

REFINITIV

# DELTA REPORT

## 10-Q

NOV WI - NOV INC.

10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 COMPARED TO 10-Q - JUNE 30, 2023

The following comparison report has been automatically generated

<b>TOTAL DELTAS</b>	<b>589</b>
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 <b>CHANGES</b>	<b>341</b>
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 <b>DELETIONS</b>	<b>103</b>
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 <b>ADDITIONS</b>	<b>145</b>
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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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(Mark one)

☐ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED **JUNE** **SEPTEMBER** 30, 2023

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**Commission File Number 1-12317**

**NOV INC.**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

**Delaware**

**(State or other jurisdiction  
of incorporation or organization)**

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**76-0475815**

**(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)**

10353 Richmond Avenue  
Houston, Texas  
77042-4103  
(Address of principal executive offices)

(346) 223-3000  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	NOV	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☐ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>
Smaller reporting company <input type="checkbox"/>	Emerging growth company <input type="checkbox"/>	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☐

As of July 14, 2023 October 13, 2023 the registrant had 393,776,806 393,926,996 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

## **PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

### **Item 1. Financial Statements**

#### **NOV INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In millions, except share data)**

	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 592	\$ 1,069	\$ 513	\$ 1,069
Receivables, net	1,891	1,739	1,982	1,739
Inventories, net	2,199	1,813	2,277	1,813
Contract assets	704	685	675	685
Prepaid and other current assets	224	187	211	187
Total current assets	5,610	5,493	5,658	5,493
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,839	1,781	1,843	1,781
Lease right-of-use assets, operating	376	346	372	346
Lease right-of-use assets, financing	172	171	173	171
Goodwill	1,549	1,505	1,556	1,505
Intangibles, net	470	490	459	490
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	184	117	198	117
Other assets	246	232	239	232
Total assets	\$ 10,446	\$ 10,135	\$ 10,498	\$ 10,135
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,007	\$ 906	\$ 925	\$ 906
Accrued liabilities	769	959	818	959
Contract liabilities	494	444	488	444

Current portion of lease liabilities	91	87	93	87
Current portion of long-term debt	13	13	13	13
Accrued income taxes	11	28	32	28
Total current liabilities	2,385	2,437	2,369	2,437
Long-term debt	1,715	1,717	1,716	1,717
Lease liabilities	568	549	559	549
Deferred income taxes	69	68	69	68
Other liabilities	212	230	218	230
Total liabilities	4,949	5,001	4,931	5,001
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock - par value \$.01; 1 billion shares authorized; 393,776,806 and 392,832,752 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022	4	4		
Common stock - par value \$.01; 1 billion shares authorized; 393,926,996 and 392,832,752 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022			4	4
Additional paid-in capital	8,773	8,754	8,793	8,754
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,515)	(1,593)	(1,542)	(1,593)
Retained deficit	(1,828)	(2,069)	(1,734)	(2,069)
Total Company stockholders' equity	5,434	5,096	5,521	5,096
Noncontrolling interests	63	38	46	38
Total stockholders' equity	5,497	5,134	5,567	5,134
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 10,446	\$ 10,135	\$ 10,498	\$ 10,135

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

**NOV INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)**

(In millions, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended				Three Months Ended			
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue	2,09	1,72	4,0	3,2	2,1	1,88	6,2	5,1
	\$ 3	\$ 7	\$ 55	\$ 75	\$ 85	\$ 9	\$ 40	\$ 64
Cost of revenue	1,63	1,41	3,1	2,7	1,7	1,52	4,9	4,2
	6	8	87	52	17	1	04	73
Gross profit	457	309	868	523	468	368	36	891
Selling, general and administrative	276	241	561	476	285	313	846	789
Operating profit	181	68	307	47	183	55	490	102
Interest and financial costs	(21)	(19)	(42)	(38)	(23)	(19)	(65)	(57)
Interest income	8	5	16	6	5	6	21	12
Equity income in unconsolidated affiliates	37	14	85	20	16	12	101	32
Other expense, net	(29)	—	(45)	(2)				
Other income (expense), net					(25)	10	(70)	8
Net income before income taxes	176	68	321	33	156	64	477	97
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	19	(2)	39	12				
Provision for income taxes					48	29	87	41
Net income	157	70	282	21	108	35	390	56
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	2	1	1	2				
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests					(6)	3	(5)	5
Net income attributable to Company	\$ 155	\$ 69	\$ 281	\$ 19	\$ 114	\$ 32	\$ 395	\$ 51
Net income attributable to Company per share:								

Basic			0.7	0.0	0.2		1.0	0.1
	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>
Diluted			0.7	0.0	0.2		1.0	0.1
	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>
Cash dividends per share			0.1	0.1	0.0		0.1	0.1
	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic	<u>393</u>	<u>390</u>	<u>392</u>	<u>389</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>391</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>389</u>
Diluted	<u>395</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>392</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>393</u>	<u>396</u>	<u>393</u>

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**NOV INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (UNAUDITED)**  
(In millions)

	Three Months				Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended		Six Months Ended		Ended		Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net income	\$ 157	\$ 70	\$ 2	\$ 21	\$ 108	\$ 35	\$ 0	\$ 56
Currency translation adjustments	43	(84)	82	(62)	(31)	(26)	51	(88)
Changes in derivative financial instruments, net of tax	(1)	(13)	(11)	(21)	3	(13)	(8)	(34)
Changes in defined benefit plans, net of tax	(3)	—	7	—	1	(32)	8	(32)
Comprehensive income (loss)	196	(27)	0	(62)	81	(36)	1	(98)

Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	2	1	1	2				
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest					(6)	3	(5)	5
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Company	\$ 194	\$ (28)	\$ 9	\$ (64)	\$ 87	\$ (39)	\$ 6	\$ 3)

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**NOV INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)**  
(In millions)

	Six Months Ended June 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$ 282	\$ 21	\$ 390	\$ 56
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	148	149	225	225
Provision for inventory losses	14	5	21	(9)
Deferred income taxes	(3)	(13)	(2)	(13)
Equity income in unconsolidated affiliates	(85)	(20)	(101)	(32)
Stock-based compensation	32	33	49	50
Impairment and loss on assets held for sale			4	125
Other, net	(18)	61	(36)	43
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:				
Receivables	(161)	(279)	(258)	(319)



Inventories	(393)	(264)	(479)	(430)
Contract assets	(19)	(17)	11	(127)
Prepaid and other current assets	(36)	(31)	(22)	(19)
Accounts payable	99	142	17	156
Accrued liabilities	(207)	11	(170)	18
Contract liabilities	44	64	38	39
Income taxes payable	(17)	5	4	19
Other assets/liabilities, net	46	(94)	75	(115)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (274)</u>	<u>\$ (227)</u>	<u>\$ (234)</u>	<u>\$ (333)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(133)	(89)	(207)	(148)
Other	5	—	(4)	(25)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>\$ (128)</u>	<u>\$ (89)</u>	<u>\$ (211)</u>	<u>\$ (173)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Borrowings against lines of credit and other debt	2	10	22	16
Payments against lines of credit and other debt	(5)	—	(25)	—
Cash dividends paid	(40)	(39)	(60)	(59)
Financing leases	(11)	(12)	(17)	(18)
Other	(19)	(11)	(26)	(11)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(73)</u>	<u>(52)</u>	<u>(106)</u>	<u>(72)</u>
Effect of exchange rates on cash	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(15)</u>
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(477)	(373)	(556)	(593)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,069	1,591	1,069	1,591
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 592</u>	<u>\$ 1,218</u>	<u>\$ 513</u>	<u>\$ 998</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash payments during the period for:				
Interest	\$ 41	\$ 38	\$ 45	\$ 39
Income taxes	\$ 52	\$ 79	\$ 83	\$ 91

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

	Shareholders' Equity								Shareholders' Equity								
	Share Issued and Outstanding			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, net		Total			Shares Issued and Outstanding			Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, net		Total			
	Shares	Amount	Number	Balance	Change	Balance	Change	Balance	Shares	Amount	Number	Balance	Change	Balance	Change	Balance	
	Issued								Issued								
	and								and								
	Outstanding	Common	Preferred	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Stockholders' Equity	Outstanding	Common	Preferred	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Stockholders' Equity	
	and								and								
	Outstanding	Common	Preferred	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Stockholders' Equity	Outstanding	Common	Preferred	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Stockholders' Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Stockholders' Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2022	39	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 9	\$ 6	\$ 38	\$ 4	39	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 9	\$ 6	\$ 38	\$ 4	
Net income	—	—	—	—	6	6	(1)	5	—	—	—	—	6	6	(1)	5	
Other comprehensive income, net	—	—	—	39	—	39	—	39	—	—	—	39	—	39	—	39	
Cash dividends, \$0.05 per common share	—	—	—	—	(20)	(20)	—	(20)	—	—	—	—	(20)	(20)	—	(20)	

Transactions with non-controlling interests	—	—	3	—	—	3	28	31	—	—	3	—	—	3	28	31
Stock-based compensation	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	15	—	—	15	—	—	15	—	15
Common stock issued	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Withholding taxes	(1)	—	(7)	—	—	(7)	—	(7)	(1)	—	(7)	—	—	(7)	—	(7)
Other	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	1
Balance at March 31, 2023	39	4	8,75	(1,55)	(1,96)	5,24	5,30	39	4	8,75	(1,55)	(1,96)	5,24	5,30	39	4
	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 4)</u>	<u>\$ 3)</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 65</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 4)</u>	<u>\$ 3)</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	<u>\$ 65</u>	<u>\$ 8</u>
Net income	—	—	—	—	5	5	2	7	—	—	—	—	5	5	2	7
Other comprehensive income, net	—	—	—	39	—	39	—	39	—	—	—	39	—	39	—	39

Cash dividends, \$0.05 per common share	—	—	—	—	(20)	(20)	—	(20)	—	—	—	—	(20)	(20)	—	(20)
Stock-based compensation	—	—	17	—	—	17	—	17	—	—	17	—	—	17	—	17
Other	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4)	(4)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4)	(4)
Balance at June 30, 2023	394	\$4	\$3	\$5	\$8	\$4	\$63	\$7	394	\$4	\$3	\$5	\$8	\$4	\$63	\$7
Net income									—	—	—	—	4	4	(6)	8
Other comprehensive income, net									—	—	—	(9)	—	(9)	—	(9)
Cash dividends, \$0.05 per common share													(20)	(20)	—	(20)



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March			8,	(1,	(2,	4,		0			8,	(1,	(2,	4,		0
31,	39		69	53	21	94		1	39		69	53	21	94		1
2022	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 2)</u>	<u>\$ 6)</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 64</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 2)</u>	<u>\$ 6)</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ 64</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Net								7								7
income	—	—	—	—	69	69	1	0	—	—	—	—	69	69	1	0

Other compr ehensi ve loss, net	(97)								(97)							
Cash dividen ds, \$0.05 per comm on share	(19)								(19)							
Stock- based compe nsation	16								16							
Other	(62)								(62)							
Balance at June 30, 2022	39,730,963,2								39,730,963,2							
Net income	323								323							
Other compr ehensi ve loss, net	(71)								(71)							

Cash									
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30,	39		71	70	15	86			3
2022	3	4	8	0)	4)	8	62	0	

See notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## NOV INC.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of NOV Inc. ("NOV" or the "Company") present information in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and applicable rules of Regulation S-X. They do not include all information or footnotes required by GAAP in the United States for complete consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period financial information in order to conform with current period presentation.



