

## Form 10-K

☐ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
For the fiscal year ended: **December 31, 2023**

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
Commissions file no. **1-33741**



# DallasNews CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Texas**  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

**38-3765318**  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**P. O. Box 224866, Dallas, Texas 75222-4866**  
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

**(214) 977-8869**  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class  
**Series A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value**

Trading Symbol  
**DALN**

Name of each exchange on which registered  
**The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC**

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:  
**Series B Common Stock, \$0.01 par value (Title of class)**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act. Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer: ☐

Accelerated Filer: ☐

Non-Accelerated Filer: ☐

Smaller Reporting Company: ☐

Emerging Growth Company: ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ☐

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☐

The aggregate market value of the registrant's voting stock held by nonaffiliates on June 30, 2023, based on the closing price for the registrant's Series A Common Stock on such date as reported on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC, was approximately \$

18,140,031  
.\*

Shares of Common Stock outstanding at March 1, 2024: 5,352,490 shares (consisting of

4,737,852  
shares of Series A Common Stock and

614,638  
shares of Series B Common Stock).

\* For purposes of this calculation, the market value of a share of Series B Common Stock was assumed to be the same as a share of Series A Common Stock into which it is convertible.

*Documents incorporated by reference:*

Selected designated portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement, relating to the Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 9, 2024, are incorporated by reference into Parts II and III of this Annual Report.

DallasNews Corporation 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K

# DALLASNEWS CORPORATION

## FORM 10-K

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## PART I

### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K concerning DallasNews Corporation's (the "Company") business outlook or future economic performance, revenues, expenses, cash balance, capital expenditures, investments, impairments, business initiatives, pension plan contributions and obligations, working capital, future financings and other financial and non-financial items that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" as the term is defined under applicable federal securities laws. Words such as "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "can," "could," "estimate," "forecast," "intend," "expect," "may," "project," "plan," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "would" and their opposites and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those statements. Such risks, trends and uncertainties are, in most instances, beyond the Company's control, and include changes in advertising demand and other economic conditions; consumers' tastes; newsprint and distribution prices; program costs; the success of the Company's digital strategy; labor relations; cybersecurity incidents; and technological obsolescence. Among other risks, there can be no guarantee that the Company's board of directors will approve a quarterly dividend in future quarters or that the Company's financial projections are accurate, as well as other risks described in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and the Company's other public disclosures and filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Forward-looking statements, which are as of the date of this filing, are not updated to reflect events or circumstances after the date of the statement.

All dollar amounts presented herein the Annual Report on Form 10-K, except share and per share amounts, are presented in thousands, unless the context indicates otherwise.

#### Item 1. Business

DallasNews Corporation and its subsidiaries are referred to collectively herein as "DallasNews" or the "Company." DallasNews was formed in February 2008 through a spin-off from its former parent company and is registered on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq trading symbol: DALN). DallasNews is the Dallas-based holding company of *The Dallas Morning News* and Medium Giant.

*The Dallas Morning News* is Texas' leading daily newspaper with an excellent journalistic reputation, intense regional focus and close community ties. The company has won nine Pulitzer Prizes and is the oldest continuously operated business in Texas, dating back to 1842.

In addition, the Company has a full-service agency, Medium Giant, with capabilities including strategy, creative and media management with a focus on strategic and digital marketing, and data intelligence that provide a measurable return on investment to its clients.

#### Business Overview

The Company's goal is to create value for investors by being the premier provider of relevant and original local journalism in North Texas so citizens can make informed choices about their lives and the life of the communities in which they live. This commitment to excellence in journalism attracts and retains subscribers to the print edition, the digital site, and applications on mobile devices.

The print media industry has encountered continuous declines in revenue primarily due to the secular shift of readers and advertisers to digital platforms. The Company has sought to limit its exposure to these industry risks through greater development of its digital platforms for delivery of news and advertising, and leveraging its brand and personnel to enhance its media agency solutions. However, these improvements may not result in a sufficient increase in revenue to offset the declines the Company is experiencing in its traditional print media business.

The Company operates *The Dallas Morning News* ([dallasnews.com](http://dallasnews.com)), Texas' leading newspaper. These operations generate revenue from sales of advertising within the Company's newspaper and digital platforms, subscriptions and retail sales of its newspaper, commercial printing and distribution services primarily related to national newspapers.

*The Dallas Morning News'* first edition was published on October 1, 1885. *The News* is one of the leading metropolitan newspapers in the United States. The newspaper is distributed primarily in Dallas County and six surrounding counties. This coverage area represents one of the most populous and fastest growing metropolitan areas in the country. *The News* has been awarded nine Pulitzer Prizes for news reporting, editorial writing and photography. *The News* also has *Al Día*, an award-winning Spanish-language digital-only product that publishes online daily, as news develops, and in a weekly ePaper edition available online. Unless otherwise noted, the financial and operating results of all products are reported as *The Dallas Morning News*.

Businesses producing and providing services within the print and newspaper industry have encountered significant declines in revenue as a result of increasing use of the internet for delivery of information. These businesses have been challenged to find alternative solutions to offset the loss of revenue. The majority of revenues within the newspaper industry were historically generated from display and classified advertisements followed by revenues from subscriptions and retail sales of newspaper. Revenues from subscriptions and retail sales of newspapers have experienced greater resilience as readers have been willing to pay higher prices for the product, which has substantially offset lower circulation volumes. The Company has faced ongoing revenue declines primarily in print advertising and expects these trends to continue. Preprint advertising continues to experience a much greater secular decline across the industry and may eventually become obsolete. As a result the Company is moving to a more digital news format to offset some of its declines in print, specifically around advertising.

In addition to traditional print and digital advertising, the Company has a full-service agency, Medium Giant, with capabilities including strategy, creative and media management with a focus on strategic and digital marketing, and data intelligence that provide a measurable return on investment to its clients. Through the full-service capabilities, the Company is able to offer businesses comprehensive, strategic and creative marketing solutions which allow our clients to connect with their business, their brand and their audiences to drive growth.

The following describes the Company's various revenue streams.

**Advertising and Marketing Services Revenue** - Advertising and marketing services revenue accounted for approximately 42 percent of total revenue for 2023.

The Company has a comprehensive portfolio of print advertising products, which includes display and classified advertising. Display revenue results from sales of advertising space within the Company's core newspaper to local, regional or national businesses with local operations, affiliates or resellers. Classified revenue, which includes automotive, real estate, employment, obituaries and other, results from sales of advertising space in the classified and other sections of the Company's newspaper.

The Company's digital advertising and marketing services revenue consists of strategic marketing services, consulting, branding, paid media strategy and management, creative services, search optimization, direct mail, the sale of promotional materials, and subscriptions to the Company's multi-channel marketing solutions cloud-based software and services. In addition, it includes digital sales of banner, classified and native advertisements on the Company's news websites, social media platforms and mobile apps, as well as targeted and multi-channel (programmatic) advertising placed on third-party platforms.

**Circulation Revenue** - Circulation revenue accounted for approximately 47 percent of total revenue for 2023 and includes subscriptions and single copy sales related to the Company's core newspaper in print and digital formats. DallasNews' steadfast commitment to producing superior, unduplicated local journalism enables the Company's newspaper to charge premium subscription rates. *The Dallas Morning News'* goal is to maximize the amount of recurring revenue from consumers of the Company's print and digital products. The Company continuously assesses the journalism provided to subscribers and their willingness and ability to pay higher rates by geographic area. The Company has implemented effective rate increases to select subscribers or retailers. A digital replica version of *The Dallas Morning News* is offered for subscribers to purchase if they prefer to consume news through a digital device in a more traditional format. DallasNews' and the newspaper industry as a whole, are challenged to maintain and grow print circulation volume. To the extent circulation volume declines cannot be offset by rate increases, the Company will realize lower circulation revenue. Circulation volume declines could also result in lower rates and volumes for advertising revenue.

The Company's news websites, including [dallasnews.com](http://dallasnews.com) and [aldiadallas.com](http://aldiadallas.com), are the leading English and Spanish news and social media platforms in the North Texas region. *The News'* websites offer late-breaking and other up-to-date news coverage, user-generated content, advertising, e-commerce and other services. Readers can access news content across multiple digital platforms and obtain relevant local customized content and advertising. The Company's journalists have expanded their reach and deepened their engagement with audiences by delivering news and content through social media platforms such as newsletters, blogs, Facebook and X, formerly known as Twitter, which direct traffic to the core websites. The Company's success depends to a significant extent on its ability to develop and manage the digital business in response to the changes in consumers' preferences and behaviors, as well as changes to advertising expenditures, as described above.

**Printing, Distribution and Other Revenue** - Printing, distribution and other revenue accounted for approximately 11 percent of total revenue for 2023 and includes commercial printing, distribution and shared mail packaging services. The Company's commercial printing and distribution services leverage the capacity of its production and distribution assets. The Company believes the incremental revenue from these services allows a greater return from the Company's operating assets.

Commercial printing and delivery services are provided for certain national newspapers. A shared mail packaging business is operated in Tempe, Arizona, providing mailed advertisements for business customers.

### **Raw Materials and Distribution**

The basic material used in publishing newspapers is newsprint. The Company has a Paper Supply Agreement, expiring in August 2025, with Gannett Supply Corporation ("Gannett"), a newsprint broker, which will be the Company's sole supplier of newsprint from designated newsprint suppliers at market-based prices during the term of the agreement, except in certain specified instances. The agreement is renewable for successive one-year terms upon mutual agreement of the parties, and is terminable by either party on 180 days prior written notice. This agreement allows the Company access to multiple mills at competitive pricing. Management believes the Gannett agreement provides adequate sources of newsprint to meet the Company's current needs. Significant increases in newsprint costs or the Company's inability to obtain an adequate supply of newsprint in the future could adversely affect its financial condition and results of operations.

During 2023, Company operations consumed 6,658 metric tons of newsprint at an average cost of \$779 per metric ton. Consumption of newsprint in 2022 was 7,735 metric tons at an average cost of \$728 per metric ton.

The Company's newspaper and other commercial print products are produced at its facility in Plano, Texas. Distribution of printed products to subscribers, retailers and newsstands is made under terms of agreements with third-party distributors. The Company believes a sufficient number of third-party distributors exist to allow uninterrupted distribution of the Company's products. However, there are challenges with third-party distributors being able to retain carriers to deliver the newspaper. In addition, if third-party service providers face financial difficulties or terminate their relationship with the Company, this could adversely affect the Company's ability to satisfy its customers or operate the business, and could affect results of operations.

### **Competitive Strengths and Challenges**

The Company's strengths include:

- ☐ the largest news-gathering operation in North Texas
- ☐ the opportunity to build valuable first-party data sets about consumers in North Texas due to the millions of unique visitors who come to the Company's websites monthly
- ☐ the ability to develop innovative new product and service offerings which leverage the Company's brand equity, existing content, distribution platforms, technologies and relationships
- ☐ the ability to provide clients with full-service agency capabilities including strategy, creative, website development, and media management which allow our clients to connect with their business, their brand and their audiences
- ☐ sufficient liquidity to allow the Company to invest opportunistically in the Company's business
- ☐ an affluent and educated demographic base in its market centered around one of the fastest growing regions in the country
- ☐ the ability to market print or digital products and services to large and targeted audiences at low marginal costs
- ☐ a large sales force with knowledge of the marketplaces in which the Company conducts its business, and relationships with current and potential print and digital advertising clients
- ☐ the ability to manage operating costs effectively according to market pressures

The Company's challenges include:

- ☐ decline in print advertising
- ☐ classified advertising, specifically related to legal notices and being subject to legislation
- ☐ effective monetization of locally-created online content on the Company's websites while balancing the impact of potential lower traffic volumes with an established metered-based model
- ☐ operating in a competitive environment with increased competition from other media, particularly internet-based media provided to customers at no cost
- ☐ timely growth of revenue and profits related to the Company's agency, digital services and digital subscriptions businesses that would provide for an offset to declines in revenue and profits related to the Company's print advertising and print circulation
- ☐ operating in a competitive agency market with competition from large established agencies and in-house marketing

In response to the decline in print revenue, the Company built agency and digital advertising capabilities through multiple media channels. The Company leverages its news content to improve engagement on the Company's digital platforms that results in increased digital subscriptions and associated revenue. The Company also continues to diversify its revenue base by leveraging the available capacity of its existing assets to provide print and distribution services for newspapers and other customers requiring these services, by introducing new advertising and marketing services products, and by increasing circulation prices.

Because of declining print circulation, the Company has developed broad digital strategies designed to provide readers with multiple platforms for obtaining online access to local news. The Company continues to obtain additional key demographic data from readers, which allows the Company to provide content desired by readers and to modify marketing and distribution strategies to target and reach audiences valued by advertisers. The Company has access to programmatic digital advertising platforms that provide digital ad placement and targeting efficiencies and increases utilization of digital inventory within the Company's websites. Additionally, in order to optimize owned and operated digital advertising revenue, the Company has adopted a holistic yield management approach powered by real-time bidding technologies and data analysis to ensure the optimal mix of direct sales and programmatic ad sales is achieved.

### **Strategy**

DallasNews is committed to producing quality journalism for its communities and providing innovative digital marketing solutions for its customers through its agency capabilities, while creating value for shareholders over the long-term. The Company continuously evaluates its operations and investments against various economic factors to determine the appropriate current strategies.

The Company is committed to maintaining the leading digital and print platforms for delivering news of the highest quality and reliability in the North Texas area, as well as creating and developing innovative print and digital marketing services capabilities that address the needs of clients and advertisers.

The Company seeks to achieve these objectives through the following strategies:

- produce quality local journalism at scale, distributed through digital platforms that improve user engagement and result in increased digital subscriptions and customer retention
- develop new ways to grow advertising dollars on the Company's digital platforms
- grow recurring advertising and digital marketing services revenue through a client-first approach and enhanced full-service agency capabilities
- improve print revenues and increase utilization of operating assets by maintaining profitable print and distribution services to third parties
- continue to align costs with revenue, maintain strong liquidity to support future business and product initiatives, and provide flexibility to meet strategic investment opportunities and other cash flow requirements

### **Competition**

DallasNews' newspaper and related websites primarily serve audiences in the North Texas area. The Company competes for advertising revenue for its newspaper and websites with other print and agency companies. Advertising revenues for the Company's newspaper and websites are responsive to circulation and traffic volumes, demographics of their subscriber bases, advertising results, rates and customer service. Advertising on digital platforms is highly competitive and largely dominated by large internet companies. As advertisers reallocate marketing expenditures from print to digital channels, the Company believes its strong local brand and its full-service agency, Medium Giant, has capabilities that will allow it to offer exclusive advertising and digital marketing solutions to local businesses on a competitive scale, but still face competition from large established agencies and in-house marketing.

*The Dallas Morning News* has the highest paid print circulation in the North Texas area while competing with one other metropolitan newspaper in parts of its geographic market. Circulation revenues are challenged primarily due to free and readily-accessible news, entertainment, advertising and other content available through the internet. This secular shift from print to digital media continues as consumer lifestyles embrace technological advancements, particularly with mobile devices, which provide access to a wide variety of digital news and advertising alternatives, including news websites and social media platforms, online advertising networks and exchanges, online classified services, and direct email advertising. Competition for readers is primarily based on mode of delivery, quality of the Company's journalism, price, timeliness of interaction with audiences, and customer service. News and other digital content produced by the Company's newspaper are available via its websites, mobile applications and through email. The Company offers competitive technology for accessing digital content on mobile devices and via personal computers. Journalists engage online readers through newsletters, blogs, X, formerly known as Twitter, and other social media posts.

