

6-K UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 6-K REPORT OFFOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the month of February 2025 Commission File Number: 1-31349 THOMSON REUTERS CORPORATION (Translation of registrant's name into English) 333 BayStreet, Suite 300 Toronto, Ontario M5H 2R2, Canada (Address of principal executive office) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F. Form 20-F Form 40-F Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): SIGNATURES Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized. THOMSON REUTERS CORPORATION (Registrant) By: /s/ Jennifer Ruddick Name: Jennifer Ruddick Title: Deputy Company Secretary Date: February 6, 2025 EXHIBIT INDEX Exhibit Number 99.1 Description 99.1 News release dated February 6, 2025 Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results EX-99.1 Earnings Release Exhibit 99.1 NEWS RELEASE Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results TORONTO, February 6, 2025 Thomson Reuters (TSX/NYSE: TRI) today reported results for the fourth quarter and full year ended December 31, 2024: Good revenue momentum continued in the fourth quarter and full year o Full-year total company and organic revenues up 7% o Fourth-quarter total company and organic revenues up 5% Organic revenues up 8% for the Big 3 segments (Legal Professionals, Corporates and Tax & Accounting Professionals) Met full-year 2024 outlook for total company organic revenue growth, adjusted EBITDA margin and free cash flow; Met Big 3 organic revenue growth outlook Full-year 2025 outlook anticipates organic revenue growth of approximately 7.0% and an adjusted EBITDA margin of approximately 39% Updated financial framework for 2026 anticipates 7.5% organic revenue growth and 50 basis points or more of adjusted EBITDA margin expansion Increased annualized dividend per share by 10% (32nd consecutive annual increase) Acquired SafeSend to expand tax automation capabilities for \$600 million in January 2025 2024 marked important progress at Thomson Reuters, said Steve Hasker, President and CEO of Thomson Reuters. We continue to deliver on the ambitious innovation roadmap we shared at our 2024 investor day, highlighted by the launch of new product capabilities and enhancements throughout our portfolio. Looking ahead to 2025, we continue to focus on investing in content-driven technology that helps professionals make complex decisions with confidence. Mr. Hasker added, We remain focused on allocating capital to drive long-term shareholder value creation. In 2024, we continued to return capital to shareholders, completed the monetization of our London Stock Exchange Group stake and executed several strategic acquisitions, resulting in a stronger and more strategically aligned portfolio with improved growth prospects. Consolidated Financial Highlights Three Months Ended December 31 Three Months Ended December 31, (Millions of U.S. dollars, except for adjusted EBITDA margin and EPS) (unaudited) IFRS Financial Measures(1) 2024 2023 Change Change at Constant Currency Revenues \$ 1,909 \$ 1,815 5 % Operating profit \$ 722 \$ 558 29 % Diluted earnings per share (EPS) \$ 1.30 \$ 1.49 -13 % Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 564 \$ 705 -20 % Non-IFRS Financial Measures(1) Revenues \$ 1,909 \$ 1,815 5 % Adjusted EBITDA \$ 718 \$ 707 2 % Adjusted EBITDA margin 37.6 % 38.9 % -130bp -160bp Adjusted EPS \$ 1.01 \$ 0.98 3 % 1 % Free cash flow \$ 425 \$ 613 -31 % (1) In addition to results reported in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), the company uses certain non-IFRS financial measures as supplemental indicators of its operating performance and financial position. See the Non-IFRS Financial Measures section and the tables appended to this news release for additional information on these and other non-IFRS financial measures, including how they are defined and reconciled to the most directly comparable IFRS measures. Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 2 of 23 Revenues increased 5% due to 7% growth in recurring revenues (83% of total revenues) partly offset by a 1% decline in transactions revenues and a 6% decline in Global Print. The net impact of acquisitions and disposals as well as foreign currency on total company revenue growth was not significant. o Organic revenues increased 5% due to 8% growth in recurring revenues partly offset by a 4% decline in transactions revenues and the decline in Global Print. o The company's Big 3 segments reported organic revenue growth of 8% and collectively comprised 81% of total revenues. Operating profit increased 29% driven from gains on the sale of FindLaw and other non-core businesses. o Adjusted EBITDA, which excludes gains on the sale of businesses, as well as other items, increased 2% and the related margin decreased to 37.6% from 38.9% in the prior-year period. The increase in revenues were largely offset by higher costs reflecting continued investments in the business, the impact of acquisitions and higher incentive compensation. Foreign currency had a 30 basis points positive impact on the year-over-year change in adjusted EBITDA margin. Diluted EPS decreased to \$1.30 compared to \$1.49 in the prior-year period as higher operating profit and currency benefits included in other finance income or costs were more than offset by higher tax expense, lower results from discontinued operations and a prior-year period increase in the value of the company's former investment in London Stock Exchange Group (LSEG). o Adjusted EPS, which exclude gains on the sale of businesses, other finance income or costs, changes in value of the company's former LSEG investment, discontinued operations, as well as other adjustments, was \$1.01 per share versus \$0.98 per share in the prior-year period. Net cash provided by operating activities decreased by \$141 million primarily due to certain component changes in working capital. o Free cash flow decreased by \$188 million primarily due to the decrease in cash flows from operating activities and higher capital expenditures. Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 3 of 23 Highlights by Customer Segment Three Months Ended December 31 (Millions of U.S. dollars, except for adjusted EBITDA margins) (unaudited) Three Months Ended December 31, Change 2024 2023 Total Constant Currency(1) Organic(1)(2) Revenues Legal Professionals \$ 729 \$ 700 4 % 4 % 7 % Corporates 458 402 14 % 15 % 10 % Tax & Accounting Professionals 366 344 6 % 7 % 7 % Big 3 Segments Combined(1) 1,553 1,446 7 % 7 % 8 % Reuters News 218 220 -1 % -1 % -3 % Global Print 144 154 -6 % -6 % -6 % Eliminations/Rounding (6) (5) Revenues \$ 1,909 \$ 1,815 5 % 5 % 5 % Adjusted

