

lunr-20240930000184445212/312024Q3false12P3DP1YNOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS[new financing? new awards? anything to 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20549 FORM 10-Q (Mark One)xQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024OR 1 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934For the transition period from _____ to _____ Commission file number 001-40823 INTUITIVE MACHINES, INC.(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Delaware36-5056189(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)13467 Columbia Shuttle StreetHouston, Texas77059(Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)(281) 520-3703Registrant's telephone number, including area codeSecurities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:Title of each classTrading Symbol(s)Name of each exchange on which registeredClass A Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per shareLUNRThe Nasdaq Stock Market LLCWarrants to purchase one share of Class A Common Stock, each at an exercise price of \$11.50 per shareLUNRWThe Nasdaq Stock Market LLCIndicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No oIndicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Â§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No oIndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):Large accelerated filer oAccelerated filer oNon-accelerated filer xSmaller reporting company xEmerging growth company xIf an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. oIndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes o No xAs of November 8, 2024, the Registrant had 80,857,602 shares of Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 0 shares of Class B common stock, \$0.0001 par value, and 59,489,192 shares of Class C common stock, \$0.0001 par value, outstanding. INTUITIVE MACHINES, INC.Table of ContentsPagePart I " Financial Information1Item 1. Financial Statements1Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets2Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations3Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Mezzanine Equity4Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Deficit5Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows7Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements8Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of Intuitive Machines34Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk51Item 4. Controls and Procedures51Part II " Other Information 52Item 1. Legal Proceedings52Item 1A. Risk Factors52Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds52Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities52Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures52Item 5. Other Information52Item 6. Exhibits53Signatures54CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTSThis Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this Quarterly Report are forward-looking statements. Such statements can be identified by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. When used in this Quarterly Report, words such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "possible," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," "strive," "would," "strategy," "outlook," the negative of these words or other similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to statements regarding our expectations and plans relating to our first mission to the Moon, including the expected timing thereof and our progress and preparation thereof; our expectations with respect to, among other things, demand for our product portfolio, our submission of bids for contracts; our expectations regarding protests of government contracts awarded to us; our operations, our financial performance and our industry; our business strategy, business plan, and plans to drive long term sustainable shareholder value; and our expectations on revenue and cash generation. These forward-looking statements reflect our predictions, projections or expectations based upon currently available information and data. Our actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements, and you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The following important factors and uncertainties, among others, could cause actual outcomes or results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report: our reliance upon the efforts of our key personnel and Board of Directors (the "Board") to be successful; our limited operating history; our failure to manage our growth effectively and failure to win new contracts; competition from existing or new companies; unsatisfactory safety performance of our spaceflight systems or security incidents at our facilities; failure of the market for commercial spaceflight to achieve the growth potential we expect; any delayed launches, launch failures, failure of our satellites or lunar landers to reach their planned orbital locations, significant increases in the costs related to launches of satellites and lunar landers, and insufficient capacity available from satellite and lunar lander launch providers; our customer concentration; our reliance on a single launch service provider; risks associated with commercial spaceflight, including any accident on launch or during the journey into space; risks associated with the handling, production and disposition of potentially explosive and ignitable energetic materials and other dangerous chemicals in our operations; our reliance on a limited number of suppliers for certain materials and supplied components; failure of our products to operate in the expected manner or defects in our sub-systems; counterparty risks on contracts entered into with our customers and failure of our prime contractors to maintain their relationships with their counterparties and fulfill their contractual obligations; failure to comply with various laws and regulations relating to various aspects of our business and any changes in the funding levels of various governmental entities with which we do business; our failure to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets and unpatented know how; our failure to comply with the terms of third-party open source software our systems utilize; our ability to maintain an effective system of internal control over financial reporting, and to address and remediate existing material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting; the U.S. government's budget deficit and the national debt, as well as any inability of the U.S. government to complete its budget process for any government fiscal year, and our dependence on U.S. government contracts; our failure to comply with U.S. export and import control laws and regulations and U.S. economic sanctions and trade control laws and regulations; uncertain global macro-economic and political conditions (including as a result of a failure to raise the debt ceiling) and rising inflation; our history of losses and failure to achieve profitability in the future or failure of our business to generate sufficient funds to continue operations; the cost and potential outcomes of potential future litigation; our public securities' potential liquidity and trading; and other factors detailed under the section titled Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 (the "2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K"), the section titled Part I, Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and the section titled Part II, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report and in our subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These forward-looking statements are based on information available as of the date of this Quarterly Report and current expectations, forecasts, and assumptions, and involve a number of judgments, risks, and uncertainties. Accordingly, forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date, and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date they were made, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable

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2023\$€"šâ€"Â 22,237,988\$2Â â€"šâ€"Â 70,909,012\$7Â \$(12,825)\$â€"Â \$(329,932)\$(342,748)Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023Members UnitsCommon StockClass ACommon StockClass BCommon StockClass CTreasury StockPaid-in CapitalAccumulated DeficitTotal Shareholdersâ€"™ DeficitUnitsAmountSharesAmountSharesAmountSharesAmountBalance, December 31, 2022122,505,500\$1Â â€"šâ€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â \$14,967Â \$(65,859)\$(50,891)Issuance of units21,500â€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â 22Â â€"Â 22Â Share-based compensation expenseâ€"â€"Â Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â Â Â Â 101Â Â 101Â Net lossâ€"â€"Â Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â Â Â Â 6,480(6,480)Effects of Business CombinationRecapitalization(122,527,000)(1)13,736,93222Â 10,566â€"Â 68,140,1886Â â€"Â 47,438Â â€"Â 47,445Â Conversion of SAFE Agreementsâ€"â€"Â 2,066,666â€"Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â Â Â Â 20,667Â â€"Â 20,667Â Issuance of warrants to preferred shareholdersâ€"â€"Â Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â Â Â Â 173Â â€"Â 173Â Transaction costsâ€"â€"Â Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â Â Â Â 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1,657)â€"Â (1,657)Accretion of preferred stock discountâ€"â€"Â Â Â â€"šâ€"Â Â Â Â Â 22)â€"Â (22)Repurchase of common stockâ€"â€"Â Â Â

all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature or a description of the nature and amount of any adjustments other than normal recurring adjustments have been appropriately disclosed.

Emerging Growth CompanyThe Company is an emerging growth company (‘‘EGC’’), as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the ‘‘JOBS Act’’). Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts EGCs from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company did not opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an EGC, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. Use of EstimatesThe preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on historical experience, other factors, including the current economic environment, and various other judgments that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Company adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Changes in those estimates resulting from continuing changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the financial statements in future reporting periods.

Segment ReportingOperating segments are identified as components of an enterprise about which separate discrete financial information is available for evaluation by the chief operating decision-maker (‘‘CODM’’) in making decisions regarding resource allocation and assessing performance. All of the Company’s assets are maintained in the United States. The Company has determined that it operates in one operating segment and one reportable segment, as the CODM reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for purposes of making operating decisions, allocating resources and evaluating financial performance.

Concentration of Credit RisksFinancial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. By their nature, all such financial instruments involve risks, including the credit risk of nonperformance by counterparties. The majority of the Company’s cash and cash equivalents are held at major financial institutions. Certain account balances exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits of \$250,000 per account. The Company generally does not require collateral to support the obligations of the counterparties and cash levels held at banks are more than federally insured limits. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by maintaining its cash and cash equivalents with highly rated financial institutions. The Company has not experienced material losses on its deposits of cash and cash equivalents. The Company monitors the creditworthiness of its customers to whom it grants credit terms in the normal course of its business. The Company evaluates the collectability of its accounts receivable based on known collection risks and historical experience. In circumstances where the Company is aware of a specific customer’s inability to meet its financial obligations to the Company (e.g., bankruptcy filings, substantial downgrading of credit ratings), the Company records a specific allowance for expected credit losses against amounts to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount it reasonably believes will be collected and revenue recognition is deferred until the amount is collected and the contract is completed. For all other customers, the Company records allowances for credit losses based on the specific analysis of the customer’s ability to pay on an as needed basis. Major customers are defined as those individually comprising more than 10% of the Company’s total revenue. There was one major customer that accounted for 90% and 91%, respectively, of the Company’s total revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and accounted for 52% and 65%, respectively, of the Company’s total revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The largest customer’s accounts receivable balance was 91% and 80% as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Major suppliers are defined as those individually comprising more than 10% of the annual goods or services purchased. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, there was one major supplier that accounted for 14% and 23%, respectively, of the goods and services purchased, and no major supplier for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023. As of September 30, 2024, there was one major supplier that accounted for 10% of the accounts payable balance and no major supplier as of December 31, 2023 with an accounts payable balance representing more than 10%.

Long-Lived AssetsLong-lived assets consist of property and equipment, net, and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of the long-lived asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by comparing the carrying value of a long-lived asset to the future undiscounted cash flows that the long-lived asset is expected to generate from use and eventual disposition. An impairment loss will be recognized if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we recorded impairment charges of approximately \$5.0 million within our condensed consolidated statements of operations associated with construction in progress of certain assets under development by a third party subcontractor that were not in compliance according to the specifications under contract. No impairment charges were recorded for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. See Note 4 for further discussion of our impairment loss on property and equipment.

LeasesDuring the third quarter of 2024, the Company commenced two new lease agreements. In September 2024, the Company entered into a building and land lease agreement in Maryland. This facility is intended to provide space for the designing, building, and testing of space-flight mechanisms and electro-mechanical systems for use in space or on the lunar surface. The lease agreement has an initial term of 10 years, 3 months. As of September 30, 2024, the Company recorded right-of-use assets of \$3.1 million and operating lease liabilities of \$3.1 million. Also, in August 2024, we entered into a facility lease agreement in Arizona to support operations and data analysis of NASA’s Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter and ShadowCam cameras and imagery. The lease agreement has an initial term of 52 months. As of September 30, 2024, the Company recorded non-cash right-of-use assets of \$1.2 million and non-cash operating lease liabilities of \$1.2 million.

Liquidity and Capital ResourcesThe unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2024 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, and related notes were prepared on the basis of a going concern, which contemplates that the Company will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the normal course of business. As of September 30, 2024, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$89.6 million and working capital of \$73.0 million. The Company has historically funded its operations through internally generated cash on hand, proceeds from sales of its capital stock including the execution of SAFE Agreements, our At The Market Offering program (the ‘‘ATM Program’’) with Cantor (as described below), proceeds from warrant exercises, and proceeds from the issuance of bank debt. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company received approximately \$161.4 million in gross proceeds from warrant exercises, sales of stock under our ATM program and other equity transactions, as further described in Notes 7 and 8. In connection with the Business Combination as discussed in Notes 1 and 7, the Company entered into the Cantor Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company may direct CFPI, at the Company’s discretion, to purchase up to the lesser of (i) \$50.0 million of newly issued shares of Class A Common Stock and (ii) the ‘‘exchange cap’’ specified therein, subject to certain customary conditions and limitations set forth in the agreement. The Cantor Purchase Agreement contractually terminated on September 1, 2024. Additionally, in April 2024, the Company and Cantor entered into a Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement with Cantor acting as the Company’s exclusive sales agent for the sale of newly issued shares of Class A Common Stock for aggregate proceeds up to \$100.0 million, as further described in Note 7 as the ATM Program. Pursuant to the ATM program, the Company raised approximately \$97.5 million, net of \$2.5 million in transaction fees, during the second and third quarters of 2024. Management believes that the cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2024, will be sufficient to fund the short-term liquidity needs and the execution of the business plan through at least the twelve-month period from the date the financial statements are issued.

Transaction CostsBusiness CombinationTransaction costs consist of direct legal, consulting, audit and other fees related to the consummation of the Business Combination and related transactions as described further in Note 1. These costs were initially capitalized as incurred and recorded as prepaid expenses in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and totaled \$5.3 million as of December 31, 2022. Upon the completion of the Business Combination, transaction costs directly related to the issuance of shares were netted against the proceeds from the merger and recorded as an offset in additional paid-in capital upon consummation of the transactions. Total transaction costs charged to additional paid in capital were approximately \$24.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Approximately, \$9.4 million in transaction costs were paid by Intuitive Machines, LLC during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The remaining difference was paid by Intuitive Machines, LLC in 2022 or by IPAX prior to the closing of the Business Combination.

Recent Accounting PronouncementsIn December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which focuses on the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. ASU No. 2023-09 requires a public business entity to disclose, on an annual basis, a tabular rate reconciliation using both percentages and currency amounts, broken out into specified categories with certain reconciling items further broken out by nature and jurisdiction to the extent those items exceed a specified threshold. In addition, all entities are required to disclose income taxes paid, net of refunds received disaggregated by federal, state/local, and foreign and by jurisdiction if the amount is at least 5% of total income tax payments, net of refunds received. For public business entities, the new standard is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. An entity may apply the amendments in this ASU prospectively by providing the revised disclosures for the period ending December 31, 2025 and continue to provide the pre-ASU disclosures for the prior periods or may apply the amendments retrospectively by providing the revised disclosures for all period presented. The Company is assessing the potential impact of adopting the ASU on its financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which requires a public entity to disclose significant segment expenses and other segment items on an annual and interim basis and provide in interim periods all disclosures about a reportable segment’s profit or loss and assets that are currently required annually. It requires a public entity to disclose the title and position of the Chief Operating Decision Maker. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. A public entity should apply the amendments in this ASU retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. The ASU will require additional disclosures within the footnotes to our consolidated financial statements. Other Current LiabilitiesAs of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, other current liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Payroll accruals	10,314
Income tax payable	2,553
Income tax	59
Professional fees	20
Accruals	1,064
Commercial insurance	832
financing	255
Commitment	493
shares liability (see Note 7)	755
Other accrued liabilities	672
Other	94
Current liabilities	\$12,364
Immaterial Error Corrections to Previously Issued Financial Statements	\$4,747

During the third quarter of 2024, we identified and corrected immaterial errors affecting previously issued financial statements related to historical estimated contract losses on certain lunar payload services contracts. These errors were due to the improper inclusion of constrained variable consideration in determining estimated contract losses from fiscal year 2020 through the second quarter of fiscal year 2024. Additionally, we corrected several other immaterial errors previously identified within the same reporting periods. As of June 30, 2024, the cumulative error for all periods previously was an understatement of Net income attributable to the Company of approximately \$5.1 million impacting Contract liabilities (current and non-current) and Accounts payable – affiliated companies in our consolidated balance sheets and Cost of revenues (excluding depreciation) and General and administrative

expense (excluding depreciation) in our consolidated statements of operations. The errors had no impact to total operating cash flows in our previously reported cash flows. We assessed the materiality of the errors, both quantitatively and qualitatively, in accordance with the SEC’s SAB No. 99 and SAB No. 108, and concluded these errors were not material to any of our previously issued quarterly or annual financial statements. In order to correctly present the errors noted above, previously issued financial statements have been revised and are presented as Corrected in the tables below. The effect of the corrections on the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2023, September 30, 2023, and December 31, 2022 are as follows (in thousands):

