

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.

10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 COMPARED TO 10-Q - JUNE 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

TOTAL DELTAS 2015

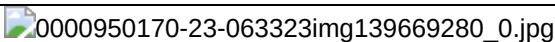
█	CHANGES	492
█	DELETIONS	584
█	ADDITIONS	939

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **June** **September** 30, 2023



FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware 001-396972 88-3772307

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (Commission File Number) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1201 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, 6th Floor,

Washington, D.C. 20004

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (202) 793-5300

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	NOTE	NYSE
Warrants to purchase one share of Class A common stock, each at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	NOTE.WS	NYSE

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting

company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of **August 1, 2023** **November 1, 2023**, the registrant had **120,377,903** **120,941,702** shares of Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, outstanding, and 8,290,921 shares of Class B common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, outstanding.

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Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes statements that express our opinions, expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, assumptions or projections regarding future events or future results and therefore are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements." These forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms "believes," "estimates," "anticipates," "expects," "seeks," "projects," "intends," "plans," "may" or "should" or, in each case, their negative or other variations or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements include all matters that are not historical facts. They may appear in a number of places throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including Part I, Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," and include statements regarding our intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, our future results of operations, financial condition and liquidity; our prospects, growth, strategies and the markets in which FiscalNote operates. Such forward-looking statements are based on available current market material and management's expectations, beliefs and forecasts concerning future events impacting FiscalNote. Factors that may impact such forward-looking statements include:

- FiscalNote's ability to effectively manage its growth;
- changes in FiscalNote's strategy, future operations, financial position, estimated revenue and losses, forecasts, projected costs, prospects and plans;
- FiscalNote's future capital requirements;

- demand for FiscalNote's services and the drivers of that demand;
- FiscalNote's ability to provide highly useful, reliable, secure and innovative products and services to its customers;
- FiscalNote's ability to attract new customers, retain existing customers, expand its products and service offerings with existing customers, expand into geographic markets or identify areas of higher growth;
- FiscalNote's ability to successfully identify acquisition opportunities, make acquisitions on terms that are commercially satisfactory, successfully integrate acquired businesses and services, and subsequently grow;
- risks associated with international operations, including compliance complexity and costs, increased exposure to fluctuations in currency exchange rates, political, social and economic instability, and supply chain disruptions;
- FiscalNote's ability to develop, enhance, and integrate its existing platforms, products, and services;
- FiscalNote's estimated total addressable market and other industry and performance projections;
- FiscalNote's reliance on third-party systems and data, its ability to integrate such systems and data with solutions and its potential inability to continue to support integration;
- potential technical disruptions, cyberattacks, security, privacy or data breaches or other technical or security incidents that affect FiscalNote's networks or systems or those of its service providers;
- FiscalNote's ability to obtain and maintain accurate, comprehensive, or reliable data to support its products and services;
- FiscalNote's ability to maintain and improve its methods and technologies, and anticipate new methods and technologies, for data collection, organization, and analysis to support its products and services;
- competition and competitive pressures in the markets in which FiscalNote operates; including larger well funded companies shifting their existing business models to become more competitive with FiscalNote;
- FiscalNote's ability to protect and maintain its brands;
- FiscalNote's ability to comply with laws and regulations in connection with selling products and services to U.S. and foreign governments and other highly regulated industries;
- FiscalNote's ability to retain or recruit key personnel;
- FiscalNote's ability to effectively maintain and grow its research and development team and conduct research and development;
- FiscalNote's ability to adapt its products and services for changes in laws and regulations or public perception, or changes in the enforcement of such laws, relating to artificial intelligence, machine learning, data privacy and government contracts;
- adverse general economic and market conditions reducing spending on our products and services;
- the outcome of any known and unknown litigation and regulatory proceedings;
- FiscalNote's ability to successfully establish and maintain public company-quality internal control over financial reporting; and
- the ability to adequately protect FiscalNote's intellectual property rights.

The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. You should carefully consider the foregoing factors and the other risks and uncertainties described in the "Risk Factors" section of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the other documents filed by us from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are based on current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on us and our business. There can be no assurance that future developments affecting us will be those that we have anticipated. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands, except shares, and par value)
(Uaudited)

	June 30, 2023	Decembe r 31, 2022	Septemb er 30, 2023	Decembe r 31, 2022
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	37,2	\$ 60	\$ 16,489	\$ 60,388
Restricted cash	842	835	844	835
Short-term investments			7,113	-
Accounts receivable, net	14,9	42	14,909	13,753
Costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, net	2,99	8	2,794	3,194
Prepaid expenses	3,37	4	4,315	3,490
Other current assets	2,75	1	2,764	3,300
	<u>1</u>	<u>2,764</u>	<u>3,300</u>	<u>2,764</u>

Total current assets	62,1	86,005	48,183	86,005
	67			
Property and equipment, net	6,72			
	4	7,325	6,410	7,325
Capitalized software costs, net	15,2			
	40	13,946	15,406	13,946
Noncurrent costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, net	4,03			
	4	3,976	4,248	3,976
Operating lease assets	18,8			
	26	21,005	18,247	21,005
Goodwill	208,	194,36	206,88	194,36
	077	2	7	2
Customer relationships, net	59,9			
	51	56,348	57,737	56,348
Database, net	19,9			
	06	21,020	19,351	21,020
Other intangible assets, net	27,6			
	10	28,728	23,859	28,728
Other non-current assets	425	442	535	442
Total assets	422,	433,15	400,86	433,15
	\$ 960	\$ 7	\$ 3	\$ 7
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 68	\$ 68
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	13,2			
	99	13,739	12,710	13,739
Deferred revenue, current portion	48,8			
	00	35,569	45,708	35,569
Customer deposits	2,01			
	9	3,252	1,129	3,252
Contingent liabilities from acquisitions, current portion	1,08			
	2	696	411	696

Operating lease liabilities, current portion	3,47	6,709	3,227	6,709
	1			
Other current liabilities	2,04			
	0	2,079	1,871	2,079
Total current liabilities	70,7			
	79	62,112	65,124	62,112
Long-term debt, net of current maturities	214,	161,98	213,15	161,98
	700	0	7	0
Deferred tax liabilities	2,80			
	5	714	2,695	714
Deferred revenue, net of current portion	1,22			
	4	918	998	918
Contingent liabilities from acquisitions, net of current portion	1,71			
	0	883	1,710	883
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	27,5			
	61	29,110	26,837	29,110
Public and private warrant liabilities	6,75			
	8	18,892	2,765	18,892
Other non-current liabilities	3,70			
	3	13,858	4,008	13,858
Total liabilities	329,	288,46	317,29	288,46
	240	7	4	7
Commitment and contingencies (Note 17)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Class A Common stock (\$0.0001 par value, 1,700,000,000 authorized, 120,284,209 and 123,125,595 issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)	11	12		
Class B Common stock (\$0.0001 par value, 9,000,000 authorized, and 8,290,921 issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022)	1	1		
Class A Common stock (\$0.0001 par value, 1,700,000,000 authorized, 120,604,828 and 123,125,595 issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively)			11	12

Class B Common stock (\$0.0001 par value, 9,000,000 authorized, and 8,290,921 issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022)	1	1
Additional paid-in capital	845,	846,20
	725	5
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(816)	(785)
Accumulated deficit	(751,	(700,7
	201)	43)
Total stockholders' equity	93,7	144,69
	20	0
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	422,	433,15
	\$ 960	\$ 7
	\$ 3	\$ 7

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss
(in thousands, except shares and per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months				Three Months		Nine Months	
	Three Months		Six Months		Ended September 30,		Ended September 30,	
	Ended June 30,	2023	Ended June 30,	2023	30,	2023	September 30,	202
Revenues:								
Subscription	29	24	57	47	30,	26	87	73
	,4	,3	,9	,1	05	,0	,9	,1
	\$ 62	\$ 32	\$ 29	\$ 11	\$ 7	\$ 75	\$ 86	\$ 86
Advisory, advertising, and other	3,	2,	6,	6,		2,	10	9,
	38	84	44	13	3,9	99	,3	13
	0	2	2	4	52	6	94	0

Total revenues	32	27	64	53	34,	29	98	82
	,8	,1	,3	,2	00	,0	,3	,3
	42	74	71	45	9	71	80	16
Operating expenses:								
(1)								
Cost of revenues	9,	7,	18	14	10,	8,	28	23
	48	71	,4	,8	44	69	,8	,5
	5	2	22	82	1	9	63	81
Research and development	4,	3,	9,	9,		5,	14	15
	51	79	63	80	4,5	62	,1	,4
	0	1	0	9	40	9	70	38
Sales and marketing	11	10	23	19	11,	11	35	31
	,6	,3	,9	,8	23	,8	,2	,7
	89	95	87	92	5	30	22	22
Editorial	4,	3,	9,	7,		4,	13	11
	75	34	01	02	4,5	21	,5	,2
	2	6	7	2	16	8	33	40
General and administrative	16	10	34	20	14,	38	48	59
	,1	,0	,3	,5	41	,9	,8	,5
	74	33	95	90	8	45	13	35
Amortization of intangible assets	2,	2,	5,	5,		2,	8,	7,
	90	60	71	21	2,8	60	61	81
	1	9	5	7	99	1	4	8
Impairment of goodwill			5,				5,	
			83				83	
	-	-	7	-	-	-	7	-
Transaction costs (gains), net		1,	1,			1,	1,	1,
	30	02	71	(1	(5	27	13	25
	9	7	7	8)	79)	5	8	7
Total operating expenses			10				15	15
	49	38	8,	77	47,	73	6,	0,
	,8	,9	72	,3	47	,1	19	59
	20	13	0	94	0	97	0	1
Operating loss	(1	(1	(4	(2		(4	(5	(6
	6,	1,	4,	4,	(1	4,	7,	8,
	97	73	34	14	3,4	12	81	27
	8)	9)	9)	9)	61)	6)	0)	5)

Interest expense, net	7, 15 4	24 ,2 55	13 ,8 35	46 ,7 78		42	21	89
Change in fair value of financial instruments			(1 2, 98 7	3, 1, 69 8 3)	8,0 (7, 15 7)	,8 1, 91 0)	,8 8, 85 0)	,6 8, 52 4)
Gain on PPP loan upon extinguishment				(7, 66 7)				(7, 66 7)
Loss on debt extinguishment, net						45 ,2 50	45 ,2 -	45 ,2 50
Loss on settlement	3, 47 4		3, 47 - 4				3, 47 - 4	
Other expense, net	16 7	49 4		61 38 5	20 7	92 8	24 5	1, 54 3
Net loss before income taxes	(3 0, 76 0)	(3 8, 53 6)	(5 0, 00 3)	(6 7, 26 1)	(1 (1 4,5 29)	(1 11 ,2 88)	(6 4, 53 2)	(1 78 ,5 49)
Provision (benefit) from income taxes	21 3	(1 76)	24 3	(5 50)	(6 2)	28 6)	18 1	(2, 83 6)
Net loss	(3 0, 97 3)	(3 8, 36 0)	(5 0, 24 6)	(6 6, 71 1)	(1 (1 4,4 67)	(1 09 ,0 02)	(6 4, 71 3)	(1 75 ,7 13)
Other comprehensive (loss) gain	32 8	(8 59)	(3 1)	(7 74)				
Other comprehensive loss					(1, 00 6)	(1, 00 3)	(1, 03 7)	(1, 77 7)

Total comprehensive loss	(3,64)	(3,21)	(5,27)	(6,48)	(1,5,4)	(1,0,75)	(1,77)
	<u>\$ (5)</u>	<u>\$ (9)</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ (5)</u>	<u>\$ (73)</u>	<u>\$ (05)</u>	<u>\$ (0)</u>
Net loss	(3,0,97)	(3,8,36)	(5,0,24)	(6,6,71)	(1,4,4)	(1,0,71)	(1,4,75)
	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ (67)</u>	<u>\$ (02)</u>	<u>\$ (3)</u>
Deemed dividend	(1,0,61)	(1,0,21)			(2,4,35)	(2,4,57)	
	<u>-</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(0)</u>
Net loss used to compute loss per share	(3,0,97)	(4,8,97)	(5,0,24)	(6,8,93)	(1,4,4)	(1,3,71)	(2,4,02)
	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ (67)</u>	<u>\$ (53)</u>	<u>\$ (3)</u>
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to common shareholders:							
Basic and Diluted	(0.23)	(2.57)	(0.38)	(3.65)			
Weighted average shares used in computing earnings (loss) per shares attributable to common shareholders:							
Basic and Diluted	13,4,11,7,12,2	13,19,60,1,79,67	13,3,6,18,76,8	13,18,6,76,7,52			

Loss per share attributable to common shareholders:				
Basic		(0. \$ 11)	(1. \$ 39)	(0. \$ 49)
Diluted		(0. \$ 11)	(1. \$ 63)	(0. \$ 49)
Weighted average shares used in computing loss per shares attributable to common shareholders:				
Basic			13	
		12	96	1, 44
		8,8	,1	99 ,7
		32,	17	4, 57
		50	,0	56 ,8
		2	11	3 51
Diluted			13	
		12	96	1, 44
		8,8	,2	99 ,8
		32,	35	4, 76
		50	,9	56 ,7
		2	30	3 70

⁽¹⁾ Amounts include stock-based compensation expenses, as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023		Six Months Ended June 30, 2023		Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Cost of revenue							
\$	\$ 82	\$ 13	\$ 140	\$ 23	\$ 45	\$ 13	\$ 185	\$ 36

Research and development			10			1,08		
	362	51	752	5	328	504	0	609
Sales and marketing			10		1,04		1,71	
	317	60	677	7	1	721	8	828
Editorial	106	24	172	47	120	513	292	560
General and administrative	4,61		10,2	54	4,69	28,29	14,9	28,8
	5	417	47	3	0	2	37	35

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
(in thousands, except share data)
(Uaudited)

	Temporary Equity				Equity (Deficit)				Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	
					Accumulated other comprehensive loss		Total			
					Additional paid-in capital	Comprehensive loss	Accumulated deficit	Total deficit		
	Preferred Stock	Common Stock		Capital				(deficit)		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
Balance at December 31, 2021	41,746,26									
	2	\$ 449,211	15,456,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (631)	\$ (481,414)	\$ (482,045)		
Retroactive conversion of shares due to Business Combination	7,806,546		2,890,301							
Balance at December 31, 2021, as converted	49,552,80									
	8	\$ 449,211	18,346,466	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (631)	\$ (481,414)	\$ (482,045)		
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	-	(8,390)	-	-	-	-	-	8,395	8,395	

Exercise of stock options	-	-	54,765	-	-	-	215	215
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	260	260
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(28,351)	(28,351)
Foreign currency translation gain	-	-	-	-	-	85	-	85
Balance at March 31, 2022	49,552,80							
	8	\$ 440,821	18,401,231	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (546)	\$ (500,895)	\$ (501,441)
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	-	10,609	-	-	-	-	(10,614)	(10,614)
Exercise of stock options	-	-	73,064	-	-	-	152	152
Repurchase of common stock	-	-	(9,785)	-	-	-	(88)	(88)
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	220,321	-	-	-	608	608
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38,360)	(38,360)
Foreign currency translation loss	-	-	-	-	-	(859)	-	(859)
Balance at June 30, 2022	49,552,80							
	8	\$ 451,430	18,684,831	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,405)	\$ (549,197)	\$ (550,602)
Balance at December 31, 2022	-	-	131,416,516	13	846,205	(785)	(700,743)	144,690
Adoption of new accounting standard	-	-	-	-	-	-	(212)	(212)
Issuance of Class A common stock in connection with business acquisitions	-	-	1,885,149	-	9,539	-	-	9,539
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted share units	-	-	287,157	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of stock options	-	-	194,775	-	264	-	-	264
Issuance of Class A common stock upon settlement of contingent consideration	-	-	83,393	-	196	-	-	196
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	-	-	6,506	-	-	6,506
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock-based compensation and option exercises	-	-	-	-	(917)	-	-	(917)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(19,273)	(19,273)
Foreign currency translation loss	-	-	-	-	-	(359)	-	(359)
Balance at March 31, 2023	-	\$ -	133,866,990	\$ 13	\$ 861,793	\$ (1,144)	\$ (720,228)	\$ 140,434
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted share units	-	-	478,619	-	-	-	-	-

Issuance of Class A common stock upon employee stock purchase plan	-	-	102,807	-	318	-	318	
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of stock options	-	-	8,437	-	35	-	35	
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	-	-	5,482	-	5,482	
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock-based compensation and option exercises	-	-	-	-	(494)	-	(494)	
Return of common stock (Note 17)			(5,881,723)	(1)	(21,409)	-	(21,410)	
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(30,973)	(30,973)	
Foreign currency translation gain	-	-	-	-	-	328	328	
Balance at June 30, 2023	-	\$	128,575,130	\$ 12	\$ 845,725	\$ (816)	\$ (751,201)	\$ 93,720

	Temporary Equity		Equity (Deficit)						
					Accumulated other comprehensive loss		Total stockholders' equity		
	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Capital	Lessive loss	Accumulated deficit	(deficit)	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount					
Balance at December 31, 2021	41,746,26		15,456,165	\$			\$ (631)	\$ (481,414)	\$ (482,045)
2 \$ 449,211									
Retroactive conversion of shares due to Business Combination	7,806,546		2,890,301						
Balance at December 31, 2021, as converted	49,552,80		18,346,466	\$			\$ (631)	\$ (481,414)	\$ (482,045)
8 \$ 449,211									
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	-	(8,390)						8,395	8,395
Exercise of stock options			54,765					215	215
Stock-based compensation expense								260	260
Net loss								(28,351)	(28,351)
Foreign currency translation gain								85	85
Balance at March 31, 2022	49,552,80		18,401,231	\$			\$ (546)	\$ (500,895)	\$ (501,441)
8 \$ 440,821									
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	-	10,609						(10,614)	(10,614)
Exercise of stock options			73,064					152	152
Repurchase of common stock			(9,785)					(88)	(88)
Stock-based compensation expense			220,321					608	608

Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38,360)	(38,360)
Foreign currency translation loss	-	-	-	-	-	(859)	-	(859)
Balance at June 30, 2022	49,552,80							
	8	\$ 451,430	18,684,831	\$ 2	\$ (1,405)	\$ (549,197)	\$ (550,602)	
Change in par value	-	-	-	2	(2)	-	-	-
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	-	24,351	-	-	(24,351)	-	-	(24,351)
Issuance of Class A common stock upon redemption of preferred stock	(49,552,8	08)	(475,781)	47,595,134	5	475,776	-	475,781
Issuance of Class A common stock and Class B common stock in connection with Business Combination, net	-	-	62,664,098	6	346,791	-	-	346,797
Issuance of Class A common stock in connection with business acquisitions	-	-	859,016	-	8,590	-	-	8,590
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of public warrants	-	-	610,548	-	4,732	-	-	4,732
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted share units	-	-	305,671	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of stock options	-	-	8,214	-	19	-	-	19
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	-	30,043	-	-	-	30,043
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	(109,002)	(109,002)	
Foreign currency translation loss	-	-	-	-	(1,003)	-	-	(1,003)
Balance at September 30, 2022	-	-	130,727,512	\$ 13	\$ 841,598	\$ (2,408)	\$ (658,199)	\$ 181,004
Balance at December 31, 2022	-	-	131,416,516	13	846,205	(785)	(700,743)	144,690
Adoption of new accounting standard	-	-	-	-	-	(212)	(212)	
Issuance of Class A common stock in connection with business acquisitions	-	-	1,885,149	-	9,539	-	-	9,539
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted share units	-	-	287,157	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of stock options	-	-	194,775	-	264	-	-	264
Issuance of Class A common stock upon settlement of contingent consideration	-	-	83,393	-	196	-	-	196
Stock-based compensation expense	-	-	-	6,506	-	-	-	6,506

Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock-based compensation and option exercises							(917)				(917)
Net loss										(19,273)	(19,273)
Foreign currency translation loss										(359)	(359)
Balance at March 31, 2023		\$		13	\$	861,793	\$	(1,144)	\$	(720,228)	\$ 140,434
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted share units						478,619					
Issuance of Class A common stock upon employee stock purchase plan						102,807				318	318
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of stock options						8,437				35	35
Stock-based compensation expense										5,482	5,482
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock-based compensation and option exercises										(494)	(494)
Return of common stock (Note 17)						(5,881,723)		(1)		(21,409)	
Net loss										(30,973)	(30,973)
Foreign currency translation gain										328	328
Balance at June 30, 2023		\$		12	\$	845,725	\$	(816)	\$	(751,201)	\$ 93,720
Issuance of Class A common stock upon vesting of restricted share units						313,090					
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of stock options						7,529				33	33
Stock-based compensation expense										5,590	5,590
Withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock-based compensation and option exercises										(301)	(301)
Net loss										(14,467)	(14,467)
Foreign currency translation gain										(1,006)	(1,006)
Balance at September 30, 2023		\$		12	\$	851,047	\$	(1,822)	\$	(765,668)	\$ 83,569

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating Activities:				
Net loss	\$ (50,246)	\$ (66,711)	\$ (64,713)	\$ (175,713)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation	671	581	1,007	892
Amortization of intangible assets and capitalized software development costs	11,373	9,049	19,068	14,482
Amortization of deferred costs to obtain revenue contracts	1,648	1,247	2,602	1,922
Impairment of goodwill	5,837	-	5,837	-
Non-cash operating lease expense	2,366	3,209	2,885	4,856
Stock-based compensation	11,988	825	18,212	30,868
Operating lease asset impairment	-	378	-	378
Loss on settlement	3,474	-	3,474	-
Other non-cash expenses	426	488	(688)	218
Bad debt expense (recovery)	229	(93)		
Bad debt expense			267	90
Change in fair value of acquisition contingent consideration	(333)	(1,537)	(138)	(2,192)
Unrealized loss on securities			115	-
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(11,693)	3,386	(18,850)	(18,524)
Deferred income tax provision (benefit)	214	(513)	(80)	(2,708)
Paid-in-kind interest, net	2,042	27,848	3,987	10,491
Non-cash interest expense	2,130	15,072	3,035	50,512
Loss on debt extinguishment, net			-	45,250
Gain on PPP Loan forgiveness	-	(7,667)	-	(7,667)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net	1,644	(2,793)	2,560	(4,211)

Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,284	(4,618)	1,935	(1,151)
Costs capitalized to obtain revenue contracts, net	(1,910)	(2,071)	(3,263)	(2,808)
Other non-current assets	18	-	(119)	(395)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(4,914)	(1,217)	(6,389)	3,566
Deferred revenue	9,595	13,019	6,141	8,581
Customer deposits	(1,233)	(1,611)	(2,182)	(1,917)
Other current liabilities	(797)	(758)	(754)	(5,677)
Contingent liabilities from acquisitions, net of current portion	(39)	(1,267)	(39)	(1,267)
Operating lease liabilities	(4,974)	(4,121)	(5,844)	(6,296)
Other non-current liabilities	(6)	1,527	(6)	921
Net cash used in operating activities	(20,206)	(18,348)	(31,940)	(57,499)
Investing Activities:				
Capital expenditures	(4,086)	(6,041)	(5,957)	(8,859)
Purchases of short-term investments			(7,369)	-
Cash paid for business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(5,010)	-	(5,010)	1,125
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,096)	(6,041)	(18,336)	(7,734)
Financing Activities:				
Proceeds from Business Combination			-	175,000
Issuance costs of Common Stock			-	(45,242)
Proceeds from long-term debt, net of issuance costs	6,000	19,478	6,000	166,013
Principal payments of long-term debt	(53)	(30)	(80)	(189,023)
Proceeds from exercise of public warrants			-	4,469
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and ESPP purchases	617	367	650	386
Repurchase of common stock	-	(88)	-	(88)
Net cash provided by financing activities	6,564	19,727	6,570	111,515
Effects of exchange rates on cash	(383)	(352)	(184)	(451)

Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	(23,121)	(5,014)	(43,890)	45,831
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	61,223	33,009	61,223	33,009
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 38,102	\$ 27,995	\$ 17,333	\$ 78,840
Supplemental Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:				
Issuance of Class A common stock upon redemption of preferred stock	\$ -		\$ -	\$ 475,781
Issuance of Class A common stock and Class B common stock in connection with Business Combination			\$ -	\$ 346,797
Acquisition of warrant liabilities			\$ -	\$ 34,947
Accretion of redemption value of preferred stock	\$ -	\$ (8,390)	\$ -	\$ 26,570
Issuance of common stock in connection with business acquisitions			\$ -	\$ 8,590
Warrants issued in conjunction with long-term debt issuance	\$ 178	\$ 436	\$ 178	\$ 436
Issuance of Class A common stock upon exercise of public warrants			\$ -	\$ 263
Fees payable to debt holders settled through increase of debt principal	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 100
PIK interest settled through issuance of additional convertible notes to noteholders	\$ -	\$ 10,734		
Property and equipment purchases included in accounts payable	\$ 343	\$ 28	\$ 323	\$ -
Supplemental Cash Flow Activities:				
Cash paid for interest	\$ 9,924	\$ 3,263	\$ 15,290	\$ 28,974
Cash paid for taxes	\$ 49	\$ 70	\$ 16	\$ 68

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except shares, par value, per share amounts, or as otherwise noted)
(Unaudited)

1. Summary of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business

FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. ("FiscalNote," or the "Company") is a leading technology provider of global policy and market intelligence. It delivers critical, actionable legal and policy insights in a rapidly evolving political, regulatory and macroeconomic environment. By combining artificial intelligence (AI) technology, other technologies with analytics, workflow tools, and expert peer insights, FiscalNote empowers customers to manage policy, address regulatory developments, and mitigate global risk. FiscalNote ingests unstructured legislative and regulatory data, and employs AI and data science to deliver structured, relevant and actionable information in order to facilitate key operational and strategic decisions by global enterprises, midsized and smaller businesses, government institutions, trade groups, and nonprofits. FiscalNote delivers that intelligence through its suite of public policy and issues management products. The Company is headquartered in Washington, D.C.

