





77,669Amortization of debt costs and discountsâ€¢ 1,106â€¢ â€¢ 652Amortization of discounts, due from T-Mobile, IP Transit Services & Purchase Agreementsâ€¢ â€¢ (13,186)â€¢ â€¢ (8,175)Equity-based compensation expense (net of amounts capitalized)â€¢ â€¢ 10,516â€¢ â€¢ 12,830Gain on bargain purchase â€" Sprint Businessâ€¢ â€¢ (22,202)â€¢ â€¢ (1,155,719)Gains â€" lease terminations and other, netâ€¢ â€¢ (3,332)â€¢ â€¢ (608)Deferred income taxesâ€¢ â€¢ (43,554)â€¢ â€¢ (27,190)Changes in operating assets and liabilities:â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Accounts receivableâ€¢ â€¢ 23,799â€¢ â€¢ (4,918)Prepaid expenses and other current assetsâ€¢ â€¢ 12,900â€¢ â€¢ (14,140)Due to T-Mobileâ€¢ â€¢ Transition Services Agreementâ€¢ â€¢ (64,622)â€¢ â€¢ 118,777Due from T-Mobile â€" Transition Services Agreementâ€¢ â€¢ (11,671)â€¢ â€¢ (7,015)Unfavorable lease liabilitiesâ€¢ â€¢ (3,843)â€¢ â€¢ (6,469)Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other long-term liabilitiesâ€¢ â€¢ 66,541â€¢ â€¢ 2,637Deposits and other assetsâ€¢ â€¢ (2,688)â€¢ â€¢ 133Net cash (used in) provided by operating activitiesâ€¢ â€¢ (2,951)â€¢ â€¢ 118,475Cash flows from investing activities:â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Cash payments - IP Transit Services Agreement â€" T-Mobileâ€¢ â€¢ 154,167â€¢ â€¢ 29,167Acquisition of Sprint Business, net of \$47.1 million of cash acquired in 2023â€¢ â€¢ 12,323â€¢ â€¢ (14,034)Purchases of property and equipmentâ€¢ â€¢ (89,650)â€¢ â€¢ (60,653)Net cash provided by (used in) investing activitiesâ€¢ â€¢ 78,740â€¢ â€¢ (45,520)Cash flows from financing activities:â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Dividends paidâ€¢ â€¢ (93,782)â€¢ â€¢ (90,218)Purchases of common stockâ€¢ â€¢ (7,968)â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Net proceeds from issuance of senior unsecured 2027 Notes - net of discount of \$6.8 million and debt costs of \$1.4 millionâ€¢ â€¢ 291,879â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Net proceeds from issuance of secured IPv4 notes â€" net of debt costs of \$7.6 millionâ€¢ â€¢ 198,420â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Proceeds from exercises of stock optionsâ€¢ â€¢ 204â€¢ â€¢ 385Principal payments of finance lease obligationsâ€¢ â€¢ (42,131)â€¢ â€¢ (17,247)Settlement of finance lease â€" at a discount â€¢ (114,576)â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Net cash provided by (used in) financing activitiesâ€¢ â€¢ 232,046â€¢ â€¢ (107,080)Effect of exchange rates changes on cashâ€¢ â€¢ 6,525â€¢ â€¢ 2,166Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cashâ€¢ â€¢ (312,460)â€¢ â€¢ (31,959)Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of periodâ€¢ â€¢ 113,781â€¢ â€¢ 275,912Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of periodâ€¢ â€¢ \$426,241â€¢ â€¢ \$243,953Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing activities:â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ â€¢ Fair value of equipment acquired in leasesâ€¢ â€¢ \$ 171Finance lease obligations incurredâ€¢ â€¢ \$ 96,606â€¢ â€¢ \$ 42,639â€¢ â€¢ The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated statements.â€¢ Page 6 of 56Table of ContentsCOGENT COMMUNICATIONS HOLDINGS, INC., AND SUBSIDIARIESNOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS1. A Description of the business:Reorganization and mergerOn May 15, 2014, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the â€œMerger Agreementâ€) by and among Cogent Communications Group, LLC (formerly Cogent Communications Group, Inc.) (â€œGroupâ€), a Delaware corporation, Cogent Communications Holdings, Inc., a Delaware corporation (â€œHoldingsâ€) and Cogent Communications Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Group adopted a new holding company organizational structure whereby Group is now a wholly owned subsidiary of Holdings. Holdings is a â€œsuccessor issuerâ€ to Group pursuant to Rule 12g-3(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the â€œExchange Actâ€). References to the â€œCompanyâ€ for events that occurred prior to May 15, 2014 refer to Cogent Communications Group, LLC (formerly Cogent Communications Group, Inc.) and its subsidiaries and on and after May 15, 2014 the â€œCompanyâ€ refers to Cogent Communications Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Cogent Communications, LLC (formerly Cogent Communications, Inc.) is wholly owned by Group. Sprint Communications Company LP is indirectly wholly owned by Holdings, and the vast majority of the Companyâ€™s assets, contractual arrangements, and operations are executed by Sprint Communications Company LP and Cogent Communications, LLC.Description of businessThe Company is a facilities-based provider of low-cost, high-speed Internet access, private network services, and data center colocation space and power. The Companyâ€™s network is specifically designed and optimized to transmit packet routed data. The Company delivers its services primarily to businesses, large and small, communications service providers and other bandwidth-intensive organizations in 54 countries across North America, Europe, South America, Oceania and Africa. The Company is a Delaware corporation and is headquartered in Washington, DC. The Company offers on-net Internet access services exclusively through its own facilities, which run from its network to its customersâ€™ premises. The Company offers its on-net services to customers located in buildings that are physically connected to its network. As a result, the Company is not dependent on local telephone companies or cable TV companies to serve its customers for its on-net Internet access and private network services. The Companyâ€™s on-net service consists of high-speed Internet access and private network services offered at speeds ranging from 100 megabits per second to 400 gigabits per second. The Company provides its on-net Internet access and private network services to its corporate, net-centric and enterprise customers. The Companyâ€™s corporate customers are located in multi-tenant office buildings that typically include law firms, financial services firms, advertising and marketing firms, as well as health care providers, educational institutions and other professional services businesses. The Companyâ€™s net-centric customers include bandwidth-intensive users that leverage its network either to deliver content to end users or to provide access to residential or commercial Internet users. Content delivery customers include over the top media service providers, content delivery networks, web hosting companies, and commercial content and application software providers. The Companyâ€™s net-centric customers include access networks comprised of other Internet Service Providers, telephone companies, mobile phone operators and cable television companies that collectively provide internet access to a substantial number of broadband subscribers and mobile phone subscribers across the world. These net-centric customers generally receive the Companyâ€™s services in carrier neutral colocation facilities and in the Companyâ€™s own data centers. The Company operates data centers throughout North America and Europe that allow its customers to collocate their equipment and access the Companyâ€™s network. In addition to providing on-net services, the Company provides Internet access and private network services to customers that are not located in buildings directly connected to its network. The Company provides these off-net services primarily to corporate customers using other carriersâ€™ circuits to provide the â€œlast mileâ€ portion of the link from the customersâ€™ premises to the Companyâ€™s network. The Company also provides certain non-core services that resulted from acquisitions, including the acquisition of Sprint Communications (as discussed below). The Company continues to support but does not actively sell these non-core services. Page 7 of 56Table of ContentsIn connection with the Companyâ€™s acquisition of Sprint Communications (as discussed below), the Company began to provide optical wavelength services and optical transport services over its fiber network. The Company is selling these wavelength services to its existing customers, customers of Sprint Communications and to new customers who require dedicated optical transport connectivity without the capital and ongoing expenses associated with owning and operating network infrastructure. Additionally, the Sprint Business (as defined below) customers include a number of companies larger than the Companyâ€™s historical customer base. In connection with the acquisition of Sprint Communications, the Company expanded selling services to these larger â€œEnterpriseâ€ customers.Acquisition of Sprint CommunicationsOn September 6, 2022, Cogent Infrastructure, LLC (formerly Cogent Infrastructure, Inc.), a Delaware corporation (the â€œBuyerâ€ and â€œCogent Infrastructureâ€) and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the â€œPurchase Agreementâ€) with Sprint Communications LLC, a Kansas limited liability company (â€œSprint Communicationsâ€) and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile US, Inc., a Delaware corporation (â€œT-Mobileâ€), and Sprint LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile (the â€œSellerâ€), pursuant to which the Company acquired the U.S. long-haul fiber network (including the non-U.S. extensions thereof) of Sprint Communications and its subsidiaries (the â€œSprint Businessâ€). Pursuant to the Purchase Agreement, the Company purchased from the Seller all of the issued and outstanding membership interests (the â€œPurchased Interestsâ€) of Wireline Network Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company that, following an internal restructuring and divisive merger, holds Sprint Communicationsâ€™ assets and liabilities relating to the Sprint Business (such transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement, collectively, the â€œTransactionâ€). The Purchase Agreement includes customary representations, warranties, indemnities and covenants, including regarding the conduct of the Sprint Business prior to the closing of the Transaction (the â€œClosingâ€). In addition, the Closing was subject to customary closing conditions, including the receipt of certain required regulatory approvals and consents. The Company believes it is in a unique position to monetize the Sprint Business and its network and management expects to achieve significant cost reduction synergies and revenue synergies from the Transaction. Revenue and pre-tax loss for the Sprint Business included in the Companyâ€™s condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for both the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2023 were \$78.0 million and \$65.6 million, respectively.Purchase PriceThe Transaction closed on May 1, 2023 (the â€œClosing Dateâ€). On the Closing Date, the Buyer consummated the Transaction pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, providing a purchase price of \$1 payable to the Seller for the Purchased Interests, subject to customary adjustments, including working capital (the â€œWorking Capital Adjustmentâ€), as set forth in the Purchase Agreement. As consideration for the Purchased Interests, the Working Capital Adjustment (primarily related to acquired cash and cash equivalents of an estimated \$43.4 million at the Closing Date in order to fund the international operations of the Sprint Business) resulted in the Buyer making a payment to the Seller of \$61.1 million on the Closing Date. During the third quarter of 2023, an additional Working Capital Adjustment of \$5.0 million was accrued due to the Seller. Short-term leasesThe Purchase Agreement also provides for an estimated payment of \$28.1 million (\$19.8 million net of discount) from Seller to the Buyer related to acquired short-term lease obligations (the â€œShort-term Lease Paymentâ€). The Short-term Lease Payment will be paid from the Seller to the Company in four equal payments in months 55 to 58 after the Closing Date. The Short-term Lease Payment was recorded at its present value resulting in a discount of \$8.4 million. The interest rate used in determining the present value was derived considering rates on similar issued debt instruments with comparable durations, amongst other market factors. The determination of the discount rate requires some judgment. During the third quarter of 2023, the Short-term Lease Payment was reduced by \$4.8 million and in the first quarter of 2024 the Short - term Lease Payment was reduced by an additional \$17.0 million, net of discount of \$7.2 million. Including the cumulative impact of the first quarter 2024 adjustment, the amortization of the discount resulted in interest income (expense) of \$0.4 and \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively and (\$0.1) and \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Page 8 of 56Table of ContentsSeverance reimbursementThe Purchase Agreement also provides for reimbursement from the Seller to the Buyer for qualifying severance expenses incurred. Total qualifying severance expenses were \$28.6 million of which \$8.0 million and \$12.3 million were recorded in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. No reimbursement amounts were recorded in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023. The final determination of the Working Capital Adjustment and the Short-term Lease Payment was completed in April 2024 and the Company paid the Seller \$5.0 million for the remaining Working Capital Adjustment. IP Transit Services AgreementOn the Closing Date, Cogent Communications, LLC (formerly Cogent Communications, Inc.), and T-Mobile USA, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct subsidiary of T-Mobile (the â€œTMUSAâ€), entered into an agreement for IP transit services (the â€œIP Transit Services Agreementâ€), pursuant to which TMUSA will pay an affiliate of the Company an aggregate of \$700.0 million, consisting of (i) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments of \$29.2 million per month during the first year after the Closing Date and (ii) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments of \$8.3 million per month over the subsequent 42 months. Under the IP Transit Services Agreement, TMUSA paid the Company \$66.7 million and \$29.2 million, during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$154.2 million and \$29.2 million during six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The IP Transit Services Agreement was recorded in connection with the Transaction at its discounted present value resulting in a discount of \$79.6 million. The interest rate used in determining the present value was derived considering rates on similar issued debt instruments with comparable durations, amongst other market factors. The determination of the discount rate requires some judgment. The amortization of the discount resulted in interest income of \$5.9 million and \$7.