## **Seasonality**

DallasNews' advertising revenues are subject to moderate seasonality, with print and digital advertising revenue typically higher in the fourth calendar quarter of each year because of the holiday shopping season. The level of print and digital advertising sales in any period may also be affected by advertisers' decisions to increase or decrease their advertising expenditures in response to anticipated consumer demand and general economic conditions.

## **Employees**

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had 601 employees of which approximately 20 percent are under a collective bargaining agreement that became effective on July 1, 2023. In the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company's voluntary severance program closed, which resulted in 58 employees accepting the offer who will depart in 2024.

The Company considers its relationships with its employees to be very good and is committed to an equitable and inclusive workplace that reflects the diversity of its local readers and the communities it serves.

## **Available Information**

DallasNews maintains its corporate website at [dallasnewscorporation.com](https://dallasnewscorporation.com), which makes available, free of charge, this Annual Report on Form 10-K, its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, its Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports, as filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after the reports are electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

## **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments**

None.

## **Item 1C. Cybersecurity**

### **Risk Management and Strategy**

#### **Overview**

Cybersecurity threats and computer crime pose a risk to the security of the Company's information technology ("IT") systems and those of third-party service providers with whom it does business, as well as the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the data stored on those systems. As part of our overall risk management framework, the Company has developed and maintains an information security program consisting of policies, procedures, systems, controls and technology designed to help prevent, identify, detect and mitigate cybersecurity risks.

#### **Prevention, Identification, Detection and Mitigation Processes**

Effective assessment, identification and management of material risks from cybersecurity threats involve a comprehensive and proactive approach. The Company's key processes include, but are not limited to, the following:

- **Cybersecurity Policies and Procedures:** The Company's IT department has developed and implemented cybersecurity policies and procedures designed to align with industry best practices, such as the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework, and applicable regulatory requirements.
- **Incident Response Plan:** The Company has developed and maintains an incident response plan that outlines the steps to be taken in the event of a cybersecurity incident. Annual testing is conducted to determine the effectiveness of the incident response plan, and maintenance of backup and protective systems is performed as needed.
- **Employee Training and Awareness:** Mandatory ongoing cybersecurity training is provided to all employees to educate them about potential cybersecurity risks. Management fosters a culture of cybersecurity awareness and encourages employees to be proactive in identifying and reporting security issues.
- **Access Control and Authentication:** The IT department maintains strong access controls and multi-factor authentication to ensure that only authorized personnel have access to sensitive systems and data. This access is regularly reviewed and updated as needed based on job roles and responsibilities.

- **Security Control:** The IT department has implemented and continually monitors security controls, including firewalls, end-point detection and response, intrusion detection/prevention systems, file integrity monitoring and data encryption, to protect against cybersecurity threats. These tools and controls are regularly updated to address vulnerabilities and ensure the security of information technology infrastructure.
- **Reviews of IT Internal Controls:** Reviews are performed by the Company's internal audit team to assess the effectiveness of IT internal controls and compliance with regulatory policies and cybersecurity best practices, and any identified weaknesses are promptly addressed.
- **Vulnerability Scans:** Vulnerability scans are executed quarterly across the environment to proactively identify software weaknesses and vulnerabilities that could be exploited in a cybersecurity attack. Any identified vulnerabilities are promptly addressed.
- **Encryption and Data Protection:** Encryption methods are in place to protect certain sensitive data. There are also programs in place to monitor and secure the Company's retained data.
- **Asset Inventory:** The Company maintains an up-to-date inventory of all assets, including hardware, software, data and network infrastructure. Assets critical to the Company's operations have been identified and prioritized accordingly.
- **Continuous Monitoring:** The IT department has implemented monitoring tools and processes to detect and respond to cybersecurity threats in real time.

A third-party security information and event management ("SIEM") partner provides security monitoring and alerts twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. The Company engages an independent Qualified Security Assessor organization to perform penetration testing in order to validate the Company's Payment Card Industry ("PCI") compliance and adherence to the PCI Data Security Standard. The Company also collaborates with outside legal counsel to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements.

The Company has implemented and continues to maintain its IT policies, standards, procedures, and controls to oversee, identify and manage cybersecurity risks associated with third-party service providers. These include, but are not limited to, an IT acceptable use policy, a contractor/consultant work policy and a vendor management policy.

#### ***Impact of Risks from Cybersecurity Threats***

The Company has experienced cybersecurity incidents in the ordinary course of business and will continue to experience risks from cybersecurity threats that could have a material adverse effect on its business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. Although prior cybersecurity incidents have not had a material adverse effect on the Company's business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition to date, any actual or perceived breach of its security could cause operational disruption and result in delays or inability to produce, print and deliver its publications and other third-party print publications, damage the Company's reputation, cause the Company to lose existing customers, prevent the Company from attracting new customers, or subject the Company to third-party lawsuits, regulatory investigations and fines or other actions or liabilities, any of which could materially adversely affect the Company's business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. In addition, more resources may be needed for the security of the Company's information technology systems in the future, which could increase the cost of doing business or otherwise materially adversely affect the Company's business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition.

#### **Governance**

Both management and the Company's board of directors are involved in the oversight of risks from cybersecurity threats. The Company's information security program is designed to ensure that management and the board of directors are adequately informed about, and provided with the tools necessary to monitor, (i) material risks from cybersecurity threats and (ii) the Company's efforts related to the prevention, detection, mitigation and remediation of cybersecurity incidents.

#### ***Role of the Board of Directors***

The board of directors has delegated to the Audit Committee oversight responsibility for the Company's risk management, including cybersecurity. The Audit Committee receives an annual comprehensive report from the Company's President and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and Vice President ("VP") of IT Operations and Strategy covering the Company's cybersecurity posture, incidents, if any, and risk mitigation efforts, and receives ad hoc reporting of any material cybersecurity incidents.



**Role of Management**

Management plays a crucial role in assessing and managing material risks from cybersecurity threats. At the management level, the Company's cybersecurity risk management and strategy is led by its VP of IT Operations and Strategy, who reports to the CFO. The qualifications of the VP of IT Operations and Strategy include 25 years of IT management, cybersecurity and information governance experience. The VP of IT Operations and Strategy is regularly informed about the latest developments in cybersecurity, including emerging threats and technologies to adapt security measures accordingly. This ongoing knowledge acquisition is crucial for the effective prevention, detection, mitigation and remediation of cybersecurity incidents. Management's role includes:

- Risk Assessment: Management conducts annual cybersecurity risk assessments to identify and evaluate potential threats and vulnerabilities. Management considers the likelihood and potential impact of various cybersecurity risks, considering the Company's assets, systems and operations, in order to prioritize mitigation efforts.
- Cybersecurity Policies and Procedures: Management reviews and approves the Company's cybersecurity policies and procedures and communicates these policies and procedures to all employees to ensure adherence to established security protocols.
- Incident Response Plan Oversight: Management reviews, updates and approves the Company's incident response plan. Management ensures that the plan is tested annually to determine the Company's ability to respond effectively.
- Compliance with Regulations: Management implements and maintains compliance with relevant cybersecurity regulations and standards applicable to the Company.
- Budgeting and Resource Allocation: Management reviews budgets for cybersecurity initiatives and ensures that adequate resources are allocated to address cybersecurity risks and that investments in cybersecurity align with the Company's risk tolerance and strategic objectives.
- Reporting to the Audit Committee: Management provides an annual comprehensive report to the Audit Committee on the Company's cybersecurity posture, incident response activities and risk mitigation efforts.

The VP of IT Operations and Strategy is promptly informed of potential cybersecurity risks, threats and vulnerabilities by the Company's IT security team or the Company's SIEM partner. Once an incident has been identified, the VP of IT Operations and Strategy and the IT security team assess the criticality and impact of the incident on the Company's business operations. The VP of IT Operations and Strategy then formulates and oversees a response to contain, eradicate and resolve incidents in accordance with the Company's incident response plan. Management is responsible for reporting incidents to the appropriate authorities as necessary and engaging the Audit Committee on all material incidents.

**Item 2. Properties**

Operations	Ownership	Location
Corporate and <i>The Dallas Morning News</i>	Leased	Dallas, Texas
Printing facilities	Owned	Plano, Texas
Shared mail packaging office and warehouse	Leased	Tempe, Arizona

In addition to the properties above, the Company has various leased locations it uses for news reporting and the distribution of the Company's publications, and it leases property in Tulsa, Oklahoma used for sales operations. As of December 31, 2023, in aggregate, the Company leased facilities for current use consisting of approximately 212,000 square feet and owns property that includes land and a building consisting of approximately 1,258,000 square feet.

**Item 3. Legal Proceedings**

Currently, there is a legal proceeding pending against DallasNews. In the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from this legal proceeding would not have a material adverse effect on DallasNews' results of operations, liquidity or financial condition. DallasNews and its subsidiaries may be subject to litigation, including matters relating to alleged libel or defamation, governmental proceedings and investigations. Adverse determinations in any such matters could require DallasNews to make monetary payments or result in other sanctions or findings that could adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Insurance coverage, if any, may not be adequate to cover all costs and/or losses. In some instances, the Company may have a contractual obligation from a third-party to indemnify liabilities related to litigation or governmental investigation, but if the third-party fails to indemnify us, the Company would be responsible for monetary damages.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

None.

## PART II

### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's authorized common equity consists of 31,250,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share. The Company has two series of common stock outstanding, Series A and Series B. Shares of the two series are identical in all respects except as noted herein. Shares of Series B common stock are entitled to 10 votes per share on all matters submitted to a vote of shareholders, and shares of Series A common stock are entitled to one vote per share. Transferability of the Series B common stock is limited to family members and affiliated entities of the holder. Shares of Series B common stock are convertible at any time on a one-for-one basis into shares of Series A common stock and upon a transfer, other than as described above, shares of Series B common stock automatically convert into Series A common stock. The Company's Series A common stock is traded on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq trading symbol: DALN). Shares of the Company's Series A common stock were traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE trading symbol: AHC) from February 2008 until June 2021. There is no established public trading market for shares of Series B common stock.

The declaration of dividends is subject to the discretion of DallasNews' board of directors. The determination as to the amount declared and its timing depends on, among other things, DallasNews' results of operations and financial condition, capital requirements, other contractual restrictions, prospects, applicable law, general economic and business conditions and other future factors that are deemed relevant. The board of directors generally declares dividends during the quarter preceding its stated measurement and payment dates. DallasNews cannot provide any assurance that future dividends will be declared and paid due to the factors discussed in the ["Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements"](#) and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. The table below sets forth the high and low sales prices reported on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC for a share of the Company's common stock and the recorded cash dividends per share declared for the past two years.

	Stock Price			Dividends Declared (1)(2)
	High	Low	Close	
<b>2023</b>				
Fourth quarter	\$ 4.85	\$ 3.72	\$ 4.25	\$ 0.16
Third quarter	5.13	3.81	4.60	0.16
Second quarter	4.80	3.75	3.89	0.16
First quarter	5.70	3.83	4.42	0.16
<b>2022</b>				
Fourth quarter	\$ 5.42	\$ 3.73	\$ 3.86	\$ 0.16
Third quarter	8.49	4.51	4.64	1.66
Second quarter	7.05	5.99	6.33	0.16
First quarter	7.56	6.26	7.00	0.16

(1) Cash dividends are recorded in the period declared. This table reflects the period the dividends were paid.

(2) On August 22, 2022, the Company's board of directors declared a special, one-time \$1.50 per share dividend to shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 9, 2022, which was paid on September 30, 2022, returning \$8,029 to shareholders.

The closing price of the Company's Series A common stock as reported on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC on March 1, 2024, was \$3.99. The approximate number of shareholders of record of the Company's Series A and Series B common stock at the close of business on March 1, 2024, was 277 and 67, respectively.

#### Equity Compensation Plan Information

The information set forth under the heading "Equity Compensation Plan Information" contained in the definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders, to be held on May 9, 2024 is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Sales of Unregistered Securities

During 2023 and 2022, shares of the Company's Series B common stock in the amounts of 80 and 192, respectively, were converted, on a one-for-one basis, into shares of Series A common stock. The Company did not register the issuance of these securities under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") in reliance upon the exemption under Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act.

**Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

DallasNews intends for the discussion of its financial condition and results of operations that follows to provide information that will assist in understanding its financial statements, the changes in certain key items in those statements from period to period, and the primary factors that accounted for those changes, as well as how certain accounting principles, policies and estimates affect its financial statements. The following information should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes filed as part of this report. All dollar amounts presented herein, except share and per share amounts, are in thousands, unless the context indicates otherwise.

This section and other parts of this Annual Report on Form 10-K contain certain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those statements. See the [Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements](#) of this Annual Report for further discussion.

**OVERVIEW**

DallasNews Corporation and its subsidiaries are referred to collectively herein as "DallasNews" or the "Company." DallasNews was formed in February 2008 through a spin-off from its former parent company and is registered on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq trading symbol: DALN). DallasNews is the Dallas-based holding company of *The Dallas Morning News* and Medium Giant.

The Company operates *The Dallas Morning News* ([dallasnews.com](http://dallasnews.com)), Texas' leading newspaper and winner of nine Pulitzer Prizes. These operations generate revenue from sales of advertising within the Company's newspaper and digital platforms, subscriptions and retail sales of its newspaper, commercial printing and distribution services primarily related to national newspapers.

In addition, the Company has a full-service agency, Medium Giant, with capabilities including strategy, creative and media management with a focus on strategic and digital marketing, and data intelligence that provide a measurable return on investment to its clients.

The Company and its business partners are subject to risks and uncertainties caused by factors beyond its control, including macroeconomic factors such as inflation. If inflation remains at current levels, or increases, for an extended period, certain operating costs could increase or advertiser spending could be impacted. If a pandemic were to affect a significant number of the workforce employed in printing operations, the Company may experience delays or be unable to produce, print and deliver its publications and other third-party print publications on a timely basis. The Company continues to evaluate for any future material impacts on its consolidated financial statements.

**Overview of Significant Transactions**

Operating results for 2023 reflect relative stability in circulation revenue while print advertising revenue continues to decline as expected. The Company is committed to maintaining the leading digital and print platforms for delivering news of the highest quality and reliability in the North Texas area, as well as creating and developing innovative print and digital marketing services capabilities that address the needs of clients and advertisers. The Company continues its efforts to diversify revenues through its digital platforms for delivery of news and advertising, growing its paid digital subscriptions, and leveraging its brand and personnel to enhance its media agency solutions. However, there is no guarantee the Company will be able to generate enough digital revenue or margin to offset the possible future loss of print advertising and circulation revenue and margin.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company performed a review of potential impairment indicators for its long-lived assets, including property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets. The Company determined there was no significant decrease in the market value of the long-lived assets or significant change in the extent or manner in which the asset group is being used or in its physical condition as of December 31, 2023, and there was no significant adverse change in legal factors or in the business climate during the period that could affect the value of the asset group. Based upon the review of indicators, the Company did not identify any events or changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be recoverable. In part this is due to the estimated fair value of certain land and buildings significantly exceeding their carrying value. See [Note 4 – Leases](#) for information on the right-of-use asset impairment that occurred in 2022.