On July 29, 2022 (the "Closing Date"), the Company consummated the transactions contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 7, 2021, and as amended on May 9, 2022, (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among FiscalNote Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Old FiscalNote"), Duddell Street Acquisition Corp., a Cayman Islands exempted company ("DSAC"), and Grassroots Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware Corporation and a wholly owned direct subsidiary of DSAC ("Merger Sub" and, together with DSAC, the "DSAC Parties"). Pursuant to these transactions, Merger Sub merged with and into Old FiscalNote, with Old FiscalNote becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of DSAC (the "Business Combination" and, collectively with the other transactions described in the Business Combination Agreement, the "Transactions"). In connection with the closing of the Transactions (the "Closing"), DSAC domesticated and continued as a Delaware corporation under the name of "FiscalNote Holdings, Inc." ("New FiscalNote"). Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to the "Company," "FiscalNote," "we," "us," or "our" refer to the business of Old FiscalNote, which became the business of New FiscalNote and its subsidiaries following the Closing.

Basis of Presentation and Interim Financial Information

We accounted for the Business Combination as a reverse recapitalization whereby Old FiscalNote was determined as the accounting acquirer and DSAC as the accounting acquiree. This determination was primarily based on:

- Old FiscalNote stockholders having the largest voting interest in New FiscalNote;
- the board of directors of New FiscalNote having ten members, and Old FiscalNote's former stockholders having the ability to nominate the majority of the members of the board of directors;
- Old FiscalNote management continuing to hold executive management roles for the post-combination company and being responsible for the day-to-day operations;
- the post-combination company assuming the Old FiscalNote name;
- New FiscalNote maintaining the pre-existing Old FiscalNote headquarters; and
- the intended strategy of New FiscalNote being a continuation of Old FiscalNote's strategy.

Accordingly, the Business Combination was treated as the equivalent of Old FiscalNote issuing stock for the net assets of DSAC, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of DSAC are stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded.

While DSAC was the legal acquirer in the Business Combination, because Old FiscalNote was determined as the accounting acquirer, the historical financial statements of Old FiscalNote became the historical financial statements of the combined company, upon the consummation of the Business Combination. As a result, the financial statements included in the accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect (i) the historical operating results of Old FiscalNote prior to the Business Combination; (ii) the combined results of the Company and Old FiscalNote following the closing of the Business Combination; (iii) the assets and liabilities of Old FiscalNote at their historical cost; and (iv) the Company's equity structure for all periods presented.

In connection with the Business Combination, the Company has converted the equity structure for the periods prior to the Business Combination to reflect the number of shares of New FiscalNote's common stock issued to Old FiscalNote's stockholders in connection with the recapitalization transaction based on an exchange ratio of 1.187 (the "Exchange Ratio"), determined pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination. As such, the shares, corresponding capital amounts and earnings per share, as applicable, related to Old FiscalNote's, convertible preferred stock, and common stock prior to the Business Combination have been retroactively converted as shares by applying the Exchange Ratio.

Principles of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the financial information and footnotes

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required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company's management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's balance sheet and its results of operations, including its comprehensive loss, temporary equity, stockholders' equity (deficit), and cash flows. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The results for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any subsequent quarter or for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Liquidity and Going Concern

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 205-40, Going Concern, the Company evaluates whether there are certain conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. As disclosed in Note 8, "Debt", the Company is subject to certain financial covenants. The Company's ability to maintain compliance with these financial covenants are based on the Company's current expectations regarding revenues, collections, cost structure, current cash burn rate and other operating assumptions. While the Company's future projections indicate that the Company will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations in the normal course of business within one year from the date of this filing, the Company may not be compliant with one, or all, of its financial covenants. Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, at the time that the Company does not maintain compliance with all of its financial covenants, the lenders may declare the amounts outstanding due and payable at which time the Company would not be able to satisfy the lenders rights. Accordingly, the Company has concluded that there is substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern within one year from the date of this filing. The Company has implemented various cost saving measures throughout the year and is actively seeking additional sources of capital. As there can be no assurance that cost saving measures and necessary financing will be available, the Company may execute other strategic alternatives to maximize stakeholder value, including further expense reductions, sale of all or portions of the business, corporate capital restructuring or formal reorganization, or liquidation of assets.

There can be no assurance that the necessary additional financing will be available on terms acceptable to the Company, or at all. If the Company raises funds in the future by issuing equity securities, dilution to stockholders will occur and may be substantial. Any equity securities issued may also provide for rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of holders of common stock. If the Company raises funds in the future by issuing additional debt securities, these debt securities could have rights, preferences, and privileges senior to those of preferred and common stockholders. The terms of any additional debt securities or borrowings could impose significant restrictions on the Company's operations. The capital markets have experienced in the past,

and may experience in the future, periods of upheaval that could impact the availability and cost of equity and debt financing.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets, and satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The propriety of using the going-concern basis is dependent upon, among other things, the achievement of future profitable operations, the ability to generate sufficient cash from operations and potential other funding sources, in addition to cash on-hand, to meet its obligations as they become due.

The Company received approximately \$65.6 million of net cash proceeds from the Transactions. The Company's cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, and short-term investments were \$38.1 24.4 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared with \$61.2 million at December 31, 2022. Further, the Company had a negative working capital balance of \$46.7 41.4 million (excluding cash) cash and short-term investments) at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and had an accumulated deficit of \$751.2 765.7 million and \$700.7 million as of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and has incurred net losses of \$50.2 64.7 million and \$66.7 175.7 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Management expects that significant on-going operating and capital expenditures will be necessary to continue to implement the Company's business plan of entering new markets, future acquisitions, and infrastructure and product development.

Historically the Company's cash flows from operations have not been sufficient to fund its current operating model and the Company funded operations through raising equity and debt, including the receipt of approximately \$65.6 million of net cash proceeds from the Transactions. The Company's ability to maintain its minimum cash requirement, fund its future cash interest requirements under its \$156.0 million new senior term loan facility (the "New Senior Term Loan"), acquisition strategy, and its operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements will depend in part on general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other conditions that may be beyond the Company's control.

The Company's future capital requirements also depend on many factors, including sales volume, the timing and extent of spending to support research and development ("R&D") efforts, investments in information technology systems, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, and execution on our acquisition strategy. Historically the Company's cash flows from operations have not been sufficient to fund its current operating model. The Company believes with the cash on hand at June 30, 2023, proceeds from expected product sales, and borrowings possibly available under the New Senior Term Loan, will be sufficient to meet our short-term and long-term operating expenses and capital expenditures for at least the next twelve months.

Pursuant to the terms of the New Senior Term Loan, Accordingly, the Company is subject continues to customary covenant requirements (see Note 8, "Debt" and Note 18, "Subsequent Events" for additional details). The Company expects closely monitor expenses to be in access whether any immediate, or long-term changes,

are necessary to maintain compliance with its amended quarterly financial covenants, but cannot guarantee that will be the case. In the event of non-compliance with any quarterly financial covenants, should the lenders of the New Senior Term Loan accelerate the maturity of the New Senior Term Loan, the Company would not have sufficient cash on hand or available liquidity to repay the outstanding debt in the event of default.

On April 13, 2020, the Company received funding in the principal amount of \$8,000 under the Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP") provisions of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") (the "PPP Loan"). On February 24, 2022, the U.S. Small Business Administration forgave \$7,667 of the PPP Loan with the remaining balance of \$333 to be repaid over five years. The Company recognized the forgiveness of the PPP Loan as a gain on debt extinguishment during the first quarter of 2022. statements.

Segments

The Company operates as one operating segment. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") in deciding how to allocate resources and assess performance. Over the past several years, the Company has completed a number of acquisitions. These acquisitions have allowed the Company to expand its offerings, presence, and reach in various market segments. While the Company has offerings in multiple market segments and operates in multiple countries, the Company's business operates in one operating segment because the Company's CODM evaluates the Company's financial information and resources, and assesses the performance of these resources, on a consolidated basis.

Fair value of Financial Instruments

The Company has elected the fair value option on the subordinated convertible promissory notes issued as part of the Dragonfly acquisition, refer to Note 4, "Business Combinations" for further details, and for the New GPO Note, refer to Note 8, "Debt" for further details. The Company records changes in fair value through the condensed consolidated statement of operations where the portion of the

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change that results from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk is recorded separately in accumulated other comprehensive income, if applicable. Additionally, under the fair value option, all issuance costs are expensed in the period that the debt is incurred.

Investments

The Company has invested in highly liquid investments that have investment-grade ratings. These investments are accounted for at fair value through the condensed consolidated statement of operations. The Company is able to easily liquidate these into cash; accordingly, the Company has presented these investments

as available for current operations and are presented as short-term investments within current assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Purchases and sales of short-term investments are classified in the investing section of our consolidated statement of cash flows.

Concentrations of Risks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company generally maintains its cash and cash equivalents with various nationally recognized financial institutions. The Company's cash and cash equivalents at times exceed amounts guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company considers cash on deposit and all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, approximately **58** **52**% of the Company's cash and cash equivalents were held at JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

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The Company does not require collateral for accounts receivable. The Company maintains an allowance for its doubtful accounts receivable due to estimated credit losses. This allowance is based upon historical loss patterns, the number of days billings are past due, collection history of each customer, an evaluation of the potential risk of loss associated with delinquent accounts and current market conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts of future economic conditions to inform adjustments to historical loss patterns. The Company records the allowance against bad debt expense through the condensed consolidated statements of operations, included in sales and marketing expense, up to the amount of revenues recognized to date. Any incremental allowance is recorded as an offset to deferred revenue on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Receivables are written off and charged against the recorded allowance when the Company has exhausted collection efforts without success. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and **December 31, 2022**, allowance for credit losses of **\$985** **1,038** and **\$468**, respectively, was included in the accounts receivable, net balance.

No One customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's accounts receivable balance as of **September 30, 2023** and no single customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's accounts receivable balance as of **June 30, 2023** or **December 31, 2022**. Revenue derived from the U.S. Federal Government was 15% and **19** **18**% of revenue for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and **December 31, 2022**, assets located in the United States were approximately **85** **86**% and 92% percent of total assets, respectively.

As of **June 30, 2023** no vendors **September 30, 2023** one vendor accounted for more than 10% of the Company's accounts payable balance. Two vendors individually accounted for more than 10% of the Company's accounts payable as of **December 31, 2022**. During the **six** **three** and **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** no vendors **September 30, 2023** and **September 30, 2022**, one vendor represented more than 10% of the

total purchases made. One vendor represented more than 10% of the total purchases made during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13 *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses* (ASC 326): *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments* ("ASU 2016-13") guidance with respect to measuring credit losses on financial instruments, including trade receivables. The guidance eliminates the probable initial recognition threshold that was previously required prior to recognizing a credit loss on financial instruments. The credit loss estimate now reflects an entity's current estimate of all future expected credit losses. Under the previous guidance, an entity only considered past events and current conditions. The Company adopted ASC 2016-13 on January 1, 2023 using the modified retrospective transition method. Upon adoption, the Company recorded a \$212 cumulative-effect adjustment to accumulated deficit on the condensed consolidated balance sheets, our allowance for doubtful accounts receivable changed from \$468 at December 31, 2022 to \$680 at January 1, 2023.

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06 *Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options* (ASC 470-20) and *Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity's Own Equity* (ASC 815-40) ("ASU 2020-06") guidance modifying the requirements for the accounting for convertible instruments and contracts in an entity's own equity. The modifications eliminate certain accounting models for convertible debt instruments, eliminate certain requirements for equity classification of embedded derivatives and align earnings per share calculations for convertible instruments. The Company adopted ASC 2020-06 on January 1, 2023 using the modified retrospective approach. The adoption of ASC 2020-06 did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

2. Business Combination with DSAC

On July 29, 2022, Old FiscalNote and DSAC consummated the transactions contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement. In connection with the Closing, each share of preferred stock of Old FiscalNote was converted into common stock and, immediately thereafter, each share of common stock of Old FiscalNote that was issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Business Combination (other than excluded shares as contemplated by the Business Combination Agreement) was canceled and converted into the right to receive approximately 1.187 shares (the "Exchange Ratio") of New FiscalNote common stock. The shares of New FiscalNote common stock received as consideration by Tim Hwang, Co-Founder and Chief Executive Officer and Gerald Yao, Co-Founder, Chief Strategy Officer, and Global Head of ESG (together with Mr. Hwang, the "Co-Founders"), are Class B shares, and entitle the Co-Founders or their permitted transferees to 25 votes per share until the earlier of (a) transfer by the holder(s) of New FiscalNote Class B common stock to any other person, except for specified trusts, retirement accounts, corporations or similar entities formed for financial or estate planning purposes and beneficially owned by the holders of New FiscalNote Class B common stock, (b) the death or incapacity of such holder(s) of

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New FiscalNote Class B common stock, (c) the date specified by an affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding New FiscalNote Class B common stock, voting as a single class, (d) the date on which the outstanding shares of New FiscalNote Class B common stock represent less than 50% of the shares of New FiscalNote Class B common stock that were outstanding as of the Closing Date, or (e) the seven-year anniversary of the Closing Date.

At the Closing, each option to purchase Old FiscalNote's common stock, whether vested or unvested, was assumed and converted into an option to purchase a number of shares of New FiscalNote Class A common stock in the manner set forth in the Business Combination Agreement. Each restricted stock unit of Old FiscalNote was assumed and converted into restricted stock units of New FiscalNote settling in a number of New FiscalNote Class A common stock in the manner set forth in the Business Combination Agreement.

Pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, the holders of Old FiscalNote equity instruments outstanding immediately prior to the Closing Date will be entitled to receive their proportionate allocation of additional shares subject to achievement of certain conditions (see Note 10, "Earnout Shares and RSUs").

In connection with the Closing, FiscalNote also entered into the Credit Agreement with Runway Growth Finance Corp., ORIX Growth Capital, LLC, Clover Orochi LLC, and ACM ASOF VIII SaaS FinCo LLC (together the "New Senior Lenders"), pursuant to which the New Senior Term Loan was consummated simultaneously with the Closing.

The Company accounted for the Business Combination as a reverse recapitalization whereby Old FiscalNote was determined as the accounting acquirer and DSAC as the accounting acquiree. Accordingly, the Business Combination was treated as the equivalent of Old

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FiscalNote issuing stock for the net assets of DSAC, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of DSAC are stated at historical cost, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded. Refer to Note 1, "Summary of Business and Significant Accounting Policies", for further details.

Upon the closing of the Transactions and the New Senior Term Loan, the Company received total gross proceeds of \$325.0 million, which consisted of \$61.0 million from DSAC's trust, \$114.0 million from the backstop agreement with the sponsor of DSAC, and \$150.0 million from the New Senior Term Loan. Such gross proceeds were offset by \$45.2 million transaction costs, which principally consisted of advisory, legal and other professional fees, and were recorded in Additional Paid-in Capital, net of proceeds from the DSAC trust

and \$3.5 million of debt issuance costs paid out of the proceeds of the New Senior Term Loan on the Closing Date, of which \$2.8 million was capitalized and \$0.7 million included in the loss on debt extinguishment. Cumulative debt repayments, inclusive of accrued but unpaid interest, of \$210.7 million were paid in conjunction with the close, which consisted of a \$75.3 million repayment of the First Out Term Loan, \$61.7 million repayment of the Last Out Term Loan, a \$50.0 million payment used to retire the non-converting portion of the Senior Secured Subordinated Promissory Note, a \$16.3 million repayment of the 8090 FV Subordinated Promissory Note, and \$7.4 million repayment of the 2021 Seller Notes.

3. Revenues

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table depicts the Company's disaggregated revenue for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Subscription	29,4	24,3	57,9	47,1	30,05	26,07	87,98	73,18
Advisory	\$ 62	\$ 32	\$ 29	\$ 11	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ 6
Advertising	1,23	1,02	2,35	2,78	1,555	518	3,906	3,307
Books	9	7	2	9	428	695	1,204	2,073
Other revenue	357	760	775	8	27	40	1,151	710
Total	539	339	3	670	1,942	1,743	4,133	3,040
	32,8	27,1	64,3	53,2	34,00	29,07	98,38	82,31
	\$ 42	\$ 74	\$ 71	\$ 45	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 6

Revenue by Geographic Locations

The following table depicts the Company's revenue by geographic operations for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022

North America	26,7	24,1	52,8	47,3	27,02	25,13	79,92	72,44
	\$ 44	\$ 05	\$ 96	\$ 04	\$ 5	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ 3
Europe	5,07	2,50	9,17	5,00			14,19	
	7	3	7	2	5,015	2,284	2	7,286
Australia	288	276	577	534	298	293	875	827
Asia			1,72					
	733	290	1	405	1,671	1,355	3,392	1,760
Total	32,8	27,1	64,3	53,2	34,00	29,07	98,38	82,31
	\$ 42	\$ 74	\$ 71	\$ 45	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 6

Revenues by geography are determined based on the region of the Company's contracting entity, which may be different than the region of the customer. North America revenue consists solely of revenue attributed to the United States. For the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, revenue attributed to the United Kingdom represented approximately twelve percent and **six** **five** percent of total revenues, respectively. For the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, revenue attributed to the United Kingdom represented approximately eleven percent and six percent of total revenues, respectively. No other foreign country represented more than five percent of total revenue during the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022.

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Contract Assets

The Company had contract assets of **\$1,664** **2,204** and \$1,464, as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively. Contract assets are generated when contractual billing schedules differ from the timing of revenue recognition or cash collections. They represent a conditional right to consideration for satisfied performance obligations that becomes a receivable when the conditions are satisfied. They are recorded as part of other current assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Deferred Revenue

Details of the Company's deferred revenue for the periods presented are as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 30,097
Revenue recognized in the current period from amounts in the prior balance	(21,924)
New deferrals, net of amounts recognized in the current period	34,988
Effects of foreign currency	(388)

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	42,773
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	36,487
Acquired deferred revenue		3,941
Revenue recognized in the current period from amounts in the prior balance		(27,128)
New deferrals, net of amounts recognized in the current period		36,503
Effects of foreign currency		221
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	50,024

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Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	30,097
Acquired deferred revenue		1,112
Revenue recognized in the current period from amounts in the prior balance		(28,226)
New deferrals, net of amounts recognized in the current period		37,066
Effects of foreign currency		(807)
Balance at September 30, 2022	\$	39,242
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	36,487
Acquired deferred revenue		3,941
Revenue recognized in the current period from amounts in the prior balance		(33,226)
New deferrals, net of amounts recognized in the current period		39,551
Effects of foreign currency		(47)
Balance at September 30, 2023	\$	46,706

Costs to Obtain

During the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, the Company capitalized **\$1,910** **3,286** and **\$2,071** **2,775** of costs to obtain revenue contracts. The Company amortized costs to obtain revenue contracts in the amount of **\$816** **954** and **\$693** **675** to sales and marketing expense during the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively, and **\$1,648** **2,602** and **\$1,247** **1,922** during the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively. There were no impairments of costs to obtain revenue contracts for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022.

Unsatisfied Performance Obligations

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had **\$103,303** **100,708** of remaining contract consideration for which revenue has not been recognized due to unsatisfied performance obligations. The Company expects to recognize this over the next five years.

4. Business Combinations

2023 Acquisitions

Dragonfly Acquisition

On January 27, 2023, the Company entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement for all of the issued and outstanding share capital of Dragonfly Eye Limited ("Dragonfly"), a UK- based SaaS-based geopolitical and security intelligence provider of actionable data and analysis delivered through Dragonfly's SaaS-based, proprietary Security Intelligence and Analysis Service subscription platform and API.

The aggregate purchase price consisted of (i) \$5.6 million in cash (£4.5 million pounds sterling), (ii) 1,885,149 shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock, and (iii) \$11.1 million (£8.9 million pounds sterling) in aggregate principal amount of subordinated convertible promissory notes ("Seller Convertible Notes"). The purchase price is subject to customary adjustments based on working capital and the amount of Dragonfly's transaction expenses and net indebtedness that remain unpaid as of the closing date, and indemnification obligations for certain claims made following the Closing Date. The Company incurred expenses of **\$1,138** **1,272** in connection with the transaction during the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** (inclusive of \$446 of amounts paid on January 27, 2023 that were recognized as expense during the three months ended March 31, 2023).

The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for Dragonfly consisted of the following:

Cash	\$	5,617
Fair value of Class A common stock		9,539
Fair value of Seller Convertible Notes		8,635
Fair value of contingent consideration		1,445
Total	\$	25,236

The Class A common stock issued as consideration as part of the acquisition of Dragonfly represents non-cash activity on the condensed consolidated statement of stockholders equity and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

Additionally, the sellers are eligible to receive an additional payment from the Company of up to approximately \$4.3 million, £3.5 million pounds sterling, (the "Earnout") based on the achievement of certain U.S. GAAP revenue targets for 2023 by Dragonfly. In the event any part of the Earnout becomes payable, the

Company may satisfy its payment obligations to the sellers with cash or common stock, pursuant to the Sale and Purchase Agreement.

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Certain employees of Dragonfly are eligible for employee earnout bonus awards ("Employee Earnout Awards") based on 2024 revenue targets. The Employee Earnout Awards are subject to forfeiture in the event that Dragonfly does not achieve its revenue target or these employees terminate their employment. Any Employee Earnout Awards that are forfeited are reallocated to the other eligible employees.

The following table summarizes the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	607
Current assets, net		3,443
Property and equipment, net		18
Intangible assets		9,600
Deferred revenues		(3,941)
Current liabilities		(1,764)
Deferred tax liabilities		(2,009)
Total net assets acquired		5,954
Goodwill		19,282
Total purchase price	\$	25,236

The following table sets forth the components of identified intangible assets acquired and their estimated useful lives as of the date of acquisition:

	Estimated Fair Value	Estimated Useful Life (Years)
Customer relationships	\$ 7,300	6,10 (a)
Developed technology	1,750	10
Tradename	550	3
Total intangible assets acquired	\$ 9,600	

(a) Includes two separate customer relationships with two different useful lives

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The estimated fair values of the customer relationships, developed technology and tradename were determined using the income approach. The approaches used to estimate the fair values use significant unobservable inputs including revenue and cash flow forecasts, customer attrition rates, and appropriate discount rates.

The purchase price allocation includes UK deferred assets and liabilities for acquired book and tax basis differences. **Goodwill recorded for this acquisition is not tax deductible.**

The fair values assigned to tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed combined with the fair value of the purchase consideration are based on management's estimates and assumptions and are preliminary and may change upon completion of the determination of the fair value of assets and liabilities assumed. The Company expects to finalize the valuation as soon as practicable, but not later than one year from the acquisition date.

2022 Acquisitions

Aicel Acquisition

On July 29, 2022, the Company acquired all of the outstanding stock of Seoul, South Korea-based Aicel Technologies ("Aicel"), an AI-driven enterprise SaaS company that delivers market intelligence and data insights. The acquisition consideration of \$8,678 consisted of 723,684 common shares of Old FiscalNote that were then exchanged into 859,016 Class A common shares of New FiscalNote pursuant to the Exchange Ratio and contingent consideration. Pursuant to the terms of the acquisition agreement, certain of the sellers of Aicel are eligible for additional contingent consideration of 12,491 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. The Company incurred expenses of approximately \$300 in connection with the transaction, of which approximately \$96 was recognized during the year ended December 31, 2021. The acquisition date fair value of the consideration transferred for Aicel consisted of the following:

Fair value of Class A common stock	\$	8,590
Fair value of contingent consideration		88
Total	\$	8,678

The fair value of the Class A common stock issued was estimated based on the fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of the acquisition. The fair value of the contingent consideration is estimated based on the expected future cash flows and revenues along with the fair value of the Company's Class A common stock on the date of acquisition.

The contingent consideration consists of shares of the Company's Class A common stock and is scheduled to be delivered within eighteen months upon achievement of certain revenue targets pursuant to the terms of the acquisition agreement. The contingent consideration is payable to certain selling shareholders and contains no future service conditions. The fair value of the contingent consideration was recorded as equity as the number of shares that ultimately may be issued upon achievement of the revenue targets is fixed. Classification

as equity requires fair value measurement initially and there are no subsequent re-measurements. Settlement of equity-classified contingent consideration is accounted for within equity.

