

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

PYPL - PAYPAL HOLDINGS, INC.
10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - JUNE 30, 2024

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS	935
CHANGES	475
DELETIONS	239
ADDITIONS	221

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934


For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**.

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period from to .

Commission file number 001-36859

 PayPal_Monogram_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

2211 North First Street

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

San Jose, California

47-2989869

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

95131

(Zip Code)

(408) 967-7000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share

Trading Symbol(s)

PYPL

Name of each exchange on which registered

NASDAQ Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

☒

Non-accelerated filer

☐

Accelerated filer

☐

Smaller reporting company

☐

Emerging growth company

☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
Yes ☐ No ☒

As of July 24, 2024October 23, 2024, there were 1,022,333,3931,002,538,828 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.0001 par value, outstanding, which is the only class of common or voting stock of the registrant issued.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page Number
Part I.	Financial Information	4
Item 1.	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss)	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	6
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity	7
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	9
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	11
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	48
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	65
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	67
Part II.	Other Information	68
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	68
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	68
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	72
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	72
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	72
Item 5.	Other Information	72
Item 6.	Exhibits	73
Signatures		74

PART I: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(In millions, except par value)		(In millions, except par value)	
(Unaudited)				
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Current assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Short-term investments				
Accounts receivable, net				
Loans and interest receivable, held for sale				
Loans and interest receivable, net of allowances of \$442 and \$540 as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively				
Loans and interest receivable, net of allowances of \$461 and \$540 as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively				
Funds receivable and customer accounts				
Prepaid expenses and other current assets				
Total current assets				
Long-term investments				
Property and equipment, net				
Goodwill				
Intangible assets, net				
Other assets				
Total assets				
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable				
Accounts payable				
Accounts payable				
Funds payable and amounts due to customers				
Funds payable and amounts due to customers				
Funds payable and amounts due to customers				
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities				
Total current liabilities				
Other long-term liabilities				
Long-term debt				
Total liabilities				
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)	Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)	
Equity:				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,000 shares authorized; 1,032 and 1,072 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,000 shares authorized; 1,032 and 1,072 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,000 shares authorized; 1,032 and 1,072 shares outstanding as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,000 shares authorized; 1,006 and 1,072 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively				

Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,000 shares authorized; 1,006 and 1,072 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 4,000 shares authorized; 1,006 and 1,072 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 100 shares authorized, unissued
Treasury stock at cost, 294 and 245 shares as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively
Treasury stock at cost, 322 and 245 shares as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively
Additional paid-in-capital
Retained earnings
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)
Total equity
Total equity
Total equity
Total liabilities and equity

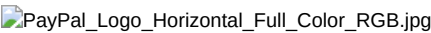
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.											
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS)											
	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,						
	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2024		2024	2023		2024		2023	2024	2023	
	(In millions, except per share data)					(In millions, except per share data)					
	(Unaudited)										
Net revenues											
Operating expenses:											
Transaction expense											
Transaction expense											
Transaction expense											
Transaction and credit losses											
Customer support and operations											
Sales and marketing											
Technology and development											
General and administrative											
Restructuring and other											
Total operating expenses											
Operating income											
Other income (expense), net											
Income before income taxes											
Income tax expense											
Net income (loss)											
Net income (loss) per share:											
Net income (loss) per share:											

Net income (loss) per share:
Basic
Basic
Basic
Diluted
Weighted average shares:
Weighted average shares:
Weighted average shares:
Basic
Basic
Basic
Diluted

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.										
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)										
Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,					
Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
2024	2023				2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)						(In millions)				
(Unaudited)										
Net income (loss)										
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of reclassification adjustments:										
Foreign currency translation adjustments ("CTA")										
Foreign currency translation adjustments ("CTA")										
Foreign currency translation adjustments ("CTA")										
Net investment hedges CTA gains, net										
Tax expense on net investment hedges CTA gains, net										
Unrealized gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, net										
Net investment hedges CTA (losses) gains, net										
Tax benefit (expense) on net investment hedges CTA (losses) gains, net										
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net										
Tax benefit (expense) on unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net										
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale debt securities, net										
Tax expense on unrealized gains on available-for-sale debt securities, net										
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax										
Comprehensive income (loss)										

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Stock-based compensation

Balances at June 30, 2024

Net income
 Foreign CTA
 Net investment hedge CTA losses, net
 Tax benefit on net investment hedges CTA losses, net
 Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net
 Tax benefit on unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net
 Unrealized gains on available-for-sale debt securities, net
 Tax expense on unrealized gains on available-for-sale-debt securities, net
 Common stock and stock-based awards issued, net of shares withheld for employee taxes
 Common stock repurchased
 Treasury stock reissuance
 Stock-based compensation

Balances at September 30, 2024

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

7

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY—(continued)

Accumulated									Accumulated			
Common	Common		Additional	Other			Common		Additional	Other		
Stock	Stock	Treasury	Paid-In	Comprehensive	Retained	Total	Stock	Treasury	Paid-In	Comprehensive	Retained	Total
Shares	Shares	Stock	Capital	Income (Loss)	Earnings	Equity	Shares	Stock	Capital	Income (Loss)	Earnings	Equity
(In millions)				(In millions)								
(Unaudited)												

Balances at December 31, 2022

Net income
 Foreign CTA
 Net investment hedges CTA gains, net
 Tax expense on net investment hedges CTA gains, net
 Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net
 Tax benefit on unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net
 Unrealized gains on available-for-sale debt securities, net
 Tax expense on unrealized gains on available-for-sale debt securities, net
 Common stock and stock-based awards issued and assumed, net of shares withheld for employee taxes
 Common stock and stock-based awards issued, net of shares withheld for employee taxes
 Common stock repurchased
 Stock-based compensation

Balances at March 31, 2023
Net income
Foreign CTA
Net investment hedges CTA gains, net
Tax expense on net investment hedges CTA gains, net
Unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net
Tax benefit on unrealized losses on cash flow hedges, net
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale-debt securities, net
Tax expense on unrealized gains on available-for-sale-debt securities, net
Common stock and stock-based awards issued and assumed, net of shares withheld for employee taxes
Common stock and stock-based awards issued, net of shares withheld for employee taxes
Common stock repurchased
Stock-based compensation
Balances at June 30, 2023
Net income
Foreign CTA
Net investment hedges CTA gains, net
Tax expense on net investment hedges CTA gains, net
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net
Tax expense on unrealized gains on cash flow hedges, net
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale-debt securities, net
Tax expense on unrealized gains on available-for-sale-debt securities, net
Common stock and stock-based awards issued, net of shares withheld for employee taxes
Common stock repurchased
Stock-based compensation
Balances at September 30, 2023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Six Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)	(In millions)		
(Unaudited)			

Cash flows from operating activities:
Net income (loss)
Net income (loss)

Net income (loss)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:
Transaction and credit losses
Transaction and credit losses
Transaction and credit losses
Depreciation and amortization
Stock-based compensation
Deferred income taxes
Net (gains) losses on strategic investments
Accretion of discounts on investments, net of amortization of premiums
Adjustments to loans and interest receivable, held for sale
Other
Originations of loans receivable, held for sale
Proceeds from repayments and sales of loans receivable, originally classified as held for sale
Changes in assets and liabilities:
Accounts receivable
Accounts receivable
Accounts receivable
Accounts payable
Other assets and liabilities
Net cash provided by operating activities
Cash flows from investing activities:
Purchases of property and equipment
Purchases of property and equipment
Purchases of reverse repurchase agreements
Purchases of reverse repurchase agreements
Purchases of reverse repurchase agreements
Maturities of reverse repurchase agreements
Purchases of property and equipment
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment
Purchases and originations of loans receivable
Proceeds from repayments and sales of loans receivable, originally classified as held for investment
Purchases of investments
Maturities and sales of investments
Funds receivable
Funds receivable
Funds receivable
Collateral posted related to derivative instruments, net
Other
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities
Cash flows from financing activities:
Proceeds from issuance of common stock
Proceeds from issuance of common stock
Borrowings from repurchase agreements
Borrowings from repurchase agreements
Borrowings from repurchase agreements
Repayments of repurchase agreements
Proceeds from issuance of common stock
Purchases of treasury stock
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of equity awards
Borrowings under financing arrangements

Repayments under financing arrangements
Funds payable and amounts due to customers
Collateral received related to derivative instruments, net
Collateral received related to derivative instruments and reverse repurchase agreements, net
Other
Net cash used in financing activities

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS—(continued)

Six Months Ended June 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,		
2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)	(In millions)		
	(Unaudited)		

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash
Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at beginning of period
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:
Cash paid for interest
Cash paid for interest
Cash paid for interest
Cash paid for income taxes, net
The table below reconciles cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash as reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets to the total of the same amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:
The table below reconciles cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash as reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets to the total of the same amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:
The table below reconciles cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash as reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets to the total of the same amounts shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:
Cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents
Short-term investments
Funds receivable and customer accounts
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1—OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

OVERVIEW AND ORGANIZATION

PayPal Holdings, Inc. ("PayPal," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") was incorporated in Delaware in January 2015 and is a leading technology platform that enables digital payments and personalizes commerce experiences on behalf of merchants and consumers worldwide. PayPal's mission is to revolutionize commerce globally by creating innovative experiences that are designed to make moving money, selling, and shopping simple, personalized, and secure.

We operate globally and in a rapidly evolving regulatory environment characterized by a heightened focus by regulators globally on all aspects of the payments industry, including countering terrorist financing, anti-money laundering, privacy, cybersecurity, and consumer protection. The laws and regulations applicable to us, including those enacted prior to the advent of digital payments, continue to evolve through legislative and regulatory action and judicial interpretation. New or changing laws and regulations, including changes to their interpretation and implementation, as well as increased penalties and enforcement actions related to non-compliance, could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations, and financial condition. We monitor these areas closely and are focused on designing compliant solutions for our customers.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation and principles of consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of PayPal and our wholly- and majority-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Investments in entities where we have the ability to exercise significant influence, but not control, over the investee are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. For such investments, our share of the investee's results of operations is included in other income (expense), net on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). Investments in entities where we do not have the ability to exercise significant influence over the investee are accounted for at fair value or cost minus impairment, if any, adjusted for changes resulting from observable price changes, which are included in other income (expense), net on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). Our investment ~~balance is~~ **balances are** included ~~in~~ **as short-term and** long-term investments on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

We determine at the inception of each investment, and re-evaluate if certain events occur, whether an entity in which we have made an investment is considered a variable interest entity ("VIE"). If we determine an investment is in a VIE, we then assess if we are the primary beneficiary, which would require consolidation. As of ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, no VIEs qualified for consolidation as the structures of these entities do not provide us with the ability to direct activities that would significantly impact their economic performance. As of ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the carrying value of our investments in nonconsolidated VIEs was ~~\$188~~ **\$195** million and \$175 million, respectively, and is included as non-marketable equity securities applying the equity method of accounting in long-term investments on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The investments in nonconsolidated VIEs are primarily investments in funds that are limited partnerships or similar structures which are focused on increasing access to capital for underserved communities. Our maximum exposure to loss related to our nonconsolidated VIEs, which represents funded commitments and any future funding commitments, was \$246 million as of ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023.

These condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "2023 Form 10-K") filed with the United States ("U.S.") Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 8, 2024.

In the opinion of management, these condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which are necessary for a fair statement of the condensed consolidated financial statements for all interim periods presented. Certain amounts for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation as of and for the three and ~~six~~ **nine** months ended ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024**.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

11

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Use of estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to provisions for transaction and credit losses, income taxes, loss contingencies, revenue recognition, and the evaluation of strategic investments for impairment. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions which we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could materially differ from these estimates.

Recent accounting guidance

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2023-07, *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*. The amended guidance requires incremental reportable segment disclosures, primarily about significant segment expenses. The amendments also require entities with a single reportable segment to provide all disclosures required by these amendments, and as well as all existing segment disclosures. The amendments will be applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating will adopt this guidance in the impact this amended guidance may have on the footnotes to our condensed consolidated financial statements, fourth quarter of 2024 and provide additional disclosures as required.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-08, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other – Crypto Assets (Subtopic 350-60): Accounting for and Disclosure of Crypto Assets*. This amended guidance requires fair value measurement of certain crypto assets each reporting period with the changes in fair value reflected in net income. The amendments also require disclosures of the name, fair value, units held, and cost bases basis for each significant crypto asset held and annual reconciliations of crypto asset holdings. The new guidance is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. We are required to apply these amendments as a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which the guidance is adopted. Based on our current crypto asset holdings and fair value, the adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. The amended guidance enhances income tax disclosures primarily related to the effective tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. This guidance requires disclosure of specific categories in the effective tax rate reconciliation and further additional information on reconciling items meeting a quantitative threshold. In addition, the amended guidance requires disaggregating income taxes paid (net of refunds received) by federal, state, and foreign taxes. It also requires disaggregating individual jurisdictions in which income taxes paid (net of refunds received) is equal to or greater than 5 percent of total income taxes paid (net of refunds received). The amended guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The guidance can be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. We are evaluating the impact this amended guidance may have on the footnotes to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

There are other new accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB that we have adopted or will adopt, as applicable. We do not believe any of these new accounting pronouncements have had, or will have, a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

NOTE 2—REVENUE

We enable our customers to send and receive payments. We earn revenue primarily by completing payment transactions for our customers on our payments platform and from other value added services. Our revenues are classified into two categories: transaction revenues and revenues from other value added services.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

DISAGGREGATION OF REVENUE

We determine operating segments based on how our chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) manages the business, makes operating decisions around the allocation of resources, and evaluates operating performance. Our CODM is our Chief Executive Officer, who regularly reviews our operating results on a consolidated basis. We operate as one segment and have one reportable segment. Based on the information provided to and reviewed by our CODM, we believe that the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of our revenue and cash flows and how they are affected by economic factors are most appropriately depicted through our primary geographical markets and types of revenue categories (transaction revenues and revenues from other value added services). Revenues recorded within these categories are earned from similar products and services for which the nature of associated fees and the related revenue recognition models are substantially similar.

The following table presents our revenue disaggregated by primary geographical market and category:

Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)							

Primary geographical markets
U.S.
U.S.
U.S.
Other countries ⁽¹⁾
Other countries ⁽¹⁾
Other countries ⁽¹⁾
Total net revenues ⁽²⁾
Revenue category
Revenue category
Revenue category
Transaction revenues
Transaction revenues
Transaction revenues
Revenues from other value added services
Total net revenues ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ No single country included in the other countries category generated more than 10% of total net revenues.

⁽²⁾ Total net revenues include \$520 million \$515 million and \$452 million \$433 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$988 million \$1.5 billion and \$903 million \$1.3 billion for the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which do not represent revenues recognized in the scope of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, *Revenue from contracts with customers*. Such revenues relate to interest and fees earned on loans and interest receivable, including loans and interest receivable, held for sale, as well as hedging gains or losses, and interest earned on certain assets underlying customer balances.

Net revenues are attributed to the country in which the party paying our fee is located.

NOTE 3—NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) for the period by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) for the period by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potentially dilutive common stock outstanding for the period. The dilutive effect of outstanding equity incentive awards is reflected in diluted net income (loss) per share by application of the treasury stock method. The calculation of diluted net income (loss) per share excludes all anti-dilutive common shares. During periods when we report net loss, diluted net loss per share is the same as basic net loss per share because the effects of potentially dilutive items would decrease the net loss per share.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
 NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
 (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net income (loss) per share for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023		2024	2023
(In millions, except per share amounts)										
Numerator:										
Net income (loss)										
Net income (loss)										
Net income (loss)										
Denominator:										
Weighted average shares of common stock - basic										
Weighted average shares of common stock - basic										

Weighted average shares of common stock - basic
Dilutive effect of equity incentive awards
Weighted average shares of common stock - diluted
Net income (loss) per share:
Basic
Basic
Basic
Diluted
Common stock equivalents excluded from net income (loss) per diluted share because their effect would have been anti-dilutive or potentially dilutive

NOTE 4—BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND DIVESTITURES

There were no acquisitions accounted for as business combinations or divestitures completed in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023.

NOTE 5—GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

GOODWILL

The following table presents goodwill balances and adjustments to those balances during the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024:

December 31, 2023	December 31, 2023	Goodwill Acquired	Adjustments	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	Goodwill Acquired	Adjustments	September 30, 2024
(In millions)								
Total goodwill								

The adjustments to goodwill during the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 pertained to foreign currency translation adjustments.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The components of identifiable intangible assets were as follows:

		June 30, 2024				December 31, 2023				September 30, 2024			
		Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Useful Life (Years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Useful Life (Years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Useful Life (Years)
(In millions, except years)													
Intangible assets:	Intangible assets:												
Customer lists and user base	Customer lists and user base	\$ 1,490	\$ (1,181)	\$ 309	7	\$ 1,546	\$ (1,140)	\$ 406	7				
Marketing related	Marketing related	378	(352)	26	5	387	(350)	37	5				
Developed technology	Developed technology	1,008	(1,005)	3	3	1,013	(999)	14	3				
All other	All other	429	(364)	65	7	433	(353)	80	7				
Intangible assets, net	Intangible assets, net	\$ 3,305	\$ (2,902)	\$ 403		\$ 3,379	\$ (2,842)	\$ 537					

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$52 \$51 million and \$58 million \$57 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$108 \$159 million and \$115 \$172 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Additionally, in the three months ended June 30, 2023, we retired approximately \$8 million of fully amortized intangible assets, all of which were included in developed technology; and in the six months ended June 30, 2023, we retired approximately \$92 million of fully amortized intangible assets, of which \$65 million and \$27 million were included in customer lists and user base and developed technology, respectively.

Expected future intangible asset amortization as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was as follows (in millions):

Fiscal years:

Remaining 2024
Remaining 2024
Remaining 2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
Total
Total
Total

NOTE 6—LEASES

PayPal enters into various leases, which are primarily real estate operating leases. We use these properties for executive and administrative offices, data centers, product development offices, and customer services and operations centers. PayPal also enters into computer equipment finance leases.

While a majority of our lease agreements do not contain an explicit interest rate, certain of our lease agreements are subject to changes based on the Consumer Price Index or another referenced index. In the event of changes to the relevant index, lease liabilities are not remeasured and instead are treated as variable lease payments and recognized in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred.

The short-term lease exemption has been adopted for all leases with a duration of less than 12 months.

PayPal's lease portfolio includes a small number of subleases. A sublease situation can arise when currently leased real estate space is available and is surplus to operational requirements.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,						
	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
	(In millions)									
Operating lease expense										
Sublease income										
Sublease income										
Sublease income										
Total lease expense, net ⁽¹⁾										

⁽¹⁾ During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, finance lease expense was de minimis.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,
	Three Months Ended June 30,
	Three Months Ended June 30,
	Three Months Ended September 30,
	Three Months Ended September 30,
	Three Months Ended September 30,
	2024
	2024
	2024
	(In millions)
	(In millions)
	(In millions)

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:
Operating cash flows from operating leases
Operating cash flows from operating leases
Operating cash flows from operating leases
Financing cash flows from finance leases
Financing cash flows from finance leases
Financing cash flows from finance leases
Right-of-use ("ROU") lease assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities
Right-of-use ("ROU") lease assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities
Right-of-use ("ROU") lease assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities
ROU lease assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities
ROU lease assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities
ROU lease assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities
Other non-cash ROU lease asset activity ⁽¹⁾
Other non-cash ROU lease asset activity ⁽¹⁾
Other non-cash ROU lease asset activity ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ ROU lease asset impairment. Refer to "Note 17—Restructuring and Other" for further details.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

		June 30, 2024		December 31, 2023						
		September 30, 2024		December 31, 2023						
(In millions, except weighted-average figures)										
	Operating leases ⁽¹⁾	Finance leases ⁽²⁾	Operating leases ⁽¹⁾	Finance leases ⁽²⁾	Operating leases ⁽¹⁾	Finance leases ⁽²⁾				
ROU lease assets										
Current lease liabilities										
Long-term lease liabilities										
Total lease liabilities										
Weighted-average remaining lease term										
Weighted-average discount rate	Weighted-average discount rate	4 %	5 %	4 %	— %	Weighted-average discount rate	4 %	5 %	4 %	— %

(1) ROU assets for operating leases are included in "other assets" and lease liabilities for operating leases are included in "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "other long-term liabilities" on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

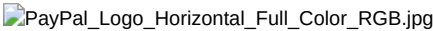
(2) ROU assets for finance leases are included in "property and equipment, net" and lease liabilities for finance leases are included in "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "other long-term liabilities" on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Future minimum lease payments for our leases as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 were as follows:

	Operating leases	Operating leases		Finance leases	Operating leases	Finance leases
Fiscal years:	Fiscal years:	(In millions)	Fiscal years:	(In millions)		
Remaining 2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
Thereafter						
Thereafter						
Thereafter						
Total						
Less: present value discount						
Lease liability						

Operating lease amounts include minimum lease payments under our non-cancelable operating leases primarily for office and data center facilities. Finance lease amounts include minimum lease payments under our non-cancelable finance leases primarily for computer equipment. The amounts presented are consistent with contractual terms and are not expected to differ significantly from actual results under our existing leases.