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$13.3 million and \$7.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Transition Services AgreementOn the Closing Date, the Buyer entered into a transition services agreement (the â€œTSAâ€) with the Seller, pursuant to which the Seller will provide to the Buyer, and the Buyer will provide to the Seller on an interim basis following the Closing Date, certain specified services (the â€œTransition Servicesâ€) to ensure an orderly transition following the separation of the Sprint Business from Sprint Communications. The services to be provided by the Seller to the Buyer include, among others, information technology support, back office and finance, real estate and facilities, vendor and supply chain management, including the payment and processing of vendor invoices for the Company and human resources services. The services to be provided by the Buyer to the Seller include, among others, information technology and network support, finance and back office and other wireless business support. The Transition Services are generally intended to be provided for a period of up to two years following the Closing Date, although such period may be extended for an additional one-year term by either party upon 30 daysâ€™ prior written notice. The fees for the Transition Services are calculated using either a per service monthly fee or an hourly rate for the employees allocated to provide such services. Any third-party costs incurred in providing the Transition Services are passed on to the party receiving such services at cost for the two-year period. Amounts paid for the Sprint Business by T-Mobile are reimbursed at cost. Either party to the TSA may terminate the agreement (i) with respect to any individual service in full for convenience upon 30 daysâ€™ prior written notice for certain services and reduced for other services after a 90-day period. The TSA may be terminated in its entirety if the other party has failed to perform any of its material obligations and such failure is not cured within 30 days. The TSA provides for customary indemnification and limits on liability. Amounts billed under the TSA are due 30 days from receipt of the related invoice. Amounts billed to the Company under the TSA are primarily for reimbursement at cost of payments to vendors of the Sprint Business until these vendors are fully transitioned to the Company. The amounts due from the Seller are primarily reimbursements for severance costs related to Sprint Business employees and services provided by the Company for the Seller. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company was billed \$6.7 million and \$23.3 million as due to the Seller under the TSA, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company was billed \$116.8 million and \$116.8 million as due to the Seller under the TSA, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company paid the Seller \$9.8 million and \$88.2 million, respectively, under the TSA. There were no amounts paid under the TSA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 since no payments were due until July 2023. As of June 30, 2024, the Company owed \$2.3 million to the Seller and the Seller owed \$3.9 million to the Company under the TSA. As of December 31, 2023, the Company owed \$66.9 million to the Seller and the Seller owed \$4.5 million to the Company under the TSA. Page 9 of 56Table of ContentsOther Services Provided to SellerIn addition, on the Closing Date, the Buyer and TMUSA entered into a commercial agreement (the â€œCommercial Agreementâ€) for colocation and connectivity services, pursuant to which the Company will provide such services to TMUSA for a per service monthly fee plus certain third-party costs incurred in providing the services. Under the Commercial Agreement, the Company recorded revenue of \$5.9 million and \$7.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$9.1 million and \$7.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, and December 31, 2023, TMUSA owed \$7.3 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, to the Company under the Commercial Agreement. These amounts are included in accounts receivable. Acquisition-Related CostsIn connection with the Transaction and negotiation of the Purchase Agreement, the Company incurred professional fees and other acquisition related costs, including \$12.4 million and \$0.7 million incurred in the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$21.4 million and \$1.1 million incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. ConsiderationThe acquisition-date fair value of consideration to be received from the Transaction comprised of the following:â€¢ \$37,532Purchase Agreement payment to be received from the Seller, net of discount of \$8,392 (b)â€¢ \$19,723Amounts due from the Seller â€" IP Transit Services Agreement, net of discount of \$79,610 (c)â€¢ \$620,390Total to be received from the Sellerâ€¢ \$640,113Total net consideration to be received from the Seller (d)â€¢ \$602,581(a)Includes \$61.1 million paid to the Seller on the Closing Date and \$5.0 million that was paid in April 2024. Additionally, includes an offsetting \$28.6 million in total severance reimbursement payments received from the Seller recorded as measurement period adjustments of a \$16.2 million during the fourth quarter of 2023, b \$4.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024, and c \$8.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024. (b)Under the Purchase Agreement, 50% of the assumed short-term operating lease liabilities totaling \$28.1 million is to be paid to the Company from the Seller in four equal installments in months 55-58 from the Closing Date and is recorded at its present value resulting in a discount of \$8.4 million. During the first quarter of 2024, the Working Capital Adjustment net of discount, was adjusted by \$17.0 million to reflect the conclusion of the determination of amounts due from the Seller from the Short-term Lease Payment. (c)The IP Transit Services Agreement payments totaling \$700.0 million are recorded at their present value resulting in a discount of \$79.6 million. The \$700.0 million is to be paid to the Company from the Seller in equal monthly payments of \$29.2 million in months 1-12 and \$8.3 million in months 13-54. (d)Cash consideration was \$1Page 10 of 56Table of ContentsFair Value of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed and Gain on Bargain PurchaseThe Company accounted for the Transaction as a business combination under ASC Topic 805 Business Combination (â€œASC 805â€). Under ASC 805, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at their fair values as of the Closing Date. Assigning fair market values to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of an acquisition requires the use of significant judgment regarding estimates and assumptions. For the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the Company used the cost, income and market approaches, including market participant assumptions. The fair value of the identifiable assets acquired (including amounts due under the IP Transit Services Agreement) were in excess of the liabilities assumed and the net consideration to be paid resulting in a gain on bargain purchase of \$1.4

billion. The Transaction is considered an asset purchase for income tax purposes. The tax basis of the acquired business is the consideration paid (\$1) plus the tax basis of certain liabilities assumed, with adjustments for cash acquired in excess of the purchase price. Deferred income taxes are recorded based upon the difference between the book and tax basis of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities at the Company's marginal effective income tax rate on the Closing Date. During the first quarter of 2024, the Company recorded a measurement period adjustment resulting in a reduction to the gain on bargain purchase of \$5.5 million which included: a reduction to the Short-term Lease Receivable of \$24.2 million (\$17.0 million net of discount); an additional reimbursed severance costs of \$4.3 million; an increase to unfavorable lease liabilities of \$6.0 million; a reduction to accrued liabilities of \$11.3 million; and a reduction to deferred income tax liabilities resulting from the adjustments noted above of \$1.9 million. During the second quarter of 2024, the Company recorded measurement period adjustments resulting in an increase to the gain on bargain purchase of \$27.7 million including: additional reimbursed severance costs of \$8.0 million, and a reduction to net deferred income tax liabilities of \$19.7 million. Page 11 of 56Table of Contents The following table summarizes the fair values for each major class of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the Closing Date. The Company retained the services of certified valuation specialists to assist with assigning values to certain acquired assets and assumed liabilities. At May 1, 2023, Assets at Current Assets: \$4.6 million, Cash and cash equivalents: \$47,074 million, Accounts receivable: \$39,948 million, Prepaid expenses and other current assets: \$22,777 million, Total current assets: \$109,799 million. Total property and equipment: \$965.7 million, 715Right-of-use leased assets: \$304,982 million, Intangible assets: \$458,000 million, Other intangible assets: \$16,000 million, Deposits and other assets: \$7,521 million, Total assets: \$1,862,017 million. Liabilities at Current Liabilities: \$13,313 million, Accrued and other current liabilities: \$25,344 million, Maturities, operating lease liabilities: \$74,562 million, Current maturities, finance lease lease liabilities: \$39,559 million, Total current liabilities: \$152,778 million, Operating lease liabilities, net of current maturities: \$251,573 million, Finance lease liabilities, net of current maturities: \$121,342 million, Deferred income tax liabilities: \$474,891 million, Other long-term liabilities: \$35,366 million, Total liabilities: \$1,035,950 million. Fair value of net assets acquired: \$826,067 million, Gain on bargain purchase: \$602,581 million, Fair value of net assets acquired: \$826,067 million, Total net consideration to be received from the Seller, net of discounts - see table above: \$602,581 million, Gain on bargain purchase: \$1,428,648 million. Acquired Property & Equipment: The Company acquired property and equipment of \$965.7 million. This is primarily comprised of the legacy Sprint network and consists of optical fiber, related equipment, and owned real estate that were valued using a combination of the cost and market approaches. Management intends to operate the acquired business; however, management valued these assets using factors that represent an orderly liquidation value, to approximate the highest and best use of assets acquired in a distressed business. The estimated fair value of the optical fiber on the Closing Date was \$369.2 million. The valuation requires the estimation of the total replacement cost per mile of fiber and a factor to reflect the orderly liquidation value. There is not active market data for these assumptions and these assumptions are inherently subjective. Market participants could have differing views on these assumptions, which could result in a materially different fair value of the optical fiber. Acquired Leases: The Company acquired a portfolio of lease arrangements for the lease of dark fiber, rights-of-way and facilities. In accordance with ASC 805 and ASC 842, the acquired leases are accounted for as if the leases are new at the acquisition date; however, the Company will retain the lease classification from the Seller. The Company followed its historical policies with respect to evaluating the renewal periods of the acquired leases and estimating the incremental borrowing rate. The Company also evaluated the leases for unfavorable terms and recorded an adjustment for unfavorable market terms of \$157.2 million that was valued using the income approach. Unfavorable lease liabilities are presented net of the corresponding right of use assets. Page 12 of 56Table of Contents Acquired Intangible Assets: Intangible assets acquired include \$458.0 million of IPv4 addresses and \$16.0 million of acquired customer relationships. The fair value measurement of the IPv4 addresses was based on recent auction prices and a factor to incorporate the uncertainty for how the market for IPv4 addresses will function in the future. The Company believes that these IPv4 addresses have an indefinite useful life and are not being amortized. The Company evaluates these assets for impairment on the first day of the fourth quarter. There was no impairment recorded during the period from May 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. During the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company recorded a reduction to acquired customer relationships, totaling \$41.0 million from revisions to certain assumptions. The acquired customer relationships have an estimated useful life of nine years and the estimated fair value was determined using a market-based income approach. Amortization expense was \$0.4 and \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Future amortization expense of the customer relationships is \$1.8 million per year for eight years. Acquired Asset Retirement Obligations: In connection with the Transaction, the Company assumed \$32.0 million of asset retirement obligations primarily related to restoration obligations for acquired leases that was valued using the income approach. The obligations and corresponding asset retirement assets are being accreted and amortized over approximately four years. Accretion of the asset retirement obligations is recorded as an increase to network operations expenses and amortization of the asset retirement assets is recorded as depreciation and amortization expenses, as shown in the table below. In accordance with ASC 410, the Company has not recorded an asset retirement obligation related to the removal of the acquired optical fiber because a settlement date for which to remove the fiber is indeterminable and therefore a reasonable estimation of fair value cannot be made. At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company recorded a material bargain purchase gain. Consequently, the Company reassessed the recognition and measurement of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in accordance with ASC 805-30-25-4 and concluded that all acquired assets and assumed liabilities were recognized and that the valuation procedures and resulting measures were appropriate. Pro Forma Information: The following unaudited pro forma financial information gives effect to the Transaction as if it had been completed on January 1, 2023. The pro forma adjustments are based on historically reported transactions by the respective companies. The pro forma results do not include anticipated synergies or other expected benefits of the acquisition. The pro forma results for the six months ended June 30, 2023 include the historical results of the Sprint Business through April 30, 2023 and the combined results of the Company and the Sprint Business for the two months ended June 30, 2023. The unaudited pro forma information is based upon available information and certain assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from the assumptions within the accompanying unaudited pro forma financial information. The selected unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial information is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not purport to represent what Page 13 of 56Table of Contents the actual consolidated results of operations would have been had the Transaction actually occurred on January 1, 2023, nor do they purport to project the future consolidated results of operations. At the end of the six months ended June 30, 2023, Service revenue: \$574,153 million, Operating loss from continuing operations: \$(196,525) million, Net income: \$1,229,943 million. The pro forma results for the six months ended June 30, 2023 include the gain on bargain purchase related to the Transaction of \$1.4 billion, interest income from the amortization of the discount recorded under the IP Transit Services Agreement of \$14.7 million, a net increase to historical depreciation expense based on the fair value of property and equipment and the impact of a finance lease adjustment of \$28.3 million, amortization expense related to the customer relationship intangible assets of \$0.6 million, amortization of unfavorable lease liabilities of \$1.0 million, a reduction to network operations expense of \$16.8 million and an increase to interest expense of \$3.9 million from the impact of a finance lease adjustment and the impact to income tax expense from the pro-forma adjustments of \$2.3 million. Basis of presentation: The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments that the Company considers necessary for the fair presentation of its results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods covered, and of the financial position of the Company at the date of the interim condensed consolidated balance sheet. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, (GAAP) have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. The operating results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the entire year. While the Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to not make the information misleading, these interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in its annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all wholly owned subsidiaries. All inter-company accounts and activity have been eliminated. Use of estimates: The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Financial instruments: At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, prepaid and other current assets, accounts payable, and accrued expenses approximated fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company measures its cash equivalents and restricted cash at amortized cost, which approximates fair value based upon quoted market prices (Level 1). Based upon recent trading prices (Level 2a - market approach) at June 30, 2024, the fair value of the Company's \$450.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.00% Senior Unsecured Notes due 2027 (the 2027 Notes) was \$443.3 million, the fair value of the Company's \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.00% Senior Unsecured Mirror Notes due 2027 (the 2027 Mirror Notes) was \$295.5 million, Page 14 of 56Table of Contents the fair value of the Company's \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Secured Notes due 2026 (the 2026 Notes) was \$475.0 million, the fair value of the Company's \$206.0 million aggregate principal amount of secured IPv4 notes (the 2026 IPv4 Notes) was \$210.1 million and the fair value of the Company's interest rate swap agreement was \$35.5 million. Restricted cash and interest rate swap agreement: Restricted cash includes amounts held in segregated bank accounts by our clearing broker as margin in support of our Swap Agreement as discussed in Note 3 and was \$35.5 million as of June 30, 2024. Additional restricted cash related to the IPv4 Notes, as discussed in Note 3, was \$6.3 million as of June 30, 2024. Additional cash may be further restricted to maintain our Swap Agreement as interest rates fluctuate and margin requirements change and under the provisions of our Swap Agreement. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. Gross receipts taxes, universal service fund and other surcharges: Revenue recognition standards include guidance relating to taxes or surcharges assessed by a governmental authority that are directly imposed on a revenue-producing transaction between a seller and a customer and may include, but are not limited to, gross receipts taxes, excise taxes, Universal Service Fund fees and certain state regulatory fees. Such charges may be presented gross or net based upon the Company's accounting policy election. The Company records certain excise taxes and surcharges on a gross basis and includes them in its revenue and network operations expense. Excise taxes and surcharges billed to customers and recorded on a gross basis (as service revenue and network operations expense) were \$19.2 million and \$11.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$39.7 million and \$15.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Basic and diluted net income per common share: Basic earnings per share (EPS) excludes dilution for common stock equivalents and is computed by dividing net income or (loss) available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is based on the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period, adjusted for the effect of dilutive common stock equivalents. Shares of restricted stock are included in the computation of basic EPS as they vest and are included in diluted EPS, to the extent they are dilutive, determined using the treasury stock method. The following details the determination of diluted weighted-average shares: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - basic: 47,137,822 shares, the diluted effect of stock options: 47,208,786 shares, 47,408,786 shares, 47,508,334 shares. The following details the determination of diluted weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination of the dilutive effect of stock options and restricted stock awards outstanding: At the end of the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had 47,511,613 shares outstanding. The weighted-average common shares - diluted: 47,511,613 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares, 47,526,207 shares. The following details the determination





the year ended December 31, 2023. Acquisition of Sprint Communications On May 1, 2023 (the "Closing Date"), Cogent Infrastructure, LLC (formerly Cogent Infrastructure, Inc.), a Delaware corporation and our direct wholly owned subsidiary, closed on its acquisition of the U.S. long-haul fiber network (including the non-U.S. extensions thereof) of Sprint Communications and its subsidiaries (the "Sprint Business") in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Membership Interest Purchase Agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), dated September 6, 2022, by and among us, Sprint Communications LLC, a Kansas limited liability company (the "Sprint Communications") and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile US, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "T-Mobile"), and Sprint LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of T-Mobile (the "Seller"). On the Closing Date, we purchased from the Seller all of the issued and outstanding membership interests (the "Purchased Interests") of Wireline Network Holdings LLC, a Delaware limited liability company that, following an internal restructuring and divisive merger, held Sprint Communications' assets and liabilities relating to the Sprint Business (such transactions contemplated by the Purchase Agreement, collectively, the "Transaction"). Page 27 of 56Table of Contents Purchase Price On the Closing Date, we consummated the Transaction pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, providing a purchase price of \$1 payable to the Seller for the Purchased Interests, subject to customary adjustments, including working capital (the "Working Capital Adjustment"), as set forth in the Purchase Agreement. As consideration for the Purchased Interests, the Working Capital Adjustment (primarily related to acquired cash and cash equivalents of an estimated \$43.4 million at the Closing Date in order to fund the international operations of the Sprint Business) resulted in us making a payment to the Seller of \$61.1 million on the Closing Date. In April 2024, an additional Working Capital Adjustment of \$5.0 million was paid to the Seller. Short-term Leases The Purchase Agreement also provides for an estimated payment of \$28.1 million (\$19.8 million net of discount) from the Seller to us related to acquired short-term lease obligations (the "Short-term Lease Payment"). The Short-term Lease Payment will be paid from the Seller to us in four equal payments in months 55 to 58 after the Closing Date. The Short-term Lease Payment was recorded at its present value resulting in a discount of \$8.4 million. The interest rate used in determining the present value was derived considering rates on similar issued debt instruments with comparable durations, amongst other market factors. The determination of the discount rate requires some judgment. During the third quarter of 2023, the Short-term Lease Payment was reduced by \$4.8 million and in the first quarter of 2024 the Short-term Lease Payment, net of discount, was reduced by an additional \$17.0 million. Severance reimbursements The Purchase Agreement also includes reimbursement from Seller to us for qualifying severance expenses incurred. Total qualifying severance expenses were \$28.6 million, of which \$8.0 million and \$12.3 million were recorded in the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively. No reimbursement amounts were recorded in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023. IP Transit Services Agreement On the Closing Date, we entered into an agreement for IP transit services (the "IP Transit Services Agreement"), pursuant to which TMUSA will pay us an aggregate of \$700.0 million, consisting of (i) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments of \$29.2 million per month during the first year after the Closing Date and (ii) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments of \$8.3 million per month over the subsequent 42 months. Under the IP Transit Services Agreement, TMUSA paid us \$66.7 million and \$29.2 million, during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$154.2 million and \$29.2 million during six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The IP Transit Services Agreement was recorded in connection with the Transaction at its discounted present value resulting in a discount of \$79.6 million. The interest rate used in determining the present value was derived considering rates on similar issued debt instruments with comparable durations, amongst other market factors. The determination of the discount rate requires some judgment. Transition Services Agreement On the Closing Date, the Buyer entered into a transition services agreement (the "TSA") with the Seller, pursuant to which the Seller will provide to the Buyer, and the Buyer will provide to the Seller on an interim basis following the Closing Date, certain specified services (the "Transition Services") to ensure an orderly transition following the separation of the Sprint Business from Sprint Communications. The services to be provided by the Seller to the Buyer include, among others, information technology support, back office and finance, real estate and facilities, vendor and supply chain management, including the payment and processing of vendor invoices for the Company and human resources. The services to be provided by the Buyer to the Seller include, among others, information technology and network support, finance and back office and other wireless business support. The Transition Services are generally intended to be provided for a period of up to two years following the Closing Date, although such period may be extended for an additional one-year term by either party upon 30 days' prior written notice. The fees for the Transition Services are calculated using either a per service monthly fee or an hourly rate for the employees allocated to provide such services. Any third-party costs incurred in providing the Transition Services are passed on to the party receiving such services at cost for the two-year period. Amounts paid for the Sprint Business by T-Mobile are reimbursed at cost. Page 28 of 56Table of Contents Either party to the TSA may terminate the agreement (i) with respect to any individual service in full for convenience upon 30 days' prior written notice for certain services and reduced for other services after a 90-day period. The TSA may be terminated in its entirety if the other party has failed to perform any of its material obligations and such failure is not cured within 30 days. The TSA provides for customary indemnification and limits on liability. Amounts billed under the TSA are due 30 days from receipt of the related invoice. Amounts billed to us under the TSA are primarily for reimbursement at cost of payments to vendors of the Sprint Business until these vendors are fully transitioned to us. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, we were billed \$6.6 million and \$23.3 million as due to the Seller under the TSA, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, we were billed \$116.8 million and \$116.8 million as due to the Seller under the TSA, respectively. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, we paid to the Seller \$9.7 and \$88.2 million, respectively, under the TSA. There were no amounts paid under the TSA for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 since no payments were due until July 2023. As of June 30, 2024, we owed \$2.3 million to the Seller and the Seller owed \$3.9 million to us under the TSA. The amounts due to us from the Seller are reimbursements for severance costs related to Sprint Business employees and services provided by us for the Seller. Other Services Provided to Seller In addition, on the Closing Date, we entered into a commercial agreement (the "Commercial Agreement") with TMUSA for colocation and connectivity services, pursuant to which we will provide such services to TMUSA for a per service monthly fee plus certain third-party costs incurred in providing the services. Under the Commercial Agreement, we recorded as service revenue of \$5.9 million and \$7.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and \$9.1 million and \$7.