EBITDA(1) Legal Professionals \$ 299 \$ 298 0% -1% Corporates 153 138 11% 8% Tax & Accounting Professionals 196 188 4% 5% Big 3 Segments Combined(1) 648 624 4% 3% Reuters News 45 61 -26% -26% Global Print 55 55 -1% -1% Corporate costs (30) (33) n/a n/a Adjusted EBITDA \$ 718 \$ 707 2% 1% Adjusted EBITDA Margin(1) Legal Professionals 41.0% 42.5% -150bp -200bp Corporates 33.5% 34.5% -100bp -190bp Tax & Accounting Professionals 53.4% 54.6% -120bp -90bp Big 3 Segments Combined(1) 41.7% 43.1% -140bp -190bp Reuters News 20.8% 27.9% -710bp -670bp Global Print 38.2% 36.4% 180bp 190bp Adjusted EBITDA margin 37.6% 38.9% -130bp -160bp (1) See the Non-IFRS Financial Measures section and the tables appended to this news release for additional information on these and other non-IFRS financial measures. To compute segment and consolidated adjusted EBITDA margin, the company excludes fair value adjustments related to acquired deferred revenue. (2) Computed for revenue growth only. n/a: Not applicable.

Unless otherwise noted, all revenue growth comparisons by customer segment in this news release are at constant currency (which excludes the impact of foreign currency) as Thomson Reuters believes this provides the best basis to measure performance.

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 4 of 23

Legal Professionals Revenues increased 4% to \$729 million and included a negative impact from the divestiture of FindLaw. Organic revenue growth was 7%. o Recurring revenues increased 4% (97% of total, 8% organic). Organic revenue growth was primarily driven by Westlaw, CoCounsel, Practical Law, and the segment's international businesses. o Transactions revenues decreased 10% (3% of total, decreased 4% organic). Adjusted EBITDA was slightly higher at \$299 million. o The margin decreased to 41.0% from 42.5% primarily driven by higher investments. Corporates Revenues increased 15% to \$458 million, including the acquisition impact of Pagero. Organic revenue growth was 10%. o Recurring revenues increased 13% (88% of total, 10% organic). Organic revenue growth was primarily driven by Practical Law, Indirect Tax, CLEAR and the segment's international businesses. o Transactions revenues increased 28% (12% of total, 12% organic) driven primarily by Pagero, Direct Tax and Trust. Adjusted EBITDA increased 11% to \$153 million. o The margin decreased to 33.5% from 34.5%, primarily driven by the Pagero acquisition and higher investments. Tax & Accounting Professionals Revenues increased 7%, all organic, to \$366 million. o Recurring revenues increased 5% (87% of total, all organic). Organic revenue growth was driven by the segment's Latin America business and UltraTax products. o Transactions revenues increased 21% (13% of total, all organic) driven by tax products and professional services. Adjusted EBITDA increased 4% to \$196 million. o The margin decreased to 53.4% from 54.6%, primarily driven by higher investments. The Tax & Accounting Professionals segment is the company's most seasonal business with approximately 60% of full-year revenues typically generated in the first and fourth quarters. As a result, the margin performance of this segment has been generally higher in the first and fourth quarters as costs are typically incurred in a more linear fashion throughout the year.

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 5 of 23

Reuters News Revenues of \$218 million decreased 1% (decreased 3% organic) and included a positive impact from acquisitions. The organic revenue decline primarily reflected generative AI related content licensing revenue included in the prior-year period that was largely transactional in nature, partially offset by higher agency revenues and a contractual price increase from our news agreement with the Data & Analytics business of LSEG. Adjusted EBITDA decreased 26% to \$45 million primarily due to lower transactions revenues and higher costs including editorial coverage of key global events in the quarter. Global Print Revenues of \$144 million decreased 6%, all organic, driven by lower shipment volumes and the migration of customers from a Global Print product to Westlaw. Adjusted EBITDA was \$55 million, unchanged from the prior-year period. o The margin increased to 38.2% from 36.4% primarily due to lower costs. Corporate Costs Corporate costs were \$30 million compared to \$33 million in the prior-year period. Consolidated Financial Highlights Year Ended December 31 Year Ended December 31, (Millions of U.S. dollars, except for adjusted EBITDA margin and EPS) (unaudited)

IFRS Financial Measures(1)	2024	2023	Change at Constant Currency	Revenues	2024	2023	Change
Revenues	\$ 7,258	\$ 6,794	7%	Operating profit	\$ 2,109	\$ 2,332	-10%
Diluted EPS	\$ 4.89	\$ 5.80	-16%	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,457	\$ 2,341	5%

Non-IFRS Financial Measures(1)

Revenues	2024	2023	Change	Adjusted EBITDA	2024	2023	Change	Adjusted EBITDA margin	2024	2023	Change
Revenues	\$ 7,258	\$ 6,794	7%	Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,779	\$ 2,678	4%	Adjusted EBITDA margin	38.2%	39.3%	-110bp
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,779	\$ 2,678	4%	Adjusted EPS	\$ 3.77	\$ 3.51	7%	Free cash flow	\$ 1,828	\$ 1,871	-2%

(1) In addition to results reported in accordance with IFRS, the company uses certain non-IFRS financial measures as supplemental indicators of its operating performance and financial position. See the Non-IFRS Financial Measures section and the tables appended to this news release for additional information on these and other non-IFRS financial measures, including how they are defined and reconciled to the most directly comparable IFRS measures.

