



3Q25 Earnings Presentation
October 22, 2025

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include the discussions of our business strategies and expectations concerning future operations, margins, profitability, liquidity and capital resources. In addition, in certain portions included in this presentation, the words “anticipates,” “believes,” “estimates,” “expects,” “intends,” “may,” “plans,” “positions,” “remains,” “seeks,” “will,” and similar expressions, as they relate to our company or management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although we believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you any forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. These statements represent our expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies concerning future events that, by their nature, involve a number of risks, uncertainties or other factors beyond our control, which may cause our actual results, performance, achievements or other expectations to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or other expectations expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, risks associated with: our gaming license in Singapore and concession in Macao and amendments to Macao's gaming laws; general economic conditions; disruptions or reductions in travel and our operations due to natural or man-made disasters, pandemics, epidemics, or outbreaks of infectious or contagious diseases; our ability to invest in future growth opportunities, or attempt to expand our business in new markets and new ventures, execute our capital expenditure programs at our existing properties and produce future returns; government regulation; the extent to which the laws and regulations of mainland China become applicable to our operations in Macao and Hong Kong; the possibility that economic, political and legal developments in Macao adversely affect our Macao operations, or that there is a change in the manner in which regulatory oversight is conducted in Macao; our subsidiaries’ ability to make distribution payments to us; substantial leverage and debt service; fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates; our ability to collect gaming receivables; win rates for our gaming operations; risk of fraud and cheating; competition; tax law changes; political instability, civil unrest, terrorist acts or war; legalization of gaming; insurance; the collectability of our outstanding loan receivable; limitations on the transfers of cash to and from our subsidiaries; limitations of the pataca exchange markets; restrictions on the export of the renminbi; and other factors detailed in the reports filed by Las Vegas Sands Corp. with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date such statement is made. Las Vegas Sands Corp. assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statements and information.

Within this presentation, the company may make reference to certain non-GAAP financial measures including “adjusted net income/loss,” “adjusted earnings/loss per diluted share,” and “consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA,” which have directly comparable financial measures presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”). The specific reasons why the company’s management believes the presentation of each of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding Las Vegas Sands’ financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, as well as reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures, are included in the company’s Form 8-K dated October 22, 2025, which is available on the company’s website at www.sands.com. Reconciliations also are available in the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Financial Information section of this presentation.

Investment Case, Strategic Priorities and Market Updates

Investment Case:

- Global leader in Integrated Resort development and operation delivering industry-leading returns
- Largest scale operator in the most important markets with industry-leading revenues and margins
- Balance sheet strength enables investment in promising growth opportunities
- Experienced leadership team dedicated to driving long-term shareholder value and maximizing shareholder returns

Strategic Priorities:

- Leveraging recently completed suite capacity in both Macao and Singapore to attract more high-value business
- Returning excess capital to shareholders through share repurchase program
- Pursuing development opportunities in new jurisdictions

Market Updates:

Macao:

- Macao market gross gaming revenue grew 12% in the third quarter of 2025 reaching \$7.7 billion
- The Macao market growth continues to be led by the premium segments
- Completed capital investment programs will contribute to growth

Singapore:

- Operating environment remains strong
- Completed capital investment programs will contribute to growth

Third Quarter 2025 Financial Highlights

Quarter Ended September 30, 2025 vs September 30, 2024

(\$ in US millions, except per share information)	LVS Consolidated Third Quarter Financial Results		
	3Q24	3Q25	Change
Net Revenue	\$2,682	\$3,331	\$649
Net Income	353	491	138
Net Income Attributable to LVS	275	419	144
Diluted EPS	\$0.38	\$0.61	\$0.23
Dividends per Common Share	\$0.20	\$0.25	\$0.05
Adjusted Net Income Attributable to LVS	323	536	213
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$0.44	\$0.78	\$0.34
Adjusted Property EBITDA	991	1,344	353
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	37.0%	40.3%	330 bps

- \$500 million of LVS stock repurchased in 3Q25
 - 9.19 million LVS shares at a weighted average price of \$54.39
- \$171 million of dividends paid by LVS (\$0.25 per share)
- The LVS Board of Directors announced a 20% increase in LVS' recurring common stock dividend for the 2026 calendar year, raising the annual dividend to \$1.20 per share (\$0.30 per share per quarter)
- \$337 million of SCL shares purchased from July 1, 2025 through October 10, 2025, increasing LVS ownership interest in SCL to 74.76%

Third Quarter 2025 Adjusted Property EBITDA

(\$ in US millions)	Adjusted Property EBITDA			
	3Q24	3Q25	Change	% Change
Macao Operations	\$585	\$601	\$16	2.7%
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	33.0%	31.5%	-150 bps	
Marina Bay Sands	\$406	\$743	\$337	83.0%
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	44.2%	51.7%	750 bps	
LVS Total	\$991	\$1,344	\$353	35.6%
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	37.0%	40.3%	330 bps	

- See slides 6 and 8 for the impact of expected hold in our rolling play in Macao and Singapore
- In 3Q25 hold on rolling play positively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA by \$2 million¹ in Macao and positively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA in Singapore by \$43 million¹
- In 3Q24 hold on rolling play negatively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA by \$2 million¹ in Macao and negatively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA in Singapore by \$88 million¹

1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3% for Sands China. For Marina Bay Sands in 3Q24 and 3Q25 the amounts present the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.5% and 4.2%, respectively. These theoretical hold percentages on Rolling Chip play during each quarter were calculated utilizing smart table data. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Illustrative Impact of Hold in Our Rolling Play¹

Macao – Select Quarterly Results

(\$ in US millions)

	Macao Operations				
	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25
Net Revenue	\$1,771	\$1,771	\$1,709	\$1,797	\$1,906
Expected hold impact ¹	4	38	17	(11)	(4)
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Net Revenue would have been \$4 million lower in 3Q25					
Adjusted Property EBITDA	585	571	535	566	601
Expected hold impact ¹	2	22	10	(7)	(2)
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$2 million lower in 3Q25					
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	33.0%	32.2%	31.3%	31.5%	31.5%
Expected hold impact ¹	33.1%	32.8%	31.6%	31.3%	31.5%
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin would have remained 31.5% in 3Q25					

1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3%. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Marina Bay Sands: Refinement of Hold Impact Disclosures

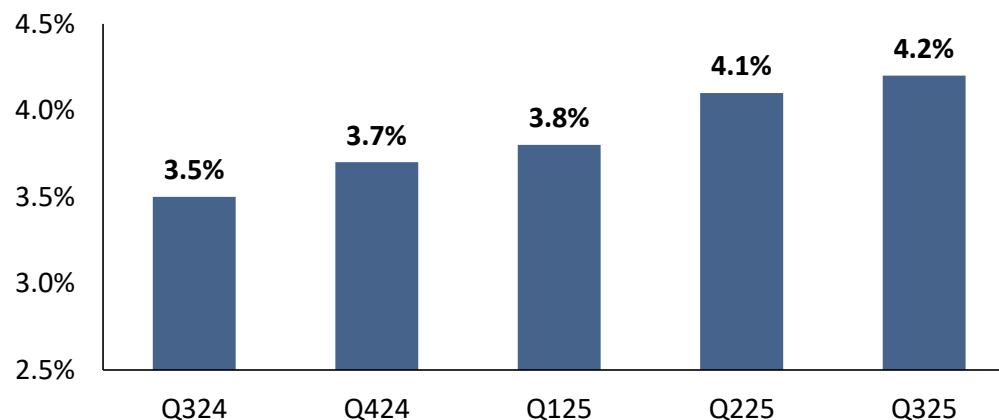
Implementation of Smart Table Technology Enables Calculation of Theoretical Hold Rates

Marina Bay Sands introduction of smart tables:

- Marina Bay Sands (MBS) has rolled out smart table technology across its baccarat gaming areas
- This smart table system uses a combination of RFID technology and table-top cameras to capture data on placed bets
- A key benefit of this digital data collection includes the ability to provide a theoretical hold percentage based on the expected outcome for different wager types and the distribution of specific wagers during each quarterly period

Update:

- The smart table technology has now been installed on all baccarat Rolling Chip tables at MBS for more than 12 months
- We are introducing a new disclosure methodology for the calculation of expected hold impact on our results at MBS beginning 3Q25; we have also presented the prior four quarters using the smart table data
- The specific wagers made by players in each quarter will determine the theoretical hold, and as a result, the theoretical hold will vary from quarter to quarter
- Since 3Q24, the theoretical hold rates calculated based upon data captured by smart table technology have been as follows:



Illustrative Impact of Hold in Our Rolling Play¹

Marina Bay Sands – Select Quarterly Results

(\$ in US millions)

	Marina Bay Sands				
	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25
Actual Hold %	1.75%	3.34%	3.70%	5.26%	4.84%
Expected Hold % ¹	3.5%	3.7%	3.8%	4.1%	4.2%
Net Revenue	\$919	\$1,137	\$1,163	\$1,388	\$1,436
Expected hold impact ¹	114	29	8	(102)	(57)
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Net Revenue would have been \$57 million lower in 3Q25					
Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$406	\$537	\$605	\$768	\$743
Expected hold impact ^{1,2}	88	21	6	(80)	(43)
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$43 million lower in 3Q25					
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin ²	44.2%	47.2%	52.0%	55.3%	51.7%
Expected hold impact ^{1,2}	47.8%	47.9%	52.2%	53.5%	50.8%
Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin would have been 50.8% in 3Q25					

1. In 3Q24 - 3Q25 the amounts present the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.5%, 3.7%, 3.8%, 4.1% and 4.2%, respectively. These theoretical hold percentages on Rolling Chip play during each quarter were calculated utilizing smart table data. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

2. Due to the tiered gaming tax structure in Singapore gaming tax rates at MBS increase from 8% to 12% on premium play when certain annual GGR thresholds are exceeded. These thresholds were met in July in 2025, versus November in 2024. The higher gaming tax rate was in place during much of the quarter ended September 30, 2025.

Operating Update: Macao Property Portfolio

Quarter Ended September 30, 2025

Macao market overview:

- The Macao market generated gaming revenue of ~\$7.7 billion for 3Q25, up 12% from 3Q24
 - Mass gaming revenue was ~\$6.7 billion, up 10% compared to 3Q24
- Visitation¹ from China excluding Guangdong province in July and August remained below 2019 level at ~87% of the comparable period
- Total visitation¹ in July and August was 7% above the comparable period in 2019, with Guangdong province visitation up 39% compared to 2019
- Spend per visitor in the lower tier customer segments remains subdued

Macao portfolio quarterly financial results:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA was \$601 million
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been lower by \$2 million²
- Mass win was \$1.69 billion during 3Q25, up 12% compared to 3Q24
- Adjusted Property EBITDA margin was 31.5%

1. September visitation is not yet available.

2. In 3Q25 the amount presents the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3%. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Source: Macao DSEC.

Operating Update: Marina Bay Sands in Singapore

Quarter Ended September 30, 2025

Marina Bay Sands property update:

- Suite renovation and refurbishment program completed in 2Q25
- The resort now features 1,844 keys, including 775 suites

Marina Bay Sands quarterly financial results:

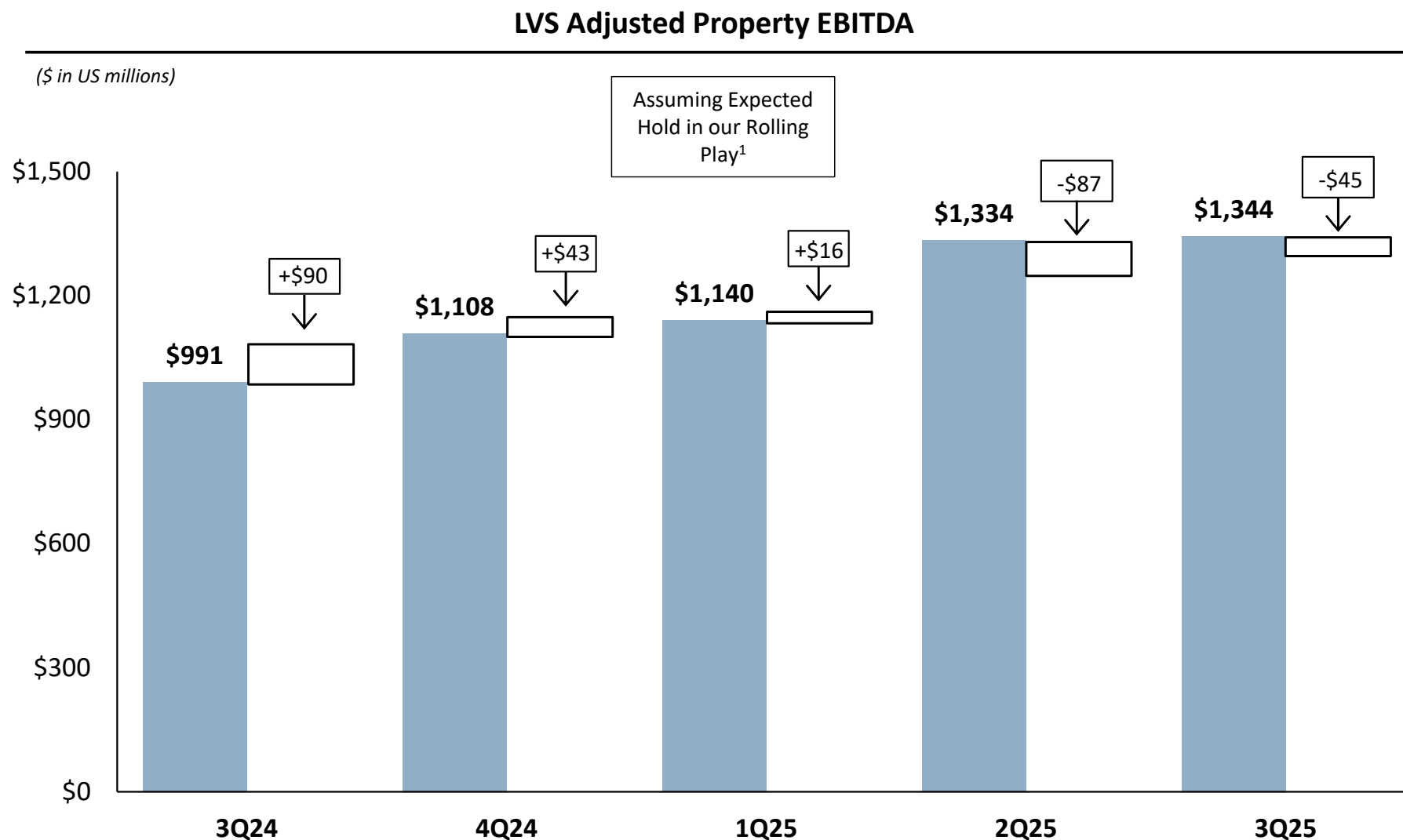
- Adjusted Property EBITDA of \$743 million
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been lower by \$43 million¹
- Mass win was \$905 million, up 35% from \$668 million in 3Q24
- Rolling volume was \$9.1 billion, up 38% from \$6.6 billion in 3Q24
- Adjusted Property EBITDA margin was 51.7%²

1. In 3Q25 the amount presents the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 4.2%. The theoretical hold percentage on Rolling Chip play during the quarter is calculated utilizing smart table data. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

2. Due to the tiered gaming tax structure in Singapore gaming tax rates at MBS increase from 8% to 12% on premium play when certain annual GGR thresholds are exceeded. These thresholds were met in July in 2025, versus November in 2024. The higher gaming tax rate was in place during much of the quarter ended September 30, 2025.