As of June 30, 2024, we have additional operating leases, primarily for data centers, which will commence in the third quarter of 2024 or later with minimum lease payments aggregating to \$4 million and lease terms ranging from one to five years. As of June 30, 2024, we have additional finance leases for computer equipment, which will commence in the third quarter of 2024 or later with minimum lease payments aggregating to \$21 million and lease terms of five years.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

NOTE 7—OTHER FINANCIAL STATEMENT DETAILS


CRYPTO ASSET SAFEGUARDING LIABILITY AND CORRESPONDING SAFEGUARDING ASSET

We allow our customers in certain markets to buy, hold, sell, convert, receive, and send certain cryptocurrencies as well as use the proceeds from sales of cryptocurrencies to pay for purchases at checkout. These cryptocurrencies consist of Bitcoin, Ethereum, Bitcoin Cash, Litecoin, and PayPal USD stablecoin (collectively, "our customers' crypto assets"). We engage third parties, which are licensed trust companies, to provide certain custodial services, including holding our customers' cryptographic key information, securing our customers' crypto assets, and protecting them from loss or theft, including indemnification against certain types of losses such as theft. Our third-party custodians hold the crypto assets in a custodial account in PayPal's name for the benefit of PayPal's customers. We maintain the internal recordkeeping of our customers' crypto assets, including the amount and type of crypto asset owned by each of our customers in that custodial account. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, we utilize two third-party custodians; as such, there is concentration risk in the event these custodians are not able to perform in accordance with our agreements.

Due to the unique risks associated with cryptocurrencies, including technological, legal, and regulatory risks, we recognize a crypto asset safeguarding liability to reflect our obligation to safeguard the crypto assets held for the benefit of our customers, which is recorded in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. We also recognize a corresponding safeguarding asset, which is recorded in prepaid expenses and other current assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The crypto asset safeguarding liability and corresponding safeguarding asset are measured and recorded at fair value on a recurring basis using quoted prices for the underlying crypto assets on the active exchange that we have identified as the principal market at the balance sheet date. The corresponding safeguarding asset may be adjusted for loss events, as applicable. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had not incurred any safeguarding loss events, and therefore, the crypto asset safeguarding liability and corresponding safeguarding asset were recorded at the same value.

The following table summarizes the significant crypto assets we hold for the benefit of our customers and the crypto asset safeguarding liability and corresponding safeguarding asset as of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(In millions)	
Bitcoin		
Ethereum		
Other		
Crypto asset safeguarding liability		
Crypto asset safeguarding asset		

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

17

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated balances of other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**:

Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment ("CTA")	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment ("CTA")	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total
(In millions)												

Beginning balance
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications
Less: Amount of net gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI")
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)
Ending balance

The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated balances of other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**:

Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available- for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign CTA	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign CTA	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total
(In millions)												

Beginning balance
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications
Less: Amount of net gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI

Net current period
other comprehensive
income (loss)
Ending balance

The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated balances of other comprehensive income (loss) for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**:

Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available- for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign CTA	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign CTA	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total
(In millions)												
Beginning balance												
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications												
Less: Amount of net gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI												
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)												
Ending balance												



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated balances of other comprehensive income (loss) for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**:

Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available- for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign CTA	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Cash Flow Hedges	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Available-for-sale Debt Securities	Foreign CTA	Net Investment Hedges CTA Gains (Losses)	Estimated Tax (Expense) Benefit	Total
(In millions)												
Beginning balance												
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications												
Less: Amount of net gain (loss) reclassified from AOCI												
Net current period other comprehensive income (loss)												
Ending balance												

The following table provides details about reclassifications out of AOCI for the periods presented below:

	Amount of Gains (Losses) Reclassified from AOCI						Affected Line Item in the Statements of Income (Loss)	Amount of Gains (Losses) Reclassified from AOCI								
Details about AOCI Components	Details about AOCI Components							Details about AOCI Components								
		Three Months Ended June 30,														
		Three Months Ended September 30,														
		2024														
		2024														
		2024														
		(In millions)														
		(In millions)														
		(In millions)														
Net gains (losses) on cash flow hedges—foreign currency exchange contracts																
Net gains (losses) on cash flow hedges—foreign currency exchange contracts																
Net gains (losses) on cash flow hedges—foreign currency exchange contracts			\$22	\$	\$34	\$	\$22	\$	110	Net revenues		Net revenues		\$ (12)	\$	\$7
Net gains (losses) on investments	Net gains (losses) on investments	1	—	—	(41)	(41)	(23)	(23)	Net revenues		Net revenues	Net gains (losses) on investments	—	—		
Net gains (losses) on investments	Net gains (losses) on investments	—	—	—	—	—	(2)	(2)	Other income (expense), net		Other income (expense), net	Net gains (losses) on investments	—	—		
		23		34		(19)		85			Income before income taxes					
		(12)		7		(31)		92			Income before income taxes					
											Income tax expense	Income tax expense				
Total reclassifications for the period	Total reclassifications for the period	\$23	\$	\$34	\$	\$(19)	\$	85	Net income (loss)		Net income (loss)	Total reclassifications for the period	\$ (12)	\$	\$7	

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE), NET

The following table reconciles the components of other income (expense), net for the periods presented below:

Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)							

Interest income
Interest expense
Net gains (losses) on strategic investments
Other

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

NOTE 8—CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, FUNDS RECEIVABLE AND CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The following table summarizes the assets underlying our cash and cash equivalents, funds receivable and customer accounts, short-term investments, and long-term investments as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(In millions)			
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾				
Funds receivable and customer accounts:				
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽²⁾				
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽²⁾				
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽²⁾				
Time deposits				
Available-for-sale debt securities				
Funds receivable				
Total funds receivable and customer accounts				
Short-term investments:				
Time deposits				
Time deposits				
Time deposits				
Available-for-sale debt securities				
Restricted cash				
Strategic investments				
Total short-term investments				
Long-term investments:				
Time deposits				
Time deposits				
Time deposits				
Available-for-sale debt securities				
Strategic investments				
Strategic investments				
Strategic investments				
Total long-term investments				

⁽¹⁾ Includes \$85 \$70 million and \$777 million of available-for-sale debt securities with original maturities of three months or less as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Includes \$51 \$49 million and \$399 million of available-for-sale debt securities with original maturities of three months or less as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the estimated fair value of our available-for-sale debt securities included within cash and cash equivalents, funds receivable and customer accounts, short-term investments, and long-term investments was as follows:

	June 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾			September 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾				
	Gross Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value	Gross Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
(In millions)								
Cash and cash equivalents:								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
Funds receivable and customer accounts:								
Funds receivable and customer accounts:								
Commercial paper								
Commercial paper								
Commercial paper								
Funds receivable and customer accounts:								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
Foreign government and agency securities								
Corporate debt securities								
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities								
Municipal securities								
Commercial paper								
Short-term investments:								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
Foreign government and agency securities								
Corporate debt securities								
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities								
Commercial paper								
Long-term investments:								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
U.S. government and agency securities								
Foreign government and agency securities								
Corporate debt securities								
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities								
Total available-for-sale debt securities ⁽²⁾								

⁽¹⁾ "—" Denotes gross unrealized gain or unrealized loss of less than \$1 million in a given position.

⁽²⁾ Excludes foreign currency denominated available-for-sale debt securities accounted for under the fair value option. Refer to "Note 9—Fair Value Measurement of Assets and Liabilities."


PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

December 31, 2023 ⁽¹⁾				
	Gross Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
(In millions)				
Cash and cash equivalents:				
U.S. government and agency securities	\$ 428	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 428
Commercial paper	349	—	—	349
Funds receivable and customer accounts:				
U.S. government and agency securities	8,549	8	(79)	8,478
Foreign government and agency securities	620	—	(8)	612
Corporate debt securities	1,507	—	(18)	1,489
Asset-backed securities	1,421	4	(2)	1,423
Municipal securities	639	1	(2)	638
Commercial paper	2,846	4	(1)	2,849
Short-term investments:				
U.S. government and agency securities	632	—	(9)	623
Foreign government and agency securities	353	—	(6)	347
Corporate debt securities	1,494	1	(13)	1,482
Asset-backed securities	719	3	(4)	718
Commercial paper	1,678	1	(1)	1,678
Long-term investments:				
U.S. government and agency securities	188	—	(8)	180
Foreign government and agency securities	33	—	(1)	32
Corporate debt securities	424	—	(6)	418
Asset-backed securities	759	2	—	761
Total available-for-sale debt securities ⁽²⁾	\$ 22,639	\$ 24	\$ (158)	\$ 22,505

⁽¹⁾ "—" Denotes gross unrealized gain or unrealized loss of less than \$1 million in a given position.

⁽²⁾ Excludes foreign currency denominated available-for-sale debt securities accounted for under the fair value option. Refer to "Note 9—Fair Value Measurement of Assets and Liabilities."

Gross amortized cost and estimated fair value balances exclude accrued interest receivable on available-for-sale debt securities, which totaled \$146 million \$159 million and \$101 million at June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and were included in other current assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

22

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the gross unrealized losses and estimated fair value of our available-for-sale debt securities included within cash and cash equivalents, funds receivable and customer accounts, short-term investments, and long-term investments for which an allowance for credit losses was not deemed necessary in the current period, aggregated by the length of time those individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, was as follows:

June 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾				September 30, 2024 ⁽¹⁾			
Less than 12 months	Less than 12 months	12 months or longer	Total	Less than 12 months	12 months or longer	Total	Total

	Gross Unrealized Losses		Gross Unrealized Losses		Gross Unrealized Losses		Gross Unrealized Losses		Gross Unrealized Losses		Gross Unrealized Losses
Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value		Fair Value	

(In millions)

Cash and cash equivalents:
Commercial paper
Commercial paper
Funds receivable and customer accounts:
Funds receivable and customer accounts:
Commercial paper
Funds receivable and customer accounts:
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities
Municipal securities
Commercial paper
Short-term investments:
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Corporate debt securities
Corporate debt securities
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities
Commercial paper
Long-term investments:
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities
Total available-for-sale debt securities


(1) "—" Denotes gross unrealized loss or fair value of less than \$1 million in a given position.

	December 31, 2023 ⁽¹⁾					
	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Gross		Gross		Gross	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
(In millions)						
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Commercial paper	\$ 349	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 349	\$ —
Funds receivable and customer accounts:						
U.S. government and agency securities	2,626	(8)	3,917	(71)	6,543	(79)
Foreign government and agency securities	36	—	451	(8)	487	(8)
Corporate debt securities	100	—	1,364	(18)	1,464	(18)
Asset-backed securities	253	—	473	(2)	726	(2)
Municipal securities	196	(1)	156	(1)	352	(2)
Commercial paper	1,088	(1)	—	—	1,088	(1)
Short-term investments:						
U.S. government and agency securities	—	—	296	(9)	296	(9)
Foreign government and agency securities	—	—	347	(6)	347	(6)
Corporate debt securities	194	—	797	(13)	991	(13)
Asset-backed securities	131	—	144	(4)	275	(4)
Commercial paper	737	(1)	—	—	737	(1)
Long-term investments:						
U.S. government and agency securities	—	—	180	(8)	180	(8)
Foreign government and agency securities	—	—	32	(1)	32	(1)
Corporate debt securities	120	—	120	(6)	240	(6)
Asset-backed securities	109	—	195	—	304	—
Total available-for-sale debt securities	\$ 5,939	\$ (11)	\$ 8,472	\$ (147)	\$ 14,411	\$ (158)

(1) "—" Denotes gross unrealized loss or fair value of less than \$1 million in a given position.

Unrealized losses have not been recognized into income as we neither intend to sell, nor anticipate that it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell, the securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis. The decline in fair value ~~is~~ **was** due primarily to changes in market interest rates, rather than credit losses. We will continue to monitor the performance of the investment portfolio and assess whether impairment due to expected credit losses has occurred.

During the three months ended ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024**, we received ~~\$8.9~~ **\$7.2** billion in proceeds from the sale and maturity of available-for-sale debt securities, ~~incurring and incurred~~ gross realized gains and losses which were de minimis. During the ~~six~~ **nine** months ended ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024**, we received ~~\$20.2~~ **\$27.4** billion in proceeds from the sale and maturity of available-for-sale debt securities, ~~incurring and incurred~~ gross realized losses of ~~\$42 million~~ **\$43 million** and gains which were de minimis. During the three months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~ **September 30, 2023**, we received ~~\$5.0 billion~~ **\$5.6 billion** in proceeds from the sale and maturity of available-for-sale debt securities, ~~incurring and incurred~~ gross realized gains and losses which were de minimis. During the ~~six~~ **nine** months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~ **September 30, 2023**, we received ~~\$11.4~~ **\$17.0** billion in proceeds from the sale and maturity of available-for-sale debt securities, ~~incurring and incurred~~ gross realized losses of \$25 million and gains which were de minimis. Gross realized gains and losses were determined using the specific identification method.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

24

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Our available-for-sale debt securities included within cash and cash equivalents, funds receivable and customer accounts, short-term investments, and long-term investments classified by date of contractual maturity were as follows:

June 30, 2024		September 30, 2024	
Amortized Cost	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost
			Fair Value

(In millions)

One year or less

After one year through five years

After five years through ten years

After ten years

Total

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities as certain securities may be prepaid.

Supplemental cash flow information related to investments

Non-cash investing transactions that are not reflected in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 include the purchase of investments net of sale, \$75 million that have not yet settled of \$126 million. settled.

STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS

Our strategic investments include marketable equity securities, which are publicly traded, and non-marketable equity securities, which are primarily investments in privately held companies. Our marketable equity securities have readily determinable fair values and are recorded as long-term investments on our condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value with changes in fair value recorded in other income (expense), net on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). Marketable equity securities totaled \$15.17 million and \$24 million as of June 30, 2024, September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Our non-marketable equity securities are recorded in as short-term and long-term investments on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The carrying value of our non-marketable equity securities totaled \$1.7 billion and \$1.8 billion as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had non-marketable equity securities of \$202 million \$208 million and \$182 million, respectively, for which we have the ability to exercise significant influence, but not control, over the investee. We account for these equity securities using the equity method of accounting. The remaining non-marketable equity securities do not have a readily determinable fair value and we measure these equity investments at cost minus impairment, if any, and adjust for changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment in the same issuer (the "Measurement Alternative"). All gains and losses on these investments, realized and unrealized, and our share of earnings or losses from investments accounted for using the equity method are recognized in other income (expense), net on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss).

Measurement Alternative adjustments

The adjustments to the carrying value of our non-marketable equity securities accounted for under the Measurement Alternative in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,					
	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2024	2023				2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	(In millions)										

Carrying amount, beginning of period

Adjustments related to non-marketable equity securities:

Net additions(1)

Net additions⁽¹⁾Net additions⁽¹⁾

Gross unrealized gains

Gross unrealized losses and impairments

Carrying amount, end of period

(1) Net additions include purchases, reductions due to sales of securities, and reclassifications when the Measurement Alternative is subsequently elected or no longer applies.

The following table summarizes the cumulative gross unrealized gains and cumulative gross unrealized losses and impairment related to non-marketable equity securities accounted for under the Measurement Alternative held at **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, respectively:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023

(In millions)

Cumulative gross unrealized gains
Cumulative gross unrealized losses and impairments

Unrealized gains (losses) on strategic investments, excluding those accounted for using the equity method

The following table summarizes the net unrealized gains (losses) on marketable and non-marketable equity securities, excluding those accounted for using the equity method, held at **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023, respectively:

Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023

(In millions)

Net unrealized gains (losses)

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

NOTE 9—FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AND RECORDED AT FAIR VALUE ON A RECURRING BASIS

The following tables summarize our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023:

	June 30, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	September 30, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)
--	---------------	---	---	--------------------	---	---

(In millions)

Assets:	Assets:	Assets:
---------	---------	---------

Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Commercial paper
Commercial paper
Commercial paper

Short-term investments ⁽²⁾ :
Short-term investments ⁽²⁾ :
Short-term investments ⁽²⁾ :
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities

Commercial paper
Total short-term investments
Total short-term investments
Total short-term investments
Funds receivable and customer accounts ⁽³⁾ :
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities
Municipal securities
Commercial paper
Total funds receivable and customer accounts
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Crypto asset safeguarding asset ⁽⁴⁾
Long-term investments ^{(2),(5)} :
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities
Marketable equity securities
Total long-term investments
Total financial assets
Liabilities:
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Crypto asset safeguarding liability ⁽⁴⁾
Total financial liabilities

⁽¹⁾ Excludes cash of \$7.6 billion \$7.2 billion not measured and recorded at fair value.

⁽²⁾ Excludes restricted cash of \$3 million \$1 million and time deposits of \$266 million \$201 million not measured and recorded at fair value.

⁽³⁾ Excludes cash, time deposits, and funds receivable of \$23.3 billion \$24.4 billion underlying funds receivable and customer accounts not measured and recorded at fair value.

⁽⁴⁾ Derivative assets and liabilities are included within "prepaid expenses and other current assets" and "other assets" and "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "other long-term liabilities," respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Crypto safeguarding asset and associated liability are recorded within "prepaid expenses and other current assets" and "accrued expenses and other current liabilities," respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

⁽⁵⁾ Excludes non-marketable equity securities of \$1.8 billion \$1.7 billion measured using the Measurement Alternative or equity method accounting.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.					
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)					
(Unaudited)					
	December 31, 2023	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	December 31, 2023	
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)
					Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)
(In millions)					



Assets:	Assets:	Assets:
---------	---------	---------

Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Commercial paper
Money market fund
Total cash and cash equivalents
Short-term investments ⁽²⁾ :
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Asset-backed securities
Commercial paper
Total short-term investments
Funds receivable and customer accounts ⁽³⁾ :
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Asset-backed securities
Municipal securities
Commercial paper
Total funds receivable and customer accounts
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Crypto asset safeguarding asset ⁽⁴⁾
Long-term investments ^{(2), (5)} :
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
U.S. government and agency securities
Foreign government and agency securities
Corporate debt securities
Asset-backed securities
Marketable equity securities
Total long-term investments
Total financial assets

Liabilities:
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Derivatives ⁽⁴⁾
Crypto asset safeguarding liability ⁽⁴⁾
Total financial liabilities

⁽¹⁾ Excludes cash of \$8.1 billion not measured and recorded at fair value.

⁽²⁾ Excludes restricted cash of \$3 million and time deposits of \$173 million not measured and recorded at fair value.

⁽³⁾ Excludes cash, time deposits, and funds receivable of \$22.8 billion underlying funds receivable and customer accounts not measured and recorded at fair value.

⁽⁴⁾ Derivative assets and liabilities are included within "prepaid expenses and other current assets" and "other assets" and "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" and "other long-term liabilities," respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Crypto safeguarding asset and associated liability are recorded within "prepaid expenses and other current assets" and "accrued expenses and other current liabilities," respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

⁽⁵⁾ Excludes non-marketable equity securities of \$1.8 billion measured using the Measurement Alternative or equity method accounting.

Our marketable equity securities financial assets classified within Level 1 are valued using quoted prices for identical assets in active markets (Level 1). There are no active markets for our crypto asset safeguarding liability or the corresponding safeguarding asset. Accordingly, we have valued the asset and liability using quoted prices on the active exchange that we have identified as the principal market for the underlying crypto assets (Level 2). All other financial assets and liabilities are valued using quoted prices for identical instruments in less active markets, readily available pricing sources for comparable instruments, or models using market observable inputs (Level 2).

As of **June 30, 2024**, **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, we did not have any assets or liabilities requiring measurement at fair value on a recurring basis with significant unobservable inputs that would require a high level of judgment to determine fair value (Level 3).

