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obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to our forward-looking statements, except as required by law.4Table of ContentsPART ITEM 1 - BUSINESSGlobal Payments Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to collectively as "Global Payments," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us," unless the context requires otherwise. IntroductionWe are a leading payments technology company delivering innovative software and services to our customers globally, with worldwide reach spanning North America, Europe, Asia-Pacific and Latin America. The payments technology industry provides financial institutions, businesses and consumers with payment processing services, merchant acceptance solutions and related information and other value-added services. Our technologies, services and team member expertise allow us to provide a broad range of solutions that enable our customers to operate their businesses more efficiently across a variety of channels around the world. Headquartered in Georgia with approximately 27,000 team members worldwide, Global Payments is a Fortune 500 company and is a member of the S&P 500.5Our common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "GPN."Business SegmentsWe operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. See "Note 18&#x2013;Segment Information" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information about our segments, including revenues, operating expenses, operating income and depreciation and amortization by segment, as well as financial information about geographic areas in which we operate.Business TransformationEarly in 2024, we launched a holistic review of our business to examine our strategy, operations and ability to deliver sustainable performance. We have refreshed our strategy and are focusing our resources, efforts and investments on the areas of the business that will drive the best opportunities for growth. We are in the process of streamlining and simplifying our organization and operating environments through our transformation program to deliver a global, unified operating company. We are aligning the Global Payments brand identity across our assets and solidifying go-to-market activities under a common platform. In our Merchant Solutions segment, we are harmonizing capabilities and prioritizing small-and-medium sized businesses to deliver our full suite of differentiated software and commerce enablement solutions. In our Issuer Solutions segment, we are capitalizing on growth opportunities through our cloud modernization and cross-selling initiatives, while also leveraging the strategic value of this business to extend our capabilities across the payments value chain. We have consolidated our technology organizations and teams under common leadership to enhance speed and quality of product development with a customer-centric, solutions-led mindset. We have also centralized our operations functions to enhance our servicing model and focus on improving the customer journey, leveraging best-in-class technology and providing differentiated service experiences for our clients. These strategic, organizational and operational transformation activities are expected to be largely completed by the first half of 2027. We are also undertaking a strategic review of our business portfolio to evaluate potential assets for disposition to further streamline our business and create value for shareholders.Recent Business Acquisitions and DispositionsAcquisition of EVO Payments, Inc.In March 2023, we completed the acquisition of EVO Payments, Inc. (   EVO  ) for approximately \$4 billion. EVO is a payment technology and services provider, offering payment solutions to merchants ranging from small and middle market enterprises to multinational companies and organizations across the Americas and Europe. The acquisition expands our geographic presence in attractive markets and augments our business-to-business ("B2B") software and payment solutions business and is included in our Merchant Solutions segment.5Table of ContentsDisposition of AdvancedMD, Inc.In December 2024, we completed the sale of AdvancedMD, Inc. ("AdvancedMD") for approximately \$1 billion, subject to certain closing adjustments, and up to \$125 million contingent upon the purchaser achieving certain specified returns. Prior to disposition, AdvancedMD provided software-as-a-service solutions to small-to-medium sized ambulatory physician practices in the United States and was included in our Merchant Solutions segment. Disposition of Consumer BusinessIn April 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business for approximately \$1A billion. Prior to disposition, the consumer business comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment and provided general purpose reloadable ("GPR") prepaid debit and payroll cards, demand deposit accounts and other financial service solutions to the underbanked and other consumers and businesses in the United States.Disposition of Gaming BusinessIn April 2023, we completed the sale of our gaming business for approximately \$400 million. Prior to disposition, the gaming business offered a comprehensive suite of solutions, including credit and debit card cash advance, cashless advance, iGaming solutions, traditional and digital check processing and other services specific to the gaming market in North America and was included in our Merchant Solutions segment.See "Note 24  Acquisitions" and    Note 34  Business Dispositions   in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further discussion of these and other recent transactions.Merchant Solutions SegmentThrough our Merchant Solutions segment, we provide payments technology and software solutions globally to primarily small- and medium-sized businesses and select mid-market and enterprise customers. Our payment technology solutions are similar around the world in that we enable our customers to accept card, check and digital-based payments. Our comprehensive offerings include, but are not limited to, authorization, settlement and funding services, customer support, chargeback resolution, reconciliation and dispute management services, terminal rental, sales and deployment, payment security services, consolidated billing and reporting.In addition, we offer a wide array of business management software solutions that streamline business operations to customers in numerous vertical markets. We also provide a variety of commerce enablement solutions and services, including specialty point-of-sale ("POS") software, data analytics and customer engagement, human capital management and payroll, accounts receivable automation, inventory management and reporting that assist our customers with driving demand and operating their businesses more efficiently.Our value proposition is to provide distinctive high-quality, responsive and secure services to all of our customers. We go to market in Merchant Solutions globally across three lines of business, including Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions and Core Payments Solutions. This allows us to fully leverage our capabilities across vertical markets and geographies. We focus on providing differentiated customer service from the sales process, to onboarding, to ongoing support across our business. The majority of our revenue is generated by services priced as a percentage of transaction value or a specified fee per transaction, depending on the payment type or the market. We also earn software subscription and licensing fees, as well as other fees for specific value-added services, which may be unrelated to the number or value of transactions. Distribution ChannelsIn the Merchant Solutions segment, we actively market and provide our payment services, enterprise software solutions and other value-added services directly to our customers and through a variety of partner distribution channels across three business pillars: Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions and Core Payments Solutions. We have a wide array of distribution channels led by one of the premiere direct sales teams in the industry. Additionally, we go to market through our broad-based financial institution partnerships, joint ventures and wholesale and indirect relationships.6Table of ContentsMany of our payment solutions are technology-enabled in that they incorporate or are incorporated into innovative, technology-driven solutions, including software solutions, designed to enable merchants to better manage their businesses. Our technology-enabled solutions represent a substantial component of our revenues. Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions. Our Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions business provide advanced payments technology that is integrated into point-of-sale systems and business management software solutions that we own. We have capabilities in cloud-based point-of-sale for restaurant and retail and leading software in other verticals including education (serving colleges, universities, and kindergarten through 12th grade level institutions), real estate (primarily property management), and communities (serving event organizers largely in the health and fitness market). Our Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions business offers a range of features which are being combined under our Global Payments brand identity across all of our assets. This includes unifying our POS businesses under a common brand, Genius, and leveraging our vast distribution channels to extend it globally. We expect to complete the rollout of our Genius POS solutions by the end of 2025.Integrated and Embedded Solutions. Our Integrated and Embedded Solutions business provides advanced payments technology that is embedded into business management software solutions owned by our technology partners who operate in numerous vertical markets and countries. Further, we also integrate our capabilities with shopping carts, ordering platforms, marketplaces and other digitally-oriented businesses through the same embedded payment stack we leverage with more traditional, vertically-specific independent software vendors. We deliver these capabilities in physical and digital environments seamlessly. Core Payments Solutions. We offer our core payments solutions through our direct sales forces worldwide, as well as referral partnerships. We offer our payments technology services, software and other commerce enablement solutions directly to customers across numerous verticals in the markets we serve. Although our primary focus is on building durable, direct relationships with merchants, we also provide our services to merchants referred by independent sales organizations ("ISOs") and financial institutions.Credit and Debit Card Transaction ProcessingCredit and debit card transaction processing includes processing the world's major international card brands, including, among others, American Express, Discover Card ("Discover"), JCB, Mastercard, UnionPay International and Visa, as well as certain domestic debit networks, such as Interac in Canada. Credit and debit networks establish uniform regulations that govern much of the payment card industry. During a typical payment transaction, the merchant and the card issuer do not interface directly with each other, but instead rely on payments technology companies, such as Global Payments, to facilitate transaction processing services, including authorization, electronic draft capture, file transfers to facilitate funds settlement and certain exception-based, back-office support services such as chargeback resolution.We process funds settlement under two models: a sponsorship model and a direct membership model. Under the sponsorship model, member clearing financial institutions ("Members") sponsor us and require our adherence to the standards of the networks. In these markets, we have sponsorship or depository and clearing agreements with financial institution sponsors. These agreements allow us to route transactions under the Members' control and identification numbers to clear card transactions through Mastercard and Visa. In this model, the standards of the card networks restrict us from performing funds settlement or accessing merchant settlement funds and instead, require that these funds be in the possession of the Member until the merchant has been funded.Under the direct membership model, we are direct members in various payment networks, allowing us to process and fund transactions without third-party sponsorship. Under this model, we route and clear transactions directly through the card brand  's network and are not restricted from performing funds settlement. Otherwise, we process these transactions similarly to how we process transactions in the sponsorship model. We are required to adhere to the standards of the various networks in which we are direct members. We maintain relationships with financial institutions, which may also serve as our Member sponsors for other card brands or in other markets, to assist with funds settlement.How a Card Transaction WorksA typical payment transaction begins when a cardholder presents a card for payment to a merchant, at which time card and transaction information, such as the card identification number, transaction date and transaction amount, is captured and transmitted to our network. The information is captured by a POS terminal card reader or mobile device card reader, which may be sold or leased to the merchant and serviced by us, through a POS device or ecommerce portal by one of a number of services that we offer directly, or through a value-added reseller. 7Table of ContentsAfter the card and transaction information is captured, the POS device or ecommerce portal automatically connects to our network through the internet or other communication channel in order to receive authorization of the transaction. For a credit card transaction, authorization services generally refer to the process in which the card issuer indicates whether a particular credit card is authentic and whether the impending transaction amount will cause the cardholder to exceed defined credit limits. In a debit card transaction, we obtain authorization for the transaction from the card issuer through the payment network verifying that the cardholder has access to sufficient funds for the transaction amount.As an illustration, shown below in the sponsorship model, on a \$100.00 card transaction the card issuer may fund the Member, our sponsor, (indirectly through the card network) \$98.50 after retaining \$1.50 referred to as an interchange fee. The card issuer would seek reimbursement of \$100.00 from the cardholder in the cardholder's monthly credit card statement. The Member would, in turn, pay the merchant \$100.00. The net settlement after this transaction would require us to advance the \$1.50 interchange fee to the Member. After the end of the month, we would bill the merchant a percentage, also known as the merchant discount, of the transaction amount to cover the full amount of the interchange fee and our fee from the transaction. Assuming the merchant discount in the above example is 2%, we bill the merchant \$2.00 after the end of the month for the transaction, reimburse ourselves for \$1.50 in interchange fees that we have previously funded to the Member and retain \$0.50 as our fee for the transaction. Under some arrangements, we remit the net amount of \$98.00 to the merchant, rather than funding the full \$100.00 and subsequently billing the merchant at the end of the month. Discount rates vary based on negotiations with merchants and the economic characteristics of transactions and take many forms, such as interchange plus our fee or a bundled rate that includes all fees. Interchange rates also vary based on the economic characteristics of individual transactions. Accordingly, our fee per transaction varies across our merchant base and is subject to change based on changes in discount rates and interchange rates. Our revenues on a transaction generally reflects the merchant discount less interchange fees and payment network fees. Our profit is revenues less operating expenses, including systems costs to process the transaction and commissions paid to our sales force or external partner. Payment network fees are charged by the card brands, in part, based on the value of transactions processed through their networks.8Table of ContentsIssuer Solutions SegmentOur Issuer Solutions segment is a leading provider of comprehensive commerce solutions supporting the payment ecosystem for issuers. Our offerings include core processing, enterprise tokenization, cardholder payments, authorizations, card production, document production and archival, contact center services, managed services, fraud strategy, implementation services, consulting solutions and professional services. We also provide specialized solutions such as virtual cards, accounts payable and expense management, commercial processing and real-time alerts. With the majority of revenues generated from software solutions, our operations serve diverse customer segments, including global, regional, community banks, credit unions, retailers, financial technology companies and neobanks. Our go-to-market approach leverages direct engagement and partnerships with aggregators to deliver innovative service offerings across core processing, commerce enablement, managed services and professional services. Our strategic focus on fraud detection, rewards management and commerce enablement positions us to expand opportunities across these key client segments and drive continued growth.We are undertaking a comprehensive modernization of our Issuer Solutions segment, encompassing both technology and operations. These efforts enable us to deploy our cloud-native products and services across diverse market segments, use cases and geographic regions with increased agility and speed to market, all within a secure and compliant framework. The modernization of our core processing platform allows us to deliver enhanced, unified capabilities, greater operational efficiencies and innovative features for our clients, while also offering our full suite of capabilities in a modular format or as a comprehensive, integrated solution. We have completed the development of our client-facing applications in the cloud and remain on track for commercial launches throughout 2025. Issuer Solutions segment revenues are primarily derived from long-term processing contracts with financial institutions and other financial services providers. Payment processing services revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements generated and/or mailed, managed services, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Most of these customer contracts have prescribed annual minimums, penalties for early termination, and service level agreements that may affect contractual fees if specified service levels are not achieved. Issuer Solutions segment revenues also include software subscription, licensing fees, loyalty redemption services and professional services.Industry OverviewThe payments technology industry provides financial institutions, businesses and consumers with payment processing services, merchant acceptance solutions and related information and other value-added services. The industry continues to grow as a result of wider merchant acceptance and increased use of credit and debit cards, advances in payment solutions and processing technology and migration to ecommerce, omnichannel and contactless payment solutions. The proliferation of credit and debit cards, as well as other digital payment solutions, has made the acceptance of digital payments a necessity for many businesses, regardless of size, in order to remain competitive. Certain macroeconomic drivers have further accelerated the use of digital payments, the need for development of technologies and digital-based solutions and the expansion of ecommerce, omnichannel and contactless payment solutions. The increased use of cards and the availability of more sophisticated technology services to all market segments have resulted in an increasingly competitive and specialized industry. StrategyWe seek to become the worldwide partner of choice for commerce solutions by providing our clients with a broad suite of world-class, differentiated products and services that make everyday commerce better. We are also committed to excellence in execution, and delivering flawlessly at scale globally. We benefit from the adoption of, and transition to, card and digital-based payments and are focused on expanding our share in our existing markets through software and service innovation leveraging our industry-leading direct and partner distribution channels, as well as through targeted bolt-on acquisitions to improve our offerings and scale. We also seek to enter and expand in markets through acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures around the world where we are best positioned for differentiation and scale. Consistent with this focus, we are pursuing the following strategic priorities:   Enhancing our capabilities in cloud-based POS and software with a focus on key vertical markets including restaurant, retail, education, real estate and communities;9Table of Contents   Further investing in our leadership position in integrated payments and embedded solutions where we offer tailored operating models and commercial structures for partners and customers;   Leveraging our core payments channels globally to build on our broad capabilities, providing further growth opportunities;    Provide financial institutions, retailers and financial technology companies with leading end-to-end issuer processing services to launch, manage and deliver card programs for consumers, small and medium sized businesses and larger enterprises;   Deliver commerce enablement solutions globally to expand our leading position as a client-centric, product-led company; and   Enable frictionless, best-in-class customer experiences, creating longer-term

relationships. Competitive Strengths We believe that our competitive strengths include the following: Technology Solutions - We provide innovative technology-based solutions, including enterprise software and other commerce enablement solutions, that enable our customers to operate their businesses more efficiently, increase sales and simplify the payments process, regardless of the channel through which the transaction occurs. We believe our robust technology solutions will continue to differentiate us in the marketplace and position us for continued growth. Global Footprint and Distribution - Our worldwide presence allows us to focus our investments on markets with promising gross domestic product fundamentals and favorable secular trends, makes us more attractive to certain customers with international operations and exposes us to emerging innovations that we can adopt globally, while diversifying our economic risk. Scalable Operating Environment and Technology Infrastructure - We operate with a multi-channel, global technology infrastructure that provides scalable and innovative service offerings and a consistent service experience to our merchants, customers, financial institutions and other partners worldwide, while also driving sustainable operating efficiencies. Strong, Long-lasting Partner Relationships - We have established strong, long-lasting relationships with many financial institutions, enterprise software providers, value-added resellers and other technology-based payment service providers, which enable us to deliver a set of diverse solutions to our customers. Disciplined Acquisition Approach - Our proven track record for selectively and successfully sourcing and closing acquisitions and joint ventures and integrating acquired businesses in existing and new markets positions us well for future growth and as an attractive partner for potential acquisition targets. 10 Table of Contents Competition In each of our business segments, we compete with a large variety of companies - financial institutions, financial technology companies, traditional payment providers, new market entrants, and others, both large and small. The markets for the services we provide are highly fragmented and competitive. Many of these providers compete with us across our segments, markets and geographies. Some of these competitors possess greater financial, sales and marketing resources than we do. We expect each of our segments to become more competitive over time, as advances in technology enable new entrants, barriers to entry fall and existing providers expand their services, both operationally and geographically. Our Merchant Solutions segment competes with financial institutions, merchant acquirers and other financial technology companies who provide businesses with merchant acquiring and related services. In the United States, we compete with a large number of providers, including but not limited to Fiserv, Inc. ("Fiserv"), Worldpay, LLC ("Worldpay"), Chase Paymentech Solutions, LLC, Elavon, Inc., a subsidiary of U.S. Bancorp, Bank of America Merchant Services, Wells Fargo Merchant Services, Toast, Inc., Stripe, Inc. ("Stripe"), Shopify Inc. and Block Inc. ("Block"). While these are our primary competitors in the merchant acquiring space, our vertically focused businesses in the United States compete with numerous other providers in their respective verticals. Internationally, financial institutions remain the primary providers of payment technology services to merchants, although the outsourcing of these services to third-party service providers is becoming more prevalent. We compete outside the U.S. with financial institutions in the markets in which we operate, as well as both large providers (such as Worldpay, Worldline and Nexi) and new entrants (such as Adyen, Block and Stripe). We have seen competition internationally increase and expect that trend to continue as new companies enter our markets and existing competitors expand or consolidate their product lines and services. Our Issuer Solutions segment encounters competition from other third-party payment card processors, the card brands, core banking platform providers, independent software vendors, B2B providers, and various other firms that deliver services to payment card issuers in the markets we serve, as well as financial institutions who provide such services in-house. Our competitors in this segment include, but are not limited to, Fiserv, FIS, Marqeta, Nexi, Worldline, i2c, Bill.com, AvidExchange, Billtrust, Adyen, Stripe and Zeta. We expect the number of competitors in this segment to continue to expand. See the section titled "Risk Factors - Risks Related to Our Business Model and Operations" for further information on the competitive and continuously evolving markets we serve. Safeguarding Our Business In order to provide our services, we process and store sensitive business information and personal information, which may include credit and debit card numbers, bank account numbers, social security numbers, driver's license numbers, names and addresses, and other types of personal information or sensitive business information. Some of this information is also processed and stored by financial institutions, merchants and other entities, as well as third-party service providers to whom we outsource certain functions and other agents, which we refer to collectively as our associated third parties. We may have responsibility to the card networks, financial institutions, and in some instances, our merchants, ISOs and/or individuals, for our failure or the failure of our associated third-party service providers (as applicable) to protect this information. For a further discussion of our approach to cybersecurity, see "Item 1C - Cybersecurity" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Intellectual Property Our intellectual property is an important part of our strategy to be a leading provider of payment technology and software solutions. We use a combination of internal policies, intellectual property laws and contractual provisions to protect our proprietary technologies and brands. In addition, to protect our various brands, we seek and maintain registration of U.S. and international patents, copyrights, trade secrets, trademarks, service marks and domain names that align with our brand strategy. We also enforce our trademarks against potential sources of misunderstanding that could harm our brand and ability to compete. In addition to using our intellectual property in our own operations, we grant licenses to certain of our customers to use our intellectual property. 11 Table of Contents Human Capital Management Our overall workforce strategies are developed and managed by our Chief Human Resources Officer, who reports to our CEO. More broadly, the board of directors and the Compensation Committee provide oversight on certain culture and human management topics, and succession plans for critical talent. We regularly engage with our team members through a variety of forums, including periodic surveys, to help us understand their perspectives related to workplace culture, engagement, talent management and well-being and to inform our human capital strategies and initiatives. The results of these interactions are also leveraged to further develop our talent management initiatives. Moreover, the board of directors also reviews critical feedback and receives updates on management's plans in response thereto. Team Member Population We currently do business around the world, with approximately 27,000 team members living and working in 37 countries. As of December 31, 2024, approximately 56% of our workforce resided in the Americas, 21% in Europe and 23% in Asia Pacific. Many of our team members are highly skilled in technical areas specific to payment technology and software solutions. Talent Management and Retention We place an emphasis on attracting and retaining highly skilled team members and having a workforce that is connected to the communities in which we work and live around the world. To that end, we have implemented programs and initiatives focused on enriching new hire experiences, developing team members through extensive training and professional development opportunities, including mentorship and leadership programs, promoting team members' wellness and safety, and providing flexible work arrangements. Furthermore, we offer comprehensive and competitive pay and benefits packages, including paid parental leave, team member assistance, savings and retirement programs and equity-based awards that vest over a period of time to support retention of key contributors. We also strive to celebrate and recognize the efforts of our team members through a combination of programs, including team appreciation activities and awards programs to honor top performers and notable contributors. Health and Well-being The success of our business is connected to the well-being of our team members. Accordingly, we are committed to the health, safety and wellness of our team members worldwide, and we provide team members with various health and wellness programs and benefits, including employee education and assistance programs that focus on physical, financial, family, social and emotional resources. People, Access and Belonging We are committed to addressing the ever-changing needs of our team members and finding new ways to continuously enhance our culture. Our human capital strategy is centered around a focus on People, Access and Belonging ("PAB"), which reflects our holistic approach to fostering an inclusive and empowering workplace across our global organization. These pillars guide our policies, practices and initiatives as we continue shaping a workplace culture that prioritizes engagement, equity and collaboration, empowering individuals across our global footprint. Our Compensation Committee assists the board of directors in overseeing the Company's initiatives embodied in the PAB strategy. Employee Growth and Development Our strategy to develop and retain the best talent includes an emphasis on team member development and training. We provide a variety of training and development opportunities to team members globally, including our online training platform that contains a vast array of tools and application resources for all team members to build learning experiences and skills. In order to help our team members strengthen the skills and behaviors needed for career advancement, our performance management program enables team members to drive their development with a focus on growth, performance, and well-being through regular meetings with their leaders. 12 Table of Contents Government Regulation Various aspects of our business are subject to regulation and supervision under federal, state and local laws in the United States and foreign laws, regulations and rules. Many of these regulations and laws are evolving and their applicability and scope, as interpreted by courts and regulators, remain uncertain. These regulations and laws involve a variety of matters, including privacy and information security, data and personal information processing, money-transmission and payment instruments, consumer protection, anti-money laundering and anti-corruption, tax, environmental sustainability (including climate change) and human rights. In addition, we are subject to rules promulgated by the various payment networks, including Nacha, American Express, Discover, Interac, Mastercard and Visa. Set forth below is a brief summary of some of the significant laws and regulations that apply to us. These descriptions are not exhaustive, and these laws, regulations and rules frequently change and are increasing in number. We are currently in compliance in all material respects with applicable existing legal and regulatory requirements and do not expect that maintaining compliance with these regulations will have a material effect on our capital expenditures, earnings or competitive and financial positions. For additional information about government regulation and laws applicable to our business and the potential risks associated with future changes in laws or regulations, see "Item 1A - Risk Factors" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Dodd-Frank Act The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (the "Dodd-Frank Act") restricts the amounts of debit card fees that certain institutions can charge merchants. Pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Federal Reserve Board, debit interchange rates for card issuers with assets of \$10 billion or more are capped at \$0.21 per transaction and an ad valorem component of 5 basis points to reflect a portion of the issuer's fraud losses plus, for qualifying issuers, an additional \$0.01 per transaction in debit interchange for fraud prevention costs. In addition, the Dodd-Frank Act limits the ability of payment card networks to impose certain restrictions because it allows merchants to: (i) set minimum dollar amounts (not to exceed \$10) for the acceptance of a credit card (and allows federal governmental entities and institutions of higher education to set maximum amounts for the acceptance of credit cards) and (ii) provide discounts or incentives to encourage consumers to pay with cash, checks, debit cards or credit cards. The rules also contain prohibitions on network exclusivity and merchant routing restrictions that require a card issuer to enable at least two unaffiliated networks on each debit card, prohibit card networks from entering into exclusivity arrangements and restrict the ability of issuers or networks to mandate transaction routing requirements. The prohibition on network exclusivity has not significantly affected the Company's ability to pass on network fees and other costs to our customers, nor do we expect it to in the future. Consumer Protection The Dodd-Frank Act also created the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB"), which has responsibility for enforcing federal consumer protection laws, and the Financial Stability Oversight Council, which has the authority to determine whether any nonbank financial company, such as us, should be supervised by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (the "Federal Reserve") on the ground that it is "systemically important" to the U.S. financial system. Accordingly, we may be subject to additional systemic risk-related oversight in the future. The CFPB has significant authority to regulate consumer financial products or services in the U.S., including consumer payments, and similar products or services. The FTC, state attorneys general and similar regulatory agencies in other jurisdictions may have broad consumer protection mandates that could result in the promulgation and interpretation of rules and regulations that may affect our business. Furthermore, certain of our businesses are regulated as money transmitters or otherwise require licensing in one or more states or jurisdictions, subjecting us to various licensing, supervisory and other requirements. 13 Table of Contents Financial Institution Regulations Because we provide digital payment processing services to banks and other financial institutions, we are subject to examination by the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (the "FFIEC"), an interagency body comprised primarily of federal banking regulators, and we are also subject to supervision or examination, as may be applicable, by various state and international financial regulatory agencies that supervise and regulate the financial institutions for which we provide digital payment processing and other payment related services. The FFIEC examines large data processors in order to identify and mitigate risks associated with systemically significant service providers, including specifically the risks they may pose to the banking industry. Certain of our subsidiaries hold payment institution ("PI") licenses. These subsidiaries are subject to regulation and oversight in the jurisdictions in which they operate. We hold PI licenses in Poland, Greece, Germany, Spain, Malta and the Czech Republic, as well as similar licenses in the United Kingdom. As a PI, each subsidiary is subject to regulation and oversight in the applicable jurisdiction, which includes, among other obligations, a requirement to maintain specific regulatory capital and adhere to certain rules regarding the conduct and operation of its business, including the revised Payment Services Directive and the requirements under the Digital Operational Resilience Act ("DORA") and reporting obligations in respect of the Central Electronic System of Payment Information. DORA came into effect in January 2025 and introduces a broad set of requirements applicable to financial institutions, including our European PIs, concerning the security of network and information systems supporting their business processes, in particular in relation to the management of information communication and technology ("ICT") risks. There will also be regulatory supervision of ICT service providers designated as "critical" by the European Supervisory Authorities, which may affect our Issuer Solutions segment; however, the decision relating to such designation has not yet been issued. Privacy, Information Security and Other Business Practices Regulation Aspects of our business are subject, directly or indirectly, to privacy and data protection regulations in the United States, the United Kingdom, the European Union ("EU") and elsewhere. In most of the countries in which we operate, these laws impose requirements on the manner in which personal information can be collected, processed, stored and shared. They also impose requirements, which vary materially by jurisdiction, in the event of a personal data breach. Compliance with the data protection regulations applicable to us or our customers requires increasing resources devoted to monitoring changes and developing solutions for our affected businesses. Maintaining compliance over time could require substantive technology infrastructure and process changes across many of the Company's businesses. Noncompliance with the EU General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR"), the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act ("GLBA"), the California Privacy Rights Act and other state privacy laws or similar regulations could lead to substantial regulatory fines and penalties, or in some cases, damages resulting from private causes of action. Evolving data localization requirements or preferences may affect how we provide services to customers in regions like the EU and Asia-Pacific. Additionally, evolving sector-specific regulations that affect the payments industry may introduce overlap or conflict with data privacy regulations, and these conflicts in regulatory requirements may affect our operations. We also rely upon third parties (such as suppliers and other partners) to facilitate or enable our business activities, and we require that they are similarly in compliance with applicable regulations. New regulations (including the EU Artificial Intelligence Regulation, new state laws in the United States or a possible federal privacy law) and new interpretations of existing regulations, such as the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") Act, GLBA, and the GDPR, could create new privacy rights for individuals and new obligations for companies handling personal information. These regulations could limit our ability to use and share personal or other data and increase costs related to compliance. In addition, emerging technologies including innovations in machine learning and artificial intelligence ("AI") are expected to continue to drive regulation targeted to the specific risks anticipated from these technologies. As our portfolio of services evolves, we may offer more services outside of our traditional business-to-business interaction context. As we interact directly with consumers, in conjunction with our customers and partners or directly on our own behalf, our compliance obligations under privacy regulations may expand. 14 Table of Contents Anti-Money Laundering, Anti-Corruption and Sanctions Regulations In many countries, we are legally or contractually required to comply with anti-money laundering laws and regulations, such as, in the United States, the Bank Secrecy Act, as amended by the USA PATRIOT Act, and similar laws of other countries, which require that customer identifying information be obtained and verified. In some countries, we are directly subject to these requirements; in other countries, we have contractually agreed to assist our sponsor financial institutions with their obligation to comply with anti-money laundering requirements that apply to them. In addition, we and our sponsor financial institutions are subject to the laws and regulations, enforced by the Office of Foreign Assets Control, that prohibit U.S. persons from engaging in transactions with certain prohibited persons or entities. Similar requirements apply in other countries. We have developed procedures and controls that are designed to monitor and address legal and regulatory requirements and developments and that allow our customers to protect against having direct business dealings with such prohibited countries, individuals or entities. We are subject to anti-corruption laws and regulations, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA"), the U.K. Bribery Act of 2010 and other laws that generally prohibit the making or offering of improper payments to foreign government officials and political figures for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business or to gain an unfair business advantage. The FCPA has a broad reach and requires maintenance of appropriate records and adequate internal controls to prevent and detect possible FCPA violations. State Wage Payment Laws and Regulations The use of payroll card programs in the United States as a means for an employer to remit wages or other compensation to its employees or independent contractors is governed by state labor laws related to wage payments, which laws are subject to change. The payroll portion of our business includes payroll cards and convenience checks and is designed to allow employers to comply with applicable state wage and hour laws. Most states permit the use of payroll cards as a method of paying wages to employees, either through statutory provisions allowing such use or, in the absence of specific statutory guidance, the adoption by state labor departments of formal or

informal policies allowing for their use. Nearly every state allowing payroll cards places certain requirements and/or restrictions on their use as a wage payment method, the most common of which involve obtaining the prior written consent of the employee or independent contractors, limitations on fees and disclosure requirements. Recently, some states have begun to regulate earned wage access solutions, including, for example by enacting new laws requiring licensure of earned wage access providers and/or requiring fee restrictions on the solutions, or by including earned wage access services in existing lending laws, which could also result in licensure requirements and/or fee limitations. Also, states potentially could regulate these services under existing wage and hour laws related to the assignment of wages. We may be subject to additional requirements and limitations under federal or state lending laws as a result of new interpretations, formal guidance or additional regulations relating to earned wage access solutions. Escheat Laws We are subject to unclaimed or abandoned property state laws in the United States and in certain foreign countries that require us to transfer to certain government authorities the unclaimed property of others that we hold when that property has been unclaimed for a certain period of time. Moreover, we are subject to audit by state and foreign regulatory authorities with regard to our escheatment practices. Debt Collection and Credit Reporting Laws Portions of our business may be subject to the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA"), the Fair Credit Reporting Act ("FCRA") and similar state laws. The FDCPA is designed to eliminate abusive, deceptive and unfair debt collection practices and may require licensing at the state level. The FCRA regulates the use and reporting of consumer credit information and also imposes disclosure requirements on entities that take adverse action based on information obtained from credit reporting agencies. Telephone Consumer Protection Act We are subject to the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA") and various state laws to the extent we place telephone calls and short message service ("SMS") messages to customers and consumers. The TCPA regulates certain telephone calls and SMS messages placed using automatic telephone dialing systems or artificial or prerecorded voices. 15 Table of Contents Other In addition, there are other laws, rules or regulations that may directly affect us or the activities of our merchant customers and in some cases may subject us to investigations, fees, fines and disgorgement of funds in the event we are deemed to have aided and abetted or otherwise provided the means and instrumentalities to facilitate the illegal activities of a merchant through our payment processing services. Sustainability Certain governments around the world are adopting laws and regulations pertaining to sustainability performance, transparency and reporting. Regulators in Europe and the U.S. have also focused efforts on increased disclosure related to climate change and mitigation efforts. The EU recently adopted the European Sustainability Reporting Standards and the Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive that impose disclosure of the risks and opportunities arising from social and environmental issues and on the effect of companies' activities on people and the environment. In March 2024, the SEC adopted final rules that require disclosure of certain climate-related information; however, in April 2024, the SEC stayed the rules pending judicial review. In October 2023, California enacted three climate-related disclosure bills. International sustainability disclosure standards have also been produced (and further standards will be produced) under the auspices of the International Sustainability Standards Board, which some countries (such as the United Kingdom) have indicated they may incorporate into sustainability disclosure standards required of certain companies. We continue to monitor these legislative and regulatory developments and are working continually to ensure that our sustainability agenda is integrated into our overall business strategy. As part of our annual sustainability reporting, we provide additional information about our approach to sustainability matters in our Global Responsibility Report (not incorporated herein), which is available in the investor relations section of our website at [www.globalpayments.com](http://www.globalpayments.com). Where to Find More Information We file annual and quarterly reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and print materials that we have filed with the SEC from its website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). In addition, certain of our SEC filings, including our annual reports on Form 10-K, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, our current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to them can be viewed and printed, free of charge, from the investor relations section of our website at [www.globalpayments.com](http://www.globalpayments.com) as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. Certain materials relating to our corporate governance, including our codes of ethics applicable to our directors, senior financial officers and other employees, also are available in the investor relations section of our website. Copies of our filings, specified exhibits and corporate governance materials are available, free of charge, by writing us using the address on the cover of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. You may also telephone our investor relations office directly at (770) 829-8478. We are not including the information on our website as a part of, or incorporating it by reference into, this Annual Report on Form 10-K. 16 Table of Contents ITEM 1A - RISK FACTORS An investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider carefully the following risks and other information contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and other SEC filings before you decide to buy or sell our common stock. The risks identified below are not all encompassing but should be considered in establishing an opinion of our future operations. If any of the events or conditions contemplated by the following discussion of risks should occur, our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and cash flows could suffer significantly. Risks Factors Summary The following is a summary of the principal risks that could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and cash flows. Risks Related to Our Business Model and Operations Our inability to protect our systems and data from continually evolving cybersecurity threats or other technological risks could adversely affect our ability to deliver our services; damage our reputation among our customers, card issuers, financial institutions, card networks, partners and cardholders; adversely affect our continued card network registration or membership and financial institution sponsorship; and expose us to penalties, fines, liabilities, legal claims and defense costs. Software and hardware defects, failures, undetected errors and development delays could affect our ability to deliver our services, damage customer relations, expose us to liability and have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We depend on relationships with third parties. Our systems or our third-party providers' systems may fail, or we may be unable to renew or renegotiate agreements with key suppliers, which could interrupt our service, cause us to lose business, increase our costs and expose us to liability. The payments technology industry is highly competitive and highly innovative, and some of our competitors have greater financial and operational resources than we do, which may give them an advantage with respect to the pricing of services offered to customers and the ability to develop new and disruptive technologies. In order to remain competitive and to continue to increase our revenues and earnings, we must continually and quickly update our services, a process that could result in higher costs and the loss of revenues, earnings and customers if the new services do not perform as intended or are not accepted in the marketplace. Our revenues from the provision of services to merchants that accept Visa and Mastercard are dependent upon our continued Visa and Mastercard registrations, financial institution sponsorship and, in some cases, continued membership in certain card networks. We rely on various financial institutions to provide clearing services in connection with our settlement activities. If we are unable to maintain clearing services with these financial institutions and are unable to find a replacement, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. Increased merchant, referral partner, ISO or payment facilitator attrition could cause our financial results to decline. Our future growth depends in part on the continued expansion within markets in which we already operate, the emergence of and our entry into new markets and the continued availability of alliance relationships and strategic acquisition and joint venture opportunities. There may be a decline in the use of cards and other digital payments as a payment mechanism for consumers or other adverse developments with respect to the card industry in general. Consolidation among financial institutions or among retail customers, including the merger of our customers with entities that are not our customers or the sale of portfolios by our customers to entities that are not our customers, could materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. If we do not renew or renegotiate our agreements on favorable terms with our customers within the Issuer Solutions segment, our business will suffer. The timing of the conversions or deconversions of card portfolios could also affect the amount and timing of our revenues and expenses. We incur chargeback losses when our merchants refuse or cannot reimburse us for chargebacks resolved in favor of their customers. Any increase in chargebacks not paid by our merchants could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Fraud by merchants or others and losses from overdrawn cardholder accounts could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Increases in card network fees may result in the loss of customers and/or a reduction in our earnings. The integration and conversion of our acquired operations or other future acquisitions, if any, could result in increased operating costs if the anticipated synergies from the combination are not achieved, a loss of strategic opportunities if management is distracted by the integration process and a loss of customers if our service levels drop during or following the integration process. Our inability to complete certain dispositions or the effects of disposing a business could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may not realize the anticipated growth benefits and cost savings from, or our business may be disrupted by, our business transformation and reorganization activities. Any of the foregoing could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operation. Our business may be affected by current and future laws and regulations governing the development, use and deployment of AI technologies, as well as potentially related private litigation. Legal, Regulatory Compliance and Tax Risks Our business is subject to government regulation and oversight. Any new implementation of or changes made to laws, regulations or other industry standards affecting our business in any of the geographic regions in which we operate may require significant development and compliance efforts or have an unfavorable effect on our ability to continue to offer certain services, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. New or revised tax regulations, unfavorable resolution of tax contingencies or changes to enacted tax rates could adversely affect our tax expense. Our risk management policies and procedures may not be fully effective in mitigating our risk exposure in all market environments or against all types of risk. Financial Risks We are subject to risks associated with changes in interest rates or currency exchange rates and may not effectively hedge against these risks, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. A downgrade in the ratings of our debt could restrict our ability to access the debt capital markets and increase our interest costs. Failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act") could have a material adverse effect on our business. Intellectual Property Risks We may not be able to successfully manage our intellectual property and may be subject to infringement claims. 18 Table of Contents Risks Related to Our Capital Structure Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect us and limit our business flexibility. We may not be able to raise additional funds to finance our future capital needs. Our balance sheet includes significant amounts of goodwill and other intangible assets. The impairment of a portion of these assets could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may not be able to, or we may decide not to, pay dividends or repurchase shares at a level anticipated by our shareholders, which could reduce shareholder returns. Risks Related to General Economic Conditions We are subject to economic and geopolitical risk, health and social events or conditions, the business cycles and credit risk of our customers and the overall level of consumer, business and government spending, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Investor and other stakeholder scrutiny related to our sustainability practices, and our disclosed performance and aspirations for these practices, may increase costs and expose us to numerous risks. General Risks If we lose key personnel or are unable to attract and hire additional qualified personnel as we grow, our business could be adversely affected. The costs and effects of pending and future litigation, investigations or similar matters, or adverse facts and developments related thereto, could materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Risks Related to Our Business Model and Operations Our inability to protect our systems and data from continually evolving cybersecurity threats or other technological risks could adversely affect our ability to deliver our services; damage our reputation among our customers, card issuers, financial institutions, card networks, partners and cardholders; adversely affect our continued card network registration or membership and financial institution sponsorship; and expose us to penalties, fines, liabilities, legal claims and defense costs. In order to provide our services, we process and store sensitive business and personal information, which may include credit and debit card numbers, bank account numbers, social security numbers, driver's license numbers, names and addresses and other types of sensitive personal or business information. Some of this information is also processed and stored by financial institutions, merchants and other entities, as well as third-party service providers to whom we outsource certain functions, and other agents, such as independent consultants and auditors, which we refer to collectively as our associated third parties. We may have responsibility to the card networks, financial institutions, regulators, and in some instances, our merchants, ISOs and/or individuals, for our failure or the failure of our associated third parties (as applicable) to protect this information. We are a regular target of malicious third-party attempts to identify and exploit system vulnerabilities, and/or penetrate or bypass our security measures, in order to gain unauthorized access to our networks and systems or those of our associated third parties. Such attempts at unauthorized access can lead, and occasionally have led, to the compromise of sensitive, business, personal or confidential information. To mitigate these risks, we follow a defense-in-depth model for cybersecurity, meaning we proactively seek to employ multiple methods at different layers to defend our systems against intrusion and attack and to protect the data we possess. We have adopted policies and procedures, including an incident response plan and oversight of cybersecurity risks by both the board of directors and management oversight of cybersecurity risks, that we believe are designed to facilitate the identification, assessment and management of those risks, including any risks that have the potential to be material. Our information security program includes technical, physical and administrative controls that are designed to maintain the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our information and technical assets. However, we cannot provide any assurance that these cybersecurity risk management processes and controls will be fully complied with or effective, and we cannot be certain that these measures or others will always be successful or will always be sufficient to counter, or to rapidly detect, contain and remediate all current and emerging technology threats. 19 Table of Contents More particularly, our computer systems and/or our associated third parties' computer systems have been, and we expect will continue to be, targeted for penetration on a regular basis, and our data protection measures may not prevent, and occasionally have not prevented, unauthorized access. The techniques used to obtain unauthorized access, disable or degrade services or sabotage systems change frequently. These techniques are often difficult to detect and they continually evolve and may become more sophisticated. Threats to our systems and our associated third parties' systems (such as the use of AI by threat actors in furtherance of cyberattacks) can derive from human error or malicious actions by employees or third parties, including state-sponsored organizations with significant financial and technological resources. In addition, we have experienced and may continue to experience system disruptions or delays caused by computer viruses and other malware or vulnerabilities that could infect our systems or those of our associated third parties. Denial of service, ransomware or other methods of attacks could be launched against us for a variety of purposes, including to interfere with our services or to create a diversion for other malicious activities. Our defensive measures may not prevent downtime, unauthorized access or misuse of sensitive data. We have experienced all of the incident types described in this paragraph in the past, and we cannot guarantee that we will be able to detect and prevent all such incidents in the future. While we maintain first- and third-party insurance policies that may provide coverage for certain aspects of cybersecurity risks, such insurance coverage may be insufficient to cover all losses resulting from an incident. Companies we acquire may also require implementation of additional cyber defense controls or processes to align with our information security program and, as a result, there may be a period of heightened risk between the acquisition date and the completion of such implementation. Furthermore, certain of our third-party relationships are subject to our vendor management program and are governed by written contracts that contain requirements relating to information security. We believe we have designed our risk identification, assessment and management processes and procedures to account for cybersecurity risks associated with our use of third-party service providers. However, we do not control the actions of our associated third parties, and any disruptions in their services caused by cyberattacks and/or security breaches could adversely affect our ability to service our customers or otherwise conduct our business. In addition, we impose contractual requirements on our counterparties, including vendors and other third parties, to comply with applicable privacy and security laws related to the use and security of sensitive or personal information. We cannot provide assurances that these contractual requirements will be followed or will be adequate to prevent the misuse of this data. We have occasionally received notifications from third parties informing us that our data stored on their systems has been accessed without authorization. Any future misuse or compromise of personal information stored on those systems, or any other failure by a vendor, partner or other third party to abide by our contractual requirements, could expose us to regulatory fines, third-party liability, protracted and costly litigation and, with respect to misuse of the personal information of our customers, lost revenue and reputational harm. Any type of security breach, cyberattack, unintentional or intentional disclosure of sensitive business and personal information or misuse of data described above or otherwise, whether experienced by us or an associated third party, could harm our reputation; deter existing and prospective customers from using our services or from making digital payments generally; increase our operating expenses in order to contain and remediate the incident; expose us to unanticipated or uninsured liability; disrupt our operations (including potential service interruptions); distract our management; increase our risk of litigation or regulatory scrutiny; result in the imposition of penalties and fines under state, federal and foreign laws or by the card networks; and adversely affect our continued card network registration or membership and financial institution sponsorship. Removal from the networks' lists of Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard ("PCI DSS") compliant service providers could mean that existing customers, sales partners or other third parties could cease using or referring others to our services. Also,

prospective merchant customers, financial institutions, sales partners or other third parties could choose to terminate negotiations with us, or delay or choose not to consider us for their processing needs. In addition, as a global company, we are increasingly subject to complex and varied cybersecurity incident reporting requirements across numerous jurisdictions. With the often short timeframes required for cyber incident reporting, there is a risk that the Company or its associated third parties will fail to meet the reporting deadlines for any given incident. Regardless of where an incident occurs, it may take considerable time for us to investigate and evaluate the full impact of a cybersecurity incident, particularly in the case of a sophisticated attack. These factors may inhibit our ability to provide prompt, full and reliable information about the cybersecurity incident to our customers, partners and regulators, as well as to the public. If we are unable to comply with reporting requirements, we could be subject to monetary damages, civil and criminal penalties, litigation, investigations and proceedings and damage to our reputation. Any of the foregoing could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operation.

**20**Table of ContentsSoftware and hardware defects, failures, undetected errors and development delays could affect our ability to deliver our services, damage customer relations, expose us to liability and have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our core services are based on software and computing systems that may encounter development delays, and the underlying software may contain undetected errors, viruses, defects or vulnerabilities. The hardware infrastructure on which our systems run may have a faulty component or fail. Defects in our software services, underlying hardware or errors or delays in our processing of digital transactions could result in additional development costs, diversion of technical and other resources from our other development efforts and could result in loss of credibility with current or potential customers, harm to our reputation and exposure to liability claims. In instances in which we rely on third-party software, our services are occasionally affected by defects, viruses, vulnerabilities, security incidents or other failures that take place at the vendor level. Depending on the circumstances, a vendor failure could cause delays, disruption or data loss or damage, and therefore cause harm to our credibility, reputation or financial condition. In addition, our insurance may not be adequate to compensate us for all losses or failures that may occur. We depend on relationships with third parties. Our systems or our third-party providers' systems may fail, or we may be unable to renew or renegotiate agreements with key suppliers, which could interrupt our service, cause us to lose business, increase our costs and expose us to liability. We depend on the efficient and uninterrupted operation of our computer systems, software, data centers and telecommunications networks, as well as the systems and services of third parties. Not only could we suffer damage to our reputation in the event of a system outage or data loss, but we could also be liable to third parties. Many of our contractual agreements with financial institutions and certain other customers require the payment of penalties if we do not meet certain operating standards. Our systems and operations or those of our third-party providers could be exposed to damage or interruption from, among other things, fire; climate-related events, including extreme weather events; natural disasters; pandemics; power loss; telecommunications failure; terrorist acts; war; unauthorized entry; malicious attacks; human error; hardware failure; and computer viruses or other defects. We have been and continue to be exposed to defects in our systems or those of third parties, errors or delays in the processing of payment transactions, telecommunications failures, or other difficulties (including those related to system relocation), which could result in loss of revenues, loss of customers, loss of merchant and cardholder data, harm to our business or reputation, exposure to fraud losses or other liabilities, negative publicity, additional operating and development costs, litigation expenses, fines and other sanctions imposed by card networks or regulators and/or diversion of technical and other resources. There is also a risk that third-party suppliers of hardware and infrastructure required to support our employee productivity or our suppliers could be affected by supply chain disruptions, such as manufacturing and shipping delays. An extended supply chain disruption could also affect the delivery of our services. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, if we are unable to renew or renegotiate our agreements with key suppliers on favorable terms to us or at all, or find alternative third-party providers, our services may be affected. Any of the foregoing could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The payments technology industry is highly competitive and highly innovative, and some of our competitors have greater financial and operational resources than we do, which may give them an advantage with respect to the pricing of services offered to customers and the ability to develop new and disruptive technologies. We operate in the payments technology industry, which is highly competitive and highly innovative. In this industry, our primary competitors include other independent payment processors, credit card processing firms, third-party card processing software institutions, as well as financial institutions, ISOs, payment facilitators and, potentially, card networks. Some of our current and potential competitors may be larger than we are and have greater financial and operational resources or brand recognition than we have. Our competitors that are financial institutions or subsidiaries of financial institutions do not incur the costs associated with being sponsored by a direct member for participation in the card networks, as we do in certain jurisdictions, and may be able to settle transactions more quickly for merchants than we can. These financial institutions may also provide payment processing services to merchants at lower margins or at a loss in order to generate banking fees from such merchants. It is also possible that larger financial institutions, including some who are customers of ours, could decide to perform in-house some or all of the services that we currently provide or could provide. These attributes may provide them with a competitive advantage in the market.

**21**Table of ContentsFurthermore, we are facing increasing competition from nontraditional competitors, including new entrant technology companies, who offer certain innovations in payment methods. Some of these competitors utilize proprietary software and service solutions. Some of these nontraditional competitors have significant financial resources and robust networks and are highly regarded by consumers. In addition, some nontraditional competitors, such as private companies or startup companies, may be less risk averse than we are and, therefore, may be able to respond more quickly to market demands. These competitors may compete in ways that minimize or remove the role of traditional card networks, acquirers, issuers and processors in the digital payments process. If these nontraditional competitors gain a greater share of total digital payments transactions, it could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In order to remain competitive and to continue to increase our revenues and earnings, we must continually and quickly update our services, a process that could result in higher costs and the loss of revenues, earnings and customers if the new services do not perform as intended or are not accepted in the marketplace. The payments technology industry in which we compete is characterized by rapid technological change, new product introductions, evolving industry standards and changing customer needs. In order to remain competitive, we are continually involved in a number of projects, including the development of new platforms, products, mobile payment applications, ecommerce services and other new offerings emerging in the payments technology industry. These projects carry the risks associated with any development effort, including cost overruns, delays in delivery and performance problems, which could in turn lead to impairment of long-lived assets associated with projects. In the payments technology industry, these risks are even more acute. Any delay in the delivery of new services or the failure to differentiate our services could render our services less desirable to customers, or possibly even obsolete. Furthermore, as the market for alternative payment processing services evolves, it may develop too rapidly or not rapidly enough for us to recover the costs we have incurred in developing new services targeted at this market, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, certain of the services we deliver to the payments technology industry are designed to process very complex transactions and deliver reports and other information on those transactions, all at very high volumes and processing speeds. Any failure to deliver effective, accurate, compliant and secure services or any performance issue that arises with a new service could result in significant processing or reporting errors or other losses. We rely in part on third parties, including some of our competitors and potential competitors, for the development of and access to new technologies. If development efforts are required or if promised new services are not delivered timely to our customers or do not perform as anticipated, we could incur higher costs, a loss of revenues and lower earnings and cash flows. Our revenues from the provision of services to merchants that accept Visa and Mastercard are dependent upon our continued Visa and Mastercard registrations, financial institution sponsorship and, in some cases, continued membership in certain card networks. In order to provide our Visa and Mastercard transaction processing services, we must be either a direct member or registered as a merchant processor or service provider of Visa and Mastercard, respectively. Registration as a merchant processor or service provider is dependent upon our being sponsored by members of each organization in certain jurisdictions. If a sponsor financial institution in any of the markets in which we currently, or in the future may, operate should stop providing sponsorship for us, we would need to find another financial institution to provide those services or we would need to attain direct membership with the card networks, either of which could prove to be difficult and expensive. Relatedly, transitioning to a new sponsor financial institution requires technical development work, which takes time and investments. If we were unable to find a replacement financial institution to provide sponsorship or transition to a new sponsor financial institution in a timely manner or attain direct membership, we may no longer be able to provide processing services to affected and potential customers in that market, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Furthermore, some agreements with our financial institution sponsors give them substantial discretion in approving certain aspects of our business practices, including our solicitation, application and qualification procedures for merchants and the terms of our agreements with merchants. Our sponsors' discretionary actions under these agreements could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In connection with direct membership, the rules and regulations of various card associations and card networks prescribe certain capital requirements. Any increase in the capital level required would limit our use of capital for other purposes.

**22**Table of ContentsThe termination of our registration, or any changes in the rules of Visa or Mastercard or any other network that would impair our registration or prevent us from providing services to our customers, could require us to stop providing payment processing services or prevent us from successfully submitting transactions to such network, which would make it impossible for us to conduct our business on its current scale. The rules of the card networks may be influenced by card issuers, and some of those issuers also provide acquiring services and may be our competitors. If we fail to comply with the applicable requirements of the card networks, the card networks could seek to fine us, suspend us or terminate our registrations or membership. The termination of our registrations or our membership or our status as a service provider or a merchant processor, or any changes in card association or other network rules or standards, including interpretation and implementation of the rules or standards, that increase the cost of doing business or limit our ability to provide transaction processing services to our customers, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. If a merchant fails to comply with the applicable requirements of the card associations and networks, we, the merchant or, in some cases the ISO, could be subject to a variety of fines or penalties that may be levied by the card associations or networks. If we cannot collect or pursue collection of such amounts from the applicable merchant or, in some cases the ISO, we may have to bear the cost of such fines or penalties, resulting in lower earnings for us. We rely on various financial institutions to provide clearing services in connection with our settlement activities. If we are unable to maintain clearing services with these financial institutions and are unable to find a replacement, our business, financial condition and results of operations may be adversely affected. We rely on various financial institutions to provide clearing services in connection with our settlement activities. If such financial institutions should stop providing clearing services, we would have to find other financial institutions to provide those services. If we were unable to find a replacement financial institution we may no longer be able to provide processing services to certain customers, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Increased merchant, referral partner, ISO or payment facilitator attrition could cause our financial results to decline. We experience attrition in merchant credit and debit card processing volume resulting from several factors, including merchant closures, loss of merchant accounts to our competitors, unsuccessful contract renewal negotiations and account closures that we initiate for various reasons, such as heightened credit risks or contract breaches by merchants. Our referral partners are a significant source of new business. If a referral partner switches to another transaction processor, terminates our services, internalizes payment processing functions that we perform, merges with or is acquired by one of our competitors or shuts down or becomes insolvent, we may no longer receive new merchant referrals from such referral partner, and we risk losing existing merchants that were originally enrolled by the referral partner. We cannot predict the level of attrition in the future, and it could increase. Higher than expected attrition could negatively affect our results, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Our future growth depends in part on the continued expansion within markets in which we already operate, the emergence of and our entry into new markets and the continued availability of alliance relationships and strategic acquisition and joint venture opportunities. Our future growth and profitability depend upon our continued expansion within the markets in which we currently operate, the further expansion of these markets, the emergence of other markets for payment technology and software solutions and our ability to penetrate these markets. As part of our strategy to achieve this expansion, we look for acquisition and joint venture opportunities, investments and alliance relationships with other businesses, including referral partners, ISOs and other financial institutions, that will allow us to increase our market penetration, technological capabilities, service offerings and distribution capabilities. We may not be able to successfully identify suitable acquisition, joint venture, investment and alliance candidates in the future, and if we do, they may not provide us with the value and benefits we anticipate, which may inhibit our growth prospects and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our expansion into new markets is also dependent upon our ability to apply our existing technology or to develop new applications to meet the particular service needs of each new market. We may not have adequate financial or technological resources to develop effective and secure services and distribution channels that will satisfy the demands of these new markets. If we fail to expand into new and existing markets for payment technology and software solutions, we may not be able to continue to grow our revenues and earnings.

**23**Table of ContentsOur ability to acquire other businesses or technologies, make strategic investments or integrate acquired businesses effectively may also be impaired by a variety of factors including adverse financial conditions, trade tensions and increased global scrutiny of foreign investments. A number of countries, including the U.S. and countries in Europe and the Asia-Pacific region, are considering or have adopted restrictions on foreign investments. Governments may continue to adopt or tighten economic sanctions, tariffs or trade restrictions of this nature, and such restrictions could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, our future success will depend, in part, upon our ability to integrate and manage our expanded business, which could pose substantial challenges for our management team, including challenges related to the management and monitoring of new operations and associated costs and complexity. We may also face increased scrutiny from governmental authorities if we become a larger business. A There may be a decline in the use of cards and other digital payments as a payment mechanism for consumers or other adverse developments with respect to the card industry in general. If consumers do not continue to use credit, debit or other digital payment methods of the type we process as a payment mechanism for their transactions or if there is a change in the mix of payments between cash, checks, credit cards and debit cards that is adverse to us, it could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Consumer credit risk may make it more difficult or expensive for consumers to gain access to credit facilities such as credit cards. Regulatory changes may result in financial institutions seeking to charge their customers additional fees for use of credit or debit cards. Such fees may result in decreased use of credit or debit cards by cardholders. In each case, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be adversely affected. Consolidation among financial institutions or among retail customers, including the merger of our customers with entities that are not our customers or the sale of portfolios by our customers to entities that are not our customers, could materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Consolidation among financial institutions, particularly in the area of credit card operations and consolidation in the retail industry, is a risk that could negatively affect our existing customer agreements and future revenues. In addition, consolidation among financial institutions has led to an increasingly concentrated customer base, which results in a changing mix toward larger customers. Continued consolidation among financial institutions could increase the bargaining power of our current and future customers and further increase our customer concentration. Consolidation among financial institutions and retail customers and the resulting loss of any significant number of customers by us could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. If we do not renew or renegotiate our agreements on favorable terms with our customers within the Issuer Solutions segment, our business will suffer. The timing of the conversions or deconversions of card portfolios could also affect the amount and timing of our revenues and expenses. A significant amount of our Issuer Solutions segment revenues is derived from long-term contracts with large financial institutions and other financial service providers. The financial position of these customers and their willingness to pay for our services are affected by general market conditions, competitive pressures and operating margins within their industries. A When our long-term contracts near expiration, the renewal or renegotiation of the contract presents our customers with the opportunity to consider other providers, transition all or a portion of the services we provide in-house or seek lower rates for our services. Additionally, as we modernize the technology platform we use to deliver services, some Issuer Solutions customers may not be agreeable to our modernization efforts and may choose to end their contracts prematurely, or not renew their contracts as a result. The loss of our contracts with existing customers or renegotiation of contracts at reduced rates or with fewer services could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. A In addition, the timing of the conversion of card portfolios of new payment processing customers to our processing systems and the deconversion of existing customers to other

systems could affect the amount and timing of our revenues and expenses. Due to a variety of factors, conversions and deconversions may not occur as scheduled, and this may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.24Table of ContentsWe incur chargeback losses when our merchants refuse or cannot reimburse us for chargebacks resolved in favor of their customers. Any increase in chargebacks not paid by our merchants could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In the event a dispute between a cardholder and a merchant is not resolved in favor of the merchant, the transaction is normally charged back to the merchant and the purchase price is credited or otherwise refunded to the cardholder. If we are unable to collect such amounts from the merchant's account or reserve account (if applicable), or if the merchant refuses or is unable, due to closure, bankruptcy or other reasons, to reimburse us for a chargeback, we may bear the loss for the amount of the refund paid to the cardholder. The risk of chargebacks is typically greater with those merchants that promise future delivery of goods and services rather than delivering goods or rendering services at the time of payment. We may experience significant losses from chargebacks in the future. Any increase in chargebacks not paid by our merchants could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. We have policies to manage merchant-related credit risk and attempt to mitigate such risk by requiring collateral and monitoring transaction activity.

Notwithstanding our programs and policies for managing credit risk, it is possible that a default on such obligations by one or more of our merchants could have a material adverse effect on our business. Fraud by merchants or others and losses from overdrawn cardholder accounts could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. We have potential liability for fraudulent digital payment transactions or credits initiated by merchants or others. Criminals are using increasingly sophisticated methods to engage in illegal activities, such as counterfeiting and fraud. Failure to effectively manage risk and prevent fraud could increase our chargeback losses or cause us to incur other liabilities. It is possible that incidents of fraud could increase in the future. Increases in chargebacks or other liabilities could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. As of December 31, 2024, our allowance for credit losses increased to \$24.7 million from \$19.0 million as of December 31, 2023, a 30% increase. The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect management's estimates and assumptions related to allowances for transaction and credit losses utilizing the most currently available information. Actual losses could differ materially from those estimates. Increases in card network fees may result in the loss of customers and/or a reduction in our earnings.4 From time to time, the card networks, including Visa and Mastercard, increase the fees that they charge processors. We often pass these increases along to our merchant customers; however, if merchants do not accept these increases, this strategy might result in the loss of customers to our competitors, thereby reducing our revenues and earnings. If competitive practices prevent us from passing along the higher fees to our merchant customers in the future, we may have to absorb all or a portion of such increases, thereby reducing our earnings. 25Table of ContentsThe integration and conversion of our acquired operations or other future acquisitions, if any, could result in increased operating costs if the anticipated synergies from the combination are not achieved, a loss of strategic opportunities if management is distracted by the integration process and a loss of customers if our service levels drop during or following the integration process. The acquisition, integration, and conversion of businesses and the formation or operation of alliances or joint ventures and other partnering arrangements involve a number of risks. Core risks are in the area of valuation (negotiating a fair price for the business based on, in certain cases, limited diligence) and integration and conversion (managing the complex process of integrating the acquired company's people, services, information security and technology and other assets to realize the projected value of the acquired company and the synergies projected to be realized in connection with the acquisition). In addition, international acquisitions, joint ventures and alliances often involve additional or increased risks, including, for example: managing geographically separated organizations, systems, and facilities; integrating personnel with diverse cultural and business backgrounds and organizational cultures; complying with foreign regulatory requirements; fluctuations in currency exchange rates; enforcement of intellectual property rights in some foreign countries; difficulty entering new foreign markets due to, among other things, regulatory licensure, customer acceptance and business knowledge of those new markets; and general economic and political conditions. See "Risks Related to General Economic Conditions" We are subject to economic and geopolitical risk, health and social events or conditions, the business cycles and credit risk of our customers and the overall level of consumer, business and government spending, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. For further information about how general economic conditions could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. If the integration and conversion process does not proceed smoothly, the following factors, among others, could reduce our revenues and earnings, increase our operating costs and result in us not achieving projected synergies: If we are unable to successfully integrate the benefits plans, duties and responsibilities, and other factors of interest to the management and employees of the acquired business, we could lose employees to our competitors in the region, which could significantly affect our ability to operate the business effectively and complete the integration; If the integration process causes any delays with the delivery of our services, or the quality of those services, we could lose customers to our competitors; The acquisition or joint venture may otherwise cause disruption to, as applicable, the acquired company's or our joint venture partners' business and operations and relationships with financial institution sponsors, customers, merchants, employees and other partners; The acquisition or joint venture and the related integration could divert the attention of our management from other strategic matters; The data security, cybersecurity and operational resilience posture of the acquired entities, joint ventures or companies we invest in or partner with, may not be adequate and may be more susceptible to a system failure, service disruption or cybersecurity incident or attack; and The costs related to the integration of the acquired business and operations into ours may be greater than anticipated. Our inability to complete certain dispositions or the effects of disposing a business could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. From time to time, we may dispose of businesses that do not meet our strategic objectives. We may not be able to complete planned or desired dispositions on terms favorable to us. Losses on the sales of, or lost operating income from, those businesses could negatively affect our profitability and margins. Moreover, we have incurred and in the future may incur asset impairment charges related to potential dispositions that reduce our profitability. Our disposition activities may also present financial, managerial, and operational risks. Those risks include diversion of management attention from our other businesses, difficulties separating personnel and systems, possible need for providing transition services to buyers, adverse effects on existing business relationships with suppliers and customers and indemnities and potential disputes with the buyers. Any of these factors could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.26Table of ContentsWe may not realize the anticipated growth benefits and cost savings from, or our business may be disrupted by, our business transformation and reorganization activities. Any of the foregoing could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operation. We are streamlining and simplifying our strategy, organization and operating environment through a transformation program to deliver a global unified operating company. These transformation activities began in the third quarter of 2024, and are expected to continue over the next few years. Our strategic initiatives may not deliver the expected benefits within the anticipated timeframes. In addition, these efforts may disrupt our business activities, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operation. Our ability to achieve the anticipated benefits from these actions within the expected timeframe is subject to many estimates and assumptions, some of which are beyond our control. If these estimates and assumptions are incorrect, if we experience delays, or if other unforeseen events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operation could be adversely affected. Our business may be affected by current and future laws and regulations governing the development, use and deployment of AI technologies, as well as potentially related private litigation. Our development and use of AI technology in our operations remains in the early phases. While we intend to develop and use AI responsibly and attempt to mitigate ethical and legal issues presented by its use, we may ultimately be unsuccessful in identifying or resolving these issues before they arise. AI technologies are complex and rapidly evolving, and the technologies that we develop or use may ultimately be flawed. Moreover, AI technology is subject to rapidly evolving domestic and international laws and regulations, which could impose significant costs and obligations on us. As a result, our ability to leverage AI could be restricted by significant costs and costly legal requirements, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Legal, Regulatory Compliance and Tax Risks Our business is subject to government regulation and oversight. Any new implementation of or changes made to laws, regulations or other industry standards affecting our business in any of the geographic regions in which we operate may require significant development and compliance efforts or have an unfavorable effect on our ability to continue to offer certain services, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. As a payments technology company, our business is affected by laws and complex regulations and examinations that affect us and our industry in the countries in which we operate. Regulation and proposed regulation of the payments industry have continued to increase significantly in recent years. Failure to comply with regulations or guidelines may result in the suspension or revocation of a license or registration, the limitation, suspension or termination of service, and the imposition of civil and criminal penalties, including fines, or may cause customers or potential customers to be reluctant to do business with us, any of which could have an adverse effect on our financial condition. Interchange fees are subject to intense legal, regulatory and legislative scrutiny worldwide. For instance, the Dodd-Frank Act restricts the amounts of debit card fees that certain issuing institutions can charge merchants and allows merchants to set minimum amounts for the acceptance of credit cards and to offer discounts for different payment methods. These types of restrictions could negatively affect the number of debit transactions, which would adversely affect our business. The Dodd-Frank Act also created the CFPB, which has responsibility for enforcing federal consumer protection laws, and the Financial Stability Oversight Council, which has the authority to determine whether any nonbank financial company, like us, should be supervised by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve on the ground that it is "systemically important" to the U.S. financial system. Any such designation would result in increased regulatory burdens on our business, which increases our risk profile and may have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Additionally, interchange and/or other processing fees have recently become the subject of newly enacted and/or proposed new legislation that seeks to limit the application of interchange and/or other processing fees to portions of transactions processed via credit or debit. Such legislation would add significant complexity to existing systems and processes and/or would require code development and technological changes, the cost of which may not be recouped. The inability to apply interchange and/or other processing fees to portions of transactions could negatively affect the economic opportunity associated with such transactions and result in an adverse effect to our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. 27Table of Contents Because we directly or indirectly offer or provide financial services to consumers, we are subject to prohibitions against unfair, deceptive, or abusive acts or practices under the Dodd-Frank Act. More generally, all persons engaged in commerce, including, but not limited to, us and our merchant and financial institution customers, are subject to Section 5 of the FTC Act prohibiting unfair or deceptive acts or practices ("UDAP"). We also have businesses that are subject to credit reporting and debt collection laws and regulations in the U.S. Various federal and state regulatory enforcement agencies, including the FTC, the CFPB and the states' attorneys general, may seek to take action against nonbanks that engage in UDAP or violate other laws, rules or regulations and, to the extent we are in violation of these laws, rules or regulations or are processing payments for a merchant that may be in violation of these laws, rules or regulations, we may be subject to enforcement actions and as a result may incur losses and liabilities. We are also subject to examination by the FFIEC as a result of our provision of data processing services to financial institutions. As the regulatory environment remains unpredictable and subject to rapid change, new obligations could increase the cost and complexity of compliance. Evolving regulations also increase the risk of investigations, fines, nonmonetary penalties and litigation. Because of our services in relation to the banking industry, much of our business is obligated, either under law or via contracts with our customers, to comply with anti-money laundering regulations. Noncompliance with these regulations could lead to substantial regulatory fines and penalties or damages from private causes of action. The effect of such regulations could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, we and our sponsor financial institutions are subject to the laws and regulations enforced by the Office of Foreign Assets Control, which prohibit U.S. persons from engaging in transactions with certain prohibited persons or entities. Similar requirements apply in other countries. Furthermore, certain of our businesses are regulated as money transmitters or otherwise require licensing in one or more states or jurisdictions, subjecting us to various licensing, supervisory and other requirements. Continuing developments in privacy and data protection regulation globally, combined with the rapid pace of technology innovation, have created risks and operational challenges for many of our business activities as described in "Item 1 - Business" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. It is possible that these laws may be interpreted and applied in a manner that is inconsistent with our data privacy practices or operations model, which could result in potential fines, damages or a need to incur substantial costs to modify our operations. Compliance with these laws and regulations can be costly and time consuming, adding a layer of complexity to business practices and innovation. Our failure to comply could result in public or private enforcement action and accompanying litigation costs, losses, fines and penalties, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, U.S. banking agencies and the SEC have adopted or proposed enhanced cybersecurity risk management rules and/or standards that could apply to us and our financial institution clients and that address cybersecurity risk governance and management, management of internal and external dependencies, and incident response, cyber resilience and situational awareness. Several states and foreign countries also have adopted or proposed new privacy and cybersecurity laws covering these issues. Legislation and regulations on cybersecurity, data privacy and data localization may compel us to enhance or modify our systems, invest in new systems or alter our business practices or our policies on data governance, security and privacy. If any of these laws, rules or standards are applicable to us, our operational costs could increase significantly. The rise in the use of generative AI has dramatically altered the corporate landscape. Incorporating AI, including machine learning technologies, into our businesses presents numerous risks and uncertainties. Furthermore, the global regulatory framework has not kept pace with the rapid developments in generative AI technology which has created uncertainties regarding compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. Aside from legal considerations regarding the development and deployment of AI technology, ethical considerations also exist given the potential risk of generating misleading or harmful content. The unpredictable nature of AI-generated content further amplifies the risk of unintended consequences and biases. Additionally, without clear requirements to explain AI-generated content and/or the data used to train AI models, there is a risk of intellectual property disputes, including those involving the protection or infringement of AI-generated content. We are exploring opportunities to expand our portfolio with AI capabilities to strengthen our market position, expand our teams' technological capabilities, and enhance our customers' experiences. If we are unsuccessful in doing so, we may have a competitive disadvantage in developing new solutions and operating our business, and, as a result, our customers may prefer different solutions. See "Risks Related to Our Business Model and Operations" Our business may be affected by current and future laws and regulations governing the development, use and deployment of AI technologies, as well as potentially related private litigation For further information about the risks of the use and deployment of AI technologies, changes to laws and regulations, or interpretation or enforcement thereof, even if we are not involved, may adversely affect our business by requiring significant efforts to change our systems and services requiring changes to how we price our services to customers. We may have difficulty aligning our operations to comply with varying or conflicting laws, rules and regulations. A failure to comply with laws, rules and regulations, even if inadvertent, and social expectations of corporate fairness relating to AI, could damage our business or our reputation. 28Table of Contents New or revised tax regulations, unfavorable resolution of tax contingencies or changes to enacted tax rates could adversely affect our tax expense. Changes in tax laws or their interpretations could result in changes to enacted tax rates and may require complex computations to be performed that were not previously required, significant judgments to be made in interpretation of the new or revised tax regulations and significant estimates in calculations, as well as the preparation and analysis of information not previously relevant or regularly produced. Future changes in enacted tax rates could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In 2024, additional jurisdictions globally enacted local legislation formally adopting the Global Anti-BASE Erosion Model Rules ("Pillar Two"), which generally provides for a minimum effective tax rate of 15%, as established by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") Pillar Two Framework. The effective dates are generally January 1, 2024, and January 1, 2025, for different aspects of the rules and vary by jurisdiction. Additional jurisdictions are expected to implement the model rules under local law in the future, with varying effective dates. We are continuing to evaluate the potential effect on future periods of the Pillar Two implementation, pending legislative adoption by additional individual countries and the ongoing issuance of additional administrative guidance by the OECD. Our tax returns and positions are subject to review and audit by federal, state, local and international taxing authorities. An unfavorable outcome to a tax audit could result in higher tax expense, thereby adversely affecting our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. We exercise significant judgment and make estimates that we believe to be reasonable in calculating our worldwide provision for income taxes and other tax liabilities. However, relevant tax authorities may disagree with our estimates, interpretations or tax treatment of certain material items. Failure to sustain our position in these matters could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Our risk management policies and procedures may not be fully effective in mitigating our risk exposure in all market

environments or against all types of risk. We operate in a rapidly changing industry. Accordingly, our current risk management policies and procedures may not be fully effective in identifying, monitoring and managing our risks. If our policies and procedures are not fully effective, or if we are not always successful in identifying and mitigating all risks to which we are or may become exposed, we may suffer uninsured liability, harm to our reputation or be subject to litigation or regulatory actions that could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Financial Risks We are subject to risks associated with changes in interest rates or currency exchange rates and may not effectively hedge against these risks, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. A portion of our indebtedness bears interest at a variable rate, and we may incur additional variable-rate indebtedness in the future. Elevated interest rates could increase our cost of debt, and reduce our operating cash flows, limit options to refinance existing debt on favorable terms or at all, and could hinder our ability to fund our operations, capital expenditures, acquisitions or joint ventures, share repurchases or dividends. We are also subject to risks related to the changes in currency exchange rates as a result of our investments in foreign operations and from revenues generated in currencies other than our reporting currency, the U.S. dollar. Revenues and profits generated by international operations will increase or decrease compared to prior periods as a result of changes in currency exchange rates. Volatility in currency exchange rates has affected and may continue to affect our financial results. In certain of the jurisdictions in which we operate, we may become subject to exchange control regulations that might restrict or prohibit the conversion of our foreign currencies into U.S. dollars or limit our ability to freely move currency in or out of particular jurisdictions. The occurrence of any of these factors could decrease the value of revenues we receive from our international operations and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. 29 Table of Contents We may seek to reduce our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates or currency exchange rates through the use of hedging arrangements. To the extent that we hedge our interest rate or currency exchange rate exposures, we forgo the benefits we would otherwise experience if interest rates or currency exchange rates were to change in our favor. Developing an effective strategy for dealing with movements in interest rates and currency exchange rates is complex, and no strategy can completely insulate us from risks associated with such fluctuations. In addition, a counterparty to the arrangement could default on its obligation, thereby exposing us to credit risk. We may have to repay certain costs, such as transaction fees or breakage costs, if we terminate these arrangements. A downgrade in the ratings of our debt could restrict our ability to access the debt capital markets and increase our interest costs. We currently maintain investment credit ratings with nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Unfavorable changes in the ratings that these rating agencies assign to our debt may ultimately negatively affect our access to the debt capital markets and increase the costs we incur to borrow funds. If ratings for our debt fall below investment grade, our access to the debt capital markets could become restricted, and our relationships with certain customers of our Issuer Solutions segment could also be affected. Future tightening in the credit markets and a reduced level of liquidity in many financial markets due to turmoil in the financial and banking industries could affect our access to the debt capital markets or the price we pay to issue debt. Additionally, our revolving credit facility includes an increase in interest rates if the ratings for our debt are downgraded. A failure to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act could have a material adverse effect on our business. A Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires us to evaluate annually the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of each year and to include a management report assessing the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting in our annual report. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, we may not be able to conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal control over financial reporting. Furthermore, this assessment may be complicated by any acquisitions we have completed or may complete. In certain markets, including, without limitation, China, Greece and Spain, our member sponsors perform payment processing operations and related support services pursuant to services agreements. We expect that the member sponsors will continue to provide these services until such time as we may integrate these functions into our operations. Accordingly, we rely on our member sponsors to provide financial data, such as amounts billed to merchants, to assist us with compiling our accounting records. As such, our internal control over financial reporting could be materially affected, or is reasonably likely to be materially affected, by the internal control and procedures of our member sponsors in these markets. While we continue to dedicate resources and management time to ensure that we have effective internal control over financial reporting, failure to achieve and maintain an effective internal control environment could have a material adverse effect on our ability to timely generate accurate financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and, resulting, on the market's perception of our business and on our stock price. Intellectual Property Risks We may not be able to successfully manage our intellectual property and may be subject to infringement claims. We rely on a combination of contractual rights and copyright, trademark, patent and trade secret laws to establish and protect our proprietary technology. Despite our efforts to protect our intellectual property, third parties may infringe or misappropriate our intellectual property or may develop software or technology that competes with ours. Our competitors may independently develop similar technology, duplicate our services or design around our intellectual property rights. We may have to litigate to enforce and protect our intellectual property rights, trade secrets and know-how or to determine their scope, validity or enforceability, which is expensive and could cause a diversion of resources and may not prove to be successful. The loss of intellectual property protection or the inability to secure or enforce intellectual property protection could harm our business and ability to compete. 30 Table of Contents We may also be subject to costly litigation in the event our services and technology are alleged to infringe upon another party's proprietary rights. Third parties may have, or may eventually be issued, patents that could be infringed by our services or technology. Any of these third parties could make a claim of infringement against us with respect to our services or technology. We may also be subject to claims by third parties for breach of copyright, trademark or license usage rights. Any such claims and any resulting litigation could subject us to significant litigation costs and potential liability for damages. An adverse determination in any litigation of this type could limit our ability to use the intellectual property subject to these claims and require us to design around a third party's intellectual property, which may not be possible, or to license alternative technology from another party, which may be costly. In addition, such litigation is often time consuming and expensive to defend and could divert the time and attention of our management and employees from other strategic matters. Risks Related to Our Capital Structure Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect us and limit our business flexibility. We have a significant amount of indebtedness and may incur other debt in the future. Our level of debt and the covenants to which we agreed could have negative consequences for us, including, among other things, (1) requiring us to dedicate a large portion of our cash flow from operations to servicing and repayment of such debt; (2) limiting funds available for strategic initiatives and opportunities, working capital and other general corporate needs; and (3) limiting our ability to incur certain kinds or amounts of additional indebtedness, which could restrict our flexibility to react to changes in our business, our industry and economic conditions. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow from operations in the future to service our debt, we may be required, among other things, to seek additional financing in the debt or equity markets, refinance or restructure all or a portion of our existing indebtedness, sell selected assets or reduce or delay planned capital, operating or investment expenditures. Such measures may not be sufficient to enable us to service our debt, which could result in us defaulting on our obligations. We may not be able to raise additional funds to finance our future capital needs. We may need to raise additional funds to finance our future capital needs, including developing new services and technologies or to fund future acquisitions or operating needs. If we raise additional funds through the sale of equity securities, these transactions could dilute the value of our outstanding common stock. We may also decide to issue securities, including debt securities that have rights, preferences and privileges senior to our common stock. We may not be able to raise additional funds on terms favorable to us or at all. If financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we may be unable to fund our future needs. This may prevent us from increasing our market share, capitalizing on new business opportunities or remaining competitive in our industry. In addition, adverse economic conditions or any downgrades in our credit ratings could affect our ability to obtain additional financing in the future and could negatively affect the terms of any such financing. Our balance sheet includes significant amounts of goodwill and other intangible assets. The impairment of a portion of these assets could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. As a result of our acquisitions, a significant portion of our total assets are intangible assets (including goodwill). Goodwill and intangible assets, net of amortization, together accounted for approximately 75% of our total assets as of December 31, 2024. We expect to engage in additional acquisition or joint venture activity from time to time, which may result in our recognition of additional intangible assets, including goodwill. We evaluate on a regular basis whether all or a portion of our goodwill and other intangible assets may be impaired. Under current accounting rules, any determination that impairment has occurred would require us to record an impairment charge, which would negatively affect our earnings. An impairment of a portion of our goodwill or other intangible assets could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We may not be able to, or we may decide not to, pay dividends or repurchase shares at a level anticipated by our shareholders, which could reduce shareholder returns. The extent to which we pay dividends on our common stock and repurchase our common stock in the future is at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, among other factors, our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements and such other factors as our board of directors deems relevant. No assurance can be given that we will be able to or will choose to continue to pay dividends or repurchase shares in the foreseeable future. 31 Table of Contents Risks Related to General Economic Conditions We are subject to economic and geopolitical risk, health and social events or conditions, the business cycles and credit risk of our customers and the overall level of consumer, business and government spending, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. The global payments technology industry depends heavily on the overall level of consumer, business and government spending. We are exposed to general economic conditions, including but not limited to, recessions, inflation, rising interest rates, high unemployment, currency fluctuations, and rising energy prices, that adversely affect consumer confidence, discretionary income and changes in consumer purchasing and spending habits. Adverse economic conditions have at times affected, and may continue to adversely affect, our financial performance by reducing the number or average purchase amount of transactions made using digital payments. A reduction in the level of consumer spending could result in a decrease in our revenues and profits. If our customers make fewer sales to consumers using digital payments, or consumers using digital payments spend less per transaction, we will have fewer transactions to process or lower transaction amounts, each of which would contribute to lower revenues. Moreover, competitors may respond to market conditions by lowering prices and attempting to lure away our customers to lower-cost solutions. Additionally, credit card issuers may reduce credit limits and become more selective in their card issuance practices. When such conditions arise, we evaluate where we may be able to implement cost-saving measures, including those related to headcount and discretionary expenses. Adverse macroeconomic conditions in any of our markets could force merchants, financial institutions or other customers to cease operations or petition for bankruptcy protection, resulting in lower revenue and earnings for us and greater exposure to potential credit losses and future transaction declines. We also have a certain amount of fixed costs, including rent, debt service, and salaries, which could limit our ability to quickly adjust costs and respond to changes in our business and the economy. Changes in economic conditions could also adversely affect our future revenues and profits and have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In most of the markets in which we operate, we collect fees from our merchants on the first day after the monthly billing period, which results in the build-up of substantial receivables from our customers. If a merchant were to go out of business during the billing period, we may be unable to collect such fees, which could also adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. In addition, our business, growth, financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected by public health emergencies, political and economic instability or changes in a country's economic conditions, changes in laws or regulations or in the interpretation of existing laws or regulations, whether caused by a change in government or otherwise, increased difficulty of conducting business in a country or region due to actual or potential political or military conflict or action by the United States or foreign governments that may restrict our ability to transact business in a foreign country or with certain foreign individuals or entities. Risks associated with heightened geopolitical and economic instability, include among others, reduction in consumer, government or corporate spending, international sanctions, embargoes, tariffs, heightened inflation and actions taken by central banks to counter inflation, volatility in global financial markets, increased cyber disruptions or attacks, higher supply chain costs and increased tensions between countries in which we may operate, which could result in charges related to the recoverability of assets, including financial assets, long-lived assets and goodwill, and other losses, and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Investor and other stakeholder scrutiny related to our sustainability practices, and our disclosed performance and aspirations for these practices, may increase costs and expose us to numerous risks. Climate-related events, including extreme weather events and natural disasters and their effects on critical infrastructure in the U.S. or internationally, could have adverse effects on our operations, customers or third-party suppliers. Furthermore, our shareholders, customers and other stakeholders have begun to consider how corporations are addressing sustainability matters, which include environmental and corporate responsibility issues. Government regulators, investors, customers and the general public are increasingly focused on sustainability practices and disclosures, and views on this topic are diverse and rapidly changing. Furthermore, developing and acting on these initiatives, and collecting, measuring and reporting related information and metrics can be costly, difficult and time consuming, and are subject to evolving reporting standards and/or contractual obligations. The standards and laws by which sustainability efforts are tracked and measured are in many cases new, have not been harmonized, and continue to evolve. 32 Table of Contents We could also face potential negative publicity if shareholders, customers, partners, government entities or other stakeholders determine that we have not adequately considered or addressed sustainability and governance matters or to the extent we are perceived to have not responded appropriately to their concerns or take positions that are contrary to their views or expectations. We have been the recipient of proposals from shareholders to promote their corporate responsibility positions, and we may receive other such proposals in the future. Such proposals may not be in our long-term interests or the interests of our shareholders and may divert management's and our employees' attention away from operational or other strategic matters or create the impression that our practices are inadequate. General Risk Factors If we lose key personnel or are unable to attract and hire additional qualified personnel as we grow, our business could be adversely affected. All of our businesses function at the intersection of rapidly changing technological, social, economic and regulatory developments that require a wide ranging set of expertise and intellectual capital. To successfully compete and grow, we must recruit, develop, retain and motivate personnel who can provide the needed expertise across the entire spectrum of intellectual capital needs. In addition, we must develop our personnel to fulfill succession plans capable of maintaining continuity in the midst of the inevitable unpredictability of human capital. However, the market for qualified personnel is extremely competitive, and we may not succeed in recruiting additional personnel or may fail to effectively replace current personnel who depart with qualified or effective successors, including key personnel, such as executive officers. Failure to retain, develop or attract key personnel could disrupt our operations and future growth and success, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. The costs and effects of pending and future litigation, investigations or similar matters, or adverse facts and developments related thereto, could materially affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. We are, from time to time, involved in various litigation matters and governmental or regulatory investigations or similar matters arising out of our current or future business. Our existing insurance or indemnities may not cover all claims that may be asserted against us, and any claims asserted against us, regardless of merit or eventual outcome, may harm our reputation. Litigation could be costly, time-consuming and divert attention of our management and employees from daily operational needs. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that we will be successful in defending ourselves in pending or future litigation or similar matters under various laws. Should the ultimate judgments or settlements, costs or fines in any pending or future litigation or investigation significantly exceed our insurance coverage, such judgments could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. ITEM 1B - UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS None. ITEM 1C - CYBERSECURITY Processes for the Identification, Assessment, and Management of Material Risks from Cybersecurity Threats. Although Global Payments is unable to eliminate all risks associated with cybersecurity threats, and we cannot provide full assurance that our cybersecurity risk management processes will be fully complied with or effective, we have adopted policies and procedures that are designed to facilitate the identification, assessment, and management of those risks, including any such risks that have the potential to be material. We use multiple mechanisms to identify risks associated with cybersecurity threats, including, but not limited to, the following: Our information security program describes three levels of risk assessment exercises to be performed or obtained on a periodic basis by the Information Security function, ranging from enterprise-level to system-level risk assessments; Our Information Security function also includes a threat intelligence team that performs continual threat monitoring activities; 33 Table of Contents Our Operations and Technology Solutions functions include teams that provide risk review, architecture review, security advisory and application testing services in connection with the development of new solutions, applications and integrations with the potential to create new information technology or information security risks; Our Internal Audit function performs annual reviews designed to evaluate selected systems' compliance with our information security program and/or recognized external control frameworks; Independent consultants and

auditors evaluate selected systems and applications on an annual basis; and all team members are empowered to submit self-identified information security risks for analysis by our internal risk management professionals. Cybersecurity risks identified through any of the foregoing mechanisms and submitted to our governance, risk, and compliance platform are assessed by our internal risk management professionals, in collaboration with appropriate subject-matter experts ("SMEs"), pursuant to standards established by our Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") organization. Our internal risk management professionals work with the SMEs and other stakeholders to establish remediation plans for identified information security risks and to determine when risk acceptance might be a reasonable and appropriate solution. Issues relating to cybersecurity identified by Internal Audit are reported to the Technology Committee of our board of directors ("Technology Committee"). We manage risks associated with cybersecurity threats first and foremost through our information security program. We have implemented a comprehensive, layered security approach, across our computing environment, that is designed to facilitate the reduction of cybersecurity risk through the establishment of technical, physical and administrative controls oriented towards the maintenance of the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our information and technical assets. The structure of the information security program is informed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework, and the program includes controls designed to facilitate the compliance of our cardholder data environments with the PCI DSS. The information security program is under the responsibility of the Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO"), while governance and oversight is provided by the Technology Committee as set forth in the Technology Committee Charter. The CISO is responsible for assessing and managing risk from cybersecurity threats, as well as the strategy, execution and administration of the program, and reports directly to the Chief Information Officer ("CIO"), while also maintaining reporting lines to the Technology Committee, its chair and the full board of directors. Our CIO has over 25 years of experience specializing in cloud migrations, launching innovative software products and advanced analytics as well as building high-performance development organizations. Our CISO has over 25 years of leadership experience managing global information technology, information security and IT infrastructure and operations. We have also established a Management Risk Committee ("MRC"), composed primarily of executive management, which meets regularly and is responsible for identifying, assessing, prioritizing and monitoring action plans to mitigate key risks. Lastly, our ERM organization, under the supervision of the Chief Risk Officer, leads our efforts to consider and assess threats to us and the risks that result therefrom, including cybersecurity threats and related risks. With support from the Information Security, Legal and the Privacy Office teams, our ERM organization conducts periodic evaluations of our information security posture, manages regular meetings with the executive leadership team to discuss risk levels across the Company, and maintains and monitors risk tolerances and escalation criteria that drive executive and the board of director communications, as further described in our disclosures related to the board of directors oversight of material risks associated with cybersecurity threats. To encourage alignment on risk identification, assessment, and management objectives throughout all levels of the Company, we have implemented a security education and awareness program that is designed to reinforce key behaviors that facilitate risk reduction and inform team members about the material cybersecurity risks facing our organization. We also include periodic training on information security to the board of directors.

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Identification, Assessment, and Management of Third-Party Cybersecurity Risks

We have designed our risk identification, assessment and management processes and procedures to account for cybersecurity risks associated with our use of third-party service providers. In addition to performing periodic assessments of vendors that include evaluating those vendors for cybersecurity risks, we endeavor to reduce supply chain cybersecurity risks by: (1) seeking to impose contractual requirements on our counterparties related to the use and security of personal data and other confidential information, as well as compliance with applicable privacy and security laws, wherever required by law to do so; and (2) requiring new software integrations and connectivity with vendors to undergo an architectural review process that involves consultation with the information security function and other relevant stakeholders. Moreover, critical vendors receive periodic comprehensive risk assessments conducted by the vendor management office (a team within the ERM organization), in collaboration with Information Security and our Business Resiliency Governance ("BRG") team, that include a focus on the vendor's cybersecurity practices. Evaluation, Categorization, and Escalation of Cybersecurity Incidents

Our information security program includes an incident response plan, which establishes (1) a framework for classifying security incidents according to their severity level, taking into account the nature and scope of the incident; and (2) protocols for the escalation of incidents, including to the attention of the Technology Committee as appropriate. The incident response plan is approved annually by the board of directors. We maintain a Global Security Operations Center ("GSOC"), staffed 24/7, and a Global Critical Incident Management ("GCIM") team, and the roles and responsibilities of the GSOC and GCIM in the incident response context are established by the incident response plan, as well as in associated playbooks and other procedural documentation. On an annual basis, we retain an outside consultant to develop and administer a simulation of a cybersecurity incident designed to test our response capabilities and capacity for effective cross-functional coordination in the wake of an incident and to inform management and the Technology Committee of the results of the exercise. We maintain a business resiliency program, overseen by the BRG team, that is designed to facilitate our ability to respond, recover and resume services in the event of an incident that causes an operational disruption.