In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements include all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature unless otherwise disclosed, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. The results of operations for the three and **six nine** months ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023** are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported and contingent amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables were approximately the same as their presented carrying values because of the short maturities of these instruments. The fair value of long-term debt is provided in Note 9, and the fair values of derivative financial instruments are provided in Note 12.

## 2. Inventories, net

Inventories consist of (in millions):

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Raw materials and supplies	\$ 521	\$ 479	\$ 522	\$ 479
Work in process	363	308	332	308
Finished goods and purchased products	1,697	1,404	1,801	1,404
	2,581	2,191	2,655	2,191
Less: Inventory reserve	(382)	(378)	(378)	(378)
Total	\$ 2,199	\$ 1,813	\$ 2,277	\$ 1,813

## 3. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities consist of (in millions):

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Compensation	\$ 223	\$ 329	\$ 232	\$ 329
Vendor costs	103	168	111	168
Taxes (non-income)	94	107	98	107
Warranties	70	70	69	70

Insurance	45	42	39	42
Interest	8	7	25	7
Fair value of derivatives	17	13	26	13
Commissions	18	18	18	18
Other	191	205	200	205
Total	<u>\$ 769</u>	<u>\$ 959</u>	<u>\$ 818</u>	<u>\$ 959</u>

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#### 4. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows (in millions):

	Currenc y	Derivat ive	Employ ee		Currenc y	Derivat ive	Emple yee	
	Translat ion	Financi al	Benefi t		Transla tion	Financi al	Benefi t	
	Adjustm ents	Instrum ents,	Plans,		Adjust ments	Instru ments,	Plans,	
	Net of Tax	Net of Tax	Net of Tax	Total	Net of Tax	Net of Tax	Net of Tax	Total
Balance at December 31, 2022	(1,54			(1,59	(1,5			(1,59
	\$ (5)	\$ (4)	\$ (44)	\$ (3)	\$ (45)	\$ (4)	\$ (44)	\$ (3)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	80	(18)	6	68	49	(22)	7	34
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss	2	7	1	10	2	14	1	17
Balance at June 30, 2023	(1,46			(1,51				
	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ (15)</u>	<u>\$ (37)</u>	<u>\$ (5)</u>				

Balance at September 30, 2023				(1,454)	(1,454)
	<u>\$ 94</u>	<u>\$ (12)</u>	<u>\$ (36)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>	

The components of amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss are as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,							Three Months Ended September 30,						
	2023				2022			2023				2022		
	Currency	Derivative	Employee	Financial	Derivative	Employee	Financial	Currency	Derivative	Employee	Financial	Derivative	Employee	Financial
	Trans	Ratio	Benefit	Inst	Trans	Ratio	Benefit	Trans	Ratio	Benefit	Inst	Trans	Ratio	Benefit
	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus	Adjus
	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen	tmen
	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts	ts
	ents	ents	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans	ents	ents	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans	Plans
	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
Revenue	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1
Cost of revenue	—	1	—	1	(1)	—	(1)	—	6	—	6	6	—	6
Selling, general and administrative														
Tax effect														
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 6</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>

Six Months Ended June 30,

Nine Months Ended September 30,

	2023				2022			2023				2022			
	Curr ency	Deriv ative	Empl oyee		Deriv ative	Empl oyee		Curr ency	Deriv ative	Empl oyee		Deri vativ e	Empl oyee		
Trans	latio	Finan	Bene		Finan	Bene		Trans	latio	Finan	Bene		Fina	Bene	
n	n	cial	fit		cial	fit		n	n	cial	fit		ncial	fit	
Adjus	Instr				Instr			Adjus	Instr				Instr		
tmen	ume				ume			tmen	ume		Tot	ume	Plan		
ts	nts	Plans	Total		nts	Plans	Total	ts	nts	Plans	al	nts	s	Total	
Reve	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2	
nue															
Cost															
of															
reven															
ue	—	2	—	2	(8)	—	(8)	—	8	—	8	(2)	—	(2)	
Other															
expe															
nse	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	
Sellin															
g,															
gener															
al															
and															
admi															
nistra															
tive	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	(1)	(1)	
Tax															
effect	—	—	—	—	1	—	1								
											1				
	\$ 2	\$ 7	\$ 1	\$ 10	\$ (6)	\$ —	\$ (6)	\$ 2	\$ 14	\$ 1	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ (1)	

The Company's reporting currency is the U.S. dollar. A majority of the Company's international entities in which there is a substantial investment have the local currency as their functional currency. As a result, currency translation adjustments resulting from the process of translating the entities' financial statements into the reporting currency are reported in other comprehensive income (loss).

The effect of changes in the fair values of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, until the underlying transactions are realized. The movement in other comprehensive income (loss) from period to period will be the combination of: 1) changes in fair value of open derivatives of (\$64) million and (\$1822) million during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023; and, 2) the outflow of other comprehensive loss related to cumulative changes in the fair value of derivatives that have settled in the current period were \$57 million and \$714 million during the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023.

## 5. Segments

Financial results by operating segment are as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue:								
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 804	\$ 666	\$ 9	\$ 4	\$ 799	\$ 741	\$ 8	\$ 5
Completion & Production Solutions	753	639	1	9	760	681	1	0
Rig Technologies	606	462	6	903	686	511	2	4
Eliminations	(70)	(40)	1)	(71)	(60)	(44)	1)	(115)
Total revenue	2,09	1,72	4,05	3,27	2,18	1,88	6,24	5,16
	\$ 3	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 9	\$ 0	\$ 4
Operating profit (loss):								
Operating profit:								
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 128	\$ 81	\$ 224	\$ 120	\$ 123	\$ 74	\$ 347	\$ 194

Completion & Production Solutions	53	20	97	(2)	47	21	144	19
Rig Technologies	64	31	117	42	86	22	203	64
Eliminations and corporate costs	(64)	(64)	(13)	(11)	(73)	(62)	(20)	(175)
			1)	3)			4)	
Total operating profit (loss)	\$ 181	\$ 68	\$ 307	\$ 47				
Total operating profit					\$ 183	\$ 55	\$ 490	\$ 102

Sales from one segment to another generally are priced at estimated equivalent commercial selling prices; however, segments originating an external sale are credited with the full profit to the Company. Eliminations include intercompany transactions conducted between the three reporting segments that are eliminated in consolidation. Intrasegment transactions are eliminated within each segment.

## 6. Impairment and Other Items

Beginning February 2022, as a result of armed conflict in Ukraine, governments in the European Union, the United States, the United Kingdom, Switzerland, and other countries have enacted sanctions against Russia and Russian interests. Among other things, these sanctions include controls on the export, re-export, and in-country transfer in Russia of certain goods, supplies, and technologies, including some that we use in our business in Russia. They also impose restrictions on doing business with specially designated nationals, including certain state-owned Russian customers, certain financial institutions and certain individuals and restrict or prohibit new investments and business activities in Russia. As previously disclosed, in response to these sanctions, the Company ceased new investments and curtailed our activities in Russia. Further, during the third quarter of 2022, the Company sold its business in Belarus and committed to a plan to sell its businesses in Russia. The sale is subject to government approval under Russian law and other jurisdictions.

As a result of these actions, we recorded \$41.76 million and \$125 million in impairment and other charges within costs of revenue were recorded for the six three and nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, respectively, of which \$51 million relates to accumulated foreign currency translation adjustment losses for Russia and Belarus. The impairment and other charges are reported in "Cost of revenue" (\$25 million and \$74 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively) and "Selling, general and administrative" (\$51 million for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022) in our Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss). Charges were \$31 million and \$61 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2022, respectively, for Wellbore Technologies, \$22 million and \$39 million, respectively, for Completion & Production Solutions, and \$23 million and \$25 million, respectively, for Rig Technologies. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, all our Russian assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale

and reported in “Prepaid and Other Current Assets” and “Accrued Liabilities”, respectively, in our Consolidated Balance Sheet. We expect to complete the sale of our Russian entities within the next 12 months, subject to regulatory approval.

Total other items included in operating profit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, were pre-tax credits of September 30, 2023 totaled \$7 million, consisting of pre-tax charges for a voluntary early retirement program and other items of \$11.13 million respectively, primarily partially offset by credits related to gains on sales of previously reserved inventory of \$6 million. Total other items included in operating profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 were (\$4) million, consisting of pre-tax credits related to gains on sale of previously reserved inventory of \$17 million partially offset by charges for a voluntary early retirement program and other items of \$13 million. Total other items included in operating profit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, were pre-tax charges for severance, facility closures, and other items \$63 million (pre-tax costs of \$14.76 million net of related credits of \$16 million, and \$59 million, net of related credits of \$17 million, respectively. Other items for the six months ended June 30, 2022 included impairment and other charges associated with discussed above partially offset by credits of (\$13) million related to gains on sales of previously reserved inventory). Total other items included in operating profit for the Company's operations in Russia, Belarus, nine months ended September 30, 2022, was \$122 million (pre-tax charges of \$125 million for the impairment and Ukraine other charges discussed above, above, \$23 million of severance, facility closure costs and restructure, partially offset by credits of (\$26) million related to gains on sales of previously reserved inventory).

7. Revenue

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following table disaggregates the Company’s revenue by major geographic and market segment destination. In the table, North America includes the U.S. and Canada (in millions):

Three Months Ended June 30,		Three Months Ended September 30,	
2023	2022	2023	2022
Co	Co	Co	Co
mpl	mpl	mpl	mpl
etio	etio	etio	etio
n	n	n	n

North America	& Pro Wel lbo re n Rig					& Pro Wel lbo re n Rig					& Pro Wel lbo re n Rig					& Pro Wel lbo re n Rig				
	duc		Tec hno logi es			duc		Tec hno logi es			duc		Tec hno logi es			duc		Tec hno logi es		
	ons	es	s.	Total	ons	es	s.	Total	ons	es	s.	Total	ons	es	s.	Total	ons	es	s.	Total
Latin America	4	3	1		3	2	1			3	2	1			3	2	1			
	0	2	1		84	4	3	2		70	7	9	2		79	8	8	0		77
	\$ 8	\$ 7	\$ 0	\$ —	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ 0	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 0
International	3	4	4		1,	3	3	3		1,	4	4	5		1,	3	3	4		1,
	6	0	8		24	0	9	2		02	0	3	5		38	3	8	0		11
	3	2	3	—	8	5	1	9	—	5	1	7	0	—	8	8	1	0	—	9



Elimination																				
	3	2	1	(7		1	1	1	(4		2	2	1	(6		1	1	1	(4	
	3	4	3	0)	—	5	2	3	0)	—	3	7	0	0)	—	8	6	0	4)	—
	8	7	6		2,	6	6	4		1,	7	7	6		2,	7	6	5		1,
	0	5	0	(7	09	6	3	6	(4	72	9	6	8	(6	18	4	8	1	(4	88
	\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 6	\$ 0)	\$ 3	\$ 6	\$ 9	\$ 2	\$ 0)	\$ 7	\$ 9	\$ 0	\$ 6	\$ 0)	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 4)	\$ 9
Land	5	4	1		1,	5	3	1		1,	5	4	1		1,	5	4	1		1,
	7	5	3		17	1	8	1		02	7	3	6		17	5	1	3		10
	\$ 7	\$ 9	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ 8	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ —	\$ 0	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 3	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ 3
Offshore	1	2	4			1	2	3			2	3	5		1,	1	2	3		
	9	7	5		92	3	4	3		70	0	0	1		01	7	5	6		78
	4	0	7	—	1	3	0	4	—	7	0	1	0	—	1	2	2	2	—	6
Elimination	3	2	1	(7		1	1	1	(4		2	2	1	(6		1	1	1	(4	
	3	4	3	0)	—	5	2	3	0)	—	3	7	0	0)	—	8	6	0	4)	—

