

2024-12-3100009089372024FYfalse338,768,044210.1P3MP3Yhttp://www.siriusxm.com/20241231#ImpairmentRestructuringAndAcquisitionCostshttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherAssetsNoncurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherAssetsNoncurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherLiabilitiesCurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherLiabilitiesCurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherLiabilitiesNoncurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherLiabilitiesNoncurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherLiabilitiesCurrent http://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#OtherLiabilitiesNoncurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#PropertyPlantAndEquipmentAndFinanceLeaseRightOfUseAssetAfterAccumulatedDepreciationAndAmortizationhttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#PropertyPlantAndEquipmentAndFinanceLeaseRightOfUseAssetAfterAccumulatedDepreciationAndAmortizationhttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#LongTermDebtAndCapitalLeaseObligationsCurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#LongTermDebtAndCapitalLeaseObligationsCurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#LongTermDebtAndCapitalLeaseObligationsCurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#LongTermDebtAndCapitalLeaseObligationsCurrenthttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#EquityMethodInvestments0.02969470.10P1Yhttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#IncomeTaxExpenseBenefithttp://fasb.org/us-gaap/2024#IncomeTaxExpenseBenefit0.4217USDbxrlr:shareiso4217USDbxrlr:shareiso4217USDbxrlr:puresiri:segmentsiri:satelliteRadioSystemsiri:subscribersiri:reportingUnitsiri:satelliteiso4217.CADxbri01-012024-12-3100009089372024-06-3000009089372025-01-2800009089372024-10-012024-12-310000908937siri:KristinaSalenMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:KristinaSalenMember2024-12-310000908937us-gaap:SubscriptionAndCirculationMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:SubscriptionAndCirculationMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:AdvertisingMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:AdvertisingMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:EquipmentRevenueMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:EquipmentRevenueMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:EquipmentRevenueMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:OtherRevenueMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:OtherRevenueMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:OtherRevenueMember2022-01-012022-12-3100009089372023-01-012023-12-3100009089372022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:RevenueShareAndRoyaltiesMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:RevenueShareAndRoyaltiesMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:RevenueShareAndRoyaltiesMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:ProgrammingAndContentMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:ProgrammingAndContentMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:ProgrammingAndContentMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesCustomerServiceAndBillingMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesCustomerServiceAndBillingMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesCustomerServiceAndBillingMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesTransmissionMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesTransmissionMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesTransmissionMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesEquipmentProductsAndServicesMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesEquipmentProductsAndServicesMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:CostOfSalesEquipmentProductsAndServicesMember2022-01-012022-12-3100009089372024-12-3100009089372023-12-310000908937us-gaap:NonrelatedPartyMember2024-12-310000908937us-gaap:NonrelatedPartyMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:RelatedPartyMember2024-12-310000908937us-gaap:RelatedPartyMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:CommonStockMember2021-12-310000908937siri:ParentInvestmentMember2021-12-310000908937us-gaap:RetainedEarningsMember2021-12-310000908937us-gaap:AccumulatedOtherComprehensiveIncomeMember2021-12-310000908937us-gaap:AdditionalPaidInCapitalMember2021-12-310000908937us-gaap:TreasuryStockCommonMember2021-12-310000908937us-gaap:NoncontrollingInterestMember2021-12-3100009089372021-12-310000908937us-gaap:RetainedEarningsMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:NoncontrollingInterestMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:ParentInvestmentMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937siri:ParentInvestmentMember2022-12-310000908937us-gaap:RetainedEarningsMember2022-12-310000908937us-gaap:AccumulatedOtherComprehensiveIncomeMember2022-12-310000908937us-gaap:AdditionalPaidInCapitalMember2022-12-310000908937us-gaap:TreasuryStockCommonMember2022-12-310000908937us-gaap:NoncontrollingInterestMember2022-12-3100009089372022-12-310000908937us-gaap:RetainedEarningsMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:NoncontrollingInterestMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:AccumulatedOtherComprehensiveIncomeMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937siri:ParentInvestmentMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:CommonStockMember2023-12-310000908937siri:ParentInvestmentMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:RetainedEarningsMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:AccumulatedOtherComprehensiveIncomeMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:AdditionalPaidInCapitalMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:TreasuryStockCommonMember2023-12-310000908937us-gaap:NoncontrollingInterestMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2021-01-012021-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2020-01-012020-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2019-01-012019-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2018-01-012018-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2017-01-012017-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2016-01-012016-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2015-01-012015-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2014-01-012014-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2013-01-012013-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2012-01-012012-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2011-01-012011-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2010-01-012010-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2009-01-012009-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2008-01-012008-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2007-01-012007-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2006-01-012006-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2005-01-012005-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2004-01-012004-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2003-01-012003-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2002-01-012002-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2001-01-012001-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember2000-01-012000-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember1999-01-011999-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember1998-01-011998-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember1997-01-011997-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember1996-01-011996-12-310000908937srt:CumulativeEffectPeriodOfAdoptionAdjustmentMember1995-01-011995-12

0000908937sir:DebtWithFourPointOneTwoFivePercentInterestAndDueTwoThousandThirtyOneMemberus-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2023-12-
310000908937sir:DebtWithThreePointEightSevenFivePercentInterestAndDueTwoThousandThirtyOneMemberus-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2024-12-
310000908937sir:DebtWithThreePointEightSevenFivePercentInterestAndDueTwoThousandThirtyOneMemberus-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2023-12-
310000908937sir:A3.75ConvertibleSeniorNotesMembers-us-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2023-03-100000908937sir:DebtConversionTermsOnMembersiri:A3.75ConvertibleSeniorNotesMembers-us-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2023-03-10223-03-
310000908937sir:A2.75ExchangeableSeniorDebenturesMembers-us-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2019-11-260000908937sir:A2.75ExchangeableSeniorDebenturesMembers-us-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2024-10-012024-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2021-02-
280000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembersiri:TermLoanMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2021-02-280000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembers-us-gaap:RevolvingCreditFacilityMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2021-02-012021-02-280000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembers-us-gaap:RevolvingCreditFacilityMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2021-02-012021-02-280000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembers-us-gaap:RevolvingCreditFacilityMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2023-03-
310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembers-us-gaap:RevolvingCreditFacilityMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2023-03-012023-03-
310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsMarginLoanMembersiri:TermLoanMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir-us-gaap:RevolvingCreditFacilityMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2021-08-310000908937us-gaap:RevolvingCreditFacilityMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:IncrementalTermLoanMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2022-04-300000908937sir:IncrementalTermLoanMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2024-04-112024-04-110000908937sir:IncrementalTermLoanMembers-us-gaap:LineOfCreditMember2024-01-260000908937sir:A3.75ConvertibleSeniorNotesMembers-us-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:BravesGroupMember2021-12-310000908937sir:LibertyFormulaOneGroupMember2021-12-310000908937sir:BravesGroupMember2022-12-310000908937sir:LibertyFormulaOneGroupMember2022-12-310000908937sir:LibertyFormulaOneGroupMember2022-09-012022-09-300000908937sir:BravesGroupMember2022-09-012022-09-3000009089372023-03-012023-03-
310000908937sir:CashConvertibleSeniorNotesDue2023Members-us-gaap:SeniorNotesMember2023-03-3100009089372023-07-120223-07-120000908937sir:LibertyMediaMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:LibertyMediaMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:SeriesALibertySiriusXMCommonStockMembersiri:LibertyMediaMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:SeriesCLibertySiriusXMCommonStockMembersiri:LibertyMediaMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:LibertyMediaMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:LibertyMediaMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:LibertyMediaMember2022-01-012022-12-3100009089372024-01-012024-03-3100009089372024-04-012024-06-300009089372024-07-012024-09-300009089372023-01-012023-03-3100009089372023-04-012023-06-300009089372023-07-012023-09-300009089372023-10-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:CommonStockMember2024-09-090000908937us-gaap:CommonStockMembersiri:OldSiriusMember2024-09-080000908937us-gaap:CommonStockMembersiri:OldSiriusMember2012-12-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:CommonStockMembersiri:OldSiriusMember2024-12-3100009089372024-09-102024-12-310000908937sir:OpenMarketMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:OpenMarketMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:OpenMarketMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesProgrammingAndContentMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesProgrammingAndContentMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesProgrammingAndContentMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesCustomerServiceAndBillingMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesCustomerServiceAndBillingMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesCustomerServiceAndBillingMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesTransmissionMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesTransmissionMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:CostOfSalesTransmissionMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:SellingAndMarketingExpenseMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:SellingAndMarketingExpenseMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:SellingAndMarketingExpenseMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:ResearchAndDevelopmentExpenseMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:ResearchAndDevelopmentExpenseMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:ResearchAndDevelopmentExpenseMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:GeneralAndAdministrativeExpenseMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:GeneralAndAdministrativeExpenseMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:GeneralAndAdministrativeExpenseMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:LibertyAwardsMember2023-12-310000908937sir:LibertyAwardsMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:LibertyAwardsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXMCommonStockMember2024-12-310000908937sir:A2024LongTermStockIncentivePlanMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:A2024LongTermStockIncentivePlanMember2024-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsInc.TransitionalStockAdjustmentPlanMember2024-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsAwardsMember2023-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsAwardsMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXMHoldingsAwardsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:EmployeesAndNonEmployeeStockOptionMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:EmployeesAndNonEmployeeStockOptionMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:EmployeesAndNonEmployeeStockOptionMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUsandPerformanceSharesMember2023-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUsandPerformanceSharesMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUsandPerformanceSharesMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUsandPerformanceSharesMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:RestrictedStockUnitsRSUMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:PerformanceSharesMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937us-gaap:PerformanceSharesMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937us-gaap:PerformanceSharesMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRsuAndStockOptionsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRsuAndStockOptionsMember2023-12-310000908937sir:RestrictedStockUnitsRsuAndStockOptionsMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXmPlanMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXmPlanMember2023-01-012023-12-310000908937sir:SiriusXmPlanMember2022-01-012022-12-310000908937us-gaap:DebtMember2024-12-310000908937sir:CashInterestPaymentsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:SatelliteAndTransmissionMember2024-12-310000908937sir:ProgrammingAndContentMember2024-12-310000908937sir:SalesAndMarketingMember2024-12-310000908937sir:SatelliteIncentivePaymentsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:OperatingLeaseObligationsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:RoyaltiesAndOtherUnconditionalPurchaseObligationsMember2024-12-310000908937sir:XMFIVEFMSixSXXMSEIGHTMember2024-01-012024-12-310000908937sr:MinimumMember2024-12-310000908937sir:M

to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12Â months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files).Â Â Â Â Â YesÂ Â Â Â Â NoÂ Â Â Â Â Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of accelerated filer, accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, and emerging growth company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.: Large accelerated filerÂ Â Accelerated filerÂ Â Non-accelerated filerÂ Â Smaller reporting companyÂ Â Emerging growth companyÂ Â If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.Â Â Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.Â Â If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.Â Â Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to Â240.10D-1(b).Â Â Table of ContentsIndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YesÂ Â NoÂ Â The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2024 was zero.Â Â As of June 30, 2024, Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (f/k/a Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc.) was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Liberty Media Corporation. At September 9, 2024, by operation of Rule 12g-3(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), Sirius XM Holdings became the successor issuer to Sirius XM Inc. (f/k/a Sirius XM Holdings Inc.) and succeeded to the attributes of Sirius XM Inc. as the registrant, including Sirius XM Inc.'s Commission File Number and CIK number.The number of shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding as of January 28, 2025 was 338,768,644.DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCEInformation included in our definitive proxy statement for our 2025 annual meeting of stockholders is incorporated by reference into Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III of this report.Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES2024 FORM 10-K ANNUAL REPORTTABLE OF CONTENTSItem No.DescriptionPART IItem 1.Business7Item 1A.Risk Factors22Item 1B.Unresolved Staff Comments38Item 1C.Cybersecurity38Item 2.Properties41Item 3.Legal Proceedings41Item 4.Mine Safety Disclosures41PART IIItem 5.Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities42Item 6.Reserved45Item 7.Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations45Item 7A.Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk65Item 8.Financial Statements and Supplementary Data65Item 9.Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure65Item 9A.Controls and Procedures65Item 9B.Other Information66Item 9C.Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections66PART IIItem 10.Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance67Item 11.Executive Compensation67Item 12.Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters67Item 13.Certain Relationships and Related Transactions and Director Independence67Item 14.Principal Accountant Fees and Services67PART IVItem 15.Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules68Item 16.Form 10-K Summary68Signatures743Table of ContentsSpecial Note Regarding Forward-Looking StatementsThis Annual Report on Form 10-K contains statements that may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. For example, these forward-looking statements may include, among other things, statements about our outlook and our future results of operations and financial condition; share repurchase plans; the impact of economic and market conditions; and the impact of recent acquisitions. Any statements about our beliefs, plans, objectives, expectations, assumptions, future events or performance are not historical facts and may be forward-looking. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as we will likely result, we are expected to, we will continue, we is anticipated, we estimated, we intend, we plan, we project, and we outlook or the negative version of these words or phrases or other comparable words or phrases. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including those identified below and under Item 1A. Risk Factors in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, which could cause actual results to differ materially from such statements. Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations reflected in, or suggested by, such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved. We caution you that the risk factors listed below and described under Item 1A. Risk Factors in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K are not exclusive. There may also be other risks that we are unable to predict at this time that may cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which will arise or to assess with any precision the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they are made. We undertake no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which the statement is made, to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or otherwise, except as required by law.Summary of Risk FactorsRisks Relating to our Business and Operations: we face substantial competition and that competition has increased over time; our SiriusXM service has suffered a loss of subscribers and our Pandora ad-supported service has similarly experienced a loss of monthly active users; if our efforts to attract and retain subscribers and listeners, or convert listeners into subscribers, are not successful, our business will be adversely affected; we engage in extensive marketing efforts and the continued effectiveness of those efforts is an important part of our business; we rely on third parties for the operation of our business, and the failure of third parties to perform could adversely affect our business; failure to successfully monetize and generate revenues from podcasts and other non-music content could adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition; we may not realize the benefits of acquisitions or other strategic investments and initiatives; and the impact of economic conditions may adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition;Risks Relating to our SiriusXM Business: changing consumer behavior and new technologies relating to our satellite radio business may reduce our subscribers and may cause our subscribers to purchase fewer services from us or to cancel our services altogether, resulting in less revenue to us; a substantial number of our SiriusXM service subscribers periodically cancel their subscriptions and we cannot predict how successful we will be at retaining customers; our ability to profitably attract and retain new subscribers to our SiriusXM service is uncertain; our business depends in part upon the auto industry; the imposition of tariffs by the United States government could have a major effect on the United States auto industry, which Sirius XM is dependent upon as a material source of new subscribers; failure of our satellites would significantly damage our business; and our SiriusXM service may experience harmful interference from wireless operations. Risks Relating to our Pandora and Off-platform Business: our Pandora and Off-platform business generates a significant portion of its revenues from advertising, and reduced spending by advertisers could harm our business; emerging industry trends may adversely impact our ability to generate revenue from advertising;Table of Contentsour failure to convince advertisers of the benefits of our Pandora ad-supported service could harm our business; if we are unable to maintain our advertising revenue our results of operations will be adversely affected; changes to mobile operating systems and browsers may hinder our ability to sell advertising and market our services; and if we fail to accurately predict and play music, comedy or other content that our Pandora listeners enjoy, we may fail to retain existing and attract new listeners. Risks Relating to Laws and Governmental Regulations: privacy and data security laws and regulations may hinder our ability to market our services, sell advertising and impose legal liabilities; consumer protection laws and our failure to comply with them could damage our business; failure to comply with FCC requirements could damage our business; we may face lawsuits, incur liability or suffer reputational harm as a result of content published or made available through our services; and environmental, social and governance expectations and related reporting obligations may expose us to potential liabilities, increased costs, reputational harm, and other adverse effects.Risks Associated with Data and Cybersecurity and the Protection of Consumer Information: if we fail to protect the security of personal information about our customers, we could be subject to costly government enforcement actions and private litigation and our reputation could suffer; we use artificial intelligence in our business, and challenges with properly managing its use could result in reputational harm, competitive harm, and legal liability and adversely affect our results of operations; and interruption or failure of our information technology and communications systems could impair the delivery of our service and harm our business. Risks Associated with Certain Intellectual Property Rights: rapid technological and industry changes and new entrants could adversely impact our services; the market for music rights is changing and is subject to significant uncertainties; our Pandora services depend upon maintaining complex licenses with copyright owners, and these licenses contain onerous terms; failure to protect our intellectual property or actions by third parties to enforce their intellectual property rights could substantially harm our business and operating results; and some of our services and technologies use open source software, which may restrict how we use or distribute our services or require that we release the source code subject to those licenses.Risks Related to our Capital Structure: while we currently pay a quarterly cash dividend to holders of our common stock, we may change our dividend policy at any time; our holding company structure could restrict access to funds of our subsidiaries that may be needed to pay third party obligations; we have significant indebtedness, and our subsidiaries' debt contains certain covenants that restrict their operations; and our ability to incur additional indebtedness to fund our operations could be limited, which could negatively impact our operations.Risks Related to the Transactions: we may have a significant indemnity obligation to Liberty Media, which is not limited in amount or subject to any cap, if the transactions associated with the Split-Off are treated as a taxable transaction; we may determine to forgo certain transactions that might otherwise be advantageous in order to avoid the risk of incurring significant tax-related liabilities; we have assumed and are responsible for all of the liabilities attributed to the Liberty SiriusXM Group as a result of the completion of the Transactions, and acquired the assets of SplitCo on an as-is basis; we may be harmed by securities class actions and derivative lawsuits in connection with the Transactions; it may be difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so may be beneficial to our stockholders;Table of Contentswe have directors associated with Liberty Media, which may lead to conflicting interests; and our directors and officers are protected from liability for a broad range of actions.Other Operational Risks: if we are unable to attract and retain qualified personnel, our business could be harmed; our facilities could be damaged by natural catastrophes or terrorist activities; the unfavorable outcome of pending or future litigation could have an adverse impact on our operations and financial condition; we may be exposed to liabilities that other entertainment service providers would not customarily be subject to; and our business and prospects depend on the strength of our brands.Table of ContentsPART ITEM 1.Â Â Â Â Â BUSINESSThis Annual Report on Form 10-K presents information for Sirius XM Holdings Inc., a Delaware corporation. Sirius XM Holdings Inc. is the product of a series of transactions that closed on September 9, 2024. Liberty Media TransactionsOn September 9, 2024 at 4:05 p.m., New York City time, Liberty Media Corporation (the Liberty Media or the Former Parent) completed its previously announced split-off (the Split-Off) of its former wholly owned subsidiary, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (the SplitCo). The Split-Off was accomplished by Liberty Media redeeming each outstanding share of Liberty Media's Series A, Series B and Series C Liberty SiriusXM common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in exchange for 0.8375 of a share of SplitCo common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the Redemption), with cash being paid to entitled record holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock in lieu of any fractional shares of common stock of SplitCo.Following the Split-Off, on September 9, 2024 at 6:00 p.m., New York City time (the Merger Effective Time), a wholly owned subsidiary of SplitCo merged with and into Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (the Old Sirius), with Old Sirius surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of SplitCo (the Merger and together with the Split-Off, the Transactions). Upon consummation of the Merger, each share of common stock of Old Sirius, par value \$0.001 per share, issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Merger Effective Time (other than shares owned by SplitCo and its subsidiaries) was converted into one-tenth (0.1) of a share of SplitCo common stock, with cash being paid to entitled record holders of Old Sirius common stock in lieu of any fractional shares of common stock of SplitCo. At the Merger Effective Time, Old Sirius was renamed Sirius XM Inc. and SplitCo was renamed Sirius XM Holdings Inc. In connection with the Transactions and by operation of Rule 12g-3(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), SplitCo became the successor issuer to Old Sirius and succeeded to the attributes of Old Sirius as the registrant, including Old Sirius's Commission File Number and CIK number.On September 6, 2024, Sirius XM Radio LLC, our wholly owned subsidiary, converted from a Delaware corporation to a Delaware limited liability company. The Transactions are intended to generally be tax-free to holders of Liberty Sirius XM common stock and Sirius XM Holdings common stock (except with respect to any cash received by such holders) and the completion of the Transactions was subject to various conditions, including the receipt of opinions of tax counsel. Upon completion of the Transactions, Liberty Media no longer owned any shares of Sirius XM Holdings Inc. GeneralThe information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K represents a combination of the historical information of SplitCo (now renamed Sirius XM Holdings Inc.) prior to the Merger Effective Time and Old Sirius. The terms Sirius XM Holdings, the Company, we, us, and the Company, and we, us, and the Company as used herein and unless otherwise stated or indicated by context, refer to Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries. Sirius XM refers to Sirius XM Holdings' wholly owned subsidiaries, Sirius XM Inc., Sirius XM Radio LLC and its subsidiaries, other than Pandora. Pandora refers to Sirius XM's wholly owned subsidiary Pandora Media, LLC and its subsidiaries. Our BusinessesWe operate two complementary audio entertainment businesses: our SiriusXM business and our Pandora and Off-platform business. We are the leading audio entertainment company in North America with a portfolio of audio businesses including our flagship subscription entertainment service, SiriusXM; the ad-supported and premium music streaming services of Pandora; a podcast network; an advertising sales group, SiriusXM Media; and a suite of advertising technology solutions. We believe we reach a combined monthly audience of approximately 160 million listeners. Table of ContentsIn December 2024, we adopted an updated strategic plan, which sharpens our focus on our core subscription business; leverages the strength of our advertising business across our portfolio of products and properties; accelerates efficiency throughout our organization; and emphasizes robust margins, free cash flow generation, and stockholder returns.Our vision is to shape the future of audio where everyone is effortlessly connected to the voices, stories and music they love. We continue to expand the range of choices for our listeners both in terms of compelling content and the array of ways in which it can be consumed. There are approximately 167 million vehicles in operation with SiriusXM radios, and the proliferation of smart speakers and other connected devices, including our web player and the SiriusXM App, has increased the range of options consumers have for engaging with and consuming our content. In 2024, we continued an extensive digital infrastructure update that began in 2023. This project involves the implementation of new systems and products that extend from our consumer-facing SiriusXM App to the systems underlying our billing, identity, commerce and customer management functions. Once fully deployed, these systems are expected to unlock opportunities for more efficient data utilization and provide deeper insights into our customers, potential customers and how individuals engage with our audio entertainment services. We anticipate that these investments in digital infrastructure will enhance operational efficiency, improve customer service, optimize customer marketing efforts and enable users to discover more content while customizing their listening experiences. This new digital infrastructure incorporates both systems developed internally as well as platforms licensed from leading third party technology providers. The new SiriusXM App, which launched in December 2023, serves as a companion to our satellite radio service and is updated regularly. The SiriusXM App includes a sleek design that is easy to use and includes modernized client applications. The SiriusXM App also includes, among its many upgrades, improved search and discovery functions and refines the talk and sports programming and podcast experience for listeners. SiriusXM Our SiriusXM business features a wide range of content, including, music, sports, entertainment, comedy, talk and news channels, podcasts and infotainment services, all available in the United States on a subscription fee basis. SiriusXM's content bundles include live, curated and certain exclusive and on demand programming. The SiriusXM service is distributed through our two proprietary satellite radio systems and streamed via applications for mobile devices, home devices and other consumer electronic equipment.Â Â Radios are primarily distributed through automakers, retailers and SiriusXM's website. Additionally, our user interface, the 360L, integrates satellite and streaming services into a seamless in-vehicle entertainment experience. The primary source of revenue from our SiriusXM business is subscription fees, with most of our customers subscribing to monthly or annual plans.Â Â Additional revenue streams include advertising on select non-music channels, direct sales of radios and accessories, and other ancillary services.Â As of December 31, 2024, our SiriusXM business had approximately 33.2 million subscribers. In addition to our audio entertainment businesses, we provide connected vehicle services to several automakers. These services are designed to enhance the safety, security and driving experience of consumers. We also offer a suite of data services that includes graphical weather and fuel prices, a traffic information service, and real-time weather services in boats and planes. SiriusXM also holds a 70% equity interest and 33% voting interest in Sirius XM Canada Holdings Inc. (the Sirius XM Canada). Pandora and Off-platformOur Pandora service operates a music, comedy and podcast streaming platform, offering a personalized experience for each listener wherever and whenever they want to listen, whether through mobile devices, car speakers or connected devices. Pandora enables listeners to create personalized stations and playlists, discover

new content, hear artist- and expert-curated playlists and podcasts as well as search and play songs and albums on-demand. Pandora is available as (1) an ad-supported radio service, (2) a radio subscription service (Pandora Plus) and (3) an on-demand subscription service (Pandora Premium). As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, Pandora had approximately 5.8 million subscribers. The majority of revenue from our Pandora service is generated from advertising on Pandoraâ€™s ad-supported radio service. Pandora also derives subscription revenue from its Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium subscribers. Our Pandora and Off-platform business also sells advertising on other audio platforms and in widely distributed podcasts, which we consider to be off-platform services.8Table of ContentsPodcastingIn 2024, an estimated 135 million Americans listened to a podcast at least monthly. SiriusXM serves as the ad sales representative and distributor for many podcasts, including several leading podcast networks such as Unwell Network, Audiochuck, SmartLess and NBC News. These podcasts are included in the SiriusXM Podcast Network. Within our service, SiriusXM subscribers can listen to their favorite podcasts with streaming access via the SiriusXM App, online and to a limited extent on 360L. Covering topics such as true crime, news, politics, music, comedy, sports and entertainment, SiriusXMâ€™s curated selection of podcasts comes from third parties as well as SiriusXM content edited into podcast format. In 2024, we launched SiriusXM Podcast+, a subscription service offering ad-free access to exclusive content and new episodes to a variety of our premium podcasts. SiriusXM Podcast+ subscriptions can be purchased through Apple Podcasts. We also offer a portal, â€œSimplecast Creator Connect,â€ for podcasters to share their podcasts with new audiences and gather data about their shows. Podcasts submitted through this portal are offered to subscribers of Pandoraâ€™s ad-supported service as an additional benefit. Through Simplecast, we also offer a comprehensive podcast management and analytics platform, allowing us to offer podcasters a solution for management, hosting, analytics and advertising sales. SiriusXM Media SiriusXM Media is our advertising sales group that supports both the SiriusXM and Pandora audio entertainment services. SiriusXM Media also sells advertising on audio platforms and in podcasts unaffiliated with us and serves as the exclusive advertising representative for other third party platforms and podcasters. SiriusXM Media has a reach of more than 160 million monthly listeners, and gives brands, creators, and publishers access to the largest digital audio advertising platform in North America. SiriusXM Media enables advertisers the ability to run campaigns across multiple platforms in the United States, including Pandora and SoundCloud. In addition, through AdsWizz Inc., we provide a comprehensive digital audio and programmatic advertising technology platform, which connects audio publishers and advertisers with a variety of ad insertion, campaign trafficking, yield optimization, programmatic buying, marketplace and monetization solutions. Our SiriusXM Business Programming SiriusXM is home to hundreds of expertly curated, ad-free music channels across all genres, decades, and moods as well as the must-hear live moments and top hosts in sports, news, entertainment, comedy, podcasts, and more.â€œFrom one-of-a-kind channels by some of the worldâ€™s top musicians to first-listens and exclusive performances from emerging artists and bands, SiriusXM presents the soundtrack for any moment.â€ SiriusXM brings fans closer to their favorite sport by offering the most extensive lineup of live pro and college play-by-play plus call-in programming that delivers real-time reactions and analysis from experts and insiders.â€ Subscribers also stay informed and entertained with news and politics from every perspective, entertainment, comedy, and beyond with celebrity interviews, iconic hosts, trusted opinions and non-stop laughs.â€ The full channel lineup is available at siriusxm.com. We believe that our extensive programming, including our exclusive, live and curated content, sets us apart from terrestrial radio and other audio entertainment providers. Our SiriusXM business aims to be a platform for diverse perspectives with channels reflecting views from across the spectrum of culture and spotlighting historically underrepresented groups. As we continue to refresh and adjust to our programming lineup over time to both attract new audiences and deliver meaningful value to our existing subscribers, we remain committed to maintaining the diversity and originality in our content. SiriusXM Streaming Service Our streaming service offers a wide variety of music and non-music channels, including channels and content that are not available on our satellite radio service, and podcasts. Consumers can access our streaming service on iOS and Android mobile devices, web browsers, and other internet connected devices.9Table of ContentsOur streaming service currently features: the broad range of music, sports, talk, news and entertainment channels available on satellite radio; access to over 200 additional music channels; on-demand new and archive episodes of SiriusXM shows and specials; and video content, including video from The Howard Stern Show, featuring in-studio performances, interviews and behind-the-scenes moments with artists, personalities and newsmakers. In addition, we offer an Artist Stations feature as part of substantially all our plans, which allows subscribers to create their own customized ad-free music stations based on their favorite artists within the SiriusXM app and on capable 360L in-vehicle radios. Our SiriusXM service also includes a robust library of podcasts, some of which are exclusive, along with other on-demand content. Marketing We offer our audio entertainment services in a variety of subscription plans at multiple price points to match diverse customer needs. For example, we offer our satellite radio service in our All Access, Platinum, Music & Entertainment, Music Showcase and News, Sports & Talk plans. These plans include a range of content, and a number of these plans are also offered in Family Friendly versions. These plans are offered at a variety of price points. A substantial number of our subscribers enjoy our audio entertainment service at promotional prices. Our streaming service is currently included with virtually all of our satellite radio subscription plans. We also offer our streaming service in a standalone package, All Access (App only), available directly through us, third party app stores and integrated billing providers. In 2024, we introduced new plans and pricing options designed to attract and retain subscribers while enhancing the value of existing plans. These new prices start as low as \$9.99 for new subscribers to our All-Music satellite radio package and provide consumers the ability to add a variety of content bundles to customize their package to fit their taste and budget. In 2024, we also migrated certain premium content and features to lower tiered plans to increase the value to subscribers of these plans in an effort to retain existing subscribers. For example, our Music & Entertainment plan now includes more sports content and the Howard Stern channels, and our Platinum plan includes the ability to access three simultaneous streams so subscribers can share access with family members. In May 2024, we began offering a free, advertising-supported plan, which we call Free Access, to select customers. Free Access is available in select 360L vehicles, and is accessible by consumers after the expiration of their trial or paid subscription. Free Access is offered in Nissan and Polestar capable vehicles currently, and we expect that additional automakers will support Free Access beginning later this year. Free Access is offered to consumers without a subscription fee, but individuals are required to opt in to access the free, ad-supported channels on their inactive radios. Free Access features a total of 41 channels, including 15 music channels, 9 comedy, sports, and news channels, and includes advertising on many channels. A subscriberâ€™s Free Access service continues until either we or the customer cancels the subscription, or until the consumer purchases a paid subscription to our service. The subscribers to, and advertising revenue being generated by, Free Access is currently not material. In 2024, we also launched a SiriusXM Podcast+ subscription service which permits consumers to receive benefits such as ad-free access and exclusive content to new episodes of a variety of our premium podcasts. SiriusXM Podcast+ subscriptions can be purchased through Apple Podcasts. We have agreements with leading electric vehicle manufacturers, including Tesla, Lucid and Rivian, to integrate the SiriusXM experience into their vehicles. We also have entered into agreements with third parties designed to increase the distribution and ease of use of our streaming service, including through connected devices. In addition, we have arrangements with various services and consumer electronics manufacturers to include the SiriusXM streaming functionality with their service and devices.360L Our advanced automotive platform, â€œ360L,â€ integrates satellite and streaming services into a seamless in-vehicle entertainment experience. We have agreements with many automakers to deploy our 360L interface in a variety of vehicles. In 2024, our 360L platform was included in approximately 154 vehicle models manufactured for sale in the United States. We expect that 360L will be included in a majority of vehicles that include SiriusXM functionality in the future. 360L allows us to take advantage of advanced in-dash infotainment systems. 360L is intended to leverage the ubiquitous signal coverage and low delivery costs of our satellite infrastructure through the two-way communication capability of a wireless 10Table of Contentsstreaming service to provide consumers seamless access to our content, including our live channels, on demand service, podcasts and personalized music services. The wireless streaming connection included in 360L enables enhanced search and recommendations functions, making discovery of our content in the vehicle easier. 360L also provides us data on how our subscribers use our service. Distribution of Radios New Vehicles We distribute satellite radios through the sale and lease of new vehicles, and we have agreements with major automakers to offer satellite radios in their vehicles.Â Satellite radios are available as a factory-installed feature in substantially all vehicle makes sold in the United States. Most automakers include a trial subscription to our service in the sale or lease of their new vehicles.Â In certain cases, we receive subscription payments from automakers in advance of the activation of our service.Â We share with certain automakers a portion of the revenues we derive from subscribers using vehicles equipped to receive our service.Â We also reimburse various automakers for certain costs associated with the satellite radios installed in new vehicles, including in certain cases hardware costs, engineering expenses and promotional and advertising expenses. Previously Owned Vehicles We acquire subscribers through the sale and lease of previously owned vehicles with factory-installed satellite radios.Â We have entered into agreements with many automakers to include a subscription to our service in the sale or lease of vehicles which include satellite radios sold through their certified pre-owned programs.Â We also work directly with franchise and independent dealers on programs for non-certified pre-owned vehicles. We have developed systems and methods to identify purchasers and lessees of pre-owned vehicles equipped with satellite radios and have established marketing plans to promote our services to these potential subscribers. Leveraging this information, we have established targeted marketing plans to promote our services to these potential subscribers. Retail Our retail distribution strategy is designed to give consumers convenient access to our products, both online and in stores. We sell satellite radios directly to consumers through our website.Â Additionally, our satellite radios are marketed and distributed through national, regional and online retailers, such as Amazon.com. Our Satellite Radio Systems Our satellite radio systems are designed to deliver clear reception across most areas of the continental United States despite variations in terrain, buildings and other obstructions.Â We continually monitor our infrastructure and regularly evaluate improvements in technology. Our satellite radio systems have three principal components:â€satellites, terrestrial repeaters and other satellite facilities;â€studios;Â andâ€radios. Satellites, Terrestrial Repeaters and Other Satellite Facilities Satellites. We provide our service through a fleet of orbiting geostationary satellites. Two of these satellites, FM-5 and FM-6, transmit our service on frequencies originally licensed by the Federal Communications Commission (the â€œFCCâ€) to Sirius, and two of these satellites, XM-5 and SXM-8, transmit our service on frequencies originally licensed by the FCC to XM. Our XM-3 satellite serves as a spare for the XM system, although we expect to de-orbit this satellite in 2025. On December 5, 2024, our SXM-9 satellite was successfully launched and has completed in-orbit testing. Our SXM-9 satellite has replaced our SXM-8 satellite in the XM constellation, with SXM-8 becoming an in-orbit spare.11Table of ContentsWe have entered into agreements for the design, construction and launch of three additional satellites, SXM-10, SXM-11 and SXM-12. Construction of these satellites is underway, and those satellites are expected to be launched into geostationary orbits in 2025, 2026 and 2027, respectively. Satellite Insurance.Â We have procured insurance for SXM-9, SXM-10, SXM-11 and SXM-12 to mitigate the risks associated with each satelliteâ€™s launch and first year of in-orbit operation. We do not carry insurance policies covering our other in-orbit satellites as we consider the premium costs to be uneconomical relative to the risk of satellite failure. Terrestrial Repeaters.Â In some areas with high concentrations of tall buildings, such as urban centers, signals from our satellites may be blocked and reception can be adversely affected.Â In other areas with a high density of next generation wireless systems our service may experience interference. In many of these areas, we have deployed terrestrial repeaters to supplement and enhance our signal coverage, and, in other areas, we may deploy additional repeaters to mitigate interference.Â We operate over 1,000 terrestrial repeaters across the United States as part of our systems. Other Satellite Facilities.Â We control and communicate with our satellites from facilities in North America. Our satellites are monitored, tracked and controlled by a third party satellite operator. Studios Our programming originates from studios in New York City (where our corporate headquarters are located), Los Angeles, Miami, Nashville, Las Vegas and Washington D.C. and, to a lesser extent, from smaller studios in a variety of venues across the country.Â A To facilitate flexibility, we provide equipment to artists and hosts to enable the creation and transmission of programming from other locations. Radios We do not manufacture radios.Â We have authorized manufacturers and distributors to produce and distribute radios, and have licensed our technology to various electronics manufacturers to develop, manufacture and distribute radios under certain brands.Â We do manage various aspects of the production of satellite radios.Â To facilitate the sale of radios, we may subsidize a portion of the radio manufacturing costs to reduce the hardware price to consumers. Connected Vehicle Services We provide connected vehicle services to and on behalf of several automakers, enhancing the safety, security and driving experience for drivers while delivering marketing benefits to automakers and their dealers. We support a portfolio of location-based services through two-way wireless connectivity, including safety, security, convenience, maintenance and data services, remote vehicle diagnostics, and stolen or parked vehicle locator services. Subscribers to our connected vehicle services are not included in our subscriber count or subscriber-based operating metrics. Other Services Commercial Accounts.Â Our music programming services are available for commercial establishments through our wholly owned subsidiary, Pandora Cloud Cover Media, Inc. (â€œCloud Coverâ€) and through Pandora for Business and SiriusXM for Business, each of which offers a licensed, commercial-free music service for offices, restaurants and other business establishments. Satellite Television Service.Â A Certain of our music channels are offered as part of select programming packages on the DISH Network satellite television service. Travel Link.Â We offer Travel Link, a suite of data services that includes graphical weather updates, fuel prices, sports schedules and scores and movie listings. Real-Time Traffic Services.Â We offer services that provide graphic information as to road closings, traffic flow and incident data to consumers with compatible in-vehicle navigation systems. Real-Time Weather Services.Â We offer real-time weather services in vehicles, boats and planes. Commercial subscribers to the SiriusXM and Pandora programming services are included in our subscriber counts, respectively. Commercial subscribers to the Cloud Cover music programming service are included in our Pandora and Off-12Table of Contentsplatform subscriber counts. Subscribers to the DISH Network satellite television service are not included in our subscriber counts nor are subscribers to our Travel Link, real-time traffic services and real-time weather services, unless the applicable service is purchased by the subscriber separately and not as part of a radio subscription to our service. Emergency Services. In 2024, we acquired the licenses in the 2.3 GHz Wireless Communications Service (â€œWCSâ€) C and D Blocks from subsidiaries of AT&T. This WCS spectrum consists of 5 MHz of unpaired blocks each, with â€œC blockâ€ being located at 2315-2320 MHz and â€œD blockâ€ being located at 2345-2350 MHz. The transaction was subject to customary closing conditions, including certain approvals of, and waivers by, the FCC. We intend to use the additional spectrum for public interest purposes, providing a satellite-delivered service to enhance the emergency communications capabilities of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (â€œFEMAâ€), furthering our essential public safety role. The initial use of this spectrum will give FEMA access to secure bandwidth on our satellite radio system, allowing FEMA to have a new method of connectivity with its National Public Warning System network. We also may use this spectrum for additional public safety communications and potentially other services in the future. Sirius XM Canada Sirius XM holds a 70% equity interest and 33% voting interest in Sirius XM Canada, with the remainder of Sirius XM Canada's voting and equity interests held by two shareholders. Sirius XM and Sirius XM Canada have entered into a services and distribution agreement pursuant to which Sirius XM Canada pays Sirius XM a variable fee evaluated annually based on comparable companies. In accordance with this services and distribution agreement, the fee is payable on a monthly basis. Sirius XM has also extended a loan to Sirius XM Canada. As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, the principal amount outstanding on that loan was \$7 million. As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, Sirius XM Canada had approximately 2.5 million subscribers. Sirius XM Canadaâ€™s subscribers are not included in our subscriber count or subscriber-based operating metrics. Our Pandora and Off-platform Business Pandora Media, LLC, which owns and operates our Pandora and Off-Platform business, is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sirius XM. Streaming Radio and On-Demand Music Services Pandora offers a highly personalized audio entertainment platform allowing users to create customized stations and playlists while also enabling on-demand search and playback of songs and albums. The Pandora service leverages advanced content programming algorithms, listener data, and music attributes to predict user music preferences, play content suited to the tastes of each listener, and introduce each listener to music consistent with the consumer's preferences. The Pandora service is available on iOS and Android mobile devices, web browsers, and other internet connected devices. The Pandora application is free to download and use. Our Pandora service is also available in vehicles in the United States with smartphone connectivity. Certain automakers provide embedded streaming connectivity that supports and makes available the Pandora service in vehicles without the need for smartphone connectivity. Additionally, our Pandora service is integrated into consumer electronic, voice-based devices and smart speakers. The Pandora service is available as (1) an ad-supported radio service, (2) a radio subscription service (Pandora Plus) and (3) an on-demand subscription service (Pandora Premium). Local and national advertisers deliver targeted messages to our Pandora listeners on the ad-supported service. Ad-Supported Radio Service Pandora offers an ad-supported radio service which allows listeners to access our catalog of music, comedy, live streams and podcasts through personalized stations. This service is free across all platforms and generates stations specific to each listener. Each listener can personalize their experience by adding selected artists and songs to their stations. Listeners of the ad-supported service are provided with the option to temporarily access on-demand listening, including certain features of the Pandora Premium service. We refer to this temporary access as â€œPremium Accessâ€. 13Table of ContentsSubscription Radio Service (Pandora Plus) Pandora offers Pandora Plus â€œan ad-free, subscription version of the radio service that includes options for replaying songs, skipping songs, offline listening, and higher quality audio on supported devices. Content provided to each listener of Pandora Plus is more

