

REFINITIV

DELTA REPORT

10-Q

URGENT.LY INC.

10-Q - MARCH 31, 2024 COMPARED TO 10-Q - SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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TOTAL DELTAS 1313

█ CHANGES 204

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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **September 30, March 31, 2023** 2024

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-41841

URGENT.LY INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

46-2848640

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

8609 Westwood Center Drive, Suite 810

22182

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (571) 350-3600

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share	ULY	NASDAQ

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting

company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of **November 13, 2023** **May 10, 2024**, the registrant had **13,133,865** **13,422,435** shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, outstanding.

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

On October 19, 2023, the Company completed its acquisition of Otonomo Technologies Ltd. ("Otonomo") in accordance with the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 9, 2023 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among the Company, Otonomo, and U.O Odyssey Merger Sub Ltd. ("Merger Sub"), in which Merger Sub merged with and into Otonomo, with Otonomo surviving as a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that will continue to be governed by Israeli law (the "Merger").

Although this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is filed after the completion of the Merger, unless otherwise specifically noted, information set forth herein is as of and for the period ended September 30, 2023, and, therefore, does not include the information of Otonomo. Accordingly, unless otherwise specifically noted herein, references herein to "Urgent.ly", "the Company", "we", or "our" refer only to Urgent.ly and its subsidiaries prior to the Merger and do not include Otonomo and its subsidiaries.

Beginning with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2023, the Company will report on a consolidated basis representing the combined operations of Urgent.ly and Otonomo and their respective subsidiaries. Because Urgent.ly was deemed the accounting acquirer under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the historical financial statements of Urgent.ly will be treated as the historical financial statements of the combined company and will be reflected in the Company's future quarterly and annual reports.

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CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains or may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which statements involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events or our future financial or operating performance. Forward-looking terms such as "may," "will," "could," "should," "would," "plan," "potential," "intend," "anticipate," "project," "predict," "target," "believe," "continue," "estimate" or "expect" or the negative of these words or other words, terms and phrases of similar nature are often intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q include statements related to:

- our ability to acquire and retain new Customer Partners (as defined below), and to do so in a cost-effective manner;
- our competitive position in the mobility assistance industry and our ability to maintain and grow our market position against current and future competitors in light of significant competition;
- technological advances in the mobility assistance industry; industry and the impact of artificial intelligence ("AI");
- our history of losses and expectations regarding operating losses for the foreseeable future;
- our need for additional capital, and the availability of such additional capital on acceptable terms or at all;
- our substantial dependence on a limited number of Customer Partners;
- our failure or the failure of our third-party service providers to protect our website, networks and systems against cybersecurity incidents, or otherwise to protect our confidential information or that of the vehicle owners and operators who are the end users of our Consumers (as defined below) platform (our "Consumers"), Customer Partners and Service Providers (as defined below) the mobile repair, towing and maintenance service professionals participating on our platform (our "Service Providers");
- our reliance on Amazon Web Services to deliver our platform to Consumers;
- Customer Partners' willingness to renew their service contracts with us;
- Customer Partners' willingness to expand their use of our platform beyond their current roadside solutions;
- optimizing and operating our network of Service Providers (as defined below); Providers;
- our ability to continue as a going concern;

- our ability to develop and maintain an effective system of internal controls and procedures and accurately report our financial results in a timely manner;
- the sustainability of our recent growth rates and future growth;
- our ability to address the service requirements of current and future Consumers;
- our expansion into new roadside assistance solutions, Customer Partners and Service Providers, technologies and geographic regions;
- expectations regarding our future prospects in light of our limited operating history and evolving business model;
- the length and variability of our sales cycle with regard to Customer Partners;
- our expectations regarding our pricing model for our platform's offerings;
- our ability or the ability of Service Providers to meet labor needs;
- adverse economic conditions or reduced automotive usage;
- our ability to hire and retain highly skilled and **other** key personnel;
- our ability to accurately forecast demand for mobility assistance services and appropriately plan our expenses in the future;
- expectations regarding the impact of weather events, natural disasters and other events beyond our control, including Hamas' attack against Israel and the ensuing war, on our business;
- our ability to comply with the terms of our existing credit facilities and any new debt obligations;

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- our history of defaulting on certain financial, reporting and other covenants under our **loan agreements** **Structural Loan Agreement and the Highbridge Loan Agreement** (together, the "Loan Agreements") and our ability to obtain compliance waivers with respect to such covenant defaults in the future;
- our reliance on unpatented proprietary technology, trade secrets, processes and know-how;

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- our ability to protect our intellectual property rights;
- our ability to comply with laws and regulations relating to privacy, data protection, cybersecurity, advertising, and consumer protection;
- our ability to integrate successfully and realize the anticipated benefits of the Merger (as defined below);
- our expectations regarding the time during which we will be an emerging growth company under the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act");
- our ability to maintain the listing of our common stock on the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (**Nasdaq**) ("Nasdaq"); and
- our becoming a reporting company by means other than a traditional underwritten initial public offering, which could cause our stockholders to face additional risks and uncertainties.

We caution you that the foregoing list may not contain all of the forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. We have based the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q primarily on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations, and prospects. The outcomes of the events described in these forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, including those described in the section titled "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in our **final prospectus** **Annual Report on Form 10-K** filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") **pursuant to Rule 424(b)** under the Securities Act, on **October 19, 2023** **March 29, 2024** (the "Final Prospectus" "Annual Report") and in other filings we may make from time to time with the SEC. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment. New risks and uncertainties emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all risks and uncertainties that could have an impact on the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We cannot assure you that the results, events, and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements

will be achieved or occur, and actual results, events, or circumstances could differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q relate only to events as of the date on which the statements are made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or to reflect new information or the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions, or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Our forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any future acquisitions, mergers, dispositions, joint ventures, or investments we may make.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. These statements are based upon information available to us as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and while we believe such information forms a reasonable basis for such statements, such information may be limited or incomplete, and our statements should not be read to indicate that we have conducted an exhaustive inquiry into, or review of, all potentially available relevant information. These statements are inherently uncertain and investors are cautioned not to unduly rely upon these statements.

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

URGENT.LY INC.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands, except share and par value data)
(unaudited)

	Septemb er 30, 2023	Decemb er 31, 2022	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
ASSETS				
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	6,35			
	\$ 8,673	\$ 7	\$ 33,883	\$ 37,699
Restricted cash	1,05			
	1,050	0	359	557
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$52 and \$338 in 2023 and 2022, respectively	25,71	33,9		
	9	66		
Short-term deposits			—	10,539
Marketable securities			6,505	20,816
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for expected losses of \$170 and \$27 in 2024 and 2023, respectively			25,719	33,905
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,10			
	1,773	2	3,335	4,349
Total current assets	37,21	43,4		
	5	75	69,801	107,865

Right-of-use assets	2,48			
	1,977	5	2,267	2,437
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$2,042 and \$1,843 in 2023 and 2022, respectively	308	414		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,194 and \$938 in 2024 and 2023, respectively			679	871
Capitalized software costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$11 and \$887 in 2024 and 2023, respectively			1,304	—
Intangible assets, net	31	31	8,431	9,283
Other non-current assets	456	538	886	738
Total assets	39,98	46,9		
	\$ 7	\$ 43	\$ 83,368	\$ 121,194
LIABILITIES, REDEEMABLE CONVERTIBLE PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	12,69	7,53		
	\$ 2	\$ 6	\$ 4,073	\$ 4,478
Accrued expenses	18,20	13,1		
	3	22	26,693	22,274
Accrued interest	13,36	6,68		
	8	9		
Deferred revenue, current	154	349	382	456
Current lease liabilities	636	740	677	710
Derivative liability, current	31,14			
	2	—		
Current portion of long-term debt, net	62,71			
	0	—	52,307	3,193
Total current liabilities	138,9	28,4		
	05	36	84,132	31,111
Long-term lease liabilities		2,12		
	1,674	0	1,890	2,045
Long-term debt, net	65,56	99,4		
	0	43	—	66,076
Derivative liability		32,7		
	928	65		
Warrant liability	11,47	13,9		
	9	57		
Other long-term liabilities		5,05		
	9,076	9	39	12,358
Total liabilities	227,6	181,		
	22	780	86,061	111,590
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, Series C, par value \$0.001; 160,000 shares authorized, 157,395 issued and outstanding in 2023 and 2022	46,33	46,3		
	4	34		
Stockholders' deficit:				
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 600,000,000 shares authorized, 154,791 and 154,786 issued and outstanding in 2023 and 2022, respectively	—	—		

Stockholders' equity (deficit):					
Common stock, par value \$0.001; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 13,414,185 and 13,311,927 issued and outstanding in 2024 and 2023, respectively				13	13
Additional paid-in capital	48,54	48,3			
	9	27		165,496	164,920
Accumulated deficit	(282, 518)	(229, 498)		(167,784)	(154,769)
Total stockholders' deficit	(233, 969)	(181, 171)			
Total liabilities, redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' deficit	39,98	46,9			
	\$ 7	\$ 43			
Accumulated other comprehensive loss			(418)		(560)
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)			(2,693)		9,604
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity (deficit)			\$ 83,368		\$ 121,194

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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URGENT.LY INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

(unaudited)

	Three Months		Nine Months		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	Ended September		Ended September					
	2023	2022	2023	2022				
Revenue	46,0	52,1	139,	135,6				
	\$ 47	\$ 34	\$ 602	\$ 23	\$ 40,092	\$ 49,578		
Cost of revenue	36,8	46,0	111,	123,8				
	69	78	905	70				
Cost of revenue (excluding depreciation and amortization)					30,741	40,319		
Gross profit	9,17	6,05	27,6	11,75				
	8	6	97	3	9,351	9,259		
Operating expenses:								
Research and development	3,66	4,55	11,0	12,95				
	7	2	77	1	4,243	3,742		
Sales and marketing	1,43	2,84						
	899	1	6	4,275	2,019	1,072		
Operations and support	5,41	9,97	18,6	28,91				
	8	6	65	8	4,321	7,201		
General and administrative	4,97	3,15	17,2	10,51				
	8	2	15	5	6,014	7,480		

Depreciation and amortization	64	77	198	221	1,102	72
Total operating expenses	15,0	19,1	50,0	56,88	17,699	19,567
Operating loss	(5,84)	(13,1)	(22,	(45,1	(8,348)	(10,308)
Other income (expense), net:						
Interest expense	(15,4	(11,3	(39,	(20,5	(4,152)	(10,951)
Interest income	38)	24)	608)	23)	363	—
Change in fair value of derivative liability	(5,50		1,52		—	(111)
Change in fair value of warrant liability	4)	—	3	—	—	
Warrant expense	(2,03	2,14	3,52		—	3,633
Gain on debt extinguishment	5)	4	5	3,916	(1,0	
Foreign exchange loss	(27)	(12)	(22)	(75)	—	
Change in fair value of contingent purchase consideration					821	—
Loss on partial debt extinguishment					(1,405)	—
Other expense					(255)	(11)
Total other expense, net	(23,0	(9,92	(30,	(17,6	(4,628)	(7,440)
Loss before income taxes	04)	5)	716)	38)		
Provision for income taxes	(28,8	(23,0	(53,	(62,7	(12,976)	(17,748)
Net loss	52)	57)	020)	65)	39	—
Net loss attributable to common stockholders	\$ 52)	\$ 57)	\$ 020)	\$ 65)	\$ (13,015)	\$ (17,748)
Other comprehensive income:						
Foreign currency translation adjustments					132	—
Unrealized gains on marketable securities					10	—
Other comprehensive income					142	—
Comprehensive loss					\$ (12,873)	\$ (17,748)
Loss per share, basic and diluted	(186.	(432.	(342	(1,17		
	\$ 40)	\$ 18)	\$.54)	\$ 7.09)		
Weighted average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	154,	53,3	154,	53,32		
Loss per share attributable to common stockholders:	787	51	786	2		

Basic and diluted	\$ (0.97)	\$ (114.66)
Weighted average shares outstanding:		
Basic and diluted	<u>13,359,317</u>	<u>154,786</u>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

URGENT.LY INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Deficit Equity (Deficit)

(in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

	Redeemable Convertible		Redeemable Convertible		Redeemable Convertible		Redeemable Convertible	
	Preferred Stock Series B-1		Preferred Stock Series B		Preferred Stock Series A		Preferred Stock Series Seed	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2022	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, March 31, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, June 30, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, September 30, 2023	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —	—	\$ —
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance, December 31, 2021	62,731	\$ 19,045	30,896	\$ 10,925	60,693	\$ 10,218	12,260	\$ 996
Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	—	71	—	6	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, March 31, 2022	62,731	\$ 19,116	30,896	\$ 10,931	60,693	\$ 10,218	12,260	\$ 996
Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	—	72	—	6	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, June 30, 2022	62,731	\$ 19,188	30,896	\$ 10,937	60,693	\$ 10,218	12,260	\$ 996
Equity recapitalization	(62,731)	(19,188)	(30,896)	(10,937)	(60,693)	(10,218)	(12,260)	(996)
Issuance of warrants on common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Balance, September 30, 2022 — \$ — — \$ — — \$ — — \$ —

	Accumulated							
	Redeemable Convertible				Additional		Other	
	Preferred Stock Series C		Common Stock		Paid-In	d	Comprehensive	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Loss	Equity (Deficit)
			13,311,9					
Balance, December 31, 2023	—	\$ —	27	\$ 13	\$ 164,920	\$ (154,769)	\$ (560)	\$ 9,604
Vesting of stock-based awards, net of shares withheld for taxes	—	—	102,258	—	(142)	—	—	(142)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	718	—	—	718
Comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	—	—	—	(13,015)	142	(12,873)
			13,414,1					
Balance, March 31, 2024	—	\$ —	85	\$ 13	\$ 165,496	\$ (167,784)	\$ (418)	\$ (2,693)
Balance, December 31, 2022	157,395	\$ 46,334	154,786	\$ —	\$ 48,327	\$ (229,498)	\$ —	\$ (181,171)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	77	—	—	77
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(17,748)	—	(17,748)
Balance, March 31, 2023	157,395	\$ 46,334	154,786	\$ —	\$ 48,404	\$ (247,246)	\$ —	\$ (198,842)