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively. Acquisition-Related Costs In connection with the Transaction and negotiation of the Purchase Agreement, we incurred professional and other acquisition related costs of \$4.4 million and \$8.0 million of reimbursed severance in the three months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, and a total of \$9.0 million of professional and other acquisition costs and \$12.3 million of reimbursed severance costs. We incurred professional and other acquisition costs of \$0.7 million and \$1.1 million in the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively. Competitive Advantages We believe we address many of the data communications needs of businesses large and small, communications service providers and other bandwidth-intensive organizations by offering them high-quality, high-speed Internet access and private network services at attractive prices. After our acquisition of the Sprint Business, we began offering services to larger enterprise customers. We believe that our organization has the following competitive advantages: Low Cost of Operation: We believe that the wireline telecom industry is undergoing, and will continue to face, significant price deflation for its applications and services. This price deflation is a result of a variety of factors including increased competition, enhanced substitutability of certain products and services and the continued impact of Moore's Law, which has driven down the cost of technology, particularly for fiber optic Wavelength Division Multiplexing equipment and optically interfaced routers. Faced with the backdrop of continued price deflation in our industry, we have made a series of discreet choices around our network design, operating strategy and product offerings that are consistent with our objective of becoming the low-cost operator in our industry. Since our initiation of operations, this strategy has resulted in a rapid decline in our cost to transmit bits, which has increased our margins and decreased our capital intensity as measured by our capital expenditures per total revenues. Important components of our low-cost operating strategy include: a—One Network Protocol. Upon our founding, we selected to operate our network solely using Ethernet protocol. We made this selection in order to take advantage of the significantly greater installed base and lower cost of Ethernet network equipment versus other protocols, the substantially lower costs associated with operating and maintaining one network protocol and the continued benefits of the rapid price performance ratio improvements of Ethernet-related equipment. Our single network protocol allows us to avoid many of the costs that our competitors who operate circuit-switched, time-division multiplexing (TDM) and hybrid fiber coaxial networks incur related to provisioning, monitoring and maintaining multiple transport protocols. Selecting one operating protocol has also had positive effects in terms of our operating overhead and the simplicity of our organization. We believe the vast majority of our competitors currently operate their networks with multiple protocols and we believe that attempts to upgrade their networks to one protocol would be operationally challenging and costly. Page 29 of 56Table of Contents—Our Network. We have acquired a large portfolio of dark fiber leases from 328 dark fiber vendors from around the world sourced from the excess inventory of existing networks. The nature of this portfolio and the individual leases provide us long-term access to dark fiber at attractive rates and, in many cases, the opportunity to extend these leases for multiple terms. On average, a modest number of our dark fiber leases come up for renewal each year. In addition, with our acquisition of the Sprint Business, we now own a nationwide domestic fiber network (the "Sprint Network"). Acquiring the Sprint Network allows us to capitalize on the benefits of owning network without significant upfront capital investment. The Sprint Network is mostly complementary to our existing leased dark fiber network, offers unique geographic routes and will allow us to reduce our reliance on leased dark fiber. This strategic combination of owned and leased dark fiber will help to ensure a robust and reliable network and enables us to connect via dark fiber to virtually any geographic route or facility we require on a long-term, cost-effective basis. a—Narrow and Focused Product Set. Since our founding, we have strategically focused on delivering a very narrow product set to our customers. The vast majority of our revenue is driven by or related to our high-capacity, bi-directional, symmetric Internet access services which can be accessed on-net in multi-tenant office buildings (MTOBs) and carrier neutral data centers (CNDCs) or off-net through other carriers' "elast mile" connections to customer facilities. The addition of optical wave and optical transport services and our decision to continue to support MPLS virtual private network (VPN) services for our acquired customers are consistent with this strategy. There are significant cost advantages as a result of this narrow product set. We believe that the relative size of our salesforce training, support and overhead is lower than comparable telecom providers that tend to offer a broader, one-stop shop product set to their client base. a—Scalable Network Equipment and Hub Configurations. Due to our single network protocol and narrow product set, our transmission and network operations rely mainly on two sets of equipment for operation. The addition of optical waves and optical transport services to our product set has not altered this configuration. In order to further scale our operating leverage, we have systematically reused older equipment in less dense portions of our network. Due to interoperability between the generations of products, we are able to transfer older equipment from our core, high-traffic areas to less congested portions of our network. The result of this dynamic grooming process is that we are able to utilize our equipment for materially longer periods than the expected life of this equipment, thereby reducing our capital investment in our network. We design and build all of our network hubs, points of presence, and data centers to the same standards and configurations. This replication strategy provides us scale benefits in equipment purchases, training, and maintenance. Greater Control and Superior Delivery. Our on-net service does not rely on circuits that must be provisioned by a third-party carrier. In our on-net MTOBs, we provide our customers the entire network, including the "elast mile" and the in-building wiring connecting to our customer's suite. In our CNDCs, we are collocated with our customers. As a result, only a cross-connection within the data center is required to provide our services to our customers, including our newer optical wave and optical transport offerings. The structure of our on-net service provides us with more control over our service, quality and pricing. It also allows us to provision services more quickly and efficiently than provisioning services on a third-party carrier network. The vast majority of our on-net Internet and VPN services can be installed in less than two weeks, which is materially faster than the installation times for some of our incumbent competitors. High-Quality, Reliable Service. We are able to offer high-quality Internet service due to our network design and composition. We believe that we deliver a high level of technical performance because our network is optimized for packet routed traffic. Its design increases the speed and throughput of our network and reduces the number of data packets dropped during transmission compared to traditional circuit-switched networks. We believe that our network is more reliable and carries traffic at lower cost than networks built as overlays to traditional circuit-switched, or TDM networks. Large Addressable Market. We have systematically evaluated and chosen our network extensions to buildings, data centers and markets based upon a rigorous set of criteria to evaluate the economic opportunity of network locations. Additional factors relevant to our pursuit of new buildings include the willingness of building owners to grant us access rights, the availability of optical fiber networks to serve those buildings, the costs to connect buildings to our network and equipment availability. We have also begun to evaluate the sustainability of new locations by evaluating the LEED Green Rating of Buildings, the potential to source renewable energy at locations and the potential impact of climate change on a location including proximity to water and the risk of flooding. Our network is connected to 3,386 total buildings located in 251 metropolitan markets globally. These buildings include 1,864 large MTOBs (totaling over 1.0 billion square feet of office space) in major North American cities where we offer our services to a diverse set of high-quality corporate customers within close physical proximity of each other. These buildings also include 1,602 CNDCs located in 1,436 buildings in North America, Europe, South America, Oceania and Africa where our net-centric customers directly Page 30 of 56Table of Contents interconnect with our network. We also operate 86 of our own data centers 34 of which were converted from facilities acquired with the Sprint Business) across the United States and in Europe, which comprise over 1.8 million square feet of floor space, offer 164 MW of power and are directly connected to our network. We believe that these network points of presence strategically position our network to attract high levels of Internet traffic and maximize our revenue opportunities and profitability. Balanced, High-Traffic Network. Since its inception, our network has grown significantly in terms of its geographic reach, customer connections, and traffic. We currently serve 8,135 access networks as well as numerous large and small content providers and 48,690 corporate customer connections and 18,356 enterprise customer connections. Because of these growing bases of customers who distribute (content providers) and receive (access networks) content on our network, we believe that the majority of all the traffic remains "on-net" by both originating and terminating on our network. This control of traffic is an important differentiator as it increases our service reliability and speed of traffic delivery. The increasing share of traffic delivered from content providers to access networks also enhances our margins as we are compensated by both the originating customer and the terminating customer. The breadth of our network, extensive size of our customer base, and the volume of our traffic enables us to be one of a handful of Tier 1 networks that are interconnected on a settlement-free basis. This Tier 1 network peering status broadens our geographic delivery capability and materially reduces our network costs. Proven and Experienced Management Team. Our senior management team is composed of seasoned executives with extensive expertise in the telecommunications industry as well as knowledge of the markets in which we operate. The members of our senior management team have an average of over 20 years of experience in the telecommunications industry and many have been working together at the Company for several years. Several members of the senior management team have been working together at the Company since 2000. Our senior management team has designed and built our network and, during our formative years, led the integration of network assets we acquired through 13 significant acquisitions prior to our acquisition of the Sprint Business and managed the expansion and growth of our business. We anticipate that our management team will successfully manage the integration of the Sprint Business into our current operations. Our Strategy We intend to remain a leading provider of high-quality, high-speed Internet access and private network services and to continue to improve our profitability and cash flow. The principal elements of our strategy include: Grow our Corporate Customer Base. Our on-net corporate customers are typically small to medium-sized businesses connected to our network through MTOBs or connected to our network through one of our on-net CNDCs. We generally sell two types of services to our corporate customers: dedicated internet access and private network services. We typically sell dedicated internet access at the same price per connection as our competitors, but our customers benefit from our significantly faster speeds and rapid installation times. These customers are increasingly integrating off-site data centers and cloud services into their IT infrastructure in order to take advantage of the safety, security and redundancy that is offered by locating company processing power, storage and software at a data center. An important part of this new infrastructure is a high-speed, dedicated internet connection from the corporate premises to the data center and the Internet and from one corporate premises to other corporate premises. We believe that the importance of data centers will increasingly lead tenants to reconfigure their communications infrastructure to include dedicated internet access across their locations. Expand our Business with Enterprise Customers. With our acquisition of the Sprint Business, we acquired a number of larger enterprise customers. While we are in the process of terminating certain non-core services to these customers at the end of their current term, we have continued to provide our core services to enterprise customers and elected to provide MPLS services, a new service for the Company, as well. We have not previously focused our sales efforts on larger enterprise customers. Since the acquisition of the Sprint Business, we have formed dedicated sales teams who are tasked with preserving existing business with and seeking new sales from enterprise customers. Page 31 of 56Table of Contents Increase our Share of the Net-Centric Market. We are currently one of the leading providers of high-speed internet access to a variety of content providers and access networks across



