with respect to the Basel III rules remain uncertain. The ultimate impact of any such rulemaking will depend on a number of factors, including the content of the final rulemaking, future minimum regulatory requirements and management decisions regarding our product constructs, capital distributions and target capital levels, and such rulemaking could require us to maintain additional capital, result in significantly higher regulatory capital requirements for us.

The impact of the evolving regulatory environment on our business and operations depends upon a number of factors, including (i) the legislative priorities of the U.S. Congress and the presidential administration, (ii) priorities and actions of the Federal Reserve, FDIC and CFPB, (iii) implications resulting from our competitors and other marketplace participants and (iv) changing consumer behavior. Although the new U.S. presidential administration may deemphasize the focus on financial regulation, state regulators, including attorneys general, may seek to fill a perceived void. For additional information regarding bank regulatory matters impacting us, see "Business — Supervision and Regulation."

-31-

Regulatory and legislative developments, findings and actions have had and could continue to have a negative impact on our business strategies or require us to: limit, exit or modify our business practices and product offerings; restructure our products in unanticipated ways; invest more management time and resources in compliance efforts; limit the fees we charge for services; impact the value of our assets; or limit our ability to pursue certain innovations and business opportunities and obtain related required regulatory approvals. For additional information regarding bank regulatory limitations on acquisitions and investments, see "Business — Supervision and Regulation — Acquisitions and

-30-

Investments." Furthermore, see Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements for more information on recent matters affecting us. It is possible that any new regulatory measures or legislation may disproportionately affect us due to our size, structure or product offerings, among other things.

For example, both regulators and legislators have shown an increased focus on credit card fees. In March 2024, the CFPB issued a rule related to late fees for credit card payments. However, the Fifth Circuit stayed the rule in June 2024. In June 2024, Illinois passed the Interchange Fee Prohibition Act, which will prevent credit card issuers from collecting interchange fees on taxes and gratuities beginning in July 2025. In December 2024, a federal judge issued a preliminary injunction against the enforcement of the new law against national banks and federal savings associations, but declined to prevent the enforcement of the law against other credit card issuers such as state banks, including Discover Bank and credit unions.

Compliance expectations and expenditures have steadily and significantly increased for us, and the same is true for other financial services firms, as regulators have escalated their focus on the adequacy of controls to support business operations. We may have to invest further in risk management, compliance and other functions in response to possible regulatory feedback. We may face compliance and regulatory risks if we introduce new or changed products and services or enter into new business arrangements with third-party service providers, alternative payment providers, or other industry participants. Heightened regulatory expectations and increased volume of regulatory changes may generate additional expenses or require significant time and resources to maintain compliance.

For more information regarding the regulatory environment and developments potentially impacting us, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments."

Strategic Business Risk

We face competition in the credit card market from other consumer financial services providers and we may not be able to compete effectively, which could result in fewer customers and lower account balances and could materially adversely affect our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

The consumer financial services business is highly competitive. We compete with other consumer financial services providers, including non-traditional providers of financing and payment services such as financial technology firms, based on several factors, including brand, reputation, customer service, product offerings, incentives, pricing, digital payments and other terms. Competition in credit cards is also based on merchant acceptance and the value provided to the customer by rewards programs and other innovations. Many credit card issuers have instituted rewards programs that are similar to ours and, in some cases, could be viewed as more attractive to customers than our programs. These competitive factors affect our ability to attract and retain customers, increase usage of our products and maximize the revenue generated by our products. In addition, because most domestically-issued credit cards, other than those issued by American Express, are issued on the Visa and MasterCard networks, most other card issuers benefit from the dominant position and marketing and pricing power of Visa and MasterCard. The competitive marketplace could result in slower loan growth, resulting in reduced revenue growth from our

core digital banking business. If we are unable to compete successfully, or if competing successfully requires us to take aggressive actions in response to competitors' actions, our financial condition, cash flows and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

We incur considerable costs in competing with other consumer financial services providers and many of our competitors have greater financial resources than we do, which may place us at a competitive disadvantage and negatively affect our financial results.

We incur considerable costs in competing with other consumer financial services providers to attract and retain customers and increase usage of our products. A substantial portion of this cost relates to marketing expenditures and rewards programs. Since 2013 our rewards rate, which represents rewards cost divided by Discover Card sales volume, has increased from less than 1% to 1.40% in 2023. We expect the competitive intensity in the rewards space to continue, which could result in a continued increase in the cost of our rewards programs. programs as a percentage of Discover Card sales volume. Our consumer financial services products compete primarily based on pricing, terms and service. Because of the highly competitive

-32-

nature of the credit card-issuing business, a primary method of competition among credit card issuers, including us, has been to offer rewards programs, low introductory interest rates, attractive standard purchase rates and balance transfer programs that offer a favorable annual percentage rate or other financial incentives for a specified length of time on account balances transferred from another credit card. This competitive environment may be further complicated by the increased regulatory focus on rewards programs.

Competition is intense in the credit card industry and customers may have multiple credit cards, frequently switch credit cards or transfer their balances to another card. We expect to continue to invest in initiatives to remain competitive in the consumer financial services industry, including the launch of new cards and features, brand awareness initiatives, targeted marketing, online and mobile enhancements, e-wallet participation, customer service improvements, credit risk management and operations enhancements and infrastructure efficiencies. However, there can be no assurance that any of the costs we incur or incentives we offer to attempt to acquire and maintain accounts and increase usage of our products will be effective. In addition, to the extent that we offer new products, features or services to remain competitive, we may be subject to increased operational or other risks.

-31-

Furthermore, many of our competitors are larger than we are, have greater financial resources than we do, have more breadth in banking products, have lower funding costs than we have and expect to have and have assets, such as branch locations and co-brand relationships, that may be appealing to certain customers. For example, larger credit card issuers, which have greater resources than we do, may be better positioned to fund appealing rewards, marketing and advertising programs. We may be at a competitive disadvantage as a result of the greater financial resources, diversification and scale of many of our competitors.

Our costs directly affect our earnings results. Many factors can influence the amount of our costs, as well as how quickly it may increase. Our ongoing investments in infrastructure, including technology such as generative artificial intelligence ("AI"), which may be necessary to maintain a competitive business, integrate newly-acquired businesses and establish scalable operations, increase our costs. In addition, as our business develops, changes or expands, additional costs can arise as a result of a reevaluation of business strategies, management of outsourced services, asset purchases, structural reorganization, compliance with new laws or regulations or the acquisition of new businesses. If we are unable to manage our costs successfully, our financial results will be negatively affected.

The inability to compete against other operators of payment networks and alternative payment providers could result in reduced transaction volume, limited merchant acceptance of our cards, limited issuance of cards on our networks by third parties and materially reduced earnings from our payment services business.

We face substantial and increasingly intense competition in the payments industry, both from traditional players and new, emerging alternative payment providers. For example, we compete with other payment networks to attract network partners Network Partners to issue credit and debit cards and other card products on the Discover, PULSE and Diners Club networks, collectively the Discover Global Network. Competition with other operators of payment networks is generally based on issuer fees, fees paid to networks (including switch fees), merchant acceptance, network size and functionality, technological capabilities and other economic terms. Competition is also based on customer perception of service quality, brand image, reputation and market share. Further, we are facing ongoing competition from alternative payment providers, who may create innovative network or other arrangements with our primary competitors, large merchants or other industry participants, which could adversely impact our costs, transaction volume and ability to grow our business.

Many of our competitors are well established, larger than we are and/or have greater financial resources or scale than we do. These competitors have provided financial incentives to card issuers, such as large cash signing bonuses for new programs, funding for and sponsorship of marketing programs and other bonuses. Visa and MasterCard each enjoy greater merchant acceptance and broader global brand recognition than we do. Although we have made progress in merchant acceptance, we have not achieved global market parity with Visa and MasterCard. In addition, Visa and MasterCard have entered into long-term arrangements with many financial institutions that may have the effect of discouraging those institutions from issuing cards on the Discover Network or issuing debit cards on the PULSE network. Some of these arrangements are exclusive, or nearly exclusive, which further limits our ability to conduct material amounts of business with these institutions. If we are unable to remain competitive on by adjusting issuer fees and other incentives, we may be unable to offer adequate pricing to network partners Network Partners while maintaining sufficient net revenues.

We also face competition as merchants put pressure on transaction fees. Increasing Failing to adjust merchant fees or acquirer fees could adversely affect our effort to increase merchant acceptance of credit cards issued on the Discover Global Network and may cause merchant acceptance to decrease. This, in turn, could adversely affect our ability to attract and retain network partners Network Partners who may seek out more cost-effective alternatives from both traditional and non-traditional payment

services providers, which may limit our ability to maintain or grow revenues from our **proprietary network**. **networks**. In addition, competitors' settlements with merchants and related actions, including pricing pressures and/or surcharging, could negatively impact our business practices. Competitor actions related to the structure of merchant and acquirer fees and merchant and acquirer transaction routing strategies **have adversely affected and are expected to continue to may** adversely affect our PULSE network's business practices, network transaction volume, revenue and prospects for future growth and entry into new product markets. **We believe Visa has entered into arrangements with some merchants and acquirers that have, and are expected to continue to have, the effect of discouraging those merchants and acquirers from routing debit transactions to PULSE.** In addition, the Dodd-Frank Act's network participation requirements and competitor actions negatively impact PULSE's ability to enter into exclusivity arrangements, which affects PULSE's business practices and may materially adversely affect its network transaction volume and revenue. **PULSE has a pending lawsuit against Visa with respect to these competitive concerns.** PULSE's transaction processing revenue was **\$303 million** **\$345 million** and **\$249 million** **\$303 million** for the years ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively.

American Express is also a strong competitor, with international acceptance, high transaction fees and an upscale brand image. Internationally, American Express competes in the same market segments as Diners Club. We may face challenges in increasing international acceptance on our networks, particularly if third parties that we rely on to issue Diners Club cards, increase card acceptance and market our brands do not perform to our expectations.

In addition, if we are unable to maintain sufficient network functionality to be competitive with other networks, or if our competitors develop better data security solutions or more innovative products and services than we do, our ability to retain and attract network partners and maintain or increase the revenues generated by our proprietary card-issuing business or our PULSE business may be materially adversely affected. Our competitive position could also be affected if we are unable to deploy, in a cost effective and competitive manner, technology such as generative AI. Additionally, competitors may develop **data security solutions**, **ancillary products**, which as a consequence of the competitors' market power, we may be forced to use. **In that case, Such developments could adversely affect** our business, **may be adversely affected as they those competitors** may be better positioned to absorb the costs of such **data security solutions** over higher volumes or a larger customer base.

Our business depends upon relationships with issuers, merchant acquirers, other payment enablers and licensees, many of whom are financial institutions. The economic and regulatory environment and increased consolidation in the financial services industry decrease our opportunities for new business and may result in the termination of existing business relationships if a business partner is acquired or goes out of business. In addition, as a result of this environment, financial institutions may have decreased interest in engaging in new card issuance opportunities or expanding existing card issuance relationships, which would inhibit our ability to grow our payment services business. We continue to face substantial and intense competition in the payments industry, which impacts our revenue margins, transaction volume and business strategies.

If we are unsuccessful in maintaining a strong base of network licensees and achieving meaningful global card acceptance, we may be unable to achieve long-term success in our international network business.

We continue to make progress toward achieving increased global card acceptance for the Discover Global Network since we acquired the Diners Club network and related assets in 2008. Achieving global card acceptance would allow our customers, including third-party issuers leveraging the network, to use their cards at merchant and ATM locations around the world.

Our international network business depends upon the cooperation, support and **continuous operation** **continued business operations** of the network licensees that issue Diners Club cards and that maintain a merchant acceptance network. As is the case for other card payment networks, our Diners Club network does not issue cards or determine the terms and conditions of cards issued by the network licensees. If we are unable to continue our relationships with network licensees or if the network licensees are unable to continue their relationships with merchants, our ability to maintain or increase revenues and to remain competitive would be adversely affected due to the potential deterioration in customer relationships and related demand that could result. If one or more licensees were to experience a significant impairment of their business or were to cease doing business for economic, regulatory or other reasons, we would face the adverse effects of business interruption in a particular market, including loss of volume, acceptance and revenue and exposure to potential reputational risk. If such conditions arise in the future, we may deploy resources and incur expenses in order to sustain network acceptance. Additionally, interruption of network licensee relationships could have an adverse effect on the acceptance of Discover cards when they are used on the Diners Club **network outside of North America**. **network**.

The long-term success of our international network business depends upon achieving meaningful global card acceptance, which has included and may continue to include higher overall costs or longer timeframes than anticipated.

Economic and regulatory challenges facing the student lending business could have a negative effect on our student loan portfolio.

The success of our student loan strategy depends upon our ability to manage the credit risk, pricing, funding, operations, expenses and originations wind-down of our student loan business and compliance with the December 2020 consent order with the CFPB (the "2020 Order"). Our student loan strategy is also impacted by external factors such as the overall economic environment, changes in interest rates and prepayment rates and a challenging regulatory environment for private student loans and student loans generally. For more information on the regulatory environment, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments" and Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements.

There are several challenges to managing our private student loan business, including (i) economic weakness; (ii) new changes in federal and state laws or regulations; and (iii) other government and regulatory focus on higher education costs, student lending, student loan repayments and student loan servicing. Examples of these challenges include the recent legislative focus on federal student loan debt forgiveness in bankruptcy and current and anticipated legislative proposals in a number of states and the District of Columbia imposing new requirements on private student loan lenders and servicers. These challenges may require us to restructure our private student loan products and servicing activities in ways we may not currently anticipate. In addition, changes that adversely affect the private student loan market generally may negatively impact the profitability of our student loan portfolio.

The potential sale of the Discover Student Loan portfolio and transfer of servicing of such loans to a third-party provider may result in disruptions to our business and operations, and no assurances can be made that such sale and/or servicing transfer will be completed or will be as successful as projected or expected.

In November 2023, we announced that our Board of Directors authorized our management to explore the sale of the Discover Student Loan portfolio and the transfer of servicing of such loans to a third-party provider. The time and effort associated with pursuing such sale and/or transfer may result in disruption to our businesses and operations and/or diversion of management attention from other business concerns, which could impair our relationships with our current employees, customers and strategic partners. If we are unable to retain key employees, including management, who are critical to overseeing, operating and managing our student loan portfolio and the potential sale and servicing transfer of such loans, we could face disruptions in our operations, issues administering and servicing our student loans, challenges complying with the 2020 Order, loss of key information, expertise or know-how and unanticipated additional recruitment costs.

Such sale and/or transfer involves significant risks, execution complexity and uncertainties that could adversely affect our business. These risks, complexities and uncertainties include, among others, (i) the time necessary to evaluate and effect such sale and/or transfer, (ii) the level of interest from buyers or third-party servicers, (iii) the price and other terms upon which buyers are willing to acquire the loans and third-party servicers are willing to service the loans, (iv) our ability to successfully negotiate terms and conditions with buyers and third-party servicers and to satisfy such terms and conditions, (v) buyers' ability to obtain financing to acquire the loans, (vi) a third-party servicer's ability to successfully onboard the loans, (vii) potential challenges in separating the assets and operations of the Discover Student Loan business from our other businesses, (viii) requirements and impact of the 2020 Order, (ix) our ability to retain the talent and focus of our key employees dedicated to our student loan portfolio, and (x) the ability of the applicable parties to obtain any required regulatory approvals and other necessary third-party consents. Such sale and/or transfer may require our continued involvement, such as through transition service agreements, guarantees, loan repurchase obligations, loan servicing obligations and indemnities or other current or contingent financial obligations and liabilities. Additionally, such sale and/or transfer may expose us to increased information security risk as we provide data and information access to third parties.

There is no guarantee that (i) the anticipated benefits of such sale and/or transfer will be realized or (ii) we will be able to effectuate such sale and/or transfer at the prices, times, or volumes we desire, or at all. The inability to realize the full extent of the anticipated benefits, issues related to our ability to fully satisfy any post-sale and/or post-transfer obligations related to the Discover Student Loan portfolio and any delays encountered in such sale and/or transfer process, could have an adverse effect upon our capital position, revenues, levels of expenses, regulatory standing and operating results, which may adversely affect the value of our common stock. Also, our Board of Directors may determine that it is in our best interest ultimately not to complete such sale and/or transfer.

Acquisitions, strategic investments or divestitures may not be successful and could disrupt our business, harm our financial condition or reduce our earnings.

We may consider or undertake strategic acquisitions of, or material investments in, businesses, products, portfolios of loans or technologies in the future, and we may also divest or explore the sale of businesses, portfolios of loans or technologies from time to time. We may not be able to identify suitable acquisition or investment candidates, or even if we do identify suitable candidates, they may be difficult to finance or expensive to fund. Additionally, there is no guarantee that we can obtain any necessary regulatory approvals, obtain any necessary financing or complete transactions on terms that are favorable to us or in a timely manner. We generally must receive federal regulatory approvals before we can acquire a bank, bank holding company, deposits or certain assets or businesses. For additional information regarding bank regulatory limitations on acquisitions and investments, see "Business — Supervision and Regulation — Acquisitions and Investments."

To the extent we pay the purchase price of any strategic acquisition or investment in cash, it may have an adverse effect on our financial condition. Similarly, if the purchase price is paid with our stock, it may be dilutive to our stockholders. In addition, we may assume liabilities associated with a business acquisition or investment, including unrecorded liabilities that are not discovered at the time of the transaction. The repayment or settlement of those liabilities may have an adverse effect on our financial condition. Additionally, a divestiture may result in continued financial obligations, such as through transition service agreements, guarantees, indemnities or other current or contingent financial obligations and liabilities, following the transaction. The satisfaction of these continued financial obligations may also have an adverse effect on our financial condition.

We may not be able to successfully integrate or disaggregate personnel, operations, businesses, products, or technologies of an acquisition, investment or divestiture. Integration may be particularly challenging if we enter into a line of business in which we have limited experience and/or if the business operates in (or involves products or technologies in) a difficult legal, regulatory or competitive environment. We may find that we do not have adequate operations or expertise to manage the new business, products or technologies. The integration or disaggregation of any acquisition, investment or divestiture may divert management's time and resources from our core business, which could impair our relationships with our current employees, customers and strategic partners and disrupt our operations. Additionally, any acquisition, investment or divestiture may expose us to increased information security risk as we integrate new systems that we may not be as familiar with or bring them in line with the requirements of our information security and business continuity programs or provide data and information access to third parties. Acquisitions, investments and divestitures also may not perform to our expectations for various reasons, including the loss of key personnel, customers or vendors or changes in the economic or regulatory environment. If we fail to integrate acquisitions or investments, divest businesses or realize the expected benefits, we may lose the return on these acquisitions, investments or divestitures or incur additional transaction costs. As a result, our business, reputation and financial condition may be harmed.

Credit, Market and Liquidity Risk

The failure to successfully manage credit risk, which may result in high delinquency and charge-off rates, could materially adversely affect our business, profitability and financial condition.

As a lender, we are exposed to the risk that our borrowers will be unable or unwilling to repay the principal of, or interest on, loans in accordance with their terms. We seek to grow our loan receivables while maintaining quality credit performance. Our success depends on our ability to manage credit risk while attracting new customers with profitable usage patterns. We select customers, manage their accounts and establish terms and credit limits using externally developed and proprietary scoring models and other analytical techniques designed to set terms and credit limits to appropriately compensate us for the credit risk we accept, while encouraging customers to use their available credit. The models and approaches we use may not accurately predict future charge-offs due to, among other things, inaccurate assumptions. While we continually seek to improve our assumptions and models, we may make modifications that unintentionally cause them to be less predictive or incorrectly interpret the data produced by these models in setting our credit policies.

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, \$2.3 billion, or 1.76% 1.90%, and \$1.3 billion \$2.2 billion, or 1.14% 1.85%, of our loan receivables were non-performing (defined as loans over 90 days delinquent and accruing interest, plus loans not accruing interest). Our ability to manage credit risk and avoid high charge-off rates may be adversely affected by household, business, economic and market conditions that may be difficult to predict. When these conditions deteriorate, we may experience reduced demand for credit and increased delinquencies or defaults, including loans which we have securitized and in which we retain a residual interest. The level of nonperforming loans, charge-offs and delinquencies could rise and

-35-

require additional provision for credit losses. There can be no assurance that our underwriting and portfolio management strategies will permit us to avoid high charge-off levels or that our allowance for credit losses will be sufficient to cover actual losses.

A customer's ability and willingness to repay us can be impacted by changes in their employment status, increases in their payment obligations to other lenders and by restricted availability of credit to consumers generally. Our collection operations may not compete effectively to secure more of customers' diminished cash flow than our competitors. In addition, we may fail to quickly identify customers who are likely to default on their payment obligations and reduce our exposure by closing credit lines and restricting authorizations, which could adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations. Our ability to manage credit risk also may be adversely affected by legal or regulatory changes (such as restrictions on collections, bankruptcy laws, minimum payment regulations and re-age guidance), competitors' actions and consumer behavior, as well as inadequate collections staffing, resources,

-35-

techniques and models. There can be no assurance that we will be able to grow the loan receivables portfolio in accordance with our strategies or manage credit and other risks associated with the loan products. Our failure to manage credit and other risks may materially adversely affect profitability and the ability to grow the loan receivables portfolio and further diversify the business.

Adverse market conditions or an inability to effectively manage our liquidity risk could negatively impact our ability to meet our liquidity and funding needs, which could materially adversely impact our business, results of operations and overall financial condition.

We must effectively manage the liquidity risk to which we are exposed. We require liquidity in order to meet cash requirements such as day-to-day operating expenses, extensions of credit on our consumer loans, satisfaction of deposit liabilities upon withdrawal or maturity and required payments of principal and interest on our borrowings. Our primary sources of liquidity and funding are payments on our loan receivables, deposits and proceeds from securitization transactions and securities offerings. We may maintain too much liquidity, which can be costly, or we may be too illiquid, which could limit financial flexibility and result in financial distress during a liquidity stress event. Our liquidity portfolio had a balance of approximately \$27.3 billion as of December 31, 2024, compared to \$23.3 billion as of December 31, 2023, compared to \$19.8 billion as of December 31, 2022. Our total contingent liquidity sources amounted to \$82.0 billion as of December 31, 2024, compared to \$69.8 billion as of December 31, 2023, compared to \$67.3 billion as of December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, our total contingent liquidity sources consisted of \$23.3 billion \$27.3 billion in our liquidity portfolio, \$2.8 billion \$3.5 billion of undrawn capacity in private securitizations, \$2.6 billion \$4.7 billion in borrowing capacity with the FHLB of Chicago and \$41.2 billion \$46.5 billion in incremental Federal Reserve discount window capacity.

In the event that our current sources of liquidity do not satisfy our needs, we would be required to seek additional financing. The availability of additional financing will depend on a variety of factors such as market conditions, the general availability of credit to the financial services industry, new regulatory restrictions and requirements and our credit ratings. Disruptions, uncertainty or volatility in the capital, credit or deposit markets may limit our ability to repay or replace maturing liabilities in a timely manner. As such, we may be forced to delay the acquisition of additional funding or be forced to issue or raise funding at undesirable terms and/or costs, which could decrease profitability and significantly reduce financial flexibility. Further, in disorderly financial markets or for other reasons, it may be difficult or impossible to liquidate some of our investments to meet our liquidity needs.

There can be no assurance that significant disruption and volatility in the financial markets will not occur in the future. Likewise, adverse developments with respect to financial institutions and other third parties with whom we maintain important financial relationships could negatively impact our funding and liquidity. If we are unable to continue to fund our assets through deposits or access capital markets on favorable terms, or if we experience an increase in our borrowing costs or otherwise fail to manage our liquidity effectively, our liquidity, results of operations and financial condition may be materially adversely affected.

An inability to accept or maintain deposits in the future could materially adversely affect our liquidity position and our ability to fund our business.

A major source of our funds is customer deposits, primarily in the form of savings accounts, certificates of deposits, money market accounts and checking accounts. We obtain deposits from consumers either directly or through affinity relationships and through third-party securities brokerage firms that offer our deposits to their customers. We had \$84.0 billion \$90.6 billion in deposits acquired directly or through affinity relationships and \$24.9 billion \$16.4 billion in deposits originated through securities brokerage firms as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, compared to \$70.5 billion \$84.0 billion and \$21.1 billion \$24.9 billion, respectively, as of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. Our ability to attract and maintain deposits, as well as our cost of funds, has been, and will continue to be, significantly affected by general

-36-

economic conditions. Competition from other financial services firms that use deposit funding, the rates and services we offer on our deposit products and our ability to maintain a high-quality customer experience may affect deposit renewal rates, costs or availability. Changes we make to the rates offered on our deposit products may affect our profitability (through funding costs) and our liquidity (through volumes raised). In addition, our ability to maintain existing or obtain additional deposits may be impacted by various factors, including factors beyond our control, such as perceptions about our reputation, brand, or financial strength; quality of deposit servicing or branchless banking generally, which could reduce the number of consumers choosing to place deposits with us; third parties continuing or entering into affinity relationships or marketing arrangements with us; disruptions in technology services or the internet, generally; or third-party securities brokerage firms continuing to offer our deposit products. A severe reputational event at the Company resulting in fines or additional remediation impacts may result in material deposit outflows and limit our ability to attract new deposits. Furthermore, customers may withdraw deposits to ensure that their deposits are fully insured or make investments that

-36-

have a higher yield. If our customers withdraw their deposits, our funding costs may increase, which may reduce our net interest income and net income.

Our ability to obtain deposit funding and offer competitive interest rates on deposits is also dependent on capital levels of our bank subsidiary. In certain circumstances, the FDIA prohibits insured banks from accepting brokered deposits (as defined in the FDIA) and applies other restrictions, such as a cap on interest rates we may pay. See "Business — Supervision and Regulation" and Note 17: Capital Adequacy to our consolidated financial statements for more information. While our subsidiary, Discover Bank, met the FDIC's definition of "well-capitalized" as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and has no restrictions regarding acceptance of brokered deposits or setting of interest rates, there can be no assurance that it will continue to meet this definition. Additionally, our regulators can adjust the requirements to be "well-capitalized" at any time and have authority to place limitations on our deposit businesses, including the interest rate we pay on deposits.

If we are unable to securitize our credit card receivables, it may have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, cost of funds and overall financial condition.

We use the securitization of credit card receivables as a significant source of funding as well as for contingent liquidity. The securitization of credit card receivables involves the transfer of credit card receivables to a trust, the transfer of the beneficial interest in those credit card receivables to a second trust through a special purpose entity and the issuance by the second trust of notes to third-party investors collateralized by the beneficial interest in the transferred credit card receivables. Our average level of credit card securitized borrowings from third parties was \$10.5 billion \$10.2 billion and \$9.0 billion \$10.5 billion for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, respectively. There can be no assurance that we will be able to complete additional credit card securitization transactions if the credit card securitization market experiences significant and prolonged disruption or volatility.

Our ability to raise funding through the securitization market also depends, in part, on the credit ratings of the securities we issue from our securitization trusts. If we are not able to satisfy rating agency requirements to confirm the ratings of asset-backed securities issued by our trusts at the time of a new issuance of securities, it could limit our ability to access the securitization markets. Additional factors affecting the extent to which we may securitize our credit card receivables in the future include the overall credit quality of our credit card receivables, the costs of securitizing our credit card receivables, the demand for credit card asset-backed securities and the legal, regulatory, accounting or tax rules affecting securitization transactions and asset-backed securities, generally.

A prolonged inability to securitize our credit card receivables, or an increase in the costs of such issuances that would make such activities economically infeasible, may require us to seek alternative funding sources, which may be less efficient and more expensive than raising capital via securitization transactions and may have a material adverse effect on our liquidity, cost of funds and overall financial condition.

The occurrence of events that result in the early amortization of our existing credit card securitization transactions or an inability to delay the accumulation of principal collections for our existing credit card securitization transactions would materially adversely affect our liquidity.

Our liquidity and cost of funds would be materially adversely affected by the occurrence of events that could result in the early amortization of our existing credit card securitization transactions. Our credit card securitization transactions are structured as "revolving transactions" that do not distribute to securitization investors their share of monthly principal payments received on the underlying receivables during the revolving period and instead use those principal payments to fund the purchase of new credit card receivables. The occurrence of an "early amortization event" may result in termination of the revolving periods of one or more of our securitization transactions, which would

-37-

require us to repay the affected outstanding securitized borrowings out of principal collections without regard to the original payment schedule. Early amortization events include, for example, insufficient cash flows in the securitized pool of credit card receivables to meet contractual requirements (i.e., excess spread less than zero) and certain breaches of representations, warranties or covenants in the agreements relating to the securitization transactions. For more information on excess spread, see Note 5: Credit Card and Private Student Loan Securitization Activities to our consolidated financial statements. An early amortization event would negatively impact our liquidity and require us to rely on alternative funding sources, which may or may not be available at the time or may be less efficient and more expensive. An early amortization event also could impact our ability to access the undrawn secured credit facilities that we maintain for contingent liquidity purposes. Additionally, the occurrence of an early amortization event with respect to any of our securitization transactions may adversely impact investor demand for notes issued in our future credit card securitization transactions.

-37-

Our credit card securitization structure includes a requirement that we accumulate principal collections into a restricted account in the amount of scheduled maturities on a pro rata basis over the 12 months prior to a security's maturity date. We have the option under our credit card securitization documents to shorten this accumulation period, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions. Historically, we have exercised this option to shorten the accumulation period to a few months prior to maturity. If we were to determine that the payment rate on the underlying credit card receivables would not support a short accumulation period, we would need to begin accumulating principal cash flows earlier than we have historically. A lengthening of the accumulation period could negatively impact our liquidity, requiring management to implement mitigating measures. During periods of significant maturity levels, absent management actions, the lengthening of the accumulation period could materially adversely affect our financial condition.

A downgrade in the credit ratings of our or our subsidiaries' securities could materially adversely affect our liquidity, results of operations and financial condition.

We, along with Discover Bank, are regularly evaluated by the ratings agencies. Their ratings for our long-term debt and other securities, including asset-backed securities issued by our securitization trusts, are based on a number of factors that may change from time to time, including our financial strength as well as factors that may not be within our control. Factors that affect our unsecured credit ratings include, but are not limited to, the macroeconomic environment in which we operate and the credit ratings of the U.S. government, the credit quality and performance of our assets, the amount and quality of our capital, the level and stability of our earnings and the structure and amount of our liquidity. In addition to these factors, the ratings of our asset-backed securities are also based on the quality of the underlying receivables and the credit enhancement structure of the trusts. Downgrades in our ratings, those of Discover Bank or our asset-backed securities could occur at any time and without notice by any of the rating agencies, which could, among other things, materially adversely affect our cost of funds, access to capital and funding and overall financial condition. There can be no assurance that we will be able to maintain our current credit ratings or that our credit ratings will not be lowered or withdrawn.

We may not be successful in managing the investments in our liquidity investment portfolio and investment performance may deteriorate due to market fluctuations, which would adversely affect our business and financial condition.

We must effectively manage the risks of the investments in our liquidity investment portfolio, which is composed of cash and cash equivalents and high-quality liquid investments. The value of our investments may be adversely affected by market fluctuations including changes in interest rates, prices, prepayment rates, credit risk premiums and overall market liquidity. Also, investments backed by collateral could be adversely impacted by changes in the value of the underlying collateral. In addition, economic conditions may cause certain of the obligors, counterparties and underlying collateral on our investments to incur losses of their own or default on their obligations to us due to bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, operational failure or other reasons, thereby increasing our credit risk exposure to these investments. These risks could result in a decrease in the value of our investments, which could negatively impact our financial condition. These risks could also restrict our access to funding. While the securities in our investment portfolio are currently limited to obligations of high-quality sovereign and government-sponsored issuers, we may choose to expand the range of our investments over time, which may result in greater fluctuations in market value. While we expect these investments to be readily convertible into cash and do not believe they present a material increase to our risk profile or will have a material impact on our risk-based capital ratios, they are subject to certain market fluctuations that may reduce the ability to fully convert them into cash.

-38-

Changes in the level of interest rates could materially adversely affect our earnings.

Changes in interest rates cause our net interest income to increase or decrease, as some of our assets and liabilities carry interest rates that fluctuate with market benchmarks. Through July 2023, short-term interest The Federal Reserve began easing monetary policy in September 2024, cutting rates continued to rise as by 100 basis points by the end of the year based on positive inflation data and expectations of a softening labor market. Since late 2024, the Federal Reserve tightened monetary policy further. Although U.S. economic growth remained strong in 2023, financial market participants and indicated a preference to slow down rate cuts, suggesting that the Federal Reserve Board expect that growth will decelerate in 2024 while inflationary pressures and labor market conditions normalize, leading to potential reductions in the federal funds target rate range throughout the year. The timing and pace of interest rate changes is uncertain however, and will largely highly depend on trends in inflation, employment and other macroeconomic factors. Higher interest rates could negatively impact our customers as total debt service payments would increase, impede our ability to grow our consumer lending businesses and increase the cost of our funding, which would put us at a disadvantage as compared to some of our competitors that have less expensive funding sources.

-38-

Some of our consumer loan receivables bear interest at a fixed rate or do not earn interest and we are not able to increase the rate on those loans to offset any higher cost of funds, which could materially reduce earnings. At the same time, some of our variable-rate loan receivables are subject to a cap, exposing us to interest-rate risk. In addition, we utilize a combination of fixed- and variable-rate funding from various sources, and we may use derivative instruments to hedge the liabilities. However, timing mismatches between loan receivable growth and funding procurement could expose us to interest-rate risk.

Interest rates may also adversely impact our delinquency and charge-off rates. Many consumer lending products bear interest rates that fluctuate with certain base lending rates published in the market, such as the prime rate and Secured Overnight Financing Rate. As a result, higher interest rates often lead to higher payment requirements by consumers under obligations to us and other lenders, which may reduce their ability to remain current on their obligations to us and thereby lead to loan delinquencies and additions to our credit loss provision, which could materially adversely affect our earnings.

We continually monitor interest rates and have a number of tools, including the composition of our loans and investments, liability terms and interest rate derivatives, to manage our interest rate risk exposure. Changes in market assumptions regarding future interest rates could significantly impact our interest rate risk strategy, our financial position and results of operations. If our interest rate risk management strategies are not appropriately monitored or executed, these activities may not effectively mitigate our interest rate sensitivity or have the desired impact on our results of operations or financial condition. For information related to interest rate risk sensitivities, see "Item 7A — 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk."

Operational and Other Risk

Our risk management framework and models for managing risks may not be effective in mitigating our risk of loss.

Our risk management framework seeks to identify and mitigate risk and appropriately balance risk and return. We have established processes and procedures intended to identify, measure, manage, monitor and report the types of risk to which we are subject, including credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, compliance and legal risk and strategic risk. We seek to monitor and control our risk exposure through a framework of policies, procedures, limits and reporting requirements.

Management of our risks in some cases depends upon the use of analytical and/or forecasting models. We use a variety of models to manage and inform decision-making with respect to customers and for the measurement of risk including credit, market and operational risks and for our finance and treasury functions. Models used by Discover can vary in their complexity and are designed to identify, measure and mitigate risks at various levels such as loan-level, portfolio segments, entire portfolios and products. These models use a set of computational rules to generate numerical estimates of uncertain values to be used for assessment of price, financial forecasts and estimates of credit, interest rate, market and operational risk. These models and the quality of their outputs are dependent on the quality and accuracy of the data loaded into the models. To the extent that the quality and integrity of that data is compromised, the models could result in inaccurate forecasts, ineffective risk management practices or inaccurate risk reporting. All models carry some level of uncertainty that introduces risks in the estimates.

If the models that we use to mitigate risks are inadequate or do not accurately predict future outcomes, we may incur increased losses. In addition, there may be risks that exist, or that develop in the future, that we have not appropriately anticipated, identified or mitigated. If our risk management framework and models do not effectively identify or mitigate our risks, we could suffer unexpected losses and our financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

If the security of our systems, or the systems of third parties we rely upon, is compromised, our business could be disrupted and we may be subject to significant financial exposure, liability and damage to our reputation.

Our digital banking and network operations rely heavily on the secure processing, storage and transmission of confidential or sensitive information about us, our customers and third parties with whom we do business. Information security risks for financial institutions have increased and continue to increase in part because of the proliferation of

-39-

new technologies, the use of the internet and cloud, mobile and telecommunications technologies to conduct financial transactions and the increased sophistication and activities of organized crime, activists, hackers, terrorist organizations, nation state actors and other external parties. Those parties may also attempt to fraudulently induce employees, customers or other users of our systems (including third parties) to disclose confidential or sensitive information in order to gain access to our data or that of our customers.

-39-

Our technologies, systems, networks and software, those of other financial institutions and other firms (such as hardware vendors, cloud providers and others), have been, and are likely to continue to be, the target of increasingly frequent cyber-attacks, malicious code, ransomware, denial of service attacks, phishing and other social engineering, other remote access attacks and physical attacks that could result in unauthorized access, misuse, loss, unavailability or destruction of data (including confidential customer information), account takeovers, identity theft and fraud, unavailability of service or other events. These types of threats may derive from human error, fraud or malice on the part of external or internal parties or may result from technological failure or otherwise. Further, our vulnerability to these types of threats may be increased to the extent employees work remotely or in

hybrid work arrangements. More recently, the evolution of AI tools has lowered the barrier of entry for hackers to develop and deploy malicious payloads or launch effective phishing campaigns.

Despite our efforts to ensure the integrity of our systems through our information security and business continuity programs, we may not be able to anticipate or to implement effective preventive measures against all known and unknown security threats, attacks or breaches or events of these types, especially because the techniques used change frequently and are becoming increasingly more sophisticated or are not recognized until launched or vulnerabilities in software or hardware are unknown or are unable to be entirely addressed even after becoming known, and because:

- Security attacks can originate from a wide variety of sources and geographic locations and may be undetected for a period of time.
- We rely on many third-party service providers and network participants, including merchants, and, as such, a security breach or cyber-attack affecting one of these third parties could impact us. For example, the financial services industry continues to see attacks against the environments where personal and identifiable information is handled. For additional information see the risk factor “— Failure to manage our relationships with third-party service providers could result in our revenue or results of operations being materially adversely affected.”
- Our customers may use computers and mobile devices that are beyond our security control systems to access our products and services.
- **Advancement in AI and AI tools could provide efficiencies or other advantages in generating malicious code and cyber attack vectors.**

We are subject to increasing risk related to information and data security as we increase acceptance of the Discover card internationally, expand our suite of online digital banking products, enhance our mobile payment technologies, acquire new or outsource some of our business operations, expand our internal usage of web-based products and applications, and otherwise attempt to keep pace with rapid technological changes in the financial services industry. Our efforts to mitigate this risk increase our expenses. While we continue to invest in our information security defenses (including cybersecurity defenses), if our security systems or those of third parties are penetrated or circumvented such that the confidentiality, integrity or availability of information about us, our customers, transactions processed on our networks or on third-party networks on our behalf or third parties with which we do business is compromised, we could be subject to significant liability that may not be covered by insurance, including significant legal and financial exposure, actions by our regulators, damage to our reputation, or a loss of confidence in the security of our systems, products and services that could materially adversely affect our business.

Cyber-attacks that are successful, or are perceived to be successful, in compromising the data or disrupting the services of other peer financial institutions, whether or not we are impacted, could lead to a general loss of customer confidence, which could negatively impact market perception of our products and services. Media reports of attempted cyber-attacks, service disruptions or vulnerabilities in our information systems or security procedures or those of any of the third-party service providers we engage, could cause significant legal and financial exposure, lead to regulatory and legislative intervention and cause an overall negative effect in our business. For additional information on risks in this area, see the risk factors below regarding fraudulent activity, the introduction of new products and services, the use of third parties for outsourcing, technology generally, and laws and regulations addressing consumer privacy and data use and security.

-40-

If we cannot remain organizationally effective, we will be unable to address the opportunities and challenges presented by our strategy and the increasingly dynamic and competitive economic and regulatory environment.

To remain organizationally effective, we must effectively empower, integrate and deploy our management and operational resources and incorporate global and local business, regulatory and consumer perspectives into our decisions and processes. In order to execute on our objective to be the leading consumer bank and payments partner, we must develop and implement innovative and efficient technology solutions and marketing initiatives while effectively managing legal, regulatory, compliance, security, operational and other risks as well as expenses. Examples include the implementation of a broader rollout of our checking product and a structure for a more competitive global network business. If we fail to develop and implement these solutions, we may be unable to expand quickly and the results of our

-40-

expansion may be unsatisfactory. In addition, if we are unable to make decisions quickly, assess our opportunities and risks, execute our strategy and implement new governance, managerial and organizational processes as needed in this increasingly dynamic and competitive economic and regulatory environment, our financial condition, results of operations, relationships with our business partners, banking regulators, customers and shareholders, and ultimately our prospects for achieving our long-term strategies, may be negatively impacted.

We may be unable to increase or sustain Discover credit card usage, which could impair growth in, or lead to diminishing, average balances and total revenue.

A key element of our business strategy is to increase the usage of the Discover credit card by our customers, including making it their primary credit card, and thereby increase our revenue from transaction and service fees and interest income. However, our customers' use and payment patterns may change because of social, legal and economic factors, and customers may decide to use debit cards or other payment products instead of credit cards, not increase credit card usage, or pay their balances within the grace period to avoid finance charges. We face challenges from competing card products in our attempts to increase credit card usage by our existing customers. Our ability to increase credit card usage also is dependent on customer satisfaction, which may be adversely affected by factors outside of our control, including competitors' actions and legislative/regulatory changes. Existing legal and regulatory restrictions limit pricing changes that may impact an account throughout its lifecycle, which may reduce our capability to offer lower price

promotions to drive account usage and customer engagement. As part of our strategy to increase usage, we have been increasing the number of merchants who accept credit cards issued on the Discover Network. If we are unable to continue increasing merchant acceptance or fail to improve awareness of existing merchant acceptance of our credit cards, our ability to grow usage of Discover credit cards may be hampered. As a result of these factors, we may be unable to increase or sustain credit card usage, which could impair growth in or lead to diminishing average balances and total revenue.

A reduction in the number of large merchants that accept cards on the Discover Network or PULSE network or in the rates they pay could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Discover card net transaction dollar volume was concentrated among our top 100 merchants in 2023, 2024, with our largest merchant accounting for approximately 6% of that net transaction volume. Transaction volume on the PULSE network was also concentrated among the top 100 merchants in 2023, 2024, with our largest merchant accounting for approximately 17%, 16% of PULSE transaction volume. These merchants could seek to negotiate better pricing or other financial incentives by conditioning their continued participation in the Discover Network and/or PULSE network on a change in the terms of their economic participation. Loss of acceptance at our largest merchants would decrease transaction volume, negatively impact our brand and could cause customer attrition. In addition, some of our merchants, primarily our remaining small- and mid-size merchants, are not contractually committed to us for any period of time and may cease to participate in the Discover Network at any time on short notice.

Actual or perceived limitations on acceptance of credit cards issued on the Discover Network or debit cards issued on the PULSE network could adversely affect the use of Discover cards by existing customers and the attractiveness of Discover cards to prospective customers. Also, we may have difficulty attracting and retaining network partners if we are unable to add or retain acquirers or merchants who accept cards issued on the Discover or PULSE networks. As a result of these factors, a reduction in the number of our merchants or the rates they pay could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

-41-

Our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected by merchants' increasing focus on the fees charged by credit card and debit card networks.

Merchant acceptance and fees are critical to the success of both our card-issuing and payment processing businesses. Merchants are concerned with the fees charged by credit card and debit card networks. They seek to negotiate better pricing or other financial incentives as a condition of continued participation in the Discover Network and PULSE network. Merchants and their trade groups have filed numerous lawsuits against Visa, MasterCard, American Express and their card-issuing banks, claiming that their practices toward merchants, including issuer fees, violate federal antitrust laws. There can be no assurance that they will not in the future bring legal proceedings against other credit card and debit card issuers and networks, including us. Merchants also may promote forms of payment with lower fees, such as ACH-based payments, or seek to impose surcharges at the point of sale for use of credit or debit cards. Merchant groups have also promoted federal and state legislation that would restrict issuer practices or enhance the ability of merchants, individually or collectively, to negotiate more favorable fees. The heightened focus by

-41-

merchants on the fees charged by credit card and debit card networks, together with the Dodd-Frank Act and recent industry litigation, which would allow merchants to encourage customers to use other payment methods or cards and may increase merchant surcharging, could lead to reduced transactions on, or merchant acceptance of, Discover Network or PULSE network cards or reduced fees, any of which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Political, economic or other instability in a country or geographic region, or other unforeseen or catastrophic events, could adversely affect our business activities and reduce our revenue.

Geopolitical events, natural disasters, extreme weather-related events or other catastrophic events, including terrorist attacks and pandemics, may have a negative effect on our business and infrastructure, including our information technology systems. Climate change may exacerbate certain of these threats, including the frequency and severity of weather-related events and other natural disasters, including wildfires and hurricanes. Our Diners Club network, concentrated primarily on serving the global travel industry, could be adversely affected by a number of factors including international conditions, travel restrictions, pandemics or negative perceptions about the safety of travel that may result in an indefinite decline in consumer or business travel activity. Armed conflict, public health emergencies, natural disasters, political instability or terrorism may have a significant and prolonged negative effect on travel activity and related revenue. Although a regionalized event or condition may primarily affect one of our network participants, it may also affect our overall network and card activity and our resulting revenue. Overall network and card transaction activity may decline as a result of concerns about safety or disease or may be limited because of economic conditions that result in spending, including on travel, to decline. The impact of such events and other catastrophes on the overall economy may also adversely affect our financial condition or results of operations.

Fraudulent activity associated with our products or our networks could cause our brands to suffer reputational damage, the use of our products to decrease and our fraud losses to be materially adversely affected.

We are subject to the risk of fraudulent activity associated with merchants, customers and other third parties handling customer information. The fraud environment continues to be challenging for the financial services industry in general. Credit and debit card fraud, identity theft and electronic-transaction related crimes are prevalent and perpetrators are growing ever more sophisticated. More recently, emerging generative AI capabilities, such as synthetic voice, video and conversation generation, introduced images and identity documents may introduce new fraud risks especially in the form of identity fraud, fraud and scams. While we have policies and procedures designed to address such risk, there can be no assurance that losses will not occur. Our resources, customer authentication methods and fraud prevention tools may be insufficient to accurately predict, prevent or detect

fraud. Consumer activists and regulators have sought to expand financial institutions' responsibility to hold customers harmless for fraudulent transactions on their accounts. We incurred fraud losses and other charges of **\$131 million** **\$122 million** and **\$149 million** **\$131 million** during the years ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively.

Our risk of fraud continues to increase as third parties that handle confidential consumer information suffer security breaches, acceptance of the Discover card grows internationally and we expand our digital banking business and introduce new products and features. Our financial condition, the level of our fraud charge-offs and other results of operations could be materially adversely affected if fraudulent activity were to significantly increase. Furthermore, high-profile fraudulent activity could negatively impact our brand and reputation. In addition, significant increases in fraudulent activity could lead to regulatory intervention (such as mandatory card reissuance) and reputational and financial damage to our brands, which could negatively impact the use of our deposit accounts, cards and networks and thereby have a material adverse effect on our business. Further, fraudulent activity may result in lower license fee revenue from our Diners Club licensees.

-42-

The financial services and payment services industries are rapidly evolving and we may be unsuccessful in introducing new products or services on a large scale in response to these changes.

Technological changes continue to significantly impact the financial services and payment services industries. For example, we may be unsuccessful in deploying new technologies to strengthen our credit underwriting capabilities, enhance the effectiveness of our marketing efforts, ensure acceptance with new payment technologies, enhance customer service, drive efficiencies in back-office functions or reduce fraud. The competitive mobile, e-wallet and tokenization spaces are expected to continue to bring risks and opportunities to both our digital banking and payment services businesses.

The effect of technological changes on our business is both rapid and unpredictable. We depend, in part, on third parties for the development of and access to new technologies. We expect that new services and technologies

-42-

relating to the payments business will continue to appear in the market and these new services and technologies may be superior to, or render obsolete, the technologies that we currently use in our products and services. Rapidly evolving technologies and new entrants in mobile and emerging payments pose a risk to us both as a card issuer and as a payments business. As a result, our future success may be dependent on our ability to identify and adapt to technological changes and evolving industry standards and to provide payment solutions for our **customers**, **cardholders**, merchants and financial institution customers.

The process of developing new products and services or enhancing our existing products and services is complex, costly and uncertain. Difficulties or delays in the development, production, testing and marketing of new products or services may be caused by a number of factors including, among other things, operational, capital and regulatory constraints. The occurrence of such difficulties may affect the success of our products or services. Developing unsuccessful products and services could result in financial losses as well as decreased capital availability. In addition, the new products and services offered may not be adopted by consumers, merchants or financial institution customers. Also, the success of a new product or service may depend upon our ability to deliver it on a large scale, which may require a significant capital investment that we may not be in a position to make. If we are unable to successfully introduce and support new income-generating products and services while also managing our expenses, it may impact our ability to compete effectively and materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Failure to manage our relationships with third-party service providers could result in our revenue or results of operations being materially adversely affected.

We depend on third-party service providers for many aspects of the operation of our business. For example, we depend on third parties for software and systems development, the timely transmission of information across our data transportation network and for other telecommunications, processing, remittance, technology-related and other services in connection with our digital banking and payment services businesses. If a service provider fails to provide the services that we require or expect, or fails to meet contractual requirements, such as service levels, security requirements or compliance with applicable laws, the failure could negatively impact our business by adversely affecting our ability to process customers' transactions in a secure, consistent, timely and accurate manner, otherwise hampering our ability to serve our customers, or subjecting us to litigation and regulatory risk for poor vendor oversight. Such a failure could adversely affect the perception of the reliability of our networks and services, and the quality of our brands, and could have a materially adverse effect on our reputation, revenues and/or our results of operations.

With remote and hybrid work arrangements, we have become increasingly dependent on third-party service providers, including those with which we have no direct relationship, such as our employees' internet service providers. If these third-parties experience service disruptions, our operations may be interrupted or negatively impacted.

If our key technology platforms become obsolete, or if we experience disruptions, including difficulties in our ability to process transactions, our revenue or results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Our ability to deliver services to our customers and run our business in compliance with applicable laws and regulations may be affected by the functionality of our technology systems. The implementation of technology changes as well as patches and upgrades to maintain current and integrated systems may result in compliance issues and may, at least temporarily, cause disruptions to our business, including, but not limited to, systems interruptions, transaction processing errors and system conversion delays, all of which could have a negative impact on us. In addition, our transaction processing systems and other operational systems may encounter service interruptions at any time due to system or

software failure, natural disaster or other reasons. Such services could be disrupted at any of our primary or back-up facilities or our other owned or leased facilities. Third parties to whom we outsource the maintenance and

-43-

development of certain technological functionality may experience errors or disruptions that could adversely impact us and over which we may have limited control. In addition, there is no assurance that we will be able to sustain our investment in new technology to avoid obsolescence of critical systems and applications. A failure to maintain current technology, systems and facilities or to control third-party risk, could cause disruptions in the operation of our business, which could materially adversely affect our transaction volumes, revenues, reputation and/or our results of operations.

If we are unable to recruit, retain and motivate key officers and employees to drive our business, our business could be materially adversely affected.

Our success depends, in large part, on our ability to recruit, retain and motivate key officers and employees to manage and grow our business. Our senior management team has significant industry experience and would be

-43-

difficult to replace. We believe we are in a critical period of competition in the financial services and payments industry. The market for qualified individuals is highly competitive and we may not be able to attract and retain qualified personnel or candidates to replace or succeed members of our senior management team or other key personnel or it may be expensive to do so. We may be subject to restrictions under future legislation or regulation limiting executive compensation. For example, the federal banking agencies have previously issued proposed rulemaking on incentive compensation practices for certain employees at banking organizations, including executives, and may issue additional rules relating to such activities in the future. These requirements could negatively impact our ability to compete with other companies in attracting, hiring and retaining key personnel and offer incentives that motivate our key personnel to perform and may require us to extensively restructure certain of our existing incentive compensation practices. Additionally, the market for individuals with skills in fields such as technology, advanced analytics, digital marketing and payments is increasingly competitive and we may not be able to attract and retain persons with the desired skill set or experience. If we are unable to recruit, retain and motivate key personnel to manage and grow our business well, our business could be materially adversely affected.

Merchant defaults may adversely affect our business, financial condition, cash flows and results of operations.

As an issuer and merchant acquirer in the U.S. on the Discover Network and as a holder of certain merchant agreements internationally for the Diners Club network, we may be contingently liable for certain disputed credit card sales transactions that arise between customers and merchants. If a dispute is resolved in the customer's favor, we will cause a credit or refund of the amount to be issued to the customer and charge back the transaction to the merchant or merchant acquirer. If we are unable to collect this amount from the merchant or merchant acquirer, we will bear the loss for the amount credited or refunded to the customer. Where the purchased product or service is not provided until some later date following the purchase, such as an airline ticket, the likelihood of potential liability increases. Losses related to merchant chargebacks were not material for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023.

Damage to our reputation could negatively affect our business and brand.

In recent years, financial services companies have experienced increased reputational risk as consumers protest and regulators scrutinize business and compliance practices of such companies. Maintaining a positive reputation is critical to attracting and retaining customers, investors and employees. Damage to our reputation can therefore cause significant harm to our business and prospects. Harm to our reputation can arise from numerous sources, including, among others, employee misconduct; a breach of our or our service providers' cybersecurity defenses; litigation or regulatory outcomes; failing to deliver minimum standards of service and quality; compliance failures; and the activities of customers, business partners and counterparties. Social media also can cause harm to our reputation. By its very nature, social media can reach a wide audience in a very short amount of time, which presents unique corporate communications challenges. Negative or otherwise undesirable publicity generated through unexpected social media coverage can damage our reputation and brand. Negative publicity regarding us, whether or not true, may result in customer attrition and other harm to our business prospects. There has also been increased focus on topics related to environmental, social and corporate governance ESG policies, and criticism of our policies in these areas could also harm our reputation and/or potentially limit our access to some forms of capital or liquidity. Additionally, policymakers in some jurisdictions have adopted or proposed laws, regulations and policies relating to ESG that diverge from, or potentially conflict with, those in other jurisdictions. Our customers, shareholder, employees and other stakeholders may have diverse expectations, demands and perspectives on ESG, which we may not be able to meet as proposed laws, regulations and policies continue to evolve. This could harm our reputation, reduce customer demand for our products and services and subject us to other legal and operational risks.

-44-

We may be unsuccessful in protecting or defending our brands or other intellectual property, or third parties may allege that we are infringing their intellectual property rights.

We rely on a multifaceted strategy to protect our intellectual property that takes advantage of protection such as patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets and other restrictions on disclosure of confidential and proprietary information. We develop our intellectual property internally and in some cases license it from third parties.

In addition, the Discover, PULSE and Diners Club brands have substantial economic and intangible value. Our success is dependent on our ability to promote and protect these brands and our other intellectual property. Our ability to attract and retain customers is highly dependent upon the external perception of our Company and brands. We strategically license our trademarks to business partners and network participants, some of whom have contractual obligations to promote and develop our brands. For example, the Discover card brand is now being issued by certain Diners Club licensees in their local markets.

If our business partners or other third parties do not adhere to contractual standards, engage in improper business practices, or otherwise misappropriate, misuse or diminish the value of our brands or our other intellectual property, we may suffer reputational and financial damage. If we will not be able to adequately protect our brands, our proprietary information and other intellectual property, our business success may be adversely affected. In addition,

-44-

third parties may allege that our developed or licensed marketing, processes or systems may infringe upon their intellectual property rights. Given the potential risks and uncertainties of such claims, our business could be adversely affected by having to pay significant monetary damages, technology development expenses or licensing fees, and we may have to alter our business practices or be prevented from competing effectively.

Laws, regulations and supervisory guidance and practices, or the application thereof, may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We must comply with an array of banking, consumer lending and payment services laws and regulations in all jurisdictions in which we operate as described more fully in "Business — Supervision and Regulation," the risk factor entitled "*Financial regulatory developments have and will continue to significantly impact the environment for the financial services industry, which could adversely impact our business, results of operations and financial condition*" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments." In addition, we are subject to inquiries and enforcement actions from states' attorney general offices and regulation by federal regulators, state banking regulators and the U.S. Department of Justice, as well as the SEC and New York Stock Exchange in our capacity as a public company. We also are subject to the requirements of entities that set and interpret accounting standards (such as the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the SEC, banking regulators and our independent registered public accounting firm), which may add new requirements or change their interpretations on how standards should be applied. Guidance not yet issued could potentially have a material impact on business lines, as well as how we record and report our financial condition and results of operations, and could have an impact on regulatory capital.

Failure to comply with laws, regulations and standards could lead to adverse consequences such as financial, structural, reputational and operational penalties, including our bank subsidiary being placed in receivership, litigation exposure and disgorgement and fines (as described further below). For example, failure to comply with anti-terrorism, anti-money laundering, anti-bribery and anti-corruption laws, including the USA Patriot Act of 2001, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other laws regarding corporate conduct, can expose us and/or individual employees to severe criminal and civil penalties.

Legislative, regulatory and tax code changes could impact the profitability of our business activities, alter consumer behavior in ways we did not anticipate, require us to limit or change our business practices or our product offerings, or expose us to additional costs (including increased compliance costs). Significant changes in laws and regulations may have a more adverse effect on our results of operations than on the results of our competitors or may disproportionately benefit our competitors.

Current and proposed laws and regulations addressing consumer privacy and data use and security could affect the competitiveness of our products and increase our costs.

Legal or regulatory pronouncements relating to consumer privacy, data use and security affect our business. We are subject to a number of laws concerning consumer privacy and data use and security enacted by U.S. and non-U.S. governmental and regulatory authorities, such as the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation, the GLBA, and the California Consumer Privacy Act. Due to recent consumer data compromise events in the U.S., which resulted in

-45-

unauthorized access to millions of customers' data, these areas continue to be a focus of the U.S. Executive Branch and Congress, state legislators and attorneys general and other regulators. Developments in this area, such as new laws, regulations, regulatory guidance, litigation or enforcement actions, could result in new or different requirements on Discover and other card issuers or networks that could increase costs or adversely affect the competitiveness of our credit card or debit card products. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Regulatory Environment and Developments" for more information. In addition, failure to comply with the privacy and data use and security laws and regulations to which we are subject, including by reason of inadvertent disclosure of confidential information or the failure to provide timely notification of a disclosure, could result in litigation, fines, sanctions, penalties or other adverse consequences and loss of consumer confidence, which could materially adversely affect our results of operations, overall business and reputation.

Litigation and regulatory actions could subject us to significant fines, penalties and/or requirements resulting in increased expenses, oversight and reputation risk.

Consumer banking and payment services institutions have historically been subject to significant legal actions, both from private and government litigants. In addition to regulatory actions, private litigation may include class action lawsuits and commercial, shareholder and patent litigation. Many of these actions have included claims for substantial

-45-

compensatory, statutory or punitive damages. We have been, currently are, and may again be involved in various actions or proceedings brought by private litigants as well as governmental regulatory and enforcement agencies. This includes the 2020 Order with the CFPB pursuant to which Discover is required to implement a redress and compliance plan in addition to the payment of at least \$10 million in consumer redress to consumers who may have been harmed and a \$25 million civil money penalty to the CFPB, and the September 2023 consent order by the FDIC with Discover Bank regarding its compliance management system for consumer protection laws pursuant to which Discover Bank has agreed to improve its consumer compliance management system and enhance related corporate governance and enterprise risk management practices, and increase the level of Board oversight over such matters. In addition, we may be subject to further actions, including the imposition of additional consent orders, regulatory agreements or civil money penalties, by governmental regulatory and enforcement agencies regarding similar or other issues. Furthermore, issues with or delays in satisfying the requirements of a regulatory action could affect our progress on others, and failure to satisfy the requirements of a regulatory action on a timely basis could result in additional penalties, enforcement actions, and other negative consequences, including reputational harm, requiring changes to business activities and product offerings, or subjecting us to material fines, penalties, customer restitution or other requirements, resulting in increased expenses. Compliance with existing consent orders, and any other consent orders or regulatory actions, as well as the implementation of their requirements, may increase our expenses, require us to reallocate resources away from growing our existing businesses, subject us to business restrictions, negatively impact our capital and liquidity, require us to undergo significant changes to our business, operations, products and services, and risk management practices, and expose us to private litigation. See Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements for more information on current matters affecting us.

Historically, we have offered customers an arbitration clause in agreements to quickly and economically resolve disputes. The arbitration clause has, in some cases, also limited our exposure to consumer class action litigation, while still being able to resolve individual customer disputes. However, there is no guarantee that we will be able to continue to offer arbitration clauses in the future or that we will be successful in enforcing the arbitration clause in court. Legal challenges to the enforceability of these clauses may cause us to discontinue their use. In addition to court enforceability uncertainty, there have been bills pending in the U.S. Congress to directly or indirectly prohibit the use of pre-dispute arbitration clauses in some or all consumer banking products. Members of Congress have also urged the CFPB to enact rules prohibiting or limiting the use of pre-dispute arbitration clauses.

We may be limited in our ability to pay dividends on and repurchase our stock.

We increased Due to provisions in the Merger Agreement with Capital One, we were required to keep our quarterly common stock dividend consistent in 2023 to 2024 at \$0.70 per share an increase of \$0.10 per share and to refrain from the previous rate of \$0.60 per share and repurchased approximately 6.8% repurchasing of our outstanding common stock under our share repurchase program stock. These restrictions will remain in 2023 place through the completion of the merger. The declaration and payment of future dividends, as well as the amount thereof, are otherwise subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors. The amount and size of any future dividends and share repurchases will depend upon regulatory limitations imposed by the Federal Reserve or under applicable banking laws and our results of operations, financial condition, capital levels, cash requirements, future prospects, regulatory review and other factors as further described in "Business — Supervision and Regulation — Capital, Dividends and Share Repurchases." Holders of our shares of common stock are subject to the prior dividend rights of holders of our preferred stock or the depositary shares representing such preferred stock outstanding. No dividend may be declared or paid on or set aside for payment on our common stock if full dividends

-46-

have not been declared and paid on all outstanding shares of our preferred stock in any dividend period. Banking laws and regulations and our banking regulators may limit or prohibit our payment of dividends on or our repurchase of our stock at any time. There can be no assurance that we will declare and pay any dividends on or repurchase our stock in the future.

We are a holding company and depend on payments from our subsidiaries.

Discover Financial Services, our parent holding company, depends on dividends, distributions and other payments from its subsidiaries, particularly Discover Bank, to fund its dividend payments, share repurchases, payments on its obligations, including debt obligations, and to provide funding and capital as needed to its operating subsidiaries. Banking laws and regulations and our banking regulators may limit or prohibit our transfer of funds freely, either to or from our subsidiaries, at any time. These laws, regulations and rules may hinder our ability to access funds that we may need to make payments on our obligations or otherwise achieve strategic objectives. For more information, see "Business — Supervision and Regulation — Capital, Dividends and Share Repurchases."

-46-

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This annual report on Form 10-K and materials we have filed or will file with the SEC (as well as information included in our other written or oral statements) contain or will contain certain statements that are forward-looking within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Actual outcomes and results may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, our forward-looking statements. Words such as "expects," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "forecasts," and other similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "will," "should," "would," and "could," are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. You should not rely solely on the forward-looking statements and should consider all uncertainties and risks throughout this annual report on Form 10-K, including those described under "Risk Factors." The statements are only as of the date they are made and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement.

Possible events or factors that could cause results or performance to differ materially from those expressed in our forward-looking statements include the following:

- changes in economic variables, such as the availability of consumer credit, the housing market, energy costs, the number and size of personal bankruptcy filings, the rate of unemployment, the levels of consumer confidence and consumer debt and investor sentiment;
- the impact of current, pending and future legislation, regulation, supervisory guidance and regulatory and legal actions, including, but not limited to, those related to accounting guidance, tax reform, financial regulatory reform, consumer financial services practices, anti-corruption and funding, capital and liquidity;
- risks related to the proposed merger with Capital One including, among others, (i) failure to complete the merger with Capital One or unexpected delays related to the merger or the inability of the parties to obtain regulatory approvals or satisfy other closing conditions required to complete the merger, (ii) regulatory approvals resulting in the imposition of conditions that could adversely affect the combined company or the expected benefits of the transaction, (iii) diversion of management's attention from ongoing business operations and opportunities, (iv) cost and revenue synergies from the merger may not be fully realized or may take longer than anticipated to be realized, (v) the integration of each party's management, personnel and operations will not be successfully achieved or may be materially delayed or will be more costly or difficult than expected, (vi) deposit attrition, customer or employee loss and/or revenue loss as a result of the announcement of the proposed merger, (vii) expenses related to the proposed merger being greater than expected, and (viii) shareholder litigation that could prevent or delay the closing of the proposed merger or otherwise negatively impact our business and operations;
- the actions and initiatives of current and potential competitors;
- our ability to manage our expenses;
- our ability to successfully achieve card acceptance across our networks and maintain relationships with network participants and merchants;
- our ability to sustain our card and personal loan growth;
- our ability to **complete the proposed sale of the Discover Student Loan portfolio**;
- our ability to increase or sustain Discover card usage or attract new customers;

-47-

- difficulty obtaining regulatory approval for financing, closing, transitioning, integrating or managing the expenses of acquisitions of or investments in new businesses, products or technologies;
- our ability to manage our credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, compliance and legal risk and strategic risk;
- the availability and cost of funding and capital;
- access to deposit, securitization, equity, debt and credit markets;
- the impact of rating agency actions;
- the level and volatility of equity prices, commodity prices and interest rates, currency values, investments, other market fluctuations and other market indices;
- losses in our investment portfolio;

-47-

- limits on our ability to pay dividends and repurchase our common stock;
- limits on our ability to receive payments from our subsidiaries;
- fraudulent activities or material security breaches of our or others' key systems;
- our ability to remain organizationally effective;
- the effect of political, economic and market conditions, geopolitical events, climate change, pandemics and unforeseen or catastrophic events;

- our ability to introduce new products or services;
- our ability to manage our relationships with third-party vendors, as well as those with which we have no direct relationship such as our employees' internet service providers;
- our ability to maintain current technology and integrate new and acquired systems and technology;
- our ability to collect amounts for disputed transactions from merchants and merchant acquirers;
- our ability to attract and retain employees;
- our ability to protect our reputation and our intellectual property;
- our ability to comply with regulatory requirements, including existing consent orders; **and**
- new lawsuits, investigations, consent orders or similar matters or unanticipated developments related to current matters.

We routinely evaluate and may pursue acquisitions of, investments in or divestitures from businesses, products, technologies, loan portfolios or deposits, which may involve payment in cash or our debt or equity securities.

The foregoing review of important factors should not be construed as exclusive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included in this annual report on Form 10-K. These factors expressly qualify all subsequent oral and written forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf. Except for any ongoing obligations to disclose material information as required under U.S. federal securities laws, we do not have any intention or obligation to update forward-looking statements after we distribute this annual report on Form 10-K, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

-48-

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity

Risk Assessment and Management

Our Information Security Program is led by our CISO and overseen by our **TIRC, TIRC and Management Risk Committee**. The program is designed to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information assets of the Company, customers and users from harm, and against unauthorized access to, or use of, computer resources that process, store or transmit these assets. This is accomplished by monitoring the cyber threat landscape, internal threats

-48-

and technological changes and through the **development** implementation of controls to mitigate risk to the organization and our customers.

Our Enterprise Risk Management governance structure is based on the principle that each line of business is responsible for managing risks, including information security risk, inherent in its business.

Our **Information Operational Risk Management Oversight ("IRM" ORO")** department provides second line defense oversight of the Information Security Program in support of senior management and the Board of Directors' responsibility to provide appropriate risk oversight. Owned by the VP, Information Security and Technology Risk ("VP-ISTR") in **IRM, ORO**, the Information Security Policy provides a framework for the security of information assets and computer resources and is consistent with our **five principles ERM framework**, which incorporates certain components that guide the Company's approach to risk management: **Comprehensiveness, Accountability, Independence, Defined Governance and Oversight, Business Strategy, Risk Appetite Infrastructure and Transparency, Risk Culture**. The Information Security Policy is designed to comply with applicable laws and regulations, such as the GLBA and the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

Our enterprise-wide incident management framework addresses risk mitigation activities that stem from incidents including governance structure and organization; risk, incident management and escalation principles; requirements for testing and assessing our processes; and external reporting guidance. We conduct internal assessments and engage external assessors, consultants and auditors to help provide assurance and validation of our security controls, as well as alignment to industry norms.

We are also committed to strong third party risk management. Our Third Party Program provides **regulatory** guidance for managing third party risk and is designed to assist us with the identification, measurement, management, monitoring and reporting of third party risk.

Our Information Security Program requires that employees adhere to our Third Party Information Security Policy, as well as the Third Party Risk Management Policy, which requires review of third-party controls to determine whether such controls meet the objectives of our Third Party Information Security Policy. The **IRM ORO** team is responsible for **seeing** **overseeing** that appropriate information security risks are identified and monitored. We rely on many third-party service providers and network participants, including merchants, and, as such, a security breach or cyber attack affecting one of these third parties could impact us.

Incident Management

While we continue to invest in our information security defenses, including cybersecurity defenses, if our security systems or those of third parties are penetrated or circumvented such that the confidentiality, integrity or availability of information about us, our customers, transactions processed on our networks or on third-party networks on our behalf, or third parties with which we do business is compromised, we could be subject to significant liability that may not be covered by insurance, including significant legal and financial exposure, actions by our regulators, damage to our reputation or loss of confidence in the security of our systems, products and services that could materially adversely affect our business. For more information about the risks posed by cybersecurity threats, see **Risk Item 1A. Risk Factors — Operational and Other Risk** — If the security of our systems, or the systems of third parties we rely upon, is compromised, our business could be disrupted and we may be subject to significant financial exposure, liability and damage to our reputation.”

-49-

Board of Directors Oversight

Our Risk Oversight Committee and Audit Committee are responsible for reviewing and approving our Information Security Program, as well as reviewing the quality and effectiveness of our technology security. These committees are also responsible for reviewing the guidelines and policies for assessing and managing our exposure to risks, including cybersecurity risk, and the steps management takes to monitor and control such exposures. The Risk Oversight Committee and Audit Committee periodically meet to facilitate oversight of risk management matters, including cybersecurity risk. For example, at least five times per year, the committees receive updates from the CISO and VP-ISTR on our Information Security Program.

The Board of Directors regularly devotes time during its meetings to review and discuss the most significant risks facing us over the short-, medium- and long-term, and our responses to those risks, including cybersecurity risks. Within these discussions, the Board of Directors receives updates from senior executives including the CRO and, on an annual basis, the CISO on the risks posed by cybersecurity threats and our information security program. Additionally, the CISO provides annual Information Security training to the Board of Directors. The training covers the regulatory

-49-

landscape, risk management practices, cyber landscape and threats to us and the roles and responsibilities of management and board members.

Management Oversight

Our Information Security Program is led by our CISO, who reports to our CIO, and overseen by the TIRC, which serves as a sub-committee to the Management Risk Committee. The TIRC provides oversight, leadership and direction for data risks, technology risks and information security. Our CISO leads the Information Security organization and has the overall responsibility of implementing its strategy and objectives to build a strong cyber engineering function. Reporting to the CISO is the Security Intelligence Incident Response Team, which is responsible for managing cybersecurity incidents by leading, designing and implementing threat intelligence, continuous monitoring and rapid response services.

Our CISO has over 20 years of information technology experience with specialization in information security and technology risk management. Our CISO is a Certified Information Systems Auditor and Certified Data Privacy Security Professional, Certified Ethical Hacker, Engineer. He serves as a graduate Board member at the National Cybersecurity Alliance and is a member of the Department of Defense Executive Leadership Development Program, a fellow Finance Services Information Sharing and Analysis Center (FS-ISAC) along with the American Council of Technology and an adjunct professor at Carnegie Mellon University, multiple other customer advisory boards. He was formerly the CISO a director at other a large financial institutions services organization and been in various information security roles at a federal agency Big 4 consulting firm prior to joining Discover.

Item 2. Properties

Our principal properties are located in the U.S. and include our corporate headquarters, our call centers and a processing center. Our corporate headquarters is used by both our Digital Banking and Payment Services segments and the call centers and processing center largely support our Digital Banking segment. We also have various offices located outside the U.S. that primarily support our Payment Services segment.

We have begun to reconfigure certain locations as we continue to work to optimize optimized our physical space. As space to ensure they are fit for purpose and as a result, our call centers and processing center are being utilized to a reasonable capacity. We believe our facilities that support both our Digital Banking and Payment Services segments are suitable and adequate to meet our current and projected needs.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

For a description of legal proceedings, see Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Part II.

Part II | Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange (ticker symbol DFS). As of **February 16, 2024** **February 14, 2025**, there were approximately **36,645** **34,581** holders of record of our common stock.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

In accordance with the Merger Agreement with Capital One, share repurchases have been paused through the completion of the merger. For more information on the pending merger, see "Business — Pending Merger with Capital One Financial Corporation" to our consolidated financial statements.

The following table sets forth information regarding purchases of our common stock related to our share repurchase program and employee transactions made by us or on our behalf during the most recent quarter:

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid Per Share ⁽³⁾ | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan or Program ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ | Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that may yet be purchased under the Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| October 1-31, 2023 | | | | |
| Repurchase program ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ | — | \$ — | — | \$ — |
| Employee transactions ⁽²⁾ | 1,080 | \$ 89.40 | N/A | N/A |
| November 1-30, 2023 | | | | |
| Repurchase program ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ | — | \$ — | — | \$ — |
| Employee transactions ⁽²⁾ | 6,818 | \$ 83.45 | N/A | N/A |
| December 1-31, 2023 | | | | |
| Repurchase program ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ | — | \$ — | — | \$ — |
| Employee transactions ⁽²⁾ | 2,624 | \$ 98.25 | N/A | N/A |
| Total | | | | |
| Repurchase program ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾ | — | \$ — | — | \$ — |
| Employee transactions ⁽²⁾ | 10,522 | \$ 87.75 | N/A | N/A |

| Period | Total Number of Shares Purchased | Average Price Paid Per Share ⁽²⁾ |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| October 1-31, 2024 | | |
| Employee transactions ⁽¹⁾ | 1,097 | \$ 149.99 |
| November 1-30, 2024 | | |
| Employee transactions ⁽¹⁾ | 4,542 | \$ 154.04 |
| December 1-31, 2024 | | |
| Employee transactions ⁽¹⁾ | 7,570 | \$ 177.68 |
| Total | | |
| Employee transactions ⁽¹⁾ | 13,209 | \$ 167.25 |

(1) In April 2023, our Board of Directors approved a new share repurchase program authorizing the purchase of up to \$2.7 billion of our outstanding shares of common stock through June 30, 2024. This share repurchase authorization replaced our prior \$4.2 billion share repurchase program.

(2) Reflects shares withheld (under the terms of grants under employee stock compensation plans) to offset tax withholding obligations that occur upon the delivery of outstanding shares underlying restricted stock units or upon the exercise of stock options.

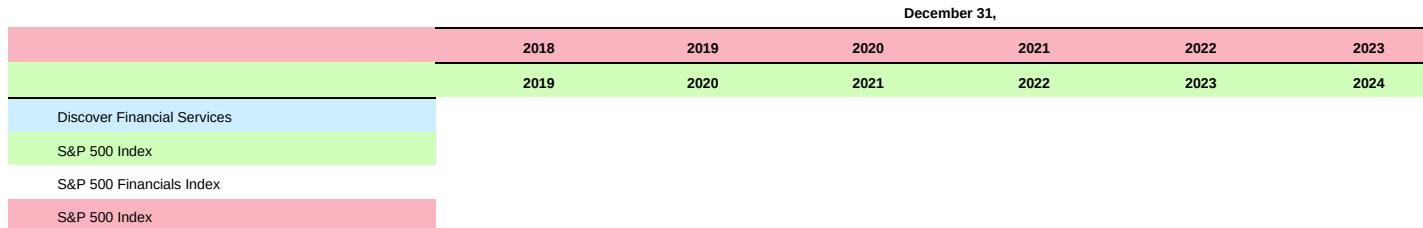
(3) (2) Average price paid per share excludes any excise tax.

(4) Share repurchases were suspended because of an ongoing internal review of compliance, risk management and corporate governance. See "— Liquidity and Capital Resources — Capital" for additional information.

Stock Performance Graph

The following graph compares the cumulative total stockholder return of our common stock, the S&P 500 Financials Index and the S&P 500 Index for the period from December 31, 2018 December 31, 2019 through December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024. The graph assumes an initial investment of \$100 on December 31, 2018 December 31, 2019. The cumulative returns include stock price appreciation and assume full reinvestment of dividends. This graph does not forecast future performance of our common stock.

431



Item 6. Reserved

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this annual report on Form 10-K. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis constitutes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results could differ materially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to these differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below and elsewhere in this annual report on Form 10-K particularly under "Risk Factors" and "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," which immediately follows "Risk Factors." Unless otherwise specified, references to Notes to our consolidated financial statements are to the Notes to our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 and for years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022.

Introduction and Overview

Discover Financial Services ("DFS") is a digital banking and payment services company. We provide digital banking products and services and payment services through our subsidiaries. We offer our customers credit card loans, personal loans, home loans and deposit products. We also operate the Discover Network, the PULSE network ("PULSE") and Diners Club International ("Diners Club"), collectively known as the Discover Global Network. The Discover Network processes transactions for Discover-branded credit and debit cards and provides payment transaction processing and settlement services. PULSE operates an electronic funds transfer network, providing financial institutions issuing debit cards on the PULSE network with access to automated teller machines domestically and internationally and merchant acceptance throughout the United States of America ("U.S.") for debit card transactions. Diners Club is a global payments network of licensees, which are generally financial institutions, that issue Diners Club branded credit and charge cards and/or provide card acceptance services.

Our primary revenues consist of interest income earned on loan receivables and fees earned from customers, financial institutions, merchants and issuers. The primary expenses required to operate our business include funding costs (interest expense), credit loss provisions, customer rewards and expenses incurred to grow, manage and service our loan receivables and networks. Our business activities are funded primarily through consumer deposits, securitization of loan receivables and the issuance of unsecured debt.

2023 2024 Highlights

The highlights below compare results as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 against results as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

- Net income was \$2.9 billion \$4.5 billion, or \$11.26 \$17.72 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$4.4 billion \$2.8 billion, or \$15.44 \$10.70 per diluted share, in the prior year.
- Total loans grew \$16.3 billion declined \$7.3 billion, or 15% 6%, to \$128.4 billion \$121.1 billion. The sale of our private student loan portfolio was completed during the fourth quarter of 2024.
- Credit card loans grew \$12.1 billion \$0.5 billion, or 13% 1%, to \$102.3 billion \$102.8 billion.

- The net charge-off rate for credit card loans increased **185** **148** basis points to **3.90%** **5.38%** and the delinquency rate for credit card loans over 30 days past due increased **134** decreased 3 basis points to **3.87%** **3.84%**.
- Direct-to-consumer deposits grew **\$13.5 billion** **\$6.6 billion**, or **19%** **8%**, to **\$84.0 billion** **\$90.6 billion**.
- Payment Services transaction volume for the segment was **\$364.6 billion** **\$402.5 billion**, up 10%.

-53-

Outlook

The outlook below provides our current expectations for our financial results for 2024, in comparison to 2023, based on market conditions, the regulatory and legal environment and our business strategies.

- We expect total loans to be relatively flat.
- Based on our expectation of the interest rate environment during 2024, net interest margin is expected to decrease.
- We expect the total net charge-off rate to increase driven by the seasoning of recent vintages with higher delinquencies.
- Total expenses are expected to increase driven by investments in compliance and risk management capabilities. We remain committed to managing expenses while continuing to make investments in profitable long-term growth.

Regulatory Environment and Developments

Banking

Capital Standards and Stress Testing

As a bank holding company, DFS is subject to mandatory supervisory stress tests every other year and is required to submit annual capital plans to the Federal Reserve based on forward-looking internal analysis of income and capital levels under baseline and stressful conditions. DFS is also subject to capital buffer requirements, including the Stress Capital Buffer ("SCB"), which requires maintaining regulatory capital levels above a threshold based on the results of supervisory stress tests after accounting for planned dividend payments.

-53-

In January 2021, the Federal Reserve finalized regulatory amendments that made targeted changes to the capital planning, regulatory reporting and SCB requirements for firms subject to Category IV standards, including DFS, to be consistent with the Federal Reserve's regulatory tailoring framework. The final rules generally align to instructions the Federal Reserve previously provided to Category IV firms regarding their respective capital plan submissions. The amended rules also provide Category IV firms with the option to submit to supervisory stress tests during off years if they wish for the Federal Reserve to reset the stress test portion of their SCB requirement. The Federal Reserve also revised the scope of application of its existing regulatory guidance for capital planning to align with the tailoring framework. However, the timing and substance of any additional changes to existing guidance or new guidance are uncertain. Moreover, following the failure of three domestic banks during March and April 2023, members of Congress, the President of the United States and various bank regulatory authorities have made public statements indicating a desire for additional prudential regulation for Category IV firms like DFS.

In July 2023, the Federal Reserve, the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency ("OCC") and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC", and together with the Federal Reserve and the OCC, the "Agencies") issued a proposal to amend the risk-based capital framework (the "Basel III rules"), which includes replacing the current "advanced approach" with a new expanded risk-based approach. In addition, the proposal introduces new standardized approaches for credit risk, operational risk and credit valuation adjustment risk, and would significantly revise risk-based capital requirements for all banking institutions with assets of \$100 billion or more, including DFS. If adopted, the new requirements would be effective July 1, 2025 with a three-year transition period. In September 2024, the Federal Reserve Vice Chair for Supervision previewed potential changes to the July 2023 proposal, including no longer subjecting Category IV institutions to the proposed revisions other than the requirement to recognize accumulated other comprehensive income, such as unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, in regulatory capital. The Federal Reserve, OCC and FDIC have not yet issued any changes to the July 2023 proposal.

In August 2023, the Federal Reserve, the FDIC and the OCC (the "Agencies") Agencies issued a proposal that would require banking institutions in Categories II through IV of the tailoring framework, including DFS, and their insured depository institution subsidiaries with \$100 billion or more in assets such as Discover Bank, to have minimum levels of outstanding long-term debt. Under the proposed rule, a covered banking institution would be required to have a minimum outstanding amount of eligible long-term debt that is at least 6% of the institution's total risk-weighted assets, 2.5% of its total leverage exposure (if it is required to maintain a minimum supplementary leverage ratio) and 3.5% of its average total consolidated assets, whichever is greater. If adopted, banking institutions would have three years to comply with the new requirements, though the Agencies would retain the authority to accelerate or extend the transition period.

While we cannot currently predict the timing, substance or substance impact of the finalization of these proposals or other regulatory changes, if any such change were adopted, it would likely revise the regulatory tailoring currently applicable to DFS, otherwise tighten the prudential regulatory requirements that would apply to DFS and increase our

expenses.

