

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: 001-40838



Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

**777 W. Main Street
Suite 900
Boise , ID**

(Address of principal executive offices)

87-1043711

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

83702

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (208) 433-1200

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, par value \$0.001 per share	CWAN	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="radio"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="radio"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="radio"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="radio"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of April 26, 2024, the number of outstanding shares of the registrant's common stock was:

146,215,459 shares of Class A common stock.

111,191 shares of Class B common stock.

27,424,288 shares of Class C common stock.

71,965,845 shares of Class D common stock.

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GLOSSARY

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the terms identified below have the meanings specified below unless otherwise noted or the context indicates otherwise:

- “Company,” “we,” “us,” “our,” “Clearwater” and similar references refer, (1) following the consummation of the Transactions, to Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc., and, unless otherwise stated, all of its direct and indirect subsidiaries, including CWAN Holdings, and (2) prior to the completion of the Transactions, to CWAN Holdings and, unless otherwise stated, all of its direct and indirect subsidiaries.
- “Acquisition” refers to the acquisition of JUMP by Clearwater Analytics France SAS.
- “Acquisition Date” refers to November 30, 2022.
- “Annual Report” refers to our Annual Report on Form 10-K, dated December 31, 2023 (File No. 001-40838), as filed with the SEC on February 29, 2024.
- “Blocker Entities” refers to entities that, prior to the consummation of the Transactions, were affiliated with certain of the Continuing Equity Owners, each of which was a direct or indirect owner of LLC Interests in CWAN Holdings prior to the Transactions and is taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes.
- “Blocker Shareholders” refers to entities affiliated with certain of the Continuing Equity Owners, each of which was an owner of one or more of the Blocker Entities prior to the Transactions, which exchanged their interests in the Blocker Entities for shares of our Class A common stock, in the case of Other Continuing Equity Owners, and for shares of our Class D common stock, in the case of the Principal Equity Owners, in connection with the consummation of the Transactions.
- “Borrower” refers to Clearwater Analytics, LLC as borrower under the Credit Agreement.
- “Continuing Equity Owners” refers collectively to direct or indirect holders of LLC Interests and/or our Class B common stock, Class C common stock and/or Class D common stock immediately following consummation of the Transactions, including the Principal Equity Owners and certain of our directors and officers and their respective Permitted Transferees who may exchange at each of the irrevocable options, in whole or in part from time to time, their LLC Interests (along with an equal number of shares of Class B common stock or Class C common stock, as the case may be (and such shares shall be immediately cancelled)) for newly issued shares of our Class A common stock or our Class D common stock, as the case may be, and additionally holders of shares of our Class D common stock may convert such shares at any time for newly issued shares of our Class A common stock, on a one-for-one basis (in which case their shares of our Class D common stock will be cancelled on a one-for-one basis upon any such issuance).
- “CWAN Holdings” refers to CWAN Holdings, LLC.
- “Exchange Act” refers to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- “IPO” refers to our initial public offering, which closed in September 2021.
- “JUMP” refers to JUMP Technology SAS and its consolidated subsidiary JUMP Consulting Luxembourg S.a.r.l.
- “JOBS Act” means the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012, as amended.
- “LLC Agreement” refers to CWAN Holdings, LLC’s Third Amended and Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement.
- “LLC Interests” refers to the common units of CWAN Holdings, LLC, including those that we purchased with a portion of the net proceeds from the IPO.
- “New Credit Agreement” refers to a new credit agreement which Clearwater Analytics, LLC entered into with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. in connection with the closing of the IPO.
- “NPS” refers to our net promoter score, which can range from a low of negative 100 to a high of positive 100, that we use to gauge customer satisfaction. NPS benchmarks can vary significantly by industry, but a score greater than zero represents a company having more promoters than detractors. Our methodology of calculating NPS reflects responses from customers who purchase investment accounting and reporting, performance measurement, compliance monitoring and risk analytic solutions from us and choose to respond to the survey question. In particular, it reflects responses given in the fourth quarter of 2023 and reflects a

sample size of 148 responses over that period. NPS gives no weight to customers who decline to answer the survey question.

- “NYSE” refers to the New York Stock Exchange.
- “Other Continuing Equity Owners” refers to Continuing Equity Owners who are not also Principal Equity Owners.
- “Permira” refers to Permira Advisers LLC, one of our largest owners through holdings by its affiliates.
- “Permitted Transferee” refers to, subject to the provisions of the LLC Agreement, (a) with respect to any Principal Equity Owner, any of such Principal Equity Owner’s affiliates and (b) with respect to any Other Continuing Equity Owner, any such Other Continuing Equity Owner’s affiliates or, in the case of individuals, members of their immediate family.
- “Principal Equity Owners” refers to Welsh Carson, Warburg Pincus, Permira and their respective affiliates and Permitted Transferees.
- “QTD” for any given year means the three months ended March 31 of that year.
- “SaaS” refers to Software-as-a-Service.
- “SEC” refers to the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- “Securities Act” refers to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.
- “Secondary Offerings” refers to the sale by certain affiliates of Welsh Carson of an aggregate of 14,950,000, 10,000,000, 20,000,000, 17,000,000 and 16,250,000 shares of Class A common stock in underwritten secondary public offerings entered into on March 8, 2023, June 15, 2023, November 6, 2023, November 30, 2023 and March 6, 2024, respectively.
- “Tax Receivable Agreement” or “TRA” refers to the Tax Receivable Agreement, dated as of September 28, 2021, by and among Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc., CWAN Holdings and the other parties thereto.
- “TRA Bonus Agreement” refers to the Tax Receivable Agreement Bonus Letters, each dated as of September 28, 2021, by and among Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. and certain of our executive officers.
- “Transactions” refers to the organizational transactions described under “Transactions” in Note 1 - Organization and Description of Business in our Annual Report.
- “Up-C” refers to the Company’s umbrella partnership-C-corporation organizational structure. See Note 1 “Organization and Description of Business” to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.
- “Warburg Pincus” refers to Warburg Pincus LLC, one of our largest owners through holdings by its affiliates.
- “Welsh Carson” refers to Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe, one of our largest owners through holdings by its affiliates.

SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on our management’s beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to our management. The forward-looking statements are contained principally in the section captioned “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.”

Forward-looking statements include information concerning our possible or assumed future results of operations, business strategies, technology developments, financing and investment plans, dividend policy, competitive position, industry and regulatory environment, potential growth opportunities and the effects of competition. Forward looking statements include statements that are not historical facts and can be identified by terms such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “may,” “plan,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “seek,” “should,” “will,” “would” or similar expressions and the negatives of those terms. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

Important factors that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from our expectations include, but are not limited to, the following:

- we operate in a highly competitive industry, with many companies competing for business from insurance companies, asset managers, corporations and government entities on the basis of a number of factors, including the quality and breadth of solutions and services provided, ability to innovate, reputation and the prices of services, and this competition could hurt our financial performance and cash flows;
- we are dependent on fees based on the value of the assets on our platform for the vast majority of our revenues, and to the extent market volatility, a downturn in economic conditions or other factors cause negative trends or fluctuations in the value of the assets on our platform, our fee-based revenue and earnings may decline;
- because some of our sales efforts are targeted at large financial institutions, corporations and government entities, we face prolonged sales cycles, substantial upfront sales costs and less predictability in completing some of our sales. If our sales cycle lengthens, or if our upfront sales investments do not result in sufficient revenue, our results of operations may be harmed;
- we have experienced considerable revenue growth over the past several years, which may be difficult to sustain, and we depend on attracting and retaining top talent to continue growing and operating our business, and if we are unable to hire, integrate, develop, motivate and retain our personnel, we may not be able to maintain or manage our growth, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows;
- if our investment accounting and reporting solutions, regulatory reporting solutions or risk management or performance analytics solutions fail to perform properly due to undetected errors or similar problems, our business, financial condition, reputation or results of operations could be materially adversely affected;
- our business relies heavily on computer equipment, cloud-based services, electronic delivery systems, networks and telecommunications systems and infrastructure, the Internet and the information technology systems of third parties. Any failures or disruptions in any of the foregoing could result in reduced revenues, increased costs and the loss of clients and could harm our business, financial condition, reputation and results of operations;
- our failure to successfully integrate acquisitions could strain our resources. In addition, there are significant risks associated with growth through acquisitions, which may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations;
- if we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, our business and competitive position would be harmed;
- if our trademarks and trade names are not adequately protected, we may not be able to build name recognition in our markets of interest, and our competitive position may be harmed;
- we may need to defend ourselves against third-party claims that we are infringing, misappropriating or otherwise violating others’ intellectual property rights, which could divert management’s attention, cause us to incur significant costs, and prevent us from selling or using the technology to which such rights relate;

- the Principal Equity Owners continue to have significant influence over us, including control over decisions that require the approval of stockholders, which could limit your ability to influence the outcome of matters submitted to stockholders for a vote;
- we are classified as a “controlled company,” and as a result, we qualify for, and rely on, exemptions from certain corporate governance requirements. You will not have the same protections afforded to stockholders of companies that are subject to such requirements. In addition, the Principal Equity Owners’ interests may conflict with our interests and the interests of other stockholders;
- provisions in our certificate of incorporation and bylaws may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control or changes in our management;
- if we fail to remediate an identified material weakness or implement and maintain effective internal controls over financial reporting, we may be unable to accurately or timely report our financial condition or results of operations, which may adversely affect our business; and
- other risks described in the section titled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report and in periodic reports that we file with the SEC, and our reports to shareholders. These filings are available at www.sec.gov and on our website.

Given these risks and uncertainties, you should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Also, forward-looking statements represent our management’s beliefs and assumptions only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and should not be relied upon as representing Clearwater’s expectations or beliefs as of any date subsequent to the time they are made. Clearwater does not undertake to and specifically declines any obligation to update any forward-looking statements that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of Clearwater.