December 31, 2023	Revised Balance Sheet Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected	Accounts payable - affiliated companies																																																																		
\$3,493	\$2,293	\$5,786	Contract liabilities, current	\$45,511	\$(4,140)																																																																		
\$41,371	Total current liabilities	\$83,380	\$(1,847)	\$81,533	Total liabilities																																																																		
\$139,327	\$(1,847)	\$137,480	Accumulated deficit	\$(250,466)	\$1,847																																																																		
\$(248,619)	Total shareholders’ deficit	\$(263,282)	\$1,847	\$(261,435)	12																																																																		
September 30, 2023	Revised Balance Sheet Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected	Accounts payable - affiliated companies																																																																		
\$1,060	\$1,853	\$2,913	Contract liabilities, current	\$49,679	\$(5,105)																																																																		
\$44,574	Total current liabilities	\$100,907	\$(3,252)	\$97,655	Contract liabilities, non-current																																																																		
\$566	\$(214)	\$352	Total liabilities	\$162,948	\$2,188																																																																		
\$(4,571)	Accumulated deficit	\$(333,398)	\$3,466	\$(329,932)	Total shareholders’ deficit																																																																		
\$(57,619)	\$6,728	\$(50,891)	The effect of the corrections on the consolidated statement of operations for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):	Year Ended December 31, 2023	Revised Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																																																															
Revenue	\$79,521	\$30	\$79,551	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$97,523	\$3,521	\$101,044	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation) - affiliated companies																																																															
\$2,949	\$2,949	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$32,946	\$1,391	\$34,337	Total operating expenses	\$135,758	\$4,912	\$140,670	Operating loss	\$(56,237)	\$(4,882)	\$(61,119)	Income before income taxes	\$15,062	\$(4,882)	\$10,180	Net income	\$15,022	\$(4,882)	\$10,140	Net loss attributable to Intuitive Machines, LLC prior to the Business Combination	\$(5,751)	\$(730)	\$(6,481)	Net income (post Business Combination)	\$20,773	\$(4,152)	\$16,621	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(42,031)	\$(3,110)	\$(45,141)	Net income attributable to the Company	\$62,804	\$(1,042)	\$61,762	Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$60,461	\$(1,042)	\$59,419	Net income per share: Net income per share of Class A common stock - basic	\$3.43	\$(0.06)	\$3.37	Net income per share of Class A common stock - diluted	\$0.46	\$(0.04)	\$2.42	13	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Revised Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																
Revenue	\$85,946	\$1,166	\$87,112	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$75,513	\$1,475	\$76,988	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$14,868	\$903	\$15,771	Total operating expenses	\$91,453	\$2,378	\$93,831	Operating loss	\$(5,507)	\$(1,212)	\$(6,719)	Loss before income taxes	\$(6,428)	\$(1,212)	\$(7,640)	Net loss	\$(6,405)	\$(1,212)	\$(7,617)	Net loss attributable to Intuitive Machines, LLC prior to the Business Combination	\$(6,405)	\$(1,212)	\$(7,617)	The effect of the corrections on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																																		
Revenue	\$73,068	\$151	\$73,219	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$51,552	\$(1,712)	\$49,840	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation) - affiliated companies	\$9,359	\$9,359	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$17,143	\$(762)	\$16,381	Total operating expenses	\$78,468	\$(2,474)	\$75,994	Operating loss	\$(5,400)	\$2,625	\$(2,775)	Loss before income taxes	\$(120,656)	\$2,625	\$(118,031)	Net loss	\$(120,656)	\$2,625	\$(118,031)	Net loss (post Business Combination)	\$(120,656)	\$2,625	\$(118,031)	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(23,291)	\$1,774	\$(21,517)	Net loss attributable to the Company	\$(98,337)	\$851	\$(97,486)	Net loss attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$(98,808)	\$851	\$(97,957)	Net loss per share: Net loss per share of Class A common stock - basic and diluted	\$(2.70)	\$0.02	\$(2.68)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$23,126	\$1,006	\$24,132	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$8,777	\$487	\$9,264	Total operating expenses	\$32,199	\$1,493	\$33,692	Operating loss	\$(13,963)	\$(1,493)	\$(15,456)	Loss before income taxes	\$(20,232)	\$(1,493)	\$(21,725)	Net loss	\$(23,447)	\$(1,493)	\$(24,940)	Net loss attributable to Intuitive Machines, LLC prior to the Business Combination	\$(5,751)	\$(730)	\$(6,481)	Net loss (post Business Combination)	\$(17,696)	\$(763)	\$(18,459)	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(8,336)	\$(618)	\$(8,954)	Net loss attributable to the Company	\$(9,360)	\$(145)	\$(9,505)	Net loss attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$(9,688)	\$(145)	\$(9,833)	Net loss per share: Net loss per share of Class A common stock - basic and diluted	\$(0.64)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.65)	14	The effect of the corrections on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																	
Revenue	\$41,408	\$233	\$41,641	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$47,838	\$590	\$48,428	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation) - affiliated companies	\$9,264	\$9,264	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$12,057	\$(1,031)	\$11,026	Total operating expenses	\$69,582	\$(441)	\$69,141	Operating loss	\$(28,174)	\$674	\$(27,500)	Income before income taxes	\$15,981	\$674	\$16,655	Net income	\$15,981	\$674	\$16,655	Net income (post Business Combination)	\$15,981	\$674	\$16,655	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(3,088)	\$283	\$(2,805)	Net income attributable to the Company	\$18,280	\$391	\$18,671	Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$18,143	\$391	\$18,534	Net income per share: Net income per share of Class A common stock - basic	\$0.33	\$0.01	\$0.34	Net income per share of Class A common stock - diluted	\$0.29	\$0.01	\$0.30	15	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected											
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$22,481	\$582	\$23,063	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$8,376	\$403	\$8,779	Total operating expenses	\$31,176	\$985	\$32,161	Operating loss	\$(13,183)	\$(985)	\$(14,168)	Income before income taxes	\$15,249	\$(985)	\$14,264	Net income	\$18,777	\$(985)	\$17,792	Net income (post Business Combination)	\$18,777	\$(985)	\$17,792	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(10,744)	\$(1,001)	\$(11,745)	Net income attributable to the Company	\$29,521	\$16	\$29,537	Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$28,866	\$16	\$28,882	Net income per share: Net income per share of Class A common stock - basic	\$1.84	\$1.84	Net income per share of Class A common stock - diluted	\$1.52	\$1.52	16	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																				
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$99,390	\$(1,122)	\$98,268	Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation) - affiliated companies	\$18,623	\$18,623	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$29,200	\$(1,793)	\$27,407	Total operating expenses	\$148,050	\$(2,915)	\$145,135	Operating loss	\$(33,574)	\$3,299	\$(30,275)	Loss before income taxes	\$(104,675)	\$3,299	\$(101,376)	Net loss	\$(104,675)	\$3,299	\$(101,376)	Net loss (post Business Combination)	\$(104,675)	\$3,299	\$(101,376)	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(26,379)	\$2,057	\$(24,322)	Net loss attributable to the Company	\$(80,057)	\$1,242	\$(78,815)	Net loss attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$(80,665)	\$1,242	\$(79,423)	Net loss per share: Net loss per share of Class A common stock - basic and diluted	\$(1.76)	\$0.03	\$(1.73)	16	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																			
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$45,607	\$1,588	\$47,195	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$17,153	\$890	\$18,043	Total operating expenses	\$63,375	\$2,478	\$65,853	Operating loss	\$(27,146)	\$(2,478)	\$(29,624)	Loss before income taxes	\$(4,983)	\$(2,478)	\$(7,461)	Net loss	\$(4,670)	\$(2,478)	\$(7,148)	Net loss attributable to Intuitive Machines, LLC prior to the Business Combination	\$(5,751)	\$(730)	\$(6,481)	Net income (loss) (post Business Combination)	\$1,081	\$(1,748)	\$(667)	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(19,080)	\$(1,619)	\$(20,699)	Net income attributable to the Company	\$20,161	\$(129)	\$20,032	Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$19,178	\$(129)	\$19,049	Net income per share: Net income per share of Class A common stock - basic	\$1.23	\$1.23	Net income per share of Class A common stock - diluted	\$0.83	\$0.83	17	The effect of the corrections on the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 are as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected															
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$25,768	\$725	\$26,493	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$9,853	\$60	\$9,913	Total operating expenses	\$35,950	\$785	\$36,735	Operating loss	\$(23,219)	\$(785)	\$(24,004)	Income before income taxes	\$15,701	\$(785)	\$14,916	Net income	\$15,096	\$(785)	\$14,311	Net income (post Business Combination)	\$15,096	\$(785)	\$14,311	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(18,555)	\$(437)	\$(18,992)	Net income attributable to the Company	\$33,651	\$(348)	\$33,303	Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$32,977	\$(348)	\$32,629	Net income per share: Net income per share of Class A common stock - basic	\$1.89	\$(0.02)	\$1.87	Net income per share of Class A common stock - diluted	\$1.29	\$(0.02)	\$1.27	17	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	Revised Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations Amounts	As Previously Reported	Adjustments	As Corrected																		
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	\$71,375	\$2,313	\$73,688	General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)	\$27,006	\$950	\$27,956	Total operating expenses	\$99,325	\$3,263	\$102,588	Operating loss	\$(50,365)	\$(3,263)	\$(53,628)	Income before income taxes	\$10,718	\$(3,263)	\$7,455	Net income	\$10,426	\$(3,263)	\$7,163	Net loss attributable to Intuitive Machines, LLC prior to the Business Combination	\$(5,751)	\$(730)	\$(6,481)	Net income (post Business Combination)	\$16,177	\$(2,533)	\$13,644	Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	\$(37,635)	\$(2,056)	\$(39,691)	Net income attributable to the Company	\$53,812	\$(477)	\$53,335	Net income attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$52,155	\$(477)	\$51,678	Net income per share: Net income per share of Class A common stock - basic	\$3.20	\$(0.03)	\$3.17	Net income per share of Class A common stock - diluted	\$2.16	\$(0.02)	\$2.14	18	NOTE 3 - REVENUE	Disaggregated Revenue	We disaggregate our revenue from contracts with customers by contract type. The following table provides information about disaggregated revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	2023	Revenue by Contract Type	Cost reimbursable	\$33,844	58	%	\$115,581	67	%	\$48,960	100	%	Contract Assets and Liabilities	Contract assets primarily relate to deferred contract costs for subcontracted launch services, as well as work completed not yet billed for performance obligations that are satisfied over time. Deferred contract costs and unbilled receivables are recorded contract assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Contract assets related to deferred contract costs are amortized straight-line across the life of the long-term service arrangement. Contract assets related to work completed for performance obligations that are satisfied over time are transferred to receivables when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. Contract liabilities relate to billings or consideration received in advance of performance (obligation to transfer goods

(or services to a customer) under the contract as well as provisions for loss contracts. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the performance obligation has been performed. Current deferred revenue and provisions for loss contracts are recorded in current contract liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Long-term deferred revenue and provisions for loss contracts are recorded in long-term contract liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The following table presents contract assets as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in thousands):

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Contract Assets	\$16,772	\$6,146
Unbilled receivables	\$4,800	\$343
Total	\$21,572	\$6,489

Amortization expense associated with deferred contract costs for subcontracted launch services was recorded in cost of revenue and was \$2.5 million and \$8.7 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and \$7.1 million and \$25.1 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The following table presents contract liabilities as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in thousands):

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Contract liabilities	\$44,364	\$22,896
Contract loss provision	\$8,167	\$5,457
Accrued launch costs	\$2,741	\$13,018
Total contract liabilities	\$54,805	\$41,371

Contract liabilities are categorized as follows:

	Long-term	Short-term
Contract liabilities	\$879	\$41,371
Total contract liabilities	\$55,684	\$41,371

Revenue recognized from amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the period was \$8.4 million and \$33.4 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Loss Contracts A contract loss occurs when the current estimate of the consideration that we expect to receive is less than the current estimate of total estimating costs to complete the contract. For purposes of determining the existence of or amount of a contract loss, we consider total contract consideration, including any variable consideration constrained for revenue recognition purposes. We may experience favorable or unfavorable changes to contract losses from time to time due to changes in estimated contract costs and modifications that result in changes to contract price. We recorded net losses related to contracts with customers of \$1.7 million and \$22.8 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and \$15.4 million and \$25.6 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2024, the status of these loss contracts was as follows:

- The first contract, for lunar payload services, became a loss contract due to estimated contract costs exceeding the estimated amount of consideration that we expected to receive. The contract was successfully completed in February 2024. As a result of the successful mission, previously constrained variable consideration of \$12.3 million as of December 31, 2023 was released and approximately \$11.6 million was recognized as revenue during the first quarter of 2024. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 2023, changes in estimated contract costs resulted in an additional \$5.7 million and \$8.2 million in contract loss, respectively.
- The second contract, for lunar payload services, became a loss contract in 2021 due to estimated contract costs exceeding the estimated amount of consideration that we expected to receive. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, changes in estimated contract costs resulted in an additional \$9.9 million and \$5.9 million in contract loss, respectively. As of September 30, 2024, and 2023, this contract was approximately 64% complete and 55% complete, respectively. The period of performance for this contract currently runs through June 2026 as a result of modifications to the contract. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the contract loss provision recorded in contract liabilities, current was \$7.2 million and \$4.6 million, respectively, and \$0.9 million and zero, respectively, in contract liabilities, non-current in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.
- The third contract, for lunar payload services, became a loss contract in 2023 due to estimated contract costs exceeding the estimated amount of consideration that we expected to receive. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, changes in estimated contract costs resulted in an additional \$7.2 million and \$11.4 million in contract loss, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 this contract was approximately 93% complete. The period of performance for this contract currently runs through August 2025 as a result of modifications to the contract. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the contract loss provision recorded in contract liabilities, current in our condensed consolidated balance sheets was \$1.0 million and \$0.9 million, respectively.

The remaining loss contracts are individually and collectively immaterial. Remaining Performance Obligations Remaining performance obligations represent the remaining transaction price of firm orders for which work has not been performed and excludes unexercised contract options. As of September 30, 2024, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining fixed price performance obligations was \$195.5 million. The Company expects to recognize revenue on approximately 10-15% of the remaining performance obligations over the next 3 months, 45-50% in 2025 and the remaining thereafter. Remaining performance obligations do not include variable consideration that was determined to be constrained as of September 30, 2024. For time and materials contracts and cost reimbursable contracts, we have adopted the practical expedient that allows us to recognize revenue based on our right to invoice; therefore, we do not report unfulfilled performance obligations for time and materials and cost reimbursable agreements.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NETAs of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, property and equipment, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Leasehold improvements	\$158	\$46
Vehicles and trailers	\$129	\$129
Computers and software	\$3,474	\$2,864
Furniture and fixtures	\$1,767	\$1,666
Machinery and equipment	\$4,238	\$2,772
Construction in progress	\$11,374	\$13,795
Property and equipment, gross	\$21,140	\$21,226
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	\$(3,970)	\$(2,877)
Property and equipment, net	\$17,170	\$18,349

Total depreciation expense related to property and equipment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$0.5 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, and \$0.3 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Construction in progress includes constructions costs associated with the fabrication of a commercial communications satellite. During the third quarter of 2024, management determined that certain assets under development by a third party subcontractor were not in compliance according to the specifications under contract. Management concluded that carrying cost of these assets was not recoverable and recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$5.0 million, including capitalized interest of \$0.5 million, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. As of September 30, 2024, the remaining construction costs included in construction in progress associated with the commercial communications satellites was approximately \$11.1 million. The Company capitalized interest in connection with construction in progress of \$279 thousand and \$658 thousand, respectively, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and recognized no capitalized interest for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

NOTE 5 - DEBTThe following table summarizes our outstanding debt (in thousands):

	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Credit Mobilization Facility	\$8,000	\$8,000
Less: deferred financing costs	\$(0)	\$(0)
Current maturities	\$(8,000)	\$(8,000)
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$0	\$0

As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the weighted-average interest rate on short-term borrowings outstanding was 10.55% and 10.20%, respectively. Live Oak Credit Mobilization FacilityIn December 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Live Oak Banking Company (the "Credit Mobilization Facility") which provided a \$12.0 million credit mobilization facility that was paid in full as of November 2023. In July 2022, we entered into the Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Live Oak Banking Company which provided an \$8.0 million credit mobilization facility with a loan maturity of July 14, 2024. The Credit Mobilization Facility bears interest (payable monthly) at a rate per annum equal to the greater of (a) the prime rate, as published in the Wall Street Journal newspaper, plus 2.0% and (b) 5.0% and requires the Company to meet certain financial and other covenants and are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. There was \$8.0 million outstanding under the Credit Mobilization Facility as of December 31, 2023. The Company paid \$5.0 million during the second quarter of 2024 and paid the remaining \$3.0 million in July 2024 and the facility has been terminated.