Discussion of Material Cybersecurity Risks and Incidents

We have not experienced any material cybersecurity incidents in the past calendar year and the expenses we have incurred from cybersecurity incidents during that period were immaterial. We have not identified risks from known cybersecurity threats, including as a result of any prior cybersecurity incidents, that have materially affected us, including our operations, business strategy, results of operations or financial condition. We face risks from cybersecurity threats that, if realized, are reasonably likely to materially affect us, including our operations, business strategy, results of operations or financial condition. For a full discussion of cybersecurity risks, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A. Board and Management Oversight of Risks Associated with Cybersecurity Threats

The Technology Committee provides the board of director-level oversight of our information technology and information security practices and cyber-risk profile and serves as a liaison between our board of directors and the CISO with respect to such matters. The Technology Committee reviews our key initiatives and practices relating to information technology, information security, cybersecurity, disaster recovery, business continuity, data privacy and data governance, and monitors compliance with regulatory requirements and industry standards. The Technology Committee helps to ensure that our strategic business goals are aligned with our technology strategy and infrastructure and that management has adequate support for our internal technology and information security needs. At every regular meeting of the Technology Committee, the CISO provides the Technology Committee with updates and changes to the state, strategy and risks related to the information security program as well as other security news and topics. Further, the Technology Committee and Audit Committee of the board of directors receive quarterly reports from the Chief Risk Officer regarding our risk exposure related to significant information technology and information security practices. The CISO and CIO meet regularly with the chair of the Technology Committee outside of committee meetings. In addition, the board of directors regularly receives information about these topics from the chair of the Technology Committee, the CIO, and management, and the board of directors is apprised directly of incidents as appropriate, pursuant to our incident response plan.

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ITEM 2 - PROPERTIES

We have properties located within the various global geographic markets in which we conduct business. Our properties include office space and data centers, most of which we lease. We believe that all of our properties are suitable and adequate for our business as presently conducted. See "Note 7 - Leases" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further discussion of our leases.

ITEM 3 - LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are party to a number of claims and lawsuits incidental to our business. In our opinion, the liabilities, if any, that may ultimately result from the outcome of such matters, individually or in the aggregate, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows.

ITEM 4 - MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II ITEM 5 - MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock trades on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "GPN." As of February 6, 2025, there were 11,109 shareholders of record. On January 30, 2025, our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.25 per share payable on March 28, 2025 to common shareholders of record as of March 14, 2025. We expect to continue paying quarterly cash dividends in the future. However, the payment and amount of future dividends remain within the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon various factors, including our operating results, financial condition and capital requirements.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The information regarding our compensation plans under which equity securities are authorized for issuance is set forth in "Item 12 - Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Stock Performance Graph

The following graph compares our cumulative total shareholder returns with the Standard & Poor's ("S&P") 500 Index and the S&P 500 Financials Index for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021 and 2020. The line graph assumes the investment of \$100 in our common stock, the S&P 500 Index and the S&P 500 Financials Index on December 31, 2019 and assumes reinvestment of all dividends.

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COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURNS\*

Among Global Payments Inc., the S&P 500 Index and the S&P 500 Financials Index\* \$100 invested on December 31, 2019 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal year ending December 31

Copyright © 2025 Standard & Poor's, a division of S&P Global. All rights reserved. Global Payments S&P 500 Index S&P 500 Financials Index

December 31, 2019 \$100.00 \$100.00 \$100.00

December 31, 2020 \$118.53A \$118.40A \$98.31A

December 31, 2021 \$74.78A \$152.39A \$132.75A

December 31, 2022 \$55.41A \$124.79A \$118.77A

December 31, 2023 \$71.49A \$157.59A \$133.20A

December 31, 2024 \$63.65A \$197.02A \$173.90A

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

There were no unregistered sales of equity securities during the year ended December 31, 2024.

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Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Information about the shares of our common stock that we repurchased during the quarter ended December 31, 2024 is set forth below:

Period

Total Number of Shares Purchased

(1) Average Price Paid per Share, excluding commission

Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs

Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs

(2) (in millions)

October 1-31, 2024A

849,314A

\$112.76A

4,846,037A

\$6.0A

November 1-30, 2024A

754A

111.73A

6.0A

December 1-31, 2024A

931,701A

113.79A

910,515A

6.0A

TotalA

5,756,552A

114.04A

1,850.0A

(1) Our board of directors has authorized us to repurchase shares of our common stock through any combination of Rule 10b5-1 open-market repurchase plans, accelerated share repurchase plans, discretionary open-market purchases or privately negotiated transactions. During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, pursuant to our employee incentive plans, we withheld 26,217 shares at an average price per share of \$115.05 in order to satisfy employees' tax withholding and payment obligations in connection with the vesting of awards of restricted stock. (2) On October 24, 2024, we announced that our board of directors approved an increase to our existing share repurchase program authorization, which raised the total available authorization to \$2.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, the approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under our share repurchase program was \$1,850.0 million. The authorization by our board of directors does not expire but could be revoked at any time. In addition, we are not required by the board's authorization or otherwise to complete any repurchases by any specific time or at all.

ITEM 6 - RESERVE

ITEM 7 - MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with "Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements about our plans and expectations of what may happen in the future. Forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions and estimates that are inherently subject to significant risks and uncertainties, and our actual results could differ materially from the results anticipated by our forward-looking statements as a result of many known and unknown factors, including, but not limited to, those discussed in "Item 1A - Risk Factors" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. See "Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" located above in "Item 1 - Business" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. Our consolidated financial statements include the results of our former Consumer Solutions segment for periods prior to disposition. See "Note 18 - Segment Information" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information about our segments. Discussion of our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2023 compared to the year ended December 31, 2022 that have been omitted under this item can be found in "Part II, Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, which was filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on February 14, 2024.

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Executive Overview

We are a leading payments technology company delivering innovative software and services to our customers globally. Our technologies, services and team member expertise allow us to provide a broad range of solutions that enable our customers to operate their businesses more efficiently across a variety of channels around the world. We have grown organically, as well as through acquisitions, and continue to invest in new technology solutions, infrastructure to support our growing business and the ongoing consolidation and enhancement of our operating platforms. These investments include new product development and innovation to further enhance and differentiate our suite of technology and solutions available to customers, along with migration of certain underlying technology platforms to cloud environments to enhance performance, improve speed to market and drive cost efficiencies. We also continue to execute on integration and business transformation activities, such as combining business operations, streamlining technology infrastructure, eliminating duplicative corporate and operational support structures and realizing scale efficiencies. We have furthered our business strategy through the following key transactions during 2024:

We completed the sale of AdvancedMD, Inc. ("AdvancedMD") in December 2024 for approximately \$1 billion, subject to certain closing adjustments, and up to \$125 million contingent upon the purchaser achieving certain specified returns. AdvancedMD is a provider of software-as-a-service solutions to small-to-medium sized ambulatory physician practices in the United States and was included in our Merchant Solutions segment prior to disposition. We recognized a gain on the sale of \$273.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2024. Our capital structure initiatives during 2024 included the issuance of \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through a private placement. In connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option were to be elected, for amounts in excess of the principal amount of converted notes up to a cap price. Highlights related to our results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2024 include the following:

Consolidated revenues for the year ended December 31, 2024 increased to \$10,105.9 million, compared to \$9,654.4 million for the prior year. The increase in consolidated revenues was primarily due to growth in transaction volume. The year-over-year favorable effect on revenues from the EVO business acquired in March 2023 was offset by the unfavorable effect on revenues from the dispositions of our gaming and consumer businesses in April 2023.

Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions segment operating income and operating margin for the year ended December 31, 2024 increased compared to the prior year primarily due to the favorable effect of increases in revenues, as certain fixed costs do not vary with revenues. Merchant Solutions operating income for the year ended December 31, 2024 also reflected an increase related to the acquired EVO business, as the year ended December 31, 2023 only included the acquisition for a portion of the period.

Consolidated operating income for the year ended December 31, 2024 included the favorable effects of the increase in revenues as compared to the prior year, as well as lower acquisition and integration expenses and share-based compensation expense. These favorable effects were offset by expenses related to business transformation activities, a technology asset charge and an increase in amortization of acquired intangibles, primarily related to the acquisition of EVO as discussed in further detail below. Consolidated operating income for the year ended December 31, 2024 included the gain on the sale of AdvancedMD described above. Consolidated operating income for the year ended December 31, 2023 included the effects of the gain on the sale of our gaming business and the loss on the sale of our consumer business.

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Strategy and Business Transformation

Early in 2024, we launched a holistic review of our business to examine our strategy, operations and ability to deliver sustainable performance. We have refreshed our strategy and are focusing our resources, efforts and investments on the areas of the business that will drive the best opportunities for growth. These strategic, organizational and operational transformation activities are expected to continue over the next few years. As we focus on executing and delivering transformation initiatives, we have incurred and anticipate incurring incremental expenses related to the transformation and potential additional asset impairment charges through early 2027. We are also undertaking a strategic review of our business portfolio to evaluate potential assets for disposition to further streamline our business and create value for shareholders. We currently expect our transformation initiatives to generate more than \$600 million of annual run-rate operating income benefit by the first half of 2027. Refer to "Item 1 - Business" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for further details regarding this business transformation initiative.

Continuing and Emerging Trends

The payments technology industry continues to evolve and grow worldwide and as a result, certain large payment technology companies, including us, have expanded operations globally by pursuing acquisitions and creating alliances and joint ventures. We expect to continue to expand into new markets and pursue additional acquisitions and joint ventures in existing markets to increase our scale and improve our competitiveness. The industry continues to grow globally as a result of wider merchant acceptance and increased use of credit and debit cards, advances in payment processing technology and migration to ecommerce, omnichannel and contactless payment

solutions. The proliferation of credit and debit cards, as well as other digital payment solutions, has made the acceptance of digital payments a virtual necessity for many businesses, regardless of size, in order to remain competitive. Furthermore, the expanding digitization of the economy and availability and access to financial services increases the demand for cards and digital payment solutions, which in turn drives growth in acceptance and transaction volumes. We believe the increased use of cards and the availability of more sophisticated technology services to all market segments will continue to result in an increasingly competitive and specialized industry. The use of digital payment solutions, the need for development of technologies and digital-based solutions and expansion of e-commerce, omnichannel and contactless payment solutions has accelerated. We believe that the number of digital payment transactions will continue to grow and that an increasing percentage of these will be facilitated through emerging technologies. As a result, we expect an increasing portion of our future capital investment will be allocated to support the development of new and emerging technologies, including technology modernization, innovation and integration through strategic partnerships. We also believe new markets will continue to develop and expand in areas that have been previously dominated by paper-based transactions.

We expect industries such as education, government and healthcare, as well as recurring payments and business-to-business ("B2B") payments, to continue to see transactions migrate to digital-based solutions. We anticipate that the continued development of new services and technologies, the emergence of new vertical markets and continued expansion of technology-enabled e-commerce and omnichannel solutions, including expanded scale and market reach through new innovative cloud-based capabilities and strategic partnerships, will be a factor in the growth of our business and our revenues in the future. Furthermore, due to its benefits and growth potential, we anticipate the increased exploration of use of AI in the payments industry. For a further discussion of trends, uncertainties and other factors that could affect our continuing operating results, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Macroeconomic Effects and Other Global Conditions** We are exposed to general economic conditions, including currency fluctuations, inflation, rising interest rates and other conditions that affect the overall level of consumer, business and government spending, which could negatively affect our financial performance. When adverse macroeconomic conditions arise, we evaluate where we may be able to implement cost-saving measures, including those related to headcount and discretionary expenses. We may also experience the effects of heightened geopolitical and economic instability or increased difficulty of conducting business in a country or region due to actual or potential political or military conflict or action.

**Certain of our operations are conducted in foreign currencies.** Consequently, a portion of our revenues and expenses has been and may continue to be affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. A strengthening of the U.S. dollar or other significant fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates could result in an adverse effect on our future financial results; however, we are unable to predict the extent of the potential effect on our financial results. We have sought to reduce our interest rate risk through the issuance of fixed rate debt in place of variable rate debt and through interest rate swap hedging arrangements that convert a significant portion of the eligible variable rate borrowings under our revolving credit facility to a fixed rate. However, inflationary pressure or interest rate fluctuations could adversely affect our business and financial performance as a result of higher costs and/or lower consumer spending. In addition, continued inflation or a rise in interest rates could have an adverse effect on our future financial results and the recoverability of assets. However, as the future magnitude, duration and effects of these conditions are difficult to predict, we are unable to project the extent of the potential effect on our financial results.

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**Table of Contents** We regularly maintain cash balances with financial institutions in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit or the equivalent outside the U.S. A disruption in financial markets could harm our banking partners, which could affect our ability to access our cash or cash equivalents, our ability to provide settlement services or our customers' ability to access their existing cash to fulfill their payment obligations to us. The occurrence of these events could negatively affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. For a further discussion of trends, uncertainties and other factors that could affect our future operating results, see the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Results of Operations** Key Drivers of our Results of Operations Our revenues for both of our segments are dependent upon the volume of payment transactions we process, cardholder accounts on file and other factors (referred to herein as "transaction volume"). As the majority of our services are priced as a percentage of transaction value or specified fee per unit or transaction, many under multi-year customer arrangements, our revenues generally grow period-over-period in line with the rate of increase in transaction volume. Our operating expenses consist primarily of amortization of intangible assets, the cost of the technology to provide services to our customers and our people costs to support the operations. Many of those costs do not vary directly with the level of payment transactions we process for our customers, generating operating leverage. As revenues increase, operating income and operating margin (operating income as a percentage of revenues) generally increase. We also grow our business through strategic acquisitions of similar businesses. Our revenues increase from the transaction volume from the customers of the acquired businesses. As we integrate the businesses, we also are able to improve operating income and operating margin by generating synergies to lower the cost base of those businesses.

**Table of Contents** Merchant Solutions. The majority of our Merchant Solutions segment revenues is generated by services priced as a percentage of transaction value or a specified fee per transaction, depending on card type or industry vertical. We also earn software subscription and licensing fees, as well as other fees for specific value-added services that may be unrelated to the number or value of transactions. Merchant Solutions segment revenues depend upon a number of factors, such as demand for and price of our services, the technological competitiveness of our offerings, our reputation for providing timely and reliable service, competition within our industry and general economic conditions. We provide payment technology and software solutions to customers and fund settlement either directly, in markets where we have direct membership with the payment networks, or through our relationship with a member financial institution in markets where we are sponsored. Revenues are generally recognized as billed to the customer, net of interchange fees and payment network fees. We market our services through a variety of distribution channels, including a direct sales force, trade associations, agent and enterprise software providers and referral arrangements with value-added resellers ("VARs"). We also provide services to merchants referred by ISOs, payment facilitators and financial institutions. In certain of these arrangements, the external partner receives a share of the customer profitability in the form of a monthly residual payment, which is reflected as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

**Table of Contents** Issuer Solutions. Issuer Solutions segment revenues are primarily derived from long-term processing contracts with financial institutions and other financial services providers. Payment processing services revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements generated and/or mailed, managed services, cards embossed and mailed and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Most of these customer contracts have prescribed annual minimums, penalties for early termination and service level agreements that may affect contractual fees if specific service levels are not achieved. Issuer Solutions revenues also include loyalty redemption services, professional services, and fees from B2B payments services and other financial service solutions marketed to businesses, including software-as-a-service ("SaaS") offerings that automate key procurement processes, provide invoice capture, coding and approval, and enable virtual cards and integrated payments options across a variety of key vertical markets.

**Table of Contents** Consumer Solutions. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. For the periods prior to disposition, our Consumer Solutions arrangements included a stand-ready performance obligation to provide account access and facilitate purchase transactions. Revenues principally consisted of fees collected from cardholders and fees generated by cardholder activity in connection with the programs that we managed. Customers were typically charged a fee for each purchase transaction made using their cards, unless the customer was on a monthly or annual service plan, in which case the customer was instead charged a monthly or annual subscription fee, as applicable. Customers were also charged a monthly maintenance fee after a specified period of inactivity. We also charged fees associated with additional services offered in connection with our accounts, including the use of overdraft features, a variety of bill payment options, card replacement, foreign exchange and card-to-card transfers of funds initiated through our call centers. Revenues were recognized net of fees charged by the payment networks for services they provided in processing transactions routed through them.

**Table of Contents** Cost of Service. Cost of service consists primarily of salaries, wages and related expenses paid to operations and technology-related personnel, including those who monitor our transaction processing systems and settlement functions; the cost of transaction processing systems, including third-party services; the cost of network telecommunications capability; depreciation and occupancy costs associated with the facilities supporting these functions; amortization of intangible assets; costs to fulfill customer contracts; provisions for operating losses; and, when applicable, integration costs. In our Issuer Solutions segment, cost of service also includes out-of-pocket reimbursable costs, such as postage and other production items. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, wages, commissions and related expenses paid to sales personnel, customer support functions other than those supporting revenues, administrative employees and management; share-based compensation; costs to obtain customer contracts; residuals paid to ISOs; fees paid to VARs, independent contractors and other third parties; other selling expenses; depreciation and occupancy costs of leased space directly related to these functions; advertising costs; and, when applicable, acquisition and integration costs and business transformation costs.

**Table of Contents** Operating Income and Operating Margin For the purpose of discussing segment operations, we refer to "operating income," which is calculated by subtracting segment direct expenses, including both cost of service and selling, general and administrative expenses, from segment revenues. Overhead and shared expenses, including share-based compensation, are not allocated to segment operations; they are reported in the caption "Corporate." Impairment of goodwill and gains or losses on business dispositions are also not included in determining segment operating income. In addition, in discussing segment operations we refer to "operating margin," which is calculated by dividing segment operating income by segment revenues.

**Table of Contents** Equity in Income of Equity Method Investments We have equity method investments, including a 45% interest in China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd., which we account for using the equity method of accounting. Equity in income of equity method investments reflects our proportional share of earnings from these investments.

**Table of Contents** Year Ended December 31, 2024 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2023 The following table sets forth key selected financial data for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, this data as a percentage of total revenues, and the changes between periods in dollars and as a percentage of the prior-period amount. The income statement data for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is derived from the accompanying consolidated financial statements included in "Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Year Ended	2024	2023	% of Total Revenue	% Change
Revenues	\$7,688,703.7	\$7,151,793.7	100.0%	7.5%
Change	\$536.9	\$0.0	7.5%	7.5%
Cost of Service	\$2,466.6	\$2,466.6	32.1%	0.0%
Operating Income	\$5,217.1	\$4,685.1	69.1%	11.3%
Operating Margin	67.9%	65.6%		3.5%

(1) Percentage margin (2) Merchant Solutions 34.0% (3) Issuer Solutions 17.8% (4) Consumer Solutions 17.1% (5) Selling, general and administrative expenses 1.2% (6) Corporate 1.2% (7) Not meaningful (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100) (101) (102) (103) (104) (105) (106) (107) (108) (109) (110) (111) (112) (113) (114) (115) (116) (117) (118) (119) (120) (121) (122) (123) (124) (125) (126) (127) (128) (129) (130) (131) (132) (133) (134) (135) (136) (137) (138) (139) (140) (141) (142) (143) (144) (145) (146) (147) (148) (149) (150) (151) (152) (153) (154) (155) (156) 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related expenses of \$23.1 million. Issuer Solutions Segment. Selling, general and administrative expenses from our Issuer Solutions segment for the year ended December 31, 2024 decreased by \$4.8 million, or 1.9%, to \$246.2 million from \$251.0 million in the prior year. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of segment revenues was 9.9% for the year ended December 31, 2024, compared to 10.5% in the prior year, primarily due to fixed costs that do not vary with revenues. Consumer Solutions Segment. The year ended December 31, 2023 included selling, general and administrative expenses of \$66.2 million related to the consumer business disposed of in April 2023. The disposition had the effect of increasing consolidated selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues by 0.1% for the year ended December 31, 2023. Corporate. Corporate expenses for the year ended December 31, 2024 increased by \$96.9 million, or 10.8%, to \$994.9 million from \$898.0 million in the prior year. The higher amount of corporate expenses was primarily driven by charges incurred in the year ended December 31, 2024, including \$99.1 million associated with our business transformation initiative, \$80.1 million related to employee termination benefits, which excludes share-based compensation expense, and \$55.8 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy. These increases were partially offset by lower acquisition and integration expenses of \$130.3 million, as we completed the acquisition of EVO in March 2023, and lower share-based compensation expense of \$44.8 million. The lower share-based compensation expense is primarily due to higher expense in the year ended December 31, 2023 related to the retirement of eligible executives and departure of our previous CEO. Operating Income and Operating Margin Consolidated operating income for the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$2,333.6 million, compared to \$1,716.4 million for the prior year. Consolidated operating margin for the year ended December 31, 2024 was 23.1% compared to 17.8% for the prior year. Consolidated operating income and operating margin for the year ended December 31, 2024 included the effects of a \$273.1 million gain on the sale of AdvancedMD, compared to a \$243.6 million net loss on the sale of our consumer business and a \$106.9 million gain on the sale of our gaming business in the prior year. The combination of these items increased operating income by \$409.9 million and had a favorable effect on operating margin of approximately 4.1% for the year ended December 31, 2024. Consolidated operating income reflected higher corporate costs, as described above, which had an unfavorable effect on operating margin of approximately 2.5% for the year ended December 31, 2024. Merchant Solutions segment operating income increased \$267.7 million and operating margin increased 1.2% primarily due to the favorable effect of the increase in revenues, since certain fixed costs do not vary with revenues. In addition, the inclusion of EVO had an unfavorable effect on the Merchant Solutions operating margin of 0.3% for the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to the prior year; and Issuer Solutions segment operating income increased \$32.6 million and operating margin increased 0.7% primarily due to the favorable effect of the increase in revenues, since certain fixed costs do not vary with revenues. Other Income and Expense, Net Interest and other income for the year ended December 31, 2024 increased \$55.5 million to \$169.2 million, compared to \$113.7 million for the prior year primarily due to an increase of \$31.6 million in interest income on the seller financing notes that were issued in connection with the sales of our consumer and gaming businesses in April 2023 and a gain of \$18.8 million recognized during the year ended December 31, 2024 in connection with the release and conversion of a portion of our Visa convertible preferred shares. See "Note 6 Other Assets" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for a further discussion of our Visa preferred shares. Interest and other expense for the year ended December 31, 2024 decreased \$26.2 million to \$634.0 million, compared to \$660.2 million for the prior year primarily due to lower average interest rates on outstanding borrowings. Interest and other expense for the year ended December 31, 2023 also included a noncash charge of \$15.2 million for the estimated future credit losses on the new seller financing notes receivable. Income Tax Expense Our effective income tax rates for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were 15.8% and 17.9%, respectively. The effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2024 was lower because the effective tax rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 reflects recognition of a gain on the dispositions of our consumer and gaming businesses for income tax reporting purposes, while an aggregate net loss on the dispositions was recognized for financial reporting purposes. On August 16, 2022, the U.S. government enacted the Inflation Reduction Act into law, which, among other things, implemented a 15% corporate alternative minimum tax based on global adjusted financial statement income and a 1% excise tax on share repurchases effective beginning January 1, 2023. The corporate alternative minimum tax did not have a material effect on our reported results, cash flows or financial position. During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we reflected excise taxes of \$15.6 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, within equity as part of the cost of common stock repurchased, net of share issuances, during the period. During the year ended December 31, 2024, additional jurisdictions globally enacted local legislation formally adopting the Global Anti-Base Erosion Model Rules ("Pillar Two"), which generally provides for a minimum effective tax rate of 15%, as established by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") Pillar Two Framework. The effective dates are generally January 1, 2024, and January 1, 2025, for different aspects of the rules and vary by jurisdiction. Additional jurisdictions are expected to implement the model rules under local law in the future, with varying effective dates. The Pillar Two directive did not have a material effect on our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, and we are continuing to evaluate the potential effect on future periods of the Pillar Two implementation, pending legislative adoption by additional individual countries and the ongoing issuance of additional administrative guidance by the OECD. Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests increased \$31.2 million to \$73.8 million, compared to \$42.6 million for the prior year primarily due to redemption price adjustments related to our subsidiary in Greece, which is discussed in further detail in "Note 16 Noncontrolling Interests" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Net Income Attributable to Global Payments Net income attributable to Global Payments was \$1,570.4 million compared to \$986.2 million for the prior year, reflecting the changes noted above. 46 Table of Contents Diluted Earnings per Share Diluted earnings per share was \$6.16 compared to \$3.77 for the prior year. Diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2024 reflects the changes in net income noted above and a decrease in diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the year ended December 31, 2024 compared to the prior year primarily due to the cumulative effect of share repurchases. Liquidity and Capital Resources We have numerous sources of capital, including cash on hand and cash flows generated from operations as well as various sources of financing. In the ordinary course of our business, a significant portion of our liquidity comes from operating cash flows and borrowings, including the capacity under our revolving credit facility. Our capital allocation priorities are to pay dividends, to repurchase shares of our common stock, to pursue acquisitions that meet our corporate objectives, to make planned capital investments in our business and to pay principal and interest on our outstanding debt. Our significant contractual cash requirements also include ongoing payments for lease liabilities and contractual obligations related to service arrangements with suppliers for fixed or minimum amounts, which primarily relate to software, technology infrastructure and related services. Commitments under our borrowing arrangements are further described in "Note 9 Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements and below under "Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit." For additional information regarding our other cash commitments and contractual obligations, see "Note 7 Leases" and "Note 19 Commitments and Contingencies" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Our capital plan objectives are to support our operational needs and strategic plan for long-term growth while optimizing our cost of capital and financial position. To supplement cash from operating activities, we use a combination of bank financing, such as borrowings under our credit facilities, commercial paper program and senior note issuances for general corporate purposes and to fund acquisitions. Our commercial paper program provides a cost effective means of addressing our short-term liquidity needs and is backstopped by our revolving credit agreement, in that the amount of commercial paper notes outstanding cannot exceed the undrawn portion of our revolving credit facility. Finally, specialized lines of credit are also used in certain of our markets to fund merchant settlement prior to receipt of funds from the card networks. We regularly evaluate our liquidity and capital position relative to cash requirements, and we may elect to raise additional funds in the future through the issuance of debt or equity or by other means. Accumulated cash balances are invested in high-quality, marketable short-term instruments. We believe that our current and projected sources of liquidity will be sufficient to meet our projected liquidity requirements associated with our operations for the near and long term. At December 31, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents totaling \$2,538.4 million. Of this amount, we considered \$1,067.5 million to be available for general purposes, of which \$60.5 million is undistributed foreign earnings considered to be indefinitely reinvested outside the United States. The available cash of \$1,067.5 million does not include the following: (i) settlement-related cash balances, (ii) funds held as collateral for merchant losses ("Merchant Reserves") and (iii) certain funds held for customers. Settlement-related cash balances represent funds that we hold when the incoming amount from the card networks precedes the funding obligation to the merchant. Settlement-related cash balances are not restricted in their use; however, these funds are generally paid out in satisfaction of settlement processing obligations the following day. Merchant Reserves serve as collateral to minimize contingent liabilities associated with any losses that may occur under the merchant's agreement. While this cash is not restricted in its use, we believe that designating this cash as a Merchant Reserve strengthens our fiduciary standing with our member sponsors. Funds held for customers, which are not restricted in their use, include amounts collected before the corresponding obligation is due to be settled to or at the direction of our customers. We also had restricted cash of \$197.6 million as of December 31, 2024, representing amounts under legal restriction, amounts deposited by customers for prepaid card transactions and funds held as a liquidity reserve. These balances are subject to local regulatory restrictions requiring appropriate segregation and restriction in their use. Operating activities provided net cash of \$3,532.7 million and \$2,248.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which reflect net income adjusted for noncash items, including depreciation, amortization, the provision for credit losses and the net gain or loss on business dispositions, and changes in operating assets and liabilities. The increase in cash flows from operating activities from the prior year was due to general improvement in the results of the business and assets and liabilities that are affected primarily by timing of month-end and transaction volume, including changes in settlement processing assets and obligations. 47 Table of Contents We used net cash in investing activities of \$173.9 million and \$4,361.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Cash used for investing activities primarily represents cash used to fund acquisitions and capital expenditures. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we used cash of \$487.1 million and \$4,225.6 million, respectively, for acquisitions. We made capital expenditures of \$674.9 million and \$658.1 million during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. These investments include software and hardware to support the development of new technologies, infrastructure to support our growing business and the consolidation and enhancement of our operating platforms. These investments also include new product development and innovation to further enhance and differentiate our suite of technology and cloud-based solutions available to customers. We expect to continue to make capital investments in the business, and we anticipate capital expenditures to be approximately \$800 million during the year ending December 31, 2025. Additionally, investing cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2024 includes net cash received of \$981.4 million from the sale of AdvancedMD and our investments in Visa common shares. Investing cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023 includes the net effect on cash from the sale of our consumer and gaming businesses, and cash received from the sale of our investments in Visa common shares of \$42.1 million. Financing activities include borrowings and repayments made under our various debt arrangements, as well as borrowings and repayments made under specialized lines of credit to fund daily settlement activities. Our borrowing arrangements are further described in "Note 9 Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements and below under "Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit." Financing activities also include cash flows associated with common stock repurchase programs and share-based compensation programs, cash distributions made to our shareholders and cash contributions from and distributions to noncontrolling interests. We used net cash in financing activities of \$2,766.9 million during the year ended December 31, 2024, and financing activities provided net cash of \$2,141.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2023. Proceeds from long-term debt were \$9,635.0 million and \$10,336.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Repayments of long-term debt were \$8,334.8 million and \$9,099.9 million for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Proceeds from and repayments of long-term debt consist of borrowings and repayments that we make with available cash, from time to time, under our revolving credit facility, as well as scheduled principal repayments we make on our senior notes, finance leases and other vendor financing arrangements. During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had net repayments of \$1,371.6 million and net borrowings of \$1,371.6 million, respectively, under our commercial paper program. Furthermore, in connection with the issuance of convertible notes in February 2024, we paid \$256.3 million to purchase privately negotiated capped call transactions to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option were to be elected. See section "Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" below for further discussion of our recent debt transactions. Activity under our settlement lines of credit is affected primarily by timing of month-end and transaction volume. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had net repayments of \$442.7 million and net borrowings of \$220.7 million, respectively, under our settlement lines of credit. We repurchase our common stock mainly through open market repurchase plans and, at times, through accelerated share repurchase ("ASR") programs. During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we used \$1,552.0 million and \$418.3 million, respectively, to repurchase and retire 12.7 million and 4.1 million shares of our common stock, respectively. The share repurchase activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 included the repurchase of 1,414,759 shares using a portion of the net proceeds from our offering of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through privately negotiated transactions with purchasers of notes in the offering, or one of their respective affiliates. The purchase price per share of the common stock repurchased in such transactions equaled the closing price of the common stock on February 20, 2024, which was \$130.80 per share. The share repurchase activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 also included the repurchase of 5,320,781 shares at an average price of \$112.77 per share under an ASR agreement we entered into on October 30, 2024 with a financial institution to repurchase an aggregate of \$600.0 million of our common stock during the ASR program purchase period. This ASR program was completed on December 20, 2024. On October 24, 2024, our board of directors approved an increase to our existing share repurchase program authorization, which raised the total available authorization to \$2.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining amount available under our share repurchase program was \$1,850.0 million. We paid dividends to our common shareholders in the amounts of \$252.8 million and \$260.4 million during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. We made distributions to noncontrolling interests in the amount of \$38.1 million and \$33.0 million during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. 48 Table of Contents On January 30, 2025, our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.25 per share payable on March 28, 2025 to common shareholders of record as of March 14, 2025. Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit Senior Notes We have \$11.1 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes outstanding as of December 31, 2024, which mature at various dates ranging from February 2025 to August 2052. Interest on the senior notes is payable annually or semi-annually at various dates. Each series of the senior notes is redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the related indenture. On March 17, 2023, we issued a \$800 million aggregate principal amount of 4.875% senior unsecured notes due March 2031 and received net proceeds of \$790.6 million, or \$843.6 million based on the exchange rate on the issuance date. We issued the senior notes at a discount of \$2.8 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$7.2 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing February 15, 2023. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The net proceeds from the offering were used for general corporate purposes. On August 22, 2022, we issued \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.950% senior notes due August 2027; (ii) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.300% senior notes due August 2029; (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.400% senior notes due August 2032; and (iv) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.950% senior notes due August 2052. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$5.2 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$24.8 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing February 15, 2023. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The net proceeds from the offering were used to refinance the outstanding indebtedness under our credit facility, to make cash payments and pay transaction fees and expenses in connection with the acquisition of EVO and for general corporate purposes. On November 22, 2021, we issued \$2.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.500% senior notes due November 2024; (ii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.150% senior notes due January 2027; and (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.900% senior notes due November 2031. We incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$14.4 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 for the 2024 and 2031 notes and January

15 and July 15 on the 2027 note, commencing May 15, 2022 for the 2024 note and the 2031 note and July 15, 2022 for the 2027 note. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We used the net proceeds from the offering to repay the outstanding indebtedness under our prior credit facility and for general corporate purposes. In November 2024, we repaid our \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.500% senior notes upon maturity. We have \$1.1A billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.200% senior unsecured notes due March 2026. We incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$8.6A million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing September 1, 2021. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We used the net proceeds from this offering to fund the redemption in full of the 3.800% senior unsecured notes due April 2021, to repay a portion of the outstanding indebtedness under our prior credit facility and for general corporate purposes.49Table of ContentsWe have \$1.0A billion in aggregate principal amount of 2.900% senior unsecured notes due May 2030. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing November 15, 2020. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$3.3A million and capitalized related debt issuance costs of \$8.4A million. We have \$3.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 2.650% senior notes due 2025; (ii) \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 3.200% senior notes due 2029; and (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.150% senior notes due 2049. Interest on the senior notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each February 15 and August 15, beginning on February 15, 2020. Each series of the senior notes is redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the related indenture. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$6.1 million and capitalized related debt issuance costs of \$29.6 million. In addition, in connection with our merger with Total System Services, Inc. ("TSYS") in September 2019 (the "TSYS Merger"), we assumed \$3.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes of TSYS, consisting of the following: (i) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.800% senior notes due 2021, which were redeemed in February 2021; (ii) \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.750% senior notes due 2023, which were redeemed in June 2023; (iii) \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.000% senior notes due 2023, which were redeemed in June 2023; (iv) \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 4.800% senior notes due 2026; and (v) \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.450% senior notes due 2028. For the 4.800% senior notes due 2026, interest is payable semi-annually each April 1 and October 1. For the 4.450% senior notes due 2028, interest is payable semi-annually each June 1 and December 1. The difference between the acquisition-date fair value and face value of senior notes assumed in the TSYS Merger is recognized over the terms of the respective notes as a reduction of interest expense. The amortization of this fair value adjustment was \$15.7 million for each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.Convertible Notes1.500% Convertible Notes due March 1, 2031On February 23, 2024, we issued \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through a private placement. The net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$1.97 billion reflecting debt issuance costs of \$33.5 million, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the convertible notes in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024. Interest on the convertible notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on September 1, 2024, to the holders of record on the preceding February 15 and August 15, respectively. Prior to December 1, 2030, the notes are convertible at the option of the holders only under certain conditions, including: (i) if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days within the last 30 consecutive trading days of the immediately preceding calendar quarter; (ii) for a five business day period following a ten-day consecutive trading period where the trading price of the notes is less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate; (iii) if we call any or all of the notes for redemption; or (iv) upon the occurrence of certain corporate events. On or after December 1, 2030, the notes are convertible at the option of the holders at any time until the second scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock based on a conversion rate of 6.371 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes (which is equal to a conversion price of approximately \$156.96 per share), subject to customary adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Upon conversion, the principal amount of, and interest due on, the convertible notes are required to be settled in cash and any other amounts may be settled in shares, cash or a combination of shares and cash at our election. We may not redeem the notes prior to March 6, 2028. On or after March 6, 2028, we have the option to redeem all or any portion of the notes for cash if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days within the last 30 consecutive trading day period at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest. If certain corporate events that constitute a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, any holder of the notes may require that we repurchase all or a portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, then the conversion rate will in certain circumstances be increased. The notes include customary covenants for notes of this type, as well as customary events of default, which may result in the acceleration of the maturity of the convertible notes.50Table of ContentsIn connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain of the initial purchasers of the notes and other financial institutions to cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of common stock initially underlying the notes. The economic effect of the capped call transactions is to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon the conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option is elected, for amounts in excess of the principal amount of converted notes subject to a cap. The initial cap price of the capped call transactions is \$228.90 per share. The capped call transactions meet the accounting criteria to be reflected in stockholders' equity and not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$256.3 million incurred in connection with the capped call transactions was reflected as a reduction to paid-in-capital in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024, net of applicable income taxes.1.000% Convertible Notes due August 15, 2029We also have \$1.5 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.000% convertible notes due August 2029, which were issued during 2022 in a private placement pursuant to an investment agreement with Silver Lake Partners. The net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$1.44 billion, reflecting an issuance discount of \$37.5 million and \$20.4 million of debt issuance costs, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the convertible notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning on February 15, 2023, to the holders of record on the preceding February 1 and August 1, respectively. The notes are convertible at the option of the holder at any time after the date that is 18 months after issuance (or earlier, upon the occurrence of certain corporate events) until the scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date and are presented within long-term debt in our consolidated balance sheet based on our intent and ability to refinance on a long-term basis should a conversion event occur. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock based on a conversion rate of 7.1727 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes (which is equal to a conversion price of approximately \$139.42 per share), subject to customary anti-dilution and other adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Upon conversion, the principal amount of, and interest due on, the convertible notes are required to be settled in cash and any other amounts may be settled in shares, cash or a combination of shares and cash at our election. The notes are not redeemable by us. If certain corporate events that constitute a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, any holder of the notes may require that we repurchase all or any portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price of par plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, then the conversion rate will in certain circumstances be increased for a specified period of time. The notes include customary covenants for notes of this type, as well as customary events of default, which may result in the acceleration of the maturity of the convertible notes. In connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain financial institutions to cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of common stock initially underlying the notes. The economic effect of the capped call transactions is to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option is elected, up to a cap price determined based on a hedging period that commenced on August 9, 2022 and concluded on August 25, 2022. The capped call had an initial strike price of \$140.67 per share and a cap price of \$229.26 per share. The capped call transactions meet the accounting criteria to be reflected in stockholders' equity and not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$302.4 million incurred in connection with the capped call transactions was reflected as a reduction to paid-in-capital in our consolidated statement of changes in equity during the year ended December 31, 2022, net of applicable income taxes.Revolving Credit FacilityOn August 19, 2022, we entered into a credit agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders and other agents. The credit agreement provides for an unsubordinated unsecured \$5.75 billion revolving credit facility. We capitalized debt issuance costs of \$12.3 million in connection with the issuances under the revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility matures in August 2027. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility may be repaid prior to maturity without premium or penalty, subject to payment of certain customary expenses of lenders and customary notice provisions.51Table of ContentsBorrowings under the revolving credit facility are available to be made in US dollars, euros, sterling, Canadian dollars and, subject to certain conditions, certain other currencies at our option. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility will bear interest, at our option, at a rate equal to (i) for Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") based currencies or certain alternative currencies, a secured overnight financing rate (subject to a 0.00% floor) plus a 0.10% credit spread adjustment or an alternative currency term rate (subject to a 0.00% floor), as applicable, (ii) for US dollar borrowings, a base rate, (iii) for US dollar borrowings, a daily floating secured overnight financing rate (subject to a 0.00% floor on or after January 1, 2023) plus a 0.10% credit spread adjustment or (iv) for certain alternative currencies, a daily alternative currency rate (subject to a 0.00% floor), in each case, plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for borrowings under the revolving credit facility will range from 1.125% to 1.875% depending on our credit rating. In addition, we are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee with respect to the unused portion of the revolving credit facility at an applicable rate per annum ranging from 0.125% to 0.300% depending on our credit rating. We may issue standby letters of credit of up to \$250.0 million in the aggregate under the revolving credit facility. Outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility reduce the amount of borrowings available to us. The amounts available to borrow under the revolving credit facility are also determined by a financial leverage covenant. As of December 31, 2024, there were borrowings of \$1,500.0 million outstanding under the revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 5.86%, and the total available commitments under the revolving credit facility were \$3.7 billion. Commercial PaperWe have a \$2.0 billion commercial paper program under which we may issue senior unsecured commercial paper notes with maturities of up to 397 days from the date of issue. The program is backstopped by our revolving credit agreement, in that the amount of commercial paper notes outstanding cannot exceed the undrawn portion of our revolving credit facility. As such, we could draw on the revolving credit facility to repay commercial paper notes that cannot be rolled over or refinanced with similar debt. Commercial paper notes are expected to be issued at a discount from par, or they may bear interest, each at commercial paper market rates dictated by market conditions at the time of their issuance. The proceeds from issuances of commercial paper notes will be used primarily for general corporate purposes but may also be used for acquisitions, to pay dividends, for debt refinancing or for other purposes. As of December 31, 2024, we had no borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program. Compliance with CovenantsThe convertible notes include customary covenants and events of default for convertible notes of this type. The revolving credit agreement contains customary affirmative covenants and restrictive covenants, including, among others, financial covenants based on net leverage and interest coverage ratios, and customary events of default. The required leverage ratio was increased as a result of the acquisition of EVO, and will gradually step-down over eight quarters to the original required ratio of 3.75 to 1.00. As of December 31, 2024, the required leverage ratio was 4.00 to 1.00, and the required interest coverage ratio was 3.00 to 1.00. We were in compliance with all applicable covenants as of December 31, 2024. Settlement Lines of CreditIn various markets where we do business, we have specialized lines of credit that are restricted for use in funding settlement. The settlement lines of credit generally have variable interest rates, are subject to annual review and are denominated in local currency but may, in some cases, facilitate borrowings in multiple currencies. For certain of our lines of credit, the available credit is increased by the amount of cash we have on deposit in specific accounts with the lender. Accordingly, the amount of the outstanding lines of credit may exceed the stated credit limit. As of December 31, 2024, a total of \$71.2 million of cash on deposit was used to determine the available credit. As of December 31, 2024, we had \$503.4 million outstanding under these lines of credit with additional capacity to fund settlement of \$2,280.3 million. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the maximum and average outstanding balances under these lines of credit were \$1,283.4 million and \$502.7 million, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on these borrowings was 5.24% at December 31, 2024.52Table of ContentsSee "Note 9A - Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further information about our borrowing agreements.BIN/ICA AgreementsIn certain markets, we enter into sponsorship or depository and processing agreements with banks. These agreements allow us to use the banks' identification numbers, referred to as Bank Identification Number ("BIN") for Visa transactions and Interbank Card Association ("ICA") number for Mastercard transactions, to clear credit card transactions through Visa and Mastercard. Certain of such agreements contain financial covenants, and we were in compliance with all such covenants as of December 31, 2024.Future ObligationsWe have contractual obligations related to service arrangements with suppliers for fixed or minimum amounts. Future minimum payments for purchase obligations at December 31, 2024 are disclosed in "Note 19A - Commitments and Contingencies" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Critical Accounting EstimatesOur consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which often require the judgment of management in the selection and application of certain accounting principles and methods. We consider the following accounting policies and estimates to be critical to understanding our consolidated financial statements because the application of these policies requires significant judgment on the part of management, and as a result, actual future developments may be different from those expected at the time that we make these important judgments. We have discussed these critical accounting policies and estimates with the audit committee of the board of directors. Accounting estimates necessarily require subjective determinations about future events and conditions. Therefore, the following descriptions of our critical accounting estimates are forward-looking statements, and actual results could differ materially from the results anticipated by these forward-looking statements. You should read the following in conjunction with "Note 1A - Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to the accompanying consolidated financial statements and the risk factors contained in "Item 1A - Risk Factors" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.Business CombinationsFrom time to time, we make strategic acquisitions that may have a material effect on our consolidated results of operations and financial position. The measurement principle for the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in a business combination is at estimated fair value as of the acquisition date, with certain exceptions. The excess of the total consideration transferred over the amount of the net identifiable assets acquired determined in accordance with the measurement guidance for such items is recognized as goodwill. The estimates we use to determine the fair value of long-lived assets, such as intangible assets, can be complex and require significant judgments. We use information available to us to make fair value determinations, and we engage independent valuation specialists, when necessary, to assist in the fair value determination of significant acquired long-lived assets. The estimated fair values of customer-related and contract-based intangible assets are generally determined using the income approach, which is based on projected cash flows discounted to their present value using discount rates that consider the timing and risk of the forecasted cash flows. The discount rates used represent a risk adjusted market participant weighted-average cost of capital, derived using customary market metrics. These measures of fair value also require considerable judgments about future events, including forecasted revenue growth rates, forecasted customer attrition rates, contract renewal estimates and technology changes. Acquired technologies are generally valued using the replacement cost method, which requires us to estimate the costs to construct an asset of equivalent utility at prices available at the time of the valuation analysis, with adjustments in value for physical deterioration and functional and economic obsolescence. Trademarks and trade names are generally valued using the "relief-from-royalty" approach. This method assumes that trademarks and trade names have value to the extent that their owner is relieved of the obligation to pay royalties for the benefits received from them. This method requires us to estimate the future revenues for the related asset, the appropriate royalty rate and the weighted-average cost of capital. This measure of fair value requires considerable judgment about the value a market participant would be willing to pay in order to achieve the benefits associated with the trademark or trade name.53Table of ContentsWhile we use our best estimates and assumptions to determine the fair values of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, our estimates are inherently uncertain and subject to refinement. As a result, during the measurement period, which may be up to one year from the acquisition date, we make

adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recognized in our consolidated statements of income. We are also required to estimate the useful lives of intangible assets to determine the period over which to recognize the amount of acquisition-related intangible assets as an expense. We periodically review the estimated useful lives assigned to our intangible assets to determine whether such estimated useful lives continue to be appropriate. Goodwill, intangibles and other long-lived assets are also regularly evaluated for impairment, which requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions as further described below. A change in estimated fair value could result in an impairment charge, which could be material to our consolidated financial statements. Goodwill We test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level annually (in the fourth quarter) and more often if an event occurs or circumstances change that indicate the fair value of a reporting unit is below its carrying amount. We have the option of performing a qualitative assessment of impairment to determine whether any further quantitative assessment for impairment is necessary. The election of whether or not to perform a qualitative assessment is made annually and may vary by reporting unit. Factors we consider in the qualitative assessment include general macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, cost factors, overall financial performance of our reporting units, events or changes affecting the composition or carrying amount of the net assets of our reporting units, our share price, and other relevant entity-specific events. If we elect to bypass the qualitative assessment or if we determine, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, a quantitative test would be required. When applying the quantitative assessment, we determine the fair value of our reporting units based on a weighted average of multiple valuation techniques, principally a combination of an income approach and a market approach. The income approach calculates a value based upon the present value of estimated future cash flows, while the market approach uses earnings multiples of similarly situated guideline public companies. Determining the fair value of a reporting unit involves judgment and the use of significant estimates and assumptions, which include assumptions regarding the revenue growth rates and operating margins used to calculate estimated future cash flows, risk-adjusted discount rates and future economic and market conditions. As of October 1, 2024, our reporting units consisted of the following: North America Payments Solutions, Vertical Market Software Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions, Asia-Pacific Merchant Solutions, Latin America Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As of October 1, 2024, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units and a qualitative assessment for all other reporting units. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessments of our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, we determined on the basis of the qualitative factors that the fair value of other reporting units was not more likely than not less than the respective carrying amounts. We believe that the fair value of each of our reporting units is substantially in excess of its carrying amount, except for our Issuer Solutions reporting unit, whose fair value exceeded its carrying amount by approximately 7% as of October 1, 2024. During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, we realigned our reporting units based on strategic and organizational changes. The new reporting units are Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions, Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions, International Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. Upon realignment of our reporting units, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions and Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions reporting units, and determined on the basis of those assessments that the fair value of each reporting unit was substantially in excess of its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, our International Merchant Solutions reporting unit was an aggregation of existing reporting units, and we concluded that the fair value was substantially in excess of the carrying amount. The realignment did not affect our Issuer Solutions reporting unit. We continue to closely monitor developments related to global events and macroeconomic conditions. The future magnitude, duration and effects of these events and conditions are difficult to predict at this time, and it is reasonably possible that future developments could have a negative effect on the estimates and assumptions utilized in our goodwill impairment assessments and could result in material impairment charges in future periods. 54 Table of Contents Intangible and Long-lived Assets We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the carrying amount of property and equipment, lease right-of-use assets and finite-life intangible assets may not be recoverable. When factors indicate that these long-lived assets should be evaluated for possible impairment, we assess the potential impairment by determining whether the carrying amount of such long-lived assets will be recovered through the future undiscounted cash flows expected from use of the asset and its eventual disposition. The evaluation is performed at the asset group level, which is the lowest level of identifiable cash flows. If the carrying amount of the asset group is determined to be not recoverable and exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized, measured as the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount. Fair values are determined based on quoted market prices or discounted cash flow analysis as applicable. We classify an asset or business as a held for sale disposal group if we have committed to a plan to sell the asset or business within one year and are actively marketing the asset or business in its current condition for a price that is reasonable in comparison to its estimated fair value. Disposal groups held for sale are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Subsequent changes to the estimated selling price of an asset or disposal group held for sale are recognized as gains or losses in our consolidated statement of income and any subsequent gains are limited to the cumulative losses previously recognized. During the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, we recognized net losses of \$243.6 million and \$71.9 million, respectively, on the consumer business disposition to reduce the carrying amount of the consumer disposal group to estimated fair value less costs to sell, including the effects of incremental negotiated closing adjustments, changes in the estimated fair value of the seller financing and the effects of the final tax structure of the transaction. Capitalization of Internal-Use Software Costs We develop software that is used in providing services to customers. Capitalization of internal-use software costs, primarily associated with operating platforms, occurs when we have completed the preliminary project stage, management authorizes the project, management commits to funding the project, it is probable the project will be completed and the project will be used to perform the function intended. The preliminary project stage consists of the conceptual formulation of alternatives, the evaluation of alternatives, the determination of existence of needed technology and the final selection of alternatives. Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage are recognized as expense as incurred. Currently unforeseen circumstances in software development, such as a significant change in the manner in which the software is intended to be used, obsolescence or a significant reduction in revenues due to customer attrition, could require us to implement alternative plans with respect to a particular effort, which could result, and from time to time has resulted, in an impairment charge related to previously capitalized software development costs. The carrying amount of internal-use software, including work-in-progress, at December 31, 2024 was \$1,202.1 million. Costs capitalized during the year ended December 31, 2024 totaled \$339.3 million. In addition, we capitalize implementation costs associated with cloud computing arrangements that are service contracts following the same internal-use software capitalization criteria. Our cloud computing arrangements involve services we use to support certain internal corporate functions as well as technology associated with revenue-generating activities. We regularly evaluate whether events or circumstances have occurred that indicate the carrying amount of the capitalized implementation costs may not be recoverable. As of December 31, 2024, capitalized implementation costs, net of accumulated amortization, were \$215.4 million and are presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Costs capitalized during the year ended December 31, 2024 totaled \$45.1 million. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized a charge of \$55.8 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy. Revenue Recognition In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("ASC 606"), we apply judgment in the determination of performance obligations, in particular related to large customer contracts within the Issuer Solutions segment. Performance obligations in a contract are identified based on the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer that are both capable of being distinct, whereby the customer can benefit from the service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available from third parties or from us, and are distinct in the context of the contract, whereby the transfer of the services is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract. To the extent a contract includes multiple promised services, we must apply judgment to determine whether promised services are capable of being distinct and are distinct in the context of the contract. If these criteria are not met, the promised services are combined and accounted for as a single performance obligation. In addition, a single performance obligation may comprise a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. 55 Table of Contents Income Taxes We determine our provision for income taxes using management's judgments, estimates and interpretation and application of complex tax laws in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. Judgment is also required in assessing the timing and amounts of deductible and taxable items. Such differences in timing result in deferred tax assets and liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet. We believe our tax return positions are fully supportable; however, we recognize the benefit for tax positions only when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained based on its technical merits. Issues raised by a tax authority may be resolved at an amount different than the related benefit recognized. When facts and circumstances change (including an effective settlement of an issue or statute of limitations expiration), the effect is recognized in the period of change. The unrecognized tax benefits that exist at December 31, 2024 would affect our provision for income taxes in the future, if recognized. Judgment is required to determine whether or not some portion or all of our deferred tax assets will not be realized. To the extent that we determine that we will not realize the benefit of some or all of our deferred tax assets, these deferred tax assets are adjusted via a valuation allowance through our provision for income taxes in the period in which this determination is made. See "Note 12 - Income Tax" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the changes in the amount of unrecognized tax benefits and deferred tax valuation allowances during the year ended December 31, 2024. Redeemable noncontrolling interests Redeemable noncontrolling interests in our subsidiaries in Greece, Chile, and Germany relate to the portion of equity in each of those subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to us, which is redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within our control. The redeemable noncontrolling interest for each subsidiary is reflected at the higher of: (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of comprehensive income (loss), capital contributions and distributions or (ii) the redemption price. Estimates of redemption price are based on projected operating performance of each subsidiary, including key assumptions - revenue growth rates, current and expected market conditions and weighted-average cost of capital. Refer to "Note 16 - Noncontrolling Interests" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for further information. Effect of New Accounting Pronouncements and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other standards setting bodies that may affect our current and/or future financial statements. See "Note 1 - Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for a discussion of recently adopted accounting pronouncements and recently issued accounting pronouncements not yet adopted. ITEM 7A - QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk Certain of our operations are conducted in foreign currencies. Consequently, a portion of our revenues and expenses may be affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the impact of currency exchange rate fluctuations to our consolidated revenues and operating income was insignificant. Generally, the functional currency of our various subsidiaries is their local currency. We are exposed to currency fluctuations on transactions that are not denominated in the functional currency. Gains and losses on such transactions are included in determining net income for the period. We seek to mitigate our foreign currency risk through timely settlement of transactions and cash flow matching, when possible. For the year ended December 31, 2024, our transaction gains and losses were insignificant. Additionally, we are affected by currency fluctuations in our funds settlement process on merchant payment, chargeback and card network settlement transactions that are not denominated in the currency of the underlying credit or debit card transaction. Gains and losses on these transactions are included in revenues for the period. 56 Table of Contents We are also affected by fluctuations in exchange rates on our investments in foreign operations. Relative to our net investment in foreign operations, the assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is a foreign currency are translated at the period-end rate of exchange. The resulting translation adjustment is recognized as a component of other comprehensive income and is included in shareholders' equity. We have designated our aggregate \$800 million Euro-denominated senior notes due March 2031 as a hedge of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations. The purpose of the net investment hedge is to offset the volatility of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, and the foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses associated with the Euro-denominated senior notes are presented within the same components of other comprehensive income and accumulated comprehensive income. Transaction gains and losses on intercompany balances of a long-term investment nature are also recognized as a component of other comprehensive income. When a foreign subsidiary is disposed of in its entirety, the associated accumulated foreign currency translation gains or losses are reclassified from the separate component of equity into our consolidated statement of income. Interest Rate Risk We are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates on certain of our long-term borrowings and cash investments. We invest our excess cash in securities that we believe are highly liquid and marketable in the short term. These investments earn a floating rate of interest and are not held for trading or other speculative purposes. We have an unsubordinated unsecured \$5.75 billion revolving credit facility, as well as a \$2.0 billion commercial paper program and various lines of credit that we use to fund settlement in certain of our markets, each of which bears interest at rates that are based on market rates and fluctuate accordingly. As of December 31, 2024, the amount outstanding under these variable-rate debt arrangements and settlement lines of credit was \$2.0 billion. As of December 31, 2024, we had interest rate swaps with a total notional amount of \$1.5 billion to hedge changes in cash flows attributable to interest rate risk on a portion of our variable-rate debt instruments as further discussed below. The interest earned on our invested cash and the interest paid on a portion of our debt are based on variable interest rates; therefore, the exposure of our net income to a change in interest rates is partially mitigated as an increase in rates would increase both interest income and interest expense, and a reduction in rates would decrease both interest income and interest expense. Under our current policies, we may selectively use derivative instruments, such as interest rate swaps or forward rate agreements, to manage all or a portion of our exposure to interest rate changes. We have entered into interest rate swaps that reduce a portion of our exposure to market interest rate risk on certain of our variable-rate debt as discussed in "Note 10 - Derivatives and Hedging Instruments" in the notes to our accompanying consolidated financial statements. Based on balances outstanding under variable-rate debt agreements and invested cash balances at December 31, 2024, a hypothetical increase of 50 basis points in applicable interest rates as of December 31, 2024 would increase our annual interest expense by approximately \$2.2 million and increase our annual interest income by approximately \$5.2 million. 57 Table of Contents ITEM 8 - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM TO the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Global Payments Inc. Opinion on the Financial Statements We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Global Payments Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows, for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and the schedule listed in the Index at Item 15 (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 14, 2025, expressed an unqualified opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Basis for Opinion These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion. Critical Audit Matters The critical audit matters communicated below are matters arising from the current-period audit of the financial statements that were communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relate to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements

and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters below, providing separate opinions on the critical audit matters or on the accounts or disclosures to which they relate. Revenue Recognition - Issuer Solutions - Refer to Notes 1 and 4 to the financial statements. Critical Audit Matter Description The Company enters into long-term revenue contracts with its Issuer Solutions customers. Issuer Solutions customer contracts may include multiple promises, including processing services, loyalty redemption services and professional services to financial institutions and other financial services providers. The Company has determined that the processing services and loyalty redemption services represent stand-ready performance obligations comprising a series of distinct days of services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. Professional services representing performance obligations are satisfied over time. 58 Table of Contents We identified the determination of performance obligations for Issuer Solutions revenue contracts as a critical audit matter, given the judgment required to determine whether any unusual and/or complex terms within the contract are identified and evaluated appropriately. A high degree of auditor judgment was required to evaluate the Company's identification of the performance obligations in the contract. How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit Our audit procedures related to the Company's Issuer Solutions revenue transactions, specifically its identification of the performance obligations in contracts with its customers, included the following, among others: We evaluated the effectiveness of controls over Issuer Solutions contract revenues, including controls over the identification of performance obligations. We selected a sample of Issuer Solutions contracts and evaluated whether the performance obligations were appropriately identified in each of the selected contracts, including whether the promised services are capable of being distinct and are distinct in the context of the contract. Revenues - Payment processing solutions and services - Refer to Note 1 to the financial statements. Critical Audit Matter Description The Company's revenues from its payment processing solutions and services consist of activity-based fees made up of a significant volume of low-dollar transactions, sourced from multiple systems and applications. The processing of transactions and recording of revenues is highly automated and is based on contractual terms with merchants, financial institutions, financial service providers, payment networks, and other parties. We identified payment processing solutions and services revenues as a critical audit matter given the increased extent of effort, including the need for us to involve professionals with expertise in information technology (IT), to identify, test, and evaluate the Company's systems, software applications, and automated controls. How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit Our audit procedures related to the Company's systems to process payment services revenues included the following, among others: With the assistance of our IT specialists, we identified the significant systems used to process revenue transactions and tested the general IT controls over each of these systems, including testing of user access controls, change management controls, and IT operations controls. Tested system interface controls and automated controls within the relevant revenue streams, as well as the controls designed to ensure the accuracy and completeness of revenues. We tested controls within the relevant revenue business processes, including those in place to reconcile the various reports extracted from the IT systems to the Company's general ledger. We evaluated trends in recorded revenues, including interchange fees and payment network fees. For a sample of revenue transactions, we tested selected transactions by agreeing the amounts of revenue recognized to source documents and tested the mathematical accuracy of the recorded revenues. We developed independent expectations of certain revenue streams and compared these to amounts recorded by the Company. /s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Atlanta, Georgia February 14, 2025 We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002. 59 Table of Contents REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM TO the shareholders and the Board of Directors of Global Payments Inc. Opinion on Internal Control over Financial Reporting We have audited the internal control over financial reporting of Global Payments Inc. and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by COSO. We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, of the Company and our report dated February 14, 2025, expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Basis for Opinion The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB. We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. /s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP Atlanta, Georgia February 14, 2025 60 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (in thousands, except per share data) Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 Revenues 10,105,894 \$ 9,654,419 \$ Operating expenses: Cost of service 3,760,116 \$ 3,727,521 \$ Selling, general and administrative 4,285,307 \$ 4,073,768 \$ Impairment of goodwill 4,833,075 \$ Net (gain) loss on business dispositions (273,134) 136,744 \$ 199,094 \$ 7,772,289 \$ 7,938,033 \$ 8,335,364 \$ Operating income 2,333,605 \$ 1,716,386 \$ 640,151 \$ Interest and other income 169,168 \$ 113,711 \$ 33,604 \$ Interest and other expense (633,986) (660,150) (449,433) (464,818) (546,439) (415,829) Income before income taxes and equity in income of equity method investments 1,868,787 \$ 1,169,947 \$ 224,322 \$ Income tax expense 295,133 \$ 209,020 \$ 166,694 \$ Income before equity in income of equity method investments 1,573,654 \$ 960,927 \$ 57,628 \$ Equity in income of equity method investments, net of tax 70,499 \$ 67,896 \$ 85,685 \$ Net income 1,644,153 \$ 1,028,823 \$ 143,313 \$ Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests (73,788) (42,590) (31,820) Net income attributable to Global Payments \$ 1,570,365 \$ 986,233 \$ 111,493 \$ Earnings per share attributable to Global Payments: Basic earnings per share \$ 6.18 \$ 3.78 \$ 0.41 \$ Diluted earnings per share \$ 6.16 \$ 3.77 \$ 0.40 \$ See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. 61 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in thousands) Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 Net income \$ 1,644,153 \$ 1,028,823 \$ 143,313 \$ Other comprehensive income (loss): Foreign currency translation adjustments (433,849) (211,310) (276,559) Reclassification of accumulated foreign currency translation losses to net loss as a result of the sale of a foreign entity 62,925 \$ Income tax benefit related to foreign currency translation adjustments 4,993 \$ 4,131 \$ 2,698 \$ Net unrealized gains (losses) on hedging activities 34,399 \$ (19,683) \$ 12,915 \$ Reclassification of net unrealized (gains) losses on hedging activities to interest expense (8,731) (4,609) (21,327) Income tax (expense) benefit related to hedging activities (6,227) 5,853 (8,172) Other, net of tax 141 \$ 439 \$ (22) Other comprehensive income (loss) (409,274) 197,441 (185,088) Comprehensive income (loss) 1,234,879 \$ 1,226,264 \$ (41,775) Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests 19,320 \$ 49,987 \$ 18,519 \$ Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Global Payments \$ 1,215,559 \$ 1,133,277 \$ (60,294) See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. 62 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data) December 31, 2024 and 2023 ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,538,416 \$ 2,088,887 \$ Accounts receivable, net 1,081,740 \$ 1,120,078 \$ Settlement processing assets 1,620,924 \$ 1,497,417 \$ Prepaid expenses and other current assets 795,593 \$ 767,377 \$ Total current assets 6,036,670 \$ 6,073,759 \$ Goodwill 26,286,318 \$ 26,743,523 \$ Other intangible assets, net 931,943 \$ 1,168,046 \$ Property and equipment, net 2,277,593 \$ 2,190,050 \$ Deferred income taxes 106,083 \$ 111,712 \$ Notes receivable 772,297 \$ 713,123 \$ Other noncurrent assets 2,479,351 \$ 2,570,018 \$ Total assets 46,890,255 \$ 50,570,186 \$ LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities: Settlement lines of credit 503,407 \$ 981,244 \$ Current portion of long-term debt 1,075,708 \$ 620,585 \$ Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 3,079,924 \$ 2,824,979 \$ Settlement processing obligations 1,593,675 \$ 3,698,921 \$ Total current liabilities 6,252,714 \$ 8,125,729 \$ Long-term debt 15,164,659 \$ 15,692,297 \$ Deferred income taxes 1,832,996 \$ 2,242,105 \$ Other noncurrent liabilities 623,319 \$ 722,540 \$ Total liabilities 23,873,688 \$ 26,782,671 \$ Commitments and contingencies Redeemable noncontrolling interests 160,623 \$ 507,965 \$ Equity: Preferred stock, no par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized and none issued 4,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2024 and 2023; 248,708,899 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024, and 260,382,746 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023 18,118,942 \$ 19,800,953 \$ Retained earnings 4,774,736 \$ 3,457,182 \$ Accumulated other comprehensive loss (612,992) (258,925) Total Global Payments shareholders' equity 22,280,686 \$ 22,999,210 \$ Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests 575,258 \$ 280,340 \$ Total equity 22,855,944 \$ 23,279,550 \$ Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and equity 46,890,255 \$ 50,570,186 \$ See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. 63 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 Cash flows from operating activities: Net income \$ 1,644,153 \$ 1,028,823 \$ 143,313 \$ Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment 493,003 \$ 458,157 \$ 399,486 \$ Amortization of acquired intangibles 1,369,328 \$ 1,318,535 \$ 1,262,969 \$ Amortization of capitalized contract costs 138,051 \$ 123,405 \$ 109,701 \$ Share-based compensation expense 164,244 \$ 208,994 \$ 163,261 \$ Provision for operating losses and credit losses 81,018 \$ 97,103 \$ 116,879 \$ Noncash lease expense 58,728 \$ 65,307 \$ 78,935 \$ Deferred income taxes (346,228) (499,974) (315,495) Paid-in-kind interest capitalized to principal of notes receivable (74,139) (46,524) 46,524 \$ Equity in income of equity method investments, net of tax (70,499) (67,896) (85,685) Distributions received on investments 32,849 \$ 18,267 \$ 45,521 \$ Impairment of goodwill 4,833,075 \$ Technology asset charge 55,808 \$ 46,524 \$ Net (gain) loss on business dispositions (273,134) 136,744 \$ 199,094 \$ Other, net 45,787 \$ 71,063 \$ 31,430 \$ Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of business combinations: Accounts receivable (10,443) (78,647) (111,974) Settlement processing assets and obligations, net 338,341 \$ (345,898) (313,333) Prepaid expenses and other assets (221,447) (289,826) (295,980) Accounts payable and other liabilities (107,263) 51,108 \$ (17,157) Net cash provided by operating activities 3,532,683 \$ 2,244,040 \$ Cash flows from investing activities: Business combinations and other acquisitions, net of cash and restricted cash acquired (487,056) (4,225,610) (65,672) Capital expenditures (674,917) (658,142) (615,652) Issuance of notes receivable 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ Repayment of notes receivable 6,230 \$ 6,230 \$ 6,230 \$ Net cash from sales of businesses 962,435 \$ 479,067 \$ (29,752) Proceeds from sales of investments 19,088 \$ 42,135 \$ 33,046 \$ Other, net 6,639 \$ 1,438 \$ 2,496 \$ Net cash used in investing activities (173,891) (4,361,112) (675,537) Cash flows from financing activities: Net (repayments) borrowings from settlement lines of credit (442,713) 220,682 \$ 285,644 \$ Net (repayments) borrowings from commercial paper notes (1,367,859) 1,367,859 \$ Proceeds from long-term debt 9,635,049 \$ 10,336,850 \$ 9,812,289 \$ Repayments of long-term debt (8,334,846) (9,099,938) (7,895,131) Payments of debt issuance costs (33,056) (12,735) (48,635) Repurchases of common stock (1,551,950) (418,272) (2,921,307) Proceeds from stock issued under share-based compensation plans 43,009 \$ 60,345 \$ 44,127 \$ Common stock repurchased - share-based compensation plans (56,229) (41,225) (38,601) Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest (108,770) 46,524 \$ Distributions to noncontrolling interests (38,086) (32,997) (23,031) Proceeds and contributions from noncontrolling interests 4,044 \$ 26,205 \$ 46,524 \$ Payment of deferred and contingent consideration in business combination (6,390) (5,222) (15,726) Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes (256,250) 46,524 \$ (302,375) Dividends paid (252,811) (260,431) (273,955) Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities (2,766,852) (141,121) (1,376,701) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash (112,834) 12,519 \$ (99,219) Increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash 479,100 \$ 41,269 \$ 52,834 \$ Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of the period 2,256,875 \$ 2,215,606 \$ 2,123,023 \$ Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of the period 2,735,975 \$ 2,256,875 \$ 2,215,606 \$ See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. 64 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (in thousands, except per share data) Shareholders' Equity Number of Shares Paid-in Capital Retained Earnings Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Global Payments Shareholders' Equity Nonredeemable Noncontrolling Interests Total Equity Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests Balance at December 31, 2023 260,383 \$ 19,800,953 \$ 3,457,182 \$ (258,925) \$ 22,999,210 \$ 280,340 \$ 23,279,550 \$ 507,965 \$ Net income 1,570,365 \$ 1,133,277 \$ (60,294) \$ 1,644,153 \$ 1,028,823 \$ 143,313 \$ Other comprehensive income 147,044 \$ 147,044 \$ 7,455 \$ 155,789 \$ 41,652 \$ Stock issued under share-based compensation plans 1,733 \$ 60,345 \$ 60,345 \$ 60,345 \$ Common stock repurchased - share-based compensation plans (452) (57,092) (57,092) (57,092) Share-based compensation expense 164,244 \$ 164,244 \$ 164,244 \$ 164,244 \$ Repurchases of common stock (12,730) (1,565,688) (1,565,688) (1,565,688) Distributions to noncontrolling interests 46,524 \$ (38,086) (38,086) Contributions from noncontrolling interests 89 \$ 89 \$ 3,955 \$ Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest (71,807) 739 (71,068) (37,702) (108,770) Reclassification of redeemable noncontrolling interest to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest 358,872 \$ 358,872 \$ (358,872) Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes, net of taxes of \$ 61,573 (194,677) (194,677) Cash dividends declared (\$1.00 per common share) (252,811) (252,811) (252,811) Balance at December 31, 2024 260,383 \$ 19,800,953 \$ 3,457,182 \$ (258,925) \$ 22,999,210 \$ 280,340 \$ 23,279,550 \$ 507,965 \$ See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. 65 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (in thousands, except per share data) Shareholders' Equity Number of Shares Paid-in Capital Retained Earnings Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Total Global Payments Shareholders' Equity Nonredeemable Noncontrolling Interests Total Equity Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests Balance at December 31, 2023 260,383 \$ 19,800,953 \$ 3,457,182 \$ (258,925) \$ 22,999,210 \$ 280,340 \$ 23,279,550 \$ 507,965 \$ See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. 66 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. 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and presentation - We are a leading payments technology company delivering innovative software and services to our customers globally. Our technologies, services and team member expertise allow us to provide a broad range of solutions that enable our customers to operate their businesses more efficiently across a variety of channels around the world. Global Payments Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to herein collectively as "Global Payments," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us," unless the context requires otherwise. We operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As described in "Note 3&#226; Business Dispositions," during the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. Our consolidated financial statements include the results of our former Consumer Solutions segment for periods prior to disposition. See "Note 18&#226; Segment Information" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information about our segments. These consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our majority-owned subsidiaries, and all intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Investments in entities that we do not control are accounted for using the equity or cost method, based on whether or not we have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. In particular, uncertainty resulting from global events and other macroeconomic conditions are difficult to predict at this time, and the ultimate effect could result in additional charges related to the recoverability of assets, including financial assets, long-lived assets and goodwill and other losses. These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial statement effects based upon management's estimates and assumptions utilizing the most currently available information. Recently adopted accounting pronouncements Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07 - In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures," which updates reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses, inclusion of all annual disclosures in interim periods and disclosure of the title and position of the chief operating decision maker. We adopted ASU 2023-07 effective December 31, 2024 and applied it retrospectively to all periods presented in the financial statements. See "Note 18&#226; Segment Information" for further information. ASU 2021-08 - In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers." We elected to early adopt ASU 2021-08 during the year ended December 31, 2022, with application to any business combinations for which the acquisition date occurred after January 1, 2022. Prior to the adoption of this update, an acquirer generally recognized assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, including contract assets and contract liabilities arising from revenue contracts with customers and other similar contracts that are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("Topic 606" or "ASC 606"), at fair value on the acquisition date. ASU 2021-08 requires that an entity recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606. At the acquisition date, an acquirer should account for the related revenue contracts in accordance with Topic 606 as if it had originated the contracts, which should generally result in an acquirer recognizing and measuring the acquired contract assets and contract liabilities consistent with how they were recognized and measured in the acquiree's financial statements. This update also provides certain practical expedients for acquirers when recognizing and measuring acquired contract assets and contract liabilities from revenue contracts in a business combination. 67Table of Contents Recently issued accounting pronouncement not yet adopted ASU 2024-03 - In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, "Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses," which requires disclosure in the notes to financial statements of specified information about certain costs and expenses. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied either prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date of this update or retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. We are evaluating the potential effects of ASU 2024-03 on our consolidated financial statements. ASU 2023-09 - In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvement to Income Tax Disclosures," which is intended to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures, primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods beginning with our fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis with the option to apply the standard retrospectively. We are evaluating how the enhanced disclosure requirements of ASU 2023-09 will affect our presentation, and we will include the incremental disclosures upon the effective date. SEC rule changes - On March 6, 2024, the SEC adopted final rules that require disclosure of certain climate-related information, including disclosures related to material climate-related risks, targets or goals, risk management and governance activities and greenhouse gas emissions. In addition, the rules require disclosure of certain climate related financial metrics in the notes to the audited financial statements. The new disclosures are required on a prospective basis and provide for a phased-in compliance period. However, in April 2024, the SEC stayed the rules pending judicial review. Therefore, the timing of the effectiveness of these rules and their ultimate enforceability is uncertain. Revenue recognition - At contract inception, we assess the goods and services promised in our contracts with customers and identify a performance obligation for each promise to transfer to the customer a good or service that is distinct. In accordance with ASC 606, we recognize revenue when a customer obtains control of promised goods and services. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled to receive in exchange for these goods and services. Merchant Solutions. Our customers in the Merchant Solutions segment contract with us for payment services, which we provide in exchange for consideration for completed transactions. Our payment solutions are similar around the world in that we enable our customers to accept card, check and digital-based payments. Our comprehensive offerings include, but are not limited to, authorization, settlement and funding services, customer support, chargeback resolution, payment security services, consolidated billing and reporting. In addition, we may sell or lease point-of-sale terminals or other equipment to customers. For our payment services, the nature of our promise to the customer is that we stand ready to process transactions the customer requests on a daily basis over the contract term. Since the timing and quantity of transactions to be processed by us is not determinable, we view payment services to comprise an obligation to stand ready to process as many transactions as the customer requests. Under a stand-ready obligation, the evaluation of the nature of our performance obligation is focused on each time increment rather than the underlying activities. Therefore, we view payment services to comprise a series of distinct days of service that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. Accordingly, the promise to stand ready is accounted for as a single series performance obligation. 68Table of Contents In order to provide our payment services, we route and clear each transaction through the applicable payment network. We obtain authorization for the transaction and request funds settlement from the card issuing financial institution through the payment network. When third parties are involved in the transfer of goods or services to our customer, we consider the nature of each specific promised good or service and apply judgment to determine whether we control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer or whether we are acting as an agent of the third party. To determine whether or not we control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer, we assess indicators including which party is primarily responsible for fulfillment and which party has discretion in determining pricing for the good or service, as well as other considerations. Based on our assessment of these indicators, we have concluded that our promise to our customer to provide our payment services is distinct from the services provided by the card issuing financial institutions and payment networks in connection with payment transactions. We do not have the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the services provided by the card issuing financial institutions and payment networks before those services are transferred to our customer, and on that basis, we do not control those services prior to being transferred to our customer. As a result, we present our revenues net of the interchange fees retained by the card issuing financial institutions and the fees charged by the payment networks. The majority of our payment services are priced as a percentage of transaction value or a specified fee per transaction, depending on the card type. We also charge other per occurrence fees for specific services that may be unrelated to the number of transactions or transaction value. Given the nature of the promise and the underlying fees based on unknown quantities or outcomes of services to be performed over the contract term, the total consideration is determined to be variable consideration. The variable consideration for our payment service is usage-based and, therefore, it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our payment services performance obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure revenues for our payment service on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day. Certain of our technology-enabled customer arrangements contain multiple promises, such as payment services, perpetual software licenses, software-as-a-service ("SaaS"), maintenance, installation services, training and equipment, each of which is evaluated to determine whether it represents a separate performance obligation. SaaS arrangements are generally offered on a subscription basis, providing the customers with access to the SaaS platform along with general support and maintenance services. Because these promised services within our SaaS arrangements are delivered concurrently over the contract term, we account for these promises as if they are a single performance obligation that includes a series of distinct services with the same pattern of transfer to the customer. In addition, certain implementation services are not considered distinct from the SaaS and are recognized over the expected period of benefit. Once we determine the performance obligations and the transaction price, including an estimate of any variable consideration, we then allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in the contract using a relative standalone selling price method. We determine standalone selling price based on the price at which the good or service is sold separately. If the standalone selling price is not observable through past transactions, we estimate the standalone selling price by considering all reasonably available information, including market conditions, trends or other company- or customer-specific factors. Substantially all of the performance obligations within our SaaS arrangements described above are satisfied over time. We satisfy the combined SaaS performance obligation by standing ready to provide access to the SaaS. Consideration for SaaS arrangements may consist of fixed or usage-based fees. Revenue is recognized over the period for which the services are provided or by directly ascribing any variable fees to the distinct day of service based on the services that are performed on that day. The performance obligations associated with equipment sales, perpetual software licenses and certain professional services are generally satisfied at a point in time when they are transferred to the customer. For certain other professional services that represent separate performance obligations, we generally use the input method and recognize revenue based on the number of hours incurred or services performed to date in relation to the total services expected to be required to satisfy the performance obligation. 69Table of Contents Issuer Solutions. Issuer Solutions segment revenues are primarily derived from long-term contracts with financial institutions and other financial service providers. Issuer Solutions customer contracts typically include an obligation to provide processing services to those customers. Payment processing services revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements generated and/or mailed, managed services, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Most of the customer contracts have prescribed annual minimums, penalties for early termination, and service level agreements that may affect contractual fees if specific service levels are not achieved. We have determined that these processing services represent a stand-ready obligation comprising a series of distinct days of services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. Issuer Solutions contracts may also include additional performance obligations relating to loyalty redemption services and other professional services. Similar to processing services, we have determined that loyalty redemption services represent a stand-ready obligation comprising a series of distinct days of service that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. To the extent a contract includes multiple promised services, we must apply judgment to determine whether promised services are capable of being distinct and are distinct in the context of the contract. If these criteria for being distinct are not met, the promised services are combined and accounted for as a single performance obligation. The performance obligations to provide processing services and loyalty redemption services include variable consideration. The variable consideration for our services is usage-based and, therefore, it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our services performance obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure revenues for our services on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day. Professional services performance obligations are satisfied over time. For professional services, we recognize revenue based on the labor hours incurred for time and materials projects or on a straight-line basis for fixed-fee projects. In some cases, we pay certain of our customers a signing incentive at contract inception or renewal. Consideration paid to customers is accounted for as a reduction of the transaction price and recognized as a reduction in revenues as the related services are provided to the customer, typically over the contract term. The deferred portion of consideration paid to customers is classified within other assets in our consolidated balance sheets. Other Issuer Solutions customer arrangements provide business-to-business ("B2B") payment services, consisting of a stand-ready obligation to process financial transactions for which revenue is recognized on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day. Customer contracts may also include subscription based SaaS arrangements that automate key procurement processes and enable virtual cards and integrated payments options, for which revenue is recognized over time on a ratable basis over the contract term beginning on the date that the services are first made available to the customer. Consumer Solutions. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. For the periods prior to disposition, our Consumer Solutions arrangements included a stand-ready performance obligation to provide account access and facilitate purchase transactions. Revenues principally consisted of fees collected from cardholders and fees generated by cardholder activity in connection with the programs that we managed. Customers were typically charged a fee for each purchase transaction made using their cards, unless the customer was on a monthly or annual service plan, in which case the customer was instead charged a monthly or annual subscription fee, as applicable. Customers were also charged a monthly maintenance fee after a specified period of inactivity. We also charged fees associated with additional services offered in connection with our accounts, including the use of overdraft features, a variety of bill payment options, card replacement, foreign exchange and card-to-card transfers of funds initiated through our call centers. 70Table of Contents We determined that we had a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponded directly with our performance completed to date. As a result, we recognized revenue in the amount to which we had a right to invoice. Revenues were recognized net of fees charged by the payment networks for services they provided in processing transactions routed through them. Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and all liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. We consider certain portions of our cash and cash equivalents to be unrestricted but not available for general purposes. The amount of cash that we consider to be available for general purposes, \$1,067.5 million and \$703.3 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, does not include the following: (i) settlement-related cash balances, (ii) funds held as collateral for merchant losses ("Merchant Reserves") and (iii) funds held for customers. Settlement-related cash balances represent funds that we hold when the incoming amount from the card networks precedes the funding obligation to the merchant. Settlement-related cash balances are not restricted in their use; however, these funds are generally paid out in satisfaction of a processing obligation the following day. Merchant Reserves serve as collateral to minimize contingent liabilities associated with any losses that may occur under the merchant agreement. We recognize a corresponding liability in settlement processing assets and settlement processing obligations in our consolidated balance sheets. While this cash is not restricted in its use, we believe that designating this cash as Merchant Reserves strengthens our fiduciary standing with financial institutions that sponsor us. Funds held for customers, which are not restricted in their use, include amounts collected before the corresponding obligation is due to be settled to or at the direction of our customers. Restricted cash includes amounts that cannot be withdrawn or used for general operating activities under legal or regulatory restrictions. Restricted cash consists of amounts deposited by customers for prepaid card transactions and funds held as a liquidity reserve that are subject to local regulatory restrictions requiring appropriate segregation and restriction in their use. Restricted cash is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets with a corresponding liability in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. We regularly maintain cash balances with financial institutions in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit or the equivalent outside the U.S. As of December 31, 2024, approximately 75% of our total balance of cash and cash equivalents was held within a small group of financial institutions, primarily large money center banks. Although we currently believe that the financial institutions with whom we do business will be able to fulfill their commitments to us, there is no assurance that those institutions will be able to continue to do so. We have not experienced any losses associated with our balances in such accounts for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 or 2022. A reconciliation of the amounts of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets to the amount in the consolidated

statements of cash flows is as follows: December 31, 2024/2023 (in thousands) Cash and cash equivalents \$2,538,416 / \$2,088,887 Restricted cash 197,559 / 167,190

Cash included in assets held for sale: \$798.4 million, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows: \$2,735,975 / \$2,256,875

Accounts receivable, contract assets and contract liabilities - A contract with a customer creates legal rights and obligations. As we perform under customer contracts, our right to consideration that is unconditional is considered to be accounts receivable. If our right to consideration for such performance is contingent upon a future event or satisfaction of additional performance obligations, the amount of revenues we have recognized in excess of the amount we have billed to the customer is recognized as a contract asset. Contract liabilities represent consideration received from customers in excess of revenues recognized. Contract assets and liabilities are presented net at the individual contract level in the consolidated balance sheet and are classified as current or noncurrent based on the nature of the underlying contractual rights and obligations. See "Note 4: Revenues" for further information.

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Allowance for credit losses on accounts receivable - We are exposed to credit losses on accounts receivable balances. We utilize a combination of aging and loss-rate methods to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses, depending on the nature and risk profile of the underlying asset pool. A broad range of information is considered in the estimation process, including historical loss information adjusted for current conditions and expectations of future trends. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with the age of asset balances, expected timing of payment, contract terms and conditions, changes in specific customer risk profiles or mix of customers, geographic risk, industry or economic trends and relevant environmental factors. Accounts receivable is presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$24.7 million and \$19.0 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The measurement of the allowance for credit losses on accounts receivable is recognized through credit loss expense and is included as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income. We recognized credit loss expense of \$25.0 million, \$23.3 million and \$15.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-offs are recognized in the period in which the asset is deemed to be uncollectible. Recoveries are recognized when received as a direct credit to the credit loss expense. Revenues are recognized net of estimated billing adjustments. Adjustments to customer invoices are charged against the allowance for billing adjustments.

Contract costs - We capitalize certain costs to obtain contracts with customers, including employee sales commissions and fees to business partners. At contract inception, we capitalize costs incurred that we expect to recover and that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. In certain instances in which costs related to obtaining customers are incurred after the inception of the customer contract, such costs are capitalized as the corresponding liability is recognized. We also capitalize certain costs incurred to fulfill our contracts with customers that (i) relate directly to the contract, (ii) are expected to generate resources that will be used to satisfy our performance obligation under the contract and (iii) are expected to be recovered through revenues generated under the contract. Capitalized costs to obtain and to fulfill contracts are included in other noncurrent assets. Contract costs are amortized to operating expense in our consolidated statements of income on a systematic basis consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Amortization of capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income, while amortization of capitalized costs to fulfill customer contracts is included in cost of services. We utilize a straight-line or proportional amortization method depending upon which method best depicts the pattern of transfer of the goods or services to the customer. We amortize these assets over the expected period of benefit, which, based on the factors noted above, is typically three to seven years. In order to determine the appropriate amortization period for capitalized contract costs, we consider a combination of factors, including customer attrition rates, estimated terms of customer relationships, the useful lives of technology we use to provide goods and services to our customers, whether future contract renewals are expected and if there is any incremental commission expected to be paid associated with a contract renewal. Costs to obtain a contract with an expected period of benefit of one year or less are recognized as an expense when incurred. We evaluate contract costs for impairment by comparing, on a pooled basis, the expected future net cash flows from underlying customer relationships to the carrying amount of the capitalized contract costs. See "Note 4: Revenues" for further information.

Up-front distributor and partner payments - We capitalize certain up-front contractual payments to third-party distributors and partners and recognize the capitalized amount as expense ratably over the period of benefit, which is generally the contract period. If the contract requires the distributor or partner to perform specific acts and no other conditions exist for the distributor or partner to earn or retain the up-front payment, then we recognize the capitalized amount as an expense when the performance conditions have been met. Up-front distributor and partner payments are classified in our consolidated balance sheets within prepaid expenses and other current assets and other noncurrent assets and the related expense is reported within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

Settlement processing assets and obligations - Funds settlement refers to the process in our Merchant Solutions segment of transferring funds between card issuers and merchants for merchant sales and credits processed on our systems. We use our internal network to provide funding instructions to financial institutions that in turn fund the merchants. We process funds settlement under two models, a sponsorship model and a direct membership model.

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Under the sponsorship model, we are designated as an independent sales organization by Mastercard and Visa, which means that member clearing banks ("Member") sponsor us and require our adherence to the standards of the payment networks. In certain markets, we have sponsorship or depository and clearing agreements with financial institution sponsors. These agreements allow us to route transactions under the Members' control and identification numbers to clear credit card transactions through Mastercard and Visa. In this model, the standards of the payment networks restrict us from performing funds settlement or accessing merchant settlement funds, and, instead, require that these funds be in the possession of the Member until the merchant is funded. Under the direct membership model, we are members in various payment networks, allowing us to process and fund transactions without third-party sponsorship. In this model, we route and clear transactions directly through the card brands' network and are not restricted from performing funds settlement. Otherwise, we process these transactions similarly to how we process transactions in the sponsorship model. We are required to adhere to the standards of the payment networks in which we are direct members. We maintain relationships with financial institutions, which may also serve as our Member sponsors for other card brands or in other markets, to assist with funds settlement.

Timing differences, interchange fees, merchant reserves and exception items cause differences between the amount received from the payment networks and the amount funded to the merchants. These intermediary balances arising in our settlement process are reflected as settlement processing assets and obligations in our consolidated balance sheets. Settlement processing assets and obligations include the following components:

- Interchange reimbursement. Our receivable from merchants for the portion of the discount fee related to reimbursement of the interchange fee.
- Receivable from Merchants. Our receivable from the Members for transactions in which we have advanced funding to the Members to fund merchants in advance of receipt of funding from payment networks.
- Receivable from networks. Our receivable from a payment network for transactions processed on behalf of merchants where we are a direct member of that particular network.
- Exception items. Items such as customer chargeback amounts received from merchants.
- Merchant Reserves. Reserves held to minimize contingent liabilities associated with losses that may occur under the merchant agreement.
- Liability to Members. Our liability to the Members for transactions that have not yet been funded to the merchants.
- Liability to merchants. Our liability to merchants for transactions that have been processed but not yet funded where we are a direct member of a particular payment network.
- Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets. Allowances, charges or expected credit losses on chargebacks, merchant fraud or other merchant-related reason. We apply offsetting to our settlement processing assets and obligations where a right of setoff exists. In the sponsorship model, we apply offsetting by Member agreement because the Member is ultimately responsible for funds settlement. With these Member transactions, we do not have access to the gross proceeds of the receivable from the payment networks and, thus, do not have a direct obligation or any ability to satisfy the payable to fund the merchant. In these situations, we apply offsetting to determine a net position for each Member agreement. If that net position is an asset, we reflect the net amount in settlement processing assets in our consolidated balance sheet. If that net position is a liability, we reflect the net amount in settlement processing obligations in our consolidated balance sheet. In the direct membership model, offsetting is not applied, and the individual components are presented as an asset or obligation based on the nature of that component.

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Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets - Our merchant customers are liable for any charges or losses that occur under the merchant agreement. We have a risk of loss in our card processing services associated with the liability to collect amounts from merchant customers for any charges properly reversed by the card issuing financial institutions. We are therefore exposed to credit losses on these settlement processing assets. We utilize a combination of aging and loss-rate methods to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses, depending on the nature and risk profile of the underlying asset pool. A broad range of information is considered in the estimation process, including historical loss information adjusted for current conditions and expectations of future trends. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with the age of asset balances, expected timing of payment, contract terms and conditions, changes in specific customer risk profiles or mix of customers, geographic risk, industry or economic trends and relevant environmental factors. We require cash deposits, guarantees, letters of credit and other types of collateral from certain merchants to minimize the risk of loss, and we also utilize a number of systems and procedures to manage merchant risk. The allowance for credit losses on settlement processing assets was \$10.0 million and \$9.7 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The measurement of the allowance for credit losses on settlement assets is recognized through credit loss expenses and is included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income. We recognized credit loss expense of \$22.4 million, \$19.2 million and \$13.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-offs are recognized in the period in which the asset is deemed to be uncollectible. Recoveries are recognized when received as a direct credit to the credit loss expense. Additionally, when we are not able to collect these amounts from merchants due to merchant fraud, insolvency, bankruptcy or any other reason, we may be liable for the reversed charges. We recognize an estimated liability for merchant losses comprised of estimated incurred but not reported losses, which is included in accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet. The provision for merchant losses is included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income.