In 2023, the Company invested \$10,500 in Certificates of Deposit ("CD's") with original maturities of one year or less; see [Note 3 – Financial Instruments and Accounts Receivable, Net](#) for additional information.

Quarterly dividends returned \$3,426 and \$11,454 to shareholders in 2023 and 2022, respectively. In August 2022, the Company's board of directors declared a special, one-time \$1.50 per share dividend, returning \$8,029 to shareholders.

On December 7, 2023, the Company's board of directors declared a \$0.16 per share dividend to shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 9, 2024, paid on March 1, 2024.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Consolidated Results of Operations

This section contains discussion and analysis of net operating revenue, operating costs and expense and other information relevant to an understanding of results of operations for 2023 and 2022. Based on how the Company's chief operating decision-maker makes decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance, the Company determined it has one reportable segment.

The table below sets forth the components of DallasNews' operating loss.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	Percentage Change	2022
Advertising and marketing services	\$ 59,038	(15.3) %	\$ 69,667
Circulation	65,349	0.2 %	65,191
Printing, distribution and other	15,309	(3.1) %	15,793
<b>Total Net Operating Revenue</b>	<b>139,696</b>	<b>(7.3) %</b>	<b>150,651</b>
<b>Total Operating Costs and Expense</b>	<b>147,766</b>	<b>(7.4) %</b>	<b>159,638</b>
<b>Operating Loss</b>	<b>\$ (8,070)</b>	<b>10.2 %</b>	<b>\$ (8,987)</b>

Traditionally, the Company's primary revenues are generated from advertising within its core newspaper, related websites, and from subscription and single copy sales of its printed newspaper. As a result of competitive and economic conditions, the newspaper industry has faced a significant revenue decline over the past decade. Therefore, the Company has sought to diversify its revenues through development and investment in new product offerings, increased circulation rates and leveraging of its existing assets to offer cost efficient commercial printing and distribution services. The Company continually evaluates the overall performance of its core products to ensure existing assets are deployed adequately to maximize return.

The Company's advertising revenue from its core newspaper continues to be adversely affected by the shift of advertiser spending to other forms of media and the increased accessibility of free online news content, as well as news content from other sources, which resulted in declines in advertising and paid print circulation volumes and revenue. Decreases in print advertising categories are indicative of continuing trends by advertisers towards digital platforms, which are widely available from many sources. In the current environment, companies are allocating more of their advertising spending towards programmatic channels that provide digital advertising on multiple platforms with enhanced technology for targeted delivery and measurement. In addition, preprint advertising continues to experience a secular decline across the industry and may eventually become obsolete. In the third quarter of 2023, the Company made the strategic decision to exit its shared mail program to deliver weekly preprints and inserts.

In response to the decline in print revenue, the Company built agency capabilities, including strategy, creative and media management with a focus on strategic and digital marketing, and data intelligence that provide a measurable return on investment to its clients. The Company leverages its news content to improve engagement on the Company's digital platforms that results in increased digital subscriptions and associated revenue. The Company also continues to diversify its revenue base by leveraging the available capacity of its existing assets to provide print and distribution services for newspapers and other customers requiring these services, by introducing new advertising and marketing services products, and by increasing circulation prices.

Because of declining print circulation, the Company has developed broad digital strategies designed to provide readers with multiple platforms for obtaining online access to local news. The Company continues to obtain additional key demographic data from readers, which allows the Company to provide content desired by readers and to modify marketing and distribution strategies to target and reach audiences valued by advertisers. The Company has access to programmatic digital advertising platforms that provide digital ad placement and targeting efficiencies and increases utilization of digital inventory within the Company's websites. Additionally, in order to optimize owned and operated digital advertising revenue, the Company has adopted a holistic yield management approach powered by real-time bidding technologies and data analysis to ensure the optimal mix of direct sales and programmatic ad sales is achieved.

### Advertising and marketing services revenue

Advertising and marketing services revenue was 42.2 percent and 46.2 percent of total revenue for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	Percentage Change	2022
Print advertising	\$ 35,045	(21.8) %	\$ 44,802
Digital advertising and marketing services	23,993	(3.5) %	24,865
<b>Advertising and Marketing Services</b>	<b>\$ 59,038</b>	<b>(15.3) %</b>	<b>\$ 69,667</b>

#### Print advertising

Print advertising is primarily comprised of display and classified advertising revenue.

Display and classified print revenue primarily represents sales of advertising space within the Company's core newspaper. As advertisers continue to diversify marketing budgets to incorporate more and varied avenues of reaching consumers, traditional display and classified advertising continues to be impacted. In 2023, display and classified print advertising revenue decreased \$987, primarily due to a volume decrease in display advertisements related to the discontinuation of the Company's niche publications.

Preprint revenue primarily reflects preprinted advertisements inserted into the Company's core newspaper. While most print advertising streams have softened, preprint advertising continues to experience a much greater secular decline across the industry and may eventually become obsolete. In 2023, revenue decreased \$8,770, primarily due to the Company not renewing the contract that allowed it to distribute preprinted advertisements through the mail or through third-party distributors to households in targeted areas. This program ended August 31, 2023, and was forecasted to generate approximately \$1,000 a month in revenue in 2023, although that has been declining as advertisers move away from coupon inserts. As a result of the end of the distribution agreement whose weekly shared mail coupons and home delivery inserts supported the Company's niche publications, the Company decided to stop print-only editions of its niche publications, *Al Dia* and *Briefing* after August 30, 2023. *Al Dia* continues as a digital-only product that publishes online daily, as news develops, and in a weekly ePaper edition available online. *Briefing* was discontinued as a weekly newspaper, and the brand was retired.

#### Digital advertising and marketing services

Digital advertising and marketing services revenue consists of strategic marketing services, consulting, branding, paid media strategy and management, creative services, search optimization, direct mail, the sale of promotional materials, and subscriptions to the Company's multi-channel marketing solutions cloud-based software and services. In addition, it includes digital sales of banner, classified and native advertisements on the Company's news websites, social media platforms and mobile apps, as well as targeted and multi-channel (programmatic) advertising placed on third-party platforms. In 2023, revenue decreased \$872 due to a decline in marketing services revenue resulting from some contracts ending, partially offset by an increase in digital advertising on [dallasnews.com](#) and in the Company's digital replica.

### Circulation revenue

Circulation revenue was 46.8 percent and 43.3 percent of total revenue for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	Percentage Change	2022
Print circulation	\$ 49,034	(5.8) %	\$ 52,045
Digital circulation	16,315	24.1 %	13,146
<b>Circulation</b>	<b>\$ 65,349</b>	<b>0.2 %</b>	<b>\$ 65,191</b>

#### Print circulation

Revenue decreased in 2023, primarily driven by a decline in print subscriptions of 8,879 or 11.3 percent when compared to December 31, 2022, partially offset by rates increasing approximately 5.5 percent. In 2023, home delivery revenue declined \$2,646 or 5.5 percent and single copy revenue declined \$365 or 8.7 percent in 2023. In the fourth quarter, additional single copy revenue was generated from sales of the commemorative editions of *The Dallas Morning News* published with three different front pages after the Texas Rangers' first World Series win.

## Digital circulation

Revenue increased \$3,169 or 24.1 percent in 2023. The Company ended 2023 with 63,000 digital-only subscriptions, a decrease of 5,010 or 7.4 percent when compared to 68,010 at the end of 2022, primarily due to a change in strategy from volume to pricing. The Company reduced its introductory offer in the third quarter from three months to one month. This change is improving the revenue trajectory from digital subscriptions but will negatively impact volume in the short term.

## Printing, distribution and other revenue

Printing, distribution and other revenue was 11.0 percent and 10.5 percent of total revenue for 2023 and 2022, respectively.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	Percentage Change	2022
Printing, Distribution and Other	\$ 15,309	(3.1) %	\$ 15,793

Revenue decreased in 2023, primarily due to declines in revenue from commercial printing and third-party distribution, partially offset by additional fourth quarter revenue from sales of front page replica posters and a commemorative book produced by the Company that chronicles the Texas Rangers' winning season.

## Operating Costs and Expense

The table below sets forth the components of the Company's operating costs and expense.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	Percentage Change	2022
Employee compensation and benefits	\$ 69,445	3.5 %	\$ 67,096
Other production, distribution and operating costs	68,008	(13.5) %	78,638
Newsprint, ink and other supplies	8,793	(20.3) %	11,035
Depreciation	1,520	(43.9) %	2,709
Loss on sale/disposal of assets, net	—	(100.0) %	58
Asset impairments	—	(100.0) %	102
<b>Total Operating Costs and Expense</b>	<b>\$ 147,766</b>	<b>(7.4) %</b>	<b>\$ 159,638</b>

**Employee compensation and benefits** – The Company continues to implement measures to optimize its workforce and evaluate strategies to reduce risk associated with future obligations for employee benefit plans. Employee compensation and benefits increased \$2,349 in 2023, primarily due to increases in medical, and severance expense of \$3,834, primarily related to the voluntary severance program that closed in the fourth quarter.

**Other production, distribution and operating costs** – Expense decreased \$10,630 in 2023, primarily due to reduced distribution expense associated with lower circulation and fewer preprinted advertisements distributed to publications in other markets, and savings in outside services. The Company experienced additional distribution savings in the fourth quarter related to the discontinuation of its niche publications at the end of August 2023. In addition, in the second quarter of 2023, the Company recorded a non-recurring lease cost benefit of \$556.

**Newsprint, ink and other supplies** – Expense decreased \$2,242 in 2023, primarily due to reduced newsprint costs associated with lower circulation, discontinuing print-only editions of the Company's niche publications and fewer preprinted advertisements. Newsprint consumption approximated 6,658 and 7,735 metric tons in 2023 and 2022, respectively, at an average cost per metric ton of \$779 and \$728, respectively. Currently, the Company is experiencing favorable newsprint pricing; however, certain events or circumstances that in most instances are beyond the Company's control could have an adverse impact on pricing.

**Depreciation** – Expense decreased \$1,189 in 2023, due to a lower depreciable asset base as a higher level of in-service assets are now fully depreciated and reduced capital spending.

**Loss on sale/disposal of assets, net** – In 2022, the Company disposed assets that were no longer in use, and from time to time, may sell assets.

**Asset impairments** – In 2022, the Company terminated the lease and sublease agreements for the office space of the Denton Publishing Company, resulting in a right-of-use asset impairment of \$102.

**Other**

The table below sets forth the other components of the Company's results of operations.

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2023	Percentage Change	2022
Other income (loss), net	\$ 1,422	N/M	\$ (241)
Income tax provision	\$ 464	(16.8) %	\$ 558

N/M – not meaningful

**Other income (loss), net** – Other income (loss), net includes net periodic pension and other post-employment expense (benefit), interest income (expense) and gain (loss) from investments.

Net periodic pension and other post-employment expense (benefit) was \$(899) and \$910 in 2023 and 2022, respectively. For 2022, based on the re-allocation of the Pension Plans' assets, the Company assumed a lower rate of return on the assets resulting in net periodic pension expense.

In 2023, the Company recorded \$401 of interest income related to the CD's invested in during 2023. In 2022, the Company recorded \$616 of interest income related to the promissory note from the sale of its former headquarters, which was paid in full, including interest, in the third quarter of 2022.

**Income tax provision** – The income tax provision of \$464 and \$558 recorded in 2023 and 2022, respectively, was due to the effect of the Texas franchise tax. The 2023 income tax expense was reduced by the release of a \$66 federal uncertain tax reserve, included in other liabilities, as a result of the statute of limitations lapsing in June 2023. In connection with the release of a federal uncertain tax reserve, the Company released a reserve for interest and penalties included in other liabilities and recognized \$36 in other income (loss), net in the second quarter of 2023.

**Legal proceedings** – From time to time, the Company is involved in a variety of claims, lawsuits and other disputes arising in the ordinary course of business. Management routinely assesses the likelihood of adverse judgments or outcomes in these matters, as well as the ranges of probable losses to the extent losses are reasonably estimable. Accruals for contingencies are recorded when, in the judgment of management, adverse judgments or outcomes are probable and the financial impact, should an adverse outcome occur, is reasonably estimable. The determination of likely outcomes of litigation matters relates to factors that include, but are not limited to, past experience and other evidence, interpretation of relevant laws or regulations and the specifics and status of each matter. Predicting the outcome of claims and litigation and estimating related costs and financial exposure involves substantial uncertainties that could cause actual results to vary materially from estimates and accruals. In the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from other currently existing claims against the Company would not have a material adverse effect on DallasNews' results of operations, liquidity or financial condition.

**Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

DallasNews' consolidated financial statements reflect the application of accounting policies that require management to make significant estimates and assumptions. The Company believes that the following are the critical accounting policies, estimates and assumptions currently affecting DallasNews' financial position and results of operations. See the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, [Note 1 – Significant Accounting Policies and Recently Issued Accounting Standards](#), for additional information concerning significant accounting policies.

**Revenue Recognition.** The Company's principal sources of revenue are sales of advertising within its newspaper and digital platforms, subscription and retail sales of its newspaper, commercial printing and distribution services, primarily related to national newspapers. In addition, revenue includes strategic marketing services, consulting, branding, paid media strategy and management, creative services, search optimization, direct mail, the sale of promotional materials, and subscriptions to the Company's multi-channel marketing solutions cloud-based software and services, as well as targeted and multi-channel (programmatic) advertising placed on third-party platforms.



## Advertising and Marketing Services

Advertising and marketing services revenue is recognized when an ad or service is complete and delivered based on the contract price. Payment is typically received within 30 to 60 days after the customer is billed. Longer-term contracts often include multiple performance obligations, digital and other forms of advertising, and a single performance obligation containing a bundle of services that are not distinct but provided to maximize a customer's marketing plan. When the Company has a longer-term contract, revenue is recognized over time as the ads or services are delivered. For contracts with over time revenue recognition the company is providing a series of services and recognizes revenue by 1) using a time-based method of measuring progress of delivery over time, or 2) as each distinct performance obligation (typically ads or impressions) are delivered on a monthly basis. In addition, certain digital advertising revenue related to website access is recognized over time, based on the customers' monthly rate. The Company typically extends credit to advertising and marketing services customers, although for certain advertising campaigns the customer may pay in advance.

Print advertising is primarily comprised of display and classified advertising revenue. Display revenue results from sales of advertising space within the Company's core newspaper to local, regional or national businesses with local operations, affiliates or resellers. Classified revenue, which includes automotive, real estate, employment, obituaries and other, results from sales of advertising space in the classified and other sections of the Company's newspaper.