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 6 of 23

Revenues increased 7% due to 8% growth in recurring revenues (81% of total revenues) and 11% growth in transactions revenues, partly offset by an 8% decline in Global Print. The net impact of acquisitions and disposals as well as foreign currency on total company revenue growth was not significant. o Organic revenues increased 7% due to 8% growth in recurring revenues and 10% growth in transactions revenues. Global Print revenues decreased 7% organically. o The company's Big 3 segments reported organic revenue growth of 9% and collectively comprised 82% of total revenues. Operating profit decreased 10%, primarily due to lower gains from the sales of businesses compared to the prior-year period, which included the gain from the sale of a majority stake in Elite. o Adjusted EBITDA, which excludes gains on the sale of businesses, as well as other items, increased 4% and the related margin decreased to 38.2% from 39.3% in the prior-year period. The growth in revenues was partly offset by higher costs reflecting continued investments in the business, the impact of acquisitions, and higher incentive compensation. Foreign currency had a 20 basis points positive impact on the year-over-year change in adjusted EBITDA margin. Diluted EPS decreased to \$4.89 compared to \$5.80 in the prior-year period as lower income tax expense, which reflected a current year \$468 million non-cash tax benefit related to tax legislation enacted in Canada, and currency benefits included in other finance income or costs, were more than offset by a significant prior-year period increase in the value of the company's former investment in LSEG as well as lower operating profit. In 2024, diluted EPS also benefited from a reduction in weighted-average common shares outstanding due to share repurchases and the

company's June 2023 return of capital transaction. Adjusted EPS, which excludes the non-cash tax benefit, other finance income or costs, changes in value of the company's former LSEG investment, gains on sales of businesses, as well as other adjustments, increased to \$3.77 per share from \$3.51 per share in the prior-year period, due to higher adjusted EBITDA. In 2024, adjusted EPS also benefited from a reduction in weighted-average common shares. Net cash provided by operating activities increased by \$116 million due to the cash benefits from higher revenues that more than offset higher investment spending. Free cash flow decreased \$43 million as higher cash flows from operating activities were more than offset by higher capital expenditures and lower cash flows from other investing activities.

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 7 of 23

Highlights by Customer Segment – Year Ended December 31 (Millions of U.S. dollars, except for adjusted EBITDA margins) (unaudited)

	Year Ended December 31, 2024	Year Ended December 31, 2023	Change
Total Constant Currency(1)	\$ 2,922	\$ 2,807	4 %
Organic(1)(2)	\$ 1,844	\$ 1,620	14 %
Legal Professionals	\$ 1,165	\$ 1,058	10 %
Tax & Accounting Professionals	\$ 527	\$ 490	8 %
Big 3 Segments Combined(1)	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,408	4 %
Reuters News	\$ 832	\$ 769	8 %
Global Print	\$ 519	\$ 562	-8 %
Eliminations/Rounding	\$ 158	\$ 158	0 %
Adjusted EBITDA(1)	\$ 1,302	\$ 1,299	0 %
Legal Professionals	\$ 671	\$ 619	8 %
Tax & Accounting Professionals	\$ 527	\$ 490	8 %
Big 3 Segments Combined(1)	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,408	4 %
Reuters News	\$ 196	\$ 172	14 %
Global Print	\$ 188	\$ 213	-12 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,779	\$ 2,678	4 %
Adjusted EBITDA Margin(1)	44.6 %	46.2 %	-160bp
Legal Professionals	45.2 %	45.8 %	-60bp
Tax & Accounting Professionals	43.8 %	45.8 %	-170bp
Big 3 Segments Combined(1)	42.1 %	42.1 %	0bp
Reuters News	23.6 %	22.4 %	120bp
Global Print	36.2 %	38.0 %	-180bp
Adjusted EBITDA margin	38.2 %	39.3 %	-110bp

(1) See the Non-IFRS Financial Measures section and the tables appended to this news release for additional information on these and other non-IFRS financial measures. To compute segment and consolidated adjusted EBITDA margin, the company excludes fair value adjustments related to acquired deferred revenue. (2) Computed for revenue growth only. n/a: Not applicable.

2025 Outlook The company's outlook for 2025 in the table below assumes constant currency rates and incorporates the recent SafeSend acquisition and the divestitures of FindLaw and other non-core businesses but excludes the impact of any future acquisitions or dispositions that may occur during the remainder of the year. Thomson Reuters believes that this type of guidance provides useful insight into the anticipated performance of its businesses. The company expects its first-quarter 2025 organic revenue growth to be in the range of 5% to 6% and its adjusted EBITDA margin to be approximately 40%. The company's 2025 outlook and updated 2026 financial framework is forward-looking information that is subject to risks and uncertainties (see Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements, Material Risks and Material Assumptions). In particular, the company continues to operate in an uncertain macroeconomic environment, reflecting ongoing geopolitical risk, uneven economic growth and an evolving interest rate and inflationary backdrop. Any worsening of the global economic or business environment, among other factors, could impact the company's ability to achieve its outlook. Reported Full-Year 2024 Results and Full-Year 2025 Outlook

	Total Thomson Reuters FY 2024 Reported	FY 2025 Outlook
Total Revenue Growth	7 %	3.0 % - 3.5 % (2)
Organic Revenue Growth(1)	7 %	7.0 % - 7.5 %
Adjusted EBITDA Margin(1)	38.2 %	~39 %
Corporate Costs	\$105 million	\$120 million - \$130 million
Free Cash Flow(1)	\$1.8 billion	\$1.9 billion - \$2.0 billion
Accrued Capex as % of Revenue(1)	8.4 %	~8 %
Depreciation & Amortization of Computer Software	\$731 million	\$584 million - \$147 million
Depreciation & Amortization of Internally Developed Software	\$835 million	\$855 million - \$635 million
Interest Expense (P&L)	\$125 million	~\$150 million
Effective Tax Rate on Adjusted Earnings(1)	17.6 %	~19 %
Big 3 Segments(1) FY 2024 Reported	42.1 %	~43 %
FY 2025 Outlook	8 %	~4 % (2)
Organic Revenue Growth	9 %	~9 %
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	42.1 %	~43 %