Reserve for contract contingencies and processing errors - A significant number of our customer contracts in our Issuer Solutions segment contain service level agreements that can result in performance penalties payable by us if we do not meet contractually required service levels. We recognize an accrual for estimated performance penalties and processing errors. When providing for these accruals, we consider such factors as our history of incurring performance penalties and processing errors, actual contractual penalty charge rates in our contracts, progress towards milestones and known processing errors. These accruals are included in accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheets. Depending on the nature of the item, transaction processing provisions are either included as a reduction of the transaction price and recognized as a reduction in revenues as the related services are provided to the customer, or recognized as a component of cost of service, in our consolidated statements of income. Reserve for cardholder losses - Through services offered in our former Consumer Solutions segment, we were exposed to losses due to cardholder fraud, payment defaults and other forms of cardholder activity as well as losses due to nonperformance of third parties who received cardholder funds for transmittal to the issuing financial institutions. We established a reserve for losses we estimated would arise from processing customer transactions, debit card overdrafts, chargebacks for unauthorized card use and merchant-related chargebacks due to nondelivery of goods and services. These reserves were established based upon historical loss and recovery rates and cardholder activity for which specific losses could be identified. Prior to the disposition of our consumer business, the provision for cardholder losses was included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income.

Property and equipment - Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are generally calculated using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the remaining term of the lease and the useful life of the asset.

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We develop software that is used to provide services to customers. Capitalization of internal-use software costs, primarily associated with operating platforms, occurs when we have completed the preliminary project stage, management authorizes the project, management commits to funding the project, it is probable the project will be completed and the project will be used to perform the function intended. Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage are recognized as expense as incurred. Capitalized internal-use software is amortized over its estimated useful life, which is typically five to ten years, in a manner that best reflects the pattern of economic use of the assets. See "Note 5: Property and Equipment" for further information.

Goodwill - We test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level annually (in the fourth quarter) and more often if an event occurs or circumstances change that indicate the fair value of a reporting unit is below its carrying amount. We have the option of performing a qualitative assessment of impairment to determine whether any further quantitative assessment for impairment is necessary. The election of whether or not to perform a qualitative assessment is made annually and may vary by reporting unit. Factors we consider in the qualitative assessment include general macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, cost factors, overall financial performance of our reporting units, events or changes affecting the composition or carrying amount of the net assets of our reporting units, our share price, and other relevant entity-specific events. If we elect to bypass the qualitative assessment or if we determine, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, a quantitative test would be required. The quantitative assessment compares the estimated fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount, and recognizes an impairment loss for the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its estimated fair value, without exceeding the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. During the second quarter of 2022, a sustained decline in our share price and increases in discount rates, primarily resulting from increased economic uncertainty, indicated a potential decline in fair value and triggered a requirement to evaluate our Issuer Solutions and former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting units for potential impairment as of June 30, 2022. Furthermore, the estimated sales price for the consumer business portion of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit also indicated a potential decline in fair value as of June 30, 2022. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessment that the fair value of our Issuer Solutions reporting unit was still greater than its carrying amount as of June 30, 2022, indicating no impairment. Based on the quantitative assessment of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit, including consideration of the consumer business disposal group and the remaining assets of the reporting unit, we recognized a goodwill impairment charge of \$833.1 million in our consolidated statement of income during the three months ended June 30, 2022. The estimated fair value used in the goodwill impairment assessment was considered to be a nonrecurring Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. During the third quarter of 2022, as a result of the pending disposition of our consumer business and changes in how our business is managed, we realigned the businesses previously comprising our former Business and Consumer Solutions segment to include the B2B portion within our Issuer Solutions segment and the consumer portion forming our Consumer Solutions segment. In connection with the change in presentation of segment information, the B2B portion of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit was realigned into the Issuer Solutions reporting unit, including a reallocation of goodwill. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of our consumer business. In addition, during 2023, we realigned our reporting units based on organizational changes and the acquired operations of EVO. As of October 1, 2024, our reporting units consisted of the following: North America Payments Solutions, Vertical Market Software Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions, Asia-Pacific Merchant Solutions, Latin America Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As of October 1, 2024, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units and a qualitative assessment for all other reporting units. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessments of our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, we determined on the basis of the qualitative factors that the fair value of other reporting units was not more likely than not less than the respective carrying amounts.

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During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, we realigned our reporting units based on a strategic and organizational changes. The new reporting units are Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions, Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions, International Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. Upon realignment of our reporting units, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions and Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions reporting units, and determined on the basis of those assessments that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, our International Merchant Solutions reporting unit was an aggregation of our former Europe, Spain and Asia-Pacific reporting units, and was not more likely than not less than its respective carrying amounts. The realignment did not affect our Issuer Solutions reporting unit. See "Note 6: Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" for further information.

Other intangible assets - Other intangible assets include customer-related intangible assets (such as customer lists, merchant contracts and referral agreements), contract-based intangible assets (such as noncompete agreements, distributor agreements and processing rights), acquired technologies, trademarks and trade names associated with business combinations. These assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives. The useful lives for customer-related intangible assets are determined based primarily on forecasted cash flows, which include estimates for the revenues,

expenses, and customer attrition associated with the assets. The useful lives of contract-based intangible assets are equal to the terms of the agreements. The useful lives of acquired technologies are based on an estimate of the period over which we expect to receive economic benefit. The useful lives of amortizable trademarks and trade names are based on an estimate of the period over which we will earn revenues for the related assets, including contemplation of any future plans to use the trademarks and trade names in the applicable markets. We use the straight-line method of amortization for our amortizable acquired technologies, trademarks and trade names and certain contract-based intangible assets. Amortization for most of our customer-related intangible assets and certain contract-based intangible assets is determined using an accelerated method. Under this accelerated method, we determine amortization expense for any period by first dividing the expected cash flows for that period that were used in determining the acquisition-date fair value of the asset by the expected total cash flows over the estimated life of the asset. We then multiply that ratio by the initial carrying amount of the asset to arrive at the amortization expense for that period. If the cash flow patterns that we experience differ significantly from our initial estimates, we adjust the amortization schedule prospectively. We believe that our accelerated method reflects the expected pattern of the benefit to be derived. See "Note 6â€“Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" for further information.

Implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement - We capitalize implementation costs associated with cloud computing arrangements that are service contracts, and we amortize these capitalized implementation costs to expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the applicable hosting arrangement. Our cloud computing arrangements involve services we use to support certain internal corporate functions as well as technology associated with revenue-generating activities. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, capitalized implementation costs, net of accumulated amortization, were \$215.4 million and \$206.5 million, respectively, and are presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$7.6 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, and is presented in the same line item in the consolidated statements of income as the expense for the associated cloud services arrangement. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we also recognized a charge of \$28.5 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy, which was included within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes.

7Table of ContentsLeases - We evaluate each of our lease and service arrangements at inception to determine if the arrangement is, or contains, a lease and the appropriate classification of each identified lease. A lease exists if we obtain substantially all of the economic benefits of, and have the right to control the use of, an asset for a period of time. Right-of-use assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease agreement. We recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the lease commencement date based on the present values of fixed lease payments over the term of the lease. Right-of-use assets may also be adjusted to reflect any prepayments made or any incentive payments received. Operating lease costs and depreciation expense for finance leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. We consider a termination or renewal option in the determination of the lease term when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Because our leases generally do not provide a readily determinable implicit interest rate, we use an incremental borrowing rate to measure the lease liability and associated right-of-use asset at the lease commencement date. The incremental borrowing rate used is a fully collateralized rate that considers our credit rating, market conditions and the term of the lease at the lease commencement date. We have made an accounting policy election to not recognize assets or liabilities for leases with a term of less than 12 months and to account for all components in a lease arrangement as a single combined lease component for all asset classes with the exception of computer equipment, for which we account for lease and nonlease components separately. See "Note 7â€“Leases" for further information.

Impairment of long-lived assets - We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the carrying amount of property and equipment, capitalized software, lease right-of-use assets and finite-life intangible assets may not be recoverable. When factors indicate that these long-lived assets should be evaluated for possible impairment, we assess the potential impairment by determining whether the carrying amount of such long-lived assets will be recovered through the future undiscounted cash flows expected from use of the asset and its eventual disposition. The evaluation is performed at the asset group level, which is the lowest level of identifiable cash flows. If the carrying amount of the asset group is determined to be not recoverable, a write-down to fair value is recognized. Fair values are determined based on quoted market prices or discounted cash flow analysis as applicable. We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the useful lives of property and equipment and finite-life intangible assets may warrant revision. Assets held for sale - We classify an asset or business as held for sale disposal group if we have committed to a plan to sell the asset or business within one year and are actively marketing the asset or business in its current condition for a price that is reasonable in comparison to its estimated fair value. Disposal groups held for sale are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Long-lived assets classified as held for sale are not subject to depreciation or amortization, and both the assets and any liabilities directly associated with the disposal group are presented net within separate current and noncurrent held for sale line items in our consolidated balance sheets. Subsequent changes to the estimated selling price of an asset or disposal group held for sale are recognized as gains or losses in our consolidated statement of income and any subsequent gains are limited to the cumulative losses previously recognized.

Notes receivable and allowance for credit losses - During the year ended December 31, 2023, we provided seller financing in connection with the sale of our former consumer and gaming businesses. We classify notes receivable as held for investment based on the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff, and the notes are presented at amortized cost within notes receivable in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method, which includes the accretion of the difference between the fair value at inception and the face value of the notes. We are exposed to credit losses on the notes. We utilize a probability-of-default and loss given default method to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses applied at the loan level. A variety of factors are considered to estimate the expected credit loss, including the probability of default (representing the probability the asset will default within a given time frame), the loss given default (representing the percentage of the asset that is not expected to be collected due to default), leverage ratios, interest rates, market and industry data, and forecasts that affect the collectibility of the reported amount. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with expected timing of payment, industry trends and current and anticipated future economic conditions. Expected credit losses are estimated over the life of the loans, adjusted for expected prepayments when appropriate. We recognized a noncash charge as an allowance for estimated future credit losses on the notes of \$15.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, which is included as a component of interest and other expense in our consolidated statements of income. Notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$15.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

7Table of ContentsEquity method investments - We have certain investments, including a 45% interest in China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. that we account for using the equity method of accounting. Equity method investments are recognized initially at cost and subsequently adjusted for our portion of equity in earnings, cash contributions and distributions, and foreign currency translation adjustments. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had total equity method investments of \$999.3 million and \$989.6 million, respectively, presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

Accrued buyout liability - Certain of our Merchant Solutions salespersons in the United States are paid residual commissions based on the profitability generated by certain merchant customers. We have the right, but not the obligation, to buy out some or all of these commissions and intend to do so periodically. Such purchases of the commissions are at a fixed multiple of the last 12 months of commissions. Because of our intent and ability to execute purchases of the residual commissions, and the mutual understanding between us and our salespersons, we have accounted for this deferred compensation arrangement pursuant to the substantive nature of the plan. Therefore, we recognize a liability for the amount that we would have to pay (the "settlement cost") to buy out related commissions in their entirety from vested salespersons, and an estimated amount for unvested salespersons based on their progress towards vesting and the expected percentage that will become vested. As the liability increases over the first year of the related merchant contract, we recognize a related asset. Subsequent changes in the estimated accrued buyout liability due to merchant attrition, same-store sales growth or contraction and changes in profitability are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of income. The classification of the accrued buyout liability between current and noncurrent in the consolidated balance sheet is based upon our estimate of the amount of the accrued buyout liability that we reasonably expect to pay over the next 12 months.

Income taxes - Deferred income taxes are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax laws and rates. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. We periodically assess our tax exposures related to periods that are open to examination. Based on the latest available information, we evaluate our tax positions to determine whether the position will more likely than not be sustained upon examination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authorities. If we do not reach a more-likely-than-not determination, no benefit is recognized. If we determine that the tax position is more likely than not to be sustained, we recognize the largest amount of benefit that is more likely than not to be realized when the tax position is settled. We present interest and penalties related to unrecognized income tax benefits in interest and other expense and selling, general and administrative expenses, respectively, in our consolidated statements of income. See "Note 12â€“Income Tax" for further information.

Derivative instruments - We may use interest rate swaps or other derivative instruments to manage a portion of our exposure to the variability in interest rates. Our objective in managing our exposure to fluctuation in interest rates is to better control this element of cost and to mitigate the earnings and cash flow volatility associated with changes in applicable rates. We have established policies and procedures that encompass risk-management philosophy and objectives, guidelines for derivative instrument usage, counterparty credit approval, and the monitoring and reporting of derivative activity. We do not use derivative instruments for speculation. At inception, we formally designate and document instruments that qualify for hedge accounting of underlying exposures. When qualified for hedge accounting, these financial instruments are recognized at fair value in our consolidated balance sheets, and changes in fair value are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and included in accumulated other comprehensive loss within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. Cash flows resulting from settlements are presented as a component of cash flows from operating activities within our consolidated statements of cash flows. We formally assess, both at inception and at least quarterly, whether the financial instruments used in hedging transactions are effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of the related underlying exposure. Fluctuations in the value of these instruments generally are offset by changes in the forecasted cash flows of the underlying exposures being hedged. This offset is driven by the high degree of effectiveness between the exposure being hedged and the hedging instrument. We designated each of our active interest rate swap agreements as a cash flow hedge of interest payments on variable rate borrowings.

7Table of ContentsIn addition, we designated our Euro-denominated senior notes as a hedge of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations. The purpose of the net investment hedge is to offset the volatility of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses associated with the Euro-denominated senior notes and our Euro-denominated operations are presented within the same components of other comprehensive income and accumulated comprehensive income. See "Note 10â€“Derivatives and Hedging Instruments" for further information about our derivative instruments.

Fair value measurements - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the reporting date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques into three broad levels. Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are based on other observable market data, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable such as interest rates and yield curves. Level 3 inputs are developed from unobservable data reflecting our assumptions and include situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability.

Fair value of financial instruments - The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, receivables, settlement lines of credit, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value given the short-term nature of these items. The estimated fair value of our senior notes was based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. The estimated fair value of our \$2.0 billion 1.500% convertible notes was based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy and our \$1.5 billion 1.000% convertible notes was based on a lattice pricing model and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. Certain of our long-term debt arrangements include variable interest rates. The fair value of long-term debt with variable interest rates was determined using Level 2 inputs, and approximated carrying amount, exclusive of debt issuance costs. The fair values of our swap agreements were determined based on the present value of the estimated future net cash flows using implied rates in the applicable yield curve as of the valuation date and classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 9â€“Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" and "Note 10â€“Derivatives and Hedging Instruments" for further information. The estimated fair value of our notes receivable was based on a discounted cash flow approach and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 3â€“Business Dispositions" for further information. We also have investments in equity instruments without readily determinable fair values. As permitted, we have elected a measurement alternative for equity instruments that do not have readily determinable fair values. Under such alternative, these instruments are measured at cost plus or minus any changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer less any impairments. Any resulting change in carrying amount would be reflected in net income.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests - Redeemable noncontrolling interests refers to noncontrolling interests that are redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within our control and is reported in the mezzanine section between total liabilities and shareholders' equity, as temporary equity in our consolidated balance sheets. The redeemable noncontrolling interests for each subsidiary are adjusted each reporting period to the higher of: (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of comprehensive income (loss), capital contributions and distributions or (ii) the redemption price. In determining the measurement method of redemption price, we have elected to accrete changes in the redemption price over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the instrument using the effective interest method, applied prospectively. We have also elected to recognize the entire amount of any redemption price adjustments in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in our consolidated statements of income. Certain of our redeemable noncontrolling interests are redeemable at fair value and are considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 16â€“Noncontrolling Interests" for further information.

7Table of ContentsForeign currencies - We have significant operations in a number of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currency is the local currency. The assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is a foreign currency are translated into the reporting currency at the period-end rate of exchange. Income statement items are translated at the weighted-average rates prevailing during the period. The resulting translation adjustment is presented as a component of other comprehensive income and is included in accumulated comprehensive income within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. Gains and losses on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are generally included in determining net income for the period.â€“For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, our transaction gains and losses were insignificant. Transaction gains and losses on intercompany balances of a long-term investment nature are presented as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and included in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. When a foreign subsidiary is disposed of in its entirety, the associated accumulated foreign currency translation gains or losses are reclassified from the separate component of equity into our consolidated statement of income.

Earnings per share - Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income attributable to Global Payments by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period. Earnings available to common shareholders is the same as net income attributable to Global Payments for all periods presented.â€“Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to Global Payments by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period, including the effect of share-based awards, convertible notes or other potential securities that would have a dilutive effect on EPS. All stock options with an exercise price lower than the average market share price of our common stock for the period are assumed to have a dilutive effect on EPS. The dilutive share base for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 excluded approximately 293,422, 191,353 and 700,119, respectively, shares related to stock options that would have an antidilutive effect on the computation of diluted earnings per share. The effect of the potential shares needed to settle the conversion spread on our convertible notes is included in diluted EPS if the effect is dilutive. The effect depends on the market share price of our common stock at the time of conversion and would be dilutive if the average market share price of our common stock for the period exceeds the conversion price. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the convertible notes were not included in the computation of diluted EPS as the effect would have been anti-dilutive. Furthermore, the effect of the related capped call transactions is not included in the computation of diluted EPS as it is always anti-dilutive. The following table sets forth the computation of the diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding for all periods presented: Years Ended December 31, 2024 2023 2022 (in thousands) Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding 254,291 261,126 275,191 Plus: Dilutive effect of stock options and other share-based awards 554 572 385 Diluted weighted-average number of

shares outstanding 254,845,261,698,275,576 Repurchased shares - We account for the retirement of repurchased shares using the par value method under which the repurchase price is charged to paid-in capital up to the amount of the original issue proceeds of those shares. When the repurchase price is greater than the original issue proceeds, the excess is charged to retained earnings. We use a last-in, first-out cost assumption to identify the original issue proceeds of the shares repurchased. See "Note 13" Shareholders' Equity" for further information. 80 Table of Contents NOTE 2a "ACQUISITION" EVO Payments, Inc. In March 2023, we acquired all of the outstanding common stock of EVO Payments, Inc. (a "EVO"). EVO is a payment technology and services provider, offering payment solutions to merchants ranging from small and middle market enterprises to multinational companies and organizations across the Americas and Europe. The acquisition aligns with our technology-enabled payments strategy, expands our geographic presence in attractive markets and augments our business-to-business software and payment solutions business. Total purchase consideration was \$4.3 billion, which consisted of the following (in thousands): Cash paid to EVO shareholders (1) \$3,273,951. Cash paid for equity awards attributable to purchase consideration (2) \$58,510. Value of replacement awards attributable to purchase consideration (3) \$2,484.4. Total purchase consideration transferred to EVO shareholders \$3,334,945. Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees) \$665,557. A. Payment of certain acquiree transaction costs and other liabilities on behalf of EVO (4) \$269,118. Total purchase consideration \$4,269,620. (1) Holders of EVO common stock, convertible preferred stock and common units received \$34 for each share of EVO common stock held at the effective time of the transaction. (2) Pursuant to the merger agreement, we cash settled vested options and certain unvested equity awards of EVO equity award holders. (3) Pursuant to the merger agreement, we granted equity awards for approximately 0.3 million shares of Global Payments common stock to certain EVO equity award holders. Each such replacement award is subject to the same terms and conditions (including vesting and exercisability) that applied to the corresponding EVO equity award. We apportioned the fair value of the replacement awards between purchase consideration (the portion attributable to pre-acquisition services in relation to the total vesting term of the award) and amounts to be recognized in periods following the acquisition as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period of the replacement awards. (4) Certain acquiree transaction costs and liabilities, including amounts outstanding under EVO's "s" tax receivable agreement, were required to be repaid by us upon consummation of the acquisition. 81 Table of Contents The cash portion of the purchase consideration was funded through cash on hand and borrowings under our revolving credit facility. We accounted for the EVO acquisition as a business combination, which generally requires that we recognize the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value as of the acquisition date. The final estimated acquisition-date fair values of major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including a reconciliation to the total purchase consideration, were as follows (in thousands): Final Amounts Cash and cash equivalents \$324,859 Accounts receivable \$51,470 Settlement processing assets \$134,712 Deferred income tax assets \$1,734 Property and equipment \$72,100 Identifiable intangible assets \$1,478,995 Other assets \$148,567 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (289,360) Settlement lines of credit (7,587) Settlement processing obligations (163,535) Deferred income tax liabilities (253,221) Other liabilities (61,207) Total identifiable net assets \$1,437,527 Redeemable noncontrolling interests (471,119) Goodwill \$3,303,212 Total purchase consideration \$4,269,620 During the year ended December 31, 2024, we made measurement-period adjustments that increased the amount of goodwill by \$19.9 million, primarily related to deferred income taxes as a result of finalizing the evaluation of the differences in the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. The effects of the measurement-period adjustments on our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 were not material. Goodwill arising from the acquisition was included in the Merchant Solutions segment and was attributable to expected growth opportunities, potential synergies from combining the acquired business into our existing businesses and an assembled workforce. We expect that approximately \$1.2 billion of the goodwill from this acquisition will be deductible for income tax purposes. 82 Table of Contents The following table reflects the estimated acquisition-date fair values of the identified intangible assets of EVO and their respective weighted-average estimated amortization periods: Estimated Fair Value Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods (in thousands) (years) Customer-related intangible assets \$916,000 11 Contract-based intangible assets \$470,000 12 Acquired technologies \$86,995 7 Trademarks and trade names \$6,000 2 Total estimated identifiable intangible assets \$1,478,995 11 For the year ended December 31, 2024, and during the period from the acquisition date through December 31, 2023, the acquired operations of EVO contributed less than 10% to our consolidated revenues and operating income. The historical revenue and earnings of EVO were not material for the purpose of presenting pro forma information. In addition, transaction costs associated with this business combination were not material. Other Acquisitions During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we completed other acquisitions that were insignificant, individually and in the aggregate, to the consolidated financial statements. For one of the acquisitions during the year ended December 31, 2024, \$4.7 million of consideration is payable in the year ending December 31, 2025 and \$8.8 million is payable in the year ending December 31, 2026. Valuation of Identified Intangible Assets For the acquisitions discussed above, the estimated fair values of customer-related and contract-based intangible assets were generally determined using the income approach, which was based on projected cash flows discounted to their present value using discount rates that consider the timing and risk of the forecasted cash flows. The discount rates used represented a risk adjusted market participant weighted-average cost of capital, derived using customary market metrics. Acquired technologies were valued using the replacement cost method, which required us to estimate the costs to construct an asset of equivalent utility at prices available at the time of the valuation analysis, with adjustments in value for physical deterioration and functional and economic obsolescence. Trademarks and trade names were valued using the "relief-from-royalty" approach. This method assumes that trademarks and trade names have value to the extent that their owner is relieved of the obligation to pay royalties for the benefits received from them. This method required us to estimate the future revenues for the related assets, the appropriate royalty rate and the weighted-average cost of capital. NOTE 3 "BUSINESS DISPOSITIONS" AdvancedMD, Inc. - In December 2024, we completed the sale of AdvancedMD, Inc. ("AdvancedMD") for approximately \$1 billion, subject to certain closing adjustments, and up to \$125 million contingent upon the purchaser achieving certain specified returns. AdvancedMD is a provider of software-as-a-service solutions to small-to-medium sized ambulatory physician practices in the United States, and was included in our Merchant Solutions segment prior to disposition. We recognized a gain on the sale of \$273.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2024. Gaming Business - In April 2023, we completed the sale of our gaming business for approximately \$400 million, subject to certain closing adjustments. The gaming business was included in our Merchant Solutions segment prior to disposition, and had been presented as held for sale in our consolidated balance sheet since December 31, 2022. We recognized a gain on the sale of \$106.9 million during the year ended December 31, 2023. 83 Table of Contents Consumer Business - In April 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business for approximately \$1 billion, subject to certain closing adjustments. The consumer business comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment prior to disposition, and had been presented as held for sale with certain adjustments to report the disposal group at fair value less costs to sell in our consolidated balance sheet since June 30, 2022. We recognized a loss on this business disposition in our consolidated statements of income of \$243.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2023. The loss during the year ended December 31, 2023 included the effects of incremental negotiated closing adjustments, changes in the estimated fair value of the seller financing and the effects of the final tax structure of the transaction. We also recognized charges within net loss on business dispositions in our consolidated statements of income of \$71.9 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 to reduce the disposal group to estimated fair value less costs to sell, which related primarily to estimated costs to sell and changes in the estimated fair value of the fixed rate seller financing commitment. As further discussed in "Note 1" Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, "we recognized a goodwill impairment charge of \$833.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 related to our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit. Notes Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses In connection with the sale of our consumer business, we provided seller financing consisting of the following: (1) a first lien seven-year secured term loan facility with an aggregate principal amount of \$350 million bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 9.0%, including 3.5% payable quarterly in cash and 5.5% settled quarterly via the issuance of additional paid-in-kind ("PIK") notes with the same terms as the original notes until December 2024, after which interest will be payable quarterly in cash along with quarterly principal payments of \$4.375 million with the remaining balance due at maturity; and (2) a second lien twenty-five year secured term loan facility with an aggregate principal amount of \$325 million bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 13.0% PIK due at maturity. The aggregate fair value of the first and second lien term loans upon the closing of the transaction was \$653.9 million, calculated using a discounted cash flow approach. In addition, during the second quarter of 2023, we provided the purchasers a five-year \$50 million secured revolving facility, bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 9.0% payable quarterly in cash, initial drawings on which were subsequently repaid during the third quarter of 2023. In connection with the sale of our gaming business in April 2023, we provided seller financing consisting of an unsecured promissory note due April 1, 2030 with an aggregate principal amount of \$32 million bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 11.0%. We recognized interest income of \$89.9 million on the notes during the year ended December 31, 2024 and \$58.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2023, as a component of interest and other income in the consolidated statements of income. The issuance of the notes in connection with the sale transactions was a noncash investing activity in our consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was an aggregate principal amount of \$810.2 million and \$753.5 million, respectively, outstanding on the notes, including PIK interest, and the notes are presented net of the allowance for credit losses of \$15.2 million within notes receivable in our consolidated balance sheets. Principal payments due within 12 months are included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets. The estimated fair value of the notes receivable was \$809.3 million and \$735.6 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The estimated fair value of notes receivable was based on a discounted cash flow approach and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. Sale of Merchant Solutions Business in Russia - We sold our Merchant Solutions business in Russia in April 2022 for cash proceeds of \$9 million. During the year ended December 31, 2022, we recognized a loss of \$127.2 million associated with the sale, comprised of the difference between the consideration received and the net carrying amount of the business and the reclassification of \$62.9 million of associated accumulated foreign currency translation losses from the separate component of equity. The loss was presented within net loss on business dispositions in our consolidated statement of income. 84 Table of Contents NOTE 4 "REVENUES" The following tables present a disaggregation of our revenues from contracts with customers by geography for each of our reportable segments for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022: Year Ended December 31, 2024 Merchant Solutions Issuer Solutions Intersegment Eliminations Total (in thousands) Americas \$6,254,163 \$1,883,852 \$ (23,260) \$8,114,755 Europe \$1,174,828 \$56,599 \$ - \$1,231,427 Asia Pacific \$259,712 \$43,206 \$ (43,206) \$259,712 \$7,688,703 \$2,483,657 \$ (66,466) \$10,105,894 Year Ended December 31, 2023 Merchant Solutions Issuer Solutions Consumer Solutions Intersegment Eliminations Total (in thousands) Americas \$5,867,308 \$1,849,638 \$182,740 \$ (37,094) \$7,862,592 Europe \$1,023,546 \$507,342 \$ (6,000) \$1,530,888 Asia Pacific \$260,939 \$41,890 \$ (41,890) \$260,939 \$7,151,793 \$2,398,870 \$182,740 \$ (78,984) \$9,654,419 Year Ended December 31, 2022 Merchant Solutions Issuer Solutions Consumer Solutions Intersegment Eliminations Total (in thousands) Americas \$5,236,728 \$1,739,620 \$ (620,482) \$ (58,916) \$7,537,914 Europe \$720,660 \$469,412 \$ (6,000) \$1,190,072 Asia Pacific \$247,529 \$36,591 \$ (36,591) \$247,529 \$6,204,917 \$2,245,623 \$ (620,482) \$ (95,507) \$8,975,515 85 Table of Contents In our Merchant Solutions segment, we actively market and provide our payment services, enterprise software solutions and other value-added services directly to our customers through a variety of relationship-led and technology-enabled distribution channels. Through our relationship-led direct sales forces worldwide, as well as financial institution and other referral partnerships, we offer our payments technology services, software and other value-added solutions directly to customers across numerous verticals in the markets we serve. Our technology-enabled distribution channel includes integrated and vertical market software solutions and e-commerce and omnichannel solutions. The following table presents a disaggregation of our Merchant Solutions segment revenues by distribution channel for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022: 2024 2023 2022 (in thousands) Relationship-led \$3,925,253 \$3,738,536 \$3,189,046 Technology-enabled \$3,763,450 \$3,413,257 \$3,015,871 ASC 606 requires that we determine for each customer arrangement whether revenue should be recognized at a point in time or over time. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, substantially all of our revenues were recognized over time. Supplemental balance sheet information related to contracts from customers as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows: Balance Sheet Location December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 December 31, 2022 (in thousands) Assets: Capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts, net Other noncurrent assets \$338,960 \$360,684 \$329,785 Capitalized costs to fulfill customer contracts, net Other noncurrent assets \$174,024 \$197,355 \$152,520 Liabilities: Contract liabilities, net (current) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$242,769 \$229,686 \$226,254 Contract liabilities, net (noncurrent) Other noncurrent liabilities \$50,555 \$54,246 \$45,613 Net contract assets were not material at December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 or December 31, 2022. Revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 from contract liability balances at the beginning of each period was \$200.0 million and \$199.7 million, respectively. 86 Table of Contents ASC 606 requires disclosure of the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations. The purpose of this disclosure is to provide additional information about the amounts and expected timing of revenue to be recognized from the remaining performance obligations in our existing contracts. The following table includes estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at December 31, 2024. However, as permitted, we have elected to exclude from this disclosure any contracts with an original duration of one year or less and any variable consideration that meets specified criteria. Accordingly, the total amount of unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations related to processing services is significantly higher than the amounts disclosed in the table below (in thousands): Year ending December 31, 2025 \$1,163,120 \$2,026,902 \$2,704,202 \$2,698,486 \$2,839,044 \$2,029,182 \$2,062,203 and thereafter \$352,999 Total \$3,689,981 NOTE 5 "PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT" As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, property and equipment consisted of the following: A Range of Depreciable Lives 2024 2023 (in thousands) Software \$5-10 \$2,197,746 \$1,937,440 Equipment \$3-20 \$1,076,164 \$1,076,164 Buildings \$10-19 \$409,969 \$409,969 Leasehold improvements \$5-15 \$1,360,120 \$1,360,120 Furniture and fixtures \$5-10 \$102,913 \$104,474 Land \$11 \$634,118 \$214,369 \$214,369 Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (2,139,127) (1,800,382) Work-in-progress \$21,953 \$64,809 \$2,277,593 \$2,190,005 During the year ended December 31, 2024, we wrote off capitalized software assets \$27.3 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy, which was presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes. 87 Table of Contents NOTE 6 "GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS" As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, goodwill and other intangible assets consisted of the following: A 2024 2023 (in thousands) Goodwill \$26,286,318 \$26,743,523 Other intangible assets: Customer-related intangible assets \$10,354,686 \$10,653,036 Acquired technologies \$3,051,188 \$3,005,576 Contract-based intangible assets \$2,310,430 \$2,254,273 Trademarks and trade names \$1,048,181 \$1,074,631 \$1,764,485 \$1,687,516 Less accumulated amortization: Customer-related intangible assets \$4,420,615 \$3,866,686 Acquired technologies \$2,306,420 \$2,047,330 Contract-based intangible assets \$439,237 \$309,886 Trademarks and trade names \$666,270 \$595,568 \$7,832,542 \$6,819,470 \$8,931,943 \$10,168,046 88 Table of Contents The following table sets forth the changes by reportable segment in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022: Merchant Solutions Issuer Solutions Consumer Solutions Total (in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2021 \$14,063,682 \$9,908,014 \$841,578 \$24,813,274 Goodwill acquired (3,296,4) \$ - \$ - \$ (3,296,4) Effect of foreign currency translation (66,251) (29,009) \$ - (95,260) Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business (1) (17,719) \$ - \$ - \$ (17,719) Impairment of goodwill (2) (833,075) (833,075) (Re)allocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units (2) (357,933) (357,933) \$ - \$ - Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale (3) (163,105) \$ - \$ - (163,105) Measurement-period adjustments (2,958) (17,281) \$ - (20,239) Balance at December 31, 2022 \$13,816,945 \$9,503,791 \$ - \$23,320,736 Goodwill acquired (4) (3,283,285) \$ - \$ - (3,283,285) Effect of foreign currency translation (126,835) (12,904) \$ - (139,739) Measurement-period adjustments (237) \$ - \$ - (237) Balance at December 31, 2023 \$13,212,226 \$8,288,951 \$6,695,523 \$26,743,523 Goodwill acquired (193,252) \$ - \$ - (193,252) Effect of foreign currency translation (223,564) (7,909) \$ - (231,473) Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business (5) (438,911) \$ - (438,911) Measurement-period adjustments (19,927) \$ - (19,927) Balance at December 31, 2024 \$12,456,522 \$9,508,786 \$ - \$26,286,318 (1) Reflects goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of our Merchant Solutions business in Russia. See "Note 3" Business Dispositions for further discussion. (2) Reflects a goodwill impairment charge related to our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit. In connection with the change in presentation of segment information during the year ended December 31, 2022, accumulated impairment losses associated with our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit were reallocated to our new reporting units based on relative fair value. See "Note

1â€Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for further discussion. (3) Reflects the reclassification of goodwill in connection with the presentation of the consumer and gaming businesses as held for sale. See â€Note 3â€ "Business Dispositions" for further discussion. (4) Reflects goodwill acquired in connection with our EVO acquisition. See â€Note 2â€ "Acquisitions" for further discussion. (5) Reflects goodwill recognized in connection with the sale of our AdvancedMD business. See â€Note 3â€ "Business Dispositions" for further discussion. Accumulated impairment losses for goodwill were \$357.9 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and included in our Issuer Solutions segment. 89Table of ContentsCustomer-related intangible assets, acquired technologies, contract-based intangible assets, and trademarks and trade names acquired during the year ended December 31, 2024 had weighted-average amortization periods of 6.7 years, 5.0 years, 6.3 years, and 7.0 years, respectively. Customer-related intangible assets, acquired technologies, contract-based intangible assets, and trademarks and trade names acquired during the year ended December 31, 2023 had weighted-average amortization periods of 10.8 years, 6.3 years, 12.0 years, and 2.0 years, respectively. Amortization expense of acquired intangibles was \$1,369.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, \$1,318.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 and \$1,263.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. The estimated amortization expense of acquired intangibles as of December 31, 2024 for the next five years, calculated using the currency exchange rate at the date of acquisition, if applicable, is as follows (in thousands): 2025 \$1,331,709 2026 1,192,308 2027 955,966 2028 777,245 2029 790,785 90Table of ContentsNOTE 7â€ "LEASESOur leases consist primarily of operating real estate leases for office space and data centers in the markets in which we conduct business. We also have operating and finance leases for computer and other equipment. Many of our leases include escalating rental payments and incentives, as well as termination and renewal options. Certain of our lease agreements provide that we pay the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities consisted of the following: Balance Sheet Location December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (in thousands) Assets: Operating lease right-of-use assets: Real estate Other noncurrent assets \$278,942 \$340,061 Computer equipment Other noncurrent assets \$ 5,352 Other noncurrent assets \$116.302 Total operating lease right-of-use assets \$279,056 \$345,715 Finance lease right-of-use assets: Computer equipment Property and equipment, net \$700.11, 168.8 Other equipment Property and equipment, net \$52,365.5 2,264.4 Other Property and equipment, net \$8,615.6 6,634.6 61,680.7 0,066.4 Less accumulated depreciation: Computer equipment Property and equipment, net (457.7) (4,361.0) Other equipment Property and equipment, net (39,021) (38,338.0) Other Property and equipment, net (3,409) (4,497.0) Total accumulated depreciation (42,887) (47,196) Total finance lease right-of-use assets 18,793 22,870 Total right-of-use assets (1) \$297,851 \$368,585 Liabilities: Operating lease liabilities (current) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$71,607 \$81,696 Operating lease liabilities (noncurrent) Other noncurrent liabilities 354,491 411,227 Finance lease liabilities (current) Current portion of long-term debt 8,099 12,055 Finance lease liabilities (noncurrent) Long-term debt 8,283 12,470 Total lease liabilities \$442,480 \$517,448 (1) As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, approximately 70% of our right-of-use assets were located in the United States. The weighted-average remaining lease term for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2024 was 7.8 years and 3.1 years, respectively. The weighted-average remaining lease term for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2023 was 8.4 years and 3.2 years, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, the weighted-average discount rate used in the measurement of operating and finance lease liabilities was 3.8% and 4.6%, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, the weighted-average discount rate used in the measurement of operating and finance lease liabilities was 4.0% and 3.7%, respectively. 91Table of Contents As of December 31, 2024, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows: Operating Leases Finance Leases (in thousands) Year ending December 31, 2025 \$85,984 \$8,362 2026 82,251 4,323 2027 68,404 3,037 2028 56,940 1,674 2029 42,330 1,297 2030 33,000 1,000 and thereafter 156,586 \$ Total lease payments 492,495 17,396 Imputed interest (66,397) (1,014) Total lease liabilities \$426,098 \$16,382 Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$98.7 million, including \$89.4 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$9.3 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2024 include variable lease costs of \$14.5 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$12.3 million, including \$11.7 million of amortization on right-of-use assets and \$0.6 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2024. Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$101.6 million, including \$81.6 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$20.0 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2023 include variable lease costs of \$19.1 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$14.1 million, including \$13.2 million of amortization on right-of-use assets and \$0.9 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2023. Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$137.8 million, including \$105.7 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$32.1 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 include variable lease costs of \$21.0 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$18.1 million, including \$16.7 million of amortization on right-of-use assets and \$1.4 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2022. Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$93.0 million, \$101.7 million and \$120.7 million, respectively, which are included as a component of cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Operating lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets, net of reductions resulting from certain lease modifications, were \$30.2 million, \$31.2 million and \$25.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of finance lease liabilities that is included as a component of cash used in financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows was \$16.1 million, \$12.9 million and \$21.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Finance lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets, net of reductions resulting from certain lease modifications, were \$9.4 million, \$4.4 million and \$8.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. 92Table of Contents In connection with the EVO acquisition completed during the year ended December 31, 2023, we acquired right-of-use assets and assumed lease liabilities for operating leases of \$41.3 million. In connection with business dispositions completed during the year ended December 31, 2023, we disposed of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for operating leases of \$4.9 million and \$4.9 million, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, including the purchase of certain assets previously leased. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the reduction in operating lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$5.4 million. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the reduction in operating and finance lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$10.3 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the reduction in operating and finance lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$44.2 million and \$9.7 million, respectively. NOTE 8 - OTHER ASSETS Visa Preferred Shares Through certain of our subsidiaries in Europe, we were a member and shareholder of Visa Europe Limited ("Visa Europe"). On June 21, 2016, Visa Inc. ("Visa") acquired all of the membership interests in Visa Europe, and we received consideration in the form of cash and Series B and C convertible preferred shares of Visa. We assigned the preferred shares a value of zero based on transfer restrictions, Visa's ability to adjust the conversion rate and the estimation uncertainty associated with those factors. Based on the outcome of any current or potential litigation involving Visa Europe in the United Kingdom and elsewhere in Europe, the conversion rate of the preferred shares could be adjusted down such that the number of Visa common shares we receive could be as low as zero. The Series B and C convertible preferred shares become convertible in stages based on developments in the litigation and become fully convertible no later than 2028 (subject to a holdback to cover any then pending claims). In July 2022, in connection with the second mandatory release assessment, a portion of the Series B and C convertible preferred shares was converted by Visa. We recognized a gain of \$13.2 million reported in interest and other income in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022 based on the fair value of the shares received and subsequently sold. In July 2024, in connection with the third mandatory release assessment, a portion of the Series B and C convertible preferred shares was converted by Visa. We recognized a gain of \$18.8 million reported in interest and other income in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 based on the fair value of the shares received and subsequently sold. The remaining Series B and C convertible preferred shares continue to be carried at an assigned value of zero based on the aforementioned factors. In addition, through the acquisition of EVO in 2023, we obtained Series A and C convertible preferred shares of Visa. The Series C preferred shares are carried at an assigned value of zero based on the aforementioned factors. The Series A convertible preferred shares were not restricted and were convertible into a fixed number of Visa Class A common shares. In November 2023, the Series A convertible preferred shares were converted into a fixed number of Visa Class A common shares and sold for cash proceeds of \$42.1 million. Prior to sale, the Visa Class A common shares were presented at fair value in our consolidated balance sheet with changes in fair value recognized in interest and other income in our consolidated statement of income. 93Table of Contents NOTE 9â€ "LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDITAs of December 31, 2024 and 2023, long-term debt consisted of the following: December 31, 2024 December 31, 2023 (in thousands) Long-term Debt 1,500.000 senior notes due November 15, 2024 \$499,143 2.650% senior notes due February 15, 2025 999,791 998,172 1.200% senior notes due March 1, 2026 1,097,764 1,095,848 4.800% senior notes due April 1, 2026 674,125 775,425 2.150% senior notes due January 15, 2027 747,447 746,196 4.950% senior notes due August 15, 2027 497,425 496,444 4.450% senior notes due June 1, 2028 465,012 469,406 3.200% senior notes due August 15, 2029 1,242,715 1,241,169 5.300% senior notes due August 15, 2029 496,762 496,063 2.900% senior notes due May 15, 2030 993,708 992,537 2.900% senior notes due November 15, 2031 744,233 743,394 5.400% senior notes due August 15, 2032 743,730 742,908 4.150% senior notes due August 15, 2047 941,215 740,860 4.950% senior notes due August 15, 2052 738,975 738,576 4.875% senior notes due March 17, 2031 820,952 873,747 1.000% convertible senior notes due August 15, 2029 461,761 1,453,493 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031 970,577 \$ Revolving credit facility 1,500,000 1,570,000 Commercial paper notes \$ 1,371,639 Finance lease liabilities 16,382 24,525 Other borrowings 197,793 243,337 Total long-term debt 16,240,367 16,312,882 Less current portion 1,075,708 620,585 Long-term debt, excluding current portions 15,164,659 \$ 15,692,297 The carrying amounts of our senior notes and convertible notes in the table above are presented net of unamortized discount and unamortized debt issuance costs, as applicable. At December 31, 2024, the unamortized discount on senior notes and convertible notes was \$38.5 million, and unamortized debt issuance costs on senior notes and convertible notes were \$92.8 million. At December 31, 2023, the unamortized discount on senior notes and convertible notes was \$46.1 million and unamortized debt issuance costs on senior notes and convertible notes were \$78.4 million. The portion of unamortized debt issuance costs related to revolving credit facilities is included in other noncurrent assets. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, unamortized debt issuance costs on the unsecured revolving credit facility were \$13.4 million and \$18.5 million, respectively. The amortization of debt discounts and debt issuance costs is recognized as an increase to interest expense over the terms of the respective debt instruments. Amortization of discounts and debt issuance costs was \$31.5 million, \$27.0 million and \$20.5 million, respectively, for years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022. 94Table of Contents At December 31, 2024, future maturities of long-term debt (excluding finance lease liabilities) are as follows by year (in thousands): Year ending December 31, 2025 \$1,068,459 2026 1,913,464 2027 790,646 2028 846,701 2029 253,411 2030 and thereafter 8,329,392 Total \$16,326,073 See "Note 7â€ "Leases" for more information about our finance lease liabilities, including maturities. Senior Notes We have \$11.1 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes outstanding, as presented in the table above, which are comprised of senior notes issued in 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020 and 2019, and senior notes assumed in our merger with Total System Services, Inc. ("TSYS") in September 2019 (the "TSYS Merger"). Interest on the senior notes is payable annually or semi-annually at various dates. Each series of the senior notes is redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the related indenture. On March 17, 2023, we issued a ~\$800 million aggregate principal amount of 4.875% senior unsecured notes due March 2031 and received net proceeds of ~\$790.6 million, or \$843.6 million based on the exchange rate on the issuance date. We issued the senior notes at a discount of \$2.8 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$7.2 million, including underwriting fees, professional services fees and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable annually in arrears on March 17 of each year, commencing March 17, 2024. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The net proceeds from the offering were used for general corporate purposes. On August 22, 2022, we issued \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.950% senior notes due August 2027; (ii) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.300% senior notes due August 2029; (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.400% senior notes due August 2032; and (iv) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.950% senior notes due August 2052. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$5.2 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$24.8 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing February 15, 2023. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The net proceeds from the offering were used to refinance the outstanding indebtedness under our credit facility, to make cash payments and pay transaction fees and expenses in connection with the acquisition of EVO and for general corporate purposes. 95Table of Contents On November 22, 2021, we issued \$2.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.500% senior notes due November 2024; (ii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.150% senior notes due January 2027; and (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.900% senior notes due November 2031. We incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$14.4 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 for the 2024 and 2031 notes and January 15 and July 15 on the 2027 note, commencing May 15, 2022 for the 2024 note and the 2031 note and July 15, 2022 for the 2027 note. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We used the net proceeds from the offering to repay the outstanding indebtedness under our prior credit facility and for general corporate purposes. In November 2024, we repaid our \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.500% senior notes upon maturity. On February 26, 2021, we issued \$1.1 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.200% senior unsecured notes due March 2026. We incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$8.6 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing September 1, 2021. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We used the net proceeds from this offering to fund the redemption in full of the 3.800% senior unsecured notes due April 2021, to repay a portion of the outstanding indebtedness under our prior credit facility and for general corporate purposes. We have \$1.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of 2.900% senior unsecured notes due May 2030. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing November 15, 2020. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$3.3 million and capitalized related debt issuance costs of \$8.4 million. We have \$3.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes, consisting of the following: (i) \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 2.650% senior notes due 2025; (ii) \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 3.200% senior notes due 2029; and (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.150% senior notes due 2049. Interest on the senior notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each February 15 and August 15, beginning on February 15, 2020. Each series of the senior notes is redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the related indenture. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$6.1 million and capitalized related debt issuance costs of \$29.6 million. In addition, in connection with the TSYS Merger, we assumed \$3.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes of TSYS, consisting of the following: (i) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.800% senior notes due 2021, which were redeemed in February 2021; (ii) \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.750% senior notes due 2023, which were redeemed in June 2023; (iii) \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.000%

senior notes due 2023, which were redeemed in June 2023; (iv) \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 4.800% senior notes due 2026; and (v) \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.450% senior notes due 2028. For the 4.800% senior notes due 2026, interest is payable semi-annually each April 1 and October 1. For the 4.450% senior notes due 2028, interest is payable semi-annually each June 1 and December 1. The difference between the acquisition-date fair value and face value of senior notes assumed in the TSYS Merger is recognized over the terms of the respective notes as a reduction of interest expense. The amortization of this fair value adjustment was \$15.7 million, \$15.7 million, and \$27.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

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**Convertible Notes**  
1.500% Convertible Notes due March 1, 2031  
On February 23, 2024, we issued \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through a private placement. The net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$1.97 billion reflecting debt issuance costs of \$33.5 million, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the convertible notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the convertible notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on September 1, 2024, to the holders of record on the preceding February 15 and August 15, respectively. Prior to December 1, 2030, the notes are convertible at the option of the holders only under certain conditions, including: (i) if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days within the last 30 consecutive trading days of the immediately preceding calendar quarter; (ii) for a five business day period following a ten-day consecutive trading period where the trading price of the notes is less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate; (iii) if we call any or all of the notes for redemption; or (iv) upon the occurrence of certain corporate events. On or after December 1, 2030, the notes are convertible at the option of the holders at any time until the second scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock based on a conversion rate of 6.371 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes (which is equal to a conversion price of approximately \$156.96 per share), subject to customary adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Upon conversion, the principal amount of, and interest due on, the convertible notes are required to be settled in cash and any other amounts may be settled in shares, cash or a combination of shares and cash at our election. We may not redeem the notes prior to March 6, 2028. On or after March 6, 2028, we have the option to redeem all or any portion of the notes for cash if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days within the last 30 consecutive trading day period at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest. If certain corporate events that constitute a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, any holder of the notes may require that we repurchase all or a portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, then the conversion rate will in certain circumstances be increased. The notes include customary covenants for notes of this type, as well as customary events of default, which may result in the acceleration of the maturity of the convertible notes. In connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain of the initial purchasers of the notes and other financial institutions to cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of common stock initially underlying the notes. The economic effect of the capped call transactions is to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon the conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option is elected, for amounts in excess of the principal amount of converted notes subject to a cap. The initial cap price of the capped call transactions is \$228.90 per share. The capped call transactions meet the accounting criteria to be reflected in stockholders' equity and not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$256.3 million incurred in connection with the capped call transactions was reflected as a reduction to paid-in-capital in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024, net of applicable income taxes. 1.000% Convertible Notes due August 15, 2029  
On August 8, 2022, we issued \$1.5 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.000% convertible unsecured senior notes due August 2029 in a private placement pursuant to an investment agreement with Silver Lake Partners. The net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$1.44 billion, reflecting an issuance discount of \$37.5 million and \$20.4 million of debt issuance costs, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the convertible notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the convertible notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning on February 15, 2023, to the holders of record on the preceding February 1 and August 1, respectively.

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The notes are convertible at the option of the holder at any time after the date that is 18 months after issuance (or earlier, upon the occurrence of certain corporate events) until the scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date and are presented within long-term debt in our consolidated balance sheet based on our intent and ability to refinance on a long-term basis should a conversion event occur. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock based on a conversion rate of 7.1272 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes (which is equal to a conversion price of approximately \$139.42 per share), subject to customary anti-dilution and other adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Upon conversion, the principal amount of, and interest due on, the convertible notes are required to be settled in cash and any other amounts may be settled in shares, cash or a combination of shares and cash at our election. The notes are not redeemable by us. If certain corporate events that constitute a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, any holder of the notes may require that we repurchase all or any portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price of par plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, then the conversion rate will in certain circumstances be increased for a specified period of time. The notes include customary covenants for notes of this type, as well as customary events of default, which may result in the acceleration of the maturity of the convertible notes.

**On August 8, 2022**, in connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain financial institutions to cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of common stock initially underlying the notes. The economic effect of the capped call transactions is to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option is elected, up to a cap price determined based on a hedging period that commenced on August 9, 2022 and concluded on August 25, 2022. The capped call had an initial strike price of \$140.67 per share and a cap price of \$229.26 per share. The capped call transactions meet the accounting criteria to be reflected in stockholders' equity and not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$302.4 million incurred in connection with the capped call transactions was reflected as a reduction to paid-in-capital in our consolidated statement of changes in equity during the year ended December 31, 2022, net of applicable income taxes. Revolving Credit Facility  
On August 19, 2022, we entered into a credit agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders and other agents. The credit agreement provides for an unsecured revolving credit facility of \$5.75 billion revolving credit facility. We capitalized debt issuance costs of \$12.3 million in connection with the issuances under the revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility matures in August 2027. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility may be repaid prior to maturity without premium or penalty, subject to payment of certain customary expenses of lenders and customary notice provisions. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility are available to be made in US dollars, euros, sterling, Canadian dollars and, subject to certain conditions, certain other currencies at our option. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility will bear interest, at our option, at a rate equal to (i) for SOFR based currencies or certain alternative currencies, a secured overnight financing rate (subject to a 0.00% floor) plus a 0.10% credit spread adjustment or an alternative currency term rate (subject to a 0.00% floor), as applicable, (ii) for US dollar borrowings, a base rate, (iii) for US dollar borrowings, a daily floating secured overnight financing rate (subject to a 0.00% floor on or after January 1, 2023) plus a 0.10% credit spread adjustment or (iv) for certain alternative currencies, a daily alternative currency rate (subject to a 0.00% floor), in each case, plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for borrowings under the revolving credit facility will range from 1.125% to 1.875% depending on our credit rating. In addition, we are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee with respect to the unused portion of the revolving credit facility at an applicable rate per annum ranging from 0.125% to 0.300% depending on our credit rating. We may issue standby letters of credit of up to \$250A million in the aggregate under the revolving credit facility. Outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility reduce the amount of borrowings available to us. The amounts available to borrow under the revolving credit facility are also determined by a financial leverage covenant. As of December 31, 2024, there were borrowings of \$1.5A billion outstanding under the revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 5.86%, and the total available commitments under the revolving credit facility were \$3.7A billion.

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**Commercial Paper**  
We have a \$2.0 billion commercial paper program under which we may issue senior unsecured commercial paper notes with maturities of up to 397 days from the date of issue. Commercial paper notes are expected to be issued at a discount from par, or they may bear interest, each at commercial paper market rates dictated by market conditions at the time of their issuance. The proceeds from issuances of commercial paper notes will be used primarily for general corporate purposes but may also be used for acquisitions, to pay dividends, for debt refinancing or for other purposes. As of December 31, 2024, we had no borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program. The commercial program is backstopped by our revolving credit agreement, in that the amount of commercial paper notes outstanding cannot exceed the undrawn portion of our revolving credit facility. As such, we could draw on the revolving credit facility to repay commercial paper notes that cannot be rolled over or refinanced with similar debt.

**Prior Credit Facility**  
Prior to the revolving credit facility, we were party to a prior credit facility agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders and other agents (as amended from time to time). The prior credit facility provided for a senior unsecured \$2.0 billion term loan facility and a senior unsecured \$3.0 billion revolving credit facility. In August 2022, all borrowings outstanding and other amounts due under the prior credit facility were repaid and the prior credit facility was terminated.

**Bridge Facility**  
On August 1, 2022, in connection with our entry into the EVO merger agreement, we obtained commitments for a \$4.3 billion, 364-day senior unsecured bridge facility. Upon the execution of permanent financing, including the issuance of our senior unsecured notes and entry into the revolving credit facility described above, the aggregate commitments under the bridge facility were reduced to zero and terminated. Fair Value of Long-Term Debt  
As of December 31, 2024, our senior notes had a total carrying amount of \$11.1 billion and an estimated fair value of \$10.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, our 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031 had a total carrying amount of \$2.0 billion and an estimated fair value of \$2.0 billion. The estimated fair value of our senior notes and 1.500% convertible senior notes were based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. As of December 31, 2024, our 1.000% convertible notes had a total carrying amount of \$1.5 billion and an estimated fair value of \$1.6 billion. The estimated fair value of our 1.000% convertible notes was based on a lattice pricing model and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. The fair value of other long-term debt approximated its carrying amount at December 31, 2024.

**Compliance with Covenants**  
The convertible notes include customary covenants and events of default for convertible notes of this type. The revolving credit agreement contains customary affirmative covenants and restrictive covenants, including, among others, financial covenants based on net leverage and interest coverage ratios, and customary events of default. The required leverage ratio was increased as a result of the acquisition of EVO and will gradually step-down over eight quarters to the original required ratio of 3.75 to 1.00. As of December 31, 2024, the required leverage ratio was 4.00 to 1.00, and the required interest coverage ratio was 3.00 to 1.00. We were in compliance with all applicable covenants as of December 31, 2024.

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**Settlement Lines of Credit**  
In various markets where our Merchant Solutions segment does business, we have specialized lines of credit, which are restricted for use in funding settlement. The settlement lines of credit generally have variable interest rates, are subject to annual review and are denominated in local currency but may, in some cases, facilitate borrowings in multiple currencies. For certain of our lines of credit, the available credit is increased by the amount of cash we have on deposit in specific accounts with the lender. Accordingly, the amount of the outstanding lines of credit may exceed the stated credit limit. As of December 31, 2024, a total of \$71.2 million of cash on deposit was used to determine the available credit. As of December 31, 2024, we had \$503.4 million outstanding under these lines of credit with additional capacity to fund settlement of \$2,280.3 million. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the maximum and average outstanding balances under these lines of credit were \$1,283.4 million and \$502.7 million, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on these borrowings was 5.24% at December 31, 2024.

**Interest Expense**  
Interest expense was \$619.5 million, \$629.8 million and \$437.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

**NOTE 10 – DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS**  
**Net Investment Hedge**  
We have designated our aggregate \$800 million Euro-denominated 4.875% senior notes due March 2031 as a hedge of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations. The purpose of the net investment hedge is to reduce the volatility of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Investments in foreign operations with functional currencies other than the reporting currency are subject to foreign currency risk as the assets and liabilities of these subsidiaries are translated into the reporting currency at the period-end rate of exchange with the resulting foreign currency translation adjustment presented as a component of other comprehensive income and included in accumulated comprehensive income within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. Under net investment hedge accounting, the foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses associated with our Euro-denominated senior notes are presented within the same components of other comprehensive income and accumulated comprehensive income, partially offsetting the foreign currency translation adjustment for our foreign subsidiaries. We recognized a gain (loss) on the net investment hedge of \$28.9 million and \$(27.0) million within foreign currency translation adjustments in other comprehensive income in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Interest Rate Swaps**  
We have interest rate swap agreements with financial institutions to hedge changes in cash flows attributable to interest rate risk on a portion of our variable-rate debt instruments. In the first quarter of 2023, we entered into new interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$1.5 billion to convert eligible borrowings under our revolving credit facility from a floating term Secured Overnight Financing Rate to a fixed rate. Net amounts to be received or paid under the swap agreements are reflected as adjustments to interest expense. Since we have designated the interest rate swap agreements as cash flow hedges, unrealized gains or losses resulting from adjusting the swaps to fair value are recognized as components of other comprehensive income. The fair values of our interest rate swaps are determined based on the present value of the estimated future net cash flows using implied rates in the applicable yield curve as of the valuation date. These derivative instruments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

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In August 2022, in connection with entry into the revolving credit agreement and repayment of amounts outstanding under our prior credit facility, we terminated and settled our interest rate swap agreements existing at that time. The termination resulted in the recognition of a net gain of \$1.2A million, including the reclassification of \$0.5A million of accumulated losses from the separate component of equity. The net gain was presented in interest and other expense in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022. Upon issuance of our senior unsecured notes in August 2019, we made settlement payments of \$48.3 million related to the termination of forward-starting interest rate swap agreements designated as cash flow hedges, for which the effective portion of the unrealized losses on the swaps was included in other comprehensive loss. We have and will continue to reclassify the effective portion of the realized loss from accumulated other comprehensive loss into interest expense over the terms of the related senior notes. The table below presents information about our interest rate swaps, designated as cash flow hedges, included in the consolidated balance sheets:

**Fair Values**  
**Derivative Financial Instruments Balance Sheet**  
**Location**  
**Weighted-Average Fixed Rate of Interest** at December 31, 2024  
**Range of Maturity Dates** at December 31, 2024  
**December 31, 2023** (in thousands)  
**Interest rate swaps** (Notional of \$1.5A billion at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023)  
**Other noncurrent liabilities** 4.26A % April 17, 2027 - August 17, 2027 \$7,768A \$28,187A  
The table below presents the effects of our interest rate swaps on the consolidated statements of income and statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

**Years Ended December 31, 2024**  
**2023** (in thousands)  
**Net unrealized gains (losses)** recognized in other comprehensive loss \$34,399A \$(19,683)  
**\$12,915A** Net unrealized gains (losses) reclassified out of other comprehensive loss to interest expense \$8,731A \$4,609A  
**\$(21,327)** As of December 31, 2024, the amount of net unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to our interest rate swaps that is expected to be reclassified into interest expense during the next 12 months was \$6.5 million.

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**NOTE 11 – ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES**  
As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

**A 2024**  
**2023** (in thousands)  
**Funds held for customers** \$938,416A \$817,180A  
**Trade accounts payable** \$320,085A 290,437A  
**Compensation and benefits** 248,970A 276,441A  
**Contract liabilities** 242,769A 229,686A  
**Payment network fees** 222,621A 246,102A  
**Income taxes** 209,037A 139,825A  
**Interest** 171,220A 166,039A  
**Third-party commissions** 87,431A 93,387A  
**Operating leases** 71,607A 81,696A  
**Miscellaneous taxes and withholdings** 69,523A 59,601A  
**Third-party processing fees** 36,251A 29,593A  
**Unclaimed property** 24,413A 22,560A  
**Audit and legal** 22,995A 22,748A  
**Current portion of accrued buyout liability** (1) 14,358A 13,719A  
**Other** 400,228A 335,965A  
**\$3,079,924A** **\$2,824,979A**

(1) The noncurrent portion of accrued buyout liability of \$23.5 million and \$69.1 million is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2024, certain actions were taken to align our workforce to our new operating model. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized charges for employee termination benefits of \$99.6 million, which included \$19.4 million of

share-based compensation expense. These charges are presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes. At December 31, 2024, accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet included obligations totaling \$6.3 million for employee termination benefits, which are expected to be paid within the next 12 months. 102Table of ContentsNOTE 12a€"INCOME TAXThe income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022(in thousands)Current income tax expense (benefit):Federal\$361,904\$ 399,900\$ 277,120A State\$78,314\$ 98,224\$ 68,120A Foreign\$201,143\$ 209,955\$ 125,580A \$ 641,361\$ 708,079\$ 470,820A Deferred income tax expense (benefit):Federal(238,554)(330,647)(235,727)State(46,689)(84,729)(41,770)Foreign(60,985)(83,663)(26,629)A (346,228)(499,059)(304,126)€295,133\$ 209,020\$ 166,694A Income tax expense allocated to noncontrolling interests was \$16.6 million, \$12.9 million and \$9.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The following table presents income (loss) before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022(in thousands)United States\$1,255,792\$ 597,969\$ 1(189,030)Foreign€12,995\$ 571,978\$ 413,352A \$1,868,787A \$1,169,947A \$224,322A Approximately \$60.5 million of our undistributed foreign earnings are considered to be indefinitely reinvested outside the United States as of December 31, 2024. Because those earnings are considered to be indefinitely reinvested, no deferred income taxes have been provided thereon. If we were to make a distribution of any portion of those earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, any such amounts would be subject to withholding taxes payable to various foreign jurisdictions; however, the amounts would not be subject to any additional U.S. income tax. 103Table of ContentsOur effective tax rates for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 differ from the federal statutory rate for those periods as follows:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022Federal U.S. statutory rate21.0A %21.0A %21.0A %Foreign inclusion, net of foreign tax credits2.3A 3.4A 8.2A Foreign income taxes1.8A 2.2A 1.4A State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit1.3A 0.9A 9.0A Uncertain tax positions0.9A 0.5A (0.7)Non deductible executive compensation0.3A 0.9A 4.7A Share-based compensation expense0.2A 0.9A 2.0A Deemed royalty, 2A 0.7A 1.2A Net gain on dispositions and liquidations€"A 4.3A 12.1A Goodwill impairment€"A 4.€"A 78.0A Valuation allowance(0.3)(0.4)(0.2)Foreign-derived intangible income deduction(1.7)(3.8)(12.4)Tax credits(4.4)(3.8)(19.5)Foreign interest income not subject to tax(6.3)(9.5)(29.9)Other0.5A 0.6A (0.6)Effective tax rate15.8A %17.9A %74.3A %104Table of ContentsDeferred income taxes are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 reflect the effect of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities for financial accounting and income tax purposes. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, principal components of deferred tax items were as follows:20242023(in thousands)Deferred income tax assets:Research and development costs\$286,859A \$267,098A Foreign net operating loss carryforwards223,535A 187,247A Credits200,474A 144,053A Financial instruments110,621A 91,032A Lease liabilities69,751A 89,645A Accrued expenses51,632A 54,478A Share-based compensation expense\$33,683A 42,376A Domestic net operating loss carryforwards28,711A 34,121A Other100,507A 72,464A 1,105,773A 982,534A Valuation allowance(241,197) (211,049)864,576A 771,485A Deferred tax liabilities:Acquired intangibles1,286,709A 2,200,082A Partnership interests896,411A 238,139A Property and equipment360,066A 398,439A Right-of-use assets42,441A 59,124A Other5,862A 6,094A 2,591,489A 2,901,878A Net deferred income tax liability\$1,726,913A \$2,130,393A During the year ended December 31, 2024, as part of the integration of EVO into our Merchant Solutions business, certain deferred taxes, primarily those related to acquired intangibles, property and equipment and research and development costs, were reclassified into partnership interests. The net deferred income taxes reflected in our consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:20242023(in thousands)Noncurrent deferred income tax asset\$1(106,083)\$1(111,712)Noncurrent deferred income tax liability1,832,996A 2,242,105A Net deferred income tax liability\$1,726,913A \$2,130,393A 105Table of ContentsA valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Changes to our valuation allowance during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are summarized below (in thousands):Balance at December 31, 2022\$112,259Allowance for foreign net operating losses(122)Allowance for foreign tax credits60A Allowance for state tax credits2,282A Allowance for domestic net operating losses(4)Balance at December 31, 2022(110,043)Allowance for foreign net operating losses(674)Allowance for foreign tax credits(101,271)Allowance for state tax credits3,079A Allowance for state interest limitation(2,335)Allowance for domestic net operating losses195A Balance at December 31, 2023(211,049)Allowance for foreign net operating losses(12,533)Allowance for foreign tax credits(16,975)Allowance for state tax credits(463)Allowance for state interest limitation(177)Balance at December 31, 2024\$241,197The change in the valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2023 is primarily related to anticipatory foreign tax credits and state interest deduction carryforwards offset by recognition of state tax credit carryforwards determined more likely than not to be realized. The decrease in the valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2022 is primarily related to the utilization of state tax credit carryforwards. Foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$110.6 million will expire between December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2044, if not utilized. Foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$112.9 million have indefinite carryforward periods. Domestic net operating loss carryforwards of \$28.7 million and tax credit carryforwards of \$103.0 million will expire between December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2044, if not utilized. We conduct business globally and file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. In the normal course of business, we are subject to examination by taxing authorities around the world. We are no longer subject to state income tax examinations for years ended on or before December 31, 2015. U.S. federal income tax examinations for years ended on or before December 31, 2016 and international corporation tax examinations for years ended on or before December 31, 2020. 106Table of ContentsA reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized income tax benefits, excluding penalties and interest, for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022(in thousands)Balance at the beginning of the year\$43,229A \$31,315A \$34,905A Additions related to acquisitions€"A 4,054A €"A Reductions for income tax positions of prior years(164)(887)(8,301)Settlements with income tax authorities(1,656)(988)(3,245)Additions for income tax positions of prior years9,092A 1,809A 911A Additions based on income tax positions related to the current year7,801A 7,926A 7,045A Balance at the end of the year\$58,302A \$43,229A \$31,315A As of December 31, 2024, the total amount of gross unrecognized income tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the provision for income taxes is \$56.8 million. NOTE 13a€"SHAREHOLDERSa€"™ EQUITYWe repurchase our common stock mainly through open market repurchase plans and, at times, through accelerated share repurchase ("ASR") programs. Information about shares repurchased and retired was as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022(in thousands, except per share amounts)Number of shares repurchased and retired12,730A 4,065A 23,266A Cost of shares repurchased, including commissions and applicable excise taxes\$1,565,688A \$413,667A \$2,929,814A Average cost per share\$123.00A \$101.77A \$125.93A The share repurchase activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 included the repurchase of 1,414,759 shares using a portion of the net proceeds from our offering of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through privately negotiated transactions with purchasers of notes in the offering, or one of their respective affiliates. The purchase price per share of the common stock repurchased in such transactions equaled the closing price of the common stock on February 20, 2024, which was \$130.80 per share. The share repurchase activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 also included the repurchase of 5,320,781 shares at an average price of \$112.77 per share under an ASR agreement we entered into on October 30, 2024 with a financial institution to repurchase an aggregate of \$600.0 million of our common stock during the ASR program purchase period. This ASR program was completed on December 20, 2024. On February 13, 2025, we entered into an ASR agreement to repurchase an aggregate of \$250.0 million of shares of common stock during the program purchase period, which will end prior to March 31, 2025. The total number of shares to be repurchased under the program will generally be based on the average of the daily volume-weighted average prices of our common stock during the repurchase period less a discount and subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms of the program. On August 16, 2022, the U.S. government enacted the Inflation Reduction Act into law, which, among other things, implemented a 1% excise tax on share repurchases effective beginning January 1, 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we reflected excise taxes of \$15.6 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, within equity as part of the cost of common stock repurchased, net of share issuances, during the period. 107Table of ContentsOn October 24, 2024, our board of directors approved an increase to our existing share repurchase program authorization, which raised the total available authorization to \$2.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining amount available under our share repurchase program was \$1,850.0 million. On January 30, 2025, our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.25 per share payable on March 4, 2025 to common shareholders of record as of March 14, 2025. NOTE 14a€"SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONSWe have granted nonqualified stock options, restricted stock and performance unit awards to key employees, officers and directors under a long-term incentive plan, which permits grants of equity to employees, officers, directors and consultants. A total of 14.0 million shares of our common stock has been reserved and made available for issuance pursuant to awards granted under the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan. The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense and the related income tax benefit recognized for our share-based awards and stock options:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022(in thousands)Share-based compensation expense\$164,244A \$208,994A \$163,261A Income tax benefit\$35,528A \$48,446A \$38,059A Restricted StockRestricted stock awards vest in approximately equal annual installments, generally on each of the first three or four anniversaries of the grant date or, in some cases, in one installment on the third anniversary of the grant date, in either case subject to the holder's continued service on each applicable vesting date. Restricted shares cannot be sold or transferred until they have vested. The grant date fair value of restricted stock awards, which is based on the quoted market value of our common stock on the grant date, is recognized as share-based compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Our restricted stock agreements provide for accelerated vesting under certain conditions. Performance UnitsCertain of our executives have been granted performance-based restricted stock units ("performance units") that, after a specified performance period, may convert on a 1-for-1 basis into shares of our common stock based upon the level of achievement of certain pre-established performance measures during the performance period and subject to the holders' continued service on the vesting date. The Compensation Committee of our board of directors ("Compensation Committee") establishes performance measures and may set a range of possible performance-based outcomes for performance units. Performance units are converted into shares of common stock only after the Compensation Committee certifies the level of achievement against the performance measures. Our performance unit agreements provide for accelerated vesting under certain conditions. For these awards, we recognize compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the applicable performance or service period using the grant date fair value of the award and the number of shares expected to be earned according to the level of achievement of performance measures. When the estimated number of common shares expected to be earned is changed during the performance period, we make a cumulative adjustment to share-based compensation expense based on the revised estimate. The performance periods for awards granted generally range from one to three years. 108Table of ContentsThe following table summarizes the changes in unvested restricted stock awards and performance units for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:SharesWeighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value (in thousands)Unvested at December 31, 20211,640A \$184.90Granted1,496A 137.51Vested(756)170.79Forfeited(235)164.06Unvested at December 31, 20221,454A 159.04Replacement Awards202A 98.44Granted1,322A 112.81Vested(1,041)157.33Forfeited(147)128.18Unvested at December 31, 20232,481A 131.41Granted1,225A 128.97Vested(1,224)140.79Forfeited(230)119.07Unvested at December 31, 20242,252A \$126.07The total fair value of restricted stock and performance units vested was \$172.3 million, \$163.8 million and \$129.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. For restricted stock and performance units, we recognized compensation expense of \$151.6 million, \$186.9 million and \$151.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there was \$131.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested restricted stock awards and performance units that we expect to recognize over a weighted-average period of 1.8 years. Stock OptionsStock options are granted with an exercise price equal to 100% of fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant and have a term of ten years. Stock options vest in equal installments, generally on each of the first three or four anniversaries of the grant date, subject to the holder's continued service on each applicable vesting date. Our stock option agreements provide for accelerated vesting under certain conditions. 109Table of ContentsThe following table summarizes changes in stock option activity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022: A OptionsWeighted-Average Exercise PriceWeighted-Average Remaining Contract TermAggregate Intrinsic Value (in thousands)(years)(in millions) Outstanding at December 31, 20211,172A \$107.445A 8.47A 4Granted154A 136.02Forfeited(89)147.65Exercised(98)65.695A Outstanding at December 31, 20221,139A 111.755A 4.17A Replacement Awards142A 98.44Granted233A 110.83Forfeited(297)155.35Exercised(296)89.089A Outstanding at December 31, 2023921A 99.545A 3.2A 1Granted168A 127.99Forfeited(77)150.55Exercised(234)59.1616A Outstanding at December 31, 2024778A \$112.915A 5.9A Options vested and exercisable at December 31, 2024521A \$110.074A 0.57A 9We recognized compensation expense for stock options of \$7.5 million, \$17.0 million and \$6.4 million during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, we had \$7.4 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options that we expect to recognize over a weighted-average period of 1.9 years. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of stock options granted, including replacement awards granted in connection with the EVO acquisition, during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$53.19, \$46.17 and \$48.88, respectively. Fair value was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following weighted-average assumptions:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022Risk-free interest rate4.13%3.84%1.87%Expected volatility45%45%40%Dividend yield0.90%0.81%0.56%Expected term (years)5.5The risk-free interest rate was based on the yield of a zero coupon U.S. Treasury security with a maturity equal to the expected life of the option from the date of the grant. Our assumption on expected volatility was based on our historical volatility. The dividend yield assumption was determined using our average stock price over the preceding year and the annualized amount of our most current quarterly dividend per share. We based our assumptions on the expected term of the options on our analysis of the historical exercise patterns of the options and our assumption on the future exercise pattern of options. 110Table of ContentsNOTE 15a€"SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATIONSupplemental cash flow disclosures for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows: Years Ended December 31, 202420232022A (in thousands)Income taxes paid, net of refunds\$523,263A \$640,784A \$431,148A Interest paid\$618,865A \$603,486A \$350,075A NOTE 16a€"NONCONTROLLING INTERESTSThe following table presents the reconciliation of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests to comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:Years Ended December 31, 202420232022(in thousands)Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests\$73,788A \$42,590A \$31,820A Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests(54,468)50,397A (13,301)Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests\$19,320A \$92,987A \$18,519A During the year ended December 31, 2024, we paid \$108.8 million to acquire the remaining 45.23% interest for 100% ownership in one of our majority-owned subsidiaries in Europe. The transaction resulted in a reduction in equity attributable to noncontrolling interests of approximately \$37.7 million and a reduction in total equity attributable to Global Payments of approximately \$71.1 million. The net effects of the transaction include a reclassification of an accumulated other comprehensive gain related to foreign currency translation of \$0.7 million from noncontrolling interests to equity attributable to Global Payments. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we received \$26.2 million from a noncontrolling shareholder in exchange for a 20% ownership interest in one of our majority-owned subsidiaries in Spain, which resulted in a reallocation between equity attributable to Global Payments and equity attributable to noncontrolling interests. Redeemable Noncontrolling InterestsThe portions of equity in certain of our consolidated subsidiaries that are not attributable, directly or indirectly, to us, are redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within our control. During the second quarter of 2024, we formed a new joint venture in Germany, of which we hold a 51% controlling interest. Under the shareholder agreement, the minority shareholder has the option to compel us to purchase their shares at fair market value upon the occurrence of a specific change in control event. As of December 31, 2024, the option is not considered probable of becoming redeemable. We also own 51% of our subsidiary in Greece and 50.1% of our subsidiary in Chile. Under the respective shareholder agreements, the minority shareholders have the option to compel us to purchase their shares at a price per share based on the fair value of the shares, or under certain circumstances for our subsidiary in Greece, at a price determined by calculations stipulated in the shareholder agreement. The options have no expiration date. Because the exercise of each of these redemption options is not solely within our control, the redeemable noncontrolling interests are presented in the mezzanine section between total liabilities and shareholders' equity, as temporary equity, in our consolidated balance sheets. The redeemable noncontrolling interest for each subsidiary is reflected at the higher of: (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of comprehensive income (loss), capital contributions and distributions or (ii) the redemption price. 111Table of ContentsThe option held by the minority shareholder in Greece, which is redeemable at a price other than fair value, is considered probable of becoming

redeemable on December 8, 2025. In determining the measurement method of redemption price, we have elected to accrete changes in the redemption price over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the instrument using the effective interest method, applied prospectively, which amounted to \$20.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have also elected to recognize the entire amount of any redemption price adjustments in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in our consolidated statements of income. In addition, we own 66% of our subsidiary in Poland. The redemption option held by the minority shareholder in Poland expired on January 1, 2024, and the redeemable noncontrolling interest was reclassified to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest in the consolidated balance sheet as of January 1, 2024. NOTE 17â€ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS The changes in the accumulated balances for each component of other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022: Foreign Currency Translation Gains (Losses) Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Hedging Activities Other Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (in thousands) Balance at December 31, 2021 \$(182,949) \$(48,490) \$(2,743) \$(234,182) Other comprehensive income (loss) (197,635) 26,070 (222) (171,787) Balance at December 31, 2022 (380,584) (22,420) (2,965) (405,969) Other comprehensive income (loss) (165,044) (18,439) 439A 147,044A Balance at December 31, 2023 (215,540) (40,859) (2,526) (258,925) Other comprehensive income (loss) (374,388) 19,441A 141A (354,806) Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest 739A â€A â€A 739A Balance at December 31, 2024 \$(589,189) \$(21,418) \$(2,385) \$(612,992) Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, which relates only to foreign currency translation, was \$(54.5) million, \$50.4 million and \$(13.3) million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. NOTE 18â€SEGMENT INFORMATION Information About Profit and Assets We operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As described in "Note 3â€Business Dispositions," during the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. Our former Consumer Solutions segment is presented below for periods prior to disposition. Our Merchant Solutions payment technology is similar around the world in that we enable our customers to accept card and other digital-based payments. Through this segment, our offerings include, but are not limited to, authorization, settlement and funding services, customer support, chargeback resolution, terminal rental, sales and deployment, payment security services, consolidated billing and on-line reporting. In addition, we offer a wide array of enterprise software solutions that streamline business operations to customers in numerous vertical markets. We also provide a variety of value-added solutions and services, including specialty point-of-sale software, analytics and customer engagement, human capital management and payroll and reporting that assist our customers with driving demand and operating their businesses more efficiently. 11 Table of Contents Through our Issuer Solutions segment, we provide financial institutions and retailers technologies to manage their card portfolios, reduce technical complexity and overhead and offer a seamless experience for cardholders on a single platform. In addition, we provide flexible commercial payments, accounts payable and electronic payment alternative solutions that support B2B payment processes for businesses and governments. We also offer complementary services including account management and servicing, fraud solution services, analytics and business intelligence, cards, statements and correspondence, customer contact services and risk management solutions. Additionally, our Issuer Solutions segment provides B2B payment services and other financial service solutions marketed to businesses, including SaaS offerings that automate key procurement processes, provide invoice capture, coding and approval, and enable virtual cards and integrated payments options across a variety of key vertical markets. Through our former Consumer Solutions segment, we provided general purpose reloadable prepaid debit and payroll cards, demand deposit accounts and other financial service solutions to the underbanked and other consumers and businesses in the United States. Our segment structure reflects the financial information and reports used by our chief operating decision maker to make decisions regarding the business, including resource allocations and performance assessments. Our Chief Executive Officer is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). We evaluate performance and allocate resources based on the operating income of each operating segment. The CODM uses segment operating income in the annual budget and forecasting process, and considers budget-to-actual and forecast-to-actual variances on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis. The operating income of each operating segment includes the revenues of the segment less expenses that are directly related to those revenues. Operating overhead, shared costs and share-based compensation costs are included in Corporate. Impairment of goodwill and gains or losses on business dispositions are not included in determining segment operating income. Interest and other income, interest and other expense, income tax expense and equity in income of equity method investments are not allocated to the individual segments. The CODM does not evaluate the performance of or allocate resources to our operating segments using asset data. The accounting policies of the reportable operating segments are the same as those described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in "Note 1â€Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies." 11 Table of Contents Information on segments and reconciliations to consolidated revenues, consolidated operating expenses, consolidated operating income and consolidated depreciation and amortization were as follows: Years Ended December 31, 2024 2023 2022 (in thousands) Revenues (1) Merchant Solutions \$7,688,703A \$7,151,793A \$6,204,917A Issuer Solutions \$2,483,657A 2,398,870A 2,245,623A Consumer Solutions \$182,740A 620,482A Intersegment eliminations (66,466) (78,984) (95,507) Consolidated revenues \$10,105,894A \$9,654,419A \$8,975,515A Operating expenses (1) Merchant Solutions: Cost of service \$2,008,126A \$1,925,880A \$1,798,300A Selling, general and administrative 3,067,662A 2,880,658A 2,366,362A Total Merchant Solutions expenses 5,075,788A 4,806,538A 4,164,662A Issuer Solutions: Cost of service 1,795,001A 1,738,047A 1,633,708A Selling, general and administrative 246,214A 251,016A 255,700A Total Issuer Solutions expenses 2,041,215A 1,989,063A 1,889,408A Consumer Solutions (2) \$186,648A 566,888A Corporate 994,886A 898,024A 777,744A Intersegment eliminations (66,466) (78,984) (95,507) Operating income (loss) (1) Merchant Solutions \$2,612,915A 2,345,255A \$2,040,255A Issuer Solutions \$42,442A 409,807A 356,215A Consumer Solutions \$78A (3,908) 5,944 Corporate (994,886) (898,024) (777,744) Impairment of goodwill \$A (833,075) Net gain (loss) on business dispositions 273,134A (136,744) (199,094) Consolidated operating income \$2,333,605A \$1,716,386A \$640,151A Depreciation and amortization (1) Merchant Solutions \$1,179,845A \$1,109,186A \$981,297A Issuer Solutions \$68,186A 646,118A 623,755A Consumer Solutions \$A (35,773A) Corporate 24,300A 21,388A 21,630A Consolidated depreciation and amortization \$1,862,331A \$1,776,692A \$1,662,455A (1) Revenues, operating expenses, operating income and depreciation and amortization reflect the effects of acquired businesses from the respective acquisition dates and the effects of disposed businesses through the respective disposal dates. See â€Note 2â€Acquisitionsâ€ and â€Note 3â€Business Dispositionsâ€ for further discussion. 11 Table of Contents Operating income and operating expenses included acquisition and integration expenses of \$211.6 million, \$341.9 million and \$259.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which were primarily included within Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, operating expenses for Corporate also included \$13.4 million, \$18.5 million and \$47.1 million, respectively, of other charges related to facilities exit activities as a result of actions taken to reduce our facility footprint in certain markets around the world. During the year ended December 31, 2024, Corporate operating expenses also reflected costs of \$99.1 million associated with our business transformation initiative, employee termination benefits of \$99.6 million, which included \$19.4 million of share-based compensation expense, and charges of \$55.8 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy. These charges are presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income. (2) Prior to the disposition of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, the information provided to the CODM included segment revenue and operating income, but not cost of service or selling, general and administrative expense. Therefore, the segment expense detail is not provided for the Consumer Solutions business. Entity-Wide Information As a percentage of our total consolidated revenues, revenues from external customers in the United States were 75% for the year ended December 31, 2024, 76% for the year ended December 31, 2023, and 80% for the year ended December 31, 2022. Revenues from external customers are attributed to individual countries based on the location of the customer arrangements. Our results of operations and our financial condition are not significantly reliant upon any single customer. Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets, by location as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows: A 2024 2023 (in thousands) United States \$1,725,811A \$1,672,532A Foreign countries 551,782A 517,473A \$2,277,593A \$2,190,005A NOTE 19â€COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES Purchase Obligations We have contractual obligations related to service arrangements with suppliers for fixed or minimum amounts. Future minimum payments at December 31, 2024 for purchase obligations were as follows (in thousands): Year ending December 31-2025 \$659,798A 2026 \$433,666A 2027 \$735,775A 2028 \$289,686A 2029 \$231,059A 2030 and thereafter \$192,549A A A A Total future minimum payments \$2,132,533A 11 Table of Contents During the year ended December 31, 2024, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, of which \$60.5 million was financed utilizing two to six-year vendor financing arrangements. Certain of the agreements included the purchase of assets previously leased. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, of which \$182.2 million was financed utilizing two to five-year vendor financing arrangements. Certain of the agreements included the purchase of assets previously leased. Legal Matters We are party to a number of claims and lawsuits incidental to our business. In our opinion, the liabilities, if any, which may ultimately result from the outcome of such matters, individually or in the aggregate, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows. A Operating Taxes We are subject to certain taxes that are not derived based on earnings (e.g., sales, gross receipts, property, value-added and other business taxes). During the course of operations, we must interpret the meaning of various operating tax regulations in the United States and in the foreign jurisdictions in which we do business. A We are subject to ongoing audits in certain jurisdictions, and taxing authorities in those various jurisdictions may arrive at different interpretations of applicable tax laws and regulations which could result in the payment of additional taxes in those jurisdictions. BIN/JICA Agreements In certain markets, we enter into sponsorship or depository and processing agreements with banks. These agreements allow us to use the banks' identification numbers, referred to as Bank Identification Number ("BIN") for Visa transactions and an Interbank Card Association ("ICA") number for Mastercard transactions, to clear credit card transactions through Visa and Mastercard. Certain of these agreements contain financial covenants, and we were in compliance with all such covenants as of December 31, 2024. 11 Table of Contents GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. SCHEDULE II A Valuation and Qualifying Accounts (in thousands) A (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) Description Balance A at Beginning of Period A A Additions: Charged A to Costs and Expenses (2) A A Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries) A A Balance A at End of Period Allowance for credit losses - accounts receivable December 31, 2022 \$17,389A \$14,951A \$11,320A \$21,020A December 31, 2023 (3) \$21,020A \$23,267A \$25,282A \$19,005A December 31, 2024 (4) \$19,005A \$25,027A \$19,327A \$24,705A Allowance for credit losses - settlement assets (1) December 31, 2022 \$2,974A \$12,984A \$13,671A \$2,287A December 31, 2023 \$2,287A \$19,242A \$11,799A \$9,730A December 31, 2024 \$9,730A \$22,387A \$22,161A \$9,956A Reserve for sales allowances December 31, 2022 \$8,516A \$24,517A \$25,073A \$7,960A December 31, 2023 \$7,960A \$29,498A \$28,425A \$9,033A December 31, 2024 \$9,033A \$29,906A \$28,811A \$10,128A Allowance for credit and operating losses - check guarantee December 31, 2022 \$2,536A \$12,291A \$11,383A \$3,444A December 31, 2023 (3) \$3,444A \$3,074A \$6,518A \$â€A December 31, 2024 \$â€A \$â€A \$â€A Reserve for contract contingencies and processing errors December 31, 2022 \$1,337A \$1,212A \$972A \$1,577A December 31, 2023 \$1,577A \$3,194A \$3,158A \$1,613A December 31, 2024 \$1,613A \$2,666A \$2,872A \$1,407A Reserve for cardholder losses December 31, 2022 \$10,058A \$58,673A \$58,541A \$10,190A December 31, 2023 (3) \$10,190A \$15,861A \$26,051A \$â€A December 31, 2024 \$â€A \$â€A \$â€A \$â€A Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance December 31, 2022 \$112,259A \$(2,216) \$â€A \$110,043A December 31, 2023 \$110,043A \$104,280A \$3,274A \$211,049A December 31, 2024 \$211,049A \$30,148A \$â€A \$241,197A Allowance for credit losses - notes receivable December 31, 2023 \$â€A \$15,245A \$â€A \$15,245A December 31, 2024 \$15,245A \$â€A \$â€A \$15,245A 11 Table of Contents (1) Included in settlement processing obligations. (2) In addition to amounts charged to costs and expenses, amounts in this column include additions, as applicable, resulting from business combinations. (3) Includes certain amounts related to our consumer and gaming business disposal groups that were presented as held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of our gaming business and the consumer portion of our Netspend business. The results relating to our consumer and gaming business are included for the periods prior to disposition, and the amounts disposed of are included in the deductions column above. (4) Includes certain amounts related to AdvancedMD, which we completed the sale of in December 2024. The results relating to AdvancedMD are included for the periods prior to disposition and the amounts disposed of are included in the deductions column above. ITEM 9 - CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE A None. ITEM 9A - CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures As of December 31, 2024, management carried out, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). A Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2024, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in those reports is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. A Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Our management team is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Our management assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024. A In making this assessment, our management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission the Internal Control â€ Integrated Framework (2013). Based on the results of its evaluation, management believes that as of December 31, 2024, our internal control over financial reporting is effective based on those criteria. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements. A Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. A Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. A Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. A Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper management override. A Due to such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. A Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, such risk. A Attestation Report of Public Accounting Firm Deloitte & Touche LLP has issued an attestation report on our internal control over financial reporting, which is included herein as the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm under "Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. 11 Table of Contents Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2024 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. ITEM 9B - OTHER INFORMATION A (b) Insider Trading Plans and Arrangements During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, none of our directors or officers notified us that they adopted, modified or terminated any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or any non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement as defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K. ITEM 9C - DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS A Not Applicable. 11 Table of Contents PART III ITEM 10 - DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE A We incorporate by reference in this Item 10 information about our directors, executive officers and our corporate governance contained under the headings "Proposal 1: Election of Directors for a One-Year Term," "Biographical Information About Executive Officers," "Anti-Hedging Policy; Insider Trading Policy" and "Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports" from our proxy statement to be delivered in connection with our Proxy Statement and Notice of 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be held on April 24, 2025 (our "2025 Proxy Statement"). A We have adopted codes of ethics that apply to our senior financial officers. The senior financial officers include our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer, Controller or persons performing similar functions. The code of ethics is available in the investor relations section of our website at www.globalpaymentsinc.com and as indicated in the section entitled "Where To Find More Information" in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. We intend to satisfy the disclosure requirement under Item 5.05 of Form 8-K regarding an amendment to, or a waiver from, a provision of our code of ethics by posting such information on our website at the address and location set forth above. ITEM 11 - EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION A We incorporate by reference in this Item 11 the information required by this item from our 2025 Proxy Statement. ITEM 12 -