related IRU asset. Page 36 of 56Table of ContentsGain on Bargain Purchase. We accounted for our acquisition of the Sprint Business as a business combination. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at their fair values as of the acquisition date. Assigning fair market values to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of an acquisition requires the use of significant judgment regarding estimates and assumptions. During the three months ended June 30, 2024, we made certain adjustments to our estimates of the fair market value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed resulting in increase to the gain on bargain purchase of \$27.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The total bargain purchase gain was \$1.4 billion. Interest Income - IP Transit Services Agreement. Under the IP Transit Services Agreement TMUSA will pay us an aggregate of \$700.0 million, consisting of (i) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments during the first year after the Closing Date and (ii) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments over the subsequent 42 months. The IP Transit Services Agreement was recorded in connection with the Transaction at its discounted present value resulting in a discount of \$79.6 million. The amortization of the discount resulted in interest income of \$5.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and \$7.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Interest Expense. Our interest expense resulted from interest incurred on our \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Secured Notes due 2026 that we issued in May 2021 (the "2026 Notes"), interest incurred on our \$450.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.00% Senior Unsecured Notes due 2027 that we issued in June 2022 (the "2027 Notes"), interest incurred on \$206.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.924% IPv4 secured notes that we issued in May 2024 (the "2024 Notes"), interest incurred on our \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of 7.00% Senior Unsecured Notes due 2027 that we issued in June 2024 (the "2027 Notes"), interest on our Swap Agreement and interest incurred on our finance lease obligations. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of our Swap Agreement was a net liability of \$35.5 million. Changes in the valuation of the Swap Agreement are related to semi-annual interest payments in May and November and changes in interest rates and are included in interest expense. Under the Swap Agreement settlement payment made in May 2023, we paid \$9.5 million to the counterparty for a net cash interest cost of \$9.5 million for the period from November 1, 2022 to April 30, 2023. Under the Swap Agreement settlement payment made in May 2024, we paid \$12.1 million to the counterparty for a net cash interest cost of \$12.1 million for the period from November 1, 2023 to April 30, 2024. Our interest expense decreased primarily due to the change in the valuation of the swap agreement offsetting the increase from the issuance of our IPv4 Notes in May 2024 and the issuance of our 2027 Mirror Notes in June 2024. Income Tax Benefit. Our income tax benefit was \$7.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and \$24.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. The change in our income benefit is primarily related to projected operating results related to the Sprint Business acquisition and the reversal of deferred tax liabilities acquired with the Sprint Business. Page 37 of 56Table of ContentsBuildings On-net. As of June 30, 2024, and 2023, we had a total of 3,386 and 3,227 on-net buildings connected to our network, respectively. The increase in our on-net buildings was a result of our disciplined network expansion program. We anticipate adding a similar number of buildings to our network for the next several years. Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 Compared to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 Our management reviews and analyzes several key financial measures in order to manage our business and assess the quality and variability of our service revenue, operating results and cash flows. The following summary tables present a comparison of our results of operations with respect to certain key financial measures. The comparisons illustrated in the tables are discussed in greater detail below. Network Operations Expenses (1) \$ 324,367k \$ 196,140k 65.6% Selling, general, and administrative (SG&A) expenses (2) \$ 145,392k \$ 128,736k 12.9% Sprint acquisition costs \$ 21,407k \$ 1,139k NM \$ Depreciation and amortization expenses \$ 144,930k \$ 77,669k 86.6% Gain on bargain purchase of Sprint Business \$ 22,202k \$ 1,155,719k NM Gain on lease termination \$ 3,332k \$ 47,116k 24.6% IP Transit Services Agreement \$ 13,264k \$ 7,669k 73.0% Interest expense, including change in valuation of swap agreement \$ 58,703k \$ 26,980k 19,827k 36.1% (1) Includes non-cash equity-based compensation expenses of \$385 and \$380 in the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. (2) Includes non-cash equity-based compensation expenses of \$10,131 and \$12,450 in the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. NM not meaningful. Service Revenue. We continually work to grow our total service revenue by increasing the number of potential customers that we can reach on our network. We do this by investing capital to expand the geographic footprint of our network, increasing the number of buildings that we are connected to, including CNDs and MTOBs, and increasing our penetration rate into our existing buildings. These efforts broaden the global reach of our network and increase the size of our potential addressable market. We also seek to grow our service revenue by investing in our sales and marketing team. We typically sell corporate connections at similar pricing to our competitors, but our clients benefit from our significantly faster speeds, greater aggregate throughput, enhanced service level agreements and rapid installation times. In the net-centric market, we offer comparable services in terms of capacity but typically at significantly lower prices. Our service revenue increased by 33.9% from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024. Exchange rates had a positive impact on our increase in service revenue by \$0.1 million. All foreign currency comparisons herein reflect results for the six months ended June 30, 2024 translated at the average foreign currency exchange rates for the six months ended June 30, 2023. We increased our total service revenue by the acquisition of Sprint Business customers, expanding our network, adding additional buildings to our network, increasing our penetration into the buildings connected to our network and gaining market share by offering our services at lower prices than our competitors. Page 38 of 56Table of ContentsRevenue recognition standards include guidance relating to any tax assessed by a governmental authority that is directly imposed on a revenue-producing transaction between a seller and a customer and may include, but is not limited to, gross receipts taxes, Universal Service Fund fees and certain state regulatory fees. We record these taxes billed to our customers on a gross basis (as service revenue and network operations expense) in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The impact of these taxes including the Universal Service Fund resulted in an increase to our revenues of \$24.5 million from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024. Change in Other Operating Data. Revenue by Customer Type (thousands) \$ 244,420k \$ 196,624k 24.3% Net-centric \$ 183,086k \$ 155,543k 17.7% Enterprise \$ 99,106k \$ 41,227k 140.4% Average Customer Connections by Customer Type - End of Period \$ 61,284k (20.6)% Net-centric \$ 61,736k \$ 66,711k (7.5)% Enterprise \$ 18,356k \$ 23,435k (21.7)% Average Customer Connections by Network Connection Type (thousands) \$ 279,382k \$ 243,809k 14.6% Off-net \$ 229,627k \$ 139,267k 64.9% Wavelength \$ 6,952k \$ 1,585k 338.6% Non-core \$ 10,651k \$ 8,734k 21.9% Average Customer Connections by Network Connection Type - End of Period \$ 8,387k \$ 7,946k 5.9% On-net \$ 92,846k \$ 75,586k 8.8% Average Customer Connections by Network Connection Type - End of Period \$ 7544k \$ 4144k 82.1% Non-core \$ 7,883k \$ 19,408k 59.4% Average Revenue Per Unit (ARPU) \$ 530k \$ 463k 14.5% ARPU - off-net \$ 1,102k \$ 888k 24.2% ARPU - wavelength \$ 1,638k \$ 1,276k 28.3% Average Price per Megabit (Mbps) installed base \$ 0.25k \$ 0.26k (2.7)% Revenue and customer connections by customer basis. Our corporate customers generally purchase their services on a price per connection basis. Our net-centric customers generally purchase their services on a price per megabit basis. We began to serve enterprise customers in connection with our acquisition of the Sprint Business. We define enterprise customers as large corporations (typically, Fortune 500 companies with greater than \$5 billion in annual revenue) running WAN with several dozen to several hundred sites. Our enterprise customers generally purchase our services on a price per location basis. On the Closing Date, we acquired 17,823 corporate customer connections, 5,711 net-centric customer connections and 23,209 enterprise customer connections with the Sprint Business. We classified the \$39.5 million of May 2023 Sprint Business revenue as \$20.1 million of monthly recurring revenue as enterprise revenue, \$12.9 million of monthly recurring revenue as corporate revenue and \$6.5 million of monthly recurring revenue as net-centric revenue. Revenues from our corporate, net-centric and enterprise customers represented 46.4%, 34.8% and 18.8% of total service revenue, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and represented 50.0%, 39.5% and 10.5% of total service revenue, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Our revenue from our corporate customers increased primarily due to corporate customers acquired with the Sprint Business. Our corporate customers take advantage of our superior speeds, greater aggregate throughput, service levels and installation times. Page 39 of 56Table of Contentsversus our competitors. The growing trend of customers installing second lines for redundancy in order to construct VPNs has also led to our ability to increase our corporate revenues. Beginning with and throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, we witnessed a deteriorating real estate market in and around the buildings we service in central business districts in North America. Because of the rising vacancy levels and falling lease initiations or renewals, we experienced a slowdown in new sales to our corporate customers, which negatively affected our corporate revenue results. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, we continued to see gradual declines in vacancy rates and rising office occupancy rates. In addition, we continued to see positive trends in our corporate business. As the option to fully or partially work from home becomes permanently established at many companies, our corporate customers are integrating some of the new applications that became part of the remote work environment, which benefits our corporate business as these customers upgrade their Internet access infrastructure to higher capacity connections. Further, if and when companies eventually return to the buildings in which we operate, we believe it will present an opportunity for increased sales. However, the exact timing and path of these positive trends remains uncertain, and as the after effects of the COVID-19 pandemic linger, we may continue to see increased corporate customer turnover, fewer upgrades of existing corporate customer configurations and fewer new tenant opportunities, which would negatively affect our corporate revenue growth. Our revenue from our net-centric customers increased primarily due to the net-centric customers acquired with the Sprint Business and growth in network traffic from our customers. Our net-centric customers purchase our services on a price per megabit basis. The net-centric market exhibits significant pricing pressure due to the continued introduction of new technology, which lowers the marginal cost of transmission and routing, and the commodity nature of the service where price is typically the only differentiating factor for these customers. Our average price per megabit of our installed base of customers decreased by 2.7% from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024. The impact of foreign exchange rates has a more significant impact on our net-centric revenues. Our revenue from our enterprise customers increased primarily due to enterprise customers acquired with the Sprint Business. Revenue and customer connections by network connection type. On the Closing Date, we classified the total \$39.5 million of monthly Sprint Business revenue as \$2.5 million of on-net revenue, \$32.3 million of off-net revenue and \$4.7 million of non-core revenue. Additionally, on the Closing Date, we classified the total 46,743 Sprint Business customer connections as 1,560 on-net customer connections, 24,667 off-net customer connections and 20,516 non-core customer connections. Revenues from our on-net, off-net, wavelength and non-core customers represented 53.1%, 43.6%, 1.3% and 2.0% of total service revenue, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and represented 62.0%, 35.4%, 0.4% and 2.2% of total service revenue, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Our on-net revenues increased from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024 primarily from customers acquired with the Sprint Business. On-net revenue increased at a greater rate than on-net customer connections primarily due to an increase in our on-net ARPU from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024. ARPU is determined by dividing on-net revenue for the period by the average on-net customer connections for that period. Our off-net revenues increased from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024 from customers acquired with the Sprint Business. Off-net customer revenues increased at a greater rate than off-net customer connections primarily due to an increase in our off-net ARPU from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024. Off-net ARPU is determined by dividing off-net revenue for the period by the average off-net customer connections for that period. In connection with our acquisition of the Sprint Business, we expanded our offerings of optical wavelength and optical transport services over our fiber network. Wavelength revenue was \$7.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and was \$1.