8	7	6		2,	6	6	4		1,	7	7	6		2,	7	6	5		1,
0	5	0	(7	09	6	3	6	(4	72	9	6	8	(6	18	4	8	1	(4	88
\$ 4	\$ 3	\$ 6	\$ 0 )	\$ 3	\$ 6	\$ 9	\$ 2	\$ 0 )	\$ 7	\$ 9	\$ 0	\$ 6	\$ 0 )	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 4 )	\$ 9

Six Months Ended June 30,										Nine Months Ended September 30,									
2023					2022					2023					2022				
Co					Co					Co					Co				
mpl					mpl					mpl					mpl				
etio					etio					etio					etio				
n					n					n					n				
&					&					&					&				
Pro					Pro					Pro					Pro				
Wel	duc				Wel	duc				Wel	duc				Wel	duc			
lbo	tio				lbo	tio				lbo	tio				lbo	tio			
re	n	Rig			re	n	Rig			re	n	Rig			re	n	Rig		
															Tec				
Tec	Tec				Tec	Tec				Tec	Tec				Tec	hn			
hno	Sol	hno			hno	Sol	hno			hno	Sol	hno			hno	Sol	olo		
logi	uti	logi	Elim		logi	uti	logi	Elim		logi	uti	logi	Elim		logi	uti	gie	Elim	Tota
es	ons	es	s.	Total	es	ons	es	s.	Total	es	ons	es	s.	Total	es	ons	s	s.	l
										</									

I n t e r n a t i o n a l  E l i m i n a t i o n s																				
L a n d	7	7	9		2,	5	6	6		1,	1	1	1				1	1		
	0	7	1		39	9	9	7		96	,	,	,				,	,		
	6	4	6	—	6	5	9	2	—	6	1	2	4		3,	9	0	0		3,
											0	1	6		78	3	8	7		08
											7	1	6	—	4	3	0	2	—	5
	5	4	2	(1		2	2	2	(7		7	7	3	(1		4	3	3	(1	
	2	3	6	21)	—	7	1	3	1)	—	5	0	6	81)	—	5	7	3	15)	—
	1	1	1			1	1				2	2	1			2	1	1		
	,	,	,			,	,				,	,	,			,	,	,		
	5	4	1		4,	2	1	9		3,	3	2	8		6,	0	8	4		5,
	4	7	5	(1	05	7	6	0	(7	27	4	3	4	(1	24	1	5	1	(1	16
	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 21)	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 9	\$ 3	\$ 1)	\$ 5	\$ 8	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 81)	\$ 0	\$ 5	\$ 0	\$ 4	\$ 15)	\$ 4
	1										1	1				1	1			
	,										,	,				,	,			
	1	8	3		2,	9	7	2		1,	7	3	4		3,	5	1	3		3,
	3	9	2		35	5	0	3		89	0	2	9		52	0	2	7		00
	\$ 0	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 2	\$ 9	\$ 8	\$ —	\$ 9	\$ 6	\$ 9	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 8	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ 2

Offshore																				
Revenue	3	5	8		1,	2	4	6		1,	5	8	3		2,	4	6	0		2,
	6	3	0		70	9	3	4		37	6	3	1		71	6	9	0		16
	7	1	3	—	1	5	9	2	—	6	7	2	3	—	2	7	1	4	—	2
Elimination																				
Share	5	4	2	(1		2	2	2	(7		7	7	3	(1		4	3	3	(1	
	2	3	6	21)	—	7	1	3	1)	—	5	0	6	81)	—	5	7	3	15)	—
	1	1	1			1	1				2	2	1			2	1	1		
	,	,	,			,	,				,	,	,			,	,	,		
	5	4	1		4,	2	1	9		3,	3	2	8		6,	0	8	4		5,
	4	7	5	(1	05	7	6	0	(7	27	4	3	4	(1	24	1	5	1	(1	16
	\$ 9	\$ 1	\$ 6	\$ 21)	\$ 5	\$ 4	\$ 9	\$ 3	\$ 1)	\$ 5	\$ 8	\$ 1	\$ 2	\$ 81)	\$ 0	\$ 5	\$ 0	\$ 4	\$ 15)	\$ 4

## Performance Obligations

Net revenue recognized from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods was \$52 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 primarily due to change orders.

Remaining performance obligations represent the transaction price of firm orders for all revenue streams for which work has not been performed on contracts with original expected duration of one year or more. We do not disclose the remaining performance obligations of royalty contracts, service contracts for which there is a right to invoice, and short-term contracts that are expected to have a duration of one year or less. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations was \$4,2104,311 million. The Company expects to recognize approximately \$761378 million in revenue for the remaining performance obligations in 2023 and \$3,4493,933 million in 2024 and thereafter.

## Contract Assets and Liabilities

Contract assets include unbilled amounts when revenue recognized exceeds the amount billed to the customer under contracts where revenue is recognized over time. Contract liabilities consist of customer billings in excess of revenue recognized under over-time contracts, customer advance payments and deferred revenue.

The changes in the carrying amount of contract assets and contract liabilities are as follows (in millions):

	<b>Contract Assets</b>	<b>Contract Liabilities</b>	<b>Contract Assets</b>	<b>Contract Liabilities</b>
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 685	\$ 444	\$ 685	\$ 444
Provision	—	—		
Billings	(668)	548	(1,014)	918
Revenue recognized	655	(514)	986	(875)
Currency translation adjustments and other	32	16	18	1
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 704	\$ 494		
Balance at September 30, 2023			\$ 675	\$ 488

### *Royalty Revenue*

The Company recognizes royalty revenue due under various licenses for the Company's intellectual property, including for technology related to drill bits. The Company recognized revenue for drill bit licenses of approximately \$21 million and \$41.62 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively, and \$20 million and \$40.60 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, respectively. As previously disclosed, the Company is currently pursuing litigation against certain non-paying licensees. See Note 15 for discussion of the ongoing litigation.

### *Allowance for Credit Losses*

The Company estimates its allowance for credit losses using information about past events, current conditions and risk characteristics of each customer, and reasonable and supportable forecasts relevant to assessing risk associated with the collectability of receivables and contract assets. The Company's customer base, mostly in the oil and gas industry, have generally similar collectability risk characteristics, although larger and state-owned customers may have lower risk than

smaller independent customers. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the allowance for credit losses totaled \$76 77 million.

The changes in the carrying amount of the allowance for credit losses are as follows (in millions):

Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	71	\$	71
Provision for expected credit losses		16		21
Recoveries collected		(7)		(11)
Other		(4)		(4)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	76		
Balance at September 30, 2023			\$	77

## 8. Leases

The Company leases certain facilities and equipment to support its operations around the world. These leases generally require the Company to pay maintenance, insurance, taxes and other operating costs in addition to rent. Renewal options are common in longer term leases; however, it is rare that the Company initially intends that a lease option will be exercised due to the cyclical nature of the Company's business. Residual value guarantees are not typically part of the Company's leases. Occasionally, the Company sub-leases excess facility space, generally at terms similar to the source lease. The Company reviews agreements at inception to determine if they include a lease and, when they do, uses its incremental borrowing rate to determine the present value of the future lease payments as most do not include implicit interest rates.

Components of leases are as follows (in millions):

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
<i>Current portion of lease liabilities:</i>				
Operating	\$ 69	\$ 67	\$ 70	\$ 67
Financing	22	20	23	20
Total	\$ 91	\$ 87	\$ 93	\$ 87
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022

<i>Long-term portion of lease liabilities:</i>				
Operating	\$ 351	\$ 334	\$ 342	\$ 334
Financing	217	\$ 215	217	\$ 215
Total	<u>\$ 568</u>	<u>\$ 549</u>	<u>\$ 559</u>	<u>\$ 549</u>

## 9. Debt

Debt consists of (in millions):

	<u>June 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>	<u>September 30, 2023</u>	<u>December 31, 2022</u>
\$1.1 billion in Senior Notes, interest at 3.95% payable semiannually, principal due on December 1, 2042	\$ 1,090	\$ 1,090	\$ 1,090	\$ 1,090
\$0.5 billion in Senior Notes, interest at 3.60% payable semiannually, principal due on December 1, 2029	495	495	495	495
Other debt	143	145	144	145
Total Debt	<u>1,728</u>	<u>1,730</u>	<u>1,729</u>	<u>1,730</u>
Less current portion	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>
Long-term debt	<u>\$ 1,715</u>	<u>\$ 1,717</u>	<u>\$ 1,716</u>	<u>\$ 1,717</u>

The Company has a revolving credit facility with a borrowing capacity of \$2.0 billion through October 30, 2024, and a borrowing capacity of \$1.7 billion from October 31, 2024 to October 30, 2025. The Company has the right to increase the commitments under this agreement to an aggregate amount of up to \$3.0 billion upon the consent of only those lenders holding any such increase. Interest under the multicurrency facility is based upon Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), NIBOR or CDOR plus 1.25% subject to a ratings-based grid or the U.S. prime rate. The credit facility contains a financial covenant regarding maximum debt-to-capitalization ratio of 60%. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company was in compliance with a debt-to-capitalization ratio of **26.4** **26.1**% and had no outstanding borrowings or letters of credit issued under the facility, resulting in \$2.0 billion of available funds.

Additionally, a consolidated joint venture of the Company borrowed \$120 million against a \$150 million bank line of credit for the construction of a facility in Saudi Arabia. Interest under the bank line of credit is based upon SOFR plus 1.40%. The bank line of credit contains a financial covenant regarding maximum debt-to-equity ratio of 75%. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the joint venture was in compliance. The facility construction was completed in the fourth quarter of 2022, and the joint venture will not have future borrowings on the line of credit. The line of credit repayment schedule began in December 2022 with final payment no later than June 2032. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the Company has \$109 million in borrowings related to this line of credit. The carrying value of debt under the Company's consolidated joint venture approximates fair value because the interest rates are variable and reflective of current market rates. The Company has \$10 million in payments related to this line of credit due in the next twelve months. The Company can repay the entire outstanding facility balance without penalty at its sole discretion. Other debt at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 included \$33 million of funding provided by minority interest partners of NOV consolidated joint ventures, of which \$3 million is due in the next twelve months.

The Company had \$481.492 million of outstanding letters of credit at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, primarily in Norway and Netherlands, the United States, that are under various bilateral letter of credit facilities. Letters of credit are issued as bid bonds, advanced payment bonds and performance bonds.

At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the fair value of the Company's unsecured Senior Notes approximated \$1,256.1, 209 million and \$1,215 million, respectively. The fair value of the Company's debt is estimated using Level 2 inputs in the fair value hierarchy and is based on quoted prices for those of similar instruments. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the carrying value of the Company's unsecured Senior Notes approximated \$1,585 million.

## 10. Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was 10.8 30.8% and 12.1 18.2%, respectively, compared to (2.9 45.3)% and 36.4 42.3% for the same periods in 2022. The effective tax rate for 2023 was positively impacted by the utilization of previously unrealized loss carryforwards and tax credits as well as favorable adjustments related to changes in certain exchange rates, partially offset by current year losses in certain jurisdictions with no tax benefit.

The Company anticipates it will no longer be in a pre-tax three year cumulative loss position at December 31, 2023. The Company's year-end assessment of the carrying value of its deferred tax assets will therefore consider projections of future taxable income, which could result in the determination that a significant portion of deferred tax assets are more-likely-than-not to be realized in the future. In the event such a determination is made, valuation allowances against deferred tax assets would be reduced, resulting in a decrease to income tax expense in the fourth quarter of 2023.