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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URGENT.LY INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Deficit (continued)

(in thousands, except share data)

(unaudited)

	Redeemable Convertible		Redeemable Convertible		Additional			Total	
	Preferred Stock Series C		Preferred Stock Series C-1		Common Stock		Paid-In		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Accumulated	Stockholders'
Balance, December 31, 2022	157,395	\$ 46,334	—	\$ —	154,786	\$ —	\$ 48,327	\$ (229,498)	\$ (181,171)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	77	—	77
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(17,748)	(17,748)
Balance, March 31, 2023	157,395	\$ 46,334	—	\$ —	154,786	\$ —	\$ 48,404	\$ (247,246)	\$ (198,842)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	76	—	76
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(6,420)	(6,420)
Balance, June 30, 2023	157,395	\$ 46,334	—	\$ —	154,786	\$ —	\$ 48,480	\$ (253,666)	\$ (205,186)
Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	69	—	69
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(28,852)	(28,852)
Balance, September 30, 2023	157,395	\$ 46,334	—	\$ —	154,791	\$ —	\$ 48,549	\$ (282,518)	\$ (233,969)
Balance, December 31, 2021	42,436	\$ 19,940	49,732	\$ 18,732	53,240	\$ —	\$ 7,161	\$ (127,732)	\$ (120,571)
Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	74	—	7	—	7
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	—	4	—	—	—	—	(81)	—	(81)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	155	—	155
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(21,195)	(21,195)
Balance, March 31, 2022	42,436	\$ 19,944	49,732	\$ 18,732	53,314	\$ —	\$ 7,242	\$ (148,927)	\$ (141,685)

Issuance of common stock	—	—	—	—	37	—	5	—	5
Accretion of preferred stock to redemption value	—	4	—	—	—	—	(82)	—	(82)
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	146	—	146
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(18,513)	(18,513)
Balance, June 30, 2022	42,436	\$ 19,948	49,732	\$ 18,732	53,351	\$ —	\$ 7,311	\$ (167,440)	\$ (160,129)
Equity recapitalization	114,959	26,386	(49,732)	(18,732)	101,351	—	40,726	(5,784)	34,942
Issuance of warrants on common stock	—	—	—	—	—	—	92	—	92
Stock-based compensation expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	110	—	110
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(23,057)	(23,057)
Balance, September 30, 2022	157,395	\$ 46,334	—	\$ —	154,702	\$ —	\$ 48,239	\$ (196,281)	\$ (148,042)

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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URGENT.LY INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

(unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	September 30,		March 31,	
	2023	2022	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (53,02 0)	\$ (62,76 5)	\$ (13,015)	\$ (17,748)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	198	221	1,102	72
Amortization of right-of-use assets	508	500	170	169
Amortization of contract costs to obtain	69	449	—	—
Amortization of contract costs to fulfill	35	106	—	—
Amortization of costs to obtain contracts	—	—	22	25
Amortization of costs to fulfill contracts	—	—	12	12
Amortization of deferred financing fees	1,080	1,043	152	342
Stock-based compensation	222	411	718	77
Bad debt expense	167	—	143	—
Gain on debt extinguishment	(4,913)	—	—	—
Change in fair value of derivative and warrant liabilities	(5,048)	(3,916)	—	—
Warrant expense	1,047	962	—	—
Foreign currency gain	—	—	(35)	—
Interest receivable on investments	—	—	(257)	—
Loss on partial debt extinguishment	—	—	1,405	—
Loss on disposal of property, equipment and software	—	—	22	—
Change in fair value of derivative, warrant, and contingent consideration liabilities	—	—	(821)	(3,522)

Noncash interest expense	32,106	9,618	1,921	8,722
Issuance of common stock warrants to advisors	—	92		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	8,080	(6,294)	8,041	3,514
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	329	(869)	1,142	869
Other assets	(22)	(134)	(183)	—
Accounts payable	5,156	6,774	(404)	4,487
Accrued expenses	(1,263)	2,899	2,732	7,204
Deferred revenue	(195)	(60)	(72)	(287)
Lease liabilities	(550)	(565)	(188)	(182)
Long-term liabilities	4,017	10	(12,319)	(4,770)
Net cash used in operating activities	(11,997)	(51,518)	(9,712)	(1,016)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property, equipment and software	(92)	(208)	(73)	(61)
Net cash used in investing activities	(92)	(208)		
Investment in capitalized software			(1,315)	—
Proceeds from short-term deposits and sale of marketable securities			25,117	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			23,729	(61)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	10,000	—		
Refunds (payments) of deferred financing fees	(291)	629		
Repayment of term loan			(17,500)	—
Payments of deferred financing fees			(566)	—
Proceeds from issuance of convertible notes payable	4,696	30,000	—	2,450
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	—	12		
Net cash provided by financing activities	14,405	30,641		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			(18,066)	2,450
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash			35	—
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	2,316	(21,085)	(4,014)	1,373
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	7,407	31,206	38,256	7,407
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 9,723	\$ 10,121	\$ 34,242	\$ 8,780
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$ 6,428	\$ 5,086		
Supplemental noncash investing and financing activities:				
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	\$ —	\$ 3,160		
Derivative liability resulting from term loan amendment	\$ 773	\$ —		
Derivative liability resulting from issuance of convertible notes	\$ 55	\$ 28,688		
Warrants issued in connection with issuance of convertible notes	\$ —	\$ 7,041		
Issuance of common stock warrants for services	\$ —	\$ 92		
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest		\$ 1,969	\$ 1,885	

Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 119	\$ —
Supplemental noncash investing and financing activities:		
Derivative liability resulting from term loan amendment	\$ —	\$ 492

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

URGENT.LY INC.

Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

1. Organization

Urgent.ly Inc. (collectively along with other wholly-owned subsidiaries, "Urgent.ly" or the "Company"), headquartered in Vienna, Virginia, was incorporated in the State of Delaware in May 2013. Urgent.ly is a leading connected mobility assistance software platform that matches vehicle owners and operators with service professionals who deliver traditional roadside assistance, proactive maintenance and repair services.

Urgent.ly is headquartered in Vienna, Virginia. On September 1, 2017, Roadside Innovation Inc. was incorporated in the State of Delaware as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Urgent.ly for the purpose of obtaining and holding motor club licenses in support of certain services provided by Urgent.ly. On July 23, 2020, Roadside Innovation (Arkansas) Inc. was incorporated in the State of Arkansas as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Urgent.ly for the purpose of obtaining and holding motor club licenses in support of certain services provided by Urgent.ly. On September 3, 2020, Urgently Canada Technologies ULC was incorporated in British Columbia, Canada as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Urgent.ly for the purpose of providing roadside assistance services in Canada.

On July 28, 2023, the Company amended its Certificate of Incorporation to effect a 1-for-90 reverse stock split (the "Reverse Stock Split") of its common stock ("Common Stock") and Series C preferred stock. The Company has adjusted all periods presented for the effects of the stock split.

Liquidity risk Risk and going concern Going Concern

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue to operate as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

The Company has a history of recurring operating losses and has required debt and equity financing to finance its operations. The Company reported an accumulated deficit of \$282,518 167,784 as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and an operating loss of \$22,304 8,348 for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the Company's business activities may not be available. The Company has a planning and budgeting process to monitor operating cash requirements including amounts projected for capital expenditures which are adjusted as input variables change. These variables include, but are not limited to, operating cash flows and the availability of other sources of debt and capital. As these variables change, the Company may be required to seek funding through additional equity issuances and/or additional debt financings.

As further described in Note 12, the The Company completed its acquisition of Otonomo Technologies Ltd. ("Otonomo") on October 19, 2023. The transaction consisted of the acquisition of the Otonomo business, employees, revenue contracts, technology and net assets, including approximately \$100,000 of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, net of estimated transaction costs. Additionally, approximately \$70,400 of Company debt was converted to Common Stock in connection with the Merger, leaving approximately \$71,800 in principal debt outstanding. The additional cash is expected to fund strategic growth initiatives and daily operations for the combined Company, and to pay down debt as required.

Although a portion of this cash is available to the Company, and as the Company continues to define the final details related to the Otonomo business integration and assess its capital asset plans related to the current outstanding debt, the Company believes that the current its cash, on hand cash equivalents and marketable securities of \$40,747 at March 31, 2024 may not be sufficient to fund operations beyond twelve months from the date of issuance of these condensed consolidated financial statements. This has led management to conclude that substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern exists.

In the event the Company is unable to successfully raise additional equity or debt or refinance its existing debt during the next twelve months from the date of issuance of the condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company will not have sufficient cash flows and liquidity to finance its business operations as currently contemplated. The condensed consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments of the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

Restructuring

In the first quarter of 2024, the Company undertook actions to eliminate redundant employees primarily in Israel and the United States in an effort to reduce operating expenses, resulting in a decrease of 25 employees, or 7% of the Company's total employees as of December 31, 2023. During the second quarter of 2024, the Company continued actions to eliminate redundant employees resulting in a decrease of an additional 38 employees, or approximately 12% of the Company's total employees as of March 31, 2024. These actions resulted in restructuring charges totaling \$699 for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes to the Company's significant accounting policies from its audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 included in its final prospectus filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on October 19, 2023 (the "Final Prospectus"). Annual Report.

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Principles of consolidation Consolidation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Urgently Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries Roadside Innovation Inc., Roadside Innovation (Arkansas) Inc., and Urgently Canada Technologies ULC. ULC for all periods, and Otonomo Technologies Ltd. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries for periods subsequent to the Merger on October 19, 2023. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Basis of presentation Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' deficit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, equity (deficit), and cash flows for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023 are unaudited. These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the financial information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all material adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary for the fair presentation of its financial

position as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and its results of operations, changes in redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' **deficit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, equity (deficit)** and cash flows for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**.

The results for the three **and nine** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any subsequent quarter or for the fiscal year ending **December 31, 2023** **December 31, 2024**.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet at **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** was derived from audited financial statements for the year ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023** included in the **Final Prospectus Annual Report** but does not contain all of the footnote disclosures from the annual financial statements. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related financial information should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto for the fiscal years ended **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023, 2022** and 2021 included in the **Final Prospectus Annual Report**.

Use of estimates Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, as well as reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of credit risk Credit Risk

Financial instruments that subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and accounts receivable. The Company places its cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash in an accredited financial institution and the balances are above federally insured limits. Management monitors the creditworthiness of its customers and believes that it has adequately provided for any exposure to potential credit losses.

During the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023, 67** **54%** and **72** **59%** of revenue was earned from three **customers**. At **March 31, 2024** and **four** **customers**, respectively. During the nine months ended **September 30, 2023** and **2022, December 31, 2023, 64** **63%** and **70%** of revenue was earned from three and four **customers**, respectively. At **September 30, 2023** and **December 31, 2022, 59%** and **34** **56%** of accounts receivable was due from four and **two** **three** **customers**, respectively.

Capitalized Software

The Company incurred costs to develop, modify, or implement software for internal use as it delivers on significant contracts for which its product offering has expanded. The Company's objective is to enhance the functionality of the platform to accommodate multiple client applications and interfaces across different customer systems with varying degrees of complexity. Costs incurred for computer software developed or obtained for internal use are capitalized for application development activities and expensed as incurred for preliminary project activities and post-implementation activities. Capitalized costs include external direct costs of materials and services consumed in developing or obtaining internal-use software, payroll and payroll-related costs for employees who are directly associated with the internal-use software project, and interest costs incurred, when material, while developing internal-use software. Capitalized costs are amortized over the estimated useful asset life of three years. Capitalization of such costs ceases when the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended purpose. Costs for maintenance and training are expensed as incurred.

Modification of debt instruments Debt Instruments

Modifications or exchanges of debt, which are not considered a troubled debt restructuring, are considered extinguishments if the terms of the new debt and the original instrument are substantially different. The instruments are considered substantially different when the present value of the cash flows under the terms of the new debt instrument are

at least 10% different from the present value of the remaining cash flows under the terms of the original instrument. If the original and new debt instruments are substantially different, the original debt is derecognized and the new debt is initially recorded at fair value, with the difference recognized as an extinguishment gain or loss. During the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the Company amended its term loans and convertible promissory notes (see Note **6**) **8**).

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Segment reporting Reporting

The Company has one primary business unit based determined that its Chief Executive Officer is its chief operating decision maker. The Company's Chief Executive Officer reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for the purpose of assessing performance and making decisions on how management internally evaluates separate financial information, business activities and management responsibility to allocate resources. Accordingly, the Company has determined that it operates in a single reportable segment: Mobility Assistance Services. The Mobility Assistance Services segment includes all products, services and software used to generate revenue under the Company's commercial agreements. As the Company only operates in one segment, it does not separately allocate operating expenses or specific assets.

New accounting pronouncement Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2016, November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB" (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. **2016-13**, **2023-07**, **Financial Instruments - Credit Losses Segment Reporting (Topic 326)** **280**: **Measurement Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures** ("ASU 2023-07"). ASU 2023-07 expands public entities' segment disclosures by requiring disclosure of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. This updated significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss, an amount and description of its composition for other segment items, and interim disclosures of a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets. All disclosure requirements under ASU 2023-07 are also required for public entities with a single reportable segment. The guidance sets forth a current expected credit loss model based on expected losses. Under this model, an entity recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses based on historical experience, current conditions and forecasted information rather than the current methodology of delaying recognition of credit losses until it is probable a loss has been incurred. This guidance becomes effective for the Company beginning in fiscal year ending December 31, 2024, and subsequent interim periods, starting in fiscal year 2023, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this standard on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, **Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures** adopted, which provides for improvements to income tax disclosures primarily related to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. This guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, and the adoption of this standard is not anticipated to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements other than adding new disclosures, which the Company is currently evaluating.