-54-

In June 2022, the Federal Reserve released results of the 2022 Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review ("CCAR") exercise. Our capital levels demonstrated resiliency under stress, staying well above regulatory minimums. Based on these results, in August 2022, our new SCB was set at 2.5%, the lowest possible requirement. This new SCB was effective October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023. In accordance with the capital plan rule amendments, we elected not to participate in the 2023 supervisory stress tests. Nevertheless, on April 5, 2023, we submitted tests, but did submit to the Federal Reserve a capital plan based on a forward-looking internal assessment of income and capital under baseline and stressful conditions. On July 27, 2023, In July 2023, the Federal Reserve disclosed that our SCB was unchanged at 2.5%, effective beginning October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024.

London Interbank Offered Rate Transition

In March 2021, On April 5, 2024, we submitted our 2024 capital plan to the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority announced that it would no longer encourage or compel banks to continue to contribute quotes and maintain the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") after December 31, 2021, and the most commonly used U.S. dollar ("USD") LIBOR settings ceased to be published on a representative basis in July 2023.

Federal Reserve. On December 16, 2022 June 26, 2024, the Federal Reserve adopted announced the results of the 2024 Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review ("CCAR") exercise, followed by the release of the final large bank capital requirements on August 28, 2024. Our new SCB requirement increased to 3.1%, effective beginning October 1, 2024, through September 30, 2025, subject to potential recalculation, as discussed in the next paragraph.

Under the Basel III rules, a final firm must update and resubmit its capital plan under certain circumstances, including a material change in the firm's risk profile, financial condition or corporate structure since its last capital plan submission. We determined our entry into an agreement and plan of merger ("Merger Agreement") with Capital One required us to resubmit our capital plan and we submitted an updated capital plan on May 3, 2024. The resubmission process is ongoing. Under the capital plan rule which became effective and as a consequence of the resubmission requirement, we must receive prior approval for any dividend or other capital distribution, other than a capital distribution on February 27, 2023, implementing the Adjustable Interest Rate (LIBOR) Act ("LIBOR Act"), which provides a statutory framework to replace LIBOR with a benchmark rate based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") for contracts governed by U.S. law that do not have fallback provisions or that have fallback provisions resulting in a replacement rate based on LIBOR.

In connection with the transition, \$1.8 billion of our LIBOR-based newly issued capital markets securities transitioned to the corresponding tenor for Chicago Mercantile Exchange ("CME") Term SOFR Reference Rate plus the applicable tenor spread adjustment in a manner consistent with the LIBOR Act instrument, and the regulation implementing the LIBOR Act. Additionally, approximately \$500 million of Discover Bank's subordinated notes not covered under the LIBOR Act reset in August 2023 consistent with their fallback provisions.

New originations of variable-rate student loans are indexed solely to 3-month term SOFR, as published by the CME. Our portfolio of outstanding LIBOR-indexed student loans converted to a SOFR index in October 2023. Federal Reserve may recalculate our SCB.

Consumer Financial Services

The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") regulates consumer financial products and services and examines certain providers of consumer financial products and services, including Discover. The CFPB's authority includes rulemaking, supervisory and enforcement powers with respect to federal consumer protection laws; preventing "unfair,

-54-

"unfair, deceptive or abusive acts or practices" ("UDAAP") and ensuring that consumers have access to fair and transparent financial products and services. Historically, the CFPB's policy priorities focused on several financial products of the type we offer (e.g., credit cards and other consumer lending products). In addition, the CFPB is required by statute to undertake certain actions including its biennial review of the consumer credit card market.

The CFPB's priorities have continued to focus on, among other things, increased enforcement of existing consumer protection laws, with a particular focus on fees charged to consumers, UDAAP, fair lending, student lending and servicing, debt collection and credit reporting. Additionally, detection of repeat offenders, such as companies that violate a formal court or agency order, has also become a priority for the CFPB. Director Chopra, in In March 2022, the CFPB identified, as repeat offenders, several companies that have had multiple enforcement actions, including Discover. The CFPB has recently taken action against financial institutions for violating prior enforcement actions. In December 2020, certain of our subsidiaries entered into a consent order with the CFPB regarding identified private student loan servicing practices. See Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements for more information.

On February 1, 2023 March 5, 2024, the CFPB proposed issued a final rule to alter that reduces Regulation Z's safe harbor amount for credit card late fees to \$8 and eliminates automatic annual inflation adjustments to that includes caps on fees for late payments, safe harbor amount. The rule is currently under legal challenge, and we continue to monitor legal developments that could impact the implementation of the final rule, which if implemented, could result in increased cardholder delinquencies and credit losses.

Although the priorities and actions of the CFPB may change in the new U.S. presidential administration, state regulators (including attorneys general) may seek to fill a perceived void.

Enhanced regulatory requirements, potential supervisory findings, or enforcement actions and ratings could negatively impact our ability to implement certain consumer-focused enhancements to product features and functionality and business strategies, limit or change our business practices, limit our consumer product offerings, cause us to invest more management time and resources in compliance efforts or limit our ability to obtain related required regulatory approvals. The additional expense, time and resources needed to comply with ongoing or new regulatory requirements may adversely impact the cost of and access to credit for consumers and results of business operations.

-55-

Data Security and Privacy

Policymakers at the federal and state levels remain focused on enhancing data security and data breach incident response requirements. Furthermore, These policymakers have proposed and enacted regulations and legislation at various levels of government continue to be proposed and enacted to augment consumer data privacy standards and require companies to assess and/or disclose cybersecurity metrics, risks, opportunities, policies and practices. At the federal level, Discover is subject to the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ("GLBA") and its implementing regulations and guidance, which regulate Discover's use and disclosure of our consumers' nonpublic personal information ("NPI"). In October 2024, the CFPB finalized its Personal Financial Data Rights Rule, which requires financial institutions to make certain consumer data available upon request to consumers and authorized third parties and standardizes the way in which the data is shared. In July 2023, the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") SEC adopted rules on Cybersecurity Risk Management, Strategy, Governance and Incident Disclosure. For more information on Discover's cybersecurity program in connection with these rules, see Item "Item 1C. Cybersecurity." In April 2024, the Department of Homeland Security proposed regulations to implement the Cyber Incident Reporting for Critical Infrastructure Act of 2022 and create new cyber incident and ransom payment reporting requirements for covered entities, including entities that own or operate financial services sector infrastructure. Final regulations are expected to be published in late 2025 and become effective in 2026.

At the state level, the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA"), which became effective in 2020, created a broad set of privacy rights and remedies. The California Privacy Rights Act, ("CPRA"), which became effective on January 1, 2023, amends in 2023, amended the CCPA, enhancing enhanced consumer privacy protections and creating created a new California Privacy Protection Agency ("CPPA"). A California court recently issued an order delaying enforcement of the CPRA regulations from July 1, 2023, until March 29, 2024, although the CPPA may still decide to enforce the provisions of the CCPA, as amended. The CPPA has proposed additional regulations around cybersecurity, risk assessment assessments and automated decision-making technology that may impact Discover once they as the proposed regulations move to more forward in the formal rulemaking. rulemaking process. Other states continue to pass privacy legislation with New Jersey being the first in 2024. So far, legislation. To date, these laws exempt have contained either data-level exemptions for NPI or entity-level exemptions for financial institutions subject to the GLBA from their scope, or state banking laws, so the impact of these state privacy laws on several Discover businesses is limited. We continue to evaluate the impact of the CCPA, as well as other federal and state privacy laws, on our businesses and other providers of consumer financial services, including laws regulating the capture and use of consumer biometrics, biometric information. For more information on the impact to Discover of data security and privacy laws on regulation, see "Business — Supervision and Regulation" and Item "Item 1A. Risk Factors."

-55-

Environmental, Social and Governance Matters

Environmental, social and governance ("ESG") issues, including climate change, human capital and governance practices, are a significant area of focus by U.S. federal, state and international lawmakers and regulatory agencies, as well as shareholders and other stakeholders. In recent months, there have been substantial legislative and regulatory developments on such issues, including proposed, issued or implemented legislation and rulemakings that would require concerning how companies to assess and/or disclose climate and other ESG metrics, information, risks, opportunities, policies and practices. For example, in March 2022, the SEC proposed climate-related disclosure requirements and in October 2023, three climate climate-related disclosure bills were signed in California. California, and in March 2024, the SEC issued a final rule on climate-related disclosures. The potential impact to us impacts of these legislative and regulatory developments is uncertain requirements are being evaluated at this time although we (including as a result of ongoing litigation challenging such requirements and the SEC's order stating its final rule on climate-related disclosures pending the completion of judicial review as well as recent executive orders and other actions by legislators or the new presidential administration). We expect that the these and other emerging and evolving legal and regulatory requirements on ESG issues, if adopted, will result in additional compliance and reporting costs to us.

We us, and we continue to monitor evaluate and assess the potential impact of these legislative legal and regulatory developments.

Results of Operations

The discussion below provides a summary of our results of operations and information about our loan receivables as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. Refer to our annual report on Form 10-K 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, for discussion of our results of operations and loan receivables information as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, compared to the year ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2022.

-56-

Segments

We manage our business activities in two segments, Digital Banking and Payment Services, based on the products and services provided. For a detailed description of the operations of each segment, as well as the allocation conventions used in our business segment reporting, see Note 22: Segment Disclosures to our consolidated financial statements.

-56-

The following table presents segment data (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|----------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | | |
| Digital Banking | | | | | | |
| Interest income | | | | | | |
| Interest income | | | | | | |
| Interest income | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | |
| Private student loans | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | |
| Other loans | | | | | | |
| Other interest income | | | | | | |
| Total interest income | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | | | | | | |
| Net interest income | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | | |
| Other expense | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | | | | | |
| Marketing and business development | | | | | | |
| Information processing and communications | | | | | | |
| Professional fees | | | | | | |
| Premises and equipment | | | | | | |
| Other expense | | | | | | |
| Total other expense | | | | | | |
| Income before income taxes | | | | | | |
| Payment Services | | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | | |
| Other expense | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | | | | | |
| Marketing and business development | | | | | | |
| Information processing and communications | | | | | | |

| |
|----------------------------------|
| Professional fees |
| Premises and equipment |
| Other expense |
| Total other expense |
| Income before income taxes |
| Total income before income taxes |

-57-

The following table presents information on transaction volume (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|----------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | | |
| Network Transaction Volume | | | | | | |
| PULSE Network | | | | | | |
| PULSE Network | | | | | | |
| PULSE Network | | | | | | |
| Network Partners | | | | | | |
| Diners Club ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| Total Payment Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Network — Proprietary ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | |
| Total Network Transaction Volume | | | | | | |
| Transactions Processed on Networks | | | | | | |
| Discover Network | | | | | | |
| Discover Network | | | | | | |
| Discover Network | | | | | | |
| PULSE Network | | | | | | |
| Total Transaction Processed on Networks | | | | | | |
| Credit Card Volume | | | | | | |
| Discover Card Volume ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | |
| Discover Card Volume ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | |
| Discover Card Volume ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | |
| Discover Card Sales Volume ⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | |

(1) Diners Club volume is derived from data provided by licensees for Diners Club branded cards issued outside North America and is subject to subsequent revision or amendment.

(2) Represents gross Discover card sales volume on the Discover Network.

(3) Represents Discover card activity related to sales net of returns, balance transfers, cash advances and other activity.

(4) Represents Discover card activity related to sales net of returns.

-57-

Digital Banking

Our Digital Banking segment reported pretax income of \$3.6 billion \$5.6 billion for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, as compared to \$5.7 billion \$3.4 billion for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023.

Net interest income increased for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, primarily driven by a higher yield on loans and a higher average level of loan receivables and a higher yield on loans, partially offset by higher funding costs. Interest income increased compared to the prior year primarily due to higher market rates and a higher average level of loan receivables. receivables and higher market rates. Interest expense increased compared to the prior year primarily due to higher funding costs driven by lower coupon maturities, higher market rates and a larger funding base.

For the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, the provision for credit losses **increased** **decreased** as compared to the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, primarily driven by the reversal of the private student loans' allowance due to the sale of the student loan growth, increasing delinquencies, and macroeconomic variables impacting household cash flows. For a detailed discussion on provision for credit losses, see "— Loan Quality — Provision and Allowance for Credit Losses."

Total other income for the Digital Banking segment increased for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, as compared to the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, primarily due to increases in loan fee other income, and net discount and interchange revenue. Other income increased primarily from a gain recognized from the sale of our private student loan portfolio. The increase in discount and interchange revenue was driven primarily by lower rewards expense. Loan fee income increased primarily due to a higher volume of late payments. The increase in discount and interchange revenue was partially offset by an increase in rewards, both of which were driven by higher sales volume.

Total other expense increased for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, as compared to the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, primarily due to increases in employee compensation and benefits, professional fees, information processing and communications and other expense and marketing and business development expense. The increase in employee compensation and benefits was driven primarily by higher headcount, average salaries and employee retention awards. Professional fees increased primarily due to increased consulting supporting compliance and risk management initiatives, initiatives and the pending merger. The increase in information processing and communications was primarily driven by accelerated private student loan software depreciation. Other expense increased mainly due primarily from charges for potential regulatory penalties to the card product card misclassification matter. For information regarding the card product misclassification, see Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements. The increase in total other expense was partially offset by a reserve for customer remediation. The decrease in marketing and business development increase was due primarily from growth investments in consumer banking products, lower private student loan marketing expenses.

-58-

Discover card sales volume was **\$217.9 billion** **\$212.3 billion** for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, which was **an increase** **a decrease** of **3.5%** **2.6%** as compared to the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. This volume **growth** **decrease** was primarily driven by **higher consumer spending across most spending categories**, **lower new account growth**.

Payment Services

Our Payment Services segment reported pretax income of **\$256 million** **\$517 million** for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, as compared to pretax income of **\$9 million** **\$256 million** for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. The increase in segment pretax income was primarily due to **smaller losses on equity investments** as a result of **smaller mark-to-market adjustments for equity investments measured at fair value**, **favorable legal settlement**.

Critical Accounting Estimates

In preparing our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"), management must make judgments and use estimates and assumptions about the effects of matters that are uncertain. For estimates that involve a high degree of judgment and subjectivity, it is possible that different estimates could reasonably be derived for the same period. For estimates that are particularly sensitive to changes in economic or market conditions, significant changes to the estimated amount from period to period are also possible. Management believes the current assumptions and other considerations used to estimate amounts reflected in our consolidated financial statements are appropriate. However, if actual experience differs from the assumptions and other considerations used in estimating amounts in our consolidated financial statements, the resulting changes could have a material effect on our consolidated results of operations and, in certain cases, could have a material effect on our consolidated financial condition. Management has identified the estimates related to our allowance for credit losses as a critical accounting estimate.

-58-

Allowance for Credit Losses

The allowance for credit losses was **\$9.3 billion** **\$8.3 billion** at **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, which reflects a **\$1.9 billion** **build** **\$1.0 billion** **release** from the amount of the allowance for credit losses at **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**. The allowance for credit losses represents management's estimate of expected credit losses over the remaining expected life of our financial assets measured at amortized cost. Changes in the allowance for credit losses, and in the related provision for credit losses, can materially affect net income.

In estimating the expected credit losses, we use a combination of statistical models and qualitative analysis. There is a significant amount of judgment applied in selecting inputs and analyzing the results produced to estimate the allowance for credit losses. For more information on these judgments and our accounting policies and methodologies used to determine the allowance for credit losses, see "— Loan Quality," Note 4: Loan Receivables and Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our consolidated financial statements.

One of the key assumptions requiring significant judgment in estimating the current expected credit losses ("CECL") on a quarterly basis is the determination of the macroeconomic forecasts used in the loss forecast models. For the reasonable and supportable loss forecast period, we consider forecasts of multiple economic scenarios that generally include a base scenario with one or more optimistic (upside) or pessimistic (downside) scenarios. These scenarios comprise a variety of macroeconomic variables, including annualized gross domestic product growth and unemployment rate. The scenarios that are chosen each quarter and the amount of weighting given to each scenario depend on a variety of factors including recent economic events, leading economic indicators, views of internal and third-party economists and industry trends. Assumptions about

the macroeconomic environment are inherently uncertain and, as a result, actual changes in the allowance for credit losses may be different from the simulated scenario presented below.

To demonstrate the sensitivity of the estimated credit losses to the macroeconomic scenarios, we measured the impact of altering the weighting of macroeconomic scenarios used in our loss forecast. Our allowance for credit losses would increase by approximately **\$660 million** at **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024 if we applied 100% weight to the most adverse scenario used in our loss forecast in our sensitivity analysis to reflect continued inflationary pressures, including unsustainably low unemployment and elevated interest rates, a decline in consumer confidence, the influence of geopolitical events as well as high interest rates, and increasing unemployment.

The sensitivity disclosed above is hypothetical. It is difficult to estimate how potential changes in any one factor or input, such as the weighting of macroeconomic forecasts, might affect the overall allowance for credit losses because we consider a variety of factors and inputs in estimating the allowance for credit losses. The macroeconomic scenarios used are constructed with interrelated projections of multiple economic variables and loss estimates are produced that consider the historical correlation of those economic variables with credit losses. The inputs in the macroeconomic

-59-

scenarios may not change at the same rate and may not be consistent across all geographies or product types, and changes in factors and inputs may be directionally inconsistent, such that improvement in one factor or input may offset deterioration in others. As a result, the sensitivity analysis above does not necessarily reflect the nature and extent of future changes in the allowance for credit losses. It is intended to provide insights into the impact of different judgments about the economy on our modeled loss estimates for the loan portfolio and does not imply any expectation of future losses. Furthermore, the hypothetical increase in our allowance for credit losses for loans does not incorporate the impact of management judgment for qualitative factors applied in the current allowance for credit losses, which may have a positive or negative effect on our actual financial condition and results of operations.

The overall economic environment directly impacts the macroeconomic variables that are used in the loss forecast models. If management used different assumptions about the economic environment in estimating expected credit losses, the impact to the allowance for credit losses could have a material effect on our consolidated financial condition and results of operations. In addition, if we experience significant instability in the economic environment, the uncertainty around the credit loss forecasts may increase, both due to the uncertainty of the economic forecasts and the challenges our models may have in incorporating them.

-59-

Earnings Summary

The following table outlines changes in our consolidated statements of income (dollars in millions):

| | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | 2023 vs. 2022 | | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|--|----------|
| | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | Increase (Decrease) | | \$ |
| Interest income | Interest income | \$ 17,845 | \$ 12,864 | \$ 10,651 | | | \$ 4,981 |
| Interest expense | Interest expense | 4,746 | 1,865 | 1,134 | | | 2,812 |
| Net interest income | Net interest income | 13,099 | 10,999 | 9,517 | | | 2,102 |
| Provision for credit losses | Provision for credit losses | 6,018 | 2,359 | 218 | | | 3,600 |
| Net interest income after provision for credit losses | Net interest income after provision for credit losses | 7,081 | 8,640 | 9,299 | | | (1,559) |
| Other income | Other income | 2,761 | 2,294 | 2,534 | | | 467 |
| Other expense | Other expense | 6,016 | 5,216 | 4,805 | | | 806 |
| Income before income taxes | Income before income taxes | 3,826 | 5,718 | 7,028 | | | (1,892) |
| Income tax expense | Income tax expense | 886 | 1,344 | 1,606 | | | (458) |

| | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| Net income | Net income | \$ 2,940 | \$ 4,374 | \$ 5,422 | \$ (1,434) |
| Net income allocated to common stockholders | Net income allocated to common stockholders | \$ 2,859 | \$ 4,286 | \$ 5,323 | \$ (1,427) |

-60-

Net Interest Income

The tables that follow this section have been provided to supplement the discussion below and provide further analysis of net interest income, net interest margin and the impact of rate and volume changes on net interest income. Net interest income represents the difference between interest income earned on our interest-earning assets and the interest expense incurred to finance those assets. We analyze net interest income in total by calculating net interest margin (net interest income as a percentage of average total loan receivables) and net yield on interest-earning assets (net interest income as a percentage of average total interest-earning assets). We also separately consider the impact of the level of loan receivables and the related interest yield and the impact of the cost of funds related to each of our funding sources, along with the income generated by our liquidity portfolio, on net interest income.

Our interest-earning assets consist of: (i) cash and cash equivalents primarily related to amounts on deposit with the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, (ii) restricted cash, (iii) other short-term investments, (iv) investment securities and (v) loan receivables. Our interest-bearing liabilities consist primarily of deposits, both direct-to-consumer and brokered, and long-term borrowings, including amounts owed to securitization investors. The following factors influence net interest income:

- The level and composition of loan receivables, including the proportion of credit card loans to other loans, as well as the proportion of loan receivables bearing interest at promotional rates as compared to standard rates;
- The credit performance of our loans, particularly with regard to charge-offs of finance charges, which reduce interest income;
- The terms of long-term borrowings and certificates of deposit upon initial offering, including maturity and interest rate;
- The interest rates necessary to attract and maintain direct-to-consumer deposits;
- The level and composition of other interest-earning assets, including our liquidity portfolio, and interest-bearing liabilities;
- Changes in the interest rate environment, including the levels of interest rates and the relationships among interest rate indices, such as the prime rate, the federal funds rate, the interest rate on reserve balances, LIBOR and SOFR; Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"); and
- The effectiveness of interest rate swaps in our interest rate risk management program.

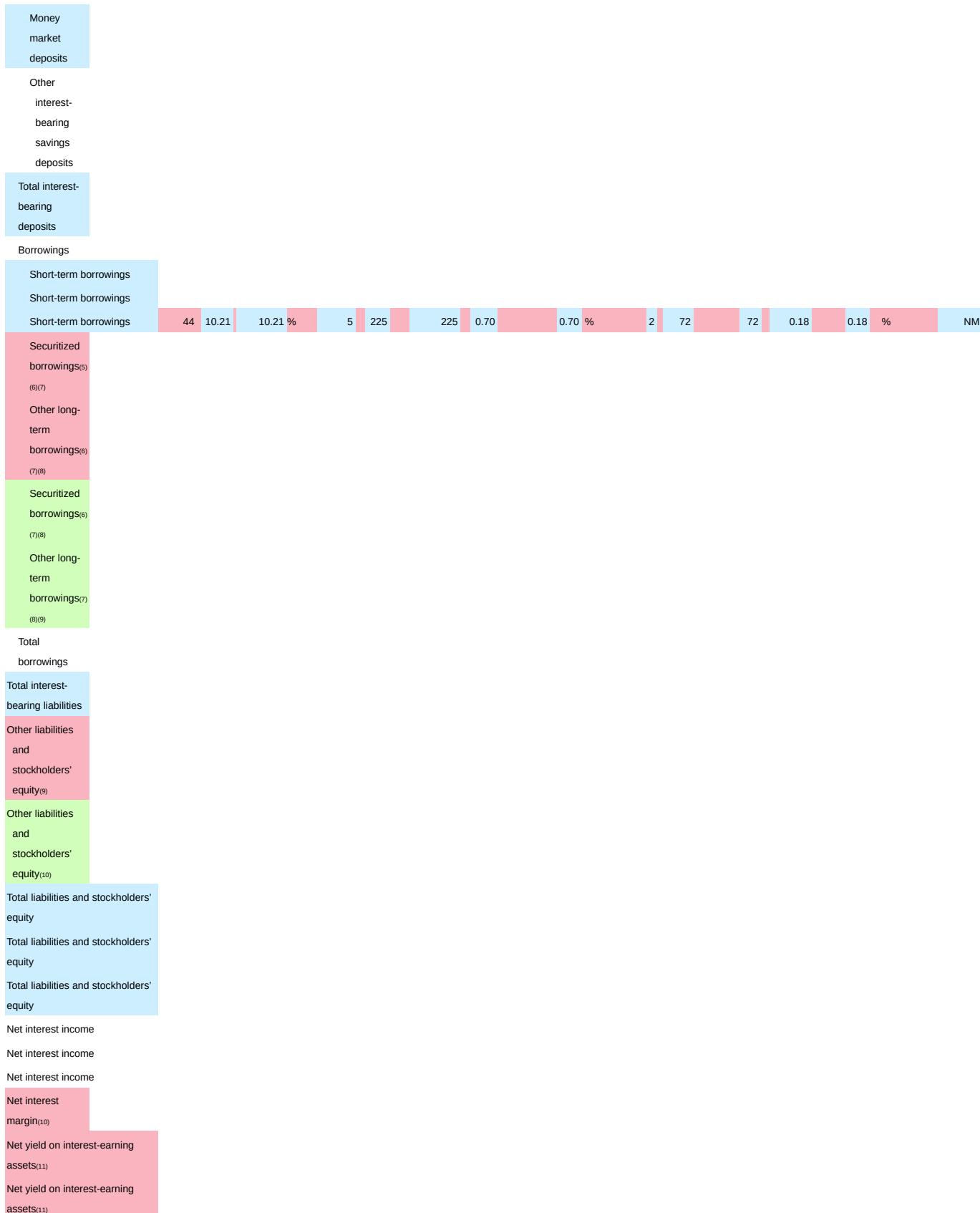
Net interest income increased for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, primarily driven by a higher yield on loans and a higher average level of loan receivables and a higher yield on loans, partially offset by higher funding costs. Interest income increased compared to the prior year primarily due to higher market rates and a higher average level of loan receivables. Interest expense increased compared to the prior year primarily due to higher funding costs driven by lower coupon maturities, higher market rates and a larger funding base.

-61-

Average Balance Sheet Analysis

(dollars in millions)

| Assets | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| | 2023 | | | 2022 | | | 2021 | | | 2024 | | |
| | Average Balance | Yield/Rate | Interest | Average Balance | Yield/Rate | Interest | Average Balance | Yield/Rate | Interest | Average Balance | Yield/Rate | Interest |
| Interest-earning assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-earning assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-earning assets | | | | | | | | | | | | |



| |
|--|
| Net yield on interest-earning assets ⁽¹¹⁾ |
| Interest rate spread ⁽¹²⁾ |
| Interest rate spread ⁽¹²⁾ |
| Interest rate spread ⁽¹²⁾ |
| Net interest margin ⁽¹¹⁾ |
| Net yield on interest-earning assets ⁽¹²⁾ |
| Net yield on interest-earning assets ⁽¹²⁾ |
| Net yield on interest-earning assets ⁽¹²⁾ |
| Interest rate spread ⁽¹³⁾ |
| Interest rate spread ⁽¹³⁾ |
| Interest rate spread ⁽¹³⁾ |

(1) Average balances of loan receivables and yield calculations include non-accruing loans. If the non-accruing loan balances were excluded, there would not be a material impact on the amounts reported above.

(2) Interest income on credit card loans includes \$468 million \$425 million, \$365 million \$468 million and \$295 million \$365 million of amortization of balance transfer fees for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

(3) Includes the impact of interest rate swap agreements used to change a portion of floating-rate assets to fixed-rate assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022.

(4) The return on average assets, based on net income, was 2.12% 3.00%, 3.80% 2.02% and 4.90% 3.73% for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

(5) Includes the impact of interest rate swap agreements used to change a portion of fixed-rate funding to floating-rate funding for the year ended December 31, 2024.

(6) Includes the impact of one terminated derivative formerly designated as a cash flow hedge for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022.

(6) (7) Includes the impact of interest rate swap agreements used to change a portion of fixed-rate funding to floating-rate funding for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022.

(7) (8) Includes the impact of terminated derivatives formerly designated as fair value hedges for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022.

(8) (9) Includes the impact of interest rate swap agreements used to change a portion of floating-rate funding to fixed-rate funding for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022.

(9) (10) The return on average stockholders' equity, based on net income, was 21.00% 28%, 32.00% 20% and 43.12% 32% for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

(10) (11) Net interest margin represents net interest income as a percentage of average total loan receivables.

(11) (12) Net yield on interest-earning assets represents net interest income as a percentage of average total interest-earning assets.

(12) (13) Interest rate spread represents the difference between the rate on total interest-earning assets and the rate on total interest-bearing liabilities.

Rate/Volume Variance Analysis⁽¹⁾

(dollars in millions)

| | Year Ended December 31, 2023 vs. | | | Year Ended December 31, 2022 vs. | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | | |
| | Year Ended December 31, 2024 vs. | | | Year Ended December 31, 2023 vs. | | |
| | Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | |
| Volume Rate Total Volume Rate Total Volume Rate Total | | | | | | |
| Increase/(Decrease) in net interest income due to changes in: | | | | | | |
| <i>Interest-earning assets</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Interest-earning assets</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Interest-earning assets</i> | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | | | | | | |
| Investment securities | | | | | | |
| Investment securities | | | | | | |
| Other short-term investments | | | | | | |

| |
|---|
| Investment securities |
| Loan receivables |
| Credit card loans |
| Credit card loans |
| Credit card loans |
| Private student loans |
| Personal loans |
| Home loans |
| Other |
| Total loan receivables |
| Total interest income |
| Interest-bearing liabilities |
| Interest-bearing deposits |
| Interest-bearing deposits |
| Interest-bearing deposits |
| Time deposits |
| Time deposits |
| Time deposits |
| Money market deposits |
| Other interest-bearing savings deposits |
| Total interest-bearing deposits |
| Borrowings |
| Short-term borrowings |
| Short-term borrowings |
| Short-term borrowings |
| Securitized borrowings |
| Other long-term borrowings |
| Total borrowings |
| Total interest expense |
| Net interest income |

(1) The rate/volume variance for each category has been allocated on a consistent basis between rate and volume variances between the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022 based on the percentage of the rate or volume variance to the sum of the two absolute variances.

-63-

Loan Quality

Loan receivables consist of the following (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Credit card loans | | | |
| Other loans | | | |
| Private student loans | | | |
| Private student loans | | | |
| Private student loans | | | |
| Personal loans | | | |
| Home loans | | | |
| Other loans | | | |
| Total other loans | | | |

| |
|-----------------------------|
| Total loan receivables |
| Allowance for credit losses |
| Net loan receivables |

Provision and Allowance for Credit Losses

Provision for credit losses is the expense related to maintaining the allowance for credit losses at an appropriate level to absorb the estimate of credit losses anticipated over the remaining expected life of loan receivables at each period end date. In deriving the estimate of expected credit losses, we consider the collectability of principal, interest and fees associated with our loan receivables. We also consider expected recoveries of amounts that were either previously charged-off or are expected to be charged-off. Establishing the estimate for expected credit losses requires significant management judgment. The factors that influence the provision for credit losses include:

- Increases or decreases in outstanding loan balances, including:
 - Changes in consumer spending, payment and credit utilization behaviors;
 - The level of new account and loan originations and loan maturities; and
 - Changes in the overall mix of accounts and products within the portfolio;
- The credit quality of the loan portfolio, which reflects our credit granting practices and the effectiveness of collection efforts, among other factors;
- The impact of general economic conditions on the consumer, including national and regional conditions, unemployment levels, bankruptcy trends and interest rate movements;
- The level and direction of historical losses; and
- Regulatory changes or new regulatory guidance.

Refer to "— Critical Accounting Estimates — Allowance for Credit Losses" and Note 4: Loan Receivables to our consolidated financial statements for more details on how we estimate the allowance for credit losses.

-64-

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | | | | Total Loans | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | | | | | |
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | | | | | |
| | Credit Card Loans | Student Loans | Personal Loans | Home Loans | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | |
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | | | |
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | | | |

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

| Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Personal Loans | Other Loans | Total Loans | Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Personal Loans | Home Loans | Total Loans |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | |
| Cumulative effect of ASU No. 2022-02 adoption(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Cumulative effect of ASU No. 2022-02 adoption(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

| Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Personal Loans | Other Loans | Total Loans | Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Personal Loans | Home Loans | Total Loans |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses(1) | | | | | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | |

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------|
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | | | |
| | Private | | | | |
| | Credit Card Loans | Student Loans | Personal Loans | Other Loans | Total |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | |

(1) Excludes a \$40 million, \$1 million and \$10 million adjustment to the liability for expected credit losses on unfunded commitments for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, as the liability is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our consolidated statements of financial condition. With the sale of the private student loan portfolio in 2024, a liability for expected credit losses on unfunded commitments is no longer recorded.

(2) Represents the adjustment to the allowance for credit losses as a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2022-02 on January 1, 2023.

(2) Excludes a \$1 million, \$10 million and \$9 million adjustment which eliminated the requirement to the liability apply discounted cash flow measurements for expected credit losses on unfunded commitments for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as the liability is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities in our consolidated statements of financial condition, certain troubled debt restructurings.

-65-

The allowance for credit losses was approximately \$9.3 billion \$8.3 billion at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, which reflects a \$1.9 billion build \$1.0 billion release from the amount of the allowance for credit losses at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The build release in the allowance for credit losses between December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, was primarily driven by the reversal of the private student loans' allowance due to the sale of the student loan growth, increasing delinquencies, and macroeconomic variables impacting household cash flows, portfolio.

-65-

The allowance estimation process begins with a loss forecast that uses certain macroeconomic variables and multiple macroeconomic scenarios among its inputs. In estimating the allowance at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, we used a macroeconomic forecast that projected the following weighted average amounts: (i) unemployment rate ending 2024 2025 at 4.17% 4.56% and, within our reasonable and supportable period, peaking at 4.26% 4.7% in the second third quarter of 2025 and (ii) 1.36% 1.8% growth rate in real gross domestic product in 2024, 2025.

In estimating expected credit losses, we considered the uncertainties associated with borrower behavior and payment trends, as well as recent and expected macroeconomic conditions, such as high including those relating to consumer price inflation and the fiscal and monetary policy responses to that inflation. The Federal Reserve raised its acted to reduce the federal funds rate target range substantially during 2022 by 100 basis points since September 2024 citing improvement in inflation outlook and shifting focus to ensuring robust economic growth. While Federal Reserve officials believe recent trends in inflation and employment continue to be supportive of a less restrictive monetary policy in the first three quarters longer-term, near-term outlook is less certain as inflation persists at higher than targeted levels while economic output and labor market data remains strong. The timing and magnitude of 2023 rate decreases throughout 2025 will be dependent on closely monitored trends in an effort to slow economic growth and reduce inflation. Although real GDP growth data, particularly inflation and labor market conditions, have exceeded most economists' expectations this year, restrictive and monetary policy as manifested in relatively high interest rates, is expected to remain restrictive. As easing of monetary policy typically precedes weaker consumer credit conditions caused by rising unemployment as and slowing economic growth, slows. Credit we see a pause in reducing interest rates as a sign of observed economic resilience. While credit performance in our lending

portfolios has evolved in line with our expectations, this year, but may weaken if the economy fails to avert a recession in response to tighter credit conditions or other factors. We have assessed the prospects for various macroeconomic outcomes in setting our allowance for credit losses.

The forecast period we deemed to be reasonable and supportable was 18 months for all periods presented. The 18-months reasonable and supportable forecast period was deemed appropriate given the current economic conditions. For all periods presented, we determined that a reversion period of 12 months was appropriate for the same reason. We applied a weighted reversion method to provide a more reasonable transition to historical losses for all loan products for all periods presented.

The provision for credit losses is the amount of expense realized after considering the level of net charge-offs in the period and the required amount of allowance for credit losses at the balance sheet date. For the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, the provision for credit losses increased decreased by \$3.7 billion \$1.1 billion, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. The reserve build release during the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, was primarily driven by the reversal of the private student loans' allowance due to the sale of the student loan growth, increasing delinquencies, and macroeconomic variables impacting household cash flows portfolio.

Net Charge-offs

Our net charge-offs include the principal amount of losses charged off less principal recoveries and exclude charged-off and recovered interest and fees and fraud losses. Charged-off and recovered interest and fees are recorded in interest income and loan fee income, respectively, which is effectively a reclassification of the provision for credit losses, while fraud losses are recorded in other expense.

The following table presents amounts and rates of net charge-offs of key loan products (dollars in millions):

| Credit | Credit | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | | | | \$ | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------|----------|------|-------|------|------|--|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | | |
| | | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | | |
| Credit card loans | Credit card loans | \$ 3,674 | 3.90 | \$ 1,623 | 2.05 | \$ 64 | 2.05 | \$ | |
| Private student loans | Private student loans | \$ 133 | 1.29 | \$ 103 | 1.00 | \$ 64 | 1.00 | \$ | |
| Personal loans | Personal loans | \$ 234 | 2.60 | \$ 91 | 1.25 | \$ 91 | 1.25 | \$ | |
| Personal loans | Personal loans | \$ 418 | 4.06 | \$ 234 | 2.60 | \$ 91 | 2.60 | \$ | |
| Home loans | Home loans | \$ 11 | 0.16 | \$ 1 | 0.02 | \$ — | 0.02 | \$ — | |

The net charge-offs and net charge-off rate for credit card loans, private student personal loans and personal home loans increased for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, when compared to the same periods in 2022, 2023, primarily due to driven by portfolio seasoning.

-66-

Delinquencies

Delinquencies are an indicator of credit quality at a point in time. A loan balance is considered delinquent when contractual payments on the loan become 30 days past due.

The following table presents the amounts and delinquency rates of key loan products that are 30 and 90 days or more delinquent, and loan receivables that are not accruing interest regardless of delinquency (dollars in millions):

| Loans 30 or more days delinquent | Loans 30 or more days delinquent | December 31, | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|------|----------|------|----------|------|
| | | December 31, | | | | | |
| | | December 31, | | | | | |
| 2023 | 2022 | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Credit card loans | Credit card loans | \$ 3,955 | 3.87 | \$ 2,278 | 2.53 | \$ 2,278 | 2.53 |
| Private student loans | Private student loans | \$ 271 | 2.62 | \$ 212 | 2.05 | \$ 212 | 2.05 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------|------|------|---|----------|------|------|---|
| Personal loans | Personal loans | \$ 143 | 1.45 | 1.45 | % | \$ 63 | 0.80 | 0.80 | % |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Total loan receivables | | | | | | | | | |
| Total loan receivables | | \$ 4,427 | 3.45 | 3.45 | % | \$ 2,578 | 2.30 | 2.30 | % |
| Loans 90 or more days delinquent | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans 90 or more days delinquent | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans 90 or more days delinquent | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | \$ 1,917 | 1.87 | 1.87 | % | \$ 1,028 | 1.14 | 1.14 | % |
| Private student loans | | \$ 70 | 0.67 | 0.67 | % | \$ 45 | 0.43 | 0.43 | % |
| Personal loans | Personal loans | \$ 39 | 0.40 | 0.40 | % | \$ 16 | 0.21 | 0.21 | % |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | | | |
| Total loan receivables | | | | | | | | | |
| Total loan receivables | | \$ 2,045 | 1.59 | 1.59 | % | \$ 1,101 | 0.98 | 0.98 | % |
| Loans not accruing interest | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans not accruing interest | | | | | | | | | |
| Loans not accruing interest | | \$ 269 | 0.21 | 0.21 | % | \$ 214 | 0.19 | 0.19 | % |
| Loans not accruing interest | | | | | | | | | |

The 30-day and 90-day delinquency rates remained relatively stable for credit card loans private student at December 31, 2024, compared to December 31, 2023. The 30-day delinquency and 90-day delinquency rates for personal loans and personal home loans at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, increased compared to December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, primarily driven by portfolio seasoning.

Modified and Restructured Loans

For information regarding modified and restructured loans, see Note 4: Loan Receivables to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Maturities and Sensitivities of Loan Receivables to Changes in Interest Rates

Our loan portfolio had the following maturity distribution⁽¹⁾ (dollars in millions):

| At December 31, 2023 | Due After | | | | | Total | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------|-------|--|
| | Due One Year or Less | Due After One Year Through Five Years | | Due After Five Years Through Fifteen Years | | | |
| | | Five Years | Through Fifteen Years | Five Years | Through Fifteen Years | | |
| At December 31, 2024 | Due After | | | | | Total | |
| | Due One Year or Less | Due After One Year Through Five Years | | Due After Five Years Through Fifteen Years | | | |
| | | Five Years | Through Fifteen Years | Five Years | Through Fifteen Years | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | |
| Private student loans | | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | |
| Home loans | | | | | | | |

Other loans

| |
|------------------------|
| Total loan portfolio |
| Total loan receivables |

(1) Because of the uncertainty regarding loan repayment patterns, the above amounts have been calculated using contractually required minimum payments. Historically, actual loan repayments have been higher than such minimum payments and, therefore, the above amounts may not necessarily be indicative of our actual loan repayments.

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, approximately \$55.9 billion \$54.0 billion of our loan portfolio due after one year had interest rates tied to an index and approximately \$37.0 billion \$30.5 billion were fixed-rate loans.

-67-

Other Income

The following table presents the components of other income (dollars in millions):

| | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | 2023 vs. 2022 | |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---------|----------|---------------|----------|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | Increase |
| | | Revenue | Expense | Revenue | Expense | \$ |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 1,447 | \$ | \$ 1,380 | \$ | \$ 67 |
| Protection products revenue | Protection products revenue | 172 | 172 | 172 | 165 | — |
| Loan fee income | Loan fee income | 763 | 632 | 632 | 464 | 131 |
| Transaction processing revenue | Transaction processing revenue | 303 | 249 | 249 | 227 | 54 |
| (Losses) gains on equity investments | | (9) | | (214) | | 205 |
| Losses on equity investments | | (2) | | (9) | | 7 |
| Other income | Other income | 85 | 75 | 75 | 66 | 10 |
| Total other income | Total other income | \$ 2,761 | \$ | \$ 2,294 | \$ | \$ 467 |
| | | | | | | 20 |

(1) Net of rewards, including Cashback Bonus rewards, of \$3.1 billion \$3.0 billion, \$3.0 billion \$3.1 billion and \$2.5 billion \$3.0 billion for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

Total other income increased for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, primarily due to smaller losses on equity investments and increases in loan fee other income, and net discount and interchange revenue, revenue and loan fee income. Other income increased primarily from a gain recognized from the sale of our private student loan portfolio and a favorable legal settlement in our Payment Services segment. The smaller losses on equity investments were the result of smaller mark-to-market adjustments for equity investments measured at fair value. Increase in discount and interchange revenue was driven primarily by lower rewards expense. Loan fee income increased primarily due to a higher volume of late payments. The increase in discount and interchange revenue was partially offset by an increase in rewards, both of which were driven by higher sales volume.

Other Expense

The following table represents the components of other expense (dollars in millions):

| | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | 2023 vs. 2022 | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|----------|---------------|---------------------|
| | | 2023 | | 2022 | 2021 | Increase (Decrease) |
| | | Expense | Revenue | Expense | Revenue | \$ |
| Employee compensation and benefits | Employee compensation and benefits | \$ 2,434 | \$ | \$ 2,139 | \$ | \$ 295 |
| Marketing and business development | Marketing and business development | 1,164 | 1,035 | 1,035 | 810 | 129 |
| | | | | | | 129 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----------|----------|--------|-----|------|------|
| Information processing and communications | Information processing and communications | 608 | 513 | 513 | 500 | 500 | 95 | 95 |
| Professional fees | Professional fees | 1,041 | 871 | 871 | 797 | 797 | 170 | 170 |
| Premises and equipment | Premises and equipment | 89 | 118 | 118 | 92 | 92 | (29) | (29) |
| Other expense | Other expense | 680 | 540 | 540 | 620 | 620 | 140 | 140 |
| Total other expense | Total other expense | \$ 6,016 | \$ 5,216 | \$ 4,805 | \$ 800 | | | 15 |

Total other expense increased for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, as compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, primarily due to increases in employee compensation and benefits, professional fees, information processing and communications and other expense and marketing and business development expense. The increase in employee compensation and benefits was driven primarily by higher headcount, average salaries and employee retention awards. Professional fees increased primarily due to increased consulting supporting compliance and risk management initiatives, initiatives and the pending merger. The increase in information processing and communications was primarily driven by accelerated private student loan software depreciation. Other expense increased mostly due primarily from charges for potential regulatory penalties to the card product card misclassification matter. For information regarding the card product misclassification, see Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements. The increase in total other expense was partially offset by a reserve for customer remediation. The decrease in marketing and business development increase was due primarily from growth investments in consumer banking products, lower private student loan marketing expenses.

-68-

Income Tax Expense

The following table reconciles our effective tax rate to the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate (dollars in millions):

| | U.S. federal statutory income tax rate | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | U.S. federal statutory income tax rate | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|--|--|--|
| | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | | | |
| | | 21.0 | % | 21.0 | % | 21.0 | % | | | |
| U.S. state, local and other income taxes, net of U.S. federal income tax benefits | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tax credits | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accrual for nondeductible penalties | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tax credits | | | | | | | | | | |
| Effective income tax rate | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | | | | | | | | | | |

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Funding and Liquidity

We seek to maintain stable, diversified and cost-effective funding sources and a strong liquidity profile to fund our business and repay or refinance our maturing obligations under normal operating conditions and periods of economic or financial stress. In managing our liquidity risk, we seek to maintain a prudent liability maturity profile and ready access to an ample store of primary and contingency liquidity sources. Our primary funding sources include direct-to-consumer and brokered deposits, public term asset-backed securitizations and other short-term and long-term borrowings. Our primary liquidity sources include a portfolio composed of highly liquid, unencumbered assets, including cash and

cash equivalents and investment securities, as well as secured borrowing capacity through private term asset-backed securitizations and Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") advances. In addition, we have unused borrowing capacity at the Federal Reserve discount window, which provides another source of contingency liquidity.

Funding Sources

Deposits

We obtain deposits from consumers directly or through affinity relationships ("direct-to-consumer deposits"). Additionally, we obtain deposits and through third-party securities brokerage firms that offer our deposits to their customers ("brokered deposits"). Direct-to-consumer deposit products include savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, IRA savings accounts, IRA certificates of deposit and checking accounts. We gather these deposits from retail customers of our bank, many of whom have more than one Discover product. These deposits originate from a large and diverse customer base, and therefore, the majority of these deposit account balances are insured according to the FDIC's insurance limits. Our cost of insuring these deposits in the fourth quarter reflects the FDIC special assessment, which was immaterial for the year ended December 31, 2023, to cover the cost of losses to the Deposit Insurance Fund incurred after the failure of two domestic banks in March 2023. Brokered deposit products include certificates of deposit and sweep accounts. In accordance with FDIC guidance, we do not categorize certain retail deposit products such as affinity deposits and deposits generated through certain sweep deposit relationships as brokered for regulatory reporting purposes. At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, we had \$84.0 billion \$90.6 billion of direct-to-consumer deposits and \$24.9 billion \$16.4 billion of brokered deposits, of which there are \$89.2 billion \$93.5 billion of deposit balances due in less than one year and \$19.7 billion \$13.5 billion of deposit balances due in one year or thereafter.

Credit Card Securitization Financing

We securitize credit card receivables as a source of funding. We access the asset-backed securitization market using the Discover Card Master Trust I ("DCMT") and the Discover Card Execution Note Trust ("DCENT"). In connection with our securitization transactions, credit card receivables are transferred to DCMT. DCMT has issued a certificate representing the beneficial interest in its credit card receivables to DCENT. We issue DCENT DiscoverSeries notes in public and private transactions, which are collateralized by the beneficial interest certificate held by DCENT. From time to time, we may add credit card receivables to DCMT to create sufficient funding capacity for future securitizations while managing seller's interest. During 2023, we added \$4.5 billion As of December 31, 2024, there were \$29.4 billion of credit card loan receivables to the securitization trust, which increased seller's interest. As of December 31, 2023, there were \$30.4 billion of credit card

-69-

receivables in the trust trust and no accounts were added to those restricted for securitization investors for the year ended December 31, 2024. We retain significant exposure to the performance of the securitized credit card receivables through holding the seller's interest and subordinated classes of DCENT DiscoverSeries notes. At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, we had \$11.7 billion \$8.5 billion of

-69-

outstanding public asset-backed securities and \$3.1 billion \$2.3 billion of outstanding subordinated asset-backed securities that had been issued to our wholly-owned subsidiaries.

The securitization structures include certain features designed to protect investors. The primary feature relates to the availability and adequacy of cash flows in the securitized pool of receivables to meet contractual requirements, the insufficiency of which triggers early repayment of the securities. We refer to this as "economic early amortization," which is based on excess spread levels. Excess spread is the amount by which income received with respect to the securitized credit card receivables during a collection period including interest collections, fees and interchange, exceeds the fees and expenses of DCENT during such collection period, including interest expense, servicing fees and charged-off receivables. In the event of an economic early amortization, which would occur if the excess spread fell below 0% on a three-month rolling average basis, we would be required to repay all outstanding securitized borrowings using available collections received with respect to the securitized credit card receivables. For the three months ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, the DiscoverSeries three-month rolling average excess spread was 14.75% 14.18%. The period of ultimate repayment would be determined by the amount and timing of collections received.

Through our wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, Discover Funding LLC, we are required to maintain an interest in a contractual minimum level of receivables in DCMT in excess of the face value of outstanding investors' interests. This minimum interest is referred to as the minimum seller's interest. The required minimum seller's interest in the pool of trust receivables is approximately 7% in excess of the total investors' interests, which includes interests held by third parties as well as those interests held by us. If the level of receivables in DCMT were to fall below the required minimum, we would be required to add receivables from the unrestricted pool of receivables, which would increase the amount of credit card receivables restricted for securitization investors. A decline in the amount of the excess seller's interest could occur if balance repayments and charge-offs exceed new lending on the securitized accounts or as a result of changes in total outstanding investors' interests. Seller's interest exhibits seasonality as higher receivable balance repayments tend to occur in the first calendar year quarter. If we could not add enough receivables to satisfy the minimum seller's interest requirement, an early amortization (or repayment) of investors' interests would be triggered.

An early amortization event would impair our liquidity and may require us to utilize our available non-securitization related contingent liquidity or rely on alternative funding sources, which may or may not be available at the time. We have several strategies we can deploy to prevent an early amortization event. For instance, we could add receivables to DCMT, which would reduce our available borrowing capacity at the Federal Reserve discount window. Alternatively, we could employ structured discounting, which was used effectively in 2009 to bolster excess spread and mitigate early amortization risk.

The following table summarizes expected contractual maturities of the investors' interests in credit card securitizations, excluding those that have been issued to our wholly-owned subsidiaries (dollars in millions):

| | Total | Less Than | |
|---|-------|-----------|-------------------------|
| | | One Year | One Year and Thereafter |
| At December 31, 2023 | | | |
| At December 31, 2024 | | | |
| Scheduled maturities of borrowings - owed to credit card securitization investors | | | |

The "AAA(sf)" and "Aaa(sf)" ratings of the DCENT DiscoverSeries Class A Notes issued to date have been based, in part, on an FDIC rule, which created a safe harbor that provides that the FDIC, as conservator or receiver, will not use its power to disaffirm or repudiate contracts, seek to reclaim or recover assets transferred in connection with a securitization, or recharacterize assets transferred in connection with a securitization as assets of the insured depository institution, provided such transfer satisfies the conditions for sale accounting treatment under previous GAAP. Although the implementation of Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 860, *Transfers and Servicing*, no longer qualified certain transfers of assets for sale accounting treatment, the FDIC approved a final rule that preserved the safe-harbor treatment applicable to revolving trusts and master trusts, including DCMT, so long as those trusts would have satisfied the original FDIC safe harbor if evaluated under GAAP pertaining to transfers of financial assets in effect prior to December 2009. However, other legislative and regulatory developments may impact our ability or desire to issue asset-backed securities in the future.

-70-

Federal Home Loan Bank Advances

Discover Bank is a member bank of the FHLB of Chicago, one of 11 FHLBs that, along with the Office of Finance, compose the FHLB System. The FHLBs are government-sponsored enterprises of the U.S. ("U.S. GSEs") chartered to improve the availability of funds to support home ownership. As such, senior debt obligations of the FHLBs feature the

-70-

same credit ratings as U.S. Treasury securities and are considered high-quality liquid assets for bank regulatory purposes. Consequently, the FHLBs benefit from consistent capital market access during nearly all macroeconomic and financial market conditions and low funding costs, which they pass on to their member banks when they borrow advances. Thus, we consider FHLB advances a stable and reliable funding source for Discover Bank for short-term contingency liquidity and long-term asset-liability management.

As a member of the FHLB of Chicago, Discover Bank has access to short- and long-term advance structures with maturities ranging from overnight to 30 years. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, we had total committed borrowing capacity of \$3.6 billion \$5.2 billion based on the amount and type of assets pledged, of which \$1.0 billion \$523 million of long-term advances were outstanding with the FHLB of Chicago. Under certain stressed conditions, we could pledge our liquidity portfolio securities and borrow against them at a modest reduction to their value.

Other Long-Term Borrowings — Corporate and Bank Debt

The following table provides a summary of Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) and Discover Bank outstanding fixed-rate debt (dollars in millions):

| At December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2024 | Principal Amount | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-------|
| | | Outstanding | |
| Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) fixed-rate senior notes, maturing 2024-2032 2025-2032 | | \$ 3,350 | 2,850 |
| Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) fixed-rate retail notes, maturing 2025-2031 | | \$ 140 | 138 |
| Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) fixed to floating-rate senior notes, maturing 2034 | | \$ 1,000 | |
| Discover Bank fixed-rate senior bank notes, maturing 2024-2030 2026-2030 | | \$ 3,550 | 2,800 |
| Discover Bank fixed-rate subordinated bank notes, maturing 2028 | | \$ 500 | |

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, \$732 million \$591 million of interest on our fixed-rate debt is due in less than one year and \$2.2 billion \$1.6 billion of interest is due in one year and thereafter. See Note 9: Long-Term Borrowings to our consolidated financial statements for more information on the maturities of our long-term borrowings.

Short-Term Borrowings

As part of our regular funding strategy, we may, from time to time, borrow short-term funds in the federal funds market or the repurchase ("repo") market through repurchase agreements. Federal funds are short-term, unsecured loans between banks or other financial entities with a Federal Reserve account. Funds borrowed in the repo market are short-term, collateralized loans, usually secured with highly-rated investment securities such as U.S. Treasury bills or notes, or mortgage bonds or debentures issued by government

agencies or U.S. GSEs. At **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, there were no outstanding balances in the federal funds market or under repurchase agreements. Additionally, we have access to short-term advance structures through privately placed asset-backed securitizations. At **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, there were **\$750 million of no** short-term advances outstanding from private asset-backed securitizations.

-71-

Additional Funding Sources

Private Asset-Backed Securitizations

We have access to committed borrowing capacity through privately placed asset-backed securitizations. While we may utilize funding from these private securitizations from time to time for normal business operations, their committed nature also makes them a reliable contingency funding source. Therefore, we reserve some undrawn capacity, informed by our liquidity stress test results, for any contingency funding needs. At **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, we had a total committed capacity of \$3.5 billion, **\$750 million none** of which was drawn. We seek to ensure the stability and reliability of these securitizations by staggering their maturity dates, renewing them well ahead of their scheduled maturity dates and periodically drawing them for operational tests and seasonal funding needs.

Federal Reserve

Discover Bank has access to the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia's discount window. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, Discover Bank had **\$41.2 billion** **\$46.5 billion** of available borrowing capacity through the discount window based on the amount and type of assets pledged, primarily consumer loans. **We also have access to, and have tested our ability to borrow from, the Federal Reserve's Bank Term Funding Program ("BTFP")**, which offers loans up to one year in length collateralized by U.S. **Treasuries, U.S. agency securities and U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities**. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, we **have had no borrowings outstanding under the discount window or the BTFP** and reserve this capacity as a source of contingency liquidity.

-71-

Funding Uses

Our primary uses of funds include the extensions of loans and credit to customers, primarily through Discover Bank; the maintenance of sufficient working capital for routine operations; the service of our debt and capital obligations, including interest, principal, and dividend payments; and the purchase of investment securities for our liquidity portfolio.

In addition to originating consumer loans to new customers, we also extend credit to existing customers, which primarily arises from agreements for unused lines of credit on certain credit cards and certain other loan products, provided there is no violation of conditions established in the related agreement. At **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, our unused credit arrangements were approximately **\$229.8 billion** **\$232.6 billion**. These arrangements, substantially all of which we can terminate at any time and which do not necessarily represent future cash requirements, are periodically reviewed based on account usage, customer creditworthiness, loan qualification and the cost of capital.

In the normal course of business, we enter into various contracts for goods and services, such as consulting, outsourcing, data, sponsorships, software licenses, telecommunications and global merchant acceptance, among other things. These contracts are legally binding and specify all significant terms, including any applicable fixed future cash payments.

As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, we have debt obligations, common stock and preferred stock outstanding, for which we incur servicing costs. Refer to "— Funding Sources" and "— Capital" for more information related to our debt obligations and capital service, respectively, and the timing of expected payments.

We assess funding uses and liquidity needs under stressed and normal operating conditions, considering primary uses of funding, such as on-balance sheet loans and contingency uses of funding, such as the need to post additional collateral for derivatives positions. To anticipate funding needs under stress, we conduct liquidity stress tests to assess the impact of idiosyncratic, systemic and hybrid (i.e., idiosyncratic and systemic) scenarios with varying levels of liquidity risk reflecting a range of stress severity. If we determine we have excess cash and cash equivalents above what is required for daily operations, we may invest in highly liquid, unencumbered assets that we expect to be able to convert to cash quickly and with little loss of value using the repo market or other secured borrowing or outright sales.

-72-

Guarantees

Guarantees are contracts or indemnification agreements that may require us to make payments to a guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying asset, liability, or equity security of a guaranteed party, rate or index. Also included in guarantees are contracts that may require the guarantor to make payments to a guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement. Our guarantees relate to transactions processed on the Discover Network and certain transactions processed by PULSE and Diners Club. In the ordinary course of business, we guarantee payment on behalf of subsidiaries relating to contractual obligations with external parties. The activities of the subsidiaries covered by any such guarantees are included in our consolidated financial statements. See Note 18: Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees to our consolidated financial statements for further discussion regarding our guarantees.

Credit Ratings

Our borrowing costs and capacity in certain funding markets, including those for securitizations and unsecured senior and subordinated debt, may be affected by the credit ratings of DFS, Discover Bank and the securitization trusts. Downgrades in these credit ratings could result in higher interest expense on our unsecured debt and asset securitizations, as well as higher credit enhancement requirements for both our public and private asset securitizations. In addition to increased funding costs, deterioration in our credit ratings could reduce our borrowing capacity in the unsecured debt and asset securitization capital markets.

-72-

The table below reflects our current credit ratings and outlooks:

| | Moody's Investors Service ⁽¹⁾ | Standard & Poor's | | Fitch Ratings |
|---|--|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | | Standard & Poor's | Fitch Ratings | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | |
| Senior unsecured debt | Baa2 | BBB- | BBB+ | |
| Outlook for Discover Financial Services senior unsecured debt | Negative Under Review | Stable Positive | Stable Positive | |
| Discover Bank | | | | |
| Senior unsecured debt | Baa1 | BBB | BBB+ | |
| Outlook for Discover Bank senior unsecured debt | Negative Under Review | Stable Positive | Stable Positive | |
| Subordinated debt | Baa1 | BBB- | BBB | |
| Discover Card Execution Note Trust (DCENT) | | | | |
| Class A ^{(1) (2)} | Aaa(sf) | AAA(sf) | AAA(sf) | |

(1) On February 20, 2024, following the announcement of the pending merger between Discover and Capital One, Moody's Investor Services placed all long-term ratings and assessments for DFS and Discover Bank under review with direction uncertain.

(2) An "sf" in the rating denotes rating agency identification for structured finance product ratings.

A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organization. Each rating should be evaluated independently of any other rating. A credit rating outlook reflects an agency's opinion regarding the likely rating direction over the medium term, often a period of about a year, and indicates the agency's belief that the issuer's credit profile is consistent with its current rating level at that point in time.

Liquidity

We seek to ensure that we have adequate liquidity to sustain business operations, fund asset growth and satisfy debt obligations under stressed and normal operating conditions. In addition to the funding sources discussed in the previous section, we also maintain highly liquid, unencumbered assets in our liquidity portfolio that we expect to be able to convert to cash quickly and with little loss of value using either the repo market or other secured borrowing or outright sales.

We maintain a liquidity risk and funding management policy, which outlines the overall framework and general principles we follow in managing liquidity risk across our business. The Board of Directors approves the policy and the Asset and Liability Management Committee (the "ALCO") is responsible for its implementation. We seek to balance the trade-offs between maintaining too much liquidity, which may be costly, with having too little liquidity, which could cause financial distress. The ALCO, chaired by our Treasurer, has cross-functional membership and manages liquidity risk centrally. The ALCO monitors the liquidity risk profiles of DFS and Discover Bank and oversees any actions Corporate Treasury may take to ensure that we maintain ready access to our funding sources and sufficient liquidity to

-73-

meet current and projected needs. In addition, the ALCO and our Board of Directors regularly review our compliance with our liquidity limits at DFS and Discover Bank, which are established in accordance with the liquidity risk appetite set by our Board of Directors.

We employ a variety of metrics to monitor and manage liquidity. We utilize early warning indicators ("EWIs") to detect emerging liquidity stress events. The EWIs include both idiosyncratic and systemic measures and are monitored daily and reported to the ALCO regularly. A warning from one or more of these indicators triggers prompt review and decision-making by our senior management team and, in certain instances, may lead to the convening of a senior-level response team and activation of our contingency funding plan.

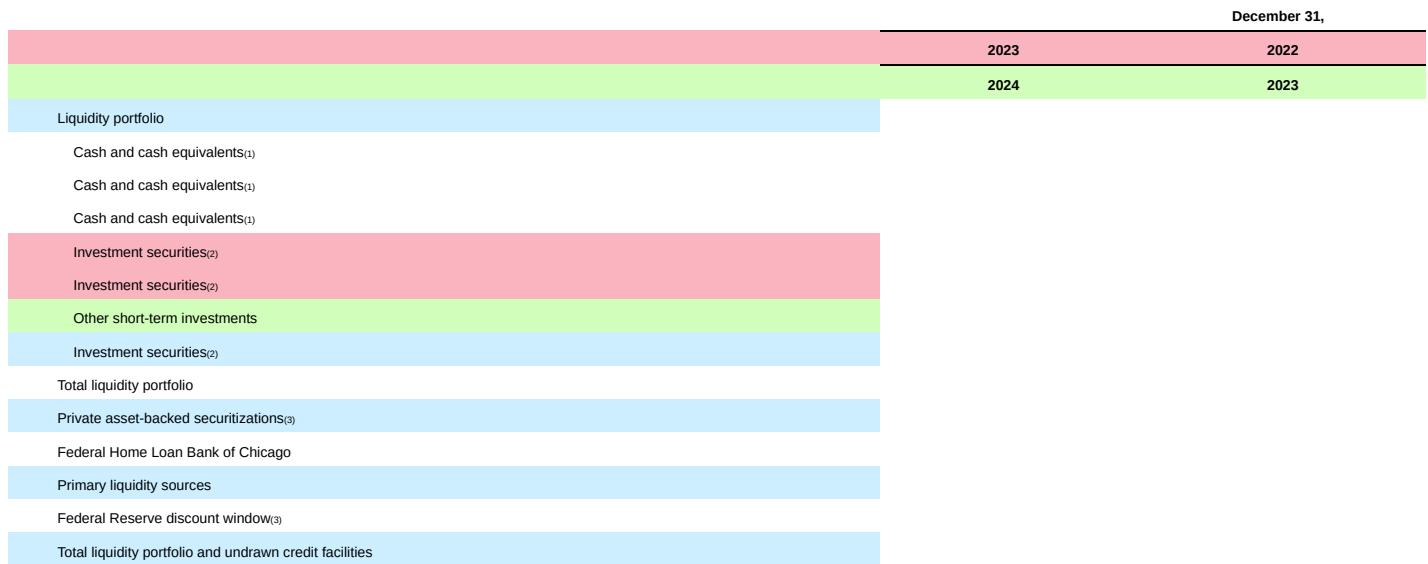
In addition, we conduct liquidity stress tests regularly and ensure contingency funding is in place to address potential liquidity shortfalls. We evaluate a range of stress scenarios that are designed to follow regulatory requirements, including idiosyncratic, systemic and a combination of such events that could impact funding sources and our ability to meet liquidity needs. These scenarios measure the projected liquidity position at DFS and Discover Bank across a range of periods by comparing estimated contingency funding needs to available contingency liquidity.

Our primary contingency liquidity sources include our liquidity portfolio securities, which we could sell, repo or borrow against, and private securitizations with unused borrowing capacity. In addition, we could borrow FHLB advances with unused borrowing capacity or by pledging securities to the FHLB of Chicago. Moreover, we have unused

borrowing capacity with the Federal Reserve discount window, and BTFF, which provides an additional source of contingency liquidity. We seek to maintain sufficient liquidity to satisfy all maturing obligations and fund business operations for at least 12 months in a severe stress environment. In such an environment, we may also take actions to curtail the size of our balance sheet, which would reduce the need for funding and liquidity.

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, our liquidity portfolio was composed of highly liquid, unencumbered assets, including cash and cash equivalents and investment securities. Cash and cash equivalents were primarily deposits with the Federal Reserve. Investment securities primarily included debt obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSEs and residential mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. government agencies or U.S. GSEs. These investments, nearly all of which are classified as available-for-sale, are considered highly liquid and we expect to have the ability to raise cash by selling them, utilizing repurchase agreements or pledging certain of these investments to access secured funding. The size and composition of our liquidity portfolio may fluctuate based on the size of our balance sheet as well as operational requirements, market conditions and interest rate risk management objectives.

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, our liquidity portfolio and undrawn credit facilities were \$69.8 billion \$82.0 billion, which was \$2.5 billion \$12.2 billion higher than the balance at December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023. Our liquidity portfolio and undrawn credit facilities grew primarily as a result of an increase in cash other short-term investments and cash equivalents, unused borrowing capacity with the Federal Reserve discount window. During the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the average balance of our liquidity portfolio was \$21.0 billion \$25.4 billion and \$16.3 billion \$21.0 billion, respectively. Our liquidity portfolio and undrawn facilities consist of the following (dollars in millions):



(1) Cash in the process of settlement and restricted cash are excluded from cash and cash equivalents for liquidity purposes.

(2) Excludes \$320 million \$364 million and \$97 million \$320 million of U.S. Treasury securities that have been pledged as swap collateral in lieu of cash as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

(3) See "— Additional Funding Sources" for additional information.

Bank Holding Company Liquidity

The primary uses of funds at the unconsolidated DFS level include debt service obligations (interest payments and return of principal) and capital service and management activities, including dividend payments on capital instruments and the periodic repurchase of shares of our common stock. Our primary sources of funds at the bank holding company level include the proceeds from the issuance of unsecured debt and capital securities, as well as dividends from our subsidiaries, notably Discover Bank. Under periods of idiosyncratic or systemic stress, the bank holding company could lose or experience impaired access to the capital markets. In addition, our regulators have the discretion to restrict dividend payments from Discover Bank to the bank holding company.

We utilize a measure referred to as Number of Months of Pre-Funding to determine the length of time DFS can meet upcoming funding obligations, including common and preferred stock dividend payments and debt service obligations using existing cash resources. In managing this metric, we structure our debt maturity schedule to manage prudently the amount of debt maturing within a short period. See Note 9: Long-Term Borrowings to our consolidated financial statements for further information regarding our debt.

Capital

Our primary sources of capital are the earnings generated by our businesses and the proceeds from issuances of capital securities. We seek to manage capital to a level and composition sufficient to support our businesses' growth, account for their risks, and meet regulatory requirements, rating agency targets and debt investor expectations. Within these constraints, we are focused on deploying capital in a manner that provides attractive returns to our stockholders. The level, composition and utilization of capital are influenced by changes in the economic environment, strategic initiatives and legislative and regulatory developments.

Under regulatory capital requirements adopted by the Federal Reserve and the FDIC, DFS, along with Discover Bank, must maintain minimum capital levels. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can result in the initiation of certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could limit our business activities and have a direct material effect on our financial condition and operating results. We must meet specific capital requirements that involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items, as calculated under regulatory guidance and regulations. Current or future legislative or regulatory reforms, such as those related to the adoption of the CECL accounting model or those related to the proposed revisions to the Basel Committee's December 2010 framework ("Basel III rules"), may require us to hold more capital and/or adversely impact our capital level. We consider the potential impacts of these reforms in managing our capital position.

DFS and Discover Bank are subject to regulatory capital rules issued by the Federal Reserve and the FDIC, respectively, under the Basel III rules. Under these rules, DFS and Discover Bank are classified as "standardized approach" entities as they are U.S. banking organizations with consolidated total assets over \$50 billion but not exceeding \$250 billion and consolidated total on-balance sheet foreign exposures less than \$10 billion. The Basel III rules require DFS and Discover Bank to maintain minimum risk-based capital and leverage ratios and define what constitutes capital for purposes of calculating those ratios.

In accordance with the final rule on the impact of CECL on regulatory capital, we have elected to phase in the impact over three years, beginning in 2022. By electing this option, our Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital ratios are higher than they otherwise would have been. The phase-in of the CECL accounting model decreased CET1 by **\$1.1 \$1.6 billion** as of **January 1, 2023** **January 1, 2024**. For additional information regarding the risk-based capital and leverage ratios, see Note 17: Capital Adequacy to our consolidated financial statements.

Federal Reserve rules impose limitations on DFS' capital distributions if we do not maintain our risk-based capital ratios above stated regulatory minimum ratios based on the results of supervisory stress tests. We are required to assess whether DFS' planned capital actions are consistent with the effective capital distribution limitations that will apply on a pro-forma basis throughout the planning horizon.

The SCB requirement is institution-specific and is calculated as the greater of (i) 2.5% and (ii) the sum of (a) the difference between DFS' actual CET1 ratio at the beginning of the forecast and the projected minimum CET1 ratio based on the Federal Reserve's models in its nine-quarter Severely Adverse stress scenario, plus (b) the sum of the dollar amount of DFS' planned common stock dividend distributions for each of the fourth through seventh quarters of its nine-quarter capital planning horizon, expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets. For Category IV firms, including DFS, the Federal Reserve calculates each firm's SCB biennially in even-numbered calendar years, and did so in 2022. Based on the results of the 2022 CCAR exercise released by the Federal Reserve, our new SCB was set at 2.5%, the

lowest possible requirement, effective October 1, 2022, through September 30, 2023, years. In odd-numbered years, each firm subject to Category IV standards that did not opt-in to such year's supervisory stress tests as part of the Federal Reserve's CCAR process receives an adjusted SCB requirement that is updated to reflect its planned common stock dividends per the firm's annual capital plan. **On July 27, 2023, In July 2023, the Federal Reserve disclosed our SCB requirements to firms subject to Category IV standards that did not opt-in to this year's stress test. Our SCB remains was unchanged at 2.5%, effective beginning October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024.** On April 5, 2024, we submitted our 2024 capital plan to the Federal Reserve. **On June 26, 2024, the Federal Reserve announced the results of the 2024 CCAR exercise, followed by the release of the final large bank capital requirements on August 28, 2024.** Our new SCB requirement increased to 3.1% and is effective from October 1, 2024, through September 30, 2025, subject to potential recalculations as discussed below.

Under the Basel III rules, a firm must update and resubmit its capital plan under certain circumstances, including a material change in the firm's risk profile, financial condition or corporate structure since its last capital plan submission. We determined our entry into the Merger Agreement with Capital One required us to resubmit our capital plan, which we did on May 3, 2024. The resubmission process is ongoing. See "— Regulatory Environment and Developments — Banking — Capital Standards and Stress Testing" for additional information.

At **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, DFS and Discover Bank met the requirements for "well-capitalized" status under the Federal Reserve's Regulation Y and the prompt corrective action rules and corresponding FDIC requirements, respectively, exceeding the regulatory minimums to which they were subject under the applicable rules.

Basel III rules also require disclosures relating to market discipline. This series of disclosures is commonly referred to as "Pillar 3." The objective is to increase the transparency of capital requirements for banking organizations. We are required to make prescribed regulatory disclosures quarterly regarding our capital structure, capital adequacy, risk exposures and risk-weighted assets. We make the Pillar 3 disclosures publicly available on our website in a report called "Basel III Regulatory Capital Disclosures."

We disclose tangible common equity, which represents common equity less goodwill and intangibles. Management believes that common stockholders' equity excluding goodwill and intangibles is meaningful to investors as a measure of our true net asset value. At **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, tangible common equity is considered to be a non-GAAP financial measure as it is not formally defined by GAAP or codified in the federal banking regulations. Other financial services companies may also disclose this measure and definitions may vary. We advise users of this information to exercise caution in comparing this measure among different companies.

The following table reconciles total common stockholders' equity (a GAAP financial measure) to tangible common equity (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | |
|--|--------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Total common stockholders' equity ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Less: goodwill | | | |
| Tangible common equity | | | |

(1) Total common stockholders' equity is calculated as total stockholders' equity less preferred stock.

-76-

Our Board of Directors declared the following common stock dividends during **2024**, **2023** **2022** and **2021**:

| Declaration Date | Record Date | Payment Date | Dividend per Share |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2024 | | | |
| October 14, 2024 | November 21, 2024 | December 05, 2024 | \$ 0.70 |
| July 15, 2024 | August 22, 2024 | September 05, 2024 | 0.70 |
| April 17, 2024 | May 23, 2024 | June 06, 2024 | 0.70 |
| January 16, 2024 | February 22, 2024 | March 07, 2024 | 0.70 |
| Total common stock dividends | | | \$ 2.80 |
| 2023 | | | |
| October 16, 2023 | November 22, 2023 | December 07, 2023 | \$ 0.70 |
| July 17, 2023 | August 24, 2023 | September 07, 2023 | 0.70 |
| April 17, 2023 | May 25, 2023 | June 08, 2023 | 0.70 |
| January 17, 2023 | February 23, 2023 | March 09, 2023 | 0.60 |
| Total common stock dividends | | | \$ 2.70 |
| 2022 | | | |
| October 18, 2022 | November 23, 2022 | December 08, 2022 | \$ 0.60 |
| July 20, 2022 | August 25, 2022 | September 08, 2022 | 0.60 |
| April 27, 2022 | May 26, 2022 | June 09, 2022 | 0.60 |
| January 18, 2022 | February 17, 2022 | March 03, 2022 | 0.50 |
| Total common stock dividends | | | \$ 2.30 |
| 2021 | | | |
| October 19, 2021 | November 24, 2021 | December 09, 2021 | \$ 0.50 |
| July 20, 2021 | August 19, 2021 | September 02, 2021 | 0.50 |
| April 20, 2021 | May 20, 2021 | June 03, 2021 | 0.44 |
| January 19, 2021 | February 18, 2021 | March 04, 2021 | 0.44 |
| Total common stock dividends | | | \$ 1.88 |

-76-

On January 16, 2024 January 21, 2025, we declared a quarterly cash dividend on our common stock of \$0.70 per share, payable on March 7, 2024 March 6, 2025 to holders of record on February 22, 2024 February 20, 2025, which is consistent with the quarterly amount paid in 2023, 2024.

Our Board of Directors declared the following Series C preferred stock dividends during 2024, 2023 2022 and 2021: 2022:

| Declaration Date | Record Date | Payment Date | Dividend per Depositary Share |
|--|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2024 | | | |
| July 15, 2024 | October 15, 2024 | October 30, 2024 | \$ 27.50 |
| January 16, 2024 | April 15, 2024 | April 30, 2024 | \$ 27.50 |
| Total Series C preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 55.00 |
| 2023 | | | |
| July 17, 2023 | October 13, 2023 | October 30, 2023 | \$ 27.50 |
| January 17, 2023 | April 14, 2023 | May 01, 2023 | \$ 27.50 |
| Total Series C preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 55.00 |
| 2022 | | | |
| July 20, 2022 | October 14, 2022 | October 31, 2022 | \$ 27.50 |
| January 18, 2022 | April 15, 2022 | May 02, 2022 | \$ 27.50 |
| Total Series C preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 55.00 |
| 2021 | | | |
| July 20, 2021 | October 15, 2021 | November 01, 2021 | \$ 27.50 |
| January 19, 2021 | April 15, 2021 | April 30, 2021 | \$ 27.50 |
| Total Series C preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 55.00 |

-77-

Our Board of Directors declared the following Series D preferred stock dividends during 2023 2024 and 2022: 2023:

| Declaration Date | Record Date | Payment Date | Dividend per Depositary Share |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| 2024 | | | |
| July 15, 2024 | September 06, 2024 | September 23, 2024 | \$ 30.625 |
| January 16, 2024 | March 08, 2024 | March 25, 2024 | \$ 30.625 |
| Total Series D preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 61.250 |
| 2023 | | | |
| July 17, 2023 | September 08, 2023 | September 25, 2023 | \$ 30.625 |
| January 17, 2023 | March 08, 2023 | March 23, 2023 | \$ 30.625 |
| Total Series D preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 61.250 |
| 2022 | | | |
| July 20, 2022 | September 08, 2022 | September 23, 2022 | \$ 30.625 |
| January 18, 2022 | March 08, 2022 | March 23, 2022 | \$ 30.625 |
| Total Series D preferred stock dividends | | | \$ 61.250 |

On January 16, 2024 January 21, 2025, we declared a semi-annual cash dividend on our Series C and Series D preferred stock of \$27.50 and \$30.625 per depositary share, respectively, payable on April 30, 2024 April 30, 2025 and March 25, 2024 March 24, 2025, respectively, to holders of record on April 15, 2024 April 15, 2025 and March 8, 2024 March 7, 2025, respectively.

Our Board of Directors approved a new share repurchase program in April 2023. The new program authorized up to \$2.7 billion of share repurchases through June 30, 2024, and replaced the prior \$4.2 billion share repurchase program. If and when we repurchase our shares under the program, we may use various methods including open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or other purchases, including block trades, accelerated share repurchase transactions, or any combination of such methods. During the three months ended December 31, 2023, we did not repurchase any shares. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we repurchased approximately 18.1 million shares, or 6.8% of our outstanding common stock as of December 31, 2022, for \$1.9 billion.

The amount and size of any future dividends and share repurchases will depend on our results of operations, financial condition, capital levels, cash requirements, future prospects, regulatory review and other factors. As reported in Under the second quarter Merger Agreement with Capital One, quarterly cash dividends on our common stock may not exceed \$0.70 per share without the prior written consent of 2023, we have decided to pause share repurchases while an internal review of compliance, risk management and corporate governance is ongoing. See Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters to our consolidated financial statements for Capital One. For additional information on the card product misclassification merger, see "Business — Pending Merger with Capital One Financial Corporation." The declaration and payment of future dividends and the amount thereof are otherwise subject to the discretion of our Board of Directors. Holders of our shares of common stock are subject to the prior dividend rights of holders of our preferred stock or the depositary shares representing such preferred stock outstanding. No dividend may be declared or paid or set aside for payment on our common stock if full dividends have not been declared and paid on all outstanding shares of preferred stock in any dividend period. In addition, as noted above, banking laws and regulations and our banking regulators may limit our ability to pay dividends and make share repurchases, including limitations on the extent our banking subsidiary (Discover Bank) can provide funds to us through dividends, loans or otherwise. Further, current or future regulatory reforms, such as those that propose to alter the Basel III standards, rules, may require us to hold more capital or could adversely impact our capital level. As a result,

-77-

there can be no assurance that we will declare and pay any dividends or repurchase any shares of our common stock in the future.

-78- During the year ended December 31, 2024, there were no share repurchases. In accordance with the Merger Agreement with Capital One, we have paused share repurchases through the completion of the merger.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk refers to the risk that a change in the level of one or more market prices, rates, indices, correlations or other market factors will result in losses for an investment position or portfolio. We are exposed to market risk primarily from changes in interest rates.

Interest Rate Risk

We borrow money from various depositors and institutions to provide loans to our customers and invest in other assets and our business. These loans to customers and other assets earn interest, which we use to pay interest on the money borrowed. Our net interest income and, therefore, earnings will be reduced if the interest rate earned on assets increases at a slower pace than the interest rate paid on our borrowings. Changes in interest rates and our competitors' responses to those changes may influence customer payment rates, loan balances or deposit account activity. As a result, we may incur higher funding costs that could decrease our earnings.

Our interest rate risk management policies are designed to measure and manage the potential volatility of earnings that may arise from changes in interest rates by having a portfolio that reflects our mix of variable- and fixed-rate assets and liabilities. To the extent that the repricing characteristics of the assets and liabilities in a particular portfolio are not sufficiently matched, we may utilize interest rate derivative contracts, such as swap agreements, to achieve our objectives. Interest rate swap agreements effectively convert the underlying asset or liability from fixed- to floating-rate or from floating- to fixed-rate. See Note 21: Derivatives and Hedging Activities to our consolidated financial statements for information on our derivatives activity.

We use an interest rate sensitivity simulation to assess our interest rate risk exposure. For purposes of presenting the possible earnings effect of a hypothetical, adverse change in interest rates over the 12 months from our reporting date, we assume that all interest-rate-sensitive assets and liabilities are subject to a hypothetical, immediate 100 basis point change in interest rates relative to market consensus expectations as of the beginning of the period. The sensitivity simulation includes the hypothetical assumption that all relevant types of interest rates would change instantaneously, simultaneously and to the same degree.

Our interest-rate-sensitive assets include our variable-rate loan receivables and certain assets in our liquidity portfolio. We have limitations on our ability to mitigate interest rate risk by adjusting rates on existing balances. Further, competitive actions may limit our ability to increase the rates that we charge to customers for new loans. At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, the majority of our credit card and private student loans charge variable rates. Fixed-rate assets that will mature or otherwise contractually reset to a market-based indexed rate or other fixed-rate prior to the end of the 12-month measurement period are considered to be rate sensitive. The latter category includes certain revolving credit card loans that may be offered at below-market rates for an introductory period, such as balance transfers and special promotional programs, after which the loans will contractually reprice in accordance with our normal market-based pricing structure. For assets with a fixed interest rate that contractually will, or is assumed to, reset to a market-based indexed rate or other fixed rate during the next 12 months, earnings sensitivity is measured from the expected repricing date. In addition, for all interest-rate-sensitive assets, earnings sensitivity is calculated net of expected credit losses. For purposes of this analysis, expected credit losses are assumed to remain unchanged relative to our baseline expectations over the analysis horizon.

Interest-rate-sensitive liabilities are assumed to be those for which the stated interest rate is not contractually fixed for the next 12 months. Thus, liabilities that vary with changes in a market-based index, such as the federal funds rate or SOFR, which will reset before the end of the next 12 months, or liabilities that have fixed rates at the fiscal period

end but will mature and are assumed to be replaced with a market-based indexed rate prior to the end of the next 12 months, are also considered to be rate sensitive. For these fixed-rate liabilities, earnings sensitivity is measured from the expected maturity date.

Net interest income sensitivity simulations require assumptions regarding market conditions, consumer behavior and the growth and composition of our balance sheet. Our view of market conditions utilizes the implied forward interest rate projection at the beginning of our analysis horizon. This view serves as the base for interest rate risk

-78-

simulations. We apply rate shocks to the base implied forward curve to measure our overall interest rate sensitivity position. Our view of balance sheet composition and growth utilizes our corporate forecast. On at least a quarterly basis, we create a corporate forecast that incorporates receivable growth and seasonality. The appropriate level of funding is projected and utilizes a diverse mix of instruments with issuance based on expected market conditions. At the same time, optimal levels of liquidity are maintained in accordance with internal guidelines. The degree by which our deposit rates change when benchmark interest rates change, our deposit "beta," is one of the most significant of these

-79-

assumptions. Assumptions about deposit beta and other matters are inherently uncertain and, as a result, actual earnings may differ from the simulated earnings presented below. Our actual earnings depend on multiple factors including, but not limited to, the direction and timing of changes in interest rates, the movement of short-term interest rates relative to long-term rates, balance sheet composition, competitor actions affecting pricing decisions in our loans and deposits, the mix of promotional balances in our card portfolio, the level of interest charge-offs and recoveries, the influence of loan repayment rates on revolving balances and strategic actions undertaken by our management.