In 2022, the Company received and paid a \$51 million transfer pricing tax assessment in Denmark. The Company and its advisors believe the assessment is without merit, but the Company was required to pay the assessment to pursue a



settlement within Denmark's legal system. The Company is presently appealing and believes it will be reimbursed following a successful appeals process. The payment has been recorded as a long-term receivable. Additionally, the IRS is examining the Company's tax returns for 2017 and 2018 and has proposed an adjustment to certain restructuring steps which occurred in 2017. The Company and its advisors believe these restructuring steps were properly completed in accordance with U.S. tax laws and regulations and will appeal the proposed adjustment. However, if the Company is unsuccessful in the appeals process, the IRS proposed adjustment would be substantially offset by the utilization of foreign tax credit carryforwards which are fully reserved by a valuation allowance and \$48 million additional income tax expense would be owed.

## 11. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company's stock-based compensation plan, known as the NOV Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "NOV Plan"), was approved by shareholders on May 11, 2018 and amended and restated on May 24, 2022. The NOV Plan provides for the granting of stock options,

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restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance awards, phantom shares, stock appreciation rights, stock payments and substitute awards. The number of shares authorized under the NOV Plan is 55.7 million. The NOV Plan is also subject to a fungible ratio concept, such that the issuance of stock options and stock appreciation rights reduces the number of available shares under the NOV Plan on a 1-for-1 basis, and the issuance of other awards reduces the number of available shares under the NOV Plan on a 1.5-for-1 basis. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, approximately 12.8 million shares remained available for future grants under the NOV Plan. The Company also has outstanding awards under its other stock-based compensation plan known as the National Oilwell Varco, Inc. Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), however the Company is no longer granting new awards under the Plan.

On May 17, 2023, the Company granted 84,000 restricted stock units with a fair value of \$15.00 per share. The awards were granted to non-employee members of the board of directors and vest on the first anniversary of the grant date.

Total expense for all stock-based compensation arrangements was \$17 million and \$32.49 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively and \$17 million and \$33.50 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, respectively.

There was no income tax benefit recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income for stock-based compensation arrangements under the NOV Plan for each of the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022.

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## 12. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company uses forward currency contracts to manage the foreign currency exchange rate risk on forecasted revenues and expenses denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the operating unit (cash flow hedge). The Company also executes forward currency contracts to manage the foreign currency exchange rate risk on recognized nonfunctional currency monetary accounts (non-designated hedge).

The fair values of these derivative financial instruments are determined using level 2 inputs (inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability) in the fair value hierarchy as the fair value is based on publicly available foreign exchange and interest rates at each financial reporting date.

Forward currency contracts consist of (in millions):

Foreign Currency	Currency Denomination				Currency Denomination			
	June 30,		December 31,		September 30,		December 31,	
	2023		2022		2023		2022	
Colombian Peso					COP	58,566	COP	—
South Korean Won	KRW	13,458	KRW	65,980	KRW	6,782	KRW	65,980
Norwegian Krone	NOK	2,202	NOK	2,741	NOK	2,612	NOK	2,741
U.S. Dollar	USD	670	USD	655	USD	713	USD	655
Japanese Yen	JPY	455	JPY	460	JPY	455	JPY	460
Brazilian Real	BRL	291	BRL	291	BRL	291	BRL	291
Mexican Peso	MXN	224	MXN	160	MXN	175	MXN	160
Euro	EUR	123	EUR	125	EUR	125	EUR	125
Singapore Dollar					SGD	26	SGD	27
South African Rand	ZAR	30	ZAR	149	ZAR	25	ZAR	149
Singapore Dollar	SGD	26	SGD	27				
British Pound Sterling	GBP	13	GBP	16	GBP	15	GBP	16
Danish Krone	DKK	10	DKK	13	DKK	10	DKK	13
Canadian Dollar	CAD	3	CAD	2				

### Cash Flow Hedging Strategy

To protect against the volatility of forecasted foreign currency cash flows resulting from forecasted revenues and expenses, the Company instituted a cash flow hedging program. For derivative instruments that are designated and

qualify as a cash flow hedge, the gain or loss on the derivative instrument is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified into earnings in the same line item associated with the forecasted transaction and in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affects earnings (e.g., in “revenues” when the hedged transactions are cash flows associated with forecasted revenues). The Company includes time value in hedge relationships.

The Company expects \$11.12 million of the accumulated other comprehensive loss will be reclassified into earnings within the next twelve months.

Non-designated Hedging Strategy

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The Company enters into forward exchange contracts to hedge certain nonfunctional currency monetary accounts. The gain or loss on the derivative instrument is recognized in earnings in other income (expense), together with the changes in the hedged nonfunctional monetary accounts.

The amount of gain (loss) recognized in other income (expense), net was (\$5.7) million and (\$10.17) million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, respectively, and (\$11.8) million and (\$14.22) million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, respectively.

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The Company has the following fair values of its derivative instruments and their balance sheet classifications (in millions):

Asset Derivatives			Liability Derivatives			Asset Derivatives			Liability Derivatives		
Fair Value			Fair Value			Fair Value			Fair Value		
Balance Sheet Location			Balance Sheet Location			Balance Sheet Location			Balance Sheet Location		
	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		September 30, 2023	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2022	December 31, 2022

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments under ASC Topic 815																				
Foreign exchange contracts	Prepaid and other current assets	\$	1	\$	3	Accrued liabilities	\$	11	\$	3	Prepaid and other current assets	\$	1	\$	3	Accrued liabilities	\$	10	\$	3
Foreign exchange contracts	Other Assets		—		—	Other liabilities		4		1	Other Assets		—		—	Other liabilities		1		1
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments under ASC Topic 815		\$	1	\$	3		\$	15	\$	4		\$	1	\$	3		\$	11	\$	4

Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC Topic 815												
Foreign exchange contracts	Prepaid and other current assets	\$ 2	\$ 5	Accrued liabilities	\$ 6	\$ 10	Prepaid and other current assets	\$ 2	\$ 5	Accrued liabilities	\$ 16	\$ 10
Foreign exchange contracts	Other Assets	—	—	Other Liabilities	3	—	Other Assets	—	—	Other Liabilities	—	—
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC Topic 815		\$ 2	\$ 5		\$ 9	\$ 10		\$ 2	\$ 5		\$ 16	\$ 10
Total derivatives		\$ 3	\$ 8		\$ 24	\$ 14		\$ 3	\$ 8		\$ 27	\$ 14

### 13. Net Income Attributable to Company Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of weighted average basic and diluted shares outstanding (in millions, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Numerator:				
Net income attributable to Company	\$ 155	\$ 69	\$ 281	\$ 19
Denominator:				
Basic—weighted average common shares outstanding	393	390	392	389
Dilutive effect of employee stock options and other unvested stock awards	2	3	4	3
Diluted outstanding shares	395	393	396	392
Net income attributable to Company per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.05
Diluted	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.71	\$ 0.05
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10

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	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Numerator:				
Net income attributable to Company	\$ 114	\$ 32	\$ 395	\$ 51
Denominator:				
Basic—weighted average common shares outstanding	393	391	393	389
Dilutive effect of employee stock options and other unvested stock awards	3	2	3	4
Diluted outstanding shares	396	393	396	393
Net income attributable to Company per share:				

Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.08	\$ 1.01	\$ 0.13
Diluted	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.08	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.13
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.15

Companies with unvested participating securities are required to utilize a two-class method for the computation of net income attributable to Company per share. The two-class method requires a portion of net income attributable to Company to be allocated to participating securities, which are unvested awards of share-based payments with non-forfeitable rights to receive dividends or dividend equivalents if declared. Net income attributable to the Company allocated to these participating securities was immaterial for each of the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Company had stock options outstanding that were anti-dilutive totaling 23 19 million shares for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023, compared to 22 million and 22 20 million shares for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, compared to 20 million and 21 million shares for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, respectively.

#### 14. Cash Dividends

Cash dividends were \$20 million and \$40 60 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 compared to \$19 20 million and \$39 59 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. The declaration and payment of future dividends is at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will be dependent upon the Company's results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements and other factors deemed relevant by the Company's Board of Directors.

#### 15. Commitments and Contingencies

Our business is governed by laws and regulations, including those directed to the oilfield service industry, promulgated by U.S. federal and state governments and regulatory agencies, as well as international governmental authorities in the many countries in which we conduct business. In the United States these governmental authorities include: the U.S. Department of Labor, the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Bureau of Land Management, the Department of Treasury, Office of Foreign Asset Controls, state environmental agencies and many others. We are unaware of any material liabilities in connection with our compliance with such laws. New laws, investigations, regulations and enforcement policies may result in additional, presently unquantifiable, or unknown, costs or liabilities.

From time to time, the Company is involved in various claims, regulatory agency audits, investigations and legal actions involving a variety of matters. The Company maintains insurance that covers claims such as third-party personal injuries or property damage arising from risks associated with the business activities of the Company, such as premises liability,

product liability, personal injury, marine risk, property damage, and other such insurable losses. The Company carries substantial insurance to cover insurable risks above a self-insured retention. The Company believes, and the Company's experience has been, that such insurance has been sufficient to cover any such material risks.

The Company is also a party to claims, threatened and actual litigation, arbitration, and internal investigations of potential regulatory and compliance matters which arise both from legacy businesses that the Company has acquired over many years and from the Company's current ordinary day-to-day business activities. These regulatory matters and disputes involve private parties and/or government authorities which who may assert claims against the Company for a broad spectrum of potential claims against the Company including: employment law claims, collective actions or class action claims under employment laws, intellectual property claims, (such as alleged patent infringement, and/or misappropriation of trade secrets by the company), premises liability claims, environmental claims, product liability claims, warranty claims, personal injury claims arising from exposure to or use of allegedly defective products or from activities of the Company, alleged regulatory violations, alleged violations of anti-corruption and anti-bribery, trade, customs or other laws and other commercial and/or regulatory claims seeking recovery for alleged actual or exemplary damages or fines and penalties. Such claims involve various theories of liability which include: negligence, breach of contract, strict liability, product liability, and other theories of liability. For some of these contingent claims and potential liabilities, the Company's insurance coverage may not apply, or exclusions to coverage or legal impediments may apply. In such instances, settlement or other resolution of such claims, individually or collectively, could have a material financial or reputational impact on the Company. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the Company recorded reserves in an amount believed to be sufficient, given the estimated range of potential outcomes, for contingent liabilities representing all contingencies believed to be probable. These reserves include costs currently and reasonably estimated to be incurred for reclamation of a closed barite mine and product liability claims, as well as other circumstances involving material claims.

The Company has assessed the potential for additional losses above the amounts accrued as well as potential losses for matters that are believed to be not probable, but which are reasonably possible. The Company sets accruals in accordance with GAAP based on its best judgment about the probable results of disputed claims, regulatory enforcement actions, tax and other governmental audits, and other contingencies. The litigation process as well as the outcome of regulatory oversight is inherently uncertain, and our best judgment concerning the probable outcome of litigation or regulatory enforcement matters may prove to be incorrect. No assurance can be given as to the outcome of these matters. The total potential loss on these matters cannot be determined; however, in our opinion, any ultimate liability, to the extent not otherwise provided for, will not materially affect our financial position, cash flow or results of operations. These estimated liabilities are based on the Company's assessment of the nature of these matters, their progress toward resolution, the advice of legal counsel and outside experts as well as management's experience. Because of uncertainty and risk inherent to litigation,



arbitration, audits, governmental investigations, enforcement actions, and similar matters, the Company's actual liabilities incurred may materially exceed our estimated liabilities and reserves, which could have a material financial or reputational impact on the Company.