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS A We incorporate by reference in this Item 12 the information relating to ownership of our common stock by certain persons contained under the headings "Common Stock Ownership - Common Stock Ownership by Management" and "Common Stock Ownership - Common Stock Ownership by Non-Management Shareholders" from our 2025 Proxy Statement. The information under the caption "Key Data Relating to Outstanding Equity Awards and Shares Available - Equity Compensation Plan Information" in the 2025 Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference. ITEM 13 - CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE We incorporate by reference in this Item 13 the information regarding certain relationships and related transactions between us and our affiliates and the independence of our directors contained under the headings "Additional Information-Relationships and Related Party Transactions" and "Board of Directors, its Committees, Meetings and Functions - Corporate Governance - Board Independence" from our 2025 Proxy Statement. ITEM 14 - PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES We incorporate by reference in this Item 14 the information regarding principal accounting fees and services contained under the heading "Proposal Three: Ratification of Reappointment of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm" from our 2025 Proxy Statement. 120Table of ContentsPART IVITEM 15 - EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES A The following documents are filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K: (1) Consolidated Financial Statements A Our consolidated financial statements listed below are set forth in "Item 8 - Financial Statements and Supplementary Data" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K: Page NumberReports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (PCAOB ID 34)58Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 202261Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 202262Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 202363Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 202264Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 202265Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements67A (2) Financial Statement SchedulesPage NumberSchedule II, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts117A All other schedules to our consolidated financial statements have been omitted because they are not required under the related instruction or are inapplicable, or because we have included the required information in our consolidated financial statements or related notes. A (3) Exhibits A The following exhibits either (i) are filed with this Annual Report on Form 10-K or (ii) have previously been filed with the SEC and are incorporated in this Item 15 by reference to those prior filings. Exhibit No. Description3.1Third Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Global Payments Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 on Form S-8 to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed on September 18, 2019.3.2Articles of Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Global Payments Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2020.3.3Twelfth Amended and Restated Bylaws of Global Payments Inc., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 21, 2023.4.1Indenture, dated as of August 14, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 14, 2019.4.2Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of August 14, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 14, 2019.4.3Form of Notes (included in Exhibit 4.2).4.4Senior Indenture, dated March 17, 2016, between TSYS and Regions Bank, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of TSYS's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 17, 2016.4.5Supplemental Indenture No. 1, dated as of September 17, 2019, among TSYS, Global Payments Inc. and Regions Bank, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 20, 2019.4.6Form of 4.800% Senior Note due 2026, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to TSYS' Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 17, 2016.121Table of Contents4.7\*Description of Registrant's Securities Registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act.4.8Supplemental Indenture No. 2, dated as of May 15, 2020, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 15, 2020.4.9Form of Global Note (included in Exhibit 4.8).4.10Supplemental Indenture No. 3, dated as of February 26, 2021, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 26, 2021.4.11Form of Global Note representing the 1.200% Senior Notes due 2026 (included in Exhibit 4.10).4.12Supplemental Indenture No. 4, dated as of November 22, 2021, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 22, 2021.4.13Form of Global Note representing the Notes (included in Exhibit 4.12).4.14Indenture, dated as of August 8, 2022, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, related to 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2029, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 9, 2022.4.15Form of 1.00% Convertible Senior Notes due 2029 (included in Exhibit 4.14).4.16Indenture, dated as of August 14, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor to U.S. Bank National Association), as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 14, 2019.4.17Supplemental Indenture No. 5, dated as of August 22, 2022, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 22, 2022.4.18Form of Global Note representing the Notes (included in Exhibit 4.17).4.19First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 14, 2022 between Global Payments Inc., and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.23 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 17, 2023.4.20Supplemental Indenture No. 6, dated as of March 17, 2023, between Global Payments Inc., U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, Elavon Financial Services DAC, UK Branch, as initial paying agent, and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as initial securities registrar and transfer agent, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 17, 2023.4.21Form of Global Note representing the Notes (included in Exhibit 4.20).4.22Indenture, dated as of February 23, 2024, between Global Payments Inc. and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as trustee, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2024.4.23Form of Global Note representing the Notes (included in Exhibit 4.22).4.24Form of 4.450% Senior Note due 2028, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to Total System Services Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 11, 2018.10.1+Total System Services, Inc. 2017 Omnibus Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TSYS's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 28, 2017.10.2+Total System Services, Inc. 2012 Omnibus Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TSYS's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 4, 2012.10.3+Total System Services, Inc. 2007 Omnibus Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to TSYS's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 25, 2007.10.4+Amended and Restated 2000 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.39 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on July 28, 2010.10.5+Third Amended and Restated 2000 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, dated June 1, 2004, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on July 30, 2007.10.6+Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated 2000 Non-Employee Director Stock Option Plan, dated March 28, 2007, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on July 30, 2007.10.7+Third Amended and Restated 2005 Incentive Plan, dated December 31, 2008, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form Quarterly Report on 10-Q filed April 6, 2009.10.8+Annual Performance Plan, adopted August 29, 2012 (sub-plan to the Global Payments Inc. 2011 Incentive Plan, dated September 27, 2011), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.52 to the Company's Current Report on Form 10-K filed on July 25, 2013.122Table of Contents10.9+Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed on September 16, 2010.10.10+Amended and Restated 2011 Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KT filed on February 28, 2017.10.11+EVO Payments, Inc. Second Amended and Restated 2018 Omnibus Incentive Stock Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to EVO Payments, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 3, 2021.10.12+Form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Award pursuant to the Amended and Restated 2005 Incentive Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on January 8, 2007.10.13+Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of September 20, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and Jeffrey S. Sloan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 31, 2019.10.14+Letter Agreement, dated May 1, 2023, between Global Payments Inc. and Jeffrey S. Sloan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 1, 2023.10.15+Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2023, by and between Global Payments Inc. and Cameron M. Bready, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 1, 2023.10.16+Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of September 20, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and Guido F. Sacchi, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 31, 2019.10.17+Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, dated as of September 20, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and David L. Green, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 31, 2019.10.18+Employment Agreement, dated as of July 29, 2020, between Global Payments Inc. and André Carter, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 14, 2024.10.19+Form of Restricted Stock Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2021), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2021.10.20+Form of Performance Unit Award Agreement pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2021), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2021.10.21+Form of Stock Option Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2021), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2021.10.22+Form of Supplemental Performance Unit Award Agreement pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2021), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 4, 2021.10.23+Form of Restricted Stock Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2022), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 2, 2022.10.24+Form of Performance Unit Award Agreement pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2022), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 2, 2022.10.25+Form of Stock Option Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2022), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 2, 2022.10.26+Form of Restricted Stock Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2023), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 3, 2023.10.27+Form of Performance Unit Award Agreement pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2023), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 3, 2023.10.28+Form of Stock Option Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2023), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 3, 2023.123Table of Contents10.29+Employment Agreement, dated as of September 20, 2019, between Global Payments Inc. and Joshua J. Whipple incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 31, 2022.10.30+Amendment to Employment Agreement, dated as of August 2, 2022, between Global Payments Inc. and Joshua J. Whipple incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 31, 2022.10.31Investment Agreement, dated as of August 1, 2022, among Global Payments Inc., Silver Lake Partners VI DE (AIV), L.P. and Silver Lake Alpine II, L.P., incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2022.132Form of Capped Call Confirmation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 9, 2022.133Credit Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2022, among Global Payments Inc., as borrower, the other borrowers party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and an L/C Issuer and the other lenders and L/C Issuers party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 22, 2022.134+Employment Agreement, dated as of August 1, 2024, by and between Global Payments Inc. and Robert Cortopassi, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 6, 2024.10.35CORRA Transition Amendment, dated July 3, 2024, to Credit Agreement, dated as of August 19, 2022, among Global Payments Inc., the other borrowers party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and an L/C Issuer and the other lenders and L/C Issuers party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 10-Q filed on October 31, 2024.10.36+Form of Restricted Stock Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2024), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024.10.37+Form of Restricted Stock Award Certificate pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (1 year vest; calendar 2024), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024.10.38+Form of Performance Unit Award Certificate pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2024), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024.10.39+Form of Stock Option Award pursuant to the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan for Executive Officers (calendar 2024), incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024.10.40Form of Capped Call Confirmation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 23, 2024.10.41+Employment Agreement dated January 1, 2024 between Global Payments, Inc. and Shannon Johnston, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 1, 2024.10.42+Eighth Amended and Restated Non-Employee Director Compensation Plan dated April 25, 2024, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 7, 2024.19\*Insider Trading Policy.21.1\*List of Subsidiaries.23.1\*Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.24.1\*Power of Attorney.31.1\*Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer.31.2\*Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer.32.1\*Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.97+Global Payments Executive Compensation Clawback Policy, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 97 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 14, 2024. 101.1\*The following financial information from the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, formatted in Inline XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) and filed electronically herewith: (i) the Consolidated Statements of Income; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income; (iii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; (v) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity; and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.104\*Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).124Table of Contents\*Filed herewith.+Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.† Pursuant to Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K, certain schedules have been omitted. The registrant hereby agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of any omitted schedule to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.(b) ExhibitsPage NumberIndex to Exhibits121(c)A A A A Financial Statement Schedules See Item 15(2) above. ITEM 16 - FORM 10-K SUMMARYNone.125Table of ContentsSIGNATURES A Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Global Payments Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on February 14, 2025.GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. A By: /s/ Cameron M. BreadyCameron M. BreadyChief Executive Officer(Principal Executive Officer) A By: /s/ Joshua J. WhippleJoshua J. WhippleChief Financial Officer(Principal Financial Officer) By: /s/ David M. SheffieldDavid M. SheffieldChief Accounting Officer(Principal Accounting Officer)126Table of ContentsPursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of Global Payments Inc. and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.SignatureTitle A Date/s/ A M. Troy Woods\* A Chairman of the Board A February 14, 2025M. Troy Woods\*/s/ Connie D. McDaniel\* A Director A February 14, 2025Connie D. McDaniel\*/s/ A F. Thaddeus Arroyo\* A Director A February 14, 2025F. Thaddeus Arroyo\*/s/ Robert H.B. Baldwin, Jr.\* A Director A February 14, 2025Robert H.B. Baldwin, Jr./s/ John G. Bruno\* A Director A February 14, 2025John G. Bruno\*/s/ A Joia M. Johnson\* A Director A February 14, 2025Joia M. Johnson\*/s/ A Ruth Ann Marshall\* A Director A February 14, 2025Ruth Ann Marshall\*/s/ A Kirsten Kliphouse\* A Director A February 14, 2025Kirsten Kliphouse\*/s/ Joseph Osnos\* A Director A February 14, 2025Joseph Osnos\*/s/ William B. Plummer\* A Director A February 14, 2025William B. Plummer\*/s/ John T. Turner\* A Director A February 14, 2025John T. Turner\*/s/ Cameron M. Bready\* A Director A February 14, 2025Cameron M. Bready\*/s/ A Cameron M. Bready\* A Attorney-in-fact A February 14, 2025Cameron M. Bready127EX-4.7 2 ex4.7descriptionofregistran.htm EX-4.7 DocumentExhibit 4.7DESCRIPTION OF REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THESE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK The following description of the common stock of Global Payments Inc. (the "Company") is based upon the Company's amended and restated articles of incorporation (the "Articles of Incorporation") and applicable provisions of law. We have summarized certain portions of the Articles of Incorporation and the Company's bylaws below. The summary is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by express reference to, the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation and

bylaws, each of which is filed as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of which this Exhibit 4.7 is a part. Authorized Capital Stock Under the Articles of Incorporation, the Company's authorized capital stock consists of 400,000,000 shares of common stock, no par value, and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock, no par value. All outstanding shares of the Company's capital stock are fully paid and non-assessable. Common Stock Dividend Rights Holders of the Company's common stock are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company's board of directors in its discretion, payable out of any of the Company's assets at the time legally available for the payment of dividends in accordance with the Official Code of Georgia. Voting Rights Each holder of a share of Company common stock is entitled to one vote. Directors will be elected by a majority of votes cast, except that where the number of nominees exceeds the number of directors to be elected at a meeting as of the meeting's record date, then each director will be elected by a plurality of the votes cast. Pursuant to the Company's bylaws, action on other matters is approved if votes cast in favor of the action exceed the votes cast opposing the action, unless the Official Code of Georgia or the Articles of Incorporation provide otherwise. If the Company issues preferred stock, holders of such stock may possess voting rights. Liquidation Rights Holders of Company common stock are entitled to receive the net assets of the Company upon dissolution. Preemptive Rights The Company's common shareholders are not entitled to any preemptive rights to purchase or receive any shares of the Company stock, any obligation convertible into or exchangeable for shares of Company stock or any warrants, options, or rights to purchase or subscribe for any convertible or exchangeable obligation. The Company's board of directors, at its discretion, may issue such stock or other securities to any party and on terms it deems advisable. Preferred Stock The Articles of Incorporation permit the Company's board of directors to issue up to 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock (none of which are outstanding) in one or more series. The Company's board of directors is vested with the authority to divide preferred stock into classes or series and to fix and determine the relative rights, preferences, qualifications, and limitation of the shares of any class or series so established. The issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect the rights of holders of common stock. Miscellaneous The Articles of Incorporation contain no restrictions on the alienability of the Company's common stock. The Company's common stock is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "GPN". Certain Anti-Takeover Provisions Certain provisions of the Articles of Incorporation, the bylaws and the Official Code of Georgia could make it more difficult to consummate an acquisition of control of the Company by means of a tender offer, a proxy fight, open market purchases or otherwise in a transaction not approved by the Company's board of directors, regardless of whether the Company's shareholders support the transaction. The summary of the provisions set forth below does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Articles of Incorporation, the Company's bylaws and the Official Code of Georgia. Business Combination In general, the business combination statute set forth in Sections 14-2-1131A through 14-2-1133A of the Official Code of Georgia prohibits a purchaser who acquires 10% or more of the outstanding voting stock of the Company, an interested shareholder, from completing a business combination with the Company for five years unless (1) prior to the time the person becomes an interested shareholder, the Company's board of directors approved either the business combination or the transaction which resulted in the person becoming an interested shareholder, (2) after the completion of the transaction in which the person becomes an interested shareholder, the interested shareholder holds at least 90% of the voting stock of the Company, excluding for purposes of determining the number of shares outstanding, those shares owned by (i) persons who are directors or officers of the Company or their affiliates or associates, (ii) subsidiaries of the Company, and (iii) a specific employee benefit plans, or (3) after the shareholder becomes an interested shareholder, the shareholder acquires additional shares such that the shareholder becomes the holder of at least 90% of the voting stock of the Company, excluding for purposes of determining the number of shares outstanding, those shares owned by (i) persons who are directors or officers of the Company or their affiliates or associates, (ii) subsidiaries of the Company, and (iii) a specific employee benefit plans, and the business combination was approved by the holders of a majority of the Company's stock entitled to vote on the transaction (excluding shares owned by the persons described in (i), (ii) and (iii) above or by the interested shareholder). The Company has elected to be governed by these provisions of the Official Code of Georgia with respect to business combinations with interested shareholders. Advance Notice Provision At any annual meeting of shareholders, the business to be conducted, including the nomination of candidates to be elected as directors of the Company, is limited to business brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Company's board of directors, or a shareholder who has given timely written notice to the Company's secretary of its intention to bring such business before the meeting. A shareholder must give notice that is received at the Company's principal executive offices in writing not less than 120 days nor more than 150 calendar days before the first anniversary of the date the Company distributed its proxy statement to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting. However, if the annual meeting is scheduled to be held on a date more than 30 calendar days earlier than or 60 calendar days after the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting, notice by the shareholder in order to be timely must be received not later than the later of 120 days prior to the annual meeting or the close of business on the fifth day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the annual meeting. In the case of a special meeting of shareholders at which directors are to be elected, a shareholder must give notice to nominate a director not later than the close of business on the 120th day prior to such special meeting or the fifth day following the day on which public announcement is first made of the date of the special meeting and the fact that directors are to be elected at such meeting. A shareholder's notice must also contain certain information specified in the Company's bylaws. A majority of the votes entitled to be cast on a matter at a meeting shall constitute a quorum except as otherwise required by law. Special Meetings A special meeting of the Company's shareholders may be called by (1) the board of directors, (2) the chairman of the board of directors, (3) the chief executive officer or (4) the holders of at least 15% of the votes entitled to be cast at such special meeting. Additional Authorized Shares of Capital Stock The additional shares of authorized common stock and preferred stock available for issuance under the Company's articles of incorporation could be issued at such times, under such circumstances and with such terms and conditions as to impede a change in control. Limitation of Liability; Indemnification The Articles of Incorporation contain certain provisions permitted under the Official Code of Georgia relating to the liability of directors. These provisions eliminate a director's personal liability to the Company and its shareholders for monetary damages for any action taken, or any failure to take any action, except liability for: (a) any appropriation, in violation of his or her duties, of any business opportunity of the Company; (b) acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law; (c) the types of liability specified in Section 14-2-832A of the Official Code of Georgia; and (d) any transaction from which the director derives an improper personal benefit. These provisions may have the effect of reducing the likelihood of derivative litigation against directors and may discourage or deter shareholders or the Company from bringing a lawsuit against the Company's directors. However, these provisions do not limit or eliminate the Company's rights or those of any shareholder to seek a non-monetary relief, such as an injunction or rescission, in the event of a breach of a director's fiduciary duty. Also, these provisions will not alter a director's liability under federal securities laws. The Company's bylaws also provide that the Company must indemnify its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by Georgia law, and the bylaws provide that the Company must advance expenses, as incurred, to its directors and officers in connection with a legal proceeding to the fullest extent permitted by Georgia law, subject to very limited exceptions. These rights are deemed to have fully vested at the time the indemnitee assumes his or her position with the Company and will continue as to an indemnitee who has ceased to be a director or officer and will inure to the benefit of the indemnitee's heirs, executors and administrators. EX-19 3 ex19insidertradingpolicy.htm EX-19 Document Exhibit 19GLOBAL PAYMENTS INC. INSIDER TRADING POLICY Effective January 30, 2025 This Insider Trading Policy (this "Policy") has been adopted by the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Global Payments Inc. (collectively with its subsidiaries, the "Company") to promote compliance with securities laws that prohibit persons who are aware of material nonpublic information (as defined below) about a company from trading in securities of that company or providing material nonpublic information to other persons who may trade on the basis of that information. In all cases, the responsibility for determining whether an individual is in possession of material nonpublic information rests with that individual, and any action on the part of the Company, the Company's General Counsel or any director or employee of the Company pursuant to this Policy or otherwise does not in any way constitute legal advice or insulate an individual from liability under applicable securities laws. See "Consequences of Violation" below. Persons Subject to this Policy This Policy applies to the Company, all members of the Board, all officers and employees of the Company and, in the discretion of the Company, other persons, including, without limitation, contractors and consultants who may have access to material nonpublic information ("Additional Parties"). This Policy is divided into three parts: Part I prohibits trading in certain circumstances and applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company and Additional Parties, and Part II imposes special additional trading restrictions and applies to all: (i) members of the Board; (ii) employees of the Company who have received an equity grant award in the prior twelve (12) months or who receive an equity grant award as part of their compensation; and (iii) employees of the Company who belong to a category identified on Annex A attached to this Policy. (The individuals identified in (i) through (iii) above are collectively referred to herein as, "Covered Persons"), and certain Additional Parties. Part III applies to transactions by the Company in its own securities. All members of the Board, and officers and employees of the Company and Additional Parties are responsible for the transactions of any person (including family members) and any entity that is directed by the above listed persons or subject to the above listed person's control or influence, and must ensure that their purchases and sales of the Company's securities comply with this Policy. This Policy also applies to former directors and employees falling within the categories listed herein if, at the time such director or employee leaves the Company, the Company is in a blackout period or such director or employee is otherwise in possession of material nonpublic information. PART I General Policy: No Trading or Causing Trading While in Possession of Material Nonpublic Information Except as described under "Exempt Transactions," this Policy prohibits members of the Board, officers and employees of the Company and Additional Parties from entering into any of the following types of transactions: 1. A "Trading While in Possession of Material Nonpublic Information" While in possession of material nonpublic information, members of the Board, and officers and employees of the Company and Additional Parties may not buy, sell, donate, or gift the Company's securities. In addition, no Board member, or officer or employee of the Company may buy or sell the securities of another publicly-traded company, including, without limitation, the Company's vendors, suppliers, customers, partners, or competitors, while in possession of material nonpublic information about such other company or information that could affect the share price of such other company. For example, it would be a violation of this Policy if a Board member, or an officer or employee learned through Company sources that the Company intended to purchase assets from another company, and then placed an order to buy or sell stock in that other company because of the anticipated increase or decrease in the value of its securities. Members of the Board and employees of the Company who are Section 16 filers (together, "Company Insiders") must "cease-clear" all trading in securities of the Company in accordance with the procedures set forth in Part II, Section 2 below. 2. A "Tipping" Members of the Board and officers and employees of the Company and Additional Parties are prohibited from disclosing ("tipping") material nonpublic information about the Company (or information about another company obtained as a result of such person's relationship with the Company) to any other person where such information may be used by such person to his or her profit by trading in the securities of the company to which such information relates. Members of the Board, and officers and employees of the Company and Additional Parties are also prohibited from making recommendations or expressing opinions regarding the purchase or sale of such securities where such recommendations or opinions are based on, or could reasonably be construed to be based on, material nonpublic information. 3. A "Short-Term Speculation" Members of the Board and officers and employees of the Company are prohibited from engaging in short-term speculation and frequent short-term trading in the Company's securities. The Company may investigate whether such person is engaging in short-term speculation or frequent short-term trading, may impose additional restrictions and may take disciplinary action. Purchases and sales of publicly-traded options constitute short-term speculation, regardless of the number or frequency of such transactions, and are prohibited. These restrictions are in addition to the "short-swing profit" restrictions that apply to Company Insiders. 4. A "Short Sales and Hedging" Members of the Board and officers and employees of the Company are prohibited from engaging in any transaction, including hedging transactions, in which such person profits from a decline in value of the Company's securities. Hedging transactions may take many forms, including, without limitation, prepaid variable forward contracts, equity swaps, collars and exchange funds. 5. A "Pledging and Margin Accounts" Members of the Board and officers and employees of the Company are prohibited from holding the Company's securities in a margin account or pledging the Company's securities as collateral. 6. A "Retirement Plan Blackout Periods" Company Insiders are prohibited from buying or selling the Company's securities during specified retirement plan blackout periods. These individuals will be notified in advance of the applicability of any retirement plan blackout period. 7. A "Definitions" Material Nonpublic Information. Information is "material" to the Company if, based on all the facts and circumstances, a reasonable investor would consider that information important in making a decision to buy, hold or sell the Company's securities. Any information that could be expected to affect the Company's stock price, whether positive or negative, should be considered material. Examples of information that would be material to the Company may include, but are not limited to, the following: (a) Projections of, or guidance relating to, future earnings or earnings prospects; (b) Changes or proposed changes in the Company's senior management, Board composition, business strategy, pricing or cost structure, the development of a significant new product, process or service or the expansion into a new market; (c) Gain or loss of sponsorships by member banks, change in status as a registered merchant processor or failure of the Company or its merchants to comply with card association and network rules; (d) Proposals, plans or agreements, even if preliminary in nature, involving mergers, joint ventures, or acquisitions; (e) Dispositions, dividends, sale or purchases by the Company of its own stock, stock splits, tender offers or takeover bids, borrowings of substantial amounts of funds or public or private sales of additional securities; (f) Major developments affecting the Company's resources, technology, services, or markets; (g) Major disruptions in the Company's operations or loss, potential loss, a cyber or security breach or unauthorized access to its property or assets, including its information technology infrastructure; and (h) Major litigation, investigations, regulatory audits or disputes (including, without limitation, disputes with merchants, financial institutions or integral contractors), major developments with respect thereto, or events of default under financing or other agreements. Material information is not limited to historical facts but may also include projections and forecasts. With respect to a future event, such as a merger or an acquisition, the point at which negotiations are determined to be material is determined by balancing the probability that the event will occur against the magnitude of the effect the event would have on the Company's operations or stock price should it occur. Thus, information concerning an event that would have a large effect on stock price, such as a merger, may be material even if the possibility that the event will occur is relatively small. The above examples are provided solely for illustration purposes and they are not a complete list of types of events that might be material. If you are unsure whether information is material, you should either consult the Company's General Counsel before making any decision to disclose such information (other than to persons who need to know it) or to trade in or recommend securities to which that information relates, or assume that the information is material. Note that any action on part of the Company or any other employee pursuant to this Policy (or otherwise) does not in any way constitute legal advice or insulate an individual from liability under applicable securities laws. (b) Nonpublic Information. Information is "nonpublic" until it has been widely disseminated to the public, such as through a press release, SEC filing or a widely-available and followed television program, publication or website, and the investing public has had sufficient time to absorb the information. For purposes of this Policy, the public has had sufficient time to absorb the information after at least one full trading day has passed following its formal release on the market. As with questions of materiality, if you are not sure whether information is considered public, you should either consult with the Company's General Counsel or assume that the information is nonpublic and treat it as confidential. 8. A "Exempt Transactions" The following transactions are exempt from the restrictions imposed by this Policy: (a) Stock Option Exercises. This Policy does not apply to the mere exercise of stock options received from the Company where the Board member or an officer or employee of the Company holds the shares following the exercise. However, this Policy does apply to the sale of shares received upon the exercise of the option on the open market (including broker-assisted cashless exercises). As a result, a Board member or an officer or employee of the Company may exercise options and hold its newly acquired shares of the Company's stock without regard to this Policy, but if such person exercises options and receives cash in exchange for the exercise, the transaction would be subject to this Policy. (b) Restricted Stock Vesting. This Policy does not apply to the mere vesting of restricted stock granted by the Company as compensation. (c) Restricted Stock Tax Withholding. This Policy does not apply to the exercise of tax withholding rights pursuant to which a Board member, or an officer or employee elects to have the Company withhold shares of stock to satisfy tax withholding requirements upon the vesting of any restricted stock (but sales of previously restricted shares of stock on the open market are subject to this Policy). (d) Employee Stock Purchase Plan. This Policy does not apply to purchases of the Company's securities in the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP") resulting from an employee's periodic contribution of funds to the ESPP through payroll deductions according to the election made at the time of enrollment. However, this Policy does not apply to an employee's enrollment, changes to such employee's enrollment and subsequent sales of the Company's stock from the ESPP accounts on the open market. (e) 401(k) Plan. This Policy does not apply to purchases of the Company's securities in the



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INCOME TAX link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952170 - Disclosure - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952171 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952172 - Disclosure - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952173 - Disclosure - NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952174 - Disclosure - ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952175 - Disclosure - SEGMENT INFORMATION link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952176 - Disclosure - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9952177 - Disclosure - SCHEDULE II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955511 - 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Disclosure - DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955520 - Disclosure - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955521 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955522 - Disclosure - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955523 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955524 - Disclosure - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955525 - Disclosure - NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955526 - Disclosure - ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955527 - Disclosure - SEGMENT INFORMATION (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955528 - Disclosure - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Tables) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955529 - Disclosure - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955530 - Disclosure - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Schedule of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955531 - Disclosure - BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Schedule of Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955532 - Disclosure - ACQUISITIONS - Schedule of Purchase Consideration (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955533 - Disclosure - ACQUISITIONS - Schedule of Recognized Identified Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955534 - Disclosure - ACQUISITIONS - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955535 - Disclosure - ACQUISITIONS - Schedule of Fair Values of Identified Intangible Assets Acquired and Respective Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955536 - Disclosure - BUSINESS DISPOSITIONS (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955537 - Disclosure - REVENUES - Schedule of Disaggregation of Revenue (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955538 - Disclosure - REVENUES - Schedule of Supplemental balance sheet (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955539 - Disclosure - REVENUES - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955540 - Disclosure - REVENUES - Schedule of Remaining Performance Obligation (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955541 - Disclosure - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Schedule of Property and Equipment (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955542 - Disclosure - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955543 - Disclosure - GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Schedule of Goodwill and Intangible Assets (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955544 - Disclosure - GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Schedule of Reportable Segment in Carrying Amount of Goodwill (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955545 - Disclosure - GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955546 - Disclosure - GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Schedule of Future Intangible Asset Amortization Expense (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955547 - Disclosure - LEASES - Schedule of Lease Assets and Liabilities (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955548 - Disclosure - LEASES - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955549 - Disclosure - LEASES - Schedule of Maturities of Lease Liabilities (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955550 - Disclosure - OTHER ASSETS (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955551 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Schedule of Debt (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955551 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Schedule of Debt (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955552 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955553 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Maturity Requirements on Outstanding Debt (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955554 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Senior Notes (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955555 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Convertible Notes (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955556 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Revolving Credit Facility (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955557 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Commercial Paper, Prior Credit Facility and Fair Value of Long-Term Debt (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955558 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Fair Value of Long-Term Debt (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955559 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Compliance with Covenants (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955560 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Settlement Lines of Credit (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955561 - Disclosure - LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Interest Expense (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955562 - Disclosure - DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955563 - Disclosure - DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS - Derivative Financial Instruments, Designated As Cash Flow Hedges (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955564 - Disclosure - DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS - Effect on Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955565 - Disclosure - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES - Schedule of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955566 - Disclosure - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955567 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Components of Income Tax Expense (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955568 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955569 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Income Before Income Taxes, Domestic and Foreign (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955570 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Reconciliation (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955571 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955572 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Net Deferred Tax Asset and Liability (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955573 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Change in Valuation Allowance (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955574 - Disclosure - INCOME TAX - Schedule of Unrecognized Tax Benefits (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955575 - Disclosure - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - Schedule of Shares Repurchased and Retired (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955576 - Disclosure - SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955577 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955578 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Share-Based Compensation Expense (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955579 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units Activity (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955580 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Stock Option Activity (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955581 - Disclosure - SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Valuation (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955582 - Disclosure - SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955583 - Disclosure - NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS - Schedule of Net Income Reconciliation (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955584 - Disclosure - NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955585 - Disclosure - ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - Schedule of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955586 - Disclosure - ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955587 - Disclosure - SEGMENT INFORMATION - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955588 - Disclosure - SEGMENT INFORMATION - Schedule of Segment Reporting Information (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955589 - Disclosure - SEGMENT INFORMATION - Schedule of Long-Lived Assets by Geographic Regions (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955590 - Disclosure - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - Schedule of Future Minimum Payments for Purchase Obligations (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955591 - Disclosure - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - Narrative (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink 9955592 - Disclosure - SCHEDULE II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts (Details) link:presentationLink link:calculationLink link:definitionLink EX-101.CAL 11 gpn-20241231\_cal.xml XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101.DEF 12 gpn-20241231\_def.xml XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION DEFINITION LINKBASE DOCUMENT EX-101.LAB 13 gpn-20241231\_lab.xml XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION LABEL LINKBASE DOCUMENT Comercia Comercia Global Payments Entidad de Page, S.L. [Member] Comercia Global Payments Entidad de Page, S.L. Stock Option Plan 2011 Stock Option Plan 2011 [Member] Stock Option Plan 2011 [Member] Operating Leases Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Fiscal Year Maturity [Abstract] Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest Payments for Repurchase of Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities [Abstract] Repayments of long-term debt Repayments of Long-Term Debt Payments to acquire additional interest in subsidiaries Payments to Acquire Additional Interest in Subsidiaries Remaining authorized repurchase amount Share Repurchase Program, Remaining Authorized, Amount Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Net, Amortization Expense, Fiscal Year Maturity [Abstract] Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Net, Amortization Expense, Fiscal Year Maturity [Abstract] Total long-term debt Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligation, Including Current Maturities 5.950% senior notes due August A 15, 2052 5.950% Senior Notes due August 15, 2052 [Member] 5.950% Senior Notes due August 15, 2052 Cover [Abstract] Cover [Abstract] 2030 and thereafter Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, after Year Five Increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash, and Restricted Cash Equivalents, Period Increase (Decrease), Including Exchange Rate Effect 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031 1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 1, 2031 [Member] 1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 1, 2031 Schedule of Maturities of Operating Lease Liabilities Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Maturity [Table Text Block] Repayment of notes receivable Proceeds from Collection of Notes Receivable Income Tax Jurisdiction [Domain] Income Tax Jurisdiction [Domain] Trading Symbol Trading Symbol Ownership interest in equity method investment (as a percent) Equity Method Investment, Ownership Percentage Comprehensive income (loss) Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax, Including Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period [Axis] Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period [Axis] Long-term debt Long-term debt, excluding current portion Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligation Non-NEOs Non-NEOs [Member] Income tax benefit Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Expense, Tax Benefit Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Table] Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Table] Dividends declared (in USD per share) Common Stock, Dividends, Per Share, Declared 1.500% senior notes due November 15, 2024 1.500% Senior Notes due November 15, 2024 [Member] 1.500% Senior Notes due November 15, 2024 Cash dividends declared Dividends, Cash Redemption of noncontrolling interests Temporary Equity, Accretion to Redemption Value Distributions to noncontrolling interests Noncontrolling shareholder exchange Noncontrolling Interest, Decrease from Distributions to Noncontrolling Interest Holders Disposal Group Name [Domain] Disposal Group Name [Domain] Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period [Domain] Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period [Domain] Income tax (expense) benefit related to hedging activities Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Cash Flow Hedge, Gain (Loss), after Reclassification, Tax Accounts receivable Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Receivable Earnings per share Earnings Per Share, Policy [Policy Text Block] Non-Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Adopted Non-Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Adopted [Flag] Hedging Relationship [Domain] Hedging Relationship [Domain] Interest rate (as a percent) Line of Credit Facility, Interest Rate at Period End Land Label [Member] Award Timing Disclosures [Line Items] Income before equity in income of equity method investments Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations, Net Of Tax, Before Equity Method Investments And Noncontrolling Interest Income (Loss) From Continuing Operations, Net Of Tax, Before Equity Method Investments And Noncontrolling Interest Recognition of net gain in termination Derivative, Gain (Loss) on Derivative, Net Investment, Name [Domain] Investment, Name [Domain] Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes Payments for Derivative Instrument, Financing Activities Finance lease right-of-use assets: Finance Lease, Right-of-Use Asset, before Accumulated Amortization Operating lease, liability, noncurrent, statement of financial position [extensible list] Operating Lease, Liability, Noncurrent, Statement of Financial Position [Extensible Enumeration] Allowance for credit losses related to settlement processing assets Settlement Processing Asset, Allowance For Credit Loss Settlement Processing Asset, Allowance For Credit Loss Reserve for cardholder losses SEC Schedule, 12-09, Allowance, Cardholder Losses [Member] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Allowance, Cardholder Losses [Member] Contributions from noncontrolling interests Temporary Equity, Noncontrolling Interest, Increase from Contributions Temporary Equity, Noncontrolling Interest, Increase from Contributions 3.800% Senior Notes due April 01, 2021 3.800% Senior Notes due April 01, 2021 [Member] 3.800%

Senior Notes due April 01, 2021 [Member] Majority-Owned Subsidiary Majority-Owned Subsidiary [Member] Majority-Owned Subsidiary Credits Deferred Tax Assets, Tax Credit Carryforwards Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract] Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves Type [Axis] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves Type [Axis] Plan Name [Domain] Plan Name [Domain] United States UNITED STATES Other noncurrent assets Other Assets, Noncurrent Leases [Abstract] Leases [Abstract] Other intangible assets: Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Gross Accumulated foreign currency translation losses Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Foreign Currency Translation Gains (Losses) Operating Segments Operating Segments [Member] Receivable Type [Axis] Receivable Type [Axis] Net cash provided by operating activities Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Cash flows from operating activities: Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities [Abstract] Schedule of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Schedule of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) [Table Text Block] Secured Debt Secured Debt [Member] Share Based Compensation Expense Share Based Compensation Expense [Member] Share Based Compensation Expense Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility [Member] Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility Award Timing Method Award Timing Method [Text Block] Trading Arrangements, by Individual Trading Arrangements, by Individual [Table] Restructuring Type [Axis] Restructuring Type [Axis] Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items] Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items] Income tax credits SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowance, Tax Credit Carryforward [Member] 1.200% senior notes due March 1, 2026 1.200% Senior Notes Due March 01, 2026 [Member] 1.200% Senior Notes Due March 01, 2026 Entity Common Stock, Shares Outstanding Entity Common Stock, Shares Outstanding Shares repurchased with note proceeds Shares Repurchased With Note Proceeds [Member] Shares Repurchased With Note Proceeds Weighted-average remaining lease term of finance leases Finance Lease, Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term Insider Trading Policies and Procedures [Line Items] Cash proceeds Proceeds from Divestiture of Businesses Beginning balance Ending balance Temporary Equity, Carrying Amount, Including Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests Use of estimates Use of Estimates, Policy [Policy Text Block] CUP Data China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. [Member] China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. Adjustment to Compensation, Amount Adjustment to Compensation Amount Compensation Amount Outstanding Recovery Compensation Amount Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility [Member] Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility [Member] Disposal Group Classification [Axis] Disposal Group Classification [Axis] Aggregate Change in Present Value of Accumulated Benefit for All Pension Plans Reported in Summary Compensation Table Aggregate Change in Present Value of Accumulated Benefit for All Pension Plans Reported in Summary Compensation Table [Member] Interest income Interest Income, Financing Receivable, before Allowance for Credit Loss Interest Small Business Entity Small Business ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Disclosure [Text Block] Company Selected Measure Amount Company Selected Measure Amount Net unrealized gains (losses) reclassified out of other comprehensive loss to interest expense Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedge Gain (Loss) Reclassified to Earnings, Net Aggregate Intrinsic Value Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Aggregate Intrinsic Value [Abstract] Reclassification of redeemable noncontrolling interest to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest Noncontrolling Interest, Reclassification Noncontrolling Interest, Reclassification Payments of debt issuance costs Payments of Debt Issuance Costs Tabular List, Table Tabular List [Table Text Block] Level 3 Fair Value, Inputs, Level 3 [Member] Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries) SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves, Deduction Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items] Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award [Line Items] Finance lease cost Finance Lease, Cost Finance Lease, Cost Antidilutive securities excluded from computation of earnings per share (in shares) Antidilutive Securities Excluded from Computation of Earnings Per Share, Amount Termination of operating right-of-use assets Operating Lease, Right-of-Use Asset And Liability, Termination Operating Lease, Right-of-Use Asset And Liability, Termination Imputed interest Finance Lease, Liability, Undiscounted Excess Amount Schedule of Remaining Performance Obligation Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Table Text Block] Impairment of long-lived assets Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets, Policy [Policy Text Block] Acquired intangibles Deferred Tax Liabilities, Goodwill and Intangible Assets Credit Facility [Domain] Credit Facility [Domain] Net operating losses SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowance, Operating Loss Carryforward [Member] Contributions from noncontrolling interests Temporary Equity, Increase from Contribution From Noncontrolling Interest Holders Temporary Equity, Increase from Contribution From Noncontrolling Interest Holders Gaming Business Gaming Business [Member] Gaming Business Goodwill Goodwill Total right-of-use assets Lease, Right-Of-Use Asset Lease, Right-Of-Use Asset Allowance for credit losses Accounts Receivable, Allowance for Credit Loss Other comprehensive income (loss): Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax [Abstract] Authorized repurchase amount Share Repurchase Program, Authorized, Amount Total purchase consideration transferred to EVO shareholders Business Combination Consideration Transferred to Acquiree Business Combination Consideration Transferred to Acquiree Disposal group not discontinued operation gain (loss) on disposal, statement of income or comprehensive income [extensible enumeration] Disposal Group, Not Discontinued Operation, Gain (Loss) on Disposal, Statement of Income or Comprehensive Income [Extensible Enumeration] Stock Options Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Option [Member] Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment Depreciation 2025 Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year One Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Global Payments Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax, Attributable to Parent Income taxes Accrued Income Taxes, Current Weighted-average discount rate of finance leases (as a percent) Finance Lease, Weighted Average Discount Rate, Percent Capitalized Contract Cost [Domain] Capitalized Contract Cost [Domain] Repayments of lines of credit Repayments of Lines of Credit Other Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Other Adjustments, Percent 2025 Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year One Award Type [Axis] Award Type [Axis] Net deferred income tax liability Deferred Tax Liabilities, Net Schedule of Long-Lived Assets by Geographic Regions Schedule of Revenue from External Customers and Long-Lived Assets, by Geographical Areas [Table Text Block] Effect of foreign currency translation Goodwill, Foreign Currency Translation Gain (Loss) Earnings per share attributable to Global Payments: Earnings Per Share, Basic [Abstract] Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Foreign Currency Transaction and Translation Adjustment, Net of Tax, Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest First Lien Secured Revolving Facility First Lien Secured Revolving Facility [Member] First Lien Secured Revolving Facility ICFR Auditor Attestation Flag ICFR Auditor Attestation Flag Total liabilities Liabilities Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests Equity, Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Cash paid for equity awards attributable to purchase consideration Business Combination, Payment For Equity Awards Acquisitions Business Combination, Payment For Equity Awards Acquisitions Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents [Table Text Block] Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets Long-Lived Assets Weighted Average Exercise Price of options vested and exercisable (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Exercisable, Weighted Average Exercise Price Convertible Debt Convertible Debt [Member] Schedule of Share-based Compensation Arrangements by Share-based Payment Award [Table] Schedule of Share-Based Compensation Arrangements by Share-Based Payment Award [Table] Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods Acquired Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Weighted Average Useful Life Foreign currencies Foreign Currency Transactions and Translations Policy [Policy Text Block] Revolving Credit Facility Revolving Credit Facility [Member] Expiration Date Trading Arrangement Expiration Date Cash flows from investing activities: Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities [Abstract] Operating lease liabilities (current) Operating leases Operating Lease, Liability, Current Total Shareholder Return Amount Total Shareholder Return Amount Threshold consecutive trading days Debt Instrument, Convertible, Threshold Consecutive Trading Days Equity Awards Adjustments, Footnote Equity Awards Adjustments, Footnote [Text Block] Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed Current Liabilities, Accounts Payable And Accrued Liabilities Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed Current Liabilities, Accounts Payable And Accrued Liabilities Paid-in-kind interest capitalized to principal of notes receivable Paid-In-Kind Interest, Capitalized Paid-In-Kind Interest, Capitalized Equipment Equipment [Member] Exercised (in shares) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Exercises in Period Average outstanding balance Line of Credit Facility, Average Outstanding Amount Net unrealized gains (losses) on hedging activities Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized in other comprehensive loss Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Cash Flow Hedge, Gain (Loss), before Reclassification and Tax Debt Instrument [Line Items] Debt Instrument [Line Items] Named Executive Officers, Footnote Named Executive Officers, Footnote [Text Block] Weighted-Average Exercise Price Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Outstanding, Weighted Average Exercise Price [Abstract] Goodwill and Other intangible assets Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Policy [Policy Text Block] Less accumulated depreciation and amortization Property, Plant, and Equipment and Finance Lease Right-of-Use Asset, Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding (in shares) Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding, Diluted MNPI Disclosure Timed for Compensation Value MNPI Disclosure Timed for Compensation Value [Flag] Funds held for customers Contract with Customer, Liability, Current, Customer Deposits Contract with Customer, Liability, Current, Customer Deposits AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax [Roll Forward] AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax [Roll Forward] Total Global Payments shareholders' equity Balance at beginning of period Balance at end of period Equity, Attributable to Parent Note receivable, fair value Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Financing Receivable Amount, Fair Value Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Financing Receivable Amount, Fair Value Gross deferred tax assets Deferred Tax Assets, Gross Valuation Allowance For State Interest Limitation Valuation Allowance For State Interest Limitation [Member] Valuation Allowance For State Interest Limitation Schedule of Reportable Segment in Carrying Amount of Goodwill Schedule of Goodwill [Table Text Block] Concentration Risk Type [Domain] Concentration Risk Type [Domain] Selling, general and administrative Selling, general and administrative Selling, General and Administrative Expense Senior Unsecured Notes Senior Unsecured Notes [Member] Senior Unsecured Notes [Member] Proceeds from sales of investments Proceeds from Sale and Maturity of Other Investments Cost of Services Cost of Sales [Member] Visa Inc., Series B and C Convertible Preferred Shares Visa Inc., Series B and C Convertible Preferred Shares Visa Inc., Series B and C Convertible Preferred Shares [Member] Visa Inc., Series B and C Convertible Preferred Shares 4.875% Senior Notes Due 2031 4.875% Senior Notes Due 2031 [Member] 4.875% Senior Notes Due 2031 [Member] Document Fiscal Period Focus Document Fiscal Period Focus Acquisition and integration expenses Business Combination, Acquisition Related Costs 2028 Long-Term Debt, Maturity, Year Four All Executive Categories All Executive Categories [Member] Plus: Dilutive effect of stock options and other share-based awards (in shares) Incremental Common Shares Attributable to Dilutive Effect of Share-Based Payment Arrangements Price per share (in USD per share) Business Acquisition, Share Price 2026 Finite-Lived Intangible Asset, Expected Amortization, Year Two Changed Peer Group, Footnote Changed Peer Group, Footnote [Text Block] Outstanding Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Outstanding, Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term Expected tax deductible goodwill acquired Business Acquisition, Goodwill, Expected Tax Deductible Amount ASSETS Assets: Assets [Abstract] Other comprehensive income (loss) Other comprehensive income (loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax Dividend yield Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Fair Value Assumptions, Expected Dividend Rate Document Type Document Type Derivative Contract [Domain] Derivative Contract [Domain] Commitment fee (as a percent) Line of Credit Facility, Commitment Fee Percentage Software Internal Use Software, Policy [Policy Text Block] Net (repayments) borrowings from commercial paper notes Proceeds from (Repayments of) Commercial Paper Schedule of Segment Reporting Information Schedule of Segment Reporting Information, by Segment [Table Text Block] Proportion of operating lease right-of-use assets located in the United States (as a percent) Proportion Of Operating Lease, Right-Of-Use Assets Located In Domestic Country Proportion Of Operating Lease, Right-Of-Use Assets Located In Domestic Country Payment network fees Accrued Fees and Assessment Expenses, Current Accrued Fees and Assessment Expenses, Current Weighted-Average Fixed Rate of Interest at December 31, 2024 Derivative, Average Fixed Interest Rate Options vested and exercisable Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Exercisable, Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term Noncurrent consideration payable Business Combination, Contingent Consideration, Liability, Noncurrent Schedule of Contracts with Customers Contract with Customer, Contract Asset, Contract Liability, and Receivable [Table Text Block] Schedule of Expected Amortization Expense Schedule of Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Future Amortization Expense [Table Text Block] Maximum Maximum [Member] Equity Valuation Assumption Difference, Footnote Equity Valuation Assumption Difference, Footnote [Text Block] Accumulated impairment loss Goodwill, Impaired, Accumulated Impairment Loss Finance term Supplier Finance Program, Payment Timing, Period Other intangible assets, net Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Net Furniture and fixtures Furniture and Fixtures [Member] Termination of finance right-of-use assets Finance Lease, Right-of-Use Asset And Liability, Termination Financing Lease, Right-of-Use Asset And Liability, Termination Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business Goodwill, Derecognized In Connection With The Sale Of Business Goodwill, Derecognized In Connection With The Sale Of Business Second Lien Secured Term Loan Facility Second Lien Secured Term Loan Facility [Member] Second Lien Secured Term Loan Facility Schedule of Fair Valuation Assumptions Schedule of Share-Based Payment Award, Stock Options, Valuation Assumptions [Table Text Block] Statistical Measurement [Axis] Statistical Measurement [Axis] Vendor financing arrangement Supplier Finance Program, Obligation Non-Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Terminated Non-Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Terminated [Flag] Distributions to noncontrolling interests Payments to Noncontrolling Interests Non-PEO NEO Average Total Compensation Amount Non-PEO NEO Average Total Compensation Amount Contract costs Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs, Policy [Policy Text Block] Property and equipment Deferred Tax Liabilities, Property, Plant and Equipment Name Outstanding Recovery, Individual Name Schedule of Valuation Allowance Summary of Valuation Allowance [Table Text Block] Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items] Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items] Variable lease cost Variable Lease, Cost Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Impairment of goodwill Goodwill, Impairment Loss Quarterly principal payments Financing Receivable, Quarterly Principal Payments Financing Receivable, Quarterly Principal Payments Daily Floating Secured Overnight Financing Credit Adjustment Rate Daily Floating Secured Overnight Financing Credit Adjustment Rate [Member] Daily Floating Secured Overnight Financing Credit Adjustment Rate Award Timing Predetermined Award Timing Predetermined [Flag] Subsequent Event Type [Domain] Subsequent Event Type [Domain] Dividends paid Payments of Ordinary Dividends, Common Stock Foreign currency translation adjustments Loss on foreign currency translation adjustments Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Foreign Currency Transaction and Translation Gain (Loss), before Reclassification and Tax Redeemable noncontrolling interests acquired in a business combination Temporary Equity, Increase from Business Combination Temporary Equity, Increase from Business Combination Investment, Name [Axis] Investment, Name [Axis] Debt instrument, redemption price, percentage Debt Instrument, Redemption Price, Percentage Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward] Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward] Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward] Diluted earnings per share (in USD per share) Earnings Per Share, Diluted Proceeds from sale of restricted investments Proceeds from Sale of Restricted Investments Revenue recognition Revenue from Contract with Customer [Policy Text Block] Replacement Awards (in shares) Share Based Compensation Arrangement by Share Based Payment Award, Options, Replacement Awards, Number Of Shares Share Based Compensation Arrangement by Share Based Payment Award, Options, Replacement Awards, Number Of Shares State and Local Jurisdiction [Member] United States Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations before Income Taxes, Domestic Current tax expense Current Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Operating lease liabilities disposed Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Operating Lease Liabilities Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Operating Lease Liabilities Restatement does not require Recovery Restatement Does Not Require Recovery [Text Block] Ownership [Axis] Ownership [Axis] Deferred tax liabilities: Deferred Tax Liabilities, Gross [Abstract] Preferred stock issued (in shares) Preferred Stock, Shares Issued Statement of Financial Position [Abstract] Statement of Financial Position [Abstract] Purchase Obligations Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation, Fiscal Year Maturity Schedule [Abstract] Other Deferred Tax Liabilities, Other Fair value of share-based awards vested Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Vested in Period, Fair Value Net income Net income Net income Net income (Loss), Including Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Gain (loss) on disposition Disposal Group, Not Discontinued Operation, Gain (Loss) on Disposal Income tax expense Provision for income taxes Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Notional amount Derivative, Notional Amount Total future minimum payments Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation Weighted average period of unrecognized compensation cost Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Nonvested Award, Cost Not yet Recognized, Period for Recognition Revenues Revenue from Contract with Customer, Excluding Assessed Tax Product Information [Line Items] Product Information [Line Items] Nondeductible executive compensation Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Nondeductible Expense, Executive Compensation Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Nondeductible Expense, Executive Compensation Statement of Comprehensive Income [Abstract] Statement of Comprehensive Income [Abstract] Finance lease, liability, noncurrent, statement of financial position [extensible list] Finance Lease, Liability, Noncurrent, Statement of Financial Position [Extensible Enumeration] Net cash used in investing activities Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities Income Tax Jurisdiction [Axis] Income Tax Jurisdiction [Axis] Business Acquisition [Line Items] Business Acquisition [Line Items] Share-based compensation expense Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Nondeductible Expense, Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Percent Equity method investments

Equity Method Investments [Policy Text Block] Merchant Solutions Merchant Solutions [Member] Merchant Solutions All Adjustments to Compensation All Adjustments to Compensation [Member] Compensation and benefits Employee-related Liabilities, Current Prepaid expenses and other assets Increase (Decrease) in Prepaid Expense and Other Assets Paid-in capital [Additional Paid in Capital Accounts receivable, contract assets and contract liabilities Accounts Receivable, Contract Assets, And Contract Liabilities, Policy [Policy Text Block] Accounts Receivable, Contract Assets, and Contract Liabilities, Policy [Policy Text Block] Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) [Line Items] Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) [Line Items] Noncontrolling Interest [Table] Noncontrolling Interest [Table] Commitments and Contingencies Disclosure [Abstract] Commitments and Contingencies Disclosure [Abstract] Sale Disposal Group, Disposed of by Sale, Not Discontinued Operations [Member] Current net leverage ratio Debt Instrument, Covenant, Leverage Ratio, Current, Minimum Debt Instrument, Covenant, Leverage Ratio, Current, Minimum Scenario [Domain] Scenario [Domain] Expected timing of satisfaction Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Period Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Hedging Activities Accumulated Gain (Loss), Net, Cash Flow Hedge, Parent [Member] Estimated fair value Notes Receivable, Fair Value Disclosure Long-term Debt, Type [Domain] Long-Term Debt, Type [Domain] Entity Address, State or Province Entity Address, State or Province Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosure [Abstract] Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items] Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items] Erroneous Compensation Analysis Erroneous Compensation Analysis [Text Block] Schedule of Future Minimum Payments for Purchase Obligations Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligations [Table Text Block] Trade accounts payable Accounts Payable, Trade, Current Uncertain tax positions Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Uncertain Tax Positions, Percent Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Uncertain Tax Positions, Percent Business for consideration Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Consideration Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items] Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items] Unvested at beginning of period (in USD per share) Unvested at end of period (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Nonvested, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Liabilities and Equity [Abstract] Valuation allowance Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Change in Deferred Tax Assets Valuation Allowance, Percent Restatement Determination Date Restatement Determination Date Additions: Charged to Costs and Expenses SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves, Additions, Charge to Cost and Expense Pay vs Performance Disclosure Pay vs Performance Disclosure [Table] Property, Plant and Equipment [Table] Property, Plant and Equipment [Table] Outstanding at beginning of period (in USD per share) Outstanding at end of period (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Outstanding, Weighted Average Exercise Price Total operating lease right-of-use-assets Operating Lease, Right-of-Use Asset Erroneously Awarded Compensation Recovery Erroneously Awarded Compensation Recovery [Table] Outstanding at beginning of period (in shares) Outstanding at end of period (in shares) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Outstanding, Number Other liabilities Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Noncurrent Liabilities, Other Property, Plant and Equipment [Abstract] Property, Plant and Equipment [Abstract] Stock issued under share-based compensation plans Stock Issued During Period, Value, Employee Stock Purchase Plan Subsequent Event Subsequent Event [Member] Operating expenses: Costs and Expenses [Abstract] Granted (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Grants in Period, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Floor Rate Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Floor Rate [Member] Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Floor Rate Income taxes Income Tax, Policy [Policy Text Block] Peer Group Issuers, Footnote Peer Group Issuers, Footnote [Text Block] Segments [Domain] Segments [Domain] Schedule of Maturities of Finance Lease Liabilities Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Maturity [Table Text Block] Third-party processing fees Accrued Third Party Processing, Current Accrued Third Party Processing, Current Minimum leverage ratio Debt Instrument, Covenant, Leverage Ratio, Minimum Debt Instrument, Covenant, Leverage Ratio, Minimum Number of consecutive quarters Debt Instrument, Covenant, Leverage Ratio, Consecutive Quarters Debt Instrument, Covenant, Leverage Ratio, Consecutive Quarters Unrecognized Tax Benefits [Roll Forward] Unrecognized Tax Benefits [Roll Forward] Trademarks and trade names Trademarks and trade names Trademarks and Trade Names [Member] PEO PEO [Member] Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units [Member] Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units [Member] Deferred Tax Asset [Domain] Deferred Tax Asset [Domain] Name Trading Arrangement, Individual Name Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Nonvested, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value [Abstract] Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities [Abstract] Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities [Abstract] Allowance for credit losses - settlement assets Allowance For Uncollectible Customer's Liability - Settlement Assets [Member] Allowance For Uncollectible Customer's Liability - Settlement Assets Property, Plant and Equipment, Type [Axis] Long-Lived Tangible Asset [Axis] Entity Public Float Entity Public Float Disposal Group Name [Axis] Disposal Group Name [Axis] 3.200% senior notes due August 15, 2029 3.200% Senior Notes due August 15, 2029 [Member] 3.200% Senior Notes due August 15, 2029 [Member] Equity in income of equity method investments, net of tax Equity in income of equity method investments, net of tax Income (Loss) from Equity Method Investments Settlement processing assets Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Settlement Processing Assets Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Settlement Processing Assets Income before income taxes and equity in income of equity method investments Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations before Equity Method Investments, Income Taxes, Noncontrolling Interest Settlement processing assets and obligations Settlement Processing Assets And Obligations [Policy Text Block] Settlement Processing Assets And Obligations Awards Close in Time to MNPI Disclosures, Table Awards Close in Time to MNPI Disclosures [Table Text Block] Stock reserved for future issuance (in shares) Common Stock, Capital Shares Reserved for Future Issuance SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts [Abstract] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts [Abstract] Prior Year End Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted in Any Prior Year that Fail to Meet Applicable Vesting Conditions During Covered Year Prior Year End Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted in Any Prior Year that Fail to Meet Applicable Vesting Conditions During Covered Year [Member] Balance at beginning of period (in shares) Balance at end of period (in shares) Shares, Outstanding Aggregate Erroneous Compensation Amount Aggregate Erroneous Compensation Amount Ownership interest Business Combination, Step Acquisition, Equity Interest in Acquiree, Including Subsequent Acquisition, Percentage Local Phone Number Local Phone Number Valuation allowance Valuation allowance, beginning of period Valuation allowance, end of period Deferred Tax Assets, Valuation Allowance Aggregate Erroneous Compensation Not Yet Determined Aggregate Erroneous Compensation Not Yet Determined [Text Block] OTHER ASSETS Other Assets Disclosure [Text Block] Equity Method Investment [Table] Equity Method Investment [Table] Americas Americas [Member] Prior Credit Facility, Unsecured Term Loan Facility Prior Credit Facility, Unsecured Term Loan Facility [Member] Prior Credit Facility, Unsecured Term Loan Facility Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effects of business combinations: Increase (Decrease) in Operating Capital [Abstract] PEO Total Compensation Amount PEO Total Compensation Amount Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units Goodwill, Transfers Derivative liability, subject to master netting arrangement, before offset Derivative Liability, Subject to Master Netting Arrangement, before Offset Equity interest issued (in shares) Business Acquisition, Equity Interest Issued or Issuable, Number of Shares 1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031 1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031 [Member] 1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031 Property, Plant and Equipment, Type [Domain] Long-Lived Tangible Asset [Domain] Interest Interest Payable, Current Statement of Income Location, Balance [Axis] Statement of Income Location, Balance [Axis] Obtain Contract Obtain Contract [Member] Obtain Contract [Member] Debt Disclosure [Abstract] Debt Disclosure [Abstract] Common Stock Number of Shares Common Stock [Member] Forgone Recovery due to Expense of Enforcement, Amount Forgone Recovery due to Expense of Enforcement, Amount Schedule of Business Acquisitions, by Acquisition [Table] Schedule of Business Acquisitions, by Acquisition [Table] 4.000% senior notes due June 1, 2023 4.000% Senior Notes due June 01, 2023 [Member] 4.000% Senior Notes due June 01, 2023 [Member] Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period One Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period One [Member] Line of Credit Line of Credit [Member] Segment Reporting [Abstract] Segment Reporting [Abstract] Entity Central Index Key Entity Central Index Key Scenario [Axis] Scenario [Axis] Other charges related to facilities exit activities Other Restructuring Costs Foreign Currency Translation Gains (Losses) Accumulated Foreign Currency Adjustment Attributable to Parent [Member] 4.150% senior notes due August 15, 2049 4.150% Senior Notes due August 15, 2049 [Member] 4.150% Senior Notes due August 15, 2049 [Member] Discontinued Operations and Disposal Groups [Abstract] Non-PEO NEO Average Compensation Actually Paid Amount Non-PEO NEO Average Compensation Actually Paid Amount SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Equity [Text Block] Accounts payable and other liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Allowance for credit and operating losses - check guarantee Allowance For Uncollectible Customer's Liability - Check Guarantee Processing Services [Member] Allowance For Uncollectible Customer's Liability - Check Guarantee Processing Services [Member] Award Timing, How MNPI Considered Award Timing, How MNPI Considered [Text Block] SEGMENT INFORMATION Segment Reporting Disclosure [Text Block] Real estate Land and Building [Member] Share-based compensation expense APIC, Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Increase for Cost Recognition Restricted Stock Awards Restricted Stock [Member] Title Trading Arrangement, Individual Title Unsecured Debt Unsecured Debt [Member] Income tax expense (benefit) allocated to noncontrolling interest Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Attributable To Noncontrolling Interest Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Attributable To Noncontrolling Interest Schedule of Income (Loss) before Income Tax, Domestic and Foreign Schedule of Income before Income Tax, Domestic and Foreign [Table Text Block] Geographic Concentration Risk Geographic Concentration Risk [Member] Balance at the beginning of the year Balance at the end of the year Unrecognized Tax Benefits Percent revenue of acquiree (less than) Business Combination, Pro Forma Information, Revenue Of Acquiree Since Acquisition Date, Actual Percent Business Combination, Pro Forma Information, Revenue Of Acquiree Since Acquisition Date, Actual Percent Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax, Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest City Area Code City Area Code Current liabilities: Liabilities, Current [Abstract] Auditor Location Auditor Location Accrued expenses Deferred Tax Assets, Tax Deferred Expense, Reserves and Accruals, Accrued Liabilities Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Rate Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Rate [Member] Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Rate Assigned value of preferred shares Restricted Investments Disposal Group Classification [Domain] Disposal Group Classification [Domain] Insider Trading Policies and Procedures Not Adopted Insider Trading Policies and Procedures Not Adopted [Text Block] Available borrowings under credit facility Line of Credit Facility, Remaining Borrowing Capacity Repurchases of common stock Payments for Repurchase of Common Stock Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowance, Deferred Tax Asset [Member] Document Information [Line Items] Document Information [Line Items] Allowance for credit losses - notes receivable SEC Schedule, 12-09, Allowance, Notes Receivable [Member] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Disclosure [Table] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Disclosure [Table] Schedule of Segment Reporting Information, by Segment [Table] Schedule of Segment Reporting Information, by Segment [Table] Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Nonvested, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value [Abstract] Subsequent Event Type [Axis] Subsequent Event Type [Axis] Equity [Abstract] Equity [Abstract] Relationship-led Relationship-Led [Member] Relationship-Led [Member] Retained earnings Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit) Finance lease, right-of-use asset, statement of financial position [extensible list] Finance Lease, Right-of-Use Asset, Statement of Financial Position [Extensible Enumeration] Cash included in assets held for sale Assets Held-For-Sale, Cash Assets Held-For-Sale, Cash Schedule of Changes in Unvested Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units Schedule of Nonvested Share Activity [Table Text Block] Repurchase of common stock (in shares) Number of shares repurchased and retired (in shares) Stock repurchased and retired (in shares) Stock Repurchased and Retired During Period, Shares Class of Stock [Domain] Class of Stock [Domain] Debt issuance costs Debt Issuance Costs, Gross Schedule of Debt Schedule of Debt [Table Text Block] 2026 Long-Term Debt, Maturity, Year Two Aggregate Available Trading Arrangement, Securities Aggregate Available Amount Equity Awards Adjustments Equity Awards Adjustments [Member] Total lease liabilities Operating Lease, Liability Underlying Securities Award Underlying Securities Amount 2029 Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Five Amendment Flag Amendment Flag Borrowings outstanding Commercial Paper Accounts receivable Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Current Assets, Receivables Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) [Member] Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests Increase (Decrease) in Temporary Equity [Roll Forward] Schedule of Restricted Cash Restrictions on Cash and Cash Equivalents [Table Text Block] Amortization of right-of-use assets on finance leases Finance Lease, Right-of-Use Asset, Amortization SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash Flow, Supplemental Disclosures [Text Block] LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT Debt Disclosure [Text Block] Fair Value Hierarchy and NAV [Domain] Fair Value Hierarchy and NAV [Domain] Recovery of Erroneously Awarded Compensation Disclosure [Line Items] Face amount of debt instrument Debt Instrument, Face Amount Foreign interest income not subject to tax Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Foreign Interest Income Not Subject To Tax, Percent Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Foreign Interest Income Not Subject To Tax, Percent Acquired technologies Acquired technologies Technology-Based Intangible Assets [Member] Entity Address, Postal Zip Code Entity Address, Postal Zip Code Provision for operating losses and credit losses Provision For Operating Losses And Doubtful Accounts Provision For Operating Losses And Doubtful Accounts Interest Rate Swap Interest Rate Swap [Member] Schedule of Net Income Reconciliation Schedule of Net Income Reconciliation [Table Text Block] Schedule of Net Income Reconciliation [Table Text Block] Number of majority-owned subsidiaries Number of Subsidiaries Number of Subsidiaries Seller financing term Financing Receivable, Term Financing Receivable, Term Capitalized Contract Cost [Axis] Capitalized Contract Cost [Axis] Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents, at Carrying Value Other, net Payments for (Proceeds from) Other Investing Activities Year-over-Year Change in Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted in Prior Years That are Outstanding and Unvested Year-over-Year Change in Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted in Prior Years That are Outstanding and Unvested [Member] Corporate Joint Venture Corporate Joint Venture [Member] Allowance for credit losses and a noncash charge Financing Receivable, Credit Loss, Expense (Reversal) Auditor Name Auditor Name Threshold trading days Debt Instrument, Convertible, Threshold Trading Days Settlement processing obligations Settlement Liabilities, Current Forfeited (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Forfeitures, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Current income tax expense (benefit): Current Income Tax Expense (Benefit), Continuing Operations [Abstract] Year-end Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted in Covered Year that are Outstanding and Unvested Year-end Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted in Covered Year that are Outstanding and Unvested [Member] Estimated useful life Range of Depreciable Lives Property, Plant and Equipment, Useful Life Options Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Outstanding [Roll Forward] NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS Noncontrolling Interest Disclosure [Text Block] Replacement Awards (in USD per share) Share Based Compensation Arrangement By Share Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other Than Options, Replacement Awards Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Share Based Compensation Arrangement By Share Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other Than Options, Replacement Awards Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Adjustment To PEO Compensation, Footnote Adjustment To PEO Compensation, Footnote [Text Block] Property and equipment, net Property and equipment, net Property, Plant, and Equipment and Finance Lease Right-of-Use Asset, after Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of finance lease liabilities Finance Lease, Principal Payments Designated as Hedging Instrument Designated as Hedging Instrument [Member] Compensation Actually Paid vs. Other Measure Compensation Actually Paid vs. Other Measure [Text Block] Vesting Date Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted and Vested in Covered Year Vesting Date Fair Value of Equity Awards Granted and Vested in Covered Year [Member] Total assets Assets Cost of service Cost of service Cost of Goods and Services Sold Other noncurrent liabilities Other Liabilities, Noncurrent Forgone Recovery due to Violation of Home Country Law, Amount Forgone Recovery due to Violation of Home Country Law, Amount Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Table] Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Table] Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items] Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items] Commitments and contingencies Commitments and contingencies Schedule of Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation Schedule of Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation [Table Text Block] Termination Date Trading Arrangement Termination Date 2026 Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Two 2025 Long-Term Debt, Maturity, Year One Noncash lease expense Noncash Lease Expense Noncash Lease Expense Right-of-use assets acquired Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Right-Of-Use Asset Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Right-Of-Use Asset Schedule of Major Classes of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed Schedule of Recognized Identified Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed [Table Text Block] Debt Instrument [Axis] Debt Instrument [Axis] Noncontrolling Interest [Abstract] Noncontrolling Interest [Abstract] Notes receivable and allowance for credit losses Notes Receivable And Allowance For Credit Losses [Policy Text Block] Notes Receivable And Allowance For Credit Losses 4.450% senior notes due June 1, 2028

4.450% Senior Notes due June 01, 2028 [Member] 4.450% Senior Notes due June 01, 2028 [Member] Net income attributable to Global Payments Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Parent Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Parent Trading Arrangement: Trading Arrangement [Axis] Settlement processing assets Settlement Assets, Current Pay vs Performance Disclosure, Table Pay vs Performance [Table Text Block] Visa Class A Common Shares Visa Class A Common Shares [Member] Visa Class A Common Shares Alternative Currency Rate Floor Alternative Currency Rate Floor [Member] Alternative Currency Rate Floor Equity Awards Adjustments, Excluding Value Reported in Compensation Table Equity Awards Adjustments, Excluding Value Reported in the Compensation Table [Member] Entity File Number Entity File Number Nonredeemable Noncontrolling Interests Noncontrolling Interest [Member] Income Statement [Abstract] Income Statement [Abstract] Entity Address, Address Line One Entity Address, Address Line One Reserve for sales allowances SEC Schedule, 12-09, Allowance, Sales [Member] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Allowance, Sales Pagos y Servicios S.A. Pagos y Servicios S.A. [Member] Pagos y Servicios S.A. Federal Current Federal Tax Expense (Benefit) Lease liabilities assumed Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Asset Acquired and Liability Assumed, Lease Obligation Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Effect of Exchange Rate on Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash, and Restricted Cash Equivalents, Continuing Operations Name Forgone Recovery, Individual Name Options vested and exercisable Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Exercisable, Intrinsic Value Award Date [Domain] Award Date [Domain] Weighted-average remaining lease term of operating leases Operating Lease, Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term Other, net Other Noncash Income (Expense) Notes receivable Financing Receivable, after Allowance for Credit Loss, Noncurrent Interest and other expense Interest And Other Expense Interest And Other Expense Award Timing MNPI Considered Award Timing MNPI Considered [Flag] Goodwill impairment Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Nondeductible Expense, Impairment Losses, Percent Reductions for income tax positions of prior years Unrecognized Tax Benefits, Decrease Resulting from Prior Period Tax Positions Outstanding Aggregate Erroneous Compensation Amount Outstanding Aggregate Erroneous Compensation Amount PEO Actually Paid Compensation Amount PEO Actually Paid Compensation Amount Adjustment to Compensation: Adjustment to Compensation [Axis] Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale Goodwill, Written off Related to Sale of Business Unit Accumulated other comprehensive loss Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax Restricted cash Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Pension Adjustments Service Cost Pension Adjustments Service Cost [Member] Other Property, Plant and Equipment, Other Types [Member] 4.800% senior notes due April 1, 2026 4.800% Senior Notes due April 01, 2026 [Member] 4.800% Senior Notes due April 01, 2026 [Member] Related and Nonrelated Parties [Axis] Related and Nonrelated Parties [Axis] Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding (in shares) Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding, Basic Stock Price or TSR Estimation Method Stock Price or TSR Estimation Method [Text Block] Additions related to acquisitions Unrecognized Tax Benefits, Increase Resulting from Acquisition Document Information [Table] Document Information [Table] Other equipment Other Equipment [Member] Other Equipment Total equity balance at beginning of period Balance at end of period Equity, Including Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Amortization debt issuance costs Amortization of Debt Issuance Costs and Discounts Property and equipment Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Property, Plant, and Equipment Initial strike price (in USD per share) Capped Call Strike Price Capped Call Strike Price Repurchased shares Stockholders' Equity, Policy [Policy Text Block] Audit and legal accrued Professional Fees, Current Name Awards Close in Time to MNPI Disclosures, Individual Name Work-in-progress Construction in Progress [Member] Sales Revenue, Net Revenue Benchmark [Member] Forfeited (in shares) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Forfeitures in Period Entity Filer Category Entity Filer Category Remaining performance obligation Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Amount Obligations for employee termination benefits Restructuring Reserve, Current Replacement awards (in shares) Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Replacement Awards Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Replacement Awards Goodwill acquired Goodwill, Acquired During Period Statistical Measurement [Domain] Statistical Measurement [Domain] Germany Joint Venture Germany Joint Venture [Member] Germany Joint Venture Unrecognized that would impact effective tax rate Unrecognized Tax Benefits that Would Impact Effective Tax Rate Schedule of Lease Assets and Lease Liabilities Assets and Liabilities, Lessee [Table Text Block] Assets and Liabilities, Lessee [Table Text Block] Interest rate, payable in cash Financing Receivable, Interest Rate, Paid In Cash Financing Receivable, Interest Rate, Paid In Cash Segment Reporting Information [Line Items] Segment Reporting Information [Line Items] All Trading Arrangements All Trading Arrangements [Member] Compensation Actually Paid vs. Net Income Compensation Actually Paid vs. Net Income [Text Block] Foreign inclusion, net of foreign tax credits Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Foreign Net Of Tax Credit, Percent Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Foreign Net Of Tax Credit, Percent Fulfill Contract Fulfill Contract [Member] Fulfill Contract [Member] Vesting period Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Award Vesting Period Tax credit carryforwards Tax Credit Carryforward, Amount Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Adopted Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Adopted [Flag] Awards Close in Time to MNPI Disclosures Awards Close in Time to MNPI Disclosures [Table] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Disclosure [Line Items] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Disclosure [Line Items] Income taxes paid, net of refunds Income Taxes Paid, Net Derivative settlement payments Credit Derivative, Purchased Credit Protection Other Commitments [Line Items] Other Commitments [Line Items] Convertible, conversion ratio Debt Instrument, Convertible, Conversion Ratio Measurement-period adjustments Goodwill, Measurement Period Adjustment Schedule of Share-based Compensation Expense Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Cost by Plan [Table Text Block] Equity method investments Equity Method Investments Pay vs Performance Disclosure [Line Items] Redeemable noncontrolling interests Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest, Equity, Carrying Amount Peer Group Total Shareholder Return Amount Peer Group Total Shareholder Return Amount Internal-Use Software Internal-Use Software [Member] Internal-Use Software [Member] Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis] Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis] Reclassification of accumulated loss Reclassification Of Gain On Contract Termination, Accumulated Loss Reclassification Of Gain On Contract Termination, Accumulated Loss Deferred income tax expense (benefit): Deferred Income Tax Expense (Benefit), Continuing Operations [Abstract] Schedule of Derivative Instruments in Statement of Financial Position, Fair Value Schedule of Derivative Instruments in Statement of Financial Position, Fair Value [Table Text Block] Up-front distributor and partner payments Up-Front Distributor And Partner Payments [Policy Text Block] Up-Front Distributor And Partner Payments Other Performance Measure, Amount Other Performance Measure, Amount 2027 Finite-Lived Intangible Asset, Expected Amortization, Year Three Goodwill [Line Items] Goodwill [Line Items] LEASES Lessee, Operating Leases [Text Block] Common stock outstanding (in shares) Common Stock, Shares, Outstanding Documents Incorporated by Reference Documents Incorporated by Reference [Text Block] Weighted-average interest rate of short-term debt (as a percent) Short-Term Debt, Weighted Average Interest Rate, at Point in Time Operating lease cost Operating Lease, Cost Operating lease liabilities (noncurrent) Operating Lease, Liability, Noncurrent Cash Flow Hedging Cash Flow Hedging [Member] Reduction in total equity attributable Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest Noncontrolling Interest, Decrease from Redemptions or Purchase of Interests Interest on finance lease liabilities Finance Lease, Interest Expense Contract liabilities, net (current) Contract liabilities Contract with Customer, Liability, Current Entity Tax Identification Number Entity Tax Identification Number Intangible Asset, Finite-Lived [Table] Intangible Asset, Finite-Lived [Table] Additions for income tax positions of prior years Unrecognized Tax Benefits, Increase Resulting from Prior Period Tax Positions Foreign Deferred Foreign Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Selling, General and Administrative Expenses Selling, General and Administrative Expenses [Member] Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period Two Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period Two [Member] Deferred income tax assets: Deferred Tax Assets, Net [Abstract] Intersegment Eliminations Intersegment eliminations Intersegment Eliminations [Member] Fair market value (as a percent) Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award, Award Fair Market Value Percent Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award, Award Fair Market Value Percent Plan Name [Axis] Plan Name [Axis] Bridge Facility Bridge Facility [Member] Bridge Facility 2030 and thereafter Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, after Year Five Interest rate, paid in kind Financing Receivable, Interest Rate, Paid In Kind Financing Receivable, Interest Rate, Paid In Kind Shares repurchased Shares Repurchased [Member] Shares Repurchased Equity Components [Axis] Equity Components [Axis] Total lease payments Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid Amortization period of capitalized contract costs Capitalized Contract Cost, Amortization Period Net cash from sales of businesses Proceeds from Divestiture of Businesses, Net of Cash Divested Total costs and expenses Total Merchant Solutions expenses Costs and Expenses Business Acquisition, Acquiree [Domain] Business Acquisition, Acquiree [Domain] Receivable [Domain] Receivable [Domain] Outstanding Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Outstanding, Intrinsic Value Value of replacement awards attributable to purchase consideration Business Combination, Consideration Transferred, Equity Interests Issued and Issuable Geographical [Axis] Geographical [Axis] Secured revolving facility available Financing Receivable, Maximum Borrowing Capacity Financing Receivable, Maximum Borrowing Capacity Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes, net of taxes Equity-Classified Written Call Option, Modification, Equity Issuance, Increase (Decrease) in Equity, Amount 2029 Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Five Valuation allowance, change Valuation Allowance, Deferred Tax Asset, Increase (Decrease), Amount Net (gain) loss on business dispositions Net (gain) loss on business dispositions Net gain (loss) on business dispositions Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Business Award Date [Axis] Award Date [Axis] Common stock repurchased - share-based compensation plans Stock Repurchased During Period, Value Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value of Equity Award Amounts Reported in Summary Compensation Table Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value of Equity Award Amounts Reported in Summary Compensation Table [Member] Net deferred tax assets Deferred Tax Assets, Net of Valuation Allowance Before Jurisdictional Netting Deferred Tax Assets, Net of Valuation Allowance Before Jurisdictional Netting Current consideration Business Combination, Contingent Consideration, Liability, Current Lessee, Lease, Description [Line Items] Lessee, Lease, Description [Line Items] Other assets Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Other Noncurrent Assets Stock issued under share-based compensation plans (in shares) Stock Issued During Period, Shares, Employee Stock Purchase Plans 1.000% convertible senior notes due August 15, 2029 1.000% Convertible Senior Notes Due August 15, 2029 [Member] 1.000% Convertible Senior Notes Due August 15, 2029 Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of the period Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of the period Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash, and Restricted Cash Equivalents Foreign Current Foreign Tax Expense (Benefit) Current assets: Assets, Current [Abstract] Consolidation Items [Axis] Consolidation Items [Axis] Fair value of financial instruments Fair Value of Financial Instruments, Policy [Policy Text Block] Capped price (in USD per share) Capped Call Cap Price Capped Call Cap Price Forgone Recovery due to Disqualification of Tax Benefits, Amount Forgone Recovery due to Disqualification of Tax Benefits, Amount 2026 Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation, to be Paid, Year Two Product and Service [Domain] Product and Service [Domain] Allowance for credit losses - accounts receivable SEC Schedule, 12-09, Allowance, Credit Loss [Member] Vested (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Vested in Period, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Goodwill [Roll Forward] Goodwill [Roll Forward] Deemed royalty Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Deemed Royalty, Percent Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Deemed Royalty, Percent Gross deferred tax liabilities Deferred Tax Liabilities, Gross Before Jurisdictional Netting Deferred Tax Liabilities, Gross Before Jurisdictional Netting Security Exchange Name Security Exchange Name Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent) Debt Instrument, Basis Spread on Variable Rate Partnership interests Deferred Tax Liabilities, Partnership Interests Deferred Tax Liabilities, Partnership Interests Exercised (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangements by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Exercises in Period, Weighted Average Exercise Price Conversion basis Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Performance, Conversion Ratio Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Performance, Conversion Ratio Shares Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Nonvested, Number of Shares [Roll Forward] State Current State and Local Tax Expense (Benefit) Short-term debt Amount outstanding under lines of credit Short-Term Debt Forgone Recovery, Explanation of Impracticability Forgone Recovery, Explanation of Impracticability [Text Block] 4.875% senior notes due March 15, 2031 4.875% Senior Notes Due March 15, 2031 [Member] 4.875% Senior Notes Due March 15, 2031 Finance lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets Right-of-Use Asset Obtained in Exchange for Finance Lease Liability 2.900% senior notes due May 15, 2030 2.900% Senior Notes Due May 15, 2030 [Member] 2.900% Senior Notes Due May 15, 2030 Goodwill and Intangible Assets Disclosure [Abstract] Goodwill and Intangible Assets Disclosure [Abstract] Common stock issued (in shares) Common Stock, Shares, Issued Maximum borrowing capacity Maximum borrowing capacity Line of Credit Facility, Maximum Borrowing Capacity Percentage of total consolidated revenues from external customers Concentration Risk, Percentage Aggregate principal amount Financing Receivable, before Allowance for Credit Loss Computer equipment Computer Equipment [Member] Right-of-use assets Deferred Tax Liabilities, Right-Of-Use Assets Deferred Tax Liabilities, Right-Of-Use Assets Insider Trading Policies and Procedures Adopted Insider Trading Policies and Procedures Adopted [Flag] Cash available for general purposes Cash Financial Institution Concentration Risk Financial Institution Concentration Risk [Member] Financial Institution Concentration Risk Valuation Allowance by Deferred Tax Asset [Axis] Valuation Allowance by Deferred Tax Asset [Axis] Supplier finance program, obligation, statement of financial position extensible enumeration not disclosed flag Supplier Finance Program, Obligation, Statement Of Financial Position Extensible Enumeration Not Disclosed Flag Supplier Finance Program, Obligation, Statement Of Financial Position Extensible Enumeration Not Disclosed Flag Europe Issuer Solutions Europe [Member] Common stock authorized (in shares) Common Stock, Shares Authorized Business combinations and other acquisitions, net of cash and restricted cash acquired Payments to Acquire Businesses, Net of Cash Acquired 5.300% senior notes due August 15, 2029 5.300% Senior Notes due August 15, 2029 [Member] 5.300% Senior Notes due August 15, 2029 Settlement lines of credit Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Settlement Lines Of Credit Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Settlement Lines Of Credit Audit Information [Abstract] Audit Information [Abstract] Long-term Debt, Type [Axis] Long-Term Debt, Type [Axis] Schedule of Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures Schedule of Cash Flow, Supplemental Disclosures [Table Text Block] Entity Voluntary Filers Entity Voluntary Filers Net income Temporary Equity, Net Income 1.000% convertible notes due August 15, 2029 Convertible Senior Unsecured Notes, Due August 2029 [Member] Convertible Senior Unsecured Notes, Due August 2029 Hedging Designation [Domain] Hedging Designation [Domain] Deferred tax expense Deferred Income Tax Expense (Benefit) PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT Property, Plant and Equipment Disclosure [Text Block] Payment of deferred and contingent consideration in business combination Payment for Contingent Consideration Liability, Financing Activities Reclassification of net unrealized (gains) losses on hedging activities to interest expense Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Cash Flow Hedge, Gain (Loss), Reclassification, before Tax Other comprehensive income (loss) Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net of Tax, Portion Attributable to Parent Accounts receivable, net Accounts Receivable, after Allowance for Credit Loss, Current Conversion price (in USD per share) Debt Instrument, Convertible, Conversion Price Consumer Solutions Segment Consumer Solutions Consumer Solutions Segment [Member] Consumer Solutions Segment [Member] Ownership interest (as a percent) Subsidiary, Ownership Percentage, Parent Granted (in shares) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Grants in Period, Gross Amortization expense of capitalized implementation costs Hosting Arrangement, Service Contract, Implementation Cost, Expense, Amortization Revenues from External Customers and Long-Lived Assets [Line Items] Revenues from External Customers and Long-Lived Assets [Line Items] Capitalized software costs written off Asset Impairment Charges Aggregate principal amount Total Long-Term Debt Pension Adjustments Prior Service Cost Pension Adjustments Prior Service Cost [Member] 2030 and thereafter Long-Term Debt, Maturity, after Year Five Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees) Repayment Of Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility [Member] Repayment Of Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility Settlement processing obligations Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Settlement Processing Obligations Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired And Liabilities Assumed, Settlement Processing Obligations Commercial Paper Commercial Paper [Member] Pension Benefits Adjustments, Footnote Pension Benefits Adjustments, Footnote [Text Block] Total Shareholder Return Vs Peer Group Total Shareholder Return Vs Peer Group [Text Block] Average cost per share (in USD per share) Average cost per share (in USD per share) Shares Acquired, Average Cost Per Share Document Annual Report Document Annual Report Reclassification of redeemable noncontrolling interest to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest Temporary Equity, Reclassification Temporary Equity, Reclassification Deferred income taxes Other Noncash Deferred Income Tax Expense Deferred Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Excluding Amounts Paid Relating To Business Acquisitions 2027 Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Three Noncurrent accrued buyout liability Accrued Buyout Liability, Noncurrent Accrued Buyout Liability, Noncurrent Unclaimed property Unclaimed Property Liability, Current Unclaimed Property Liability, Current Assets held for sale Assets Held For Sale [Policy Text Block] Assets Held For Sale Accrued buyout liability Commissions Expense, Policy [Policy Text Block] Vested (in shares) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by