(1) Non-IFRS financial measures. See the Non-IFRS Financial Measures section below as well as the tables and footnotes appended to this news release for more information. (2) Total revenue growth reflects the impact of the divestitures of FindLaw and other non-core businesses in December 2024. Updated 2026 Financial Framework For 2026, the company targets an organic revenue growth range of 7.5% - 8.0%, driven by approximately 9.5% growth for the Big 3 segments. The company targets adjusted EBITDA margin expansion by at least 50 basis points. It anticipates accrued capital expenditures as a percentage of revenues to be approximately 8%, and free cash flow to range from \$2.0 billion - \$2.1 billion, and an effective tax rate of approximately 19%. This financial framework assumes constant currency rates and incorporates the recent SafeSend acquisition but excludes the impact of any future acquisitions or dispositions that may occur during this time horizon. Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 9 of 23

The information in this section is forward-looking. Actual results, which will include the impact of currency, future acquisitions and dispositions completed during 2025 and 2026, and macroeconomic events outside of the company's control may differ materially from the company's 2025 outlook and 2026 financial framework. The information in this section should also be read in conjunction with the section below entitled Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements, Material Risks and Material Assumptions. The company's 2025 outlook and 2026 financial framework are also based on certain assumptions described in the cross-referenced section, which the company believes are reasonable in the circumstances, and is subject to a number of risks, including those specifically identified in the cross-referenced section and those facing the company generally. Recent Acquisition In January 2025, the company acquired cPaperless, LLC, doing business as SafeSend, for \$600 million in cash. SafeSend is a U.S. based cloud-native provider of technology for tax and accounting professionals. SafeSend automates

the last-mile of the tax return, including assembly, review, taxpayer e-signature, and delivery. This business will be substantially reported in the Tax & Accounting Professionals segment. Dividends and common shares outstanding The company announced today that its Board of Directors approved a 10% or \$0.22 per share annualized increase in the dividend to \$2.38 per common share, representing the 32nd consecutive year of dividend increases and the fourth consecutive 10% increase. A quarterly dividend of \$0.595 per share is payable on March 10, 2025 to common shareholders of record as of February 20, 2025. As of February 4, 2025, Thomson Reuters had approximately 450.1 million common shares outstanding. Thomson Reuters (NYSE / TSX: TRI) informs the way forward by bringing together the trusted content and technology that people and organizations need to make the right decisions. The company serves professionals across legal, tax, accounting, compliance, government, and media. Its products combine highly specialized software and insights to empower professionals with the data, intelligence, and solutions needed to make informed decisions, and to help institutions in their pursuit of justice, truth and transparency. Reuters, part of Thomson Reuters, is a world leading provider of trusted journalism and news. For more information, visit tr.com. Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 10 of 23

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES Thomson Reuters prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). This news release includes certain non-IFRS financial measures, which include ratios that incorporate one or more non-IFRS financial measures, such as adjusted EBITDA (other than at the customer segment level) and the related margin, free cash flow, adjusted earnings and the effective tax rate on adjusted earnings, adjusted EPS, accrued capital expenditures expressed as a percentage of revenues, net debt and leverage ratio of net debt to adjusted EBITDA, selected measures excluding the impact of foreign currency, changes in revenues computed on an organic basis as well as all financial measures for the "Big 3" segments. Thomson Reuters uses these non-IFRS financial measures as supplemental indicators of its operating performance and financial position as well as for internal planning purposes and the company's business outlook and financial framework. Additionally, Thomson Reuters uses non-IFRS measures as the basis for management incentive programs. These measures do not have any standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS and therefore are unlikely to be comparable to the calculation of similar measures used by other companies and should not be viewed as alternatives to measures of financial performance calculated in accordance with IFRS. Non-IFRS financial measures are defined and reconciled to the most directly comparable IFRS measures in the appended tables. The company's outlook and financial framework contain various non-IFRS financial measures. The company believes that providing reconciliations of forward-looking non-IFRS financial measures in its outlook and financial framework would be potentially misleading and not practical due to the difficulty of projecting items that are not reflective of ongoing operations in any future period. The magnitude of these items may be significant. Consequently, for purposes of its outlook and financial framework only, the company is unable to reconcile these non-IFRS measures to the most directly comparable IFRS measures because it cannot predict, with reasonable certainty, the impacts of changes in foreign exchange rates which impact (i) the translation of its results reported at average foreign currency rates for the year, and (ii) other finance income or expense related to intercompany financing arrangements. Additionally, the company cannot reasonably predict the occurrence or amount of other operating gains and losses that generally arise from business transactions that the company does not currently anticipate.

ROUNDING Other than EPS, the company reports its results in millions of U.S. dollars, but computes percentage changes and margins using whole dollars to be more precise. As a result, percentages and margins calculated from reported amounts may differ from those presented, and growth components may not total due to rounding.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, MATERIAL RISKS AND MATERIAL ASSUMPTIONS Certain statements in this news release, including, but not limited to, statements in Mr. Hasker's comments, the "2025 Outlook" section, the "Updated 2026 Financial Framework" section and the company's expectations including the impact of its recent acquisition of SafeSend, are forward-looking. The words "will", "expect", "believe", "target", "estimate", "could", "should", "intend", "predict", "project" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. While the company believes that it has a reasonable basis for making forward-looking statements in this news release, they are not a guarantee of future performance or outcomes and there is no assurance that any of the other events described in any forward-looking statement will materialize. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from current expectations. Many of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions are beyond the company's control and the effects of them can be difficult to predict. Some of the material risk factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by forward-looking statements in this news release include, but are not limited to, those discussed on pages 19-35 in the "Risk Factors" section of the company's 2023 annual report. These and other risk factors are discussed in materials that Thomson Reuters from time-to-time files with, or furnishes to, the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Thomson Reuters' annual and quarterly reports are also available in the "Investor Relations" section of tr.com.