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Our non-core revenues increased from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024 from the acquisition of non-core revenues from customers acquired in the Sprint Business. Non-core services are services, which we acquired and continue to support but do not actively sell. Network Operations Expenses. Network operations expenses include the costs of personnel associated with service delivery, network management and customer support, network facilities costs, right-of-way fees, fiber and equipment maintenance fees, leased circuit costs, access and facilities fees paid to building owners and excise taxes billed to our customers and recorded on a gross basis. Page 40 of 56Table of ContentsNon-cash equity-based compensation expense is included in network operations expenses consistent with the classification of the employee's salary and other compensation. Our increase in network operations expense is primarily attributable to an increase in costs related to our network and facilities expansion activities, an increase in power costs and network operations expense from our acquisition of the Sprint Business. Selling, General, and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses. Our SG&A expenses, including non-cash equity-based compensation expense, increased by 12.9% from the six months ended June 30, 2023 to the six months ended June 30, 2024. Non-cash equity-based compensation expense is included in SG&A expenses consistent with the classification of the employee's salary and other compensation. SG&A expenses increased primarily from an increase in salaries and benefits from 942 employees added to our headcount from our acquisition of the Sprint Business on the Closing Date and costs associated with the Sprint acquisition including TSA costs. Our total headcount was 1,901 at June 30, 2024 and 2,020 at June 30, 2023. Acquisition-Related Costs. In connection with the Transaction and negotiation of the Purchase Agreement, we incurred professional fees, other acquisition related costs and reimbursed severance costs. Such fees and reimbursed severance costs totaled \$21.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Total qualifying severance expenses since the Closing Date were \$28.6 million of which \$12.3 million were recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2024. No reimbursement amounts were recorded in the six months ended June 30, 2023. Depreciation and Amortization Expenses. Our depreciation and amortization expense increased primarily due to the depreciation expense associated with the increase in assets acquired with the Sprint Business and an increase in deployed fixed assets. Gain on Lease Termination. In June 2024, we elected to exercise a contractual option to prepay in full at a 12.0% discounted rate an IRU finance lease agreement between a us and a vendor we assumed with the Sprint Business for \$114.6 million. At the payment date, the present value of the IRU finance lease liability was \$117.9 million and the remaining thirty-one \$4.2 million monthly principal payments totaled \$130.2 million. The prepayment resulted in a gain on lease termination of \$3.3 million related to the difference between the book value of \$117.9 million and the cash payment of \$114.6 million. We are continuing to use the related IRU asset. Gain on Bargain Purchase. We accounted for our acquisition of the Sprint Business as a business combination. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at their fair values as of the acquisition date. Assigning fair market values to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of an acquisition requires the use of significant judgment regarding estimates and assumptions. As of June 30, 2023, the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired was \$1.5 billion (including amounts due under the IP Transit Services Agreement) and was in excess of the \$1.0 billion liabilities assumed and the \$0.6 billion net consideration to be received from the Seller resulting in a gain on bargain purchase of \$1.2 billion. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, we made certain adjustments to our estimates of the fair market value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed resulting in increase to the gain on bargain purchase of \$22.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024. The total bargain purchase gain was \$1.4 billion. Interest Income - IP Transit Services Agreement. Under the IP Transit Services Agreement TMUSA will pay us an aggregate of \$700.0 million, consisting of (i) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments during the first year after the Closing Date and (ii) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments over the subsequent 42 months. The IP Transit Services Agreement was recorded in connection with the Transaction at its discounted present value resulting in a discount of \$79.6 million. The amortization of the discount resulted in interest income of \$13.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and \$7.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Interest Expense. Our interest expense resulted from interest incurred on our 2026 Notes, interest incurred on our 2027 Notes, interest incurred on our 2027 Mirror Notes, interest incurred on our IPv4 Notes, interest on our Swap Agreement and interest incurred on our finance lease obligations. Our interest expense increased primarily due to the issuance of our IPv4 Notes in May 2024 and the issuance of our 2027 Mirror Notes in June 2024. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of our Swap Agreement was a net liability of \$35.5 million. We recorded a gain for the change in the valuation of the Swap Agreement of \$3.1 million in the six months ended June 30, 2024 and a gain of \$0.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2023. Changes in the valuation of the Swap Agreement are related to semi-annual interest payments in May and November and changes in interest rates, and included in interest expense. Under the Swap Agreement settlement payment made in May 2023, we paid \$9.5 million to the counterparty for a net cash interest cost of \$9.5 million for the period from November 1, 2022 to April 30, 2023. Under the Swap Agreement settlement payment made in May 2024, we paid \$12.1 million to the counterparty for a net cash interest cost of \$12.1 million for the period from November 1, 2023 to April 30, 2024. Our interest expense increased primarily due to the change in the valuation of the swap agreement offsetting the increase from the issuance of our IPv4 Notes in May 2024 and the issuance of our 2027 Mirror Notes in June 2024. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of our Swap Agreement was a net liability of \$35.5 million. Changes in the valuation of the Swap Agreement are related to semi-annual interest payments in May and November and changes in interest rates, and included in interest expense. Under the Swap Agreement settlement payment made in May 2023, we paid \$9.5 million to the counterparty for a net cash interest cost of \$9.5 million for the period from November 1, 2022 to April 30, 2023. Under the Swap Agreement settlement payment made in May 2024, we paid \$12.1 million to the counterparty for a net cash interest cost of \$12.1 million for the period from November 1, 2023 to April 30, 2024. Our interest expense increased primarily due to the change in the valuation of the swap agreement offsetting the increase from the issuance of our IPv4 Notes in May 2024 and the issuance of our 2027 Mirror Notes in June 2024.

2024 and \$19.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The change in our income tax expense is primarily related to projected operating results related to the Sprint Business acquisition and the reversal of deferred tax liabilities acquired with the Sprint Business. Buildings On-net. As of June 30, 2024, and 2023, we had a total of 3,386 and 3,227 on-net buildings connected to our network, respectively. The increase in our on-net buildings was a result of our disciplined network expansion program. We anticipate adding a similar number of buildings to our network for the next several years. Acquisition of Sprint Communications The Sprint Business's cash flow was negative at the time of negotiations and during its recent history. Due to the dire financial condition of the Sprint Business, it was understood that a payment from T-Mobile to any potential buyer would be required to execute a transaction to give a buyer sufficient cash inflow to offset losses that would be expected until a buyer could optimize the business. Based on management's internal modeling at the culmination of the due diligence process, management determined this cash payment to be \$700.0 million. Management intends to reduce the negative cash flow of the Sprint Business through the payments from the IP Transit Services Agreement, reducing operating costs and increasing revenue primarily by providing optical wavelength and optical transport services over our fiber network, including the owned network we acquired with the Sprint Business. We are selling these services to our existing customers, customers we acquired with the Sprint Business and to new customers who require dedicated optical transport connectivity without the capital and ongoing expenses associated with owning and operating network infrastructure. As part of the Transaction, we began incurring costs associated with the TSA. The amount of these costs will be dependent upon our ability to integrate the operations of the Sprint Business into our operations. Our cash flow requirements related to the acquisition of the Sprint Business will be dependent upon our ability to reduce the acquired operating costs, our success in retaining the acquired customers and our ability to sell optical wavelength and optical transport services over our fiber network. Under the IP Transit Services Agreement, TMUSA will pay us an aggregate of \$700.0 million, consisting of (i) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments of \$29.2 million per month during the first year after the Closing Date and (ii) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments of \$8.3 million per month over the subsequent 42 months. Through June 30, 2024, we received thirteen monthly payments totaling \$358.3 million under the IP Transit Services Agreement, reflected as cash from investing activities in our consolidated statements of cash flows. As our business has grown as a result of an increasing customer base, the Transaction, broader geographic coverage and increased traffic on our network, we have historically produced a growing level of cash provided by operating activities. Since we closed the Transaction we have experienced a reduction of cash provided by operating activities from the impact of the Transaction. The cash received from the IP Transit Services Agreement was designed to offset operating losses associated with the Sprint Business. Increasing our cash provided by operating activities is, in part, dependent upon our ability to reduce the operating costs of the Sprint Business while retaining its revenue, expanding our geographic footprint and increasing our network capacity. During the first six months of 2024, we have received a total of \$154.2 million under the IP Transit Services Agreement. During the remainder of 2024 we expect to receive a total of \$49.8 million under the monthly payments under the IP Transit Services Agreement. This includes six monthly payments of \$8.3 million each. Increasing our combined cash provided by operating activities and cash provided by the IP Transit Service Agreement is, in part, dependent upon our ability to reduce the operating costs of the Sprint Business while retaining its revenue. Issuance of \$300.0 Million Principal Amount of 2027 Mirror Notes On June 11, 2024, Cogent Communications Group, LLC (the "Group") and Cogent Finance, Inc. (the "Co-Issuer" and, together with Group, the "Issuers"), two of our wholly owned subsidiaries, completed the offering of our 2027 Mirror Notes for issuance in a private placement not registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). The 2027 Mirror Notes were offered and sold only to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers in an unregistered offering pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act and to certain non-U.S. persons in transactions outside the United States in compliance with Regulation S under the Securities Act. The 2027 Mirror Notes have the same maturity date and call protection, bear interest at the Page 42 of 56Table of Contents same rate and otherwise have substantially the same terms as our 2027 Notes; however, the 2027 Mirror Notes are not fungible (from a trading or tax perspective) with the 2027 Notes and are a separate series of notes from the 2027 Notes. The 2027 Mirror Notes were issued at a price equal to 98.50% of their face value. The net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$291.9 million after deducting the discount and offering expenses. We used \$114.6 million of the net proceeds from the offering to exercise a contractual option to prepay in full in June 2024 an existing indefeasible right-of-use agreement consisting of 31 remaining monthly recurring payments of \$4.2 million, at a 12.0% discounted rate. We expect to use the remainder of the net proceeds for general corporate purposes and/or to make special or recurring dividends to our parent company, Cogent Holdings, Inc. (the "Company"). The 2027 Mirror Notes were issued pursuant to, and are governed by, an indenture, dated June 11, 2024 (the "2027 Mirror Notes Indenture"), among the Issuers, the other guarantors named therein and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as trustee (the "2027 Notes Trustee"). The 2027 Mirror Notes are jointly and severally guaranteed (the "Guarantees") on a senior unsecured basis by each of Group's, existing and future material domestic subsidiaries (other than the Co-Issuer), subject to certain exceptions (collectively, the "Subsidiary Guarantors"), and by the Company (together with the Subsidiary Guarantors, the "Guarantors"). However, the Company is not subject to the covenants under the 2027 Mirror Notes Indenture. Under certain circumstances, the Guarantors may be released from these Guarantees without the consent of the holders of the 2027 Mirror Notes. The 2027 Mirror Notes and the Guarantees are the Issuers' and the Guarantors' senior unsecured obligations. The 2027 Mirror Notes and the Guarantees are effectively subordinated to all of the Issuers' and the Guarantors' existing and future secured indebtedness to the extent of the value of the collateral securing such indebtedness, and are structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and other liabilities of subsidiaries that are not Subsidiary Guarantors. Without giving effect to collateral arrangements, the 2027 Mirror Notes and the Guarantees rank pari passu in right of payment with the Issuers' and the Guarantors' existing and future senior indebtedness, including the 2026 Notes and the 2027 Notes. The 2027 Mirror Notes and the Guarantees rank contractually senior in right of payment to all of the Issuers' and the Guarantors' subordinated indebtedness and are structurally subordinated to any existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of the Issuers' non-guarantor subsidiaries. The 2027 Mirror Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.00% per annum. Interest began to accrue on the 2027 Mirror Notes on June 11, 2024 and will be paid semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing December 15, 2024. Unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, the 2027 Mirror Notes will mature on June 15, 2027. After June 15, 2024, the Issuers may redeem the 2027 Mirror Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price ranging from 103.5% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2027 