

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2024

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Commission File Number: 1-10777



AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State of incorporation)

13-3621676

(I.R.S. employer identification no.)

One World Trade Center New York NY

(Address of principal executive offices)

10007

(Zip code)

658-

(212) 7470

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class | Trading Symbol | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|---|----------------|---|
| Common stock par value \$0.01 per share | AMBC | New York Stock Exchange |

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act): (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☒ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐ Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes ☒ No ☐

As of May 3, 2024, 45,224,972 shares of common stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share, of the Registrant were outstanding.

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

Management has included in Parts I and II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, statements that may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as “estimate,” “project,” “plan,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “planned,” “potential” and similar expressions, or future or conditional verbs such as “will,” “should,” “would,” “could,” and “may,” or the negative of those expressions or verbs, identify forward-looking statements. We caution readers that these statements are not guarantees of future performance. Forward-looking statements are not historical facts but instead represent only our beliefs regarding future events, which may by their nature be inherently uncertain and some of which may be outside our control. These statements may relate to plans and objectives with respect to the future, among other things which may change. We are alerting you to the possibility that our actual results may differ, possibly materially, from the expected objectives or anticipated results that may be suggested, expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause our results to differ, possibly materially, from those indicated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, those discussed under “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of the 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in Part II, Item 1A of this quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Any or all of management's forward-looking statements here or in other publications may turn out to be incorrect and are based on management's current belief or opinions. Ambac Financial Group's (“AFG”) and its subsidiaries' (collectively, “Ambac” or the “Company”) actual results may vary materially, and there are no guarantees about the performance of Ambac's securities. Among events, risks, uncertainties or factors that could cause actual results to differ materially are: (1) the high degree of volatility in the price of AFG's common stock; (2) uncertainty concerning the Company's ability to achieve value for holders of its securities, whether from Ambac Assurance Corporation (“AAC”) and its subsidiaries or from the specialty property and casualty insurance business, the insurance distribution business, or related businesses; (3) inadequacy of reserves established for losses and loss expenses and the possibility that changes in loss reserves may result in further volatility of earnings or financial results; (4) potential for rehabilitation proceedings or other regulatory intervention or restrictions against AAC; (5) credit risk throughout Ambac's business, including but not limited to credit risk related to insured residential mortgage-backed securities, student loan and other asset securitizations, public finance obligations (including risks associated with Chapter 9 and other restructuring proceedings), issuers of securities in our investment portfolios, and exposures to reinsurers; (6) our inability to effectively reduce insured financial guarantee exposures or achieve recoveries or investment objectives; (7) AAC's inability to generate the significant amount of cash needed to service its debt and financial obligations, and its inability to refinance its indebtedness; (8) AAC's substantial indebtedness could adversely affect the Company's financial condition and operating flexibility; (9) Ambac may not be able to obtain financing or raise capital on acceptable terms or at all due to its substantial indebtedness and

financial condition; (10) greater than expected underwriting losses in the Company's specialty property and casualty insurance business; (11) failure of specialty insurance program partners to properly market, underwrite or administer policies; (12) inability to obtain reinsurance coverage on expected terms; (13) loss of key relationships for production of business in specialty property and casualty and insurance distribution businesses or the inability to secure such additional relationships to produce expected results; (14) the impact of catastrophic public health, environmental or natural events, or global or regional conflicts; (15) credit risks related to large single risks, risk concentrations and correlated risks; (16) risks associated with adverse selection as Ambac's financial guarantee insurance portfolio runs off; (17) the risk that Ambac's risk management policies and practices do not anticipate certain risks and/or the magnitude of potential for loss; (18) restrictive covenants in agreements and instruments that impair Ambac's ability to pursue or achieve its business strategies; (19) adverse effects on operating results or the Company's financial position resulting from measures taken to reduce financial guarantee risks in its insured portfolio; (20) disagreements or disputes with Ambac's insurance regulators; (21) loss of control rights in transactions for which we provide financial guarantee insurance; (22) inability to realize expected recoveries of financial guarantee losses; (23) risks attendant to the change in composition of securities in Ambac's investment portfolio; (24) adverse impacts from changes in prevailing interest rates; (25) events or circumstances that result in the impairment of our intangible assets and/or goodwill that was recorded in connection with Ambac's acquisitions; (26) factors that may negatively influence the amount of installment premiums paid to Ambac; (27) the risk of litigation, regulatory inquiries, investigations, claims or proceedings, and the risk of adverse outcomes in connection therewith; (28) the Company's ability to adapt to the rapid pace of regulatory change; (29) actions of stakeholders whose interests are not aligned with broader interests of Ambac's stockholders; (30) system security risks, data protection breaches and cyber attacks; (31) regulatory oversight of Ambac Assurance UK Limited (“Ambac UK”) and applicable regulatory restrictions may adversely affect our ability to realize value from Ambac UK or the amount of value we ultimately realize; (32) failures in services or products provided by third parties; (33) political developments that disrupt the economies where the Company has insured exposures; (34) our inability to attract and retain qualified executives, senior managers and other employees, or the loss of such personnel; (35) fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates; (36) failure to realize our business expansion plans or failure of such plans to create value; (37) greater competition for our specialty property and casualty insurance business and/or our insurance distribution business; (38) loss or lowering of the AM Best rating for our property and casualty insurance company subsidiaries; (39) disintermediation within the insurance industry or greater competition from technology-based insurance solutions or non-traditional insurance markets; (40) changes in law or in the functioning of the healthcare market that impair the business model of our accident and health managing general underwriter; and (41) other risks and uncertainties that have not been identified at this time.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Financial Statements of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Balance Sheets

| | March 31, | December 31, |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| (Dollars in millions, except share data) (March 31, 2024 (Unaudited)) | 2024 | 2023 |
| Assets: | | |
| Investments: | | |
| Fixed maturity securities - available-for-sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$ 1,726 and \$ 1,744) | \$ 1,687 | \$ 1,710 |
| Fixed maturity securities pledged as collateral, at fair value (amortized cost of \$ 27 and \$ 0) | 26 | — |
| Fixed maturity securities - trading, at fair value | 29 | 27 |
| Short-term investments, at fair value (amortized cost of \$ 382 and \$ 426) | 382 | 426 |
| Short-term investments pledged as collateral, at fair value (amortized cost of \$ 0 and \$ 27) | — | 27 |
| Other investments (includes \$ 546 and \$ 463 at fair value) | 558 | 475 |
| Total investments (net of allowance for credit losses of \$ 2 and \$ 3) | 2,682 | 2,664 |
| Cash and cash equivalents (including \$ 11 and \$ 12 of restricted cash) | 44 | 28 |
| Premium receivables (net of allowance for credit losses of \$ 3 and \$ 4) | 299 | 290 |
| Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses (net of allowance for credit losses of \$ 0 and \$ 0) | 224 | 195 |
| Deferred ceded premium | 217 | 204 |
| Deferred acquisition costs | 12 | 11 |
| Subrogation recoverable | 130 | 137 |
| Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization | 293 | 307 |
| Goodwill | 70 | 70 |
| Other assets | 129 | 129 |
| Variable interest entity assets: | | |
| Fixed maturity securities, at fair value | 2,162 | 2,167 |
| Restricted cash | 252 | 246 |
| Loans, at fair value | 1,604 | 1,663 |
| Derivative and other assets | 313 | 318 |
| Total assets | \$ 8,429 | \$ 8,428 |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity: | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Unearned premiums | \$ 429 | \$ 422 |
| Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves | 851 | 893 |
| Ceded premiums payable | 110 | 90 |
| Deferred program fees and reinsurance commissions | 7 | 6 |
| Long-term debt | 512 | 508 |
| Accrued interest payable | 487 | 475 |
| Other liabilities | 259 | 199 |
| Variable interest entity liabilities: | | |
| Long-term debt (includes \$ 2,671 and \$ 2,710 at fair value) | 2,925 | 2,967 |
| Derivative liabilities | 1,170 | 1,197 |
| Other liabilities | 245 | 240 |
| Total liabilities | 6,993 | 6,997 |
| Commitments and contingencies (See Note 14) | | |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interest | 17 | 17 |
| Stockholders' equity: | | |
| Preferred stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share; 20,000,000 shares authorized shares; issued and outstanding shares— none | — | — |
| Common stock, par value \$ 0.01 per share; 130,000,000 shares authorized; issued shares: 46,659,144 and 46,659,144 | — | — |
| Additional paid-in capital | 291 | 292 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (175) | (160) |
| Retained earnings | 1,266 | 1,246 |
| Treasury stock, shares at cost: 1,434,172 and 1,463,774 | (17) | (17) |
| Total Ambac Financial Group, Inc. stockholders' equity | 1,365 | 1,362 |
| Nonredeemable noncontrolling interest | 53 | 53 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 1,418 | 1,415 |
| Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interest and stockholders' equity | \$ 8,429 | \$ 8,428 |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in millions, except share data) | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Net premiums earned | \$ 33 | \$ 14 |
| Commission income | 18 | 14 |
| Program fees | 3 | 1 |
| Net investment income | 42 | 34 |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | 1 | (4) |
| Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts | 2 | (4) |
| Other income | 3 | 3 |
| Income (loss) on variable interest entities | 3 | (1) |
| Total revenues and other income | 103 | 58 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Losses and loss adjustment expenses (benefit) | (1) | 18 |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs, net | 4 | 1 |
| Commission expense | 10 | 8 |
| General and administrative expenses | 36 | 36 |
| Intangible amortization | 12 | 7 |
| Interest expense | 16 | 16 |
| Total expenses | 77 | 86 |
| Pretax income (loss) | 26 | (29) |
| Provision for income taxes | 5 | 4 |
| Net income (loss) | 21 | (33) |
| Less: net (gain) attributable to noncontrolling interest | (1) | (1) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders | \$ 20 | \$ (33) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), after tax | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 21 | \$ (33) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of income tax provision (benefit) of \$ 0 and \$ 1 | (7) | 17 |
| Gains (losses) on foreign currency translation, net of income tax provision (benefit) of \$ 0 and \$ 0 | (8) | 16 |
| Credit risk changes of fair value option liabilities, net of income tax provision (benefit) of \$ 0 and \$ 0 | — | — |
| Changes to postretirement benefit, net of income tax provision (benefit) of \$ 0 and \$ 0 | — | 3 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax | (15) | 36 |
| Total comprehensive income, net of income tax | 5 | 3 |
| Less: comprehensive (gain) loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest | (1) | (1) |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders | \$ 5 | \$ 3 |
| Net income per share attributable to common stockholders: | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.44 | \$ (0.73) |
| Diluted | \$ 0.43 | \$ (0.73) |
| Weighted average number of common shares outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 45,827,076 | 45,564,276 |
| Diluted | 46,348,776 | 45,564,276 |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

| (Dollars in millions) | Ambac Financial Group, Inc. | | | | | | | | Nonredeemable Noncontrolling Interest |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|-------|---|
| | Total | Preferred Stock | Common Stock | Additional Paid- in Capital | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | Retained Earnings | Common Stock Held in Treasury, at Cost | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2023 | \$ 1,415 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 292 | \$ (160) | \$ 1,246 | \$ (17) | \$ 53 | |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | 5 | — | — | — | (15) | 20 | — | — | |
| Stock-based compensation | — | | | — | | | | | |
| Cost of shares (acquired) issued under equity plan | (1) | — | — | — | — | (1) | — | — | |
| Changes to noncontrolling interest | — | | | | | — | | — | |
| Balance at March 31, 2024 | \$ 1,418 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 291 | \$ (175) | \$ 1,266 | \$ (17) | \$ 53 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2022 | \$ 1,305 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 274 | \$ (253) | \$ 1,245 | \$ (15) | \$ 53 | |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | 3 | — | — | — | 36 | (33) | — | — | |
| Stock-based compensation | 3 | | | 3 | | | | | |
| Cost of shares (acquired) issued under equity plan | (5) | — | — | | — | (6) | 2 | | |
| Changes to noncontrolling interest | — | | | | | — | | — | |
| Balance at March 31, 2023 | \$ 1,307 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 278 | \$ (217) | \$ 1,206 | \$ (14) | \$ 53 | |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

| (Dollars in millions) | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net income attributable to common stockholders | \$ 20 | \$ (33) |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interest | (1) | (1) |
| Net income | 21 | (33) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 1 | — |
| Amortization of bond premium and discount | (3) | (3) |
| Share-based compensation | — | 3 |
| Unearned premiums, net | (6) | 6 |
| Losses and loss expenses, net | (4) | 143 |
| Ceded premiums payable | 20 | (1) |
| Premium receivables | (9) | (3) |
| Accrued interest payable | 12 | (37) |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 12 | 7 |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | (1) | 4 |
| Variable interest entity activities | (3) | 1 |
| Other, net | (23) | (11) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 18 | 77 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from sales of bonds | 30 | 63 |
| Proceeds from matured bonds | 42 | 6 |
| Purchases of bonds | (72) | (104) |
| Proceeds from sales of other invested assets | 7 | 41 |
| Purchases of other invested assets | (82) | (14) |
| Change in short-term investments | 71 | 146 |
| Change in cash collateral | 5 | (16) |
| Change in consolidated VIE cash collateral | 6 | 254 |
| Proceeds from paydowns of consolidated VIE assets | 43 | 57 |
| Other, net | — | 8 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 51 | 441 |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Payments for redemption of Tier 2 Notes | — | (97) |
| Tax payments related to shares withheld for share-based compensation plans | (1) | (5) |
| Distributions to noncontrolling interest holders | (1) | — |
| Payments of consolidated VIE liabilities, net | (46) | (174) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (47) | (276) |
| Effect of foreign exchange on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash | — | — |
| Net cash flow | 21 | 243 |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period | 274 | 61 |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period | \$ 296 | \$ 304 |

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | | | |
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Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries

(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

1. BACKGROUND AND BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

The following description provides an update of *Note 1. Background and Business Description* in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and should be read in conjunction with the complete descriptions provided in the Form 10-K. Capitalized terms used, but not defined herein, and in the other footnotes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. ("AFG"), headquartered in New York City, is a financial services holding company incorporated in the state of Delaware on April 29, 1991. References to "Ambac," the "Company," "we," "our," and "us" are to AFG and its subsidiaries, as the context requires. Ambac's principal businesses include:

- **Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance** — Ambac's legacy financial guarantee business includes the activities of Ambac Assurance Corporation ("AAC") and its wholly owned subsidiaries, including Ambac Assurance UK Limited ("Ambac UK") and Ambac Financial Services LLC ("AFS"). Both AAC and Ambac UK (the "Legacy Financial Guarantee Companies") have financial guarantee insurance portfolios that have been in runoff since 2008. AFS provided interest rate derivatives to financial guarantee customers and used derivatives to hedge interest rate risk in AAC's insurance and investment portfolios. AFS' remaining derivative positions include a limited number of legacy customer swaps and their associated hedges.
- **Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance** — Ambac's Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance program business. Currently includes five admitted carriers and an excess and surplus lines ("E&S" or "nonadmitted") insurer (collectively, "Everspan"). Everspan carriers have an A.M. Best rating of 'A-' (Excellent) that was affirmed on June 13, 2023.
- **Insurance Distribution** — Ambac's specialty property and casualty ("P&C") insurance distribution business, which could include Managing General Agents and Underwriters (collectively "MGAs"), insurance brokers, and other distribution businesses. Currently, Ambac's insurance distribution platform includes Xchange Benefits, LLC ("Xchange"), a P&C MGA specializing in accident and health products; All Trans Risk Solutions, LLC ("All Trans"), an MGA specializing in specialty commercial automobile insurance for specific "for-hire" auto clauses; Capacity Marine Corporation ("Capacity Marine"), a wholesale and retail brokerage and reinsurance intermediary specializing in marine and international risk and Riverton Insurance Agency, Corp. ("Riverton"), which was acquired on August 1, 2023, an insurance services business specializing in professional liability lines and consisting of an MGA and a retail agency.

The Company reports these three business operations as segments; see *Note 3. Segment Information* for further information.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company has disclosed its significant accounting policies in *Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies* in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The following significant accounting policies provide an update to those included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AFG and all other entities in which AFG (directly or through its subsidiaries) has a controlling financial interest, including variable interest entities ("VIEs") for which AFG or an AFG subsidiary is deemed the primary beneficiary in accordance with the Consolidation Topic of the Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"). All significant intercompany balances have been eliminated. See *Note 9. Variable Interest Entities*, for a detailed discussion of Ambac's involvement in VIEs, Ambac's methodology for determining whether Ambac is required to consolidate a VIE and the effects of VIEs being consolidated and deconsolidated.

Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial reporting and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by GAAP for annual periods. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have not been audited by an independent registered public accounting firm in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (U.S.), but in the opinion of management such financial statements include all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024, may not be indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2024. The December 31, 2023, consolidated balance sheet was derived from audited financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. As additional information becomes available or actual amounts become

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

determinable, the recorded estimates are revised and reflected in operating results.

Foreign Currency:

The impact of non-functional currency transactions and the remeasurement of non-functional currency assets and liabilities into the respective subsidiaries' functional currency (collectively "foreign currency transactions gains/(losses)") are \$ 0 and \$(2) for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Foreign currency transactions gains/(losses) are primarily the result of remeasuring Ambac UK's assets and liabilities denominated in currencies (primarily the U.S. dollar and the Euro) other than its functional currency (the British Pound Sterling).

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest:

The Riverton, All Trans, Capacity Marine and Xchange acquisitions resulted in 80 % 85 %, 80 % and 80 %, respectively, ownership of the acquired entities by Ambac. Under the terms of all the acquisition agreements, Ambac has call options to purchase the remaining interests from the minority owners (i.e., noncontrolling interests) and the minority owners have put options to sell their interests to Ambac. Because the exercise of the put options are outside the control of Ambac, in accordance with the Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity Topic of the ASC, Ambac reports redeemable noncontrolling interests in the mezzanine section of its consolidated balance sheet.

The redeemable noncontrolling interest is remeasured each period as the greater of:

- the carrying value under ASC 810, which attributes a portion of consolidated net income (loss) to the redeemable noncontrolling interest, and
- the redemption value of the put option under ASC 480 as if it were exercisable at the end of the reporting period.

Any increase (decrease) in the carrying amount of the redeemable noncontrolling interest as a result of adjusting to the redemption value of the put option is recorded as an offset to retained earnings. The impact of such differences on earnings per share are presented in *Note 12. Net Income Per Share*.

Following is a rollforward of redeemable noncontrolling interest.

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-------|-------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 17 | \$ 20 |
| Fair value of redeemable noncontrolling interest at acquisition date | — | — |
| Net income attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest (ASC 810) | 1 | 1 |
| Distributions | (1) | — |
| Adjustment to redemption value (ASC 480) | — | — |
| Ending balance | \$ 17 | \$ 20 |

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|------------------------------|--------|
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Cash paid during the period for: | | |
| Income taxes | \$ 2 | \$ 4 |
| Interest on long-term debt | — | 50 |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities: | | |
| Securities acquired (transferred) in transactions related to Puerto Rico restructurings | — | (1) |
| Securities acquired (transferred) in connection with financial guarantee commutations | (65) | — |
| | | |
| | March 31, | |
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the Consolidated Balance Sheets to the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 33 | \$ 38 |
| Restricted cash | 11 | 10 |
| Variable Interest Entity restricted cash | 252 | 256 |
| Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows | \$ 296 | \$ 304 |

Restricted cash is cash that we do not have the right to use for general purposes and includes fiduciary cash held by Ambac's insurance distribution subsidiaries, consolidated variable interest entity cash to support the obligations of the consolidated VIEs and cash received as collateral under their derivatives agreements.

Reclassifications and Rounding

Reclassifications may have been made to prior years' amounts to conform to the current year's presentation. Certain amounts and tables in the consolidated financial statements and associated notes may not add due to rounding.

Adopted Accounting Standards:

There have been no new accounting standards adopted during 2024.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

Future Application of Accounting Standards and Required Disclosures:**Segment Reporting:**

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280) - Improvement to Reportable Segment Disclosures*. The ASU requires disclosure of the following:

- Significant segment expenses regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) and included within the reported measure(s) of a segment's profit or loss.
- The amount and composition of "other segment items." This amount reconciles segment revenue, less significant expenses, to the reported measure(s) of a segment's profit or loss.
- The CODM's title and position.
- How the CODM uses the reported measure(s) of a segment's profit or loss to assess segment performance and decide how to allocate resources.
- All segment profit or loss and assets disclosures currently required annually by Topic 280, as well as those introduced by the ASU, to also be disclosed in interim periods.

The ASU also permits a public entity to report multiple measures of a segment's profit or loss as long as: i) all the reported measures of a segment's profit or loss are used by the CODM for purposes of assessing performance and allocating resources and ii) the measure closest to GAAP is also provided. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. Ambac will adopt this ASU for the annual reporting period ending December 31, 2024 and we are evaluating its impact on Ambac's financial statements.

Income Taxes:

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740) - Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. The enhancements in the ASU include the following:

- Within the rate reconciliation table, disclosure of additional categories of information about federal, state and foreign

income taxes and providing more details about the reconciling items in some categories if the items meet a quantitative threshold.

- Annual disclosure of income taxes paid (net of refunds received) disaggregated by federal (national), state and foreign taxes and disaggregation of the information by jurisdiction based on a quantitative threshold.
- Other disclosures include: i) income (or loss) from continuing operations before income tax expense (or benefit) disaggregated between domestic and foreign and ii) income tax expense (or benefit) from continuing operations disaggregated by federal (national), state, and foreign.

The ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. Ambac will adopt this ASU on January 1, 2025 and we are evaluating its impact on Ambac's financial statements.

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company reports its results of operations in three segments: Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance, Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance and Insurance Distribution, separate from Corporate and Other, which is consistent with the manner in which the Company's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") reviews the business to assess performance and allocate resources. See Note 1. Background and Business Description for a description of each of the Company's business segments.

The following tables summarize the components of the Company's total revenues and expenses, pretax income (loss) and total assets by reportable business segment. Information provided below for "Corporate and Other" primarily relates to the operations of AFG, which will include investment income on its investment portfolio and costs to maintain the operations of AFG, including public company reporting, capital management and business development costs for the acquisition and development of new business initiatives.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | | | | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|--|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance | Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | Insurance Distribution | Corporate & Other | Consoli-dated (2) | Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance | Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | Insurance Distribution | Corporate & Other | Consoli-dated (2) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net premiums earned | \$ 7 | \$ 26 | | | \$ 33 | \$ 7 | \$ 7 | | | \$ 14 |
| Commission income | | \$ 18 | | | 18 | | | \$ 14 | | 14 |
| Program fees | | 3 | | | 3 | | 1 | | | 1 |
| Net investment income | 38 | 1 | — | \$ 2 | 42 | 31 | 1 | — | \$ 2 | 34 |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | 1 | — | | — | 1 | (4) | — | | — | (4) |
| Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts | 2 | | | — | 2 | (3) | | | — | (4) |
| Other (1) | 5 | — | — | — | 5 | 2 | — | — | — | 2 |
| Total revenues (2) | 53 | 30 | 18 | 2 | 103 | 32 | 9 | 15 | 2 | 58 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Losses and loss adjustment expenses (benefit) | (21) | 19 | | | (1) | 13 | 5 | | | 18 |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs, net | — | 4 | | | 4 | — | 1 | | | 1 |
| Commission expenses | | | 10 | | 10 | | | 8 | | 8 |
| General and administrative expenses (3) | 21 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 35 | 28 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 36 |
| Depreciation expense (3) | — | — | — | — | 1 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Intangible amortization | 11 | | 1 | | 12 | 6 | | 1 | | 7 |
| Interest expense | 16 | | | | 16 | 16 | | | | 16 |
| Total expenses (2) | 28 | 28 | 14 | 7 | 77 | 64 | 10 | 11 | 2 | 86 |
| Pretax income (loss) | \$ 25 | \$ 2 | \$ 4 | \$ (5) | \$ 26 | \$ (32) | \$ (1) | \$ 4 | \$ — | \$ (29) |
| Total assets (2) | \$ 7,454 | \$ 608 | \$ 156 | \$ 211 | \$ 8,429 | \$ 7,503 | \$ 349 | \$ 140 | \$ 227 | \$ 8,219 |

(1) Other revenues include the following line item on the Consolidated Statements of Total Comprehensive Income: Income (loss) on variable interest entities and other income.

(2) Inter-segment revenues and inter-segment pre-tax income (loss) amounts are insignificant and are not presented separately.

(3) The Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income presents the sum of these items as General & Administrative Expenses.

4. INVESTMENTS

Ambac's non-VIE invested assets are primarily comprised of fixed maturity securities classified as either available-for-sale or trading securities, and interests in pooled investment funds, which are reported within Other investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Interests in pooled investment funds in the form of common stock or in-substance common stock are classified as trading securities, while limited partner interests in such funds are reported using the equity method. Fixed maturity securities

classified as trading are unrated municipal bond obligations of Puerto Rico issuing entities that are part of the the PROMESA restructuring process as described further in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

Fixed Maturity Securities:

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale investments, excluding VIE investments, at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, were as follows:

| | March 31, 2024: | | | | | December 31, 2023: | | | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Amortized | Allowance for | Gross Unrealized | | Estimated | Amortized | Allowance for | Gross Unrealized | | Estimated |
| | Cost | Credit Losses ⁽²⁾ | Gains | Losses | Fair Value | Cost | Credit Losses | Gains | Losses | Fair Value |
| Fixed maturity securities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Municipal obligations | \$ 72 | \$ — | \$ 1 | \$ 1 | \$ 72 | \$ 72 | \$ — | \$ 1 | \$ 1 | \$ 72 |
| Corporate obligations | 807 | — | 3 | 45 | 765 | 785 | — | 4 | 44 | 745 |
| Foreign obligations | 105 | — | 1 | 7 | 99 | 105 | — | 1 | 6 | 100 |
| U.S. government obligations | 101 | — | — | 4 | 98 | 85 | — | 1 | 4 | 82 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 239 | 2 | 28 | 12 | 253 | 239 | 3 | 28 | 14 | 250 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 27 | — | — | — | 27 | 19 | — | — | — | 19 |
| Collateralized debt obligations | 143 | — | 1 | — | 143 | 139 | — | 1 | 1 | 139 |
| Other asset-backed securities ⁽¹⁾ | 232 | — | 3 | 5 | 231 | 301 | — | 3 | 1 | 303 |
| | 1,726 | 2 | 37 | 74 | 1,687 | 1,744 | 3 | 40 | 71 | 1,710 |
| Short-term | 382 | — | — | — | 382 | 426 | — | — | — | 426 |
| | 2,108 | 2 | 37 | 74 | 2,068 | 2,170 | 3 | 40 | 71 | 2,135 |
| Fixed maturity securities pledged as collateral: | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. government obligations | 27 | — | — | 1 | 26 | — | — | — | — | — |
| Short-term | — | — | — | — | — | 27 | — | — | — | 27 |
| | 27 | — | — | 1 | 26 | 27 | — | — | — | 27 |
| Total available-for-sale investments | \$ 2,135 | \$ 2 | \$ 37 | \$ 75 | \$ 2,095 | \$ 2,197 | 3 | \$ 40 | \$ 71 | \$ 2,162 |

(1) Consists primarily of military housing and student loan securities.

(2) For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the allowance for credit losses changed by \$ 0 on residential mortgage-backed securities for which credit losses were not previously recorded..

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale investments, excluding VIE investments, at March 31, 2024, by contractual maturity, were as follows:

| | Amortized Cost | Estimated Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Due in one year or less | \$ 515 | \$ 513 |
| Due after one year through five years | 538 | 517 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 308 | 284 |
| Due after ten years | 134 | 128 |
| | 1,494 | 1,441 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 239 | 253 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 27 | 27 |
| Collateralized debt obligations | 143 | 143 |
| Other asset-backed securities | 232 | 231 |
| Total | \$ 2,135 | \$ 2,095 |

Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay certain obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

Unrealized Losses on Fixed Maturity Securities:

The following table shows gross unrealized losses and fair values of Ambac's available-for-sale investments, excluding VIE investments, which at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, did not have an allowance for credit losses. This information is aggregated by investment category and length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

| | March 31, 2024 | | | | | | December 31, 2023 | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Less Than 12 Months | | 12 Months or More | | Total | | Less Than 12 Months | | 12 Months or More | | Total | |
| | Gross | | Gross | | Gross | | Gross | | Gross | | Gross | |
| | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss | Fair Value | Unrealized Loss |
| Fixed maturity securities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Municipal obligations | \$ 13 | \$ — | \$ 16 | \$ 1 | \$ 29 | \$ 1 | \$ 7 | \$ — | \$ 16 | \$ 1 | \$ 23 | \$ 1 |
| Corporate obligations | 91 | 2 | 504 | 44 | 596 | 45 | 75 | 2 | 509 | 43 | 584 | 44 |
| Foreign obligations | 9 | — | 57 | 7 | 66 | 7 | 8 | — | 56 | 6 | 64 | 6 |
| U.S. government obligations | 40 | 1 | 33 | 2 | 73 | 4 | 27 | 1 | 37 | 2 | 63 | 4 |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 42 | — | 111 | 12 | 153 | 12 | 6 | — | 98 | 14 | 104 | 14 |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | — | — | — | — | — | — | 3 | — | — | — | 3 | — |
| Collateralized debt obligations | 13 | — | 40 | — | 53 | — | 1 | — | 93 | 1 | 95 | 1 |
| Other asset-backed securities | 53 | 1 | 79 | 4 | 132 | 5 | 57 | 1 | 35 | 1 | 92 | 1 |
| | 261 | 4 | 839 | 70 | 1,101 | 74 | 184 | 4 | 844 | 68 | 1,028 | 71 |
| Short-term | 44 | — | — | — | 44 | — | 4 | — | — | — | 4 | — |
| | 305 | 4 | 839 | 70 | 1,145 | 74 | 187 | 4 | 844 | 68 | 1,032 | 71 |
| U. S. government obligations | 27 | 1 | — | — | 27 | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total collateralized investments | 27 | 1 | — | — | 27 | 1 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total temporarily impaired securities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ 332 | \$ 5 | \$ 839 | \$ 70 | \$ 1,172 | \$ 75 | \$ 187 | \$ 4 | \$ 844 | \$ 68 | \$ 1,032 | \$ 71 |

Management has determined that the securities in the above table do not have credit impairment as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, based upon (i) no actual or expected principal and interest payment defaults on these securities; (ii) analysis of the creditworthiness of the issuer and financial guarantor, as applicable, and (iii) for debt securities that are non-highly rated beneficial interests in securitized financial assets, analysis of whether there was an adverse change in projected cash flows. Management's evaluation as of March 31, 2024, includes the expectation that all principal and interest payments on securities guaranteed by AAC or Ambac UK will be made timely and in full.

Ambac's assessment about whether a security is credit impaired reflects management's current judgment regarding facts and circumstances specific to the security and other factors. If that judgment changes, Ambac may record a charge for credit impairment in future periods.