LVS Adjusted Property EBITDA

Select Quarterly Results



1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3% for Sands China. For Marina Bay Sands in 3Q24 - 3Q25 the amounts present the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.5%, 3.7%, 3.8%, 4.1% and 4.2%, respectively. These theoretical hold percentages on Rolling Chip play at Marina Bay Sands during each quarter were calculated utilizing smart table data. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Sands China

Sands China

Positioned for Growth

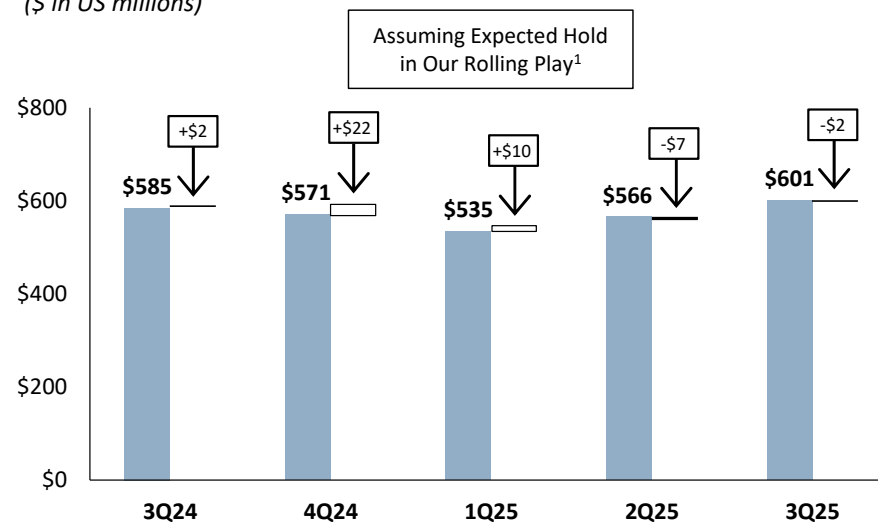
Capital investment programs to increase suite capacity at the Londoner Macao were completed in 2Q25

Financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2025:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$601 million with a margin of 31.5%
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$2 million¹ lower
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin would have remained 31.5%¹, a decrease of 160 basis points compared to 3Q24
- Mass (Non-Rolling tables and slots):
 - Non-Rolling table win was \$1.50 billion
 - Slot win was \$189 million
- Rolling volume was \$4.4 billion
 - Rolling win was \$148 million, hold percentage of 3.39%
- Occupancy was 96.8% with ADR of \$230
- Retail revenues: \$130 million

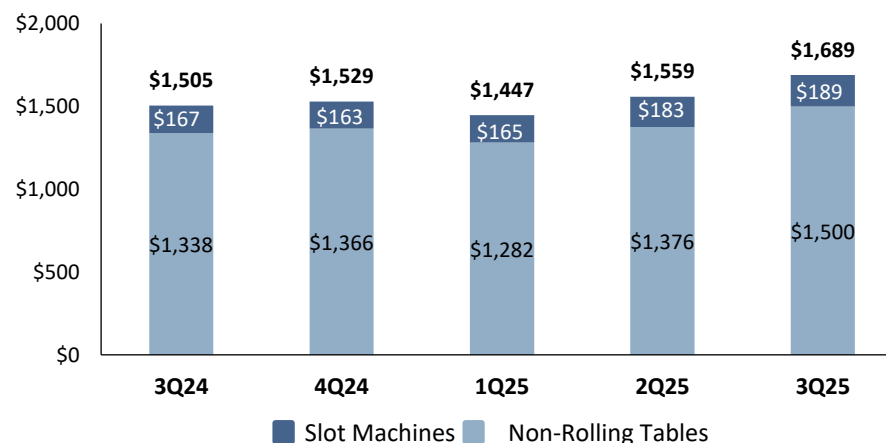
Adjusted Property EBITDA

(\$ in US millions)



Non-Rolling Table and Slot Win

(\$ in US millions)



1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3%. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Macao Financial Performance

Quarter Ended September 30, 2025 vs September 30, 2024

(\$ in US millions)

	Net Revenue				Adj. Property EBITDA				Adj. Property EBITDA Margin		
	3Q24	3Q25	Growth		3Q24	3Q25	Growth		3Q24	3Q25	Growth bps
			\$	%			\$	%			
The Venetian Macao	\$692	\$692	-	0.0%	\$267	\$242	(\$25)	-9.4%	38.6%	35.0%	(360)
The Londoner Macao	460	686	226	49.1%	124	219	95	76.6%	27.0%	31.9%	490
The Parisian Macao	250	218	(32)	-12.8%	74	53	(21)	-28.4%	29.6%	24.3%	(530)
Four Seasons/Plaza Casino	257	206	(51)	-19.8%	102	74	(28)	-27.5%	39.7%	35.9%	(380)
Sands Macao	81	72	(9)	-11.1%	14	8	(6)	-42.9%	17.3%	11.1%	(620)
Ferry Operations and Other	31	32	1	3.2%	4	5	1	25.0%	12.9%	15.6%	270
Total Macao Portfolio	1,771	1,906	135	7.6%	585	601	16	2.7%	33.0%	31.5%	(150)
Total Macao Portfolio Margins Assuming Expected Hold in Our Rolling Play¹									33.1%	31.5%	(160)

- Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, margins would have decreased by 160 bps compared to 3Q24

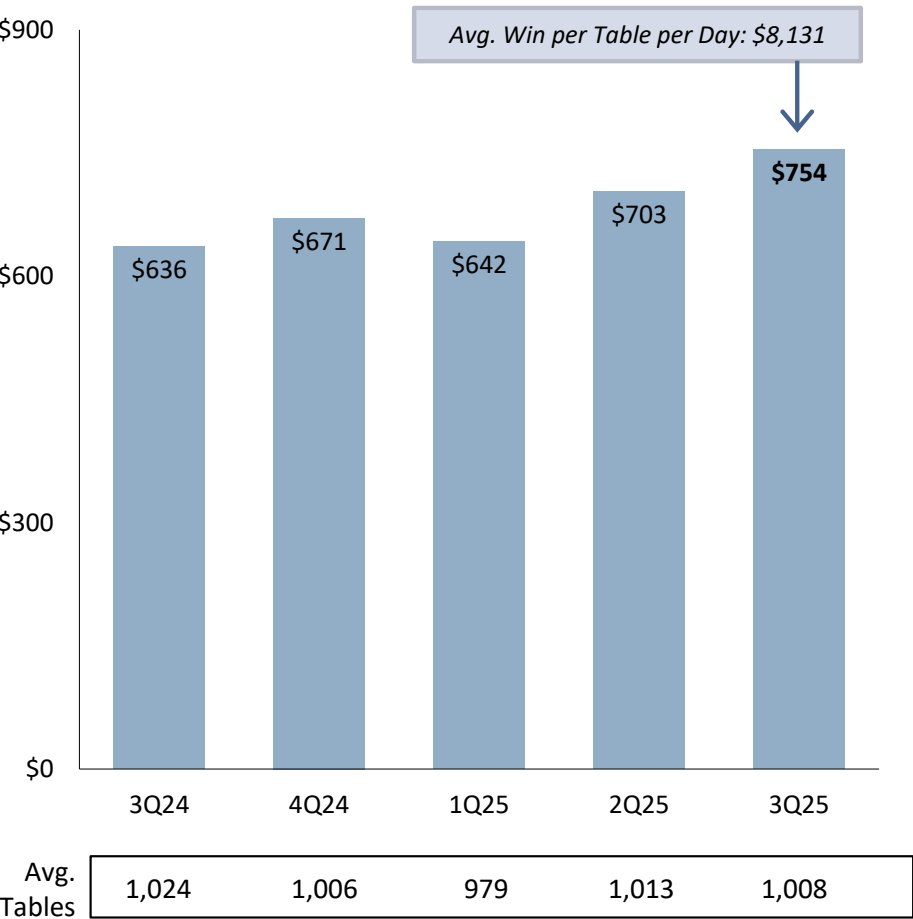
1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3%. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Sands China Mass Market Table Update

Base Mass and Premium Mass Table Win

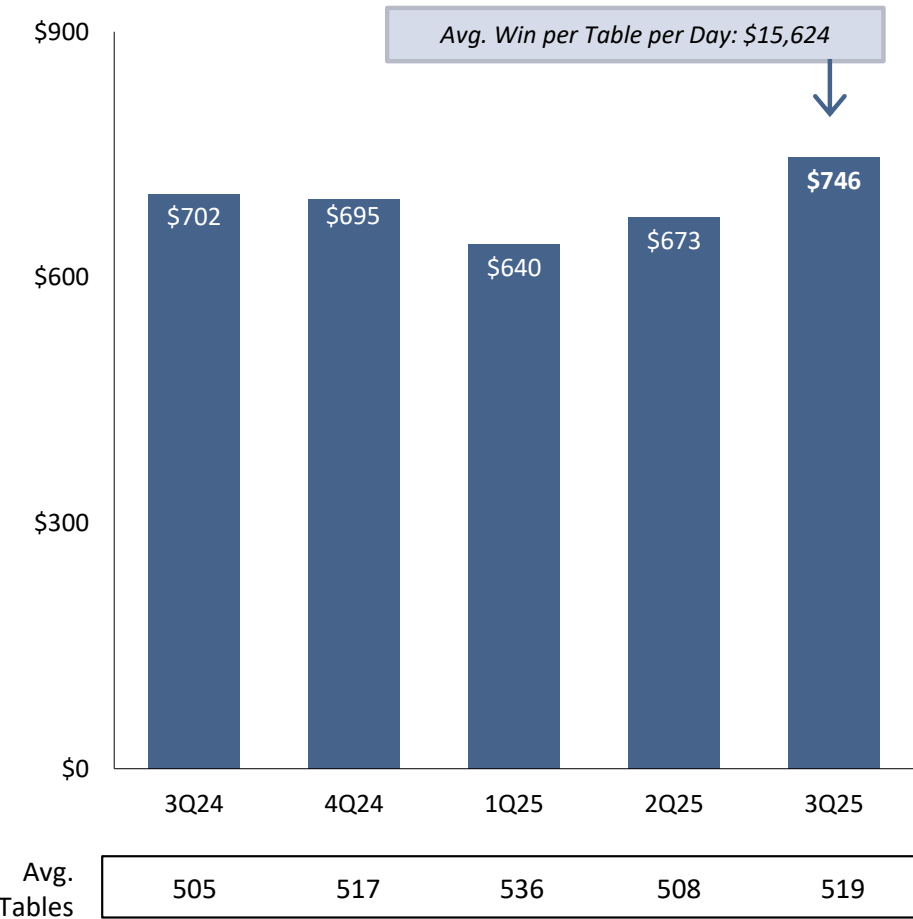
SCL Base Mass Table Win by Quarter

(\$ in US millions)



SCL Premium Mass Table Win by Quarter

(\$ in US millions)



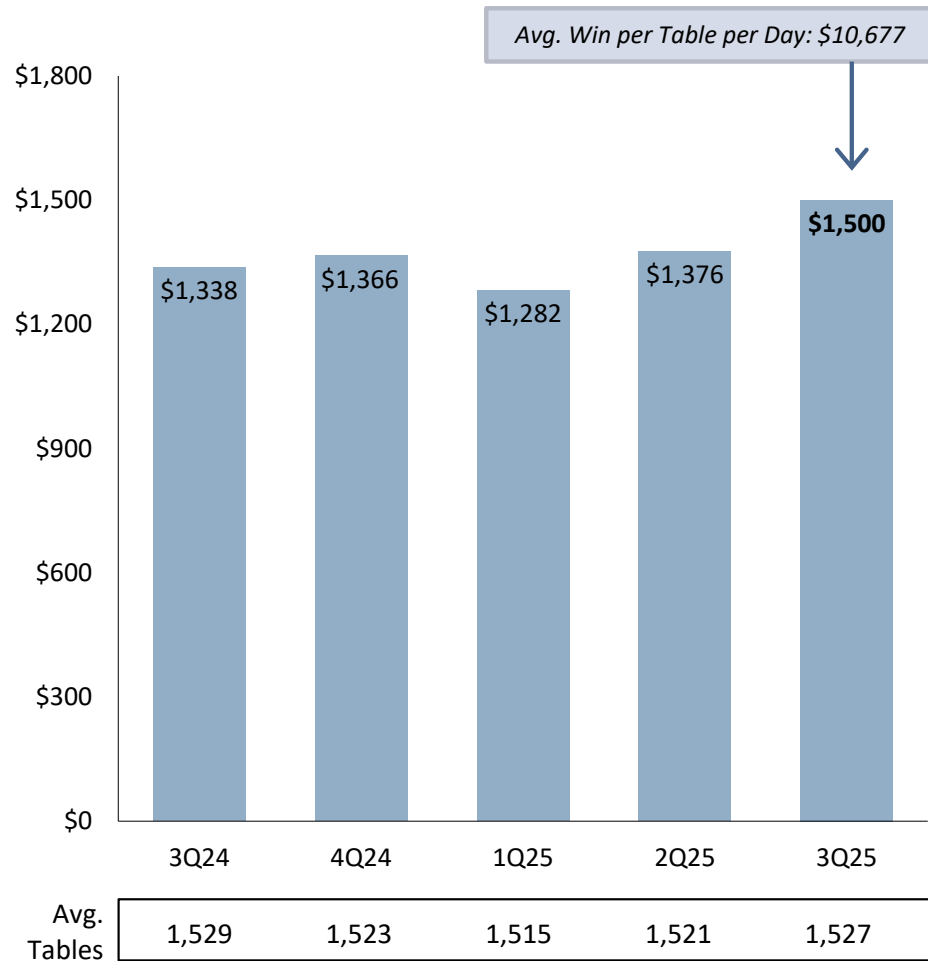
Note: Sands China's base mass and premium mass table revenues as presented above are based on the geographic position of non-rolling (mass) tables on the gaming floor. Some high-end mass play occurs in the base mass geographic area.

Sands China Mass Market Table and Slots Update

Total Mass Table Win and Slots Win

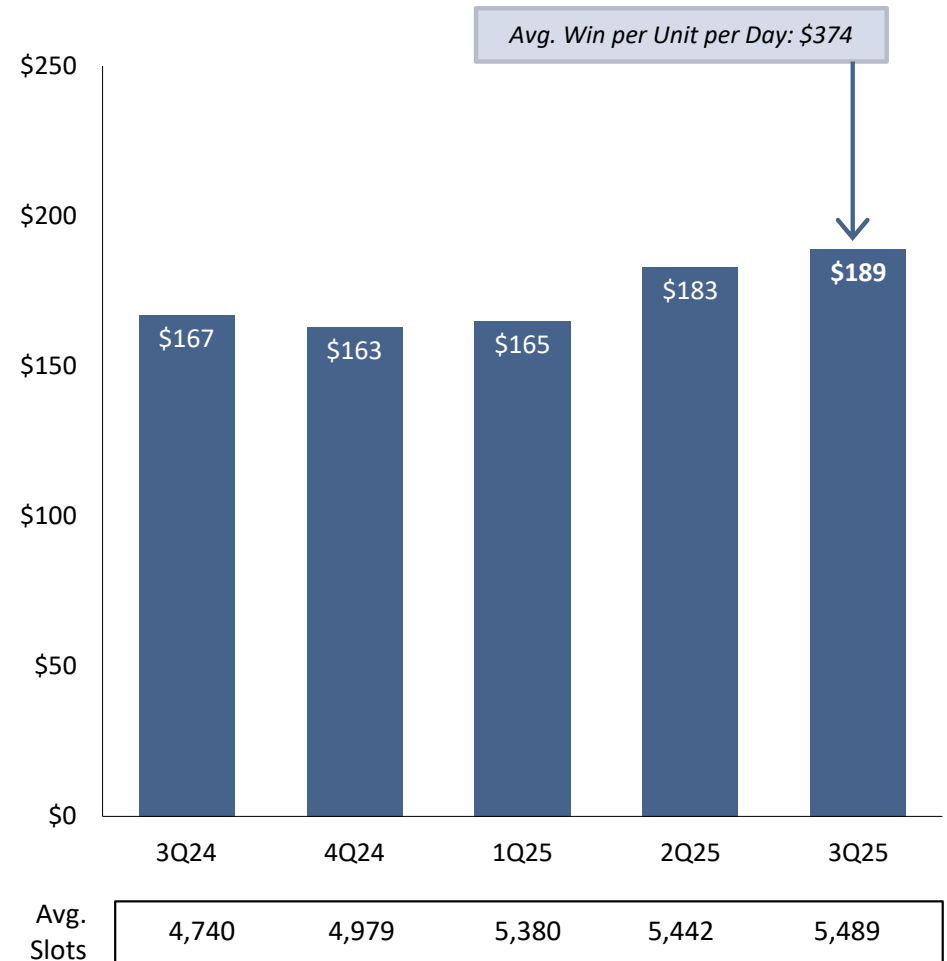
SCL Mass Table¹ Win by Quarter

(\$ in US millions)



SCL Slots² Win by Quarter

(\$ in US millions)



1. Excludes rolling play.

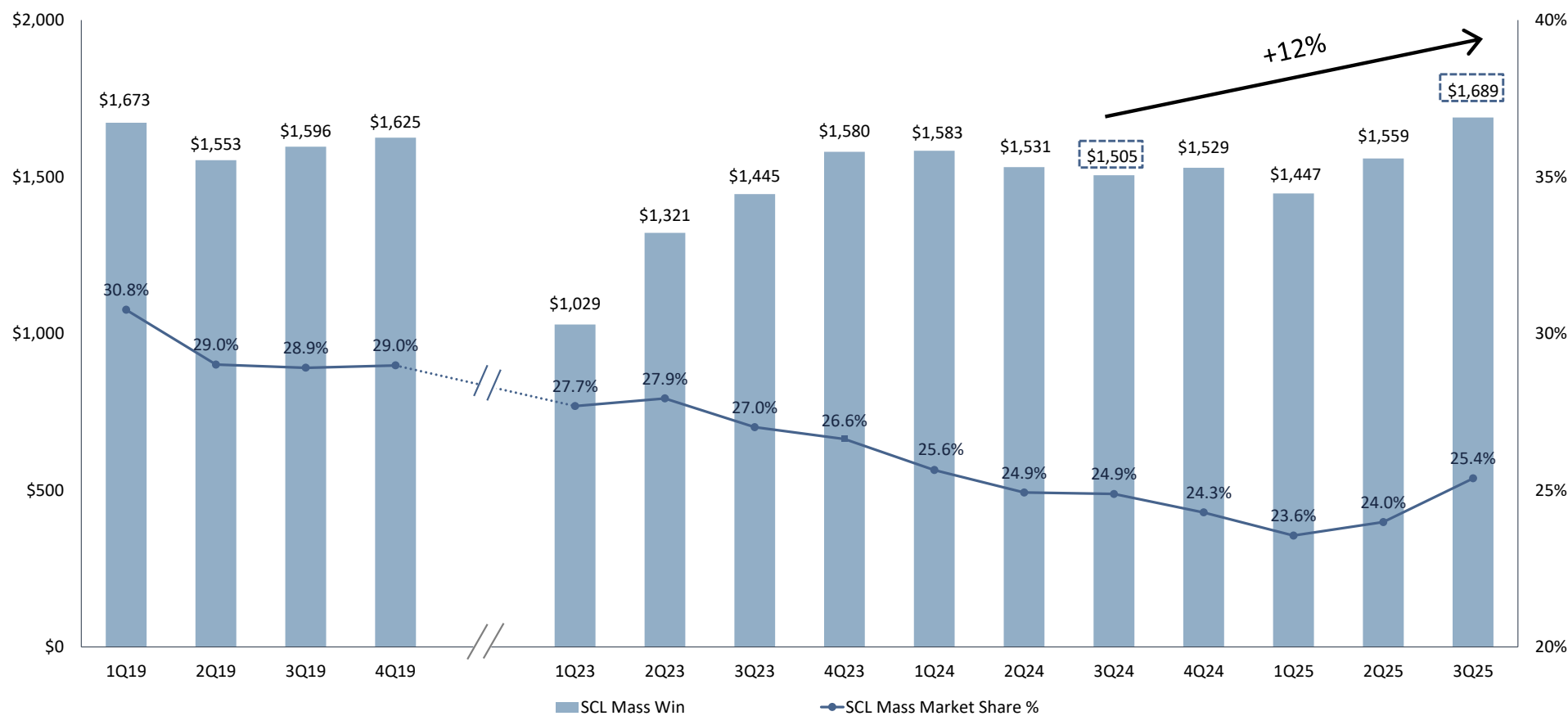
2. Includes slots and electronic table games.