We have taken actions to bring our net interest income sensitivity closer to neutral as the Federal Reserve has slowed its pace of monetary policy tightening and the outlook for near-term U.S. economic growth may be weakening. The following table shows the impacts to net interest income over the following 12-month period that we estimate would result from an immediate and parallel change in interest rates affecting all interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. These The prior year numbers do not include the impact of a sale of the private student loan portfolio (dollars in millions):

| December 31, | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------|----------|--------|--------|---|---------|--------|----------|--------|
| | | | | 2023 | | 2022 | | | | | |
| | | | | 2024 | | 2023 | | | | | |
| Basis point change | Basis point change | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| +100 | +100 | \$ 161 | 1.17 | \$ 183 | 1.40 | 1.40 | | \$ 52 | 0.36 | \$ 161 | 1.17 |
| -100 | -100 | \$ (153) | (1.11) | \$ (190) | (1.45) | (1.45) | | \$ (25) | (0.17) | \$ (153) | (1.11) |

Given the nature of our loan portfolio, the impact to our net interest income is far more linear across various rate increase or decrease scenarios than that would be true for a financial institution with significant rate-sensitive prepayment risk from the exposure to mortgages.

-80- -79-

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of
Discover Financial Services
Riverwoods, IL

Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Discover Financial Services (the "Company") as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by COSO.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated statement of financial condition, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows as of and for the year ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, of the Company and our report dated **February 23, 2024** **February 20, 2025**, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chicago, Illinois

February **23, 2024** **20, 2025**

-81- -80-

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and the Board of Directors of
Discover Financial Services
Riverwoods, IL

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial condition of Discover Financial Services (the "Company") as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023**, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated **February 23, 2024** **February 20, 2025**, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test

basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate.

Allowance for Credit Losses — Credit Card Loans **Private Student Loans**, and Personal Loans — Refer to Notes 2 and 4 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

The allowance for credit losses ("allowance") represents management's estimate of expected credit losses over the remaining life of each loan, using relevant available information, relating to past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts of future economic conditions. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, the total allowance was **\$9.3 billion** **\$8.3 billion**, which includes the allowance associated with the credit card loan **private student loan** and personal loan portfolios of **\$7.6 billion**, **\$0.9 billion**, **\$7.4 billion** and **\$0.7 billion** **\$780 million**, respectively.

The determination of the allowance estimate involves a high degree of subjectivity and requires significant estimates of current credit risk using both quantitative and qualitative analysis. Management uses statistical models, which are

-82- -81-

developed on the historical relationship between losses and predictive variables, to estimate the quantitative component of the allowance. The statistical models require that management select certain inputs for each estimate, including the macroeconomic forecast scenario, and the reasonable and supportable forecast period. In addition, management considers relevant qualitative factors that have occurred but are not yet reflected in the model estimate.

Auditing certain aspects of the allowance associated with the credit card loan, **private student loan** and personal loan portfolios required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort, including the involvement of our credit modeling specialists. This included evaluating the (1) model methodology, including the selection of predictive variables during model development, (2) selection of key model assumptions, including the macroeconomic forecast scenario and reasonable and supportable period, and (3) qualitative analysis of the results, including the use of qualitative adjustments, if applicable.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the allowance for credit losses balance, specific to the credit card loan, **private student loan** and personal loan portfolios included the following procedures, among others:

- We tested the design and operating effectiveness of management's controls over the determination and review of model methodology, selection of key model assumptions, and qualitative analysis of the results
- We evaluated whether the methodology and key model assumptions are appropriate in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework
- With assistance from credit modeling specialists, we evaluated whether the models are suitable for determining the estimate, which included understanding the model methodologies and logic and whether the selected methods for estimating loan losses is appropriate for each loan portfolio
- We evaluated whether the selected macroeconomic forecasts were reasonable, including evaluating if they were internally consistent with other aspects of the Company's operations, and externally consistent with other macroeconomic forecasts
- We evaluated the reasonableness and consistency of the reasonable and supportable forecast period
- We evaluated whether judgments have been applied consistently to the models and that any qualitative adjustments are consistent with the measurement objective of the applicable financial reporting framework and are appropriate in the circumstances
- We considered any contradictory evidence that arose while performing our procedures, and whether or not this evidence was indicative of management bias
- We evaluated the completeness and accuracy of the Company's allowance for credit losses disclosures

Litigation and Regulatory Matters — Card Product Misclassification **Refund Counterparty Restitution** Liability — Refer to Note 19 to the financial statements

Critical Audit Matter Description

Beginning in 2007, the Company incorrectly classified certain credit card accounts into its highest merchant and merchant acquirer pricing tier. The misclassification affected pricing for certain merchants and merchant acquirers, but not for cardholders. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, the Company recorded a liability of **\$375 million** **\$1.2 billion** within accrued expenses and other liabilities to provide which includes calculated refunds to merchant merchants and merchant acquirers, as interest, other settlement concessions agreed to, less cumulative disbursements made through December 31, 2024, a result portion of which is the **card product misclassification** critical audit matter.

The Company used facts and data available as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, to develop its best estimate for the amount of refunds it expects to pay to merchant and merchant acquirers. The determination of the refund liability involved management judgment and estimation as a result of differences in individual merchant agreements, changes in network terms and availability of differences in the available historical data.

We identified the refund portion of the liability which represents calculated refunds to merchants and merchant acquirers as a critical audit matter because auditing management's judgment in determining the methodology for the liability calculation and assumptions applied within the calculation required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort. Auditing the interest, other settlement concessions agreed to, and cumulative disbursements

-83-82-

made through December 31, 2024 did not require a high degree of auditor judgment nor an increased extent of effort. Therefore those portions of the counterparty restitution liability have not been identified as a critical audit matter.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit

Our audit procedures related to the card misclassification refund liability included the following procedures, among others:

- We tested the design and operating effectiveness of management's controls over the determination and review of the liability calculation and assumptions used in the calculation
- We tested performed a combination of procedures to assess the completeness and accuracy of data used within the calculation
- We evaluated the reasonableness of the methodology used to calculate the liability which included, evaluating the mathematical accuracy of the calculation, the application of the data inputs to the calculation, and assumptions used within the calculation
- We inspected meeting minutes for the Board of Directors, Audit Committee, Risk Oversight Committee, and Governance and Controls Committee
- We performed inquiries with members of management regarding the refund liability
- We inspected supporting documentation and inquired of members of management regarding the status of any ongoing regulatory reviews specific to the refund liability or settlement negotiations
- We considered any contradictory evidence that arose while performing our procedures, and whether or not this evidence was indicative of management bias
- We evaluated the completeness and accuracy of the Company's disclosures related to the refund liability

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chicago, Illinois

February 23, 2024 20, 2025

We have served as the Company's auditor since the spin-off from its former parent company in 2007 and as Discover Bank's (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) auditor since 1985.

-84-83-

| | | December 31, | |
|--|--|--------------|------|
| | | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | 2024 | 2023 |
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| Restricted cash | | | |
| Investment securities (includes available-for-sale securities of \$13,402 and \$11,987 reported at fair value with associated amortized cost of \$13,451 and \$12,167 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively) | | | |

| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Investment securities (includes available-for-sale securities of \$13,402 and \$11,987 reported at fair value with associated amortized cost of \$13,451 and \$12,167 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively) | | |
| Investment securities (includes available-for-sale securities of \$13,402 and \$11,987 reported at fair value with associated amortized cost of \$13,451 and \$12,167 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively) | | |
| Other short-term investments | | |
| Investment securities (includes available-for-sale securities of \$14,359 and \$13,402 reported at fair value with associated amortized cost of \$14,475 and \$13,451 at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively) | | |
| Loan receivables | | |
| Allowance for credit losses | | |
| Net loan receivables | | |
| Premises and equipment, net | | |
| Goodwill | | |
| Other assets | | |
| Other assets | | |
| Other assets | | |
| Total assets | | |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Deposits | | |
| Deposits | | |
| Deposits | | |
| Interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Total deposits | | |
| Short-term borrowings | | |
| Long-term borrowings | | |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | | |
| Total liabilities | | |
| Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (Notes 15, 18 and 19) | Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (Notes 15, 18 and 19) | Commitments, contingencies and guarantees (Notes 15, 18 and 19) |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 570,837,720 and 569,689,007 shares issued at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 570,837,720 and 569,689,007 shares issued at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 570,837,720 and 569,689,007 shares issued at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively | | |
| Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 10,700 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 572,608,227 and 570,837,720 shares issued at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 572,608,227 and 570,837,720 shares issued at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively | | |
| Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 2,000,000,000 shares authorized; 572,608,227 and 570,837,720 shares issued at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively | | |
| Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 10,700 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively | | |
| Additional paid-in capital | | |
| Retained earnings | | |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | |
| Treasury stock, at cost; 320,734,860 and 302,305,216 shares at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively | | |
| Treasury stock, at cost; 321,268,743 and 320,734,860 shares at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively | | |
| Total stockholders' equity | | |

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity
 The table below presents the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities of Discover Financial Services' consolidated variable interest entities ("VIEs"), which are included in the consolidated statements of financial condition above. The assets in the table below include those assets that can only be used to settle obligations of the consolidated VIEs. The liabilities in the table below include third-party liabilities of consolidated VIEs only and exclude intercompany balances that eliminate in consolidation. The liabilities also exclude amounts for which creditors have recourse to the general credit of Discover Financial Services.

December 31,

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|------|------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Assets | | |
| Restricted cash | | |
| Restricted cash | | |
| Restricted cash | | |
| Loan receivables | | |
| Allowance for credit losses allocated to securitized loan receivables | | |
| Other assets | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| Short- and long-term borrowings | | |
| Short- and long-term borrowings | | |
| Short- and long-term borrowings | | |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | | |

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

-85- -84-

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

Consolidated Statements of Income

(dollars in millions, except for share amounts)

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | For the Years Ended December 31, | |
|---|----------------------------------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 |
| Interest income | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | |
| Other loans | | | | | |
| Investment securities | | | | | |
| Other interest income | | | | | |
| Total interest income | | | | | |
| Interest expense | | | | | |
| Deposits | | | | | |
| Deposits | | | | | |
| Deposits | | | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | | | | | |
| Long-term borrowings | | | | | |
| Total interest expense | | | | | |
| Net interest income | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | |
| Net interest income after provision for credit losses | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net | | | | | |
| Protection products revenue | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | |
| Transaction processing revenue | | | | | |
| (Losses) gains on equity investments | | | | | |

| |
|---|
| Losses on equity investments |
| Other income |
| Total other income |
| Other expense |
| Employee compensation and benefits |
| Employee compensation and benefits |
| Employee compensation and benefits |
| Marketing and business development |
| Information processing and communications |
| Professional fees |
| Premises and equipment |
| Other expense |
| Total other expense |
| Income before income taxes |
| Income tax expense |
| Net income |
| Net income allocated to common stockholders |
| Basic earnings per common share |
| Diluted earnings per common share |

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

-86-85-

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
(dollars in millions)

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Net income | 2,940 | 4,374 | 5,422 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | | | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale investment securities, net of tax | 99 | (250) | (170) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net of tax | 6 | (5) | 3 |
| Unrealized pension and post-retirement plan gains, net of tax | 9 | 10 | 28 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 114 | (245) | (139) |
| Comprehensive income | <u>3,054</u> | <u>4,129</u> | <u>5,283</u> |

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Net income | 4,535 | 2,796 | 4,316 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax | | | |
| Unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale investment securities, net of tax | (49) | 99 | (250) |
| Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax | (12) | 6 | (5) |
| Unrealized pension and post-retirement plan (losses) gains, net of tax | (10) | 9 | 10 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income | (71) | 114 | (245) |
| Comprehensive income | <u>4,464</u> | <u>2,910</u> | <u>4,071</u> |

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

(dollars in millions, shares in thousands)

| Preferred Stock | Common Stock | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Treasury Stock | Total Stockholders' Equity | Preferred Stock | Common Stock | Additional Paid-in Capital | Retained Earnings | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss | Treasury Stock | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Purchases of treasury stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock issued under employee benefit plans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock issued and stock-based compensation expense | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — common stock (\$1.88 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — common stock (\$1.88 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — common stock (\$1.88 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — Series C preferred stock (\$5,500 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — Series D preferred stock (\$7,674 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive loss | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Purchases of treasury stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock issued under employee benefit plans | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common stock issued and stock-based compensation expense | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.30 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.30 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.30 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — Series C preferred stock (\$5,500 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dividends — Series D preferred stock (\$6,125 per share) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cumulative effect of ASU No. 2022-02 adoption | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| |
|--|
| Purchases of treasury stock |
| Common stock issued under employee benefit plans |
| Common stock issued and stock-based compensation expense |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.70 per share) |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.70 per share) |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.70 per share) |
| Dividends — Series C preferred stock (\$5,500 per share) |
| Dividends — Series D preferred stock (\$6,125 per share) |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 |
| Cumulative effect of ASU No. 2023-02 adoption |
| Net income |
| Other comprehensive loss |
| Purchases of treasury stock |
| Common stock issued under employee benefit plans |
| Common stock issued and stock-based compensation expense |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.80 per share) |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.80 per share) |
| Dividends — common stock (\$2.80 per share) |
| Dividends — Series C preferred stock (\$5,500 per share) |
| Dividends — Series D preferred stock (\$6,125 per share) |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 |

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

-88- 87-

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(dollars in millions)

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses | | | | | | |
| Deferred income taxes | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | | | | | |
| Amortization of deferred revenues | | | | | | |



| |
|--|
| Maturities and repayments of other long-term borrowings |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock |
| Dividends paid on common and preferred stock |
| Dividends paid on common and preferred stock |
| Dividends paid on common and preferred stock |
| Purchases of treasury stock |
| Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash |
| Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at the beginning of the period |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at the end of the period |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash |
| Cash and cash equivalents |
| Cash and cash equivalents |
| Cash and cash equivalents |
| Restricted cash |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at the end of the period |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: |
| Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: |
| Cash paid during the period for: |
| Cash paid during the period for: |
| Cash paid during the period for: |
| Interest expense |
| Interest expense |
| Interest expense |
| Income taxes, net of income tax refunds |

See Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

-89- 88-

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Background and Basis of Presentation

Description of Business

Discover Financial Services ("DFS" or the "Company") is a digital banking and payment services company. The Company is a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 and a financial holding company under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act. Therefore, the Company is subject to oversight, regulation and examination by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve"). The Company provides digital banking products and services and payment services through its subsidiaries. The Company offers its customers credit card loans, personal loans, home loans and deposit products. The Company also operates the Discover Network, the PULSE network ("PULSE") and Diners Club International ("Diners Club"), collectively known as the Discover Global Network. The Discover Network processes transactions for Discover-branded credit and debit cards and provides payment transaction processing and settlement services. PULSE operates an electronic funds transfer network, providing financial institutions issuing debit cards on the PULSE network with access to automated teller machines ("ATMs") domestically and internationally, as well as merchant acceptance throughout the United States of America ("U.S.") for debit card transactions. Diners Club is a global payments network of licensees, which are generally financial institutions, that issue Diners Club branded credit and charge cards and/or provide card acceptance services.

The Company manages its business activities in two segments, Digital Banking and Payment Services, based on the products and services provided. See Note 22: Segment Disclosures for a detailed description of each segment's operations and the allocation conventions used in business segment reporting.

Sale of The Private Student Loan Portfolio

The sale of the private student loan portfolio was completed during the fourth quarter of 2024. As a result, the Company recognized a gain of approximately \$450 million recorded in other income on the consolidated statements of income for the year ended December 31, 2024. As part of the sale transaction, the Company sold its beneficial interest

in its remaining private student loan securitization trust, which resulted in the derecognition of loan receivables held by the trust and debt issued by the trust. For more information, see Discover's Current Report on Form 8-K furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on July 17, 2024.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. These estimates are based on information available as of the date of the consolidated financial statements. The Company believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current **year period** presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or changes in stockholders' equity.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. The Company's policy is to consolidate all entities in which it owns more than 50% of the outstanding voting stock unless it does not control the entity. However, the Company did not have a controlling voting interest in any entity other than its wholly-owned subsidiaries in the periods presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

It is also the Company's policy to consolidate any VIEs for which the Company is the primary beneficiary, as defined by GAAP. On this basis, the Company consolidates the Discover Card Master Trust I ("DCMT") and the Discover Card Execution Note Trust ("DCENT") **as well as and consolidated** the student loan securitization **trust** trust prior to the sale of the private student loan portfolio, which was completed during the fourth quarter of 2024. The Company is deemed to be the primary beneficiary of each of these trusts since it is, for each, the trust Servicer and the holder of both the residual interest and the majority of the most subordinated interests. Because of those involvements, the Company has,

-89-

for each trust, (i) the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the trust and (ii) the obligation (or right) to absorb losses (or receive benefits) of the trust that could potentially be significant. The Company has determined that it was not the primary beneficiary of any other VIE during the years ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, **2022** 2023 and **2021**, 2022.

For investments in any entities in which the Company owns 50% or less of the outstanding voting stock but in which the Company has significant influence over operating and financial decisions, the Company applies the equity method of accounting. **The Company also applies the equity method to its investments in qualified affordable housing projects and similar tax credit partnerships.** In cases where the Company's equity investment is less than 20% and significant influence does not exist, such investments are carried at cost as they typically do not have readily

-90-

determinable fair values, and are adjusted for any impairment in value. Investments in actively traded stock are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recorded as an adjustment to earnings.

Immaterial Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

As reported in the second quarter of 2023, beginning in 2007, the Company incorrectly classified certain credit card accounts into its highest merchant and merchant acquirer pricing tier. The Company determined the revenue impact of the incorrect card product classification was immaterial to the consolidated financial statements for all impacted prior periods. For comparative purposes, the Company has made these corrections to the consolidated financial statements for the prior periods presented in this Form 10-K. Additionally, prior period amounts in the applicable notes to the consolidated financial statements have been corrected. The impacts of the misclassification and subsequent corrections are contained entirely within the Digital Banking segment. See Note 26: Immaterial Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements for additional information and quantification of the prior period restatement impacts.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Not Yet Adopted)

In December 2023, November 2024, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB" ("ASU")) issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU" ("ASU")) No. 2024-03, Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income—Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses. This ASU aims to build a better understanding of an entity's expenses through more detailed tabular disclosures surrounding certain costs and expenses (including but not limited to employee compensation, amortization of intangibles, and depreciation), defining and disclosing selling expense, and qualitatively describing remaining amounts not disaggregated in relevant expense captions. In addition, certain existing expense disclosures will be required to be presented within the same note and tabular format as prescribed by ASU No. 2024-03. The guidance is effective for the Company for the year ending December 31, 2027, and interim periods thereafter and can be applied on a prospective or retrospective basis. While the ASU implements further disclosure requirements, it does not change how an entity calculates and/or records its expenses, and it will have no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. This ASU enhances the transparency of income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. Entities are required to disaggregate the rate reconciliation (including percentages and reported amounts) by certain specified categories with additional disaggregation by nature and/or jurisdiction for items over a designated threshold. Income taxes paid (net of refunds received) must be disaggregated by federal, (national), state and foreign taxes and separately by individual jurisdiction in which that amount for a particular jurisdiction is equal to or greater than five percent of total income taxes paid (net of refunds received). This annual disclosure guidance is effective for the Company for the year ending December 31, 2025 and requires can be adopted on either a prospective application. Retrospective application is also permitted. Management will consider which method is appropriate for the Company or retrospective basis. The Company expects to adopt this standard on a prospective basis. While the ASU implements further income tax disclosure requirements, it does not change how an entity determines its income tax obligation, and it will have no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*. The ASU requires disclosure of additional segment level information, particularly regarding significant segment expenses. Entities must disclose significant expense categories and amounts that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") and included in the reported segment measure of profit or loss. Other segment items must also be reported, which are those items that make up the difference between segment revenues less significant segment expenses and reported segment profit or loss. Additionally, entities must disclose the identity of the CODM and how they use the reported measures of segment profit or loss for decision making and assessing segment performance. The guidance is effective for the Company for the year ending December 31, 2024, and interim periods thereafter and requires retrospective application. While the ASU implements further segment disclosure requirements, it does not change how an entity identifies its operating or reportable segments, and it will have no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-02, *Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Tax Credit Structures Using the Proportional Amortization Method*. The ASU expands the use of the proportional amortization method of accounting for tax credit investments. Currently, the method is limited to Low Income Housing Tax Credit investments. Under the amended guidance, use of proportional amortization will be available to any qualifying tax credit investments, including but not limited to investments in New Markets Tax Credit and Renewable Energy Tax Credit programs. The ASU is effective for the Company on January 1, 2024. The Company will elect the proportional amortization method for any of its qualifying tax credit investments. Management has chosen a modified-retrospective application, meaning a cumulative-effect adjustment will be recorded to the opening balance of retained earnings as of the effective date without adjusting comparative periods. Management determined that the standard will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement

In March 2022, November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-02, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 326) 280: Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures*. Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. The ASU eliminated required disclosure of additional segment level information, particularly regarding significant segment expenses. The Company has disclosed significant expense categories and amounts that are regularly provided to the troubled debt restructuring chief operating decision maker ("TDR" CODM) recognition and measurement included in the reported segment measure of profit or loss. As appropriate, other segment items have also been reported, which are those items that make up the difference between segment revenues less significant segment expenses and reported segment profit or loss. Additionally, the Company has disclosed the title and position of the CODM and how the CODM uses the reported measures of segment profit or loss for assessing the performance of and allocating resources to the Company's operating segments. The guidance was effective for the Company for the year ending December 31, 2024, and enhanced disclosures interim periods thereafter and has been applied retrospectively. While the ASU implemented further segment disclosure requirements, it did not change how the Company identifies its operating or reportable segments, and it had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

In March 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-02, *Investments—Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for modifications Investments in Tax Credit Structures Using the Proportional Amortization Method*. The ASU expanded the use of receivables the proportional amortization method of accounting for tax credit investments. Under the proportional amortization method, the cost of the investment is amortized in proportion to borrowers experiencing the income tax credits and other income tax benefits received, the net effect of which is recognized as a component of income tax expense on the consolidated

-91 -90-

financial difficulty statements of income. Previously, the method was limited to Low Income Housing Tax Credit investments, however the Company historically did not elect to use this method. Under ASU 2022-02, the amended guidance, use of a discounted cash flow method proportional amortization is no longer required when measuring expected available to any qualifying tax credit losses on modified loans, investments, which now also includes New Markets Tax Credit investments among others. The ASU also refined existing credit-related disclosures by requiring disclosure of current-period gross charge-offs of receivables by year of origination. The amendments in the ASU were applied prospectively to modifications and disclosures of gross charge-offs; however, adoption on a modified retrospective basis was applied for the effect on the allowance for credit losses related to the elimination of the TDR recognition and measurement guidance. The ASU became effective for the Company on January 1, 2023 January 1, 2024. All of the Company's tax credit investments as of January 1, 2024 qualified and are now being accounted for under the proportional amortization method. Upon adoption, the Company recorded an adjustment a \$37 million charge to reduce the beginning opening balance of its allowance for credit losses by \$68 million retained earnings to reflect the elimination cumulative effect of adopting the proportional amortization method on a modified-retrospective basis for the Company's existing tax credit investments. The offset to retained earnings was a decrease of \$23 million to the book value of the measurement guidance investments and a \$14 million decrease to the related to TDRs with deferred tax asset position. Recognition of proportional amortization as a component of income tax expense rather than pre-tax income will result in an offsetting increase net of in the Company's effective tax to beginning retained earnings rate.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents is defined by the Company as cash on deposit with banks, including time deposits and other highly liquid investments with maturities of 90 days or less when purchased, excluding amounts restricted by certain contractual or other obligations. Cash and cash equivalents included \$2.0 billion \$919 million and \$1.5 billion \$2.0 billion of cash and due from banks and \$9.7 billion \$7.6 billion and \$7.4 billion \$9.7 billion of interest-earning deposits at other banks at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

Restricted Cash

Restricted cash includes cash in accounts from which the Company's ability to withdraw funds at any time is contractually limited. Restricted cash is generally designated for specific purposes arising out of certain contractual or other obligations.

Investment Securities Investments

Other Short-Term Investments

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, investment securities other short-term investments primarily consisted of debt obligations of the U.S. Treasury and government-sponsored enterprises bills with contractual maturities greater than 90 days but less than one year at the time of the U.S. ("U.S. GSEs") and mortgage-backed securities issued by government agencies or U.S. GSEs. Investment securities that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity and are reported at amortized cost. All other investment securities are classified as available-for-sale, as the Company does not hold investment securities for trading purposes. Available-for-sale investment securities acquisition. These investments are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") included in stockholders' equity.

Investments Securities

At December 31, 2024, investment securities consisted of debt obligations of the U.S. Treasury, mortgage-backed securities issued by government agencies, and municipal bonds issued by state agencies. Investment securities that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity ("HTM") and are reported at amortized cost. All other investment securities are classified as available-for-sale ("AFS"), as the Company does not hold investment securities for trading purposes. AFS investment securities are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported as a component of AOCI included in stockholders' equity. The Company estimates the fair value of available-for-sale AFS investment securities as more fully discussed in Note 20: Fair Value Measurements. The amortized cost for each held-to-maturity HTM and available-for-sale AFS investment security is adjusted for amortization of premiums or accretion of discounts, as appropriate. Such amortization or accretion is included in interest income. Interest on investment securities is accrued each month in accordance with their contractual terms and recorded in other assets in the consolidated statements of financial condition. The obligations of the U.S. Treasury and government-sponsored enterprises of the U.S. GSE obligations ("U.S. GSEs") and mortgage-backed securities issued by government agencies or U.S. GSEs in which the Company invests have long histories with no credit losses and are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government. Therefore, management has concluded that there is no expectation of non-payment on its investment securities and does not record an allowance for credit losses on these investments. HTM investments in debt securities occur only with respect to Discover Bank's activities pursuant to the Community Reinvestment Act.

Tax Credit Investments

At December 31, 2024, tax credit investments consisted of membership interests in limited liability companies invested in affordable housing projects and community revitalization projects. The Company earns a return from these investments primarily through tax credits allocated to the underlying projects. The Company does not consolidate these

-91-

investments as the Company does not have a controlling financial interest in the investee entities. The related commitments for future investments are recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities within the consolidated statements of financial condition for delayed equity contributions that are unconditional and legally binding. Equity contributions that are contingent upon a future event are recognized when that contingent event becomes probable.

The Company has elected to account for its qualifying investments which generate affordable housing tax credits and new markets tax credits under the proportional amortization method beginning January 1, 2024, on a modified retrospective basis. As of December 31, 2024, all of the Company's tax credit investments qualified for this election. Prior to 2024, these investments were accounted for using the equity method. Under the proportional amortization method, the cost of the investment is amortized in proportion to the income tax credits and other income tax benefits received, the net effect of which is recognized as a component of income tax expense on the condensed consolidated statements of income and within cash flows provided by operating activities on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Loan Receivables

Loan receivables consist of credit card receivables and other loan receivables. The carrying values of all classes of loan receivables include unamortized net deferred loan origination fees and costs (also see "— Significant Revenue Recognition Accounting Policies — Loan Interest and Fee Income"). The credit card loan receivables carrying amount includes the principal amounts outstanding and uncollected billed interest and fees and is reduced for unearned revenue related to balance transfer fees (also see "— Significant Revenue Recognition Accounting Policies — Loan Interest and Fee Income"). Other loans consist of private student loans (prior to its sale), personal loans, home loans and other loans and the carrying amount of those loans includes principal amounts outstanding. For private student loans, principal amounts outstanding also include accrued interest that has been capitalized. The Company's loan receivables are deemed to be held-for-investment at origination or acquisition because management has the intent and ability to hold them for the foreseeable future. Cash flows associated with loans originated or acquired for investment are classified as cash flows from investing activities, regardless of a subsequent change in intent.

-92-

Delinquent Loans and Net Charge-Offs

The entire balance of an account is contractually past due if the minimum payment is not received by the specified date on the customer's billing statement. Delinquency is reported on loans that are 30 days or more past due.

Credit card loans are charged off at the end of the month during which an account becomes 180 days past due. Closed-end unsecured consumer loan receivables are charged off at the end of the month during which an account becomes 120 days contractually past due. Home loans are written down to fair value, less cost to sell, once the loan becomes 180 days past due. Customer bankruptcies and probate accounts are charged off by the end of the month 60 days following the receipt of notification of the bankruptcy or death, but not later than the 180-day or 120-day time frame described above. Receivables associated with alleged or potential fraudulent transactions are reserved for at their net realizable value upon receipt of notification of such fraud through a charge to other expense and are subsequently written off at the end of the month 90 days following notification, but not later than the contractual 180-day or 120-day time frame described above. The Company's charge-off policies are designed to comply with guidelines established by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council ("FFIEC").

The Company's net charge-offs include the principal amount of loans charged off less principal recoveries and exclude charged-off interest and fees, recoveries of interest and fees and fraud losses.

The practice of re-aging an account also may affect loan delinquencies and charge-offs. A re-age is intended to assist delinquent customers who have experienced financial difficulties but who demonstrate both an ability and willingness to repay. Accounts meeting specific criteria are re-aged when the Company and the customer agree on a temporary repayment schedule that may include concessionary terms. With re-aging, the outstanding balance of a delinquent account is returned to a current status. Customers may also qualify for a workout re-age when either a longer term or permanent hardship exists. The Company's re-age practices are designed to comply with FFIEC guidelines.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company maintains an allowance for credit losses at a level that is appropriate to absorb net credit losses anticipated over the remaining expected life of loan receivables as of the balance sheet date. The estimate of expected credit losses considers uncollectible principal, interest and fees associated with the Company's loan receivables existing as of the balance sheet date. Additionally, the estimate includes expected recoveries of amounts that were either

-92-

previously charged off or are expected to be charged off. The allowance is evaluated quarterly for appropriateness and is maintained through an adjustment to the provision for credit losses. Charge-offs of principal amounts of loans outstanding are deducted from the allowance and subsequent recoveries of such amounts increase the allowance. Charge-offs of loan balances representing unpaid interest and fees result in a reversal of interest and fee income, respectively, which is effectively a reclassification of the provision for credit losses.

The Company calculates its allowance for credit losses by estimating expected credit losses separately for classes of receivables with similar risk characteristics. This results in segmenting the portfolio by loan product type, which is the level that the Company develops and documents its methodology for determining the allowance for credit losses. The estimate of expected credit losses for each loan product type is based on: (i) a reasonable and supportable forecast period; (ii) a reversion period; and (iii) a post-reversion period based on historical information covering the remaining life of the loan, all of which is netted with expected recoveries. The lengths of the reasonable and supportable forecast and reversion periods can vary and are subject to a quarterly assessment that considers the economic outlook and level of variability among macroeconomic forecasts. The Company applies a weighted approach in reverting from the reasonable and supportable forecast period to the post-reversion period.

Several analyses are used to help estimate credit losses anticipated over the remaining expected life of loan receivables as of the balance sheet date. The Company's estimation process includes models that predict customer losses based on risk characteristics and portfolio attributes, macroeconomic variables and historical data and analysis. There is a significant amount of judgment applied in selecting inputs and analyzing the results produced by the models to determine the allowance.

For credit card loans, the Company uses a modeling framework that includes the following components for estimating expected credit losses:

- Probability of default: this component estimates the probability of charge-off at different points in time over the life of each loan.

-93-

- Exposure at default: this component estimates the balance on the loan at the time of default. Given that there is no stated life of a receivable balance on a revolving credit card account, the Company applies a percentage of expected payments to estimate the balance that would remain at the time of charge-off.
- Recoveries from charged-off accounts are estimated separately and are netted as part of the aggregation of all of the components of the card loss modeling framework.
- The output of the above three components is adjusted to remove post measurement date activity.

For private student personal loans, the Company follows the same probability of default, exposure at default and personal recoveries framework as credit card loans. Personal loans have a stated life, therefore exposure at default is directly measurable with no adjustment needed.

For home loans, the Company uses vintage-based models that estimate expected credit losses over the life of the loan, net of recovery estimates, impacted mainly by time elapsed since origination, credit quality of origination vintages and macroeconomic forecasts.

The components described above for credit card, private student personal and personal home loans are developed utilizing historical data and applicable macroeconomic variable inputs based on statistical analysis and customer behavioral relationships with credit performance. Expected recoveries from loans charged off as of the balance sheet date are modeled separately and included in the allowance estimate. The Company leverages these models and recent macroeconomic forecasts for the portion of the estimate associated with the reasonable and supportable forecast period. To estimate expected credit losses for the remainder of the life of the credit card and personal loans, the Company reverts to historical experience of credit card and personal loans with characteristics similar to those as of the balance sheet date and observed over various phases of a credit cycle. To estimate expected credit losses for the remainder of the life of private student and personal home loans, the Company generally reverts to use of average macroeconomic variables industry and internal loan performance data over an appropriate historical period.

The considerations in these models include past and current loan performance, loan growth and seasoning, risk management practices, account collection strategies, economic conditions, bankruptcy filings, policy changes and forecasting uncertainties. Consideration of past and current loan performance includes the post-modification performance of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. For the credit card and personal loan portfolio, portfolios, the Company estimates its credit losses on a loan-level basis, which includes loans that are delinquent and/or no longer accruing interest and/or loans that have been restructured. For the remainder of its portfolio, including private student, personal and other home loans, the Company estimates its credit losses on

-93-

a pooled basis. For all loan types, recoveries are estimated at a pooled level based on estimates of future cash flows derived using historical experience.

Accrued interest receivable on credit card loans is included in the estimate of expected credit losses once billed to the customer (i.e., once the interest becomes part of the loan balance). Except as noted in the following sentence, an allowance for credit losses is not recorded for unbilled credit card interest or accrued interest receivable on other loan classes as the impact to the allowance for credit losses is not material. Accrued interest receivable on student loans that have not yet entered repayment is included in the estimate of expected credit losses.

No liability for expected credit losses is required for unused lines of credit on the Company's credit card loans because they are unconditionally cancellable. The Company records a liability for expected credit losses for As of December 31, 2024, none of the Company's other lending products feature unfunded commitments on all other loans, which is presented as part of accrued expenses and other liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial condition. This liability is evaluated quarterly for appropriateness and is maintained through an adjustment to the provision for credit losses. commitments.

As part of certain collection strategies, the Company may modify the terms of loans to customers experiencing financial hardship. Temporary and permanent modifications on credit card, personal and personal home loans as well as temporary modifications on private student loans and certain grants of private student loan forbearance are generally subject to disclosure as loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.

Loan receivables that have been modified are subject to the same requirements for the accrual of expected credit loss over their expected remaining lives as described above for unmodified loans. The effects of all loan modifications, whether or not they are subject to disclosure as loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, are reflected in the allowance for credit losses.

-94-

Premises and Equipment, net

Premises and equipment, net, are stated at cost less provisions for impairment and accumulated depreciation and amortization. Accumulated depreciation and amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Company periodically reviews the estimated useful lives and may adjust them as necessary. Buildings are depreciated over a period of thirty-nine years. The costs of improvements are capitalized and depreciated either over the asset's estimated useful life, typically ten years to fifteen years, or over the remaining term of the lease, when applicable. Furniture and fixtures are depreciated over a period of five years to ten years. Equipment is depreciated over three years to ten years. Maintenance and repairs are immediately expensed when incurred, while the costs of significant improvements are capitalized.

Purchased software and capitalized costs related to internally developed software are amortized over their useful lives of three years to ten years. Costs incurred during the application development stage related to internally developed software are capitalized. Costs are expensed as incurred during the preliminary project stage and post implementation stage. Once the capitalization criteria as defined in GAAP have been met, external direct costs incurred for materials and services used in developing or obtaining internal-use computer software and payroll and payroll-related costs for employees who are directly associated with the internal-use computer software project (to the extent those employees devoted time directly to the project) are capitalized. Amortization of capitalized costs begins when the software is ready for its intended use. Capitalized software is included in premises and equipment, net in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition. See Note 6: Premises and Equipment for further information about the Company's premises and equipment.

Cloud computing arrangements involving the licensing of software that meet certain criteria are recognized as the acquisition of software. Such assets are measured at the present value of the license obligation, if the license is to be paid over time, in addition to any capitalized upfront costs and amortized over the life of the arrangement. Cloud computing arrangements that do not meet the criteria to be recognized as acquired software are accounted for as service contracts. To date, none of the Company's cloud computing arrangements have met the criteria to be recognized as acquired software.

Premises and equipment are subject to impairment testing when events or conditions indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be fully recoverable from future cash flows. A test for recoverability is done by comparing the asset's carrying value to the sum of the undiscounted future net cash inflows expected to be generated from the use of the asset over its remaining useful life. Impairment exists if the sum of the undiscounted expected future net cash inflows is less than the carrying amount of the asset. Impairment would result in a write-down of the asset to its estimated fair value. The estimated fair values of these assets are based on the discounted present value of the stream of future net cash inflows expected to be derived over the remaining useful lives of the assets. If an impairment write-down is recorded, the remaining useful life of the asset will be evaluated to determine whether revision of the remaining amortization or depreciation period is appropriate.

-94-

Goodwill

Goodwill is recorded as part of the Company's acquisitions of businesses when the purchase price exceeds the fair value of the net tangible and separately identifiable intangible assets acquired. The Company's goodwill is not amortized, but rather is subject to an impairment test at the reporting unit level annually as of October 1, or between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. The Company's reported goodwill relates to PULSE, which it acquired in 2005. The Company's goodwill is tested for impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying value. If the fair value of the reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, goodwill is not impaired. If the carrying value exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss must be recognized in an amount equal to that excess, limited to the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. No impairment was identified during the impairment test conducted as of **October 1, 2023** October 1, 2024.

Other Real Estate Owned

Other real estate owned represents real estate received in full or partial satisfaction of a loan. Amounts are recorded at fair value, less costs to sell, generally based on property appraisals and classified in other assets on the consolidated statements of financial condition.

Stock-based Compensation

The Company measures the cost of services received from employees and non-employee directors in exchange for an award of stock-based compensation based on the grant-date fair value of the award. The cost, net of estimated forfeitures, is recognized over the requisite service period. Awards to employees who are retirement-eligible at any point during the year are amortized over 12 months in accordance with the vesting terms that apply under those circumstances. No compensation cost is recognized for awards that are subsequently forfeited.

-95-

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses television and radio advertising costs in the period in which the advertising is first aired and all other advertising costs as incurred. Advertising costs are recorded in marketing and business development and were **\$359 million** **\$329 million**, **\$307 million** **\$359 million** and **\$262 million** **\$307 million** for the years ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, **2022** 2023 and **2021**, 2022, respectively.

Income Taxes

Income tax expense is provided for using the asset and liability method, under which deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial reporting and income tax bases of assets and liabilities using currently enacted tax rates. Deferred tax assets are recognized when their realization is determined to be more likely than not. A valuation allowance is provided if the Company believes it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. An increase or decrease in the valuation allowance that results from a change in circumstances and which causes a change in management's judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset is included in the current tax provision. Uncertain tax positions are measured at the highest amount of tax benefit for which realization is judged to be more likely than not. Tax benefits that do not meet these criteria are unrecognized tax benefits. The Company recognizes and reports interest and penalties, if necessary, related to uncertain tax positions within its provision for income tax expense. See Note 15: Income Taxes for more information about the Company's income taxes.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The Company records unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, changes in the fair value of cash flow hedges and certain pension and foreign currency translation adjustments in other comprehensive income ("OCI") on an after-tax basis where applicable. The Company's policy is to adjust the tax effects of a component of AOCI in the same period in which the item is sold or otherwise derecognized, or when the carrying value of the item is remeasured. Details of OCI, net of tax, are presented in the statement of comprehensive income and a roll forward of AOCI is presented in the consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity and Note 13: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

Significant Revenue Recognition Accounting Policies

Loan Interest and Fee Income

Interest on loans is composed largely of interest on credit card loans and is recognized based on the amount of loans outstanding and their contractual interest rate. Interest on credit card loans is included in loan receivables when billed to the customer. The Company accrues unbilled interest revenue each month from a customer's billing cycle date to the end of the month. The Company applies an estimate of the percentage of loans that will revolve in the next cycle in the estimation of the accrued unbilled portion of interest revenue that is included in other assets on the consolidated statements of financial condition. Interest on other loan receivables is accrued each month in accordance with their contractual terms and recorded in other assets in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

The Company recognizes fees (except balance transfer fees and certain product fees) on loan receivables in interest income or loan fee income as the fees are assessed. Balance transfer fees and certain product fees are recognized in interest income or loan fee income ratably over the periods to which they relate. Balance transfer fees are accreted to interest income over the estimated life of the related balance. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, deferred revenues related to balance transfer fees, recorded as a reduction of loan receivables, were \$107 million \$83 million and \$85 million \$107 million, respectively. Loan fee income primarily consists of fees on credit card loans and includes late, cash advance, returned check and other miscellaneous fees and is reflected net of waivers and charge-offs.

Direct loan origination costs on credit card loans are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over a one year period and recorded in interest income from credit card loans. Direct loan origination costs on other loan receivables are deferred and amortized over the life of the loan using the interest method and are recorded in interest income from other loans. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the remaining unamortized deferred costs related to loan origination were \$306 million \$242 million and \$298 million \$306 million, respectively, and were recorded in loan receivables.

The Company accrues interest and fees on credit card and closed-end loan receivables until the loans are paid or charged off, except in instances of customer bankruptcy, death or suspected fraud, where no further interest and fee accruals occur following notification. Upon completion of the fraud investigation, non-fraudulent credit card and closed-end consumer loan receivables may resume accruing interest. Payments received on non-accrual loans are allocated

according to the same payment hierarchy applied to loans that are accruing interest. When loan receivables are charged off, unpaid accrued interest and fees are reversed against the income line items in which they were originally recorded in the consolidated statements of income. Charge-offs and recoveries of amounts that relate to capitalized interest on private student loans are treated as principal charge-offs and recoveries, affecting the provision for credit losses rather than interest income. The Company considers uncollectible interest and fee revenues in assessing the adequacy of the allowance for credit losses.

Interest income from loans disclosed as modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty is accounted for in the same manner as other accruing loans. Cash collections on these loans are allocated according to the same payment hierarchy applied to loans that have not been modified.

Discount and Interchange Revenue

The Company earns discount revenue from fees charged to merchants with whom it has entered into card acceptance agreements for processing credit card purchase transactions. The Company earns acquirer interchange revenue primarily from merchant acquirers on Discover Network, Diners Club and PULSE transactions made by credit and debit card customers at merchants with whom merchant acquirers have entered into card acceptance agreements for processing payment card transactions. These card acceptance arrangements generally renew automatically and do not have fixed durations. Under these agreements, the Company stands ready to process payment transactions as and when each is presented. The Company earns discount, interchange and similar fees only when transactions are processed. Contractually defined per-transaction fee amounts typically apply to each type of transaction processed and are recognized as revenue at the time each transaction is captured for settlement. These fees are typically collected by the Company as part of the process of settling transactions daily with merchants and acquirers and are fully earned at the time settlement is made.

The Company pays issuer interchange to card-issuing entities that have entered into contractual arrangements to issue cards on the Discover Network and on certain transactions on the Diners Club and PULSE networks. This cost is contractually established and is based on the card-issuing organization's transaction volume. The Company classifies this cost as a reduction of discount and interchange revenue. Costs of cardholder reward arrangements, including the Cashback Bonus reward program, are classified as reductions of discount and interchange revenue pursuant to

guidance under Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606 governing consideration payable to a customer. For both issuer interchange and transaction-based cardholder rewards, the Company accrues the cost at the time each underlying card transaction is captured for settlement.

Customer Rewards

The Company offers its customers various reward programs, including the Cashback Bonus reward program, pursuant to which the Company pays certain customers a reward equal to a percentage of their credit card purchase amounts based on the type and volume of the customer's purchases. The liability for customer rewards is recorded on an individual customer basis and is accumulated as qualified customers earn rewards through their ongoing credit card purchase activity or other defined actions. The Company recognizes customer rewards costs as a reduction of the related revenue, if any. In instances where a reward is not associated with a revenue-generating transaction, such as when a reward is given for opening an account, the reward cost is recorded as an operating expense. For the years ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, **2022** **2023** and **2021**, rewards costs amounted to **\$3.1 billion** **\$3.0 billion**, **\$3.0 billion** **\$3.1 billion** and **\$2.5 billion** **\$3.0 billion**, respectively. The liability for customer rewards was **\$2.1 billion** and **\$2.2 billion** at **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively, and is included in accrued expenses and other liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial condition.

Protection Products Revenue

The Company earns revenue related to fees received for providing ancillary products and services, including payment protection and identity theft protection services, to its credit card customers. A portion of this revenue comprises amounts earned for arranging for the delivery of products offered by third-party service providers. The amount of revenue recorded is generally based on either a percentage of a customer's outstanding balance or a flat fee, in either case assessed monthly and recognized as earned. These contracts are month-to-month arrangements that are cancellable at any time. The Company recognizes each monthly fee in the period to which the service or coverage relates.

-97-

Transaction Processing Revenue

Transaction processing revenue represents switch fees charged to financial institutions and merchants under network participation agreements for processing ATM and debit transactions over the PULSE network, as well as various participation and membership fees. Network participation agreements generally renew automatically and do not have fixed durations, although the Company does enter into fixed-term pricing or incentive arrangements with certain network participants. Similar to discount and interchange fees, switch fees are contractually defined per-transaction fee amounts and are assessed and recognized as revenue at the time each transaction is captured for settlement. These fees are typically collected by the Company as part of the process of settling transactions with network participants. Membership and other participation fees are recognized over the periods to which each fee relates.

Other Income

Other income includes gains and losses on equity investments, sales-based royalty revenues earned by Diners Club, merchant fees, revenues from network partners and other miscellaneous revenue items. Unrealized gains and losses on equity investments carried at fair value are recognized quarterly based on changes in their respective fair values. Sales-based royalty revenues are recognized as the related sales are reported by Diners franchisees. All remaining items of other income are recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied.

Future Revenue Associated with Customer Contracts

For contracts under which the Company processes payment card transactions, the Company has the right to assess fees for services performed and to collect those fees through the settlement process. The Company generates essentially all of its discount and interchange revenue and transaction processing revenue, as well as some revenue reported as other income, through such contracts. There is no specified quantity of service promised in these contracts as the number of payment transactions is dependent upon cardholder behavior, which is outside the control of the Company and its network customers (i.e., merchants, acquirers, issuers and other network participants). As noted above, these contracts are typically without fixed durations and renew automatically. For these reasons, the Company does not make or disclose an estimate of revenue associated with performance obligations attributable to the remaining terms of these contracts. Future revenue associated with the Company's sales-based royalty revenues earned from Diners Club licensees is similarly variable and open-ended and therefore the Company does not make or disclose an estimate of royalties associated with performance obligations attributable to the remaining terms of the licensing and

-97-

royalty arrangements. Because of the nature of the services and the manner of collection associated with the majority of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers, material receivables or deferred revenues are not generated.

Incentive Payments

The Company makes certain incentive payments under contractual arrangements with financial institutions, Diners Club licensees, merchants, acquirers and certain other customers. These payments are generally classified as contra-revenue unless a distinct good or service is received by the Company in exchange for the payment and the fair value of the good or service can be reasonably estimated. If no such good or service is identified, then the entire payment is classified as contra-revenue and included in the consolidated statements of income in the line item where the related revenues are recorded. If the payment gives rise to an asset because it is expected to directly or indirectly contribute to future net cash inflows, it is deferred and recognized over the expected benefit period. The unamortized portion of the deferred incentive payments included in other assets on the consolidated statements of financial condition was **\$28 million** and **\$27 million** at **December 31, 2024** and **\$32 million** at **December 31, 2023** and **2022**, **2023**, respectively.

3. Investments

The Company's other short-term investments and investment securities consist of the following (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| U.S. Treasury ⁽¹⁾ and U.S. GSE ⁽²⁾ securities | \$ 12,937 | \$ 11,423 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ | 718 | 785 |
| Total investment securities | <u><u>\$ 13,655</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 12,208</u></u> |

| | December 31, | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| U.S. Treasury bills ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 5,423 | \$ — |
| Total other short-term investments | <u><u>\$ 5,423</u></u> | <u><u>\$ —</u></u> |
| U.S. Treasury ⁽²⁾ and U.S. GSE ⁽³⁾ securities | \$ 13,988 | \$ 12,937 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽⁴⁾ | 642 | 718 |
| Total investment securities | <u><u>\$ 14,630</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 13,655</u></u> |

(1) \$320 million includes U.S. Treasury bills with maturity dates greater than 90 days but less than one year at the time of acquisition.

(2) Includes \$364 million and \$97 million \$320 million of U.S. Treasury securities pledged as swap collateral as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

(3) Consists of securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") as of December 31, 2023.

(4) Consists primarily of securities issued by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, or Ginnie Mae.

-98-

The amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value of available-for-sale and held-to-maturity investment securities are as follows (dollars in millions):

| | Amortized Cost | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | | | | | | |
| Total available-for-sale investment securities | | | | | | | | | |
| Held-to-Maturity Investment Securities⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Total held-to-maturity investment securities | | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |

| |
|--|
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Total available-for-sale investment securities |
| Held-to-Maturity Investment Securities⁽²⁾ |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ |
| Total held-to-maturity investment securities |
| December 31, 2022 |
| December 31, 2022 |
| December 31, 2022 |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities⁽¹⁾ |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Total available-for-sale investment securities |
| Held-to-Maturity Investment Securities⁽²⁾ |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽³⁾ |
| Total held-to-maturity investment securities |

(1) Available-for-sale investment securities are reported at fair value.

(2) Held-to-maturity investment securities are reported at amortized cost.

(3) Amounts represent residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS") that were classified as held-to-maturity as they were entered into as a part of the Company's community reinvestment initiatives.

The Company primarily invests in U.S. Treasury obligations and securities issued by a U.S. government agencies agency ("Agency") or U.S. GSEs, which have long histories with no credit losses and are explicitly or implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. federal government. Therefore, management has concluded that there is no expectation of non-payment on its investment securities and does not record an allowance for credit losses on these investments. In addition, the Company does not have the intent to sell any available-for-sale securities in an unrealized loss position and does not believe it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell any such security before recovery of its amortized cost basis.

The following table provides information about available-for-sale investment securities with aggregate gross unrealized losses and the length of time that individual investment securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position (dollars in millions):

| | Less than 12 months | | | More than 12 months | | | Less than 12 months | | | More than 12 months | | |
|---|---|---|------------|---------------------|------------|-------------------|---|------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| | Number of Securities in a Loss Position | Number of Securities in a Loss Position | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Number of Securities in a Loss Position | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Unrealized Losses | |
| December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| At December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | | | | | | | | | | | | |

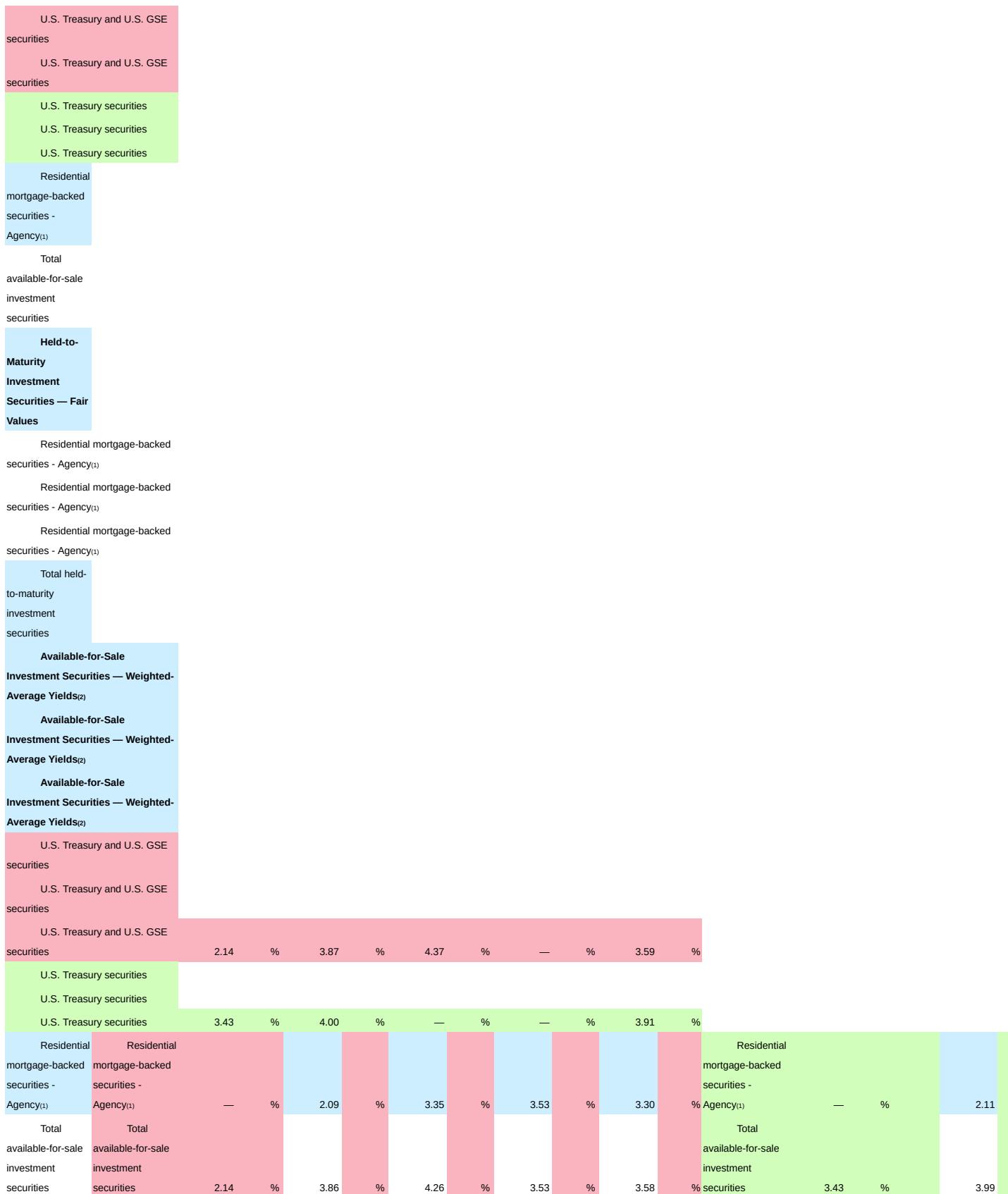
| | |
|---|--|
| U.S. Treasury securities | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | |
| At December 31, 2023 | |
| At December 31, 2023 | |
| At December 31, 2023 | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | |
| December 31, 2022 | |
| December 31, 2022 | |
| December 31, 2022 | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | |

-99-

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had \$8 million in proceeds from the sales of available-for-sale securities. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Company had no sales of available-for-sale securities. The Company received \$5 million of proceeds from the sale of available-for-sale securities during the year ended December 31, 2021. See Note 13: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income for unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities during the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022.

Maturities and weighted-average yields of available-for-sale debt securities and held-to-maturity debt securities are provided in the following table (dollars in millions):

| | | After One Year | | | | | After Five Years | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|-------|--|
| | | One Year or Less | | Through Five Years | | Through Ten Years | | After Ten Years | | Total | |
| | | After One Year or Less | After Five Years | Years Through Five Years | Years Through Ten Years | Years After Ten Years | Total | | | | |
| | At December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | At December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities — Amortized Cost | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total available-for-sale investment securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Held-to-Maturity Investment Securities — Amortized Cost | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total held-to-maturity investment securities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities — Fair Values | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities — Fair Values | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities — Fair Values | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities | | | | | | | | | | | |





(1) Maturities of RMBS are reflective of the contractual maturities of the investment.

(2) The weighted-average yield for available-for-sale investment securities is calculated based on the amortized cost.

Taxable interest on investment securities was \$449 million \$521 million, \$179 million \$449 million and \$182 million \$179 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively. U.S. federal income tax-exempt interest on investment securities for the year ended December 31, 2024 was immaterial. There was no U.S. federal income tax-exempt interest on investment securities for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, 2022.

Other Investments

As a part of the Company's community reinvestment initiatives, the Company has made equity investments in certain limited partnerships and limited liability companies that finance the construction and rehabilitation of affordable rental housing and stimulate economic development in low- to moderate-income communities. These investments are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are recorded within other assets. The related commitment for future investments is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities within assets on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition. The portion of each investment's operating results allocable to the Company reduces the carrying value of the investments and is recorded in other expense within the consolidated statements of income. The Company further reduces the carrying value of the investments by recognizing any amounts that are in excess of future net tax benefits in other expense. The Company earns a return primarily through tax credits allocated to the affordable housing projects and the community revitalization projects. The Company does not consolidate these investments as the Company does

-100-

not have a controlling financial interest in the investee entities. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the Company had outstanding investments in these entities of \$514 million \$538 million and \$416 million \$514 million, respectively, and related contingent liabilities for unconditional and legally binding delayed equity contributions of \$187 million \$223 million and \$111 million \$187 million, respectively. Of the above outstanding equity investments, year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had \$456 million recognized \$62 million of amortization of the investments in income tax expense. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$71 million of income tax credits and \$375 million of other income tax benefits recorded in income tax expense. Non-income tax benefits comprised only immaterial cash distributions from these investments related to affordable housing projects as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which had \$155 million and \$100 million of related contingent liabilities for unconditional and legally binding delayed equity contributions, respectively, during the year ended December 31, 2024.

-100-

The Company holds non-controlling equity positions in several payment services entities and third-party venture capital funds, which invest in such entities. Most of the direct investments in such entities are not subject to equity method accounting because the Company does not have significant influence over the investee. The Company's investments in third-party venture capital funds represent limited partnership interests and are accounted for under the equity method. The common or preferred equity securities that the Company holds typically do not have readily determinable fair values. As a result, these investments are carried at cost minus impairment, if any. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the carrying value of these investments, which are recorded within other assets on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, was \$35 million \$38 million and \$39 million \$35 million, respectively.

The Company also holds non-controlling equity positions in payment service entities that have actively traded stock and therefore have readily determinable fair values. As a result, these investments are carried at fair value based on the quoted share prices. As of December 31, 2023, the carrying values of these investments, which are recorded within other assets on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, were immaterial. As of December 31, 2022, the carrying values of these investments were \$41

million. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized an immaterial net loss on the consolidated statements of income related to these investments. The Company recognized a net loss of \$214 million during the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company recognized a net gain of approximately \$423 million during the year ended December 31, 2021.

4. Loan Receivables

The Company has two loan portfolio segments: credit card loans and other loans.

The Company's classes of receivables within the two portfolio segments are depicted in the following table (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Credit card loans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | | |
| Other loans ⁽³⁾ | | |
| Private student loans ⁽⁴⁾ | | |
| Private student loans ⁽⁴⁾ | | |
| Private student loans ⁽⁴⁾ | | |
| Personal loans | | |
| Home loans | | |
| Other loans | | |
| Total other loans | | |
| Total loan receivables | | |
| Allowance for credit losses | | |
| Net loan receivables | | |

(1) Amounts include carrying values of \$14.8 billion \$10.8 billion and \$13.5 billion \$14.8 billion underlying investors' interest in trust debt at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, and \$15.6 \$18.6 billion and \$12.2 \$15.6 billion in seller's interest at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively. See Note 5: Credit Card and Private Student Loan Securitization Activities for additional information.

(2) Unbilled accrued interest receivable on credit card loans, which is presented as part of other assets in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, was \$785 million and \$753 million at December 31, 2024 and \$611 million at December 31, 2023 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

(3) Accrued interest receivable on personal and home loans, which is presented as part of other assets in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, was \$77 million and \$30 million, respectively, at December 31, 2024. Accrued interest receivable on private student, personal and other home loans, which is presented as part of other assets in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, was \$522 million, \$69 million and \$21 million, respectively, at December 31, 2023 and \$468 million, \$49 million and \$11 million, respectively, at December 31, 2022.

(4) Private At December 31, 2023, there were \$6.3 billion of private student loans in repayment were \$6.3 billion and \$6.0 billion at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, repayment.

-101-

Credit Quality Indicators

As part of credit risk management activities, on an ongoing basis, the Company reviews information related to the performance of a customer's account with the Company and information from credit bureaus, such as FICO or other credit scores, relating to the customer's broader credit performance. The Company actively monitors key credit quality indicators, including FICO scores and delinquency status, for credit card, private student personal and personal home loans. These indicators are important to understand the overall credit performance of the Company's customers and their ability to repay.

FICO scores are generally obtained at the origination of the account and are refreshed monthly or quarterly thereafter to assist in predicting customer behavior. Historically, the Company has noted that accounts with FICO scores below 660 have larger delinquencies and credit losses than those with higher credit scores.

-101-

The following table provides the distribution of the amortized cost basis (excluding accrued interest receivable presented in other assets) by the most recent FICO scores available for the Company's customers for credit card, private student personal and personal home loan receivables (dollars in millions):

| | Credit Risk Profile by FICO Score | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------|
| | December 31, | |
| | 2023 | 2022 |

| | Less than 660 or No Score | | | | Less than 660 or No Score | | | |
|--|------------------------------|------|---------------|------|------------------------------|------|---------------|------|
| | 660 and Above | | 660 and Above | | 660 and Above | | 660 and Above | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Credit card loans | \$ 82,238 | 80 % | \$ 20,021 | 20 % | \$ 73,827 | 82 % | \$ 16,286 | 18 % |
| Private student loans by origination year ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ 1,010 | 94 % | \$ 69 | 6 % | | | | |
| 2022 | 1,495 | 95 % | 85 | 5 % | \$ 1,172 | 94 % | \$ 77 | 6 % |
| 2021 | 1,468 | 94 % | 91 | 6 % | 1,668 | 95 % | 81 | 5 % |
| 2020 | 1,180 | 94 % | 75 | 6 % | 1,365 | 95 % | 65 | 5 % |
| 2019 | 1,039 | 93 % | 76 | 7 % | 1,221 | 95 % | 67 | 5 % |
| Prior | 3,498 | 93 % | 266 | 7 % | 4,306 | 94 % | 286 | 6 % |
| Total private student loans | \$ 9,690 | 94 % | \$ 662 | 6 % | \$ 9,732 | 94 % | \$ 576 | 6 % |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ 5,149 | 98 % | \$ 100 | 2 % | | | | |
| 2022 | 2,604 | 93 % | 187 | 7 % | \$ 4,270 | 98 % | \$ 77 | 2 % |
| 2021 | 1,049 | 92 % | 91 | 8 % | 1,958 | 96 % | 91 | 4 % |
| 2020 | 355 | 92 % | 29 | 8 % | 790 | 95 % | 40 | 5 % |
| 2019 | 169 | 88 % | 22 | 12 % | 444 | 92 % | 38 | 8 % |
| Prior | 78 | 80 % | 19 | 20 % | 249 | 86 % | 41 | 14 % |
| Total personal loans | \$ 9,404 | 95 % | \$ 448 | 5 % | \$ 7,711 | 96 % | \$ 287 | 4 % |

(1) FICO score represents the higher credit score of the cosigner or borrower.

| | Credit Risk Profile by FICO Score | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|------------------------------|------|---------------|------|------------------------------|------|
| | December 31, | | | | | | | |
| | 2024 | | | | 2023 | | | |
| | 660 and Above | | Less than 660 or No Score | | 660 and Above | | Less than 660 or No Score | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Credit card loans | \$ 82,422 | 80 % | \$ 20,364 | 20 % | \$ 82,238 | 80 % | \$ 20,021 | 20 % |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 4,712 | 99 % | \$ 66 | 1 % | | | | |
| 2023 | 3,042 | 94 % | 203 | 6 % | \$ 5,149 | 98 % | \$ 100 | 2 % |
| 2022 | 1,355 | 90 % | 157 | 10 % | 2,604 | 93 % | 187 | 7 % |
| 2021 | 478 | 89 % | 60 | 11 % | 1,049 | 92 % | 91 | 8 % |
| 2020 | 136 | 90 % | 15 | 10 % | 355 | 92 % | 29 | 8 % |
| Prior | 74 | 82 % | 16 | 18 % | 247 | 86 % | 41 | 14 % |
| Total personal loans | \$ 9,797 | 95 % | \$ 517 | 5 % | \$ 9,404 | 95 % | \$ 448 | 5 % |
| Home loans by origination year | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 2,853 | 100 % | \$ 13 | — % | | | | |
| 2023 | 2,293 | 97 % | 77 | 3 % | \$ 2,614 | 97 % | \$ 86 | 3 % |
| 2022 | 1,442 | 97 % | 48 | 3 % | 1,668 | 97 % | 56 | 3 % |
| 2021 | 653 | 97 % | 19 | 3 % | 765 | 97 % | 22 | 3 % |
| 2020 | 305 | 97 % | 11 | 3 % | 359 | 97 % | 12 | 3 % |
| Prior | 240 | 96 % | 9 | 4 % | 294 | 95 % | 14 | 5 % |
| Total home loans | \$ 7,786 | 98 % | \$ 177 | 2 % | \$ 5,700 | 97 % | \$ 190 | 3 % |

Delinquencies are an indicator of credit quality at a point in time. A loan balance is considered delinquent when contractual payments on the loan become 30 days past due.

The amortized cost basis (excluding accrued interest receivable presented in other assets) of delinquent loans in the Company's loan portfolio is shown below for credit card, private student personal and personal home loan receivables (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | 2023 | | | 2022 | | |
| | 90 or | | Total Past Due | 90 or | | Total Past Due |
| | 30-89 Days Delinquent | More Days Delinquent | | 30-89 Days Delinquent | More Days Delinquent | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 2,038 | \$ 1,917 | \$ 3,955 | \$ 1,250 | \$ 1,028 | \$ 2,278 |
| Private student loans by origination year ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2022 | 7 | 2 | 9 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2021 | 18 | 6 | 24 | 6 | 1 | 7 |
| 2020 | 20 | 7 | 27 | 14 | 3 | 17 |
| 2019 | 24 | 9 | 33 | 19 | 5 | 24 |
| Prior | 132 | 46 | 178 | 128 | 36 | 164 |
| Total private student loans | \$ 201 | \$ 70 | \$ 271 | \$ 167 | \$ 45 | \$ 212 |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ 26 | \$ 8 | \$ 34 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2022 | 44 | 16 | 60 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2021 | 20 | 8 | 28 | 15 | 6 | 21 |
| 2020 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 10 |
| 2019 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 6 | 2 | 8 |
| Prior | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| Total personal loans | \$ 104 | \$ 39 | \$ 143 | \$ 47 | \$ 16 | \$ 63 |

(1) Private student loans may include a deferment period, during which borrowers are not required to make payments while enrolled in school at least half time as determined by the school. During a deferment period, these loans do not advance into delinquency.

| | December 31, | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | 2024 | | | 2023 | | |
| | 90 or | | Total Past Due | 90 or | | Total Past Due |
| | 30-89 Days Delinquent | More Days Delinquent | | 30-89 Days Delinquent | More Days Delinquent | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 1,964 | \$ 1,980 | \$ 3,944 | \$ 2,038 | \$ 1,917 | \$ 3,955 |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 21 | \$ 7 | \$ 28 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2023 | 51 | 21 | 72 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2022 | 34 | 15 | 49 | 44 | 16 | 60 |
| 2021 | 11 | 6 | 17 | 20 | 8 | 28 |
| 2020 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 9 |
| Prior | 3 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 12 |
| Total personal loans | \$ 123 | \$ 51 | \$ 174 | \$ 104 | \$ 39 | \$ 143 |
| Home loans by origination year | | | | | | |
| 2024 | \$ 4 | \$ 1 | \$ 5 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2023 | 17 | 9 | 26 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — |
| 2022 | 20 | 14 | 34 | 12 | 5 | 17 |
| 2021 | 9 | 8 | 17 | 7 | 5 | 12 |
| 2020 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Prior | 4 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 10 |
| Total home loans | \$ 58 | \$ 40 | \$ 98 | \$ 32 | \$ 19 | \$ 51 |

Allowance for Credit Losses

The following tables provide changes in the Company's allowance for credit losses (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | | | |
| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | | | |
| | Credit Card Loans | Student Loans | Private Personal Loans | Home Loans |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | |
| Additions | | | | |
| Additions | | | | |
| Additions | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | | |
| | | Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Student Personal Loans |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | |
| Cumulative effect of ASU No. 2022-02 adoption ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Cumulative effect of ASU No. 2022-02 adoption ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2023 | | | | |
| Additions | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | |

| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Recoveries | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Personal Loans | Other Loans | Total Loans | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Credit Card Loans | Private Student Loans | Personal Loans | Other Loans | Total Loans | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Additions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Provision for credit losses ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deductions | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Recoveries | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net charge-offs | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | |

Balance at December 31, 2021

(1) Represents the adjustment to the allowance for credit losses as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2020-02 on January 1, 2023, which eliminated the requirement to apply discounted cash flow measurements for certain troubled debt restructurings.

(2) Excludes a **\$1 million** **\$40 million**, **\$10 million** **\$1 million** and **\$9 million** **\$10 million** adjustment to the liability for expected credit losses on unfunded commitments for the years ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, **2022** 2023 and **2021**, 2022, respectively, as the liability is recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition. With the sale of the private student loan portfolio in 2024, a liability for expected credit losses on unfunded commitments is no longer recorded.

(3) Represents the adjustment to the allowance for credit losses as a result of the adoption of ASU No. 2022-02 on January 1, 2023, which eliminated the requirement to apply discounted cash flow measurements for certain troubled debt restructurings.

The allowance for credit losses was approximately **\$9.3 billion** **\$8.3 billion** at **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, which reflects a **\$1.9 billion** **build** **\$1.0 billion** **release** from the amount of the allowance for credit losses at **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023. The **build** **release** in the allowance for credit losses between **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024 and **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, was primarily driven by the reversal of the private student loans' allowance due to the sale of the student loan growth, increasing delinquencies, and macroeconomic variables impacting household cash flows portfolio.

-104-

The allowance estimation process begins with a loss forecast that uses certain macroeconomic variables and multiple macroeconomic scenarios among its inputs. In estimating the allowance at **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, the Company used a macroeconomic forecast that projected the following weighted average amounts: (i) unemployment rate ending **2024** 2025 at **4.17%** **4.56%** and, within the Company's reasonable and supportable period, peaking at **4.26%** **4.7%** in the **second** **third** quarter of 2025 and (ii) **1.36%** **1.8%** growth rate in real gross domestic product in **2024**, 2025.

In estimating expected credit losses, the Company considered the uncertainties associated with borrower behavior and payment trends, as well as recent and expected macroeconomic conditions such as high including those relating to consumer price inflation and the fiscal and monetary policy responses to that inflation. The Federal Reserve raised its acted to reduce the federal funds rate target range substantially during 2022 by 100 basis points since September 2024 citing improvement in inflation outlook and shifting focus to ensuring robust economic growth. While Federal Reserve officials believe recent trends in inflation and employment continue to be supportive of a less restrictive monetary policy in the first three quarters longer-term, near-term outlook is less certain as inflation persists at higher than targeted levels while economic output and labor market data remains strong. The timing and magnitude of 2023 rate decreases throughout 2025 will be dependent on closely monitored trends in an effort to slow economic growth and reduce inflation. Although real GDP growth data, particularly inflation and labor market conditions, have exceeded most economists' expectations this year, restrictive and monetary policy as manifested in relatively high interest rates, is expected to remain restrictive. As easing of monetary policy typically precedes weaker consumer credit conditions caused by rising unemployment as and slowing economic growth, slows. Credit the Company sees a pause in reducing interest rates as a sign of observed economic resilience. While credit performance in the Company's Company's lending portfolios has evolved in line with its expectations, this year, but may weaken if the economy fails to avert a recession in response to tighter credit conditions or other factors. The Company assessed the prospects for various macroeconomic outcomes in setting its allowance for credit losses.

The forecast period the Company deemed to be reasonable and supportable was 18 months for all periods presented. The **18 months** **18-months** reasonable and supportable forecast period was deemed appropriate given the current economic conditions. For all periods presented, the Company determined that a reversion period of 12 months was appropriate for the same reason. The Company applied a weighted reversion method to provide a more reasonable transition to historical losses for all loan products for all periods presented.

The net charge-offs for credit card loans, private student loans personal and personal home loans increased for the year ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, when compared to the year ended **December 31, 2022** December 31, 2023, primarily due to portfolio seasoning.

Net charge-offs of principal are recorded against the allowance for credit losses, as shown in the preceding table. Information regarding net charge-offs of interest and fee revenues on credit card and other loans is as follows (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Interest and fees accrued subsequently charged off, net of recoveries (recorded as a reduction of interest income) | \$ 681 | \$ 303 | \$ 286 |
| Fees accrued subsequently charged off, net of recoveries (recorded as a reduction to other income) | \$ 192 | \$ 100 | \$ 75 |
| (1) | | | |
| For the Years Ended December 31, | | | |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Interest and fees accrued subsequently charged off, net of recoveries (recorded as a reduction of interest income) | \$ 1,105 | \$ 681 | \$ 303 |
| Fees accrued subsequently charged off, net of recoveries (recorded as a reduction to other income) | \$ 256 | \$ 192 | \$ 100 |

(1) Amounts presented in this table include charge-offs related to private student loans through June 30, 2024, the date those loans were transferred to held-for-sale classification.

-105-

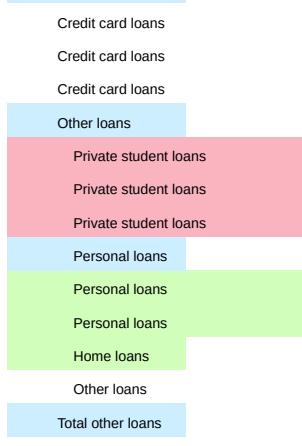
Gross principal charge-offs of the Company's loan portfolio are presented in the table below, on a year-to-date basis, for credit card, **private student personal** and **personal home** loan receivables (dollars in millions):

| | For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2023 | For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2024 | For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2023 |
|---|---|---|---|
| Credit card loans | | | |
| Private student loans by origination year | | | |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | |
| 2024 | | | |
| 2024 | | | |
| 2024 | | | |
| 2023 | | | |
| 2023 | | | |
| 2023 | | | |
| 2022 | | | |
| 2021 | | | |
| 2020 | | | |
| 2019 | | | |
| Prior | | | |
| Total private student loans | | | |
| Personal loans by origination year | | | |
| Total personal loans | | | |
| Home loans by origination year | | | |
| 2024 | | | |
| 2024 | | | |
| 2024 | | | |
| 2023 | | | |
| 2023 | | | |
| 2023 | | | |
| 2022 | | | |
| 2021 | | | |
| 2020 | | | |
| 2019 | | | |
| Prior | | | |
| Total personal loans | | | |
| Total home loans | | | |

Delinquent and Non-Accruing Loans

The amortized cost basis (excluding accrued interest receivable presented in other assets) of delinquent and non-accruing loans in the Company's loan portfolio is shown below for each class of loan receivables (dollars in millions):⁽¹⁾

| | 30-89 Days Delinquent | 30-89 Days Delinquent | 90 or More Days Delinquent | Total Past Due | 90 or More Days Delinquent and Accruing | Total Non- accruing ⁽²⁾ | 30-89 Days Delinquent | 90 or More Days Delinquent | Total Past Due | 90 or More Days Delinquent and Accruing | Total Non- accruing ⁽²⁾ |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| <u>December 31,</u> <u>2024</u> | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | | | | | |



(1) The payment status of both modified and unmodified loans is included in this table.

(2) The Company estimates that the gross interest income that would have been recorded under the original terms of non-accruing credit card loans was \$37 million \$35 million, \$23 million \$37 million and \$28 million \$23 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022, respectively. The Company does not separately track the amount of gross interest income that would have been recorded under the original terms of loans. Instead, the Company estimated this amount based on customers' current balances and most recent interest rates, rates.

Loan Modifications to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty

The Company has internal loan modification programs that provide relief to credit card, private student personal and personal home loan borrowers who are experiencing financial hardship. The internal loan modification programs include both temporary and permanent programs, which vary by product. External loan modification programs, through third party consumer credit counseling agencies, are also available for credit card and personal loans. Those programs feature interest rate reductions, payment delays, term extensions, or a combination thereof.

For credit card customers, the Company offers both temporary and permanent hardship programs. The temporary hardship programs consist of an interest rate reduction lasting for a period no longer than 12 months. Charging privileges on these accounts are generally suspended while in the program. However, if the customer meets certain criteria, charging privileges may be reinstated following completion of the program.

The permanent modification program involves closing the account, changing the structure of the loan to a fixed payment loan with a maturity no longer than 72 months and reducing the interest rate on the loan. The permanent modification program does not typically provide for the forgiveness of unpaid principal, but may allow for the reversal of certain unpaid interest or fee assessments. The Company also makes permanent loan modifications for customers who request financial assistance through external sources, such as a consumer credit counseling agency program. These loans typically receive a reduced interest rate, typically continue to be subject to the original minimum payment terms and do not normally include waiver of unpaid principal, interest or fees.

To assist private student loan borrowers who are experiencing temporary financial difficulties but are willing to resume making payments, the Company has offered a payment delay (in the form of hardship forbearance or temporary payment reduction), or a payment delay (in the form of a temporary payment reduction) combined with a temporary interest rate reduction. During 2023, programs were offered up to six consecutive months at one time with a lifetime usage cap, most commonly, of 12 months.

For personal loan customers, the Company offers various payment programs, including temporary and permanent programs, in certain situations. The temporary programs normally consist of reducing the minimum payment for no longer than 12 months and, in certain circumstances, the interest rate on the loan is reduced. The permanent programs involve extending the loan term and, in certain circumstances, reducing the interest rate on the loan. The total term of the loan, including modification, may not exceed nine years. The Company also allows permanent loan modifications for customers who request financial assistance through external sources, similar to the credit card customers discussed above. Payments are modified based on the new terms agreed upon with the credit counseling agency.

For home loan customers experiencing financial difficulties, the Company offers relief in the form of interest rate reductions and term extensions. Detailed quantitative disclosures about home loan modifications have been omitted because the amounts are immaterial in the periods presented.

In addition to the programs described above, the Company will in certain cases accept partial payment in full satisfaction of the outstanding receivable. This is a form of principal forgiveness also known as a settlement. The difference between the loan balance and the amount received ¹⁰⁷ at settlement is recorded as a charge-off.

The Company monitors borrower performance after using payment programs or forbearance programs. The Company believes the programs are useful in assisting customers experiencing financial difficulties and allowing them to make timely payments. In addition to helping customers with their credit needs, these programs are designed to maximize collections and ultimately the Company's profitability. The Company plans to continue to use payment programs to provide relief to customers experiencing financial difficulties.

ASU No. 2022-02, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures, became effective for the Company on January 1, 2023. The new guidance eliminated Subtopic 310-40, Troubled Debt Restructurings, and implemented enhanced disclosure requirements regarding loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. The new disclosures are required to be applied on a prospective basis. There will be no comparative disclosures to prior periods until such time as both periods disclosed are subject to the new guidance.

The following table provides the period-end amortized cost basis, by modification category, of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that entered a modification program during the period (dollars in millions). Some of the loans presented in the table below may no longer be enrolled in a program at period-end:

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31,

2023

| Credit card loans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | |
|---|----------|
| Interest rate reduction | \$ 2,330 |
| Total credit card loans ⁽³⁾ | \$ 2,330 |
| % of total class of financing receivables | 2.28 % |
| Private student loans ⁽¹⁾ | |
| Payment delay ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ 33 |
| Interest rate reduction and payment delay ⁽⁴⁾ | 143 |
| Total private student loans ⁽³⁾ | \$ 176 |
| % of total class of financing receivables | 1.70 % |
| Personal loans ⁽¹⁾ | |
| Payment delay ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ 10 |
| Term extension ⁽⁵⁾ | 29 |
| Interest rate reduction and payment delay ⁽⁴⁾ | 65 |
| Interest rate reduction and term extension ⁽⁵⁾ | 29 |
| Total personal loans ⁽³⁾ | \$ 133 |
| % of total class of financing receivables | 1.35 % |

For the Twelve Months Ended December 31,

2024 2023

| Credit card loans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | |
|---|-------------------|
| Interest rate reduction | \$ 3,425 \$ 2,330 |
| Total credit card loans ⁽³⁾ | \$ 3,425 \$ 2,330 |
| % of total class of financing receivables | 3.33 % 2.28 % |
| Personal loans ⁽¹⁾ | |
| Payment delay ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ 13 \$ 10 |
| Term extension ⁽⁵⁾ | 41 29 |
| Interest rate reduction and payment delay ⁽⁴⁾ | 91 65 |
| Interest rate reduction and term extension ⁽⁵⁾ | 45 29 |
| Total personal loans ⁽³⁾ | \$ 190 \$ 133 |
| % of total class of financing receivables | 1.84 % 1.35 % |

- (1) Accrued interest receivable (including unbilled accrued interest receivable for credit card loans) on modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, which is presented as part of other assets in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of financial condition, was immaterial at December 31, 2023, December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- (2) Accounts that entered a credit card loan modification program include \$616 million and \$408 million that were converted from revolving line-of-credit arrangements to term loans during the year years ended December 31, 2023, December 31, 2024 and 2023.
- (3) For settlements, the amortized cost basis is zero at period-end and therefore there is no amount reported for principal forgiveness in the table above. See financial effects table below for principal forgiveness to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty.
- (4) The Company defines a payment delay as a temporary reduction in payments below the original contractually required payment amounts (e.g., interest only interest-only payments). The Company's credit card loan modification programs do not result in an other than insignificant delay in payment.
- (5) The Company defines term extensions as only those modifications for which the maturity date is extended beyond the original contractual maturity date by virtue of a change in terms other than a payment delay as defined above. Modifications to credit card loans are not considered term extensions because credit card loans do not have a fixed repayment term.

The only non-cancellable commitments the Company has to lend additional funds to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty relate to certain private student loans. As of December 31, 2023, the amount of such commitments associated with loans modified during the periods presented was immaterial.

-108-

The following table provides information on the financial effects of loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty, by modification type, made during the period (dollars in millions):

| | For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, | |
|---|--|---------|
| | 2023 | |
| Credit card loans | | |
| Weighted-average interest rate reduction | | 13.85 % |
| Principal forgiven | \$ | 121 |
| Interest and fees forgiven ⁽¹⁾ | \$ | 117 |
| Private student loans | | |
| Weighted-average interest rate reduction | | 8.91 % |
| Payment delay duration (in months) ⁽²⁾ | | 6 to 12 |
| Principal forgiven | \$ | — |
| Personal loans | | |
| Weighted-average interest rate reduction | | 12.28 % |
| Weighted-average term extension (in months) | | 39 |
| Payment delay duration (in months) ⁽²⁾ | | 6 to 12 |
| Principal forgiven | \$ | — |

| | For the Twelve Months Ended December 31, | |
|---|--|---------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Credit card loans | | |
| Weighted-average interest rate reduction | 14.33 % | 13.85 % |
| Principal forgiven | \$ 229 | \$ 121 |
| Interest and fees forgiven ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 219 | \$ 117 |
| Personal loans | | |
| Weighted-average interest rate reduction | 13.61 % | 12.28 % |
| Weighted-average term extension (in months) | 48 | 39 |
| Payment delay duration (in months) ⁽²⁾ | 6 to 12 | 6 to 12 |

(1) Represents the amount of interest and fees forgiven resulting from accounts entering into a credit card loan modification program and pre-charge off settlements. Interest and fees forgiven are reversed against the respective line items in the consolidated statements of income.