The declines in fair value and resultant unrealized losses across asset classes as of March 31, 2024, included in the above table resulted from the impact of increasing interest rates and market spreads. Management has determined that the securities with unrealized losses are not credit impaired. Further discussion of management's assessment with respect to security categories with larger unrealized loss balances is below.

Corporate obligations

The gross unrealized losses on corporate obligations as of March 31, 2024, resulted primarily from an increase in interest rates since the securities were purchased. Unrealized losses of \$ 4 5 related to 671 investment grade securities with an average unrealized loss equal to 7 % of amortized cost at March 31, 2024. Securities that have below investment grade credit ratings or are unrated comprise \$ 1 of the gross unrealized loss and have an average unrealized loss equal to 5 % of amortized cost at March 31, 2024. Management believes that the full and timely receipt of all principal and interest payment on corporate

obligations with unrealized losses as of March 31, 2024, is probable.

Residential mortgage-backed securities and Other asset-backed securities

As of March 31, 2024, \$ 12 of the unrealized loss on residential mortgage-backed securities related to 13 Ambac insured securities. Four of these account for \$ 11 of the unrealized loss and have an average unrealized loss equal to 11 % of amortized cost. The \$ 5 unrealized loss on other asset backed securities related primarily to 14 Ambac-insured securities that have an average unrealized loss equal to 3 % of amortized cost.

The majority of these unrealized losses for both residential mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities relate to securities with long dated weighted average lives making their fair values sensitive to interest rate changes. Also, most of these securities have below investment grade credit ratings or are unrated. The unrealized losses on these obligations resulted from adverse market conditions for long dated credit assets. As noted above, expected cash flows used in evaluating credit impairment of Ambac-insured securities contemplate full and timely payment of all principal and interest payments. This assumption is included in the projection of model based cash flows used in evaluating credit impairments on beneficial interests in securitized financial assets, including the residential mortgage backed and student loan asset backed securities included in this group.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
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Investment Income (Loss)

Net investment income (loss) was comprised of the following for the affected periods:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Fixed maturity securities | \$ 23 | \$ 17 |
| Short-term investments | 5 | 6 |
| Investment expense | (1) | (2) |
| Securities available-for-sale and short-term | 27 | 21 |
| Fixed maturity securities - trading | 2 | — |
| Other investments | 13 | 13 |
| Total net investment income (loss) | \$ 42 | \$ 34 |

Net investment income (loss) from Other investments primarily represents changes in fair value on equity securities, including certain pooled investment funds, and income from investment limited partnerships and other equity interests accounted for under the equity method.

Net Investments Gains (Losses), including Impairments:

The following table details amounts included in net investment gains (losses) and impairments included in earnings for the affected periods:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-------------|---------------|
| Gross realized gains on securities | \$ — | \$ — |
| Gross realized losses on securities | (1) | (2) |
| Foreign exchange gains (losses) | — | (2) |
| Credit impairments | 1 | (1) |
| Intent / requirement to sell impairments | — | — |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | \$ 1 | \$ (4) |

Ambac had an allowance for credit losses of \$ 2 and \$ 1 at March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Ambac did not purchase any financial assets with credit deterioration for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

Counterparty Collateral, Deposits with Regulators and Other Restrictions:

Ambac routinely pledges and receives collateral related to certain transactions. Securities held directly in Ambac's investment

portfolio with a fair value of \$ 26 and \$ 27 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, were pledged to derivative counterparties. Ambac's derivative counterparties have the right to re-pledge the investment securities and as such, these pledged securities are separately classified on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as either "Fixed maturity securities pledged as collateral, at fair value" or "Short-term investments pledged as collateral, at fair value." Refer to *Note 7. Derivative Instruments* for further information on cash collateral. There was no cash or securities received from other counterparties that were re-pledged by Ambac.

Securities carried at \$ 23 and \$ 24 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, were deposited by Ambac's insurance subsidiaries with governmental authorities or designated custodian banks as required by laws affecting insurance companies. Invested assets carried at \$ 1 and \$ 1 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, were deposited as security in connection with a letter of credit issued for an office lease. Fiduciary funds held by Ambac's insurance distribution subsidiaries, carried at \$ 2 and \$ 2 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, are included in the invested assets.

Guaranteed Securities:

Ambac's fixed maturity portfolio includes securities covered by guarantees issued by AAC or Ambac UK ("insured securities"). The following table represents the fair value and weighted-average underlying rating of insured securities in Ambac's investment portfolio at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively:

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Municipal obligations | \$ 9 | \$ 9 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 244 | 240 |
| Asset-backed securities | 154 | 232 |
| Total | \$ 406 | 482 |
| Weighted average underlying rating | B- | B |

(1) Ratings are based on the lower of Standard & Poor's or Moody's rating. If unavailable, Ambac's internal rating is used.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

Other Investments:

Ambac's investment portfolio includes interests in various pooled investment funds. Fair value and additional information about investments in pooled funds, by investment type, is summarized in the table below. Except as noted in the table, fair value as reported is determined using net asset value ("NAV") as a practical expedient. Redemption of certain funds valued using NAV may be subject to withdrawal limitations and/or redemption fees which vary with the timing and notification of withdrawal provided by the investor. In addition to these investments, Ambac has unfunded commitments of \$ 35 to private credit and private equity funds at March 31, 2024.

| Class of Funds | Fair Value | | Redemption Frequency | Redemption Notice Period |
|--|----------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | | |
| Hedge funds ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 115 | \$ 112 | quarterly or semi-annually | 90 days |
| Private credit ⁽²⁾ | 85 | 84 | quarterly if permitted | 180 days if permitted |
| High yields and leveraged loans ^{(3) (10)} | 142 | 85 | daily | 0 - 30 days |
| Equity market investments ^{(4) (10)} | 40 | 38 | daily or quarterly | 0 - 90 days |
| Investment grade floating rate income ⁽⁵⁾ | 52 | 52 | weekly | 0 days |
| Private equity ⁽⁶⁾ | 75 | 70 | quarterly if permitted | 90 days if permitted |
| Real estate properties ⁽⁷⁾ | 20 | 21 | see footnote ⁽⁷⁾ | see footnote ⁽⁷⁾ |
| Convertible bonds ⁽⁸⁾⁽¹⁰⁾ | 16 | — | daily | 0 days |
| Insurance-linked investments ⁽⁹⁾ | — | 1 | see footnote ⁽⁹⁾ | see footnote ⁽⁹⁾ |
| Total equity investments in pooled funds | \$ 546 | \$ 463 | | |

(1) This class seeks to generate superior risk-adjusted returns through selective asset sourcing, active trading and hedging strategies across a range of asset types.

(2) This class aims to obtain high long-term returns primarily through credit and preferred equity investments with low liquidity and defined term.

(3) This class of funds includes investments in a range of instruments including high-yield bonds, leveraged loans, CLOs, ABS and floating rate notes to generate income and capital appreciation.

(4) This class of funds aim to achieve long term growth through diversified exposure to global equity-markets.

(5) This class of funds includes investments in high quality floating rate debt securities including ABS and corporate floating rate notes.

(6) This class seeks to generate long-term capital appreciation through investments in private equity, equity-related and other instruments.

(7) Investments consist of UK property to generate income and capital growth. The fund in which Ambac is invested is in the process of terminating. Investors will be able to transfer their investments in the fund to an alternative UK property fund or redeem their investment on May 31, 2024. Transferring investors will receive units in the alternative fund and redeeming investors will receive distributions pro-rata to the number of fund units held, from cash and proceeds of future property sales as soon as possible following May 31, 2024.

(8) This class seeks to generate total returns from portfolios focused primarily on convertible securities.

(9) This class seeks to generate returns from insurance markets through investments in catastrophe bonds, life insurance and other insurance linked investments. This investment was restricted in connection with the unwind of certain insurance linked exposures. Ambac's investment was fully redeemed by March 31, 2024.

(10) These categories include fair value amounts totaling \$ 152 and \$ 77 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, that are readily determinable and are priced through pricing vendors, including for Equity market investments \$ 40 and \$ 38, High yield and leveraged loans products \$ 95 and \$ 39, and Convertible bonds investments \$ 16 and \$ 0.

Other investments also include preferred equity investments with a carrying value of \$ 13 and \$ 13 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, that do not have readily determinable fair values and are carried at cost, less any impairments as permitted under the Investments — Equity Securities Topic of the ASC. There were no impairments recorded on these investments or adjustments to fair value to reflect observable price changes in identical or similar investments from the same issuer during the periods presented.

The portion of net unrealized gains (losses) related to securities classified as trading and equity securities, excluding those reported using the equity method, still held at the end of each period is as follows:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Net gains (losses) recognized during the period on trading and equity securities | \$ 7 | \$ 7 |
| Less: net gains (losses) recognized during the reporting period on trading and equity securities sold during the period | — | 2 |
| Unrealized gains (losses) recognized during the reporting period on trading and equity securities still held at the reporting date | \$ 7 | \$ 5 |

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements
Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Fair Value Measurement Topic of the ASC establishes a framework for measuring fair value and disclosures about fair value measurements.

Fair Value Hierarchy:

The Fair Value Measurement Topic of the ASC specifies a fair value hierarchy based on whether the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect Company-based assumptions. The fair value hierarchy has three broad levels as follows:

| | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets. Assets and liabilities classified as Level 1 include US Treasury and other foreign government obligations traded in highly liquid and transparent markets, certain highly liquid pooled fund investments, exchange traded futures contracts and money market funds. |
| Level 2 | Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets. Assets and liabilities classified as Level 2 generally include investments in fixed maturity securities representing municipal, asset-backed and corporate obligations, certain interest rate swap contracts and most long-term debt of variable interest entities consolidated under the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. |
| Level 3 | Model derived valuations in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable. This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. Assets and liabilities classified as Level 3 include certain uncollateralized interest rate swap contracts and certain investments in fixed maturity securities. Additionally, Level 3 assets and liabilities generally include loan receivables, and certain long-term debt of variable interest entities consolidated under the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. |

The Fair Value Measurement Topic of the ASC permits, as a practical expedient, the estimation of fair value of certain investments in funds using the net asset value per share of the investment or its equivalent ("NAV"). Investments in funds valued using NAV are not categorized as Level 1, 2 or 3 under the fair value hierarchy. The Investments — Equity Securities Topic of the ASC permits the measurement of certain equity securities without a readily determinable fair value at cost, less impairment, and adjusted to fair value when observable price changes in identical or similar investments from the same issuer occur (the "measurement alternative"). The fair values of investments measured under this measurement alternative are not included in the below disclosures of fair value of financial instruments.

The following table sets forth the carrying amount and fair value of Ambac's financial assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, including the level within the fair value hierarchy at which fair value measurements are categorized. As required by the Fair Value Measurement Topic of the ASC, financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
(Dollar Amounts in Millions, Except Share Amounts)

| | March 31, 2024 | | | | | | December 31, 2023 | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|---|---------|---------|--------------------|---------------------|---|---------|---------|--|
| | Carrying Amount | Total Fair Value | Fair Value Measurements Categorized as: | | | Carrying Amount | Total Fair Value | Fair Value Measurements Categorized as: | | | |
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| Financial assets: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed maturity securities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Municipal obligations | \$ 161 | 161 | \$— | 161 | \$— | \$9 | \$9 | \$— | \$9 | — | |
| Corporate obligations | 765 | 765 | — | 746 | 19 | 745 | 745 | — | 726 | 19 | |
| Foreign obligations | 99 | 99 | 99 | — | — | 100 | 100 | 100 | — | — | |
| U.S. government obligations | 98 | 98 | 98 | — | — | 82 | 82 | 82 | — | — | |
| Residential mortgage-backed securities | 253 | 253 | — | 253 | — | 250 | 250 | — | 250 | — | |
| Commercial mortgage-backed securities | 27 | 27 | — | 27 | — | 19 | 19 | — | 19 | — | |
| Collateralized debt obligations | 143 | 143 | — | 143 | — | 139 | 139 | — | 139 | — | |
| Other asset-backed securities | 231 | 231 | — | 163 | 68 | 303 | 303 | — | 235 | 68 | |
| Fixed maturity securities, pledged as collateral: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| U.S. government obligations | 26 | 26 | 26 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Short-term | — | — | — | — | — | 27 | 27 | 27 | — | — | |
| Short-term investments | 382 | 382 | 379 | 2 | — | 426 | 426 | 421 | 5 | — | |
| Other investments ⁽¹⁾ | 558 | 546 | 152 | — | — | 475 | 463 | 77 | — | — | |
| Other cash equivalents and restricted cash | 44 | 44 | 44 | — | — | 28 | 28 | 27 | 2 | — | |
| Other assets - Derivatives: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps—asset position | 21 | 21 | — | — | 21 | 25 | 25 | — | — | 25 | |
| Warrants | 1 | 1 | — | — | 1 | 1 | 1 | — | — | 1 | |
| Other assets-Loans | 2 | 2 | — | — | 2 | 2 | 2 | — | — | 2 | |
| Available interest entity assets: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fixed maturity securities: Corporate obligations, fair value option | 2,070 | 2,070 | — | — | 2,070 | 2,072 | 2,072 | — | — | 2,072 | |
| Fixed maturity securities: Municipal obligations, available-for-sale | 92 | 92 | — | 92 | — | 95 | 95 | — | 95 | — | |
| Restricted cash | 252 | 252 | 252 | — | — | 246 | 246 | 246 | — | — | |
| Options | 1,604 | 1,604 | — | — | 1,604 | 1,663 | 1,663 | — | — | 1,663 | |
| Derivative assets: Interest rate swaps—asset position | 186 | 186 | — | 186 | — | 190 | 190 | — | 190 | — | |
| Derivative assets: Currency swaps—asset position | 35 | 35 | — | 35 | — | 36 | 36 | — | 36 | — | |
| Total financial assets | \$ 6,987 | 6,984 | 1,089 | 1,787 | 3,783 | 7,082 | 7,080 | 989 | 1,795 | 3,850 | |
| Financial liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt, including accrued interest | \$ 989 | 782 | \$— | 783 | 39 | 983 | 687 | \$— | 689 | 18 | |
| Other liabilities - Derivatives: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps—liability position | 29 | 29 | — | 29 | — | 35 | 35 | — | 35 | — | |
| Liabilities for net financial guarantees | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net financial guarantees ⁽²⁾ | 231 | 498 | — | — | 498 | 292 | 788 | — | — | 788 | |
| Available interest entity liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt | 2,925 | 2,920 | — | 2,718 | 202 | 2,967 | 2,980 | — | 2,760 | 220 | |
| Derivative liabilities: Interest rate swaps—liability position | 1,170 | 1,170 | — | 1,170 | — | 1,197 | 1,197 | — | 1,197 | — | |
| Total financial liabilities | \$ 5,384 | 5,388 | \$— | 4,680 | 738 | 5,484 | 5,687 | \$— | 4,681 | 1,026 | |

- (1) Excluded from the fair value measurement categories in the table above are investment funds of \$ 394 and \$ 386 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, which are measured using NAV as a practical expedient. Also excluded from the fair value amounts in the table above are equity securities with a carrying value of \$ 13 and \$ 13 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, that do not have readily determinable fair values and have carrying amounts determined using the measurement alternative.
- (2) The carrying value of net financial guarantees written includes financial guarantee amounts in the following balance sheet items: Premium receivables; Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses; Deferred ceded premium; Subrogation recoverable; Insurance intangible asset; Unearned premiums; Loss and loss expense reserves; Ceded premiums payable, premiums taxes payable and other deferred fees recorded in Other liabilities.

Determination of Fair Value:

When available, Ambac uses quoted active market prices specific to the financial instrument to determine fair value, and classifies such items within Level 1. The determination of fair value for financial instruments categorized in Level 2 or 3 involves judgment due to the complexity of factors contributing to the valuation. Third-party sources from which we obtain independent market quotes also use assumptions, judgments and estimates in determining financial instrument values and different third parties may use different methodologies or provide different values for financial instruments. In addition, the use of internal valuation models may require assumptions about hypothetical or inactive

markets. As a result of these factors, the actual trade value of a financial instrument in the market, or exit value of a financial instrument position by Ambac, may be significantly different from its recorded fair value.

Ambac's financial instruments carried at fair value are mainly comprised of investments in fixed maturity securities, equity interests in pooled investment funds, derivative instruments and certain variable interest entity assets and liabilities. Valuation of financial instruments is performed by Ambac's finance group using methods approved by senior financial management with consultation from risk management and portfolio managers as

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appropriate. Preliminary valuation results are discussed with portfolio managers quarterly to assess consistency with market transactions and trends as applicable. Market transactions such as trades or negotiated settlements of similar positions, if any, are reviewed to validate fair value model results. However, financial instruments valued using significant unobservable inputs typically have very little or no observable market activity. Methods and significant inputs and assumptions used to determine fair values across portfolios are reviewed quarterly by senior financial management. Other valuation control procedures specific to particular portfolios are described further below.

Fixed Maturity Securities:

The fair values of fixed maturity investment securities are based primarily on market prices received from broker quotes or alternative pricing sources. Because many fixed maturity securities do not trade on a daily basis, pricing sources apply available market information through processes such as matrix pricing to calculate fair value. Such prices generally consider a variety of factors, including recent trades of the same and similar securities. In those cases, the items are classified within Level 2. For those fixed maturity investments where quotes were not available or cannot be reasonably corroborated, fair values are based on internal valuation models. Key inputs to the internal valuation models generally include maturity date, coupon and yield curves for asset-type and credit rating characteristics that closely match those characteristics of the specific investment securities being valued. Items valued using valuation models are classified according to the lowest level input or value driver that is significant to the valuation. Thus, an item may be classified in Level 3 even though there may be significant inputs that are readily observable. Longer (shorter) expected maturities or higher (lower) yields used in the valuation model will, in isolation, result in decreases (increases) in fair value. Generally, lower credit ratings or longer expected maturities will be accompanied by higher yields used to value a security. At March 31, 2024, approximately 2 %, 94 % and 4 % of the fixed maturity investment portfolio (excluding variable interest entity investments) was valued using broker quotes, alternative pricing sources and internal valuation models, respectively. At December 31, 2023, approximately 2 %, 94 % and 4 % of the fixed maturity investment portfolio (excluding variable interest entity investments) was valued using broker quotes, alternative pricing sources and internal valuation models, respectively.

Ambac performs various review and validation procedures to quoted and modeled prices for fixed maturity securities, including price variance analyses, missing and static price reviews, overall valuation analysis by portfolio managers and finance managers and reviews associated with our ongoing impairment analysis. Unusual prices identified through these procedures will be evaluated further against alternative third party quotes (if available), internally modeled prices and/or other relevant data, and the pricing source values will be challenged as necessary. Price challenges generally result in the use of the pricing source's quote as originally provided or as revised by the source following their internal diligence process. A price challenge may result in a determination by either the pricing source or Ambac management that the pricing source cannot provide a reasonable value for a security or cannot adequately support a quote, in which case

Ambac would resort to using either other quotes or internal models. Results of price challenges are reviewed by portfolio managers and finance managers.

Information about the valuation inputs for fixed maturity securities classified as Level 3 is included below:

Other asset-backed securities: This security is a subordinated tranche of a securitization collateralized by Ambac-insured military housing bonds. The fair value classified as Level 3 was \$ 68 and \$ 68 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Fair value was calculated using a discounted cash flow approach with expected future cash flows discounted using a yield consistent with the security type and rating. Significant inputs for the valuation at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 include the following:

| | March 31, 2024: | December 31, 2023: |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| a. Coupon rate: | 5.98 % | 5.97 % |
| b. Average Life: | 12.64 years | 12.80 years |
| c. Yield: | 12.00 % | 12.00 % |

Corporate obligations: This includes certain investments in convertible debt securities. The fair value classified as Level 3 was \$ 19 and \$ 19 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Fair value was calculated by discounting cash flows with a weighted average maturity of 0.71 years and yield of 14.4 % at March 31, 2024 and a weighted average maturity of 0.89 years and yield of 11.2 % at December 31, 2023. Yields used are consistent with the security type and rating.

Other Investments:

Other investments primarily relate to investments in pooled investment funds. The fair value of pooled investment funds is determined using dealer quotes or alternative pricing sources when such investments have readily determinable fair values. When fair value is not readily determinable, pooled investment funds are valued using NAV as a practical expedient as permitted under the Fair Value Measurement Topic of the ASC. Refer to *Note 4. Investments* for additional information about such investments in pooled funds that are reported at fair value using NAV as a practical expedient.

Derivative Instruments:

Ambac's derivative instruments primarily comprise interest rate swaps and exchange traded futures contracts (terminated during the second quarter of 2023). Fair value is determined based upon market quotes from independent sources, when available. When independent quotes are not available, fair value is determined using valuation models. These valuation models require market-driven inputs, including contractual terms, credit spreads, and yield curves. The valuation of certain derivative contracts may require the use of data inputs and assumptions that are determined by management and are not readily observable in the market. Under the Fair Value Measurement Topic of the ASC, Ambac is required to consider its own credit risk when measuring the fair value of derivative liabilities. Factors considered in estimating the amount of any Ambac credit valuation adjustment ("CVA") on such contracts include collateral posting provisions, right of

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set-off with the counterparty, the period of time remaining on the derivative and the pricing of recent terminations. The aggregate Ambac CVA impact was not significant to the fair value of derivatives at March 31, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

Interest rate swaps that are not centrally cleared are valued using vendor-developed models that incorporate interest rates and yield curves that are observable and regularly quoted. These models provide the net present value of the derivatives based on contractual terms and observable market data. Generally, the need for counterparty (or Ambac) CVAs on interest rate derivatives is mitigated by the existence of collateral posting agreements under which adequate collateral has been posted. Certain of these derivative contracts entered into with financial guarantee customers are not subject to collateral posting agreements. Counterparty credit risk related to such customer derivative assets is included in our determination of their fair value.

Ambac holds warrants to purchase preferred stock of a development stage company. These warrants have a fair value of \$ 1 and \$ 1 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Fair value was determined using a standard warrant valuation model with internally developed input assumptions.

Financial Guarantees:

Fair value of net financial guarantees written represents our estimate of the cost to Ambac to completely transfer its insurance obligation to another market participant of comparable credit worthiness. In theory, this amount should be the same amount that another market participant of comparable credit worthiness would hypothetically charge in the marketplace, on a present value basis, to provide the same protection as of the balance sheet date. This fair value estimate of financial guarantees is presented on a net basis and includes direct and assumed contracts written, net of ceded reinsurance contracts.

Long-term Debt:

Long-term debt includes AAC surplus notes and the Ambac UK debt issued in connection with a policy commutation. The fair values of surplus notes is based on prices received from third-party sources and are classified as Level 2. The fair value of Ambac UK debt estimated based upon internal valuation models and is classified as Level 3.

Other Financial Assets and Liabilities:

Included in Other assets are loans, the fair values of which are estimated based upon internal valuation models and are classified as Level 3.

Variable Interest Entity Assets and Liabilities:

The financial assets and liabilities of Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance VIEs ("FG VIEs") consolidated under the Consolidation Topic of the ASC consist primarily of fixed maturity securities and loans held by the VIEs, derivative instruments and notes issued by the VIEs which are reported as long-term debt. As described in *Note 9. Variable Interest Entities*, these FG VIEs are securitization entities which have liabilities and/or assets guaranteed by AAC or Ambac UK.

The fair values of FG VIE long-term debt are based on price quotes received from independent market sources when available. Such quotes are considered Level 2 and generally consider a variety of factors, including recent trades of the same and similar securities. For those instruments where quotes were not available or cannot be reasonably corroborated, fair values are based on internal valuation models. Comparable to the sensitivities of investments in fixed maturity securities described above, longer (shorter) expected maturities or higher (lower) yields used in the valuation model will, in isolation, result in decreases (increases) in fair value liability measurement for FG VIE long-term debt.

FG VIE derivative asset and liability fair values are determined using vendor-developed valuation models, which incorporated observable market data related to specific derivative contractual terms including interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves.

The fair value of FG VIE fixed maturity securities and loan assets are generally based on Level 2 market price quotes received from independent market sources when available. When FG VIE asset fair values are not readily available from market quotes, values are estimated internally. Internal valuations of FG VIE's fixed maturity securities or loan assets are derived from the fair values of the notes issued by the respective VIE and the VIE's derivatives, determined as described above, adjusted for the fair values of Ambac's financial guarantees associated with the VIE. The fair value of financial guarantees consist of: (i) estimated future premium cash flows discounted at a rate consistent with that implicit in the fair value of the VIE's liabilities and (ii) estimates of future claim payments discounted at a rate that includes Ambac's own credit risk. Estimated future premium payments to be paid by the VIEs were discounted at a weighted average rate of 6.3 % and 6.3 % at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. At March 31, 2024, the range of these discount rates was between 5.4 % and 8.3 %. At December 31, 2023, the range of these discount rates were between 5.3 % and 7.8 %.

Additional Fair Value Information for Financial Assets and Liabilities Accounted for at Fair Value:

The following tables present the changes in the Level 3 fair value category for the periods presented in 2024 and 2023. Ambac classifies financial instruments in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy when there is reliance on at least one significant unobservable input to the valuation model. In addition to these unobservable inputs, the valuation models for Level 3 financial instruments typically also rely on a number of inputs that are readily observable either directly or indirectly. Thus, the gains and losses presented below include changes in the fair value related to both observable and unobservable inputs.

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Level 3 - Financial Assets and Liabilities Accounted for at Fair Value

| | | | | | VIE Assets | | | | |
|--|-------------|----|-------------|-------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|----------|
| | Investments | | Derivatives | | Investments | | Loans | | Total |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2024: | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ | 87 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 2,072 | \$ | 1,663 | \$ 3,848 |
| Total gains/(losses) realized and unrealized: | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in earnings | | — | | (5) | | 19 | | 21 | 35 |
| Included in other comprehensive income | | — | | — | | (21) | | (16) | (38) |
| Purchases | | — | | — | | — | | — | — |
| Settlements | | — | | — | | — | | (64) | (64) |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 87 | \$ | 21 | \$ | 2,070 | \$ | 1,604 | \$ 3,782 |
| The amount of total gains/(losses) included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | — | \$ | (5) | \$ | 19 | \$ | 21 | \$ 35 |
| The amount of total gains/(losses) included in other comprehensive income attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | — | \$ | — | \$ | (21) | \$ | (16) | (38) |
| Three Months Ended March 31, 2023: | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance, beginning of period | \$ | 79 | \$ | 26 | \$ | 1,828 | \$ | 1,829 | \$ 3,762 |
| Total gains/(losses) realized and unrealized: | | | | | | | | | |
| Included in earnings | | — | | 5 | | 133 | | 59 | 196 |
| Included in other comprehensive income | | 3 | | — | | 43 | | 42 | 87 |
| Settlements | | — | | — | | — | | (73) | (74) |
| Balance, end of period | \$ | 81 | \$ | 31 | \$ | 2,003 | \$ | 1,856 | \$ 3,972 |
| The amount of total gains/(losses) included in earnings attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | — | \$ | 5 | \$ | 133 | \$ | 59 | \$ 196 |
| The amount of total gains/(losses) included in other comprehensive income attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date | | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 3 | \$ | — | \$ | 43 | \$ | 42 | \$ 87 |

Invested assets and VIE long-term debt are transferred into Level 3 when internal valuation models that include significant unobservable inputs are used to estimate fair value. All such securities that have internally modeled fair values have been classified as Level 3. Derivative instruments are transferred into Level 3 when the use of unobservable inputs becomes significant to the overall valuation. There were no transfers of financial instruments into or out of Level 3 in the periods disclosed.

Gains and losses (realized and unrealized) relating to Level 3 assets and liabilities included in earnings for the affected periods are reported as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|
| | Net Investment Income | Net Gains (Losses) on Derivative Contracts | Income (Loss) on Variable Interest Entities | Other Income or (Expense) | Net Investment Income | Net Gains (Losses) on Derivative Contracts | Income (Loss) on Variable Interest Entities | Other Income or (Expense) |
| Total gains (losses) included in earnings for the period | \$ — | \$ (5) | \$ 39 | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 5 | \$ 191 | \$ — |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) relating to financial instruments still held at the reporting date | — | (5) | 39 | — | — | 5 | 191 | — |

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6. INSURANCE CONTRACTS

Amounts presented in this Note relate only to Ambac's non-derivative insurance business for insurance policies issued to beneficiaries, excluding consolidated VIEs.

Premiums:

The effect of reinsurance on premiums written and earned was as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|--------------|------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|
| | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| | Written | Earned | Written | Earned |
| Direct | \$ 81 | \$ 75 | \$ 61 | \$ 46 |
| Assumed | 17 | 16 | — | — |
| Ceded | 70 | 57 | 43 | 32 |
| Net premiums | \$ 28 | \$ 33 | \$ 18 | \$ 14 |

The following table summarizes net premiums earned by location of risk:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| United States | \$ 30 | \$ 11 |
| United Kingdom | 3 | 2 |
| Other international | — | — |
| Total | \$ 33 | \$ 14 |

Premium Receivables, including credit impairments:

Premium receivables at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were \$ 299 and \$ 290 , respectively.

- Legacy financial guarantee premium receivables are discounted using an appropriate risk-free rate corresponding to the weighted average life of each policy and currency to discount the future premiums contractually due or expected to be collected. The weighted average risk-free rate at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, was 3.2 % and 3.2 %, respectively, and the weighted average period of future premiums used to estimate the premium receivable at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, was 7.7 years and 8.0 years, respectively.
- Specialty property and casualty premium receivables are not discounted and are typically paid upfront. Any receivables for such amounts are generally collected in the following period. Non-payment of premium by the policyholder may lead to policy cancellation. Premium receivables related to assumed reinsurance are paid on an installment basis.

Below is the gross premium receivable roll-forward, net of the allowance for credit losses, for the affected periods:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|------------|------------|
| Beginning premiums receivable | 290 | 269 |
| Premiums written on new business, net of commissions | 73 | 41 |
| Premium receipts | (65) | (48) |
| Adjustments for changes in expected and contractual cash flows for contracts ⁽¹⁾ | (2) | 7 |
| Accretion of premium receivable discount for contracts | 2 | 2 |
| Changes in allowance for credit losses | 1 | — |
| Other adjustments (including foreign exchange) ⁽²⁾ | (1) | 2 |
| Ending premium receivable ⁽³⁾ | 299 | 272 |

- Adjustments for changes in expected and contractual cash flows are primarily due to indexation and reductions in insured exposure as a result of early policy terminations and unscheduled principal paydowns for financial guarantee policies.
- Includes foreign exchange gains/(losses) of \$(1) and \$ 2 for 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- Premium receivable includes premiums to be received in foreign denominated currencies most notably in British Pounds and Euros. At March 31, 2024 and 2023, premium receivables include British Pounds of \$ 71 (£ 56) and \$ 75 (£ 61), respectively, and Euros of \$ 13 (€ 12) and \$ 15 (€ 13), respectively.