Sands China Mass Market Revenue Share Update

Mass GGR Tables & Slots

SCL Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots) and Mass Market Revenue Share^{1,2}

(\$ US in millions)



Sands China mass win was ~\$1.7 billion for 3Q25, up 12% from 3Q24

1. Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 2Q25 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

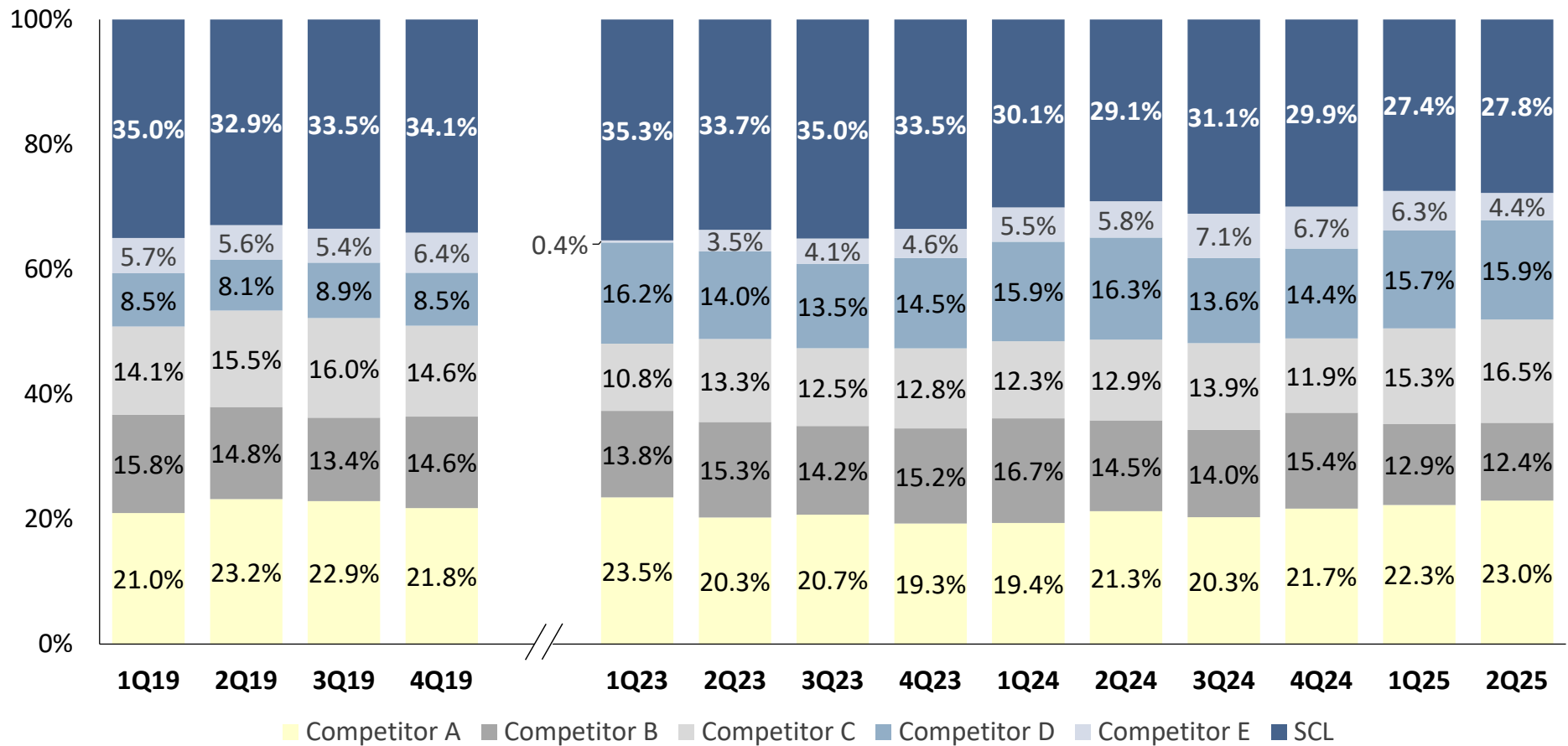
2. Market-wide mass GGR for 3Q25 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings.

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.

Macao Concessionaire Adjusted Property EBITDA Share

Sands China Has Consistently Generated the Leading Share of Macao Market EBITDA



Sands China has consistently generated the leading share of Macao market EBITDA

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

Source: Public company filings (does not include Adj. Property EBITDA from Galaxy's City Clubs business).

Macao Market: Mass Gaming

Mass GGR Tables & Slots

Macao Market Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots)^{1,2}

(\$ US in millions)



Mass win in Macao was ~\$6.7 billion for 3Q25, up 10% from 3Q24

1. Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 2Q25 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

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Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

Source: Public company filings, Macao DSEC, Macao DICJ.

Macao Visitation Overview

July and August Visitation¹ - 2025 vs 2019

(millions)

	July and August Visitation ¹			
	2019	2025	Variance	% of 2019
China, excluding Guangdong Province	2.79	2.44	(0.35)	87%
Guangdong Province	2.42	3.38	0.95	139%
Hong Kong	1.30	1.31	0.01	101%
All Other Visitation	0.64	0.55	(0.09)	86%
Total Macao Visitation	7.15	7.68	0.52	107%

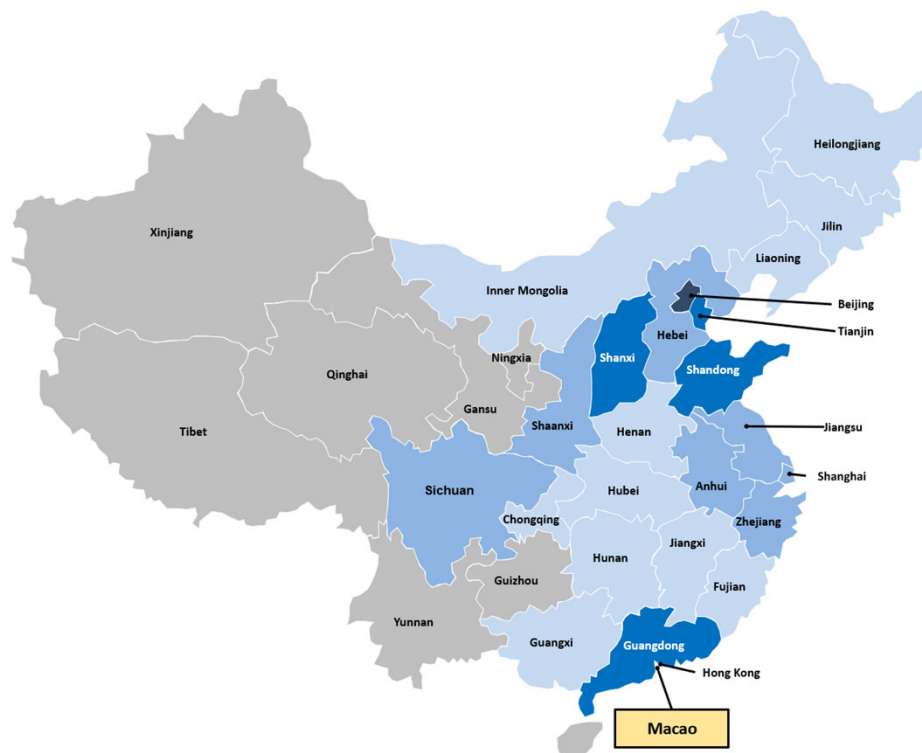
Visitation to Macao from China excluding Guangdong Province remains below 2019 levels

1. September visitation is not yet available.
Source: Macao DSEC statistical database.

Visitation from China to Macao¹

Exclusive of Guangdong Province, Visitation² Was 87% of 2019 Level

July and Aug. 2025 Visitation - % of July and Aug. 2019



% of 2019

■ < 100%
 ■ ≥ 100% - < 125%
 ■ ≥ 125% - < 150%
 ■ > 150%

 Data not available

1. Visitation figures shown exclude visitation from Hong Kong SAR.

2. September visitation is not yet available.

Note: Penetration rates assume that each visitor to Macao is a unique visitor. GDP per Capita defined as 2024 GDP divided by 2024 population (the latest provincial and national data available).

Source: Macao DSEC statistical database, National Bureau of Statistics of China.

Visitation from China to Macao^{1,2}

Province	July and August Visitation			Population (MM)	GDP Per Capita (US\$)	Penetration Rate
	2019	2025	% of 2019			
Jiangsu	150,564	177,143	118%	85	\$22,318	0.2%
Zhejiang	150,872	175,465	116%	67	\$18,767	0.3%
Guangxi	178,313	161,959	91%	50	\$7,937	0.3%
Hunan	227,928	159,080	70%	65	\$11,306	0.2%
Fujian	169,654	146,700	86%	42	\$19,132	0.3%
Shanghai	119,029	141,225	119%	25	\$30,200	0.6%
Hubei	180,833	130,826	72%	58	\$14,287	0.2%
Sichuan	94,359	110,826	117%	84	\$10,743	0.1%
Jiangxi	108,453	92,091	85%	45	\$10,551	0.2%
Beijing	58,243	91,424	157%	22	\$31,711	0.4%
Henan	91,413	73,426	80%	98	\$9,026	0.1%
Shandong	52,663	68,578	130%	101	\$13,581	0.1%
Anhui	58,318	64,275	110%	61	\$11,483	0.1%
Chongqing	53,693	53,034	99%	32	\$14,016	0.2%
Shaanxi	38,432	46,764	122%	40	\$12,486	0.1%
Hebei	40,622	43,216	106%	74	\$8,947	0.1%
Shanxi	30,513	39,664	130%	34	\$10,275	0.1%
Liaoning	39,574	37,201	94%	42	\$10,901	0.1%
Jilin	32,191	30,997	96%	23	\$8,608	0.1%
Heilongjiang	42,229	28,641	68%	30	\$7,555	0.1%
Tianjin	19,998	25,457	127%	14	\$18,353	0.2%
Other Provinces (Ex. GD)	855,114	545,220	64%	189	N/A	0.3%
<i>China Excluding Guangdong</i>						
	2,793,008	2,443,212	87%	1,280	\$13,096	0.2%
Guangdong	2,423,339	3,377,874	139%	128	\$15,392	2.6%
Total China	5,216,347	5,821,086	112%	1,408	\$13,305	0.4%

Marina Bay Sands

Marina Bay Sands

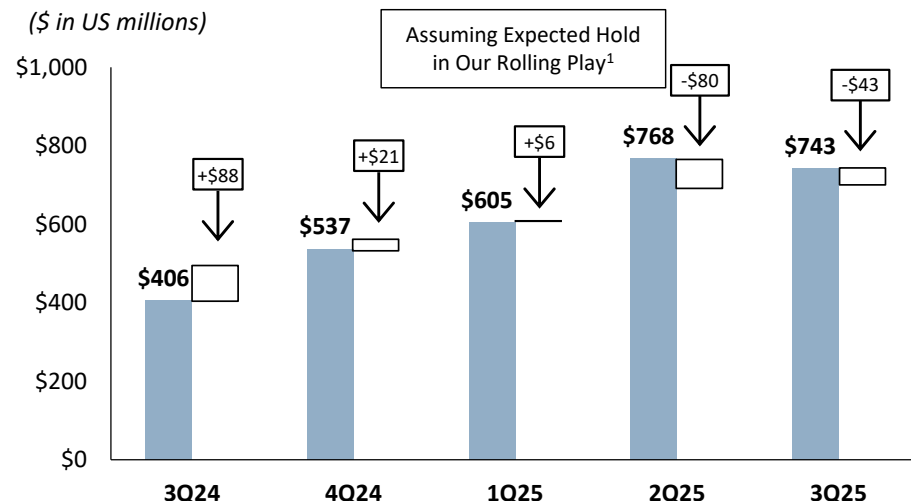
Completed Suite Renovation Program Drives Record Financial Performance

MBS Phase II suite renovation and refurbishment program completed in 2Q25

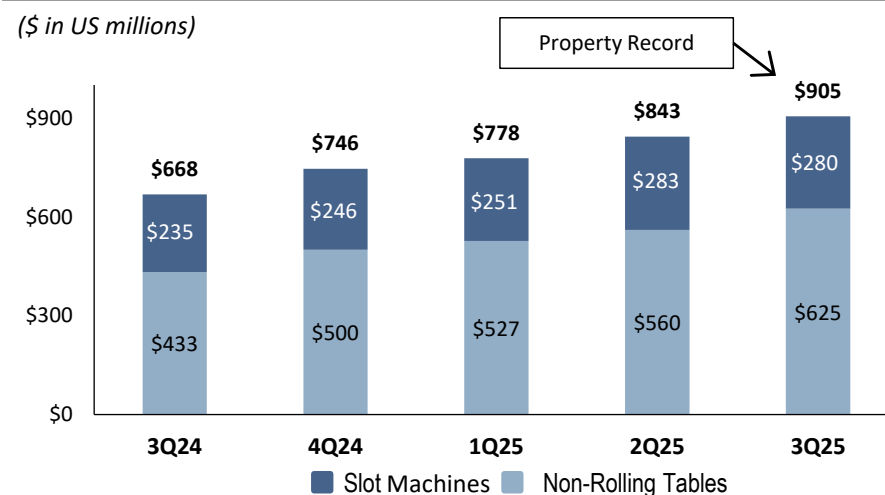
Financial results for the quarter ended September 30, 2025:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$743 million with margin of 51.7%¹
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$43 million² lower
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin would have been 50.8%^{1,2}
 - Mass revenue: property all-time record \$905 million
- Mass (Non-Rolling tables and slots):
 - Non-Rolling table win: \$625 million
 - Slot win: \$280 million
- Rolling volume was \$9.1 billion
 - Rolling win: \$439 million, hold percentage of 4.84%
- Occupancy: 95.5% with ADR: \$982

Adjusted Property EBITDA



Non-Rolling Table and Slot Win



1. Due to the tiered gaming tax structure in Singapore gaming tax rates at MBS increase from 8% to 12% on premium play when certain annual GGR thresholds are exceeded. These thresholds were met in July in 2025, versus November in 2024. The higher gaming tax rate was in place during much of the quarter ended September 30, 2025.