The acquisition also includes contingent payments in the form of up to \$300 in cash, 28,522 shares of the Company's Class A common stock on a post-exchange basis and 24,833 of restricted stock upon achievement of certain revenue targets. The common stock, restricted stock and cash portions of the contingent payments will be paid within eighteen months upon achievement of certain revenue targets. The contingent payments are payable to certain employees, contingent on them remaining employed through the contingency payout date. The estimated fair value of the contingent payments on the date of acquisition is considered post-combination compensation expense and

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recognized based on management's determination of the likelihood of the revenue targets being met. In the event that compensation expense is recognized and the revenue targets are not met, the previously recognized compensation expense is reversed. Post-combination compensation expense of \$637 was recognized during the year ended December 31, 2022, \$300 of which was accrued as a contingent liability and the remainder recorded as equity-based compensation. In December 2022, the \$300 contingent liability was paid. The Company recorded equity-based compensation related to the restricted stock contingent payments of \$31 and \$62.93 for the three and **six** nine months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, respectively.

The following table summarizes the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of acquisition:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,525
Current assets, net	447
Property and equipment, net	53
Equity method investment	45
Intangible assets	3,000
Deferred revenues	(602)
Other current liabilities	(453)
Debt	(1,131)
Total net assets acquired	2,884
Goodwill	5,794
Total purchase price	\$ 8,678

The excess of the purchase price over the net tangible and intangible assets was recorded as goodwill, which is primarily attributed to the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired and could not be individually identified and separately recognized including expected synergies and assembled workforce.

The following table sets forth the components of identified intangible assets acquired and their estimated useful lives as of the date of acquisition:

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	Estimated Fair Value	Estimated Useful Life (Years)
Developed technology	\$ 1,200	8
Database	750	8
Customer relationships	650	11
Tradename	400	7
Total intangible assets acquired	\$ 3,000	

The estimated fair values of the developed technology, database, customer relationships, and tradename were determined using the income approach. The approaches used to estimate the fair values use significant unobservable inputs including revenue and cash flow forecasts, customer attrition rates, and appropriate discount rates.

For federal income tax purposes, the Company has made a Section 338(g) election to treat the transaction as an asset acquisition for federal income tax purposes which results in additional tax basis approximately equal to the fair value assigned at the acquisition date. The intangibles and goodwill are to be amortized over 15 years. Additionally, Korean deferred tax liabilities were recorded during 2022 for the difference between book basis and tax basis of assets and liabilities acquired.

DT-Global Asset Acquisition

On September 30, 2022, the Company acquired certain assets of DT-Global Business Consulting, a Vienna, Austria subscription-based market intelligence company which provides in-depth expertise and analysis for Central & Eastern Europe, Commonwealth of Independent States, and Middle East-Africa areas. The aggregate purchase price was \$600, which included an upfront cash payment of \$400 and purchase price holdbacks of \$100, along with \$100 of contingent consideration related to operational milestones.

The Company accounted for this acquisition as an asset purchase. In connection with the acquisition, the Company incurred direct transaction costs of approximately \$43 which have been classified as costs of acquisition. The costs of acquisition are allocated to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities based on their fair values at the date of acquisition, and any excess is allocated to intangible assets. The costs of acquisition exceeded the fair value of net assets acquired by approximately \$1,012. The Company allocated the \$1,012 excess to the customer relationship intangible asset. The intangible asset will be amortized over 15 years. As of December 31, 2022, the contingent consideration was determined to be probable and reasonably estimable,

the consideration of \$52 was attributed to the customer relationship intangible asset with a corresponding liability of \$52 recorded as part of Contingent Liabilities from Acquisitions on the consolidated balance sheets and a payment of the liability of \$39 was made in January 2023, resulting in a remaining liability of \$13 as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**.

For federal income tax purposes, the Company obtained a tax basis in the assets acquired equal to the purchase price, as adjusted and allocated, pursuant to IRC guidelines. The resulting intangible asset will be amortized over 15 years. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, \$39 of the contingent consideration was paid. The unpaid portion as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** will be excluded from federal tax asset allocation until paid.

5. Leases

The Company has operating leases, principally for corporate offices under non-cancelable operating leases that expire at various dates through 2031. The non-cancellable base terms of these leases typically range from one to nine years. Certain lease agreements include

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options to renew or terminate the lease, which if not reasonably certain to be exercised are therefore not factored into the determination of lease payments.

The following table details the composition of lease expense for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating lease cost	1,21	2,43	3,80	4,87				
(a)	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 3	\$ 1,200	\$ 2,436	\$ 5,000	\$ 7,305
Variable lease cost	242	106	397	194	304	133	701	327
Short-term lease cost	161	315	339	636	123	335	462	971
Total lease costs	1,61	2,85	4,53	5,70				
	\$ 8	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 3	\$ 1,627	\$ 2,904	\$ 6,163	\$ 8,603
Sublease income		(1,33)	(1,3	(2,6			(1,41	(4,01
	\$ (26)	\$ 7)	\$ 90)	\$ 75)	\$ (26)	\$ (1,338)	\$ 6)	\$ 3)

a) Excludes operating lease assets impairment charge of \$378 related to an unoccupied existing office space lease recorded in the first quarter of 2022.

Cash payments related to operating lease liabilities were \$6,390 7,959 (inclusive of \$1,682 lease termination fee) and \$5,793 8,752 for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In March 2022, the Company ceased use of excess office space under one of its existing leases, with the intent to sublease this space. In accordance with ASC 360, the Company evaluated the asset group for impairment and recognized the excess of the carrying value over the fair value of the asset group, which totaled \$378, as an impairment expense as part of general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss and a reduction to the operating lease asset.

In April 2021, the Company entered into a modification of one of its existing subleases. The Company exercised its termination notification right on this lease which resulted in a termination fee payment of \$1,682 made on December 31, 2021 (lease termination notice date) and a second termination fee payment of \$1,682 made on March 31, 2023 (the lease termination effective date).

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6. Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes the gross carrying amounts and accumulated amortization of the Company's intangible assets by major class:

Wei ghte d Ave rage	Wei ghte d Ave rage		
June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022

										Remaini ng					Remaini ng
										Usef ul					Usef ul
										Life	Acc		Acc		Life
										(Yea rs)	umu		umu		(Yea rs)
Gros s	Acc umu	Net s	Gros s	Acc umu	Net s	Jun e	Gros s	late d	Net ss	Gro d	late d	Net ss	Gro d	late d	Sept emb
Carr ying	lated Amo	Carr ying	Carr ying	Amo	ying	30,	Carr ying	Am ortiz	Carr ying	Carr ying	Am ortiz	Carr ying	Carr ying	Am ortiz	30,
Amo unt	rtiza tion	Amo unt	Amo unt	rtiza tion	Amo unt	202 3	Amo unt	atio n	Am ount	Am ount	Am atio n	Am ount	Am ount	Am ount	202 3
C us to m er rel ati on sh ip s	8 8, 4 3 \$ 6	(2 8, 4 8 \$ 5)	5 9, 9 5 \$ 1	8 1, 0 0 \$ 2	(2 4, 6 5 \$ 4)	5 6 3 4 \$ 8	8 8, 1 1 \$ 0	(3 0, 3 7 \$ 3)	5 7, 7 3 \$ 7	8 1, 0 0 \$ 2	(2 4, 6 5 \$ 4)	5 6 3 5 \$ 8	8 1, 0 0 \$ 4)	(2 4, 6 5 \$ 3	
D ev el op ed te ch no lo gy	3 7, 0 1 4	(2 0, 3 0 6) 6)	1 6, 7 0 8	3 5, 3 5 0	(1 7, 7, 7 3)	1 7, 7 4. 3)	3 6, 8 6 7)	(2 3, 4 0 7)	1 3, 4 6 0	3 5, 3 5 0	(1 7, 7, 7 3)	1 7, 6 7 7	1 7, 6 7 7	(1 7, 7, 6 7 7)	

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as	7	7	0	1	9	2	9.	5	0	5
es	8	2)	6	2	2)	0	3	9	8)	1
Tr										
ad	1		1				1		1	
en	2,	(3	8,	1,	(3	8,	2,	(4	7,	1,
a	0	,7	2	4	,2	2	0	,0	9	4
m	5	8	7	8	1	6	9.	0	6	3
es	8	4)	4	0	6)	4	3	1	2)	9
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or	7	5	1	5	0	5	3.	8	3	5
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en	2	1	1	0	0	0	17	4	1	2
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ry	2	4)	8	2	4)	8	4	2	9)	3
T	1		1	1		1	1		1	1
o	7	(6	0	6	(5	0	7	(6	0	6
t	1,	3,	7,	1,	5,	6,	0,	9,	0,	1,
a	3	9	4	5	4	0	7	8	9	5
I	7	0	6	9	9	9	5	0	4	9
	\$ 6	\$ 9)	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 9)	\$ 6	\$ 1	\$ 4)	\$ 7	\$ 5
	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 9)</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 9)</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 4)</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>

Finite-lived intangible assets are stated at cost, net of amortization, generally using the straight-line method over the expected useful lives of the intangible assets. Amortization of intangible assets, excluding developed technology, was \$2,901 2,899 and \$2,609 2,601 for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$5,715 8,614 and \$5,217 7,818 for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Amortization of developed technology was recorded as part of cost of revenues in the amount of \$1,327 3,140 and \$1,234 1,268 for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 and \$2,643 5,783 and \$2,486 3,754 for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The expected future amortization expense for intangible assets as of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 is as follows:

2023 (remainder)	\$ 12,095	\$ 6,014
2024	15,625	15,549
2025	12,423	12,351
2026	11,987	11,923
2027	11,578	11,528
Thereafter	43,759	43,582
Total	\$ 107,467	\$ 100,947

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The Company regularly reviews the remaining useful lives of its intangible assets. In the second quarter of 2023 the Company revised the remaining useful life of certain of its developed technology. Accordingly, the Company recognized \$1,935 of amortization expense during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and will recognize accelerated amortization expense totaling the remaining \$3,879 1,926 during in the second half fourth quarter of 2023.

This is represented in the weighted average remaining useful life for developed technology assets and future amortization expense presented above.

Capitalized software development costs

Capitalized software development costs are as follows.

June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022

	Gross	Accumulate	Net	Gross	Accumulate	Net
	Carrying	d	Carrying	Carrying	d	Carrying
	Amount	Amortizatio	Amount	Amount	Amortizatio	Amount
Capitalized software development costs						
	\$ 24,122	\$ (8,882)	\$ 15,240	\$ 19,815	\$ (5,869)	\$ 13,946

	September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	Accumulate			Accumulate		
	Gross	d	Net	Gross	d	Net
Capitalized software development costs						
	\$ 25,941	\$ (10,535)	\$ 15,406	\$ 19,815	\$ (5,869)	\$ 13,946

During the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, the Company capitalized interest on capitalized software development costs in the amount of **\$247** **313** and **\$341** **529**, respectively. Amortization of capitalized software development costs was recorded as part of cost of revenues in the amount of **\$1,734** **1,656** and **\$775** **1,564** for the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, and **\$3,015** **4,671** and **\$1,346** **2,910** for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively. The estimated useful life is determined at the time each project is placed in service.

7. Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price in a business combination over the fair value of net assets acquired. Goodwill amounts are not amortized, but are rather tested for impairment at least annually as of October 1 of each year.

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill, which are generally not deductible for tax purposes, are as follows:

Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 194,362	\$ 194,362
Acquisition	19,282	19,282
Impairment	(5,837)	(5,837)
Impact of foreign currency fluctuations	270	(920)
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>\$ 208,077</u>	
Balance at September 30, 2023		<u>\$ 206,887</u>

The Company has the following goodwill reporting units: Public Policy & Issues Management ("PPIM"); Geopolitical & Market Intelligence ("GMI"); Advocacy; Community; AI-Driven Intelligence ("FNAI"); and Environmental, Sustainability, and Governance ("ESG"). The Company performed the required annual impairment test as of October 1, 2022 at the reporting unit level, which resulted in no impairment of goodwill. Subsequent to performing our annual impairment test, we continued to monitor our reporting units for events

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that might indicate an interim impairment. Due to the decline in the Company's stock price and market capitalization in the first quarter of 2023, and the underperformance of the Company's ESG reporting unit compared to internal projections, the Company performed a quantitative goodwill impairment assessment as of March 31, 2023. This quantitative assessment resulted in all the goodwill in our ESG reporting unit being impaired; accordingly, an impairment charge of \$5,837 was recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2023. Prior to the quantitative goodwill impairment the Company tested the recoverability of its long-lived assets, and concluded that such assets were not impaired.

The fair value estimate of the Company's reporting units was derived based on an income approach. Under the income approach, the Company estimated the fair value of reporting units based on the present value of estimated future cash flows, which the Company considers to be a Level 3 unobservable input in the fair value hierarchy. The Company prepared cash flow projections based on management's estimates of revenue growth rates and operating margins, taking into consideration the historical performance and the current macroeconomic, industry, and market conditions. The Company based the discount rate on the weighted-average cost of capital considering Company-specific characteristics and the uncertainty related to our reporting unit's ability to execute on the projected cash flows. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 the Company's PPIM reporting unit had a negative carrying value and \$84,029 of goodwill.

Potential indicators of impairment include significant changes in performance relative to expected operating results, significant negative industry or economic trends, or a significant decline in the Company's stock price and/or market capitalization for a sustained period of time. It is reasonably possible that one or more of these impairment indicators could occur or intensify in the near term, which may result in an impairment of long-lived assets or further impairment of goodwill.

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8. Debt

The following presents the carrying value of the Company's debt as of the respective period ends:

	December 31,		September 30,		December 31,	
	June 30, 2023	2022	2023	2022		
New Senior Term Loan	\$ 157,421	\$ 150,647	\$ 157,825	\$ 150,647		
New GPO Note	36,583	-	34,858	-		
Convertible Notes	13,094	12,219	13,556	12,219		
Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes	9,598	-	9,092	-		
Acel Convertible Note	1,126	1,174	1,103	1,174		
PPP loan	198	251	171	251		
Debt issuance costs	(3,252)	(2,243)	(3,380)	(2,243)		
Total	214,768	162,048	213,225	162,048		
Less: Current portion	(68)	(68)	(68)	(68)		
Total	\$ 214,700	\$ 161,980	\$ 213,157	\$ 161,980		

New Senior Term Loan

Concurrently with the Closing, FiscalNote, Inc., a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc., entered into a senior credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") providing for a New Senior Term Loan consisting of a fully funded principal amount of \$150,000 and an uncommitted incremental loan facility totaling \$100,000 available upon notice if the Company meets certain financial growth criteria and other customary requirements (the "New Incremental Term Facility") (collectively the "New Senior Credit Facility"). The annual interest of the New Senior Term Loan consists of two components: a cash interest component of (a) the greater of (i) Prime Rate plus 5.0% per annum or (ii) 9.0% payable monthly in cash, and (b) interest payable in kind component of 1.00% per annum, payable in kind monthly. Beginning on August 15, 2025, 50% of the outstanding principal amount of the New Senior Term Loan must be repaid in even amounts on a monthly basis over the remaining 24 months, with the final balance due on July 15, 2027. The New Senior Credit Facility will mature on July 29, 2027, the five-year anniversary of the Closing Date.

On March 17, 2023, the Company, entered into Amendment No. 1 ("Amendment No. 1") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 1 provided for the extension of an incremental term loan by one of the lenders under the facility in the principal amount of \$6,000 which was received by the Company on March 31, 2023, on the same terms as the existing term loans (the "Incremental Facility"). In connection with the funding of the Incremental Facility, the Company issued the lender warrants expiring July 15, 2027, to purchase up to 80,000 Class A Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.01 per

share, in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance on Regulation D promulgated thereunder. The lender warrants represent a non-cash financing activity.

On May 16, 2023, the Company, entered into Amendment No. 2 ("Amendment No. 2") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 2 joined Dragonfly Eye Limited and Oxford Analytica Limited ("Oxford Analytica"), each a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as Guarantors under the Credit Agreement.

On August 3, 2023, the Company entered into Amendment No. 3 ("Amendment No. 3") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 3 provides for: (a) the extension of the July 2023 Deferred Fee from July 29, 2023 to July 29, 2024, (b) the increase of the July 2023 Deferred Fee from \$1,734 to \$2,034, (c) increase of the Restatement Date Final Agreement from \$7,410 to \$8,970 and (d) the revision to the minimum annual recurring revenue and adjusted EBITDA covenants (as both are defined in the Credit Agreement).

The Prime Rate in effect for the New Senior Term Loan was 8.25% at ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023. For the ~~six~~ nine months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023, the Company incurred \$9,956 ~~15,341~~ and \$774 ~~1,177~~ of cash interest and paid-in-kind interest, respectively, on the New Senior Term Loan. Paid-in-kind interest is reflected as a component of the carrying value of the New Senior Term Loan as the payment of such interest will occur upon the settlement of the New Senior Term Loan.

The Company may prepay the New Senior Term Loan in whole, subject to a 2.0% prepayment fee if prepaid prior to July 30, 2024, 1.0% prepayment fee if prepaid after July 30, 2024 but prior to July 30, 2025, and no prepayment fee if prepaid on or after July 30, 2025. Prior to Amendment No. 3 (entered into on August 3, 2023 and further defined in Note 18, "Subsequent Events") the Company was obligated to pay certain of the new lenders deferred debt issuance costs of \$1,734 at the earlier of prepayment or July 29, 2023 (the "July 2023 Deferred Fee"). Pursuant to Amendment No. 3, the July 2023 Deferred Fee was deferred through the earlier of prepayment or July 29, 2024 and was

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increased to \$2,034. Accordingly, the Company is recognizing the accretion of the July 2023 Deferred Fee as interest expense, which at ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023 is \$1,590 ~~1,784~~ and is recognized in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company must also pay to the lenders a final payment of \$7,410 ~~8,970~~ (of which \$1,035 was incurred pursuant to Amendment No. 1 and \$1,560 was incurred pursuant to Amendment No. 3) at the earlier of prepayment or maturity of the New Senior Term Loan. The Company is recognizing the accretion of the final payment as interest expense, which at ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023 is \$1,339 ~~1,819~~ and is recognized in other non-current liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company incurred \$2,435 of lender fees that were paid out of the net

proceeds of the New Senior Term Loan on the Closing Date. The Company also incurred \$342,732 of fees paid to third parties. Capitalized debt issuance costs on the Closing Date totaled \$2,777,3167. The Company amortizes debt discounts over the term of the New Senior Term Loans using the effective interest method. The amortization recorded for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 is \$161,180 and \$310,490, respectively, and is included within interest expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. The remaining unamortized debt discount at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 is \$2,395,2,605, excluding any deferred fees, and is reflected net against debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The New Senior Term Loan is senior to all other debt and has a first priority lien on substantially all of the Company's assets. The New Senior Term Loan contains customary negative covenants related to borrowing, events of default and covenants, including certain

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non-financial covenants and covenants limiting the Company's ability to dispose of assets, undergo a change in control, merge with or acquire stock, and make investments, in each case subject to certain exceptions. In addition to the negative covenants, there were three four financial covenants in place at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023: a minimum cash balance requirement, minimum annual recurring revenue requirement, and a capital expenditure limitation. Beginning with the third quarter of 2023, the Company is also subject to an adjusted EBITDA requirement (as defined in the Credit Agreement, as amended), and a capital expenditure limitation. As of, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all required financial covenants. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, in addition to the lenders being able to declare amounts outstanding under the New Senior Term Loan due and payable the lenders can elect to increase the interest rate by 5.0% per annum.

At June 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with the minimum cash balance requirement and capital expenditure limitation. The Company's annual recurring revenue was marginally below the minimum annual recurring revenue for the period. On August 3, 2023 the New Senior Term Loan lenders waived their rights upon default retroactive to June 30, 2023 and entered into Amendment No. 3 ("Amendment No. 3") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022, further discussed in Note 18, "Subsequent Events".

New GPO Note

On June 30, 2023 (the "Subscription Date"), the Company entered into an Exchange and Settlement Agreement (the "Exchange and Settlement Agreement") with GPO FN Noteholder LLC (the "Investor") pursuant to which (i) the Investor returned 5,881,723 shares of Class A Common Stock held by the Investor to the Company for cancellation, (ii) the Company issued to the Investor a subordinated convertible promissory note in an initial principal amount of \$46,794 (the "New GPO Note"), and (iii) the parties agreed to a mutual settlement and release of all claims (including, but not limited to, any claims by the Investor for additional

shares or money damages resulting from the entry into the Merger Agreement, relating to or arising from the conversion of the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Subordinated Promissory Note, dated December 29, 2020, previously issued by a subsidiary of the pre-business combination FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. to the Investor. The exchange and settlement are non-cash exchanges in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows. The before mentioned transactions closed on July 3, 2023.

The New GPO Note will mature on July 3, 2028, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Company or converted in accordance with the terms thereof. The New GPO Note bears interest at a rate of 7.50% per annum payable quarterly in arrears, as follows: (i) for the first year following the date of issuance, interest will be payable in kind by adding interest to the principal amount of the New GPO Note; and (ii) for any period thereafter, interest will be payable in cash or freely tradeable shares of Class A Common Stock, at the Company's option, with the value per share determined with reference to the trailing 30-day volume weighted average trading price prior to the interest payment date, subject to certain exceptions under which the Company will be permitted to pay PIK Interest.

The New GPO Note is subordinate to the Company's obligations under its New Senior Term Loan which limits certain actions that the Company and the Investor may take under the New GPO Note. At any time prior to the July 3, 2028, the Investor is entitled to convert all or any portion of the principal amount of the New GPO Note and accrued interest thereon into shares of Class A Common Stock at \$8.28 per share. The New GPO Note is subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments for stock splits and similar transactions and, subject to standard exceptions, weighted average anti-dilution protection. The principal amount, together with accrued interest thereon, of the New GPO Note is redeemable by the Company in whole or in part based on certain conditions as defined in the New GPO Note.

The Company elected to account for the New GPO Note using the fair value option. The New GPO Note was recorded at its June 30, 2023 acquisition date fair value of \$36,583. The Company initially recorded a loss contingency of \$11,700 in its fiscal year 2022 financial statements representing the difference between the fair value of the shares returned by the Investor and the fair value of the New GPO Note on the date of exchange. With the execution of the Exchange and Settlement Agreement and New GPO Note, the Company recorded an additional non-cash loss on settlement with GPO of \$3,474 in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the **nine months ended September 30, 2023**. The fair market value at September 30, 2023 was \$34,858. The non-cash gain was recorded in the change in fair value of financial instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss in the amount of a gain of \$2,593 and a gain of \$2,593 for the **three and six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023**, **September 30, 2023**, respectively. The Company incurred total interest expense related to the new GPO note of \$868 three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, respectively.

Convertible Notes

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the holders of four convertible notes that were previously issued by Old FiscalNote (the "Convertible Notes") with a principal and accrued PIK balance of **\$13,094** **13,556**, remained

outstanding. The Company incurred total interest expense related to the Convertible Notes, including the amortization of the various discounts, of \$522,548 and \$451,475 during the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively, and \$1,037,1,585 and \$892,1,367 for the **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively.

Concurrently with the Closing, the Company repaid or converted to shares of Class A Common Stock of New FiscalNote all other previously outstanding debt instruments. The Company recorded \$23,900,26,146 and \$41,976,37,344 of interest expense during the three and **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**, respectively, related to debt that was extinguished during 2022.

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Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes

In connection with the Company's acquisition of Dragonfly, the Company financed part of the purchase with the issuance of convertible notes. The Dragonfly Convertible Notes were issued in a principal amount of £8.9 million pounds sterling (approximately \$11,050 on the

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closing date of the acquisition), with interest at an annual rate of 8%, which can be paid in cash or paid-in-kind. The paid-in-kind interest will be annually credited to the principal amount. All principal and accrued interest are due upon maturity on January 27, 2028.

At any time after August 2, 2023, the Company can convert any portion of the principal and accrued interest at the volume weighted-average price for the five consecutive trading day period ending on the last trading day of the calendar month preceding the date the Company provides notice of conversion to the Sellers.

At any time after the 18 month anniversary of the Dragonfly acquisition closing date, the lender has the right to convert the outstanding principal and accrued interest for FiscalNote common stock at \$10.00 per share, subject to adjustment in the event of any stock dividend, stock split, reverse stock split, combination or other similar recapitalization with respect to common stock.

The Company elected to account for the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes using the fair value option. The Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes were recorded at their acquisition date fair value of \$8,635. The fair market value at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** was \$9,598,9,092. The non-cash gain was recorded in the change in fair value of financial instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss in the amount of a gain of \$401 and a loss of \$981 and a gain of \$407,6 for the three and **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, respectively. The Company incurred total interest

expense related to the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes of \$226,230 and \$379,609 during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively.

Aicel Convertible Note

In connection with the Company's acquisition of Aicel, the Company assumed a convertible note ("Aicel Convertible Note") issued by Aicel in a private placement to a third-party lender dated July 27, 2022. The Aicel Convertible Note was issued in a principal amount of \$1,131, with paid-in-kind interest at an annual rate of 1%. All principal and accrued and unpaid interest are due on maturity at July 27, 2027. The Aicel Convertible Note provides for no prepayments until maturity without written consent of the lender.

The Aicel Convertible Note can be converted upon the occurrence of certain events, including (i) Aicel initial public offering ("IPO"), (ii) change in control of Aicel (the acquisition of Aicel by FiscalNote did not constitute a change in control as defined in the purchase agreement), or (iii) sale of substantially all of Aicel's assets (collectively, a "Conversion Event"). The Company has the right to convert the Aicel Convertible Note into shares of common stock issued in an IPO, if (a) the Conversion Event is an IPO and (b) the price per share paid in an IPO is greater than the stipulated initial conversion price. The lender has the right to elect to convert the Aicel Convertible Note into shares of common stock upon the occurrence of a Conversion Event.