tailored when the listener interacts with the platform. Premium Access is also available to Pandora Plus listeners. On-Demand Subscription Service (Pandora Premium) Pandora offers Pandora Premium â€” an on-demand subscription service that combines the radio features of Pandora Plus with an on-demand experience. The on-demand experience provides listeners with the ability to search, play and collect songs and albums, download content for offline listening, build playlists, listen to curated playlists and share playlists on social networks. Listeners can also create partial playlists that Pandora can complete based on the listenerâ€™s activity. Listeners through mobile devices have access to customized profiles which identify information specific to each listener such as recent favorites, playlists and thumbs. Pandora Premium incorporates social networking features including a centralized stream where listeners can view the music that their social connections are experiencing and provide and receive recommendations for songs, albums and playlists. Pandora Premium also includes a â€œshareâ€ feature where consumers can share their stations, songs, albums, podcasts or playlists through social media, messaging applications and email. SiriusXM Media SiriusXM Media is an advertising sales group spanning our SiriusXM and Pandora audio entertainment services. SiriusXM Media also serves as the exclusive advertising representative for other third party platforms and podcasters, including such major entities as SoundCloud and NBCUniversal. SiriusXM Media has a reach of more than 160 million listeners, and gives brands, creators, and publishers access to the largest digital audio advertising platform in North America. SiriusXM Media is the exclusive advertising sales representative for our SiriusXM and Pandora platforms. In addition to subscription fees, Sirius XM derives revenues from advertising on select non-music channels. Pandoraâ€™s primary source of revenue is the sale of audio, display and video advertising for connected device platforms, including computers and mobile devices. Our Pandora and Off-platform business maintains a portfolio of proprietary advertising technologies which include order management, advertising serving and timing, native advertising formats, targeting and reporting. Pandora provides advertisers with the ability to target and connect with listeners based on various criteria including age, gender, geographic location and content preferences. SiriusXM Podcast Network We license original podcasts from their creators and provide podcast advertising services generating revenue from nearly 700 shows. We create and distribute original podcasts licensed from third parties through platforms such as the iPhone podcast App. We earn revenue by distributing advertising on certain owned and operated podcasts as well as those created by third parties, including placement based on an advertiserâ€™s desired target audience and from the sale of advertising on licensed podcasts. AdsWizz Through its AdsWizz subsidiary, our Pandora and Off-platform business is a leader in digital audio advertising technology. AdsWizz operates a digital audio advertising market with an end-to-end technology platform, including a digital audio software suite of solutions that connect audio publishers to the advertising community. AdsWizz offers a range of products â€” from dynamic ad insertion to advanced programmatic platforms to innovative new audio formats. AdsWizzâ€™s advertising technology also includes ad campaign monitoring tools and other audio advertising products, such as audio formats that enable consumers to trigger an action while listening to an ad as well as other personalization-based technology. AdsWizzâ€™s technology is employed by Pandora and our Off-platform business in its ad-supported business as well as by third party customers. AdsWizzâ€™s third party customers include well-known music platforms, podcasts and broadcasting groups worldwide. 14 Table of Contents Simplecast Pandora, through its Simplecast business, also offers a podcast management and analytics platform. Simplecast complements AdsWizzâ€™s advertising technology platform, allowing the company to offer podcasters a solution for management, hosting, analytics and advertising sales. We also offer a portal, â€œSimplecast Creator Connect,â€ for podcasters to share their podcasts with new audiences and gather data about their shows. Podcasts submitted through this portal are offered to subscribers of Pandoraâ€™s ad-supported service as an additional benefit. Artificial Intelligence We utilize advanced artificial intelligence (â€œAIâ€) algorithms and technologies to enhance various aspects of our operations. These enhancements include improving customer experience, optimizing our marketing execution, and enabling more effective analysis and use of our operating and financial data. Given the evolving nature and complexity of AI technologies, there remains inherent operational and legal risks. For more details, refer to Item 1A â€” Risk Factors â€” â€œWe may use artificial intelligence in our business, and challenges with properly managing its use could result in reputational harm, competitive harm, and legal liability, and adversely affect our results of operations,â€ which highlights potential challenges in managing AI use, including reputational harm, competitive harm, legal liability and potential adverse effects on our results of operations. Competition We encounter substantial competition for both listeners and advertisers in our SiriusXM business and our Pandora and Off-platform business. That competition includes a wide range of providers offering radio and other audio services. The competition landscape underscores the need for constant innovation and differentiation in our content, technology and advertising solutions. Competition for Subscribers and Listeners Traditional AM/FM Radio Our SiriusXM services and Pandora services compete with traditional AM/FM radio. A Traditional AM/FM radio has a well-established demand for its services and offers free broadcasts paid for by commercial advertising rather than by subscription fees. A Many radio stations offer information programming of a local nature, such as local news and sports. A The availability of traditional free AM/FM radio may reduce the likelihood that customers would be willing to pay for our subscription services. Several traditional radio companies own large numbers of radio stations and other media properties, such as podcast networks. Streaming and On-Demand Competitors Streaming and on-demand services, including Amazon Prime, Apple Music, Spotify, TikTok and YouTube, compete with our SiriusXM and Pandora services. A The widespread deployment of Apple CarPlay and Android Auto has increased the visibility of these on-demand services in many vehicles and further strengthened their ability to compete with our SiriusXM and Pandora services for listeners. Major online providers also make high fidelity digital streams available at no cost or, in some cases, for less than the cost of a satellite radio subscription. A Certain of these services include advanced functionality, such as personalization and customization and allow the user to access large libraries of content. A These services, in some instances, are also offered through devices sold by the service providers including Apple, Google and Amazon. These services compete with our services, at home, in vehicles, and wherever audio entertainment is consumed. Advanced In-Dash Infotainment Systems Nearly all automakers have deployed integrated multimedia systems in dashboards as well as projection technologies through Apple CarPlay and Android Auto. A These systems enhance the attractiveness of internet based competitors by making such applications more prominent, easier to access, and safer to use in vehicles. Direct Broadcast Satellite and Cable Audio A number of providers offer specialized audio services through either direct broadcast satellite or cable audio systems. A These services are targeted to fixed locations, mostly in-home, but also include mobile entertainment. A The radio 15 Table of Contents service offered by direct broadcast satellite and cable audio is often included as part of a package of digital services with video service, and video customers generally do not pay an additional monthly charge for the audio service. In addition, other services offered by these providers, such as cable television, on-demand video streaming, and interactive video games, compete with our services to the extent they utilize existing or potential users' time that could otherwise be allocated to the use of our SiriusXM or Pandora services. Other Digital Media Services The audio entertainment marketplace continues to evolve rapidly, with a steady emergence of new media platforms that compete with both our SiriusXM and Pandora services now or that could compete with those services in the future. Traffic Services For our SiriusXM business, a number of providers compete with our traffic services, particularly smartphones offering GPS mapping with sophisticated data-based turn navigation. Connected Vehicle Services Our SiriusXM connected vehicle services business operates in a highly competitive environment and competes with several providers as well as with products being developed for vehicles by automakers and other third parties. A OnStar, a division of General Motors, also offers connected vehicle services in GM vehicles. A Wireless devices, such as mobile phones, are also competitors. We compete against other connected vehicle service providers for automaker arrangements on the basis of innovation, service quality and reliability, marketing and other customer relationship management services, technical capabilities and system customization, scope of service, industry experience, past performance and price. Competition for Advertisers Our competition for advertisers includes large scale online advertising platforms such as Amazon, Facebook, YouTube and Google; connected television (CTV) providers; traditional media companies such as television broadcasters and national print outlets; broadcast radio providers; podcast distributors and networks; and companies in the audio entertainment market. We compete against these providers for advertisers on the basis of several factors, including advertisers' overall budgets, perceived return on investment, effectiveness and relevance of our advertising platforms, the amount and scope of our data on listeners, price, delivery of large volumes or precise types of advertisements to targeted demographics, transactional capabilities and reporting capabilities. The online advertising marketplace continues to evolve rapidly, particularly with the introduction of new digital advertising technologies and expanding capabilities of larger internet companies. Government Regulation General We are subject to a number of foreign and domestic laws and regulations relating to consumer protection, information security and data protection. There are several States that require specific information security controls to protect certain types of information and specific notifications to consumers in the event of a security breach that compromises certain categories of personal information. Certain of our services are also subject to laws in the United States and abroad pertaining to privacy of user data and other information, including the California Consumer Privacy Act and the European General Data Protection Regulation. Our Privacy Policies and customer agreements describe our practices. We believe we comply with all of our obligations under all applicable laws and regulations. Our SiriusXM Business As operators of a privately-owned satellite system, we are regulated by the FCC under the Communications Act of 1934, principally with respect to: â€¢ the licensing of our satellite systems; â€¢ preventing interference with or to other users of radio frequencies; and â€¢ compliance with FCC rules established specifically for U.S. satellites and satellite radio services. 16 Table of Contents Any assignment or transfer of control of our FCC licenses must be approved in advance by the FCC. The FCC's order approving our merger with XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc. in July 2008 requires us to comply with certain voluntary commitments we made as part of the FCC merger proceeding. A We believe we comply with those commitments. In 1997, we were the winning bidders for FCC licenses to operate a satellite digital audio radio service and provide other ancillary services. A Our FCC licenses for our FM-5 satellite expires in 2025, our FM-6 satellite license expires in 2030, our XM-3 satellite license expires in 2026, our XM-5 satellite license expires in 2026, our XM-8 satellite license expires in 2029, and our SXM-9 satellite license is expected to expire in 2033. Our SXM-7 satellite license expires in 2029, although SXM-7 is not in active use due to payload failures that occurred during in-orbit testing. We anticipate that, absent significant misconduct on our part, the FCC will renew our licenses to permit operation of our satellites for their useful lives, and grant licenses for any replacement satellites. In some areas, we have installed terrestrial repeaters to supplement our satellite signal coverage. A The FCC has established rules governing terrestrial repeaters and has granted us a license through 2027 to operate our repeater network. In certain cases, we obtain FCC certifications for satellite radios, including satellite radios that include FM modulators. A We believe our radios that are in production comply with all applicable FCC rules. We are required to obtain export licenses or other approvals from the United States government to export certain equipment, services and technical data related to our satellites and their operations. A The transfer of such equipment, services and technical data outside the United States or to foreign persons is subject to strict export control and prior approval requirements from the United States government (including prohibitions on the sharing of certain satellite-related goods and services with China). Changes in law or regulations relating to communications policy or to matters affecting our services could adversely affect our ability to retain our FCC licenses or the manner in which we operate. Copyrights to Programming In connection with our businesses, we must enter into royalty arrangements with two sets of rights holders: A holders of musical compositions copyrights (that is, the music and lyrics) and holders of sound recordings copyrights (that is, the actual recording of a work). Our SiriusXM and Pandora services use both statutory and direct music licenses as part of their businesses. We license varying rights - such as performance and mechanical rights - for use in our SiriusXM and Pandora services based on the various radio and interactive services they offer. Set forth below is a brief overview of the complex licensing arrangements for music composition and sound recording rights for our SiriusXM and Pandora services. The description below is only a summary of these complex licensing arrangements. Musical Compositions: Performance Rights and Mechanical Rights The holders of performance rights in musical compositions, generally songwriters and music publishers, are represented by performing rights organizations such as the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers (â€œASCAPâ€), Broadcast Music, Inc. (â€œBMIâ€), SESAC, Inc. (â€œSESACâ€) and Global Music Rights LLC (â€œGMRâ€). These organizations negotiate fees with copyright users, collect royalties and distribute them to the rights holders. The holders of the mechanical rights in musical compositions, generally songwriters and music publishers, have traditionally licensed these rights through the statutory license set forth in Section 115 of the United States Copyright Act; however, mechanical rights can also be licensed directly. SiriusXM Service. We have arrangements with ASCAP, BMI, SESAC and GMR to license the musical compositions we perform on our satellite radio and streaming services. Currently, we have an interim license with BMI. While we were negotiating rates and terms with BMI, in September 2024, BMI filed a Petition in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York requesting a determination under the Consent Decree with the Department of Justice to which BMI is subject that the rates it quoted in May 2023 for the license requested by Sirius XM are reasonable or, in the alternative, for an order setting reasonable rates for Sirius XMâ€™s public performance of songs in the BMI repertoire. 17 Table of Contents Our SiriusXM business does not require mechanical licenses. Pandora Services. We have arrangements with ASCAP, BMI, SESAC, GMR and a variety of other copyright owners to license the musical compositions performance rights we use on our Pandora services. We have not agreed on the rates and terms for definitive licenses between Pandora and either ASCAP or BMI. Currently, we have interim licenses with ASCAP and BMI relating to Pandora. For our Pandora ad-supported radio service, certain copyright holders receive as a performance royalty a fee based on usage and their ownership share of the works that Pandora plays, and other copyright holders receive a fixed fee. Pandora must also license mechanical rights to offer the interactive features of the Pandora services. For our Pandora subscription services, copyright holders receive payments for these rights at the rates determined in accordance with the statutory license set forth in Section 115 of the United States Copyright Act. For the five-year period commencing January 1, 2023 and ending December 31, 2027, Pandora agreed to pay the greater of 15.1% of revenues or 26.2% of record label payments in 2024, rising over the five-year period to 15.35% of revenues or 26.2% of record label payments by 2027. Sound Recordings Operators of a non-interactive satellite radio or streaming service are entitled to license sound recordings under the statutory license contained in Section 114 of the United States Copyright Act (the â€œstatutory licenseâ€). Under the statutory license, we may negotiate royalty arrangements with the owners of sound recordings or, if negotiation is unsuccessful, the royalty rate is established by the Copyright Royalty Board (â€œCRBâ€). Sound recording rights holders, typically large record companies, are primarily represented by SoundExchange, Inc. (â€œSoundExchangeâ€), an organization which negotiates licenses, and collects and distributes royalties on behalf of record companies and performing artists. SiriusXM and Pandora Non-Interactive Streaming Businesses. In January 2024, the CRB commenced a rate setting proceeding covering the statutory license for non-interactive streaming services for the period from January 1, 2026 through December 31, 2030. In September 2024, we filed our direct case in that proceeding and requested the CRB to set a royalty rate payable by us under the statutory license covering the performance of sound recordings over non-interactive streaming services and proposed \$0.0018 per performance for ad-supported services and \$0.0020 per performance for subscription services. Our proposed rates are a reduction from the current rates of \$0.0025 per performance for ad-supported services and \$0.0031 per performance for subscription services. In September 2024, SoundExchange also filed its direct case in the proceeding and requested the CRB to set a royalty rate under the statutory license of \$0.0034 per performance for ad-supported services and \$0.0037 per performance for subscription services, in each case subject to annual increases based on the consumer price index. A hearing before the CRB in this proceeding is scheduled for 2025. Interactive streaming services, such as Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium, do not qualify for the statutory license and those services must negotiate direct license arrangements with the owners of copyrights in sound recordings. SiriusXM Satellite Radio Business. For the ten-year period commencing January 1, 2018 and ending on December 31, 2027, the CRB set the royalty rate payable by us under the statutory license covering the performance of sound recordings over our SiriusXM satellite radio service, and the making of ephemeral copies in support of such performances, to be 15.5% of gross revenues, subject to exclusions and adjustments. The revenue subject to royalty includes subscription revenue from our U.S. satellite digital audio radio subscribers and advertising revenue from channels other than those channels that make only incidental performances of sound recordings. The rates and terms permit us to reduce the payment due each month for those sound recordings that are separately licensed and sound recordings that are directly licensed from copyright owners and exclude from our revenue certain other items, such as royalties paid to us for intellectual property, sales and use taxes, bad debt expense and generally revenue attributable to areas of our business that do not involve the use of copyrighted sound recordings. In 2024, we paid a per performance rate for the streaming of certain sound recordings of \$0.0031 on our SiriusXM streaming service which increased from \$0.0030 in 2023. In 2025, we expect to pay a per performance rate for the streaming of certain sound recordings of \$0.0032 on our SiriusXM streaming service. 18 Table of Contents Pandora Services. For our Pandora services, we have entered into direct license agreements with major and independent music labels and distributors for a significant majority of the sound recordings that stream on the Pandora ad-supported service, Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium. For sound recordings that we stream and for which we have not entered into a direct license agreement with the sound recording rights holders, the sound recordings are streamed pursuant to the statutory license, and applicable rates thereunder set by the CRB. Sound recordings subject to the statutory license can only be played through our radio services and not through services that are offered on-demand or offline or through any replay features. The royalty rates under many of those direct licenses, which cover a large majority

the sound recordings that we perform on Panos are indexed to the statutory rates established by the CRB.Trademarks SiriusXM BusinessWe have registered, and intend to maintain, the trademarks Sirius, XM, SiriusXM and SXM with the United States Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the services we offer. We are not aware of any material claims of infringement or other challenges to our right to use the Sirius, XM, SiriusXM or SXM trademarks in the United States. We also have registered, and intend to maintain, trademarks for the names of certain of our channels. A We have also registered the trademarks Sirius, XM and SiriusXM in Canada. We have granted a license to use certain of our trademarks in Canada to Sirius XM Canada.Pandora and Off-platform BusinessWe have registered, and intend to maintain, the trademarks Pandora, Ampcast and Music Genome Project, in addition to a number of other Pandora logos and marks, with the United States Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the services we offer. We also have registered the trademark Pandora in Australia, Canada, Chile, the European Union, India, Israel, Mexico, New Zealand, Switzerland, Taiwan and other countries, and the trademark Music Genome Project in Australia, Canada, China and New Zealand.Human Capital ResourcesOverviewAs of December 31, 2024, we had 5,515 full-time and part-time employees whose skills span a wide range of highly specialized capabilities. Our core voluntary full-time employee turnover rate in 2024 was approximately 6.6%. We strive to maintain an inclusive culture where our differences are valued, respected and celebrated, and our diverse perspectives are united to drive and grow our businesses.Who We AreWe employ a diverse workforce, composed of individuals with different identities, experiences, perspectives and priorities. Together, we represent different dimensions of diversity and are committed to fostering an environment where all of our employees can thrive and reach their full potential.We encourage our employees to voluntarily self-identify their gender, race, ethnicity, veteran and disability status. Understanding our employee demographics enables us to shape our talent strategy and invest time and resources in various initiatives. As of December 31, 2024, 42.2% of our employees identified as women and 40.4% identified as people of color (African American, Latinx, Asian, and Native American). At our executive leadership level (which we define as employees at the vice president and above level), 36.1% of our employees identified as women and 16.8% as people of color.We promote SiriusXM as an employer of choice through a number of different efforts. We attend professional conferences and engage with a broad set of third-party organizations to encourage applicants with a wide range of experiences and backgrounds.Many of our employees are members of our employee resource groups, known as SiriusXM Communities, which were established for the purpose of supporting, nurturing, and empowering under-represented members of our workforce.19Table of ContentsWe prioritize cultural awareness, celebrate inclusion and diversity, and educate our workforce on our anti-harassment and discrimination policies. Our policies are designed to protect against discrimination based upon sex, gender, race, color, religion and religious creed, national origin, ancestry, physical or mental disability, genetic information, age, marital status, pregnancy, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, sex stereotype, transgender, immigration status, military and protected veteran status, medical condition, or any basis prohibited under federal, state or local law. We also host Conscious Inclusion training and we offer our Can We Talk? program, both of which are designed to explore bias and its impact, increase cultural awareness, invite open dialogue, and promote inclusive behaviors in our workplace.We also comply with the FCCs Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) rules, including making our EEO reports publicly available. We maintain our Code of Ethics which embodies our commitment to conduct business in accordance with applicable law and the highest ethical standards.What We BelieveWe believe that our employees do their best work when they feel connected, supported and empowered, and we are committed to making that happen with people-focused initiatives. Our core values, which define us as authentic, inclusive, curious and driven, are aligned with our vision. Together, these elements set the foundation for how we collaborate and operate as individuals. We believe that our success hinges on our ability to attract, retain, and develop top talent. Recognizing employees for outstanding accomplishments, rewarding them for positive performance, and inspiring them to reach new heights are strongly connected to retention. We are a results-driven organization and we believe that recognition and reward are key to generating a sense of pride and accountability. Through our engagement surveys and other communication channels, we have learned about our workforce and this knowledge shaped the people-focused initiatives we prioritized in 2024. We believe that our culture fuels our ability to execute, and underpins our employee talent strategy.How We Reward and Develop Our PeopleOur goal is to establish SiriusXM as a place where employees can build long-term careers and achieve their personal and professional aspirations. We offer a comprehensive total reward program designed to attract, motivate, and retain top talent. This program combines competitive compensation with benefits and well-being resources designed to meet the diverse needs of our workforce. Our compensation programs, which vary by employee level, include salary, incentive compensation opportunities, and equity-based compensation awards. In addition, we believe our benefits programs are competitive for the markets in which we operate and may include healthcare and insurance benefits, paid time off, paid parental leave, fertility resources, flexible work schedules, and employee assistance programs.We have robust talent development offerings, including training opportunities, access to LinkedIn Learning which offers an extensive content library, a mentorship program, leadership development programs, and a performance feedback program. Our talent development programs include a goal-setting process, a career path framework, skills and core competency assessments, and custom learning paths. Additionally, through mentoring programs, specialized management training and leadership coaching, we nurture the professional growth of our employees.Succession planning is a priority for our leaders. The Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors oversees our management continuity planning process, and reviews and evaluates succession plans relating to our Chief Executive Officer and other executive officers.How We Give BackSiriusXM Cares is the name of our philanthropic effort to promote charitable giving. SiriusXM Cares has three focus areas for giving: Employee, Social Equity, and Corporate; and through these focus areas, we give directly or bolster employee giving efforts.Through our focus on the Employee, we invite employees to give to the causes most meaningful to them. We have a charitable matching program that offers employees a dollar for dollar match on their charitable contributions up to a specific cap. In addition, full-time employees are eligible to receive five days of paid time off to volunteer with charitable organizations of their choice. During 2024, over 590 employees volunteered over 8,400 hours, and over 680 employees utilized our charitable matching program, benefiting more than 860 charitable organizations. In alignment with our Social Equity and Corporate focus areas, SiriusXM Cares has contributed to a variety of organizations over the past four years.20Table of ContentsOur Health, Safety and Well-BeingWe are committed to providing a healthy and safe environment that allows employees to thrive professionally and personally. To support the well-being of our employees and their families we also offer resources focused on physical, mental, and emotional health.Corporate Information and Available InformationOur executive offices are located at 1221 Avenue of the Americas, 35th floor, New York, New York 10020 and our telephone number is (212) 584-5100. Our internet address is www.siriusxm.com. Our annual, quarterly and current reports, and any amendments to those reports, filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, may be accessed free of charge through our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we have electronically filed or furnished such material with the SEC. The SEC maintains an Internet site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. Siriusxm.com (including any other reference to such address in this Annual Report on Form 10-K) is an inactive textual reference only, meaning that the information contained on or accessible from the website is not part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and is not incorporated in this report by reference. We may use our website as a distribution channel of material company information. Financial and other important information regarding us is routinely posted on and accessible through our website at https://www.siriusxm.com. In addition, you may automatically receive email alerts and other information about us when you enroll your email address by visiting the Email Alerts section under the Shareholder Services heading at http://investor.siriusxm.com/investor-overview.Information About Our Executive OfficersCertain information regarding our executive officers as of January 28, 2025 is provided below:NameAgePositionJennifer C. Witz56Chief Executive OfficerScott A. Greenstein65President, Chief Content OfficerThomas D. Barry58Executive Vice President and Chief Financial OfficerPatrick L. Donnelly63Executive Vice President, General Counsel and SecretaryWayne D. Thorsen52Executive Vice President and Chief Operating OfficerJennifer C. Witz has served as our Chief Executive Officer since January 1, 2021. From March 2019 through December 2020, she was our President, Sales, Marketing and Operations. From August 2017 until March 2019 she was our Executive Vice President, Chief Marketing Officer. Ms. Witz joined us in March 2002 and has served in a variety of senior financial and operating roles. Before joining Sirius XM, Ms. Witz was Vice President, Planning and Development, at Viacom Inc., a global media company, and prior to that she was Vice President, Finance and Corporate Development, at Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Inc., an entertainment company focused on the production and global distribution of film and television content. Ms. Witz began her career in the Investment Banking Department at Kidder, Peabody & Co Inc.Scott A. Greenstein has served as our President, Chief Content Officer, since May 2004. Prior to May 2004, Mr. A Greenstein was Chief Executive Officer of The Greenstein Group, a media and entertainment consulting firm. A From 1999 until 2002, he was Chairman of USA Films, a motion picture production, marketing and distribution company. A From 1997 until 1999, Mr. A Greenstein was Co-President of October Films, a motion picture production, marketing and distribution company. A Prior to joining October Films, Mr. A Greenstein was Senior Vice President of Motion Pictures, Music, New Media and Publishing at Miramax Films, and held senior positions at Viacom Inc.Thomas D. Barry has served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since April 2023 and also serves as our Chief Accounting Officer. From 2009 until 2023 he was our Senior Vice President and Controller. Prior to joining Sirius XM, Mr. Barry was the Vice President and Controller for Reader s Digest Inc., the owner of the American general-interest family magazine, from 2002 until 2009. Prior to Reader s Digest, he held finance leadership roles at Xerox Engineering Systems, a subsidiary of Xerox Corporation, the workplace technology company, and Avon Products Inc., the multinational cosmetics, skin care, fragrance and personal care company. Mr. Barry started his career at PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the international professional services brand of firms, and is a Certified Public Accountant.Patrick L. Donnelly has served as our Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary, since May 1998. A From June 1997 to May 1998, he was Vice President and Deputy General Counsel of ITT Corporation, a hotel, gaming and 21Table of Contentsentertainment company that was acquired by Starwood Hotels & Resorts Worldwide, Inc. in February 1998. A From October 1995 to June 1997, he was assistant general counsel of ITT Corporation. Prior to October 1995, Mr. A Donnelly was an attorney at the law firm of Simpson Thacher & Bartlett LLP.Wayne D. Thorsen has served as our Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer since December 2024. He served as the Executive Vice President and Chief Business Officer of ADT Inc., a leading provider of security, interactive, and smart home solutions in the United States, from January 2023 until December 2024. From May 2018 until January 2023, Mr. Thorsen served as Vice President, Devices and Services Business Development, at Google Inc., a subsidiary of Alphabet Inc. Prior to that, he was Senior Vice President, Marketing and Strategic Partnerships, at Social Finance, Inc. (the predecessor of SoFi Technologies, Inc.), a personal finance company, from 2017 to 2018. Prior to that he held leadership roles at Rune, Inc., a software company, Viacom, Inc., a multinational media and entertainment company, Tele a Digital, the digital business unit of Tele a, a global telecommunications company, BlueKai, a data management company for marketers, and Microsoft, the multinational technology company.ITEM 1A. A A RISK FACTORSIn addition to the other information in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including the information under the caption Item 1. Business Competition, the following risk factors should be considered carefully in evaluating us and our business. Risks Relating to our Business and OperationsWe face substantial competition and that competition has increased over time.We compete for the time and attention of our listeners with other content providers on the basis of a number of factors, including quality of experience, relevance, acceptance and perception of content quality, ease of use, price, accessibility, brand awareness, reputation and, in the case of our ad-supported Pandora service, perception of ad load, features and functionality. As consumer tastes and preferences change on the internet and with mobile and other connected products, including cars, in-home, and wearable devices, we will need to enhance and improve our existing products and services, introduce new services and features, and attempt to maintain our competitive position with additional technological advances and adaptable platforms.If we fail to keep pace with technological advances or fail to offer compelling product offerings and state-of-the-art delivery platforms to meet consumer demands, our ability to maintain the reach of our services and attract and retain users and subscribers across our services will be adversely affected. Our ability to attract and retain subscribers and listeners also depends on our success in creating and providing popular or unique programming. A summary of certain services that compete with us is contained in the section entitled Item 1. Business - Competition of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our subscribers and listeners can obtain similar content for free through Spotify, YouTube and other internet services as well as terrestrial radio stations. We also compete for the time and attention of our listeners with providers of other in-home and mobile entertainment services, and we compete for advertising sales with large scale online advertising platforms, such as YouTube, Amazon, Facebook and Google, and with traditional media outlets. Our streaming services also compete for listeners on the basis of the presence and visibility of our apps, which are distributed via app stores operated by Apple and Google. We face significant competition for listeners from these companies, which also promote their own music and content. In addition, our competitors streaming products may be pre-loaded or integrated into consumer electronics products or automobiles more broadly than our streaming products, creating a significant advantage. If we are unable to compete successfully for listeners against other media providers, then our business may suffer. Additionally, the operator of an app store may reject our app or amend the terms of their license in a way that inhibits our ability to distribute our apps, negatively affects our business, or limits our ability to increase subscribers and listeners.Competition could result in lower subscription, advertising or other revenue and an increase in our expenses and, consequently, lower our earnings and free cash flow. A We cannot assure you we will be able to compete successfully with our existing or future competitors or that competition will not have an adverse impact on our operations and financial condition. Our SiriusXM service has suffered a loss of subscribers and our Pandora ad-supported service has similarly experienced a loss of monthly active users. The number of subscribers to our SiriusXM service has declined for the past two years, including in 2024. Similarly, the number of monthly active users to our ad-supported Pandora service has declined consistently for several years, including in 2024. This loss of subscribers to our SiriusXM service and the decline in monthly active users to our Pandora ad-supported service is likely to continue in the future.22Table of ContentsThe number of subscribers to our SiriusXM service has declined due to a variety of factors, including a decline in the rate at which new car buyers convert their trial subscriptions into self-pay subscriptions. The decline in the number of SiriusXM subscribers may have a number of collateral effects on our business. The size of our ad-supported listener base is an important element of our Pandora service. The decline in our listener base, including the shift of listening in connected homes and vehicles, has resulted in fewer listener hours and fewer available advertising spots on our Pandora service, which may contribute to declines in our advertising revenue and adversely affect our Pandora and Off-platform business. The contraction of our ad-supported listener base also decreases the size of demographic groups targeted by advertisers, which hurts our ability to deliver advertising in a manner that maximizes advertisers return on investment and compete with other larger advertising platforms.If our efforts to attract and retain subscribers and listeners, or convert listeners into subscribers, are not successful,

distribute satellite radios; vendors that have designed or built, and vendors that support or operate, other important elements of our systems, including our satellites, marketing platforms, billing and payment processing, and the cloud-based systems we use; companies that manufacture and sell integrated circuits for satellite radios; vendors that operate our call centers; Apple, who distributes our apps through its App Store and who we rely on to collect fees and approve the terms of our consumer offers; and Google, who distributes our apps through its App Store and who we rely on to collect fees and approve the terms of our consumer offers, and who plays an important role in the fulfillment of the ads we sell on our Pandora platform. If one or more of these third parties do not perform in a satisfactory or timely manner, including complying with our standards and practices relating to business integrity, personnel and cybersecurity, our business could be adversely affected. The operation of our apps and service offerings could be impaired if errors occur in the software, including third party software, that supports our apps and services. It may be difficult for us to correct any defects in third party software because the development and maintenance of the software is not within our control. Our third party licensors may not continue to make their software available to us on acceptable terms, invest the appropriate levels of resources in their software to maintain and enhance its capabilities, or remain in business. Failure of these third party licensors could harm our streaming services. In addition, a number of third parties on which we depend have experienced, and may in the future experience, financial difficulties or file for bankruptcy protection. Such third parties may not be able to perform their obligations to us in a timely manner, if at all, as a result of their financial condition or may be relieved of their obligations to us as part of seeking bankruptcy protection. Failure to successfully monetize and generate revenues from podcasts and other non-music content could adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition. Delivering podcasts and other non-music content involves risks and challenges, including increased competition and the need to develop new relationships with creators. We have entered into multi-year commitments for original podcast content that is produced by third parties. These agreements generally provide us the right to distribute the content and act as the agent for the sale of advertising in the podcasts. Payment terms for certain premium content typically requires more upfront cash payments, including minimum guarantees to the owner or creator of the podcast, than other content licenses or arrangements. Given the multiple-year duration and largely fixed-cost nature of such commitments, if the attractiveness of such podcast or other non-music content to our listeners and subscribers does not meet our expectations, our margins could be adversely impacted. In addition, the advertising market for podcasts is still developing, including the advertising technology necessary to efficiently sell audio advertising within podcasts at scale. As a result, our ability to profitably monetize the available advertising opportunities in podcasts remains uncertain. Growing our podcasting business may require additional changes to our business model, cost structure, and our infrastructure, and could expose us to new regulatory, legal and reputational risks. There is no guarantee that we will be able to generate sufficient revenue from podcasts to offset the costs of creating or acquiring this content. Our failure to successfully monetize and generate revenues from such content, including failure to obtain or retain rights to podcasts or other non-music content on acceptable terms, or at all, or to effectively manage the numerous risks and challenges associated with such expansion, could adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition. We may not realize the benefits of acquisitions or other strategic investments and initiatives. Our strategy has included and may include selective acquisitions, other strategic investments and initiatives to expand or reorganize our business. The success of any acquisition depends upon effective integration, cultural assimilation and management of acquired businesses and assets into our operations, which is subject to risks and uncertainties, including realizing the growth potential, the anticipated synergies and cost savings, the ability to retain and attract personnel, the diversion of management's attention for other business concerns, and undisclosed or potential legal liabilities of the acquired business or assets.

Table of Contents

The integration process could distract our management, disrupt our ongoing business or result in inconsistencies in our services, standards, controls, procedures and policies, any of which could adversely affect our ability to maintain relationships with customers, vendors and employees or to achieve the anticipated benefits of any such transaction or acquisition. The impact of economic conditions may adversely affect our business, operating results, and financial condition. Our success depends to a significant extent on discretionary consumer spending. Some of the factors that may influence consumer spending on entertainment include general economic conditions, the availability of discretionary income, inflationary pressure, consumer confidence, interest rates, and general uncertainty regarding the overall economic environment. The demand for entertainment generally is sensitive to downturns in the economy and the corresponding impact on discretionary consumer spending. Any actual or perceived deterioration or weakness in general, regional or local economic conditions, as well as other adverse economic or market conditions, could reduce our subscribers' or potential subscribers' discretionary income. To the extent that overall economic conditions reduce spending on discretionary items, our ability to attract and retain subscribers could be hindered, which could reduce our subscription revenue and negatively impact our business. Additionally, our financial performance is subject to economic conditions and their impact on levels of advertising spending. Expenditures by advertisers generally tend to reflect overall economic conditions, and reductions in spending by advertisers could have an adverse impact on our revenue and business. See **Our Pandora and Off-platform business generates a significant portion of its revenues from advertising, and reduced spending by advertisers could harm our business.**

Risks Relating to our SiriusXM Business

Changing consumer behavior and new technologies relating to our satellite radio business may reduce our subscribers and may cause our subscribers to purchase fewer services from us or to cancel our services altogether, resulting in less revenue to us. New technologies, products and services are driving rapid changes in consumer behavior as consumers seek more control over when, where and how they consume audio content and access entertainment services. In particular, through technological advancements, a significant amount of audio content has become available through online content providers for users to stream and, in some cases, view on their phones, personal computers, televisions, tablets, video game consoles and other devices, in some cases without a fee required to access the content. For example, CarPlay, the Apple in-vehicle software, has become a near-ubiquitous feature in new cars, with most manufacturers integrating it into their infotainment systems, allowing iPhone users to readily access music and other audio entertainment while driving. An increasing number of consumers are using mobile devices as the sole means of consuming audio entertainment, and an increasing number of providers are developing content and technologies to satisfy that demand. These technological advancements, changes in consumer behavior, and the increasing number of choices available to consumers regarding the means by which consumers obtain audio entertainment may cause our subscribers to cancel our satellite radio services, downgrade to smaller, less expensive programming packages, or elect to purchase through online content providers a certain portion of the services that they would have historically purchased from us. These technological advancements and changes in consumer behavior and/or our failure to effectively anticipate or adapt to such changes, could reduce our subscriber additions and increase our churn rate and could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. A substantial number of our SiriusXM service subscribers periodically cancel their subscriptions, and we cannot predict how successful we will be at retaining customers. As part of our business, we experience, and expect to experience in the future, subscriber turnover (i.e., churn). The number of subscribers to our SiriusXM service declined in 2023 and 2024 and may further contract in the future. If we are unable to retain current subscribers at expected rates, or the costs of retaining subscribers are higher than expected, our financial performance and operating results could be adversely affected. We cannot predict how successful we will be at retaining customers who purchase or lease vehicles that include a subscription to our SiriusXM service. A substantial percentage of our SiriusXM subscribers are on promotional pricing plans and our ability to retain these subscribers is uncertain. Historically, we have been unsuccessful in migrating a large portion of subscribers on promotional pricing plans to higher priced plans. Our promotional pricing strategy is widely known, which interferes with our ability to collect our ordinary subscription prices. In addition, a substantial number of those subscribers periodically cancel their subscriptions when offered a subscription at a higher price. Our ability to profitably attract and retain new subscribers to our SiriusXM service is uncertain. A number of factors may affect our ability to attract and retain subscribers to our Sirius XM service. The changing demographics of trialers to our service, such as the increase in Millennial generation customers, may increase the number of subscribers accustomed to consuming entertainment through ad-supported products. These changing demographics have affected and may continue to affect our ability to convert trial subscribers into self-paying subscribers. Similarly, our efforts to acquire subscribers purchasing or leasing pre-owned vehicles may attract price sensitive consumers. Consumers purchasing or leasing pre-owned vehicles may be more price sensitive than consumers purchasing or leasing new vehicles, convert from trial subscribers to self-paying subscribers at a lower rate, or cancel their subscriptions more frequently than consumers purchasing or leasing new vehicles. Some of our marketing efforts may also attract more price sensitive subscribers, and our efforts to increase the penetration of satellite radios in new, lower-priced vehicle lines may result in the growth of more economy-minded subscribers. Each of these factors may harm our revenue or require additional spending on marketing efforts to demonstrate the value of our SiriusXM service. Our business depends in part upon the auto industry. A substantial portion of the subscription growth for our satellite radio service has come from purchasers and lessees of new and pre-owned automobiles in the United States, and we expect this to be an important source of subscribers for our satellite radio service in the future. We have agreements with major automakers to include satellite radios in new vehicles, although these agreements do not require automakers to install specific or minimum quantities of radios in any given period. Many of these agreements also require automakers to provide us data on sales of satellite radio enabled vehicles, including in many cases the consumer's name and address. Our business could be adversely affected if a number of automakers do not continue to include our SiriusXM service in their products or provide us with such data. Automotive production and sales are dependent on many factors, including labor relations matters, the availability of vehicle components, national trade policies, consumer credit, general economic conditions, consumer confidence and fuel costs. To the extent vehicle sales by automakers decline, or the penetration of factory-installed satellite radios in those vehicles is reduced, our satellite radio service may be adversely impacted. Sales of pre-owned vehicles represent a significant source of new subscribers for our satellite radio service. We have agreements with auto dealers, companies operating in the pre-owned vehicle market and other third parties to provide us with data on sales of pre-owned satellite radio enabled vehicles, including in many cases the consumer's name and address. The continuing availability of this data is important, and the loss or additional restrictions on our use of such data may harm our revenue and business. The imposition of tariffs by the United States government could have a major effect on the United States auto industry, upon which Sirius XM is dependent upon as a material source of new subscribers. President Trump has announced plans to impose broad-based tariffs on imports from many countries, including China, countries of the European Union, Japan and even Mexico and Canada. Significant tariffs on imports from European Union countries, Japan, Canada and Mexico, as have been proposed by President Trump, could have a major impact on the United States auto industry, which depends heavily on cross border trade. New tariffs would likely affect retail auto prices in the United States, both directly and indirectly. Tariffs would directly affect the price of finished vehicles. More broadly, tariffs would have an indirect effect on the retail price of vehicles through its effect on auto parts, semi-finished products, components and raw materials. The United States auto industry is reliant in large part on a worldwide supply chain, with dependencies on suppliers throughout the world. New tariffs would also likely affect the costs of our chipsets, an essential element of satellite radios, and the satellite radio modules that are incorporated into vehicles by automakers. It is impossible to predict with any precision the effects that new tariffs would have on the United States auto industry, and the resulting downstream effects on our Sirius XM business, although we expect the impact could be significant. Failure of our satellites would significantly damage our business. The lives of the satellites required to operate our SiriusXM service vary depending on a number of factors, including:

- degradation and durability of solar panels;
- equality of construction;
- random failure of satellite components, which could result in significant damage to or loss of a satellite;
- amount of fuel the satellite consumes;
- the performance of third parties that manage the operation of our satellites;
- damage or destruction as a result of electrostatic storms, terrorist attacks, collisions with other objects in space or other events, such as nuclear detonations, occurring in space. In the ordinary course of operation, satellites experience failures of component parts and operational and performance anomalies. Components on several of our in-orbit satellites have failed, and from time to time we have experienced anomalies in the operation and performance of these satellites. These failures and anomalies are expected to continue in the ordinary course, and we cannot predict if any of these possible future events will have a material adverse effect on our operations or the life of our existing in-orbit satellites. In addition, we have entered into agreements for the construction and launch of three new satellites that are expected to be launched over the next three years, and material delays in the deployment of these satellites could be harmful to our business. Any material failure of our operating satellites could cause us to lose customers for our SiriusXM service and could materially harm our reputation and our operating results. We do not have insurance for many of our in-orbit satellites. Additional information regarding our fleet of satellites is contained in the section entitled **Item 1. Business - Satellites, Terrestrial Repeaters and Other Satellite Facilities** of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Our SiriusXM service may experience harmful interference from wireless operations. The development of applications and services in spectrum adjacent to the frequencies licensed to us, as well as the combination of signals in other frequencies, may cause harmful interference to our satellite radio service in certain areas of the United States. Elimination of this interference may not be possible in all cases. In other cases, our efforts to reduce this interference may require extensive engineering efforts and additions to our terrestrial infrastructure. These mitigation efforts may be costly and take several years to implement and may not be entirely effective. In certain cases, we are dependent on the FCC to assist us in preventing harmful interference to our service.

Risks Relating to our Pandora and Off-platform Business

Our Pandora and Off-platform business generates a significant portion of its revenues from advertising, and reduced spending by advertisers could harm our business. Our Pandora and Off-platform business generates a majority of its revenues from third parties advertising on the Pandora ad-supported service and other platforms. These advertisers do not have long-term advertising commitments with us and can terminate their contracts at any time. Expenditures by advertisers tend to be cyclical, reflecting overall economic conditions and budgeting and buying patterns. Adverse macroeconomic conditions and new competitive product offerings have affected, and may continue to affect, the demand for audio advertising, resulting in fluctuations in the amounts advertisers spend on advertising, which could harm our financial condition and operating results. Emerging industry trends may adversely impact our ability to generate revenue from advertising. There are no uniform methods by which our advertiser-clients measure advertising effectiveness. As a result, new methods are regularly created and used by different advertiser-clients. We cannot integrate with all possible technological standards to measure advertising effectiveness and there is no guarantee that the standards with which we choose to integrate will be the standards ultimately selected by the majority of our advertiser-clients. There is also no guarantee that such standards will accurately reflect the true effectiveness of our advertising. Finally, our ability to integrate with technological standards may be limited by both emerging laws and third parties. If we fail to integrate with the technological standards preferred by our clients, or if those methodologies are inaccurate, our revenue may be adversely affected.