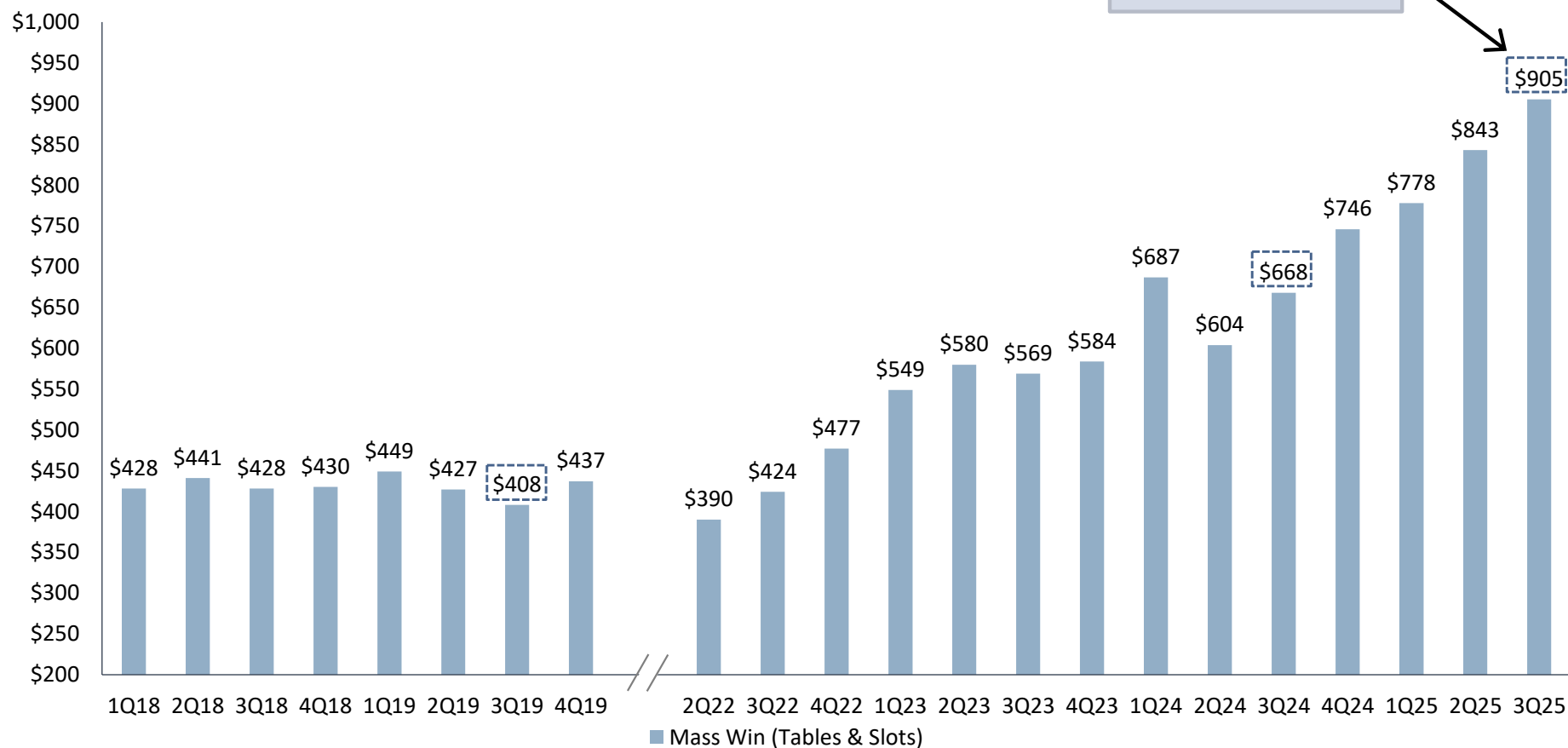
2. In 3Q24 - 3Q25 the amounts present the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.5%, 3.7%, 3.8%, 4.1% and 4.2%, respectively. These theoretical hold percentages on Rolling Chip play during each quarter were calculated utilizing smart table data. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

Marina Bay Sands

Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots)

MBS Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots)

(\$ US in millions)



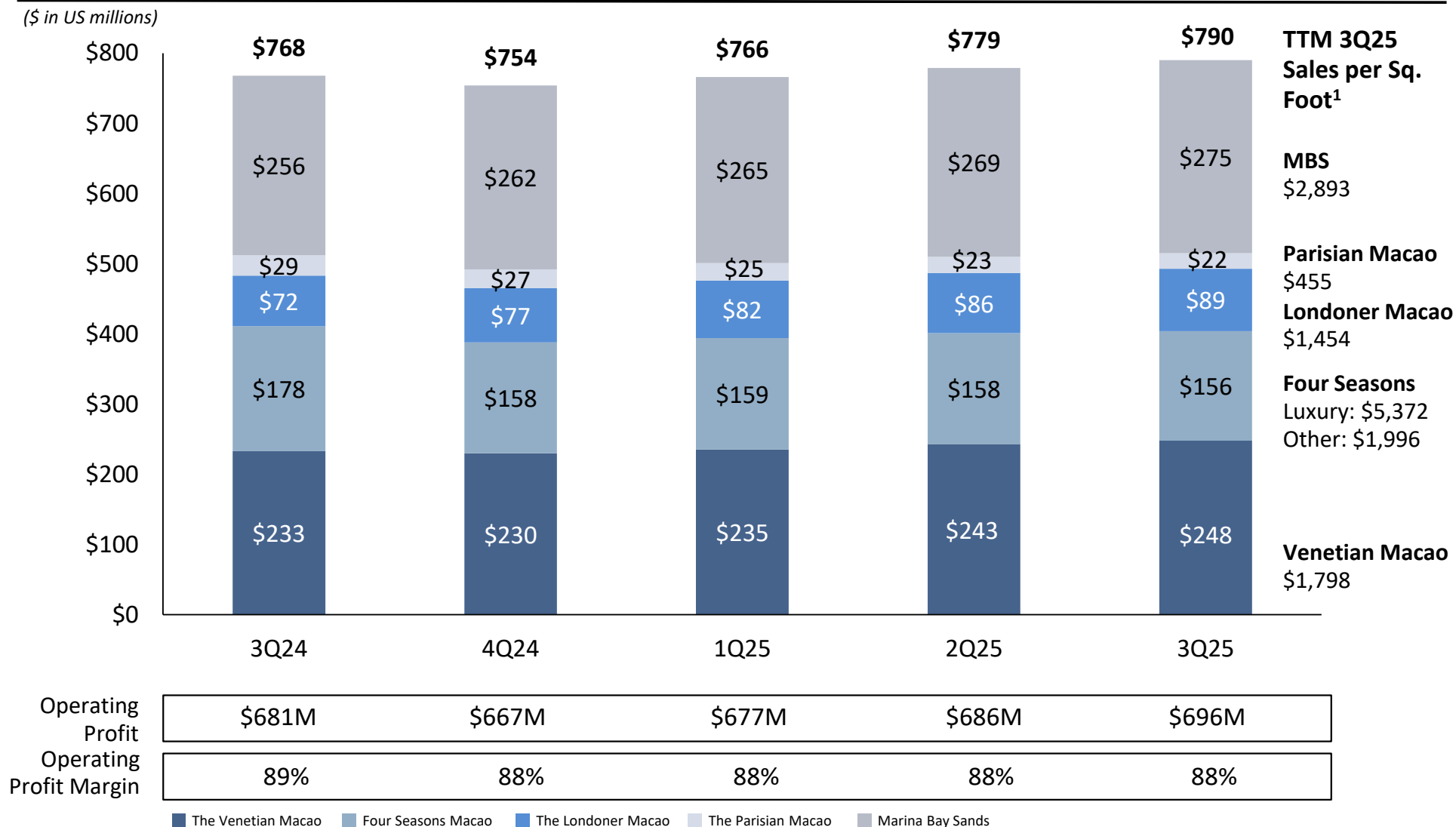
Marina Bay Sands continues to deliver strong growth in mass gaming revenue

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in Singapore in first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

Retail Mall Operations

Retail Mall Portfolio in Asia

Trailing Twelve Months Retail Mall Revenue



1. Tenant sales per square foot is the sum of reported comparable sales for the trailing 12 months divided by the comparable square footage for the same period. Only tenants that have occupied mall space for a minimum of 12 months are included in the tenant sales per square foot calculation.

Retail Mall Portfolio in Asia

Tenant Sales

(\$ per Sq. Foot, Unless Otherwise Indicated)

	3Q25		Sales per Sq. Ft. ²				
	GLA ¹ (Sq. Ft.)	Occupancy % at Period End	TTM 3Q25	TTM 2Q25	TTM 1Q25	TTM 4Q24	TTM 3Q24
The Shoppes at Marina Bay Sands	620,530	95.9%	\$2,893	\$2,837	\$2,845	\$2,878	\$2,919
Shoppes at Venetian	829,395	87.8%	\$1,798	\$1,700	\$1,588	\$1,581	\$1,615
Shoppes at Four Seasons							
Luxury Retail	163,929	100.0%	\$5,372	\$5,295	\$5,938	\$6,831	\$7,501
Other Stores ³	84,375	83.0%	\$1,996	\$2,036	\$2,108	\$2,312	\$2,429
Shoppes at Londoner ⁴	518,267	78.1%	\$1,454	\$1,510	\$1,356	\$1,457	\$1,491
Shoppes at Parisian ⁵	257,918	70.4%	\$455	\$471	\$482	\$489	\$525

1. Denotes gross leasable area.

2. Tenant sales per square foot reflect sales from tenants only after the tenant has been open for a period of 12 months.

3. In 2Q25 GLA of retail space as presented decreased by ~14,000 Sq. Ft. compared to 1Q25, as a result of space being re-allocated for non-retail use.

4. In 1Q25 GLA of retail space as presented decreased by ~49,000 Sq. Ft. compared to 4Q24, as a result of space being re-allocated for non-retail use.

5. In 1Q25 GLA of retail space as presented decreased by ~37,000 Sq. Ft. compared to 4Q24, as a result of space being re-allocated for non-retail use.

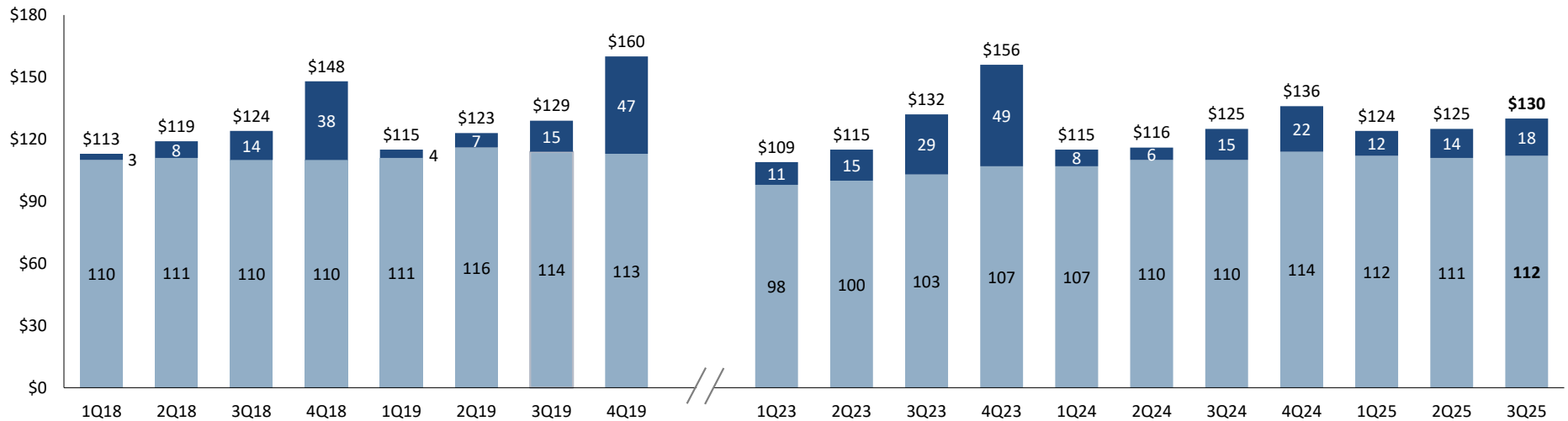
Retail Mall Revenue

Quarterly Retail Revenue Composition - 1Q18 to 4Q19 and 1Q23 to 3Q25

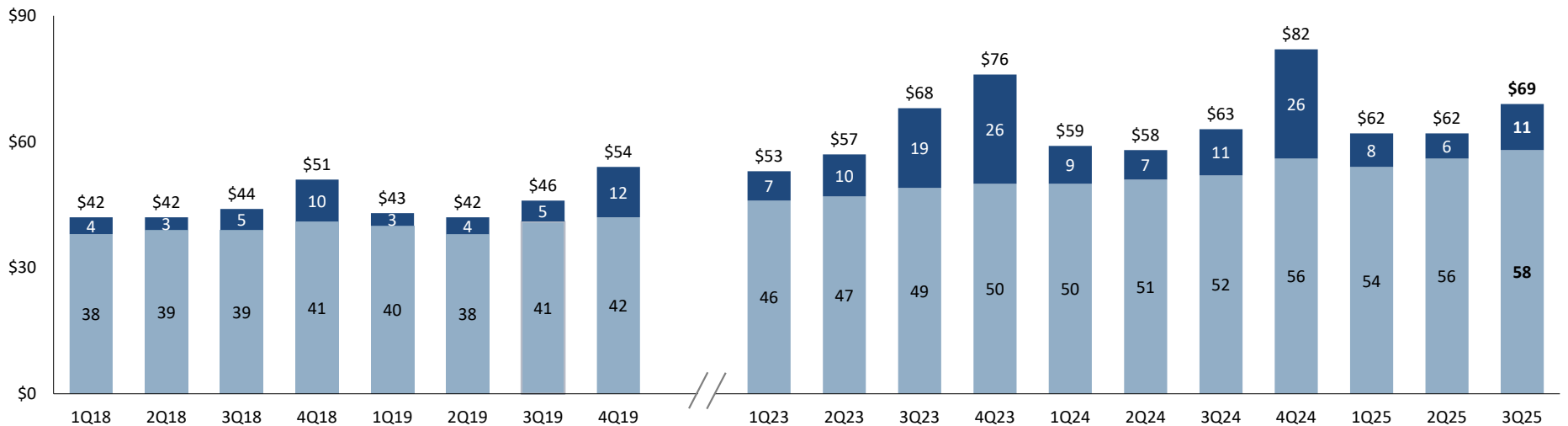
(\$ in US millions)

Base Rent, CAM, Other¹ Turnover Rent²

Sands China Mall Revenue



Marina Bay Sands Mall Revenue



1. Denotes minimum rent, common area maintenance ('CAM'), levies and direct recoveries.

2. Denotes turnover/overage rent.

Balance Sheet, Liquidity and Return of Capital to Shareholders

Strong Balance Sheet and Liquidity

As of September 30, 2025:

- Cash Balance¹ – **\$3.35 billion**
- Liquidity² – **\$7.81 billion**
- Debt – **\$15.63 billion**
- Net Debt – **\$12.28 billion**

Trailing Twelve Months Ended September 30, 2025:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA – **\$4.93 billion**
- Cash Flow from Operations⁴ – **\$2.73 billion**

(\$ in US millions)

As of September 30, 2025

	Sands China	Marina Bay Sands	LVS Corp. and Other	Total Consolidated
Cash and Cash Equivalents ¹	\$1,133	\$700	\$1,520	\$3,353
Debt ³	6,928	3,730	4,971	15,629
Net Debt (Cash) ³	5,795	3,030	3,451	12,276
Trailing Twelve Months Adjusted Property EBITDA	2,273	2,653	-	4,926
Gross Debt to TTM Adjusted Property EBITDA	3.0x	1.4x	-	3.2x
Net Debt to TTM Adjusted Property EBITDA	2.5x	1.1x	-	2.5x

1. Excludes restricted cash.

2. Denotes cash plus total revolver availability. Does not include \$4.89 billion available under a delayed draw term loan facility that may be used to finance costs related to the Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project.