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 11 of 23

The company's business 2025 outlook and updated 2026 financial framework are based on information currently available to the company and is based on various external and internal assumptions made by the company in light of its experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that the company believes are appropriate under the circumstances. Material assumptions and material risks may cause actual performance to differ from the company's expectations underlying its business outlook and financial framework. In particular, the global economy has experienced substantial disruption due to concerns regarding economic effects associated with the macroeconomic backdrop and ongoing geopolitical risks. The company's business outlook and financial framework assumes that uncertain macroeconomic and geopolitical conditions will continue to disrupt the economy and cause periods of volatility, however, these conditions may last substantially longer than expected and any worsening of the global economic or business environment could impact the company's ability to achieve its outlook and affect its results and other expectations. Material assumptions related to the company's revenue outlook and financial framework are that uncertain macroeconomic and geopolitical conditions will continue to disrupt the economy and cause periods of volatility; there will be a continued need for trusted products and services that help customers navigate evolving and complex legal, tax, accounting, regulatory, geopolitical and commercial changes, developments and environments, and for cloud-based digital tools that drive productivity; Thomson Reuters will have a continued ability to deliver innovative products that meet evolving customer demands; the company will acquire new customers through expanded and improved digital platforms, simplification of the product portfolio and through other sales initiatives; and the company will improve customer retention through commercial simplification efforts and customer

service improvements. Material assumptions related to the company's adjusted EBITDA margin outlook and financial framework are its ability to achieve revenue growth targets; the company's business mix continues to shift to higher-growth product offerings; and integration expenses associated with recent acquisitions will reduce margins. Material assumptions related to the company's free cash flow outlook and financial framework are its ability to achieve revenue and adjusted EBITDA margin targets; and accrued capital expenditures approximate the percentage of revenues as set forth in the company's outlook and financial framework. Material assumptions related to the company's effective tax rate on adjusted earnings outlook and financial framework are its ability to achieve its adjusted EBITDA target; the mix of taxing jurisdictions where the company recognized pre-tax profit or losses in 2024 does not significantly change; no unexpected changes in tax laws or treaties within the jurisdictions where the company operates; no significant charges or benefits from the finalization of prior tax years; depreciation and amortization of internally developed computer software as set forth in the company's outlook; and interest expense as set forth in the company's outlook. Material risks related to the company's revenue outlook and financial framework are that ongoing geopolitical instability and uncertainty regarding interest rates and inflation, continue to impact the global economy. The severity and duration of any, or a combination, of these conditions could impact the global economy and lead to lower demand for our products and services (beyond our assumption that these disruptions will cause periods of volatility); uncertainty in the legal regulatory regime relating to artificial intelligence (AI) has made it difficult for the company to predict the risks associated with the use of AI in its businesses and products. Future legislation may make it harder for the company to conduct its business using AI, lead to regulatory fines or penalties, require it to change its product offerings or business practices or prevent or limit its use of AI; demand for the company's products and services could be reduced by changes in customer buying patterns or in its inability to execute on key product design or customer support initiatives; competitive pricing actions and product innovation could impact the company's revenues; and the company's sales, commercial simplification and product initiatives may be insufficient to retain customers or generate new sales. Material risks related to the company's adjusted EBITDA margin outlook and financial framework are the same as the risks above related to the revenue outlook; higher than expected inflation may lead to greater than anticipated increase in labor costs, third-party supplier costs and costs of print materials; and acquisition and disposal activity may dilute the company's adjusted EBITDA margin. Material risks related to the company's free cash flow outlook and financial framework are the same as the risks above related to the revenue and adjusted EBITDA margin targets; a weaker macroeconomic environment could negatively impact working capital performance, including the ability of the company's customers to pay; accrued capital expenditures may be higher than currently expected; and the timing and amount of tax payments to governments may differ from the company's expectations. Material risks related to the company's effective tax rate on adjusted earnings outlook and financial framework are the same as the risks above related to adjusted EBITDA; a material change in the geographical mix of the company's pre-tax profits and losses; a material change in current tax laws or treaties to which the company is subject, and did not expect; and depreciation and amortization of internally developed computer software as well as interest expense may be significantly higher or lower than expected.

Â Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 12 of 23 Â The company has provided an outlook and financial framework for the purpose of presenting information about current expectations for the periods presented. This information may not be appropriate for other purposes. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements which reflect expectations only as of the date of this news release. Except as may be required by applicable law, Thomson Reuters disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements.