Share-Based Payment Award, Equity Instruments Other than Options, Vested in Period Total Global Payments Shareholders' Equity Parent [Member] Risk-free interest rate Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Fair Value Assumptions, Risk Free Interest Rate Amortization of acquired intangibles Amortization of intangible assets Amortization of Intangible Assets 2028 Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation, to be Paid, Year Four SEC Schedule, 12-09, Movement in Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Roll Forward] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Movement in Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Roll Forward] Foreign countries Non-US [Member] Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Line Items] Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Line Items] Liabilities: Liabilities [Abstract] Accounting Policies [Abstract] Accounting Policies [Abstract] Unamortized discount Debt Instrument, Unamortized Discount Net gain on dispositions and liquidations Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Disposal, Restructuring And Related Activities, Percent Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Disposal, Restructuring And Related Activities, Percent Leasehold improvements Leasehold Improvements [Member] Fair value measurements Fair Value Measurement, Policy [Policy Text Block] ACQUISITIONS Business Combination Disclosure [Text Block] Current Fiscal Year End Date Current Fiscal Year End Date BalanceA at Beginning of Period BalanceA at End of Period SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves, Amount Imputed interest Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, Undiscounted Excess Amount PEO Name PEO Name Less accumulated depreciation: Finance Lease, Right-of-Use Asset, Accumulated Amortization 4.950% senior notes due AugustA 15, 2027 4.950% Senior Notes due August 15, 2027 [Member] 4.950% Senior Notes due August 15, 2027 Award Type [Domain] Award Type [Domain] Percent operating income of acquiree (less than) Business Combination, Pro Forma Information, Earnings Or Loss Of Acquiree Since Acquisition Date, Actual Percent Business Combination, Pro Forma Information, Earnings Or Loss Of Acquiree Since Acquisition Date, Actual Percent Cash and cash equivalents Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Cash and Equivalents Share-based compensation expense Deferred Tax Assets, Tax Deferred Expense, Compensation and Benefits, Share-Based Compensation Cost Compensation Actually Paid vs. Company Selected Measure Compensation Actually Paid vs. Company Selected Measure [Text Block] Schedule of Goodwill and Intangible Assets Schedule of Intangible Assets and Goodwill [Table Text Block] Deferred income taxes Deferred Income Tax Assets, Net Non-PEO NEO Non-PEO NEO [Member] Paid-in Capital Additional Paid-in Capital [Member] Hedging Relationship [Axis] Hedging Relationship [Axis] Finance lease liabilities (noncurrent) Finance Lease, Liability, Noncurrent Eight Financial Institutions Eight Financial Institutions [Member] Eight Financial Institutions Deferred income tax liabilities Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Deferred Tax Liabilities 2029 Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation, to be Paid, Year Five Recently adopted and issued accounting pronouncements New Accounting Pronouncements, Policy [Policy Text Block] Class of Stock [Axis] Class of Stock [Axis] Finite-Lived Intangible Assets by Major Class [Axis] Finite-Lived Intangible Assets by Major Class [Axis] 2028 Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Four Less accumulated amortization: Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Accumulated Amortization Schedule of Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding Schedule of Weighted Average Number of Shares [Table Text Block] Name Measure Name Entity Interactive Data Current Entity Interactive Data Current Type of Restructuring [Domain] Type of Restructuring [Domain] Foreign-derived intangible income deduction Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, FDII, Percent Disaggregation of Revenue [Table] Disaggregation of Revenue [Table] Issuer Solutions Issuer Solutions Issuer Solutions Segment [Member] Issuer Solutions Segment [Member] Share-based compensation expense Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Noncash Expense Noncurrent deferred income tax asset Deferred Tax Assets, Net of Valuation Allowance Other Accumulated Defined Benefit Plans Adjustment Attributable to Parent [Member] Realized gain on investment Preferred Stock Redemption Premium Interest rate Financing Receivable, Interest Rate Financing Receivable, Interest Rate Stated interest rate (as a percent) Debt Instrument, Interest Rate, Stated Percentage Corporate Segment Reporting, Reconciling Item, Corporate Nonsegment [Member] Supplemental Cash Flow Information [Abstract] Supplemental Cash Flow Information [Abstract] Total purchase consideration Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired, Goodwill, and Liabilities Assumed, Less Noncontrolling Interest Settlements with income tax authorities Unrecognized Tax Benefits, Decrease Resulting from Settlements with Taxing Authorities Research and development costs Deferred Tax Asset, In-Process Research and Development Total nonoperating income (expense) Nonoperating Income (Expense) Concentration Risk Benchmark [Domain] Concentration Risk Benchmark [Domain] SCHEDULE II Valuation and Qualifying Accounts SEC Schedule, 12-09, Schedule of Valuation and Qualifying Accounts Disclosure [Text Block] Auditor Firm ID Auditor Firm ID Effective tax rate Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Percent Deferred income tax assets Business Combination Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Deferred Tax Assets Operating income Consolidated operating income Operating Income (Loss) Variable Rate [Domain] Variable Rate [Domain] Hosting arrangement, service contract, implementation cost, impairment, statement of income or comprehensive income [extendible enumeration] Hosting Arrangement, Service Contract, Implementation Cost, Impairment, Statement of Income or Comprehensive Income [Extendible Enumeration] Number of reportable segments Number of Reportable Segments Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and equity Liabilities and Equity Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Terminated Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Terminated [Flag] Fair Value Hierarchy and NAV [Axis] Fair Value Hierarchy and NAV [Axis] Foreign net operating loss carryforwards Deferred Tax Assets, Operating Loss Carryforwards, Foreign Hedging Designation [Axis] Hedging Designation [Axis] DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosure [Text Block] 2026 Finance Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Two Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Major Class Name [Domain] Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Major Class Name [Domain] Current portion of long-term debt Less current portion Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligation, Current Impairment of implementation cost Hosting Arrangement, Service Contract, Implementation Cost, Impairment Schedule of Maturities of Long-Term Debt Schedule of Maturities of Long-Term Debt [Table Text Block] Operating lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets Right-of-Use Asset Obtained in Exchange for Operating Lease Liability Underlying Security Market Price Change Underlying Security Market Price Change, Percent Individual: Individual [Axis] Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss AOCI Attributable to Parent [Member] Forfeited (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangements by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Forfeitures in Period, Weighted Average Exercise Price Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees) Business Combination, Consideration Transferred, Liabilities Incurred Expected term (years) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Fair Value Assumptions, Expected Term Product and Service [Axis] Product and Service [Axis] Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items] Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items] Statement [Line Items] Statement [Line Items] Schedule of Shares Repurchased and Retired Schedule of Stockholders Equity [Table Text Block] 2025 Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation, to be Paid, Year One Total identifiable net assets Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Net Schedule of Property and Equipment Property, Plant and Equipment [Table Text Block] Compensation Actually Paid vs. Total Shareholder Return Compensation Actually Paid vs. Total Shareholder Return [Text Block] Total purchase consideration Business Combination, Consideration Transferred Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility Outstanding Under Prior Credit Facility Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility Outstanding Under Prior Credit Facility [Member] Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility Outstanding Under Prior Credit Facility Derivative Instruments Derivatives, Policy [Policy Text Block] Software Software Development [Member] Allowances for credit losses on accounts receivable and Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets Credit Loss, Financial Instrument [Policy Text Block] Asia Pacific Asia Pacific [Member] Minimum Minimum [Member] Unamortized debt issuance costs Unamortized Debt Issuance Expense Unsecured Promissory Note Unsecured Promissory Note [Member] Unsecured Promissory Note Allowance for credit losses Financing Receivable, Allowance for Credit Loss Adoption Date Trading Arrangement Adoption Date Contract liabilities, net (noncurrent) Contract with Customer, Liability, Noncurrent Capped calls issuance taxes Equity-Classified Written Call Option, Modification, Equity Issuance, Tax Equity-Classified Written Call Option, Modification, Equity Issuance, Tax Right-of-use-assets disposed Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Operating Right-Of-Use-Assets Disposal Group, Including Discontinued Operation, Operating Right-Of-Use-Assets Credit loss expense related to accounts receivable Accounts Receivable, Credit Loss Expense (Reversal) Settlement lines of credit Line of Credit, Current Segments [Axis] Segments [Axis] Change in Fair Value as of Vesting Date of Prior Year Equity Awards Vested in Covered Year Change in Fair Value as of Vesting Date of Prior Year Equity Awards Vested in Covered Year [Member] Federal U.S. statutory rate Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, at Federal Statutory Income Tax Rate, Percent Derivative Instrument [Axis] Derivative Instrument [Axis] Gross long-term debt Long-Term Debt, Gross Exercise Price Award Exercise Price Reduction to fair value Disposal Group, Not Discontinued Operation, Loss (Gain) on Write-down Schedule of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities Schedule of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities [Table Text Block] Spain SPAIN Arrangement Duration Trading Arrangement Duration Scenario, Plan Scenario, Plan [Member] Operating loss carryforwards Operating Loss Carryforwards LEASES Lessee, Finance Leases [Text Block] GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS Goodwill and Intangible Assets Disclosure [Text Block] Other, net of tax Other Comprehensive (Income) Loss, Defined Benefit Plan, after Reclassification Adjustment, before Tax Domestic Domestic Tax Jurisdiction [Member] Reserve for contract contingencies and processing errors SEC Schedule, 12-09, Contract Contingencies And Processing Errors [Member] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Contract Contingencies and Processing Errors [Member] Settlement processing assets and obligations, net Increase (Decrease) In Settlement Processing Assets And Obligations Net The net change during the reporting period in settlement processing assets and obligations. Interest and other income Interest and Other Income Material Terms of Trading Arrangement Material Terms of Trading Arrangement [Text Block] Debt term Debt Instrument, Term Total lease liabilities Finance lease liabilities Finance Lease, Liability 2028 Finite-Lived Intangible Asset, Expected Amortization, Year Four All Individuals All Individuals [Member] Notes Receivable Notes Receivable [Member] 3.750% senior notes due June 1, 2023 3.750% Senior Notes due June 01, 2023 [Member] 3.750% Senior Notes due June 01, 2023 [Member] Buildings Building [Member] Variable Rate [Axis] Variable Rate [Axis] Income Tax Disclosure [Abstract] Income Tax Disclosure [Abstract] Fair value of debt instrument Debt Instrument, Fair Value Disclosure Convertible, period Debt Instrument, Convertible, Period Debt Instrument, Convertible, Period Goodwill, balance at beginning of period Goodwill, balance at end of period Goodwill, Gross Statement of Stockholders' Equity [Abstract] Statement of Stockholders' Equity [Abstract] Other intangible assets, net Intangible Assets, Net (Excluding Goodwill) Proceeds from stock issued under share-based compensation plans Proceeds, Issuance of Shares, Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Including Option Exercised Total unrecognized compensation cost of restricted stock and performance awards Share-Based Payment Arrangement, Nonvested Award, Excluding Option, Cost Not yet Recognized, Amount Replacement Awards (in USD per share) Share Based Compensation Arrangements By Share Based Payment Award, Options, Replacement Awards, Weighted Average Exercise Price Share Based Compensation Arrangements By Share Based Payment Award, Options, Replacement Awards, Weighted Average Exercise Price Undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiary Undistributed Earnings of Foreign Subsidiaries Business Combination, Asset Acquisition, and Joint Venture Formation [Abstract] Total lease liabilities Lease, Liability Lease, Liability Credit loss expense related to settlement processing assets Settlement Processing Asset, Credit Loss Expense (Reversal) Settlement Processing Asset, Credit Loss Expense (Reversal) Lender Name [Axis] Lender Name [Axis] Related and Nonrelated Parties [Domain] Related and Nonrelated Parties [Domain] Operating loss carryforwards not subject to expiration Deferred Tax Assets, Operating Loss Carryforwards, Not Subject to Expiration Third-party commissions Accrued Sales Commission, Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities, Current Restructuring Cost and Reserve [Line Items] Restructuring Cost and Reserve [Line Items] Proceeds from issuance of senior long-term debt Proceeds from Issuance of Senior Long-Term Debt Schedule of Fair Values of Identified Intangible Assets Acquired and Respective Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods Finite-Lived and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets Acquired as Part of Business Combination [Table Text Block] Net (repayments) borrowings from settlement lines of credit Proceeds from (Repayments of) Lines of Credit Deferred income taxes Deferred Income Tax Liabilities, Net Technology-enabled Technology Service [Member] Lease liabilities Deferred Tax Assets, Leasing Arrangements Deferred Tax Assets, Leasing Arrangements Expected volatility Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Fair Value Assumptions, Expected Volatility Rate Common stock repurchased - share-based compensation plans (in shares) Stock Repurchased During Period, Shares Foreign income taxes Effective Income Tax Rate Reconciliation, Foreign Income Tax Rate Differential, Percent Award requisite service period Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Award Requisite Service Period Other costs Business Exit Costs Excise tax on share repurchases Effective Income Tax Rate, Inflation Reduction Act, Share Repurchase Excise Tax, Amount Effective Income Tax Rate, Inflation Reduction Act, Share Repurchase Excise Tax, Amount Estimated Fair Value Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Finite-Lived Intangibles Potential stock received upon conversion of investment (pure) Preferred Stock, Convertible, Conversion Ratio Federal Deferred Federal Income Tax Expense (Benefit) Current portion of accrued buyout liability Accrued Buyout Liability, Current Accrued Buyout Liability, Current Share Repurchase Program [Domain] Share Repurchase Program [Domain] Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash Cash and Cash Equivalents, Policy [Policy Text Block] Technology asset charge Impairment of Intangible Assets, Finite-Lived COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES Commitments and Contingencies Disclosure [Text Block] Measure: Measure [Axis] Consumer Business Consumer Business [Member] Consumer Business Additions based on income tax positions related to the current year Unrecognized Tax Benefits, Increase Resulting from Current Period Tax Positions Operating Loss Carryforwards [Table] Operating Loss Carryforwards [Table] Preferred stock authorized (in shares) Preferred Stock, Shares Authorized Entity Emerging Growth Company Entity Emerging Growth Company Operating lease, right-of-use asset, statement of financial position [extendible list] Operating Lease, Right-of-Use Asset, Statement of Financial Position [Extendible Enumeration] 2029 Long-Term Debt, Maturity, Year Five Other borrowings Other Long-Term Debt [Member] Other Long-Term Debt [Member] Lessee, Lease, Description [Table] Lessee, Lease, Description [Table] Non-GAAP Measure Description Non-GAAP Measure Description [Text Block] Schedule of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities Schedule of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities [Table Text Block] Total finance lease right-of-use assets Finance Lease, Right-of-Use Asset, after Accumulated Amortization Equity Component [Domain] Equity Component [Domain] Bridge Loan Bridge Loan [Member] EVO Payments, Inc EVO Payments, Inc. [Member] EVO Payments, Inc. Centrum Elektronicznych Usług Platniczych eService Sp. z o.o. Centrum Elektronicznych Usług Platniczych eService Sp. z o.o. [Member] Centrum Elektronicznych Usług Platniczych eService Sp. z o.o. Class of Treasury Stock [Table] Class of Treasury Stock [Table] Additional 402(v) Disclosure Additional 402(v) Disclosure [Text Block] Entity Shell Company Entity Shell Company 2027 Recorded Unconditional Purchase Obligation, to be Paid, Year Three Valuation Allowance [Line Items] Valuation Allowance [Line Items] Entity Incorporation, State or Country Code Entity Incorporation, State or Country Code Capitalized contract cost Capitalized Contract Cost, Net Minimum interest coverage ratio Debt Instrument, Covenant, Interest Coverage Ratio, Minimum Debt Instrument, Covenant, Interest Coverage Ratio, Minimum SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Domain] SEC Schedule, 12-09, Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Domain] Reclassification of accumulated other comprehensive gain related to foreign currency translation Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Foreign Currency Transaction and Translation Adjustment, before Tax, Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Aggregate principal amount repaid Debt Instrument, Repurchased Face Amount Standby Letters of Credit Standby Letters of Credit [Member] Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment, Tax, Portion Attributable to Noncontrolling Interest Statement [Table] Statement [Table] Interest expense Interest Expense, Debt BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Significant Accounting Policies [Text Block] Consolidation Items [Domain] Consolidation Items [Domain] Interest paid Interest Paid, Excluding Capitalized Interest, Operating Activities Property and equipment, gross Property, Plant, and Equipment and Finance Lease Right-of-Use Asset, before Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Capital expenditures Payments to Acquire Productive Assets Level 1 Fair Value, Inputs, Level 1 [Member] Concentration Risk Benchmark [Axis] Concentration Risk Benchmark [Axis] Total current assets Assets, Current Statement of Cash Flows [Abstract] Statement of Cash Flows [Abstract] Senior notes Senior Notes Senior Notes [Member] Options vested and exercisable (in shares) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Exercisable, Number 2027 Long-Term Debt, Maturity, Year Three Schedule of Long-term Debt Instruments [Table] Schedule of Long-Term Debt Instruments [Table] Net unrealized gains expected to be reclassified during the next 12 months Interest Rate Cash Flow Hedge Gain (Loss) to be Reclassified During Next 12 Months, Net identifiable intangible assets Business Combination, Recognized Identifiable Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed, Intangible Assets, Other than Goodwill Weighted average grant date fair value (in USD per share) Share-Based Compensation Arrangement by Share-Based Payment Award, Options, Grants in Period, Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) [Table] Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) [Table] Entity Well-known Seasoned Issuer Entity Well-known Seasoned Issuer INCOME TAX Income Tax Disclosure [Text Block] Repurchases of common stock Cost of shares repurchased, including commissions and applicable excise taxes Stock Repurchased and Retired During Period, Value 2028 Lessee, Operating Lease, Liability, to be Paid, Year Four Miscellaneous taxes and withholdings Accrual for Taxes Other than Income Taxes, Current Granted Fiscal 2015 Granted Fiscal 2015 [Member] Granted Fiscal 2015 [Member] Price per share (in USD per shares) Accelerated Share Repurchases, Final Price Paid Per Share Weighted-average discount rate of operating leases (as a percent) Operating Lease, Weighted Average Discount Rate, Percent Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities Commercial Paper Notes Commercial Paper Notes [Member] Commercial Paper Notes

































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@ P ) P I Z M " X = P U 4 . P I T \$ \$ < @ I " 3 I 0 # ( 0 I 8 & L 7 P H I & 8 9 P I P & 4 M > P I C @ 8 @ " 7 & I P I > + L 7 0 # < % P I @ I < A 6 P # . % L P # ) # 0 N I M \* P I " A \$ E P T ( ( " @ @ " L # 0 I W I I  
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"B\*N DBOP (N< "B+L A P7 M/@C\$ (& IY2 <S< & I< 4 C) \$D I!.. #0 "P M G+ 'B< #18C"> (2)X \$2\$3 I B&0 0(B #R(G X C+P )#D #"\$ \$ M L E4 \*)5X "290 0 X) #E V00- N #7U %P "4 A80 'Q IR M6P .5L & !; 1760 3%8 \$12 U3 @ \*DL "K 71 @ \$ \$ M I M I \$0 H # ! ^ \$0 /A8 #X = ^ ) /B I #XZ ^ I @ /E O #YD M ^ = @ /B P #Y C I N P /X #O U I P "5P @EP E2 I P80 M :\$ \$ %1A 147 @ 1U L #I7 050 )5( I M0 230 # \$ I 9\* P M 20D \$ @ - I \$ 100 \$ 8 : I & @ 1 B P \$8 W I & O P 1 E \$ \$ 9 @ 1 % M

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P # X Z 0 - P # M P 0 + @ " R H K I \* @ & " E " \$ H @ I J X , @ < # D F 0 - ) < M I 0 5 \$ H E I 0 I X 5 0 0 % H G C P : @ ( T 9 P " + & I B 0 I X ( 8 A " \$ \$ @ @ " M ( L @ H P ? # Q 0 I - P I Z A = P # \_ 4 \_ P # F T P . 8 " I M L 0 < " A 4 F P - ) < \$ P " 3 I L D C ( P \* P " \* # ( B X ( 8 / 0 " \$ M \$ 0 @ @ I ) ( \$ 3 @ I % , 7 0 I 9 ' L 8 I Y & @ = P I Q ' 4 2 ' I S ( D < " 8 & I M I 0 I M + I P # F & H \_ P I A : 0 # < & - P 3 P P + 4 " K H P M " I L " 2 C " ( < \$ " # I 8 ? P = " T ) I Z " I > R ' 0 . I T # T M < @ I " " 2 I 0 \$ 7 , 0 I 3 & P 6 0 I F \$ : I F 8 = I D ( \$ 8 0 " I % H @ I > M + 8 7 # 5 % L P I : A 6 @ # \_ H P # W M @ ( " 2 P " @ ( X M " @ % " H # I U \$ < 0 8 & X @ I P , \$ B " ) P W B T + , T " H # M P I \$ , \* 1 - 9 % 6 E I 6 4 ( P 9 T " ( & A @ I H P " N I X Q @ = I ^ < < O C X M I T ) P " \* D R T ( @ O I ^ P = " X I @ K T - " 5 # C @ ( " I I M 0 = & X " H X 9 0 3 & ( & O I 2 I 7 0 E % L \* P I 9 # \$ 6 V % 8 M . P I 5 \$ \$ 4 P I % \$ 3 @ I 0 4 3 @ I : \$ P : I \* 4 2 " \$ \$ < E 0 I % \* @ I " M \$ , Y I " / P 0 @ # ( " P " R \$ 0 I I 0 I D 5 " \$ P A I \$ I - I S " M : & 4 P I 2 L 6 P / % < % I 4 H I 4 0 ? \$ I ) ! : " I 3 P \$ L @ I ) M # P 2 I " \$ 8 2 1 % % O P I 9 \$ \$ 8 P \_ & I / @ I ^ # P D I \* . @ " X # D M V O X / 4 . # @ P " L % P G O L ) = " ) ? 2 O D ' 4 5 I L \$ 9 P M % T & I 6 8 4 0 . \$ T \$ I \* 1 4 I P : \$ 4 ( I \$ " 8 0 @ K \$ \$ , 0 - # 8 M @ I I # P 1 I \$ L 0 I 4 # < 7 P V & L - I Z # ( C O ) X , " 5 " S @ O M . I + @ # " X \_ P I G @ F B ( I D \$ ) > B \$ \$ = I G 7 0 % , # : M I 0 > 2 0 ( \$ 4 # 0 I ! \$ / @ 6 # P P Q Z " \$ - 0 F # < + V # ( - X M # , I P Q < , I 0 " X 6 P M & \* P I V " H B H P " ) P " 0 R 0 E . H M 0 I " 4 I " P B P E B @ ( E I " ) @ = R @ & T E I D 6 0 L % ( 5 + M \$ O P P " # T " 0 Y P X @ \$ 2 # . 1 % P 0 I P , \$ B " ) P W B T + , T " H # M P I \$ , \* 1 - 9 % 6 E I 6 4 ( P 9 T " ( & A @ I H P " N I X Q @ = I ^ < < O C X M I T ) P " \* D R T ( @ O I ^ P = " X & H K I A ) @ 6 \$ \$ < I % P M / Q ( # @ I O " P H + @ @ . " L \$ @ H O < \* @ = < ( ( P E " D ) D P " ) - P A M " D ( I \* I + 5 0 = V ( & P Q R H A 0 8 # ) D % P R M I 8 0 @ 5 # > 8 0 W Y I 8 M P " < + 0 D # \$ ( 8 T I # 2 4 ' 0 T L I L - : # C T M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . E # ) @ R @ M H < > O M 0 - 0 # # R T ( P ) 3 P @ # 0 ' A 7 I 0 6 0 9 E D % Y 9 M I 5 5 P 2 5 . P I 7 R 3 \* \$ 5 0 % # D @ I @ I / @ # I L M 0 2 \$ P . I ( # D 8 Y ( . 2 D M 0 T Y . 4 X # = Y . P . ( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . 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( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . E # ) @ R @ M H < > O M 0 - 0 # # R T ( P ) 3 P @ # 0 ' A 7 I 0 6 0 9 E D % Y 9 M I 5 5 P 2 5 . P I 7 R 3 \* \$ 5 0 % # D @ I @ I / @ # I L M 0 2 \$ P . I ( # D 8 Y ( . 2 D M 0 T Y . 4 X # = Y . P . ( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . E # ) @ R @ M H < > O M 0 - 0 # # R T ( P ) 3 P @ # 0 ' A 7 I 0 6 0 9 E D % Y 9 M I 5 5 P 2 5 . P I 7 R 3 \* \$ 5 0 % # D @ I @ I / @ # I L M 0 2 \$ P . I ( # D 8 Y ( . 2 D M 0 T Y . 4 X # = Y . P . ( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . E # ) @ R @ M H < > O M 0 - 0 # # R T ( P ) 3 P @ # 0 ' A 7 I 0 6 0 9 E D % Y 9 M I 5 5 P 2 5 . P I 7 R 3 \* \$ 5 0 % # D @ I @ I / @ # I L M 0 2 \$ P . I ( # D 8 Y ( . 2 D M 0 T Y . 4 X # = Y . P . ( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . 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( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . E # ) @ R @ M H < > O M 0 - 0 # # R T ( P ) 3 P @ # 0 ' A 7 I 0 6 0 9 E D % Y 9 M I 5 5 P 2 5 . P I 7 R 3 \* \$ 5 0 % # D @ I @ I / @ # I L M 0 2 \$ P . I ( # D 8 Y ( . 2 D M 0 T Y . 4 X # = Y . P . ( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . 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( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M 2 @ : T H & ) ! 8 I @ 3 D ( \$ 4 I - 3 D " L T B + P & 2 L I ( H M I - ) H " 2 . 8 C \$ @ % ( O D ' I 0 @ ( D \* I ) 3 \$ " 4 I E 2 ) E 4 ' 9 E M F = P I H P " B F N 0 I M D ' 7 R E . @ . 1 0 A \$ D M . I 5 3 P M D I & ! . I 7 2 P 3 4 @ \$ 1 % I 0 @ , 3 T " 0 % 3 ( I N P \* M + H I 2 L . \$ I \$ 0 \* A 8 " H ) > I ) @ \* R I " E Y K I 0 + % , " O B L M = 0 + ( I " N @ K M P \* I 8 " K R J P " , 2 0 @ D X ' I 2 I 0 5 : % 0 M # I 3 I 6 4 0 3 \$ X \$ + W I P + 4 . " I \$ C @ P V P & P D M # @ # R : I 0 # \$ : O P - 2 P # ( W R 0 P . 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( 4 M # B < W I P - I ( # R U P " 5 0 7 U H ' 9 = I M 7 P 9 5 I % U 7 I 2 M 7 1 % @ # A 5 M 4 @ ( D I A . 0 2 @ " D @ - & 0 1 0 8 \$ 0 \* I # M # 0 I C # 6 0 0 # " P E L M \$ 0 Y I < 4 P 6 F \$ % I Q I 0 A 2 \$ ) ! : " I 1 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I " N I 0 0 @ \$ @ \$ I I \$ 0 P 9 M 0 C C 4 ( 0 X I Z 0 < # @ & \* " S . I B ^ 0 @ 2 @ # ( 5 < M 2 % G A > 0 ( 8 X " S D A N @ ( = L " R @ @ 0 0 A D 4 ' U ( I T M





R@BXZIC (&+HZ#07F2ERB&I<%\$2G M&SNMI/U F843(5YH(8R1JZ:@\*T+P I+.%1&@ENB>W6JD M=LHI>RS4RICJO+ 0 2EO>W HK?CHDYGH:G:NKI#@@IW? T9TA716=HZ P Z@ M I>JUM M I&2Q 01E F VGV18 %NHH6Q 0A9\$KEFI#\$. R8P224;INZH.0@ M <.&RC&OIB>Z16E">..ZIZ,KJ&HP + INPK; &MOHO> ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO25>TZ.G0.<XG(170/E=92GRV M 1X<P&EFD#)P&IE?>L1+L1>24>5I&G2VNMK M %6&T6OZ&FK?2 <I "W=49071NL&SS=AH @WTF1# M#\*DS=5CF9 C&OZ&A/W \*W&XZ+2JH(8L MRCH.I=I2Z7&MP #P#R&RYNM87KXFA>>9Z7J&@<M @F#M/I8 @FVMS=1)M L&K&FPZ X (LYNOQE" L M#W3UBV9/ /OYA<ESUO.7C0VW4 AAF3&"22C?>W5#\$. MV#5387 -9MK1G="0 \$6IZZ MCVJE.1\$22<>ERMJ=\$\*H 8LRCH.I>9)Z7\*(MP 2RQ1D3H?)HMT MJH @IAK <8R/VI PHRNH<S.R(7Z>Z<@. LOHPD H<7 MK5&6XPF) L1UWJ "4N+V #16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU M "I.2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (3SF>4SHM6P.M FZ>C6D&XKYFL V @H?>N1&N<I 19FN8 &LZQ M #OFF>DJCFZ?>NHH6Q 0A9\$KEFI#\$. R8P224;INZH.0@ M &47R#HGM<IYDD >..ZIZ,KJ& HP + INPK; &MOHO M#> ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO25>TZ.G0.MU616UY1&I=DIYH.P @<M.TI>:GM1I<=>GL I.VI "2\*.6H.00.HGN.IJ M #/;>SHSM1JOR10DF T I.W.N.GJU+6Y MEKFRD I>YHPMNJO2Q?D?P @<=>0.7>3Z?Z8.7@<BFW.M.IK1+L&16@G(8SR7HNI>9+Z6Z(KMOS .Z/18@<I) M#Y33M907\$ %Z%ZUEIENB25=0 "4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .69.MIT>O.D1+E\$-VX %Z?T18T+P%)EK#88 I?7\*5@63(\$I.MX1IE< /H<2I "VOU5L/>IVDJK.O.I:9VAK7N#P96N.M W&IMCZ<IR.OVOJHFK# IOH \$&W8H2A4F.IZL.P.H>2YZH.M.OOH.1(0PS)CDD)ONJHAM .I:JH/@.LVUHSNA(" +.4.M.@ZJ#M=0.KX "2R.NI" 0"R.NI"5@<L I J.GIFZ M8#IN> I.CZ/N @< I@CJ4BD >U>2>1VWJ(UH<G=6G MD@2PZC.IZPSHG) S P @ 8LRCH.I>9)Z7\*(MP M.#IBEUGS IOO .%>I)H6TS+J1 DAX .#AF<326GFQO.IGY.O.MRQ @<8SS0S.K<IZO: HZ?Z?Z8.2(IZ/GF/OMHZ=JZOL.M #S=1G2% @ HPNJIAM.PP3)C)I #IDM M>ZIZ.GF2O@I I L I &LKWQO F5=EBB2I1 G1Z M7Q2\$="JDL49S Z17G 7Y 2 E>F A.I.U.M.OYT "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J9D79\*?R .?Y.M.O -A?YGB+TJO-W>52T #2SD7YRKOZ96T>L.P8 M \$9+9X I(S:=FG/H?T"7U"0 "G.M &ZUL6I JZ. A1\*9B @<4N+V .I%<=>EQU4\$ .691T>O.D1+E\$-VX M #.1+7<<88)SSA7B@<I "L 9A .&FJ?I7E>I M &R6N.WXOJG&>DLEDD <=W292&OHW1\*OMH?VJ.0 @IGH M0.S=BA\*29NNGJOLS >AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @ M.W85E6.73 I%>Z4 I T#TRVX I Z32.D >NOY73.R&I @LYUO&E6I.W.U>64 @Y(28C MGO14>6RU.P.KCV?EFH IYX5N6.M?<4N+V.P#16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K #R0737Y.M 44@IHM 3M751AP >OZ.ZOKF&K.T=PYU "I -2Q>69G(A#<+T \*W=4.H.9)0! ) (M.YINFTI Z>X I X I \$;DC I@G?2I03E: .04YEVULMIVH.VRBP #R?>IAG2%>ZIZ,KJ&HP + M INPK; &MOHO > ZVG2 >7CZ%\*SKO? 5>TZ.G0 "PA71.N(I.MX13Y9E7. \$MYZDV6K960=F @WTF1#4+J2.I=SX I.MO1PZ9/FLO7I9DP)JL<@ IYIWHIHMUIY2\*TOMI \$ "IA1.MW.<+ZWB 5\$K.ZX+%>ZQFS.S %FC VZHI+K\$J12.M.#IYUIMPYIYH+IAM@> >Z7F.OPHXK M#0(3BP#I3 N.M4K LE@< &R./R./HE>N1P DZ 5IKO.545 \*K8Z+ I M 7\*PZ BM .ARWZ" @<+HZ#07F2ERB&I<IK <4IK <6IRD MIE?>AMY1+GJ@V &AMOZH I##.F.SDE&<INJ&T!&L&JFP >ZS.6C.Z\$@ (LYOZ WJH.WOU YO @/I.C #T I.G751H(U9)I<M C9= I\$>SAD&F&2(I T /40>6X12ICX?29CFE2B)@.S1 M&6Z>N0 V @<M?F4=(WKS)2Y1#N (8YIOTS I V>X MZIS & BZ3N7FB DBRZBQ M2NNI 75:81+2T M#<I @Q8 @ IY I M.M.=MF.FI C M&SP .4N+V.16 .0Y15! 00?2.H K @I =OD M I03S.WY T=U=7V IY.N.HSI N9ZL IJU.G4 M +LU+IU9FZ I2:567 M #I@D4902MUU6%6@>X%439172 L65XS5AW #SV 03.M1.LCUD#IG.P "W54K8 7PLB5RS>AF "&(&9.8)M #I W=4.H.O M #\*>+YIT3TV ->I22 / I(G&5U#>>X?E / W/TUM#6WT7 /I=3I /H I%>5XJOI =>2SH M (ZYSC#HP<=VZZG/WSH WZL IJ.MK7&P=32UNNV7B#J























MMX01Y7%66@5;YMN9521M&A.#B6B 73S:OSEMGN2S-W-G\*DTJ&C))&P M9&L\$# X'401HLVEOGEFBBM~.S-XIS0IUO\*1K.3GLG(1Y.98<5YDK7 M@5LK>DUXY4 Q\*P\$0.QVYBC.OB<>J0ZF75V) (P5AKB MA\$.91(9ACVW~1%W7GK7F~>O761L WC>661514CCANLJ3551868 31A &#RVE191MKCM2 M1\$22RVJXC7NR7 (<5&AW MPJ>> &#O9FUN\$3 (<H2>VH=BU(POIXO)7#68H; >Y L 73M36P0<8BG<M2.31R#M~>N9LDRG\*~1.MMIV.NYVY7446J @I410 JHHHBB@>BA0\$3<2>NVGGX~YK~H.HUS.9WVJ MLE M%L.1OKH.6<~>YH=NB(1A0IPLU) >K~PG#Z7F~.23J TSOG(OPT7RR6~N@M90VU~1.MPV=F.LGDY)23 M>W~>FLGT=9KE@=A\$55PKZQZOB/W3>>7ELXW~X0A.J^00=TO\_1=VZZY5OZI>>.O-V7WKY3%2WS4 M^VO~HP6B3X&1N@SVZE79MF8J(1^)/AS&PD:&>UDCD0E621&# (ZD8AE8(1B M~ =+>B5R) MI<~LHRINQ) +G#HTL^\*V. (<6>32281>3) (<O>6<17F) 7PWV1Y21DAYWBWZ+O/ M.MRIR\$7FUUYX@XCNHJ~RM4~RS2L1%123K0) HJHSL0J@L0#P.IWS29 P M~1)1)BES7KJ/40AMF@ (W15)IC2G73Z7OT<CNHKKV17 MN2?>3914V.CV5R0?D13 EN5=>#D15H@.V @#21YV29E@.~PF69?9I M~?LF44RHFVK6E0D6?P17.E?61W617FCGIA10>>IT.O>>S;R%G C MAYSA740?57FXORFN(CHS49JK?> 8VZ56W~ULC/LF~\$Z1L\$>P~4>=A7M1M=0(KHUO<02V5<35Y9)Q%5Z7846KZL9C~/H\_YY M+>F>OU>25VDD8H+Y+>LJ. #EN7QM (<D<<BKA(P5\$4.69B IM)TR<L MK7=#/R+3X2IF.N(1)8@%C;#>CB0D DU<FFP68IGOV~.057VJH.XES/MG.N:RN41&6WE>&5?X.D;XU#4=FB07UH64'4 6. #3/3/V T\$S-T~M#2H M(P7\$?%~)HPI62UO PVTBT@3=Z5-7F;ZW90;LIG6MW760021L/E5T M@:S31A YK0\_Y29I<3-3'>T4G;E'Q<FK<K~GCFQ>A#AZTLJ UO=337;M~>2Y8A;4K=2Z@ZH#17B3/KCT63 P1YVNL7WKB6/M5ZIC@CC6H<6'GUL MC222.11519F9C15514LS@>SDF(TL1A%&BW190W#>KVF JFJM6I'D8 M~<@ N>7-8721F4Z<XZ2=1KZ@VP2+IAV1+1+L+V.VDV~J (T38.~4HL21 M~W VVWH0VH)~.2&C@& M1-SN1-LOUBHRO5U\_444'F'Q'N86~8V\$4~SMHYID.FP6WZ3.C @@@S\$YR9TOHHTVUO G1P1% (2U)@OKA>VS.H M.R:14V1LEEEIYN0V+U96&1\*RX &Z5;H1~'0~R:6&5VQX~L7=V9F8DLS.M\$U(1)J)OQ<4WT7F=>M>XJH:Q\$YR12UO/57G.%(7~JRUJY>@&C) M<~>S07~%6DL=N.F@&); (U+36X)(UDBI(766WSO)+A+JFND62&~@R2(PJK\* MPP(1L T(IE P+W+<3?UFZ'29FZ'& T>TJ,OJ>RRC B\$(HJ/D(O PN8W~J^U^DS LR=081'##028V8>52>5 MG2?>#65&ONQ=>IY072-AUJ54&K1B3J'L\$83'6#RLPX#N'K'DMMR9(UO)JK M~O;VJ0;JGWMPEP6(P~J4 D%NY+@&HJ4O.XQ2>18D.VIUU(M:SW21=<=)H2 M120/S92KJIS21W-6-WBFE9B2222>9R2UVT\_ W+DGWGV<=S MHL+H@=>+O3V1/264W'DG4(T%3@IRD=6.0F~6-7H.CM929W8W-M? 8485S4Y)/V7L/VX5170?HO/H+R<=>E(CO2F57(CZ?T MHN1T)+Y1S.MB:RPF>9#1~BI(NE;PD88.1#& CE19H;+H+?#2?C(U1(O)T: DR1 M\$TKW6JHRL=+>11AAG(IU JU9EIL~NH~RLIOA06~85-6D@<&25R2D4ZIVX8GF>Y4 M L@CE6 J5YXBIU9QE=>8DY?#2TE E~R2;G+H@=VF49@-317-RR4IO=HUSK RMI/R\$7FUUYR5""2Z>~2188MMW9F1'PBCWV5>TD(W\$WF5=XBK 5.CKGO. ORZ MVD.LN0L(X21^TU0IFN0^AY4.1+>+D2DKRI?INOO#YI#L^RIA @IGWOL?NYEP/G219LRA:(L M400@T4R@O#^Y2H'L.N&K#P<+1HE>92^T@<QW6IBDB\$TWIY4^R1MI.M#P1PB<3YV+1624 JTK>D6MIA00V+&E1@6C'/JHPP1^YJ.H.6FPD.L01+/@ M~>S).6GC'75IP23'CL.LIXIO.QM) 4D\$BNH~E7\_4<5I>Z.PKJ<4'G.V.MA8 (&X BFL @EQ015&G6 M'Y(X~L'709I'&F'N16S4B4G)F3(KHY)S.#QN.RG6.PXND6818.S.I22^42'F= M08850Q(1^Y)3=36)&57XZ>AZSYM.O 3KGLRS4DVR1DB<=<C% M'W94M<=>M+VQNL5%HCID=3HHS\$&30N.RKV.VS.I(L~H~PMB7E IZ M~O#8005\$24H781\$IDWEN<1SN=I(O)EFE(1?ZDFBKL.RILS=>@F6.9C0GLTD4>%148 M@IO3YIO#>1V=6>7EFF<)&BC.6.TF@4^I9B%4%BI<<=>4EADI5CFO.8J M745CU-VI#6.)Y5P~RO\$3K<~MG\$G/H^M;E<~<NKKXJTFWGEY?~ RNS/H3^OD\$>#47>=>NN5;<~NWGCK\$PDUW M<U>90;JLJ2EOE=FGO'LRG'Q#\_14<M'NFXZG/SI=O(L U3ZL.YO) L M6LSX40B~3X4JM.2'0A8H @UHUUS#L/Q145@M18DAXXBX.H.EPOLHUA1'CI71P>9X129C1~5\_1^7GB~LW'6-M5YWB3B1(1~7)(>~XFRX GMHS.B~\$<6FBX~X.M17PYF91%SEEC MAJ@>UB7E\$221%200034<1H17%05>IFTS810QI.SZ1L\$5=FU2X(H M=UY<7~&C)DONK&YH;S6IBLD9325X.26W362&CIZV2.\$#E/U>V5T@>\*)@M.RI.ZH(596.941PK @=QW\$376S&KXIE)Q12Y9<=9B@/PHLP.6.H>1 M^S9GF.C37%Q(ALLCFK(OU=WB6GS.2D.TGEE7.FW7@>2HVS.YS.4.NY4J+ MUQ06=6&H0@G&S.EFMR1+>SWA(R+H MTD)5E8\$K.T((C(HO)PAX%7?>~OFR^X&IO<NIE^FH2)JQ3)4G0)A<=<MFKCI#POIYBQ9-FKT6.XI.W;Y;8'SL3-R.L61FB8X+K.L9J.O>S;R%GICAY.MSA7UU?#? GIQOQO:OYD.L\$H@H9BKR0U>5=6\$F1T'~C%IRO<#>1^P@%A;W.M+JXIS;U0CM93L+8A(E.1SHA^@E491.PBWK)888051K8ZV<C5/HYV7.L1SLO.V#=? W10VU250%>4>T.28(XL>1^5^OHTA'00KWTLE.21(C@06.ZBU.UH>U.L'&H&M1L.(NK=>O'DED(602)M(<68T~M~.MRSIO~R9;L>X&M'U25%OZ(414T= PW3~90H(NH)WQ5Z96L)S.EOZ ME@<O>=>O #EKSGSOPM.OJLISG>2>Y0>77~17.E)U>C+OQZ7P MW.V "H.SBRD~X(H)O^1. #4T6>#34IQ(2@I@DXCGWIEFH.MK.JP)I@E %M\$CAXA)ARRD.B2D?HTR(IQOEE)~+B.O4112~%2>S@A6H7W~DLSG=E=MF8ESXZXA.H? RI# @VNYH\*GW\*KBLS<@%FH318<#Y51S.KOW\$P%#<74E# M/LB.W>HD^1+^4A1S.2>E9)@00+74.60~?3 M550(HU3OCWIS9\*0D.XKBS0U6^2MQF\$K3.D<42LY) M(B@B2&#316~\*(T&I54.N3D?#SJMVN<H+P2IKX>96Z1^F#B#1^1M1 MFXD 9 UKB847U?2^NFI0+YQNS5PA1^951@/HA~B135URUK2UV1=>&~ O59Q1&C#H920U~H339<3+G>FR<@=A;E0BV.E#~.D1G.M>~1EW525^YV~ICISYDFR42U06+J.B-2PRT912N~\*O.NAH@IR5D6 M&S0Z.CID=659646E5@0002~>O.XIN%#W2IXEE0@88%8.P%);68TNZV1~.MXDX.NOE5N.ISNX~ZNVHDFDBLCLLS.<222.P%\_5 UO@O9IDBDI MPFANUHA=OOX- %WLMQK#%ZLX12N.2KLY.UA52YF@602;ASQVRRBIRF5=&965A1E934.KD\$5\$AT.M.BIA)GX.S'30\_38S04FV7YN2/ZZES'W+AOIG.M74193/3NBBRH#11^DJ+AY( 7718C53<6+>E.6RM%WG8ZV/N8XUUR2R-10T7%F(Z=>)U@/MJO65K056.MWMIZHIV+@)IT@WWP~BKR07^YD.M1^H1LKFIJ=L.%MKE MAIF=<C&#>SB<~VR(XNKR1D6&#5>21515.ZR<22^4D@ G1^ MW9U (HVYK.NU)~(O>=>M01 SEKRFELX(K15W+WTOM1^Y<C18W-PFZJ (<#B0G1%1MT^W); M18=OO.H+V\$F?35H7J58Q-6DP91P1=2V51.OO3004D1M6#0%#S.MSJRFLPLT(LG.NAWA;ZIU\$S~6HU.W42U.NY~RO@P8EDM761GS+1) HMBHW4^1.M2RINIO# (<Z3JRG85)YV.GMDFY89I^E8~1^N~1WLM7MEX\$S.T51.MDELI1(C#NDW%G&S.RBXDU\$>Q01 DK1^4A(DI^I9B2C1S=>40WN60N.M99E&18L>SD.K.0159.P.IBML1J.CKZ\$; <#575%1A8N2Y.YGDMY1(M^S'GF.3&1O+70GIE.YQ.#2.(1Y^M93LP.MM^H7:OR4A) <=MPJ611Z=>2A(CI.1QOM7YHDFPELGH M96I@5A-2@EN79E1E7>2\$;B1\$GJRV) (WA%=6ITU5W9D.E=E=S9+YVMEF7M.M7+IEAB>REWIK8GH6.59UKIZ=1K-YWYIY^WTA7+K5B.17=GNR\$ZPS&V4.M-1CD6L1(W+O)~S. \*U>5PKZOB/W3>>7ELXW~X0A.J^00=TO\_1=VZZY5OZI>>.O.S1+9ANPV=9~YQ10^Y^D^30;QADP;=K6 M^L1#^+SQVAPGAR.1#NKKX~ZD10?>7D>9A1UX-9N~M6.W6XWGVTEG(V~O M? YI@OUV13NTH7#B@>B21AP\$B># Y.DYX3WV.ZZ5&ZXIZ.G0ACSTN99I/M.6I^EY)976~> OQ+ID^B@BEFF(YG2XK.Y.OU.I^F&E&IA8HPK76Z1^2^M8L4GSVEW~R~1+L.SINQW~B69F9B25.22S<DDDDDF M~>S@WG8 M@U(FN/4I L@EG J5YXB1U9Z=>8DY?#2 T7E.R2^NDL6846;KLH~29Y MGL<3H2>5Y1WVW6;R1EM6R^UOQ'05O>5.545752(ZDZDW8H@8D<1L10VZ7 M=E>I M%#(Y^KZ~#1E8\$;C.1# S=I.B2ZR^10^AW3\$J<6 K< <%GC.Z.MU%6=9\$ (D2/EPI0<7DMC>VYK~YIUZ14.U8B.CJZDIP0&D#OWRHMA=M8^N8Q(1I30 &XA4%K=V.N2.~22L#2+HGCNK.90TAV2.M.2D8) (I68ZIEFH&DH%456-44M0B+Y0Z%FT(L&80F.Y6GT@L.M0+B&O1)NORBO921F).%H1; MVW8. @%67WH+TK#~17X&8YCHQ370.V.LW4.W.L^H1N4TAPLKF1L(V8 M~&#3N=9.1#>O>D^RIQFWD+?#7XNKKX~ZD10?>7D>9A1UX-9N~M6.W6XWGVTEG(V~O M? YI@OUV13NTH7#B@>B21AP\$B># Y.DYX3WV.ZZ5&ZXIZ.G0ACSTN99I/M.6I^EY)976~> M0<~>#1@=>+K1RIR.N@F2LEW9L7235185Q+6>UE^2P6I& \$O4.R2Q.LD.KTHZ\$IPZP2~1~6A1\$< MBDNN89E.IQ<3.7DEF=I)9UGG=B69B<2S&SD66-60?7^1L Z=RZ04&E.EA1A~?>R>S@;MU.M5M0X57%)\$);.H+H\$O(X@I PHZJPAB/B.MXIES)Z/(H+EV16T)@0H1=U# 9#S7SCQSFMO19%5\$K "R4.FH M\$#33' X11N<#AAI+E7W0Y.2<5%? ">@&LH.134I'CSR^A.WPTE/~VTC\_P-7I.P\$G9R@REA((U@Z6V90>#K.MN7.^2.9+VY<05U^YCI~.3I GCC+?DU&W1H9E.A.(92""#0@X@&X\$F MOJBL UD29.P)(H6XMK=#N?>2.GJGN#GW1^Z(3^3CN^P~>NN5;<~NWGCK\$XGX76B/3+X5V M9P74@G6T216) (#C.RL~O.DD)OQRV7F\$3P3T.P@X.O.TT@V23.R1R(OHVV7^A)D157 MI-NH2)1^'C6TDC.D6BCKR.VP^J3HG#Y54G09V12INHYM1^0515ACQ6&M^M9C6221FYOASU?> SX15>0>(>O=6<177F).7XPI0(Y1) >~.2H2<+J.WN.MBK'BIK'~#2.~1^PI.W6U.14.99?2^O.NDL4B\$M100.T^=NN#89#BZK4P2\$HWO>FYX=NN%>K5+ROO\$21N.M- <Z57%&21&~.12 IP\$&@>H1PHYD(R1+6HX)1%O(HHPEH1H;D;E;1^M.~S.GX+5X13;OD-Z#&@>O>M=L17>4^O4^KORH17.N (AWX>O<GZUE)~WE2)MN#QLRG6^BM1MYMIV.E2.M"&GSR2J(BC66=B84#D) TFR/IL475 M.LF>OK6U=+1^5d1^5(IU46W^@DRDFG>&K#>P5G<24VGM9UIGZCV5I MUP)~RA+=WES^JMH9T1^O~I^O^J^H^N^1^8>TMI^P2BRP27LYH.C.MYE33 JREHW5HW92V9VIGLRS6=XJD17.0/MJG.4"&DE^0REHVI1HM7O M2^1NWY6466QEI10WC U2XG4ZK0&ACC.K.#.5Z>@>P.YRHX-SZL7S08GA.MFC.A1@JPZ@JP96.92&LQPKP2IHMH9;Y^H+BV86<E.CG/P6G.6 J5YXB1U9Z=>8DY?#2 P#60X;~U522N#9611%00=8Y@/H M<=>)>ISM55302W>50KBNU1@>ZV~U&X^CU7^A4P1H1@>8+1+X2Y1YRXD MU9@H1+GD@?>E.TD;)>=>Y3.YO&N1E@9KX/Y346;ICMW44A1U&O15SM MKW)X^719HP27M&N(ZYB3K &@>~>LMD;4LMUN<#X1W#116FL.M1C.M486F.89C.SKAC<1^=6^N>=SL<~YCGM^J(D=9K~) "XU1+>41K1P/H3 ME? %66U7615U<~.XQVYE<@FS=J<D;G#L-IG4GN3%Z'X3W1BE4J@<I M(TDM.#6VR^J@.H1.N@~X;95A45M5=3B^J^ZG/%/F%T^N6XE>5Z5) MWOSDD\*G=445=0 ^2=7M@LW1MT.L.FI&MR00UPX14FP^PQ.260# MG~UNEK964.QO(C~L.LDFK.SL1SNY.2>O1@SB2/M+/@(C&X#&#ADD M0FB&D LQ9H012Q141\$10) TMYWH142YMI16XCO>P.R.14ID@>JCOHP.M+LBRRGZ7.LMC.5;~WG-VJ\$RIS24%57.6) @&X1+L.8KG(1+L.M&BZMJ MG8LUNIEVZIRM&32M%#7877WK-IB.LA.H A1%Q^IZFO^D&X5H@LXP^EL MY8X&LUD910=;&C<~>+5EUK.NUZU>T LUGH.XM.H(BAHT//>3WF.2C4 M1FV<40? ZO.P&UGACKJGH17^H1(K9J<C~L814YI.S.99E8<A^V.Y).R.MS.DNKBAU>69VD<LH.Y9F/62357P;IMM\$1Z3>2AEM693CVW@?2D(Q2M% MR/KHJG77^8AR+MIZ90+J.E4>D7IP44(8.O.R1#NB@9S)+O2.IQ3E.KO+EM=IN^E.R)R/AQ.RBKJ%1K7&G+X6S0MO+E5COFM.R)H+M;^45M9KJZAI. MYLV@&C1.T50C;@>7=NBQF P4=>+BJ^415P.(Y^E=QVEI9~Y^M55HUH.C;DEP8(6T2=SI2L.ZUL>5PKZOB/W3>>7EXW~X0A.J^00=TO\_1=MYZZY5OZI>>.O/S? >#1W^O<00+6>45.Q10=61512.S02@>@A62Q0V@M@GA9DDBGD4HZ.L1GHP#RDS.K \$\$\$5YA.VX;091^ZCI&WEDAB2^U^M MM%#);HEKG1W6Z7P(LC1<~> BSVCY@EYHVE/3MT6/BWH)1^@&C)BO(H1+M5MY>O Q^T^HGSUO^OUBY2>TH.568N8HD1L5K@21H1GRGB+H48.ZUDKCN M^X.E;A1&O0BSFGE^ZIOU;E=5=FE=>#P1@O.UHDX#325^+W%~R7.M#U@UFK..IN.KICEF66676L.U@=>5P^6YE&N&K=KJPO%67^9.W.W&J&M6C M4GK+VY6NLJK= (T>YK#R.WRX&HSU@HW+U.L.L^&Q~KTU)XWSJY08B.M=X0Q^1B^MM\$X(10481H.V&HO+7A7A6U>OKOPD<#7M+314C106DBD8\$ M0MFI YFWV@&C1QZ9>4U.FM1JXDMT0HIFC<20^D<<7>=>I3^2^1^4 M4K500JHSCU^HQR+HO+DD/6^%HFHD.R.TV6MYN12F1+L^4Z1L.M41N#A+VZDLKVU8%> Q1I55+1L05E.52250%20BL1^6T.H 7YOM\$1 M03W4H1M7C.6.W168HJ@&M^O9P9G%1F(41K#C2KM^A)B53&DB^8TY31 MWAAS45+0J@=)HJ /9TBYO( 8R>#%MS.9AMNVT^1HT7%629OQ1~.M.6IOXS.N~<K^KZ^T^&G631MJ=M~IN^Z%V4ZVVEO4%40F=X@>Z.H \$&20L=PINLIE\$E.TYD91 MP? 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M.33NF0F 10+KRG737G< G%=>GXCXZ&5NR:BOP#18FV7GUL25 =DLISP:9(X M>J(DH6M6J4)4PC1/#R"OQSSZ&ZR?<...>







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Q+&67CZ3-139DOI+18D/(#C+S+S9\*5H M6DA25)!!!!T?P?KWIE\_H:4WN+FWZ\*WVFP/ZBW/HS5/5V5S%R1ZK#B9U4U-M-K0T2S1Y2I6+7CKGS:H5FO\*  
(BZKRR^S%1679JF5)=0Q^C1V5%UJHIT MA\*(2^U:5 \$DZ=+LCP3R(MC6)T\*ZW=6TU+LK6QJVP/((E3^D2&6%ID-K97EW;269UI<6V396=C.25S02ITZ8L;KKBQO4M;B3^  
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6#)#!H:~+4\$A4H1#(AM+S0R^HVK<+YGC-D.8.MQ6M2XIOBY\_H:2N/3429M2%\$3Y4I04I26V0AE.DL.MLDFD1@Q^EN4V  
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M4^4.M4JAO^E(6E2^26.D814K.IQWU6JW9O^A.O^RKAQM1C6<0^MTEQK1+>MWHBU67^4N1%L;U+4>QW^P^L^6;6ADW1R^G^4A^4^L^>=>?2SGJH<+H^LKF8?H^>1YU73  
M5NG^N^4J;S^<8E0;.6<L<=>M60^30XYTD^D^H^M3^I3ZHXIV4U92^52UJ4M.M.U^E;UQ4H^E^52E^%6DB2>K^MABDEQ@M^NDYEE^4CG8^IAX^?YF\$22>=>I^F0.M^5Y^AQ2^<=>=>  
>GIG^W^M4^6W^<46W^W^M^V^RV>X&Y^ZS2T=>GD993ROVU8.M^#<41#6R5R93I^V.GI^4S^C^F^V^D^<246^D^C^&L^Z^F^M^%>O^H^I.P^#S8H^M^Z^H^T^C^O^9^C^Y^I^N^2^E^K^3-  
C>8W10+2^%&O^A^J^2H64A5B;LHK5Z4H^O(M^N^N)2^F^I^J^D^M^&W^F^I^4^C^?^I^Z^U^O^G^H^NAXI^?T^S^N^V^U^R^6^>D^14+3T8I^R^3HY^H^L;M^L^R8F^8U5S^G^1^U785<=>E;D  
3^W^H^?3^H^Z^@>O^A.OY2E^&B;EUI^M4^I^H^U77K^M;LX^#0#1^21^L^UNZ0-6^2QC^V^6J&L3JKCE>I<219X^3  
M4H3K0^P^P^>Z.W^M^W00^O^I^F^D;3=>MBDXQ9(C^B;Y5>AEUB;Z^W40^%3>MPK;D1D;6TXL+I^G2XVXA25H6DD^H^?I^AG75^880FJX  
M^R^L^I^&4S^>5^&1^Z^Y^L^R9+D12Y^Y^>2BK4^?2=>EM3L^83Z^5720.B55G^MUFN^O14GN8^92H(=>@U^15^<20^Y2=>Y^W36R^Y^H^M^325MA<6L^Y^W^N^595^PY^Q  
MA83^N4HJ+^B16X^XK0\$J^DZ^I^F^Y^Q^I^N^V^L^H^W^P^E^P^V^X^Y.56.098M^Y^D^R%;G&02Y#=>0^F^M^L^2^#Q^023T^M^L^M^4E^E^W&36;<8=>H;@Y5K;15AHY2H\$>D>?  
H41YVP.@@>@XACV^I^X^S^>M^H^T^F^V^\*M@L^Y^<=>#G=>=>@AA^ZT^I^A^C^Y^X^O^8^5>180<0^>R^F^G^I^7&L^>5^2F5^6H^C^F0  
M5Y75^SZ^TDI4^DE=>W41>Y93DU.VY.552ROZ^R.SHP15W#;7A80M@=>?>69%8^?B4V^UENUL4@=>=>K0\$14E^H+GJ\$(3Z2U)>=>D2VWARFGVJ  
M^G^H^>50UR^P^Y^3Y^1W5K6I^E^H>38A.MY.0L^?>#&T^URM^4^X^T^4^H^H^U^>S^N^L5^9^G0+>FMH+>=>C3H\$U^H^/J^X^A^6A0^?^M^2^H10^O^>=>XEHHJ^U^W^S;L^..MMEF7^>=>C^N  
Y4.Y2^7K;B0845D;I^M6Z^Y^R^3HE^?=>16HA^?140#;L;OY>4N=>M^K^1^L^C^10A1E2^<68Z^M^H^B^>H^>G^G^M^>V^F^O^R^>=>H^>6^H^4^J^Y^M^>O^V^K  
M&L^I^W^D\_3D65N^T^3@>I^KO;L^K^D(R)761^I^H\$5V^P^&V^E^<#>D&0^M^L^7Z^Z^G^U^>C7EYEW^AAU(ZP^A^F^/N)G2XVY^&2^X^B^A^3;L^L3^6PT^G^M<3^M;^1^&9<=>  
+H^KO^H^8Y^<C^COK^S^73R^2B^7B^W&E+845Y45U^J^H^K<4^G^>F=I^I77A\_5/3\_&M^/Z^Y^J^G^M^1^M^<=>U^3^V^M^/Z^Y^J^G^M^M^?>U^5^5/3+P^ECC;N4&4  
ED=>N^B^M^R^>UEG^?^L^C^E24PXIM;LE.G^D^I^M5;J^R^C^P^Y^I^M^A^M^4&19^9F6W7^>U^#586D51^BAI^3^U^T^J^G^M^M^?>U^5^5/3+P^ECC;N4&4  
<UUS\_5/3\_>T^P^Z^Y^J^G^M^M^?>U^5^5/3+P^ECC;N4&4  
M^R^H^>50UR^P^Y^3Y^1W5K6I^E^H>38A.MY.0L^?>#&T^URM^4^X^T^4^H^H^U^>S^N^L5^9^G0+>FMH+>=>C3H\$U^H^/J^X^A^6A0^?^M^2^H10^O^>=>XEHHJ^U^W^S;L^..MMEF7^>=>C^N  
Y4.Y2^7K;B0845D;I^M6Z^Y^R^3HE^?=>16HA^?140#;L;OY>4N=>M^K^1^L^C^10A1E2^<68Z^M^H^B^>H^>G^G^M^>V^F^O^R^>=>H^>6^H^4^J^Y^M^>O^V^K  
M&L^I^W^D\_3D65N^T^3@>I^KO;L^K^D(R)761^I^H\$5V^P^&V^E^<#>D&0^M^L^7Z^Z^G^U^>C7EYEW^AAU(ZP^A^F^/N)G2XVY^&2^X^B^A^3;L^L3^6PT^G^M<3^M;^1^&9<=>  
+H^KO^H^8Y^<C^COK^S^73R^2B^7B^W&E+845Y45U^J^H^K<4^G^>F=I^I77A\_5/3\_&M^/Z^Y^J^G^M^1^M^<=>U^3^V^M^/Z^Y^J^G^M^M^?>U^5^5/3+P^ECC;N4&4  
ED=>N^B^M^R^>UEG^?^L^C^E24PXIM;LE.G^D^I^M5;J^R^C^P^Y^I^M^A^M^4&19^9F6W7^>U^#586D51^BAI^3^U^T^J^

+4H+!S%:HC;MIN<105;IC-G M7; \*T\*FES)3+BJ4\$MCE5RK2VXW=J; @5WJEO4N!V.82JHR"H74H^H; HR-M4=1%0)IY5-OAMLEXA%0%"/-2=8\*  
M&H;L-C51AH\$0; #7751;8L;JW@1+2LL(K@=BSJ^2^3+A3(SJ)^FW6UI6A0IX M69L>XEHHUUG6Z-S53+TUF#Y76TH#6EEF37619N-51)Q8(CQ^2TY# \*H MHL2HH0XOE0JQW  
U)NW+L;XES&C7%:5&U;T7;F\*\*@K12F%9YU5E5XG66Z25JMH16<10^E;G-F97RC1(D/YG8R8525M M23U%>B5U550X1770(C>5F+<0%Q\$H;0..4^1^1P@R;S-  
J%G&G654F MIM8!AN:23JU+AO^M^NZDQW A;ADWV%);(ZAS5F;N;MO(E6AN;@I Z19Y008(W4V5CP;MW-WWFB) =&45WU+A396 4^>AQ2H;SLWQ26VAGE1+63VZE;  
MKP67)=/F4LE575T7B8J=0ZPA60OP4,S6IPMN+EVHUIODE)X\*5;3J-6DGM5FUN%SIJ->9M;61HTB66<<6V;6HHU-&L-60^;5;6VZ)MY%640L-(ZS2B-MH?  
Z)R;K4X(M!@=#(02A+JG X=C^E?>Y^;AD3W->TRDD)G/4579040 MTN0UOZK2N>5<6VYAK2X^SJB5VW\$\*(>)/R/E;J8PLW L-7&VDA6;Q Z M6>>EW-  
+2&NH50QT+(M;033AH^H&5;IC7E?>C0;DND;IQ?TQ7R(G^4H0U0L%+M;6=>Z7G2N^3^T68MF-W>Y)6K^M^1^2ULJKL&K<=>6F^E K YG64Q H M6>>2\*20>BM@;CGIE  
GJFD7>L-5V>5L;3^>R&H39P62DZGB @0@<MSHUI3<H8^H8X7<=>3H17^61X08&N+NHO;H+D=9\$JBPJM 9RB)D<  
M6W4)@1-57;ZVXKFC1^XON^6A(=OY0TA<M^H142IC&K^Y;LH10^WXO M2W;B D^OY6PBHBE@U=I23HHG37=>IMZBRB;V)85EE&3-@3HKHX^=>6AO^A MYP0-RWJ 9S)  
f5^Y&AH^W7%L;25N..+/\*A(\$U))T^GZ;NXOL=N7;B-MR>Z17L9>^VE+4/AXZ(6U<7B(T522E4H/)&A40^\*T=>VOKZ=#19^?17;#2 MX&W@%=ZXO L9#B;0^TT+0^Q)KPZ;  
(H<2)6AM;TL-906AU24R6F^E^ MHLX K6;OG<H^H>T^M^K0CF4H19?@UVJ\$><4V^L^O6E\$H^;P024H^B M;IT756NU>XG)1X<HUM;D)3^X5NEB+IAN-TGK5^M75\$PEVGE8  
MCSD 1^H&50^1^I8025^4R2M;14W%<5 1D)3JL6L8\$YUHTLKR8)OKHJY+>M7Q0F^&C)AXXL (-2^3^+I&GVU+U^E(3W@G;C37^2AN^H^M^5^KVY-DV1^M  
\*)L;# 1@<C<C<1<@;LOF)6Y;0%5X;3E9H^R^YGM)3J 6VPHD;6M MJHGHWZALG<E1OKOBY)N^XU4UAH=76<0<C^OHS^H^R^2^YNC<@;R&C&M^Y6F&T^L^M^H^VTV D#  
M@(#=>=SD6W>^WS)W=76)4^HWW8)R)HJ(T)U;EGRGH(H^8Q02212) M6%L<(76K35;43%HW4Z<=>5;0^IT^G+16U;H^R^C^L^D^LBYW5K5KW^M^;CH6HB;TD2-  
\*X\$19TT42722^O)H^D6Z&8>85^A=X2-6M7(TA)H^!^FV^M7#KRH@9?((TXJM@^TF4^C^Y^<O;7(PXYW)CY4V5S2/NK5Z^Q;M^P5N^M&@;#@U2%0H/?  
KWIE;L:4WV+FWZ^WYVDFZBWHH5;9;08K^TF3);COX)=MM;S1A;H;9999;4M;U;5)2E(O) @&O2D6G0M;U;R=O\$;UPL^\*SCW7&^3WT M2Z&S  
(HFEZPY5L5P2B+IY^DZ(C>1^MGG<222 BE;H^!^BT5LH^KR^F M26^W4N(HXVX06;9U^V^7^U9)M^FAC^FE12>#9->  
U^0TZ^0)HQBDD;YF;BK6^A^I^YBDD10C0^3^1^CRE L30^2;H2T^S;Z^C^V5 MKD\$1^X;5%&=NH;G(XLW4B;52HR=>7;5L^UEP3R^+>#R;3FEV^A^?>M^F5Y^E^9-  
F2G5ORIO;U;C&S(R^V^#2+IE M1=BOYX=>248G42@G@TE0NS?2;4%MM+0V4VU)0<@;4H/AU=35PXU76UM?&7M9A^E1^#9&3^A1(XZVTVFVE^SVT)41DM6JF^EW 2&F4N3)  
MDAB;W%W;H515%NU8;#;\$121ZTW%<42ELD2H\$S\$@C@C@C@00>LK^!^3WUMM+MDT^&TK7WCYQJZ;JX;VTDJDU7H^H;N;E;W#L;WCKHR53=NJUW<@=  
M0@I06;YBIM@O^D^>B-9;L;M^0S^0M^+UMKJ4^1^SB^2^5^6X&XWU9R0 M+!LLGL@6XG^G@72;3IGE;U^R^?>U;@L3^R^L^F^C^YD&5+M;XFAU^7&^M^FD6JRE6Y7FU  
(H75Y\$2>PBE-EN)D<=>H76&L^F+>5-R9&5>F)FJLH23+R M=>^8C9^3E-ZY<=>U0IF16AW^MMZ68TUEN^2XON<@LPE^\*I53B8)0(\$+M;G;2E^2F^  
P<8BBDY^G&K5Y5A1^?;VANOH<^<K8C^60(G/@5RUC&S^Y)A2H\$S\$@C@C@C@00>SK-OIMJZZO+I7^WKF810;D;JN+ZRY5(C164AYQ6JF  
M^Y6VDN;KOVH;PDL3YN<O;YRZ^<5;0U)4VZ4N;TLN;F5E95A5)M2H\$S\$@+KZASO M+((#;7)DRSM(L;Y8195&=&#DMH=CRXY8^6X M;6Y;H<6.3Z2PZU^CGF8Z2YQV/;<7H;6-  
3H^K&V^I^O6P^F^>S;L\$)<9 MIFVW 6PH07%#&M%3<4R0^PD;04;9E^5H<+O^E7N3Y-9Q;BEJ8;4E^9.  
MF;MF;X4H;06BMUY026TV3CBDDH20H9F\$PK;WWSH;6^7NV4JTRC=U061+PCGR6(C)K2P25^0LW&RV@T2B7 M<1^3UX&R7PY8;89;D&(J2M6KZJHMX=M+  
M^9S)Y0ZWSQEXQ^#6^5Y^1^3SS 9BFU@I=I;BNMG@KR2P^W)W)QJRM;94&M^DAB;MKRR224 EF@2H-2X06EJF^#RHS0@K9<9=>ZB^FD^<=>6EMMMMM)6XXX)I\$0  
MG4DDG0>2H2F>(1^KAV+MVOQ^D^>BOR^K;KTM^#6725&2E2C\$@;M;E;U8 MULL71^U10^HA^0D%U;L=2^5-62H^&22305R/LA=IFDPW+C)-04A#B MXE/ 7.3NF4>=>2U)2  
20;F6Y;D;WZWF^H&9;9J^EJ;DVLQ9^51^>LUGZB78L^#)J26+^#MORFU0M0YA^A;C(G65Y+9 M4E2N&K4D^VTV4R&G2KH^HR;L<K;70&H;ORFCB)5TE+ICU;H^8^BLHCQR4  
MH;HE;U;J42H^B2>P5C>Z)0;OMMY-3=>0LFQYU)K5^>L^OY^%>+T M2IAT2^F64^#EZ/9^7(S<^7^0U7YI\$B)DRBSH^FD)S19>X1;UW36;97+  
(@6E5+1^0;3&5^4VZA^TZCSG@;L M=7^W^K31HW&R^P)CA<579)314003^6;MM6I4U4V+IARVFXZBP^!P^N  
MTV6)XGZ& V5C=6QBNIJH+M+PE;H^IKX<4N;DNJ)0L;U;5)M10W)D&S02R8^TVK5E)T^4@>26^9N&G\$160JUR;1405KY>4B^%QD) M\$=1KZ02N2XK75K(T^>9^H?  
+3H^<K)C2G16H^5^7&W\$!^D^2^#P(I>ZV(R>7LC MVQ;ML3;ATK^G^#&2^5Z(WSJD5)G;D)IT2S)C<^WPI>GIG/WM4D^1MK M4&Z7H1>+;S;K^D^0^F^0^7R) +7^K8!  
MMQ &L&AHL^JLKT^BOVAUM)J^40+>@G^Y^V^L^9X^B^F^&^C^#A5T3DZ;M3RIFLU)0^7)FA6G K2D+2E5^5 \$\$\$\$@;@M^#^TD095M90UULU0(K^X^Y  
M;.<^Y^0G^FEOR+NFL@^H^K^#Z=>R;S^Z2^\_C)A;F4H<=>5B\_-ZE190&92 M>=>2^#YFZZR(2^H^H;A)H^&F5>?>C^2^THGH5^F+9TUU E5=K7R4I^BO^K^M^J^S;M+FY^M;AHO?^)#?  
D^I&E8>N90M^WIG59K#(C^M^!N;4G0&4(LF&D M)3W4Q^D^O^F;I^D^XK4Y;CDHJ^V;^2HWH4(FULUDH?B24 GNY;5UMU&OHK M^2Q0S!H=CN^AC?2Y6^A^H^F?  
T#;5ENK;82E-RP<=>8AE^#)B2D;Z/=>Z193 M^T^T;3&>9>9<4A;^14E0!H!&O9)D;X^M^0^W&SKJ MJAR^L^QGRVE^H^5H001H0?VDE=>?>BS(4A4F75D)M^H^F;X^FVECB#  
(6D^21YB;FW&2T^2-T;POC^C^MOX)M;S1A;H;9999;4M;U;5)2E(O) @&O2JWJF9Z;EENB;B;(S6T;L;=>M(L^YFK^R;5JE=VM)UW2DZ\$H^H3J06?7;U6L&C<+R^MJ@16:>?  
GN^H095 M;BFC<B7^5;ZHT6K0B+9;2^#63L4A^09JW;V;J=I^YBP^?^W)W^HLS63\$9I MU6L76+BP12CHEN?7) EK&I&M^W^BYRE^DZB50Z0B;4V?  
E3^KI?G=>RHAI^4R^A+3+>+M;K^J^R^2&T^N/29+N<+LAIU2WY+RO2<=>6M;MB5^I)ES6)50^0;9SU+Y;M;IY66&F7=>^FX324@OAFU9GH991P0SW0T^T M6S;7WRW^W  
PIV79)B;PVR;FPE^F^K^M^M^&^J^H^+M;@;T^HDE^#^!^D^V^O^T^;VBNP+2HGRZWR@O@?AY  
M\$^0J+L;BO)N&BVW\$^0H<=>#;W;WY7K=XQ;Q0E2E^R319L4 L^P^P^3+XAR M7W^X^@^D^Y^5^<(((T XDDGINGN^U;FJMLGE0;6^>^J^N^I30XV  
MXTD>BG08-9H;4<16LZ^C^U^R^J8SDVNT;#55L^KONR^Q)DIB0X58A10;M0;4C^1^O=LZ;NUX76=1/MCLZQB0&FWLBJ467H^1^D9X5%<612^C^S  
MGVH^YH49;8XW13L2;G@C@QD5R(CNGY;XJZ)FLJ^H^FA^E^X^Y^Z^W^V^M^3^<H;8MCD^N^O^P^M^>+<1)4I2^6^3^X^Z^J^J^?>4HQOZG^#>C03GX^MNYBD6;  
(M+R1S+?;0I89%)F3;EBO8G-O<5Y=>L;JWZ18;JHE;L183HIA^E2%#2D6L^VA MR^2A(O#^I^W#D&+ESE^N;V;2L10AE^<=>KLO;4W46IOY6%\$R&0\$24YG  
M42=>@;KVG3)9\$U1^2^%>2^>+I^X&S^W^#^C^M<I^H=>D^>W^M9D^FM^6;L^P^FO;2D^1.75)F3)5>FX&>5N^P95;C^Y)8;0%V^&W^W^M^T^#;704B^W2\$ ME)D(DL;Q-  
835)D6Q2ATF5&SHU^L^7^2^%>C^V9;1(P2)Y1;0@^H2LO12W^M5=>@^D25Q0^LIG&S^#A0TIA<1K3M7Y^0I5&B&KN;#%0^Y^1^H12M^DKOM  
M(GA;#%6E0U21^AP(C@CLM^F^<2^>+L^Z;O&K&K^#MUE689W81G7^#HKJ2 MXYUHLH;F;5D^H132PI9)FV4K<1^P;C;BG\$5EL^D7EL^#>+1939H0^#>3L6T  
M(L^IAS^#>24L;922A1^#>DZ^IYA@<M^VERGS&K&K^#51^RFH5N05264^T^L^M^X=4^H^4200^C0\$L^R&S^BM1<8V;L DAFSHHRL7E1/HNM^I\$=>2>E  
MUTE^#YBV9)94LHK3F^VRZ2O6RWX7L;ON<B;3^+M0\$%)H(C;I?2^U^4> MSV^Y^WLO(HFE^C;B;L;A;X^W;H;L^NK84^E;U;X+H3R?>S^NIA0^MBWW9RNUN?  
6^@HJ@Q&XO30>@>F2Q926B1O3(C^H)D;N;A;J^G)19;M;B;T;P;C&+Q^E\$;H)M^Z5=VW4K^576&9TK0S-O^2IE80^D) ME^FR^H^L^B^F^0^4Y?>PW^H^Y-9=2  
M@PD@Y9#B2AM82V^SLZ^C^S27;36VU391FIE;N8U0H42H16G;M;B^E^F^M^C^W;R;S;W^M;J;B;A;O;M;K;#;#^F^G24MK;+5^E^WA EA5=>@ITC3YLA5341^M;@J^1^ZL?  
I387W^H^H;91^J28AK^Y)M^1^#^D0L&J2V D3P^0?7UO MU;S;0 6 %M;2D>4S2^M;Z@O^KL+N^J^C^M^C^2553552GV;C;E;H;S^A0XR5^+4  
M5^H0D0D6169MXG77)DUQ^947;L^U^B;Z^M^1^99#6<IS@X^E4;N>2A) ^>2Z^ MMD9;O^B;J;@J^N^J^C^6BK6M760F4+5OH4+>6^M^M^W^KBE&B5H^Z^Y^RIA;@ "G56414-4-  
0B0W^KJ3>K^N^L;8R51%DQ&W)Q=>E;MREH2X+8\_EK2\_K@7765U;B4F(PZH@&@F;W;OXTL;W;KZ48P4O;E)F2J5  
M\$JG^X^2^WT23Y/HQ(3^J^L^N)T4OT;U4&3N)8^6DJR;M^1^Q^D;^S;U M;P;0;06G5J&G/GW448C^08L;97&18^W;A45+K1A;5&F^M^4(46FG2V@KN&J\$  
I^=>#;G;8J;89%CU% CUE3UD=N+KH85L;1HS0=2^M^C;J22233Y)LLN4R^P19;4O-L^60H;P^1M4613X^YW&1^Y^5\$DE17^>M^#1C7F3P  
U>@NMDHO924HT^TB70W)NKJ2^R^MUY6FDZN;L;5^5TK1 M0IOZ^NF&N25>WL^2K0^KM30;DW5U) YG;00^XG^2^;K668^6A \$1MQ5)F5MDA^;  
M;G&X&M^H^H+H(O^T^1^K2T;^2^XVX^H+<6.9^2^T^3^1^#^1^V^<=>E^FES M^=H8ZFL^MHF=GMRR^A^W=<=>O^U^<Z^O^>2^2VIZ^#D=1^R^M^#ZOMEMH  
MDV;=V146XD&0HXJIB^B;H?><7(2=8K;@125^HJE^S10A^0A\$^24^1^HE M^4C@^IP^DV2X^ERV8I)O^H^M0^L^7^PM;=&L^L^E^L(\$;^Y6E^B40^O^I^V^W^R2)UHVAV;CH^77-  
J^+3U1=^M;W^P;L^JZ^T^47;#=>A^I^J^B^103^M^N^H<H)E^M^F;35^BH X<2^1^#V0B^!^<^>O^G^COZB)9I?7^C&K3@2I ME&ZMUTZ^KON5E)CME;D  
(>21)5#;12H<1^121O^@L^A;6D;NX1M0E=>2@+1^M^FW0L^MGR;I^Z3LE3SBN^X)M^R;3C;I;U23=C3H1M0N510U+MBJZ^R^C^F^M^D^I^?>2E3C^8Z7^#YC4R;08L)1^3=>AP6TXD^I  
M9=02^QOM27\$5H4^80N2^F^Q)M^T^7^L^W^H^U;W^2^G>21 PRM^<#=>U^D^E^K^M^H^M^Y^E^K<2&L^M^ACC^C^1)NVEH^4R^R^G^F+AXGZ=G3N;I  
M;P^6DY1N^#=>XVIG^PGTH;HTA(T^3)LU(BM^D^<+SZOKN^D^P^B^JAOZ^K M^H46N^K=>SRW^AP(\$A;#B1V@MM-12AM-0E^T^Y)@9U;SG&54F MGN^H^1V-  
)Z+S^FFK3I^PAZ^<C^1^3I\$;(6A)4&17W92DQJY^CBITZLUW2<MBQ^Q4IRDN^#E2DI4O) ^4HDM;GDU/;3URS1L^NORR^#69&L+(15L^CUQ^M(AW^&F(H))=2;0KAWB\$5)  
4;SW;46^8N^Y^FPQO\$3^0W^RSS@4PR150 MB510L+>7^Y508N^Y^U^<OQ&GG9IDN0V^#5734 MTF;96^V^Y)H;L^M^R^B5N^SR^TMOGE^J861+H(1+3B^V3M;S?  
6;E;LV^D0^<#^07W;M^@Y^O^H^M^M0K)L;K^T^E^X^O^F^I2>=QW^9S15^V^R^L;H5\$1Z^E;F;D;X5E^6^5H4#(J^<7^MAJ^#83PGBH^#E4C&0ZV5M(=O+1^FH+1&6^7F31N93E\$OE)  
G9IX6^P9;E;H^7^Z^H+HQ^0;L8<4&K1%7^T;M^M)2^MMK;M;WEM^HJ9+9(3+1B^E&G^G^I^M^L^M^N;9^KKG14%(@L@;G5;L@T^1^2K^WIE;H^4  
M^W^N+FWZ^WYVDFZBWHH5;84GB1W2^8C;G^M^B4L^TOMB27H^J^X^LQK #25 M=13^13V3I^@>01E+H^R^N^O^K(EYK;S^=X2M^LIZIBRUYM^P4@J7I(03(C^M^MLZ^A^!<=>5-  
<C&K8^E83^#R;9;N^W%<77>0XW0L^M^KQ^N^8Y5ZK4^MYA43J)B^M^U^M^T^Z^D^Z^G89^51&H;E^S9^7W;K;C;A=>3G5=I^W^N^X^Y^M^L5%<45%(<+Z;GH;ER^3;F;E)/=V.7^C^EOD0;  
<=>BVJ^U^T^OUZ^M^2^4D=I^M=>B^4 M^@;S^W0^5^X5^X^#=>O^R^O^R^V^7^G;S^A8^X^H^M^#Z7=V^OY0Z^Y^U=6^H+<#;N^M;L^O;M^#5^N^M^FORZ+V^T+I^S^J>I>G^F^W^KH8>N;L;D^?  
GO(05)P^1-5-440^D^M^>DKNYR;MZXZ4^#75G0 M^2;2H\$=X^A^N^2^#K01^+2^H0=>A2514^42H^<=>((FVY5^KI870^E;9W^D^K^M+L^W;Y^K&O^<=>5^7H^B2^D^C^WHK^F4L^H  
M4->0)A>?>E^F^2^#W%<6G12U4M2B2^\*)6J996^IFT4MOZ^R^B^K0^=22V;M;7^>22FHO;JTE(5P2&6;L;YA8L5E0;E;M;JW77)R^4TA^P^N^I^Y^C^&U^V^B;N^2^K62^2  
(4DA;B5)4GTDD^IX=>2^M;#<G^#6YD>U^>7^K^B;U;M^O^B^2P4I7^5^J^U^H^Z=>6L M M<=>P^E^H^Y^G77%5K^H>J^S^B^L^O^2^E^Y^N^>Q^O^V^O^R^W^E^A^M^E^E^E^L^C^U^K40E4^@ MDD@  
>17PE4T<1^9AKS<4Y\$<N39<1Y\$)>=23SM5^S;H8;BPR70E)4;M^>A0E^32W2;M8;G;#8^G;B>N5B^M(O&D>4^<M914KUF;C7E;G55I9^MZPE9R;A;=>1  
9)B^E^%<B;K^<=>=>(<DPTZ^LMF<2^>2^>I^2E M^67CVU>=>64YME;6D)O7R1D?5G&@<10I9M^H2HDA3<5M0>=>N9EE^CPV;Z  
MM^#1#3#K^R&D;V5ZE;TF2LEQZ0X5;R)HJE^#4M;E^43V17GS>J4+L ML^LGNAGE3^2A75(WCS5^WK<=>=>1^HPUU;G5V1O^Y343=K^F^Y;HK9V2OZ^MT^T4C^B8SKH&f@?>  
G;C4M2\$A)H(C;I?2^U^4>S^V^1^V)U;E;G63^FGR^MDM=I5L^&^SSQP^#^TFK5^DZL^#SG3C^U>ZL&H^CIAN+TQ#5^SRI=6WR2F1^3^Y^FEKUU+<?>2KH2H^M=H^O  
M)F1=C^BE@H72GHYU;M(E^G^G^K^Y^M>S^=R^#>GW^F^H;R2K^G^Y05L^D2R^K4^7^H3CSG4>0=>S^W;46^8N^Y^T^M^P^O^O^W^<0W^<3^Q^<3N>;  
Q^E(DR3^B;B^+B)04D;0YUQ3Q0I5A^F;M^Q^M^P^M^W^4SRJ=>H(4UG)G@&N&Y^#02^880^FXR^5C9^C7L;SZ;3;C^N^N^4&E5M  
M^&EN8;6TJ>#<K;2MG;HD0Y7;85GF0Y4=0M^V^V^W^&0M^AH02^T6Q3;29;UV M^#F7& 630>N^J@MMN)59X&DN;TBN4XA^#J42^6RZHIX74H3]N)I)G^MU^M^<N+9^W^ED6-  
L^H1BDD(40DN;234>^E7G^W/G;L^Z^V<=>U0IK5;H^T M^>IN9;28ZL2;I(=O6M^X^P^V^LNK5^E^K^R^Z^33<=<9U%<N^C^J=O(RX)F^H+V^E^J^>#^THA^VA0L^I2  
ME\$;6VZ2P2VQ018G75<1W<1^;Y^E^M^Y^C^T^W^F^H^<1^4YA4H^H^G^H^<7(Y4Y^Y^M^0^)>#^L^Y^2^3^KE;ZGVQ^0^8P^GNZ^2ZS^280>0^H^Y^FOI^T^R^K;S;2+T^W9H^0^0;8I9Q  
M;4LEI6L^T^4Q(8<3^UH(I^7403T^8#4<^L^M^O^N^7^AL=I3^XN;2H1^?^ MJ+<VA4H^<7^R^K<#%<L^&L^+N6G;#>#>M9&Y^Y^A;A0VAP^#&6F77(2^KULD^YVGR^H^J-  
U>9C^H^S+DBI(498L^H+GSS\$54(4)0P2^E^Y)I)MTZ;G;G+<=>4\$4N^M^R^H^H^<I^R^4K^4^Y^G^U^L^A^I^>+CB=2+I^QZ8^M^H0^#>#^H;K^B^A^I^W^M^H13?  
&J^B77B@N^N^P^5+4H1)8)T^L^H^J^AZ^M^<2^Y7T1+>=GFN6;1R1 M^O7^D^M^W^4X^4^4V4<=>68;0^#G^7-2^5EM^YU@V^P^L^H;O^V(15K+DN;6^M^F^V^M^F^4E^7>^<G^I^#Q  
YE\$Z1^0E(HEWMA^TEQR14^0^J2^L^R)0;M^M^2A92>ZCN)40I24^T25^#K4N^8K52IS(BLHE12U\$5 7^GV;YX;H1040D;M^H+6H)2^5^4E^0^8TA;V^W^4E^R^E^B+^S^#&@4AY^  
M&G^&J+370U\$Z\$@?=>M^WEZ M^<3^I8R=I16^091X^C@I^V6W;Q57^#&3^>P3DID^PBM6H@ M^L;1^<=>#^JN^>1^E  
MM^#2385^5+2MBM&K^L^&=>4V^D^I^M^<1^I2M^D^K0M(6A;#)06E0 M2^AP^H(C@L^E^F^<2^>T^Z;U^55&#^T3D;G^8J;8HZ^A^X^0X^>1>L9;4 M(A;A^3^K^F^G;R^Y;  
L^Z^C^A;4\$8;0X;Y^G75^E^L&4KT^Y1095V1(=6M M9)P^D^1^2\_03^D^J^R82^&5&S^#D^D;@>D1^&G20Z&C@T^H^6HK0L^E^M^J^K^<=>L^Z^W^I^>O^<R^I)O^ZOR^Q^W^6Q3Q3W05  
2D^B^T^X^R^H^M^H^T^<1^M(1#?2^XCA)O^X^W4S^I^P^L08G^M^S^F^V1L^I7^L^BEJ38Q^150I(K&Z^D^G0^1^M^M^K^M^H^0^W^F8^>8^L^I^Z+3^4N^7^L^Y^L^C^P^D^O^P^A^T^B^P^83^46^<C^L^O(D9  
ME(O)^C18^PRPPT<=>E^S^A^0;I^V^W^Y^G^1^&N^0L(JR6 M;0^<1^0=>#03=>0+7E;^X^F6ZRRM8468=DF^L^F^T>=>+WK;H<07>X^ZBP^#PNTY^6J  
M^XGZ&V;U^R^E4^2%5;9N;DK^M%<227L(NX;B^1^42XRP^W9K^3JKDZ(SZ(I^Y^M^N^L^D)2>3P^SR;I=N^%5V2Z12^AKO(=I2N2%O;SGDH)3^C^K^D^N^6V^T^2HEA3^QH^<#  
M^V^4^Y^8S^R^2^#^KF0G7Z5M^M^6^NGG^P^#89E16;8M&E9+2^X^F;=>L^L^O16A M^24K0H\$5&Z^C3H^AH^<S^V^T^#>2\$^MMH^A^\$>T^T^F^A>S^G^Z^U^V^Y^Y^4 M;9<598)F9^B2  
9618NHM^<DXM^#E=20HAY^V6PGUO74;49DFE^259R^Y^H^Z^S^J5;G^M7&Y^V^F^Z^M^L^N^H2^X^Z^M^L^>M8C;<  
<71^4^>001H1P^2Q5+8ERK^V^A^W^494K^E;L;0^>9)4^KF(CQHB5^JIG5^# M70P550B0^ZLV5>>Z5VP>LGE;83>(UM;EM;C7^NEP^#^E\$^J^X<^<51Y\$^B00  
M\$&K<4A20H7;D^I^CNW&5;=3C6^PD0K0T^?F2^D^NS^K^R6; 021316I(=(J M;C^H^D^I^A)5R;5^A^J^N96^+T;^J^S(9Y37;I^K^H^H^?^G3^K^#^A^O^Y^F^A^Q^M^%R^<L^G^98210>=>3G-  
R^O^Y^Y^R^S^K^H^D^2^G9H> HZ1^R5^Y449M+L^M^F^H^O^Z@EY3;L^P^O^X^3^C^C^O6G6(G^M^B5(O^X^M^U^H6E)2^>#^J^E^G&C;L;H;F8E26<=>CE0G672M^OQ1U<>>41QU  
M02G^#<672X5M^Y0^70J2A^X1A^V0^A7>+O^F^#&552))#^N^X^L^64;F^G^Y^M^P^U^>O^M^R^N^>#^N^H^@<=>2J7^@>3F;65>0HC^F;W^L>R^N^5360@H^M;Y^2  
M;K^K^&L^&S^M^D;S;J^93)BR6E^L^E^%4D^B^X^W^LQ; 45^I^M^<W^K;=>6<^W^X^9G M;8;9+>M^1^H0E4S^&M^E^N^L^K(0^>H0>W46(C^@N^R^H+L^Z^H^R^#Y^O^H^K^R3<3^E^B+2^Y^U;V^W^O^X)  
M;#>+Z^Y6^L^7(ZQZ865(L^T^0^0^M^>?>G^J^7^F=>#^M^L^O^R^M^9(QU>A(O^D^D^G0^M^P^+4;3;9;6;9Y4N;EF^E619)^;Y^M^J^S^C<6H47F(0^<1^C^N^>3;T^I^E^  
I#9I2^I^S^E^I^Y^U^G^0^O;K741>2^M^L^2^E^M^J^Z<@Z/>Z^L^K^I^E^I^B^L^S^E^C^J^9^T^F^U^X;#777LM;L^C^R^3)H^I^Y^B^&#^@ICZ0^M^<G^Z^I^B^R^8^F^H^N^6^R^I^&H^U^7^?>  
5QVAG02QDN146P&E=H0C&#>J93&PZ&E M^<0>^;B^Y=>=&A^

















STATEMENTS OF  
INCOME - USD (\$)  
\$ in Thousands

Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022

[Income Statement \[Abstract\]](#)

Revenues	\$ 10,105,894	\$ 9,654,419	\$ 8,975,515
<b>Operating expenses:</b>			
Cost of service	3,760,116	3,727,521	3,778,617
Selling, general and administrative	4,285,307	4,073,768	3,524,578
Impairment of goodwill	0	0	833,075
Net (gain) loss on business dispositions	(273,134)	136,744	199,094
Total costs and expenses	7,772,289	7,938,033	8,335,364
Operating income	2,333,605	1,716,386	640,151
Interest and other income	169,168	113,711	33,604
Interest and other expense	(633,986)	(660,150)	(449,433)
Total nonoperating income (expense)	(464,818)	(546,439)	(415,829)
Income before income taxes and equity in income of equity method investments	1,868,787	1,169,947	224,322
Income tax expense	295,133	209,020	166,694
Income before equity in income of equity method investments	1,573,654	960,927	57,628
Equity in income of equity method investments, net of tax	70,499	67,896	85,685
Net income	1,644,153	1,028,823	143,313
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(73,788)	(42,590)	(31,820)
Net income attributable to Global Payments	\$ 1,570,365	\$ 986,233	\$ 111,493
<b>Earnings per share attributable to Global Payments:</b>			
Basic earnings per share (in USD per share)	\$ 6.18	\$ 3.78	\$ 0.41
Diluted earnings per share (in USD per share)	\$ 6.16	\$ 3.77	\$ 0.40

[XML-22-R4.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

CONSOLIDATED  
STATEMENTS OF  
COMPREHENSIVE  
INCOME - USD (\$)  
\$ in Thousands

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022

[Statement of Comprehensive Income \[Abstract\]](#)

Net income	\$ 1,644,153	\$ 1,028,823	\$ 143,313
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss):</b>			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(433,849)	211,310	(276,559)
Reclassification of accumulated foreign currency translation losses to net loss as a result of the sale of a foreign entity	0	0	62,925
Income tax benefit related to foreign currency translation adjustments	4,993	4,131	2,698
Net unrealized gains (losses) on hedging activities	34,399	(19,683)	12,915
Reclassification of net unrealized (gains) losses on hedging activities to interest expense	(8,731)	(4,609)	21,327
Income tax (expense) benefit related to hedging activities	(6,227)	5,853	(8,172)
Other, net of tax	141	439	(222)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(409,274)	197,441	(185,088)
Comprehensive income (loss)	1,234,879	1,226,264	(41,775)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	19,320	92,987	18,519
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Global Payments	\$ 1,215,559	\$ 1,133,277	\$ (60,294)

[XML-23-R5.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

CONSOLIDATED  
BALANCE SHEETS -  
USD (\$)  
\$ in Thousands

Dec. 31,  
2024 Dec. 31,  
2023

**Current assets:**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,538,416	\$ 2,088,887
Accounts receivable, net	1,081,740	1,120,078
Settlement processing assets	1,620,921	4,097,417
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	795,593	767,377
Total current assets	6,036,670	8,073,759
Goodwill	26,286,318	26,743,523
Other intangible assets, net	8,931,943	10,168,046
Property and equipment, net	2,277,593	2,190,005
Deferred income taxes	106,083	111,712
Notes receivable	772,297	713,123
Other noncurrent assets	2,479,351	2,570,018
Total assets	46,890,255	50,570,186

**Current liabilities:**

Settlement lines of credit	503,407	981,244
Current portion of long-term debt	1,075,708	620,585
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,079,924	2,824,979
Settlement processing obligations	1,593,675	3,698,921
Total current liabilities	6,252,714	8,125,729
Long-term debt	15,164,659	15,692,297
Deferred income taxes	1,832,996	2,242,105
Other noncurrent liabilities	623,319	722,540
Total liabilities	23,873,688	26,782,671
Commitments and contingencies		
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	160,623	507,965

**Equity:**

Preferred stock, no par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized and none issued	0	0
Common stock, no par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2024 and 2023; 248,708,899 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2024, and 260,382,746 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2023	0	0
Paid-in capital	18,118,942	19,800,953
Retained earnings	4,774,736	3,457,182
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(612,992)	(258,925)
Total Global Payments shareholders' equity	22,280,686	22,999,210
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests	575,258	280,340
Total equity	22,855,944	23,279,550
Total liabilities, redeemable noncontrolling interests and equity	\$ 46,890,255	\$ 50,570,186

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CONSOLIDATED  
BALANCE SHEETS  
(Parenthetical) -  
shares

Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023

[Statement of Financial Position \[Abstract\]](#)

Preferred stock authorized (in shares)	5,000,000	5,000,000
Preferred stock issued (in shares)	0	0
Common stock authorized (in shares)	400,000,000	400,000,000
Common stock issued (in shares)	248,708,899	260,382,746
Common stock outstanding (in shares)	248,708,899	260,382,746

[XML-25-R7.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

CONSOLIDATED  
STATEMENTS OF

12 Months Ended



<a href="#">business combination</a>		2,484		2,484		2,484
<a href="#">Repurchase of common stock (in shares)</a>	(4,065)		(4,065)			
<a href="#">Repurchases of common stock</a>	\$ (413,667)	(413,667)		(413,667)		(413,667)
<a href="#">Distributions to noncontrolling interests</a>					(26,705)	(26,705)
<a href="#">Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest</a>	5,713		5,713		20,492	26,205
<a href="#">Cash dividends declared</a>	(260,431)			(260,431)		(260,431)
<a href="#">Balance at end of period (in shares) at Dec. 31, 2023</a>			260,383			
<a href="#">Balance at end of period at Dec. 31, 2023</a>	23,279,550	22,999,210		19,800,953	3,457,182	(258,925)
<b>Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests</b>					280,340	23,279,550
<a href="#">Net income</a>	1,486					
<a href="#">Other comprehensive loss</a>	41,652					
<a href="#">Redeemable noncontrolling interests acquired in a business combination</a>	471,119					
<a href="#">Distributions to noncontrolling interests</a>	(6,292)					
<a href="#">Ending balance at Dec. 31, 2023</a>	507,965					
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Stockholders' Equity [Roll Forward]</b>						
<a href="#">Net income</a>	1,644,153	1,570,365		1,570,365	51,381	1,621,746
<a href="#">Other comprehensive income (loss)</a>	\$ (409,274)	(354,806)		(354,806)	(39,636)	(394,442)
<a href="#">Stock issued under share-based compensation plans (in shares)</a>			1,508			
<a href="#">Stock issued under share-based compensation plans</a>	43,009			43,009		43,009
<a href="#">Common stock repurchased - share-based compensation plans (in shares)</a>			(452)			
<a href="#">Common stock repurchased - share-based compensation plans</a>	(57,092)			(57,092)		(57,092)
<a href="#">Share-based compensation expense</a>	164,244			164,244		164,244
<a href="#">Repurchase of common stock (in shares)</a>	(12,730)		(12,730)			
<a href="#">Repurchases of common stock</a>	\$ (1,565,688)	(1,565,688)		(1,565,688)		(1,565,688)
<a href="#">Distributions to noncontrolling interests</a>					(38,086)	(38,086)
<a href="#">Contributions from noncontrolling interests</a>					89	89
<a href="#">Purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest</a>	(71,068)		(71,807)	739	(37,702)	(108,770)
<a href="#">Reclassification of redeemable noncontrolling interest to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest</a>					358,872	358,872
<a href="#">Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes, net of taxes</a>	(194,677)		(194,677)			(194,677)
<a href="#">Cash dividends declared</a>	(252,811)			(252,811)		(252,811)
<a href="#">Balance at end of period (in shares) at Dec. 31, 2024</a>			248,709			
<a href="#">Balance at end of period at Dec. 31, 2024</a>	22,855,944	\$ 22,280,686		\$ 18,118,942	\$ 4,774,736	\$ (612,992)
					\$ 575,258	\$ 22,855,944

#### Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

<a href="#">Net income</a>	22,407					
<a href="#">Other comprehensive loss</a>	(14,832)					
<a href="#">Contributions from noncontrolling interests</a>	3,955					
<a href="#">Reclassification of redeemable noncontrolling interest to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest</a>	(358,872)					
<a href="#">Ending balance at Dec. 31, 2024</a>	\$ 160,623					

[XML 27-R9.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Parenthetical) - USD (\$)		12 Months Ended	
	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2022	
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>			

#### Statement of Stockholders' Equity [Abstract]

<a href="#">Capped calls issuance taxes</a>	\$ 61,573	\$ 72,778
<a href="#">Dividends declared (in USD per share)</a>	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00

[XML 28-R10.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES		12 Months Ended
		Dec. 31, 2024

#### Accounting Policies [Abstract]

##### BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

*Business consolidation and presentation* - We are a leading payments technology company delivering innovative software and services to our customers globally. Our technologies, services and team member expertise allow us to provide a broad range of solutions that enable our customers to operate their businesses more efficiently across a variety of channels around the world. Global Payments Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to herein collectively as "Global Payments," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us," unless the context requires otherwise.

We operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As described in "Note 3—Business Dispositions," during the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. Our consolidated financial statements include the results of our former Consumer Solutions segment for periods prior to disposition. See "Note 18—Segment Information" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information about our segments.

These consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our majority-owned subsidiaries, and all intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Investments in entities that we do not control are accounted for using the equity or cost method, based on whether or not we have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP").

*Use of estimates* - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. In particular, uncertainty resulting from global events and other macroeconomic conditions are difficult to predict at this time, and the ultimate effect could result in additional charges related to the recoverability of assets, including financial assets, long-lived assets and goodwill and other losses. These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial statement effects based upon management's estimates and assumptions utilizing the most currently available information.

##### Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

*Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07* - In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): *Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures*," which updates reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses, inclusion of all annual disclosures in interim periods and disclosure of the title and position of the chief operating decision maker. We adopted ASU 2023-07 effective December 31, 2024 and applied it retrospectively to all periods presented in the financial statements. See "Note 18—Segment Information" for further information.

*ASU 2021-08* - In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): *Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers*." We elected to early adopt ASU 2021-08 during the year ended December 31, 2022, with application to any business combinations for which the acquisition date occurred after January 1, 2022. Prior to the adoption of this update, an acquirer generally recognized assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, including contract assets and contract liabilities arising from revenue contracts with customers and other similar contracts that are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("Topic 606" or "ASC 606"), at fair value on the acquisition date. ASU 2021-08 requires that an entity recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606. At the acquisition date, an acquirer should account for the related revenue contracts in accordance with Topic 606 as if it had originated the contracts, which should generally result in an acquirer recognizing and measuring the acquired contract assets and contract liabilities consistent with how they were recognized and measured in the acquiree's financial statements. This update also provides certain practical expedients for acquirers when recognizing and measuring acquired contract assets and contract liabilities from revenue contracts in a business combination.

##### Recently issued accounting pronouncement not yet adopted

*ASU 2024-03* - In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, "*Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*," which requires disclosure in the notes to financial statements of specified information about certain costs and expenses. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied either prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date of this update or retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. We are evaluating the potential effects of ASU 2024-03 on our consolidated financial statements.

*ASU 2023-09* - In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): *Improvement to Income Tax Disclosures*," which is intended to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures, primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods beginning with our fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis with the option to apply the standard retrospectively. We are evaluating how the enhanced disclosure requirements of ASU 2023-09 will affect our presentation, and we will include the incremental disclosures upon the effective date.

*SEC rule changes* - On March 6, 2024, the SEC adopted final rules that require disclosure of certain climate-related information, including disclosures relating to material climate-related risks, targets or

goals, risk management and governance activities and greenhouse gas emissions. In addition, the rules require disclosure of certain climate-related financial metrics in the notes to the audited financial statements. The new disclosures are required on a prospective basis and provide for a phased-in compliance period. However, in April 2024, the SEC stayed the rules pending judicial review. Therefore, the timing of the effectiveness of these rules and their ultimate enforceability is uncertain.

**Revenue recognition** - At contract inception, we assess the goods and services promised in our contracts with customers and identify a performance obligation for each promise to transfer to the customer a good or service that is distinct. In accordance with ASC 606, we recognize revenue when a customer obtains control of promised goods and services. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled to receive in exchange for these goods and services.

**Merchant Solutions**. Our customers in the Merchant Solutions segment contract with us for payment services, which we provide in exchange for consideration for completed transactions. Our payment solutions are similar around the world in that we enable our customers to accept card, check and digital-based payments. Our comprehensive offerings include, but are not limited to, authorization, settlement and funding services, customer support, chargeback resolution, payment security services, consolidated billing and reporting. In addition, we may sell or lease point-of-sale terminals or other equipment to customers.

For our payment services, the nature of our promise to the customer is that we stand ready to process transactions the customer requests on a daily basis over the contract term. Since the timing and quantity of transactions to be processed by us is not determinable, we view payment services to comprise an obligation to stand ready to process as many transactions as the customer requests. Under a stand-ready obligation, the evaluation of the nature of our performance obligation is focused on each time increment rather than the underlying activities. Therefore, we view payment services to comprise a series of distinct days of service that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. Accordingly, the promise to stand ready is accounted for as a single series performance obligation.

In order to provide our payment services, we route and clear each transaction through the applicable payment network. We obtain authorization for the transaction and request funds settlement from the card issuing financial institution through the payment network. When third parties are involved in the transfer of goods or services to our customer, we consider the nature of each specific promised good or service and apply judgment to determine whether we control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer or whether we are acting as an agent of the third party. To determine whether or not we control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer, we assess indicators including which party is primarily responsible for fulfillment and which party has discretion in determining pricing for the good or service, as well as other considerations. Based on our assessment of these indicators, we have concluded that our promise to our customer to provide our payment services is distinct from the services provided by the card issuing financial institutions and payment networks in connection with payment transactions. We do not have the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the services provided by the card issuing financial institutions and payment networks before those services are transferred to our customer, and on that basis, we do not control those services prior to being transferred to our customer. As a result, we present our revenues net of the interchange fees retained by the card issuing financial institutions and the fees charged by the payment networks.

The majority of our payment services are priced as a percentage of transaction value or a specified fee per transaction, depending on the card type. We also charge other per occurrence fees for specific services that may be unrelated to the number of transactions or transaction value.

Given the nature of the promise and the underlying fees based on unknown quantities or outcomes of services to be performed over the contract term, the total consideration is determined to be variable consideration. The variable consideration for our payment service is usage-based and, therefore, it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our payment services performance obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure revenues for our payment service on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day.

Certain of our technology-enabled customer arrangements contain multiple promises, such as payment services, perpetual software licenses, software-as-a-service ("SaaS"), maintenance, installation services, training and equipment, each of which is evaluated to determine whether it represents a separate performance obligation. SaaS arrangements are generally offered on a subscription basis, providing the customers with access to the SaaS platform along with general support and maintenance services. Because these promised services within our SaaS arrangements are delivered concurrently over the contract term, we account for these promises as if they are a single performance obligation that includes a series of distinct services with the same pattern of transfer to the customer. In addition, certain implementation services are not considered distinct from the SaaS and are recognized over the expected period of benefit.

Once we determine the performance obligations and the transaction price, including an estimate of any variable consideration, we then allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in the contract using a relative standalone selling price method. We determine standalone selling price based on the price at which the good or service is sold separately. If the standalone selling price is not observable through past transactions, we estimate the standalone selling price by considering all reasonably available information, including market conditions, trends or other company- or customer-specific factors.

Substantially all of the performance obligations within our SaaS arrangements described above are satisfied over time. We satisfy the combined SaaS performance obligation by standing ready to provide access to the SaaS. Consideration for SaaS arrangements may consist of fixed or usage-based fees. Revenue is recognized over the period for which the services are provided or by directly ascribing any variable fees to the distinct day of service based on the services that are performed on that day. The performance obligations associated with equipment sales, perpetual software licenses and certain professional services are generally satisfied at a point in time when they are transferred to the customer. For certain other professional services that represent separate performance obligations, we generally use the input method and recognize revenue based on the number of hours incurred or services performed to date in relation to the total services expected to be required to satisfy the performance obligation.

**Issuer Solutions**. Issuer Solutions segment revenues are primarily derived from long-term contracts with financial institutions and other financial service providers. Issuer Solutions customer contracts typically include an obligation to provide processing services to those customers. Payment processing services revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements generated and/or mailed, managed services, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Most of the customer contracts have prescribed annual minimums, penalties for early termination, and service level agreements that may affect contractual fees if specific service levels are not achieved. We have determined that these processing services represent a stand-ready obligation comprising a series of distinct days of services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

Issuer Solutions contracts may also include additional performance obligations relating to loyalty redemption services and other professional services. Similar to processing services, we have determined that loyalty redemption services represent a stand-ready obligation comprising a series of distinct days of service that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

To the extent a contract includes multiple promised services, we must apply judgment to determine whether promised services are capable of being distinct and are distinct in the context of the contract. If these criteria for being distinct are not met, the promised services are combined and accounted for as a single performance obligation.

The performance obligations to provide processing services and loyalty redemption services include variable consideration. The variable consideration for our services is usage-based and, therefore, it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our services performance obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure revenues for our services on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day.

Professional services performance obligations are satisfied over time. For professional services, we recognize revenue based on the labor hours incurred for time and materials projects or on a straight-line basis for fixed-fee projects.

In some cases, we pay certain of our customers a signing incentive at contract inception or renewal. Consideration paid to customers is accounted for as a reduction of the transaction price and recognized as a reduction in revenues as the related services are provided to the customer, typically over the contract term. The deferred portion of consideration paid to customers is classified within other assets in our consolidated balance sheets.

Other Issuer Solutions customer arrangements provide business-to-business ("B2B") payment services, consisting of a stand-ready obligation to process financial transactions for which revenue is recognized on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day. Customer contracts may also include subscription based SaaS arrangements that automate key procurement processes and enable virtual cards and integrated payments options, for which revenue is recognized over time on a ratable basis over the contract term beginning on the date that the services are first made available to the customer.

**Consumer Solutions**. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. For the periods prior to disposition, our Consumer Solutions arrangements included a stand-ready performance obligation to provide account access and facilitate purchase transactions. Revenues principally consisted of fees collected from cardholders and fees generated by cardholder activity in connection with the programs that we managed. Customers were typically charged a fee for each purchase transaction made using their cards, unless the customer was on a monthly or annual service plan, in which case the customer was instead charged a monthly or annual subscription fee, as applicable. Customers were also charged a monthly maintenance fee after a specified period of inactivity. We also charged fees associated with additional services offered in connection with our accounts, including the use of overdraft features, a variety of bill payment options, card replacement, foreign exchange and card-to-card transfers of funds initiated through our call centers.

We determined that we had a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponded directly with our performance completed to date. As a result, we recognized revenue in the amount to which we had a right to invoice. Revenues were recognized net of fees charged by the payment networks for services they provided in processing transactions routed through them.

**Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash** - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and all liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. We consider certain portions of our cash and cash equivalents to be unrestricted but not available for general purposes. The amount of cash that we consider to be available for general purposes, \$1,067.5 million and \$703.3 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, does not include the following: (i) settlement-related cash balances, (ii) funds held as collateral for merchant loans ("Merchant Reserves") and (iii) funds held for customers. Settlement-related cash balances represent funds that we hold when the incoming amount from the card networks precedes the funding obligation to the merchant. Settlement-related cash balances are not restricted in their use; however, these funds are generally paid out in satisfaction of a processing obligation the following day. Merchant Reserves serve as collateral to minimize contingent liabilities associated with any losses that may occur under the merchant agreement. We recognize a corresponding liability in settlement processing assets and settlement processing obligations in our consolidated balance sheets. While this cash is not restricted in its use, we believe that designating this cash as Merchant Reserves strengthens our fiduciary standing with financial institutions that sponsor us. Funds held for customers, which are not restricted in their use, include amounts collected before the corresponding obligation is due to be settled to or at the direction of our customers.

Restricted cash includes amounts that cannot be withdrawn or used for general operating activities under legal or regulatory restrictions. Restricted cash consists of amounts deposited by customers for prepaid card transactions and funds held as a liquidity reserve that are subject to local regulatory restrictions requiring appropriate segregation and restriction in their use. Restricted cash is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets with a corresponding liability in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

We regularly maintain cash balances with financial institutions in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit or the equivalent outside the U.S. As of December 31, 2024, approximately 75% of our total balance of cash and cash equivalents was held within a small group of financial institutions, primarily large money center banks. Although we currently believe that the financial institutions with whom we do business will be able to fulfill their commitments to us, there is no assurance that those institutions will be able to continue to do so. We have not experienced any losses associated with our balances in such accounts for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 or 2022.

A reconciliation of the amounts of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets to the amount in the consolidated statements of cash flows is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,538,416	\$ 2,088,887
Restricted cash	197,559	167,190
Cash included in assets held for sale	—	798
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	<u>\$ 2,735,975</u>	<u>\$ 2,256,875</u>

**Accounts receivable, contract assets and contract liabilities** - A contract with a customer creates legal rights and obligations. As we perform under customer contracts, our right to consideration that is unconditional is considered to be accounts receivable. If our right to consideration for such performance is contingent upon a future event or satisfaction of additional performance obligations, the amount of revenues we have recognized in excess of the amount we have billed to the customer is recognized as a contract asset. Contract liabilities represent consideration received from customers in excess of revenues recognized. Contract assets and liabilities are presented net at the individual contract level in the consolidated balance sheet and are classified as current or noncurrent based on the nature of the underlying contractual rights and obligations. See "Note 4—Revenues" for further information.

**Allowance for credit losses on accounts receivable** - We are exposed to credit losses on accounts receivable balances. We utilize a combination of aging and loss-rate methods to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses, depending on the nature and risk profile of the underlying asset pool. A broad range of information is considered in the estimation process, including historical loss information adjusted for current conditions and expectations of future trends. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with the age of asset balances, expected timing of payment, contract terms and conditions, changes in specific customer risk profiles or mix of customers, geographic risk, industry or economic trends and relevant environmental factors. Accounts receivable is presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$24.7 million and \$19.0 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The measurement of the allowance for credit losses on accounts receivable is recognized through credit loss expense and is included as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income. We recognized credit loss expense of \$25.0 million, \$23.3 million and \$15.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-offs are recognized in the period in which the asset is deemed to be uncollectible. Recoveries are recognized when received as a direct credit to the credit loss expense.

Revenues are recognized net of estimated billing adjustments. Adjustments to customer invoices are charged against the allowance for billing adjustments.

**Contract costs** - We capitalize certain costs to obtain contracts with customers, including employee sales commissions and fees to business partners. At contract inception, we capitalize costs incurred that we expect to recover and that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. In certain instances in which costs related to obtaining customers are incurred after the inception of the

customer contract, such costs are capitalized as the corresponding liability is recognized. We also capitalize certain costs incurred to fulfill our contracts with customers that (i) relate directly to the contract, (ii) are expected to generate resources that will be used to satisfy our performance obligation under the contract and (iii) are expected to be recovered through revenues generated under the contract. Capitalized costs to obtain and to fulfill contracts are included in other noncurrent assets.

Contract costs are amortized to operating expense in our consolidated statements of income on a systematic basis consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Amortization of capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income, while amortization of capitalized costs to fulfill customer contracts is included in cost of services. We utilize a straight-line or proportional amortization method depending upon which method best depicts the pattern of transfer of the goods or services to the customer. We amortize these assets over the expected period of benefit, which, based on the factors noted above, is typically three to seven years. In order to determine the appropriate amortization period for capitalized contract costs, we consider a combination of factors, including customer attrition rates, estimated terms of customer relationships, the useful lives of technology we use to provide goods and services to our customers, whether future contract renewals are expected and if there is any incremental commission expected to be paid associated with a contract renewal. Costs to obtain a contract with an expected period of benefit of one year or less are recognized as an expense when incurred. We evaluate contract costs for impairment by comparing, on a pooled basis, the expected future net cash flows from underlying customer relationships to the carrying amount of the capitalized contract costs. See "Note 4—Revenues" for further information.

**Up-front distributor and partner payments** - We capitalize certain up-front contractual payments to third-party distributors and partners and recognize the capitalized amount as expense ratably over the period of benefit, which is generally the contract period. If the contract requires the distributor or partner to perform specific acts and no other conditions exist for the distributor or partner to earn or retain the up-front payment, then we recognize the capitalized amount as an expense when the performance conditions have been met. Up-front distributor and partner payments are classified in our consolidated balance sheets within prepaid expenses and other current assets and other noncurrent assets and the related expense is reported within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

**Settlement processing assets and obligations** - Funds settlement refers to the process in our Merchant Solutions segment of transferring funds between card issuers and merchants for merchant sales and credits processed on our systems. We use our internal network to provide funding instructions to financial institutions that in turn fund the merchants. We process funds settlement under two models, a sponsorship model and a direct membership model.

Under the sponsorship model, we are designated as an independent sales organization by Mastercard and Visa, which means that member clearing banks ("Member") sponsor us and require our adherence to the standards of the payment networks. In certain markets, we have sponsorship or depository and clearing agreements with financial institution sponsors. These agreements allow us to route transactions under the Members' control and identification numbers to clear credit card transactions through Mastercard and Visa. In this model, the standards of the payment networks restrict us from performing funds settlement or accessing merchant settlement funds, and, instead, require that these funds be in the possession of the Member until the merchant is funded.

Under the direct membership model, we are members in various payment networks, allowing us to process and fund transactions without third-party sponsorship. In this model, we route and clear transactions directly through the card brand's network and are not restricted from performing funds settlement. Otherwise, we process these transactions similarly to how we process transactions in the sponsorship model. We are required to adhere to the standards of the payment networks in which we are direct members. We maintain relationships with financial institutions, which may also serve as our Member sponsors for other card brands or in other markets, to assist with funds settlement.

Timing differences, interchange fees, merchant reserves and exception items cause differences between the amount received from the payment networks and the amount funded to the merchants. These intermediary balances arising in our settlement process are reflected as settlement processing assets and obligations in our consolidated balance sheets.

Settlement processing assets and obligations include the following components:

- **Interchange reimbursement.** Our receivable from merchants for the portion of the discount fee related to reimbursement of the interchange fee.
- **Receivable from Members.** Our receivable from the Members for transactions in which we have advanced funding to the Members to fund merchants in advance of receipt of funding from payment networks.
- **Receivable from networks.** Our receivable from a payment network for transactions processed on behalf of merchants where we are a direct member of that particular network.
- **Exception items.** Items such as customer chargeback amounts received from merchants.
- **Merchant Reserves.** Reserves held to minimize contingent liabilities associated with losses that may occur under the merchant agreement.
- **Liability to Members.** Our liability to the Members for transactions that have not yet been funded to the merchants.
- **Liability to merchants.** Our liability to merchants for transactions that have been processed but not yet funded where we are a direct member of a particular payment network.
- **Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets.** Allowances, charges or expected credit losses on chargebacks, merchant fraud or other merchant-related reason.

We apply offsetting to our settlement processing assets and obligations where a right of setoff exists. In the sponsorship model, we apply offsetting by Member agreement because the Member is ultimately responsible for funds settlement. With these Member transactions, we do not have access to the gross proceeds of the receivable from the payment networks and, thus, do not have a direct obligation or any ability to satisfy the payable to fund the merchant. In these situations, we apply offsetting to determine a net position for each Member agreement. If that net position is an asset, we reflect the net amount in settlement processing assets in our consolidated balance sheet. If that net position is a liability, we reflect the net amount in settlement processing obligations in our consolidated balance sheet. In the direct membership model, offsetting is not applied, and the individual components are presented as an asset or obligation based on the nature of that component.

**Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets** - Our merchant customers are liable for any charges or losses that occur under the merchant agreement. We have a risk of loss in our card processing services associated with the liability to collect amounts from merchant customers for any charges properly reversed by the card issuing financial institutions. We are therefore exposed to credit losses on these settlement processing assets. We utilize a combination of aging and loss-rate methods to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses, depending on the nature and risk profile of the underlying asset pool. A broad range of information is considered in the estimation process, including historical loss information adjusted for current conditions and expectations of future trends. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with the age of asset balances, expected timing of payment, contract terms and conditions, changes in specific customer risk profiles or mix of customers, geographic risk, industry or economic trends and relevant environmental factors. We require cash deposits, guarantees, letters of credit and other types of collateral from certain merchants to minimize the risk of loss, and we also utilize a number of systems and procedures to manage merchant risk. The allowance for credit losses on settlement processing assets was \$10.0 million and \$9.7 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The measurement of the allowance for credit losses on settlement assets is recognized through credit loss expenses and is included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income. We recognized credit loss expense of \$22.4 million, \$19.2 million and \$13.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-offs are recognized in the period in which the asset is deemed to be uncollectible. Recoveries are recognized when received as a direct credit to the credit loss expense.

Additionally, when we are not able to collect these amounts from merchants due to merchant fraud, insolvency, bankruptcy or any other reason, we may be liable for the reversed charges. We recognize an estimated liability for merchant losses comprised of estimated incurred but not reported losses, which is included in accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet. The provision for merchant losses is included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income.

**Reserve for contract contingencies and processing errors** - A significant number of our customer contracts in our Issuer Solutions segment contain service level agreements that can result in performance penalties payable by us if we do not meet contractually required service levels. We recognize an accrual for estimated performance penalties and processing errors. When providing for these accruals, we consider such factors as our history of incurring performance penalties and processing errors, actual contractual penalty charge rates in our contracts, progress towards milestones and known processing errors. These accruals are included in accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheets. Depending on the nature of the item, transaction processing provisions are either included as a reduction of the transaction price and recognized as a reduction in revenues as the related services are provided to the customer, or recognized as a component of cost of service, in our consolidated statements of income.

**Reserve for cardholder losses** - Through services offered in our former Consumer Solutions segment, we were exposed to losses due to cardholder fraud, payment defaults and other forms of cardholder activity as well as losses due to nonperformance of third parties who received cardholder funds for transmittal to the issuing financial institutions. We established a reserve for losses we estimated would arise from processing customer transactions, debit card overdrafts, chargebacks for unauthorized card use and merchant-related chargebacks due to nondelivery of goods and services. These reserves were established based upon historical loss and recovery rates and cardholder activity for which specific losses could be identified. Prior to the disposition of our consumer business, the provision for cardholder losses was included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income.

**Property and equipment** - Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are generally calculated using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the remaining term of the lease and the useful life of the asset.

We develop software that is used to provide services to customers. Capitalization of internal-use software costs, primarily associated with operating platforms, occurs when we have completed the preliminary project stage, management authorizes the project, management commits to funding the project, it is probable the project will be completed and the project will be used to perform the function intended. Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage are recognized as expense as incurred. Capitalized internal-use software is amortized over its estimated useful life, which is typically five to ten years, in a manner that best reflects the pattern of economic use of the assets. See "Note 5—Property and Equipment" for further information.

**Goodwill** - We test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level annually (in the fourth quarter) and more often if an event occurs or circumstances change that indicate the fair value of a reporting unit is below its carrying amount. We have the option of performing a qualitative assessment of impairment to determine whether any further quantitative assessment for impairment is necessary. The election of whether or not to perform a qualitative assessment is made annually and may vary by reporting unit.

Factors we consider in the qualitative assessment include general macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, cost factors, overall financial performance of our reporting units, events or changes affecting the composition or carrying amount of the net assets of our reporting units, our share price, and other relevant entity-specific events. If we elect to bypass the qualitative assessment or if we determine, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, a quantitative test would be required. The quantitative assessment compares the estimated fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount, and recognizes an impairment loss for the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its estimated fair value, without exceeding the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit.

During the second quarter of 2022, a sustained decline in our share price and increases in discount rates, primarily resulting from increased economic uncertainty, indicated a potential decline in fair value and triggered a requirement to evaluate our Issuer Solutions and former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting units for potential impairment as of June 30, 2022. Furthermore, the estimated sales price for the consumer business portion of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit also indicated a potential decline in fair value as of June 30, 2022. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessment that the fair value of our Issuer Solutions reporting unit was still greater than its carrying amount as of June 30, 2022, indicating no impairment. Based on the quantitative assessment of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit, including consideration of the consumer business disposal group and the remaining assets of the reporting unit, we recognized a goodwill impairment charge of \$833.1 million in our consolidated statement of income during the three months ended June 30, 2022. The estimated fair value used in the goodwill impairment assessment was considered to be a nonrecurring Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy.

During the third quarter of 2022, as a result of the pending disposition of our consumer business and changes in how our business is managed, we realigned the businesses previously comprising our former Business and Consumer Solutions segment to include the B2B portion within our Issuer Solutions segment and the consumer portion forming our Consumer Solutions segment. In connection with the change in presentation of segment information, the B2B portion of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit was realigned into the Issuer Solutions reporting unit, including a reallocation of goodwill. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of our consumer business. In addition, during 2023, we realigned our reporting units based on organizational changes and the acquired operations of EVO.

As of October 1, 2024, our reporting units consisted of the following: North America Payments Solutions, Vertical Market Software Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions, Asia-Pacific Merchant Solutions, Latin America Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As of October 1, 2024, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units and a qualitative assessment for all other reporting units. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessments of our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, we determined on the basis of the qualitative factors that the fair value of other reporting units was not more likely than not less than the respective carrying amounts.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, we realigned our reporting units based on a strategic and organizational changes. The new reporting units are Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions, Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions, International Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. Upon realignment of our reporting units, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions and Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions reporting units, and determined on the basis of those assessments that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, our International Merchant Solutions reporting unit was an aggregation of our former Europe, Spain and Asia-Pacific reporting units, and was not more likely than not less than its respective carrying amounts. The realignment did not affect our Issuer Solutions reporting unit.

See "Note 6—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" for further information.

**Other intangible assets** - Other intangible assets include customer-related intangible assets (such as customer lists, merchant contracts and referral agreements), contract-based intangible assets (such as noncompete agreements, distributor agreements and processing rights), acquired technologies, trademarks and trade names associated with business combinations. These assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives. The useful lives for customer-related intangible assets are determined based primarily on forecasted cash flows, which include estimates for the revenues, expenses, and customer attrition associated with the assets. The useful lives of contract-based intangible assets are equal to the terms of the agreements. The useful lives of acquired technologies are based on an estimate of the

period over which we expect to receive economic benefit. The useful lives of amortizable trademarks and trade names are based on an estimate of the period over which we will earn revenues for the related assets, including contemplation of any future plans to use the trademarks and trade names in the applicable markets.

We use the straight-line method of amortization for our amortizable acquired technologies, trademarks and trade names and certain contract-based intangible assets. Amortization for most of our customer-related intangible assets and certain contract-based intangible assets is determined using an accelerated method. Under this accelerated method, we determine amortization expense for any period by first dividing the expected cash flows for that period that were used in determining the acquisition-date fair value of the asset by the expected total cash flows over the estimated life of the asset. We then multiply that ratio by the initial carrying amount of the asset to arrive at the amortization expense for that period. If the cash flow patterns that we experience differ significantly from our initial estimates, we adjust the amortization schedule prospectively. We believe that our accelerated method reflects the expected pattern of the benefit to be derived. See "Note 6—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" for further information.

**Implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement** - We capitalize implementation costs associated with cloud computing arrangements that are service contracts, and we amortize these capitalized implementation costs to expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the applicable hosting arrangement. Our cloud computing arrangements involve services we use to support certain internal corporate functions as well as technology associated with revenue-generating activities. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, capitalized implementation costs, net of accumulated amortization, were \$215.4 million and \$206.5 million, respectively, and are presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$7.6 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, and is presented in the same line item in the consolidated statements of income as the expense for the associated cloud services arrangement. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we also recognized a charge of \$28.5 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy, which was included within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes.

**Leases** - We evaluate each of our lease and service arrangements at inception to determine if the arrangement is, or contains, a lease and the appropriate classification of each identified lease. A lease exists if we obtain substantially all of the economic benefits of, and have the right to control the use of, an asset for a period of time. Right-of-use assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease agreement. We recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the lease commencement date based on the present values of fixed lease payments over the term of the lease. Right-of-use assets may also be adjusted to reflect any prepayments made or any incentive payments received. Operating lease costs and depreciation expense for finance leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. We consider a termination or renewal option in the determination of the lease term when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Because our leases generally do not provide a readily determinable implicit interest rate, we use an incremental borrowing rate to measure the lease liability and associated right-of-use asset at the lease commencement date. The incremental borrowing rate used is a fully collateralized rate that considers our credit rating, market conditions and the term of the lease at the lease commencement date. We have made an accounting policy election to not recognize assets or liabilities for leases with a term of less than 12 months and to account for all components in a lease arrangement as a single combined lease component for all asset classes with the exception of computer equipment, for which we account for lease and nonlease components separately. See "Note 7—Leases" for further information.

**Impairment of long-lived assets** - We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the carrying amount of property and equipment, capitalized software, lease right-of-use assets and finite-life intangible assets may not be recoverable. When factors indicate that these long-lived assets should be evaluated for possible impairment, we assess the potential impairment by determining whether the carrying amount of such long-lived assets will be recovered through the future undiscounted cash flows expected from use of the asset and its eventual disposition. The evaluation is performed at the asset group level, which is the lowest level of identifiable cash flows. If the carrying amount of the asset group is determined to be not recoverable, a write-down to fair value is recognized. Fair values are determined based on quoted market prices or discounted cash flow analysis as applicable. We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the useful lives of property and equipment and finite-life intangible assets may warrant revision.

**Assets held for sale** - We classify an asset or business as held for sale disposal group if we have committed to a plan to sell the asset or business within one year and are actively marketing the asset or business in its current condition for a price that is reasonable in comparison to its estimated fair value. Disposal groups held for sale are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Long-lived assets classified as held for sale are not subject to depreciation or amortization, and both the assets and any liabilities directly associated with the disposal group are presented net within separate current and noncurrent held for sale line items in our consolidated balance sheets. Subsequent changes to the estimated selling price of an asset or disposal group held for sale are recognized as gains or losses in our consolidated statement of income and any subsequent gains are limited to the cumulative losses previously recognized.

**Notes receivable and allowance for credit losses** - During the year ended December 31, 2023, we provided seller financing in connection with the sale of our former consumer and gaming businesses. We classify notes receivable as held for investment based on the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff, and the notes are presented at amortized cost within notes receivable in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method, which includes the accretion of the difference between the fair value at inception and the face value of the notes.

We are exposed to credit losses on the notes. We utilize a probability-of-default and loss given default method to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses applied at the loan level. A variety of factors are considered to estimate the expected credit loss, including the probability of default (representing the probability the asset will default within a given time frame), the loss given default (representing the percentage of the asset that is not expected to be collected due to default), leverage ratios, interest rates, market and industry data, and forecasts that affect the collectibility of the reported amount. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with expected timing of payment, industry trends and current and anticipated future economic conditions. Expected credit losses are estimated over the life of the loans, adjusted for expected prepayments when appropriate. We recognized a noncash charge as an allowance for estimated future credit losses on the notes of \$15.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, which is included as a component of interest and other expense in our consolidated statements of income. Notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$15.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**Equity method investments** - We have certain investments, including a 45% interest in China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. that we account for using the equity method of accounting. Equity method investments are recognized initially at cost and subsequently adjusted for our portion of equity in earnings, cash contributions and distributions, and foreign currency translation adjustments. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had total equity method investments of \$999.3 million and \$989.6 million, respectively, presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

**Accrued buyout liability** - Certain of our Merchant Solutions salespersons in the United States are paid residual commissions based on the profitability generated by certain merchant customers. We have the right, but not the obligation, to buy out some or all of these commissions and intend to do so periodically. Such purchases of the commissions are at a fixed multiple of the last 12 months of commissions. Because of our intent and ability to execute purchases of the residual commissions, and the mutual understanding between us and our salespersons, we have accounted for this deferred compensation arrangement pursuant to the substantive nature of the plan. Therefore, we recognize a liability for the amount that we would have to pay (the "settlement cost") to buy out related commissions in their entirety from vested salespersons, and an estimated amount for unvested salespersons based on their progress towards vesting and the expected percentage that will become vested. As the liability increases over the first year of the related merchant contract, we recognize a related asset. Subsequent changes in the estimated accrued buyout liability due to merchant attrition, same-store sales growth or contraction and changes in profitability are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of income. The classification of the accrued buyout liability between current and noncurrent in the consolidated balance sheet is based upon our estimate of the amount of the accrued buyout liability that we reasonably expect to pay over the next 12 months.

**Income taxes** - Deferred income taxes are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax laws and rates. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

We periodically assess our tax exposures related to periods that are open to examination. Based on the latest available information, we evaluate our tax positions to determine whether the position will more likely than not be sustained upon examination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authorities. If we do not reach a more-likely-than-not determination, no benefit is recognized. If we determine that the tax position is more likely than not to be sustained, we recognize the largest amount of benefit that is more likely than not to be realized when the tax position is settled. We present interest and penalties related to unrecognized income tax benefits in interest and other expense and selling, general and administrative expenses, respectively, in our consolidated statements of income. See "Note 12—Income Tax" for further information.

**Derivative instruments** - We may use interest rate swaps or other derivative instruments to manage a portion of our exposure to the variability in interest rates. Our objective in managing our exposure to fluctuation in interest rates is to better control this element of cost and to mitigate the earnings and cash flow volatility associated with changes in applicable rates. We have established policies and procedures that encompass risk-management philosophy and objectives, guidelines for derivative instrument usage, counterparty credit approval, and the monitoring and reporting of derivative activity. We do not use derivative instruments for speculation.

At inception, we formally designate and document instruments that qualify for hedge accounting of underlying exposures. When qualified for hedge accounting, these financial instruments are recognized at fair value in our consolidated balance sheets, and changes in fair value are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and included in accumulated other comprehensive loss within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. Cash flows resulting from settlements are presented as a component of cash flows from operating activities within our consolidated statements of cash flows.

We formally assess, both at inception and at least quarterly, whether the financial instruments used in hedging transactions are effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of the related underlying exposure. Fluctuations in the value of these instruments generally are offset by changes in the forecasted cash flows of the underlying exposures being hedged. This offset is driven by the high degree of effectiveness between the exposure being hedged and the hedging instrument. We designated each of our active interest rate swap agreements as a cash flow hedge of interest payments on variable rate borrowings.

In addition, we designated our Euro-denominated senior notes as a hedge of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations. The purpose of the net investment hedge is to offset the volatility of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses associated with the Euro-denominated senior notes and our Euro-denominated operations are presented within the same components of other comprehensive income and accumulated comprehensive income.

See "Note 10—Derivatives and Hedging Instruments" for further information about our derivative instruments.

**Fair value measurements** - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the reporting date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques into three broad levels. Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are based on other observable market data, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable such as interest rates and yield curves. Level 3 inputs are developed from unobservable data reflecting our assumptions and include situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability.

**Fair value of financial instruments** - The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, receivables, settlement lines of credit, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value given the short-term nature of these items.

The estimated fair value of our senior notes was based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. The estimated fair value of our \$2.0 billion 1.500% convertible notes was based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy and our \$1.5 billion 1.000% convertible notes was based on a lattice pricing model and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. Certain of our long-term debt arrangements include variable interest rates. The fair value of long-term debt with variable interest rates was determined using Level 2 inputs, and approximated carrying amount, exclusive of debt issuance costs. The fair values of our swap agreements were determined based on the present value of the estimated future net cash flows using implied rates in the applicable yield curve as of the valuation date and classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 9—Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" and "Note 10—Derivatives and Hedging Instruments" for further information.

The estimated fair value of our notes receivable was based on a discounted cash flow approach and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further information.

We also have investments in equity instruments without readily determinable fair values. As permitted, we have elected a measurement alternative for equity instruments that do not have readily determinable fair values. Under such alternative, these instruments are measured at cost plus or minus any changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer less any impairments. Any resulting change in carrying amount would be reflected in net income.

**Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests** - Redeemable noncontrolling interests refers to noncontrolling interests that are redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within our control and is reported in the mezzanine section between total liabilities and shareholders' equity, as temporary equity in our consolidated balance sheets. The redeemable noncontrolling interests for each subsidiary are adjusted each reporting period to the higher of: (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of comprehensive income (loss), capital contributions and distributions or (ii) the redemption price. In determining the measurement method of redemption price, we have elected to accrete changes in the redemption price over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the instrument using the effective interest method, applied prospectively. We have also elected to recognize the entire amount of any redemption price adjustments in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in our consolidated statements of income. Certain of our redeemable noncontrolling interests are redeemable at fair value and are considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 16—Noncontrolling Interests" for further information.

**Foreign currencies** - We have significant operations in a number of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currency is the local currency. The assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is a foreign currency are translated into the reporting currency at the period-end rate of exchange. Income statement items are translated at the weighted-average rates prevailing during the period. The resulting translation adjustment is presented as a component of other comprehensive income and is included in accumulated comprehensive income within equity in our consolidated balance sheets.

Gains and losses on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are generally included in determining net income for the period. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, our transaction gains and losses were insignificant. Transaction gains and losses on intercompany balances of a long-term investment nature are presented as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and included in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. When a foreign subsidiary is disposed of in its entirety, the associated accumulated foreign currency translation gains or losses are reclassified from the separate component of equity into our consolidated statement of income.

**Earnings per share** - Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income attributable to Global Payments by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period. Earnings available to common shareholders is the same as net income attributable to Global Payments for all periods presented.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to Global Payments by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period, including the effect of share-based awards, convertible notes or other potential securities that would have a dilutive effect on EPS. All stock options with an exercise price lower than the average market share price of our common stock for the period are assumed to have a dilutive effect on EPS. The dilutive share base for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 excluded approximately 293,422, 191,353 and 700,119, respectively, shares related

to stock options that would have an antidilutive effect on the computation of diluted earnings per share.

The effect of the potential shares needed to settle the conversion spread on our convertible notes is included in diluted EPS if the effect is dilutive. The effect depends on the market share price of our common stock at the time of conversion and would be dilutive if the average market share price of our common stock for the period exceeds the conversion price. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the convertible notes were not included in the computation of diluted EPS as the effect would have been anti-dilutive. Furthermore, the effect of the related capped call transactions is not included in the computation of diluted EPS as it is always anti-dilutive.

The following table sets forth the computation of the diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding for all periods presented:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	254,291	261,126	275,191
Plus: Dilutive effect of stock options and other share-based awards	554	572	385
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding	254,845	261,698	275,576

**Repurchased shares** - We account for the retirement of repurchased shares using the par value method under which the repurchase price is charged to paid-in capital up to the amount of the original issue proceeds of those shares. When the repurchase price is greater than the original issue proceeds, the excess is charged to retained earnings. We use a last-in, first-out cost flow assumption to identify the original issue proceeds of the shares repurchased. See "Note 13—Shareholders' Equity" for further information.

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## ACQUISITIONS

[Business Combination, Asset Acquisition, and Joint Venture Formation \[Abstract\]](#)

### ACQUISITIONS

#### ACQUISITIONS

*EVO Payments, Inc.*

In March 2023, we acquired all of the outstanding common stock of EVO Payments, Inc. ("EVO"). EVO is a payment technology and services provider, offering payment solutions to merchants ranging from small and middle market enterprises to multinational companies and organizations across the Americas and Europe. The acquisition aligns with our technology-enabled payments strategy, expands our geographic presence in attractive markets and augments our business-to-business software and payment solutions business.

Total purchase consideration was \$4.3 billion, which consisted of the following (in thousands):

Cash paid to EVO shareholders <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	3,273,951
Cash paid for equity awards attributable to purchase consideration <sup>(2)</sup>		58,510
Value of replacement awards attributable to purchase consideration <sup>(3)</sup>		2,484
Total purchase consideration transferred to EVO shareholders		3,334,945
Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees)		665,557
Payment of certain acquiree transaction costs and other liabilities on behalf of EVO <sup>(4)</sup>		269,118
Total purchase consideration	\$	4,269,620

<sup>(1)</sup> Holders of EVO common stock, convertible preferred stock and common units received \$34 for each share of EVO common stock held at the effective time of the transaction.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pursuant to the merger agreement, we cash settled vested options and certain unvested equity awards of EVO equity award holders.

<sup>(3)</sup> Pursuant to the merger agreement, we granted equity awards for approximately 0.3 million shares of Global Payments common stock to certain EVO equity award holders. Each such replacement award is subject to the same terms and conditions (including vesting and exercisability) that applied to the corresponding EVO equity award. We apportioned the fair value of the replacement awards between purchase consideration (the portion attributable to pre-acquisition services in relation to the total vesting term of the award) and amounts to be recognized in periods following the acquisition as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period of the replacement awards.

<sup>(4)</sup> Certain acquiree transaction costs and liabilities, including amounts outstanding under EVO's tax receivable agreement, were required to be repaid by us upon consummation of the acquisition. The cash portion of the purchase consideration was funded through cash on hand and borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

We accounted for the EVO acquisition as a business combination, which generally requires that we recognize the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at fair value as of the acquisition date. The final estimated acquisition-date fair values of major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including a reconciliation to the total purchase consideration, were as follows (in thousands):

	Final Amounts	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	324,859
Accounts receivable		51,470
Settlement processing assets		134,712
Deferred income tax assets		1,734
Property and equipment		72,100
Identifiable intangible assets		1,478,995
Other assets		148,567
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(289,360)
Settlement lines of credit		(7,587)
Settlement processing obligations		(163,535)
Deferred income tax liabilities		(253,221)
Other liabilities		(61,207)
Total identifiable net assets		1,437,527
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		(471,119)
Goodwill		3,303,212
Total purchase consideration	\$	4,269,620

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we made measurement-period adjustments that increased the amount of goodwill by \$19.9 million, primarily related to deferred income taxes as a result of finalizing the evaluation of the differences in the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. The effects of the measurement-period adjustments on our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 were not material.

Goodwill arising from the acquisition was included in the Merchant Solutions segment and was attributable to expected growth opportunities, potential synergies from combining the acquired business into our existing businesses and an assembled workforce. We expect that approximately \$1.2 billion of the goodwill from this acquisition will be deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table reflects the estimated acquisition-date fair values of the identified intangible assets of EVO and their respective weighted-average estimated amortization periods:

	Estimated Fair Value (in thousands)	Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods (years)
Customer-related intangible assets	\$ 916,000	11
Contract-based intangible assets	470,000	12
Acquired technologies	86,995	7
Trademarks and trade names	6,000	2
Total estimated identifiable intangible assets	\$ 1,478,995	11

For the year ended December 31, 2024, and during the period from the acquisition date through December 31, 2023, the acquired operations of EVO contributed less than 10% to our consolidated revenues and operating income. The historical revenue and earnings of EVO were not material for the purpose of presenting pro forma information. In addition, transaction costs associated with this business combination were not material.

#### Other Acquisitions

During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we completed other acquisitions that were insignificant, individually and in the aggregate, to the consolidated financial statements. For one of the acquisitions during the year ended December 31, 2024, \$47.3 million of consideration is payable in the year ending December 31, 2025 and \$8.8 million is payable in the year ending December 31, 2026.

#### Valuation of Identified Intangible Assets

For the acquisitions discussed above, the estimated fair values of customer-related and contract-based intangible assets were generally determined using the income approach, which was based on projected cash flows discounted to their present value using discount rates that consider the timing and risk of the forecasted cash flows. The discount rates used represented a risk adjusted market participant weighted-average cost of capital, derived using customary market metrics. Acquired technologies were valued using the replacement cost method, which required us to estimate the costs to construct an asset of equivalent utility at prices available at the time of the valuation analysis, with adjustments in value for physical deterioration and functional and economic obsolescence. Trademarks and trade names were valued using the "relief-from-royalty" approach. This method assumes that trademarks and trade names have value to the extent that their owner is relieved of the obligation to pay royalties for the benefits received from them. This method required us to estimate the future revenues for the related assets, the appropriate royalty rate and the weighted-average cost of capital.

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## BUSINESS DISPOSITIONS

[Discontinued Operations and Disposal Groups \[Abstract\]](#)

### BUSINESS DISPOSITIONS

#### BUSINESS DISPOSITIONS

*AdvancedMD, Inc.* - In December 2024, we completed the sale of AdvancedMD, Inc. ("AdvancedMD") for approximately \$1 billion, subject to certain closing adjustments, and up to \$125 million contingent upon the purchaser achieving certain specified returns. AdvancedMD is a provider of software-as-a-service solutions to small-to-medium sized ambulatory physician practices in the United States, and was included in our Merchant Solutions segment prior to disposition. We recognized a gain on the sale of \$273.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2024.

*Gaming Business* - In April 2023, we completed the sale of our gaming business for approximately \$400 million, subject to certain closing adjustments. The gaming business was included in our Merchant Solutions segment prior to disposition, and had been presented as held for sale in our consolidated balance sheet since December 31, 2022. We recognized a gain on the sale of \$106.9 million during the year

## 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024

ended December 31, 2023.

**Consumer Business** - In April 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business for approximately \$1 billion, subject to certain closing adjustments. The consumer business comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment prior to disposition, and had been presented as held for sale with certain adjustments to report the disposal group at fair value less costs to sell in our consolidated balance sheet since June 30, 2022. We recognized a loss on this business disposition in our consolidated statements of income of \$243.6 million during the year ended December 31, 2023. The loss during the year ended December 31, 2023 included the effects of incremental negotiated closing adjustments, changes in the estimated fair value of the seller financing and the effects of the final tax structure of the transaction. We also recognized charges within net loss on business dispositions in our consolidated statements of income of \$71.9 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 to reduce the disposal group to estimated fair value less costs to sell, which related primarily to estimated costs to sell and changes in the estimated fair value of the fixed rate seller financing commitment. As further discussed in "Note 1—Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies," we recognized a goodwill impairment charge of \$833.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2022 related to our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit.

**Notes Receivable and Allowance for Credit Losses**

In connection with the sale of our consumer business, we provided seller financing consisting of the following: (1) a first lien seven-year secured term loan facility with an aggregate principal amount of \$350 million bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 9.0%, including 3.5% payable quarterly in cash and 5.5% settled quarterly via the issuance of additional paid-in-kind ("PIK") notes with the same terms as the original notes until December 2024, after which interest will be payable quarterly in cash along with quarterly principal payments of \$4.375 million with the remaining balance due at maturity; and (2) a second lien twenty-five year secured term loan facility with an aggregate principal amount of \$325 million bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 13.0% PIK due at maturity. The aggregate fair value of the first and second lien term loans upon the closing of the transaction was \$653.9 million, calculated using a discounted cash flow approach. In addition, during the second quarter of 2023, we provided the purchasers a five-year \$50 million secured revolving facility, bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 9.0% payable quarterly in cash, initial drawings on which were subsequently repaid during the third quarter of 2023.

In connection with the sale of our gaming business in April 2023, we provided seller financing consisting of an unsecured promissory note due April 1, 2030 with an aggregate principal amount of \$32 million bearing interest at a fixed annual rate of 11.0%.

We recognized interest income of \$89.9 million on the notes during the year ended December 31, 2024 and \$58.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2023, as a component of interest and other income in the consolidated statements of income. The issuance of the notes in connection with the sale transactions was a noncash investing activity in our consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2023.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was an aggregate principal amount of \$810.2 million and \$753.5 million, respectively, outstanding on the notes, including PIK interest, and the notes are presented net of the allowance for credit losses of \$15.2 million within notes receivable in our consolidated balance sheets. Principal payments due within 12 months are included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets. The estimated fair value of the notes receivable was \$809.3 million and \$735.6 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The estimated fair value of notes receivable was based on a discounted cash flow approach and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy.

**Sale of Merchant Solutions Business in Russia** - We sold our Merchant Solutions business in Russia in April 2022 for cash proceeds of \$9 million. During the year ended December 31, 2022, we recognized a loss of \$127.2 million associated with the sale, comprised of the difference between the consideration received and the net carrying amount of the business and the reclassification of \$62.9 million of associated accumulated foreign currency translation losses from the separate component of equity. The loss was presented within net loss on business dispositions in our consolidated statement of income.

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**REVENUES**

[Revenue from Contract with Customer \[Abstract\]](#)  
**REVENUES**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

**REVENUES**

The following tables present a disaggregation of our revenues from contracts with customers by geography for each of our reportable segments for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Year Ended December 31, 2024				Total
	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Intersegment Eliminations	
	(in thousands)				
Americas	\$ 6,254,163	\$ 1,883,852	\$ —	\$ (23,206)	\$ 8,114,755
Europe	1,174,828	556,599	—	—	1,731,427
Asia Pacific	259,712	43,206	—	(43,206)	259,712
	<u>\$ 7,688,703</u>	<u>\$ 2,483,657</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (66,466)</u>	<u>\$ 10,105,894</u>

  

	Year Ended December 31, 2023				Total
	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Intersegment Eliminations	
	(in thousands)				
Americas	\$ 5,867,308	\$ 1,849,638	\$ 182,740	\$ (37,094)	\$ 7,862,592
Europe	1,023,546	507,342	—	—	1,530,888
Asia Pacific	260,939	41,890	—	(41,890)	260,939
	<u>\$ 7,151,793</u>	<u>\$ 2,398,870</u>	<u>\$ 182,740</u>	<u>\$ (78,984)</u>	<u>\$ 9,654,419</u>

  

	Year Ended December 31, 2022				Total
	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Intersegment Eliminations	
	(in thousands)				
Americas	\$ 5,236,728	\$ 1,739,620	\$ 620,482	\$ (58,916)	\$ 7,537,914
Europe	720,660	469,412	—	—	1,190,072
Asia Pacific	247,529	36,591	—	(36,591)	247,529
	<u>\$ 6,204,917</u>	<u>\$ 2,245,623</u>	<u>\$ 620,482</u>	<u>\$ (95,507)</u>	<u>\$ 8,975,515</u>

In our Merchant Solutions segment, we actively market and provide our payment services, enterprise software solutions and other value-added services directly to our customers through a variety of relationship-led and technology-enabled distribution channels. Through our relationship-led direct sales forces worldwide, as well as financial institution and other referral partnerships, we offer our payments technology services, software and other value-added solutions directly to customers across numerous verticals in the markets we serve. Our technology-enabled distribution channel includes integrated and vertical market software solutions and ecommerce and omnichannel solutions.

The following table presents a disaggregation of our Merchant Solutions segment revenues by distribution channel for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	2024		2023		2022	
	(in thousands)					
Relationship-led	\$	3,925,253	\$	3,738,536	\$	3,189,046
Technology-enabled		3,763,450		3,413,257		3,015,871
	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,688,703</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,151,793</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>6,204,917</u>

ASC 606 requires that we determine for each customer arrangement whether revenue should be recognized at a point in time or over time. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, substantially all of our revenues were recognized over time.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to contracts from customers as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

Balance Sheet Location		December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
(in thousands)				
<b>Assets:</b>				
Capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts, net	Other noncurrent assets	\$ 338,960	\$ 360,684	\$ 329,785
Capitalized costs to fulfill customer contracts, net	Other noncurrent assets	174,024	197,355	152,520
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Contract liabilities, net (current)	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	242,769	229,686	226,254
Contract liabilities, net (noncurrent)	Other noncurrent liabilities	50,555	54,246	45,613

Net contract assets were not material at December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 or December 31, 2022. Revenue recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 from contract liability balances at the beginning of each period was \$200.0 million and \$199.7 million, respectively.

ASC 606 requires disclosure of the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations. The purpose of this disclosure is to provide additional information about the amounts and expected timing of revenue to be recognized from the remaining performance obligations in our existing contracts. The following table includes estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at December 31, 2024. However, as permitted, we have elected to exclude from this disclosure any contracts with an original duration of one year or less and any variable consideration that meets specified criteria. Accordingly, the total amount of unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations related to processing services is significantly higher than the amounts disclosed in the table below (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	
2025	\$ 1,163,120
2026	902,270
2027	698,486
2028	391,044
2029	182,062
2030 and thereafter	352,999
Total	<u>\$ 3,689,981</u>

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**PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

[Property, Plant and Equipment \[Abstract\]](#)  
**PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

**PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, property and equipment consisted of the following:

	Range of Depreciable Lives	2024	2023
	(Years)	(in thousands)	
Software	5-10	\$ 2,197,746	\$ 1,937,440
Equipment	3-20	1,076,109	969,164
Buildings	40	192,005	191,715
Leasehold improvements	5-15	114,360	120,964
Furniture and fixtures	5-10	102,913	104,474
Land		11,634	11,821
		3,694,767	3,335,578
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,139,127)	(1,800,382)
Work-in-progress		721,953	654,809
		\$ 2,277,593	\$ 2,190,005

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we wrote off capitalized software assets \$27.3 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy, which was presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes.

[XML 33 R15.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

### Goodwill and Intangible Assets Disclosure [Abstract]

### GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, goodwill and other intangible assets consisted of the following:

	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Goodwill	\$ 26,286,318	\$ 26,743,523
Other intangible assets:		
Customer-related intangible assets	\$ 10,354,686	\$ 10,653,036
Acquired technologies	3,051,188	3,005,576
Contract-based intangible assets	2,310,430	2,254,273
Trademarks and trade names	1,048,181	1,074,631
	16,764,485	16,987,516
Less accumulated amortization:		
Customer-related intangible assets	4,420,615	3,866,686
Acquired technologies	2,306,420	2,047,330
Contract-based intangible assets	439,237	309,886
Trademarks and trade names	666,270	595,568
	7,832,542	6,819,470
	\$ 8,931,943	\$ 10,168,046

The following table sets forth the changes by reportable segment in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Total
	(in thousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 14,063,682	\$ 9,908,014	\$ 841,578	\$ 24,813,274
Goodwill acquired	3,296	—	—	3,296
Effect of foreign currency translation	(66,251)	(29,009)	—	(95,260)
Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business <sup>(1)</sup>	(17,719)	—	—	(17,719)
Impairment of goodwill <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	(833,075)	(833,075)
Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units <sup>(2)</sup>	—	(357,933)	357,933	—
Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale <sup>(3)</sup>	(163,105)	—	(366,436)	(529,541)
Measurement-period adjustments	(2,958)	(17,281)	—	(20,239)
Balance at December 31, 2022	13,816,945	9,503,791	—	23,320,736
Goodwill acquired <sup>(4)</sup>	3,283,285	—	—	3,283,285
Effect of foreign currency translation	126,835	12,904	—	139,739
Measurement-period adjustments	(237)	—	—	(237)
Balance at December 31, 2023	17,226,828	9,516,695	—	26,743,523
Goodwill acquired	193,252	—	—	193,252
Effect of foreign currency translation	(223,564)	(7,909)	—	(231,473)
Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business <sup>(5)</sup>	(438,911)	—	—	(438,911)
Measurement-period adjustments	19,927	—	—	19,927
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 16,777,532	\$ 9,508,786	\$ —	\$ 26,286,318

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of our Merchant Solutions business in Russia. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion.

<sup>(2)</sup> Reflects a goodwill impairment charge related to our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit. In connection with the change in presentation of segment information during the year ended December 31, 2022, accumulated impairment losses associated with our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit were reallocated to our new reporting units based on relative fair value. See "Note 1—Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for further discussion.

<sup>(3)</sup> Reflects the reclassification of goodwill in connection with the presentation of the consumer and gaming businesses as held for sale. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion.

<sup>(4)</sup> Reflects goodwill acquired in connection with our EVO acquisition. See "Note 2—Acquisitions" for further discussion.

<sup>(5)</sup> Reflects goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of our AdvancedMD business. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion.

Accumulated impairment losses for goodwill were \$357.9 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 and included in our Issuer Solutions segment.

Customer-related intangible assets, acquired technologies, contract-based intangible assets, and trademarks and trade names acquired during the year ended December 31, 2024 had weighted-average amortization periods of 6.7 years, 5.0 years, 6.3 years, and 7.0 years, respectively. Customer-related intangible assets, acquired technologies, contract-based intangible assets, and trademarks and trade names acquired during the year ended December 31, 2023 had weighted-average amortization periods of 10.8 years, 6.3 years, 12.0 years, and 2.0 years, respectively. Amortization expense of acquired intangibles was \$1,369.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, \$1,318.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 and \$1,263.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The estimated amortization expense of acquired intangibles as of December 31, 2024 for the next five years, calculated using the currency exchange rate at the date of acquisition, if applicable, is as follows (in thousands):

2025	\$ 1,331,709
2026	1,192,308
2027	955,966
2028	877,245
2029	790,785

[XML 34 R16.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## LEASES

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

### Leases [Abstract]

### LEASES

#### LEASES

Our leases consist primarily of operating real estate leases for office space and data centers in the markets in which we conduct business. We also have operating and finance leases for computer and other equipment. Many of our leases include escalating rental payments and incentives, as well as termination and renewal options. Certain of our lease agreements provide that we pay the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities consisted of the following:

	Balance Sheet Location	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
		(in thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>					
Operating lease right-of-use assets:					
Real estate	Other noncurrent assets	\$	278,942	\$	340,061
Computer equipment	Other noncurrent assets		—		5,352
Other	Other noncurrent assets		116		302
Total operating lease right-of-use-assets		\$	279,058	\$	345,715
Finance lease right-of-use assets:					
Computer equipment	Property and equipment, net	\$	700	\$	11,168
Other equipment	Property and equipment, net		52,365		52,264
Other	Property and equipment, net		8,615		6,634
			61,680		70,066
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Computer equipment	Property and equipment, net		(457)		(4,361)
Other equipment	Property and equipment, net		(39,021)		(38,338)
Other	Property and equipment, net		(3,409)		(4,497)
Total accumulated depreciation			(42,887)		(47,196)
Total finance lease right-of-use assets			18,793		22,870
Total right-of-use assets <sup>(1)</sup>		\$	297,851	\$	368,585
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Operating lease liabilities (current)	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	71,607	\$	81,696
Operating lease liabilities (noncurrent)	Other noncurrent liabilities		354,491		411,227
Finance lease liabilities (current)	Current portion of long-term debt		8,099		12,055
Finance lease liabilities (noncurrent)	Long-term debt		8,283		12,470
Total lease liabilities		\$	442,480	\$	517,448

<sup>(1)</sup> As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, approximately 70% of our right-of-use assets were located in the United States.

The weighted-average remaining lease term for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2024 was 7.8 years and 3.1 years, respectively. The weighted-average remaining lease term for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2023 was 8.4 years and 3.2 years, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, the weighted-average discount rate used in the measurement of operating and finance lease liabilities was 3.8% and 4.6%, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, the weighted-average discount rate used in the measurement of operating and finance lease liabilities was 4.0% and 3.7%, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Operating Leases		Finance Leases	
	(in thousands)			
2025	\$	85,984	\$	8,362
2026		82,251		4,323
2027		68,404		3,037
2028		56,940		1,674
2029		42,330		—
2030 and thereafter		156,586		—
Total lease payments		492,495		17,396
Imputed interest		(66,397)		(1,014)
Total lease liabilities	\$	426,098	\$	16,382

Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$98.7 million, including \$89.4 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$9.3 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2024 include variable lease costs of \$14.5 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$12.3 million, including \$11.7 million of amortization on right-of use assets and \$0.6 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$101.6 million, including \$81.6 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$20.0 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2023 include variable lease costs of \$19.1 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2023 were \$14.1 million, including \$13.2 million of amortization on right-of use assets and \$0.9 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$137.8 million, including \$105.7 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$32.1 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 include variable lease costs of \$21.0 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$18.1 million, including \$16.7 million of amortization on right-of use assets and \$1.4 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$93.0 million, \$101.7 million and \$120.7 million, respectively, which are included as a component of cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Operating lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets, net of reductions resulting from certain lease modifications, were \$30.2 million, \$31.2 million and \$25.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of finance lease liabilities that is included as a component of cash used in financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows was \$16.1 million, \$12.9 million and \$21.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Finance lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets, net of reductions resulting from certain lease modifications, were \$9.4 million, \$4.4 million and \$8.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In connection with the EVO acquisition completed during the year ended December 31, 2023, we acquired right-of-use assets and assumed lease liabilities for operating leases of \$41.3 million. In connection with business dispositions completed during the year ended December 31, 2023, we disposed of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for operating leases of \$4.9 million and \$4.9 million, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, including the purchase of certain assets previously leased. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the reduction in operating lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$5.4 million. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the reduction in operating and finance lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$10.3 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the reduction in operating and finance lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$44.2 million and \$9.7 million, respectively.

## LEASES

Our leases consist primarily of operating real estate leases for office space and data centers in the markets in which we conduct business. We also have operating and finance leases for computer and other equipment. Many of our leases include escalating rental payments and incentives, as well as termination and renewal options. Certain of our lease agreements provide that we pay the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities consisted of the following:

	Balance Sheet Location	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
		(in thousands)			
<b>Assets:</b>					
Operating lease right-of-use assets:					
Real estate	Other noncurrent assets	\$	278,942	\$	340,061
Computer equipment	Other noncurrent assets		—		5,352
Other	Other noncurrent assets		116		302
Total operating lease right-of-use-assets		\$	279,058	\$	345,715
Finance lease right-of-use assets:					
Computer equipment	Property and equipment, net	\$	700	\$	11,168
Other equipment	Property and equipment, net		52,365		52,264
Other	Property and equipment, net		8,615		6,634
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Other	Property and equipment, net		(3,409)		(4,497)
Total accumulated depreciation			(42,887)		(47,196)
Total finance lease right-of-use assets			18,793		22,870
Total right-of-use assets <sup>(1)</sup>		\$	297,851	\$	368,585
<b>Liabilities:</b>					
Operating lease liabilities (current)	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	71,607	\$	81,696
Operating lease liabilities (noncurrent)	Other noncurrent liabilities		354,491		411,227
Finance lease liabilities (current)	Current portion of long-term debt		8,099		12,055
Finance lease liabilities (noncurrent)	Long-term debt		8,283		12,470
Total lease liabilities		\$	442,480	\$	517,448

<sup>(1)</sup> As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, approximately 70% of our right-of-use assets were located in the United States.

The weighted-average remaining lease term for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2024 was 7.8 years and 3.1 years, respectively. The weighted-average remaining lease term for operating and finance leases at December 31, 2023 was 8.4 years and 3.2 years, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, the weighted-average discount rate used in the measurement of operating and finance lease liabilities was 3.8% and 4.6%, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, the weighted-average discount rate used in the measurement of operating and finance lease liabilities was 4.0% and 3.7%, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
	(in thousands)	
<b>Year ending December 31,</b>		
2025	\$ 85,984	\$ 8,362
2026	82,251	4,323
2027	68,404	3,037
2028	56,940	1,674
2029	42,330	—
2030 and thereafter	156,586	—
Total lease payments	492,495	17,396
Imputed interest	(66,397)	(1,014)
Total lease liabilities	\$ 426,098	\$ 16,382

Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$98.7 million, including \$89.4 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$9.3 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2024 include variable lease costs of \$14.5 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$12.3 million, including \$11.7 million of amortization on right-of-use assets and \$0.6 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2024.

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Operating lease costs in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$137.8 million, including \$105.7 million in selling, general and administrative expenses and \$32.1 million in cost of services. Total lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 include variable lease costs of \$21.0 million, which are primarily comprised of the cost of property taxes, insurance and maintenance. Finance lease costs for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$18.1 million, including \$16.7 million of amortization on right-of-use assets and \$1.4 million of interest on lease liabilities. Lease costs for leases with a term of less than 12 months were not material for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$93.0 million, \$101.7 million and \$120.7 million, respectively, which are included as a component of cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Operating lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets, net of reductions resulting from certain lease modifications, were \$30.2 million, \$31.2 million and \$25.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of finance lease liabilities that is included as a component of cash used in financing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows was \$16.1 million, \$12.9 million and \$21.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Finance lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets, net of reductions resulting from certain lease modifications, were \$9.4 million, \$4.4 million and \$8.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

In connection with the EVO acquisition completed during the year ended December 31, 2023, we acquired right-of-use assets and assumed lease liabilities for operating leases of \$41.3 million. In connection with business dispositions completed during the year ended December 31, 2023, we disposed of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for operating leases of \$4.9 million and \$4.9 million, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, including the purchase of certain assets previously leased. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the reduction in operating lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$5.4 million. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the reduction in operating and finance lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$10.3 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the reduction in operating and finance lease liabilities arising from the termination of the related right-of-use assets was \$44.2 million and \$9.7 million, respectively.

[XML 35 RI7.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## OTHER ASSETS

## 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024

[Deferred Costs, Capitalized, Prepaid, and Other Assets Disclosure \[Abstract\]](#)  
[OTHER ASSETS](#)

### OTHER ASSETS Visa Preferred Shares

Through certain of our subsidiaries in Europe, we were a member and shareholder of Visa Europe Limited ("Visa Europe"). On June 21, 2016, Visa Inc. ("Visa") acquired all of the membership interests in Visa Europe, and we received consideration in the form of cash and Series B and C convertible preferred shares of Visa. We assigned the preferred shares a value of zero based on transfer restrictions, Visa's ability to adjust the conversion rate and the estimation uncertainty associated with those factors. Based on the outcome of any current or potential litigation involving Visa Europe in the United Kingdom and elsewhere in Europe, the conversion rate of the preferred shares could be adjusted down such that the number of Visa common shares we receive could be as low as zero.

The Series B and C convertible preferred shares become convertible in stages based on developments in the litigation and become fully convertible no later than 2028 (subject to a holdback to cover any then pending claims). In July 2022, in connection with the second mandatory release assessment, a portion of the Series B and C convertible preferred shares was converted by Visa. We recognized a gain of \$13.2 million reported in interest and other income in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022 based on the fair value of the shares received and subsequently sold.

In July 2024, in connection with the third mandatory release assessment, a portion of the Series B and C convertible preferred shares was converted by Visa. We recognized a gain of \$18.8 million reported in interest and other income in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2024 based on the fair value of the shares received and subsequently sold. The remaining Series B and C convertible preferred shares continue to be carried at an assigned value of zero based on the aforementioned factors.

In addition, through the acquisition of EVO in 2023, we obtained Series A and C convertible preferred shares of Visa. The Series C preferred shares are carried at an assigned value of zero based on the aforementioned factors. The Series A convertible preferred shares were not restricted and were convertible into a fixed number of Visa Class A common shares. In November 2023, the Series A convertible preferred shares were converted into a fixed number of Visa Class A common shares and sold for cash proceeds of \$42.1 million. Prior to sale, the Visa Class A common shares were presented at fair value in our consolidated balance sheet with changes in fair value recognized in interest and other income in our consolidated statement of income.

[XML 36 R18.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT

## 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024

[Debt Disclosure \[Abstract\]](#)  
[LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT](#)

### LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, long-term debt consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(in thousands)	
<b>Long-term Debt</b>		
1.500% senior notes due November 15, 2024	\$ —	\$ 499,143
2.650% senior notes due February 15, 2025	999,791	998,172
1.200% senior notes due March 1, 2026	1,097,764	1,095,848
4.800% senior notes due April 1, 2026	764,125	775,425
2.150% senior notes due January 15, 2027	747,447	746,196
4.950% senior notes due August 15, 2027	497,425	496,444
4.450% senior notes due June 1, 2028	465,012	469,406
3.200% senior notes due August 15, 2029	1,242,715	1,241,169
5.300% senior notes due August 15, 2029	496,762	496,063
2.900% senior notes due May 15, 2030	993,708	992,537
2.900% senior notes due November 15, 2031	744,233	743,394
5.400% senior notes due August 15, 2032	743,730	742,908
4.150% senior notes due August 15, 2049	741,215	740,860
5.950% senior notes due August 15, 2052	738,975	738,576
4.875% senior notes due March 17, 2031	820,952	873,747
1.000% convertible senior notes due August 15, 2029	1,461,761	1,453,493
1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031	1,970,577	—
Revolving credit facility	1,500,000	1,570,000
Commercial paper notes	—	1,371,639
Finance lease liabilities	16,382	24,525
Other borrowings	197,793	243,337
Total long-term debt	16,240,367	16,312,882
Less current portion	1,075,708	620,585
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	\$ 15,164,659	\$ 15,692,297

The carrying amounts of our senior notes and convertible notes in the table above are presented net of unamortized discount and unamortized debt issuance costs, as applicable. At December 31, 2024, the unamortized discount on senior notes and convertible notes was \$38.5 million, and unamortized debt issuance costs on senior notes and convertible notes were \$92.8 million. At December 31, 2023, the unamortized discount on senior notes and convertible notes was \$46.1 million and unamortized debt issuance costs on senior notes and convertible notes were \$78.4 million. The portion of unamortized debt issuance costs related to revolving credit facilities is included in other noncurrent assets. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, unamortized debt issuance costs on the unsecured revolving credit facility were \$13.4 million and \$18.5 million, respectively. The amortization of debt discounts and debt issuance costs is recognized as an increase to interest expense over the terms of the respective debt instruments. Amortization of discounts and debt issuance costs was \$31.5 million, \$27.0 million and \$20.5 million, respectively, for years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

At December 31, 2024, future maturities of long-term debt (excluding finance lease liabilities) are as follows by year (in thousands):

<b>Year ending December 31,</b>	
2025	\$ 1,068,459
2026	1,913,464
2027	2,790,646
2028	467,701
2029	3,253,411
2030 and thereafter	6,832,392
Total	\$ 16,326,073

See "Note 7—Leases" for more information about our finance lease liabilities, including maturities.

### Senior Notes

We have \$11.1 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes outstanding, as presented in the table above, which are comprised of senior notes issued in 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020 and

2019, and senior notes assumed in our merger with Total System Services, Inc. ("TSYS") in September 2019 (the "TSYS Merger"). Interest on the senior notes is payable annually or semi-annually at various dates. Each series of the senior notes is redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the related indenture.

On March 17, 2023, we issued €800 million aggregate principal amount of 4.875% senior unsecured notes due March 2031 and received net proceeds of €790.6 million, or \$843.6 million based on the exchange rate on the issuance date. We issued the senior notes at a discount of \$2.8 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$7.2 million, including underwriting fees, professional services fees and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable annually in arrears on March 17 of each year, commencing March 17, 2024. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The net proceeds from the offering were used for general corporate purposes.

On August 22, 2022, we issued \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.950% senior notes due August 2027; (ii) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.300% senior notes due August 2029; (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.400% senior notes due August 2032; and (iv) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.950% senior notes due August 2052. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$5.2 million, and we incurred debt issuance costs of \$24.8 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, commencing February 15, 2023. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. The net proceeds from the offering were used to refinance the outstanding indebtedness under our credit facility, to make cash payments and pay transaction fees and expenses in connection with the acquisition of EVO and for general corporate purposes.

On November 22, 2021, we issued \$2.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes consisting of the following: (i) \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.500% senior notes due November 2024; (ii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.150% senior notes due January 2027; and (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.900% senior notes due November 2031. We incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$14.4 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the senior unsecured notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 for the 2024 and 2031 notes and January 15 and July 15 on the 2027 note, commencing May 15, 2022 for the 2024 note and the 2031 note and July 15, 2022 for the 2027 note. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We used the net proceeds from the offering to repay the outstanding indebtedness under our prior credit facility and for general corporate purposes. In November 2024, we repaid our \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.500% senior notes upon maturity.

On February 26, 2021, we issued \$1.1 billion aggregate principal amount of 1.200% senior unsecured notes due March 2026. We incurred debt issuance costs of approximately \$8.6 million, including underwriting fees, fees for professional services and registration fees, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, commencing September 1, 2021. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We used the net proceeds from this offering to fund the redemption in full of the 3.800% senior unsecured notes due April 2021, to repay a portion of the outstanding indebtedness under our prior credit facility and for general corporate purposes.

We have \$1.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of 2.900% senior unsecured notes due May 2030. Interest on the notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on May 15 and November 15 of each year, commencing November 15, 2020. The notes are unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness and rank equally in right of payment with all of our other outstanding unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$3.3 million and capitalized related debt issuance costs of \$8.4 million.

We have \$3.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes, consisting of the following: (i) \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 2.650% senior notes due 2025; (ii) \$1.25 billion aggregate principal amount of 3.200% senior notes due 2029; and (iii) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.150% senior notes due 2049. Interest on the senior notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on each February 15 and August 15, beginning on February 15, 2020. Each series of the senior notes is redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, at any time and from time to time at the redemption prices set forth in the related indenture. We issued the senior notes at a total discount of \$6.1 million and capitalized related debt issuance costs of \$29.6 million.

In addition, in connection with the TSYS Merger, we assumed \$3.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior unsecured notes of TSYS, consisting of the following: (i) \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.800% senior notes due 2021, which were redeemed in February 2021; (ii) \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.750% senior notes due 2023, which were redeemed in June 2023; (iii) \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 4.000% senior notes due 2023, which were redeemed in June 2023; (iv) \$750 million aggregate principal amount of 4.800% senior notes due 2026; and (v) \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.450% senior notes due 2028. For the 4.800% senior notes due 2026, interest is payable semi-annually each April 1 and October 1. For the 4.450% senior notes due 2028, interest is payable semi-annually each June 1 and December 1. The difference between the acquisition-date fair value and face value of senior notes assumed in the TSYS Merger is recognized over the terms of the respective notes as a reduction of interest expense. The amortization of this fair value adjustment was \$15.7 million, \$15.7 million, and \$27.4 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### **Convertible Notes**

##### 1.500% Convertible Notes due March 1, 2031

On February 23, 2024, we issued \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through a private placement. The net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$1.97 billion reflecting debt issuance costs of \$33.5 million, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the convertible notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the convertible notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on September 1, 2024, to the holders of record on the preceding February 15 and August 15, respectively.

Prior to December 1, 2030, the notes are convertible at the option of the holders only under certain conditions, including: (i) if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days within the last 30 consecutive trading days of the immediately preceding calendar quarter; (ii) for a five business day period following a ten-day consecutive trading period where the trading price of the notes is less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate; (iii) if we call any or all of the notes for redemption; or (iv) upon the occurrence of certain corporate events. On or after December 1, 2030, the notes are convertible at the option of the holders at any time until the second scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock based on a conversion rate of 6.371 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes (which is equal to a conversion price of approximately \$156.96 per share), subject to customary adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Upon conversion, the principal amount of, and interest due on, the convertible notes are required to be settled in cash and any other amounts may be settled in shares, cash or a combination of shares and cash at our election.

We may not redeem the notes prior to March 6, 2028. On or after March 6, 2028, we have the option to redeem all or any portion of the notes for cash if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price for at least 20 trading days within the last 30 consecutive trading day period at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest. If certain corporate events that constitute a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, any holder of the notes may require that we repurchase all or a portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, then the conversion rate will in certain circumstances be increased. The notes include customary covenants for notes of this type, as well as customary events of default, which may result in the acceleration of the maturity of the convertible notes.

In connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain of the initial purchasers of the notes and other financial institutions to cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of common stock initially underlying the notes. The economic effect of the capped call transactions is to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon the conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option is elected, for amounts in excess of the principal amount of converted notes subject to a cap. The initial cap price of the capped call transactions is \$228.90 per share. The capped call transactions meet the accounting criteria to be reflected in stockholders' equity and not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$256.3 million incurred in connection with the capped call transactions was reflected as a reduction to paid-in-capital in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024, net of applicable income taxes.

##### 1.000% Convertible Notes due August 15, 2029

On August 8, 2022, we issued \$1.5 billion in aggregate principal amount of 1.000% convertible unsecured senior notes due August 2029 in a private placement pursuant to an investment agreement with Silver Lake Partners. The net proceeds from this offering were approximately \$1.44 billion, reflecting an issuance discount of \$37.5 million and \$20.4 million of debt issuance costs, which were capitalized and reflected as a reduction of the related carrying amount of the convertible notes in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest on the convertible notes is payable semi-annually in arrears on February 15 and August 15 of each year, beginning on February 15, 2023, to the holders of record on the preceding February 1 and August 1, respectively.

The notes are convertible at the option of the holder at any time after the date that is 18 months after issuance (or earlier, upon the occurrence of certain corporate events) until the scheduled trading day prior to the maturity date and are presented within long-term debt in our consolidated balance sheet based on our intent and ability to refinance on a long-term basis should a conversion event occur. The notes are convertible into cash and shares of our common stock based on a conversion rate of 7.1727 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible notes (which is equal to a conversion price of approximately \$139.42 per share), subject to customary anti-dilution and other adjustments upon the occurrence of certain events. Upon conversion, the principal amount of, and interest due on, the convertible notes are required to be settled in cash and any other amounts may be settled in shares, cash or a combination of shares and cash at our election.

The notes are not redeemable by us. If certain corporate events that constitute a fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, any holder of the notes may require that we repurchase all or any portion of their notes for cash at a purchase price of par plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date. In addition, if certain corporate events that constitute a make-whole fundamental change (as defined in the indenture governing the notes) occur, then the conversion rate will in certain circumstances be increased for a specified period of time. The notes include customary covenants for notes of this type, as well as customary events of default, which may result in the acceleration of the maturity of the convertible notes.

On August 8, 2022, in connection with the issuance of the notes, we entered into privately negotiated capped call transactions with certain financial institutions to cover, subject to customary adjustments, the number of shares of common stock initially underlying the notes. The economic effect of the capped call transactions is to hedge the potential dilutive effect upon conversion of the notes, or offset our cash obligation if the cash settlement option is elected, up to a cap price determined based on a hedging period that commenced on August 9, 2022 and concluded on August 25, 2022. The capped call had an initial strike price of \$140.67 per share and a cap price of \$229.26 per share. The capped call transactions meet the accounting criteria to be reflected in stockholders' equity and not accounted for as derivatives. The cost of \$302.4 million incurred in connection with the capped call transactions was reflected as a reduction to paid-in-capital in our consolidated statement of changes in equity during the year ended December 31, 2022, net of applicable income taxes.

#### **Revolving Credit Facility**

On August 19, 2022, we entered into a credit agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders and other agents. The credit agreement provides for an unsubordinated unsecured \$5.75 billion revolving credit facility. We capitalized debt issuance costs of \$12.3 million in connection with the issuances under the revolving credit facility. The revolving credit facility matures in August 2027. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility may be repaid prior to maturity without premium or penalty, subject to payment of certain customary expenses of lenders and customary notice provisions.

Borrowings under the revolving credit facility are available to be made in US dollars, euros, sterling, Canadian dollars and, subject to certain conditions, certain other currencies at our option. Borrowings under the revolving credit facility will bear interest, at our option, at a rate equal to (i) for SOFR based currencies or certain alternative currencies, a secured overnight financing rate (subject to a 0.00% floor) plus a 0.10% credit spread adjustment or an alternative currency term rate (subject to a 0.00% floor), as applicable, (ii) for US dollar borrowings, a base rate, (iii) for US dollar borrowings, a daily floating secured overnight financing rate (subject to a 0.00% floor on or after January 1, 2023) plus a 0.10% credit spread adjustment or (iv) for certain alternative currencies, a daily alternative currency rate (subject to a 0.00% floor), in each case, plus an applicable margin. The applicable margin for borrowings under the revolving credit facility will range from 1.125% to 1.875% depending on our credit rating. In addition, we are required to pay a quarterly commitment fee with respect to the unused portion of the revolving credit facility at an applicable rate per annum ranging from 0.125% to 0.300% depending on our credit rating.

We may issue standby letters of credit of up to \$250 million in the aggregate under the revolving credit facility. Outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility reduce the amount of borrowings available to us. The amounts available to borrow under the revolving credit facility are also determined by a financial leverage covenant. As of December 31, 2024, there were borrowings of \$1.5 billion outstanding under the revolving credit facility with an interest rate of 5.86%, and the total available commitments under the revolving credit facility were \$3.7 billion.

#### **Commercial Paper**

We have a \$2.0 billion commercial paper program under which we may issue senior unsecured commercial paper notes with maturities of up to 397 days from the date of issue. Commercial paper notes are expected to be issued at a discount from par, or they may bear interest, each at commercial paper market rates dictated by market conditions at the time of their issuance. The proceeds from issuances of commercial paper notes will be used primarily for general corporate purposes but may also be used for acquisitions, to pay dividends, for debt refinancing or for other purposes.

As of December 31, 2024, we had no borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program. The commercial program is backstopped by our revolving credit agreement. In that the amount of commercial paper notes outstanding cannot exceed the undrawn portion of our revolving credit facility. As such, we could draw on the revolving credit facility to repay commercial paper notes that cannot be rolled over or refinanced with similar debt.

#### **Prior Credit Facility**

Prior to the revolving credit facility, we were party to a prior credit facility agreement with Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders and other agents (as amended from time to time). The prior credit facility provided for a senior unsecured \$2.0 billion term loan facility and a senior unsecured \$3.0 billion revolving credit facility. In August 2022, all borrowings outstanding and other amounts due under the prior credit facility were repaid and the prior credit facility was terminated.

#### **Bridge Facility**

On August 1, 2022, in connection with our entry into the EVO merger agreement, we obtained commitments for a \$4.3 billion, 364-day senior unsecured bridge facility. Upon the execution of permanent financing, including the issuance of our senior unsecured notes and entry into the revolving credit facility described above, the aggregate commitments under the bridge facility were reduced to zero and terminated.

## Fair Value of Long-Term Debt

As of December 31, 2024, our senior notes had a total carrying amount of \$11.1 billion and an estimated fair value of \$10.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, our 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031 had a total carrying amount of \$2.0 billion and an estimated fair value of \$2.0 billion. The estimated fair value of our senior notes and 1.500% convertible senior notes were based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy.

As of December 31, 2024, our 1.000% convertible notes had a total carrying amount of \$1.5 billion and an estimated fair value of \$1.6 billion. The estimated fair value of our 1.000% convertible notes was based on a lattice pricing model and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy.

The fair value of other long-term debt approximated its carrying amount at December 31, 2024.

## Compliance with Covenants

The convertible notes include customary covenants and events of default for convertible notes of this type. The revolving credit agreement contains customary affirmative covenants and restrictive covenants, including, among others, financial covenants based on net leverage and interest coverage ratios, and customary events of default. The required leverage ratio was increased as a result of the acquisition of EVO and will gradually step-down over eight quarters to the original required ratio of 3.75 to 1.00. As of December 31, 2024, the required leverage ratio was 4.00 to 1.00, and the required interest coverage ratio was 3.00 to 1.00. We were in compliance with all applicable covenants as of December 31, 2024.

## Settlement Lines of Credit

In various markets where our Merchant Solutions segment does business, we have specialized lines of credit, which are restricted for use in funding settlement. The settlement lines of credit generally have variable interest rates, are subject to annual review and are denominated in local currency but may, in some cases, facilitate borrowings in multiple currencies. For certain of our lines of credit, the available credit is increased by the amount of cash we have on deposit in specific accounts with the lender. Accordingly, the amount of the outstanding lines of credit may exceed the stated credit limit. As of December 31, 2024, a total of \$71.2 million of cash on deposit was used to determine the available credit.

As of December 31, 2024, we had \$503.4 million outstanding under these lines of credit with additional capacity to fund settlement of \$2,280.3 million. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the maximum and average outstanding balances under these lines of credit were \$1,283.4 million and \$502.7 million, respectively. The weighted-average interest rate on these borrowings was 5.24% at December 31, 2024.

## Interest Expense

Interest expense was \$619.5 million, \$629.8 million and \$437.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

[XML 37 R10.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

### Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosure [Abstract]

### DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

## 12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

## DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS

### Net Investment Hedge

We have designated our aggregate €800 million Euro-denominated 4.875% senior notes due March 2031 as a hedge of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations. The purpose of the net investment hedge is to reduce the volatility of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Investments in foreign operations with functional currencies other than the reporting currency are subject to foreign currency risk as the assets and liabilities of these subsidiaries are translated into the reporting currency at the period-end rate of exchange with the resulting foreign currency translation adjustment presented as a component of other comprehensive income and included in accumulated comprehensive income within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. Under net investment hedge accounting, the foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses associated with our Euro-denominated senior notes are presented within the same components of other comprehensive income and accumulated comprehensive income, partially offsetting the foreign currency translation adjustment for our foreign subsidiaries.

We recognized a gain (loss) on the net investment hedge of \$28.9 million and \$(27.0) million within foreign currency translation adjustments in other comprehensive income in our consolidated statements of comprehensive income during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### Interest Rate Swaps

We have interest rate swap agreements with financial institutions to hedge changes in cash flows attributable to interest rate risk on a portion of our variable-rate debt instruments. In the first quarter of 2023, we entered into new interest rate swap agreements with an aggregate notional amount of \$1.5 billion to convert eligible borrowings under our revolving credit facility from a floating term Secured Overnight Financing Rate to a fixed rate. Net amounts to be received or paid under the swap agreements are reflected as adjustments to interest expense. Since we have designated the interest rate swap agreements as cash flow hedges, unrealized gains or losses resulting from adjusting the swaps to fair value are recognized as components of other comprehensive income. The fair values of our interest rate swaps are determined based on the present value of the estimated future net cash flows using implied rates in the applicable yield curve as of the valuation date. These derivative instruments are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

In August 2022, in connection with entry into the revolving credit agreement and repayment of amounts outstanding under our prior credit facility, we terminated and settled our interest rate swap agreements existing at that time. The termination resulted in the recognition of a net gain of \$1.2 million, including the reclassification of \$0.5 million of accumulated losses from the separate component of equity. The net gain was presented in interest and other expense in our consolidated statement of income for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Upon issuance of our senior unsecured notes in August 2019, we made settlement payments of \$48.3 million related to the termination of forward-starting interest rate swap agreements designated as cash flow hedges, for which the effective portion of the unrealized losses on the swaps was included in other comprehensive loss. We have and will continue to reclassify the effective portion of the realized loss from accumulated other comprehensive loss into interest expense over the terms of the related senior notes.

The table below presents information about our interest rate swaps, designated as cash flow hedges, included in the consolidated balance sheets:

Derivative Financial Instruments	Balance Sheet Location	Weighted-Average Fixed Rate of Interest at December 31, 2024	Range of Maturity Dates at December 31, 2024	Fair Values	
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Interest rate swaps (Notional of \$1.5 billion at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023)	Other noncurrent liabilities	4.26 %	April 17, 2027 - August 17, 2027	\$ 7,768	\$ 28,187

The table below presents the effects of our interest rate swaps on the consolidated statements of income and statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized in other comprehensive loss	\$ 34,399	\$ (19,683)	\$ 12,915
Net unrealized gains (losses) reclassified out of other comprehensive loss to interest expense	\$ 8,731	\$ 4,609	\$ (21,327)

As of December 31, 2024, the amount of net unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to our interest rate swaps that is expected to be reclassified into interest expense during the next 12 months was \$6.5 million.