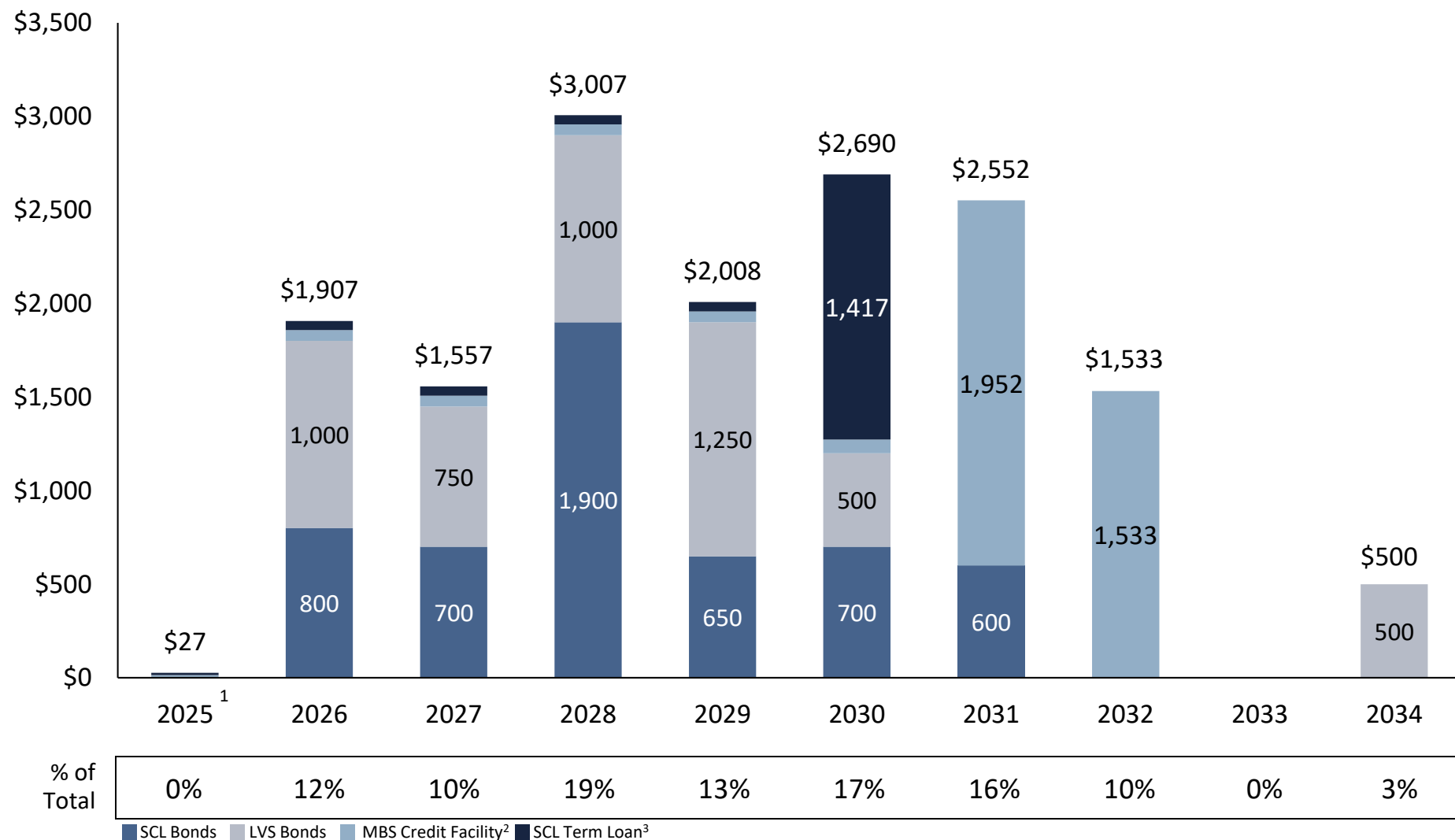
3. Debt balances shown here are net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$152 million and exclude finance leases.

4. Includes the impact of \$848 million land premium payment in 2Q25 related to the Marina Bay Sands Expansion which is recorded under US GAAP as a reduction in cash flow from operations.

Debt Maturity Profile

Debt Maturity by Year

(\$ in US millions)



1. Amount maturing October 1, 2025 through December 31, 2025.

2. MBS combined Term Loan Facility and Delay Draw Term Loan Facility amortization at quarter-end SGD exchange rate and balances: 4Q25: \$15 million, 2026 through 2029: \$58 million per annum, 2030: \$72 million, 2031: \$1,952 million, 2032: \$1,533 million.

3. SCL Term Loan Facility amortization at quarter-end HKD exchange rate and balance: 4Q25: \$12 million, 2026 through 2029: \$49 million per annum, 2030: \$1,417 million.

LVS Return of Capital

2012 - 2020

Total Capital Returned to LVS Shareholders 2012 - 2020

(\$ in US millions)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 ³	Total 2012 - 2020	
										\$	%
LVS Share Repurchases	-	\$570	\$1,665	\$205	-	\$375	\$905	\$754	-	\$4,474	20.0%
LVS Dividends Paid ^{1,2}	824	1,153	1,610	2,074	2,290	2,310	2,352	2,367	603	15,583	69.8%
LVS Special Dividend Paid ¹	2,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,262	10.1%
Total Dividends	3,085	1,153	1,610	2,074	2,290	2,310	2,352	2,367	603	17,845	80.0%
Total	\$3,085	\$1,723	\$3,275	\$2,279	\$2,290	\$2,685	\$3,257	\$3,121	\$603	\$22,319	100.0%

Composition of return of capital in the period from 2012 to 2020 was 80% dividends and 20% repurchases

1. Excludes dividends paid by Sands China.

2. Excludes the \$2.75 per share special dividend paid in December 2012.

3. The Company suspended its return of capital program at the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic and reinstated the program in the second half of 2023.

LVS Return of Capital (cont'd)

Return of Capital 2023 – 2025 Predominantly Share Repurchases

Repurchases Comprise
~74% of Capital Return

Total Capital Returned to LVS Shareholders 3Q23 – 3Q25

(Share amounts and \$US in millions)

	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	Total 3Q24 - 3Q25	
										\$	%
LVS Share Repurchases ¹	-	\$505	\$450	\$400	\$450	\$450	\$450	\$800	\$500	\$4,005	73.8%
LVS Dividends Paid ²	153	152	151	148	147	145	179	175	171	1,421	26.2%
Total Return of Capital	\$153	\$657	\$601	\$548	\$597	\$595	\$629	\$975	\$671	\$5,426	100.0%

	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	Total at 3Q25	
										Shares	% S/O ⁴
LVS Shares Repurchased	-	11.12	8.58	8.74	11.43	8.81	10.09	20.21	9.19	88.16	11.5%
LVS Shares Outstanding ³	764.5	753.4	745.0	736.4	725.0	716.3	706.6	686.5	677.3		

Capital Return Update for 3Q25

- \$500 million of LVS stock repurchased in 3Q25
 - 9.19 million LVS shares at a weighted average price of \$54.39
- \$171 million of dividends paid by LVS (\$0.25 per share)

LVS has repurchased 11.5% of shares outstanding over last 8 quarters

1. LVS share repurchases were suspended at the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic and were reinstated in 4Q23.
 2. A quarterly dividend of \$0.20 per share was initiated in 3Q23, in 1Q25 the dividend was increased to \$0.25 per share.
 3. Reflects basic shares outstanding at quarter end.
 4. Reflects LVS shares repurchased as a percentage of shares outstanding as of September 30, 2023.

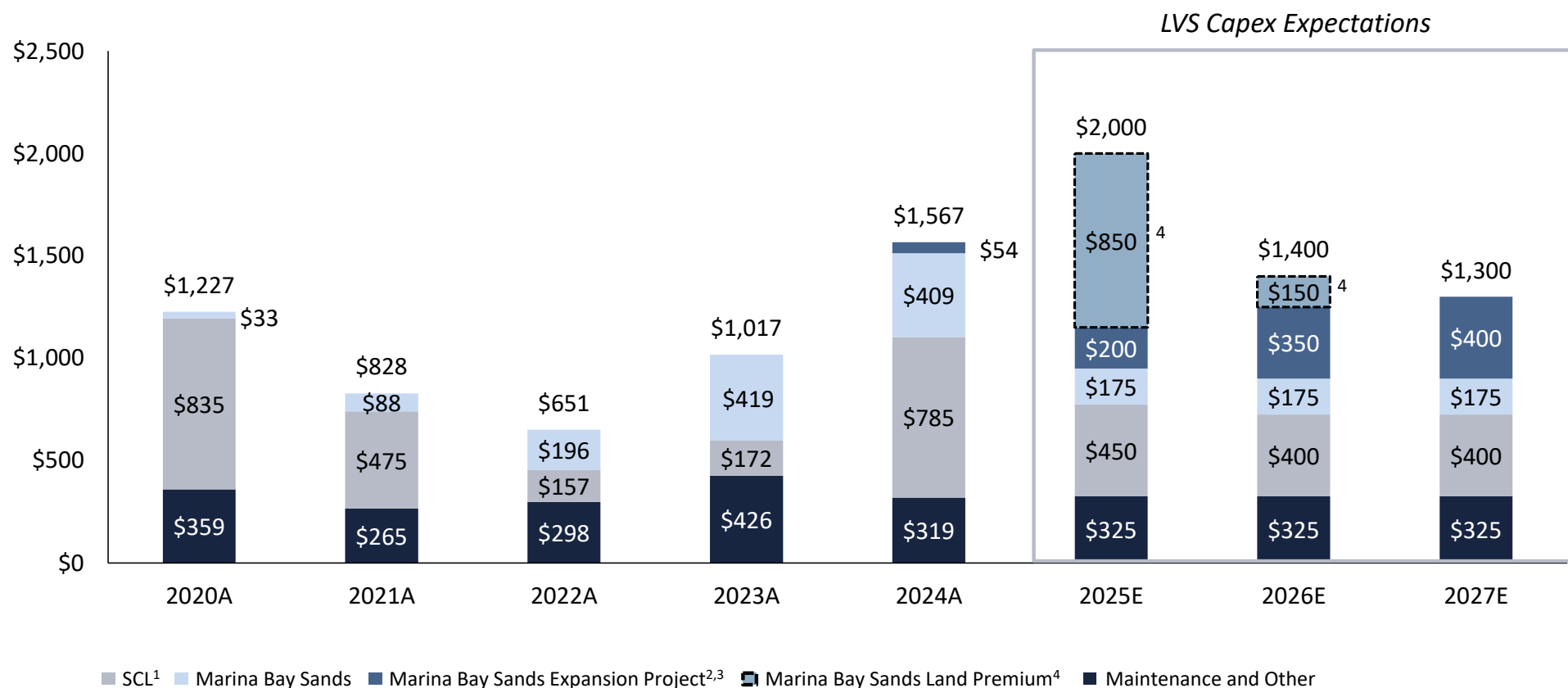
Investment and Capital Expenditures

Capital Expenditures Expectations

Investments to enhance our industry-leading portfolio of Integrated Resorts in Macao and Singapore

- Investment in high quality assets drives revenue growth
- Scale and quality of assets create competitive advantage

(\$ US in millions)



1. Includes SCL capital expenditure commitment related to new concession, through 2032 (~\$2.7 billion), and additional capex commitments (~\$0.7 billion) at a Macao market GGR of ~\$22.5 billion.

2. Total capital expenditures presented for the MBS Expansion Project in Singapore exclude financing fees, interest costs, and pre-opening expenses.

3. While the Company is contractually obligated to complete the MBS Expansion Project by July 2029, the current estimate is that construction will be complete in June 2030 with an anticipated opening date in January 2031. Any extension of the completion date beyond July 2029 is subject to the approval of the Singapore government.

4. Includes payment of \$1.0 billion of additional land premium, \$848 million of which the Company paid in April 2025, with the remainder to be paid in late 2025 or early 2026.

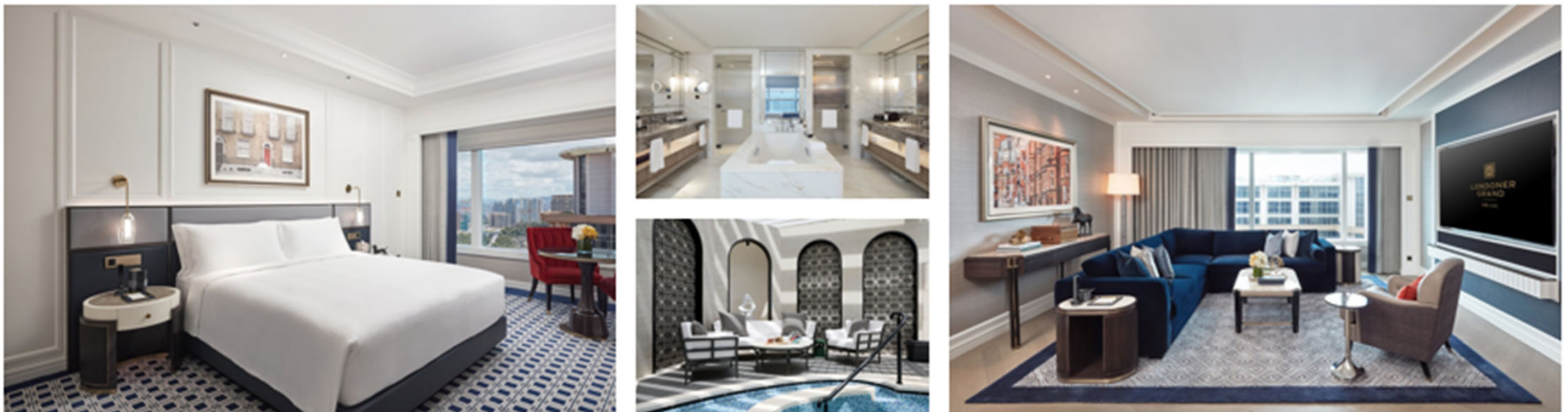
Sands China: Recent Capital Investment

Investments in Increased Capacity and Elevated Customer Experience

Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao



The Londoner Grand



The Londoner Macao Was Completed in 2Q25



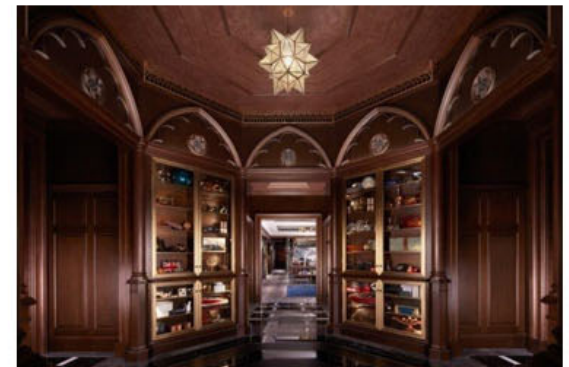
■ Phase I

- Londoner Court (luxury residential style 368-suite hotel ~ one million SF of new suites)
- The Londoner Hotel (594 suites)
- Crystal Palace Atrium
- New dining, entertainment, gaming and London-themed attractions
- Suites by David Beckham
- Shakespeare's Hall Atrium in south towers
- Big Ben and Houses of Parliament external façade
- Re-themed Shoppes at Londoner
- The Londoner Arena



■ Phase II

- Creation of the Londoner Grand featuring 1,500 suites and 905 rooms
- Renovation of the Pacifica casino
- Creation of new dining, retail and entertainment offerings
- Introduction of new health and wellness experiences



The Londoner Macao has significantly elevated our market-leading Macao property portfolio, enhancing our product offerings and the customer experience

Long-Term Commitment to Macao

Capital Investment Commitment in Macao Through 2032

In conjunction with the award of our concession to operate in Macao through 2032, Sands committed to spend at least \$4.5 billion of investment in Macao through 2032, 93% of which will be for non-gaming projects

	Investment Amount (\$ in US billions)
▪ Capital Expenditure Commitment	\$3.4
– Renovation and Refurbishment Program	
– MICE Expansion - Podium Development Adjacent to Venetian Expo	
– Themed Attractions Including a new garden-themed attraction in the current Le Jardin Tropical Garden adjacent to The Londoner	
– Investment in upgrades in MICE and Entertainment facilities	
– Investment in new F&B and Health & Wellness amenities	
▪ Operating Expenditure Commitment	\$1.1
– Increasing International Visitation including MICE	
– Sporting Events	
– Entertainment, Arts & Culture	
– Community Tourism	
▪ Total Capital and Operating Expenditure Commitment Through 2032	\$4.5

Capital and operating investment commitment of ~\$4.5 billion over the 10-year concession period

Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.