Table of Contents

Our failure to convince advertisers of the benefits of our Pandora ad-supported service could harm our business. Our ability to attract and retain advertisers, and ultimately to sell our advertising inventory, depends on a number of factors, including:

- the number of listener hours on the Pandora ad-supported service, particularly the number of listener hours attributable to high-value demographics;
- keeping pace with changes in technology and our competitors, some of which have significant influence over the distribution of our Pandora app;
- competing effectively for advertising with other dominant online products and services, such as Spotify, Google, Facebook and YouTube, as well as other marketing and media outlets;
- demonstrating the ability of advertisements to reach targeted audiences, including the value of mobile digital advertising;
- ensuring that new ad formats and ad product offerings are attractive to advertisers and that inventory management decisions (such as changes to ad load, frequency, prominence and quality of ads that we serve listeners) do not have a negative impact on listener hours;
- adapting to technologies designed to block the display of our ads. Advertisers may leave us for competing alternatives at any time. Failure to demonstrate to advertisers the value of our Pandora service would result in reduced spending by, or loss of, advertisers, which would harm our revenue and business. If we are unable to maintain our advertising revenue our results of operations will be adversely affected. In order to effectively monetize listener hours, we must, among other things, develop compelling ad product solutions. The substantial majority of the total listening to our Pandora service occurs on mobile devices. We are engaged in efforts to continue to convince advertisers of the capabilities and value of mobile digital advertising and to direct an increasing portion of their advertising spend to our ad-supported Pandora service. We do not currently have the ability to effectively capture a meaningful share of local audio advertising revenue, which may have an adverse impact on our future revenue. Changes to mobile operating systems and browsers may hinder our ability to sell advertising and market our services. We use shared common device identifiers that are universal in the advertising technology ecosystem, such as Apple's Identifier for Advertisers, a random device identifier assigned by Apple to a user's device. We use these common device identifiers for targeting, advertising effectiveness and measurement for the Pandora advertisers' advertising business and for Pandora's consumer marketing purposes. These common device identifiers enable us to match audiences, including with second- and third-party data providers and measurement vendors, and enhance Pandora's advertising targeting segments with additional data. In our programmatic advertising business, we use common identifiers for several important functions, such as targeting and bidding. We also use common device identifiers to evaluate the success of our Pandora brand consumer marketing campaigns. Apple, as well as mobile operating system and browser providers, have implemented product features and plans that may adversely impact

our ability to use these common identifiers and data collected in connection with these common identifiers in our Pandora business. If we fail to accurately predict and play music, comedy or other content that our Pandora listeners enjoy, we may fail to retain existing listeners and attract new listeners. A key differentiating factor between our Pandora service and other music content providers is our ability to predict music that our listeners will enjoy. The effectiveness of our personalized playlist generating system depends, in part, on our ability to gather and effectively analyze large amounts of listener data and feedback. We may not continue to be successful in enticing listeners to our Pandora service to give a thumbs-up or thumbs-down to enough songs to effectively predict and select new and existing songs. In addition, our ability to offer listeners songs that they have not previously heard and impart a sense of discovery depends on our ability to acquire and appropriately categorize additional tracks that will appeal to our listeners’ diverse and changing tastes. Many of our competitors currently have larger music and content catalogs than we offer and they may be more effective in providing their listeners with an appealing listener experience.

Table of Contents

We also provide comedy and podcast content on our Pandora service, and we try to predict what our listeners will enjoy using technology similar to the technology that we use to generate personalized playlists for music. The risks that apply to our ability to satisfy our listeners’ musical tastes apply to comedy, podcasts and other content to an even greater extent, particularly since we do not yet have as large a data set on listener preferences for comedy, podcasts and other content, and have a smaller catalog of such content as compared to music. Our ability to predict and select music, comedy, podcasts and other content that our listeners enjoy is important to the perceived value of our Pandora service to consumers and the failure to make accurate predictions would adversely affect our ability to attract and retain subscribers and listeners, increase listener hours and sell advertising.

Risks Relating to Laws and Governmental Regulations

Privacy and data security laws and regulations may hinder our ability to market our services, sell advertising and impose legal liabilities. We receive a substantial amount of personal data from third parties on purchasers and lessees of new and pre-owned vehicles and from and about listeners to our services. We use this personal data to market our services and to enhance our advertising business. Regulations and obligations on third party data providers may restrict or reduce the third party data we receive or in the manner in which we use such third party data. We collect and use demographic, service usage, purchase history and other information from and about our listeners through interactions with our products and services and content over the internet. Further, we and third parties use tracking technologies, including cookies and related technologies, to help us manage and track our listeners’ interactions with our services and deliver relevant advertising. Various federal and state laws and regulations, as well as the laws of foreign jurisdictions, govern the collection, use, retention, sharing and security of the personal data we receive. Privacy groups and government authorities have increasingly scrutinized the ways in which companies collect and share personal data, and we expect such scrutiny to increase. Alleged violations of laws and regulations relating to privacy and personal data may expose us to potential liability, may require us to expend significant resources in responding to and defending such allegations and claims and could in the future result in negative publicity and a loss of confidence in us by our subscribers, listeners, advertisers and other third parties. Privacy-related laws and regulations, such as the California Consumer Privacy Act and the European General Data Protection Regulation, are evolving and subject to potentially differing interpretations. Various federal and state legislative and regulatory bodies as well as foreign legislative and regulatory bodies may expand current or enact new laws regarding privacy and data security-related matters. We may not be in compliance with all of the new laws and regulations regarding privacy. New laws, amendments to or re-interpretations of existing laws and contractual obligations, as well as changes in our listeners’ expectations and demands regarding privacy and data security, may limit our ability to collect and use consumer data. Restrictions on our ability to receive, collect and use consumer data could limit our ability to attract and retain subscribers and listeners to our services. In addition, restrictions on our ability to collect, access and process listener data, or to use or disclose listener data or profiles that we develop using such data, could limit our ability to market our content and services to our potential listeners and offer targeted advertising opportunities to our advertisers, each of which are important to our business. Increased regulation of personal data utilization practices and compliance administration could increase our costs of operation or otherwise adversely affect our business.

Consumer protection laws and our failure to comply with them could damage our business. Federal and state consumer protection laws, rules and regulations cover nearly all aspects of our marketing efforts. The nature of our business requires us to expend significant resources to try to ensure that our marketing activities comply with consumer protection laws. These efforts may not be successful, and we may have to expend even greater resources in our compliance efforts. In November 2024, a New York Court found that our cancellation practices violated the simple mechanism requirement for subscription cancellations in the federal Restore Online Shoppers’ Confidence Act (ROSCA). As a result of the Court’s findings, we now permit New York residents who purchase a subscription online to also cancel that subscription online, a cancellation mechanism that is at least as easy to use as the method the consumer used to initiate the subscription. The Federal Trade Commission has issued proposed rules that are scheduled to go into effect on May 15, 2025 that will require us on a nationwide basis to permit a purchaser of a subscription online to also cancel that subscription online. In addition, other governmental authorities have commenced investigations into our consumer practices, including the manner in which we allow consumers to cancel subscriptions to our services.

Table of Contents

Modifications to consumer protection laws, including laws regarding the manner in which consumers can cancel our services as well as decisions by courts and administrative agencies interpreting these laws, could have an adverse impact on our ability to attract and retain subscribers and listeners to our services. There can be no assurance that new laws or regulations will not be enacted or adopted, preexisting laws or regulations will not be more strictly enforced or that our operations will comply with all applicable laws, which could have an adverse impact on our operations and financial condition. Failure to comply with FCC requirements could damage our business. We hold FCC licenses and authorizations to operate commercial satellite radio services in the United States, including satellites, terrestrial repeaters and related authorizations. The FCC generally grants licenses and authorizations for a fixed term. Although we expect our licenses and authorizations to be renewed in the ordinary course upon their expiration, there can be no assurance that this will be the case. Any assignment or transfer of control of any of our FCC licenses or authorizations must be approved in advance by the FCC. The operation of our satellite radio systems is subject to significant regulation by the FCC under authority granted through the Communications Act of 1934 and related federal law. We are required, among other things, to operate only within specified frequencies; to coordinate our satellite radio services with radio systems operating in the same range of frequencies in neighboring countries; and to coordinate our communications links to our satellites with other systems that operate in the same frequency band. Noncompliance by us with these requirements or other conditions or with other applicable FCC rules and regulations could result in fines, additional license conditions, license revocation or other detrimental FCC actions. There is no guarantee that Congress will not modify the statutory framework governing our services, or that the FCC will not modify its rules and regulations in a manner that would have an adverse impact on our operations. We may face lawsuits, incur liability or suffer reputational harm as a result of content published or made available through our services. The nature of our business could expose us to claims or public criticism related to defamation, illegal content, misinformation, and content regulation. We could incur costs investigating and defending any such claims. In addition, some stakeholders may disagree with third-party content provided through our services, and negative public criticism of this content could damage our reputation and brands. If we incur material costs, liability, or negative consumer reaction as a result of these occurrences, our business, financial condition and operating results could be adversely impacted.

Environmental, social and governance expectations and related reporting obligations may expose us to potential liabilities, increased costs, reputational harm, and other adverse effects. Many governments, regulators, investors, employees, customers and other stakeholders are focused on environmental, social and governance (or ESG) considerations, including climate change and greenhouse gas emissions; human capital management, including diversity, equity and inclusion; cybersecurity; content moderation; and human and civil rights. Our reporting and disclosures in response to these expectations may require additional investments and reporting processes, introduce additional compliance risk, and depend in part on third-party performance or data that is outside our control. Related initiatives, and implementation of these initiatives, also involve risks and uncertainties, and we cannot guarantee that we will achieve any announced environmental, social and governance objectives. In addition, some stakeholders may disagree with our initiatives and objectives. Any failure, or perceived failure, to further our initiatives, adhere to public statements, comply with federal or state ESG laws and regulations, or meet evolving and varied stakeholder expectations and standards could result in legal and regulatory proceedings against us and adversely affect our business, reputation, financial condition, and operations results.

Risks Associated with Data and Cybersecurity and the Protection of Consumer Information

If we fail to protect the security of personal information about our customers, we could be subject to costly government enforcement actions and private litigation and our reputation could suffer. The nature of our business involves the receipt and storage of personal information about our subscribers and listeners including, in some cases, credit and debit card information. We have a program in place to detect and respond to data security incidents. However, the techniques used to gain unauthorized access to data systems are constantly evolving and may not be detected for long periods of time. We may be unable to anticipate or prevent unauthorized access to data pertaining to our customers, including credit card and debit card information and other personally identifiable information. Our services, which consist of the contents supported by our own systems and those of third-party vendors, could be subject to computer malware and attacks as well as to catastrophic events (such as fires, floods, hurricanes, or tornadoes), any of which could lead to system interruptions, delays, or shutdowns, causing loss of critical data or the unauthorized access to personally identifiable information. If we fail to protect the security of personal information about our customers or if an actual or perceived breach of security occurs on our systems or a vendor’s systems, we could be exposed to costly government enforcement actions and private litigation and our reputation could suffer. We may also be required to expend significant resources to address these problems, including notification under various data privacy regulations, and our reputation and operating results could suffer. In addition, our subscribers and listeners, as well as potential customers, could lose confidence in our ability to protect their personal information, which could cause them to discontinue or forego the use of our services. This loss of confidence would also harm our efforts to attract and retain advertisers and to obtain personal information from third parties, and unauthorized access to our programming would potentially create additional royalty expense with no corresponding revenue. Such events could adversely affect our results of operations. The costs of maintaining adequate protection against such threats as they develop in the future (or as legal requirements related to data security increase) could be material. In addition, hardware, software, or applications we develop or procure from third parties may contain defects in design or manufacture or other problems that could unexpectedly compromise information security. Unauthorized parties may also attempt to gain access to our systems or facilities, or those of third parties with whom we do business, through fraud, trickery, or other forms of deceiving our employees, contractors or other agents. We may not be able to effectively control the unauthorized actions of third parties who may have access to the data we collect. To date, we are not aware that we have had a significant cyber-attack or breach that has had a material impact on our business or results of operations. We have implemented systems and processes intended to secure our information technology systems and prevent unauthorized access to or loss of sensitive, confidential and personal data, including through the use of encryption and authentication technologies. Additionally, we have increased our monitoring capabilities to enhance early detection and timely response to potential security anomalies. The cyber security measures we have implemented, however, may not be sufficient to prevent all possible attacks and may be vulnerable to hacking, employee error, ransom attacks, malfeasance, system error, faulty password management, social engineering or other irregularities. Further, the development and maintenance of these measures are costly and require ongoing monitoring and updating as technologies change and efforts to overcome security measures become increasingly sophisticated. We use artificial intelligence in our business, and challenges with properly managing its use could result in reputational harm, competitive harm, and legal liability, and adversely affect our results of operations. We incorporate various artificial intelligence (AI) solutions into our digital infrastructure, services, offerings and features, and these applications are becoming important in our operations. We have not established definitive policies regarding the use of AI platforms and algorithms in our business and with our data and information, and we do not have systems in place that inventory all of the AI-based applications that may be in use in our enterprise. Our competitors or other third parties may incorporate AI into their products and operations more quickly or more successfully than us, which could impair our ability to compete effectively and adversely affect our results of operations. Additionally, if the content, analyses, search results or recommendations that AI applications assist in producing are, or are alleged to be, deficient, inaccurate, biased or in violation of third parties’ intellectual property rights, our business, reputation, financial condition, and results of operations could be adversely affected. The use of AI applications may result in cybersecurity incidents that implicate the personal data of consumers. Any such cybersecurity incidents related to our use of AI applications could adversely affect our reputation and results of operations. AI also presents emerging ethical issues, such as the proper use of copyrighted material with AI applications, and if our use of AI becomes controversial, we may experience brand or reputational harm, competitive harm, or legal liability. The rapid evolution of AI, including the government regulation of AI, will require significant resources to develop, test and maintain our platform, offerings, services, and features to help us implement AI ethically in order to minimize unintended, harmful impact. Interruption or failure of our information technology and communications systems could impair the delivery of our service and harm our business. We rely on our own systems and systems of third party vendors to enable subscribers and listeners to access our Pandora and SiriusXM services in a dependable and efficient manner. Any degradation in the quality, or any failure, of our systems could reduce our revenues, cause us to lose customers and damage our brands. Although we have implemented practices designed to maintain the availability of the information technology and service delivery systems we rely on and mitigate the harm of any unplanned interruptions, we cannot anticipate all eventualities. We occasionally experience unplanned outages or technical difficulties. We could also experience loss of data or processing capabilities, which could cause us to lose customers and could harm our reputation and operating results. We rely on internal systems and external systems maintained by manufacturers, distributors and service providers to take, fulfill and handle customer service requests and host certain online activities. Any interruption or failure of our internal or external systems could prevent us from servicing customers or cause data to be unintentionally disclosed. Our services have experienced, and we expect them to continue to experience, periodic service interruptions and delays involving our own systems and those of our vendors. Our data centers and our information technology and communications systems are vulnerable to damage or interruption from natural disasters, malicious attacks, fire, power loss, telecommunications failures, computer viruses or other attempts to harm our systems. The occurrence of any of these events could result in interruptions in our services and unauthorized access to, or alteration of, the content and data contained on our systems and that these third party vendors store and deliver on our behalf. Damage or interruption to data centers and information technology and communications centers could expose us to data loss or manipulation, disruption of service, monetary and reputational damages, competitive disadvantage and significant increases in compliance costs and costs to improve the security and resiliency of our computer systems. The compromise of personal, confidential or proprietary information could also subject us to legal liability or regulatory action under evolving cybersecurity, data protection and privacy laws and regulations enacted by the U.S. federal and state governments or other foreign jurisdictions or by various regulatory organizations. As a result, our ability to conduct our business and our results of operations might be adversely affected.

Risks Associated with Certain Intellectual Property Rights

Rapid technological and industry changes and new entrants could adversely impact our services. The audio entertainment industry is characterized by rapid technological change, frequent product and feature innovations, changes in customer requirements and expectations, evolving standards and new entrants offering products and services. If we are unable to keep pace with these changes, our business may not succeed. Products using new technologies could make our services less competitive in the marketplace. The market for music rights is changing and is subject to significant uncertainties. We must maintain music programming royalty arrangements with, and pay license fees to, owners of rights in musical works in order to operate our services. Traditionally, BMI, ASCAP, SESAC and GMR have negotiated for these copyright users, collected royalties and distributed them to songwriters and music publishers. These traditional arrangements are changing. The fracturing of the traditional system for licensing rights in musical works may have significant consequences to our business, including increasing licensing costs and reducing the availability of certain pieces for use on our services. Under the United States Copyright Act, we also must pay royalties to copyright owners of sound recordings for the performance of such sound recordings on our SiriusXM service. Those royalty rates may be established through negotiation or, if negotiation is unsuccessful, by the Copyright Royalty Board. Owners of copyrights in sound recordings have created SoundExchange, an organization which negotiates licenses and collects and distributes royalties on behalf of record companies and performing artists. SoundExchange is exempt by statute from certain U.S. antitrust laws and exercises significant market power in the licensing of sound recordings. Under the terms of the Copyright Royalty Board’s existing decision governing sound recording royalties for satellite radio, we are required to pay a royalty based on our gross revenues associated with our satellite radio service, subject to certain exclusions, of 15.5% per year through December 31, 2027. Our Pandora services depend upon maintaining complex licenses with copyright owners, and these licenses contain onerous terms. Pandora has direct license agreements with many sound recording copyright and musical work copyright owners. These agreements grant us the right to operate Pandora Premium, and add interactive features, such as replays, additional skips and offline play, to Pandora’s ad-supported service and to Pandora Plus. The economic terms of these direct licenses are onerous and grant the licensors broad rights over the Pandora services. As a result of

these terms, we may not be able to profitably operate the Pandora services. However, the economic terms of these direct licenses may be different from the rates paid by Pandora's competitors. Competition for Pandora's services are primarily offered by entities that provide music and entertainment services as a small part of a larger business, such as Apple, Google, Amazon and YouTube. These competitors have the ability to bear these onerous economic provisions to a much greater extent than our Pandora business. We have not been able to negotiate or obtain lower royalty rates under these direct licenses. These direct licenses are complex. We may not be in compliance with the terms of these licenses, which could result in the loss of some or all of these licenses and some or all of the rights they convey. Similarly, many of these licenses provide that if the licensor loses rights in a portion of the content licensed under the agreement, that content may be removed from the license going forward. If Pandora fails to maintain these direct licenses, or if rights to certain music were no longer available under these licenses, then we may have to remove the affected music from Pandora's services, or discontinue certain interactive features for such music, and it might become commercially impractical for us to operate Pandora Premium, Pandora Plus or certain features of our advertising supported service. Any of these occurrences could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Several of these direct licenses also include provisions related to the terms of those agreements relative to other content licensing arrangements, which are commonly referred to as "most favored nation" clauses. These provisions have caused, and may in the future cause, our payments under those agreements to escalate substantially. In addition, SoundExchange, many record labels, music publishers and performing rights organizations have the right to audit our royalty payments, and these audits often result in disputes over whether we have paid the proper amounts. As a result of such audits, we could be required to pay additional amounts, audit fees and interest or penalties, and the amounts involved could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. There is no guarantee that these direct licenses will be renewed in the future or that such licenses will be available on the economic terms associated with the current licenses. If we are unable to secure and maintain direct licenses for the rights to provide music on our Pandora services on terms similar to those under our current direct licenses, our content costs could rise and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Failure to protect our intellectual property or actions by third parties to enforce their intellectual property rights could substantially harm our business and operating results. Development of our systems has depended upon the intellectual property that we have developed, as well as intellectual property licensed from third parties. If the intellectual property that we have developed or use is not adequately protected, others will be permitted to and may duplicate portions of our systems or services without liability. In addition, others may challenge, invalidate, render unenforceable or circumvent our intellectual property rights, patents or existing licenses or we may face significant legal costs in connection with defending and enforcing those intellectual property rights. Some of the know-how and technology we have developed, and plan to develop, is not now, nor will it be, covered by U.S. patents or trade secret protections. Trade secret protection and contractual agreements may not provide adequate protection if there is any unauthorized use or disclosure. The loss of necessary technologies could require us to substitute technologies of lower quality performance standards, at greater cost or on a delayed basis, which could harm us. Other parties may have patents or pending patent applications, which will later mature into patents or inventions that may block or put limits on our ability to operate our system or license our technologies. We may have to resort to litigation to enforce our rights under license agreements or to determine the scope and validity of other parties' proprietary rights in the subject matter of those licenses. This may be expensive and we may not succeed in any such litigation. Third parties may assert claims or bring suit against us for patent, trademark or copyright infringement, or for other infringement or misappropriation of intellectual property rights. Any such litigation could be costly, divert our efforts from our business, subject us to significant liabilities to third parties, require us to seek licenses from third parties, block our ability to operate our services or license our technology, or otherwise adversely affect our ability to successfully develop and market our services. Some of our services and technologies use "open source" software, which may restrict how we use or distribute our services or require that we release the source code subject to those licenses. We incorporate in some products software licensed under "open source" licenses. Open source licenses often require that the source code be made available to the public and that any modifications or derivative works to the open source software continue to be licensed under open source licenses. Few courts have interpreted open source licenses, and the manner in which these licenses may be interpreted and enforced is therefore subject to uncertainty. In the event that portions of our proprietary technology are determined to be subject to an open source license, we may be required to publicly release portions of our source code, be forced to re-engineer all or a portion of our technologies, or otherwise be limited in the licensing of our technologies, each of which could adversely affect our ability to sustain and grow our business.

Risks Related to our Capital Structure While we currently pay a quarterly cash dividend to holders of our common stock, we may change our dividend policy at any time. We currently pay a quarterly cash dividend to holders of our common stock, although we have no obligation to do so, and our dividend policy may change at any time without notice to our stockholders. The declaration and payment of dividends is at the discretion of our board of directors in accordance with applicable law after considering various factors, including our financial condition, operating results, current and anticipated cash needs, limitations imposed by our indebtedness, legal requirements and other factors that our board of directors deems relevant. Our holding company structure could restrict access to funds of our subsidiaries that may be needed to pay third party obligations. Sirius XM Holdings is a holding company, and its assets consist of its investments in its subsidiaries, including Sirius XM Inc. and Sirius XM Radio. As a holding company, our ability to meet our financial obligations (including assumed liabilities in connection with the Transactions) to third parties is dependent upon our available cash balances, distributions from subsidiaries and other investments and proceeds from any asset sales. Further, our ability to receive dividends or payments or advances from our subsidiaries' businesses depends on their individual operating results, any statutory, regulatory or contractual restrictions to which they are or may become subject and the terms of their indebtedness (including the restrictive covenants contained in Sirius XM Radio's credit agreement and indentures) and any additional debt they may incur in the future. Accordingly, our ability to make payments to third parties and to otherwise meet our financial obligations at the holding company level may be constricted. We have significant indebtedness, and our subsidiaries' debt contains certain covenants that restrict their operations. We have significant indebtedness. As of December 31, 2024, we had an aggregate principal amount of approximately \$10.4 billion of indebtedness outstanding. Our indebtedness and the indebtedness of our subsidiaries increases our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions; requires us and our subsidiaries to dedicate a portion of our and/or their cash flow from operations to payments on indebtedness, reducing the availability of cash flow to fund capital expenditures, marketing and other general corporate activities; limits our and our subsidiaries' abilities to borrow additional funds; and may limit our and our subsidiaries' flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the audio entertainment industry. In addition, Sirius XM Radio's borrowings under its Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility, including the Incremental Term Loan, carry a variable interest rate based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"). Sirius XM Radio may, in the future, hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as swaps, caps, options, forwards, futures or other similar products. These instruments may be used to selectively manage risks, but there can be no assurance that we will be fully protected against material interest rate fluctuations. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow to repay or refinance our debt on favorable terms, it could significantly adversely affect our financial condition and the value of our outstanding debt. Our ability to incur additional indebtedness to fund our operations could be limited, which could negatively impact our operations. We have a substantial amount of indebtedness maturing in the next several years. Our ability to refinance our indebtedness on favorable terms, or at all, is dependent on (among other things) conditions in the credit and capital markets, which are beyond our control. In addition, any such refinancing efforts may increase our debt service obligations as we refinance lower interest rate debt with higher interest rate debt. Any refinancing of our debt may require us to comply with more onerous covenants, which could further restrict our business operations. If additional debt financing is not available to us in the future or we are unable to access funds of our subsidiaries, we may obtain liquidity through the issuance and sale of our equity securities. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of equity securities, our stockholders may experience significant dilution. If we are unable to obtain sufficient liquidity in the future, we may be unable to continue to develop our business, complete acquisitions or otherwise take advantage of business opportunities or respond to competitive pressures, any of which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Relating to the Transactions We may have a significant indemnity obligation to Liberty Media, which is not limited in amount or subject to any cap, if the transactions associated with the Split-Off are treated as a taxable transaction. Pursuant to the Tax Sharing Agreement that we entered into with Liberty Media in connection with the Split-Off, we are required to indemnify Liberty Media, its subsidiaries and certain related persons for taxes and losses (other than any taxes or tax-related losses that result from Section 355(e) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code")) applying to the Split-Off as a result of the Split-Off being part of a plan (or series of related transactions) pursuant to which one or more persons acquire a 50-percent or greater interest (measured by vote or value) in the stock of Liberty Media) resulting from the failure of the transactions associated with the Split-Off to qualify as a generally tax-free transaction under Section 355, Section 368(a)(1)(D) and related provisions of the Code to the extent that such taxes and losses (a) result primarily from, individually or in the aggregate, the breach of certain covenants made by us (applicable to actions or failures to act by us and our subsidiaries following the completion of the Split-Off), (b) result primarily from, individually or in the aggregate, the failure of certain representations made by us in support of the opinion of Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP ("Skadden Arps") regarding the generally tax-free status of the transactions associated with the Split-Off to be true and correct, or (c) result from the application of Section 355(e) of the Code as a result of the treatment of the Split-Off as part of a plan (or series of related transactions) pursuant to which one or more persons acquire, directly or indirectly, a 50% or greater interest (measured by vote or value) in our stock (or any successor corporation), except, in the case of clauses (a) and (b), if such taxes and losses result from an action required to be taken pursuant to the agreements governing the Transactions. Our indemnification obligations to Liberty Media, its subsidiaries and certain related persons are not limited in amount or subject to any cap. If we are required to indemnify Liberty Media, its subsidiaries or such related persons under the circumstances set forth in the Tax Sharing Agreement, we may be subject to substantial liabilities, which could materially adversely affect our financial position. We may determine to forgo certain transactions that might otherwise be advantageous in order to avoid the risk of incurring significant tax-related liabilities. Under the Tax Sharing Agreement, we agreed not to take certain actions, or fail to take any action, following the Split-Off, which action or failure to act would be inconsistent with the transactions associated with the Split-Off qualifying under Section 355, Section 368(a)(1)(D) and related provisions of the Code. In particular, for the two-year period following the distribution, we are subject to specific restrictions that are intended to preserve the generally tax-free status of the Split-Off, including restrictions on our ability to discontinue the conduct of certain businesses, to merge, consolidate, liquidate, or dissolve Sirius XM Holdings or Sirius XM Inc., to redeem or repurchase our common stock, or to enter into certain other corporate transactions that may cause us to undergo either a 45% or greater change in the ownership of our voting stock or a 45% or greater change in the ownership (measured by value) of all classes of our stock, taking into account the Merger. Further, the Tax Sharing Agreement requires us to indemnify Liberty Media for any taxes or losses (subject to certain exceptions) incurred by Liberty Media (or its subsidiaries) to the extent that such taxes and losses (a) result primarily from, individually or in the aggregate, the breach of certain covenants made by us (applicable to actions or failures to act by us and our subsidiaries following the completion of the Split-Off), (b) result primarily from, individually or in the aggregate, the failure of certain representations made by us in support of the opinion of Skadden Arps regarding the generally tax-free status of the transactions associated with the Split-Off to be true and correct, or (c) result from the application of Section 355(e) of the Code to the Split-Off as a result of the treatment of the Split-Off as part of a plan (or series of related transactions) pursuant to which one or more persons acquire, directly or indirectly, a 50% or greater interest (measured by vote or value) in our stock (or any successor corporation). Under Section 355(e) of the Code, an acquisition of our stock would generally be presumed to be part of a plan (or series of related transactions) with the Split-Off if such acquisition occurs within two years before or after the Split-Off (or if such stock is received in the Split-Off in exchange for Liberty SiriusXM common stock that was acquired within the two years before the Split-Off). This presumption, however, may be rebutted based upon an analysis of the facts and circumstances related to the Split-Off and the particular acquisition in question, including a weighing of certain plan and non-plan factors set forth in U.S. Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 355(e) of the Code. Further, these U.S. Treasury Regulations provide certain safe harbors under which an acquisition will be deemed not to be part of a plan (or series of related transactions) with the Split-Off for purposes of Section 355(e) of the Code. In light of the Tax Sharing Agreement and the requirements under Section 355 of the Code, including the factors and safe harbors described above, we may determine to forgo certain transactions that might otherwise be advantageous. In particular, we may determine to continue to operate certain of our business operations for the foreseeable future even if a sale of such business operations might otherwise be advantageous. Moreover, we might determine to forgo certain transactions, including share repurchases, stock issuances, certain asset dispositions and other strategic transactions, for some period of time following the Split-Off. In addition, our indemnity obligations under the Tax Sharing Agreement might discourage, delay or prevent us entering into a change of control transaction for some period of time following the Split-Off. We have assumed and are responsible for all of the liabilities attributed to the Liberty SiriusXM Group as a result of the completion of the Transactions, and acquired the assets of SplitCo on an "as is, where is" basis. We acquired all of SplitCo's assets and assumed, performed, discharged and fulfilled all of the liabilities of SplitCo, as applicable, regardless of when or where such liabilities arose or arise. The assets of SplitCo were conveyed to us on an "as is, where is" basis, and while Liberty Media is subject to certain indemnification obligations in favor of us, these are generally limited to indemnification for certain indemnifiable losses to the extent arising out of, relating to or in connection with the businesses, assets and liabilities retained by Liberty Media (or any third party claims related thereto) or any breach or failure to perform or comply with any covenant, undertaking or obligation of Liberty Media or its subsidiaries (other than us or our subsidiaries). Furthermore, there are no remedies available to the parties with respect to any breach of representations of the parties to the Merger Agreement, except for certain rights the party may have under applicable law to bring a claim for fraud or willful breach of the Merger Agreement. As a result, we bear full responsibility for any and all assets and liabilities of SplitCo. To the extent any of the liabilities of SplitCo are larger than anticipated, or an issue with any asset of SplitCo prohibits our businesses from performing as planned, they could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may be harmed by securities class actions and derivative lawsuits in connection with the Transactions. Securities class action lawsuits and derivative lawsuits are often brought against public companies that have entered into agreements for significant transactions such as the Transactions in an effort to seek monetary relief. In October 2024, purported stockholders commenced an action in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware against Liberty Media, John C. Malone and members of the Board of Directors of Old Sirius relating to the Transactions. The plaintiffs allege that the Transaction was unfair to minority stockholders and unduly favored Liberty Media because, among other things: we have taken on tax liabilities; we have assumed Liberty Media's debt; and the transaction enabled Liberty Media to appoint a majority of our board of directors with staggered terms to give Liberty Media at least three years of board-level control. The plaintiffs also allege that the Transactions closed a multi-billion-dollar valuation gap between the price at which the LEXM shares traded in the market and the net asset value of the underlying assets those LEXM shares "tracked," which solely benefited Liberty Media stockholders, and that the Special Committee failed to negotiate a fair exchange ratio in light of these benefits to Liberty Media. Even if such lawsuit, and future lawsuits relating to the Transactions, are without merit or resolved in our favor, defending against these claims may result in substantial costs and divert management time and resources from other potentially beneficial business opportunities. We cannot predict whether additional lawsuits will be brought against us or the outcome of the pending lawsuit, nor can we predict the amount of time and expense that will be required to resolve any of this litigation. It may be difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if doing so may be beneficial to our stockholders. Certain provisions of our amended and restated charter and amended and restated bylaws may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control that a stockholder may consider favorable. These provisions include the following: establishing a classified board of directors, with staggered terms until the third annual meeting after the effective time of the Merger, which may lengthen the time required to gain control of our board of directors; allowing the authorized number of directors on the board of directors to be changed only by resolution of the board of directors; permitting only the board of directors to fill vacancies on the board; limiting who may call special meetings of stockholders; prohibiting stockholder action by written consent (subject to certain exceptions), thereby requiring stockholder action to be taken at a meeting of the stockholders; requiring stockholder approval by holders of at least 66 2/3% in voting power of all then-outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon, voting together as a single class, with respect to an amendment to our amended and restated bylaws and with respect to an amendment to particular articles of our amended and restated charter; establishing advance notice requirements for nominations of candidates for election to our board of directors or for proposing matters that can be acted upon by stockholders at stockholder meetings; no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which limits the ability of minority stockholders to elect candidates to serve as a director on the board; an exclusive forum provision providing that (a) the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware will be the exclusive forum for certain actions and

proceedings and (b) the federal district courts will be the exclusive forum for causes of action arising under federal securities law, in each case unless we consent in writing to the selection of an alternative forum; and

the existence of authorized and unissued stock, including blank check preferred stock, which could be issued by our board of directors to persons friendly to our then current management, thereby protecting the continuity of our management, or which could be used to dilute the stock ownership of persons seeking to obtain control of us. Moreover, because we are incorporated in Delaware and are governed by Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law (the DGCL), pursuant to our amended and restated charter, an interested stockholder (as such term is defined in the DGCL) is prohibited from merging or combining with us, or engaging in other business combinations, for a period of three years after the date of the transaction in which the person acquired in excess of 15% of the outstanding voting stock, except in certain circumstances. These provisions in our amended and restated charter and amended and restated bylaws may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control that a stockholder may consider favorable. We have directors associated with Liberty Media, which may lead to conflicting interests. Gregory B. Maffei, a senior advisor to Liberty Media, also serves as the Chairman of our board of directors. Dr. Evan Malone, a director of Liberty Media, also serves as a member of our board of directors. The members of our board of directors have fiduciary duties to our stockholders. Such persons also have fiduciary duties to Liberty Media's stockholders. Therefore, such persons may have conflicts of interest or the appearance of conflicts of interest with respect to matters involving or affecting their respective companies. For example, there may be the potential for a conflict of interest if any conflict arises under the Tax Sharing Agreement or when we or Liberty Media look at acquisitions and other corporate opportunities that may be suitable for each of them. Moreover, our Chairman of the board of directors and certain other directors may continue to own Liberty Media common stock, restricted stock units and options to purchase Liberty Media common stock. These ownership interests could create, or appear to create, potential conflicts of interest when these individuals are faced with decisions that could have different implications for us or Liberty Media. Any potential conflict that could qualify as a related party transaction (as defined in Item 404 of Regulation S-K) will be subject to review by an independent committee of the applicable company's board of directors in accordance with its corporate governance guidelines. Any other potential conflicts that arise will be addressed on a case-by-case basis, keeping in mind the applicable fiduciary duties owed by the executive officers and directors of each company. From time to time, Liberty Media or its respective affiliates may enter into transactions with us and/or our subsidiaries or other affiliates. Although the terms of any such transactions or agreements will be established based upon negotiations between employees of the companies involved, there can be no assurance that the terms of any such transactions will be as favorable to us, or our subsidiaries or affiliates as would be the case where the parties are completely at arms' length. Our directors and officers are protected from liability for a broad range of actions. Delaware law permits limiting or eliminating the monetary liability of a director and, subject to certain limitations set forth in the DGCL, certain officers, to a corporation or its stockholders, except with regard to breaches of the duty of loyalty, acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or knowing violation of law, in the case of directors, unlawful payment of dividends or unlawful stock purchase or redemption, any transaction from which a director or officer derived an improper personal benefit, or, in the case of officers, any action by or in the right of the corporation. Our amended and restated charter eliminates the liability of its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by Delaware law.

Table of Contents

Other Operational Risks

If we are unable to attract and retain qualified personnel, our business could be harmed. We believe that our success depends on our continued ability to attract and retain qualified management, sales, technical and other personnel. All of our employees, including our executive officers, are free to terminate their employment with us at any time, and their knowledge of our business may be difficult to replace. Qualified individuals are in high demand, particularly in the media and technology industries and we may incur significant costs to attract and retain employees. If we are unable to attract and retain our key employees, we may not be able to achieve our objectives, and our business could be harmed. Our facilities could be damaged by natural catastrophes or terrorist activities. An earthquake, hurricane, tornado, flood, fires, cyber-attack, terrorist attack, civil unrest or other catastrophic event could damage our data centers, studios, terrestrial repeater networks or satellite uplink facilities, interrupt our services and harm our business. We also have significant operations in the San Francisco Bay Area, a region known for seismic activity. Natural disasters and extreme weather conditions can be caused or exacerbated by climate change. Any damage to the satellites that transmit to our terrestrial repeater networks would likely result in degradation of the affected service for some SiriusXM subscribers and could result in complete loss of satellite radio service in certain or all areas.

A Damage to our satellite uplink facilities could result in a complete loss of our satellite radio service until we could transfer operations to suitable back-up facilities. The unfavorable outcome of pending or future litigation and mass arbitrations could have an adverse impact on our operations and financial condition. We are parties to several legal proceedings arising out of various aspects of our business, including possible class actions arising out of our marketing practices and governmental actions and possible class actions and mass arbitrations arising from our pricing and cancellation practices. The outcome of these proceedings may not be favorable, and one or more unfavorable outcomes could have an adverse impact on our financial condition.

See Item 3. Legal Proceedings of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for information on our material legal proceedings. We may be exposed to liabilities that other entertainment service providers would not customarily be subject to. We design, establish specifications, source or specify parts and components, and manage various aspects of the logistics of the production of satellite radios and our apps. As a result of these activities, we may be exposed to liabilities associated with the design, manufacture and distribution of radios and apps that the providers of an entertainment service would not customarily be subject to, such as liabilities for design defects, patent infringement and compliance with applicable laws, as well as the costs of returned product. Our business and prospects depend on the strength of our brands. Maintaining and enhancing our brands is an important part of our strategy to expand our base of subscribers, listeners and advertisers. Our brands may be impaired by a number of factors, including service outages, data privacy and security issues and exploitation of our trademarks by others without permission. Our ability to maintain and enhance our brands also depends in part on our ability to continue to develop and provide an innovative and high-quality entertainment experience, which we may not do successfully.

ITEM 1B. A UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 1C. A CYBERSECURITY Risk Management and Strategy

As part of our enterprise risk assessment function, which is led by our Senior Vice President and head of Internal Audit, we have implemented processes to assess, identify and manage the material risks facing us, including from cyber threats. Our enterprise risk assessment function is part of our overall risk management processes. Our cybersecurity program is built upon 38 Table of Contents internationally recognized frameworks, such as ISO 27001, and maps to standards published by The National Institute of Standards and Technology. We believe that our processes provide us with a reasonable and comprehensive assessment of potential cyber threats. We conduct regular scans, penetration tests, and vulnerability assessments to identify any potential threats or vulnerabilities in our systems. Our processes to assess, identify and manage the material risks from cyber threats include the risks arising from threats associated with third party service providers, including cloud-based platforms. We have developed a robust cyber crisis response plan which provides a documented framework for handling high severity security incidents and facilitates coordination across multiple parts of the company. Our incident response team constantly monitors threat intelligence feeds, handles vulnerability management and responds to incidents. In addition, we routinely perform simulations and drills at technical, management and executive levels. Internally, we have a security awareness program which includes training that reinforces our information technology and security policies, standards and practices, and we require that our employees comply with these policies. The security awareness program offers training on how to identify potential cybersecurity risks and protect our resources and information. This training is mandatory for all employees on an annual basis, and it is supplemented by testing initiatives, including periodic phishing tests. We also provide specialized security training for certain employee roles, such as application developers. Finally, our privacy program requires all employees to take periodic awareness training on data privacy. This training includes information about confidentiality and security, as well as responding to unauthorized access to or use of information. From time to time, we engage third-party service providers to enhance our risk mitigation efforts. For instance, we have routinely engaged an independent cybersecurity advisor to lead a cybersecurity crisis simulation exercise that has been used by our senior leaders to prepare for a possible cyber crisis. In addition, we have engaged: Novacoast, an international cybersecurity company specializing in IT services and software development, to augment our monitoring and detection efforts; Synopsys, Inc., a leader in electronic design automation, to perform our external penetration testing and vulnerability assessment; Recorded Future, one of the world's largest intelligence companies, and Mandiant, a recognized leader in cyber defense, threat intelligence and incident response services, to provide threat intelligence and analysis services and augment our incident response ability. Our Senior Vice President and Treasurer is responsible for our insurance programs and reviews on a regular basis our insurance policies and assesses whether we have appropriate coverage. To date, risks from cybersecurity threats have not materially affected us, and we currently do not expect that the risks from cybersecurity threats are reasonably likely to materially affect us, including our business, strategy, results of operations or financial condition. As discussed more fully under "Risk Factors," the sophistication of cyber threats continues to increase, and the preventative actions we take to reduce the risk of cyber incidents and protect our systems and information may be insufficient. Accordingly, no matter how well designed or implemented our controls are, we will not be able to anticipate all security breaches of these types, including security threats that may result from third parties improperly employing AI technologies, and we may not be able to implement effective preventive measures against such security breaches in a timely manner.

Governance

Role of the Board

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors is responsible for the primary oversight of our information security programs, including relating to cybersecurity. The Audit Committee receives regular reports from our Chief Information Security Officer on, among other things, our cyber risks and threats, the status of projects to strengthen our information security systems, assessments of our security program, and our views of the emerging threat landscape. Our Senior Vice President and head of Internal Audit reports directly to the Audit Committee and is responsible for reporting to the Committee on our company-wide enterprise risk assessment, and that assessment also includes an evaluation of cyber risks and threats. The Chair of the Audit Committee reports to the Board on cybersecurity risks and other matters reviewed by the Committee. In addition, the Board receives separate presentations on cybersecurity risk. Furthermore, all Board members are invited to attend each Audit Committee meeting and have access to the materials for each Audit Committee meeting. As a matter of process, the Audit Committee annually reviews, and recommends to the Board its approval of, our information security policy and information security program. Furthermore, on an annual basis, the Board reviews and discusses our technology strategy and strategic plan.