Management evaluates premium receivables for expected credit losses ("credit impairment") in accordance with the CECL standard, which is further described in Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Ambac's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The key indicator management uses to assess the credit quality of legacy financial guarantee premium receivables is Ambac's internal risk classifications for the insured obligation determined by the Risk Management Group.

Below is the amortized cost basis of financial guarantee premium receivables by risk classification code and asset class as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

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| Type of Guaranteed Bond | Surveillance Categories as of March 31, 2024 | | | | | | | Surveillance Categories as of December 31, 2023 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | I | IA | II | III | IV | Total | | I | IA | II | III | IV | Total | |
| Public Finance: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage revenue | \$ 129 | \$3 | \$5 | \$— | \$— | \$16 | | 131 | \$3 | \$5 | \$— | \$— | 139 | |
| Other | 1 | — | — | — | — | 1 | | 1 | — | — | — | — | 1 | |
| Total Public Finance | 130 | 3 | 5 | — | — | 138 | | 133 | 3 | 5 | — | — | 140 | |
| Structured Finance: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-backed and home equity | — | — | — | — | 10 | 11 | | — | — | — | — | 11 | 12 | |
| Student loan | — | — | — | 3 | — | 4 | | — | — | — | 7 | — | 7 | |
| Other | 3 | — | — | — | — | 3 | | 4 | — | — | — | — | 4 | |
| Total Structured Finance | 3 | — | — | 3 | 11 | 18 | | 4 | — | — | 7 | 11 | 22 | |
| International: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sovereign/sub-sovereign | 59 | 5 | — | — | — | 64 | | 51 | 13 | — | — | — | 64 | |
| Investor-owned and public utilities | 17 | — | — | — | — | 17 | | 18 | — | — | — | — | 18 | |
| Other | 3 | — | — | — | — | 3 | | 3 | — | — | — | — | 3 | |
| Total International | 79 | 5 | — | — | — | 84 | | 72 | 13 | — | — | — | 85 | |
| Total (1) (2) | \$ 253 | \$8 | \$5 | \$3 | \$1 | \$260 | | 260 | \$6 | \$5 | \$7 | \$1 | 248 | |

(1) Excludes specialty property and casualty premium receivables of \$ 62 and \$ 46 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

(2) The underwriting origination dates for all policies included are greater than five years prior to the current reporting date.

Below is a rollforward of the premium receivable allowance for credit losses as of March 31, 2024 and 2023:

| | Three Months Ended | |
|--|--------------------|------|
| | March 31, | |
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Beginning balance | \$ 4 | \$ 5 |
| Current period provision (benefit) | (1) | — |
| Write-offs of the allowance | — | — |
| Recoveries of previously written-off amounts | — | — |
| Ending balance ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 3 | \$ 5 |

(1) At March 31, 2024 and 2023, \$ 503 and \$ 0 of premiums were past due.

The following table summarizes the future Legacy Financial Guarantee gross undiscounted premiums to be collected and future premiums earned, net of reinsurance at March 31, 2024:

| | Future Premiums to be Collected ⁽¹⁾ | Future Premiums to be Earned Net of Reinsurance ⁽²⁾ |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| One month ended: | | |
| June 30, 2024 | \$ 4 | \$ 4 |
| September 30, 2024 | \$ 4 | \$ 4 |
| December 31, 2024 | 5 | 4 |
| Five months ended: | | |
| December 31, 2025 | 25 | 15 |
| December 31, 2026 | 24 | 16 |
| December 31, 2027 | 23 | 15 |
| December 31, 2028 | 22 | 14 |
| Three years ended: | | |
| December 31, 2033 | 92 | 54 |
| December 31, 2038 | 54 | 27 |
| December 31, 2043 | 25 | 9 |
| December 31, 2048 | 12 | 4 |
| December 31, 2053 | 2 | 1 |
| December 31, 2058 | — | — |
| Total | \$ 298 | 167 |

- (1) Future premiums to be collected are undiscounted, gross of allowance for credit losses, and are used to derive the discounted premium receivable asset recorded on Ambac's balance sheet.
- (2) Future premiums to be earned, net of reinsurance relate to the unearned premiums liability and deferred ceded premium asset recorded on Ambac's balance sheet. The use of contractual lives for many bond types which do not have homogeneous pools of underlying collateral is required in the calculation of the premium receivable, as further described in Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Ambac's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. This results in a different premium receivable balance than if expected lives were considered. If installment paying policies are retired or prepay early, premiums reflected in the premium receivable asset and amounts reported in the above table for such policies may not be collected. Future premiums to be earned also considers the use of contractual lives for many bond types which do not have homogeneous pools of underlying collateral, which may result in different unearned premium than if expected lives were considered. If those bonds types are retired early, premium earnings may be negative in the period of call or refinancing.

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Loss and Loss Expense Reserves:

Ambac's loss and loss expense reserves ("loss reserves") are based on management's on-going review of the insured portfolio. Below are the components of the loss and loss expense reserves and the subrogation recoverable asset at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

| Balance Sheet Line Item | March 31, 2024 | | | | | December 31, 2023 | | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Specialty | Legacy Financial Guarantee | | | | Specialty | Legacy Financial Guarantee | | | |
| | Property and | Present Value of Expected Net | | | | Property and | Present Value of Expected Net | | | |
| | Casualty | Cash Flows | | | | Casualty | Cash Flows | | | |
| | Gross Loss | | | | | Gross Loss | | | | |
| | and Loss | | | Unearned | | and Loss | | | Unearned | |
| | Expense | Claims and | | Premium | | Expense | Expense | Claims and | Premium | Expense |
| | Reserves | Loss Expenses | Recoveries | Revenue | | Reserves | Reserves | Loss Expenses | Revenue | Reserves |
| Loss and loss expense reserves | \$ 237 | \$ 693 | \$ (56) | \$ (24) | \$ 851 | \$ 197 | \$ 779 | \$ (55) | \$ (28) | \$ 893 |
| Subrogation recoverable | — | 1 | (131) | — | (130) | — | 1 | (139) | — | (137) |
| Totals | \$ 237 | \$ 695 | \$ (187) | \$ (24) | \$ 721 | \$ 197 | \$ 780 | \$ (194) | \$ (28) | \$ 756 |

Below is the loss and loss reserve expense roll-forward, net of subrogation recoverable and reinsurance, for the affected periods:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Beginning gross loss and loss expense reserves | \$ 75 | \$ 534 |
| Reinsurance recoverable | 186 | 115 |
| Beginning balance of net loss and loss expense reserves | 570 | 419 |
| Losses and loss expenses (benefit): | | |
| Current year | 18 | 2 |
| Prior years | (19) | 16 |
| Total ⁽¹⁾ | (1) | 18 |
| Losses and loss expenses paid (recovered): | | |
| Current year | 1 | — |
| Prior years | 55 | (141) |
| Total | 56 | (141) |
| Foreign exchange effect | — | — |
| Ending net loss and loss expense reserves | 513 | 578 |
| Reinsurance recoverable ⁽²⁾ | 208 | 127 |
| Ending gross loss and loss expense reserves | \$ 721 | \$ 705 |

- Total losses and loss expenses (benefit) includes \$(35) and \$(20) for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, related to ceded reinsurance.
- Represents reinsurance recoverable on future loss and loss expenses. Additionally, the Balance Sheet line "Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses" includes reinsurance recoverables (payables) of \$16 and \$3 as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, related to previously presented loss and loss expenses and subrogation.

For 2024, the favorable development in prior years was largely driven by the positive impact of discount rates on the structured finance portfolio and assumption changes in the public finance and international portfolios, all in the legacy financial guarantee segment.

For 2023, the adverse development in prior years was largely driven by the impact of lower discount rates on the RMBS portfolio, partially offset by assumption changes in the international portfolio, all in the legacy financial guarantee segment.

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Legacy Financial Guarantee Loss Reserves:

The tables below summarize information related to policies currently included in Ambac's loss and loss expense reserves or subrogation recoverable at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, excluding consolidated VIEs. Gross par exposures include capital appreciation bonds which are reported at the par amount at the time of issuance of the insurance policy as opposed to the current accreted value of the bond. The weighted average risk-free rate used to discount loss reserves at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, was 4.2 % and 4.6 %, respectively.

| Surveillance Categories as of March 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--|--|
| | I | IA | II | III | IV | V | Total | | |
| Number of policies | 22 | 7 | 11 | 11 | 91 | 5 | 147 | | |
| Remaining weighted-average contract period (in years) ⁽¹⁾ | 7 | 14 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 7 | 11 | | |
| Gross insured contractual payments outstanding: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | \$ 1,086 | \$ 501 | \$ 442 | \$ 276 | \$ 1,469 | \$ 27 | \$ 3,801 | | |
| Interest | 104 | 312 | 264 | 103 | 595 | 16 | 1,395 | | |
| Total | \$ 1,190 | \$ 813 | \$ 707 | \$ 379 | \$ 2,064 | \$ 44 | \$ 5,196 | | |
| Gross undiscounted claim liability | \$ 11 | \$ 7 | \$ 37 | \$ 230 | \$ 805 | \$ 44 | \$ 1,135 | | |
| Discount, gross claim liability | (1) | (1) | (6) | (76) | (352) | (8) | (445) | | |
| Gross claim liability before all subrogation and before reinsurance | 10 | 6 | 31 | 154 | 454 | 35 | 691 | | |
| Less: | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross other subrogation ⁽²⁾ | (12) | (2) | (1) | (26) | (206) | (11) | (259) | | |
| Discount, other subrogation | 2 | — | — | 4 | 62 | 3 | 72 | | |
| Discounted other subrogation, before reinsurance | (10) | (2) | — | (22) | (144) | (8) | (187) | | |
| Gross claim liability, net of all subrogation and discounts, before reinsurance | — | 4 | 31 | 133 | 309 | 27 | 504 | | |
| Less: Unearned premium revenue | (7) | (5) | (4) | 2 | (9) | (1) | (24) | | |
| Plus: Loss expense reserves | 1 | 2 | — | — | 1 | — | 4 | | |
| Gross loss and loss expense reserves | \$ (6) | \$ 1 | \$ 26 | \$ 135 | \$ 301 | \$ 27 | \$ 484 | | |
| Reinsurance recoverable reported on Balance Sheet ⁽³⁾ | \$ 1 | \$ — | \$ 7 | \$ 14 | \$ 4 | \$ — | \$ 26 | | |

(1) Remaining weighted-average contract period is weighted based on projected gross claims over the lives of the respective policies.

(2) Other subrogation represents subrogation related to excess spread and other contractual cash flows on public finance and structured finance transactions, including RMBS.

(3) Reinsurance recoverable reported on the Balance Sheet includes reinsurance recoverables of \$ 26 related to future loss and loss expenses and \$ 1 related to presented loss and loss expenses and subrogation.

| Surveillance Categories as of December 31, 2023 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------|----------|--|--|
| | I | IA | II | III | IV | V | Total | | |
| Number of policies | 18 | 8 | 9 | 13 | 88 | 5 | 141 | | |
| Remaining weighted-average contract period (in years) ⁽¹⁾ | 9 | 9 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 7 | 12 | | |
| Gross insured contractual payments outstanding: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal | \$ 429 | \$ 1,084 | \$ 430 | \$ 394 | \$ 1,473 | \$ 27 | \$ 3,838 | | |
| Interest | 75 | 328 | 262 | 139 | 600 | 17 | 1,421 | | |
| Total | \$ 505 | \$ 1,412 | \$ 692 | \$ 534 | \$ 2,073 | \$ 44 | \$ 5,259 | | |
| Gross undiscounted claim liability | \$ 1 | \$ 19 | \$ 41 | \$ 324 | \$ 772 | \$ 44 | \$ 1,202 | | |
| Discount, gross claim liability | — | (2) | (7) | (86) | (323) | (8) | (426) | | |
| Gross claim liability before all subrogation and before reinsurance | 1 | 17 | 34 | 239 | 450 | 36 | 777 | | |
| Less: | | | | | | | | | |
| Gross other subrogation ⁽²⁾ | (13) | (2) | — | (27) | (208) | (11) | (263) | | |
| Discount, other subrogation | 2 | — | — | 4 | 60 | 3 | 69 | | |
| Discounted other subrogation, before reinsurance | (11) | (2) | — | (23) | (149) | (8) | (194) | | |
| Gross claim liability, net of all subrogation and discounts, before reinsurance | (10) | 15 | 34 | 215 | 301 | 28 | 583 | | |
| Less: Unearned premium revenue | — | (12) | (4) | — | (10) | (1) | (28) | | |
| Plus: Loss expense reserves | — | 3 | — | — | 1 | — | 4 | | |
| Gross loss and loss expense reserves | \$ (10) | \$ 6 | \$ 30 | \$ 215 | \$ 292 | \$ 27 | \$ 559 | | |
| Reinsurance recoverable reported on Balance Sheet ⁽⁴⁾ | \$ 1 | \$ — | \$ 8 | \$ 18 | \$ 3 | \$ — | \$ 30 | | |

(1) Remaining weighted-average contract period is weighted based on projected gross claims over the lives of the respective policies.

(2) Other subrogation represents subrogation related to excess spread and other contractual cash flows on public finance and structured finance transactions, including RMBS.

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- (3) Reinsurance recoverable reported on the Balance Sheet includes reinsurance recoverables of \$ 30 related to future loss and loss expenses and \$(1) related to presented loss and loss expenses and subrogation .

Reinsurance Recoverables, Including Credit Impairments:

The Company uses ceded reinsurance to transfer certain insurance risk, along with premiums written and earned, to other insurance carriers that agree to share in such risks. The primary purpose of the reinsurance is to (i) protect the Company, at a cost, from losses in excess of amounts it is willing to accept, (ii) protect the Company's capital, and (iii) within the Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance operations, to manage the Company's net retention on individual risks and overall exposure to losses while providing the Company the ability to offer policies with sufficient limits to meet policyholder needs.

- Within its Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance segment, the Company generally enters into quota share reinsurance agreements whereby the Company cedes to capacity providers (reinsurers) a substantial amount (generally 70 % or more) of its gross liability under all policies issued by and on behalf of the Company by the MGA/U.

Ambac is exposed to the credit risk of the reinsurer, or the risk that one of its reinsurers becomes insolvent or otherwise unable or unwilling to pay policyholder claims. This credit risk is generally mitigated by either selecting well capitalized, highly rated authorized capacity providers or requiring that the capacity provider post collateral to secure the reinsured risks, which in some instances, exceeds the related reinsurance recoverable.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the associated loss and loss adjustment expense reserves. The Company reports its reinsurance recoverables net of an allowance for amounts that are estimated to be uncollectible.

Ambac's reinsurance assets, including deferred ceded premiums and reinsurance recoverables on losses amounted to \$ 441 at March 31, 2024. Credit exposure existed at March 31, 2024, with respect to reinsurance recoverables to the extent that any reinsurer may not be able to reimburse Ambac under the terms of these reinsurance arrangements. At March 31, 2024, there were ceded reinsurance balances payable of \$ 110 offsetting this credit exposure. Contractually ceded reinsurance payables can only be offset against amounts owed from the same reinsurer in the event that such reinsurer is unable to meet its obligations to reimburse Ambac.

To minimize its credit exposure to losses from reinsurer insolvencies, Ambac (i) is entitled to receive collateral from certain reinsurance counterparties in certain reinsurance contracts and (ii) has certain cancellation rights that can be exercised by Ambac in the event of rating agency downgrades of a reinsurer (among other events and circumstances). Ambac held letters of credit and collateral amounting to \$ 127 from its reinsurers at March 31, 2024 of which \$ 100 relates to Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance and \$ 27 relates to Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance. For those reinsurance counterparties that do not currently post collateral, Ambac's reinsurers are well

capitalized, highly rated, authorized capacity providers. Additionally, while legacy liabilities from the Providence Washington Insurance Company ("PWIC") and 21st Century Company acquisitions were fully ceded to certain reinsurers, Everspan also benefits from an unlimited, uncapped indemnity from Enstar Holdings (US) and 21st Century Premier Insurance Company, respectively, to mitigate any residual risk to these reinsurers.

The allowance for credit losses is based upon Ambac's ongoing review of amounts outstanding. Key indicators management uses to assess the credit quality of reinsurance recoverables are financial performance of the reinsurers, collateral posted by the reinsurers and independent rating agency credit ratings. The evaluation begins with a comparison of the fair value of collateral posted by the reinsurer to the recoverable, net of ceded premiums payable. Any shortfall of collateral posted is evaluated against our assessment of the reinsurer's financial strength to determine whether an allowance is considered necessary.

At March 31, 2024, our top three reinsurers represented 70.2 % of our total reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid losses. These reinsurance recoverables were primarily from reinsurers with applicable ratings of A or better. The following table sets forth our three most significant reinsurers by amount of reinsurance recoverable as of March 31, 2024.

| Reinsurers | Type of Insurance | Rating (1) | Reinsurance Recoverable (2) | Unsecured Recoverable (3) |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| General Reinsurance | | | | |
| Company | Specialty P&C | A++ | \$ 98 | \$ 92 |
| QBE Insurance | | | | |
| Corporation | Specialty P&C | A | 38 | 38 |
| Assured Guaranty Re Ltd. | Financial | | | |
| | Guarantee | AA | 21 | — |
| All other reinsurers | | | 67 | 26 |
| Total recoverables | | | \$ 224 | \$ 156 |

- (1) Represents financial strength ratings from S&P for financial guarantee reinsurers and AM Best for specialty P&C reinsurers.
- (2) Represents reinsurance recoverables on paid and unpaid losses. Unsecured amounts from QBE Insurance Corporation is also supported by an unlimited, uncapped indemnity from Enstar Holdings (US).
- (3) Reinsurance recoverables reduced by ceded premiums payables due to reinsurers, letters of credit, and collateral posted for the benefit of Ambac.

Ambac has uncollateralized credit exposure of \$ 156 and \$ 128 and has recorded an allowance for credit losses of less than a million at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The uncollateralized credit exposure includes legacy liabilities obtained from the acquisitions of PWIC and the 21st Century Companies of \$ 43 and \$ 44 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. All legacy liabilities remain with affiliates of the sellers through reinsurance and contractual indemnities.

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7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The following tables summarize the gross fair values of individual derivative instruments and the impact of legal rights of offset as reported in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

| | March 31, 2024 | | | | | December 31, 2023 | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|---------------|
| | | | Net Amounts of Assets/ Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Gross Amount of Collateral Received / Pledged Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Net Amount | | | Net Amounts of Assets/ Liabilities Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Gross Amount of Collateral Received / Pledged Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | Net Amount |
| | Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets / Liabilities | Gross Amounts Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | | | | Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets / Liabilities | Gross Amounts Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheet | | | |
| Other assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 21 | \$ — | \$ 21 | \$ — | \$ 21 | \$ 25 | \$ — | \$ 25 | \$ — | \$ 25 |
| Warrants | 1 | — | 1 | — | 1 | 1 | — | 1 | — | 1 |
| Total non-VIE derivative assets | \$ 21 | \$ — | \$ 21 | \$ — | \$ 21 | \$ 26 | \$ — | \$ 26 | \$ — | \$ 26 |
| Other liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 29 | \$ — | \$ 29 | \$ 28 | \$ — | \$ 35 | \$ — | \$ 35 | \$ 35 | \$ — |
| Total non-VIE derivative liabilities | \$ 29 | \$ — | \$ 29 | \$ 28 | \$ — | \$ 35 | \$ — | \$ 35 | \$ 35 | \$ — |
| Variable interest entities assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivative and other assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 186 | \$ — | \$ 186 | \$ 186 | \$ — | \$ 190 | \$ — | \$ 190 | \$ 190 | \$ — |
| Currency swaps | 35 | — | 35 | 35 | — | 36 | — | 36 | 36 | — |
| Total VIE derivative assets | \$ 221 | \$ — | \$ 221 | \$ 221 | \$ — | \$ 226 | \$ — | \$ 226 | \$ 226 | \$ — |
| Variable Interest Entities Derivative Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | \$ 1,170 | \$ — | \$ 1,170 | \$ — | \$ 1,170 | \$ 1,197 | \$ — | \$ 1,197 | \$ — | \$ 1,197 |
| Total VIE derivative liabilities | \$ 1,170 | \$ — | \$ 1,170 | \$ — | \$ 1,170 | \$ 1,197 | \$ — | \$ 1,197 | \$ — | \$ 1,197 |

Amounts representing the right to reclaim cash collateral or the obligation to return cash collateral are not offset against fair value amounts recognized for derivative instruments on the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets. The amounts representing the right to reclaim cash collateral and posted margin, recorded in "Other assets" were \$ 18 and \$ 23 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Amounts representing an obligation to return cash collateral were \$ 239 and \$ 235 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively and are reported in "Variable interest entity liabilities: Other liabilities".

The following tables summarize the location and amount of gains and losses of derivative contracts in the Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

| | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Consolidated Statements of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|------------|
| | | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
| | | 2024 | 2023 |
| | | | |
| Non-VIE derivatives: | | | |
| Interest rate swaps | Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts | 2 | (3) |
| Warrants | Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts | — | — |
| Total Non-VIE derivatives | | \$ 2 | \$ (4) |
| Variable Interest Entities: | | | |
| Currency swaps | Income (loss) on variable interest entities | \$ 2 | \$ (99) |
| Interest rate swaps | Income (loss) on variable interest entities | 14 | (3) |
| Total Variable Interest Entities | | 16 | (102) |
| Total derivative contracts | | \$ 17 | \$ (105) |

Interest Rate Derivatives:

AFS provided interest rate derivatives to financial guarantee customers and used derivatives to provide a partial hedge against interest rate risk in AAC's insurance and investment portfolios. Additionally, AFS provided interest rate swaps to states, municipalities and their authorities, asset-backed issuers and other entities in connection with their financings. AFS's only remaining derivative positions include a limited number of legacy customer swaps and their associated hedges. As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the notional amounts of AFS's derivatives are as follows:

| Type of Derivative | Notional | |
|--|-----------|--------------|
| | March 31, | December 31, |
| | 2024 | 2023 |
| Interest rate swaps—pay-fixed/receive-variable | \$ 141 | \$ 141 |
| Interest rate swaps—receive-fixed/pay-variable | 159 | 167 |

Other Derivatives:

As of March 31, 2024 Ambac holds warrants to purchase preferred stock of development stage companies.

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Derivatives of Consolidated Variable Interest Entities

Certain VIEs consolidated under the Consolidation Topic of the ASC entered into derivative contracts to meet specified purposes within the securitization structure. The notional amounts for VIE derivatives outstanding as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, were as follows:

| Type of VIE Derivative | Notional | |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
| Interest rate swaps—receive-fixed/pay-variable | \$ 1,645 | \$ 1,662 |
| Interest rate swaps—pay-fixed/receive-variable | 837 | 864 |
| Currency swaps | 143 | 149 |

Contingent Features in Derivatives Related to Ambac Credit Risk

Certain of Ambac's interest rate swaps remain with professional swap-dealer counterparties executed under standardized derivative documents including collateral support and master netting agreements. Under these agreements, Ambac is required to post collateral in the event net unrealized losses exceed predetermined threshold levels. Additionally, given that AAC is no longer rated by an independent rating agency, counterparties have the right to terminate the swap positions.

As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the net liability fair value of derivative instruments with contingent features linked to Ambac's own credit risk was \$ 28 and \$ 35, respectively, related to which Ambac had posted cash and securities as collateral with a fair value of \$ 44 and \$ 50, respectively. All such ratings-based contingent features have been triggered requiring maximum collateral levels to be posted by Ambac while preserving counterparties' rights to terminate the contracts. Assuming all such contracts terminated at fair value on March 31, 2024, settlement of collateral balances and net derivative liabilities would result in a net receipt of cash and/or securities by Ambac. If counterparties elect to exercise their right to terminate, the actual termination payment amounts will be determined in accordance with derivative contract terms, which may result in amounts that differ from market values as reported in Ambac's financial statements.

8. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

See Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies for discussion of goodwill. The following table presents the Company's goodwill.

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Beginning balance | \$ 70 | \$ 61 |
| Business acquisitions | — | 9 |
| Impairments | — | — |
| Ending balance | \$ 70 | \$ 70 |

Intangible assets and accumulated amortization are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets, as shown below.

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| Finite-lived Intangible Assets: | | |
| Insurance intangible: | | |
| Gross carrying value | \$ 1,256 | \$ 1,258 |
| Accumulated amortization | 1,023 | 1,013 |
| Net insurance intangible asset | 233 | 245 |
| Other intangibles: | | |
| Gross carrying value | 57 | 57 |
| Accumulated amortization | 11 | 10 |
| Net other intangible assets | 46 | 47 |
| Total finite-lived intangible assets | 279 | 292 |
| Indefinite-lived Intangible Assets: | | |
| Insurance licenses | 14 | 14 |
| Total intangible assets | \$ 293 | \$ 307 |

9. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

Ambac, with its subsidiaries, has engaged in transactions with variable interest entities ("VIEs,") in various capacities.

- AAC and Ambac UK provide financial guarantees for various debt obligations issued by special purpose entities, including VIEs ("LFG VIEs"); and
- AAC and Ambac UK invest in collateralized debt obligations, mortgage-backed and other asset-backed securities issued by VIEs and their ownership interest is generally insignificant to the VIE and/or they do not have rights that direct the activities that are most significant to such VIE.

LFG VIEs:

AAC and Ambac UK provide financial guarantees in respect of assets held or debt obligations of VIEs. AAC and Ambac UK's primary variable interest exists through this financial guarantee insurance. The transaction structures provide certain financial protection to AAC or Ambac UK. Generally, upon deterioration in the performance of a transaction or upon an event of default as specified in the transaction legal documents, AAC or Ambac UK will obtain certain control rights that enable them to remediate losses. These rights may enable them to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance. Under the Stipulation and Order, AAC is required to obtain OCI approval with respect to the exercise of certain significant control rights in connection with policies that had previously been allocated to the Segregated Account. Accordingly, AAC does not have the right to direct the most significant activities of those LFG VIEs.

LFG VIEs which are consolidated may include recourse and non-recourse liabilities. LFG VIEs' liabilities that are insured by the AAC or Ambac UK are with recourse, because AAC or Ambac UK guarantees the payment of principal and interest in the event the issuer defaults. LFG VIEs' liabilities that are not insured by AAC or Ambac UK are without recourse, because AAC or Ambac UK has not issued a financial guarantee and is under no obligation for the payment of principal and interest of these

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instruments. AAC or Ambac UK's economic exposure to consolidated LFG VIEs is limited to the financial guarantees issued for recourse liabilities and any additional variable interests held by them. Additionally, AAC or Ambac UK's general creditors, other than those specific policy holders which own the VIE debt obligations, do not have rights with regard to the assets of the VIEs. Ambac evaluates the net income effects and

earnings per share effects to determine attributions between AAC or Ambac UK and non-controlling interests as a result of consolidating a VIE. Ambac has determined that the net income and earnings per share effect of consolidated LFG VIEs are attributable to AAC or Ambac UK's interests through financial guarantee premium and loss payments with the VIE.

The following table summarizes the carrying values of assets and liabilities, along with other supplemental information related to FG VIEs that are consolidated as a result of financial guarantees of Ambac UK and AAC:

| | March 31, 2024 | | | December 31, 2023 | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------|
| | Ambac UK | Ambac Assurance | Total VIEs | Ambac UK | Ambac Assurance | Total VIEs |
| ASSETS: | | | | | | |
| Fixed maturity securities, at fair value: | | | | | | |
| Corporate obligations, fair value option | \$ 2,079 | —\$ | 2,079 | 2,072 | —\$ | 2,072 |
| Municipal obligations, available-for-sale ⁽¹⁾ | — | 92 | 92 | — | 95 | 95 |
| Available LFG VIE fixed maturity securities, at fair value | 2,070 | 92 | 2,162 | 2,072 | 95 | 2,167 |
| Restricted cash | 251 | 1 | 252 | 245 | 1 | 246 |
| Loans, at fair value ⁽²⁾ | 1,604 | — | 1,604 | 1,663 | — | 1,663 |
| Investment assets | 221 | — | 221 | 226 | — | 226 |
| Other assets, including contract assets | 91 | 1 | 92 | 90 | 2 | 92 |
| Available LFG VIE assets | \$ 4,235 | 94 | 4,329 | 4,295 | 97 | 4,394 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt: | | | | | | |
| Long-term debt, at fair value ⁽³⁾ | \$ 2,671 | —\$ | 2,671 | 2,710 | —\$ | 2,710 |
| Long-term debt, at par less unamortized discount | 98 | 155 | 254 | 99 | 159 | 258 |
| Available long-term debt | 2,769 | 155 | 2,925 | 2,808 | 159 | 2,967 |
| Investment liabilities | 1,170 | — | 1,170 | 1,197 | — | 1,197 |
| Other collateral payable | 239 | — | 239 | 235 | — | 235 |
| Other liabilities | 6 | — | 6 | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| Available LFG VIE liabilities | \$ 4,186 | 155 | 4,341 | 4,246 | 160 | 4,404 |
| Number of LFG VIEs consolidated | 4 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 6 |

(1) Available-for-sale LFG VIE fixed maturity securities consist of municipal obligations with an amortized cost basis of \$ 85 and \$ 88 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. At March 31, 2024, there were \$ 7 aggregate gross unrealized gains and \$ 0 aggregated gross unrealized losses. At December 31, 2023, there were \$ 7 aggregate gross unrealized gains and \$ 0 aggregated gross unrealized losses. All such securities had contractual maturities due after ten years as of March 31, 2024.

(2) The unpaid principal balances of loan assets carried at fair value were \$ 1,730 as of March 31, 2024 and \$ 1,787 as of December 31, 2023.

(3) The unpaid principal balances of long-term debt carried at fair value were \$ 2,889 as of March 31, 2024 and \$ 2,952 as of December 31, 2023.

The following schedule details the components of Income (loss) on variable interest entities for the affected periods:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|-------------|---------------|
| Net change in fair value of VIE assets and liabilities reported under the fair value option | \$ 1 | \$ 3 |
| Less: Credit risk changes of fair value option long-term debt reported through other comprehensive income (loss) | — | — |
| Net change in fair value of VIE assets and liabilities reported in earnings under the fair value option | 1 | 3 |
| Investment income (loss) | 3 | 2 |
| Contract revenue | 5 | — |
| Net realized investment gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities | — | — |
| Interest expense on long-term debt carried at par less unamortized cost | (3) | (5) |
| Other expenses | (3) | — |
| Gain (loss) from consolidating VIEs | — | — |
| Income (loss) on variable interest entities | \$ 3 | \$ (1) |

Ambac consolidated zero and zero FG VIEs for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Ambac de-consolidated zero FG VIE for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and one FG VIE for the three months ended March 31, 2023, as a result of the retirement of all Ambac-insured bonds in the trust.