Marina Bay Sands: Suite Renovation and Refurbishment Program Now Completed

Elevation of hotel towers, premium gaming areas, public spaces, lifestyle experiences

- **Renovation and Refurbishment Program** to elevate and enhance room and suite product and conduct refurbishments to increase Singapore's business and leisure tourism appeal and target our service offerings to the region's most valuable and discerning visitors seeking immersive travel experiences
- The resort now features:
 - 1,844 keys including 775 suites
 - The Paiza collection with dedicated arrival and departure experiences
 - Enhancements to premium gaming areas including Tower gaming
 - Enhancements to dining, entertainment and retail offerings

▪ MBS Renovation Phase I

- Hotel Towers 1 and 2 – introduction of redesigned rooms and suites and VIP arrival
- Premium Gaming
- Tower Gaming
- Paiza Sky Residence
- Premium Retail and F&B Offerings

▪ MBS Renovation Phase II

- Hotel Tower 3 – introduction of redesigned rooms and suites
- VIP arrival renovation
- Additional lobby, Skypark, dining and F&B, spa and wellness amenities to be introduced throughout 2025 and 2026

Investing in the future of high-value tourism in Singapore

Marina Bay Sands Recent Capital Investment

Suite Renovation and Refurbishment Program Completed in 2Q25



Marina Bay Sands Recent Capital Investment (cont'd)

Introduction of New Suites and Amenities



Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project Development Update

Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

New Offerings and Amenities to Enhance Tourism Appeal of Singapore

- **Iconic Design:** A new property designed by Moshe Safdie, the architect of the original Marina Bay Sands, that will redefine the Singapore skyline
- **The Skyloop:** Multi-story signature rooftop experience with infinity pools, destination F&B and nightlife, and public attractions
- **All-Suite Ultra Luxury Hotel:** 570 luxury suites featuring the highest level of design
- **Arena:** A 15,000-seat arena designed to be the leading live entertainment venue in Asia featuring unique premium hospitality experiences
- **Premium MICE Facilities:** ~110,000 net sq. ft. including a grand ballroom and premium meeting amenities
- **Entertainment** including signature dining experiences, luxury retail boutiques, podium and sky gaming, as well as additional lifestyle and wellness amenities



The Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project will complement and enhance the existing resort by introducing a new luxurious and exclusive hotel experience, a 15,000-seat arena, additional MICE capacity and entertainment offerings including premium gaming areas

MBS Expansion Project Development Cost Estimate Summary

(\$ in US billions)

Original Land Premium (paid 2019)	\$1.0	
Additional Land Premium ¹	1.0	
Total Land Premiums	\$2.0	25%
<u>Additional Development Costs:</u>		
Hard Construction Costs	\$3.5	
Soft Construction Costs and Other ²	1.2	
Design, Construction and Other Costs	\$4.7	59%
Pre-opening Expense	0.3	
Financing Fees and Interest	1.0	
Pre-Opening and Finance Costs	\$1.3	16%
Total Development Cost³	\$8.0	100%

Note: Land Premium for 47-Year Leasehold

Investing in the growth of Singapore's high-value leisure and business tourism market

1. Denotes \$1.0 billion of additional land premium, \$848 million of which the Company paid in April 2025, with the remainder to be paid in late 2025 or early 2026.

2. Soft construction costs and other includes design and development.

3. Development cost is estimated and subject to substantial revision based on project schedule and other factors.

Estimated Development Timeline

Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

Estimated Date	Key Milestone	Status
October 2024	▪ Submission of development application to the Urban Redevelopment Authority	Complete
May 2025	▪ Commencement of piling and foundation work	Complete
May 2025 - 2030 ¹	▪ Estimated 55 to 60 month construction period	
January 1, 2031 ¹	▪ Estimated opening date; subject to government approval	

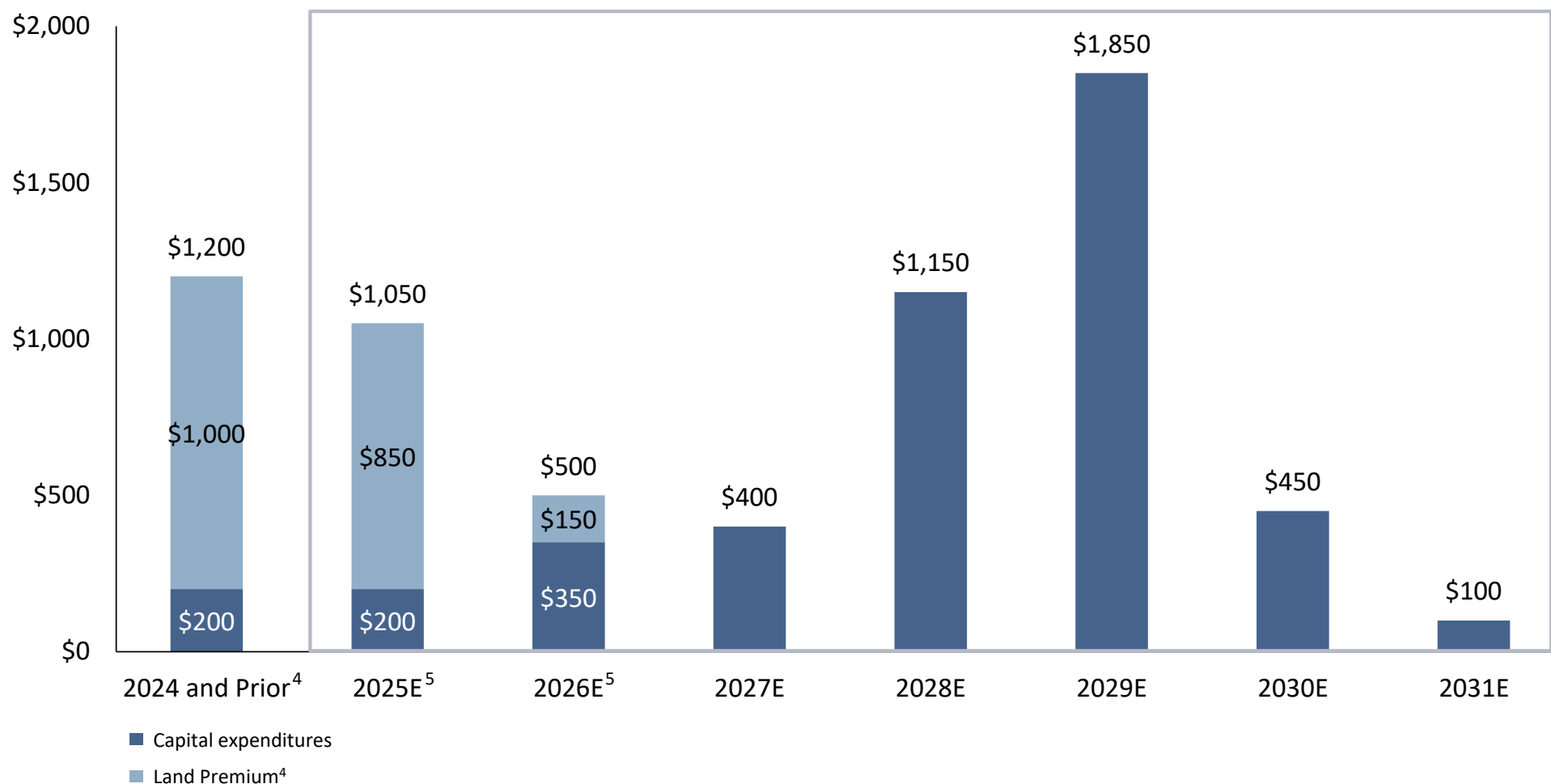
1. While the Company is contractually obligated to complete the MBS Expansion Project by July 2029, the current estimate is that construction will be complete in June 2030 with an anticipated opening date in January 2031. Any extension of the completion date beyond July 2029 is subject to the approval of the Singapore government.

Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

Development Capital Expenditure Expectations^{1,2,3}

(\$ US in millions)

MBS Expansion Project Capital Expenditure Expectations



1. While the Company is contractually obligated to complete the MBS Expansion Project by July 2029, the current estimate is that construction will be complete in June 2030 with an anticipated opening date in January 2031. Any extension of the completion date beyond July 2029 is subject to the approval of the Singapore government.

2. Total expenditures presented exclude financing fees and interest costs of ~\$1.0 billion and pre-opening expenses of \$300 million.

3. Development cost is estimated and subject to substantial revision based on project schedule and other factors.

4. Includes ~\$1.0 billion of land premium paid in 2019.

5. Includes payment of \$1.0 billion of additional land premium, \$848 million of which the Company paid in April 2025, with the remainder to be paid in late 2025 or early 2026.

Marina Bay Sands

Contributing to Singapore's Economic Growth and Enhancing Singapore's Tourism Appeal

Marina Bay Sands Original Integrated Resort

- Contributed meaningfully to economic growth and to Singapore's appeal as an exciting global city
 - Delivered iconic architecture to Singapore's CBD area
 - MBS is central to the MICE business in Singapore creating thousands of jobs for Singaporeans (MBS employed >10,000 FTEs in each of the last four years)
 - Created procurement and sourcing opportunities for Singapore-based small and medium enterprises (SMEs)
-

Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

- Further enhance MBS' status as an iconic architectural landmark
- Provide suite product and customer experiences that are designed to be the finest and most exclusive in the world
- Introduce a 'state-of-the-art' arena designed for live musical performances that can attract the highest-caliber global entertainment events and artists to Singapore
- Extend the success of Singapore as a MICE destination
- Ensure MBS is positioned to grow its economic, employment, SME support and tourism destination contributions to Singapore in the decades ahead

Disciplined Execution of Our Global Growth Strategy

Focused on the Most Promising Global Development Opportunities

- Uniquely positioned to bring our unmatched track record and powerful convention-based business model to the world's most promising Integrated Resort development opportunities
- Balance sheet strength designed to support future large-scale development projects
- Development opportunity objectives:
 - Target minimum of 20% return on total invested capital
 - 25% - 35% of total project costs to be funded with equity (project financing to fund 65% - 75% of total project costs)

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

Industry Leading ESG Platform

- LVS is committed to providing leadership in ESG through collaboration with Team Members, guests, SMEs and community organizations where we operate
- Minimizing our environmental impact, practicing good governance, operating with integrity and being an employer of choice are fundamental to the way we conduct our business
- Our industry-leading ESG program is structured around three pillars:
 - People
 - Communities
 - Planet
- Our governance structure supports our commitment to operating our business ethically and with accountability
- Our 2024 ESG Report is available at www.sands.com
- LVS' ESG Report includes data disclosure in formats that conform with the reporting requirements of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI), Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB), IFRS S2 Climate-related disclosures and Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)

LVS has a long-term commitment to its ESG platform; our ESG Report provides details on the key components of our program and our performance

Sustainability Awards and Certifications

Recognized by Independent Third Parties as a Global Leader in Sustainability

Member of
**Dow Jones
Sustainability Indices**
Powered by the S&P Global CSA



Highlights:

- In 2024, Sands was named to the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) on DJSI World for the fifth consecutive year and DJSI North America for the seventh consecutive year
- Sands continued disclosure to CDP, the gold standard of environmental reporting, earning A- for CDP Climate Change in 2024
- In 2024, Sands was awarded Prime status by ISS for Corporate ESG Performance
- Sands was included in the FTSE4Good Index Series, which recognizes companies demonstrating strong ESG practices and performance
- Sands was included in Newsweek's America's Most Responsible Companies 2025 for the fourth consecutive year, and also recognized by Newsweek as one of the World's Greenest Companies 2025 and America's Greatest Workplaces for Parents and Families 2025
- Sands was recognized as one of TIME's World's Most Sustainable Companies 2025, and included in Forbes 2025 Net Zero Leaders List

Sustainability Awards and Certifications (cont'd)

Recognized by Independent Third Parties as a Global Leader in Sustainability

Las Vegas Sands

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, North America

(2015, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, World

(2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

CDP Climate A List

(2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

CDP Water A List

(2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

FTSE4Good

(2019, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Fortune's Most Admired Companies

(2015, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2024)

Newsweek's Most Responsible Companies

(2022, 2023, 2024, 2025)

Newsweek's World's Greenest Companies

(2025)

Newsweek's America's Greatest Workplaces for Parents and Families

(2025)

TIME's World's Most Sustainable Companies

(2025)

LEED Gold for Building Design and Construction

Corporate Headquarters (since 2023)

Forbes Net Zero Leaders List

(2025)

Singapore

LEED Platinum for Building Operations and Maintenance

Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2019, recertified 2025)

LEED Platinum for Building Operations and Maintenance

ArtScience Museum at Marina Bay Sands (since 2024, Gold since 2018)

Singapore BCA Green Mark Platinum

Marina Bay Sands (since 2015)

Global Sustainable Tourism Council Industry Criteria

Marina Bay Sands (2023)

Singapore MICE Sustainability Certification

Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2024)

EIC Sustainable Events Platinum

Sands Expo and Convention Center (2022, Gold since 2020)

Enabling Mark Platinum

Marina Bay Sands (since 2021)

Health Venue Gold

Marina Bay Sands (2022)

ISO 20121 Event Sustainability Management

Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2014)

ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management

ISO 27001 Global Cyber Security Operation and Vulnerability Management

Macao

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, Asia Pacific

(2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, World

(2022, 2023, 2024)

FTSE4Good

(2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

LEED Silver for Building Design and Construction

The Parisian Macao (2019)

Macao Green Hotel Gold

The Venetian Macao (2023), The Parisian Macao (2023), Four Seasons Macao (2023), The Londoner Macao Hotel (2022), Sands Macao (2024), Conrad Macao (2022), The St. Regis Macao (2022), Sheraton Grand Macao (2022)

ISO 20121 Event Sustainability Management

The Venetian Macao, The Parisian Macao (since 2014)

ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management

ISO 27001 Global Cyber Security Operation and Vulnerability Management

Hong Kong Business Sustainability Index

(2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Greater Bay Area Business Sustainability Index

(2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Greater China Business Sustainability Index

(2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Greater China Hotel Business Sustainability Index

(2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2025)

Global (Asia-Pacific) Business Sustainability Index

(2022, 2023, 2024)

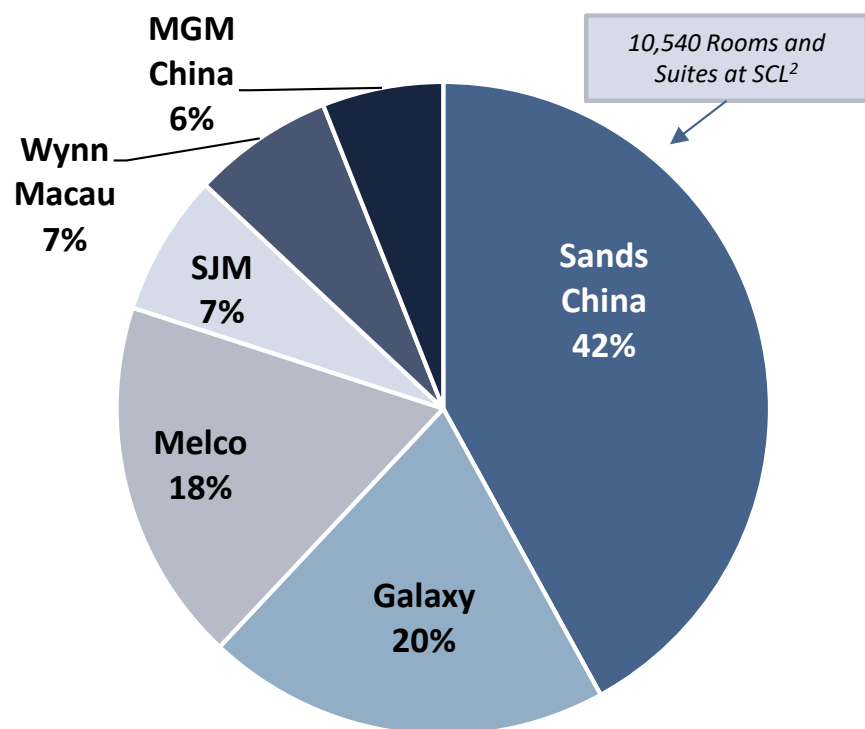
Appendices

Market Leading Hotel Capacity

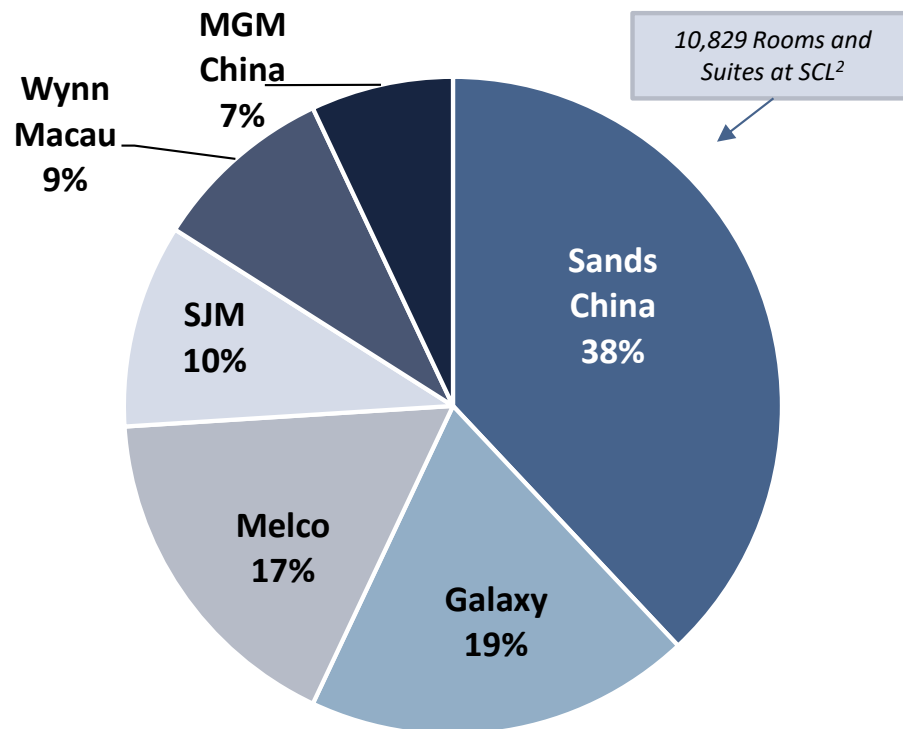
Sands China is the Leader in Macao Hotel Room and Suite Inventory

Macao Market 4/5 Star Hotel Rooms at September 30, 2025^{1,2} – Gaming Operators

Cotai ~ 25,000 Rooms by Gaming Operators



Total Macao ~ 29,000 Rooms by Gaming Operators



With a market-leading ~US\$17 billion of investment, Sands China's hotel inventory represents ~38% of concessionaire hotel rooms and ~42% of concessionaire hotel rooms on Cotai

1. See slide 57 titled 'Market-Leading Hotel Capacity at Sands China' for further detail.

2. Sands China figures reflect Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

Source: Public company filings, Macao DSEC, Macao Government Tourism Office.