You should read this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 included in our Annual Report.

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(In thousands, except share amounts and per share amounts, unaudited)

	March 31	December 31
	2024	2023
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 189,644	\$ 221,765
Short-term investments	77,930	74,457
Accounts receivable, net	96,766	92,091
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	31,410	27,683
Total current assets	395,750	415,996
Property and equipment, net	15,035	15,349
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	27,750	22,554
Deferred contract costs, non-current	6,218	6,439
Intangible assets, net	24,526	26,132
Goodwill	44,332	45,338
Long-term investments	28,894	21,495
Other non-current assets	5,298	5,440
Total assets	\$ 547,803	\$ 558,743
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,719	\$ 3,062
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	40,948	49,535
Notes payable, current portion	2,750	2,750
Operating lease liability, current portion	7,650	6,551
Tax receivable agreement liability	16,750	18,894
Total current liabilities	70,817	80,792
Notes payable, less current maturities and unamortized debt issuance costs	45,162	45,828
Operating lease liability, less current portion	21,129	16,948
Tax receivable agreement, less current portion	300	—
Other long-term liabilities	4,180	5,518
Total liabilities	141,588	149,086
Stockholders' Equity		
Class A common stock, par value \$ 0.001 per share; 1,500,000,000 shares authorized, 146,189,247 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2024, 127,604,185 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023	146	128
Class B common stock, par value \$ 0.001 per share; 500,000,000 shares authorized, 111,191 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2024, 111,191 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023	—	—
Class C common stock, par value \$ 0.001 per share; 500,000,000 shares authorized, 27,424,288 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2024, 32,684,156 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023	27	33
Class D common stock, par value \$ 0.001 per share; 500,000,000 shares authorized, 71,965,845 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2024, 82,955,977 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023	72	83
Additional paid-in-capital	528,712	532,507
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,314	2,909
Accumulated deficit	(169,603)	(181,331)
Total stockholders' equity attributable to Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	360,668	354,329
Non-controlling interests	45,547	55,328
Total stockholders' equity	406,215	409,657
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 547,803	\$ 558,743

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(In thousands, except share amounts and per share amounts, unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue	\$ 102,719	\$ 84,606
Cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾	28,178	24,825
Gross profit	74,541	59,781
Operating expenses:		
Research and development ⁽¹⁾	37,676	28,100
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾	16,311	14,698
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	20,720	23,306
Total operating expenses	74,707	66,104
Loss from operations	(166)	(6,323)
Interest income, net	(2,060)	(1,356)
Tax receivable agreement expense	286	105
Other (income) expense, net	(530)	81
Income (loss) before income taxes	2,138	(5,153)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	(98)	264
Net income (loss)	2,236	(5,417)
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	338	(1,033)
Net income (loss) attributable to Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	\$ 1,898	\$ (4,384)
Net income (loss) per share attributable to Class A and Class D common stockholders stock:		
Basic	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)
Diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)
Weighted average shares of Class A and Class D common stock outstanding:		
Basic	213,259,463	192,993,574
Diluted	255,458,196	192,993,574

(1) Amounts include equity-based compensation as follows:

Cost of revenue	\$ 3,146	\$ 2,243
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	8,911	4,655
Sales and marketing	3,821	3,965
General and administrative	8,347	12,337
Total equity-based compensation expense	\$ 24,225	\$ 23,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,236	\$ (5,417)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes:		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(1,764)	1,374
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments	(66)	41
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 406	\$ (4,002)
Less: Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	103	(752)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	\$ 303	\$ (3,250)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(In thousands, except share amounts, unaudited)

	Class A	Class A	Class B	Class B	Class C	Class C	Class D	Class D	Additional	Accumulated		Non-	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid in	Other	Accumulated	controlling	stockholders'
									Capital	Income	Deficit	Interest	equity
											(181,331		
Balance at December 31, 2023	127,604,185	\$ 128	111,191	\$ —	32,684,156	\$ 33	82,955,977	\$ 83	\$ 532,507	\$ 2,909	\$)	\$ 55,328	\$ 409,657
Exercise of options to purchase common stock	626,608	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	91	—	—	13	104
Restricted stock units released	3,344,058	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Shares withheld for net share settlement and other	(1,635,604)	(1)	—	—	—	—	—	—	(25,083)	—	—	(3,691)	(28,775)
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21,197	—	—	3,119	24,316
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,537)	—	(227)	(1,764)
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(58)	—	(8)	(66)
Net income	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,898	338	2,236
Accrued tax distributions payable to Continuing Equity Owners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	505	505
Effect of LLC unit exchanges	16,250,000	16	0	—	(5,259,868)	(5)	(10,990,132)	(11)	—	—	9,830	(9,830)	—
											(169,603		
Balance at March 31, 2024	146,189,247	\$ 146	111,191	\$ —	27,424,288	\$ 27	71,965,845	\$ 72	\$ 528,712	\$ 1,314	\$)	\$ 45,547	\$ 406,215

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	Class A		Class B		Class C		Class D		Additional		Accumulated	Non-controlling	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid in Capital	Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated Deficit		
											(186,647		
Balance at December 31, 2022	61,148,890	\$ 61	1,439,251	\$ 1	47,377,587	\$ 47	130,083,755	\$ 130	\$ 455,320	\$ 609	\$)	\$ 68,865	\$ 338,386
Exercise of options to purchase common stock	790,873	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,158	—	—	534	2,693
Restricted stock units released	1,150,785	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shares withheld for net share settlement and other	(661,451)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(5,832)	—	—	(1,443)	(7,275)
Equity-based compensation	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	18,680	—	—	4,621	23,301
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,101	—	273	1,374
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	—	8	41
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(4,384)	(1,033)	(5,417)
Accrued tax distributions payable to Continuing Equity Owners	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	362	362
Effect of LLC unit exchanges	14,975,000	15	(25,000)	—	(4,823,901)	(5)	(10,126,099)	(10)	—	—	7,743	(7,743)	—
											(183,288		
Balance at March 31, 2023	77,404,097	\$ 77	1,414,251	\$ 1	42,553,686	\$ 43	119,957,656	\$ 120	470,326	\$ 1,742	\$)	\$ 64,444	\$ 353,465

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands, unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,236	\$ (5,417)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,550	2,449
Noncash operating lease cost	2,232	1,852
Equity-based compensation	24,225	23,200
Amortization of deferred contract acquisition costs	1,217	1,201
Amortization of debt issuance costs, included in interest expense	69	70
Deferred tax benefit	(1,022)	(36)
Accretion of discount on investments	(574)	—
Realized gain on investments	—	(87)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	(4,676)	(6,139)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(4,198)	(1,586)
Deferred contract acquisition costs	(747)	(586)
Accounts payable	9	(295)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(9,444)	(6,796)
Tax receivable agreement liability	(1,840)	105
Net cash provided by operating activities	10,037	7,935
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property and equipment	(1,438)	(1,717)
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(31,898)	(34,161)
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale investments	—	1,990
Proceeds from maturities of investments	21,536	1,242
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,800)	(32,646)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from exercise of options	104	2,693
Taxes paid related to net share settlement of equity awards	(28,774)	(7,275)
Repayments of borrowings	(687)	(687)
Payment of business acquisition holdback liability	(780)	—
Payment of tax distributions	(8)	—
Net cash used in financing activities	(30,145)	(5,269)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(213)	101
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	(32,121)	(29,879)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	221,765	250,724
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 189,644	\$ 220,845
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 911	\$ 1,350
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 445	\$ 309
NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment included in accounts payable and accrued expense	\$ 83	\$ 209
Release of tax distributions payable to Continuing Equity Owners accrued in prior year	\$ (512)	\$ —
Tax distributions payable to Continuing Equity Owners included in accrued expenses	\$ 2,433	\$ 2,834

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization and Description of Business

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. (the “Company” or “Clearwater”) was incorporated as a Delaware corporation on May 18, 2021, as a holding company for the purpose of facilitating the IPO and other related transactions in order to carry on the business of the Company. Prior to the IPO, all business operations were conducted through Carbon Analytics Holdings, LLC, which changed its name to CWAN Holdings, LLC (“CWAN Holdings”) in connection with the IPO. Clearwater provides a SaaS solution for automated investment data aggregation, reconciliation, accounting and reporting services to insurers, investment managers, corporations, institutional investors and government entities. Following the IPO, Clearwater’s principal asset consists of ownership of common units in CWAN Holdings. As the sole managing member of CWAN Holdings, Clearwater operates and controls all the business operations of the Company. Our corporate structure following the IPO, as described above, is commonly referred to as an “Up-C” structure and is described in Note 1 - Organization and Description of Business in our Annual Report.

The Company headquarters are located in Boise, ID, and we operate in five offices throughout the U.S. and seven offices internationally.

Secondary Offerings

As required by the Registration Rights Agreement dated September 28, 2021, the Company participated in multiple underwritten offerings of shares held by our Principal Equity Owners during the year ended December 31, 2023 and in the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Pursuant to underwriting agreements executed on March 8 and June 15, 2023, certain affiliates of Welsh Carson (the “WCAS Selling Stockholder”) sold 14,950,000 and 10,000,000 shares, respectively, of Class A common stock in underwritten secondary public offerings. As part of these secondary offerings, the WCAS Selling Stockholders exchanged a total of 8,039,841 shares of Class C common stock, together with corresponding LLC Interests of CWAN Holdings, and 16,910,159 shares of Class D common stock for an equivalent number of shares of Class A common stock that were purchased by the underwriters. The Company did not sell any securities in these secondary offerings and did not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares sold by the WCAS Selling Stockholders. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company incurred \$ 1.6 million in expenses associated with these secondary offerings which were recorded as general and administrative expenses.