[XML 38 R20.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

### Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities [Abstract]

### ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

## ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)			
Funds held for customers	\$	938,416	\$	817,180
Trade accounts payable		320,085		290,437
Compensation and benefits		248,970		276,441
Contract liabilities		242,769		229,686
Payment network fees		222,621		246,102
Income taxes		209,037		139,825
Interest		171,220		166,039
Third-party commissions		87,431		93,387
Operating leases		71,607		81,696
Miscellaneous taxes and withholdings		69,523		59,601
Third-party processing fees		36,251		29,593
Unclaimed property		24,413		22,560
Audit and legal		22,995		22,748
Current portion of accrued buyout liability <sup>(1)</sup>		14,358		13,719
Other		400,228		335,965
	\$	3,079,924	\$	2,824,979

<sup>(1)</sup> The noncurrent portion of accrued buyout liability of \$23.5 million and \$69.1 million is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, certain actions were taken to align our workforce to our new operating model. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized charges for employee termination benefits of \$99.6 million, which included \$19.4 million of share-based compensation expense. These charges are presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes. At December 31, 2024, accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet included obligations totaling \$6.3 million for employee termination benefits, which are expected to be paid within the next 12 months.

[XML 39 R21.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## INCOME TAX

The income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Current income tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	\$ 361,904	\$ 399,900	\$ 277,120
State	78,314	98,224	68,120
Foreign	201,143	209,955	125,580
	<u>641,361</u>	<u>708,079</u>	<u>470,820</u>
Deferred income tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	(238,554)	(330,647)	(235,727)
State	(46,689)	(84,729)	(41,770)
Foreign	(60,985)	(83,683)	(26,629)
	<u>(346,228)</u>	<u>(499,059)</u>	<u>(304,126)</u>
	<u>\$ 295,133</u>	<u>\$ 209,020</u>	<u>\$ 166,694</u>

Income tax expense allocated to noncontrolling interests was \$16.6 million, \$12.9 million and \$9.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The following table presents income (loss) before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
United States	\$ 1,255,792	\$ 597,969	\$ (189,030)
Foreign	612,995	571,978	413,352
	<u>\$ 1,868,787</u>	<u>\$ 1,169,947</u>	<u>\$ 224,322</u>

Approximately \$60.5 million of our undistributed foreign earnings are considered to be indefinitely reinvested outside the United States as of December 31, 2024. Because those earnings are considered to be indefinitely reinvested, no deferred income taxes have been provided thereon. If we were to make a distribution of any portion of those earnings in the form of dividends or otherwise, any such amounts would be subject to withholding taxes payable to various foreign jurisdictions; however, the amounts would not be subject to any additional U.S. income tax.

Our effective tax rates for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 differ from the federal statutory rate for those periods as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Federal U.S. statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Foreign inclusion, net of foreign tax credits	2.3	3.4	8.2
Foreign income taxes	1.8	2.2	1.4
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	1.3	0.9	9.0
Uncertain tax positions	0.9	0.5	(0.7)
Nondeductible executive compensation	0.3	0.9	4.7
Share-based compensation expense	0.2	0.9	2.0
Deemed royalty	0.2	0.7	1.2
Net gain on dispositions and liquidations	—	4.3	12.1
Goodwill impairment	—	—	78.0
Valuation allowance	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.2)
Foreign-derived intangible income deduction	(1.7)	(3.8)	(12.4)
Tax credits	(4.4)	(3.8)	(19.5)
Foreign interest income not subject to tax	(6.3)	(9.5)	(29.9)
Other	0.5	0.6	(0.6)
Effective tax rate	<u>15.8 %</u>	<u>17.9 %</u>	<u>74.3 %</u>

Deferred income taxes are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax laws and rates. Deferred income taxes as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 reflect the effect of temporary differences between the amounts of assets and liabilities for financial accounting and income tax purposes. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, principal components of deferred tax items were as follows:

	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)			
Deferred income tax assets:				
Research and development costs	\$	286,859	\$	267,098
Foreign net operating loss carryforwards		223,535		187,247
Credits		200,474		144,053
Financial instruments		110,621		91,032
Lease liabilities		69,751		89,645
Accrued expenses		51,632		54,478
Share-based compensation expense		33,683		42,376
Domestic net operating loss carryforwards		28,711		34,121
Other		100,507		72,484
		<u>1,105,773</u>		<u>982,534</u>
Valuation allowance		(241,197)		(211,049)
		<u>864,576</u>		<u>771,485</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Acquired intangibles		1,286,709		2,200,082
Partnership interests		896,411		238,139
Property and equipment		360,066		398,439
Right-of-use assets		42,441		59,124
Other		5,862		6,094
		<u>2,591,489</u>		<u>2,901,878</u>
Net deferred income tax liability	\$	<u>1,726,913</u>	\$	<u>2,130,393</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2024, as part of the integration of EVO into our Merchant Solutions business, certain deferred taxes, primarily those related to acquired intangibles, property and equipment and research and development costs, were reclassified into partnership interests. The net deferred income taxes reflected in our consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)			
Noncurrent deferred income tax asset	\$	(106,083)	\$	(111,712)
Noncurrent deferred income tax liability		1,832,996		2,242,105
Net deferred income tax liability	\$	<u>1,726,913</u>	\$	<u>2,130,393</u>

A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Changes to our valuation allowance during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are summarized below (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	(112,259)
Allowance for foreign net operating losses		(122)
Allowance for foreign tax credits		60
Allowance for state tax credits		2,282
Allowance for domestic net operating losses		(4)
Balance at December 31, 2022		(110,043)
Allowance for foreign net operating losses		(674)
Allowance for foreign tax credits		(101,271)
Allowance for state tax credits		3,079
Allowance for state interest limitation		(2,335)
Allowance for domestic net operating losses		195
Balance at December 31, 2023		(211,049)
Allowance for foreign net operating losses		(12,533)
Allowance for foreign tax credits		(16,975)
Allowance for state tax credits		(463)
Allowance for state interest limitation		(177)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$	<u>(241,197)</u>

The change in the valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2024 is primarily related to foreign tax credits and foreign net operating loss carryforwards. The change in the valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2023 is primarily related to anticipatory foreign tax credits and state interest deduction carryforwards offset by recognition of state tax credit carryforwards determined more likely than not to be realized. The decrease in the valuation allowance for the year ended December 31, 2022 is primarily related to the utilization of state tax credit carryforwards.

Foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$110.6 million will expire between December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2044, if not utilized. Foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$112.9 million have indefinite carryforward periods. Domestic net operating loss carryforwards of \$28.7 million and tax credit carryforwards of \$103.0 million will expire between December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2044, if not utilized.

We conduct business globally and file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. In the normal course of business, we are subject to examination by taxing authorities around the world. We are no longer subject to state income tax examinations for years ended on or before December 31, 2015, U.S. federal income tax examinations for years ended on or before December 31, 2016 and international corporation tax examinations for years ended on or before December 31, 2020.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized income tax benefits, excluding penalties and interest, for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 43,229	\$ 31,315	\$ 34,905
Additions related to acquisitions	—	4,054	—
Reductions for income tax positions of prior years	(164)	(887)	(8,301)
Settlements with income tax authorities	(1,656)	(988)	(3,245)
Additions for income tax positions of prior years	9,092	1,809	911
Additions based on income tax positions related to the current year	7,801	7,926	7,045
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 58,302	\$ 43,229	\$ 31,315

As of December 31, 2024, the total amount of gross unrecognized income tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the provision for income taxes is \$56.8 million.

[XML 40-R22.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

[Equity \[Abstract\]](#)  
[SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY](#)

## 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024

### SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

We repurchase our common stock mainly through open market repurchase plans and, at times, through accelerated share repurchase ("ASR") programs. Information about shares repurchased and retired was as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)		
Number of shares repurchased and retired	12,730	4,065	23,266
Cost of shares repurchased, including commissions and applicable excise taxes	\$ 1,565,688	\$ 413,667	\$ 2,929,814
Average cost per share	\$ 123.00	\$ 101.77	\$ 125.93

The share repurchase activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 included the repurchase of 1,414,759 shares using a portion of the net proceeds from our offering of 1.500% convertible senior notes due March 2031 through privately negotiated transactions with purchasers of notes in the offering, or one of their respective affiliates. The purchase price per share of the common stock repurchased in such transactions equaled the closing price of the common stock on February 20, 2024, which was \$130.80 per share. The share repurchase activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 also included the repurchase of 5,320,781 shares at an average price of \$112.77 per share under an ASR agreement we entered into on October 30, 2024 with a financial institution to repurchase an aggregate of \$600.0 million of our common stock during the ASR program purchase period. This ASR program was completed on December 20, 2024. On February 13, 2025, we entered into an ASR agreement to repurchase an aggregate \$250.0 million of shares of common stock during the program purchase period, which will end prior to March 31, 2025. The total number of shares to be repurchased under the program will generally be based on the average of the daily volume-weighted average prices of our common stock during the repurchase period less a discount and subject to adjustments pursuant to the terms of the program.

On August 16, 2022, the U.S. government enacted the Inflation Reduction Act into law, which, among other things, implemented a 1% excise tax on share repurchases effective beginning January 1, 2023. During the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we reflected excise taxes of \$15.6 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, within equity as part of the cost of common stock repurchased, net of share issuances, during the period.

On October 24, 2024, our board of directors approved an increase to our existing share repurchase program authorization, which raised the total available authorization to \$2.5 billion. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining amount available under our share repurchase program was \$1,850.0 million.

On January 30, 2025, our board of directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.25 per share payable on March 28, 2025 to common shareholders of record as of March 14, 2025.

[XML 41-R22.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS

[Share-Based Payment Arrangement \[Abstract\]](#)

[SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS](#)

## 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024

### SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS

We have granted nonqualified stock options, restricted stock and performance unit awards to key employees, officers and directors under a long-term incentive plan, which permits grants of equity to employees, officers, directors and consultants. A total of 14.0 million shares of our common stock has been reserved and made available for issuance pursuant to awards granted under the 2011 Amended and Restated Incentive Plan.

The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense and the related income tax benefit recognized for our share-based awards and stock options:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Share-based compensation expense	\$ 164,244	\$ 208,994	\$ 163,261
Income tax benefit	\$ 35,528	\$ 48,446	\$ 38,059

### Restricted Stock

Restricted stock awards vest in approximately equal annual installments, generally on each of the first three or four anniversaries of the grant date or, in some cases, in one installment on the third anniversary of the grant date, in either case subject to the holder's continued service on each applicable vesting date. Restricted shares cannot be sold or transferred until they have vested. The grant date fair value of restricted stock awards, which is based on the quoted market value of our common stock on the grant date, is recognized as share-based compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. Our restricted stock agreements provide for accelerated vesting under certain conditions.

### Performance Units

Certain of our executives have been granted performance-based restricted stock units ("performance units") that, after a specified performance period, may convert on a 1-for-1 basis into shares of our common stock based upon the level of achievement of certain pre-established performance measures during the performance period and subject to the holders' continued service on the vesting date. The Compensation Committee of our board of directors ("Compensation Committee") establishes performance measures and may set a range of possible performance-based outcomes for performance units. Performance units are converted into shares of common stock only after the Compensation Committee certifies the level of achievement against the performance measures. Our performance unit agreements provide for accelerated vesting under certain conditions.

For these awards, we recognize compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the applicable performance or service period using the grant date fair value of the award and the number of shares expected to be earned according to the level of achievement of performance measures. When the estimated number of common shares expected to be earned is changed during the performance period, we make a cumulative adjustment to share-based compensation expense based on the revised estimate. The performance periods for awards granted generally range from one to three years.

The following table summarizes the changes in invested restricted stock awards and performance units for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Unvested at December 31, 2021	1,640	\$184.90
Granted	1,496	137.51
Vested	(756)	170.79
Forfeited	(235)	164.06
Unvested at December 31, 2022	2,145	159.04
Replacement Awards	202	98.44
Granted	1,322	112.81
Vested	(1,041)	157.33
Forfeited	(147)	128.18
Unvested at December 31, 2023	2,481	131.41
Granted	1,225	128.97
Vested	(1,224)	140.79
Forfeited	(230)	119.07
Unvested at December 31, 2024	2,252	\$126.07

The total fair value of restricted stock and performance units vested was \$172.3 million, \$163.8 million and \$129.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

For restricted stock and performance units, we recognized compensation expense of \$151.6 million, \$186.9 million and \$151.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there was \$131.8 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested restricted stock awards and performance units that we expect to recognize over a weighted-average period of 1.8 years.

### Stock Options

Stock options are granted with an exercise price equal to 100% of fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant and have a term of ten years. Stock options vest in equal installments, generally on each of the first three or four anniversaries of the grant date, subject to the holder's continued service on each applicable vesting date. Our stock option agreements provide for accelerated vesting under certain conditions.

The following table summarizes changes in stock option activity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
	(in thousands)		(years)	(in millions)
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	1,172	\$107.44	5.8	\$47.4
Granted	154	136.02		
Forfeited	(89)	147.65		
Exercised	(98)	65.69		5.5
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	1,139	111.75	5.4	17.3
Replacement Awards	142	98.44		
Granted	233	110.83		
Forfeited	(297)	155.35		
Exercised	(296)	89.08		9.4
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	921	99.54	5.0	32.1
Granted	168	127.99		
Forfeited	(77)	150.55		
Exercised	(234)	59.16		16.0
Outstanding at December 31, 2024	778	\$112.91	5.5	\$9.0
Options vested and exercisable at December 31, 2024	521	\$110.07	4.0	\$7.9

We recognized compensation expense for stock options of \$7.5 million, \$17.0 million and \$6.4 million during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, we had \$7.4 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested stock options that we expect to recognize over a weighted-average period of 1.9 years.

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of stock options granted, including replacement awards granted in connection with the EVO acquisition, during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$53.19, \$46.17 and \$48.88, respectively. Fair value was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Risk-free interest rate	4.13%	3.84%	1.87%
Expected volatility	45%	45%	40%
Dividend yield	0.90%	0.81%	0.56%
Expected term (years)	5	5	5

The risk-free interest rate was based on the yield of a zero coupon U.S. Treasury security with a maturity equal to the expected life of the option from the date of the grant. Our assumption on expected volatility was based on our historical volatility. The dividend yield assumption was determined using our average stock price over the preceding year and the annualized amount of our most current quarterly dividend per share. We based our assumptions on the expected term of the options on our analysis of the historical exercise patterns of the options and our assumption on the future exercise pattern of options.

[XML-42-R24.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

### SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

[Supplemental Cash Flow Information \[Abstract\]](#)

[SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION](#)

### SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Supplemental cash flow disclosures for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$ 523,263	\$ 640,784	\$ 431,148
Interest paid	\$ 618,865	\$ 603,486	\$ 350,075

[XML-43-R25.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

### NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

[Noncontrolling Interest \[Abstract\]](#)

[NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS](#)

### NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

The following table presents the reconciliation of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests to comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 73,788	\$ 42,590	\$ 31,820
Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests	(54,468)	50,397	(13,301)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 19,320	\$ 92,987	\$ 18,519

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we paid \$108.8 million to acquire the remaining 45.23% interest for 100% ownership in one of our majority-owned subsidiaries in Europe. The transaction resulted in a reduction in equity attributable to noncontrolling interests of approximately \$37.7 million and a reduction in total equity attributable to Global Payments of approximately \$71.1 million. The net effects of the transaction include a reclassification of an accumulated other comprehensive gain related to foreign currency translation of \$0.7 million from noncontrolling interests to equity attributable to Global Payments.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we received \$26.2 million from a noncontrolling shareholder in exchange for a 20% ownership interest in one of our majority-owned subsidiaries in Spain, which resulted in a reallocation between equity attributable to Global Payments and equity attributable to noncontrolling interests.

### Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

The portions of equity in certain of our consolidated subsidiaries that are not attributable, directly or indirectly, to us, are redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within our control.

During the second quarter of 2024, we formed a new joint venture in Germany, of which we hold a 51% controlling interest. Under the shareholder agreement, the minority shareholder has the option to compel us to purchase their shares at fair market value upon the occurrence of a specific change in control event. As of December 31, 2024, the option is not considered probable of becoming redeemable. We also own 51% of our subsidiary in Greece and 50.1% of our subsidiary in Chile. Under the respective shareholder agreements, the minority shareholders have the option to compel us to purchase their shares at a price per share based on the fair value of the shares, or under certain circumstances for our subsidiary in Greece, at a price determined by calculations stipulated in the shareholder agreement. The options have no expiration date.

Because the exercise of each of these redemption options is not solely within our control, the redeemable noncontrolling interests are presented in the mezzanine section between total liabilities and shareholders' equity, as temporary equity, in our consolidated balance sheets. The redeemable noncontrolling interest for each subsidiary is reflected at the higher of: (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of comprehensive income (loss), capital contributions and distributions or (ii) the redemption price.

The option held by the minority shareholder in Greece, which is redeemable at a price other than fair value, is considered probable of becoming redeemable on December 8, 2025. In determining the measurement method of redemption price, we have elected to accrete changes in the redemption price over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the instrument using the effective interest method, applied prospectively, which amounted to \$20.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have also elected to recognize the entire amount of any redemption price adjustments in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in our consolidated statements of income.

In addition, we own 66% of our subsidiary in Poland. The redemption option held by the minority shareholder in Poland expired on January 1, 2024, and the redeemable noncontrolling interest was reclassified to nonredeemable noncontrolling interest in the consolidated balance sheet as of January 1, 2024.

[XML-44-R26.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

### ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

[Equity \[Abstract\]](#)

[ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS](#)

### ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The changes in the accumulated balances for each component of other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Foreign Currency Translation Gains (Losses)	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Hedging Activities	Other	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
	(in thousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ (182,949)	\$ (48,490)	\$ (2,743)	\$ (234,182)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(197,635)	26,070	(222)	(171,787)
Balance at December 31, 2022	(380,584)	(22,420)	(2,965)	(405,969)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	165,044	(18,439)	439	147,044
Balance at December 31, 2023	(215,540)	(40,859)	(2,526)	(258,925)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(374,388)	19,441	141	(354,806)
Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest	739	—	—	739
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ (589,189)	\$ (21,418)	\$ (2,385)	\$ (612,992)

Other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests, which relates only to foreign currency translation, was \$(54.5) million, \$50.4 million and \$(13.3) million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

[XML-45-R27.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

### SEGMENT INFORMATION

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

[Segment Reporting \[Abstract\]](#)

[SEGMENT INFORMATION](#)

### SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information About Profit and Assets

We operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As described in "Note 3—Business Dispositions," during the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. Our former Consumer Solutions segment is presented below for periods prior to disposition.

Our Merchant Solutions payment technology is similar around the world in that we enable our customers to accept card and other digital-based payments. Through this segment, our offerings include, but are not limited to, authorization, settlement and funding services, customer support, chargeback resolution, terminal rental, sales and deployment, payment security services, consolidated billing and on-line reporting. In addition, we offer a wide array of enterprise software solutions that streamline business operations to customers in numerous vertical markets. We also provide a variety of value-added solutions and services, including specially point-of-sale software, analytics and customer engagement, human capital management and payroll and reporting that assist our customers with driving demand and operating their businesses more efficiently.

Through our Issuer Solutions segment, we provide financial institutions and retailers technologies to manage their card portfolios, reduce technical complexity and overhead and offer a seamless experience for cardholders on a single platform. In addition, we provide flexible commercial payments, accounts payable and electronic payment alternative solutions that support B2B payment processes for businesses and governments. We also offer complementary services including account management and servicing, fraud solution services, analytics and business intelligence, cards, statements and correspondence, customer contact services and risk management solutions. Additionally, our Issuer Solutions segment provides B2B payment services and other financial service solutions marketed to businesses, including SaaS offerings that automate key procurement processes, provide invoice capture, coding and approval, and enable virtual cards and integrated payments options across a variety of key vertical markets.

Through our former Consumer Solutions segment, we provided general purpose reloadable prepaid debit and payroll cards, demand deposit accounts and other financial service solutions to the underbanked and other consumers and businesses in the United States.

Our segment structure reflects the financial information and reports used by our chief operating decision maker to make decisions regarding the business, including resource allocations and performance assessments. Our Chief Executive Officer is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). We evaluate performance and allocate resources based on the operating income of each operating segment. The CODM uses segment operating income in the annual budget and forecasting process, and considers budget-to-actual and forecast-to-actual variances on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis. The operating income of each operating segment includes the revenues of the segment less expenses that are directly related to those revenues. Operating overhead, shared costs and share-based compensation costs are included in Corporate. Impairment of goodwill and gains or losses on business dispositions are not included in determining segment operating income. Interest and other income, interest and other expense, income tax expense and equity in income of equity method investments are not allocated to the individual segments. The CODM does not evaluate the performance of or allocate resources to our operating segments using asset data. The accounting policies of the reportable operating segments are the same as those described in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in "Note 1—Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies."

Information on segments and reconciliations to consolidated revenues, consolidated operating expenses, consolidated operating income and consolidated depreciation and amortization were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
<b>Revenues<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions	\$ 7,688,703	\$ 7,151,793	\$ 6,204,917
Issuer Solutions	2,483,657	2,398,870	2,245,623
Consumer Solutions	—	182,740	620,482
Intersegment eliminations	(66,466)	(78,984)	(95,507)
<b>Consolidated revenues</b>	<b>\$ 10,105,894</b>	<b>\$ 9,654,419</b>	<b>\$ 8,975,515</b>
<b>Operating expenses<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions:			
Cost of service	\$ 2,008,126	\$ 1,925,880	\$ 1,798,300
Selling, general and administrative	3,067,662	2,880,658	2,366,362
Total Merchant Solutions expenses	5,075,788	4,806,538	4,164,662
Issuer Solutions:			
Cost of service	1,795,001	1,738,047	1,633,708
Selling, general and administrative	246,214	251,016	255,700
Total Issuer Solutions expenses	2,041,215	1,989,063	1,889,408
Consumer Solutions <sup>(2)</sup>	—	186,648	566,888
Corporate	994,886	898,024	777,744
Intersegment eliminations	(66,466)	(78,984)	(95,507)
<b>Operating income (loss)<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions	\$ 2,612,915	\$ 2,345,255	\$ 2,040,255
Issuer Solutions	442,442	409,807	356,215
Consumer Solutions	—	(3,908)	53,594
Corporate	(994,886)	(898,024)	(777,744)
Impairment of goodwill	—	—	(833,075)
Net gain (loss) on business dispositions	273,134	(136,744)	(199,094)
<b>Consolidated operating income</b>	<b>\$ 2,333,605</b>	<b>\$ 1,716,386</b>	<b>\$ 640,151</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions	\$ 1,179,845	\$ 1,109,186	\$ 981,297
Issuer Solutions	658,186	646,118	623,755
Consumer Solutions	—	—	35,773
Corporate	24,300	21,388	21,630
<b>Consolidated depreciation and amortization</b>	<b>\$ 1,862,331</b>	<b>\$ 1,776,692</b>	<b>\$ 1,662,455</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenues, operating expenses, operating income and depreciation and amortization reflect the effects of acquired businesses from the respective acquisition dates and the effects of disposed businesses through the respective disposal dates. See "Note 2—Acquisitions" and "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion. Operating income and operating expenses included acquisition and integration expenses of \$211.6 million, \$341.9 million and \$259.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which were primarily included within Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, operating expenses for Corporate also included \$13.4 million, \$18.5 million and \$47.1 million, respectively, of other charges related to facilities exit activities as a result of actions taken to reduce our facility footprint in certain markets around the world.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, Corporate operating expenses also reflected costs of \$99.1 million associated with our business transformation initiative, employee termination benefits of \$99.6 million, which included \$19.4 million of share-based compensation expense, and charges of \$55.8 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy. These charges are presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

<sup>(2)</sup> Prior to the disposition of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, the information provided to the CODM included segment revenue and operating income, but not cost of service or selling, general and administrative expense. Therefore, the segment expense detail is not provided for the Consumer Solutions business.

#### Entity-Wide Information

As a percentage of our total consolidated revenues, revenues from external customers in the United States were 75% for the year ended December 31, 2024, 76% for the year ended December 31, 2023, and 80% for the year ended December 31, 2022. Revenues from external customers are attributed to individual countries based on the location of the customer arrangements. Our results of operations and our financial condition are not significantly reliant upon any single customer.

Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets, by location as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024		2023	
	(in thousands)			
United States	\$ 1,725,811	\$ 1,672,532		
Foreign countries	551,782	517,473		
	<b>\$ 2,277,593</b>	<b>\$ 2,190,005</b>		

[XML 46 R28.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

## COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

### [Commitments and Contingencies Disclosure \[Abstract\]](#) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES [Purchase Obligations](#)

#### COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES Purchase Obligations

We have contractual obligations related to service arrangements with suppliers for fixed or minimum amounts. Future minimum payments at December 31, 2024 for purchase obligations were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31:	
2025	\$ 659,798
2026	433,666
2027	325,775
2028	289,686
2029	231,059
2030 and thereafter	192,549
Total future minimum payments	<b>\$ 2,132,533</b>

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, of which \$60.5 million was financed utilizing two to six-year vendor financing arrangements. Certain of the agreements included the purchase of assets previously leased.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we entered into agreements to acquire hardware, software and related services, of which \$182.2 million was financed utilizing two to five-year vendor financing arrangements. Certain of the agreements included the purchase of assets previously leased.

#### Legal Matters

We are party to a number of claims and lawsuits incidental to our business. In our opinion, the liabilities, if any, which may ultimately result from the outcome of such matters, individually or in the aggregate, are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, liquidity, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Operating Taxes

We are subject to certain taxes that are not derived based on earnings (e.g., sales, gross receipts, property, value-added and other business taxes). During the course of operations, we must interpret the meaning of various operating tax regulations in the United States and in the foreign jurisdictions in which we do business. We are subject to ongoing audits in certain jurisdictions, and taxing authorities in those various jurisdictions may arrive at different interpretations of applicable tax laws and regulations which could result in the payment of additional taxes in those jurisdictions.

**BIN/ICA Agreements**

In certain markets, we enter into sponsorship or depository and processing agreements with banks. These agreements allow us to use the banks' identification numbers, referred to as Bank Identification Number ("BIN") for Visa transactions and an Interbank Card Association ("ICA") number for Mastercard transactions, to clear credit card transactions through Visa and Mastercard. Certain of these agreements contain financial covenants, and we were in compliance with all such covenants as of December 31, 2024.

[XML 47 R20.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SCHEDULE II**  
**Valuation and**  
**Qualifying Accounts**  
[SEC Schedule 12-09,](#)  
[Valuation and Qualifying](#)  
[Accounts \[Abstract\]](#)  
[SCHEDULE II Valuation and](#)  
[Qualifying Accounts](#)

**12 Months Ended**  
**Dec. 31, 2024**

**SCHEDULE II**  
**Valuation and Qualifying Accounts**  
**(in thousands)**

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)
Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Additions: Charged to Costs and Expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries)	Balance at End of Period
<b>Allowance for credit losses - accounts receivable</b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 17,389	\$ 14,951	\$ 11,320	\$ 21,020
December 31, 2023 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 21,020	\$ 23,267	\$ 25,282	\$ 19,005
December 31, 2024 <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 19,005	\$ 25,027	\$ 19,327	\$ 24,705
<b>Allowance for credit losses - settlement assets <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 2,974	\$ 12,984	\$ 13,671	\$ 2,287
December 31, 2023	\$ 2,287	\$ 19,242	\$ 11,799	\$ 9,730
December 31, 2024	\$ 9,730	\$ 22,387	\$ 22,161	\$ 9,956
<b>Reserve for sales allowances</b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 8,516	\$ 24,517	\$ 25,073	\$ 7,960
December 31, 2023	\$ 7,960	\$ 29,498	\$ 28,425	\$ 9,033
December 31, 2024	\$ 9,033	\$ 29,906	\$ 28,811	\$ 10,128
<b>Allowance for credit and operating losses - check guarantee</b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 2,536	\$ 12,291	\$ 11,383	\$ 3,444
December 31, 2023 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 3,444	\$ 3,074	\$ 6,518	\$ —
December 31, 2024	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Reserve for contract contingencies and processing errors</b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,212	\$ 972	\$ 1,577
December 31, 2023	\$ 1,577	\$ 3,194	\$ 3,158	\$ 1,613
December 31, 2024	\$ 1,613	\$ 2,666	\$ 2,872	\$ 1,407
<b>Reserve for cardholder losses</b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 10,058	\$ 58,673	\$ 58,541	\$ 10,190
December 31, 2023 <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ 10,190	\$ 15,861	\$ 26,051	\$ —
December 31, 2024	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance</b>				
December 31, 2022	\$ 112,259	\$ (2,216)	\$ —	\$ 110,043
December 31, 2023	\$ 110,043	\$ 104,280	\$ 3,274	\$ 211,049
December 31, 2024	\$ 211,049	\$ 30,148	\$ —	\$ 241,197
<b>Allowance for credit losses - notes receivable</b>				
December 31, 2023	\$ —	\$ 15,245	\$ —	\$ 15,245
December 31, 2024	\$ 15,245	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 15,245

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in settlement processing obligations.

<sup>(2)</sup> In addition to amounts charged to costs and expenses, amounts in this column include additions, as applicable, resulting from business combinations.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes certain amounts related to our consumer and gaming business disposal groups that were presented as held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2022. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of our gaming business and the consumer portion of our Netspend business. The results relating to our consumer and gaming business are included for the periods prior to disposition, and the amounts disposed of are included in the deductions column above.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes certain amounts related to AdvancedMD, which we completed the sale of in December 2024. The results relating to AdvancedMD are included for the periods prior to disposition and the amounts disposed of are included in the deductions column above.

[XML 48 R30.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**Pay vs Performance**  
**Disclosure - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**

[Pay vs Performance Disclosure](#)

[Net Income \(Loss\) Attributable to Parent](#) \$ 1,570,365 \$ 986,233 \$ 111,493

[XML 49 R31.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**Insider Trading**  
**Arrangements**

**3 Months Ended**  
**Dec. 31, 2024**

[Trading Arrangements, by Individual](#)

[Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Adopted](#) false

[Non-Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Adopted](#) false

[Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Terminated](#) false

[Non-Rule 10b5-1 Arrangement Terminated](#) false

[XML 50 R32.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**Insider Trading**  
**Policies and**  
**Procedures**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024**

[Insider Trading Policies and Procedures \[Line Items\]](#)

[Insider Trading Policies and Procedures Adopted](#) true

[XML 51 R33.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**Cybersecurity Risk**  
**Management and**  
**Strategy Disclosure**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024**

[Cybersecurity Risk](#)  
[Management,](#)  
[Strategy, and](#)  
[Governance \[Line](#)  
[Items\]](#)

[Cybersecurity Risk](#)

**Processes for the Identification, Assessment, and Management of Material Risks from Cybersecurity Threats**

Although Global Payments is unable to eliminate all risks associated with cybersecurity threats, and we cannot provide full assurance that our cybersecurity risk management processes will be fully complied with or effective, we have adopted policies and procedures that are designed to facilitate the identification, assessment, and management of those risks, including any such risks that have the potential to be material.

We use multiple mechanisms to identify risks associated with cybersecurity threats, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Our information security program describes three levels of risk assessment exercises to be performed or obtained on a periodic basis by the Information Security function, ranging from enterprise-level to system-level risk assessments;
- Our Information Security function also includes a threat intelligence team that performs continual threat monitoring activities;
- Our Operations and Technology Solutions functions include teams that provide risk review, architectural review, security advisory and application testing services in connection with the development of new solutions, applications and integrations with the potential to create new information technology or information security risks;
- Our Internal Audit function performs annual reviews designed to evaluate selected systems' compliance with our information security program and/or recognized external control frameworks;
- Independent consultants and auditors evaluate selected systems and applications on an annual basis; and
- All team members are empowered to submit self-identified information security risks for analysis by our internal risk management professionals.

Cybersecurity risks identified through any of the foregoing mechanisms and submitted to our governance, risk, and compliance platform are assessed by our internal risk management professionals, in collaboration with appropriate subject-matter experts ("SMEs"), pursuant to standards established by our Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") organization. Our internal risk management professionals work with the SMEs and other stakeholders to establish remediation plans for identified information security risks and to determine when risk acceptance might be a reasonable and appropriate solution. Issues relating to cybersecurity identified by Internal Audit are reported to the Technology Committee of our board of directors ("Technology Committee").

We manage risks associated with cybersecurity threats first and foremost through our information security program. We have implemented a comprehensive, layered security approach, across our computing environment, that is designed to facilitate the reduction of cybersecurity risk through the establishment of technical, physical and administrative controls oriented towards the maintenance of the

confidentiality, integrity and availability of our information and technical assets. The structure of the information security program is informed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cybersecurity Framework, and the program includes controls designed to facilitate the compliance of our cardholder data environments with the PCI DSS.

The information security program is under the responsibility of the Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO"), while governance and oversight is provided by the Technology Committee as set forth in the Technology Committee Charter. The CISO is responsible for assessing and managing risk from cybersecurity threats, as well as the strategy, execution and administration of the program, and reports directly to the Chief Information Officer ("CIO"), while also maintaining reporting lines to the Technology Committee, its chair and the full board of directors.

Our CIO has over 25 years of experience specializing in cloud migrations, launching innovative software products and advanced analytics as well as building high-performance development organizations. Our CISO has over 25 years of leadership experience managing global information technology, information security and IT infrastructure and operations.

We have also established a Management Risk Committee ("MRC"), composed primarily of executive management, which meets regularly and is responsible for identifying, assessing, prioritizing and monitoring action plans to mitigate key risks.

Lastly, our ERM organization, under the supervision of the Chief Risk Officer, leads our efforts to consider and assess threats to us and the risks that result therefrom, including cybersecurity threats and related risks. With support from the Information Security, Legal and the Privacy Office teams, our ERM organization conducts periodic evaluations of our information security posture, manages regular meetings with the executive leadership team to discuss risk levels across the Company, and maintains and monitors risk tolerances and escalation criteria that drive executive and the board of director communications, as further described in our disclosures related to the board of directors oversight of material risks associated with cybersecurity threats.

To encourage alignment on risk identification, assessment, and management objectives throughout all levels of the Company, we have implemented a security education and awareness program that is designed to reinforce key behaviors that facilitate risk reduction and inform team members about the material cybersecurity risks facing our organization. We also include periodic training on information security to the board of directors.

#### Identification, Assessment, and Management of Third-Party Cybersecurity Risks

We have designed our risk identification, assessment and management processes and procedures to account for cybersecurity risks associated with our use of third-party service providers. In addition to performing periodic assessments of vendors that include evaluating those vendors for cybersecurity risks, we endeavor to reduce supply chain cybersecurity risks by: (1) seeking to impose contractual requirements on our counterparties related to the use and security of personal data and other confidential information, as well as compliance with applicable privacy and security laws, wherever required by law to do so; and (2) requiring new software integrations and connectivity with vendors to undergo an architectural review process that involves consultation with the information security function and other relevant stakeholders. Moreover, critical vendors receive periodic comprehensive risk assessments conducted by the vendor management office (a team within the ERM organization), in collaboration with Information Security and our Business Resiliency Governance ("BRG") team, that include a focus on the vendor's cybersecurity practices.

#### Evaluation, Categorization, and Escalation of Cybersecurity Incidents

Our information security program includes an incident response plan, which establishes (1) a framework for classifying security incidents according to their severity level, taking into account the nature and scope of the incident; and (2) protocols for the escalation of incidents, including to the attention of the Technology Committee as appropriate. The incident response plan is approved annually by the board of directors. We maintain a Global Security Operations Center ("GSOC"), staffed 24/7, and a Global Critical Incident Management ("GCIM") team, and the roles and responsibilities of the GSOC and GCIM in the incident response context are established by the incident response plan, as well as in associated playbooks and other procedural documentation. On an annual basis, we retain an outside consultant to develop and administer a simulation of a cybersecurity incident designed to test our response capabilities and capacity for effective cross-functional coordination in the wake of an incident and to inform management and the Technology Committee of the results of the exercise. We maintain a business resiliency program, overseen by the BRG team, that is designed to facilitate our ability to respond, recover and resume services in the event of an incident that causes an operational disruption.

[Cybersecurity Risk Management Processes Integrated \[Flag\]](#)  
[Cybersecurity Risk Management Processes Integrated \[Text Block\]](#)

true

We use multiple mechanisms to identify risks associated with cybersecurity threats, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Our information security program describes three levels of risk assessment exercises to be performed or obtained on a periodic basis by the Information Security function, ranging from enterprise-level to system-level risk assessments;
- Our Information Security function also includes a threat intelligence team that performs continual threat monitoring activities;
- Our Operations and Technology Solutions functions include teams that provide risk review, architectural review, security advisory and application testing services in connection with the development of new solutions, applications and integrations with the potential to create new information technology or information security risks;
- Our Internal Audit function performs annual reviews designed to evaluate selected systems' compliance with our information security program and/or recognized external control frameworks;
- Independent consultants and auditors evaluate selected systems and applications on an annual basis; and

All team members are empowered to submit self-identified information security risks for analysis by our internal risk management professionals. Cybersecurity risks identified through any of the foregoing mechanisms and submitted to our governance, risk, and compliance platform are assessed by our internal risk management professionals, in collaboration with appropriate subject-matter experts ("SMEs"), pursuant to standards established by our Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") organization. Our internal risk management professionals work with the SMEs and other stakeholders to establish remediation plans for identified information security risks and to determine when risk acceptance might be a reasonable and appropriate solution. Issues relating to cybersecurity identified by Internal Audit are reported to the Technology Committee of our board of directors ("Technology Committee").

[Cybersecurity Risk Management Third Party Engaged \[Flag\]](#)  
[Cybersecurity Risk Third Party Oversight and Identification Processes \[Flag\]](#)  
[Cybersecurity Risk Materially Affected or Reasonably Likely to Materially Affect Registrant \[Flag\]](#)  
[Cybersecurity Risk Board of Directors Oversight \[Text Block\]](#)

true

true

false

The Technology Committee provides the board of director-level oversight of our information technology and information security practices and cyber-risk profile and serves as a liaison between our board of directors and the CISO with respect to such matters. The Technology Committee reviews our key initiatives and practices relating to information technology, information security, cybersecurity, disaster recovery, business continuity, data privacy and data governance, and monitors compliance with regulatory requirements and industry standards. The Technology Committee helps to ensure that our strategic business goals are aligned with our technology strategy and infrastructure and that management has adequate support for our internal technology and information security needs.

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At every regular meeting of the Technology Committee, the CISO provides the Technology Committee with updates and changes to the state, strategy and risks related to the information security program as well as other security news and topics. Further, the Technology Committee and Audit Committee of the board of directors receive quarterly reports from the Chief Risk Officer regarding our risk exposure related to significant information technology and information security practices.

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At every regular meeting of the Technology Committee, the CISO provides the Technology Committee with updates and changes to the state, strategy and risks related to the information security program as well as other security news and topics. Further, the Technology Committee and Audit Committee of the board of directors receive quarterly reports from the Chief Risk Officer regarding our risk exposure related to significant information technology and information security practices.

The CISO and CIO meet regularly with the chair of the Technology Committee outside of committee meetings. In addition, the board of directors regularly receives information about these topics from the chair of the Technology Committee, the CIO, and management, and the board of directors is apprised directly of incidents as appropriate, pursuant to our incident response plan.

The information security program is under the responsibility of the Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO"), while governance and oversight is provided by the Technology Committee as set forth in the Technology Committee Charter. The CISO is responsible for assessing and managing risk from cybersecurity threats, as well as the strategy, execution and administration of the program, and reports directly to the Chief Information Officer ("CIO"), while also maintaining reporting lines to the Technology Committee, its chair and the full board of directors.

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We have also established a Management Risk Committee ("MRC"), composed primarily of executive management, which meets regularly and is responsible for identifying, assessing, prioritizing and monitoring action plans to mitigate key risks.

Lastly, our ERM organization, under the supervision of the Chief Risk Officer, leads our efforts to consider and assess threats to us and the risks that result therefrom, including cybersecurity threats and related risks. With support from the Information Security, Legal and the Privacy Office teams, our ERM organization conducts periodic evaluations of our information security posture, manages regular meetings with the executive leadership team to discuss risk levels across the Company, and maintains and monitors risk tolerances and escalation criteria that drive executive and the board of director communications, as further described in our disclosures related to the board of directors oversight of material risks associated with cybersecurity threats.

To encourage alignment on risk identification, assessment, and management objectives throughout all levels of the Company, we have implemented a security education and awareness program that is designed to reinforce key behaviors that facilitate risk reduction and inform team members about the material cybersecurity risks facing our organization. We also include periodic training on information security to the board of directors.

[Cybersecurity Risk Management Positions or Committees Responsible \[Flag\]](#)  
[Cybersecurity Risk Management Positions or Committees Responsible \[Text Block\]](#)  
[Cybersecurity Risk Management Expertise of Management Responsible \[Text Block\]](#)

true

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[Block\]](#)

[Cybersecurity Risk Process for Informing Management or Committees](#)  
[Responsible \[Text Block\]](#)

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[Cybersecurity Risk Management Positions or Committees](#)  
[Responsible Report to Board \[Flag\]](#)

true

[XML-52-R34.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Policies)**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024**

[Accounting Policies \[Abstract\]](#)

[Business consolidation and presentation](#)

*Business consolidation and presentation* - We are a leading payments technology company delivering innovative software and services to our customers globally. Our technologies, services and team member expertise allow us to provide a broad range of solutions that enable our customers to operate their businesses more efficiently across a variety of channels around the world. Global Payments Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to herein collectively as "Global Payments," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us," unless the context requires otherwise.

We operate in two reportable segments: Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As described in "Note 3—Business Dispositions," during the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. Our consolidated financial statements include the results of our former Consumer Solutions segment for periods prior to disposition. See "Note 18—Segment Information" in the notes to the accompanying consolidated financial statements for additional information about our segments.

These consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our majority-owned subsidiaries, and all intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Investments in entities that we do not control are accounted for using the equity or cost method, based on whether or not we have the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP").

[Use of estimates](#)

*Use of estimates* - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates. In particular, uncertainty resulting from global events and other macroeconomic conditions are difficult to predict at this time, and the ultimate effect could result in additional charges related to the recoverability of assets, including financial assets, long-lived assets and goodwill and other losses. These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial statement effects based upon management's estimates and assumptions utilizing the most currently available information.

[Recently adopted and issued accounting pronouncements](#)

*Recently adopted accounting pronouncements*

*Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07* - In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2023-07, "Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures," which updates reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses, inclusion of all annual disclosures in interim periods and disclosure of the title and position of the chief operating decision maker. We adopted ASU 2023-07 effective December 31, 2024 and applied it retrospectively to all periods presented in the financial statements. See "Note 18—Segment Information" for further information.

*ASU 2021-08* - In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU 2021-08, "Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers." We elected to early adopt ASU 2021-08 during the year ended December 31, 2022, with application to any business combinations for which the acquisition date occurred after January 1, 2022. Prior to the adoption of this update, an acquirer generally recognized assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, including contract assets and contract liabilities arising from revenue contracts with customers and other similar contracts that are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* ("Topic 606" or "ASC 606"), at fair value on the acquisition date. ASU 2021-08 requires that an entity recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606. At the acquisition date, an acquirer should account for the related revenue contracts in accordance with Topic 606 as if it had originated the contracts, which should generally result in an acquirer recognizing and measuring the acquired contract assets and contract liabilities consistent with how they were recognized and measured in the acquiree's financial statements. This update also provides certain practical expedients for acquirers when recognizing and measuring acquired contract assets and contract liabilities from revenue contracts in a business combination.

*Recently issued accounting pronouncement not yet adopted*

*ASU 2024-03* - In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, "Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses," which requires disclosure in the notes to financial statements of specified information about certain costs and expenses. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2026. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments should be applied either prospectively to financial statements issued for reporting periods after the effective date of this update or retrospectively to any or all prior periods presented in the financial statements. We are evaluating the potential effects of ASU 2024-03 on our consolidated financial statements.

*ASU 2023-09* - In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvement to Income Tax Disclosures," which is intended to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax information through improvements to income tax disclosures, primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods beginning with our fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. The amendments should be applied on a prospective basis with the option to apply the standard retrospectively. We are evaluating how the enhanced disclosure requirements of ASU 2023-09 will affect our presentation, and we will include the incremental disclosures upon the effective date.

*SEC rule changes* - On March 6, 2024, the SEC adopted final rules that require disclosure of certain climate-related information, including disclosures relating to material climate-related risks, targets or goals, risk management and governance activities and greenhouse gas emissions. In addition, the rules require disclosure of certain climate-related financial metrics in the notes to the audited financial statements. The new disclosures are required on a prospective basis and provide for a phased-in compliance period. However, in April 2024, the SEC stayed the rules pending judicial review. Therefore, the timing of the effectiveness of these rules and their ultimate enforceability is uncertain.

[Revenue recognition](#)

*Revenue recognition* - At contract inception, we assess the goods and services promised in our contracts with customers and identify a performance obligation for each promise to transfer to the customer a good or service that is distinct. In accordance with ASC 606, we recognize revenue when a customer obtains control of promised goods and services. The amount of revenue recognized reflects the consideration to which we expect to be entitled to receive in exchange for these goods and services.

*Merchant Solutions*. Our customers in the Merchant Solutions segment contract with us for payment services, which we provide in exchange for consideration for completed transactions. Our payment solutions are similar around the world in that we enable our customers to accept card, check and digital-based payments. Our comprehensive offerings include, but are not limited to, authorization, settlement and funding services, customer support, chargeback resolution, payment security services, consolidated billing and reporting. In addition, we may sell or lease point-of-sale terminals or other equipment to customers.

For our payment services, the nature of our promise to the customer is that we stand ready to process transactions the customer requests on a daily basis over the contract term. Since the timing and quantity of transactions to be processed by us is not determinable, we view payment services to comprise an obligation to stand ready to process as many transactions as the customer requests. Under a stand-ready obligation, the evaluation of the nature of our performance obligation is focused on each time increment rather than the underlying activities. Therefore, we view payment services to comprise a series of distinct days of service that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer. Accordingly, the promise to stand ready is accounted for as a single series performance obligation.

In order to provide our payment services, we route and clear each transaction through the applicable payment network. We obtain authorization for the transaction and request funds settlement from the card issuing financial institution through the payment network. When third parties are involved in the transfer of goods or services to our customer, we consider the nature of each specific promised good or service and apply judgment to determine whether we control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer or whether we are acting as an agent of the third party. To determine whether or not we control the good or service before it is transferred to the customer, we assess indicators including which party is primarily responsible for fulfillment and which party has discretion in determining pricing for the good or service, as well as other considerations. Based on our assessment of these indicators, we have concluded that our promise to our customer to provide our payment services is distinct from the services provided by the card issuing financial institutions and payment networks in connection with payment transactions. We do not have the ability to direct the use of and obtain substantially all of the benefits of the services provided by the card issuing financial institutions and payment networks before those services are transferred to our customer, and on that basis, we do not control those services prior to being transferred to our customer. As a result, we present our revenues net of the interchange fees retained by the card issuing financial institutions and the fees charged by the payment networks.

The majority of our payment services are priced as a percentage of transaction value or a specified fee per transaction, depending on the card type. We also charge other per occurrence fees for specific services that may be unrelated to the number of transactions or transaction value.

Given the nature of the promise and the underlying fees based on unknown quantities or outcomes of services to be performed over the contract term, the total consideration is determined to be variable consideration. The variable consideration for our payment service is usage-based and, therefore, it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our payment services performance obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure revenues for our payment service on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day.

Certain of our technology-enabled customer arrangements contain multiple promises, such as payment services, perpetual software licenses, software-as-a-service ("SaaS"), maintenance, installation services, training and equipment, each of which is evaluated to determine whether it represents a separate performance obligation. SaaS arrangements are generally offered on a subscription basis, providing the customers with access to the SaaS platform along with general support and maintenance services. Because these promised services within our SaaS arrangements are delivered concurrently over the contract term, we account for these promises as if they are a single performance obligation that includes a series of distinct services with the same pattern of transfer to the customer. In addition, certain implementation services are not considered distinct from the SaaS and are recognized over the expected period of benefit.

Once we determine the performance obligations and the transaction price, including an estimate of any variable consideration, we then allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in the contract using a relative standalone selling price method. We determine standalone selling price based on the price at which the good or service is sold separately. If the standalone selling price is not observable through past transactions, we estimate the standalone selling price by considering all reasonably available information, including market conditions, trends or other company- or customer-specific factors.

Substantially all of the performance obligations within our SaaS arrangements described above are satisfied over time. We satisfy the combined SaaS performance obligation by standing ready to provide access to the SaaS. Consideration for SaaS arrangements may consist of fixed or usage-based fees. Revenue is recognized over the period for which the services are provided or by directly ascribing any variable fees to the distinct day of service based on the services that are performed on that day. The performance obligations associated with equipment sales, perpetual software licenses and certain professional services are generally satisfied at a point in time when they are transferred to the customer. For certain other professional services that represent separate performance obligations, we generally use the input method and recognize revenue based on the number of hours incurred or services performed to date in relation to the total services expected to be required to satisfy the performance obligation.

*Issuer Solutions*. Issuer Solutions segment revenues are primarily derived from long-term contracts with financial institutions and other financial service providers. Issuer Solutions customer contracts typically include an obligation to provide processing services to those customers. Payment processing services revenues are generated primarily from charges based on the number of accounts on file, transactions and authorizations processed, statements generated and/or mailed, managed services, cards embossed and mailed, and other processing services for cardholder accounts on file. Most of the customer contracts have prescribed annual minimums, penalties for early termination, and service level agreements that may affect contractual fees if specific service levels are not achieved. We have determined that these processing services represent a stand-ready obligation comprising a series of distinct days of services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

Issuer Solutions contracts may also include additional performance obligations relating to loyalty redemption services and other professional services. Similar to processing services, we have determined that loyalty redemption services represent a stand-ready obligation comprising a series of distinct days of service that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

To the extent a contract includes multiple promised services, we must apply judgment to determine whether promised services are capable of being distinct and are distinct in the context of the contract. If these criteria for being distinct are not met, the promised services are combined and accounted for as a single performance obligation.

The performance obligations to provide processing services and loyalty redemption services include variable consideration. The variable consideration for our services is usage-based and, therefore, it specifically relates to our efforts to satisfy our services performance obligation. The variability is satisfied each day the service is provided to the customer. We directly ascribe variable fees to the distinct day of service to which it relates, and we consider the services performed each day in order to ascribe the appropriate amount of total fees to that day. Therefore, we measure revenues for our services on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day.

Professional services performance obligations are satisfied over time. For professional services, we recognize revenue based on the labor hours incurred for time and materials projects or on a straight-line basis for fixed-fee projects.

In some cases, we pay certain of our customers a signing incentive at contract inception or renewal. Consideration paid to customers is accounted for as a reduction of the transaction price and recognized as a reduction in revenues as the related services are provided to the customer, typically over the contract term. The deferred portion of consideration paid to customers is classified within other assets in our consolidated balance sheets.

Other Issuer Solutions customer arrangements provide business-to-business ("B2B") payment services, consisting of a stand-ready obligation to process financial transactions for which revenue is recognized on a daily basis based on the services that are performed on that day. Customer contracts may also include subscription based SaaS arrangements that automate key procurement processes and enable virtual cards and integrated payments options, for which revenue is recognized over time on a ratable basis over the contract term beginning on the date that the services are first made available to the customer.

**Consumer Solutions.** During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, which comprised our former Consumer Solutions segment. For the periods prior to disposition, our Consumer Solutions arrangements included a stand-ready performance obligation to provide account access and facilitate purchase transactions. Revenues principally consisted of fees collected from cardholders and fees generated by cardholder activity in connection with the programs that we managed. Customers were typically charged a fee for each purchase transaction made using their cards, unless the customer was on a monthly or annual service plan, in which case the customer was instead charged a monthly or annual subscription fee, as applicable. Customers were also charged a monthly maintenance fee after a specified period of inactivity. We also charged fees associated with additional services offered in connection with our accounts, including the use of overdraft features, a variety of bill payment options, card replacement, foreign exchange and card-to-card transfers of funds initiated through our call centers.

We determined that we had a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponded directly with our performance completed to date. As a result, we recognized revenue in the amount to which we had a right to invoice. Revenues were recognized net of fees charged by the payment networks for services they provided in processing transactions routed through them.

#### [Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash](#)

**Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash** - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and all liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. We consider certain portions of our cash and cash equivalents to be unrestricted but not available for general purposes. The amount of cash that we consider to be available for general purposes, \$1,067.5 million and \$703.3 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, does not include the following: (i) settlement-related cash balances, (ii) funds held as collateral for merchant losses ("Merchant Reserves") and (iii) funds held for customers. Settlement-related cash balances represent funds that we hold when the incoming amount from the card networks precedes the funding obligation to the merchant. Settlement-related cash balances are not restricted in their use; however, these funds are generally paid out in satisfaction of a processing obligation the following day. Merchant Reserves serve as collateral to minimize contingent liabilities associated with any losses that may occur under the merchant agreement. We recognize a corresponding liability in settlement processing assets and settlement processing obligations in our consolidated balance sheets. While this cash is not restricted in its use, we believe that designating this cash as Merchant Reserves strengthens our fiduciary standing with financial institutions that sponsor us. Funds held for customers, which are not restricted in their use, include amounts collected before the corresponding obligation is due to be settled to or at the direction of our customers.

Restricted cash includes amounts that cannot be withdrawn or used for general operating activities under legal or regulatory restrictions. Restricted cash consists of amounts deposited by customers for prepaid card transactions and funds held as a liquidity reserve that are subject to local regulatory restrictions requiring appropriate segregation and restriction in their use. Restricted cash is included in prepaid expenses and other current assets in the consolidated balance sheets with a corresponding liability in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

We regularly maintain cash balances with financial institutions in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit or the equivalent outside the U.S. As of December 31, 2024, approximately 75% of our total balance of cash and cash equivalents was held within a small group of financial institutions, primarily large money center banks. Although we currently believe that the financial institutions with whom we do business will be able to fulfill their commitments to us, there is no assurance that those institutions will be able to continue to do so. We have not experienced any losses associated with our balances in such accounts for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 or 2022.

#### [Accounts receivable, contract assets and contract liabilities](#)

**Accounts receivable, contract assets and contract liabilities** - A contract with a customer creates legal rights and obligations. As we perform under customer contracts, our right to consideration that is unconditional is considered to be accounts receivable. If our right to consideration for such performance is contingent upon a future event or satisfaction of additional performance obligations, the amount of revenues we have recognized in excess of the amount we have billed to the customer is recognized as a contract asset. Contract liabilities represent consideration received from customers in excess of revenues recognized. Contract assets and liabilities are presented net at the individual contract level in the consolidated balance sheet and are classified as current or noncurrent based on the nature of the underlying contractual rights and obligations.

#### [Allowances for credit losses on accounts receivable and other merchant losses on settlement assets](#)

**Allowance for credit losses on accounts receivable** - We are exposed to credit losses on accounts receivable balances. We utilize a combination of aging and loss-rate methods to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses, depending on the nature and risk profile of the underlying asset pool. A broad range of information is considered in the estimation process, including historical loss information adjusted for current conditions and expectations of future trends. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with the age of asset balances, expected timing of payment, contract terms and conditions, changes in specific customer risk profiles or mix of customers, geographic risk, industry or economic trends and relevant environmental factors. Accounts receivable is presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$24.7 million and \$19.0 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The measurement of the allowance for credit losses on accounts receivable is recognized through credit loss expense and is included as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income. We recognized credit loss expense of \$25.0 million, \$23.3 million and \$15.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-offs are recognized in the period in which the asset is deemed to be uncollectible. Recoveries are recognized when received as a direct credit to the credit loss expense.

Revenues are recognized net of estimated billing adjustments. Adjustments to customer invoices are charged against the allowance for billing adjustments.

**Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets** - Our merchant customers are liable for any charges or losses that occur under the merchant agreement. We have a risk of loss in our card processing services associated with the liability to collect amounts from merchant customers for any charges properly reversed by the card issuing financial institutions. We are therefore exposed to credit losses on these settlement processing assets. We utilize a combination of aging and loss-rate methods to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses, depending on the nature and risk profile of the underlying asset pool. A broad range of information is considered in the estimation process, including historical loss information adjusted for current conditions and expectations of future trends. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with the age of asset balances, expected timing of payment, contract terms and conditions, changes in specific customer risk profiles or mix of customers, geographic risk, industry or economic trends and relevant environmental factors. We require cash deposits, guarantees, letters of credit and other types of collateral from certain merchants to minimize the risk of loss, and we also utilize a number of systems and procedures to manage merchant risk. The allowance for credit losses on settlement processing assets was \$10.0 million and \$9.7 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The measurement of the allowance for credit losses on settlement assets is recognized through credit loss expenses and is included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income. We recognized credit loss expense of \$22.4 million, \$19.2 million and \$13.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Write-offs are recognized in the period in which the asset is deemed to be uncollectible. Recoveries are recognized when received as a direct credit to the credit loss expense.

Additionally, when we are not able to collect these amounts from merchants due to merchant fraud, insolvency, bankruptcy or any other reason, we may be liable for the reversed charges. We recognize an estimated liability for merchant losses comprised of estimated incurred but not reported losses, which is included in accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet. The provision for merchant losses is included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income.

**Reserve for contract contingencies and processing errors** - A significant number of our customer contracts in our Issuer Solutions segment contain service level agreements that can result in performance penalties payable by us if we do not meet contractually required service levels. We recognize an accrual for estimated performance penalties and processing errors. When providing for these accruals, we consider such factors as our history of incurring performance penalties and processing errors, actual contractual penalty charge rates in our contracts, progress towards milestones and known processing errors. These accruals are included in accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheets. Depending on the nature of the item, transaction processing provisions are either included as a reduction of the transaction price and recognized as a reduction in revenues as the related services are provided to the customer, or recognized as a component of cost of service, in our consolidated statements of income.

**Reserve for cardholder losses** - Through services offered in our former Consumer Solutions segment, we were exposed to losses due to cardholder fraud, payment defaults and other forms of cardholder activity as well as losses due to nonperformance of third parties who received cardholder funds for transmittal to the issuing financial institutions. We established a reserve for losses we estimated would arise from processing customer transactions, debit card overdrafts, chargebacks for unauthorized card use and merchant-related chargebacks due to nondelivery of goods and services. These reserves were established based upon historical loss and recovery rates and cardholder activity for which specific losses could be identified. Prior to the disposition of our consumer business, the provision for cardholder losses was included as a component of cost of service in our consolidated statements of income.

#### [Contract costs](#)

**Contract costs** - We capitalize certain costs to obtain contracts with customers, including employee sales commissions and fees to business partners. At contract inception, we capitalize costs incurred that we expect to recover and that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. In certain instances in which costs related to obtaining customers are incurred after the inception of the customer contract, such costs are capitalized as the corresponding liability is recognized. We also capitalize certain costs incurred to fulfill our contracts with customers that (i) relate directly to the contract, (ii) are expected to generate resources that will be used to satisfy our performance obligation under the contract and (iii) are expected to be recovered through revenues generated under the contract. Capitalized costs to obtain and to fulfill contracts are included in other noncurrent assets.

Contract costs are amortized to operating expense in our consolidated statements of income on a systematic basis consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Amortization of capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of income, while amortization of capitalized costs to fulfill customer contracts is included in cost of services. We utilize a straight-line or proportional amortization method depending upon which method best depicts the pattern of transfer of the goods or services to the customer. We amortize these assets over the expected period of benefit, which, based on the factors noted above, is typically three to seven years. In order to determine the appropriate amortization period for capitalized contract costs, we consider a combination of factors, including customer attrition rates, estimated terms of customer relationships, the useful lives of technology we use to provide goods and services to our customers, whether future contract renewals are expected and if there is any incremental commission expected to be paid associated with a contract renewal. Costs to obtain a contract with an expected period of benefit of one year or less are recognized as an expense when incurred. We evaluate contract costs for impairment by comparing, on a pooled basis, the expected future net cash flows from underlying customer relationships to the carrying amount of the capitalized contract costs.

#### [Up-front distributor and partner payments](#)

**Up-front distributor and partner payments** - We capitalize certain up-front contractual payments to third-party distributors and partners and recognize the capitalized amount as expense ratably over the period of benefit, which is generally the contract period. If the contract requires the distributor or partner to perform specific acts and no other conditions exist for the distributor or partner to earn or retain the up-front payment, then we recognize the capitalized amount as an expense when the performance conditions have been met. Up-front distributor and partner payments are classified in our consolidated balance sheets within prepaid expenses and other current assets and other noncurrent assets and the related expense is reported within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

#### [Settlement processing assets and obligations](#)

**Settlement processing assets and obligations** - Funds settlement refers to the process in our Merchant Solutions segment of transferring funds between card issuers and merchants for merchant sales and credits processed on our systems. We use our internal network to provide funding instructions to financial institutions that in turn fund the merchants. We process funds settlement under two models, a sponsorship model and a direct membership model.

Under the sponsorship model, we are designated as an independent sales organization by Mastercard and Visa, which means that member clearing banks ("Member") sponsor us and require our adherence to the standards of the payment networks. In certain markets, we have sponsorship or depository and clearing agreements with financial institution sponsors. These agreements allow us to route transactions under the Members' control and identification numbers to clear credit card transactions through Mastercard and Visa. In this model, the standards of the payment networks restrict us from performing funds settlement or accessing merchant settlement funds, and, instead, require that these funds be in the possession of the Member until the merchant is funded.

Under the direct membership model, we are members in various payment networks, allowing us to process and fund transactions without third-party sponsorship. In this model, we route and clear transactions directly through the card brand's network and are not restricted from performing funds settlement. Otherwise, we process these transactions similarly to how we process transactions in the sponsorship model. We are required to adhere to the standards of the payment networks in which we are direct members. We maintain relationships with financial institutions, which may also serve as our Member sponsors for other card brands or in other markets, to assist with funds settlement.

Timing differences, interchange fees, merchant reserves and exception items cause differences between the amount received from the payment networks and the amount funded to the merchants. These intermediary balances arising in our settlement process are reflected as settlement processing assets and obligations in our consolidated balance sheets.

Settlement processing assets and obligations include the following components:

- **Interchange reimbursement.** Our receivable from merchants for the portion of the discount fee related to reimbursement of the interchange fee.

- *Receivable from Members.* Our receivable from the Members for transactions in which we have advanced funding to the Members to fund merchants in advance of receipt of funding from payment networks.
- *Receivable from networks.* Our receivable from a payment network for transactions processed on behalf of merchants where we are a direct member of that particular network.
- *Exception items.* Items such as customer chargeback amounts received from merchants.
- *Merchant Reserves.* Reserves held to minimize contingent liabilities associated with losses that may occur under the merchant agreement.
- *Liability to Members.* Our liability to the Members for transactions that have not yet been funded to the merchants.
- *Liability to merchants.* Our liability to merchants for transactions that have been processed but not yet funded where we are a direct member of a particular payment network.
- *Allowance for credit and other merchant losses on settlement assets.* Allowances, charges or expected credit losses on chargebacks, merchant fraud or other merchant-related reason.

We apply offsetting to our settlement processing assets and obligations where a right of setoff exists. In the sponsorship model, we apply offsetting by Member agreement because the Member is ultimately responsible for funds settlement. With these Member transactions, we do not have access to the gross proceeds of the receivable from the payment networks and, thus, do not have a direct obligation or any ability to satisfy the payable to fund the merchant. In these situations, we apply offsetting to determine a net position for each Member agreement. If that net position is an asset, we reflect the net amount in settlement processing assets in our consolidated balance sheet. If that net position is a liability, we reflect the net amount in settlement processing obligations in our consolidated balance sheet. In the direct membership model, offsetting is not applied, and the individual components are presented as an asset or obligation based on the nature of that component.

#### Property and equipment

*Property and equipment* - Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are generally calculated using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the remaining term of the lease and the useful life of the asset.

#### Software

We develop software that is used to provide services to customers. Capitalization of internal-use software costs, primarily associated with operating platforms, occurs when we have completed the preliminary project stage, management authorizes the project, management commits to funding the project, it is probable the project will be completed and the project will be used to perform the function intended. Costs incurred during the preliminary project stage are recognized as expense as incurred. Capitalized internal-use software is amortized over its estimated useful life, which is typically five to ten years, in a manner that best reflects the pattern of economic use of the assets.

#### Goodwill and Other intangible assets

*Goodwill* - We test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level annually (in the fourth quarter) and more often if an event occurs or circumstances change that indicate the fair value of a reporting unit is below its carrying amount. We have the option of performing a qualitative assessment of impairment to determine whether any further quantitative assessment for impairment is necessary. The election of whether or not to perform a qualitative assessment is made annually and may vary by reporting unit.

Factors we consider in the qualitative assessment include general macroeconomic conditions, industry and market conditions, cost factors, overall financial performance of our reporting units, events or changes affecting the composition or carrying amount of the net assets of our reporting units, our share price, and other relevant entity-specific events. If we elect to bypass the qualitative assessment or if we determine, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, a quantitative test would be required. The quantitative assessment compares the estimated fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount, and recognizes an impairment loss for the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its estimated fair value, without exceeding the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit.

During the second quarter of 2022, a sustained decline in our share price and increases in discount rates, primarily resulting from increased economic uncertainty, indicated a potential decline in fair value and triggered a requirement to evaluate our Issuer Solutions and former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting units for potential impairment as of June 30, 2022. Furthermore, the estimated sales price for the consumer business portion of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit also indicated a potential decline in fair value as of June 30, 2022. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessment that the fair value of our Issuer Solutions reporting unit was still greater than its carrying amount as of June 30, 2022, indicating no impairment. Based on the quantitative assessment of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit, including consideration of the consumer business disposal group and the remaining assets of the reporting unit, we recognized a goodwill impairment charge of \$833.1 million in our consolidated statement of income during the three months ended June 30, 2022. The estimated fair value used in the goodwill impairment assessment was considered to be a nonrecurring Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy.

During the third quarter of 2022, as a result of the pending disposition of our consumer business and changes in how our business is managed, we realigned the businesses previously comprising our former Business and Consumer Solutions segment to include the B2B portion within our Issuer Solutions segment and the consumer portion forming our Consumer Solutions segment. In connection with the change in presentation of segment information, the B2B portion of our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit was realigned into the Issuer Solutions reporting unit, including a reallocation of goodwill. During the second quarter of 2023, we completed the sale of our consumer business. In addition, during 2023, we realigned our reporting units based on organizational changes and the acquired operations of EVO.

As of October 1, 2024, our reporting units consisted of the following: North America Payments Solutions, Vertical Market Software Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions, Asia-Pacific Merchant Solutions, Latin America Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. As of October 1, 2024, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units and a qualitative assessment for all other reporting units. We determined on the basis of the quantitative assessments of our Issuer Solutions, Europe Merchant Solutions, Spain Merchant Solutions and Latin America Merchant Solutions reporting units that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, we determined on the basis of the qualitative factors that the fair value of other reporting units was not more likely than not less than its respective carrying amount.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, we realigned our reporting units based on a strategic and organizational changes. The new reporting units are Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions, Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions, International Merchant Solutions and Issuer Solutions. Upon realignment of our reporting units, we performed a quantitative assessment of impairment for our Core Payments Solutions, Integrated and Embedded Solutions and Point-of-Sale and Software Solutions reporting units, and determined on the basis of those assessments that the fair value of each reporting unit was greater than its respective carrying amount, indicating no impairment. Additionally, our International Merchant Solutions reporting unit was an aggregation of our former Europe, Spain and Asia-Pacific reporting units, and was not more likely than not less than its respective carrying amount. The realignment did not affect our Issuer Solutions reporting unit.

See "Note 6—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" for further information.

*Other intangible assets* - Other intangible assets include customer-related intangible assets (such as customer lists, merchant contracts and referral agreements), contract-based intangible assets (such as noncompete agreements, distributor agreements and processing rights), acquired technologies, trademarks and trade names associated with business combinations. These assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives. The useful lives for customer-related intangible assets are determined based primarily on forecasted cash flows, which include estimates for the revenues, expenses, and customer attrition associated with the assets. The useful lives of contract-based intangible assets are equal to the terms of the agreements. The useful lives of acquired technologies are based on an estimate of the period over which we expect to receive economic benefit. The useful lives of amortizable trademarks and trade names are based on an estimate of the period over which we will earn revenues for the related assets, including contemplation of any future plans to use the trademarks and trade names in the applicable markets.

We use the straight-line method of amortization for our amortizable acquired technologies, trademarks and trade names and certain contract-based intangible assets. Amortization for most of our customer-related intangible assets and certain contract-based intangible assets is determined using an accelerated method. Under this accelerated method, we determine amortization expense for any period by first dividing the expected cash flows for that period that were used in determining the acquisition-date fair value of the asset by the expected total cash flows over the estimated life of the asset. We then multiply that ratio by the initial carrying amount of the asset to arrive at the amortization expense for that period. If the cash flow patterns that we experience differ significantly from our initial estimates, we adjust the amortization schedule prospectively. We believe that our accelerated method reflects the expected pattern of the benefit to be derived. See "Note 6—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" for further information.

*Implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement* - We capitalize implementation costs associated with cloud computing arrangements that are service contracts, and we amortize these capitalized implementation costs to expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the applicable hosting arrangement. Our cloud computing arrangements involve services we use to support certain internal corporate functions as well as technology associated with revenue-generating activities. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, capitalized implementation costs, net of accumulated amortization, were \$215.4 million and \$206.5 million, respectively, and are presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$7.6 million, \$3.8 million and \$3.1 million, respectively, and is presented in the same line item in the consolidated statements of income as the expense for the associated cloud services arrangement. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we also recognized a charge of \$28.5 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy, which was included within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income and included within Corporate expenses for segment reporting purposes.

#### Leases

*Leases* - We evaluate each of our lease and service arrangements at inception to determine if the arrangement is, or contains, a lease and the appropriate classification of each identified lease. A lease exists if we obtain substantially all of the economic benefits of, and have the right to control the use of, an asset for a period of time. Right-of-use assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease agreement. We recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the lease commencement date based on the present values of fixed lease payments over the term of the lease. Right-of-use assets may also be adjusted to reflect any prepayments made or any incentive payments received. Operating lease costs and depreciation expense for finance leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. We consider a termination or renewal option in the determination of the lease term when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option. Because our leases generally do not provide a readily determinable implicit interest rate, we use an incremental borrowing rate to measure the lease liability and associated right-of-use asset at the lease commencement date. The incremental borrowing rate used is a fully collateralized rate that considers our credit rating, market conditions and the term of the lease at the lease commencement date. We have made an accounting policy election to not recognize assets or liabilities for leases with a term of less than 12 months and to account for all components in a lease arrangement as a single combined lease component for all asset classes with the exception of computer equipment, for which we account for lease and nonlease components separately.

#### Impairment of long-lived assets

*Impairment of long-lived assets* - We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the carrying amount of property and equipment, capitalized software, lease right-of-use assets and finite-life intangible assets may not be recoverable. When factors indicate that these long-lived assets should be evaluated for possible impairment, we assess the potential impairment by determining whether the carrying amount of such long-lived assets will be recovered through the future undiscounted cash flows expected from use of the asset and its eventual disposition. The evaluation is performed at the asset group level, which is the lowest level of identifiable cash flows. If the carrying amount of the asset group is determined to be not recoverable, a write-down to fair value is recognized. Fair values are determined based on quoted market prices or discounted cash flow analysis as applicable. We regularly evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the useful lives of property and equipment and finite-life intangible assets may warrant revision.

#### Assets held for sale

*Assets held for sale* - We classify an asset or business as a held for sale disposal group if we have committed to a plan to sell the asset or business within one year and are actively marketing the asset or business in its current condition for a price that is reasonable in comparison to its estimated fair value. Disposal groups held for sale are reported at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Long-lived assets classified as held for sale are not subject to depreciation or amortization, and both the assets and any liabilities directly associated with the disposal group are presented net within separate current and noncurrent held for sale line items in our consolidated balance sheets. Subsequent changes to the estimated selling price of an asset or disposal group held for sale are recognized as gains or losses in our consolidated statement of income and any subsequent gains are limited to the cumulative losses previously recognized.

#### Notes receivable and allowance for credit losses

*Notes receivable and allowance for credit losses* - During the year ended December 31, 2023, we provided seller financing in connection with the sale of our former consumer and gaming businesses. We classify notes receivable as held for investment based on the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future or until maturity or payoff, and the notes are presented at amortized cost within notes receivable in our consolidated balance sheet. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method, which includes the accretion of the difference between the fair value at inception and the face value of the notes.

We are exposed to credit losses on the notes. We utilize a probability-of-default and loss given default method to develop an estimate of current expected credit losses applied at the loan level. A variety of factors are considered to estimate the expected credit loss, including the probability of default (representing the probability the asset will default within a given time frame), the loss given default (representing the percentage of the asset that is not expected to be collected due to default), leverage ratios, interest rates, market and industry data, and forecasts that affect the collectibility of the reported amount. The estimation process also includes consideration of qualitative and quantitative risk factors associated with expected timing of payment, industry trends and current and anticipated future economic conditions. Expected credit losses are estimated over the life of the loans, adjusted for expected prepayments when appropriate. We recognized a noncash charge as an allowance for estimated future credit losses on the notes of \$15.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2023, which is included as a component of interest and other expense in our consolidated statements of income. Notes receivable are presented net of an allowance for credit losses of \$15.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### Equity method investments

*Equity method investments* - We have certain investments, including a 45% interest in China UnionPay Data Co., Ltd. that we account for using the equity method of accounting. Equity method investments are recognized initially at cost and subsequently adjusted for our portion of equity in earnings, cash contributions and distributions, and foreign currency translation adjustments. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had total equity method investments of \$999.3 million and \$989.6 million, respectively, presented within other noncurrent assets in the consolidated balance sheets.

#### Accrued buyout liability

*Accrued buyout liability* - Certain of our Merchant Solutions salespersons in the United States are paid residual commissions based on the profitability generated by certain merchant customers. We have the right, but not the obligation, to buy out some or all of these commissions and intend to do so periodically. Such purchases of the commissions are at a fixed multiple of the last 12 months of commissions. Because of our intent and ability to execute purchases of the residual commissions, and the mutual understanding between us and our salespersons, we have accounted for this deferred compensation arrangement pursuant to the substantive nature of the plan. Therefore, we recognize a liability for the amount that we would have to pay (the "settlement cost") to buy out related commissions in their entirety from vested salespersons, and an estimated amount for unvested salespersons based on their progress towards vesting and the expected percentage that will become vested. As the liability increases over the

first year of the related merchant contract, we recognize a related asset. Subsequent changes in the estimated accrued buyout liability due to merchant attrition, same-store sales growth or contraction and changes in profitability are included in selling, general and administrative expense in the consolidated statements of income. The classification of the accrued buyout liability between current and noncurrent in the consolidated balance sheet is based upon our estimate of the amount of the accrued buyout liability that we reasonably expect to pay over the next 12 months.

## Income taxes

**Income taxes** - Deferred income taxes are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax laws and rates. A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

We periodically assess our tax exposures related to periods that are open to examination. Based on the latest available information, we evaluate our tax positions to determine whether the position will more likely than not be sustained upon examination by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authorities. If we do not reach a more-likely-than-not determination, no benefit is recognized. If we determine that the tax position is more likely than not to be sustained, we recognize the largest amount of benefit that is more likely than not to be realized when the tax position is settled. We present interest and penalties related to unrecognized income tax benefits in interest and other expense and selling, general and administrative expenses, respectively, in our consolidated statements of income.

## Derivative instruments

**Derivative instruments** - We may use interest rate swaps or other derivative instruments to manage a portion of our exposure to the variability in interest rates. Our objective in managing our exposure to fluctuation in interest rates is to better control this element of cost and to mitigate the earnings and cash flow volatility associated with changes in applicable rates. We have established policies and procedures that encompass risk-management philosophy and objectives, guidelines for derivative instrument usage, counterparty credit approval, and the monitoring and reporting of derivative activity. We do not use derivative instruments for speculation.

At inception, we formally designate and document instruments that qualify for hedge accounting of underlying exposures. When qualified for hedge accounting, these financial instruments are recognized at fair value in our consolidated balance sheets, and changes in fair value are recognized as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and included in accumulated other comprehensive loss within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. Cash flows resulting from settlements are presented as a component of cash flows from operating activities within our consolidated statements of cash flows.

We formally assess, both at inception and at least quarterly, whether the financial instruments used in hedging transactions are effective at offsetting changes in cash flows of the related underlying exposure. Fluctuations in the value of these instruments generally are offset by changes in the forecasted cash flows of the underlying exposures being hedged. This offset is driven by the high degree of effectiveness between the exposure being hedged and the hedging instrument. We designated each of our active interest rate swap agreements as a cash flow hedge of interest payments on variable rate borrowings.

In addition, we designated our Euro-denominated senior notes as a hedge of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations. The purpose of the net investment hedge is to offset the volatility of our net investment in our Euro-denominated operations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The foreign currency remeasurement gains and losses associated with the Euro-denominated senior notes and our Euro-denominated operations are presented within the same components of other comprehensive income and accumulated comprehensive income.

## Fair value measurements

**Fair value measurements** - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the reporting date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques into three broad levels. Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are based on other observable market data, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable such as interest rates and yield curves. Level 3 inputs are developed from unobservable data reflecting our assumptions and include situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability.

## Fair value of financial instruments

**Fair value of financial instruments** - The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, receivables, settlement lines of credit, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value given the short-term nature of these items.

The estimated fair value of our senior notes was based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. The estimated fair value of our \$2.0 billion 1.500% convertible notes was based on quoted market prices in an active market and is considered to be a Level 1 measurement of the valuation hierarchy and our \$1.5 billion 1.000% convertible notes was based on a lattice pricing model and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. Certain of our long-term debt arrangements include variable interest rates. The fair value of long-term debt with variable interest rates was determined using Level 2 inputs, and approximated carrying amount, exclusive of debt issuance costs. The fair values of our swap agreements were determined based on the present value of the estimated future net cash flows using implied rates in the applicable yield curve as of the valuation date and classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 9—Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit" and "Note 10—Derivatives and Hedging Instruments" for further information.

The estimated fair value of our notes receivable was based on a discounted cash flow approach and is considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further information.

We also have investments in equity instruments without readily determinable fair values. As permitted, we have elected a measurement alternative for equity instruments that do not have readily determinable fair values. Under such alternative, these instruments are measured at cost plus or minus any changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer less any impairments. Any resulting change in carrying amount would be reflected in net income.

## Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

**Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests** - Redeemable noncontrolling interests refers to noncontrolling interests that are redeemable upon the occurrence of an event that is not solely within our control and is reported in the mezzanine section between total liabilities and shareholders' equity, as temporary equity in our consolidated balance sheets. The redeemable noncontrolling interests for each subsidiary are adjusted each reporting period to the higher of: (i) the initial carrying amount, increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interest's share of comprehensive income (loss), capital contributions and distributions or (ii) the redemption price. In determining the measurement method of redemption price, we have elected to accrete changes in the redemption price over the period from the date of issuance to the earliest redemption date of the instrument using the effective interest method, applied prospectively. We have also elected to recognize the entire amount of any redemption price adjustments in net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in our consolidated statements of income. Certain of our redeemable noncontrolling interests are redeemable at fair value and are considered to be a Level 3 measurement of the valuation hierarchy.

## Foreign currencies

**Foreign currencies** - We have significant operations in a number of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currency is the local currency. The assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is a foreign currency are translated into the reporting currency at the period-end rate of exchange. Income statement items are translated at the weighted-average rates prevailing during the period. The resulting translation adjustment is presented as a component of other comprehensive income and is included in accumulated comprehensive income within equity in our consolidated balance sheets.

Gains and losses on transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are generally included in determining net income for the period. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, our transaction gains and losses were insignificant. Transaction gains and losses on intercompany balances of a long-term investment nature are presented as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and included in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) within equity in our consolidated balance sheets. When a foreign subsidiary is disposed of in its entirety, the associated accumulated foreign currency translation gains or losses are reclassified from the separate component of equity into our consolidated statement of income.

## Earnings per share

**Earnings per share** - Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income attributable to Global Payments by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period. Earnings available to common shareholders is the same as net income attributable to Global Payments for all periods presented.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to Global Payments by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding during the period, including the effect of share-based awards, convertible notes or other potential securities that would have a dilutive effect on EPS. All stock options with an exercise price lower than the average market share price of our common stock for the period are assumed to have a dilutive effect on EPS. The dilutive share base for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 excluded approximately 293,422, 191,353 and 700,119, respectively, shares related to stock options that would have an antidilutive effect on the computation of diluted earnings per share.

The effect of the potential shares needed to settle the conversion spread on our convertible notes is included in diluted EPS if the effect is dilutive. The effect depends on the market share price of our common stock at the time of conversion and would be dilutive if the average market share price of our common stock for the period exceeds the conversion price. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the convertible notes were not included in the computation of diluted EPS as the effect would have been anti-dilutive. Furthermore, the effect of the related capped call transactions is not included in the computation of diluted EPS as it is always anti-dilutive.

## Repurchased shares

**Repurchased shares** - We account for the retirement of repurchased shares using the par value method under which the repurchase price is charged to paid-in capital up to the amount of the original issue proceeds of those shares. When the repurchase price is greater than the original issue proceeds, the excess is charged to retained earnings. We use a last-in, first-out cost flow assumption to identify the original issue proceeds of the shares repurchased. See "Note 13—Shareholders' Equity" for further information.

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## BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Tables)

### Accounting Policies [Abstract]

### Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents

A reconciliation of the amounts of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets to the amount in the consolidated statements of cash flows is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,538,416	\$ 2,088,887
Restricted cash	197,559	167,190
Cash included in assets held for sale	—	798
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	<u>\$ 2,735,975</u>	<u>\$ 2,256,875</u>

### Schedule of Restricted Cash

A reconciliation of the amounts of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash in the consolidated balance sheets to the amount in the consolidated statements of cash flows is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,538,416	\$ 2,088,887
Restricted cash	197,559	167,190
Cash included in assets held for sale	—	798
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	<u>\$ 2,735,975</u>	<u>\$ 2,256,875</u>

### Schedule of Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding

The following table sets forth the computation of the diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding for all periods presented:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	254,291	261,126	275,191
Plus: Dilutive effect of stock options and other share-based awards	554	572	385
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding	<u>254,845</u>	<u>261,698</u>	<u>275,576</u>

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## ACQUISITIONS (Tables)

### Business Combination, Asset Acquisition, and Joint Venture Formation [Abstract]

### Schedule of Purchase Consideration

Total purchase consideration was \$4.3 billion, which consisted of the following (in thousands):

## 12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024

Cash paid to EVO shareholders <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	3,273,951
Cash paid for equity awards attributable to purchase consideration <sup>(2)</sup>		58,510
Value of replacement awards attributable to purchase consideration <sup>(3)</sup>		2,484
Total purchase consideration transferred to EVO shareholders		3,334,945
Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees)		665,557
Payment of certain acquiree transaction costs and other liabilities on behalf of EVO <sup>(4)</sup>		269,118
Total purchase consideration	\$	4,269,620

<sup>(1)</sup> Holders of EVO common stock, convertible preferred stock and common units received \$34 for each share of EVO common stock held at the effective time of the transaction.

<sup>(2)</sup> Pursuant to the merger agreement, we cash settled vested options and certain unvested equity awards of EVO equity award holders.

<sup>(3)</sup> Pursuant to the merger agreement, we granted equity awards for approximately 0.3 million shares of Global Payments common stock to certain EVO equity award holders. Each such replacement award is subject to the same terms and conditions (including vesting and exercisability) that applied to the corresponding EVO equity award. We apportioned the fair value of the replacement awards between purchase consideration (the portion attributable to pre-acquisition services in relation to the total vesting term of the award) and amounts to be recognized in periods following the acquisition as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period of the replacement awards.

<sup>(4)</sup> Certain acquiree transaction costs and liabilities, including amounts outstanding under EVO's tax receivable agreement, were required to be repaid by us upon consummation of the acquisition.

[Schedule of Major Classes of Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed](#)

The final estimated acquisition-date fair values of major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, including a reconciliation to the total purchase consideration, were as follows (in thousands):

	Final Amounts
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 324,859
Accounts receivable	51,470
Settlement processing assets	134,712
Deferred income tax assets	1,734
Property and equipment	72,100
Identifiable intangible assets	1,478,995
Other assets	148,567
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(289,360)
Settlement lines of credit	(7,587)
Settlement processing obligations	(163,535)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(253,221)
Other liabilities	(61,207)
Total identifiable net assets	1,437,527
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	(471,119)
Goodwill	3,303,212
Total purchase consideration	\$ 4,269,620

[Schedule of Fair Values of Identified Intangible Assets Acquired and Respective Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods](#)

The following table reflects the estimated acquisition-date fair values of the identified intangible assets of EVO and their respective weighted-average estimated amortization periods:

	Estimated Fair Value (in thousands)	Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods (years)
Customer-related intangible assets	\$ 916,000	11
Contract-based intangible assets	470,000	12
Acquired technologies	86,995	7
Trademarks and trade names	6,000	2
Total estimated identifiable intangible assets	\$ 1,478,995	11

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**REVENUES (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Revenue from Contract with Customer \[Abstract\]](#)  
[Schedule of Disaggregation of Revenue](#)

The following tables present a disaggregation of our revenues from contracts with customers by geography for each of our reportable segments for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Year Ended December 31, 2024				Total
	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Intersegment Eliminations	
	(in thousands)				
Americas	\$ 6,254,163	\$ 1,883,852	\$ —	\$ (23,260)	\$ 8,114,755
Europe	1,174,828	556,599	—	—	1,731,427
Asia Pacific	259,712	43,206	—	(43,206)	259,712
	\$ 7,688,703	\$ 2,483,657	\$ —	\$ (66,466)	\$ 10,105,894

  

	Year Ended December 31, 2023				Total
	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Intersegment Eliminations	
	(in thousands)				
Americas	\$ 5,867,308	\$ 1,849,638	\$ 182,740	\$ (37,094)	\$ 7,862,592
Europe	1,023,546	507,342	—	—	1,530,888
Asia Pacific	260,939	41,890	—	(41,890)	260,939
	\$ 7,151,793	\$ 2,398,870	\$ 182,740	\$ (78,984)	\$ 9,654,419

  

	Year Ended December 31, 2022				Total
	Merchant Solutions	Issuer Solutions	Consumer Solutions	Intersegment Eliminations	
	(in thousands)				
Americas	\$ 5,236,728	\$ 1,739,620	\$ 620,482	\$ (58,916)	\$ 7,537,914
Europe	720,660	469,412	—	—	1,190,072
Asia Pacific	247,529	36,591	—	(36,591)	247,529
	\$ 6,204,917	\$ 2,245,623	\$ 620,482	\$ (95,507)	\$ 8,975,515

In our Merchant Solutions segment, we actively market and provide our payment services, enterprise software solutions and other value-added services directly to our customers through a variety of relationship-led and technology-enabled distribution channels. Through our relationship-led direct sales forces worldwide, as well as financial institution and other referral partnerships, we offer our payments technology services, software and other value-added solutions directly to customers across numerous verticals in the markets we serve. Our technology-enabled distribution channel includes integrated and vertical market software solutions and ecommerce and omnichannel solutions.