Bridge Loan On January 10, 2024, the Company entered into a series of loan documents with Pershing LLC, an affiliate of Bank of New York Mellon, pursuant to which Pershing LLC agreed to an extension of credit in an amount not to exceed \$10.0 million to the Company (the "Bridge Loan"). Borrowings under the Bridge Loan bear interest at the target interest rate set by the Federal Open Market Committee ("Fed Funds Rate"), subject to a 5.5% floor, plus a margin. For borrowings, the applicable rate margin is 0.9%. The \$10.0 million in borrowings are available for working capital needs and other general corporate purposes must be repaid by February 22, 2024. The Bridge Loan included guarantees (the "Credit Support Guarantees") by Ghaffarian Enterprises, LLC (an affiliate of Dr. Kamal Ghaffarian) ("Ghaffarian Enterprises" or "Guarantor") and documentation by which Ghaffarian Enterprises, LLC supported such Credit Support Guarantees with collateral including marketable securities (the "Credit Support"), in each case in favor of the lender for the benefit of the Company. On January 10, 2024, the Company and Ghaffarian Enterprises entered into a credit support fee and subrogation agreement, where the Company agreed to pay a support fee of \$148 thousand for the Credit Support. On January 29, 2024, the Bridge Loan was repaid in full as a result of \$10.0 million in contributions from the Guarantor under the Bridge Loan Conversion transaction further described in Note 7.

NOTE 6 - INCOME TAXESThe Company is a corporation and thus is subject to United States ("U.S.") federal, state and local income taxes. Intuitive Machines, LLC is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes and therefore does not pay U.S. federal income tax on its taxable income. Instead, the Intuitive Machines, LLC unitholders, including the Company, are liable for U.S. federal income tax on their respective shares of Intuitive Machines, LLC's taxable income. Intuitive Machines, LLC is liable for income taxes in those states which tax entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we recognized a combined U.S. federal and state expense for income taxes of \$50 thousand. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recognized a combined U.S. federal and state expense for income taxes of \$605 thousand and \$292 thousand, respectively. The effective combined U.S. federal and state income tax rates were (0.06%) and (0.03%) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, and 4.1% and 3.9% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, our effective tax rate differed from the statutory rate primarily due to deferred taxes for which no benefit is being recorded and losses attributable to noncontrolling interest unitholders that are taxable on their respective share of taxable income. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, our effective tax rate differed from the statutory rate primarily due to Intuitive Machines, LLC's status as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. In conjunction with the consummation of the Transactions, Intuitive Machines, Inc. entered into a tax receivable agreement (the "TRA"). Pursuant to the TRA, the Company will generally be required to pay the TRA Holders (certain Intuitive Machines, LLC members and related parties to the Company) 85% of the amount of the cash tax savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state, and local taxes that are based on, or measured with respect to, net income or profits, and any interest related thereto that the Company (and applicable consolidated, unitary, or combined subsidiaries thereof, if any and collectively the "Tax Group") realizes, or is deemed to realize, as a result of certain tax attributes (the "Tax Attributes"), including: existing tax basis in certain assets of Intuitive Machines, LLC and certain of its direct or indirect subsidiaries, including assets that will eventually be subject to depreciation or amortization, once placed in service; tax basis adjustments resulting from taxable exchanges of Intuitive Machines, LLC Common Units (including any such adjustments resulting from certain payments made by the Company under the TRA) acquired by the Company from a TRA Holder pursuant to the terms of the Second A&R Operating Agreement; certain tax benefits realized by the Company as a result of certain U.S. federal income tax allocations of taxable income or gain away from the Company and to other members of Intuitive Machines, LLC and deductions or losses to the Company and away from other members of Intuitive Machines, LLC, in each case as a result of the Business Combination; and tax deductions in respect of portions of certain payments made under the TRA.

The TRA remains in effect until all such tax benefits have been utilized or expired unless the Company exercises its rights to terminate the TRA or in the case of a change in control of the Company or a material breach of the Company's obligations under the TRA, at which time all obligations under the TRA will be accelerated and become payable for an amount representing the

present value of anticipated future tax benefits. The resulting TRA amount from an early termination would be material to the financial statements, but due to the contingent nature of such early termination the amount cannot be estimated at this time. No notice of early termination has been given and the Company is not aware of any events in the foreseeable future that would give rise to an early termination of the TRA. Based on the TRA, until a TRA Holder exchanges at least 5% of its Intuitive Machines, LLC Common Units, the Company will hold TRA payments applicable to existing basis until the TRA Holder satisfies such threshold exchange. Upon the completion of the Business Combination, TRA Holders have not exchanged at least 5% of their Intuitive Machines, LLC Common Units. As of September 30, 2024, the 5% exchange threshold has been met, and based on a current benefit being recorded in the period, a TRA liability is being recorded. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the TRA liability totaled \$473 thousand and \$0, respectively.

NOTE 7 - MEZZANINE EQUITY AND PRIVATE PLACEMENT TRANSACTION

On September 5, 2023, the Company consummated a securities purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement") with Armistice Capital Master Fund Ltd (the "Purchaser") pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell securities to the Purchaser in a private placement (the "Private Placement"). The Purchase Agreement provided for the sale and issuance by the Company of (i) an aggregate of 4,705,883 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock (the "PIPE Shares") and (ii) an accompanying (a) warrant to purchase up to 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock (the "Initial Series A Warrant") at an exercise price of \$4.75 per share and (b) warrant to purchase up to 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock (the "Initial Series B Warrant") at an exercise price of \$4.75 per share, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$20.0 million, before deducting related transaction costs of \$1.4 million. The Initial Series A Warrant and the Initial Series B Warrant are immediately exercisable and will expire on March 5, 2029 and March 5, 2025, respectively. During the first quarter of 2024, the Initial Series A Warrant and the Initial Series B Warrant were fully exercised. See Note 8 for additional information on the Initial Series A and the Initial Series B Warrants.

Bridge Loan Conversion

On January 28, 2024, the Company and the Guarantor entered into a letter agreement (the "Letter Agreement") pursuant to which, on January 29, 2024 the Guarantor contributed \$10.0 million to the Company for purposes of repaying the principal amount owed to the lender under the Bridge Loan in exchange for which the Company issued to the Guarantor 3,487,278 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock and Conversion Warrants described further in Note 8. Following the contribution, all amounts due to the Lender in satisfaction of the Bridge Loan were repaid in full. Capital Stock

The table below reflects share information about the Company's capital stock as of September 30, 2024.

Par Value	Authorized Treasury Stock	Outstanding	Class A Common Stock
\$0.0001	500,000,000	81,351,656	(1,250,000)
80,101,656	Class B Common Stock	\$0.0001	100,000,000
â€”	â€”	â€”	Class C Common Stock
\$0.0001	100,000,000	60,245,138	â€”
â€”	â€”	â€”	Series A Preferred Stock
\$0.0001	25,000,000	5,000	Total

shares 725,000,000

141,601,794 (1,250,000)

140,351,794

Equity Facility

On September 16, 2022, the Company entered into the Cantor Purchase Agreement with CFPI relating to an equity facility under which shares of newly issued Class A Common Stock may be sold to CFPI by Intuitive Machines, Inc. Pursuant to the terms of the Cantor Purchase Agreement, Intuitive Machines, Inc. will have the right, but not the obligation, from time to time at its sole discretion, until the first day of the month following the 18-month period from and after the 22nd commencement (as defined in the Cantor Purchase Agreement), to direct CFPI to purchase up to the lesser of (i) \$50.0 million of newly issued shares of Class A Common Stock and (ii) the Exchange Cap, by delivering written notice to CFPI prior to the commencement of trading on any trading day, subject to certain customary conditions and limitations set forth in the Cantor Purchase Agreement. In connection with the execution of the Cantor Purchase Agreement, the Company agreed to issue 100,000 shares of Class A Common Stock to CFPI. The Company entered into a registration rights agreement with CFPI, pursuant to which it agreed to register for resale, pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act, the shares of Class A Common Stock that are sold to CFPI under the equity facility and the Commitment Shares. During the second quarter of 2023, we recorded a recapitalization adjustment to increase other current liabilities and decrease to paid-in capital for \$1.0 million to recognize the Commitment Share liability within our condensed consolidated balance sheets which was not previously recognized in the balance sheet of IPAX prior to the closing of the Business Combination. In June 2023, the Company issued 95,785 Commitment Shares to CFPI. Under the terms of the Cantor Purchase Agreement, to the extent after the resale of the Commitment Shares by CFPI is less than \$1.0 million, the Company will pay CFPI the difference between \$1.0 million and the net proceeds of the resale of the Commitment Shares received by CFPI in cash. During the first quarter of 2024, CFPI sold the 95,785 Commitment Shares resulting in a reduction of the Commitment Share liability to approximately \$771 thousand. Under a separate agreement in March 2024, CFPI agreed to proportionally reduce the liability to the extent CFPI earned commissions under the Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement discussed below. As a result of the Class A Common Stock sold under the Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement during the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Commitment Share liability was reduced to zero and there is no remaining liability as of September 30, 2024. The Cantor Purchase Agreement contractually terminated on September 1, 2024 and no shares of Class A Common Stock were sold to CFPI under the Cantor Purchase Agreement.

Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement

On March 27, 2024, the Company entered into a Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement (the "Sales Agreement") with Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. (the "Cantor" or "agent") to sell shares of the Class A Common Stock having an aggregate sale price of up to \$100.0 million through our ATM Program under which Cantor under the ATM Program acts as the sales agent. The sales of the shares made under the ATM Program may be made by any method permitted by law deemed to be an "at the market offering" as defined in Rule 415 promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The agent sells the Class A Common Stock based upon the Company's instructions (including any price, time or size limits or other customary parameters or conditions the Company may impose). Under the ATM Program, the agent is entitled to total compensation at a commission rate of up to 3.0% of the sales price per share sold. As of September 30, 2024, the Company has sold and issued 16,521,612 shares of Class A Common Stock under the ATM Program and received cash proceeds of approximately \$97.5 million, net of \$2.5 million in transaction fees.

Series A Preferred Stock (Mezzanine Equity)

As a result of the Private Placement Transaction on September 5, 2023 discussed above and in accordance with the terms of the Certificate of Designation, the Series A Preferred Stock conversion price was reduced from \$12.00 per share to \$5.10 per share. Additionally, as a result of the Warrant Exercise Agreement on January 10, 2024 in conjunction with the warrant transactions discussed in Note 8, the Series A Preferred Stock conversion price was further reduced from \$5.10 per share to \$3.00 per share. In a series of notifications to the Company during February 2024, the registered holder of 21,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock elected to convert all of its Series A Preferred Stock holdings into Class A Common Stock at a conversion price of \$3.00 per share. The Company issued 7,738,743 shares of Class A Common Stock as a result of the conversion and recorded an increase to equity of approximately \$23.1 million and a corresponding decrease to Series A Preferred Stock in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests (Mezzanine Equity)

As of September 30, 2024, the prior investors of Intuitive Machines, LLC own 42.9% of the outstanding common units of Intuitive Machines, LLC. The prior investors of Intuitive Machines, LLC have the right to exchange their common units in Intuitive Machines, LLC (along with the cancellation of the paired shares of Class B Common Stock or Class C Common Stock in Intuitive Machines, Inc.) for shares of Class A Common Stock on a one-to-one basis or cash proceeds for an equivalent amount. The option to redeem Intuitive Machines, LLC's common units for cash proceeds must be approved by the Board. The ability to put common units is solely within the control of the holder of the redeemable noncontrolling interests. If the prior investors elect the redemption to be settled in cash, the cash used to settle the redemption must be funded through a private or public offering of Class A Common Stock and subject to the Company's Board approval. The financial results of Intuitive Machines, LLC and its subsidiaries are consolidated with Intuitive Machines, Inc. with the redeemable noncontrolling interests' share of our net loss separately allocated.

NOTE 8 - WARRANTS

Public and Private Warrants

In conjunction with the closing of the Business Combination, on February 13, 2023, the Company assumed a total of 23,332,500 warrants to purchase one share of the Company's Class A Common Stock with an exercise price of \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. Of the warrants, 16,487,500 Public Warrants were originally issued in the IPAX initial public offering (the "IPO") and 6,845,000 private warrants (the "Private Warrants") were originally issued in a private placement in connection with the IPO. The Company evaluated the terms of the warrants and determined they meet the criteria in ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging", to be classified in shareholders' equity upon issuance. The warrants became exercisable 30 days after the closing of the Business Combination and will expire five years after the closing of the Business Combination. The Private Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants except that the Private Warrants may not, subject to certain limited exceptions, be transferred assigned or sold by the holders until 30 days after the closing of the Business Combination. The Public Warrants and Private Warrants do not entitle the holder to any voting rights, dividends or other rights as a shareholder of the Company prior to exercise. Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants, in whole or in part, at a price of \$0.01 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days prior written notice of redemption and if, and only if, the closing price of the Company's Class A Common Stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for adjustments to the number of shares issuable upon exercise pursuant to any anti-dilution adjustments) for any 20 days within a 30-trading day period ending three business days before the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders. The number of Class A Common Stock issuable on exercise of each warrant will be increased in proportion to certain increases in outstanding Class A Common Stock including any share capitalization payable, sub-division of shares or other similar events. During nine months ended September 30, 2024, 101 Public Warrants were exercised resulting in the issuance of an equal number of shares of Class A Common Stock. During the year ended December 31, 2023, Public Warrants of 1,402,106 were exercised resulting in the issuance of an equal number of shares of Class A Common Stock.

Series A Preferred Warrants

In conjunction with the issuance of Series A Preferred Stock at closing of the Business Combination, the Company issued 541,667 Preferred Investor Warrants (of which, 104,157 are owned by a related party, Ghaffarian Enterprises, LLC) to purchase one share of the Company's Class A Common Stock with an exercise price of \$15.00, subject to adjustment. The Company evaluated the terms of the Preferred Investor Warrants and determined they meet the criteria to be classified in shareholders' equity upon issuance. The Preferred Investor Warrants were immediately exercisable upon issuance and expire five years from the closing of the Business Combination. The Preferred Investor Warrants include customary cash and cashless exercise provisions and may be exercised on a cashless basis if, at any time after the six month anniversary of the Closing Date, there is not an effective registration statement with respect to the Class A Common Stock. The Preferred Investor Warrants have the same terms and conditions as the Public Warrants. The Preferred Investor Warrants do not entitle the holder to any voting rights, dividends or other rights as a shareholder of the Company prior to exercise. As result of the Private Placement Transaction on September 5, 2023 discussed in Note 7 and in accordance with the terms of the Certificate of Designation, the Series A Preferred Warrants exercise price was reduced from \$15.00 to \$11.50 per share and the aggregate number of shares of Class A Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Series A Preferred Warrants was proportionally increased to 706,522. As of September 30, 2024, there have been no exercises of the Preferred Investor Warrants.