(2) During 2023, private student loan payment delays were offered up to six consecutive months at one time with a lifetime usage cap, most commonly, of 12 months. For 2024, for personal loan payment delays, the Company limits this assistance to a life of loan maximum of 12 months.

Loan receivables that have been modified are subject to the same requirements for the accrual of expected credit loss over their expected remaining lives as for unmodified loans. The allowance for credit losses incorporates modeling of historical loss data and thereby captures the higher risk associated with modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty based on their account attributes.

-108-

The following table presents the payment status and period-end amortized cost basis, by class of loan receivable, of loans that were modified on or after January 1, 2023 to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the 12 months preceding each of the periods presented (dollars in millions):⁽¹⁾

| | Current | Current | 30-89 Days Delinquent | 90 or More Days Delinquent | Current | 30-89 Days Delinquent | 90 or More Days Delinquent |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| At December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | | |

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Personal loans | |
| Total | |
| At December 31, 2023 | |
| At December 31, 2023 | |
| At December 31, 2023 | |
| Credit card loans | |
| Credit card loans | |
| Credit card loans | |
| Private student loans | |
| Personal loans | |
| Personal loans | |
| Personal loans | |
| Total | |

(1) This table includes any loan that entered a modification program during the period preceding 12 months without regard to whether it remained in a modification program as of the reporting date.

-109-

The following table presents the defaulted amount and period-end amortized cost basis, by modification category, of loans that defaulted during the period and were modified on or after January 1, 2023 through the end of the reporting period to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the 12 months preceding default (dollars in millions):

| | For the Twelve Months | | For the Twelve Months | | For the Twelve Months | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Ended December 31, 2023 | Ended December 31, 2024 | Ended December 31, 2023 | Ended December 31, 2024 | Ended December 31, 2023 | Ended December 31, 2024 |
| | Defaulted Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Period-end Amortized Cost Basis | Defaulted Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Period-end Amortized Cost Basis |
| Credit card loans | | | | | | |
| Interest rate reduction | | | | | | |
| Interest rate reduction | | | | | | |
| Interest rate reduction | | | | | | |
| Total credit card loans | | | | | | |
| Private student loans | | | | | | |
| Private student loans | | | | | | |
| Private student loans | | | | | | |
| Payment delay | | | | | | |
| Payment delay | | | | | | |
| Payment delay | | | | | | |
| Interest rate reduction and payment delay | | | | | | |
| Total private student loans | | | | | | |
| Personal loans | | | | | | |

| |
|-------------------------|
| Personal loans |
| Personal loans |
| Payment delay |
| Payment delay |
| Payment delay |
| Term extension |
| Interest rate reduction |
| and payment delay |
| Interest rate reduction |
| and term extension |
| Total personal loans |

(1) For purposes of this disclosure, a loan is considered to be defaulted when it is 60 days or more delinquent at month end and has advanced two stages of delinquency subsequent to modification. Loans that entered a modification program in any stage of delinquency but did not experience a further payment default are included in the payment status table above but are not counted as defaulted for purposes of this disclosure.

Troubled Debt Restructurings (Prior to 2023)

Prior to the adoption of ASU 2022-02, the Company considered a modified loan in which a concession had been granted to the borrower to be a TDR based generally on the cumulative length of the concession period and credit quality of the borrower. Due to differences between the legacy TDR requirements and current loan modification disclosure requirements, information presented in the disclosures below is not directly comparable to the disclosures under the current guidance.

To evaluate the primary financial effects that resulted from credit card loans entering into a TDR program during the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company quantified the amount by which interest and fees were reduced during the periods. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company forgave approximately \$29 million of interest and fees resulting from accounts entering into a credit card loan TDR program.

The following table provides information on loans that entered a TDR program during the period (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | Number of Accounts | Balances |
| Accounts that entered a TDR program during the period | | |
| Credit card loans ⁽¹⁾ | 237,339 | \$ 1,545 |
| Private student loans | 6,841 | \$ 127 |
| Personal loans | 6,303 | \$ 86 |

(1) Accounts that entered a credit card TDR program include \$322 million that were converted from revolving line-of-credit arrangements to term loans during the year ended December 31, 2022.

-110- -109-

The following table presents the carrying value of loans that experienced a default during the period that had been modified in a TDR during the 15 months preceding the end of each period (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Number of Accounts | Aggregated Outstanding Balances |
| TDRs that subsequently defaulted | | |
| Credit card loans ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | 28,231 | \$ 141 |
| Private student loans ⁽³⁾ | 1,145 | \$ 22 |
| Personal loans ⁽²⁾ | 1,140 | \$ 20 |

(1) For credit card loans that default from a temporary loan modification program, accounts revert back to the pre-modification terms and charging privileges remain suspended in most cases.

(2) For credit card loans and personal loans, a customer defaults from a loan modification program after either two consecutive missed payments or at charge-off, depending on the program. The outstanding balance upon default is generally the loan balance at the end of the month prior to default.

(3) For student loans, a customer defaults from a loan modification after they are 60 or more days delinquent. The outstanding balance upon default is generally the loan balance at the end of the month prior to default.

Of the account balances that defaulted as shown above for the year ended December 31, 2022, approximately 65%, of the total balances were charged off at the end of the month in which they defaulted from a TDR program. For the year ended December 31, 2022, for accounts that had defaulted from a TDR program and had not been subsequently charged off, the balances were included in the allowance for credit loss analysis.

Geographical Distribution of Loans

The Company originated credit card loans throughout the U.S. The geographic distribution of the Company's credit card loan receivables was as follows (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Texas | \$ 9,150 | 8.9 % | \$ 7,996 | 8.9 % |
| California | 9,078 | 8.9 | 7,888 | 8.7 |
| Florida | 7,496 | 7.3 | 6,465 | 7.2 |
| New York | 6,538 | 6.4 | 5,895 | 6.5 |
| Illinois | 5,012 | 4.9 | 4,528 | 5.0 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,985 | 4.9 | 4,484 | 5.0 |
| Ohio | 4,188 | 4.1 | 3,759 | 4.2 |
| New Jersey | 3,499 | 3.4 | 3,127 | 3.5 |
| Georgia | 3,294 | 3.2 | 2,849 | 3.2 |
| Michigan | 2,821 | 2.8 | 2,521 | 2.8 |
| Other | 46,198 | 45.2 | 40,601 | 45.0 |
| Total credit card loans | \$ 102,259 | 100.0 % | \$ 90,113 | 100.0 % |

-111-

| | December 31, | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------|------------|---------|
| | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| Texas | \$ 9,195 | 8.9 % | \$ 9,150 | 8.9 % |
| California | 9,065 | 8.8 | 9,078 | 8.9 |
| Florida | 7,636 | 7.4 | 7,496 | 7.3 |
| New York | 6,496 | 6.3 | 6,538 | 6.4 |
| Illinois | 5,017 | 4.9 | 5,012 | 4.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 4,988 | 4.9 | 4,985 | 4.9 |
| Ohio | 4,180 | 4.1 | 4,188 | 4.1 |
| New Jersey | 3,511 | 3.4 | 3,499 | 3.4 |
| Georgia | 3,343 | 3.3 | 3,294 | 3.2 |
| Michigan | 2,808 | 2.7 | 2,821 | 2.8 |
| Other | 46,547 | 45.3 | 46,198 | 45.2 |
| Total credit card loans | \$ 102,786 | 100.0 % | \$ 102,259 | 100.0 % |

The Company originated **private student**, personal, **home** and other loans throughout the U.S. The geographic distribution of **private student**, personal, **home** and other loan receivables was as follows (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------|----------|-------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| California | \$ 2,449 | 9.4 % | \$ 2,015 | 9.2 % |
| New York | 2,074 | 7.9 | 1,900 | 8.6 |
| Texas | 1,987 | 7.6 | 1,595 | 7.2 |
| Florida | 1,607 | 6.1 | 1,248 | 5.7 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,567 | 6.0 | 1,431 | 6.5 |
| Illinois | 1,405 | 5.4 | 1,247 | 5.7 |
| New Jersey | 1,285 | 4.9 | 1,114 | 5.1 |
| Ohio | 975 | 3.7 | 849 | 3.9 |
| Georgia | 851 | 3.3 | 647 | 3.0 |
| Virginia | 778 | 3.0 | 654 | 2.8 |

| | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Other | 11,172 | 42.7 | 9,307 | 42.3 |
| Total other loans | \$ 26,150 | 100.0 % | \$ 22,007 | 100.0 % |

(1)

| | December 31, | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|---------|
| | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| | \$ | % | \$ | % |
| California | \$ 2,024 | 11.0 % | \$ 2,449 | 9.4 % |
| Texas | 1,658 | 9.0 | 1,987 | 7.6 |
| Florida | 1,428 | 7.8 | 1,607 | 6.1 |
| New York | 1,043 | 5.7 | 2,074 | 7.9 |
| Illinois | 771 | 4.2 | 1,405 | 5.4 |
| Georgia | 765 | 4.2 | 851 | 3.3 |
| New Jersey | 746 | 4.1 | 1,285 | 4.9 |
| Pennsylvania | 683 | 3.7 | 1,567 | 6.0 |
| Ohio | 586 | 3.2 | 975 | 3.7 |
| Virginia | 570 | 3.1 | 778 | 3.0 |
| Other | 8,058 | 44.0 | 11,172 | 42.7 |
| Total other loans | \$ 18,332 | 100.0 % | \$ 26,150 | 100.0 % |

(1) The U.S. geographic distribution as of December 31, 2023, includes the balances of private student loans prior to their sale in 2024.

-110-

5. Credit Card and Private Student Loan Securitization Activities

The Company's securitizations are accounted for as secured borrowings and the related trusts are treated as consolidated subsidiaries of the Company. For a description of the Company's principles of consolidation with respect to VIEs, see Note 1: Background and Basis of Presentation.

Credit Card Securitization Activities

The Company accesses the term asset securitization market through DCMT and DCENT. Credit card loan receivables are transferred into DCMT and beneficial interests in DCMT are transferred into DCENT. DCENT issues debt securities to investors that are reported primarily in long-term borrowings.

The DCENT debt structure consists of four classes of securities (DiscoverSeries Class A, B, C and D notes), with the most senior class generally receiving a triple-A rating. To issue senior, higher-rated classes of notes, it is necessary to obtain the appropriate amount of credit enhancement, generally through the issuance of junior, lower-rated or more highly subordinated classes of notes. Wholly-owned subsidiaries of Discover Bank hold the subordinated classes of notes. The Company is exposed to credit risk associated with trust receivables as of the balance sheet date through the retention of these subordinated interests. The estimate of expected credit losses on trust receivables is included in the allowance for credit losses estimate.

The Company's retained interests in the trust's assets, consisting of investments in DCENT notes held by subsidiaries of Discover Bank, constitute intercompany positions that are eliminated in the preparation of the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

Upon transfer of credit card loan receivables to the trust, the receivables and certain cash flows derived from them become restricted for use in meeting obligations to the trust's creditors. Further, the transferred credit card loan receivables are owned by the trust and are not available to the Company's third-party creditors. The trusts have ownership of cash balances, the amounts of which are reported in restricted cash within the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition. Except for the seller's interest in trust receivables, the Company's interests in trust assets are generally subordinate to the interests of third-party investors in trust debt and, as such, may not be realized by the Company if needed to absorb deficiencies in cash flows that are allocated to those investors. Apart from the restricted assets related to securitization activities, the investors and the securitization trusts have no recourse to the Company's other assets or the Company's general credit for a shortage in cash flows.

-112-

The carrying values of these restricted assets, which are presented on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition as relating to securitization activities, are shown in the following table (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | |
|--|--------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2024 |
| Restricted cash | | | |
| Investors' interests held by third-party investors | | | |
| Investors' interests held by third-party investors | | | |
| Investors' interests held by third-party investors | | | |
| Investors' interests held by wholly-owned subsidiaries of Discover Bank | | | |
| Seller's interest | | | |
| Loan receivables ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Allowance for credit losses allocated to securitized loan receivables ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | |
| Other assets | | | |
| Carrying value of assets of consolidated variable interest entities | | | |

(1) The Company maintains its allowance for credit losses at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses associated with all loan receivables, which includes all loan receivables in the trusts. Therefore, the credit risk associated with the transferred receivables is fully reflected on the Company's statements of financial condition in accordance with GAAP.

The debt securities issued by the consolidated trusts are subject to credit, payment and interest rate risks on the transferred credit card loan receivables. To protect investors in the securities, there are certain features or triggering events that will cause an early amortization of the debt securities, including triggers related to the impact of the performance of the trust receivables on the availability and adequacy of cash flows to meet contractual requirements. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, no economic or other early amortization events have occurred.

-111-

The Company continues to own and service the accounts that generate the loan receivables held by the trusts. Discover Bank receives servicing fees from the trusts based on a percentage of the monthly investor principal balance outstanding. Although the fee income to Discover Bank offsets the fee expense to the trusts and thus is eliminated in consolidation, failure to service the transferred loan receivables in accordance with contractual requirements could lead to a termination of the servicing rights and the loss of future servicing income, net of related expenses.

Private Student Loan Securitization Activities

The Company's private student loan trust receivables reported in loan receivables and the related debt issued by the trust reported in long-term borrowings were immaterial as of December 31, 2023 and 2022. The amounts are included, together with amounts related to the Company's credit card securitizations, in the supplemental information about assets and liabilities of consolidated variable interest entities, which is presented with the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

-113-

6. Premises and Equipment

A summary of premises and equipment, net is as follows (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, 2023 | December 31, 2022 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Land | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | |
| Furniture, fixtures and equipment | | |
| Software | | |
| Premises and equipment | | |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | | |
| Less: accumulated amortization of software | | |

Premises and equipment, net

Depreciation expense was \$74 million \$71 million, \$80 million \$74 million and \$86 million \$80 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively. Amortization expense on capitalized software was \$113 million \$173 million, \$114 million \$113 million and \$103 million \$114 million for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively.

7. Goodwill

As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the Company had goodwill of \$255 million related to PULSE, which is part of the Payment Services segment. The Company conducted its annual goodwill impairment test as of October 1, 2023 October 1, 2024 and 2022 2023 and no impairments were identified.

8. Deposits

The Company obtains deposits from consumers directly or through affinity relationships ("direct-to-consumer deposits"). Additionally, the Company obtains deposits and through third-party securities brokerage firms that offer the Company's deposits to their customers ("brokered deposits"). Direct-to-consumer deposit products include savings accounts, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, IRA savings accounts, IRA certificates of deposit and checking accounts. Brokered deposit products include certificates of deposit and sweep accounts.

Customer deposits held with Discover Bank are currently insured for up to \$250,000 per account holder through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). Uninsured deposits are the portion of deposit accounts in U.S. offices that exceed the FDIC insurance limit or similar state deposit insurance regime, and amounts in any other uninsured investment or deposit accounts that are classified as deposits and not subject to any federal or state deposit insurance regime. At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, Discover Bank had approximately \$7.0 billion \$9.3 billion and \$8.9 billion \$7.0 billion of uninsured deposits, respectively, a portion of which comprise intercompany deposits. The decrease in uninsured deposits reported was primarily driven by leveraging technological capabilities, beginning in the first quarter of 2023, enabling improved application of deposit account ownership attributes in deriving this amount. The amounts of uninsured deposits above were estimated based on the same methodologies and assumptions used for Discover Bank's regulatory reporting at each respective balance sheet date.

-114- -112-

The following table summarizes certificates of deposit in uninsured accounts and accounts that are in excess of the FDIC insurance limit by time remaining until maturity (dollars in millions):

| | At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Three months or less | \$ 146 276 |
| Over three months through six months | 73 315 |
| Over six months through twelve months | 368 281 |
| Over twelve months | 293 260 |
| Total | \$ 880 1,132 |

The following table summarizes certificates of deposit maturing over each of the next five years and thereafter (dollars in millions):

| | At December 31, 2023 |
|------------|----------------------|
| 2024 | |
| 2025 | |
| 2026 | |
| 2027 | |
| 2028 | |
| 2029 | |
| Thereafter | |
| Total | |

At December 31, 2024

-115- -113-

9. Long-Term Borrowings

Long-term borrowings consist of borrowings having original maturities of one year or more. The following table provides a summary of the Company's long-term borrowings and weighted-average interest rates on outstanding balances (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2024 | | 2023 | | | |
| | Maturity | Maturity | Interest Rate | Average Interest Rate | Outstanding Amount | Outstanding Amount | Maturity | Interest Rate | Average Interest Rate | Outstanding Amount |
| Securitized Debt | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate asset-backed securities ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate asset-backed securities ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate asset-backed securities ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Floating-rate asset-backed securities ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Discover Card Master Trust I and Discover Card Execution Note Trust | | | | | | | | | | |
| Floating-rate asset-backed security ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Floating-rate asset-backed security ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Floating-rate asset-backed security ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | |
| private student loan securitization trust | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services (Parent Company) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate senior notes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate senior notes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate senior notes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed-rate retail notes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed to floating-rate senior notes ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Bank | | | | | | | | | | |

Fixed-rate senior bank

notes⁽¹⁾

Fixed-rate senior bank

notes⁽¹⁾

Fixed-rate senior bank

notes⁽¹⁾

Fixed-rate

subordinated bank

notes

Fixed-rate

Federal Home

Loan Bank

advances

Floating-

rate Federal Home

Loan Bank

advances^{(6) (4)}

Total long-

term borrowings

(1) The Company uses interest rate swaps to hedge portions of these long-term borrowings against changes in fair value attributable to changes in the applicable benchmark interest rates. The use of these interest rate swaps impacts the carrying value of the debt. See Note 21: Derivatives and Hedging Activities.

(2) DCENT floating-rate asset-backed securities include issuances with As part of the following sale of the private student loan portfolio, the Company sold its beneficial interest rate terms: 1-month Term SOFR + 0.11448% Tenor Spread Adjustment + 60 basis points as of December 31, 2023.

(3) The in its remaining private student loan securitization trust, floating-rate asset-backed security includes an issuance with which resulted in the following interest rate term: Prime rate + 100 basis points as derecognition of December 31, 2023, loan receivables held by the trust and debt issued by the trust.

(4) Repayment of this debt is dependent upon the timing of principal and interest payments on the underlying private student loans. The date shown represents the final maturity date.

(5) (3) The fixed to floating-rate senior notes include a rate reset on November 2, 2033, to a floating rate based on compounded SOFR + 3.370%.

(6) (4) The floating-rate FHLB advances include interest rate terms based on SOFR plus a spread ranging from 16 to 26 basis points as of December 31, 2023.

The following table summarizes long-term borrowings maturing over each of the next five years and thereafter (dollars in millions):

| | At December 31, 2023 |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 2024 | \$ 4,251 |
| 2025 | 6,146 |
| 2026 | 4,912 |
| 2027 | 1,001 |
| 2028 | 1,439 |
| Thereafter | 2,832 |
| Total | <u><u>\$ 20,581</u></u> |

-116-

| | At December 31, 2024 |
|------------|-------------------------|
| 2025 | \$ 6,170 |
| 2026 | 4,905 |
| 2027 | 1,002 |
| 2028 | 1,415 |
| 2029 | 7 |
| Thereafter | 2,754 |
| Total | <u><u>\$ 16,253</u></u> |

As a member of the FHLB of Chicago, the Company has access to both short- and long-term advance structures with maturities ranging from overnight to 30 years. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had total committed borrowing capacity of \$5.2 billion based on the amount and type of assets pledged, of which the outstanding balance

-114-

was comprised of \$523 million in long-term advances. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had total committed borrowing capacity of \$3.6 billion based on the amount and type of assets pledged, of which the outstanding balance was comprised of \$1.0 billion in long-term advances. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had total committed borrowing capacity of \$2.2 billion, of which the outstanding balance was comprised solely of a \$525 million long-term advance. These advances are presented as short- or long-term borrowings on the consolidated statements of financial condition based on the contractual maturity at origination.

Additionally, the Company has access to committed borrowing capacity through private securitizations to support the funding of its credit card loan receivables. As of December 31, 2023, the total commitment of secured credit facilities through private providers was \$3.5 billion, \$750 million of which was outstanding as a short-term advance. This advance is presented as short-term borrowings on the consolidated statements of financial condition. As of December 31, 2022 December 31, 2024, the total commitment of secured credit facilities through private providers was \$3.5 billion, none of which was drawn. As of December 31, 2023, the total commitment of secured credit facilities through private providers was \$3.5 billion, \$750 million of which was outstanding as a short-term advance and presented as short-term borrowings on the consolidated statements of financial condition. Access to the unused portions of the secured credit facilities is subject to the terms of the agreements with each of the providers. The secured credit facilities have various expirations in 2025, 2025 and 2026. Borrowings outstanding under each facility bear interest at a margin above the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") or the asset-backed commercial paper costs of each provider. The terms of each agreement provide for a commitment fee to be paid on the unused capacity and include various affirmative and negative covenants, including performance metrics and legal requirements similar to those required to issue any term securitization transaction.

10. Stock-Based Compensation Plans

The Company has two stock-based compensation plans: the Discover Financial Services Omnibus Incentive Plan ("Omnibus Plan") and the Discover Financial Services Directors' Compensation Plan ("Directors' Compensation Plan").

Omnibus Plan

The Omnibus Plan, which is stockholder-approved, provides for the award of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), performance stock units ("PSUs") and other stock-based and/or cash awards (collectively, "awards"). Currently, the Company does not have any stock options, stock appreciation rights or restricted stock outstanding. Effective May 11, 2023, May 2023, the Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2014 Omnibus Plan") was replaced with the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2023 Omnibus Plan" "Plan"). Subject to adjustments for certain transactions in the 2023 Omnibus Plan, the total number of shares that may be granted is 18 million shares reduced by the number of shares granted under the 2014 Omnibus Plan. Shares granted under the Omnibus Plan may be the following: (i) authorized but unissued shares and (ii) treasury shares that the Company acquires in the open market, in private transactions or otherwise.

Directors' Compensation Plan

The Directors' Compensation Plan, which is stockholder-approved, permits the grant of RSUs to non-employee directors. Under the Directors' Compensation Plan, the Company may issue awards of up to a total of 1 million shares of common stock to non-employee directors. Shares of stock that are issuable pursuant to the awards granted under the Directors' Compensation Plan may be one of the following: authorized but unissued shares, treasury shares or shares that the Company acquires in the open market. Annual awards for eligible directors are calculated by dividing \$170,000 by the fair market value of a share of stock on the date of grant and are subject to a restriction period whereby 100% of such units shall vest in full on the earlier of the one year first anniversary of the date of grant or immediately prior to the first annual meeting of shareholders following the date of grant. RSUs include the right to receive dividend equivalents in the same amount and at the same time as dividends paid to all Company common shareholders.

117

Stock-Based Compensation

The following table details the compensation cost, net of forfeitures (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | |
| RSUs | | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| PSUs ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Total stock-based compensation expense | | | | |
| Income tax benefit | | | | |
| Income tax benefit | | | | |
| Income tax benefit | | | | |

(1) Total PSU expense for the year ended December 31, 2021, includes an incremental \$1 million, representing a modification to the 2019 PSU award. The nature of the modification was to adjust the payout to compensate for the 2020 current expected credit loss ("CECL") adoption impact on earnings per share ("EPS").

-115-

RSUs

The following table sets forth the activity related to vested and unvested RSUs:

| | Number of Units | Number of Units | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions) | Number of Units | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions) |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|---|-----------------|--|---|
| RSUs at December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Granted | | | | | | | |
| Conversions to common stock | | | | | | | |
| Conversions to common stock | | | | | | | |
| Conversions to common stock | | | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| Vested and convertible RSUs at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |
| RSUs at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |
| Vested and convertible RSUs at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | |

The following table sets forth the activity related to unvested RSUs:

| | Number of Units | Number of Units | Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value | Number of Units | Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|--|
| Unvested RSUs at December 31, 2022⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Unvested RSUs at December 31, 2023⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Granted | | | | | |
| Vested | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | |
| Unvested RSUs at December 31, 2023⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Unvested RSUs at December 31, 2024⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |

(1) Unvested RSUs represent awards where recipients have yet to satisfy either explicit vesting terms or retirement-eligibility requirements.

Compensation cost associated with RSUs is determined based on the number of units granted and the fair value on the date of grant. The fair value is amortized on a straight-line basis, net of estimated forfeitures, over the requisite service period for each separately vesting tranche of the award. The requisite service period is generally the vesting period.

-118-

The following table summarizes the total intrinsic value of the RSUs converted to common stock and the total grant-date fair value of RSUs vested (dollars in millions, except weighted-average grant-date fair value amounts):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |

| |
|--|
| Intrinsic value of RSUs converted to common stock |
| Grant-date fair value of RSUs vested |
| Weighted-average grant-date fair value of RSUs granted |

As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, there was \$46 million \$45 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested RSUs. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.86 0.84 years.

RSUs provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control or upon certain terminations (as defined in the Omnibus Plan or the award certificate). RSUs include the right to receive dividend equivalents in the same amount and at the same time as dividends paid to all Company common shareholders.

-116-

PSUs

The following table sets forth the activity related to vested and unvested PSUs:

| | Number of Units | Number of Units | Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions) | | Number of Units | Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value | Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years) | Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions) |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|---|--|-----------------|--|--|---|
| PSUs at December 31, 2022⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2023 ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Granted | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conversions to common stock | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conversions to common stock | | | | | | | | | | |
| Conversions to common stock | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | | | | | | |
| Forfeited | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2023⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2023⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2023⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2024⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2024⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2024⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2024⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| PSUs at December 31, 2024⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) All PSUs outstanding at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, are unvested PSUs.

(2) Includes 227,082 PSUs granted in 2021 that are earned based on the Company's cumulative EPS as measured over the three-year performance period, which ended December 31, 2023, and are subject to the requisite service period, which ended February 1, 2024.

(3) Includes 187,128 117,374 PSUs granted in 2022 that are earned based on the Company's cumulative EPS earnings per share ("EPS") as measured over the three-year performance period, which ends December 31, 2024, and are subject to the requisite service period, which ends February 1, 2025.

(4) Includes 166,467 143,273 PSUs granted in 2023 that may be earned based on the Company's cumulative EPS as measured over the three-year performance period, which ends December 31, 2025, and are subject to the requisite service period, which ends February 1, 2026.

(4) No PSUs were granted in 2024.

Compensation cost associated with PSUs is determined based on the number of instruments granted, the fair value on the date of grant and the performance factor. The fair value is amortized on a straight-line basis, net of estimated forfeitures, over the requisite service period. Each PSU outstanding at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, is a restricted stock instrument that is subject to additional conditions and constitutes a contingent and unsecured promise by the Company to pay up to 1.5 shares per unit of the

Company's common stock on the conversion date for the PSU, contingent on the number of PSUs to be issued. PSUs have a performance period of three years and a vesting period of three years. The requisite service period of an award having both performance and service conditions is the longest of the explicit, implicit and derived service periods.

The following table summarizes the total intrinsic value of the PSUs converted to common stock and the total grant-date fair value of PSUs vested (dollars in millions, except weighted-average grant-date fair value amounts):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------|-------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Intrinsic value of PSUs converted to common stock | | | |
| Grant-date fair value of PSUs vested | | | |
| Weighted-average grant-date fair value of PSUs granted (1) | | | -119- |

(1) No PSUs were granted in 2024.

As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, there was \$7 million \$3 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested PSUs. The cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.74 years.

PSUs provide for accelerated vesting if there is a change in control or upon certain terminations (as defined in the Omnibus Plan or the award certificate). PSUs include the right to receive dividend equivalents, which will accumulate and pay out in cash if and when the underlying shares are issued.

11. Employee Benefit Plans

The Company sponsors the Discover Financial Services Pension Plan (the "Discover Pension Plan"), which is a non-contributory defined benefit plan that is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, for eligible employees in the U.S. Effective December 31, 2008, the Discover Pension Plan was amended to discontinue the accrual of future benefits. The Company also sponsors the Discover Financial Services 401(k) Plan (the "Discover 401(k) Plan"), which is a defined contribution plan that is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, for its eligible U.S. employees.

Discover Pension Plan

The Discover Pension Plan generally provides retirement benefits that are based on each participant's years of credited service prior to 2009 and on compensation specified in the Discover Pension Plan. The Company's policy is to

-117-

fund at least the amounts sufficient to meet minimum funding requirements under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. Net periodic benefit cost (income) is recorded in employee compensation and benefits within the consolidated statements of income. For this plan, the net periodic benefit cost was immaterial for all periods presented.

The Company measures the funded status of the defined benefit pension plan as the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the projected benefit obligation and recognizes that amount as either an asset or liability in the consolidated statements of financial condition as appropriate. For As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company contributed approximately \$115 million to the defined benefit pension plan. The over-funded status related to the defined benefit pension plan recorded in other assets was \$14 million as of December 31, 2023. The unfunded status related to the defined benefit pension plan recorded in accrued expenses \$5 million and other liabilities was \$101 million as of December 31, 2022. \$14 million, respectively. Expected benefit payments from the Discover Pension Plan for each of the next five years range from \$27 million \$29 million and \$30 million \$33 million annually.

Discover 401(k) Plan

Under the Discover 401(k) Plan, eligible U.S. employees receive 401(k) matching contributions. Eligible employees also receive fixed employer contributions. The pretax expense associated with the Company contributions for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$137 million, \$128 million and 2021 was \$128 million, \$104 million and \$97 million, respectively.

12. Common and Preferred Stock

Common Stock Repurchase Program

In April 2022, the Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing up to \$4.2 billion of share repurchases. The program expired on April 18, 2023. In April 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved a new share repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to \$2.7 billion of its outstanding shares of common stock. This program expires on June 30, 2024. As reported in the second quarter of 2023, the Company decided to pause share repurchases while an internal review of compliance, risk management and corporate governance is ongoing. See Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters for additional information on the card product misclassification. During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company did not repurchase any shares. During the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, there were no share repurchases. In accordance with the Merger Agreement with Capital One, the Company repurchased approximately 18.1 million shares for approximately \$1.9 billion.

paused share repurchases through the completion of the merger.

Preferred Stock

The table below presents a summary of the Company's non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock that is outstanding at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 (dollars in millions, except per depositary share amounts):

| Series | Series | Description | Initial Issuance Date | Liquidation Preference and Redemption Price per Depositary Share ⁽¹⁾ | Per Annum Dividend Rate in effect at December 31, 2023 | Total Depository Shares Authorized, Issued and Outstanding | Carrying Value | Series | Description | Initial Issuance Date | Liquidation Preference and Redemption Price per Depositary Share ⁽¹⁾ | Per Annum Dividend Rate in effect at December 31, 2024 | Total Depository Shares Authorized, Issued and Outstanding |
|------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|----------------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D ⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Preferred Stock | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) Redeemable at the redemption price plus declared and unpaid dividends.

(2) Issued as depositary shares, each representing 1/100th interest in a share of the corresponding series of preferred stock. Each preferred share has a par value of \$0.01.

(3) Redeemable at the Company's option, subject to regulatory approval, either (i) in whole or in part on any dividend payment date on or after October 30, 2027, or (ii) in whole but not in part, at any time within 90 days following a regulatory capital treatment event (as defined in the certificate of designations for the Series C preferred stock).

(4) Any dividends declared are payable semi-annually in arrears at a rate of 5.50% 5.500% per annum until October 30, 2027. Thereafter, dividends declared will be payable quarterly in arrears at a floating rate equal to 3-month Term SOFR plus a spread of 3.338% per annum.

(5) Redeemable at the Company's option, subject to regulatory approval, either (i) in whole or in part during the three-month period prior to, and including, each reset date (as defined in the certificate of designations for the Series D preferred stock) or (ii) in whole but not in part, at any time within 90 days following a regulatory capital treatment event (as defined in the certificate of designations for the Series D Preferred Stock).

(6) Any dividends declared are payable semi-annually in arrears at a rate of 6.125% per annum until September 23, 2025, after which the dividend rate will reset every 5 years to a fixed annual rate equal to the 5-year Treasury plus a spread of 5.783%.

13. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

Changes in each component of AOCI were as follows (dollars in millions):

| For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 | Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax | Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax | Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, Net of Tax | Losses on Pension Plan, Net of Tax | AOCI | Unrealized (Losses) Gains on Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax | Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, Net of Tax | Losses on Pension Plan, Net of Tax | AOCI |
|---|---|---|--|------------------------------------|------|---|--|------------------------------------|------|
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
| Net change | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

For the
Year Ended
December 31,
2023

Balance at December 31, 2022

Balance at December 31, 2022

Balance at December 31, 2022

Net change

Balance
at December 31,
2023

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Balance at December 31, 2021

Balance at December 31, 2021

Balance at December 31, 2021

Net change

Balance
at December 31,
2022

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Balance at December 31, 2020

Balance at December 31, 2020

Balance at December 31, 2020

Net change

Balance
at December 31,
2021

-121 -119-

The following table presents each component of OCI before reclassifications and amounts reclassified from AOCI for each component of OCI before- and after-tax (dollars in millions):

| | Before Tax | Before Tax | Tax (Expense) Benefit | Net of Tax | Before Tax | Tax Benefit (Expense) | Net of Tax |
|---|------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2024</u> | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period | | | | | | | |
| Net change | | | | | | | |
| Net change | | | | | | | |
| Net change | | | | | | | |
| Cash Flow Hedges | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period | | | | | | | |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period | | | | | | | |

| |
|---|
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Amounts reclassified from AOCI |
| Net change |
| Pension Plan |
| Unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Net change |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities |
| Net unrealized holding gains arising during the period |
| Net unrealized holding gains arising during the period |
| Net unrealized holding gains arising during the period |
| Net change |
| Net change |
| Net change |
| Cash Flow Hedges |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Amounts reclassified from AOCI |
| Net change |
| Pension Plan |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period |
| Net change |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period |
| Net change |
| Net change |
| Net change |
| Cash Flow Hedges |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period |
| Amounts reclassified from AOCI |
| Net change |
| Pension Plan |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period |

| | |
|---|--|
| Unrealized gains arising during the period | |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period | |
| Net change | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Available-for-Sale Investment Securities | |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period | |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period | |
| Net unrealized holding losses arising during the period | |
| Net change | |
| Net change | |
| Net change | |
| Cash Flow Hedges | |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period | |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period | |
| Net unrealized losses arising during the period | |
| Amounts reclassified from AOCI | |
| Net change | |
| Pension Plan | |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period | |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period | |
| Unrealized gains arising during the period | |
| Net change | |

-122 -120-

14. Other Expense

Total other expense includes the following components (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Fraud losses and other charges | | | |
| Postage | | | |
| Credit-related inquiry fees | | | |
| Supplies | | | |
| Impairment charges | | | |
| Other expense | | | |
| Other expense | | | |
| Other expense | | | |
| Total other expense | | | |

15. Income Taxes

Income tax expense consisted of the following (dollars in millions):

| For the Years Ended December 31, | For the Years Ended December 31, |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Current | | | | | | |
| U.S. federal | | | | | | |
| U.S. federal | | | | | | |
| U.S. federal | | | | | | |
| U.S. state and local | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| Deferred | | | | | | |
| U.S. federal | | | | | | |
| U.S. federal | | | | | | |
| U.S. federal | | | | | | |
| U.S. state and local | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | | | | | | |

The following table reconciles the Company's effective tax rate to the U.S. federal statutory income tax rate:

| | U.S. federal | For the Years Ended December 31, | | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--------|--------|----------------------------------|--|--------|
| | | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | U.S. federal statutory income tax rate | 21.0 % | 21.0 % | 21.0 % | U.S. federal statutory income tax rate | 21.0 % |
| U.S. state, local and other income taxes, net of U.S. federal income tax benefits | | | | | | | |
| Tax credits | | | | | | | |
| Accrual for nondeductible penalties | | | | | | | |
| Accrual for nondeductible penalties | | | | | | | |
| Accrual for nondeductible penalties | | | | | | | |
| Tax credits | | | | | | | |
| Other | | | | | | | |
| Effective income tax rate | Effective income tax rate | 23.1 % | 23.5 % | 22.9 % | Effective income tax rate | 25.3 % | 23.1 % |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when such differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are provided to reduce deferred tax assets to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized. The Company evaluates the likelihood of realizing its deferred tax assets by estimating sources of future taxable income and the impact of tax planning strategies.

-123- -121-

Significant components of the Company's net deferred income taxes, which are included in other assets in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition, were as follows (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | |
|--|--------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 |
| Deferred tax assets | | | |
| Allowance for credit losses | | | |
| Allowance for credit losses | | | |
| Allowance for credit losses | | | |
| Card product misclassification liability | | | |

| | |
|---|--|
| Customer fees and rewards | |
| Depreciation and software amortization | |
| Other | |
| Other | |
| Other | |
| Total deferred tax assets before valuation allowance | |
| Valuation allowance | |
| Total deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | |
| Depreciation and software amortization | |
| Depreciation and software amortization | |
| Depreciation and software amortization | |
| Deferred loan origination costs | |
| Deferred loan origination costs | |
| Deferred loan origination costs | |
| Other | |
| Other | |
| Deferred loan origination costs | |
| Accretion income | |
| Accretion income | |
| Accretion income | |
| Other | |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | |
| Net deferred tax assets | |

A reconciliation of beginning and ending unrecognized tax benefits is as follows (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Balance at beginning of period | | | |
| Additions | | | |
| Current year tax positions | | | |
| Current year tax positions | | | |
| Current year tax positions | | | |
| Prior year tax positions | | | |
| Reductions | | | |
| Prior year tax positions | | | |
| Prior year tax positions | | | |
| Prior year tax positions | | | |
| Settlements with taxing authorities | | | |
| Expired statute of limitations | | | |
| Balance at end of period⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Balance at end of period⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Balance at end of period⁽¹⁾ | | | |

(1) For the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022, amounts included \$18 million \$14 million, \$18 million and \$37 million \$18 million, respectively, of unrecognized tax benefits, which, if recognized, would favorably affect the effective tax rate.

The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense. Interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits were \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022 2023.

The Company is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and tax authorities in various state, local and foreign tax jurisdictions. The Company's federal income tax filings are open to examinations for the tax years ended **December 31, 2020** **December 31, 2021** and forward. The Company regularly assesses the likelihood of additional assessments or settlements in each of the taxing jurisdictions. At this time, the potential change in unrecognized tax benefits is expected to be immaterial over the next 12 months. The Company believes that its reserves are sufficient to cover any tax, penalties and interest that would result from such examinations.

The Company has an immaterial amount of state net operating loss carryforwards that are subject to a partial valuation allowance as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022** **2023**.

-124- 122-

16. Earnings Per Share

The following table presents the calculation of basic and diluted EPS (dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | For the Years Ended December 31, | | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|----------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2024 | | |
| Numerator | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | |
| Net income | | | | | | |
| Preferred stock dividends | | | | | | |
| Net income available to common stockholders | | | | | | |
| Net income available to common stockholders | | | | | | |
| Net income available to common stockholders | | | | | | |
| Income allocated to participating securities | | | | | | |
| Net income allocated to common stockholders | | | | | | |
| Denominator | | | | | | |
| Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding | | | | | | |
| Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding | | | | | | |
| Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding | | | | | | |
| Effect of dilutive common stock equivalents | | | | | | |
| Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding and common stock equivalents | | | | | | |
| Basic earnings per common share | | | | | | |
| Basic earnings per common share | | | | | | |
| Basic earnings per common share | | | | | | |
| Diluted earnings per common share | | | | | | |

Anti-dilutive securities were not material and had no impact on the computation of diluted EPS for the years ended **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, **2022** **2023** and **2021**, **2022**.

17. Capital Adequacy

DFS is subject to the capital adequacy guidelines of the Federal Reserve. Discover Bank, the Company's banking subsidiary, is subject to various regulatory capital requirements as administered by the FDIC. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can result in the initiation of certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could limit the Company's business activities and have a direct material effect on the financial condition and operating results of DFS and Discover Bank. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, DFS and Discover Bank must meet specific risk-based capital requirements and leverage ratios that involve quantitative measures of assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items, as calculated under regulatory guidelines. Capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

DFS and Discover Bank are subject to regulatory and capital rules issued by the Federal Reserve and FDIC, respectively, under the Basel Committee's December 2010 framework ("Basel III rules"). Under the Basel III rules, DFS and Discover Bank are classified as "standardized approach" entities. Standardized approach entities are defined as U.S. banking organizations with consolidated total assets over \$50 billion but not exceeding \$250 billion and consolidated total on-balance sheet foreign exposure less than \$10 billion.

In accordance with the final rule on the impact of **CECL** **current expected credit losses** ("CECL") on regulatory capital, the Company **has** elected to phase in the impact over three years beginning in **2022**, **2022** and ending December 31, 2024. Accordingly, the Company's Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital ratios **are** **have been** higher than they otherwise would have been. **The Company's CET1 capital ratios will continue to be favorably impacted by this election over the phase-in period, which ends December 31, 2024.**

As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, DFS and Discover Bank met all Basel III minimum capital ratio requirements to which they were subject. DFS and Discover Bank also met the requirements to be considered "well-capitalized" under Regulation Y and prompt corrective action rules, respectively. There have been no conditions or events that management believes have changed DFS' or Discover Bank's category. To be categorized as "well-capitalized," DFS and Discover Bank must maintain minimum capital ratios outlined in the table below.

-125- -123-

The following table shows the actual capital amounts and ratios of DFS and Discover Bank and comparisons of each to the regulatory minimum and "well-capitalized" requirements (dollars in millions):

| | Actual | | Minimum Capital Requirements | | Capital Requirements To Be Classified as Well-Capitalized | |
|--|-----------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------|---|--|
| | Amount | Ratio ⁽¹⁾ | Amount | Ratio | Amount ⁽²⁾ | |
| <u>December 31, 2024</u> | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | \$ 20,420 | 16.5 % | \$ 9,892 | ≥8.0% | \$ 12,365 | |
| Discover Bank | \$ 17,311 | 14.2 % | \$ 9,755 | ≥8.0% | \$ 12,193 | |
| Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | \$ 18,503 | 15.0 % | \$ 7,419 | ≥6.0% | \$ 7,419 | |
| Discover Bank | \$ 14,665 | 12.0 % | \$ 7,316 | ≥6.0% | \$ 9,755 | |
| Tier 1 capital (to average assets) | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | \$ 18,503 | 12.3 % | \$ 6,003 | ≥4.0% | \$ 7,417 | |
| Discover Bank | \$ 14,665 | 9.9 % | \$ 5,933 | ≥4.0% | \$ 7,417 | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | \$ 17,448 | 14.1 % | \$ 5,564 | ≥4.5% | \$ 7,926 | |
| Discover Bank | \$ 14,665 | 12.0 % | \$ 5,487 | ≥4.5% | \$ 7,926 | |
| <u>December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|------|--|------|---|----|--------|-------|--|-----------|
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 17,986 | 13.7 | | 13.7 | % | \$ | 10,471 | ≥8.0% | | ≥8.0% |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 16,856 | 13.0 | | 13.0 | % | \$ | 10,352 | ≥8.0% | | ≥8.0% |
| Bank | Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 15,872 | 12.1 | | 12.1 | % | \$ | 7,853 | ≥6.0% | | ≥6.0% |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 13,910 | 10.8 | | 10.8 | % | \$ | 7,764 | ≥6.0% | | ≥6.0% |
| Bank | Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tier 1 capital (to average assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 15,872 | 10.7 | | 10.7 | % | \$ | 5,915 | ≥4.0% | | ≥4.0% |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 13,910 | 9.5 | | 9.5 | % | \$ | 5,833 | ≥4.0% | | ≥4.0% |
| Bank | Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 14,816 | 11.3 | | 11.3 | % | \$ | 5,890 | ≥4.5% | | ≥4.5% |
| Discover Financial Services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services | | \$ 13,910 | 10.8 | | 10.8 | % | \$ | 5,823 | ≥4.5% | | ≥4.5% |
| Bank | Bank | | | | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| December 31, 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | | \$ 18,004 | 15.8 | | 15.8 | % | \$ | 9,139 | ≥8.0% | | \$ 11,424 |
| Discover Bank ⁽³⁾ | | \$ 16,344 | 14.5 | | 14.5 | % | \$ | 9,024 | ≥8.0% | | \$ 11,280 |
| Tier 1 capital (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|------|---|----------|-------|----------|
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | \$ 16,039 | 14.0 | % | \$ 6,854 | ≥6.0% | \$ 6,854 |
| Discover Bank ⁽³⁾ | \$ 13,446 | 11.9 | % | \$ 6,768 | ≥6.0% | \$ 9,024 |
| Tier 1 capital (to average assets) | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | \$ 16,039 | 12.5 | % | \$ 5,147 | ≥4.0% | |
| Discover Bank ⁽³⁾ | \$ 13,446 | 10.6 | % | \$ 5,086 | ≥4.0% | \$ 6,357 |
| Common Equity Tier 1 (to risk-weighted assets) | | | | | | |
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | \$ 14,983 | 13.1 | % | \$ 5,141 | ≥4.5% | |
| Discover Financial Services ⁽³⁾ | \$ 13,446 | 11.9 | % | \$ 5,076 | ≥4.5% | \$ 7,332 |

(1) Capital ratios are calculated based on the Basel III standardized approach rules, subject to applicable transition provisions, including CECL transition provisions.

(2) The Basel III rules do not establish well-capitalized thresholds for these measures for bank holding companies. Existing well-capitalized thresholds established in the Federal Reserve's Regulation Y have been included where available.

(3) Capital amounts and ratios have been updated to reflect the impact of the restatement described in Note 26: Immaterial Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements. Discover Bank capital amounts and ratios presented as of December 31, 2022 have been updated from amounts previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023, due to certain intercompany allocations recorded in the fourth quarter.

The amount of dividends that a bank may pay in any year is subject to certain regulatory restrictions. Under the current banking regulations, a bank may not pay dividends if such a payment would leave the bank inadequately capitalized. Discover Bank paid dividends of \$1.7 billion \$2.6 billion, \$4.0 billion \$1.7 billion and \$3.3 billion \$4.0 billion in the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, 2022, respectively, to DFS.

-126-

18. Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into a number of off-balance sheet commitments, transactions and obligations under guarantee arrangements that expose the Company to varying degrees of risk. The Company's commitments, contingencies and guarantee relationships are described below.

-124-

Commitments

Unused Credit Arrangements

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, the Company had unused credit arrangements for loans of approximately \$229.8 billion \$232.6 billion. Such arrangements arise primarily from agreements with customers for unused lines of credit on certain credit cards and certain other loan products, provided there is no violation of conditions in the related agreements. These arrangements, substantially all of which the Company can terminate at any time and which do not necessarily represent future cash requirements, are periodically reviewed based on account usage, customer creditworthiness, loan qualification and the cost of capital. As the Company's credit card loans are unconditionally cancellable, no liability for expected credit losses is required for unused lines of credit. For all other loans, the Company records a liability for expected credit losses for unfunded commitments, which is presented as part of accrued expenses and other liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

Contingencies

See Note 19: Litigation and Regulatory Matters for a description of potential liability arising from pending litigation or regulatory proceedings involving the Company.

Guarantees

The Company has obligations under certain guarantee arrangements, including contracts, indemnification agreements and representations and warranties, which contingently require the Company to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party, rate or index. Also included as guarantees are contracts that contingently require the Company to make payments to a guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement. The Company's use of guarantees is disclosed below by type of guarantee.

Securitizations Representations and Warranties

As part of the Company's financing activities, the Company provides representations and warranties that certain assets pledged as collateral in secured borrowing arrangements conform to specified guidelines. Due diligence is performed by the Company, which is intended to ensure that asset guideline qualifications are met. If the assets pledged as collateral do not meet certain conforming guidelines, the Company may be required to replace, repurchase or sell such assets. In its credit card securitization activities, the Company would replace nonconforming receivables through the allocation of excess seller's interest or from additional transfers from the unrestricted pool of receivables. If the Company could not add enough receivables to satisfy the requirement, an early amortization (or repayment) of investors' interests would be triggered. **In its student loan securitizations, the Company would generally repurchase the loans from the trust at the outstanding principal amount plus interest.**

The maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make would be equal to the current outstanding balances of third-party investor interests in credit card asset-backed securities, **and the principal amount of any private student loan secured borrowings**, plus any unpaid interest for the corresponding secured borrowings. The Company has recorded substantially all of the maximum potential amount of future payments in long-term borrowings on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition. The Company has not recorded any incremental contingent liability associated with its secured borrowing representations and warranties. Management believes that the probability of having to replace, repurchase or sell assets pledged as collateral under secured borrowing arrangements, including an early amortization event, is low.

-127-

Counterparty Settlement Guarantees

Diners Club and DFS Services LLC (on behalf of PULSE) have various counterparty exposures, which are listed below:

- **Merchant Guarantee.** Diners Club has entered into contractual relationships with certain international merchants, which generally include travel-related businesses, for the benefit of all Diners Club licensees. The licensees hold the primary liability to settle the transactions of their customers with these merchants. However, Diners Club retains a counterparty exposure if a licensee fails to meet its financial payment obligation to one of these merchants.
- **ATM Guarantee.** PULSE entered into contractual relationships with certain international ATM acquirers in which DFS Services LLC retains counterparty exposure if an issuer fails to fulfill its settlement obligation.
- **Global Network Alliance Guarantee.** Discover Network, Diners Club and PULSE have entered into contractual relationships with certain international payment networks in which DFS Services LLC retains the counterparty exposure if a network fails to fulfill its settlement obligation.

-125-

The maximum potential amount of future payments related to such contingent obligations is dependent upon the transaction volume processed between the time a potential counterparty defaults on its settlement and the time at which the Company disables the settlement of any further transactions for the defaulting party. The Company has some contractual remedies to offset these counterparty settlement exposures (such as letters of credit or pledged deposits), however, there is no limitation on the maximum amount the Company may be liable to pay.

The actual amount of the potential exposure cannot be quantified as the Company cannot determine whether particular counterparties will fail to meet their settlement obligations. In the event all licensees and/or issuers were to become unable to settle their transactions, the Company estimates its maximum potential counterparty exposures to these settlement guarantees would be approximately **\$100 million** **\$120 million** as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**.

The Company believes that the estimated amounts of maximum potential future payments are not representative of the Company's actual potential loss exposure given Diners Club's and PULSE's insignificant historical losses from these counterparty exposures. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, the Company had not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated statements of financial condition for these counterparty exposures and management believes that the probability of any payments under these arrangements is low.

Discover Network Merchant Chargeback Guarantees

The Company operates the Discover Network, issues payment cards and permits third parties to issue payment cards. The Company is contingently liable for certain transactions processed on the Discover Network in the event of a dispute between the payment card customer and a merchant. The contingent liability arises if the disputed

transaction involves a merchant or merchant acquirer with whom the Discover Network has a direct relationship. If a dispute is resolved in the customer's favor, the Discover Network will credit or refund the disputed amount to the Discover Network card issuer, who in turn credits its customer's account. The Discover Network will then charge back the disputed amount of the payment card transaction to the merchant or merchant acquirer, where permitted by the applicable agreement, to seek recovery of amounts already paid to the merchant for payment card transactions. If the Discover Network is unable to collect the amount subject to dispute from the merchant or merchant acquirer (e.g., in the event of merchant default or dissolution or after expiration of the time period for chargebacks in the applicable agreement), the Discover Network will bear the loss for the amount credited or refunded to the customer. In most instances, a loss by the Discover Network is unlikely to arise in connection with payments on card transactions because most products or services are delivered when purchased and credits are issued by merchants on returned items in a timely fashion, thus minimizing the likelihood of cardholder disputes with respect to amounts paid by the Discover Network. However, where the product or service is not scheduled to be provided to the customer until a later date following the purchase, the likelihood of a contingent payment obligation by the Discover Network increases. Losses related to merchant chargebacks were not material for the years ended **December 31, 2023**, **December 31, 2024**, **2022**, **2023** and **2021**.

-128-

2022.

The maximum potential amount of obligations of the Discover Network arising from such contingent obligations is estimated to be the portion of the total Discover Network transaction volume processed to date for which timely and valid disputes may be raised under applicable law and relevant issuer and customer agreements. There is no limitation on the maximum amount the Company may be liable to pay to issuers. However, the Company believes that such amount is not representative of the Company's actual potential loss exposure based on the Company's historical experience. The actual amount of the potential exposure cannot be quantified as the Company cannot determine whether the current or cumulative transaction volumes may include or result in disputed transactions.

The following table summarizes certain information regarding merchant chargeback guarantees (dollars in millions):

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Aggregate sales transaction volume ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 257,611 | \$ 256,237 | \$ 223,360 |

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Aggregate sales transaction volume ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 245,958 | \$ 257,611 | \$ 256,237 |

(1) Represents transactions processed on the Discover Network for which a potential liability exists that, in aggregate, can differ from credit card sales volume.

The Company did not record any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for merchant chargeback guarantees as of **December 31, 2023**, **December 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**. The Company mitigates the risk of potential loss exposure by withholding settlement from merchants, obtaining third-party guarantees, or obtaining escrow deposits or letters of credit from certain merchant acquirers or merchants that are considered a higher risk due to various factors such as time delays in the delivery of products or services. As of **December 31, 2023**, **December 31, 2024** and **2022**, **2023**, the Company had escrow

-126-

deposits and settlement withholdings of **\$10 million**, **\$11 million** and **\$11 million**, **\$10 million**, respectively, which are recorded in interest-bearing deposit accounts and accrued expenses and other liabilities on the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

19. Litigation and Regulatory Matters

In the normal course of business, from time to time, the Company has been named as a defendant in various legal actions, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation, arising in connection with its activities. Certain of the actual or threatened legal actions include claims for substantial compensatory and/or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. The litigation process is not predictable and can lead to unexpected results. The Company contests liability and/or the amount of damages as appropriate in each pending matter.

The Company has historically offered its customers an arbitration clause in its customer agreements. The arbitration clause allows the Company and its customers to quickly and economically resolve disputes. Additionally, the arbitration clause has in some instances limited the costs of, and the Company's exposure to, litigation. Future legal and regulatory challenges and prohibitions may cause the Company to discontinue its offering and use of such clauses. From time to time, the Company is involved in legal actions challenging its arbitration clause. Bills may be periodically introduced in Congress to directly or indirectly prohibit the use of pre-dispute arbitration clauses.

The Company is also involved, from time to time, in other reviews, investigations and proceedings (both formal and informal) by governmental agencies regarding the Company's business including, among other matters, regulatory, accounting, tax and other operational matters. The investigations and proceedings may result in significant adverse

judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, injunctions, decreases in regulatory ratings, customer restitution or other relief. These outcomes could materially impact the Company's consolidated financial statements, increase its cost of operations, or limit the Company's ability to execute its business strategies and engage in certain business activities. Certain subsidiaries of the Company are subject to consent orders with the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") and FDIC, as described below. Pursuant to powers granted under federal banking laws, regulatory agencies have broad and sweeping discretion and may assess civil money penalties, require changes to certain business practices or require customer restitution at any time.

In accordance with applicable accounting guidance, the Company establishes a liability for legal and regulatory matters when those matters create loss contingencies that are both probable and estimable. Litigation Except as discussed below regarding the card product misclassification matter, other litigation and regulatory settlement-related expense was \$17 million, \$15 million and \$59 million expenses were immaterial for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021, respectively.

129

2022.

There may be an exposure to loss in excess of any amounts accrued. The Company believes the estimate of the aggregate range of reasonably possible losses (meaning the likelihood of losses is more than remote but less than likely), in excess of the amounts that the Company has accrued for legal and regulatory proceedings, is up to \$230 million \$70 million as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024. This estimated range of reasonably possible losses is based on currently available information for those proceedings in which the Company is involved and considers the Company's best estimate of such losses for those matters for which an estimate can be made. It does not represent the Company's maximum potential loss exposure. Various aspects of the legal and regulatory proceedings underlying the estimated range will change from time to time and actual results may vary significantly from the estimate.

The Company's estimated range noted above involves significant judgment, given the varying stages of the proceedings, the existence of numerous yet to be resolved issues, the breadth of the claims (often spanning multiple years and, in some cases, a wide range of business activities), unspecified damages and/or the novelty of the legal issues presented. The outcome of pending matters could adversely affect the Company's reputation and be material to the Company's consolidated financial condition, operating results and cash flows for a particular future period, depending on, among other things, the level of the Company's income for such period.

In July 2015, the Company announced that its subsidiaries, Discover Bank, The Student Loan Corporation and Discover Products Inc. (the "Discover Subsidiaries"), agreed to a consent order with the CFPB with respect to certain private student loan servicing practices (the "2015 Order"). The 2015 Order expired in July 2020. In December 2020, the Discover Subsidiaries agreed to a consent order (the "2020 Order") with the CFPB resolving the agency's investigation into Discover Bank's compliance with the 2015 Order. In connection with the 2020 Order, Discover is required to implement a redress and compliance plan and must pay at least \$10 million in consumer redress to consumers who may have been harmed and has paid a \$25 million civil money penalty to the CFPB.

-127-

On September 25, 2023, following the consent of the Board of Directors of Discover Bank, the FDIC issued a consent order (the "2023 Order") to Discover Bank, a subsidiary of the Company. The 2023 Order addresses addressed shortcomings in Discover Bank's compliance management system for consumer protection laws and related matters. It does not contain any monetary penalties or fines. As part of the 2023 Order, Discover Bank agreed to improve its consumer compliance management system and enhance related corporate governance and enterprise risk management practices, and increase the level of Board oversight over of such matters. Discover Bank has been taking significant steps to strengthen the organization's compliance management system and address the other issues identified in the 2023 Order. In addition, Discover added two new independent directors with significant banking experience to the Boards of Discover and Discover Bank in the third quarter of 2023.

Management and the Board are committed to meeting all the requirements of the 2023 Order. Discover Bank is has been working diligently to complete items required by the 2023 Order. This includes having retained third party consultants to conduct independent reviews and the submission of action plans to the FDIC by the required deadlines for review and feedback. The actions completed to date, taken together with actions previously undertaken to improve and enhance its compliance management system and enhance related corporate governance, address multiple consent order objectives, however, many provisions require longer term implementation. Depending on regulatory feedback, the timing of approvals and sustainability periods, necessary work is not likely to be completed until at least later in 2025.

On March 8, 2016, a class-action lawsuit was filed against the Company, other credit card networks, other issuing banks and EMVCo in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California (B&R Supermarket, Inc., d/b/a Milam's Market, et al. v. Visa, Inc., et al.) alleging a conspiracy by defendants to shift fraud liability to merchants with the migration to the EMV security standard and chip technology. The plaintiffs assert joint and several liability among the defendants and seek unspecified damages, including treble damages, attorneys' fees, costs and injunctive relief. On December 6, 2024, plaintiffs and the Company reached an agreement on the terms of a class-wide settlement to resolve the claims against the Company. The Company filed its motion to compel arbitration, motion for summary judgment, and Daubert challenges parties finalized a settlement agreement on November 30, 2022 February 14, 2025, and awaits rulings. The Company is not in a position at this time to assess the likely outcome or its exposure, if any, with respect to this matter. However, the Company will seek to defend itself vigorously against all claims asserted that settlement must now be approved by the plaintiffs' court.

Card Product Misclassification

As of December 31, 2024, the balance of the Company's counterparty restitution liability was \$1.2 billion, reflecting additional accruals for interest on the overcharges committed to as part of the counterparty restitution plan approved by the Board of Directors in the third quarter of 2023, additional concessions agreed to as part of the class action settlement negotiations through the fourth quarter of 2024 and settlement disbursements made year-to-date. As reported in the second quarter of 2023, beginning in 2007, Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2024, the Company incorrectly classified and certain credit of its subsidiaries entered into a settlement agreement to resolve putative class actions filed on behalf of merchants allegedly affected by the card accounts into its highest merchant product misclassification. The settlement agreement,

which is subject to court approval, would resolve claims by parties affected by the card product misclassification (merchants, merchants acquirers and merchant acquirer pricing tier, other intermediaries). The misclassification affected pricing for certain Company expects all payments under the settlement agreement to be covered by the \$1.2 billion liability. Substantially all of the liability represents amounts payable to or on behalf of impacted merchants, and merchant acquirers but not for cardholders. In the second quarter of 2023, the Company recorded a liability of \$365 million within accrued expenses and other liabilities to provide refunds to merchants and merchant acquirers as a result intermediaries in settlement of the card product misclassification. As misclassification matter, with \$26 million of December 31, 2023 that balance representing provision for legal fees and expenses payable to plaintiffs' counsel. On August 27, 2024, plaintiffs moved for preliminary approval, and on October 22, 2024, the balance court entered an order granting preliminary approval. Subsequently, the parties to the putative class action entered into a revised settlement agreement which resulted in minor adjustments to the restitution liability in the fourth quarter of the

-130-

liability was \$375 million, reflecting an additional \$11 million 2024. On January 22, 2025, plaintiffs moved for the estimated effect preliminary approval of the current price tiering on discount and interchange assessments recorded revised settlement agreement. The liability does not include any potential regulatory fines or penalties, or the cost of administering the distribution of funds to affected parties.

The following table summarizes the change in each of the third and fourth quarters of 2023. As of December 31, 2023, \$12 million of disbursements had been made against this liability as the Company continues to develop its plan to provide refunds to merchants and merchant acquirers and engage in ongoing discussions about such plans with its regulators. Regulators may impose other requirements that may result in additional charges or a remediation amount that differs, possibly materially, from the Company's current estimate.

Management has corrected counterparty restitution liability pertaining to the card product misclassification as of November 2023, and (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 |
|--|---|
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | \$ 1,159 |
| Provision for refund of overcharges | — |
| Provision for interest on overcharges | 56 |
| Provision for other settlement concessions | 85 |
| Disbursements | (76) |
| Balance at December 31, 2024 | <u><u>\$ 1,224</u></u> |

The Company remains in discussions discussion with its various regulators regarding the card product misclassification. During 2024, the Company recognized approximately \$290 million, recorded in other expense on the consolidated statements of income for the year ended December 31, 2024, representing the Company's current estimate of potential

-128-

penalties to be imposed by its various regulators related to this matter. The Company expects these discussions will likely result in enforcement actions, which Actual penalties imposed are subject to further discussion with the Company's various regulators and may include, among other remedies, monetary penalties, the amount of which cannot be estimated at this time. more or less than such amount.

In addition, the Company and its subsidiaries have been named as defendants in various lawsuits, including putative class actions on behalf of affected merchants, a putative class action on behalf of shareholders and a shareholder derivative actions. action. The Company is also cooperating with a Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") an SEC investigation into the card product misclassification matter. The Company believes that additional losses are probable as a result of these actions and such losses could be material but it is not able to make a reasonable estimate of the amount or range of such losses as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024.

20. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, provides a three-level hierarchy for classifying the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value of financial instruments based on whether the inputs are observable or unobservable. It also requires certain disclosures about those measurements. The three-level valuation hierarchy is as follows:

- *Level 1:* Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs are defined as those that utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- *Level 2:* Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs are those that utilize inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active or inactive markets, quoted prices for the identical assets in an inactive market and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly

quoted intervals. The Company evaluates factors such as the frequency of transactions, the size of the bid-ask spread and the significance of adjustments made when considering transactions involving similar assets or liabilities to assess the relevance of those observed prices. If relevant and observable prices are available, the fair values of the related assets or liabilities would be classified as Level 2.

- **Level 3:** Fair values determined by Level 3 inputs are those based on unobservable inputs and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability being valued. In instances where the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy in which the measurements are classified is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Accordingly, the Company may utilize both observable and unobservable inputs in determining the fair values of financial instruments classified within the Level 3 category.

The Company evaluates the classification of each fair value measurement within the hierarchy at least quarterly.

The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and involves consideration of factors specific to the asset or liability. Furthermore, certain techniques used to measure fair value involve some degree of judgment and, as a result, are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company would realize in a current market exchange.

-131- -129-

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows (dollars in millions):

| | Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Total | Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Total |
|--|--|--|--|---|-------|--|--|--|-------|
| <u>Balance at December</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> | | | | | | | | | |
| Other short-term investments | | | | | | | | | |
| Other short-term investments | | | | | | | | | |
| Other short-term investments | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. Treasury securities | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-sale investment securities | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> | | | | | | | | | |

| |
|---|
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| <u>Balance at December 31, 2023</u> |
| <u>Balance at December 31, 2023</u> |
| <u>Balance at December</u> |
| <u>31, 2023</u> |
| Assets |
| Assets |
| Assets |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Available-for-sale |
| investment securities |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| <i>Fair value - Net income</i> |
| <i>Fair value - Net income</i> |
| <i>Fair value - Net income</i> |
| Marketable equity securities |
| Marketable equity securities |
| Marketable equity securities |
| Derivative financial instruments - fair value |
| hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| <u>Balance at December 31, 2022</u> |
| <u>Balance at December 31, 2022</u> |
| <u>Balance at December 31, 2022</u> |
| Assets |
| Assets |
| Assets |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| <i>Fair value - OCI</i> |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |
| U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities |

| |
|---|
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Available-for-sale investment securities |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Fair value - Net income |
| Fair value - Net income |
| Fair value - Net income |
| Marketable equity securities |
| Marketable equity securities |
| Marketable equity securities |
| Liabilities |
| Liabilities |
| Liabilities |
| Fair value - OCI |
| Fair value - OCI |
| Fair value - OCI |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - cash flow hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Fair value - Net income |
| Fair value - Net income |
| Fair value - Net income |
| Derivative financial instruments - fair value hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - fair value hedges ⁽¹⁾ |
| Derivative financial instruments - fair value hedges ⁽¹⁾ |

(1) Derivative instrument carrying values in an asset or liability position are presented as part of other assets or accrued expenses and other liabilities, respectively, in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.

Other Short-Term Investments

Other short-term investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills with contractual maturities greater than 90 days but less than one year at the time of acquisition. The fair value estimates of these investments are classified as Level 1 based on quoted market prices for the same securities.

Available-for-Sale Investment Securities

Investment securities classified as available-for-sale consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. GSE securities and RMBS. The fair value estimates of investment securities classified as Level 1, consisting of U.S. Treasury securities, are determined based on quoted market prices for the same securities. The fair value estimates of U.S. GSE securities and RMBS are classified as Level 2 and are valued by maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs, including quoted prices for similar securities, benchmark yield curves and market-corroborated inputs.

The Company validates the fair value estimates provided by pricing services primarily by comparing to valuations obtained through other pricing sources. The Company evaluates pricing variances among different pricing sources to ensure that the valuations utilized are reasonable. The Company also corroborates the reasonableness of the fair value estimates with analysis of trends of significant inputs, such as market interest rate curves. The Company further performs due diligence in understanding the procedures and techniques performed by the pricing services to derive fair value estimates.

At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, amounts reported in RMBS reflect U.S. government agency and U.S. GSE obligations issued by Ginnie Mae, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac with an aggregate par value of \$480 million \$388 million, a weighted-average coupon of 4.09% 4.12% and a weighted-average remaining maturity of four years.

Marketable Equity Securities

The Company holds non-controlling equity positions in payment service entities that have actively traded stock and therefore have readily determinable fair values. The Company classifies these equity securities as Level 1, the fair value estimates of which are determined based on quoted share prices for the same securities.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company's derivative financial instruments consist of interest rate swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts. These instruments are classified as Level 2 as their fair values are estimated using proprietary pricing models, containing certain assumptions based on readily observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves, option volatility and foreign currency forward and spot rates. In determining fair values, the pricing models use widely accepted valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity and the observable market-based inputs. The fair values of the interest rate swaps are determined using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted future fixed cash receipts (or payments) and the discounted expected variable cash payments (or receipts). The variable cash payments (or receipts) are based on an expectation of future interest rates derived from the observable market interest rate curves. The Company considers collateral and master netting agreements that mitigate credit exposure to counterparties in determining the counterparty credit risk valuation adjustment. The fair values of the currency instruments foreign exchange forward contracts are valued by comparing the contracted forward exchange rate pertaining to the specific contract maturities to the current market exchange rate.

The Company validates the fair value estimates of interest rate swaps primarily through comparison to the fair value estimates computed by the counterparties to each of the derivative transactions. The Company evaluates pricing variances among different pricing sources to ensure that the valuations utilized are reasonable. The Company also corroborates the reasonableness of the fair value estimates with analysis of trends of significant inputs, such as market interest rate curves. The Company performs due diligence in understanding the impact of any changes to the valuation techniques performed by proprietary pricing models before implementation, working closely with the third-party valuation service and reviewing the service's control objectives at least annually. The Company corroborates the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts through independent calculation of the fair value estimates.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

The Company also has assets that, under certain conditions, are subject to measurement at fair value on a non-recurring basis. These assets include those associated with acquired businesses, including goodwill. For these assets, measurement at fair value in periods subsequent to the initial recognition of the assets may be applicable whenever one is tested for impairment. No impairments were recognized related to these assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023.

-133- -131-

Financial Instruments Measured at Other Than Fair Value

The following tables disclose the estimated fair value of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not required to be carried at fair value (dollars in millions):

| Balance at December 31, 2024 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Carrying Total Value |
|---|--|---|---|----------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | |
| Held-to-maturity investment | | | | |
| securities | | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | |

| | Balance at December 31, 2023 | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Carrying Total Value |
|---|------------------------------|--|---|---|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | | | | | |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ | | | | | |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ | | | | | |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ | | | | | |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors | | | | | |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors | | | | | |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors | | | | | |
| Other long-term borrowings | | | | | |
| Long-term borrowings | | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Amortized cost | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency | | | | | |
| Held-to-maturity investment | | | | | |
| securities | | | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | | | |
| Net loan receivables | | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | | | | |
| Restricted cash | | | | | |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |

| |
|---|
| Liabilities |
| Liabilities |
| Liabilities |
| Amortized cost |
| Amortized cost |
| Amortized cost |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ |
| Short-term borrowings |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors |
| Other long-term borrowings |
| Long-term borrowings |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 |
| Assets |
| Assets |
| Assets |
| Amortized cost |
| Amortized cost |
| Amortized cost |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities - Agency |
| Held-to-maturity investment |
| securities |
| Net loan receivables |
| Net loan receivables |
| Net loan receivables |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Cash and cash equivalents |
| Cash and cash equivalents |
| Cash and cash equivalents |
| Restricted cash |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ |
| Accrued interest receivables ⁽²⁾ |
| Liabilities |
| Liabilities |
| Liabilities |

| |
|---|
| Amortized cost |
| Amortized cost |
| Amortized cost |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ |
| Time deposits ⁽³⁾ |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors |
| Long-term borrowings - owed to securitization investors |
| Other long-term borrowings |
| Long-term borrowings |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Carrying value approximates fair value⁽¹⁾ |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ |
| Accrued interest payables ⁽²⁾ |

(1) The carrying values of these assets and liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature.
 (2) Accrued interest receivable and payable carrying values are presented as part of other assets and accrued expenses and other liabilities, respectively, in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition.
 (3) Excludes deposits without contractually defined maturities for all periods presented.

-134- -132-

21. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

The Company uses derivatives to manage its exposure to various financial risks. The Company does not enter into derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. Certain derivatives used to manage the Company's exposure to foreign currency are not designated as hedges and do not qualify for hedge accounting.

Derivatives may give rise to counterparty credit risk, which generally is mitigated through collateral arrangements as described under the sub-heading "— Collateral Requirements and Credit-Risk Related Contingency Features." The Company enters into derivative transactions with established dealers that meet minimum credit criteria established by the Company. All counterparties must be pre-approved before engaging in any transaction with the Company. The Company regularly monitors counterparties to ensure compliance with the Company's risk policies and limits. In determining the counterparty credit risk valuation adjustment for the fair values of derivatives, if any, the Company considers collateral and legally enforceable master netting agreements that mitigate credit exposure to related counterparties.

All derivatives are recorded in other assets at their gross positive fair values and in accrued expenses and other liabilities at their gross negative fair values. See Note 20: Fair Value Measurements for a description of the valuation methodologies used for derivatives. Cash collateral amounts associated with derivative positions that are cleared through an exchange are legally characterized as settlement of the derivative positions. Such collateral amounts are reflected as offsets to the associated derivatives balances recorded in other assets or in accrued expenses and other liabilities. Other cash collateral posted and held balances are recorded in other assets and deposits, respectively, in the consolidated statements of financial condition. Collateral amounts recorded in the consolidated statements of financial condition are based on the net collateral posted or held position for each applicable legal entity's master netting arrangement with each counterparty.

Derivatives Designated as Hedges

Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows arising from changes in interest rates, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability, or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risk, are considered fair value hedges.

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to variability in cash flows related to changes in interest rates on interest-earning assets and funding instruments. These interest rate swaps qualify for hedge accounting in accordance with ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging* ("ASC 815"). At December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, the Company's outstanding cash flow hedges primarily relate to interest receipts from credit card receivables and had an initial maximum period of five years and three years, respectively, years.

The change in the fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges is recorded in OCI and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted cash flows affect earnings. Amounts reported in AOCI related to derivatives at December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, will be reclassified to interest income and interest expense as interest receipts and payments are accrued on the Company's then outstanding credit card receivables and certain floating-rate debt, respectively. During the next 12 months, the Company estimates it will reclassify \$79 million \$14 million into pretax earnings related to its cash flow hedges.

Fair Value Hedges

The Company is exposed to changes in the fair value of its fixed-rate debt obligations due to changes in interest rates. The Company uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to changes in the fair value of certain fixed-rate long-term borrowings, including securitized debt and bank notes, and deposits attributable to changes in the respective benchmark rates. These interest rate swaps qualify as fair value hedges in accordance with ASC 815. Changes in the fair values of both (i) the derivatives and (ii) the hedged long-term borrowings and deposits attributable to the interest rate risk being hedged are recorded in interest expense and generally provide substantial offset to one another.

-135-133-

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedges

Foreign Exchange Forward Contracts

The Company has foreign exchange forward contracts that are economic hedges and are not designated as accounting hedges. The Company enters into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage foreign currency risk. Changes in the fair value of these contracts are recorded in other income on the consolidated statements of income.

Derivatives Cleared Through an Exchange

Cash variation margin payments on derivatives cleared through an exchange are legally considered settlement payments and are accounted for with corresponding derivative positions as one unit of account and not presented separately as collateral. With settlement payments on derivative positions cleared through this exchange reflected as offsets to the associated derivative asset and liability balances, the fair values of derivative instruments and collateral balances shown are generally reduced.

Derivatives Activity

The following table summarizes the fair value (including accrued interest) and outstanding notional amounts of derivative instruments and related collateral balances (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, | | | | December 31, | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2024 | | 2023 | | | | |
| | Notional Amount | Number of Outstanding Derivative Contracts | Derivative Assets | Derivative Liabilities | Notional Amount | Derivative Assets | Derivative Liabilities | Notional Amount | Number of Outstanding Derivative Contracts | Derivative Assets | Derivative Liabilities |
| Derivatives designated as hedges | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps — cash flow hedge | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps — cash flow hedge | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps — cash flow hedge | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps — fair value hedge | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivatives not designated as hedges | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | | | | | |

Foreign
exchange forward
contracts⁽¹⁾

Total gross

derivative

assets/liabilities⁽²⁾

Less:

collateral

held/posted⁽³⁾

Less:

collateral

held/posted⁽³⁾

Less:

collateral

held/posted⁽³⁾

Total net

derivative

assets/liabilities

(1) The foreign exchange forward contracts have **notional amounts of EUR 1 million, GBP 3 million, SGD 1 million and INR 1.8 billion as of December 31, 2024**, and **notional amounts of EUR 6 million, GBP 6 million, SGD 1 million, INR 1.1 billion and AUD 2 million as of December 31, 2023**, and **notional amounts of EUR 6 million, GBP 6 million, SGD 1 million, INR 788 million and AUD 2 million as of December 31, 2022**.

(2) In addition to the derivatives disclosed in the table, the Company enters into forward contracts to purchase when-issued mortgage-backed securities and tax exempt single family mortgage revenue bonds as part of its community reinvestment initiatives. At December 31, 2024, the Company had one outstanding contract with a total notional amount of \$65 million and an immaterial fair value. At December 31, 2023, the Company had one outstanding contract with a total notional amount of \$35 million and an immaterial fair value. At December 31, 2022, the Company had one outstanding contract with a total notional amount of \$48 million and an immaterial fair value.

(3) Collateral amounts, which consist of cash and investment securities, are limited to the related derivative asset/liability balance and do not include excess collateral received/pledged.

The following amounts were recorded on the statements of financial condition related to cumulative basis adjustments for fair value hedges (dollars in millions):

| December 31, | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| 2023 | | | 2022 | | | | | | |
| 2024 | | | 2023 | | | | | | |
| Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities | Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities | Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment (Decreasing) the Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities ⁽¹⁾ | Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities | Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment (Decreasing) the Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities ⁽¹⁾ | Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities | Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment (Decreasing) the Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities ⁽¹⁾ | Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities | Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities | Cumulative Amount of Fair Value Hedging Adjustment Carrying Amount of Hedged Liabilities |
| Long- term borrowings | | | | | | | | | |

(1) The balance includes \$12 million \$5 million and \$28 million \$12 million of cumulative hedging adjustments related to discontinued hedging relationships as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022 2023, respectively.
-136 -134

The following table summarizes the impact of the derivative instruments on income and indicates where within the consolidated financial statements such impact is reported (dollars in millions):

| Location and Amount of (Losses) Gains Recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Income | Location and Amount of (Losses) Gains Recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Income | Location and Amount of (Losses) Gains Recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Income | Location and Amount of (Losses) Gains Recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Income | Location and Amount of (Losses) Gains Recognized on the Consolidated Statements of Income |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Interest Expense | Interest Expense | Interest Expense | Interest Expense | Other Income |

| | | Long-Term Borrowings | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------|----------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | Deposits | Deposits | Long- Term Deposits | Interest Income (Credit Card) | Other Income |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2024</u> | | Deposits | Deposits | Borrowings | Interest Income (Credit Card) | Other Expense |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | | | | | | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | | | | | | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | | | | | | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | | | | | | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | | | | | | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | | | | | | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | | | | | | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains on discontinued cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains on discontinued cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains on discontinued cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | | | | | | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | | | | | | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | | | | | | |
| <i>(Losses) gains on fair value hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>(Losses) gains on fair value hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| <i>(Losses) gains on fair value hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |
| (Losses) gains on hedged items | | | | | | |
| (Losses) gains on hedged items | | | | | | |
| (Losses) gains on hedged items | | | | | | |
| (Losses) gains on interest rate swaps | | | | | | |
| Total (losses) gains on fair value hedging relationships | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | | | | | | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | | | | | | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | | | | | | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | | | | | | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | | | | | | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | | | | | | |
| <i>Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships</i> | | | | | | |

| | |
|---|--|
| Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | |
| Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on hedged items | |
| Gains (losses) on hedged items | |
| Gains (losses) on hedged items | |
| Gains (losses) on interest rate swaps | |
| Total gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | |
| The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging | |
| (Losses) gains on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| (Losses) gains on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| (Losses) gains on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on cash flow hedging relationships | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | |
| Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings | |
| Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains on hedged items | |
| Gains on hedged items | |
| Gains on hedged items | |
| (Losses) gains on interest rate swaps | |
| Total (losses) gains on fair value hedging relationships | |
| Gains (losses) on interest rate swaps | |
| Total gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships | |
| The effects of derivatives not designated in hedging relationships | |
| The effects of derivatives not designated in hedging relationships | |
| The effects of derivatives not designated in hedging relationships | |
| Gains on derivatives not designated as hedges | |
| Gains on derivatives not designated as hedges | |
| Gains on derivatives not designated as hedges | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | |

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded

Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded

Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in the consolidated statements of income, where the effects of fair value or cash flow hedges are recorded

The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging

The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging

The effects of cash flow and fair value hedging

(Losses) gains on cash flow hedging relationships

(Losses) gains on cash flow hedging relationships

(Losses) gains on cash flow hedging relationships

Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings

Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings

Amounts reclassified from OCI into earnings

Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships

Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships

Gains (losses) on fair value hedging relationships

Gains on hedged items

Gains on hedged items

Gains on hedged items

(Losses) gains on interest rate swaps

Total gains on fair value hedging relationships

For the impact of the derivative instruments on OCI, see Note 13: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

-137- -135-

Collateral Requirements and Credit-Risk Related Contingency Features

The Company has master netting arrangements and minimum collateral posting thresholds with its counterparties for its fair value and cash flow hedge interest rate swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts. The Company has not sought a legal opinion in relation to the enforceability of its master netting arrangements and, as such, does not report any of these positions on a net basis. Collateral is required by either the Company or its subsidiaries or the counterparty depending on the net fair value position of the derivatives held with that counterparty. These collateral receivable or payable amounts are generally not offset against the fair value of these derivatives but are recorded separately in other assets or deposits. Most of the Company's cash collateral amounts relate to positions cleared through an exchange and are reflected as offsets to the associated derivatives balances recorded in other assets and accrued expenses and other liabilities.

The Company also has agreements with certain of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision under which the Company could be declared in default on any of its derivative obligations if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where the lender has not accelerated repayment of the indebtedness.

22. Segment Disclosures

The Company manages its business activities in two segments: Digital Banking and Payment Services.

- **Digital Banking:** The Digital Banking segment includes Discover-branded credit cards issued to individuals on the Discover Network and other consumer products and services, including private student loans (*prior to the sale of that portfolio*), personal loans, home loans and deposit products. The majority of Digital Banking revenues relate to interest income earned on the segment's loan products. Additionally, the Company's credit card products generate substantially all revenues related to discount and interchange, protection products and loan fee income.
- **Payment Services:** The Payment Services segment includes PULSE, an ATM, debit and electronic funds transfer network; Diners Club, a global payments network; and the Company's Network Partners business, which provides payment transaction processing and settlement services on the Discover Network. The majority of Payment Services revenues relate to transaction processing revenue from PULSE and royalty and licensee revenue from Diners Club.

The **CODM** is the Chief Executive Officer. The CODM reviews financial results on a regular basis to assess total company and line of business performance. The information reviewed, including plan-to-actual comparisons, ratio analysis and other relevant metrics is then used to inform decisions impacting the Company's reportable segments.

including evaluating expense budgets for lines of business which comprise those reportable segments. The business segment reporting provided to and used by the Company's chief operating decision-maker CODM is prepared using the following principles and allocation conventions:

- The Company aggregates operating segments when determining reportable segments.
- Corporate overhead is not allocated between segments; all corporate overhead is included in the Digital Banking segment.
- Through its operation of the Discover Network, the Digital Banking segment incurs fixed marketing, servicing and infrastructure costs that are not specifically allocated among the segments, except for an allocation of direct and incremental costs driven by the Company's Payment Services segment.
- The Company's assets are not allocated among the operating segments in the information reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision-maker CODM.
- The revenues of each segment are derived from external sources. The segments do not earn revenue from intercompany sources.
- Income taxes are not specifically allocated between the operating segments in the information reviewed by the Company's chief operating decision maker CODM.