There was no gain or loss resulting from the de-consolidation.

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The following table displays the carrying amount of the assets, liabilities and maximum exposure to loss of Ambac's variable interests in non-consolidated VIEs resulting from financial guarantee and derivative contracts by major underlying asset classes, as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

| | March 31, 2024: | | | | December 31, 2023: | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Carrying Value of Assets and Liabilities | | | | Carrying Value of Assets and Liabilities | | | |
| | Maximum Exposure To Loss ⁽¹⁾ | Insurance Assets ⁽²⁾ | Insurance Liabilities ⁽³⁾ | Net Derivative Assets (Liabilities) ⁽⁴⁾ | Maximum Exposure To Loss ⁽¹⁾ | Insurance Assets ⁽²⁾ | Insurance Liabilities ⁽³⁾ | Net Derivative Assets (Liabilities) ⁽⁴⁾ |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Global structured finance: | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-backed—residential | \$ 2,295 | \$ 128 | \$ 417 | \$ — | \$ 2,391 | \$ 135 | \$ 432 | \$ — |
| Other consumer asset-backed | 389 | 3 | 134 | — | 540 | 5 | 200 | — |
| Other | 417 | 2 | 2 | — | 433 | 2 | 2 | — |
| Total global structured finance | 3,101 | 132 | 553 | — | 3,364 | 141 | 634 | — |
| Global public finance | 17,200 | 206 | 196 | — | 17,498 | 209 | 202 | — |
| Total | \$ 20,302 | \$ 338 | \$ 749 | \$ — | \$ 20,861 | \$ 351 | \$ 836 | \$ — |

- (1) Maximum exposure to loss represents the maximum future payments of principal and interest on insured obligations and derivative contracts. Ambac's maximum exposure to loss does not include the benefit of any financial instruments (such as reinsurance or hedge contracts) that Ambac may utilize to mitigate the risks associated with these variable interests.
- (2) Insurance assets represent the amount included in "Premium receivables" and "Subrogation recoverable" for financial guarantee insurance contracts on Ambac's Consolidated Balance Sheets.
- (3) Insurance liabilities represent the amount included in "Loss and loss expense reserves" and "Unearned premiums" for financial guarantee insurance contracts on Ambac's Consolidated Balance Sheets.
- (4) Net derivative assets (liabilities) represent the fair value recognized on interest rate swaps on Ambac's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

10. REVENUES FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The Insurance Distribution businesses and a consolidated VIE have contracts that are subject to the Revenue from Contracts with Customers Topic of the ASC.

Insurance Distribution revenues recognized, disaggregated by policy type, were as follows:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Employer stop loss | \$ 5 | \$ 5 |
| Affinity products | 5 | 5 |
| Commercial auto | 4 | 3 |
| Marine | 1 | 1 |
| Professional liability | 2 | — |
| Other | — | — |
| Total | \$ 18 | \$ 14 |

These revenues are reported within commission income and other income on the Consolidated Statements of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss).

A VIE was consolidated on December 31, 2023. The consolidated VIE's revenues recognized in 2024 was \$ 5 , which are reported within Income (loss) on variable interest entities on the Consolidated Statements of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss).

During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the amount of revenue recognized related to performance obligations satisfied in a previous period, inclusive of changes due to estimates was approximately \$ 6 and \$ 5 , respectively.

Contract Assets and Liabilities

The balances of contract assets and contract liabilities with customers were as follows:

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Premiums and commissions receivable | \$ 10 | \$ 9 |
| Contract assets | 100 | 95 |
| Contract liabilities | — | 1 |

Insurance Distribution

Contract assets of \$ 12 and \$ 7 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, represent estimated future consideration related to base commissions and profit-sharing commissions that were recognized as revenue upon the placement of the policy, but are not yet due. The Company does not have the right to bill or collect payment on i) base commissions until the related premiums from policyholders has been collected nor ii) profit-sharing commissions until after the contract year is completed. Changes in contract assets during the three months ended March 31, 2024, is primarily due to the timing of new or renewal policies, growth in the business, reclassifications to receivables (unconditional right) and collections.

Contract liabilities represent advance consideration received from customers related to employer stop loss base commissions that will be recognized over time as claims servicing is performed, which typically occurs between 17 and 20 months from contract inception. During the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company recognized revenue that was included in the contract liability balance as of the beginning of the period of less than a million dollars and \$ 1 , respectively.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Subsidiaries
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Consolidated VIE

Contract assets of \$ 88 and \$ 87 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, represent future consideration

related to service concession payments for already completed services that were recognized as revenue but are not yet due. There are no contract liabilities in either period.

11. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The following tables detail the changes in the balances of each component of accumulated other comprehensive income for the affected periods:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024: | | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023: | | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|----------|--|--|---|--|----------|
| | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available for Sale Securities ⁽¹⁾ | Amortization of Postretirement Benefit ⁽¹⁾ | Gain (Loss) on Foreign Currency Translation ⁽¹⁾ | Credit Risk Changes of Fair Value Option Liabilities ^{(1) (2)} | Total | Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available for Sale Securities ⁽¹⁾ | Amortization of Postretirement Benefit ⁽¹⁾ | Gain (Loss) on Foreign Currency Translation ⁽¹⁾ | Credit Risk Changes of Fair Value Option Liabilities ^{(1) (2)} | Total |
| Beginning Balance | \$ (20) | \$ 5 | \$ (144) | \$ (1) | \$ (160) | \$ (71) | \$ 3 | \$ (184) | \$ (1) | \$ (253) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications | (6) | — | (8) | — | (14) | 14 | 3 | 16 | — | 33 |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) | (1) | — | — | — | (1) | 4 | — | — | — | 3 |
| Net current period other comprehensive income (loss) | (7) | — | (8) | — | (15) | 17 | 3 | 16 | — | 36 |
| Ending Balance | \$ (27) | \$ 5 | \$ (152) | \$ (1) | \$ (175) | \$ (54) | \$ 6 | \$ (168) | \$ (1) | \$ (217) |

(1) All amounts are net of tax and noncontrolling interest. Amounts in parentheses indicate reductions to Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.

(2) Represents the changes in fair value attributable to instrument-specific credit risk of liabilities for which the fair value option is elected.

The following table details the significant amounts reclassified from each component of accumulated other comprehensive income, shown in the above rollforward tables, for the affected periods:

| Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components | Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | | | | Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss) |
|---|--|-----|------|-----|---|
| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | | |
| | 2024 | | 2023 | | |
| Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-Sale Securities | | | | | |
| | \$ | (1) | \$ | 4 | Net realized investment gains (losses) |
| | | — | | (1) | Provision for income taxes |
| | \$ | (1) | \$ | 4 | Net of tax and noncontrolling interest |
| Amortization of Postretirement Benefit | | | | | |
| Prior service cost | \$ | — | \$ | — | Other income |
| Actuarial (losses) | | — | | — | Other income |
| | | — | | — | Total before tax |
| | | — | | — | Provision for income taxes |
| | \$ | — | \$ | — | Net of tax and noncontrolling interest |
| Credit Risk Changes of Fair Value Option Liabilities | | | | | |
| | \$ | — | \$ | — | Credit risk changes of fair value option liabilities |
| | | — | | — | Provision for income taxes |
| | \$ | — | \$ | — | Net of tax and noncontrolling interest |
| Total reclassifications for the period | \$ | (1) | \$ | 3 | Net of tax and noncontrolling interest |

12. NET INCOME PER SHARE

As of March 31, 2024, 45,224,972 shares of AFG's common stock (par value \$ 0.01) were issued and outstanding. Common shares outstanding increased by 29,602 during the three months ended March 31, 2024, primarily due to settlements of employee restricted and performance stock units.

Earnings Per Share Calculation

The numerator of the basic and diluted earnings per share computation represents net income (loss) attributable to common

stockholders adjusted by the retained earnings impact of the noncontrolling adjustment to redemption value under ASC 480. The redemption value adjustment is further described in the Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest section of *Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies*

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders to the numerator in the basic and diluted earnings per share calculation, together with the resulting earnings per share amounts:

| | | |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| Ambac Financial Group, Inc. | 29 | First Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------|

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| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---------|-----------|
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders | \$ 20 | \$ (33) |
| Adjustment to redemption value (ASC 480) | — | — |
| Numerator of basic and diluted EPS | \$ 20 | \$ (33) |
| Per Share: | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.44 | \$ (0.73) |
| Diluted | \$ 0.43 | \$ (0.73) |

The denominator of the basic earnings per share computation represents the weighted average common shares outstanding plus vested performance and restricted stock units (together, "Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding"). The denominator of diluted earnings per share adjusts the Basic Weighted Average Shares Outstanding for all potential dilutive common shares outstanding during the period. All potential dilutive common shares outstanding consider common stock deliverable pursuant to warrants, unvested restricted stock units and performance stock units granted under existing compensation plans.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the weighted average shares denominator used for basic net income per share to the denominator used for diluted net income per share:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding denominator | 45,827,076 | 45,564,276 |
| Effect of potential dilutive shares: | | |
| Restricted stock units | 211,482 | — |
| Performance stock units ⁽¹⁾ | 310,218 | — |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding denominator | 46,348,776 | 45,564,276 |
| Anti-dilutive shares excluded from the above reconciliation: | | |
| Warrants | — | 4,876,114 |
| Restricted stock units | 88,468 | 555,354 |
| Performance stock units ⁽¹⁾ | — | 601,033 |

- (1) Performance stock units are reflected based on the performance metrics through the balance sheet date. Vesting of these units is contingent upon meeting certain performance metrics. Although a portion of these performance metrics have been achieved as of the respective period end, it is possible that awards may no longer meet the metric at the end of the performance period.

13. INCOME TAXES

AFG files a consolidated Federal income tax return with its subsidiaries. AFG and its subsidiaries also file separate or combined income tax returns in various states, local and foreign jurisdictions. The following are the major jurisdictions in which Ambac and its subsidiaries operate and the earliest tax years subject to examination:

| Jurisdiction | Tax Year |
|----------------|----------|
| United States | 2010 |
| New York State | 2015 |
| New York City | 2018 |
| United Kingdom | 2020 |
| Italy | 2019 |

In accordance with the Income Tax Topic of the ASC, a valuation allowance is recognized if, based on the weight of available

evidence, it is more-likely-than-not that some, or all, of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. As a result of the risks and uncertainties associated with future operating results, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will not generate sufficient U.S. federal, state and/or local taxable income to recover its deferred tax operating assets and therefore maintains a full valuation allowance.

Consolidated Pretax Income (Loss)

U.S. and foreign components of pre-tax income (loss) were as follows:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------|-------|------|
| U.S. | \$ 13 | (48) |
| Foreign | 15 | 19 |
| Total | \$ 28 | (29) |

Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes

The components of the provision for income taxes were as follows:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|------------------------------|------|------|
| Current taxes | | |
| U.S. state and local | — | — |
| Foreign | 4 | 2 |
| Total Current taxes | 4 | 2 |
| Deferred taxes | | |
| Foreign | — | 2 |
| Total Deferred taxes | 1 | 2 |
| Provision for income taxes | \$ 5 | \$ 4 |

As of March 31, 2024, the Company has (i) \$ 3,516 of NOLs, which if not utilized will begin expiring in 2030, and will fully expire in 2045, and (ii) \$ 202 of interest expense tax deduction carryover, which has an indefinite carryforward period but is limited in any particular year based on certain provisions.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The following commitments and contingencies provide an update of those discussed in *Note 19: Commitments and Contingencies* in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included Part II, Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and should be read in conjunction with the complete descriptions provided in the aforementioned Form 10-K.

Litigation Against Ambac - Pending Cases

Monterey Bay Military Housing, LLC, et al. v. Ambac Assurance Corporation, et al. (United States District Court, Southern District of New York, Case No. 1:19-cv-09193-PGG, transferred on October 4, 2019 from the United States District Court, Northern District of California, San Jose Division, Case No. 17-cv-04992-BLF, filed August 28, 2017). On April 6, 2022, certain co-defendants filed a motion to sever the plaintiffs' claims and to dismiss all claims except for claims asserted by the Monterey Bay plaintiffs. On January 26, 2024, the court granted the parties leave to file motions for summary judgment; opening briefs were due March 22, 2024, while oppositions are due May 31, 2024 and

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replies on July 12, 2024. On February 29, 2024, the court denied co-defendants' motion to sever plaintiffs' claims. On March 22, 2024, defendants served opening motions for summary judgment against plaintiffs' claims in their entirety on multiple grounds, and plaintiffs served cross-motions for summary judgment on defendants' unclean hands defenses.

In re National Collegiate Student Loan Trusts Litigation (Delaware Court of Chancery, Consolidated C.A. No. 12111, filed November 1, 2019). The Vice Chancellor entered a series of stays to facilitate good-faith settlement discussions, the most recent of which was entered on May 2, 2023, and stayed the matter through May 5, 2023. On April 25, 2024 the Administrator filed a status report stating that certain parties continue to negotiate a resolution to the various pending claims.

Litigation Against Ambac - General

AAC's estimates of projected losses for RMBS transactions consider, among other things, the RMBS transactions' payment waterfall structure, including the application of interest and principal payments and recoveries, and depend in part on our interpretations of contracts and other bases of our legal rights. From time to time, bond trustees and other transaction participants have employed different contractual interpretations and have commenced, or threatened to commence, litigation to resolve these differences. It is not possible to predict whether additional disputes will arise, nor the outcomes of any potential litigation. It is possible that there could be unfavorable outcomes in this or other disputes or proceedings and that our interpretations may prove to be incorrect, which could lead to changes to our estimate of loss reserves.

The Company periodically receives various regulatory inquiries and requests for information with respect to investigations and inquiries that such regulators are conducting. The Company has complied with all such inquiries and requests for information.

The Company is involved from time to time in various routine legal proceedings, including proceedings related to litigation with present or former employees. Although such litigation routine and incidental to the conduct of its business, such litigation can potentially result in large monetary awards when a civil jury is allowed to determine compensatory and/or punitive damages.

Everspan may be subject to disputes with policyholders or other third parties regarding the scope and extent of coverage offered under Everspan's policies, including disputes relating to Everspan's course of conduct in the handling of claims and settling or failing to settle claims (which can lead to bad faith and other forms of extra-contractual liability); be required to defend claimants in suits against its policyholders for covered liability claims; or enter into commercial disputes with its reinsurers, MGA/Us or third party claims administrators regarding their respective contractual obligations and rights. Under some circumstances, the results of such disputes or suits may lead to liabilities beyond those which are anticipated or reserved, including liabilities in excess of applicable policy limits.

From time to time, Ambac is subject to allegations concerning its corporate governance that may lead to litigation, including derivative litigation, and while the monetary impacts may not be

material, the matters may distract management and the Board of Directors from their principal focus on Ambac's business, strategy and objectives.

It is not reasonably possible to predict whether additional suits will be filed or whether additional inquiries or requests for information will be made, and it is also not possible to predict the outcome of litigation, inquiries or requests for information. It is possible that there could be unfavorable outcomes in these or other proceedings. Legal accruals for litigation against the Company with losses that are probable and reasonably estimable are not material to the operating results or financial position of the Company. For the litigation matters the Company is defending that do not meet the "probable and reasonably estimable" accrual threshold and where no loss estimates have been provided above, management is unable to make a meaningful estimate of the amount or range of loss that could result from unfavorable outcomes. Under some circumstances, adverse results in any such proceedings could be material to our business, operations, financial position, profitability or cash flows. The Company believes that it has substantial defenses to the claims above and, to the extent that these actions proceed, the Company intends to defend itself vigorously; however, the Company is not able to predict the outcomes of these actions.

Litigation Filed or Joined by Ambac

CFPB v. Nat'l Collegiate Master Student Loan Trust (United States District Court, District of Delaware, Case No. 1:17-cv-01323, filed September 18, 2017). The CFPB filed an amended complaint on April 30, 2021. On May 21, 2021, the Trusts and several intervenors, including AAC, moved to dismiss the CFPB's amended complaint for failure to state a claim. On December 13, 2021, the court denied the Trusts' and intervenors' motions to dismiss the amended complaint. On December 23, 2021, the Trusts and several intervenors, including AAC, filed a motion seeking (i) an order certifying for interlocutory appeal the court's December 13, 2021 order denying the motion to dismiss the amended complaint, and (ii) a stay of the action pending resolution of any appeal. On January 26, 2022, the Trusts and several intervenors, including AAC, answered the CFPB's amended complaint, asserting several affirmative defenses and denying that the CFPB is entitled to relief from the Trusts. On February 11, 2022, the court certified its ruling on the motion to dismiss for interlocutory appeal to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit, and stayed the case pending appeal. On February 21, 2022, the Trusts and several intervenors, including AAC, filed a petition with the Third Circuit for permission to appeal the District Court's order denying their motion to dismiss the amended complaint. On March 3, 2022, the CFPB filed its opposition to the petition for permission to appeal. On April 29, 2022, the Third Circuit granted the Trusts' and intervenors' petition. On September 23, 2022, the Trusts and other intervenors, including AAC, filed their opening brief to the Third Circuit, seeking reversal of the District Court's order denying their motion to dismiss the amended complaint. The CFPB filed its responsive brief on November 7, 2022. The Trusts and other intervenors, including AAC, filed their reply brief on December 28, 2022. The Third Circuit heard oral argument in the matter on May 17, 2023. On March 19, 2024, the Third Circuit issued an opinion holding that (1) the Trusts are covered persons subject to

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the Consumer Financial Protection Act's enforcement authority, and (2) the CFPB did not need to ratify the action. Also on March 19, 2024, the Third Circuit entered a judgment remanding the matter to the District Court for further proceedings consistent with its opinion. On March 25, 2024, the CFPB moved (1) to strike all answers filed by parties other than the Trusts, including AAC, and (2) to exclude all intervenors, including AAC, from further participation in the litigation. On April 22, 2024, the District Court entered a scheduling order adjourning deadlines in the matter until May 6, 2024 to allow the parties to engage in settlement discussions. On May 3, 2024, the Trusts and certain Intervenor, including AAC, filed a petition for rehearing and rehearing en banc of the Third Circuit's March 19, 2024 decision.

| | | |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| Ambac Financial Group, Inc. | 32 | First Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------------|

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (\$ and £ in millions)

The objectives of our Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (“MD&A”) are to provide users of our consolidated financial statements with the following:

- A narrative explanation from the perspective of management of our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, liquidity and certain other factors that may affect future results;
- Context to the unaudited consolidated financial statements; and
- Information that allows assessment of the likelihood that past performance is indicative of future performance.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 and the matters described under Part II, Item 1A Risk Factors in this Quarterly Report and under Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. Refer to Item 1. Business and Note 1. Background and Business Description for a description of our business and our key strategies to achieve our primary goal to maximize shareholder value.

Organization of Information

MD&A includes the following sections:

| | Page |
|--|--------------------|
| <i>Executive Summary</i> | 33 |
| <i>Critical Accounting Estimates</i> | 35 |
| <i>Financial Guarantees in Force</i> | 35 |
| <i>Results of Operations</i> | 38 |
| <i>Liquidity and Capital Resources</i> | 43 |
| <i>Balance Sheet</i> | 45 |
| <i>Variable Interest Entities</i> | 49 |
| <i>Accounting Standards</i> | 49 |
| <i>U.S. Insurance Statutory Basis Financial Results</i> | 49 |
| <i>Ambac UK Financial Results under UK Accounting Principles</i> | 50 |
| <i>Non-GAAP Financial Measures</i> | 50 |

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AFG Net Assets

AFG has the following net assets to support its goals and strategies, including the development and growth of its Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance and Insurance Distribution businesses, acquisitions and capital management. AFG does not have any commitment or other obligation to provide capital or liquidity to AAC, whose financial guarantee business has been in run-off since 2008. As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, AFG’s stand alone net assets, excluding its equity investments in subsidiaries are shown in the following table:

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Cash and short-term investments | \$ 153 | \$ 156 |
| Other investments ⁽¹⁾ | 33 | 32 |
| Other net assets | 23 | 23 |
| Total | \$ 209 | \$ 211 |

(1) Includes strategic minority investments in insurance services businesses of \$26.

The decrease in AFG net assets, excluding its equity investments in subsidiaries, during 2024 was driven by operating expenses, partially offset by interest income and distributions received from subsidiaries.

AFG's subsidiaries/businesses are divided into three segments with results for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 as follows:

| (\$ in millions) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|----------|
| | Legacy | Specialty | Insurance | Corporate & | Consoli- | Legacy | Specialty | Insurance | Corporate & | Consoli- |
| | Financial | Property & | | | | Financial | Property & | | | |
| | Guarantee | Casualty | | | | Guarantee | Casualty | | | |
| | Insurance | Insurance | Distribution | Other | dated | Insurance | Insurance | Distribution | Other | dated |
| Premiums placed | | | \$ 90 | | \$ 90 | | | \$ 77 | | \$ 77 |
| Gross premiums written | \$ 2 | \$ 96 | | | 98 | \$ 9 | \$ 52 | | | 61 |
| Net premiums written | 2 | 26 | | | 28 | 9 | 9 | | | 18 |
| Total revenues | 53 | 30 | 18 | \$ 2 | 103 | 32 | 9 | 15 | \$ 2 | 58 |
| Total expenses | 28 | 28 | 14 | 7 | 77 | 64 | 10 | 11 | 2 | 86 |
| Pretax income (loss) | 25 | 2 | 4 | (5) | 26 | (32) | (1) | 4 | — | (29) |
| EBITDA | 52 | 2 | 5 | (5) | 55 | (9) | (1) | 5 | — | (5) |
| Ambac Stockholders' Equity ⁽¹⁾ | 928 | 122 | 106 | 209 | 1,365 | 824 | 111 | 94 | 224 | 1,254 |
| Non-redeemable noncontrolling interest | 51 | 2 | | | 53 | 51 | 2 | | | 53 |
| Total stockholders' equity | 979 | 124 | 106 | 209 | 1,418 | 875 | 113 | 94 | 224 | 1,307 |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interest | | | 17 | | 17 | | | 20 | | 20 |

(1) Represents Ambac's stockholders equity for each segment, including intercompany eliminations.

On January 12, 2024, Everspan Insurance Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement with Hagerty Insurance Holdings, Inc., to sell its ownership interests in Consolidated National Insurance Company. The closing of the Transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including obtaining regulatory approval from the Colorado Division of Insurance (such request for approval having been filed on February 12, 2024). Subject to the satisfactory completion of closing conditions, the closing is expected to occur in the second quarter of 2024.

Banking Sector Crisis of 2023

The collapse of several banks in early 2023 and extending into 2024 precipitated a sudden loss of confidence in the banking system, prompting bank runs and the U.S. government to provide direct support to failed banks and, through an expansive emergency lending program, the system more broadly. In the U.S., this crisis was in part a consequence of rising interest rates, resulting in large declines in the market value of U.S. Treasury and government-backed debt held by banking institutions. The risk of additional bank financial stress and/or failures due to asset-liability mismatches or other risks, such as outsized exposure to commercial real estate, remains. Despite actions by government agencies and regulators to mitigate the consequences of these bank failures by providing liquidity and guaranteeing uninsured deposits, there is no guarantee that they will provide similar support in the event of additional bank failures. In Europe, regulators stepped in to facilitate mergers of stressed banks into more stable institutions. The ability or willingness of healthy banks to merge with stressed banks in the future is also subject to significant uncertainty.

Ambac's cash balances held at banks was \$44 as of March 31, 2024 and \$27 as of December 31, 2023. Substantially all of these cash balances were uninsured as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 because they either (i) exceeded the two hundred and fifty thousand FDIC insurance limit or (ii) were held in foreign banks. These cash balances were held primarily with Ambac's main operating banks which are large money center and/or global banks. Ambac actively manages its cash balances to reduce bank risk and to enhance yield by transferring most of its funds to government and prime money market funds. Included in the cash balances above are \$13 and \$16 as of March 31, 2024

and December 31, 2023, respectively, of cash from companies Ambac has acquired within its insurance distribution businesses that are held in regional banks. The management of these balances and the associated bank exposure is under consideration as part of Ambac's ongoing integration of these acquired businesses. In addition, cash balances held by variable interest entities ("VIEs") that are consolidated in Ambac's financial statements as a result of Ambac's financial guarantees totaled \$252 and \$246 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. These amounts relate primarily to cash collateral posted against derivative assets and reserve balances maintained under the VIEs' governing documents and are not directly managed by Ambac.

Ambac also has exposure to banks through its fixed maturity investment portfolio totaling \$151 and \$169 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. All of these investments are managed by third-party asset management firms which follow single and sector risk limits established by Ambac. The average rating of our fixed income investment in banks was A- as of March 31, 2024.

Financial Statement Impact of Foreign Currency:

The impact of foreign currency as reported in Ambac's Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income for the

three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, included the following:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---------------|--------------|
| Net income ⁽¹⁾ | \$ — | \$ (2) |
| Gain (losses) on foreign currency translation (net of tax) | (8) | 16 |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on non-functional currency available-for-sale securities (net of tax) | 1 | (4) |
| Impact on total comprehensive income (loss) | \$ (7) | \$ 10 |

(1) A portion of Ambac UK's, and to a lesser extent AAC's, assets and liabilities are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency. Other than the foreign currency impact on unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, which is included in Other comprehensive income, foreign currency transaction gains/(losses) as a result of changes to foreign currency rates are reported through Net income in the Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Total Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Future changes to currency rates may adversely affect our financial results. Refer to Part II, Item 7A in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, for further information on the impact of future currency rate changes on Ambac's financial instruments.

SEC Final Rules on Climate Related Information

On March 6, 2024, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") adopted *The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate-Related Disclosures for Investors* ("Final Rule"), which will require registrants to disclose extensive climate-related information in their Form 10-K annual reports and registration statements. The Final Rule was scheduled to become effective May 28, 2024; however, the SEC has voluntarily stayed the rule's effective date pending judicial review of legal challenges.

The compliance dates for large accelerated filers such as Ambac for annual reports or registration statements that include financial statements for the year ending December 31 are phased in from 2025 through 2033. Depending on when the legal challenges are resolved, the compliance dates may be retained or delayed.

Ambac is reviewing the Final Rule and is currently assessing our related compliance obligations and other effects on our operations.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Ambac's Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), which require the use of material estimates and assumptions. For a discussion of Ambac's critical accounting policies and estimates, see "Critical Accounting Policies and

Estimates" in Part II, Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in Ambac's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

FINANCIAL GUARANTEES IN FORCE

Financial guarantee products were sold in three principal markets: U.S. public finance, U.S. structured finance and international finance. Net par exposures within the U.S. public finance market include capital appreciation bonds which are reported at the par amount at the time of issuance of the insurance policy as opposed to the current accreted value of the bonds. Guaranteed net par outstanding includes the exposures of policies insuring variable interest entities ("VIEs") consolidated in accordance with the Consolidation Topic of the ASC. Guaranteed net par outstanding excludes the exposures of policies that insure bonds which have been refunded, pre-refunded or synthetically commuted.

The following table provides a comparison of total, adversely classified credits ("ACC") and watch list credit net par outstanding in the insured portfolio at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

| (\$ in billions) | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 | Variance |
|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Total | \$ 19,031 | \$ 19,541 | \$ (510) (2)% |
| ACC | \$ 2,776 | \$ 3,504 | \$ (728) (21)% |
| Watch List | \$ 2,679 | \$ 2,181 | \$ 498 23 % |

The decrease in total and ACC net par outstanding resulted from active de-risking, scheduled maturities, amortizations, refundings and calls and a strengthening of the USD versus the GBP of \$105 on the total net par outstanding. Additionally, we upgraded (from ACC to Watch List) one credit that has net par outstanding of \$563 at March 31, 2024.

The following table provides a breakdown of guaranteed net par outstanding by market at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Public Finance ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 7,423 | \$ 7,562 |
| Structured Finance | 3,096 | 3,315 |
| International Finance | 8,512 | 8,664 |
| Total net par outstanding | \$ 19,031 | \$ 19,541 |

(1) Includes \$3,355 and \$3,371 of Military Housing net par outstanding at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The table below shows Ambac’s ten largest insured exposures, by repayment source, as a percentage of total financial guarantee net par outstanding at March 31, 2024:

| Sector | Co. | Bond Kind | Country-Bond Type | Ambac Ratings ⁽¹⁾ | Ultimate Maturity Year | % of Total | |
|--------|-----|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | | Net Par Outstanding | Net Par Outstanding |
| IF | AUK | Investor Owned Utility Gas - unsecured | UK-Utility | BBB+ | 2037 | \$ 895 | 4.7 % |
| IF | AUK | PFI - Hospitals | UK-Infrastructure | BBB+ | 2046 | 728 | 3.8 % |
| IF | AUK | PFI - Accommodation | UK-Infrastructure | A- | 2040 | 719 | 3.8 % |
| IF | AUK | Investor Owned Utility Other - unsecured | UK-Utility | A- | 2035 | 686 | 3.6 % |
| IF | AUK | Other Asset Securitizations | UK-Asset Securitizations | BBB+ | 2033 | 671 | 3.5 % |
| IF | AUK | Investor Owned Utility Electric - unsecured | UK-Utility | BBB+ | 2036 | 621 | 3.3 % |
| IF | AUK | Sub-Sovereign | Italy-Sub-Sovereign | BBB- | 2035 | 563 | 3.0 % |
| IF | AUK | PFI - Accommodation | UK-Infrastructure | A- | 2038 | 463 | 2.4 % |
| PF | AAC | US State Lease/Appropriation | US-Lease and Tax-backed Revenue | BBB | 2036 | 357 | 1.9 % |
| IF | AUK | PFI - Hospitals | UK-Infrastructure | BBB- | 2040 | 303 | 1.6 % |
| Total | | | | | | \$ 6,006 | 31.6 % |

PF = Public Finance, SF = Structured Finance, IF = International Finance
AAC = Ambac Assurance, AUK = Ambac UK

(1) Internal credit ratings are provided solely to indicate the underlying credit quality of guaranteed obligations based on the view of Ambac. In cases where Ambac has insured multiple tranches of an issue with varying internal ratings, or more than one obligation of an issuer with varying internal ratings, a weighted average rating is used. Ambac credit ratings are subject to revision at any time and do not constitute investment advice. BIG denotes credits deemed below investment grade.

Net par related to the top ten exposures decreased \$85 from December 31, 2023. Exposures are impacted by changes in foreign exchange rates (\$63 decrease during the three months ended March 31, 2024), certain indexation rates linked to inflation measures in the United Kingdom (RPI) and scheduled and unscheduled paydowns. As a result of recent increases in inflation, such indexation-linked exposures have increased at a faster pace than they have historically.

The concentration of net par amongst the top ten (as a percentage of net par outstanding) was 32% at March 31, 2024, and 31% at December 31, 2023. Excluding the top ten exposures, the remaining insured portfolio of financial guarantees has an average net par outstanding of \$28 per single risk, with insured exposures ranging up to \$300 and a median net par outstanding of \$5.