Role of management

Our Chief Information Security Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of our cybersecurity risks. To ensure robust oversight, we have established a Security Council comprising senior leaders, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Information Security Officer, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and Chief Privacy Officer. The Security Council meets on at least a quarterly basis to review cybersecurity and information security matters. The Security Council has primary management oversight responsibility for assessing and managing risks related to information security, fraud, vendor oversight, data protection and privacy, and cybersecurity. We have a security incident response framework in place. We use this incident response framework as part of the process we employ to keep our management and Board of Directors informed about and monitor the prevention, detection, mitigation, and remediation of cybersecurity incidents. The framework is a set of coordinated procedures and tasks that our incident response team, under the direction of the Chief Information Security Officer, executes with the goal of ensuring timely and accurate resolution of cybersecurity incidents. Our cybersecurity framework includes regular compliance assessments with our policies and standards and applicable state and federal statutes and regulations. In addition, we validate compliance with our internal data security controls through the use of security monitoring utilities and internal and external audits. Our Chief Information Security Officer has extensive experience in the information technology area, with over twenty years of professional experience in the information security area, including as a result of his service as the director of security, a security architect and a software security engineer at companies such as Squarespace, Verizon Media (Oath), Tumblr, Bridgewater Associates and EMC. Our Chief Information Security Officer aims to ensure rigorous oversight and execution of our cybersecurity and information security strategy.

Table of Contents

ITEM 2. A PROPERTIES

Below is a list of the principal properties that we own or lease:

Sirius XM Location Purpose Own/Lease

New York, NY Corporate headquarters, office facilities and studio/production facilities

Lease

Washington, DC Office and studio/production facilities

Own

Miami Beach, FL Office and studio/production facilities

Lease

Los Angeles, CA Office and studio/production facilities

Lease

Nashville, TN Office and studio/production facilities

Lease

Lawrenceville, NJ Office and technical/engineering facilities

Lease

Deerfield Beach, FL Office and technical/engineering facilities

Lease

Farmington Hills, MI Office and technical/engineering facilities

Lease

Irvine, TX Office and engineering facilities

Lease

Vernon, NJ Technical/engineering facilities

Own

Ellenwood, GA Technical/engineering facilities

Lease

Dublin, Ireland Technical/engineering facilities

Lease

Fredericksburg, VA Warehouse and technical/engineering facilities

Lease

Ashburn, VA Data center

Lease

We also lease other small facilities that we use as offices for our advertising sales personnel, studios and warehouse and maintenance space.

A These facilities are not material to our business or operations. In addition, we lease or license space at approximately 530 locations for use in connection with the terrestrial repeater networks that support our satellite radio services.

A In general, these leases and licenses are for space on building rooftops and communications towers.

A None of these individual locations are material to our business or operations.

Pandora and Off-platform Location Purpose Own/Lease

Oakland, CA Office and technical/engineering facilities

Lease

New York, NY Office, sales and studio/production facilities

Lease

Atlanta, GA Office, sales and technical/engineering facilities

Lease

We also lease other small facilities that we use as offices for our sales and office personnel. These facilities are not material to our business or operations.

ITEM 3. A LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

For a discussion of our Legal Proceedings, refer to Note 16 in the notes to our audited consolidated financial statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 4. A MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Table of Contents

PART II

ITEM 5. A MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol SIRI. On January 28, 2025, there were approximately 5,722 record holders of our common stock. Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information about our purchases of equity securities registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act during the quarter ended December 31, 2024.

Period Total Number of Shares Purchased Average Price Paid Per Share (a)

Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs

Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs (a)

October 1, 2024 - October 31, 2024

â€¢ \$â€¢ \$â€¢ \$1,166,487,722

November 1, 2024 - November 30, 2024

â€¢ \$â€¢ \$â€¢ \$1,166,487,722

December 1, 2024 - December 31, 2024

300,609

\$22.71

300,609

\$1,159,660,534

Total

300,609

\$22.71

300,609

a) These amounts include fees and commissions associated with the shares repurchased. All of these repurchases were made pursuant to our share repurchase program. Prior to the closing of the Transactions, the board of directors of Old Sirius had approved the repurchase of an aggregate of \$18.0 billion of its common stock. As of the closing of the Transactions, Old Sirius' cumulative repurchases since December 2012 under that stock repurchase program totaled 373 million shares for \$16.8 billion, and \$1.166 billion remained available under that stock repurchase program. The stock repurchase program of Old Sirius was terminated on the closing date of the Transactions. On September 10, 2024, we announced that our board of directors had approved for repurchase an aggregate of \$1.166 billion of our common stock. The board of directors did not establish an end date for this stock repurchase program. Shares of common stock may be purchased from time to time on the open market, pursuant to pre-set trading plans meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, in privately negotiated transactions, including in accelerated stock repurchase transactions, or otherwise. We intend to fund any stock repurchases through a combination of cash on hand, cash generated by operations and future borrowings. The size and timing of any purchases will be based on a number of factors, including price and business and market conditions.

Table of Contents

COMPARISON OF CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURNS

Set forth below is a graph comparing the cumulative performance of our common stock with the Standard & Poor's Composite-500 Stock Index, or the S&P 500, and the S&P 500 Media & Entertainment Index, the published industry index we previously used for the purposes of the SEC rules, and the S&P 1500 Media & Entertainment Index, the new published industry index we have selected to use, from December 31, 2019 to December 31, 2024. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on December 31, 2019, in each of our common stock, the S&P 500, the S&P 500 Media & Entertainment Index and the S&P 1500 Media and Entertainment Index. The information in the graph represents the performance of the common stock of Old Sirius for the period from December 31, 2019 to September 9, 2024, the closing of the Transactions, and the performance of our common stock from September 10, 2024 to December 31, 2024. We determined to change the published industry index used for the required performance graph to the S&P 1500 Media & Entertainment Index following a review by the Compensation Committee's independent consultants, Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC, to identify the most-appropriate index for determining a part of our executive compensation awards. This review concluded that the S&P 1500 Media & Entertainment Index was more closely aligned with companies in our executive compensation peer group than the S&P 500 Media & Entertainment Index. From an investor perspective, the S&P 1500 Media & Entertainment Index also was found to consist of additional companies that more closely aligned as peers than those contained in the S&P 500 Media & Entertainment Index and other alternatives that were tested, supporting its relevance to investors for relative capital-market performance comparisons. Our

board of directors expects to declare regular quarterly dividends.43Table of ContentsStockholder Return Performance TableÅ S&P 1500 Media & Entertainment IndexÅ S&P 500 IndexÅ S&P 500 Media & Entertainment IndexSirius XM Holdings Inc.December 31, 2019\$100.00Å \$100.00Å \$100.00Å \$100.00 December 31, 2020\$130.73Å \$116.26Å \$131.17Å \$89.89Å December 31, 2021\$165.21Å \$147.52Å \$166.16Å \$90.55Å December 31, 2022\$92.69Å \$118.84Å \$92.95Å \$87.64Å December 31, 2023\$152.08Å \$147.64Å \$153.89Å \$83.90Å December 31, 2024\$213.02Å \$182.58Å \$216.58Å \$36.14Å This performance graph shall not be deemed å€œsoliciting materialå€ or å€œconfidential with the SEC for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, or otherwise subject to the liabilities under that Section, and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any of our filings under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act.Equity Compensation Plan InformationThe following table provides information about our common stock that may be issued upon exercise of options, warrants and rights under our equity compensation plans. Information is as of DecemberÅ 31, 2024.Plan Category (shares in millions)Number of Securities to be Issued upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights(1)Weighted-Average Exercise Price of OutstandingÅ Options, Warrants and Rights(2)Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance under Equity Compensation PlansEquity compensation plans approved by security holders30Å \$49.69Å å€”Å Equity compensation plans not approved by security holdersÅ”Å å€”Å å€”Å Total30Å \$49.69Å å€”Å (1)In addition to shares issuable upon exercise of stock options, amount also includes approximately 12 shares underlying restricted stock units, including performance-based restricted stock units (å€œPRSUså€) and dividend equivalents thereon. The number of shares to be issued in respect of PRSUs and dividend equivalents thereon have been calculated based on the assumption that the maximum levels of performance applicable to the PRSUs will be achieved.(2)The weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights relates solely to stock options, which are the only currently outstanding exercisable security.44Table of ContentsITEM 6.Å Å Å [RESERVED]ITEM 7.Å Å Å Å MANAGEMENTÅ”S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONSÅ All amounts referenced in this ItemÅ 7 are in millions, except subscriber amounts are in thousands and per subscriber and per installation amounts are in ones, unless otherwise stated.The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.Executive SummaryLiberty Media TransactionsSirius XM Holdings Inc., the reporting company under this Annual Report on Form 10-K, is the product of a series of transactions that closed on Monday, September 9, 2024.On September 9, 2024 at 4:05 p.m., New York City time, Liberty Media Corporation (å€œLiberty Mediaå€ or å€œFormer Parentå€) completed its previously announced split-off (the å€œSplit-Offå€) of its former wholly owned subsidiary, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (å€œSplitCoå€). The Split-Off was accomplished by Liberty Media redeeming each outstanding share of Liberty Mediaå€”s Series A, Series B and Series C Liberty SiriusXM common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in exchange for 0.8375 of a share of SplitCo common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the å€œRedemptionå€), with cash being paid to entitled record holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock in lieu of any fractional shares of common stock of SplitCo. Following the Split-Off, on September 9, 2024 at 6:00 p.m., New York City time (the å€œMerger Effective Timeå€), a wholly owned subsidiary of SplitCo merged with and into Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (å€œOld Siriuså€), with Old Sirius surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of New Sirius (the å€œMergerå€ and together with the Split-Off, the å€œTransactionså€). Upon consummation of the Merger, each share of common stock of Old Sirius, par value \$0.001 per share, issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Merger Effective Time (other than shares owned by New Sirius and its subsidiaries) was converted into one-tenth (0.1) of a share of SplitCo common stock, with cash being paid to entitled record holders of Old Sirius common stock in lieu of any fractional shares of common stock of SplitCo. At the Merger Effective Time, Old Sirius was renamed å€œSirius XM Inc.å€ and SplitCo was renamed å€œSirius XM Holdings Inc.å€ In connection with the Transactions and by operation of Rule 12g-3(a) promulgated under the Exchange Act, SplitCo became the successor issuer to Old Sirius and succeeded to the attributes of Old Sirius as the registrant, including Old Sirius's Commission File Number and CIK number.The Transactions are intended to generally be tax-free to holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock and Sirius XM Holdings common stock (except with respect to any cash received by such holders) and the completion of the Transactions was subject to various conditions, including the receipt of opinions of tax counsel.Any references to the å€œCompany, å€ œwe, å€ œus, å€ or å€œourså€ refers to Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries following the Transactions. We operate two complementary audio entertainment businesses - one of which it refers to as å€œSiriusXMå€ and the second of which it refers to as å€œPandora and Off-platformå€. Å SiriusXMOur SiriusXM business features a wide range of content, including, music, sports, entertainment, comedy, talk and news channels, podcasts and infotainment services, all available in the United States on a subscription fee basis. SiriusXM's content bundles include live, curated and certain exclusive and on demand programming. The SiriusXM service is distributed through our two proprietary satellite radio systems and streamed via applications for mobile devices, home devices and other consumer electronic equipment. Satellite radios are primarily distributed through automakers, retailers and SiriusXMå€”s website. Additionally, our user interface, å€œ360L,å€ integrates satellite and streaming services into a seamless in-vehicle entertainment experience. 45Table of ContentsThe primary source of revenue from the SiriusXM business is subscription fees, with most of its customers subscribing to monthly or annual plans.Å Additional revenue streams include advertising on select non-music channels, direct sales of radios and accessories, and other ancillary services. Å As of DecemberÅ 31, 2024, the SiriusXM business had approximately 33.2 million subscribers.In addition to the audio entertainment businesses, we provide connected vehicle services to several automakers. These services are designed to enhance the safety, security and driving experience of consumers. We also offers a suite of data services that includes graphical weather and fuel prices, a traffic information service, and real-time weather services in boats and airplanes. Sirius XM holds a 70% equity interest and 33% voting interest in Sirius XM Canada Holdings Inc. (å€œSirius XM Canadaå€). Sirius XM Canada's subscribers are not included in our subscriber count or subscriber-based operating metrics.Pandora and Off-platformOur Pandora and Off-platform business operates a music, comedy and podcast streaming platform, offering a personalized experience for each listener wherever and whenever they want to listen, whether through mobile devices, car speakers or connected devices.Å Pandora enables listeners to create personalized stations and playlists, discover new content, hear artist- and expert-curated playlists, podcasts as well as search and play songs and albums on-demand.Å Pandora is available as (1) an ad-supported radio service, (2) a radio subscription service (Pandora Plus) and (3) an on-demand subscription service (Pandora Premium).Å As of DecemberÅ 31, 2024, Pandora had approximately 43.3 million monthly active users and 5.8 million subscribers. The majority of revenue from Pandora is generated from advertising on Pandora's ad-supported radio service. Pandora also derives subscription revenue from its Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium subscribers. Our Pandora and Off-platform business also sells advertising on other audio platforms and in widely distributed podcasts, which we consider to be off-platform services.Sirius XM also sells advertising on other audio platforms and in widely distributed podcasts, which it considers to be off-platform services. Sirius XM has an arrangement with SoundCloud Holdings, LLC (å€œSoundCloudå€) to be its exclusive ad sales representative in the US and certain European countries and offer advertisers the ability to execute campaigns across the Pandora and SoundCloud platforms. It also has arrangements to serve as the ad sales representative for certain podcasts. In addition, through AdsWizz Inc., Sirius XM provides a comprehensive digital audio and programmatic advertising technology platform, which connects audio publishers and advertisers with a variety of ad insertion, campaign trafficking, yield optimization, programmatic buying, marketplace and podcast monetization solutions. The information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K represents a combination of the historical information of SplitCo (now renamed Sirius XM Holdings Inc.) prior to the Merger Effective Time and Old Sirius. 46Table of ContentsResults of Operations - DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023Set forth below are our results of operations for the year ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 compared with the year ended DecemberÅ 31, 2023. Refer to Amendment No. 1 to our Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the SEC on March 20, 2024 for our results of operations for the year ended DecemberÅ 31, 2023 compared with the year ended DecemberÅ 31, 2022. The results of operations are presented for each of our reporting segments for revenue and cost of services and on a consolidated basis for all other items.For the Years Ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 vs 2023 Change(in millions)(2024)(2023)Amount%RevenueSirius XM:Subscriber revenue\$6,076Å \$6,342Å \$(266)(4)%Advertising revenue167Å 169Å \$(2)(1)%Equipment revenue182Å 193Å \$(11)(6)%Other revenue128Å 136Å \$(8)(6)%Total Sirius XM revenue6,553Å 6,840Å (287)(4)%Pandora and Off-platform:Subscriber revenue540Å 524Å 16Å 3Å %Advertising revenue1,606Å 1,589Å 17Å 1Å %Total Pandora and Off-platform revenue2,146Å 2,113Å 33Å 2Å %Total revenue8,699Å 8,953Å (254)(3)%Cost of servicesSirius XM:Revenue share and royalties1,565Å 1,603Å \$(38)(2)%Programming and content550Å 549Å 1Å å€”Å %Customer service and billing369Å 393Å (24)(6)%Transmission190Å 171Å 19Å 11Å %Cost of equipment10Å 14Å (4)(29)%Total Sirius XM cost of services2,684Å 2,730Å (46)(2)%Pandora and Off-platform:Revenue share and royalties1,270Å 1,292Å (22)(2)%Programming and content61Å 69Å (8)(12)%Customer service and billing79Å 83Å (4)(5)%Transmission35Å 35Å å€”Å å€”Å %Total Pandora and Off-platform cost of services4,129Å 4,209Å (80)(2)%Subscriber acquisition costs369Å 359Å 10Å 3Å %Sales and marketing89Å 93Å (4)(3)%Product and technology296Å 322Å (26)(8)%General and administrative497Å 608Å (111)(18)%Depreciation and amortization578Å 624Å (46)(7)%Impairment, restructuring and other costs3,453Å 92Å 3,611Å 3653Å %Total operating expenses10,216Å 7,145Å 3,071Å 43Å %Loss) income from operations(1,517)1,808Å (3,325)(184)%Other income (expense), netInterest expense(496)(534)38Å 7Å %Gain on extinguishment of debt12Å å€”Å 12Å nmOther income (expense), net136Å (64)200Å nmTotal other expense(348)(598)250Å 4Å %Loss) income before income taxes(1,865)1,210Å (3,075)nmIncome tax expense(210)(222)12Å 5Å %Net (loss) incomes(2,075)\$988Å \$(3,063)nmnm - not meaningful47Table of ContentsSirius XM RevenueSirius XM Subscriber Revenue includes fees charged for self-pay and paid promotional subscriptions, U.S. Music Royalty Fees and other ancillary fees. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, subscriber revenue was \$6,076 and \$6,342, respectively, a decrease of 4%, or \$266. The decrease was primarily attributed to a reduction in self-pay revenue resulting from a decline in the average number of subscribers as well as lower Average Revenue Per User ("ARPU"). The lower ARPU was driven by an increase in subscribers on self-pay promotional and streaming-only subscription plans, alongside a reduction in automaker paid promotional trials which reduced paid promotional revenue.We anticipate a decline in subscriber revenues driven by a reduction in the average number of subscribers and a decrease in the average price of our subscriptions. Sirius XM Advertising Revenue includes the sale of advertising on Sirius XMå€”s non-music channels. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, advertising revenue was \$167 and \$169, respectively, a decrease of 1%, or \$2. This decline was primarily due to lower revenue from entertainment channels, which was partially offset by higher revenue earned on news channels.We expect our Sirius XM advertising revenue to grow as we continue to promote our brand and leverage co-selling initiatives across our brands and platforms.Sirius XM Equipment Revenue includes revenue and royalties from the sale of satellite radios, components and accessories. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, equipment revenue was \$182 and \$193, respectively, a decrease of 6%, or \$11. The decrease was driven by a transition to higher cost next generation chipsets, partially offset by increased chipset production.We expect equipment revenue to remain flat as higher costs associated with the transition to our next generation chipset are projected to offset the benefits of increased production.Sirius XM Other Revenue includes service and advisory revenue from Sirius XM Canada, revenue from our connected vehicle services, and ancillary revenues. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, other revenue was \$128 and \$136, respectively, a decrease of 6%, or \$8. The decrease was driven by lower royalty revenue from Sirius XM Canada.We expect other revenue to remain relatively flat.Pandora and Off-platform RevenuePandora and Off-platform Subscriber Revenue includes fees charged for Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium.For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, Pandora and Off-platform subscriber revenue was \$540 and \$524, respectively, an increase of 3%, or \$16. The growth was primarily driven by rate increases on Pandora subscription plans, partially offset by a decline in the subscriber base.We expect Pandora and Off-platform subscriber revenues to decrease due to a decline in the subscriber base.48Table of ContentsPandora and Off-platform Advertising Revenue is generated primarily from audio, display and video advertising from on-platform and off-platform advertising. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, Pandora and Off-platform advertising revenue was \$1,606 and \$1,589, respectively, an increase of 1%, or \$17. The growth was primarily driven by higher podcasting revenue and increased technology fees, partially offset by reduced streaming demand due to increased competition. We expect Pandora and Off-platform advertising revenue to increase due to growth in off-platform monetization, including through podcasts, as well as higher technology fees. Total RevenueTotal Revenue for the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$8,699 and \$8,953, respectively, a decrease of 3%, or \$254.Sirius XM Cost of ServicesSirius XM Cost of Services includes revenue share and royalties, programming and content, customer service and billing, and transmission expenses. Sirius XM Revenue Share and Royalties include royalties for transmitting content, including streaming royalties, as well as revenue share agreements with automaker, content provider and advertisers. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, revenue share and royalties were \$1,565 and \$1,603, respectively, a decrease of 2%, or \$38, but increased as a percentage of total Sirius XM revenue. The decrease was driven by lower subscription revenue, partially offset by higher web streaming royalty rates. We expect our Sirius XM revenue share and royalty costs to remain flat as a percentage of revenue but to decrease overall. We project lower eligible subscription revenue, partially offset by higher royalty rates under the statutory webcasting license due to increases in the Consumer Price Index.Sirius XM Programming and Content includes costs to acquire, create, promote and produce content. We have entered into agreements with third parties for music and non-music programming that require us to pay license fees and other amounts. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, programming and content expenses were \$550 and \$549, respectively, an increase of less than 1%, or \$1, and increased as a percentage of total Sirius XM revenue. The rise in costs was driven by higher personnel-related costs, which were offset by lower production costs. We expect our Sirius XM programming and content expenses to remain relatively flat. Sirius XM Customer Service and Billing includes costs related to the operation and management of internal and third-party customer service centers, our subscriber management systems, billing and collection processes, bad debt expense, and transaction fees. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, customer service and billing expenses were \$369 and \$393, respectively, a decrease of 6%, or \$24, and decreased as a percentage of total Sirius XM revenue. The reduction was primarily driven by lower call center costs, transaction and payment processing fees, bad debt expense, and personnel-related costs.We expect our Sirius XM customer service and billing expenses to increase as a result of higher subscriber management system transition costs, partially offset by a reduction in call center and personnel-related costs.Sirius XM Transmission consists of costs associated with the operation and maintenance of our terrestrial repeater networks; satellites; satellite telemetry, tracking and control systems; satellite uplink facilities; studios; and delivery of our Internet and 360L streaming and connected vehicle services. 49Table of ContentsFor the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, transmission expenses were \$190 and \$171, respectively, an increase of 11%, or \$19, and increased as a percentage of total Sirius XM revenue. The increase was driven primarily by higher hosting costs associated with our streaming platform as well as increased consulting costs. We expect our Sirius XM transmission expenses to decrease due to ongoing cost optimization efforts.Sirius XM Cost of Equipment includes costs from the sale of satellite radios, components and accessories and provisions for inventory allowance attributable to products purchased for resale in our direct to consumer distribution channels. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, cost of equipment was \$10 and \$14, respectively, a decrease of 29%, or \$4, and decreased as a percentage of total Sirius XM revenue. The decline was driven by fewer sales of satellite radios and related components as well as lower shipping costs. We expect our Sirius XM cost of equipment to remain relatively flat.Pandora and Off-platform Cost of ServicesPandora and Off-platform Cost of Services includes revenue share and royalties, programming and content, customer service and billing, and transmission expenses. Pandora and Off-platform Revenue Share and Royalties includes licensing fees paid for streaming music, podcast content, and revenue share paid to third party publishers. Payments are made based on advertising impressions delivered or click-through actions, and these costs are recorded in the related period. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, revenue share and royalties were \$1,270 and \$1,292, respectively, a decrease of 2%, or \$22, and decreased as a percentage of total Pandora and Off-platform revenue. The decrease was primarily due to lower on-platform revenue, reduced listener hours, and decreased revenue share related to podcasts. We expect our Pandora and Off-platform revenue share and royalties to increase with the growth in our podcast revenue and higher royalty rates, including as a result of increases in the Consumer Price Index.Pandora and Off-platform Programming and Content includes costs to produce owned and operated podcasts, live listener events and promote content.For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, programming and content expenses were \$61 and \$69, respectively, a decrease of 12%, or \$8, and decreased as a percentage of total Pandora and Off-platform revenue. The decrease was primarily attributable to lower personnel-related costs, license fees, and event costs. We expect our Pandora and Off-platform programming and content costs to remain relatively flat as increased podcast and event production costs are offset by lower personnel-related expenses. Pandora and Off-platform Customer Service and Billing includes transaction fees on subscription purchases through mobile app stores and bad debt expense. For the years ended DecemberÅ 31, 2024 and 2023, customer service and billing expenses were \$79 and \$83, respectively, a decrease of 5%, or \$4, and decreased as a percentage of total Pandora and Off-platform revenue. The decrease was driven by lower bad debt expenses.We expect our Pandora and Off-platform customer service and billing costs to remain relatively flat. Pandora and Off-platform Transmission includes costs associated with content streaming, maintaining our streaming radio and on-demand subscription services and creating and serving advertisements through third-party ad servers. 50Table of

ContentsFor each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, Pandora and Off-Platform transmission expenses were \$35, remaining unchanged in absolute terms but decreased as a percentage of total Pandora and Off-platform revenue. The flat expense level reflects higher bandwidth costs which were offset by lower personnel-related costs. We expect our Pandora and Off-platform transmission costs to increase due to higher hosting costs associated with increased AdWizz platform fee revenue, partially offset by lower personnel-related costs. Operating CostsSubscriber Acquisition Costs are costs associated with our satellite radio service. These include hardware subsidies paid to radio manufacturers, distributors and automakers; subsidies paid for chipsets and certain other components used in manufacturing radios; device royalties for certain radios and chipsets; product warranty obligations; and freight. The majority of subscriber acquisition costs are incurred and expensed in advance of acquiring a subscriber. Subscriber acquisition costs do not include advertising costs, marketing, loyalty payments to distributors and dealers of satellite radios or revenue share payments to automakers and retailers of satellite radios. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, subscriber acquisition costs were \$369 and \$359, respectively, an increase of 3%, or \$10, and increased as a percentage of total revenue. The increase was driven by contractual changes with certain automakers, partially offset by lower hardware subsidies from installations and reduced commission and hardware subsidy rates. We expect subscriber acquisition costs to rise due to increased penetration with certain automakers and higher subsidies and other incentives offered to induce automakers to include our latest technology in their vehicles. Sales and Marketing includes costs for marketing, advertising, media and production, including promotional events and sponsorships; cooperative and artist marketing; and personnel related costs including salaries, commissions, and sales support. Marketing costs include expenses related to direct mail, outbound telemarketing, email communications, social media, television and streaming performance media, and third party promotional offers. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, sales and marketing expenses were \$894 and \$931, respectively, a decrease of 4%, or \$37, and decreased as a percentage of total revenue. The decrease was primarily due to lower streaming and in-car marketing as well as personnel-related costs. We expect sales and marketing expenses to continue to decline as we optimize costs across all marketing activities. Product and Technology consists primarily of compensation and related costs to develop chipsets and new products and services, including streaming and connected vehicle services, research and development for broadcast information systems and the design and development costs to incorporate Sirius XM radios into new vehicles manufactured by automakers. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, product and technology expenses were \$296 and \$322, respectively, a decrease of 8%, or \$26, and decreased as a percentage of total revenue. The decrease was primarily driven by higher capitalized personnel-related costs, which were partially offset by increased cloud hosting costs. We anticipate product and technology expenses to decline as we optimize our technology spend. General and Administrative primarily consists of compensation and related costs for personnel and facilities, and includes costs related to our finance, legal, human resources and information technology departments. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, general and administrative expenses were \$497 and \$608, respectively, a decrease of 18%, or \$111, and decreased as a percentage of total revenue. The decrease was primarily driven by lower legal costs resulting from litigation insurance recoveries and reduced legal reserves, including amounts associated with settlement of certain litigation matters of \$24 during the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, as well as lower Former Parent operating costs. We expect our general and administrative expenses, excluding litigation insurance recoveries, to remain relatively flat. Higher technology and consulting costs are expected to be offset by lower personnel-related costs and the absence of Former Parent operating costs going forward. 51Table of ContentsDepreciation and Amortization reflects the allocation of the costs of assets used in operations such as our satellite constellations, property, equipment and intangible assets, over their estimated service lives. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, depreciation and amortization expense was \$578 and \$624, respectively. The decrease was primarily due to the retirement of a satellite during the twelve months ended December 31, 2023 and certain assets that reached the end of their useful lives, partially offset by the write-down of certain property and equipment recorded in the Transactions and an increase in capitalized software and hardware. Impairment, Restructuring and Other Costs represents impairment charges, associated with the carrying amount of an asset exceeding the asset's fair value, restructuring expenses associated with the abandonment of certain leased office spaces as well as employee severance charges and other charges associated with organizational changes, and costs associated with the Transactions. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, impairment, restructuring and other costs were \$3,453 and \$92, respectively. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, we recorded impairment charges of \$3,355 primarily related to an impairment of Goodwill and equity method investments, costs associated with the Transactions of \$71, and a charge of \$27 associated with severance and other restructuring costs. During the years ended December 31, 2023, we recorded a charge of \$34 primarily related to severance and other related costs, costs associated with the Transactions of \$26, impairments primarily related to terminated software projects of \$15, vacated office space impairments of \$12, accrued expenses of \$3 for which we will not recognize any future economic benefit, and a cost-method investment impairment of \$2. Other (Expense) IncomeInterest Expense represents the cost of interest on outstanding debt. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, interest expense was \$496 and \$534, respectively. The decrease was driven by a lower average outstanding debt balance and increased capitalized interest. Gain on Extinguishment of Debt includes gains incurred as a result of the redemption of certain debt. The \$12 gain on extinguishment of debt during the year ended December 31, 2024 was due to the repurchase or redemption of the 2.75% exchangeable senior debentures due 2049. Other Income (Expense), Net primarily includes realized and unrealized gains and losses from our debt measured at fair value, bond hedges, Deferred Compensation Plan and other investments, intergroup interests, interest and dividend income, our share of the income or loss from equity investments, and transaction costs related to non-operating investments. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, other income (expense), net was \$136 and \$(64), respectively. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2024, we recorded unrealized gains on debt measured at fair value, earnings on unconsolidated entity investments, and trading gains associated with the investments held for our Deferred Compensation Plan. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2023, we recorded losses associated with bond hedges, partially offset by gains associated with the fair value of intergroup interests, earnings on unconsolidated entity investments, and trading gains from the investments held for our Deferred Compensation Plan. Income TaxesIncome Tax Expense includes the change in our deferred tax assets, current federal and state tax expenses, and foreign withholding taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, income tax expense was \$210 and \$222, respectively. Our effective tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was (11.3)% and 18.3%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 was primarily driven by federal and state income tax expense, offset by the nondeductible impairment of Goodwill recorded during the year. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 was primarily driven by federal and state income tax expense, partially offset by the benefits related to research and development and certain other credits, as well as a release in state valuation allowance. 52Table of ContentsKey Financial and Operating Performance MetricsIn this section, we present certain financial performance measures, some of which are presented as Non-GAAP items, which include free cash flow and adjusted EBITDA. We also present certain operating performance measures. Our adjusted EBITDA excludes the impact of share-based payment expense. Additionally, when applicable, our adjusted EBITDA metric excludes the effect of significant items that do not relate to the on-going performance of our business. We use these Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures to manage our business, to set operational goals and as a basis for determining performance-based compensation for our employees. See the accompanying Glossary for more details and for the reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP measure (where applicable). We believe these Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures provide useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operations. We believe these Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures may be useful to investors in evaluating our core trends because they provide a more direct view of our underlying costs. We believe investors may use our adjusted EBITDA to estimate our current enterprise value and to make investment decisions. We believe free cash flow provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our cash available for future subscriber acquisitions and capital expenditures, to repurchase or retire debt, to acquire other companies and our ability to return capital to stockholders. By providing these Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures, together with the reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure (where applicable), we believe we are enhancing investors' understanding of our business and our results of operations. Our Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for or superior to, our reported results prepared in accordance with GAAP. In addition, our Non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly-titled measures by other companies. Please refer to the Glossary for a further discussion of such Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures and reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure (where applicable). Subscribers and subscription related revenues and expenses associated with our connected vehicle services and Sirius XM Canada are not included in Sirius XM's subscriber count or subscriber-based operating metrics. Subscribers to the Cloud Cover music programming service are now included in Pandora's subscriber count. 53Table of ContentsSet forth below are our subscriber balances as of December 31, 2024 compared to December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2024 vs 2023 Change(subscribers in thousands)20242023Amount% Sirius XMSelf-pay subscribers31,646 31,942 (296)(1)% Paid promotional subscribers1,580 1,933 (353)(18)% Ending subscribers33,226 33,875 (649)(2)% Sirius XM Canada subscribers2,516 2,629 (113)(4)% Pandora and Off-platformMonthly active users - all services43,344 46,026 (2,682)(6)% Self-pay subscribers (1)5,774 6,053 (279)(5)(1) A A Pandora and Off-platform self-pay subscribers include Cloud Cover subscribers of 57 and 45 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The following table contains our Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures which are based on our adjusted results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Refer to Amendment No. 1 to our Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the SEC on March 20, 2024 for our Non-GAAP financial and operating performance measures for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared with the year ended December 31, 2022. For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 vs 2023 Change(subscribers in thousands)20242023Amount% Sirius XMSelf-pay subscribers(296)(445)149 33.6% Paid promotional subscribers(353)154 (368)nmNet additions(649)(430)(219)(51)% Weighted average number of subscribers33,292 33,993 (701)(2)% Average self-pay monthly churn1.6 1.6 0.0% ARPU (1)\$15.21 \$15.56 (0.35)(2)% SAC, per installation\$14.55 \$13.18 \$1.37 10A Pandora and Off-platformSelf-pay subscribers (2)(279)(199)(80)(40)% Net additions(279)(199)(80)(40)% Weighted average number of subscribers5,929 6,169 (240)(4)% Ad supported listener hours (in billions)9.94 10.48 (0.54)(5)% Advertising revenue per thousand listener hours (RPM)\$100.59 \$99.39 \$1.20 1A % Total CompanyAdjusted EBITDA\$2,732 \$2,790 (\$58)(2)% Free cash flow\$1,015 \$1,182 (\$167)(14)% nm - not meaningful(1) A A ARPU for Sirius XM excludes subscriber revenue from our connected vehicle services of \$164 and \$161 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. (2) Pandora and Off-platform self-pay subscriber net additions include Cloud Cover net additions of 12 and 8 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. 54Table of ContentsSirius XMSubscribers. At December 31, 2024, Sirius XM had approximately 33,226 subscribers, a decrease of 649, from the approximately 33,875 subscribers as of December 31, 2023. Our self-pay subscriber base declined due to lower vehicle conversion rates, partially offset by higher trial volume and reductions in voluntary and non-pay churn. We also saw a decrease in paid promotional subscribers as we transitioned some automakers from paid promotional subscriptions to unpaid or to shorter term promotional plans. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, net subscriber additions were (649) and (430), respectively, a decrease of 219. Paid promotional net additions decreased compared to the prior year period as certain automakers transitioned from paid promotional subscriptions to unpaid. Self-pay net additions improved compared to the prior year primarily due to lower churn and higher trial volumes, partially offset by lower conversion rates. Sirius XM Canada Subscribers. At December 31, 2024, Sirius XM Canada had approximately 2,516 subscribers, a decrease of 113, or 4%, from the approximately 2,629 Sirius XM Canada subscribers as of December 31, 2023. Average Self-pay Monthly Churn is derived by dividing the monthly average of self-pay deactivations for the period by the average number of self-pay subscribers for the period. (See accompanying Glossary for more details.) For each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, our average self-pay monthly churn rate was 1.6%. ARPU is derived from total earned Sirius XM subscriber revenue (excluding revenue derived from our connected vehicle services) and net advertising revenue, divided by the number of months in the period, divided by the daily weighted average number of subscribers for the period. (See the accompanying Glossary for more details.) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, ARPU was \$15.21 and \$15.56, respectively. The decrease was driven by an increase in self-pay subscribers on promotional and streaming-only self-pay subscription plans, partially offset by rate increases on certain self-pay subscription plans during 2023 which had a full-year impact in the current year. SAC, Per Installation, is derived from subscriber acquisition costs and margins from the sale of radios, components and accessories (excluding connected vehicle services), divided by the number of satellite radio installations in new vehicles and shipments of aftermarket radios for the period. (See the accompanying Glossary for more details.) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, SAC, per installation, was \$14.55 and \$13.18, respectively. The increase was driven by a transition to higher cost chipsets, partially offset by a change in the mix of automakers including satellite radios in their vehicles. Pandora and Off-platformMonthly Active Users. At December 31, 2024, Pandora had approximately 43,344 monthly active users, a decrease of 2,682 monthly active users, or 6%, from the 46,026 monthly active users as of December 31, 2023. The decrease in monthly active users was driven by higher churn and a decline in the number of new users. Subscribers. At December 31, 2024, Pandora had approximately 5,774 subscribers, a decrease of 279, or 5%, from the approximately 6,053 subscribers as of December 31, 2023. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, net subscriber additions were (279) and (199), respectively. The decrease in ending subscribers was driven by decreases in trial starts and lower retention due to price increases. Ad supported listener hours are a key indicator of our Pandora business and the engagement of our Pandora listeners. We include ad supported listener hours related to Pandora's non-music content offerings in the definition of listener hours. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, ad supported listener hours were 9,940 and 10,480, respectively, a decrease of 5%, or 540. The decrease in ad supported listener hours were primarily driven by the decline in monthly active users. RPM is a key indicator of our ability to monetize advertising inventory created by listener hours on the Pandora services. Ad RPM is calculated by dividing advertising revenue by the number of thousands of listener hours of our Pandora advertising-based service. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, RPM was \$100.59 and \$99.39, respectively. The increase was driven by growth in advertising spots sold per listener hour. 55Table of ContentsTotal CompanyAdjusted EBITDA. EBITDA is defined as net (loss) income before interest expense, income tax expense and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA excludes the impact of other expense (income), loss on extinguishment of debt, impairment, restructuring and other costs, Former Parent operating costs, other non-cash charges such as share-based payment expense, and legal settlements and reserves (if applicable). (See the accompanying Glossary for a reconciliation to GAAP and for more details.) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, adjusted EBITDA was \$2,732 and \$2,790, respectively, a decrease of 2%, or \$58. The decrease was driven by declines in subscriber revenue, partially offset by lower costs of services, personnel-related costs, sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses. Free Cash Flow includes cash provided by operations, net of additions to property and equipment, and restricted and other investment activity. (See the accompanying Glossary for a reconciliation to GAAP and for more details.) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, free cash flow was \$1,015 and \$1,182, respectively, a decrease of 14%, or \$167. The decrease was primarily driven by costs related to the Transactions, higher capital expenditures and cash taxes paid. Liquidity and Capital ResourcesThe following table presents a summary of our cash flow activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 compared with the year ended December 31, 2023. Refer to Amendment No. 1 to our Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the SEC on March 20, 2024 for our cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared with the year ended December 31, 2022. For the Years Ended December 31, (in millions)202420232024 vs 2023Net cash provided by operating activities\$1,741 \$1,829 (\$88)Net cash used in investing activities(970)(696)(274)Net cash used in financing activities(916)(1,188)272 Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(145)(55)(90)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period\$315.4 \$370.0 (55)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period\$170.0 \$315.4 (\$145)Cash Flows Provided by Operating ActivitiesCash flows provided by operating activities decreased by \$88 to \$1,741 for the year ended December 31, 2024 from \$1,829 for the year ended December 31, 2023. Our largest source of cash provided by operating activities is cash generated by subscription and subscription-related revenues. We also generate cash from the sale of advertising through the Pandora and Off-platform business, advertising on certain non-music channels on Sirius XM and the sale of satellite radios, components and accessories. Our primary uses of cash from operating activities include revenue share and royalty payments to distributors, programming and content providers, and payments to radio manufacturers, distributors and automakers. In addition, uses of cash from operating activities include payments to vendors to service, maintain and acquire listeners and subscribers, general corporate expenditures, and compensation and related costs. Cash Flows Used in Investing ActivitiesCash flows used in investing activities in the year ended December 31, 2024 were primarily due to spending for capitalized software and hardware, the construction of satellites and acquisitions of tax-effective investments for total cash consideration of \$244. Cash flows used in investing activities in the year ended December 31, 2023 were primarily due to spending for capitalized software and hardware, the construction of satellites and acquisitions of tax-effective equity investments for total cash consideration of \$50. We spent \$413 and \$297 on capitalized software and hardware as well as \$262 and \$285 to construct satellites during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. 56Table of