3. Business Combinations

On October 19, 2023, the Company completed the acquisition of Otonomo Technologies Ltd. ("Otonomo") in accordance with the terms of the Merger Agreement, by and among the Company, Otonomo, and U.O Odyssey Merger Sub Ltd., a company organized under the laws of the State of Israel and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Merger Sub"), pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions thereof, Merger Sub merged with and into Otonomo, with Otonomo surviving as a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company to continue to be governed by Israeli law (the "Merger").

Otonomo provides an automotive data service platform enabling car manufacturers, drivers, insurance carriers and service providers to be part of a connected ecosystem as well as mobility intelligence which transforms vast amounts of anonymized data and activity signals into actionable, impactful, and valuable insights.

Otonomo contributed revenues of \$1,638 and a net loss of \$1,829 to the new standard effective Company for the period from January 1, 2024 through March 31, 2024. Unaudited pro forma results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 are included below as if the acquisition of Otonomo occurred on January 1, 2023, and adoption

did. This summary of the unaudited pro forma results of operations is not necessarily indicative of what the Company's results of operations would have been had Otonomo been acquired at the beginning of 2023, nor does it purport to represent results of operations for any future periods. It has a material impact on

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Revenues	\$ 40,092	\$ 51,417
Net loss	(13,015)	(57,863)

Approximately \$34,207 of acquisition-related costs are reflected in pro forma net loss for the Company's consolidated financial statements, three months ended March 31, 2023 in the table above.

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4. Revenue

The Company generates substantially all its revenues from roadside assistance services ("RAS") initiated through its software platform primarily in the United States and Canada. The Company's platform enables its customers ("Customer Partners") to outsource delivery for all or portions of their roadside assistance programs. The Company manages the RAS process after receiving the initial distress call or web-based request through final disposition. Urgently contracts with original equipment manufacturers ("OEM"), insurance companies, fleet management companies (including car rental companies). The Company also offers RAS directly to motorists via pay-per-use or direct membership offerings. In addition, revenue is earned from platform license fees, whether delivered via cloud or traditional license delivery, professional services, and aftermarket companies, which collectively represent memberships.

The Company's policies for recognizing revenues have not changed from those described in the Company's Customer Partners. These Customer Partners, who are our direct customers, in turn, offer roadside assistance plans to their customers (the "Consumers"). Annual Report. In summary:

The Company recognizes revenue when there is evidence of a contract, probable collection of the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled to receive, and completion of the performance obligations.

Urgently The Company recognizes revenue on a gross basis (as the principal) or net basis (as the agent) depending on the nature of the Company's role with respect to the Customer Partner to deliver roadside assistance services.

Full-service outsourcing - flat rate

Under the full-service outsourcing-flat rate agreements, the Company controls the services prior to the transfer to the Customer Partner. The nature of the Company's promise is to provide a series of distinct services that the Company accounts for as a single performance obligation. As a result, the Company records revenues from flat rate service arrangements on a gross revenue basis and the costs are recorded as part of the cost of service. The Company has applied the right to invoice practical expedient in recognizing these revenues. The Company to all its RAS, membership, and software licensing arrangements and, therefore, recognizes these revenues over time.

Full-service outsourcing - claim cost pass-through

Under time for the claim cost pass-through arrangement, the Company's performance obligation is solely to arrange the dispatch of the roadside assistance services. The Company does not control all roadside assistance services. The amount it invoices its Customer Partner controls all other RAS services prior to the transfer to the motorist, the ultimate consumer. The Company acts as an agent in this transaction and, as a result, the Company records only its flat dispatch fee as revenue from its claim cost pass-through arrangements, net of the costs incurred from the subcontract service providers. The Company recognizes these revenues over time.

Membership Partner

The Company also derives revenues derived from membership offerings for roadside assistance professional services for which the Company's performance obligation is to provide roadside assistance services primarily to its Customer Partners' members. The Company applied the right to invoice practical expedient and recognizes these revenues over time when the related fee is invoiced. The cost of providing services is charged to cost of revenue as incurred.

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Software licensing arrangements

The Company occasionally enters into licensing arrangements with Customer Partners to provide access to its standard software platform. The Company customarily provides the Customer Partner with standard maintenance on licensed software which includes technical support and when-and-if available updates. The Company considers this a service of standing-ready to the customer to provide technical support and upgrades as needed, and unspecified upgrades are provided on a when-and-if available straight-line basis for the duration of the maintenance period. The license revenue and the maintenance bundled in the arrangement are considered a single performance obligation that is recognized over the term of the agreement. Efforts to deliver on the performance obligations are expensed evenly throughout the performance period.

Professional services For further details regarding revenue recognition, see Note 4 "Revenue" to the audited consolidated financial statements in the Annual Report.

The Company sells professional services either on a stand-alone basis or Cost of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, consists primarily of fees paid to Service Providers. Other costs included in cost of revenue are specifically the technology hosting and platform-related costs, certain personnel costs related to direct call center support to Consumers as services bundled with software. Professional services include customization part of platform authentication, and design, integration, training and consulting services. Professional services performed by the Company represent distinct performance obligations, not highly interdependent or highly interrelated with the Company's platform license and SaaS arrangements. The standalone selling prices are determined based on contracted terms on a contract by contract basis. Revenue for customization and design services represents the transfer amortization of costs to the customer for the right to access the customized software and therefore is recorded over time. Revenues for integration services, training and consulting services are separate performance obligations recognized over time as these and the SaaS arrangements can be purchased separately from the platform and SaaS arrangements. fulfill.

Revenue on a disaggregated basis is as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended				Three Months Ended March 31,			
	September 30,		September 30,		2024		2023		2024		2023	
	2023	2022	2023	2022								
	45,7	51,1	138,2	132,8	\$		38,150	\$		48,688		
Full-service outsourcing—flat rate	\$ 94	\$ 78	\$ 97	\$ 17								
Full-service outsourcing—claim cost pass-through	38	14	42	35			3					3
Membership	99	889	948	2,566			145					772
Software licensing arrangements	45	8	174	80			1,335					101
Professional services	71	45	141	125			459					14
Total revenue	46,0	52,1	139,6	135,6								
	\$ 47	\$ 34	\$ 02	\$ 23								
					\$		40,092	\$				49,578

Contract assets Assets

The Company capitalizes costs to obtain contracts with Customer Partners, primarily employee sales commissions. At contract inception, the Company capitalizes such costs that it expects to recover and that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. Sales commissions earned by the Company's sales team relating to revenues recognized over a period longer than one year are considered incremental and recoverable costs of obtaining a contract and are deferred as other non-current assets and are amortized on a straight-line basis over the initial contract term with an amortization period that exceeds one year. term. Commission expenses are included in sales and marketing expense on in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. The expected period of benefit is determined using the initial contract term. operations and comprehensive income (loss).

In connection Capitalized contract costs associated with certain contracts, the Company capitalizes costs to fulfill certain contracts with Customer Partners, primarily costs to customize and integrate its platform in support of the contract requirements. Costs to fulfill are considered incremental and recoverable costs and are deferred as other non-current assets and are amortized, on a straight-line basis, over the expected period of benefit for contracts with an amortization period that exceeds one year and year. Amortization cost is included in cost of revenue on in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, operations and comprehensive income (loss). The expected period of benefit is determined using the initial contract term.

	2023		2022	
Contract assets as of January 1	\$	370	\$	1,048
Additional contract costs to obtain		—		134
Amortization of contract costs to obtain		(69)		(449)
Amortization of contract costs to fulfill		(35)		(106)

Contract assets as of September 30	\$ 266	\$ 627
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	2024	2023
Contract assets as of January 1	\$ 233	\$ 370
Additional contract costs to fulfill	272	—
Amortization of contract costs to obtain	(22)	(25)
Amortization of contract costs to fulfill	(12)	(12)
Contract assets as of March 31	\$ 471	\$ 333

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5. Fair value measurements Value Measurements

The Company measures certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is determined based on the exit price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is estimated by applying the following hierarchy:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimate of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The Company's population of financial assets and liabilities subject to fair value measurements on a recurring basis are as follows:

Recurring fair value measurements	Fair Value as of September 30, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Liabilities:					
Derivative liability, current	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 31,142	\$ 31,142	\$ 31,142
Derivative liability, long-term	—	—	928	\$ 928	\$ 928
Warrant liability	—	—	11,479		11,479
Total liabilities in fair value hierarchy	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 43,549	\$ 43,549	\$ 43,549

Recurring fair value measurements	Fair Value as of March 31, 2024				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Money market funds (1)	\$ 24,768	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 24,768	\$ 24,768
Corporate bonds (1)	—	5,277	—		5,277
U.S. government agency securities (1)	—	1,192	—		1,192
Contingent purchase consideration (2)	—	—	(3,796)		(3,796)
	\$ 24,768	\$ 6,469	\$ (3,796)	\$ 27,441	\$ 27,441

Fair Value as of December 31, 2022

Recurring fair value measurements	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities:				
Derivative liability	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 32,765	\$ 32,765
Warrant liability	—	—	13,957	13,957
Total liabilities in fair value hierarchy	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 46,722</u>	<u>\$ 46,722</u>

Recurring fair value measurements	Fair Value as of December 31, 2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Money market funds (1)	\$ 6,920	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 6,920
Corporate bonds (1)	—	9,154	—	9,154
Commercial paper (1)	—	2,488	—	2,488
U.S. government agency securities (1)	—	2,175	—	2,175
Contingent purchase consideration (2)	—	—	(4,617)	(4,617)
	<u>\$ 6,920</u>	<u>\$ 13,817</u>	<u>\$ (4,617)</u>	<u>\$ 16,120</u>

(1) The following table summarizes the composition of marketable securities as of March 31, 2024:

	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Fair Value
Money market funds	\$ 24,768	\$ —	\$ 24,768
Available-for-sale debt securities:			
Corporate bonds	5,284	(7)	5,277
U.S. government agency securities	1,192	—	1,192
	6,476	(7)	6,469
	<u>\$ 31,244</u>	<u>\$ (7)</u>	<u>\$ 31,237</u>

The following table summarizes the fair value and amortized cost of the available-for-sale debt securities by contractual maturity as of March 31, 2024:

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
Due within one year	\$ 6,476	\$ 6,469

(2) Contingent purchase consideration represents a liability recorded at fair value in connection with the Merger, and thus represents a Level 3 financial liabilities consist of the derivative liability and the warrant liability for which there is no current market for the securities such that the determination of fair value requires significant judgment or estimation. Changes in fair value measurements categorized measurement within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy are analyzed each period hierarchy. The fair value of the contingent purchase consideration was estimated based on changes in estimates or assumptions and recorded as appropriate. the fair value of the Company's shares issuable on a contingent basis.

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The Company's derivative liability represents embedded share-settled redemption and contingent fee features bifurcated from following table sets forth a summary of the underlying convertible notes and term loans and is carried at fair value. The changes in the fair value of the derivative liability are recorded as Change in fair value of derivative liability in the condensed consolidated statements of operations, contingent purchase consideration:

Estimating fair values of derivative financial instruments requires the development of significant and subjective estimates that may, and are likely to, change over the duration of the instrument with related changes in internal and external market factors. Since derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently carried at fair value, the Company's income will reflect the volatility in these estimate and assumption changes.

Fair value at January 1, 2024	\$ 4,617
Change in fair value	(821)
Fair value as of March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 3,796</u>

The carrying values for cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and long-term debt approximated fair value as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

6. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of the share-settled redemption derivative liability was estimated based on the present value following as of the redemption discounts applied to the principal amount of each of the respective convertible promissory notes, adjusted to reflect the weighted probability of exercise. The fair value of the contingent fee derivative liability was estimated based on its total value, adjusted to reflect the weighted probability of the occurrence of the contingent event. periods presented:

The Company estimates the fair value of the warrant liability using the projected future cash flows and discounting the future amounts to a present value using market-based expectations for interest rates and the contractual terms of the warrants. Changes in the fair value of the warrant liability are recorded as Change in the fair value of the warrant liability in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

	Life (in years)	March 31, 2024			December 31, 2023		
		Gross Carrying		Accumulated	Net Carrying	Gross Carrying	
		Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amortization
Acquired technology	2-4	\$ 10,134	\$ (1,734)	\$ 8,400	\$ 10,134	\$ (882)	\$ 9,252
Domain name	Indefinite	31	—	31	31	—	31
		<u>\$ 10,165</u>	<u>\$ (1,734)</u>	<u>\$ 8,431</u>	<u>\$ 10,165</u>	<u>\$ (882)</u>	<u>\$ 9,283</u>

10 Amortization expense was \$

852 and \$0 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The following table presents a reconciliation of sets forth the changes in fair value of the beginning and ending balances remaining estimated amortization expense for intangible assets for the Company's derivative liability and warrant liability at fair value using inputs classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy: next five years:

	Derivative		Warrant		Total
	Liability		Liability		
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 32,765		\$ 13,957		\$ 46,722
Issuances	1,320		1,047		2,367
Extinguishments	(492)		—		(492)
Change in fair value	(1,523)		(3,525)		(5,048)
Balance at September 30, 2023	<u>\$ 32,070</u>		<u>\$ 11,479</u>		<u>\$ 43,549</u>

For the year ending December 31,

2024	\$	2,558
2025		3,037
2026		1,560
2027		1,245
2028		—
	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,400</u>