The Company's agreement allowing it to distribute preprinted advertisements through the mail or through third-party distributors to households in targeted areas was not renewed and ended August 31, 2023. As a result of the end of the distribution agreement whose weekly shared mail coupons and home delivery inserts supported the Company's niche publications, the Company decided to stop print-only editions of its niche publications, *Al Dia* and *Briefing* after August 30, 2023. *Al Dia* continues as a digital-only product that publishes online daily, as news develops, and in a weekly ePaper edition available online. *Briefing* was discontinued as a weekly newspaper, and the brand was retired.

Digital advertising and marketing services revenue consists of strategic marketing services, consulting, branding, paid media strategy and management, creative services, search optimization, direct mail, the sale of promotional materials, and subscriptions to the Company's multi-channel marketing solutions cloud-based software and services. In addition, it includes digital sales of banner, classified and native advertisements on the Company's news websites, social media platforms and mobile apps, as well as targeted and multi-channel (programmatic) advertising placed on third-party platforms.

For ads placed on certain third-party platforms, the Company must evaluate and use judgment to determine whether it is acting as the principal, where revenue is reported on a gross basis, or acting as the agent, where revenue is reported on a net basis. Generally, the Company reports advertising revenue for ads placed on third-party platforms on a net basis, meaning the amount recorded to revenue is the amount billed to the customer net of amounts paid to the publisher of the third-party platforms. The Company is acting as the agent because the publisher controls the advertising inventory. The Company will record certain arrangements gross when it controls the inventory or it has latitude in establishing price or it determines that advertising campaign management, targeting or other actions provide significant value added service to the customer.

Barter advertising transactions are recognized at estimated fair value based on the negotiated contract price and the range of prices for similar advertising from customers unrelated to the barter transaction. The Company expenses barter costs as incurred, which is independent from the timing of revenue recognition.

## Circulation

Circulation revenue is generated primarily by selling home delivery, including premium publications, and digital subscriptions, as well as single copy sales to non-subscribers for which revenue is recognized at a point in time when the paper is purchased. Home delivery revenue is recognized over the subscription period based on the days of actual delivery over the total subscription days. Revenue is directly reduced for any non-payment for the grace period of home delivery subscriptions where the Company recorded revenue for newspapers delivered after a subscription expired. Digital-only subscription revenue is recognized over the subscription period based on daily or monthly access to the content in the subscription period. Payment of circulation fees is typically received in advance and deferred over the subscription period. There is little judgment required for valuation or timing of circulation revenue recognition.

## Printing, Distribution and Other

Printing, distribution and other revenue is primarily generated from printing and distribution of other newspapers. Printing, distribution and other revenue is recognized at a point in time when the product or service is delivered, which requires little judgment to determine.



**Pension.** The Company follows accounting guidance for single-employer defined benefit plans. Plan assets and the projected benefits obligation are measured each December 31, and the Company records as an asset or liability for the net funded position of the plans. Certain changes in actuarial valuations related to returns on plan assets and projected benefit obligations are recorded to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and are amortized to net periodic pension expense (benefit) over the weighted average remaining life of plan participants, to the extent the cumulative balance in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) exceeds 10 percent of the greater of the respective plan's (a) projected benefit obligation or (b) the market-related value of the plan's assets. Net periodic pension expense (benefit) is recognized each period by accruing interest expense on the projected benefit obligation and accruing a return on assets associated with the plan assets. Participation in and accrual of new benefits to participants has been frozen since 2007 and, accordingly, on-going service costs are not a component of net periodic pension expense (benefit). From time to time, the Company-sponsored plans may settle pension obligations with certain plan participants through the plans' master trust as part of its de-risking strategies. The gains or losses associated with settlements of plan obligations to participants are recognized to earnings if such settlements exceed the interest component of net periodic pension cost for the year. Otherwise, such amounts are included in actuarial gains (losses) in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Re-measurement of plan assets and liabilities upon a significant settlement or curtailment event is performed based on the values of the month-end closest to the event.

The projected benefit obligations of the DallasNews Pension Plans are estimated using the FTSE Pension Discount Curve, which is based upon a portfolio of high-quality corporate debt securities with maturities that correlate to the expected timing of estimated benefit payments to the Pension Plans' participants. Future estimated benefit payments are discounted to their present value at the appropriate yield curve spot rate to determine the projected benefit obligation outstanding at each year end. The single equivalent discount rate as of December 31, 2023, was 4.7 percent and 4.9 percent for December 31, 2022. The actuarial net losses in 2023 and significant gains in 2022 related to changes in the projected benefit obligation were primarily due to the movement in the discount rate.

Interest expense included in net periodic pension benefit is based on the FTSE Pension Discount Curve established at the beginning of the fiscal year. The discount rate for fiscal year 2023 and 2022 interest cost was 4.9 percent and 2.5 percent, respectively.

The Company assumed a 4.9 percent and 2.5 percent long-term return on the Pension Plans' assets in 2023 and 2022, respectively. This return is based upon historical returns of similar investment pools having asset allocations consistent with the expected allocations of the DallasNews Pension Plans. Investment strategies for the Pension Plans' assets are based upon factors such as the effective duration of the actuarial liabilities and market risks.

#### **Recent Accounting Standards**

See the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, [Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies and Recently Issued Accounting Standards](#), regarding the impact of certain recent accounting pronouncements.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's cash balances as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, were \$11,697 and \$27,825, respectively. The decrease in the cash balance during 2023 was primarily due to the return of capital to shareholders through dividends and the net loss from operations. In 2023, the Company invested \$10,500 in Certificates of Deposit ("CD's"), as discussed below, included in short-term investments in the Consolidated Balance Sheet and Statement of Cash flows.

The Company intends to hold the majority of existing cash for purposes of future investment opportunities, potential return of capital to shareholders and for contingency purposes. While the Company expects to have cash flow and expense reduction measures in place to help offset future revenue declines, the Company does expect to use cash to fund operating activities and capital spending.

The future approval of dividends is dependent upon available cash after considering future operating and investing requirements and cannot be guaranteed. The Company continues to have a board-authorized repurchase authority. However, the agreement to repurchase the Company's stock expired and was not renewed.

The following discusses the changes in cash flows by operating, investing and financing activities in 2023 and 2022.

#### **Operating Cash Flows**

Net cash used for operating activities was \$1,174 and \$13,933 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Cash flows used for operating activities decreased by \$12,759 in 2023, when compared to the prior year period, primarily due an improvement in the loss from operations and changes in working capital and other operating assets and liabilities, and in 2022 the Company made a board approved voluntary contribution of \$5,000 to the DallasNews Pension Plans.

## **Investing Cash Flows**

Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities was \$(11,528) and \$20,773 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In 2023, the Company invested \$10,500 in CD's with original maturities of one year or less, which resulted in a cash return of \$120. In 2022, the Company received cash proceeds of \$22,400 for payment in full of the promissory note from the sale of its former headquarters. Cash flows used for investing activities also included \$1,148 and \$1,627 of capital spending in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## **Financing Cash Flows**

Net cash used for financing activities was \$3,426 and \$11,454 in 2023 and 2022, respectively, all attributable to dividend payments. In 2022, the Company's board of directors declared a special, one-time \$1.50 per share dividend, returning \$8,029 to shareholders.

## **Financing Arrangements**

None.

## **Contractual Obligations**

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had contractual obligations, in aggregate, of \$14,143 for the next five years and \$11,994 thereafter, for operating leases, primarily for office space and other distribution centers, some of which include escalating lease payments. See [Note 4 – Leases](#) for future lease payments by year.

In December 2016, the Dallas Morning News, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a 16-year lease agreement for office space for the Company's new corporate headquarters. The Company recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis. Per the amended lease agreement, rent payments began in November 2018.

The Company currently does not expect to make contributions to the DallasNews Pension Plans in 2024 and no contributions are required to these plans in 2024 under the applicable tax and labor laws governing pension plan funding; however, certain events or circumstances that in most instances are beyond the Company's control could result in future mandatory contributions.

On December 7, 2023, the Company's board of directors declared a \$0.16 per share dividend to shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 9, 2024, paid on March 1, 2024.

## **Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data**

The consolidated financial statements, together with the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firms, are included herein starting on [page 25](#) of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure**

None.

## **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, are controls that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing disclosure controls and procedures, management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures is also based, in part, upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

The Company's management, with the participation of its Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2023. Based on that evaluation, management concluded that, as of such date, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

### **Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

The management of DallasNews is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, an assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting was conducted as of December 31, 2023. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013). Based on this assessment using the criteria set forth by COSO in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013), management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2023.

### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2023, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART III

### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The information set forth under the headings "DallasNews Corporation Stock Ownership," "Proposal One: Election of Directors," "Corporate Governance – Committees of the Board – *Audit Committee*," "Corporate Governance – Committees of the Board – *Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee*," and "Information About Our Executive Officers" contained in the definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 9, 2024, is incorporated herein by reference.

DallasNews has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics that applies to all directors, officers and employees, which can be found at the Company's website, [dallasnewscorporation.com](http://dallasnewscorporation.com). The Company will post any amendments to the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, as well as any waivers that are required to be disclosed by the rules of either the SEC or The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC, on the Company's website. Information on DallasNews' website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The Company's board of directors adopted Corporate Governance Guidelines and charters for the Audit, Compensation and Management Development, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees of the Board of Directors. These documents can be found at the Company's website, [dallasnewscorporation.com](http://dallasnewscorporation.com).

Shareholders can also obtain, without charge, printed copies of any of the materials referred to above by contacting the Company at the following address:

DallasNews Corporation  
P. O. Box 224866  
Dallas, Texas 75222-4866  
Attn: Investor Relations  
Telephone: (214) 977-8869

### Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information set forth under the headings "Corporate Governance – Committees of the Board – *Compensation and Management Development Committee*," "Executive Compensation – Summary Compensation Table, – Change in Control Arrangements and Other Agreements Upon Termination of Employment, – Potential Payments on Change in Control or Upon Termination of Employment at December 31, 2023," "Corporate Governance – "Director Compensation" contained in the definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 9, 2024, is incorporated herein by reference.

### Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information set forth under the headings "DallasNews Corporation Stock Ownership of Directors and Executive Officers" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information" contained in the definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 9, 2024, is incorporated herein by reference.

Information regarding the number of shares of common stock authorized for issuance under the Company's equity compensation plans is included in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, [Note 1 – Significant Accounting Policies and Recently Issued Accounting Standards](#).

### Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information set forth under the heading "Certain Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and "Corporate Governance – Director Independence" contained in the definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 9, 2024, is incorporated herein by reference.

### Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information set forth under the heading "Proposal Two: Ratification of the Appointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" contained in the definitive Proxy Statement for the Company's Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on May 9, 2024, is incorporated herein by reference.

## PART IV

### Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules

- (1) The consolidated financial statements listed in the Index to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the table of contents are filed as part of this report.
- (2) All financial statement schedules were omitted because they are not applicable, are not required, or the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.
- (3) Exhibits:

Exhibits marked with an asterisk (\*) are incorporated by reference to documents previously filed by the Company with the SEC, as indicated. In accordance with Regulation S-T, the XBRL-related information marked with a double asterisk (\*\*) in Exhibit No. 101 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K is deemed filed. Exhibits marked with three asterisks (\*\*\*) are furnished with this report. All other documents are filed with this report. Exhibits marked with a tilde (~) are management contracts, compensatory plan contracts or arrangements filed pursuant to Item 601(b)(10)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K.

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1 *	<a href="#">Certificate of Formation of A. H. Belo Corporation (successor to A. H. Belo Texas, Inc.) (Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 23, 2018)</a>
3.2 *	<a href="#">Certificate of Merger (Delaware) of A. H. Belo Corporation with and into A. H. Belo Texas, Inc. (Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 2, 2018 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741) (the "July 2, 2018 Form 8-K"))</a>
3.3 *	<a href="#">Certificate of Merger (Texas) of A. H. Belo Corporation with and into A. H. Belo Texas, Inc. (Exhibit 3.4 to the July 2, 2018 Form 8-K)</a>
3.4 *	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Formation effective June 8, 2021 (Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 8, 2021 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741))</a>
3.5 *	<a href="#">Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Formation (changing Company name to DallasNews Corporation) effective June 29, 2021 (Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report of Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 30, 2021 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741) (the "June 30, 2021 Form 8-K"))</a>
3.6 *	<a href="#">Certificate of Correction to Certificate of Amendment (Exhibit 3.2 to the June 30, 2021 Form 8-K)</a>
3.7 *	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Bylaws of DallasNews Corporation (Exhibit 3.3 to the June 30, 2021 Form 8-K)</a>
4.1 *	<a href="#">Description of Capital Stock (Exhibit 4.1 to the July 2, 2018 Form 8-K)</a>
10.1 *	<b>Material Contracts</b>
(1) *	<a href="#">Sublease Agreement for Old Dallas Library Building dated December 30, 2016 (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 3, 2017 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741) (the "January 3, 2017 Form 8-K"))</a>
(2) *	<a href="#">Guaranty of Lease dated December 30, 2016 (Exhibit 10.2 to the January 3, 2017 Form 8-K)</a>
(3) *	<a href="#">Paper Supply Agreement effective as of August 5, 2019, by and between The Dallas Morning News, Inc. and Gannett Supply Corporation (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 6, 2019 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741))</a>

Exhibit Number	Description
10.2 *	Compensatory plans and arrangements:
~(1)*	<a href="#">DallasNews Savings Plan as Amended and Restated Effective January 1, 2022 (Exhibit 10.2(1) to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 29, 2022 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741))</a>
~(2)*	<a href="#">Amended and Restated DallasNews Corporation Incentive Compensation Plan, dated February 29, 2024 (Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 1, 2024 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741) (the "March 1, 2024 Form 8-K"))</a>
*(a)	<a href="#">Form of Incentive Compensation Plan Evidence of Grant (for Non-Employee Directors) (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 12, 2017 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741) (the "May 12, 2017 Form 8-K"))</a>
*(b)	<a href="#">Form of Incentive Compensation Plan Evidence of Grant (for Employee Awards) (Exhibit 10.2 to the May 12, 2017 Form 8-K)</a>
~(3)*	<a href="#">Discretionary Cash Bonus Policy, adopted February 29, 2024 (Exhibit 10.1 to the March 1, 2024 Form 8-K)</a>
~(4)*	<a href="#">Form of Cash Long-Term Incentive Compensation Evidence of Grant (for Employee Awards) (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2019 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741))</a>
~(5)*	<a href="#">Robert W. Decherd Compensation Agreement dated May 12, 2022 (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 12, 2022 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741) (the "May 12, 2022 Form 8-K"))</a>
~(6)*	<a href="#">Grant S. Moise Compensation Agreement dated May 12, 2022 (Exhibit 10.2 to the May 12, 2022 Form 8-K)</a>
~(7)*	<a href="#">Katy Murray Compensation Agreement dated May 12, 2022 (Exhibit 10.3 to the May 12, 2022 Form 8-K)</a>
10.3 *	Agreements relating to the separation of A. H. Belo from its former parent company:
(1)*	<a href="#">Pension Plan Transfer Agreement by and between Belo Corp. and A. H. Belo Corporation dated as of October 6, 2010 (Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 8, 2010 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741))</a>
(2)*	<a href="#">Agreement among the Company, Belo Corp., and The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, effective March 9, 2011 (Exhibit 10.3(6) to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 11, 2011 (Securities and Exchange Commission File No. 001-33741))</a>
21	<a href="#">Subsidiaries of the Company</a>
23.1	<a href="#">Consent of Grant Thornton LLP</a>
24	<a href="#">Power of Attorney (set forth on the signature page(s) hereof)</a>
31.1	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
31.2	<a href="#">Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
32 ***	<a href="#">Certifications of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>
97	<a href="#">DallasNews Corporation Compensation Recovery Policy</a>
101.INS **	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH **	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL **	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF **	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB **	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE **	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104 **	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DALLASNEWS CORPORATION

By: /s/ Grant S. Moise  
Grant S. Moise  
Chief Executive Officer

Dated: March 6, 2024

**POWER OF ATTORNEY**

The undersigned hereby constitute and appoint Grant S. Moise and Katy Murray, and each of them and their substitutes, our true and lawful attorneys-in-fact with full power to execute in our name and behalf in the capacities indicated below any and all amendments to this report and to file the same, with all exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and hereby ratify and confirm all that such attorneys-in-fact, or any of them, or their substitutes shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue thereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Company and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

Signature	Title	Date
<u>/s/ Grant S. Moise</u> Grant S. Moise	Chief Executive Officer	March 6, 2024
<u>/s/ John A. Beckert</u> John A. Beckert	Chairman of the Board	March 6, 2024
<u>/s/ Louis E. Caldera</u> Louis E. Caldera	Director	March 6, 2024
<u>/s/ Ronald D. McCray</u> Ronald D. McCray	Director	March 6, 2024
<u>/s/ Dunia A. Shive</u> Dunia A. Shive	Director	March 6, 2024
<u>/s/ Katy Murray</u> Katy Murray	President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	March 6, 2024



**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

Board of Directors and Shareholders  
DallasNews Corporation

**Opinion on the financial statements**

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of DallasNews Corporation (a Texas corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Basis for opinion**

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

**Critical audit matters**

Critical audit matters are matters arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. We determined that there are no critical audit matters.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2018.