ContentsCash Flows Used in Financing ActivitiesCash flows used in financing activities consists of the issuance and repayment of long-term debt, purchases of our common stock, the payment of cash dividends and taxes paid in lieu of shares issued for stock-based compensation.Â A Proceeds from long-term debt have been used to fund our operations, construct and launch new satellites, fund acquisitions, invest in other infrastructure improvements and purchase shares of our common stock.Cash flows used in financing activities in the year ended DecemberÂ 31, 2024 were primarily due to the repayment of \$3,914 of debt, partially offset by proceeds from debt borrowings of \$3,205. The remaining cash flows used in financing activities related to taxes paid from net share settlements for stock-based compensation and dividends paid. Long-term debt proceeds and repayments are reported gross within the statement of cash flows and primarily relate to the Margin Loan and the Credit Facility.Cash flows used in financing activities in the year ended DecemberÂ 31, 2023 were primarily due to the repayment of \$3,782 of debt and the purchase and retirement of shares of Old Siriusâ€™ common stock under its repurchase program of \$274, partially offset by proceeds from debt borrowings of \$2,681, and the settlement of intergroup interests of \$273 and dividends paid. Long-term debt proceeds and repayments are reported gross within the statement of cash flows and primarily relate to Pandoraâ€™s 1.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2023, Liberty Mediaâ€™s 1.375% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2023, the Convertible Notes, the Exchangeable Notes, the Margin Loan, and the Credit Facility (each as defined in Note 13 to our audited consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K).Future Liquidity and Capital Resource RequirementsBased upon our current business plans, we expect to fund operating expenses, capital expenditures, including the construction of replacement satellites, working capital requirements, interest payments, taxes and scheduled maturities of our debt with existing cash, cash flow from operations and borrowings under the Credit Facility, including the Incremental Term Loan.Â A As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, \$1,750 was available for future borrowing under the Credit Facility and zero was available under the Incremental Term Loan.Â We believe that we have sufficient cash and cash equivalents, as well as debt capacity, to cover our estimated short and long-term funding needs, including amounts to construct, launch and insure replacement satellites, as well as fund future stock repurchases and dividend payments and to pursue strategic opportunities.Our ability to meet our debt and other obligations depends on our future operating performance and on economic, financial, competitive and other factors.We regularly evaluate our business plans and strategy. These evaluations often result in changes to our business plans and strategy, some of which may be material and significantly change our cash requirements. These changes in our business plans or strategy may include: the acquisition of unique or compelling programming; the development and introduction of new features or services; significant new or enhanced distribution arrangements; investments in infrastructure, such as satellites, equipment or radio spectrum; and acquisitions and investments, including acquisitions and investments that are not directly related to our existing business.We may from time to time purchase our outstanding debt through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Purchases or retirement of debt, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.We have made, and expect to continue to make, certain tax-efficient equity investments in clean energy technologies, including industrial carbon capture and storage. These investments will produce tax credits and related tax losses. The payments on these equity investments will be classified as investing activities from a cash flow perspective, while the tax credits and losses will benefit our federal cash taxes in operating activities.Stock Repurchase ProgramPrior to the closing of the Transactions, the board of directors of Old Sirius had approved the repurchase of an aggregate of \$18,000 of its common stock. As of the closing of the Transactions, Old Sirius' cumulative repurchases since December 2012 under that stock repurchase program totaled 373 shares for \$16,834, and \$1,166 remained available under that stock repurchase program. The stock repurchase program of Old Sirius was terminated on the closing date of the Transactions.57Table of ContentsFollowing the closing of the Transactions, on September 9, 2024, our board of directors authorized for repurchase an aggregate of \$1,166 of our common stock. The board of directors did not establish an end date for this stock repurchase program. Shares of common stock may be purchased from time to time on the open market, pursuant to pre-set trading plans meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, in privately negotiated transactions, including in accelerated stock repurchase transactions, or otherwise.Â We intend to fund any stock repurchases through a combination of cash on hand, cash generated by operations and future borrowings. The size and timing of any purchases will be based on a number of factors, including price and business and market conditions. As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, our cumulative repurchases since the closing of the Transactions under our stock repurchase program totaled 301 thousand shares for \$7, and \$1,160 remained available for additional repurchases under our existing stock repurchase program authorization.DividendOn JanuaryÂ 22, 2025, our board of directors declared a quarterly dividend on our common stock in the amount of \$0.27 per share of common stock payable on FebruaryÂ 25, 2025 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on FebruaryÂ 7, 2025.Debt CovenantsThe indentures governing Sirius XM's senior notes and the agreements governing the Sirius XM Credit Facility include restrictive covenants.Â The indentures governing the senior notes also contain covenants that, among other things, limit Sirius XMâ€™s ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to create certain liens; enter into sale/leaseback transactions; and merge or consolidate.Â As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, we were in compliance with such covenants.Â A For a discussion of our â€œDebt Covenants,â€ refer to Note 13 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.Off-Balance Sheet ArrangementsWe do not have any significant off-balance sheet arrangements other than those disclosed in Note 16 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K that are reasonably likely to have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.Contractual Cash CommitmentsFor a discussion of our â€œContractual Cash Commitments,â€ refer to Note 16 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.Related Party TransactionsFor a discussion of â€œRelated Party Transactions,â€ refer to Note 12 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.Critical Accounting Policies and EstimatesOur audited consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP, which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods. Accounting estimates require the use of significant management assumptions and judgments as to future events, and the effect of those events cannot be predicted with certainty. The accounting estimates will change as new events occur, more experience is acquired and more information is obtained. We evaluate and update our assumptions and estimates on an ongoing basis and use outside experts to assist in that evaluation when we deem necessary. We have identified all significant accounting policies in Note 2 to our audited consolidated financial statements in Part II, Item 8, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.Non-Financial Instrument Valuations. Our non-financial instrument valuations are primarily comprised of our determination of the estimated fair value allocation of net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired in business combinations, our annual assessment of the recoverability of our goodwill and other nonamortizable intangibles, such as trademarks, and our evaluation of the recoverability of our other long-lived assets upon certain triggering events. If the carrying value of our long-lived assets exceeds their estimated fair value, we are required to write the carrying value down to fair value. Any such writedown is included in Impairment, restructuring and other costs in our audited consolidated statement of operations. Judgment is required to estimate the fair value of our long-lived assets. We may use quoted market prices, prices for similar assets, present value techniques and other valuation techniques to prepare these estimates. We may need to make estimates of future cash flows and discount rates as well as other assumptions in order to implement these valuation 58Table of Contentstechniques. Due to the degree of judgment involved in our estimation techniques, any value ultimately derived from our long-lived assets may differ from our estimate of fair value. As each of our operating segments has long-lived assets, this critical accounting policy affects the financial position and results of operations of each segment. Our intangible assets include goodwill, other indefinite-lived assets (our FCC licenses and trademarks) and definite-lived assets. Our annual impairment assessment of our goodwill and our indefinite-lived assets is performed as of the fourth quarter of each year. We also review our intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable. If an impairment exists, the impairment is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of an intangible asset exceeds its estimated fair value.â€¢Goodwill: ASC 350, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other, states that an entity should perform its annual or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unitâ€™s fair value. Under the updated guidance per Accounting Standards Update (â€œASUâ€) 2017-04, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, the requirements for any reporting unit with a zero or negative carrying amount to perform a qualitative assessment is eliminated. In accordance with updated guidance, we recognize goodwill impairment as the difference between the carrying amount of a reporting unit and its fair value, but not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill.In connection with the close of the Transactions, our market capitalization sustained a decrease during the third quarter of 2024 and we concluded that, in accordance with ASC 350, a triggering event occurred indicating that potential impairment existed, which required us to conduct an interim test of the fair value of the goodwill for the Sirius XM and Pandora and Off-platform reporting units. The results of our goodwill impairment test indicated that the estimated fair value of the Pandora reporting unit exceeded its carrying amount, whereas the carrying amount of the Sirius XM reporting unit exceeded its estimated fair value. As a result, we recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$2,819 to write down the carrying amount of the Sirius XM goodwill in the Impairment, restructuring and other costs line item in our audited consolidated statements of operations. Fair value was determined using a combination of an income approach, using a discounted cash flow (â€œDCFâ€) model, and a market approach, employing a guideline public company approach. The DCF model, which estimates fair value based on the present value of future cash flows, requires us to make various assumptions regarding the timing and amount of these cash flows, including growth rates, operating margins and capital expenditures for a projection period, plus the terminal value of the business at the end of the projection period. The terminal value is estimated using a long-term growth rate, which is based on expected trends and projections. A discount rate is determined for the reporting unit based on the risks of achieving the future cash flows, including risks applicable to the industry and market as a whole, as well as the capital structure of comparable entities. Additionally, assumptions related to guideline company financial multiples used in the market approach based on current market observations.â€¢Indefinite-lived Assets: ASC 350-30-35, Intangibles - General Intangibles Other than Goodwill, provides for an option to first perform a qualitative assessment to determine whether it is more likely than not that an asset is impaired. If the qualitative assessment supports that it is more likely than not that the fair value of the asset exceeds its carrying value, a company is not required to perform a quantitative impairment test. If the qualitative assessment does not support that the fair value of the asset exceeds its carrying value, then a quantitative assessment is performed. We recognize impairment as the difference between the carrying amount of an asset and its estimated fair value.Our annual impairment assessment of our identifiable indefinite lived intangible assets is performed as of the fourth quarter of each year. An assessment is performed at other times if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the asset below its carrying value. If the carrying value of the intangible assets exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. As a result of the Sirius XM goodwill impairment discussed in Note 8, we evaluated our FCC licenses, Sirius XM trademark, and Pandora trademark for impairment using a quantitative assessment during the quarter ended DecemberÂ 31, 2024. The results of the assessment indicated that the estimated fair values for these indefinite-lived assets exceeded their carrying values and no impairment loss was recognized for intangible assets with indefinite lives during the years ended DecemberÂ 31, 2024 and 2023. Fair value was determined using a DCF model. The DCF model included significant assumptions about revenue growth rates, long-term growth rates and enterprise specific discount rates.â€¢Definite-lived Assets: We carry our definite-lived assets at cost less accumulated amortization. We assess definite-lived assets for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. If an event or circumstance is identified indicating the carrying value may not be recoverable, the sum of future undiscounted cash flows is compared to the carrying value. If the carrying value exceeds the future undiscounted cash flows, the carrying value of the asset is reduced to its fair value. The fair value of assets is determined as either the expected selling price less selling costs (where appropriate) or the present value of the estimated future cash flows, adjusted as necessary for market factors. 59Table of ContentsUseful Life of Broadcast/Transmission System. Our satellite system includes the costs of our satellite construction, launch vehicles, launch insurance, capitalized interest, spare satellites, terrestrial repeater network and satellite uplink facilities. We monitor our satellites for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset is not recoverable. We operate two in-orbit Sirius satellites, FM-5 and FM-6, which launched in 2009 and 2013, respectively, and estimate they will operate effectively through the end of their depreciable lives in 2024 and 2028, respectively. We currently operate four in-orbit XM satellites, XM-3, XM-5, SXM-8 and SXM-9. Our XM-3 satellite was launched in 2005 and is used as an in-orbit spare and reached the end of its depreciable life in 2020. Our XM-5 satellite was launched in 2010 and is expected to reach the end of its depreciable life in 2025. Our SXM-8 satellite was launched in 2021 and is expected to reach the end of its depreciable life in 2036. Our SXM-8 satellite replaced our XM-3 satellite. On December 5, 2024, our SXM-9 satellite was successfully launched and has completed in-orbit testing. Our SXM-9 satellite will replace our SXM-8 satellite in the XM constellation, with SXM-8 becoming an in-orbit spare. We expect to place this satellite into service in the first quarter of 2025. We have entered into agreements for the design, construction and launch of three additional satellites, SXM-10, SXM-11 and SXM-12.Our satellites have been designed to last fifteen years. Our in-orbit satellites may experience component failures which could adversely affect their useful lives. We monitor the operating condition of our in-orbit satellites and if events or circumstances indicate that the depreciable lives of our in-orbit satellites have changed, we will modify the depreciable life accordingly. If we were to revise our estimates, our depreciation expense would change.Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences related to temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes, based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income.We assess the recoverability of deferred tax assets at each reporting date and, where applicable, a valuation allowance is recognized when, based on the weight of all available evidence, it is considered more likely than not that all, or some portion, of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Our assessment includes an analysis of whether deferred tax assets will be realized in the ordinary course of operations based on the available positive and negative evidence, including the scheduling of deferred tax liabilities and forecasted income from operations. The underlying assumptions we use in forecasting future taxable income require significant judgment. In the event that actual income from operations differs from forecasted amounts, or if we change our estimates of forecasted income from operations, we could record additional charges or reduce allowances in order to adjust the carrying value of deferred tax assets to their realizable amount. Such adjustments could be material to our audited consolidated financial statements.As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, we had a valuation allowance of \$93 relating to deferred tax assets that are not more likely than not to be realized due to the timing of certain state net operating loss limitations and acquired net operating losses that were not likely to be utilized.ASC 740, Income Taxes, requires a company to first determine whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained based on its technical merits as of the reporting date, assuming that taxing authorities will examine the position and have full knowledge of all relevant information. A tax position that meets this more likely than not threshold is then measured and recognized at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely to be realized upon effective settlement with a taxing authority. If the tax position is not more likely than not to be sustained, the gross amount of the unrecognized tax position will not be recorded in the financial statements but will be shown in tabular format within the uncertain income tax positions. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs due to the following conditions: (1) the tax position is â€œmore likely than notâ€ to be sustained, (2) the tax position, amount, and/or timing is ultimately settled through negotiation or litigation, or (3) the statute of limitations for the tax position has expired. A number of years may elapse before an uncertain tax position is effectively settled or until there is a lapse in the applicable statute of limitations. We record interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in Income tax expense in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income. As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, the gross liability for income taxes associated with uncertain tax positions was \$201.60Table of ContentsGlossarySelf-pay subscriber - A self-pay subscriber is a user that, as of the date of determination, was party to a customer agreement with SiriusXM or Pandora, and (i) has paid or agreed to pay a subscription fee, including at a promotional price, or (ii) the subscription fee has been paid by an automaker for a period of three years or greater. Lifetime subscribers to the SiriusXM service are counted as self-pay subscribers because they are party to a customer agreement with SiriusXM and have paid a subscription fee, although in almost all cases the revenue from such subscriptions have been fully recognized in prior periods. Certain users that are party to a customer agreement with Sirius XM or Pandora and have paid or agreed to pay a small promotional price for a trial subscription are not counted as self-pay subscribers because the promotional price is considered to be de minimis and, in management's view, the payment is not indicative of the user's intent to subscribe to the service in the near-term.Paid promotional subscriber - A paid promotional subscriber is a user that, as of the date of determination, has their subscription fee paid for by a third party, for a fixed trial subscription period, which typically range from one to twelve months but is less than three years. We count prepaid shipped but not activated vehicles as paid promotional subscribers.Monthly active users - the number of distinct registered users on the Pandora services, including subscribers, which have consumed content within the trailing 30 days to the end of the final calendar month of the period.

The number of monthly active users on the Pandora services may overstate the number of unique individuals who actively use our Pandora service, as one individual may use multiple accounts. To become a registered user on the Pandora services, a person must sign-up using an email address or access our service using a device with a unique identifier, which we use to create an account for our service. Average self-pay monthly churn - for in-car and retail radio subscriptions, the Sirius XM monthly average of self-pay deactivations for the period divided by the average number of self-pay subscribers for the period. Adjusted EBITDA - EBITDA is defined as net (loss) income before interest expense, income tax expense and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a Non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or adjusts for the impact of other expense (income), gain on extinguishment of debt, impairment, restructuring and other costs, Former Parent operating costs, other non-cash charges such as share-based payment expense, and legal settlements and reserves (if applicable). We believe adjusted EBITDA is a useful measure of the underlying trend of our operating performance, which provides useful information about our business apart from the costs associated with our capital structure and purchase price accounting. We believe investors find this Non-GAAP financial measure useful when analyzing our past operating performance with our current performance and comparing our operating performance to the performance of other communications, entertainment and media companies. We believe investors use adjusted EBITDA to estimate our current enterprise value and to make investment decisions. As a result of large capital investments in our satellite radio system, our results of operations reflect significant charges for depreciation expense. We believe the exclusion of share-based payment expense is useful as it is not directly related to the operational conditions of our business. We also believe the exclusion of the legal settlements and reserves, impairment, restructuring and other costs, to the extent they occur during the period, is useful as they are significant expenses not incurred as part of our normal operations for the period. 61Table of ContentsAdjusted EBITDA has certain limitations in that it does not take into account the impact to our consolidated statements of comprehensive income of certain expenses, including share-based payment expense. We endeavor to compensate for the limitations of the Non-GAAP measure presented by also providing the comparable GAAP measure with equal or greater prominence and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the Non-GAAP measure.Â Investors that wish to compare and evaluate our operating results after giving effect for these costs should refer to net income as disclosed in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Since adjusted EBITDA is a Non-GAAP financial performance measure, our calculation of adjusted EBITDA may be susceptible to varying calculations; may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies; and should not be considered in isolation, as a substitute for, or superior to measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The reconciliation of net (loss) income to the adjusted EBITDA is calculated as follows: For the Years Ended December 31,20242023Net (loss) income:\$(2,075)\$988Â Add back items excluded from Adjusted EBITDA:Legal settlements and reserves3Â 31Â Former Parent operating costs15Â 32Â Impairment, restructuring and other costs3,453Â 92Â Share-based payment expense (1)200Â 203Â Depreciation and amortization578Â 624Â Interest expense496Â 534Â Gain on extinguishment of debt(12)â€ŽÂ Other (income) expense, net(136)64Â Income tax expense210Â 222Â Adjusted EBITDA\$2,732Â \$2,790Â (1)Allocation of share-based payment expense:For the Years Ended December 31,20242023Programming and content\$36Â \$34Â Customer service and billing5Â 5Â Transmission5Â 6Â Sales and marketing45Â 45Â Product and technology44Â 46Â General and administrative65Â 67Â Total share-based payment expense\$200Â \$203Â 62Table of ContentsFree cash flow - is derived from cash flow provided by operating activities, net of additions to property and equipment and purchases of other investments. Free cash flow is a metric that our management and board of directors use to evaluate the cash generated by our operations, net of capital expenditures and other investment activity. In a capital intensive business, with significant investments in satellites, we look at our operating cash flow, net of these investing cash outflows, to determine cash available for future subscriber acquisition and capital expenditures, to repurchase or retire debt, to acquire other companies and to evaluate our ability to return capital to stockholders. We exclude from free cash flow certain items that do not relate to the on-going performance of our business, such as cash flows related to acquisitions, strategic and short-term investments, including tax efficient investments in clean energy as well as net loan activity with related parties and other equity investees. We believe free cash flow is an indicator of the long-term financial stability of our business.Â A Free cash flow, which is reconciled to â€ŽNet cash provided by operating activities,â€Ž is a Non-GAAP financial measure.Â A This measure can be calculated by deducting amounts under the captions â€ŽAdditions to property and equipmentâ€Ž and deducting or adding Restricted and other investment activity from â€ŽNet cash provided by operating activitiesâ€Ž from the consolidated statements of cash flows. Free cash flow should be used in conjunction with other GAAP financial performance measures and may not be comparable to free cash flow measures presented by other companies.Â A Free cash flow should be viewed as a supplemental measure rather than an alternative measure of cash flows from operating activities, as determined in accordance with GAAP.Â A Free cash flow is limited and does not represent remaining cash flows available for discretionary expenditures due to the fact that the measure does not deduct the payments required for debt maturities. We believe free cash flow provides useful supplemental information to investors regarding our current cash flow, along with other GAAP measures (such as cash flows from operating and investing activities), to determine our financial condition, and to compare our operating performance to other communications, entertainment and media companies. Free cash flow is calculated as follows: For the Years Ended December 31,20242023Cash Flow informationNet cash provided by operating activities\$1,741Â \$1,829Â Net cash used in investing activities(970)(696)Net cash used in financing activities(916)(1,188)Free Cash FlowNet cash provided by operating activities1,741Â 1,829Â Additions to property and equipment(728)(650)Sales of other investments2Â 3Â Free cash flow (1)\$1,015Â \$1,182Â (1)Compared to Old Siriusâ€Ž free cash flow, the cash flow for Sirius XM Holdings is impacted by the additional interest payments related to Liberty Mediaâ€Ž's debt attributed to SplitCo as well as corporate costs.ARPV - Sirius XM ARPV is derived from total earned subscriber revenue (excluding revenue associated with our connected vehicle services) and advertising revenue, divided by the number of months in the period, divided by the daily weighted average number of subscribers for the period.Subscriber acquisition cost, per installation - or SAC, per installation, is derived from subscriber acquisition costs less margins from the sale of radios and accessories (excluding connected vehicle services), divided by the number of satellite radio installations in new vehicles and shipments of aftermarket radios for the period. SAC, per installation, is calculated as follows: For the Years Ended December 31,20242023Subscriber acquisition costs, excluding connected vehicle services\$369Â \$359Â Less: margin from sales of radios and accessories, excluding connected vehicle services(172)(179)\$197Â \$180Â Installations (in thousands)13,545Â 13,640Â SAC, per installation (a)\$14.55Â \$13.18Â (a)Amounts may not recalculate due to rounding.63Table of ContentsAd supported listener hours - is based on the total bytes served over our Pandora advertising supported platforms for each track that is requested and served from our Pandora servers, as measured by our internal analytics systems, whether or not a listener listens to the entire track. For non-music content such as podcasts, episodes are divided into approximately track-length parts, which are treated as tracks. To the extent that third-party measurements of advertising hours are not calculated using a similar server-based approach, the third-party measurements may differ from our measurements. RPM - is calculated by dividing advertising revenue, excluding AdsWizz and other off-platform revenue, by the number of thousands of listener hours on our Pandora advertising-based service. 64Table of ContentsITEM 7A.Â A Â A QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISKA of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, we did not hold or issue any derivatives.Â A We hold investments in money market funds and certificates of deposit.Â A These securities are consistent with the objectives contained within our investment policy.Â A The basic objectives of our investment policy are the preservation of capital, maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements and maximizing yield. As ofÂ DecemberÂ 31, 2024, we also held the following investment:In connection with the recapitalization of Sirius XM Canada on May 25, 2017, we loaned Sirius XM CanadaÂ \$130.8 million. The carrying value of the loan as ofÂ DecemberÂ 31, 2024Â wasÂ \$7.0 millionÂ and approximated its fair value. The loan is denominated in Canadian dollars and it is subject to changes in foreign currency. The loan is considered a long-term investment with any unrealized gains or losses reported within Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income. The loan has a term ofÂ fifteen years, bears interest at a rate ofÂ 7.62%Â per annum and includes customary covenants and events of default, including an event of default relating to Sirius XM Canadaâ€Ž's failure to maintain specified leverage ratios. Had the Canadian to U.S. dollar exchange rate been 10% lower as ofÂ DecemberÂ 31, 2024, the value of this loan would have been approximatelyÂ \$0.7 millionÂ lower.We are exposed to changes in interest rates primarily as a result of our borrowing and investment activities, which include investments in fixed and floating rate debt instruments and borrowings used to maintain liquidity and to fund business operations. The nature and amount of our long- and short-term debt are expected to vary as a result of future requirements, market conditions and other factors. We manage our exposure to interest rates by maintaining what we believe is an appropriate mix of fixed and variable rate debt. We believe this best protects us from interest rate risk. We have achieved this mix by (i) issuing fixed rate debt that we believe has a low stated interest rate and significant term to maturity and (ii) issuing variable rate debt with appropriate maturities and interest rates. As of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, we had \$1,086 million principal amount of variable rate debt outstanding with a weighted average interest rate of 6.1% and \$9,325 million principal amount of fixed rate debt with a weighted average interest rate of 4.3%. Accordingly, as of DecemberÂ 31, 2024, based on the amount of variable rate debt outstanding and the then-current Term SOFR rate, a hypothetical 10% increase in interest rates would have increased annual interest expense by approximately \$5 million and a hypothetical 10% decrease in interest rates would have decreased annual interest expense by approximately \$5 million.ITEM 8.Â A Â A Â A FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATASee the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and financial statements and financial statement schedule contained in Part IV, Item 15, herein, which are incorporated herein by reference.ITEM 9.Â A Â A Â A CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURENone.ITEM 9A.Â A Â A Â A CONTROLS AND PROCEDURESControls and ProceduresWe maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including Jennifer C. Witz, our Chief Executive Officer, and Thomas D. Barry, our Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of DecemberÂ 31, 2024. Based on that evaluation, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of DecemberÂ 31, 2024 at the reasonable assurance level. There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as that term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the year ended DecemberÂ 31, 2024 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.65Table of ContentsManagement's Report on Internal Control over Financial ReportingOur management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. We have performed an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Our management used the Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission to perform this evaluation. Based on that evaluation, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of DecemberÂ 31, 2024.KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, which has audited and reported on the consolidated financial statements contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, has issued its report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting.Audit Report of the Independent Registered Public Accounting FirmThe effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of DecemberÂ 31, 2024 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their audit report appearing on page F-4 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.ITEM 9B.Â A Â A Â A OTHER INFORMATIONRule 10b5-1 Plan ElectionsOn November 1, 2024, Kristina Salen, a member of our Board of Directors, entered into a 10b5-1 sales plan (the â€ŽSalen 10b5-1 Sales Planâ€Ž) intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act. The Salen 10b5-1 Sales Plan will be in effect until the earlier of (1) June 30, 2025 and (2) the date on which an aggregate of 3,229 shares of our common stock have been sold under the Salen 10b5-1 Sales Plan.ITEM 9C.Â A Â A Â A DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONSNone.66Table of ContentsPART IIITEM 10.Â A Â A Â A DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCEInformation about our executive officers is contained in the discussion entitled â€ŽInformation About Our Executive Officersâ€Ž in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.The additional information required by this ItemÂ 10 is incorporated in this report by reference to the applicable information in our definitive proxy statement for the 2025 annual meeting of stockholders set forth under the captions Stock Ownership, Governance of the Company, ItemÂ 1. Election of Directors and ItemÂ 2. Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accountants, which we expect to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to AprilÂ 30, 2025. Code of EthicsWe have adopted a code of ethics that applies to all employees, including executive officers, and to directors.Â A The Code of Ethics is available on the Corporate Governance page of our website at www.siriusxm.com.Â A If we ever were to amend or waive any provision of our Code of Ethics that applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or any person performing similar functions, we intend to satisfy our disclosure obligations with respect to any such waiver or amendment by posting such information on our internet website set forth above rather than filing a FormÂ 8-K.ITEM 11.Â A Â A Â A EXECUTIVE COMPENSATIONThe information required by this ItemÂ 11 is incorporated in this report by reference to the applicable information in our definitive proxy statement for the 2025 annual meeting of stockholders set forth under the captions ItemÂ 1. Election of Directors and Executive Compensation, which we expect to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to AprilÂ 30, 2025.ITEM 12.Â A Â A Â A SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERSCertain information required by this ItemÂ 12 is set forth under the heading â€ŽEquity Compensation Plan Informationâ€Ž in PartÂ II, ItemÂ 5, of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.The additional information required by this ItemÂ 12 is incorporated in this report by reference to the applicable information in our definitive proxy statement for the 2025 annual meeting of stockholders set forth under the caption Stock Ownership, which we expect to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to AprilÂ 30, 2025.ITEM 13.Â A Â A Â A CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCEThe information required by this ItemÂ 13 is incorporated in this report by reference to the applicable information in our definitive proxy statement for the 2025 annual meeting of stockholders set forth under the captions Governance of the Company and ItemÂ 1. Election of Directors, which we expect to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to AprilÂ 30, 2025.ITEM 14.Â A Â A Â A PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICESOur independent registered public accounting firm is KPMG LLP, New York, NY, Auditor ID: 185.The information required by this ItemÂ 14 is incorporated in this report by reference to the applicable information in our definitive proxy statement for the 2025 annual meeting of stockholders set forth under the caption ItemÂ 2. Ratification of Independent Registered Public Accountants - Principal Accountant Fees and Services, which we expect to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission prior to AprilÂ 30, 2025.67Table of ContentsPART IVITEM 15.Â A Â A Â A EXHIBITÂ A AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULESDocuments filed as part of this report:(1)Â A Financial Statements. See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing on pageÂ F-1.(2)Â A Financial Statement Schedules. See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing on pageÂ F-1.(3)Â A Exhibits. See Exhibit Index, which is incorporated herein by reference.ITEM 16.Â A Â A Â A FORM 10-K SUMMARYNone.68Table of ContentsEXHIBIT INDEXExhibitDescription2.1â€Ž Reorganization Agreement, dated as of December 11, 2023, by and among Sirius XM Holdings Inc., Liberty Media Corporation and Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€Ž's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2023 (File No. 001-34295)).2.2â€Ž First Amendment, dated as of June 16, 2024, to the Reorganization Agreement, dated as of December 11, 2023, by and among Sirius XM Holdings Inc., Liberty Media Corporation and Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€Ž's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 17, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).2.3â€Ž Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 11, 2023, by and among Sirius XM Holdings Inc., Liberty Media Corporation, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and Radio Merger Sub, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€Ž's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2023 (File No. 001-34295)).2.4â€Ž First Amendment, dated as of June 16, 2024, to the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of December 11, 2023, by and among Sirius XM Holdings Inc., Liberty Media Corporation, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and Radio Merger Sub, LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€Ž's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 17, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).3.1Â A Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€Ž's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).3.2Â A Amended and Restated Bylaws of Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€Ž's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).4.1Â Indenture, dated as of July 5, 2017, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the guarantors named

therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 5.000% Senior Notes due 2027 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 5, 2017 (File No. 001-34295)).4.2A Indenture, dated as of June 7, 2019, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 5.500% Senior Notes due 2029 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 7, 2019 (File No. 001-34295)).4.3A Indenture, dated as of June 11, 2020, relating to the 4.125% Senior Notes due 2030, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 11, 2020 (File No. 001-34295)).4.4A Indenture, dated as of June 21, 2021, relating to the 4.000% Senior Notes due 2028, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K dated June 21, 2021 (File No. 001-34295)).4.5A Indenture, dated as of August 16, 2021, relating to the 3.125% Senior Notes due 2026, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 16, 2021 (File No. 001-34295)).4.6A Indenture, dated as of August 16, 2021, relating to the 3.875% Senior Notes due 2031, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the guarantors named therein and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K dated August 16, 2021 (File No. 001-34295)).4.7A Indenture, dated as of March 10, 2023, between Liberty Media Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, relating to Liberty Media Corporationâ€™s 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2028 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).4.8A First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 9, 2024, among Liberty Media Corporation, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, relating to Liberty Media Corporationâ€™s 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2028 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).69Table of ContentsExhibitDescription4.9A Indenture, dated as of November 26, 2019, between Liberty Media Corporation and U.S. Bank, National Association, as trustee, relating to Liberty Media Corporationâ€™s 2.75% Exchangeable Senior Debentures due 2049 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).4.10A First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 30, 2024, between Liberty Media Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, relating to Liberty Media Corporationâ€™s 2.75% Exchangeable Senior Debentures due 2049 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.4 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).4.11A Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 9, 2024, among Liberty Media Corporation, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, relating to Liberty Media Corporationâ€™s 2.75% Exchangeable Senior Debentures due 2049 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.5 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).4.12A Investment Agreement, dated as of February 17, 2009, between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Liberty Radio LLC (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.55 to Sirius XM Radio Inc.â€™s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 001-34295)).4.13A Assignment and Assumption of Investment Agreement among Sirius XM Radio Inc., Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and Liberty Radio LLC, dated as of November 15, 2013 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.15 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 (File No. 001-34295)).4.14A Description of Registrant's Securities (incorporated by reference to the Registrantâ€™s Form 8-A filed on September 9, 2024 (File No. 000-56686)).10.1A Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders party thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Radio Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 10, 2012 (File No. 001-34295)).10.2A Amendment No. 1, dated as of April 22, 2014, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., the Lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as administrative agent for the Lenders, as collateral agent for the Secured Parties and as an Issuing Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 22, 2014 (File No. 001-34295)).10.3A Amendment No. 2, dated as of June 16, 2015, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 19, 2015 (File No. 001-34295)).10.4A Amendment No. 3, dated as of June 29, 2018, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2018 (File No. 001-34295)).10.5A Amendment No. 5, dated as of August 31, 2021, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 1, 2021 (File No. 001-34295)).10.6Amendment No. 6, dated as of April 11, 2022, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 11, 2022 (File No. 001-34295)).10.7Amendment No. 7, dated as of March 29, 2023, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on April 27, 2023 (File No. 001-34295)).70Table of ContentsExhibitDescription10.8Amendment No. 8, dated as of December 29, 2023, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).10.9Amendment No. 9, dated as of January 26, 2024, to the Credit Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2012, among Sirius XM Radio Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent, and the other agents and lenders parties thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 29, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.10Technology Licensing Agreement among XM Satellite Radio Inc., XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc., WorldSpace Management Corporation and American Mobile Satellite Corporation, dated as of January 1, 1998, amended by Amendment No. 1 to Technology Licensing Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Amendment No. 1 to XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc.â€™s Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-83619)).*10.11Sirius XM Radio 401(k) Savings Plan, January 1, 2009 Restatement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.30 to Sirius XM Radio Inc.â€™s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.12Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Appendix A to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A filed on April 6, 2015 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.13Form of Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement pursuant to the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.14Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement pursuant to the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.15Form of SVP Restricted Stock Unit Agreement pursuant to the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (001-34295)).*10.16Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement pursuant to the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (001-34295)).*10.17Form of SVP Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement pursuant to the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 (001-34295)).*10.18Employment Agreement, dated as of November 21, 2022 between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Patrick L. Donnelly (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 22, 2022 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.19Transition Letter to Employment Agreement dated January 2, 2025 between Sirius XM Radio LLC and Patrick L. Donnelly (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 3, 2025 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.20Employment Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2023 between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Jennifer Witz (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 15, 2023 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.21Letter Agreement, dated December 14, 2023, regarding private use of aircraft between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Jennifer C. Witz (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 15, 2023 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.22Employment Agreement, dated as of April 17, 2024, between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Scott A. Greenstein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 18, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).71Table of ContentsExhibitDescription*10.23Transition Letter to Employment Agreement, dated as of June 28, 2024, between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Joseph A. Verbrugge (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.24Employment Agreement, dated December 10, 2021, between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Joseph Inzerillo (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2021 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.25Employment Agreement, dated April 3, 2023 between Sirius XM Radio Inc. and Thomas D. Barry (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 4, 2023 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.26Employment Agreement, dated as of December 5, 2024, between Sirius XM Radio LLC and Wayne D. Thorsen (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.27Assignment and Assumption Agreement, dated as of November 15, 2013, among Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and Sirius XM Radio Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 15, 2013 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.28Omnibus Amendment, dated November 15, 2013, to the XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc. Talent Option Plan, the XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc. 1998 Shares Award Plan, as amended, the Amended and Restated Sirius Satellite Radio 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, the XM Satellite Radio Holdings Inc. 2007 Stock Incentive Plan and the Sirius XM Radio Inc. 2009 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan and their Related Stock Option Agreements, Restricted Stock Agreements and Restricted Stock Unit Agreements (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s 4 Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 15, 2013 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.29Form of Indemnification Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.30Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on June 30, 2015 (File No. 001-34295)).10.31Tax Sharing Agreement, dated as of September 9, 2024, between Liberty Media Corporation and Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K12B filed on September 10, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).10.32Section 253 Agreement, dated as of November 1, 2021, between Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and Liberty Media Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 4, 2021 (File No. 001-34295)).*10.33Form of Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2024 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Form S-4 filed on July 19, 2024 (File No. 333-276758)).*10.34Form of Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Transitional Stock Adjustment Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Form S-4 filed on July 19, 2024 (File No. 333-276758)).19.1A Securities Trading Policy (filed herewith).21.1A List of Subsidiaries (filed herewith).23.1A Consent of KPMG LLP (filed herewith).31.1A Certificate of Jennifer C. Witz, Chief Executive Officer and Director, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).31.2A Certificate of Thomas D. Barry, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).32.1A Certificate of Jennifer C. Witz, Chief Executive Officer and Director, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).32.2A Certificate of Thomas D. Barry, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18A U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).72Table of ContentsExhibitDescription97.1A Incentive Compensation Clawback Policy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 97.1 to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.â€™s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 1, 2024 (File No. 001-34295)).101.1A The following financial information from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 formatted in Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language (Inline XBRL): (i)A Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022; (iii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023; (iv)A Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022; (v)A Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022; and (vi)A Consolidated Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.104.1A Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded within the Inline XBRL document and included in Exhibit 101.1)*This document has been identified as a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.**Pursuant to the Commissionâ€™s Orders Granting Confidential Treatment under Rule 406 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Rule 24(b)-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, certain confidential portions of this Exhibit were omitted by means of redacting a portion of the text.â€¦ Schedules have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The registrant hereby undertakes to furnish supplemental copies of any of the omitted schedules upon request by the Securities and Exchange Commission (â€œSECâ€¦) provided, however, that the registrant may request confidential treatment pursuant to Rule 24b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for any schedules so furnished.The agreements and other documents filed as exhibits to this report are not intended to provide factual information or other disclosure other than with respect to the terms of the agreements or other documents themselves, and you should not rely on them for any other purpose. In particular, any representations and warranties made by us in these agreements or other documents were made solely within the specific context of the relevant agreement or document and may not describe the actual state of affairs for any other purpose as of the date they were made or at any other time.73Table of ContentsSIGNATURESPursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.Dated:January 30, 2025By:/s/ ÃƒÃƒ THOMAS D. BARRYThomas D. BarryExecutive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer(Principal Financial Officer and Authorized Officer)74Table of ContentsPursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated. SignatureTitleDate/s/ÃƒÃƒ GREGORY B. MAFFEIChairman of the Board of Directors and DirectorJanuary 30, 2025(Gregory B. Maffei)/s/ÃƒÃƒ JAMES E. MEYERVice Chairman of the Board of Directors and DirectorJanuary 30, 2025(James E. Meyer)/s/ÃƒÃƒ JENNIFER C. WITZChief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)January 30, 2025(Jennifer C. Witz)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ THOMAS D. BARRYExecutive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)January 30, 2025(Thomas D. Barry)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ CARY KREFETZSenior Vice President and ControllerJanuary 30, 2025(Cary Krefetz)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ EDDY W. HARTENSTEINDirectorJanuary 30, 2025(Eddy W. Hartenstein)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ EVAN D. MALONEDirectorJanuary 30, 2025(Evan D. Malone)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ JONELLE PROCOPEDirectorJanuary 30, 2025(Jonelle Procope)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ MICHAEL RAPINODirectorJanuary 30, 2025(Michael Rapino)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ KRISTINA M. SALENIDirectorJanuary 30, 2025(Kristina M. Salen)/s/ÃƒÃƒ ÃƒÃƒ DAVID M. ZASLAVDirectorJanuary 30, 2025(David M. Zaslav)75Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESINDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTSReports of Independent Registered Public Accounting FirmF-2Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022F-5Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022F-6Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023F-7Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022F-8Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022F-10Notes to Consolidated Financial StatementsF-12F-1Table of ContentsReport of Independent Registered Public Accounting FirmTo the Stockholders and Board of DirectorsSirius XM Holdings Inc.:Opinion on the Consolidated Financial StatementsWe have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the threeâ€¦ year period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedule II (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the threeâ€¦ year period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Companyâ€™s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31,

2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated January 30, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Basis for Opinion These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matters The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate. Sufficiency of audit evidence over certain subscriber and advertising revenues As discussed in Notes 2 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements, and disclosed in the consolidated statements of operations, the Company generated \$8,699 million of revenues, of which \$6,076 million was Sirius XM subscriber revenue and \$1,606 million was Pandora advertising revenue, for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Company's accounting for these subscriber and advertising revenues involved multiple information technology (IT) systems. We identified the evaluation of the sufficiency of audit evidence related to Sirius XM subscriber and Pandora advertising revenue as a critical audit matter. Evaluating the sufficiency of audit evidence obtained required auditor judgment due to the number of IT applications used by the Company that involved IT professionals with specialized skills and knowledge. The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We applied auditor judgment to determine the nature and extent of procedures to be performed over subscriber and advertising revenues. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the Sirius XM subscriber and Pandora advertising revenue recognition processes. We involved IT professionals with specialized skills and knowledge, who assisted in testing certain IT application controls and general IT controls used by the Company in its revenue recognition processes and testing the interface of relevant revenue data between different IT systems used in the revenue recognition processes. For Sirius XM subscriber revenue we assessed the recorded revenue by comparing the total cash received during the year, adjusted for reconciling items, to the revenue recorded in the general ledger. For a sample of F-2 Table of Contents Pandora advertising revenues, we traced the recorded amounts to underlying source documents and system reports. We evaluated the sufficiency of audit evidence obtained by assessing the results of procedures performed, including the appropriateness of the nature and extent of such evidence. Valuation of goodwill in the Sirius XM reporting unit As discussed in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's goodwill balance for the Sirius XM reporting unit was \$11,431 million as of December 31, 2024. The Company performs goodwill impairment testing on an annual basis during the fourth quarter of each fiscal year and whenever events and changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of a reporting unit more likely than not exceeds its fair value. The Company identified events that indicated that it was more likely than not that the carrying value of the Sirius XM reporting unit exceeded its fair value. The Company estimated the fair value of the Sirius XM reporting unit using a combination of an income approach and a market approach. As a result, the Company recognized an impairment charge of \$2,819 million for the Sirius XM reporting unit goodwill. We identified the evaluation of the goodwill impairment assessment of the Sirius XM reporting unit as a critical audit matter. A high degree of subjective auditor judgment was required to evaluate certain assumptions used by the Company to estimate the fair value of the reporting unit. Specifically, the revenue growth rates, long-term growth rate, and the discount rate involved a higher degree of subjectivity. In addition, these key assumptions were challenging to test due to the sensitivity of the fair value to changes in these assumptions. The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the Company's goodwill impairment assessment process, including controls related to the key assumptions noted above. We performed sensitivity analyses to assess the impact of possible changes to the revenue growth rates, long-term growth rate and discount rate assumptions on the fair value of the Sirius XM reporting unit. We compared the Company's historical revenue forecasts to actual results to assess the Company's ability to accurately forecast revenues. We compared the Company's forecasted revenue growth rate assumptions to historical revenue growth rates, projected revenue growth rates for comparable companies, and other publicly available data, including third party market studies. In addition, we involved valuation professionals with specialized skills and knowledge, who assisted in evaluating the Company's long-term growth rate by comparing it to the long-term growth rate estimates that were independently observed using publicly available market data for the Company's industry as well as U.S. economic growth rates. Evaluating the Company's discount rate by comparing it to discount rates that were independently developed using publicly available market data for comparable companies. KPMG LLP We have served as the Company's auditor since 2008. New York, New York January 30, 2025

F-3 Table of Contents Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm To the Stockholders and Board of Directors Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting We have audited Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and subsidiaries' (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedule II (collectively, the consolidated financial statements), and our report dated January 30, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. Basis for Opinion The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB. We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. /s/ KPMG LLP New York, New York January 30, 2025

F-4 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS For the Years Ended December 31, (in millions, except per share data)

	2024	2023
Subscriber revenue	\$6,616	\$6,866
Advertising revenue	\$1,773	\$1,758
Other revenue	\$128	\$136
Total revenue	\$8,699	\$8,953
Operating expenses:		
Cost of services	\$2,835	\$2,895
Programming and content	\$1,114	\$1,188
Customer service and billing	\$448	\$476
Transmission	\$252	\$264
Cost of equipment	\$104	\$144
Subscriber acquisition costs	\$369	\$359
Sales and marketing	\$894	\$931
Product and technology	\$264	\$322
General and administrative	\$497	\$608
Depreciation and amortization	\$784	\$624
Impairment, restructuring and other costs	\$453	\$924
Total operating expenses	\$10,216	\$11,454
(Loss) income from operations	\$(1,517)	\$1,808
Other income (expense), net	\$191	\$191
Interest expense	\$(496)	\$(534)
Gain on extinguishment of debt	\$12	\$6
Other income (expense), net	\$368	\$(108)
Total noncontrolling interests	\$(410)	\$(201)
Net (loss) income attributable to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.	\$(1,665)	\$786
Basic per common share	\$(6.14)	\$2.91
Diluted per common share	\$(6.14)	\$2.77
Weighted average common shares outstanding	338.3	339.4
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	338.3	339.4

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. F-5 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the Years Ended December 31, (in millions)