Mirror Notes redeemed to par (depending on the year), in each case, as set forth in the Indenture, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the date of redemption. If Group undergoes specific kinds of change in control accompanied by certain ratings events, the Issuers will be required to offer to repurchase the 2027 Mirror Notes from holders at a price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the date of repurchase. Additionally, if Group or any of its restricted subsidiaries sells assets and does not apply the proceeds from such sale in a certain manner or certain other events have not occurred, under certain circumstances, we will be required to use the net proceeds to make an offer to purchase the 2027 Mirror Notes at an offer price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2027 Mirror Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the repurchase date. In connection with any offer to purchase all or any of the 2027 Mirror Notes (including a change of control offer, asset sale offer or any tender offer), if holders of no less than 90% of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding 2027 Mirror Notes validly tender their 2027 Mirror Notes, the Issuers, or a third party, are entitled to redeem any remaining 2027 Mirror Notes at the price paid to each holder. The 2027 Indenture includes covenants that restrict Group and its restricted subsidiaries' (including the Co-Issuer's) ability to, among other things; incur indebtedness; issue certain preferred stock or similar equity securities; pay dividends or make other distributions in respect of, or repurchase or redeem, capital stock; make certain investments and other restricted payments, such as prepayment, redemption or repurchase of certain indebtedness; create liens; consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of Group and its restricted subsidiaries taken as a whole; incur restrictions on the ability of a subsidiary to pay dividends or make other payments; or to enter into transactions with affiliates. The covenants provide for certain exceptions to these restrictions, and the Company is not subject to the covenants under the Indenture. Certain covenants will cease to apply to the 2027 Mirror Notes if, and for so long as, the 2027 Mirror Notes have investment grade ratings from any two of Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Fitch Ratings, Inc. and S&P Global Ratings and so long as no default or event of default under the Indenture Page 43 of 56Table of Contents has occurred and is continuing. Upon suspension of the covenants, the Guarantees will be released until such time as the covenants are no longer suspended. The principal amount of the 2027 Mirror Notes would become immediately due and payable upon the occurrence of certain bankruptcy or insolvency events and may be declared immediately due and payable by the 2027 Notes Trustee or the holders of at least 25% of the aggregate principal amount of the then-outstanding 2027 Mirror Notes upon the occurrence of certain events of default under the Indenture. Events of default include the following with respect to the Issuers and Group's significant subsidiaries: (i) failure to pay principal, premium or interest at required times; (ii) failure to comply with any other agreements in the Indenture; (iii) default on certain material indebtedness that is caused by a failure to make a payment within any applicable grace period when due at maturity or results in the acceleration of such indebtedness prior to its express maturity; (iv) failure to pay certain material judgments; (v) a Guarantee being held unenforceable or invalid or ceasing for any reason to be in full force and effect or a Guarantor denying or disaffirming its obligations under its Guarantee; and (vi) certain events of bankruptcy or insolvency. Issuance of \$206.0 Million Principal Amount of IPv4 Notes On May 2, 2024, Cogent IPv4 LLC (the "Co-IPV4 Issuer"), our special-purpose, bankruptcy remote, indirect wholly owned subsidiary, issued \$206.0 million aggregate principal amount of IPv4 Notes, with an anticipated term ending in May 2029 (such anticipated repayment date, the "ARD"), in an offering exempt from registration under the Securities Act. The net proceeds from the offering, after debt offering costs, were \$198.4 million and are expected to be used for general corporate purposes. The IPv4 Notes were issued pursuant to an indenture, dated as of May 2, 2024 (the "Co-IPV4 Base Indenture"), as supplemented by the Series 2024-1 Supplement thereto, dated as of May 2, 2024 (the "Series 2024-1 Supplement"), in each case entered into by and between the IPv4 Issuer and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as the trustee for the IPv4 Notes (the "Co-IPV4 Trustee"). The IPv4 Base Indenture allows the IPv4 Issuer to issue additional series of notes subject to certain conditions set forth therein, and the IPv4 Base Indenture, together with the Series 2024-1 Supplement, and any other series supplements to the IPv4 Base Indenture, is referred to herein as the "Co-IPV4 Indenture." The IPv4 Notes were issued as part of a securitization transaction, pursuant to which certain Internet Protocol version 4 ("IPv4") addresses, customer IPv4 address leases, customer accounts receivables and other IPv4 address assets (collectively, the "IPv4 Address Assets") were contributed or sold to the IPv4 Issuer and are included as collateral for the IPv4 Notes. While the IPv4 Notes are outstanding, scheduled payments of interest are required to be made on a monthly basis. From and after the ARD, principal payments will also be required to be made on the IPv4 Notes on a monthly basis. No principal payments will be due on the IPv4 Notes prior to the ARD, unless certain rapid amortization or acceleration triggers are activated. Cogent Communications LLC (in such capacity, the "Manager") performs monthly services related to the IPv4 Address Assets and IPv4 Notes including billing customers, collecting amounts paid by customers, forwarding payments to the IPv4 Trustee related to the IPv4 Assets and other administrative services. Amounts paid by the Manager to the IPv4 Trustee are reconciled on a monthly basis and the IPv4 Trustee pays the monthly interest on the IPv4 Notes and other expenses from the customer accumulated payments on the IPv4 Assets. Amounts held by the IPv4 Trustee before the monthly reconciliation is completed are considered restricted cash. After the IPv4 Trustee pays the monthly interest and other IPv4 Asset related costs, including monthly fees paid to the Manager for its services, the residual cash is paid to us and is unrestricted. The legal final maturity date of the IPv4 Notes is in May of 2054. If the IPv4 Issuer has not repaid or refinanced the IPv4 Notes prior to the monthly payment date in May of 2029, additional interest will accrue thereon in an amount equal to the greater of (i) 5.0% per annum and (ii) the excess amount, if any, by which the sum of the following exceeds the interest rate for such IPv4 Note: (A) the yield to maturity (adjusted to a mortgage-equivalent basis) pursuant to the standards and practices of the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association) on the ARD for such Note of the United States Treasury Security having a remaining term closest to 10 years; plus (B) 5.0%; plus (C) the post-ARD note spread of 3.400% applicable to such Note. The IPv4 Notes are obligations only of the IPv4 Issuer pursuant to the IPv4 Indenture, and are secured by a security interest in substantially all of the IPv4 Address Assets pursuant to the IPv4 Indenture. The IPv4 Notes are guaranteed by Cogent IPv4 Holdco LLC, a special-purpose entity and our indirect wholly owned subsidiary, as the guarantor (the "Co-IPV4 Guarantor"), pursuant to a guaranty dated as of May 2, 2024 (the "Guaranty") by the IPv4 Guarantor in favor of the IPv4 Trustee, pursuant to which the IPv4 Guarantor has granted a security interest in the equity interests of the IPv4 Issuer as collateral security for its obligations under the Page 44 of 56Table of Contents. Except as described below, neither we nor any of our subsidiaries, other than the IPv4 Issuer and the IPv4 Guarantor, will guarantee or in any way be liable for the obligations of the IPv4 Issuer under the IPv4 Indenture or the IPv4 Notes. The IPv4 Notes are subject to a series of covenants and restrictions customary for transactions of this type. These covenants and restrictions include (i) that the IPv4 Issuer maintains a liquidity reserve account to be used to make required payments in respect of the IPv4 Notes, (ii) provisions relating to optional and mandatory prepayments, including specified make-whole payments in the case of certain optional prepayments of the IPv4 Notes prior to the monthly payment date in May of 2028, (iii) certain indemnification payments in the event, among other things, that the transfers of the assets pledged as collateral for the IPv4 Notes are in stated ways defective or ineffective and (iv) covenants relating to recordkeeping, access to information and similar matters. As provided in the IPv4 Base Indenture, the IPv4 Notes are also subject to rapid amortization in the event of a failure to maintain a stated debt service coverage ratio. A rapid amortization may be cured if the debt service coverage ratio exceeds a certain threshold for a certain period of time, upon which cure, regular amortization, if any, will resume. In addition, if certain utilization thresholds are not met (i.e., the proportion of IP addresses that are leased to the total number of IP addresses owned by the IPv4 Issuer falls below certain thresholds), the IPv4 Issuer will be required to apply collections to the repayment of the IPv4 Notes and in certain circumstances, the noteholders will have the ability to direct a sale of the IP Address Assets, in whole or in part, pursuant to the terms set forth in the IPv4 Indenture. The IPv4 Notes are also subject to certain customary events of default, including events relating to non-payment of required interest, principal or other amounts due on or with respect to the IPv4 Notes, failure to comply with covenants within certain time frames, certain bankruptcy events, breaches of specified representations and warranties, failure of security interests to be effective and certain judgments. Liquidity and Capital Resources In assessing our liquidity, management reviews and analyzes our current cash balances, payments under the IP Transit Services Agreement, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, capital expenditure commitments, and required finance lease and debt payments and other obligations. We have also had increasing success in raising capital by issuing notes and arranging financing and leases that have had a lower cost and more flexible terms. The combination of this improved operating performance and access to capital has enhanced our financial flexibility and increased our ability to make distributions to stockholders in the form of cash dividends or through share repurchases. Since our initial public offering, we have returned \$1.5 billion to our stockholders through share repurchases and dividends. We will continue to assess our capital and liquidity needs and, where appropriate, return capital to stockholders. Over the next several years, we have significant contractual and anticipated cash outlays including our indicative dividend payments on our common stock, our maturing debt obligations, interest payments on our debt obligations and Swap Agreement and our projected capital expenditure requirements in order to help execute our business plan including the integration of Sprint Business. Based upon the historical growth rate of our dividend, we expect that we would have to provide approximately \$386 million in order to meet our expected quarterly dividend payments over the next two years. Our \$500.0 million of 2026 Notes accrue interest at 3.50%, mature in May 2026 and include annual interest payments of \$17.5 million until maturity. Our \$450.0 million of 2027 Notes mature in June 2027 and include annual interest payments of \$31.5 million until maturity. Our \$300.0 million of 2027 Mirror Notes mature in June 2027 and include annual interest payments of \$21.0 million until maturity. Our \$206.0 million of IPv4 Notes effectively mature in May 2029 and include annual interest payments of \$16.3 million until maturity (which amount increases if the IPv4 Notes are not repaid prior to May 2029). Under our Swap Agreement, we pay the counterparty a semi-annual payment based upon overnight SOFR plus a contractual interest rate spread, and the counterparty pays us a semi-annual fixed 3.50% interest payment. These settlement payments are made in November and May of each year until the Swap Agreement expires in February 2026. As of June 30, 2024, \$35.5 million of our cash and cash equivalents are restricted for use under our Swap Agreement. We have made a \$37.3 million deposit with the counterparty to the Swap Agreement. If the fair value of the Swap Agreement exceeds a net liability of \$37.3 million, we will be required to deposit additional funds with the counterparty equal to the net liability fair value. As of June 30, 2024, \$35.5 million of the deposit was restricted and \$1.8 million was unrestricted. In June 2024, we elected to exercise a contractual option to prepay in full at a 12.0% discounted rate an IRU finance lease agreement between us and a vendor we assumed with the Sprint Business for \$114.6 million. At the payment date, the present value of the IRU finance lease liability was \$117.9 million and the remaining thirty-one \$4.2 million monthly principal payments totaled Page 45 of 56Table of Contents \$130.2 million. The prepayment resulted in a gain on lease termination of \$3.3 million related to the difference between the book value of \$117.9 million and the cash payment of \$114.6 million. We are continuing to use the related IRU asset. We may need to, or elect to, refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness at or before