Dallas, Texas  
March 6, 2024

**DallasNews Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Operations**

<i>In thousands, except share and per share amounts</i>	<i>Years Ended December 31,</i>	
	<i>2023</i>	<i>2022</i>
<b>Net Operating Revenue:</b>		
Advertising and marketing services	\$ 59,038	\$ 69,667
Circulation	65,349	65,191
Printing, distribution and other	15,309	15,793
Total net operating revenue	139,696	150,651
<b>Operating Costs and Expense:</b>		
Employee compensation and benefits	69,445	67,096
Other production, distribution and operating costs	68,008	78,638
Newsprint, ink and other supplies	8,793	11,035
Depreciation	1,520	2,709
Loss on sale/disposal of assets, net	—	58
Asset impairments	—	102
Total operating costs and expense	147,766	159,638
Operating loss	(8,070)	(8,987)
Other income (loss), net	1,422	241
<b>Loss Before Income Taxes</b>	(6,648)	(9,228)
Income tax provision	464	558
<b>Net Loss</b>	<u>\$ 7,112</u>	<u>\$ 9,786</u>
<b>Per Share Basis</b>		
Net loss	(	(
Basic	\$ 1.33	\$ 1.83
Number of common shares used in the per share calculation:		
Basic	5,352,490	5,352,490

See the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**DallasNews Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

<i>In thousands</i>	<b>Years Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	(	(
<b>Net Loss</b>	\$ 7,112	\$ 9,786
<b>Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax:</b>	(	(
Amortization of actuarial (gains) losses	40	522
Actuarial gains (losses)	1,173	9,496
<b>Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax</b>	<b>1,133</b>	<b>8,974</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>\$ 5,979</b>	<b>\$ 18,760</b>

See the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**DallasNews Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Balance Sheets**

<i>In thousands, except share amounts</i>		<i>December 31, 2023</i>	<i>December 31, 2022</i>
<b>Assets</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,697	\$ 27,825
Short-term investments		10,781	—
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$ 207 and \$ 490 at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively)		9,923	14,023
Inventories		1,930	2,725
Prepays and other current assets		2,602	3,352
Total current assets		36,933	47,925
Property, plant and equipment, at cost		307,436	313,440
Less accumulated depreciation		(300,337)	(306,002)
Property, plant and equipment, net		7,099	7,438
Operating lease right-of-use assets		16,141	14,811
Deferred income taxes, net		271	282
Other assets		1,790	1,809
Total assets	\$	62,234	\$ 72,265
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	3,963	\$ 5,041
Accrued compensation and benefits		3,901	4,154
Other accrued expense		6,548	4,060
Contract liabilities		9,511	9,504
Total current liabilities		23,923	22,759
Long-term pension liabilities		17,353	19,455

	16,924	16,546
Long-term operating lease liabilities		
	996	982
Other post-employment benefits		
	80	160
Other liabilities		
	59,276	59,902
Total liabilities		
Commitments and contingencies (see <a href="#">Note 9</a> )		
Shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$		
0.01		
par value; Authorized		
2,000,000		
shares;		
none		
issued	—	—
Common stock, \$		
0.01		
par value; Authorized		
31,250,000		
shares		
Series A: issued		
5,216,317		
and		
5,216,237	52	52
shares at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively		
Series B: issued		
614,638		
and		
614,718	6	6
shares at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively		
Treasury stock, Series A, at cost;		
478,465	(	(
shares held at December 31, 2023 and 2022	13,443	13,443
	)	)
Additional paid-in capital	494,563	494,563
	(	(
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	40,247	41,380
	)	)
	(	(
Accumulated deficit	437,973	427,435
	)	)
Total shareholders' equity	2,958	12,363
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	62,234	72,265
	\$	\$

See the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**DallasNews Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity**

<i>In thousands, except share and per share amounts</i>	<b>Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022</b>								
	<b>Common Stock</b>			<b>Additional Paid-in Capital</b>	<b>Treasury Stock</b>		<b>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>Accumulated Deficit</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>Shares Series A</b>	<b>Shares Series B</b>	<b>Amount</b>		<b>Shares Series A</b>	<b>Amount</b>			
					(	(	(	(	
Balance at December 31, 2021	5,216,045	614,910	\$ 58	\$ 494,563	478,465	\$ 13,443	\$ 32,406	\$ 406,195	\$ 42,577
					)	)	)	)	(
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9,786	9,786
							(	)	(
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	8,974	—	8,974
		(					)		)
Conversion of Series B to Series A	192	192	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		)							
Dividends declared (\$								(	(
2.14								11,454	11,454
per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	)	)
					(	(	(	(	
Balance at December 31, 2022	5,216,237	614,718	\$ 58	\$ 494,563	478,465	\$ 13,443	\$ 41,380	\$ 427,435	\$ 12,363
					)	)	)	)	(
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,112	7,112
								)	)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,133	—	1,133
		(							
Conversion of Series B to Series A	80	80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		)							
Dividends declared (\$								(	(
0.64								3,426	3,426
per share)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	)	)
					(	(	(	(	
Balance at December 31, 2023	5,216,317	614,638	\$ 58	\$ 494,563	478,465	\$ 13,443	\$ 40,247	\$ 437,973	\$ 2,958
					)	)	)	)	

See the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

**DallasNews Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

<i>In thousands</i>	<b>Years Ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Operating Activities</b>		
	(	(
Net loss	\$ 7,112 )	\$ 9,786 )
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used for operating activities:		
	1,520	2,709
Depreciation	(	(
	899	4,090
Net periodic costs and contributions related to employee benefit plans	)	)
	(	
	65	307
Bad debt expense (benefit)	)	(
	11	25
Deferred income taxes	)	)
	(	
	401	—
Gain on short-term investments	)	—
	(	
	102	9
Provision, interest and penalties for uncertain tax positions	)	
		58
Loss on sale/disposal of assets, net	—	
		102
Asset impairments	—	
Changes in working capital and other operating assets and liabilities:		
	4,165	1,682
Accounts receivable		(
	1,545	400
Inventories, prepaids and other current assets		)
	19	388
Other assets	(	(
	1,078	2,780
Accounts payable	)	)
	(	(
	253	778
Compensation and benefit obligations	)	)
		(
	1,525	170
Other accrued expenses		)
		(
	7	1,088
Contract liabilities	)	)
	(	(
	56	71
Other post-employment benefits	)	)
	(	(
	1,174	13,933
Net cash used for operating activities	)	)
<b>Investing Activities</b>		
	(	(
	1,148	1,627
Purchases of assets	)	)
	(	
	10,500	—
Purchases of short-term investments	)	—

	120	
Return on short-term investments		—
		22,400
Note payment received for asset sales	—	
	(	
	11,528	20,773
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	)	
<b>Financing Activities</b>	(	(
	3,426	11,454
Dividends paid	)	)
	(	(
	3,426	11,454
Net cash used for financing activities	)	)
	(	(
	16,128	4,614
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	)	)
	27,825	32,439
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		
	11,697	27,825
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	\$
<b>Supplemental Disclosures</b>		
	594	619
Income tax paid, net	\$	\$
Noncash investing and financing activities:		
Investments in property, plant and equipment payable		
	33	—
Dividends payable		
	856	856

See the accompanying Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.



**DallasNews Corporation and Subsidiaries**  
**Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

**Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies and Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

**Description of Business.** DallasNews Corporation and its subsidiaries are referred to collectively herein as “DallasNews” or the “Company.” DallasNews was formed in February 2008 through a spin-off from its former parent company and is registered on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasdaq trading symbol: DALN). DallasNews is the Dallas-based holding company of *The Dallas Morning News* and Medium Giant.

The Company operates *The Dallas Morning News* ([dallasnews.com](http://dallasnews.com)), Texas’ leading newspaper and winner of nine Pulitzer Prizes. These operations generate revenue from sales of advertising within the Company’s newspaper and digital platforms, subscriptions and retail sales of its newspaper, commercial printing and distribution services primarily related to national newspapers.

In addition, the Company has a full-service agency, Medium Giant, with capabilities including strategy, creative and media management with a focus on strategic and digital marketing, and data intelligence that provide a measurable return on investment to its clients.

**Employees.** As of December 31, 2023, the Company had

601  
employees of which approximately

20  
percent are under a collective bargaining agreement that became effective on July 1, 2023. In the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company’s voluntary severance program closed, which resulted in

58  
employees accepting the offer who will depart in 2024. Related severance expense of \$

2,607  
is included in other accrued expense in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2023.

**Basis of Presentation.** The consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”) and include the accounts of the Company and its majority owned subsidiaries over which the Company exercises control. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. All dollar amounts presented herein, except share and per share amounts, are in thousands, unless the context indicates otherwise.

**Use of Estimates.** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect (i) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (ii) the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities known to exist as of the date the financial statements are published, and (iii) the reported amount of net operating revenues and expenses recognized during the periods presented. Adjustments made with respect to the use of estimates often relate to improved information not previously available. Uncertainties with respect to such estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of financial statements; accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Areas where estimates are used include valuation allowances for doubtful accounts, fair value measurements, pension plan assets, pension and other post-employment benefit obligation assumptions, income taxes, leases, self-insured liabilities, and assumptions related to long-lived assets impairment review. Estimates are based on past experience and other considerations reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

**Segment Presentation.** Based on the Company’s structure and organizational chart, the Company’s chief operating decision-maker (the “CODM”) is its Chief Executive Officer, Grant S. Moise. Based on how the Company’s CODM makes decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance, the Company determined it has

one  
reportable segment.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents.** The Company considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality institutions. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

**Short-term Investments.** In 2023, the Company invested in Certificates of Deposit (“CD’s”) with original maturities of more than 90 days but one year or less, included in short-term investments in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. These investments are classified as held-to-maturity and are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

**Risk Concentration.** The print media industry has encountered continuous declines in revenue primarily due to the secular shift of readers and advertisers to digital platforms. The Company has sought to limit its exposure to these industry risks through greater development of its digital platforms for delivery of news and advertising, and leveraging its brand and personnel to enhance its media agency solutions. However, these improvements may not result in a sufficient increase in revenue to offset the declines the Company is experiencing in its traditional print media business.

A significant portion of the Company's customer base is concentrated within the North Texas geographical area. The Company generally extends credit to customers, and the ultimate collection of accounts receivable could be affected by the national and local economy. Management continually performs credit evaluations of its customers and may require cash in advance or other special arrangements from certain customers. The Company maintains an allowance for losses based upon the collectability of accounts receivable. Management does not believe significant credit risk exists that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

**Inventories.** Inventories, consisting primarily of newsprint, ink and other supplies used in printing newspapers, are recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average purchase price of the inventory acquired.

**Property, Plant and Equipment.** The Company records property, plant and equipment at cost or its fair value if acquired through a business acquisition or non-monetary exchange. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets and depreciable assets are reviewed to ensure the remaining useful life of the assets continues to be appropriate. An adjustment resulting from a change in the estimated useful life of an asset is recorded to depreciation expense on a prospective basis.

The table below sets forth property, plant and equipment by type.

	December 31,		Estimated Useful Lives
	2023	2022	
Land	\$ 1,971	\$ 1,971	
Buildings and improvements	85,718	85,714	5 - 30 years
Publishing equipment	173,994	173,646	3 - 20 years
Other	45,528	51,336	3 - 10 years
Construction in process	225	773	
Total	307,436	313,440	
Less accumulated depreciation	300,337	306,002	
Property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 7,099	\$ 7,438	

**Long-Lived Assets.** The Company evaluates its ability to recover the carrying value of property, plant and equipment, using the lowest level of separately identifiable cash flows associated with the assets, which are grouped based on the Company's intended use of these assets. This evaluation is performed whenever a change in circumstances indicates that the carrying value of an asset group may not be recoverable. If the analysis of undiscounted future cash flows indicates the carrying value of the long-lived assets cannot be recovered, the assets are adjusted to the lower of carrying value or fair value.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company performed a review of potential impairment indicators for its long-lived assets, including property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets. The Company determined there was no significant decrease in the market value of the long-lived assets or significant change in the extent or manner in which the asset group is being used or in its physical condition as of December 31, 2023, and there was no significant adverse change in legal factors or in the business climate during the period that could affect the value of the asset group. Based upon the review of indicators, the Company did not identify any events or changes in circumstances that indicate the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be recoverable. In part this is due to the estimated fair value of certain land and buildings significantly exceeding their carrying value. See [Note 4 – Leases](#) for information on the right-of-use asset impairment that occurred in 2022.

**Investments.** The Company owns certain equity securities in private companies in which it does not exercise control. These investments are recorded under the cost method with a balance of \$

1,432

at December 31, 2023 and 2022, included in other assets, and the Company recognizes income or loss upon the receipt of dividends or distributions, or upon liquidation of the investment. The Company evaluates its ability to recover the carrying value of cost method investments based upon operating results and the financial strength of the investee. If the Company determines the carrying value is not recoverable, an impairment charge is recorded for the difference between the fair value of the investment and the carrying value.