5.7. Accrued expenses Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following as of the periods presented:

	September 30,		December 31,		March 31,	December 31,	
	2023	2022	2022	2023		2023	2023
Accrued service provider costs	\$ 9,369	\$ 5,461		\$ 3,349	\$ 3,349	\$ 4,988	
Accrued compensation	552	1,054		3,432	3,432	4,888	
Accrued interest				1,066	1,066	907	
Accrued contract labor	484	2,400		737	737	548	
Credit card liabilities	650	100					
Contingent purchase consideration				3,796	3,796	4,617	
Accrued lender fees	2,320	—		8,482	8,482	—	
Accrued transaction costs	2,122	—					
Accrued VAT and income taxes				1,650	1,650	1,754	
Other accrued liabilities	2,706	4,107		4,181	4,181	4,572	

Total accrued expenses	\$ 18,203	\$ 13,122	\$ 26,693	\$ 22,274
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6.8. Debt arrangements Arrangements

The Company's debt arrangements consist of the following as of the periods presented:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
2021 convertible promissory notes with an interest rate of 10.0% per annum maturing June 30, 2024	\$ 39,957	\$ 39,957
Structural Capital term loan with an interest rate at the greater of 14.0% or the prime rate plus 7.5% per annum for the first \$14,000, 13.5% or the prime rate plus 7.0% for the remaining \$13,500; maturing on November 1, 2024 (see Note 12)	27,500	17,500
Highbridge Capital term loan with an interest rate ranging from 12%-13% per annum maturing on January 31, 2025 (see Note 12)	40,000	40,000
2022 convertible promissory notes with an interest rate of 15.0% per annum maturing June 30, 2024	30,000	30,000
2023 convertible promissory notes with an interest rate of 15.0% per annum maturing June 30, 2024	4,696	—
	142,153	127,457
Less: current portion	(74,653)	—
Less: debt issuance costs and discounts, long-term	(1,940)	(28,014)
Total long-term debt, net	\$ 65,560	\$ 99,443

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Structural Capital term loan with an interest rate at the greater of 13.5% or the prime rate plus 7%, maturing on January 1, 2025	\$ 10,000	\$ 27,500
Highbridge Capital term loan with an interest rate of 13% maturing on January 31, 2025	40,000	40,000
2022 convertible promissory notes with an interest rate of 15% per annum maturing on June 30, 2024	4,257	4,257
Total principal debt	\$ 54,257	\$ 71,757
Less: current portion	(54,257)	(4,257)
Less: debt issuance costs and discounts, long-term	—	(1,424)
Total long-term debt, net	\$ —	\$ 66,076

Structural Capital term loan Term Loan

On February 9, 2023 January 19, 2024, the Company executed the First Amendment to the Second Third Amended and Restated Loan Agreement (the "First Amendment" (as amended, the "Structural Loan Agreement") with a consortium led by lending affiliates of Structural Capital. Borrowings Capital ("Structural"). The maturity date under the First Amendment accrue interest monthly at the greater of 14.0% or 7.5% plus the prime rate (which can be no less than 3.25%) for the first \$14,000 outstanding, and the greater of 13.5% or 7.0% plus the prime rate (which can be no less than 3.25%) for the remaining \$3,500 outstanding. The scheduled maturity Structural Loan Agreement is

November January 1, 2024 2025. In connection with the third amendment and restatement of the Structural Loan Agreement (the "Third Amendment"), the Company agreed to join the Otonomo entities as guarantors and make other conforming changes to the agreement. In addition, the Company repaid \$17,500 of the term loan and paid \$6,053 in related fees.

The Third Amendment was accounted for as a result of the merger with Otonomo (see Note 12). Upon repayment, the First Amendment requires partial debt extinguishment and, accordingly, a final payment fee loss of \$340 1,405, a success fee was recognized in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of \$2,406, a restructuring fee of \$2,232, operations and an amendment fee of \$1,014 comprehensive income (loss). The Company is accreting these fees incurred and capitalized \$225 of costs related to the Structural Loan Agreement that will be amortized and charged to interest expense over the remaining term of the loan.

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Highbridge Capital Term Loan

On January 19, 2024, the First Company executed the Fourth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement (the "Fourth Amendment") with a consortium led by lending affiliates of Highbridge Capital Management, LLC ("Highbridge"). In connection with the Fourth Amendment, the success fee would be increased by \$656 upon Company agreed to join the occurrence of certain contingent events, including a merger transaction. Otonomo entities as guarantors and make other necessary conforming changes to the agreement. The Company concluded that this feature was not clearly and closely associated with the risk of the debt host instrument and has therefore been bifurcated and separately accounted for as a derivative financial instrument. The fair value of the derivative liability of \$492 was recorded separately from the term loan with an offsetting amount recorded as a debt discount. The debt discount is amortized over the remaining term of the term loan using the effective interest method.

The First Fourth Amendment was accounted for as a debt modification and, accordingly, no gain or loss was recognized.

On May 18, 2023, the The Company executed the Second Amendment to the Second Amended incurred and Restated Loan Agreement (the "Structural Second Amendment") which increased the term loan amount by capitalized \$10,000 341 ("Tranche 2"). Tranche 2 borrowings under the Structural Second Amendment accrue interest monthly at the greater of 13.5% or 7.0% plus the prime rate (which can be no less than 3.25%). Upon repayment, the Structural Second Amendment added \$400 to the repayment fee. All other terms remain unchanged from the First Amendment. In connection with the amendment, the \$492 derivative liability resulting from the First Amendment was written off and a new derivative liability of \$773 was established, and this derivative was remeasured to \$928 at September 30, 2023. The Structural Second Amendment was accounted for as a debt extinguishment and, accordingly, a \$4,913 gain was recognized. The gain resulted from the write-off of accrued lender fees, deferred financing fees, debt discounts, and a derivative liability, all costs related to the Structural term loan.

In connection with the Structural Second Fourth Amendment the Company issued warrants to purchase Common Stock in an aggregate amount of \$500 with an exercise price of \$0.90 per share expiring on May 18, 2033. The number of shares issued is based on Warrant Coverage, which is defined as a dollar value divided by the price factor at the time the warrant is exercised, as defined in the agreement. The fair value of these warrants was determined to that will be de minimis.

Highbridge Capital term loan

On February 9, 2023, the Company executed the Second Amendment to Loan amortized and Security Agreement (the "Highbridge Second Amendment") with a consortium led by Highbridge Capital Management, LLC. The Highbridge Second Amendment limits the commitment amount to \$40,000. Borrowings under the 2023 Amended Highbridge Term Loan accrue interest at a rate of 12.0% through June 2023, increasing to 13.0% through maturity, and payments are made quarterly in arrears. The scheduled maturity is January 31, 2025 as a result of the merger with Otonomo (see Note 12). Upon repayment, the loan requires a first amendment fee of \$2,319, a second amendment fee of \$3,000, and a consent fee of \$4,639. The Company is accreting these fees charged to interest expense over the remaining term of the loan. The Highbridge Second Amendment was accounted for as a debt modification and, accordingly, no gain or loss was recognized.

On May 18, 2023, the Company executed the Third Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement (the "Third Amendment") with a consortium led by Highbridge Capital Management, LLC. The Third Amendment amended the definition of "Permitted Indebtedness" as a result of the Structural Second Amendment and added an amendment fee of \$400.

Convertible promissory notes

On February 9, 2023, the Company executed amendments with twelve holders of the 2022 convertible promissory notes. The amendments include an additional settlement feature that provides for automatic conversion of the notes upon consummation of an approved acquisition and related public listing of Common Stock on a nationally recognized exchange at a price per share equal to 65% of the total equity value, as defined in the amendment, divided by the Company capitalization immediately prior to the acquisition. The amendments were accounted for as a modification and, accordingly, no gain or loss was recognized.

In April and May 2023, the Company issued approximately \$4,700 in convertible promissory notes ("2023 Convertible Notes"). Simple interest accrues on the 2023 Convertible Notes at the rate of 15% per annum, and all principal and unpaid interest is due and payable on June 30, 2024. Prepayment of the notes is only allowed with the consent of the majority of the noteholders.

The 2023 Convertible Notes can settle as follows:



- (i) *Optional conversion into Series C preferred stock.* At any time upon the election of the noteholder, the outstanding principal of the 2023 Convertible Notes and any unpaid accrued interest shall convert into shares of the Company's Series C convertible preferred stock at a conversion price per share equal to the lesser of \$3.66191, or the Cap Price (defined as \$380,000 divided by the Company's capitalization).
- (ii) *Optional conversion in an Equity Financing.* If the Company sells shares of preferred stock ("Equity Financing", as such term is defined in the 2023 Convertible Notes agreement), then the holders have the option to convert the outstanding principal amount and any unpaid accrued interest into shares of the series of convertible preferred stock issued in the

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Equity Financing at a price per share equal to the lesser of (i) 0.70 multiplied by the per share price paid by the cash investors in the Equity Financing, or (ii) the Cap Price.

- (iii) *Approved Acquisition and Direct Listing.* Upon an Approved Acquisition and a Direct Listing, as defined in the 2023 Convertible Notes agreement, the outstanding principal and interest will automatically convert into Common Stock at a price per share equal to 80% of the quotient obtained by dividing the (i) Total Equity Value by (ii) the Company capitalization immediately prior to the consummation of the Approved Acquisition. The Total Equity Value means the lesser of (i) \$271,000, plus the Company's cash and cash equivalents and less certain debt (as defined in the agreement), and (ii) the Aggregate Valuation in the Approved Acquisition, plus the Company's cash and cash equivalents and less certain debt (as defined in the agreement).
- (iv) *Company Sale.* If the Company consummates a sale of the Company while the 2023 Convertible Notes are outstanding, the Company will repay the holders in cash in an amount equal to 300% of the outstanding principal amount of the notes plus any unpaid accrued interest.

The Company concluded that certain settlement features of the 2023 Convertible Notes were determined to not be clearly and closely associated with the risk of the debt host instrument and have therefore been bifurcated and separately accounted for as derivative financial instruments. The Company will remeasure the fair market value of the derivative liability at each balance sheet date and recognize any change in Other income (expense), net in the condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Company determined the measurement of its derivative liabilities to be a Level 3 fair value measurement based on management's estimate of the expected future cash flows required to settle the liabilities. The Company determined the fair value of the derivative liability related to the 2023 Convertible Notes to be \$55 upon issuance. The fair value of the derivative liability was recorded separately from the convertible notes with an offsetting amount recorded as a debt discount to be amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method. The fair value of the derivative liability at September 30, 2023 was \$1,075.

7.9. Stock-based compensation Compensation

Equity plans

The Company has a 2013 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), under which it may grant incentive stock options, non-statutory stock options, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, and stock appreciation rights to selected employees, directors and consultants. In February 2023, the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") approved an increase in the number of shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the Plan by 698,675 shares. The Company has 771,680 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the Plan as of September 30, 2023. The Plan is administered by the Board, which determines the terms of options, including exercise price, the number of shares subject to the options, the vesting schedule, and the terms and conditions of the exercise. Plans

On June 16, 2023, the Board approved the 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2023 Plan"), which will become effective upon the filing of the Company's Form 8-A with the SEC on October 18, 2023. The 2023 Plan provides for the granting of stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance units and performance shares to employees, directors and consultants and any of the Company's future subsidiary corporations' employees and consultants. 1,383,197 shares of Common Stock were initially reserved for issuance pursuant to the 2023 Plan and will be subject to an annual increase, and on January 1, 2024, the 2023 Plan was increased by 553,278 shares. As of March 31, 2024, 1,691,121 shares of Common Stock were reserved under the 2023 Plan for future equity award grants.

On June 16, 2023, the Company's Board approved the 2023 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), which was effective upon approval. The ESPP allows for the sale of 221,311 shares of Common Stock to eligible employees within established offering periods with certain limitations on participation by individual employees and is subject to an annual increase. On January 1, 2024, the ESPP was increased by

Stock options 110,655 shares.

There were no stock options stock-based awards granted during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023. As of September 30, 2023, there were March 31, 2024 or 2023.

726,261 11

shares available for future grants under the Plan.

Stock-based Compensation Expense

The Company accounts for all stock-based payment awards made to employees, directors and advisors based on their fair value of stock options is recognized as values and recognizes compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the vesting periods. During period using the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, straight-line method over the Company recognized requisite service period for each award as required by FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic No. 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*.

Non-cash stock-based compensation expense related to stock options and restricted stock units was recorded in the condensed consolidated financial statements as follows:⁶⁹

and \$110, respectively. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized compensation expense related to stock options of \$222 and \$411, respectively.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2024	2023
Cost of revenue	\$ 3	\$ —
Research and development	118	23
Sales and marketing	86	6
Operations and support	39	10
General and administrative	472	38
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$ 718	\$ 77

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8.10. Income taxes Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes as required by FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") ASC Topic No. 740, *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). This Topic ASC 740 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement process for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Topic ASC 740 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The Topic ASC 740 requires an entity to recognize the financial statement impact of a tax position when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination. The amount recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that is greater than fifty percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. In addition, the Topic ASC 740 permits an entity to recognize interest and penalties related to tax uncertainties as either income tax expense or operating expenses. The Company has chosen to recognize interest and penalties related to tax uncertainties as income tax expense.

The Company assesses whether a valuation allowance should be recorded against its deferred tax assets based on the consideration of all available evidence, using a "more likely than not" realization standard. The four sources of taxable income that must be considered in determining whether deferred tax assets will be realized are: (1) future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences (i.e., offset of gross deferred tax liabilities against gross deferred tax assets); (2) taxable income in prior carryback years, if carryback is permitted under the applicable tax law; (3) tax planning strategies; and (4) future taxable income exclusive of reversing temporary differences and carryforwards.

In assessing whether a valuation allowance is required, significant weight is to be given to evidence that can be objectively verified. A significant factor in the Company's assessment is the Company's three-year cumulative **operating loss**. These facts, combined with uncertain near-term market and economic conditions, reduced the Company's ability to rely on projections of future taxable income in assessing the realizability of its deferred tax assets. After a review of the four sources of taxable income as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, and after consideration of the Company's cumulative loss position as of **December 31, 2022** **December 31, 2023**, the Company will continue to **fully** reserve its U.S.-based deferred tax amounts as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**.