In many instances, the Company's products and services embody or incorporate trade secrets or patented inventions. From time to time, we are engaged in disputes concerning protection of the Company's trade secrets and confidential information, patents, and other intellectual property rights. Such disputes frequently involve complex, factual, technical and/or legal issues which result in high costs to adjudicate our rights and for which it may be difficult to predict the ultimate outcome. At any given time, the Company may be a plaintiff or defendant in disputes involving disputed intellectual property rights.

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The Company is currently pursuing litigation against several companies involving royalties due under licenses for technology related to drill bits. This technology resulted in a portfolio of patents related to leaching technology, a revolutionary technology owned by the Company that dramatically improves the performance of drill bits and other products utilizing certain synthetic diamond parts. The Company previously sued several drill bit manufacturers for patent infringement and those lawsuits were resolved by a series of licensing agreements with various drill bit manufacturers. To settle and end litigation or to avoid litigation, the licensees were provided access to the portfolio of leaching patents owned by the Company in exchange for a royalty payment, as defined in the each license agreement. The license agreements each provide that they terminate on the date of the last to expire of the patents in the licensed portfolio. Having obtained the benefit of these licenses for more than a decade, some all of the drill bit manufacturer licensees unilaterally stopped making royalty payments even though all of the patents in the portfolio have not expired. These companies have asserted, among other reasons, that they are entitled to stop making these payments because they have not elected to manufacture products covered by the unexpired patents. Some of these companies stopped making payments after the expiration of what are allegedly the patents in the portfolio that they elected to use. Others paid for some period of time after that date but have since stopped payment. The Company contends this believes that failure to pay the royalties is a breach of the license agreements at issue. The Company is in litigation with most of the Licensees seeking a judicial determination that it is entitled to be paid royalties pursuant to the terms of the licenses. The parties' legal filings to date can be found in two cases currently pending in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas: Grant Prideco, Inc., et al. v. Schlumberger Tech. Corp., et al., No. 4:23-cv-00730, and Halliburton Energy Serv, Inc. v. Grant Prideco, Inc., et al., No. 4:23-cv-01789. The Company continues to accrue accounts receivable for the unpaid royalties and accrued an incremental \$10.21 million during the second third quarter, bringing the total amount accrued to \$52.82 million. This amount is likely to increase over time until resolution of the ongoing litigation. While the Company strongly believes that the royalties for which it has sued are due and owing pursuant to the terms of the licensing agreement, there is inherent risk with the related litigation and the Company makes no assurances as to the outcome of such litigation.

The protection of intellectual property is important to the Company's performance, and as such, an adverse result in the above dispute or any future dispute related to any of our intellectual property could result in materially adverse financial consequences such as a decline in sales of products protected by patents, which could materially and adversely impact our financial performance.

In addition to intellectual property matters, from time to time From time-to-time consumers of our products and services or members of the our supply chain become involved in litigation, governmental investigations, internal investigations, political or other enforcement matters, matters, or other dispute proceedings. In such circumstances, such investigations proceedings may adversely impact the ability of consumers of our products, entities providing financial support to such consumers or entities in the supply chain to timely perform their business plans or to timely perform under agreements with us. We may, from time to time, become involved in these investigations, proceedings, at substantial cost to the Company. We also are subject to trade regulations, supply chain regulations, and other regulatory compliance in which the laws and regulations of different jurisdictions conflict or these regulations may conflict with contractual terms. In such circumstances, our compliance with U.S. laws and regulations may subject us to risk of fines, penalties, or contractual liability in other jurisdictions. Our efforts to actively manage such risks may not always be successful which could lead to negative impacts on revenue or earnings.

The Company is exposed to customs and trade regulation risk in the countries in which we do business and countries from which or to which we import or export goods. Such trade regulations can be complex and conflicting, as different countries use trade regulation to promote conflicting policy objectives. Compliance with these laws and regulations present challenges which could result in future liabilities (for example, when laws conflict between countries). The Company may face increased tariffs and trade costs, loss of revenue, loss of customers, fines, penalties, increased costs, the need for renegotiation of agreements, and other business disruptions. Trade regulations, supply chain regulations, and other regulatory compliance in which the laws and regulations of different jurisdictions conflict or these regulations may conflict with contractual terms with various counter-parties. In such circumstances, our compliance with U.S. laws and regulations may subject us to risk of fines, penalties, or contractual liability in other jurisdictions. Our efforts to actively manage such risks may not always be successful which could lead to negative impacts on revenue or earnings. In addition, trade regulations, export controls, and other laws adversely impact our ability to do business in certain countries, e.g., Iran, Syria, Russia, China and Venezuela.

In response to additional sanctions enacted by governments in the European Union, the United States, the United Kingdom, Switzerland, and other countries as a result of active armed conflict in Ukraine, we ceased new investments in Russia and have curtailed our activities in Russia. During the third quarter of 2022, we sold our business in Belarus and entered into an agreement to sell our business in Russia. The sale is subject to various government approvals in Russia and other jurisdictions. The Russian government continues to enact new laws impacting the exit of western companies from Russia, including some instances of expropriation of western businesses. We may incur additional costs as a result

of conditions in Russia if we are unable to complete the transaction to sell our Russian business on the terms of the agreements.

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The geopolitical response to the COVID-19 pandemic continues to have lingering supply chain impacts and to affect how business is being done in countries around the world. impacts. The Company's ability to manufacture equipment and perform services could be impaired

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from such disruptions and the Company could be exposed to liabilities resulting from additional interruption or delay in its ability to perform due to materials shortages, inflationary pressures, and limited manpower. The overall situation related to COVID-19 has improved, but the Company continues to see operational delays resulting from impacts on availability of materials and work force, the lack of predictability of vendor delivery dates and other operational disruptions. We may face loss of workers, labor shortages, litigation, fines and/or other adverse consequences resulting from ongoing labor impacts or COVID-19 regulations. impacts. The combined impact of supply chain and labor market disruptions along with the inflationary impacts of pandemic monetary and regulatory policies could have material adverse impacts on our financial results.

Disputes may arise regarding application of force majeure contract provisions and allocation of responsibility among customers, the Company, and suppliers, resulting in material added cost and/or litigation. Our customers may attempt to cancel or delay projects, cancel contracts, or may invoke force majeure clauses. Our customers may also seek to delay or may default on their payments to us. As a result, the Company may be exposed to additional costs, liabilities and risks which could materially, adversely impact our financial performance and results. These potential operational and service delays could result in contractual or other legal claims from our customers. At this time, it is not possible to quantify all these risks, but the combination of these factors could have a material impact on our financial results.

Due to market conditions and ongoing concerns about the energy transition, demand for our products and services may decline. Legal restrictions on exploration and production may impede our customer's ability to do business in certain jurisdictions. The political environment may adversely impact demand for hydrocarbons in different jurisdictions or globally. The demand for energy may be constrained with adverse consequences for our customers and for the company.

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## 16. New Accounting Pronouncements

### *Recently Issued Accounting Standards*

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-04, "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848)." Topic 848, as amended, applies only to contracts, hedging relationships, and other transactions that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform. The expedients and exceptions provided by the amendments do not apply to contract modifications made and hedging relationships entered into or evaluated after December 31, 2024. During the first quarter of 2023, the Company adopted the optional relief guidance provided under Topic 848 after modifying certain debt and derivative instruments to update the reference rate from LIBOR to SOFR. The adoption of this optional relief did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

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17. Subsequent Event

In an effort to drive further operational and financial efficiencies, the Company announced plans to consolidate its operational structure into two segments, Energy Equipment and Energy Products and Services. NOV's new operational structure will be effective January 1, 2024. The Company plans to begin reporting the new segment information beginning in the first quarter of 2024.

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Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Introduction

NOV Inc. ("NOV" or the "Company") is a leading independent equipment and technology provider to the global energy industry. Originally founded in 1862, NOV and its predecessor companies have spent 161 years helping transform oil and gas field development and improving its cost-effectiveness, efficiency, safety, and environmental impact. Over the past few decades, the Company has pioneered and refined key technologies to improve the economic viability of frontier resources, including unconventional and deepwater oil and gas. More recently, by applying its deep expertise and technology, the company has helped advance the transition toward sustainable energy.

NOV's extensive proprietary technology portfolio supports the industry's full-field drilling, completion, and production needs. With unmatched cross-segment capabilities, scope, and scale, NOV continues to develop and introduce technologies that further enhance the economics and efficiencies of energy production, with a focus on automation, predictive analytics, and condition-based maintenance.

NOV serves major-diversified, national, and independent service companies, contractors, and energy producers in 63 61 countries, operating under three segments: Wellbore Technologies, Completion & Production Solutions, and Rig Technologies.

Unless indicated otherwise, results of operations are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period financial information in order to conform with current period presentation. The Company discloses Adjusted EBITDA (defined as operating profit

excluding depreciation, amortization, gains and losses on sales of fixed assets and, when applicable, Other Items) in its periodic earnings press releases and other public disclosures to provide investors additional information about the results of ongoing operations. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Reconciliations in Results of Operations for an explanation of our use of non-GAAP financial measures and reconciliations to their corresponding measures calculated in accordance with GAAP.

### *Wellbore Technologies*

The Company's Wellbore Technologies segment designs, manufactures, rents, and sells a variety of equipment and technologies used to perform drilling operations, and offers services that optimize their performance, including: solids control and waste management equipment and services, managed pressure drilling, drilling fluids, premium drillpipe, wired pipe, drilling optimization services, tubular inspection and coating services, instrumentation, downhole tools, and drill bits.

Wellbore Technologies focuses on oil and gas companies and supports drilling contractors, oilfield service companies, and oilfield equipment rental companies. Demand for the segment's products and services depends on the level of oilfield drilling activity by oil and gas companies, drilling contractors, and oilfield service companies.

### *Completion & Production Solutions*

The Company's Completion & Production Solutions segment integrates technologies for well completions and oil and gas production.

The segment designs, manufactures, and integrates technologies for well completions, oil and gas production, and industrial markets. This includes equipment and technologies needed for hydraulic fracture stimulation, including pressure pumping trucks, blenders, sanders, hydration units, injection units, flowline, and manifolds; well intervention, including coiled tubing units, coiled tubing, and wireline units and tools; cementing products for pumping, mixing, transport, and storage; onshore production, including fluid processing, composite pipe, surface transfer and progressive cavity pumps, and artificial lift systems; and offshore production, including integrated production systems and subsea production technologies.

Completion & Production Solutions supports service companies and oil and gas companies. Demand for the segment's products depends on the level of oilfield completions and workover activity by oilfield service companies and drilling contractors, and capital spending plans by oil and gas companies and oilfield service companies.

The segment also designs and manufactures equipment for industrial markets. This includes specialized, technology-driven progressive cavity pumps and mixers for a wide breadth of industrial end markets with high failure costs, premium pole products to support connectivity, lighting, and power for municipal and residential applications including 5G, smart-city infrastructure, roads and highways, and energy-grid modernization. Demand for these products is driven by general industrial activity and infrastructure spend.

## Rig Technologies

The Company's Rig Technologies segment manufactures and supports the capital equipment and integrated systems needed to drill oil and gas wells on land and offshore as well as other marine-based markets, including offshore wind vessels. The segment designs, manufactures and sells land rigs, offshore drilling equipment packages, including installation and commissioning services, and drilling rig components that mechanize and automate the drilling process and rig functionality. Equipment and technologies the segment provides to customers include: substructures, derricks, and masts; cranes; jacking systems; pipe lifting, racking, rotating, and assembly systems;

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fluid transfer technologies, such as mud pumps; pressure control equipment, including blowout preventers; power transmission systems, including drives and generators; rig instrumentation and control systems; mooring, anchor, and deck handling machinery; major equipment components for offshore wind construction vessels; and pipelay and construction systems. The segment also provides spare parts, repair, and rentals as well as comprehensive remote equipment monitoring, technical support, field service, and customer training through an extensive network of aftermarket service and repair facilities strategically located in major areas of drilling operations around the world.