We elect to account for available-for-sale debt securities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our subsidiaries under the fair value option. Election of the fair value option allows us to recognize any gains and losses from fair value changes on such investments in other income (expense), net on the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) to significantly reduce the accounting asymmetry that would otherwise arise when recognizing the corresponding foreign exchange gains and losses relating to customer liabilities. The following table summarizes the estimated fair value and amortized cost of our available-for-sale debt securities under the fair value option as of **June 30, 2024**, **September 30, 2024** and **December 31, 2023**:

Funds receivable and customer accounts

The following table summarizes the gains (losses) from fair value changes recognized in other income (expense), net related to the available-for-sale debt securities under the fair value option for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023:

Funds receivable and customer accounts

ASSETS MEASURED AND RECORDED AT FAIR VALUE ON A NON-RECURRING BASIS

The following tables summarize our assets held as of **June 30, 2024**, **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023 for which a non-recurring fair value measurement was recorded during the **six nine months ended** **June 30, 2024**, **September 30, 2024** and the year ended December 31, 2023, respectively:

Loans and interest receivable, held for saleNon-marketable equity securities measured using the Measurement Alternative⁽¹⁾

Total	
Total	

Total

(1) Excludes non-marketable equity securities of \$1.6 billion \$1.0 billion accounted for under the Measurement Alternative for which no observable price changes occurred during the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024.

PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

29

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

	December 31, 2023	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	(In millions)		
Loans and interest receivable, held for sale ⁽¹⁾	\$ 563	\$ —	\$ 563
Non-marketable equity investments measured using the Measurement Alternative ⁽²⁾	440	131	309
Other assets ⁽³⁾	112	112	—
Total	\$ 1,115	\$ 243	\$ 872

(1) As of December 31, 2023, loans and interest receivable, held for sale were valued using a price-based model. The price was the significant unobservable input and was determined based upon certain loan and risk classifications of the portfolio. Low, high and weighted average prices were all \$0.99, measured in relation to \$1.00 par.

(2) Excludes non-marketable equity securities of \$1.2 billion accounted for under the Measurement Alternative for which no observable price changes occurred during the year ended December 31, 2023.

(3) Consists of ROU lease assets recorded at fair value pursuant to impairment charges that occurred during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Beginning with the first quarter of 2024, we measure loans and interest receivable, held for sale using observable inputs, such as the most recent executed prices for comparable loans sold to the global investment firm. Accordingly, loans and interest receivable, held for sale are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. Refer to "Note 11—Loans and interest receivable" for additional information on loans and interest receivable, held for sale.

We measure the non-marketable equity securities accounted for under the Measurement Alternative at cost minus impairment, if any, adjusted for observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment in the same issuer. Non-marketable equity securities that have been remeasured during the period based on observable price changes are classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy because we estimate the fair value based on valuation methods which only include significant inputs that are observable, such as the observable transaction price at the transaction date. The fair value of non-marketable equity securities are classified within Level 3 when we estimate fair value using significant unobservable inputs such as when we remeasure due to impairment and use discount rates, forecasted cash flows, and market data of comparable companies, among others.

We evaluate ROU assets related to leases for indicators of impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an ROU asset may not be recoverable. Impairment losses on ROU lease assets related to office operating leases are calculated using estimated rental income per square foot derived from observable market data, and the impaired asset is classified within Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES NOT MEASURED AND RECORDED AT FAIR VALUE

Our financial instruments, including cash, restricted cash, time deposits, reverse repurchase agreements, loans and interest receivable, net, certain customer accounts, and long-term debt related to borrowings on our credit facilities, are carried at amortized cost, which approximates their fair value. Our notes receivable had a carrying value of approximately \$513 million \$521 million and fair value of approximately \$472 \$506 million as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024. Our notes receivable had a carrying value of approximately \$513 million and fair value of approximately \$474 million as of December 31, 2023. Our term debt (including current portion) in the form of fixed rate notes had a carrying value of approximately \$11.7 billion \$11.8 billion and fair value of approximately \$10.9 billion \$10.2 billion as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024. Our term debt (including current portion) in the form of fixed rate notes had a carrying value of approximately \$10.6 billion and fair value of approximately \$10.0 billion as of December 31, 2023. If these financial instruments were measured at fair value in the financial statements, cash would be classified as Level 1; restricted cash, time deposits, reverse repurchase agreements, certain customer accounts, and term debt (including current portion) would be classified as Level 2; and the remaining financial instruments would be classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

30

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

NOTE 10—DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**SUMMARY OF DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

Our primary objective in holding derivatives is to reduce the volatility of earnings and cash flows associated with changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Our derivatives expose us to credit risk to the extent that our counterparties may be unable to meet the terms of the arrangement. We seek to mitigate such risk by limiting our counterparties to, and by spreading the risk across, major financial institutions and by entering into collateral security arrangements. In addition, the potential risk of loss with any one counterparty resulting from this type of credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. We do not use any derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Cash flow hedges

We have significant international revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies, which subjects us to foreign currency exchange risk. We have a foreign currency exposure management program in which we designate certain foreign currency exchange contracts, generally with maturities of 12 months or less, to reduce the volatility of cash flows primarily related to forecasted revenues and expenses denominated in certain foreign currencies. The objective of these foreign currency exchange contracts is to help mitigate the risk that the U.S. dollar-equivalent cash flows are adversely affected by changes in the applicable U.S. dollar/foreign currency exchange rate. These derivative instruments are designated as cash flow hedges and accordingly, the derivative's gain or loss is initially reported as a component of AOCI and subsequently reclassified into revenue or applicable expense line item in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in the same period the forecasted transaction affects earnings. We evaluate the effectiveness of our foreign currency exchange contracts on a quarterly basis by comparing the critical terms of the derivative instruments with the critical terms of the forecasted cash flows of the hedged item; if the critical terms are the same, we conclude the hedge will be perfectly effective. We do not exclude any component of the changes in fair value of the derivative instruments from the assessment of hedge effectiveness. We report cash flows arising from derivative instruments consistent with the classification of cash flows from the underlying hedged items that these derivatives are hedging. Accordingly, the cash flows associated with derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are classified in cash flows from operating activities on our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, we estimated that **\$43 million** **\$106 million** of net derivative **gains** **losses** related to our cash flow hedges included in AOCI are expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months. During the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023, we did not discontinue any cash flow hedges because it was probable that the original forecasted transaction would not occur and as such, did not reclassify any gains or losses to earnings prior to the occurrence of the hedged transaction. If we elect to discontinue our cash flow hedges and it is probable that the original forecasted transaction will occur, we continue to report the derivative's gain or loss in AOCI until the forecasted transaction affects earnings, at which point we also reclassify it into earnings. Gains and losses on derivatives held after we discontinue our cash flow hedges and on derivative instruments that are not designated as cash flow hedges are recorded in the same financial statement line item to which the derivative relates.

Net investment hedges

We use forward foreign currency exchange contracts to reduce the foreign currency exchange risk related to our investment in certain foreign subsidiaries. These derivatives are designated as net investment hedges and accordingly, the gains and losses on the portion of the derivatives included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness is recorded in AOCI as part of foreign currency translation. We exclude forward points from the assessment of hedge effectiveness and recognize them in other income (expense), net on a straight-line basis over the life of the hedge. The accumulated gains and losses associated with these instruments will remain in AOCI until the foreign subsidiaries are sold or substantially liquidated, at which point they will be reclassified into earnings. The cash flows associated with derivatives designated as a net investment hedge are classified in cash flows from investing activities on our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

We have not reclassified any gains or losses related to net investment hedges from AOCI into earnings for any of the periods presented.

**PayPal Holdings, Inc.**
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)
Foreign currency exchange contracts not designated as hedging instruments

We have a foreign currency exposure management program in which we use foreign currency exchange contracts to offset the foreign currency exchange risk of our assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our subsidiaries. These contracts are not designated as hedging instruments and reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements on our assets and liabilities. The gains and losses due to remeasurement of certain foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are recorded in other income (expense), net, which are offset by the gains and losses on these foreign currency exchange contracts. The cash flows associated with our non-designated derivatives used to hedge foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are classified in cash flows from operating activities on our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

FAIR VALUE OF DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS

The fair value of our outstanding derivative instruments as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Balance Sheet Location	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	Balance Sheet Location	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
(In millions)						
Derivative Assets:						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts not designated as hedging instruments						
Total derivative assets						
Derivative Liabilities:						
Derivative Liabilities:						
Derivative Liabilities:						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts not designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts not designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency exchange contracts not designated as hedging instruments						
Total derivative liabilities						

MASTER NETTING AGREEMENTS - RIGHTS OF SET-OFF

Under master netting agreements with certain counterparties to our foreign currency exchange derivative contracts, repurchase agreements, and reverse repurchase agreements, subject to applicable requirements, we are allowed to net settle transactions of the same type with a single net amount payable by one party to the other. However, we have PayPal has not elected to offset for balance sheet presentation and we present the derivative assets, and derivative liabilities, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements on a gross basis on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Rights of set-off associated with our foreign currency exchange derivative contracts represented a potential offset to both assets and liabilities of \$30 million \$19 million as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and \$38 million as of December 31, 2023.

We have entered into collateral security arrangements with certain counterparties that provide for collateral to be received or posted when the net fair value of certain financial instruments fluctuates from contractually established thresholds. Receivables related to cash collateral posted and payables related to cash collateral received are recognized in other current assets and other current liabilities, respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The following table provides the collateral posted and received:

	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
(In millions)				
Cash collateral posted ⁽¹⁾				
Cash collateral received ⁽²⁾				
Non-cash collateral received ⁽¹⁾				

⁽¹⁾ Right to reclaim cash Non-cash collateral is related to our derivative liabilities recognized reverse repurchase agreements and is not included in other current assets on our the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

⁽²⁾ Obligation to return sheet unless the counterparty cash collateral related to our derivative assets recognized in other current liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. defaults.



EFFECT OF DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS ON CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following tables provide the location in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) and amount of recognized gains or losses related to our derivative instruments:

	Three Months Ended June 30,
	Three Months Ended June 30,
	Three Months Ended June 30,
	Three Months Ended September 30,
	Three Months Ended September 30,
	Three Months Ended September 30,
(In millions)	
(In millions)	
(In millions)	

Net revenues

Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in which the effects of cash flow hedges and net investment hedges are recorded
Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in which the effects of cash flow hedges and net investment hedges are recorded
Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in which the effects of cash flow hedges and net investment hedges are recorded
Gains (losses) on derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship:
Gains (losses) on derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship:
Gains (losses) on derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship:
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts reclassified from AOCI
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts reclassified from AOCI
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts reclassified from AOCI
Gains (losses) on derivatives in net investment hedging relationship:
Gains (losses) on derivatives in net investment hedging relationship:
Gains (losses) on derivatives in net investment hedging relationship:
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness
Gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:
Gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:
Gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign currency exchange contracts
Total net gains (losses)
Total net gains (losses)
Total net gains (losses)

	Six Months Ended June 30,
	Six Months Ended June 30,
	Six Months Ended June 30,
	Nine Months Ended September 30,
	Nine Months Ended September 30,
	Nine Months Ended September 30,
(In millions)	
(In millions)	
(In millions)	

Net revenues

Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in which the effects of cash flow hedges and net investment hedges are recorded
Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in which the effects of cash flow hedges and net investment hedges are recorded

Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income (loss) in which the effects of cash flow hedges and net investment hedges are recorded

Gains (losses) on derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship:

Gains (losses) on derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship:

Gains (losses) on derivatives in cash flow hedging relationship:

Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts reclassified from AOCI
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts reclassified from AOCI
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts reclassified from AOCI

Gains (losses) on derivatives in net investment hedging relationship:

Gains (losses) on derivatives in net investment hedging relationship:

Gains (losses) on derivatives in net investment hedging relationship:

Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness

Gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:

Gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:

Gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:

Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts
Amount of net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts

Total net gains (losses)
Total net gains (losses)
Total net gains (losses)



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

The following table provides the amount of pre-tax unrealized gains or losses included in the assessment of hedge effectiveness related to our derivative instruments designated as hedging instruments that are recognized in other comprehensive income (loss):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended					
	June 30,		June 30,					
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,		September 30,					
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)								

Unrealized net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts designated as cash flow hedges
Unrealized net gains (losses) on foreign exchange contracts designated as net investment hedges
Total unrealized net gains (losses) recognized from derivative contracts designated as hedging instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income (loss)

NOTIONAL AMOUNTS OF DERIVATIVE CONTRACTS

Derivative transactions are measured in terms of the notional amount; however, this amount is not recorded on the balance sheet and is not, when viewed in isolation, a meaningful measure of the risk profile of the derivative instruments. The notional amount is generally not exchanged, but is used only as the underlying basis on which the value of foreign currency exchange payments under these contracts is determined. The following table provides the notional amounts of our outstanding derivatives:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023
	September 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023
(In millions)		

Foreign exchange contracts designated as hedging instruments
--

Foreign exchange contracts not designated as hedging instruments

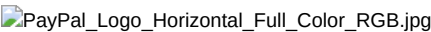
Total

NOTE 11—LOANS AND INTEREST RECEIVABLE

LOANS AND INTEREST RECEIVABLE, HELD FOR SALE

In June 2023, we entered into a multi-year agreement with a global investment firm to sell up to €40 billion of our eligible consumer installment receivables portfolio, including a forward-flow arrangement for the sale of future originations. Loans and interest receivable, held for sale are recorded at the lower of cost or fair value, determined on an aggregate basis, with valuation changes and any associated charge-offs recorded in restructuring and other on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). During the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, we reclassified approximately \$1.2 billion of eligible consumer installment receivables from loans and interest receivable, net to loans and interest receivable, held for sale.

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, loans and interest receivable, held for sale was \$369 million \$471 million and \$563 million, \$563 million, respectively. During the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, we sold \$9.6 \$14.7 billion of loans and interest receivable in connection with this agreement.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

LOANS AND INTEREST RECEIVABLE, NET

Consumer receivables

We offer revolving and installment credit products as a funding option for consumers in certain checkout transactions on our payments platform. Our revolving credit product consists of PayPal Credit in the U.K., which is made available to consumers as a funding source in their PayPal wallet once they are approved for credit. Additionally, we offer installment credit products at the time of checkout in various markets, including the U.S., several markets across Europe, Australia, and Japan. We offer non interest-bearing installment credit products in these markets as well as interest-bearing installment credit products in the U.S. and Germany. We purchase receivables related to interest-bearing installment loans extended to U.S. consumers by an independent chartered financial institution ("partner institution") and are responsible for the servicing functions related to that portfolio. During the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, we purchased approximately \$217 million \$390 million and \$514 million \$643 million in consumer receivables, respectively. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the outstanding balance of consumer receivables, which consisted of revolving and installment loans and interest receivable, was \$4.6 billion \$5.1 billion and \$4.8 billion, respectively, net of the participation interest sold to the partner institution of \$16 million and \$14 million, for both periods, respectively.

We closely monitor the credit quality of our consumer receivables to evaluate and manage our related exposure to credit risk. Credit risk management begins with initial underwriting and continues through the full repayment of a loan. To assess a consumer who requests a loan, we use, among other indicators, internally developed risk models using detailed information from external sources, such as credit bureaus where available, and internal data, including the consumer's prior repayment history with our credit products where available. We use delinquency status and trends to assist in making (or, for interest-bearing installment loans in the U.S., to assist the partner institution in making) new and ongoing credit decisions, to adjust our models, to plan our collection practices and strategies, and in determining our allowance for consumer loans and interest receivable.

Consumer receivables delinquency and allowance

The following tables present the delinquency status and gross charge-offs of consumer loans and interest receivable by year of origination. The amounts are based on the number of days past the billing date for revolving loans or contractual repayment date for installment loans. The "current" category represents balances that are within 29 days of the billing date or contractual repayment date, as applicable.

June 30, 2024		September 30, 2024	
Revolving	Revolving		
Loans	Loans		
Amortized	Amortized		
Cost	Cost		
Basis	Basis		
Revolving			
Loans			
Amortized			

[illegible]

35

December 31, 2023

	Revolving Loans Amortized Cost Basis	Installment Loans Amortized Cost Basis						Total	Percent				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019							
Consumer loans and interest receivable:													
Current	\$	2,225	\$	2,045	\$	289	\$	—	\$	—	\$	4,559	95.4%
30 - 59 Days		27		34		4		1		—		66	1.4%
60 - 89 Days		20		26		4		—		—		50	1.0%
90 - 179 Days		41		55		8		1		—		105	2.2%

©2024 Refinitiv. All rights reserved. Reproduction or redistribution of Refinitiv content, including by framing or similar means, is prohibited without the prior written consent of Refinitiv. 'Refinitiv' and the Refinitiv logo are registered trademarks of Refinitiv and its affiliated companies.

Total	\$ 2,313	\$ 2,160	\$ 305	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,780	100%
Gross charge-offs for the year ended December 31, 2023	\$ 125	\$ 101	\$ 140	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 371	

The following table summarizes the activity in the allowance for consumer loans and interest receivable for the ~~six~~ **nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023:

June 30, 2024				June 30, 2023							
September 30, 2024				September 30, 2023							
Consumer Loans Receivable	Consumer Loans Receivable	Interest Receivable	Total Allowance	Consumer Loans Receivable	Interest Receivable	Total Allowance ⁽¹⁾	Consumer Loans Receivable	Interest Receivable	Total Allowance	Consumer Loans Receivable	Interest Receivable Allowance ⁽¹⁾

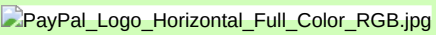
(In millions)											
Beginning balance											
Changes in allowance due to reclassification of loans and interest receivable to or from held for sale											
Provisions											
Charge-offs											
Recoveries											
Other ⁽²⁾											
Ending balance											

⁽¹⁾ Beginning balances, provisions and charge-offs include amounts related to loans and interest receivable prior to their reclassification to loan and interest receivable, held for sale.
⁽²⁾ Includes amounts related to foreign currency remeasurement.

The provision for the ~~six~~ **nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** for our consumer receivable portfolio was primarily attributable to loan originations during the period for installment loans in Japan and revolving loans in the U.K. **Qualitative adjustments**

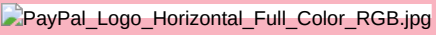
Charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 were made to account for limitations in our current expected credit loss models lower than the same period of the prior year due to uncertain macroeconomic conditions and financial health improvement of our borrowers. the credit quality of the portfolio.

The provision for current expected credit losses relating to our consumer receivable portfolio is recognized in transaction and credit losses on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). The provision for interest receivable for interest earned on our consumer receivable portfolio is recognized in revenues from other value added services as a reduction to revenue. Loans receivable continue to accrue interest until they are charged off.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

We charge off consumer receivable balances in the month in which a customer's balance becomes 180 days past the billing date or contractual repayment date, except for the U.S. consumer interest-bearing installment receivables, which are charged off 120 days past the contractual repayment date. **Bankrupt accounts** **Accounts in bankruptcy** are charged off within 60 days after receipt of notification of bankruptcy. Charge-offs are recorded as a reduction to our allowance for loans and interest receivable and subsequent recoveries, if any, are recorded as an increase to the allowance for loans and interest receivable.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

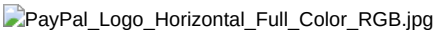
Merchant receivables

We offer access to merchant finance products for certain small and medium-sized businesses through our PayPal Working Capital ("PPWC") and PayPal Business Loan ("PPBL") products, which we collectively refer to as our merchant finance offerings. We purchase receivables related to credit extended to U.S. merchants by a partner institution and are responsible for the servicing functions related to that portfolio. During the ~~six~~ **nine** months ended ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024** and 2023, we purchased approximately ~~\$774 million~~ **\$1.2 billion** and ~~\$975 million~~ **\$1.3 billion** in merchant receivables, respectively. As of ~~June 30, 2024~~ **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the total outstanding balance in our pool of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable was ~~\$1.4 billion, and~~ **\$1.2 billion**, net of the participation interest sold to the partner institution of ~~\$43 million~~ **\$47 million** and \$44 million, respectively.

Through our PPWC product, merchants can borrow a certain percentage of their annual payment volume processed by PayPal and are charged a fixed fee for the loan or advance based on the overall credit assessment of the merchant. Loans and advances are repaid through a fixed percentage of the merchant's future payment volume that PayPal processes. Through our PPBL product, we provide merchants access to short-term business financing for a fixed fee based on an evaluation of the applying business as well as the business owner. PPBL repayments are collected through periodic payments until the balance has been satisfied.

The interest or fee is fixed at the time the loan or advance is extended and is recognized as deferred revenue in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The fixed interest or fee is amortized into revenues from other value added services based on the amount repaid over the repayment period. We estimate the repayment period for PPWC based on the merchant's payment processing history with PayPal. For PPWC, there is a general requirement that at least 10% of the original amount of the loan or advance plus the fixed fee must be repaid every 90 days. We calculate the repayment rate of the merchant's future payment volume so that repayment of the loan or advance and fixed fee is expected to generally occur within 9 to 12 months from the date of the loan or advance. On a monthly basis, we recalculate the repayment period based on the repayment activity on the receivable. As such, actual repayment periods are dependent on actual merchant payment processing volumes. For PPBL, we receive fixed periodic payments over the contractual term of the loan, which generally ranges from 3 to 12 months.