9. Related-party transactions

During 2018, the Company entered into a service agreement with a shareholder to provide scheduled long-distance towing or transport services under a recall program for vehicles not in warranty of the shareholder's roadside assistance program in the United States. In 2019, the Company entered into a separate agreement with the same shareholder to provide emergency roadside assistance for the shareholder's customers related to its four vehicle brands in the United States. Total revenue recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$7,487 and \$6,558, respectively. Total revenue recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$21,865 and \$18,797, respectively. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, \$2,479 and \$4,151, respectively, of revenue related to these agreements was included in accounts receivable on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During 2018, the Company entered into a service agreement with a shareholder to provide services to its managed fleet maintenance customers. The services include primary towing roadside assistance and non-tow services including jump starts, tire change, lockout services and emergency fuel delivery. For the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, total revenue recognized under the fleet agreement amounted to \$2,945 and \$3,057, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022,

total revenue recognized under the fleet agreement amounted to \$9,073 and \$8,877, respectively. Also in 2019, the Company entered into a separate service agreement with the same shareholder. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will provide emergency roadside assistance for the shareholder's customers related to its car rental brands in the United States. Total revenue recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 under the rental agreement amounted to \$8,112 and \$8,488, respectively. Total revenue recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 under the rental agreement amounted to \$22,377 and \$20,775, respectively. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, \$5,371 and \$5,924, respectively, of revenue related to these agreements was included in accounts receivable on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During 2020, the Company entered into a service agreement with a shareholder. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will provide emergency roadside assistance for the shareholder's customers related to its two vehicle brands in the United States and Canada. Total revenue recognized for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$1,471 and \$1,781 respectively. Total revenue recognized for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$6,939 and \$9,150, respectively. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, \$2,286 and \$2,882, respectively, of revenue related to these agreements was included in accounts receivable on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

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10.11. Commitments and contingencies Contingencies

Litigation

The Company from time to time may be involved in various claims and legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management that there are no unresolved claims and litigation in which the Company is currently involved that will materially affect the financial position or operations of the Company.

11.12. Leases

The Company leases office space, equipment and furniture, and certain office space is subleased. Management determines if a contract is a lease at the inception of the arrangement and reviews all options to extend, terminate, or purchase its right-of-use assets at the inception of the lease and accounts for these options when they are reasonably certain of being exercised.

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Leases with an initial term of greater than twelve months are recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company's lease contracts generally do not provide a readily determinable implicit rate. For these contracts, the estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on information available at the inception of the lease.

Operating lease cost consists of the following:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	September 30,		September 30,		2024	
	2023	2022	2023	2022		2023
Lease cost	\$ 296	\$ 305	\$ 880	\$ 895	\$ 300	\$ 296
Sublease income	(69)	(69)	(206)	(187)	(69)	(69)
Total lease cost	\$ 227	\$ 236	\$ 674	\$ 708	\$ 231	\$ 227

The maturity remaining maturities of operating lease liabilities is presented in the following table as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024:

2023	\$ 238		
2024	757	\$	700
2025	618		809
2026	635		827

2027		458	617
2028			59
Thereafter		—	59
Total lease payments		2,706	3,071
Less imputed interest		(396)	(504)
Present value of lease liabilities	\$ 2,310	\$ 2,567	

Additional information relating to the Company's operating leases follows:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	3.6	4.2	3.6	3.8
Weighted average discount rate	8.8%	8.6%	10.2%	10.1%

12.13. Subsequent events Events

The Company considers events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued to provide additional evidence relative to certain estimates or to identify matters that require additional disclosure. The following events were event was noted:

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Otonomo Merger

On October 19, 2023, During the second quarter of 2024, the Company completed its acquisition of Otonomo continued actions to eliminate redundant employees resulting in accordance with the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 9, 2023 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among the Company, Otonomo, and U.O. Odyssey Merger Sub Ltd. ("Merger Sub"), in which Merger Sub merged with and into Otonomo, with Otonomo surviving as a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that will continue to be governed by Israeli law (the "Merger").

At the time at which the Merger became effective pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement (the "Effective Time"), the Company issued an aggregate decrease of 5,435,568 shares of its Common Stock to former Otonomo shareholders based on an exchange ratio of employees, or approximately 0.51756 shares of Common Stock for each Otonomo ordinary share (excluding shares owned by Otonomo subsidiaries and shares to be canceled pursuant to the Merger Agreement) (the "Exchange Ratio").

In addition, each outstanding restricted share unit award relating to Otonomo ordinary shares (an "Otonomo RSU") granted under Otonomo's 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Otonomo Plan") was assumed by the Company on the same terms and conditions as applied to the Otonomo RSU award immediately prior to the Effective Time and settled into a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the product obtained by multiplying (i) the number of Otonomo ordinary shares subject to the Otonomo RSU award immediately prior to the Effective Time by (ii) the Exchange Ratio. Such assumed Otonomo RSUs continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of the Otonomo Plan. Upon the closing of the Merger, the Company assumed the Otonomo Plan.

Immediately following the Merger, the Company's existing securityholders owned 60.312% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis and Otonomo's securityholders owned approximately 39.7% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis.

In connection with the Merger, the Company executed amendments with 37 holders of the 2022 convertible promissory notes with terms consistent with those described in Note 6. Additionally, all of the 2021 and 2023 convertible notes, 86% of the 2022 convertible notes, and substantially all of the outstanding warrants were converted to shares of the Company's Common Stock.

In accordance with the terms of the Structural Capital and Highbridge Capital term loans, the closing of the Merger triggered extensions of the maturity dates to November 1, 2024 and January 31, 2025, respectively. Therefore, the net debt and related embedded derivative liability associated with the term loans has been classified as long-term in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet total employees as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024.

Warrant Amendments

In connection with the Merger, on October 16, 2023, the Company entered into agreements to amend and restate all outstanding warrants held by Structural Capital. The warrants provided for warrant coverage that was variable based on the occurrence of certain events or calculated as a percentage of the Company's outstanding capitalization, and each warrant was amended and restated to, among other things, revise the calculations for determining the number of shares exercisable under the warrants to provide for a fixed share count that reflected the Merger and the transactions contemplated thereby.

In addition, on October 18, 2023, the Company entered into agreements to amend and restate all outstanding warrants to purchase shares of the Company's Common Stock with the Highbridge Capital consortium. The warrants provided for warrant coverage that was calculated as a percentage of the Company's outstanding capitalization, and each

warrant was amended and restated to, among other things, revise the calculations for determining the number of shares exercisable under the warrants to provide for a fixed share count that reflected the Merger and the transactions contemplated thereby, and to provide for automatic net exercise of the warrants in connection with the closing of the Merger and consummation of the transactions contemplated thereby.

Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation

On October 19, 2023, the Company amended its Certificate of Incorporation to adjust its number of authorized shares of stock to the following: (i) 1,000,000,000 shares of Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, and (ii) 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share.¹³

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes to those statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following discussion and analysis contains historical financial information and forward-looking statements regarding our expectations of future performance, liquidity and capital resources, our plans, estimates, beliefs and expectations that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Our actual results and timing of selected events may differ materially from those anticipated or implied in these forward-looking statements as a result of many factors, including those discussed in the sections titled "Risk Factors" and "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

We are a leading connected mobility assistance software platform, matching vehicle owners and operators with service professionals who deliver traditional roadside assistance, proactive maintenance and repair services. The traditional experience of a vehicle breakdown is often stressful and inconvenient for stranded drivers, compounded by processes that lack transparency and lead to long wait times. We offer an innovative alternative to this traditional experience, leveraging our digitally native software platform **that matches to match supply and demand in our network to and** deliver exceptional mobility assistance experiences at scale.

We offer a digitally native software platform that combines location-based services, real-time data, AI and machine-to-machine communication to deliver quick, safe and innovative roadside assistance services for leading brands across the automotive and insurance industries, and other transportation-focused verticals. We collect signals from distressed vehicles and match those needs with local roadside assistance professionals to create a connected service network. Our platform enables our partners to deliver exceptional user experiences that drive high customer satisfaction and loyalty. With **55** **57** Customer Partners and more than **67,000** **71,000** participating Service Provider vehicle drivers in our network as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, we deliver innovative, transparent and exceptional connected mobility assistance experiences at scale.

We generate **the significant majority** **substantially all** of our revenue from our Customer Partners, who contract with us to fulfill roadside assistance service requests for **vehicle owners and operators ("Consumers")**. **Consumers** **we connect Consumers with nearby mobile repair, towing and maintenance service professionals ("Service Providers")**, **Providers** who provide the requested roadside assistance. We enter into multi-year contracts with our Customer Partners, which are typically three years, and we generate revenue on a per-incident basis, including negotiated rates customized for each Customer Partner. We also generate revenue from Customer Partner membership programs, which are typically offered to Consumers through an out-of-warranty vehicle maintenance program or bundled with other subscription membership offerings, on a fixed fee basis. We recognize subscription revenue from our Customer Partner membership programs ratably over the term of service, which is typically one year. We also offer our platform as a SaaS solution to enable certain of our Customer Partners' roadside assistance services. We anticipate that the **Merger and anticipated** integration of Otonomo's Mobility Platform will further enhance the customer service experience for Consumers on our platform by improving data capabilities, features, and data ingest capacity. We recognize revenue from our SaaS offering ratably over the life of the contract, which is typically one to three years. We make payments to our Service Providers on a per-job basis, typically within three weeks from job completion.

Our Sales and Partner Management Department works closely with our Customer Partners to ensure that Consumers receive an exceptional assistance experience, and we have a strong track record in Customer Partner retention. Consumer satisfaction with our platform and the reliability of our service. Prospective Customer Partners typically engage us for a pilot program and enter into a multi-year contract once they are satisfied with our platform's performance. As Customer Partner contracts expire, we typically undergo a request-for-proposal process for each contract renewal. While we employ a targeted marketing program, many of our new Customer Partners are referred to us by satisfied existing Customer Partners.

Otonomo Merger

On October 19, 2023, we completed the acquisition of Otonomo Technologies Ltd. ("Otonomo") in accordance with the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 9, 2023 (the "Merger Agreement"), by and among the Company, Otonomo, and U.O Odyssey Merger Sub Ltd., a company organized under the laws of the State of Israel and a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Merger Sub"), pursuant to which and subject to the terms and conditions thereof, Merger Sub merged with and into Otonomo, with Otonomo surviving as a direct wholly owned subsidiary of the Company that will continue to be governed by Israeli law (the "Merger").

At the time at which the Merger became effective pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement (the "Effective Time"), upon the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement, we issued an aggregate of 5,435,568 shares of our Common Stock to former Otonomo shareholders, based on an exchange ratio of 0.51756 shares of Common Stock for each Otonomo ordinary.

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share (excluding shares owned by Otonomo subsidiaries and shares to be canceled pursuant to the Merger Agreement) (the "Exchange Ratio").

In addition, each outstanding restricted share unit award relating to Otonomo ordinary shares (an "Otonomo RSU") granted under Otonomo's 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Otonomo Plan") was assumed by the Company on the same terms and conditions as applied to the Otonomo RSU award immediately prior to the Effective Time and settled into a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the product obtained by multiplying (i) the number of Otonomo ordinary shares subject to the Otonomo RSU award immediately prior to the Effective Time by (ii) the Exchange Ratio. Such assumed Otonomo RSUs continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of the Otonomo Plan. Upon the closing of the Merger, the Company assumed the Otonomo Plan.

Immediately following the Merger, our existing securityholders owned 60.3% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis and Otonomo's securityholders owned approximately 39.7% of the combined company on a fully diluted basis.

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

New Customer Partner Acquisition

Our ability to add and retain Customer Partners is a key factor in our ability to generate new revenue, grow existing accounts, improve margins and push towards profitability. We attract enterprises seeking frictionless, digital roadside assistance solutions for Consumers with our emphasis on a well-designed and easy-to-use interface. Due to the relative concentration of the mobility assistance market, new Customer Partner acquisition can result in significant expansion of our footprint within the market.

We believe the continued focus on exceptional Consumer experiences will continue to drive demand for our platform and broaden our number of Customer Partners. Historically, our ability to engage new Customer Partners has been limited primarily by our ability to effectively service the existing demand. However, as our Service Provider network grows and our support capabilities are streamlined and automated, we anticipate that our platform capabilities will also grow to meet the demands of new Customer Partners. We have been successful in retaining our Customer Partners once they have initially adopted our platform, other than with respect to one

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Customer Partner that accounted for approximately 25% of our revenue in 2023, which did not renew its agreement with us when the existing contract expired by its terms on January 31, 2024.

Continued Investment in Innovation

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to sustain innovation and maintain a competitive advantage in the verticals in which we operate and expand to meet new and evolving needs in roadside and mobility assistance. We believe that the emerging need for mobility assistance is a transformational opportunity that will bridge historically siloed and fragmented industries including insurance, collision, vehicle sales and service, the automotive aftermarket and logistics. These market transformations are creating new opportunities for roadside assistance providers to extend services into adjacent markets to increase revenue opportunities. We believe that our platform is differentiated from other offerings and has broad applicability to a variety of use cases, and we will continue to invest in developing and enhancing platform features and functionality to further extend adoption of our platform. We expect to continue to invest in research and development efforts to broaden the functionality of our platform, improve the value of our offering to our Customer Partners, and incorporate additional offerings. We will also continue to evaluate from time to time, strategic opportunities to acquire or invest in businesses, offerings, technologies or talent that we believe could complement or expand our platform, enhance our technical capabilities, or otherwise provide potential growth opportunities.