-138-
-136-

The following table presents segment data (dollars in millions):

| | Digital Banking | Payment Services | Total |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | |
| Interest income | | | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 14,438 | \$ — | \$ 14,438 |
| Private student loans | 1,033 | — | 1,033 |
| Personal loans | 1,156 | — | 1,156 |
| Other loans | 326 | — | 326 |
| Other interest income | 892 | — | 892 |
| Total interest income | 17,845 | — | 17,845 |
| Interest expense | 4,746 | — | 4,746 |
| Net interest income | 13,099 | — | 13,099 |
| Provision for credit losses | 6,018 | — | 6,018 |
| Other income | 2,311 | 450 | 2,761 |
| Other expense | 5,822 | 194 | 6,016 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 3,570 | \$ 256 | \$ 3,826 |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2022</u> | | | |
| Interest income | | | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 10,632 | \$ — | \$ 10,632 |
| Private student loans | 831 | — | 831 |
| Personal loans | 872 | — | 872 |
| Other loans | 167 | — | 167 |
| Other interest income | 362 | — | 362 |
| Total interest income | 12,864 | — | 12,864 |
| Interest expense | 1,865 | — | 1,865 |
| Net interest income | 10,999 | — | 10,999 |
| Provision for credit losses | 2,359 | — | 2,359 |
| Other income | 2,118 | 176 | 2,294 |
| Other expense | 5,049 | 167 | 5,216 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 5,709 | \$ 9 | \$ 5,718 |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2021</u> | | | |
| Interest income | | | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 8,717 | \$ — | \$ 8,717 |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Private student loans | 742 | — | 742 |
| Personal loans | 878 | — | 878 |
| Other loans | 114 | — | 114 |
| Other interest income | 200 | — | 200 |
| Total interest income | 10,651 | — | 10,651 |
| Interest expense | 1,134 | — | 1,134 |
| Net interest income | 9,517 | — | 9,517 |
| Provision for credit losses | 218 | — | 218 |
| Other income | 1,745 | 789 | 2,534 |
| Other expense | 4,549 | 256 | 4,805 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 6,495 | \$ 533 | \$ 7,028 |

| | Digital Banking | Payment Services | Total |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2024</u> | | | |
| Interest income | | | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 16,109 | \$ — | \$ 16,109 |
| Private student loans | 800 | — | 800 |
| Personal loans | 1,402 | — | 1,402 |
| Home loans | 525 | — | 525 |
| Other loans | 2 | — | 2 |
| Other interest income | 1,182 | — | 1,182 |
| Total interest income | 20,020 | — | 20,020 |
| Interest expense | 5,724 | — | 5,724 |
| Net interest income | 14,296 | — | 14,296 |
| Provision for credit losses | 4,911 | — | 4,911 |
| Other income | 2,902 | 712 | 3,614 |
| Other expense | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 2,739 | 85 | 2,824 |
| Marketing and business development | 1,055 | 15 | 1,070 |
| Information processing and communications | 704 | 31 | 735 |
| Professional fees | 1,231 | 43 | 1,274 |
| Premises and equipment | 90 | 3 | 93 |
| Other expense | 911 | 18 | 929 |
| Total other expense⁽¹⁾ | 6,730 | 195 | 6,925 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 5,557 | \$ 517 | \$ 6,074 |

| | Digital Banking | Payment Services | Total |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | |
| Interest income | | | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 14,438 | \$ — | \$ 14,438 |
| Private student loans | 1,033 | — | 1,033 |
| Personal loans | 1,156 | — | 1,156 |
| Home loans | 324 | — | 324 |
| Other loans | 2 | — | 2 |
| Other interest income | 892 | — | 892 |
| Total interest income | 17,845 | — | 17,845 |
| Interest expense | 4,746 | — | 4,746 |
| Net interest income | 13,099 | — | 13,099 |
| Provision for credit losses | 6,018 | — | 6,018 |
| Other income | 2,245 | 450 | 2,695 |
| Other expense | | | |

| | | | |
|---|----------|--------|----------|
| Employee compensation and benefits | 2,356 | 78 | 2,434 |
| Marketing and business development | 1,147 | 17 | 1,164 |
| Information processing and communications | 582 | 26 | 608 |
| Professional fees | 991 | 50 | 1,041 |
| Premises and equipment | 86 | 3 | 89 |
| Other expense | 783 | 20 | 803 |
| Total other expense ⁽¹⁾ | 5,945 | 194 | 6,139 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 3,381 | \$ 256 | \$ 3,637 |

-139-
-137-

| | Digital Banking | Payment Services | Total |
|---|-----------------|------------------|-----------|
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | |
| Interest income | | | |
| Credit card loans | \$ 10,632 | \$ — | \$ 10,632 |
| Private student loans | 831 | — | 831 |
| Personal loans | 872 | — | 872 |
| Home loans | 165 | — | 165 |
| Other loans | 2 | — | 2 |
| Other interest income | 362 | — | 362 |
| Total interest income | 12,864 | — | 12,864 |
| Interest expense | 1,865 | — | 1,865 |
| Net interest income | 10,999 | — | 10,999 |
| Provision for credit losses | 2,359 | — | 2,359 |
| Other income | 2,041 | 176 | 2,217 |
| Other expense | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 2,068 | 71 | 2,139 |
| Marketing and business development | 1,020 | 15 | 1,035 |
| Information processing and communications | 485 | 28 | 513 |
| Professional fees | 838 | 33 | 871 |
| Premises and equipment | 115 | 3 | 118 |
| Other expense | 523 | 17 | 540 |
| Total other expense ⁽¹⁾ | 5,049 | 167 | 5,216 |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 5,632 | \$ 9 | \$ 5,641 |

(1) Financial information provided to the CODM for the Digital Banking segment included total direct expenses of \$2.7 billion, \$2.8 billion and \$2.4 billion and total allocated expenses of \$4.0 billion, \$3.1 billion and \$2.6 billion for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. For the Payment Services segment, that information included \$124 million, \$117 million and \$109 million in total direct expenses and \$71 million, \$77 million and \$58 million in total allocated expenses for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

-138-

23. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

ASC Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("ASC 606"), generally applies to the sales of any good or service for which no other specific accounting guidance is provided. ASC 606 defines a principles-based model under which revenue from a contract is allocated to the distinct performance obligations within the contract and recognized in income as each performance obligation is satisfied. The Company's revenue that is subject to this model includes discount and interchange, protection products fees, transaction processing revenue and certain amounts classified as other income.

The following table presents revenue from contracts with customers disaggregated by business segment and reconciles revenue from contracts with customers to total other income (dollars in millions):

| | Digital Banking | Digital Banking | Payment Services | Total | Digital Banking | Payment Services | Total |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------|-----------------|------------------|-------|
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2024</u> | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Protection products revenue | | | | | | | |
| Transaction processing revenue | | | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | | | |
| Total other income subject to ASC 606 ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Other income not subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | | | |
| Losses on equity investments | | | | | | | |
| Total other income (loss) not subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Total other income by operating segment | | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2023</u> | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Protection products revenue | | | | | | | |
| Transaction processing revenue | | | | | | | |
| Other income | | | | | | | |
| Total other income subject to ASC 606 ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Other income not subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | | | |
| Loan fee income | | | | | | | |
| Gains (losses) on equity investments | | | | | | | |
| Total other income (loss) not subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Total other income not subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Total other income by operating segment | | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2022</u> | | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2022</u> | | | | | | | |
| <u>For the Year Ended December 31, 2022</u> | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |

| |
|--|
| Protection products revenue |
| Transaction processing revenue |
| Other income |
| Total other income subject to ASC 606 ⁽²⁾ |
| Other income not subject to ASC 606 |
| Loan fee income |
| Loan fee income |
| Loan fee income |
| Gains (losses) on equity investments |
| Total other income not subject to ASC 606 |
| Total other income by operating segment |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 |
| Other income subject to ASC 606 |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net ⁽¹⁾ |
| Protection products revenue |
| Transaction processing revenue |
| Other income |
| Total other income subject to ASC 606 ⁽²⁾ |
| Other income not subject to ASC 606 |
| Loan fee income |
| Loan fee income |
| Loan fee income |
| Gains on equity investments |
| Total other income not subject to ASC 606 |
| Total other income by operating segment |

(1) Net of rewards, including Cashback Bonus rewards, of **\$3.1 billion** \$3.0 billion, **\$3.0 billion** \$3.1 billion and **\$2.5 billion** \$3.0 billion for the years ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, **2022** 2023 and **2021** 2022, respectively.

(2) Excludes **\$15 million** \$7 million, **\$10 million** \$15 million and **\$2 million** \$10 million deposit product fees that are reported within net interest income for the years ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, **2022** 2023 and **2021** 2022, respectively.

For a detailed description of the Company's significant revenue recognition accounting policies, see Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

140 **139**

24. Related Party Transactions

In the ordinary course of business, the Company offers consumer financial products to its directors, executive officers and certain members of their families. These products are offered on substantially the same terms as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with unrelated parties and these receivables are included in the loan receivables in the Company's consolidated statements of financial condition. They were not material to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

25. Parent Company Condensed Financial Information

The following Parent Company financial statements are provided in accordance with SEC rules, which require such disclosure when the restricted net assets of consolidated subsidiaries exceed 25% of consolidated net assets.

Discover Financial Services
(Parent Company Only)
Condensed Statements of Financial Condition
(dollars in millions)

December 31,

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------------------|------|
| | (dollars in millions) | |
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Restricted cash | | |
| Notes receivable from subsidiaries ⁽²⁾ | | |
| Investment in bank subsidiary ⁽³⁾ | | |
| Investments in non-bank subsidiaries ⁽³⁾ | | |
| Investment in bank subsidiary | | |
| Investments in non-bank subsidiaries | | |
| Other assets | | |
| Total assets | | |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Non-interest-bearing deposit accounts | | |
| Short-term borrowings from subsidiaries | | |
| Short-term borrowings from subsidiaries | | |
| Short-term borrowings from subsidiaries | | |
| Long-term borrowings | | |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | | |
| Total liabilities | | |
| Stockholders' equity | | |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | | |

(1) The Parent Company had \$3.5 billion \$5.2 billion and \$3.1 billion \$3.5 billion in a money market deposit account at Discover Bank as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, which is included in cash and cash equivalents. These funds are available to the Parent for liquidity purposes.

(2) The Parent Company had a balance of \$1.3 billion representing advances to Discover Bank as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, which is included in notes receivable from subsidiaries.

(3) Figures presented as

-140-

Discover Financial Services (Parent Company Only)

Condensed Statements of December 31, 2022 have been updated from amounts previously disclosed Comprehensive Income

(dollars in Part II Item 5 — Other Information in the Company's Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023, due to certain intercompany allocations recorded in the fourth quarter. millions)

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-------|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Interest income | \$ 293 | \$ 240 | \$ 98 |
| Interest expense | 280 | 189 | 189 |
| Net interest income (expense) | 13 | 51 | (91) |
| Dividends from bank subsidiary | 2,600 | 1,700 | 4,000 |
| Dividends from non-bank subsidiaries | 260 | 11 | 688 |
| Other income | — | 4 | — |
| Total income | 2,873 | 1,766 | 4,597 |

| | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| Other expense (income) | 179 | (2) | 6 |
| Income before income tax benefit and equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | 2,694 | 1,768 | 4,591 |
| Income tax benefit (expense) | 19 | (7) | 25 |
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | 1,822 | 1,035 | (300) |
| Net income | 4,535 | 2,796 | 4,316 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income, net | (71) | 114 | (245) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 4,464 | \$ 2,910 | \$ 4,071 |

-141-

**Discover Financial Services
(Parent Company Only)**

Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--|----------|----------|
| | 2023 2022 2021 | | |
| | (dollars in millions) | | |
| Interest income | \$ 240 | \$ 98 | \$ 33 |
| Interest expense | 189 | 189 | 199 |
| Net interest expense | 51 | (91) | (166) |
| Dividends from bank subsidiary | 1,700 | 4,000 | 3,250 |
| Dividends from non-bank subsidiaries | 11 | 688 | — |
| Other income | 4 | — | — |
| Total income | 1,766 | 4,597 | 3,084 |
| Other expense | (2) | 6 | 10 |
| Income before income tax benefit and equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | 1,768 | 4,591 | 3,074 |
| Income tax benefit (expense) | (7) | 25 | 25 |
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | 1,179 | (242) | 2,323 |
| Net income | 2,940 | 4,374 | 5,422 |
| Other comprehensive (loss) income, net | 114 | (245) | (139) |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 3,054 | \$ 4,129 | \$ 5,283 |

-142-

**Discover Financial Services
(Parent Company Only)**

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|--|----------|----------|
| | 2023 2022 2021 | | |
| | (dollars in millions) | | |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | | | |
| Net income | \$ 2,940 | \$ 4,374 | \$ 5,422 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | (1,179) | 242 | (2,323) |
| Non-cash dividend from subsidiary | (11) | (188) | — |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 74 | 89 | 103 |

| | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| Deferred income taxes | 2 | (8) | (13) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 4 | 32 | 47 |
| Net gains on investments and other assets | (4) | — | — |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Increase in other assets | (65) | (143) | (91) |
| (Decrease) increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities | (41) | 27 | 24 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,720 | 4,425 | 3,169 |
| Cash flows (used for) provided by investing activities⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Return of capital from sale of subsidiary | 2 | — | — |
| Decrease (increase) in loans to subsidiaries | 109 | (982) | 114 |
| Proceeds from sale of subsidiary | 3 | — | — |
| Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities | 114 | (982) | 114 |
| Cash flows used for financing activities | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings from subsidiaries | 275 | (324) | 156 |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 12 | 10 | 9 |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term borrowings | 993 | 740 | — |
| Maturities and repayment of long-term borrowings | (15) | (834) | (172) |
| Purchases of treasury stock | (1,938) | (2,359) | (2,260) |
| Dividends paid on common and preferred stock | (752) | (703) | (636) |
| Net cash used for financing activities | (1,425) | (3,470) | (2,903) |
| Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | 409 | (27) | 380 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at beginning of period | 3,175 | 3,202 | 2,822 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at end of period | \$ 3,584 | \$ 3,175 | \$ 3,202 |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,509 | \$ 3,155 | \$ 3,182 |
| Restricted cash | 75 | 20 | 20 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at end of period | \$ 3,584 | \$ 3,175 | \$ 3,202 |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information | | | |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | | |
| Interest expense | \$ 175 | \$ 159 | \$ 156 |
| Income taxes, net of income tax refunds | \$ 22 | \$ (39) | \$ (70) |

(1) (dollars in millions)

| | For the Years Ended December 31, | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | | | |
| Net income | \$ 4,535 | \$ 2,796 | \$ 4,316 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | |
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | (1,822) | (1,035) | 300 |
| Non-cash transfer to (from) subsidiary | 40 | (11) | (188) |
| Stock-based compensation expense | 85 | 74 | 89 |
| Deferred income taxes | (12) | 2 | (8) |
| Depreciation and amortization | 5 | 4 | 32 |
| Net gains on investments and other assets | — | (4) | — |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Increase in other assets | (107) | (65) | (143) |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities | 136 | (41) | 27 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 2,860 | 1,720 | 4,425 |
| Cash flows (used for) provided by investing activities | | | |
| Return of capital from sale of subsidiary | — | 2 | — |
| (Increase) decrease in loans to subsidiaries | (95) | 109 | (982) |
| Proceeds from sale of subsidiary | — | 3 | — |
| Purchases of premises and equipment | (1) | — | — |
| Net cash (used for) provided by investing activities | (96) | 114 | (982) |

| | | | | |
|---|----------|----------|----------|--|
| Cash flows used for financing activities | | | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings from subsidiaries | 303 | 275 | (324) | |
| Proceeds from issuance of common stock | 13 | 12 | 10 | |
| Proceeds from issuance of long-term borrowings | — | 993 | 740 | |
| Maturities and repayment of long-term borrowings | (502) | (15) | (834) | |
| Purchases of treasury stock | (83) | (1,938) | (2,359) | |
| Net increase in deposits | 1 | — | — | |
| Dividends paid on common and preferred stock | (771) | (752) | (703) | |
| Net cash used for financing activities | (1,039) | (1,425) | (3,470) | |
| Increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | 1,725 | 409 | (27) | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at beginning of period | 3,584 | 3,175 | 3,202 | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at end of period | \$ 5,309 | \$ 3,584 | \$ 3,175 | |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 5,209 | \$ 3,509 | \$ 3,155 | |
| Restricted cash | 100 | 75 | 20 | |
| Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, at end of period | \$ 5,309 | \$ 3,584 | \$ 3,175 | |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information | | | | |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | | | |
| Interest expense | \$ 280 | \$ 175 | \$ 159 | |
| Income taxes, net of income tax refunds | \$ (25) | \$ 22 | \$ (39) | |

-142-

26. Subsequent Events

On February 18, 2025, approval of the Merger Agreement was obtained from the Company's shareholders and Capital One's shareholders. For more information, refer to the issuance of Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, the Company identified an immaterial classification error within cash flows (used for)/provided by investing activities. The correction of this error had no impact SEC on the net cash (used for)/provided by investing activities. Management has evaluated the materiality of this misstatement and concluded it was not material to the prior period: February 18, 2025.

-143-

26. Immaterial Restatement of Prior Period Financial Statements

As reported in the second quarter of 2023, beginning in 2007, the Company incorrectly classified certain credit card accounts into its highest merchant and merchant acquirer pricing tier. The card product classification impacts the pricing and charging of discount and interchange revenue, which is recorded within discount and interchange revenue, net, on the consolidated statements of income. The Company determined the revenue impact of the incorrect card product classification was immaterial to the consolidated financial statements for all impacted prior periods. For comparative purposes, the Company has made these immaterial corrections to the recognition of discount and interchange revenue, as well as the related impacts to assets, liabilities and retained earnings in the prior periods presented in this Form 10-K. Assets were impacted by adjustments to deferred tax assets, and liabilities were impacted by an adjustment to the liability for estimated refunds to merchants and merchant acquirers.

The prior period impacts to the Company's consolidated statement of financial condition were as shown below (dollars in millions):

| December 31, 2022 | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--|
| As Previously Reported | Restatement Impacts | As Restated | |
| | | | |

| | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Other Assets | | \$ 4,519 | \$ 78 | \$ 4,597 |
| Total Assets | | <u>\$ 131,628</u> | <u>\$ 78</u> | <u>\$ 131,706</u> |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Accrued Expenses and other liabilities | | \$ 5,294 | \$ 324 | \$ 5,618 |
| Total Liabilities | | <u>\$ 117,038</u> | <u>\$ 324</u> | <u>\$ 117,362</u> |
| Stockholders' Equity | | | | |
| Retained Earnings | | \$ 28,453 | \$ (246) | \$ 28,207 |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | | <u>\$ 14,590</u> | <u>\$ (246)</u> | <u>\$ 14,344</u> |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | <u>\$ 131,628</u> | <u>\$ 78</u> | <u>\$ 131,706</u> |

The prior period impacts to the Company's consolidated statements of income and the related impacts to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income were as shown below (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | As Previously | | As Restated | As Previously | | As Restated |
| | Reported | Restatement Impacts | | Reported | Restatement Impacts | |
| Other income | | | | | | |
| Discount and interchange revenue, net | \$ 1,424 | \$ (44) | \$ 1,380 | \$ 1,224 | \$ (36) | \$ 1,188 |
| Total other income | <u>\$ 2,338</u> | <u>\$ (44)</u> | <u>\$ 2,294</u> | <u>\$ 2,570</u> | <u>\$ (36)</u> | <u>\$ 2,534</u> |
| Other expense | | | | | | |
| Other expense | \$ 560 | \$ (20) | \$ 540 | \$ 620 | \$ — | \$ 620 |
| Total other expense | <u>\$ 5,236</u> | <u>\$ (20)</u> | <u>\$ 5,216</u> | <u>\$ 4,805</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ 4,805</u> |
| Income before income taxes | \$ 5,742 | \$ (24) | \$ 5,718 | \$ 7,064 | \$ (36) | \$ 7,028 |
| Income tax expense | \$ 1,350 | \$ (6) | \$ 1,344 | \$ 1,615 | \$ (9) | \$ 1,606 |
| Net Income | <u>\$ 4,392</u> | <u>\$ (18)</u> | <u>\$ 4,374</u> | <u>\$ 5,449</u> | <u>\$ (27)</u> | <u>\$ 5,422</u> |
| Net income allocated to common stockholders | <u>\$ 4,304</u> | <u>\$ (18)</u> | <u>\$ 4,286</u> | <u>\$ 5,351</u> | <u>\$ (28)</u> | <u>\$ 5,323</u> |
| Basic earnings per common share | \$ 15.52 | \$ (0.07) | \$ 15.45 | \$ 17.85 | \$ (0.10) | \$ 17.75 |
| Diluted earnings per common share | <u>\$ 15.50</u> | <u>\$ (0.06)</u> | <u>\$ 15.44</u> | <u>\$ 17.83</u> | <u>\$ (0.09)</u> | <u>\$ 17.74</u> |

-144-

The prior period impacts to the Company's consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity were as shown below (dollars in millions):

| | Retained Earnings | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| | As Previously Reported | |
| As Previously Reported | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ 21,290 | \$ 11,859 |
| Net income | <u>\$ 1,141</u> | <u>\$ 1,141</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 19,955</u> | <u>\$ 10,884</u> |
| Restatement Impacts | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ (185) | \$ (185) |

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Net income | \$ (16) | \$ (16) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ (201) | \$ (201) |
| As Restated | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ 21,105 | \$ 11,674 |
| Net income | \$ 1,125 | \$ 1,125 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 19,754 | \$ 10,683 |
| | | |
| As Previously Reported | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 19,955 | \$ 10,884 |
| Net income | \$ 5,449 | \$ 5,449 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ 24,766 | \$ 13,408 |
| | | |
| Restatement Impacts | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ (201) | \$ (201) |
| Net income | \$ (27) | \$ (27) |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ (228) | \$ (228) |
| | | |
| As Restated | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 19,754 | \$ 10,683 |
| Net income | \$ 5,422 | \$ 5,422 |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ 24,538 | \$ 13,180 |

145

| | Retained Earnings | Total Stockholders' Equity |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| As Previously Reported | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ 24,766 | \$ 13,408 |
| Net income | \$ 4,392 | \$ 4,392 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ 28,453 | \$ 14,590 |
| | | |
| Restatement Impacts | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ (228) | \$ (228) |
| Net income | \$ (18) | \$ (18) |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ (246) | \$ (246) |
| | | |
| As Restated | | |
| For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2021 | \$ 24,538 | \$ 13,180 |
| Net income | \$ 4,374 | \$ 4,374 |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ 28,207 | \$ 14,344 |

The prior period impacts to the Company's consolidated statements of cash flows were as follows (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | As Previously | | As Restated | As Previously | | As Restated |
| | Reported | Restatement Impacts | | Reported | Restatement Impacts | |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | | | | | | |
| Net Income | \$ 4,392 | \$ (18) | \$ 4,374 | \$ 5,449 | \$ (27) | \$ 5,422 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Deferred income taxes | \$ (427) | \$ (6) | \$ (433) | \$ 327 | \$ (9) | \$ 318 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Increase in accrued expenses and liabilities | \$ 1,080 | \$ 24 | \$ 1,104 | \$ 410 | \$ 36 | \$ 446 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 7,140 | \$ — | \$ 7,140 | \$ 6,019 | \$ — | \$ 6,019 |

The following tables reflect the impacts of the card product misclassification and subsequent restatements of certain prior period amounts reported on the Parent Company's financial statements.

The prior period impacts to the Parent Company's condensed statement of financial condition were as follows (dollars in millions):

| | December 31, 2022 | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | As Previously | | As Restated |
| | Reported | Restatement Impacts | |
| Investment in bank subsidiary⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Investment in bank subsidiary ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 11,922 | \$ (237) | \$ 11,685 |
| Investments in non-bank subsidiaries ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 886 | \$ (9) | \$ 877 |
| Total assets | \$ 18,553 | \$ (246) | \$ 18,307 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | | | |
| Stockholders' equity | \$ 14,590 | \$ (246) | \$ 14,344 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$ 18,553 | \$ (246) | \$ 18,307 |

(1) Figures presented have been updated from amounts previously disclosed in Part II Item 5 — Other Information in the Company's Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2023, due to certain intercompany allocations recorded in the fourth quarter.

-146-

The prior period impacts to the Parent Company's condensed statements of income and the related impacts to the condensed statements of comprehensive income were as follows (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | As Previously | | As Restated | As Previously | | As Restated |
| | Reported | Restatement Impacts | | Reported | Restatement Impacts | |
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | | | | | | |
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | \$ (224) | \$ (18) | \$ (242) | \$ 2,350 | \$ (27) | \$ 2,323 |
| Net income | \$ 4,392 | \$ (18) | \$ 4,374 | \$ 5,449 | \$ (27) | \$ 5,422 |
| Comprehensive income | \$ 4,147 | \$ (18) | \$ 4,129 | \$ 5,310 | \$ (27) | \$ 5,283 |

The prior period impacts to the Parent Company's condensed statements of cash flows were as follows (dollars in millions):

| | For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 | | | For the Year Ended December 31, 2021 | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | As Previously | | As Restated | As Previously | | As Restated |
| | Reported | Restatement Impacts | | Reported | Restatement Impacts | |
| Cash flows provided by operating activities | | | | | | |
| Net income | \$ 4,392 | \$ (18) | \$ 4,374 | \$ 5,449 | \$ (27) | \$ 5,422 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-------|----------|------------|-------|------------|
| Equity in undistributed net income of subsidiaries | \$ 224 | \$ 18 | \$ 242 | \$ (2,350) | \$ 27 | \$ (2,323) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 4,425 | \$ — | \$ 4,425 | \$ 3,169 | \$ — | \$ 3,169 |

27. Subsequent Events

On February 19, 2024, the Company and Capital One Financial Corporation jointly announced that they entered into an agreement and plan of merger (the "Merger Agreement"), under which the companies will combine in an all-stock merger, which values Discover at \$35.3 billion. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, holders of Discover common stock will receive 1.0192 shares of Capital One common stock for each share of Discover common stock they own. Capital One shareholders will own approximately 60% of the combined company and Discover shareholders will own approximately 40% of the combined company. The Merger Agreement contains customary representations and warranties, covenants and closing conditions. The Board of Directors of the combined company will have fifteen directors, consisting of the current twelve Capital One Board members and three of the Company's Board members to be named at a later date.

Glossary of Acronyms

- **AFS:** Available-For-Sale
- **AI:** Artificial Intelligence
- **ALCO:** Asset and Liability Management Committee
- **AOCI:** Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
- **ASC:** Accounting Standards Codification
- **ASU:** Accounting Standards Update
- **ATM:** Automated Teller Machine
- **BCBS:** Basel Committee on Banking Supervision
- **BTFP:** Bank Term Funding Program
- **CCAR:** Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review
- **CCPA:** California Consumer Privacy Act
- **CECL:** Current Expected Credit Losses
- **CEO:** Chief Executive Officer
- **CET1:** Common Equity Tier 1
- **CFO:** Chief Financial Officer
- **CFPB:** Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
- **CHCC:** Compensation and Human Capital Committee
- **CIO:** Chief Information Officer
- **CISO:** Chief Information Security Officer
- **CLDC:** Compensation and Leadership Development Committee
- **CME:** Chicago Mercantile Exchange
- **CODM:** Chief Operating Decision Maker
- **COSO:** Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission
- **CPPA:** California Privacy Protection Agency
- **CPRA:** California Privacy Rights Act
- **CRM:** Corporate Risk Management
- **CRO:** Chief Risk Officer
- **DCENT:** Discover Card Execution Note Trust
- **DCMT:** Discover Card Master Trust
- **DE&I:** Diversity, Equity and Inclusion
- **DFS:** Discover Financial Services
- **DRR:** Designated Reserve Ratio
- **EPS:** Earnings Per Share
- **ERM:** Enterprise Risk Management
- **ESG:** Environmental, Social and Governance
- **EWI:** Early Warning Indicator
 - **FDIC:** Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
 - **FFIEC:** Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council
 - **FHLB:** Federal Home Loan Bank
 - **FRB:** Federal Reserve Board
 - **GAAP:** Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States
 - **GLBA:** Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act
 - **IRM HTM:** Information Risk Management Held-To-Maturity

- **KRI:** Key Risk Indicator
- **LFI:** Large Financial Institution
- **LIBOR:** London Interbank Offered Rate
- **NPI:** Nonpublic Personal Information
- **OCC:** Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
- **OCI:** Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)
- **OFAC:** Office of Foreign Assets Control
- **ORO:** Operational Risk Oversight
- **PCAOB:** Public Company Accounting Oversight Board
- **POS:** Point-of-sale Point-of-Sale
- **PSU:** Performance Stock Unit
- **Repo:** Repurchase Agreement
- **RMBS:** Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities
- **RSU:** Restricted Stock Unit
- **SCB:** Stress Capital Buffer
- **SEC:** Securities and Exchange Commission
- **SOFR:** Secured Overnight Financing Rate
- **TDR:** Troubled Debt Restructuring
- **TIRC:** Technology and Information Risk Committee
- **UDAAP:** Unfair, Deceptive or Abusive Acts or Practices
- **U.S.:** United States of America
- **USD:** United States Dollar
- **U.S. GSE:** Government-sponsored Enterprise of the U.S.
- **VIE:** Variable Interest Entity
- **VP-ISTR:** VP, Information Security and Technology Risk

-148- -144-

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), which are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer CEO and Chief Financial Officer, CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer CEO and Chief Financial Officer CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

Remediation of Previously Disclosed Material Weaknesses

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. As most recently disclosed in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2024, our management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective because of material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting first disclosed in our Form 10-K/A for the period ended December 31, 2023.

To remediate the identified material weaknesses, the Company took the following measures consistent with those disclosed within "Item 9A. Controls and Procedures — Remediation Plan and Status" in our Form 10-K/A for the period ended December 31, 2023:

Control Environment

- The Company appointed new individuals in key roles including the CEO and other leadership roles.
- The Company appointed a new Head of Ethics and Conduct who is responsible for the oversight of an enterprise-wide Ethics and Conduct Program to establish clear expectations in desired behavior.
- The Board approved an updated consolidated Code of Conduct and Business Ethics applicable to all employees and directors. In addition, the Board approved a new code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers, which emphasized the importance of ethics and compliance and the expectation that the Company's leaders set the tone at the top.
- The Company created a new Escalation Policy that set escalation principles and described the types of matters that should be escalated and addressed various escalation paths, including up to the Board.
- The Company updated the Issue Management Policy and related standard to identify, escalate and remediate issues timely.
- The Company made improvements to the Integrity Hotline Policy to emphasize the Board and management's support and expectation of ethical employee conduct.

Card Product Misclassification

Management has taken the following steps to ensure the identified control deficiencies were remediated through the implementation of the following internal control activities:

- To address the deficiency related to the control gap in the tiering of Discover Bank-issued credit cards, we designed and implemented a combination of manual and automated controls to mitigate the risk that credit cards are placed in incorrect pricing tiers.

-145-

- To address the deficiency related to the misapplication of GAAP, in concert with the amendments of the Company's historical financial statements, management performed an additional instance of the control and selected a methodology which we believe is in accordance with GAAP.

These initiatives, together with others, have resulted in significant improvements in our internal control framework, particularly in our overall control environment, as well as control activities related to card classification. As relevant controls have been designed, implemented, and operated for a sufficient period of time to address the previously disclosed material weaknesses, management, including our CEO and CFO, has concluded the material weaknesses have been remediated as of December 31, 2024.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of internal control over financial reporting. These limitations include the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of the system and reasonable resource constraints. Because of its inherent limitations, our internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on management's assessments and those criteria, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of **December 31, 2023**, **December 31, 2024**.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, and the firm's report on this matter is included in Item 8 of this annual report on Form 10-K.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There **Other than as outlined above, there** have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

Insider Trading Arrangements

During the period covered by this report, none of the Company's directors or executive officers has adopted or terminated a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or a non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (each as defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended).

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

Part III.

Part III | Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

Information regarding our executive officers is included under the heading "Information About Our Executive Officers" in Item 1 of this annual report on Form 10-K. Information regarding our directors and corporate governance under the following captions Other information required by this Item will be included in our proxy statement for our an amendment to this annual meeting of stockholders to be held report on May 9, 2024 ("Proxy Statement") is incorporated by reference herein.

"Election of directors — Our board of directors"

"Corporate governance — Board structure and operations"

"Other matters — Family relationships" Form 10-K filed in accordance with General Instructions G(3).

Our Code of Conduct and Business Ethics applies to all directors, officers and employees, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer. You can find our Code of Conduct and Business Ethics on our internet site, www.discover.com. We will post any amendments to the Code of Conduct and Business Ethics and any waivers that are required to be disclosed by the rules of either the SEC or the New York Stock Exchange, on our internet site.

We have adopted an insider trading policy governing the purchase, sale, and other dispositions of the Company's securities by the Company and its directors, officers, and employees. A copy of the Company's Insider Trading Policy is filed as an exhibit to this annual report on Form 10-K.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information regarding executive compensation under the following captions required by this Item will be included in our Proxy Statement is incorporated by reference herein.

"Election of directors — Director compensation"

"Executive compensation"

"Compensation discussion and analysis"

"2023 Executive compensation tables" an amendment to this annual report on Form 10-K filed in accordance with General Instructions G(3).

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information related to the compensation plans under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance as of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, is set forth in the table below.

| Plan Category | Plan Category | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding warrants and rights ⁽¹⁾ | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding warrants and rights | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) | Plan Category | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding warrants and rights ⁽¹⁾ | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding warrants and rights | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) | Plan Category | Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding warrants and rights ⁽¹⁾ | Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding warrants and rights | Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) | |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---------------|---|--|---|--|
| | | (a) | | (a) | | (b) | | | | (c) | | (a) | |
| Equity compensation plans approved by security holders | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders | Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders | | | | Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(1) Includes 1,944,117 1,327,017 vested and unvested RSUs and 580,677 260,647 vested and unvested PSUs that can be converted to up to 1.5 shares per each unit dependent on the performance factor.

Information related Other information required by this Item will be included in an amendment to the beneficial ownership of our common stock is presented under the caption "Stock ownership information — Beneficial ownership of company common stock" this annual report on Form 10-K filed in our Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein, accordance with General Instructions G(3).

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Information regarding certain relationships and related transactions, and director independence under the following captions required by this Item will be included in our Proxy Statement is incorporated by reference herein, an amendment to this annual report on Form 10-K filed in accordance with General Instructions G(3).

"Other matters — Certain transactions"

"Election of directors — Our board of directors — Director independence"

-150-

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Information regarding principal accounting fees and services is presented under the caption "Audit matters" required by this Item will be included in our Proxy Statement and is incorporated by reference herein, an amendment to this annual report on Form 10-K filed in accordance with General Instructions G(3).

-151- 147-

Part IV.

Part IV | Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

(a) Documents filed as part of this Form 10-K:

1. Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements required to be filed in this annual report on Form 10-K are listed below and appear on pages 81 84 through 147 143 herein.

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | |
|---|-------|
| Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID No. 34) | 81 80 |
| Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 | 84 |
| Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 | 85 |
| Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 | 86 |
| Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022 | 87 86 |
| Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022 | 88 87 |
| Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 2022 2023 and 2021 2022 | 89 88 |
| Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements | 90 89 |

2. Financial Statement Schedules

Separate financial statement schedules have been omitted either because they are not applicable or because the required information is included in the consolidated financial statements.

3. Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index below for a list of the exhibits being filed or furnished with or incorporated by reference into this annual report on Form 10-K.

Exhibit Index

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| 2.1* | Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated as of June 29, 2007, between Morgan Stanley and Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto), as amended by the First Amendment to the Separation and Distribution Agreement dated as of June 29, 2007 between Discover Financial Services and Morgan Stanley, dated February 11, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 12, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 2.2* | Agreement for the Sale and Purchase of the Goldfish Credit Card Business, dated February 7, 2008, among Discover Financial Services, Goldfish Bank Limited, Discover Bank, SCFC Receivables Corporation, and Barclays Bank Plc (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 7, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto), as amended and restated by Amended and Restated Agreement for the Sale and Purchase of the Goldfish Credit Card Business, dated March 31, 2008, among Discover Financial Services, Goldfish Bank Limited, Discover Bank, SCFC Receivables Corporation, Barclays Bank PLC, and Barclays Group US Inc. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 14, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 2.3 | Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Discover Bank, Academy Acquisition Corp. and The Student Loan Corporation dated as of September 17, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 2.3 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2010 filed on January 26, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-152-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| 2.42.1 * | Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 19, 2024, by and among Discover Financial Services, Capital One Financial Corporation and Vega Merger Sub, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 22, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 3.1 | Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 21, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 3.2 | Amended and Restated By-Laws of Discover Financial Services, as amended and restated on October 26, 2023 (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 26, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 3.3 | Certificate of Elimination of the Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series A, of Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on June 26, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 3.4 | Certificate of Designations of Fixed Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 16, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 3.5 | Certificate of Designations of Fixed-to-Floating Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series C (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 31, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-148-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|----------------------|--|
| 3.6 | Certificate of Elimination of the Fixed Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 4, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 3.7 | Certificate of Designations of Fixed-Rate Reset Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series D (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 22, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.1 | Description of Discover Financial Services' Securities. |
| 4.2 | Senior Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2007, by and between Discover Financial Services and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 12, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.3 | Subordinated Indenture, dated as of September 8, 2015, by and between Discover Financial Services and U.S. Bank National Association (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 8, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.4 | Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 2, 2023, between the Company and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Discover Financial Services' Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.5 | Deposit Agreement (Series C), dated October 31, 2017 (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 31, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.6 | Form of Certificate Representing the Fixed-to-Floating Rate Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series C (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 31, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.7 | Deposit Agreement (Series D), dated June 22, 2020 (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 22, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.8 | Form of Certificate Representing the Fixed-Rate Reset Non-Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series D (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 22, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 4.9 | Other instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt securities of Discover Financial Services and its subsidiaries are omitted pursuant to Section (b)(4)(iii)(A) of Item 601 of Regulation S-K. Discover Financial Services agrees to furnish copies of these instruments to the SEC upon request. |
| 10.1 | Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2007, between Morgan Stanley and Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--|--|
| 10.2 | U.S. Employee Matters Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2007, between Morgan Stanley and Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.3 | Transition Services Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2007, between Morgan Stanley and Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.4 | Transitional Trade Mark License Agreement, dated as of June 30, 2007, between Morgan Stanley & Co. International PLC and Goldfish Bank Limited (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.5 | Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2015, between Discover Funding LLC, as Beneficiary, and Wilmington Trust Company, as Owner Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.6 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.6 10.2 | Third Amended and Restated Pooling and Servicing Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2015, between Discover Bank, as Master Servicer and Servicer, Discover Funding LLC, as Transferor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.7 10.3 | Amended and Restated Series Supplement for Series 2007-CC, dated as of December 22, 2015, among Discover Bank, as Master Servicer and Servicer, Discover Funding LLC, as Transferor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.8 | Discover Financial Services Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as an attachment to Discover Financial Services' Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on February 27, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.9 † | Amended Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Under Discover Financial Services Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 12, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.10 10.4 † | Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 19, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.11 10.5 † | Discover Financial Services Directors' Compensation Plan, as amended and restated as of January 20, 2011 (filed as Exhibit A to the Discover Financial Services' definitive proxy statement filed on February 18, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.12 10.6 † | Amendment No. 2 to the Discover Financial Services Directors' Compensation Plan, effective as of December 1, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.10 to the Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 26, 2012 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-149-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|---|--|
| 10.13 10.7 † | Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 19, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.14 10.8 † | Amendment No. 1 to Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan, effective as of May 1, 2008 (filed as Exhibit 10.12 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 28, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.15 10.9 † | Amendment No. 2 to Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan, effective as of December 1, 2009 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 9, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.16 10.10 † | Amendment No. 3 to Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on September 28, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.17 † | Offer of Employment, dated as of January 8, 1999 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 12, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-154-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--|--|
| 10.18† | Waiver of Change of Control Benefits, dated September 24, 2007 (filed as Exhibit 10.15 to Discover Financial Services' Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed on November 27, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.19 10.11 | Collateral Certificate Transfer Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2007 between Discover Bank, as Depositor and Discover Card Execution Note Trust (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 27, 2007 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.20 10.12 | Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of December 22, 2015, between Discover Card Execution Note Trust, as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Indenture Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.21 10.13 | Second Amended and Restated Indenture Supplement for the Discover Series Notes, dated as of December 22, 2015, between Discover Card Execution Note Trust, as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Indenture Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.22 10.14 | Omnibus Amendment to Indenture Supplement and Terms Documents, dated as of July 2, 2009, between Discover Card Execution Note Trust, as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Indenture Trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 6, 2009 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.23 10.1† | Discover Financial Services Change-in-Control Severance Policy Amended and Restated October 15, 2014 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 16, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.24 | Release and Settlement Agreement, executed as of October 27, 2008, by and among Discover Financial Services, DFS Services, LLC, Discover Bank, and their Subsidiaries and Affiliates; MasterCard Incorporated and MasterCard International Incorporated and their Affiliates; and Visa Inc. and its Affiliates and Predecessors including Visa U.S.A. Inc. and Visa International Service Association (filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 28, 2008 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.25 | Settlement Agreement and Mutual Release between Discover Financial Services and Morgan Stanley, dated February 11, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 12, 2010 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.26 | Purchase Price Adjustment Agreement by and among Citibank, N.A., The Student Loan Corporation and Discover Bank, dated September 17, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 10.32 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 26, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.27 | Amendment to Purchase Price Adjustment Agreement by and among Citibank, N.A., The Student Loan Corporation and Discover Bank, dated December 30, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 10.33 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 26, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.28 | Indemnification Agreement by and between Citibank, N.A. and Discover Bank, dated September 17, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 10.34 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 26, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.29 | First Amendment to Indemnification Agreement by and between Citibank, N.A. and Discover Bank, dated December 30, 2010 (filed as Exhibit 10.35 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on January 26, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.30 | Asset Purchase Agreement between Discover Bank and Citibank, N.A. dated August 31, 2011 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on September 28, 2011 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.31 5† | Amendment No. 3 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of July 1, 2013 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 30, 2013 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.32 10.16† | Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as an attachment to Discover Financial Services' Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on March 19, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--|--|
| 10.33 10.17† | Amendment No. 4 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of May 7, 2014 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 1, 2014 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.34 10.18† | Amendment No. 4 to Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 29, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.35 10.19 | Receivables Sale and Contribution Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2015 between Discover Bank and Discover Funding LLC (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Discover Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 23, 2015 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.36 10.20† | Amendment No. 5 to Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of January 1, 2017 (filed as Exhibit 10.54 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2017 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.37 10.21† | Form 2018 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Director's Compensation Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.38 10.22† | Amendment No. 6 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of February 22, 2018 (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2018 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-150-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--|---|
| 10.39 10.23† | Amendment No. 7 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of January 1, 2019 (filed as Exhibit 10.62 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.40 10.24† | Amendment No. 8 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of January 1, 2019 (filed as Exhibit 10.63 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2019 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.41 10.25† | Amendment No. 9 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of January 1, 2022 (filed as Exhibit 10.58 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 24, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.42 10.26† | Amendment No. 10 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of December 14, 2022 (filed as Exhibit 10.59 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.43 10.27† | Amendment No. 11 to the Directors' Compensation Plan of Discover Financial Services, effective as of October 25, 2023 (filed as Exhibit 10.43 to Discover Financial Services' Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.44 10.28† | Discover Financial Services Directors' Compensation Plan, as amended and restated effective December 12, 2024. |
| 10.29† | Discover Financial Services Directors' Voluntary Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan, effective as of April 10, 2008. |
| 10.45† | Form 2020 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 10.44 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly/Annual Report on Form 10-Q 10-K filed on April 30, 2020 February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.46† | Form 2020 Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 30, 2020 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.47 10.30† | Form 2021 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.48 10.31† | Form 2021 Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2021 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.49 10.32† | Form 2022 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 28, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-156-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
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| 10.50 10.33† | Form 2022 Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 28, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.51 10.34† | Form 2022 Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 28, 2022 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.52 10.35† | Form 2023 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 25, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.53 10.36† | Form 2023 Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 25, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.54 10.37† | Form 2023 Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services Amended and Restated 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 25, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.55 10.38† | Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Annex B to Discover Financial Services' Proxy Statement filed on March 17, 2023, and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.56 10.39† | Form 2023 Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

| Exhibit Number | Description |
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| 10.57 10.40† | Discover Financial Services Severance Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 28, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). Summary of Employment Terms of John B. Owen. |
| 10.58 10.4† | Transition Letter, dated as of August 13, 2023 between Discover Financial Services and Roger C. Hochschild (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 14, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.59 1† | Letter Agreement, dated as of December 7, 2023 between Discover Financial Services and Michael Rhodes (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 11, 2023 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.42† | Form 2024 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.60 to Discover Financial Services' Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.43† | Form 2024 Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units under Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.61 to Discover Financial Services' Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.44† | Form 2024 Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.62 to Discover Financial Services' Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.45† | Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan for John B. Owen granted on January 31, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.46† | Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan for Michael G. Rhodes granted on February 1, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.47† | Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan for John T. Greene granted on February 22, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.48† | Letter Agreement with Michael G. Rhodes, dated as of March 27, 2024 between Discover Financial Services and Michael G. Rhodes (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.49† | Letter Agreement with J. Michael Shepherd, dated as of March 27, 2024 between Discover Financial Services and J. Michael Shepherd (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 27, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.50† | Special Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan for J. Michael Shepherd granted on April 1, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.6 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.51† | Discover Financial Services Change in Control Severance Policy, as amended and restated on May 3, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 31, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.52† | Form 2024 Merger Retention Agreement (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on July 31, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.53† | Purchase Agreement, dated July 17, 2024, by and between Discover Bank and Santiago Holdings, LP (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 17, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.54† | Amendment No. 5 to Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan, effective August 1, 2024 (filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.55† | Letter Agreement, dated as of September 1, 2024, between Discover Financial Services and Hope Mehlman (filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--|---|
| 10.56† | Amendment to Letter Agreement, dated as of November 26, 2024, between Discover Financial Services and Hope Mehlman (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Discover Financial Services' Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on December 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |
| 10.57† | Form 2025 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan. |
| 10.61 10.58† | Form 2024 2025 Special Award Certificate for Performance Restricted Stock Units under Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan. |
| 10.62 10.59† | Discover Financial Services Severance Plan (Amended and Restated 2024). |
| 10.60† | Form 2024 Special Acknowledgement Letter. |
| 10.61† | Form Repayment Agreement for Certain Compensation Paid in 2024. |
| 10.62† | Summary of Cash Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units under J. Michael Shepherd . |
| 19 | Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan. Services' Insider Trading Policy. |
| 21 | Subsidiaries of the Registrant. |
| 23 | Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. |
| 24 | Powers of Attorney (included on signature page). |
| 31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. |
| 31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. |
| 32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code. |
| 97† | Discover Financial Services' Services Compensation Recoupment Policy. Policy (filed as Exhibit 97 to Discover Financial Services' Report on Form 10-K filed on February 23, 2024 and incorporated herein by reference thereto). |

-157-

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|----------------|--|
| 101 | Interactive Data File — the following financial statements from Discover Financial Services Annual Report on Form 10-K formatted in inline XBRL: (1) Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, (2) Consolidated Statements of Income, (3) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (4) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity, (5) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (6) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements. |
| 104 | Cover Page Interactive Data File — the cover page from Discover Financial Services Annual Report on Form 10-K formatted in inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101. |

* Exhibits and schedules have been omitted pursuant to Items 601(a)(5) or 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. A copy of any omitted exhibit or schedule will be furnished supplementally to the SEC upon request; provided, however, that the parties may request confidential treatment pursuant to Rule 24b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for any document so furnished.

† Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to Form 10-K pursuant to Item 15(b) of this report.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

-158- -153-

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Discover Financial Services
(Registrant)

By: _____ /s/ JOHN T. GREENE

John T. Greene

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

Date: **February 23, 2024** February 20, 2025

-159- **-154-**

Power of Attorney

We, the undersigned, hereby severally constitute **Hope D. Mehlman** **Kelly R. Welsh**, **Piers A. Fennell** and **Efie Vainikos**, and each of them singly, our true and lawful attorneys with full power to them and each of them to sign for us, and in our names in the capacities indicated below, any and all amendments to the annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, hereby ratifying and confirming our signatures as they may be signed by our said attorneys to any and all amendments to said Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated on **February 23, 2024** **February 20, 2025**.

| Signature | Title |
|---|---|
| /s/ J. MICHAEL G. SRHODES SHEPHERD | Interim Chief Executive Officer and President, Director |
| J. Michael G. Rhodes Shepherd | |
| /s/ JOHN T. GREENE | Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) |
| John T. Greene | |
| /s/ SHIFRA C. KOLSKY | Senior Vice President, Controller and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer) |
| Shifra C. Kolsky | |
| /s/ THOMAS G. MAHERAS | Chairman of the Board |
| Thomas G. Maheras | |
| /s/ JEFFREY S. ARONIN | Director |
| Jeffrey S. Aronin | |
| /s/ GREGORY C. CASE | Director |
| Gregory C. Case | |
| /s/ CANDACE H. DUNCAN | Director |
| Candace H. Duncan | |
| /s/ JOSEPH F. EAZOR | Director |
| Joseph F. Eazor | |
| /s/ KATHY L. LONOWSKI | Director |
| Kathy L. Lonowski | |
| /s/ DANIELA O'LEARY-GILL | Director |
| Daniela O'Leary-Gill | |
| /s/ JOHN B. OWEN | Director |
| John B. Owen | |
| /s/ DAVID L. RAWLINSON II | Director |
| David L. Rawlinson II | |
| /s/ J. MICHAEL SHEPHERD | Director |
| J. Michael Shepherd | |
| /s/ BEVERLEY A. SIBBLIES | Director |
| Beverley A. Sibblies | |
| /s/ MARK A. THIERER | Director |
| Mark A. Thierer | |
| /s/ JENNIFER L. WONG | Director |
| Jennifer L. Wong | |

-160- -155-

Exhibit 4.1

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES
REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

The following summary describes our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, of Discover Financial Services, which is the only security of the Company registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. In this summary, the terms "we" and "our" refer to Discover Financial Services and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise.

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The summary describes the material terms of our common stock and is not complete. This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to applicable Delaware law, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation (our "Certificate of Incorporation") and our amended and restated bylaws (our "Bylaws"). For a complete description of our common stock, we refer you to our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, which have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are incorporated by reference as exhibits to this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Authorized Capitalization

Our authorized common stock consists of 2,000,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and 200,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The preferred stock is issuable in one or more series, with rights, preferences, and privileges as established by the Board of Directors of the Company without stockholder approval, including voting, dividend, redemption, liquidation, conversion and other rights. As of December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024, 250,102,860 251,339,484 shares of our common stock were outstanding, and 5,700 shares of our Series C and 5,000 shares of our Series D preferred stock (together with our Series C preferred stock, our "Existing Preferred Stock") were outstanding.

Description of Common Stock

General. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of our common stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of our preferred stock, including our Existing Preferred Stock.

Voting Rights. Except as otherwise may be provided in our Certificate of Incorporation or in a certificate of designation for any series of preferred stock, the holders of our common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by stockholders. Subject to the rights of holder of each series of our Existing Preferred Stock to elect two additional members of our Board if we fail to pay, or declare and set apart for payment, dividends on outstanding shares of such series of our Existing Preferred Stock for six quarterly dividend periods, holders of common stock have the exclusive right to vote for the election of directors and for all other purposes. Holders of shares of common stock are not entitled to cumulate their votes in the election of directors. Generally, all matters to be voted on by stockholders must be approved by a majority of the votes entitled to be cast by the holders of common stock present in person or represented by proxy, voting together as a single class, subject to any voting rights granted to holders of any preferred stock.

Dividend Rights. Holders of common stock will share equally on a pro rata basis in any dividends as may be declared by our board of directors out of funds legally available for that

purpose, subject to any preferential rights of holders of any outstanding shares of preferred stock, including the rights of the holders of our Existing Preferred Stock to non-cumulative cash dividends based on their respective liquidation preferences and at the applicable dividend rate, and any other class or series of stock having preference over the common stock as to dividends. While either series of Existing Preferred Stock is outstanding, unless the full dividends for the preceding dividend period on all outstanding shares of Existing Preferred Stock has been declared and paid or declared and a sum sufficient for the payment thereof has been set aside, subject to certain exceptions, no dividends will be declared or paid or set aside for payment and no distribution will be declared or made or set aside for payment on any stock junior to the Existing Preferred Stock (including or common stock) and no shares of the junior stock shall be repurchased, redeemed or otherwise repurchased by us, subject to certain exceptions.

Preemptive Rights. No shares of common stock are subject to redemption or have preemptive rights to purchase additional shares of common stock or other securities of our company. There are no other subscription rights or conversion rights, and there are no sinking fund provisions applicable to our common stock.

Other Rights. Upon voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our company, after payment in full of the amounts required to be paid to creditors and holders of any preferred stock, including our Existing Preferred Stock, that may be then outstanding, all holders of common

stock are entitled to share equally on a pro rata basis in all remaining assets. As of **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**, the aggregate liquidation preference of our Existing Preferred Stock was \$1,070,000,000.

Listing. Our shares of common stock are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker "DFS."

Transfer Agent and Registrar. The transfer agent and registrar for our common stock is Computershare.

Anti-Takeover Effects of Our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, Delaware Law and Federal Banking Law

Some provisions of Delaware law and our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws could make the following more difficult:

- acquisition of us by means of a tender offer or merger;
- acquisition of us by means of a proxy contest or otherwise; or
- removal of our incumbent officers and directors.

These provisions, summarized below, are expected to discourage coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids. These provisions also are designed to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to first negotiate with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of the potential ability to negotiate with the proponent of an unfriendly or unsolicited proposal to acquire or restructure our company outweigh the disadvantages of discouraging those proposals because negotiation of them could result in an improvement of their terms.

Stockholder Action by Written Consent. Subject to the rights of holders of any series of preferred stock or any other series or class of stock, any action required or permitted to be taken by our stockholders must be effected at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders and may not be effected by any consent in writing in lieu of a meeting.

Amendments to our Governing Documents. The amendment of any provision of our Certificate of Incorporation requires approval by our board of directors and a majority vote of stockholders. Any amendment to our bylaws requires the approval of either a majority of our board of directors or holders of a majority of the voting power of the then outstanding shares of our company entitled to vote generally in the election of our board of directors.

Stockholder Meetings. Our Bylaws provide that, subject to the rights of holders of any series of preferred stock or any other series or class of stock as set forth in our Certificate of Incorporation, special meetings of our stockholders may be called only by our secretary at the direction of and pursuant to a resolution of our board of directors or at the written request of stockholders who have, or who are acting on behalf of beneficial owners who have, an aggregate "net long position" of at least 25% of the common stock as of the ownership record date and who otherwise comply with the requirements of our bylaws; provided that each such stockholder, or beneficial owner directing such stockholder, must have held such "net long position" included in such aggregate amount continuously for the one-year period ending on the ownership record date and must continue to hold such "net long position" through the date of the conclusion of the special meeting.

Requirements for Advance Notification of Stockholder Nominations and Proposals. Our Bylaws establish advance notice procedures with respect to stockholder proposals and nomination of candidates for election as directors.

Delaware Anti-Takeover Law. Our Certificate of Incorporation does not exempt us from the application of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, an anti-takeover law.

In general, Section 203 prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a business combination with an interested stockholder for a period of three years following the date the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination or the transaction in which the person became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. Generally, a "business combination" includes a merger, asset or stock sale, or other transaction resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Generally, an "interested stockholder" is a person that, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or within three years prior to the determination of interested stockholder status, did own, 15% or more of

a corporation's voting stock. This may have an anti-takeover effect with respect to transactions not approved in advance by our board of directors, including discouraging attempts that might result in a premium over the market price for the shares of our common stock.

No Cumulative Voting. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws do not provide for cumulative voting in the election of directors.

Undesignated Preferred Stock. The authorization of our undesignated preferred stock makes it possible for our board of directors to issue our preferred stock with voting or other rights or preferences that could impede the success of any attempt to change control of us. These and other provisions may have the effect of deferring hostile takeovers or delaying changes of control of our management.

Federal Banking Law. The Change in Bank Control Act of 1978, as amended, prohibits a person or group of persons from acquiring "control" of a bank holding company unless:

- the Federal Reserve has been given 60 days' prior written notice of such proposed acquisition containing the information requested by the Federal Reserve; and
- within that time period the Federal Reserve has not issued a notice disapproving the

proposed acquisition or extending the period during which such a disapproval may be issued.

An acquisition may be made prior to the expiration of the disapproval period if the Federal Reserve issues written notice of its intent not to disapprove the action. An acquirer is conclusively deemed to have acquired control if it owns, controls, or has the power to vote 25 percent or more of a class of voting securities. In addition, under a rebuttable presumption established by the Federal Reserve, the acquisition of 10% or more of a class of voting securities of a bank holding company with securities registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, such as us, would be presumed to constitute the acquisition of control. In addition, any "company" would be required to obtain the approval of the Federal Reserve under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, before acquiring 25% (5% in the case of an acquirer that is, or is deemed to be, a bank holding company) or more of any class of voting securities, or a lesser number of shares if the acquirer otherwise is deemed to have control over us by the Federal Reserve, and may be subject to ongoing regulation and supervision as a bank holding company.

Exhibit 4.4 10.28

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

and DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION PLAN

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as Trustee

Second Supplemental Indenture
Dated as of November 2, 2023

to
Senior Indenture
Dated as of June 12, 2007

Table of Contents

| | Page |
|--|--------------|
| ARTICLE I | |
| AMENDMENTS Amended and Restated Effective December 12, 2024 | |
| Section 1.1 Applicability..... | 1 |
| Section 1.2 Amendments of Section 1.01..... | 2 |
| Section 1.3 Amendments of Section 2.03..... | 3 |
| Section 1.4 Amendments of Section 3.06..... | 3 |
| Section 1.5 Amendments of Section 5.01..... | 3 |
| Section 1.6 Amendments of Section 5.02..... | 3 |
| Section 1.7 Amendments of Section 5.04..... | 4 |
| Section 1.8 Amendments of Section 5.08..... | 4 |
| Section 1.9 Amendments of Section 5.10..... | 4 |
| Section 1.10 Amendments of Section 5.11..... | 4 |
| Section 1.11 Amendments of Section 5.12..... | 4 |
| Section 1.12 Amendments of Section 6.01..... | 5 |
| Section 1.13 Amendments of Section 6.02..... | 5 |
| Section 1.14 Amendments of Section 9.01..... | 6 |
| Section 1.15 Amendments of Section 10.01..... | 6 |
| Section 1.16 Amendments of Section 12.05..... | 7 1. Purpose |
| ARTICLE II | |
| MISCELLANEOUS | |
| Section 2.1 Ratification of Indenture..... | 8 |
| Section 2.2 Definitions..... | 8 |
| Section 2.3 Trustee Not Responsible for Recitals..... | 8 |
| Section 2.4 Governing Law..... | 8 |
| Section 2.5 Severability..... | 8 |
| Section 2.6 Counterparts..... | 8 |
| Section 2.7 Successors and Assigns..... | 9 |

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE, dated as of November 2, 2023 (this "Second Supplemental Indenture"), between DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES, Discover Financial Services, a Delaware corporation (the "Issuer Company"), and U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a New York banking corporation, as successor in interest to U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee hereby adopts the Discover Financial Services Directors' Compensation Plan (the "Trustee Plan"), supplementing. The purpose of the Indenture, dated as Plan is to set forth the

annual compensation for non-employee directors and to promote the long-term growth and financial success of June 12, 2007, the Company by attracting, motivating, and retaining non-employee directors of outstanding ability and assisting the Company in promoting a greater identity of interest between the Issuer Company's non-employee directors and its stockholders.

Capitalized terms used herein without definition have the **Trustee** meanings ascribed thereto in Section 20.

Section 2. Eligibility

Only directors of the Company who are not employees of the Company or any affiliate of the Company (the "Base Indenture Eligible Directors") are eligible to participate in the Plan; **provided**, that if any director becomes an employee after beginning to participate in the Plan and while continuing to serve as a director, such director shall remain an Eligible Director.

WHEREAS, the Issuer executed and delivered the Base Indenture to provide for the issuance from time to time of its unsecured debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness (the "Securities") to be issued in one or more series up to such principal amount or amounts as may from time to time be authorized in accordance with the terms of the Base Indenture;

WHEREAS, Section 8.01(d) of Article Eight of the Base Indenture provides that without the consent of the Holders of any of the Securities, the Issuer, when authorized by a resolution of its Board of Directors, and the Trustee may from time to time or at any time enter into an indenture or indentures supplemental thereto to make any provisions as the Issuer may deem necessary or desirable, provided that no such action shall adversely affect the interests of the Holders of the Securities;

WHEREAS, the Issuer has requested that the Trustee execute and deliver this Second Supplemental Indenture;

WHEREAS, no amendment of the Base Indenture pursuant to this Second Supplemental Indenture shall apply to any Security that was outstanding prior to the execution of this Second Supplemental Indenture, and each Security that was outstanding prior to the execution of this Second Supplemental Indenture shall continue to be entitled to the benefit of the provisions under the Base Indenture existing prior to the execution of this Second Supplemental Indenture;

WHEREAS, this Second Supplemental Indenture has been authorized by the resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Issuer and an Issuer Order and the Issuer represents that the Second Supplemental Indenture will not adversely affect the interests of the Holders; and

WHEREAS, all requirements necessary to make this Second Supplemental Indenture a valid instrument in accordance with its terms have been performed, and the execution and delivery of this Second Supplemental Indenture have been duly authorized in all respects.

NOW, THEREFORE, the Issuer and the Trustee hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

AMENDMENTS

Section 1.1 Applicability. Except as otherwise may be provided pursuant to Section 2.03 of the Base Indenture with respect to any particular Security issued after the date hereof, Sections

1.1 through 1.16, inclusive, of this Second Supplemental Indenture shall apply to Securities issued after the execution of this Second Supplemental Indenture and shall not apply to, or modify the rights of Holders of, any Securities issued before such execution. Whether Securities have been issued after or before the execution of this Second Supplemental Indenture may be determined by the Issuer by reference to the time of either (i) the original issuance of such Securities or (ii) the original issuance of the series of which such Securities are a part pursuant to Section 2.03 of the Base Indenture, as the Issuer may determine. Any such determination by the Issuer may (but need not) be set forth in an Officers' Certificate or supplemental indenture establishing such Securities or series or in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. In the absence of any such

determination, for purposes of this Section 1.1, a Security shall be deemed to be issued at the time of the original issuance of the Security pursuant to Section 2.03. The Trustee shall have no obligation to determine whether any Security has been issued after or before the execution of this Second Supplemental Indenture. The Trustee may conclusively rely and shall be fully protected in acting or refraining from acting upon any such determination made by the Issuer.

Section 1.2 Amendments of Section 1.01 of the Base Indenture. Section 1.01 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended as follows:

- a. By adding Administration. The Plan requires no discretionary action by any administrative body with regard to any transaction under the following definition immediately following Plan. To the extent, if any, that questions of "Coupon":

"Covenant Breach" means, with respect to administration arise, these shall be resolved by the Board. The Board may, in its discretion, delegate to Securities the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Legal Officer, the Secretary of the Company or to one or more officers of the Company any series, default or all authority and responsibility to act pursuant to the Plan. All references to the "Plan Administrators" in the payment of any sinking fund installment Plan shall refer to the Board, or analogous obligation with respect to the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Legal Officer, the Secretary or to any one or more officers of the senior debt securities of that series when due or failure. Company if the Board has delegated its authority pursuant to perform any other covenant or agreement (other than a covenant or warranty in respect to this Section 3(a)). The determination of the Securities of such series a default in the performance or breach of which is specifically dealt with in Section 5.01 with respect to such series as set forth in the Indenture for 60 days after the date Plan Administrators on which written notice specifying such failure, stating that such notice is a "Notice of Covenant Breach" hereunder and demanding that the Issuer remedy the same, shall have been given by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, all matters within their authority relating to the Issuer by the Trustee, or to the Issuer and the Trustee by the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Outstanding Securities of all series affected thereby. For the avoidance of doubt, a Covenant Breach Plan shall not be an Event of Default with respect to any Security, except to the extent otherwise specifically provided pursuant to Section 2.03 with respect to such Security." conclusive.

- b. No Liability. The definition Plan Administrators shall not be liable for any action or determination made in good faith with respect to the Plan or any award hereunder, and the Company shall indemnify and hold harmless the Plan Administrators from all losses and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) arising from the assertion or judicial determination of "Principal Subsidiaries" is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows: any such liability.

"Principal Subsidiaries" means Discover Bank or any subsidiary succeeding to any substantial part of the business now conducted by such corporation."Plan

Section 1.3 a. Amendment of Section 2.03 of the Base Indenture Stock. Clause 2.03(s) Awards under the Plan shall relate to shares of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows: Stock.

"(s)b. Shares Available for Awards. Subject to Section 4(c) (relating to adjustments upon changes in capitalization), as of any other events date the total number of default, Covenant Breaches or covenants shares of Stock with respect to which awards may be granted under the Securities Plan shall be equal to the excess (if any) of (i) 1,000,000 shares over (ii) the sum of (A) the number of shares subject to outstanding awards granted under the Plan, and (B) the number of shares previously issued pursuant to the Plan. In accordance with (and without limitation upon) the preceding sentence, shares of Stock covered by awards granted under the Plan that are canceled or expire unexercised shall again become available for awards under the Plan. Shares of Stock that are issuable pursuant to the awards granted under the Plan shall be authorized and unissued shares, treasury shares or shares of Stock purchased by, or on behalf of, the series; and".

Section 1.4 Amendments to Section 3.06 of the Base Indenture. Section 3.06 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by removing the reference to Goldfish Credit Servicing Inc. Company in open-market transactions.

Section 1.5 c. Amendment Adjustments. In the event of Section 5.01 any merger, reorganization, recapitalization, consolidation, sale or other distribution of substantially all of the Base Indenture assets of the Company, any stock dividend, split, spin-off, split-up, split-off, distribution of cash, securities or other property by the Company, or other change in the Company's corporate structure affecting the Stock, then the following shall be automatically adjusted in order to prevent dilution or enlargement of the benefits or potential benefits intended to be awarded under the Plan:

- i. the aggregate number of shares of Stock reserved for issuance under the Plan,
- ii. the number and, if applicable, type of shares of Stock subject to outstanding awards,
- iii. the number of Restricted Stock Units credited pursuant to Section 5(a) of the Plan, and
- iv. the number of shares to be granted pursuant to any other automatic awards that may be provided for under the Plan in the future.

d. Types of Awards. The Company's stockholders approved the Plan on June 13, 2007. The types of awards authorized by the stockholders under the Plan are Retainers and Restricted Stock Units.

Section 5. Initial and Annual Awards of Restricted Stock Units

a. The definition of "Event of Default" contained in Section 5.01 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by deleting the existing Sections 5.01(b), 5.01(c), 5.01(d) and replacing them with the following, and references in the Base Indenture to "Event of Default" shall mean Event of Default as such term is so amended: Awards Granted

(b) default in the payment of all or any part of the principal on any of the Securities of such series as and when the same shall become due and payable either at maturity, upon any redemption, by declaration or otherwise, and continuance of such default for a period of 30 days; or c. [Intentionally omitted]

d. [Intentionally omitted]

b.i. The second paragraph of Section 5.01 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by adding the following sentence at the end of the paragraph: Initial Awards

"For the avoidance of doubt, except. A person who becomes an Eligible Director prior to the extent otherwise specifically provided pursuant to Section 2.03 with respect to a particular Security or Securities, neither the Trustee nor any Holders December 31, 2007 shall be entitled to accelerate receive a number of Restricted Stock Units equal to the maturity of any Security, nor shall number obtained by dividing \$350,000 by the maturity of any Security be otherwise accelerated, as a result Fair Market Value of a Covenant Breach."

Section 1.6 Amendment share of Section 5.02 of the Base Indenture. The first paragraph of Section 5.02 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"The Issuer covenants that (a) in case default shall be made in the payment of any installment of interest on any of the Securities of any series when such interest shall have become due and payable, and such default shall have continued for a period of 30 days or (b) in case default shall be made in the payment of all or any part of the principal of any of the Securities of any series when the same shall have become due and payable, whether upon maturity of the Securities of such series or upon any redemption or by declaration or otherwise, and such default shall have continued for a period of 30 days—then upon demand of the Trustee, the Issuer will pay to the Trustee for the benefit of the Holders of the Securities of such series the whole amount that then shall have become due and payable on all Securities of such series, and such Coupons, for principal or interest, as the case may be (with interest to the date of such payment upon the overdue principal and, to the extent that payment of such interest is enforceable under applicable law, on overdue installments of interest at the same rate as the

rate of interest or Yield to Maturity (in the case of Original Issue Discount Securities) specified in the Securities of such series); and in addition thereto, such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and expenses of collection, including reasonable compensation to the Trustee and each predecessor Trustee, their respective agents, attorneys and counsel, and any expenses and liabilities incurred, and all advances made, by the Trustee and each predecessor Trustee except as a result of its negligence or bad faith."

Section 1.7 Amendment of Section 5.04 of the Base Indenture. Section 5.04 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by inserting the phrase "or a Covenant Breach" after the phrase "Event of Default."

Section 1.8 Amendment of Section 5.08 of the Base Indenture. The second paragraph of Section 5.08 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by inserting the phrase "or Covenant Breach" after the phrase "Event of Default" in each place that such phrase appears.

Section 1.9 Amendment of Section 5.10 of the Base Indenture.

a. The first paragraph of Section 5.10 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by replacing the phrase "event of default" with the phrase "Event of Default or a Covenant Breach" and by replacing the phrase "any past default or Event of Default described in Section 5.01" with the phrase "any past default, Event of Default described in Section 5.01 or Covenant Breach".

b. The second paragraph of Section 5.10 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"Upon any such waiver, such default shall cease to exist and be deemed to have been cured and not to have occurred, and any Event of Default or Covenant Breach arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured, and not to have occurred for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such waiver shall extend to any subsequent or other default, Event of Default or Covenant Breach or impair any right consequent thereon."

Section 1.10 Amendment of Section 5.11 of the Base Indenture. Section 5.11 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by inserting the phrase "or a Covenant Breach" after the phrase "Event of Default".

Section 1.11 Amendment of Section 5.12 of the Base Indenture. Section 5.12 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"All parties to this Indenture agree, and each Holder of any Security or Coupon by his acceptance thereof shall be deemed to have agreed, that any court may in its discretion require, in any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken, suffered or omitted by it as Trustee, the filing by any party litigant in such suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of such suit, and that such court may in its discretion assess reasonable costs, including reasonable

attorneys' fees, against any party litigant in such suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by such party litigant; but the provisions of this Section shall not apply (i) to any suit instituted by the Trustee, (ii) to any suit instituted by any Securityholder or group of Securityholders of any series holding in the aggregate more than 10% in aggregate principal amount of the Securities of such series, or, in the case of any suit relating to or arising under clause 5.01(g) (if the suit relates to Securities of more than one but less than all series), 10% in aggregate principal amount of Securities then Outstanding and affected thereby, or in the case of any suit relating to or arising under clause 5.01(g) (if the suit under clause 5.01(g) relates to all the Securities then Outstanding) or 5.01(e) or 5.01(f), 10% in aggregate principal amount of all Securities then Outstanding, or (iii) to any suit instituted by any Securityholder for the enforcement of the payment of the principal of or interest on any Security on or after the due date expressed in such Security or any date fixed for redemption."

Section 1.12 Amendment of Section 6.01 of the Base Indenture.

a. The first paragraph of Section 6.01 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"With respect to the Holders of any series of Securities issued hereunder, the Trustee, prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default or a Covenant Breach with respect to the Securities of a particular series and after the curing or waiving of all Events of Default or Covenant Breaches which may have occurred with respect to such series, undertakes to perform such duties and only such duties as are specifically set forth in this Indenture. In case an Event of Default or a Covenant Breach with respect to the Securities of a series has occurred (which has not been cured or waived) the Trustee shall exercise with respect to such series of Securities such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture, and use the same degree of care and skill in their exercise, as a prudent man would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his own affairs."

b. Clause 6.01(a) of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"(a) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default or a Covenant Breach with respect to the Securities of any series and after the curing or waiving of all such Events of Default or Covenant Breaches with respect to such series which may have occurred."

Section 1.13 Amendment of Section 6.02 of the Base Indenture. Clause 6.02(f) of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"(f) prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default or a Covenant Breach hereunder and after the curing or waiving of all Events of Default or Covenant Breaches, the Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, consent, order, approval, appraisal, bond, debenture, note, coupon, security, or other paper or

document unless requested in writing to do so by the Holders of not less than 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Securities of all series affected then Outstanding; provided that, if the payment within a reasonable time to the Trustee of the costs, expenses or liabilities likely to be incurred by it in the making of such investigation is, in the opinion of the Trustee, not reasonably assured to the Trustee by the security afforded to it by the terms of this Indenture, the Trustee may require reasonable indemnity against such expenses or liabilities as a condition to proceeding; the reasonable expenses of every such investigation shall be paid by the Issuer or, if paid by the Trustee or any predecessor Trustee, shall be repaid by the Issuer upon demand; and".

Section 1.14 Amendment of Section 9.01 of the Base Indenture. Section 9.01 of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"The Issuer covenants that it will not merge or consolidate with any other Person or sell, lease or convey all or substantially all of its assets to any other Person (other than the sale, lease or conveyance of all or substantially all of the Issuer's assets to one or more of the Issuer's Subsidiaries), unless (i) either the Issuer shall be the continuing corporation, or the successor corporation or the Person which acquires by sale, lease or conveyance substantially all the assets of the Issuer (if other than the Issuer) shall be a corporation organized under the laws of the United States of America or any State thereof or the District of Columbia and shall expressly assume the due and punctual payment of the principal of and interest on all the Securities and Coupons, if any, according to their tenor, and the due and punctual performance and observance of all of the covenants and conditions of this Indenture to be performed or observed by the Issuer, by supplemental indenture satisfactory to the Trustee, executed and delivered to the Trustee by such corporation, and (ii) the Issuer, such Person or such successor corporation, as the case may be, shall not, immediately after such merger or consolidation, or such sale, lease or conveyance, be in default in the performance of any such covenant or condition."

Section 1.15 Amendment of Section 10.01 of the Base Indenture.

a. Clause 10.01(c) of the Base Indenture is hereby amended by inserting the phrase "or a Covenant Breach" after the phrase "Event of Default under Section 5.01".

b. Subparagraph 10.01(c)(ii) of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

(ii) "No Event of Default or Covenant Breach or event which with notice or lapse of time or both would become an Event of Default or a Covenant Breach with respect to the Securities shall have occurred and be continuing Stock on the date of grant; **provided**, that if such deposit a person is elected, appointed or insofar as subsections 5.01(e) and 5.01(f) are concerned, at any time during the period ending on the 91st day otherwise becomes an Eligible Director after the date of such deposit (it being understood that this condition shall not be deemed satisfied until the expiration of such period."

Section 1.16 Amendment of Section 12.05 spin-off of the Base Indenture. Company from Morgan Stanley, the initial equity award provided for in this Section 5(a)(i) shall be adjusted on a pro-rata basis by multiplying such award by a fraction where the numerator is twenty-four (24) minus the number of months

between the date of such spin-off and the date that such person becomes an Eligible Director and the denominator is twenty-four (24).

a. ii. **The third paragraph of Section 12.05 Subsequent Awards.** As of the **Base Indenture** date of each Annual Meeting, each Eligible Director, including, without limitation, any Eligible Director who becomes a member of the Board by reason of being elected to the Board at such Annual Meeting, shall be entitled to receive a number of Restricted Stock Units equal to the number obtained by dividing \$190,000 by the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock on such day; **provided**, that such Eligible Director continues to serve as a director of the Company after such Annual Meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a person becomes an Eligible Director on a date other than the date of an Annual Meeting, the equity award provided for in this Section 5(a)(ii) shall be granted on the date that such person becomes an Eligible Director, using the Fair Market Value of a share of Stock on such date; **provided**, that such award shall be adjusted on a pro-rata basis by multiplying such award by a fraction where the numerator is hereby amended the number of months between the date that such person becomes an Eligible Director and **restated** the date of the next Annual Meeting and the denominator is twelve (12).

b. **Agreements.** Each Restricted Stock Unit granted pursuant to **read** this Section 5 shall be evidenced by an agreement in **its entirety** such form as follows: the Plan Administrators prescribes from time to time and shall comply with the following terms and conditions:

On or before the 60th day next preceding each sinking fund payment date or the 30th day next preceding the last day of any applicable Redemption Notice, **Restriction Period relating to a sinking fund payment date for any series, the Issuer will deliver to the Trustee an Officer's Certificate** (which need not contain the statements required by Section 11.05) (a) specifying the portion of the mandatory sinking fund payment to be satisfied by payment of cash and the portion to be satisfied by credit of Securities of such series and the basis for such credit, (b) stating that none of the Securities of such series has theretofore been so credited, (c) stating that no defaults in the payment of principal or interest or Events of Default or Covenant Breaches with respect to such series have occurred (which have not been waived or cured) and are continuing and (d) stating whether or not the Issuer intends to exercise its right to make an optional sinking fund payment with respect to such series and, if so, specifying the amount of such optional sinking fund payment which the Issuer intends to pay on or before the next succeeding sinking fund payment date. Any Securities of such series to be credited and required to be delivered to the Trustee in order for the Issuer to be entitled to credit therefor as aforesaid which have not theretofore been delivered to the Trustee shall be delivered for cancellation. Restricted Stock Units granted pursuant to Section 2.105(a)(i) shall be subject to a restriction period whereby 50% of such units shall vest on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the remaining units shall vest on the second anniversary of the date of grant. Each grant of Restricted Stock Units pursuant to Section 5(a)(ii) shall vest on the earlier of the first anniversary of the date of grant or immediately prior to the **Trustee** with such Officer's Certificate (or reasonably promptly thereafter if acceptable to **first** annual meeting of shareholders following the **Trustee**). Such Officer's Certificate date of grant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Plan Administrators, in their discretion, may specify in the agreement circumstances under which the award shall become immediately transferable and nonforfeitable or under which the award shall be irrevocable and upon its receipt by the **Trustee** the Issuer shall become unconditionally obligated to make all the cash payments or payments therein referred to, if any, on or before the next succeeding sinking fund payment date. Failure of the Issuer, on or before any such 60th day or 30th day, if applicable, to deliver such Officer's Certificate and Securities specified in this paragraph, if any, shall not constitute a default but shall constitute, on and as of such date, the irrevocable election of the Issuer (i) that the mandatory sinking fund payment for such series due on the next succeeding sinking fund payment date shall be paid entirely in cash without the option to deliver or credit Securities of such series in

respect thereof and (ii) that the Issuer will make no optional sinking fund payment with respect to such series as provided in this Section. **forfeited.**

b. ii. **The sixth paragraph** Effect of Section 12.05 Termination. Unless provided otherwise in the applicable agreement, if an Eligible Director's service as a director of the Base Indenture is hereby amended and restated Company terminates for a reason other than for Cause, then any Restricted Stock Unit granted to **read** such Eligible Director shall vest following the date of such Eligible Director's termination of service in its entirety as follows: **accordance with the following provisions:**

"The Trustee. **A. Disability or Death.** If an Eligible Director's service terminates by reason of Disability or death, all Restricted Stock Units granted under the Plan to such Eligible Director shall **not** redeem or cause become fully vested.

B. Other. If an Eligible Director's service terminates for any other reason, all Restricted Stock Units granted under the Plan to such Eligible Director shall be **redeemed** any **Securities** of a series with sinking fund moneys or give any notice of redemption of **Securities** for such series by operation of the sinking fund during the continuance of a default in payment of principal or interest on such **Securities** or of any Event of Default or Covenant Breach except that, where the giving of notice of redemption of any **Securities** shall theretofore have been made, the Trustee shall redeem or cause to be redeemed such **Securities**, provided that it shall have received from the Issuer a sum sufficient for such redemption. Except as aforesaid, any moneys in the sinking fund for such series at the time when any such default, Event of Default or Covenant Breach shall occur, **immediately cancelled** and any moneys thereafter paid **forfeited**.

intoiii. Effect of Change in Control. Unless provided otherwise in the sinking fund, applicable agreement, all Restricted Stock Units granted under the Plan to an Eligible Director shall **not** become fully vested upon a Change in Section 5.10 or the default cured on or before the sixtieth day preceding the sinking fund payment date in any year, such moneys shall thereafter be applied on the next succeeding sinking fund payment date in accordance with this Section to the redemption of such **Securities**."

ARTICLE II

MISCELLANEOUS Control.

Section 2.1 iv. Ratification of Indenture Rights and Provisions Applicable to Restricted Stock Units. The Base Indenture is modified agreement relating to a Restricted Stock Unit shall specify whether the holder thereof shall be entitled to receive, on a current or deferred basis, dividend equivalents, or the deemed reinvestment of any deferred dividend equivalents, with respect to the number of shares of common stock subject to such award. Prior to the settlement of a Restricted Stock Unit, the holder thereof shall not have any rights as a stockholder of the Company with respect to the shares of Stock subject to such award, except to the extent that the Plan Administrators, in their sole discretion, may grant dividend equivalents on Restricted Stock Units which are settled in shares of Stock. No shares of Stock and **amended** no certificates or other indicia of ownership representing shares of Stock that are subject to a Restricted Stock Unit shall be issued upon the grant of a Restricted Stock Unit. Instead, shares of Stock subject to Restricted Stock Units and the certificates or other indicia of ownership representing such shares of Stock shall be distributed only at the time of settlement of such Restricted Stock Units in accordance herewith and the respective rights, limitations of rights, obligations, duties and immunities under the Base Indenture of the Trustee, the Issuer and the Holders of the Notes shall be determined, exercised and enforced subject in all respects to such modifications and amendments, and all with the terms and conditions of this Second Supplemental Indenture are deemed Plan and the agreements relating to be part of the terms and conditions of the Base Indenture for any and all purposes. If any provision of this Second Supplemental Indenture is inconsistent with a provision of the Base Indenture, the terms of this Second Supplemental Indenture shall control such Restricted Stock Units.

Section 2.2 c. Definitions Limitation on Transfer. All capitalized terms used in this Second Supplemental Indenture that are defined in the Base Indenture have the respective meanings. Restricted Stock Units may not be sold, transferred, pledged, assigned, to them therein, except to the extent such terms are or otherwise defined in this Second Supplemental Indenture or the context clearly requires otherwise, conveyed by an Eligible Director.

d. Deferral of Awards. Each Eligible Director may elect to defer an award of Restricted Stock Units in accordance with Section 2.3.6.

Section 6. Deferral Elections

a. Trustee Not Responsible for Recitals Deferral Procedures. The Trustee accepts Plan Administrators may permit the modification deferral of any Retainer or award granted under this Plan, subject to the Base Indenture affected by this Second Supplemental Indenture, but only upon the terms rules and conditions set forth in the Base Indenture. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of the Recitals contained herein, which Recitals shall be taken procedures as the statements of the Issuer.