Rig Technologies supports land and offshore drillers. Demand for the segment's products depends on drilling contractors' and oil and gas companies' capital spending plans, specifically capital expenditures on rig construction and refurbishment; and secondarily on the overall level of oilfield drilling activity, which drives demand for spare parts, service, and repair for the segment's large installed base of equipment. The segment also designs and builds equipment for wind turbine installation companies, where demand is dependent on global investment into offshore wind energy developments.

### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

In our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, we identified our most critical accounting policies. In preparing the financial statements, we make assumptions, estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported. We periodically evaluate our estimates and judgments that are most critical in nature which are related to revenue recognition under long-term construction contracts; inventory reserves; impairment of goodwill and income taxes. Our estimates are based on historical experience and on our future expectations that we believe are reasonable. The combination of these factors forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results are likely to differ from our current estimates and those differences may be material.

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

For the **second third** quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company generated revenues of **\$2.09 billion** **\$2.19 billion**, an increase of **7.4** percent compared to the **first second** quarter of 2023 and an increase of **21.16** percent compared to the **second third** quarter of 2022. Net income for the **second third** quarter of 2023 was **\$155 million** **\$114 million**, or **7.4** **5.2** percent of sales, which included \$7 million of **credits in** Other Items. Adjusted EBITDA

(operating profit excluding depreciation, amortization, gains and losses on sales of fixed assets and, when applicable, Other Items) increased sequentially to \$245 million \$267 million, or 11.7 12.2 percent of sales.

In an effort to drive further operational and financial efficiencies, the Company announced a consolidation of its operational structure into two segments, Energy Equipment and Energy Products and Services. NOV's new operational structure will be effective January 1, 2024, and, when fully implemented, is expected to contribute to the Company's ongoing cost reduction initiatives. As a result of the reorganization, the Company expects to recognize certain charges in the fourth quarter of 2023 and first half of 2024. The actual amount of the charges will depend on various factors and may impact any forward-looking statements. The Company plans to begin reporting the new segment information beginning in the first quarter of 2024.

## Segment Performance

### *Wellbore Technologies*

Wellbore Technologies generated revenues of \$804 million \$799 million in the third quarter of 2023, a decrease of one percent from the second quarter of 2023 and an increase of 8 percent from the first quarter of 2023 and an increase of 21 percent from the second third quarter of 2022. Operating profit was \$128 million \$123 million, or 15.9 15.4 percent of sales, and included a credit of \$1 million \$3 million in Other Items. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$31 million \$2 million sequentially and increased \$42 million \$21 million from the prior year to \$164 million \$166 million, or 20.4 20.8 percent of sales. Significantly improved manufacturing throughput from the segment's The revenue decline was driven by lower North American drilling activity and lower drill pipe operations, market share gains and improving demand from shipments during the quarter, which were mostly offset by improvements in the international and offshore markets offset activity declines in North America to drive improved results. markets.

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### *Completion & Production Solutions*

Completion & Production Solutions generated revenues of \$753 million \$760 million in the second third quarter of 2023, an increase of 5 one percent from the first second quarter of 2023 and an increase of 18 12 percent from the second third quarter of 2022. Operating profit was \$53 million \$47 million, or 7.0 6.2 percent of sales. sales, and included \$2 million in Other Items. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$15 million decreased \$2 million sequentially and increased \$37 million \$11 million from the prior year to \$69 million \$67 million, or 9.2 8.8 percent of sales. Results reflect improving execution on a higher margin mix lower deliveries of international and offshore projects, partially equipment in North America, more than offset by softening demand for completion equipment and aftermarket services in North America. improving progress on offshore projects.

New orders booked during the quarter increased 11% 18% and totaled \$450 million \$530 million, representing a book-to-



bill of 94.114 percent when compared to the \$477 million \$466 million of orders shipped from backlog. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, backlog for capital equipment orders for Completion & Production Solutions was \$1,586 million \$1,626 million, a decrease an increase of \$15 million \$40 million from the first second quarter of 2023 and an increase of \$144 million \$148 million from the second third quarter of 2022.

### Rig Technologies

Rig Technologies generated revenues of \$606 million \$686 million in the second third quarter of 2023, an increase of 10.13 percent from the first second quarter of 2023, and an increase of 31.34 percent from the second third quarter of 2022. Operating profit was \$64 million \$86 million, or 10.6 12.5 percent of sales, and included a credit of \$7 million \$3 million of Other Items. Adjusted EBITDA increased \$2 million \$29 million sequentially and increased \$30 million \$48 million from the prior year to \$71 million \$100 million, or 11.7 14.6 percent of sales. Steadily improving demand drove Results were driven primarily by improved execution and spare part shipments from the segment's sequential revenue growth. Incremental margins were limited by a lower margin sales mix and sequentially higher costs related to a wind tower startup operation. Company's aftermarket operations.

New capital equipment orders booked during the quarter totaled \$222 million \$178 million, representing a book-to-bill of 108.72 percent when compared to the \$205 million \$248 million of orders shipped from backlog. The segment also recorded a positive \$145 million adjustment to backlog, primarily related to contractual inflationary price index adjustments. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, backlog for capital equipment orders for Rig Technologies

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was \$2,893 million \$2,968 million, an increase of \$17 million \$75 million from the first second quarter of 2023 and an increase of \$54 million \$187 million from the second third quarter of 2022.

### Oil & Gas Equipment and Services Market and Outlook

Despite the recent volatility in commodity prices, management believes the industry is in the early stages of an extended recovery that began in 2021 with the gradual reopening of global economies following the COVID-19 pandemic. Improving economic activity, driven by pent-up consumer and industrial demand combined with government economic stimulus, drove higher consumption of commodities, pulled significant volumes of oil and gas out of global inventories, and exposed diminished productive capacity resulting from years of underinvestment in the oil and gas industry.

Tightening of government fiscal policies, concerns regarding a global recession, ongoing global supply chain disruptions, and rising inflationary costs may drive volatility and could pressure commodity prices near-term; however, management believes diminished global oil and gas production capacity, along with rising energy security risks, will continue to spur increased oilfield activity and demand for the Company's equipment and technology.



NOV remains committed to improving organizational efficiencies while focusing on the development and commercialization of innovative products and services, including technologies to reduce the environmental impact of oil and gas operations and technologies to accelerate the energy transition that are responsive to the longer-term needs of NOV's customers. We believe this strategy will further advance the Company's competitive position in all market conditions.

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## Operating Environment Overview

The Company's results are dependent on, among other things, the level of worldwide oil and gas drilling, well remediation activity, the prices of crude oil and natural gas, capital spending by other oilfield service companies and drilling contractors, and worldwide oil and gas inventory levels. Key industry indicators for the second third quarter of 2023 and 2022, and the first second quarter of 2023 include the following:

	% 2Q23 2Q23					% 3Q23 3Q23				
	2Q23*	2Q22*	1Q23*	2Q22	1Q23	3Q23*	3Q22*	2Q23*	3Q22	3 2Q2
<b>Active Drilling Rigs:</b>										
U.S.	72		76		(5.	65	76	72	(1	(9.
	2	715	1	1.0%	1)%	1	1	2	4.5%)	8)%
Canada	11		22		(48	18	19	11	(5.	63
	5	114	3	0.9%	.4)%	8	9	5	5%)	.5%
International	96		91	17.		95	85	96	11.	(0.
	0	815	5	8%	4.9%	1	7	0	0%	9%)
Worldwide	1,7	1,6	1,8		(5.	1,7	1,8	1,7	(1.	(0.
	97	44	99	9.3%	4)%	90	17	97	5%)	4)%
<b>West Texas Intermediate Crude Prices (per barrel)</b>										
	73.	108	76.	(32	(3.	82.	93.	73.	(1	11
	\$ 76	\$ .72	\$ 08	.2)%	0)%	\$ 30	\$ 18	\$ 76	1.7)%	.6%

Natural Gas										
Prices	2.1	7.4	2.6	(71	(18	2.5	7.9	2.1	(6	19
(\$/mmbtu)	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$ 5	.0)%	.5)%	\$ 9	\$ 6	\$ 6	7.5)%	.9%

\* Averages for the quarters indicated. See sources below.

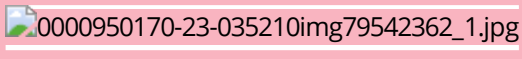
The Company is also becoming increasingly engaged with energy transition related opportunities and is currently involved in projects related to wind energy, geothermal power, rare earth metal extraction, biogas production, and carbon sequestration. Additionally, the Company is investing in developing technologies and solutions that will support other energy transition related industry verticals. Management expects to see continued growth in these areas as low carbon power becomes a larger portion of the global energy supply.

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The following table details the U.S., Canadian, and international rig activity and West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil prices for the past nine quarters ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, on a quarterly basis:



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Source: Rig count: Baker Hughes, Inc. (www.bakerhughes.com); West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil and Natural Gas Prices: Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration (www.eia.doe.gov).

The worldwide quarterly average rig count decreased 5 percent remained relatively consistent (from 1,8991,797 to 1,797) 1,790), and the U.S. decreased 5 10 percent (from 761 722 to 722) 651), in the second third quarter of 2023 compared to the first second quarter of 2023. The average per barrel price of West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil decreased 3 increased 12 percent (from \$76.08 \$73.76 per barrel to \$73.76 \$82.30 per barrel) and natural gas prices decreased 18 increased 20 percent (from \$2.65 \$2.16 per mmbtu to \$2.16 \$2.59 per mmbtu) in the second third quarter of 2023 compared to the first second quarter of 2023.

At July 14, 2023 October 13, 2023, there were 862 815 rigs actively drilling in North America, which increased decreased 3 percent from the second third quarter average of 837 839 rigs. The price for West Texas Intermediate Crude Oil was \$75.42 \$87.69 per barrel at July 14, 2023 October 13, 2023, an increase of 2 7 percent from the second third quarter of 2023

average. The price for natural gas was \$2.53 \$3.24 per mmbtu at July 14, 2023 October 13, 2023, an increase of 17 25 percent from the second third quarter of 2023 average.

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## Results of Operations

Financial results by operating segment are as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,		September 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue:								
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 804	\$ 666	1,54	1,27	\$ 799	\$ 741	2,34	2,01
Completion & Production Solutions	753	639	1,47	1,16	760	681	2,23	1,85
Rig Technologies	606	462	1,15	903	686	511	1,84	1,41
Eliminations	(70)	(40)	(12)	(71)	(60)	(44)	(18)	(115)
Total revenue	2,09	1,72	4,05	3,27	2,18	1,88	6,24	5,16
	\$ 3	\$ 7	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 9	\$ 0	\$ 4
Operating profit (loss):								
Operating profit:								
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 128	\$ 81	\$ 224	\$ 120	\$ 123	\$ 74	\$ 347	\$ 194
Completion & Production Solutions	53	20	97	(2)	47	21	144	19
Rig Technologies	64	31	117	42	86	22	203	64

Eliminations and corporate costs	(64)	(64)	(13) 1)	(11) 3)	(73)	(62)	(20) 4)	(175)
Total operating profit (loss)	\$ 181	\$ 68	\$ 307	\$ 47				
Total operating profit					\$ 183	\$ 55	\$ 490	\$ 102

### Wellbore Technologies

THREE Three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022. Revenue from Wellbore Technologies was \$804 million \$799 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to \$666 million \$741 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$138 million \$58 million or 21.8 percent. For the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, revenue from Wellbore Technologies was \$1,549 million \$2,348 million compared to \$1,274 million \$2,015 million for the six nine months ending June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$275 million \$333 million or 22.17 percent.