Investing in Business Growth

Our ability to support our existing Customer Partners and engage with new Customer Partners is impacted by our ability to rapidly scale and expand. Historically, we have been resource constrained and unable to commit to technology improvements because of our incremental funding history. We are now focused on investing in our proprietary

technology, machine learning and data analytics models in order to streamline and digitize the high-touch aspects of our operations. These investments will enable us to optimize our Service Provider supply models, calibrate Service Provider pricing and streamline our operational processes. Our ability to manage expenses, and to effectively invest our resources to enable a better Consumer experience, will impact our operating results and future profitability.

While we **had** embarked on an aggressive growth plan in early 2022, as a result of the adverse macro-economic environment we pivoted to a more judicious staffing model. In addition, due to staffing challenges in the United States caused by the pandemic and government stimulus payments coupled with remote work, and to maintain reliable and high-quality service, **during 2022 and 2023**, we migrated portions of our customer support representatives to more cost-effective alternatives (this migration together with our judicious staffing model, the "Realignment"). As we maintain our priorities, we expect our operating expenses to decrease in the short term relative to historical periods but increase over the longer term as we continue our targeted investments in growth. Although operating expenses **will** **may** increase, based on the Realignment actions, we expect leverage with our operating expenses, resulting in a lower operating expense as a percentage of revenue metric.

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In the first quarter of 2024, we capitalized \$1.6 million in costs associated with internal development of our technology platform and Customer Partner implementations and expect to invest an additional \$2.5 million to \$4.5 million during the remainder of 2024.

Seasonality

We experience seasonality in monetization on our platform. Historically, we generate higher levels of roadside assistance service requests during the summer and winter, when a greater proportion of Consumers are traveling for holidays. Particularly as we continue to adjust to the travel patterns in the post COVID-19 pandemic era, such seasonality may be more pronounced in the future or different altogether.

We have also experienced increased roadside assistance service requests during periods of economic downturn. During these times Consumers may be less likely to allocate resources to vehicle maintenance, and we have observed that delaying vehicle maintenance typically increases the likelihood of a vehicle breakdown.

Key Business Metrics

We regularly monitor a number of operating metrics, including the following key metrics, in order to measure our current performance and estimate our future performance.

Consumer Ratings

Exceptional Consumer service is a cornerstone of our business. We measure Consumer sentiment through a variety of surveys but primarily measure completed jobs on a 1-to-5-star scale, with a 5 star being the highest. We have historically averaged 4.5 out of 5

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stars. We are proud of how highly Consumers rate their service experiences with us given the fact that no one aspires to have a breakdown. It's often stressful, nearly always unexpected, and often unsafe. Our aspirational goal is 100% Consumer satisfaction. We use Consumer ratings to improve the service experience by improving networks, technology, and training. For the three **and** **nine** months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, our consumer satisfaction score ("CSAT") was **4.5** **4.6**.

Number of Dispatches

We believe that our ability to increase the number of dispatches is an indicator of our Customer Partner penetration, the growth of our business and potential future business opportunities. We define the number of dispatches as the number of completed service requests in a given period. Number of dispatches has increased over time as we have added new Customer Partners, retained and expanded usage by existing Customer Partners and expanded complimentary product offerings. As our Customer Partner base grows and usage of our platform expands, we do not expect to continue to grow at the same year-over-year rate. Additionally, we expect the number of dispatches to fluctuate as seasonality is reflected on a period-over-period basis, as the summer and winter months typically contain more Consumer travel and roadside assistance events.

For the three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** and **2022, 2023**, we completed approximately **290,000** **231,000** dispatches and **340,000** dispatches, respectively. For the nine months ended **September 30, 2023** and **2022**, we completed approximately **879,000** dispatches and **958,000** **319,000** dispatches, respectively.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to our financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, we believe the following non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance. We use the following non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate our ongoing operations and for internal planning and forecasting purposes. We believe that the non-GAAP financial measures, when taken together with the corresponding GAAP financial measures, may be helpful to investors because they provide consistency and

comparability with past financial performance and meaningful supplemental information regarding our performance by excluding certain items that may not be indicative of our business, results of operations, or outlook. The non-GAAP financial measures are presented for supplemental informational purposes only, have limitations as analytical tools, and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial information presented in accordance with GAAP and may be different from similarly-titled non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. In addition, other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate similarly-titled non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures as a tool for comparison. A reconciliation is provided below for each non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable financial measure stated in accordance with GAAP. Investors are encouraged to review the related GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to our most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, and not to rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business.

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Non-GAAP Operating Expenses

We define non-GAAP operating expenses as operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization expense, stock-based compensation expense, and non-recurring charges (or income) such as transaction and restructuring costs. We use non-GAAP operating expenses in conjunction with GAAP financial measures as part of our overall assessment of our performance, including the preparation of our annual operating budget and quarterly forecasts, to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies, and to communicate with our **the Board of Directors (the "Board")** concerning our financial performance.

The following table provides a reconciliation of non-GAAP operating expenses to the most comparable GAAP measure, operating expenses, for each of the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	September 30,		September 30,		2024		2023	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Operating expenses	\$ 15,026	\$ 19,188	\$ 50,001	\$ 56,880	\$	17,699	\$	19,567
Less: Depreciation and amortization expense	(64)	(77)	(198)	(221)		(1,102)		(72)
Less: Stock-based compensation expense	(69)	(110)	(222)	(411)		(718)		(77)
Less: Non-recurring transaction costs	(1,970)	(120)	(8,449)	(1,339)		(726)		(4,723)
Less: Restructuring costs	(201)	(427)	(337)	(1,054)		(699)		(25)
Non-GAAP operating expenses	<u>\$ 12,722</u>	<u>\$ 18,454</u>	<u>\$ 40,795</u>	<u>\$ 53,855</u>	\$	<u>14,454</u>	\$	<u>14,670</u>

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Non-GAAP Operating Loss

We define non-GAAP operating loss as operating loss, excluding depreciation and amortization expense, stock-based compensation expense, and non-recurring charges (or income) such as transaction and restructuring costs. We use non-GAAP operating loss in conjunction with GAAP financial measures as part of our overall assessment of our performance, including the preparation of our annual operating budget and quarterly forecasts, to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies, and to communicate with our Board concerning our financial performance.

The following table provides a reconciliation of non-GAAP operating loss to the most comparable GAAP measure, operating loss, for each of the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended March 31,			
	September 30,		September 30,		2024		2023	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	

Operating loss	\$ (5,848)	\$ (13,132)	\$ (22,304)	\$ (45,127)	\$ (8,348)	\$	(10,308)
Add: Depreciation and amortization expense	64	77	198	221	1,102		72
Add: Stock-based compensation expense	69	110	222	411	718		77
Add: Non-recurring transaction costs	1,970	120	8,449	1,339	726		4,723
Add: Restructuring costs	201	427	337	1,054	699		25
Non-GAAP operating loss	<u>\$ (3,544)</u>	<u>\$ (12,398)</u>	<u>\$ (13,098)</u>	<u>\$ (42,102)</u>	<u>\$ (5,103)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>(5,411)</u>

Components of Results of Operations

Revenue

We generate substantially all of our revenues from roadside assistance services ("RAS") initiated through our software platform primarily in the United States and Canada. We contract with Customer Partners to provide the outsourced delivery for all or portions of their roadside assistance plans for Consumers. We manage the entire RAS process after receiving the initial motorist distress call or web-based request through final disposition. We currently operate under two different service models for our Customer Partners: (i) full-service outsourcing RAS-flat rate and (ii) full-service outsourcing RAS-claim cost pass-through.

- *Full-service outsourcing of RAS-flat rate.* In connection with our full-service flat-rate arrangements, we negotiate fixed rates with subcontract Service Providers and charge Customer Partners or Consumers fixed rates based on each service provided (per tow, per jump start, etc.) As a result, we record these revenues on a gross basis and the costs related are recorded as part of cost of service. We recognize these revenues over time.

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- *Full-service outsourcing of RAS-claim cost pass-through.* In connection with our full-service claim cost pass-through arrangements, we negotiate a flat dispatch fee directly with our Customer Partners which is combined with the variable cost of subcontracted services. We act as an agent in these transactions and record only the flat dispatch fee as revenue. We recognize these revenues over time.

For additional discussion related to our revenue, see Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Revenue Recognition" and Note 4 "Revenue" to our audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 contained in the Final Prospectus, Annual Report.

Cost of revenue

Cost of revenue, exclusive of depreciation and amortization, consists primarily of fees paid to Service Providers. Other costs included in cost of revenue are specifically the technology hosting and platform-related costs, certain personnel costs related to direct call center support to Consumers as part of platform authentication, and amortization of costs to fulfill.

Gross profit

Gross profit represents revenue less cost of revenue, and gross margin is gross profit expressed as a percentage of revenue. Our gross margin may fluctuate from period to period as our revenue fluctuates and has been and will continue to be affected by various factors, including mix of services provided, Customer Partner pricing and Service Provider costs. We expect our gross profit to increase and our gross margin to increase modestly over the long term due to platform enhancements resulting in more cost effective and competitive Service Provider costs, although our gross margins could fluctuate from period to period depending on the interplay between the factors described above.

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Research and development

Research and development expenses primarily consist of compensation expenses, including equity-based compensation, for engineering, product development, product management and design employees, expenses associated with ongoing improvements to, and maintenance of, our platform offerings and other technology. Research and development expense also includes software expenses and technology consulting fees.

Sales and marketing Marketing

Sales and marketing expenses primarily consist of compensation expenses, including equity-based compensation, in support of new business capture, partner management and marketing such as commissions, salaries, and related benefits. Sales and marketing expense also includes expenses associated with advertising, promotions of our services, Partner advocacy management and brand-building.

Operations and support Support

Operations and support expenses primarily consist of compensation expenses, including equity-based compensation, in support of customer support operations such as salaries, related benefits, contractors we use to manage customer support workload and related technology costs to support such operations. Operations and support expenses also include expenses associated with Service Provider network management.

General and administrative Administrative

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of compensation expenses, including equity-based compensation and related benefits for our executive, finance, human resources, information technology, legal and other personnel performing administrative functions. General and administrative expense also includes corporate office rent expense, third-party professional fees, public company **readiness** expenses and any other cost or expense incurred not deemed to be related to cost of revenue, sales and marketing expense, research and development expense, or operations and support expense.

Depreciation and amortization Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses primarily consist of depreciation of capitalized property, equipment and software and amortization of acquired finite-lived intangible assets.

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Other income (expense) Income (Expense), net

Other income (expense), net primarily includes the following items:

- Interest expense, which consists primarily of interest expense associated with our outstanding debt, including accretion of debt discount and **lender fees and amortization** of debt financing costs.
- Interest income, which consists primarily of interest earned on cash equivalents, **in money market accounts, short-term deposits and marketable securities**.
- Change in fair value of derivative liability, which represents gains or losses resulting from fluctuations in the fair value of embedded derivative liabilities associated with convertible notes.
- Change in fair value of warrant liability, which represents gains or losses resulting from fluctuations in the fair value of warrant liabilities.
- **Change in fair value of accrued purchase consideration, which represents gains or losses resulting from fluctuations in the fair value of accrued purchase consideration**
- Warrant expense, which represents the fair value of warrants issued during the period for warrants classified as liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.
- Foreign currency exchange gains (losses), net, which relate primarily to the exchange rate differences arising from the settlement of transactions in foreign currencies than our **Canadian subsidiary's international subsidiaries'** functional currency of the U.S. dollar.

Provision for Income Taxes

Income tax expense or benefit is related to the provision for federal, state, and foreign taxes imposed upon our results of operations.

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Results of Operations

The following table is a summary of our condensed consolidated statements of operations data for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
2023	2022	2023	2022
(in thousands)			

Total revenue	\$ 46,047	\$ 52,134	\$ 139,602	\$ 135,623
Cost of revenue	36,869	46,078	111,905	123,870
Gross profit	9,178	6,056	27,697	11,753
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	3,667	4,552	11,077	12,951
Sales and marketing	899	1,431	2,846	4,275
Operations and support	5,418	9,976	18,665	28,918
General and administrative	4,978	3,152	17,215	10,515
Depreciation and amortization	64	77	198	221
Total operating expenses	15,026	19,188	50,001	56,880
Operating loss	(5,848)	(13,132)	(22,304)	(45,127)
Other expense, net	(23,004)	(9,925)	(30,716)	(17,638)
Loss before income taxes	(28,852)	(23,057)	(53,020)	(62,765)
Provision for income taxes	—	—	—	—
Net loss	(28,852)	(23,057)	(53,020)	(62,765)

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	Three Months Ended March 31,		2023	
	2024	(in thousands)		
Total revenue	\$ 40,092	\$ 49,578		
Cost of revenue	30,741	40,319		
Gross profit	9,351	9,259		
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	4,243	3,742		
Sales and marketing	2,019	1,072		
Operations and support	4,321	7,201		
General and administrative	6,014	7,480		
Depreciation and amortization	1,102	72		
Total operating expenses	17,699	19,567		
Operating loss	(8,348)	(10,308)		
Other expense, net	(4,628)	(7,440)		
Loss before income taxes	(12,976)	(17,748)		
Provision for income taxes	39	—		
Net loss	\$ (13,015)	\$ (17,748)		

The following table is a summary of our condensed consolidated statements of operations data expressed as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		Three Months Ended March 31,		2023	
	September 30,		September 30,		2024			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2024	2023		
Total Revenue	100%	100%	100%	100%		100%	100%	
Total revenue					77%		81%	
Cost of revenue	80%	88%	80%	91%				
Gross margin	20%	12%	20%	9%	23%		19%	
Operating expenses:								
Research and development	8%	9%	8%	10%		11%	8%	
Sales and marketing	2%	3%	2%	3%		5%	2%	