Warrant Exercise Agreement and Warrant Exercises

On January 10, 2024, the Company entered into a Warrant Exercise Agreement with the Armistice Capital Master Fund Ltd (the "Purchaser") to exercise in full a warrant to purchase up to an aggregate 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock (the "Initial Series B Warrant"). In consideration for the immediate and full exercise of the Initial Series B Warrant, the existing investor received (i) a new unregistered Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock with an exercise price of \$2.75 per share and a term of 5.5 years (the "New Series A Warrant") and (ii) a new unregistered Series B Common Stock Purchase Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock with an exercise price of \$2.75 per

share and a term of 18 months (the “New Series B Warrant”), collectively, (the “New Warrants”), in a private placement pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. In connection with the Warrant Exercise Agreement, the Company also agreed to reduce the exercise price of the Initial Series B Warrant from \$4.75 to \$2.50 per share and reduced the exercise price of a warrant to purchase up to 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock (the “Initial Series A Warrant”) from \$4.75 to \$2.75 per share. As a result of the modifications to the 4,705,883 Initial Series A Warrant and the 4,705,883 Initial Series B Warrant, collectively (the “Initial Warrants”), the Company recognized an unfavorable change in fair value of warrant liabilities of \$1.2 million in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Upon the immediate exercise of the 4,705,883 Initial Series B Warrants, the Company issued 4,705,883 shares of Class A Common Stock, received cash proceeds of approximately \$11.8 million and recognized a gain on issuance of securities of approximately \$1.3 million in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The New Series A Warrant and New Series B Warrant were immediately exercisable and have a term of 5.5 years and 18 months, respectively. The Company evaluated the terms of the New Warrants and determined they meet the criteria in ASC 815, “Derivatives and Hedging”, to be classified as a derivative liability, initially measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in other income (expense) on the condensed consolidated statement of operations. The New Series A Warrant and New Series B Warrant had an initial fair value of \$10.8 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, which was recorded as a \$16.6 million loss on issuance of securities in our condensed consolidated statement of operations. Subsequently, the Purchaser exercised 4,705,883 Initial Series A Warrants, 4,705,883 New Series A Warrants and 4,705,883 New Series B Warrants during the period from February 9, 2024 to February 23, 2024. As a result, the Company issued 14,117,649 shares of Class A Common Stock and received cash proceeds of approximately \$38.8 million. The Company recorded a loss on issuance of securities of approximately \$47.9 million as a result of these warrant exercises. Conversion Warrants In connection with the January 2024 Bridge Loan Conversion discussed further in Note 7, the Company agreed to issue to the Guarantor, pursuant to Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, (i) a new unregistered Series A Common Stock Purchase Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 4,150,780 shares of, at the Guarantor’s election, Class A Common Stock (at an exercise price per share equal to \$2.57 per share), Class C Common Stock (at an exercise price per share equal to \$0.0001 per share), or a combination thereof, and a term of 5 years, (the “Conversion Series A Warrant”) and (ii) a new unregistered Series B Common Stock Purchase Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 4,150,780 shares of, at the Guarantor’s election, Class A Common Stock (at an exercise price per share equal to \$2.57 per share), Class C Common Stock (at an exercise price per share equal to \$0.0001 per share), or a combination thereof, and a term of 18 months (the “Conversion Series B Warrant”), collectively (the “Conversion Warrants”). On May 31, 2024, the Guarantor assigned the Conversion Warrants to a third party investor in a private transaction. Pursuant to the assignment to a third party investor, the Conversion Warrants are no longer exercisable for Class C Common Stock. All other terms related to the Conversion Warrants remain the same as previously discussed. Pursuant to the guidance under ASC 480 “Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity,” the Company determined that the Conversion Warrants should be recorded as liabilities as of the issuance date and March 31, 2024 and subsequently determined that they meet the criteria in ASC 815, “Derivatives and Hedging”, to be classified as a derivative liability as of May 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, initially measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings in other income (expense) on the consolidated statement of operations. The Conversion Series A Warrant and Conversion Series B Warrant had an initial fair value of \$10.0 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. The gross proceeds of \$10.0 million from the Letter Agreement were allocated to the Conversion Warrants resulting in a loss on the transaction of approximately \$5.5 million recognized as loss on issuance of securities in our condensed consolidated statement of operations. As of September 30, 2024, the fair value of the Conversion Series A Warrant and Conversion Series B Warrant increased to approximately \$27.8 million and \$22.0 million, respectively, resulting in a loss of approximately \$34.3 million recognized as change in fair value of warrant liabilities in our condensed consolidated statement of operations. As of September 30, 2024, the investor exercised 300,000 Conversion Series B Warrants resulting in the issuance of an equal number of shares of Class A Common Stock and cash proceeds to the Company of \$0.8 million. The Company recorded a gain on issuance of securities of approximately \$0.6 million as a result of these warrant exercises. NOTE 9 - SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION 2021 Unit Option Plan On May 25, 2021, the Intuitive Machines, LLC’s board of directors adopted, and its members approved the 2021 Unit Option Plan (the “2021 Plan”). The 2021 Plan allowed the Intuitive Machines, LLC to grant incentive unit options (“Incentive Unit Options”) to purchase Class A unit interests. Pursuant to the 2021 Plan, up to 6,125,000 shares of Class B units were reserved for issuance, upon exercise of the aforementioned Incentive Unit Options made to employees, directors and consultants. As a result of the Business Combination discussed in Note 1 and per the terms of the Second Amended and Restated Intuitive Machines, LLC Operating Agreement, the unexpired and unexercised outstanding Incentive Unit Options at the closing of the Business Combination, whether vested or unvested, were proportionately adjusted using a conversion ratio of 0.5562 (rounded down to the nearest whole number of options). The exercise price of each option was adjusted accordingly. Each Incentive Unit Option continues to be subject to the terms and conditions of the 2021 Plan and will be exercisable for Class B common units of Intuitive Machines, LLC (the “Class B Common Units”). When an option is exercised, the participant will receive Class A Common Stock. As a result of the conversions, there was no incremental compensation cost and the terms of the outstanding options, including fair value, vesting conditions and classification, were unchanged. As of September 30, 2024, Intuitive Machines, LLC was authorized to issue a total of 1,027,451 Class B Common Units upon exercise of the Incentive Unit Options under the 2021 Plan. The following table provides a summary of the option activity under the 2021 Plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2024: Number of Options Weighted Average Exercise Price Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) Aggregate Intrinsic Value (000’s) Outstanding as of December 31, 2023 325,354 \$3.15 7.61 Granted 42,862 Exercised (286,779) 1.80 Forfeited (11,124) 8.63 Balance as of September 30, 2024 1,027,451 \$3.47 6.99 \$4,857,144 Exercisable as of September 30, 2024 579,903 \$2.98 6.90 \$2,998,644 Aggregate intrinsic value represents the difference between the exercise price of the options and the market price of our Class A Common Stock. 26 The following table provides a summary of weighted-average grant-date fair value of unit options under the 2021 Plan: Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value Non-vested as of December 31, 2023 \$1.80 Granted 1.26 Vested 1.26 Forfeited 5.50 Non-vested as of September 30, 2024 \$2.22 Share-based compensation expense related to options was \$78 thousand and \$298 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, and \$173 thousand and \$658 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively, and was classified in the condensed consolidated statement of operations under general and administrative expense. As of September 30, 2024, the Company had \$401 thousand in estimated unrecognized share-based compensation costs related to outstanding unit options that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.72 years. Following the consummation of the Business Combination, no new awards will be granted under the 2021 Plan. Intuitive Machines, Inc. 2023 Long Term Omnibus Incentive Plan (the “2023 Plan”) The 2023 Plan, which became effective in conjunction with closing of the Business Combination, provides for the award to certain directors, officers, employees, consultants and advisors of the Company of incentive and nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, other stock-based awards as well as cash-based awards and dividend equivalents, as determined, and subject to the terms and conditions established, by the Company’s Compensation Committee. Under the 2023 Plan, a maximum of 12,706,811 shares of Class A Common Stock are authorized to be issued. As of September 30, 2024, the Company has issued restricted stock units (“RSUs”) and performance stock units (“PSUs”) as outlined in the following disclosures. No other awards have been granted under the 2023 Plan. Restricted Stock Units and Performance Stock Units Pursuant to the 2023 Plan, the Company grants RSUs with time-based vesting requirements which typically vest over one to four years and PSUs with target performance-based vesting requirements based on continuous service. The fair value of RSUs and PSUs are based on the Company’s closing stock price on the date of grant. The following table provides a summary of the Company’s RSU and PSU activity: Number of Units (1) Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Outstanding as of December 31, 2023 1,826,946 \$7.01 Granted 3,561,963 \$5.81 Vested (1,720,299) \$5.05 Forfeited (417,404) \$7.56 Balance as of September 30, 2024 3,251,206 \$4.22 (1) A PSU grants of 919,007 were included at the 100% attainment level which were based on several performance goals related to our mission which successfully completed in February 2024 of which all 919,007 PSU grants fully vested in April 2024. 27 Share-based compensation expense related to RSUs was \$1.2 million and \$3.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, and \$1.4 million and \$2.1 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Share-based compensation expense related to PSUs was zero and \$3.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively. Share-based compensation expense for RSUs and PSUs are classified in the condensed consolidated statement of operations under general and administrative expense. As of September 30, 2024, the Company had \$11.4 million in estimated unrecognized share-based compensation costs related to unvested RSUs that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.88 years. As of April 2024, the PSUs were fully vested and hence the Company has no estimated unrecognized share-based compensation costs related to unvested PSUs. NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS The following tables summarize the fair value of assets and liabilities that are recorded in the Company’s condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 at fair value on a recurring basis. September 30, 2024 Frequency of Measurement Total Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Liabilities Earn-out liabilities Recurring \$47,848 \$0 \$0 \$47,848 Warrant liabilities - Series A Recurring 27,769 \$0 \$0 \$27,769 Warrant liabilities - Series B Recurring 22,026 \$0 \$0 \$22,026 Warrant liabilities 49,795 \$0 \$0 \$49,795 Total liabilities measured at fair value \$97,643 \$0 \$0 \$97,643 December 31, 2023 Frequency of Measurement Total Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 Liabilities Earn-out liabilities Recurring \$14,032 \$0 \$0 \$14,032 Warrant liabilities - Series A Recurring 8,612 \$0 \$0 \$8,612 Warrant liabilities - Series B Recurring 2,682 \$0 \$0 \$2,682 Warrant liabilities 11,294 \$0 \$0 \$11,294 Total liabilities measured at fair value \$25,326 \$0 \$0 \$25,326 The following table provides a roll-forward of the Company’s Level 3 liabilities (in thousands): Earn-out liabilities Warrant liabilities - Series A Warrant liabilities - Series B Total Warrant liabilities Balance, December 31, 2023 \$14,032 \$8,612 \$2,682 \$11,294 Additions \$0 20,827 11,262 32,089 Change in fair value 33,816 18,800 17,841 36,641 Converted to equity \$ (20,471) (9,758) (30,229) Balance, September 30, 2024 \$47,848 \$27,768 \$22,027 \$49,795 Earn-out Liabilities The fair value of the earn-out liabilities as of September 30, 2024 was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation approach that modeled the triggering events including the simulated stock price of the Company over the maturity dates. The 28 significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the earn-out liabilities include: (i) Intuitive Machines stock price of \$8.05; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 3.52%; and (iv) expected volatility of 85%. As a result of the Business Combination, certain Intuitive Machines, LLC members received 10,000,000 earn out units of Intuitive Machines, LLC (“Earn Out Units”) subject to certain triggering events. Upon the vesting of any Earn Out Units, each of the certain Intuitive Machines, LLC members will be issued (i) by Intuitive Machines, LLC an equal number of Intuitive Machines, LLC Common Units and (ii) by Intuitive Machines, an equal number of shares of Class C Common Stock, in exchange for surrender of the applicable Earn Out Units and the payment to Intuitive Machines, Inc. of a per-share price equal to the par value per share of the Class C Common Stock. Under the earn out agreement, Earn Out Units of 2,500,000 vested for the year ended December 31, 2023. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, there was no vesting of Earn Out Units. Warrant Liabilities Initial Warrants Pursuant to the Warrant Exercise Agreement on January 10, 2024 (as further described in Note 8 and discussed below), the terms of the Initial Warrants were modified, and the Initial Series

B Warrant was exercised in full and converted to equity. The pre-modification fair value of the Initial Warrant liabilities was estimated using a Black-Scholes-Merton model. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the pre-modification fair value of the Series A Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$2.83; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 3.99%; and (iv) expected volatility of 104%. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the pre-modification fair value of the Series B Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$2.83; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 4.75%; and (iv) expected volatility of 85%. During February 2024, the investor also fully exercised and converted to equity the Initial Series A Warrant. Refer to Note 8 for more information on the warrant exercises. New Warrants Pursuant to the Warrant Exercise Agreement on January 10, 2024 as described further in Note 8, the fair values of the New Series A Warrant and the New Series B Warrant liabilities were estimated at \$10.8 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, utilizing the Black-Scholes-Merton model. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the New Series A Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$2.83; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 4.00%; and (iv) expected volatility of 105%. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the New Series B Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$2.83; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 4.55%; and (iv) expected volatility of 83%. During February 2024, the investor fully exercised and converted to equity the New Warrants. Refer to Note 8 for more information on the warrant exercises. Conversion Warrants Pursuant to the Letter Agreement and the issuance of warrants on January 29, 2024 as described further in Notes 5 and 8, the fair values of the Conversion Series A Warrant and the Conversion Series B Warrant liabilities were estimated at \$10.0 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, utilizing the Black-Scholes-Merton model. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the Conversion Series A Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$3.05; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 3.97%; and (iv) expected volatility of 102%. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the Conversion Series B Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$3.05; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 4.53%; and (iv) expected volatility of 76%. The fair value of the Conversion Series A Warrant and the Conversion Series B Warrant liabilities as of September 30, 2024 was estimated using a Black-Scholes-Merton model. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the Conversion Series A Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$8.05; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 3.58%; and (iv) expected volatility of 87%. The significant assumptions utilized in estimating the fair value of the Conversion Series B Warrant liabilities include: (i) a per share price of the Class A Common Stock of \$8.05; (ii) a dividend yield of 0.0%; (iii) a risk-free rate of 4.12%; and (iv) expected volatility of 96%.

29 NOTE 11 - NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE Basic net income (loss) per share of Class A common stock is computed by dividing net income (loss) attributable to Class A common shareholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, the three months ended September 30, 2023, and the period from February 13, 2023, or the Closing Date, to September 30, 2023 by the weighted-average number of shares of Class A common stock outstanding for the same periods. Diluted net income per share of Class A common stock includes additional weighted average common shares that would have been outstanding if potential common shares with a dilutive effect had been issued using the if-converted method for the Series A Preferred Stock and the treasury method for our RSUs, PSUs, options, and warrants. During loss periods, diluted net loss per share for all periods presented is the same as basic net loss per share as the inclusion of the potentially issuable shares would be anti-dilutive. The following table presents the computation of the basic and diluted income (loss) per share of Class A Common Stock (in thousands, except share data):

Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Weighted-Average Number of Shares Outstanding
\$80,411	\$14,311	11
Less: Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	Less: Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	
Company	Company	
Less: Cumulative preferred dividends	Less: Cumulative preferred dividends	
Net income (loss) attributable to Class A common shareholders	Net income (loss) attributable to Class A common shareholders	
Basic	Basic	
Diluted	Diluted	

30 The following table presents potentially dilutive securities, as of the end of the periods, excluded from the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share of Class A Common Stock as their effect would be anti-dilutive, their exercise price was out-of-the-money, or because of unsatisfied contingent issuance conditions.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2024

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023

RSUs (1) 3,251,206

Options (1) (4) 1,027,451

305,932

Series A Preferred Stock (2) 1,916,965

1,869,956

Warrants (1) (4) 30,638,374

22,636,814

Earn Out Units (3) 7,500,000

7,500,000

7,500,000

(1) Represents number of instruments outstanding at the end of the period that were evaluated under the treasury stock method for potentially dilutive effects and were determined to be anti-dilutive.

(2) Represents number of instruments outstanding as converted at the end of the period that were evaluated under the if-converted method for potentially dilutive effects and were determined to be anti-dilutive.