Operating profit from Wellbore Technologies was \$128 million \$123 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 compared to an operating profit of \$81 million \$74 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$47 million \$49 million. For the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, operating profit from Wellbore Technologies was \$224 million \$347 million compared to operating profit of \$120 million \$194 million for the six nine months ending June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$104 million \$153 million.

### Completion & Production Solutions

THREE Three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022. Revenue from Completion & Production Solutions was \$753 million \$760 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to \$639 million \$681 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$114 million \$79 million or 18.12 percent. For the six nine months ending June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, revenue from Completion & Production Solutions was \$1,471 million \$2,231 million compared to \$1,169 million \$1,850 million for the six nine months ending June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$302 million \$381 million or 26.21 percent.

Operating profit from Completion & Production Solutions was \$53 million \$47 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 compared to an operating profit of \$20 million \$21 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$33 million \$26 million. For the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, operating profit from Completion & Production Solutions was \$97 million \$144 million compared to operating loss profit of \$2 million \$19 million for the six nine months ending June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$99 million \$125 million.

The Completion & Productions Solutions segment monitors its capital equipment backlog to plan its business. New orders are added to backlog only when the Company receives a firm written order for major completion and production components or a contract related to a construction project. The capital equipment backlog was \$1,586 million \$1,626 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, an increase of \$144 million \$148 million from backlog of \$1,442 million \$1,478 million at June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. Although numerous factors can affect the timing of revenue out of backlog (including, but not limited to, customer change orders and supplier accelerations or delays), the Company reasonably expects approximately 55 29 percent of backlog to become revenue during the rest of 2023 and the remainder thereafter. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, approximately 58 61 percent of the capital equipment backlog was for offshore products and approximately 75 76 percent of the capital equipment backlog was destined for international markets.

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### *Rig Technologies*

THREE Three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 and 2022. Revenue from Rig Technologies was \$606 million \$686 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to \$462 million \$511 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$144 million \$175 million or 31 34 percent. For the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, revenue from Rig Technologies was \$1,156 million \$1,842 million compared to \$903 million \$1,414 million for the six nine months ending June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$253 million \$428 million or 28 30 percent.

Operating profit from Rig Technologies was \$64 million \$86 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 compared to \$31 million \$22 million for the three months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$33 million \$64 million. For the six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, operating profit from Rig Technologies was \$117 million \$203 million compared to \$42 million \$64 million for the six nine months ending June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, an increase of \$75 million \$139 million.

The Rig Technologies segment monitors its capital equipment backlog to plan its business. New orders are added to backlog only when the Company receives a firm written order for major drilling rig components or a signed contract related to a construction project. The capital equipment backlog was \$2,893 million \$2,968 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, an increase of \$54 million \$187 million from backlog of \$2,839 million \$2,781 million at June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. Although numerous factors can affect the timing of revenue out of backlog (including, but not limited to, customer change orders and supplier accelerations or delays), the Company reasonably expects approximately 18 9 percent of backlog to become revenue during the rest of 2023 and the remainder thereafter. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, approximately 30 28 percent of the capital equipment backlog was for offshore products and approximately 95 percent of the capital equipment backlog was destined for international markets.

### *Eliminations and corporate costs*

Eliminations and corporate costs were \$64 million \$73 million and \$131 million \$204 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to \$64 million \$62 million and \$113 million \$175 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022. Sales from one segment to another generally are priced at estimated equivalent commercial selling prices; however, segments originating an external sale are credited with the full profit to the company. Eliminations include intercompany transactions conducted between the three reporting segments that are eliminated in consolidation. Intrasegment transactions are eliminated within each segment.

#### *Other expense, net*

Other expense, net was \$29 million \$25 million and \$45 million \$70 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, compared to expenses of zero \$10 million and \$2 million \$8 million for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2022 September 30, 2022, respectively. The change in income was primarily due to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

#### *Provision for income taxes*

The effective tax rate for the three and six nine months ended June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 was 10.8% 30.8% and 12.1% 18.2%, respectively, compared to (2.9)% 45.3% and 36.4% 42.3% for the same period in 2022. The effective tax rate for 2023 was positively impacted by the utilization of previously unrealized loss carryforwards and tax credits as well as favorable adjustments related to changes in certain exchange rates, partially offset by current year losses in certain jurisdictions with no tax benefit.

The Company anticipates it will no longer be in a pre-tax three year cumulative loss position at December 31, 2023. The Company's year-end assessment of the carrying value of its deferred tax assets will therefore consider projections of future taxable income, which could result in the determination that a significant portion of deferred tax assets are more-likely-than-not to be realized in the future. In the event such a determination is made, valuation allowances against deferred tax assets would be reduced, resulting in a decrease to income tax expense in the fourth quarter of 2023.

#### *Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Reconciliations*

This Form 10-Q contains certain non-GAAP financial measures that management believes are useful tools for internal use and the investment community in evaluating NOV's overall financial performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are broadly used to value and compare companies in the oilfield services and equipment industry. Not all companies define these measures in the same way. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures are not a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP and should therefore be considered only as supplemental to such GAAP financial measures.

The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as operating profit excluding depreciation, amortization, gains and losses on sales of fixed assets and, when applicable, Other Items. Management believes this is important information to provide because it is used by management to evaluate the Company's operational performance and trends between periods and manage the business. Management also believes this information may be useful to investors and analysts to gain a better understanding of the Company's results of ongoing operations. Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to replace GAAP financial measures, such as Net Income.

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The following tables set forth the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most comparable GAAP financial measure (in millions):

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		June 30,	September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2023	2022
Operating profit:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 123	\$ 74	\$ 128	\$ 347	\$ 194
Completion & Production Solutions	47	21	53	144	19
Rig Technologies	86	22	64	203	64
Eliminations and corporate costs	(73)	(62)	(64)	(204)	(175)
Total operating profit	<u>\$ 183</u>	<u>\$ 55</u>	<u>\$ 181</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ 102</u>
Other items, net:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 3	\$ 31	\$ (1)	\$ 2	\$ 61
Completion & Production Solutions	2	19	—	1	36
Rig Technologies	(3)	13	(7)	(13)	11
Corporate	5	—	1	6	14
Total other items	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>\$ 63</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ 122</u>
(Gain)/Loss on Sales of Fixed Assets:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Completion & Production Solutions	1	—	—	(4)	(4)
Rig Technologies	—	(1)	—	—	—
Corporate	(1)	1	—	—	3
Total (gain)/loss on sales of fixed assets	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>

#### Depreciation & amortization:

Wellbore Technologies	\$	40	\$	39	\$	37	\$	114	\$	113
Completion & Production Solutions		17		16		16		49		47
Rig Technologies		17		18		14		50		54
Corporate		3		3		4		12		11
Total depreciation & amortization	\$	<u>77</u>	\$	<u>76</u>	\$	<u>71</u>	\$	<u>225</u>	\$	<u>225</u>

#### Adjusted EBITDA:

Wellbore Technologies	\$	166	\$	145	\$	164	\$	463	\$	368
Completion & Production Solutions		67		56		69		190		98
Rig Technologies		100		52		71		240		129
Eliminations and corporate costs		(66)		(58)		(59)		(186)		(147)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	<u>267</u>	\$	<u>195</u>	\$	<u>245</u>	\$	<u>707</u>	\$	<u>448</u>

#### Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA:

GAAP net income attributable to Company	\$	114	\$	32	\$	155	\$	395	\$	51
Noncontrolling interests		(6)		3		2		(5)		5
Provision for income taxes		48		29		19		87		41
Interest expense		23		19		21		65		57
Interest income		(5)		(6)		(8)		(21)		(12)
Equity income in unconsolidated affiliates		(16)		(12)		(37)		(101)		(32)
Other (income) expense, net		25		(10)		29		70		(8)
(Gain)/Loss on Sales of Fixed Assets		—		1		—		(4)		(1)
Depreciation and amortization		77		76		71		225		225
Other items, net		7		63		(7)		(4)		122
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	<u>267</u>	\$	<u>195</u>	\$	<u>245</u>	\$	<u>707</u>	\$	<u>448</u>

	Three Months Ended						Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		March 31,		June 30,					
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Operating profit (loss):										
Wellbore Technologies	\$	128	\$	81	\$	96	\$	224	\$	120
Completion & Production Solutions		53		20		44		97		(2)
Rig Technologies		64		31		53		117		42



Eliminations and corporate costs	(64)	(64)	(67)	(131)	(113)
Total operating profit (loss)	<u>\$ 181</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>\$ 126</u>	<u>\$ 307</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>
Other items, net:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ (1)	\$ 7	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ 30
Completion & Production Solutions	—	1	(1)	(1)	17
Rig Technologies	(7)	(8)	(3)	(10)	(2)
Corporate	1	14	—	1	14
Total other items	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (11)</u>	<u>\$ 59</u>
(Gain)/Loss on Sales of Fixed Assets:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ —	\$ (3)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (1)
Completion & Production Solutions	—	(4)	(5)	(5)	(4)
Rig Technologies	—	—	—	—	1
Corporate	—	—	1	1	2
Total (gain)/loss on sales of fixed assets	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>
Depreciation & amortization:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 37	\$ 74	\$ 74
Completion & Production Solutions	16	15	16	32	31
Rig Technologies	14	18	19	33	36
Corporate	4	5	5	9	8
Total depreciation & amortization	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ 75</u>	<u>\$ 77</u>	<u>\$ 148</u>	<u>\$ 149</u>
Adjusted EBITDA:					
Wellbore Technologies	\$ 164	\$ 122	\$ 133	\$ 297	\$ 223
Completion & Production Solutions	69	32	54	123	42
Rig Technologies	71	41	69	140	77
Eliminations and corporate costs	(59)	(45)	(61)	(120)	(89)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 245</u>	<u>\$ 150</u>	<u>\$ 195</u>	<u>\$ 440</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>
Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA:					
GAAP net income attributable to Company	\$ 155	\$ 69	\$ 126	\$ 281	\$ 19
Noncontrolling interests	2	1	(1)	1	2

Provision for income taxes	19	(2)	20	39	12
Interest expense	21	19	21	42	38
Interest income	(8)	(5)	(8)	(16)	(6)
Equity income in unconsolidated affiliates	(37)	(14)	(48)	(85)	(20)
Other expense, net	29	—	16	45	2
(Gain)/Loss on Sales of Fixed Assets	—	(7)	(4)	(4)	(2)
Depreciation and amortization	71	75	77	148	149
Other items, net	(7)	14	(4)	(11)	59
Total Adjusted EBITDA	<u>\$ 245</u>	<u>\$ 150</u>	<u>\$ 195</u>	<u>\$ 440</u>	<u>\$ 253</u>

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## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### Overview

At **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of **\$592 million** **\$513 million** and total debt of **\$1,728 million** **\$1,729 million**. At December 31, 2022, cash and cash equivalents were \$1,069 million and total debt was \$1,730 million. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, approximately **\$522 million** **\$462 million** of the **\$592 million** **\$513 million** of cash and cash equivalents was held by our foreign subsidiaries and the earnings associated with this cash could be

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subject to foreign withholding taxes and incremental U.S. taxation if transferred among countries or repatriated to the U.S. If opportunities to invest in the U.S. are greater than available cash balances that are not subject to income tax, rather than repatriating cash, the Company may choose to borrow against its revolving credit facility.