Operations and support	12%	19%	13%	21%	11%	15%
General and administrative	11%	6%	12%	8%	15%	15%
Depreciation and amortization	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%
Total operating expenses	33%	37%	36%	42%	44%	39%
Operating loss	(13)%	(25)%	(16)%	(33)%	(21)%	(21)%
Other expense, net	(50)%	(19)%	(22)%	(13)%	(12)%	(15)%
Loss before income taxes	(63)%	(44)%	(38)%	(46)%	(32)%	(36)%
Provision for income taxes	—	—	—	—	0%	0%
Net loss	(63)%	(44)%	(38)%	(46)%	(32)%	(36)%

Comparison of the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022 2023

Revenue

Revenue decreased by **\$6.1 million** \$9.5 million, or **12% 19%**, to **\$46.0 million** \$40.1 million in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 from **\$52.1 million** \$49.6 million in the three months ended **September 30, 2022** March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily driven by the reduction in dispatch volume from the loss of one insurance Customer Partner along with our decision to shift focus away from certain less profitable activity and one auto manufacturer Customer Partner which resulted in a decrease in revenue of **\$7.7 million** \$13.7 million. This was offset by an increase in dispatch volume and rates charged to existing Customer Partners and **one two** new Customer Partner, which Partners (which accounted for an increase of \$2.6 million in revenue) and \$1.6 million in revenue. revenue from the Otonomo business.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue decreased by **\$9.2 million** \$9.6 million, or **20% 24%**, to **\$36.9 million** \$30.7 million in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 from **\$46.1 million** \$40.3 million in the three months ended **September 30, 2022** March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily related to an overall decline in dispatch volume resulting in **\$6.4 million** a \$10.6 million reduction in Service Provider fees and a small reduction in the average Service Provider fees compared to the prior period resulting in a \$0.7 million reduction, fees. The decrease in dispatch volume was primarily derived from due to the loss of one insurance

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Customer Partner and our decision to shift focus away from less profitable activity, one OEM Customer Partner, partially offset by increases in dispatch volume from our two new Customer Partner launches and from existing fleet management and auto manufacturer Customer Partners. In addition, as the business has moved away from partnerships that required first call support, first call and platform costs decreased by \$2.1 million \$1.0 million. These reductions were partially offset by \$0.8 million in cost of revenue attributed to the Otonomo business and an increase in average Service Provider fees compared to the prior period resulting in a \$1.2 million increase in cost of revenue during the period.

Gross Profit

Our gross profit for the three months ended **September 30, 2023** March 31, 2024 was **\$9.2 million** \$9.4 million, compared to **\$6.1 million** \$9.3 million for the three months ended **September 30, 2022** March 31, 2023. The slight increase was primarily driven by rate increases applied to Customer Partners and the decrease in first call costs, resulting in gross profit growth of **52% 1%** compared to a revenue decline of **12% 19%**.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

Research and development expense decreased increased by **\$0.9 million** \$0.5 million, or **19% 13%**, to **\$4.2 million** in the three months ended March 31, 2024 from \$3.7 million in the three months ended **September 30, 2023** from \$4.6 million in the three months ended **September 30, 2022** March 31, 2023. The decrease increase was primarily driven by the addition of Otonomo research and development expense of \$2.0 million and an investment in additional resources of \$0.3 million, offset by \$1.6 million in capitalized software and

Customer Partner implementation costs and a \$0.2 million reduction in employee and employee-related expenses of \$0.8 million. Consistent with the Realignment, research information technology platform expenses. Research and development employees were 79142 (of which 52 were related to Otonomo) and 8980 as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, research and development expense decreased increased by 1%, 3% to 11% in the three months ended March 31, 2024 from 8% in the three months ended September 30, 2023 from 9% in the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The decrease increase was primarily driven by the Realignment.

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addition of the Otonomo research and development expenses.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense decreased increased by \$0.5 million \$0.9 million, or 37% 88%, to \$0.9 million \$2.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from \$1.4 million \$1.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The decrease increase was primarily driven by the addition of Otonomo sales and marketing expense of \$1.1 million, offset by a decrease in employee and employee-related expenses of \$0.5 million \$0.2 million. Consistent with the Realignment, sales Sales and marketing employees were 2245 (of which 23 were related to Otonomo) and 3323 as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, sales and marketing expense decreased increased by 1%, 3% to 5% in the three months ended March 31, 2024 from 2% in the three months ended September 30, 2023 from 3% in the three months ended September 30, 2022, March 31, 2023. The increase was primarily driven by the Realignment, addition of the Otonomo sales and marketing expenses.

Operations and Support

Operations and support expense decreased by \$4.6 million \$2.9 million, or 46% 40%, to \$5.4 million \$4.3 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from \$10.0 million \$7.2 million in the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily related to the continued migration of a portion optimization of customer support representative resources from the United States to business process organizations located in Central and South America, processes resulting in a cost reduction of \$3.1 million; \$2.3 million, a reduction of employee-related costs resulting in a cost reduction of \$0.8 million; \$0.3 million, and overall lower net operating costs of \$0.6 million due to the Realignment and a reduction in overall spending related to business and information technology tools, \$0.3 million. Consistent with the Realignment, operations and support employees were 8082 and 120114 as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively, and full-time customer support representative employees were 630331 and 933535 as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, operations and support expense decreased by 7%, 4% to 12% 11% in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from 19% 15% in the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The decrease was primarily driven by customer support center transformation initiatives consistent with the Realignment.

General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased decreased by \$1.8 million \$1.5 million, or 58% 20%, to \$5.0 million \$6.0 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from \$3.2 million \$7.5 million in the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023. The increase decrease was primarily related to an increase the reduction in transaction-related expenses of \$1.9 million \$4.4 million in connection with the Merger, offset by the addition of Otonomo general and administrative expense of \$1.3 million, an increase in employee-related expenses of \$0.5 million, an increase in other professional services of \$0.1 million \$0.4 million, and higher business insurance costs of \$0.2 million, \$0.2 million in expenses related to being a public company, business tax expense of

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\$0.1 million, \$0.1 million based on the external insurance markets in bad debt expense, and enhanced coverage, offset by lower employee related expenses of \$0.3 million. Consistent with the Realignment, general \$0.1 million in information technology platform expense. General and administrative employees were 5361 (of which 14 were related to Otonomo) and 6258 as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 and 2022, 2023, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, general and administrative expense increased by 5%, to 11% remained flat at 15% for the three months ended September 30, 2023 from 6% March 31, 2024 compared to the same period in the three months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by transaction-related expenses in connection with the Merger, 2023.

Depreciation and amortization Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense remained relatively flat from increased by \$1.0 to \$1.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2022 to March 31, 2024 from less than \$0.1 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2023. The increase was due primarily to the amortization of intangible assets acquired in connection with the Merger in October 2023.

Other Expense, net

Other expense, net increased decreased by \$13.1 million \$2.8 million, or 38%, to \$23.0 million \$4.6 million in the three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 from \$9.9 million \$7.4 million in the three months ended September 30, 2022 March 31, 2023 due primarily to a \$4.1 million increase \$6.8 million decrease in interest expense and \$9.7 million as a result of a \$17.5 million payment on the Structural Loan Agreement, offset by a \$2.7 million net decrease in losses income resulting from changes in the fair values of derivative, warrant, and warrant liabilities, offset by \$0.7 million in warrant expense incurred in the third quarter of 2022.

Comparison of the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 and 2022

Revenue

Revenue increased by \$4.0 million, or 3%, to \$139.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$135.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. This increase was primarily driven by an increase in dispatch volume and rates charged to existing Customer Partners which accounted for an increase of \$8.3 million in revenue. Our fleet management (including car rental companies) and auto manufacturer Customer Partners generated both volume and rate increases driven by business growth and higher dispatch allocations. We also added six new Customer Partners in 2023 and 2022, which accounted for an increase of \$6.9 million in

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revenue during the comparable period. These increases were offset by lower Customer Partner dispatch volumes from one auto manufacturer Customer Partner (due to lower sales by the manufacturer) and one insurance Customer Partner along with our decision to shift focus away from certain less profitable activity which resulted in a decrease in revenue of \$11.2 million.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue decreased by \$12.0 million, or 10%, to \$111.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$123.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily related to an overall decline in dispatch volume resulting in a \$9.5 million reduction in Service Provider fees and a reduction in first call and platform costs in the amount of \$5.1 million as the business shifted away from partnerships that required first call support. The decrease was offset by an increase in higher average Service Provider fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 of \$2.6 million. The increase in average Service Provider fees is consistent with overall inflation and industry experiences.

Gross Profit

Our gross profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was \$27.7 million, compared to \$11.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by rate increases applied to Customer Partners, the decrease in Service Provider fees resulting from lower dispatch volumes, and the decrease in first call costs, all contributing to gross profit growth of 136% compared to revenue growth of 3%.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

Research and development expense decreased by \$1.9 million, or 14%, to \$11.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$13.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily driven by a reduction in employee and employee-related expenses of \$1.9 million. Consistent with the Realignment, research and development employees were 79 and 89 as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, research and development expense decreased by 2%, to 8% in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from 10% in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily driven by the Realignment.

Sales and Marketing

Sales and marketing expense decreased by \$1.4 million, or 33%, to \$2.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$4.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily driven by a decrease in employee and employee-related expenses of \$1.2 million and lower overall sales and marketing-related activities of \$0.2 million. Consistent with the Realignment, sales and marketing employees were 22 and 33 as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, sales and marketing expense decreased by 1%, to 2% in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from 3% in the nine months ended September 30, 2022, driven by the Realignment.

Operations and Support

Operations and support expense decreased by \$10.3 million, or 35%, to \$18.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$28.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily related to the continued migration of a portion of customer support representative resources from the United States to business process organizations located in Central and South America, resulting in a cost reduction of \$7.0 million; a reduction of employee-related costs resulting in a cost reduction of \$2.1 million; and lower net operating costs due to the Realignment and reduction in overall spending related to business and information technology tools, resulting in cost reductions of \$1.1 million. Consistent with the Realignment, operations and support employees were 80 and 120 as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and customer support representative full-time employees were 630 and 933 as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, operations and support expense decreased by 8%, to 13% in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from 21% in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The decrease was primarily driven by customer support center transformation initiatives consistent with the Realignment.

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General and Administrative

General and administrative expense increased by \$6.7 million, or 64%, to \$17.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$10.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily related to an increase in transaction-related expenses of \$7.1 million in connection with the Merger, an increase in other professional services in the amount of \$0.6 million, higher business insurance costs of \$0.4 million based on the external insurance markets and enhanced coverage, and an increase in bad debt expense of \$0.2 million, offset by lower employee-related expenses of \$1.7 million. Consistent with the Realignment, general and administrative employees were 53 and 62 as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

As a percentage of total revenue, general and administrative expense increased by 4%, to 12% in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from 8% in the nine months ended September 30, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by transaction-related expenses in connection with the Merger.

Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense remained relatively flat from the nine months ended September 30, 2022 to the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Other Expense, net

Other expense, net increased by \$13.1 million, or 74%, to \$30.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 from \$17.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2022 due primarily to a \$19.1 million increase in interest expense, offset by \$1.1 million in net gains resulting from changes in the fair values of derivative and warrant contingent consideration liabilities and a \$4.9 million gain \$1.4 million loss on the a partial debt extinguishment of the Structural Loan Agreement in the second first quarter of 2023 2024.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Due to our history of recurring losses from operations, negative cash flows from operations, and our dependency on debt and equity financing to fund operating shortfalls, management concluded that there is substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Refer to Note 1 "Organization" of our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In addition, our independent registered public accounting firm has included an explanatory paragraph in their audit report for the year ended December 31, 2022 December 31, 2023 as to the substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP, which contemplates that we will continue to operate as a going concern. Our interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain any adjustments that might result if we are unable to continue as a going concern.

As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, we had \$9.7 million \$34.2 million in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash. Our principal sources of liquidity have historically consisted of financing activities, including proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock, borrowings under debt financing arrangements and credit facilities, and operating activities. As of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, our principal debt balance totaled \$142.2 million \$54.3 million with maturity dates through January 2025.

The Company On January 19, 2024, we executed the Structural Loan Agreement, extending the maturity date to January 1, 2025. In connection with the Structural Loan Agreement, we repaid \$17.5 million of the term loan and paid \$6.1 million in related fees.

We completed its our acquisition of Otonomo on October 19, 2023. The transaction consisted of the acquisition of the Otonomo business, employees, revenue contracts, technology and net assets, including approximately \$100.0 million of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, net of estimated transaction costs. Additionally, approximately \$70.4 million of Company debt was converted to common shares in connection with the Merger, leaving approximately \$71.8 million in principal debt outstanding. The additional cash is expected to fund strategic growth initiatives and daily operations for the combined Company, company, and to pay down debt as required. Although a portion of this cash is available to the Company us, as of the filing of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q , and since the Company continues we continue to define the final details related to the Otonomo business integration and assess its our capital asset plans related to the current outstanding debt, the Company believes we believe that the current our cash, on hand cash equivalents and marketable securities of \$40.7 million at March 31, 2024 may not be sufficient to fund operations beyond twelve months from the date of issuance of these condensed consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, we believe there continues This has led management to be conclude that substantial doubt about the

Company continuing our ability to continue as a going concern. We plan to re-evaluate our cash flow projections and going concern assessment as of the next reporting period ending December 31, 2023, taking into account our specific plans for Otonomo and other cash requirements, exists.

Since inception, we have consistently maintained a working capital deficit, in which our current liabilities exceed our current assets. This is due to the nature of our business model, in that we pay our Service Providers generally within two to three weeks of performance, but our collection cycle is longer for most of our Customer Partners. Our cash needs vary from period to period primarily based on our growth: in periods of fast growth our cash needs are accelerated as we invest into the operations and servicing of new Customer Partners. Our cash needs can also vary from period to period depending upon the gross margin performance we are

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able to attain. Our primary liquidity needs are to fund working capital requirements, invest into our growth through spending on technology and people, and fund our debt service obligations. We believe factors that could affect our liquidity include our rate of revenue growth, changes in demand for our services, competitive pricing pressures, the timing and extent of spending on research and development and other growth initiatives, our ability to achieve further reductions in operating expenses, and overall economic conditions.