Pursuant to underwriting agreements executed on November 6 and November 30, 2023, certain affiliates of Welsh Carson, Warburg Pincus and Permira (the “Selling Stockholders”) sold 20,000,000 and 17,000,000 shares, respectively, of Class A common stock in underwritten secondary public offerings. As part of these secondary offerings, the Selling Stockholders exchanged a total of 6,653,590 shares of Class C common stock, together with corresponding LLC Interests of CWAN Holdings, and 30,212,119 shares of Class D common stock for an equivalent number of shares of Class A common stock that were purchased by the underwriters. The Company did not sell any securities in these secondary offerings and did not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares sold by the Selling Stockholders. The Company incurred \$ 0.5 million in expenses associated with these secondary offerings in the year ended December 31, 2023 which were recorded as general and administrative expenses.

Pursuant to an underwriting agreement executed on March 6, 2024, WCAS Selling Stockholder sold 16,250,000 shares of Class A common stock in an underwritten secondary public offering. As part of the secondary public offering the WCAS Selling Stockholders exchanged a total of 5,259,868 shares of Class C common stock and 10,990,132 shares of Class D common stock, and corresponding units in CWAN Holdings, for an equivalent number of shares of Class A common stock that were purchased by the underwriters. The Company did not sell any securities in the secondary offering and did not receive any proceeds from the sale of the shares sold by the Selling Stockholders. The Company incurred

\$ 0.2 million in expenses associated with the secondary offering in the three months ended March 31, 2024, which were recorded as general and administrative expenses.

As of March 31, 2024, the Company owns 88.8 % of the interests in CWAN Holdings. Continuing Equity Owners which hold Class B and Class C common stock own the remaining 11.2 % of the interests in CWAN Holdings. The attributes of the Company's classes of common stock are summarized in the following table:

Class of Common Stock	Votes per Share	Economic Rights
Class A common stock	1	Yes
Class B common stock	1	No
Class C common stock	10	No
Class D common stock	10	Yes

Note 2. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the SEC and, in the opinion of management, reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of results for the unaudited interim periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. The results of operations for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for the full fiscal year.

Principles of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its directly and indirectly wholly-owned or controlled subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated through consolidation. Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. consolidated the financial results of CWAN Holdings as a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE"). Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. owns the majority economic interest and has the power to control all the business and affairs of CWAN Holdings.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the related disclosures at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the periods presented. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Items subject to estimates and assumptions include the useful lives and recoverability of long-lived assets, the average period of benefit associated with deferred contract costs, sales reserves, the incremental borrowing rate applied in lease accounting, accruals for sales tax liabilities, the fair value and probability of achieving performance conditions of equity awards, business combinations, tax valuation allowance and probability of making payments under the TRA, among others. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable, the result of which forms the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities, and measurement of revenues and expenses. To the extent there are material differences between these estimates, judgments, or assumptions and actual results, the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements will be affected.

Significant Accounting Policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2 – Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Annual Report. There have been no significant changes to these policies that have had a material impact on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Note 3. Revenue Recognition

For SaaS offerings, the Company is applying the optional exemption to not disclose transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations given the Company's monthly recurring revenue contracts.

For Licenses, the Company's remaining performance obligations represent the transaction price allocated to maintenance and support performance obligations that have yet to be satisfied. The following table includes estimated revenue expected to be recognized in the future related to maintenance and support performance obligations that are partially satisfied (in thousands):

	Remainder of					
	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Thereafter
Revenue expected to be recognized in the future as of March 31, 2024	\$ 1,236	\$ 785	\$ 539	\$ 278	\$ 161	\$ —

Of the total revenue recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2024, \$ 1.2 million was included in the deferred revenue balance as of December 31, 2023. Revenues recognized from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods were not material. Contract asset balances classified as current are \$ 3.3 million and \$ 2.8 million as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. Contract asset balances classified as non-current are \$ 0.7 million and \$ 1.9 million as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

The following table presents the Company's revenue disaggregated by geography, based on billing address of the customer (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
United States	\$ 83,135	\$ 70,059
Rest of World	19,584	14,547
Total revenue	\$ 102,719	\$ 84,606

Note 4. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The following tables show the Company's cash, cash equivalents and investments by significant investment category as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 in accordance with the fair value hierarchy (in thousands):

	March 31, 2024							
	Adjusted Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Short-Term Investments	Long-Term Investments	
Cash	\$ 11,011	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 11,011	\$ 11,011	\$ —	\$ —	
Level 1 ⁽¹⁾ :								
Money market funds	\$ 177,637	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 177,637	\$ 177,637	\$ —	\$ —	
Level 2 ⁽²⁾ :								
Treasury bills	\$ 996	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 996	\$ 996	\$ —	\$ —	
U.S. government bonds	\$ 21,483	\$ 1	\$ (31)	\$ 21,453	\$ —	\$ 12,065	\$ 9,388	
U.S. agency securities	\$ 15,867	\$ —	\$ (21)	\$ 15,847	\$ —	\$ 15,847	\$ —	
Commercial paper	\$ 16,827	\$ 6	\$ (4)	\$ 16,829	\$ —	\$ 16,829	\$ —	
Corporate debt securities	\$ 49,666	\$ 84	\$ (60)	\$ 49,690	\$ —	\$ 30,185	\$ 19,506	
Certificates of deposit	\$ 3,004	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,004	\$ —	\$ 3,004	\$ —	
Subtotal	\$ 107,843	\$ 91	\$ (116)	\$ 107,819	\$ 996	\$ 77,930	\$ 28,894	
Total	\$ 296,491	\$ 91	\$ (116)	\$ 296,467	\$ 189,644	\$ 77,930	\$ 28,894	

December 31, 2023							
	Adjusted Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Short-Term Investments	Long-Term Investments
Cash	\$ 24,247	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24,247	\$ 24,247	\$ —	\$ —
Level 1 ⁽¹⁾ :							
Money market funds	\$ 190,610	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 190,610	\$ 190,610	\$ —	\$ —
Level 2 ⁽²⁾ :							
Treasury bills	\$ 1,485	\$ —	\$ (2)	\$ 1,483	\$ —	\$ 1,483	\$ —
U.S. government bonds	\$ 9,553	\$ 20	\$ (11)	\$ 9,562	\$ —	\$ 4,387	\$ 5,175
U.S. agency securities	\$ 23,843	\$ 2	\$ (22)	\$ 23,823	\$ —	\$ 23,823	\$ —
Commercial paper	\$ 16,983	\$ 9	\$ (1)	\$ 16,991	\$ 6,908	\$ 10,083	\$ —
Corporate debt securities	\$ 47,951	\$ 91	\$ (45)	\$ 47,997	\$ —	\$ 31,677	\$ 16,320
Certificates of deposit	\$ 3,004	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3,004	\$ —	\$ 3,004	\$ —
Subtotal	\$ 102,819	\$ 122	\$ (80)	\$ 102,860	\$ 6,908	\$ 74,457	\$ 21,495
Total	\$ 317,676	\$ 122	\$ (80)	\$ 317,717	\$ 221,765	\$ 74,457	\$ 21,495

⁽¹⁾ Level 1 fair value estimates are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Level 2 fair value estimates are based on observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

During each of the three months ended March 31, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023, there were no transfers of assets or liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Note 5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

The following table presents details of our goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2024 (in thousands):

	Amount
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 45,338
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,006)
Balance as of March 31, 2024	\$ 44,332

Purchased Intangible Assets

The following table presents details of our purchased intangible assets as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (in thousands):

	March 31, 2024			
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Remaining Useful Life (In Years)
Intangible assets with finite lives:				
Developed technology	\$ 25,256	\$ (4,811)	\$ 20,445	5.7
Customer relationships	4,425	(452)	3,973	11.7
Trade name / Trademarks	324	(216)	108	0.7
Total intangible assets	<u>\$ 30,005</u>	<u>\$ (5,479)</u>	<u>\$ 24,526</u>	
	December 31, 2023			
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Weighted Average Remaining Useful Life (In Years)
Intangible assets with finite lives:				
Developed technology	\$ 25,829	\$ (3,997)	\$ 21,832	5.9
Customer relationships	4,526	(377)	4,149	11.9
Trade name / Trademarks	331	(179)	152	0.9
Total intangible assets	<u>\$ 30,686</u>	<u>\$ (4,553)</u>	<u>\$ 26,132</u>	

We recognized amortization expense of \$ 1.0 million and \$ 1.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 6. Supplemental Consolidated Balance Sheet Information

Accounts Receivable, net

Accounts receivable, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Billed accounts receivable	\$ 48,284	\$ 46,595
Unbilled accounts receivable	48,823	45,805
Allowance for doubtful accounts and reserves	(341)	(309)
Accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 96,766</u>	<u>\$ 92,091</u>

The majority of invoices included within the unbilled accounts receivable balance are issued within the first few days of the month directly following the period of service.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Prepaid expenses	\$ 16,024	\$ 13,234
Deferred contract costs, current portion	4,394	4,644
Contract assets	3,330	2,772
Other receivable	6,630	6,074
Other current assets	1,032	959
Prepaid expense and other current assets	<u>\$ 31,410</u>	<u>\$ 27,683</u>

Property and equipment, net

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$ 1.5 million and \$ 2.4 million, respectively. Accumulated depreciation and amortization as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was \$ 19.8 million and \$ 18.3 million, respectively.

Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Accrued benefits and retirement	\$ 9,600	\$ 10,329
Accrued vendor liabilities	5,265	6,883
Acquisition holdback liability, current portion	3,864	4,679
Accrued bonus	3,294	11,808
Deferred revenue	5,943	2,766
Tax distributions payable to Continuing Equity Owners	2,433	2,945
Accrued commissions	2,208	3,415
Income tax payable	857	456
Other current liabilities	7,484	6,254
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>\$ 40,948</u>	<u>\$ 49,535</u>

Other Long-term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 31,
	2024	2023
Deferred tax liabilities	\$ 4,020	\$ 5,356
Asset retirement obligation	160	161
Other long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 4,180</u>	<u>\$ 5,518</u>

Note 7. Leases

The Company leases facilities under non-cancelable operating lease agreements with varying terms that range from one to 10 years. In addition, some of these leases have renewal options for up to five years. The Company determines if an arrangement contains a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets, and operating lease liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company does not have any finance leases.

Operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an

implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of future payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. The Company recognizes lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company does not account for lease components (e.g., fixed payments including rent) separately from the non-lease components (e.g., common-area maintenance costs).

Operating lease costs were \$ 2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. Variable lease cost and short-term lease costs were immaterial during the three months ended March 31, 2024. Future minimum lease payments at March 31, 2024 under the Company's non-cancelable leases were as follows (in thousands):

2024 (remaining nine months)	\$	6,934
2025		9,427
2026		8,875
2027		4,697
2028		1,136
Thereafter		1,289
Total future minimum lease payments		32,358
Less: Imputed interest		(3,579)
Present value of future minimum lease payments		28,779
Less: Current portion of operating lease liability		(7,650)
Operating lease liabilities - noncurrent	\$	21,129

The following table presents supplemental information for the Company's non-cancelable operating leases for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands, except for weighted average and percentage data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Weighted average remaining lease term	3.59	4.04
Weighted average discount rate	5.73 %	4.67 %
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$ 2,147	\$ 1,905
Leased assets obtained in exchange for new lease liabilities	\$ 7,175	\$ 3,637

Note 8. Non-controlling Interest

The Company is the sole managing member of CWAN Holdings, and has the sole voting interest in, and control of the management of, CWAN Holdings. As a result, the Company consolidates the financial results of CWAN Holdings. The non-controlling interest on our condensed consolidated balance sheet relates to the interests of CWAN Holdings held by the Continuing Equity Owners. The ownership of the LLC interests is summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Shares	Ownership %	Shares	Ownership %
Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. interest in CWAN Holdings	218,155,092	88.8 %	210,560,162	86.5 %
Continuing Equity Owners' interest in CWAN Holdings	27,535,479	11.2 %	32,795,347	13.5 %
	245,690,571	100.0 %	243,355,509	100.0 %

Note 9. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The following tables set forth the computation of basic and diluted net earnings (loss) per share of Class A and Class D common stock (in thousands, except share amounts and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		Three Months Ended March 31, 2023	
	Class A	Class D	Class A	Class D
Basic net earnings (loss) attributable to Class A and Class D common stockholders				
Numerator:				
Allocation of net income (loss) attributable to Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	\$ 1,182	\$ 716	\$ (1,473)	\$ (2,911)
Denominator:				
Weighted average number of shares of Class A and Class D common stock outstanding - basic	132,839,670	80,419,793	64,825,746	128,167,828
Basic net earnings (loss) per share attributable to Class A and Class D common stockholders	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		Three Months Ended March 31, 2023	
	Class A	Class D	Class A	Class D
Diluted net earnings (loss) attributable to Class A and Class D common stockholders				
Numerator:				
Undistributed earnings (loss) for basic computation	\$ 1,182	\$ 716	\$ (1,473)	\$ (2,911)
Reallocation of earnings as a result of conversion of Class B common stock to Class A common stock and conversion of Class C common stock to Class D common stock	211	127	—	—
Reallocation of earnings as a result of conversion of Class D common stock to Class A common stock	843	—	—	—
Allocation of undistributed earnings (loss)	\$ 2,236	\$ 843	\$ (1,473)	\$ (2,911)
Denominator:				
Weighted average number of shares of Class A and Class D common stock outstanding - basic	132,839,670	80,419,793	64,825,746	128,167,828
Add: weighted-average effect of dilutive securities exchangeable for Class A common stock:				
Stock options of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	9,485,201	—	—	—
RSUs of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	1,122,269	—	—	—
ESPP of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	183,134	—	—	—
Conversion of Class B common stock to Class A stock, and conversion of Class C common stock to Class D common stock	111,191	31,296,938	—	—
Conversion of Class D common stock to Class A common stock outstanding	111,716,731	—	—	—
Weighted average number of shares of Class A and Class D common stock outstanding - diluted	255,458,196	111,716,731	64,825,746	128,167,828
Diluted net earnings (loss) per share attributable to Class A and Class D common stockholders	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)

Shares of the Company's Class B and Class C common stock do not participate in the earnings or losses of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. and are therefore not participating securities. As such, separate presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share of Class B and Class C common stock under the two-class method has not been presented.

The following weighted-average potentially dilutive securities were evaluated under the treasury stock method for potentially dilutive effects and have been excluded from diluted net earnings (loss) per share due to their anti-dilutive effect:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Conversion of Class B and Class C common stock	—	47,766,503
Stock options of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	641,357	7,904,321
RSUs of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	421,141	3,535,085
Employee stock purchase plans	—	179,314
Total	1,062,498	59,385,223

Note 10. Equity-Based Compensation

In September 2021, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") adopted the Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. 2021 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan"), pursuant to which employees, consultants and directors of our Company and our affiliates performing services for us, including our executive officers, are eligible to receive awards. The 2021 Plan provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), bonus stock, dividend equivalents, other stock-based awards, substitute awards, annual incentive awards and performance awards intended to align the interests of participants with those of our shareholders. A total of 69,200,278 shares of common stock are authorized for issuance under the 2021 Plan. In connection with the approval of the 2021 Plan, the 2017 Equity Incentive Plan was terminated and all outstanding stock options and RSUs were transferred to the 2021 Plan.

Options

The following table summarizes the stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (in thousands, except per share data):

	Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Balance - December 31, 2023	13,245,354	\$ 8.31	6.65	\$ 155,438
Granted	—	—		
Exercised	(626,608)	5.17		8,577
Forfeited	(22,499)	11.45		
Balance - March 31, 2024	12,596,247	\$ 8.46	5.76	\$ 116,658
Options vested - March 31, 2024	10,362,685	\$ 7.84		\$ 102,347

The aggregate intrinsic value as of March 31, 2024 disclosed in the above table is based on the difference between the exercise price of the stock option and the estimated fair value of the Company's common stock as of March 31, 2024. As of March 31, 2024, the total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested options was \$ 11.2 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.0 year.

RSUs

The summary of RSU activity for the three months ended March 31, 2024 is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Units Activity	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Unvested units as of December 31, 2023	13,720,137	\$ 18.61	\$ 278,519
Granted	3,119,544	19.27	
Released	(3,344,058)	18.80	
Cancelled	(571,395)	18.18	
Unvested units as of March 31, 2024	12,924,228	\$ 18.72	\$ 228,630

The aggregate intrinsic value disclosed in the above table is based on the closing stock price on the NYSE on March 31, 2024. As of March 31, 2024, there was \$ 195.5 million of unrecognized equity-based compensation expense related to RSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.5 years.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In September 2021, the Board adopted the Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. 2021 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). As of March 31, 2024, a total of 7,889,367 shares of Class A common stock were available for issuance under the ESPP. The offering periods are scheduled to start on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Eligible employees may purchase the Company's common stock through payroll deductions at a price equal to 85 % of the lower of the fair market

values of the stock as of the beginning or the end of six-month offering periods. An employee's payroll deductions under the ESPP are limited to 10 % of the employee's compensation and an employee may not purchase more than \$ 25,000 of stock during any calendar year in which the employee's option to purchase stock under the ESPP is outstanding at any time.

As of March 31, 2024, total unrecognized equity-based compensation costs related to ESPP were \$ 0.3 million, which is expected to be recognized over the remaining current offering period ending May 31, 2024.

ESPP payroll contributions accrued at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 totaled \$ 2.2 million and \$ 0.4 million, respectively, and are included within accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets. Employee payroll contributions used to purchase shares under the ESPP will be reclassified to stockholders' equity at the end of the offering period.

Note 11. Income Taxes

As a part of the Up-C structure, Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. owns a portion of CWAN Holdings, which contains all operations of the business and is treated as a partnership for U.S. federal and most applicable state and local income tax purposes. As a partnership, CWAN Holdings is generally not subject to U.S. federal, state, and local income taxes. Any taxable income or loss generated by CWAN Holdings is passed through to and included in the taxable income or loss of its members in accordance with the terms of the operating agreement of CWAN Holdings.

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. is taxed as a corporation and pays corporate federal, state, and local taxes on income allocated to it from CWAN Holdings based on Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.'s economic interest held in CWAN Holdings. While the Company consolidates CWAN Holdings for financial reporting purposes, the Company will not be taxed on the earnings attributed to the non-controlling interests. As a result, the income tax burden on the earnings attributed to the non-controlling interest is not reported by the Company in its condensed consolidated financial statements.

Our tax provision for interim periods is determined using an estimated annual effective tax rate, adjusted for discrete items arising in the applicable quarter. In each quarter, we update the estimated annual effective tax rate and make a year-to-date adjustment to the provision. The estimated annual effective tax rate may be subject to significant volatility due to several factors, including our ability to accurately predict the proportion of our pretax income in multiple jurisdictions, certain book-tax differences, and exchanges from non-controlling interests.

The following table provides details of the provision for (benefit from) income taxes:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 2,138	\$ (5,153)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	(98)	264
Effective tax rate	(4.6 %)	(5.1 %)

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023, the Company's effective tax rate was different than the statutory rate primarily because of foreign taxes, equity-based compensation, the generation of tax credits and incentives, and the valuation allowance on U.S. deferred tax assets. In addition, the Company is not liable for income taxes on the portion of CWAN Holdings' earnings that are attributable to the non-controlling interest.