Sands China

Market Leading Investment in Macao

Investment

- ~\$17 billion
- ~30 million SF of interconnected facilities on Cotai

Hotel Inventory

- ~10,800 rooms including 3,730 suites¹
- ~42% of hotel inventory on Cotai

Retail

- ~1.85 million square feet of gross leasable retail

Entertainment

- The Macao leader in entertainment – more seats, shows and venues than any other operator
- The Venetian Arena is an important entertainment venue in Macao, featuring 14,000 seats and premium VIP amenities

MICE

- The Macao leader in convention and group meetings
- ~70% of all MICE square footage in Macao is owned and operated by Sands China

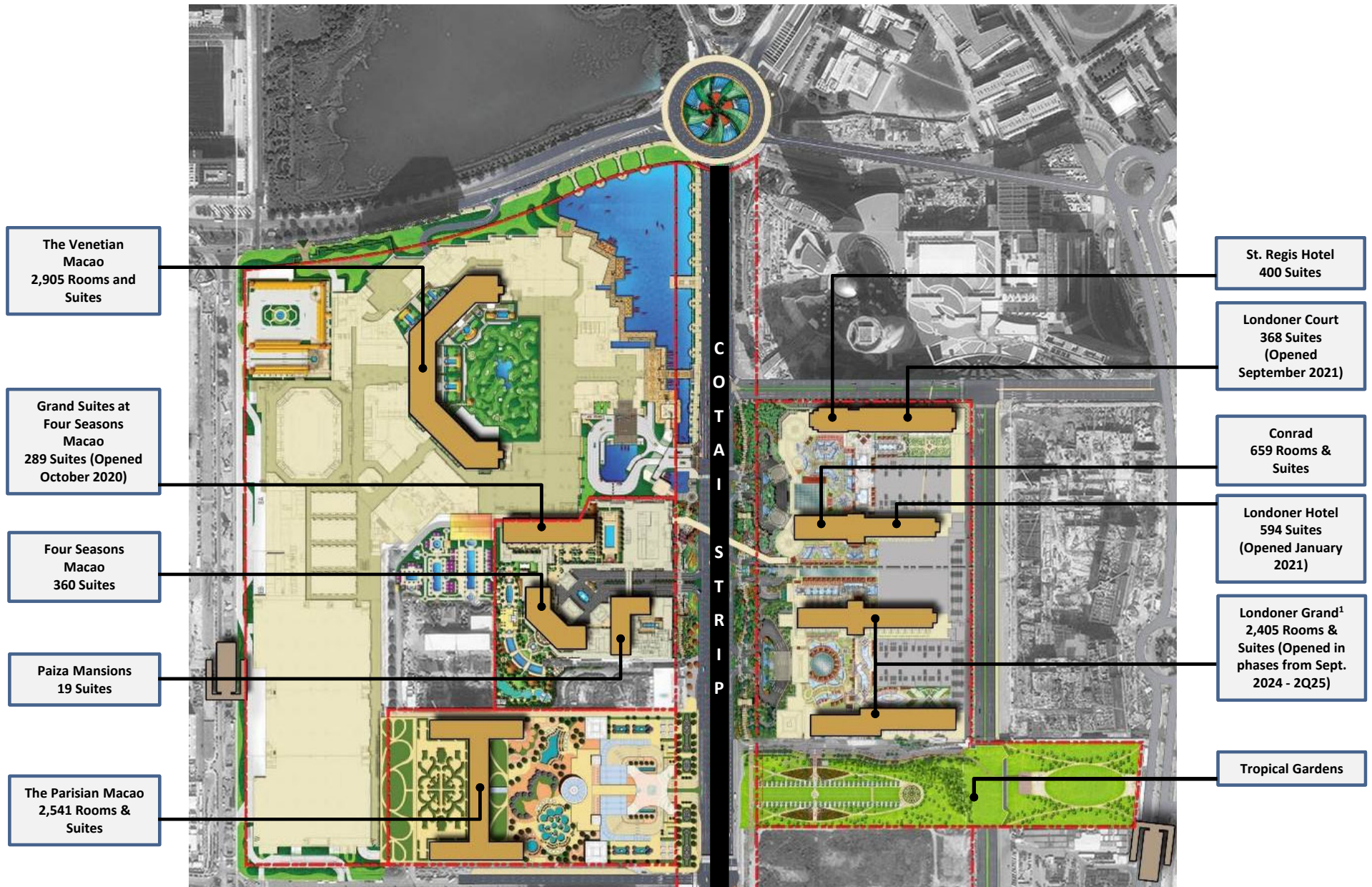
Expansion and Reinvestment

- 289 suites in the Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao opened October 2020 (~1 million SF of suite product)
- 368 suites in Londoner Court opened September 2021 (~1 million SF of suite product)
- The Londoner Macao introduced a third European-themed iconic destination resort on Cotai with additional MICE, retail, entertainment and luxurious suite offerings throughout 2021 and 2022
- The Londoner Macao Phase II commenced in 3Q24 and was completed in 2Q25; the Londoner Grand includes the introduction of the Londoner Grand Casino and features 1,500 new suites and 905 refreshed rooms, new retail, dining, entertainment and health and wellness experiences

1. Reflects Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

Sands China

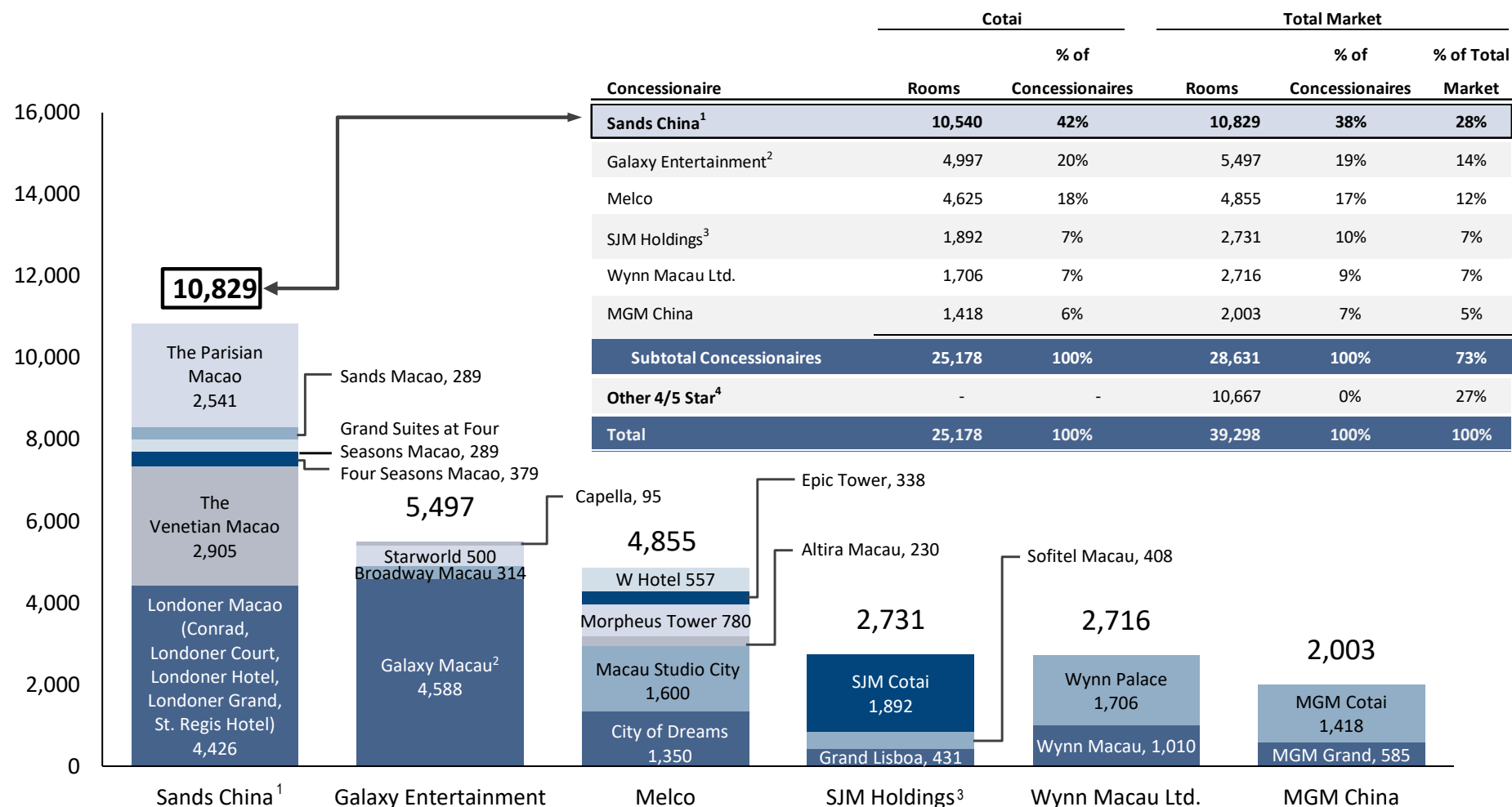
Market-Leading Cotai Strip Property Portfolio



1. Reflects Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

Market Leading Hotel Capacity at Sands China

Macao Market 4/5 Star Hotel Rooms at September 30, 2025



With a market-leading ~US\$17 billion of investment, Sands China's hotel inventory represents ~42% of hotel rooms on Cotai

1. Reflects Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

2. Reflects the opening of Galaxy Phase I and Phase II, specifically Galaxy, Banyan Tree, Hotel Okura, JW Marriott, Ritz-Carlton, Raffles and Andaz rooms and suites.

3. Reflects only SJM Holdings owned hotels.

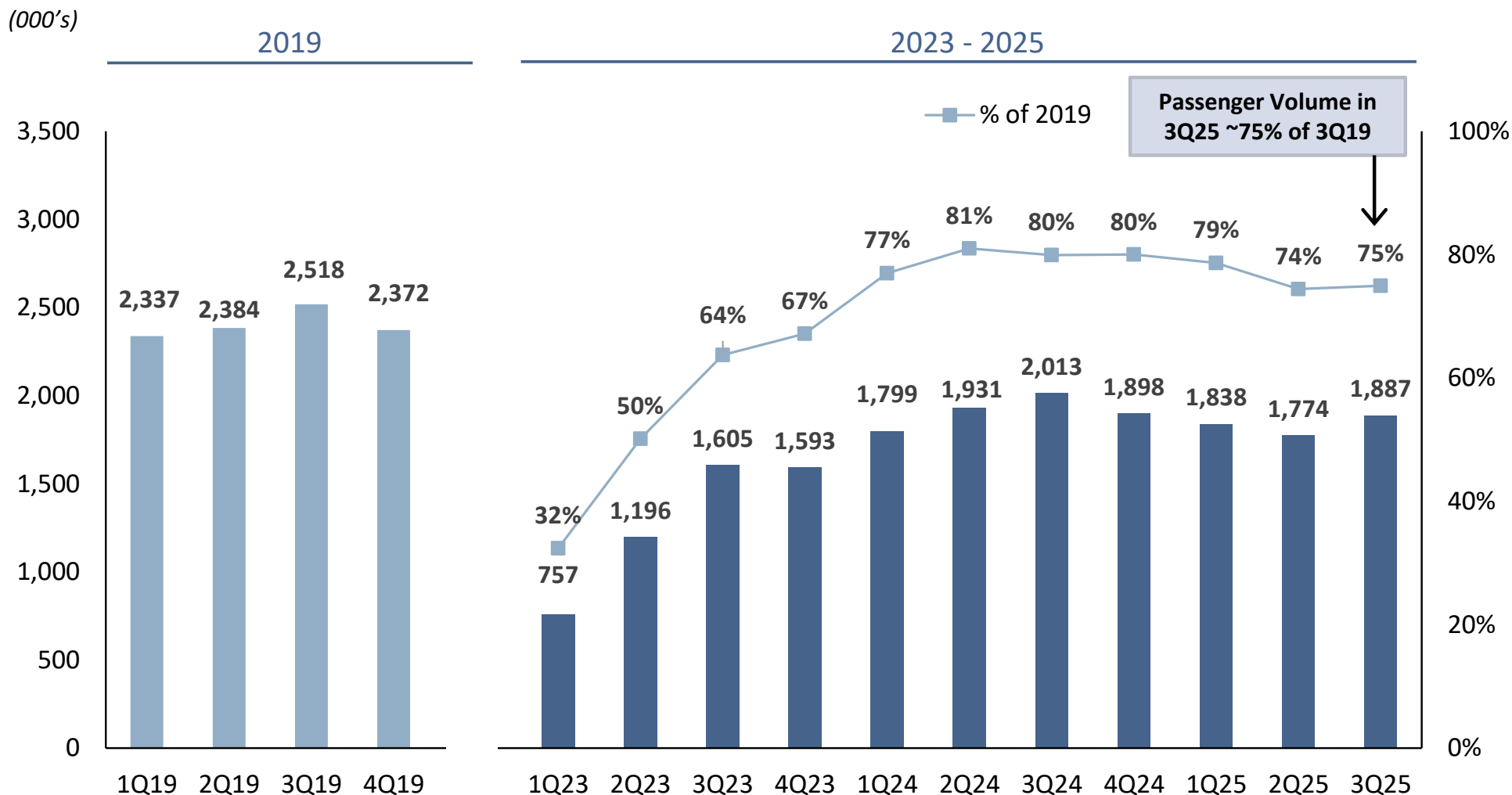
4. In addition to the hotel rooms that are owned by gaming operators, there are approximately 10,667 additional four- and five-star hotel rooms owned by non-gaming operators in Macao at September 30, 2025.

Source: Public company filings and websites, Macao DSEC, Macao Government Tourism Office.

Macao Airport Passenger Volume

Macao Airport Monthly Passenger Volume in 3Q25 was ~75% of 3Q19 Volume

Macao Airport Passenger Volume



In 3Q25 the Macao Airport passenger volume averaged ~75% of the 3Q19 volume

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.
Source: CAM/Macau International Airport Co., Ltd.

Supplemental Data

Macao Market: Mass Gaming Revenue

Macao Market Mass Gaming Revenue

(\$ in US millions)	Mass Win (Tables and Slots) ¹				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
2019	\$5,440	\$5,356	\$5,523	\$5,608	\$21,927
Growth ('19 v '18)	9.8%	10.6%	13.5%	6.8%	10.1%
2022 ²	\$1,779	\$890	\$621	\$1,157	\$4,447
Growth ('22 v '21)	-14.2%	-62.0%	-64.6%	-42.7%	-45.7%
2023 ²	\$3,715	\$4,730	\$5,350	\$5,936	\$19,731
Growth ('23 v '22)	108.8%	431.4%	761.6%	413.1%	343.7%
2024 ²	\$6,171	\$6,139	\$6,051	\$6,292	\$24,653
Growth ('24 v '23)	66.1%	29.8%	13.1%	6.0%	24.9%
2025	\$6,141	\$6,503	\$6,656 ³		
Growth ('25 v '24)	-0.5%	5.9%	10.0%		
% of 2019	112.9%	121.4%	120.5%		

Macao market-wide mass GGR was ~\$6.7 billion in 3Q25 (~121% of 3Q19)

1. Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 2Q25 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

2. Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

3. Market-wide mass GGR for 3Q25 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings.

Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.