	2024	2023																																																																
Net (loss) income	\$(2,075)	\$988																																																																
Credit risk on fair value debt instrument losses, net of tax	\$(27)	\$1																																																																
Recognition of previously unrecognized gains on debt, net of tax	\$(12)	\$(36)																																																																
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax	\$(14)	\$10																																																																
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$(2,128)	\$963																																																																
Less: comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$(410)	\$(201)																																																																
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Sirius XM Holdings Inc.	\$(1,718)	\$761																																																																
Accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. F-6 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in millions, except per share data) <table border="1"><thead><tr><th></th><th>December 31, 2024</th><th>December 31, 2023</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>ASSETS</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Cash and cash equivalents</td><td>\$162</td><td>\$306</td></tr><tr><td>Receivables</td><td>\$676</td><td>\$709</td></tr><tr><td>Related party receivables</td><td>\$214</td><td>\$364</td></tr><tr><td>Prepaid expenses and other current assets</td><td>\$290</td><td>\$310</td></tr><tr><td>Total current assets</td><td>\$1,494</td><td>\$1,361</td></tr><tr><td>Property and equipment, net</td><td>\$1,094</td><td>\$1,791</td></tr><tr><td>FCC licenses</td><td>\$8,610</td><td>\$8,600</td></tr><tr><td>Other intangible assets, net</td><td>\$1,579</td><td>\$1,710</td></tr><tr><td>Goodwill</td><td>\$12,390</td><td>\$15,209</td></tr><tr><td>Equity method investments</td><td>\$1,043</td><td>\$1,715</td></tr><tr><td>Other long-term assets</td><td>\$641</td><td>\$670</td></tr><tr><td>Total assets</td><td>\$27,521</td><td>\$30,056</td></tr><tr><td>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Current liabilities:</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Accounts payable and accrued expenses</td><td>\$1,284</td><td>\$1,303</td></tr><tr><td>Accrued interest</td><td>\$172</td><td>\$144</td></tr><tr><td>Current portion of deferred revenue</td><td>\$1,050</td><td>\$1,195</td></tr><tr><td>Current maturities of debt, including \$574 measured at fair value, respectively (Note 13)</td><td>\$614</td><td>\$1,079</td></tr><tr><td>Other current liabilities</td><td>\$484</td><td>\$924</td></tr><tr><td>Related party current liabilities</td><td>\$116</td><td>\$84</td></tr><tr><</tr></tbody></table>		December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	ASSETS			Cash and cash equivalents	\$162	\$306	Receivables	\$676	\$709	Related party receivables	\$214	\$364	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$290	\$310	Total current assets	\$1,494	\$1,361	Property and equipment, net	\$1,094	\$1,791	FCC licenses	\$8,610	\$8,600	Other intangible assets, net	\$1,579	\$1,710	Goodwill	\$12,390	\$15,209	Equity method investments	\$1,043	\$1,715	Other long-term assets	\$641	\$670	Total assets	\$27,521	\$30,056	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			Current liabilities:			Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$1,284	\$1,303	Accrued interest	\$172	\$144	Current portion of deferred revenue	\$1,050	\$1,195	Current maturities of debt, including \$574 measured at fair value, respectively (Note 13)	\$614	\$1,079	Other current liabilities	\$484	\$924	Related party current liabilities	\$116	\$84
	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023																																																																
ASSETS																																																																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$162	\$306																																																																
Receivables	\$676	\$709																																																																
Related party receivables	\$214	\$364																																																																
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$290	\$310																																																																
Total current assets	\$1,494	\$1,361																																																																
Property and equipment, net	\$1,094	\$1,791																																																																
FCC licenses	\$8,610	\$8,600																																																																
Other intangible assets, net	\$1,579	\$1,710																																																																
Goodwill	\$12,390	\$15,209																																																																
Equity method investments	\$1,043	\$1,715																																																																
Other long-term assets	\$641	\$670																																																																
Total assets	\$27,521	\$30,056																																																																
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY																																																																		
Current liabilities:																																																																		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$1,284	\$1,303																																																																
Accrued interest	\$172	\$144																																																																
Current portion of deferred revenue	\$1,050	\$1,195																																																																
Current maturities of debt, including \$574 measured at fair value, respectively (Note 13)	\$614	\$1,079																																																																
Other current liabilities	\$484	\$924																																																																
Related party current liabilities	\$116	\$84																																																																

63)3A Net cash used in investing activities(970,696)(493)Cash flows from financing activities:5A Taxes paid on net share settlements for stock-based compensation(44)(64)(147)Revolving credit facility borrowings2,105A 1,670A 2,300A Revolving credit facility repayments(2,105)(1,750)(2,220)Proceeds from long-term borrowings, net of costs1,100A 1,011A 600A Repayments of long-term borrowings(1,809)(2,032)(419)Settlement of intergroup interest\$A 273A 78A Common stock repurchased and retired(6)(274)(647)Dividends paid(143)(65)(249)Transactions with Parent, net (Note 14)\$A (1,043)Other financing activities, net(14)43A 23A Net cash used in financing activities(916)(1,188)(1,724)Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash(145)(55)(236)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period(1)315A 370A 606A Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period(1)170A \$315A \$370A See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.F-10Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIESCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - ContinuedFor the Years Ended December 31,(in millions)202420232022Supplemental Disclosure of Cash and Non-Cash Flow InformationCash paid during the period for:Interest, net of amounts capitalized\$473A \$507A \$487A Income taxes paid\$218A \$165A \$136A Non-cash investing and financing activities:Finance lease obligations incurred to acquire assets\$A \$8A \$14A Settlement of debt obligations incurred to acquire assets\$A \$61A \$A Tax equity investments\$722A \$A \$A (1)The following table reconciles cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash per the statement of cash flows to the balance sheet. The restricted cash balances are primarily due to letters of credit which have been issued to the landlords of leased office space. The terms of the letters of credit primarily extend beyond one year.As of December 31,(in millions)202420232022Cash and cash equivalents\$162A \$306A \$362A Restricted cash included in Other long-term assets\$8A 98ATotal cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period\$170A \$315A \$370A See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.F-11Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)(1)Business & Basis of PresentationLiberty Media TransactionsSirius XM Holdings Inc., the reporting company under this Annual Report on Form 10-K, is the product of a series of transactions that closed on Monday, September 9, 2024. On September 9, 2024 at 4:05 p.m., New York City time, Liberty Media Corporation (the Liberty Media or the Former Parent) completed its previously announced split-off (the Split-Off) of its former wholly owned subsidiary, Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (the SplitCo). The Split-Off was accomplished by Liberty Media redeeming each outstanding share of Liberty Media's Series A, Series B and Series C Liberty SiriusXM common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, in exchange for 0.8375 of a share of SplitCo common stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the Redemption), with cash being paid to entitled record holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock in lieu of any fractional shares of common stock of SplitCo. Following the Split-Off, on September 9, 2024 at 6:00 p.m., New York City time (the Merger Effective Time), a wholly owned subsidiary of SplitCo merged with and into Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (the Old Sirius), with Old Sirius surviving the merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of SplitCo (the Merger and together with the Split-Off, the Transactions). Upon consummation of the Merger, each share of common stock of Old Sirius, par value \$0.001 per share, issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Merger Effective Time (other than shares owned by SplitCo and its subsidiaries) was converted into one-tenth (0.1) of a share of SplitCo common stock, with cash being paid to entitled record holders of Old Sirius common stock in lieu of any fractional shares of common stock of SplitCo. At the Merger Effective Time, Old Sirius was renamed Sirius XM Inc. and SplitCo was renamed Sirius XM Holdings Inc. In connection with the Transactions and by operation of Rule 12g-3(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), SplitCo became the successor issuer to Old Sirius and succeeded to the attributes of Old Sirius as the registrant, including Old Sirius's Commission File Number and CIK number. The Transactions are intended to generally be tax-free to holders of Liberty SiriusXM common stock and Sirius XM Holdings common stock (except with respect to any cash received by such holders) and the completion of the Transactions was subject to various conditions, including the receipt of opinions of tax counsel. GeneralThe accompanying audited consolidated financial statements represent a combination of the historical financial information of Old Sirius and the assets and liabilities of SplitCo until the date of the Merger Effective Time. Although SplitCo was reported as a combined company until the Merger Effective Time, all periods reported herein are referred to as consolidated. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the audited consolidated financial statements. These consolidated financial statements refer to the combination of Old Sirius and the aforementioned assets and liabilities as Sirius XM Holdings, the Company, we, us, and our in these notes to the consolidated financial statements. Sirius XM refers to Sirius XM Holdings' wholly owned subsidiaries, Sirius XM Inc., Sirius XM Radio LLC and its subsidiaries other than Pandora. Pandora refers to Sirius XM's wholly owned subsidiary Pandora Media, LLC and its subsidiaries. The Split-Off is being accounted for at historical cost due to the pro rata nature of the distribution to holders of SplitCo common stock. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been derived from audited financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Public companies are required to disclose certain information about their reportable operating segments. Operating segments are defined as significant components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is available and is evaluated on a regular basis by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources to an individual segment and in assessing performance of the segment. We have determined that we have two reportable segments as our chief operating decision maker, who is the Chief Executive Officer of Sirius XM Holdings, assesses performance and allocates resources based on the financial results of these segments. Refer to Note 18 for information related to our segments.F-12Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)We have evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date and prior to the filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K and have determined that no events have occurred that would require adjustment to our audited consolidated financial statements. For a discussion of subsequent events that do not require adjustment to our consolidated financial statements refer to Note 19. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and footnotes. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment and available information. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. Significant estimates inherent in the preparation of the accompanying audited consolidated financial statements include asset impairment, fair value measurement of non-financial instruments, depreciable lives of our satellites, share-based payment expense and income taxes. BusinessSirius XM Holdings operates two complementary audio entertainment businesses - one of which it refers to as Sirius XM and the second of which it refers to as Pandora and Off-platform. Sirius XMThe Sirius XM business features music, sports, entertainment, comedy, talk, and news channels and other content, as well as podcasts and infotainment services, in the United States on a subscription fee basis. Sirius XM packages include live, curated and certain exclusive and on demand programming. The Sirius XM service is distributed through Sirius XM's two proprietary satellite radio systems and streamed via applications for mobile devices, home devices and other consumer electronic equipment. Satellite radios are primarily distributed through automakers, retailers and Sirius XM's website. The Sirius XM service is also available through an in-car user interface, called 360L, that combines Sirius XM's satellite and streaming services into a single, cohesive in-vehicle entertainment experience. The primary source of revenue from the Sirius XM business is subscription fees, with most of its customers subscribing to monthly or annual plans. Sirius XM also derives revenue from advertising on select non-music channels, which is sold under the Sirius XM Media brand, direct sales of satellite radios and accessories, and other ancillary services. As of December 31, 2024, the Sirius XM business had approximately 33.2 million subscribers. In addition to the audio entertainment businesses, Sirius XM Holdings provides connected vehicle services to several automakers. These services are designed to enhance the safety, security and driving experience of consumers. Sirius XM Holdings also offers a suite of data services that includes graphical weather and fuel prices, a traffic information service, and real-time weather services in boats and airplanes. Sirius XM holds a 70% equity interest and 33% voting interest in Sirius XM Canada Holdings Inc. (Sirius XM Canada). Sirius XM Canada's subscribers are not included in Sirius XM's subscriber count or subscriber-based operating metrics. Pandora and Off-platformThe Pandora and Off-platform business operates a music, comedy and podcast streaming discovery platform, offering a personalized experience for each listener wherever and whenever they want to listen, whether through mobile devices, vehicle speakers or connected devices. Pandora enables listeners to create personalized stations and playlists, discover new content, hear artist- and expert-curated playlists, podcasts as well as search and play songs and albums on-demand. Pandora is available as (1) an ad-supported radio service, (2) a radio subscription service (Pandora Plus) and (3) an on-demand subscription service (Pandora Premium). As of December 31, 2024, Pandora had approximately 5.8 million subscribers. The majority of revenue from Pandora is generated from advertising on Pandora's ad-supported radio service which is sold under the Sirius XM Media brand. Pandora also derives subscription revenue from its Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium subscribers. Sirius XM also sells advertising on other audio platforms and in widely distributed podcasts, which it considers to be off-platform services. Sirius XM has an arrangement with SoundCloud Holdings, LLC (SoundCloud) to be its exclusive ad sales representative in the US and certain European countries and offer advertisers the ability to execute campaigns across the Pandora and SoundCloud platforms. It also has arrangements to serve as the ad sales representative for certain podcasts. In addition, through AdWizz Inc., Sirius XM provides a comprehensive digital audio and programmatic advertising technology platform, which connects audio publishers and advertisers with a variety of ad insertion, campaign trafficking, yield optimization, programmatic buying, marketplace and podcast monetization solutions.F-13Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Effects of the TransactionsPrior to the closing of the Transactions, a portion of Liberty Media's general and administrative expenses, including certain legal, tax, accounting, treasury and investor relations support of \$15 and \$32 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were allocated to SplitCo and are included in General and administrative in the audited consolidated statements of operations. In addition, during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we incurred costs related to the Transactions of \$71 and \$16, respectively, which were recorded to Impairment, restructuring and other costs in our audited consolidated statements of operations. Following the closing of the Transactions, Liberty Media and Sirius XM Holdings operate as separate, publicly traded companies, and neither has any continuing stock ownership, beneficial or otherwise, in the other. In connection with the Transactions, Liberty Media and Sirius XM Holdings entered into certain agreements, including a tax sharing agreement, governing the relationship between the two companies. Refer to Note 17 for more information regarding the tax sharing agreement. ReclassificationCertain prior period amounts have been reclassified for comparability with the current year presentation.(2)Summary of Significant Accounting PoliciesIn addition to the significant accounting policies discussed in this Note 2, the following table includes our significant accounting policies that are described in other notes to our consolidated financial statements, including the number and page of the note: Significant Accounting Policy Note # Page # Acquisitions 3A F-19 Fair Value Measurements 4A F-19 Goodwill 8A F-21 Intangible Assets 9A F-22 Property and Equipment 10A F-24 Equity Method Investments 12A F-27 Share-Based Compensation 15A F-34 Legal Reserves 16A F-38 Income Taxes 17A F-41 Cash and Cash Equivalents Our cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, money market funds, certificates of deposit, in-transit credit card receipts and highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. Revenue Recognition Revenue is measured according to Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 606, Revenue - Revenue from Contracts with Customers, and is recognized based on consideration specified in a contract with a customer, and excludes any sales incentives and amounts collected on behalf of third parties. We recognize revenue when we satisfy a performance obligation by transferring control over a service or product to a customer. We report revenues net of any tax assessed by a governmental authority that is both imposed on, and concurrent with, a specific revenue-producing transaction between a seller and a customer in our consolidated statements of operations. Collected taxes are recorded within Other current liabilities until remitted to the relevant taxing authority. For equipment sales, we are responsible for arranging for shipping and handling. Shipping and handling costs billed to customers are recorded as revenue and are reported as a component of Cost of equipment. The following is a description of the principal activities from which we generate our revenue, including from self-pay and paid promotional subscribers, advertising, and sales of equipment. F-14Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Subscriber revenue consists primarily of subscription fees and other ancillary subscription based revenues. Revenue is recognized on a straight line basis when the performance obligations to provide each service for the period are satisfied, which is over time as our subscription services are continuously transmitted and can be consumed by customers at any time. Consumers purchasing or leasing a vehicle with a factory-installed satellite radio may receive between a three and twelve month subscription to our service. In certain cases, the subscription fees for these consumers are prepaid by the applicable automaker. Prepaid subscription fees received from automakers or directly from consumers are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized to revenue ratably over the service period which commences upon sale. Activation fees are recognized over one month as the activation fees are non-refundable and do not provide for a material right to the customer. There is no revenue recognized for unpaid trial subscriptions. In some cases we pay a loyalty fee to the automakers when we receive a certain amount of payments from self-pay customers acquired from that automaker. These fees are considered incremental costs to obtain a contract and are, therefore, recognized as an asset and amortized to Subscriber acquisition costs over an average subscriber life. Revenue share and loyalty fees paid to an automaker offering a paid trial are accounted for as a reduction of revenue as the payment does not provide a distinct good or service. Music royalty fee primarily consists of U.S. music royalty fees (MRF) collected from subscribers. The related costs we incur for the right to broadcast music and other programming are recorded as Revenue share and royalties expense. Fees received from subscribers for the MRF are recorded as deferred revenue and amortized to Subscriber revenue ratably over the service period. We recognize revenue from the sale of advertising as performance obligations are satisfied, which generally occurs as ads are delivered. For our satellite radio service, ads are delivered when they are aired. For our streaming services, ads are delivered primarily based on impressions. Agency fees are calculated based on a stated percentage applied to gross billing revenue for our advertising inventory and are reported as a reduction of advertising revenue. A Additionally, we pay certain third parties a percentage of advertising revenue. A Advertising revenue is recorded gross of such revenue share payments as we control the advertising service, including the ability to establish pricing, and we are primarily responsible for providing the service. A Advertising revenue share payments are recorded to Revenue share and royalties during the period in which the advertising is transmitted. Equipment revenue and royalties from the sale of satellite radios, components and accessories are recognized upon shipment, net of discounts and rebates. Shipping and handling costs billed to customers are recorded as revenue. A Shipping and handling costs associated with shipping goods to customers are reported as a component of Cost of equipment. Other revenue primarily includes revenue recognized from royalties received from Sirius XM Canada. Customers pay for the services in advance of the performance obligation and therefore these prepayments are recorded as deferred revenue. The deferred revenue is recognized as revenue in our consolidated statement of operations as the services are provided. Changes in the deferred revenue balance during the year ended December 31, 2024 were not materially impacted by other factors. As the majority of our contracts are one year or less, we have utilized the optional exemption under ASC 606-10-50-14 and do not disclose information about the remaining performance obligations for contracts which have original expected durations of one year or less. As of December 31, 2024, less than seven percent of our total deferred revenue balance related to contracts that extend beyond one year. These contracts primarily include prepaid data trials, which are typically provided for three to five years, and self-pay customers who prepay for their audio subscriptions for up to three years. These amounts are recognized on a straight-line basis as our services are provided. Revenue Share We share a portion of our subscription revenues earned from self-pay subscribers with certain automakers. A The terms of the revenue share agreements vary with

compensation. CopyrightsWe pay performance royalties to our Sirius XM and Pandora businesses to holders and rights administrators of musical compositions, including performing rights organizations and other copyright owners. These performance royalties are based on agreements with performing rights organizations which represent the holders of these performance rights. Our Sirius XM and Pandora businesses have arrangements with these performance rights organizations. Arrangements with Sirius XM generally include fixed payments during the term of the agreement and arrangements with Pandora for its ad-supported radio service have variable payments based on usage and ownership of a royalty pool. Pandora must also license reproduction rights, which are also referred to as mechanical rights, to offer the interactive features of the Pandora services. For our Pandora subscription services, copyright holders receive payments for these rights at the rates determined in accordance with the statutory license set forth in Section 115 of the United States Copyright Act. These mechanical royalties are calculated as the greater of a percentage of our revenue or a percentage of our payments to record labels. Sound Recording CopyrightsFor our non-interactive satellite radio or streaming services we may license sound recordings under direct licenses with the owners of sound recordings or based on the royalty rate established by the Copyright Royalty Board (â€œCRBâ€). For our Sirius XM business, the royalty rate for sound recordings has been set by the CRB. The revenue subject to royalty includes subscription revenue from our U.S. satellite digital audio radio subscribers, and advertising revenue from channels other than those channels that make only incidental performances of sound recordings. The rates and terms permit us to reduce the payment due each month for those sound recordings that are separately licensed and sound recordings that are directly licensed from copyright owners and exclude from our revenue certain other items, such as royalties paid to us for intellectual property, sales and use taxes, bad debt expense and generally revenue attributable to areas of our business that do not involve the use of copyrighted sound recordings. For our Pandora business, we have entered into direct license agreements with major and independent music labels and distributors for a significant majority of the sound recordings that stream on the Pandora ad-supported service, Pandora Plus and Pandora Premium. For sound recordings that we stream and for which we have not entered into a direct license agreement with the sound recording rights holders, the sound recordings are streamed pursuant to the statutory royalty rates set by the CRB. Pandora pays royalties to owners of sound recordings on either a per-performance fee, based on the number of sound recordings transmitted, or a percentage of revenue associated with the applicable service. Certain of these agreements also require Pandora to pay a per-subscriber minimum amount. Programming CostsProgramming costs which are for a specified number of events are amortized on an event-by-event basis; programming costs which are for a specified season or include programming through a dedicated channel are amortized over the season or period on a straight-line basis. We allocate a portion of certain programming costs which are related to sponsorship and marketing activities to Sales and marketing expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement. F-16Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Advertising CostsMedia is expensed when aired and advertising production costs are expensed as incurred.Â Advertising production costs include expenses related to marketing and retention activities, including expenses related to direct mail, outbound telemarketing and email communications.Â We also incur advertising production costs related to cooperative marketing and promotional events and sponsorships.Â During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recorded advertising costs of \$374, \$421 and \$513, respectively.Â These costs are reflected in Sales and marketing expense in our audited consolidated statements of operations. Subscriber Acquisition CostsSubscriber acquisition costs consist of costs incurred to acquire new subscribers which include hardware subsidies paid to radio manufacturers, distributors and automakers, including subsidies paid to automakers who include a satellite radio and a prepaid subscription to our service in the sale or lease price of a new vehicle; subsidies paid for chipsets and certain other components used in manufacturing radios; device royalties for certain radios and chipsets; commissions paid to retailers and automakers as incentives to purchase, install and activate radios; product warranty obligations; freight; and provisions for inventory allowance attributable to inventory consumed in our automotive and retail distribution channels.Â A Subscriber acquisition costs do not include advertising costs, loyalty payments to distributors and dealers of radios and revenue share payments to automakers and retailers of radios. Subsidies paid to radio manufacturers and automakers are expensed upon installation, shipment, receipt of product or activation and are included in Subscriber acquisition costs because we are responsible for providing the service to the customers.Â A Commissions paid to retailers and automakers are expensed upon either the sale or activation of radios.Â A Chipsets that are shipped to radio manufacturers and held on consignment are recorded as inventory and expensed as Subscriber acquisition costs when placed into production by radio manufacturers.Â A Costs for chipsets are expensed as Subscriber acquisition costs when the automaker confirms receipt. ResearchÂ & Development CostsResearch and development costs are expensed as incurred and primarily include the cost of new product development, chipset design, software development and engineering.Â A During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recorded research and development costs of \$252, \$276 and \$246, respectively.Â A These costs are reported as a component of Product and technology expense in our audited consolidated statements of operations. Recent Accounting PronouncementsAccounting Standard Update (â€œASUâ€) 2023-09, Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures (â€œASU 2023-09â€). In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (â€œFASBâ€) issued ASU 2023-09, which requires more detailed income tax disclosures. The guidance requires entities to disclose disaggregated information about their effective tax rate reconciliation as well as expanded information on income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The disclosure requirements will be applied on a prospective basis, with the option to apply them retrospectively. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. We are evaluating the disclosure requirements related to the new standard.ASU 2024-03, Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense Disaggregation Disclosures. In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, which requires public business entities to disclose, on an annual and interim basis, disaggregated information about certain income statement expense line items in the notes to the financial statements. Public business entities are required to apply the guidance prospectively and may elect to apply it retrospectively. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2027. We are currently evaluating the effect of adopting this new accounting guidance.ASU 2024-04, Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20): Induced Conversions of Convertible Debt Instruments. In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-04, which clarifies the requirements for determining whether certain settlements of convertible debt instruments should be accounted for as induced conversions rather than as debt extinguishments. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2025, including interim periods within those fiscal years, though early adoption is permitted. We do not expect this update to have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.F-17Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Recently Adopted Accounting PoliciesIn March 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-02, Accounting for Investments in Tax Credit Structures Using the Proportional Amortization Method, which expands the population of investments for which an investor may elect to apply the proportional amortization method. Under this ASU, an investor in a tax equity investment may elect the proportional amortization method for qualifying investments on a tax credit program-by-program basis. We adopted ASU 2023-02 as of January 1, 2024 using the modified retrospective approach.Adoption of the new standard resulted in the recording of additional equity method investments. Related party current liabilities, Other Long-term liabilities, Deferred tax liabilities and a cumulative effect adjustment to opening retained earnings. The effects of the changes made to our audited consolidated balance sheet as of January 1, 2024 for the adoption of ASU 2023-02 are included in the table below.Balance at December 31, 2023Adjustments Due to ASU 2023-02Balance at January 1, 2024Balance SheetEquity method investments\$715Â \$122Â \$837Â Related party current liabilities\$8Â \$15Â \$23Â Other long-term liabilities\$428Â \$109Â \$537Â Deferred tax liabilities\$2,414Â \$(3)\$2,411Â Retained earnings\$15,353Â \$1Â \$15,354Â Accounting Standard Update 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures (â€œASU 2023-07â€). In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through additional disclosures about significant segment expenses. The standard was effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. We adopted this ASU for the annual period ended December 31, 2024 and the amendments have been applied retrospectively to all prior periods presented in the financial statements by expanding the disclosure of expenses included in our segment measures of profitability. Refer to our segments disclosure in Note 18 for more information. (3)Net (Loss) Income per ShareBasic net (loss) income per common share is calculated by dividing the (loss) income available to common stockholders by the weighted average common shares outstanding during each reporting period.Â A Diluted net (loss) income per common share adjusts the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the potential dilution that could occur if common stock equivalents (stock options, restricted stock units and convertible debt) were exercised or converted into common stock, calculated using the treasury stock method. We had no participating securities during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.In calculating basic net (loss) income per common share, we used 339 and 347 common shares for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which was the weighted average number of shares of Liberty Media's Series A, Series B, and Series C Liberty SiriusXM common stock and Old Sirius's common stock as converted by the Redemption and Merger exchange ratios, respectively, as no SplitCo shares were outstanding during that period. In calculating diluted net (loss) income per common share, we used 362 and 368 of diluted common shares for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which was the weighted average number of shares of Liberty Media's Series A, Series B, and Series C Liberty SiriusXM common stock and Old Sirius's common stock adjusted for the impact of dilutive instruments as converted by the Redemption and Merger exchange ratios, respectively, as no SplitCo shares were outstanding during that period.Common stock equivalents of 47, 37 and 30 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per common share as the effect would have been anti-dilutive. F-18Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Â For the Years Ended December 31, 202420232022Numerator:Net (loss) income available to common stockholders for basic net (loss) income per common share\$(1,665)\$786Â \$908Â Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest(410)202Â 210Â Total net (loss) income(2,075)988Â 1,118Â Effect of assumed conversions of convertible notes, net of taxâ€Â \$13Â (27)Net (loss) income available to common stockholders for dilutive net (loss) income per common share(2,075)\$1,001Â \$1,091Â Denominator:Â Weighted average common shares outstanding for basic net (loss) income per common share338Â 339Â 347Â Weighted average impact of assumed convertible and exchangeable notesâ€Â \$21Â 17Â Weighted average impact of dilutive equity instrumentsâ€Â \$2Â 4Â 4Â Weighted average shares for diluted net (loss) income per common share338Â 362Â 368Â Net (loss) income per common share:Â Basicâ€(6.14)\$2.91Â \$3.22Â Dilutedâ€(6.14)\$2.77Â \$2.96Â (4)Acquisitions On May 20, 2022, we completed an acquisition for total cash consideration of \$93. We recognized goodwill of \$69, indefinite-lived intangible assets of \$1 and other assets of \$23. The other assets represent acquired content which will be amortized over its estimated useful life to Programming and content in our audited consolidated statements of operations. On January 12, 2022, we completed an acquisition for total cash consideration of \$43. We recognized goodwill of \$29, other definite-lived intangible assets of \$19 and liabilities of \$4. There were no acquisition related costs recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Acquisition related costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$2.(5)Fair Value MeasurementsThe fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in an orderly transaction between market participants. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and accounts payable approximated fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. Due to the variable rate nature of the Credit Facility (including the Incremental Term Loan) and Margin Loan, each as defined in Note 13, we believe that the carrying amount approximated fair value at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Accounting Standards Codification (â€œASCâ€) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, establishes a fair value hierarchy for input into valuation techniques as follows:i.Level 1 input: unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical instrument; ii.Level 2 input: observable market data for the same or similar instrument but not Level 1, including quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and iii.Level 3 input: unobservable inputs developed using management's assumptions about the inputs used for pricing the asset or liability. F-19Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Our assets and liabilities measured at fair value were as follows:Â December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Â Level 1Level 2Level 3TotalÂ Fair ValueLevel 1Level 2Level 3TotalÂ Fair ValueCash equivalents\$1Â \$â€Â \$1Â \$266Â \$â€Â \$â€Â \$266Â Financial instruments(â€\$60Â \$â€Â \$â€Â \$60Â \$53Â \$â€Â \$â€Â \$594Â \$â€Â \$1,262Â \$â€Â \$1,262Â (a)Level 1 financial instrument assets are comprised of our deferred compensation plan assets. Refer to Note 15 for additional discussion.(b)The fair values of the Exchangeable Notes and Convertible Notes are based on quoted market prices but are not considered to be traded on â€œactive markets,â€ as defined by GAAP. Refer to Note 13 for additional discussion related to our debt.Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Financial Instruments, netRealized and unrealized gains (losses) on financial instruments, net, are comprised of changes in the fair value of the following and are included in Other income, net, on the audited consolidated statements of operations:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022Equity securities\$â€Â \$ (15)\$â€Â \$ Debt measured at fair value (a)115Â (5)329Â Change in fair value of bond hedgesâ€Â (114)(236)Otherâ€Â \$ 8Â (10)Total\$115Â \$ (126)\$83Â (a)We elected to account for the Exchangeable Notes and Convertible Notes using the fair value option. The Exchangeable Notes and the Convertible Notes were the obligations of Sirius XM Holdings. Sirius XM was not an obligor or guarantor of either the Exchangeable Notes of the Convertible Notes. Changes in the fair value of the Exchangeable Notes and Convertible Notes recognized in the audited consolidated statements of operations are primarily due to market factors primarily driven by changes in the fair value of the underlying shares into which the debt is exchangeable or convertible. We isolate the portion of the unrealized gain (loss) attributable to changes in the instrument specific credit risk and recognizes such amount in our comprehensive earnings (loss). The change in the fair value of the Exchangeable Notes and Convertible Notes attributable to changes in the instrument specific credit risk was a loss of \$27, loss of \$6

receivables as we have historically not experienced any significant collection issues with automakers or other third parties and do not expect issues in the foreseeable future. Receivables, net, consists of the following: A December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Gross customer accounts receivable\$606Á \$631Á Allowance for doubtful accounts(10)(15)Customer accounts receivable, net\$596Á \$616Á Receivables from distributors56Á 56Á Other receivables24Á 37Á Total receivables, net\$676Á \$709Á (8)GoodwillGoodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair value of the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets acquired in business combinations. Our annual impairment assessment of our two reporting units is performed as of the fourth quarter of each year, and an assessment is performed at other times if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. ASC 350, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other, states that an entity should perform its annual or interim goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value. In connection with the close of the Transactions our market capitalization sustained a decrease during the third quarter of 2024 and we concluded that, in accordance with ASC 350, a triggering event occurred indicating that a potential impairment exists, which required us to conduct an interim test of the fair value of the goodwill for the Sirius XM and Pandora and Off-platform reporting units. In accordance with ASC 350, we performed a quantitative goodwill impairment test and determined the fair value of our reporting units using a combination of an income approach, employing a discounted cash flow model, and a market approach, employing a guideline public company approach. The discounted cash flow model, which estimates fair value based on the present value of future cash flows, requires us to make various assumptions regarding the timing and amount of these cash flows, including growth rates, operating margins and capital expenditures for a projection period, plus the terminal value of the business at the end of the projection period. The terminal value is estimated using a long-term growth rate, which is based on expected trends and projections. A discount rate is determined for the reporting unit based on the risks of achieving the future cash flows, including risks applicable to the industry and market as a whole, as well as the capital structure of F-21Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)comparable entities. The results of our goodwill impairment test indicated that the estimated fair value of the Pandora reporting unit exceeded its carrying amount, whereas the carrying amount of the Sirius XM reporting unit exceeded its estimated fair value. As a result, we recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$2,819 during 2024 to write down the carrying amount of the Sirius XM goodwill in the Impairment, restructuring and other costs line item in our audited consolidated statements of operations. As of December 31, 2024, the cumulative balance of goodwill impairments recorded was \$3,775, \$2,819 of which was recognized during 2024 and is included in the carrying amount of the goodwill allocated to our Sirius XM reporting unit and \$956 of which was recognized during the year ended December 31, 2020 and is included in the carrying amount of the goodwill allocated to our Pandora and Off-platform reporting unit. As of December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of goodwill for our Sirius XM and Pandora and Off-platform reporting units was \$11,431 and \$959, respectively, and as of December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of goodwill for our Sirius XM and Pandora and Off-platform reporting units was \$14,250 and \$959, respectively. No impairment losses were recorded for goodwill during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.Refer to the table below for our goodwill activity for the years ended December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.Sirius XMPandora and Off-platformTotalBalance at January 1, 2023\$14,250Á \$959Á \$15,209Á AcquisitionÁ \$Á Á Á Á Impairment(2,819)Á \$ (2,819)Balance at December 31, 2024\$11,431Á \$959Á \$12,390Á (9)Intangible AssetsOur intangible assets include the following: Á Á December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Á WeightedAverageUsefulÁ LivesGrossCarryingValueAccumulated AmortizationNetÁ CarryingValueGrossCarryingValueAccumulated AmortizationNetÁ CarryingValueRecorded to Sirius XM Reporting Unit:Indefinite life intangible assets:Á Á Á Á Á Á FCC licensesIndefinite\$8,610Á \$Á Á \$8,610Á \$8,600Á \$Á Á \$8,600Á TrademarksIndefinite930Á \$Á Á \$930Á \$930Á \$Á Á \$930Á Definite life intangible assets:Á Á Á Á Á Á Customer relationships15 years570Á (456)114Á 570Á (418)152Á OEM relationships15 years220Á (164)56Á 220Á (149)71Á Licensing agreements15 years285Á (245)40Á 285Á (228)57Á Software and technology7 years28Á (23)5Á 28Á (22)6Á Due to Acquisitions recorded to Pandora and Off-platform Reporting Unit:Indefinite life intangible assets:TrademarksIndefinite312Á \$Á Á \$312Á 312Á \$Á Á \$312Á Definite life intangible assets:Customer relationships8 years442Á (331)111Á 442Á (279)163Á Software and technology5 years391Á (380)11Á 391Á (372)19Á Total intangible assets\$11,788Á \$(1,599)\$10,189Á \$11,778Á \$(1,468)\$10,310Á F-22Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Indefinite Life Intangible AssetsWe have identified our Federal Communications Commission (ÁÁÁ FCCÁÁ) licenses and XM and Pandora trademarks as indefinite life intangible assets after considering the expected use of the assets, the regulatory and economic environment within which they are used and the effects of obsolescence on their use.We hold FCC licenses to operate our satellite digital audio radio service and provide ancillary services. Each of the FCC licenses authorizes us to use radio spectrum, a reusable resource that does not deplete or exhaust over time. Our annual impairment assessment of our identifiable indefinite lived intangible assets is performed as of the fourth quarter of each year. An assessment is performed at other times if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the asset below its carrying value. If the carrying value of the intangible assets exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. As a result of the Sirius XM goodwill impairment discussed in Note 8, we evaluated our FCC licenses, Sirius XM trademark, and Pandora trademark for impairment using a quantitative assessment during the quarter ended September 30, 2024. The results of the assessment indicated that the estimated fair values for these indefinite-lived assets exceeded their carrying values and no impairment loss was recognized for intangible assets with indefinite lives during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022. Definite Life Intangible AssetsDefinite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their respective estimated useful lives to their estimated residual values, in a pattern that reflects when the economic benefits will be consumed, and are reviewed for impairment under the provisions of ASC 360-10-35, Property, Plant and Equipment/Overall/Subsequent Measurement. We review intangible assets subject to amortization for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If the sum of the expected cash flows, undiscounted and without interest, is less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its fair value.Amortization expense for all definite life intangible assets was \$133, \$199 and \$212 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. There were no retirements or impairments of definite lived intangible assets during the year ended December 31, 2024. There were retirements of definite lived intangible assets of \$44 and we recognized a related impairment loss of \$1 during year ended December 31, 2023. There were no retirements or impairments of definite lived intangible assets during the year ended December 31, 2022.The expected amortization expense for each of the fiscal years 2027 through 2029 and for periods thereafter is as follows:Years ending December 31,Amount2025\$124Á 2026123Á 202775Á 202815Á 20299Á Á ThereafterÁ Á Total definite life intangible assets, net\$337Á F-23Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)(10)Property and EquipmentProperty and equipment, including satellites, are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Equipment under leases is stated at the present value of minimum lease payments. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful life of the asset:Satellite system15yearsCapitalized software and hardware2-7 yearsOther (a)3-30 years(a) Á Á Á Á Á Á Includes leasehold improvements which are depreciated over the lesser of useful life or remaining lease term. We review long-lived assets, such as property and equipment, for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to the estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds the estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized in an amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value of the asset. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we retired property and equipment of \$25, and recorded related impairment charges of \$1 primarily related to terminated software projects. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we retired property and equipment of \$289 primarily related to the retirement of our XM-4 satellite and recorded related impairment charges of \$14 primarily related to terminated software projects. During the year ended December 31, 2022, we recorded impairment charges of \$48 related to the write off of terminated software projects and fixed assets in connection with furniture and equipment located at impaired office spaces. Refer to the Note 6 for more information.Property and equipment, net, consists of the following: Á December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Satellite systems1,598Á 1,598Á Capitalized software and hardware2,429Á 2,178Á Construction in progress988Á 538Á Other718Á 627Á Total property and equipment5,733Á 4,941Á Accumulated depreciation(3,624)(3,150)Property and equipment, net\$2,109Á \$1,791Á Construction in progress consists of the following: Á December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Satellite system\$751Á \$490Á Capitalized software and hardware197Á 174Á Other40Á 31Á Construction in progress\$988Á \$538Á Depreciation and amortization expense on property and equipment was \$445, \$425 and \$399 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. In addition to the property and equipment impaired above, we sold real estate during the year ended December 31, 2022 for net proceeds of \$15 resulting in a gain of \$4 which has been recorded to Impairment, restructuring and acquisition costs line item in our audited consolidated statements of operations. We capitalize a portion of the interest on funds borrowed to finance the construction and launch of our satellites. Capitalized interest is recorded as part of the asset's cost and depreciated over the satellite's useful life. Capitalized interest costs were \$27, \$16 and \$5 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which related to the F-24Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)construction of our SXM-9, SXM-10, SXM-11 and SXM-12 satellites. We also capitalize a portion of share-based compensation related to employee time for capitalized software projects. Capitalized share-based compensation costs were \$28, \$18 and \$16 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. SatellitesAs of December 31, 2024, we operated a fleet of five satellites. Á Á Each satellite requires an FCC license, and prior to the expiration of each license, we are required to apply for a renewal of the FCC satellite license. Á Á The renewal and extension of our licenses is reasonably certain at minimal cost, which is expensed as incurred. The chart below provides certain information on our satellites as of December 31, 2024:Satellite DescriptionYearÁ DeliveredEstimated End ofDepreciable LifeFCC License Expiration YearSIRIUS FM-5200920242025SIRIUS FM-6201320282030XM-3200520202026XM-5201020252026SXM-8202120362029On December 5, 2024, our SXM-9 satellite was successfully launched and has completed in-orbit testing. Our SXM-9 satellite will replace our SXM-8 satellite in the XM constellation, with SXM-8 becoming an in-orbit spare.During 2023, we removed our XM-4 satellite from service and in October 2023 we completed the de-orbiting and decommissioning of the satellite. Our XM-3 satellite remains available as an in-orbit spare. (11)Leases We have operating and finance leases for offices, terrestrial repeaters, data centers and certain equipment. Our leases have remaining lease terms of less than 1 year to 19 years, some of which may include options to extend the leases for up to 5 years, and some of which may include options to terminate the leases within 1 year. We elected the practical expedient to account for the lease and non-lease components as a single component. Additionally, we elected the practical expedient to not recognize right-of-use assets or lease liabilities for short-term leases, which are those leases with a term of twelve months or less at the lease commencement date. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we ceased using certain leased locations and recorded an impairment charge of \$8, \$12 and \$16, respectively, to write down the carrying value of the right-of-use assets for these locations to their estimated fair values. Refer to Note 5 for additional information. The components of lease expense were as follows: For the Years Ended December 31,20242023Operating lease cost\$61Á \$61Á Finance lease cost6Á 5Á Sublease income(3)(3)Total lease cost\$64Á \$63Á F-25Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows: For the Years Ended December 31,20242023Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:Operating cash flows from operating leases\$62Á \$77Á Financing cash flows from finance leases\$5Á \$5Á Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:Operating leases\$16Á \$16Á Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows: December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Operating LeasesOperating lease right-of-use assets\$27Á \$279Á Operating lease current liabilities48Á 46Á Operating lease liabilities291Á 292Á Total operating lease liabilities\$339Á \$338Á December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Finance LeasesProperty and equipment, gross\$35Á \$33Á Accumulated depreciation(19)(12)Property and equipment, net\$16Á \$21Á Current maturities of debt\$6Á \$5Á Long-term debt\$5Á 10Á Total finance lease liabilities\$11Á \$15Á December 31, 2024December 31, 2023Weighted Average Remaining Lease TermOperating leases8 years7 yearsFinance leases2 years3 yearsDecember 31, 2024December 31, 2023Weighted Average Discount RateOperating leases5.2Á %5.2Á %Finance leases2.4Á %2.3Á %F-26Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Maturities of lease liabilities were as follows: Operating LeasesFinance LeasesYear ending December 31,2025\$63Á \$5Á 202667Á 5Á 202763Á 1Á 202855Á \$Á Á 202953Á \$Á Á Thereafter115Á \$Á Á Total future minimum lease payments416Á 11Á Less imputed interest(77)Á \$Á Á Totals\$339Á \$11Á (12)Related Party TransactionsÁ In the normal course of business, we enter into transactions with our equity method investments (tax equity investments, Sirius XM Canada and SoundCloud) and our Former Parent which are considered related party transactions.Tax Equity InvestmentsWe have entered into certain tax-effective clean energy technology investments. We invested \$244 and \$50 during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, in these clean energy projects. As of January 1, 2024, we adopted ASU 2023-02 using the modified retrospective approach and have accounted for these investments using the proportional amortization method. The unamortized investment balance as of December 31, 2024 was \$881 and was recorded to Equity method investments in our audited consolidated balance sheets. Under the proportional amortization method, the investment balance will be amortized over the term of the investments based on the current period income tax benefits as a proportion to the total expected income tax benefits. We also recorded liabilities of \$735 related to future contractual payments and contingent payments which we determined to be probable, of which \$88 is recorded in Related party current liabilities and the balance is recorded in Other long-term liabilities in our audited consolidated balance sheets.Sirius XM CanadaSirius XM holds a 70% equity interest and 33% voting interest in Sirius XM Canada, a privately held corporation. We own 591 shares of preferred stock of Sirius XM Canada, which has a liquidation preference of one Canadian dollar per share. Sirius XM Canada is accounted for as an equity method investment, and its results are not consolidated in our audited consolidated financial statements. Sirius XM Canada does not meet the requirements for consolidation as we do not have the ability to direct the most significant activities that impact Sirius XM Canada's economic performance.On March 15, 2022, Sirius XM and Sirius XM Canada entered into an amended and restated services and distribution agreement. Pursuant to the amended and restated services and distribution agreement, the fee payable by Sirius XM Canada to Sirius XM was modified from a fixed percentage of revenue to a variable fee, based on a target operating profit for Sirius XM Canada. Such variable fee is expected to be evaluated annually based on comparable companies. In accordance with the amended and restated services and distribution agreement, the fee is payable on a monthly basis, in arrears, beginning January 1, 2022.During the year ended December 31, 2024, we evaluated our investment in Sirius XM Canada for impairment and determined that the carrying value of our equity method investment exceeded its fair value. We performed a quantitative impairment test and determined the fair value of our investment using a combination of an income approach, employing a discounted cash flow model, and a market approach, employing a guideline public company approach. The discounted cash flow model relies on making assumptions, such as expected growth in profitability and discount rate, which we believe are appropriate. As a result, we recorded an impairment of our equity method investment in Sirius XM Canada of \$500. This loss F-27Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)from impairment was included in Impairment, restructuring and other costs within our audited consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2024.Our Equity method investments as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 included the carrying value of our investment balance in Sirius XM Canada of \$89 and \$604, respectively, and, as of each of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, also included \$7 and \$8, respectively, for the long-term value of the outstanding loan to Sirius XM Canada. We recorded revenue from Sirius XM Canada as Other revenue in our audited consolidated statements of operations of \$99, \$104 and \$111 during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.SoundCloudIn February 2020, we completed a \$75 investment in Series G Membership Units of SoundCloud. The Series G Units are convertible at the option of the holders at any time into shares of ordinary membership units of SoundCloud at a ratio of one ordinary membership unit for each Series G Unit. The investment in SoundCloud is accounted for as an equity method investment as we do not have the ability to direct the most significant activities that impact SoundCloud's economic performance.Our investment in SoundCloud is recorded in Equity method investments in our audited consolidated balance sheets. Sirius XM has appointed two individuals to serve on SoundCloud's ten-member board of managers.In addition to our investment in SoundCloud, Pandora has an agreement with

SoundCloud to be its exclusive ad sales representative in the US and certain European countries. Through this arrangement, Pandora offers advertisers the ability to execute campaigns across the Pandora and SoundCloud platforms. We recorded revenue share expense related to this agreement of \$59, \$54 and \$55 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. We also had related party liabilities of \$20 as of each of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, related to this agreement. Former Parent Liberty Media has one of its advisors and one of its directors on our board of directors. Gregory B. Maffei, an advisor to Liberty Media, is the Chairman of our board of directors. Sirius XM Holdings Inc. is the product of a series of transactions that closed on Monday, September 9, 2024 with its Former Parent. Refer to Note 1 for additional information regarding the Transactions. In connection with the Transactions, we entered into several agreements with Liberty Media and its subsidiaries, including a Reorganization Agreement, an Agreement and Plan of Merger and a new Tax Sharing Agreement. Refer to Note 17 for more information regarding the Tax Sharing Agreement.