The Company regularly monitors its uncertain tax positions, and as of March 31, 2024, there were no material unrecognized tax benefits that, if realized, would affect the estimated annual effective tax rate, nor do we expect any significant changes within the next 12 months.

We recognize deferred tax assets to the extent that we believe that these assets are more likely than not to be realized. The realization of tax benefits of net deferred tax assets is dependent upon future levels of taxable income, of an appropriate character, in the periods the items are expected to be deductible or taxable. Based on the available objective evidence as of March 31, 2024, we believe that it is more likely than not that the tax benefits of the U.S. deferred tax assets may not be realized. Accordingly, we have recorded a full valuation allowance against the U.S. net deferred tax assets. In our valuation allowance evaluation, we give more weight to evidence that can be objectively verified than to evidence that cannot be objectively verified. Our consideration of the evidence requires management to make a number of significant judgements, estimates, and assumptions about highly complex and inherently uncertain matters.

Note 12. Tax Receivable Agreement Liability

Pursuant to our election under Section 754 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), we expect to obtain an increase in our share of the tax basis in the net assets of CWAN Holdings when its units are redeemed or exchanged. We intend to treat any redemptions and exchanges of CWAN Holdings units as direct purchases of the units for U.S. federal income tax purposes. These increases in our tax basis may reduce the amounts that we would otherwise pay in the future to various tax authorities. They may also decrease gains (or increase losses) on future dispositions of certain capital assets to the extent tax basis is allocated to those capital assets.

In connection with the IPO and related transactions, we entered into a TRA that provides for the payment by us of 85 % of the amount of any tax benefits that we actually realize, or in some cases are deemed to realize, as a result of (i) increases in our share of the tax basis in the net assets of CWAN Holdings resulting from any redemptions or exchanges of CWAN Holdings units, (ii) tax basis increases attributable to payments made under the TRA, and (iii) deductions attributable to imputed interest and bonus payments pursuant to the TRA Bonus Agreements (the "TRA Payments"). We expect to benefit from the remaining 15 % of any tax benefits that we may actually realize. The TRA Payments are not conditioned upon any continued ownership interest in CWAN Holdings or the Company. The rights of each member of CWAN Holdings, that is a party to the TRA, are assignable to transferees of their respective CWAN Holdings units.

The estimation of a liability under the TRA is, by its nature, imprecise and subject to significant assumptions regarding a number of factors, including (but not limited to) the amount and timing of taxable income generated by the Company each year as well as the tax rate then applicable. The future tax benefits related to ownership exchanges completed as of March 31, 2024 are estimated to be \$ 490 million, of which \$ 416 million is estimated to be the associated TRA liability.

As noted above, the Company evaluated the realizability of its U.S. deferred tax assets and has recorded a full valuation allowance against the future realization of those benefits. As such, no TRA liability related to future years has been recorded as of March 31, 2024.

Before considering the tax benefits subject to our TRA, we estimate that we will report taxable income in 2024 primarily due to capitalization of research and development expenses under Section 174 and equity-based compensation expense that has either not yet met the rules for deductibility or has had the deduction limited under Section 162(m). As there are many assumptions and considerations that impact our taxable income position in the current year, the estimate of our taxable income position (and thus, the TRA liability recognized) for the current year could change significantly. A reconciliation of the beginning and ending balance of the TRA liability is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Beginning	\$ 18,894	\$ 12,200
TRA expense related to current year	\$ 286	\$ 105
TRA bonus expense related to the current year	\$ 14	\$ —
Payments	\$ (2,144)	\$ —
Ending	\$ 17,050	\$ 12,305
Tax receivable agreement expense	\$ 286	\$ 105
TRA bonus expense in operating expenses	\$ 14	\$ —
Total expense	\$ 300	\$ 105

As of March 31, 2024, the non-controlling interest holders held 27,535,479 units in CWAN Holdings that could, at their discretion, be exchanged for Class A shares. As units are exchanged, we may record future tax benefits and an associated TRA liability as a result of the increases in our tax basis in CWAN Holdings from the exchanges. The amount of the increase in the tax basis, the related estimated tax benefits, and the related TRA liability to be recorded will depend (among other things) on the price of the Company's Class A stock at the time of the relevant redemption or exchange. If the non-controlling interest holders exchanged all of their units at the Company's Class A stock price as of March 31, 2024, we estimate the future tax benefits related to these hypothetical exchanges to be \$ 165 million, of which \$ 140 million is estimated to be the associated TRA liability.

Note 13. Subsequent Events

In April 2024, subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Company completed its previously announced acquisition of Wilshire AxiomSM, Wilshire AtlasSM, Wilshire Abacus, and Wilshire iQComposite, the risk and performance analytics solutions businesses of Wilshire Advisors LLC, a leading global financial services firm ("Wilshire").

Pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated April 1, 2024, between the Company and Wilshire, the Company purchased substantially all of the assets that are related to the Wilshire AxiomSM, Wilshire AtlasSM, Wilshire Abacus and Wilshire iQComposite business from Wilshire for a cash purchase price of \$ 40.0 million. In connection with the acquisition, the Company and Wilshire entered into a Transition Services Agreement pursuant to which Wilshire has agreed to perform certain services for a period of time with respect to the Company's use and operation of the Acquired Assets, and a Master SaaS Agreement for Wilshire to license back the Acquired Assets for use in their retained business.

The transaction will be accounted for in accordance with the acquisition method of accounting which requires, among other things, that assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date. Due to the limited time since the acquisition date, we are currently in the process of evaluating the acquisition accounting considerations, including consideration transferred and the initial purchase price allocation in accordance with the guidance in ASC 805, *Business Combinations*.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K. As discussed in the section titled "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements," the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed below. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those identified below and in the section titled "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and those discussed in the section titled "Risk Factors" in the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Overview

Clearwater brings transparency to the opaque world of investment accounting and analytics with what we believe is the industry's most trusted and innovative single instance, multi-tenant technology platform. Our cloud-native software allows clients to radically simplify their investment accounting operations, enabling them to focus on higher-value business functions such as asset allocation strategy and investment selection. Our platform provides comprehensive accounting, data and advanced analytics as well as highly-configurable reporting for global investment assets daily or on-demand, instead of weekly or monthly. We instill in our clients, confidence that they are making the most informed decisions about investment performance, regulatory compliance and risk.

We provide investment accounting and reporting, performance measurement, compliance monitoring and risk analytics solutions for asset managers, insurance companies, government entities, and corporations. Every day, Clearwater's powerful platform aggregates and normalizes data on over \$7.3 trillion of global invested assets for over 1,300 clients. We bring modern software to an industry that has long been dominated by difficult-to-use, high cost legacy technologies and processes, which often lack data integrity and traceability, and often require significant manual intervention. The strength of our platform is demonstrated by our approximately 80% win rate for new clients over the prior six years in deals that reached the proposal stage, as well as a NPS of 60+ and at least 98% gross retention in 20 of the last 21 quarters.

We allow our clients to replace legacy systems with modern cloud-native software. Our platform helps clients reduce cost, time, errors and risk and allows them to reallocate resources to other value-creating activities. Our software aggregates, reconciles and validates data from more than 4,100 daily data feeds and more than four million securities that have been modeled across multiple currencies, asset classes and countries. This cleansed and validated data runs through our proprietary accounting, performance, compliance and risk solutions to provide clients with powerful analytics and daily or on-demand configurable reporting. We offer multi-asset class, multi-basis, multi-currency accounting and analytics that provide clients with a comprehensive view of their holdings and related performance. This allows our clients to make better, more timely decisions about their investment portfolios.

Clearwater benefits from powerful network effects. With our single instance, multi-tenant architecture, every client, whether new or existing, enriches our global data set by making it more complete and accurate. Our software continually sources, ingests, models, reconciles and validates the terms, conditions and features of every investment security held by all of our clients. This continuous process helps to create a single repository of comprehensive, accurate investment data (often referred to within the industry as a "Golden Copy" of data) that benefits all our clients to the extent they otherwise have rights to the data. Through this continuous process, we are able to identify and adjudicate data discrepancies that otherwise could introduce error and risk into our clients' investment portfolios. We believe that a meaningful competitive advantage of this network effect is that we are increasingly seen as the best and most accurate source of investment accounting data and analytics in the industry.

We have a 100% recurring revenue model, excluding revenue from professional services and license-related revenue from the JUMP acquisition. We charge our clients a fee that is based on the amount and complexity of the assets they manage on our platform as well as the breadth of the solution utilized by the client. In 2022, we transitioned our contracting structure to a framework we describe as Base+ for all new clients. A Base+ contract framework includes a base fee for a prospective or existing client's book of business plus an incremental fee for increases in assets on the platform. This structure is designed to limit the downside volatility in our asset-based fees. We also began to amend contracts with our existing clients to either modify the structure of such contracts from a pure asset-based fee to this Base+ model or to increase the basis point price. Prior to 2022, we charged a basis point fee based on the client's assets on the platform subject to contracted minimums. For those clients contracted prior to 2022 and whose contract has not been amended, our revenues may more significantly fluctuate with the changes in those clients' assets. A majority of the assets on our platform

are high-grade fixed income assets, which have traditionally had lower levels of volatility, enabling our highly predictable revenue streams. The Base+ model includes annual increases in the base fee and enables us to charge additional fees for supplemental services provided for certain alternative asset classes (e.g., LPx, MLx) or additional products (e.g. Prism, OMS/PMS) should the client choose to utilize those services.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

The growth and future success of our business depends on many factors, including those described below.