**Pension.** The Company follows accounting guidance for single-employer defined benefit plans. Plan assets and the projected benefit obligation are measured each December 31, and the Company records as an asset or liability the net funded position of the plans. Certain changes in actuarial valuations related to returns on plan assets and projected benefit obligations are recorded to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and are amortized to net periodic pension expense (benefit) over the weighted average remaining life of plan participants, to the extent the cumulative balance in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) exceeds 10 percent of the greater of the respective plan's (a) projected benefit obligation or (b) the market-related value of the plan's assets. Net periodic pension expense (benefit) is recognized each period by accruing interest expense on the projected benefit obligation and accruing a return on assets associated with the plan assets. Participation in and accrual of new benefits to participants has been frozen since 2007 and,

accordingly, on-going service costs are not a component of net periodic pension expense (benefit).

From time to time, the Company-sponsored plans may settle pension obligations with certain plan participants through the plans' master trust as part of its de-risking strategies. The gains or losses associated with settlements of plan obligations to participants are recognized to earnings if such settlements exceed the interest component of net periodic pension cost for the year. Otherwise, such amounts are included in actuarial gains (losses) in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Re-measurement of plan assets and liabilities upon a significant settlement or curtailment event is performed based on the values of the month-end closest to the event.

**Long-Term Incentive Plan.** The Company sponsored a long-term incentive plan (the "Plan") under which it issued restricted stock units ("RSUs") and cash awards to directors and certain employees of the Company. Due to the expiration of the Plan in February 2018, DallasNews implemented, and shareholders approved, a new long-term incentive plan (the "2017 Plan") under which

1,000,000

shares of the Company's Series A and Series B common stock are authorized and remain available for equity-based awards. Like its predecessor plan, awards under the 2017 Plan may be granted to DallasNews employees and outside directors in the form of non-qualified stock options, incentive stock options, restricted share awards, RSUs, performance shares, performance units or stock appreciation rights.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, there were

no

stock-based awards outstanding.

**Shareholders' Equity.** The Company authorized the issuance of shares of Series A and Series B common stock. Series A common stock has

one

vote per share and Series B common stock has

10

votes per share. Shares of Series B common stock are convertible at any time on a share-for-share basis into shares of Series A common stock, but not vice versa.

The Company is authorized to grant stock option and RSU awards to employees and directors of the Company. Upon vesting of RSUs, shares of Series A common stock are issued. Upon the exercise of stock options, Series A common stock is issued if the holder of the stock options executes a simultaneous exercise and sale. If the holder of the stock option chooses not to sell the shares, Series B common stock is issued.

In 2012, the Company's board of directors authorized the purchase of the DallasNews Series A or Series B common stock, for use other than retirement, through open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Treasury stock acquired under the repurchase program is recorded at cost, reducing shareholders' equity. The acquired shares are available for sale on the open market or for settlement of obligations related to future stock-based awards, if granted.

Accumulated other comprehensive loss consists of actuarial gains and losses associated with the DallasNews Pension Plans (the "Pension Plans") and other post-employment benefit (the "OPEB") plans. The cumulative balances are amortized to earnings over the weighted average remaining life expectancy of the participants to the extent such balances exceed 10 percent of the greater of the respective plan's (a) projected benefit obligation or (b) the market-related value of the plan's assets. The Company discloses amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to net income (loss) in [Note 7 - Shareholders' Equity](#).

**Revenue Recognition.** The Company's principal sources of revenue are sales of advertising within its newspaper and digital platforms, subscription and retail sales of its newspaper, commercial printing and distribution services, primarily related to national newspapers. In addition, revenue includes strategic marketing services, consulting, branding, paid media strategy and management, creative services, search optimization, direct mail, the sale of promotional materials, and subscriptions to the Company's multi-channel marketing solutions cloud-based software and services, as well as targeted and multi-channel (programmatic) advertising placed on third-party platforms.

Revenue is recognized when obligations under the terms of a contract with the Company's customer are satisfied. This occurs when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to its customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services, typically at contract price or determined by stand-alone selling price. The Company has an estimated allowance for credits, refunds and similar obligations. Sales tax collected concurrent with revenue-producing activities are excluded from revenue. See [Note 2 – Revenue](#) for disaggregated revenue by source and additional information.

**Leases.** The Company determines if a contract is a lease at the inception of the arrangement. Operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date of lease agreements greater than one year based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. In determining the present value of lease payments, the implicit rate was not readily determinable in the Company's lease agreements. Therefore, the Company used an estimated secured incremental borrowing rate, based on the Company's credit rating, adjusted for the weighted average term of each lease. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and variable lease costs are expensed as incurred. For leases with terms of 12 months or less, no asset or liability is recorded and lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The exercise of lease renewal options are at the Company's sole discretion and options are recognized when it is reasonably certain the Company will exercise the option. The recognized right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as calculated do not assume renewal options. The Company does not have lease agreements with residual value guarantees, sale leaseback terms or material restrictive covenants. Additionally, the Company does not separately identify lease and nonlease components, such as maintenance costs. Total lease expense for property and equipment was \$

4,000

and \$

4,796

in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**Income Taxes.** The Company uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes and recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates. The Company establishes a valuation allowance if it is more-likely-than-not that the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The factors used to assess the likelihood of realization of the deferred tax assets include future reversal of deferred tax liabilities, available tax planning strategies, future taxable income and taxable income in prior carryback years.

The Company evaluates any uncertain tax positions each reporting period by tax jurisdiction to determine if it is more-likely-than-not that the tax position will not be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements for such positions are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. If a net operating loss or other tax credit carry forward exists, the Company records the unrecognized tax benefits for such tax positions as a reduction to a deferred tax asset. Otherwise, the unrecognized tax benefits are recorded as a liability. The Company records a liability for uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Any change in judgment related to the expected ultimate resolution of uncertain tax positions is recognized in earnings in the period in which such change occurs. Interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits are recorded in other income (loss), net.

**Fair Value Measurements.** The Company's financial instruments, including cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, interest receivable, accounts payable and amounts due to customers are carried at cost, which approximates its fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

**Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements.** In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-13 – *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. This update requires financial assets measured at amortized cost basis to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. The measurement of expected credit losses is based on relevant information about past events, including historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectibility of the reported amount. Since June 2016, the FASB issued clarifying updates to the new standard including changing the effective date for smaller reporting companies. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2023, using the modified retrospective approach and it did not have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements; see [Note 3 – Financial Instruments and Accounts Receivable, Net](#) for additional information.

**New Accounting Pronouncements.** The FASB issued the following accounting pronouncements and guidance, which may be applicable to the Company but has not yet become effective.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07– *Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*. This update requires an entity to disclose, on an annual and interim basis, significant segment expenses. Public entities with a single reportable segment are required to apply the disclosure requirements in ASU 2023-07, as well as all existing segment disclosures in ASC 280. The guidance is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption on its financial statement disclosures.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09 – *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. This update requires an entity to disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold. Additionally, the guidance requires an entity to disclose annual income taxes paid (net of refunds received) disaggregated by federal (national), state and foreign taxes and disaggregate the information by jurisdiction based on a quantitative threshold. The guidance also requires an entity to disclose income tax expense (benefit) disaggregated by federal (national), state and foreign. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis although retrospective application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption on its financial statement disclosures.

## Note 2: Revenue

The table below sets forth revenue disaggregated by revenue source.

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Advertising and Marketing Services</b>		
Print advertising	\$ 35,045	\$ 44,802
Digital advertising and marketing services	23,993	24,865
Total	\$ 59,038	\$ 69,667
<b>Circulation</b>		
Print circulation	\$ 49,034	\$ 52,045
Digital circulation	16,315	13,146
Total	\$ 65,349	\$ 65,191
<b>Printing, Distribution and Other</b>		
	\$ 15,309	\$ 15,793
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 139,696</b>	<b>\$ 150,651</b>

### Advertising and Marketing Services

Advertising and marketing services revenue is recognized when an ad or service is complete and delivered based on the contract price. Payment is typically received within 30 to 60 days after the customer is billed. Longer-term contracts often include multiple performance obligations, digital and other forms of advertising, and a single performance obligation containing a bundle of services that are not distinct but provided to maximize a customer's marketing plan. When the Company has a longer-term contract, revenue is recognized over time as the ads or services are delivered. For contracts with over time revenue recognition the company is providing a series of services and recognizes revenue by 1) using a time-based method of measuring progress of delivery over time, or 2) as each distinct performance obligation (typically ads or impressions) are delivered on a monthly basis. In addition, certain digital advertising revenue related to website access is recognized over time, based on the customers' monthly rate. The Company typically extends credit to advertising and marketing services customers, although for certain advertising campaigns the customer may pay in advance.

Print advertising is primarily comprised of display and classified advertising revenue. Display revenue results from sales of advertising space within the Company's core newspaper to local, regional or national businesses with local operations, affiliates or resellers. Classified revenue, which includes automotive, real estate, employment, obituaries and other, results from sales of advertising space in the classified and other sections of the Company's newspaper.

The Company's agreement allowing it to distribute preprinted advertisements through the mail or through third-party distributors to households in targeted areas was not renewed and ended August 31, 2023. As a result of the end of the distribution agreement whose weekly shared mail coupons and home delivery inserts supported the Company's niche publications, the Company decided to stop print-only editions of its niche publications, *Al Dia* and *Briefing* after August 30, 2023. *Al Dia* continues as a digital-only product that publishes online daily, as news develops, and in a weekly ePaper edition available online. *Briefing* was discontinued as a weekly newspaper, and the brand was retired.

Digital advertising and marketing services revenue consists of strategic marketing services, consulting, branding, paid media strategy and management, creative services, search optimization, direct mail, the sale of promotional materials, and subscriptions to the Company's multi-channel marketing solutions cloud-based software and services. In addition, it includes digital sales of banner, classified and native advertisements on the Company's news websites, social media platforms and mobile apps, as well as targeted and multi-channel (programmatic) advertising placed on third-party platforms.

For ads placed on certain third-party platforms, the Company must evaluate and use judgment to determine whether it is acting as the principal, where revenue is reported on a gross basis, or acting as the agent, where revenue is reported on a net basis. Generally, the Company reports advertising revenue for ads placed on third-party platforms on a net basis, meaning the amount recorded to revenue is the amount billed to the customer net of amounts paid to the publisher of the third-party platforms. The Company is acting as the agent because the publisher controls the advertising inventory. The Company will record certain arrangements gross when it controls the inventory or it has latitude in establishing price or it determines that advertising campaign management, targeting or other actions provide significant value added service to the customer.

Barter advertising transactions are recognized at estimated fair value based on the negotiated contract price and the range of prices for similar advertising from customers unrelated to the barter transaction. The Company expenses barter costs as incurred, which is independent from the timing of revenue recognition

### Circulation

Print circulation revenue is generated primarily by selling home delivery subscriptions, including premium publications, and from single copy sales to non-subscribers. Home delivery revenue is recognized over the subscription period based on the days of actual delivery over the total subscription days and single copy revenue is recognized at a point in time when the paper is purchased. Revenue is directly reduced for any non-payment for the grace period of home delivery subscriptions where the Company recorded revenue for newspapers delivered after a subscription expired.

Digital circulation revenue is generated by digital-only subscriptions and is recognized over the subscription period based on daily or monthly access to the content in the subscription period.

Payment of circulation fees is typically received in advance and deferred over the subscription period. There is little judgment required for valuation or timing of circulation revenue recognition.

### Printing, Distribution and Other

Printing, distribution and other revenue is primarily generated from printing and distribution of other newspapers. Printing, distribution and other revenue is recognized at a point in time when the product or service is delivered, which requires little judgment to determine. The Company typically extends credit to printing and distribution customers.

### Contract Liabilities

Deferred revenue is recorded when cash payments are received in advance of the Company's performance, including amounts which are refundable. The Company's primary sources of deferred revenue are from circulation subscriptions and advertising paid in advance of the service provided. These up-front payments are recorded upon receipt as contract liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and the revenue is recognized when the Company's obligations under the terms of the contract are satisfied. In the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company recognized \$

9,028

of revenue that was included in the contract liabilities balance as of December 31, 2022. The Company typically recognizes deferred revenue within 1 to 12 months.

### Practical Expedients and Exemptions

The Company generally expenses sales commissions and circulation acquisition costs when incurred because the amortization period would have been one year or less. These costs are recorded within employee compensation and benefits expense and other production, distribution and operating costs expense, respectively.

The Company does not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and contracts for which revenue is recognized at the amount invoiced for services performed.

### Note 3: Financial Instruments and Accounts Receivable, Net

**Short-Term Investments.** In 2023, the Company invested \$

10,500

in CD's with original maturities of more than 90 days but one year or less, included in short-term investments in the Consolidated Balance Sheet. These investments are classified as held-to-maturity and are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. These investments are considered Level 2 investments. In 2023, the Company recorded \$

401

of interest income related to the CD's, included in other income (loss), net in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

**Accounts Receivable, Net.** Accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for credit losses calculated based on customer category. For example, trade receivables for advertising customers are evaluated separately from trade receivables from single copy sales. For all trade receivables, the reserve percentage considers the Company's historical loss experience and is applied to each customer category based on aging. In addition, each category has specific reserves for at risk accounts that vary based on the nature of the underlying trade receivables. The calculation of the allowance considers current economic, industry and customer-specific conditions such as high-risk accounts, bankruptcies and other aging specific reserves. The collectability of the Company's trade receivables depends on a variety of factors, including trends in local, regional or national economic conditions that affect its customers' ability to pay. Accounts are written-off after all collection efforts fail; generally, after one year has expired. Expense for such uncollectible amounts is included in other production, distribution and operating costs. Credit terms are customary.

The table below sets forth changes in the allowance for credit losses for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Beginning balance	\$	490
Current period benefit		(65)
Write-offs charged against the allowance		220
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off		22
Other		20
Ending balance	\$	207

In 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded \$(

65  
) and \$

307 of bad debt expense (benefit) which is included in other production, distribution and operating costs in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The reduction in required reserves was primarily due to a lower volume of accounts receivable and payments received for fully reserved balances in 2023.

No one-time adjustments were recorded as a result of adopting the new guidance on credit losses.

#### Note 4: Leases

The Company has various operating leases primarily for office space and other distribution centers, some of which include escalating lease payments and options to extend or terminate the lease. The Company's leases have remaining terms of less than 1 year to 10 years.

The Company has various subleases with distributors, for distribution center space, with varying remaining lease terms of less than one year to two years and are cancellable with notice by either party. In 2022, the Company terminated the lease and sublease agreements for the office space of the Denton Publishing Company, resulting in a right-of-use asset impairment of \$

102. Sublease income is included in printing, distribution and other revenue in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of December 31, 2023, sublease income is expected to approximate \$

320  
in 2024 and \$

30  
in 2025.

As of December 31, 2023, the Company did

not have any significant operating leases that have not yet commenced.

The table below sets forth supplemental Consolidated Balance Sheet information for the Company's leases.