At any time after the second anniversary of the Aicel acquisition closing date until the earlier of (a) the Aicel Convertible Note maturity date, or (b) the occurrence of any liquidity event, the lender has the right to require FiscalNote to repurchase the outstanding principal in exchange for FiscalNote common stock. The lender will receive a number of shares of FiscalNote equal to the outstanding principal plus accrued interest divided by the FiscalNote common stock price and rounded to the nearest whole share.

Upon the occurrence of an event of default, in addition to the lenders being able to declare amounts outstanding under the Aicel Convertible Note due and payable the lenders can elect to increase the paid-in-kind interest rate to 12.0% per annum.

The Company concluded that the contingent default interest provision was required to be bifurcated and treated as an embedded derivative liability. The associated value was immaterial and required no initial amount to be recorded. The Company determined that the remaining embedded features were clearly and closely related to the debt host and did not require bifurcation from the debt host.

The Aicel Convertible Note was recorded at its acquisition fair value of \$1,131. The Company incurred total interest expense related to the Aicel Convertible Note of \$32 and \$68 during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively.

PPP Loan

On April 13, 2020, the Company received funding in the principal amount of \$8,000 under the CARES Act. Interest accrues annually at 1%. On February 14, 2022, the SBA forgave \$7,667 of the PPP Loan with the

remaining balance of \$333 to be repaid over five years. The Company recognized the forgiveness of PPP Loan as a gain on debt extinguishment in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company recorded \$68 of the remaining PPP Loan as short-term debt and \$130 **103** as long-term debt in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Total Debt

The following table summarizes the total estimated fair value of the Company's debt as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, respectively. These fair values are deemed Level 3 liabilities within the fair value measurement framework.

	December 31,		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
	June 30, 2023	2022			
New Senior Term					
Loan	\$ 161,151	\$ 165,540	\$ 165,156	\$ 165,540	
New GPO Note	36,583	-	34,858	-	
Convertible Notes	13,419	16,942	13,276	16,942	
Dragonfly Seller					
Convertible Notes	9,598	-	9,092	-	
Total	\$ 220,751	\$ 182,482	\$ 222,382	\$ 182,482	

Warrants

16 Old FiscalNote Warrants

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Old FiscalNote Warrants

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, 118,700 warrants (previously issued by Old FiscalNote to lenders prior to the New Senior Term Loan) with an exercise price of \$8.56, remain outstanding. These warrants are accounted for as a liability with a fair value of \$68 at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, and are included as part of the other non-current liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Warrants associated with Amendment No. 1

On March 17, 2023, in connection with Amendment No. 1 discussed above, the Company issued 80,000 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.01. These warrants are accounted for as a liability with a fair value of

\$291,166 at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, and are included as part of the other non-current liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

9. Stockholders' Equity

Authorized Capital Stock

The Company's charter authorizes the issuance of 1,809,000,000 shares, which includes Class A common stock, Class B common stock, and preferred stock.

Class A Common Stock

Subsequent to the Closing of the Business Combination, the Company's Class A common stock and public warrants began trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbols "NOTE" and "NOTE WS," respectively. Pursuant to the Company's charter, the Company is authorized to issue 1,700,000,000 shares of Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had **120,284,209** **120,604,828** shares of Class A common stock issued and outstanding.

Additionally, the Company has outstanding warrants to purchase shares of New FiscalNote Class A common stock that became exercisable upon the Closing of the Business Combination. Refer to Note 11, "Warrant Liabilities."

Class B Common Stock

Pursuant to the Company's charter, the Company is authorized to issue 9,000,000 shares of Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share.

In connection with the Closing of the Business Combination, the Co-Founders, or entities controlled by the Co-Founders, received Class B shares of New FiscalNote common stock as consideration (see further details in Note 2, "Business Combination with DSAC").

As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had 8,290,921 shares of Class B common stock issued and outstanding.

Preferred Stock

Pursuant to the Company's charter, the Company is authorized to issue 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share. Our board of directors has the authority without action by the stockholders, to designate and issue shares of preferred stock in one or more classes or series, and the number of shares constituting any such class or series, and to fix the voting powers, designations, preferences, limitations, restrictions and relative rights of each class or series of preferred stock, including, without limitation, dividend rights, conversion rights, redemption privileges and liquidation preferences, which rights may be greater than

the rights of the holders of the common stock. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, there were no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding.

Dividends

The Company's Class A and Class B common stock are entitled to dividends if and when any dividend is declared by the Company's board of directors, subject to the rights of all classes of stock outstanding having priority rights to dividends. The Company has not paid any cash dividends on common stock to date. The Company may retain future earnings, if any, for the further development and expansion of the Company's business and have no current plans to pay cash dividends for the foreseeable future. Any future determination to pay dividends will be made at the discretion of the Company's board of directors and will depend on, among other things, the Company's financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, restrictions contained in future agreements and financing instruments, business prospects and such other factors as the Company's board of directors may deem relevant.

10. Earnout Shares and RSUs

The shareholders and other equity holders of Old FiscalNote as described below are entitled to receive up to 19,195,100 additional shares of Class A common stock of New FiscalNote (the "Earnout Awards") in the form of Earnout Shares or as shares reserved for issuances upon settlement of Earnout RSUs, as described below. The Earnout Awards are split into five tranches each consisting of 3,839,020 shares of Class A common stock in New FiscalNote. Certain Old FiscalNote equity holders will receive Earnout Restricted Stock Units (the "Earnout RSUs"), which are settled in Class A common stock. The right to receive Earnout Awards will expire five years after the Closing Date (the "Earnout Period"). Each tranche of the Earnout Awards will be issued only when the dollar volume-weighted average price of one share of New FiscalNote Class A common stock is greater than or equal to \$10.50, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$20.00, or \$25.00, respectively, for any 10 trading days within any period of 20 consecutive trading days during the Earnout Period (collectively, the "Triggering Events").

Pursuant to the terms of the Business Combination Agreement, the holders of Old FiscalNote common stock, Old FiscalNote warrants, vested Old FiscalNote options and vested Old FiscalNote RSUs outstanding immediately prior to the Closing Date will be entitled to receive their proportionate allocation of Earnout Shares subject to achievement of the Triggering Event. Holders of unvested Old FiscalNote options

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and unvested Old FiscalNote RSUs outstanding immediately prior to the Closing Date will be entitled to receive their proportionate allocation of Earnout Shares in the form of Earnout RSUs subject to achievement of the Triggering Event. To the extent the equity award

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issued upon New FiscalNote's assumption of such any Old FiscalNote Option or Old FiscalNote RSU (each a "Converted Award") is outstanding and has vested as of the occurrence of a Triggering Event, the holder thereof will receive a proportionate allocation of Earnout Shares in lieu of Earnout RSUs.

If a Converted Award is forfeited after the Closing Date but prior to the Triggering Event, no Earnout RSUs will be issued for such Converted Award. The right to receive Earnout RSUs that have been forfeited shall be reallocated pro-rata to the remaining holders of vested Converted Awards in the form of Earnout Shares and unvested Converted Awards in the form of Earnout RSUs in the manner described above. Reallocated Earnout RSUs are subject to the remaining vesting schedule and conditions of the Converted Award held by such equity holder. The forfeiture and subsequent reallocation of the Earnout RSUs are accounted for as the forfeiture of the original award and the grant of a new award.

A portion of the Earnout Shares that may be issued to Old FiscalNote common stockholders, Old FiscalNote vested option holders and Old FiscalNote warrant holders and all of the Earnout RSUs were determined to represent additional compensation for accounting purposes pursuant to ASC 718, "Compensation-Stock Compensation". The Company recognizes stock-compensation expense based on the fair value of the Earnout Awards over the requisite service period for each tranche. Upon Closing, the Company recognized \$17,712 of share-based compensation expense for vested Earnout Awards. The Company recognized \$257,237 and \$1,381,1,618 of share-based compensation expense during the three and ~~six~~ nine months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023, respectively. The remaining Earnout Shares were determined to represent an equity transaction in conjunction with the reverse recapitalization and were evaluated pursuant to ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity" and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging". These remaining Earnout Shares will be accounted for as a liability as the arrangement is indexed to something other than the Company's stock. The liability is revalued at each reporting period with changes being recorded as a non-operating gain or loss in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. The liability of \$68 was recorded in other non-current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

As of ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023, there was \$1,234,958 of unrecognized compensation expense related to the Earnout Awards to be recognized over a weighted-average period of approximately one and a half years. As of ~~June 30, 2023~~ September 30, 2023, no Earnout Shares and no Earnout RSUs have been issued as no Triggering Events have occurred.

11. Warrant Liabilities

Upon the Closing of the Business Combination, the Company assumed 8,750,000 public warrants and 7,000,000 private placement warrants that were previously issued by Old DSAC. Each public warrant and

private placement warrant is exercisable for 1,571,428 shares of New FiscalNote Class A common stock (or an aggregate of up to 24,750,000 shares of New FiscalNote Class A common stock).

During the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, no public warrants were exercised into shares of Class A common stock. No private placement warrants have been exercised to date. Accordingly, as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had 8,358,964 public warrants and 7,000,000 private placement warrants outstanding with a per share fair value of \$0.44. These warrants are accounted for as a liability and have a fair value of **\$6,758** **2,765** at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**.

Public Warrants

Each public warrant entitles the registered holder to acquire 1,571,428 shares of the Company's Class A common stock at a price of \$7.32 per share, subject to adjustment as discussed below. The warrants became exercisable on August 29, 2022. Warrants may only be exercised for a whole number of shares of Class A common stock. The public warrants will expire on July 29, 2027, or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

Redemption of warrants for cash

The Company may call the public warrants for redemption for cash:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder; and
- if, and only if, the last reported sale price of the Company's Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$11.45 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like and for certain issuances of the Company's Class A common stock and equity-linked securities) for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.

If and when the warrants become redeemable by the Company for cash, the Company may exercise its redemption right even if the Company is unable to register or qualify the underlying securities for sale under all applicable state securities laws.

Redemption of warrants for shares of Class A common stock

The Company may redeem the outstanding warrants for shares of Class A common stock:

- in whole and not in part;

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- at \$0.10 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption provided that holders will be able to exercise their warrants prior to redemption and receive that number of shares

determined by reference to an agreed table, based on the redemption date and the “fair market value” of Class A common stock (as defined below) except as otherwise described below;

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- if, and only if, the last reported sale price of the Company’s Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$6.36 per share (as adjusted per stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like and for certain issuances of the Company’s Class A common stock and equity-linked securities) on the trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders; and
- if and only if, the private placement warrants are also concurrently exchanged at the same price (equal to the number of shares of our Class A common stock) as the outstanding public warrants, as described above
- The “fair market value” of the Class A common stock shall mean the average of the last reported sales price for the 10 trading days ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the notice of redemption is sent to the holders of warrants. In no event will the warrants be exercisable in connection with this redemption feature for more than 0.567 shares of Class A common stock per warrant (subject to adjustment).

Private Placement Warrants

The private placement warrants are not redeemable by the Company so long as they are held by the sponsor of DSAC or its permitted transferees, except in certain limited circumstances. The DSAC Sponsor, or its permitted transferees, has the option to exercise the private placement warrants on a cashless basis and the DSAC Sponsor and its permitted transferees has certain registration rights related to the private placement warrants (including the shares of Class A common stock issuable upon exercise of the private placement warrants). Except as described in this section, the private placement warrants have terms and provisions that are identical to those of the public warrants. If the private placement warrants are held by holders other than the DSAC Sponsor or its permitted transferees, the private placement warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by the holders on the same basis as the public warrants.

12. Stock-Based Compensation

2022 Long-Term Incentive Plan

In connection with the Business Combination, the Company’s board of directors adopted, and its stockholders approved, the 2022 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the “2022 Plan”) under which 20,285,600 shares of Class A common stock were initially reserved for issuance. The 2022 Plan allows for the issuance of incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, dividend equivalent rights, other stock-based awards and cash-based awards.

During the **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, the Company issued **401,902****451,902** stock options, 25,000 performance based stock options, **5,433,779****5,734,152** restricted stock units, and 75,000 performance based restricted stock units. At **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, **7,028,189****6,903,943** stock options, 2,556,550 performance stock options, **7,061,940****6,734,946** restricted stock units, and 75,000 performance based restricted stock units remain outstanding. As of **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, the Company had **6,181,386****6,809,946** shares of Class A common stock available for issuance under the 2022 Plan.

The Company recognized **\$5,091****5,709** and **\$565****12,364** of stock-based compensation expense for all long term incentive plans in effect during the three months ended **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively, and **\$10,360****15,772** and **\$825****12,742** during the **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively. The Company recognized **\$138** and **\$276****414** of stock-based compensation expense related to acquisition earnouts during the three and **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, respectively.

2022 Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In connection with the Business Combination, the Company's board of directors adopted, and its stockholders approved, the 2022 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP") whereby eligible employees may authorize payroll deductions of up to 15% of their regular base salary to purchase shares at the lower of 85% of the fair market value of the common stock on the date of commencement of the offering period or on the last day of the six-month offering period. The plan is defined as compensatory, and accordingly, a stock-based compensation charge of **\$103****110** and **\$205****315** was recorded as the difference between the fair market value and the discounted purchase price of the Company's common stock for the three and **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, respectively. As of **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, 102,807 shares have been issued under the ESPP and the Company had 4,396,208 shares of Class A common stock available for issuance under the ESPP.

Withholding Taxes on Equity Awards

In connection with the settlement of equity awards, the Company records a non-cash liability and corresponding APIC adjustment for the withholding taxes on net share settlement of stock-based compensation and option exercises until such time as those taxes have been remitted to the respective taxing authorities.

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13. Transaction (Gains) Costs, net

The Company incurred the following transaction costs related to businesses acquired and the consummation of the Business Combination during the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Transaction costs related to acquired businesses	15		1,3				1,3	1,00
	\$ 7	\$ 500	\$ 79	\$ 572	\$ 12	\$ 432	\$ 91	\$ 4
Non-capitalizable Business Combination costs	15		33				1,79	2,25
	0	256	4	459	81	1	415	0
Change in contingent consideration liabilities	(17		(17		(33		(1,5	
	7)		1)		3)		195	
							(655)	
							8)	
								92)
Contingent compensation expense	17		33					
	9	442	7	488				
Contingent compensation (gain) expense					(86		(53	
					7)		0)	
								195
Total transaction costs (gains), net	30	1,0	1,7		(57	1,27	1,1	1,25
	\$ 9	\$ 27	\$ 17	\$ (18)	\$ 9)	\$ 5	\$ 38	\$ 7

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14. Earnings (Loss) Loss Per Share

The Company has two classes of common stock authorized: Class A common stock and Class B common stock. The rights of the holders of Class A and Class B common stock are identical, except with respect to voting. Each share of Class A common stock is entitled to one vote per share and each share of Class B common stock is entitled to twenty-five votes per share. The Company allocates undistributed earnings

attributable to common stock between the common stock classes on a one-to-one basis when computing net loss per share. As a result, basic and diluted net income (loss) per share of Class A common stock and Class B common stock are equivalent.

Earnings (loss) Loss per share is computed by dividing net loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period on a basic and diluted basis. The Company's net loss used in computing basic and diluted **earnings loss** per share is adjusted for the deemed dividends resulting from the accretion of Old FiscalNote's preferred shares to redemption value and beneficial conversion features, as applicable. The Old FiscalNote preferred shares were outstanding as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. At the closing of the Business Combination, all of Old FiscalNote's preferred shares were exchanged for Class A common stock of New FiscalNote. Diluted **earnings (loss) loss** per share considers the impact of potentially dilutive securities.

The components of basic and diluted **earnings (loss) loss** per shares are as follows:

(in thousands, except per share data)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	Net loss	(30, 973)	(38, 360)	(50, 246)	(66, 711)	(14,4 67)	(109, 002)	(64,7 13)	(175, 713)
Deemed dividend - change in redemption value of preferred stock of Old FiscalNote			(10, 614)		(2,2 19)		(24,3 51)		(26,5 70)
Net loss used to compute basic and diluted loss per share	(30, 973)	(48, 974)	(50, 246)	(68, 930)					
Net loss used to compute basic loss per share					(14,4 67)	(133, 353)	(64,7 13)	(202, 283)	
Marked-to-market fair value gain for private warrants						(23,3 10)		(23,3 10)	
Net loss used to compute diluted loss per share					(14,4 67)	(156, 663)	(64,7 13)	(225, 593)	
Denominator:									

Weighted average							
common stock	134,	19,0	133,	18,8			
outstanding, basic and	117,	20,3	601,	76,7			
diluted	122	67	798	52			
Weighted average					128,8	96,1	131,9
common stock					32,50	17,0	94,56
outstanding, basic					2	11	3
Dilutive effect of private						118,	118,
warrants					-	919	-
Weighted average					128,8	96,2	131,9
common stock					32,50	35,9	94,56
outstanding, diluted					2	30	3
							70
Net loss per share, basic	(0.2	(2.5	(0.3	(3.6			
and diluted	\$ 3)	\$ 7)	\$ 8)	\$ 5)			
Net loss per share, basic					\$ (0.11)	\$ (1.39)	\$ (0.49)
Net loss per share,							
diluted					\$ (0.11)	\$ (1.63)	\$ (0.49)
							\$ (5.03)
Anti-dilutive securities excluded from diluted loss per share:							
Anti-dilutive Earnout	19,1		19,1			19,1	19,1
Awards	95,1		95,1		19,19	95,1	19,19
	00	-	00	-	5,100	00	5,100
							00
Anti-dilutive liability-classified public warrants						13,1	13,1
						39,4	39,4
					-	24	-
							24
Anti-dilutive stock options		8,59	1,46	8,47			
	923,	2,68	1,30	4,01	1,435	8,53	1,446
	973	5	3	6	,384	7,454	,013
							4
Anti-dilutive Convertible Notes	2,14	24,3	2,14	24,2			
	8,81	25,1	8,81	01,3	2,225	1,63	2,225
	0	80	0	72	,858	0,604	,858
							4

Anti-dilutive contingently issuable shares	1,33	1,48	1,33	1,48	976,9	1,47	976,9	1,47
	9,92	1,92	9,92	1,92				7,51
	4	2	4	2	53	7,517	53	7
Anti-dilutive restricted stock units	7,13		7,13					
	6,94	773,	6,94	731,	6,779	653,	6,779	653,
	0	385	0	769	,610	079	,610	079
Anti-dilutive other liability - classified warrants		252,		252,		118,		118,
	-	242	-	242	-	700	-	700
Anti-dilutive equity classified warrants		320,		320,				
	-	490	-	490				
Anti-dilutive New GPO Note	5,65		5,65					
	1,43		1,43		5,686		5,686	
	6	-	6	-	,757	-	,757	-
Anti-dilutive Aicel Convertible Notes	112,		112,		109,0	102,	109,0	102,
	051	-	051	-	23	208	23	208
Anti-dilutive convertible preferred stock		50,0		50,0				
		32,2		32,2				
	-	89	-	89				
Anti-dilutive convertible senior debt		16,7		17,3				
		29,3		04,0				
	-	49	-	72				
Total anti-dilutive securities excluded from diluted loss per share	36,5	102,	37,0	102,	44,8		44,8	
	08,2	507,	45,5	798,	36,40	54,0	36,41	54,0
	34	542	64	172	8,685	86	9,314	86

The weighted-average common shares and thus the net loss per share calculations and potentially dilutive security amounts for all periods prior to the Business Combination have been retrospectively adjusted to the equivalent number of shares outstanding immediately after the Business Combination to effect the reverse recapitalization. Historically reported weighted average shares outstanding have been multiplied by the Exchange Ratio (see Note 2, "Business Combination with DSAC").

15. Provision (Benefit) from Income Taxes

Effective Tax Rate

The Company computes its quarterly and year-to-date provisions for income taxes by applying the estimated effective tax rates to the quarterly and year-to-date pre-tax income or losses and adjusting the

provisions for discrete tax items recorded in the periods. For the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** the Company reported a tax provision/benefit of **\$213 62** on a pre-tax loss of **\$30,760 14,529**, which resulted in an effective tax rate of **(0.69 0.43)** percent. For the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company reported a tax provision of **\$243 181** on a pre-tax loss of **\$50,003 64,532**, which resulted in an effective tax rate of **(0.49 0.28)** percent. The Company's effective tax rate differed from the U.S. statutory rate of 21 percent primarily due to state taxes, the impact of a valuation allowance on the Company's deferred tax assets, and other nondeductible expenses such as stock option deductions and non-deductible officer's compensation. During the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had discrete items relating to goodwill impairment **unrecognized tax benefits** and the tax impact of interest expense on unrecognized tax benefits.

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For the three months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**, the Company reported a tax benefit of **\$176 2,286** on a pretax loss of **\$38,536 111,288**, which resulted in an effective tax rate of **0.46 2.05** percent. For the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**, the Company reported a tax benefit of **\$550 2,836** on a pretax loss of **\$67,261 178,549**, which resulted in an effective tax rate of **0.82 1.59** percent. The Company's effective tax rate differed from the U.S. statutory rate of 21 percent primarily due to state taxes, the impact of a valuation allowance on the Company's deferred tax assets, an inclusion of global intangible low-taxed income ("GILTI"), disallowed interest expense, non-includible income relating to the forgiveness of the PPP loan, non-includible income relating to a fair value adjustment on contingent consideration, non-includible income for debt premium amortization relating to an equity transaction and other nondeductible expenses. During the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**, the Company had a discrete item relating to the impact of changes in state tax rates on the Company's deferred tax assets and exercises of stock options.

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Unrecognized Tax Benefits and Other Considerations

The Company records liabilities related to its uncertain tax positions. Tax positions for the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to income tax audits by multiple tax jurisdictions throughout the world. The Company believes that it has provided adequate reserves for its income tax uncertainties in all open tax years. As the outcome of the tax audits cannot be predicted with certainty, if any issues arising in the Company's tax audits progress in a manner inconsistent with management's expectations, the Company could adjust its provision for income taxes in the future. For the **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company reported an uncertain tax position totaling \$639 relating to a state tax filing position. In addition, the Company derecognized \$89 deferred tax liabilities relating to historically reported R&D credits as the statute of limitations

had expired during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The Company has the following activities relating to unrecognized tax benefits for the periods presented:

Beginning balances at December 31, 2022 and 2021	\$ 639	\$ 728	\$ 639	\$ 728
Lapses in statutes of limitations	-	(89)	-	(89)
Ending balances at June 30, 2023 and 2022	<u>\$ 639</u>	<u>\$ 639</u>		
Ending balances at September 30, 2023 and 2022			<u>\$ 639</u>	<u>\$ 639</u>

16. Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents (including investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase), restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and other accruals readily convertible into cash approximate fair value because of the short-term nature of the instruments.