- *Adding New Clients in Established End Markets:* Our future growth is dependent upon our ability to continue to add new clients. We are focused on continuing to increase our client base in our established client end-markets of corporations, government entities, insurance companies and asset managers, and doing so with increasingly large and sophisticated clients. As we add clients, it takes time to fully onboard their assets to the platform. Our revenue generally increases as assets are added to the platform, while the effort to serve the client is relatively consistent over time. Therefore, we expect revenues and gross margins to increase for a client as the client transitions from the onboarding process to a steady state once assets have been onboarded. In any period, our gross margins may fluctuate based on the relative size and number of clients that we are onboarding at that time.
- *Expanding and Retaining Relationships with Existing Clients:* Our future growth is dependent upon retaining our existing clients and expanding our relationships with these clients through increases in the amount of their assets on our platform, or providing additional solutions and services. We have enjoyed consistent gross revenue retention rates of at least 98% in 20 of the past 21 quarters. The consistency in revenue retention creates predictability in our business and enables us to better plan our future investments. Our relationships with our clients expand as these clients add more assets to our platform, or as we provide additional solutions and services, with our quarterly net revenue retention rates (as defined below under “—Key Operating Measures”) between 106% and 110% over the past year. Clients may add assets as a result of acquiring new clients themselves or by acquiring new businesses or simply through organic growth, which produces additional assets that they manage using our platform. We believe that our client service model and technology platform are strong contributing factors in our attractive retention rates. As such, we expect to continue to invest in both our operations and research and development functions to maintain and increase our high levels of client satisfaction, which we believe will lead to strong client retention and expansion.
- *International Expansion:* We believe that the value provided by our platform is equally applicable to asset owners and asset managers outside of North America, and there is a significant opportunity to expand our client base and usage of our platform internationally. Our future growth is dependent upon our ability to successfully enter new international markets and to expand our client base in our current international markets. Our cost to acquire clients in international markets is currently greater than in North America because there is less awareness of the Clearwater brand and our product capabilities, and we have to date invested less in sales and marketing internationally. For these reasons, we expect to invest more in sales and marketing in international markets relative to North America in order to achieve growth in these international markets.
- *Adding New Clients in Adjacent or Nascent End-Markets:* Our strategy is to also add new clients in our more nascent end-markets, which include state and local governments, pension funds and sovereign wealth funds, as well as a variety of alternative asset managers. Traditionally, our existing clients have been among our best resources for referring new clients to us, and we will continue to invest in sales and marketing to build awareness of our brand, engage prospective clients and drive adoption of our platform, particularly as it relates to expanding into new end-markets. As we establish our presence in new end-markets, we expect sales and marketing expenditures will be less efficient than in our established verticals and we will become increasingly more efficient at acquiring clients in new end-markets over time.
- *Expanding Solutions and Broadening Innovation:* Our future growth is dependent upon our continued expansion of our solutions in order to better retain our current clients and to develop new use cases that appeal to new clients. While we believe we will be able to reduce our research and development expenses as a percentage of revenues as we achieve greater scale, our priority is to maintain and grow our technological advantage over our competitors. As we identify opportunities to increase our technological and competitive advantages, we may increase our investments in research and development at rates that are faster than our growth in revenues in order to enhance our long-term growth and profitability.

- *Fluctuations in the Market Value of Assets on the Platform:* Although we generally have a base fee and adopted our Base+ model in 2022, we also bill our clients monthly in arrears based on a basis point rate applied to our clients' assets on our platform, which can be influenced by general economic conditions. While 77% of the assets on our platform were high-grade fixed income securities and structured products as of December 31, 2023 and traditionally subject to lower levels of volatility, the value of our clients' assets on our platform varies on a daily basis due to changes in securities prices, cash flow needs, incremental buying and selling of assets and other strategic priorities of our clients. For these reasons, our revenue is subject to fluctuations based on economic conditions, including market conditions and the changing interest rate environment.

Key Components of Results of Operations

The following discussion describes certain line items in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

Revenue

We generate revenue from fees derived from providing clients with access to the solutions and services on our SaaS platform. Sales of our offering include a right to use our software in a hosted environment without taking possession of the software. Our contracts are generally cancellable with 30 days' notice without penalty. We invoice clients monthly in arrears based on a percentage of the average daily value of assets within a client's accounts on our platform during that month, or based on a fixed monthly base fee. Payment terms may vary by contract but generally include a requirement of payment within 30 days following the month in which services are provided. Fees invoiced in advance of the delivery of the Company's performance obligations are deemed set-up activities and are deferred as a material right and recognized over time, typically 12 months. Through our JUMP subsidiary which we acquired on November 30, 2022, we also earn license revenue.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue consists of expenses related to delivery of revenue-generating services, including expenses associated with client services, onboarding, reconciliation and agreements related to the purchase of data used in the provision of our services. Salary and benefits for certain personnel associated with supporting these functions, in addition to allocated overhead, amortization of JUMP-related developed technology intangible asset, and depreciation for facilities, are also included in cost of revenue.

Operating Expenses

Research and development expense consists primarily of salary and benefits for our development staff as well as contractors' fees and other costs associated with the enhancement of our offering, ensuring operational stability and performance and development of new offerings.

Sales and marketing expense consists of the costs of personnel involved in the sales and marketing process, sales commissions, advertising and promotional materials, sales facilities expenses, and the cost of trade shows and seminars.

General and administrative expense consists primarily of personnel costs for information technology, finance, administration, human resources and general management, as well as expenses from legal, corporate technology and accounting service providers.

Interest Income, Net

Interest income relates to interest received on our cash and cash equivalents based on interest rates in the course of the applicable period, and interest received from other investments.

Interest expense reflects interest accrued on our outstanding term loan during the course of the applicable period. The accrual of interest varies depending on the timing and amount of borrowings and repayments during the period as well as fluctuations in interest rates.

Tax Receivable Agreement Expense

In connection with the IPO and related transactions, we entered into a TRA that provides for the payment by us of 85% of certain tax benefits that we realize as a result of increases in our tax basis of CWAN Holdings resulting from redemptions or exchanges of CWAN Holdings units. Tax receivable agreement expense relates to amounts that are probable of being incurred under the TRA.

Other (Income) Expense, Net

Other (income) expense, net consists of gains and losses of foreign currency and investments.

Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes

Provision for (benefit from) income taxes consists of income taxes related to federal, state, and foreign jurisdictions where we conduct our business. Our effective tax rate may increase in the future as our ownership in CWAN Holdings increases via exchanges from historical partners. In addition, our discrete items may not be consistent from period to period and could cause volatility in our effective tax rate.

Key Operating Measures

We consider certain operating measures, such as annualized recurring revenue, gross retention rates and net retention rates, in measuring the performance of our business. The following table summarizes these operating measures as of the dates presented:

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter
2024				
Annualized recurring revenue (in thousands)	\$ 402,326			
Gross revenue retention rate	99 %			
Net revenue retention rate	110 %			
2023				
Annualized recurring revenue (in thousands)	\$ 337,366	\$ 349,536	\$ 362,442	\$ 379,096
Gross revenue retention rate	97 %	98 %	98 %	98 %
Net revenue retention rate	106 %	109 %	108 %	107 %

Annualized Recurring Revenue

Annualized recurring revenue is calculated at the end of a period by dividing the recurring revenue in the last month of such period by the number of days in the month and multiplying by 365.

Because a substantial majority of the assets on our platform typically have low levels of volatility with respect to their market value, the growth in annualized recurring revenue is generally not attributable to the fluctuating market value of the assets on our platform. Rather, the growth in annualized recurring revenue is due to an increase in the number of clients using our offering as well as from onboarding more assets of our existing clients onto our platform.

Annualized recurring revenue increased 19.3% from March 31, 2023 to March 31, 2024 on account of growth in our client base as we brought new clients onto our platform and also added additional assets onto our platform from existing clients.

Gross Revenue Retention Rate

Gross revenue retention rate represents annual contract value (“ACV”) at the beginning of the 12-month period ended on the reporting date less client attrition over the prior 12-month period, divided by ACV at the beginning of the 12-month period, expressed as a percentage. ACV is comprised of annualized recurring revenue plus contracted-not-billed revenue, which represents the estimated annual contracted revenue for new and existing client opportunities prior to revenue recognition. In order to arrive at total ACV, we include contracted-not-billed revenue, as it is contracted revenue that has not been recognized but that we expect to produce recognized revenue in the future. Client attrition occurs when a client provides a contract termination notice. The amount of client attrition is calculated as the reduction in annualized revenue of the client at the time of the notice and is recorded in the month the final billing occurs. In the case of client attrition where contracted-not-billed revenue is still present for a client, both annualized recurring revenue and contracted-not-billed revenue associated with such client are deducted from ACV.

As of March 31, 2024, the gross revenue retention rate was 99% compared to 98% as of March 31, 2023. The Company has reported a gross revenue retention rate of at least 98% for 20 out of the 21 prior quarters. We believe the consistent and high gross revenue retention rate is a testament to the value proposition that our leading solution offers.

Net Revenue Retention Rate

Net revenue retention rate is the percentage of recurring revenue retained from clients on the platform for 12 months and includes changes from the addition, removal or value of assets on our platform, contractual changes that have an impact to annualized recurring revenues and lost revenue from client attrition. We calculate net revenue retention rate as of a period end by starting with the annualized recurring revenue from clients as of the 12 months prior to such period end. We then calculate the annualized recurring revenue from these clients as of the current period end. We then divide the total

current period end annualized recurring revenue by the 12-month prior period end annualized recurring revenue to arrive at the net revenue retention rate.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We also consider certain non-GAAP financial measures that are not prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), such as Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin, in measuring the performance of our business. The non-GAAP measures are not based on any standardized methodology prescribed by GAAP and are not necessarily comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. However, we believe that this non-GAAP information is useful as an additional means for investors to evaluate our operating performance, when reviewed in conjunction with our GAAP financial statements. These measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures prepared in accordance with GAAP, and because these amounts are not determined in accordance with GAAP, they should not be used exclusively in evaluating our business and operations. In addition, undue reliance should not be placed upon non-GAAP or operating information because this information is neither standardized across companies nor subjected to the same control activities and audit procedures that produce our GAAP financial results.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are supplemental performance measures that our management uses to assess our operating performance. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) plus (i) interest income, net, (ii) depreciation and amortization, (iii) equity-based compensation expense and related payroll taxes, (iv) tax receivable agreement expense, (v) transaction expenses, and (vi) other (benefit) expenses. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue.