Macao Market: VIP Gaming Revenue

Macao Market VIP Gaming Revenue

(\$ in US millions)	VIP Win ¹				
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
2019	\$3,892	\$3,640	\$3,173	\$3,301	\$14,006
Growth ('19 v '18)	-12.1%	-13.5%	-26.0%	-25.2%	-19.2%
2022 ²	\$372	\$140	\$76	\$129	\$717
Growth ('22 v '21)	-54.5%	-82.0%	-86.1%	-61.5%	-71.1%
2023 ²	\$581	\$876	\$723	\$757	\$2,937
Growth ('23 v '22)	56.2%	525.7%	849.2%	486.8%	309.8%
2024 ²	\$902	\$850	\$813	\$839	\$3,404
Growth ('24 v '23)	55.4%	-3.0%	12.5%	10.9%	15.9%
2025	\$996	\$1,058	\$1,032 ³		
Growth ('25 v '24)	10.4%	24.6%	26.9%		
% of 2019	25.6%	29.1%	32.5%		

In 3Q25 Macao Market VIP revenue reached ~33% of 2019 level

1. Market-wide VIP GGR for all periods through 2Q25 is defined as rolling win as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

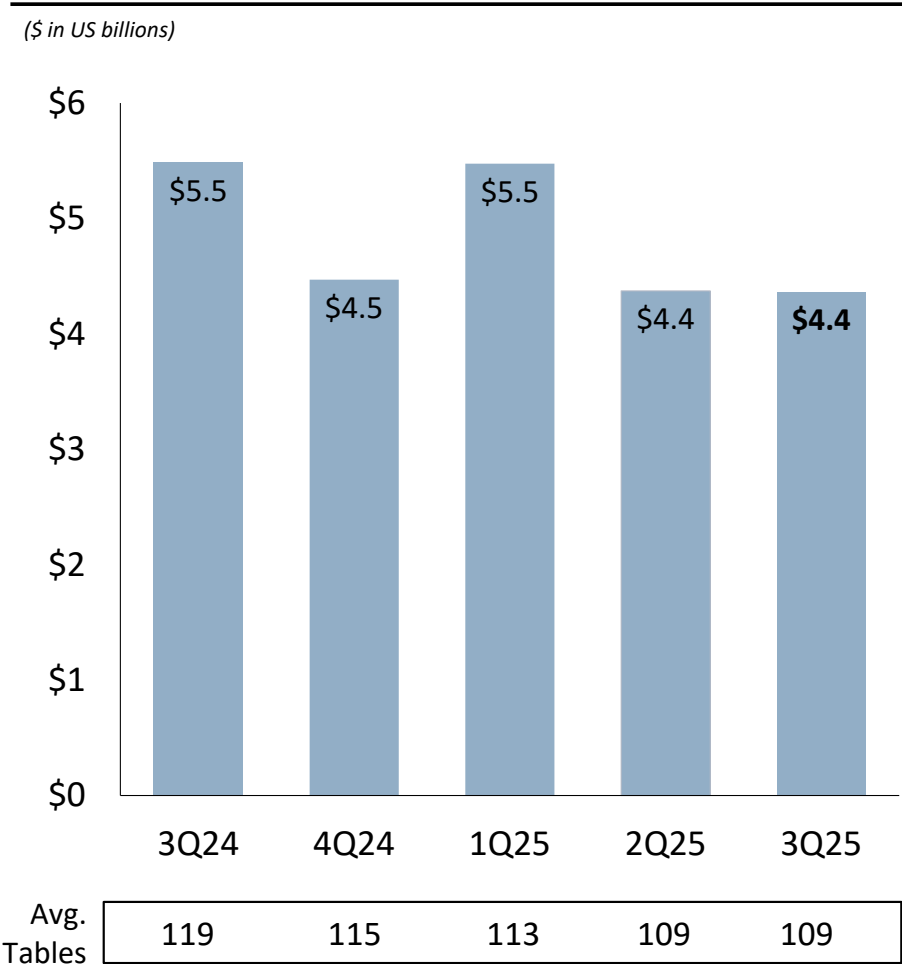
2. Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

3. Market-wide VIP GGR for 3Q25 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings.

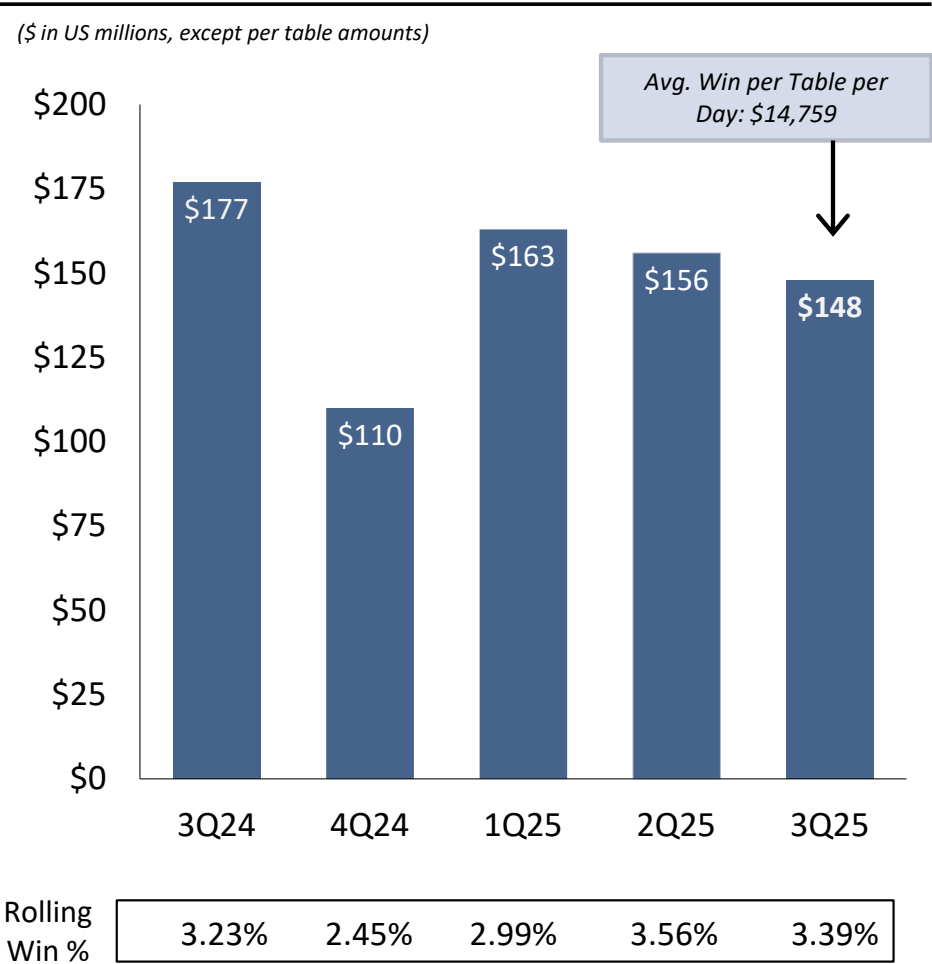
Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.

Sands China VIP Table Metrics

SCL Rolling Volume by Quarter



SCL Rolling Win by Quarter



In 3Q25 Sands China rolling volume was ~\$4.4 billion; rolling win was ~\$148 million

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Financial Information

Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Net Income to Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA

(\$ in US millions)

	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25
Net income	\$353	\$392	\$408	\$519	\$491
Add (deduct):					
Income tax expense	50	69	63	90	91
Loss on modification or early retirement of debt	-	-	5	-	-
Other (income) expense	(11)	6	1	22	(11)
Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	179	180	174	194	187
Interest income	(67)	(57)	(42)	(42)	(39)
Loss on disposal or impairment of assets	11	9	7	8	68
Amortization of leasehold interests in land	15	15	15	20	21
Depreciation and amortization	324	348	362	371	368
Development expense	55	59	69	69	72
Pre-opening expense	4	4	4	9	7
Stock-based compensation	10	8	1	5	11
Corporate expense	68	75	73	69	78
Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$991	\$1,108	\$1,140	\$1,334	\$1,344

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Net Income

(\$ in US millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
Net income attributable to LVS	\$419	\$275
Pre-opening expense	7	4
Development expense	72	55
Loss on disposal or impairment of assets	68	11
Other income	(11)	(11)
Income tax impact on net income adjustments ¹	(21)	(11)
Noncontrolling interest impact on net income adjustments	2	-
Adjusted net income attributable to LVS	\$536	\$323

1. The income tax impact for each adjustment is derived by applying the effective tax rate, including current and deferred income tax expense, based upon the jurisdiction and the nature of the adjustment.

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share

(\$ in per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
Per diluted share of common stock:		
Net income attributable to LVS	\$0.61	\$0.38
Pre-opening expense	0.01	0.01
Development expense	0.11	0.08
Loss on disposal or impairment of assets	0.10	0.02
Other income	(0.02)	(0.02)
Income tax impact on net income adjustments ¹	(0.03)	(0.03)
Noncontrolling interest impact on net income adjustments	-	-
Adjusted earnings per diluted share	\$0.78	\$0.44
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding (in millions)	685	731

1. The income tax impact for each adjustment is derived by applying the effective tax rate, including current and deferred income tax expense, based upon the jurisdiction and the nature of the adjustment.

Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Trailing Twelve Month Supplemental Schedule

(\$ in US millions)

	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	TTM 3Q25
Cash Flows From Operations	\$761	\$915	\$526	\$178	\$1,115	\$2,734
Adjust for:						
Recovery of (provision for) doubtful accounts	5	(9)	(5)	(16)	(18)	(48)
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	11	1	(2)	(27)	10	(18)
Other non-cash items	-	(22)	(12)	(1)	(3)	(38)
Leasehold interest in land	-	-	-	848	-	848
Changes in working capital	(74)	(121)	290	(64)	(156)	(51)
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	10	8	1	5	11	25
Add: Corporate expense	68	75	73	69	78	295
Add: Pre-opening and development expense	59	63	73	78	79	293
Add: Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized	179	180	174	194	187	735
Add: Interest and other income	(78)	(51)	(41)	(20)	(50)	(162)
Add: Income tax expense	50	69	63	90	91	313
LVS Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$991	\$1,108	\$1,140	\$1,334	\$1,344	\$4,926
Adjusted Property EBITDA						
<u>Macao:</u>						
The Venetian Macao	\$267	\$250	\$225	\$236	\$242	\$953
The Londoner Macao	124	144	153	205	219	721
The Parisian Macao	74	69	66	44	53	232
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	102	83	74	66	74	297
Sands Macao	14	20	10	9	8	47
Ferries and Other	4	5	7	6	5	23
Macao Operations	585	571	535	566	601	2,273
Marina Bay Sands	406	537	605	768	743	2,653
LVS Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA	\$991	\$1,108	\$1,140	\$1,334	\$1,344	\$4,926

Supplemental Information

3Q25 and 3Q24

(\$ in US millions)

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2025								
	Operating Income (Loss)	Depreciation and Amortization	Amortization of Leasehold Interests in Land	Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets	Pre-Opening and Development Expense	Royalty Fees	Stock-Based Compensation	Corporate Expense	Adjusted Property EBITDA
Macao:									
The Venetian Macao	\$180	\$42	\$1	\$3	-	\$11	\$5	-	\$242
The Londoner Macao	109	93	1	2	-	12	2	-	219
The Parisian Macao	15	33	1	-	-	3	1	-	53
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	53	16	1	-	-	3	1	-	74
Sands Macao	(1)	5	1	-	-	2	1	-	8
Ferry Operations and Other	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Macao Operations	359	191	5	5	-	31	10	-	601
Marina Bay Sands	504	167	15	-	7	49	1	-	743
Other Development	(136)	2	1	61	72	-	-	-	-
Corporate and Other	(8)	8	-	2	-	(80)	-	78	-
	\$719	\$368	\$21	\$68	\$79	-	\$11	\$78	\$1,344

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024								
	Operating Income (Loss)	Depreciation and Amortization	Amortization of Leasehold Interests in Land	Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets	Pre-Opening and Development Expense	Royalty Fees	Stock-Based Compensation	Corporate Expense	Adjusted Property EBITDA
Macao:									
The Venetian Macao	\$212	\$36	-	-	-	\$13	\$6	-	\$267
The Londoner Macao	23	84	2	6	1	7	1	-	124
The Parisian Macao	35	32	1	2	-	3	1	-	74
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	81	16	1	-	-	4	-	-	102
Sands Macao	6	5	1	-	-	1	1	-	14
Ferry Operations and Other	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Macao Operations	358	176	5	8	1	28	9	-	585
Marina Bay Sands	220	139	9	2	3	32	1	-	406
Other Development	(58)	2	1	-	55	-	-	-	-
Corporate and Other	(16)	7	-	1	-	(60)	-	68	-
	\$504	\$324	\$15	\$11	\$59	-	\$10	\$68	\$991

Supplemental Information

YTD 3Q25 and YTD 3Q24

(\$ in US millions)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025									
	Operating Income (Loss)	Depreciation and Amortization	Amortization of Leasehold Interests in Land	Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets	Pre-Opening and Development Expense	Royalty Fees	Stock-Based Compensation	Corporate Expense	Adjusted Property EBITDA
Macao:									
The Venetian Macao	\$526	\$130	\$4	\$4	-	\$32	\$7	-	\$703
The Londoner Macao	247	276	5	8	8	30	3	-	577
The Parisian Macao	49	100	2	-	-	10	2	-	163
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	152	49	2	1	-	9	1	-	214
Sands Macao	5	16	1	-	-	4	1	-	27
Ferry Operations and Other	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
Macao Operations	989	579	14	13	8	85	14	-	1,702
Marina Bay Sands	1,443	495	39	1	12	123	3	-	2,116
Other Development	(280)	6	3	61	210	-	-	-	-
Corporate and Other	(41)	21	-	8	-	(208)	-	220	-
	\$2,111	\$1,101	\$56	\$83	\$230	-	\$17	\$220	\$3,818

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024									
	Operating Income (Loss)	Depreciation and Amortization	Amortization of Leasehold Interests in Land	Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets	Pre-Opening and Development Expense	Royalty Fees	Stock-Based Compensation	Corporate Expense	Adjusted Property EBITDA
Macao:									
The Venetian Macao	\$682	\$103	\$4	\$10	-	\$35	\$9	-	\$843
The Londoner Macao	78	276	5	12	2	23	3	-	399
The Parisian Macao	115	96	2	2	-	11	2	-	228
The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao	173	51	2	1	-	10	1	-	238
Sands Macao	15	15	1	-	-	4	1	-	36
Ferry Operations and Other	2	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Macao Operations	1,065	551	14	25	2	83	16	-	1,756
Marina Bay Sands	982	383	28	8	8	103	3	-	1,515
Other Development	(177)	5	3	-	169	-	-	-	-
Corporate and Other	(58)	21	-	8	-	(186)	-	215	-
	\$1,812	\$960	\$45	\$41	\$179	-	\$19	\$215	\$3,271

Impact of Hold-Adjustment

(\$ in US millions)

	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25
Macao Operations¹															
Net Revenues	\$551	\$374	\$258	\$444	\$1,279	\$1,628	\$1,789	\$1,863	\$1,811	\$1,754	\$1,771	\$1,771	\$1,709	\$1,797	\$1,906
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	(12)	(22)	(10)	(10)	(22)	(19)	(25)	68	52	6	4	38	17	(11)	(4)
Adjusted Property EBITDA	(11)	(110)	(152)	(51)	398	541	631	654	610	561	585	571	535	566	601
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	(7)	(13)	(6)	(6)	(13)	(11)	(15)	40	31	4	2	22	10	(7)	(2)
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	31.1%	33.2%	35.3%	35.1%	33.7%	32.0%	33.0%	32.2%	31.3%	31.5%	31.5%
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	-0.5%	-0.3%	-0.4%	0.8%	0.7%	0.1%	0.1%	0.6%	0.3%	-0.2%	0.0%
	n/m	n/m	n/m	n/m	30.6%	32.9%	34.9%	35.9%	34.4%	32.1%	33.1%	32.8%	31.6%	31.3%	31.5%
Marina Bay Sands															
	3.7% Theoretical Rolling Chip Hold %²										Theoretical Smart Table Rolling Chip Hold %³				
Net Revenues	\$399	\$679	\$756	\$682	\$848	\$925	\$1,015	\$1,061	\$1,158	\$1,016	\$919	\$1,137	\$1,163	\$1,388	\$1,436
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	7	(31)	15	172	51	-	(12)	(62)	(67)	(59)	114	29	8	(102)	(57)
Adjusted Property EBITDA	121	319	343	273	394	432	491	544	597	512	406	537	605	768	743
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	6	(25)	12	135	40	-	(9)	(49)	(52)	(46)	88	21	6	(80)	(43)
Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin	30.3%	47.0%	45.4%	40.0%	46.5%	46.7%	48.4%	51.3%	51.6%	50.4%	44.2%	47.2%	52.0%	55.3%	51.7%
Impact of hold-adjustment ²	1.0%	-1.6%	0.6%	7.8%	1.8%	0.0%	-0.3%	-1.8%	-1.6%	-1.7%	3.6%	0.7%	0.2%	-1.8%	-0.9%
	31.3%	45.4%	46.0%	47.8%	48.3%	46.7%	48.1%	49.5%	50.0%	48.7%	47.8%	47.9%	52.2%	53.5%	50.8%

1. Macao operations reflect amounts from The Venetian Macao, The Londoner Macao, The Parisian Macao, The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao, Sands Macao and Ferry Operations and Other.

2. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.3% for Sands China. For Marina Bay Sands these amounts present the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.7% from 1Q22 - 2Q24 based on historical analysis. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

3. In 3Q24 - 3Q25 the amounts present the illustrative impact if the Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.5%, 3.7%, 3.8%, 4.1% and 4.2%, respectively. These theoretical hold percentages on Rolling Chip play during each quarter were calculated utilizing smart table data. Expected hold impact calculations include the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