We actively monitor receivables with repayment periods greater than the original expected or contractual repayment period, as well as the credit quality of our merchant loans and advances that we extend or purchase, so that we can evaluate, quantify, and manage our credit risk exposure. To assess a merchant seeking a loan or advance, we use, among other indicators, risk models developed internally which utilize information obtained from multiple internal and external data sources to predict the likelihood of timely and satisfactory repayment by the merchant of the loan or advance amount and the related interest or fee. Primary drivers of the models include the merchant's annual payment volume, payment processing history with PayPal, prior repayment history with PayPal's credit products where available, information sourced from consumer and business credit bureau reports, and other information obtained during the application process. We use delinquency status and trends to assist in making (or, in the U.S., to assist the partner institution in making) ongoing credit decisions, to adjust our internal models, to plan our collection strategies, and in determining our allowance for these loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Merchant receivables delinquency and allowance

The following tables present the delinquency status and gross charge-offs of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable by year of origination. The amounts are based on the number of days past the expected or contractual repayment date for amounts outstanding. The "current" category represents balances that are within 29 days of the expected repayment date or contractual repayment date, as applicable.

		June 30, 2024								September 30, 2024					
		2024	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	Prior	Total	Percent		2024	2023		
Merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable:	Current														
	Current														
	Current	\$832	\$170	\$30	\$2	\$13	\$8	\$1,055	89.6%	89.6%	\$1,130	\$66	\$18		

30 - 59 Days	30 - 59 Days	19	25	25	7	7	—	—	1	1	1	1	53	53	4.5%	4.5%	30 - 59 Days	32	17	17										
60 - 89 Days	60 - 89 Days	5	13	13	5	5	—	—	1	1	—	—	24	24	2.0%	2.0%	60 - 89 Days	11	9	9										
90 - 179 Days	90 - 179 Days	4	25	25	8	8	1	1	1	1	—	—	39	39	3.3%	3.3%	90 - 179 Days	11	15	15										
180+ Days	180+ Days	—	3	3	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	6	0.6%	0.6%	180+ Days	—	4	4										
Total	Total	\$860	\$	\$	236	\$	\$	53	\$	\$	3	\$	\$	16	\$	\$	9	\$	\$	1,177	100%	100%	Total	\$1,184	\$	\$	111	\$	\$	35
Gross charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2024																														
Gross charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2024																														

December 31, 2023													
(In millions, except percentages)													
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Total	Percent						
Merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable:													
Current	\$	925	\$	74	\$	3	\$	22	\$	14	\$	1,038	87.0%
30 - 59 Days		37		16		2		2		1		58	4.9%
60 - 89 Days		16		12		1		1		1		31	2.5%
90 - 179 Days		27		28		1		1		1		58	4.9%
180+ Days		2		4		1		—		1		8	0.7%
Total	\$	1,007	\$	134	\$	8	\$	26	\$	18	\$	1,193	100%
Gross charge-offs for the year ended December 31, 2023	\$	38	\$	228	\$	14	\$	16	\$	4	\$	300	

The following table summarizes the activity in the allowance for merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable for the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023:

June 30, 2024				June 30, 2023			
September 30, 2024				September 30, 2023			
Merchant Loans and Advances	Merchant Loans and Advances	Interest and Fees Receivable	Total Allowance	Merchant Loans and Advances	Interest and Fees Receivable	Total Allowance	Merchant Loans and Advances
Interest and Fees Receivable	Total Allowance	Merchant Loans and Advances	Interest and Fees Receivable	Total Allowance	Merchant Loans and Advances	Interest and Fees Receivable	Total Allowance

Beginning balance
Provisions
Charge-offs
Recoveries
Ending balance

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

The provision for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** was primarily attributable to loan originations during the period partially offset by improvement in credit quality of the PPBL portfolio. **Qualitative adjustments were made due** **In the third quarter of 2024, we updated our expected credit loss model for our PPWC portfolio to uncertainty around reflect its current risk characteristics. These changes did not have a material impact on our provision recorded in the** **financial health of our borrowers, including the effectiveness of loan modification programs made available to merchants. period.**

The decrease in charge-offs for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** compared to the same period of the prior year was due to the decrease in originations in the second half of 2023 and improvement in credit quality of the PPBL portfolio.

For merchant loans and advances, the determination of delinquency is based on the current expected or contractual repayment period of the loan or advance and fixed interest or fee payment as compared to the original expected or contractual repayment period. We charge off the receivables outstanding under our PPBL product when the repayments are 180 days past the contractual repayment date. We charge off the receivables outstanding under our PPWC product when the repayments are 180 days past our expectation of repayments and the merchant has not made a payment in the last 60 days, or when the repayments are 360 days past due regardless of whether the merchant has made a payment in the last 60 days. **Bankrupt accounts** **Accounts in bankruptcy** are charged off within 60 days after receipt of notification of bankruptcy. The provision for credit losses on merchant loans and advances is recognized in transaction and credit losses on our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss), and the provision for interest and fees receivable is recognized as a reduction of deferred revenue in accrued expenses and other current liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Charge-offs are recorded as a reduction to our allowance for loans and interest receivable and subsequent recoveries, if any, are recorded as an increase to the allowance for loans and interest receivable.

NOTE 12—DEBT

FIXED RATE NOTES

In May 2024, we issued fixed rate notes with varying maturity dates for an aggregate principal amount of \$1.3 billion. Interest on these notes is payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2024.

In June 2023, May 2022, May 2020, and September 2019, we issued fixed rate notes with varying maturity dates for an aggregate principal amount of ¥90 billion (approximately **\$559 million** **\$633 million** as of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**), \$3.0 billion, \$4.0 billion and \$5.0 billion, respectively.

The notes issued from the May 2024, June 2023, May 2022, May 2020, and September 2019 debt issuances are senior unsecured obligations and are collectively referred to as the "Notes." We may redeem the Notes in whole, at any time, or in part (except for the June 2023 notes), from time to time, prior to maturity, at their redemption prices. Upon the occurrence of both a change of control of the Company and a downgrade of the Notes below an investment grade rating, we will be required to offer to repurchase each series of Notes at a price equal to 101% of the then outstanding principal amounts, plus accrued and unpaid interest. The Notes are subject to covenants, including limitations on our ability to create liens on our assets, enter into sale and leaseback transactions, and merge or consolidate with another entity, in each case subject to certain exceptions, limitations, and qualifications. Proceeds from the issuance of these Notes may be used for general corporate purposes, which may include funding the repayment or redemption of outstanding debt, share repurchases, ongoing operations, capital expenditures, acquisitions of businesses, assets, or strategic investments.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, we had an outstanding aggregate principal amount of **\$11.8 billion** **\$11.9 billion** and \$10.6 billion, respectively, related to the Notes. The following table summarizes the Notes outstanding:

Maturities
Maturities

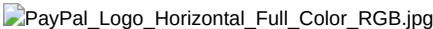
		June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
	Maturities	Effective Interest Rate		Effective Interest Rate		
(in millions)						
September 2019 debt issuance:						
September 2019 debt issuance:						
September 2019 debt issuance:						
	Fixed-rate 2.400% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.400% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.400% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.650% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.650% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.650% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.850% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.850% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.850% notes					
May 2020 debt issuance:						
May 2020 debt issuance:						
May 2020 debt issuance:						
	Fixed-rate 1.650% notes					
	Fixed-rate 1.650% notes					
	Fixed-rate 1.650% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.300% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.300% notes					
	Fixed-rate 2.300% notes					
	Fixed-rate 3.250% notes					
	Fixed-rate 3.250% notes					
	Fixed-rate 3.250% notes					
May 2022 debt issuance:						
May 2022 debt issuance:						
May 2022 debt issuance:						
	Fixed-rate 3.900% notes					
	Fixed-rate 3.900% notes					
	Fixed-rate 3.900% notes					
	Fixed-rate 4.400% notes					
	Fixed-rate 4.400% notes					
	Fixed-rate 4.400% notes					
	Fixed-rate 5.050% notes					
	Fixed-rate 5.050% notes					
	Fixed-rate 5.050% notes					
	Fixed-rate 5.250% notes					
	Fixed-rate 5.250% notes					
	Fixed-rate 5.250% notes					
June 2023 debt issuance ⁽¹⁾ :						
June 2023 debt issuance ⁽¹⁾ :						
June 2023 debt issuance ⁽¹⁾ :						
	¥30 billion fixed-rate 0.813% notes					
	¥30 billion fixed-rate 0.813% notes					
	¥30 billion fixed-rate 0.813% notes					
	¥23 billion fixed-rate 0.972% notes					
	¥23 billion fixed-rate 0.972% notes					
	¥23 billion fixed-rate 0.972% notes					
	¥37 billion fixed-rate 1.240% notes					
	¥37 billion fixed-rate 1.240% notes					
	¥37 billion fixed-rate 1.240% notes					
May 2024 debt issuance:						
May 2024 debt issuance:						
May 2024 debt issuance:						
	Fixed-rate 5.150% notes					

Fixed-rate 5.150% notes
Fixed-rate 5.150% notes
Fixed-rate 5.500% notes
Fixed-rate 5.500% notes
Fixed-rate 5.500% notes
Total term debt
Total term debt
Total term debt
Unamortized premium (discount) and issuance costs, net
Unamortized premium (discount) and issuance costs, net
Unamortized premium (discount) and issuance costs, net
Less: current portion of term debt ⁽²⁾
Less: current portion of term debt ⁽²⁾
Less: current portion of term debt ⁽²⁾
Total carrying amount of term debt
Total carrying amount of term debt
Total carrying amount of term debt

⁽¹⁾ Principal amounts represent the U.S. dollar equivalent as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

⁽²⁾ The current portion of term debt is included within "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The effective interest rates for the Notes include interest on the Notes, amortization of debt issuance costs, and amortization of the debt discount. The interest expense recorded for the Notes, including amortization of the debt discount and debt issuance costs, was \$90 million\$100 million and \$174 million\$274 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively. The interest expense recorded for the Notes, including amortization of the debt discount and debt issuance costs, was \$83 million\$84 million and \$166 million\$250 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

(Unaudited)

CREDIT FACILITIES

Paidy credit agreement

In February 2022, we entered into a credit agreement (the "Paidy Credit Agreement") with Paidy as co-borrower, which provided for an unsecured revolving credit facility of ¥60.0 billion, which was modified in September 2022 to increase the borrowing capacity by ¥30.0 billion for a total borrowing capacity of ¥90.0 billion (approximately \$559 \$633 million as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024). Borrowings under the Paidy Credit Agreement are for use by Paidy for working capital, capital expenditures, and other permitted purposes. Loans under the Paidy Credit Agreement bear interest at the Tokyo Interbank Offered Rate plus a margin (based on our public debt rating) ranging from 0.40% to 0.60%. The Paidy Credit Agreement will terminate and all amounts owed thereunder will be due and payable in February 2027, unless the commitments are terminated earlier. The Paidy Credit Agreement contains customary representations, warranties, affirmative and negative covenants, including a financial covenant, events of default, and indemnification provisions in favor of the lenders. The negative covenants include restrictions regarding the incurrence of liens and subsidiary indebtedness, in each case subject to certain exceptions. The financial covenant requires us to meet a quarterly financial test with respect to a maximum consolidated leverage ratio.

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, ¥70.0 ¥90.0 billion (approximately \$435 \$633 million) and ¥50.0 billion (approximately \$355 million) was drawn down under the Paidy Credit Agreement, respectively, which was recorded in long-term debt on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. At June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, ¥20.0 billion (approximately \$124 million) of no borrowing capacity was available for the purposes permitted by the Paidy Credit Agreement, subject to customary conditions to borrowing. Agreement. During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, the total interest expense and fees we recorded related to the Paidy Credit Agreement were de minimis.

Other available facilities

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had short-term borrowings of nil and \$359 million, respectively, due to bank overdrafts, which were recorded in accrued expenses and other liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The weighted average interest rate on the borrowing was 7.92% as of December 31, 2023. We repaid \$400 million of borrowings due to bank overdrafts during the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024. The total interest expense and fees we recorded related to the borrowings were de minimis.

FUTURE PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, the future principal payments associated with our term debt were as follows (in millions):

Remaining 2024
2025
2026
2027
2028
Thereafter
Total

Other than as provided above, there were no significant changes to the information disclosed in our 2023 Form 10-K.



PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

NOTE 13—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

LITIGATION AND REGULATORY MATTERS

Overview

We are involved in legal and regulatory proceedings on an ongoing basis. Certain of these proceedings are in early stages and may seek an indeterminate amount of damages or penalties or may require us to change or adopt certain business practices. If we believe that a loss arising from such matters is probable and can be reasonably estimated, we accrue the estimated liability in our financial statements at that time. If only a range of estimated losses can be determined, we accrue an amount within the range that, in our judgment, reflects the most likely outcome; if none of the estimates within that range is a better estimate than any other amount, we accrue the low end of the range. For those proceedings in which an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible but not probable, we have disclosed an estimate of the reasonably possible loss or range of losses or we have concluded that an estimate of the reasonably possible loss or range of losses arising directly from the proceeding (i.e., monetary damages or amounts paid in judgment or settlement) are not material. If we cannot estimate the probable or reasonably possible loss or range of losses arising from a legal proceeding, we have disclosed that fact. In assessing the materiality of a legal proceeding, we evaluate, among other factors, the amount of monetary damages claimed, as well as the potential impact of non-monetary remedies sought by plaintiffs (e.g., injunctive relief) that may require us to change our business practices in a manner that could have a material adverse impact on our business. With respect to the matters disclosed in this Note 13, we are unable to estimate the possible loss or range of losses that could potentially result from the application of such non-monetary remedies.

Amounts accrued for legal and regulatory proceedings for which we believe a loss is probable and reasonably estimable were not material as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024. Except as otherwise noted for the proceedings described in this Note 13, we have concluded, based on currently available information, that reasonably possible losses arising directly from the proceedings (i.e., monetary damages or amounts paid in judgment or settlement) in excess of our recorded accruals are also not material. Determining legal reserves or possible losses from such matters involves judgment and may not reflect the full range of uncertainties and unpredictable outcomes. We may be exposed to losses in excess of the amount recorded, and such amounts could be material. If any of our estimates and assumptions change or prove to have been incorrect, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Regulatory proceedings

PayPal Australia Pty Limited ("PPAU") self-reported a potential violation to the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre ("AUSTRAC") on May 22, 2019. This self-reported matter relates to PPAU incorrectly filing required international funds transfer instructions over a period of time under the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006 ("AML/CTF Act"). On September 23, 2019, PPAU received a notice from AUSTRAC requiring that PPAU appoint an external auditor (a partner of a firm which is not our independent auditor) to review certain aspects of PPAU's compliance with its obligations under the AML/CTF Act. The external auditor was appointed on November 1, 2019.

AUSTRAC had notified PPAU that its enforcement team was investigating the matters reported upon by the external auditor in its August 31, 2020 final report. As a resolution of this investigation, on March 17, 2023, AUSTRAC's Chief Executive Officer accepted an enforceable undertaking from PPAU in relation to the self-reported issues.

The enforceable undertaking does not include a monetary penalty. The entry into and compliance with the enforceable undertaking will not require a change to our business practices in a manner that could result in a material loss, require significant management time, result in the diversion of significant operational resources, or otherwise adversely

affect our business.

PPAU is required to deliver an Assurance Action Plan ("AAP") under the enforceable undertaking to demonstrate that the governance and oversight arrangements following the remedial work completed by PPAU are sustainable and appropriate. The enforceable undertaking requires PPAU to appoint an external auditor. The external auditor was appointed on June 22, 2023 to assess and report on the appropriateness, sustainability and efficacy of the actions to be taken under the AAP. PPAU provided the external auditor's final report to AUSTRAC on April 16, 2024. The successful completion of the enforceable undertaking is subject to AUSTRAC's ultimate review and decision based on the external auditor's final report. We cannot predict the outcome of AUSTRAC's decision.



42

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

Any failure to comply with the enforceable undertaking could result in penalties or require us to change our business practices.

In February 2022, we received a Civil Investigative Demand ("CID") from the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") related to PayPal's practices relating to commercial customers that submit charges on behalf of other merchants or sellers, and related activities. The CID requests the production of documents and answers to written questions. We are cooperating with the FTC in connection with this CID.

In January 2023, we received notice of an administrative proceeding and a related request for information from the German Federal Cartel Office ("FCO") related to terms in PayPal (Europe) S.à.r.l. et Cie, S.C.A.'s contractual terms with merchants in Germany prohibiting surcharging and requiring parity presentation of PayPal relative to other payment methods. We are cooperating with the FCO in connection with this proceeding.

We have received CIDs from the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") related to investigation and error-resolution obligations under Regulation E, the presentment of transactions to linked bank accounts, and related matters. The CIDs request the production of documents and answers to written questions. We are cooperating with the CFPB in connection with these CIDs.

On November 1, 2023, we received a subpoena from the U.S. SEC Division of Enforcement relating to PayPal USD stablecoin. The subpoena requests the production of documents. We are cooperating with the SEC in connection with this request.

In August 2024, we received a CID from the CFPB related to PayPal Credit. The CID also relates to backup payment options in a digital wallet to pay for goods or services. The CID requests the production of documents and answers to written questions. We are cooperating with the CFPB in connection with this CID.

Legal proceedings

On October 4, 2022, a putative securities class action captioned *Defined Benefit Plan of the Mid-Jersey Trucking Industry and Teamsters Local 701 Pension and Annuity Fund v. PayPal Holdings, Inc., et al.*, Case No. 22-cv-5864, was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey. On January 11, 2023, the Court appointed Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec as lead plaintiff and renamed the action *In re PayPal Holdings, Inc. Securities Litigation* ("PPH Securities Action"). On March 13, 2023, the lead plaintiff filed an amended and consolidated complaint. The PPH Securities Action asserts claims relating to our public statements with respect to net new active accounts ("NNA") results and guidance, and the detection of illegitimately created accounts. The PPH Securities Action purports to be brought on behalf of purchasers of the Company's stock between February 3, 2021 and February 1, 2022 (the "Class Period"), and asserts claims for alleged violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act against the Company, as well as its former Chief Executive Officer, former Chief Strategy, Growth and Data Officer, and former Chief Financial Officer (collectively, the "Individual Defendants," and together with the Company, "Defendants"), and for alleged violations of Sections 20(a) and 20A of the Exchange Act against the Individual Defendants. The complaint alleges that certain public statements made by Defendants during the Class Period were rendered materially false and misleading (which, allegedly, caused the Company's stock to trade at artificially inflated prices) by the Defendants' failure to disclose that, among other things, the Company's incentive campaigns were susceptible to fraud and led to the creation of illegitimate accounts, which allegedly affected the Company's NNA results and guidance. The PPH Securities Action seeks unspecified compensatory damages on behalf of the putative class members. Defendants have filed a motion to dismiss the PPH Securities Action, which is fully briefed and pending before the court.

On November 2, 2022, a putative shareholder derivative action captioned *Shah v. Daniel Schulman, et al.*, Case No. 22-cv-1445, was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware (the "Shah Action"), purportedly on behalf of the Company. On April 4, 2023, a putative shareholder derivative action captioned *Nelson v. Daniel Schulman, et al.*, Case No. 23-cv-01913, was filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of New Jersey (the "Nelson Action") purportedly on behalf of the Company. The Shah and Nelson Actions are based on the same alleged facts and circumstances as the PPH Securities Action, and name certain of our officers, including our former Chief Executive Officer and former Chief Financial Officer, and members of our Board of Directors, as defendants. The Shah and Nelson Actions allege claims for breach of fiduciary duty, aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty, unjust enrichment, waste of corporate assets, gross mismanagement and violations of the Exchange Act, and seek to recover damages on behalf of the Company. The Shah and Nelson Actions have been stayed pending further developments in the PPH Securities Action.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

On December 20, 2022, a civil lawsuit captioned *State of Hawai'i, by its Office of Consumer Protection, v. PayPal, Inc., and PayPal Holdings, Inc.*, Case No. 1CCV-22-0001610, was filed in the Circuit Court of the First Circuit of the State of Hawai'i (the "Hawai'i Action"). The Hawai'i Action asserts claims for unfair and deceptive acts and practices under Hawai'i Revised Statutes Sections 480-2(a) and 481A-3(a). Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief as well as unspecified penalties and other monetary relief. On July 14, 2023, the court denied Defendants' motion to dismiss the complaint. Trial is scheduled to begin in October 2025.