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:								
Cash equivalents				2,9				2,90
					\$ 03	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3
Short-term investments								
					-	13	-	3
Liabilities:								
Public warrants	3,6			3,67	1,5			1,50
	\$ 78	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8	\$ 05	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5
Private placement warrants		3,0		3,08		1,2		1,26
	-	80	-	0	-	60	-	0
Contingent liabilities from acquisitions			2,79	2,79			2,12	2,12
	-	-	2	2	-	-	1	1

Liability classified warrants (a)	-	-	103	103	-	-	57	57
New GPO Note			36,5	36,5			34,8	34,8
			83	83			58	58
Dragonfly Seller			9,59	9,59			9,09	9,09
Convertible Notes	-	-	8	8	-	-	2	2
(a) - Included in other non-current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets	(a) - Included in other non-current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets				(a) - Included in other non-current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets			

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2022 by level within the fair value hierarchy:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities:				
Public warrants	\$ 10,282	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,282
Private placement warrants	-	8,610	-	8,610
Contingent liabilities from acquisitions	-	-	1,579	1,579
Liability classified warrants (a)	-	-	182	182
(a) - Included in other non-current liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets				

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The following table summarizes changes in fair value of the Company's level 3 liabilities during the periods presented:

	Contingent Liabilities from Acquisitions	Liability Classified Warrants	New GPO Note	Convertible Notes	Dragonfly Seller	Contingent Liabilities from Acquisitions	Liability Classified Warrants	New GPO Note	Convertible Notes	Dragonfly Seller
Balance at December 31, 2022		1,57					1,57			
	\$ 9	\$ 182	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 9	\$ 182	\$ -	\$ -	

Fair value at issuance date	-	-	36, 58	3	8,635	-	-	36, 58	3	8,635
Contingent consideration at acquisition date	1,44 5	-	-	-	-	1,44 5	-	-	-	-
Contingent compensation recognized	337	-	-	-	-	337	-	-	-	-
Change in fair value included in the determination of net loss ^(a)	(334)	(79)	-	407	(138)	(125)	3	(2, 59)	6	
Earned contingent consideration settled	(196)	-	-	-	(196)	-	-	-	-	
Cash contingent consideration earned and subsequently settled	(39)	-	-	-	(39)	-	-	-	-	
Unearned contingent compensation reversal					(867)					
Paid in kind interest	-	-	-	387	-	-	8	86	596	

Foreign exchange	-	-	-	169	-	-	-	(145)
Balance at		36,						
June 30, 2023	2,79		58					
	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 103</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 9,598</u>				
Balance at					34,			
September 30, 2023					2,12		85	
					<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 57</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>\$ 9,092</u>

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(a) The change in contingent liabilities from acquisitions is recorded as transaction costs on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

Short-Term Investments

The fair value of the short-term investments is based on the quoted market price of the securities on the valuation date. As of September 30, 2023, the estimated fair value of the short-term investments was \$7,113. The Company recognized a non-cash loss of \$115 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 resulting from the change in fair value of the short-term investments. The change in fair value is recorded in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

Public Warrants

The fair value of the public warrants is based on the quoted market price of such warrants on the valuation date. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the estimated fair value of the public warrants was \$3,678 1,505 and \$10,282, respectively. The Company recognized a non-cash loss/gain of \$1,003 2,173 during the three months ended June 30, 2023 and September 30, 2023, a non-cash gain of \$6,604 8,777 during the six/nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and a non-cash loss of \$1,453 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022 resulting from the change in fair value of the public warrants. The change in fair value is recorded in change in fair value of financial instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

Private Placement Warrants

As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the estimated fair value of the private warrants was \$3,080 1,260 and \$8,610, respectively. The Company recognized a non-cash loss/gain of \$840 1,820 during the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, a non-cash gain of \$7,350 during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and a non-cash gain of \$5,530 23,310 during the six/three and nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2022 resulting from the change in fair value of the private

warrants. The change in fair value is recorded in change in fair value of financial instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

New GPO Note

The New GPO Note was recognized as a liability in connection with the settlement of litigation on the Subscription Date at its estimated fair value of \$36,583. The estimated fair value of the New GPO Note was determined based on a trinomial lattice model. The following table presents the assumptions used to determine the fair value of the New GPO Note at September 30, 2023 and on the Subscription Date of June 30, 2023:

	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
Common stock share price	\$ 3.64	\$ 2.08	\$ 3.64
Risk free rate	4.1 %	4.6 %	4.1 %
Yield	15.5 %	16.0 %	15.5 %
Expected volatility	39.0 %	48.0 %	39.0 %
Expected term (years)	5.0	4.8	5.0

Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes

The Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes were recognized as a liability in connection with the acquisition on January 27, 2023 at a fair value of \$8,635. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the estimated fair value of the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes were \$9,598 9,092. The non-cash gain of \$401 and non-cash loss of \$968 and \$395 6 is recorded in the change in fair value of financial instruments in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively. The following table presents the assumptions used to determine the fair value of the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and January 27, 2023:

	June 30, 2023		January 27, 2023		September 30, 2023		January 27, 2023	
	June 30, 2023	January 27, 2023	June 30, 2023	January 27, 2023	September 30, 2023	January 27, 2023	September 30, 2023	January 27, 2023
Common stock share price	\$ 3.64	\$ 5.06	\$ 2.08	\$ 5.06	\$ 2.08	\$ 5.06	\$ 2.08	\$ 5.06
Risk free rate	4.2 %	3.6 %	4.7 %	3.6 %	4.7 %	3.6 %	4.7 %	3.6 %
Yield	17.0 %	17.5 %	17.5 %	17.5 %	17.5 %	17.5 %	17.5 %	17.5 %
Expected volatility	42.0 %	40.0 %	50.0 %	40.0 %	50.0 %	40.0 %	50.0 %	40.0 %
Expected term (years)	4.6	5.0	4.3	5.0	4.3	5.0	4.3	5.0

As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the difference between the aggregate fair value and the unpaid principal balance of the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes is **\$2,071** **2,401**.

Contingent Liabilities from acquisitions

The contingent liabilities from acquisitions are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, the contingent consideration and compensation relates to the following acquisitions:

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	December 31,		September 30,	December 31,
	June 30, 2023	2022	2023	2022
Dragonfly	\$ 1,310	\$ -	\$ 1,687	\$ -
Curate	489	883	307	883
FrontierView	866	600	-	600
Equilibrium	113	43	113	43
DT Global	14	53	14	53
Total contingent liabilities from acquisitions	\$ 2,792	\$ 1,579	\$ 2,121	\$ 1,579

The Company settled part of the Curate contingent consideration and compensation through an issuance of 83,393 additional shares in a non-cash transaction during the first quarter of **2023** on the consolidated statement of cash flows. **2023**.

The Company estimated the fair value of the Dragonfly and Curate contingent consideration and compensation using a Monte Carlo simulation. These fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represents Level 3 measurements as defined in ASC 820. Significant changes in the key assumptions and inputs could result in a significant change in the fair value measurement of the contingent consideration.

The following inputs and assumptions were used to value contingent liabilities from acquisitions as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**:

	Dragonfly	Curate	Dragonfly	Curate
Risk premium	19.5 %	13.0 %	19.5 %	13.0 %
Risk free rate	5.4 %	5.4 %	5.5 %	5.5 %

Revenue volatility	21.0 %	25.0 %	19.0 %	25.0 %
Expected life (years)	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.5

Liability classified warrants

The Last Out Lender Warrants are classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the Last Out Lender Warrants is calculated using the Black-Scholes calculation with the following inputs:

	June 30, 2023	September 30, 2023
Common stock fair value	\$ 3.64	\$ 2.08
Time to maturity (years)	2.0	1.8
Risk free rate	4.83 %	5.12 %
Volatility	80 %	107 %
Exercise price	\$ 8.56	\$ 8.56

Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Non-Recurring Basis

The Company's long-lived assets, including property and equipment, intangible assets and goodwill are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis when an impairment has occurred. The Company has recognized an impairment of goodwill as disclosed in Note 7, "Goodwill" during the three months ended March 31, 2023. The company recognized an impairment of an operating lease asset related to certain unoccupied office space as disclosed in Note 5, "Leases" during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The Company has not identified any additional impairments to be recorded during the three and **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022.

Excluding a total of \$2,500 earned cash contingent compensation related to Predata and FrontierView being transferred from Level 3 to Level 1 during the three months ended March 31, 2022, there were no other transfers of assets or liabilities between levels during the **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022.

Changes to fair value are recognized as income or expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

17. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

From time to time the Company is a party to various disputes, claims, lawsuits and other regulatory and legal matters, including both asserted and unasserted legal claims, in the ordinary course of business. The status of each such matter, referred to herein as a loss contingency, is reviewed and assessed in accordance with applicable accounting rules regarding the nature of the matter, the likelihood that a loss will be incurred, and the amounts involved.

On May 13, 2022, Old FiscalNote received a letter from GPO FN Noteholder LLC (the "Disputing Lender") disputing such lender's pro forma beneficial ownership set forth Amendment No. 4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 dated May 9, 2022. The terms governing Old FiscalNote's indebtedness with the Disputing Lender provided that, in connection with the Business Combination, and following a \$50,000 repayment, the remainder of such indebtedness could be converted at Old FiscalNote's option into shares of Old FiscalNote common stock based upon a conversion price determined in accordance with the terms of such indebtedness. The shares of Old FiscalNote common stock issued upon such conversion were issued prior to the Business Combination and thereafter were exchanged for 7,781,723 shares of the Company's Class A common stock. In connection with the Business Combination, the Disputing Lender claimed it was owed approximately 4.4 million additional shares of the Company's Class A common stock.

On January 27, 2023, the Company entered into a term sheet (the "Term Sheet") with the Disputing Lender pursuant to which the parties agreed to negotiate in good faith to enter into definitive documentation providing for the following: (i) the Disputing Lender shall return 5,881,723 shares of Class A Common Stock held by the Disputing Lender to the Company for cancellation, (ii) the Company shall

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issue to the Disputing Lender a subordinated convertible promissory note in an initial principal amount of \$46,794 (the "New Note"), and (iii) the parties shall enter into a mutual settlement and release of all claims (including, but not limited to, any claims by the Disputing Lender for additional shares or money damages resulting from the entry into the Merger Agreement), relating to or arising from the conversion of the Original Note.

As discussed in Note 8, "Debt", on June 30, 2023, the Company entered into the Exchange and Settlement Agreement and New GPO Note. Pursuant thereto, on July 3, 2023, (i) the Disputing Lender returned 5,881,723 shares of Class A Common Stock, which the Company subsequently cancelled, (ii) the Company issued the New GPO Note, and (iii) the parties agreed to a mutual settlement and release of all claims (including, but not limited to, any claims by the Investor for additional shares or money damages resulting from the entry into the Merger Agreement), relating to or arising from the conversion of the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Subordinated Promissory Note, dated December 29, 2020, previously issued by a subsidiary of the pre-business combination FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. to the Investor.

Legal fees are recognized as incurred when the legal services are provided, and therefore are not recognized as part of the loss contingency.

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18. Subsequent Events

Amendment No. 3 to The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the Credit Agreement

On August 3, 2023, the Company entered into Amendment No. 3 ("Amendment No. 3") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 3 provides for: (a) the extension of the July 2023 Deferred Fee from July 29, 2023 to July 29, 2024, (b) the increase of the July 2023 Deferred Fee from \$1,734 to \$2,034, financial statements and (c) the revision to the minimum annual recurring revenue and adjusted EBITDA covenants (as both are defined in the Credit Agreement). determined that no events have occurred that require disclosure.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion provides information that FiscalNote's management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of FiscalNote's condensed consolidated results of operations and financial condition. The discussion should be read together with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Certain monetary amounts, percentages and other figures included below have been subject to rounding adjustments as amounts are presented in thousands or millions, as the context describes. Percentage amounts included below have not in all cases been calculated on the basis of such rounded figures, but on the basis of such amounts prior to rounding. For this reason, percentage amounts may vary from those obtained by performing the same calculations using the figures in our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein. Certain other amounts that appear below may not sum due to rounding.

This discussion may contain forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth in Part II, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" and other factors set forth in other parts of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Unless the context otherwise requires, references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to the "Company," "FiscalNote," "we," "us," or "our" refer to the business of Old FiscalNote, which became the business of New FiscalNote and its subsidiaries following the Closing.

Overview

FiscalNote is a leading technology provider of global policy and market intelligence. It delivers critical, actionable legal and policy insights in a rapidly evolving political, regulatory and macroeconomic environment. By combining artificial intelligence (AI) technology, other technologies with analytics, workflow tools, and expert peer insights, FiscalNote empowers customers to manage policy, address regulatory developments, and mitigate global risk. FiscalNote ingests unstructured legislative and regulatory data, and employs AI and data science to deliver structured, relevant and actionable information in order to facilitate key operational and strategic decisions by global enterprises, midsized and smaller businesses, government institutions, trade groups and nonprofits. FiscalNote delivers that intelligence through its suite of public policy and issues management products, coupled with expert research and analysis of markets and geopolitical events, as well as powerful tools to manage workflows, advocacy campaigns and constituent relationships.

Business Combination

On the Closing Date, we consummated the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement, by and among Old FiscalNote, DSAC, and Merger Sub. Pursuant to these transactions, Merger Sub merged with and into Old FiscalNote, with Old FiscalNote becoming a wholly owned subsidiary of DSAC. On the Closing Date, and in connection with the Closing, DSAC domesticated and continued as a Delaware corporation under the name of "FiscalNote Holdings, Inc."

We accounted for the Business Combination as a reverse recapitalization whereby Old FiscalNote was determined as the accounting acquirer and DSAC as the accounting acquiree. While DSAC was the legal acquirer in the Business Combination, because Old FiscalNote was determined as the accounting acquirer, the historical financial statements of Old FiscalNote became the historical financial statements of the combined company, upon the consummation of the Business Combination. Accordingly, New FiscalNote, as the parent company of the combined business, is the successor SEC registrant, meaning that our financial statements for previous periods will be disclosed in the registrant's future periodic reports filed with the SEC.

The Business Combination had a significant impact on our reported financial position and results as a result of the reverse recapitalization. The most significant change in our reported financial position and results was an increase in net cash of \$65.6 million from gross cash proceeds of \$325.0 million, including \$114.0 million from the backstop agreement with the sponsor of DSAC, \$61.0 million from DSAC's trust account from its initial public offering, and \$150.0 million from the New Senior Term Loan (as defined below). Such gross proceeds were offset by \$45.2 million transaction costs, which principally consisted of advisory, legal and other professional fees, and were recorded in Additional Paid-in Capital, net of proceeds from the DSAC trust and \$3.5 million of debt issuance costs paid out of the proceeds of the New Senior Term Loan on the Closing Date, of which \$2.8 was capitalized and \$0.7 million included in the loss on debt extinguishment. Cumulative debt repayments, inclusive of accrued but unpaid interest, of \$210.7 million were paid in conjunction with the close, which consisted of a \$75.3 million repayment of the First Out Term Loan, \$61.7 million repayment of the Last Out Term Loan, a \$50.0 million payment used to retire the non-converting portion of the Senior Secured

Subordinated Promissory Note, a \$16.3 million repayment of the 8090 FV Subordinated Promissory Note, and \$7.4 million repayment of the 2021 Seller Notes. Please refer to Note 8, "Debt - Senior Capital Term Loan Refinancing" to our consolidated financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 for information regarding our indebtedness outstanding prior to the Business Combination and the refinancing thereof.

In connection with the Business Combination, we recognized a \$34.9 million warrant liability on our consolidated balance sheets for the fair value of the public warrants and private placement warrants that were previously issued by DSAC and assumed by New FiscalNote in the Business Combination, along with the additional private placement warrants that were issued upon the closing of the Business Combination. We adjust the liability-classified warrants to fair value at each reporting period. The warrant liabilities are subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in our condensed consolidated statement of operations. As a result of the recurring fair value measurement, our future financial statements and results of operations may fluctuate quarterly, based on factors that are outside of our control. Due to the recurring fair value measurement, we expect that we will recognize non-cash gains or losses on the warrants each reporting period and that the amount of such gains or losses could be material.

In connection with the Business Combination, we recognized (a) \$28.9 million of incremental stock-based compensation charges that consisted of \$5.0 million related to certain awards that vested as a result of the Business Combination, \$6.2 million related to awards issued to our CEO, COO, and CFO pursuant to their respective employment agreements, and \$17.7 million related to the Earnout Awards that may

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be issued to shareholders and equity award holders that for accounting purposes are treated as compensation awards (See Note 14, **Earnings (Loss) Loss** Per Share, of our condensed consolidated financial statements), (b) \$45.3 million of loss on debt extinguishment as a result of repayment of certain of our outstanding debt, as well as the conversion of our convertible debt as part of the Business Combination, and (c) \$32.1 million interest charge related to the derecognition of the beneficial conversion feature associated with our converted debt.

As a consequence of the Business Combination, we became an SEC-registered and NYSE-listed company, which may require us to hire additional personnel and implement procedures and processes to address public company regulatory requirements and customary practices. Upon Closing, we began to incur additional public company expenses for, among other things, directors' and officers' liability insurance, director fees and additional internal and external accounting, legal and administrative resources.

Factors Impacting the Comparability of Our Operating Results

Acquisitions affect the comparability of our financial statements from period to period. Acquisitions completed during one period impact comparability to a prior period in which we did not own the acquired entity.

On January 27, 2023, we completed the acquisition of Dragonfly for up to \$25.2 million (the "2023 Acquisition"), which included a combination of cash, stock, convertible notes and contingent payments.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we completed the following acquisitions that are referred to as the "2022 Acquisitions" (and collectively with the 2023 Acquisition, the "Acquisitions"):

- Acel Technologies on July 29, 2022 for \$8.7 million; and
- DT-Global on September 30, 2022 for \$0.6 million.

As a result of our acquisitions, respectively, we have, and will continue to incur, significant non-cash amortization expense related to the amortization of purchased intangibles, which have reduced our operating income by approximately \$2.4 million and \$0.9 million \$1.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$4.6 million \$6.5 million and \$1.9 million \$4.0 million during the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

From time to time, management reviews the Company's existing products and services based on their financial profile (e.g., revenue, margin) and strategic factors. In connection with such a review in 2020 and 2021 management decided to cease selling certain non-core subscription products representing subscription revenue of approximately \$0.1 million \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022 and \$0.3 million \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million \$0.9 million during the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

We continue to invest for future growth. We are focused on several key growth levers, including cross-selling and upselling opportunities at existing clients, expanding our client base with a focus on enterprise and government customers, expansion into adjacent markets and deepening our offerings for regulated industries or sectors, and continuing to execute on our acquisition strategy. Several of these growth drivers require investment in and refinement of our go-to-market approach and, as a result, we may continue to incur additional costs upfront to obtain new customers and expand our relationships with existing customers, including additional sales and marketing expenses specific to subscription revenue.

We plan to invest a portion of the available capital resources in building innovative products, acquiring complementary businesses, attracting new customers and expanding our leadership role in the legal and regulatory information market. We drive growth both organically and through acquisitions. We regularly evaluate acquisitions and investment opportunities in complementary businesses to supplement our existing platform, enable us to enter new markets and ensure that we are well positioned to provide critical insights to the regulated sectors of the future. Past acquisitions have enabled us to deliver innovative solutions in new categories, such as global risk analysis and AI-enabled new products, and new data sets to enhance the

functionality of our existing products. Strategic acquisitions will remain a core component of our strategy in the future.

Key Performance Indicators

In addition to our GAAP results further described and discussed below in this “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations,” we monitor the following key performance indicators to evaluate growth trends, prepare financial projections, make strategic decisions, and measure the effectiveness of our sales and marketing efforts. Our management team assesses our performance based on these key performance indicators because it believes they reflect the underlying trends and indicators of our business and serve as meaningful indicators of our continuous operational performance.

Annual Recurring Revenue (“ARR”)

Approximately 90% of our revenues are subscription based, which leads to high revenue predictability. Our ability to retain existing subscription customers is a key performance indicator that helps explain the evolution of our historical results and is a leading indicator of our revenues and cash flows for subsequent periods. We use ARR as a measure of our revenue trend and an indicator of our future revenue opportunity from existing recurring subscription customer contracts. We calculate ARR on a parent account level by annualizing the contracted subscription revenue, and our total ARR as of the end of a period is the aggregate thereof. ARR is not adjusted for the impact of any known or projected future customer cancellations, upgrades or downgrades, or price increases or decreases. The amount of actual revenue that we recognize over any 12-month period is likely to differ from ARR at the beginning of that period, sometimes significantly. This may occur due to timing of the revenue bookings during the period, cancellations, upgrades, or downgrades and pending renewals. ARR should be viewed independently of revenue as it is an operating metric and is not intended to be a replacement or forecast of revenue. Our calculation of ARR may differ from similarly titled metrics presented by other companies.

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Our ARR at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, was **\$120.2 million** **\$123.0 million** and **\$113.3 million**, respectively. Our ARR at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022 excluding the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions, was **\$110.3 million** **\$112.8 million** and **\$103.5 million** **\$105.0 million**, respectively. ARR of the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions, was approximately **\$9.9 million** **\$10.2 million** and **\$8.4 million** **\$9.0 million** as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively, including pre-acquisition ARR performance of the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions on the basis reported to FiscalNote in connection with such company’s acquisition.

Run-Rate Revenue

Management also monitors Run-Rate Revenue, which we define as ARR plus non-subscription revenue earned during the last twelve months. We believe Run-Rate Revenue is an indicator of our total revenue growth, incorporating the non-subscription revenue that we believe is a meaningful contribution to our business as a whole. Although our non-subscription business is non-recurring, we regularly sell different advisory services to repeat customers. The amount of actual subscription and non-subscription revenue that we recognize over any 12-month period is likely to differ from Run-Rate Revenue at the beginning of that period, sometimes significantly. Our Run-Rate Revenue at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and December 31, 2022, including Acquisitions, was approximately **\$135.0 million** **\$138.2 million** and **\$126.7 million**, respectively. Our Run-Rate Revenue at **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, excluding the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions, was approximately **\$123.0 million** **\$126.1 million** and **\$115.4 million** **\$118.0 million**, respectively. Run-Rate Revenue of the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions was approximately **\$12.0 million** **\$12.1 million** and **\$9.8 million** **\$10.6 million** as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively, including pre-acquisition Run-Rate Revenue performance of the Acquisitions on the basis reported to FiscalNote in connection with such company's acquisition.

Net Revenue Retention (“NRR”)

Our NRR, which we use to measure our success in retaining and growing recurring revenue from our existing customers, compares our recognized recurring revenue from a set of customers across comparable periods. We calculate our NRR for a given period as ARR at the end of the period minus ARR contracted from new clients for which there is no historical revenue booked during the period, divided by the beginning ARR for the period. We calculate NRR at our parent account level. Customers from acquisitions are not included in NRR until they have been part of our condensed consolidated results for 12 months. Accordingly, the 2023 and 2022 Acquisitions are not included in our NRR for the three and **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. Our calculation of NRR for any fiscal period includes the positive recurring revenue impacts of selling additional licenses and services to existing customers and the negative recognized recurring revenue impacts of contraction and attrition among this set of customers. Our NRR may fluctuate as a result of a number of factors, including the growing level of our revenue base, the level of penetration within our customer base, expansion of products and features, the timing of renewals, and our ability to retain our customers. Our calculation of NRR may differ from similarly titled metrics presented by other companies. NRR was **98%** **100%** and **99%** for the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022, respectively.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, we use certain non-GAAP financial measures to clarify and enhance our understanding, and aid in the period-to-period comparison, of our performance. Where applicable, we provide reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the corresponding most closely related GAAP measure. Investors are encouraged to review the reconciliation of each of these non-GAAP financial measures to its most comparable GAAP financial measure. While we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful supplemental information, non-GAAP financial measures have

limitations and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, their most comparable GAAP measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not prepared in accordance with GAAP, do not reflect a comprehensive system of accounting and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to potential differences in their financing and accounting methods, the book value of their assets, their capital structures, the method by which their assets were acquired and the manner in which they define non-GAAP measures.

Adjusted Revenue

Adjusted revenue represents revenue adjusted to include amounts that would have been recognized if deferred revenue was not adjusted to fair value in connection with acquisition accounting. Adjusted revenue is presented because we use this measure to evaluate performance of our business against prior periods and believe it is useful for investors as an indicator of the underlying performance of our business. Adjusted revenue is not a recognized term under U.S. GAAP. Adjusted revenue does not represent revenues, as that term is defined under GAAP, and should not be considered as an alternative to revenues as an indicator of our operating performance. Adjusted revenue as presented herein is not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin

We define Adjusted Gross Profit as Adjusted Revenue minus cost of revenues, before amortization of intangible assets that are included in costs of revenues. We define Adjusted Gross Profit Margin as Adjusted Gross Profit divided by Adjusted Revenues.

We use Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin to understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends. We believe these metrics are useful measures to us and to our investors to assist in evaluating our core operating performance because they provide consistency and direct comparability with our past financial performance and between fiscal periods, as the metrics eliminate the non-cash effects of amortization of intangible assets and deferred revenue, which are non-cash impacts that may fluctuate for reasons unrelated to overall operating performance.

Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. They should not be considered as replacements for gross profit and gross profit margin, as determined by GAAP, or as measures of our profitability. We compensate for these limitations by relying primarily on our GAAP results and using non-GAAP measures only for supplemental purposes. Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin as presented herein are not necessarily comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures. EBITDA represents earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA reflects further adjustments to EBITDA to exclude certain non-cash items and other items that management believes are not indicative of ongoing operations. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by Adjusted Revenue.

We disclose EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q because these non-GAAP measures are key measures used by management to evaluate our business, measure our operating performance and make strategic decisions. We believe that EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are useful for investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as management. EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are not financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered as substitutes for net loss, net loss before income taxes, or any other operating performance measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Using these non-GAAP financial measures to analyze our business would have material limitations because the calculations are based on the subjective determination of management regarding the nature and classification of events and circumstances that investors may find significant. In addition, although other companies in our industry may report measures titled EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin or similar measures, such non-GAAP financial measures may be calculated differently from how we calculate non-GAAP financial measures, which reduces their comparability. Because of these limitations, you should consider EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin alongside other financial performance measures, including net income and our other financial results presented in accordance with GAAP.

Key Components of Results of Operations

Revenues

We derive our revenues from subscription revenue arrangements and advisory, advertising and other revenues. Subscription revenues account for approximately 90% of our total revenues for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** and 2022.

Subscription revenue

Subscription revenues consist of revenue earned from subscription-based arrangements that provide customers the right to use the Company's software and products in a cloud-based infrastructure. Subscription revenues are driven primarily by the number of active licenses, the types of products and the price of the subscriptions. The Company also earns subscription revenues by licensing to customers its digital content, including transcripts, news and analysis, images, video and podcast data.

Our subscription arrangements generally have contractual terms of 12 months or more and are non-refundable regardless of the actual use of the service. Subscription revenues are recognized ratably over the non-cancellable contract terms beginning on the commencement date of each contract, which is the date our service is first made available to customers.

Advisory, advertising, and other revenue

Advisory revenue is typically earned under contracts for specific deliverables and are non-recurring in nature, although we regularly sell different advisory services to repeat customers. One-time advisory revenues are invoiced according to the terms of the contract, usually delivered to the customer over a short period of time, during which revenues are recognized.

Advertising revenue is primarily generated by delivering advertising in our own publications (Roll Call and CQ) in both print and digital formats. Revenue for print advertising is recognized upon publication of the advertisement. Revenue for digital advertising is recognized over the period of the advertisement or, if the contract contains impression guarantees, based on delivered impressions.