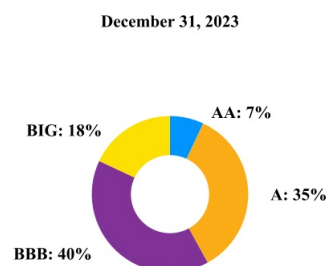
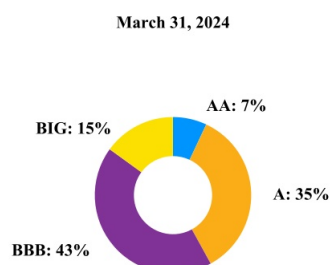
Exposure Currency

The table below shows the distribution by currency of AAC’s insured exposure as of March 31, 2024:

| Currency | Net Par Amount | | Net Par Amount | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------|
| | Outstanding in | | Outstanding in | |
| | Base Currency | | U.S. Dollars | |
| U.S. Dollars | \$ | 10,671 | \$ | 10,671 |
| British Pounds | £ | 5,739 | | 7,242 |
| Euros | € | 800 | | 863 |
| Australian Dollars | A\$ | 391 | | 255 |
| Total | | | \$ | 19,031 |

Ratings Distribution

The following charts provide a rating distribution of net par outstanding based upon internal Ambac credit ratings⁽¹⁾ and a distribution by bond type of Ambac's below investment grade ("BIG") net par exposures at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. BIG is defined as those exposures with an Ambac internal credit rating below BBB-:



Note: AAA is less than 1% in both periods.

- (1) Internal credit ratings are provided solely to indicate the underlying credit quality of guaranteed obligations based on the view of Ambac. In cases where Ambac has insured multiple tranches of an issue with varying internal ratings, or more than one obligation of an issuer with varying internal ratings, a weighted average rating is used. Ambac credit ratings are subject to revision at any time and do not constitute investment advice.

Summary of Below Investment Grade Exposure:

| Bond Type | Net Par Outstanding | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | March 31, 2024 | December 31, 2023 |
| Public Finance: | | |
| Military Housing | \$ 360 | \$ 361 |
| General Obligations | 84 | 85 |
| Lease and tax-backed revenue | 78 | 80 |
| Other | 37 | 37 |
| Total Public Finance | 559 | 563 |
| Structured Finance: | | |
| RMBS | 1,604 | 1,642 |
| Student Loans | 171 | 264 |
| Total Structured Finance | 1,775 | 1,906 |
| International Finance: | | |
| Transportation | 300 | 307 |
| Sovereign/sub-sovereign | 114 | 693 |
| Other | 1 | 1 |
| Total International Finance | 415 | 1,001 |
| Total | \$ 2,749 | \$ 3,470 |

The net decline in below investment grade exposures is primarily due de-risking activities and an upgrade of a sub-sovereign exposure.

Below investment grade exposures could increase as a relative proportion of the guarantee portfolio given that Ambac hasn't written any new financial guarantee business since 2008 and stressed borrowers generally have less ability to prepay or refinance their debt. Accordingly, due to these and other factors, it is not unreasonable to expect the proportion of below investment grade exposure in the guarantee portfolio to increase in the future.

Results of Operations

Consolidated Results

A summary of our financial results is shown below:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|--------------|----------------|
| Gross premiums written | \$ 98 | \$ 61 |
| Net premiums written | 28 | 18 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Net premiums earned | \$ 33 | \$ 14 |
| Commission income | 18 | 14 |
| Program fees | 3 | 1 |
| Net investment income | 42 | 34 |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | 1 | (4) |
| Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts | 2 | (4) |
| Income (loss) on variable interest entities | 3 | (1) |
| Other income | 3 | 3 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Losses and loss adjustment expenses (benefit) | (1) | 18 |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs, net | 4 | 1 |
| Commission expense | 10 | 8 |
| General and administrative expenses | 36 | 36 |
| Intangible amortization | 12 | 7 |
| Interest expense | 16 | 16 |
| Provision for income taxes | 5 | 4 |
| Net income (loss) | 21 | (33) |
| Less: net (gain) attributable to noncontrolling interest | (1) | (1) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders | \$ 20 | \$ (33) |

The following paragraphs describe the consolidated results of operations of Ambac and its subsidiaries for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Gross Premiums Written. Gross premiums written increased \$37 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the same period in the prior year, as shown by segment below.

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Legacy Financial Guaranty Insurance | \$ 2 | \$ 9 |
| Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | 96 | 52 |
| Total | \$ 98 | \$ 61 |

Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance gross written premiums relate to changes in expected and contractual premium cash flows for existing financial guarantees in force.

Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance growth in gross premiums written was driven by new programs, including assumed premium written with Everspan as a reinsurer, and growth in existing programs.

Net Premiums Written. Net premiums written increased \$10 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the same period in the prior year, as shown by segment below:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Legacy Financial Guaranty Insurance | \$ 2 | \$ 9 |
| Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | 26 | 9 |
| Total | \$ 28 | \$ 18 |

Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance net premiums written relate to changes in expected and contractual premium cash flows for existing financial guarantees in force.

Specialty P&C growth was driven by new programs, including assumed premium written by Everspan as a reinsurer, and growth in existing programs.

Net Premiums Earned. Net premiums earned increased \$19 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the same period in the prior year as shown by segment below.

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Legacy Financial Guaranty Insurance | \$ 7 | \$ 7 |
| Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | 26 | 7 |
| Total | \$ 33 | \$ 14 |

The increase in Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance was driven by new programs, including premiums earned via assumed reinsurance, and growth in existing programs.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income primarily consists of interest and net discount accretion on fixed maturity securities classified as available-for-sale, interest and changes in fair value of fixed maturity securities classified as trading and net gains (losses) on pooled investment funds which include changes in fair value of the funds' net assets. Fixed maturity securities include investments in Ambac-insured securities that are made opportunistically based on their risk/reward and asset-liability management characteristics. Investments in pooled investment funds and certain other investments are either classified as trading securities with changes in fair value recognized in earnings or are reported under the equity method. These funds and other investments are reported in Other investments on the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets, which consists primarily of pooled fund investments in diversified asset classes. For further information about investment funds held, refer to Note 4. Investments to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I, Item 1 in this Form 10-Q. Net investment income for the periods presented were driven by the Legacy Financial Guarantee segment; other segments' results were not significant.

Net investment income from Ambac-insured securities; available-for-sale and short-term securities, other than Ambac-insured; and Other investments is summarized in the table below:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Securities available-for-sale and short-term other than Ambac-insured | \$ 20 | \$ 16 |
| Other investments (includes trading securities) | 15 | 13 |
| Securities available-for-sale: Ambac-insured (including secured notes) | 6 | 5 |
| Net investment income (loss) | \$ 42 | \$ 34 |

Net investment income (loss) increased \$8 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the prior year period.

- Net investment income from available-for-sale and short-term securities, other than Ambac-insured increased for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the same periods in the prior year due primarily to higher portfolio yields.
- Other investments income (loss) increased \$2 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the same period in the prior year driven by the higher increase in fair value of securities received in the Puerto Rico restructurings and classified as trading. Income from pooled fund investments for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was flat compared to the prior year period. Stronger average performance in the first quarter of 2024 offset the effect of portfolio allocation out of pooled funds since March 31, 2023.
- Net investment income from Ambac-insured securities for the three months ended March 31, 2024, increase \$2 compared to prior year period due to additional purchases of AAC-insured student loan securities during 2023. A significant majority of these student loan securities were transferred to a non-consolidated trust in March 2024 in connection with the commutation of the associated AAC financial guarantees.

Net Investment Gains (Losses), including Impairments. The following table provides a breakdown of net investment gains (losses) for the periods presented:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|------|--------|
| Net gains (losses) on securities sold or called | \$ — | \$ (1) |
| Net foreign exchange gains (losses) | — | (2) |
| Credit impairments | 1 | (1) |
| Intent / requirement to sell impairments | — | — |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | \$ 1 | \$ (4) |

Credit impairments are recorded as an allowance for credit losses with changes in the allowance recorded through earnings. When credit impairments are recorded, any non-credit related impairment amounts on the securities are recorded in other comprehensive income. If management either: (i) has the intent to sell its investment in a debt security or (ii) determines that the Company is more likely than not will be required to sell the debt security before its anticipated recovery, then the amortized cost of the security is written-down to fair value with a corresponding impairment charge recognized in earnings.

Net Gains (Losses) on Derivative Contracts. Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts are driven primarily by results from the Company's legacy interest rate derivatives portfolio. Through the first quarter of 2023, the interest rate derivatives portfolio was positioned to benefit from rising rates as a partial economic hedge against interest rate exposure in the financial guarantee insurance and investment portfolios. This economic hedge was substantially reduced since September 30, 2022 and was fully removed during the second quarter of 2023. Net gains (losses) on interest rate derivatives reflect mark-to-market gains (losses) in the portfolio caused by increases (declines) in forward interest rates during the periods, the carrying cost of the portfolio, and the impact of counterparty credit adjustments as discussed below. The removal of the economic hedge does not change the

exposure of future results to counterparty credit adjustments. Results from other derivatives were not significant to the periods presented.

Net gains (losses) on interest rate derivatives for the three months ended March 31, 2024, were \$2 compared to (\$4) for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Results for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were driven by counterparty credit adjustments as described below. Additionally, the three months ended March 31, 2023, included losses of \$2 related to declines in interest rates during the period.

Counterparty credit adjustments are generally applicable for uncollateralized derivative assets that may not be offset by derivative liabilities under a master netting agreement. In periods when credit spreads are stable, counterparty credit adjustments will generally have a proportionate offsetting impact to gains or losses on derivative assets, relative to fully collateralized assets. In addition to the impact of interest rates on the underlying derivative asset values, the changes in counterparty credit adjustments are driven by movement of credit spreads. Generally, narrowing (widening) of credit spreads will increase (decrease) derivative gains relative to a period of stable credit spreads. Inclusion of counterparty credit adjustments in the valuation of interest rate derivatives resulted in gains (losses) within Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts of \$2 and \$(1) for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The counterparty credit adjustments for both periods were driven primarily by changes to the underlying asset values.

Commission Income and Commission Expense. Commission income for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was \$18 compared to \$14, for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Commissions include both base and profit sharing commissions of the Insurance Distribution segment. The increase was driven by commissions earned by Riverton Insurance Agency, which was purchased in August 2023, and organic growth. Gross commission income has an accompanying expense, commission expense, which will largely track changes in gross commission. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, commission expense of \$10 compared to \$8 in three months ended March 31, 2023, driven primarily by the same factors as commission income.

Income (Loss) on Variable Interest Entities. Included within Income (loss) on variable interest entities are income statement amounts relating to LFG-VIEs, consolidated under the Consolidation Topic of the ASC as a result of Ambac's variable interest arising from financial guarantees written by Ambac's subsidiaries, including gains or losses attributable to consolidating or deconsolidating LFG-VIEs during the periods reported. Generally, the Company's consolidated LFG-VIEs are entities for which Ambac has provided financial guarantees on all of or a portion of its assets or liabilities.

Income (loss) on variable interest entities was \$3 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to \$(1) for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Results for the three months ended March 31, 2024 increased from the prior year period due to inclusion of contract revenues from a LFG-VIE initially consolidated in the fourth quarter 2023, partially offset by lower

fair value gains on the net assets of other LFG-VIEs in the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to the prior year period.

Refer to *Note 9. Variable Interest Entities* to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part I, Item 1 in this Form 10-Q for further information on the accounting for LFG- VIEs.

Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses (Benefit). Loss and loss expenses incurred decreased \$19 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the same period in the prior year. The below provides the breakout of loss and loss expenses by segment:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|---|---------------|--------------|
| Legacy financial guarantee | \$ (21) | \$ 13 |
| Specialty property and casualty insurance | 19 | 5 |
| Total | \$ (1) | \$ 18 |

The variance within legacy financial guarantee was driven by activities in the RMBS portfolio in both years. The primary driver was largely the positive impact of discount rates in 2024 compared to the negative impact of discount rates in 2023.

The higher loss and loss adjustment expenses in Specialty P&C is primarily due to an increase business production from new programs, including production from assumed reinsurance, and growth in existing programs.

General and Administrative Expenses (G&A). The following table provides a summary of G&A expenses for the periods presented:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Compensation | \$ 17 | \$ 16 |
| Non-compensation | 19 | 20 |
| Total G&A expenses | \$ 36 | \$ 36 |

The increase in Compensation G&A expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2024, was due to higher compensation costs from a net increase in staffing from the development and growth, both organic and via acquisitions, of the Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance and Insurance Distribution segments; offset by lower current year period expenses for severance costs and incentive compensation expense, including the impact of performance factor adjustments on stock-based compensation.

The decrease in Non-Compensation G&A expenses during the three months ended March 31, 2024, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023, was due to lower Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance segment's legal defense costs, offset by expenses associated with the ongoing strategic review of the Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance segment and growth of the Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance and Insurance Distribution segments.

Intangible Amortization. Insurance intangible amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was \$11 an increase of \$5 as compared to the the three months ended March 31, 2023. The increase for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was

driven primarily by de-risking activities. Other intangible amortization for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was \$1, and \$1 for the three months ended March 31, 2023, respectively.

Interest Expense. All interest expense relates to the Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance segment and includes accrued interest on the Tier 2 Notes (fully redeemed during the first quarter of 2023), surplus notes and other debt obligations. Additionally, interest expense includes discount accretion when the debt instrument carrying value is at a discount to par. The following table provides details by type of obligation for the periods presented:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Surplus notes | \$ 16 | \$ 16 |
| Tier 2 Notes | — | — |
| Other (principally Ambac UK) | — | — |
| Total interest expense | \$ 16 | \$ 16 |

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024, decreased less than \$1 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023, due to the final redemption of Tier 2 secured notes in the first quarter of 2023.

As required by the terms of surplus notes and/or otherwise, AAC will continue to seek OCI's approval to make payments of principal and interest on its surplus notes. AAC intends to make these requests at least four times a year with respect to payment of a partial amount, as well as the full amount, of the principal and interest then due, unless otherwise directed by OCI. OCI's approval of AAC's requests for surplus note payments may be granted or denied in OCI's sole discretion. Since the issuance of the surplus notes in 2010, OCI has declined to approve regular payments of interest on surplus notes, although the OCI has permitted two exceptional payments. Ambac can provide no assurance as to when or if surplus note principal and interest payments will be made. If OCI does not approve payments on or the acquisition of surplus notes over time, the ongoing accretion of interest on the notes may impair AAC's ability to extinguish the notes in full. Surplus notes are subordinated in right of payment to policyholder and other claims.

AAC's recent request to pay principal of, and interest on, surplus notes on the next scheduled payment date of June 7, 2024, remains pending as of May 6, 2024. If OCI declines such request the scheduled payment date for interest, and the scheduled maturity date for payment of principal of the surplus notes, will be extended until OCI grants approval to make such payment. Interest will accrue, compounded on each anniversary of the original scheduled payment date or scheduled maturity date, on any unpaid principal or interest through the actual date of payment, at 5.1% per annum. Holders of surplus notes have no rights to enforce the payment of the principal of, or interest on, surplus notes in the absence of OCI approval to pay such amount. Interest on the outstanding surplus notes was accrued for and AAC is accruing interest on the interest amounts following each scheduled payment date. Total accrued and unpaid interest for surplus notes outstanding was \$487 at March 31, 2024. Since the issuance of the surplus notes in 2010, OCI has declined to approve regular payments of interest on surplus notes, although the OCI has permitted two exceptional payments.

Provision for Income Taxes. The provision for income taxes primarily relates to international operations and was \$5 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to \$4 for the three months ended March 31, 2023, an increase of \$1 for the quarter.

Results of Operations by Segment

Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|---------------|----------------|
| Revenues: | | |
| Net premiums earned | \$ 7 | \$ 7 |
| Net investment income | 38 | 31 |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | 1 | (4) |
| Net gains (losses) on derivative contracts | 2 | (3) |
| Other income | 5 | 2 |
| Total | 53 | 32 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Loss and loss expenses (benefit) | (21) | 13 |
| General and administrative expenses | 21 | 28 |
| Total | 1 | 41 |
| Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ⁽¹⁾ | 52 | (9) |
| Interest expense | 16 | 16 |
| Depreciation | — | — |
| Intangible amortization | 11 | 6 |
| Pretax income (loss) | \$ 25 | \$ (32) |
| Stockholders equity ⁽²⁾ | \$ 928 | \$ 824 |

(1) Abbreviated as "EBITDA" in future references

(2) Represents the share of Ambac stockholders equity for each subsidiary within the Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance segment, including intercompany eliminations.

The Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance segment is in active runoff. This will generally result in declining premiums earned, investment income, G&A expenses and intangible amortization. The variability in the segment financial results are primarily driven by (i) change in loss and loss expenses resulting from, amongst other items, credit developments, interest rates and de-risking transactions (may also impact intangible amortization) and (ii) volatility from Other investments income (loss) resulting from changes in market conditions and other performance factors. Key variances not discussed above in the Consolidated Results section are as follows:

Net premiums earned. Net premiums earned increased \$1 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the same period in the prior year. Net premiums earned were impacted by the organic and active runoff of the financial guarantee insured portfolio, resulting in a reduction to current and future normal net premiums earned and the following:

- Changes to the allowance for credit losses on the premium receivable asset. The positive impact on net premiums earned related to credit losses amounted to \$1 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, as compared to \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Investment and Derivative Results. Net investment income increased \$7 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the prior year period, driven by higher yields in fixed income and fair value gains on fixed maturity securities classified as trading. Net investment gains (losses), including impairments increased \$5 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the prior year period, primarily as a result of foreign exchange gains on US dollar denominated securities held by Ambac UK and impairment charges in first quarter 2023. Derivative results improved by \$5 compared to first quarter 2023 mostly driven by the impact of counterparty credit adjustments on certain derivative assets that are hedged against interest rate risk. Additionally, the three months ended March 31, 2023 included losses on positions held as partial hedges against interest rate risk elsewhere in the Legacy Financial Guarantee segment. Ambac has exited the derivative positions that led to the first quarter 2023 losses. See Consolidated Results above for further information about investment and derivative results.

Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses (Benefit). The following provides details for losses and loss adjustment expenses (benefit) incurred for the periods presented:

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|----------------|--------------|
| Structured Finance | \$ (16) | \$ 20 |
| Domestic Public Finance | (3) | 3 |
| Other, including International Finance | (2) | (10) |
| Totals | \$ (21) | \$ 13 |

Loss and loss adjustment expenses (benefit) for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was largely driven by the positive impact of discount rates on the structured insurance portfolio, and assumption changes in the public finance and international portfolios.

Loss and loss adjustment expenses (benefit) for the three months ended March 31, 2023, were largely driven by unfavorable loss development in the RMBS portfolio resulting from a decline in discount rates, partially offset by assumption changes in the international portfolio.

G&A Expenses.

Segment G&A expenses decreased during the three months ended March 31, 2024, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023, primarily due to (i) the timing of the reimbursement of expenses paid to the Corporate segment of \$4 (2023 was paid in three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2024 will be paid in the second quarter of 2024) ii) lower legal defense costs and lower compensation costs than the prior year period. These relative reductions in expenses were partially offset by expenses incurred in the first quarter of 2024 related to the strategic review of the Legacy Financial Guarantee segment.

Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Gross premiums written | \$ 96 | \$ 52 |
| Net premiums written | 26 | 9 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Net premiums earned | \$ 26 | \$ 7 |
| Program fees | 3 | 1 |
| Investment income | 1 | 1 |
| Net investment gains (losses), including impairments | — | — |
| Total | 30 | 9 |
| Expenses: | | |
| Losses and loss expenses incurred | 19 | 5 |
| Amortization of deferred acquisition costs, net | 4 | 1 |
| General and administrative expenses | 4 | 4 |
| Total | 28 | 10 |
| EBITDA | 2 | \$ (1) |
| Pretax income (loss) | \$ 2 | \$ (1) |
| Retention Ratio ⁽¹⁾ | 27.2% | 17.7% |
| Loss and LAE Ratio ⁽²⁾ | 75.7% | 66.6% |
| Expense Ratio ⁽³⁾ | 22.7% | 55.3% |
| Combined Ratio ⁽⁴⁾ | 98.4% | 121.9% |
| Ambac's stockholders equity ⁽⁵⁾ | \$ 122 | \$ 111 |

- (1) Retention ratio is defined as net premiums written divided by gross premiums written
- (2) Loss and LAE ratio is defined as losses and loss expenses incurred divided by net premiums earned
- (3) Expense Ratio is defined as acquisition costs and general and administrative expenses, reduced by program fees divided by net premiums earned
- (4) Combined ratio is defined as Loss and LAE ratio plus Expense Ratio
- (5) Represents Ambac stockholders equity in the Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance segment, including intercompany eliminations.

The Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance segment has grown significantly since underwriting its first program in May 2021. Twenty-two programs were authorized to issue policies as of March 31, 2024, including Everspan participating on two programs as a reinsurer. The growth in both the number and size of these programs has contributed to the increase in gross and net premiums written, net premiums earned and net loss and loss expenses incurred.

Consistent with its strategy to generate sustainable and profitable, long-term specialty property and casualty program insurance business with a focus on diverse classes of risks, Everspan may source programs as a reinsurer. Accessing programs as a reinsurer provides Everspan the ability to diversify its risk profile, efficiently manage its exposure limits and underwrite programs in a cost efficient manner, amongst other benefits. Everspan may participate as a reinsurer on up to 30% of a program, which is in line with its strategy to generally retain up to 30% per program. Participation as a reinsurer will affect the retention ratio as Everspan's portion of assumed premiums is reflected fully in both Gross and Net Premiums Written.

Loss and loss expenses incurred increased for the three months ended March 31, 2024, relative to the three months ended March 31, 2023, primarily due to the growth and diversification of the business. Everspan's loss ratio (including ULAE) was 75.7% at March 31, 2024 versus 66.6% at March 31, 2023, inclusive of prior years development of 4.4% and 0.6%, respectively. The shift in the loss ratio was driven by commercial auto losses, the addition of personal nonstandard auto (through assumed reinsurance), excess auto claims and other liability claims. Everspan's loss ratio may fluctuate as the still nascent inforce book of business scales and seeks to diversify. The increase in the Loss and LAE ratio for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to March 31, 2023, was partially offset by a benefit to acquisition costs as a result of sliding scale commission arrangements with program partners. Such benefit reduced the Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance segments expense ratio by 6.1% and 0.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Certain Everspan programs were structured to include sliding scale commission arrangements within a loss ratio range. These sliding scale arrangements help mitigate losses, protect underwriting results and limit earnings volatility.

Loss and loss expenses incurred may be adversely impacted by economic and social inflation. The impact of inflation on ultimate loss reserves is difficult to estimate, particularly in light of recent disruptions to the judicial system, supply chain and labor markets. In addition, going forward, we may not be able to offset the impact of inflation on our loss costs with sufficient price increases. The estimation of loss reserves may also be more difficult during extreme events, such as a pandemic, or during the persistence of volatile or uncertain economic conditions, due to, amongst other reasons, unexpected changes in behavior of judicial decisions, claimants and policyholders, including fraudulent reporting of exposures and/or losses. Due to the inherent uncertainty underlying loss reserve estimates, the final resolution of the estimated liability for loss and loss adjustment expenses will likely be higher or lower than the related loss reserves at the reporting date. In addition, our estimate of losses and loss expenses may change. These additional liabilities or increases in estimates, or a range of either, could vary significantly from period to period.

General and administrative costs were flat for the three months ended March 31, 2024, relative to the three months ended March 31, 2023, as increases from the ramp up in Everspan's staffing and operations was mostly offset by the timing of incentive compensation accruals.

Insurance Distribution

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| Premiums placed | \$ 90 | \$ 77 |
| Commission income | \$ 18 | \$ 14 |
| Commission expense | 10 | 8 |
| Net commissions | 8 | 7 |
| Expenses: | | |
| General and administrative expenses ⁽¹⁾ | 3 | 2 |
| EBITDA | 5 | 5 |
| Depreciation ⁽¹⁾ | — | — |
| Intangible amortization | 1 | 1 |
| Pretax income (loss) | \$ 4 | \$ 4 |
| Ambac's stockholders equity ⁽²⁾ | \$ 106 | \$ 94 |

(1) The Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income presents the sum of these items as General and Administrative Expenses.

(2) Represents the share of Ambac stockholders equity for each subsidiary within the Insurance Distribution segment, including intercompany eliminations.

Ambac's Insurance Distribution businesses are compensated for their services primarily by commissions paid by insurance carriers for underwriting, structuring and/or administering policies. Commission revenues are usually based on a percentage of the premiums placed. In addition, we are eligible to receive profit sharing contingent commissions on certain programs based on the underwriting results of the policies placed with carriers, which may cause some variability in revenue and earnings.

The Insurance Distribution segment placed premiums for its carriers of approximately \$90 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, up \$13 or 17%, respectively, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023. Higher premiums placed were driven by the acquisition of Riverton Insurance Agency and organic growth. The increase in premiums placed and changes to the mix of business written led to the growth in commission income and commission expense of 22% and 29%, respectively.

Employer Stop Loss business underwritten by Xchange has seasonality in January and July, which results in revenue and earnings concentrations in the first and third quarters each calendar year. Employer Stop Loss is Xchange's largest business. Other lines of business placed by our Insurance Distribution business may also experience seasonality that may cause some volatility of results from period to period.

G&A Expenses. G&A expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2024, increased compared to the three months ended March 31, 2023, primarily as a result of the Riverton acquisition.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Holding Company Liquidity

AFG is organized as a legal entity separate and distinct from its operating subsidiaries. AFG is a holding company with no outstanding debt. AFG's liquidity is primarily dependent on its net assets, excluding the operating subsidiaries that it owns, totaling \$209 as of March 31, 2024, and secondarily on

distributions and expense sharing payments from its operating subsidiaries.

- Under an inter-company cost allocation agreement, AFG is reimbursed by AAC for a portion of certain operating costs and expenses and, if approved by OCI, entitled to an additional payment of up to \$4 per year to cover expenses not otherwise reimbursed. The \$4 reimbursement was approved by OCI and will be paid to AFG during the second quarter of 2024.
- Substantial uncertainty remains as to AAC's ability to pay dividends to AFG and the timing of any such dividends.
- Everspan's ability to make future dividend payments will mostly depend on its future profitability relative to its capital needs to support growth. Everspan is not expected to pay dividends in the near term.
- Cirrata does not have any regulatory restrictions on its ability to make distributions. AFG received distributions from Cirrata of \$2.9 and \$1.9 during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

AFG's principal uses of liquidity are: (i) the payment of G&A expenses, including costs to explore opportunities to grow and diversify Ambac, (ii) the making of strategic investments, which are generally illiquid and (iii) making capital investments to acquire, grow and/or capitalize new and/or existing businesses. AFG may also provide short-term financial support, primarily in the form of loans, to its operating subsidiaries to support their operating requirements.

In the opinion of the Company's management the net assets of AFG are sufficient to meet AFG's current liquidity requirements. However, events, opportunities, including acquisitions, or circumstances could arise that may cause AFG to seek additional capital (e.g. through the issuance of debt, equity or hybrid securities).

Operating Companies' Liquidity

Insurance

Sources of liquidity for the Company's insurance subsidiaries are through funds generated from premiums; recoveries on claim payments; reinsurance recoveries; fees; investment income and maturities and sales of investments.

- See Note 6. Insurance Contracts to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1., in this Form 10-Q for a summary of future gross financial guarantee premiums to be collected by AAC and Ambac UK. Termination of financial guarantee policies on an accelerated basis may adversely impact AAC's liquidity.

Cash provided from these sources is used primarily for claim payments and commutations, loss expenses and acquisition costs (Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance segment only), debt service on outstanding debt (Legacy Financial Guarantee segment only), G&A expenses, reinsurance payments and purchases of securities and other investments, some of which may not be immediately convertible into cash.

- As required by the terms of surplus notes and/or otherwise, AAC will continue to seek OCI's approval to make payments of principal and interest on its surplus notes. AAC intends to make these requests at least four times a year with respect to payment of a partial amount, as well as the full amount, of the principal and interest then due, unless otherwise directed by OCI. OCI's approval of AAC's requests for surplus note payments may be granted or denied in OCI's sole discretion. Since the issuance of the surplus notes in 2010, OCI has declined to approve regular payments of interest on surplus notes, although the OCI has permitted two exceptional payments. Ambac can provide no assurance as to when or if surplus note principal and interest payments will be made. If OCI does not approve payments on or the acquisition of surplus notes over time, the ongoing accretion of interest on the notes may impair AAC's ability to extinguish the notes in full. Surplus notes are subordinated in right of payment to policyholder and other claims.
- As discussed more fully in "Results of Operations" above in this Management's Discussion and Analysis, AAC requested approval from OCI to pay principal of, and interest on, the surplus notes on June 7, 2024, but as of the filing of this Form 10-Q, AAC has yet to receive a response from OCI to such request. Current principal outstanding on AAC's long-term debt consisted of \$519 of surplus notes. AAC's future interest obligations on long-term debt include \$496 of accrued and unpaid interest all or a portion of which would be payable on surplus notes if approved by OCI on the next scheduled payment date of June 7, 2024.
- AFS's remaining derivatives include interest rate swaps previously provided to asset-backed issuers and other entities in connection with their financings. AAC lends AFS cash and securities as needed to fund payments under these derivative contracts, collateral posting requirements and G&A expenses. Intercompany loans are governed by an established lending agreement with defined borrowing limits that has received non-disapproval from OCI.

Insurance subsidiaries manage their liquidity risk by maintaining comprehensive analyses of projected cash flows and maintaining specified levels of cash and short-term investments at all times. It is the opinion of the Company's management that the insurance subsidiaries' near term liquidity needs will be adequately met from the sources described above.

Insurance Distribution:

The liquidity requirements of our Insurance Distribution subsidiaries are met primarily by funds generated from commission receipts (both base and profit commissions). Base commissions are generally received monthly, whereas profit commissions are received only if the business underwritten is profitable. Cash provided from these sources is used primarily for commissions paid to sub-producers, G&A expenses and distributions to AFG and other members.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement Discussion

The following table summarizes the net cash flows for the periods presented.

| Three Months Ended March 31, | 2024 | 2023 |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| Cash provided by (used in): | | |
| Operating activities | \$ 18 | \$ 77 |
| Investing activities | 51 | 441 |
| Financing activities ⁽¹⁾ | (47) | (276) |
| Foreign exchange impact on cash and cash equivalents | — | — |
| Net cash flow | \$ 21 | \$ 243 |

- (1) Because the trusts established under the Puerto Rico restructurings are consolidated VIEs, certain payments made by AAC to accelerate AAC-insured bonds that were deposited into trusts are reflected as payments of VIE liabilities within financing activities. Cash used in financing activities includes \$0 and \$108 from such AAC payments, for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Operating activities

The following represents the significant cash operating activity during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

- Cash provided by (i) gross premiums were \$64 and \$48 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively; and (ii) investment portfolio income was \$25 and \$20 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in gross premiums were driven by the growth in the Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance segment.
- Interest payments, from the accumulated paid-in-kind interest on the Tier 2 Notes, were \$50 for the three months ended March 31, 2023.
- Payments related to (i) G&A expenses were \$41 and \$37 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively; and (ii) reinsurance premiums paid were \$34 and \$31 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in reinsurance premiums paid were driven by the growth in the Specialty Property and Casualty Insurance segment.
- Net Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance loss and loss expenses paid (recovered), including commutation payments, during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were (\$11) and (\$140), respectively. 2023 includes Nomura R&W settlement proceeds of \$140.