General matters

Other third parties have from time to time claimed, and others may claim in the future, that we have infringed their intellectual property rights. We are subject to patent disputes and expect that we will increasingly be subject to additional patent infringement claims involving various aspects of our business as our products and services continue to expand in scope and complexity. Such claims may be brought directly or indirectly against our companies and/or against our customers (who may be entitled to contractual indemnification under their contracts with us), and we are subject to increased exposure to such claims as a result of our acquisitions, particularly in cases where we are introducing new products or services in connection with such acquisitions. We have in the past been forced to litigate such claims, and we believe that additional lawsuits alleging such claims will be filed against us. Intellectual property claims, whether meritorious or not, are time-consuming and costly to defend and resolve, could require expensive changes in our methods of doing business, or could require us to enter into costly royalty or licensing agreements on unfavorable terms or make substantial payments to settle claims or to satisfy damages awarded by courts.

From time to time, we are involved in other disputes or regulatory inquiries that arise in the ordinary course of business, including suits by our consumers (individually or as class actions), merchants or regulators alleging, among other things, improper disclosure of our prices, rules, or policies, that our practices, prices, rules, policies, or user, product, business or merchant agreements violate applicable law, or that we have acted unfairly or not acted in conformity with such prices, rules, policies, or agreements. In addition to these types of disputes and regulatory inquiries, our operations are also subject to regulatory and legal review and challenges that may reflect the increasing global regulatory focus to which the payments industry is subject and, when taken as a whole with other regulatory and legislative action, such actions could result in the imposition of costly new compliance burdens on our business and customers and may lead to increased costs and decreased transaction volume and revenue. Further, the number and significance of these disputes and inquiries are increasing as our business has grown and expanded in scale and scope, including the number of active accounts and payments transactions on our platform, the range and increasing complexity of the products and services that we offer, and our geographical operations. Any claims or regulatory actions against us, whether meritorious or not, could be time consuming, result in costly litigation, settlement payments, damage awards (including statutory damages for certain causes of action in certain jurisdictions), fines, penalties, injunctive relief, or increased costs of doing business through adverse judgment or settlement, require us to change our business practices in expensive ways, require significant amounts of management time, result in the diversion of significant operational resources, or otherwise harm our business.

INDEMNIFICATION PROVISIONS

Our agreements with eBay governing our separation from eBay provide for specific indemnity and liability obligations for both eBay and us. Disputes between eBay and us have arisen and others may arise in the future, and an adverse outcome in such matters could materially and adversely impact our business, results of operations, and financial condition. In addition, the indemnity rights we have against eBay under the agreements may not be sufficient to protect us, and our indemnity obligations to eBay may be significant.

In the ordinary course of business, we include indemnification provisions in certain of our agreements with parties with whom we have commercial relationships. Under these contracts, we generally indemnify, hold harmless, and agree to reimburse the indemnified party for losses suffered or incurred by the indemnified party in connection with claims by any third party with respect to our domain names, trademarks, logos, and other branding elements to the extent that such marks are related to the subject agreement. We have provided an indemnity for other types of third-party claims, which may include indemnities related to intellectual property rights, confidentiality, willful misconduct, data privacy obligations, and certain breach of contract claims, among others. We have also provided an indemnity to our payments processors in the event of card association fines against the processor arising out of conduct by us or our customers. It is not possible to determine the maximum potential loss under these indemnification provisions due to our limited history of prior indemnification claims and the unique facts and circumstances involved in each particular situation.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)
(Unaudited)

PayPal has participated in the U.S. Government's Paycheck Protection Program administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration. Loans made under this program were funded by an independent chartered financial institution that we partnered with. We received a fee for providing services in connection with these loans and retained operational and audit risk related to those activities. We have agreed, under certain circumstances, to indemnify the chartered financial institution and its assignee of a portion of these loans in connection with the services provided for loans made under this program.

As part of the agreement to sell a portion of our consumer installment receivables portfolio, in certain circumstances such as breaches in loan warranties, we may be required to indemnify the global investment firm that purchased the loans or repurchase the loans. The estimate of the maximum potential amount of future payments we may be required to make is equal to the current outstanding balances of the loans sold; however, the maximum potential amount of the indemnification is not, in our view, representative of the expected future exposure. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, the outstanding balances of the loans sold was \$2.5 \$2.7 billion. The terms of the indemnification align to the maturities of the loans sold.

To date, no significant costs have been incurred, either individually or collectively, in connection with our indemnification provisions.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future material effect on our consolidated financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

PROTECTION PROGRAMS

We provide merchants and consumers with protection programs for certain transactions completed on our payments platform. These programs are intended to protect both merchants and consumers from loss primarily due to fraud and counterparty performance. Our Purchase Protection Program provides protection to consumers for qualifying purchases by reimbursing the consumer for the full amount of the purchase if a purchased item does not arrive or does not match the seller's description. Our Seller Protection Programs provide protection to merchants against claims that a transaction was not authorized by the buyer or claims that an item was not received by covering the seller for the full amount of the payment on eligible sales. These protection programs are considered assurance-type warranties under applicable accounting standards for which we estimate and record associated costs in transaction and credit losses during the period the payment transaction is completed.

At June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the allowance for transaction losses was \$59 million \$89 million and \$64 million, respectively. The allowance for negative customer balances was \$211 million \$217 million and \$218 million at June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The following table shows changes in the allowance for transaction losses and negative customer balances related to our protection programs for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023:

Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
2024	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
(in millions)							
Beginning balance							
Provision							
Realized losses							
Recoveries							
Ending balance							

NOTE 14—STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAMS

During the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, we repurchased approximately 49 77 million shares of our common stock for approximately \$3.0 billion \$4.8 billion at an average cost of \$61.30, \$62.29, excluding excise tax. These shares were purchased in the open market under our stock repurchase program authorized in June 2022. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, a total of approximately \$7.9 billion \$6.1 billion remained available for future repurchases of our common stock under our June 2022 stock repurchase program.

The Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 imposed a nondeductible 1% excise tax on the net value of certain stock repurchases made after December 31, 2022. Beginning in the first quarter of 2023, we have reflected the applicable excise tax in treasury stock on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the six nine months ended June 30,

2024 September 30, 2024, we recorded \$25 \$40 million in excise tax within treasury stock on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The payable associated with the excise tax is a non-cash financing activity which is not reflected on the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows until settled.

NOTE 15—STOCK-BASED PLANS

In May 2024, our stockholders approved the authorization of an additional 20 million shares to the Amended and Restated PayPal Holdings, Inc. 2015 Equity Incentive Award Plan.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION EXPENSE

Stock-based compensation expense for our equity incentive plans are measured based on their estimated fair value at the time of grant and recognized over the award's vesting period.

The impact on our results of operations of recording stock-based compensation expense under our equity incentive plans for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,					
	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
(In millions)								
Customer support and operations								
Sales and marketing								
Technology and development								
General and administrative								
Restructuring and other								
Total stock-based compensation expense								
Capitalized as part of internal use software and website development costs								

NOTE 16—INCOME TAXES

Our effective tax rate for both the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was 19% and 23%, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was 21% 18% and 23% 21%, respectively. The difference between our effective tax rate and the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21% in the periods presented was primarily the result of foreign income taxed at different rates, and discrete tax adjustments, including tax expense related to stock-based compensation, compensation and other discrete tax adjustments.

Gross unrecognized tax benefits were approximately \$2.3 billion and \$2.2 billion as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Due to various factors, including uncertainties of the judicial, administrative, and regulatory processes in certain jurisdictions, the timing of the resolution of these unrecognized tax benefits is highly uncertain. It is reasonably possible that within the next twelve months, we may receive additional tax adjustments by various tax authorities or possibly reach resolution of audits in one or more jurisdictions. These adjustments or settlements could result in changes to our unrecognized tax benefits related to positions on prior year tax filings. We also continue to accrue unrecognized tax benefits for certain recurring tax positions.

NOTE 17—RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER

During the first quarter of 2024, management initiated a global workforce reduction intended to streamline operations, focus resources on core strategic priorities, and improve our cost structure. The associated restructuring charges during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 were \$83 million \$36 million and \$258 million \$294 million, respectively, and included employee severance and benefits costs and stock-based compensation expense, substantially all of which were accrued for as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024.



The following table summarizes the restructuring reserve activity during the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024:

Employee Severance and Benefits Costs	
(In millions)	
Accrued liability as of January 1, 2024	\$ —
Charges ⁽¹⁾	198 206
Payments	(135) (182)
Accrued liability as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 ⁽²⁾	\$ 63 24

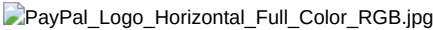
⁽¹⁾ Excludes stock-based compensation expense of \$60 million \$88 million.

⁽²⁾ Accrued restructuring liability is included in "accrued expenses and other current liabilities" on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During the first quarter of 2023, management initiated a global workforce reduction intended to focus resources on core strategic priorities, and improve our cost structure and operating efficiency. The associated restructuring charges during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 were nil \$3 million and \$117 million \$120 million, respectively. We primarily incurred employee severance and benefits costs, which were substantially completed by the fourth quarter of 2023.

We continue to review our real estate and facility capacity requirements due to our new and evolving work models. We incurred asset impairment charges of nil in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and \$4 million \$18 million and \$43 million \$61 million in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively, due to exiting of certain leased properties, which resulted in a reduction of ROU lease assets and related leasehold improvements. We Additionally, we recognized a gain of \$14 \$17 million due to the sale of an owned property in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023. We we also incurred a loss of \$8 \$12 million upon designation of an related to another owned property as held for sale in the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023.

During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, approximately \$27 million \$28 million and \$64 million \$92 million, respectively, of losses were recorded in restructuring and other, which included net loss on sale of loans and interest receivable previously held for sale and fair value adjustments in order to measure loans and interest receivable, held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value. During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, approximately \$34 million \$15 million and \$49 million, respectively, of losses were recorded in restructuring and other, which included fair value adjustments in order to measure loans and interest receivable, held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value.



ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including statements that involve expectations, plans, or intentions (such as those relating to future business, future results of operations or financial condition, new or planned features or services, mergers or acquisitions, or management strategies). These forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as "may," "will," "would," "should," "could," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "intend," "continue," "strategy," "future," "opportunity," "plan," "project," "forecast," and other similar expressions. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results and financial condition to differ materially from those expressed or implied in our forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others, those discussed in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 (the "2023 Form 10-K"), as supplemented in the risk factors set forth below in Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors, of this Form 10-Q, as well as in our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, related notes, and the other information appearing in this report and our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We do not intend, and undertake no obligation except as required by law, to update any of our forward-looking statements after the date of this report to reflect actual results, new information, or future events or circumstances. Given these risks and uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. You should read the following "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes that appear in this report. Unless otherwise expressly stated or the context otherwise requires, references to "we," "our," "us," "the Company," and "PayPal" refer to PayPal Holdings, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

THE COMPANY

We are a leading technology platform that enables digital payments and personalizes commerce experiences on behalf of merchants and consumers worldwide. PayPal's mission is to revolutionize commerce globally by creating innovative experiences that are designed to make moving money, selling, and shopping simple, personalized, and secure.

Regulatory environment

We operate globally and in a rapidly evolving regulatory environment characterized by a heightened focus by regulators globally on all aspects of the payments industry, including countering terrorist financing, anti-money laundering, privacy, cybersecurity, and consumer protection. The laws and regulations applicable to us, including those enacted prior to the advent of digital payments, continue to evolve through legislative and regulatory action and judicial interpretation. New or changing laws and regulations, including changes to their

interpretation and implementation, as well as increased penalties and enforcement actions related to non-compliance, could have a material adverse impact on our business, results of operations, and financial condition. We monitor these areas closely and are focused on designing compliant solutions for our customers.

Cybersecurity and information security

Cybersecurity and information security risks for global payments and technology companies like us have increased significantly in recent years. Although we have developed systems and processes designed to protect the data we manage, prevent data loss and other security incidents, and enable us to effectively respond to known and potential risks, and expect to continue to expend significant resources to bolster these protections, we have experienced and expect to continue to experience cybersecurity incidents and remain subject to these risks. There can be no assurance that our security measures will provide sufficient protection or security to prevent breaches or attacks. For additional information regarding our cybersecurity and information security risks, see Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our 2023 Form 10-K, as supplemented and, to the extent inconsistent, superseded below (if applicable) in Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors of this Form 10-Q.

MACROECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

The broader implications of the macroeconomic environment, including uncertainty around recent international conflicts such as the Russia and Ukraine conflict, supply chain shortages, a recession globally or in markets in which we operate, higher inflation rates, higher interest rates, and other related global economic conditions, remain unknown. A deterioration in macroeconomic conditions could continue to increase the risk of lower consumer spending, merchant and consumer bankruptcy, insolvency, business failure, higher credit losses, foreign currency exchange fluctuations, or other business interruption, which may adversely impact our business. If these conditions continue or worsen, they could adversely impact our future financial and operating results.



48

OVERVIEW OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table provides a summary of our condensed consolidated financial results for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023:

		Three Months Ended June 30,						Six Months Ended June 30,											
		Three Months Ended September 30,			Percent Increase/(Decrease)			Nine Months Ended September 30,			Percent Increase/(Decrease)			Percent Increase/(Decrease)					
2024		Increase/(Decrease)						Increase/(Decrease)						Increase/(Decrease)					
		(In millions, except percentages and per share data)																	
		(In millions, except percentages and per share data)																	
		(In millions, except percentages and per share data)																	
Net revenues	Net revenues	\$7,885	\$	\$7,287	8		8	%	\$	15,584	\$	\$	14,327	9		9	% revenues		
Operating expenses	Operating expenses	6,560	6,154	6,154	7		7	%		13,091	12,195		12,195	7		7	% operating expenses		
Operating income	Operating income	\$1,325	\$	\$1,133	17		17	%	\$	2,493	\$	\$	2,132	17		17	% operating income		
Operating margin	Operating margin	17 %		16 %			**		16	%		15	%			**	Operating margin		
Other income (expense), net	Other income (expense), net	\$ 74	\$	\$ 170	(56)		(56)	%	\$	115	\$	\$	245	(53)		(53)	% other income (expense), net		
Income tax expense	Income tax expense	271	274	274	(1)		(1)	%		592	553		553	7		7	% income tax expense		
Effective tax rate	Effective tax rate	19 %		21 %			**		23	%		23	%			**	Effective tax rate		

Net income (loss)	Net income (loss)	\$1,128	\$	\$1,029	10	10	%	\$	2,016	\$	\$	1,824	11	11	%	Net income (loss)
Net income (loss) per diluted share	Net income (loss) per diluted share	\$ 1.08	\$	\$ 0.92	17	17	%	\$	1.90	\$	\$	1.62	17	17	%	Net income (loss) per diluted share
Net cash provided by operating activities	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$1,525	\$	\$ (200)	**	**		\$	3,442	\$	\$	970	255	255	%	Net cash provided by operating activities

All amounts in tables are rounded to the nearest million, except as otherwise noted. As a result, certain amounts may not recalculate using the rounded amounts provided.

** Not meaningful.

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

Net revenues increased \$598 million \$429 million, or 8% 6%, in the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year driven primarily by growth in total payment volume ("TPV", as defined below under "Key Metrics") of 11% 9%.

Total operating expenses increased \$406 million \$206 million, or 7% 3%, in the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year due primarily to higher transaction expense. expense partially offset by a reduction in transaction and credit losses.

Operating income increased \$192 million \$223 million, or 17% 19%, in the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year due to net revenues growing more than operating expenses. Our operating margin was 17% 18% and 16% in the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, reflecting the positive impact of operating efficiencies in our business, partially offset by the negative impact of higher lower transaction expense. and credit losses.

Net income increased \$99 million decreased \$10 million, or 10% 1%, in the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year due to the previously discussed increase in operating income of \$192 million \$223 million, partially offset by a decrease in other income (expense), net of \$96 million \$153 million driven primarily by net losses on strategic investments in the current period compared to net gains in the prior period. period and an increase in income tax expense of \$80 million due primarily to higher income before taxes, changes in jurisdictional mix of income, and U.S. income taxed at different rates.

SIX NINE MONTHS ENDED JUNE SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 AND 2023

Net revenues increased \$1.3 billion \$1.7 billion, or 9% 8%, in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year driven primarily by growth in TPV of 12% 11%.

Total operating expenses increased \$896 million \$1.1 billion, or 7% 6%, in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year due primarily to an increase in transaction expense and, to a lesser extent, restructuring and other partially offset by a reduction in transaction and credit losses. losses and customer support and operations expenses.

Operating income increased \$361 million \$584 million, or 17% 18%, in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year due to net revenues growing more than operating expenses. Our operating margin was 16% 17% and 15% in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, reflecting the positive impact of operating efficiencies in our business and lower transaction and credit losses, partially offset by the negative impact of an increase in transaction expense.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

49

Net income increased \$192 million \$182 million, or 11% 6%, in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year due to the previously discussed increase in operating income of \$361 million \$584 million partially offset by a decrease of \$130 million \$283 million in other income (expense), net driven primarily by net losses on strategic investments in the current period compared to net gains in the prior period. period and an increase in income tax expense of \$119 million due primarily to higher income before taxes, changes in jurisdictional mix of income, and U.S. income taxed at different rates.

IMPACT OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATES

We have significant international operations that are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the British pound, Euro, Australian dollar, and Canadian dollar, subjecting us to foreign currency exchange risk which may adversely impact our financial results. The strengthening or weakening of the United States ("U.S.") dollar versus foreign currencies in

which we conduct our international operations impacts the translation of our net revenues and expenses generated in these foreign currencies into the U.S. dollar. We generated approximately 42% of our net revenues from customers domiciled outside of the U.S. in each of both the periods presented, three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to 43% and 42% in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively. Because we generate substantial net revenues internationally, we are subject to the risks of doing business outside of the U.S. See Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our 2023 Form 10-K, as supplemented and, to the extent inconsistent, superseded (if applicable) below in Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors of this Form 10-Q.

We calculate the year-over-year impact of foreign currency exchange movements on our business using prior period foreign currency exchange rates applied to current period transactional currency amounts. While changes in foreign currency exchange rates affect our reported results, we have a foreign currency exchange exposure management program in which we use foreign currency exchange contracts, designated as cash flow hedges, intended to reduce the impact on earnings from foreign currency exchange rate movements. Gains and losses from these foreign currency exchange contracts are recognized as a component of transaction revenues or operating expenses (as applicable) in the same period the forecasted transactions impact earnings.

In the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, year-over-year foreign currency exchange rate movements relative to the U.S. dollar had the following impact on our reported results:

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024
	(In millions)	
Unfavorable impact to net revenues (exclusive of hedging impact)	\$ (33)	\$ (1)
Hedging impact	22	22
(Unfavorable) favorable impact to net revenues	(11)	21
Favorable impact to operating expense	25	12
Net favorable impact to operating income	\$ 14	\$ 33

	Three Months Ended September	
	30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024
	(In millions)	
Favorable impact to net revenues (exclusive of hedging impact)	\$ 12	\$ 11
Hedging impact	(12)	10
Favorable impact to net revenues	—	21
(Unfavorable) favorable impact to operating expense	(10)	2
Net (unfavorable) favorable impact to operating income	\$ (10)	\$ 23

While we enter into foreign currency exchange contracts to help reduce the impact on earnings from foreign currency exchange rate movements, it is impossible to predict or eliminate the total effects of this exposure.

We also use foreign currency exchange contracts, designated as net investment hedges, to reduce the foreign currency exchange risk related to our investment in certain foreign subsidiaries. Gains and losses associated with these instruments will remain in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) until the underlying foreign subsidiaries are sold or substantially liquidated.

Given that we also have foreign currency exchange risk on our assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our subsidiaries, we have an additional foreign currency exchange exposure management program in which we use foreign currency exchange contracts to help offset the impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements on our assets and liabilities. The foreign currency exchange gains and losses on our assets and liabilities are recorded in other income (expense), net, and are offset by the gains and losses on the foreign currency exchange contracts. These foreign currency exchange contracts reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements on our assets and liabilities.

Additionally, in connection with transactions occurring in multiple currencies on our payments platform, we generally set our foreign currency exchange rates daily and may face financial exposure if we incorrectly set our foreign currency exchange rates or as a result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates between the times that we set our foreign currency exchange rates and when transactions occur. While we have processes in place to mitigate these risks, it is impossible to eliminate the total effects of any possible exposure associated with setting rates on our platform.