Section 2.4 Governing Law. This Second Supplemental Indenture shall be governed by, and construed it may establish, in accordance with the laws requirements of Section 409A of the State Internal Revenue Code of New York 1986, as amended, (the "Code") and the regulations promulgated thereunder ("Section 409A") or other applicable law, and which may include provisions for the payment or crediting of dividend equivalents, on a current or deferred basis, or the deemed reinvestment of any deferred dividend equivalents, with respect to the number of shares Stock subject to such award.

Section 2.5 b. Severability Time and Form of Payment for RSU Deferrals. In case Subject to Section 6(c), any one or more award of Restricted Stock Units which is deferred in accordance with the rules and procedures described in Section 6(a), to the extent vested, will be paid out in a single distribution of Stock within seventy-five (75) days of the provisions contained date the Eligible Director separates from service with the Board; provided, that in this Second Supplemental Indenture shall for any reason be held no event will the Eligible Director have the right to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability shall not affect any other provisions designate the taxable year of this Second Supplemental Indenture, but this Second Supplemental Indenture shall be construed as if such invalid or illegal or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein. payment.

c. Section 2.6 Counterparts 409A. This Second Supplemental Indenture may be executed in any number of counterparts each of which Plan shall be an original, but such counterparts shall together constitute but one and interpreted to ensure that the same instrument. The words "execution," "signed," "signature," and words of like import payments contemplated hereby are exempt from, or comply with, Section 409A; provided, that nothing in this Second Supplemental Indenture Plan shall be interpreted or construed to transfer any other certificate, agreement or liability for any tax (including a tax

document related or penalty due as a result of a failure to comply with Section 409A) from the Eligible Director to the Company or to any other individual or entity. Notwithstanding Section 6(b) above, if the Eligible Director is a "Specified Employee" (as defined in Section 409A) as of the date of the Eligible Director's separation from service, distribution of the Eligible Director's deferrals will commence on or as soon as administratively practicable following the date that is six (6) months after the Eligible Director's separation from service, except to the extent earlier payment is permitted by Section 409A. Any payment by the Company to the Eligible Director under this Second Supplemental Indenture shall include images Plan that is subject to Section 409A and that is contingent on a separation from service, termination of manually executed signatures transmitted by facsimile employment, or other electronic format (including, without limitation, "pdf", "tif" or "jpg") similar term is contingent on a "separation from service" within the meaning of Section 409A.

Section 7. Retainer and other electronic signatures (including, without limitation, DocuSign and AdobeSign). The use of electronic signatures and electronic records (including, without limitation, any contract or other record created, generated, sent, communicated, received, or stored by electronic means) shall be of the same legal effect, validity and enforceability as a manually executed signature or use of a paper-based record-keeping system to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, including the Federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, the New York State

Electronic Signatures and Records Act and any other applicable law, including, without limitation, any state law based on the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act or the Uniform Commercial Code. Other Fees

Section 2.7 a. Successors and Assigns Board Members. All the covenants, stipulations, promises and agreements in this Second Supplemental Indenture by or on behalf Each Eligible Director shall be entitled to an Annual Retainer of the Issuer shall bind its successors and assigns, whether expressed or not. \$105,000.

[b. Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Second Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

By: /s/ John T. Greene
Name: John T. Greene
Title: Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

U.S. BANK TRUST COMPANY, N.A.

as Trustee

By: /s/ K. Wendy Kumar
Name: K. Wendy Kumar
Title: Vice President

Exhibit 10.43

Amendment No. 11 to the Discover Financial Services

Directors' Compensation Plan

The Discover Financial Services Directors' Compensation Plan (the "Plan") is hereby amended in the following respects:

1. Effective January 1, 2024, amend Section 5(a)(ii) by replacing "\$170,000" therein with "\$190,000."
2. Delete Section 7(b) in its entirety and replace said subsection with the following:

(b) Independent Chair and Committee Chairpersons. Each Eligible Director who is the (i) Independent Chair shall be entitled to an annual retainer of \$210,000; (ii) Audit Committee Chair shall be entitled to an annual Committee Chair fee of \$45,000; (iii) Compensation and Leadership Development Committee Chair shall be entitled to an annual Committee Chair fee of \$30,000; (iv)

Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility Committee Chair shall be entitled to an annual Committee Chair fee of \$25,000; and (v) Risk Oversight Committee Chair shall be entitled to an annual Committee Chair fee of \$40,000. Effective October 25, 2023, the Eligible Director who served as the Audit Committee Chair as of such date shall be entitled to an additional one-time fee of \$35,000.

3.c. Delete Section 7(c) in its entirety and replace said subsection with the following:

(c) Committee **Members**. **Members**. Effective January 1, 2024, each Eligible Director, other than the Committee Chairperson, of the (i) Audit Committee shall be entitled to an annual Committee Member fee of \$20,000; (ii) Compensation and Leadership Development Committee shall be entitled to an annual Committee Member fee of \$15,000; (iii) Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility Committee shall be entitled to an annual Committee Member fee of \$15,000; and (iv) Risk Oversight Committee shall be entitled to an annual Committee Member fee of \$20,000. Effective October 25, 2023, the following Eligible Directors, other than the Committee Chairperson of the Audit Committee, shall be entitled to an additional one-time fee of \$30,000: (a) (A) each Eligible Director of the Audit Committee as of October 25, 2023, and (b) (B) each Eligible Director who does not qualify under subsection (a) (A) but served on the Audit Committee as of May 12, 2023.

4.d. Insert the following as a new subsection (f) in Section 7: Reserved.

(f) **Special Committee**. In addition to the Annual Retainer and fees provided for in Section 7(a) through Section 7(c) above, each Eligible Director who is a Member of the Special Committee 2023, formed on June 16, 2022, shall be entitled to a one-time committee member fee of \$20,000.

f. **Special Committee 2023**. In addition to the annual retainer and fees provided for in **Sections** **Section 7(a)-(e)** through **Section 7(e)** above, effective as of July 1, 2023, the Eligible Director who is the Chair of the Special Committee formed on June 30, 2023, shall be entitled to an annual Committee Chair fee of \$30,000, and each Eligible Director, other than the Committee Chairperson, of such Special Committee shall be entitled to an annual Committee Member fee of \$20,000.

5.g. Insert the following as a new subsection (g) in Section 7:

(g) **Meeting Fees**. **Fees**. Effective January 1, 2024, each Eligible Director of the (i) Board shall be entitled to an additional fee of \$1,500 for each Board meeting held in excess of twelve (12) meetings in a calendar year; (ii) Audit Committee shall be entitled to an additional fee of \$1,500 for each Audit Committee meeting held in excess of twelve (12) meetings in a calendar year; (iii) Compensation and Leadership Development Committee shall be entitled to an additional fee of \$1,500 for each Compensation and Leadership Development Committee meeting held in excess of ten (10) meetings in a calendar year; (iv) Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility Committee shall be entitled to an additional fee of \$1,500 for each Nominating, Governance and Public Responsibility Committee meeting held in excess of ten (10) meetings in a calendar year; and (v) Risk Oversight Committee shall be entitled to an additional fee of \$1,500 for each Risk Oversight Committee meeting held in excess of ten (10) meetings in a calendar year; and (vi) **Special Committee 2023** shall be entitled to an additional fee of \$1,500 for each **Special Committee 2023** meeting held in excess of twelve (12) meetings in a calendar year.

Exhibit 10.44

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES
DIRECTORS' VOLUNTARY NONQUALIFIED

DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

(Effective April 10, 2008)

h. **Timing of Payment.** The Annual Retainer and other fees provided for in this Section 7 will be paid to the Eligible Director by no later than March 15th of the year after the year in which the applicable fees are earned unless the Eligible Director timely elects to defer the fees under the Discover Financial Services (the "Company") hereby establishes this Directors' Directors' Voluntary Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan") or any other deferral plan or procedures established by the Board.

Section 8. Fair Market Value

"Fair Market Value" shall mean, with respect to ~~assist~~each share of Stock for any day:

- a. if the Company in attracting and retaining persons of competence and stature to serve as Directors by giving those Directors Stock is listed for trading on the option of deferring receipt New York Stock Exchange, the closing price, regular way, of the fees payable Stock as reported on the New York Stock Exchange Composite Tape, rounded up to ~~them~~ the nearest whole cent, or if no such reported sale of the Stock has occurred on such date, on the most recent date such a reported sale occurred; or
- b. if the Stock is not so listed, but is listed on another national securities exchange or on the Nasdaq Global Market ("Nasdaq"), the closing price, regular way, of the Stock on such exchange or Nasdaq, rounded up to the nearest whole cent, as the case may be, on the date on which the largest number of shares of Stock have been traded in ~~cash~~ the aggregate on the preceding twenty trading days, or, if no such reported sale of the Stock has occurred on such date on such exchange or Nasdaq, as the case may be, on the most recent date on which such a reported sale occurred on such exchange or Nasdaq, as the case may be; or
- c. if the Stock is not listed for trading on a national securities exchange or Nasdaq, the average of the closing bid and ask prices as reported by the Company for their services as Directors.

1. **Effective Date.** The Plan is effective as National Association of April 10, 2008 (the "Effective Date"); provided, however, that for the initial Plan Year (as defined below) eligible Directors may defer the receipt of only those fees payable to them on or after June 1, 2008.

2. **Eligibility and Participation.** Each Director of the Company who: (a) is duly elected ~~Securities Dealers~~, rounded up to the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board of Directors" ~~nearest whole cent, or, the "Board"~~); (b) receives in cash any fees, stipends, awards, or other remuneration ("Directors' Fees") from the Company ~~if no such prices shall have been so reported for services as a Director; and (c) is not an employee of the Company, is an "Eligible Director."~~ Each Eligible Director may elect to defer receipt of Directors' Fees otherwise payable in cash to that Eligible Director, as provided for in the Plan, beginning such date, on the ~~later~~ most recent date for which such prices were so reported.

Section 9. Issuance of (i) the date he or she is first elected to the Company's Board or (ii) the Effective Date. Each Eligible Director who elects to defer Directors' Fees under the Plan is a "Participant" in the Plan. Stock

3. a. **Administration Restrictions on Transferability.** The Board appoints the Company's Nominating and Governance Committee to act as the administrator ~~All shares of the Plan (referred to herein as the "Administrator"). The Administrator will serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors and will administer, construe and interpret the Plan in its sole discretion. The Administrator may, to the extent permitted by law, delegate some or all of its authority Stock delivered under the Plan to a committee of the Administrator or to such officers of the Company as it deems appropriate. Unless the Administrator otherwise specifies, any delegate will have the authority and right to exercise (within the scope of such person's delegated authority) all of the same powers and discretion that would otherwise be available to the Administrator pursuant to the terms hereof. The Administrator may also employ or appoint agents (who may be officers or employees of the Company) to assist in the administration of the Plan and to take such actions under the Plan on its behalf as the Administrator deems appropriate. The Administrator will not be liable for any act done or determination made in good faith. The Board of Directors has the power to designate an additional or replacement Administrator at its discretion. The expense of administering the Plan shall be borne by subject to such stop-transfer orders and~~

other restrictions as the Company may deem advisable or legally necessary under any applicable laws, statutes, rules, regulations, and other legal requirements, including, without limitation, those of any stock exchange upon which the Stock is then listed and any applicable federal, state, or foreign securities law.

b. **Compliance with Laws.** Anything to the contrary herein notwithstanding, the Company shall not be charged against benefits payable hereunder.

4. Deferrals.

a. **Deferral Election.** An Eligible Director may file with the Company a deferral election to defer all or part of the Directors' Fees to be earned such shares would constitute a violation by the Eligible Director or the Company of any applicable law or regulation of any governmental authority, including, without limitation, federal and state securities laws, or the regulations of any stock exchanges on which the Company's securities may then be listed.

Section 10. Withholding Taxes

The Company may require as a condition of delivery of any shares of Stock that the Eligible Director remit (a) in cash, (b) by tendering (or attesting to the following ownership of) shares of Stock, where the Company determines such action will not result in unfavorable accounting treatment, or (c) by the Company withholding shares of Stock, an amount sufficient to satisfy all applicable foreign, federal, state, local and other governmental withholding tax requirements relating thereto (if any) and any or all indebtedness or other obligation of the Eligible Director to the Company or any of its subsidiaries. Any shares tendered or withheld pursuant to this Section 10 will be valued at Fair Market Value on the relevant payment or exercise date, as applicable.

Section 11. Plan Year (a "Deferral Election"). In the year in which a Director first becomes eligible to defer receipt of Directors' Fees under Amendments and Termination

The Board may suspend or terminate the Plan at any time, in whole or in part. Termination of the Director may make a Deferral Election Plan shall not adversely affect the rights of Eligible Directors with respect to services outstanding awards granted pursuant to be performed subsequent to the date of the Deferral Election, if the Director files it with the Administrator within thirty (30) days after the date the Director becomes eligible to participate in the this Plan. When a Deferral Election is filed, an amount equal to all of the Directors' Fees earned by the Participant for the following Plan Year (or the remainder of

The Board may also alter, amend, or modify the Plan Year, at any time. These amendments may include (but are not limited to) changes that the Board considers necessary or advisable as a result of changes in, or the case adoption or interpretation of, new Participants) will be credited to an account maintained on behalf of that Participant (the "Deferral Account" any law, regulation, ruling, judicial decision or accounting standards (collectively, "Legal Requirements"). For purposes of The Board may not amend or modify the Plan in a manner that would materially impair an Eligible Director's rights in any outstanding award granted pursuant to this Plan without the "Plan Year" is Eligible Director's consent; **provided**, that the calendar year. Board may, without an Eligible Director's consent, amend or modify the Plan in any manner that it considers necessary or advisable to comply with any Legal Requirement or

to ensure that awards granted pursuant to the Plan are not subject to Federal, state or local income tax prior to payment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any provision of this Plan would, in the reasonable, good faith judgment of the Company, result in or likely result in the imposition on any Eligible Director or any other person of any tax, interest or penalty under Section 409A of the Code, the Company may unilaterally amend or reform this Plan or any provision hereof, without the consent of any Eligible Director, in the manner that the Company reasonably and in good faith determines to be necessary or advisable to avoid the imposition of such tax, interest or penalty; **provided**, that any such amendment or reformation shall, to the maximum extent the Company reasonably and in good faith determines to be possible, retain the economic and tax benefits to the Eligible Directors hereunder while not materially increasing the cost to the Company of providing such benefits to the Eligible Directors.

Section 12. Listing, Registration and Legal Compliance

If the Plan Administrators at any time determine that any Consent (as hereinafter defined) is necessary or desirable as a condition of, or in connection with, the granting of any award under the Plan, the issuance or purchase of shares or other rights hereunder or the taking of any other action hereunder (each such action being hereinafter referred to as a "Plan Action"), then such Plan Action shall not be taken, in whole or in part, unless and until such Consent has been effected or obtained. The term "Consent" as used herein with respect to any Plan Action means (a) the listing, registrations or qualifications in respect thereof upon any securities exchange or under any foreign, federal, state or local law, rule or regulation, (b) any and all consents, clearances and approvals in respect of a Plan Action by any governmental or other regulatory bodies, or (c) any and all written agreements and representations by an Eligible Director with respect to the disposition of Stock or with respect to any other matter, which the Plan Administrators deems necessary or desirable in order to comply with the terms of any such listing, registration or qualification or to obtain an exemption from the requirement that any such listing, qualification or registration be made.

Section 13. Right Reserved

Nothing in the Plan shall confer upon any Eligible Director the right to continue as a director of the Company or affect any right that the Company or any Eligible Director may have to terminate the service of such Eligible Director.

Section 14. Rights as a Stockholder

An Eligible Director shall not, by reason of any Restricted Stock Unit or any other award hereunder, have any rights as a stockholder of the Company until Stock has been issued to such Eligible Director.

Section 15. Unfunded Plan

The Plan shall be unfunded and shall not create (or be construed to create) a trust or a separate fund or funds. The Plan shall not establish any fiduciary relationship between the Company and any Eligible Director or other person. To the extent any person holds any rights by virtue of a

pending grant or deferral under the Plan, such rights shall be no greater than the rights of an unsecured general creditor of the Company.

Section 16. Governing Law

The Plan shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware applicable to agreements made and to be performed entirely within such state.

Section 17. Severability

If any part of the Plan is declared by any court or governmental authority to be unlawful or invalid, such unlawfulness or invalidity shall not invalidate any portion of the Plan not declared to be unlawful or invalid. Any Section or part of a Section so declared to be unlawful or invalid shall, if possible, be construed in a manner that will give effect to the terms of such Section or part of a Section to the fullest extent possible while remaining lawful and valid.

Section 18. Notices

All notices and other communications hereunder shall be given in writing and shall be deemed given when personally delivered against receipt or five days after having been mailed by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, addressed as follows: (a) if to the Company: Discover Financial Services, 2500 Lake Cook Road, Riverwoods, IL 60015, Attention: Corporate Secretary; and (b) if to an Eligible Director, at the Eligible Director's principal residential address last furnished to the Company. Either party may, by notice, change the address to which notice to such party is to be given.

Section 19. Section Headings

The Section headings contained herein are for the purposes of convenience only and are not intended to define or limit the contents of said Sections.

Section 20. Definitions

As used in the Plan, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated below:

- a. "Annual Meeting" means an annual meeting of the Company's stockholders.
- b. Accounting "Annual Retainer The Deferral Accounts will be maintained" means an annual cash retainer for services as a member of the Board.
- c. "Board" means the board of directors of the Company.
- d. "Cause" means, with respect to any Eligible Director termination of service on the Board on account of any act of (i) fraud or intentional misrepresentation, or (ii) embezzlement, misappropriation or conversion of assets or opportunities of the Company or any affiliate.
- e. "Change in Control" means, except as provided otherwise below, the first to occur of any of the following events:
 - i. any person (as defined in Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as such term is modified in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act), other than (A) any employee plan established by the Company and will list and reflect each Participant's credits and valuations. The Company will creditor any of its subsidiaries, (B) any group of employees holding shares subject to each Participant's Deferral Account an amount equivalent agreements relating to the Directors' Fees, voting of such shares, (C) the Company or any of its affiliates (as defined in Rule 12b-2 promulgated under the Exchange Act), (D) an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities, or (E) a corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by stockholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as designated their ownership of the Company, is or becomes the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the Deferral Election, that would have been paid to securities beneficially owned by such person any securities acquired directly from the Participant if Company or its affiliates other than in connection with the Participant had not elected to defer such compensation under acquisition by the Plan. The credit will be made on Company or its affiliates of a business) representing 30% or more of either the date on which the Directors' Fees would have been paid absent a Deferral Election.

The Plan is unfunded and no funds will be segregated into the Deferral Account of any Participant. The Administrator will provide each Participant an annual statement total fair market value or total voting power of the balance in that Participant's Deferral Account.

- c. **Valuation.** At the end of each fiscal quarter, each Participant's Deferral Account will be credited with interest on the value of his or her Deferral Account as stock of the last day of that fiscal quarter. Unless Company:
 - ii. a change in the Administrator provides otherwise, the applicable interest rate will be 120% composition of the Long Term Applicable Federal Rate published by the Internal Revenue Service for the month of December preceding the last day of the applicable fiscal quarter. If Board such rate is no longer available, a substantially similar one selected by the Administrator shall be used. In the event of a Participant's Separation from Service (as defined below) prior to the last day of the fiscal quarter, the Participant's Deferral Account will be credited with a pro-rated interest amount equal to the product of (i) the value of the Participant's Deferral Account that individuals who, as of the date of the Participant's Separation from Service and (ii) award, constitute the applicable interest rate, multiplied Board (the "Incumbent Board") cease for any reason to constitute at least a majority of the Board; **provided**, that any individual becoming a member of the Board subsequent to the date of the award whose election, or nomination for election by the Company's stockholders, was approved by a ratio, vote of at least a majority of the numerator directors then comprising the Incumbent Board shall be considered as though such individual were a member of the Incumbent Board, but excluding, for this purpose, any such individual whose initial

assumption of office occurs as a result of an actual or threatened election contest with respect to the election or removal of directors or other actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents by or on behalf of a person other than the Board;

- iii. the consummation of a merger or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation or other entity, or the issuance of voting securities in connection with a merger or consolidation of the Company (or any direct or indirect subsidiary of the Company) pursuant to applicable stock exchange requirements, other than (A) a merger or consolidation which is the number of days elapsed results in the fiscal quarter voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the Separation from Service surviving entity or any parent thereof), in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company or such surviving entity or any parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, or (B) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or if less, similar transaction) in which no person (determined pursuant to Section 20(e)(i) above) is or becomes the number beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of days during which securities of the Director was a Participant Company (not including in the Plan prior to the Separation securities beneficially owned by such person any securities acquired directly from Service) and the denominator of which is the total number of days in the fiscal quarter. For purposes of this Plan, the words "fiscal quarter" mean the Company's fiscal quarter.

5. Distribution.

a. Except as provided below, a Participant must elect, at the time of his or her initial Deferral Election, to receive a distribution of his or her Deferral Account in a single lump-sum payment either: (i) as soon as practicable but no later than 75 days following the Participant's "Separation from Service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(h) and in accordance with Treas. Reg. §1.409A-1(i)(2)), or (ii) in the January of the year following the Participant's Separation from Service. If no valid election is on file with the Company at the time of the Participant's Separation from Service, the Participant will be deemed to have elected to receive a distribution of his or her Deferral Account in a single-lump sum payment as soon as practicable but no later than 75 days following the Participant's Separation from Service. For purposes of this Plan, "Service" means the provision of services to the Company or its subsidiaries affiliates other than in connection with the capacity of (i) an employee, (ii) a non-employee member of the Board, or (iii) a consultant or other independent advisor to acquisition by the Company or its subsidiaries.

b. Notwithstanding paragraph (a) above, in affiliates of a business) representing 30% or more of either the event the Participant is a "Specified Employee" (as defined in Section 409A then outstanding shares of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and the regulations promulgated thereunder) as of the date of his or her Separation from Service, distribution of the Participant's Deferral Account will commence on or as soon as administratively practicable following the date that is six (6) months after the Participant's Separation from Service, except to the extent earlier payment is permitted by Code Section 409A.

6. **Separation from Service due to Death.** In the event of a Participant's Separation from Service by reason of death, the Administrator will, as soon as reasonably practicable following Separation from Service but in no event later than 75 days after the Participant's death, commence Company's

distribution of amounts credited to common stock or the Participant's Deferral Account to the beneficiary or beneficiaries combined voting power of the Participant. Each Participant has the right to designate one Company's then outstanding voting securities; or more beneficiaries to receive distributions in the event of the Participant's death by filing with the Administrator a Beneficiary Designation Form. The designated beneficiary or beneficiaries may be changed by a Participant at any time prior to that Participant's death by the delivery to the Administrator of a new Beneficiary Designation Form. If no beneficiary has been designated, or if no designated beneficiary survives the Participant, distributions pursuant to this provision will be made to the Participant's estate.

- 7. iv. Assignment and Alienation of Benefits. The right of each Participant to any account, benefit or payment hereunder will not, to the extent permitted by law, be subject in any manner to attachment or other legal process for the debts of that Participant; and no account, benefit or payment will be subject to anticipation, alienation, sale, transfer, assignment or encumbrance except by will, by the laws of descent and distribution, or by a Participant's election to satisfy a property settlement agreement pursuant to a divorce.

8. **Section 409A Compliance.** Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, this Plan is intended to comply with Code Section 409A and the interpretive guidance thereunder. The Plan shall be construed and interpreted in accordance with such intent. If any provision of this Plan shall be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof shall continue to be fully effective.

9. **Unsecured Obligation.** The obligation stockholders of the Company to make distributions approve a plan of amounts credited to the Participant's Deferral Account shall be a general obligation of the Company, and such distribution shall be made only from general assets of the Company. The Participant's relationship to the Company under the Plan shall be only that of a general unsecured creditor and neither this Plan, nor any agreement entered into hereunder, or action taken pursuant hereto shall create or be construed to create a trust for purposes of holding and investing the Deferral Account balances. The Company reserves the right to establish such a trust, but such establishment shall not create any rights in or against any amounts held thereunder.

10. **Amendment or Termination.** The Board of Directors may amend this Plan at any time and from time to time. The Board of Directors may terminate this Plan, to the extent such termination is permissible according to Treasury Regulations or other published guidance issued by the U.S. Department of Treasury or the Internal Revenue Service under Code Section 409A. The time of a payment to a Participant under the Plan may be accelerated where the right to the payment arises due to a termination and complete liquidation of the Plan, in accordance with the provisions of Treas. Reg. §1.409A-3(j)(4)(ix) or any successor provisions thereto. Any amendment or termination of this Plan will not materially adversely affect the rights of a Participant accrued prior thereto without that Participant's written consent, except to the extent required by law.

11. **Taxes.** The Company is not responsible for the tax consequences under federal, state or local law of any election made by any Participant under the Plan. All payments under the Plan are subject to withholding and reporting requirements to the extent required by applicable law.

12. **No Right to Continued Membership on the Board.** Nothing in this Plan confers upon any Director any right to continue as a Director of the Company or interferes with an agreement for the rights sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, other than a sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets to an entity, at least 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of which are owned by persons in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of the Company and its shareholders, which are hereby expressly reserved immediately prior to remove any Director at any time for any reason whatsoever, with or without cause. such sale.

13. **Applicable Law.** To

Notwithstanding the extent not preempted by federal law, this Plan foregoing, no Change in Control shall be construed, administered and governed in all respects under and by deemed to have occurred if there is consummated any transaction or series of integrated transactions immediately following which the laws record holders of the State Company's common stock immediately prior to such transaction or series of Delaware, without giving effect transactions continue to its conflict have substantially the same proportionate ownership in an entity which owns substantially all of laws principles. The jurisdiction the assets of the Company immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions.

- f. "Code" has the meaning set forth in Section 6.
- g. "Committee Retainer" means an annual cash retainer for services as a member of any committee of the Board.
- h. "Company" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.
- i. "Consent" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.
- j. "Disability" means a "permanent and venue total disability" as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.
- k. "Eligible Directors" has the meaning set forth in Section 2.
- l. "Exchange Act" has the meaning set for any disputes arising under, in Section 20.
- m. "Fair Market Value" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.
- n. "Incumbent Board" has the meaning set forth in Section 20.
- o. "Lead Director Retainer" means an annual cash retainer for services as the lead director of the Board.
- p. "Legal Requirements" has the meaning set forth in Section 11.
- q. "Nasdaq" has the meaning set forth in Section 8.

r. "Normal Retirement" means the termination of service on the Board for retirement at or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), this Plan after attaining age 65, other than termination for Cause, Disability, or death.

shall. "Plan" has the meaning set forth in Section 1.

t. "Plan Action" has the meaning set forth in Section 12.

u. "Restricted Stock Units" means the right to receive one share of Stock or the Fair Market Value thereof in cash for each unit awarded subject to the expiration of a specified restriction period and subject to any additional restrictions that may be exclusively contained in the courts agreement relating thereto.

v. "Retainer" means the Annual Retainer, the Committee Retainer and/or the Lead Director Retainer, as applicable.

w. "Section 409A" has the meaning set forth in Section 6(a).

x. "Specified Employee" has the State meaning set forth in Section 6(c).

y. "Stock" means the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, and any other shares into which such stock shall thereafter be changed by reason of Illinois, County any merger, reorganization, recapitalization, consolidation, split-up, combination of Cook, including the Federal Courts located therein (should Federal jurisdiction exist). shares or similar event as set forth in and in accordance with Section 4.

Exhibit 10.60 10.40

Summary of Employment Terms of John B. Owen

On August 13, 2023, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Discover Financial Services (the "Company") appointed John B. Owen as Interim Chief Executive Officer and Interim President of the Company and Interim President of Discover Bank, effective August 14, 2023. In connection therewith, the following compensation arrangements were approved:

1. Base salary of \$950,000, to be paid in accordance with the Company's ordinary payroll practices beginning August 15, 2023; and
2. A special restricted stock unit award with a value of \$500,000, to vest on the earlier of (i) the date on which the Company's permanent successor to Mr. Owen's predecessor begins employment and (2) the one-year anniversary of the award's grant date.

Exhibit 10.57

Discover Financial Services
2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan
20242025 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units

This Award Certificate describes the terms and conditions under which you are being granted an Award of Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), which constitutes part of your discretionary long-term incentive compensation. This Award Certificate applies only to Awards granted hereunder and other Awards are governed by terms of the applicable Award Certificate.

A copy of the Plan can be found on the E*TRADE website at www.etrade.com, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. Capitalized terms under **in** this Award Certificate have the meanings ascribed in the Plan unless otherwise stated herein.

The full terms of your Award are set out in this Award Certificate, the Plan and any applicable policy adopted by the Committee or its delegate in respect of the Plan and Awards thereunder that is applicable to this Award. In the event of a conflict between the Plan and this Award Certificate, the terms of the Plan control.

| | |
|--|--|
| Award Recipient | %%FIRST_NAME%% %%LAST_NAME%% |
| Employee / Participant ID | %%EMPLOYEE_IDENTIFIER%% |
| Issuer | Discover Financial Services |
| Award Type | Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) |
| Date of the Award | %%OPTION_DATE,'Month DD, YYYY'%% |
| Number of Awarded Units | <p>%%TOTAL_SHARES_GRANTED,'999,999,999'%%</p> <p>RSUs</p> |
| Vesting | <p>Except as otherwise set forth in this Award Certificate, your RSUs will vest as follows provided you remain continuously Employed by the Company through the applicable below Scheduled Vesting Date:</p> <p>Number of Shares Vesting Date</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD1,'999,999,999'%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD1,'Month DD, YYYY'%%</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD2,'999,999,999'%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD2,'Month DD, YYYY'%%</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD3,'999,999,999'%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD3,'Month DD, YYYY'%%</p> |
| Settlement | Your awards will be converted and settled in Shares pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan and Section 1(b) of this Award Certificate unless your primary place of employment is located outside the United States in which case your shares may be settled in cash in accordance with the requirements for your local jurisdiction. See the " <i>International Supplement</i> " included herein as <u>Appendix A</u> , for additional information. |
| Restrictive Covenants, Clawbacks, Clawback, Risk Reviews, Investigations, and Investigations Misconduct | Pursuant to Section 8 of this Award Certificate, your Award may be subject to (i) forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment triggered in the event of your violation of a restrictive covenant, including non-solicitation and non-competition requirements, more fully described in this Award Certificate, (ii) clawback (including in the event of restatement certain restatements of the Company's financial performance) in accordance with any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award, or which including the Company may adopt from time to time to comply with applicable law, including any such policy that the Company is required to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or as otherwise required by law and Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy, (iii) forfeiture if you are subject to a risk review or forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment if you are subject to an investigation, investigation, and (iv) recovery, recoupment, or forfeiture if you engage in "misconduct" as defined in the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy. |
| Non-U.S. Employees | If you are Employed outside the United States, please reference the " <i>International Supplement</i> " included herein as <u>Appendix A</u> , which contains supplemental terms and conditions for your RSU Award. |

You will earn RSUs included in your RSU Award only if you (1) remain in continuous Employment through the applicable Scheduled Vesting Dates (subject to limited exceptions set forth herein), (2) are not found to be subject to the forfeiture, cancellation, or clawback provisions set forth in Section 8 below, and (3) satisfy obligations you owe to the Company as set forth in Section 10 below. If the Company deems appropriate and in its sole discretion, the Company may require you to provide a written certification or other evidence, from time to time, to confirm that none of the circumstances described in Section 8 below exist or have occurred, including upon a termination of Employment and/or during a specified period of time prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Dates. If you fail to timely provide any required certification or other evidence, the Company may cancel your RSU Award. It is your responsibility to provide the Human Resources Department with your up-to-date contact information.

1. Vesting Schedule; Conversion.

(a) Vesting Schedule. Your RSUs will vest according to the Scheduled Vesting Dates set forth in this Award Certificate, provided you remain continuously Employed through such dates, unless earlier vesting is required pursuant to Section 4, 5 or 6 of this Award Certificate.

(b) Conversion.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Award Certificate, each of your vested RSUs will convert to one Share on or as soon as administratively practicable following the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and this Award Certificate, as well as any transfer restrictions imposed by the Company or applicable pursuant to securities laws, Shares to which you are entitled following conversion of RSUs under any provision of this Award Certificate shall be delivered to you (or your beneficiary or estate, as applicable) as soon as administratively practicable after the Scheduled Vesting Date, unless earlier delivery is required pursuant to Section 4, 5, or 6 of this Award Certificate.

(c) Accelerated Conversion. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may determine that any RSUs may be converted to Shares prior to the Scheduled Vesting Date subject to compliance with all Legal Requirements, including Section 409A.

(d) Rule of Construction for Timing of Conversion. Whenever this Award Certificate provides for RSUs to convert to Shares on the Scheduled Vesting Date or upon an accelerated or different specified event or date, such conversion will be considered to have been timely made, and neither you nor any of your beneficiaries nor your estate shall have any claim against the Company for damages based on a delay in conversion of your RSUs (or delivery of Shares following conversion), and the Company shall have no liability to you (or to any of your beneficiaries or your estate) in respect of any such delay, as long as conversion is made by December 31 of the year in which occurs the Scheduled Vesting Date or such other specified event or date or, if later, by the 15th day of the third calendar month following such specified event or date.

2. Special Provisions for Certain “Specified Employees”.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Award Certificate, if Discover reasonably considers you to be one of its “specified employees” as defined in Section 409A at the time of the termination of your Employment, any RSUs that constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A that are payable upon termination of Employment will not

convert to Shares or be delivered to you until the date that is six months after the termination of your Employment (or the date of your death, if such event occurs earlier).

3. Dividend Equivalent Payments.

Until your RSUs convert to Shares and subject to your continued Employment through the applicable payment date, if Discover pays a regular or ordinary cash dividend on its common stock, you will be paid a dividend equivalent for your vested and unvested RSUs. No dividend equivalents will be paid to you on any canceled RSUs. Discover, in its discretion, will decide on the form of payment and may pay dividend equivalents in Shares, in cash or in a combination thereof. Discover will pay the dividend equivalents as soon as administratively practicable (and in any event within thirty (30) days) after Discover pays the corresponding dividend on its Stock.

4. Death; Disability; Retirement.

The following special vesting and payment terms apply to your RSUs:

(a) Death. If your Employment terminates due to your death, all RSUs subject to this Award Certificate will vest, convert to Shares and be delivered to your beneficiary or your estate on or as soon as administratively practicable after your date of death.

(b) Disability. If your Employment terminates due to Disability, all RSUs subject to this Award Certificate will vest, convert to Shares and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination due to Disability.

(c) Retirement. If your Employment terminates due to Retirement, the number of RSUs that will vest upon your Retirement (to the extent not already vested) will be determined by multiplying the RSUs subject to this Award Certificate by the Pro Ration Fraction, calculated through the date your Employment terminates. These RSUs will vest and convert to Shares and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination due to Retirement provided that the Company may require you to sign (and do not revoke) an agreement and release of claims satisfactory to the Company and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination pursuant to this section, with such release to become effective pursuant to its terms within sixty (60) days following your termination of employment or such other date specified by the Company and permitted under Section 409A.

5. Termination Due to Reduction in Force; Position Elimination; or Increase/Addition of Skills Required for Current Position.

If the Company terminates your Employment due to a reduction in force, an elimination of your position, or as a result of an increase or addition of skills required of your current position, each as determined by the Company in its sole discretion, the number of RSUs that will vest upon the termination of your Employment (to the extent not already vested) will be determined by multiplying the RSUs subject to this Award Certificate by the Pro Ration Fraction, calculated through the date your Employment terminates. These RSUs will vest and convert to Shares as soon as administratively practicable following your termination of Employment, *provided* that you sign (and do not revoke) an agreement and release of claims satisfactory to the Company and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination pursuant to this section, with such release to become effective pursuant to

its terms within sixty (60) days following your termination of employment or such other date specified by the Company as permitted under Section 409A.

6. Change in Control.

(a) Termination in Connection with Change in Control. If the Company terminates your Employment other than for Cause, or if you terminate your Employment for Good Reason, within six months prior to or within twenty-four (24) months after a Change in Control, your RSUs will immediately vest and convert to Shares on the later of the date of a Change in Control or the date of your termination following a Change in Control, as applicable and be delivered as soon as administratively practicable thereafter.

(b) Stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of Discover receive shares of common stock of an acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control, there shall be substituted for each Share subject to this Award Certificate the number and class of shares of common stock of the acquiring entity into which each outstanding Share shall be converted pursuant to such Change in Control transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

(c) Non-stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of Discover receive consideration other than shares of common stock of the acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, the value of the RSUs hereunder shall, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control, be converted into a right to receive the cash or other consideration received by the shareholders of Discover in such transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

7. Termination of Employment.

Your unvested RSUs will be forfeited and canceled if your Employment terminates for any reason other than under the circumstances set forth in Section 4, 5 or 6 of this Award Certificate.

8. Forfeiture/Cancellation/Clawback of RSU Awards Under Certain Circumstances.

(a) Breach of Restrictive Covenants. RSUs are not earned until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date and will be canceled prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date under any of the circumstances set forth below. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs are or may be cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the RSUs were cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary and subject to Section 8(f) 8(h) below, in the event that at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company, you (i) engage in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) breach your obligations to the Company under a confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant, or (iii) for those participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity, with respect to each such incidence of violation and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, you shall be required to:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to your breach of the restrictive covenants; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to your breach of the restrictive covenants.

In the event of multiple incidences of breach of this provision of the Award Certificate (e.g., in the event of violation of the non-solicitation provision following engaging in Competitive Activity), the repayment amount will be additive for each incidence of violation, not to exceed two times the amount calculated under paragraph 8(a)(1) and (2) above. If you engage in Wrongful Solicitation or engage in a Competing Activity, in addition to the remedies described in Section 8(a), the Company may also take such action at equity or in law as it deems appropriate to enforce the provisions of the applicable restrictive covenant, including pursuing injunctive relief.

The Company recommends that before accepting this Award Certificate, you consult with an attorney of your choice regarding the restrictive covenants described herein. You acknowledge that you have been provided at least fourteen (14) calendar days to review the applicable restrictive covenants prior to having to accept the award.

(b) Clawback. Restatement of Financial Statements. The Award and any cash payment or Shares delivered pursuant to the Award are subject to forfeiture, recovery by the Company or other action pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award, or which the Company may adopt from time to time to comply with applicable law, including without limitation, any such policy that the Company is required Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy.

(1) Pursuant to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") or as otherwise required by law. Subject to any clawback policy adopted by the Company to comply with the Dodd-Frank Act Discover Compensation

Recoupment Policy (to the extent you are subject to such policy), in the event and to the extent the Committee reasonably determines that the performance considered by the Committee, and on the basis of which the amount of RSUs were granted or converted to Shares, was based on Discover's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy which requires Discover to file a restatement of its financial statements within three years of the Date of the Award, you will be required to comply with paragraphs (1) and (2) (as applicable) below to repay to the Company an amount equal to the number of RSUs which were granted or the Shares converted hereunder less the number of RSUs that would have been granted or the number of Shares that would have been converted had your RSUs been granted or converted based on compliance with any such financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy (such number of RSUs, the "**Clawback RSUs**," to be determined in each case by the Committee in its sole discretion and before satisfaction of tax or other withholding obligations pursuant to Section 9):

(1)(A) You shall forfeit a number of RSUs hereunder equal to the Clawback RSUs. In the event such forfeited RSUs are less than the Clawback RSUs, then you shall comply with the following paragraph 2.

(2)(B) You shall be required to:

(A)(i) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined using a valuation method established by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements; or

(B)(ii) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus such amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements.

(2) By accepting the RSUs you hereby agree and acknowledge that you are obligated to cooperate with and provide all assistance necessary to the Company to recover or recoup the RSUs or amounts paid under the Plan that are subject to the clawback pursuant to this Award Certificate, applicable securities laws or listing standards or Company policy, including the Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy. Such cooperation and assistance shall include, but is not limited to, executing, completing and submitting and documentation necessary to recover or recoup any RSUs or amounts paid pursuant to RSUs.

(c) Risk Review. For select Covered Employees, as defined and identified by the Company, no RSUs will convert to Shares until the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer receives confirmation from the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, that a review has been completed by conducted in accordance with the Incentive Compensation Risk Management (ICRM) Program at the direction of the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, to determine whether you engaged in any willful or reckless violation of the Company's risk policies. policies, including the Code of Conduct and Business Ethics. If the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, finds any such violation or breach, then the Company or, in the case of Covered Employees subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the Committee, may determine that all or a portion of your RSUs will be forfeited.

(d) Investigations. In the event that the Company has either commenced an investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in or has evidence that may require investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in, in either case concerning a breach of one of the obligations hereunder or a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may freeze your account and effectuate a transfer restriction such that your converted and delivered RSUs and any shares associated therewith may not be sold or transferred until such time as the Company reasonably believes the matter to be resolved. If, following the investigation, the Company determines, in its sole discretion, that you breached one of the obligations hereunder or committed a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may:

(1) forfeit all or a portion of your RSUs;

(2) require that you pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the circumstances described in this Section 8(d); or

(3) cancel Shares in your account or require that you transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to the circumstances described in this Section 8(d).

(e) **Misconduct.** In addition to the foregoing, pursuant to the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, if you are a current or former employee with a management level of director or above and you engage in "misconduct" as defined in the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, the Company, in its sole discretion, may recover all or a portion of the RSUs "received" (as defined in the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy) by you during the three-year period preceding the date of your "misconduct" (or such later date on which the Committee becomes aware of your "misconduct" or completes its investigation).

(f) **Other Recoupment or Forfeiture Rights.** Notwithstanding the foregoing, any RSUs recovered under any clawback or recoupment policy, including the Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy and the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, shall count toward any required forfeiture, cancellation, or clawback of RSUs under this Award Certificate and vice versa.

(g) **Authorization.** You authorize the Company to deduct any amount or amounts owed by you pursuant to this Section 8 from any amounts payable by or on behalf of the Company to you, including, without limitation, any amount payable to you as salary, wages, paid time off, bonus, severance, change in control severance or the conversion of any equity-based award. This right of offset shall not be an exclusive remedy and the Company's election not to exercise this right of offset with respect to any amount payable to you shall not constitute a waiver of this right of offset with respect to any other amount payable to you or any other remedy. You further acknowledge and authorize the Company to take the actions described in this Section 8, including those described in Section 8(d).

(f)(h) **Non-Contravention.** Nothing in this Award Certificate (including with respect to confidential information, trade secrets, and other obligations) is intended to be or will be construed to prevent, impede or interfere with your right to respond accurately and fully to any question, inquiry, or request for information regarding your employment with the Company when required by legal process by a Federal, State or other legal authority, or from initiating communications directly with, or responding to any inquiry from, or providing truthful testimony and information to, any Federal, State or other regulatory authority in the course of an investigation or proceeding authorized by law and carried out by such agency. You are not required to contact the Company regarding the subject matter of any such communications before you engage in such communications. In addition, nothing in this Award Certificate is intended to restrict your legally protected right to discuss wages, hours or other working conditions with coworkers or in any way limit your rights under the National Labor Relations Act, any whistleblower law, or other applicable law. You acknowledge that the Company has provided you notice of your immunity rights under the Defend Trade Secrets Act, which states: "(1) An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (A) is made (i) in confidence to a Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (ii) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (B) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal; and (2) an individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose a trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual

(A) files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and (B) does not disclose a trade secret, except pursuant to court order."

9. Tax and Other Withholding Obligations.

Subject to rules and procedures established by Discover, you may be eligible to elect to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations arising upon conversion of your RSUs or upon any taxable event by paying cash or by having Discover withhold Shares or by tendering Shares, in each case in an amount sufficient to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations. Shares withheld or tendered will be valued using the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable, using a valuation methodology established by Discover.

10. Satisfaction of Obligations.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Award Certificate, the Company may, in its sole discretion, take various actions affecting your RSUs in order to collect amounts sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations. The Company's determination of the amount that you owe the Company shall be conclusive. The Fair Market Value of Stock for purposes of the following provisions shall be determined using a valuation methodology established by Company. The actions that may be taken by Discover pursuant to this Section 10 include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Withholding of Shares. Upon conversion of RSUs, including any accelerated conversion pursuant to Sections 4, 5, or 6 above, or, if later, upon delivery of the Shares, the Company may withhold a number of Shares sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations whether national, federal, state or local tax withholding obligations including any social insurance contributions or employment tax obligation. The Company shall determine the number of Shares to be withheld by dividing the dollar value of your obligation to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable. To the extent that the Company retains any Shares or reduces the number of RSUs to cover the withholding obligations, it will do so at the applicable minimum statutory rate (or such other rate as will not cause adverse accounting consequences under the accounting rules then in effect, and is permitted by the Company). Should the Company withhold in excess of the actual tax withholding obligation, the Company may apply the excess withholding to another compensation tax liability.

(b) Netting of Accelerated RSUs. In order to satisfy any taxes due upon an event which is earlier than delivery, Discover, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the vesting and conversion of all or a portion of your unvested RSUs subject to Section 23 below. The Company shall determine the number of RSUs to be accelerated and converted by dividing the dollar value of your tax obligations upon such event by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable. Accelerated and converted RSUs shall not exceed the value of taxes due upon such event and the resulting Shares will be withheld by the Company.

(c) Withholding of Other Compensation. Discover may withhold the payment of dividend equivalents on your RSUs or any other compensation or payments due from Discover to ensure satisfaction of any obligation that you owe the Company or any tax or other withholding obligations or Discover may permit you to satisfy such tax or other withholding obligation by paying such obligation in immediately available funds.

(d) Mobile Employees. You are liable and responsible for all taxes and social insurance contributions owed in connection with the Award, regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with

the Award. The Company does not make any representation or undertaking regarding the tax treatment or the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, vesting or payment of the Award. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability. Further, you may be subject to individual income taxation (and possibly social security or other applicable personal or payroll taxes) in each jurisdiction where you have performed services for the Company between the Award Date and when the Award

vests. Taxes for which you are liable, if applicable, may be withheld and deposited by the Company in each jurisdiction in which you have performed services regardless of your status as a resident or non-resident in one or more of the jurisdictions that have a right to impose taxation. You agree that you will comply with all United States and foreign individual income tax return filing obligations that may be imposed with respect to the Award.

11. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

(a) Nontransferability of Award. You may not sell, pledge, hypothecate, assign or otherwise transfer your RSUs, other than as provided in Section 12 (which allows you to designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries in the event of your death) or by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

(b) Investment Representation. You hereby covenant that (a) any sale of any share acquired upon the vesting of the Award shall be made either pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "**Securities Act**"), and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws and (b) you shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance of the Shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Committee shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

12. Designation of a Beneficiary.

You may make a revocable designation of beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive all or part of the Shares and any dividend equivalents credited to you pursuant to Section 3 hereof to be paid or delivered under this Award Certificate in the event of your death. Absent a designation on file, distributions pursuant to Section 4 will be made to your estate in accordance with applicable law. To make a beneficiary designation, you must complete and file the online form provided by E*TRADE or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. If you previously filed a designation of beneficiary form for your equity awards with the Human Resources Department, such form will also apply to the RSUs granted pursuant to this RSU Award. You may replace or revoke your beneficiary designation at any time, and the Company will rely on your most recent designation on file for purposes of beneficiary designation.

13. Ownership and Possession.

(a) Generally. Except as specified in Section 3 with respect to dividend equivalents, you will not have any rights as a shareholder with respect to your RSU Awards or the Shares underlying such RSUs prior to the vesting and conversion of your RSUs.

(b) Following Conversion. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Award Certificate, following the vesting and conversion of your RSUs and the issuance of the Shares underlying such RSUs in your name, you will be the beneficial owner of the Shares issued to you, subject to any tax withholding under Section 10, and you will be entitled to all rights of ownership with respect to such Shares, including voting rights and the right to receive cash or stock dividends or other distributions paid on such Shares.

14. Securities Law Matters.

Shares issued upon conversion of your RSUs may be subject to restrictions on transfer by virtue of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the applicable state securities laws. Discover may advise the transfer agent to place a stop order against such shares if it determines that such an order is necessary or advisable. Because Shares will only be maintained in book-entry form, you will not receive a stock certificate representing your interest in such Shares.

15. Compliance with Laws and Regulations.

Any sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, mortgage, encumbrance or other disposition of the Shares issued upon conversion of your RSUs (whether directly or indirectly, whether or not for value, and whether or not voluntary) must be made in compliance with any applicable constitution, rule, regulation, or policy of any of the exchanges or associations or other institutions with which the Company or a Related Employer has membership or other privileges, and any applicable law, or applicable rule or regulation of any governmental agency, self-regulatory organization or state or federal regulatory body.

16. No Entitlements.

(a) No Right to Continued Employment. This RSU Award is not an employment agreement, and nothing in this Award Certificate, the International Supplement, if applicable, or the Plan shall alter your status as an "at-will" employee of the Company or your Employment status at a Related Employer, nor does anything herein constitute a promise of continued employment or re-employment.

(b) No Right to Future Awards. This RSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive another award of RSUs, any other equity-based award or any other award at any time in the future or in respect of any future period.

(c) No Effect on Future Employment Compensation. This RSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive compensation in any specific amount for any future fiscal year, and does not diminish in any way the Company's discretion to determine the amount, if any, of your compensation. In addition, this RSU Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account in determining any other Employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay, end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards or similar payments and in no event shall be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company.

(d) Termination of Employment. In consideration of the grant of the Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Award or diminution in value of the Award or Shares acquired through vesting of the Award resulting from termination of your Employment (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you irrevocably release the Company and the Related Employer from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by signing this Award Certificate, you will be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim; and in the event of termination of your Employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the Award and vest in the Award under the Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively Employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active Employment would not include a period of "garden leave" or similar period pursuant to local law); Discover shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when you are no longer actively Employed for purposes of your Award.

(e) Language. If you have received this Award Certificate or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

(f) Award Terms Control. In the event of any conflict between any terms applicable to equity awards in any employment agreement, offer letter or other arrangement that you have entered into with the Company and the terms set forth in this Award Certificate, the latter shall control.

17. Consents.

Your RSU Award is conditioned upon the Company making of all filings and the receipt of all consents or authorizations required to comply with, or required to be obtained under, applicable local law.

In accepting this RSU Award, you consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data by and among, as applicable, the Company and any other possible recipients for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the Plan, as well as for the purpose of the Company's compliance with applicable law, including, without limitation, Section 953(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. You understand that the recipients of your personal data may be located in the U.S. or elsewhere, and the recipients' country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of your personal data, view the personal data, request additional information about the storage of your personal data, require any necessary amendments to your personal data or refuse or withdraw your consent by contacting your local human resources representative, in any case without cost. You understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the Plan.

18. Electronic Delivery and Consent to Electronic Participation.

The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the RSU Award and participation in the Plan or future RSU Awards by electronic means. You hereby consent to receive such documents by electronic delivery and to participate in the Plan through an online or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company, including the acceptance of RSU Awards and the execution of the RSU agreements through electronic signature. Electronic acceptance of this Award Certificate through the E*TRADE website, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan, shall be required and binding on you. Where electronic acceptance may not be permitted under applicable law, the Company may also request and require your physical signature. Your acceptance affirms your agreement to all the terms and conditions set forth in this Award Certificate and acceptance of the Award subject thereto. Not providing this acceptance within the timeframe stipulated may result in the Company forfeiting all or a portion of this Award.

19. Award Modification.

The Committee reserves the right to modify or amend unilaterally the terms and conditions of your RSUs, without first asking your consent, or to waive any terms and conditions that operate in favor of Discover. These amendments may include (but are not limited to) changes that the Committee considers necessary or advisable as a result of changes in any, or the adoption of any new, Legal Requirement. The Committee may not modify your RSUs in a manner that would materially impair your rights in your RSUs without your consent; *provided, however,* that the Committee may, without your consent, amend or modify your RSUs in any

manner that the Committee considers necessary or advisable to comply with or reflect the application of any Legal Requirement or to ensure that your RSUs are not subject to United States federal, state or local income tax or any equivalent taxes in territories outside the United States prior to payment. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Award Certificate to the contrary, to the extent you transfer employment outside of the United States, the Award shall be subject to any special terms and conditions as Discover may need to establish to comply with local laws, rules, and regulations or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Award and the Plan in the country to which you transfer employment (or Discover may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate your transfer). Discover will notify you of any amendment of your RSUs that affects your rights. Any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Award Certificate (other than any amendment or waiver applicable to all recipients generally), which amendment or waiver operates in your favor or confers a benefit on you, must be in writing and signed by the Chief Human Resources Officer to be effective.

20. Severability.

In the event the Committee determines that any provision of this Award Certificate would cause you to be in constructive receipt for United States federal or state income tax purposes of any portion of your RSU Award prior to the vesting of such Award, then such provision will be considered null and void and this Award Certificate will be construed and enforced as if the provision had not been included in this Award Certificate as of the date such provision was determined to cause you to be in constructive receipt of any portion of your RSU Award. In addition, in the event that any provision of this Award Certificate shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Award Certificate, and this Award Certificate shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had not been included.

21. Successors.

This Award Certificate shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor or successors of Discover and any person or persons who shall, upon your death, acquire any rights hereunder in accordance with this Award Certificate or the Plan.

22. Governing Law.

This Award Certificate and the related legal relations between you and Discover will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to any conflicts or choice of law, rule or principle that might otherwise refer the interpretation of the RSU Award to the substantive law of another jurisdiction to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law. The Company and you agree that the jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), the Plan or this Award Certificate shall be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, Counties of Cook or Lake, including the federal courts located therein (should federal jurisdiction exist), and the Company and you hereby submit and consent to said jurisdiction and venue to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law.

23. Section 409A.

This Award is intended to be exempt from or comply with Section 409A, and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly, and each payment hereunder shall be considered a separate payment for purposes of Section 409A. Subject to Section 2, to the extent this Award Certificate provides for the Award to become vested and be settled upon your termination of employment, the applicable Shares shall be transferred to you or your beneficiary upon your

"separation from service," within the meaning of Section 409A. To the extent necessary or advisable to comply with Section 409A, with respect to any provision of this Award Certificate that provides for vested RSUs to convert to Shares on or as soon as administratively practicable after a specified event or date, such conversion and settlement will be made by the later of the end of the calendar year in which the specified event or date occurs or the 15th day of the third calendar month following the specified event or date. If any RSUs constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A and are payable subject to your execution and non-revocation of a release and the period to consider the release spans two separate taxable years, then the distribution of the RSUs that are conditioned upon such execution and non-revocation of the release shall be made in the later taxable year.

24. Defined Terms.

For purposes of this Award Certificate, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) "Cause" means:

(1) any act or omission which constitutes a material breach of your obligations to the Company or your failure or refusal to perform satisfactorily any duties reasonably required of you, which breach, failure or refusal (if susceptible to cure) is not corrected (other than failure to correct by reason of your incapacity due to Disability) within ten (10) business days after written notification thereof to you by the Company;

(2) any act or omission by you that constitutes (i) fraud or intentional misrepresentation, (ii) embezzlement, misappropriation or conversion of assets of, or business opportunities considered by, the Company or (iii) any other act which has caused or may reasonably be expected to cause material injury to the interest or business reputation of the Company; or

(3) your violation of any securities, commodities or banking laws, any rules or regulations issued pursuant to such laws, or rules or regulations of any securities or commodities exchange or association of which the Company is a member or of any policy of the Company relating to compliance with any of the foregoing.

(b) "Chief Human Resources Officer" means the chief human resources officer of Discover, any successor chief human resources officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief human resources officer.

(c) "Chief Risk Officer" means the chief risk officer of Discover, any successor chief risk officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief risk officer.

(d) "Competitive Activity" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, or serving in any similar position or capacity with, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you

in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the year preceding the termination of your employment with the Company; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(e) **"Competitor"** means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business in which you have been involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during your employment with the Company. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(f) **"Covered Employee"** means an employee who, as of the Date of the Award, has been identified as a covered employee by Corporate Risk Management.

(g) **"Date of the Award"** means the date set forth in this Award Certificate.

(h) **"Disability"** means a "permanent and total disability," as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(i) **"Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy"** refers to the Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy, dated as of October 25, 2023.

(j) **"Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy"** refers to the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, effective as of September 3, 2024.

(k) **"Employed"** and **"Employment"** refer to employment with the Company and/or Related Employment.

(l) **"Good Reason"** means the occurrence of any of the following upon, or within six (6) months prior to or twenty-four (24) months after the occurrence of a Change in Control of Discover without your prior written consent:

(1) any material diminution in your assigned duties, responsibilities and/or authority, including the assignment to you of any duties, responsibilities or authority inconsistent with the duties, responsibilities and authority assigned to you, immediately prior to such assignment;

(2) a material diminution in the authority, duties, or responsibilities of the supervisor to whom you are required to report;

(3) any material reduction in your base compensation; provided, however, that Company-initiated across-the-board reductions in compensation affecting substantially all eligible Company employees shall alone not be considered "Good Reason," unless the compensation reductions exceed twenty percent (20%) of your base compensation;

(4) a material diminution of the budget over which you have authority;

(5) the Company's requiring you to be based at a location that (i) is in excess of thirty-five (35) miles from the location of your principal job location or office immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (ii) results in an increase in your normal daily commuting time by

more than ninety (90) minutes, except for required travel on Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with your then present business travel obligations; or

(6) any other action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of any agreement pursuant to which you provide services to the Company.

For purposes of paragraphs (1) through (6) above, the duties, responsibilities and/or authority assigned to you shall be deemed to be the greatest of those in effect prior to or after the Change in Control. Unless you become Disabled, your right to terminate your Employment for Good Reason shall not be affected by your incapacity due to physical or mental illness. Your continued Employment shall not constitute consent to, or a waiver of rights with respect to, any circumstance constituting Good Reason. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Good Reason shall not exist unless you give the Company written notice thereof within thirty (30) days after its occurrence and the Company shall not have remedied the action within thirty (30) days after such written notice.

(m) **"Internal Revenue Code"** means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules, regulations and guidance thereunder.

(n) **"Legal Requirement"** means any law, regulation, ruling, judicial decision, accounting standard, regulatory guidance or other legal requirement (including any foreign legal requirements).

(o) **"Pro Ration Fraction"** means a fraction, not to exceed 1.0, the numerator of which is the number of completed months commencing on the later of (i) the first day of the calendar year of the Date of the Award or (ii) the first day of the month in which your employment commences and ending on the effective date of your termination of Employment, and the denominator of which is 12.

(p) **"Related Employment"** means your employment with an employer other than the Company (such employer, herein referred to as a **"Related Employer"**), provided: (1) you undertake such employment at the written request or with the written consent of the Chief Human Resources Officer; (2) immediately prior to undertaking such employment you were an employee of the Company or were engaged in Related Employment (as defined herein); and (3) such employment is recognized by the Company in its discretion as Related Employment; *provided further* that the Company may (i) determine at any time in its sole discretion that employment that was recognized by the Company as Related Employment no longer qualifies as Related Employment, and (ii) condition the designation and benefits of Related Employment on such terms and conditions as the Company may determine in its sole discretion. The designation of employment as Related Employment does not give rise to an employment relationship between you and the Company, or otherwise modify your and the Company's respective rights and obligations.

(q) **"Retirement"** means the termination of your Employment by you or by the Company for any reason other than for Cause and other than due to your death or Disability, on or after the date on which:

(1) you have attained age 55; and

(2) you have attained a combined age and years of service of at least 65 years.

(r) **"Scheduled Vesting Date"** means the Scheduled Vesting Dates set forth in Award Certificate as the context requires.

(s) **"Wrongful Solicitation"** occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; *provided, however*, that this clause shall apply only to employees with whom you worked or had professional or business contact, or who worked in or with your business unit, during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment; or

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Discover has duly executed and delivered this Award Certificate as of the Date of the Award.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

By:

/s/ J. Michael Shepherd
J. Michael Shepherd
Interim Chief Executive Officer and President

APPENDIX A

Discover Financial Services
International Supplement

This International Supplement to the Award Certificate ("International Supplement") contains supplemental terms and conditions for the RSU Award ("Equity Award") to employees of Discover Financial Services (or the relevant affiliated company) located in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States. The terms included in this International Supplement are intended to ensure compliance with the laws of the country in which you are Employed or, in certain instances, to make the awards more tax efficient in your country.

You have also received an Award Certificate applicable to your award. The Award Certificate, together with this International Supplement, collectively set forth the terms and conditions of your Equity Award. To the extent that this International Supplement amends, deletes or supplements any terms of the Award Certificate, this International Supplement shall control.

Capitalized terms that are used without definition in this International Supplement have the meanings assigned in the Plan or the Award Certificate.

All Employees Located Outside the United States.

If you are Employed outside of the United States, please note that your Equity Award is offered, issued and administered by Discover Financial Services, a Delaware corporation, and your local employer is not involved in the grant of awards under such equity incentive program. All documents related to your Equity Award, including the Award Certificate, this International Supplement and the link by which you access these documents, originate and are maintained in the United States.

Your Equity Award is made in virtue of your Employment with, and your services performed for, the appropriate entities within the Company. However, your award does not form part of your entitlement to remuneration or benefits, whether pursuant to any contract of Employment to which you may be a party or otherwise. Similarly, the existence of a contract of Employment between you and any entity within the Company shall not

confer on you any right or entitlement to participate in the Equity Award or to receive awards thereunder, or any expectation that you might participate in such equity incentive program or receive additional equity awards in the future. Your Equity Award, the Award Certificate, and/or this International Supplement does not constitute an employment contract and does not create an employment relationship or a promise of continued Employment for any period of time.

In addition, your Equity Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account (except to the extent otherwise required by local law) in determining any other employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay.

Whether or not you have a contract of Employment with any entity within the Company, your rights and obligations under the terms of your office or Employment shall not be affected by your receipt of the Equity Award. By accepting your receipt of the Equity Award, you waive any and all rights to compensation or damages for any loss of the Equity Award in the event of your termination of your office or Employment for any reason whatsoever. This waiver applies whether or not such termination amounts to a wrongful or unfair dismissal.

You may be subject to applicable exchange control, currency control or similar financial laws that may affect your transactions with respect to your equity award, including without limitation, your ability to bring shares of Discover Financial Services common stock into your jurisdiction or to receive the proceeds of a sale of Discover Financial Services common stock in your jurisdiction. Moreover, you may be subject to certain notification, approval and/or repatriation obligations with respect to securities and funds you receive in connection with your awards. In addition the Company is not responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuations that change the value of your RSU Award. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Your Equity Award has not been authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities and may have been offered pursuant to an exemption from registration in your local jurisdiction. Similarly, no prospectus or similar offering or registration document has been prepared, authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities in your jurisdiction. The grant of awards is being made only to employees of the Company and does not constitute and is not intended to be an offering to the public. For this reason, you must keep all award documents you receive, including but not limited to this International Supplement and the Award Certificate, confidential and you may not distribute or otherwise make public any award documents without the prior written consent of the Company. Moreover, you may not reproduce (in whole or in part) any award documents you receive. In addition, the shares of Company common stock you acquire upon vesting and conversion of your Equity Award may be subject to applicable restrictions on resale in your local jurisdiction. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Employees in China.

If you are employed in China or are a Chinese national on international assignment outside of China for the Company, but your Equity Award was made in China and/or you will be taxed there, your Equity Award will be settled in cash. Rather than convert awards to shares pursuant to Section 1 of the Award Certificate and Sections 4 through 6 of the Award Certificate, the Company will convert your Equity Award to cash and the Company or your local employer will deliver the cash payment to you. You consent to this cash conversion in exchange for the Equity Award. All other terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Certificate will otherwise apply to your Equity Award.

Employees in the United Kingdom or European Union.

If you are employed in the United Kingdom (or the European Union), the Company will act in accordance with the Data Protection Act of 2018 as amended from time to time and the General Data Protection Regulation as amended from time to time as applicable regarding any personal information which you provide to it in connection with your Equity Award (including the amount of the award) and you acknowledge the need for the processing of such personal information in order to facilitate your participation in such equity incentive program, for any purposes required by law or regulation, or for any other legitimate business purpose. By accepting your Equity Award, you acknowledge that from time to time, for the purposes described above, your personal information may be stored and processed by and disclosed and transferred to other offices and companies within the Company and to third parties, some of which are situated outside of the European Union and may not offer as high a level of protection for personal information as countries within the European Union.

The following provision applies in lieu of that contained in the Award Certificate for employees in the United Kingdom and European Union.

Section 24(q)

"Retirement" means the termination of your Employment by reason of your retirement as agreed with the Company or your Related Employer.

The following provisions apply in lieu of those contained in the Award Certificate for employees in the United Kingdom.

Section 8(a)

The forfeiture, cancellation and/or clawback circumstances and events set forth in this Section 8 are designed, among other things, to incentivize compliance with the Company's policies (including, without limitation, the Company's risk policies and Code of Conduct and Business Ethics), to protect the Company's interests in non-public, confidential and/or proprietary information, products, trade secrets, customer relationships, workforce stability, and other legitimate business interests, and to ensure an orderly transition of responsibilities. This Section 8 shall apply notwithstanding any other terms of this Award Certificate (except where sections in this Award Certificate specifically provide that the circumstances set forth in this Section 8 no longer apply).

(a) Conditions. Notwithstanding your satisfaction of the vesting conditions of this Award Certificate, RSUs are not earned: (1) until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date; and (2) unless the conditions set forth in this section 8(a) below are met. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs meet the conditions set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall not legally vest in you and shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the conditions set forth in this section 8(a) below are not met. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary, in order for legal ownership of the Shares to fully vest in you it is a strict condition that you must not (i) at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company misuse the Company's confidential, proprietary information and/or intellectual property, as defined in your employment contract, the Company Code of Conduct and Business Ethics, and/or any other relevant agreements or policies issued to you, (ii) at any time prior to one year (less any period spent on "garden leave") after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company (y) engage in Wrongful Solicitation or (z) for those Participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity. If the conditions above are not met, you will:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to you not meeting the conditions above; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to you not meeting the conditions above.

Section 24(e), (f) and (r)

(e) "Competitive Activity" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the one year preceding the termination of your Employment; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(i) "Competitor" means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business which you have been materially involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during the one year preceding the termination of your Employment. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(r) "Wrongful Solicitation" occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, and within one year after the termination of your Employment (less any period spent on "garden leave"), directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm with the intention of such individual working for or providing services to any Competitor; *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to employees of the Company who had access to confidential information of the Company and (i) were employed at the level of officer or above, or (ii) who worked in or with your business unit or (iii) for whom you had direct or indirect responsibility, and in each case with whom you had material contact in the course of your Employment, at any time during the one year preceding the termination of your Employment; or

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, and within one year after the termination of your Employment (less any period on "garden leave"), directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked

for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during the one year preceding the termination of your Employment.

Your employer will have made available to you a privacy notice which will contain further details relating to the processing and use of your personal information.

* * *

The Company recommends that you seek advice of your tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of your awards.

Discover Financial Services
2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan
2025 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units

This Award Certificate describes the terms and conditions under which you are being granted an Award of Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), which constitutes part of your discretionary long-term incentive compensation. This Award Certificate applies only to Awards granted hereunder and other Awards are governed by terms of the applicable Award Certificate.

A copy of the Plan can be found on the E*TRADE website at www.etrade.com, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. Capitalized terms under this Award Certificate have the meanings ascribed in the Plan unless otherwise stated herein.

The full terms of your Award are set out in this Award Certificate, the Plan and any applicable policy adopted by the Committee or its delegate in respect of the Plan and Awards thereunder that is applicable to this Award. In the event of a conflict between the Plan and this Award Certificate, the terms of the Plan control.

| | |
|---|---|
| Award Recipient | %%FIRST_NAME%% %%LAST_NAME%% |
| Employee / Participant ID | %%EMPLOYEE_IDENTIFIER%% |
| Issuer | Discover Financial Services |
| Award Type | Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) |
| Date of the Award | %%OPTION_DATE, Month DD, YYYY%% |
| Number of Awarded Units | <p>%%TOTAL_SHARES_GRANTED,999,999,999%%</p> <p>RSUs</p> |
| Vesting | <p>Except as otherwise set forth in this Award Certificate, your RSUs will vest as follows provided you remain continuously Employed by the Company through the applicable below Scheduled Vesting Date:</p> <p>Number of Shares</p> <p>Vesting Date</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD1,999,999,999%%</p> <p>%%VEST_DATE_PERIOD1, Month DD, YYYY%%</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD2,999,999,999%%</p> <p>%%VEST_DATE_PERIOD2, Month DD, YYYY%%</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD3,999,999,999%%</p> <p>%%VEST_DATE_PERIOD3, Month DD, YYYY%%</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD4,999,999,999%%</p> <p>%%VEST_DATE_PERIOD4, Month DD, YYYY%%</p> <p>%%SHARES_PERIOD5,999,999,999%%</p> <p>%%VEST_DATE_PERIOD5, Month DD, YYYY%%</p> |
| Settlement | Your awards will be converted and settled in Shares pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan and Section 1(b) of this Award Certificate unless your primary place of employment is located outside the United States in which case your shares may be settled in cash in accordance with the requirements for your local jurisdiction. See the " International Supplement ," included herein as <u>Appendix A</u> , for additional information. |
| Restrictive Covenants, Clawback, Risk Reviews, Investigations, and Misconduct | Pursuant to Section 8 of this Award Certificate, your Award may be subject to (i) forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment triggered in the event of your violation of a restrictive covenant, including non-solicitation and non-competition requirements, more fully described in this Award Certificate, (ii) clawback (including in the event of certain restatements of the Company's financial performance) in accordance with any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award, including the Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy, (iii) forfeiture if you are subject to a risk review or forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment if you are subject to an investigation, and (iv) recovery, recoupment, or forfeiture if you engage in "misconduct" as defined in the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy. |
| Non-U.S. Employees | If you are Employed outside the United States, please reference the " International Supplement " included herein as <u>Appendix A</u> , which contains supplemental terms and conditions for your RSU Award. |

You will earn RSUs included in your RSU Award only if you (1) remain in continuous Employment through the applicable Scheduled Vesting Dates (subject to limited exceptions set forth herein), (2) are not found to be subject to the forfeiture, cancellation, or clawback provisions set forth in Section 8 below, and (3) satisfy obligations you owe to the Company as set forth in Section 10 below. If the Company deems appropriate and in its sole discretion, the Company may require you to provide a written certification or other evidence, from time to time, to confirm that none of the circumstances described in Section 8 below exist or have occurred, including upon a termination of Employment and/or during a specified period of time prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Dates. If you fail to timely provide any required certification or other evidence, the Company may cancel your RSU Award. It is your responsibility to provide the Human Resources Department with your up-to-date contact information.

1. Vesting Schedule; Conversion.

(a) Vesting Schedule. Your RSUs will vest according to the Scheduled Vesting Dates set forth in this Award Certificate, provided you remain continuously Employed through such dates, unless earlier vesting is required pursuant to Section 4, 5 or 6 of this Award Certificate.

(b) Conversion.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Award Certificate, each of your vested RSUs will convert to one Share on or as soon as administratively practicable following the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and this Award Certificate, as well as any transfer restrictions imposed by the Company or applicable pursuant to securities laws, Shares to which you are entitled following conversion of RSUs under any provision of this Award Certificate shall be delivered to you (or your beneficiary or estate, as applicable) as soon as administratively practicable after the Scheduled Vesting Date, unless earlier delivery is required pursuant to Section 4, 5, or 6 of this Award Certificate.

(c) Accelerated Conversion. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may determine that any RSUs may be converted to Shares prior to the Scheduled Vesting Date subject to compliance with all Legal Requirements, including Section 409A.

(d) Rule of Construction for Timing of Conversion. Whenever this Award Certificate provides for RSUs to convert to Shares on the Scheduled Vesting Date or upon an accelerated or different specified event or date, such conversion will be considered to have been timely made, and neither you nor any of your beneficiaries nor your estate shall have any claim against the Company for damages based on a delay in conversion of your RSUs (or delivery of Shares following conversion), and the Company shall have no liability to you (or to any of your beneficiaries or your estate) in respect of any such delay, as long as conversion is made by December 31 of the year in which occurs the Scheduled Vesting Date or such other specified event or date or, if later, by the 15th day of the third calendar month following such specified event or date.

2. Special Provisions for Certain "Specified Employees".

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Award Certificate, if Discover reasonably considers you to be one of its "specified employees" as defined in Section 409A at the time of the termination of your Employment, any RSUs that constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A that are payable upon termination of Employment will not

convert to Shares or be delivered to you until the date that is six months after the termination of your Employment (or the date of your death, if such event occurs earlier).

3. Dividend Equivalent Payments.

Until your RSUs convert to Shares and subject to your continued Employment through the applicable payment date, if Discover pays a regular or ordinary cash dividend on its common stock, you will be paid a dividend equivalent for your vested and unvested RSUs. No dividend equivalents will be paid to you on any canceled RSUs. Discover, in its discretion, will decide on the form of payment and may pay dividend equivalents in Shares, in cash or in a combination thereof. Discover will pay the dividend equivalents as soon as administratively practicable (and in any event within thirty (30) days) after Discover pays the corresponding dividend on its Stock.

4. Death; Disability.

The following special vesting and payment terms apply to your RSUs:

(a) Death. If your Employment terminates due to your death, all RSUs subject to this Award Certificate will vest, convert to Shares and be delivered to your beneficiary or your estate on or as soon as administratively practicable after your date of death.

(b) Disability. If your Employment terminates due to Disability, all RSUs subject to this Award Certificate will vest, convert to Shares and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination due to Disability.

5. Termination Due to Reduction in Force; Position Elimination; or Increase/Addition of Skills Required for Current Position.

If the Company terminates your Employment due to a reduction in force, an elimination of your position, or as a result of an increase or addition of skills required of your current position, each as determined by the Company in its sole discretion, the number of RSUs that will vest upon the termination of your Employment (to the extent not already vested) will be determined by multiplying the RSUs subject to this Award Certificate by the Pro Ration Fraction, calculated through the date your Employment terminates. These RSUs will vest and convert to Shares as soon as administratively practicable following your termination of Employment, *provided* that you sign (and do not revoke) an agreement and release of claims satisfactory to the Company and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination pursuant to this section, with such release to become effective pursuant to its terms within sixty (60) days following your termination of employment or such other date specified by the Company as permitted under Section 409A.

6. Change in Control.

(a) Termination in Connection with Change in Control. If the Company terminates your Employment other than for Cause, or if you terminate your Employment for Good Reason, within six months prior to or within twenty-four (24) months after a Change in Control, your RSUs will immediately vest and convert to Shares on the later of the date of a Change in Control or the date of your termination following a Change in Control, as applicable and be delivered as soon as administratively practicable thereafter.

(b) Stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of Discover receive shares of common stock of an acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control,

there shall be substituted for each Share subject to this Award Certificate the number and class of shares of common stock of the acquiring entity into which each outstanding Share shall be converted pursuant to such Change in Control transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

(c) Non-stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of Discover receive consideration other than shares of common stock of the acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, the value of the RSUs hereunder shall, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control, be converted into a right to receive the cash or other consideration received by the shareholders of Discover in such transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

7. Termination of Employment.

Your unvested RSUs will be forfeited and canceled if your Employment terminates for any reason other than under the circumstances set forth in Section 4, 5 or 6 of this Award Certificate.

8. Forfeiture/Cancellation/Clawback of RSU Awards Under Certain Circumstances.

(a) Breach of Restrictive Covenants. RSUs are not earned until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date and will be canceled prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date under any of the circumstances set forth below. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs are or may be cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the RSUs were cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary and subject to Section 8(h) below, in the event that at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company, you (i) engage in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) breach your obligations to the Company under a confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant, or (iii) for those participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity, with respect to each such incidence of violation and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, you shall be required to:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to your breach of the restrictive covenants; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to your breach of the restrictive covenants.

In the event of multiple incidences of breach of this provision of the Award Certificate (e.g., in the event of violation of the non-solicitation provision following engaging in Competitive Activity), the repayment amount will be additive for each incidence of violation, not to exceed

two times the amount calculated under paragraph 8(a)(1) and (2) above. If you engage in Wrongful Solicitation or engage in a Competing Activity, in addition to the remedies described in Section 8(a), the Company may also take such action at equity or in law as it deems appropriate to enforce the provisions of the applicable restrictive covenant, including pursuing injunctive relief.

The Company recommends that before accepting this Award Certificate, you consult with an attorney of your choice regarding the restrictive covenants described herein. You acknowledge that you have been provided at least fourteen (14) calendar days to review the applicable restrictive covenants prior to having to accept the award.

(b) Restatement of Financial Statements. The Award and any cash payment or Shares delivered pursuant to the Award are subject to forfeiture, recovery by the Company or other action pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award, including without limitation, the Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy.

(1) Pursuant to the Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy (to the extent you are subject to such policy), in the event and to the extent the Committee reasonably determines that the performance considered by the Committee, and on the basis of which the amount of RSUs were granted or converted to Shares, was based on Discover's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy which requires Discover to file a restatement of its financial statements within three years of the Date of the Award, you will be required to comply with paragraphs (1) and (2) (as applicable) below to repay to the Company an amount equal to the number of RSUs which were granted or the Shares converted hereunder less the number of RSUs that would have been granted or the number of Shares that would have been converted had your RSUs been granted or converted based on compliance with any such financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy (such number of RSUs, the "**Clawback RSUs**," to be determined in each case by the Committee in its sole discretion and before satisfaction of tax or other withholding obligations pursuant to Section 9):

(A) You shall forfeit a number of RSUs hereunder equal to the Clawback RSUs. In the event such forfeited RSUs are less than the Clawback RSUs, then you shall comply with the following paragraph 2.

(B) You shall be required to:

(i) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined using a valuation method established by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements; or

(ii) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus such amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements.

(2) By accepting the RSUs you hereby agree and acknowledge that you are obligated to cooperate with and provide all assistance necessary to the Company

to recover or recoup the RSUs or amounts paid under the Plan that are subject to clawback pursuant to this Award Certificate, applicable securities laws or listing standards or Company policy, including the Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy. Such cooperation and assistance shall include, but is not limited to, executing, completing and submitting and documentation necessary to recover or recoup any RSUs or amounts paid pursuant to RSUs.

(c) Risk Review. For Covered Employees, as defined and identified by the Company, no RSUs will convert to Shares until the Chief Human Resources Officer receives confirmation from the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, that a review has been conducted in accordance with the Incentive Compensation Risk Management (ICRM) Program at the direction of the Chief Risk Officer, to determine whether you engaged in any willful or reckless violation of the Company's risk policies, including the Code of Conduct and Business Ethics. If the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, finds any such violation or breach, then the Company or, in the case of Covered Employees subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the Committee, may determine that all or a portion of your RSUs will be forfeited.

(d) Investigations. In the event that the Company has either commenced an investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in or has evidence that may require investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in, in either case concerning a breach of one of the obligations hereunder or a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may freeze your account and effectuate a transfer restriction such that your converted and delivered RSUs and any shares associated therewith may not be sold or transferred until such time as the Company reasonably believes the matter to be resolved. If, following the investigation, the Company determines, in its sole discretion, that you breached one of the obligations hereunder or committed a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may:

(1) forfeit all or a portion of your RSUs;

(2) require that you pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the circumstances described in this Section 8(d); or

(3) cancel Shares in your account or require that you transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to the circumstances described in this Section 8(d).

(e) Misconduct. In addition to the foregoing, pursuant to the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, if you are a current or former employee with a management level of director or above and you engage in "misconduct" as defined in the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, the Company, in its sole discretion, may recover all or a portion of the RSUs "received" (as defined in the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy) by you during the three-year period preceding the date of your "misconduct" (or such later date on which the Committee becomes aware of your "misconduct" or completes its investigation).

(f) Other Recoupment or Forfeiture Rights. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any RSUs recovered under any clawback or recoupment policy, including the Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy and the Discover Incentive Compensation

Clawback Policy, shall count toward any required forfeiture, cancellation, or clawback of RSUs under this Award Certificate and vice versa.

(g) Authorization. You authorize the Company to deduct any amount or amounts owed by you pursuant to this Section 8 from any amounts payable by or on behalf of the Company to you, including, without limitation, any amount payable to you as salary, wages, paid time off, bonus, severance, change in control severance or the conversion of any equity-based award. This right of offset shall not be an exclusive remedy and the Company's election not to exercise this right of offset with respect to any amount payable to you shall not constitute a waiver of this right of offset with respect to any other amount payable to you or any other remedy. You further acknowledge and authorize the Company to take the actions described in this Section 8, including those described in Section 8(d).

(h) Non-Contravention. Nothing in this Award Certificate (including with respect to confidential information, trade secrets, and other obligations) is intended to be or will be construed to prevent, impede or interfere with your right to respond accurately and fully to any question, inquiry or request for information regarding your employment with the Company when required by legal process by a Federal, State or other legal authority, or from initiating communications directly with, or responding to any inquiry from, or providing truthful testimony and information to, any Federal, State, or other regulatory authority in the course of an investigation or proceeding authorized by law and carried out by such agency. You are not required to contact the Company regarding the subject matter of any such communications before you engage in such communications. In addition, nothing in this Award Certificate is intended to restrict your legally protected right to discuss wages, hours or other working conditions with coworkers or in any way limit your rights under the National Labor Relations Act, any whistleblower law, or other applicable law. You acknowledge that the Company has provided you notice of your immunity rights under the Defend Trade Secrets Act, which states: "(1) An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (A) is made (i) in confidence to a Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (ii) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (B) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal; and (2) an individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose a trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual (A) files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and (B) does not disclose a trade secret, except pursuant to court order."

9. Tax and Other Withholding Obligations.

Subject to rules and procedures established by Discover, you may be eligible to elect to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations arising upon conversion of your RSUs or upon any taxable event by paying cash or by having Discover withhold Shares or by tendering Shares, in each case in an amount sufficient to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations. Shares withheld or tendered will be valued using the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable, using a valuation methodology established by Discover.

10. Satisfaction of Obligations.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Award Certificate, the Company may, in its sole discretion, take various actions affecting your RSUs in order to collect amounts sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations. The Company's determination of the amount that you owe the Company shall be conclusive. The Fair Market Value of Stock for purposes of the following provisions shall be determined

using a valuation methodology established by Company. The actions that may be taken by Discover pursuant to this Section 10 include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Withholding of Shares. Upon conversion of RSUs, including any accelerated conversion pursuant to Sections 4, 5, or 6 above, or, if later, upon delivery of the Shares, the Company may withhold a number of Shares sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations whether national, federal, state or local tax withholding obligations including any social insurance contributions or employment tax obligation. The Company shall determine the number of Shares to be withheld by dividing the dollar value of your obligation to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable. To the extent that the Company retains any Shares or reduces the number of RSUs to cover the withholding obligations, it will do so at the applicable minimum statutory rate (or such other rate as will not cause adverse accounting consequences under the accounting rules then in effect, and is permitted by the Company). Should the Company withhold in excess of the actual tax withholding obligation, the Company may apply the excess withholding to another compensation tax liability.