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Â Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 13 of 23 Â Thomson Reuters Corporation Consolidated Income Statement (millions of U.S. dollars, except per share data) (unaudited) Â Â Â Three Months Ended Â Â Year Ended Â Â Â Â December Â 31, Â Â December Â 31, Â Â Â Â 2024 Â Â 2023 Â Â 2024 Â Â 2023 Â CONTINUING OPERATIONS Â Â Â Â Revenues Â Â \$ 1,909 Â Â \$ 1,815 Â Â \$ 7,258 Â Â \$ 6,794 Â Operating expenses Â Â (1,183) Â Â (1,112) Â Â (4,471) Â Â (4,134) Â Depreciation Â Â (26) Â Â (29) Â Â (113) Â Â (116) Â Amortization of computer software Â Â (160) Â Â (135) Â Â (618) Â Â (512) Â Amortization of other identifiable intangible assets Â Â (22) Â Â (25) Â Â (91) Â Â (97) Â Other operating gains, net Â Â 204 Â Â 44 Â Â 144 Â Â 397 Â Operating profit Â Â 722 Â Â 558 Â Â 2,109 Â Â 2,332 Â Finance costs, net: Â Net interest expense Â Â (28) Â Â (31) Â Â (125) Â Â (152) Â Other finance income (costs) Â Â 53 Â Â (117) Â Â 45 Â Â (192) Â Income before tax and equity method investments Â Â 747 Â Â 410 Â Â 2,029 Â Â 1,988 Â Share of post-tax (losses) earnings in equity method investments Â Â (5) Â Â 260 Â Â 40 Â Â 1,075 Â Tax (expense) benefit Â Â (135) Â Â (20) Â Â 123 Â Â (417) Â Earnings from continuing operations Â Â 607 Â Â 650 Â Â 2,192 Â Â 2,646 Â (Loss) earnings from discontinued operations, net of tax Â Â (20) Â Â 28 Â Â 15 Â Â 49 Â Net earnings (loss) Â Â 587 Â Â 678 Â Â 2,207 Â Â 2,695 Â Earnings (loss) attributable to: Common shareholders Â Â 587 Â Â 678 Â Â 2,210 Â Â 2,695 Â Non-controlling interests Â Â â€” Â Â â€” Â Â (3) Â Â â€” Â Earnings per share: Â Basic earnings (loss) per share: Â From continuing operations Â Â \$ 1.35 Â Â \$ 1.43 Â Â \$ 4.86 Â Â \$ 5.70 Â From discontinued operations Â Â (0.05) Â Â 0.06 Â Â 0.03 Â Â 0.11 Â Basic earnings per share Â Â \$ 1.30 Â Â \$ 1.49 Â Â \$ 4.89 Â Â \$ 5.81 Â Diluted earnings (loss) per share: Â From continuing operations Â Â \$ 1.34 Â Â \$ 1.43 Â Â \$ 4.85 Â Â \$ 5.69 Â From discontinued operations Â Â (0.04) Â Â 0.06 Â Â 0.04 Â Â 0.11 Â Diluted earnings per share Â Â \$ 1.30 Â Â \$ 1.49 Â Â \$ 4.89 Â Â \$ 5.80 Â Basic weighted-average common shares Â Â 450,077,127 Â Â 454,510,754 Â Â 450,609,712 Â Â 463,175,043 Â Diluted weighted-average common shares Â Â 450,600,114 Â Â 455,173,945 Â Â 451,239,490 Â Â 463,970,070 Â Â Â Â Â Â Â Â Â Â Â Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 14 of 23 Â Thomson Reuters Corporation Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (millions of U.S. dollars) (unaudited) Â Â Â Â December Â 31, Â Â

December 31, 2024 2023 Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 1,968 \$ 1,298 Trade and other receivables 1,087 1,122 Other financial assets 35 66 Prepaid expenses and other current assets 400 435 Current assets 3,490 2,921 Property and equipment, net 386 447 Computer software, net 1,453 1,236 Other identifiable intangible assets, net 3,134 3,165 Goodwill 7,262 6,719 Equity method investments 269 2,030 Other financial assets 442 444 Other non-current assets 625 618 Deferred tax 1,376 1,104 Total assets \$ 18,437 \$ 18,684 Liabilities and equity Liabilities Current indebtedness \$ 973 \$ 372 Payables, accruals and provisions 1,091 1,114 Current tax liabilities 197 248 Deferred revenue 1,062 992 Other financial liabilities 113 507 Current liabilities 3,436 3,233 Long-term indebtedness 1,847 2,905 Provisions and other non-current liabilities 675 692 Other financial liabilities 232 237 Deferred tax 241 553 Total liabilities 6,431 7,620 Equity Capital 3,498 3,405 Retained earnings 9,699 8,680 Accumulated other comprehensive loss (1,191) (1,021) Total equity 12,006 11,064 Total liabilities and equity \$ 18,437 \$ 18,684

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 15 of 23 Thomson Reuters Corporation Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow (millionsof U.S. dollars) (unaudited)

Three Months Ended December 31, 2024	Year Ended December 31, 2024	2023	2024
Cash provided by (used in):	Operating activities	Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 607 \$ 650 \$ 2,192 \$ 2,646
Adjustments for:	Depreciation	26 29 113 116	
Amortization of computer software	160 135 618 512		
Amortization of other identifiable intangible assets	22 25 91 97		
Share of post-tax losses (earnings) in equity method investments	5 (260) (40) (1,075)		
Net (gains) losses on disposals of businesses and investments	(195) 5 (192) (336)		
Deferred tax	47 (19) (640) (388)		
Other	(22) 110 151 298		
Changes in working capital and other items	(76) 40 176 457		
Operating cash flows from continuing operations	574 715 2,469 2,327		
Operating cash flows from discontinued operations	(10) (10) (12) 14		
Net cash provided by operating activities	564 705 2,457 2,341		
Investing activities	Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		
(130) (15) (622) (1,216)	Proceeds related to disposals of businesses and investments		
297 326 418	Proceeds from sales of LSEG shares		
1,854 5,424	Capital expenditures		
(161) (132) (607) (544)	Other investing activities		
40 55 46 137	Taxes paid on sales of LSEG shares and disposals of businesses		
(115) (162) (317) (705)	Investing cash flows from continuing operations		
(69) (223) 680 3,514	Investing cash flows from discontinued operations		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(69) (223) 680 3,513		
Financing activities	Repayments of debt		
(600) (290) (600)	Net repayments under short-term loan facilities		
(513) (139) (956)	Payments of lease principal		
(17) (14) (63) (58)	Payments for return of capital on common shares		
(2,045)	Repurchases of common shares		
(361) (639) (1,079)	Dividends paid on preference shares		
(1) (1) (5) (5)	Dividends paid on common shares		
(236) (215) (944) (887)	Purchase of non-controlling interests		
(384)	Other financing activities		
2 2 5 4	Net cash used in financing activities		
(252) (1,702) (2,459) (5,626)	Translation adjustments		
(6) 2 (8) 1	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
237 1,218 670 229	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		
1,731 2,516 1,298 1,069	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		
\$ 1,968 \$ 1,298 \$ 1,968 \$ 1,298			

Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 16 of 23 Thomson Reuters Corporation Reconciliation of Earnings from Continuing Operations to Adjusted EBITDA(1) (millions of U.S. dollars, except for margins) (unaudited)