(3) Represents number of Earn Out Units outstanding at the end of the period that were excluded due to unsatisfied contingent issuance conditions.

(4) Options and warrants with exercises prices greater than the average market price of our Class A common stock are excluded from the computation of diluted net income (loss) per share because they are out-of-the-money. The out-of-the-money instruments were as follows: options of 250,308 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and 305,932 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, and warrants of 22,636,814 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES Legal Proceedings From time to time, the Company is a party to various lawsuits, claims and other legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company applies accounting for contingencies to determine when and how much to accrue for and disclose related to legal and other contingencies. Accordingly, the Company discloses contingencies deemed to be reasonably possible and accrues loss contingencies when, in consultation with legal advisors, it is concluded that a loss is probable and reasonably estimable. While the resolution of these legal proceedings and claims cannot be predicted with certainty, management believes the outcome of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Purchase Commitments From time-to-time, we enter into long-term commitments with vendors to purchase launch services and for the development of certain components in conjunction with our obligations under revenue contracts with our customers. As of September 30, 2024, we had remaining purchase obligations under non-cancelable commitments with nine vendors totaling \$23.8 million of which \$19.0 million is due within the next twelve months and the remaining \$4.8 million is due in the subsequent twelve-month period.

NOTE 13 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS Intuitive Machines, IX LLC and Space Network Solutions, LLC have entered into recurring transaction agreements with certain related parties, including sales agreements and loan agreements. Axiom Space, Inc. The Company recognized revenue from Axiom Space, Inc. (an Axiom affiliate) related to space infrastructure development activities of zero and \$50 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, and \$29 thousand and \$153 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there was no affiliate accounts receivable related to Axiom. Kamal Ghaffarian, the Chairman of the Board and one of the co-founders of Intuitive Machines, LLC is a co-founder and Executive Chairman of Axiom. Revenue related to Axiom are incurred in the normal course of business and amounts are settled under normal business terms.

11 IBX, LLC and PTX, LLC The Company incurred expenses with IBX, LLC and PTX, LLC (an IBX/PTX affiliate) of \$30 thousand and \$205 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively and \$54 thousand and \$1.7 million, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were \$55 thousand and \$2.7 million, respectively, of affiliate accounts payable related to IBX expenses. IBX/PTX is an innovation and investment firm committed to advancing the state of humanity and human knowledge. We rely on IBX/PTX for the provision of management and professional services in the day-to-day operation of our business. These expenses include, among others, fees for the provision of administrative, accounting and legal services. As such, expenses incurred in relation to IBX/PTX are incurred in the normal course of business and amounts are settled under normal business terms. Kamal Ghaffarian, the Chairman of the Board and one of the co-founders of Intuitive Machines, is a co-founder and current member of management of IBX/PTX. KBR, Inc. On November 12, 2020, KBR, Inc. (an KBR affiliate), a U.S.-based firm operating in the science, technology and engineering industries, made an initial investment in one of our operating subsidiaries, Space Network Solutions, LLC (an SNS affiliate) resulting in a 10% ownership by KBR of Space Network Solutions as of the date of such investment. As of September 30, 2024, KBR held approximately 10% of the equity of Space Network Solutions. The Company recognized affiliate revenue from KBR related to engineering services of \$0.2 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$1.5 million and \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there was \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of affiliate accounts receivable related to KBR revenue. In addition, SNS incurred cost of revenue with KBR related to the OMES III contract of \$8.5 million and \$27.1 million for three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there was \$5.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, of affiliate accounts payable related to cost of revenue with KBR. See Note 14 for more information on the OMES III contract with KBR. Revenue and expenses related to KBR are incurred in the normal course of business and amounts are settled under normal business terms. ASES The Company recognized revenue from ASES related to engineering services of \$85 thousand and \$305 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$496 thousand and \$803 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there was \$47 thousand and \$115 thousand of affiliate accounts receivable related to ASES revenue. ASES is a joint venture between Aerodyne Industries, LLC and KBR. Kamal Ghaffarian, the Chairman of the Board and one of the co-founders of Intuitive Machines, LLC is a current member of management of Aerodyne Industries, LLC. Revenue related to ASES are incurred in the normal course of business and amounts are settled under normal business terms. X-energy, LLC The Company incurred expenses with X-energy, LLC (an X-energy affiliate) of \$58 thousand and \$333 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, and zero for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there was no affiliate accounts payable related to X-energy expenses. Expenses related to X-energy are incurred in the normal course of business and amounts are settled under normal business terms. Kamal Ghaffarian, the Chairman of the Board and one of the co-founders of Intuitive Machines, LLC is the Executive Chairman of X-Energy Reactor Company, LLC, which is the parent company of X-Energy.

NOTE 14 - VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES The Company determines whether joint ventures in which it has invested meet the criteria of a variable interest entity or a VIE at the start of each new venture and when a reconsideration event has occurred. A VIE is a legal entity that satisfies any of the following characteristics: (a) the legal entity does not have sufficient equity investment at risk; (b) the equity investors at risk as a group, lack the characteristics of a controlling financial interest; or (c) the legal entity is structured with disproportionate voting rights.

32 The Company consolidates a VIE if it is determined to be the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The primary beneficiary has both the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses or

the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE.Space Network Solutions, LLC The Company participates in the Space Network Solutions joint venture with KBR, a leading provider of specialized engineering, and professional, scientific and technical services primarily to the U.S. federal government. Under the terms of the Amended Space Network Solutions limited liability company agreement, we hold a 90% interest in the Space Network Solutions and KBR hold a 10% interest. Space Network Solutions is a VIE and Intuitive Machines is the primary beneficiary. Space Network Solutions was formed to provide cyber security as well as communication & tracking services using its expertise in developing secure ground system architecture for lunar space missions. In the second quarter of 2023, NASA awarded Space Network Solutions a cost-plus-fixed-fee indefinite-delivery, indefinite quantity contract to support work related to the Joint Polar Satellite System, NASA’s Exploration and In-space Services. Intuitive Machines and KBR entered into a separate joint venture agreement (the OMES III JV Agreement) within Space Network Solutions to execute the OMES III contract with a profits interest of 47% for Intuitive Machines and 53% for KBR. We have determined that the OMES III JV Agreement represents a silo within Space Network Solutions and is a standalone VIE. Intuitive Machines is the primary beneficiary of this silo based on the governance structure of the OMES III JV Agreement. As of September 30, 2024, SNS LLC had total assets of \$27.0 million and total liabilities of \$22.8 million. As of December 31, 2023, SNS LLC had total assets of \$13.7 million and total liabilities of \$12.0 million. IX, LLC Joint VentureThe Company participates in the IX, LLC joint venture (the IX LLC JV) with X-energy, a nuclear reactor and fuel design engineering company, developing high-temperature gas cooled nuclear reactors and fuel to power them. We hold a 51% interest in the IX LLC JV and X-energy holds a 49% interest. Kamal Ghaffarian is also the co-founder and current member of management of X-energy. Intuitive Machines and X-energy are common controlled entities. We have determined that IX, LLC JV is a variable interest entity and Intuitive Machines is the primary beneficiary because it is most closely associated with the activities of the joint venture. Therefore, we consolidate this VIE for financial reporting purposes.The IX LLC JV was formed to pursue nuclear space propulsion and surface power systems in support of future space exploration goals. In the third quarter of 2022, the IX LLC JV received an award from Battelle Energy Alliance to design a fission surface power system that can operate on the surface of the Moon to support sustained lunar presence and exploration of Mars. As of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the IX LLC JV had no assets and no liabilities, associated with project execution activities subcontracted to the IX LLC JV partners and other third parties.33Table of ContentsItem 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of OperationsYou should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, as well as our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on March 25, 2024. Certain of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Quarterly Report, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. As a result of many factors, including those factors set forth in the sections titled “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” and Part II. Item 1A. “Risk Factors” included in this Quarterly Report and in the section titled Part I. Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 25, 2024, our actual results could differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis.Unless otherwise indicated or the context otherwise requires, references in this section to the “Company,” “IM,” “Intuitive Machines,” “we,” “us,” “our,” or “ours” refer to Intuitive Machines, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.OverviewWe are a space infrastructure and services company founded in 2013 that is contributing to the establishment of lunar infrastructure and commerce on the Moon. We believe we have a leading position in the development of lunar space operating in four business lines described further below. We are initially focused on establishing the lunar infrastructure and basis for commerce to inform and sustain human presence off Earth. We believe our business is well positioned for continued growth and expansion:Right Now: Servicing the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) and a worldwide set of commercial payload customers, working to provide access to the lunar surface, cislunar space and data transmission for science, technology, and infrastructure.Tomorrow: Working to provide a thriving, diverse lunar economy, creating new opportunities and markets to enable on-orbit applications, a permanent presence on the Moon, and expand the commercial space exploration marketplace.We are currently working to provide access to the lunar surface and collect and transmit cislunar data for science, technology, and infrastructure. We are one of a select few companies servicing NASA and a worldwide set of commercial payload customers. We believe we have a strong position with a first mover advantage, as evidenced by three remaining Commercial Lunar Payload Services (CLPS) awards as of September 30, 2024. On February 22, 2024, Intuitive Machines’ Nova-C lander became the first U.S. vehicle to softly land on the lunar surface since 1972 and landed the vehicle further south than any vehicle in the world has ever soft-landed on the Moon. We believe this February landing validates our ability to provide the three service pillars required to commercialize a celestial body: delivery, data & communications, and autonomous operations in space. Our Nova-C lander on the IM-1 mission carried approximately 100 kilograms of payloads and executed numerous experiments and technology demonstrations at the lunar surface near the south pole. Our goal is to follow the successful IM-1 mission with IM-2, which will continue to execute experiments and technology demonstrations at the lunar south pole, and IM-3, our third CLPS award, which will land at Reiner Gamma. In August 2024, NASA awarded the Company our fourth CLPS contract, IM-4, to deliver six science and technology payloads, including one European Space Agency-led drill suite to the lunar south pole. These missions, along with additional expeditions, are in partnership with NASA, Nokia Corporation, Columbia Sportswear Company, Aegis Aerospace, Inc. and other commercial players. Intuitive Machines empowers its customers to achieve their ambitious visions and commercial goals in space through seamless collaboration with our robust service pillars.Additionally, the U.S. Space Force’s (the Space Force) requirement to ensure freedom of action in space is driving their initial focus on cislunar Space Domain Awareness sensors and xGEO Position Navigation and Timing solutions as a result of the ongoing efforts by the United States and the People’s Republic of China (the China) to return to the lunar surface in a sustainable manner. We believe the U.S. Department of Defense funding for cislunar activities will drive the Space Force to rely on purchasing cislunar commercial services for the next five plus years, as opposed to acquiring and operating new government systems. This funding provides an opportunity for companies such as Intuitive Machines to sell Space Domain Awareness, Position Navigation and Timing, and secure communications to the Space Force, especially given that the commercial sector will be the driving force in providing cislunar products and services due to the capital that is flowing to new space entrants. This, along with other domestic and foreign allied policies, enhances our belief in the growing space economy and why we are well-positioned.34Table of ContentsOur Business ModelWe primarily generate revenue through our contracts with customers of our orbital and lunar access services and by collecting and transmitting cislunar data for science, technology and infrastructure in our Space Products and Infrastructure services. We are a provider and supplier of space products and services that we believe will enable sustained robotic and human exploration to the Moon, Mars, and beyond. We employ a “land-and-expand” go-to-market strategy with the goal to deliver increasing value and repetitive revenue with each customer over time by expanding the scope of the services we offer. We work closely with our customers and partners to enable their early success. We expect that deeper adoption of our products and services from our customers will come in many forms, including increased reliance on our technology as a core part of a mission, increased usage of our landers for lunar transportation and exploration, and greater dependence on our advanced software analytics capabilities for satisfying each customer’s needs.We operate under three service pillars which we believe are required to commercialize a celestial body: delivery services, data transmission & analytic services, and infrastructure-as-a service. These pillars are the backdrop to our four business units: Lunar Access Services, Orbital Services, Lunar Data Services and Space Products and Infrastructure. Under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 280 “Segment Reporting,” we concluded that our business units operate as one reportable segment. See our Segment Reporting disclosure under Note 2 in our condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion on our reportable segment.Lunar Access ServicesOur Lunar Access Services business provides reliable and affordable means for governments, companies and individuals to explore and place objects in cislunar space or on the lunar surface. We have developed a complete lunar program that includes mission control, the Nova-C lander, a space-to-ground communications network, and a series of launch vehicle contracts with SpaceX. As of September 30, 2024, we had three remaining missions (including the recently awarded CLPS contract, IM-4, from NASA) on the flight manifest, with plans to increase the frequency and complexity of the missions over time. On February 22, 2024, our Nova-C lander on the IM-1 mission became the first U.S. vehicle to softly land on the lunar surface since 1972 and landed the vehicle further south than any vehicle in the world has ever soft-landed on the Moon. We are currently focused on using our proprietary lunar lander vehicles to execute CLPS contracts for NASA to fly scientific equipment to the lunar surface and support experiments. We also have a robust and growing set of commercial customers pursuing R&D and technology maturation efforts aimed at capturing the growing cislunar economy. This service includes softly landing on the lunar surface while carrying significant payloads, shuttling numerous technology demonstrations to the lunar surface, deploying the first drill to test for water ice on the Moon and deploying drones to test Long Term Evolution networks.Orbital ServicesOrbital Services provides in-space orbital services for both commercial and government organizations. These services include repair, refueling, and raising the orbits of existing satellites. We seek to leverage our domain expertise and space products, such as optical navigation, rendezvous and proximity operations, robotic mechanisms for satellite delivery, debris removal and Space Domain Awareness in orbits from low Earth orbit out to cislunar space. We also serve as the prime contractor and partner on NASA center support contracts, such as the recently awarded OMES III and JETSON Low Power contracts, that expand our relationship with NASA and emphasize our capabilities in key technology focus areas. Lunar Data ServicesOur Lunar Data Services business will establish a private and secure network called the Lunar Data Network (the “LDN”) that sends and receives secure communications, navigation and imagery to and from the Moon. The LDN is designed to support line-of-sight and data relay services for spacecraft in cislunar space and systems anywhere on the lunar surface. We intend to evolve the network to provide backup services to NASA and the U.S. Space Force. The LDN is currently comprised of a mission control center, strategically positioned global ground stations, and base-band units installed at each ground station.35Table of ContentsWith the launch of future lander missions and with the award of NASA’s Near Space Network (NSN) contract in 2024, the LDN will be further enhanced with the deployment of our lunar relay satellites and provide communication and navigation services. We believe providing these lunar data services to NASA and the Space Force will be an increasingly important priority given China’s recent declaration that it intends to build its own lunar satellite network and manned lunar habitat.Space Products and InfrastructureOur Space Products and Infrastructure business offers reliable and cost-effective space products to its customers with offerings that include propulsion systems, navigation systems, lunar mobility, power infrastructure and human habitation systems. We also provide highly specialized aerospace engineering services for complex space systems development to NASA and the aerospace industry across the United States.With extensive additive manufacturing capabilities, including an in-house composites shop and robust machine shop, we believe we have the capabilities and expertise required to rapidly manufacture on-demand prototypes, development parts, flight units, and spares with a focus on producing small series and high-quality serial productions of metal components utilizing additive manufacturing. Additionally, we believe this business allows us to expand into prime positions on payload contracts with NASA and other customers.Recent DevelopmentsNew Contract AwardsIn September 2024, NASA awarded the Company a NSN contract for communication and navigation services for missions in the near space region, which extends from Earth’s surface to beyond the Moon. This NSN contract is a new Firm-Fixed-Price, Multiple Award,

Indefinite-Delivery/Indefinite-Quantity (â€œIDIQâ€) Task Order Contract, with a base period of five years with an additional five-year option, with a maximum potential value of \$4.82 billion. The initial NSN contract award includes incrementally funded Task Orders totaling \$150.0 million. In August 2024, NASA awarded the Company a \$116.9 million contract to deliver six science and technology payloads, including one European Space Agency-led drill suite to the Moonâ€™s South Pole. This award will leverage the Companyâ€™s lunar delivery, data transmission, and autonomous operation capabilities to explore the region targeted for sustained human operations. As part of NASAâ€™s CLPS initiative, this marks the Companyâ€™s fourth contract award, IM-4, to deliver science and technology payloads and return valuable data while autonomously operating on the surface of the Moon. Key Factors Affecting Our Performance We believe that our future success and financial performance depend on several factors that present significant opportunities for our business, but also pose risks and challenges, including those discussed below and in the section titled Part I, Item 1A. â€œRisk Factorsâ€ in the 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Inflation and Macroeconomic PressuresIn combination with the economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and repercussions from geopolitical events, the global economy continues to experience volatile disruptions including to the commodity and labor markets. These disruptions have contributed to an inflationary environment which has affected, and may continue to adversely affect, the price and availability of certain products and services necessary for our operations, which in turn, has adversely impacted, and may continue to adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. We continue to monitor economic conditions and the impact of macroeconomic pressures, including repercussions from the recent banking crisis, rising interest rates, sustained inflation and recession fears, supply chain disruptions, monetary and fiscal policy measures (including future actions or inactions of the United States government related to the â€œdebt-ceilingâ€), heightened geopolitical tensions (such as the war in Ukraine and Israel), changes to the U.S. federal budget, and the political and regulatory environment on our business, customers, suppliers and other third parties (including the implications from the upcoming presidential election in the United States). While rising costs and other inflationary pressures have not had a material impact on our business to date, we are monitoring the situation and assessing its impact on our business, including to our partners and customers.