Book revenue is recognized when the product is shipped to the customer, which is when control of the product transfers to the customer. Shipping and handling costs are treated as a fulfillment activity and are expensed as incurred.

Events revenue is deferred and only recognized when the event has taken place and is included in other revenues.

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues primarily consists of expenses related to hosting our service, the costs of data center capacity, amortization of developed technology and capitalized software development costs, certain fees paid to various third parties for the use of their technology, services, or data, costs of compensation, including bonuses, stock compensation, benefits and other expenses for employees associated with providing professional services and other direct costs of production. Also included in cost of revenues are our costs related to the preparation of contracted advisory deliverables, as well as costs to develop, publish, print and deliver our publications underlying our books revenue.

Research and development

Research and development expenses include the costs of compensation, including bonuses, stock compensation, benefits and other expenses for employees associated with the creation and testing of the products we offer, related software subscriptions, consulting and contractor fees and allocated overhead.

Sales and marketing

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses, including bonuses, stock compensation, benefits and other expenses for our sales and marketing staff, including commissions, related software subscriptions, consulting fees, marketing programs

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and allocated overhead. Marketing programs consist of advertising, events, corporate communications, brand building and product marketing activities.

Editorial

Editorial expenses consist of salaries and related expenses, including bonuses, stock compensation, benefits and other expenses for the editorial team involved in acquiring, creating, and distributing content and allocated overhead.

General and administrative

General and administrative expenses are primarily related to our executive offices, finance and accounting, human resources, legal, internal operations and other corporate functions. These expenses consist of salaries and related expenses, including bonuses, stock compensation, benefits and other expenses, along with professional fees, depreciation and other allocated overhead.

Amortization of intangible assets

Amortization expense relates to our finite-lived intangible assets, including developed technology, customer relationship, databases and tradenames. These assets are amortized over periods of between three and twenty years. Finite-lived intangible assets are tested for impairment when indicators are present, and, if impaired, are written down to fair value. No impairment of intangible assets has been identified during any financial period included in our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment when indicators are present, and if impaired are written down to fair value. An impairment of goodwill has been identified for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and is included in our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

Transaction costs, net

Transaction costs consist of acquisition related costs (including due diligence, accounting, legal, and other professional fees, incurred from acquisition activity), fair value adjustments to contingent consideration due to sellers, and non-capitalizable costs.

Interest expense, net

Interest expense, net, consists of expense related to interest on our borrowings, the amortization and write off of debt issuance costs and original discount, and interest related to certain derivative instruments.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of warrants, debt accounted for under the fair value option, and derivative liabilities are accounted for in accordance with ASC 815, ASC 825, and ASC 480. These financial instruments are marked to market each reporting period in accordance with ASC 820 with all gains and losses being recorded within the condensed consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss, with the exception of any gains or losses recorded due to changes in the fair value of instrument-specific credit risk being recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Income taxes

We use the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between the condensed consolidated financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse.

The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax laws is recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts that are expected to be realized based on the weighting of positive and negative evidence.

Results of Operations

The period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations have been prepared using the historical periods included in our condensed consolidated financial statements. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with those condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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Comparison of the Consolidated Results for the Three and Six Nine Months Ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022

The following table presents our results of operations for the periods indicated:

(In thousan ds)	Three Months Ended						Three Months Ended						Nine Months Ended					
	June 30,		Change		June 30,		Change		30,		Change		30,		Change			
	202	202	\$	%	202	202	\$	%	202	202	\$	%	202	202	\$	%		
	3	2			3	2	\$	%	3	2	\$	%	3	2	\$	%		
Revenues:																		
Subscriptions:	2	2			5	4	1		3	2			8	7	1			
Cryptocurrency:	9	4	5		7	7	0		0	6	3		7	3	4			
On:	,	,	,	2	,	,	,	2	,	,	,	1	,	,	,	2		
Advisory, advertising, and other:	4	3	1	1	9	1	8	3	0	0	9	5	9	1	8	0		
Other:	6	3	3	.	2	1	1	.	5	7	8	.	8	8	0	.		
	\$ 2	\$ 2	\$ 0	1%	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ 8	0%	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 2	3%	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 0	2%		
Advisory, advertising, and other:	3	2			6	6			3	2			0	9	1	1		
Other:	,	,	1		,	,			,	,	3		,	,	,	1		
Operating expenses:	3	8	5	8	4	1	3	5	9	9	9	1	3	1	2	3		
Operating expenses:	8	4	3	.	4	3	0	.	5	9	5	.	9	3	6	.		
Operating expenses:	0	2	8	9%	2	4	8	0%	2	6	6	9%	4	0	4	8%		
Total revenues:	3	2			6	5	1		3	2			9	8	1			
Total revenues:	2	7	5		4	3	1		4	9	4		8	2	6			
Operating expenses:	,	,	,	2	,	,	,	2	,	,	,	1	,	,	,	1		
Operating expenses:	8	1	6	0	3	2	1	0	0	0	9	7	3	3	0	9		
Operating expenses:	4	7	6	.	7	4	2	.	0	7	3	.	8	1	6	.		
Operating expenses:	2	4	8	9%	1	5	6	9%	9	1	8	0%	0	6	4	5%		

Cost of revenues	9	7	1	8	4	3	2	8	2	2
	,	,	2	,	,	2	,	,	,	2
uses	4	7	7	3	4	8	5	3	8	5
	8	1	7	.	2	8	4	.	6	8
	5	2	3	0%	2	2	0	8%	3	1
Research and development	4	3		9	9		4	5	1	(
	,	,	1	,	,	(	,	,	1	(
opment	5	7	7	9	6	8	1	1	1	4
	1	9	1	.	3	0	7	.	7	3
	0	1	9	0%	0	9	9)	8)%	0	8
Sales and marketing	1	1		2	1		1	1	3	3
	1	0	1	3	9	4	1	1	5	1
	,	,	1	,	,	2	,	,	,	1
	6	3	2	2	9	8	0	0	2	7
	8	9	9	.	8	9	9	.	2	0
	9	5	4	4%	7	2	5	6%	2	0
Editorial	4	3	1	9	7	1	4	4	1	1
	,	,	4	,	,	2	,	,	,	2
	7	3	4	2	0	0	5	2	5	2
	5	4	0	.	1	2	9	.	3	4
	2	6	6	0%	7	2	5	4%	3	0
General and administrative	1	1		3	2	1	1	3	1	2
	6	0	6	4	0	3	4	8	8	0
	,	,	6	,	,	6	,	,	,	1
	1	0	1	1	3	5	8	5	8	7
	7	3	4	.	9	9	0	.	1	3
	4	3	1	2%	5	0	5	0%	3	5
Amortization of intangible asset	2	2		5	5		2	2	8	7
	,	,	1	,	,		,	,	,	1
	9	6	2	1	7	2	4	9	6	8
	0	0	9	.	1	1	9	.	1	9
	1	9	2	2%	5	7	8	5%	4	8

Impairment of goodwill will	-	-	-	0%	7	-	7	0%	-	-	-	0%	7	-	7	0%
Transaktion costs (gain s), net	1	(	1		1				1	1	1		1	1		
	,	(	6	,	,	,			(	,	,	4	,	,	((
	3	0	7	9	7	(	7	N	5	2	8	5	1	2	1	9
	0	2	1	.	1	1	3	M	7	7	5	.	3	5	1	.
	9	7	8)	9)%	7	8)	5	%	9)	5	4)	4)%	8	7	9)	5)%
Total																
Operating expenses	4	3	1		0	7	3		4	7	2		5	5		
	9	8	0		8	7	1		7	3	5	(	6	0	5	
	,	,	,	2	,	,	,	4	,	,	,	3	,	,	,	
	8	9	9	8	7	3	3	0	4	1	7	5	1	5	5	3
	2	1	0	.	2	9	2	.	7	9	2	.	9	9	9	.
	0	3	7	0%	0	4	6	5%	0	7	7)	1)%	0	1	9	7%
Operating loss	(((((((((
	1	1	(		4	2	2		1	4	3		5	6	1	
	6	1	5		4	4	0		3	4	0	(	7	8	0	(
	,	,	,	4	,	,	,	8	,	,	,	6	,	,	,	1
	9	7	2	4	3	1	2	3	4	1	6	9	8	2	4	5
	7	3	3	.	4	4	0	.	6	2	6	.	1	7	6	.
	8)	9)	9)	6%	9)	9)	0)	6%	1)	6)	5	5)%	0)	5)	5	3)%
Interest expenses, net																
	2	1			1	4	3						2	8	6	
	7	4	7	(	3	6	2	(	8	2	4	(	1	9	7	(
	,	,	,	7	,	,	,	7	,	,	,	8	,	,	,	7
	1	2	1	0	8	7	9	0	0	8	8	1	8	6	8	5
	5	5	0	.	3	7	4	.	1	9	7	.	5	7	1	.
	4	5	1)	5)%	5	8	3)	4)%	8	4	6)	3)%	3	2	9)	6)%

Change in fair value of financial instruments	2,909.5%	1,351.4%	(1,355.5%)	(2,146.8%)	1,188.8%	(1,188.8%)
Gain on PPP loan upon extinguishment	- - - - 0%	- 7) 7 %	(	7 7	(	7 7
Loss on debt extinguishment, net	- - - - 0%	- 7) 7 %	(	4 4	(	4 4
Loss on settlement	3,313.4%	3,044.7%	(3,444.7%)	(4,444.7%)	3,225.5%	(3,225.5%)
Other expenses, net	(1,436.92%)	(3,177.47%)	(6,574.59%)	(2,977.74%)	(2,544.94%)	(2,242.44%)

Net loss before income taxes	(300,676)	(3,870)	(5,020)	(6,025)	(1,707)	(1,707)	(1,444)	(1,625)	(1,625)	(1,625)	(1,625)	(1,625)
Provision on (benefit) from income taxes	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)	(2,131)
Net loss	(3,633)	(6,903)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)	(3,633)
Subscription revenue	\$ 29.5 million	\$ 30.1 million	\$ 24.3 million	\$ 26.1 million	\$ 57.9 million	\$ 88.0 million	\$ 10.8 million	\$ 14.8 million				
Change for the Three Months Ended												
Change for the Six Months Ended												
Change for the Nine Months Ended												

Revenue:

Subscription revenue

Subscription revenue of \$29.5 million \$30.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased \$5.1 million \$4.0 million, or 21% 15%, from \$24.3 million \$26.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. Subscription revenue of \$57.9 million \$88.0 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 increased \$10.8 million \$14.8 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022.

The comparability of our revenues between periods was impacted by the Acquisitions described under "Factors Impacting the Comparability of Our Results of Operations" above. The table below presents the primary items that impacted the comparability of our subscription revenues between periods.

Change for the Three Months Ended	Change for the Six Months Ended	Change for the Three Months Ended	Change for the Nine Months Ended

(In thousands)	June 30, 2023 vs June 30, 2022				September 30, 2023 vs September 30, 2022			
	June 30, 2023 vs June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023 vs June 30, 2022		September 30, 2023 vs September 30, 2022		September 30, 2023 vs September 30, 2022	
	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%
Revenue change driver:								
Impact of 2021 Acquisition s deferred revenue adjustment	10	1,7	10	30	10	1,85	10	3
\$ 737	0 %			\$ 124	0 %			0 %
Increase from 2022 Acquisition s	10	10	10	978	10	1,19	10	3
501	0 %			215	0 %			0 %
Increase from 2023 Acquisition s	1,7	10	2,9	21	10	4,83	10	0
71	0 %			9	0 %			0 %
Decrease from discontinue d products	(12 6)	(4 6)%	(27 0)	(4 5)%	(11 8)	(44)%	(388)	(45)%
Increase from organic business	2,2 47	9 %	5,4 59	11 %	1,85 2	7 %	7,31 2	10 %
Revenues, net (total change)	5,1 \$ 30	21 %	10, \$ 818	23 %	3,98 \$ 2	15 %	14,8 \$ 00	20 %

Our organic growth (determined based on FiscalNote ownership over a full calendar year) has grown through the successful integration of our 2021 Acquisitions (defined as the acquisition of FactSquared LLC and the acquisitions in calendar year 2021) as evidenced by the growth in our organic ARR from **\$103.0 million** **\$108.0 million** at **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022** compared to **\$110.2 million** **\$123.0 million** at **June**

30, 2023 September 30, 2023. Also contributing towards our growth in revenue is a realignment of our business development team, strategic price increases, and rollout of new products. Revenue for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 reflects a full six nine months of revenue from the 2022 Acquisitions as well as a partial period of revenue contribution from the 2023 Acquisition, whereas revenue for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 does not reflect any September 30, 2022 only reflects some revenue contribution from the 2022 Acquisitions and no revenue contribution from the 2023 Acquisitions.

Advisory, advertising, and other revenue

Advisory, advertising, and other revenue was \$3.4 million \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, as compared to \$2.8 million \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase of \$0.5 million \$1.0 million, or 19%, was primarily due to timing of revenue recognition for certain contracts.

Advisory, advertising, and other revenue was \$6.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to \$6.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The increase of \$0.3 million, or 5% 32%, was primarily due to timing of revenue recognition for certain contracts.

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Advisory, advertising, and other revenue was \$10.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to \$9.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase of \$1.3 million, or 14%, was primarily due to timing of revenue recognition for certain contracts.

Revenue by Geography

The below tables present our revenues split by geographic region for the periods presented:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended				Three Months Ended			
	June 30,		Change		September 30,		Change	
	2023	2022	\$	%	2023	2022	\$	%
North America	26,74	24,10	2,63		27,0	25,13	1,88	
Europe	\$ 4	\$ 5	\$ 9	10.9 %	\$ 25	\$ 9	\$ 6	7.5 %
Australia	5,077	2,503	2,57	102.	5,01		2,73	119.
	288	276	12	4.3 %	298	293	5	1.7 %

Asia	Six Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	June 30,		Change		September 30,		Change	
(In thousands)	2023	2022	\$	%	2023	2022	\$	%
North America	52,89	47,30	5,59	NM%	79,9	72,44	7,47	NM%
Europe	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$ 2	11.8 %	\$ 21	\$ 3	\$ 8	10.3 %
Australia	9,177	5,002	4,17	83.5 %	92	7,286	6	94.8 %
Asia	577	534	43	8.1 %	875	827	48	5.8 %
Total revenues	1,721	405	1,31	NM%	3,39	2	1,63	NM%
	64,37	53,24	11,1		98,3	82,31	16,0	
	\$ 1	\$ 5	\$ 26	20.9 %	\$ 80	\$ 6	\$ 64	19.5 %

Revenues by geography are determined based on the region of the FiscalNote contracting entity, which may be different than the region of the customer. North America revenues increased primarily for the reasons stated above. Revenues outside of North America increased primarily due to our acquisitions of Dragonfly (included in Europe) and Aicel (included in Asia).

Cost of revenues

Cost of revenues was \$9.5 million \$10.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, as compared to \$7.7 million \$8.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase of \$1.8 million \$1.7 million, or 23% 20%, was primarily attributable to an increase of \$0.9 million \$0.4 million related to the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions combined with an increase in amortization expense of approximately \$1.0 million \$1.9 million related to capitalized software development costs and developed technology. technology partially offset by a decrease of \$0.5 million related to data center costs.

Cost of revenues was \$18.4 million \$28.9 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, as compared to \$14.9 million \$23.6 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase of \$3.5 million \$5.3 million, or 24% 22%, was primarily attributable to an increase of \$1.9 million \$2.3 million related to the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions combined with an increase in amortization expense of approximately \$1.7 million \$3.6 million related to capitalized software development

costs and developed technology, increased meeting expenses of \$0.4 million, and increased stock compensation expense of \$0.2 million partially offset by a decrease of \$1.3 million related to data center costs.

Research and development

Research and development expense was \$4.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$3.8 million \$5.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase decrease of \$0.7 million \$1.1 million, or 19%, was primarily attributable to \$0.3 million a decrease of incremental \$1.3 million of compensation and benefits combined with a decrease of \$0.2 million of share-based compensation and \$0.3 million partially offset by an increase of \$0.5 million of research and development costs incurred by our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

Research and development expense was \$9.6 million \$14.2 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$9.8 million \$15.4 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease of \$0.2 million \$1.3 million, or 2% 8%, was primarily attributable to a decrease of \$1.4 million \$2.5 million of compensation and benefits partially offset by \$0.6 million \$0.5 million incremental share-based compensation and \$0.5 million \$0.6 million of research and development costs incurred by our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

Sales and marketing

Sales and marketing expense was \$11.7 million \$11.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$10.4 million \$11.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease of \$0.6 million, or 5%, was primarily attributable to an decrease of \$0.9 million of compensation and benefits and \$0.2 million of commission amortization, a \$0.2 million reduction in bad debt expense partially offset by an increase of \$0.7 million from our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

Sales and marketing expense was \$35.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to \$31.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase of \$1.3 million \$3.5 million, or 12% 11%, was primarily attributable to an increase of \$0.8 million \$2.1 million from our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions, \$0.5 million \$0.6 million increase of commission amortization, and expense, an increase of \$0.2 million of share-based compensation.

Sales and marketing expense was \$24.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 as compared to \$19.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The increase of \$4.1 million, or 21%, was primarily attributable to an increase of \$0.7 million in compensation and benefits stemming from an increase in our sales team headcount, build out of our sales leadership, an increase of \$1.4 million from our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions, \$0.8 million of commission amortization, an increase of \$0.5 million \$0.9 million of share-based compensation, an increase of \$0.4 million related to software, and an increase of \$0.2 million of bad debt expense relating to implementation of new accounting guidance. guidance partially offset by a decrease of \$0.4 million in compensation and benefits and \$0.3 million related to less marketing and conference spending.

Editorial expense

Editorial expense was \$4.8 million \$4.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$3.3 million \$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022. The increase was primarily the result of an increase of our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions and headcount realignment within the Company.

Editorial expense was \$9.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 as compared to \$7.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily the result of an increase of our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions and headcount realignment within the Company.

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Editorial expense was \$13.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 as compared to \$11.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily the result of an increase of our 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions and headcount realignment within the Company.

General and administrative

General and administrative expense was \$16.2 million \$14.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$10.0 million \$38.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase decrease of \$6.1 million \$24.5 million, or 61% 63%, was primarily attributable to \$4.2 million \$17.7 million of incremental stock compensation expense for vested earnout awards recognized at the transaction date, lower non-cash stock based compensation expense \$1.2 million associated with incremental public of \$5.9 million, and lower salary and benefits costs such as insurance, build out of investor relations and people teams, and \$0.8 million \$1.4 million partially offset by \$0.5 million of incremental costs from the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

General and administrative expense was \$34.4 million \$48.8 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$20.6 million \$59.5 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase decrease of \$13.8 million \$10.7 million, or 67% 18%, was primarily attributable to \$9.7 million \$1.5 of lower salary and benefit costs, \$17.7 million of stock compensation expense for vested earnout awards recognized at the transaction date, partially offset by \$3.8 million of incremental non-cash stock based compensation expense, \$2.4 million associated with incremental public costs such as insurance, build out of investor relations and people teams, and \$1.7 million \$2.3 million of incremental costs from the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

Impairment of goodwill

Impairment of goodwill was \$5.8 million recognized during the first quarter of 2023 related to the impairment of goodwill in the ESG reporting unit.

Amortization of intangibles

Amortization of intangibles was \$2.9 million for the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** as compared to \$2.6 million for the three months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. The increase of \$0.3 million, or 11%, is primarily due to the increase in amortizable intangible assets from the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

Amortization of intangibles was **\$5.7 million** **\$8.6 million** for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** as compared to **\$5.2 million** **\$7.8 million** for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. The increase of **\$0.5 million** **\$0.8 million**, or 10%, is primarily due to the the increase in amortizable intangible assets from the 2022 and 2023 Acquisitions.

Transaction costs (gains), net

Transaction **costs** **gains** were **\$0.3 million** **\$0.6 million** for the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, as compared to transaction costs of **\$1.0 million** **\$1.3 million** for the three months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. The change of **\$0.7 million** **\$1.9 million** relates to a **\$0.3 million** decrease of **\$1.8 million** in **transactions** **non-capitalized** costs related to **business acquisitions** primarily related to the **acquisition of Dragonfly Business Combination**, a decrease in **2023** offset by transaction costs related to the 2022 acquisitions combined with **contingent compensation expense** **gains** related to the reversing of previously recognized **earnout liabilities** partially offset by changes in **earnout liabilities** related to our 2021 Acquisitions.

Transaction costs were \$1.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, as compared to transaction costs of \$1.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The change of \$0.1 million relates to a decrease of \$1.9 million in non-capitalized costs related to the Business Combination and \$0.7 million from contingent compensation gains from the reversal of previously recognized expense partially offset by \$2.0 million gain from contingent compensation and earnout liabilities recognized in 2022 for the nine months ended September 30, 2022 related to our 2021 Acquisitions.

Transaction costs were \$1.7 million for Acquisitions and the six months ended June 30, 2023, as compared to transaction gains reversing of \$0.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022. The change of \$1.7 million relates to previously recognized earnout liabilities and a **\$0.8 million** **\$0.4 million** increase in transactions costs related to business acquisitions primarily related to the acquisition of Dragonfly offset by 2022 Acquisition costs combined with a \$1.0 million gain from contingent compensation and earnout liabilities recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2022 related to our 2021 Acquisitions and the reversing of previously recognized earnout liabilities.**costs**.

Interest expense, net

Interest expense was \$7.2 million \$8.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$24.3 million \$42.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in interest expense of \$17.1 million \$34.9 million was primarily due to interest expense we recorded related to the convertible notes that converted into equity as part of the Business Combination as well as interest expense incurred related to the \$18.0 million related party convertible note issued in the fourth quarter of 2021, 2021 offset by interest on the senior term loan due to the rising prime interest rate, new GPO note and Dragonfly convertible notes.

Interest expense was \$13.8 million \$21.9 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to \$46.8 million \$89.7 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The decrease in interest expense of \$33.0 million \$67.8 million was primarily due to interest expense we recorded related to the convertible notes that converted into equity as part of the Business Combination as well as interest expense incurred related to the \$18.0 million related party convertible note issued in the fourth quarter of 2021, 2021 offset by interest on the senior term loan due to the rising prime interest rate, new GPO note and Dragonfly convertible notes.

Change in fair value of financial instruments

Change in fair value of financial instruments was a \$3.0 million loss \$7.2 million gain for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to a \$2.0 million loss \$21.9 million gain for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase change in loss gain of \$1.0 million \$14.7 million primarily represents a loss gain that was recorded as a result of the fair value adjustment of the warrant liabilities that were assumed in connection with the Business Combination and offset by the loss on the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes, offset by the loss resulting from the final fair value adjustment of the embedded derivative liabilities that were settled as part of the Business Combination. Notes.

Change in fair value of financial instruments was a \$11.7 million \$18.9 million gain for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as compared to a \$3.4 million loss \$18.5 million gain for the six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The increase of \$15.1 million \$0.4 million primarily represents a gain that was

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recorded as a result of the fair value adjustment of the warrant liabilities that were assumed in connection with the Business Combination offset by a loss on the Dragonfly Seller Convertible Notes and the loss resulting from the final fair value adjustment of the embedded derivative liabilities that were settled as part of the Business Combination.

Gain on PPP loan upon extinguishment

The Company recognized the forgiveness of the PPP Loan as a gain on debt extinguishment during the first quarter of 2022 for \$7.7 million.

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Certain Non-GAAP Measures

We present certain non-GAAP financial measures including Adjusted Revenues, Adjusted Gross Profit, Adjusted Gross Profit Margin and Adjusted EBITDA. Our management team assesses our performance based on these non-GAAP measures because it believes they reflect the underlying trends and indicators of our business and serve as meaningful indicators of our continuous operational performance. We believe these measures are useful for investors for the same reasons. Investors should be aware that these measures are not a substitute for GAAP financial measures or disclosures. Where applicable, we provide reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to the corresponding most closely related GAAP measure.