F-28 Table of Contents
SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)
(13) DebtOur debt as of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 consisted of the following: A Principal Amount at Carrying value (a) at Issuer / Borrower Issued Debt Maturity Date Interest Payable December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023
Sirius XM Holdings notes and loans: Sirius XM Holdings (b) March 2023 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes March 15, 2028 Semi-annually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 \$575.4 \$594.4 \$688.4
Sirius XM Holdings (b) November 2019 2.75% Exchangeable Senior Debentures December 1, 2049 quarterly in arrears on March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1 \$574.4 \$574.4
Sirius XM Holdings Various Margin Loan Various (a) \$695.4 Sirius XM notes and loans: Sirius XM (c) April 2022 Incremental Term Loan April 11, 2024 variable fee paid monthly \$500.4
Sirius XM (c) September 2024 Incremental Term Loan September 9, 2027 variable fee paid quarterly 1.0864 \$695.4 Sirius XM December 2012 Senior Secured Revolving Credit Facility (the "Credit Facility") August 31, 2026 variable fee paid quarterly \$500.4 Sirius XM (c) August 2021 1.25% Senior Notes September 1, 2026 semi-annually on March 1 and September 15, 2028
\$964.9 Sirius XM (c) July 2015 5.00% Senior Notes August 1, 2027 semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 \$500.4 \$495.4 \$494.4
Sirius XM (c) June 2014 20.00% Senior Notes July 15, 2028 semi-annually on January 15 and July 15 2024 1.9884 \$1,988.4
Sirius XM (c) June 2019 5.500% Senior Notes July 1, 2029 semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 2024 1.2434 \$1,241.4
Sirius XM (c) June 2020 1.25% Senior Notes July 1, 2030 semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 2024 1.4904 \$1,488.4
Sirius XM (c) August 2021 3.875% Senior Notes September 1, 2031 semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 2024 1.5004 \$1,488.4
Sirius XM Various Finance leases Various n/a n/a 11.15A Total debt 10,391.1 \$1,161.1
Less: total current maturities 61A \$1,079.4
Less: total deferred financing costs, net 16A \$9A
Total long-term debt 10,314A \$1,073A
(a) The carrying value of the obligations is net of any remaining unamortized original issue discount except for the debt measured at fair value noted in (b) below. (b) Measured at fair value. (c) On September 3, 2024, Sirius XM added a parent guarantee from Sirius XM Inc. to each series of Sirius XM notes in connection with the conversion of Sirius XM into a Delaware limited liability company. All material domestic subsidiaries, including Pandora and its subsidiaries, that guarantee the Credit Facility have guaranteed the Incremental Term Loan and these notes.

F-29 Table of Contents
SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued
(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)
Sirius XM Holdings notes and loans: 3.75% Convertible Senior Notes due 2028 On March 10, 2023, Liberty Media issued \$575 aggregate principal amount of its 3.75% convertible notes due 2028 (the "Convertible Notes"). In connection with the Transactions, we assumed all of the obligations of Liberty Media under the indenture governing the Convertible Notes and the Convertible Notes. The Convertible Notes accrue interest at a rate of 3.75% per annum and mature on March 15, 2028. As of December 31, 2024, the conversion rate for the Convertible Notes was 29.9941 shares (not in millions) of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount (not in millions) of Convertible Notes, equivalent to a conversion price of approximately \$33.34 per share of our common stock (not in millions). Holders of the Convertible Notes may convert their Convertible Notes, in integral multiples of \$1,000 principal amount, at their option, under the following circumstances: (i) during any calendar quarter (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of our common stock for at least 20 trading days in the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is equal to or more than 130% of the conversion price of the Convertible Notes on the last day of such preceding calendar quarter; (ii) during the five business-day period after any five consecutive trading-day period (the "Measurement Period"), in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of Convertible Notes for each trading day of that Measurement Period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the applicable conversion rate for the Convertible Notes on each such trading day; (iii) if the Company calls the Convertible Notes for redemption, at any time prior to the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the redemption date, but only with respect to the Convertible Notes called (or deemed called) for redemption; or (iv) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events described in the Convertible Notes Indenture. In addition, holders may convert their Convertible Notes at their option at any time on or after December 15, 2027 and ending on the close of business on the second scheduled trading day immediately preceding the stated maturity date for the Convertible Notes, without regard to the foregoing circumstances. Upon a conversion of the Convertible Notes, we may elect to pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. We elected to account for the Convertible Notes using the fair value option. See Note 5 for information related to unrealized gains (losses) on debt measured at fair value. 2.75% Exchangeable Senior Debentures due 2049 On November 26, 2019, Liberty Media issued approximately \$604 aggregate principal amount of its 2.75% exchangeable senior debentures due 2049 (the "Exchangeable Notes"). In connection with the Transactions, Liberty Media transferred and assigned its rights and liabilities as obligor and maker of the Exchangeable Notes and its obligations under the indenture governing the Exchangeable Notes to us. Pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Exchangeable Notes and as a result of the Transactions, certain holders of the Exchangeable Notes exercised their right to require us to repurchase their Exchangeable Notes. During the three months ended December 31, 2024, we repurchased or redeemed the remaining \$604 original principal amount (\$585 adjusted principal amount) of Exchangeable Notes with cash for an aggregate purchase price of \$589. We elected to account for the Exchangeable Notes using the fair value option. See Note 5 for information related to unrealized gains (losses) on debt measured at fair value. As a result of the repurchases and redemption, we recognized a gain on extinguishment of \$12 in our audited consolidated statements of operations. Margin Loan In February 2021, Liberty Siri Margin Co, LLC (the "Siri Margin Co"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of SplitCo which merged with and into SplitCo following the Transactions, borrowed \$125 pursuant to an amendment to its margin loan agreement secured by shares of our common stock (the "Margin Loan") that was comprised of an \$875 term loan and an \$875 revolving line of credit. The term loan and any drawn portion of the revolver carried an interest rate of the London Inter-Bank Offer Rate plus 2.00% with the undrawn portion carrying a fee of 0.50%. In March 2023, Siri Margin Co amended the Margin Loan, increasing the revolving line of credit to \$1,075, extending the maturity to March 2026 and changing the interest rate to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (the "SOFR") plus 2.25%. During the year ended December 31, 2024, Siri Margin Co repaid all of the \$695 of borrowings outstanding under the term loan. F-30 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) Sirius XM notes and loans: The Credit Facility In August 2021, Sirius XM entered into an amendment to extend the maturity of the \$1,750 Credit Facility to August 31, 2026. Sirius XM's obligations under the Credit Facility are guaranteed by certain of its material domestic subsidiaries, including Pandora and its subsidiaries, and by Sirius XM Inc. and are secured by a lien on substantially all of Sirius XM's assets and the assets of its material domestic subsidiaries. From and after July 1, 2023, Sirius XM's borrowings are based on the SOFR plus an applicable rate based on its debt to operating cash flow ratio. Sirius XM is also required to pay a variable fee on the average daily unused portion of the Credit Facility which is payable on a quarterly basis. The variable rate for the unused portion of the Credit Facility was 0.25% per annum as of December 31, 2024. All of Sirius XM's outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility are classified as Long-term debt within our audited consolidated balance sheets due to the long-term maturity of this debt. In April 2022, Sirius XM entered into an amendment to the Credit Facility to incorporate an Incremental Term Loan borrowing of \$500. Interest on the Incremental Term Loan borrowing was based on the SOFR plus an applicable rate. On April 11, 2024, the Incremental Term Loan matured and was retired with cash for 100% the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest to the date of maturity. On January 26, 2024, Sirius XM entered into an amendment to the Credit Facility to, among other things, incorporate a \$1,100 delayed draw incremental term loan. Subject to the conditions described in the amendment, the delayed draw incremental term loan was available to be drawn by Sirius XM in up to three separate drawings until December 31, 2024. Once drawn, interest on the delayed draw incremental term loan is based on SOFR plus an applicable rate. On September 3, 2024, Sirius XM entered into a technical amendment to the Credit Facility to add a parent guarantee from Sirius XM Inc. to the Credit Facility in connection with the conversion of Sirius XM into a Delaware limited liability company. As of December 31, 2024, there was no outstanding balance under the Credit Facility and the outstanding amount under the incremental term loan was \$1,086. Covenants and Restrictions Under the Credit Facility, Sirius XM, our wholly owned subsidiary, must comply with a debt maintenance covenant that it cannot exceed a total leverage ratio, calculated as consolidated total debt to consolidated operating cash flow, of 5.0 to 1.0. The Credit Facility generally requires compliance with certain covenants that restrict Sirius XM's ability to, among other things, (i) incur additional indebtedness, (ii) incur liens, (iii) pay dividends or make certain other restricted payments, investments or acquisitions, (iv) enter into certain transactions with affiliates, (v) merge or consolidate with another person, (vi) sell, assign, lease or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of Sirius XM's assets, and (vii) make voluntary prepayments of certain debt, in each case subject to exceptions. The indentures governing Sirius XM's notes restrict Sirius XM's non-guarantor subsidiaries' ability to create, assume, incur or guarantee additional indebtedness without such non-guarantor subsidiary guaranteeing each such series of notes on a pari passu basis. A The indentures governing the notes also contain covenants that, among other things, limit Sirius XM's ability and the ability of its subsidiaries to create certain liens; enter into sale/leaseback transactions; and merge or consolidate. Under Sirius XM's debt agreements, the following generally constitute an event of default: (i) a default in the payment of interest; (ii) a default in the payment of principal; (iii) a failure to comply with covenants; (iv) a failure to pay other indebtedness after final maturity or acceleration of other indebtedness exceeding a specified amount; (v) a certain events of bankruptcy; (vi) a judgment for payment of money exceeding a specified aggregate amount; and (vii) a voidance of subsidiary guarantees, subject to grace periods where applicable. A If an event of default occurs and is continuing, our debt could become immediately due and payable. Fair Value of Debt The fair values, based on quoted market prices of the same instruments but not considered to be active markets (Level 2), of Sirius XM's debt securities, not reported at fair value, whose carrying value does not approximate fair value, are as follows: F-31 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 Sirius XM 3.125% Senior Notes due 2026 \$960.4 \$932.4
Sirius XM 5.0% Senior Notes due 2027 \$1,459.4 \$1,444.4
Sirius XM 4.0% Senior Notes due 2028 \$1,843.4 \$1,827.4
Sirius XM 5.50% Senior Notes due 2029 \$1,198.4 \$1,202.4
Sirius XM 4.125% Senior Notes due 2030 \$1,311.4 \$1,326.4
Sirius XM 3.875% Senior Notes due 2031 \$1,258.4 \$1,277.4
(14) Equity Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share We are authorized to issue up to 900 shares of common stock. There were 339 and zero shares of common stock issued and outstanding on December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there were 30 shares of common stock reserved for issuance in connection with outstanding stock-based awards to members of our board of directors, employees and third parties. Transactions with Former Parent, net An intergroup interest represents a quasi-equity interest which is not represented by outstanding shares of common stock; rather, one of the Former Parent's tracking stock groups has an attributed interest in another of the Former Parent's tracking stock groups, which is generally stated in terms of a number of shares of such tracking stock. Through prior year transactions with the Former Parent, intergroup interests in other tracking stock groups were established. As of December 31, 2021, approximately 5.3 notional shares represented an 2.2% intergroup interest in the Formula One Group held by the Liberty SiriusXM Group and approximately 2.3 notional shares represented a 3.7% intergroup interest in the Braves Group held by the Liberty SiriusXM Group. Liberty Media assumed that the notional shares (if and when issued) related to the Liberty SiriusXM Group interest in the Formula One Group would be comprised of Series A Liberty Formula One common stock and the notional shares (if and when issued) related to the Liberty SiriusXM Group interest in the Braves Group would be comprised of Series A Liberty Braves common stock. Therefore, the market prices of Series A Liberty Formula One and Series A Liberty Braves common stock were used for the mark-to-market adjustment for the intergroup interests held by Liberty SiriusXM Group, included in Other income, net in the audited consolidated statements of operations. As of December 31, 2022, approximately 1.8 notional shares represented a 2.9% intergroup interest in the Liberty Braves Group previously held by SplitCo and approximately 4.2 notional shares represented a 1.7% intergroup interest in the Liberty Formula One Group ("Formula One Group") previously held by the SplitCo. During September 2022, the Formula One Group and the Braves Group paid approximately \$64 and \$14, respectively, to the Liberty SiriusXM Group to settle a portion of the intergroup interests in the Formula One Group and Braves Group held by the Liberty SiriusXM Group, as a result of the repurchase of a portion of the Convertible Notes, as described in Note 13. During March 2023, the Formula One Group paid approximately \$202 to SplitCo to settle a portion of the intergroup interest in the Formula One Group held by SplitCo, as a result of the repurchase of a portion of Liberty Media's 1.375% Cash Convertible Senior Notes due 2023. On July 12, 2023, the Formula One Group paid approximately \$71 to SplitCo to settle and extinguish the remaining intergroup interest in the Formula One Group held by SplitCo. On July 18, 2023, Liberty Media completed the split-off of Atlanta Braves Holdings, Inc. through a redemption of each outstanding share of Liberty Braves common stock in exchange for one share of the corresponding series of Atlanta Braves Holdings, Inc. common stock. The intergroup interest in the Liberty Braves Group attributed to SplitCo was settled and extinguished through the attribution of Atlanta Braves Holdings, Inc. Series C common stock on a one-for-one basis equal to the number of notional shares representing the intergroup interest. Purchases of Common Stock of Former Parent There were no repurchases of Liberty SiriusXM common stock during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. F-32 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) During the year ended December 31, 2022, Liberty Media repurchased 3.5 shares of Series A Liberty SiriusXM common stock for aggregate cash consideration of \$161 and 4.5 shares of Series C Liberty SiriusXM common stock for aggregate cash consideration of \$197 under the authorized repurchase program. Cash Distributions to Parent During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we paid cash distributions of \$46, \$3 and \$685, respectively, to the Former Parent. Sirius XM Holdings equity activity All share and per share amounts have been adjusted to reflect the conversion of Old Sirius shares into SplitCo common stock on a one-for-ten basis. Quarterly Dividends During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, our board of directors declared and paid the following dividends: Declaration Date Dividend Per Share Record Date Total Amount (1) Payment Date 2024 dividends January 24, 2024 \$0.2664 February 9, 2024 \$102.4 February 23, 2024 April 24, 2024 \$0.2664 May 10, 2024 \$103.4 May 29, 2024 July 24, 2024 \$0.2664 August 9, 2024 \$103.4 August 26, 2024 October 22, 2024 \$0.2704 November 5, 2024 \$92.4 November 21, 2024 2023 dividends January 25, 2023 \$0.2424 February 9, 2023 \$94.4 February 24, 2023 April 19, 2023 \$0.2424 May 5, 2023 \$94.4 May 24, 2023 July 26, 2023 \$0.2424 August 8, 2023 \$93.4 August 23, 2023 October 25, 2023 \$0.2664 November 7, 2023 \$102.4 November 29, 2023 (1) During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we paid dividends of \$143 and \$65, respectively, to noncontrolling interests. Stock Repurchase Program As of December 31, 2024, our board of directors approved for repurchase an aggregate of \$1,166 of our common stock. The board of directors did not establish an end date for this stock repurchase program. A Shares of common stock may be purchased from time to time on the open market, pursuant to pre-set trading plans meeting the requirements of Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, in privately negotiated transactions, including in accelerated stock repurchase transactions, or otherwise. A We intend to fund any stock repurchases through a combination of cash on hand, cash generated by operations and future borrowings. The size and timing of any purchases will be based on a number of factors, including price and business and market conditions. Prior to the closing of the Transactions, the board of directors of Old Sirius had approved the repurchase of an aggregate of \$18,000 of its common stock. As of the closing of the Transactions, Old Sirius' cumulative repurchases since December 2012 under that stock repurchase program totaled 373 shares for \$16,834, and \$1,166 remained available under that stock repurchase program. The stock repurchase program of Old Sirius was terminated on the closing date of the Transactions. Following the closing of the Transactions, on September 9, 2024, our board of directors authorized for repurchase an aggregate of \$1,166 of our common stock. As of December 31, 2024, our cumulative repurchases since the closing of the Transactions under our stock repurchase program totaled 301 thousand shares for \$7, and \$1,160 remained available for additional repurchases under our existing stock repurchase program authorization. F-33 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) The following table summarizes our total share repurchase activity for the years ended: A December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 December 31, 2022 Share Repurchase Type Shares (in thousands) Amount Shares (in thousands) Amount Shares (in thousands) Amount Open Market Repurchases (a) 301A \$7.6 9,384A \$274.1 10,279A \$640.4 (a) As of December 31, 2024, \$1 of common stock repurchases had not settled, nor been retired, and were recorded as Treasury stock within our audited consolidated balance sheets and audited

consolidated statement of equity.(15)Benefit PlansÂ Included in the accompanying audited consolidated statements of operations are the following amounts of share-based compensation expense: For the Years Ended December 31,202420232022Cost of services:Programming and content\$36Â 34Â 34Â Customer service and billing5Â 5Â 6Â Transmission5Â 6Â 6Â Sales and marketing4Â 5Â 5Â Product and technology4Â 4Â 3Â General and administrative6Â 5Â 6Â 7Â 7Â 2Â \$200Â \$203Â \$209Â We account for equity instruments granted in accordance with ASC 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation. ASC 718 requires all share-based compensation payments to be recognized in the financial statements based on fair value. We use the Black-Scholes-Merton option-pricing model to value stock option awards, and have elected to treat awards with graded vesting as a single award. Share-based compensation expense is recognized ratably over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period. We measure restricted stock unit awards using the fair market value of the restricted shares of common stock on the day the award is granted. We measure the value of restricted units that will vest depending a relative total stockholder return metric â€ that is, the performance of our common stock as compared to other companies included in the S&P 500 Index â€ using a special option-based valuation method, known as a Monte Carlo simulation. Since the results of such awards depend on future results, which are not known on the grant date, the Monte Carlo simulation attempts to take into consideration the terms of the awards, potential future returns, payout rates, and other factors to estimate a fair value of the award. The Monte Carlo simulation method uses factual data for the company and employs various assumptions. Stock-based awards granted to employees, non-employees and members of our board of directors include stock options and restricted stock units.Fair value as determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton model varies based on assumptions used for the expected life, expected stock price volatility, expected dividend yield and risk-free interest rates. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we estimated the fair value of awards granted using the hybrid approach for volatility, which weights observable historical volatility and implied volatility of qualifying actively traded options on our common stock. The expected life assumption represents the weighted-average period stock-based awards are expected to remain outstanding. These expected life assumptions are established through a review of historical exercise behavior of stock-based award grants with similar vesting periods. Where historical patterns do not exist for non-employees, contractual terms are used. Dividend yield is based on the current expected annual dividend per share and our stock price. The risk-free interest rate represents the daily treasury yield curve rate at the grant date based on the closing market bid yields on actively traded U.S. treasury securities in the over-the-counter market for the expected term. Our assumptions may change in future periods.F-34Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)SplitCo AwardsLiberty Media granted, to certain of its directors and employees, restricted stock awards ("RSAs"), restricted stock units ("RSUs") and stock options to purchase shares of SplitCo common stock (collectively, "SplitCo Awards"). SplitCo measured the cost of employee services received in exchange for an equity classified SplitCo Award based on the grant-date fair value (â€GDFVâ€) of the SplitCo Award and recognized that cost over the period during which the employee is required to provide service (usually the vesting period of the SplitCo Award). SplitCo measured the cost of employee services received in exchange for a liability classified SplitCo Award based on the current fair value of the SplitCo Award and remeasures the fair value of the SplitCo Award at each reporting date.At the time of the Split-Off, outstanding stock options to purchase shares of SplitCo common stock were accelerated and became fully vested and exchanged into stock options to purchase shares of our common stock adjusted based on the exchange ratio identified in the Liberty Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Transitional Stock Adjustment Plan (the â€SplitCo Award Exchange Ratioâ€). The RSAs and RSUs with respect to shares of SplitCo common stock accelerated, became fully vested, and are treated as outstanding shares of our common stock and as such were exchanged into shares of our common stock based on the SplitCo Award Exchange Ratio. Following the Split-Off, a portion of the outstanding stock options to purchase shares of our common stock are to be settled in cash as the underlying shares were not registered, and therefore these awards were classified as liability awards and will be remeasured at each reporting date. As of December 31, 2024, we recognized a liability of \$2 related to these awards.The following table presents the number and weighted average exercise price ("WAEP") of options to purchase shares of our common stock granted to certain officers, employees and directors of Liberty Media, as well as the weighted average remaining life and aggregate intrinsic value of the options. The shares and WAEP have been adjusted for the exchange ratio of 0.8375 shares of Sirius XM Holdings per share of SplitCo. Refer to Note 1 for more information.Options (000's)WAEPWeighted-average remaining life (years)Aggregate intrinsic valueOutstanding at January 1, 20245Â 34.78Â Exercised(1)\$30.98Â Forfeited/Cancelledâ€ 3Â 36Â Transfer to Sirius XM Holdings (1)(4)\$35.56Â Outstanding at December 31, 2024â€ 3Â (1)As discussed in the paragraph above, outstanding stock options to purchase shares of SplitCo common stock were accelerated and became fully vested and exchanged into stock options to purchase shares of our common stock, adjusted based on the SplitCo Award Exchange Ratio.Liberty Media calculated the GDFV for its equity classified options using the Black-Scholes Model. Liberty Media estimated the expected term of the options based on historical exercise and forfeiture data. The volatility used in the calculation for options was based on the historical volatility of SplitCo common stock and, when available, the implied volatility of publicly traded SplitCo options. SplitCo uses a zero-dividend rate and the risk-free rate for Treasury Bonds with a term similar to that of the subject options.As of December 31, 2024, we reserved 4.1 shares of our common stock for issuance under exercise privileges of outstanding stock options previously granted by Liberty Media.Sirius XM Holdings Awards2024 Long-Term Stock Incentive PlanIn connection with the Transactions, Liberty Media, as the sole stockholder of SplitCo, approved the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2024 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan (the â€2024 Planâ€). Employees, consultants and non-employee members of Sirius XM Holdings'â€ board of directors are eligible to receive awards under the 2024 Plan. The 2024 Plan provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights (â€SARsâ€), RSAs, RSUs and other stock-based awards that the compensation committee (the â€Compensation Committeeâ€) of our board of directors deems appropriate. Stock-based awards granted under the 2024 Plan are generally subject to a graded vesting requirement. Stock options generally expire ten years from the date of grant. RSUs include performance-based RSUs (â€PRSUsâ€), the vesting of which are subject to the achievement of performance goals F-35Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)and the employee's continued employment. Each RSU entitles the holder to receive one share of common stock upon vesting. As of December 31, 2024, 35 shares of our common stock were available for future grants under the 2024 Plan.Transitional Stock Adjustment PlanIn connection with the Transactions, Liberty Media, as the sole stockholder of SplitCo, approved the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Transitional Stock Adjustment Plan (the â€Transitional Planâ€). Current and former employees and consultants of Liberty Media or a former direct or indirect subsidiary of Liberty Media, any successor of any such former subsidiary, and the parent company (directly or indirectly) of any such former subsidiary or successor (collectively, a â€Qualifying Subsidiaryâ€) or a member of the board of directors of Liberty Media or a Qualifying Subsidiary and in each case, who, as of September 9, 2024, (a) held an outstanding option of any series of Liberty Media's Liberty SiriusXM common stock (a â€Liberty Media SiriusXM Option Awardâ€) pursuant to (i) the Liberty Media Corporation 2013 Incentive Plan (Amended and Restated as of March 31, 2015), as amended, (ii) the Liberty Media Corporation 2013 Nonemployee Director Plan (Amended and Restated as of December 17, 2015), as amended, (iii) the Liberty Media Corporation 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended, (iv) the Liberty Media Corporation 2022 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended, and/or (v) any other stock option or incentive plan adopted or assumed by Liberty Media (each, a â€Liberty Media Incentive Planâ€) and (b) received an option under the Transitional Plan in accordance with the terms of the Reorganization Agreement were eligible to receive awards under the Transitional Plan. The Transitional Plan provided for the grant of stock options. Stock options were subject to all the terms and conditions of the applicable Liberty Media Incentive Plan and associated instrument under which the corresponding Liberty Media SiriusXM Option Award was made. As of December 31, 2024, 3 shares of our common stock were reserved for issuance in connection with outstanding stock based awards in connection with the Transitional Plan.Other PlansWe maintain four share-based benefit plans in addition to the 2024 Plan and the Transitional Plan â€ the Sirius XM Holdings Inc. 2015 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, the Amended and Restated Sirius Satellite Radio 2003 Long-Term Stock Incentive Plan, the 2014 Stock Incentive Plan of AdsWizz Inc. and the Pandora Media, Inc. 2011 Equity Incentive Plan. Excluding dividend equivalent units granted as a result of a declared dividend, no further awards may be made under these plans.The following table summarizes the weighted-average assumptions used to compute the fair value of options granted to employees, members of our board of directors and non-employees under the Sirius XM Awards:Â For the Years Ended December 31, 202420232022Risk-free interest rate4.2%4.0%0.0%Expected life of options â€ years3.763.803.40Expected stock price volatility40%32%31%Expected dividend yield2.8%2.0%1.3%The following table summarizes stock option activity under our share-based plans for the years ended December 31, 2024:Â OptionsWAEPWeighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)Aggregate Intrinsic ValueÂ Outstanding as of January 1, 202412Â \$56.02Â Granted3Â \$41.95Â Exercisedâ€ 3Â \$33.57Â Forfeited, cancelled or expired(1)\$49.89Â Transfer in from SplitCo (1)4Â \$35.56Â Outstanding as of December 31, 202418Â \$49.69Â 4.38\$â€ 4Â Exercisable as of December 31, 202414Â \$50.60Â 3.44\$â€ F-36Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)(1)As discussed above, outstanding stock options to purchase shares of SplitCo common stock were accelerated and became fully vested and exchanged into stock options to purchase shares of our common stock adjusted based on the SplitCo Award Exchange Ratio under the Transitional Plan.The weighted average GDFV per stock option granted during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$12.31, \$1.23 and \$1.48, respectively.Â The total intrinsic value of stock options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$1, \$15 and \$77, respectively.Â A During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the number of net settled shares issued as a result of stock option exercises was less than 1, 2 and 8, respectively.The following table summarizes the RSUs, including PRSUs, activity under our share-based plans for the years ended December 31, 2024:Â SharesGDFV Per ShareNonvested as of January 1, 20249Â \$55.91Â Granted7Â \$33.21Â Vested(3)\$56.69Â Forfeited(1)\$52.59Â Nonvested as of December 31, 202412Â \$42.33Â The total intrinsic value of RSUs, including PRSUs, vesting during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$113, \$147 and \$207, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the number of net settled shares issued as a result of RSUs vesting totaled 2, 19 and 19, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we granted 1, 4 and 6, respectively, PRSUs to certain employees. We believe it is probable that the performance target applicable to these PRSUs will be achieved.In connection with the cash dividends paid during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we granted less than 1, 1 and 4, respectively, RSUs, including PRSUs, in accordance with the terms of existing award agreements. These grants did not result in any additional incremental share-based payment expense being recognized during the years ended December 31, 2024.Total unrecognized compensation costs related to unvested share-based payment awards for our stock options and RSUs, including PRSUs, granted to employees, members of our board of directors and third parties at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was \$402 and \$423, respectively.Â A The total unrecognized compensation costs at December 31, 2024 are expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.6 years.401(k) Savings PlansWe sponsor the Sirius XM Radio Inc. 401(k) Savings Plan (the â€Sirius XM Planâ€) for eligible employees. The Sirius XM Plan allows eligible employees to voluntarily contribute from 1% to 50% of their pre-tax eligible earnings, subject to certain defined limits. We match 50% of an employee's voluntary contributions per pay period on the first 6% of an employee's pre-tax salary up to a maximum of 3% of eligible compensation.Â A We may also make additional discretionary matching, true-up matching and non-elective contributions to the Sirius XM Plan.Â A Employer matching contributions under the Sirius XM Plan vest at a rate of 33.33% for each year of employment and are fully vested after three years of employment for all current and future contributions.Â A Our cash employer matching contributions are not used to purchase shares of our common stock on the open market, unless the employee elects our common stock as their investment option for this contribution.We recognized expenses of \$20, \$20 and \$19 for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in connection with the Sirius XM Plan.Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Deferred Compensation PlanThe Sirius XM Holdings Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan (the â€DCPâ€) allows members of our board of directors and certain eligible employees to defer all or a portion of their base salary, cash incentive compensation and/or board of directors' cash compensation, as applicable.Â A Pursuant to the terms of the DCP, we may elect to make additional contributions beyond amounts deferred by participants, but we are under no obligation to do so.Â A We have established a grantor (or â€grantor trustâ€) to facilitate the payment of our obligations under the DCP. F-37Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)Contributions to the DCP, net of withdrawals, for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, were \$(1), \$(3) and \$(1), respectively. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the fair value of the investments held in the trust were \$60 and \$53, respectively, which is included in other long-term assets in our audited consolidated balance sheets and classified as trading securities.Â Trading gains and losses associated with these investments are recorded in Other (expense) income within our audited consolidated statements of operations.Â A The associated liability is recorded within Other long-term liabilities in our audited consolidated balance sheets, and any increase or decrease in the liability is recorded in General and administrative expense within our audited consolidated statements of operations.Â A We recorded gains (losses) on investments held in the trust of \$6, \$7 and \$(10) for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.(16)Commitments and ContingenciesÂ The following table summarizes our expected contractual cash commitments as of December 31, 2024:Â 20252026202720282029ThereafterTotalDebt obligations\$61Â \$1,059Â \$2,477Â \$2,575Â \$1,250Â \$3,000Â \$10,422Â Cash interest payments469Â 462Â 410Â 280Â 189Â 178Â 1,988Â Satellite and transmission228Â 117Â 42Â 1Â 1Â 3Â 392Â Programming and content408Â 269Â 173Â 88Â 43Â 201,001Â Sales and marketing42Â 27Â 10Â 2Â 2Â 2Â 83Â Satellite incentive payments8Â 3Â 3Â 10Â 29Â Operating lease obligations58Â 5Â 50Â 42Â 37Â 37Â 279Â Royalties, minimum guarantees and other669Â 692Â 351Â 291Â 199Â 77Â 2,279Â Total (1)\$1,943Â \$2,684Â \$3,516Â \$3,282Â \$1,723Â \$3,325Â \$16,473Â (1)The table does not include our reserve for uncertain tax positions, which at December 31, 2024 totaled \$76.Debt obligations.Â A Â A Debt obligations include principal payments on outstanding debt and finance lease obligations.Cash interest payments.Â A Â A Cash interest payments include interest due on outstanding debt and finance lease payments through maturity.Satellite and transmission.Â A Â A We have entered into agreements for the design, construction, launch and insurance of three additional satellites SXM-10, SXM-11 and SXM-12. We also have entered into agreements with third parties to operate and maintain satellite telemetry, tracking and control facilities and certain components of our terrestrial repeater networks.Programming and content.Â A Â A We have entered into various programming and content agreements. Under the terms of these agreements, our obligations include fixed payments, advertising commitments and revenue sharing arrangements. In certain of these agreements, the future revenue sharing costs are dependent upon many factors and are difficult to estimate; therefore, they are not included in our minimum contractual cash commitments.Sales and marketing.Â A Â A We have entered into various marketing, sponsorship and distribution agreements to promote our brands and are obligated to make payments to sponsors, retailers, automakers, radio manufacturers and other third parties under these agreements. Certain programming and content agreements also require us to purchase advertising on properties owned or controlled by the licensors.Satellite incentive payments.Â A Â A Maxar Technologies (formerly Space Systems/Loral), the manufacturer of certain of our in-orbit satellites, may be entitled to future in-orbit performance payments upon XM-5, SIRIUS FM-5, SIRIUS FM-6, and SXM-8 meeting their fifteen-year design life, which we expect to occur.Operating lease obligations.Â A Â A We have entered into both cancelable and non-cancelable operating leases for office space, terrestrial repeaters, data centers and equipment. These leases provide for minimum lease payments, additional operating expense charges, leasehold improvements and rent escalations that have initial terms ranging from one to fifteen years, and F-38Table of ContentsSIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC.NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)certain leases have options to renew. Total rent recognized in connection with leases for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$63, \$64 and \$68, respectively.Royalties, Minimum Guarantees and Other. We have entered into music royalty arrangements that include fixed payments. In addition, certain of our podcast agreements also contain minimum guarantees. As of December 31, 2024, we had future fixed commitments related to music royalty and podcast agreements of \$837, of which \$311 will be paid in 2025 and the remainder will be paid thereafter. On a quarterly basis, we record the greater of the cumulative actual content costs incurred or the cumulative minimum guarantee based on forecasts for the minimum guarantee period. The minimum guarantee period is the period of time that the minimum guarantee relates to, as specified in each agreement, which may be annual or a longer period. The cumulative minimum guarantee, based on forecasts, considers factors such as listening hours, downloads, revenue, subscribers and other terms of each agreement that impact our expected attainment or recoupment of the minimum guarantees based on the relative attribution method.We have entered into certain tax equity investments in which we expect to make future contributions. These future contributions are expected to be made over the remaining respective terms of the investments and totaled \$735 as of December 31, 2024, of which \$88 is expected to be paid in 2025 and the remainder thereafter.Several of our content agreements also include provisions related to the royalty payments and structures of those agreements relative to other content licensing arrangements, which, if triggered, cause our payments under those

agreements to escalate. In addition, record labels, publishers and performing rights organizations with whom we have entered into direct license agreements have the right to audit our content payments, and such audits often result in disputes over whether we have paid the proper content costs. We have also entered into various agreements with third parties for general operating purposes. In addition to the minimum contractual cash commitments described above, we have entered into other variable cost arrangements. These future costs are dependent upon many factors and are difficult to anticipate; however, these costs may be substantial. We may enter into additional programming, distribution, marketing and other agreements that contain similar variable cost provisions. We do not have any other significant off-balance sheet financing arrangements that are reasonably likely to have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Legal Proceedings

In the ordinary course of business, we are a defendant or party to various claims and lawsuits, including those discussed below. We record a liability when we believe that it is both probable that a liability will be incurred, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. We evaluate developments in legal matters that could affect the amount of liability that has been previously accrued and make adjustments as appropriate. Significant judgment is required to determine both probability and the estimated amount of a loss or potential loss. We may be unable to reasonably estimate the possible loss or range of loss for a particular legal contingency for various reasons, including, among others, because: (i) the damages sought are indeterminate; (ii) the proceedings are in the relative early stages; (iii) there is uncertainty as to the outcome of pending proceedings (including motions and appeals); (iv) there is uncertainty as to the likelihood of settlement and the outcome of any negotiations with respect thereto; (v) there remain significant factual issues to be determined or resolved; (vi) the relevant law is unsettled; or (vii) the proceedings involve novel or untested legal theories. In such instances, there may be considerable uncertainty regarding the ultimate resolution of such matters, including the likelihood or magnitude of a possible eventual loss, if any.

New York State v. Sirius XM Radio Inc. On December 20, 2023, the People of the State of New York, by Letitia James, Attorney General of the State of New York (the “NY AG”), filed a Petition in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, against Sirius XM. The Petition alleges various violations of New York law and the federal Restore Online Shoppers’ Confidence Act (“ROSCA”) arising out of Sirius XM’s subscription cancellation practices. In general, the Petition alleges that Sirius XM requires consumers to devote an excessive amount of time to cancel subscriptions and have not implemented cancellation processes that are simple and efficient.

F-39 Table of Contents

SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)

The Petition claims to be brought under certain provisions of New York law that authorize the NY AG to initiate special proceedings seeking injunctive and other equitable relief in cases of persistent business fraud or illegality. The Petition seeks: a permanent injunction against violating provisions of New York law and ROSCA arising out of the alleged deceptive practices associated with Sirius XM’s subscription cancellation procedures; an accounting of each consumer who cancelled, or sought to cancel, a satellite radio subscription, including the duration of the cancel interaction and the funds collected from such consumers after that interaction; monetary restitution and damages to aggrieved consumers; disgorgement of all profits resulting from the alleged improper acts; civil penalties; and the NY AG’s costs.

Sirius XM filed an Answer to the Petition and cross moved for summary judgment with respect to various claims asserted in the Petition. In November 2024, a New York Court granted Sirius XM summary judgment on all but one of the NY AG’s claims. The New York Court did find that Sirius XM’s cancellation practices violated the “simple mechanism requirement” for subscription cancellations contained in ROSCA. As a result of the Court’s findings, Sirius XM now permits New York residents who purchase a subscription online to also cancel that subscription online, a cancellation mechanism that is at least as easy to use as the method the consumer used to initiate the subscription. The NY AG has filed a notice of appeal relating to the four counts in the Petition that the Court granted Sirius XM summary judgment with respect to. Sirius XM has also filed a notice of appeal relating to the one count in the Petition, the violation of ROSCA, that the Court granted the State of New York summary judgment with respect to. Sirius XM believes it has substantial defenses to the action and intends to defend this action vigorously.

U.S. Music Royalty Fee Actions and Mass Arbitrations. A number of class actions and mass arbitrations have been commenced against Sirius XM relating to its pricing, billing and subscription marketing practices. Although each class action and mass arbitration contains unique allegations; in general, the actions and arbitrations allege that Sirius XM falsely advertised its music subscription plans at lower prices than it actually charges, that it allegedly did not disclose its U.S. Music Royalty Fee, and that Sirius XM has taken other actions to prevent customers from discovering the existence, amount and nature of the U.S. Music Royalty Fee in violation of various state consumer protection laws. The plaintiffs and claimants seek disgorgement, restitution and/or damages in the aggregate amount of U.S. Music Royalty Fees paid by customers, as well as statutory and punitive damages where available. To date, the actions and arbitrations filed against Sirius XM include:

• On April 14, 2023, Ayana Stevenson and David Ambrose, individually, as private attorneys general, and on behalf of all other California persons similarly situated, filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Contra Costa. The case was removed to the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, which issued an Order on November 9, 2023 granting Sirius XM’s Motion to Compel Arbitration and dismissed the complaint. Plaintiffs appealed the Court’s granting of the Motion, and Sirius XM cross-appealed the Court’s dismissal in lieu of the issuance of a stay pending arbitration. The appeal and cross-appeal have been dismissed leaving the District Court’s order compelling arbitration in place.