36Table of ContentsOur ability to expand spaceflight mission operationsOur success will depend in large part on our ability to expand our lunar mission operations in 2024 and beyond. We completed our first mission in February 2024 and we are on track to complete the three additional funded missions with a goal of establishing a regular cadence of multiple missions per year of increasing size and complexity. This will provide our customers with proven and reliable cislunar access, with which to plan their future manifest. With binding agreements for three additional launches as of September 30, 2024, we have \$316.2 million in backlog, and we are in active discussions with numerous potential customers, including government agencies and private companies, to potentially add to our contracted revenue. Prior to commencing missions, we must complete internal integration activities as well as launch vehicle integration with our launch provider, SpaceX. Any delays in our launch date or in otherwise commencing our missions, including due to congestion at the pad launch site or delays in obtaining various approvals or licenses, could adversely impact our results and growth plans. As we improve production efficiency and schedule reliability and reach our target of multiple missions per year manifested 2-3A years in advance, we expect to improve our market penetration, which we believe will lead to higher revenue from both volume and mission complexity as well as increased operating leverage. Our ability to expand our product and services offeringsWe are in the preliminary stages of developing our full space infrastructure. These services are expected to grant customers access to cislunar space and the lunar surface at lower price points than previous lunar missions. We are also working to provide data transmission services at lunar distance to include far-side connectivity, along with ancillary services that are likely to include orbital servicing and payload development and manufacture. Our growth opportunity is dependent on our ability to win lunar missions and expand our portfolio of services. Our ability to sell additional products and services to existing customers is a key part of our success, as follow-on purchases indicate customer satisfaction and decrease the likelihood of competitive substitution. To sell additional products and services to new and existing customers, we will need to continue to invest significant resources in our products and services as well as demonstrate reliability through a successful lunar landing. If we fail to make the right investment decisions, are unable to raise capital, if customers do not adopt our products and services, or if our competitors are able to develop technology or products and services that are superior to ours, our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results could be adversely affected. We expect to make significant investments in our lunar and data programs in the short term. Although we believe that our financial resources, will be sufficient to meet our capital needs in the short term, our timeline and budgeted costs for these offerings are subject to substantial uncertainty, including due to compliance requirements of U.S. A federal export control laws and applicable foreign and local regulations, the impact of political and economic conditions, and the need to identify opportunities and negotiate long-term agreements with customers for these services, among other factors. Our business may not generate sufficient funds, and we may otherwise be unable to maintain sufficient cash reserves to pay any additional indebtedness that we may incur. Ability to improve profit margins and scale our businessThe growth of our business is dependent on our ability to improve our profit margins over time while successfully scaling our business. We intend to continue investing in initiatives to improve our operating leverage and significantly increase utilization. Our ability to achieve our production-efficiency objectives could be negatively impacted by a variety of factors including, among other things, lower-than-expected facility utilization rates, manufacturing and production cost overruns, increased purchased material costs and unexpected supply-chain quality issues or interruptions. If we are unable to achieve our goals, we may not be able to increase operating margin, which would negatively impact gross margin and profitability. Ability to continue to capitalize on government expenditures and private enterprise investment in the space economyOur future growth is largely dependent on our ability to continue to capitalize on increased government spending and private investment in the space economy. From 2019 to 2024, the U.S. A federal government increased its space exploration and development budget for NASA by approximately 15.8%, or \$3.4 billion. U.S. federal government expenditures and private enterprise investment have fueled our growth in recentA years, and it has resulted in our continued ability to secure increasingly valuable contracts for products and services in 2024. An increased focus on U.S. federal government spending could unfavorably impact the space exploration sector in the future. If our existing programs and project pursuits are not focused on the federal governmentâ€™s higher priorities, our business, prospects, financial condition and operating results could be adversely affected. However, we expect U.S. federal government expenditures and private investment in the space economy will continue to result in increased purchases of our products and services.

37Table of ContentsOur ability to continue to innovateWe design, build, and test our landers, spacecraft and subsystems in-house and operate at the forefront of composite structures, liquid rocket engines, guidance, navigation and control software, precision landing and hazard avoidance software, and advanced manufacturing techniques. We believe the synergy of these technologies enables greater responsiveness to the commercial and government requirements for lunar exploration. To continue establishing market share and attracting customers, we plan to continue to make substantial investments in research and development for the continued enhancements of our landers and other space systems. Over time, we expect our research and development expenditures to continue to grow on an absolute basis, but remain consistent or decrease as a percent of our total revenue as we expand our service offerings.

Components of Results of Operations**Revenue**We perform work under contracts that broadly consist of fixed-price, cost-reimbursable, time-and-materials or a combination of the three. Pricing for all customers is based on specific negotiations with each customer. For a description of our revenue recognition policies, see the section titled â€œCritical Accounting Policies and Estimates.â€ Historically, most of our revenue has been derived from fixed-price, long-term contracts for the delivery of payloads to the lunar surface. In order to satisfy these contracts, we undertake the engineering for the research, design, development, manufacturing, integration and sustainment of advanced technology space systems. The integration of these technologies and systems lead to an organic and integrated capability to provide lunar access on a commercial services basis. Individual contracts are aggregated by mission (e.g., IM-2, IM-3, IM-4) for management purposes. Revenue is measured based on the amount of consideration specified in a contract with the customer. We recognize revenue when we transfer control of a promised good or service to a customer in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for the good or service. Under the overtime revenue recognition model, revenue and gross profit are recognized over the contract period as work is performed based on actual costs incurred and an estimate of costs to complete and resulting total estimated costs at completion. Revenue from long-term contracts can fluctuate from period to period largely based on the stage of the project and overall mission. These projects will typically have a ramp up period in the beginning stage and wind down as the mission nears launch date. A significant portion of the revenue (approximately 10% of the contract price) contains variable considerations which is constrained to nil for accounting purposes as it is dependent on a successful mission landing. This may cause fluctuations in future revenue, profits and cash flows. Since late 2023, we have been performing a more significant amount of work on cost-reimbursable contracts such as OMES III. Under cost-reimbursable contracts, the price is generally variable based upon our actual allowable costs incurred for materials, equipment, reimbursable labor hours, overhead and G&A expenses. Profit on cost-reimbursable contracts may be in the form of a fixed fee or a mark-up applied to costs incurred, or a combination of the two. The fee may also be an incentive fee based on performance indicators, milestones or targets and can be based on customer discretion or in the form of an award fee determined based on customer evaluation of the Company's performance against contractual criteria. Cost-reimbursable contracts are generally less risky because the owner/customer retains many of the project risks, however it generally requires us to use our best efforts to accomplish the scope of the work within a specified time and budget. Cost-reimbursable contracts with the U.S. government are generally subject to the Federal Acquisition Regulation (â€œFARâ€) and are competitively priced based on estimated or actual costs of providing the contractual goods or services. The FAR provides guidance on types of costs that are allowable in establishing prices for goods and services provided to the U.S. government and its agencies. Pricing for non-U.S. government agencies and commercial customers is based on specific negotiations with each customer. Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation) consists primarily of direct material and labor costs, launch costs, manufacturing overhead, other personnel-related expenses, which include salaries, bonuses, benefits and stock-based compensation expense and freight expense. We expect our cost of revenue to increase in absolute dollars in future periods as we sell more products and services. As we grow into our current capacity and execute on cost-optimization initiatives, we expect our cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue to decrease over time.

38Table of Contents**Depreciation**Depreciation consists of the depreciation of tangible fixed assets for the relevant period based on the straight-line method over the useful life of the assets. Tangible fixed assets include property and equipment. Impairment of property and equipmentImpairment of long-lived assets occurs whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of a long-lived asset may not be recoverable. Long-lived assets consists of property and equipment, net. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of a long-lived asset is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value. See Note 4 of the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information on the impairment of property and equipment recognized during the third quarter of 2024. General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)Selling, general and administrative expense (excluding depreciation) consist primarily of personnel-related expenses for our sales, marketing, supply chain, finance, legal, human resources and administrative personnel, as well as the costs of customer service, information technology, professional services, insurance, travel, allocated overhead and other marketing, communications and administrative expenses. We expect to invest in our corporate organization and incur additional expenses associated with transitioning to, and operating as, a public company, including increased legal and accounting costs, investor relations costs, higher insurance premiums and compliance costs. As a result, we expect that selling, general and administrative expenses will increase in absolute dollars in future periods as a percentage of total revenue. Interest income

netInterest expense, net consists of interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents and short-term investment balances held by us in interest bearing time deposit accounts. Interest expense is incurred on long-term debt.Change in fair value of earn-out liabilitiesEarn Out Units are classified as liabilities transactions at initial issuance which were offset against paid-in capital as of the closing of the Business Combination. At each period end, the Earn Out Units are remeasured to their fair value with the changes during that period recognized in other income (expense) on the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Upon issuance and release of the shares after each Triggering Event is met, the related Earn Out Units will be remeasured to fair value at that time with the changes recognized in other income (expense), and such Earn Out Units will be reclassified to stockholders' equity (deficit) on the consolidated balance sheet. See Note 10 of the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information on the earn-out liabilities.Change in fair value of warrant liabilitiesIn connection with the Private Placement, Warrant Exercise Agreement, and the Bridge Loan Conversion, the Company has issued warrants which are classified as liabilities on our balance sheet. At each period end, the warrants are remeasured to their fair value with the changes during the period recognized in other income (expense) on our condensed consolidated statement of operations. See Notes 8 and 10 of the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information on the warrant liabilities.Loss on issuance of securitiesIn connection with the Private Placement, Warrant Exercise Agreement, and the Bridge Loan Conversion, the Company has discussed in Notes 8 and 10 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company issued warrants and recognized a loss on the issuance as the fair value of the securities exceeded the gross proceeds at the issuance date. The Company evaluated the terms of the warrants and determined they meet the criteria in ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging," to be classified as a derivative liability, initially measured at fair value. The subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in earnings in other income (expense) on the condensed consolidated statement of operations. Other income (expense), netOther income, net primarily consists of immaterial miscellaneous income sources.

Table of ContentsIncome tax expense Intuitive Machines, Inc. is a corporation and thus is subject to United States ("U.S.") federal, state and local income taxes. Intuitive Machines, LLC is a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes and therefore does not pay United States federal income tax on its taxable income. Instead, the Intuitive Machines, LLC unitholders, including Intuitive Machines, Inc., are liable for U.S. federal income tax on their respective shares of Intuitive Machines, LLC's taxable income. Intuitive Machines, LLC is liable for income taxes in those states which tax entities classified as partnerships for U.S. federal income tax purposes.Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interestRedeemable noncontrolling interests represents the portion of Intuitive Machines, LLC that the Company controls and consolidates but does not own. The noncontrolling interests was created as a result of the Business Combination and represents 68,150,754 Class A and Class B units issued by Intuitive Machines, LLC to the prior investors represents approximately 81.2% of the ownership interests in the Company at the Closing Date. The Company allocates net income or loss attributable to the noncontrolling interests based on the weighted average ownership interests during the period. The net income or loss attributable to noncontrolling interests is reflected in the condensed consolidated statement of operations. The financial results of Intuitive Machines, LLC were consolidated into Intuitive Machines, Inc. for the periods February 13, 2023 forward and resulted in the allocation of approximately 42.9% of Intuitive Machines, LLC's net loss to noncontrolling interests. Net income attributable to noncontrolling interestIntuitive Machines and KBR entered into a joint venture agreement (the "OMES III JV Agreement") within Space Network Solutions to execute the OMES III contract with a profits interest of 47% for Intuitive Machines and 53% for KBR, which represents the noncontrolling interest. We have determined that the OMES III JV Agreement represents a silo within Space Network Solutions and is a standalone VIE.