(b) Netting of Accelerated RSUs. In order to satisfy any taxes due upon an event which is earlier than delivery, Discover, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the vesting and conversion of all or a portion of your unvested RSUs subject to Section 23 below. The Company shall determine the number of RSUs to be accelerated and converted by dividing the dollar value of your tax obligations upon such event by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable. Accelerated and converted RSUs shall not exceed the value of taxes due upon such event and the resulting Shares will be withheld by the Company.

(c) Withholding of Other Compensation. Discover may withhold the payment of dividend equivalents on your RSUs or any other compensation or payments due from Discover to ensure satisfaction of any obligation that you owe the Company or any tax or other withholding obligations or Discover may permit you to satisfy such tax or other withholding obligation by paying such obligation in immediately available funds.

(d) Mobile Employees. You are liable and responsible for all taxes and social insurance contributions owed in connection with the Award, regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the Award. The Company does not make any representation or undertaking regarding the tax treatment or the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, vesting or payment of the Award. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability. Further, you may be subject to individual income taxation (and possibly social security or other applicable personal or payroll taxes) in each jurisdiction where you have performed services for the Company between the Award Date and when the Award vests. Taxes for which you are liable, if applicable, may be withheld and deposited by the Company in each jurisdiction in which you have performed services regardless of your status as a resident or non-resident in one or more of the jurisdictions that have a right to impose taxation. You agree that you will comply with all United States and foreign individual income tax return filing obligations that may be imposed with respect to the Award.

11. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

(a) Nontransferability of Award. You may not sell, pledge, hypothecate, assign or otherwise transfer your RSUs, other than as provided in Section 12 (which allows you to designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries in the event of your death) or by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

(b) Investment Representation. You hereby covenant that (a) any sale of any share acquired upon the vesting of the Award shall be made either pursuant to an effective

registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the **"Securities Act"**), and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws and (b) you shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance of the Shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Committee shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

12. Designation of a Beneficiary.

You may make a revocable designation of beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive all or part of the Shares and any dividend equivalents credited to you pursuant to Section 3 hereof to be paid or delivered under this Award Certificate in the event of your death. Absent a designation on file, distributions pursuant to Section 4 will be made to your estate in accordance with applicable law. To make a beneficiary designation, you must complete and file the online form provided by E*TRADE or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. If you previously filed a designation of beneficiary form for your equity awards with the Human Resources Department, such form will also apply to the RSUs granted pursuant to this RSU Award. You may replace or revoke your beneficiary designation at any time, and the Company will rely on your most recent designation on file for purposes of beneficiary designation.

13. Ownership and Possession.

(a) Generally. Except as specified in Section 3 with respect to dividend equivalents, you will not have any rights as a shareholder with respect to your RSU Awards or the Shares underlying such RSUs prior to the vesting and conversion of your RSUs.

(b) Following Conversion. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Award Certificate, following the vesting and conversion of your RSUs and the issuance of the Shares underlying such RSUs in your name, you will be the beneficial owner of the Shares issued to you, subject to any tax withholding under Section 10, and you will be entitled to all rights of ownership with respect to such Shares, including voting rights and the right to receive cash or stock dividends or other distributions paid on such Shares.

14. Securities Law Matters.

Shares issued upon conversion of your RSUs may be subject to restrictions on transfer by virtue of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the applicable state securities laws. Discover may advise the transfer agent to place a stop order against such shares if it determines that such an order is necessary or advisable. Because Shares will only be maintained in book-entry form, you will not receive a stock certificate representing your interest in such Shares.

15. Compliance with Laws and Regulations.

Any sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, mortgage, encumbrance or other disposition of the Shares issued upon conversion of your RSUs (whether directly or indirectly, whether or not for value, and whether or not voluntary) must be made in compliance with any applicable constitution, rule, regulation, or policy of any of the exchanges or associations or other institutions with which the Company or a Related Employer has membership or other privileges, and any applicable law, or applicable rule or regulation of any governmental agency, self-regulatory organization or state or federal regulatory body.

16. No Entitlements.

(a) No Right to Continued Employment. This RSU Award is not an employment agreement, and nothing in this Award Certificate, the International Supplement, if applicable, or the Plan shall alter your status as an "at-will" employee of the Company or your Employment status at a Related Employer, nor does anything herein constitute a promise of continued employment or re-employment.

(b) No Right to Future Awards. This RSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive another award of RSUs, any other equity-based award or any other award at any time in the future or in respect of any future period.

(c) No Effect on Future Employment Compensation. This RSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive compensation in any specific amount for any future fiscal year, and does not diminish in any way the Company's discretion to

determine the amount, if any, of your compensation. In addition, this RSU Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account in determining any other Employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay, end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards or similar payments and in no event shall be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company.

(d) Termination of Employment. In consideration of the grant of the Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Award or diminution in value of the Award or Shares acquired through vesting of the Award resulting from termination of your Employment (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you irrevocably release the Company and the Related Employer from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by signing this Award Certificate, you will be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim; and in the event of termination of your Employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the Award and vest in the Award under the Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively Employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active Employment would not include a period of "garden leave" or similar period pursuant to local law); Discover shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when you are no longer actively Employed for purposes of your Award.

(e) Language. If you have received this Award Certificate or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

(f) Award Terms Control. In the event of any conflict between any terms applicable to equity awards in any employment agreement, offer letter or other arrangement that you have entered into with the Company and the terms set forth in this Award Certificate, the latter shall control.

17. Consents.

Your RSU Award is conditioned upon the Company making of all filings and the receipt of all consents or authorizations required to comply with, or required to be obtained under, applicable local law.

In accepting this RSU Award, you consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data by and among, as applicable, the Company and any other possible recipients for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the Plan, as well as for the purpose of the Company's compliance with applicable law, including, without limitation, Section 953(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and

Consumer Protection Act. You understand that the recipients of your personal data may be located in the U.S. or elsewhere, and the recipients' country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of your personal data, view the personal data, request additional information about the storage of your personal data, require any necessary amendments to your personal data or refuse or withdraw your consent by contacting your local human resources representative, in any case without cost. You understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the Plan.

18. Electronic Delivery and Consent to Electronic Participation.

The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the RSU Award and participation in the Plan or future RSU Awards by electronic means. You hereby consent to receive such documents by electronic delivery and to participate in the Plan through an online or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company, including the acceptance of RSU Awards and the execution of the RSU agreements through electronic signature. Electronic acceptance of this Award Certificate through the E*TRADE website, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan, shall be required and binding on you. Where electronic acceptance may not be permitted under applicable law, the Company may also request and require your physical signature. Your acceptance affirms your agreement to all the terms and conditions set forth in this Award Certificate and acceptance of the Award subject thereto. Not providing this acceptance within the timeframe stipulated may result in the Company forfeiting all or a portion of this Award.

19. Award Modification.

The Committee reserves the right to modify or amend unilaterally the terms and conditions of your RSUs, without first asking your consent, or to waive any terms and conditions that operate in favor of Discover. These amendments may include (but are not limited to) changes that the Committee considers necessary or advisable as a result of changes in any, or the adoption of any new, Legal Requirement. The Committee may not modify your RSUs in a manner that would materially impair your rights in your RSUs without your consent; *provided, however,* that the Committee may, without your consent, amend or modify your RSUs in any manner that the Committee considers necessary or advisable to comply with or reflect the application of any Legal Requirement or to ensure that your RSUs are not subject to United States federal, state or local income tax or any equivalent taxes in territories outside the United States prior to payment. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Award Certificate to the contrary, to the extent you transfer employment outside of the United States, the Award shall be subject to any special terms and conditions as Discover may need to establish to comply with local laws, rules, and regulations or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Award and the Plan in the country to which you transfer employment (or Discover may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate your transfer). Discover will notify you of any amendment of your RSUs that affects your rights. Any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Award Certificate (other than any amendment or waiver applicable to all recipients generally), which amendment or waiver operates in your favor or confers a benefit on you, must be in writing and signed by the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer to be effective.

20. Severability.

In the event the Committee determines that any provision of this Award Certificate would cause you to be in constructive receipt for United States federal or state income tax purposes of any portion of your RSU Award prior to the vesting of such Award, then such provision will be

considered null and void and this Award Certificate will be construed and enforced as if the provision had not been included in this Award Certificate as of the date such provision was determined to cause you to be in constructive receipt of any portion of your RSU Award. In addition, in the event that any provision of this Award Certificate shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Award Certificate, and this Award Certificate shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had not been included.

21. Successors.

This Award Certificate shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor or successors of Discover and any person or persons who shall, upon your death, acquire any rights hereunder in accordance with this Award Certificate or the Plan.

22. Governing Law.

This Award Certificate and the related legal relations between you and Discover will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to any conflicts or choice of law, rule or principle that might otherwise refer the interpretation of the RSU Award to the substantive law of another jurisdiction to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law. The Company and you agree that the jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), the Plan or this Award Certificate shall be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, Counties of Cook or Lake, including the federal courts located therein (should federal jurisdiction exist), and the Company and you hereby submit and consent to said jurisdiction and venue to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law.

23. Section 409A.

This Award is intended to be exempt from or comply with Section 409A, and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly, and each payment hereunder shall be considered a separate payment for purposes of Section 409A. Subject to Section 2, to the extent this Award Certificate provides for the Award to become vested and be settled upon your termination of employment, the applicable Shares shall be transferred to you or your beneficiary upon your "separation from service," within the meaning of Section 409A. To the extent necessary or advisable to comply with Section 409A, with respect to any provision of this Award Certificate that provides for vested RSUs to convert to Shares on or as soon as administratively practicable after a specified event or date, such conversion and settlement will be made by the later of the end of the calendar year in which the specified event or date occurs or the 15th day of the third calendar month following the specified event or date. If any RSUs constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A and are payable subject to your execution and non-revocation of a release and the period to consider the release spans two separate taxable years, then the distribution of the RSUs that are conditioned upon such execution and non-revocation of the release shall be made in the later taxable year.

24. Defined Terms.

For purposes of this Award Certificate, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) **“Cause”** means:

(1) any act or omission which constitutes a material breach of your obligations to the Company or your failure or refusal to perform satisfactorily any duties

reasonably required of you, which breach, failure or refusal (if susceptible to cure) is not corrected (other than failure to correct by reason of your incapacity due to Disability) within ten (10) business days after written notification thereof to you by the Company;

(2) any act or omission by you that constitutes (i) fraud or intentional misrepresentation, (ii) embezzlement, misappropriation or conversion of assets of, or business opportunities considered by, the Company or (iii) any other act which has caused or may reasonably be expected to cause material injury to the interest or business reputation of the Company; or

(3) your violation of any securities, commodities or banking laws, any rules or regulations issued pursuant to such laws, or rules or regulations of any securities or commodities exchange or association of which the Company is a member or of any policy of the Company relating to compliance with any of the foregoing.

(b) **“Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer”** means the chief human resources & administrative officer of Discover, any successor chief human resources & administrative officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief human resources & administrative officer.

(c) **“Chief Risk Officer”** means the chief risk officer of Discover, any successor chief risk officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief risk officer.

(d) **“Competitive Activity”** means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, or serving in any similar position or capacity with, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the year preceding the termination of your employment with the Company; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(e) **“Competitor”** means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business in which you have been involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during your employment with the Company. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(f) **“Covered Employee”** means an employee who, as of the Date of the Award, has been identified as a covered employee by Human Resources, Corporate Risk Management.

(g) “**Date of the Award**” means the date set forth in this Award Certificate.

(h) “**Disability**” means a “permanent and total disability,” as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(i) “**Discover Compensation Recoupment Policy**” refers to the Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy, dated as of October 25, 2023.

(j) “**Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy**” refers to the Discover Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, effective as of September 3, 2024.

(k) “**Employed**” and “**Employment**” refer to employment with the Company and/or Related Employment.

(l) “**Good Reason**” means the occurrence of any of the following upon, or within six (6) months prior to or twenty-four (24) months after the occurrence of a Change in Control of Discover without your prior written consent:

(1) any material diminution in your assigned duties, responsibilities and/or authority, including the assignment to you of any duties, responsibilities or authority inconsistent with the duties, responsibilities and authority assigned to you, immediately prior to such assignment;

(2) a material diminution in the authority, duties, or responsibilities of the supervisor to whom you are required to report;

(3) any material reduction in your base compensation; provided, however, that Company-initiated across-the-board reductions in compensation affecting substantially all eligible Company employees shall alone not be considered “Good Reason,” unless the compensation reductions exceed twenty percent (20%) of your base compensation;

(4) a material diminution of the budget over which you have authority;

(5) the Company’s requiring you to be based at a location that (i) is in excess of thirty-five (35) miles from the location of your principal job location or office immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (ii) results in an increase in your normal daily commuting time by more than ninety (90) minutes, except for required travel on Company’s business to an extent substantially consistent with your then present business travel obligations; or

(6) any other action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of any agreement pursuant to which you provide services to the Company.

For purposes of paragraphs (1) through (6) above, the duties, responsibilities and/or authority assigned to you shall be deemed to be the greatest of those in effect prior to or after the Change in Control. Unless you become Disabled, your right to terminate your Employment for Good Reason shall not be affected by your incapacity due to physical or mental illness. Your continued Employment shall not constitute consent to, or a waiver of rights with respect to, any circumstance constituting Good Reason. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Good Reason shall not exist unless you give the Company written notice thereof within thirty (30) days after its occurrence and the Company shall not have remedied the action within thirty (30) days after such written notice.

(m) “**Internal Revenue Code**” means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules, regulations and guidance thereunder.

(l)(n) "Legal Requirement" means any law, regulation, ruling, judicial decision, accounting standard, regulatory guidance or other legal requirement (including any foreign legal requirements).

(m)(o) "Pro Ration Fraction" means a fraction, not to exceed 1.0, the numerator of which is the number of completed months commencing on the later of (i) the first day of the calendar year of the Date of the Award or (ii) the first day of the month in which your employment commences and ending on the effective date of your termination of Employment, and the denominator of which is 12.

(n)(p) "Related Employment" means your employment with an employer other than the Company (such employer, herein referred to as a "**Related Employer**"), *provided*: (1) you undertake such employment at the written request or with the written consent of the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer; (2) immediately prior to undertaking such employment you were an employee of the Company or were engaged in Related Employment (as defined herein); and (3) such employment is recognized by the Company in its discretion as Related Employment; *provided further* that the Company may (i) determine at any time in its sole discretion that employment that was recognized by the Company as Related Employment no longer qualifies as Related Employment, and (ii) condition the designation and benefits of Related Employment on such terms and conditions as the Company may determine in its sole discretion. The designation of employment as Related Employment does not give rise to an employment relationship between you and the Company, or otherwise modify your and the Company's respective rights and obligations.

(o) "Retirement" means the termination of your Employment by you or by the Company for any reason other than for Cause and other than due to your death or Disability, on or after the date on which:

- (1)** you have attained age 55; and
- (2)** you have attained a combined age and years of service of at least 65 years.

(p)(q) "Scheduled Vesting Date" means the Scheduled Vesting Dates set forth in Award Certificate as the context requires.

(q)(r) "Wrongful Solicitation" occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; *provided, however*, that this clause shall apply only to employees with whom you worked or had professional or business contact, or who worked in or with your business unit, during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment; or

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the

Company); provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Discover has duly executed and delivered this Award Certificate as of the Date of the Award.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES
By:

/s/ J. Michael Shepherd

J. Michael Shepherd

[EVP, Interim Chief Human Resources Officer] Executive Officer and President

APPENDIX A

Discover Financial Services
International Supplement

This International Supplement to the Award Certificate ("International Supplement") contains supplemental terms and conditions for the RSU Award ("Equity Award") to employees of Discover Financial Services (or the relevant affiliated company) located in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States. The terms included in this International Supplement are intended to ensure compliance with the laws of the country in which you are Employed or, in certain instances, to make the awards more tax efficient in your country.

You have also received an Award Certificate applicable to your award. The Award Certificate, together with this International Supplement, collectively set forth the terms and conditions of your Equity Award. To the extent that this International Supplement amends, deletes or supplements any terms of the Award Certificate, this International Supplement shall control.

Capitalized terms that are used without definition in this International Supplement have the meanings assigned in the Plan or the Award Certificate.

All Employees Located Outside the United States.

If you are Employed outside of the United States, please note that your Equity Award is offered, issued and administered by Discover Financial Services, a Delaware corporation, and your local employer is not involved in the grant of awards under such equity incentive program. All documents related to your Equity Award, including the Award Certificate, this International Supplement and the link by which you access these documents, originate and are maintained in the United States.

Your Equity Award is made in virtue of your Employment with, and your services performed for, the appropriate entities within the Company. However, your award does not form part of your entitlement to remuneration or benefits, whether pursuant to any contract of Employment to which you may be a party or otherwise. Similarly, the existence of a contract of Employment between you and any entity within the Company shall not confer on you any right or entitlement to participate in the Equity Award or to receive awards thereunder, or any expectation that you might participate in such equity incentive program or receive additional equity awards in the future. Your Equity Award, the Award Certificate, and/or this International Supplement does not constitute an employment contract and does not create an employment relationship or a promise of continued Employment for any period of time.

In addition, your Equity Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account (except to the extent otherwise required by local law) in determining any other employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay.

Whether or not you have a contract of Employment with any entity within the Company, your rights and obligations under the terms of your office or Employment shall not be affected by your receipt of the Equity Award. By accepting your receipt of the Equity Award, you waive any and all rights to compensation or damages for any loss of the Equity Award in the event of your termination of your office or Employment for any reason whatsoever. This waiver applies whether or not such termination amounts to a wrongful or unfair dismissal.

You may be subject to applicable exchange control, currency control or similar financial laws that may affect your transactions with respect to your equity award, including without limitation, your ability to bring shares of Discover Financial Services common stock into your jurisdiction or to receive the proceeds of a sale of Discover Financial Services common stock in your jurisdiction. Moreover, you may be subject to certain notification, approval and/or repatriation obligations with respect to securities and funds you receive in connection with your awards. In addition the Company is not responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuations that change the value of your RSU Award. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Your Equity Award has not been authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities and may have been offered pursuant to an exemption from registration in your local jurisdiction. Similarly, no prospectus or similar offering or registration document has been prepared, authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities in your jurisdiction. The grant of awards is being made only to employees of the Company and does not constitute and is not intended to be an offering to the public. For this reason, you must keep all award documents you receive, including but not limited to this International Supplement and the Award Certificate, confidential and you may not distribute or otherwise make public any award documents without the prior written consent of the Company. Moreover, you may not reproduce (in whole or in part) any award documents you receive. In addition, the shares of Company common stock you acquire upon vesting and conversion of your Equity Award may be subject to applicable restrictions on resale in your local jurisdiction. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Employees in China.

If you are employed in China or are a Chinese national on international assignment outside of China for the Company, but your Equity Award was made in China and/or you will be taxed there, your Equity Award will be settled in cash. Rather than convert awards to shares pursuant to Section 1 of the Award Certificate and Sections 4 through 6 of the Award Certificate, the Company will convert your Equity Award to cash and the Company or your local employer will deliver the cash payment to you. You consent to this cash conversion in exchange for the Equity Award. All other terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Certificate will otherwise apply to your Equity Award.

Employees in the United Kingdom or European Union.

If you are employed in the United Kingdom (or the European Union), the Company will act in accordance with the Data Protection Act of 2018 as amended from time to time and the General Data Protection Regulation as amended from time to time as applicable regarding any personal information which you provide to it in connection with your Equity Award (including the amount of the award) and you acknowledge the need for the processing of such personal information in order to facilitate your participation in such equity incentive program, for any purposes required by law or regulation, or for any other legitimate business purpose. By accepting your Equity Award, you acknowledge that from time to time, for the purposes described above, your personal information may be stored and processed by and disclosed and transferred to other offices and companies within the Company and to third parties, some of which are situated outside of the European Union and may not offer as high a level of protection for personal information as countries within the European Union.

The following provisions apply in lieu of those contained in the Award Certificate for employees in the United Kingdom.

Section 8(a)

The forfeiture, cancellation and/or clawback circumstances and events set forth in this Section 8 are designed, among other things, to incentivize compliance with the Company's policies (including, without limitation, the Company's risk policies and Code of Conduct and Business Ethics), to protect the Company's interests in non-public, confidential and/or proprietary information, products, trade secrets, customer relationships, workforce stability, and other legitimate business interests, and to ensure an orderly transition of responsibilities. This Section 8 shall apply notwithstanding any other terms of this Award Certificate (except where sections in this Award Certificate specifically provide that the circumstances set forth in this Section 8 no longer apply).

(a) Conditions. Notwithstanding your satisfaction of the vesting conditions of this Award Certificate, RSUs are not earned: (1) until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date; and (2) unless the conditions set forth in this section 8(a) below are met. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs meet the conditions set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall not legally vest in you and shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the conditions set forth in this section 8(a) below are not met. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary, in order for legal ownership of the Shares to fully vest in you it is a strict condition that you must not (i) at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company (i) engage, in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) misuse the Company's confidential, proprietary information and/or intellectual property, as defined in your employment contract, the Company Code of Conduct and Business Ethics, and/or any other relevant agreements or policies issued to you, (ii) at any time prior to one year (less any period spent on "garden leave") after the termination of your Employment or (iii) service with the Company (y) engage in Wrongful Solicitation, or (z) for those Participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity. If the conditions above are not met, you will:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to you not meeting the conditions above; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to you not meeting the conditions above.

Section 24(e), (f) and (r)

(e) "Competitive Activity" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising

others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that

call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the one year preceding the earlier of the start termination of your notice period and the Employment; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(f) (i) “Competitor” means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business which you have been materially involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during the two years one year preceding the termination of your Employment. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(r) “Wrongful Solicitation” occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, and within one year after the termination of your Employment (less any period spent on “garden leave”), directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; firm with the intention of such individual working for or providing services to any Competitor; provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to employees of the Company who had access to confidential information of the Company and (i) were employed at the level of officer or above, or (ii) who worked in or with your business unit or (iii) for whom you had direct or indirect responsibility, and in each case with whom you had material contact in the course of your Employment, at any time during the one year preceding the earlier of the start of your notice period and the termination of your Employment; or

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or and within one year after the termination of your Employment (less any period on “garden leave”), directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.

Your employer will have made available to you a privacy notice which will contain further details relating to the processing and use of your personal information.

* * *

The Company recommends that you seek advice of your tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of your awards.

Exhibit 10.61

**Discover Financial Services
2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan
2024 Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units**

This Award Certificate describes the terms and conditions under which you are being granted an Award of Performance Stock Units ("PSUs") under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), which constitutes part of your discretionary long-term incentive compensation. This Award Certificate applies only to Awards granted hereunder and other Awards are governed by terms of the applicable Award Certificate.

A copy of the Plan can be found on the E*TRADE website at www.etrade.com, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. Capitalized terms under this Award Certificate have the meanings ascribed in the Plan unless otherwise stated herein.

The full terms of your Award are set out in this Award Certificate, the Plan and any applicable policy adopted by the Committee or its delegate in respect of the Plan and Awards thereunder that is applicable to this Award. In the event of a conflict between the Plan and this Award Certificate, the terms of the Plan control.

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| Award Recipient | %%FIRST_NAME%% %%LAST_NAME%% |
| Employee / Participant ID | %%EMPLOYEE_IDENTIFIER%% |
| Issuer | Discover Financial Services |
| Award Type | Performance Stock Units (PSUs) |
| Date of the Award | %%OPTION_DATE,'Month DD, YYYY'%% |
| Number of Units Awarded At Target ("Target Award") | %%TOTAL_SHARES_GRANTED,'999,999,999'%% PSUs |
| Performance Period | January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2026 |
| Scheduled Vesting Date | Except as otherwise set forth in this Award Certificate, your PSUs will vest as follows provided you remain continuously employed by the Company through the following Scheduled Vesting Date: %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD1,'Month DD, YYYY'%% |

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|---|--|--------------------------|-----|---|------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|-----|--|-----|-----|
| Performance Measures | <p>Your PSUs will be earned based on attainment of the following Performance Measures during the Performance Period.</p> <p>GAAP EPS</p> <p>Multiplier*</p> <table> <tr> <td>GAAP EPS Minimum or less</td><td>USD</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>80% of GAAP EPS Target</td><td>USD</td><td>0.5</td></tr> <tr> <td>GAAP EPS Target</td><td>USD</td><td>1.0</td></tr> <tr> <td>GAAP EPS Maximum or greater (110% of target)</td><td>USD</td><td>1.5</td></tr> </table> <p>* Multiplier will be interpolated on a straight-line basis for results between GAAP EPS performance levels.</p> | GAAP EPS Minimum or less | USD | 0 | 80% of GAAP EPS Target | USD | 0.5 | GAAP EPS Target | USD | 1.0 | GAAP EPS Maximum or greater (110% of target) | USD | 1.5 |
| GAAP EPS Minimum or less | USD | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80% of GAAP EPS Target | USD | 0.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP EPS Target | USD | 1.0 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GAAP EPS Maximum or greater (110% of target) | USD | 1.5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Settlement | <p>Your awards will be converted and settled in Shares pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan and Section 3(b) of this Award Certificate unless your primary place of employment is located outside the United States in which case your shares may be settled in cash in accordance with the requirements for your local jurisdiction. See the "International Supplement," included herein as <u>Appendix A</u>, for additional information.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restrictive Covenants, Clawbacks, Risk Reviews, and Investigations | <p>Pursuant to Section 10 of this Award Certificate, your Award may be subject to (i) forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment triggered in the event of your violation of a restrictive covenant, including non-solicitation and non-competition requirements, more fully described in this Award Certificate, (ii) clawback (including in the event of restatement of the Company's financial performance) in accordance with any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award or which the Company may adopt from time to time to comply with applicable law, including any such policy that the Company is required to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or as otherwise required by law and (iii) forfeiture if you are subject to a risk review or forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment if you are subject to an investigation.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-U.S. Employees | <p>If you are employed outside the United States, please reference the "International Supplement" included herein as <u>Appendix A</u>, which contains supplemental terms and conditions for your PSU Award.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | |

You will earn Performance Stock Units ("PSUs") included in your PSU Award only if you (1) remain in continuous Employment through the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date (subject to limited exceptions set forth herein), (2) are not found to be subject to the forfeiture, cancellation, or clawback provisions set forth in Section 10 below, and (3) satisfy obligations you owe to the Company as set forth in Section 12 below. If the Company deems appropriate and in its sole discretion, the Company may require you to provide a written certification or other evidence, from time to time, to confirm that none of the circumstances described in Section 10 below exist or have occurred, including upon a termination of Employment and/or during a specified period of time prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date. If you fail to timely provide any required certification or other evidence, the Company may cancel your PSU Award. It is your responsibility to provide the Human Resources Department with your up-to-date contact information.

1. **Performance Stock Units Generally.**

Each PSU is a RSU that is subject to additional conditions as described herein and corresponds to one Share. A PSU constitutes a contingent and unsecured promise by Discover to pay you one Share on the conversion date for the PSU. As the holder of PSUs, you have only the rights of a general unsecured creditor of the Company. No assets of the Company will be held or set aside as security for the obligations of the Company hereunder. You will not be a shareholder, and shall have no voting rights, with respect to the Shares corresponding to your PSUs unless and until your PSUs convert to Shares.

2. Performance Measures.

The portion, if any, of your Target Award that you can earn will be based on the performance measures set forth in this Award Certificate and the other terms and conditions of this Award Certificate, and may vary from zero to 1.5 times the number of PSUs included in your Target Award.

3. Vesting Schedule; Conversion.

(a) Vesting Schedule. Your PSUs earned in accordance with Section 2 will vest on the Scheduled Vesting Date, *provided that you are continuously Employed through the Scheduled Vesting Date unless the vesting of such PSUs is accelerated in accordance with Sections 6, 7 and 8 of this Award Certificate.*

(b) Conversion.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Award Certificate, your earned and vested PSUs will convert to Shares (rounded to the nearest whole share) on or as soon as administratively practicable following the Scheduled Vesting Date.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and this Award Certificate, as well as any transfer restrictions imposed by the Company or applicable pursuant to securities laws, Shares delivered upon conversion of PSUs shall be delivered to you (or your beneficiary or estate, as applicable) as soon as administratively practicable after the Scheduled Vesting Date.

(c) Accelerated Conversion. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may determine that any PSUs may be converted to Shares prior to the Scheduled Vesting Date subject to compliance with all Legal Requirements, including Section 409A.

(d) Rule of Construction for Timing of Conversion. Whenever this Award Certificate provides for PSUs to convert to Shares, or your dividend equivalents to be paid, on the Scheduled Vesting Date or upon an accelerated or different specified event or date, such conversion or payment will be considered to have been timely made, and neither you nor any of your beneficiaries nor your estate shall have any claim against the Company for damages based on a delay in conversion of your PSUs (or delivery of Shares following conversion) or payment of your dividend equivalents, as applicable, and the Company shall have no liability to you (or to any of your beneficiaries or your estate) in respect of any such delay, as long as conversion or payment, as applicable, is made by December 31 of the year in which occurs the Scheduled Vesting Date or such other specified event or date or, if later, by the 15th day of the third calendar month following such specified event or date.

4. Special Provisions for Certain “Specified Employees”.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Award Certificate, if Discover reasonably considers you to be one of its “specified employees” as defined under Section 409A at the time of the termination of your Employment, any PSUs that constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A that are payable upon termination of Employment will not convert to Shares or be delivered to you until the date that is six months after the termination of your Employment (or the date of your death, if such event occurs earlier).

5. Dividend Equivalent Payments.

If Discover pays a regular or ordinary dividend on its Stock, you will be credited with cash dividend equivalents with respect to your PSUs in an amount equal to the amount of the dividend that would have been paid on a number of Shares corresponding to your Target Award. Discover will credit the dividend equivalents as soon as is administratively practicable after it pays the corresponding dividend on its Stock. Discover will decide on the form of payment and may pay dividend equivalents in Shares, in cash or in a combination thereof. Your dividend equivalents will vest and be paid at the same time as, and subject to the same vesting and cancellation provisions set forth in this Award Certificate with respect to your PSUs; provided that, subject to Section 3(d), the dividend equivalents may be paid following the date on which the PSUs convert to Shares as soon as administratively practicable. The amount of dividend equivalents paid to you will be based on the number of PSUs that actually convert to Shares (and will be paid only if your PSUs convert to Shares), *provided that such dividend equivalents will be reduced to the extent that application of the performance measures set forth in this Award Certificate results in your earning less than the Target Award and will be increased to the extent that application of those performance measures results in your earning more than the Target Award. For example, if you earn eighty percent (80%) of the Target Award based*

on the performance measures, twenty percent (20%) of the dividend equivalents credited in respect of regular or ordinary dividends will be canceled. The decision to pay a dividend and, if so, the amount of any such dividend, is determined by Discover in its sole discretion. No dividend equivalents will be paid to you on any canceled PSUs. Because dividend equivalent payments are considered part of your compensation for income tax purposes, they will be subject to applicable tax and other withholding obligations, as summarized in Section 11.

(a) Pro Rata Reduction. If your PSU Award is subject to a pro rata reduction upon the termination of your Employment (as described in Sections 6(c), 7 and 8 below) and your PSU Award is to be paid on a date following such termination, the amount of dividend equivalents credited to you in respect of regular or ordinary dividends paid on Stock following your termination of Employment shall continue to be based on the number of Shares corresponding to your Target Award, and the amount paid to you (subject to the other terms and

conditions of this Award Certificate) shall be the amount calculated as provided above in this Section 5, in each case multiplied by the Pro Ration Fraction.

(b) Effect of Cancellation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event your PSU Award is canceled in full on or before the Scheduled Vesting Date, all dividend equivalents credited to you in respect of regular or ordinary dividends will be canceled.

6. Death; Disability; Retirement.

The following special vesting and payment terms apply to your PSUs:

(a) Death. If your Employment terminates due to your death, the performance measures applicable to the PSUs described in this Award Certificate shall be deemed to have been satisfied at the applicable target level and the Target Award shall vest immediately upon the termination of your Employment. Your PSUs will convert to Shares and be delivered to your beneficiary or your estate as soon as administratively practicable following the date of the termination of your Employment.

(b) Disability. If your Employment terminates due to Disability, the performance measures applicable to the PSUs described in this Award Certificate shall be deemed to have been satisfied at the applicable target level and the Target Award shall vest immediately upon the termination of your Employment. Your PSUs will convert to Shares and be delivered to your beneficiary or your estate as soon as administratively practicable following the date of the termination of your Employment.

(c) Retirement. If your Employment terminates due to Retirement, the number of PSUs that will vest on the Scheduled Vesting Date will be determined by multiplying (1) the number of Shares that would have been delivered to you, based on the performance measures described in this Award Certificate had you remained in Employment through the Scheduled Vesting Date, by (2) the Pro Ration Fraction. Your PSUs will convert to Shares and be delivered to you as soon as administratively practicable following the Scheduled Vesting Date.

7. Termination Due to Reduction in Force; Position Elimination; or Increase/Addition of Skills Required for Current Position.

If the Company terminates your Employment due to a reduction in force, an elimination of your position, or as a result of an increase or addition of skills required of your current position, each as determined by the Company in its sole discretion, the number of PSUs that will vest on the Scheduled Vesting Date will be determined by multiplying (a) the number of Shares that would have been delivered to you, based on the performance measures described in this Award Certificate had you remained in Employment through the Scheduled Vesting Date, by (b) the Pro Ration Fraction. These shares will convert to Shares and be delivered to you as soon as administratively practicable following your termination of Employment, provided that you sign (and do not revoke) an agreement and release of claims satisfactory to the Company and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination pursuant to this section, with such release to become effective pursuant to its terms within sixty (60) days following your termination of employment or such other date specified by the Company and permitted under Section 409A.

8. Change in Control.

(a) During First Year of Performance Period. If, during the first year of the Performance Period, a Change in Control occurs, then your Target Award (including the value of

any dividend equivalents theretofore credited to you) will be converted to an Award of restricted stock units assuming the achievement at the target performance level. Following such Change in Control, Shares underlying such Award will be delivered to you as soon administratively practicable following the earlier of (1) the Scheduled Vesting Date, (2) the date when the Company terminates your Employment other than for Cause or if you terminate your Employment for Good Reason, and (3) the date on which your employment terminates due to death, Disability or Retirement (in the event of Retirement, as adjusted for the Pro-Rata Fraction in accordance with Section 6(c)); provided, however, in the event that your employment terminated due to Retirement or pursuant to Section 7 prior to a Change in Control, then you shall receive Shares pursuant to this Section 8(a), but adjusted based on the Pro-Ration Fraction in accordance with Section 6(c) and Section 7, payable as soon as administratively practicable following such Change in Control.

(b) After First Year of Performance Period. If, after the first year of the Performance Period, a Change in Control occurs, then your Target Award (including the value of any dividend equivalents theretofore credited to you) will be converted to an Award of restricted stock units as determined by the Company based on the performance measures in this Award Certificate but applied as though the Performance Period ended with the last quarter of the Company's fiscal year ending simultaneously with or before the effective date of the Change in Control. Shares underlying such Award will be delivered to you as soon as administratively practicable following the earlier of (1) the Scheduled Vesting Date, (2) the date when the Company terminates your Employment other than for Cause or if you terminate your Employment for Good Reason, and (3) the date on which your employment terminates due to death, Disability or Retirement (in the event of Retirement, as adjusted for the Pro-Rata Fraction in accordance with Section 6(c)); provided, however, in the event that your employment terminated due to Retirement or pursuant to Section 7 prior to a Change in Control, then you shall receive Shares pursuant to this Section 8(b), but adjusted based on the Pro-Ration Fraction in accordance with Section 6(c) and Section 7, payable as soon as administratively practicable following such Change in Control.

(c) Stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of the Company receive shares of common stock of an acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control, there shall be substituted for each Share subject to this Award Certificate the number and class of shares of common stock of the acquiring entity into which each outstanding Share shall be converted pursuant to such Change in Control transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

(d) Non-stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of the Company receive consideration other than shares of common stock of the acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, the value of restricted stock units converted hereunder shall, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control, be converted into a right to receive the cash or other consideration received by the shareholders of the Company in such transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

9. Termination of Employment.

Your unvested PSUs (or, in the case of Section 8, your converted restricted stock units) will be forfeited and canceled if your Employment terminates for any reason other than under the circumstances set forth in Section 6, 7 or 8 of this Award Certificate.

10. Forfeiture/Cancellation/Clawback of PSU Awards Under Certain Circumstances.

(a) Breach of Restrictive Covenants. PSUs (and any dividend equivalents credited thereon) are not earned until the applicable

Scheduled Vesting Date and will be canceled prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date under any of the circumstances set forth below. Although you will become the beneficial owner of the Shares following conversion of your PSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your PSUs (and any dividend equivalents credited thereon) pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the PSUs (and any dividend equivalents credited thereon) are or may be cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. The Shares underlying such PSUs (and any dividend equivalents credited thereon) shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the PSUs were cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary and subject to Section 10(f) below, in the event that at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company, you (i) engage in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) breach your obligations to the Company under a confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant, or (iii) for those participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity, with respect to each such incidence of violation and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, you shall be required to:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within

one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to your breach of the restrictive covenants; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your

termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to your breach of the restrictive covenants.

In the event of multiple incidences of breach of this provision of the Award Certificate (e.g., in the event of violation of the non-solicitation provision following engaging in Competitive Activity), the repayment amount will be additive for each incidence of violation, not to exceed two times the amount calculated under paragraph 10(a)(1) and (2) above. If you engage in Wrongful Solicitation or engage in a Competing Activity, in addition to the remedies described in Section 10(a), the Company may also take such action at equity or in law as it deems appropriate to enforce the provisions of the applicable restrictive covenant, including pursuant to injunctive relief.

The Company recommends that before accepting this Award Certificate, you consult with an attorney of your choice regarding the restrictive covenants described herein. You acknowledge that you have been provided at least fourteen (14) calendar days to review the applicable restrictive covenants prior to having to accept the award.

(b) Clawback. The Award and any cash payment or Shares delivered pursuant to the Award are subject to forfeiture, recovery by the

Company or other action pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award or which the Company may adopt from time to time to comply with applicable law, including without limitation any such policy that the Company is required to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") or as otherwise required by

law. Subject to any clawback policy adopted by the Company to comply with the Dodd-Frank Act (to the extent you are subject to such policy), in the event and to the extent the Committee reasonably determines that the performance considered by the Committee, and on the basis of which the amount of PSUs that were earned and converted to Shares (the date of such determination "Recoupment Trigger Date"), was based on Discover's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy which requires Discover to file a restatement of its financial statements, you will be required to repay with respect to PSUs that were earned and converted to Shares in the three-year period preceding the Recoupment Trigger Date (such repayment to be determined in each case by the Committee in its sole discretion and before satisfaction of tax or other withholding obligations pursuant to Section 11):

(1) an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that converted hereunder, which value shall be determined using a

valuation method established by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that converted hereunder, plus such amount calculated by the Company, in

its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's

financial statements.

By accepting the PSUs you hereby agree and acknowledge that you are obligated to cooperate with and provide all assistance necessary to the Company to recover or recoup the PSUs or amounts paid under the Plan that are subject to the clawback pursuant to this Award Certificate, applicable securities laws or listing standards or Company policy, including the Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy. Such cooperation and assistance shall include, but is not limited to, executing, completing and submitting and documentation necessary to recover or recoup any PSUs or amounts paid pursuant to PSUs.

(c) Risk Review. For select Covered Employees, as defined and identified by the Company, no PSUs will convert to Shares (and no dividend equivalents will be paid) until (1) the Committee certifies the extent to which the performance criteria set forth in this Award Certificate have been satisfied, and (2) the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer receives confirmation from the Chief Risk Officer or their delegate that a review has been completed by the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, to determine whether you engaged in any willful or reckless violation of the Company's risk policies. If the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, finds any such violation or breach, then the Company or in the case of Covered Employees subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the Committee, may determine that all or a portion of your PSUs will be forfeited.

(d) Investigations. In the event that the Company has either commenced an investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in or has evidence that may require investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in, in either case concerning a breach of one of the obligations hereunder or a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may freeze your account and effectuate a transfer restriction such that your PSUs and any Shares converted and dividend equivalents associated therewith may not be sold or transferred until such time as the Company reasonably believes the matter to be resolved. If, following the

investigation, the Company determines, in its sole discretion, that you breached one of the obligations hereunder or committed a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may:

(1) forfeit all or a portion of your PSUs and dividend equivalents associated therewith;

(2) require that you pay the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the circumstances described in this Section 10(d); or

(3) cancel Shares in your account or require that you transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to the circumstances described in this Section 10(d).

(e) Authorization. You authorize the Company to deduct any amount or amounts owed by you pursuant to this Section 10 from any amounts payable by or on behalf of the Company to you, including, without limitation, any amount payable to you as salary, wages, paid time off, bonus, severance, change in control severance or the conversion of any equity-based award. This right of offset shall not be an exclusive remedy and the Company's election not to exercise this right of offset with respect to any amount payable to you shall not constitute a waiver of this right of offset with respect to any other amount payable to you or any other remedy. You further acknowledge and authorize the Company to take the actions described in this Section 10, including those described in Section 10(d).

(f) Non-Contravention. Nothing in this Award Certificate (including with respect to confidential information, trade secrets, and other obligations) is intended to be or will be construed to prevent, impede or interfere with your right to respond accurately and fully to any question, inquiry or request for information regarding your employment with the Company when required by legal process by a Federal, State or other legal authority, or from initiating communications directly with, or responding to any inquiry from, or providing truthful testimony and information to, any Federal, State, or other regulatory authority in the course of an investigation or proceeding authorized by law and carried out by such agency. You are not required to contact the Company regarding the subject matter of any such communications before you engage in such communications. In addition, nothing in this Award Certificate is intended to restrict your legally protected right to discuss wages, hours or other working conditions with coworkers or in any way limit your rights under the National Labor Relations Act or any whistleblower law. You acknowledge that that the Company has provided you notice of your immunity rights under the Defend Trade Secrets Act, which states: "(1) An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any

Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (A) is made (i) in confidence to a Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (ii) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (B) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal; and (2) an individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose a trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual (A) files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and (B) does not disclose a trade secret, except pursuant to court order."

11. Tax and Other Withholding Obligations.

Subject to rules and procedures established by Discover, you may be eligible to elect to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations arising upon conversion of your PSUs or upon any taxable event by paying cash or by having Discover withhold Shares or by tendering Shares, in each case in an amount sufficient to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations. Shares withheld or tendered will be valued using the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable, using a valuation methodology established by Discover.

12. Satisfaction of Obligations.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Award Certificate, the Company may, in its sole discretion, take various actions affecting your PSUs in order to collect amounts sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations. The Company's determination of the amount that you owe the Company shall be conclusive. The Fair Market Value of Stock for purposes of the following provisions shall be determined using a valuation methodology established by Company. The actions that may be taken by Discover pursuant to this Section 12 include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Withholding of Shares. Upon conversion of PSUs, including any accelerated conversion pursuant to Sections 6, 7, or 8 above, or, if later, upon delivery of the Shares, the Company may withhold a number of Shares sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations whether national, federal, state or local tax withholding obligations including any social insurance contributions or employment tax obligation. The Company shall determine the number of Shares to be withheld by dividing the dollar value of your obligation to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable. To the extent that the Company retains any Shares or reduces the number of PSUs to cover the withholding obligations, it will do so at the applicable minimum statutory rate (or such other rate as will not cause adverse accounting consequences under the accounting rules then in effect, and is permitted by the Company). Should the Company withhold in excess of the actual tax withholding obligation, the Company may apply the excess withholding to another compensation tax liability.

(b) Withholding of Other Compensation. Discover may withhold the payment of dividend equivalents on your PSUs or any other compensation or payments due from Discover to ensure satisfaction of any obligation that you owe the Company or any tax or other withholding obligations or Discover may permit you to satisfy such tax or other withholding obligation by paying such obligation in immediately available funds.

(c) Mobile Employees. You are liable and responsible for all taxes and social insurance contributions owed in connection with the Award, regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the Award. The Company does not make any representation or undertaking regarding the tax treatment or the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, vesting or payment of the Award. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability. Further, you may be subject to individual income taxation (and possibly social security or other applicable personal or payroll taxes) in each jurisdiction where you have performed services for the Company between the Award Date and when the Award vests. Taxes for which you are liable, if applicable, may be withheld and deposited by the Company in each jurisdiction in which you have performed services regardless of your status as a resident or non-resident in one or more of the jurisdictions that have a right to impose taxation. You agree that you will comply with all United States and foreign individual income tax return filing obligations that may be imposed with respect to the Award.

13. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

(a) Nontransferability of Award. You may not sell, pledge, hypothecate, assign or otherwise transfer your PSUs, other than as provided in Section 14 (which allows you to designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries in the event of your death) or by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

(b) Investment Representation. You hereby covenant that (a) any sale of any Share acquired upon the vesting of the Award shall be made either pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws and (b) you shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance of the Shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Committee shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

14. Designation of a Beneficiary.

You may make a revocable designation of beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive all or part of the Shares and any dividend equivalents credited to you pursuant to Section 5 hereof to be paid or delivered under this Award Certificate in the event of your death. Absent a designation on file, distributions pursuant to Section 6 will be made to your estate in accordance with applicable law. To make a beneficiary designation, you must complete and file the online form provided by E*TRADE, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. If you previously filed a designation of beneficiary form for your equity awards with the Human Resources Department, such form will also apply to the PSUs granted pursuant to this PSU Award. You may replace or revoke your beneficiary designation at any time, and the Company will rely on your most recent designation on file for purposes of beneficiary designation.

15. Ownership and Possession.

(a) Generally. You will not have any rights as a shareholder with respect to your PSU Awards or the Shares underlying such PSUs prior to the vesting and conversion of your PSUs. Prior to conversion of your PSUs, however, you will receive dividend equivalent credits, as set forth in Section 5 of this Award Certificate. To the extent necessary or advisable to comply with Section 409A, with respect to any provision of this Award Certificate that provides for vested PSUs to convert to Shares on or as soon as administratively practicable after a specified event or date, such conversion will be made by the later of the end of the calendar year in which the specified event or date occurs or the 15th day of the third calendar month following the specified event or date.

(b) Following Conversion. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Award Certificate, following the vesting and conversion of your PSUs and the issuance of the Shares underlying your PSUs in your name, you will be the beneficial owner of the shares issued to you, subject to any tax withholding under Section 12, and you will be entitled to all rights of ownership with respect to such Shares, including voting rights and the right to receive cash or stock dividends or other distributions paid on such Shares.

16. Securities Law Matters.

Shares issued upon conversion of your PSUs may be subject to restrictions on transfer by virtue of the Securities Act of 1993 and the applicable state securities laws. Discover may advise the transfer agent to place a stop order against such shares if it determines that such an order is

necessary or advisable. Because Stock will only be maintained in book-entry form, you will not receive a stock certificate representing your interest in such Shares.

17. Compliance with Laws and Regulations.

Any sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, mortgage, encumbrance or other disposition of the Shares issued upon conversion of your PSUs (whether directly or indirectly, whether or not for value, and whether or not voluntary) must be made in compliance with any applicable constitution, rule, regulation, or policy of any of the exchanges or associations or other institutions with which the Company or a Related Employer has membership or other privileges, and any applicable law, or applicable rule or regulation of any governmental agency, self-regulatory organization or state or federal regulatory body.

18. No Entitlements.

(a) No Right to Continued Employment. This PSU Award is not an employment agreement, and nothing in this Award Certificate, the International Supplement, if applicable, or the Plan shall alter your status as an "at-will" employee of the Company or your Employment status at a Related Employer nor does anything herein constitute a promise of continued employment or re-employment.

(b) No Right to Future Awards. This PSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive another award of PSUs, any other equity-based award or any other award at any time in the future or in respect of any future period.

(c) No Effect on Future Employment Compensation. This PSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive compensation in any specific amount for any future fiscal year, and does not diminish in any way the Company's discretion to determine the amount, if any, of your compensation. In addition, this PSU Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account in determining any other Employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay, end of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards or similar payments and in no event shall be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company.

(d) Termination of Employment. In consideration of the grant of the Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Award or diminution in value of the Award or Shares acquired through vesting of the Award resulting from termination of your Employment (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you irrevocably release the Company and the Related Employer from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by signing this Award Certificate, you will be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim; and in the event of termination of your Employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the Award and vest in the Award under the Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively Employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active Employment would not include a period of "garden leave" or similar period pursuant to local law); Discover shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when you are no longer actively Employed for purposes of your Award.

(e) Language. If you have received this Award Certificate or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

(f) Award Terms Control. In the event of any conflict between any terms applicable to equity awards in any employment agreement, offer letter or other arrangement that you have entered into with the Company and the terms set forth in this Award Certificate, the latter shall control.

19. Consents.

Your PSU Award is conditioned upon the Company making of all filings and the receipt of all consents or authorizations required to comply with, or required to be obtained under, applicable local law.

In accepting this PSU Award, you consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data by and among, as applicable, the Company and any other possible recipients for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the Plan, as well as for the purpose of the Company's compliance with applicable law, including, without limitation, Section 953(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. You understand that the recipients of your personal data may be located in the U.S. or elsewhere, and the recipients' country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You understand that you may request a list with the

names and addresses of any potential recipients of your personal data, view the personal data, request additional information about the storage of your personal data, require any necessary amendments to your personal data or refuse or withdraw your consent by contacting your local human resources representative, in any case without cost. You understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the Plan.

20. Electronic Delivery and Consent to Electronic Participation.

The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the PSU Award and participation in the Plan or future PSU Awards by electronic means. You hereby consent to receive such documents by electronic delivery and to participate in the Plan through an online or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company, including the acceptance of PSU Awards and the execution of the PSU agreements through electronic signature. Electronic acceptance of this Award Certificate through the E*TRADE website, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan, shall be required and binding on you. Where electronic acceptance may not be permitted under applicable law, the Company may also request and require your physical signature. Your acceptance affirms your agreement to all the terms and conditions set forth in this Award Certificate and acceptance of the Award subject thereto. Not providing this acceptance within the timeframe stipulated may result in the Company forfeiting all or a portion of this Award.

21. Award Modification.

The Committee reserves the right to modify or amend unilaterally the terms and conditions of your PSUs, without first asking your consent, or to waive any terms and conditions that operate in favor of Discover. These amendments may include (but are not limited to) changes that the Committee considers necessary or advisable as a result of changes in any, or the adoption of any new, Legal Requirement. The Committee may not modify your PSUs in a manner that would materially impair your rights in your PSUs without your consent; *provided, however*, that the Committee may, without your consent, amend or modify your PSUs in any manner that the Committee considers necessary or advisable to comply with or reflect the application of any Legal Requirement or to ensure that your PSUs are not subject to United States federal, state or local income tax or any equivalent taxes in territories outside the United

States prior to payment. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Award Certificate to the contrary, to the extent you transfer employment outside of the United States, the Award shall be subject to any special terms and conditions as Discover may need to establish to comply with local laws, rules, and regulations or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Award and the Plan in the country to which you transfer employment (or Discover may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate your transfer). Discover will notify you of any amendment of your PSUs that affects your rights. Any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Award Certificate (other than any amendment or waiver applicable to all recipients generally), which amendment or waiver operates in your favor or confers a benefit on you, must be in writing and signed by the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer to be effective.

22. Severability.

In the event the Committee determines that any provision of this Award Certificate would cause you to be in constructive receipt for United States federal or state income tax purposes of any portion of your PSU Award prior to the vesting of such Award, then such provision will be considered null and void and this Award Certificate will be construed and enforced as if the provision had not been included in this Award Certificate as of the date such provision was determined to cause you to be in constructive receipt of any portion of your PSU Award. In addition, in the event that any provision of this Agreement shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Agreement, and this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had not been included.

23. Successors.

This Award Certificate shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor or successors of Discover and any person or persons who shall, upon your death, acquire any rights hereunder in accordance with this Award Certificate or the Plan.

24. Governing Law.

This Award Certificate and the related legal relations between you and Discover will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to any conflicts or choice of law, rule or principle that might otherwise refer the interpretation of the PSU Award to the substantive law of another jurisdiction to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law. The Company and you agree that the jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), the Plan or this Award Certificate shall be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, Counties of Cook or Lake, including the federal courts located therein (should federal jurisdiction exist), and the Company and you hereby submit and consent to said jurisdiction and venue to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law.

25. Section 409A.

This Award is intended to be exempt from or comply with Section 409A, and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly. Subject to Section 4, to the extent this Award Certificate provides for the Award to become vested and be settled upon your termination of employment, the applicable Shares shall be transferred to you or your beneficiary upon your "separation from service," within the meaning of Section 409A. To the extent necessary or advisable to comply with Section 409A, with respect to any provision of this Award Certificate that provides for vested PSUs to convert to Shares on or as soon as administratively practicable after a specified event or date, such conversion and settlement will be made by the later of the end of the calendar

year in which the specified event or date occurs or the 15th day of the third calendar month following the specified event or date. If any PSUs constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A and are payable subject to your execution and non-revocation of a release and the period to consider the release spans two separate taxable years, then the distribution of the PSUs that are conditioned upon such execution and non-revocation of the release shall be made in the later taxable year.

26. Defined Terms.

For purposes of this Award Certificate, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) "Cause" means:

(1) any act or omission which constitutes a material breach of your obligations to the Company or your failure or refusal to perform satisfactorily any duties reasonably required of you, which breach, failure or refusal (if susceptible to cure) is not corrected (other than failure to correct by reason of your incapacity due to Disability) within ten (10) business days after written notification thereof to you by the Company;

(2) any act or omission by you that constitutes (i) fraud or intentional misrepresentation, (ii) embezzlement, misappropriation or conversion of assets of, or business opportunities considered by, the Company or (iii) any other act which has caused or may reasonably be expected to cause material injury to the interest or business reputation of the Company; or

(3) your violation of any securities, commodities or banking laws, any rules or regulations issued pursuant to such laws, or rules or regulations of any securities or commodities exchange or association of which the Company is a member or of any policy of the Company relating to compliance with any of the foregoing.

(b) "Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer" means the chief human resources & administrative officer of Discover, any successor chief human resources & administrative officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief human resources & administrative officer.

(c) "Chief Risk Officer" means the chief risk officer of Discover, any successor chief risk officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief risk officer.

(d) "Competitive Activity" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, or serving in any similar position or capacity with, a Competitor, where you will be

responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the year preceding the termination of your employment with the Company; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(e) **"Competitor"** means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business in which you have been involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during your employment with the Company. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(f) **"Covered Employee"** means an employee who, as of the Date of the Award, has been identified as a covered employee by Human Resources.

(g) **"Date of the Award"** means the date set forth in this Award Certificate.

(h) **"Disability"** means a "permanent and total disability," as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(i) **"Discover GAAP EPS"** means sum of GAAP EPS for each fiscal year within the Performance Period.

(j) **"Employed"** and **"Employment"** refer to employment with the Company and/or Related Employment.

(k) **"EPS"** means fully-diluted earnings per share as defined by U.S. GAAP, excluding unusual or non-recurring events identified in the Plan and not reflected in business plan assumptions, as determined by the Committee.

(l) **"Good Reason"** means the occurrence of any of the following upon, or within six (6) months prior to or twenty-four (24) months after the occurrence of a Change in Control of Discover without your prior written consent:

(1) any material diminution in your assigned duties, responsibilities and/or authority, including the assignment to you of any duties, responsibilities or authority inconsistent with the duties, responsibilities and authority assigned to you, immediately prior to such assignment;

(2) a material diminution in the authority, duties, or responsibilities of the supervisor to whom you are required to report;

(3) any material reduction in your base compensation; provided, however, that Company-initiated across-the-board reductions in compensation affecting substantially all eligible Company employees shall alone not be considered "Good Reason," unless the compensation reductions exceed twenty percent (20%) of your base compensation;

(4) a material diminution of the budget over which you have authority;

(5) the Company's requiring you to be based at a location that (i) is in excess of thirty-five (35) miles from the location of your principal job location or office immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (ii) results in an increase in your normal

daily commuting time by more than ninety (90) minutes, except for required travel on Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with your then present business travel obligations; or

(6) any other action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of any agreement pursuant to which you provide services to the Company.

For purposes of paragraphs (1) through (6) above, the duties, responsibilities and/or authority assigned to you shall be deemed to be the greatest of those in effect prior to or after the Change in Control. Unless you become Disabled, your right to terminate your Employment for Good Reason shall not be affected by your incapacity due to physical or mental illness. Your continued Employment shall not constitute consent to, or a waiver of rights with respect to, any circumstance constituting Good Reason. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Good Reason shall not exist unless you give the Company written notice thereof within thirty (30) days after its occurrence and the Company shall not have remedied the action within thirty (30) days after such written notice.

(m) "**Internal Revenue Code**" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules, regulations and guidance thereunder.

(n) "**Legal Requirement**" means any law, regulation, ruling, judicial decision, accounting standard, regulatory guidance or other legal requirement (including any foreign legal requirements).

(o) "**GAAP EPS**" means EPS as defined in the Award Certificate, excluding reserves.

(p) "**Performance Period**" means the period set forth in the Award Certificate.

(q) "**Pro Ration Fraction**" means a fraction, not to exceed 1.0, the numerator of which is the number of completed months commencing on the first day of the Performance Period and ending on the effective date of your termination of Employment and the denominator of which is 12.

(r) "**Related Employment**" means your employment with an employer other than the Company (such employer, herein referred to as a "**Related Employer**"), provided: (1) you undertake such employment at the written request or with the written consent of the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer; (2) immediately prior to undertaking such employment you were an employee of the Company or were engaged in Related Employment (as defined herein); and (3) such employment is recognized by the Company in its discretion as Related Employment; provided further that the Company may (i) determine at any time in its sole discretion that employment that was recognized by the Company as Related Employment no longer qualifies as Related Employment, and (ii) condition the designation and benefits of Related Employment on such terms and conditions as the Company may determine in its sole discretion. The designation of employment as Related Employment does not give rise to an employment relationship between you and the Company, or otherwise modify your and the Company's respective rights and obligations.

(s) "**Retirement**" means the termination of your Employment by you or by the Company for any reason other than for Cause and other than due to your death or Disability, on or after the date on which:

(1) you have attained age 55; and

(2) you have attained a combined age and years of service of at least 65 years.

(t) "**Scheduled Vesting Date**" means the Scheduled Vesting Date set forth in Award Certificate as the context requires.

(u) "**Target Award**" means the number of PSUs set forth in this Award Certificate, which will be earned, subject to the other terms and conditions of this Award Certificate, if the GAAP EPS Target is achieved.

(v) **"Wrongful Solicitation"** occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to employees with whom you worked or had professional or business contact, or who worked in or with your business unit, during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment; or

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); *provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Discover has duly executed and delivered this Award Certificate as of the Date of the Award.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

By:

[EVP, Chief Human Resources Officer]

APPENDIX A

**Discover Financial Services
International Supplement**

This International Supplement to the Award Certificate for Performance Stock Units ("International Supplement") contains supplemental terms and conditions for the Performance Stock Unit award ("Equity Award") to employees of Discover Financial Services (or the relevant affiliated company) located in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States. The terms included in this International Supplement are intended to ensure compliance with the laws of the country in which you are Employed or, in certain instances, to make the awards more tax efficient in your country.

You have also received an Award Certificate applicable to your award. The Award Certificate, together with this International Supplement, collectively set forth the terms and conditions of your Equity Award. To the extent that this International Supplement amends, deletes or supplements any terms of the Award Certificate, this International Supplement shall control.

Capitalized terms that are used without definition in this International Supplement have the meanings assigned in the Plan or the Award Certificate.

All Employees Located Outside the United States.

If you are Employed outside of the United States, please note that your Equity Award is offered, issued and administered by Discover Financial Services, a Delaware corporation, and your local employer is not involved in the grant of awards under such equity incentive program. All

documents related to your Equity Award, including the Award Certificate, this International Supplement and the link by which you access these documents, originate and are maintained in the United States.

Your Equity Award is made in virtue of your Employment with, and your services performed for, the appropriate entities within the Company. However, your award does not form part of your entitlement to remuneration or benefits, whether pursuant to any contract of Employment to which you may be a party or otherwise. Similarly, the existence of a contract of Employment between you and any entity within the Company shall not confer on you any right or entitlement to participate in the Equity Award or to receive awards thereunder, or any expectation that you might participate in such equity incentive program or receive additional equity awards in the future. Your Equity Award, the Award Certificate, and/or this International Supplement does not constitute an employment contract and does not create an employment relationship or a promise of continued Employment for any period of time.

In addition, your Equity Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account (except to the extent otherwise required by local law) in determining any other employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay.

Whether or not you have a contract of Employment with any entity within the Company, your rights and obligations under the terms of your office or Employment shall not be affected by your receipt of the Equity Award. By accepting your receipt of the Equity Award, you waive any and all rights to compensation or damages for any loss of the Equity Award in the event of your termination of your office or Employment for any reason whatsoever. This waiver applies whether or not such termination amounts to a wrongful or unfair dismissal.

You may be subject to applicable exchange control, currency control or similar financial laws that may affect your transactions with respect to your equity award, including without limitation, your ability to bring shares of Discover Financial Services common stock into your jurisdiction or to receive the proceeds of a sale of Discover Financial Services common stock in your jurisdiction. Moreover, you may be subject to certain notification, approval and/or repatriation obligations with respect to securities and funds you receive in connection with your awards. In addition the Company is not responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuations that change the value of your PSU Award. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Your Equity Award has not been authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities and may have been offered pursuant to an exemption from registration in your local jurisdiction. Similarly, no prospectus or similar offering or registration document has been prepared, authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities in your jurisdiction. The grant of awards is being made only to employees of the Company and does not constitute and is not intended to be an offering to the public. For this reason, you must keep all award documents you receive, including but not limited to this International Supplement and the Award Certificate, confidential and you may not distribute or otherwise make public any award documents without the prior written consent of the Company. Moreover, you may not reproduce (in whole or in part) any award documents you receive. In addition, the shares of Company common stock you acquire upon vesting and conversion of your Equity Award may be subject to applicable restrictions on resale in your local jurisdiction. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Employees in China.

If you are employed in China or are a Chinese national on international assignment outside of China for the Company, but your Equity Award was made in China and/or you will be taxed there, your Equity Award will be settled in cash. Rather than convert awards to shares pursuant to Section 3 of the Award Certificate and Sections 6 through 8 of the Award Certificate, the Company will convert your Equity Award to cash and the Company or your local employer will deliver the cash payment to you. You consent to this cash conversion in exchange for the Equity Award. All other terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Certificate will otherwise apply to your Equity Award.

Employees in the United Kingdom or European Union.

If you are employed in the United Kingdom (or the European Union), the Company will act in accordance with the Data Protection Act of 2018 as amended from time to time and the General Data Protection Regulation as amended from time to time as applicable regarding any personal information which you provide to it in connection with your Equity Award (including the amount of the award) and you acknowledge the need for the processing of such personal information in order to facilitate your participation in such equity incentive program, for any purposes required by law or

regulation, or for any other legitimate business purpose. By accepting your Equity Award, you acknowledge that from time to time, for the purposes described above, your personal information may be stored and processed by and disclosed and transferred to other offices and companies within the Company and to third parties, some of which are situated outside of the European Union and may not offer as high a level of protection for personal information as countries within the European Union.

The following provisions apply in lieu of those contained in the Award Certificate for employees in the United Kingdom.

Section 10(a)

The forfeiture, cancellation and/or clawback circumstances and events set forth in this Section 10 are designed, among other things, to incentivize compliance with the Company's policies (including, without limitation, the Company's risk policies and Code of Conduct), to protect the Company's interests in non-public, confidential and/or proprietary information, products, trade secrets, customer relationships, workforce stability, and other legitimate business interests, and to ensure an orderly transition of responsibilities. This Section 10 shall apply notwithstanding any other terms of this Award Certificate (except where sections in this Award Certificate specifically provide that the circumstances set forth in this Section 10 no longer apply).

(a) Conditions. Notwithstanding your satisfaction of the vesting conditions of this Award Certificate, RSUs are not earned: (1) until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date; and (2) unless the conditions set forth in this section 10(a) below are met. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs meet the conditions set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall not legally vest in you and shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the conditions set forth in this section 10(a) below are not met. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary, in order for legal ownership of the Shares to fully vest in you it is a strict condition that you must not at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company (i) engage in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) misuse the Company's confidential, proprietary information and/or intellectual property, as defined in your employment contract, the Company Code of Conduct, and/or any other relevant agreements or policies issued to you, or (iii) for those Participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity. If the conditions above are not met, you will:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to you not meeting the conditions above; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to you not meeting the conditions above.

Section 24(e), (f) and (v)

(e) "Competitive Activity" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those

utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the year preceding the earlier of the start of your notice period and the Employment; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(f) **"Competitor"** means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business which you have been materially involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during the two years preceding the termination of your Employment. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(v) **"Wrongful Solicitation"** occurs upon either of the following events:

(4) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, and within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to employees of the Company who had access to confidential information of the Company and (i) were employed at the level of officer or above, or (ii) who worked in or with your business unit or (iii) for whom you had direct or indirect responsibility, and in each case with whom you had material contact in the course of your Employment, at any time during the year preceding the earlier of the start of your notice period and the termination of your Employment; or

(5) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.

* * *

The Company recommends that you seek advice of your tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of your awards.

Exhibit 10.62

**Discover Financial Services
2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan
2024 Award Certificate for Restricted Stock Units**

This Award Certificate describes the terms and conditions under which you are being granted an Award of Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), which constitutes part of your discretionary long-term incentive compensation. This Award Certificate applies only to Awards granted hereunder and other Awards are governed by terms of the applicable Award Certificate.

A copy of the Plan can be found on the E*TRADE website at www.etrade.com, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan. Capitalized terms under this Award Certificate have the meanings ascribed in the Plan unless otherwise stated herein.

The full terms of your Award are set out in this Award Certificate, the Plan and any applicable policy adopted by the Committee or its delegate in respect of the Plan and Awards thereunder that is applicable to this Award. In the event of a conflict between the Plan and this Award Certificate, the terms of the Plan control.

| | |
|---|--|
| Award Recipient | %%FIRST_NAME%% %%LAST_NAME%% |
| Employee / Participant ID | %%EMPLOYEE_IDENTIFIER%% |
| Issuer | Discover Financial Services |
| Award Type | Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) |
| Date of the Award | %%OPTION_DATE, Month DD, YYYY%% |
| Number of Awarded Units | %%TOTAL_SHARES_GRANTED,999,999,999%% RSUs |
| Vesting | Except as otherwise set forth in this Award Certificate, your RSUs will vest as follows provided you remain continuously Employed by the Company through the applicable below Scheduled Vesting Date: Number of Shares Vesting Date %%SHARES_PERIOD1,999,999,999%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD1,Month DD, YYYY%% %%SHARES_PERIOD2,999,999,999%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD2, Month DD, YYYY%% %%SHARES_PERIOD3,999,999,999%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD3, Month DD, YYYY%% %%SHARES_PERIOD4,999,999,999%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD4, Month DD, YYYY%% %%SHARES_PERIOD5,999,999,999%% %%VEST_DATE_PERIOD5, Month DD, YYYY%% |
| Settlement | Your awards will be converted and settled in Shares pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan and Section 1(b) of this Award Certificate unless your primary place of employment is located outside the United States in which case your shares may be settled in cash in accordance with the requirements for your local jurisdiction. See the <i>International Supplement</i> , included herein as Appendix A, for additional information. |
| Restrictive Covenants, Clawbacks, Risk Reviews, and Investigations | Pursuant to Section 8 of this Award Certificate, your Award may be subject to (i) forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment triggered in the event of your violation of a restrictive covenant, including non-solicitation and non-competition requirements, more fully described in this Award Certificate, (ii) clawback (including in the event of restatement of the Company's financial performance) in accordance with any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award or which the Company may adopt from time to time to comply with applicable law, including any such policy that the Company is required to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act or as otherwise required by law and (iii) forfeiture if you are subject to a risk review or forfeiture, cancellation and/or repayment if you are subject to an investigation. |
| Non-U.S. Employees | If you are Employed outside the United States, please reference the <i>International Supplement</i> included herein as Appendix A, which contains supplemental terms and conditions for your RSU Award. |

You will earn RSUs included in your RSU Award only if you (1) remain in continuous Employment through the applicable Scheduled Vesting Dates (subject to limited exceptions set forth herein), (2) are not found to be subject to the forfeiture, cancellation, or clawback provisions set forth in Section 8 below, and (3) satisfy obligations you owe to the Company as set forth in Section 10 below. If the Company deems appropriate and in its sole discretion, the Company may require you to provide a written certification or other evidence, from time to time, to confirm that none of the circumstances described in Section 8 below exist or have occurred, including upon a termination of Employment and/or during a specified period of time prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Dates. If you fail to timely provide any required certification or other evidence, the Company may cancel your RSU Award. It is your responsibility to provide the Human Resources Department with your up-to-date contact information.

1. Vesting Schedule; Conversion.

(a) Vesting Schedule. Your RSUs will vest according to the Scheduled Vesting Dates set forth in this Award Certificate, provided you remain continuously Employed through such dates, unless earlier vesting is required pursuant to Section 4, 5 or 6 of this Award Certificate.

(b) Conversion.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this Award Certificate, each of your vested RSUs will convert to one Share on or as soon as administratively practicable following the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Plan and this Award Certificate, as well as any transfer restrictions imposed by the Company or applicable pursuant to securities laws, Shares to which you are entitled following conversion of RSUs under any provision of this Award Certificate shall be delivered to you (or your beneficiary or estate, as applicable) as soon as administratively practicable after the Scheduled Vesting Date, unless earlier delivery is required pursuant to Section 4, 5, or 6 of this Award Certificate.

(c) Accelerated Conversion. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may determine that any RSUs may be converted to Shares prior to the Scheduled Vesting Date subject to compliance with all Legal Requirements, including Section 409A.

(d) Rule of Construction for Timing of Conversion. Whenever this Award Certificate provides for RSUs to convert to Shares on the Scheduled Vesting Date or upon an accelerated or different specified event or date, such conversion will be considered to have been timely made, and neither you nor any of your beneficiaries nor your estate shall have any claim against the Company for damages based on a delay in conversion of your RSUs (or delivery of Shares following conversion), and the Company shall have no liability to you (or to any of your beneficiaries or your estate) in respect of any such delay, as long as conversion is made by December 31 of the year in which occurs the Scheduled Vesting Date or such other specified event or date or, if later, by the 15th day of the third calendar month following such specified event or date.

2. Special Provisions for Certain "Specified Employees".

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Award Certificate, if Discover reasonably considers you to be one of its "specified employees" as defined in Section 409A at the time of the termination of your Employment, any RSUs that constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A that are payable upon termination of Employment will not

convert to Shares or be delivered to you until the date that is six months after the termination of your Employment (or the date of your death, if such event occurs earlier).

3. Dividend Equivalent Payments.

Until your RSUs convert to Shares and subject to your continued Employment through the applicable payment date, if Discover pays a regular or ordinary cash dividend on its common stock, you will be paid a dividend equivalent for your vested and unvested RSUs. No dividend equivalents will be paid to you on any canceled RSUs. Discover, in its discretion, will decide on the form of payment and may pay dividend equivalents in Shares, in cash or in a combination thereof. Discover will pay the dividend equivalents as soon as administratively practicable (and in any event within thirty (30) days) after Discover pays the corresponding dividend on its Stock.

4. Death; Disability.

The following special vesting and payment terms apply to your RSUs:

(a) Death. If your Employment terminates due to your death, all RSUs subject to this Award Certificate will vest, convert to Shares and be delivered to your beneficiary or your estate on or as soon as administratively practicable after your date of death.

(b) Disability. If your Employment terminates due to Disability, all RSUs subject to this Award Certificate will vest, convert to Shares and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination due to Disability.

5. Termination Due to Reduction in Force; Position Elimination; or Increase/Addition of Skills Required for Current Position.

If the Company terminates your Employment due to a reduction in force, an elimination of your position, or as a result of an increase or addition of skills required of your current position, each as determined by the Company in its sole discretion, the number of RSUs that will vest upon the termination of your Employment (to the extent not already vested) will be determined by multiplying the RSUs subject to this Award Certificate by the Pro Ration Fraction, calculated through the date your Employment terminates. These RSUs will vest and convert to Shares as soon as administratively practicable following your termination of Employment, *provided* that you sign (and do not revoke) an agreement and release of claims satisfactory to the Company and be delivered to you on or as soon as administratively practicable after your termination pursuant to this section, with such release to become effective pursuant to its terms within sixty (60) days following your termination of employment or such other date specified by the Company as permitted under Section 409A.

6. Change in Control.

(a) Termination in Connection with Change in Control. If the Company terminates your Employment other than for Cause, or if you terminate your Employment for Good Reason, within six months prior to or within twenty-four (24) months after a Change in Control, your RSUs will immediately vest and convert to Shares on the later of the date of a Change in Control or the date of your termination following a Change in Control, as applicable and be delivered as soon as administratively practicable thereafter.

(b) Stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of Discover receive shares of common stock of an acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control,

there shall be substituted for each Share subject to this Award Certificate the number and class of shares of common stock of the acquiring entity into which each outstanding Share shall be converted pursuant to such Change in Control transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

(c) Non-stock Consideration. In the event of a Change in Control which results from a transaction pursuant to which the shareholders of Discover receive consideration other than shares of common stock of the acquiring entity that are registered under Section 12 of the Exchange Act, the value of the RSUs hereunder shall, unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion prior to such Change in Control, be converted into a right to receive the cash or other consideration received by the shareholders of Discover in such transaction, and this Award Certificate shall otherwise continue in effect.

7. Termination of Employment.

Your unvested RSUs will be forfeited and canceled if your Employment terminates for any reason other than under the circumstances set forth in Section 4, 5 or 6 of this Award Certificate.

8. Forfeiture/Cancellation/Clawback of RSU Awards Under Certain Circumstances.

(a) Breach of Restrictive Covenants. RSUs are not earned until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date and will be canceled prior to the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date under any of the circumstances set forth below. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs are or may be cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the RSUs were cancellable under the circumstances set forth below. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary and subject to Section 8(f) below, in the event that at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company, you (i) engage in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) breach your obligations to the Company under a confidentiality, intellectual property or other restrictive covenant, or (iii) for those participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity, with respect to each such incidence of violation and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, you shall be required to:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to your breach of the restrictive covenants; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to your breach of the restrictive covenants.

In the event of multiple incidences of breach of this provision of the Award Certificate (e.g., in the event of violation of the non-solicitation provision following engaging in Competitive Activity), the repayment amount will be additive for each incidence of violation, not to exceed

two times the amount calculated under paragraph 8(a)(1) and (2) above. If you engage in Wrongful Solicitation or engage in a Competing Activity, in addition to the remedies described in Section 8(a), the Company may also take such action at equity or in law as it deems appropriate to enforce the provisions of the applicable restrictive covenant, including pursuing injunctive relief.

The Company recommends that before accepting this Award Certificate, you consult with an attorney of your choice regarding the restrictive covenants described herein. You acknowledge that you have been provided at least fourteen (14) calendar days to review the applicable restrictive covenants prior to having to accept the award.

(b) Clawback. The Award and any cash payment or Shares delivered pursuant to the Award are subject to forfeiture, recovery by the Company or other action pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy in effect as of the Date of the Award or which the Company may adopt from time to time to comply with applicable law, including without limitation any such policy that the Company is required to adopt under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") or as otherwise required by law. Subject to any clawback policy adopted by the Company to comply with the Dodd-Frank Act (to the extent you are subject to such policy), in the event and to the extent the Committee reasonably determines that the performance considered by the Committee, and on the basis of which the amount of RSUs were granted or converted to Shares, was based on Discover's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy which requires Discover to file a restatement of its financial statements within three years of the Date of the Award, you will be required to comply with paragraphs (1) and (2) (as applicable) below to repay to the Company an amount equal to the number of RSUs which were granted or the Shares converted hereunder less the number of RSUs that would have been granted or the number of Shares that would have been converted had your RSUs been granted or converted based on compliance with any such financial reporting requirement under the securities laws or Company policy (such number of RSUs, the "**Clawback RSUs**," to be determined in each case by the Committee in its sole discretion and before satisfaction of tax or other withholding obligations pursuant to Section 9):

(1) You shall forfeit a number of RSUs hereunder equal to the Clawback RSUs. In the event such forfeited RSUs are less than the Clawback RSUs, then you shall comply with the following paragraph 2.

(2) You shall be required to:

(A) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined using a valuation method established by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements; or

(B) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus such amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the restatement of the Company's financial statements.

By accepting the RSUs you hereby agree and acknowledge that you are obligated to cooperate with and provide all assistance necessary to the Company to recover or recoup the RSUs or amounts paid under the Plan that are subject to the clawback pursuant to this Award

Certificate, applicable securities laws or listing standards or Company policy, including the Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy. Such cooperation and assistance shall include, but is not limited to, executing, completing and submitting and documentation necessary to recover or recoup any RSUs or amounts paid pursuant to RSUs.

(c) **Risk Review.** For select Covered Employees, as defined and identified by the Company, no RSUs will convert to Shares until the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer or receives confirmation from the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, that a review has been completed by the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, to determine whether you engaged in any willful or reckless violation of the Company's risk policies. If the Chief Risk Officer, or their delegate, finds any such violation or breach, then the Company or, in the case of Covered Employees subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act, the Committee, may determine that all or a portion of your RSUs will be forfeited.

(d) **Investigations.** In the event that the Company has either commenced an investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in or has evidence that may require investigation of a matter that you oversaw or were involved in, in either case concerning a breach of one of the obligations hereunder or a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may freeze your account and effectuate a transfer restriction such that your converted and delivered RSUs and any shares associated therewith may not be sold or transferred until such time as the Company reasonably believes the matter to be resolved. If, following the investigation, the Company determines, in its sole discretion, that you breached one of the obligations hereunder or committed a serious violation of Company policy, the Company may:

(1) forfeit all or a portion of your RSUs;

(2) require that you pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted hereunder, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to the circumstances described in this Section 8(d); or

(3) cancel Shares in your account or require that you transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted hereunder, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to the circumstances described in this Section 8(d).

(e) **Authorization.** You authorize the Company to deduct any amount or amounts owed by you pursuant to this Section 8 from any amounts payable by or on behalf of the Company to you, including, without limitation, any amount payable to you as salary, wages, paid time off, bonus, severance, change in control severance or the conversion of any equity-based award. This right of offset shall not be an exclusive remedy and the Company's election not to exercise this right of offset with respect to any amount payable to you shall not constitute a waiver of this right of offset with respect to any other amount payable to you or any other remedy. You further acknowledge and authorize the Company to take the actions described in this Section 8, including those described in Section 8(d).

(f) Non-Contravention. Nothing in this Award Certificate (including with respect to confidential information, trade secrets, and other obligations) is intended to be or will be construed to prevent, impede or interfere with your right to respond accurately and fully to any question, inquiry or request for information regarding your employment with the Company when required by legal process by a Federal, State or other legal authority, or from

initiating communications directly with, or responding to any inquiry from, or providing truthful testimony and information to, any Federal, State, or other regulatory authority in the course of an investigation or proceeding authorized by law and carried out by such agency. You are not required to contact the Company regarding the subject matter of any such communications before you engage in such communications. In addition, nothing in this Award Certificate is intended to restrict your legally protected right to discuss wages, hours or other working conditions with coworkers or in any way limit your rights under the National Labor Relations Act, any whistleblower law, or other applicable law. You acknowledge that that the Company has provided you notice of your immunity rights under the Defend Trade Secrets Act, which states: "(1) An individual shall not be held criminally or civilly liable under any Federal or State trade secret law for the disclosure of a trade secret that (A) is made (i) in confidence to a Federal, State, or local government official, either directly or indirectly, or to an attorney; and (ii) solely for the purpose of reporting or investigating a suspected violation of law; or (B) is made in a complaint or other document filed in a lawsuit or other proceeding, if such filing is made under seal; and (2) an individual who files a lawsuit for retaliation by an employer for reporting a suspected violation of law may disclose a trade secret to the attorney of the individual and use the trade secret information in the court proceeding, if the individual (A) files any document containing the trade secret under seal, and (B) does not disclose a trade secret, except pursuant to court order."

9. Tax and Other Withholding Obligations.

Subject to rules and procedures established by Discover, you may be eligible to elect to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations arising upon conversion of your RSUs or upon any taxable event by paying cash or by having Discover withhold Shares or by tendering Shares, in each case in an amount sufficient to satisfy the tax or other withholding obligations. Shares withheld or tendered will be valued using the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable, using a valuation methodology established by Discover.

10. Satisfaction of Obligations.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Award Certificate, the Company may, in its sole discretion, take various actions affecting your RSUs in order to collect amounts sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations. The Company's determination of the amount that you owe the Company shall be conclusive. The Fair Market Value of Stock for purposes of the following provisions shall be determined using a valuation methodology established by Company. The actions that may be taken by Discover pursuant to this Section 10 include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) Withholding of Shares. Upon conversion of RSUs, including any accelerated conversion pursuant to Sections 4, 5, or 6 above, or, if later, upon delivery of the Shares, the Company may withhold a number of Shares sufficient to satisfy any obligation that you owe to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations whether national, federal, state or local tax withholding obligations including any social insurance contributions or employment tax obligation. The Company shall determine the number of Shares to be withheld by dividing the dollar value of your obligation to the Company and any tax or other withholding obligations by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date the Award becomes taxable. To the extent that the Company retains any Shares or reduces the number of RSUs to cover the withholding obligations, it will do so at the applicable minimum statutory rate (or such other rate as will not cause adverse accounting consequences under the accounting rules then in effect, and is permitted by the Company). Should the Company withhold in excess of the actual tax withholding obligation, the Company may apply the excess withholding to another compensation tax liability.

(b) Netting of Accelerated RSUs. In order to satisfy any taxes due upon an event which is earlier than delivery, Discover, in its sole discretion, may accelerate the vesting and conversion of all or a portion of your unvested RSUs subject to Section 23 below. The Company shall determine the number of RSUs to be accelerated and converted by dividing the dollar value of your tax obligations upon such event by the Fair Market Value of Stock on the date of the Award becomes taxable. Accelerated and converted RSUs shall not exceed the value of taxes due upon such event and the resulting Shares will be withheld by the Company.

(c) Withholding of Other Compensation. Discover may withhold the payment of dividend equivalents on your RSUs or any other compensation or payments due from Discover to ensure satisfaction of any obligation that you owe the Company or any tax or other withholding obligations or Discover may permit you to satisfy such tax or other withholding obligation by paying such obligation in immediately available funds.

(d) Mobile Employees. You are liable and responsible for all taxes and social insurance contributions owed in connection with the Award, regardless of any action the Company takes with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the Award. The Company does not make any representation or undertaking regarding the tax treatment or the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, vesting or payment of the Award. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability. Further, you may be subject to individual income taxation (and possibly social security or other applicable personal or payroll taxes) in each jurisdiction where you have performed services for the Company between the Award Date and when the Award vests. Taxes for which you are liable, if applicable, may be withheld and deposited by the Company in each jurisdiction in which you have performed services regardless of your status as a resident or non-resident in one or more of the jurisdictions that have a right to impose taxation. You agree that you will comply with all United States and foreign individual income tax return filing obligations that may be imposed with respect to the Award.