• On May 17, 2023, Robyn Posternock, Muriel Salters and Philip Munning, individually, as private attorneys general, and on behalf of all other New Jersey persons similarly situated, filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey. Sirius XM filed a Motion to Compel Arbitration on August 18, 2023. Sirius XM renewed that motion on June 14, 2024 and the renewed motion remains pending.

• On June 5, 2023, Christopher Carovillano and Steven Brandt, individually, as private attorneys general, and on behalf of all other U.S. persons similarly situated (excluding persons in the states of California, New Jersey and Washington), filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. On February 6, 2024, the Court issued an Order denying Sirius XM’s Motion to Dismiss and Sirius XM filed an Answer to the complaint on February 20, 2024. On May 24, 2024, Sirius XM filed a Motion for Partial Summary Judgement and to Strike Class Allegations. On July 18, 2024, the Court issued an Opinion and Order granting Sirius XM’s motion for partial summary judgement and striking the plaintiffs’ class allegations. Sirius XM has filed another motion for summary judgment as to plaintiff’s remaining individual claims.

• On June 1, 2024, Elenamaria Burns, Jacqueline Gardner, and Lynne Silver filed a petition on behalf of 7,628 individuals in the Commercial Division of the Supreme Court of New York, County of New York, seeking to compel Sirius XM to arbitrate and advance the payment of American Arbitration Association (the “AAA”) arbitration fees in F-40 Table of Contents

SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)

connection with individual arbitrations. On July 3, 2024, those petitioners filed an amended petition seeking the same relief on behalf of a revised list of 7,628 petitioners. The Court has not taken any action in connection with the amended petition.

• On June 14, 2024, Kara Kirkpatrick, Gillian Maxfield, Anna Demarco and Cody Michael, individually and on behalf of all other Oregon persons similarly situated, filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the United States District Court for the District of Oregon.

• On June 21, 2024, Cindy Balmores, Justin Braswell, Deborah Garvin, and Thea Anderson, individually, as private attorneys general, and on behalf of all other Washington persons similarly situated, filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington.

• On June 25, 2024, Denise Woods and Sherry Tapia, individually, as private attorneys general, and on behalf of all other California persons similarly situated, filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California.

• On June 26, 2024, Bonnie Wilson, individually and on behalf of all other U.S. persons similarly situated, filed a class action complaint against Sirius XM in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

• Commencing in June 2023, various law firms began filing mass arbitration claims against Sirius XM before the AAA. Collectively, the law firms purport to act on behalf of approximately 70,000 claimants. Several of the law firms have asserted additional causes of action under the Electronic Funds Transfer Act. Sirius XM believes it has substantial defenses to the claims asserted in these actions and arbitrations, and it intends to defend these actions vigorously.

Other Matters.

• In the ordinary course of business, Sirius XM Holdings, Sirius XM and its subsidiaries, such as Pandora, are defendants in various other lawsuits, mass arbitration and individual arbitration proceedings, including derivative actions; actions filed by subscribers, both on behalf of themselves and on a class action basis; former employees; parties to contracts or leases; and owners of purported patents, trademarks, copyrights or other intellectual property. None of these other matters, in our opinion, is likely to have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

(17)

Income Taxes

Current federal income tax expense or benefit represents the amounts expected to be reported on our income tax return, and deferred income tax expense or benefit represents the change in net deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities as measured by the enacted income tax rates that will be in effect when these differences reverse.

• The current state income tax provision is primarily related to taxable income in certain states that have suspended or limited the ability to use net operating loss carryforwards or where net operating losses have been fully utilized.

• A Income tax expense is the sum of current income tax plus the change in deferred tax assets and liabilities. We have historically filed a consolidated federal income tax return for all of our wholly owned subsidiaries, including Sirius XM and Pandora. On February 1, 2021, we entered into a tax sharing agreement with Liberty Media governing the allocation of consolidated U.S. income tax liabilities and setting forth agreements with respect to other tax matters. The tax sharing agreement contained provisions that we believed were customary for tax sharing agreements between members of a consolidated group. On November 3, 2021, Liberty Media informed us that it beneficially owned over 80% of the outstanding shares of our common stock, as a result of this, we were included in the consolidated tax return of Liberty Media beginning November 4, 2021. In connection with the closing of the Transactions, on September 9, 2024, this existing Tax Agreement with Liberty Media was terminated, when Liberty Media completed the Split-Off and ceased to own any shares of our common stock. As a result, we ceased to be a member of Liberty Media’s consolidate tax group beginning on September 9, 2024 and ceased to file a consolidated tax return with Liberty Media on such date. In connection with the Transactions, we entered into a new Tax Sharing Agreement with Liberty Media. The Tax Sharing Agreement generally allocates taxes, tax benefits, tax items, and tax-related losses between Liberty Media and us in a manner consistent with the tax sharing policies of Liberty Media in effect prior to the Split-Off, with taxes, tax benefits and tax items attributable to the assets, liabilities and activities attributed to the Liberty Formula One Group and the Liberty Live Group being allocated to Liberty Media, and taxes, tax benefits and tax items attributable to the assets, liabilities and activities attributed to the Liberty SiriusXM Group being allocated to us. In addition, the Tax Sharing Agreement includes additional F-41 Table of Contents

SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)

provisions related to the manner in which any taxes or tax-related losses arising from the Split-Off will be allocated between the parties and provides restrictive covenants intended to preserve the generally tax-free treatment of the Transactions. The failure by a party to comply with its restrictive covenants may change the general allocation of taxes, tax benefits and tax items between the parties related to the Transactions. The parties have agreed to indemnify each other for taxes and losses allocated to them under the Tax Sharing Agreement and for taxes and losses arising from a breach by them of their respective covenants and obligations under the Tax Sharing Agreement. The Tax Sharing Agreement also includes provisions addressing the filing of tax returns, control of tax audits, cooperation on tax matters, retention of tax records, indemnification, and other tax matters. For the period January 1, 2024 through September 9, 2024, our current tax expense is the amount of tax payable on the basis of a hypothetical, current-year separate return. We provided deferred taxes on temporary differences and on any carryforwards that we could claim on our hypothetical and actual returns and assess the need for a valuation allowance on the basis of our projected separate return results. Any difference between the tax expense (or benefit) allocated to us under the short year one separate return method and payments to be made for (or received from) Liberty Media for tax expense are treated as either dividends or capital contributions. Subsequent to September 9, 2024 and as a result of the Split-Off, our current tax expense represents taxes attributable to the business carried on by us on a standalone basis. Income tax expense consisted of the following:

• For the Years Ended December 31, 2024

2024

2023

Current taxes: \$297.1 \$205.4 \$80.4

State taxes: \$72.5 \$74.4 \$48.4

Foreign taxes: \$2.1 \$2.1 \$2.1

Total current taxes expense: \$371.1 \$262.2 \$128.4

Deferred taxes: \$4.1 \$165.3 (30.2)

30.2

4.1

165.3

Total deferred taxes (benefit) expense: \$(161.4) \$(240.4) \$240.4

Total income tax expense: \$210.1 \$222.4 \$368.4

The following table presents a reconciliation of the U.S. federal statutory tax rate and our effective tax rate:

• For the Years Ended December 31, 2024

2023

2022

Federal tax expense, at statutory rate: 21.0% 21.0% 21.0%

State income tax expense, net of federal benefit: 4.0% 4.9% 4.2%

Tax equity investments, inclusive of Tax Equity Credit: 1.9% 1.5% 6.4%

R&D tax credits: 1.9% (8.3)% (1.7)%

Change in valuation allowance: (0.3)% (2.1)% 6.2%

Share-based compensation: (1.3)% 1.8% (1.0)%

Impact of nondeductible compensation: (0.4)% 1.0% 1.0%

Goodwill impairment: (37.8)% 6.4%

Uncertain tax positions: (0.3)% 0.6% (0.8)%

Convertible Notes: 1.3% 2.7% (0.5)%

Intergroup interests: 4.2% 1.2)% 6.3%

Other, net: (1.3)% (0.6)% 4.2%

Effective tax rate: (11.3)% 18.3% 24.8%

Our effective tax rate of 18.3% for the year ended December 31, 2024 was primarily driven by federal and state income tax expense, offset by the nondeductible impairment of goodwill. Our effective tax rate of 18.3% for the year ended F-42 Table of Contents

SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)

December 31, 2023 was primarily driven by federal and state income tax expense, partially offset by the benefits related to research and development and certain other credits, as well as a release in state valuation allowance. Our effective tax rate of 24.8% for the year ended December 31, 2022 was primarily driven by federal and state income tax expense as well as changes in state valuation allowance, partially offset by a benefit related to research and development and certain other credits. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences related to temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes at each year-end, based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences can be carried forward under tax law. A Our evaluation of the realizability of deferred tax assets considers both positive and negative evidence, including historical financial performance, scheduled reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities, projected taxable income and tax planning strategies. A The weight given to the potential effects of positive and negative evidence is based on the extent to which it can be objectively verified. A valuation allowance is recognized when, based on the weight of all available evidence, it is considered more likely than not that all, or some portion, of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, shown before jurisdictional netting, are presented below:

• For the Years Ended December 31, 2024

2023

2022

Deferred tax assets: \$321.4 \$368.4 \$321.4

Net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits: \$321.4 \$368.4 \$321.4

Other accrued liabilities: \$44.8 \$94.8 \$53.6

Deferred revenue: \$46.4 \$42.4 \$102.4

Other future deductible amounts: \$117.4 \$127.4 \$127.4

Total deferred tax assets: \$683.4 \$682.4 \$683.4

Deferred tax liabilities: \$0.0 \$0.0 \$0.0

Intangible assets: \$(2,550.2) \$(2,576.6) \$(2,576.6)

Fixed assets: \$(124.2) \$(233.3) \$(15.3)

Investments: \$(29.1) \$(29.1) \$(29.1)

Total deferred tax liabilities: \$(2,677.2) \$(2,853.3) \$(2,853.3)

Net deferred tax liabilities before valuation allowance: \$(1,994.2) \$(2,171.1) \$(2,171.1)

Valuation allowance: \$(93.8) \$(88.8) \$(88.8)

Total net deferred tax liability: \$(2,087.8) \$(2,259.9) \$(2,259.9)

Net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits decreased as a result of the utilization of net operating losses related to current year taxable income. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we recorded \$183 and \$76 for state and federal tax credits, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, our gross federal net operating loss carryforwards were approximately \$199 which are subject to Section 382 limitations. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had a valuation allowance related to deferred tax assets of \$93 and \$88, respectively, which were not likely to be realized due to the timing of certain state net operating loss limitations. During the year ended December 31, 2024, our valuation allowance increased primarily as a result of the impact of a decrease in forecasted earnings, resulting in lower projected utilization of net operating losses. ASC 740, Income Taxes, requires a company to first determine whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained based on its technical merits as of the reporting date, assuming that taxing authorities will examine the position and F-43 Table of Contents

SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

(Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated)

have full knowledge of all relevant information. A A tax position that meets this more likely than not threshold is then measured and recognized at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely to be realized upon effective settlement with a taxing authority. A If the tax position is not more likely than not to be sustained, the gross amount of the unrecognized tax position will not be recorded in the financial statements but will be shown in tabular format within the uncertain income tax positions. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs due to the following conditions: (1) the tax position is more likely than not to be sustained, (2) the tax position, amount, and/or timing is ultimately settled through negotiation or litigation, or (3) the statute of limitations for the tax position has expired. A A number of years may elapse before an uncertain tax position is effectively settled or until there is a lapse in the applicable statute of limitations. A We record interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions in Income tax expense in our audited consolidated statements of operations. We have made, and expect to

make, certain tax-efficient investments in clean energy technologies. These include investments in entities that own projects and technologies related to industrial carbon capture and storage. These investments will produce tax credits under Section 45Q of the Internal Revenue Code and related tax losses. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized net tax benefits of \$32 related to our tax equity investments. These recognized net tax benefits were recorded to Income tax expense in our audited consolidated statement of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the net tax benefits included tax credits and other income tax benefits of \$153 which was partially offset by amortization expense of \$121. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had unrecognized tax benefits and uncertain tax positions of \$201 and \$171, respectively. If recognized, \$201 of unrecognized tax benefits would affect our effective tax rate. A Uncertain tax positions are recognized in Other long-term liabilities which, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$76 and \$50, respectively, including accrued interest. A We have state income tax audits pending. A We do not expect the ultimate outcome of these audits to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. A We also do not currently anticipate that our existing reserves related to uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2024 will significantly increase or decrease during the year ending December 31, 2025. Various events could cause our current expectations to change. Should our position with respect to the majority of these uncertain tax positions be upheld, the effect would be recorded in our consolidated statements of operations as part of the income tax provision. A We recorded interest expense of \$4 and \$2 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, related to unrecognized tax benefits. Changes in our unrecognized tax benefits and uncertain tax positions from January 1 through December 31 are set forth below: A 2024/2023 Balance, beginning of year \$171 A \$198 A Increases in tax positions for prior years \$4 A Increases in tax positions for current year \$27 A 32 A Decreases in tax positions for prior years \$e A (2) A Decreases in tax positions for current years (2) (3) Decreases related to settlement with taxing authorities \$e A (58) A Balance, end of year \$201 A \$171 A (18) A Segments and Geographic Information In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 280, Segment Reporting, we disaggregate our operations into two reportable segments: Sirius XM and Pandora and Off-platform. The financial results of these segments are utilized by the chief operating decision maker, who is our Chief Executive Officer, for evaluating segment performance and allocating resources. We report our segment information based on the "management" approach. The management approach designates the internal reporting used by management for making decisions and assessing performance as the source of our reportable segments. For additional information on our segments refer to Note 1. F-44 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Sirius XMPandora and Off-platform Total Revenue Subscriber revenue \$6,342 A \$524 A \$6,866 A Advertising revenue 169 A 1,589 A 1,758 A Other revenue 329 A e A 329 A Total revenue 6,840 A 2,113 A 8,953 A Cost of services Revenue share and royalties \$(1,603) \$(1,292) \$(2,895) Programming and content (c) (518) (66) (584) Other (c) (d) (568) (117) (685) Total cost of services (2,689) (1,475) (4,164) Segment Gross Profit \$4,151 A \$638 A \$4,789 A The reconciliation between reportable segment gross profit to consolidated income before income tax is as follows: For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Segment Gross Profits \$4,789 A Subscriber acquisition costs (369) Sales and marketing (a) (849) Product and technology (a) (252) General and administrative (a) (432) Depreciation and amortization (578) Share-based payment expense (200) Impairment, restructuring and acquisition costs (3,453) Total other (expense) income (348) Consolidated loss before income taxes \$(1,865) (a) A A A Share-based payment expense of \$46 related to cost of services, \$45 related to sales and marketing, \$44 related to product and technology and \$65 related to general and administrative has been excluded for the year ended December 31, 2024. (b) A A A Sirius XM other costs of services related to customer service and billing of \$364, transmission costs of \$186 and cost of equipment of \$10. Pandora other costs of services related to customer service and billing of \$79 and transmission costs of \$34. F-45 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Sirius XMPandora and Off-platform Total Revenue Subscriber revenue \$6,342 A \$524 A \$6,866 A Advertising revenue 169 A 1,589 A 1,758 A Other revenue 329 A e A 329 A Total revenue 6,840 A 2,113 A 8,953 A Cost of services Revenue share and royalties \$(1,603) \$(1,292) \$(2,895) Programming and content (c) (518) (66) (584) Other (c) (d) (568) (117) (685) Total cost of services (2,689) (1,475) (4,164) Segment Gross Profit \$4,151 A \$638 A \$4,789 A The reconciliation between reportable segment gross profit to consolidated income before income tax is as follows: For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 Segment Gross Profits \$4,789 A Subscriber acquisition costs (359) Sales and marketing (c) (886) Product and technology (c) (276) General and administrative (c) (541) Depreciation and amortization (624) Share-based payment expense (203) Impairment, restructuring and acquisition costs (92) Total other (expense) income (598) Consolidated income before income taxes \$1,210 A (c) A A A Share-based payment expense of \$45 related to cost of services, \$45 related to sales and marketing, \$46 related to product and technology and \$67 related to general and administrative has been excluded for the year ended December 31, 2023. (d) A A A Sirius XM other costs of services related to customer service and billing of \$388, transmission costs \$166 and cost of equipment \$14. Pandora other costs of services related to customer service and billing of \$83 and transmission costs \$34. F-46 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Sirius XMPandora and Off-platform Total Revenue Subscriber revenue \$6,370 A \$522 A \$6,892 A Advertising revenue 196 A 1,576 A 1,772 A Other revenue 339 A e A 339 A Total revenue 6,905 A 2,098 A 9,003 A Cost of services Revenue share and royalties \$(1,552) \$(1,250) \$(2,802) Programming and content (e) (514) (56) (570) Other (e) (f) (575) (137) (712) Total cost of services (2,641) (1,443) (4,084) Segment Gross Profit \$4,264 A \$655 A \$4,919 A The reconciliation between reportable segment gross profit to consolidated income before income tax is as follows: For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 Segment Gross Profits \$4,919 A Subscriber acquisition costs (352) Sales and marketing (e) (1,023) Product and technology (e) (246) General and administrative (e) (491) Depreciation and amortization (611) Share-based payment expense (209) Impairment, restructuring and acquisition costs (68) Total other (expense) income (433) Consolidated income before income taxes \$1,486 A (e) A A A Share-based payment expense of \$46 related to cost of services, \$52 related to sales and marketing, \$39 related to product and technology and \$72 related to general and administrative has been excluded for the year ended December 31, 2022. (f) A A A Sirius XM other costs of services related to customer service and billing of \$409, transmission costs \$153 and cost of equipment \$13. Pandora other costs of services related to customer service and billing of \$82 and transmission costs \$55. The segment gross profit above is regularly provided to Chief Operating Decision Maker to assess which segment is more profitable as well as to identify opportunities and risks to profitability within the segments to determine resource allocations accordingly. A measure of segment assets is not currently provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker and has therefore not been provided. As of December 31, 2024, long-lived assets were predominantly located in the United States. No individual foreign country represented a material portion of our consolidated revenue during the year ended December 31, 2024. F-47 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued (Dollars and shares in millions, except per share amounts or otherwise stated) (19) Subsequent Events Capital Return Program On January 22, 2025, our board of directors declared a quarterly dividend on our common stock in the amount of \$0.27 per share of common stock payable on February 25, 2025 to stockholders of record as of the close of business on February 7, 2025. For the period from January 1, 2025 to January 28, 2025, we repurchased 501 thousand shares of our common stock on the open market for an aggregate purchase price of \$11, including fees and commissions. F-48 Table of Contents SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES Schedule II - Schedule of Valuation and Qualifying Accounts (in millions) A A A Description Balance January 1, Charged to Expenses Write-offs/Payments/ Other Balance December 31, 2024 Allowance for doubtful accounts \$15 A 52 A (\$7) \$10 A Deferred tax assets \$e "valuation allowance \$88 A 21 A (16) \$93 A 2023 A A A Allowance for doubtful accounts \$11 A 59 A (55) \$15 A Deferred tax assets \$e "valuation allowance \$113 A e A (25) \$88 A 2022 A A A Allowance for doubtful accounts \$10 A 59 A (58) \$11 A Deferred tax assets \$e "valuation allowance \$83 A 35 A (5) \$113 A F-49 Document Exhibit 19.1 Securities Trading Policy Compliance with United States Securities Laws and Security Trading: Securities Trading Policy General Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, "SiriusXM" or the "Corporation"), their directors, officers, employees, contractors and consultants (collectively, "SiriusXM Personnel"), and "immediate family members" of SiriusXM Personnel (together with SiriusXM Personnel, collectively referred to as "Insiders") must, at all times, comply with the securities laws of the United States and all applicable jurisdictions. Federal securities laws prohibit trading in the securities of a company while aware of material non-public "inside" information. These transactions are commonly known as "insider trading". It is also illegal to recommend to others (commonly called "tippling") that they trade or retain the securities to which such inside information relates. This includes any communication providing insider information on social media or other internal or external Internet platforms. Anyone violating these laws is subject to personal liability and could face significant fines and criminal penalties, including imprisonment. In the normal course of business, SiriusXM Personnel may come into possession of material inside information concerning the Corporation, its industry, transactions in which the Corporation proposes to engage, suppliers, vendors, automakers and/or customers, or other entities with which the Corporation does business. Therefore, the Corporation has established this Securities Trading Policy (this "Policy") with respect to trading in its securities or securities of another company. Any violation of this Policy could subject SiriusXM Personnel to disciplinary action, up to and including termination. This Policy concerns compliance as it pertains to the disclosure of material inside information regarding the Corporation or another company and to trading in securities while in possession of such inside information. In addition to requiring that Insiders comply with the letter of the law, it is the Corporation's policy that Insiders exercise judgment so as to avoid even the appearance of impropriety. The matters set forth in this Policy are guidelines only and are not intended to replace an individual's responsibility to understand and comply with the legal prohibition on insider trading. Appropriate judgment should be exercised in connection with all securities trading. Any specific questions regarding this Policy or applicable law should be directed to Sirius "General Counsel. Certain capitalized terms used in this Policy have the meanings set forth in the Definitions section of this Policy. Statement of Policy No Insider may trade in the Corporation's securities at any time when the Insider has Material Non-Public Information concerning the Corporation. It is the responsibility of the "Insider to be certain that he or she does not have material Non-Public Information when determining to trade. No Insider may trade in the securities of another company at any time when the Insider has Material Non-Public Information about that company or its industry, including any of the Corporation's suppliers, vendors and/or customers, when that information, in whole or in part, was obtained as a result of the Insider's employment or relationship to the Corporation. No Insider may disclose Material Non-Public Information to any other person (including family members), and no Insider may make trade recommendations on the basis of Material Non-Public Information. In addition, Insiders should take care before trading on the recommendation of others to ensure that the recommendation is not the result of an illegal "tip". No Insider who receives or has access to the Corporation's Material Non-Public Information may comment on stock price movements or rumors of other corporate developments (including discussions on social media platforms, blogs or online forums) that are of possible significance to the investing public unless it is part of the Insider's job (such as Investor Relations) or the Insider has been specifically authorized to do so by the Chief Executive Officer. If any SiriusXM Personnel comments on corporate developments, stock price movements or rumors or discloses Material Non-Public Information to a third party, they must contact Sirius "General Counsel immediately. Any Insider receiving inquiries concerning the Corporation from the media or inquiries from securities analysts or other members of the financial community must refer such inquiries, without comment, to the Corporation's Investor Relations Department. Insiders may only trade in the Corporation's securities during the four "Window Periods" (as described below) that occur each fiscal year. Insiders may not, whether or not they possess Material Non-Public Information, trade in options, warrants, puts and calls or similar instruments on the Corporation's securities or sell such securities "short" (i.e., selling stock that is not owned and borrowing the shares to make delivery) or engage in speculative trading (e.g., "day trading") that is intended or may appear to take advantage of short-term price fluctuations. Such activities may put the personal gain of the Insider in conflict with the best interests of the Corporation and its security holders or otherwise give the appearance of impropriety. Further, no Insiders may engage in transactions in publicly-traded derivative securities, such as options, puts, calls and other derivative securities based on the value of the Corporation's securities, including any hedging, monetization or similar transactions designed to decrease the risks associated with holding the Corporation's securities, such as zero-cost collars and forward sales contracts. Insiders who have a managed account (where another person has been given discretion or authority to trade without such Insider's prior approval) should advise the broker or investment advisor not to trade in the Corporation's securities at any time. A A A A A A For all Insiders, this Policy continues in effect until the opening of the first Window Period after termination of employment or other relationship with the Corporation, except that the pre-clearance requirements set forth in this Policy continue to apply to Permanent Restricted Persons for six months after the termination of their status as a Permanent Restricted Person. Certain Exceptions The prohibition on trading in the Corporation's securities set forth above does not apply to: "Transferring shares to an entity that does not involve a change in the beneficial ownership of the shares (for example, to an inter vivos trust of which you are the sole beneficiary during your lifetime). "The exercise of stock options under our stock plans (including any net-settled stock option exercises); however, the sale of any such stock acquired upon such exercise, including as part of a broker-assisted cashless exercise of an option, or any other market sale for the purpose of generating the cash needed to pay the exercise price of an option or to satisfy tax withholding requirements, is subject to this Policy. "The exercise of a tax withholding right pursuant to which an individual elects (or the Corporation mandates) to have the Corporation withhold shares subject to an option or other equity-based security to satisfy tax withholding requirements. "The execution of transactions pursuant to a trading plan that complies with SEC Rule 10b5-1 and which has been approved in writing by the Corporation. "The purchase of stock through the Corporation's 401(k) plan through regular payroll deductions; however, the sale of any such stock and the election to transfer funds into or out of, or a loan with respect to amounts invested in, the stock fund is subject to this Policy. "Trading in mutual funds and Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) holding the Corporation's securities at any time, that are either based on broad indexes, such as Standard & Poor's, or on targeted sectors with portfolio holdings of at least 30 or more companies. Definitions Immediate Family Members Immediate family members include a spouse, parents, children, siblings, mothers- and fathers-in-law, sons- and daughters-in-law and brothers- and sisters-in-law, as well as stepchildren, stepparents and any person, other than a tenant or employee, who shares a household with Sirius XM Personnel. Sirius XM Personnel are responsible for the transactions of their Immediate Family Members and therefore should make them aware of the need to confer with you before they trade in the Corporation's securities or securities of the companies we do business with. Material Information Information is generally considered "material" if a reasonable investor would consider it important in deciding whether to trade or retain a security. The information may concern the Corporation or another company and may be positive or negative. In addition, material information does not have to relate to a company's business; information about the contents of a forthcoming publication in the financial press that is expected to affect the market. A A A A A A 4 price of a security could well be material. SiriusXM Personnel should assume that information that would affect their consideration of whether to trade, or which might tend to influence the price of the security, is material. Examples of material information could include, but are not limited to: "dividend information or the changing of dividend policies; "earnings results, estimates and guidance on earnings and confirmations of or changes to previously released earnings results, estimates or guidance; "financial projections; "a merger, acquisition, tender offer, sale of assets, disposition or divestiture proposal or agreement; "impending bankruptcy or financial liquidity problems; "investments, joint ventures or changes in assets; "new securities offerings or significant news relating to securities offerings or other events involving the Corporation's securities; "acquisition, refinancing or repayment of significant debts or defaults on debt; "the gain or loss of a significant customer or material changes in sales; "changes in senior management or other key personnel; "a significant disruption in the Corporation's operations or loss, potential loss, breach or unauthorized access of its property or assets, including its facilities and information technology infrastructure and cybersecurity and privacy incidents or events; "any violation or possible violation of material laws or regulations in any domestic or foreign jurisdiction; "restructuring, layoffs or furloughs; "government investigations, significant lawsuits or settlements; "significant write-offs; and "changes in, or disagreements with, auditors or notifications that the Corporation may no longer rely on such firm's report. Information that something is likely to happen or even just that it may happen can be material. Courts often resolve close cases in favor of finding the information material. Therefore, Insiders should err on the side of caution. Insiders should keep in mind that the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") rules and regulations provide that the mere fact that a person is aware of the information is a bar to trading. It is no excuse that such person's reasons for trading were unrelated to the information. Non-Public Information. For the purpose of this Policy, information is "Non-Public" until three criteria have been satisfied. First, the information must have been widely disseminated by the Corporation. Generally, Insiders should assume that information has NOT been widely disseminated unless it has been disclosed by the Corporation (i) in a press release distributed through a widely disseminated news or wire

service. (ii) a publicly available filing made with the SEC or (iii) another manner compliant with Regulation FD. ~~AAAAAA~~ 5Second, the information disseminated must be some form of ~~official~~ announcement or disclosure, which, in the case of the information about the Corporation, must be made by the Corporation. In other words, the fact that rumors, speculation or statements attributed to unidentified sources are public is NOT sufficient to be considered widely disseminated even when the rumors, speculation or statements are accurate. Third, after the information has been disseminated, a period of time must pass sufficient for the information to be absorbed by the general public. Generally, it is reasonable to consider information fully absorbed after the closing of the first full trading day on The NASDAQ Global Select Market that follows the day on which the information is disseminated in a national news medium or disclosed in a manner compliant with Regulation FD, including in a filing with the SEC. Security or Securities. The term ~~security~~ or ~~securities~~ is defined very broadly by the securities laws and includes stock (common and preferred), stock options, warrants, bonds, notes, debentures, convertible instruments, put or call options (i.e., exchange-traded options), or other similar instruments. Trade or Trading. The term ~~trade~~ or ~~trading~~ means broadly any purchase, sale or other transaction to acquire, transfer or dispose of securities, including derivative exercises, gifts or other contributions, pledges, exercises of stock options granted under the Corporation's stock plans, sales of stock acquired upon the exercise of options and trades made under an employee benefit plan such as a 401(k) plan. Pre-clearance of Trades and Other Procedures. Members of the Board of Directors of the Corporation, ~~officers~~ of the Corporation (as defined under Rule 16a-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the ~~Exchange Act~~)) (collectively, ~~Section 16 Persons~~), officers with the rank of Senior Vice President and above, certain designated employees that report to Section 16 Persons, certain designated employees involved in the Corporation's financial, accounting, legal, human resources and business information groups and Immediate Family Members of any of such persons and trusts, corporations and other entities controlled by any of such persons (collectively, ~~Permanent Restricted Persons~~) as well as certain other persons as described in this Policy must obtain the advance approval of SiriusXM's General Counsel or the General Counsel's designee before effecting transactions in the Corporation's securities, including any exercise of an option (whether cashless or otherwise), gifts, loans, rights or warrant to purchase or sell such securities, contribution to a trust or other transfers, whether the transaction is for the individual's own account, one over which the individual exercises control or one in which the individual has a beneficial interest. From time to time, the Corporation will notify persons other than Permanent Restricted Persons that they are subject to the pre-clearance requirements if the Corporation believes that, in the normal course of their duties, they are likely to have regular access to Material Non-Public Information (~~Other Restricted Persons~~). Occasionally, certain individuals may have access to Material Non-Public Information for a limited period of time. During such a period, such ~~AAAA~~ persons may be notified that they are also Other Restricted Persons who will be subject to the pre-clearance requirements. Any person notified of their status as an Other Restricted Person will remain an Other Restricted Person subject to the pre-clearance requirements of this Policy unless otherwise notified in writing by SiriusXM's General Counsel or the General Counsel's designee. Permanent Restricted Persons and Other Restricted Persons must submit a request for pre-clearance to the SiriusXM's General Counsel or the General Counsel's designee at least two business days in advance of the proposed transaction by sending an email to pre-approval@siriusxm.com. Each request for pre-clearance should indicate the number of securities to be traded, the type of transaction proposed, the timing of the proposed transactions and any other relevant information. Any approval by SiriusXM's General Counsel must be in writing. Approval for transactions in the Corporation's securities will generally be granted only during a Window Period (as defined below) and the transaction may only be performed during the period specified in the approval. Notwithstanding receipt of pre-clearance, Permanent Restricted Persons and Other Restricted Persons must not trade in Corporation Securities if they subsequently become aware of Material Non-Public Information. Permanent Restricted Persons must comply with these pre-clearance requirements for six months after the termination of their status as a Permanent Restricted Person. Trading Windows. The Corporation has established four ~~trading windows~~ of time during which requests for approval may be submitted and transactions may be performed (~~Window Periods~~). Each Window Period will begin on the second trading day on The NASDAQ Global Select Market after the Corporation has filed its Annual Report on Form 10-K or Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the prior fiscal year or quarter, as applicable. That same Window Period will close on the second to last Friday of the last month of the then current fiscal quarter. After the close of the Window Period, Permanent Restricted Persons and Other Restricted Persons may not trade in the Corporation's securities. The prohibition against trading while aware of, or tipping of, Material Non-Public Information applies even during a Window Period. For example, if during a Window Period, a material acquisition or divestiture is pending or a forthcoming publication in the financial press may affect the relevant securities market, Insiders may not trade in the Corporation's securities. Anyone with doubts about whether they can trade or not must consult SiriusXM's General Counsel. From time to time, the Corporation may require that directors, officers, selected employees and/or others suspend trading in the Corporation's securities, including during a Window Period, notwithstanding anything else contained in this Policy, because of developments that have not yet been disclosed to the public. If the Corporation declares a blackout to which you are subject, then a member of the Legal Department will notify you when the blackout begins and when it ends. All those affected and notified of the suspension shall not trade in the Corporation's securities while the suspension is in effect, and shall not disclose to others that the Corporation has suspended trading for certain individuals. Though these blackouts generally will arise because the Corporation is involved in a highly-sensitive transaction, they ~~AAAA~~ may be declared for any reason. If the Corporation declares a blackout which applies to any SiriusXM Personnel, a member of the Corporation's legal department will notify such SiriusXM Personnel when the blackout begins and when it ends. The Corporation will post on its intranet site at the beginning of each year a schedule listing the expected Window Periods for that year. The Corporation's delivery or nondelivery of such schedule (or other communication) does not relieve you of your obligation to only trade in the Corporation's securities in full compliance with this Policy. Those subject to the Window Periods or a suspension may request a hardship exemption for periods outside the Window Periods or during a suspension, as applicable, if they are not in possession of Material Non-Public Information and are not otherwise prohibited from trading pursuant to this Policy. Hardship exemptions are granted infrequently and only in exceptional circumstances. Any request for a hardship exemption should be made to SiriusXM's General Counsel or the General Counsel's designee. 10b5-1 Plans and Other Trading Plans. A 10b5-1 trading plan is a binding, written contract between Insiders and their brokers that specifies the price, amount, and date of trades to be executed in the Insiders' accounts in the future, or provides a formula or mechanism that the Insiders' brokers will follow, and satisfies various other conditions and limitations set forth in Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act. A 10b5-1 trading plan can only be established when an Insider does not possess Material Non-Public Information. Therefore, Insiders cannot enter into these plans at any time when in possession of Material Non-Public Information and, in addition, persons subject to the pre-clearance requirements of this Policy cannot enter into these plans outside Window Periods. In addition, a 10b5-1 trading plan must not permit anyone to exercise any subsequent influence over how, when, or whether the purchases or sales are made. Unless such requirement is waived or modified by SiriusXM's General Counsel or the General Counsel's designee in his or her sole discretion, or as otherwise required by applicable law, (i) Insiders should not trade in the Corporation's securities outside of a 10b5-1 trading plan while such 10b5-1 trading plan is in effect and (ii) a 10b5-1 trading plan adopted or modified by a Section 16 Person should not permit any trades to occur until expiration of the cooling-off period mandated by Rule 10b5-1(c)(1)(ii)(B) of the Exchange Act. Each Insider must pre-clear with SiriusXM's General Counsel any proposed trading plan, including 10b5-1 trading plans, prior to the adoption of such plan. Each Insider must also pre-clear with SiriusXM's General Counsel or the General Counsel's designee any proposed modification or termination of an existing trading plan, including 10b5-1 trading plans, prior to the modification or termination of such plan. The Corporation reserves the right to withhold pre-clearance of the adoption, modification or termination of any trading plan that the Corporation determines is not consistent with the rules regarding such plans. No Insider will be permitted to adopt a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan if such Insider has an existing contract, instruction or plan. ~~AAAA~~ Margin Accounts and Pledges. No SiriusXM Personnel, whether or not in possession of Material Non-Public Information, may purchase the Corporation's securities on margin, or borrow against any account in which the Corporation's securities are held, or pledge the Corporation's securities as collateral for a loan. Securities purchased on margin may be sold by the broker without the customer's consent if the customer fails to meet a margin call. Similarly, securities held in an account which may be borrowed against or are otherwise pledged (or hypothecated) as collateral for a loan may be sold in foreclosure if the borrower defaults on the loan. Accordingly, if an individual purchases securities on margin or pledges them as collateral for a loan, a margin sale or foreclosure sale may occur at a time when such individual is aware of Material Non-Public Information or otherwise is not permitted to trade in our securities. The sale, even though not initiated at such individual's request, is still a sale for such individual's benefit and may subject the individual to liability under the insider trading rules if made at a time when the individual is aware of Material Non-Public Information. Similar cautions apply to a bank or other loans for which an individual has pledged stock as collateral. Potential Criminal and Civil Liability and/or Disciplinary Action. Each Insider is individually responsible for complying with the securities laws and this Policy, regardless of whether the Corporation has prohibited trading by that Insider or any other Insiders. Trading in securities during the Window Periods and outside of any suspension periods should not be considered a ~~safe harbor~~. Insiders can never, whether or not during a Window Period and whether or not pre-clearance has been obtained, trade securities on the basis of Material Non-Public Information. SiriusXM Personnel who violate this Policy will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment for cause, whether or not the SiriusXM Personnel's failure to comply results in a violation of law. Needless to say, a violation of law, or even a SEC investigation that does not result in prosecution, can tarnish one's reputation and irreparably damage a career. Anyone with questions concerning this Policy or its application should contact SiriusXM's General Counsel at (212) 584-5180. Any violation or perceived violation should be reported immediately to SiriusXM's General Counsel. Confidentiality. No SiriusXM Personnel should disclose any Non-Public Information to non-SiriusXM Personnel (including to family members), except when such disclosure is needed to carry out the Corporation's business and then only when the SiriusXM Personnel disclosing the information has no reason to believe that the recipient will misuse the information (for example, when such disclosures are authorized as necessary to facilitate negotiations with suppliers, vendors, OEMs and/or customers or when such persons are subject to contractual confidentiality restrictions). ~~AAAA~~ 9When such information is disclosed, the recipient must be told that such information may be used only for the business purpose related to its disclosure and that the information must be held in confidence. SiriusXM Personnel should disclose Non-Public Information to other SiriusXM Personnel only in the ordinary course of business, for legitimate business purposes and in the absence of reasons to believe that the information will be misused or improperly disclosed by the recipient. Written Non-Public Information should be appropriately safeguarded and should not be left where it may be seen by persons not entitled to the information, or otherwise accessible by persons not entitled to the information, and Non-Public Information should not be discussed with any person within the Corporation under circumstances where it could be overheard. In addition to other circumstances where it may be applicable, this confidentiality policy must be strictly adhered to in responding to inquiries about the Corporation that may be made by the press, securities analysts or other members of the financial community. It is important that responses to any such inquiries be made on behalf of the Corporation by a duly designated officer. Accordingly, SiriusXM Personnel should not respond to any such inquiries and should refer all such inquiries to the Corporation's Investor Relations Department. Neither this Policy nor any policy of the Corporation, and notwithstanding any other confidentiality or non-disclosure agreement (whether in writing or otherwise, including without limitation as part of an employment agreement, separation agreement or similar employment or compensation arrangement) applicable to current or former Insiders, should be deemed to restrict any current or former Insider from communicating, cooperating or filing a complaint with any U.S. federal, state or local governmental or law enforcement branch, agency or entity (collectively, a ~~Governmental Entity~~) with respect to possible violations of any U.S. federal, state or local law or regulation, or otherwise making disclosures to any Governmental Entity, in each case, that are protected under the whistleblower provisions of any such law or regulation, provided that (1) in each case such communications and disclosures are consistent with applicable law and (2) the information subject to such disclosure was not obtained by the current or former Insider through a communication that was subject to the attorney-client privilege, unless such disclosure of that information would otherwise be permitted by an attorney pursuant to 17 CFR 205.3(d)(2), applicable state attorney conduct rules, or otherwise. Any agreement in conflict with the foregoing is hereby deemed amended by the Corporation to be consistent with the foregoing. Legal Effect of this Policy. This Policy with respect to insider trading and the disclosure of confidential information, and the procedures that implement this Policy, are not intended to serve as precise recitations of the legal prohibitions against insider trading and tipping which are highly complex, fact specific and evolving. Certain of the procedures are designed to prevent even the appearance of impropriety. Therefore, these procedures are not intended to serve as a basis for establishing civil or criminal liability that would not otherwise exist. ~~AAAA~~ 10ACKNOWLEDGMENT CONCERNING SECURITIES TRADING POLICY. We ask that you acknowledge that you have received, read and agree to abide by this Securities Trading Policy. The Corporation may ask you to re-submit this acknowledgement on an annual basis or whenever the Securities Trading Policy is significantly updated. By my signature below, I acknowledge that I have read and received the Corporation's Securities Trading Policy. Signature: ~~AAAA~~ Name (printed): ~~AAAA~~ Date: ~~AAAA~~ Document Exhibit 21.1 SIRIUS XM HOLDINGS INC. SUBSIDIARIES Sirius XM Inc. Sirius XM Radio LLC. Automatic Labs Inc. Satellite CD Radio LLC Sirius XM Connected Vehicle Services Inc. Sirius XM Connected Vehicle Services Holdings Inc. SXM CVS Canada Inc. XM 1500 Eckington LLC XM Email Inc. XM Investment LLC XM Radio LLC Pandora Media, LLC AdsWizz Inc. Stitcher Media LLC Audios Ventures Inc. (dba Simplecast) Astor Investments Inc. Regency Valley Investments Inc. Sirius XM Ireland Limited Document Exhibit 23.1 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statements (No. 333-229468, 333-228088, 333-159274, 333-159206, 333-282152 and 333-282066) on Form S-8 of our reports dated January 30, 2025, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule II of Sirius XM Holdings Inc. and subsidiaries and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. /s/ KPMG LLP New York, New York January 30, 2025 Document Exhibit 31.1 CERTIFICATION I, Jennifer C. Witz, certify that: 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2024 of Sirius XM Holdings Inc.; 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report; 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report; 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have: a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; b. designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; c. evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and d. disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth

operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;4.The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:a.designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;b.designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;c.evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; andd.disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and5.The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):a.all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; andb.any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.Date:January 30, 2025/s/ THOMAS D. BARRYThomas D. BarryExecutive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer(Principal Financial Officer)DocumentExhibit 32.1CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TOSECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEYACT OF 2002In connection with the Annual Report of Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jennifer C. Witz, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.By:/s/ JENNIFER C. WITZJennifer C. WitzChief Executive Officer and Director(Principal Executive Officer)January 30, 2025 The signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.DocumentExhibit 32.2CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TOSECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEYACT OF 2002In connection with the Annual Report of Sirius XM Holdings Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Thomas D. Barry, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.By:/s/ THOMAS D. BARRYThomas D. BarryExecutive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer(Principal Financial Officer)January 30, 2025 A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.