Three Months Ended	Year Ended	December 31, 2024	2023
Earnings from continuing operations	\$ 607 \$ 650 \$ 2,192 \$ 2,646		
Adjustments to remove:	Tax expense (benefit)		
135 20 (123) 417	Other finance (income) costs		
(53) 117 (45) 192	Net interest expense		
28 31 125 152	Amortization of other identifiable intangible assets		
22 25 91 97	Amortization of computer software		
160 135 618 512	Depreciation		
26 29 113 116	EBITDA		
925 1,007 2,971 4,132	Adjustments to remove:		
Share of post-tax losses (earnings) in equity method investments			
5 (260) (40) (1,075)	Other operating gains, net		
(204) (44) (144) (397)	Fair value adjustments*		
(8) 4 (8) 18	Adjusted EBITDA(1)		
\$ 718 \$ 707 \$ 2,779 \$ 2,678	Adjusted EBITDA margin(1)		
37.6 % 38.9 % 38.2 % 39.3 %			

* Fair value adjustments primarily represent gains or losses due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates on intercompany balances that arise in the ordinary course of business, which are a component of operating expenses, as well as adjustments related to acquired deferred revenue. Thomson Reuters Corporation Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow(1) (millions of U.S. dollars) (unaudited)

Three Months Ended	Year Ended	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 564 \$ 705 \$ 2,457 \$ 2,341		
Capital expenditures	(161) (132) (607) (544)		
Other investing activities	40 55 46 137		
Payments of lease principal	(17) (14) (63) (58)		

[illegible]

Corporation Reconciliation of Changes in Revenues to Changes in Revenues on a Constant Currency(1) and Organic Basis(1) (millions of U.S. dollars) (unaudited)									
		Year Ended							
December 31,		Change		2024		2023		Total	
				ForeignCurrency					
SUBTOTAL		ConstantCurrency		NetAcquisitions/(Divestitures)		Organic		Total Revenues	
Legal Professionals		\$ 2,922	\$ 2,807	4 %	0 %	4 %	-3 %	7 %	Corporates
Professionals		1,844	1,620	14 %	0 %	14 %	4 %	10 %	Tax & Accounting
		1,165	1,058	10 %	-1 %	11 %	1 %	10 %	Big 3 Segments Combined(1)
		5,485	8 %	0 %	8 %	0 %	9 %	Reuters News	832
			8 %	2 %	6 %	519	562	-8 %	0 %
			0 %	-7 %					
					(24)	(22)			

Revenues¹ excluding fair value adjustments² to acquired deferred revenue³ Adjusted EBITDA⁴

Adjusted EBITDA Margin Legal Professionals \$ 729 \$ 299 41.0 %

Corporates 458 \$ 1 459 153 33.5 % Tax & Accounting Professionals 366 \$ 366 196 53.4 %

Big 3 Segments Combined 1,553 1 1,554 648 41.7 % Reuters News 218 218 45 20.8 % Global Print 144 \$ 144 55 38.2 % Eliminations/ Rounding (6) \$ (6)

n/a Corporate costs \$ \$ \$ (30) n/a Consolidated totals \$ 1,909 \$ 1,910 \$ 718 37.6 %

Remove fair value adjustments to acquired deferred revenue IFRS revenues

Revenues¹ excluding fair value adjustments² to acquired deferred revenue³ Adjusted EBITDA⁴

Adjusted EBITDA Margin Legal Professionals \$ 2,922 \$ 1 2,923 \$ 1,302 44.6 %

Corporates 1,844 6 1,850 671 36.3 % Tax & Accounting Professionals 1,165 1,165 527 45.2 %

Big 3 Segments Combined 5,931 7 5,938 2,500 42.1 % Reuters News 832 2 834 196 23.6 % Global Print 519 \$ 519 188 36.2 % Eliminations/ Rounding (24) \$ (24)

n/a Corporate costs \$ \$ \$ (105) n/a Consolidated totals \$ 7,258 \$ 9 7,267 \$ 2,779

38.2 % Three months ended December 31, 2023 IFRS revenues Remove fair value adjustments to acquired deferred revenue Adjusted EBITDA

Revenues¹ excluding fair value adjustments² to acquired deferred revenue³ Adjusted EBITDA⁴

Adjusted EBITDA Margin Legal Professionals \$ 700 \$ 1 701 \$ 298 42.5 %

Corporates 402 \$ 402 138 34.5 % Tax & Accounting Professionals 344 \$ 344 188 54.6 %

Big 3 Segments Combined 1,446 1 1,447 624 43.1 % Reuters News 220 \$ 220 61 27.9 % Global Print 154 \$ 154 55 36.4 % Eliminations/ Rounding (5) \$ (5)

n/a Corporate costs \$ \$ \$ (33) n/a Consolidated totals \$ 1,815 \$ 1 1,816 \$ 707 38.9 %

n/a: not applicable Margins are computed using whole dollars, as a result, margins calculated from reported amounts may differ from those presented due to rounding.

(1) Refer to page 23 for additional information on non-IFRS financial measures. Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 22 of 23 Reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA margin(1) Year ended December 31, 2023 IFRS revenues Remove fair value adjustments to acquired deferred revenue Revenues excluding fair value adjustments to acquired deferred revenue Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA Margin Legal Professionals \$ 2,807 \$ 1 2,808 \$ 1,299 46.2 %

Corporates 1,620 3 1,623 619 38.1 % Tax & Accounting Professionals 1,058 11 1,069 490 45.8 %

Big 3 Segments Combined 5,485 15 5,500 2,408 43.8 % Reuters News 769 1 770 172 22.4 % Global Print 562 \$ 562 213 38.0 % Eliminations/ Rounding (22) \$ (22)

n/a Corporate costs \$ \$ \$ (115) n/a Consolidated totals \$ 6,794 \$ 16 6,810 \$ 2,678 39.3 %

n/a: not applicable Margins are computed using whole dollars, as a result, margins calculated from reported amounts may differ from those presented due to rounding.