KEY METRICS AND FINANCIAL RESULTS

KEY METRICS

TPV, number of payment transactions, active accounts, and number of payment transactions per active account are key non-financial performance metrics ("key metrics") that management uses to measure the scale of our platform and the relevance of our products and services to our customers, and are defined as follows:

- **TPV** is the value of payments, net of payment reversals, successfully completed on our payments platform or enabled by PayPal via a partner payment solution, not including gateway-exclusive transactions.
- **Number of payment transactions** is the total number of payments, net of payment reversals, successfully completed on our payments platform or enabled by PayPal via a partner payment solution, not including gateway-exclusive transactions.
- An **active account** is an account registered directly with PayPal or a platform access partner that has completed a transaction on our platform, not including gateway-exclusive transactions, within the past 12 months. A platform access partner is a third party whose customers are provided access to PayPal's platform or services through such third party's login credentials, including individuals and entities that utilize Hyperwallet's payout capabilities. A user may register on our platform to access different products and may register more than one account to access a product. Accordingly, a user may have more than one active account. The number of active accounts provides management with additional perspective on the overall scale of our platform, but may not have a direct relationship to our operating results.
- **Number of payment transactions per active account** reflects the total number of payment transactions within the previous 12-month period, divided by active accounts at the end of the period. The number of payment transactions per active account provides management with insight into the average number of times an account engages in payments activity on our payments platform in a given period. The number of times a consumer account or a merchant account transacts on our platform may vary significantly from the average number of payment transactions per active account.

As our transaction revenue is typically correlated with TPV growth and the number of payment transactions completed on our payments platform, management uses these metrics to gain insights into the scale and strength of our payments platform, the engagement level of our customers, and underlying activity and trends which may be indicators of current and future performance. We present these key metrics to enhance investors' evaluation of the performance of our business and operating results.

Our key metrics are calculated using internal company data based on the activity we measure on our payments platform and compiled from multiple systems, including systems that are internally developed or acquired through business combinations. While the measurement of our key metrics is based on what we believe to be reasonable methodologies and estimates, there are inherent challenges and limitations in measuring our key metrics globally at our scale. The methodologies used to calculate our key metrics require significant judgment.

We regularly review our processes for calculating these key metrics, and from time to time we may make adjustments to improve the accuracy or relevance of our metrics. For example, we continuously apply models, processes, and practices designed to detect and prevent fraudulent account creation on our platforms, and work to improve and enhance those capabilities. When we detect a significant volume of illegitimate activity, we generally remove the activity identified from our key metrics. Although such adjustments may impact key metrics reported in prior periods, we generally do not update previously reported key metrics to reflect these subsequent adjustments unless the retrospective impact of process improvements or enhancements is determined by management to be material.



51

NET REVENUES

Our revenues are classified into the following two categories:

- **Transaction revenues:** Net transaction fees charged to merchants and consumers on a transaction basis based on the TPV completed on our payments platform. Growth in TPV is directly impacted by the number of payment transactions that we enable on our payments platform. We generate additional revenue from merchants and consumers: on transactions where we perform currency conversion, when we enable cross-border transactions (i.e., transactions where the merchant and consumer are in different countries), to facilitate the instant transfer of funds for our customers from their PayPal or Venmo account to their bank account or debit card, to facilitate the purchase and sale of cryptocurrencies, as contractual compensation from sellers that violate our contractual terms (for example, through fraud or counterfeiting), and other miscellaneous fees.
- **Revenues from other value added services:** Net revenues derived primarily from revenue earned through partnerships, referral fees, subscription fees, gateway fees, and other services we provide to our merchants and consumers. We also earn revenues from interest and fees earned on our portfolio of loans receivable and interest earned on certain assets underlying customer balances.

Net revenue analysis

5468 5469

Transaction revenues grew by \$597 million, \$413 million, or 6%, and \$1.7 billion, or 9%, and \$1.3 billion, or 10%, in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods of the prior year driven primarily by growth in TPV and the number of payment transactions from our Braintree products and services and, to a lesser extent, growth in from our core PayPal and Venmo products and services. Transaction revenues for the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 were also impacted unfavorably by lower net gains due to from hedging activities as compared to the same period of the prior year.

52

 6080

Number of payment transactions

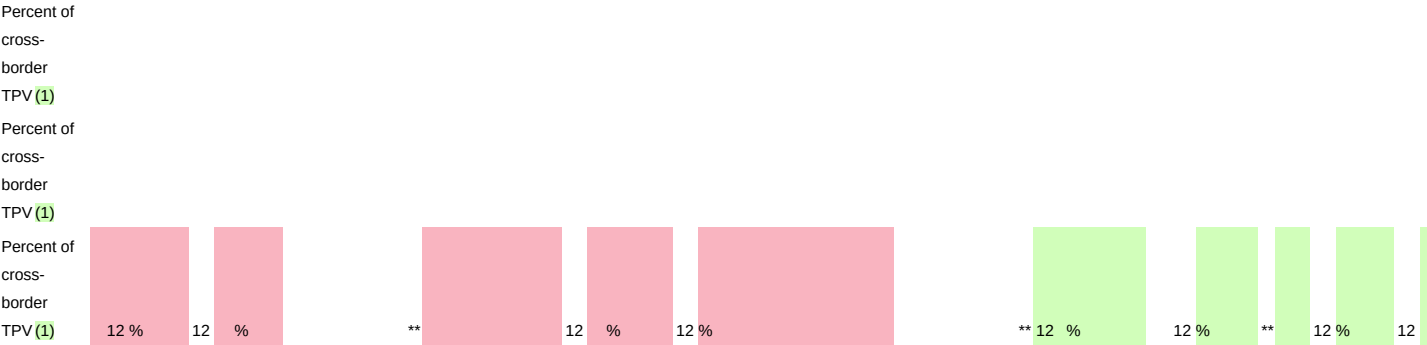
 6176 6177

TPV

6183 6184

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	Percent Increase/(Decrease)	Percent Increase/(Decrease)	Percent Increase/(Decrease)	Percent Increase/(Decrease)
2024				

[illegible]



(1) Cross-border TPV occurs primarily between two PayPal accounts in different countries and includes transactions initiated through our Xoom product.

** Not meaningful

We had active accounts of 429 million and 431 million as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Our total number of payment transactions was 6.6 billion and 6.1 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, an increase of 8%. Our total number of payment transactions was 13.1 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to 11.9 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2023, an increase of 10%. TPV was \$417 billion and \$377 billion for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, an increase of 11%. TPV was \$821 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to \$731 billion in the six months ended June 30, 2023, an increase of 12%.



We had active accounts of 432 million and 428 million as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Our total number of payment transactions was 6.6 billion and 6.3 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, an increase of 6%. Our total number of payment transactions was 19.7 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to 18.2 billion in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, an increase of 8%. TPV was \$423 billion and \$388 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, an increase of 9%. TPV was \$1.2 trillion for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to \$1.1 trillion in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, an increase of 11%.

Transaction revenues growth was lower than the growth in TPV in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods in the prior year due primarily to unfavorable changes in mix from core PayPal products and services and unfavorable impact from foreign exchange fees, fees. For the nine months ended September 30, 2024, these unfavorable impacts to transaction revenues growth were partially offset by favorable impact from Braintree products and services.

Revenues from other value added services

Revenues from other value added services remained consistent increased \$16 million and \$6 million in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods in the prior year due primarily to an increase in interest earned on certain assets underlying customer account balances resulting primarily from higher interest rates and higher customer balances, partially offset by a decline in the revenue share earned from an independent chartered financial institution and institution. Revenues from other value added services for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 were also impacted by lower interest and fee revenue on our loans receivable portfolio driven by a decrease in receivables related to PayPal Business Loan ("PPBL") products and consumer long-term interest-bearing installment products, offset by an increase in interest earned on certain assets underlying customer account balances resulting primarily from higher interest rates, products.

OPERATING EXPENSES

The following table summarizes our operating expenses and related metrics we use to assess the trends in each:

Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,			
Three Months Ended September 30,	Percent Increase/(Decrease)	Percent Increase/(Decrease)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	Percent Increase/(Decrease)	Percent Increase/(Decrease)
2024					
(In millions, except percentages)					
(In millions, except percentages)					

(In millions, except percentages)															
Transaction expense	Transaction expense	\$3,942	\$	\$3,541	11	11	%	\$	7,859	\$	\$	6,824	15	15	% exp
Transaction and credit losses	Transaction and credit losses	335	398	398	(16)	(16)	%	656	840	840	(22)	(22)			
Customer support and operations	Customer support and operations	436	492	492	(11)	(11)	%	890	980	980	(9)	(9)			
Sales and marketing	Sales and marketing	446	465	465	(4)	(4)	%	867	901	901	(4)	(4)			
Technology and development	Technology and development	718	743	743	(3)	(3)	%	1,460	1,464	1,464	—	—			
General and administrative	General and administrative	570	491	491	16	16	%	1,034	998	998	4	4			
Restructuring and other	Restructuring and other	113	24	24	371	371	%	325	188	188	73	73			
Total operating expenses	Total operating expenses	\$6,560	\$	\$6,154	7	7	%	\$	13,091	\$	\$	12,195	7	7	% exp
Transaction expense rate ⁽¹⁾	Transaction expense rate ⁽¹⁾	0.95 %		0.94 %		**		0.96 %		0.93 %		** rate ⁽¹⁾			
Transaction and credit loss rate ⁽²⁾	Transaction and credit loss rate ⁽²⁾	0.08 %		0.11 %		**		0.08 %		0.11 %		** loss rate ⁽²⁾			

(1) Transaction expense rate is calculated by dividing transaction expense by TPV.
(2) Transaction and credit loss rate is calculated by dividing transaction and credit losses by TPV.
** Not meaningful.

Transaction expense

Transaction expense for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows (in millions):

549755834829 549755834830



Transaction expense

Transaction expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 was as follows (in millions):

8116 8117

Transaction expense increased by \$401 million \$238 million, or 11% 7%, and \$1.0 billion \$1.3 billion, or 15% 12%, in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year due primarily to the increase in TPV of 11% 9% and 12% 11% for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively, as well as unfavorable changes in product mix.

The decrease in the transaction expense rate for the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year was primarily attributable to favorable changes in regional mix, product mix, and certain third-party pricing incentives within our core PayPal products and services as well as favorable changes in merchant mix associated with our unbranded card processing volume.

The slight increase in the transaction expense rate for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods period of the prior year was also attributable to unfavorable changes in product mix with a higher proportion of TPV from unbranded card processing volume, which generally has higher expense rates

than our other products and services, partially largely offset by favorable changes in regional mix, product mix, and certain third-party pricing incentives within our core PayPal products and services.

For both the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, September 30, 2024 and 2023, approximately 36% 37% of TPV was generated outside of the U.S. For both the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023, September 30, 2024 and 2023, approximately 37% and 36% of TPV respectively, was generated outside of the U.S.

Our transaction expense rate is impacted by changes in product mix, merchant mix, regional mix, funding mix, and fees paid to payment processors and other financial institutions. The cost of funding a transaction with a credit or debit card is generally higher than the cost of funding a transaction from a bank or through internal sources such as a PayPal or Venmo account balance or our consumer credit products.

Transaction and credit losses

The components of our transaction and credit losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):



Transaction and credit losses decreased by \$63 million, or 16%, and \$184 million, or 22%, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year.

Transaction losses were \$259 million in the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to \$286 million in the three months ended June 30, 2023, a decrease of \$27 million, or 9%. Transaction losses were \$519 million in the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to \$586 million in the six months ended June 30, 2023, a decrease of \$67 million, or 11%. Transaction loss rate (transaction losses divided by TPV) was 0.06% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to 0.08% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023. The decrease in transaction losses and the associated transaction loss rate in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same periods of the prior year was primarily due to recoveries and lower losses from our Venmo products and services resulting from fewer fraud events in the current period.



Transaction and credit losses

The components of our transaction and credit losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):



Transaction and credit losses decreased by \$94 million, or 21%, and \$278 million, or 22%, in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year.

Transaction losses were \$264 million in the three months ended September 30, 2024 compared to \$329 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$65 million, or 20%. Transaction losses were \$783 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to \$915 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, a decrease of \$132 million, or 14%. Transaction loss rate (transaction losses divided by TPV) was 0.06% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, compared to 0.08% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. The decrease in transaction losses and the associated transaction loss rate in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods of the prior year was primarily due to higher recoveries and lower losses resulting from fewer fraud events in the current period.

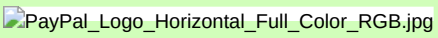
Credit losses decreased by \$36 million \$29 million and \$117 million \$146 million in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same periods of the prior year. The components of credit losses for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,						
	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2023
Net charge-offs ⁽¹⁾										
Reserve (release) build ⁽²⁾										
Credit losses										

⁽¹⁾ Net charge-offs includes principal charge-offs partially offset by recoveries for consumer and merchant receivables.
⁽²⁾ Reserve (release) build represents change in allowance for principal receivables excluding foreign currency remeasurement.
⁽³⁾ Includes the reversal of allowance associated with reclassification of certain loans to held for sale.

The provision in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was attributable to loan originations during the period partially offset by improvement in credit quality of loans outstanding. The provision in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was attributable to loan originations during the period

and a deterioration in the credit quality of loans outstanding, partially offset by the reversal of reserve associated with the reclassification of certain receivables to held for sale at that point in time. During the periods presented, allowances for our merchant and consumer portfolios included qualitative adjustments due to uncertain macroeconomic conditions, financial health of our borrowers, and effectiveness of loan modification programs made available to merchants outstanding.



Consumer loan portfolio

In June 2023, we entered into a multi-year agreement with a global investment firm to sell up to €40 billion of United Kingdom (“U.K.”) and other European buy now, pay later loan receivables, consisting of eligible loans and interest receivables, including a forward-flow arrangement for the sale of future originations of eligible loans over a 24-month commitment period (collectively, “eligible consumer installment receivables”). As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, loans and interest receivable, held for sale was \$369 million \$471 million and \$1.9 billion \$2.2 billion, respectively, representing the portion of our installment consumer receivables that we intend to sell.

The consumer loans and interest receivable balance as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$4.6 billion \$5.1 billion and \$4.5 billion \$4.2 billion, respectively, net of participation interest sold, representing an increase of 2% 21%. The increase was driven primarily by growth in our installment credit products in Japan and our revolving credit product in the U.K., partially offset by a decline in our installment credit products in Germany due to the forward flow arrangement with the global investment firm as well as a decrease in our interest-bearing installment credit product in the U.S.

The following table provides information regarding the credit quality of our consumer loans and interest receivable balance:

		June 30,		September 30,	
		2024	2024	2023	2023
Percent of consumer loans and interest receivable current	Percent of consumer loans and interest receivable current	96.1 %	95.5 %	95.9 %	95.4 %
Percent of consumer loans and interest receivable > 90 days outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Percent of consumer loans and interest receivable > 90 days outstanding ⁽¹⁾	1.7 %	2.0 %	1.7 %	2.0 %
Net charge-off rate ⁽²⁾	Net charge-off rate ⁽²⁾	5.2 %	5.0 %	4.6 %	7.6 %

⁽¹⁾ Represents percentage of balances which are 90 days past the billing date or contractual repayment date, as applicable.

⁽²⁾ Net charge-off rate is the annualized ratio of net credit losses during the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, excluding fraud losses, on consumer loans as a percentage of the average daily amount of consumer loans and interest receivable balance during the same period.

The decline in net charge-off rate for consumer receivables at September 30, 2024 as compared to September 30, 2023 was due primarily to the improvement in credit quality of the U.S. interest-bearing installment products.

In response to declining performance, a number of risk mitigation strategies were implemented in the third quarter of 2023, which reduced originations for our U.S. interest-bearing installment product. In response to changing portfolio performance, we continue to evaluate and modify our acceptable risk parameters. Such changes Changes to such parameters in the second quarter of 2024, combined with enhanced risk monitoring, have resulted in increased an increase of U.S. interest-bearing installment loan originations over the three months ended June 30, 2024, back to historical levels.



Merchant loan portfolio

We offer access to merchant finance products for certain small and medium-sized businesses, which we refer to as our merchant finance offerings. Total merchant loans, advances, interest, and fees receivable outstanding, net of participation interest sold, as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$1.2 billion and \$1.7 billion \$1.4 billion, respectively, reflecting a slight decline of 29% 4% attributable to a decrease in slowed originations related to our PPBL product in the U.S. mostly offset by an increase in our PayPal Working Capital product portfolio across countries.

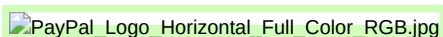
The following table provides information regarding the credit quality of our merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable balance:

					September 30,	
			June 30,			
	2024	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Percent of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable current	Percent of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable current	89.6 %	86.5 %	Percent of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable current	91.3 %	86.7 %
Percent of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable > 90 days outstanding ⁽¹⁾	Percent of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable > 90 days outstanding ⁽¹⁾	3.9 %	7.1 %	Percent of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable > 90 days outstanding ⁽¹⁾	2.8 %	6.6 %
Net charge-off rate ⁽²⁾	Net charge-off rate ⁽²⁾	10.7 %	13.3 %	Net charge-off rate ⁽²⁾	8.3 %	20.4 %

⁽¹⁾ Represents percentage of balances which are 90 days past the original expected or contractual repayment period, as applicable.

⁽²⁾ Net charge-off rate is the annualized ratio of net credit losses during the three months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023, excluding fraud losses, on merchant loans and advances as a percentage of the average daily amount of merchant loans, advances, and interest and fees receivable balance during the same period.

The increase in the percent of current merchant receivables and decrease in percent of merchant receivables greater than 90 days outstanding and the net charge-off rate for merchant receivables at **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** as compared to **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** was due primarily to the improvement in the credit quality of the PPBL portfolio.

 57

In response to declining performance, a number of risk mitigation strategies were implemented throughout 2023, which reduced originations for our PPBL product. In response to changing portfolio performance, we continue to evaluate and modify our acceptable risk parameters. **Such changes in 2024, Changes to such parameters**, combined with enhanced risk monitoring, have resulted in an increase in PPBL originations **over the six months ended June 30, 2024, in 2024.**


For additional information, see "Note 11—Loans and Interest Receivable" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Customer support and operations

Customer support and operations expenses for the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

Customer support and operations expenses decreased by **\$56 million** **\$47 million**, or **11%** **10%**, and **\$90 million** **\$137 million**, or 9%, in the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year due primarily to a decline in employee-related costs associated with headcount reduction. The decline in customer support and operations expenses in the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** was also impacted by a **decline** **reduction** in other costs incurred related to delivery of our products, including **warehouses, shipping, and payment devices** **warehouses, and shipping**, and a **decline** **decrease** in contractors and consulting costs, partially offset by an increase in **card issuance costs** and customer onboarding and compliance costs.

 57

Sales and marketing

Sales and marketing expenses for the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

Sales and marketing expenses **decreased** **increased** by **\$19 million** **\$66 million**, or **4%** **15%**, and **\$34 million** **\$32 million**, or **4%** **2%**, in the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year. The decline in the three months ended June 30, 2024 was due primarily to lower employee-

related costs associated with lower commissions. The decline in sales and marketing expenses in the six months ended June 30, 2024 was year primarily attributable to lower spending higher spend on marketing campaigns and user incentives, brand advertising, including the launch of our PayPal Everywhere advertising campaign, partially offset by a decline in employee-related costs. The increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was also attributable to higher revenue share to our partners.

We expect sales and marketing expenses to increase in the second half fourth quarter of 2024 as we continue to invest in brand advertising and marketing campaigns.

Technology and development

Technology and development expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

 3848290721160	 3848290721161
---	---

Technology and development expenses decreased by \$25 million, or 3%, and \$4 million, or relatively flat, in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year due primarily to a decline in employee-related costs associated with headcount reduction. The decline in technology and development expenses in the six months ended June 30, 2024 was offset by increases in cloud computing services utilized in delivering our products and services, amortization expense associated with internally developed software, and software maintenance costs.

Technology and development

Technology and development expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

 1728	 17288
--	---

Technology and development expenses remained consistent in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year. The slight increase in technology and development expenses in the three months ended September 30, 2024 was primarily due to an increase in contractor and consultant costs offset by a decline in employee-related costs associated with headcount reduction. The slight increase in technology and development expenses in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was driven by increases in cloud computing services utilized in delivering our products and services, amortization expense associated with internally developed software, and software maintenance costs offset by a decline in employee-related costs associated with headcount reduction.

General and administrative

General and administrative expenses for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

 17943	 17944
---	---

General and administrative expenses increased by \$79 million \$12 million, or 16% 2%, and \$36 million \$48 million, or 4% 3%, in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year due primarily to an increase in indirect tax expense a contingency reserve, and professional services expense. The increase in general and administrative expenses in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was also attributable to a contingency reserve, partially offset by declines in facilities expense and depreciation expense.

Restructuring and other

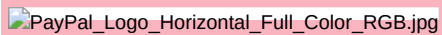
Restructuring and other for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows (in millions):

Restructuring and other increased by \$89 million \$24 million and \$137 million \$161 million in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year.