Future operating flows will primarily be impacted by net premium collections and investment coupon receipts, G&A expenses, net claim and loss expense payments and interest payments on outstanding debt.

Financing Activities

Financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2024, included paydowns and maturities of VIE debt obligations of \$46.

Financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2023, included payments for redemption of Tier 2 Notes of \$97 and paydowns and maturities of VIE debt obligations of \$174 (including payments for the accelerations of the VIE trusts created from the Puerto Rico restructuring).

Collateral

AFS hedged a portion of the interest rate risk in the Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance segment financial guarantee and investment portfolios, along with legacy customer interest rate swaps, with standardized derivative contracts, which contain collateral or margin requirements. Since the second quarter of 2023, AFS's only remaining derivative positions include a limited number of legacy customer swaps and their associated hedges. Under these hedge agreements, AFS is required to post collateral in excess of the derivative unrealized loss amount. All AFS derivative contracts containing ratings-based downgrade triggers that could result in collateral posting or a termination have been triggered. All collateral obligations are currently met. Collateral posted by AFS totaled a net amount of \$44 (cash and securities collateral of \$18 and \$26, respectively), including independent amounts, under these contracts at March 31, 2024.

BALANCE SHEET

Total assets increased by less than a million dollars from December 31, 2023, to \$8,429 at March 31, 2024, primarily due to (i) higher non-VIE invested assets and (ii) increases in premium receivables, reinsurance recoverables and deferred ceded premiums as a result of growth in the specialty P&C businesses; offset by a decrease in asset values of VIEs and reductions in intangible assets as a result of amortization during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Total liabilities decreased by approximately \$3 from December 31, 2023, to \$6,993 as of March 31, 2024, primarily due to decreases in the value of VIE liabilities; partially offset by (i) higher other liabilities from an increase in payable for securities and (ii) higher unearned premiums, deferred program fees and ceded premium payables from the specialty P&C businesses.

As of March 31, 2024, total stockholders' equity was \$1,418, compared with total stockholders' equity of \$1,415 at December 31, 2023. This increase was primarily due to total comprehensive income for the three months ended March 31, 2024, of \$5.

Investment Portfolio

Ambac's investment portfolio is managed under established guidelines designed to meet the investment objectives of AAC, Everspan Group, Ambac UK and AFG. Refer to "Description of the Business – Investments and Investment Policy" located in Part I. Item 1 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, for further description of Ambac's investment policies and applicable regulations.

Ambac's investment policies and objectives do not apply to the assets of VIEs consolidated as a result of financial guarantees written by its insurance subsidiaries.

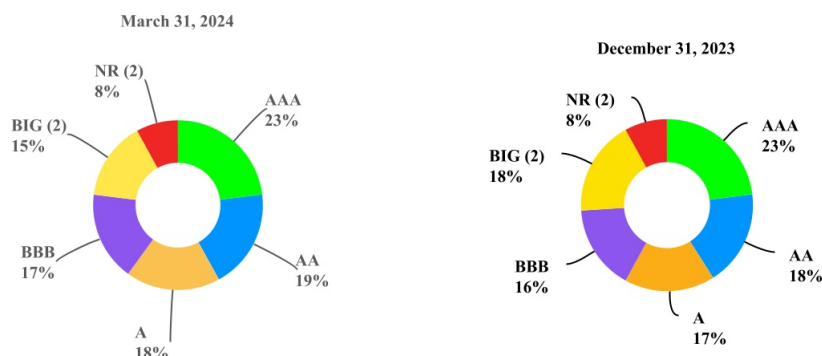
The following table summarizes the composition of Ambac's investment portfolio, excluding VIE investments, at carrying value at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

| | March 31, 2024 | | | | | December 31, 2023 | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | Legacy | Specialty | Insurance | Corporate & | Consolidated | Legacy | Specialty | Insurance | Corporate & | Consolidated |
| | Financial | Property & | | | | Financial | Property & | | | |
| | Guarantee | Casualty | | | | Guarantee | Casualty | | | |
| | Insurance | Insurance | Distribution | Other | | Insurance | Insurance | Distribution | Other | |
| Fixed maturity securities | \$ 1,535 | \$ 138 | \$ — | \$ 14 | \$ 1,687 | \$ 1,575 | \$ 121 | \$ — | \$ 14 | \$ 1,710 |
| Fixed maturity securities - trading | 29 | — | — | — | 29 | 27 | — | — | — | 27 |
| Short-term | 196 | 29 | 4 | 153 | 382 | 225 | 41 | 4 | 156 | 426 |
| Other investments | 540 | — | — | 19 | 558 | 457 | — | — | 18 | 475 |
| Fixed maturity securities pledged as collateral | 26 | — | — | — | 26 | 27 | — | — | — | 27 |
| Total investments ⁽¹⁾ | \$ 2,325 | \$ 167 | \$ 4 | \$ 186 | \$ 2,682 | \$ 2,310 | \$ 162 | \$ 4 | \$ 188 | \$ 2,664 |

(1) Includes investments denominated in non-US dollar currencies with a fair value of £347 (\$438) and €22 (\$24) as of March 31, 2024 and £342 (\$436) and €25 (\$27) as of December 31, 2023.

Ambac invests in various asset classes in its fixed maturity securities portfolio. Other investments primarily consist of diversified interests in pooled funds. Refer to Note 4. Investments to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 in this Form 10-Q for information about fixed maturity securities and pooled funds by asset class.

The following charts provide the ratings⁽¹⁾ distribution of the fixed maturity investment portfolio based on fair value at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:



- (1) Ratings are based on the lower of Moody's or S&P ratings. If ratings are unavailable from Moody's or S&P, Fitch ratings are used. If guaranteed, rating represents the higher of the underlying or guarantor's financial strength rating.
- (2) Below investment grade and not rated bonds insured by Ambac represent 18% and 21% of the March 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, combined fixed maturity portfolio, respectively.

Premium Receivables

Ambac's premium receivables increased to \$299 at March 31, 2024, from \$290 at December 31, 2023. The increase is primarily due to growth in the Specialty P&C Insurance Segment, including receivables related to the programs where Everspan participates as a reinsurer. At March 31, 2024, Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance and Specialty P&C premiums receivables were \$237 and \$62, respectively.

Premium receivables by payment currency were as follows:

| Currency | Premium Receivable in Payment Currency | Premium Receivable in U.S. Dollars |
|----------------|--|--|
| U.S. Dollars | \$ 215 | \$ 215 |
| British Pounds | £ 56 | 71 |
| Euros | € 12 | 13 |
| Total | | \$ 299 |

Reinsurance Recoverable on Paid and Unpaid Losses

Ambac has reinsurance in place pursuant to surplus share treaty and facultative agreements. To minimize its exposure to losses from reinsurers, Ambac (i) monitors the financial condition of its reinsurers; (ii) is entitled to receive collateral from its reinsurance counterparties under certain reinsurance contracts; and (iii) has certain cancellation rights that can be exercised in the event of rating agency downgrades of a reinsurer (among other events and circumstances). Those reinsurance counterparties that do not currently post collateral are well capitalized, highly rated, authorized capacity providers. Ambac benefited from letters of credit and collateral amounting to approximately \$127 from its reinsurers at March 31, 2024. Additionally, while legacy liabilities from the recent Specialty P&C acquisitions were fully

ceded to certain reinsurers, Everspan also benefits from an unlimited, uncapped indemnity from the respective sellers to mitigate any residual risk to these reinsurers. As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses were \$224 and \$195, respectively primarily due to growth in the Specialty P&C Insurance Segment.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets primarily include (i) an insurance intangible asset that was established at AFG's emergence from bankruptcy (Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance Segment) in 2013, representing the difference between the fair value and aggregate carrying value of the financial guarantee insurance and reinsurance assets and liabilities of \$233 at March 31, 2024, (ii) intangible assets established as part of acquisitions in the Insurance Distribution business of \$46 at March 31, 2024, (iii) indefinite-lived intangible assets in the Specialty P&C business as part of its acquisitions of \$14 at March 31, 2024.

As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, intangible assets were \$293 and \$307, respectively. The decline is primarily driven by amortization during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Loss and Loss Expense Reserves and Subrogation Recoverable

Loss and loss expense reserves are based upon estimates of the ultimate aggregate losses inherent in insurance policies issued to beneficiaries, excluding consolidated VIEs.

The evaluation process for determining the level of reserves is subject to certain estimates and judgments. Refer to the "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" and "Results of Operations" sections of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, in addition to Basis of

Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies and Loss Reserves sections included in Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies and Note 8. Insurance Contracts, respectively, of the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, for further information on loss and loss expenses.

The loss and loss expense reserves, net of subrogation recoverables and before reinsurance as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, were \$721 and \$756, respectively.

Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves are included in the Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets as follows:

| Balance Sheet Line Item | March 31, 2024: | | | | | December 31, 2023: | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | Legacy Financial Guarantee | | | | | Legacy Financial Guarantee | | | | |
| | Present Value of Expected | | | | | Present Value of Expected | | | | |
| | Net Cash Flows | | | | | Net Cash Flows | | | | |
| | Gross Loss and Loss Expense | Claims and Recoveries | Unearned Premium | Gross Loss and Loss Expense | Reserves | Gross Loss and Loss Expense | Claims and Recoveries | Unearned Premium | Gross Loss and Loss Expense | Reserves |
| | Reserves | Loss Expenses | Recoveries | Revenue | Reserves | Reserves | Loss Expenses | Recoveries | Revenue | Reserves |
| Loss and loss expense reserves | \$ 237 | \$ 693 | \$ (56) | \$ (24) | \$ 851 | \$ 197 | \$ 779 | \$ (55) | \$ (28) | \$ 893 |
| Subrogation recoverable | — | 1 | (131) | — | (130) | — | 1 | (139) | — | (137) |
| Totals | \$ 237 | \$ 695 | \$ (187) | \$ (24) | \$ 721 | \$ 197 | \$ 780 | \$ (194) | \$ (28) | \$ 756 |

Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance:

Ambac has exposure to various bond types issued in the debt capital markets. The bond types that have experienced significant claims, including through commutations, are residential mortgage-backed securities ("RMBS"), student loan securities and public finance securities. These bond types represent 91% of our ever-to-date insurance claims recorded, with RMBS comprising 60%. The table below indicates gross par outstanding and the components of gross loss and loss expense reserves related to policies in Ambac's gross loss and loss expense reserves at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

| | March 31, 2024: | | | | | December 31, 2023: | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|--|
| | Present Value of Expected | | | | | Present Value of Expected | | | | |
| | Net Cash Flows | | | | | Net Cash Flows | | | | |
| | Gross Par Outstanding ⁽¹⁾ | Claims and Loss Expenses | Recoveries | Unearned Premium | Gross Loss and Loss Expense Reserves ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ | Gross Par Outstanding ⁽¹⁾ | Claims and Loss Expenses | Recoveries | Unearned Premium | Gross Loss and Loss Expense Reserves ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ |
| | | | | Revenue | Reserves | | | | Revenue | Reserves |
| Structured Finance | \$ 1,747 | \$ 599 | \$ (167) | \$ (7) | \$ 426 | \$ 1,860 | \$ 679 | \$ (172) | \$ (10) | \$ 497 |
| Domestic Public Finance | 929 | 78 | (8) | (8) | 63 | 834 | 82 | (8) | (8) | 66 |
| Other, including International finance | 1,125 | 13 | (12) | (9) | (9) | 1,144 | 15 | (13) | (10) | (8) |
| Loss expenses | — | 4 | — | — | 4 | — | 4 | — | — | 4 |
| Totals | \$ 3,801 | \$ 695 | \$ (187) | \$ (24) | \$ 484 | \$ 3,838 | \$ 780 | \$ (194) | \$ (28) | \$ 559 |

(1) Ceded par outstanding on policies with loss reserves and ceded loss and loss expense reserves were \$366 and \$25 respectively, at March 31, 2024, and \$362 and \$30, respectively at December 31, 2023. Recoverable ceded loss and loss expense reserves are included in Reinsurance recoverable on paid and unpaid losses on the balance sheet.

(2) Loss reserves are included in the balance sheet as Loss and loss expense reserves or Subrogation recoverable dependent on if a policy is in a net liability or net recoverable position.

Variability of Expected Losses and Recoveries

Ambac's management believes that the estimated future loss component of loss reserves (present value of expected net cash flows) are adequate to cover future claims presented, but there can be no assurance that the ultimate liability will not be higher than such estimates.

While our loss reserves consider our judgment regarding issuers' financial flexibility to adapt to adverse markets, they may not adequately capture sudden, unexpected or protracted uncertainty that adversely affects market conditions. Accordingly, it is possible that our estimated loss reserves, gross of reinsurance, for financial guarantee insurance policies could be understated. We have attempted to identify possible cash flows related to losses and recoveries using more stressful assumptions than the

probability-weighted outcome recorded. The possible net cash flows consider the highest stress scenario that was utilized in the development of our probability-weighted expected loss at March 31, 2024, and assumes an inability to execute any commutation transactions with issuers and/or investors. Such stress scenarios are developed based on management's view about all possible outcomes relating to losses and recoveries. In arriving at such view, management makes considerable judgments about the possibility of various future events. Although we do not believe it is possible to have stressed outcomes in all cases, it is possible that we could have stress case outcomes in some or even many cases. See "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A as well as the descriptions of "RMBS Variability," "Public Finance Variability," "Student Loan Variability," and "Other Credits, including Ambac UK, Variability" in Part II, Item

7 of the Company's 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and Part II, Item 1A "Risk Factors" of this Quarterly Report, for further discussion of the risks relating to future losses and recoveries that could result in more highly stressed outcomes.

The occurrence of these stressed outcomes individually or collectively would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition and may result in materially adverse consequence for Ambac, including (without limitation) impairing the ability of AAC to honor its financial obligations, particularly its outstanding surplus note and preferred stock obligations; the initiation of rehabilitation proceedings against AAC; decreased likelihood of AAC delivering value to AFG, through dividends or otherwise; and a significant drop in the value of securities issued or insured by AFG or AAC.

Structured Finance Variability

RMBS:

Changes to assumptions that could make our reserves under-estimated include an increase in interest rates, deterioration in housing prices, poor servicing, government intervention into the functioning of the mortgage market and the general effect of a weakened economy characterized by growing unemployment and wage pressures. During the first quarter of 2023, Ambac revised the model it uses to project RMBS collateral losses considering the seasoning of our RMBS exposure and management's view that the most relevant determinant of prospective collateral performance is borrower payment status. Individual home price appreciation/depreciation has become less critical a determinant of performance considering the general appreciation in home values over the past few years as well as the impact of loan modifications. The average estimated loan-to-values of the collateral related to insured exposures have declined to under 50% from peaks above 110%. Projected losses in our RMBS exposures and related loss reserves, may increase or decrease in the future. Possible stress case losses assume higher default rates, loss severities and lower prepayments.

Student Loans:

Changes to assumptions that could make our reserves under-estimated include, but are not limited to, increases in interest rates, default rates and loss severities on the collateral due to economic or other factors, including the economic impact from public health crises and/or natural or other catastrophic events. Such factors may also include lower recoveries on defaulted loans or additional losses on collateral or trust assets, including as a result of any enforcement actions by the Consumer Finance Protection Bureau.

Structured Finance Variability:

Using the approaches described above, the possible increase in loss reserves for structured finance credits for which we have an estimate of expected loss at March 31, 2024, could be approximately \$55 and there can be no assurance that losses may not exceed such amounts.

Domestic Public Finance Variability:

Ambac's U.S. public finance portfolio consists of municipal bonds such as general and revenue obligations and lease and tax-

backed obligations of state and local government entities; however, the portfolio also includes a wide array of non-municipal types of bonds, including transactions with public and private elements, which generally finance infrastructure, housing and other public purpose facilities and interests, the largest sector of which is U.S. military housing.

It is possible our loss reserves for public finance credits may be under-estimated if issuers are faced with prolonged exposure to adverse political, judicial, economic, fiscal or socioeconomic events or trends. Additionally, our loss reserves may be under-estimated because of the local, regional or national economic impact from public health crises and/or natural or other catastrophic events.

Our experience with the city of Detroit's bankruptcy and Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's Title III proceedings as well as other municipal bankruptcies demonstrates the preferential treatment of certain creditor classes, especially public pensions. The cost of pensions and the need to address frequently sizable unfunded or underfunded pensions is often a key driver of stress for many municipalities and their related authorities, including entities to whom we have exposure, such as Chicago's school district, the State of New Jersey and others. Less severe treatment of pension obligations in bankruptcy may lead to worse outcomes for traditional debt creditors.

Variability of outcomes applies to even what are generally considered more secure municipal financings, such as dedicated sales tax revenue bonds that capture sales tax revenues for debt service ahead of any amounts being deposited into the general fund of an issuer. In the case of the Puerto Rico COFINA sales tax bonds that were part of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico's Title III proceedings, AAC and other creditors agreed to settle at a recovery rate equal to about 93% of pre-petition amounts owed on the Ambac insured senior COFINA bonds. In the COFINA case, the senior bonds still received a reduction or "haircut" despite the existence of junior COFINA bonds, which received a recovery rate equal to about 56% of pre-petition amounts owed.

In addition, municipal entities may be more inclined to use bankruptcy to resolve their financial stresses if they believe preferred outcomes for various creditor groups can be achieved. We expect municipal bankruptcies and defaults to continue to be challenging to project given the unique political, economic, fiscal, legal, governance and public policy differences among municipalities as well as the complexity, long duration and relative infrequency of the cases themselves in forums with a scarcity of legal precedent. Moreover, issuers in Chapter 9 or similar proceedings may obtain judicial rulings and orders that impair creditors' rights or their ability to collect on amounts owed. In certain cases, judicial decisions may be contrary to AAC's expectations or understanding of the law or its rights thereunder, which may lead to worse outcomes in Chapter 9 or similar proceedings than anticipated at the outset.

Another potentially adverse development that could cause the loss reserves on our public finance credits to be underestimated is deterioration in the municipal bond market, resulting from reduced or limited access to alternative forms of credit (such as bank loans) or other exogenous factors, such as changes in tax

law that could reduce certain municipal investors' appetite for tax-exempt municipal bonds or put pressure on issuers in states with high state and local taxes. These factors could deprive issuers access to funding at a level necessary to avoid defaulting on their obligations.

For the public finance credits for which we have an estimate of expected loss at March 31, 2024, the sum of all the highest stress case loss scenarios is \$120 and there can be no assurance that losses may not exceed such amounts.

Other Credits, including International Finance Variability:

It is possible our loss reserves on other types of credits, including those insured by Ambac UK, may be under-estimated because of various risks that vary widely, including the risk that we may not be able to recover or mitigate losses through our remediation processes. For all other credits, including Ambac UK, for which we have an estimate of expected loss, the sum of all the highest stress case loss scenarios is approximately \$75 greater than the loss reserves at March 31, 2024. There can be no assurance that losses may not exceed such amounts.

Long-term Debt

Long-term debt includes AAC surplus notes and the Ambac UK debt issued in connection with a commutation. All long-term debt relates to the Legacy Financial Guarantee segment.

The carrying value of each of these as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 is below:

| | March 31, | | December 31, 2023 | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | 2024 | | | |
| Surplus notes | \$ | 495 | \$ | 491 |
| Ambac UK debt | | 17 | | 17 |
| Total Long-term Debt | \$ | 512 | \$ | 508 |

The increase in long-term debt from December 31, 2023, resulted from accretion on the carrying value of surplus notes and Ambac UK debt.

VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

Please refer to Note 9. Variable Interest Entities to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1 in this Form 10-Q and Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies and Note 12. Variable Interest Entities to the Consolidated Financial Statements, included in Part II, Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, for information regarding variable interest entities.

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

There are no new accounting standards applicable to Ambac that have been issued but not yet adopted.

U.S. INSURANCE STATUTORY BASIS FINANCIAL RESULTS

AFG's U.S. insurance subsidiaries prepare financial statements under accounting practices prescribed or permitted by its

domiciliary state regulator ("SAP") for determining and reporting the financial condition and results of operations of an insurance company. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners ("NAIC") Accounting Practices and Procedures manual ("NAIC SAP") is adopted as a component of prescribed practices by each domiciliary state. For further information, see "Ambac Assurance Statutory Basis Financial Results," in Part II, Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and Note 9. Insurance Regulatory Restrictions to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Ambac Assurance Corporation

AAC's statutory policyholder surplus and qualified statutory capital (defined as the sum of policyholders surplus and mandatory contingency reserves) were \$878 and \$1,181 at March 31, 2024, respectively, as compared to \$897 and \$1,201 at December 31, 2023, respectively. As of March 31, 2024, statutory policyholder surplus and qualified statutory capital included \$519 principal balance of surplus notes outstanding and \$115 liquidation preference of preferred stock outstanding. These surplus notes (in addition to related accrued interest of \$487 that is not recorded under statutory basis accounting principles); preferred stock; and all other liabilities, including insurance claims are obligations that, individually and collectively, have claims on the resources of AAC that are senior to AFG's equity and therefore impede AFG's ability to realize residual value and/or receive dividends from AAC. The drivers to the net decrease in policyholder surplus were the statutory net loss of \$25 for the three months ended March 31, 2024, partially offset by investment valuation changes that are direct increases (decreases) to surplus of \$6. The statutory net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2024, was driven by the de-risking of certain student loan exposures,

AAC's statutory surplus and therefore AFG's ultimate ability to realize residual value and/or dividends from AAC is sensitive to multiple factors, including: (i) loss reserve development, (ii) approval by OCI of payments on surplus notes, (iii) ongoing interest costs associated with surplus notes, (iv) swap gains and losses at AFS, the financial position of which is supported by certain guarantees and financing arrangements from AAC, (v) first time payment defaults of insured obligations, which increase statutory loss reserves, (vi) commutations of insurance policies at amounts that differ from the amount of liabilities recorded, (vii) reinsurance contract terminations at amounts that differ from net assets recorded, (viii) changes to the fair value of pooled fund and other investments carried at fair value, (ix) realized gains and losses, including losses arising from other than temporary impairments of investment securities, (x) the ultimate residual value of Ambac UK, which may be impacted by numerous factors including foreign exchange rates, and (xi) future changes to prescribed practices by the OCI.

Everspan Indemnity Insurance Company

Everspan Indemnity Insurance Company's statutory policyholder surplus was \$108 at March 31, 2024, as compared to \$108 at December 31, 2023. The drivers within the period was net income at Everspan Indemnity Insurance Company, including its

subsidiaries, of \$1 during the three months ended March 31, 2024, offset by a reduction in policyholders surplus for changes in capital contributions, primarily related to incentive compensation awards.

AMBAC UK FINANCIAL RESULTS UNDER UK ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

Ambac UK is required to prepare financial statements under FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland." Ambac UK's shareholder funds under UK GAAP were £499 at March 31, 2024, as compared to £489 at December 31, 2023. At March 31, 2024, the carrying value of cash and investments was £546, a increase from £535 at December 31, 2023. The increase in shareholders' funds and cash and investments was primarily due to the continued receipt of premiums, investment gains and foreign exchange gains, partially offset by general and administrative expenses and tax payments.

Ambac UK is also required to prepare financial information in accordance with the Solvency II Directive. The basis of preparation of this information is significantly different from both US GAAP and UK GAAP. Available and eligible capital resources under Solvency II, to meet solvency capital requirements, were £430 at December 31, 2023, the most recently published position. Eligible capital resources at December 31, 2023 were in comparison to regulatory capital requirements of £220. Therefore, Ambac UK was in a surplus position in terms of compliance with applicable regulatory capital requirements by £210 at December 31, 2023.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES (\$ in millions)

In addition to reporting the Company's quarterly financial results in accordance with GAAP, the Company is reporting non-GAAP financial measures: EBITDA, Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Book Value. These amounts are derived from our consolidated financial information, but are not presented in our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. We present non-GAAP supplemental financial information because we believe such information is of interest to the investment community, and that it provides greater transparency and enhanced visibility into the underlying drivers and performance of our businesses on a basis that may not be otherwise apparent on a GAAP basis. We view these non-GAAP financial measures as important indicators when assessing and evaluating our performance on a segmented and consolidated basis and they are presented to improve the comparability of our results between periods by eliminating the impact of the items that may not be representative of our core operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are not substitutes for the Company's GAAP reporting, should not be viewed in isolation and may differ from similar reporting provided by other companies, which may define non-GAAP measures differently.

The following paragraphs define each non-GAAP financial measure. A tabular reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measure and the most comparable GAAP financial measure is also presented below.

EBITDA — We define EBITDA as net income (loss) before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization of intangible assets. The following table reconciles net income (loss) to the non-GAAP measure, EBITDA on a consolidation and segment basis for all periods presented:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | | | Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|---|--|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|--|
| | Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance | Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | Insurance Distribution | Corporate & Other | Consoli-dated | | Legacy Financial Guarantee Insurance | Specialty Property & Casualty Insurance | Insurance Distribution | Corporate & Other | Consoli-dated | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ 20 | \$ 2 | \$ 4 | \$ (5) | \$ 21 | | \$ (36) | \$ (1) | \$ 3 | \$ — | \$ (33) | |
| Adjustments: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest expense | 16 | — | — | — | 16 | | 16 | — | — | — | 16 | |
| Income taxes | 5 | — | — | — | 5 | | 4 | — | — | — | 4 | |
| Depreciation | — | — | — | — | 1 | | — | — | — | — | — | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 11 | — | 1 | — | 12 | | 6 | — | 1 | — | 7 | |
| EBITDA | \$ 52 | \$ 2 | \$ 5 | \$ (5) | \$ 55 | | \$ (9) | \$ (1) | \$ 5 | \$ — | \$ (5) | |

(1) EBITDA is prior to the impact of noncontrolling interests, and relates to subsidiaries where Ambac does not own 100% in the amounts, of \$0.9 and \$0.9 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These noncontrolling interests are primarily in the Insurance Distribution segment.

Adjusted Net Income (Loss) — We define Adjusted Net Income (Loss) as net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders adjusted to reflect the following items: (i) net investment (gains) losses, including impairments; (ii) amortization of intangible assets; (iii) litigation costs, including attorneys fees and other expenses to defend litigation against the Company, excluding loss adjustment expenses; (iv) foreign exchange (gains) losses; (v) workforce change costs, which primarily include severance and other costs related to employee terminations; and (vi) net (gain) loss on extinguishment of debt. Adjusted Net Income is also adjusted for the effect of the above items on both income taxes and noncontrolling interests. The income tax effects are determined by applying the statutory tax rate in each jurisdiction that generate these adjustments. The noncontrolling interest adjustments relate to subsidiaries where Ambac does not own 100%

The following table reconciles net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders to the non-GAAP measure, Adjusted net income:

| Three Months Ended March 31, (\$ in millions, except share data) | 2024 | | 2023 | |
|---|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| | \$ Amount | Per Share | \$ Amount | Per Share |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders | \$ 20 | \$ 0.43 | \$ (33) | (0.73) |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Net investment (gains) losses, including impairments | (1) | (0.01) | 4 | 0.10 |
| Intangible amortization | 12 | 0.26 | 7 | 0.15 |
| Litigation costs | 6 | 0.13 | 9 | 0.19 |
| Foreign exchange (gains) losses | — | 0.01 | — | (0.01) |
| Workforce change costs | — | — | 1 | 0.02 |
| Pretax adjusted net income (loss) | 39 | \$ 0.82 | (13) | \$ (0.28) |
| Income tax effects | — | — | (1) | (0.02) |
| Net (gains) attributable to noncontrolling interests | — | — | — | — |
| Adjusted Net Income (Loss) | \$ 38 | \$ 0.82 | \$ (14) | \$ (0.30) |

Adjusted Book Value. Adjusted book value is defined as Total Ambac Financial Group, Inc. stockholders' equity as reported under GAAP, adjusted for after-tax impact of the following:

- *Insurance intangible asset:* Elimination of the financial guarantee insurance intangible asset that arose as a result of Ambac's emergence from bankruptcy and the implementation of Fresh Start reporting. This adjustment ensures that all financial guarantee contracts are accounted for within adjusted book value consistent with the provisions of the Financial Services—Insurance Topic of the ASC.
- *Net unearned premiums and fees in excess of expected losses:* Addition of the value of the unearned premium revenue ("UPR") on financial guarantee contracts, in excess of expected losses, net of reinsurance. This non-GAAP adjustment presents the economics of UPR and expected losses for financial guarantee contracts on a consistent basis. In accordance with GAAP, stockholders' equity reflects a reduction for expected losses only to the extent they exceed UPR. However, when expected losses are less than UPR for a financial guarantee contract, neither expected losses nor UPR have an impact on stockholders' equity. This non-GAAP adjustment adds UPR in excess of expected losses,

net of reinsurance, to stockholders' equity for financial guarantee contracts where expected losses are less than UPR. This adjustment is only made for financial guarantee contracts since such premiums are non-refundable.

- *Net unrealized investment (gains) losses in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income:* Elimination of the unrealized gains and losses on the Company's investments that are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI"), net of income taxes.

Ambac has a significant U.S. tax net operating loss ("NOL") that is offset by a full valuation allowance in the GAAP consolidated financial statements. As a result of this, tax planning strategies and other considerations, we utilized a 0% effective tax rate for non-GAAP operating adjustments to Adjusted Book.