Thomson Reuters Corporation Reconciliation of Net Debt(1) and Leverage Ratio of Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA(1) (millions of U.S. dollars) (unaudited) December 31, December 31, 2024 2023 Current indebtedness \$ 973 \$ 372 Long-term indebtedness 1,847 2,905

Total debt 2,820 3,277 Swaps 21 (65) Total debt after swaps 2,841 3,212 Remove fair value adjustments for hedges 5 2

Total debt after currency hedging arrangements 2,846 3,214 Remove transaction costs, premiums or discounts included in the carrying value of debt 22 26 Add: Lease liabilities (current and non-current) 256 265 Less: Cash and cash equivalents (1,968) (1,298)

Net debt \$ 1,156 \$ 2,207 Leverage ratio of net debt to adjusted EBITDA 0.4:1 0.8:1

Adjusted EBITDA \$ 2,779 \$ 2,678 Net debt/adjusted EBITDA 0.4:1 0.8:1

(1) Refer to page 23 for additional information on non-IFRS financial measures. Thomson Reuters Reports Fourth-Quarter and Full-Year 2024 Results Page 23 of 23 Non-IFRS Financial Measures Definition Why Useful to the Company and Investors Adjusted EBITDA and the related margin Represents earnings or losses from continuing operations before tax expense or benefit, net interest expense, other finance costs or income, depreciation, amortization of computer software and other identifiable intangible assets, Thomson Reuters share of post-tax earnings or losses in equity method investments, other operating gains and losses, certain asset impairment charges and fair value adjustments, including those related to acquired deferred revenue. The related margin is adjusted EBITDA expressed as a percentage of revenues. For purposes of this calculation, revenues are before fair value adjustments to acquired deferred revenue. Provides a consistent basis to evaluate operating profitability and performance trends by excluding items that the company does not consider to be controllable activities for this purpose. Also, represents a measure commonly reported and widely used by investors as a valuation metric, as well as to assess the company's ability to incur and service debt. Adjusted earnings and adjusted EPS Net earnings or loss including dividends declared on preference shares but excluding the post-tax impacts of fair value adjustments, including those related to acquired deferred revenue, amortization of acquired intangible assets (attributable to other identifiable intangible assets and acquired computer software), other operating gains and losses, certain asset impairment charges, other finance costs or income, Thomson Reuters share of post-tax earnings or losses in equity method investments, discontinued operations and other items affecting comparability. Acquired intangible assets contribute to the generation of revenues from acquired companies, which are included in the company's computation of adjusted

earnings. The post-tax amount of each item is excluded from adjusted earnings based on the specific tax rules and tax rates associated with the nature and jurisdiction of each item. Adjusted EPS is calculated from adjusted earnings using diluted weighted-average shares and does not represent actual earnings or loss per share attributable to shareholders. Provides a more comparable basis to analyze earnings. These measures are commonly used by shareholders to measure performance. Effective tax rate on adjusted earnings Adjusted tax expense divided by pre-tax adjusted earnings. Adjusted tax expense is computed as income tax (benefit) expense plus or minus the income tax impacts of all items impacting adjusted earnings (as described above), and other tax items impacting comparability. In interim periods, the company also makes an adjustment to reflect income taxes based on the estimated full-year effective tax rate. Earnings or losses for interim periods under IFRS reflect income taxes based on the estimated effective tax rates of each of the jurisdictions in which Thomson Reuters operates. The non-IFRS adjustment reallocates estimated full-year income taxes between interim periods but has no effect on full-year income taxes. Provides a basis to analyze the effective tax rate associated with adjusted earnings. The company's effective tax rate computed in accordance with IFRS may be more volatile by quarter because the geographical mix of pre-tax profits and losses in interim periods may be different from that for the full year. Therefore, the company believes that using the expected full-year effective tax rate provides more comparability among interim periods. Free cash flow Net cash provided by operating activities and other investing activities, less capital expenditures, payments of lease principal and dividends paid on the company's preference shares. Helps assess the company's ability, over the long term, to create value for its shareholders as it represents cash available to repay debt, pay common dividends, fund share repurchases and acquisitions. Changes before the impact of foreign currency or at constant currency The changes in revenues, adjusted EBITDA and the related margin, and adjusted EPS before currency (at constant currency or excluding the effects of currency) are determined by converting the current and equivalent prior period's local currency results using the same foreign currency exchange rate. Provides better comparability of business trends from period to period. Changes in revenues computed on an organic basis Represent changes in revenues of the company's existing businesses at constant currency. The metric excludes the distortive impacts of acquisitions and dispositions from not owning the business in both comparable periods. Provides further insight into the performance of the company's existing businesses by excluding distortive impacts and serves as a better measure of the company's ability to grow its business over the long term. Accrued capital expenditures as a percentage of revenues Accrued capital expenditures divided by revenues, where accrued capital expenditures include amounts that remain unpaid at the end of the reporting period. For purposes of this calculation, revenues are before fair value adjustments to acquired deferred revenue. Reflects the basis on which the company manages capital expenditures for internal budgeting purposes. Big 3 segments The company's combined Legal Professionals, Corporates and Tax & Accounting Professionals segments. All measures reported for the Big 3 segments are non-IFRS financial measures. The Big 3 segments comprised approximately 80% of revenues and represent the core of the company's business information service product offerings. Net debt and leverage ratio of net debt to adjusted EBITDA Net debt is total indebtedness (excluding the associated unamortized transaction costs and premiums or discount) plus the currency related fair value of associated hedging instruments, and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Net debt to adjusted EBITDA is net debt divided by adjusted EBITDA for the previous twelve-month period ending with the current fiscal quarter. Provides a commonly used measure of a company's leverage and its ability to pay its debt. Given that the company hedges some of its debt to reduce risk, the company includes hedging instruments as it believes it provides a better measure of the total obligation associated with its outstanding debt. However, because the company intends to hold its debt and related hedges to maturity, the company does not consider the interest components of the associated fair value of hedges in its measurements. The company reduces gross indebtedness by cash and cash equivalents. The company's non-IFRS measure is aligned with the calculation of its internal target and is more conservative than the maximum ratio allowed under the contractual covenants in its credit facility. Please refer to reconciliations for the most directly comparable IFRS financial measures.