11. Transfer Restrictions and Investment Representation.

(a) Nontransferability of Award. You may not sell, pledge, hypothecate, assign or otherwise transfer your RSUs, other than as provided in Section 12 (which allows you to designate a beneficiary or beneficiaries in the event of your death) or by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

(b) Investment Representation. You hereby covenant that (a) any sale of any share acquired upon the vesting of the Award shall be made either pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”), and any applicable state securities laws, or pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act and such state securities laws and (b) you shall comply with all regulations and requirements of any regulatory authority having control of or supervision over the issuance of the Shares and, in connection therewith, shall execute any documents which the Committee shall in its sole discretion deem necessary or advisable.

12. Designation of a Beneficiary.

You may make a revocable designation of beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive all or part of the Shares and any dividend equivalents credited to you pursuant to Section 3 hereof to be paid or delivered under this Award Certificate in the event of your death. Absent a designation on file, distributions pursuant to Section 4 will be made to your estate in accordance with applicable law. To make a beneficiary designation, you must complete and file the online form provided by E*TRADE or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan.

If you previously filed a designation of beneficiary form for your equity awards with the Human Resources Department, such form will also apply to the RSUs granted pursuant to this RSU Award. You may replace or revoke your beneficiary designation at any time, and the Company will rely on your most recent designation on file for purposes of beneficiary designation.

13. Ownership and Possession.

(a) Generally. Except as specified in Section 3 with respect to dividend equivalents, you will not have any rights as a shareholder with respect to your RSU Awards or the Shares underlying such RSUs prior to the vesting and conversion of your RSUs.

(b) Following Conversion. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Award Certificate, following the vesting and conversion of your RSUs and the issuance of the Shares underlying such RSUs in your name, you will be the beneficial owner of the Shares issued to you, subject to any tax withholding under Section 10, and you will be entitled to all rights of ownership with respect to such Shares, including voting rights and the right to receive cash or stock dividends or other distributions paid on such Shares.

14. Securities Law Matters.

Shares issued upon conversion of your RSUs may be subject to restrictions on transfer by virtue of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the applicable state securities laws. Discover may advise the transfer agent to place a stop order against such shares if it determines that such an order is necessary or advisable. Because Shares will only be maintained in book-entry form, you will not receive a stock certificate representing your interest in such Shares.

15. Compliance with Laws and Regulations.

Any sale, assignment, transfer, pledge, mortgage, encumbrance or other disposition of the Shares issued upon conversion of your RSUs (whether directly or indirectly, whether or not for value, and whether or not voluntary) must be made in compliance with any applicable constitution, rule, regulation, or policy of any of the exchanges or associations or other institutions with which the Company or a Related Employer has membership or other privileges, and any applicable law, or applicable rule or regulation of any governmental agency, self-regulatory organization or state or federal regulatory body.

16. No Entitlements.

(a) No Right to Continued Employment. This RSU Award is not an employment agreement, and nothing in this Award Certificate, the International Supplement, if applicable, or the Plan shall alter your status as an "at-will" employee of the Company or your Employment status at a Related Employer, nor does anything herein constitute a promise of continued employment or re-employment.

(b) No Right to Future Awards. This RSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive another award of RSUs, any other equity-based award or any other award at any time in the future or in respect of any future period.

(c) No Effect on Future Employment Compensation. This RSU Award is discretionary and does not confer on you any right or entitlement to receive compensation in any specific amount for any future fiscal year, and does not diminish in any way the Company's discretion to determine the amount, if any, of your compensation. In addition, this RSU Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account in determining any other Employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay, end

of service payments, bonuses, long-service awards or similar payments and in no event shall be considered as compensation for, or relating in any way to, past services for the Company.

(d) Termination of Employment. In consideration of the grant of the Award, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of the Award or diminution in value of the Award or Shares acquired through vesting of the Award resulting from termination of your Employment (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you irrevocably release the Company and the Related Employer from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then, by signing this Award Certificate, you will be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim; and in the event of termination of your Employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the Award and vest in the Award under the Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively Employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active Employment would not include a period of "garden leave" or similar period pursuant to local law); Discover shall have the exclusive discretion to determine when you are no longer actively Employed for purposes of your Award.

(e) Language. If you have received this Award Certificate or any other document related to the Plan translated into a language other than English and if the translated version is different than the English version, the English version will control.

(f) Award Terms Control. In the event of any conflict between any terms applicable to equity awards in any employment agreement, offer letter or other arrangement that you have entered into with the Company and the terms set forth in this Award Certificate, the latter shall control.

17. Consents.

Your RSU Award is conditioned upon the Company making of all filings and the receipt of all consents or authorizations required to comply with, or required to be obtained under, applicable local law.

In accepting this RSU Award, you consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data by and among, as applicable, the Company and any other possible recipients for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the Plan, as well as for the purpose of the Company's compliance with applicable law, including, without limitation, Section 953(b) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. You understand that the recipients of your personal data may be located in the U.S. or elsewhere, and the recipients' country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of your personal data, view the personal data, request additional information about the storage of your personal data, require any necessary amendments to your personal data or refuse or withdraw your consent by contacting your local human resources representative, in any case without cost. You understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the Plan.

18. Electronic Delivery and Consent to Electronic Participation.

The Company may, in its sole discretion, decide to deliver any documents related to the RSU Award and participation in the Plan or future RSU Awards by electronic means. You hereby consent to receive such documents by electronic delivery and to participate in the Plan through an online or electronic system established and maintained by the Company or another third party designated by the Company, including the acceptance of RSU Awards and the

execution of the RSU agreements through electronic signature. Electronic acceptance of this Award Certificate through the E*TRADE website, or such other vendor as the Company may choose to administer the Plan, shall be required and binding on you. Where electronic acceptance may not be permitted under applicable law, the Company may also request and require your physical signature. Your acceptance affirms your agreement to all the terms and conditions set forth in this Award Certificate and acceptance of the Award subject thereto. Not providing this acceptance within the timeframe stipulated may result in the Company forfeiting all or a portion of this Award.

19. Award Modification.

The Committee reserves the right to modify or amend unilaterally the terms and conditions of your RSUs, without first asking your consent, or to waive any terms and conditions that operate in favor of Discover. These amendments may include (but are not limited to) changes that the Committee considers necessary or advisable as a result of changes in any, or the adoption of any new, Legal Requirement. The Committee may not modify your RSUs in a manner that would materially impair your rights in your RSUs without your consent; *provided, however*, that the Committee may, without your consent, amend or modify your RSUs in any manner that the Committee considers necessary or advisable to comply with or reflect the application of any Legal Requirement or to ensure that your RSUs are not subject to United States federal, state or local income tax or any equivalent taxes in territories outside the United States prior to payment. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Award Certificate to the contrary, to the extent you transfer employment outside of the United States, the Award shall be subject to any special terms and conditions as Discover may need to establish to comply with local laws, rules, and regulations or to facilitate the operation and administration of the Award and the Plan in the country to which you transfer employment (or Discover may establish alternative terms and conditions as may be necessary or advisable to accommodate your transfer). Discover will notify you of any amendment of your RSUs that affects your rights. Any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Award Certificate (other than any amendment or waiver applicable to all recipients generally), which amendment or waiver operates in your favor or confers a benefit on you, must be in writing and signed by the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer to be effective.

20. Severability.

In the event the Committee determines that any provision of this Award Certificate would cause you to be in constructive receipt for United States federal or state income tax purposes of any portion of your RSU Award prior to the vesting of such Award, then such provision will be considered null and void and this Award Certificate will be construed and enforced as if the provision had not been included in this Award Certificate as of the date such provision was determined to cause you to be in constructive receipt of any portion of your RSU Award. In addition, in the event that any provision of this Award Certificate shall be held illegal or invalid for any reason, such illegality or invalidity shall not affect the remaining provisions of this Award Certificate, and this Award Certificate shall be construed and enforced as if the illegal or invalid provision had not been included.

21. Successors.

This Award Certificate shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of any successor or successors of Discover and any person or persons who shall, upon your death, acquire any rights hereunder in accordance with this Award Certificate or the Plan.

22. Governing Law.

This Award Certificate and the related legal relations between you and Discover will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to any conflicts or choice of law, rule or principle that might otherwise refer the interpretation of the RSU Award to the substantive law of another jurisdiction to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law. The Company and you agree that the jurisdiction and venue for any disputes arising under, or any action brought to enforce (or otherwise relating to), the Plan or this Award Certificate shall be exclusively in the courts in the State of Illinois, Counties of Cook or Lake, including the federal courts located therein (should federal jurisdiction exist), and the Company and you hereby submit and consent to said jurisdiction and venue to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law.

23. Section 409A.

This Award is intended to be exempt from or comply with Section 409A, and shall be interpreted and construed accordingly, and each payment hereunder shall be considered a separate payment for purposes of Section 409A. Subject to Section 2, to the extent this Award Certificate provides for the Award to become vested and be settled upon your termination of employment, the applicable Shares shall be transferred to you or your beneficiary upon your "separation from service," within the meaning of Section 409A. To the extent necessary or advisable to comply with Section 409A, with respect to any provision of this Award Certificate that provides for vested RSUs to convert to Shares on or as soon as administratively practicable after a specified event or date, such conversion and settlement will be made by the later of the end of the calendar year in which the specified event or date occurs or the 15th day of the third calendar month following the specified event or date. If any RSUs constitute deferred compensation under Section 409A and are payable subject to your execution and non-revocation of a release and the period to consider the release spans two separate taxable years, then the distribution of the RSUs that are conditioned upon such execution and non-revocation of the release shall be made in the later taxable year.

24. Defined Terms.

For purposes of this Award Certificate, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

(a) "Cause" means:

(1) any act or omission which constitutes a material breach of your obligations to the Company or your failure or refusal to perform satisfactorily any duties reasonably required of you, which breach, failure or refusal (if susceptible to cure) is not corrected (other than failure to correct by reason of your incapacity due to Disability) within ten (10) business days after written notification thereof to you by the Company;

(2) any act or omission by you that constitutes (i) fraud or intentional misrepresentation, (ii) embezzlement, misappropriation or conversion of assets of, or business opportunities considered by, the Company or (iii) any other act which has caused or may reasonably be expected to cause material injury to the interest or business reputation of the Company; or

(3) your violation of any securities, commodities or banking laws, any rules or regulations issued pursuant to such laws, or rules or regulations of any securities or commodities exchange or association of which the Company is a member or of any policy of the Company relating to compliance with any of the foregoing.

(b) "**Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer**" means the chief human resources & administrative officer of Discover, any successor chief human resources & administrative officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief human resources & administrative officer.

(c) "**Chief Risk Officer**" means the chief risk officer of Discover, any successor chief risk officer, or any other individual or committee appointed by the chief executive officer of Discover with the power and authority of the chief risk officer.

(d) "**Competitive Activity**" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, or serving in any similar position or capacity with, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the year preceding the termination of your employment with the Company; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(e) "**Competitor**" means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business in which you have been involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during your employment with the Company. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(f) "**Covered Employee**" means an employee who, as of the Date of the Award, has been identified as a covered employee by Human Resources.

(g) "**Date of the Award**" means the date set forth in this Award Certificate.

(h) "**Disability**" means a "permanent and total disability," as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(i) "**Employed**" and "**Employment**" refer to employment with the Company and/or Related Employment.

(j) "**Good Reason**" means the occurrence of any of the following upon, or within six (6) months prior to or twenty-four (24) months after the occurrence of a Change in Control of Discover without your prior written consent:

(1) any material diminution in your assigned duties, responsibilities and/or authority, including the assignment to you of any duties, responsibilities or

authority inconsistent with the duties, responsibilities and authority assigned to you, immediately prior to such assignment;

(2) a material diminution in the authority, duties, or responsibilities of the supervisor to whom you are required to report;

(3) any material reduction in your base compensation; provided, however, that Company-initiated across-the-board reductions in compensation affecting substantially all eligible Company employees shall alone not be considered "Good Reason," unless the compensation reductions exceed twenty percent (20%) of your base compensation;

(4) a material diminution of the budget over which you have authority;

(5) the Company's requiring you to be based at a location that (i) is in excess of thirty-five (35) miles from the location of your principal job location or office immediately prior to the Change in Control, or (ii) results in an increase in your normal daily commuting time by more than ninety (90) minutes, except for required travel on Company's business to an extent substantially consistent with your then present business travel obligations; or

(6) any other action or inaction that constitutes a material breach by the Company of any agreement pursuant to which you provide services to the Company.

For purposes of paragraphs (1) through (6) above, the duties, responsibilities and/or authority assigned to you shall be deemed to be the greatest of those in effect prior to or after the Change in Control. Unless you become Disabled, your right to terminate your Employment for Good Reason shall not be affected by your incapacity due to physical or mental illness. Your continued Employment shall not constitute consent to, or a waiver of rights with respect to, any circumstance constituting Good Reason. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Good Reason shall not exist unless you give the Company written notice thereof within thirty (30) days after its occurrence and the Company shall not have remedied the action within thirty (30) days after such written notice.

(k) "**Internal Revenue Code**" means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the rules, regulations and guidance thereunder.

(l) "**Legal Requirement**" means any law, regulation, ruling, judicial decision, accounting standard, regulatory guidance or other legal requirement (including any foreign legal requirements).

(m) "**Pro Ration Fraction**" means a fraction, not to exceed 1.0, the numerator of which is the number of completed months commencing on the later of (i) the first day of the calendar year of the Date of the Award or (ii) the first day of the month in which your employment commences and ending on the effective date of your termination of Employment, and the denominator of which is 12.

(n) "**Related Employment**" means your employment with an employer other than the Company (such employer, herein referred to as a "**Related Employer**"), provided: (1) you undertake such employment at the written request or with the written consent of the Chief Human Resources & Administrative Officer; (2) immediately prior to undertaking such employment you were an employee of the Company or were engaged in Related Employment (as defined herein); and (3) such employment is recognized by the Company in its discretion as Related Employment; provided further that the Company may (i) determine at any time in its

sole discretion that employment that was recognized by the Company as Related Employment no longer qualifies as Related Employment, and (ii) condition the designation and benefits of Related Employment on such terms and conditions as the Company may determine in its sole discretion. The designation of employment as Related Employment does not give rise to an employment relationship between you and the Company, or otherwise modify your and the Company's respective rights and obligations.

(o) "**Scheduled Vesting Date**" means the Scheduled Vesting Dates set forth in Award Certificate as the context requires.

(p) **"Wrongful Solicitation"** occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to employees with whom you worked or had professional or business contact, or who worked in or with your business unit, during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment; or

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); *provided, however,* that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Discover has duly executed and delivered this Award Certificate as of the Date of the Award.

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

By:

[EVP, Chief Human Resources Officer]

APPENDIX A

**Discover Financial Services
International Supplement**

This International Supplement to the Award Certificate ("International Supplement") contains supplemental terms and conditions for the RSU Award ("Equity Award") to employees of Discover Financial Services (or the relevant affiliated company) located in certain jurisdictions outside of the United States. The terms included in this International Supplement are intended to ensure compliance with the laws of the country in which you are Employed or, in certain instances, to make the awards more tax efficient in your country.

You have also received an Award Certificate applicable to your award. The Award Certificate, together with this International Supplement, collectively set forth the terms and conditions of your Equity Award. To the extent that this International Supplement amends, deletes or supplements any terms of the Award Certificate, this International Supplement shall control.

Capitalized terms that are used without definition in this International Supplement have the meanings assigned in the Plan or the Award Certificate.

All Employees Located Outside the United States.

If you are Employed outside of the United States, please note that your Equity Award is offered, issued and administered by Discover Financial Services, a Delaware corporation, and your local employer is not involved in the grant of awards under such equity incentive program. All

documents related to your Equity Award, including the Award Certificate, this International Supplement and the link by which you access these documents, originate and are maintained in the United States.

Your Equity Award is made in virtue of your Employment with, and your services performed for, the appropriate entities within the Company. However, your award does not form part of your entitlement to remuneration or benefits, whether pursuant to any contract of Employment to which you may be a party or otherwise. Similarly, the existence of a contract of Employment between you and any entity within the Company shall not confer on you any right or entitlement to participate in the Equity Award or to receive awards thereunder, or any expectation that you might participate in such equity incentive program or receive additional equity awards in the future. Your Equity Award, the Award Certificate, and/or this International Supplement does not constitute an employment contract and does not create an employment relationship or a promise of continued Employment for any period of time.

In addition, your Equity Award is not part of your base salary or wages and will not be taken into account (except to the extent otherwise required by local law) in determining any other employment-related rights you may have, such as rights to pension or severance pay.

Whether or not you have a contract of Employment with any entity within the Company, your rights and obligations under the terms of your office or Employment shall not be affected by your receipt of the Equity Award. By accepting your receipt of the Equity Award, you waive any and all rights to compensation or damages for any loss of the Equity Award in the event of your termination of your office or Employment for any reason whatsoever. This waiver applies whether or not such termination amounts to a wrongful or unfair dismissal.

You may be subject to applicable exchange control, currency control or similar financial laws that may affect your transactions with respect to your equity award, including without limitation, your ability to bring shares of Discover Financial Services common stock into your jurisdiction or to receive the proceeds of a sale of Discover Financial Services common stock in your jurisdiction. Moreover, you may be subject to certain notification, approval and/or repatriation obligations with respect to securities and funds you receive in connection with your awards. In addition the Company is not responsible for any foreign exchange fluctuations that change the value of your RSU Award. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Your Equity Award has not been authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities and may have been offered pursuant to an exemption from registration in your local jurisdiction. Similarly, no prospectus or similar offering or registration document has been prepared, authorized or approved by any applicable securities authorities in your jurisdiction. The grant of awards is being made only to employees of the Company and does not constitute and is not intended to be an offering to the public. For this reason, you must keep all award documents you receive, including but not limited to this International Supplement and the Award Certificate, confidential and you may not distribute or otherwise make public any award documents without the prior written consent of the Company. Moreover, you may not reproduce (in whole or in part) any award documents you receive. In addition, the shares of Company common stock you acquire upon vesting and conversion of your Equity Award may be subject to applicable restrictions on resale in your local jurisdiction. **You are encouraged to consult your advisors to ascertain whether any restrictions or obligations apply to you.**

Employees in China.

If you are employed in China or are a Chinese national on international assignment outside of China for the Company, but your Equity Award was made in China and/or you will be taxed there, your Equity Award will be settled in cash. Rather than convert awards to shares pursuant to Section 1 of the Award Certificate and Sections 4 through 6 of the Award Certificate, the Company will convert your Equity Award to cash and the Company or your local employer will deliver the cash payment to you. You consent to this cash conversion in exchange for the Equity Award. All other terms and conditions of the Plan and the Award Certificate will otherwise apply to your Equity Award.

Employees in the United Kingdom or European Union.

If you are employed in the United Kingdom (or the European Union), the Company will act in accordance with the Data Protection Act of 2018 as amended from time to time and the General Data Protection Regulation as amended from time to time as applicable regarding any personal information which you provide to it in connection with your Equity Award (including the amount of the award) and you acknowledge the need for the processing of such personal information in order to facilitate your participation in such equity incentive program, for any purposes required by law or

regulation, or for any other legitimate business purpose. By accepting your Equity Award, you acknowledge that from time to time, for the purposes described above, your personal information may be stored and processed by and disclosed and transferred to other offices and companies within the Company and to third parties, some of which are situated outside of the European Union and may not offer as high a level of protection for personal information as countries within the European Union.

The following provisions apply in lieu of those contained in the Award Certificate for employees in the United Kingdom.

Section 8(a)

The forfeiture, cancellation and/or clawback circumstances and events set forth in this Section 8 are designed, among other things, to incentivize compliance with the Company's policies (including, without limitation, the Company's risk policies and Code of Conduct), to protect the Company's interests in non-public, confidential and/or proprietary information, products, trade secrets, customer relationships, workforce stability, and other legitimate business interests, and to ensure an orderly transition of responsibilities. This Section 8 shall apply notwithstanding any other terms of this Award Certificate (except where sections in this Award Certificate specifically provide that the circumstances set forth in this Section 8 no longer apply).

(a) Conditions. Notwithstanding your satisfaction of the vesting conditions of this Award Certificate, RSUs are not earned: (1) until the applicable Scheduled Vesting Date; and (2) unless the conditions set forth in this section 8(a) below are met. Although you will become the beneficial owner of Shares following conversion of your RSUs, the Company may, upon notice, issue a transfer restriction with respect to your Shares following conversion of your RSUs pending any investigation or other review that impacts the determination as to whether the RSUs meet the conditions set forth below. The Shares underlying such RSUs shall not legally vest in you and shall be forfeited and recoverable in the event the Company determines that the conditions set forth in this section 8(a) below are not met. Notwithstanding any provision of this Award Certificate to the contrary, in order for legal ownership of the Shares to fully vest in you it is a strict condition that you must not at any time prior to one year after the termination of your Employment or service with the Company (i) engage, in Wrongful Solicitation, (ii) misuse the Company's confidential, proprietary information and/or intellectual property, as defined in your employment contract, the Company Code of Conduct, and/or any other relevant agreements or policies issued to you, or (iii) for those Participants classified by the Company as an officer of Discover Financial Services or one of its Subsidiaries on the date of grant, engage in Competitive Activity. If the conditions above are not met, you will:

(1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, and shall include an amount for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to repay such amounts due to you not meeting the conditions above; or

(2) transfer to the Company the number of Shares that vested and converted on or after, or within one year prior to, your termination of Employment, plus an amount calculated by the Company, in its sole discretion, for tax adjustments appropriate to reflect your obligation to transfer such common stock due to you not meeting the conditions above.

Section 24(e), (f) and (r)

(e) "Competitive Activity" means:

(1) becoming, or entering into any arrangement as, an employee, officer, partner, member, proprietor, director, independent contractor, consultant, advisor, representative or agent of, a Competitor, where you will be responsible for providing, or managing or supervising others who are providing, services (i) that are similar or substantially related to the services that you provided to the Company, or (ii) that you had direct or indirect managerial or supervisory responsibility for at the Company, or (iii) that call for the application of the same or similar specialized knowledge or skills as those utilized by you in your services for the Company, in each such case, at any time during the year preceding the earlier of the start of your notice period and the Employment; or

(2) either alone or in concert with others, forming, or acquiring a five percent (5%) or greater equity ownership, voting interest or profit participation in, a Competitor.

(f) "Competitor" means any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in (or that owns a significant interest in any corporation, partnership or other entity that engages in) (1) the business of consumer lending, including, without limitation, credit card issuance or electronic payment services, or (2) any other business which you have been materially involved in or had significant knowledge of, which has been conducted by the Company at any time during the two years preceding the termination of your Employment. For the avoidance of doubt, a competitor of any entity which results from a corporate transaction involving the Company that constitutes a Change in Control shall be considered a Competitor for purposes of this Award Certificate.

(r) "Wrongful Solicitation" occurs upon either of the following events:

(1) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, and within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you hire or solicit, recruit, induce, entice, influence or encourage any Company employee to leave the Company or become hired or engaged by another firm; *provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to employees of the Company who had access to confidential information of the Company and (i) were employed at the level of officer or above, or (ii) who worked in or with your business unit or (iii) for whom you had direct or indirect responsibility, and in each case with whom you had material contact in the course of your Employment, at any time during the year preceding the earlier of the start of your notice period and the termination of your Employment; or*

(2) while Employed, including during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment, or within one year after the termination of your Employment, directly or indirectly in any capacity (including through any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity of any kind), you solicit or entice away or in any manner attempt to persuade any client or customer, or prospective client or customer, of the Company (i) to discontinue or diminish his, her or its relationship or prospective relationship with the Company or (ii) to otherwise provide his, her or its business to any person, corporation, partnership or other business entity which engages in any line of business in which the Company is engaged (other than the Company); *provided, however, that this clause shall apply only to clients or customers, or prospective clients or customers, that you worked for on an actual or prospective project or assignment during any notice period applicable to you in connection with the termination of your Employment or during the one year preceding notice of the termination of your Employment.*

* * *

The Company recommends that you seek advice of your tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of your awards.

Exhibit 10.59

Severance Plan
Summary Plan Description
2024

The Discover Financial Services Welfare Benefits Plan (Plan) includes a variety of welfare benefits, including the plan of Discover Financial Services and its domestic affiliates (Discover), regarding severance pay and pay in lieu of notice of termination (Severance Plan).

The Plan is a "welfare plan" within the meaning of Section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA) and shall be construed in a manner consistent with such intent. Severance payments made under the Severance Plan are funded entirely from general corporate assets.

This booklet is the Summary Plan Description (SPD) for the Severance Plan as in effect on August 1, 2024, and is the Program Document, as defined under the Plan and describes the severance benefits offered under the Plan. This SPD explains the applicable terms of the Severance Plan in easy-to-understand language. Additional SPDs are available for other benefits offered under the Plan, including medical, dental, vision, life, disability, etc. This booklet and certain other documents, including such other SPDs, any applicable insurance contracts, and any other applicable plan documents together make up the official Plan documents. If there is any conflict between the information in the Plan documents and any other materials, including any verbal representation, the Plan documents control. Any prior severance plan, policy, guidelines, SPDs or informal practice with respect to the payment of severance, separation or termination pay are superseded by this document. Discover Financial Services is the Plan sponsor and reserves the right to amend or discontinue the Plan and/or the Severance Plan at any time in its sole discretion.

You should read the SPD carefully and keep it with your other important papers for future reference.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | |
|---|----|
| COVERED EMPLOYEES | 4 |
| ELIGIBILITY FOR SEVERANCE PAY | 4 |
| AMOUNT OF SEVERANCE PAY | 5 |
| REDUCTION OF SEVERANCE PAY | 6 |
| WHEN PAYMENTS ARE MADE | 6 |
| RE-EMPLOYMENT FOLLOWING NOTICE OF TERMINATION | 6 |
| OUTPLACEMENT ASSISTANCE AND OTHER BENEFITS | 6 |
| PAY | 7 |
| ADMINISTRATION OF THE SEVERANCE PLAN | 7 |
| OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION | 8 |
| YOUR ERISA RIGHTS | 10 |
| CLAIMING BENEFITS | 11 |

COVERED EMPLOYEES

The following U.S. employees may become eligible to receive severance pay under the Severance Plan:

- Full-time employees
- Flex part-time employees
- Regular part-time employees
- Part-time employees

(collectively known as "Employee(s)")

An Employee must be in active employment as shown on the Discover® payroll, on a paid leave of absence or, solely to the extent required by law, on an unpaid leave of absence in order to be an Employee. Individuals who are: (a) classified by Discover and its affiliates as non-U.S. benefits-eligible workers, including, but not limited to, interns, summer associates, temporary workers, contingent workers, as well as individuals classified by Discover and its affiliates as leased workers, independent contractors or consultants, regardless of whether or not such classification is subsequently upheld for any purpose by a court or Federal, state or local administrative authority; (b) covered by a collective bargaining agreement with respect to which Discover or an affiliate is a party, unless such agreement provides for participation in the Severance Plan; or (c) hired in connection with an acquisition agreement entered into on or after January 1, 2008, unless such agreement provides for participation in the Severance Plan, are not eligible to participate in the Severance Plan.

Any individual who is employed as a fixed-term employee is not an Employee and is not eligible to participate in the Severance Plan. Discover classifies Employees under the Discover Financial Services Employee Classification and Type Policy.

The determination of whether an individual is an Employee shall be made by the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion.

ELIGIBILITY FOR SEVERANCE PAY

An Employee is eligible to receive severance pay if the Employee is involuntarily terminated by notice with a termination date on or after November 1, 2019 by Discover, as detailed below:

- Due to an economic release, which is defined as the permanent closing of an office or facility, elimination of a job or position or a permanent reduction in staff. Whether a release is an economic release shall be conclusively determined by the Plan Administrator in his/her sole discretion.
- Due to an increase and/or addition of skills required of an Employee's current position, as determined by the Plan Administrator.

An Employee shall be ineligible for any benefits under the Severance Plan unless he or she signs a waiver and release agreement in such form, and within such time, as is acceptable to Discover in its sole discretion. Discover may require more than one waiver and release in accordance with this paragraph.

An Employee shall be ineligible for any severance pay benefits under the Severance Plan if any of the following apply, each of which shall be conclusively determined by the Plan Administrator in his/her sole discretion:

- The Employee applies for an open position with Discover and is offered the job (regardless of grade level or responsibility).
- The Employee is offered an alternative position, in writing, with Discover prior to the Employee's planned termination date with Discover that is:
 1. of comparable responsibility, authority and job duties
 2. at or above the pay grade, and in all material respects provides the same incentive opportunity other than any Discover-initiated across-the-board reductions in compensation, including incentive opportunities, affecting substantially all eligible Discover Employees; and
 3. not more than thirty-five (35) miles from the location of the Employee's job with Discover immediately prior to the involuntary termination.

- The Employee's termination results from a merger, acquisition or other form of corporate reorganization, such as a sale or spin-off of a business unit, and the Employee has been offered a position, in writing, with the acquiring or successor entity or any affiliate prior to the Employee's planned termination date that is:

1. of comparable responsibility, authority and job duties
2. at or above the pay grade, and in all material respects provides the same incentive opportunity (other than any Discover-initiated, across-the-board reductions in compensation, including incentive opportunities, affecting substantially all eligible Discover Employees) of, and
3. not more than thirty-five (35) miles from the location of the Employee's job with Discover immediately prior to the involuntary termination.

- The Employee has been laid off, and there is a reasonable expectation, in the opinion of Discover, that the Employee's layoff will be temporary and that he or she will be recalled to work by Discover within 60 days of the date the Employee is laid off.
- The Employee is terminated for performance or conduct.
- The Employee acts to the detriment of Discover after being notified that he/she will be terminated.
- The Employee voluntarily terminates employment with Discover by quitting, resigning, abandoning his/her job, or has provoked such termination.
- The Employee is covered by an individual employment agreement or other contractual arrangement providing for severance benefits, separation pay, or any other form of termination pay, payments or post termination benefits, or which contains a provision requiring the individual to be given notice prior to termination.
- The Employee fails to return all Discover property within seven days following termination of employment (or any shorter period that may be established by Employee's business unit), including, but not limited to, files, records, keys, product samples, credit cards, building access card, computer equipment, fax, answering machines, cell phones and wireless email devices.
- The Plan Administrator requests that the Employee remain an active Employee for a period of time following notice of termination during which the Employee continues to perform his/her job duties as required by Discover (working notice period) and the Employee fails to complete such period.

AMOUNT OF SEVERANCE PAY

Employees eligible for severance pay shall receive an amount based upon the length of the Employee's service as an Employee (Service) and employment status at termination.

| EMPLOYEES | WEEKS PER YEAR OF SERVICE | MINIMUM WEEKS OF SEVERANCE |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| NONEXEMPT | 2 | 4 |
| EXEMPT GRADES 1-7 | 2 | 4 |
| EXEMPT GRADES 8-9 | 2 | 8 |
| DIRECTORS | 3 | 26 |
| VICE PRESIDENT AND ABOVE | 3 | 52 |

Partial years of Service shall be considered for purposes of calculating severance pay. If an employee is rehired, or otherwise has gaps in service, only the most current period of service is used for purposes of calculating severance pay.

The maximum severance pay payable under the Severance Plan is 52 weeks.

In addition, Employees eligible for the Corporate Bonus Program will also receive an amount equal to the Employee's target annual cash bonus, adjusted on a pro-rata basis by multiplying the target annual cash bonus by a fraction where the numerator is the number of days of the applicable calendar year through which the Employee was employed by Discover, and the denominator is the number of days of the applicable calendar year

(either 365 or 366 as applicable). This calculation applies to the target annual cash bonus for the year that includes the date of the Employee's termination, and for the prior year unless the annual cash bonus for the prior year has been paid by the date of the Employee's termination.

REDUCTION OF SEVERANCE PAY

Unless Discover®, in its sole discretion, determines otherwise, severance pay shall be reduced by the amount of any severance or termination pay, or pay in lieu of notice, paid or required to be paid to the Employee under any applicable law, including the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (WARN) and any similar state laws.

Any severance paid under this Severance Plan may be further reduced to the extent necessary to take into account any outstanding financial obligations the Employee has to Discover. Any reduction determinations will be made by Discover in its sole discretion.

WHEN PAYMENTS ARE MADE

Upon the acceptance by Discover of the Employee's fully executed waiver and release agreement in a form acceptable to Discover in its sole discretion, Discover will pay the severance benefits in a lump sum cash payment to the former Employee within the time frame as specified in the waiver and release agreement.

Discover shall cause to be withheld from severance payments such Federal and state income taxes, payroll and other applicable taxes, and deductions as Discover deems appropriate. Taxes

on severance amounts will be withheld using the supplemental rates, which are fixed rates during the applicable year. Exemptions do not apply to adjust the amount of tax withholdings taken from these payments. In addition, benefit deductions (i.e. 401(k) Plan deferrals) may not be withheld from your severance pay.

No benefits payable under the Severance Plan can be assigned, pledged, alienated or subject to any lien. As a result, your benefit is not subject to garnishment, attachment or other creditor's process.

RE-EMPLOYMENT FOLLOWING NOTICE OF TERMINATION

If an Employee is re-employed by Discover or successor within one year of the Employee's offer of severance and termination, he/she will be required to repay to Discover, as a condition to such re-employment the amount of the severance payment received that is in excess of what would have been received as base salary (as determined by Discover), if the Employee had remained employed by Discover from the Termination Date through the rehire date. Any re-employment or repayment under this provision will not affect the validity of any previously executed waiver and release agreement.

OUTPLACEMENT ASSISTANCE AND OTHER BENEFITS

Employees who receive severance pay will have access to the services of an outplacement agency to assist the employee in finding suitable employment based upon employment status. The outplacement agency will be determined by Discover in its sole discretion.

| EMPLOYEES | OUTPLACEMENT SERVICE |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| NONEXEMPT | 3 Months |
| EXEMPT GRADES 1-7 | 4 Months |
| EXEMPT GRADES 8-9 | 6 Months |
| DIRECTORS | 9 Months |
| VICE PRESIDENTS AND ABOVE | 12 Months |

Benefits coverage for Employees and their covered family members will terminate as a result of termination of employment, in accordance with the terms of each respective employee benefit plan. However, Employees and their covered family members will be provided with the opportunity to

continue as participants at their own expense in Discover® group health plans, pursuant to the terms of those plans to the extent required by applicable law, including COBRA.

Employees who receive severance benefits will receive an additional severance payment, payable at the same time as severance pay equal to the applicable premiums for group health plan coverage in place prior to their termination of employment, plus an additional payment for income taxes multiplied by a continuation period as provided below:

| EMPLOYEES | MONTHS OF COBRA PAYMENT |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| NONEXEMPT | 3 Months |
| EXEMPT GRADES 1–7 | 4 Months |
| EXEMPT GRADES 8–9 | 6 Months |

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| DIRECTORS | 9 Months |
| VICE PRESIDENTS AND ABOVE | 12 Months |

PAY

For purposes of this Severance Plan, pay used to calculate benefits generally shall be the Employee's annual base or regular pay, and for Corporate Bonus Program eligible Employees ("bonus-eligible Employees") will also include the applicable target annual cash bonus.

For Employees who work less than full-time, pay will be calculated using base or regular pay averaged over the most recent six full biweekly pay periods, then annualized, plus for bonus-eligible Employees, will also include the applicable target annual cash bonus.

In the case of Employees compensated on a draw plus commissions-only basis, pay shall mean the Employee's annual draw or another amount determined by the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion to reflect a regular pay rate plus, for bonus-eligible Employees, will also include the applicable target annual cash bonus.

For all Employees, pay shall exclude such items as taxable fringe benefits, equity compensation, incentive pay, bonuses other than under the Corporate Bonus Program, overtime or other premium pay. The amount of pay considered under the Severance Plan shall be conclusively determined by the Plan Administrator.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE SEVERANCE PLAN

The Discover Financial Services Employee Benefits Committee (or its delegate) is the Plan Administrator.

The Plan Administrator has authority to control and manage the operation and administration of the Severance Plan and make such rules and regulations and take such actions to administer the Severance Plan as she/he may deem appropriate, including paying severance benefits under this Severance Plan, in its sole discretion. The Plan Administrator's duties are carried out on its behalf by its delegates (who act in their own capacity as such and not as individual fiduciaries). The Plan Administrator has delegated administrative authority to carry out its duties to the Director of Employee Relations at Discover. The Plan Administrator may also engage the services of other persons or organizations, such as actuaries, attorneys, accountants and consultants to render advice and perform services. The Plan Administrator, in its capacity as "named fiduciary" as defined under Section 402(a)(2) of ERISA, shall have the sole discretionary authority to find facts, to interpret and construe the terms of the Severance Plan and to determine eligibility for benefits in accordance with the terms of the Severance Plan. Any construction or interpretation of the Severance Plan's terms or determination made by the Plan Administrator as to facts or eligibility for benefits shall be final and binding upon Discover, Employees and their spouses/domestic partners, dependents, heirs, successors and assigns, unless such construction, interpretation or determination is finally determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be arbitrary or capricious.

OTHER IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Administrative Information

The Discover Financial Services Welfare Benefits Plan (the "Plan") includes a variety of welfare benefits, including the Severance Plan. The Plan is an unfunded welfare benefit plan, subject to ERISA, providing among other benefits, severance pay benefits. The Plan is sponsored and maintained by Discover Financial Services.

The Employer Identification Number for Discover Financial Services is 36-2517428. The Severance Plan is part of the Plan. The Plan Identification Number is 501.

Plan Sponsor

Discover Financial Services
c/o myHR Service Center
Dept. 10820
P.O. Box 64116
The Woodlands, TX 77387-4116
844-DFS-myHR (844-337-6947)

Plan Administrator and Named Fiduciary Discover Financial Services Employee Benefits Committee c/o myHR Service Center

Dept. 10820
P.O. Box 64116
The Woodlands, TX 77387-4116
844-DFS-myHR (844-337-6947)

Agent for Service of Legal Process

The designated agent for the service of legal process is:

Law and Compliance Department
Attn: General Counsel
Discover Financial Services
2500 Lake Cook Road, Riverwoods, IL 60015
Service of legal process also may be made on the plan administrator.

Participating Employers

All majority-owned U.S. subsidiaries and affiliates of Discover® with U.S. employees are employers participating in the Plan except for certain affiliates acquired after January 1, 2008, which do not participate in the Plan.

The list of participating employers includes:

- Discover Financial Services
- Discover Bank
- Discover Products Inc.
- Pulse Network LLC
- DFS Services LLC
- DFS International Inc.
- Diners Club International Ltd.
- The Student Loan Corporation
- DFS Corporate Services LLC

An updated list of employers participating in the Plan may be obtained by written request to the Plan Administrator at the address shown. Plan participants and beneficiaries may also receive, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, information as to whether a particular employer participates in the Plan and, if the employer does participate, the employer's address.

Severance Plan Funding

The Severance Plan is an unfunded Plan. All severance payments are made from Discover® general assets.

Plan Year

The Plan Year runs from January 1 through December 31.

If the Plan and/or the Severance Plan Is Terminated or Modified

Although Discover and its affiliates expect to continue the Plan and the Severance Plan indefinitely, Discover by action of its Head of Human Resources, necessarily reserves the right to amend, modify or discontinue the Plan or any benefits under the Plan, including severance benefits, at any time for any reason or from time to time.

Plan Documents Govern

To the extent there is any inconsistency between the terms of this document or any other document or verbal representation, the terms of this Plan document govern.

No Guarantee of Employment

Neither this booklet nor participation in the Plan is a guarantee of continued employment.

Discretionary Authority of Plan Administrator and Other Plan Fiduciaries

In carrying out their respective responsibilities under the Plan, the Plan Administrator and other Plan fiduciaries shall have the exclusive right and discretionary authority to make any findings necessary or appropriate for any purpose under the Plan, including to interpret the terms of the Plan and to determine eligibility for and entitlement to Plan benefits, including severance benefits under the Severance Plan. Any interpretation or determination made pursuant to such discretionary authority shall be given full force and effect, unless it can be shown that the interpretation or determination was arbitrary and capricious.

Indemnification

To the fullest extent permitted by law, Discover and its affiliates will indemnify and hold harmless the Plan Administrator, each member of the Employee Benefits Committee, the Claims Committee, the Hearing Panel and each other employee, officer and director of Discover or of any member of the company's affiliates, to whom fiduciary responsibilities are delegated under the Plan against any cost or expense (including attorneys' fees) or liability (including any sum paid in settlement of a claim with the approval of Discover) arising out of any act or omission to act, except in the case of willful misconduct or lack of good faith. This paragraph shall not supersede any separate agreement or contract between Discover or an affiliate, the Plan Administrator, the Employee Benefits Committee, the Claims Committee or the Hearing Panel and any other person to whom fiduciary responsibilities are delegated.

Governing Law

The Plan shall be governed by Federal law, and, to the extent not pre-empted by Federal law, including the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA), the laws of the State of Illinois.

YOUR ERISA RIGHTS

As a participant in the Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA. ERISA provides that all Plan participants shall be entitled to:

Receive Information About Your Plan and Benefits

- Examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations such as work sites, all documents governing the Plan, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.
- Obtain, upon written request to the Plan Administrator, copies of documents governing the operation of the Plan, and copies of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) and a copy of the most recent Summary Plan Description. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies.
- Receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report. The Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report.

Prudent Action by Plan Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for Plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of you and other Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining benefits to which you are entitled under the Plan or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Enforce Your Rights

If your claim for a Plan benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request materials from the Plan or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If you have a claim for benefits that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court.

If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

Assistance With Your Questions

If you have any questions about the Plan, you should contact your HR Representative. For more information about your rights under ERISA and other laws affecting benefit plans, contact the nearest office of Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA); U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, EBSA, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the EBSA or by visiting the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa.

CLAIMING BENEFITS

Claims and Appeals Process Under the Plan

The following is a general summary of the claims and appeals process for the Plan. All claims for benefits under the Plan, including all alleged administrative or other errors, must be filed in accordance with the claims procedures. In most cases, benefits to which you are entitled are paid upon your eligibility for benefits under the Plan without a request.

If you believe you are entitled to benefits under the Plan, you may contact your HR Representative. If your HR Representative advises you that you are not eligible for severance benefits under the Plan and you disagree, you may file a claim for benefits. A "claim" is your first request for a review of the denial, and an "appeal" is your second request for review of the denial.

If My Initial Request for Payment Is Denied, How Do I File a Claim for Benefits?

You or an authorized representative (your spouse or adult child, or a person authorized, in writing or by a court on your behalf) have the right to file a claim for benefits under the Plan. Your claim must be in writing. Send all documentation that you consider relevant, and a statement of why you believe your claim should be granted, to the Claims Committee c/o Discover myHR. If you are not satisfied with the Claim Reviewer's decision, you have the right to file an appeal (a second request for a review of your denial).

Who Reviews My Claim or Appeal?

The Claims Committee is the Reviewer responsible for reviewing claims for benefits under the Plan. If the amount involved is \$20,000 or less, your claim may instead be decided by Discover Financial Services' Director of Benefits (or delegate). The Director of Benefits, in his or her sole discretion, determines whether the amount involved exceeds \$20,000.

When Must I File a Claim?

Your claim must be filed in a timely manner. You must file your claim within 180 days following the date your initial request for benefits is denied. If you want to file an appeal (the second level review) after your claim (the first level review) is denied, you must do so within 180 days following the denial of your claim.

You may not bring a lawsuit to recover benefits under this Plan until you have exhausted the Plan's administrative process described in this booklet. If your appeal is denied, you have the right to file a lawsuit under ERISA, provided you do so before the earliest of:

- Six months following the date of your appeal has been denied;
- Three years following the date benefits under the Plan commenced or services related to the amount you are appealing were performed, as applicable or;
- The end of the otherwise applicable statutory limitation period.

When Will I Receive a Decision on My Claim or Appeal?

Claims will be decided within 90 days of receipt, but a 90-day extension is allowed if the Reviewer needs additional time due to special circumstances, and appeals will be decided within 60 days of receipt, but a 60-day extension is allowed if the Reviewer needs additional time due to special circumstances.

What Happens If My Claim Is Denied?

If your claim is denied, in whole or in part, you will receive a written or electronic notice containing the following information:

- The specific reason for the denial;
- Reference to the specific plan provisions on which the denial is based;
- A description of any additional material or information which you must provide in order to complete your claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- Incomplete claims will be treated as part of the request for information and extension process and not as a denial unless you do not respond to the request for information within the required time period; and
- Instruction and deadlines for making an appeal, including a statement of your right to file a lawsuit under ERISA, if your appeal is denied.

How Do I Make an Appeal If My Claim Is Denied?

Your appeal must be in writing. Send a statement of why you believe your appeal should be granted, along with all documentation that you consider relevant, to the Hearing Panel, c/o Discover myHR. You will be provided, upon request and without charge, reasonable access to, and copies of all documents, records and other information relevant to your claim under applicable legal standards.

What Happens If My Appeal Is Denied?

If your appeal is denied, in whole or in part, you will receive a written or electronic notice containing the following information:

- The specific reasons for the denial;
- Reference to the specific plan provisions on which the denial is based;
- A statement that you are entitled to receive, upon request and without charge, reasonable access to and copies of all documents, records and other information relevant to your claim under applicable legal standards; and
- A statement of your right to file a lawsuit under ERISA.

May I Have My Appeal Reheard?

No. All decisions of the Hearing Panel are final, conclusive and binding. If, however, you believe that the Reviewer did not follow the terms of the plan or has violated law, you may bring a legal action under ERISA. See the "Your ERISA Rights" section above.

How Do I Contact The Persons And Entities Named In These Procedures?

Send all correspondence and documents to the Claims Committee, Hearing Panel, Director of Benefits or Discover myHR to:

Discover Benefit Determination Review Team

DEPT 10820

P.O. Box 299107

Lewisville, TX 75029-9107

Fax: 847-554-1441

What Else Should I Know About How The Reviewers Make Decisions?

The Plan Administrator and fiduciaries, including the reviewers, have discretionary authority to interpret the Plan and make determinations under the Plan. Any decision made pursuant to this authority is given full force and effect unless arbitrary or capricious. You may contact Discover myHR by phone, on the Web or by fax as follows:

Benefits Representatives:

844-DFS-myHR (844-337-6947)

8:00am – 6:00pm, Central time, Monday through Friday, except certain holidays

Web site:

MyDiscoverBenefits.com

24 hours a day, seven days a week

Fax:

847-554-1441

Exhibit 10.60

Private and Confidential

[●], 2024

[Name]

[Address]

[Name],

Reference is made to (1) the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 19, 2024 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among Discover Financial Services (the "Company"), Capital One Financial Corporation ("Capital One") and Vega Merger Sub, Inc. and (2) the Discover Financial Services Change in Control Severance Policy Amended and Restated May 3, 2024 (the "Severance Policy").

The Company hereby acknowledges and agrees that the closing of the transactions (the "Mergers") contemplated by the Merger Agreement (the "Closing") will constitute "Good Reason" under the Severance Policy (but, for clarity, not under any retention award that may have been granted to you pursuant to, or in connection with, the Mergers) as a result of, and effective as of, the Closing, subject to your continued employment in good standing through such date. If you intend to terminate your employment for "Good Reason" pursuant to this letter, you must give written notice to the Company of such intention no later than thirty (30) days after [the date] of the Closing.

Nothing in this acknowledgement letter constitutes a contract of employment or a right to employment for any period of time, and your employment continues to be at-will and may be terminated by you or the Company (or, after the Closing, Capital One) at any time for any reason or no reason. If you have any questions regarding this acknowledgment letter, please contact [Name] at [Email Address].

Sincerely,

Michael Shepherd
Interim Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 10.61

December 11, 2024

Discover Financial Services (the "Company") is considering paying or settling some of your 2025 compensation early. The early payment and settlement are designed to reduce potential adverse tax consequences that you may experience as a result of the acquisition by Capital One Financial Corporation ("Capital One").

You are not required to agree to early payment and settlement. It is entirely at your election. In addition, you will need to return amounts paid early under certain circumstances. Finally, amounts paid early remain subject to existing clawback and risk review provisions.

1. This is a binding agreement if you elect to participate.

If you agree, this letter agreement (this "Agreement") will memorialize your agreement with the Company regarding the early payment of part of your 2024 cash bonus and early vesting and settlement of certain restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance stock units ("PSUs") (if applicable) on or after December 19, 2024 and no later than December 31, 2024 (the date of such payment and settlement, the "Payment Date") as set forth below.

2. Early payment of your 2024 bonus.

Subject to your continued employment in good standing through the Payment Date, on the Payment Date, or as soon as administratively practicable thereafter, the Company will pay you [115% of your target annual cash bonus][your annual cash bonus after applying the individual performance factor and risk modifier, if any] for 2024, less applicable deductions and withholdings (your "Bonus Prepayment"). Your Bonus Prepayment will be treated for tax withholding and reporting purposes as taxable compensation to you when made. In 2025, at the time the Company typically determines bonuses, it will determine the actual amount of your annual cash bonus for 2024 and may pay you any excess over your Bonus Prepayment (after taking into consideration [individual performance factors,] risk and/or compliance adjustments, Company discretion, etc.), less applicable deductions and withholdings.

3. Early vesting and settlement of your RSUs and PSUs (if applicable).

Subject to your continued employment in good standing through the Payment Date, on the Payment Date, the Company will accelerate the vesting and settlement of 100% of any RSUs granted to you in 2024 that were scheduled to vest by their terms between January 1, 2025 and June 30, 2025 (your "RSU Presettlement") and 110% of the target amount of any PSUs granted to you in 2022 for the 2022-2024 performance period (your "PSU Presettlement"), in each case less applicable deductions and withholdings. Your RSU Presettlement and PSU Presettlement will be treated for tax withholding and reporting purposes as taxable compensation to you when vested and settled. For purposes of this Agreement, "Shares" has the meaning set forth in the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

4. Your repayment obligations.

If your employment with the Company is terminated by you without Good Reason (as defined in the Discover Financial Services Change in Control Severance Policy Amended and Restated May 3, 2024 (the "Severance Policy")) or by the Company for Cause (as defined in the Severance Policy) on or before February 14, 2025, subject to any applicable exceptions set forth in the Company's policies and procedures, including the Year-End Incentive Standard, you agree to promptly (but in any event no later than 15 days following the date of termination) repay to the Company the pre-tax amount of your Bonus Prepayment.

If your employment with the Company is terminated by you without Good Reason or by the Company for Cause before the originally-scheduled vesting date of the RSUs and PSUs subject to your RSU Presettlement and PSU Presettlement, as applicable, you agree to promptly (but in any event no later than 15 days following the date of termination) (1) pay to the Company an amount in cash equal to the value of the Shares that would have been delivered pre-tax in connection with your RSU Presettlement and PSU Presettlement as of the Payment Date, which value shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion, or (2) transfer to the Company a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the number of Shares that would have been delivered pre-tax in connection with your RSU Presettlement and PSU Presettlement, which number shall be determined by the Company, in its sole discretion.

You understand that the Bonus Prepayment, RSU Presettlement and PSU Presettlement remain subject to any applicable forfeiture, recovery or other action by the Company pursuant to any clawback or recoupment policy in effect, including the Company's Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy, Compensation Recoupment Policy, and clawback and risk review provisions set forth in the award agreements for the RSUs and PSUs subject to your RSU Presettlement and PSU Presettlement.

5. Miscellaneous

The validity, interpretation, construction and performance of this Agreement shall in all respects be governed by the laws of the State of Illinois, without reference to principles of conflict of law. As used in this Agreement, "Company" shall mean the Company as hereinbefore defined and any successor to its business and/or assets as aforesaid which assumes this Agreement by operation of law, or otherwise (including, after the Closing, Capital One and its affiliates).

This Agreement is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code (to the extent applicable) and shall be interpreted, operated and administered accordingly. Each payment under this Agreement will be treated as a separate payment for purposes of Section 409A of the Code.

This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which together will constitute one and the same agreement.

[Signature page follows]

Sincerely,

Discover Financial Services

Carrie Blair
EVP, Chief Human Resources Officer

AGREED AND ACCEPTED BY:

Name:

Title:

Dated:

Exhibit 10.62

Summary of Cash Award for J. Michael Shepherd

On December 23, 2024, the Compensation and Human Capital Committee of the Boards of Directors of Discover Financial Services (the "Company") and Discover Bank (the "Bank") approved a one-time cash award of \$1,500,000 to J. Michael Shepherd, Interim Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company and Interim President of the Bank, to be paid in a single lump sum, less applicable taxes and withholdings, on or before December 31, 2024, in accordance with the Company's standard payroll practices and procedures. The award was in recognition of his significant efforts and leadership.

Exhibit 19

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES

INSIDER TRADING POLICY

Policy

The purpose of this Insider Trading Policy (this "Policy") is to guard against the misuse and improper disclosure of material nonpublic information ("MNPI") and to avoid the appearance of impropriety that may arise in connection with the personal trading by the Board of Directors ("Directors") of Discover Financial Services ("DFS") and employees (for the avoidance of doubt, all references herein to "employees" shall include officers) of DFS and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Company").

Directors and employees must never trade, encourage others to trade, gift, or recommend securities based on MNPI relating to those securities. In addition, Directors and employees are prohibited from providing MNPI to others who may then trade on that information. The Company will also be prohibited from trading in the Company's securities at any time based upon MNPI about itself, consistent with applicable law.

Scope

This Policy applies to all Directors and employees and their immediate family members and the securities accounts of all Directors and employees and their immediate family members.

Directors and employees are responsible for the transactions of immediate family members and should make their immediate family member aware that they need to confer with the Director or employee, as applicable, prior to trading in the Company's securities. In addition, Directors and employees are responsible for the transactions of any entities they influence or control, including any corporations, partnerships, or trusts. Directors and employees should treat such transactions as if they were for their own account. Examples of securities accounts include:

- Joint accounts
- Family accounts
- Accounts of Directors' and employees' children or other relatives for whom they or their spouses or civil/domestic partners contribute substantial support (e.g., a child in college who is claimed as a dependent on a Director's or employee's income tax return or who receives health benefits through the Director or employee)
- Retirement accounts that hold or can hold securities or other financial instruments (other than mutual fund shares or bank certificates of deposit)
- Corporate accounts (e.g., LTIP or ESPP)
- Trust accounts for which Directors or employees or their spouses or civil/domestic partners act as trustees or otherwise guide or influence
- Arrangements similar to trust accounts that benefit Directors or employees or their spouses, civil/domestic partners or minor children directly or indirectly
- Accounts for which Directors or employees or their spouses or civil/domestic partners act as custodians
- Partnership accounts

This Policy does not apply to checking, savings, money market, and other deposit accounts. Transactions in publicly traded mutual funds that are invested in the Company's securities are not transactions subject to this Policy.

Additionally, this Policy does not apply to purchases of the Company's securities resulting from an employee's periodic contribution of money to the Discover Financial Services Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP) pursuant to the payroll deduction election made at the time of their enrollment in the plan. This Policy does, however, apply to employee's elections to begin participation in the ESPP or to change contribution levels for any enrollment period, and to their sales of the Company's securities purchased pursuant to the ESPP. Employees may terminate their enrollment in the ESPP at any time.

Requirements

1.0 Material, Nonpublic Information

Directors and employees shall never, under any circumstances, trade, encourage others to trade, gift, or recommend securities or other financial instruments of DFS or any other company on the basis of MNPI. In addition, they should not disclose MNPI to persons within the Company whose jobs do not require them to have that information, or outside of the Company to other persons or entities, including, but not limited to, family, friends,

business associates, investors, and expert consulting firms, unless any such disclosure is made in accordance with the Regulation FD (Fair Disclosure) Policy.

1.1 Definition

“Material nonpublic information” or “MNPI” generally is nonpublic information about the Company, its customers, counterparties, or otherwise that may have an impact on the price of common stock, or another financial instrument of DFS or another company (when information with respect to such other company was obtained in the course of employment with the Company or the performance of services on the Company’s behalf), or that a reasonable investor would be likely to consider important in making an investment decision (i.e., to buy, hold, or sell securities). MNPI may be positive or negative.

Examples of MNPI may include:

- Significant undisclosed financial information (e.g., company earnings information or estimates, changes to previously announced earnings guidance or the decision to suspend earnings guidance, prospective dividend increases or decreases, share repurchases, valuation of investments, liquidity problems, projections, or borrowings or other financial transactions out of the ordinary course)
- Significant undisclosed operating developments (e.g., new product developments, changes in business operations, a change in auditor or notification that the auditor’s reports may no longer be relied upon, or extraordinary management developments)
- Significant undisclosed proposed business activities (e.g., proposed or agreed mergers, acquisitions, divestitures, major investments, significant contracts, restructurings, financings, securities offerings, establishment of a repurchase program, extraordinary borrowings, or significant related party transactions)

- Significant undisclosed legal or regulatory developments (e.g., a regulatory investigation or threatened or pending litigation)
- Significant undisclosed information security or cybersecurity developments (e.g., discovery of significant cybersecurity risks, including vulnerabilities, incidents, and breaches)

Information is generally considered nonpublic if the Company has not previously released it through a press release disseminated through a national wire service, a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or a pre-announced conference call or webcast open to the public. Even after the Company has released information to the press or the information has been reported, at least one full Trading Day (as defined below) must elapse before you trade in securities of DFS. For purposes of this Policy, a “**Trading Day**” shall mean any day on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading. For example, if the Company issues a press release containing material information at 6:00 p.m. on a Tuesday, and the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading on Wednesday, persons subject to this Policy shall not be permitted to trade in Company stock until Thursday. If the Company issues a press release containing material information at 6:00 p.m. on a Friday, and the New York Stock Exchange is open for trading on Monday, persons subject to this Policy shall not be permitted to trade in Company stock until Tuesday.

1.2 Duties

The determination of whether nonpublic information is material is often complex, subjective, depends on specific facts, and often judged in hindsight. Accordingly, Directors and employees should take a broad and cautious view when evaluating whether a particular piece of information is “material.” Although it can be difficult to determine whether particular information is material, there are various categories of information that are particularly sensitive and, as a general rule, should be considered material. Thus, Legal should be consulted if there is any uncertainty regarding whether information is material or if there are unusual facts. Additionally, any questions about whether a proposed trade is permitted or prohibited by this Policy should be resolved by seeking guidance from Legal or Enterprise Threat & Intelligence Management (“ETIM”) prior to trading.

In all cases, the responsibility for determining whether an individual is in possession of MNPI rests with that individual, and any action on the part of the Company, Legal, ETIM, or any other Director or employee, does not in any way constitute legal advice or insulate an individual from liability under applicable securities laws.

The misuse of MNPI may result in, among other things, regulatory inquiry, litigation, and adverse publicity for the Director or employee involved and the Company, as well as disciplinary action by the Company, up to and including termination of employment. The misuse of MNPI may also result in civil and criminal penalties, including fines and imprisonment.

2.0 Transactions in Discover Financial Services Securities

2.1 Special Restrictions on Access Persons

Access Persons¹ are subject to additional restrictions when trading in the Company's securities. Legal and Corporate Affairs ("Legal") or ETIM shall notify the employee if he or she is (or if he or she becomes or ceases to be) an Access Person. Access Persons shall only trade in or gift the Company's securities during designated trading periods as specified by the Company ("Window Periods"). Even during a Window Period, Access Persons may not initiate a trade in or gift of the Company's securities, or securities of DFS customer or counterparties, if they are in possession or aware of MNPI.

Legal determines Window Periods. Access Persons should contact ETIM if they have any questions regarding their applicable Window Period.

Occasionally, the Company, through Legal or ETIM, may close or shorten Window Periods for some or all Access Persons due to developments regarding material nonpublic information. In such events, Legal or ETIM will notify them that they should not trade in the Company's securities, and that they should not disclose to others the fact that the Window Period has been closed or shortened for them.

The following additional restrictions on Access Persons apply to all securities issued by the Company, its subsidiaries, and affiliates, including common stock, preferred stock, and debt securities, except as otherwise noted.

- Access Persons are required to hold positions in the Company's securities for six months. If they acquire shares upon conversion of a stock unit that they have held for the required period, Access Persons do not need to hold those shares for any additional amount of time.
- As discussed below, Access Persons are not permitted to sell short or trade derivatives involving the Company's securities.
- Access Persons may only enroll or change their enrollment election in the ESPP during Window Periods, unless notified otherwise by Legal or ETIM. They may terminate their enrollment in the ESPP at any time if acting in good faith.
- Access Persons are required to inform their investment manager(s) of the restrictions that apply to them as Access Persons.

In addition to applicable Window Periods, requests made by Access Persons to engage in any transactions involving the Company's securities within four business days (i) before the anticipated announcement or (ii) after the actual announcement of a repurchase plan or program or an increase of an existing share repurchase plan or program by the Company may not be approved as this would result in specific disclosure in the Company's SEC filings.

2.2 Special Restrictions on Directors and the Senior Leadership Council

2.2.1 Managed Accounts

The Company's securities shall not be purchased or sold for any managed account held by, or on behalf of, a Director or a member of the Senior Leadership Council. This exclusion includes

¹ All Directors of Discover Financial Services and Discover Bank; all Discover Financial Services Senior Leadership Council members and officers; and individuals notified by Legal or ETIM that, due to their job responsibilities or financial systems access, are considered to be Access Persons.

accounts held by the Director's or a member of the Senior Leadership Council's immediate family, or any other account that the Director or a member of Senior Leadership Council could be expected to influence or control.

2.2.2 Windows Period Pre-clearance Requirement

In addition to the requirements previously discussed, all Directors and members of the Senior Leadership Council are required to obtain pre-clearance from the General Counsel, or his/her delegate, before engaging in any transaction involving the Company's securities, including gifts.

Once pre-clearance is provided, the transaction must be commenced within two (2) business days following the pre-clearance approval; otherwise, the pre-clearance will lapse, and new pre-clearance approval will need to be obtained before commencing the transaction.

2.2.3 Hedging or Pledging

Directors and members of the Senior Leadership Council who are subject to the requirements of Section 16 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), are not permitted to hedge² the Company's securities, hold the Company's securities in a margin account, or otherwise pledge the Company's securities, including as collateral for a loan.

2.2.4 Short Sales

"Short sales" of stock are transactions where an individual borrows stock, sells it, and then buys stock at a later date to replace the borrowed shares. Short sales generally evidence an expectation on the part of the seller that the securities will decline in value and have the potential to signal to the market that the seller lacks confidence in the Company's prospects/performance. In addition, short sales may reduce the seller's incentive to seek to improve the Company's performance. For these reasons, short sales are prohibited.

2.2.5 Publicly-Traded Options

Because publicly-traded options (e.g., puts and calls³) have a relatively short term, transactions in options may create the appearance that trading is based on MNPI. Further, such transactions may indicate a preference for short-term performance at the expense of the Company's long-term objections. Accordingly, any transactions in put options, call options, or other derivative securities are prohibited by this Policy.

2.3 Gifts

Gifts of the Company's securities are considered transactions and trades subject to this Insider Trading Policy and, thus, employees and Directors shall only make gifts when they are not in possession of MNPI and during a Window Period, as applicable.. As explained below, for those individuals subject to the requirements of Section 16 of the Exchange Act, gifts must be reported within the same timeframe as other transactions in the Company's securities.

² Hedging transactions may be accomplished through the use of various financial instruments, including prepaid variable forwards, equity swaps, collars, and exchange funds.

³ A put is an option or right to sell a specific stock at a specific price before a set date, and a call is an option or right to buy a specific stock before a set date. Generally, call options are purchased when one believes that the price of a stock will rise, whereas put options are purchased when one believes that the price of a stock will fall.

2.4 Exceptions for Certain Directors and Members of the Senior Leadership Council with Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans

Certain Directors and members of the Senior Leadership Council may be permitted to enter into trading plans under Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act, as determined in the sole discretion of the Chief Executive Officer and the General Counsel. A Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan is a preset contract,

instruction, or a written plan regarding the purchase or sale of securities pursuant to the requirement of the SEC's Rule 10b5-1(c).

Directors and members of the Senior Leadership Council must receive prior written approval from the General Counsel before adopting, modifying, or terminating a Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan. Similarly, Directors or members of the Senior Leadership Council must receive prior written approval from the General Counsel before adopting, modifying, or terminating a trading plan not governed by Rule 10b5-1. All trading plans, regardless of whether they are governed by Rule 10b5-1, must comply with this Policy.

3.0 Violations

Violations of this Policy may result in penalties ranging from disciplinary actions, up to and including termination of an employee's employment, as well as civil or criminal proceedings. The Company reserves the right to instruct applicable individuals to cancel any trade at their expense.

4.0 Disclosure Restrictions (i.e., "Tipping")

It is also prohibited to disclose MNPI about the Company or other publicly traded companies (including the Company's vendors, suppliers, and customers) to others when that information is obtained in the course of employment with the Company or the performance of services on behalf of the Company before its public disclosure and dissemination by the Company or such other respective company.

To avoid even the appearance of impropriety, please refrain from discussing the Company's business or prospects or making recommendations about buying or selling the Company's securities or the securities of other companies with which the Company has a relationship. This concept of unlawful tipping includes passing on information to friends, family members, or acquaintances under circumstances that suggest you were trying to help them make a profit or avoid a loss.

5.0 Reporting Obligations for Director and Executive Officers

Individuals subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act should keep in mind the applicable reporting obligations contained therein. Most transactions must be reported within two (2) business days of the transaction; therefore, you must immediately report any covered transaction in the Company's securities to Legal. Additionally, bona fide gifts of the Company's securities

must be publicly reported, including within the same two-day timeframe, as other transactions within the Company's securities.⁴

7.0 Ethics and Conduct

This section must not be changed. Please contact the Office of Ethics and Conduct with any questions.

This Policy is referenced in the Code of Conduct and Business Ethics (the "Code"). The Code serves as the Company's guiding framework for ethical behavior and professional conduct.

We conduct business legally & ethically by performing our jobs to the highest professional and ethical standards, following both the spirit and letter of the law to avoid actual or perceived misconduct. Every employee is responsible for living up to the highest standards of ethical behavior, complying with the Code, and being accountable in all we do.

The Company reserves the right to investigate matters and to otherwise ensure compliance with this Policy. Refer to the Policy on Workforce Problems and Investigations for further information.

The Company strictly prohibits intimidation or retaliation, in any form, against anyone for participating in or assisting with an investigation or reporting a concern in good faith. Any person who has concerns about or is aware of possible retaliatory action should report it. Any retaliatory conduct will be treated as a violation of the Code and the Company will take appropriate corrective action against the individuals who engage in retaliation, up to, and

including, separation from the Company. All reports received by the Company, through whatever method, are subject to the protections and requirements established in the Whistleblower Policy.

Policy Governance

Policy Administration

Administration of this Policy is the responsibility of ETIM in consultation with the Vice President, Associate General Counsel and Assistant Secretary. Legal is responsible for the review of this Policy, in addition to developing and maintaining the content.

It should be noted, however, that the securities laws do not recognize any mitigating circumstances, and, in any event, even the appearance of an improper transaction must be avoided to preserve the Company's reputation for adhering to the highest standards of conduct. This means that individuals may have to forgo a proposed transaction in DFS's or another company's securities even if the transaction was planned before learning of MNPI and even though waiting to complete the transaction may result in economic loss or failure to realize an anticipated profit.

⁴ Note that at the end of 2022, the Securities and Exchange Commission changed its rules to require contemporaneous reporting of bona fide gifts, as opposed to the prior yearend reporting requirement.

Exhibit 21

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES SUBSIDIARIES

| Subsidiary | Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Formation |
|--|--|
| DFS Corporate Services LLC | Delaware |
| DFS International Inc. | Delaware |
| DFS Services LLC | Delaware |
| Diners Club International Ltd. | New York |
| Diners Club Services Private Limited | India |
| Diners Club Taiwan Ltd. | Taiwan |
| Discover Bank | Delaware |
| Discover Financial Services (Canada), Inc. | British Columbia |
| Discover Financial Services (Hong Kong) Limited | Hong Kong |
| Discover Financial Services (UK) Limited | England/Wales |
| Discover Funding LLC | Delaware |
| Discover Global Employment Company Private Limited | Singapore |
| Discover Home Loans, Inc. | Delaware |
| Discover Information Technology (Shanghai) Limited | Shanghai |
| Discover Products Inc. | Utah |
| Discover Properties LLC | Delaware |
| Discover Services Corporation | Delaware |
| Discover Ventures Inc. | Delaware |
| GTC Insurance Agency, Inc. | Delaware |
| PULSE Network LLC | Delaware |
| The Student Loan Corporation | Delaware |

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statement Nos. 333-271900, 333-173360, 333-150228, 333-144184, and 333-144188, on Form S-8 and No. 333-257242 333-280359 on Form S-3 of our reports dated February 23, 2024 February 20, 2025, relating to the consolidated financial statements of Discover Financial Services, and the effectiveness of Discover Financial Services' internal control over financial reporting, appearing in this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Discover Financial Services for the year ended December 31, 2023 December 31, 2024.

/s/ DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chicago, Illinois

February 23, 2024 20, 2025

CERTIFICATION

I, J. Michael G. Rhodes, Shepherd, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Discover Financial Services (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 23, 2024 February 20, 2025

/s/ J. MICHAEL G. S. RHODES SHEPHERD

J. Michael G. Rhodes Shepherd

Interim Chief Executive Officer and President

CERTIFICATION

I, John T. Greene, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Discover Financial Services (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **February 23, 2024** February 20, 2025

/s/ JOHN T. GREENE

John T. Greene

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Discover Financial Services (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended **December 31, 2023** December 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), each of **J. Michael G. Rhodes**, **Shepherd, Interim** Chief Executive Officer and President of the Company, and John T. Greene, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **February 23, 2024** February 20, 2025

/s/ J. MICHAEL S. RHODES SHEPHERD

J. Michael G. Rhodes Shepherd

Interim Chief Executive Officer and President

Date: February 23, 2024 February 20, 2025

/s/ JOHN T. GREENE

John T. Greene

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 97

DISCOVER FINANCIAL SERVICES COMPENSATION RECOUPMENT POLICY

This Discover Financial Services Compensation Recoupment Policy (the "Policy") has been adopted by the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Discover Financial Services (the "Company") on October 25, 2023 provides for the recoupment of certain executive compensation in the event of an accounting restatement resulting from material noncompliance with financial reporting requirements under U.S. federal securities laws in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth herein. This Policy is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 10D of the Exchange Act (as defined below) and Section 303A.14 of the NYSE Listed Company Manual (the "Listing Rule").

1. Definitions. For the purposes of this Policy, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below. Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Policy shall have the meanings set forth in the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan (as may be amended from time to time).

(a) **"Committee"** means the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee of the Board or any successor committee thereof. If there is no Compensation and Leadership Development Committee of the Board, references herein to the Committee shall refer to the Company's committee of independent directors that is responsible for executive compensation decisions, or in the absence of such a compensation committee, the independent members of the Board.

(b) **"Covered Compensation"** means any Incentive-based Compensation "received" by a Covered Executive during the applicable Recoupment Period; *provided that:*

(i) such Covered Compensation was received by such Covered Executive (A) on or after the Effective Date, (B) after he or she commenced service as an Executive Officer and (C) while the Company had a class of securities publicly listed on a United States national securities exchange; and

(ii) such Covered Executive served as an Executive Officer at any time during the performance period applicable to such Incentive-based Compensation.

For purposes of this Policy, Incentive-based Compensation is "received" by a Covered Executive during the fiscal period in which the Financial Reporting Measure applicable to such Incentive-based Compensation (or portion thereof) is attained, even if the payment or grant of such Incentive-based Compensation is made thereafter.

(c) **"Covered Executive"** means any (i) current or former Executive Officer.

(d) **"Effective Date"** means the date on which the Listing Rule becomes effective.

(e) **"Exchange Act"** means the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

(f) **"Executive Officer"** means, with respect to the Company, (i) its president, (ii) its principal financial officer, (iii) its principal accounting officer (or if there is no such accounting officer, its controller), (iv) any vice-president in charge of a principal business unit.

division or function (such as sales, administration or finance), (v) any other officer who performs a policy-making function for the Company (including any officer of the Company's parent(s) or subsidiaries if they perform policy-making functions for the Company) and (vi) any other person who performs similar policy-making functions for the Company. Policy-making function is not intended to include policy-making functions that are not significant. The determination as to an individual's status as an Executive Officer shall be made by the Committee and such determination shall be final, conclusive and binding on such individual and all other interested persons.

(g) **"Financial Reporting Measure"** means any (i) measure that is determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company's financial statements, (ii) stock price measure or (iii) total shareholder return measure (and any measures that are derived wholly or in part from any measure referenced in clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above). For the avoidance of doubt, any such measure does not need to be presented within the Company's financial statements or included in a filing with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to constitute a Financial Reporting Measure.

(h) **"Financial Restatement"** means a restatement of the Company's financial statements due to the Company's material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirement under U.S. federal securities laws that is required in order to correct:

(i) an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements; or

(ii) an error that would result in a material misstatement if the error were (A) corrected in the current period or (B) left uncorrected in the current period.

For purposes of this Policy, a Financial Restatement shall not be deemed to occur in the event of a revision of the Company's financial statements due to an out-of-period adjustment (i.e., when the error is immaterial to the previously issued financial statements and the correction of the error is also immaterial to the current period) or a retrospective (1) application of a change in accounting principles; (2) revision to reportable segment information due to a change in the structure of the Company's internal organization; (3) reclassification due to a discontinued operation; (4) application of a change in reporting entity, such as from a reorganization of entities under common control; or (5) revision for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends or other changes in capital structure.

(i) **"Incentive-based Compensation"** means any compensation (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any cash or equity or equity-based compensation, whether deferred or current) that is granted, earned and/or vested based wholly or in part upon the achievement of a Financial Reporting Measure. For purposes of this Policy, "Incentive-based Compensation" shall also be deemed to include any amounts which were determined based on (or were otherwise calculated by reference to) Incentive-based Compensation (including, without limitation, any amounts under any long-term disability, life insurance or supplemental retirement or severance plan or agreement or any notional account that is based on Incentive-based Compensation, as well as any earnings accrued thereon).

(j) **"NYSE"** means the New York Stock Exchange, or any successor thereof.

(k) **"Recoupment Period"** means the three fiscal years completed immediately preceding the date of any applicable Recoupment Trigger Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Recoupment Period additionally includes any transition period (that results from a change in the Company's fiscal year) within or immediately following those three completed fiscal years, provided that a transition period between the last day of the Company's

previous fiscal year end and the first day of its new fiscal year that comprises a period of nine (9) to twelve (12) months would be deemed a completed fiscal year.

(l) "Recoupment Trigger Date" means the earlier of (i) the date that the Board (or a committee thereof or the officer(s) of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required) concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare a Financial Restatement, and (ii) the date on which a court, regulator or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare a Financial Restatement.

2. Recoupment of Erroneously Awarded Compensation.

(a) In the event of a Financial Restatement, if the amount of any Covered Compensation received by a Covered Executive (the "Awarded Compensation") exceeds the amount of such Covered Compensation that would have otherwise been received by such Covered Executive if calculated based on the Financial Restatement (the "Adjusted Compensation"), the Company shall reasonably promptly recover from such Covered Executive an amount equal to the excess of the Awarded Compensation over the Adjusted Compensation, each calculated on a pre-tax basis (such excess amount, the "Erroneously Awarded Compensation").

(b) If (i) the Financial Reporting Measure applicable to the relevant Covered Compensation is stock price or total shareholder return (or any measure derived wholly or in part from either of such measures) and (ii) the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in the Financial Restatement, then the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation shall be determined (on a pre-tax basis) based on the Company's reasonable estimate of the effect of the Financial Restatement on the Company's stock price or total shareholder return (or the derivative measure thereof) upon which such Covered Compensation was received.

(c) For the avoidance of doubt, the Company's obligation to recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not dependent on (i) if or when the restated financial statements are filed or (ii) any fault of any Covered Executive for the accounting errors or other actions leading to a Financial Restatement.

(d) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Sections 2(a) through (c) hereof, the Company shall not be required to recover any Erroneously Awarded Compensation if both (x) the conditions set forth in either of the following clauses (i) or (ii) are satisfied and (y) the Committee (or a majority of the independent directors serving on the Board) has determined that recovery of the Erroneously Awarded Compensation would be impracticable:

(i) the direct expense paid to a third party to assist in enforcing the recovery of the Erroneously Awarded Compensation under this Policy would exceed the amount of such Erroneously Awarded Compensation to be recovered; *provided* that, before concluding that it would be impracticable to recover any amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation pursuant to this Section 2(d), the Company shall have first made a reasonable attempt to recover such Erroneously Awarded Compensation, document such reasonable attempt(s) to make such recovery and provide that documentation to the NYSE; or

(ii) recovery of the Erroneously Awarded Compensation would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to employees of the Company, to fail to meet the requirements of Sections 401(a)(13) or 411(a) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

(e) The Company shall not indemnify any Covered Executive, directly or indirectly, for any losses that such Covered Executive may incur in connection with the recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation pursuant to this Policy, including through the payment of insurance premiums or gross-up payments.

(f) The Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion, the manner and timing in which any Erroneously Awarded Compensation shall be recovered from a Covered Executive in accordance with applicable law, including, without limitation, by (i) requiring reimbursement of Covered Compensation previously paid in cash; (ii) seeking recovery of any gain realized on the vesting, exercise, settlement, sale, transfer or other disposition of any equity or equity-based awards; (iii) offsetting the Erroneously Awarded Compensation amount from any compensation otherwise owed by the Company or any of its affiliates to the Covered Executive; (iv) cancelling outstanding vested or unvested equity or equity-based awards;

and/or (v) taking any other remedial and recovery action permitted by applicable law. For the avoidance of doubt, except as set forth in Section 2(d), in no event may the Company accept an amount that is less than the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation; *provided that, to the extent necessary to avoid any adverse tax consequences to the Covered Executive pursuant to Section 409A of the Code, any offsets against amounts under any nonqualified deferred compensation plans (as defined under Section 409A of the Code) shall be made in compliance with Section 409A of the Code. No action described above in this paragraph constitutes an "action, suit or proceeding" under Article 8 of the Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation or Section 6.07 of the Company's Amended and Restated Bylaws unless and until such Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws are amended to reference this Policy explicitly and provide to the contrary.*

3. Administration. This Policy shall be administered by the Committee. All decisions of the Committee shall be final, conclusive and binding upon the Company and the Covered Executives, their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators and any other legal representative. The Committee shall have full power and authority to (i) administer and interpret this Policy, (ii) correct any defect, supply any omission and reconcile any inconsistency in this Policy and (iii) make any other determination and take any other action that the Committee deems necessary or desirable for the administration of this Policy and to comply with applicable law (including Section 10D of the Exchange Act) and applicable stock market or exchange rules and regulations. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, to the extent permitted by Section 10D of the Exchange Act and the Listing Rule, the Board may, in its sole discretion, at any time and from time to time, administer this Policy in the same manner as the Committee.

4. Amendment/Termination. Subject to Section 10D of the Exchange Act and the Listing Rule, this Policy may be amended or terminated by the Committee at any time. To the extent that any applicable law, or stock market or exchange rules or regulations require recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation in circumstances in addition to those specified herein, nothing in this Policy shall be deemed to limit or restrict the right or obligation of the Company to recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the fullest extent required by such applicable law, stock market or exchange rules and regulations. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, this Policy shall no longer be effective from and after the date that the Company no longer has a class of securities publicly listed on a United States national securities exchange.

5. Interpretation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, this Policy is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 10D of the Exchange Act and the Listing Rule (and any applicable regulations, administrative interpretations or stock market or exchange rules and regulations adopted in connection therewith). The provisions of this Policy shall be interpreted in a manner that satisfies such requirements and this Policy shall be operated accordingly. If any

provision of this Policy would otherwise frustrate or conflict with this intent, the provision shall be interpreted and deemed amended so as to avoid such conflict.

6. Other Compensation Clawback/Recoupment Rights. Any right of recoupment under this Policy is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies, rights or requirements with respect to the clawback or recoupment of any compensation that may be available to the Company pursuant to the terms of any other recoupment or clawback policy of the Company (or any of its affiliates) that may be in effect from time to time, any provisions in any employment agreement, offer letter, equity plan, equity award agreement or similar plan or agreement, and any other legal remedies available to the Company, as well as applicable law, stock market or exchange rules, listing standards or regulations; *provided, however, that any amounts recouped or clawed back under any other policy that would be recoupable under this Policy shall count toward any required clawback or recoupment under this Policy and vice versa.*

7. Exempt Compensation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Company has no obligation under this Policy to seek recoupment of amounts paid to a Covered Executive which are granted, vested or earned based solely upon the occurrence or non-occurrence of nonfinancial events. Such exempt compensation includes, without limitation, base salary, time-vesting awards, compensation awarded on the basis of the achievement of metrics that are not Financial Reporting Measures or compensation awarded solely at the discretion of the Committee or the Board, *provided that such amounts are in no way contingent on, and were not in any way granted on the basis of, the achievement of any Financial Reporting Measure performance goal.*

8. Miscellaneous.

(a) Any applicable award agreement or other document setting forth the terms and conditions of any compensation covered by this Policy shall be deemed to include the restrictions imposed herein and incorporate this Policy by reference and, in the event of any inconsistency, the terms of this Policy will govern. For the avoidance of doubt, this Policy applies to all compensation that is received on or after the Effective Date, regardless of the date on which the award agreement or other document setting forth the terms and conditions of the Covered Executive's compensation became effective, including, without limitation, compensation received under the Discover Financial Services 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan and any successor plan thereto.

(b) This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all Covered Executives and their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives.

(c) All issues concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Policy and all related documents, including, without limitation, any employment agreement, offer letter, equity award agreement or similar agreement, shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law rules or provisions (whether of the State of Delaware or any other jurisdiction) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the State of Delaware.

(d) The Covered Executives, their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators and any other legal representative and the Company shall initially attempt to resolve all claims, disputes or controversies arising under, out of or in connection with this Policy by conducting good faith negotiations amongst themselves. To ensure the timely and economical resolution of disputes that arise in connection with this Policy, the federal and state courts sitting within the State of Illinois, Counties of Cook or Lake, shall be the sole and exclusive forums for any and all disputes, claims, or causes of action arising from or relating to

the enforcement, performance or interpretation of this Policy. The Covered Executives, their beneficiaries, executors, administrators and any other legal representative and the Company, shall not commence any suit, action or other proceeding arising out of or based upon this Agreement except in the United States District Court for the District of Illinois or any Illinois court, located in the Counties of Cook or Lake, and hereby waive, and agree not to assert, by way of motion, as a defense or otherwise, in any such suit, action or proceeding, any claim that such party is not subject to the jurisdiction of the above-named courts, that its property is exempt or immune from attachment or execution, that the suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum, that the venue of the suit, action or proceeding is improper or that this Policy or the subject matter hereof may not be enforced in or by such courts. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Covered Executives, their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators, and any other legal representative, and the Company, shall waive (and shall hereby be deemed to have waived) the right to resolve any such dispute through a trial by jury.

(e) If any provision of this Policy is determined to be unenforceable or invalid under any applicable law, such provision will be applied to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law and shall automatically be deemed amended in a manner consistent with its objectives to the extent necessary to conform to any limitations required under applicable law.

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