The following table reconciles Total Ambac Financial Group, Inc. stockholders' equity to the non-GAAP measure Adjusted Book Value on a dollar amount and per share basis, for all periods presented:

| (\$ in millions, except share data) | March 31, 2024 | | December 31, 2023 | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | \$ Amount | Per Share | \$ Amount | Per Share |
| Total Ambac Financial Group, Inc. stockholders' equity | \$ 1,365 | \$ 30.19 | \$ 1,362 | \$ 30.13 |
| Adjustments: | | | | |
| Insurance intangible asset | (233) | (5.16) | (245) | (5.43) |
| Net unearned premiums and fees in excess of expected losses | 154 | 3.40 | 162 | 3.59 |
| Net unrealized investment (gains) losses in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | 27 | 0.60 | 20 | 0.45 |
| Adjusted book value | 1,313 | \$ 29.03 | \$ 1,299 | \$ 28.74 |

The increase in Adjusted Book Value since December 31, 2023 was primarily attributable to Ambac's net income (excluding earned premium previously included in Adjusted Book Value), partially offset by the negative effect foreign exchange rates.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

As of March 31, 2024, there were no material changes in the market risks that the Company is exposed to since December 31, 2023.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

In connection with the preparation of this first quarter Form 10-Q, an evaluation was carried out by Ambac's management, with the participation of Ambac's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of Ambac's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives. Based on its evaluation, Ambac's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of March 31, 2024, Ambac's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2024, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Please refer to Note 14. Commitments and Contingencies of the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements located in Part I, Item 1 in this Form 10-Q and Note 19: Commitments and Contingencies in Part II, Item 8 in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 for a discussion on legal proceedings against Ambac and its subsidiaries.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider the risk factors set forth in the "Risk Factors" section, Item 1A to Part I in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, which is hereby incorporated by reference. These important factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated by our forward-looking statements, including those contained in this report. Please also see the section entitled "Cautionary Statement Pursuant to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. There have been no material changes to the risk factors we have disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of our aforementioned Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- (a) **Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities** —No matters require disclosure.
- (b) **Purchases of Equity Securities By the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers**

The following table summarizes Ambac's share purchases during the first quarter of 2024.

| | Jan-2024 | Feb-2024 | Mar-2024 | First Quarter 2024 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|-----------------------|
| Total Shares Purchased | — | — | 42,016 | 42,016 |
| Average Price Paid Per Share | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 16.24 | \$ 16.24 |
| Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plan | — | — | — | — |
| Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That may Yet be Purchased Under the Plan (in millions) | \$ 16 | \$ 16 | \$ — | \$ — |

When restricted stock unit awards issued by Ambac vest or settle, they become taxable compensation to employees. For certain awards, shares may be withheld to cover the employee's portion of withholding taxes. In the first quarter of 2024, Ambac purchased shares from employees that settled restricted stock units to meet employee tax withholdings.

On March 29, 2022, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing up to \$20 million in share repurchases, and on May 5, 2022, the Board of Directors authorized an additional \$15 million share repurchase. This program expired on March 31, 2024. The following table shows shares repurchased by year.

| (\$ in millions, except per share) | 2023 | 2022 | Total |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Shares repurchased | 325,068 | 1,605,316 | 1,930,384 |
| Total cost | \$ 4.5 | \$ 14.2 | \$ 18.7 |
| Average purchase price per share | \$ 13.88 | \$ 8.86 | \$ 9.70 |

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities — No matters require disclosure.

Item 5. Other Information — In the last fiscal quarter, none of our directors or executive officers adopted , terminated, , or modified any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement, or any non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement. No other matters require disclosure.

Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|--|---|
| Other exhibits, filed or furnished, as indicated: | |
| 10.1+ | Form of 2024 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement between Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Messrs. LeBlanc, Trick, Ksenak, McGinnis and Ms. Smith. |
| 10.2+ | Form of 2024 Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement between Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Messrs. Barranco and Eisman. |
| 10.3+ | Form of 2024 Performance Stock Unit Award Agreement between Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Messrs. LeBlanc, Trick, Ksenak, McGinnis and Ms. Smith. |
| 10.4+ | Form of 2024 Performance Stock Unit Award Agreement between Ambac Financial Group, Inc. and Messrs. Barranco and Eisman. |
| 31.1+ | Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) Promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. |
| 31.2+ | Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) Promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. |
| 32.1++ | Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document. |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document. |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document. |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document. |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document. |
| 104 | Cover Page Interactive Data File - The cover page interactive data file does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document |

+ Filed herewith. ++ Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.

Dated: May 6, 2024

By: /s/ DAVID TRICK
Name: **David Trick**
Title: **Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer
(Duly Authorized Officer and
Principal Financial Officer)**

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
FOR LONG-TERM INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARD

Effective as of March 13, 2024 (the "Grant Date"), [[FIRSTNAME]] [[LASTNAME]] (the "Participant") has been granted a Full Value Award under the Ambac Financial Group, Inc. 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Incentive Plan") in the form of restricted stock units. In addition to the terms and conditions of the Incentive Plan, the Award shall be subject to the following terms and conditions (sometimes referred to as this "Agreement").

1. Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement which are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning specified in the Incentive Plan.

2. Grant of Restricted Stock Units. Subject to the terms of this Agreement and the Incentive Plan, effective as of the Grant Date the Participant is hereby granted [[SHARESGRANTED]] restricted stock units (the "Restricted Stock Units"). This Award contains the right to dividend equivalents ("Dividend Equivalents") as described in Section 3. Each Restricted Stock Unit shall become vested as described in Section 4 and each vested Restricted Stock Unit shall be settled in accordance with Section 6.

3. Dividend Equivalents. The Participant shall be entitled to Dividend Equivalents, which may consist of Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents or Dividend Equivalent Units (each as defined below), in accordance with the following:

- (a) If a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is payable in cash, then, as of the applicable dividend payment date, the Participant shall be credited with a right to receive a "Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents" equal to (i) the cash dividend payable with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii) the number of Restricted Stock Units outstanding (i.e., the number of Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder less the number of such Restricted Stock Units that have settled in accordance with Section 6 below) on the applicable dividend record date.
- (b) If a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is payable in shares of Common Stock, then, as of the dividend payment date, the Participant shall be credited with that number of "Dividend Equivalent Units" equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock distributed in the dividend with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii) the number of Restricted Stock Units outstanding on the applicable dividend record date plus the number of previously credited Dividend Equivalent Units with respect to such Restricted Stock Units, if any.

Dividend Equivalents shall be subject to the same vesting provisions as the Restricted Stock Units to which they relate and shall be settled in accordance with Section 6.

4. Vesting and Forfeiture of Awards. All Restricted Stock Units and Dividend Equivalents shall be unvested unless and until they become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Section 4. Subject to the Participant's continuing service as an employee of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. ("Ambac"), or its subsidiaries, through the applicable vesting date, and the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Incentive Plan, the Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents shall vest in three equal annual installments on March 13, 2025, March 3, 2026 and March 3, 2027. Except as provided in Section 5(a), if the Participant's termination of employment with Ambac and its subsidiaries (the "Termination Date") occurs for any reason prior to a vesting date, all Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalent Units which are not vested upon the Participant's Termination Date shall immediately expire and shall be forfeited and the Participant shall have no further rights with respect to such Restricted Stock Units or associated Dividend Equivalents.

5. Termination of Employment

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4, if the Participant's Termination Date occurs by reason of (1) Disability (as defined in the Employment Agreement referenced in clause (4) of this subsection), (2) Retirement (as defined in Section 5(b)), (3) involuntary termination by the Company other than for Cause (as defined in the Employment Agreement), (4) as a result of the Company's failure to extend the term of the Employment Agreement between Ambac, AAC and the Participant, dated as of [[GRANTCODE3]] (the "Employment Agreement") pursuant to Section 2 thereof, (5) termination by the Participant for Good Reason (as defined in the Employment Agreement), or (6) death, all Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents shall vest upon the Participant's Termination Date. For the avoidance of doubt, if the Participant has an employment agreement which provides that this Agreement will govern if this Agreement provides for greater vesting acceleration upon a Participant's termination of employment, then all of the provisions (including, but not limited to, terms and timing) of this Section 5(a) shall govern.
- (b) For purposes of the Award evidenced by this Agreement, (i) the terms "Cause," "Disability" and "Good Reason" shall have the meanings specified in the Employment Agreement, and (ii) a Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur on account of "Retirement" if the Participant's Termination Date occurs on or after the date on which the following conditions have been satisfied and such Termination Date does not occur for any other reason: (x) the Participant has attained age 60; (y) the Participant has provided at least ten (10) years of service to the Company; and (z) the Participant has provided at least 90 days' prior notice of his or her Termination Date due to retirement from the Company.

6. Settlement. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents that have become vested in accordance with Section 4 or 5 shall be settled as soon as practicable after the date on which the Restricted Stock

Units and associated Dividend Equivalents vest and, in any event, by no later than March 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalent Units vest. Settlement of the vested Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalent Units shall be made in the form of shares of Common Stock with one share of Common Stock being issued in settlement of each Restricted Stock Unit and associated Dividend Equivalent Unit (any fractional share being rounded up to the next whole unit). Settlement of Earned Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents on the vesting date of the underlying Restricted Stock Units to which they relate shall be paid in cash. Upon the settlement of any vested Restricted Stock Units and Dividend Equivalent Units, such Restricted Stock Units and Dividend Equivalent Units shall be cancelled.

7. Withholding. All Awards and payments under this Agreement are subject to withholding of all applicable taxes. Such withholding obligations shall be satisfied through amounts that the Participant is otherwise to receive upon settlement.

8. Transferability. This Award is not transferable except as designated by the Participant by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

9. Heirs and Successors. If any benefits deliverable to the Participant under this Agreement have not been delivered at the time of the Participant's death, such rights shall be delivered to the Participant's estate.

10. Administration. The authority to administer and interpret this Agreement shall be vested in the Committee, and the Committee shall have all the powers with respect to this Agreement as it has with respect to the Incentive Plan. Any interpretation of the Agreement by the Committee and any decision made by it with respect to the Agreement is final and binding on all persons.

11. Adjustment of Award. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, extraordinary cash dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, exchange of shares, sale of assets or subsidiaries, combination, or other corporate transaction that affects the Common Stock, the Committee shall, in order to preserve the benefits or prevent the enlargement of benefits of this Award, and in the manner it determines equitable in its sole discretion, (a) adjust the number and kind of shares subject to this Award and (b) make any other adjustments that the Committee determines to be equitable (which may include, without limitation, (i) replacement of this Award with other Awards which the Committee determines have comparable value and which are based on stock of a company resulting from the transaction, and (ii) cancellation of this Award in return for cash payment of the then current value of this Award, determined as though this Award is fully vested at the time of payment).

12. Notices. Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement shall be deemed given when delivered personally, through Ambac's stock compensation administration system or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed, as appropriate, to the Company at its principal offices, to the Participant at the Participant's address as last known by the Company or, in either case, such other address as one party may designate in writing to the other.

13. Governing Law. The validity, construction and effect of this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the State of New York and applicable federal law.

14. Amendments. The Board of Directors may, at any time, amend or terminate the Incentive Plan, and the Board of Directors or the Committee may amend this Agreement, provided that no amendment or termination may, in the absence of written consent to the change by the affected Participant (or, if the Participant is not then living, the affected beneficiary), adversely affect the rights of any Participant or beneficiary under this Agreement prior to the date such amendment or termination is adopted by the Board of Directors or the Committee, as the case may be.

15. Award Not Contract of Employment. The Award does not constitute a contract of employment or continued service, and the grant of the Award will not give the Participant the right to be retained in the employ or service of the Company or any Subsidiary, nor any right or claim to any benefit under the Incentive Plan or this Agreement, unless such right or claim has specifically accrued under the terms of the Incentive Plan and this Agreement.

16. Severability. If a provision of this Agreement is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions will nonetheless be enforceable according to their terms. Further, if any provision is held to be overbroad as written, that provision shall be amended to narrow its application to the extent necessary to make the provision enforceable according to applicable law and enforced as amended.

17. Incentive Plan Governs. The Award evidenced by this Agreement is granted pursuant to the Incentive Plan, and the Restricted Stock Units, Dividend Equivalent Units and this Agreement are in all respects governed by the Incentive Plan and subject to all of the terms and provisions thereof, whether such terms and provisions are incorporated in this Agreement by reference or are expressly cited.

18. Special Section 409A Rules. To the fullest extent possible, amounts and other benefits payable under the Agreement are intended to comply with or be exempt from the provisions of section 409A of the Code. This Agreement will be interpreted and administered to the extent possible in a manner consistent with the foregoing statement of intent; provided, however, that the Company does not guarantee the tax treatment of the Award. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if any payment or benefit hereunder is subject to section 409A of the Code, and if such payment or benefit is to be paid or provided on account of the Participant's termination of employment (or other separation from service):

- (a) and if the Participant is a specified employee (within the meaning of section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Code) and if any such payment or benefit is required to be made or provided prior to the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service or termination of employment, such payment or benefit shall be delayed until the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service; and

- (b) the determination as to whether the Participant has had a termination of employment (or separation from service) shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 409A of the Code and the guidance issued thereunder without application of any alternative levels of reductions of bona fide services permitted thereunder.

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
FOR LONG-TERM INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARD

Effective as of March 13, 2024 (the “Grant Date”), [[FIRSTNAME]] [[LASTNAME]] (the “Participant”) has been granted a Full Value Award under the Ambac Financial Group, Inc. 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (the “Incentive Plan”) in the form of restricted stock units. In addition to the terms and conditions of the Incentive Plan, the Award shall be subject to the following terms and conditions (sometimes referred to as this “Agreement”).

1. Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement which are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning specified in the Incentive Plan.

2. Grant of Restricted Stock Units. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, and the Incentive Plan, effective as of the Grant Date the Participant is hereby granted [[SHARESGRANTED]] restricted stock units (the “Restricted Stock Units”). This Award contains the right to dividend equivalents (“Dividend Equivalents”) as described in Section 3. Each Restricted Stock Unit shall become vested as described in Section 4 and each vested Restricted Stock Unit shall be settled in accordance with Section 6.

3. Dividend Equivalents. The Participant shall be entitled to Dividend Equivalents, which may consist of Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents or Dividend Equivalent Units (each as defined below), in accordance with the following:

- (a) If a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is payable in cash, then, as of the applicable dividend payment date, the Participant shall be credited with a right to receive a “Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents” equal to (i) the cash dividend payable with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii) the number of Restricted Stock Units outstanding (i.e., the number of Restricted Stock Units granted hereunder less the number of such Restricted Stock Units that have settled in accordance with Section 6 below) on the applicable dividend record date.
- (b) If a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is payable in shares of Common Stock, then, as of the dividend payment date, the Participant shall be credited with that number of “Dividend Equivalent Units” equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock distributed in the dividend with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii) the number of Restricted Stock Units outstanding on the applicable dividend record date plus the number of previously credited Dividend Equivalent Units with respect to such Restricted Stock Units, if any.

Dividend Equivalents shall be subject to the same vesting provisions as the Restricted Stock Units to which they relate and shall be settled in accordance with Section 6.

4. Vesting and Forfeiture of Awards. All Restricted Stock Units and Dividend Equivalents shall be unvested unless and until they become vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Section 4. Subject to the Participant's continuing service as an employee of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. ("Ambac"), or its subsidiaries, through the applicable vesting date, and the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Incentive Plan, the Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents shall vest in three equal annual installments on March 13, 2025, March 3, 2026 and March 3, 2027. Except as provided in Section 5(a), if the Participant's termination of employment with Ambac and its subsidiaries (the "Termination Date") occurs for any reason prior to a vesting date, all Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalent Units which are not vested upon the Participant's Termination Date shall immediately expire and shall be forfeited and the Participant shall have no further rights with respect to such Restricted Stock Units or associated Dividend Equivalents.

5. Termination of Employment.

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4, if the Participant's Termination Date occurs by reason of death, Disability (as defined in Section 5(b)), Retirement (as defined in Section 5(b)), or involuntary termination by the Company other than for Cause (as defined in Section 5(b)), all Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents shall vest upon the Participant's Termination Date.
- (b) For purposes of the Award evidenced by this Agreement, (i) a Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur by reason of "Disability" if his Termination Date occurs on or after the date on which he is entitled to long-term disability benefits under the Company's long-term disability plan (or, if the Participant is not eligible for such plan, if the Participant would be entitled to benefits under such plan if he were eligible) and such Termination Date does not occur for any other reason; (ii) a Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur by reason of "Cause" if the Participant's Termination Date occurs by reason of termination by the Company and is on account of (A) any act or omission by the Participant resulting in, or intending to result in, personal gain at the expense of the Company; (B) the improper disclosure by the Participant of proprietary or confidential information of the Company; or (C) misconduct by the Participant, including, but not limited to, fraud, intentional violation of, or negligent disregard for, the rules and procedures of the Company (including the code of business conduct), theft, violent acts or threats of violence, or possession of controlled substances on the property of the Company; provided, however, that the meaning of "Cause" shall be (1) expanded to include any additional grounds for cause-based termination specified in any contract, policy or plan applicable to the Participant or (2) superseded to the extent expressly provided in such contract, policy or plan; and (iii) a Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur on account of "Retirement" if the Participant's Termination Date occurs on or after the date on which the following conditions have been satisfied and such Termination Date does not occur for any other reason: (x) the Participant has attained age 60; (y) the Participant has provided at least ten (10) years of service to the Company; and (z) the Participant has provided at least 90 days' prior notice of his or her Termination Date due to retirement from the Company.

6. Settlement. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents that have become vested in accordance with Section 4 or 5 shall be settled as soon as practicable after the date on which the Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents vest and, in any event, by no later than March 15 of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalent Units vest. Settlement of the vested Restricted Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalent Units shall be made in the form of shares of Common Stock with one share of Common Stock being issued in settlement of each Restricted Stock Unit and associated Dividend Equivalent Unit (any fractional share being rounded up to the next whole unit). Settlement of Earned Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents on the vesting date of the underlying Restricted Stock Units to which they relate shall be paid in cash. Upon the settlement of any vested Restricted Stock Units and Dividend Equivalent Units, such Restricted Stock Units and Dividend Equivalent Units shall be cancelled.

7. Withholding. All Awards and payments under this Agreement are subject to withholding of all applicable taxes. Such withholding obligations shall be satisfied through amounts that the Participant is otherwise to receive upon settlement.

8. Transferability. This Award is not transferable except as designated by the Participant by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

9. Heirs and Successors. If any benefits deliverable to the Participant under this Agreement have not been delivered at the time of the Participant's death, such rights shall be delivered to the Participant's estate.

10. Administration. The authority to administer and interpret this Agreement shall be vested in the Committee, and the Committee shall have all the powers with respect to this Agreement as it has with respect to the Incentive Plan. Any interpretation of the Agreement by the Committee and any decision made by it with respect to the Agreement is final and binding on all persons.

11. Adjustment of Award. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, extraordinary cash dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, exchange of shares, sale of assets or subsidiaries, combination, or other corporate transaction that affects the Common Stock, the Committee shall, in order to preserve the benefits or prevent the enlargement of benefits of this Award, and in the manner it determines equitable in its sole discretion, (a) adjust the number and kind of shares subject to this Award and (b) make any other adjustments that the Committee determines to be equitable (which may include, without limitation, (i) replacement of this Award with other Awards which the Committee determines have comparable value and which are based on stock of a company resulting from the transaction, and (ii) cancellation of this Award in return for cash payment of the then current value of this Award, determined as though this Award is fully vested at the time of payment).

12. Notices. Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement shall be deemed given when delivered personally, through Ambac's stock compensation administration system or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed, as appropriate, to the

Company at its principal offices, to the Participant at the Participant's address as last known by the Company or, in either case, such other address as one party may designate in writing to the other.

13. Governing Law. The validity, construction and effect of this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the State of New York and applicable federal law.

14. Amendments. The Board of Directors may, at any time, amend or terminate the Incentive Plan, and the Board of Directors or the Committee may amend this Agreement, provided that no amendment or termination may, in the absence of written consent to the change by the affected Participant (or, if the Participant is not then living, the affected beneficiary), adversely affect the rights of any Participant or beneficiary under this Agreement prior to the date such amendment or termination is adopted by the Board of Directors or the Committee, as the case may be.

15. Award Not Contract of Employment. The Award does not constitute a contract of employment or continued service, and the grant of the Award will not give the Participant the right to be retained in the employ or service of the Company or any Subsidiary, nor any right or claim to any benefit under the Incentive Plan or this Agreement, unless such right or claim has specifically accrued under the terms of the Incentive Plan and this Agreement.

16. Severability. If a provision of this Agreement is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions will nonetheless be enforceable according to their terms. Further, if any provision is held to be overbroad as written, that provision shall be amended to narrow its application to the extent necessary to make the provision enforceable according to applicable law and enforced as amended.

17. Incentive Plan Governs. The Award evidenced by this Agreement is granted pursuant to the Incentive Plan, and the Restricted Stock Units, Dividend Equivalent Units and this Agreement are in all respects governed by the Incentive Plan and subject to all of the terms and provisions thereof, whether such terms and provisions are incorporated in this Agreement by reference or are expressly cited.

18. Special Section 409A Rules. To the fullest extent possible, amounts and other benefits payable under the Agreement are intended to comply with or be exempt from the provisions of section 409A of the Code. This Agreement will be interpreted and administered to the extent possible in a manner consistent with the foregoing statement of intent; provided, however, that the Company does not guarantee the tax treatment of the Award. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if any payment or benefit hereunder is subject to section 409A of the Code, and if such payment or benefit is to be paid or provided on account of the Participant's termination of employment (or other separation from service):

- (a) and if the Participant is a specified employee (within the meaning of section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Code) and if any such payment or benefit is required to be made or provided prior to the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service or termination of employment, such payment or benefit shall be delayed

until the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service; and

- (b) the determination as to whether the Participant has had a termination of employment (or separation from service) shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 409A of the Code and the guidance issued thereunder without application of any alternative levels of reductions of bona fide services permitted thereunder.

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
PERFORMANCE STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
FOR LONG-TERM INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARD
(Employees with Employment Agreements)

Effective as of March 13, 2024 (the "Grant Date"), [[FIRSTNAME]] [[LASTNAME]] (the "Participant") has been granted an Award under the Ambac Financial Group, Inc. 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Incentive Plan"). This Agreement evidences the Award, which shall consist of a Full Value Award in the form of performance stock units ("Performance Stock Units"). In addition to the terms and conditions of the Incentive Plan and the Award shall be subject to the following terms and conditions (sometimes referred to as this "Agreement").

1. Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement which are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning specified in the Incentive Plan.

2. Grant of Performance Stock Units. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, and the Incentive Plan, effective as of the Grant Date the Participant is hereby granted [[SHARESGRANTED]] Performance Stock Units (the "Target Performance Units"). This Award contains the right to dividend equivalents ("Dividend Equivalents") with respect to Earned Performance Units (as defined in Section 3(a)) as described in Section 4. Each Performance Stock Unit awarded hereunder shall become earned and vested as described in Section 3 and each Earned Performance Unit (and associated Earned Dividend Equivalents thereon as described in Section 4) shall be settled in accordance with Section 5.

3. Earning, Vesting and Forfeiture of Performance Stock Units. The Performance Stock Units shall become earned and vested in accordance with the following:

(a) All Performance Stock Units shall be unearned and unvested unless and until they become earned and vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Section 3. The Participant shall have the ability to earn between 0% and 240% of the Target Performance Units, as determined by the Compensation Committee, based on the continuing employment of the Participant during the period beginning on January 1, 2024 and ending on the December 31, 2026 (the "Performance Period") and satisfaction of the Performance Goals set forth in Exhibit A hereto (which is incorporated into and forms part of this Agreement). Any Performance Stock Units granted pursuant to this Agreement that become earned in accordance with this Agreement shall be referred to herein as "Earned Performance Units". Except as provided in Section 3(b), if the Participant's termination of employment or service with the Company (the "Termination Date") occurs for any reason prior to the last day of the Performance Period, the Participant's right to all Performance Stock Units (and any associated Dividend Equivalents) awarded or credited to the Participant pursuant to this Agreement shall expire and be forfeited immediately and the Participant shall have no further rights with respect to any of the Performance Stock Units (or associated Dividend

Equivalents). The Earned Performance Units (and any associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) shall be settled in accordance with Section 5 hereof.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3(a), (x) if the Participant's Termination Date occurs prior to the last day of the Performance Period by reason of (1) Disability (as defined in the Employment Agreement referenced in clause (4) of this subsection)), (2) Retirement (as defined in Section 3(c)), (3) involuntary termination by the Company other than for Cause (as defined in the Employment Agreement), (4) as a result of the Company's failure to extend the term of the Employment Agreement between Ambac, AAC and the Participant, dated as of [[GRANTCODE3]] (the "Employment Agreement") pursuant to Section 2 thereof, or (5) termination by the Participant for Good Reason (as defined in the Employment Agreement), the Participant shall be entitled to receive the number of Earned Performance Units (and any associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) that the Participant would have been entitled to receive had the Termination Date not occurred prior to the end of the Performance Period based on actual satisfaction of the Performance Goals, and (y) if the Participant's Termination Date occurs prior to the last day of the Performance Period by reason of death, the beneficiaries of Participant shall be entitled to receive the number of Earned Performance Units (and any associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) that the Participant would have been entitled to receive had the Termination Date not occurred prior to the end of the Performance Period at a 100% overall payout multiple regardless of the outcome of the Performance Goals, Total Shareholder Return or Relative Total Shareholder Return (which shall be equal to the number of Target Performance Units plus any Earned Dividend Equivalents). For the avoidance of doubt, if the Participant has an employment agreement which provides that this Agreement will govern if this Agreement provides for greater vesting acceleration upon a Participant's termination of employment, then all of the provisions (including, but not limited to, terms and timing) of this Section 3(b) shall govern.

(c) For purposes of the Award evidenced by this Agreement, (i) the terms "Cause," "Disability" and "Good Reason" shall have the meanings specified in the Employment Agreement, and (ii) the Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur on account of "Retirement" if the Participant's Termination Date occurs on or after the date on which the following conditions have been satisfied and such Termination Date does not occur for any other reason: (x) the Participant has attained age 60; (y) the Participant has provided at least ten (10) years of service to the Company; and (z) the Participant has provided at least 90 days' prior notice of his or her Termination Date due to retirement from the Company.

4. Dividend Equivalents. The Participant shall be credited with Dividend Equivalents, which may consist of Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents or Dividend Equivalent Units (each as defined below), as follows:

(a) If, during the Performance Period, a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is paid in cash, then as of the dividend payment date, the Participant shall be credited with a right to receive a "Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalent" equal to (i) the cash dividend paid with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii) 240% of the Target Performance Units (the "Maximum Performance Units").

(b) If, during the Performance Period, a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is paid in shares of Common Stock, then as of the dividend payment date the Participant shall be credited with that number of "Dividend Equivalent Units" equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock distributed in the dividend with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii)(A) the number of Maximum Performance Units plus (B) the number of previously credited Dividend Equivalent Units with respect to such Performance Stock Units, if any, rounded down to the nearest whole number.

Dividend Equivalents shall be earned on the same basis and to the same extent that the Performance Stock Units to which they relate become Earned Performance Units. Therefore, the Participant shall only earn Dividend Equivalents with respect to Earned Performance Units and, to the extent that any Dividend Equivalents are credited to the Participant pursuant to this Section 4 and are not earned in accordance with this Agreement, they shall be forfeited and the Participant shall have no further rights with respect thereto under this Agreement or otherwise. Any Dividend Equivalents credited to the Participant pursuant to this Section 4 that become earned in accordance with this Agreement are sometimes referred to as "Earned Dividend Equivalents."

5. Settlement. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Earned Performance Units (and associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) shall be settled as soon as practically possible, but not later than March 15 following the end of the Performance Period (the "Settlement Date") subject to Special Section 409A Rules in Section 18; *provided* that in the case of death of a Participant, the Settlement Date shall be the Participant's Termination Date. Settlement of the Earned Performance Units and Earned Dividend Equivalent Units on the Settlement Date shall be made in the form of shares of Common Stock with one share of Common Stock being issued in settlement of each Earned Performance Unit and each Earned Dividend Equivalent Unit, with any fractional shares of Common Stock being rounded up to the nearest whole number. Settlement of Earned Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents on the Settlement Date shall be paid in cash. Upon the settlement of any Earned Performance Unit and associated Earned Dividend Equivalent Units, such Earned Performance Unit and Earned Dividend Equivalent Units shall be cancelled. Any Performance Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents outstanding as of the last day of the Performance Period that do not become Earned Performance Units and associated Earned Dividend Equivalents shall be automatically cancelled as of the last day of the Performance Period.

6. Withholding. The Award and settlement thereof are subject to withholding of all applicable taxes. Such withholding obligations shall be satisfied through amounts that the Participant is otherwise to receive upon settlement.

7. Transferability. The Award is not transferable except as designated by the Participant by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

8. Heirs and Successors. If any benefits deliverable to the Participant under this Agreement have not been delivered at the time of the Participant's death, such rights shall be delivered to the Participant's estate.

9. Administration. The authority to administer and interpret this Agreement shall be vested in the Compensation Committee, and the Compensation Committee shall have all the powers with respect to this Agreement as it has with respect to the Incentive Plan. Any interpretation of the Agreement by the Compensation Committee and any decision made by it with respect to the Agreement is final and binding on all persons.

10. Adjustment of Award. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, extraordinary cash dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, exchange of shares, sale of assets or subsidiaries, combination, or other corporate transaction that affects the Common Stock, the Compensation Committee shall, in order to preserve the benefits or prevent the enlargement of benefits of this Award, and in the manner it determines equitable in its sole discretion, (a) adjust the number and kind of shares subject to this Award and (b) make any other adjustments that the Compensation Committee determines to be equitable (which may include, without limitation, (i) replacement of this Award with other Awards which the Compensation Committee determines have comparable value and which are based on stock of a company resulting from the transaction, and (ii) cancellation of this Award in return for cash payment of the then current value of this Award, determined as though this Award is fully vested at the time of payment).

11. Notices. Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement shall be deemed given when delivered personally, through Ambac's stock compensation administration system or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed, as appropriate, to Ambac at its principal offices, to the Participant at the Participant's address as last known by the Company or, in either case, such other address as one party may designate in writing to the other.

12. Governing Law. The validity, construction and effect of this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the State of New York and applicable federal law.

13. Amendments. The Board of Directors may, at any time, amend or terminate the Incentive Plan, and the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee may amend this Agreement, provided that no amendment or termination may, in the absence of written consent to the change by the affected Participant (or, if the Participant is not then living, the affected beneficiary), adversely affect the rights of any Participant or beneficiary under this Agreement prior to the date such amendment or termination is adopted by the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee, as the case may be.

14. Award Not Contract of Employment. The Award does not constitute a contract of employment or continued service, and the grant of the Award will not give the Participant the right to be retained in the employ or service of the Company, nor any right or claim to any

benefit under the Incentive Plan, or this Agreement, unless such right or claim has specifically accrued under the terms of the Incentive Plan and this Agreement.

15. Severability. If a provision of this Agreement is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions will nonetheless be enforceable according to their terms. Further, if any provision is held to be overbroad as written, that provision shall be amended to narrow its application to the extent necessary to make the provision enforceable according to applicable law and enforced as amended.

16. Incentive Plan Governs. The Award evidenced by this Agreement is granted pursuant to the Incentive Plan, and the Performance Stock Units and this Agreement are in all respects governed by the Incentive Plan and subject to all of the terms and provisions thereof, whether such terms and provisions are incorporated in this Agreement by reference or are expressly cited.