The following tables reconcile net income (loss) to Adjusted EBITDA and include amounts expressed as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2024		2023			
	(in thousands, except percentages)					
Net income (loss)	\$	2,236	2 %	\$	(5,417)	(6 %)
Adjustments:						
Interest income, net		(2,060)	(2 %)		(1,356)	(2 %)
Depreciation and amortization		2,550	2 %		2,449	3 %
Equity-based compensation expense and related payroll taxes		28,481	28 %		24,507	29 %
Tax receivable agreement expense		286	— %		105	— %
Transaction expenses		802	1 %		1,293	2 %
Other (benefit) expenses ⁽¹⁾		(93)	— %		960	1 %
Adjusted EBITDA		32,202	31 %		22,541	27 %
Revenue	\$	102,719	100 %	\$	84,606	100 %

- (1) Other (benefit) expenses includes management fees to our investors, income taxes, foreign exchange gains and losses and other expenses that are not reflective of our core operating performance including the Tax Receivable Agreement, and transaction expenses including legal, accounting, and other expenses related to the secondary offerings by the WCAS Selling Stockholders and acquisitions.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Amortization of prepaid management fees and reimbursable expenses	535	615
Provision for (benefit from) income tax expense	(98)	264
Other (income) expense, net	(530)	81
Total other (benefit) expenses	\$ (93)	\$ 960

Results of Operations

The following tables set forth our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Revenue	\$ 102,719	\$ 84,606
Cost of revenue ⁽¹⁾	28,178	24,825
Gross profit	74,541	59,781
Operating expenses:		
Research and development ⁽¹⁾	37,676	28,100
Sales and marketing ⁽¹⁾	16,311	14,698
General and administrative ⁽¹⁾	20,720	23,306
Total operating expenses	74,707	66,104
Loss from operations	(166)	(6,323)
Interest income, net	(2,060)	(1,356)
Tax receivable agreement expense	286	105
Other (income) expense, net	(530)	81
Income (loss) before income taxes	2,138	(5,153)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	(98)	264
Net income (loss)	2,236	(5,417)
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	338	(1,033)
Net income (loss) attributable to Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.	\$ 1,898	\$ (4,384)

(1) Amounts include equity-based compensation as follows:

Cost of revenue	\$ 3,146	\$ 2,243
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	8,911	4,655
Sales and marketing	3,821	3,965
General and administrative	8,347	12,337
Total equity-based compensation expense	\$ 24,225	\$ 23,200

The following table sets forth our consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenue	100 %	100 %
Cost of revenue	27 %	29 %
Gross profit	73 %	71 %
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	37 %	33 %
Sales and marketing	16 %	17 %
General and administrative	20 %	28 %
Total operating expenses	73 %	78 %
Loss from operations	0 %	(7 %)
Interest income, net	(2 %)	(2 %)
Tax receivable agreement expense	0 %	0 %
Other (income) expense, net	(1 %)	0 %
Income (loss) before income taxes	2 %	(6 %)
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	0 %	0 %
Net income (loss)	2 %	(6 %)

Comparison of the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (unaudited)

Revenue

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Revenue	\$ 102,719	\$ 84,606	\$ 18,113	21 %

Revenue increased \$18.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 as compared to the corresponding period in 2023. The increase was on account of \$9.9 million growth in our client base as we brought new clients onto our platform, as well as changes to our existing clients' assets on our platform and increasing revenue which is not related to assets on our platform. Average assets on our platform that were billed to new and existing clients increased 17% for the three months ended March 31, 2024 as compared to the corresponding periods in 2023. Average basis point rate billed to clients increased by 2.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2024, compared to the corresponding period in 2023.

Cost of Revenue

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Equity-based compensation	\$ 3,146	\$ 2,243	\$ 903	40 %
All other cost of revenue	25,032	22,582	2,450	11 %
Total cost of revenue	\$ 28,178	\$ 24,825	\$ 3,353	14 %
Percent of revenue	27 %	29 %		

Cost of revenue changed as follows:

	Change From 2023 to 2024 QTD (in thousands)	
Increased payroll and related	\$	1,860
Increased equity-based compensation		903
Increased facilities and infrastructure expenses		409
Increased depreciation and amortization		128
Other items		53
Total change	\$	3,353

The increase in cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to increased payroll and related costs due to changes in our employee base leading to higher compensation, and increased equity-related payroll taxes for vested equity awards. In addition, cost of revenue increased due to increased equity-based compensation due to grants of additional awards to employees, increased allocation of facilities cost due to additional office space and increased depreciation and amortization related to the amortization of capitalized IT projects.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Equity-based compensation	\$ 8,911	\$ 4,655	\$ 4,256	91 %
All other research and development	28,765	23,445	5,320	23 %
Total research and development	\$ 37,676	\$ 28,100	\$ 9,576	34 %
Percent of revenue	37 %	33 %		

Research and development expenses changed as follows:

	Change From 2023 to 2024 QTD (in thousands)	
Increased equity-based compensation		4,256
Increased payroll and related	\$	4,138
Increased technology		1,268
Increased facilities and infrastructure expenses		190
Decreased outside services and contractors		(241)
Other items		(35)
Total change	\$	9,576

The increase in research and development expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to increased equity-based compensation due to grants of additional awards to employees, increased payroll and related costs due to changes in our employees leading to higher compensation, increased equity-related payroll taxes for vested equity awards, increased technology costs from higher utilization of third-party cloud computing services and other third-party IT services, increased allocation of facilities cost due to additional office space. This was offset by a decreased use of outside services and contractors due to lower utilization of third-party consultants on development activities due to a focus on internal hiring of developers.

Sales and Marketing

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Equity-based compensation	\$ 3,821	\$ 3,965	\$ (144)	(4) %
All other sales and marketing	12,490	10,733	1,757	16 %
Total sales and marketing	\$ 16,311	\$ 14,698	\$ 1,613	11 %
Percent of revenue	16 %	17 %		

Sales and marketing expense changed as follows:

	Change From 2023 to 2024 QTD (in thousands)
Increased payroll and related	972
Increased marketing	356
Increased travel and entertainment	276
Increased outside services and contractors	184
Other items	(175)
Total change	\$ 1,613

The increase in sales and marketing expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to payroll and related costs as a result of merit increases, increased equity-related payroll taxes and additional employees to expand sales coverage, increased marketing due to additional marketing events and IT subscriptions supporting marketing initiatives, increased travel and entertainment expense as employees travelled more between our office locations and clients to support sales and marketing initiatives, and increased outside services and contractors due to higher utilization of third-party consultants supporting marketing initiatives.

General and Administrative

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Equity-based compensation	\$ 8,347	\$ 12,337	\$ (3,990)	(32) %
All other general and administrative	12,373	10,969	1,404	13 %
Total general and administrative	\$ 20,720	\$ 23,306	\$ (2,586)	(11) %
Percent of revenue	20 %	28 %		

General and administrative expenses changed as follows:

	Change From 2023 to 2024 QTD (in thousands)
Decreased equity-based compensation	\$ (3,990)
Decreased insurance	(154)
Increased payroll and related	611
Increased facilities and infrastructure expenses	374
Increased outside services and contractors	364
Other items	209
Total change	<u>\$ (2,586)</u>

The decrease in general and administrative expense for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to decreased equity-based compensation expense related to JUMP acquisition awards which contained a performance criteria related to achievement of a fixed revenue threshold for JUMP revenue during the year ended December 31, 2023. In addition, general and administrative expense decreased due to decreased insurance costs for our directors and officers. This decrease was offset by increased payroll and related costs as a result of equity-related payroll taxes on vested equity awards, increased allocation of facilities cost due to additional office space, and higher utilization of professional services supporting accounting, legal and human resources.

Non-Operating Expenses

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Interest income, net	\$ (2,060)	\$ (1,356)	\$ (704)	52 %
Tax receivable agreement expense	286	105	181	172 %
Other (income) expense, net	\$ (530)	\$ 81	\$ (611)	(754) %

Interest income, net increased in the three months ended March 31, 2024 due to increased interest income on our cash, cash equivalents and investments from higher interest rates, and expansion of investments.

The tax receivable agreement expense is incurred in the period in which we determine that it is probable that payments will be made under the terms of the TRA. Before considering the tax benefits subject to our TRA, we estimate that we will report taxable income in 2024 primarily due to the capitalization of research and development expenses under Section 174 and equity-based compensation expense that has either not yet met the rules for deductibility or has had the deduction limited under Section 162(m) of the Code. Therefore, we expect to utilize tax benefits subject to our TRA and have recorded the associated tax receivable agreement expense. The tax receivable agreement expense increased in the three months ended March 31, 2024 due to an increase in estimated taxable income for the year.

Other (income) expense, net relates to foreign exchange gains and losses driven by fluctuations in exchange rates, and gains and losses related to our investments.

Provision for (Benefit from) Income Taxes

(In thousands, except percentages)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2024	2023		
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	\$ (98)	\$ 264	\$ (362)	(137) %

The movement in provision for (benefit from) income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2024 relates to a decrease in estimated tax expense for the year. The decrease in estimated tax expense is primarily related to estimated taxable losses in France.