maturity and we cannot provide assurances that we will be able to refinance any such indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all. In addition, we may elect to secure additional capital in the future, at acceptable terms, to improve our liquidity or fund acquisitions or for general corporate purposes. In addition, in an effort to reduce future cash interest payments as well as future amounts due at maturity or to extend debt maturities, we may, from time to time, issue new debt, enter into interest rate swap agreements, enter into debt for debt, or cash transactions to purchase our outstanding debt securities in the open market or through privately negotiated transactions. We will evaluate any such transactions in light of the existing market conditions. The amounts involved in any such transaction, individually or in the aggregate, may be material. We or our affiliates may, at any time and from time to time, seek to retire or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges for equity or debt, in open-market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will be upon such terms and at such prices as we may determine, and will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material. In light of the economic uncertainties associated with the global recessionary economy, the cash flow requirements of the Sprint Business, the lingering impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and recent bank failures and liquidity concerns at certain other banks, our executive officers and Board of Directors have continued to carefully monitor our liquidity and cash requirements. Based on current circumstances, we currently plan to continue our current dividend policy. Given uncertainties regarding the lingering business impact of the pandemic, the cash flow requirements of the Sprint Business and the timing for economic recovery, we will continue to monitor our capital spending. As we do each year, we will continue to monitor our future sources and uses of cash, and anticipate that we will adjust our capital allocation strategies when, as and if determined by our Board of Directors. **Impact of COVID-19 on Our Liquidity and Operating Performance** As of June 30, 2024, we had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$426.2 million. The COVID-19 pandemic has not impacted our credit rating to date, nor do we believe that it has materially changed our cost of capital. We believe we are able to timely service our debt obligations and will not require any concessions to do so. We believe we will have access to additional capital from a variety of sources and the public capital markets for debt and equity. We have experienced certain corporate customers taking a more cautious approach to new configurations and upgrades as well as a reduction in demand for connecting smaller satellite offices as a result of the challenges and uncertainties of the remote work environment that resulted from the COVID-19 pandemic. We also witnessed a deteriorating real estate market in and around the buildings we service with rising vacancy levels and falling lease initiations or renewals which resulted in fewer sales opportunities for our salesforce and a reduction in VPN opportunities. As a result, we experienced a slowdown in new sales to our corporate customers which negatively impacted our corporate revenue growth. Following the end of the pandemic, during the three months ended June 30, 2024, we continued to see declining vacancy rates and rising office occupancy rates in certain markets in which we operate. Other markets, particularly those in California and the Pacific Northwest, continue to see markedly higher vacancy rates. Despite these factors, we began to see positive trends in our corporate business. This was due partially to the increase in office occupancy rates and leasing activity in some markets but also to new demands for services from corporate customers. As the option to fully or partially work from home becomes permanently established at many companies, our corporate customers are integrating some of the new applications that became part of the remote work environment, which benefits our corporate business as these customers upgrade their Internet access infrastructure to higher capacity connections, and mitigates the overall impact of remote work policies on our corporate business. Further, if and when companies eventually return to the buildings in which we operate, we believe it will present an opportunity for increased sales. While we believe that demand for office space in the buildings in which we operate will remain among the strongest in the markets in which they are located, and that most employers will eventually require their employees to return to their offices on at least a hybrid basis, the timing and scope of a return to office, particularly in a number of key markets we serve, remains uncertain. In some markets, office occupancy rates may never return to pre-pandemic levels. As a result, we may continue to experience increased customer turnover, fewer upgrades of existing customer configurations and fewer new tenant opportunities. A potential resurgence of COVID-19 due to new immunity-resistant variants could cause companies to continue to delay the return of their employees to the Page 46 of 56Table of Contents office, to cause companies to shift workers in the office back to remote work and to delay further opening new offices. These trends may negatively impact our revenue growth, cash flows and profitability. We cannot predict whether new COVID-19 variants will arise and spread widely, the impact of the spread of new COVID-19 variants on the global economy, how national and local governments may react to the spread of new variants nor predict the impact the variants and any measures taken in response may have on our operations, employee retention, revenue growth, cash flows and our profitability. **Cash Flows** The following table sets forth our consolidated cash flows, in thousands, for the six months ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022. Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities consists of cash used for the purchase of property and equipment and cash provided by (used in) financing activities consists of cash used for the payment of dividends and the repurchase of common stock. Our primary source of operating cash is receipts from our customers who are billed on a monthly basis for our services. Our primary uses of operating cash are payments made to our vendors, payments under the TSA, payments to employees and interest payments made to our finance lease vendors and our note holders. Our changes in cash provided by operating activities are primarily due to changes in our operating profit and changes in our interest payments. On the Closing Date, we entered into a TSA with the Seller, pursuant to which the Seller will provide to us, and we will provide to the Seller on an interim basis following the Closing Date, Transition Services to ensure an orderly transition following the separation of the Sprint Business from Sprint Communications. Amounts billed under the TSA are due 30 days from receipt of the related invoice. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, and 2023 we were billed \$23.3 million and \$116.8 million under the TSA, respectively, primarily for reimbursement at cost of payments to vendors of the Sprint Business. During the six months ended June 30, 2024 we paid \$88.2 million to the Seller under the TSA. There were no payments made under the TSA for the six months ended June 30, 2023 since the first payment under the TSA was due in July 2023. As of June 30, 2024, we owed \$2.3 million to the Seller and the Seller owed \$3.9 million to us under the TSA. Amounts due and paid to the Seller under the TSA resulted in \$64.6 million of net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2023, we owed \$116.8 million to the Seller and the Seller owed us \$7.0 million under the TSA. Amounts due to the Seller under the TSA contributed \$118.8 million to net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities. Our primary use of cash for investing activities is for purchases of property and equipment. Purchases of property and equipment were \$90.0 million and \$60.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The changes in purchases of property and equipment were primarily due to the timing and scope of our network expansion activities including geographic expansion, purchases related to our acquisition of the Sprint Business and adding buildings to our network. On the Closing Date, we entered into the IP Transit Services Agreement pursuant to which TMUSA will pay us an aggregate of \$700.0 million, consisting of (i) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments during the first year after the Closing Date and (ii) \$350.0 million in equal monthly installments over the subsequent 42 months. During the six months ended June 30, 2024 we were paid \$154.2 million under the IP Transit Services Agreement. During the six months ended June 30, 2023, we were paid \$29.2 million under the IP Transit Services Agreement. In the six months ended June 30, 2023, we paid \$61.1 million, net of \$47.1 million of cash acquired, and received \$16.2 million for our acquisition of the Sprint Business. In the six months ended June 30, 2024, we received \$12.3 million in reimbursed severance payments related to our acquisition of the Sprint Business. Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Financing Activities. Our primary uses of cash for financing activities are for dividend payments, purchases of our common stock and principal payments under our finance lease obligations. Our primary sources of cash for financing activities are issuances of note obligations. During the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 we paid \$93.8 million and \$90.2 million for our quarterly dividend payments, respectively. Our quarterly dividend payments have increased due to increases in our quarterly dividend per share amounts. Principal payments under our finance lease obligations were \$42.1 million and \$17.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. In June 2024, we elected to exercise a contractual option to prepay in full at a 12.0% discounted rate an IRU finance lease agreement between a us and a vendor we assumed with the Sprint Business for \$114.6 million. At the payment date, the present value of the IRU finance lease liability was \$117.9 million and the remaining thirty-one \$4.2 million monthly principal payments totaled \$130.2 million. The prepayment resulted in a gain on lease termination of \$3.3 million related to the difference between the book value and the cash payment. The other changes in our principal payments under our finance lease obligations were primarily due to the timing and extent of our network expansion activities including geographic expansion, purchases related to our acquisition of the Sprint Business and adding buildings to our network. During the six months ended June 30, 2024 we purchased 153,322 shares of our common stock for \$8.0 million. There were no purchases of our common stock in the six months ended June 30, 2023. We completed a series of debt issuances in the six months ended June 30, 2024. On May 2, 2024, we issued \$206.0 million aggregate principal amount of our IPv4 Notes, with an anticipated term ending in May 2029. The net proceeds from the offering, after debt offering costs, were \$198.4 million and are expected to be used for general corporate purposes. Interest on the IPv4 Notes is paid on a monthly basis. From and after the ARD, principal payments will also be required to be made on the IPv4 Notes on a monthly basis. No principal payments will be due on the IPv4 Notes prior to the ARD, unless certain rapid amortization or acceleration triggers are activated. On June 11, 2024, we completed our offering of \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 2027 Mirror Notes. The 2027 Mirror Notes were issued at a price equal to 98.50% of their face value. The net proceeds from the offering were approximately \$291.9 million after deducting the discount and offering expenses. The 2027 Mirror Notes bear interest at a rate of 7.00% per annum. Interest began to accrue on the 2027 Mirror Notes on June 11, 2024 and will be paid semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, commencing on December 15, 2024. Unless earlier redeemed or repurchased, the 2027 Mirror Notes will mature on June 15, 2027. **Cash Position and Indebtedness** At June 30, 2024, our total indebtedness, at par, was \$1.9 billion and our total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (\$41.8 million) was \$426.2 million. Our total indebtedness at June 30, 2024 includes \$426.4 million of finance lease obligations for dark fiber under long-term IRU agreements. Page 48 of 56Table of Contents **Summarized Financial Information of Holdings** Neither Holdings nor any of its subsidiaries that is not also a subsidiary of Group is a Restricted Subsidiary as defined under the indentures governing our 2026 Notes, our 2027 Notes or our 2027 Mirror Notes (the Indentures). Holdings is a guarantor under these notes, but none of its subsidiaries that is not also a subsidiary of Group is a guarantor under these notes. Under the Indentures, we are required to disclose certain reasonably related information of Holdings and its subsidiaries that is not attributable to Group and its subsidiaries, relating to Holdings' assets, liabilities and operating results (Holdings' Financial Information). The Holdings' Financial Information as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 is detailed below (in thousands): As of June 30, 2024, Cash and cash equivalents were \$47,838 Restricted cash were \$6,280 Accounts receivable, net were \$6,593 Other current assets were \$11,489 Total current assets were \$72,200 Property and equipment, net were \$234,252 Right-of-use leased assets were \$268,365 Intangible assets, net were \$479 Deposits and other assets were \$8,441 Due from T-Mobile - Purchase Agreement were \$21,534 Total assets were \$605,271. As of June 30, 2023, Accounts payable were \$3,114 Accrued and other liabilities were \$40,499 Due to T-Mobile were \$178,904 Total current liabilities were \$93,781 Operating lease liabilities were \$220,483 Unfavorable lease liabilities were \$108,904 Due to Cogent Communications LLC were \$45,298 Senior secured IPv4 Notes were \$199,677 Deferred income tax liabilities were \$228,971 Other long-term liabilities were \$38,402 Total liabilities were \$1,544,516 Total stockholders' deficit were \$(399,245) Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit were \$605,271. Page 49 of 56Table of Contents **Capital Structure** As of June 30, 2024, our capital structure includes \$6,683 million of operating expenses, \$4,299 million of compensation expense, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$4,299 million of depreciation and amortization, \$40,420 million of total operating expenses, \$106,760 million of operating losses, \$100,077 million of interest expense, \$3,876 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of adjustment to gain on bargain purchase, \$7,374 million of operating expenses, \$27,672 million of interest income and other, \$229,227 million of net loss, \$7,720 million of capital, \$22,448 million of selling, general, and administrative expenses, \$51,986 million of equity-based compensation expense, \$11,914 million of depreciation and amortization, \$81,248 million of total operating expenses, \$205,596 million of operating losses, \$198,222 million of interest expense, \$6,934 million of gain on lease termination, \$3,332 million of gain on bargain purchase, \$22,202 million of interest income and other, \$65,271 million of net loss, \$183,567 million of capital, \$40,089 million of equity-based