Adjusted Revenues

The following table presents our calculation of Adjusted Revenues for the periods presented, and a reconciliation of this measure to our GAAP revenues for the same periods:

(In thousands)	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Subscription revenue	29, \$ 462	24, \$ 332	57, \$ 9	47, \$ 111	30,0 \$ 57	26,0 \$ 75	87,9 \$ 86	73,1 \$ 86
Deferred revenue adjustment	-	737	-	30	-	123	-	3
Adjusted subscription revenue	29, 462	25, 069	92 9	48, 841	30,0 57	26,1 98	87,9 86	75,0 39
Advisory, advertising, and other revenue	3,3 80	2,8 42	6,4 42	6,1 34	3,95 2	2,99 6	10,3 94	9,13 0

Adjusted Revenues	32, \$ 842	27, \$ 911	37, \$ 1	54, \$ 975	64, \$ 09	34,0 \$ 94	29,1 \$ 80	98,3 \$ 80	84,1 \$ 69
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Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin

The following table presents our calculation of Adjusted Gross Profit and Adjusted Gross Profit Margin for the periods presented:

(In thousand \$)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	32, \$ 2	27, \$ 911	37, \$ 1	54, \$ 5	34, \$ 009	29, \$ 194	98, \$ 380	84, \$ 169
Adjusted Revenue	32, \$ 2	27, \$ 911	37, \$ 1	54, \$ 5	34, \$ 009	29, \$ 194	98, \$ 380	84, \$ 169
Costs of revenue	(9, 48, 5)	(27, 7, 12)	(18, 42, 2)	(14, 88, 2)	(10, 441)	(8, 6, 99)	(28, 863)	(23, 581)
Amortization of intangible assets	3,0, 61	2,0, 09	5,6, 58	3,8, 32	4,7, 96	2,8, 32	10, 454	6,6, 64
Adjusted Gross Profit	26, \$ 8	22, \$ 208	51, \$ 7	43, \$ 5	28, \$ 364	23, \$ 327	79, \$ 971	67, \$ 252
Adjusted Gross Profit Margin	80%	80%	80%	80%	83%	80%	81%	80%

EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

The following table presents our calculation of EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Adjusted EBITDA Margin for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022

(In thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net loss			(5	(6				
	(30	(38	0,	6,	(14	(10	(64	(17
	,97	,36	24	71	,46	9,0	,71	5,7
	\$ 3)	\$ 0)	\$ 6)	\$ 1)	\$ 7)	\$ 02)	\$ 3)	\$ 13)
Provision (benefit) from income taxes	21	(17	24	(5		(2,2	18	(2,8
	3	6)	3	50)	(62)	86)	1	36)
Depreciation and amortization			12	9,			20,	
	6,2	4,9	,0	63	8,0	5,7	07	15,
	97	14	44	1	30	43	4	374
Interest expense, net		24,	13	46			21,	
	7,1	25	,8	,7	8,0	42,	85	89,
	54	5	35	78	18	894	3	672
EBITDA			(2	(1				
	(17	(9,	4,	0,			(22	
	,30	36	12	85	1,5	(62,	,60	(73,
	9)	7)	4)	2)	19	651)	5)	503)
Deferred revenue adjustment				1,				
		73		73				1,8
(a)	-	7	-	0	-	123	-	53
Stock- based compensati on			11				18,	
	5,4	56	,9	82	6,2	30,	21	30,
	82	5	88	5	24	043	2	868
Change in fair value of financial instruments			(1				(18	
			1,	3,	(7,			
	2,9	2,0	69	38	15	(21,	,85	(18,
(b)	87	48	3)	6	7)	910)	0)	524)

Loss on debt extinguish- ment, net					45,		45,	
					-	250	-	250
Other non- cash (gains) charges (c)	58	27	5, 1	(8, 33 1 8)	(70 4)	(94 8)	5,2 27	(9,2 86)
Acquisition related costs (d)	15	50	37	57			1,3	1,0
	7	0	9	2	12	431	91	03
Employee severance costs (e)	38		75		56		1,3	
	1	-	0	-	0	149	10	149
Non- capitalizable debt raising costs	11		31	40			31	
	0	-	6	3	-	-	6	403
Other infrequent costs (f)	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	20
Costs incurred related to the transaction	15	25	33	45		1,7	41	2,2
(g)	0	6	4	9	81	91	5	50
Loss contingenc- y (h)	3,7		89		20		4,0	
	22	-	0	-	1	286	91	286
Adjusted EBITDA	(4, 26	(4, 99	1, 22	1, 79			(10 ,49	(19, 231)
	\$ 2)	\$ 0)	\$ 9)	\$ 5)	\$ 6	\$ 36)	\$ 3)	\$ 231)

Adjusted EBITDA Margin	(13.0)%	(17.9)%	7.4)%	1.5)%	2.2%	(25.5)%	(10.7)%	(22.8)%
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(a) Reflects deferred revenue fair value adjustments arising from the purchase price allocation in connection with the 2021 Acquisitions.

(b) Reflects the non-cash impact from the mark to market adjustments on our financial instruments.

(c) Reflects the non-cash impact of the following: (i) impairment of goodwill of \$5,837 in the first quarter of 2023, (ii) loss from equity method investment of \$34 in the first quarter of 2023, and a loss from equity method investment of \$56 in the second quarter of 2023, and a gain from equity method investment of \$147 in the third quarter of 2023, (iii) charge of \$2 in the first quarter of 2023, and charge of \$2 in the second quarter of 2023, and a gain of \$672 in third quarter of 2023 from the change in fair value related to the contingent consideration and contingent compensation related to the 2021, 2022, and 2023 Acquisitions; (iv) unrealized loss on short-term investments of \$115 in the third quarter of 2023; (v) gain of \$1,320 in

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the first quarter of 2022, and a charge of \$271 in the second quarter of 2022, and a gain of \$948 in the third quarter of 2022 from the change in fair value related to the contingent consideration and contingent compensation related to the 2021 Acquisitions, (vi) gain of \$7,667 related to the partial forgiveness of our PPP Loan during the first quarter of 2022, and (vii) \$378 impairment charge recognized in the first quarter of 2022 related to the abandonment of one of our leases upon adoption of ASC 842 on January 1, 2022.

(d) Reflects the costs incurred to identify, consider, and complete business combination transactions consisting of advisory, legal, and other professional consulting costs.

(e) Severance costs associated with workforce changes related to business realignment actions.

(f) Costs incurred related to litigation we believe to be outside of our normal course of business totaling \$20 in the first quarter of 2022.

(g) Includes non-capitalizable transaction costs associated with incurred within one year of the Business Combination.

(h) Reflects (i) \$3,474 non-cash loss contingency charge related to the settlement with GPO FN Noteholder LLC recorded in the second quarter of 2023; (ii) accounting and legal costs incurred associated with the settlement with GPO FN Noteholder LLC totaling \$168 in the first quarter of 2023, and \$24 in the second quarter of 2023, \$201 in the third quarter of 2023, and \$286 in the third quarter of 2022. See further discussion in Note 17, "Commitments and Contingencies" and Note 8, "Debt".

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Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have incurred losses and negative Historically the Company's cash flows from operations since inception. Through June 30, 2023, we have funded our operations with proceeds from the Business Combination as well as the closing of the New Senior Term Loan whereby not been sufficient to fund its current operating model and the Company received funded operations through raising equity and debt, including the receipt of approximately \$65.6 million of net cash proceeds additional borrowings under debt facilities, and receipts from the sale of our products to customers in the ordinary course of business. Transactions. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the Company's cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, and short-term investments was \$38.1 million \$24.4 million compared to \$61.2 million at December 31, 2022.

The Company had a negative working capital balance of \$46.7 million \$41.4 million (excluding cash and short-term investments) at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and had an accumulated deficit of \$751.2

million \$765.7 million and \$700.7 million as of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and has incurred net losses of \$50.2 million \$64.7 million and \$66.7 million \$175.7 million for the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Management expects that significant on-going operating and capital expenditures will be necessary to continue to implement the Company's business plan of entering new markets, future acquisitions, and infrastructure and product development. Historically

While the Company's future projections indicate that the Company will have sufficient liquidity to meet its obligations in the normal course of business within one year from the date of this filing, our ability to maintain our minimum cash flows from operations have not been sufficient to requirement, fund its current operating model.

Our capital our future cash interest requirements depend on many factors, including sales volume, the timing and extent of spending to support R&D efforts, investments in information technology systems, the expansion of sales and marketing activities, and execution on our acquisition strategy. We believe our cash on hand, proceeds from our expected product sales, and available borrowings under our New Senior Term Loan for certain acquisition activity, will be sufficient to meet our short-term \$156.0 million senior term loan and long-term operating expenses and capital expenditures for at least the next twelve months.

However, our ability to fund our operating expenses and capital expenditure requirements will depend in part on general economic, financial, competitive, legislative, regulatory and other conditions that may be beyond our control. Depending on these The Company has implemented various cost saving measures throughout the year and other market conditions, we may seek is actively seeking additional financing. sources of capital. Volatility in the credit markets may have an adverse effect on our ability to obtain debt financing. If we raise additional funds through the issuance of equity, equity-linked or debt securities, those securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to the rights of our common stock, or may require us to agree to unfavorable terms, and our existing stockholders may experience significant dilution.

Our historical financing activities included borrowings under senior secured credit facilities, senior secured promissory notes, convertible debt, and preferred share issuances. Our principal debt plus paid-in kind interest outstanding as of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 consisted of the following (excluding any fair value adjustments and debt discounts, as applicable):

(In thousands)	December 31,		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
	June 30, 2023	2022			
New Senior Term Loan	\$ 157,421	\$ 150,647	\$ 157,825	\$ 150,647	
New GPO Note	46,794	-	47,662	-	
Convertible Notes	13,094	12,219	13,556	12,219	

Dragonfly Seller				
Convertible Notes	11,668	-	11,493	-
Aicel Convertible Note	1,126	1,174	1,103	1,174
PPP Loan	198	251	171	251
Total Principal plus				
PIK Outstanding	\$ 230,301	\$ 164,291	\$ 231,810	\$ 164,291

New Senior Term Loan

In connection with the Closing, FiscalNote entered into a \$150.0 million senior credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Runway Growth Finance Corp., ORIX Growth Capital, LLC, Clover Orochi LLC, and ACM ASOF VIII SaaS FinCo LLC (together the "New Senior Lenders"). The Credit Agreement also provides for an uncommitted incremental loan facility totaling \$100.0 million available upon notice if the Company meets certain financial growth criteria and other customary requirements (the "New Incremental Term Facility") (collectively the "New Senior Credit Facility"). The annual interest of the New Senior Term Loan consists of two components: a cash interest component of (a) the greater of (i) Prime Rate plus 5.0% per annum and (ii) 9.0% payable monthly in cash, and (b) interest payable in kind component of 1.00% per annum, payable in kind monthly. The New Senior Credit Facility will mature on July 29, 2027. Beginning on August 15, 2025, 50% of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Term Loan must be repaid in even amounts on a monthly basis over the remaining 24 months, with the final balance due on July 15, 2027. Borrowings under our New Senior Credit Facility are collateralized by substantially all assets of the borrowers and guarantors party thereto.

On March 17, 2023, the Company, entered into Amendment No. 1 ("Amendment No. 1") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 1 provided for the extension of an incremental term loan by one of the lenders to the borrowers under the facility in the principal amount of \$6.0 million which was received by the Company on March 31, 2023, on the same terms as the existing term loans (the "Incremental Facility").

On May 16, 2023, the Company, entered into Amendment No. 2 ("Amendment No. 2") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 2 joined Dragonfly Eye Limited ("Dragonfly") and Oxford Analytica Limited ("Oxford Analytica"), each a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as Guarantors under the Credit Agreement.

On August 3, 2023, the Company entered into Amendment No. 3 ("Amendment No. 3") to the Credit Agreement dated July 29, 2022. Among other things, Amendment No. 3 provides for: (a) the extension of the July 2023 Deferred Fee from July 29, 2023 to July 29, 2024,

(b) the increase of the July 2023 Deferred Fee from \$1,734 to \$2,034, and (c) the revision to the minimum annual recurring revenue and adjusted EBITDA covenants (as both are defined in the Credit Agreement).

During the **six****nine** months ended **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**, we made cash interest payments totaling **\$9.9 million****\$15.3 million** related to the New Senior Term Loan.

The New Senior Term Loan is senior to all other debt and has a first priority lien on substantially all of the Company's assets. The New Senior Term Loan contains customary negative covenants related to borrowing, events of default and covenants, including certain non-financial covenants and covenants limiting the Company's ability to dispose of assets, undergo a change in control, merge with or acquire stock, and make investments, in each case subject to certain exceptions. In addition to the negative covenants, there were **three****four** financial

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covenants in place at **June 30, 2023****September 30, 2023**: a minimum cash balance requirement, minimum annual recurring revenue requirement, and a capital expenditure limitation. At June 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with the minimum cash balance requirement and capital expenditure limitation. The Company's annual recurring revenue was marginally below the minimum annual recurring revenue for the period. On August 3, 2023 the New Senior Term Loan lenders waived their rights upon default retroactive to June 30, 2023. Beginning with the third quarter of 2023, the Company is subject to an adjusted EBITDA requirement (as defined in the New Senior Term Loan, Credit Agreement, as amended), and a capital expenditure limitation. At September 30, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all of the covenants. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, in addition to the lenders being able to declare amounts outstanding under the New Senior Term Loan due and payable the lenders can elect to increase the interest rate by 5.0% per annum.

See Note 8 "Debt" and Note 18 "Subsequent Events" to the condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein.

New GPO Note

On June 30, 2023 (the "Subscription Date"), the Company entered into an Exchange and Settlement Agreement (the "Exchange and Settlement Agreement") with GPO FN Noteholder LLC (the "Investor") pursuant to which (i) the Investor returned 5,881,723 shares of Class A Common Stock held by the Investor to the Company for cancellation, (ii) the Company issued to the Investor a subordinated convertible promissory note in an initial principal amount of \$46,794 (the "New GPO Note"), and (iii) the parties agreed to a mutual settlement and release of all claims (including, but not limited to, any claims by the Investor for additional shares or money damages resulting from the entry into the Merger Agreement, relating to or arising from the conversion of the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Subordinated Promissory Note, dated December 29, 2020, previously issued by a subsidiary of the pre-business combination FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. to the

Investor. The exchange and settlement are non-cash exchanges in the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows. The before mentioned transactions closed on July 3, 2023.

The New GPO Note will mature on July 3, 2028, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased by the Company or converted in accordance with the terms thereof. The New GPO Note bears interest at a rate of 7.50% per annum payable quarterly in arrears, as follows: (i) for the first year following the date of issuance, interest will be payable in kind by adding interest to the principal amount of the New GPO Note; and (ii) for any period thereafter, interest will be payable in cash or freely tradeable shares of Class A Common Stock, at the Company's option, with the value per share determined with reference to the trailing 30-day volume weighted average trading price prior to the interest payment date, subject to certain exceptions under which the Company will be permitted to pay PIK Interest.

The New GPO Note is subordinate to the Company's obligations under its New Senior Term Loan which limits certain actions that the Company and the Investor may take under the New GPO Note. At any time prior to the July 3, 2028, the Investor is entitled to convert all or any portion of the principal amount of the New GPO Note and accrued interest thereon into shares of Class A Common Stock at \$8.28 per share. The New GPO Note is subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments for stock splits and similar transactions and, subject to standard exceptions, weighted average anti-dilution protection. The principal amount, together with accrued interest thereon, of the New GPO Note is redeemable by the Company in whole or in part based on certain conditions as defined in the New GPO Note.

The Company elected to account for the New GPO Note using the fair value option. The New GPO Note was recorded at its June 30, 2023 acquisition date fair value of \$36,583. The Company initially recorded a loss contingency of \$11,700 in its fiscal year 2022 financial statements representing the difference between the fair value of the shares returned by the Investor and the fair value of the New GPO Note on the date of exchange. With the execution of the Exchange and Settlement Agreement and New GPO Note, the Company recorded an additional loss on settlement with GPO of \$3,474 in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the three and ~~six~~ nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023.

Convertible Notes

Four convertible noteholders with an aggregate principal amount (including accrued paid in kind interest) of \$10.5 million as of the Closing Date elected not to convert their notes into shares of capital stock of the Company in conjunction with Closing. The convertible notes are unsecured, earn payable in kind interest of 15% per annum, payable in kind monthly, and mature in 2025.

Dragonfly Seller Convertible Note

On January 27, 2023, we acquired Dragonfly and financed part of the purchase with the issuance of convertible notes. The Dragonfly Convertible Note is subordinate to our New Senior Credit Facility, accrues interest of 8% per annum, payable in kind or in cash, and matures in January 2028.

Aicel Convertible Note

On July 29, 2022, we acquired Aicel Technologies and assumed its \$1.0 million convertible note. The Aicel Convertible Note is subordinate to our New Senior Credit Facility, accrues interest of 1% per annum, payable in kind monthly, and matures in July 2027.

PPP Loan

The PPP Loan requires monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$9 thousand until maturity in 2027.

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Capital expenditures

Capital expenditures primarily consist of purchases of capitalized software costs and property and equipment. Our capital expenditures program includes discretionary spending, which we can adjust in response to economic and other changes in our business environment to grow our business. We typically fund our capital expenditures through cash flow from operations and external financing. In the event that we are unable to obtain the necessary funding for capital expenditures, our long-term growth strategy could be significantly affected. Our total capital expenditures were \$4.1 million \$6.0 million and \$6.0 million \$8.9 million for the six nine months ended **June 30, 2023** September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

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Cash Flow Summary

The following tables summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented:

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net cash (used in) provided by:				
Operating activities	\$ (20,206)	\$ (18,348)	\$ (31,940)	\$ (57,499)
Investing activities	\$ (9,096)	\$ (6,041)	\$ (18,336)	\$ (7,734)
Financing activities	\$ 6,564	\$ 19,727	\$ 6,570	\$ 111,515
Effect of exchange rates on cash	\$ (383)	\$ (352)	\$ (184)	\$ (451)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (23,121)	\$ (5,014)	\$ (43,890)	\$ 45,831

Operating activities

Cash used in operating activities consists of net loss adjusted for certain non-cash items including depreciation and amortization, stock based compensation, changes in fair value of warrant liabilities, non-cash interest expense, and loss on debt extinguishment, as well as the effect of changes in working capital and other activities.

Cash used in operating activities in the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** was **\$20.2 million** **\$31.9 million**, an increase a decrease of **\$1.9 million** **\$25.6 million** compared to the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. The primary factors affecting our net operating cash flows during this period was our net loss of **\$50.3 million** **\$64.7 million**, which includes non-cash expenses items totaling **\$30.4 million** **\$40.7 million**, including impairment of goodwill of \$5.8 million, non-cash and paid-in kind interest expense of **\$4.2 million** **\$7.0 million**, stock-based compensation expense of **\$12.0 million** **\$18.2 million**, a gain due to the change in fair value of financial instruments of **\$11.7 million** **\$18.9 million**, non-cash lease expense of **\$2.4 million** **\$2.9 million**, loss on settlement with GPO of \$3.5 million, and amortization and depreciation of **\$13.8 million** **\$22.7 million**, other non-cash items of **\$0.4 million** **\$0.5 million** and the effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities that resulted in cash outflows of **\$0.3 million** **\$8.0 million**.

Net cash used in operating activities was **\$18.3 million** **\$57.5 million** during the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. The primary factors affecting our operating cash flows during this period was our net loss of **\$66.7 million** **\$175.7 million** adjusted for non-cash items of **\$52.3 million** **\$128.9 million**, primarily consisting of **\$9.6 million** **\$17.3 million** of depreciation and amortization, **\$0.8 million** **\$30.9 million** of stock-based compensation, **\$42.9 million** **\$61.0 million** of non-cash and paid-in kind interest expense, **\$3.2 million** **\$45.2 million** of loss on debt extinguishment, **\$4.8 million** of non-cash operating lease expense, **\$1.2 million** **\$0.7 million** of amortization other non-cash changes, offset by non-cash gain of deferred costs to obtain contracts, non-cash charge of **\$3.4 million** **\$18.5 million** resulting from the change in fair value of financial instruments, offset by **\$7.7 million** gain on PPP Loan forgiveness, non-cash gain of **\$1.5 million** **\$2.2 million** resulting from the change of fair value of contingent consideration, **\$0.5 million** **\$2.7 million** of deferred income tax benefit and the effect of changes in operating assets and liabilities that resulted in cash outflows of **\$3.9 million** **\$10.7 million**.

Investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities in the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** was **\$9.1 million** **\$18.3 million** compared to **\$6.0 million** **\$7.7 million** in the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. Net cash used in investing activities in the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** primarily consisted of cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired of \$5.0 million and, cash paid of **\$4.1 million** **\$6.0 million** of capital expenditures primarily related to software development costs. costs and purchases of short-term investments of \$7.4 million. Net cash used in investing activities in the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022** was **\$6.0 million** **\$8.9 million** of capital expenditures. expenditures offset by \$1.1 million cash acquired from the acquisition of Aicel, net of cash paid for the assets acquisition of DT-Global.

Financing activities

Net cash provided by financing activities in the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** was \$6.6 million, compared to **\$19.7 million** **\$111.5 million** for the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**. Net cash provided by financing activities during the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** primarily consisted of \$6.0 million from Amendment 1 to the Credit Agreement and \$0.6 million from the proceeds from the exercise of stock options. Net cash provided by financing activities during the **six** **nine** months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022** was **\$19.7 million** **\$111.5 million**, primarily consisted of **\$19.5 million** **\$325.0 million** in gross proceeds from the Business Combination (inclusive of (a) the increase in net receipts from \$150.0 million proceeds from the issuance of our senior debt attributable to the New Senior Term Loan, (b) \$61.0 million from DSAC's trust, and \$0.4 million (c) \$114.0 million from the backstop agreement with the sponsor of DSAC), and \$4.5 million cash proceeds from the exercise of public warrants, \$0.4 million from the exercise of stock options, offset by a total of \$48.7 million in transaction costs related to the Business Combination and New Senior Term Loan, \$189.0 million in principal repayments of First Out Term Loan, Last Out Term Loan, Fireside Promissory Notes, 8090 FV Subordinated Promissory Note, and the New GPO Note.

Commitments and Contingencies

Our principal commitments consist of obligations under leases for office space. For more information regarding our lease obligations, see Note 5 "Leases" to the condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein. For more information regarding our debt service obligations, see Note 8 "Debt" to the condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere herein.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

During the periods presented, we did not engage in any off-balance sheet financing activities or other arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

For information regarding new accounting pronouncements, and the impact of these pronouncements on our condensed consolidated financial statements, if any, refer to Note 1 of the notes to our financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Critical Accounting Estimates and Policies

Our condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements

requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, costs and expenses and related disclosures. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions. Our actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

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We believe that of our significant accounting policies, which are described in Note 1 "Summary of Business and Significant Accounting Policies" to our condensed consolidated financial statements, the following accounting policies and specific estimates involve a greater degree of judgment and complexity.

There were no significant and material changes in our critical accounting policies and use of estimates during the ~~six~~nine months ended ~~June 30, 2023~~September 30, 2023, as compared to those disclosed in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations-Critical Accounting Estimates and Accounting Policies" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on March 28, 2023 except for the change in one intangible asset discussed in Note 6, "Intangible Assets".

Revenue Recognition

Subscription revenues are recurring in nature and include subscription fees from customers accessing our company's cloud-based infrastructure, digital content, transcripts, news and analysis, images, video and podcast data. Advisory, advertising and other revenue includes revenues derived from non-recurring activities where we deliver specific deliverables for clients as well as where we provide advertising in our own publications (Roll Call and CQ) in both print and digital formats, the sale of various publications, and sponsorship revenue for events organized by the Company. Our company's subscription arrangements are generally non-cancelable and do not contain refund-type provisions. Our company recognizes revenues upon the satisfaction of its performance obligation(s) (upon transfer of control of promised goods or services to its customers) in an amount that reflects the consideration to which it expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

Our company's contracts with customers may include promises to transfer multiple services. For these contracts, our company accounts for individual promises separately if they are distinct performance obligations. Determining whether services are considered distinct performance obligations may require significant judgment. Judgment is also required to determine the standalone selling price ("SSP") for each distinct performance obligation. In instances where SSP is not directly observable, such as when our company does not sell the services separately, our company determines the SSP using available information, including market conditions and other observable inputs.

Costs Capitalized to Obtain Revenue Contracts

Costs capitalized related to new revenue contracts are amortized on a straight-line basis over four years, which, although longer than the typical initial contract period, reflects the average period of benefit, including expected contract renewals. Significant judgment is required in arriving at this average period of benefit. Therefore, we evaluate both qualitative and quantitative factors, including the estimated life cycles of our offerings and our customer attrition.

Business Combinations

Accounting for business combinations requires us to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially at the acquisition date with respect to tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed and pre-acquisition contingencies. We use our best estimates and assumptions to accurately assign fair value to the tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date as well as the useful lives of those acquired intangible assets.

Critical estimates in valuing certain of the intangible assets and goodwill we have acquired are:

- future expected cash flows from subscription and content contracts, other customer contracts and acquired developed technologies, and trade names;
- historical and expected customer attrition rates and anticipated growth in revenue from acquired customers;
- assumptions about the period of time the acquired trade name will continue to be used in our offerings;
- discount rates;
- uncertain tax positions and tax-related valuation allowances assumed; and
- fair value of earnout consideration.

Unanticipated events and circumstances may occur that may affect the accuracy or validity of such assumptions, estimates or actual results.

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Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Significant judgment is required to estimate the fair value of our reporting units. Accordingly, we typically obtain the assistance of third-party valuation specialists for significant reporting units for purposes of determining whether there is goodwill impairment. The fair value estimates are based on available historical information and on future expectations. We typically estimate the fair value of these assets using the income method, which is based on the present value of estimated future cash flows attributable to the respective assets. The valuations used to establish and to test goodwill for impairment are dependent on a number of significant estimates and assumptions, including macroeconomic conditions, overall growth rates, competitive

activities, cost containment and margin progression, Company business plans and the discount rate applied to cash flows.

Goodwill is not amortized, but tested at least annually for impairment. Our ongoing annual impairment testing for goodwill occurs on October 1st. Assumptions used in our impairment evaluations, such as forecasted growth rates and cost of capital, are consistent with internal projections and operating plans. We believe these estimates and assumptions are reasonable and comparable to those that would be used by other marketplace participants. Unanticipated market or macroeconomic events and circumstances may occur, which could affect the accuracy or validity of the estimates and assumptions. For example, future changes in the judgments, assumptions and estimates that are used in our impairment testing for goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, including discount and tax rates or future cash flow projections, could result in significantly different estimates of the fair values. In addition, changes to or a failure to achieve business plans

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or deterioration of macroeconomic conditions could result in reduced cash flows or higher discount rates, leading to a lower valuation that would trigger an impairment of the goodwill of these businesses.