The following table presents a disaggregation of our Merchant Solutions segment revenues by distribution channel for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Relationship-led	\$ 3,925,253	\$ 3,738,536	\$ 3,189,046
Technology-enabled	3,763,450	3,413,257	3,015,871
	\$ 7,688,703	\$ 7,151,793	\$ 6,204,917

[Schedule of Contracts with Customers](#)

Supplemental balance sheet information related to contracts from customers as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

Balance Sheet Location	December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023			December 31, 2022		
	(in thousands)								
<b>Assets:</b>									
Capitalized costs to obtain customer contracts, net	Other noncurrent assets	\$	338,960	\$	360,684	\$	329,785		
Capitalized costs to fulfill customer contracts, net	Other noncurrent assets		174,024		197,355		152,520		
<b>Liabilities:</b>									
Contract liabilities, net (current)	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		242,769		229,686		226,254		
Contract liabilities, net (noncurrent)	Other noncurrent liabilities		50,555		54,246		45,613		

[Schedule of Remaining Performance Obligation](#)

The following table includes estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at December 31, 2024. However, as permitted, we have elected to exclude from this disclosure any contracts with an original duration of one year or less and any variable consideration that meets specified criteria. Accordingly, the total amount of unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations related to processing services is significantly higher than the amounts disclosed in the table below (in thousands):

Year ending December 31,	Total
2025	\$ 1,163,120
2026	902,270
2027	698,486
2028	391,044
2029	182,062
2030 and thereafter	352,999
Total	\$ 3,689,981

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**PROPERTY AND**

**12 Months Ended**

## EQUIPMENT (Tables)

Dec. 31, 2024

## Property, Plant and Equipment [Abstract]

## Schedule of Property and Equipment

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, property and equipment consisted of the following:

	Range of Depreciable Lives (Years)	2024	2023
		(in thousands)	
Software	5-10	\$ 2,197,746	\$ 1,937,440
Equipment	3-20	1,076,109	969,164
Buildings	40	192,005	191,715
Leasehold improvements	5-15	114,360	120,964
Furniture and fixtures	5-10	102,913	104,474
Land		11,634	11,821
		<u>3,694,767</u>	<u>3,335,578</u>
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,139,127)	(1,800,382)
Work-in-progress		721,953	654,809
		<u>\$ 2,277,593</u>	<u>\$ 2,190,005</u>

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## GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Tables)

## Goodwill and Intangible Assets

## Disclosure [Abstract]

## Schedule of Goodwill and Intangible Assets

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, goodwill and other intangible assets consisted of the following:

	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Goodwill	\$ 26,286,318	\$ 26,743,523
Other intangible assets:		
Customer-related intangible assets	\$ 10,354,686	\$ 10,653,036
Acquired technologies	3,051,188	3,005,576
Contract-based intangible assets	2,310,430	2,254,273
Trademarks and trade names	1,048,181	1,074,631
	<u>16,764,485</u>	<u>16,987,516</u>
Less accumulated amortization:		
Customer-related intangible assets	4,420,615	3,866,686
Acquired technologies	2,306,420	2,047,330
Contract-based intangible assets	439,237	309,886
Trademarks and trade names	666,270	595,568
	<u>7,832,542</u>	<u>6,819,470</u>
	<u>\$ 8,931,943</u>	<u>\$ 10,168,046</u>

## Schedule of Reportable Segment in Carrying Amount of Goodwill

The following table sets forth the changes by reportable segment in the carrying amount of goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Merchant Solutions		Issuer Solutions		Consumer Solutions		Total
	(in thousands)						
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 14,063,682	\$ 9,908,014	\$ 841,578	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24,813,274	
Goodwill acquired	3,296	—	—	—	—	3,296	
Effect of foreign currency translation	(66,251)	(29,009)	—	—	—	(95,260)	
Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business <sup>(1)</sup>	(17,719)	—	—	—	—	(17,719)	
Impairment of goodwill <sup>(2)</sup>	—	—	(833,075)	—	—	(833,075)	
Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units <sup>(2)</sup>	—	(357,933)	357,933	—	—	—	
Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale <sup>(3)</sup>	(163,105)	—	(366,436)	—	—	(529,541)	
Measurement-period adjustments	(2,958)	(17,281)	—	—	—	(20,239)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	13,816,845	9,503,791	—	—	—	23,320,736	
Goodwill acquired <sup>(4)</sup>	3,283,285	—	—	—	—	3,283,285	
Effect of foreign currency translation	126,835	12,904	—	—	—	139,739	
Measurement-period adjustments	(237)	—	—	—	—	(237)	
Balance at December 31, 2023	17,226,828	9,516,695	—	—	—	26,743,523	
Goodwill acquired	193,252	—	—	—	—	193,252	
Effect of foreign currency translation	(223,564)	(7,909)	—	—	—	(231,473)	
Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business <sup>(5)</sup>	(438,911)	—	—	—	—	(438,911)	
Measurement-period adjustments	19,927	—	—	—	—	19,927	
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 16,777,532	\$ 9,508,786	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 26,286,318	

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of our Merchant Solutions business in Russia. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion.<sup>(2)</sup> Reflects a goodwill impairment charge related to our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit. In connection with the change in presentation of segment information during the year ended December 31, 2022, accumulated impairment losses associated with our former Business and Consumer Solutions reporting unit were reallocated to our new reporting units based on relative fair value. See "Note 1—Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" for further discussion.<sup>(3)</sup> Reflects the reclassification of goodwill in connection with the presentation of the consumer and gaming businesses as held for sale. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion.<sup>(4)</sup> Reflects goodwill acquired in connection with our EVO acquisition. See "Note 2—Acquisitions" for further discussion.<sup>(5)</sup> Reflects goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of our AdvancedMD business. See "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion.

## Schedule of Expected Amortization Expense

The estimated amortization expense of acquired intangibles as of December 31, 2024 for the next five years, calculated using the currency exchange rate at the date of acquisition, if applicable, is as follows (in thousands):

2025	\$ 1,331,709
2026	1,192,308
2027	955,966
2028	877,245
2029	790,785

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## LEASES (Tables)

## Leases [Abstract]

## Schedule of Lease Assets and Lease Liabilities

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, right-of-use assets and lease liabilities consisted of the following:

Balance Sheet Location	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(in thousands)	
<b>Assets:</b>		
Operating lease right-of-use assets:		
Real estate	Other noncurrent assets \$ 278,942	\$ 340,061
Computer equipment	Other noncurrent assets —	5,352
Other	Other noncurrent assets 116	302
Total operating lease right-of-use-assets	\$ 279,058	\$ 345,715
Finance lease right-of-use assets:		
Computer equipment	Property and equipment, net \$ 700	\$ 11,168
Other equipment	Property and equipment, net 52,365	52,264
Other	Property and equipment, net 8,615	6,634
	61,680	70,066
Less accumulated depreciation:		
Computer equipment	Property and equipment, net (457)	(4,361)
Other equipment	Property and equipment, net (39,021)	(38,338)
Other	Property and equipment, net (3,409)	(4,497)
Total accumulated depreciation	(42,887)	(47,196)
Total finance lease right-of-use assets	18,793	22,870
Total right-of-use assets <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 297,851	\$ 368,585
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Operating lease liabilities (current)	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 71,607	\$ 81,696
Operating lease liabilities (noncurrent)	Other noncurrent liabilities 354,491	411,227
Finance lease liabilities (current)	Current portion of long-term debt 8,099	12,055
Finance lease liabilities (noncurrent)	Long-term debt 8,283	12,470
Total lease liabilities	\$ 442,480	\$ 517,448

(1) As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, approximately 70% of our right-of-use assets were located in the United States.

[Schedule of Maturities of Operating Lease Liabilities](#) As of December 31, 2024, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
	(in thousands)	
<b>Year ending December 31,</b>		
2025	\$ 85,984	\$ 8,362
2026	82,251	4,323
2027	68,404	3,037
2028	56,940	1,674
2029	42,330	—
2030 and thereafter	156,586	—
Total lease payments	492,495	17,396
Imputed interest	(66,397)	(1,014)
Total lease liabilities	<u>\$ 426,098</u>	<u>\$ 16,382</u>

[Schedule of Maturities of Finance Lease Liabilities](#) As of December 31, 2024, maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	Operating Leases	Finance Leases
	(in thousands)	
<b>Year ending December 31,</b>		
2025	\$ 85,984	\$ 8,362
2026	82,251	4,323
2027	68,404	3,037
2028	56,940	1,674
2029	42,330	—
2030 and thereafter	156,586	—
Total lease payments	492,495	17,396
Imputed interest	(66,397)	(1,014)
Total lease liabilities	<u>\$ 426,098</u>	<u>\$ 16,382</u>

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**LONG-TERM DEBT  
AND LINES OF  
CREDIT (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Debt Disclosure \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Debt](#)

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, long-term debt consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	(in thousands)	
<b>Long-term Debt</b>		
1.500% senior notes due November 15, 2024	\$ —	\$ 499,143
2.650% senior notes due February 15, 2025	999,791	998,172
1.200% senior notes due March 1, 2026	1,097,764	1,095,848
4.800% senior notes due April 1, 2026	764,125	775,425
2.150% senior notes due January 15, 2027	747,447	746,196
4.950% senior notes due August 15, 2027	497,425	496,444
4.450% senior notes due June 1, 2028	465,012	469,406
3.200% senior notes due August 15, 2029	1,242,715	1,241,169
5.300% senior notes due August 15, 2029	496,762	496,063
2.900% senior notes due May 15, 2030	993,708	992,537
2.900% senior notes due November 15, 2031	744,233	743,394
5.400% senior notes due August 15, 2032	743,730	742,908
4.150% senior notes due August 15, 2049	741,215	740,860
5.950% senior notes due August 15, 2052	738,975	738,576
4.875% senior notes due March 17, 2031	820,952	873,747
1.000% convertible senior notes due August 15, 2029	1,461,761	1,453,493
1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031	1,970,577	—
Revolving credit facility	1,500,000	1,570,000
Commercial paper notes	—	1,371,639
Finance lease liabilities	16,382	24,525
Other borrowings	197,793	243,337
Total long-term debt	16,240,367	16,312,882
Less current portion	1,075,708	620,585
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	<u>\$ 15,164,659</u>	<u>\$ 15,692,297</u>

[Schedule of Maturities of Long-Term Debt](#)

At December 31, 2024, future maturities of long-term debt (excluding finance lease liabilities) are as follows by year (in thousands):

<b>Year ending December 31,</b>	
2025	\$ 1,068,459
2026	1,913,464
2027	2,790,646
2028	467,701
2029	3,253,411
2030 and thereafter	6,832,392
Total	<u>\$ 16,326,073</u>

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**DERIVATIVES AND  
HEDGING  
INSTRUMENTS  
(Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities](#)

[Disclosure \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Derivative Instruments in Statement of  
Financial Position, Fair Value](#)

The table below presents information about our interest rate swaps, designated as cash flow hedges, included in the consolidated balance sheets:

Derivative Financial Instruments	Balance Sheet Location	Weighted-Average Fixed Rate of Interest at December 31, 2024	Range of Maturity Dates at December 31, 2024	Fair Values	
				December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
				(in thousands)	
Interest rate swaps (Notional of \$1.5 billion at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023)	Other noncurrent liabilities	4.26 %	April 17, 2027 - August 17, 2027	\$ 7,768	\$ 28,187

[Schedule of Derivative Instrument Effect on Other Comprehensive Income \(Loss\)](#)

The table below presents the effects of our interest rate swaps on the consolidated statements of income and statements of comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
(in thousands)			
Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized in other comprehensive loss	\$ 34,399	\$ (19,683)	\$ 12,915
Net unrealized gains (losses) reclassified out of other comprehensive loss to interest expense	\$ 8,731	\$ 4,609	\$ (21,327)

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**ACCOUNTS PAYABLE  
AND ACCRUED  
LIABILITIES (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities](#)

[\[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities](#)

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts payable and accrued liabilities consisted of the following:

	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Funds held for customers	\$ 938,416	\$ 817,180
Trade accounts payable	320,085	290,437
Compensation and benefits	248,970	276,441
Contract liabilities	242,769	229,686
Payment network fees	222,621	246,102
Income taxes	209,037	139,825
Interest	171,220	166,039
Third-party commissions	87,431	93,387
Operating leases	71,607	81,696
Miscellaneous taxes and withholdings	69,523	59,601
Third-party processing fees	36,251	29,593
Unclaimed property	24,413	22,560
Audit and legal	22,995	22,748
Current portion of accrued buyout liability <sup>(1)</sup>	14,358	13,719
Other	400,228	335,965
	<u>\$ 3,079,924</u>	<u>\$ 2,824,979</u>

(1) The noncurrent portion of accrued buyout liability of \$23.5 million and \$69.1 million is included in other noncurrent liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

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**INCOME TAX  
(Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Income Tax Disclosure  
\[Abstract\]](#)  
[Schedule of Components of  
Income Tax Expense](#)

The income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Current income tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	\$ 361,904	\$ 399,900	\$ 277,120
State	78,314	98,224	68,120
Foreign	201,143	209,955	125,580
	<u>641,361</u>	<u>708,079</u>	<u>470,820</u>
Deferred income tax expense (benefit):			
Federal	(238,554)	(330,647)	(235,727)
State	(46,689)	(84,729)	(41,770)
Foreign	(60,985)	(83,683)	(26,629)
	<u>(346,228)</u>	<u>(499,059)</u>	<u>(304,126)</u>
	<u>\$ 295,133</u>	<u>\$ 209,020</u>	<u>\$ 166,694</u>

[Schedule of Income \(Loss\)  
before Income Tax, Domestic  
and Foreign](#)

The following table presents income (loss) before income taxes for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
United States	\$ 1,255,792	\$ 597,969	\$ (189,030)
Foreign	612,995	571,978	413,352
	<u>\$ 1,868,787</u>	<u>\$ 1,169,947</u>	<u>\$ 224,322</u>

[Schedule of Effective Income  
Tax Rate Reconciliation](#)

Our effective tax rates for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 differ from the federal statutory rate for those periods as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2024	2023	2022	
Federal U.S. statutory rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
Foreign inclusion, net of foreign tax credits	2.3	3.4	8.2	
Foreign income taxes	1.8	2.2	1.4	
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	1.3	0.9	9.0	
Uncertain tax positions	0.9	0.5	(0.7)	
Non deductible executive compensation	0.3	0.9	4.7	
Share-based compensation expense	0.2	0.9	2.0	
Deemed royalty	0.2	0.7	1.2	
Net gain on dispositions and liquidations	—	4.3	12.1	
Goodwill impairment	—	—	78.0	
Valuation allowance	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.2)	
Foreign-derived intangible income deduction	(1.7)	(3.8)	(12.4)	
Tax credits	(4.4)	(3.8)	(19.5)	
Foreign interest income not subject to tax	(6.3)	(9.5)	(29.9)	
Other	0.5	0.6	(0.6)	
Effective tax rate	<u>15.8 %</u>	<u>17.9 %</u>	<u>74.3 %</u>	

[Schedule of Deferred Tax  
Assets and Liabilities](#)

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, principal components of deferred tax items were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Deferred income tax assets:		
Research and development costs	\$ 286,859	\$ 267,098
Foreign net operating loss carryforwards	223,535	187,247
Credits	200,474	144,053
Financial instruments	110,621	91,032
Lease liabilities	69,751	89,645
Accrued expenses	51,632	54,478
Share-based compensation expense	33,683	42,376
Domestic net operating loss carryforwards	28,711	34,121
Other	100,507	72,484
	<u>1,105,773</u>	<u>982,534</u>
Valuation allowance	(241,197)	(211,049)
	<u>864,576</u>	<u>771,485</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Acquired intangibles	1,286,709	2,200,082
Partnership interests	896,411	238,139
Property and equipment	360,066	398,439
Right-of-use assets	42,441	59,124
Other	5,862	6,094
	<u>2,591,489</u>	<u>2,901,878</u>
Net deferred income tax liability	<u>\$ 1,726,913</u>	<u>\$ 2,130,393</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2024, as part of the integration of EVO into our Merchant Solutions business, certain deferred taxes, primarily those related to acquired intangibles, property and equipment and research and development costs, were reclassified into partnership interests. The net deferred income taxes reflected in our consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Noncurrent deferred income tax asset	\$ (106,083)	\$ (111,712)
Noncurrent deferred income tax liability	1,832,996	2,242,105
Net deferred income tax liability	<u>\$ 1,726,913</u>	<u>\$ 2,130,393</u>

[Schedule of Valuation  
Allowance](#)

Changes to our valuation allowance during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are summarized below (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ (112,259)
Allowance for foreign net operating losses	(122)
Allowance for foreign tax credits	60
Allowance for state tax credits	2,282
Allowance for domestic net operating losses	(4)
Balance at December 31, 2022	(110,043)
Allowance for foreign net operating losses	(674)
Allowance for foreign tax credits	(101,271)
Allowance for state tax credits	3,079
Allowance for state interest limitation	(2,335)
Allowance for domestic net operating losses	195
Balance at December 31, 2023	(211,049)
Allowance for foreign net operating losses	(12,533)
Allowance for foreign tax credits	(16,975)
Allowance for state tax credits	(463)
Allowance for state interest limitation	(177)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ (241,197)</u>

[Schedule of Unrecognized Tax Benefits Roll Forward](#)

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized income tax benefits, excluding penalties and interest, for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 43,229	\$ 31,315	\$ 34,905
Additions related to acquisitions	—	4,054	—
Reductions for income tax positions of prior years	(164)	(887)	(8,301)
Settlements with income tax authorities	(1,656)	(988)	(3,245)
Additions for income tax positions of prior years	9,092	1,809	911
Additions based on income tax positions related to the current year	7,801	7,926	7,045
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 58,302	\$ 43,229	\$ 31,315

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**SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Equity \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Shares Repurchased and Retired](#) Information about shares repurchased and retired was as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands, except per share amounts)		
Number of shares repurchased and retired	12,730	4,065	23,266
Cost of shares repurchased, including commissions and applicable excise taxes	\$ 1,565,688	\$ 413,667	\$ 2,929,814
Average cost per share	\$ 123.00	\$ 101.77	\$ 125.93

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**SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Share-Based Payment Arrangement \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Share-based Compensation Expense](#)

The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense and the related income tax benefit recognized for our share-based awards and stock options:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Share-based compensation expense	\$ 164,244	\$ 208,994	\$ 163,261
Income tax benefit	\$ 35,528	\$ 48,446	\$ 38,059

[Schedule of Changes in Unvested Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units](#)

The following table summarizes the changes in unvested restricted stock awards and performance units for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Shares		Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value
	(in thousands)		
Unvested at December 31, 2021	1,640		\$184.90
Granted	1,496		137.51
Vested	(756)		170.79
Forfeited	(235)		164.06
Unvested at December 31, 2022	2,145		159.04
Replacement Awards	202		98.44
Granted	1,322		112.81
Vested	(1,041)		157.33
Forfeited	(147)		128.18
Unvested at December 31, 2023	2,481		131.41
Granted	1,225		128.97
Vested	(1,224)		140.79
Forfeited	(230)		119.07
Unvested at December 31, 2024	2,252		\$126.07

[Schedule of Changes in Stock Option Activity](#)

The following table summarizes changes in stock option activity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Options	Weighted-Average Exercise Price	Weighted-Average Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
	(in thousands)		(years)	(in millions)
Outstanding at December 31, 2021	1,172	\$107.44	5.8	\$47.4
Granted	154	136.02		
Forfeited	(89)	147.65		
Exercised	(98)	65.69		5.5
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	1,139	111.75	5.4	17.3
Replacement Awards	142	98.44		
Granted	233	110.83		
Forfeited	(297)	155.35		
Exercised	(296)	89.08		9.4
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	921	99.54	5.0	32.1
Granted	168	127.99		
Forfeited	(77)	150.55		
Exercised	(234)	59.16		16.0
Outstanding at December 31, 2024	778	\$112.91	5.5	\$9.0
Options vested and exercisable at December 31, 2024	521	\$110.07	4.0	\$7.9

[Schedule of Fair Valuation Assumptions](#)

Fair value was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Risk-free interest rate	4.13%	3.84%	1.87%
Expected volatility	45%	45%	40%
Dividend yield	0.90%	0.81%	0.56%
Expected term (years)	5	5	5

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**SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Supplemental Cash Flow Information \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures](#)

Supplemental cash flow disclosures for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$ 523,263	\$ 640,784	\$ 431,148
Interest paid	\$ 618,865	\$ 603,486	\$ 350,075

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**NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS (Tables)**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

[Noncontrolling Interest \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Net Income Reconciliation](#)

The following table presents the reconciliation of net income attributable to noncontrolling interests to comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 73,788	\$ 42,590	\$ 31,820
Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests	(54,468)	50,397	(13,301)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	\$ 19,320	\$ 92,987	\$ 18,519

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**ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE**

**12 Months Ended  
Dec. 31, 2024**

**LOSS (Tables)**

[Equity \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss](#)

The changes in the accumulated balances for each component of other comprehensive income (loss) were as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Foreign Currency Translation Gains (Losses)	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Hedging Activities	Other	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss
	(in thousands)			
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ (182,949)	\$ (48,490)	\$ (2,743)	\$ (234,182)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(197,635)	26,070	(222)	(171,787)
Balance at December 31, 2022	(380,584)	(22,420)	(2,965)	(405,969)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	165,044	(18,439)	439	147,044
Balance at December 31, 2023	(215,540)	(40,859)	(2,526)	(258,925)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(374,388)	19,441	141	(354,806)
Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest	739	—	—	739
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ (589,189)	\$ (21,418)	\$ (2,385)	\$ (612,992)

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**SEGMENT INFORMATION (Tables)**

[Segment Reporting \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Segment Reporting Information](#)

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024**

Information on segments and reconciliations to consolidated revenues, consolidated operating expenses, consolidated operating income and consolidated depreciation and amortization were as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
	(in thousands)		
<b>Revenues<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions	\$ 7,688,703	\$ 7,151,793	\$ 6,204,917
Issuer Solutions	2,483,657	2,398,870	2,245,623
Consumer Solutions	—	182,740	620,482
Intersegment eliminations	(66,466)	(78,984)	(95,507)
<b>Consolidated revenues</b>	<b>\$ 10,105,894</b>	<b>\$ 9,654,419</b>	<b>\$ 8,975,515</b>
<b>Operating expenses<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions:			
Cost of service	\$ 2,008,126	\$ 1,925,880	\$ 1,798,300
Selling, general and administrative	3,067,662	2,880,658	2,366,362
Total Merchant Solutions expenses	5,075,788	4,806,538	4,164,662
Issuer Solutions:			
Cost of service	1,795,001	1,738,047	1,633,708
Selling, general and administrative	246,214	251,016	255,700
Total Issuer Solutions expenses	2,041,215	1,989,063	1,889,408
Consumer Solutions <sup>(2)</sup>	—	186,648	566,888
Corporate	994,886	898,024	777,744
Intersegment eliminations	(66,466)	(78,984)	(95,507)
<b>Operating income (loss)<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions	\$ 2,612,915	\$ 2,345,255	\$ 2,040,255
Issuer Solutions	442,442	409,807	356,215
Consumer Solutions	—	(3,908)	53,594
Corporate	(994,886)	(898,024)	(777,744)
Impairment of goodwill	—	—	(833,075)
Net gain (loss) on business dispositions	273,134	(136,744)	(199,094)
<b>Consolidated operating income</b>	<b>\$ 2,333,605</b>	<b>\$ 1,716,386</b>	<b>\$ 640,151</b>
<b>Depreciation and amortization<sup>(1)</sup>:</b>			
Merchant Solutions	\$ 1,179,845	\$ 1,109,186	\$ 981,297
Issuer Solutions	658,186	646,118	623,755
Consumer Solutions	—	—	35,773
Corporate	24,300	21,388	21,630
<b>Consolidated depreciation and amortization</b>	<b>\$ 1,862,331</b>	<b>\$ 1,776,692</b>	<b>\$ 1,662,455</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenues, operating expenses, operating income and depreciation and amortization reflect the effects of acquired businesses from the respective acquisition dates and the effects of disposed businesses through the respective disposal dates. See "Note 2—Acquisitions" and "Note 3—Business Dispositions" for further discussion. Operating income and operating expenses included acquisition and integration expenses of \$211.6 million, \$341.9 million and \$259.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which were primarily included within Corporate selling, general and administrative expenses. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, operating expenses for Corporate also included \$13.4 million, \$18.5 million and \$47.1 million, respectively, of other charges related to facilities exit activities as a result of actions taken to reduce our facility footprint in certain markets around the world.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, Corporate operating expenses also reflected costs of \$99.1 million associated with our business transformation initiative, employee termination benefits of \$99.6 million, which included \$19.4 million of share-based compensation expense, and charges of \$55.8 million for technology assets that will no longer be utilized under a revised technology architecture development strategy. These charges are presented within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of income.

<sup>(2)</sup> Prior to the disposition of the consumer portion of our Netspend business, the information provided to the CODM included segment revenue and operating income, but not cost of service or selling, general and administrative expense. Therefore, the segment expense detail is not provided for the Consumer Solutions business.

Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets, by location as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
United States	\$ 1,725,811	\$ 1,672,532
Foreign countries	551,782	517,473
	<b>\$ 2,277,593</b>	<b>\$ 2,190,005</b>

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**COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Tables)**

[Commitments and Contingencies Disclosure \[Abstract\]](#)

[Schedule of Future Minimum Payments for Purchase Obligations](#)

Future minimum payments at December 31, 2024 for purchase obligations were as follows (in thousands):

Year ending December 31:	
2025	\$ 659,798
2026	433,666
2027	325,775
2028	289,686
2029	231,059
2030 and thereafter	192,549
Total future minimum payments	<b>\$ 2,132,533</b>

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**BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Narrative (Details)**  
\$ in Thousands

[Product Information \[Line Items\]](#)

[Number of reportable segments | segment](#)

[Cash available for general purposes](#)

[Allowance for credit losses](#)

[Credit loss expense related to accounts receivable](#)

[Allowance for credit losses related to settlement processing assets](#)

[Credit loss expense related to settlement processing assets](#)

[Impairment of goodwill](#)

[Hosting arrangement, service contract, implementation cost, impairment, statement of income or comprehensive income \[extensible enumeration\]](#)

[Equity method investments](#)

[Aggregate principal amount](#)

**3 Months Ended**

**12 Months Ended**

	Jun. 30, 2022 USD (\$)	Dec. 31, 2024 USD (\$) segment shares	Dec. 31, 2023 USD (\$) shares	Dec. 31, 2022 USD (\$) shares	Aug. 08, 2022
--	---------------------------	---	-------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	---------------

2

\$ 1,067,500

\$ 703,300

24,700

19,000

25,000

23,300

\$ 15,000

10,000

9,700

22,400

19,200

13,000

\$ 0

0

\$ 833,075

Selling, general and administrative

\$ 999,300

\$ 989,600

\$ 16,326,073

Antidilutive securities excluded from computation of earnings per share (in shares)   shares	293,422	191,353	700,119
Convertible Debt			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Aggregate principal amount	\$ 1,500,000		
1,500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031   Convertible Debt			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Aggregate principal amount	\$ 2,000,000		
Stated interest rate (as a percent)	1.50%		
1,000% convertible notes due August 15, 2029   Convertible Debt			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Stated interest rate (as a percent)			1.00%
CUP Data			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Ownership interest in equity method investment (as a percent)	45.00%		
Notes Receivable			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Allowance for credit losses and a noncash charge		\$ 15,200	
Allowance for credit losses	\$ 15,200	15,200	
Held-for-sale   Consumer Business			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Impairment of goodwill	\$ 833,100		
Internal-Use Software			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Capitalized implementation costs, net of accumulated amortization	215,400	206,500	
Amortization expense of capitalized implementation costs	7,600	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,100
Acquired technologies			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Impairment of implementation cost	\$ 28,500		
Minimum			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Amortization period of capitalized contract costs	3 years		
Minimum   Internal-Use Software			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Estimated useful life	5 years		
Maximum			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Amortization period of capitalized contract costs	7 years		
Maximum   Internal-Use Software			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Estimated useful life	10 years		
Cash and Cash Equivalents   Financial Institution Concentration Risk   Eight Financial Institutions			
<b>Product Information [Line Items]</b>			
Percentage of total consolidated revenues from external customers	75.00%		

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BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES -Schedule of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash (Details) - USD (\$) \$ in Thousands	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
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**Accounting Policies [Abstract]**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,538,416	\$ 2,088,887		
Restricted cash	197,559	167,190		
Cash included in assets held for sale	0	798		
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	\$ 2,735,975	\$ 2,256,875	\$ 2,215,606	\$ 2,123,023

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BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Schedule of Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding (Details) - shares shares in Thousands	12 Months Ended			
	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022	

**Accounting Policies [Abstract]**

Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding (in shares)	254,291	261,126	275,191
Plus: Dilutive effect of stock options and other share-based awards (in shares)	554	572	385
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding (in shares)	254,845	261,698	275,576

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ACQUISITIONS - Schedule of Purchase Consideration (Details) - EVO Payments, Inc \$ / shares in Units, \$ in Thousands, shares in Millions	1 Months Ended	
	Mar. 31, 2023	
	USD (\$)	\$ / shares
	shares	shares

**Business Acquisition [Line Items]**

Cash paid to EVO shareholders	\$ 3,273,951
Cash paid for equity awards attributable to purchase consideration	58,510
Value of replacement awards attributable to purchase consideration	2,484
Total purchase consideration transferred to EVO shareholders	3,334,945
Total purchase consideration	\$ 4,269,620
Price per share (in USD per share)   \$ / shares	\$ 34
Equity interest issued (in shares)   shares	0.3

**Business Acquisition [Line Items]**

Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees)	\$ 665,557
Payment of certain acquiree transaction costs and other liabilities on behalf of EVO	

**Business Acquisition [Line Items]**

Repayment of EVO's unsecured revolving credit facility (including accrued interest and fees)	\$ 269,118
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ACQUISITIONS - Schedule of Recognized Identified
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**Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed (Details) - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>		
Goodwill	\$ 26,286,318	\$ 26,743,523
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc</a>		
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>		
Cash and cash equivalents	324,859	
Accounts receivable	51,470	
Settlement processing assets	134,712	
Deferred income tax assets	1,734	
Property and equipment	72,100	
Identifiable intangible assets	1,478,995	
Other assets	148,567	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(289,360)	
Settlement lines of credit	(7,587)	
Settlement processing obligations	(163,535)	
Deferred income tax liabilities	(253,221)	
Other liabilities	(61,207)	
Total identifiable net assets	1,437,527	
Redeemable noncontrolling interests	(471,119)	
Goodwill	3,303,212	
Total purchase consideration	\$ 4,269,620	

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**ACQUISITIONS - Narrative (Details) - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

	12 Months Ended		
	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>			
Measurement-period adjustments	\$ 19,927	\$ (237)	\$ (20,239)
Current consideration	47,300		
Noncurrent consideration payable	8,800		
<a href="#">Merchant Solutions</a>			
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>			
Measurement-period adjustments	19,927	\$ (237)	\$ (2,958)
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc</a>			
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>			
Measurement-period adjustments	\$ 19,900		
Percent revenue of acquiree (less than)	10.00%		
Percent operating income of acquiree (less than)	10.00%		
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc   Merchant Solutions</a>			
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>			
Expected tax deductible goodwill acquired	\$ 1,200,000		

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**ACQUISITIONS - Schedule of Fair Values of Identified Intangible Assets Acquired and Respective Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods (Details) - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

	1 Months Ended		12 Months Ended	
	Mar. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	
<a href="#">Customer-related intangible assets</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods			6 years 8 months 12 days	10 years 9 months 18 days
<a href="#">Contract-based intangible assets</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods			6 years 3 months 18 days	12 years
<a href="#">Acquired technologies</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods			5 years	6 years 3 months 18 days
<a href="#">Trademarks and trade names</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods			7 years	2 years
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Estimated Fair Value	\$ 1,478,995			
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods	11 years			
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc   Customer-related intangible assets</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Estimated Fair Value	\$ 916,000			
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods	11 years			
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc   Contract-based intangible assets</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Estimated Fair Value	\$ 470,000			
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods	12 years			
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc   Acquired technologies</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Estimated Fair Value	\$ 86,995			
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods	7 years			
<a href="#">EVO Payments, Inc   Trademarks and trade names</a>				
<a href="#">Business Acquisition [Line Items]</a>				
Estimated Fair Value	\$ 6,000			
Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods	2 years			

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**BUSINESS DISPOSITIONS (Details) - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

	1 Months Ended			12 Months Ended	
	Apr. 26, 2023	Apr. 30, 2022	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
<a href="#">Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</a>					
Disposal group not discontinued operation gain (loss) on disposal, statement of income or comprehensive income [extensible enumeration]				Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Business	
Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale					\$ 529,541
<a href="#">Notes Receivable</a>					
<a href="#">Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</a>					
Interest income			\$ 89,900	\$ 58,300	
Estimated fair value			809,300	735,600	
Aggregate principal amount			810,200	753,500	

Allowance for credit losses	15,200	15,200	
Sale   AdvancedMD, Inc.			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Business for consideration	1,000,000		
Disposal group, including discontinued operation, contingent consideration	125,000		
Gain (loss) on disposition	\$ (273,100)		
Sale   Gaming Business			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Business for consideration			\$ 400,000
Gain (loss) on disposition		106,900	
Sale   Consumer Business			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Business for consideration			\$ 1,000,000
Gain (loss) on disposition		\$ (243,600)	
Reduction to fair value			71,900
Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale			833,100
Sale   Consumer Business   First Lien Secured Term Loan Facility			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Seller financing term	7 years		
Seller financing	\$ 350,000		
Interest rate	9.00%		
Interest rate, payable in cash	3.50%		
Interest rate, paid in kind	5.50%		
Note receivable, fair value	\$ 653,900		
Quarterly principal payments	\$ 4,375		
Sale   Consumer Business   Second Lien Secured Term Loan Facility			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Seller financing term	25 years		
Seller financing	\$ 325,000		
Interest rate, paid in kind	13.00%		
Sale   Consumer Business   First Lien Secured Revolving Facility			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Seller financing term	5 years		
Interest rate	9.00%		
Secured revolving facility available	\$ 50,000		
Sale   Consumer Business   Unsecured Promissory Note			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Seller financing	\$ 32,000		
Interest rate	11.00%		
Held-for-sale   Merchant Solutions			
<b>Schedule of Equity Method Investments [Line Items]</b>			
Reduction to fair value			(127,200)
Cash proceeds		\$ 9,000	
Accumulated foreign currency translation losses			\$ 62,900

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	<b>12 Months Ended</b>		
<b>REVENUES -Schedule of Disaggregation of Revenue (Details) - USD (\$)</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	\$ 10,105,894	\$ 9,654,419	\$ 8,975,515
Americas			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	8,114,755	7,862,592	7,537,914
Europe			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	1,731,427	1,530,888	1,190,072
Asia Pacific			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	259,712	260,939	247,529
Operating Segments   Merchant Solutions			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	7,688,703	7,151,793	6,204,917
Operating Segments   Merchant Solutions   Relationship-led			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	3,925,253	3,738,536	3,189,046
Operating Segments   Merchant Solutions   Technology-enabled			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	3,763,450	3,413,257	3,015,871
Operating Segments   Merchant Solutions   Americas			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	6,254,163	5,867,308	5,236,728
Operating Segments   Merchant Solutions   Europe			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	1,174,828	1,023,546	720,660
Operating Segments   Merchant Solutions   Asia Pacific			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	259,712	260,939	247,529
Operating Segments   Issuer Solutions			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	2,483,657	2,398,870	2,245,623
Operating Segments   Issuer Solutions   Americas			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	1,883,852	1,849,638	1,739,620
Operating Segments   Issuer Solutions   Europe			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	556,599	507,342	469,412
Operating Segments   Issuer Solutions   Asia Pacific			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	43,206	41,890	36,591
Operating Segments   Consumer Solutions Segment			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues	0	182,740	620,482
Operating Segments   Consumer Solutions Segment   Americas			
<b>Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]</b>			
Revenues		182,740	620,482

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Revenues 0 0

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Revenues 0 0

**Intersegment Eliminations**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Revenues (66,466) (78,984) (95,507)

**Intersegment Eliminations | Americas**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Revenues (23,260) (37,094) (58,916)

**Intersegment Eliminations | Europe**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Revenues 0 0 0

**Intersegment Eliminations | Asia Pacific**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Revenues \$ (43,206) \$ (41,890) \$ (36,591)

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**REVENUES - Schedule of Supplemental balance sheet (Details) - USD (\$)  
\$ in Thousands**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Contract liabilities, net (current) \$ 242,769 \$ 229,686 \$ 226,254

Contract liabilities, net (noncurrent) 50,555 54,246 45,613

**Obtain Contract**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Capitalized contract cost 338,960 360,684 329,785

**Fulfill Contract**

**Disaggregation of Revenue [Line Items]**

Capitalized contract cost \$ 174,024 \$ 197,355 \$ 152,520

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**12 Months Ended**

**REVENUES - Narrative (Details) - USD (\$)  
\$ in Millions**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023**

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Revenue recognized from contract liabilities balances at beginning of the period \$ 200.0 \$ 199.7

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**REVENUES - Schedule of Remaining Performance Obligation (Details)  
\$ in Thousands**

**Dec. 31, 2024  
USD (\$)**

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 3,689,981

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Remaining performance obligation 3,689,981

Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis]: 2025-01-01

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 1,163,120

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Expected timing of satisfaction 1 year

Remaining performance obligation \$ 1,163,120

Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis]: 2026-01-01

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 902,270

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Expected timing of satisfaction 1 year

Remaining performance obligation \$ 902,270

Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis]: 2027-01-01

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 698,486

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Expected timing of satisfaction 1 year

Remaining performance obligation \$ 698,486

Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis]: 2028-01-01

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 391,044

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Expected timing of satisfaction 1 year

Remaining performance obligation \$ 391,044

Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis]: 2029-01-01

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 182,062

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Expected timing of satisfaction 1 year

Remaining performance obligation \$ 182,062

Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction, Start Date [Axis]: 2030-01-01

**Revenue from Contract with Customer [Abstract]**

Remaining performance obligation \$ 352,999

**Revenue, Remaining Performance Obligation, Expected Timing of Satisfaction [Line Items]**

Expected timing of satisfaction 1 year

Remaining performance obligation \$ 352,999

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**PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Schedule of Property and Equipment (Details) - USD (\$)  
\$ in Thousands**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023**

**Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]**

Less accumulated depreciation and amortization \$ (2,139,127) \$ (1,800,382)

Property and equipment, net 2,277,593 2,190,005

**Property and Equipment**

**Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]**

Property and equipment, gross 3,694,767 3,335,578

**Software**

<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 2,197,746	1,937,440	
Software   Minimum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	5 years		
Software   Maximum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	10 years		
Equipment			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 1,076,109	969,164	
Equipment   Minimum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	3 years		
Equipment   Maximum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	20 years		
Buildings			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 192,005	191,715	
Buildings   Maximum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	40 years		
Leasehold improvements			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 114,360	120,964	
Leasehold improvements   Minimum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	5 years		
Leasehold improvements   Maximum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	15 years		
Furniture and fixtures			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 102,913	104,474	
Furniture and fixtures   Minimum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	5 years		
Furniture and fixtures   Maximum			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Range of Depreciable Lives	10 years		
Land			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 11,634	11,821	
Work-in-progress			
<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Property and equipment, gross	\$ 721,953	\$ 654,809	

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<b>PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT - Narrative (Details) \$ in Millions</b>	<b>12 Months Ended</b>		
	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>		
	<b>USD (\$)</b>		

Acquired technologies

<a href="#">Property, Plant and Equipment [Line Items]</a>			
Capitalized software costs written off	\$ 27.3		

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<b>GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Schedule of Goodwill and Intangible Assets (Details) - USD (\$)</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>	
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>			

<a href="#">Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]</a>			
Goodwill	\$ 26,286,318	\$ 26,743,523	
Other intangible assets:	16,764,485	16,987,516	
Less accumulated amortization:	7,832,542	6,819,470	
Other intangible assets, net	8,931,943	10,168,046	
Customer-related intangible assets			

<a href="#">Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]</a>			
Other intangible assets:	10,354,686	10,653,036	
Less accumulated amortization:	4,420,615	3,866,686	

Acquired technologies

<a href="#">Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]</a>			
Other intangible assets:	3,051,188	3,005,576	
Less accumulated amortization:	2,306,420	2,047,330	
Contract-based intangible assets			

<a href="#">Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]</a>			
Other intangible assets:	2,310,430	2,254,273	
Less accumulated amortization:	439,237	309,886	
Trademarks and trade names			

<a href="#">Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]</a>			
Other intangible assets:	1,048,181	1,074,631	
Less accumulated amortization:	\$ 666,270	\$ 595,568	

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<b>GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Schedule of Reportable Segment in Carrying Amount of Goodwill (Details) - USD (\$)</b>	<b>12 Months Ended</b>		
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>			
	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>

<a href="#">Goodwill [Roll Forward]</a>			
Goodwill, balance at beginning of period	\$ 26,743,523	\$ 23,320,736	\$ 24,813,274
Goodwill acquired	193,252	3,283,285	3,296
Effect of foreign currency translation	(231,473)	139,739	(95,260)
Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business	(438,911)		(17,719)
Impairment of goodwill	0	0	(833,075)
Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units			0
Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale			(529,541)

<a href="#">Measurement-period adjustments</a>	19,927	(237)	(20,239)
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at end of period</a>	26,286,318	26,743,523	23,320,736
<a href="#">Merchant Solutions</a>			
<b>Goodwill [Roll Forward]</b>			
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at beginning of period</a>	17,226,828	13,816,945	14,063,682
<a href="#">Goodwill acquired</a>	193,252	3,283,285	3,296
<a href="#">Effect of foreign currency translation</a>	(223,564)	126,835	(66,251)
<a href="#">Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business</a>	(438,911)		(17,719)
<a href="#">Impairment of goodwill</a>			0
<a href="#">Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units</a>			0
<a href="#">Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale</a>			(163,105)
<a href="#">Measurement-period adjustments</a>	19,927	(237)	(2,958)
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at end of period</a>	16,777,532	17,226,828	13,816,945
<a href="#">Issuer Solutions</a>			
<b>Goodwill [Roll Forward]</b>			
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at beginning of period</a>	9,516,695	9,503,791	9,908,014
<a href="#">Goodwill acquired</a>	0	0	0
<a href="#">Effect of foreign currency translation</a>	(7,909)	12,904	(29,009)
<a href="#">Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business</a>	0		0
<a href="#">Impairment of goodwill</a>			0
<a href="#">Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units</a>			(357,933)
<a href="#">Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale</a>			0
<a href="#">Measurement-period adjustments</a>	0	0	(17,281)
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at end of period</a>	9,508,786	9,516,695	9,503,791
<a href="#">Consumer Solutions Segment</a>			
<b>Goodwill [Roll Forward]</b>			
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at beginning of period</a>	0	0	841,578
<a href="#">Goodwill acquired</a>	0	0	0
<a href="#">Effect of foreign currency translation</a>	0	0	0
<a href="#">Goodwill derecognized in connection with the sale of a business</a>	0		0
<a href="#">Impairment of goodwill</a>			(833,075)
<a href="#">Reallocation of accumulated impairment losses due to change in reporting units</a>			357,933
<a href="#">Reclassification of goodwill to assets held for sale</a>			(366,436)
<a href="#">Measurement-period adjustments</a>	0	0	0
<a href="#">Goodwill, balance at end of period</a>	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

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	12 Months Ended		
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Narrative (Details) - USD (\$)	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
\$ in Thousands			

**Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Accumulated impairment loss</a>	\$ 357,900	\$ 357,900	
<a href="#">Amortization of intangible assets</a>	\$ 1,369,328	\$ 1,318,535	\$ 1,262,969

**Customer-related intangible assets**

**Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]**

[Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods](#) 6 years 8 months 12 days 10 years 9 months 18 days

**Acquired technologies**

**Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]**

[Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods](#) 5 years 6 years 3 months 18 days

**Contract-based intangible assets**

**Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]**

[Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods](#) 6 years 3 months 18 days 12 years

**Trademarks and trade names**

**Finite-Lived Intangible Assets [Line Items]**

[Weighted-Average Estimated Amortization Periods](#) 7 years 2 years

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GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - Schedule of Future Intangible Asset Amortization Expense (Details)	Dec. 31, 2024
\$ in Thousands	USD (\$)

**Finite-Lived Intangible Assets, Net, Amortization Expense, Fiscal Year Maturity [Abstract]**

<a href="#">2025</a>	\$ 1,331,709
<a href="#">2026</a>	1,192,308
<a href="#">2027</a>	955,966
<a href="#">2028</a>	877,245
<a href="#">2029</a>	\$ 790,785

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LEASES - Schedule of Lease Assets and Liabilities (Details) - USD (\$)	12 Months Ended	
\$ in Thousands	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023

**Assets:**

<a href="#">Total operating lease right-of-use-assets</a>	\$ 279,058	\$ 345,715
<a href="#">Finance lease right-of-use assets:</a>	61,680	70,066
<a href="#">Less accumulated depreciation:</a>	(42,887)	(47,196)
<a href="#">Total finance lease right-of-use assets</a>	18,793	22,870
<a href="#">Total right-of-use assets</a>	297,851	368,585

**Liabilities:**

<a href="#">Operating lease liabilities (current)</a>	71,607	81,696
<a href="#">Operating lease liabilities (noncurrent)</a>	354,491	411,227
<a href="#">Finance lease liabilities (current)</a>	8,099	12,055
<a href="#">Finance lease liabilities (noncurrent)</a>	8,283	12,470
<a href="#">Total lease liabilities</a>	\$ 442,480	\$ 517,448
<a href="#">Operating lease, right-of-use asset, statement of financial position [extensible list]</a>	Other noncurrent assets	Other noncurrent assets
<a href="#">Finance lease, right-of-use asset, statement of financial position [extensible list]</a>	Property and equipment, net	Property and equipment, net
<a href="#">Operating lease, liability, current, statement of financial position [extensible list]</a>	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
<a href="#">Operating lease, liability, noncurrent, statement of financial position [extensible list]</a>	Other noncurrent liabilities	Other noncurrent liabilities
<a href="#">Finance lease, liability, current, statement of financial position [extensible list]</a>	Current portion of long-term debt	Current portion of long-term debt
<a href="#">Finance lease, liability, noncurrent, statement of financial position [extensible list]</a>	Long-term debt	Long-term debt
<a href="#">Proportion of operating lease right-of-use assets located in the United States (as a percent)</a>	70.00%	70.00%

**Real estate**

<a href="#">Assets:</a>		
<a href="#">Total operating lease right-of-use-assets</a>	\$ 278,942	\$ 340,061
<a href="#">Computer equipment</a>		

**Assets:**

Total operating lease right-of-use-assets	0	5,352
Finance lease right-of-use assets:	700	11,168
Less accumulated depreciation:	(457)	(4,361)
Other equipment		
<b>Assets:</b>		
Finance lease right-of-use assets:	52,365	52,264
Less accumulated depreciation:	(39,021)	(38,338)
Other		
<b>Assets:</b>		
Total operating lease right-of-use-assets	116	302
Finance lease right-of-use assets:	8,615	6,634
Less accumulated depreciation:	\$ (3,409)	\$ (4,497)

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<b>LEASES - Narrative</b>	<b>12 Months Ended</b>		
<b>(Details) - USD (\$)</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>
<b>\$ in Millions</b>			

<b>Lessee, Lease, Description [Line Items]</b>			
Weighted-average remaining lease term of operating leases	7 years 9 months 18 days	8 years 4 months 24 days	
Weighted-average remaining lease term of finance leases	3 years 1 month 6 days	3 years 2 months 12 days	
Weighted-average discount rate of operating leases (as a percent)	3.80%	4.00%	
Weighted-average discount rate of finance leases (as a percent)	4.60%	3.70%	
Operating lease cost	\$ 98.7	\$ 101.6	\$ 137.8
Variable lease cost	14.5	19.1	21.0
Finance lease cost	12.3	14.1	18.1
Amortization of right-of-use assets on finance leases	11.7	13.2	16.7
Interest on finance lease liabilities	0.6	0.9	1.4
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liabilities	93.0	101.7	120.7
Operating lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets	30.2	31.2	25.8
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of finance lease liabilities	16.1	12.9	21.2
Finance lease liabilities arising from obtaining new or modified right-of-use assets	9.4	4.4	8.2
Lease liabilities assumed		41.3	
Right-of-use assets acquired		41.3	
Right-of-use-assets disposed		4.9	
Operating lease liabilities disposed		4.9	
Termination of operating right-of-use assets	5.4	10.3	44.2
Termination of finance right-of-use assets		0.1	9.7
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses			

**Lessee, Lease, Description [Line Items]**

Operating lease cost	89.4	81.6	105.7
Cost of Services			
<b>Lessee, Lease, Description [Line Items]</b>			
Operating lease cost	\$ 9.3	\$ 20.0	\$ 32.1

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<b>LEASES - Schedule of</b>		
<b>Maturities of Lease</b>		
<b>Liabilities (Details) - Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023</b>		
<b>USD (\$)</b>		
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>		

**Operating Leases**

2025	\$ 85,984	
2026	82,251	
2027	68,404	
2028	56,940	
2029	42,330	
2030 and thereafter	156,586	
Total lease payments	492,495	
Imputed interest	(66,397)	
Total lease liabilities	426,098	
<b>Finance Leases</b>		
2025	8,362	
2026	4,323	
2027	3,037	
2028	1,674	
2029	0	
2030 and thereafter	0	
Total lease payments	17,396	
Imputed interest	(1,014)	
Total lease liabilities	\$ 16,382	\$ 24,525

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<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>	<b>1 Month Ended</b>	<b>12 Months Ended</b>	
<b>(Details)</b>	<b>Nov. 30, 2023</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2022 Jun. 21, 2016</b>
	<b>USD (\$)</b>	<b>USD (\$)</b>	<b>USD (\$)</b>

Visa Inc., Series B and C Convertible Preferred Shares

**Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Line Items]**

Assigned value of preferred shares	\$ 0		\$ 0
Realized gain on investment	18,800,000	\$ 13,200,000	

Visa Inc., Series B and C Convertible Preferred Shares | Minimum

**Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Line Items]**

Potential stock received upon conversion of investment (pure)			0
Visa Class A Common Shares			

**Other Investment Not Readily Marketable [Line Items]**

Assigned value of preferred shares	\$ 0	
Proceeds from sale of restricted investments	\$ 42,100,000	

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<b>LONG-TERM DEBT</b>	<b>1 Month Ended</b>	<b>12 Months Ended</b>	
<b>AND LINES OF</b>	<b>Nov. 30, 2023</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2022 Mar. 17, 2023 Aug. 22, 2022 Nov. 22, 2021 Feb. 26, 2021 Sep. 30, 2019</b>
<b>CREDIT - Schedule of</b>			
<b>Debt (Details) - USD</b>			
<b>(\$)</b>			
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>			

**Debt Instrument [Line Items]**

Finance lease liabilities	\$ 16,382	\$ 24,525
Total long-term debt	16,240,367	16,312,882
Less current portion	1,075,708	620,585
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	15,164,659	15,692,297
Other borrowings		

**Debt Instrument [Line Items]**

Gross long-term debt	\$ 197,793	243,337
1,500% senior notes due November 15, 2024   Senior notes		

**Debt Instrument [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	1.50%		1.50%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 0	499,143	
<a href="#">2.650% senior notes due February 15, 2025   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	2.65%		
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 999,791	998,172	
<a href="#">1.200% senior notes due March 1, 2026   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	1.20%		1.20%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 1,097,764	1,095,848	
<a href="#">4.800% senior notes due April 1, 2026   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.80%		4.80%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 764,125	775,425	
<a href="#">2.150% senior notes due January 15, 2027   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	2.15%		2.15%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 747,447	746,196	
<a href="#">4.950% senior notes due August 15, 2027   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.95%		4.95%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 497,425	496,444	
<a href="#">4.450% senior notes due June 1, 2028   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.45%		4.45%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 465,012	469,406	
<a href="#">3.200% senior notes due August 15, 2029   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	3.20%		
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 1,242,715	1,241,169	
<a href="#">5.300% senior notes due August 15, 2029   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	5.30%		5.30%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 496,762	496,063	
<a href="#">2.900% senior notes due May 15, 2030   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	2.90%		2.90%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 993,708	992,537	
<a href="#">2.900% senior notes due November 15, 2031   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	2.90%		2.90%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 744,233	743,394	
<a href="#">5.400% senior notes due August 15, 2032   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	5.40%		5.40%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 743,730	742,908	
<a href="#">4.150% senior notes due August 15, 2049   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.15%		
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 741,215	740,860	
<a href="#">5.950% senior notes due August 15, 2052   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	5.95%		5.95%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 738,975	738,576	
<a href="#">4.875% senior notes due March 17, 2031   Senior notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.875%		4.875%
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 820,952	873,747	
<a href="#">1.000% convertible senior notes due August 15, 2029   Convertible Debt</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	1.00%		
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 1,461,761	1,453,493	
<a href="#">1.500% convertible senior notes due March 1, 2031   Convertible Debt</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	1.50%		
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>	\$ 1,970,577	0	
<a href="#">Commercial Paper Notes   Commercial Paper</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Short-term debt</a>	\$ 0	\$ 1,371,639	
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Narrative (Details) - USD (\$)</b>			
<b>\$ in Millions</b>			
<b>12 Months Ended</b>			
	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Amortization debt issuance costs</a>	\$ 31.5	\$ 27.0	\$ 20.5
<a href="#">Senior Notes and Convertible Notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Unamortized discount</a>	38.5		
<a href="#">Unamortized debt issuance costs</a>	92.8		
<a href="#">Senior Notes</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Unamortized discount</a>		46.1	
<a href="#">Amortization debt issuance costs</a>	15.7	15.7	\$ 27.4
<a href="#">Secured Debt</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Unamortized debt issuance costs</a>		78.4	
<a href="#">Unsecured Debt   Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Unamortized debt issuance costs</a>	\$ 13.4		
<a href="#">Line of Credit</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Unamortized debt issuance costs</a>		\$ 18.5	
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Maturity Requirements on</b>			
<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>			



<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	2.90%	2.90%
<a href="#">Debt issuance costs</a>		\$ 8,400,000
<a href="#">2.650% senior notes due February 15, 2025   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>	\$ 1,000,000,000.0	
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	2.65%	
<a href="#">3.200% senior notes due August 15, 2029   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>	\$ 1,250,000,000	
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	3.20%	
<a href="#">4.150% senior notes due August 15, 2049   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>	\$ 750,000,000.0	
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.15%	
<a href="#">Term Loan B-2   Secured Debt</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Unamortized discount</a>	\$ 6,100,000	
<a href="#">Debt issuance costs</a>	\$ 29,600,000	
<a href="#">3.750% senior notes due June 1, 2023   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>		\$ 550,000,000.0
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>		3.75%
<a href="#">4.000% senior notes due June 1, 2023   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>		\$ 550,000,000.0
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>		4.00%
<a href="#">4.800% senior notes due April 1, 2026   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>		\$ 750,000,000
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.80%	4.80%
<a href="#">4.450% senior notes due June 1, 2028   Senior Notes</a>		
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>		
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>		\$ 450,000,000
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>	4.45%	4.45%

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LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Convertible Notes (Details)	Feb. 23, 2024 USD (\$) day \$/ shares	Aug. 08, 2022 USD (\$) \$/ shares	12 Months Ended	
			Dec. 31, 2024 USD (\$)	Dec. 31, 2022 USD (\$)
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>				
<a href="#">Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes, net of taxes</a>				\$ (229,597,000)
<a href="#">1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031   Convertible Debt</a>				
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>				
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>	\$ 2,000,000,000.0			
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>			1.50%	
<a href="#">Proceeds from debt, net of issuance costs</a>	1,970,000,000			
<a href="#">Debt issuance costs</a>	\$ 33,500,000			
<a href="#">Convertible, conversion ratio</a>	0.006371			
<a href="#">Conversion price (in USD per share)   \$ / shares</a>	\$ 156.96			
<a href="#">Capped price (in USD per share)   \$ / shares</a>	\$ 228.90			
<a href="#">Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes, net of taxes</a>			\$ 256,300,000	
<a href="#">1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031   Convertible Debt   Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period One</a>				
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>				
<a href="#">Threshold percentage of stock price trigger</a>	130.00%			
<a href="#">Threshold trading days   day</a>	20			
<a href="#">Threshold consecutive trading days   day</a>	30			
<a href="#">Debt instrument, redemption price, percentage</a>	100.00%			
<a href="#">1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031   Convertible Debt   Debt Instrument, Redemption, Period Two</a>				
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>				
<a href="#">Threshold percentage of stock price trigger</a>	98.00%			
<a href="#">Threshold trading days   day</a>	5			
<a href="#">Threshold consecutive trading days   day</a>	10			
<a href="#">1.000% convertible notes due August 15, 2029   Convertible Debt</a>				
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>				
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument</a>		\$ 1,500,000,000		
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>		1.00%		
<a href="#">Proceeds from debt, net of issuance costs</a>			1,440,000,000	
<a href="#">Debt issuance costs</a>			20,400,000	
<a href="#">Convertible, conversion ratio</a>		0.0071727		
<a href="#">Conversion price (in USD per share)   \$ / shares</a>		\$ 139.42		
<a href="#">Capped price (in USD per share)   \$ / shares</a>		\$ 229.26		
<a href="#">Purchase of capped calls related to issuance of convertible notes, net of taxes</a>				\$ 302,400,000
<a href="#">Unamortized discount</a>			\$ 37,500,000	
<a href="#">Convertible, period</a>		18 months		
<a href="#">Initial strike price (in USD per share)   \$ / shares</a>		\$ 140.67		

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LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Revolving Credit Facility (Details) - Line of Credit - USD (\$)	12 Months Ended		
	Aug. 19, 2022	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>			
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>		\$ 1,283,400,000	
<a href="#">Available borrowings under credit facility</a>		2,280,300,000	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Gross long-term debt</a>		\$ 1,500,000,000	\$ 1,570,000,000
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility</a>			
<b>Debt Instrument [Line Items]</b>			
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>		\$	

<a href="#">Debt issuance costs</a>	5,750,000,000	
<a href="#">Interest rate (as a percent)</a>	\$ 12,300,000	5.86%
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Minimum</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	1.125%	
<a href="#">Commitment fee (as a percent)</a>		0.125%
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Maximum</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	1.875%	
<a href="#">Commitment fee (as a percent)</a>		0.30%
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Base Rate</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	0.00%	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Rate</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	0.10%	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Credit Spread Adjustment or Alternative Currency Term Floor Rate</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	0.00%	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Daily Floating Secured Overnight Financing Rate</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	0.00%	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Daily Floating Secured Overnight Financing Credit Adjustment Rate</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	0.10%	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility   Alternative Currency Rate Floor</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Basis spread on variable rate (as a percent)</a>	0.00%	
<a href="#">Letter of Credit   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>		\$ 250,000,000
<a href="#">Standby Letters of Credit   Bank of America, N.A. Revolving Credit Facility</a>		
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>		
<a href="#">Available borrowings under credit facility</a>		\$ 3,700,000,000

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<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Commercial Paper, Prior Credit Facility and Fair Value of Long-Term Debt (Details) - USD (\$)</b>	<b>12 Months Ended</b>		
	<b>Aug. 01, 2022</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>	<b>Aug. 31, 2022</b>

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<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>			
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>		\$ 2,000,000,000.0	
<a href="#">Debt term</a>		397 days	
<a href="#">Borrowings outstanding</a>		\$ 0	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Prior Credit Facility, Unsecured Term Loan Facility   Unsecured Debt</a>			
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>			
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>		\$ 2,000,000,000.0	
<a href="#">Revolving Credit Facility   Prior Credit Facility, Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility   Unsecured Debt</a>			
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>			
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>		\$ 3,000,000,000.0	
<a href="#">Bridge Loan   Bridge Facility</a>			
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>			
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>	\$ 4,300,000,000		
<a href="#">Debt term</a>	364 days		

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<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Fair Value of Long-Term Debt (Details) - USD (\$)</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2024 Aug. 08, 2022</b>	
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>		

<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Aggregate principal amount Senior Notes</a>	\$ 16,326,073
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Aggregate principal amount Senior Notes   Level 1</a>	11,100,000
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Fair value of debt instrument Convertible Debt</a>	10,500,000
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Aggregate principal amount Convertible Debt   1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031</a>	1,500,000
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Aggregate principal amount Stated interest rate (as a percent) Convertible Debt   1.000% convertible notes due August 15, 2029</a>	\$ 2,000,000 1.50%
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent) Convertible Debt   Level 1   1.500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031</a>	1.00%
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Fair value of debt instrument Convertible Debt   Level 3</a>	\$ 2,000,000
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Fair value of debt instrument</a>	\$ 1,600,000

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<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Compliance with Covenants (Details)</b>	<b>12 Months Ended Dec. 31, 2024 consecutiveQuarter</b>	
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<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>	
<a href="#">Current net leverage ratio</a>	4.00
<a href="#">Minimum interest coverage ratio</a>	3.00

<a href="#">Scenario, Plan</a>						
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Minimum leverage ratio</a>	3.75					
<a href="#">Number of consecutive quarters</a>	8					
<a href="#">XML-101-R83.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT</a>						
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Settlement Lines of Credit (Details) - Line of Credit</b>		<b>12 Months Ended</b>				
<b>\$ in Millions</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>				
		<b>USD (\$)</b>				
<a href="#">Debt Instrument [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Repayments of lines of credit</a>	\$ 71.2					
<a href="#">Amount outstanding under lines of credit</a>	503.4					
<a href="#">Available borrowings under credit facility</a>	2,280.3					
<a href="#">Maximum borrowing capacity</a>	1,283.4					
<a href="#">Average outstanding balance</a>	\$ 502.7					
<a href="#">Weighted-average interest rate of short-term debt (as a percent)</a>	5.24%					
<a href="#">XML-102-R84.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT</a>						
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT - Interest Expense (Details) -</b>		<b>12 Months Ended</b>				
<b>USD (\$)</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>				
		<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>				
		<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>				
<b>\$ in Millions</b>						
<a href="#">Debt Disclosure [Abstract]</a>						
<a href="#">Interest expense</a>	\$ 619.5	\$ 629.8	\$ 437.0			
<a href="#">XML-103-R85.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT</a>						
<b>DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS - Narrative (Details)</b>				<b>1 Months Ended</b>		
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>				<b>Aug. 31, 2022</b>		
				<b>USD (\$)</b>		
				<b>12 Months Ended</b>		
				<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>		
				<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>		
				<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>		
				<b>Mar. 31, 2023</b>		
				<b>USD (\$)</b>		
				<b>Mar. 17, 2023</b>		
				<b>EUR (€)</b>		
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Loss on foreign currency translation adjustments</a>				\$ (433,849)	\$ 211,310	\$ (276,559)
<a href="#">Interest Rate Swap</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative settlement payments</a>	\$ 48,300					
<a href="#">Net unrealized gains expected to be reclassified during the next 12 months</a>		6,500				
<a href="#">Interest Rate Swap   Cash Flow Hedging</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Notional amount</a>		1,500,000				
<a href="#">Designated as Hedging Instrument</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Loss on foreign currency translation adjustments</a>		\$ 28,900				
<a href="#">4.875% senior notes due March 17, 2031   Senior Notes</a>						
<a href="#">Face amount of debt instrument   €</a>						
<a href="#">Stated interest rate (as a percent)</a>		4.875%				
<a href="#">Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility Outstanding Under Prior Credit Facility   Unsecured Debt   Interest Rate Swap</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Recognition of net gain in termination</a>	1,200					
<a href="#">Reclassification of accumulated loss</a>	\$ 500					
<a href="#">XML-104-R86.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT</a>						
<b>DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS - Derivative Financial Instruments, Designated As Cash Flow Hedges (Details) - Interest Rate Swap -</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>				
<b>USD (\$)</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>				
		<b>Mar. 31, 2023</b>				
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>						
<a href="#">Cash Flow Hedging</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Notional amount</a>	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000				
<a href="#">Designated as Hedging Instrument</a>						
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosures [Line Items]</a>						
<a href="#">Weighted-Average Fixed Rate of Interest at December 31, 2024</a>	4.26%					
<a href="#">Derivative liability, subject to master netting arrangement, before offset</a>	\$ 7,768	\$ 28,187				
<a href="#">XML-105-R87.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT</a>						
<b>DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING INSTRUMENTS - Effect on Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Details) - USD (\$)</b>		<b>12 Months Ended</b>				
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>				
		<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>				
		<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>				
<a href="#">Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities Disclosure [Abstract]</a>						
<a href="#">Net unrealized gains (losses) recognized in other comprehensive loss</a>	\$ 34,399	\$ (19,683)	\$ 12,915			
<a href="#">Net unrealized gains (losses) reclassified out of other comprehensive loss to interest expense</a>	\$ 8,731	\$ 4,609	\$ (21,327)			
<a href="#">XML-106-R88.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT</a>						
<b>ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES - Schedule of Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Details) -</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2024</b>				
<b>USD (\$)</b>		<b>Dec. 31, 2023</b>				
		<b>Dec. 31, 2022</b>				
<b>\$ in Thousands</b>						
<a href="#">Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities [Abstract]</a>						
<a href="#">Funds held for customers</a>	\$ 938,416	\$ 817,180				
<a href="#">Trade accounts payable</a>	320,085	290,437				
<a href="#">Compensation and benefits</a>	248,970	276,441				
<a href="#">Contract liabilities</a>	242,769	229,686	\$ 226,254			
<a href="#">Payment network fees</a>	222,621	246,102				
<a href="#">Income taxes</a>	209,037	139,825				
<a href="#">Interest</a>	171,220	166,039				
<a href="#">Third-party commissions</a>	87,431	93,387				
<a href="#">Operating leases</a>	71,607	81,696				

Miscellaneous taxes and withholdings	69,523	59,601
Third-party processing fees	36,251	29,593
Unclaimed property	24,413	22,560
Audit and legal	22,995	22,748
Current portion of accrued buyout liability	14,358	13,719
Other	400,228	335,965
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,079,924	2,824,979
Noncurrent accrued buyout liability	\$ 23,500	\$ 69,100

[XML-107-R89.htm-IDEA-XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**ACCOUNTS PAYABLE** **12 Months Ended**  
**AND ACCRUED**  
**LIABILITIES -** **Dec. 31, 2024**  
**Narrative (Details) -** **USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Millions**

**Restructuring Cost and Reserve [Line Items]**

Severance costs	\$ 99.6
Obligations for employee termination benefits	6.3
Share Based Compensation Expense	

**Restructuring Cost and Reserve [Line Items]**

Severance costs	\$ 19.4
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[XML-108-R90.htm-IDEA-XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -** **12 Months Ended**  
**Schedule of**  
**Components of**  
**Income Tax Expense** **Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**  
**(Details) - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

**Current income tax expense (benefit):**

Federal	\$ 361,904	\$ 399,900	\$ 277,120
State	78,314	98,224	68,120
Foreign	201,143	209,955	125,580
Current tax expense	641,361	708,079	470,820

**Deferred income tax expense (benefit):**

Federal	(238,554)	(330,647)	(235,727)
State	(46,689)	(84,729)	(41,770)
Foreign	(60,985)	(83,683)	(26,629)
Deferred tax expense	(346,228)	(499,059)	(304,126)
Provision for income taxes	\$ 295,133	\$ 209,020	\$ 166,694

[XML-109-R91.htm-IDEA-XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -** **12 Months Ended**  
**Narrative (Details) -** **Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**  
**USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Millions**

**Operating Loss Carryforwards [Line Items]**

Income tax expense (benefit) allocated to noncontrolling interest	\$ 16.6	\$ 12.9	\$ 9.8
Undistributed earnings of foreign subsidiary	60.5		
Unrecognized that would impact effective tax rate	56.8		
Foreign			

**Operating Loss Carryforwards [Line Items]**

Operating loss carryforwards	110.6
Operating loss carryforwards not subject to expiration	112.9
Domestic	

**Operating Loss Carryforwards [Line Items]**

Operating loss carryforwards subject to expiration	28.7
Tax credit carryforwards	\$ 103.0

[XML-110-R92.htm-IDEA-XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -** **12 Months Ended**  
**Schedule of Income**  
**Before Income Taxes,** **Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**  
**Domestic and Foreign**  
**(Details) - USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

**Income Tax Disclosure [Abstract]**

United States	\$ 1,255,792	\$ 597,969	\$ (189,030)
Foreign	612,995	571,978	413,352
Income before income taxes and equity in income of equity method investments	\$ 1,868,787	\$ 1,169,947	\$ 224,322

[XML-111-R93.htm-IDEA-XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -** **12 Months Ended**  
**Schedule of**  
**Reconciliation** **Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**  
**(Details)**

**Income Tax Disclosure [Abstract]**

Federal U.S. statutory rate	21.00%	21.00%	21.00%
Foreign inclusion, net of foreign tax credits	2.30%	3.40%	8.20%
Foreign income taxes	1.80%	2.20%	1.40%
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	1.30%	0.90%	9.00%
Uncertain tax positions	0.90%	0.50%	(0.70%)
Nondeductible executive compensation	0.30%	0.90%	4.70%
Share-based compensation expense	0.20%	0.90%	2.00%
Deemed royalty	0.20%	0.70%	1.20%
Net gain on dispositions and liquidations	0	0.043	0.121
Goodwill impairment	0.00%	0.00%	78.00%
Valuation allowance	(0.30%)	(0.40%)	(0.20%)
Foreign-derived intangible income deduction	(1.70%)	(3.80%)	(12.40%)
Tax credits	(4.40%)	(3.80%)	(19.50%)
Foreign interest income not subject to tax	(6.30%)	(9.50%)	(29.90%)
Other	0.50%	0.60%	(0.60%)
Effective tax rate	15.80%	17.90%	74.30%

[XML-112-R94.htm-IDEA-XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -** **12 Months Ended**  
**Schedule of Deferred**  
**Tax Assets and** **Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022 Dec. 31, 2021**  
**Liabilities (Details) -**  
**USD (\$)**  
**\$ in Thousands**

**Deferred income tax assets:**

Research and development costs	\$ 286,859	\$ 267,098
Foreign net operating loss carryforwards	223,535	187,247
Credits	200,474	144,053
Financial instruments	110,621	91,032
Lease liabilities	69,751	89,645
Accrued expenses	51,632	54,478
Share-based compensation expense	33,683	42,376

Domestic net operating loss carryforwards	28,711	34,121		
Other	100,507	72,484		
Gross deferred tax assets	1,105,773	982,534		
Valuation allowance	(241,197)	(211,049)	\$ (110,043)	\$ (112,259)
Net deferred tax assets	864,576	771,485		
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>				
Acquired intangibles	1,286,709	2,200,082		
Partnership interests	896,411	238,139		
Property and equipment	360,066	398,439		
Right-of-use assets	42,441	59,124		
Other	5,862	6,094		
Gross deferred tax liabilities	2,591,489	2,901,878		
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ 1,726,913	\$ 2,130,393		

[XML-113-R05.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -  
Schedule of Net  
Deferred Tax Asset  
and Liability (Details)**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023**

- USD (\$)  
\$ in Thousands

**Income Tax Disclosure [Abstract]**

Noncurrent deferred income tax asset	\$ (106,083)	\$ (111,712)
Noncurrent deferred income tax liability	1,832,996	2,242,105
Net deferred income tax liability	\$ 1,726,913	\$ 2,130,393

[XML-114-R06.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -  
Schedule of Change  
in Valuation  
Allowance (Details) -  
USD (\$)**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**

\$ in Thousands

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, beginning of period	\$ (211,049)	\$ (110,043)	\$ (112,259)
Valuation allowance, end of period	(241,197)	(211,049)	(110,043)

Net operating losses | Foreign

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, change	(12,533)	(674)	(122)
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Net operating losses | Domestic

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, change		195	(4)
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Income tax credits | Foreign

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, change	(16,975)	(101,271)	60
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Income tax credits | State

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, change	(463)	3,079	\$ 2,282
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Valuation Allowance For State Interest Limitation | State

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, change	\$ (177)		
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Valuation Allowance For State Interest Limitation | Domestic

**Movement in Deferred Tax Valuation Allowance [Roll Forward]**

Valuation allowance, change		\$ (2,335)	
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[XML-115-R07.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

**INCOME TAX -  
Schedule of  
Unrecognized Tax  
Benefits (Details) -  
USD (\$)**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**

\$ in Thousands

**Unrecognized Tax Benefits [Roll Forward]**

Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 43,229	\$ 31,315	\$ 34,905
Additions related to acquisitions	0	4,054	0
Reductions for income tax positions of prior years	(164)	(887)	(8,301)
Settlements with income tax authorities	(1,656)	(988)	(3,245)
Additions for income tax positions of prior years	9,092	1,809	911
Additions based on income tax positions related to the current year	7,801	7,926	7,045
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 58,302	\$ 43,229	\$ 31,315

[XML-116-R08.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

**SHAREHOLDERS'  
EQUITY - Schedule of  
Shares Repurchased  
and Retired (Details)  
- USD (\$)**

**12 Months Ended**

**Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022**

\$ / shares in Units,  
shares in Thousands,  
\$ in Thousands

**Equity [Abstract]**

Number of shares repurchased and retired (in shares)	12,730	4,065	23,266
Cost of shares repurchased, including commissions and applicable excise taxes	\$ 1,565,688	\$ 413,667	\$ 2,929,814
Average cost per share (in USD per share)	\$ 123.00	\$ 101.77	\$ 125.93

[XML-117-R09.htm-IDEA-XBRL-DOCUMENT](#)

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY - Narrative (Details) - USD (\$)	12 Months Ended					Feb. 13, 2025	Oct. 30, 2024	Oct. 24, 2024
	Jan. 30, 2025	Feb. 20, 2024	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022			
<b>Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items]</b>								
Stock repurchased and retired (in shares)			12,730,000	4,065,000	23,266,000			
Remaining authorized repurchase amount			\$ 1,850,000,000					
Average cost per share (in USD per share)			\$ 123.00	\$ 101.77	\$ 125.93			
Authorized repurchase amount								\$ 2,500,000,000
Excise tax on share repurchases			\$ 15,600,000	\$ 3,900,000				
Dividends declared (in USD per share)			\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00			
Subsequent Event								
<b>Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items]</b>								
Dividends declared (in USD per share)	\$ 0.25							
1,500% Convertible Senior Notes Due March 01, 2031   Convertible Debt								
<b>Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items]</b>								
Stated interest rate (as a percent)			1.50%					
Shares repurchased								
<b>Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items]</b>								
Stock repurchased and retired (in shares)			5,320,781					

Price per share (in USD per shares) \$ 130.80  
 Average cost per share (in USD per share) \$ 112.77  
 Authorized repurchase amount \$ 600,000,000.0

Shares repurchased | Subsequent Event  
**Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items]**  
 Authorized repurchase amount \$ 250,000,000.0

Shares repurchased with note proceeds  
**Equity, Class of Treasury Stock [Line Items]**  
 Stock repurchased and retired (in shares) 1,414,759

[XML-119-R100.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Narrative (Details)** 12 Months Ended  
 \$ / shares in Units, \$ in Thousands Dec. 31, 2024 USD (\$) \$ / shares Dec. 31, 2023 USD (\$) Dec. 31, 2022 USD (\$) \$ / shares

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**  
 Share-based compensation expense \$ 164,244 \$ 208,994 \$ 163,261

Performance Units

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Conversion basis 1

Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Fair value of share-based awards vested \$ 172,300 163,800 129,200

Share-based compensation expense 151,600 186,900 151,500

Total unrecognized compensation cost of restricted stock and performance awards \$ 131,800

Weighted average period of unrecognized compensation cost 1 year 9 months 18 days

Stock Options

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Share-based compensation expense \$ 7,500 \$ 17,000 \$ 6,400

Weighted average period of unrecognized compensation cost 1 year 10 months 24 days

Fair market value (as a percent) 100.00%

Stock option term 10 years

Total unrecognized compensation cost of stock options \$ 7,400

Minimum | Restricted Stock Awards

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Vesting period 3 years

Minimum | Performance Units

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Award requisite service period 1 year

Minimum | Stock Options | Granted Fiscal 2015

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Vesting period 3 years

Maximum | Restricted Stock Awards

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Vesting period 4 years

Maximum | Performance Units

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Award requisite service period 3 years

Maximum | Stock Options | Granted Fiscal 2015

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Vesting period 4 years

Stock Option Plan 2011

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Stock reserved for future issuance (in shares) | shares 14,000,000.0

Stock Option Plan 2011 | Stock Options

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

Weighted average grant date fair value (in USD per share) | \$ / shares \$ 53.19 \$ 46.17 \$ 48.88

[XML-119-R101.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Share-Based Compensation Expense (Details) - USD (\$)** 12 Months Ended  
 \$ in Thousands Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022

**Share-Based Payment Arrangement [Abstract]**  
 Share-based compensation expense \$ 164,244 \$ 208,994 \$ 163,261

Income tax benefit \$ 35,528 \$ 48,446 \$ 38,059

[XML-120-R102.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units Activity (Details) - Restricted Stock Awards and Performance Units - \$ / shares** 12 Months Ended  
 shares in Thousands Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022

Shares

Unvested at beginning of period (in shares) 2,481 2,145 1,640

Replacement awards (in shares) 202

Granted (in shares) 1,225 1,322 1,496

Vested (in shares) (1,224) (1,041) (756)

Forfeited (in shares) (230) (147) (235)

Unvested at end of period (in shares) 2,252 2,481 2,145

**Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value**

Unvested at beginning of period (in USD per share) \$ 131.41 \$ 159.04 \$ 184.90

Replacement Awards (in USD per share) 98.44

Granted (in USD per share) 128.97 112.81 137.51

Vested (in USD per share) 140.79 157.33 170.79

Forfeited (in USD per share) 119.07 128.18 164.06

Unvested at end of period (in USD per share) \$ 126.07 \$ 131.41 \$ 159.04

[XML-121-R103.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule** 12 Months Ended

of Stock Option Activity (Details) - Stock Options - USD (\$) \$ / shares in Units, shares in Thousands, \$ in Millions	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022	Dec. 31, 2021
<b>Options</b>				
<a href="#">Outstanding at beginning of period (in shares)</a>	921	1,139	1,172	
<a href="#">Replacement Awards (in shares)</a>		142		
<a href="#">Granted (in shares)</a>	168	233	154	
<a href="#">Forfeited (in shares)</a>	(77)	(297)	(89)	
<a href="#">Exercised (in shares)</a>	(234)	(296)	(98)	
<a href="#">Outstanding at end of period (in shares)</a>	778	921	1,139	1,172
<a href="#">Options vested and exercisable (in shares)</a>	521			
<b>Weighted-Average Exercise Price</b>				
<a href="#">Outstanding at beginning of period (in USD per share)</a>	\$ 99.54	\$ 111.75	\$ 107.44	
<a href="#">Replacement Awards (in USD per share)</a>		98.44		
<a href="#">Granted (in USD per share)</a>	127.99	110.83	136.02	
<a href="#">Forfeited (in USD per share)</a>	150.55	155.35	147.65	
<a href="#">Exercised (in USD per share)</a>	59.16	89.08	65.69	
<a href="#">Outstanding at end of period (in USD per share)</a>	112.91	\$ 99.54	\$ 111.75	\$ 107.44
<a href="#">Weighted Average Exercise Price of options vested and exercisable (in USD per share)</a>	\$ 110.07			
<b>Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Term</b>				
<a href="#">Outstanding</a>	5 years 6 months 5 years		5 years 4 months 24 days	5 years 9 months 18 days
<a href="#">Options vested and exercisable</a>	4 years			
<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</b>				
<a href="#">Outstanding</a>	\$ 9.0	\$ 32.1	\$ 17.3	\$ 47.4
<a href="#">Exercised</a>	16.0	\$ 9.4	\$ 5.5	
<a href="#">Options vested and exercisable</a>	\$ 7.9			

[XML-122-R104.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

SHARE-BASED AWARDS AND OPTIONS - Schedule of Valuation (Details) - Stock Options	12 Months Ended		
	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022

**Share-based Compensation Arrangement by Share-based Payment Award [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Risk-free interest rate</a>	4.13%	3.84%	1.87%
<a href="#">Expected volatility</a>	45.00%	45.00%	40.00%
<a href="#">Dividend yield</a>	0.90%	0.81%	0.56%
<a href="#">Expected term (years)</a>	5 years	5 years	5 years

[XML-123-R105.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Details) - USD (\$) \$ in Thousands	12 Months Ended		
	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022

**Supplemental Cash Flow Information [Abstract]**

<a href="#">Income taxes paid, net of refunds</a>	\$ 523,263	\$ 640,784	\$ 431,148
<a href="#">Interest paid</a>	\$ 618,865	\$ 603,486	\$ 350,075

[XML-124-R106.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS - Schedule of Net Income Reconciliation (Details) - USD (\$) \$ in Thousands	12 Months Ended		
	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022

**Noncontrolling Interest [Abstract]**

<a href="#">Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests</a>	\$ 73,788	\$ 42,590	\$ 31,820
<a href="#">Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests</a>	(54,468)	50,397	(13,301)
<a href="#">Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests</a>	\$ 19,320	\$ 92,987	\$ 18,519

[XML-125-R107.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS - Narrative (Details) \$ in Thousands	12 Months Ended			
	Dec. 31, 2024 USD (\$)	Dec. 31, 2023 USD (\$) subsidiary	Dec. 31, 2022 USD (\$)	Jun. 30, 2024

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Reduction in total equity attributable to noncontrolling shareholder exchange</a>	\$ 739		\$ 23,031	
<a href="#">Redemption of noncontrolling interests</a>	20,000			
<a href="#">Nonredeemable Noncontrolling Interests</a>				
<a href="#">Noncontrolling shareholder exchange</a>	38,086	\$ 26,705	\$ 23,031	

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Payments to acquire additional interest in subsidiaries</a>	\$ 108,800			
<a href="#">Noncontrolling ownership interest</a>	45.23%	20.00%		
<a href="#">Reclassification of accumulated other comprehensive gain related to foreign currency translation</a>	\$ 700			

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Ownership interest</a>	100.00%			
<a href="#">Majority-Owned Subsidiary   Spain</a>				
<a href="#">Number of majority-owned subsidiaries   subsidiary</a>		1		

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Reduction in total equity attributable to noncontrolling shareholder exchange</a>	\$ 37,700			
<a href="#">Majority-Owned Subsidiary   Total Global Payments Shareholders' Equity</a>				
<a href="#">Reduction in total equity attributable to noncontrolling shareholder exchange</a>	\$ 71,100			

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Noncontrolling shareholder exchange</a>		\$ 26,200		
<a href="#">Germany Joint Venture   Corporate Joint Venture</a>				
<a href="#">Ownership interest (as a percent)</a>				51.00%

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

<a href="#">Ownership interest (as a percent)</a>	51.00%			
<a href="#">Pagos y Servicios S.A.</a>				

**Noncontrolling Interest [Line Items]**

[Ownership interest \(as a percent\)](#) 50.10%

[Centrum Elektronicznych Uslug Platniczych eService Sp. z o.o.](#)

**[Noncontrolling Interest \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Ownership interest \(as a percent\)](#) 66.00%

[XML-126-R108.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**ACCUMULATED 12 Months Ended**

**OTHER**

**COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - Schedule of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (Details) - USD (\$)**  
\$ in Thousands

	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
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**[AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax \[Roll Forward\]](#)**

<a href="#">Balance at beginning of period</a>	\$ 22,999,210		
<a href="#">Other comprehensive income (loss)</a>	(354,806)	\$ 147,044	\$ (171,787)
<a href="#">Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest</a>	739		
<a href="#">Balance at end of period</a>	22,280,686	22,999,210	

[Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss](#)

**[AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax \[Roll Forward\]](#)**

<a href="#">Balance at beginning of period</a>	(258,925)	(405,969)	(234,182)
<a href="#">Balance at end of period</a>	(612,992)	(258,925)	(405,969)

[Foreign Currency Translation Gains \(Losses\)](#)

**[AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax \[Roll Forward\]](#)**

<a href="#">Balance at beginning of period</a>	(215,540)	(380,584)	(182,949)
<a href="#">Other comprehensive income (loss)</a>	(374,388)	165,044	(197,635)
<a href="#">Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest</a>	739		
<a href="#">Balance at end of period</a>	(589,189)	(215,540)	(380,584)

[Net Unrealized Gains \(Losses\) on Hedging Activities](#)

**[AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax \[Roll Forward\]](#)**

<a href="#">Balance at beginning of period</a>	(40,859)	(22,420)	(48,490)
<a href="#">Other comprehensive income (loss)</a>	19,441	(18,439)	26,070
<a href="#">Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest</a>	0		
<a href="#">Balance at end of period</a>	(21,418)	(40,859)	(22,420)

[Other](#)

**[AOCI Attributable to Parent, Net of Tax \[Roll Forward\]](#)**

<a href="#">Balance at beginning of period</a>	(2,526)	(2,965)	(2,743)
<a href="#">Other comprehensive income (loss)</a>	141	439	(222)
<a href="#">Effect of purchase of subsidiary shares from noncontrolling interest</a>	0		
<a href="#">Balance at end of period</a>	\$ (2,385)	\$ (2,526)	\$ (2,965)

[XML-127-R109.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**ACCUMULATED 12 Months Ended**

**OTHER**

**COMPREHENSIVE LOSS - Narrative (Details) - USD (\$)**  
\$ in Millions

	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
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**[Equity \[Abstract\]](#)**

[Foreign currency translation attributable to noncontrolling interests](#) \$ (54.5) \$ 50.4 \$ (13.3)

[XML-128-R110.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SEGMENT**

**12 Months Ended**

**INFORMATION - Narrative (Details) - segment**  
Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Number of reportable segments](#) 2  
[United States | Sales Revenue, Net | Geographic Concentration Risk](#)

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Percentage of total consolidated revenues from external customers](#) 75.00% 76.00% 80.00%

[XML-129-R111.htm IDEA XBRL DOCUMENT](#)

**SEGMENT**

**12 Months Ended**

**INFORMATION - Schedule of Segment Reporting Information (Details) - USD (\$)**  
\$ in Thousands

	Dec. 31, 2024	Dec. 31, 2023	Dec. 31, 2022
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**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

<a href="#">Revenues</a>	\$ 10,105,894	\$ 9,654,419	\$ 8,975,515
<a href="#">Cost of service</a>	3,760,116	3,727,521	3,778,617
<a href="#">Selling, general and administrative</a>	4,285,307	4,073,768	3,524,578
<a href="#">Total Merchant Solutions expenses</a>	7,772,289	7,938,033	8,335,364
<a href="#">Consolidated operating income</a>	2,333,605	1,716,386	640,151
<a href="#">Impairment of goodwill</a>	0	0	(833,075)
<a href="#">Net gain (loss) on business dispositions</a>	273,134	(136,744)	(199,094)
<a href="#">Depreciation and amortization</a>	1,862,331	1,776,692	1,662,455
<a href="#">Other costs</a>	99,100		
<a href="#">Severance costs</a>	99,600		
<a href="#">Technology asset charge</a>	55,808	0	0
<a href="#">Share Based Compensation Expense</a>			

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Severance costs](#) 19,400

[Acquired technologies](#)

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Technology asset charge](#) 55,800

[Merchant Solutions](#)

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Impairment of goodwill](#) 0

[Issuer Solutions](#)

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Impairment of goodwill](#) 0

[Consumer Solutions](#)

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

[Impairment of goodwill](#) (833,075)

[Operating Segments | Merchant Solutions](#)

**[Segment Reporting Information \[Line Items\]](#)**

<a href="#">Revenues</a>	7,688,703	7,151,793	6,204,917
<a href="#">Cost of service</a>	2,008,126	1,925,880	1,798,300
<a href="#">Selling, general and administrative</a>	3,067,662	2,880,658	2,366,362
<a href="#">Total Merchant Solutions expenses</a>	5,075,788	4,806,538	4,164,662
<a href="#">Consolidated operating income</a>	2,612,915	2,345,255	2,040,255
<a href="#">Depreciation and amortization</a>	1,179,845	1,109,186	981,297

Operating Segments | Issuer Solutions

**Segment Reporting Information [Line Items]**

Revenues	2,483,657	2,398,870	2,245,623
Cost of service	1,795,001	1,738,047	1,633,708
Selling, general and administrative	246,214	251,016	255,700
Total Merchant Solutions expenses	2,041,215	1,989,063	1,889,408
Consolidated operating income	442,442	409,807	356,215
Depreciation and amortization	658,186	646,118	623,755

Operating Segments | Consumer Solutions

**Segment Reporting Information [Line Items]**

Revenues	0	182,740	620,482
Cost of service	0	186,648	566,888
Consolidated operating income	0	(3,908)	53,594
Depreciation and amortization	0	0	35,773

Intersegment eliminations

**Segment Reporting Information [Line Items]**

Revenues	(66,466)	(78,984)	(95,507)
Cost of service	(66,466)	(78,984)	(95,507)

Corporate

**Segment Reporting Information [Line Items]**

Cost of service	994,886	898,024	777,744
Consolidated operating income	(994,886)	(898,024)	(777,744)
Depreciation and amortization	24,300	21,388	21,630
Acquisition and integration expenses	211,600	341,900	259,200
Other charges related to facilities exit activities	\$ 13,400	\$ 18,500	\$ 47,100

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SEGMENT

INFORMATION -

Schedule of Long-

Lived Assets by

Geographic Regions

(Details) - USD (\$)

\$ in Thousands

Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023

**Revenues from External Customers and Long-Lived Assets [Line Items]**

Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets	\$ 2,277,593	\$ 2,190,005
United States		

**Revenues from External Customers and Long-Lived Assets [Line Items]**

Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets	1,725,811	1,672,532
Foreign countries		

**Revenues from External Customers and Long-Lived Assets [Line Items]**

Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and other intangible assets	\$ 551,782	\$ 517,473
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COMMITMENTS AND

CONTINGENCIES -

Schedule of Future

Minimum Payments

for Purchase

Obligations (Details)

\$ in Thousands

Dec. 31, 2024  
USD (\$)

**Purchase Obligations**

2025	\$ 659,798
2026	433,666
2027	325,775
2028	289,686
2029	231,059
2030 and thereafter	192,549
Total future minimum payments	\$ 2,132,533

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COMMITMENTS AND

CONTINGENCIES -

Narrative (Details) -

USD (\$)

\$ in Millions

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024

Dec. 31, 2023

**Other Commitments [Line Items]**

Vendor financing arrangement	\$ 60.5	\$ 182.2
Supplier finance program, obligation, statement of financial position extensible enumeration not disclosed flag	vendor financing arrangements	vendor financing arrangements
Minimum		

**Other Commitments [Line Items]**

Finance term	2 years	2 years
Maximum		

**Other Commitments [Line Items]**

Finance term	6 years	5 years
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SCHEDULE II

Valuation and

Qualifying Accounts

(Details) - USD (\$)

\$ in Thousands

12 Months Ended

Dec. 31, 2024 Dec. 31, 2023 Dec. 31, 2022

Allowance for credit losses - accounts receivable

**SEC Schedule, 12-09, Movement in Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Roll Forward]**

Balance at Beginning of Period	\$ 19,005	\$ 21,020	\$ 17,389
Additions: Charged to Costs and Expenses	25,027	23,267	14,951
Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries)	19,327	25,282	11,320
Balance at End of Period	24,705	19,005	21,020

Allowance for credit losses - settlement assets

**SEC Schedule, 12-09, Movement in Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Roll Forward]**

Balance at Beginning of Period	9,730	2,287	2,974
Additions: Charged to Costs and Expenses	22,387	19,242	12,984
Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries)	22,161	11,799	13,671
Balance at End of Period	9,956	9,730	2,287

Reserve for sales allowances

**SEC Schedule, 12-09, Movement in Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Roll Forward]**

Balance at Beginning of Period	9,033	7,960	8,516
Additions: Charged to Costs and Expenses	29,906	29,498	24,517
Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries)	28,811	28,425	25,073
Balance at End of Period	10,128	9,033	7,960

Allowance for credit and operating losses - check guarantee

**SEC Schedule, 12-09, Movement in Valuation Allowances and Reserves [Roll Forward]**

Balance at Beginning of Period	0	3,444	2,536
Additions: Charged to Costs and Expenses	0	3,074	12,291
Deductions: Uncollectible Accounts Write-Offs (Recoveries)	0	6,518	11,383
Balance at End of Period	0	0	3,444













































incidents and property, plant, and equipment and other productive assets. ... NetCashProvidedByUsedInInvestingActivitiesAbstract ... NetCashProvidedByUsedInOperatingActivities ... NetCashProvidedByUsedInOperatingActivities ... NetCashProvidedByUsedInOperatingActivities ...











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