	Classification	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<b>Assets</b>			
Operating	Operating lease right-of-use assets	\$ 16,141	\$ 14,811
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Operating			
Current	Other accrued expense	\$ 1,809	\$ 1,547
Noncurrent	Long-term operating lease liabilities	16,924	16,546
Total lease liabilities		\$ 18,733	\$ 18,093
<b>Lease Term and Discount Rate</b>			
Operating leases			



Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	8.7	10.1
Weighted average discount rate (%)	7.7	7.7

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The table below sets forth components of lease cost and supplemental cash flow information for the Company's leases. In the second quarter of 2023, the Company recorded a non-recurring lease cost benefit of \$

556

, reflected in other production, distribution and operating costs in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Lease Cost</b>		
Operating lease cost	\$ 3,205	\$ 4,088
Short-term lease cost	63	63
Variable lease cost	732	645
Sublease income	( 811 )	( 1,155 )
Total lease cost	\$ 3,189	\$ 3,641

#### Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Cash paid for operating leases included in operating activities	\$ 3,979	\$ 4,212
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities	3,094	424

The table below sets forth the remaining maturities of the Company's lease liabilities as of December 31, 2023.

Years Ending December 31,	Operating Leases
2024	\$ 3,182
2025	3,504
2026	2,732
2027	2,377
2028	2,348
Thereafter	11,994
Total lease payments	26,137
Less: imputed interest	7,404
Total lease liabilities	\$ 18,733

#### Note 5: Income Taxes

The table below sets forth the Company's income tax provision.

Current	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022

		(	
		66	
		)	
Federal	\$		\$ —
		519	583
State			
		453	583
Total current			
Deferred		(	(
		1,324	1,985
Federal		)	)
		8	28
State			
		(	(
		1,316	2,013
Total deferred		)	)
		1,327	1,988
Valuation Allowance			
		464	558
Income Tax Provision	\$		\$

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The table below reconciles the income tax benefit computed by applying the applicable United States federal income tax rate to the income tax provision computed at the effective income tax rate.

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	(	(
Computed expected income tax benefit	\$ 1,415 )	\$ 1,939 )
State income tax (net of federal benefit)	450	460
Valuation allowance	1,327	1,988
Nondeductible expenses	193	120
Uncertain tax position reserve	( 66 )	—
Deferred adjustment	( 2 )	94
Other	( 23 )	( 165 )
Income tax provision	\$ 464	\$ 558
Effective income tax rate	7.0 )%	6.0 )%

The income tax provision of \$

464  
and \$

558

recorded in 2023 and 2022, respectively, was due to the effect of the Texas franchise tax. The 2023 income tax expense was reduced by the release of a \$

66

federal uncertain tax reserve, included in other liabilities, as a result of the statute of limitations lapsing in June 2023. In connection with the release of a federal uncertain tax reserve, the Company released a reserve for interest and penalties included in other liabilities and recognized \$

36

in other income (loss), net in the second quarter of 2023.

The Company made income tax payments, net of refunds, of \$

594  
and \$

619

in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In August 2022, the Inflation Reduction Act (the "Act") was enacted and signed into law. The Act is a budget reconciliation package that includes significant law changes relating to tax, climate change, energy, and health care. The tax provisions include, among other items, a corporate alternative minimum tax of

15  
percent, an excise tax of

1

percent on corporate stock buy-backs, energy-related tax credits, and additional IRS funding. Certain provisions, including the corporate alternative minimum tax and excise tax on corporate stock buy-backs, became effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2022. As of December 31, 2023, this legislation did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The table below sets forth the significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities.

	December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Gross Deferred Tax Assets:</b>		
Defined benefit plans	\$ 3,648	\$ 4,088
Investments	160	114

Tax depreciation less than book depreciation	887	1,107
Expenses deductible for tax purposes in a year different from the year accrued	586	640
Lease liability	3,993	3,806
Deferred compensation and benefits	547	40
Book amortization in excess of tax amortization	876	935
State taxes	168	171
Net operating loss carryforward	11,468	10,063
Other	230	316
Total deferred tax assets	22,563	21,280
	(	(
Valuation allowance	18,468	17,380
Total deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	4,095	3,900
<b>Gross Deferred Tax Liabilities:</b>	(	(
Right-of-use asset	3,447	3,117
	)	)
Deferred Revenue	20	—
	(	(
Other	357	501
	(	(
Total deferred tax liabilities	3,824	3,618
<b>Net Deferred Tax Assets</b>	<u>\$ 271</u>	<u>\$ 282</u>

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The presentation of net deferred tax assets and liabilities for each jurisdiction are presented as noncurrent within the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets. Deferred income tax balances reflect the effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases and are stated at enacted tax rates expected to be in effect when the taxes are actually paid or recovered. The Company recognizes a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets when it is more-likely-than-not that these assets will not be realized. In making this determination, all positive and negative evidence is considered, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, tax planning strategies, future taxable income and taxable income in prior carryback years. In 2023, the valuation allowance increased \$

1,088

, of which \$(

238

) arose from deferred tax assets related to amounts recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss that are fully reserved by a valuation allowance. At December 31, 2023, the Company had a federal net operating loss carryforward of \$

54,209

, of which \$

17,528

expires in 2037 and \$

36,681

does not have an expiration. The annual utilization of the federal net operating loss, which does not have an expiration, is limited to

80

percent of taxable income in tax years beginning after January 1, 2021. The Company has a state net operating loss of \$

2,166

, which begins to expire in 2034.

Uncertain tax positions are evaluated and a liability is recognized for the tax benefit associated with uncertain positions only if it is more-likely-than-not that the positions will not be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the positions. The Company assesses its filing positions in all significant jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns for all open tax years. The Company's federal income tax return for December 31, 2014 and for tax years subsequent to December 31, 2016 remain subject to examination, and income tax returns in major state income tax jurisdictions where the Company operated remain subject to examination. The statute of limitations associated with the December 31, 2014 federal return was extended in 2020 due to the net operating loss carryback pursuant to the CARES Act. In the second quarter of 2023, the Company released all remaining reserve for the tax benefit related to uncertain tax positions and as of December 31, 2023, there is no remaining balance.

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefit.

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1	\$ 66	\$ 66
	(	
Decrease related to statute of limitations expiring	66	—
	)	
Balance at December 31	\$ —	\$ 66

In 2023, the Company recorded a tax benefit of \$

66

and \$

36

of interest income, included in other income (loss), net in the Consolidated Statement of Operations, due to the release of the remaining federal uncertain tax reserve and related interest resulting from the statute of limitations lapsing in June 2023. In 2022, the Company recorded interest expense of \$

4

and penalty expense of \$

5

. Accrued interest and penalty at December 31, 2022 was \$

36

, included in other liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

### Note 6: Pension and Other Retirement Plans

**Defined Benefit Plans.** The Company sponsors the DallasNews Pension Plans (the "Pension Plans"), which provide benefits to approximately

1,340

current and former employees of the Company. DallasNews Pension Plan I provides benefits to certain current and former employees primarily employed with *The Dallas Morning News* or the DallasNews corporate offices. DallasNews Pension Plan II provides benefits to certain former employees of The Providence Journal Company. This obligation was retained by the Company upon the sale of the newspaper operations of *The Providence Journal*.

No

additional benefits are accruing under the DallasNews Pension Plans, as future benefits were frozen.

The Company is the sole sponsor of the Pension Plans and is required to meet certain pension funding requirements as established under the Employment Retirement Income Security Act ("ERISA"). Instability in global and domestic capital markets may result in low returns on the assets contributed to the Pension Plans. Additionally, low yields on corporate bonds may decrease the discount rate, resulting in a higher funding obligation. Although legislation was enacted into law in 2012, which provided limited funding relief, market conditions could materially increase the funding requirements associated with the Pension Plans, with an adverse effect on the Company's liquidity and financial condition. The Company was not required to make contributions to the DallasNews Pension Plans in 2023 and 2022 under ERISA. In August 2022, the Company made a board approved voluntary contribution of \$

5,000

to the Pension Plans, reflected in long-term pension liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company will continue to evaluate the feasibility

of de-risking strategies based on the economic benefits to the Company.

Actuarial gains (losses) of \$

1,199  
and \$(

9,818

) were recorded to other comprehensive income (loss) in 2023 and 2022, respectively, related to the Pension Plans; see [Note 7 – Shareholders' Equity](#) for information on amounts recorded to accumulated other comprehensive loss.

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The table below sets forth summarized financial information about the DallasNews Pension Plans.

	2023	2022
<b>Change in Projected Benefit Obligation</b>		
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 169,544	\$ 219,364
Interest cost	7,972	5,311
Actuarial loss (gain)	2,212	42,425
Benefit payments	(12,648)	(12,706)
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	167,080	169,544
<b>Change in Plan Assets</b>		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	150,089	205,089
Return on plan assets	12,286	47,294
Employer contributions	—	5,000
Benefit payments	(12,648)	(12,706)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	149,727	150,089
<b>Funded Status</b>	<b>\$ 17,353</b>	<b>\$ 19,455</b>
<b>Amounts Recorded on the Balance Sheet</b>		
Long-term pension liabilities	\$ 17,353	\$ 19,455
<b>Accumulated Benefit Obligation</b>	<b>\$ 167,080</b>	<b>\$ 169,544</b>

#### Net Periodic Pension Expense (Benefit)

The projected benefit obligations of the DallasNews Pension Plans are estimated using the FTSE Pension Discount Curve, which is based upon a portfolio of high-quality corporate debt securities with maturities that correlate to the expected timing of estimated benefit payments to the Pension Plans' participants. Future estimated benefit payments are discounted to their present value at the appropriate yield curve spot rate to determine the projected benefit obligation outstanding at each year end. The single equivalent discount rate as of December 31, 2023, was

4.7  
percent and

4.9  
percent for December 31, 2022. The actuarial net losses in 2023 and significant gains in 2022 related to changes in the projected benefit obligation were primarily due to the movement in the discount rate.

Interest expense included in net periodic pension benefit is based on the FTSE Pension Discount Curve established at the beginning of the fiscal year. The discount rate for fiscal year 2023 and 2022 interest cost was

4.9  
percent and

2.5  
percent, respectively.

The Company assumed a

4.9



percent and

2.5

percent long-term return on the Pension Plans' assets in 2023 and 2022, respectively. This return is based upon historical returns of similar investment pools having asset allocations consistent with the expected allocations of the DallasNews Pension Plans. Investment strategies for the Pension Plans' assets are based upon factors such as the effective duration of the actuarial liabilities and market risks.

The Company's estimates of net periodic pension expense or benefit are based on the expected return on plan assets, interest on the projected benefit obligations and the amortization of actuarial gains and losses that are deferred in accumulated other comprehensive loss. Participation in and accrual of new benefits to participants has been frozen since 2007 and, accordingly, on-going service costs are not a component of net periodic pension expense (benefit). For 2023, there are

no

unrecognized gains (losses) to amortize due to the total unrecognized gain (loss) falling below the amortization threshold. For 2022, based on the re-allocation of the Pension Plans' assets, the Company assumed a lower rate of return on the assets resulting in net periodic pension expense.

The table below sets forth components of net periodic pension expense (benefit), which are included in other income (loss), net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

	<i>Years Ended December 31,</i>	
	<i>2023</i>	<i>2022</i>
Interest cost	\$ 7,972	\$ 5,311
	(	(
Expected return on plans' assets	8,875	4,949
	)	)
Amortization of actuarial loss	—	526
Net periodic pension expense (benefit)	(	
	903	888
	\$ )	\$ )

## Plan Assets

The Company is responsible for directing the investment strategies of the DallasNews Pension Plans' assets. The investment strategies focus on asset class diversification, liquidity to meet benefit payments and an appropriate balance of long-term investment return and risks. In 2023, the Company reassessed its investment strategy and set the long-term targeted allocation of the Pension Plans' assets to

40 percent in a growth portfolio and

60 percent in a liability hedging portfolio. In 2022, the long-term targeted allocation of the Pension Plans' assets invested in equity and fixed income securities was approximately

5 percent and

95 percent, respectively. These targets are determined based on the effective duration of the actuarial liabilities, the expected long-term rate of return on assets, and expected market risks. Investment risk is continuously monitored and Pension Plans' assets are rebalanced to target allocations to meet the Company's strategy and the Pension Plans' liquidity needs. At December 31, 2023, the Pension Plans' assets in a growth portfolio and a liability hedging portfolio accounted for

39 percent and

61 percent of the total non-cash holdings, respectively.

The table below sets forth the DallasNews Pension Plans' assets at fair value as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, with inputs used to develop fair value measurements.

Description	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Total		Quoted Price in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level I)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level II)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level III)	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
<b>Cash and Money Market Funds</b>	\$ 3,184	\$ 1,608	\$ 3,184	\$ 1,608	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Equity Funds</b>								
U.S. equity securities	—	3,666	—	—	—	3,666	—	—
International equity securities	—	2,856	—	—	—	2,856	—	—
Global equity	48,715	—	—	—	48,715	—	—	—
<b>Fixed Income Funds</b>								
Domestic corporate and government debt securities	89,556	72,194	—	—	89,556	72,194	—	—
Domestic corporate debt securities	—	69,243	—	—	—	69,243	—	—
International corporate and government debt securities	—	522	—	—	—	522	—	—
Global corporate and government debt securities	5,614	—	—	—	5,614	—	—	—
<b>Other</b>	2,658	—	—	—	2,658	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 149,727</u>	<u>\$ 150,089</u>	<u>\$ 3,184</u>	<u>\$ 1,608</u>	<u>\$ 146,543</u>	<u>\$ 148,481</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

Inputs and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of Pension Plans' assets vary according to the type of asset being valued. Cash and money market funds are designated as Level I. Remaining investments are in commingled funds and fair values are determined by the fund manager primarily

based upon closing market quotes of the assets. Equity securities held through units in these funds are monitored as to issuer and industry. As of December 31, 2023, there were no significant concentrations of equity or debt securities in any single issuer or industry.

Other

The table below sets forth the Company's expected future pension benefit payments as of December 31, 2023.

Payment year	Expected Benefit Payments
2024	\$ 14,095
2025	14,017
2026	13,819
2027	13,629
2028	13,362
2029 - 2033	61,578

The Company currently does not expect to make contributions to the DallasNews Pension Plans in 2024 and no contributions are required to these plans in 2024 under ERISA; however, certain events or circumstances that in most instances are beyond the Company's control could result in future mandatory contributions.

**Other defined benefit plans.** DallasNews also sponsors unfunded other post-employment benefit (the "OPEB") plans, which provide health and life insurance benefits for certain retired employees. These plans were frozen subsequent to the separation from the Company's former parent company; therefore, no future benefits accrue and on-going service costs are not a component of net periodic benefit cost. The Company recorded a liability of \$

996  
and \$

982  
related to the OPEB plans as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. A net periodic benefit cost of \$

4  
and \$

22  
in 2023 and 2022, respectively, was recorded to other income (loss), net. The net periodic benefit cost primarily represents amortization of actuarial gains (losses) and prior service costs, offset by interest expense associated with the actuarial liability. Actuarial gains (losses) of \$(

26  
) and \$

322  
were recorded to other comprehensive income (loss) in 2023 and 2022, respectively; see [Note 7 – Shareholders' Equity](#).

**Defined Contribution Plans.** The DallasNews Savings Plan (the "Savings Plan"), a defined contribution 401(k) plan, covers substantially all employees of DallasNews. Participants may elect to contribute a portion of their pretax compensation as provided by the Savings Plan and the Internal Revenue Code. Employees can contribute up to

100  
percent of their annual eligible compensation less required withholdings and deductions up to statutory limits. The Company provides an ongoing dollar-for-dollar match of eligible employee contributions, up to

1.5  
percent of the employees' compensation. The Company recorded expense of \$

716  
and \$

739  
in 2023 and 2022, respectively, for matching contributions to the Savings Plan.