17. Special Section 409A Rules. To the fullest extent possible, amounts and other benefits payable under the Agreement are intended to comply with or be exempt from the provisions of section 409A of the Code. This Agreement will be interpreted and administered to the extent possible in a manner consistent with the foregoing statement of intent; provided, however, that the Company does not guarantee the tax treatment of the Award. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if any payment or benefit hereunder is subject to section 409A of the Code, and if such payment or benefit is to be paid or provided on account of the Participant's termination of employment (or other separation from service):

(a) and if the Participant is a specified employee (within the meaning of section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Code) and if any such payment or benefit is required to be made or provided prior to the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service or termination of employment, such payment or benefit shall be delayed until the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service; and

(b) the determination as to whether the Participant has had a termination of employment (or separation from service) shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 409A of the Code and the guidance issued thereunder without application of any alternative levels of reductions of bona fide services permitted thereunder.

EXHIBIT A

The Award evidenced by the Agreement shall be earned based on the satisfaction of the Performance Goals described in this Exhibit A (the “Performance Goals”) determined based on the rating calculated pursuant to the following table, subject to the RTSR modifier discussed below:

| Rating | Payout Multiple | Cirrata Group | | Everspan | | WLACC Outstanding (\$bn) |
|--------|-----------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Cumulative Gross Written Premium (\$mm) | Cumulative EBITDA (\$mm) | Cumulative Gross Written Premium (\$mm) | Cumulative EBITDA (\$mm) | |
| 1 | 2.00 | 1,256.0 | 56.0 | 1,723.0 | 46.5 | 3.0 |
| 2 | 1.00 | 1,092.0 | 49.0 | 1,566.0 | 40.0 | 3.4 |
| 3 | 0.00 | 983.0 | 44.0 | 1,374.0 | 31.5 | 3.8 |

Capitalized terms shall have the meanings set forth below.

With respect to the Performance Goals, the applicable rating shall be determined as follows: (i) 21.5% shall be based on the Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA; (ii) 21.5% shall be based on the Cumulative Everspan EBITDA; (iii) 21.5% shall be based on WLACC Outstanding at December 31, 2025; (iv) 17.75% shall be based on the Cumulative Gross Written Premium at Cirrata; and (v) 17.75% shall be based on the Cumulative Gross Written Premium at Everspan. Linear interpolation between payout multiples of Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA, Cumulative Everspan EBITDA, WLACC Outstanding, Cumulative Gross Written Premium at Cirrata, and Cumulative Gross Written Premium Everspan, as applicable, will result in a proportionate number of the Target Performance Units (and associated Dividend Equivalents) becoming Earned Performance Units (and Earned Dividend Equivalents).

All metrics noted in this table shall be neutral to the effects of changes to US GAAP.

Upon a sale of Ambac Assurance Corporation, Ambac Assurance UK Limited (“AUK”), or other disposition which has been structured as an ART Transaction, management shall receive the full benefit of the reduction to WLACC Outstanding from such transaction.

All determinations as to whether the Performance Goals have been satisfied will be determined by the Compensation Committee.

Notwithstanding anything in this Exhibit A to the contrary, the number of Target Performance Units (and associated Dividend Equivalents) that become Earned Performance Units (and Earned Dividend Equivalents) based on the level of achievement of the metrics set forth in table above shall be adjusted, either upwards or downwards, based on AFG’s RTSR Percentile Ranking for

the Performance Period, in accordance with the table below, as determined by the Compensation Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, in no event shall the Participant earn more than 240% of the Target Performance Units after the RTSR modifier is applied.

| RTSR Percentile Ranking | RTSR Modifier |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 75 th percentile or above | 120% of overall payout multiple |
| Between 25 th and 75 th percentile | 100% of overall payout multiple |
| 25 th percentile or below | 80% of overall payout multiple |

For purposes of this Exhibit A, the following definitions shall apply:

AAC: Ambac Assurance Corporation.

AFG: Ambac Financial Group, Inc.

ART Transactions: Alternative Risk Transfer transactions executed by the Company that reduce/eliminate portfolio risk, including by way of proportional reinsurance (e.g. quota share) or other alternative hedging or risk transfer strategies (e.g. excess of loss reinsurance) the impact of which has been approved by the Committee for purposes of reducing WLACC Outstanding. For purposes of this definition, (i) the impact of an ART Transaction whereby net par is not reduced but a portion of the risk related to a WLACC is defeased or reduced for some or all of the remaining life of the insured exposure shall count towards calculating the reduction in WLACC Outstanding and (ii) the measure of benefit for WLACC Outstanding for an ART Transaction will be calculated as follows (a) the net par balance of the portion of the WLACC exposure affected by the ART Transaction multiplied by (b) the quotient of the ART Transaction coverage period and the remaining expected life of the exposure. To the extent an ART Transaction is executed that does not conform to the aforementioned example management will propose an alternative calculation to the Compensation Committee to measure the WLACC Outstanding reduction.

Cumulative Everspan EBITDA: 100% of Everspan Group's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (calculated in accordance with US GAAP as in effect at beginning of the Performance Period) through the Performance Period. Cumulative Everspan EBITDA shall be adjusted to exclude the impact of any other costs as determined in the sole discretion of the Board.

Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA: 100% of Cirrata Group's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (calculated in accordance with US GAAP as in effect at beginning of the Performance Period) through the Performance Period. Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA shall be adjusted to exclude the impact of any other costs as determined in the sole discretion of the Board.

Cirrata Group: Includes Xchange Benefits, LLC, All Trans Risk Solutions, Capacity Marine Corporation, PenPoint Specialty Insurance, LLC and their majority owned subsidiaries at the beginning of the Performance Period and excludes any future acquisitions. (collectively, “Cirrata”).

Gross Written Premiums: The contractually determined amount charged to a policyholder for the effective period of the contract based on the coverage provided by the term of an insurance contract.

- **Everspan Cumulative Gross Written Premium:** includes (i) Everspan Group direct premiums written (including premiums sourced from affiliated MGAs, MGUs and brokers (i.e. Cirrata)) and assumed premium from non-affiliates and (ii) the Gross Written Premium equivalent for programs with minimum fronting fees calculated as follows: minimum fronting fee/fronting fee rate (e.g. 5%) less amounts already included in section (i) for the program.
- **Cirrata Cumulative Gross Written Premium:** includes all premiums placed by Cirrata with any insurance carrier.

Everspan Group: Everspan Holdings, LLC and its majority owned subsidiaries at the beginning of the performance period and excludes future acquisitions (collectively, “Everspan”).

Performance Period: period in which the performance metrics are measured will be from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2026.

Peer Group: The entities set forth on Exhibit B hereto. However, in the event that, prior to the end of the Performance Period, there occurs: (i) a merger, acquisition or business combination transaction of a Peer Group member with or by another Peer Group member, only the surviving entity shall remain a member of the Peer Group; (ii) a merger, acquisition or business combination of a Peer Group member with an entity that is not a Peer Group member, or the acquisition or business combination transaction by or with a Peer Group member, where such Peer Group member is the surviving entity and remains publicly traded, such Peer Group member shall remain a member of the Peer Group; (iii) a merger or acquisition or business combination transaction of a Peer Group member by or with an entity that is not a Peer Group member or a “going private” transaction involving a Peer Group member where such Peer Group member is not the surviving entity or is otherwise no longer publicly traded, such Peer Group member shall no longer be a member of the Peer Group; (iv) a stock distribution from a Peer Group member consisting of the shares of a new publicly traded company (a “spin-off”), such Peer Group member shall remain a member of the Peer Group, such distribution shall be treated as a dividend from such Peer Group member based on the closing price of the shares of the spun-off company on its first day of trading and the performance of the shares of the spun-off company shall not thereafter be tracked for purposes of calculating Total Shareholder Return; or (v) a bankruptcy or liquidation of a Peer Group member, such Peer Group member will remain a member of the Peer Group and the Total Shareholder Return of such Peer Group member shall equal -100%.

Relative Total Shareholder Return, or **RTSR**: The percentile rank of the Company's Total Shareholder Return as compared to the Total Shareholder Returns of all members of the Peer Group, ranked in descending order (including the Company), at the end of the Performance Period.

Total Shareholder Return: With respect to each of the Common Stock and the common stock of each of the members of the Peer Group, a rate of return reflecting stock price appreciation, plus the reinvestment of dividends in additional shares of stock, from the beginning of the Performance Period through the end of the Performance Period. For purposes of calculating Total Shareholder Return for each of AFG and the members of the Peer Group, (i) the beginning stock price will be based on the average of the twenty (20) trading days immediately prior to the first day of the Performance Period on the principal stock exchange on which the stock is then listed or admitted to trading and the ending stock price will be based on the average of the last twenty (20) trading days of the Performance Period on the principal stock exchange on which the stock is then listed or admitted to trading and (ii) reinvestment of dividends shall be assumed to be reinvested on the ex-dividend date using the closing stock price on the ex-dividend date.

WLACC Outstanding: The remaining net par outstanding at December 31, 2026, inclusive of the impact of any ART Transactions executed by the Company during the Performance Period, for watch list and adversely classified credits as identified at the beginning of the Performance Period ("WLACC") by AFG and its subsidiaries, including AAC and AUK. For purposes of this award, WLACC amounts will exclude new credits added during the Performance Period, including credits added through reinsurance recaptures.

For non-U.S. exposures, the currency exchange rates to be used shall be those beginning on the first day of the Performance Period.

EXHIBIT B

PEER GROUP

Assured Guaranty Ltd. (AGO)

BRP Group, Inc. (BRP)

Global Indemnity Group, LLC (GBLI)

Goosehead Insurance, Inc. (GSHD)

HCI Group, Inc. (HCI)

Horace Mann Educators Corporation (HMN)

MBIA Inc. (MBI)

Palomar Holdings, Inc. (PLMR)

PRA Group, Inc. (PRAA)

ProAssurance Corporation (PRA)

SiriusPoint Ltd. (SPNT)

White Mountains Insurance Ltd. (WTM)

AMBAC FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.
PERFORMANCE STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
FOR LONG-TERM INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AWARD
(Employees without Employment Agreements)

Effective as of March 13, 2024 (the "Grant Date"), [[FIRSTNAME]] [[LASTNAME]] (the "Participant") has been granted an Award under the Ambac Financial Group, Inc. 2020 Incentive Compensation Plan (the "Incentive Plan"). This Agreement evidences the Award, which shall consist of a Full Value Award in the form of performance stock units ("Performance Stock Units"). In addition to the terms and conditions of the Incentive Plan and the Award shall be subject to the following terms and conditions (sometimes referred to as this "Agreement").

1. Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used in this Agreement which are not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning specified in the Incentive Plan.

2. Grant of Performance Stock Units. Subject to the terms of this Agreement, and the Incentive Plan, effective as of the Grant Date the Participant is hereby granted [[SHARESGRANTED]] Performance Stock Units (the "Target Performance Units"). This Award contains the right to dividend equivalents ("Dividend Equivalents") with respect to Earned Performance Units (as defined in Section 3(a)) as described in Section 4. Each Performance Stock Unit awarded hereunder shall become earned and vested as described in Section 3 and each Earned Performance Unit (and associated Earned Dividend Equivalents thereon as described in Section 4) shall be settled in accordance with Section 5.

3. Earning, Vesting and Forfeiture of Performance Stock Units. The Performance Stock Units shall become earned and vested in accordance with the following:

(a) All Performance Stock Units shall be unearned and unvested unless and until they become earned and vested and nonforfeitable in accordance with this Section 3. The Participant shall have the ability to earn between 0% and 240% of the Target Performance Units, as determined by the Compensation Committee, based on the continuing employment of the Participant during the period beginning on January 1, 2024 and ending on the December 31, 2026 (the "Performance Period") and satisfaction of the Performance Goals set forth in Exhibit A hereto (which is incorporated into and forms part of this Agreement). Any Performance Stock Units granted pursuant to this Agreement that become earned in accordance with this Agreement shall be referred to herein as "Earned Performance Units". Except as provided in Section 3(b), if the Participant's termination of employment or service with the Company (the "Termination Date") occurs for any reason prior to the last day of the Performance Period, the Participant's right to all Performance Stock Units (and any associated Dividend Equivalents) awarded or credited to the Participant pursuant to this Agreement shall expire and be forfeited immediately and the Participant shall have no further rights with respect to any of the Performance Stock Units (or associated Dividend

Equivalents). The Earned Performance Units (and any associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) shall be settled in accordance with Section 5 hereof.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3(a), (x) if the Participant's Termination Date occurs prior to the last day of the Performance Period by reason of Disability (as defined in Section 3(c)), Retirement (as defined in Section 3(c)), or involuntary termination by the Company other than for Cause (as defined in Section 3(c)), the Participant shall be entitled to receive the number of Earned Performance Units (and any associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) that the Participant would have been entitled to receive had the Termination Date not occurred prior to the end of the Performance Period based on actual satisfaction of the Performance Goals, and (y) if the Participant's Termination Date occurs prior to the last day of the Performance Period by reason of death, the beneficiaries of Participant shall be entitled to receive the number of Earned Performance Units (and any associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) that the Participant would have been entitled to receive had the Termination Date not occurred prior to the end of the Performance Period at a 100% overall payout multiple regardless of the outcome of the Performance Goals, Total Shareholder Return or Relative Total Shareholder Return (which shall be equal to the number of Target Performance Units plus any Earned Dividend Equivalents).

(c) For purposes of the Award evidenced by this Agreement, (i) a Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur by reason of "Disability" if his Termination Date occurs on or after the date on which he is entitled to long-term disability benefits under the Company's long-term disability plan (or, if the Participant is not eligible for such plan, if the Participant would be entitled to benefits under such plan if he were eligible) and such Termination Date does not occur for any other reason; (ii) the Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur by reason of "Cause" if the Participant's Termination Date occurs by reason of termination by the Company and is on account of (A) any act or omission by the Participant resulting in, or intending to result in, personal gain at the expense of the Company; (B) the improper disclosure by the Participant of proprietary or confidential information of the Company; or (C) misconduct by the Participant, including, but not limited to, fraud, intentional violation of, or negligent disregard for, the rules and procedures of the Company (including the code of business conduct), theft, violent acts or threats of violence, or possession of controlled substances on the property of the Company; provided, however, that the meaning of "Cause" shall be (1) expanded to include any additional grounds for cause-based termination specified in any contract, policy or plan applicable to the Participant or (2) superseded to the extent expressly provided in such contract, policy or plan; and (iii) the Participant's Termination Date shall be considered to occur on account of "Retirement" if the Participant's Termination Date occurs on or after the date on which the following conditions have been satisfied and such Termination Date does not occur for any other reason: (x) the Participant has attained age 60; (y) the Participant has provided at least ten (10) years of service to the Company; and (z) the Participant has

provided at least 90 days' prior notice of his or her Termination Date due to retirement from the Company.

4. Dividend Equivalents. The Participant shall be credited with Dividend Equivalents, which may consist of Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents or Dividend Equivalent Units (each as defined below), as follows:

(a) If, during the Performance Period, a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is paid in cash, then as of the dividend payment date, the Participant shall be credited with a right to receive a "Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalent" equal to (i) the cash dividend paid with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii) 240% of the Target Performance Units (the "Maximum Performance Units").

(b) If, during the Performance Period, a dividend with respect to shares of Common Stock is paid in shares of Common Stock, then as of the dividend payment date the Participant shall be credited with that number of "Dividend Equivalent Units" equal to (i) the number of shares of Common Stock distributed in the dividend with respect to a share of Common Stock, multiplied by (ii)(A) the number of Maximum Performance Units plus (B) the number of previously credited Dividend Equivalent Units with respect to such Performance Stock Units, if any, rounded down to the nearest whole number.

Dividend Equivalents shall be earned on the same basis and to the same extent that the Performance Stock Units to which they relate become Earned Performance Units. Therefore, the Participant shall only earn Dividend Equivalents with respect to Earned Performance Units and, to the extent that any Dividend Equivalents are credited to the Participant pursuant to this Section 4 and are not earned in accordance with this Agreement, they shall be forfeited and the Participant shall have no further rights with respect thereto under this Agreement or otherwise. Any Dividend Equivalents credited to the Participant pursuant to this Section 4 that become earned in accordance with this Agreement are sometimes referred to as "Earned Dividend Equivalents."

5. Settlement. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Earned Performance Units (and associated Earned Dividend Equivalents) shall be settled as soon as practically possible, but not later than March 15 following the end of the Performance Period (the "Settlement Date") subject to Special Section 409A Rules in Section 18; *provided* that in the case of death of a Participant, the Settlement Date shall be the Participant's Termination Date. Settlement of the Earned Performance Units and Earned Dividend Equivalent Units on the Settlement Date shall be made in the form of shares of Common Stock with one share of Common Stock being issued in settlement of each Earned Performance Unit and each Earned Dividend Equivalent Unit, with any fractional shares of Common Stock being rounded up to the nearest whole number. Settlement of Earned Deferred Cash Dividend Equivalents on the Settlement Date shall be paid in cash. Upon the settlement of any Earned Performance Unit and associated Earned Dividend Equivalent Units, such Earned Performance Unit and Earned Dividend Equivalent Units shall be cancelled. Any Performance Stock Units and associated Dividend Equivalents outstanding as of the last day of the Performance Period that do not

become Earned Performance Units and associated Earned Dividend Equivalents shall be automatically cancelled as of the last day of the Performance Period.

6. Withholding. The Award and settlement thereof are subject to withholding of all applicable taxes. Such withholding obligations shall be satisfied through amounts that the Participant is otherwise to receive upon settlement.

7. Transferability. The Award is not transferable except as designated by the Participant by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

8. Heirs and Successors. If any benefits deliverable to the Participant under this Agreement have not been delivered at the time of the Participant's death, such rights shall be delivered to the Participant's estate.

9. Administration. The authority to administer and interpret this Agreement shall be vested in the Compensation Committee, and the Compensation Committee shall have all the powers with respect to this Agreement as it has with respect to the Incentive Plan. Any interpretation of the Agreement by the Compensation Committee and any decision made by it with respect to the Agreement is final and binding on all persons.

10. Adjustment of Award. In the event of a stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, extraordinary cash dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, split-up, spin-off, exchange of shares, sale of assets or subsidiaries, combination, or other corporate transaction that affects the Common Stock, the Compensation Committee shall, in order to preserve the benefits or prevent the enlargement of benefits of this Award, and in the manner it determines equitable in its sole discretion, (a) adjust the number and kind of shares subject to this Award and (b) make any other adjustments that the Compensation Committee determines to be equitable (which may include, without limitation, (i) replacement of this Award with other Awards which the Compensation Committee determines have comparable value and which are based on stock of a company resulting from the transaction, and (ii) cancellation of this Award in return for cash payment of the then current value of this Award, determined as though this Award is fully vested at the time of payment).

11. Notices. Any notice required or permitted under this Agreement shall be deemed given when delivered personally, through Ambac's stock compensation administration system or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed, as appropriate, to Ambac at its principal offices, to the Participant at the Participant's address as last known by the Company or, in either case, such other address as one party may designate in writing to the other.

12. Governing Law. The validity, construction and effect of this Agreement shall be determined in accordance with the laws of the State of New York and applicable federal law.

13. Amendments. The Board of Directors may, at any time, amend or terminate the Incentive Plan, and the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee may amend this Agreement, provided that no amendment or termination may, in the absence of written consent to the change by the affected Participant (or, if the Participant is not then living, the affected

beneficiary), adversely affect the rights of any Participant or beneficiary under this Agreement prior to the date such amendment or termination is adopted by the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee, as the case may be.

14. Award Not Contract of Employment. The Award does not constitute a contract of employment or continued service, and the grant of the Award will not give the Participant the right to be retained in the employ or service of the Company, nor any right or claim to any benefit under the Incentive Plan, or this Agreement, unless such right or claim has specifically accrued under the terms of the Incentive Plan and this Agreement.

15. Severability. If a provision of this Agreement is held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions will nonetheless be enforceable according to their terms. Further, if any provision is held to be overbroad as written, that provision shall be amended to narrow its application to the extent necessary to make the provision enforceable according to applicable law and enforced as amended.

16. Incentive Plan Governs. The Award evidenced by this Agreement is granted pursuant to the Incentive Plan, and the Performance Stock Units and this Agreement are in all respects governed by the Incentive Plan and subject to all of the terms and provisions thereof, whether such terms and provisions are incorporated in this Agreement by reference or are expressly cited.

17. Special Section 409A Rules. To the fullest extent possible, amounts and other benefits payable under the Agreement are intended to comply with or be exempt from the provisions of section 409A of the Code. This Agreement will be interpreted and administered to the extent possible in a manner consistent with the foregoing statement of intent; provided, however, that the Company does not guarantee the tax treatment of the Award. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, if any payment or benefit hereunder is subject to section 409A of the Code, and if such payment or benefit is to be paid or provided on account of the Participant's termination of employment (or other separation from service):

(a) and if the Participant is a specified employee (within the meaning of section 409A(a)(2)(B) of the Code) and if any such payment or benefit is required to be made or provided prior to the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service or termination of employment, such payment or benefit shall be delayed until the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service; and

(b) the determination as to whether the Participant has had a termination of employment (or separation from service) shall be made in accordance with the provisions of section 409A of the Code and the guidance issued thereunder without application of any alternative levels of reductions of bona fide services permitted thereunder.

EXHIBIT A

The Award evidenced by the Agreement shall be earned based on the satisfaction of the Performance Goals described in this Exhibit A (the “Performance Goals”) determined based on the rating calculated pursuant to the following table, subject to the RTSR modifier discussed below:

| Rating | Payout Multiple | Cirrata Group | | Everspan | | WLACC Outstanding (\$bn) |
|--------|-----------------|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Cumulative Gross Written Premium (\$mm) | Cumulative EBITDA (\$mm) | Cumulative Gross Written Premium (\$mm) | Cumulative EBITDA (\$mm) | |
| 1 | 2.00 | 1,256.0 | 56.0 | 1,723.0 | 46.5 | 3.0 |
| 2 | 1.00 | 1,092.0 | 49.0 | 1,566.0 | 40.0 | 3.4 |
| 3 | 0.00 | 983.0 | 44.0 | 1,374.0 | 31.5 | 3.8 |

Capitalized terms shall have the meanings set forth below.

With respect to the Performance Goals, the applicable rating shall be determined as follows: (i) 21.5% shall be based on the Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA; (ii) 21.5% shall be based on the Cumulative Everspan EBITDA; (iii) 21.5% shall be based on WLACC Outstanding at December 31, 2025; (iv) 17.75% shall be based on the Cumulative Gross Written Premium at Cirrata; and (v) 17.75% shall be based on the Cumulative Gross Written Premium at Everspan. Linear interpolation between payout multiples of Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA, Cumulative Everspan EBITDA, WLACC Outstanding, Cumulative Gross Written Premium at Cirrata, and Cumulative Gross Written Premium Everspan, as applicable, will result in a proportionate number of the Target Performance Units (and associated Dividend Equivalents) becoming Earned Performance Units (and Earned Dividend Equivalents).

All metrics noted in this table shall be neutral to the effects of changes to US GAAP.

Upon a sale of Ambac Assurance Corporation, Ambac Assurance UK Limited (“AUK”), or other disposition which has been structured as an ART Transaction, management shall receive the full benefit of the reduction to WLACC Outstanding from such transaction.

All determinations as to whether the Performance Goals have been satisfied will be determined by the Compensation Committee.

Notwithstanding anything in this Exhibit A to the contrary, the number of Target Performance Units (and associated Dividend Equivalents) that become Earned Performance Units (and Earned Dividend Equivalents) based on the level of achievement of the metrics set forth in table above

shall be adjusted, either upwards or downwards, based on AFG's RTSR Percentile Ranking for the Performance Period, in accordance with the table below, as determined by the Compensation Committee. For the avoidance of doubt, in no event shall the Participant earn more than 240% of the Target Performance Units after the RTSR modifier is applied.

| RTSR Percentile Ranking | RTSR Modifier |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 75 th percentile or above | 120% of overall payout multiple |
| Between 25 th and 75 th percentile | 100% of overall payout multiple |
| 25 th percentile or below | 80% of overall payout multiple |

For purposes of this Exhibit A, the following definitions shall apply:

AAC: Ambac Assurance Corporation.

AFG: Ambac Financial Group, Inc.

ART Transactions: Alternative Risk Transfer transactions executed by the Company that reduce/eliminate portfolio risk, including by way of proportional reinsurance (e.g. quota share) or other alternative hedging or risk transfer strategies (e.g. excess of loss reinsurance) the impact of which has been approved by the Committee for purposes of reducing WLACC Outstanding. For purposes of this definition, (i) the impact of an ART Transaction whereby net par is not reduced but a portion of the risk related to a WLACC is defeased or reduced for some or all of the remaining life of the insured exposure shall count towards calculating the reduction in WLACC Outstanding and (ii) the measure of benefit for WLACC Outstanding for an ART Transaction will be calculated as follows (a) the net par balance of the portion of the WLACC exposure affected by the ART Transaction multiplied by (b) the quotient of the ART Transaction coverage period and the remaining expected life of the exposure. To the extent an ART Transaction is executed that does not conform to the aforementioned example management will propose an alternative calculation to the Compensation Committee to measure the WLACC Outstanding reduction.

Cumulative Everspan EBITDA: 100% of Everspan Group's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (calculated in accordance with US GAAP as in effect at beginning of the Performance Period) through the Performance Period. Cumulative Everspan EBITDA shall be adjusted to exclude the impact of any other costs as determined in the sole discretion of the Board.

Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA: 100% of Cirrata Group's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (calculated in accordance with US GAAP as in effect at beginning of the Performance Period) through the Performance Period. Cumulative Cirrata EBITDA shall be adjusted to exclude the impact of any other costs as determined in the sole discretion of the Board.

Cirrata Group: Includes Xchange Benefits, LLC, All Trans Risk Solutions, Capacity Marine Corporation, PenPoint Specialty Insurance, LLC and their majority owned subsidiaries at the beginning of the Performance Period and excludes any future acquisitions. (collectively, “Cirrata”).

Gross Written Premiums: The contractually determined amount charged to a policyholder for the effective period of the contract based on the coverage provided by the term of an insurance contract.

- **Everspan Cumulative Gross Written Premium:** includes (i) Everspan Group direct premiums written (including premiums sourced from affiliated MGAs, MGUs and brokers (i.e. Cirrata)) and assumed premium from non-affiliates and (ii) the Gross Written Premium equivalent for programs with minimum fronting fees calculated as follows: minimum fronting fee/fronting fee rate (e.g. 5%) less amounts already included in section (i) for the program.
- **Cirrata Cumulative Gross Written Premium:** includes all premiums placed by Cirrata with any insurance carrier.

Everspan Group: Everspan Holdings, LLC and its majority owned subsidiaries at the beginning of the performance period and excludes future acquisitions (collectively, “Everspan”).

Performance Period: period in which the performance metrics are measured will be from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2026.

Peer Group: The entities set forth on Exhibit B hereto. However, in the event that, prior to the end of the Performance Period, there occurs: (i) a merger, acquisition or business combination transaction of a Peer Group member with or by another Peer Group member, only the surviving entity shall remain a member of the Peer Group; (ii) a merger, acquisition or business combination of a Peer Group member with an entity that is not a Peer Group member, or the acquisition or business combination transaction by or with a Peer Group member, where such Peer Group member is the surviving entity and remains publicly traded, such Peer Group member shall remain a member of the Peer Group; (iii) a merger or acquisition or business combination transaction of a Peer Group member by or with an entity that is not a Peer Group member or a “going private” transaction involving a Peer Group member where such Peer Group member is not the surviving entity or is otherwise no longer publicly traded, such Peer Group member shall no longer be a member of the Peer Group; (iv) a stock distribution from a Peer Group member consisting of the shares of a new publicly traded company (a “spin-off”), such Peer Group member shall remain a member of the Peer Group, such distribution shall be treated as a dividend from such Peer Group member based on the closing price of the shares of the spun-off company on its first day of trading and the performance of the shares of the spun-off company shall not thereafter be tracked for purposes of calculating Total Shareholder Return; or (v) a bankruptcy or liquidation of a Peer Group member, such Peer Group member will remain a member of the Peer Group and the Total Shareholder Return of such Peer Group member shall equal -100%.

Relative Total Shareholder Return, or **RTSR**: The percentile rank of the Company's Total Shareholder Return as compared to the Total Shareholder Returns of all members of the Peer Group, ranked in descending order (including the Company), at the end of the Performance Period.

Total Shareholder Return: With respect to each of the Common Stock and the common stock of each of the members of the Peer Group, a rate of return reflecting stock price appreciation, plus the reinvestment of dividends in additional shares of stock, from the beginning of the Performance Period through the end of the Performance Period. For purposes of calculating Total Shareholder Return for each of AFG and the members of the Peer Group, (i) the beginning stock price will be based on the average of the twenty (20) trading days immediately prior to the first day of the Performance Period on the principal stock exchange on which the stock is then listed or admitted to trading and the ending stock price will be based on the average of the last twenty (20) trading days of the Performance Period on the principal stock exchange on which the stock is then listed or admitted to trading and (ii) reinvestment of dividends shall be assumed to be reinvested on the ex-dividend date using the closing stock price on the ex-dividend date.

WLACC Outstanding: The remaining net par outstanding at December 31, 2025, inclusive of the impact of any ART Transactions executed by the Company during the Performance Period, for watch list and adversely classified credits as identified at the beginning of the Performance Period ("WLACC") by AFG and its subsidiaries, including AAC and AUK. For purposes of this award, WLACC amounts will exclude new credits added during the Performance Period, including credits added through reinsurance recaptures.

For non-U.S. exposures, the currency exchange rates to be used shall be those beginning on the first day of the Performance Period.

EXHIBIT B

PEER GROUP

Assured Guaranty Ltd. (AGO)

BRP Group, Inc. (BRP)

Global Indemnity Group, LLC (GBLI)

Goosehead Insurance, Inc. (GSHD)

HCI Group, Inc. (HCI)

Horace Mann Educators Corporation (HMN)

MBIA Inc. (MBI)

Palomar Holdings, Inc. (PLMR)

PRA Group, Inc. (PRAA)

ProAssurance Corporation (PRA)

SiriusPoint Ltd. (SPNT)

White Mountains Insurance Ltd. (WTM)

Ambac Financial Group, Inc.
Certifications

I, Claude LeBlanc, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a—15(e) and 15d—15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 6, 2024

By: /s/ Claude LeBlanc

Claude LeBlanc
President and Chief Executive Officer

Ambac Financial Group, Inc.
Certifications

I, David Trick, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (the "registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a—15(e) and 15d—15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: May 6, 2024

By: /s/ David Trick

David Trick

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
as Adopted Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Ambac Financial Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Claude LeBlanc, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and David Trick, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of their knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Claude LeBlanc

Name: Claude LeBlanc

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ David Trick

Name: David Trick

Title: Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Dated: May 6, 2024