If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, that difference represents an impairment.

Determining the useful life of an intangible asset also requires judgment. Acquired intangible assets (customer relationships, patents and technologies, and tradenames) are expected to have determinable useful lives. Finite-lived intangible assets are amortized to expense over their estimated lives. An impairment assessment for finite-lived intangibles is only required when an event or change in circumstances indicates that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable.

Based on our annual impairment testing as of October 1, 2022, the fair value of all of our reporting units exceeded their carrying values by more than 50%. The most significant assumptions utilized in the determination of the estimated fair values of our reporting units are the net sales and earnings growth rates (including residual growth rates) and discount rate. The residual growth rate represents the expected rate at which the reporting units are expected to grow beyond the shorter-term business planning period. The residual growth rate utilized in our fair value estimates is consistent with the reporting unit operating plans and approximates expected long-term market growth rates. The residual growth rate is dependent on overall market growth rates, the competitive environment, inflation, and business activities that impact market share. As a result, the residual growth rate could be adversely impacted by a sustained deceleration in category growth or an increased competitive environment. The discount rate, which is consistent with a weighted average cost of capital that is likely to be expected by a market participant, is based upon industry required rates of return, including consideration of both debt and equity components of the capital structure. Our discount rate may be impacted by adverse changes in the macroeconomic environment, volatility in the equity and debt markets or other country specific factors.

Future sustained depression of our stock price may indicate that a triggering event has occurred that may require us to reassess our goodwill for impairment and may trigger future impairment charges of one or all of our reporting units. Further, changes in operating plans or adverse changes in the business or in the macroeconomic environment in the future could reduce the underlying cash flows used to estimate fair values and could result in a decline in fair value that would trigger future impairment charges of our reporting units.

Due to the decline in the Company's stock price and market capitalization in the first quarter of 2023, and the underperformance of the Company's ESG reporting unit compared to internal projections, the Company performed a quantitative goodwill impairment assessment as of March 31, 2023. This quantitative assessment resulted in all the goodwill in our ESG reporting unit being impaired; accordingly, a non-cash impairment charge of \$5.8 million was recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2023. Prior to the quantitative goodwill impairment the Company tested the recoverability of its long-lived assets, and concluded that such assets were not impaired.

See Note 7, "Goodwill" to the condensed consolidated financial statements for additional discussion on goodwill.

Warrant Liabilities

The Company evaluates its financial instruments, including its outstanding warrants, to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives. The Company has outstanding public and private warrants, both of which do not meet the criteria for equity classification and are accounted for as liabilities. Accordingly, the Company recognizes the warrants as liabilities at fair value and adjusts the warrants to fair value at each reporting period. The warrant liabilities are subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations.

The fair value of the public warrants is estimated based on the quoted market price of such warrants. The fair value of the private warrants is estimated using a binomial option pricing model.

Debt instruments measured at fair value

The Company accounts for certain of its debt obligations at fair value. Accordingly, the Company recognizes the debt obligations upon inception at fair value. The debt obligations are subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date, and any change in fair value is recognized in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statement of operations. The Company estimates the fair value of the debt obligation using a lattice model.

Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts that are expected to be realized based on the weighting of positive and negative evidence. Future realization of deferred tax assets ultimately depends on the existence of sufficient taxable income of the appropriate character (for example, ordinary income or capital gain) within the carryback or carryforward periods available under the applicable tax law. We regularly review the deferred tax assets for recoverability based on historical taxable income, projected future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversals of existing temporary differences and tax planning strategies. Our judgment regarding future profitability may change due to many factors, including future market conditions and the ability to successfully execute its business plans and/or tax planning strategies. Should there be a change in the ability to recover deferred tax assets, the tax provision would increase or decrease in the period in which the assessment is changed.

Incremental Borrowing Rate Used to Calculate Lease Balances

As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate to measure the operating lease assets and liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate represents an estimate of the interest rate we would incur at lease commencement to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over the term of the lease and includes considerations of both the market, our current capital structure and exiting debt borrowings. We perform an incremental borrowing rate analysis on a quarterly basis, or upon execution of any individually material agreement, to ensure that the rates being applied to newly acquired leases are still accurate.

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Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks.

We are exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of our business. These risks primarily consist of inflation risk and fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. We do not enter into derivatives or other financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We use the U.S. Dollar ("USD") as our reporting currency. Our local subsidiaries transact generally in their local currency, considered the functional currency for that subsidiary. Our foreign currency exchange rate risk is related to translation of our assets and liabilities from the subsidiaries' functional currencies to USD. These adjustments are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on our consolidated balance sheets. Our results of operations and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, particularly changes in the Euro, British Pound Sterling and Australian Dollar. Our expenses are generally denominated in the currencies of the jurisdictions in which we conduct our operations, which are primarily in the United States as well as the European Union, United Kingdom, Australia, South Korea, and

India. Our results of operations and cash flows in the future may be adversely affected due to an expansion of non-U.S. dollar denominated contracts, growth of our international entities and changes in foreign exchange rates. The effect of a hypothetical 10% change in foreign currency exchange rates applicable to our business would not have a material impact on our cash denominated in foreign currency. To date, we have not engaged in any hedging strategies. As our international operations grow, we will continue to reassess our approach to manage the risk relating to fluctuations in currency rates.

Fluctuations in foreign currencies impact the amount of total assets, liabilities, revenues, operating expenses and cash flows that we report for our foreign subsidiaries upon the translation of these amounts into USD. Total revenue for the three and **six** nine months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, was negatively impacted by approximately 1.0% compared to the three and **six** nine months ended **June 30, 2022** **September 30, 2022**.

Interest Rate Risk

We are subject to market risk associated with changing interest rates within our variable rate New Senior Term Loan. Our exposure to changes in interest rates is associated with the Prime Rate.

As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, we had outstanding borrowings on our New Senior Term Loan of **\$157.0 million** **\$157.8 million**, which bears cash interest at a floating rate based on the Prime Rate plus an applicable margin. At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the interest rate on our New Senior Term Loan was 13.25%. Assuming no change in the outstanding borrowings on our New Senior Term Loan, we estimate that a one percentage point increase in the Prime Rate would increase our annual cash interest expense by approximately \$1.6 million.

Inflation Risk

Although we do not believe inflation has had a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows to date, a high rate of inflation in the future may have an adverse effect on our business.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Limitations on Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of the disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, evaluated, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(c) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, due to the material weakness identified in the prior year, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. Notwithstanding the material weaknesses, our management has concluded that the financial statements included elsewhere in this report present fairly, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with GAAP.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than the material weaknesses identified in prior year and material weakness remediation activities, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, that occurred during the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we may become involved in legal or regulatory proceedings, including intellectual property claims, commercial contract matters or employment-related disputes. Such cases may raise complex factual and legal issues, may subject us to material risks and uncertainties, could require significant management time and corporate resources to defend, could result in significant media coverage and negative publicity, and could be harmful to our reputation and our brand. We are not currently a party to any litigation or regulatory proceeding that we expect to have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial conditions or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

As of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our Current Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 28, 2023. However, we, except as set forth below:

The Company may disclose changes not successfully consummate a go-private or other strategic transaction on favorable terms or at all, and its announcement of the formation of a Special Committee of its Board of Directors to review such factors a transaction may have an adverse impact on the Company's business and ability to implement any such transaction.

On November 14, 2023, the Company announced that its Board of Directors established a Special Committee, composed of Michael Callahan, Manoj Jain, Stanley McChrystal and Anna Sedgley, in response to statements made by the Company's CEO and Co-founder, Tim Hwang, regarding his interest in putting together a consortium to explore a potential go-private transaction. Mr. Hwang has not provided any specific proposal, and there can be no assurance that one will be made. The Special Committee will evaluate, together with its advisors, any proposal it receives from Mr. Hwang regarding such a transaction, as well as any other transaction proposals submitted to the Company. The Special Committee has the full power and authority of the Board to take any and all actions on behalf of the Board as it deems necessary to evaluate and negotiate a potential go-private transaction and alternatives to any transaction proposed by Mr. Hwang. There can be no assurance that the foregoing will result in any transaction or disclose additional factors from time any other strategic change or outcome, or as to time in our future filings with the SEC. timing of any of the foregoing. The Company's announcement of the formation of a Special Committee to review any such transaction may have a material adverse impact on the Company's business, operations and financial results, as well as its ability to implement any such transaction.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

Other than as reported on each of our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2023, we did not have any unregistered sales of equity securities during the three months ended June 30, 2023.

Use of Proceeds

Not applicable

Purchase of Equity Securities

We did not repurchase shares of our common stock during the three months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Entry into a Material Definitive Agreement.

On August 3, 2023, FiscalNote, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into Amendment No. 3 ("Amendment No. 3") to its Second Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement dated July 29, 2022 (the "Existing Credit Agreement," as amended by Amendment No. 1 and Amendment No. 2, the "Credit Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Part II – Item 5 have the meanings given to such terms in the Credit Agreement.

Among other things, Amendment No. 3 (1) modifies the Minimum Adjusted EBITDA and Minimum ARR levels that the Loan Parties are obligated to attain on a quarterly basis, (2) postpones by 12 months the payment of the Original Final Payment, which otherwise would have been due on July 29, 2023, and (3) modifies the amounts of the Original Final Payment and Restatement Date Final Payment, in each case in the manner set forth in Amendment No. 3.

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Amendment No. 3 was entered into by and among FiscalNote, Inc., as Borrower Representative, CQ-Roll Call, Inc., Capitol Advantage LLC, VoterVoice, L.L.C. and Sandhill Strategy LLC as Borrowers, the Company, FiscalNote Intermediate Holdco, Inc., FiscalNote Holdings II, Inc., Fireside 21, LLC, Factsquared, LLC, The Oxford Analytica International Group, LLC, Oxford Analytica Inc., FiscalNote Boards LLC, Predata, Inc., Curate Solutions, Inc., Forge.AI, Inc., Frontier Strategy Group LLC, Oxford Analytica Ltd. and Dragonfly Eye Ltd., as Guarantors, Runway Growth Finance Corp., as administrative agent and collateral agent, and each lender party thereto.

A copy of Amendment No. 3 is [filed as Exhibit 10.8 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and is incorporated herein by reference](#). The above description of the material terms of Amendment No. 3 are qualified in their entirety by reference to such exhibit.

Item 6. Exhibits.

Furnish the exhibits required by Item 601 of Regulation S-K (§ 229.601 of this chapter).

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Exhibit Number	Description	Incorporation by Reference (where a report is indicated below, that document has been previously

2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of November 7, 2021, by and among Duddell Street Acquisition Corp. (renamed "FiscalNote Holdings, Inc."), Grassroots Merger Sub, Inc. and FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. (renamed "FiscalNote Intermediate Holdco, Inc.").	Annex A to the Proxy Statement/Prospectus filed on July 5, 2022 (File No.333-261483).
2.2	First Amendment to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of May 9, 2022, by and among Duddell Street Acquisition Corp. (renamed "FiscalNote Holdings, Inc."), Grassroots Merger Sub, Inc. and FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. (renamed "FiscalNote Intermediate Holdco, Inc.").	Annex A-2 to the Proxy Statement/Prospectus filed on July 5, 2022 (File No.333-261483).
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Duddell Street Acquisition Corp.).	Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2022 (File No. 001-396972)
3.2	Bylaws of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. (f/k/a Duddell Street Acquisition Corp.).	Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2022 (File No. 001-396972)
4.1	Warrant Agreement, dated as of Octobe 28, 2020, by and among Duddell Street Acquisition Corp ad Continental Stock Transfer & Trust Company, as warrant agent.	Exhibit 4.1 of DSAC's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on November 2, 2020 (File No. 333-249207).
4.2	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement, dated as of March 25, 2022, pursuant to the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement, dated as of November 19, 2021, by and among FiscalNote, Inc., the unitholders listed on the Appendix 1 thereto and Legacy FiscalNote.	Exhibit 4.6 of DSAC's Form S-4/A filed with the SEC on June 27,2022 (File No. 333-261483).
10.1	Sale and Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 27, 2023, by and between FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. and Dragonfly Eye Limited.	Exhibit 10.16 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on May 5, 2023 (File No. 333-267098).
10.2	Form of 8% Convertible Note	Exhibit 10.17 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on May 5, 2023 (File No. 333-267098).
10.3	Amendment No. 1 to Second Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement by and among FiscalNote, Inc., CQ-Roll	Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 20, 2023 (File No. 001-267098).

	Call, Inc., Capitol Advantage LLC, VoterVoice, L.L.C. and Sandhill Strategy LLC as Borrowers, the Company, FiscalNote	39672).
10.4	Form of Warrant	Exhibit 10.2 to Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 20, 2023 (File No. 001-39672).
10.5	Executive Severance Plan, effective as of April 3, 2023.	Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 6, 2023 (File No. 001-39672).
10.6	Joinder and Amendment No. 2 to Second Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement by and among FiscalNote, Inc., CQ-Roll Call, Inc., Capitol Advantage LLC, VoterVoice, L.L.C. and Sandhill Strategy LLC as Borrowers, Dragonfly Eye Limited and Oxford Analytica Limited as New Guarantors, Runway, as administrative agent and collateral agent, and each lender party thereto.	Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 17, 2023 (File No. 001-39672).
10.7	Exchange and Settlement Agreement (the "Exchange and Settlement Agreement") with GPO FN Noteholder LLC	Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 3, 2023 (File No. 001-39672).
10.8	Amendment No. 3 to Second Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement by and among FiscalNote, Inc., CQ-Roll Call, Inc., Capitol Advantage LLC, VoterVoice, L.L.C. and Sandhill Strategy LLC as Borrowers, the Company, FiscalNote	Filed with this report. Exhibit 10.8 to the Current Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 9, 2023 (File No. 001-39672).
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).	Filed with this report.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a).	Filed with this report.
32	Section 1350 Certifications.	Furnished with this report.

101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>
101.SC	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>
H		
101.CA	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>
L		
101.DE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>
F		
101.LA	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>
B		
101.PR	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>
E		
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).	<i>Submitted electronically with this report.</i>

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.

Date: August 9, 2023 November 14, 2023

By: /s/ Jon Slabaugh

Name: Jon Slabaugh

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 9, 2023 November 14, 2023

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer

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EXHIBIT 10.8

Certain information in this document has been excluded pursuant to Regulation S-K, Item 601(b)(10). Such excluded information is not material and is the type the registrant treats as private or confidential. Such omitted information is indicated by brackets ("[**]") in this exhibit.

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO
SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND GUARANTY AGREEMENT

This AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND GUARANTY AGREEMENT (this "Amendment") is entered into as of August 3, 2023 (the "Effective Date"), by and among **FISCALNOTE, INC.**, a Delaware corporation ("Borrower Representative"), each of the undersigned Persons that are party to the Credit Agreement (as defined below) as borrowers or guarantors (together with Borrower Representative and each other Person from time to time party to the Credit Agreement as borrower or guarantor, collectively "Loan Parties", and each, a "Loan Party"), each of the undersigned Lenders, constituting all of the Lenders as of the Effective Date, and **RUNWAY GROWTH FINANCE CORP.** (formerly known as Runway Growth Credit Fund Inc.), as administrative agent and collateral agent for Lenders (in such capacity, "Agent"), and amends the terms of that certain Second Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement dated as of July 29, 2022, by and among Borrower Representative, the other Borrowers and Guarantors party thereto, Lenders, and Agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement").

The parties hereby agree as follows:

1. Defined Terms. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Credit Agreement.

2. Amendments to the Credit Agreement.

2.1 Section 2.4(d) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

(d) Original Final Payment. To RGFC, the Original Final Payment on the earlier to occur of (i) a prepayment pursuant to Section 2.2(c) or (d), or (ii) July 29, 2024.

2.2 The following defined terms in Exhibit A to the Credit Agreement are each hereby amended and restated to read as follows:

"Restatement Date Final Payment" means a payment (in addition to and not a substitution for the regular monthly payments of principal plus accrued interest) equal to 5.75% multiplied by the sum of the aggregate original principal amount of the Restatement Date Incremental Term Loans and of the Incremental Term Loans made hereunder from time to time.

"Original Final Payment" means a payment (in addition to and not a substitution for the regular monthly payments of principal plus accrued interest) equal to \$2,034,591.79.

2.3 Schedule 6.10(B) to the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated as set forth in Schedule 6.10(B) attached hereto.

2.4 Schedule 6.10(C) to the Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated as set forth in Schedule 6.10(C) attached hereto.

3. Representations and Warranties. Each Loan Party hereby represents and warrants to Agent and each Lender that:

(a) that all of the representations and warranties set forth in the Credit Agreement are true and correct in all material respects (without duplication of any materiality qualifier in the text of such representation or warranty) with respect to such Loan Party as of the date hereof, except to the extent that any such representation or warranty relates to a specific date in which case such representation or warranty shall be true and correct in all material

respects as of such earlier date (without duplication of any materiality qualifier in the text of such representation or warranty);

(b) each Loan Party has the power and is duly authorized to enter into, deliver and perform this Amendment and the Credit Agreement is the legal, valid and binding obligation of such Loan Party enforceable against such Loan Party in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws relating to or affecting creditor's rights generally; and

(c) after giving effect to this Amendment, no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.

4. Conditions to Effectiveness. This Amendment shall become effective upon receipt by Agent of each of the following:

(i) this Amendment, duly executed by the Loan Parties and the Lenders; and

(ii) payment of an amendment fee of \$390,000, payable to each Lender, in accordance with such Lender's Pro Rata Share of the Term Loans, together with such Lender's Lender Expenses due through, and required to be paid on, the Effective Date pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement.

5. Reaffirmation. Except as specifically amended pursuant to the terms hereof or to the extent amended and restated on the Effective Date, each Loan Party hereby acknowledges and agrees that: (i) the Credit Agreement and all other Loan Documents (and all covenants, terms, conditions and agreements therein) shall remain in full force and effect, and are hereby ratified and confirmed in all respects by such Loan Party; (ii) this Amendment shall not in any way release or impair the rights, duties, Obligations, Liens or security interests created pursuant to the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents or affect the relative priorities thereof, in each case to the extent in force and effect thereunder as of the Effective Date, and all of such rights, duties, Obligations and Liens are, ratified and affirmed by such Loan Party; (iii) this Amendment shall not constitute a substitution or novation of such Loan Party's Obligations or any of the other rights, duties and obligations of the parties under the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents; and (iv) the execution, delivery and effectiveness of this Amendment shall not operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of Agent or any Lender under the Credit Agreement or the other Loan Documents, nor constitute a waiver of any covenant, agreement or obligation under the Credit Agreement or the other Loan Documents, except to the extent that any such covenant, agreement or obligation is modified or waived hereby.

6. Release.

(a) In consideration of the agreements of Agent and the Lenders contained herein and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, each Loan Party by its execution of this Amendment, on behalf of itself and its successors, assigns, and other legal representatives, hereby absolutely, unconditionally and irrevocably releases, remises and forever discharges Agent and the Lenders, and their successors and

permitted assigns, and their present and former shareholders, affiliates, subsidiaries, divisions, predecessors, directors, officers, attorneys, employees, agents and other representatives (Agent, each Lender and all such other Persons being hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Releasees"), of and from all demands, actions, causes of action, suits, controversies, damages and any and all other claims, counterclaims, defenses, rights of setoff, demands and liabilities whatsoever of every name and nature, known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected, both at law and in equity, which such Loan Party or any of its successors, assigns, or other legal representatives may now or hereafter own, hold, have or claim to have against the Releasees or any of them for, upon, or by reason of any circumstance, action, cause or thing whatsoever which arises at any time on or prior to the Effective Date, including, without limitation, for or on account of, or in relation to, or in any way in connection with the Credit Agreement or any of the other Loan Documents or transactions thereunder or related thereto.

(b) Each Loan Party by its execution of this Amendment understands, acknowledges and agrees that the release set forth above may be pleaded as a full and complete defense and may be used as a basis for an injunction against any action, suit or other proceeding which may be instituted, prosecuted or attempted in breach of the provisions of such release.

(c) Each Loan Party agrees that no fact, event, circumstance, evidence or transaction which could now be asserted or which may hereafter be discovered shall affect in any manner the final, absolute and unconditional nature of the release set forth above.

7. Miscellaneous.

(a) Effect of this Amendment. On and after the date hereof, (i) this Amendment shall constitute a "Loan Document" under and as defined in the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents and (ii) each reference in the Credit Agreement, Security Agreement or Intercompany Agreement, as applicable, to "this Agreement," "hereunder," "hereof," "herein," or words of similar import shall mean and be a reference to the Credit Agreement, Security Agreement or Intercompany Agreement, as applicable, as amended and/or supplemented by this Amendment.

(b) Incorporation of Credit Agreement Provisions. The provisions contained in Section 11 (Choice of Law, Venue and Jury Trial Waiver), Section 12.3 (Indemnification), Section 12.9 (Counterparts), and Section 12.6 (Severability) of the Credit Agreement are incorporated herein by reference to the same extent as if reproduced herein in their entirety, *mutatis mutandis*.

(c) Headings. Section headings in this Amendment are included for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Amendment for any other purpose.

(d) Entire Agreement. This Amendment constitutes the entire agreement and understanding among the parties hereto and supersedes any and all prior agreements and understandings, oral or written, relating to the subject matter hereof.

(e) Successors/Assigns. This Amendment shall bind, and the rights hereunder shall inure to, the respective successors and permitted assigns of the parties hereto, subject to the provisions of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents.

[SIGNATURES APPEAR ON FOLLOWING PAGES]

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND GUARANTY
AGREEMENT]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Amendment to be executed as of the date set forth above.

LENDERS:

RUNWAY GROWTH FINANCE CORP.

By: /s/ Thomas B. Raterman
Name: Thomas B. Raterman
Title: Chief Financial Officer and Chief Operating Officer

ORIX GROWTH CAPITAL, LLC

By: /s/ Jeffrey Bede
Name: Jeffrey Bede
Title: Head of ORIX Growth Capital

CLOVER OROCHI LLC

By: CLOVER PRIVATE CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES ORIGINATION II
LP and CLOVER PRIVATE CREDIT OPPORTUNITIES ORIGINATION
(LEVERED) II LP, its sole members

By: UBS O'CONNOR LLC, its investment manager

By: /s/ Rodrigo Trelles
Name: Rodrigo Trelles
Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Baxter Wasson
Name: Baxter Wasson
Title: Managing Director

ACM ASOF VIII SAAS FINCO LLC

By: /s/ Joshua Ufberg

Name: Joshua Ufberg

Title: Authorized Signatory

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND GUARANTY

AGREEMENT]

BORROWERS:

FISCALNOTE, INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

CQ-ROLL CALL, INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

CAPITOL ADVANTAGE LLC

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

VOTERVOICE, L.L.C.

By: FiscalNote, Inc., its sole manager

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

SANDHILL STRATEGY LLC

By: /s/ Jon Slabaugh

Name: Jon Slabaugh

Title: Manager

[SIGNATURE PAGE TO AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AND GUARANTY

AGREEMENT]

GUARANTORS:

FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

FISCALNOTE INTERMEDIATE HOLDCO, INC. (F/K/A FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS, INC.)

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

FISCALNOTE HOLDINGS II, INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

FIRESIDE 21, LLC

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: President

FACTSQUARED, LLC

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

THE OXFORD ANALYTICA INTERNATIONAL GROUP, LLC

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: President

OXFORD ANALYTICA INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

FISCALNOTE BOARDS LLC

By: FiscalNote, Inc., its sole manager

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

PREDATA, INC.

By: /s/ Joshua Haecker

Name: Joshua Haecker

Title: Chief Executive Officer

CURATE SOLUTIONS, INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

FORGE.AI, INC.

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

FRONTIER STRATEGY GROUP LLC

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

OXFORD ANALYTICA LIMITED

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Director

DRAGONFLY EYE LIMITED

By: /s/ Timothy Hwang

Name: Timothy Hwang

Title: Director

SCHEDULE 6.10(B)

MINIMUM ADJUSTED EBITDA – COVENANT LEVELS

[***]

SCHEDULE 6.10(C)

MINIMUM ARR – COVENANT LEVELS

[***]

EXHIBIT 31.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a)
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Timothy Hwang, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

- a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b. [Paragraph intentionally omitted in accordance with SEC Release Nos. 34-47986 and 34-54942];
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

- a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

August 9, November 14, 2023

/s/ Timothy Hwang

Timothy Hwang
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

EXHIBIT 31.2

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a)
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jon Slabaugh, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be

designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- b. [Paragraph intentionally omitted in accordance with SEC Release Nos. 34-47986 and 34-54942];
- c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

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August 9, November 14, 2023

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EXHIBIT 32

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Timothy Hwang, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 9, November 14, 2023

/s/ Timothy Hwang

Timothy Hwang
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

In connection with the Quarterly Report of FiscalNote Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jon Slabaugh, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 9, November 14, 2023

/s/ Jon Slabaugh

Jon Slabaugh
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

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