During the first quarter of 2024, management initiated a global workforce reduction intended to streamline operations, focus resources on core strategic priorities, and improve our cost structure. The associated restructuring charges during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 were \$83 million \$36 million and \$258 million \$294 million, respectively, and included employee severance and benefits costs and stock-based compensation expense, substantially all of which were accrued for as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024. The estimated reduction in annualized employee-related costs associated with the impacted workforce is approximately \$565 million \$575 million, including approximately \$150 million \$155 million in stock-based compensation. We expect to reinvest a portion of the reduction in annual costs associated with the impacted workforce to drive business priorities.

For information on the associated restructuring liability, see "Note 17—Restructuring and Other" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

During the first quarter of 2023, management initiated a global workforce reduction intended to focus resources on core strategic priorities, and improve cost structure and operating efficiency. The associated restructuring charges during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 were nil \$3 million and \$117 \$120 million, respectively. We primarily incurred employee severance and benefits costs, which were substantially completed by the fourth quarter of 2023.



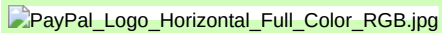
59

We continue to review our real estate and facility capacity requirements due to our new and evolving work models. We incurred asset impairment charges of nil in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and \$4 million \$18 million and \$43 million \$61 million in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively, due to exiting certain leased properties, which resulted in a reduction of right-of-use lease assets and related leasehold improvements. We in the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we recognized a gain of \$14 million \$17 million due to the sale of an owned property in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023. In the six months ended June 30, 2023, we property. We also incurred a loss of \$8 \$12 million upon designation of an owned property as held for sale in that period. the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, approximately \$27 million \$28 million and \$64 million \$92 million, respectively, of losses were recorded in restructuring and other, which included net loss on sale of loans and interest receivable previously held for sale and fair value adjustments in order to measure loans and interest receivable, held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value. During the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, approximately \$34 million \$15 million and \$49 million, respectively, of losses were recorded in restructuring and other, which included fair value adjustments in order to measure loans and interest receivable, held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value.

Other income (expense), net

Other income (expense), net decreased \$96 million \$153 million and \$130 \$283 million in the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024, respectively, compared to the same periods of the prior year due primarily to net losses on strategic investments in the current period compared to net gains in the prior period, partially offset by higher interest income resulting from an increase in cash balances year over year. and interest rates year-over-year.



60

Income tax expense

Our effective income tax rate was 19% 23% and 21% 18% for the three months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and 23% and 21% for both the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023. 2023, respectively. The decrease increases in our effective income tax rate for the three and nine months

ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 compared to the same period periods of the prior year was were due primarily to discrete tax adjustments, changes in jurisdictional mix of income and U.S. income taxed at different rates.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We require liquidity and access to capital to fund our global operations, including our customer protection programs, credit products, capital expenditures, investments in our business, potential acquisitions and strategic investments, working capital, and other cash needs. We believe that our existing cash, cash equivalents, and investments, cash expected to be generated from operations, and our expected access to capital markets, together with potential external funding through third-party sources, will be sufficient to meet our cash requirements within the next 12 months and beyond.

SOURCES OF LIQUIDITY

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments

The following table summarizes our cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

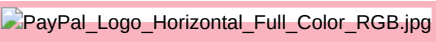
June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023

(In millions)

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments(1),(2)

- (1) Excludes assets related to funds receivable and customer accounts of \$38.7 billion \$39.2 billion and \$38.9 billion at June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.
- (2) Excludes total restricted cash of \$1 million and \$3 millionat June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and strategic investments of \$1.9 \$1.7 billion and \$1.8 billion at June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments held by our foreign subsidiaries were \$8.9 billion \$6.9 billion and \$10.0 billion at June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, or 54% 48% and 64% of our total cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of those respective dates. At December 31, 2023, all of our cash, cash equivalents, and investments held by foreign subsidiaries were subject to U.S. taxation under Subpart F, Global Intangible Low Taxed Income or the one-time transition tax under the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. Subsequent repatriations to the U.S. will not be taxable from a U.S. federal tax perspective, but may be subject to state income or foreign withholding tax.



A significant aspect of our global cash management activities involves meeting our customers' requirements to access their cash while simultaneously meeting our regulatory financial ratio commitments in various jurisdictions. Our global cash balances are required not only to provide operational liquidity to our businesses, but also to support our global regulatory requirements across our regulated subsidiaries. Accordingly, not all of our cash is available for general corporate purposes.

Cash flows

The following table summarizes our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:

Six Months Ended June 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,
2024 2024 2023	2024 2023

(In millions)

Net cash provided by (used in):
Operating activities
Operating activities
Operating activities
Investing activities
Financing activities
Effect of exchange rates on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash

Operating activities

The net cash provided by operating activities of \$3.4 billion \$5.1 billion in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was due primarily to operating income of \$2.5 billion \$3.9 billion, as well as adjustments for non-cash expenses, including stock-based compensation of \$663 million, provision for transaction and credit losses of \$656 million \$1.0 billion, stock-based compensation of \$947 million, and depreciation and amortization of \$528 million \$783 million. Cash flows from operating activities was also impacted by proceeds from repayments and sales of loans receivable, originally classified as held for sale, of \$11.2 billion \$17.2 billion and net losses from our strategic investments of \$226 million. These cash inflows from operating activities were partially offset by originations of loans receivable, held for sale of \$11.1 billion and \$17.2 billion, changes in other assets and liabilities of \$511 million \$647 million, primarily related to actual cash transaction losses incurred during the period, period, and accretion of discounts on investments, net of amortization of premiums, of \$290 million.

The net cash provided by operating activities of \$1.0 billion \$2.2 billion in the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was due primarily to operating income of \$2.1 billion \$3.3 billion, as well as adjustments for non-cash expenses, including provision for transaction and credit losses of \$840 million \$1.3 billion, stock-based compensation of \$708 million, \$1.1 billion, and depreciation and amortization of \$539 million \$809 million. Cash flows from operating activities was also impacted by originations of loans receivable, held for sale of \$1.5 billion and \$5.7 billion, changes in other assets and liabilities of \$1.2 billion \$865 million, primarily related to actual cash transaction losses incurred during the period, a decline in other liabilities, and changes in deferred income taxes payable, of \$439 million, accretion of discounts on investments, net of amortization of premiums, of \$265 million, and net gains from our strategic investments of \$205 million, partially offset by proceeds from repayments of loans receivable, originally classified as held for sale, of \$302 million \$3.7 billion.

In the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and 2023, cash paid for income taxes, net was \$822 million \$975 million and \$906 million \$1.1 billion, respectively.

Investing activities

The net cash used in investing activities of \$3.7 billion \$868 million in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was due primarily to purchases of investments of \$16.0 billion \$20.8 billion, purchases and originations of loans receivable of \$10.0 billion \$15.4 billion, changes in funds receivable from customers of \$1.4 billion, and purchases of property and equipment of \$311 million \$480 million, and purchases of reverse repurchase agreements of \$299 million, partially offset by maturities and sales of investments of \$14.2 \$21.2 billion, and proceeds from repayments and sales of loans receivable, originally classified as held for investment, of \$9.8 billion \$14.7 billion, and maturities of reverse repurchase agreements of \$226 million. From time to time, we enter into reverse repurchase agreements as a form of secured lending primarily to deploy excess cash.

The net cash provided by investing activities of \$1.6 billion \$1.3 billion in the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was due primarily to proceeds from repayments and sales of loans receivable, originally classified as held for investment, of \$16.0 \$21.3 billion and maturities and sales of investments of \$10.7 \$16.1 billion, and changes in funds receivable from customers of \$759 million, partially offset by purchases and originations of loans receivable of \$15.2 billion, \$19.8 billion, purchases of investments of \$10.5 billion \$15.0 billion, changes in funds receivable from customers of \$1.0 billion, and purchases of property and equipment of \$320 million \$478 million.

Financing activities

The net cash used in financing activities of \$2.2 billion \$4.7 billion in the six nine months ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 was due primarily to the repurchase of \$3.0 billion \$4.8 billion of our common stock under our stock repurchase program, changes in funds payable and amounts due to customers of \$771 million, repayments of borrowings from repurchase agreements of \$656 million, repayments of borrowings under financing arrangements of \$411 million, and tax withholdings related to net share settlement of equity awards of \$230 million \$271 million. These cash outflows were partially offset by borrowings under financing arrangements of \$1.4 billion \$1.5 billion (including proceeds from the issuance of fixed rate debt in May 2024), and borrowings from repurchase agreements of \$656 million. From time to time, we enter into repurchase agreements as a form of secured borrowing primarily to address temporary liquidity needs.

The net cash used in financing activities of \$6.1 billion \$6.0 billion in the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was due primarily to the repurchase of \$3.0 billion \$4.4 billion of our common stock under our stock repurchase program, changes in funds payable and amounts due to customers of \$2.6 billion \$1.3 billion, repayments of borrowings under financing arrangements of \$942 million (including principal repayment of fixed rate debt under our May 2020 debt issuance that matured in June 2023 and repayment of borrowings under our Paidy credit agreement), and tax withholdings related to net share settlement of equity awards of \$200 million, and changes in collateral received related to derivative instruments, net of \$175 million \$225 million. These cash outflows were partially offset by borrowings under financing arrangements of \$720 million (including \$829 million, including proceeds from the issuance of fixed rate debt in June 2023 and borrowings under our Paidy credit agreement), agreement.

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash

Foreign currency exchange rates for the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and 2023 had a **positive impact of \$103 million and a negative impact of \$89 million and \$50 million \$95 million**, respectively, on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash. **The positive impact on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash in the nine months ended September 30, 2024 was due primarily to the favorable impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate of the U.S. dollar to the British pound.** The negative impact on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash in the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2023** was due primarily to the unfavorable impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate of the U.S. dollar to the Australian dollar, and **the British pound, and to a lesser extent, the Euro Chinese yuan and Japanese yen.** **The negative impact on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash in the six months ended June 30, 2023 was due primarily to the unfavorable impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate of the U.S. dollar to the Australian dollar.**

Available credit and debt

In May 2024, we issued fixed rate notes with varying maturity dates for an aggregate principal amount of \$1.3 billion. Proceeds from the issuance of these Notes may be used for general corporate purposes, which may include funding the repayment or redemption of outstanding debt, share repurchases, ongoing operations, capital expenditures, and acquisitions of businesses, assets, or strategic investments. As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, we had **\$11.8 billion an aggregate principal amount of \$11.9 billion** in fixed rate debt outstanding with varying maturity dates.

In February 2022, we entered into a credit agreement (the "Paidy Credit Agreement") with Paidy as co-borrower, which provided for an unsecured revolving credit facility of ¥60.0 billion, which was modified in September 2022 to increase the borrowing capacity by ¥30.0 billion for a total borrowing capacity of ¥90.0 billion (approximately **\$559 \$633 million as of June 30, 2024.)** **September 30, 2024.** As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, **¥70.0 ¥90.0 billion (approximately \$435 \$633 million)** and ¥50.0 billion (approximately \$355 million), respectively, was outstanding under the Paidy Credit Agreement. At **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, **¥20.0 billion (approximately \$124 million) of no** borrowing capacity was available for the purposes permitted by the Paidy Credit Agreement, subject to customary conditions to borrowing. Agreement.

Other than as described above, there were no significant changes to the available credit and debt disclosed in our 2023 Form 10-K. For additional information, see "Note 12—Debt" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Depending on market conditions, we may from time to time issue debt, including in private or public offerings, to fund our operating activities, finance acquisitions, make strategic investments, repurchase shares under our stock repurchase program, or reduce our cost of capital.

We have a cash pooling arrangement with a financial institution for cash management purposes. The arrangement allows for cash withdrawals from the financial institution based upon our aggregate operating cash balances held within the financial institution ("Aggregate Cash Deposits"). The arrangement also allows us to withdraw amounts exceeding the Aggregate Cash Deposits up to an agreed-upon limit. The net balance of the withdrawals and the Aggregate Cash Deposits are used by the financial institution as a basis for calculating our net interest expense or income under the arrangement. As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, we had a total of **\$2.8 billion \$2.2 billion** in cash withdrawals offsetting our **\$2.8 billion \$2.2 billion** in Aggregate Cash Deposits held within the financial institution under the cash pooling arrangement.

Credit ratings

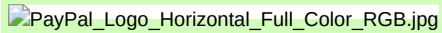
As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, we continue to be rated investment grade by Standard and Poor's Financial Services, LLC, Fitch Ratings, Inc., and Moody's Investors Services, Inc. We expect that these credit rating agencies will continue to monitor our performance, including our capital structure and results of operations. Our goal is to be rated investment grade, but as circumstances change, there are factors that could result in our credit ratings being downgraded or put on a watch list for possible downgrading. If that were to occur, it could increase our borrowing rates, including the interest rate on borrowings under our credit agreements.

CURRENT AND FUTURE CASH REQUIREMENTS

Our material cash requirements include funds to support current and potential: operating activities, credit products, customer protection programs, stock repurchases, strategic investments, acquisitions, other commitments, **and** capital expenditures, and other future obligations.

Credit products

Growth in our portfolio of loans receivable increases our liquidity needs and any inability to meet those liquidity needs could adversely affect our business. We continue to evaluate partnerships and third-party sources of funding for our credit products.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

63

The Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier (the "CSSF") has agreed that PayPal's management may designate up to 50% of European customer balances held in our Luxembourg banking subsidiary to fund European, U.K., and U.S. credit activities. As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, the cumulative amount approved by **management** PayPal to be designated to fund credit activities aggregated to **\$3.0 billion** **\$2.0 billion** and represented approximately **40%** **27%** of European customer balances made available for our corporate use at that date, as determined by applying financial regulations maintained by the CSSF. We may periodically seek to **designate additional** **change the designation of** amounts of European customer balances for our credit activities, as we deem necessary, based on utilization of the approved funds and anticipated credit funding requirements. Under certain exceptional circumstances, corporate liquidity could be called upon to meet our obligations related to our European customer balances.

In June 2023, we entered into a multi-year agreement with a global investment firm to sell up to €40 billion of our eligible consumer installment receivables portfolio. During the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, we sold **\$9.6** **\$14.7** billion of loans and interest receivable in connection with this agreement. See "Note 11—Loans and Interest Receivable" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional information.


While our objective is to expand the availability of our credit products with capital from external sources, there can be no assurance that we will be successful in achieving that goal.

Customer protection programs

The risk of losses from our customer protection programs are specific to individual consumers, merchants, and transactions, and may also be impacted by regional variations in, and changes or modifications to, the programs, including as a result of changes in regulatory requirements. For the periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report, our transaction loss rate ranged between 0.06% and 0.08% of TPV. Historical loss rates may not be indicative of future results.

Stock repurchases

During the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, we repurchased approximately **\$3.0 billion** **\$4.8 billion** of our common stock in the open market under our stock repurchase program authorized in June 2022. As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, a total of approximately **\$7.9** **\$6.1** billion remained available for future repurchases of our common stock under our June 2022 stock repurchase program.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

63

Other considerations

Our liquidity, access to capital, and borrowing costs could be adversely impacted by declines in our credit rating, our financial performance, and global credit market conditions, as well as a broad range of other factors. In addition, our liquidity, access to capital, and borrowing costs could also be negatively impacted by the outcome of any of the legal or regulatory proceedings to which we are a party. See Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors of our 2023 Form 10-K, as supplemented and, to the extent inconsistent, superseded below in Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors of this Form 10-Q, as well as "Note 13—Commitments and Contingencies" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for additional discussion of these and other risks that our business faces.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

64

ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk is the potential for economic losses to be incurred on market risk sensitive instruments arising from adverse changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, and equity investment risk. Management establishes and oversees the implementation of policies governing our investing, funding, and foreign currency derivative activities intended to mitigate market risks. We monitor risk exposures on an ongoing basis.

INTEREST RATE RISK

We are exposed to interest rate risk relating to our investment portfolio and from interest-rate sensitive assets underlying the customer balances we hold on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as customer accounts.

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, approximately 47% 50% and 59%, respectively, of our total cash, cash equivalents, and investment portfolio (excluding restricted cash and strategic investments) was held in cash and cash equivalents. The remaining portfolio and assets underlying the customer balances that we hold on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as customer accounts are maintained in interest and non-interest bearing bank deposits, time deposits, and available-for-sale debt securities. We seek to preserve principal while holding eligible liquid assets, as defined by applicable regulatory requirements and commercial law in certain jurisdictions where we operate, equal to at least 100% of the aggregate amount of all customer balances. We do not pay interest on amounts due to customers.

Interest rate movements affect the interest income we earn on cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, and available-for-sale debt securities and the fair value of those securities. A hypothetical 100 basis points increase in interest rates would have resulted in a decrease in the fair value of our cash equivalents and available-for-sale debt securities investment by approximately \$103 million \$76 million and \$122 million at June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Changes in the fair value of our available-for-sale debt securities resulting from such interest rate changes are reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income ("AOCI") and are realized only if we sell the securities prior to their scheduled maturities or the declines in fair values are due to expected credit losses.

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we had \$11.8 billion an aggregate principal amount of \$11.9 billion and \$10.6 billion, respectively, in fixed rate debt with varying maturity dates. Since these notes bear interest at fixed rates, they do not result in any financial statement risk associated with changes in interest rates. However, the fair value of these notes fluctuates when interest rates change, increasing in periods of declining interest rates and declining in periods of increasing interest rates.

As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, we also had revolving credit facilities of approximately \$5.6 billion available to us. We are obligated to pay interest on borrowings under these facilities as well as other customary fees, including an upfront fee and an unused commitment fee based on our debt rating. Borrowings under these facilities, if any, bear interest at floating rates. As a result, we are exposed to the risk related to fluctuations in interest rates to the extent of our borrowings. As of June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, ¥70.0 ¥90.0 billion (approximately \$435 \$633 million) and ¥50.0 billion (approximately \$355 million), respectively, was outstanding under these facilities. A 100 basis points hypothetical adverse change in applicable market interest rates would not have resulted in a material impact to interest expense recorded in the period. For additional information, see "Note 12—Debt" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Interest rates may also adversely impact our customers' spending levels and ability and willingness to pay outstanding amounts owed to us. Higher interest rates often lead to larger payment obligations by customers of our credit products to us, or to lenders under mortgage, credit card, and other consumer and merchant loans, which may reduce our customers' ability to remain current on their obligations to us and therefore lead to increased delinquencies, charge-offs, and allowances for loans and interest receivable, which could have an adverse effect on our net income (loss).



65

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE RISK

We have significant operations internationally that are denominated in foreign currencies, primarily the British pound, Euro, Australian dollar, and Canadian dollar, which subject us to foreign currency exchange rate risk and may adversely impact our financial results. We transact in various foreign currencies and have significant international revenues and expenses. In addition, we charge our international subsidiaries for their use of intellectual property and technology and for certain corporate services. Our cash flows, results of operations, and certain of our intercompany balances that are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations may differ materially from expectations, and we may record significant gains or losses due to foreign currency fluctuations and related hedging activities. We are generally a net receiver of foreign currencies and therefore benefit from a weakening of the United States ("U.S.") dollar, and are adversely affected by a strengthening of the U.S. dollar, relative to foreign currencies. We considered the historical trends in foreign currency exchange rates and determined that it was reasonably possible that changes in exchange rates of 10% for all currencies could be experienced in the near term.

We have a foreign currency exchange exposure management program designed to identify material foreign currency exposures, manage these exposures, and reduce the potential effects of currency fluctuations on our consolidated cash flows and results of operations through the execution of foreign currency exchange contracts. These foreign currency exchange contracts are accounted for as derivative instruments; for additional details related to our foreign currency exchange contracts, please see "Note 10—Derivative Instruments" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

We use foreign currency exchange forward contracts to protect our forecasted U.S. dollar-equivalent earnings and our investment in foreign subsidiaries from adverse changes in foreign currency exchange rates. These hedging contracts reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the impact of adverse foreign currency exchange rate movements. We designate these contracts as cash flow hedges of forecasted revenues and expenses denominated in certain foreign currencies and net investment hedges for accounting purposes. The derivative's gain or loss is initially reported as a component of AOCI. Cash flow hedges are subsequently reclassified into revenue or expense in the same period the forecasted transaction affects earnings. The accumulated gains and losses associated with net investment hedges will remain in AOCI until the foreign subsidiaries are sold or substantially liquidated, at which point they will be reclassified into earnings.

If the U.S. dollar weakened by a hypothetical 10% at **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, the amount recorded in AOCI related to our foreign currency exchange forward contracts, before taxes, would have been approximately **\$582 million** **\$627 million** and \$622 million lower, respectively, before considering the offsetting impact of the underlying hedged item.

We have an additional foreign currency exchange management program in which we use foreign currency exchange contracts to help offset the foreign currency exchange risk on our assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of our subsidiaries. These contracts are not designated as hedging instruments and reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the impact of currency exchange rate movements on our assets and liabilities. The foreign currency exchange gains and losses on our assets and liabilities are recorded in other income (expense), net, and are offset by the gains and losses on the foreign currency exchange contracts.