Results of OperationsThe following tables set forth our results of operations for the periods presented. The period-period comparison of financial results is not necessarily indicative of future results.The following table sets forth information regarding our consolidated results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2023, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Three Months Ended September 30, 2023	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				
Revenue	\$58,478	\$12,731	\$45,747	\$173,338				
Operating expenses:								
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation)	45,873	26,493	19,380	144,141				
Depreciation	482	329	1,534	1,319				
Impairment of property and equipment	5,044	5,044	5,044	-				
General and administrative expense (including depreciation)	12,319	9,134	2,406	39,726				
Total operating expenses	72,202	36,735	35,467	217,337				
Operating loss	(13,724)	(24,004)	(10,280)	(43,999)				
Other income (expense), net:								
Interest income (expense), net	314	(228)	259	314				
Change in fair value of earn-out liabilities	(33,328)	36,036	(69,364)	(33,816)				
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(33,686)	10,259	(43,945)	(36,641)				
Change in fair value of SAFE Agreements	6,729	6,729	(61,351)	Other income (expense), net	346	(418)	764	768
Other income (expense), net	346	(418)	764	768				
Income (loss) before income taxes	(80,361)	14,916	(95,277)	(181,737)				
Income tax expense	(50)	(605)	555	(50)				
Net income (loss)	(80,411)	14,311	(94,722)	(181,787)				
Net loss attributable to Intuitive Machines, LLC prior to the Business Combination	6,481	6,481	Net income (loss) (post Business Combination)	(80,411)	14,311	(94,722)	(181,787)	
Net loss attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	(25,679)	(18,992)	(6,687)	(50,001)				
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	668	2,429	Net income (loss) attributable to the Company	(55,400)	33,303	(88,703)	(134,215)	
Preferred dividends	(143)	(674)	531	(751)				
Net income (loss) attributable to Class A common shareholders	\$(55,543)	\$32,629	\$(88,172)	\$(134,966)				
Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue				
Revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was primarily driven by NASA and other commercial payload contracts associated with the IM-1, IM-2 and IM-3 lunar payload missions as well as the OMES III contract where we provide engineering services to the Landsat Servicing mission at the Goddard Space Flight Center in Maryland. The following provides a summary of the significant contracts and estimated mission launch dates for each lunar payload mission impacting our results of operations:	The NASA payload contract for the IM-1 mission was awarded in June 2019 and was completed in February 2024. As a result of the successful landing on the lunar surface, previously constrained revenue of approximately \$12.3 million as of December 31, 2023 was released and approximately \$11.6 million was recognized as revenue during the first quarter of 2024, bringing the total IM-1 mission contract revenue under NASA and other commercial fixed-priced contracts to \$132.3 million. As of March 31 2024, the IM-1 mission and all related contracts have been closed out.	The initial NASA payload contract for the IM-2 mission was awarded in October 2020 with a targeted mission launch date in December 2022. Total IM-2 mission estimated contract revenue under NASA and other commercial fixed-priced contracts increased to \$122.6 million (excluding constrained revenue of \$13.9 million) as of September 30, 2024 as compared to \$106.6 million as of September 30, 2023. The increase in total mission estimated contract revenue is primarily due to a task order modification with NASA finalized in the second quarter of 2024 to change the mission targeted landing site within the South Pole region of the moon and extend the expected mission launch and post-launch services of IM-2 to no later than August 2025. The task order modification increased estimated contract revenue by approximately \$12.5 million.	The initial NASA payload contract for the IM-3 mission was awarded in November 2021 with an initial targeted mission launch date no later than June 2024 under our current contract with NASA. Total IM-3 mission estimated revenue under fixed-priced contracts is \$93.0 million (excluding constrained revenue of \$9.7 million) as of September 30, 2024 as compared to \$76.4 million as of September 30, 2023. The increase in total mission estimated contract revenue is primarily due to a task order modification with NASA to identify its complement of payloads and extend the IM-3 mission timeline to no later than June 2026. The task order modification increased estimated contract revenue by approximately \$9.0 million.	The initial NASA payload contract for the IM-4 mission was awarded in August 2024 with an initial targeted mission launch date no later than August 2028. Total IM-4 mission estimated revenue under fixed-priced contracts is \$105.2 million (excluding constrained revenue of \$11.7 million) as of September 30, 2024. Total revenue increased by \$45.7 million, or 359%, for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023, largely driven by the revenue from the OMES III contract execution which began in the fourth quarter of 2023 as further discussed below and was partially offset by decreases in revenue across our NASA and other commercial payload contracts associated with the IM lunar payload missions. The IM-1 mission completed in February 2024, and no revenue was recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2024 as compared to \$(0.6) million for the same period in 2023. Revenue decreased in 2023 primarily due to a change in progress towards completion as well as the extension of the targeted mission launch date. Revenue on the IM-2 mission increased by \$3.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of 2023 and was primarily driven by task order modifications to change the mission targeted landing site and extension of the targeted mission launch window to early 2025. Revenue from the IM-3 mission decreased by \$2.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 partially as a result of unfavorable adjustments from task order modifications extending the targeted mission launch window to late 2025. Total revenue increased by \$124.4 million, or 254%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 and was substantially driven by revenue from the OMES III contract execution which began in the fourth quarter of 2023 as further discussed below. Revenue on the IM-1 mission increased by approximately \$7.1 million to \$12.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from \$5.1 million for the same period in 2023. The increase in IM-1 revenue was due to the successful completion of the mission in February 2024 which resulted in the release of approximately \$12.3 million of previously constrained revenue, and approximately \$11.6 million was recognized as revenue during the first quarter of 2024. Revenue on the IM-2 mission increased slightly to \$15.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to \$15.7 million for the same period of 2023. As of September 30, 2024, the IM-2 mission is approximately 93% complete. Revenue from the IM-3 mission decreased to \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 from \$17.6 million for the same period in 2023 and was largely attributable to unfavorable adjustments from task order modifications extending the targeted mission launch window to late 2025. The IM-3 mission was awarded in the fourth quarter of 2021 and was approximately 64% complete as of September 30, 2024. Revenues from task orders under the OMES III contract were approximately \$34.1 million and \$115.0 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. The OMES III contract began execution in December 2023 and therefore there were no corresponding revenues during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Other contract revenues increased approximately \$9.9 million and \$12.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2023 primarily as a result of new contracts, including the Jetson Low Power project awarded in the fourth quarter of 2023 and the Lunar Terrain Vehicle Services design project in the second quarter of 2024 as well as several other contracts partially offset by the completion of the initial phase of the fission surface power contract in the third quarter of 2023. Operating ExpensesCost of revenue (excluding depreciation)/Total cost of revenue increased by \$27.9 million, or 105%, for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023. The IM-1 mission was completed in February 2024, and no cost of revenue was incurred for the three months ended September				

lower activity on the mission.Total cost of revenue increased by \$97.6 million, or 132%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023. Cost of revenue on the IM-1 mission decreased by \$9.5 million from \$14.4 million down to \$4.8 million due to winding down progress as the mission was completed in February 2024. On the IM-2 mission, cost of revenue decreased slightly by approximately \$0.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023. IM-3 mission cost of revenue decreased by approximately \$10.6 million to \$12.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to \$23.0 million in the same period in 2023, primarily due to lower activity on the mission.As of September 30, 2024, two lunar missions are in loss positions. On the IM-2 mission, we increased the accrued contract loss by approximately \$7.2 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 which was primarily driven by unfavorable adjustments resulting from task order modifications to change the mission targeted landing site and extension of the targeted mission launch window to early 2025. On the IM-3 mission, the accrued contract loss increased by approximately \$9.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and was largely attributable to unfavorable adjustments resulting from task order modifications extending the targeted mission launch window to late 2025Cost of revenue from task orders under the OMES III contract were approximately \$33.3 million and \$110.4 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. The OMES III contract started in December 2023 and therefore there were no corresponding cost of revenue during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. Other contract cost of revenue increased approximately \$6.1 million and \$7.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods in 2023 primarily as a result of new contracts awarded in late 2023 and in the first half of 2024, including the Jetson Low Power, the Lunar Terrain Vehicle Services and various other contracts partially offset by the completion of the initial phase of the fission surface power contract in the third quarter of 2023.Impairment of property and equipmentDuring the third quarter of 2024, management determined that certain assets under development by a third party subcontractor were not in compliance according to the contract. Management concluded that carrying cost of these assets was not recoverable and recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$5.0 million including capitalized interest of \$0.5 43Table of Contentsmillion, in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. See Note 4 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information. General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation)General and administrative expense (excluding depreciation) increased by \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods in 2023, and increased by \$11.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods in 2023, driven primarily by our growth to support corporate and business operations.For the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods in 2023, the \$2.4 million increase was driven by higher employee compensation and benefits expense of \$1.4 million, various other administrative costs of \$2.0 million, and rent expense of \$0.8 million, slightly offset by decreases of \$1.2 million in professional services primarily related to accounting and finance, \$0.3 million in share-based compensation expense, and \$0.3 million in bids and proposals expense. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods in 2023, the \$11.8 million increase was driven by higher share-based compensation expense of \$4.4 million, employee compensation and benefits expense of \$3.8 million, professional services of \$1.0 million primarily driven by accounting and legal fees, rent expense of \$2.2 million primarily driven by the move to our new corporate headquarters in late 2023, and various other administrative costs of \$2.4 million. These increases were slightly offset by a decrease in bids and proposals of \$2.0 million.Other income (expense), netTotal other income (expense), net unfavorable change of \$105.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 was primarily due to unfavorable changes in fair value of earn-out liabilities of \$69.4 million and warrant liabilities of \$43.9 million, slightly offset by \$6.7 million related to the loss on issuance of securities in the third quarter of 2023. Total other income (expense), net unfavorable change of \$198.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 was primarily due to unfavorable changes in fair value of the earn-out liabilities of \$94.9 million and warrant liabilities of \$46.9 million, increase in loss on issuance of securities of \$61.4 million, slightly offset by \$2.4 million related to the change in the fair value of SAFE Agreements which was eliminated in the first quarter of 2023. Income tax expenseFor the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we recognized a combined U.S. federal and state expense for income taxes of \$50 thousand. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recognized a combined U.S. federal and state expense for income taxes of \$605 thousand and \$292 thousand, respectively. The effective combined U.S. federal and state income tax rates were (0.06%) and (0.03%) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, and 4.1% and 3.9% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. For three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, our effective tax rate differed from the statutory rate of 21% primarily due to deferred taxes for which no benefit is being recorded and losses attributable to noncontrolling interest unitholders that are taxable on their respective share of taxable income. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, our effective tax rate differed from the statutory rate primarily due to Intuitive Machines, LLC's status as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Key Business Metrics and Non-GAAP Financial MeasuresWe monitor the following key business metrics and non-GAAP financial measures that assist us in evaluating our business, measuring our performance, identifying trends and making strategic decisions.BacklogWe define backlog as our total estimate of the revenue we expect to realize in the future as a result of performing work on awarded contracts, less the amount of revenue we have previously recognized. We monitor our backlog because we believe it is a forward-looking indicator of potential sales which can be helpful to investors in evaluating the performance of our business and identifying trends over time. We generally include total expected revenue in backlog when a contract is 44Table of Contentsawarded by the customer under a legally binding agreement. Our backlog does not include any estimate of future potential orders that might be awarded under government-wide acquisition contracts, agency-specific indefinite delivery/indefinite quantity contracts or other multiple-award contract vehicles, nor does it include option periods that have not been exercised by the customer. Due to government procurement rules, in certain cases revenue included in backlog are subject to budget appropriation or other contract cancellation clauses. Nearly all contracts allow customers to terminate the agreement at any time for convenience. If any of our contracts with firm orders were to be terminated, our backlog would be reduced by the expected value of the unfilled orders of such contracts. Consequently, our backlog may differ from actual revenue recognized in our financial statements.The following table presents our backlog as of the periods indicated:(in thousands)September 30,2024December 31,2023Backlog\$316,164\$ 268,566\$ Orders comprising backlog as of a given balance sheet date are typically invoiced in subsequent periods. As of September 30, 2024, we expect to recognize approximately 15-20% of our backlog over the remainder of 2024, approximately 45-50% over the subsequent twelve months of 2025 and the remaining 30-40% thereafter. Our backlog could experience volatility between periods, including as a result of customer order volumes and the speed of our fulfillment, which in turn may be impacted by the nature of products and services ordered, the amount of inventory on hand to satisfy orders and the necessary development and manufacturing lead time required to satisfy certain orders.Backlog increased by \$47.6 million as of September 30, 2024 compared to December 31, 2023, due to \$235.6 million in new awards primarily associated with the IM-4 CLPS contract and NSN contract awarded from NASA in the third quarter of 2024, the Lunar Terrain Vehicle Services design project, a new commercial payload contract on the IM-3 mission, task order modifications to the IM-2 CLPS contract and the IM-3 CLPS contract. These increases are partially offset by continued performance on existing contracts of \$173.4 million and decreases related to contract value adjustments of \$14.6 million primarily related to various certain fixed price contracts and task order adjustments on the OMES III contract. As of September 30, 2024, our backlog of \$316.2 million exceeded our remaining performance obligations of \$195.5 million as reported in Note 3 - Revenue to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report. The difference of \$120.7 million was primarily related to \$65.4 million of variable consideration associated with constrained revenue, \$55.3 million in backlog related to the funded value of OMES III and various other time and significant contracts where revenue is recognized when services are performed and contractually billable and therefore not included in remaining performance obligations. Non-GAAP Financial MeasuresAdjusted EBITDAAdjusted EBITDA is a key performance measure that our management team uses to assess our operating performance. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) excluding results from non-operating sources including interest income, interest expense, gain on extinguishing of debt, share-based compensation, change in fair value instruments, gain or loss on issuance of securities, other income/expense, depreciation, impairment of property and equipment, and provision for income taxes.We present Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it is helpful in highlighting trends in our operating results and because it is frequently used by analysts, investors, and other interested parties to evaluate companies in our industry.Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical measure, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest income, interest expense or other non-operating gains and losses, which may represent an increase to or reduction in cash available to us;Adjusted EBITDA does not consider the impact of share-based compensation expense, which is expected to continue to be part of our compensation strategy;Adjusted EBITDA does not consider the impact of change in fair value of SAFE Agreements, change in fair value of earn-out liabilities, change in fair value of warrant liabilities, loss on issuance of securities, or impairment of property and equipment, that we do not consider to be routine in nature for the ongoing financial performance of our business;45Table of ContentsAdjusted EBITDA excludes non-cash charges for depreciation of property and equipment, and although the assets being depreciated may have to be replaced in the future, Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash capital expenditure requirements for such replacements or for new capital expenditure requirements; andAdjusted EBITDA does not reflect provisions for income taxes, which may represent a reduction in cash available to us.Other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure. Because of these limitations, you should consider Adjusted EBITDA alongside other financial performance measures, including various cash flow metrics, net income (loss) and our other GAAP results.The following table presents a reconciliation of net income (loss), the most directly comparable financial measure presented in accordance with GAAP, to Adjusted EBITDA.Three Months Ended September 30,Nine Months Ended September 30,(in thousands)2024202320242023Net income (loss)\$ (80,411) \$14,311 \$ (181,787) \$7,163 Adjusted to exclude the following: Taxes50 605 50 292 Depreciation482 329 1,319 944 Impairment of property and equipment5,044 5,044 Interest (income) expense, net(31)228 (31)781 Share-based compensation expense1,285 1,556 7,180 2,748 Change in fair value of earn-out liabilities33,328 (36,036) 33,816 (61,066) Change in fair value of warrant liabilities33,686 (10,259) 36,641 (10,259) Change in fair value of SAFE Agreements 2 2,353 Loss on issuance of securities 6,729 68,080 6,729 Other expense (income), net(346)418 (768)379 Adjusted EBITDA\$(6,913) \$(22,119) \$(30,456) \$(49,936) Free Cash FlowWe define free cash flow as net cash (used in) provided by operating activities less purchases of property and equipment. We believe that free cash flow is a meaningful indicator of liquidity that provides information to management and investors about the amount of cash generated from operations that, after purchases of property and equipment, can be used for strategic initiatives, including continuous investment in our business and strengthening our balance sheet.Free Cash Flow has limitations as a liquidity measure, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our cash flows as reported under GAAP. Some of these limitations are:Free Cash Flow is not a measure calculated in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Free Cash Flow may not be comparable to similarly titled metrics of other companies due to differences among methods of calculation. Free Cash Flow may be affected in the near to medium term by the timing of capital investments, fluctuations in our growth and the effect of such fluctuations on