The Company has a revolving credit facility with a borrowing capacity of \$2.0 billion through October 30, 2024, and a borrowing capacity of \$1.7 billion from October 31, 2024, to October 30, 2025. The Company has the right to increase the commitments under this agreement to an aggregate amount of up to \$3.0 billion upon the consent of only those lenders holding any such increase. Interest under the multicurrency facility is based upon SOFR, NIBOR or CDOR plus 1.25% subject to a ratings-based grid or the U.S. prime rate. The credit facility contains a financial covenant regarding maximum debt-to-capitalization ratio of 60%. As of **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**, the Company was in compliance with a debt-to-capitalization ratio of **26.4%** **26.1%** and had no outstanding letters of credit issued under the facility, resulting in \$2.0 billion of available funds.

A consolidated joint venture of the Company borrowed \$120 million against a \$150 million bank line of credit for the construction of a facility in Saudi Arabia. Interest under the bank line of credit is based upon SOFR plus 1.40%. The bank

line of credit contains a financial covenant regarding maximum debt-to-equity ratio of 75%. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the joint venture was in compliance. The facility construction was completed in the fourth quarter of 2022, and the joint venture will not have future borrowings on the line of credit. The line of credit repayment schedule began in December 2022 with final payment no later than June 2032. As of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, the Company had \$109 million in borrowings related to this line of credit. The Company has \$10 million in payments related to this line of credit due in the next twelve months.

The Company's outstanding debt at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 consisted primarily of \$1,090 million in 3.95% Senior Notes, \$495 million in 3.60% Senior Notes, and other debt of \$143 million \$144 million. The Company was in compliance with all covenants at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023. Long-term lease liabilities totaled \$568 million \$559 million at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023.

The Company had \$481 million \$492 million of outstanding letters of credit at June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, primarily in Norway and the Netherlands, United States, that are under various bilateral letter of credit facilities. Letters of credit are issued as bid bonds, advanced payment bonds and performance bonds.

The following table summarizes our net cash used in continuing operating activities, continuing investing activities and continuing financing activities for the periods presented (in millions):

	Six Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	June 30,		September 30,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (274)	\$ (227)	\$ (234)	\$ (333)
Net cash used in investing activities	(128)	(89)	(211)	(173)
Net cash used in financing activities	(73)	(52)	(106)	(72)

#### Significant uses of cash during the first six nine months of 2023

- Cash flows used in operating activities were \$274 million \$234 million, primarily driven by changes in the primary components of our working capital (receivables, inventories, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities).
- Capital expenditures were \$133 million \$207 million.
- We paid \$40 million \$60 million in dividends to shareholders.

#### Other

The effect of the change in exchange rates on cash flows was a decrease of \$2 million \$5 million for the first six nine months of 2023, and a decrease of \$5 million \$15 million for the first six nine months of 2022.

We believe that cash on hand, cash generated from operations and amounts available under our credit facilities and from other sources of debt will be sufficient to fund operations, lease payments, working capital needs, capital expenditure

requirements, dividends and financing obligations.

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We may pursue additional acquisition candidates, but the timing, size or success of any acquisition effort and the related potential capital commitments cannot be predicted. We continue to expect to fund future cash acquisitions primarily with cash flow from operations and borrowings, including the unborrowed portion of the revolving credit facility or new debt issuances, but may also issue additional equity either directly or in connection with acquisitions. There can be no assurance that additional financing for acquisitions will be available at terms acceptable to us.

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## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 16 for recently adopted and recently issued accounting standards.

## **Forward-Looking Statements**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides safe harbor provisions for forward-looking information. Some of the information in this document contains, or has incorporated by reference, forward-looking statements. Statements that are not historical facts, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements typically are identified by use of terms such as “may,” “believe,” “plan,” “will,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “should,” “forecast,” and similar words, although some forward-looking statements are expressed differently. We may also provide oral or written forward-looking information in other materials we release to the public. Forward-looking information involves risk and uncertainties and reflects our best judgment based on current information. You should be aware that our actual results could differ materially from results anticipated in the forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including but not limited to changes in oil and gas prices, customer demand for our products and worldwide economic activity, including matters related to recent Russian sanctions. Given these uncertainties, current or prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to update any such factors or forward-looking statements to reflect future events or developments. You should also consider carefully the statements under “Risk Factors,” as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year-end December 31, 2022, as updated in Part II, Item 1A of our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which address additional factors that could cause our actual results to differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements, and additional disclosures we make in our press releases and Forms 10-Q, and 8-K. We also suggest that you listen to our quarterly earnings release conference calls with financial analysts.

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### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We are exposed to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. Additional information concerning each of these matters follows:

#### *Foreign Currency Exchange Rates*

We have extensive operations in foreign countries. The net assets and liabilities of these operations are exposed to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, although such fluctuations have a muted effect on net income since the functional currency for the majority of them is the local currency. These operations also have net assets and liabilities not denominated in the functional currency, which exposes us to changes in foreign currency exchange rates that impact income. We recorded a foreign exchange loss in our income statement of \$35 million \$58 million in the first six nine months of 2023, compared to a \$5 million \$14 million foreign exchange gain in the same period of the prior year. The gains and losses are primarily due to exchange rate fluctuations related to monetary asset balances denominated in currencies other than the functional currency and adjustments to our hedged positions as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Currency exchange rate fluctuations may create losses in future periods to the extent we maintain net monetary assets and liabilities not denominated in the functional currency of the NOV operation.

Some of our revenues in foreign countries are denominated in U.S. dollars, and therefore, changes in foreign currency exchange rates impact our earnings to the extent that costs associated with those U.S. dollar revenues are denominated in the local currency. Similarly, some of our revenues are denominated in foreign currencies, but have associated U.S. dollar costs, which also give rise to foreign currency exchange rate exposure. In order to mitigate that risk, we may utilize foreign currency forward contracts to better match the currency of our revenues and associated costs. We do not use foreign currency forward contracts for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company had other financial market risk sensitive instruments (cash balances, overdraft facilities, accounts receivable and accounts payable) denominated in foreign currencies with transactional exposures totaling \$389 million and translation exposures totaling \$319 million \$345 million as of June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023. The Company estimates that a hypothetical 10 percent movement of all applicable foreign currency exchange rates on the transactional exposures could affect net income by \$31 million and the translational exposures could affect Other Comprehensive Income by \$32 million \$34 million.

The counterparties to forward contracts are major financial institutions. The credit ratings and concentration of risk of these financial institutions are monitored on a continuing basis. Because these contracts are net-settled the Company's credit risk with the counterparties is limited to the foreign currency rate differential at the end of the contract.

#### *Interest Rate Risk*

At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, borrowings consisted of \$1,090 million in 3.95% Senior Notes and \$495 million in 3.60% Senior Notes. At June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023, there were no outstanding letters of credit issued under the credit facility, resulting in \$2.0 billion of funds available under this credit facility. Additionally, the Company's joint venture

has a \$150 million bank line of credit for the construction of a facility in Saudi Arabia. Interest under the bank line of credit is based upon SOFR plus 1.40%. Occasionally a portion of borrowings under our credit facility could be denominated in multiple currencies which could expose us to market risk with exchange rate movements. These instruments carry interest at a pre-agreed upon percentage point spread from either SOFR, NIBOR or CDOR, or at the U.S. prime rate. Under our credit facility, we may, at our option, fix the interest rate for certain borrowings based on a spread over SOFR, NIBOR or CDOR for one month to six months. Our objective is to maintain a portion of our debt in variable rate borrowings for the flexibility obtained regarding early repayment without penalties and lower overall cost as compared with fixed-rate borrowings.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures and is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based upon that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report at a reasonable assurance level.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during our last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## **PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

As of the date of this filing, the Company and its operations continue to be subject to the risk factors previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

### **Item 2. Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers**

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs
April 1 through April 30, 2023	3,637	\$ 18.80	—	—
May 1 through May 31, 2023	—	—	—	—
June 1 through June 30, 2023	63	\$ 15.85	—	—
Total <sup>(1)</sup>	3,700	\$ 18.75	—	—

(1) The 3,700 shares listed as “purchased” were withheld from employees' vesting of restricted stock grants, as required for income taxes, and retired. These shares were not part of a publicly announced program to purchase common stock.

#### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Information regarding mine safety and other regulatory actions at our mines is included in Exhibit 95 to this Form 10-Q.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

Reference is hereby made to the Exhibit Index commencing on page 29.33.

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#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

##### (a) Exhibits

- 3.1 [Seventh Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of NOV Inc. \(Exhibit 3.1\).\(1\)](#)
- 3.2 [Amended and Restated By-laws of NOV Inc. \(Exhibit 3.1\).\(2\)](#)
- 10.1 [Form of Indemnification Agreement \(Exhibit 10.1\).\(1\)](#)
- 31.1 [Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14a and Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities and Exchange Act, as amended. \(3\)](#)
- 31.2 [Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14a and Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities and Exchange Act, as amended. \(3\)](#)
- 32.1 [Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. \(3\)](#)
- 32.2 [Certification pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. \(3\)](#)

95	<a href="#">Mine Safety Information pursuant to section 1503 of the Dodd-Frank Act. (3)</a>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

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\* Compensatory plan or arrangement for management or others.

- (1) Filed as an Exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on May 18, 2023
- (2) Filed as an Exhibit to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed on February 28, 2023.
- (3) Filed herewith.

We hereby undertake, pursuant to Regulation S-K, Item 601(b), paragraph (4) (iii), to furnish to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, upon request, all constituent instruments defining the rights of holders of our long-term debt not filed herewith.

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## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: July 27, 2023 October 27, 2023

By: /s/ Christy H. Novak

Christy H. Novak



Vice President, Corporate Controller & Chief Accounting Officer

(Duly Authorized Officer, Principal Accounting Officer)

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**Exhibit 31.1**

**CERTIFICATION**

I, Clay C. Williams, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of NOV Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 27, 2023 October 27, 2023

By: /s/ Clay C. Williams

Clay C. Williams

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

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**Exhibit 31.2**

### **CERTIFICATION**

I, Jose A. Bayardo, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of NOV Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as

defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 27, 2023 October 27, 2023

By: /s/ Jose A. Bayardo

Jose A. Bayardo

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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Exhibit 32.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of NOV Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Clay C. Williams, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

The certification is given to the knowledge of the undersigned.

By: /s/ Clay C. Williams

Name: Clay C. Williams

Title: Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: July October 27, 2023

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**Exhibit 32.2**

#### **CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of NOV Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2023 September 30, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Jose A. Bayardo, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (i) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

The certification is given to the knowledge of the undersigned.

By: /s/ Jose A. Bayardo

Name: Jose A. Bayardo

Title: Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: July October 27, 2023

### Mine Safety Disclosures

Our mines are operated subject to the regulation of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration (“MSHA”), under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (the “Mine Act”). The following mine safety data is provided pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the “Dodd-Frank Act”).

As required by the reporting requirements of the Dodd-Frank Act, as amended, the table below presents the following information for the quarter ended **June 30, 2023** **September 30, 2023**. (in whole dollars) (Unaudited)

Mine	Section					Total Dollar Value of Assessmen ts	Total Number of Mining Related Fatalities	Received Notice of Potential Pattern Violations				
	Section 104	Section 104(b) Orders	Section 104(b) Orders	Section 110(b)(2) Orders	Section 107(a) Orders			Received Notice of Potential Pattern Violations	Received Notice of Potential Pattern Violations	Received Notice of Potential Pattern Violations	Received Notice of Potential Pattern Violations	Received Notice of Potential Pattern Violations
Dry Creek (26-02646)	—	—	—	—	—	\$ —	—	no	no	—	—	—

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