#### Note 7: Shareholders' Equity

**Dividends.** Quarterly dividends returned \$

3,426  
and \$

11,454  
to shareholders in 2023 and 2022, respectively. In August 2022, the Company's board of directors declared a special, one-time \$

1.50  
per share dividend, returning \$

8,029  
to shareholders.

On December 7, 2023, the Company's board of directors declared a \$

0.16  
per share dividend to shareholders of record as of the close of business on February 9, 2024, paid on March 1, 2024.

**Outstanding Shares.** The Company had Series A and Series B common stock outstanding of

4,737,852  
and

614,638  
, respectively, net of treasury shares at December 31, 2023. At December 31, 2022, the Company had Series A and Series B common stock outstanding of

4,737,772  
and

614,718  
, respectively, net of treasury shares.

**Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss.** Accumulated other comprehensive loss consists of actuarial gains and losses attributable to the DallasNews Pension Plans, gains and losses resulting from Pension Plans' amendments and other actuarial experience attributable to OPEB plans. The Company records amortization of the components of accumulated other comprehensive loss in other income (loss), net in its Consolidated Statements of Operations. Gains and losses are amortized over the weighted average remaining life expectancy of the OPEB plans and Pension Plans' participants.

The table below sets forth the changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, as presented in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Years Ended December 31,	
2023	2022

	Total	Defined benefit pension plans	Other post- employment benefit plans	Total	Defined benefit pension plans	Other post- employment benefit plans
	(	(		(	(	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 41,380 )	\$ 41,777 )	\$ 397	\$ 32,406 )	\$ 32,485 )	\$ 79
	(		(			(
Amortization	40 )	—	40 )	522	526	4 )
			(	(	(	
Actuarial gains (losses)	1,173 )	1,199	26 )	9,496 )	9,818 )	322
	(	(		(	(	
Balance, end of period	\$ 40,247 )	\$ 40,578 )	\$ 331	\$ 41,380 )	\$ 41,777 )	\$ 397

### Note 8: Earnings Per Share

The table below sets forth the net loss available to common shareholders and weighted average shares used for calculating basic earnings per share ("EPS"). The Company's Series A and Series B common stock equally share in the distributed and undistributed earnings.

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
<b>Earnings (Numerator)</b>		
	(	(
Net loss available to common shareholders	\$ 7,112 )	\$ 9,786 )
<b>Shares (Denominator)</b>		
	5,352,490	5,352,490
Weighted average common shares outstanding (basic)		
<b>Loss Per Share</b>		
	(	(
Basic	\$ 1.33 )	\$ 1.83 )

There were

no

options or RSUs outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, that would result in dilution of shares or the calculation of EPS under the two-class method as prescribed under ASC 260 – *Earnings Per Share*.

### Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2023, the Company had contractual obligations, in aggregate, of \$

14,143  
for the next five years and \$

11,994 thereafter, for operating leases, primarily for office space and other distribution centers, some of which include escalating lease payments. See [Note 4 – Leases](#) for future lease payments by year.

In December 2016, the Dallas Morning News, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a 16 -year lease agreement for office space for the Company's new corporate headquarters. The Company recognizes rent expense on a straight-line basis. Per the amended lease agreement, rent payments began in November 2018.

The Company funds the DallasNews Pension Plans to meet or exceed statutory requirements. The Company currently does not expect to make contributions to the DallasNews Pension Plans in 2024 and

no contributions are required to these plans in 2024 under the applicable tax and labor laws governing pension plan funding; see [Note 6 - Pension and Other Retirement Plans](#).

From time to time, the Company is involved in a variety of claims, lawsuits and other disputes arising in the ordinary course of business. Management routinely assesses the likelihood of adverse judgments or outcomes in these matters, as well as the ranges of probable losses to the extent losses are reasonably estimable. Accruals for contingencies are recorded when, in the judgment of management, adverse judgments or outcomes are probable and the financial impact, should an adverse outcome occur, is reasonably estimable. The determination of likely outcomes of litigation matters relates to factors that include, but are not limited to, past experience and other evidence, interpretation of relevant laws or regulations and the specifics and status of each matter. Predicting the outcome of claims and litigation and estimating related costs and financial exposure involves substantial uncertainties that could cause actual results to vary materially from estimates and accruals. In the opinion of management, liabilities, if any, arising from other currently existing claims against the Company would not have a material adverse effect on DallasNews' results of operations, liquidity or financial condition.

### Note 10: Disposal of Assets

In May 2019, the Company finalized a Purchase and Sale Agreement with Charter DMN Holdings, LP (the "Purchaser") for the sale of the real estate assets in downtown Dallas, Texas, previously used as the Company's headquarters for a sale price of \$

28,000  
and a pretax gain of \$

25,908  
. The sale price consisted of \$

4,597  
cash received, after selling costs of approximately \$

1,000  
, and a two year seller-financed promissory note of \$

22,400  
(the "Promissory Note"). In July 2022, the Company received cash proceeds of \$

22,516  
from the Purchaser, paying the Promissory Note in full including interest. In 2022, the Company recorded \$



**LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES OF DALLASNEWS CORPORATION**  
**(As of December 31, 2023)**

<b>Subsidiary</b>	<b>State or Jurisdiction of Incorporation</b>
A. H. Belo Management Services, Inc.	Delaware
Belo Lead Management LLC*	Delaware
NewsRight, LLC*	Delaware
AHC California Dispositions, Inc.	Delaware
AHC California Properties, LLC	Delaware
AHC Dallas Properties, LLC	Delaware
Distribion, Inc.	Delaware
CDFX, LLC	Delaware
Vertical Nerve, Inc.	Delaware
Belo Enterprises, Inc.	Delaware
Belo Interactive, Inc.	Delaware
Belo Investments II, Inc.	Delaware
Belo Company (The)	Delaware
Cubic Creative, Inc.	Texas
Dallas Morning News, Inc. (The)	Delaware
DMI Acquisition Sub, Inc.	Delaware
Fountain Street Corporation	Rhode Island
Medium Giant Company, Inc.	Delaware
Providence Journal Company (The)	Delaware

\*Non-wholly owned



**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We have issued our report dated March 6, 2024, with respect to the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report of DallasNews Corporation on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. We consent to the incorporation by reference of said report in the Registration Statement of DallasNews Corporation on Form S-8 (File No. 333-218601).

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Dallas, Texas  
March 6, 2024

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## SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Grant S. Moise, Chief Executive Officer of DallasNews Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DallasNews Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Grant S. Moise  
Grant S. Moise  
Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 6, 2024

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## SECTION 302 CERTIFICATION

I, Katy Murray, President and Chief Financial Officer of DallasNews Corporation, certify that:

1. I have reviewed the Annual Report on Form 10-K of DallasNews Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Katy Murray  
Katy Murray  
President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: March 6, 2024

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of DallasNews Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Grant S. Moise, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Katy Murray, President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Grant S. Moise

Grant S. Moise

Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 6, 2024

By: /s/ Katy Murray

Katy Murray

President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: March 6, 2024

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**DallasNews CORPORATION**  
**Compensation Recovery Policy**  
**(Effective October 2, 2023)**

This Compensation Recovery Policy (this “**Policy**”) of DallasNews Corporation (the “**Company**”) is hereby adopted as of September 20, 2023 to be effective October 2, 2023 (the “**Effective Date**”), by the Compensation and Management Development Committee (the “**Committee**”) of the Board of Directors of the Company (the “**Board**”) in compliance with Section 10D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 5608 of the Nasdaq Listing Rules. Certain terms shall have the meanings set forth in “Section 3. Definitions” below.

**Section 1.      Recovery Requirement**

Subject to Section 4 of this Policy, in the event the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement, then the Committee hereby directs the Company, to the fullest extent permitted by governing law, to recover from each Executive Officer the amount received by an Executive Officer, if any, of Erroneously Awarded Compensation, with such recovery occurring reasonably promptly after the Restatement Date relating to such Accounting Restatement. An Executive Officer shall be deemed to have “received” Incentive-Based Compensation in the Company’s fiscal period during which the Financial Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-Based Compensation award is attained, even if the payment or grant of the Incentive-Based Compensation occurs after the end of that fiscal period.

The Committee may effect recovery in any manner consistent with applicable law including, but not limited to, (a) seeking reimbursement of all or part of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation previously received by an Executive Officer and, to the extent that the Executive Officer does not reimburse such Erroneously Awarded Compensation, suing and enforcing recovery against the Executive Officer for repayment of the Erroneously Awarded Compensation, together with any expenses incurred by the Company in enforcing such recovery, (b) cancelling prior grants of Incentive-Based Compensation, whether vested or unvested, restricted or deferred, or paid or unpaid, and through the forfeiture of previously vested equity awards, (c) cancelling or setting-off against planned future grants of Incentive-Based Compensation, (d) deducting all or any portion of such Erroneously Awarded Compensation from any other remuneration payable by the Company to such Executive Officer, and (e) any other method authorized by applicable law or contract.

The Company’s right to recovery pursuant to this Policy is not dependent on if or when the Accounting Restatement is filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

**Section 2.      Incentive-Based Compensation Subject to this Policy**

This Policy applies to all Incentive-Based Compensation received by each Executive Officer on or after the Effective Date:

- (i) if such Incentive-Based Compensation was received on and after the date such person became an Executive Officer of the Company;
-

(ii) if such Executive Officer served as an Executive Officer at any time during the performance period for that Incentive-Based Compensation; and

(iii) if such Incentive-Based Compensation was received during the three completed fiscal years immediately preceding the Restatement Date (including any transition period that results from a change in the Company's fiscal year that is within or immediately following those three completed fiscal years; provided that a transition period of nine to 12 months is deemed to be a completed fiscal year).

This Policy shall apply and govern Incentive-Based Compensation received by any Executive Officer, notwithstanding any contrary or supplemental term or condition in any document, plan or agreement including without limitation any employment contract, indemnification agreement, equity agreement, or equity plan document.

### **Section 3. Definitions**

For purposes of this Policy, the following terms have the meanings set forth below:

- **"Accounting Restatement"** means an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance of the Company with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws, including any required accounting restatement to correct an error (i) in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements (commonly referred to as a "Big R" restatement) or (ii) that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (commonly referred to as a "little r" restatement).
- **"Erroneously Awarded Compensation"** means the amount of Incentive-Based Compensation received that exceeds the amount of Incentive-Based Compensation that otherwise would have been received by the Executive Officer had it been determined based on the restated amounts in the Accounting Restatement (computed without regard to any taxes paid). For Incentive-Based Compensation based on stock price or total shareholder return ("**TSR**"), where the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in the Accounting Restatement, the Company shall: (i) base the calculation of the amount on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Accounting Restatement on the stock price or TSR upon which the Incentive-Based Compensation received was based; and (ii) retain documentation of the determination of that reasonable estimate and provide such documentation to the Nasdaq Stock Market or, if a class of securities of the Company is no longer listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market, such other national securities exchange or national securities association on which a class of the Company's securities is then listed for trading.
- **"Executive Officer"** has the meaning set forth in Rule 5608(d) of the Nasdaq Listing Rules.

- **"Financial Reporting Measures"** has the meaning set forth in Rule 5608(d) of the Nasdaq Listing Rules.
- **"Incentive-Based Compensation"** means any compensation that is granted, earned, or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure (including, without limitation, stock price or TSR), including, any short-term or long-term incentive awards, cash bonuses, restricted stock awards or restricted stock unit awards that vest based on achievement of a Financial Reporting Measure. Equity awards that vest exclusively upon completion of a specified employment period, without any performance condition, and bonus awards that are discretionary or based on subjective goals or goals unrelated to Financial Reporting Measures, do not constitute Incentive-Based Compensation.
- **"Restatement Date"** means the earlier to occur of (i) the date the Board or the Committee (or an officer or officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required) concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement and (ii) the date a court, regulator, or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare an Accounting Restatement.

#### **Section 4. Exceptions to Recovery**

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company is not required to recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the extent that the Committee has made a determination that recovery would be impracticable and that:

- (i) the direct expense paid to a third party to assist in enforcing this Policy would exceed the amount to be recovered (provided, that, before concluding that it would be impracticable to recover based on the expense of enforcement, the Company must make a reasonable attempt to recover such Erroneously Awarded Compensation and must document such attempts and provide such documentation to the Nasdaq Stock Market);
- (ii) recovery would violate one or more laws of the home country that were adopted prior to November 28, 2022 (provided, that, before concluding that it would be impracticable to recover based on violation of home country law, the Company must obtain an opinion of home country counsel, acceptable to the Nasdaq Stock Market, that recovery would result in a such a violation and provide a copy of such opinion to the Nasdaq Stock Market);
- (iii) recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to employees of the Company and its subsidiaries, to fail to meet the requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(13) or 26 U.S.C. 411(a) and regulations thereunder; or
- (iv) any other exception permitted under Rule 5608 of the Nasdaq Listing Rules.

## **Section 5. No Right to Indemnification or Insurance**

The Company shall not indemnify any Executive Officer against the loss of Erroneously Awarded Compensation or losses arising from any claims relating to the Company's enforcement of this Policy. In addition, the Company shall not pay, or reimburse any Executive Officer for, any premiums for a third-party insurance policy purchased by the Executive Officer or any other party that would fund any of the Executive Officer's potential recovery obligations under this Policy.

## **Section 6. Award Agreements and Plan Documents**

The Committee further directs the Company to include clawback language in each of the Company's incentive compensation plans such that each individual who receives Incentive-Based Compensation under those plans understands and agrees that all or any portion of such Incentive-Based Compensation may be subject to recovery by the Company, and such individual may be required to repay all or any portion of such Incentive-Based Compensation, if (i) recovery of such Incentive-Based Compensation is required by this Policy, (ii) such Incentive-Based Compensation is determined to be based on materially inaccurate financial and/or performance information (which includes, but is not limited to, statements of earnings, revenues or gains), or (iii) repayment of such Incentive-Based Compensation is required by applicable federal or state securities and/or banking laws.

## **Section 7. Interpretation and Amendment of this Policy**

The Committee, in its discretion, shall have the sole authority to interpret and make any determinations regarding this Policy. Any interpretation, determination, or other action made or taken by the Committee shall be final, binding, and conclusive on all interested parties. The determination of the Committee need not be uniform with respect to one or more officers. The Committee may amend this Policy from time to time in its discretion and shall amend the Policy to comply with applicable law or with any rules or standards adopted by the Nasdaq Stock Market or any national securities exchange on which the Company's securities are then listed. The Committee may terminate this Policy at any time.

## **Section 8. Other Recoupment Rights.**

The Company intends that this Policy will be applied to the fullest extent of the law. Any right of recoupment under this Policy is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies or rights of recoupment that may be available to the Company pursuant to the terms of any similar policy in any employment agreement, equity award agreement, or similar agreement and any other remedies available to the Company under applicable law. Without by implication limiting the foregoing, following a restatement of the Company's financial statements, the Company also shall be entitled to recover any compensation received by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer that is required to be recovered by Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.