working capital and changes in our cash conversion cycle. The following table presents a reconciliation of net cash used in operating activities, the most directly comparable financial measure presented in accordance with GAAP, to free cash flow: Nine Months Ended September 30, (in thousands) 2024 2023 Net cash used in operating activities \$ (55,622) \$ (22,933) Purchases of property and equipment (5,185) (27,668) Free cash flow \$ (60,807) \$ (50,601) 46 Table of Contents Liquidity and Capital Resources Since inception, we have funded our operations through internally generated cash on hand, proceeds from sales of our capital stock, including the execution of SAFE Agreements, our ATM Program with Cantor (as described below), proceeds from warrant exercises, and our proceeds from the issuance of bank debt. We assess our liquidity in terms of our ability to generate adequate amounts of cash to meet current and future needs. Our expected primary uses of cash on a short and long-term basis are for working capital requirements, capital expenditures, debt service requirements and other general corporate services. Our primary working capital requirements are for project execution activities including purchases of materials, subcontracted services and payroll which fluctuate during the year, driven primarily by the timing and extent of activities required on new and existing projects. Our capital expenditures are primarily related to machinery and equipment, computers and software, and leases. As of September 30, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$89.6 million and working capital of \$73.0 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, the Company received approximately \$161.4 million in gross proceeds from sales of stock under our ATM Program, warrant exercises, and other equity transactions, as further described in Notes 7 and 8. In connection with the Business Combination as discussed in Notes 1 and 7, the Company entered into the Cantor Purchase Agreement, pursuant to which the Company may direct CFPI, at the Company's discretion, to purchase up to the lesser of (i) \$50.0 million of newly issued shares of Class A Common Stock and (ii) the dollar amount specified therein, subject to certain customary conditions and limitations set forth in the agreement. The Cantor Purchase Agreement contractually terminated on September 1, 2024 and no shares of Class A Common Stock were sold to CFPI under the Cantor Purchase Agreement. Additionally, in April 2024, the Company and Cantor entered into a Controlled Equity Offering Sales Agreement with Cantor acting as the Company's exclusive sales agent for the sale of newly issued shares of Class A Common Stock for aggregate proceeds up to \$100.0 million, as further described in Note 7 as the ATM Program. Pursuant to the ATM program, the Company raised approximately \$97.5 million, net of \$2.5 million in transaction fees, during the second and third quarters of 2024. Management believes that the cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2024 will be sufficient to fund the short-term liquidity needs and the execution of the business plan through at least the twelve-month period from the date the financial statements are issued. Live Oak Mobilization Credit Facility In December 2019, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Live Oak Banking Company (the "Credit Mobilization Facility") which provided a \$12.0 million credit mobilization facility that was paid in full as of November 2023. In July 2022, we entered into the Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Live Oak Banking Company which provided an \$8.0 million credit mobilization facility with a loan maturity of July 14, 2024. The Credit Mobilization Facility bears interest (payable monthly) at a rate per annum equal to the greater of (a) the prime rate, as published in the Wall Street Journal newspaper, plus 2.0% and (b) 5.0% and requires the Company to meet certain financial and other covenants and are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. There was \$8.0 million outstanding under the Credit Mobilization Facility as of December 31, 2023. The Company paid \$5.0 million during the second quarter of 2024, and paid the remaining \$3.0 million in July 2024 and the facility has been terminated. See Note 5 - Debt to our condensed consolidated financial statements for additional information related to the credit mobilization facilities. Bridge Loan On January 10, 2024, the Company entered into a series of loan documents with Pershing LLC, an affiliate of Bank of New York Mellon, pursuant to which Pershing LLC agreed to an extension of credit in an amount not to exceed \$10.0 million to the Company (the "Bridge Loan"). Borrowings under the Bridge Loan bear interest at the target interest rate set by the Federal Open Market Committee ("Fed Funds Rate"), subject to a 5.5% floor, plus a margin. For borrowings, the applicable rate margin is 0.9%. The \$10.0 million in borrowings are available for working capital needs and other general corporate purposes must be repaid by February 22, 2024. The Bridge Loan included guarantees (the "Credit Support Guarantees") by Ghaffarian Enterprises, LLC (an affiliate of Dr. Kamal Ghaffarian) ("Ghaffarian Enterprises") and documentation by which Ghaffarian Enterprises, LLC supported such Credit Support Guarantees with collateral including marketable securities (the "Credit Support"), in each case in favor of the lender for the benefit of the Company. On January 10, 2024, the Company and Ghaffarian Enterprises entered into a 47 Table of Contents credit support fee and subrogation agreement, where the Company agreed to pay a support fee of \$148 thousand for the Credit Support. On January 29, 2024, the Bridge Loan was repaid in full as a result of \$10.0 million in contributions from the Guarantor under the Bridge Loan Conversion transaction further described in Note 7. Other In March 2024, the Company filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-278288) with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which permits the offering, issuance, and sale of up to a maximum aggregate offering price of \$300.0 million of the Company's Class A common stock and warrants. Up to a maximum of \$100.0 million of the maximum aggregate offering price of \$300.0 million may be issued and sold pursuant to an at-the-market financing facility under a capital controlled equity offering sales agreement between the Company and Cantor Fitzgerald & Co. As of the date of this filing, the Company raised approximately \$97.5 million in net proceeds (net of \$2.5 million in transaction fees) pursuant to the at-the-market financing facility. In addition, subject to market and other conditions, we may opportunistically pursue underwritten public offerings of our Class A common stock under such shelf registration statement for our account or the account of our selling stockholders. Unless otherwise specified in the prospectus supplement relating to any such offering, we expect to use the net proceeds of any sales of Class A common stock for our account for general corporate purposes. We would not receive any proceeds from the sale of our Class A common stock by the selling stockholders. We expect to continue to evaluate opportunities for such underwritten offerings over the near and intermediate term. Cash Flows The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented: Nine Months Ended September 30, (in thousands) 2024 2023 Net cash used in operating activities \$ (55,622) \$ (22,933) Net cash used in investing activities \$ (5,185) \$ (27,668) Net cash provided by financing activities \$ 147,894 \$ 65,489 A Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 Operating Activities During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, our operating activities used \$55.6 million of net cash as compared to \$22.9 million of net cash used during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. Changes in operating assets and liabilities which consist primarily of working capital balances for our projects may vary and are impacted by the stage of completion and contractual terms of projects. The primary components of our working capital accounts are trade accounts receivable, contract assets, accounts payable, and contract liabilities. Investing Activities During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, investing activities used \$5.2 million of net cash as compared to \$27.7 million of net cash used during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. The \$22.5 million favorable change was primarily driven by the 2023 capital expenditures in construction in progress related to our lunar operations center which was completed during the third quarter of 2023 and subsequently reclassified to right-of-use assets on the balance sheet. Financing Activities During the nine months ended September 30, 2024, financing activities provided \$147.9 million of net cash as compared to \$65.5 million of net cash provided during the nine months ended September 30, 2023. During 2024, our financing activities primarily included \$51.4 million in proceeds from the exercise of warrants, \$107.5 million in net proceeds from the issuance of securities, \$10.0 million in proceeds received in borrowings under the Bridge 48 Table of Contents Loan offset by the repayment of \$10.0 million, \$8.0 million repayment on a loan under our Credit Mobilization Facility, and \$2.3 million in payments of withholding taxes from share-based awards. During 2023, our financing activities primarily included \$34.1 million in proceeds received upon consummation of the Business Combination and Series A Preferred Stock issuance slightly offset by \$9.4 million in related transaction costs paid. We also received \$20.0 million in proceeds upon the close of the Private Placement, \$12.7 million in cash associated with the termination of a prepaid forward purchase agreement and \$16.1 million in proceeds from the exercise of warrants, slightly offset by member distributions of \$8.0 million. Contractual Obligations and Commitments Lease Commitments We lease real estate for office space and for administrative, research, marketing and light manufacturing operations. These leases are classified as operating leases with various expiration dates through 2043. In September 2021, we signed a ground lease agreement for the development of a Lunar Production and Operations Center ("LPOC") that will serve as a production and testing facility of lunar lander components and other aerospace related operations which provided for the lessor to reimburse up to \$40.0 million for certain costs incurred by us for design, construction, and development. Management concluded that it was deemed the owner, for accounting purposes only, of the facility under build-to-suit lease accounting due to its involvement in the construction activities of the facility. Accordingly, we are accounting for the construction of the facility as a financing arrangement. Upon completion of the construction, the lease agreement will have an initial term of 20 years with four optional renewal periods of 5 years each. During the fourth quarter of 2022, construction was completed for the Small Engine Verification facility (the "SEV" facility) portion of the lunar operations center, and we took possession of the SEV facility. As of September 30, 2024, the Company recorded right-of-use assets of \$2.8 million and corresponding lease liabilities of \$3.3 million. During the third quarter of 2023, the remaining construction for the LPOC was near completion, we took possession of the entire facility. Upon commencement of the lease, we determined that the LPOC qualified for sale and leaseback accounting, with the leaseback being classified as an operating lease. As of September 30, 2024, the Company recorded right-of-use assets of \$31.3 million and operating lease liabilities of \$28.4 million. As of September 30, 2024, we have approximately \$1.3 million of contractual obligations to complete construction of the LPOC which will be funded through available cash on hand. During the third quarter of 2024, the Company commenced two new lease agreements. In September 2024, the Company entered into a building and land lease agreement in Maryland. This facility is intended to provide space for the designing, building, and testing of space-flight mechanisms and electro-mechanical systems for use in space or on the lunar surface. The lease agreement has an initial term of 10 years, 3 months. As of September 30, 2024, the Company recorded right-of-use assets of \$3.1 million and operating lease liabilities of \$3.1 million. Also, in August 2024, we entered into a facility lease agreement in Arizona to support operations and data analysis of NASA's Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter and ShadowCam cameras and imagery. The lease agreement has an initial term of 52 months. As of September 30, 2024, the Company recorded right-of-use assets of \$1.2 million and operating lease liabilities of \$1.2 million. Live Oak Credit Mobilization Facility For disclosures regarding our Live Oak Credit Mobilization Facility, refer to the preceding discussions under Liquidity and Capital Resources and Note 5 - Debt. Purchase Commitments From time-to-time, we enter into long-term commitments with vendors to purchase launch services and for the development of certain components in conjunction with our obligations under revenue contracts with our customers. As of September 30, 2024, we had remaining purchase obligations under non-cancelable commitments with nine vendors totaling \$23.8 million of which \$19.0 million is due within the next twelve months and the remaining \$4.8 million is due in the subsequent twelve-month period. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements We have no off-balance sheet arrangements. 49 Table of Contents Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates We believe that the following accounting policies involve a high degree of judgement and complexity. Accordingly, these are the policies we believe are the most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating our consolidated financial condition and results of our operations. Significant accounting policies employed by us, including the use of estimates, are presented in Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report and our audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on March 25, 2024. The preparation of our condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures requires us to make estimates and judgements that affect the amounts reported in those financial statements and accompanying notes. Although we believe that the estimates we use are reasonable, due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making those estimates, actual results reported in future

periods could differ from those estimates.Revenue RecognitionWe recognize revenue in accordance with ASC 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Our revenue is primarily generated from the progress on long-term lunar mission contracts and engineering services for the research, design, development, and manufacturing of advancement technology aerospace system.Revenue is measured based on the amount of consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue is recognized when and as our performance obligations under the terms of the contract are satisfied which generally occurs with the transfer of services to the customer. For each long-term contract, we determine the transaction price based on the consideration expected to be received. We allocate the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation to deliver a good or service, or a collection of goods and/or services, based on the relative standalone selling prices.For most of our business, where performance obligations are satisfied due to the continuous transfer of control to the customer, revenue is recognized over time. Where the customer contracts with us to provide a significant service of integrating a complex set of tasks and components into a single project or capability, those contracts are accounted for as single performance obligations. We recognize revenue generally using the cost-to-cost method, based primarily on contract costs incurred to date compared to total estimated contract costs at completion. This method is deemed appropriate in measuring performance towards completion because it directly measures the value of the goods and services transferred to the customer. Billing timetables and payment terms on our contracts vary based on a few factors, including the contract type. Typical payment terms under fixed-price contracts provide that the customer pays either performance-based payment based on the achievement of contract milestones or progress payments based on a percentage of costs we incur.Due to the nature of the work required to be performed on many of our performance obligations, the estimation of total revenue and cost at completion (the process described below in more detail) is complex and subject to many variables and requires significant judgment. The consideration to which we are entitled on our long-term contracts may include both fixed and variable amounts. Variable amounts can either increase or decrease the transaction price.We include estimated amounts of variable consideration in the transaction price to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. Our estimates of variable consideration and determination of whether to include estimated amounts in the contract price are based largely on an assessment of our anticipated performance and all information (historical, current and forecasted) that is reasonably available to us. We reassess the amount of variable consideration each accounting period until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved. Changes in the assessed amount of variable consideration are accounted for prospectively as a cumulative adjustment to revenue recognized in the current period.When changes are required for the estimated total revenue on a contract, these changes are recognized on a cumulative catch-up basis in the current period. A significant change in one or more estimates could affect the profitability of one or more of our performance obligations. If estimates of total costs to be incurred exceed estimates of total consideration the Company expects to receive, a provision for the remaining loss on the contract is recorded in the period in which the loss becomes evident.50Table of ContentsEmerging Growth Company StatusWe are an “emerging growth company,” as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart our Business Startups Act of 2012, (the “JOBS Act”), and may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. We have elected not to opt out of such extended transition period which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, we, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of our financial statements with another public company which is either not an emerging growth company or an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market RiskWe are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information otherwise required under this item.Item 4. Controls and ProceduresIn accordance with Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2024, to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms. Our disclosure controls and procedures include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.There have been no changes in the Company’s internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended September 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal control over financial reporting.51Table of ContentsPart II “Other Information”Item 1. Legal ProceedingsIn the ordinary course of business, we are involved in various pending and threatened litigation matters. In the future, we may be subject to additional legal proceedings, the scope and severity of which is unknown and could adversely affect our business. In addition, from time to time, we may receive letters or other forms of communication asserting claims against us. Information relating to commitments and contingencies is described in Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.Item 1A. Risk FactorsFactors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this report include the risk factors described in our 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Report for the quarters ended March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024. As of the date of this Quarterly Report, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed except as disclosed below.Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of ProceedsNone.Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior SecuritiesNone.Item 4. Mine Safety DisclosuresNot applicable.Item 5. Other InformationRule 10b5-1 and Non-Rule 10b5-1 Trading ArrangementsDuring the three months ended September 30, 2024, certain of our officers or directors listed below adopted or terminated trading arrangements for the purchase or sale of shares of our Class A common stock in amounts and prices determined in accordance with a formula set forth in each such plan: NameTitleDate EnteredDate ExpiresSharesSteven VonturChief Accounting Officer and ControllerSeptember 13, 2024August 11, 2025the sale of up to 42,500 shares and contains pricing conditions that preclude or limit the sale of shares below predetermined minimum pricing52Table of ContentsItem 6. ExhibitsThe following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report.Incorporated by ReferenceExhibitNumberDescription of ExhibitFormFile No.ExhibitFiling Date31.1*Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 193431.2*Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 193432.1**Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 200232.2**Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002101.INS*Inline XBRL Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).101.SCH*Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.101.CAL*Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.101.DEF*Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.101.LAB*Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.101.PRE*Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.104*Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.INS *Filed herewith.**Furnished.53Table of ContentsSIGNATURESPursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.Intuitive Machines, Inc.Date:November 15, 2024By:/s/ Peter McGrathPeter McGrathChief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President(Principal Financial Officer)Date:November 15, 2024/s/ Steven VonturSteven VonturChief Accounting Officer and Controller(Principal Accounting Officer)54DocumentExhibit 31.1CERTIFICATIONPURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14 AND 15d-14UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED, I, Stephen Altemus, certify that:1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 of Intuitive Machines, Inc.2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;4.The registrant’s other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:a.Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;4b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;4 andd.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting;4 and5.The registrant’s other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):a.All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;4 andb.Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal controls over financial reporting.Date:November 15, 2024By:/s/ Stephen AltemusStephen AltemusChief Executive Officer(Principal Executive Officer)DocumentExhibit 31.2CERTIFICATIONPURSUANT TO RULE

13a-14 AND 15d-14UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED, I, Peter McGrath, certify that:1.I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 of Intuitive Machines, Inc.2.Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:a.Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;b.Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;c.Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;4 andd.Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;5.The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):a.All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;4 andb.Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.Date:November 15, 2024By:/s/ Peter McGrathPeter McGrathChief Financial Officer(Principal Financial Officer)DocumentExhibit 32.1CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO18 U.S.C. 1350(SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002)In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Intuitive Machines, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Stephen Altemus, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge::1.the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;2.the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.Date:November 15, 2024By:/s/ Stephen AltemusStephen AltemusChief Executive Officer, President and Director(Principal Executive Officer)The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Â§ 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.DocumentExhibit 32.2CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO18 U.S.C. 1350(SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002)In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Intuitive Machines, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Peter McGrath, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:1.the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;2.the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.Date:November 15, 2024By:/s/ Peter McGrathPeter McGrathChief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President(Principal Financial Officer)The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Â§ 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.