Adverse changes in exchange rates of a hypothetical 10% for all foreign currencies would have resulted in a negative impact on income before income taxes of approximately **\$335 million** **\$464 million** and \$417 million at **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, respectively, without considering the offsetting effect of foreign currency exchange contracts. Foreign currency exchange contracts in place as of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** would have positively impacted income before income taxes by approximately **\$315** **\$451** million, resulting in a net negative impact of approximately **\$20 million** **\$13 million**. Foreign currency exchange contracts in place as of December 31, 2023 would have positively impacted income before income taxes by approximately \$400 million, resulting in a net negative impact of approximately \$17 million. These reasonably possible adverse changes in exchange rates of 10% were applied to monetary assets, monetary liabilities, and available-for-sale debt securities denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of our subsidiaries at the balance sheet dates to compute the adverse impact these changes would have had on our income before income taxes in the near term.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

66

EQUITY INVESTMENT RISK

Our strategic investments are subject to a variety of market-related risks that could substantially reduce or increase the carrying value of the portfolio. As of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** and December 31, 2023, our strategic investments totaled **\$1.9 billion** **\$1.7 billion** and \$1.8 billion, which represented approximately **10%** and 11% of our total cash, cash equivalents, and short-term and long-term investment portfolio at those respective dates. Our strategic investments include marketable equity securities, which are publicly traded, and non-marketable equity securities, which are primarily investments in privately held companies. We are required to record all adjustments to the value of these strategic investments through our condensed consolidated statements of income (loss). As such, we expect volatility to our net income (loss) in future periods due to changes in observable prices and impairment related to our non-marketable equity securities accounted for under the Measurement Alternative. These changes could be material based on market conditions. Additionally, the financial success of our investments in privately held companies is typically dependent on a liquidity event, such as a public offering, acquisition, private sale, or other favorable market event providing the ability to realize appreciation in the value of the investment. A hypothetical adverse change of 10% in the carrying value of our strategic investments as of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, which could be experienced in the near term, would have resulted in a decrease of approximately **\$185 million** **\$171 million** to the carrying value of the portfolio. We review our non-marketable equity securities accounted for under the Measurement Alternative for impairment when events and circumstances indicate a decline in fair value of such assets below carrying value. Our analysis includes a review of recent operating results and trends, recent purchases and sales of securities, and other publicly available data, for which we assess factors such as the investees' financial condition and business outlook, industry performance, regulatory, economic, or technological environment, and other relevant events and factors affecting the investees.

ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act), our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer have concluded that as of **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024**, the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

(b) Changes in internal controls over financial reporting. There were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting as defined in the Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f) that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II: OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The information set forth under "Note 13—Commitments and Contingencies—Litigation and Regulatory Matters" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS

We are subject to various risks and uncertainties, which could materially affect our business, results of operations, financial condition, future results, and the trading price of our common stock. You should read carefully the following information together with the information appearing in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 as filed with the United States ("U.S.") Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 8, 2024 ("2023 Form 10-K"), as updated by the information appearing in Part II, Item 1A, Risk Factors in our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q as filed with the SEC, SEC ("Forms 10-Q"). The following information supplements and, to the extent inconsistent, supersedes some of the information appearing in the Risk Factors section of our 2023 Form 10-K, K and Forms 10-Q. These risk factors, as well as our condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and the other information appearing in this report, should be reviewed carefully for important information regarding risks that affect us.

CYBERSECURITY AND TECHNOLOGY RISKS

Cyberattacks and security vulnerabilities could result in serious harm to our reputation, business, and financial condition.

The techniques used to attempt to obtain unauthorized or illegal access to systems and information (including customers' personal data), disable or degrade service, exploit vulnerabilities, or sabotage systems are constantly evolving. In some circumstances, these attempts may not be recognized or detected until after they have been launched against a target. Unauthorized parties continuously attempt to gain access to our systems or facilities through various means, including through hacking into our systems or facilities or those of our customers, partners, or vendors, and attempting to fraudulently induce users of our systems (including employees, vendor and partner personnel and customers) into disclosing user names, passwords, payment card information, multi-factor authentication application access or other sensitive information used to gain access to such systems or facilities. This information may, in turn, be used to access our customers' confidential personal or proprietary information and financial instrument data that are stored on or accessible through our information technology systems and those of third parties with whom we partner. This information may also be used to execute fraudulent transactions or otherwise engage in fraudulent actions. Numerous and evolving cybersecurity threats, including advanced and persisting cyberattacks, cyberextortion, distributed denial-of-service attacks, ransomware, spear phishing and social engineering schemes, the introduction of computer viruses or other malware, and the physical destruction of all or portions of our information technology and infrastructure and those of third parties with whom we partner or that are part of our information technology supply chain, are becoming increasingly sophisticated and complex, may be difficult to detect, and could compromise the confidentiality, availability, and integrity of the data in our systems, as well as the systems themselves.

We believe that hostile actors, who may comprise individuals, coordinated groups, sophisticated organizations, or nation state supported entities may target PayPal due to our name, brand recognition, types of data (including sensitive payments- and identity-related data) that customers provide to us, and the widespread adoption and use of our products and services. We have experienced from time to time, and may experience in the future, cybersecurity incidents, including breaches of our security measures, network breaches, and compromise of personally identifiable customer information due to human error, deception, malfeasance, insider threats, system errors, defects, vulnerabilities, or other issues.

Any cybersecurity incidents, including cyberattacks or data security breaches affecting the information technology or infrastructure of companies we acquire or of our customers, partners, or vendors (including data center and cloud computing providers) could have similar negative effects.

Under payment card network rules and our contracts with our payment processors, if there is a breach of payment card information stored by us or our direct payment card processing vendors, we could be liable to the payment card issuing banks, including for their cost of issuing new cards and related expenses. We have experienced, and may experience in the future, breaches involving customer information for which we have notified, and may notify, regulators, customers and other third parties. These or other cybersecurity breaches and other exploited security vulnerabilities have subjected us and could further subject us to significant costs and third-party liabilities, result in improper disclosure of data and violations of applicable privacy and other laws, require us to change our business practices, cause us to incur significant remediation costs, lead to loss of customer confidence in, or decreased use of, our products and services, damage our reputation and brands, divert the attention of management from the operation of our business, result in significant compensation or contractual penalties from us to our customers and their business partners as a result of losses to or claims by them, or expose us to litigation,

regulatory investigations, and significant fines and penalties. While we maintain insurance policies intended to help offset the financial impact we may experience from these risks, our coverage may be insufficient to compensate us for all losses caused by security breaches and other damage to or unavailability of our systems.

LEGAL, REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE RISKS

Our business is subject to extensive government regulation and oversight. Our failure to comply with extensive, complex, overlapping, and frequently changing rules, regulations, and legal interpretations could materially harm our business.

Privacy and Protection of Customer Data

The legal and regulatory environment relating to privacy and data protection laws continues to develop and evolve in ways we cannot predict, including with respect to technologies such as cloud computing, (generative) artificial intelligence, machine learning, cryptocurrency, and blockchain technology. Any failure or alleged failure by us to comply with our privacy policies as communicated to customers or with privacy and data protection laws relating to our collection, use, storage, transfer, or sharing of customer data with third parties could result in proceedings or actions against us by data protection authorities, other government agencies, our customers or others, which could subject us to significant fines, penalties, judgments, and negative publicity, require us to change our business practices, increase the costs and complexity of compliance, result in reputational harm, and materially harm our business. Compliance with inconsistent privacy and data protection laws may also restrict or limit our ability to provide products and services to our customers.

PayPal relies on a variety of compliance methods to transfer personal data of Europe Economic Area individuals to the U.S., including Binding Corporate Rules for internal transfers of certain types of personal data and Standard Contractual Clauses ("SCCs") as approved by the European Commission for transfers to and from third parties. While PayPal intends to continue to rely on Binding Corporate Rules and SCCs and will evaluate the circumstances under which additional mechanisms, such as the [EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework](#) may be leveraged for transfers of personal data to the U.S., we may be subject to regulatory enforcement actions if our approach is deemed to be noncompliant.

Many jurisdictions in which we operate globally have enacted, or are in the process of enacting, data privacy legislation or regulations aimed at creating and enhancing individual privacy rights. For example, numerous U.S. states have enacted or are in the process of enacting state level data privacy laws and regulations governing the collection, use, and retention of their residents' personal information. The continued proliferation of privacy laws in the jurisdictions in which we operate is likely to result in a disparate array of privacy rules with unaligned or conflicting provisions, accountability requirements, individual rights, and national or local enforcement powers, which may subject us to increased regulatory scrutiny and business costs and could lead to unintended consumer confusion.

Our credit products expose us to additional risks.

We offer credit products to a wide range of consumers and merchants in the U.S. and various international markets. The financial success of these products depends largely on the effective management of related risk. The credit decision-making process for our consumer credit products uses proprietary methodologies and credit algorithms and other analytical techniques designed to analyze the credit risk of specific consumers based on, among other factors, their past purchase and transaction history with PayPal or Venmo and their credit scores. Similarly, proprietary risk models and other indicators are applied to assess merchants who desire to use our merchant financing offerings to help predict their ability to repay. These risk models may not accurately predict the creditworthiness of a consumer or merchant due to inaccurate assumptions, including those related to the particular consumer or merchant, market conditions, economic environment, or limited transaction history or other data. The accuracy of these risk models and the ability to manage credit risk related to our credit products may also be affected by legal or regulatory requirements, changes in consumer behavior, changes in the economic environment, issuing bank policies, and other factors.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

69


We generally rely on the activities and charters of unaffiliated financial institutions to provide PayPal and Venmo branded consumer credit and merchant financing offerings to our U.S. customers. As a service provider to these unaffiliated financial institutions, which are federally supervised U.S. financial institutions, we are subject from time to time to examination by their federal banking regulators. In the event of any termination or interruption in a partner bank's ability or willingness to lend, our ability to offer consumer credit and merchant financing products could be interrupted or limited, which could materially and adversely affect our business. We may be unable to reach a similar arrangement with another unaffiliated financial institution on favorable terms or at all. Obtaining and maintaining the lending licenses required for us to originate such loans ourselves would be a costly, time-consuming and uncertain process, and would subject us to additional laws and regulatory requirements, which could significantly increase our costs and compliance obligations and require us to change our business practices.

Merchant loans under our U.S. PayPal Working Capital ("PPWC") and PayPal Business Loan ("PPBL") products and certain U.S. installment loan products are provided by a state-chartered industrial bank under a program agreement with us, and we acquire the receivables generated by those loans from the state-chartered bank after origination. In June 2020, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") approved a final rule clarifying that loans validly originated by state-chartered banks or insured branches of foreign banks remain valid throughout the lifetime of the loan, reflecting a similar rule finalized by the Office of the Comptroller of Currency ("OCC") in May 2020 for nationally chartered banks. The final rule reaffirms and codifies the so-called "valid-when-made doctrine," which provides that the permissibility of an interest rate for a loan is determined when the loan is made and will not be affected by subsequent events such as sale, assignment, or other transfer. While a number of state attorneys general have unsuccessfully challenged these FDIC and OCC rules, there remains some uncertainty whether non-bank entities purchasing loan receivables originated by FDIC-insured, state-chartered banks may rely on federal preemption of state usury laws and other state laws. An adverse outcome of these or similar challenges, or changes to applicable laws and regulations or regulatory policy, could materially impact our U.S. PPWC and PPBL products, certain installment products, and our business.

We are subject to the risk that account holders who use our credit products will default on their payment obligations. The non-payment rate among account holders may increase due to, among other factors, changes to underwriting standards, risk models not accurately predicting the creditworthiness of a user, worsening economic conditions, such as a recession or government austerity programs, increases in prevailing interest rates, and high unemployment rates. Account holders who miss payments often fail to repay their loans, and account holders who file for protection under the bankruptcy laws generally do not repay their loans. Further, laws or regulations may limit the assessment of late fees or penalties on certain credit products, which could negatively impact our revenue share arrangement with an independent chartered financial institution with respect to our U.S. consumer credit products. Any deterioration in the performance of loans facilitated through our platform or unexpected losses on such loans may increase the risk of potential charge-offs, increase our allowance for loans and interest receivable, negatively impact our revenue share arrangement (as discussed above), and materially and adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

We currently purchase receivables related to our U.S. PayPal-branded merchant financing offerings and certain U.S. consumer installment loan products and extend credit for our consumer and merchant products outside the U.S. through our international subsidiaries. In June 2023, we entered into a multi-year agreement to sell up to €40 billion of U.K. and European buy now, pay later ("BNPL") loan receivables originated by PayPal (Europe) and PayPal U.K., consisting of the sale of a substantial majority of the U.K. and European BNPL loan portfolio held on PayPal (Europe)'s balance sheet at the closing of the transaction and a forward-flow arrangement for the sale of future originations of eligible loans, and in October 2023, we began selling those receivables. The sale of future eligible receivables is subject to certain conditions. If these conditions are not satisfied or waived or if the parties are unable to fulfill their obligations under these arrangements, the sale of these receivables could be delayed and we may not realize the expected benefits of this arrangement.

From time to time, we may consider other third-party sources of funding (including asset sales, warehouse facilities, forward-flow arrangements, securitizations, partnerships or other funding structures) for our credit portfolio or other receivables. The availability of such third-party funding is subject to a number of factors, including economic conditions and interest rates, and there can be no assurance that any such funding arrangements can be obtained on favorable terms or at all. If we are unable to fund our credit products or the purchase of the receivables related to our credit products and offerings adequately or in a cost-effective manner, the growth of our credit products and our results of operations and financial condition could be materially and adversely impacted.



70

Environmental, social and governance ("ESG") issues may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations and damage our reputation.

Investors, customers, employees, regulators, legislators and other stakeholders are increasingly focused on ESG matters and related disclosures, including with respect to cybersecurity, data privacy and protection, global talent and climate, and new ESG laws and regulations are expanding mandatory disclosure, reporting and diligence requirements. If we are unable to comply with new laws and regulations or changes to legal or regulatory requirements concerning ESG matters, or fail to meet investor, industry or stakeholder expectations and standards, our reputation may be harmed, customers may choose to refrain from using our products and services, we may be subject to fines, penalties, regulatory or other enforcement actions, and our business or financial condition may be adversely affected. We may also experience additional scrutiny or criticism from investors, customers, partners, media, government entities, and other stakeholders if they perceive PayPal to not have acted appropriately with respect to ESG matters. If our ESG-related data, processes and reporting are incomplete or inaccurate, or if we fail to achieve progress with respect to ESG-related goals on a timely basis, or at all, our reputation, business, financial performance and growth could be adversely affected.

We specifically recognize the inherent physical climate-related risks where we conduct business. Our primary locations may be vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change. For example, California, where our headquarters are located, has historically experienced, and is projected to continue to experience, extreme weather and natural disaster events more frequently, including drought, water scarcity, flooding, heat waves, wildfires and resultant air quality impacts, and power shutoffs associated with wildfire prevention. Such events may disrupt our business and may cause us to experience additional costs to maintain or resume operations and higher attrition.



71

ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

REPURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

In June 2022, our Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program that provides for the repurchase of up to \$15 billion of our common stock, with no expiration from the date of authorization. Our stock repurchase program is intended to offset the impact of dilution from our equity compensation programs and, subject to market conditions and other factors, may also be used to make opportunistic repurchases of our common stock to reduce outstanding share count. Any share repurchases under our stock repurchase program may be made through open market transactions, block trades, privately negotiated transactions including accelerated share repurchase agreements or other means at times and in such amounts as management deems appropriate, and will be funded from our working capital or other financing alternatives. Moreover, any stock repurchases are subject to market conditions and other uncertainties and we cannot predict if or when any stock repurchases will be made. We may terminate our stock repurchase program at any time without prior notice.

The stock repurchase activity under our stock repurchase program during the three months ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** is summarized below:

	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share ⁽¹⁾	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
(In millions, except per share amounts)				
Balance as of March 31, 2024				\$ 9,358
April 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024	8.2	\$ 64.73	8.2	8,829
May 1, 2024 through May 31, 2024	8.8	\$ 63.56	8.8	8,268
June 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024	6.6	\$ 62.17	6.6	7,857
Balance as of June 30, 2024	23.6		23.6	\$ 7,857

	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share ⁽¹⁾	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
(In millions, except per share amounts)				
Balance as of June 30, 2024				\$ 7,857
July 1, 2024 through July 31, 2024	15.3	\$ 59.79	15.3	6,940
August 1, 2024 through August 31, 2024	8.0	\$ 67.01	8.0	6,401
September 1, 2024 through September 30, 2024	4.4	\$ 73.46	4.4	6,081
Balance as of September 30, 2024	27.7		27.7	\$ 6,081

⁽¹⁾ Average price paid per share for open market purchases includes broker commissions, but excludes excise tax.

ITEM 3: DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4: MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

ITEM 5: OTHER INFORMATION

None.



ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	Date Filed	Filed Herewith
4.10.0.01	Officer's Certificate pursuant to the Indenture, dated as of May 28, 2024	8-K	5/28/2024	-
4.02	Form of Note for 5.150% Notes due 2034 (included as part of Exhibit 4.1 hereto)	8-K	5/28/2024	-
4.03	Form of Note for 5.500% Notes due 2054 (included as part of Exhibit 4.1 hereto)	8-K	5/28/2024	-
10.01+	PayPal Holdings, Inc. 2015 Incentive Award Plan, as Amended and Restated	8-K	5/28/2024	-
10.02+ +	Amendment and Restatement of PayPal Holdings, Inc. Executive Change in Control and Severance Plan	8-K	7/25/2024	-
10.03+	Offer Letter, dated May 28, 2024, by and between PayPal Holdings, Inc. and Christopher Natali	8-K	6/3/2024	-
31.01	Certification of Registrant's Chief Executive Officer, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	-	-	X
31.02	Certification of Registrant's Chief Financial Officer, as required by Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	-	-	X
32.01*	Certification of Registrant's Chief Executive Officer, as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	-	-	X
32.02*	Certification of Registrant's Chief Financial Officer, as required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	-	-	X
101	The following financial information related to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 September 30, 2024 , formatted in iXBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss), (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity, (v) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (vi) the related Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	-	-	X
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in iXBRL and contained in Exhibit 101	-	-	X

+ Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

* The certifications furnished in Exhibits 32.01 and 32.02 hereto are deemed to accompany this Form 10-Q and will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. Such certifications will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filings under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates them by reference.

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

73

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PayPal Holdings, Inc.
Principal Executive Officer:

Date: July 30, October 29, 2024

By: /s/ Alex Chriss

Alex Chriss
President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Principal Financial Officer:

Date: July 30, October 29, 2024

By: /s/ Jamie Miller

Jamie Miller
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

Principal Accounting Officer:

Date: July 30, October 29, 2024

By: /s/ Christopher Natali

Christopher Natali
Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer

 PayPal_Logo_Horizontal_Full_Color_RGB.jpg

74

Exhibit 31.01

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER,
AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.**

I, Alex Chriss, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of PayPal Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Alex Chriss

Alex Chriss

President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: July 30, 2024 October 29, 2024

Exhibit 31.02

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER,
AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.**

I, Jamie Miller, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of PayPal Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Jamie Miller

Jamie Miller

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: July 30, 2024 October 29, 2024

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER,
AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.**

I, Alex Chriss, hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that:

(i) The accompanying quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) The information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PayPal Holdings, Inc.

/s/ Alex Chriss

Alex Chriss

President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: **July 30, 2024** **October 29, 2024**

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of this report.

**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER,
AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002.**

I, Jamie Miller, hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 that:

(i) The accompanying quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **June 30, 2024** **September 30, 2024** fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) The information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of PayPal Holdings, Inc.

/s/ Jamie Miller

Jamie Miller

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: **July 30, 2024** **October 29, 2024**

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of this report.

DISCLAIMER

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE REFINITIV CORPORATE DISCLOSURES DELTA REPORT™ IS A COMPARISON OF TWO FINANCIALS PERIODIC REPORTS. THERE MAY BE MATERIAL ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INACCURACIES IN THE REPORT INCLUDING THE TEXT AND THE COMPARISON DATA AND TABLES. IN NO WAY DOES REFINITIV OR THE APPLICABLE COMPANY ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INVESTMENT OR OTHER DECISIONS MADE BASED UPON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IN THIS REPORT. USERS ARE ADVISED TO REVIEW THE APPLICABLE COMPANY'S ACTUAL SEC FILINGS BEFORE MAKING ANY INVESTMENT OR OTHER DECISIONS.

©2024, Refinitiv. All rights reserved. Patents Pending.