We may be required 21

In 2024, we plan to extend the terms on our existing debt agreements or seek additional equity or debt or to refinance our existing debt. In the event that additional financing is required from outside sources, we may not be able to raise it on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital or generate cash flows necessary to expand our operations and invest in new technologies, our competitive position could weaken, and our business and results of operations could be adversely affected. The incurrence of additional debt financing would result in debt service obligations, and any future instruments governing such debt could provide for operating and financing covenants that could restrict our operations. In addition, we may seek additional capital due to favorable market conditions or strategic considerations even if we believe we have sufficient funds for our current or future operating plans. To the extent that our current liquidity is insufficient to fund future activities, we may need to raise additional funds. In the future, we may attempt to raise additional capital through the sale of equity securities or through debt financing arrangements. For additional detail, see Note 8 "Debt Arrangements" to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

In an effort to reduce operating expenses, we undertook actions to eliminate redundant employees primarily in Israel and the United States during the first quarter of 2024, resulting in a decrease of 25 employees, or 7% of our total employees as of December 31, 2023. During the second quarter of 2024, we continued actions to eliminate redundant employees resulting in a decrease of an additional 38 employees, or approximately 12% of our total employees as of March 31, 2024. We anticipate additional similar actions to continue through the second quarter of 2024 as we better align our operating expenses with revenue.

Cash Flows

The following table shows is a summary of our cash flows for the periods presented:

Net cash provided by (used in):	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2023		2024	
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
Operating activities	\$ (11,997)	\$ (51,518)	\$ (9,712)	\$ (1,016)
Investing activities	(92)	(208)	23,729	(61)
Financing activities	14,405	30,641	(18,066)	2,450
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 2,316	\$ (21,085)		

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine three months ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024 was \$12.0 million \$9.7 million primarily due to a net loss of \$53.0 million \$13.0 million, excluding the impact of non-cash expenses totaling \$25.5 million \$4.6 million, a decrease in accrued expenses accounts payable of \$1.3 million \$0.4 million, a decrease in long-term liabilities of \$12.3 million, a decrease in deferred revenue of \$0.2 million \$0.1 million, and a decrease in lease liabilities of \$0.6 million \$0.2 million. Sources of cash from operating activities resulted primarily from a decrease in accounts receivable of \$8.1 million \$8.0 million, an increase in accounts payable accrued expenses of \$5.2 million, an increase in long-term liabilities of \$4.0 million \$2.7 million, and a decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets of \$0.3 million \$1.0 million.

Net cash used in operating activities for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2022** **March 31, 2023** was **\$51.5 million** **\$1.0 million**, primarily due to increases in accounts payable of **\$4.5 million** and accrued expenses of **\$7.2 million**, and decreases in accounts receivable of **\$3.5 million** and prepaid expenses and other current assets of **\$0.9 million**. Uses of cash from operating activities resulted primarily from a net loss of **\$62.8 million** **\$17.7 million**, excluding the impact of non-cash expenses totaling **\$9.5 million** **\$5.9 million**, an increase in accounts receivable of **\$6.3 million**, an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets of **\$1.0 million**, a decrease in deferred revenue of less than **\$0.1 million** **\$0.3 million**, and a decrease in lease liabilities of **\$0.6 million**. Sources **\$0.2 million**, and other long-term liabilities of cash from operating activities resulted primarily from an increase in accounts payable of **\$6.8 million** and an increase in accrued expenses of **\$2.9 million** **\$4.8 million**.

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2024 was **\$23.7 million** due to **\$25.1 million** in proceeds from short-term deposits and the sale of marketable securities, offset by **\$1.3 million** in investments in capitalized software and **\$0.1 million** in purchases of equipment and software.

Net cash used in investing activities for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2023** and **2022** **March 31, 2023** was **\$0.1 million** and **\$0.2 million**, respectively, due to purchases of equipment and software.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by used in financing activities for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** was **\$14.4 million** **\$18.1 million** due to **\$4.7 million** **\$17.5 million** in proceeds from the 2023 Convertible Notes and **\$10.0 million** in proceeds payments on the Structural **Loan** Agreement, offset by **\$0.3 million** term loan and **\$0.6 million** in payments of deferred financing fees. fees related to the Structural and Highbridge loan agreement amendments executed in January 2024.

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Net cash provided by financing activities for the **nine** three months ended **September 30, 2022** **March 31, 2023** was **\$30.6 million** **\$2.5 million** due to **\$30.0 million** advances on the convertible promissory notes issued by the Company in proceeds from the issuance of convertible notes payable April and **\$0.6 million** in refunds of deferred financing fees.

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May 2023.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

Our principal commitments consist of contractual cash obligations under our credit facilities, long-term debt, and operating leases. Our obligations under our credit facilities and long-term debt are described in Note **8** "Debt Arrangements" and for further information on our leases, see Note **11** **12** "Leases" of the condensed consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Emerging Growth Company Status

As an "emerging growth company," the JOBS Act allows us to delay adoption of new or revised accounting pronouncements applicable to public companies until such pronouncements are made applicable to private companies. We have elected to use this extended transition period under the JOBS Act. As a result, our interim condensed consolidated financial statements may not be comparable to the financial statements of issuers who are required to comply with the effective dates for new or revised accounting standards that are applicable to public companies, which may make our Common Stock less attractive to investors.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of our operations is based on our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. Certain amounts included in or affecting the condensed consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and related disclosure must be estimated, requiring management to make assumptions with respect to values or conditions which cannot be known with certainty at the time the consolidated financial statements are prepared.

Management believes that there are no material changes to the critical accounting estimates set forth in the critical accounting estimates section "Urgently's Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" contained in the Final Prospectus, Annual Report. A "critical accounting estimate" is one which is both important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations and that involves difficult, subjective, or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

Management evaluates such estimates on an ongoing basis, based upon historical results and experience, consultation with experts and other methods that management considers reasonable in the particular circumstances under which the judgments and estimates are made, as well as management's forecasts as to the manner in which such circumstances may change in the future. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting estimates disclosed in the audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 contained in the Final Prospectus.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 "Summary of significant accounting policies" "Significant Accounting Policies" of the condensed consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a description of new accounting standards.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks in the ordinary course of our business. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily the result of fluctuations in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates.

Interest Rate Risk

As of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, the principal balance of our debt totaled **\$142.2 million** **\$54.3 million**. Interest on our borrowings under one of the term loans, representing 18% of our outstanding debt, accrues at a variable rate based on the prime rate and is therefore subject to interest rate risk. A hypothetical 10% relative change in interest rates during any of the periods presented would not have had a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Our reporting currency is the U.S. dollar, and the functional currency of our foreign subsidiary is also the U.S. dollar. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies other than the U.S. dollar are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the time of the transaction. Exchange differences arising upon settlement of a transaction are reported as gains or losses and are included in other income or expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations. operations and comprehensive income (loss).

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The volatility of exchange rates depends on many factors that we cannot forecast with reliable accuracy. We have experienced and will continue to experience fluctuations in foreign exchange gains and losses related to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. In the event our foreign currency denominated assets, liabilities, revenue, or expenses increase, our results of operations may be more greatly affected by fluctuations in the exchange rates of the currencies in which we do business. We have not engaged in the hedging of foreign currency transactions to date, although we may choose to do so in the future.

A hypothetical 10% change in the relative value of the U.S. dollar to other currencies during any of the periods presented would not have had a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, and as a result of the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting described below, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024**, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level. In light of this fact, our management has performed additional analyses, reconciliations, and other post-closing procedures and has concluded that, notwithstanding the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods covered by and included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q fairly state, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with GAAP.

Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In connection with the audit of our financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2021 December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021, management identified one material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting that has not been remediated as of September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024. The material weakness is related to inadequate a lack of evidence of segregation of incompatible duties due to within the small size of our accounting and finance team function.

Remediation Plan

We have made progress toward remediation of the control deficiencies described above. We are in the process of increasing resources within our finance department, including the expansion of our accounting, control and compliance functions to develop and implement continued improvements and enhancements to address the overall deficiencies that led to the material weakness.

Our management believes that these actions will enable us to address the material weakness that was identified in a timely manner and maintain a properly designed and effective system of internal control over financial reporting and provide appropriate segregation of duties. However, this material weakness cannot be considered remediated until the applicable remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Other than the material weakness remediation efforts underway, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15(d) and 15d-15(d) of the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 March 31, 2024, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls and Procedures

Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, believes that our disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting were designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives. However, management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent

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limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Due to inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

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PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

From time to time, we may become involved in actions, claims, suits and other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business, including assertions by third parties relating to breaches of contract, employment-related matters or intellectual property infringement as well as governmental and other regulatory investigations and proceedings. We are not currently a party to any actions, claims, suits or other legal proceedings the outcome of which, if determined adversely, would individually or in the aggregate have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. Future litigation may be necessary to defend ourselves, our partners, and our customers by determining the scope, enforceability, and validity of third-party proprietary rights, or to establish our proprietary rights. The results of any current or future

litigation cannot be predicted with certainty, and regardless of the outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources, and other factors.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes to our principal risks that we believe are material to our business, results of operations and financial condition, from the risk factors previously disclosed in our [Final Prospectus. Annual Report](#).

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Executive Employment Arrangements

On November 8, 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, approved (i) an increase in annual salary from \$350,000 to \$500,000 per year, effective retroactively beginning on October 19, 2023 for Matthew Booth, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and (ii) an increase in annual salary from \$350,000 to \$400,000 per year, effective retroactively beginning on October 19, 2023 for Timothy Huffmyer, the Company's Chief Financial Officer.

RSU Grants

On November 8, 2023, the Board, upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, approved the grant of awards of restricted stock units ("RSUs") covering shares of Common Stock under the 2023 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2023 Plan"), to Messrs. Booth and Huffmyer. Mr. Booth, will receive an award of 150,000 RSUs and Mr. Huffmyer will receive an award of 110,000 RSUs (together, the "RSU Awards"). The RSU Awards will have a grant date of November 17, 2023. One quarter of the shares underlying the RSU Awards will vest on October 19, 2024 and on each of the next three anniversaries thereof, subject to each named executive officer's continued status as a service provider through such date.

A summary of the terms of the 2023 Plan is set forth in the final prospectus filed by the Company with the SEC pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, on October 19, 2023 in the section titled *"Executive Compensation—Employee Benefit and Stock Plans—2023 Equity Incentive Plan"*.

Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Executive Officers

During the fiscal quarter ended [September 30, 2023](#) [March 31, 2024](#), no director or officer, as defined in Rule 16a-1(f), adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," each as defined in Regulation S-K Item 408.

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Item 6. Exhibits.

The exhibits listed below are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, or are incorporated herein by reference, in each case as indicated below.

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Urgent.ly Inc., as currently in effect (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 Annex B to the registrant's Current Report Registration Statement on Form 8-K S-4 (File No. 333-271937) filed with the SEC on October 24, 2023 May 15, 2023).
3.2	Bylaws of Urgent.ly Inc., as amended, as currently in effect (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 Annex C to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-271937) filed with the SEC on May 15, 2023).
10.1	Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of January 19, 2024, among Urgent.ly, Inc., the other loan parties party thereto, the lenders party thereto and Ocean II PLO LLC, as administrative and collateral agent (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.16 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 001-41841) filed with the SEC on March 29, 2024).

10.2 [Fourth Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of January 19, 2024, among Urgently, Inc., the other loan parties party thereto, the lenders party thereto and Alter Domus \(US\) LLC, as administrative and collateral agent \(incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.17 to the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K \(File No. 001-41841\) filed with the SEC on March 29, 2024\).](#)

31.1* [Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14\(a\) and 15d-14\(a\) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)

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31.2* [Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rules 13a-14\(a\) and 15d-14\(a\) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)

32.1# [Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)

32.2# [Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)

101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.

101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document

101.CAL [Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document](#)

101.DEF [Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document](#)

101.LAB [Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document](#)

101.PRE [Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase with Embedded Linkbases Document](#)

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

* Filed herewith.

These exhibits are furnished with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and are not deemed filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and are not incorporated by reference in any filing of Urgently Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, whether made before or after the date hereof and irrespective of any general incorporation language contained in such filings.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

URGENTLY INC.

Date: November 14, 2023 May 14, 2024

By: _____ /s/ Matthew Booth
 Matthew Booth
 Chief Executive Officer
 (Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 14, 2023 May 14, 2024

By: _____ /s/ Timothy C. Huffmyer
 Timothy C. Huffmyer
 Chief Financial Officer
 (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Exhibit 31.1

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Matthew Booth, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Urgent.ly Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The **registrant's** other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and **internal control over financial reporting** (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the **registrant's** disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the **registrant's** internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the **registrant's** most recent fiscal quarter (**the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report**) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the **registrant's** internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The **registrant's** other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the **registrant's** auditors and the audit committee of the **registrant's** board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the **registrant's** ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the **registrant's** internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **November 14, 2023** **May 14, 2024**

By:

/s/ Matthew Booth

Matthew Booth

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 31.2

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO
RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Timothy C. Huffmyer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Urgent.ly Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: **November 14, 2023** **May 14, 2024**

By: _____

/s/ Timothy C. Huffmyer

Timothy C. Huffmyer

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO

**18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Urgent.ly Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **November 14, 2023** **May 14, 2024**

By: _____

/s/ Matthew Booth

Matthew Booth

Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Exhibit 32.2

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Urgent.ly Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending **September 30, 2023** **March 31, 2024** as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: **November 14, 2023** **May 14, 2024**

By: _____

/s/ Timothy C. Huffmyer

Timothy C. Huffmyer

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

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