We currently have a full valuation allowance recorded on our U.S. net deferred tax assets. Given our current earnings and anticipated future earnings, we believe that there is a reasonable possibility that in the foreseeable future, sufficient positive evidence may become available that results in a conclusion that all or a portion of the valuation allowance will no longer be needed. Release of the valuation allowance would result in the recognition of certain deferred tax assets, the recognition of the TRA liability, a decrease to income tax expense, and an increase pretax expense for the period the release is recorded. However, the exact timing and amount of the valuation allowance release are subject to change on the basis of the level of profitability that we are able to actually achieve.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

To date, we have primarily financed our operations through cash flows from operations and financing activities.

As of March 31, 2024, we had total cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$296.4 million, including cash and cash equivalents of \$189.6 million, short-term investments of \$77.9 million and long-term investments of \$28.9 million. Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments primarily consist of highly-liquid investments in money market funds, commercial paper, U.S. agency securities, U.S. government bonds, corporate debt securities and certificates of deposit. Long-term investments primarily consist of U.S. agency securities and corporate debt securities. In April 2024, subsequent to our reporting date, we used \$40.0 million of cash to acquire the risk and performance analytics solutions businesses of Wilshire Advisors LLC. We believe our existing cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to meet our operating working capital and capital expenditure requirements over the next 12 months. Our future financing requirements will depend on many factors, including our growth rate, revenue retention rates, the timing and extent of spending to support development of our platform and any future investments or acquisitions we may make. Additional funds may not be available on terms favorable to us or at all, including as a result of disruptions in the credit markets. See "Risk Factors" in the Annual Report.

The following table shows our cash flows from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities for the stated periods:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
	(in thousands)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 10,037	\$ 7,935
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,800)	(32,646)
Net cash used in financing activities	(30,145)	(5,269)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(213)	101
Change in cash and cash equivalents during the period	<u>\$ (32,121)</u>	<u>\$ (29,879)</u>

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities of \$10.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily the result of our net income plus non-cash charges, including equity-based compensation, operating lease expense and depreciation and amortization. Cash flows resulting from changes in assets and liabilities include an increase in accounts receivable, an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets, and a decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities. Accounts receivable increased \$4.7 million, which is comprised of \$3.4 million from growth in revenues and \$1.3 million from aging of receivable balances for certain customers due to short-term deterioration in days sales outstanding which we continue to believe are collectible. Prepaid expenses and other assets increased \$4.2 million due to timing of prepaid subscriptions with software vendors. Accrued expenses and other liabilities decreased \$9.4 million primarily due to payment in the first quarter of 2024 of bonuses to employees earned in 2023, offset by accrued bonus for 2024.

Net cash provided by operating activities of \$7.9 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was primarily the result of our net loss plus non-cash charges, including equity-based compensation, tax receivable agreement expense, operating lease expense and depreciation and amortization. Cash flows resulting from changes in assets and liabilities include an increase in accounts receivable, an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets and a decrease in accrued expenses and other liabilities. Accounts receivable increased \$6.1 million, which is comprised of \$1.7 million from growth in revenues and \$4.4 million from aging of receivable balances for certain customers due to short-term deterioration in days sales outstanding which we have determined to be collectible. Prepaid expenses and other assets increased \$1.6 million due to security deposits related to new leases and payments to IT vendors. Accrued expenses and other liabilities decreased \$6.8 million primarily due to payment in the first quarter of 2023 of bonuses to employees earned in 2022.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities of \$11.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to the purchase of \$31.9 million available-for-sale investments and \$1.4 million attributable to the purchase of property and equipment, including internally developed software, which was offset by \$21.5 million in proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments.

Net cash used in investing activities of \$32.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was primarily due to the purchase of \$34.2 million available-for-sale investments and \$1.7 million attributable to the purchase of property and equipment, including internally developed software, which was offset by \$3.2 million in proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments..

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$30.1 million, of which \$28.8 million was used to pay tax withholding on behalf of employees related to net share settlement, \$0.8 million was used for the payment of the holdback liability related to the JUMP acquisition, and \$0.7 million was used for repayment of borrowings, which was partially offset by \$0.1 million of proceeds from the exercise of options.

Net cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2023 was \$5.3 million, of which \$7.3 million was used to pay taxes related to net share settlement, and \$0.7 million used in the repayment of borrowings, which was partially offset by \$2.7 million of proceeds from the exercise of options.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. We review the accounting policies used in reporting our financial results on a regular basis. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent liabilities.

On an ongoing basis, we evaluate the process we use to develop estimates. We base our estimates on historical experience and on other information that we believe is reasonable for making judgments at the time the estimates are made. Actual results may differ from our estimates due to actual outcomes being different from those on which we based our assumptions.

There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to the critical accounting policies and estimates described in the Annual Report under the caption "Critical Accounting Estimates" in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, set forth in Part II, Item 7.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

There are no recent accounting pronouncements during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

AUM Market Price Risk

The vast majority of our revenue is derived from fees that are primarily based on the amount of assets on our platform. These fees are stated in basis points, or 1/100th of 1%. Though in substantially all cases we charge a minimum fee regardless of the assets that are loaded onto our platform, our revenues fluctuate based on the value of the assets that our clients maintain on our platform. A total of \$7.3 trillion and \$6.4 trillion of assets was loaded on our platform as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Movements in funds invested between different securities or fluctuations in securities prices or investment performance could cause the value of AUM to decline, which would result in lower fees we receive from our clients.

Interest Rate Risk

We have interest rate risk relating to debt and associated interest expense under the New Credit Agreement, which has been amended to be indexed to SOFR. At any time, a rise in interest rates could have a material adverse impact on our earnings and cash flows. Conversely, a decrease in interest rates could result in a material increase in earnings and cash flows. We estimate that a hypothetical increase or decrease in SOFR of 100 basis points would increase or decrease,

respectively, our interest expense or income by approximately \$0.2 million on an annual basis, based on our \$47.9 million debt balance under the New Credit Agreement at March 31, 2024.

Inflation

Our business, financial condition and results of operations may be impacted by macroeconomic conditions, including rising inflation. Although our operations have been impacted by rising inflation from time to time, we currently do not believe that inflation has had a material direct effect on our overall business, financial condition or results of operations. However, if our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset higher costs through price increases and our inability or failure to do so could potentially harm our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")). Based on that evaluation, our CEO and CFO have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of such date due to the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting that was disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

In light of the material weakness, management performed additional analysis and other procedures to ensure that our condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Accordingly, management believes that the condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly present, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations, and cash flows as of and for the periods presented, in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent all errors and all fraud due to inherent limitations of internal controls. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Ongoing Remediation of Previously Identified Material Weakness

Our management is committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment. In response to the material weakness identified above, management, under the oversight of the Audit Committee, is designing and implementing actions to remediate the control deficiencies contributing to the material weakness. These remediation actions are ongoing and include or are expected to include:

- Enhancing risk assessment and control identification procedures for our invoicing systems environment;
- Expanding controls and/or applying other appropriate procedures to address the design and operation of IT general controls within our invoicing systems environment;
- Enhancing the number of employees and our training programs addressing IT general controls and policies, including educating control owners concerning the principles and requirements of each control, with a focus on those related to user access, change management, program development and computer operations within our invoicing system environment; and
- Enhancing and maintaining policy documentation underlying IT general controls to promote knowledge transfer upon personnel and function changes.

As we continue to evaluate and enhance our internal control over financial reporting, we may determine that additional measures to address the material weaknesses or adjustments to the remediation plan may be required. Once controls are designed and implemented, the controls must be operating effectively for a sufficient period of time and be tested by management in order to consider them remediated and conclude that the design is effective to address the risks of material misstatement.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended March 31, 2024, no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) occurred that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we are subject to certain legal proceedings and claims that arise in the normal course of business. In the opinion of our management, we are not involved in any litigation or proceedings with third parties that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations, financial condition or business.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the information set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report. There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report.

In addition to our results determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, we believe certain non-GAAP measures may be useful in evaluating our operating performance. We present certain non-GAAP financial measures in our Annual Report on Form 10-K and each Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and intend to continue to present certain non-GAAP financial measures in future filings with the SEC and other public statements. Any failure to accurately report and present our non-GAAP financial measures could cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial and other information, which would likely have a negative effect on the trading price of our Class A common stock.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities.

There were no sales of unregistered equity securities during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, each of the following directors and/or officers adopted a “Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement”, as such term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K. All trading plans that were adopted during the period were entered into during an open insider trading window and are intended to satisfy the affirmative defense of Rule 10b5-1(c) under the Exchange Act, and our policies regarding transactions in our securities.

	Date	Action	Expiration Date	Total Shares Subject to Plan
Scott Erickson , Chief Revenue Officer	March 8, 2024	Adoption	December 31, 2024	141,544
James Cox , Chief Financial Officer	March 11, 2024	Adoption	June 15, 2026	448,800
Souvik Das , Chief Technology Officer	March 13, 2024	Adoption	December 31, 2024	75,000

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibits filed or furnished herewith are designated by an asterisk (*); all exhibits not so designated are incorporated by reference to a prior filing as indicated.

Exhibit Number	Description	Report or Registration Statement	SEC File or Registration Number	Exhibit Reference
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc., dated September 27, 2021	8-K filed September 28, 2021	001-40838	3.1
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc., dated September 27, 2021	8-K filed September 28, 2021	001-40838	3.2
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
32.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
32.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.			
+101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document			
+101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document			
+101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document			
+101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document			
+101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document			
+101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document			
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)			

* Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Jim Cox
Jim Cox
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer and Authorized Signatory)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Sandeep Sahai, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Sandeep Sahai
Sandeep Sahai
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jim Cox, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Jim Cox

Jim Cox

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Sandeep Sahai
Sandeep Sahai
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Clearwater Analytics Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 2, 2024

By: /s/ Jim Cox

Jim Cox

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)